

# SHABDA-SAGARA

OR

A COMPREHENSIVE SANSKRIT-ENGLISH LEXICON

CHIEFLY BASED ON

*Professor* HORACE HAYMAN WILSON'S

SANSKRIT-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

AND

COMPILED FROM VARIOUS RECENT AUTHORITIES FOR THE USE OF SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

BY

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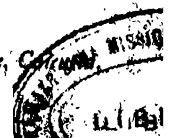
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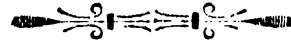
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# A DICTIONARY, SANSKRIT AND ENGLISH.



अ The first letter of the alphabet, and inherent short vowel.

अ ind. 1. NO, not. 2. A private, prohibitive, and diminutive particle. 3. An interjection of pity. It also implies degrees of difference, and similarity. As a negative prefix to words beginning with a vowel, अ is changed to अन्, as अ and अन form अनन्त.

अ m. ( अः ) A name of VISHNŪ.

अक्षयिन् mfn. ( अक्षि-यि-णि ) Free from debt or obligation; also अक्षयिन् E. अ neg. क्षयिन् a debtor.

अश्व r. 10th cl. ( अश्वयति ) To separate or divide. See अश्व.

अश्व m. ( अः ) 1. A share or portion. 2. A part. 3. A shoulder, the shoulder blade. 4. ( In arithmetic ) a fraction. 5. The numerator of a fraction. 6. A degree of latitude or longitude, &c. See अश्व. E. अश्व to divide, अश् affix.

अश्वक m. ( अः ) A kinsman, a relation, a co-heir. n. ( अः ) A day. E. अश् to separate or divide, and अश् affix.

अश्वभाज् mfn. ( भाज् ) An heir, a co-heir, one who has a share or portion. E. अश्व and भाज् who possesses.

अश्वन n. ( अः ) Dividing, sharing. E. अश्व and अश् aff.

अश्वनीय mfn. ( अः-य-य-य ) To be divided, divisible. E. अश्व and अश्वनीयर aff.

अश्वमान mfn. ( अः-मान-य-य ) Dividing, sharing. E. अश्व and मानश् aff.

अश्वयत् mfn. ( अः-य-य-य ) Dividing, sharing. E. अश्व and यति affix.

अश्वयितव्य mfn. ( अः-य-य-य ) Divisible, to be divided. E. अश्व and तव्य aff.

अश्वयित् mfn. ( अः-य-य-य ) Dividing, sharing. E. अश्व and यत् aff.

अश्वल mfn. ( अः-ल-ल-ल ) Strong, stout, lusty. See अश्वल.

अश्वर mfn. ( अः-र-र-र-र ) A sharer, a divider, a co-heir. E. अश्व and अश् who takes.

अश्वरिन् mfn. ( अः-रि-रि-रि ) A sharer, a co-heir. E. अश्व and करिन् who takes.

अश्वश्व m. ( अः ) Part of a portion or share. E. अश्व repeated.

अश्वश्व ind. Share by share. E. अश्व repeated and श्व aff.

अश्वित mfn. ( अः-श-श-श ) Divided, portioned, shared. E. अश्व and श्व aff.

अश्विन् mfn. ( अः-श्वि-श्वि-श्वि ) A sharer, a coheir. E. अश्व and श्वि poss. aff.

अश्वक mfn. ( अः-क-क-क ) Divisible, to be shared or divided. E. अश्व and कश् aff.

अश्व m. ( अः ) 1. A ray of light, a sun-beam. 2. Light, splendor, effulgence. 3. Dress, decoration. 4. A small filament or end of thread. 5. The sun. 6. A minute particle or atom. E. अश्व to divide, कश् aff.

अश्वक n. ( अः ) 1. Fine cloth, muslin. 2. A mantle, a wrapper, a robe; a linen garment worn round the upper part of the body. 3. Cloth in general. 4. White cloth. 5. A leaf. E. अश्व and कश् added.

अश्वजाल n. ( अः ) 1. A collection or blaze of light. 2. A parcel or pencil of rays. E. अश्व and जाल a net.

अश्वधर m. ( अः ) The sun. E. अश्व and धर who holds.

अश्वभट्ट m. ( अः ) The sun. E. अश्व and भट्ट lord.

अश्वमत् mfn. ( अः-म-म-म ) 1. Radiant, luminous. 2. Acuminated, pointed. m. ( अः-म-म ) 1. The sun. 2. A prince of the solar race, son of ASAMANJAS, grandson of SAGARA. ( अः-म-म ) A plant, (Hedysarum Gangeticum) E. अश्व and मत् poss. aff.

अश्वमत्फल f. ( अः ) The plantain, ( Musa paradisiaca. ) E. अश्वमत् and फल fruit.

अश्वमाला f. ( अः ) A garland of light, a halo. E. अश्व and माला a garland.

अश्वमालिन् m. ( अः ) The sun. E. अश्वमाला and इनि aff.

अश्वल mfn. ( अः-ल-ल-ल ) Radiant, splendid. E. अश्व and लश् aff.

अश्वबाण m. ( अः ) The sun. E. अश्व and बाण an arrow.

अश्वहस्त m. ( अः ) The sun. E. अश्व and हस्त the hand.

अश्व r. 10th cl. ( अश्वयति ) To separate or divide; also written अश्व.

अश्व m. ( अः ) 1. A shoulder, a scapula. 2. A part, a portion. E. अश्व to divide, अश् aff. it is also written अश्व.

अश्वकूट m. ( अः ) A bull's hump, the protuberance between the shoulders of the Indian ox. E. अश्व the shoulder, and कूट a peak. \* \*

अश्वल mfn. ( अः-ल-ल-ल ) Strong, stout, lusty. E. अश्व the shoulder, and लश् aff. also written अश्वल.

अश्वति f. ( अः-ति ) 1. A gift, a donation. 2. Sickness, disease. 3. Leaving, abandoning. 4. A gift. E. अश्व to go, तिन् affix or अश् for अश् to kill, and अति Unadi aff.

अश्वती f. ( अः-ती ) A gift or donation. E. See अश्वति, अ being made long.

अश्वत् n. ( अः ) Sin. See अश्वत्. E. अश् to go, and the Unadi affix. अश्वत्.

अश्वति f. ( अः-ति ) A gift or donation. E. See अश्वति, अ being made long.

अश्वि m. ( अः-वि ) 1. A foot. 2. The root of a tree. E. अश्वि to go, and श्वि Unadi affix; also अश्वि.

अश्वि m. ( अः-वि ) A tree. E. अश्वि the foot, and प from पा to drink.

चङ्गिष्ठ m. (-ङ्गः) The heel. २. चङ्गि the foot, and चङ्गि the shoulder.  
 चक्र r. lat. ol. (चक्र) 1. To wind or move tortuously. With an indicative च. चक्रि (चक्रि) 1. To mark or bespot. 2. To go. See चक्र.  
 चक्र m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Moving tortuously. 2. One who goes crookedly. 3. Pain, affliction. 4. Sin. २. च priv. and च happiness, or चक्र to move crookedly, aff. चक्र.  
 चक्र m. (-चः) Name of Kṛtū, the dragon's tail, or descending node. mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Bald, destitute of hair. २. च priv. and चक्र hair; this applies to Kṛtū, as the symbol of the asterism is a headless trunk.  
 चक्र mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Free from thorns, literally or metaphorically. २. च priv. चक्र a thorn.  
 चक्र mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Not to be mentioned or spoken of; also similar forms as चक्रनीय &c. २. च neg. क्य to speak, with the participle affixes यत् चनीय &c.  
 चक्रिष्ठ m. (-ङ्गः) A deified saint according to the Bauddhas. mfn. (-ङ्गः-चा-च) Elder, superior. २. च priv. and चक्रि youngest.  
 चक्रिष्ठ m. (-ङ्गः) A deified saint according to the Bauddhas. २. चक्रिष्ठ superior and गन् to go affix च.  
 चक्रिष्ठ m. (-ङ्गः) The name of a Jaina saint, one of the pupils of the last Tīrt'haṅkara. mfn. (-ङ्गः-चा-च) Firm, unshaken, not agitated or trembling. २. च priv. कृति to tremble; the participial affix क्त. and इट् inserted.  
 चक्र mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Maimed, handless. 2. Privileged, exempt from tax or duty. 3. One who does not not. २. च priv. and चक्र the hand, tax, duty. १. (-चा) Emblem myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) २. च priv. and चक्र to injure, चक्र affix.  
 चक्रिष्ठ m. (-ङ्गः) Failure, disappointment, (it is used only as an imprecation,) as तस्माच्चक्रिष्ठः may he fail. २. च priv. कृत् to do, and चक्रि affix.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Not to be done, improper or impracticable. २. च neg. करिष्ठ to be done.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Unfeeling, void of compassion or tenderness. २. च neg. करिष्ठ tenderness.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Soft, not hard. २. च priv. and चक्रिष्ठ hard.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Deaf. २. च priv. and चक्रिष्ठ the ear.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) A dwarf.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Not to be done, improper, impracticable. २. च neg. करिष्ठ to be done.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Not to be done, improper. २. च neg. करिष्ठ act, यत् aff.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Idle, unoccupied, without work. 2. Degraded, no longer performing essential rites. n. (चक्रिष्ठ) 1. Absence of occupation. 2. Loss or neglect of essential observances. 3. Improper act, crime, offence. २. च neg. करिष्ठ act.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Free from action, necessary as vital, or essential as religious. २. च neg. करिष्ठ act, कृत् who does.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Clear, clean. 2. Pure, sinless. 3. Free from sediment. १. (-चा) Moonlight. २. च priv. and चक्रिष्ठ dirt.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Humble, not proud, (this word is sometimes written चक्रिष्ठः) २. च priv. चक्रिष्ठ pride, and न or ल aff.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Natural, not artificial, not made. २. च neg. कृति made.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Faultless, sinless. २. च priv. चक्रिष्ठ sin.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Sick, diseased. २. च priv. कृत् well.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Unlucky, inauspicious. २. च neg. चक्रिष्ठ prosperous.  
 चक्रिष्ठ ind. 1. Immediately, instantly, presently. 2. Without a cause, without a wherefore. २. च neg. कृत् from what.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Sudden, unexpected. २. च neg. चक्रिष्ठ a stem.

चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Suddenly born or produced. २. चक्रिष्ठ and जात born.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Perishing suddenly after birth, dying as soon as born २. चक्रिष्ठ, चक्रिष्ठ पत perishing, कृत् born.  
 चक्रिष्ठ n. (-चः) Absence or non-existence of a cause. (Used adverbially,) Causelessly. २. च neg. चक्रिष्ठ cause.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Born or produced without a cause. २. चक्रिष्ठ and उत्पन्न born.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Improper not to be done. n. (चक्रिष्ठ) An improper act. २. च neg. कृत् to be done.  
 चक्रिष्ठ m. (-चः) Irregular or unusual, as time or season. २. च neg. कृत् time.  
 चक्रिष्ठ n. (चक्रिष्ठ) A flower budding out of season. २. चक्रिष्ठ and कुतुब a flower.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Unseasonable, produced out of time or season; also चक्रिष्ठजात, चक्रिष्ठोत्पन्न and similar compounds. २. चक्रिष्ठ with ज or जात &c. born or produced.  
 चक्रिष्ठ m. (चक्रिष्ठ) 1. A fog, or mist. 2. Unseasonable gathering of clouds, २. च priv. and कृत् time, चक्रिष्ठ a cloud, and उदय rising.  
 चक्रिष्ठ m. (-चः) 1. Unseasonable cloudiness. 2. A fog or mist. २. चक्रिष्ठ with चक्रिष्ठ a cloud, and उदय rising.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Impatient, premature, not waiting for the proper season. २. च neg. कृत् time-enduring.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Poor, indigent. २. च priv. and चक्रिष्ठ any thing, something.  
 चक्रिष्ठ m. (-चा) Voluntary poverty, one of the duties of a Jaina ascetic. २. चक्रिष्ठ and चा affix.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Faultless, free from sin. २. च priv. कृत् fault.  
 चक्रिष्ठ f. (चक्रिष्ठ) Infamy, disgrace. २. च reverse, कृत् fame.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Unreproached, respectable. २. च neg. कृत् bad.  
 चक्रिष्ठ n. (-चः) Gold or silver. २. च neg. and कृत् base metal.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Low, mean, of low family. २. च neg. कृत् family.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Low, mean, of low origin or race. २. च neg. कृत् of family.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Unlucky, inauspicious. 2. Clumsy, not clever. २. च neg. कृत् lucky, clever.  
 चक्रिष्ठ m. (-चः) 1. The sea or ocean. 2. A tortoise. 3. The king of turtles, the tortoise supposed to uphold the world. 4. A stone or rock. च neg. कृत् the earth, and चक्रिष्ठ to cherish, or च neg. कृत् for कृत् contemptible, vile, and चक्रिष्ठ bank, boundary: there are other etymologies and च being substituted for च the word is sometimes written चक्रिष्ठ.  
 चक्रिष्ठ m. (-चः) A deified saint, according to the Bauddhas. mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Void of guile. २. च priv. and चक्रिष्ठ fraud.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Undone neglected incomplete. n. (-चः) Any act unperformed. २. च neg. कृत् done.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Ungrateful. २. च neg. कृत् grateful.  
 चक्रिष्ठ f. (-चा) Ingratitude. २. चा added to चक्रिष्ठ.  
 चक्रिष्ठ n. (-चः) Ingratitude. २. चा added to चक्रिष्ठ.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Not identified or made one with oneself, especially in a spiritual sense; not one with spirit, or God. २. चक्रिष्ठ unmade, चक्रिष्ठ self.  
 चक्रिष्ठ n. (चक्रिष्ठ) Awkwardness, clumsiness, unfitness. २. चक्रिष्ठ and ल aff.  
 चक्रिष्ठ mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Awkward, stupid, incapable of or unfit for doing any thing. २. च neg. कृत् to do, कृत् aff. and न argument.

वचनिक mfn. ( -न-वा-च- ) Natural, inertificial, not made. n. च neg. कृत्रिम artificial.

वचन mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) Unmerciful, unkind. n. च neg. कृपा mercy.

वचन mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) Liberal, not miserly. n. च neg. कृपय miserly.

वचन mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) 1. Full, entire. 2. Strong, fierce. n. च neg. कृपय little.

वचनचक्रे mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) Innocent. n. च neg. and कृपयचक्रे guilty.

वचन mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) Bald, hairless. n. च neg. केश hair.

वचन m. ( -व- ) The betel-nut tree. ( *Areca faufel* or *catechu* ) n. च neg. and कृट to be crooked, because it grows with a straight stem.

वचनिक mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) Stupid, ignorant. n. च neg. कौविद clever.

वचन f. ( -वा ) A mother. n. चच pain, कौ to sound.

वचन mfn. ( -वा-वा-च- ) 1. Joined, combined. 2. Gone. 3. Spread abroad. 4. Anointed. n. चच to go, and च affix.

वचन f. ( -व- ) Night, ( on the authority of the Vedas. ) n. चच to go, and च affix.

वचन m. ( -व- ) Want of order or arrangement, confusion, irregularity. n. च priv. and कृपय order.

वचन mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) 1. Unpassed, unsurpassed. 2. Unconquered. ( -व- ) The egg-plant. ( *Solanum melongena* ) n. च neg. and कृपय passed.

वचन m. ( -व- ) Dispassionateness, restraint of anger, one of the ten duties of an ascetic. mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) Dispassionate. n. च neg. and कृपय anger.

वचन mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) 1. Inactive, dull, torpid. 2. Abstaining from religious rites. f. ( -वा ) Inactivity, neglect of what ought to be done. n. च neg. कृपय act.

वचन n. ( -व- ) Inactivity, torpor. च added to the preceding. also कृपयवता.

वचन mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) Gentle, not cruel. m. ( -व- ) The paternal unole and friend of KRISHNA. n. च neg. कृपय cruel.

वचन mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) 1. Incapable of distress or pain. 2. Unfit to be pained or distressed. n. च neg. कृपय to be pained.

वचन m. ( -व- ) Absence of weariness or fatigue. n. च priv. and कृपय fatigue.

वचन mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) Unwearied. n. च neg. and कृपय wearied.

वचन mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) 1. Unvexed, not distressed or annoyed. 2. Unwearied indefatigable. n. च neg. कृपय wearied.

वचन m. ( -व- ) Absence of weariness or vexation. n. च neg. कृपय distress.

वचन f. ( -वा ) The indigo plant. ( *Indigofera tinctoria* )

वच r. 1st and 3d cl. ( वचति वचति ) 1. To reach or obtain. 2. To pervade. 3. To accumulate.

वच m. ( -व- ) 1. A die, cubic or oblong, for playing with. 2. Part of a car. 3. A wheel. 4. A car. 5. A snake. 6. Law suit, legal proceedings. 7. Sacred knowledge. 8. The soul. 9. A seed of which Rosaries are made, in which sense it occurs mostly in composition, as, Rudraksha, Indraksha. 10. A Karsha or weight of sixteen mashes. 11. A tree bearing a medicinal fruit. ( *Terminalia belerica* ) 12. A proper name, the son of RAVANA. 13. A name of GADURA. 14. A person born blind. 15. Terrestrial latitude. n. ( -व- ) 1. An organ of sense. 2. Sea, salt. 3. Blue vitriol n. चच to pervade, Unadi affix च.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A tree. ( *Dalbergia Oujeiensis*, Rox. ) n. चच Beleric myrobalan, and च affix : from its resembling that plant ; or the termination being a pleonastic affix, the word may have all the senses of the preceding : also read वचिच.

वचनचक्रे f. ( -व- ) 1. The hypotenuse, especially of the triangle formed with the gnomon of a dial and its shadow. 2. ( In astronomy. ) Argument of the latitude.

वचन n. ( -व- ) 1. Fried grain, ( in this sense it is also used in the mas. plu. ता. ) 2. A eunuch. 3. Whole grain. f. ( -वा ) A plant, named also Kankara Sringi. mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) 1. Uninjured, unhurt. 2. Whole, unbroken. n. च neg. and वचन, broken &c.

वचनचक्रे f. ( -व- ) A virgin. n. वचन and वचिच pudendum.

वचनचक्रे m. ( -व- ) A judge. n. वच a law suit, वचन who sees ; from वच to see.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A gambler, a dicer. n. वच dice and वचन who plays.

वचन m. ( -वा ) A gambler, a dicer. n. ( -व- ) Gambling. n. वच and चच play or who plays : also वचनचक्रे.

वचनचक्रे n. ( -व- ) Dispute at play. n. वच and चच with वचन.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A judge. n. वच a law suit, and वचन who sees.

वचनचक्रे m. ( -व- ) A gamester. n. वच a dice, and वचन a playon.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A plant, ( *Trophis aspera* ) See वचनचक्रे mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) One who holds dice &c. n. वच and चच what holds.

वचन m. ( -व- ) A gamester, a gambler. n. वच dice, and वचन a rogue.

वचनचक्रे m. ( -व- ) A bull, an ox. n. वच a cart, वचन its forepart, or वचन a load, and वचन affix.

वचनचक्रे m. ( -व- ) An arena, a boxing or wrestling ground ; also read वचनचक्रे.

वचनचक्रे m. ( -व- ) A judge. n. वच law suit, and वचन to arrange affix वचन.

वचनचक्रे m. ( -व- ) A judge. n. as before with वचन aff.

वचनचक्रे m. ( -व- ) A follower of the Nyaya system of philosophy. n. वचन contest, and वचन who goes ; the Nyaya is the logical school ; also वचनचक्रे.

वचनचक्रे m. ( -व- ) A degree of latitude. n. वचन and वचन a part.

वचन mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) 1. Impatient, intolerant. 2. Unable, incompetent, impotent f. ( -वा ) 1. Impatience, intolerance. 2. Envy, impatience of another's success. 3. Inability, incapacity. n. च neg. वचन patience.

वचनचक्रे f. ( -वा ) Impatience, &c. See the last.

वचनचक्रे n. ( -व- ) Impatience, &c. See वचन.

वचनचक्रे f. ( -वा ) 1. A rosary, a string of beads, especially of the seed of the Eleocharis. 2. The name of ARUNDHATI, wife of VASISHTA, ( from her wearing a rosary. ) n. वचन a kind of seed or bead, and वचन a necklace.

वचन mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) Durable, permanent, imperishable. f. ( -वा ) The seventh day of a lunar month, which happens on a Sunday or Monday, and the fourth, which falls on a Wednesday. n. च neg. and च to waste or decay, aff. चच.

वचनचक्रे f. ( -वा ) Durability, imperishableness. n. वा added to the preceding.

वचनचक्रे f. ( -वा ) The third day of the lunar half of the month of Vaisakha. ( April-May. ) n. वचन durable, and वचन the third day : the consequences of meritorious actions performed on this day being permanent, as it is the first day of the Satya Yuga or the anniversary of creation.

वचनचक्रे n. ( -व- ) Imperishableness. n. च added to वचन.

वचनचक्रे m. ( -व- ) Heaven, the imperishable world or region. n. वचन and वचन world.

वचन m. ( -व- ) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. A name of VISHNU. n. ( -व- ) BRAHMA the supreme being, ( in this sense it is sometimes mas. ) 2. Eternal beatitude, or exemption from further transmigration. 3. Religious austerity. 4. Moral merit. 5. The sky or atmosphere. 6. A letter of the alphabet. 7. A plant. ( *Achyranthes aspera* ) 8. Water ( in the dialect of the Vedas. ) mfn. ( -व-वा-च- ) 1. Unalterable. 2. Unperishable, indecayable. n. चच to pervade, and चच Unadi affix.

वचनचक्रे m. ( -व- ) A scribe, a writer. n. वचन letter, and वचन affix.

अक्षरवच m. (-वः) A scribe. E. अक्षर a letter, and वच affix.  
 अक्षरवच m. (-वः) A scribe. E. See the last word.  
 अक्षरवच m. (-वः) A scribe, a writer. See अक्षरवच.  
 अक्षरजनी f. (-नी) A pen. E. अक्षर a letter, and जनी a mother.  
 अक्षरजीव m. (-जः) A scribe. E. अक्षर a letter, and जीव who lives, i. e. who gets a livelihood by letters; also अक्षरजीविक and अक्षरजीविन्.  
 अक्षरतुलिका f. (-का) A pen. E. अक्षर a letter, and तुलिका a brush.  
 अक्षरविद्या m. (-यः) 1. Scripture, a writing. 2. The alphabet. E. अक्षर a letter, and विद्या assemblage.  
 अक्षरतुल्य m. (-तुल्यः) A scholar, a student. E. अक्षर a letter, and तुल्य commencement.  
 अक्षरसंग्रह n. (-नं) Scripture, a writing. E. अक्षर a letter, and संग्रह placing, collecting.  
 अक्षरम् mfn. (-वात्-यती-यत्) Having a die, &c. f. (-ती) Gaming, playing with dice. E. अक्ष a die, and यत् possessive affix.  
 अक्षवाट m. (-टः) An amphitheatre for wrestling, the arena of a gymnasium. E. अक्ष contest, and वाट an enclosure, an area.  
 अक्षविद् mfn. (-विद्) Versed in law, or in play. E. अक्ष law or dice, and विद् who knows.  
 अक्षय n. (-यः) A rosary, a string of eleocarpus seeds so used. E. अक्ष and य a thread.  
 अक्षांश m. (-शः) A degree of latitude. E. अक्ष and श a part.  
 अक्षय n. (-यः) 1. The fore-part of a car. 2. The axle or bar to which the wheels are attached. E. अक्ष and य fore-part.  
 अक्षयशीलक m. (-कः) The pin of the axle of a carriage, the linch-pin, also one at the extremity of the pole. E. अक्ष a cart, य forepart, and शीलक a pin or bolt.  
 अक्षयि f. (-यिः) 1. Impatience, intolerance. 2. Envy, impatience of another's superiority or success. E. अक्ष neg. and यि sufferance.  
 अक्षयलवण n. (-लवणः) Such food as may be eaten during a season of mourning, religious observance, &c. as cow's milk, ghee, rice, kidney-beans, barley, sesamum, and sea or river salt. E. अक्ष neg. लवण alkali, लवण salt.  
 अक्षि n. (-क्षि) The eye. n. अक्षि to pervade, and क्षि affix.  
 अक्षिक m. (-कः) A tree, (Dalbergia Outjeiensis.) See also अक्ष.  
 अक्षिकटक n. (-कः) The eye-ball. E. अक्षि the eye, and कटक a globe or ball.  
 अक्षिगोचर m. (-गोचरः) The ball or globe of the eye. E. अक्षि and गोचर ball.  
 अक्षिगत mfn. (-गतः-ता-तं) Hateful, hated, disliked. E. अक्षि the eye, and गत gone.  
 अक्षितारा f. (-रा) The pupil of the eye. E. अक्षि and तारा a star.  
 अक्षिपद्म n. (-पद्मः) The eye-lash. E. अक्षि and पद्म lash.  
 अक्षिपटल n. (-पटलः) A coat of the eye. E. अक्षि and पटल a coat.  
 अक्षिमिश्र m. (-मिश्रः) A tree, (Pale Lod'h.) See गालव. य. (-यः) Any medicament or collyrium for the eye. E. अक्षि the eye, and मिश्र a remedy.  
 अक्षिप m. (-पः) A plant. (Morunga.) n. (-यः) Sea-salt. See अक्षिप.  
 अक्षिबिम्बित n. (-बिम्बितः) A glance or side look; one with the eye-lids partly closed. E. अक्षि the eye, and बिम्बित from ब्रू to contract, with बि prefixed.  
 अक्षीव m. (-वः) A plant. (Guilandina or Hyperanthera morunga.) n. (-यः) Sea-salt. E. अक्षि to pervade, ईव aff. it is also written अक्षिप and अक्षीव. mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Sober, not intoxicated. E. अक्ष neg. and वीव intoxicated.  
 अक्षुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Unparted, uncut, not communicated. 2. Inexpert. 3. Unconquered. E. अक्ष neg. शुध cut.  
 अक्षुधता f. (-ता) 1. Entireness, fulness. 2. Want of practice or conversancy. E. अक्ष neg. शुधता sparseness.  
 अक्षय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Unshaken, undisturbed, unagitated. E. अक्ष neg. and यय shaken.

अक्षीव m. (-वः) 1. A tree, (described as a pilu, growing in the hills. See अक्षिप. 2. A walnut. 3. A tree bearing an oily nut, (Aleurite triloba) Also written अक्षीव, E. अक्ष to pervade, and वीव aff.  
 अक्षीव m. (-वः) See the preceding word, also अक्षीव, E. अक्ष to pervade, and वीव aff.  
 अक्षीव m. (-वः) See अक्षीव, E. अक्षीव and वीव aff.  
 अक्षीव m. (-यः) 1. Firmness, absence of agitation. 2. The post to which an elephant is tied. mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Unshaken, unagitated. E. अक्ष priv. यीव shaking.  
 अक्षीवित mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Unshaken, unagitated, firm. E. अक्ष neg. and यीव shaken.  
 अक्षीविवी f. (-वी) A complete army, consisting of 1, 09, 350 foot 65, 610 horses, 21, 870 chariots, and 21, 870 elephants. E. अक्ष a carriage, वीविवी assemblage.  
 अक्षु n. (-क्षु) Time. E. अक्ष to eat, and वीव Unadi aff.  
 अक्षुष्टि m. (-ष्टिः) Childish fancy, whim, caprice. E. अक्ष neg. and वीव to desire, undesirable by the wise.  
 अक्षुष्ट mfn. (-यः-या-यः) All, entire. E. अक्ष neg. and वीव a part.  
 अक्षुष्ट n. (-यः) 1. Time. 2. Leaving entire. 3. Admitting, non-refutation. E. अक्ष neg. वीव to break, and वीव aff.  
 अक्षुष्टित mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Unbroken, undivided. 2. Undisturbed uninterrupted, continuous. 3. Unrefuted. E. अक्ष neg. वीव divided.  
 अक्षुष्टितम् mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Fruitful, bearing fruit in due season. E. अक्ष neg. वीव broken, and वीव season.  
 अक्षुष्ट m. (-यः-या-यः) 1. A natural pond or lake. 2. A pool before a temple. Sometimes written अक्षुष्ट, E. अक्ष neg. and वीव dug.  
 अक्षुष्ट mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Improper to be eaten. E. अक्ष neg. वीव to be eaten.  
 अक्षुष्टित mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Uneaten. E. अक्ष neg. वीव eaten.  
 अक्षुष्ट mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Unwearied, indefatigable. E. अक्ष neg. वीव wearied.  
 अक्षुष्ट mfn. (-यः-या-यः) All, entire. E. अक्ष neg. and वीव separated.  
 अक्षुष्ट mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Unknown, obscure, not famous or notorious. E. अक्ष neg. वीव famed.  
 अक्षुष्टि f. (-यिः) Disrepute, want of fame. E. अक्ष neg. वीव fame.  
 अक्ष r. 1st cl. (अक्षति) To wind or move tortuously. See अक्ष. With an indicative इ, अक्षि (अक्षति) To go, move or approach.  
 अक्ष m. (-यः) 1. A tree. 2. The sun. 3. A mountain. 4. A snake. 5. Moving crookedly, twining, twisting. E. अक्ष neg. and य who goes, from गत to go, or अक्ष to go tortuously. अक्ष aff.  
 अक्ष m. (-यः) A tree. E. अक्ष neg. and गत, from गत to go.  
 अक्ष mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Mountainous, produced on a mountain. 2. Vegetable, produced from a tree. E. अक्ष and य born.  
 अक्षनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Not to be numbered or reckoned, also अक्षय, अक्षयितव्य, &c. E. अक्ष neg. गतनीय to be numbered.  
 अक्षित mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Not reckoned, uncounted. E. अक्ष neg. गतित counted.  
 अक्ष m. (-यः) A medicament, a medicine, a drug. mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Well, healthy, free from disease. 2. Wholesome, salubrious. E. अक्ष neg. and गत disease.  
 अक्षर m. (-रः) A physician. E. अक्ष well, healthy, and र who makes.  
 अक्षय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Not to be visited or approached, also अक्षनीय, अक्षय, &c. E. अक्ष neg. गतय to be gone.  
 अक्ष m. (-यः) 1. A tree. 2. A mountain. E. अक्ष priv. and गत who goes.  
 अक्ष mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Not to be visited or approached. 2. Difficult of acquirement, unattainable. 3. Unequalled, unsurpassable. E. अक्ष neg. गत to be gone to.  
 अक्षय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Of superior and unequalled form or nature. E. अक्ष and य form.  
 अक्षी f. (-री) A kind of grass, vulg. Deotar. See अक्षय, E. अक्ष, and यर poison: an antidote.

अग्न्य mn. (-ः-व) Agallochum, ( *Aquilaria agallocha*, Rox ) See अग्न्य.  
 अग्न्य mfn. (-ः-व-व) Modest, humble, void of pride. न. च neg. गर्व pride.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) 1 The name of a saint, celebrated in Hindu mythology, more usually entitled AGASTYA, the son of both MITRA and VARUNA, by URVASHI; he is represented of short stature, and is said by some to have been born in a water jar: he is famed for having swallowed the ocean, when it had given him offence; at his command also, the VINDHYA range of mountains prostrated itself, and so remains; hence his present appellation: he is also considered as the regent of the star Canopus. 2. The name of a tree, ( *Sesbana grandiflora*. ) ३. अग्न a mountain, and त्रि, with an adventitious meaning, to fix, or in the second instance, to be fixed; also अग्न as before, and त्रि Unadi aff.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) A tree, ( *Sesbana grandiflora* ) See अग्नित. न. अग्नित, and त्रि a tree.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) 1. The name of a saint. 2. A tree 3. The star Canopus. See अग्नित.  
 अग्नित f. (-ः-व) A name of PARVATI, the daughter of the mountain or Himalaya. न. अग्न a mountain, and अग्नित daughter.  
 अग्नित n. (-ः-व) A hole, a chasm. mfn. (-ः-व-व) Very deep, bottomless. न. च neg. गह fixed place.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) A lake न. अग्नित deep, त्रि water.  
 अग्नित f. (-ः-व) Depth. न. अग्नित and त्रि aff  
 अग्नित n. (-ः-व) Depth. न. अग्नित and त्रि aff  
 अग्नित n. (-ः-व) A house See अग्नित. न. अग्न a mountain, and च to go; rising like a hill.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) The sun. न. अग्न to go, त्रि aff.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3 A demon न. अग्न to go, and त्रि aff.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) A defect, a fault. mfn. (-ः-व-व) 1. Void of good qualities, bad 2 Void of attributes. न. च neg. गुण qualities.  
 अग्नित f. (-ः-व) Absence of all good qualities; also अग्नित. न. च neg. गुण with त्रि or त्रि aff  
 अग्नित mfn. (-ः-व-व) Censorious, pointing out defects न. अग्नित and त्रि declaring  
 अग्नित mn. (-ः-व) 1. A fragrant wood, also wood, or agallochum, ( *Aquilaria agallocha*, Rox ) 2 Another tree which produces Bedellium, ( *Amyris agallocha* ) 3 A timber tree, commonly Sisu, ( *Dalbergia sisu*, Rox. ) mfn. (-ः-व-व) Light, not heavy. न. च priv and त्रि heavy.  
 अग्नित mfn. (-ः-व-व) 1 Unhidden, unconcealed. 2 One who cannot keep a secret. न. च neg. गुण concealed  
 अग्नित f. (-ः-व) A timber tree ( *Dalbergia sisu*. ) The best authorities consider this as formed of two distinct words. See अग्नित and त्रि.  
 अग्नित mfn. (-ः-व-व) 1. Unhidden, unconcealed, manifest, evident. 2. One who is not secret. न. च neg. गुण hidden.  
 अग्नित n. (-ः-व) Asafotida. न. अग्नित and त्रि small.  
 अग्नित mfn. (-ः-व-व) Open, honest, candid; one whose purpose or inclinations are evident. न. अग्नित and त्रि nature.  
 अग्नित mfn. (-ः-व-व) Covert, unseen, unwitnessed n. (-ः-व) 1. Absence, unconsciousness; not being witnessed or known. 2. Any act or event not the object of the senses. 3. The imperceptible, BRAHMA, or the invisible Supreme. न. च neg. ज्ञेय, object of sense.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) 1. A bird. 2. A lion. 3. The Sarabha, a fabulous animal with eight legs. न. अग्न a tree or mountain, त्रि a horse.  
 अग्नित f. (-ः-व) 1. A goddess, the wife of AGNI, the deity of fire, and presiding over prayers accompanied with burnt offerings. 2. The Treta or second age of the Hindus. न. अग्न fire, and त्रि. aff. त्रि, with त्रि substituted for त्रि inserted.

अग्नि m. (-ः-व) 1. Fire, always associated with the idea of the deity presiding over it, and who is worshipped by the Hindus. AGNI is also regent of the south-east quarter. 2. A consecrated fire. 3. The fire of the stomach, the digestive faculty, appetite. 4. Bile. 5. Gold. 6. A plant of which the fruit has escharotic properties, ( *Semecarpus anacardium* ) 7. Another plant, ( *Plumbago seylanica* ) न. अग्न to mark, and त्रि Unadi aff. त्रि being dropped.  
 अग्नि m. (-ः-व) An insect of a scarlet color, the lady-bird. न. अग्नि fire and त्रि aff. resembling fire  
 अग्नि m. (-ः-व) A spark. न. अग्नि fire, and त्रि a small particle  
 अग्नित f. (-ः-व) Maintaining a sacrificial fire, &c. न. अग्नि fire, and त्रि making, from त्रि to do.  
 अग्नित mfn. (-ः-व-व) Caused by fire. न. अग्नि and त्रि caused.  
 अग्नित n. (-ः-व) Maintaining a sacred fire. न. अग्नि and त्रि aot.  
 अग्नित n. (-ः-व) Agallochum. See अग्नित, न. अग्नि fire, and त्रि wood.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) A firebrand, a lighted wisp of straw. न. अग्नि fire, and त्रि a wisp of lighted straw.  
 अग्नित mfn. (-ः-व-व) Done with or made by fire, offered with fire. न. अग्नि and त्रि done.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) The east. न. अग्नि and त्रि corner.  
 अग्नित f. (-ः-व) Illuminations, fireworks, &c. न. अग्नि and त्रि play.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) 1. The sun-stone, crystal, or a fabulous gem; supposed to contain and impart solar heat. 2. A plant. f. (-ः-व) The name of another plant. न. अग्नि, त्रि the womb.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) A householder who has placed and consecrated a sacrificial fire. न. अग्नि fire, and त्रि who collects.  
 अग्नित f. (-ः-व) Maintaining a sacred fire. न. अग्नि and त्रि collecting.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) A plant used in medicine, of stimulant properties. mfn. (-ः-व-व) 1. Produced by or producing fire, also अग्नित, 2. Digestive. न. अग्नि fire, and त्रि who or what is born, from त्रि.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) A medicinal plant See अग्नित.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) A medicinal plant. See अग्नित.  
 अग्नित f. (-ः-व) 1. A medicinal plant. See अग्नित. 2 A flame of fire. न. अग्नि, and त्रि the tongue, growing like a flame of fire.  
 अग्नित f. (-ः-व) 1. A flame of fire. 2. A plant bearing red blossoms used by dyers, ( *Grialea tomentosa*, Rox. ) 3 Another plant, commonly Jalapipalli न. अग्नि and त्रि flame, from the fiery colour of its blossoms.  
 अग्नित f. (-ः-व) The aggregate of the three fires maintained by the Brahman householder, the Garhapatya or domestic, Ahavaniya or consecrated, and Dakshina or southern. न. अग्नि and त्रि triad.  
 अग्नित mfn. (-ः-व-व) 1. Setting on fire, incendiary. 2. Supplying with fire. 3. Stomachic, tonic, digestive. न. अग्नि and त्रि what gives.  
 अग्नित f. (-ः-व) A medicinal plant, of narcotic properties, ( *Solanum jacquini*. ) See अग्नित, न. अग्नि bile, and त्रि what tastes.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) A Pitri or progenitor to whom oblations are made. mfn. (-ः-व-व) Burnt. न. अग्नि and त्रि burnt.  
 अग्नित mfn. (-ः-व-व) 1. Blazing on fire. 2. Digestive. ३. (-ः-व) The name of a plant. न. अग्नि and त्रि inflamed.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) 1. AGNI, the god of fire. 2. A worshipper of fire. ३. (-ः-व) A name of the third lunar mansion, identified with the Pleiades: AGNI being the ruling deity of the constellation. Also अग्नित.  
 अग्नित n. (-ः-व) The supremacy or divinity of fire न. अग्नि and त्रि divinity.  
 अग्नित m. (-ः-व) The name of a plant, also अग्नित. न. अग्नि and त्रि decoction or extract.  
 अग्नित mfn. (-ः-व-व) Cooked or dressed with fire. न. अग्नि and त्रि mature.  
 अग्नित n. (-ः-व) The implements and apparatus used in oblations to fire. न. अग्नि and त्रि accompaniments.

अग्निपरीक्षा f. (-वा) The fiery ordeal, by a heated iron or boiling oil, or passing through fire. ३ अग्नि and परीक्षा trial.

अग्निप्रसार m. (-रः) Fire-stone, flint, or any stone producing fire. ३ अग्नि and प्रसार a stone

अग्निम m. (-अः) Gold. ३ अग्नि and म for मा lustre, brilliant as fire.

अग्निमू m. (-मूः) A name of SKANDA, the Hindu deity of war. See कार्तिकेय and स्कन्द. ३ अग्नि and मू being; being, or born, from fire. SIVA having cast his seed into flame, for the purpose of generating a warrior, able to subdue TARA KA, a demon, SKANDA was produced. n (मू) Water, which is generated, in the Hindu cosmogony, from fire.

अग्निमूर्ति m. (-तिः) A proper name. One of the pupils of the last Jaina saint. ३ अग्नि and मूर्ति superhuman power, equal to ASHWINI

अग्निमणि m. (-मणिः) The sun-stone. ३ अग्नि and मणि a jewel or gem, brilliant as fire

अग्निमन्त्र mfn. (-मन्त्र-मन्त्र) 1 Having a consecrated fire 2. Having fire in general. ३ अग्नि and मन्त्र poss aff.

अग्निमन्त्र m. (-मन्त्रः) A small tree, (Premna spinosa) ३ अग्नि and मन्त्र churning, because fire is produced by friction of two pieces of its wood

अग्निमार्ग m. (-मार्गः) A name of the saint, AGASTYA. ३ अग्नि fire, i. e. the fire of the stomach, the digestive faculty, and मार्ग a name of HANUMAN; because the saint could digest as well as the monkey; the epithet alludes to a story of his devouring and digesting VATAPI, a demon, who had assumed the form of a sheep.

अग्निमुख m. (-मुखः) 1. A deity 2. A Brahman. ३ अग्नि and मुख the mouth; oblations to the gods passing through fire as their mouths. 3. A plant, (Plumia zeylanica.) 4. Marking nut, (Semecarpus anacardium) (In this sense it is also fem -खी) ३ as before, from its marking like fire

अग्निरक्ष m. (-रक्षः) Maintenance of a sacred fire; preserving a fire in a family for perpetuity, which supplies that lighted on occasions of worship. ३ अग्नि and रक्ष Preserving

अग्निरक्षित mfn. (-रक्षितः) Maintaining a sacred fire. ३ अग्नि and रक्षित preserved.

अग्निरक्षित mfn. (-रक्षितः) 1. Boiling without fire, especially a sacred fire 2. Devoid of appetite. ३ अग्नि and रक्षित lost.

अग्निरक्त m. (-रक्तः) An insect of ascarlet color. ३ अग्नि and रक्त dust or farina.

अग्निरक्षा f. (-क्षा) The name of a plant.

अग्निरक्ष mfn. (-रक्षः) Hot, scalding, scorching. ३ अग्नि and रक्ष quality; of the property of fire.

अग्निरक्ष mfn. (-रक्षः) 1. Tonic, stomachic. 2. Feeding or exciting fire. ३ अग्नि and रक्ष what augments.

अग्निरक्ष m. (-रक्षः) 1. Exciting fire. 2. Improving the appetite. m. (-रक्षः) A stomachic or any thing improving the appetite. ३ अग्नि and रक्ष increasing.

अग्निरक्ष m. (-रक्षः) Resin, pitch. ३ अग्नि and रक्ष a friend, from its exciting or befriending fire.

अग्निबाण m. (-बाणः) A fiery arrow, a rocket.

अग्निबाण m. (-बाणः) Smoke. ३ अग्नि and बाण what bears

अग्निबाण m. (-बाणः) Smoke. ३ अग्नि and बाण the arm

अग्निबिम्ब m. (-बिम्बः) Pain from a boil. ३ अग्नि and बिम्ब a boil.

अग्निबीज m. (-बीजः) Gold. ३ अग्नि and बीज seed.

अग्निबीज m. (-बीजः) Gold. ३ अग्नि and बीज power.

अग्निहि f. (-हिः) 1. Improved digestion, appetite. 2. Increase of fire. ३ अग्नि and हि increase.

अग्निहि m. (-हिः) 1. A lamp. 2. An arrow. 3. A fiery arrow, a rocket. ३ अग्नि The Safflower plant, (Carthamus tinctorius) mn. (-रक्षः) Saffron, the plant and dye.

अग्निहि f. (-हिः) 1. Flame. 2. A plant (Gloriosa superba) 3. A medicinal plant, (Menispermum cordifolium.) ३ अग्नि and हि a crest or flame or splendor.

अग्निहि m. (-रः) Saffron. ३ अग्नि and हि a crest.

अग्निहृत् f. (-हृत्) An expiatory sacrifice. ३ अग्नि and हृत् to sacrifice, aff. हिप् with हृत् added.

अग्निहीन m. (-हीनः) A sacrifice, or rather a series of offerings to fire for five days to be celebrated in the spring. ३ अग्नि and हीन oblation, burnt-offering.

अग्निहृत् n. (-हृत्) An iron frying-pan. mfn. (-हृत्-हृत्-हृत्) Placed in or over fire. ३ अग्नि and हृत् what stays or remains, from हृत् to stand.

अग्निहोत्र m. pl. (-होत्रः) Demigods or names to whom funeral oblations are presented. They are said to be the sons of MANU, and progenitors especially of the gods. ३ अग्नि, होत्र own, and होत्र taken, who receive what is offered them by fire as their own.

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) Any ceremony performed with the consecrated fire. ३ अग्नि, होत्र purification

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) The wind. ३ अग्नि and होत्र friend.

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) Wild safflower. mfn. (-होत्र-होत्र) Originating from fire. ३ अग्नि and होत्र born.

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) 1. A pigeon. 2. The wind. ३ अग्नि and होत्र a friend.

अग्निहार u. (-रः) A medicinal application to the eyes, a collyrium from the calx of brass. ३ अग्नि and हार strength, essence.

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) 1. Maintenance of a perpetual or sacred fire. m. (-होत्रः) 1. Fire. 2. Ghee. ३ अग्नि and होत्र oblation with fire, burnt offerings.

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) One who maintains a perpetual and sacred fire: this is sometimes read अग्निहोत्र, nom. (ता) ३ अग्निहोत्र, and हिप्, or हृत् to sacrifice, हृत् aff.

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) A priest who attends the fire. ३ अग्नि, होत्र to excite, हिप् aff.

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) Officiating priest, whose duty is to attend the fire. f. (-होत्रः) Extinguishing the sacrificial fire. ३ अग्नि and होत्र, to light or kindle: and the aff. हृत्; the न of होत्र being dropped

अग्निहोत्र u. (-होत्रः) Extinguishing a sacrificial fire. ३ अग्नि and होत्र kindling, exciting

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) 1. Loss or extinction of the sacred fire. 2. Loss of appetite. ३ अग्नि, होत्र non-existence

अग्निहोत्र n. (-होत्रः) Fire-arms; in poetry, it is usually applied to a superhuman power over the element of fire, but occasionally indicates, apparently, a rocket. ३ अग्नि, होत्र a weapon

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) A fire-temple; a chamber or building where the sacred fire is kept. ३ अग्नि, होत्र house

अग्निहोत्र n. (-होत्रः) Maintenance of a perpetual and sacred fire n. अग्नि and होत्र preserving.

अग्निहोत्र n. (-होत्रः) Consecration of a perpetual fire. ३ अग्नि, होत्र placing.

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) 1. A place in which consecrated fire is kept. 2. A hole with compartments of prescribed dimensions and shape, for the several sacred fires. ३ अग्नि and होत्र asylum.

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) A householder who maintains a perpetual fire; also अग्निहोत्र, ३ अग्नि, होत्र preserved by whom.

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) A fiery meteor, a falling star, a comet. ३ अग्नि and होत्र portent.

अग्नि mfn. (-होत्र-होत्र) 1. Chief, principal. ३ Prior, first. 2. Excessive, more, much. 4. Excellent, best. n. (-होत्र) 1. Front, fore part. 2. Top, summit, upper part. 3. End, point. 4. Goal, resting place. 5. Assemblage, multitude. 6. A weight equal to one Pala. 7. Limited alms, (four mouthfuls.) 8. (In astronomy) the sun's amplitude. ३ अग्नि to go, and the Unadi aff. हृत्, the nasal of the derivative is dropped.

अग्निहोत्र m. (-होत्रः) 1. The tip of the extended hand. 2. The right or better hand. 3. The extremity of a ray of light; the focal point. ३ अग्नि, होत्र hand or ray.

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be reckoned or considered as first or best. **चय** and **यज** to be counted.

चयान् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Preceding ; going before. **चय**, गमिन् who goes.

चयम् m. (-यः) 1. An elder brother ; the first-born. 2. A Brahman. mfn. (-यः-या-यं) First-born or produced. **चय** first, **ज** who is born.

चयम् f. (-या) The fore part of the thigh. **चय** the first part and **ज** thigh.

चयम् m. (-यः) 1. A priest or Brahman ; a man of the sacerdotal tribe. 2. An elder brother or first-born. 3. **BAHMA**, the first-born of the gods. **चय** first or best, and **जन्म** birth.

चयम् m. (-यः) A Brahman ; a man of the first class. **चय** and **जातक** who is born.

चयम् m. (-यः) A Brahman ; a man of the first class. **चय** and **जाति** race, class.

चयम् f. (-या) (In astronomy) Sine of the amplitude

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) First, principal. **चय** and **जी** from **जीज** to lead, aff. **क्षिप्**

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Going before, preceding. m. (-यः) A leader. **चय** and **सर**, who goes, from **च** with **च** or **ट** aff. to go.

चयम् and 1. Before, in front. 2. Before in rank, &c. **चय** and **तत्** aff.

चयम् m. (-यः) A degraded Brahman ; one who receives the presents of Sudras, or things first offered to the deceased. **चय**, दान gift, **इति** poss. aff.

चयम् n. (-यः) Determining beforehand, prophecy, predestination. **चय**, निरूपण declaring.

चयम् f. (-या) A plant, Cowhage, (*Carpogon pruriens*). **चय**, पत्र leaf.

चयम् m. (-यः) 1. The tip of the hand. 2. The right hand. **चय**, दाहि the hand.

चयम् m. (-यः) 1. Part of the top or end. 2. Fore or top part. 3. (In astronomy) Degree of amplitude, also **चयः** ; **चय**, भाग part.

चयम् m. (-यः) A goal, an object, the place or thing to be attained. **चय** before, **भूमि** earth.

चयम् n. (-यः) The heart. **चय** principal, and **मांस** flesh.

चयम् n. (-यः) Advancing before an army, for the purpose of defiance ; military ardor or daring. **चय** and **यान** going.

चयम् m. (-यः) A viviparous plant, as the *Gomphrena globosa*, &c. **चय** in front, and **बीज** seed.

चयम् f. (-या) The register of human actions, kept by **YAMA**, the judge of the dead. **चय** first, and **ज**, proposition, with **चा** to take ; recording all actions from the original birth

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Preceding, going before, a leader. **चय** and **सर** who goes

चयम् m. (-यः) An anchorite, a man who has retired from the world. **चय** neg. and **गृह** a house, being no longer householder.

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Not to be taken, accepted or acquired. **चय** neg. **ग्रहणीय** to be taken.

चयम् m. (-यः) 1. The tip of the extended hand. 2. The tip of an elephant's trunk. 3. The right or better hand. **चय**, दक्ष hand &c.

चयम् m. (-यः) The name of a month ; the eighth of the lunar of the Hindus, when the moon is full near the head of Orion, or about November-December. **चय** and **दासन**, year ; according to the ancient system, the first month of the Hindu year ; also **चाय** चायम्.

चयम् m. (-यः) 1. An endowment of lands or villages conferred upon Brahmins. 2. A field of corn. **चय** chief (tribe) **च** to take, **चय** aff.

चयम् m. (-यः) See **चयम्**.

चयम् m. (-यः) The extreme ray or point of a ray of light, the focal point. **चय**, **चय** a ray.

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Not fit or proper to be accepted. 2. Not to be attained. 3. Not to be trusted or consented to. **चय** neg. **चाय** to be taken.

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Chief, principal, best. 2. Elder, elder born. f. (या) The name of a fruit, (*Annona reticulata*). See **चयम्** **चय** and **क्षिप्** aff.

चयम् m. (-यः) An elder brother. mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Chief, principal. **चय** and **य** or **य** aff. whence also **चयम्**.

चयम् f. (-या) A finger. **चय** to go, and **च** aff.

चयम् m. (-यः) A leader, a preceder. **चय** in front, **जा** who goes.

चयम् m. (-यः) A leader. **चय**, **ज** from **गम** to go, and **ज** Unadi aff.

चयम् m. (-यः) A man of either of the three first classes, whose wife has been before married, and has borne him children. **चय** principal, and **द्विषि** the husband of a twice married woman. f. (-या) A younger sister married before her elder, also **चयम्**.

चयम् n. (यः) The skirts of a wood **चय** the fore-part, and **य** wood.

चयम् m. (-यः) A leader. mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Preceding, going before. **चय** in front, and **सर** who goes.

चयम् m. (-यः) A leader. **चय** in front, and **सरि** who goes.

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Chief, principal. m. (यः) An elder brother. **चय**, and **यत्** aff.

चय r. 1st cl. With an indicatory **चय**, **चयि** (चयति). 1. To go. 2. To go swiftly. 3. To begin moving. 4. To begin. 5. To blame or censure. r. 10th cl. (चययति) To sin, to commit sin.

चय n. (यः) 1. Sin. 2. Pain. 3. Passion. m. (-यः) Name of a demon ; the general name of **KANSA**. **चय**, **चय** to go, and **चय** affix, removed by charity, &c.

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Purifying, freeing from sin. **चय**, and **नाशक** what destroys.

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Purifying, freeing from sin. m. (यः) 1. A name of **VISNU**. 2. An expiator. **चय**, **चय** and **नाशन** destroyer.

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Sinful, identical with or fruitful in sin. **चय** and **मयट्** aff.

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) An expiatory prayer : reciting mentally a particular passage from the Vedas while a little water, in the palm of the right hand, is held to the nose ; this forms a part of the daily ceremonies of the Brahmins. m. (यः) The author of the passage recited upon the above occasion. **चय** sin, and **चय** to bear with, or to sprinkle, **युच्** aff.

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Cool, not warm. **चय** neg. **चयम्** hot.

चयम् m. (यः) The moon, as the source of coolness. **चयम्** cool, **यामन्** vesture

चयम् mfn. (यः-या-यं) Wicked, vicious, sinful. **चय** sin. **मनु** aff.

चयम् m. (यः) Time or day of impurity, consequent on the death of a relative, &c. **चय** and **चयम्** day.

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Unkind, cruel. **चय** neg. **युच्** compassion.

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Formidable, terrible. m. (-यः) 1. A name of **SIVA**. 2. A worshipper of **SIVA**, and **Devi** in their terrific forms. f. (-या) The fourteenth day of the dark half of the month **Bhadra**, upon which **SIVA** is worshipped. **चय** implying resemblance, and **वीर** formidable.

चयम् m. (-यः) A worshipper of the terrific forms of **SIVA** and **DURGA**. **चय** and **यामन्** a road.

चयम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Without noise. 2. Without cowherd, (a country). **चय** neg. **चय** noise, &c.

चयम् ind. A vocative particle : the final **च** is usually dropped in composition, as **चयम्** ho, pay worship. **चय** neg. **चय** to kill, and **चय** aff.

चय m. (-यः) A name of **BRAHMA**. f. (या) A cow. mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. inviolable, not to be slain. **चय** neg. **चय** to kill, and **चय** Unadi aff.

**चम** (च,म) r. 10th cl. (चमयति) 1. To number or count. 2. To mark.  
**चम** n. (च) 1. A mark or spot. 2. The flank or part above the hips.  
 3. A species of dramatic entertainment. 4. The act of a play, &c.  
 5. Fault, offence. 6. A line, a stroke. 7. Mimio war or conflict. 8.  
 ornament, decoration. 9. Place, abode. 10. Proximity, proximate.  
 11. A chapter or section. 12. The body. 13. A cypher, an arithmetical  
 sign. **चम** to go, and the Unadi affix **क**; or **चम** to stain or  
 spot, **चम्** aff.  
**चमति** m. (मि:) 1. A Brahman who maintains a sacred fire. 2. A name of  
 BRAHMA. 3. Fire. 4. Air, wind. **चम** to go, and the Unadi aff.  
**चति**; **च** being changed to **क**.  
**चमन** n. (न) 1. Cyphering, writing or making cyphers. 2. Stamping,  
 impressing, making marks, **चम** to mark, **चम्** aff.  
**चमनीय** mfn. (-य:या-यं) 1. To be marked. 2. To be numbered **चम**  
 to mark, **चनीयर्** aff.  
**चमपरिवर्तन** n. (-न:) Turning on the side. **चम** and परिवर्तन turning.  
**चमपालिका** f. (का) An embrace, embracing. **चम** the flank, and **पालिका**  
 or **पाली**, nourishing.  
**चमपाली** f. (-ली) 1. An embrace, embracing. 2. A nurse. 3. A plant,  
 (Piring or Medicago esculenta.) **चम** See **चमपालिका**.  
**चमभाज** mfn. (-भाज) Resting or placed upon the side or hip. **चम** and  
 भाज possessing.  
**चमयितव्य** mfn. (-व्य:या-यं) 1. To be marked. 2. To be numbered. **चम**  
 to mark, **तय** aff.  
**चमविद्या** f. (-द्या) Arithmetical. **चम** and विद्या science.  
**चमि** mfn. (-मि:मि-मि) 1. Marked, spotted. 2. Counted, numbered. **चम**  
 to mark, and participial aff **क**.  
**चमी** f. (-मी) A small oblong drum **चम** the hip or flank, being  
 carried upon that part.  
**चमट** m. (-ट:) A key. **चमि** to go, **उटि** aff.  
**चमुर** m. (-र:) 1. A shoot or sprout. 2. The hair of the body. 3. Blood.  
 4. Water. **चम** to stain, and Unadi aff. **उरच्**.  
**चमुरक** m. (-क:) A nest. **चमुर** a shoot, and **कच्** aff.  
**चमुरित** m. (-मि:मि-मि) Budded, sprouted, germinated. **चमुर** and **इतच्** aff.  
**चमुर** mn. (-मुर:मुर-) The hook used to drive an elephant. **चम** to go,  
 and **उरच्** Unadi aff. with **मु** inserted.  
**चमुरवाह** m. (-व:) An elephant-driver **चमुर**—, and **वाह** Who takes.  
**चमुरद्वर** m. (-र:) A restive elephant. **चमुर**, and **द्वर** bad, difficult, **चम**  
 who holds: who is ill restrained by the goad.  
**चमुरी** f. (-री) One of the twenty-four female deities peculiar to the  
 Jains, supposed to preside more immediately over human beings  
**चमुर**, and **जोप्** fem. aff. having or holding a hook.  
**चमुर** m. (-र:) A sprout, a germin. **चम** See **चमुर**, **च** being made long.  
**चमुर** mn. (-मुर:मुर-) The hook or goad for driving an elephant. **चम** See  
**चमुर**, **च** being made long.  
**चमुरी** m. (-री) A plant: also **चमुरी** **चम** to mark or stain. **चो** aff.  
**चमुरी** m. (-री) A plant. (Alangium hexapetalum.) **चम** See. **चमुरी**, **च** being  
 used for **च**.  
**चमुरी** m. (-री) A plant. See **चमुरी**; also **चमुरी**.  
**चमुरीसार** m. (-र:) A kind of poison, probably prepared from the plant  
**चमुरी**, or **चमुरी** **चमुरी**, and **सार** essence.  
**चमुरिका** f. (-का) Embracing, an embrace. **चम** the side **उत्** pre. and  
**क**, from **चम**, to take.  
**चम** mfn. (-म:मि-मि) 1. To be counted. 2. To be marked. m. (-म:)  
 A small oblong drum. See **चमी** **चम** to mark, aff. **यच्**; or **चम**  
 the hip, and **च** aff.  
**चम** (च,म) r. 10th cl. (चमयति) 1. To mark. 2. To count. See **चम**.  
**चम** n. (-म) 1. A limb or member. 2. A division of Hindu learning,  
 comprehending such science as is considered dependant upon  
 the Vedas, hence also called Vedanga; works on six subjects

come under this description, viz. pronunciation, grammar, pro-  
 sody, explanation of obscure terms, description of religious rites,  
 and astronomy. 3. The body. 4. An expedient, a means of success.  
 5. Mind, understanding. 6. A term in grammar, the inflective  
 root, with the affix subjoined. 7. (Sing. only), chief, principal. 8.  
 Inferior, secondary. 9. All the dramatis personae of a play, except  
 the hero and heroine, the body of the characters. 10. (In rheto-  
 ric.) An incidental passion or figure, illustrative of, but subor-  
 dinate to the main object of the description. 11. A scriptural work  
 in the Jain religion; there are twelve works so named. m. (-म:)  
 A country, Bengal proper, including Bhagalpur. mfn. (-म:मि-मि)  
 1. Corporeal, embodied. 2. Near, proximate. Ind. 1. A vocative  
 article. 2. Again, further, the rather. 3. A particle of assent used  
 in composition, with **इ** substituted for the vowel termination, as  
 in **चमुरीकरण** &c.  
**चमक** n. (-क) 1. The body, &c. See the preceding. f. (चमिका) A bodice  
 or jacket mfn. (-का:का-की-कं) Relating to the body, &c. **चम**,  
**कच्** added.  
**चमय** m. (-य:) Bodily pain. **चम**, and **यच्** what siezes.  
**चमज** (-ज:) mfn. (-ज:जा-जं) 1. Produced or born of the body. n. (-ज)  
 1. Blood. 2. Love, desire. 3. The hair of the head. 4. Sickness,  
 disease. 5. A son f. (-जा) A daughter. **चम** the body, and **ज**  
 what is born also similar compounds, as **चमजात**, **चमजय**, &c.  
**चमन** n. (-न) A court, or yard. See **चमन**.  
**चमति** m. (-मि:) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. A name of KRISHNA. 3. Fire. 4. A  
 Brahman, who has preserved a sacred fire. **चम** to go, and **चति** aff.  
**चमद** m. (-द:) 1. The name of a celebrated monkey, one of the heroes  
 of the Ramayana, the son of BALI. n. (-द) A bracelet worn upon  
 the upper arm. f. (-दा) The female elephant of the south **चम**  
 the body, and **दे** to nourish, or **दे** to cleanse, aff. **च**.  
**चमन** n. (-न) 1. A court or, yard. 2. Going, moving. f. (-ना) 1. A wo-  
 man, a female. 2. The sign Virgo. 3. The female elephant of the  
 north. **चम** to go, and **चच्** aff.  
**चमनाग** n. (-ग) A number of women. **चमना** and **ग** troop.  
**चमनाजन** m. (-ज:) A female, a female person. **चमना** and **जन** a being.  
**चमनाप्रिय** m. (-य:) A plant. (Jonesia asoka.) See **चमो**, **चमना** a  
 woman, and **प्रिय**, beloved; worship being performed by woman  
 to this plant.  
**चमनास** m. (-स:) Touching various parts of the body, as a religious  
 ceremony. **चम**, and **नास** arrangement.  
**चमपाणि** m. (-मि:) Embracing, an embrace. **चम**, and **पाणि** to nourish,  
**चच्** aff.  
**चमप्रायश्चित्त** n. (-त्त) Expiation for bodily impurity, especially the obla-  
 tion offered by the heir at the first funeral obsequies, to remove  
 the impurity contracted during the period of mourning. **चम**  
 body and **प्रायश्चित्त** expiation.  
**चमर** m. (-र:) A servant, whose business it is to rub and knead the  
 body. **चम**, **रच्** to rub, and **चच्** aff. Also **चमर** and **चमर**.  
**चमरक** n. (-क) A plant, vulg. Sundarochani. See **रक्तक** **चम** and **रक्त**  
 red, giving a red dye.  
**चमरचिरी** f. (-री) 1. Armour, coat of mail, thick quilting, or an iron  
 netting worn upon the body. 2. A garment. **चम**, and **चिरी**  
 what preserves.  
**चमराग** m. (-ग:) Perfuming the body after cleansing; smearing it with  
 unguents of sandal, &c. **चम**, and **राग** colouring.  
**चमराज** m. (-राज) A name of KARNA, king of Anga the son of KUNTI  
 by SURYA. See **चम**. **चम** the country so named, and **राज** a king;  
 also **चमराज** and **चमराज**.  
**चमरच** n. (-च) Hair of the body, wool, fleece, down. **चम** and **च**  
 what rises on.



**अक्षरिण m.** (-यः) Giager, (*Amomum siniber*) See **अक्षरिण** m. **अक्षर**, and **क्षर**, to be mad, aff. **क्षर**; exciting or stimulating the body.

**अक्षरक m.** (-यः) A subdivision of a branch of science or philosophy. **अक्षर** a part of science, and **क्षर** division.

**अक्षर m.** (-यः) A dried or withered fruit. **अक्षर** and **क्षर**, from **क्ष** to dry or wither.

**अक्षरिण m.** (-यः) Syncope, apoplexy. **अक्षर**, and **क्षरिण**, change of condition.

**अक्षरिण m.** (-यः) Gesture, gesticulation. **अक्षर** and **क्षरिण** throwing, moving.

**अक्षरिण n.** (-यः) Sign, token, hint. **अक्षर**, and **क्षरिण** chance of from. &c.

**अक्षरिण m.** (-यः) Embellishment of person, dressing, cleansing or perfuming it. **अक्षर** and **क्षरिण** making perfect.

**अक्षरिण f.** (-यः) Bodily strength, or symmetry, **अक्षर**, and **क्षरिण** compactness.

**अक्षर m.** (-यः) Bodily union or contract, coition. **अक्षर**, and **क्षर** union.

**अक्षर m.** (-यः) Gesture, gesticulation. **अक्षर**, and **क्षर** taking, moving; also **अक्षरिण**.

**अक्षरिण m.** (-यः) See **अक्षर**.

**अक्षरिण mfn.** (-यः-क्षरिण) Mutilated, maimed, defective. **अक्षर** a limb, **क्षरिण** deprived of.

**अक्षरिण ind.** Body and body, implying contract or co-operation. **अक्षर** repeated with **क्षर** aff.

**अक्षरिण m.** (-यः) Personal relation or co-operation. **अक्षरिण** and **क्षर** nature.

**अक्षरिण m.** (-यः) A name of KARNA, king of Anga. See **क्षर** m. **अक्षर** the country, **क्षरिण** a ruler.

**अक्षर m.** (-यः-क्षर) Charcoal, whether burning or not, but more usually the latter. **अक्षर** m. (-यः) A name of the planet Mars; from his fiery colour. **अक्षर** to go, and **क्षर** aff.

**अक्षर m.** (-यः) 1 The planet Mars. 2. Charcoal, burning or extinguished. 3. Yellow or white amaranth. See **क्षर** 4. Another plant, (*Eclipta* or *Verbesina prostrata*.) See **क्षर** n. (-यः) A medicated oil, prepared by boiling turmeric and various vegetable substances in common oil. **अक्षर** and **क्षर** affix; resembling a during brand.

**अक्षरकमणि m.** (-यः) Coral, **अक्षरक**; and **मणि** a gem.

**अक्षरमणिका f.** (-यः) A small portable fire-place or fire-pan. **अक्षर**, and **मणिका** what holds, from **क्षर** root, with the aff. **क्षर** क् and टप्.

**अक्षरपरिपाचित n.** (-यः) Roasted food. **अक्षर**, and **परिपाचित** cooked.

**अक्षरपत्र m.** (-यः) A name of CHITRARATHA, chief of the Gandharbas.

**अक्षरपुष्प m.** (-यः) A. Plant, vulg. *Ingua*. See **क्षर** The seeds are used for rosaries. &c. **अक्षर** and **पुष्प** a flower; the flowers supposed to resemble coals.

**अक्षरमूली f.** (-यः) A tree, or shrub, (*Oesalpinia bonducella*.) **अक्षर** and **मूली** a pedicle, compared to a coal.

**अक्षरमूली f.** (-यः) 1. A species of *Karanja*, (*Galedupa arborea*.) 2. Another plant, (*Ovieda verticillata*, Rox.) **अक्षर** and **मूली** a compound pedicle.

**अक्षरमूली f.** (-यः) See **अक्षरमूली**.

**अक्षरमूली f.** (-यः) A small portable fire-pan. **अक्षर** and **मूली** a little cart.

**अक्षरि f.** (-यः) A small portable fire-pan **अक्षर** and **क्षर** aff.

**अक्षरिका f.** (-यः) 1. The stalk of the sugarcane. 2. The bud of the Kinsuka, (*Butea frondosa*) **अक्षर**, and **क्षर** and टप् affs.

**अक्षरिका f.** (-यः) 1. A small portable fire-place. 2. The quarter from which the sun has departed. **अक्षर** and **क्षरिण** poss. aff. and fem. **क्षरिण**.

**अक्षरिण n.** (-यः) The early blossom of the Kinsuka. (*Butea frondosa*.) **अक्षरिण** mfn. (-यः-क्षरिण) 1. Burnt, 2. Charred. **अक्षर**, and **क्षर** aff.

**अक्षरिका f.** (-यः) A kind of bodice or jacket. **अक्षर** the body and **क्षरिण** aff.

**अक्षरिण mfn.** (-यः-क्षरिण) 1. Corporal. bodily. 2. Limbed, having limbs or members. 3. Chief, principal. **अक्षर** and **क्षरिण** aff.

**अक्षरिण m.** (-यः) The name of a Rishi or saint, born of BRAHMA, one of the seven principal sages; in one legend identified with fire, and apparently an astronomical personification, having for his sons UTARHA and VRIHASPATI, and for daughters Sinivali, Kuhu Raka and Anumati. **अक्षर** to go, and **क्षरिण** Unadi aff. with **क्षर** inserted.

**अक्षरिण n.** (-यः) Promising, agreeing, assenting, **अक्षर** a particle of assent. **क्षर** doing, **क्षर** inserted.

**अक्षरिण m.** (-यः) An agreement, a promise. **अक्षर** a particle of asseveration, and **क्षर** making, from **क्षर** to do, **क्षर** inserted.

**अक्षरिण mfn.** (-यः-क्षरिण) Agreed. promised. **अक्षर** as before, and **क्षर** participle of **क्षर**.

**अक्षरि f.** (-यः) 1. A finger 2. A toe, also written **अक्षरी** See **अक्षरि**. **अक्षर** to count, and **क्षरि** Unadi aff.

**अक्षरीय mn.** (-यः-क्षरी) A finger-ring. See **अक्षरीय** m. **अक्षरी** a finger, and **क्षर** aff.

**अक्षरीय mn.** (-यः-क्षरी) A finger-ring. See **अक्षरीय**. **अक्षर** affixed to the preceding.

**अक्षर m.** (-यः) 1. The thumb. 2. A finger. 3. A measure of eight barley corns. 4 The name of a saint. See **क्षर**. 5. A digit, or one-twelfth part of any dimension. **अक्षर** to count and **क्षर** aff.

**अक्षरि f.** (-यः) 1. A finger. 2. The tip of an elephant's trunk. 3. A toe; also **अक्षरी**. **अक्षर** to count, and **क्षरि** Unadi aff.

**अक्षरितीर m.** (-यः) Three semicircular lines drawn across the forehead, with sandal &c. a sectarian mark, especially of the followers of Sakti. **अक्षरि** a finger, and **तीर** the ornamented arch of a gateway, to which the mark made by the fingers upon the forehead may be compared.

**अक्षरिण n.** (-यः) A guard for the finger, applied to the bow-string used by archers. **अक्षरि** and **क्षर** what protects.

**अक्षरिण n.** (-यः) See the last **अक्षरि** and **क्षर** what protects.

**अक्षरिण n.** (-यः) The tip of the finger. **अक्षरि** and **क्षर** end.

**अक्षरिण f.** (-यः) A seal ring. **अक्षरि** and **क्षर** a seal; also **अक्षरिण**.

**अक्षरिण n.** (-यः) Crackling, or snapping the finger joints. **अक्षरि**, and **क्षर** rubbing, from **क्षर** aff. **क्षर**.

**अक्षरिण m.** (-यः) 1. Snapping the finger joints. 2. Making signs, talking with the fingers. **अक्षरि**, and **क्षर** information.

**अक्षरिण n.** (-यः) Snapping the fingers. **अक्षरि** and **क्षर** bursting.

**अक्षरी f.** (-यः) 1. A finger. 2. The tip of an elephant's trunk. See **अक्षरि**.

**अक्षरी mn.** (-यः-क्षरी) A finger ring. **अक्षरी** and **क्षर** aff.

**अक्षरीय mn.** (-यः-क्षरी) The five fingers collectively. **अक्षरी**, and **क्षर** a five.

**अक्षरीय n.** (-यः) A finger ring. **अक्षर** See **अक्षरीय**.

**अक्षरीय m.** (-यः) A finger nail. **अक्षरी** and **क्षर** born, produced.

**अक्षर m.** (-यः) The thumb. **अक्षर** here said to be the hand, and **क्षर** from **क्षर** to stay.

**अक्षर m.** (-यः) 1. An ichneumon. 2. An arrow. **अक्षर** to go, and **क्षर** Unadi aff.

**अक्षर n.** (-यः) Sin. **अक्षर** to go, and **क्षर** aff.

**अक्षरि m.** (-यः) 1. A foot. 2. The root of a tree. **अक्षर** to kill, and **क्षरि** Unadi aff. the formative is irregular. See **क्षरि**.

**अक्षरिण m.** (-यः) The root of a tree, being named from a foot; every synonym of a foot being also that of the root of a tree. **अक्षरि** and **क्षर** name.

**अक्षरिण n.** (-यः) The root of a tree. **अक्षरि** a foot or root and **क्षर** a name. See the last.

वज्रिण m. (-वः) A tree. See वज्रिण. वज्रि, a root and व from ज्ञ to drink.

वज्रिणी f. (-नी) A plant. See वज्रिणवज्रिण. म. वज्रि and वज्र a leaf, aff. जीप्, the leaves rising from the root.

वज्रिणीका f. (-का) A plant, (*Hedysarum lagopidiodes*, Rox.) म. वज्रि, and वज्रिका a pedicle.

वज्र r. 1st. cl. (व) or (ज) (वज्रि) (वज्रि) (वज्रि) 1. To go to, go to or towards. 2. To worship. 3. To speak indistinctly. See वज्र.

वज्रन्तु n. (-न्तुः) A bad or contracted eye. mfn. (-न्तुः वज्रन्तुः) Eyeless, sightless. म. व priv. or dim. and वज्रन्तु the eye.

वज्रन्तु mfn. f. (-न्तु-न्तु-नी-न्तु) Gentle, not passionate. (-न्तु) 1. A tractable cow. 2. A mild and gentle woman. म. व neg. and वज्र passionate.

वज्रन्तु mfn. (-न्तु-न्तु-नी) Steady, not fickle. म. व neg. वज्रन्तु A unsteady.

वज्रन्तु mfn. (-न्तु-न्तु-नी) Fixed, immovable. m. (वः) 1. A mountain. 2. A pin or bolt. f. (-न्तु) The earth. म. व not, and वज्र who, goes from वज्र and वज्र aff.

वज्रन्तुका f. (-का) The earth. म. वज्रन्तु a mountain, वज्रन्तु a bolt.

वज्रन्तुका m. (-लिट्) The Koil or Indian cuckoo. म. वज्रन्तु mountain, and वज्र light.

वज्रन्तुका m. (-वः) The king of mountains, the personified Himalaya; also analogous compounds, as वज्रन्तुकाः वज्रन्तुकाः, &c. म. वज्रन्तु and वज्रि king.

वज्रन्तुका m. (-ता) The name of a Jaina saint, one of the eleven pupils of the last pontiff. म. वज्रन्तु and वज्रन्तु brother.

वज्रन्तुका n. (-न्तु) Firmness, steadiness, consistency: also वज्रन्तुता, &c. म. व neg. वज्रन्तु inconstancy.

वज्रन्तुका mfn. (-न्तु-न्तु-नी) Insensible, inanimate. म. व neg. वज्रन्तु reflexion.

वज्रन्तुका f. (-ता) Insensibility, want of sense or intellect. म. ता added to the last.

वज्रन्तुका f. (-ता) Disregard, absence of thought or consideration. म. व neg. वज्रन्तु thought.

वज्रन्तुका mfn. (-न्तु-न्तु-नी) 1. Unthought of, unexpected. 2. Disregarded. म. व neg. वज्रन्तु considered.

वज्रन्तुका mfn. (-न्तु-न्तु-नी) Inconceivable, unimaginable, incomprehensible. म. व neg. वज्रन्तु conceivable.

वज्रन्तुका mfn. (-न्तु-न्तु-नी) Brief, momentary, not long. (-न्तु) A proper name, the mother of Śānti, the sixteenth Jaina saint. म. व neg. वज्रन्तु long.

वज्रन्तुका (-न्तु) Lightning. म. व neg. वज्रन्तु long. and वज्रन्तु light.

वज्रन्तुका f. (-न्तु) Lightning. म. वज्रन्तु as before, and वज्रन्तु light.

वज्रन्तुका f. (-न्तु) Lightning. म. वज्रन्तु as before, and वज्रन्तु light.

वज्रन्तुका f. (-न्तु) Lightning. म. वज्रन्तु and वज्रन्तु a ray.

वज्रन्तु ind. Directly, without delay. म. व neg. and वज्रन्तु from length of time.

वज्रन्तुका f. (-न्तु) Lightning. म. वज्रन्तु as above, and वज्रन्तु light, with वज्र prefixed.

वज्रन्तुका mfn. (-न्तु-न्तु-नी) Insensible, unconscious, devoid of reason or feeling. म. व neg. वज्रन्तु consciousness.

वज्रन्तुका n. (-न्तु) 1. Unconsciousness, insensibility. 2. The material universe, as opposed to spiritual being or God. 3. Ignorance, especially spiritual. म. व neg. वज्रन्तु intellect.

वज्रन्तु m. (-न्तु) 1. A name of Viṣṇu; also of Kṛiṣṇa, as a form of Viṣṇu. 2. A shrub, (*Morinda tinctoria*.) mfn. (-न्तु-न्तु-नी) Fixed, permanent. म. व neg. and वज्रन्तु participle of वज्रन्तु to go.

वज्रन्तुका m. (-न्तु) The religious fig tree, (*Ficus religiosa*.) म. वज्रन्तु Viṣṇu वास abode.

वज्रन्तुका m. (-न्तु) 1. A name of Balarāma, the elder brother of Kṛiṣṇa. 2. A name of Indra. म. वज्रन्तु Kṛiṣṇa as Viṣṇu, and वज्रन्तु elder born.

वज्रन्तु mfn. (-न्तु-न्तु-नी) Clear, transparent. m. (वः) 1. A bear. 2. Crystal. ind. Fronting, before, in presence of. म. व neg. or comparative, and वज्रन्तु to out, aff. व.

वज्रन्तु m. (-न्तु) A bear. This is sometimes considered as two words. See वज्रन्तु and वज्रन्तु. वज्रन्तु in front of, and वज्रन्तु to kill.

वज्रन्तु mfn. (-न्तु-न्तु-नी) Not to be out, incapable of injury or commination. म. व neg. वज्रन्तु to be out.

वज्र r. 1st. cl. (वज्रि) 1. To go. 2. To blame, or censure: the root is irregular, वी being substituted for it before many of the inflections, as विवाय, वीयात् &c. with an indicative वज्रि r. 10th cl. (वज्रवति) To shibe.

वज्र m. (-वः) A name of BRAHMA. 2. Also of Viṣṇu. 3. A name of Śiva. 4. Also of Kāma. CUPID. 5. A proper name, the son of Rāghu, and father of Daśaratha. 6. A he-goat. 7. A sheep. 8. A mineral substance. See वज्रि f. (-जा) 1. A she-goat. 2. Illusion, the unreality of the universe, personified as Śakti. mfn. (-वः-वज्र-वः) Unborn. म. व neg. and वज्र born. unborn; or वज्र to go, aff. वज्र.

वज्रकर्म m. (-वः) 1. The ear of a goat. 2. A tree, (*Terminalia alata tomentosa*, Rox.) See वज्रन्तु. म. वज्र a goat. वज्रन्तु an ear; the leaf being compared to the ear of a goat.

वज्रकर्म m. (-वः) A tree, vulg. Śālī (*Shorea robusta*, Rox.) See वज्रन्तु. म. व affixed to the preceding, denoting resemblance.

वज्रकर्म m. (-वः) The bow of Śiva, See वज्रकर्म वज्रन्तु &c. म. वज्र Viṣṇu, and वज्र BRAHMA with व aff. BRAHMA being placed in the centre, and Viṣṇu on the upper part.

वज्रकर्म m. (-वः) See वज्रकर्म. म. as before, व being made वा.

वज्रकर्म f. (-वः) A plant, (*Ocimum gratissimum*.) म. वज्र a goat, and वज्रन्तु smell; smelling like a goat.

वज्रकर्म f. (-वः) A plant, (*Ocimum gratissimum*.) See वज्रकर्म.

वज्रकर्म f. (-वः) A plant, See वज्रकर्म. म. वज्रकर्म.

वज्रकर्म m. (-वः) The Bor, or Boa, a large serpent. (*Boa constrictor*, E. वज्र a goat, and वज्र who swallows. from वज्र with वज्र aff.

वज्रकर्म n. (-वः) The bow of Śiva. See वज्रकर्म &c.

वज्रकर्म n. (-वः) See वज्रकर्म, &c.

वज्रकर्म m. (-वः) A goatherd, म. वज्र and वज्रि who lives or gets a livelihood by goats.

वज्रकर्म f. (-वः) The name of a plant, (*Flacourtia cataphracta*.) Also written वज्रकर्म and वज्रकर्म. म. व neg. and वज्र a fibrous root; or वज्र and वज्र foolish, brightening the intellects.

वज्रकर्म f. (-वः) A plant, (Yellow jasmin.) म. वज्र, and वज्र aff. of propriety or fitness.

वज्रकर्म mfn. (-वः-वज्र-वः) One not a parent or producer, unproductive, ungenerative. म. व neg. वज्रन्तु generator.

वज्रकर्म m. (-वः) Privation of birth, used as an imprecation. See वज्रन्तु &c. Ex. वज्रन्तु तस्य may he cease to exist. म. व priv. and वज्रन्तु birth.

वज्रकर्म m. (-वः) (In grammar) A noun ending in a vowel. म. वज्र the syllable including all the vowels, and वज्र end.

वज्रकर्म mfn. (-वः-वज्र-वः) Unborn. म. व neg. वज्रन्तु birth.

वज्रकर्म n. (-वः) A portent, an omen; any natural phenomenon, as an earthquake, &c. so considered. mfn. (-वः-वज्र-वः) Not to be born or produced. म. व neg. and वज्र birth.

वज्रकर्म m. (-वः) 1. A reader of works considered heterodox. 2. A goatherd. f. (-वः) 1. A particular mantra or mystical formula employed by the Tantrikas, the essence of which is in the letters H and S, whence it is termed the Hansa mantra. 2. Śiva and Śakti combined, to which form, the mantra is particularly, addressed. mfn. (-वः-वज्र-वः) 1. Who or what does not perform the Japa. 1. Cherishing or feeding goats. म. व not, and वज्र silent prayer; or वज्र a goat, and वज्र who protects.

**चञ्चली** m. (-ञ्चः) A name of YUDHISHTHĪRA ; the friend of ARA. I. & E. **चञ्च** VIṢṆU or KRISHNA, and **चञ्च** to seek, to love, with the participial च, the termination of the accusative is retained.

**चञ्चली** f. (-ञ्चः) 1. Common caraway, (Carum carui.) 2. A kind of lovenge, (Ligusticum ajiwaen, Rox.) 3. A sort of parsley, (Apium involueratum ; ) this latter application is the one used in the dialects. 4. चञ्च a goat, and **चञ्च** what pleases, from **चञ्च**.

**चञ्चल** m. (-ञ्चः) A frog.

**चञ्चल** m. (-ञ्चः) Defeat. mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Unsurpassed, unsubdued, over whom or which no triumph is obtained. f. (-ञ्चः) Hemp. 5. च neg. **चञ्च** victory.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Invincible, not to be subdued or surpassed. 5. च neg. **चञ्च** conquerable.

**चञ्चल** n. (-ञ्चः) 1. Friendship. 2. Imperishableness, exemption from infirmity or decay. mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Imperishable, undecaying. 5. च neg. and **चञ्च** from **चञ्च** to decay.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Imperishable, undecaying. f. (-ञ्चः) Aloe. 5. च neg. **चञ्च** decay.

**चञ्चलान** n. (-ञ्चः) Antimony.

**चञ्चली** m. (-ञ्चः) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) 5. चञ्च, and **चञ्च** the hair of the body, hair, wool.

**चञ्चली** f. (-ञ्चः) A plant ; described as a milky and thorny plant, with a fruit of a crooked figure, like a ram's horn, and used as a medicine for the eyes ; vulg, Méra Śringi, and Kankara Śringi. See **चञ्चली**. 5. चञ्च a ram, and **चञ्च** a horn.

**चञ्चल** n. Adverbial. (चञ्च) Eternally, continually. 5. च neg. **चञ्च** to let loose, and **चञ्च** aff.

**चञ्चल** f. (-ञ्चः) A figure of speech, metonymy, one name being put for another, as 'the spears enter' for the spearmen. 5. च neg. **चञ्च** leaving, **चञ्च** sense,

**चञ्चल** m. (-ञ्चः) In grammar, a noun that does not vary its gender, even when it is used attributively. 5. चञ्चल not leaving, **चञ्च** gender.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Not relinquishing, not leaving. f. (-ञ्चः) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) 5. चञ्च and **चञ्च**, from **चञ्च** to abandon.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Not wakeful, not awake. m. (-ञ्चः) A plant, (Eclipta, or verbesina prostrata.) 5. च neg. and **चञ्च** wakeful.

**चञ्चली** f. (-ञ्चः) Cumin seed. 5. चञ्च, a goat, and **चञ्च** to go, affix **चञ्च**.

**चञ्चली** m. (-ञ्चः) A goatherd ; also **चञ्चली** चञ्चली, &c. 5. चञ्च a she-goat, and **चञ्च** who lives.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Unborn, unproduced. 5. च neg. **चञ्च** born.

**चञ्चल** m. (-ञ्चः) A name of YUDHISHTHĪRA. 5. चञ्चल unborn, and **चञ्च** an enemy, who never made an enemy.

**चञ्चल** m. (-ञ्चः) See **चञ्चल**.

**चञ्चली** f. (-ञ्चः) A small species of prickly nightshade 5. चञ्च a goat, and **चञ्च** eating.

**चञ्चल** m. (-ञ्चः) A horse of a good breed. See **चञ्चल**. mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Fearless, undaunted. 5. See **चञ्चल** the initial being made short.

**चञ्चली** f. (-ञ्चः) A potherb, (Convolvulus argenteus.) See **चञ्चली**. 5. चञ्च, and **चञ्च** an entrail.

**चञ्चली** m. (-ञ्चः) A goatherd. 5. चञ्च a she-goat, **चञ्च** to nourish, and **चञ्च** aff.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) 1. Unconquered. 2. Unexcelled, unsurpassed, m. (-ञ्चः) 1. The second of the twenty-four principal Jaina Tīrthakaras or deified sages. 2. A name of VIṢṆU. 3. A name of BUDDHA. 4. A name of ŚIVA. 5. च neg. and **चञ्च**, participle of **चञ्च** to conquer.

**चञ्चल** n. (-ञ्चः) A hide used as a seat, bed, &c. by the religious student ; generally the hide of an antelope. 5. चञ्च to go, and the Unadi aff. **चञ्च**.

**चञ्चली** f. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) A bat. 5. चञ्चल a hide, and **चञ्च** a wing.

**चञ्चली** m. (-ञ्चः) A deer, or antelope. 5. चञ्चल a hide, and **चञ्च** place of origin.

**चञ्चल** m. (-ञ्चः) 1. A court or yard. 2. Air, wind. 3. The body. 4. An object of sense 5. A frog. 5. चञ्च to go, and **चञ्च** aff.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Straight, not crooked, literally or metaphorically ; upright, sincere, honest, direct. m. (-ञ्चः) A frog. 5. च neg. and **चञ्च** crooked.

**चञ्चल** m. (ञ्चः) An arrow. mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Going or moving in a straight line. 5. चञ्चल straight, direct, and **चञ्च** what goes.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Tongueless, having no tongue. m. (-ञ्चः) A frog. 5. च neg. and **चञ्च** from **चञ्च** a tongue.

**चञ्चली** m. (-ञ्चः) A Rishi, the father of Sunasephas.

**चञ्चली** n. (-ञ्चः) 1. Flatulency, indigestion. 2. Vigor, absence of old age or decay. mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) 1. Undigested. 2. Undecayed, unimpaired. 5. च neg. and **चञ्च** old, digested.

**चञ्चली** m. (-ञ्चः) 1. Death. 2. Non-existence. mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) 1. Lifeless, dead. 5. च neg. and **चञ्च** life.

**चञ्चली** f. (-ञ्चः) Non-existence ; used as an imprecation. See **चञ्चली**, **चञ्चली** **चञ्चली** **चञ्चली**. 5. च neg. **चञ्च** and **चञ्च** aff.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Invincible, not to be conquered or overcome. 5. च neg. **चञ्च** conquerable.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Invincible, insuperable, not to be overcome or surpassed. 5. च neg. **चञ्च** to be conquered.

**चञ्चली** m. (-ञ्चः) One of the eleven Rudras or deities so named, forms of ŚIVA. Sometimes read **चञ्च** एकपाद. 5. चञ्च ŚIVA, एक one, and पाद a quarter, a part.

**चञ्चली** f. (-ञ्चः) A courtesan, (in theatrical language.) 5. चञ्च to go, or here, to gain, and **चञ्च** affix ; sometimes read **चञ्चली**, from **चञ्च** to earn, to gain.

**चञ्चली** f. (-ञ्चः) A plant, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) 5. चञ्च particle of surprise, and **चञ्च** to be entangled.

**चञ्चल** n. (-ञ्चः) A shield. 5. चञ्च to join, and **चञ्च** aff.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Ignorant, unwise, foolish. 5. च priv. and **चञ्च** who knows.

**चञ्चली** f. (-ञ्चः) Ignorance ; also **चञ्चल**. 5. ता added to **चञ्च**.

**चञ्चल** n. (-ञ्चः) Ignorance. 5. चञ्च and **चञ्च** aff.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) 1. Unknown. 2. Unknowing. 5. च neg. **चञ्च** known.

**चञ्चल** n. (-ञ्चः) 1. Ignorance. 2. Spiritual ignorance, worldly illusion or belief in external appearances. mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Ignorant, unwise. 5. च neg. and **चञ्च** knowledge.

**चञ्चली** f. (-ञ्चः) Ignorance, also **चञ्चल**.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Ignorant, unwise. 5. च neg. **चञ्च** knowing.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) Incomprehensible. 5. च neg. **चञ्च** to be known.

**चञ्च** r. 1st cl. (चञ्च) (चञ्च) 1. To adore, to worship, to treat with respect. (चञ्च, चञ्च) (चञ्च-चञ्च) 2. To go, to approach. 3. To ask or beg. 4. To speak indistinctly. With च, to move in an eastern direction ; with चञ्च, to go westerly ; with चञ्च, to go northerly ; with चञ्च, to move southerly ; with चञ्च, to turn aside or away. r. 1st and 10th cl. (चञ्च-चञ्च) To discriminate, to individualize, to possess especially. See **चञ्च**.

**चञ्चल** m. (-ञ्चः) Air, wind. 5. चञ्च to go, and **चञ्च** Unadi aff.

**चञ्चल** m. (-ञ्चः) The end or border of a cloth, veil, shawl, &c. 5. चञ्च to go, and **चञ्च** aff.

**चञ्चल** mfn. (-ञ्चः-चञ्चः) 1. Worshipped, revered. 2. Admired. 3. Gone. 5. the participial derivative of **चञ्च** to worship, &c.

**चञ्चली** f. (-ञ्चः) A woman having beautiful eye-brows. 5. चञ्चल, and **चञ्च** the brow.

**चञ्च** r. 7th cl. (चञ्च, चञ्च, चञ्च) (चञ्च) 1. To make clear. 2. To anoint. 3. To be beautiful. 4. To go ; with चञ्च, to anoint : with चञ्च, to make manifest, to call into being, to create, to mark or designate.

**चक्षुः** n. (-चक्षुः) 1. Anointing. 2. Going. 3. Making clear, distinct. 4. A collyrium or application to the eye-lashes, to darken and improve them; a universal article of the eastern toilet. 5. Particular applications, as lamp black, antimony, and another kind. See **चक्षुः**. 6. Night. 7. Ink. 8. A term in rhetoric; the use of a word of several meanings in one specific sense, which is determined by the context. m. (-चक्षुः) 1. The elephant of the west. 2. A species of lizard. f. (-चक्षुः) 1. The mother of HANUMA. 2. A green lizard. (-चक्षुः) 3. A woman perfumed with sandal, &c. 4. A medicinal plant. See **चक्षुः**. **चक्षुः** to beautify or anoint, and **चक्षुः** or **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** f. (-चक्षुः) A vegetable perfume. See **चक्षुः**. **चक्षुः** collyrium, **चक्षुः** hair, and **चक्षुः** fem. affix; the fibres being like the crystals, perhaps, of antimony. **चक्षुः** f. (-चक्षुः) A kind of lizard. **चक्षुः**, and **चक्षुः** much, excessive. **चक्षुः** n. (-चक्षुः) Eye-water, liquid collyrium. **चक्षुः** collyrium, and **चक्षुः** water. **चक्षुः** f. (-चक्षुः) The female-elephant of the north-east. **चक्षुः**, and **चक्षुः** poss. aff. **चक्षुः** f. (-चक्षुः) 1. A species of lizard, (*Lacerta anjaneya*.) 2. A small mouse. **चक्षुः**, and **चक्षुः** affix, with the fem. termination; also read **चक्षुः**. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) 1. The cavity formed by putting the hands together, and hollowing the palms: being in this form carried to the forehead, it forms the appropriate salutation from inferiors of respectability to their superiors. 2. A measure, a Kud'ava. See **चक्षुः**. **चक्षुः** to go, and **चक्षुः** Unadi aff. **चक्षुः** f. (-चक्षुः) See **चक्षुः**. **चक्षुः** f. (-चक्षुः) 1. A kind of sensitive plant, (*Mimosa natans*.) or according to some, a different plant, (*Lycopodium imbricatum*) **चक्षुः**, and **चक्षुः** making; from the shape or closing of the petals, like the hollowed palms of the hand. 2. A doll, a puppet. **चक्षुः** as before. **चक्षुः** n. (-चक्षुः) Making salutations, civility, respect. **चक्षुः**, and **चक्षुः** act. **चक्षुः** n. (-चक्षुः) Making a salutation with the hands joined and applied to the forehead. **चक्षुः**, and **चक्षुः** binding. **चक्षुः** mfn. (-चक्षुः) Straight, even, upright, (in morals.) **चक्षुः** to make clear, **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** ind. 1. Soon, instantly. 2. Truly, justly. **चक्षुः** as before, **चक्षुः** to destroy, and **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) A superior, a commander, a sender. **चक्षुः** to go, and **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) The sun. **चक्षुः** to make manifest, and **चक्षुः** Unadi aff. **चक्षुः** n. (-चक्षुः) The fig tree, also its fruit. In Bengal, the word derived from this implies the Guava; the term has, possibly, been borrowed from a Persian word. **चक्षुः** to make clear, and **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** r. 1st cl. (**चक्षुः**) To move, to go or approach: with **चक्षुः** prefixed, to go round about, to roam, to rove, to ramble, to wander about, especially as a religious mendicant. 10th cl. (**चक्षुः**) To slight. **चक्षुः** mf. (-चक्षुः) 1. Going. 2. Roaming, wandering. **चक्षुः**, and **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** n. (-चक्षुः) 1. Going, 2. Roaming about, leading a vagrant life. **चक्षुः**, and **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** f. (-चक्षुः or **चक्षुः**) The notched extremity of a bow. **चक्षुः** to go, **चक्षुः** affix, also with **चक्षुः** fem. termination. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) A tree, (*Justicia adhatoda*.) **चक्षुः** here, disease, from **चक्षुः** to go, and **चक्षुः** to destroy; destroying disease. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) See the last word. **चक्षुः** f. (-चक्षुः) A forest, or wood. **चक्षुः** to go, and **चक्षुः** affix, or **चक्षुः** being added **चक्षुः** ut infra; birds, &c. resting there. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) A wood-man, a forester. **चक्षुः** a wood, **चक्षुः** aff.

**चक्षुः** mfn. (-चक्षुः) Immoveable, unchangeable. **चक्षुः** f. (-चक्षुः) A forest, or grove. See **चक्षुः**. **चक्षुः** f. (-चक्षुः) Roaming about as a devotee or religious mendicant. **चक्षुः** to go, frequentative form, affix **चक्षुः** and **चक्षुः**. **चक्षुः** r. 1st cl. (**चक्षुः**) 1. To surpass or excel, to transgress or exceed. 2. To kill or hurt. 10th cl. (**चक्षुः**) 1. To slight. 2. To be small. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) 1. A room on the top of the house; but it is also applicable to other structures; as the black of an edifice, a fortified place in front of a building, a room on the top of a temporary hall, or a particular kind of building. 2. Much, excessive. n. (-चक्षुः) Food, boiled rice especially. mfn. (-चक्षुः) Dry, dried. **चक्षुः** to go, surpass or transcend and **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** ind. Very lofty. **चक्षुः** n. (-चक्षुः) A circular weapon, a kind of discus. **चक्षुः** to kill or hurt, **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) Violent laughter, a horse-laugh. **चक्षुः** excessive, and **चक्षुः** a laugh. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) A plant, (*Jasminum multiflorum*.) **चक्षुः**, and **चक्षुः**; resembling a laugh or smile on beauty's countenance; the comparison is common to the poets. **चक्षुः** mfn. (-चक्षुः) Laughing, loudly and violently. m. (-चक्षुः) A name of SIVA. **चक्षुः**, and **चक्षुः** poss. aff. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) An upper room or pavilion, on the flat roof of an Indian house. **चक्षुः** much, and **चक्षुः** to adorn. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) A room on the top of the house. **चक्षुः** much, **चक्षुः** to adorn, and **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** f. (-चक्षुः) A palace, an upper-roomed house. **चक्षुः** as before, fem. form. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) A bricklayer, a mason, a builder; born of a Sudra mother and painter father. **चक्षुः**, and **चक्षुः** who enables. **चक्षुः** f. (-चक्षुः) Wandering as a beggar or devotee. **चक्षुः** to go. See **चक्षुः**. **चक्षुः** r. 1st cl. (**चक्षुः**) with a redundant **चक्षुः** **चक्षुः** (**चक्षुः**) To go, to go to or towards. **चक्षुः** r. 1st cl. (**चक्षुः**) To strive or endeavour. 5th cl. (**चक्षुः**) To occupy or possess, (peculiar to the Vedas.) **चक्षुः** r. 1st cl. (**चक्षुः**) 1. To connect. 2. To solve, or demonstrate. 3. To strive, to endeavour. The radical penultimate is **चक्षुः**, and the root is also written by VOPADEVA, **चक्षुः**. **चक्षुः** r. 1st cl. (**चक्षुः**) To sound. (**चक्षुः**) 4th cl. (**चक्षुः**) To breathe, to live; with **चक्षुः**, to exist, to live. See **चक्षुः**. **चक्षुः** mfn. (-चक्षुः) Inferior, low. **चक्षुः** to sound, **चक्षुः** affix; and **चक्षुः** affix of depreciation; also written **चक्षुः**, and **चक्षुः**. **चक्षुः** n. (-चक्षुः) A field bearing panic, **चक्षुः** panic, and **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) 1. A pin or bolt at the extremity of the pole of a carriage, the pin of the axle. 2. The edge or point of a sharp weapon. 3. A limit, a boundary; also **चक्षुः**. **चक्षुः** to sound, and **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) 1. Subtlety, infinite minuteness, moleculism. 2. The same considered as a superhuman faculty, to be acquired by austere devotion and the performance of magical rites, or **चक्षुः** possessed by a deity. **चक्षुः** an atom, and **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** mfn. (-चक्षुः) Very small. **चक्षुः** small, and **चक्षुः** superlative aff. **चक्षुः** m. (-चक्षुः) 1. An atom, a minute and elementary particle of matter. 2. A sort of grain, (*Panicum miliaceum*, Rox.) m. or mfn. (-चक्षुः) 1. Atomic, small, minute. **चक्षुः** to sound, and **चक्षुः** Unadi aff. **चक्षुः** mfn. (-चक्षुः) 1. Skilful, clever. 2. Small, minute. **चक्षुः** small, and **चक्षुः** aff. **चक्षुः** n. (-चक्षुः) The state or being of an atom, also **चक्षुः**. **चक्षुः** f. (-चक्षुः) Lightning. **चक्षुः** minute, and **चक्षुः** light.

**अदुर्गु f. (-वः)** Small particles of dust, a dust of atoms. **अदु**, and **रु** dust.

**अदुर्गु वाच n. (व)** The moats in a sunbeam. **अदुर्गु**, and **वाच** assemblage.

**अदुर्गुती f. (-ती)** A tree. (Croton polyandrum.)

**अदुर्गुती m. (-तिः)** Small grain.

**अदु n. (-दु)** 1. An egg. 2. A testicle or the scrotum. 3. Semen genital. 4. The musk bag, regarded as the scrotum of the deer. **अदु** to go, and **उ** Unadi aff.

**अदुक्क m. (-कः)** The scrotum. **अदु** scrotum. and **क** aff.

**अदुकीटपुष्पा f. (-या)** A plant, (perhaps Convolvulus argenteus.) See **अजनी**.

**अदुकीट m. (-टः)** See the next.

**अदुकीट m. (-वः)** 1. The scrotum. 2. The testicle. 3. A boundary. 4. the rind of a fruit. 5. Fruit. **अदु** a testicle, and **कीट** or **कीव** a sheathe.

**अदुकीटक m. (-कः)** The scrotum. **अदु** added to the last.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-कः-क-क)** Oviparous. **अदु** (-कः) 1. A serpent. 2. A fish 3. A bird. 4. A lizard. **अदु** f. (जा) Musk. **अदु** an egg, &c. and **अ** what is born, from **अज**.

**अदुकाकार mfn. (-र-रा-र)** Egg-shaped, oval, elliptical. **अदु** (-रः) An oval, an ellipsis; also **अदुकाकृति**, &c.

**अदुकाकु m. (-कुः)** A fish. **अदु**, and **काकु** aff.

**अदुकीर m. (-रः)** 1. A man. 2 Strong, powerful. **अदु**, and **र** aff.

**अदुकी f. (-की)** A finger, (from the Vedas.)

**अदु r. let cl. (अदुति)** To go, to move or approach progressively and continually. With an indicative **अदु** **अति** (अदुति) To bind.

**अदुपव ind.** Even, thus, or hence, so, from this cause, &c.

**अदुट m. (-टः)** A precipice. **अदु** neg. and **टट** a back.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-कः-क-क)** Untrue, false, unreal. **अदु** neg. **तक्क** true.

**अदुगु mfn. (गुः-गुः-गुः-गुः)** Large, great, not small or slight. **अदु** neg. **तगु** minute.

**अदुद mfn. (-दः-दा-द)** Awake, active, alert. **अदु** neg. **तदु** sloth.

**अदुदित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Smart, active, energetical. **अदु** neg. **तदुदित** slothful.

**अदुप mfn. (-पः-पा-प)** 1. Cool. 2. Unanxious. 3. Unemployed. 4. Unostentations. **अदु** neg. **तप** ardor.

**अदुत mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Cool not heated. **अदु** neg. **तप** heated.

**अदुत m. (-तः)** Absence of reasoning, want of consideration. **अदु** neg. **तप** consideration.

**अदुर्जित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Unconsiderd. 2. Unexpected, unweighed. **अदु** adv. n. (-तः) Unexpectedly, suddenly. **अदु** neg. **अति** considered.

**अदुर्क mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Unsearchable, incomprehensible, insurtable. **अदु** neg. **तक** to be investigated.

**अदुर्पणीय mfn. (-पः-पा-प)** Insatiable. **अदु** neg. **तपणीय** to be satisfied.

**अदुर्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Unsatisfied. **अदु** neg. **तपित** satisfied.

**अदुक्क n. (-कः)** A particular hell or division of the infernal regions, the portin immediately below the earth. **अदु** neg. and **तक्क** bottom.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Very deep, bottomless. **अदु** neg. **तक्क** bottom, and **अदु** the touch.

**अदुक्क mfn. (अदु)** See the preceding.

**अदु ind.** 1. Hence, therefore, from this cause. 2. An interjection of command. **अदु** **अदु** this, and **तक्क** affix; irregular formation.

**अदुक्क m. (-कः)** 1. Wind, air. 2. The self, the soul. 3. Cloth made from bark. 4. A weapon. **अदु** f. (-की) 1. Common flax, (Linum usitatissimum.) **अदु**, Bengal sun, a kind of flax, (Crotolaria juncea.) **अदु** to go, and the Unadi affix **अदु**, when fem. with **अदु** added.

**अदु ind.** Over, beyond, exceeding, much, very much, &c. it implies generally excess, or preeminence. **अदु** to go, and **र** aff.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-कः-का-क)** 1. Incredible, unworthy of belief or trust.

2. Erring, deviating from the duties of a profession or cast. **अदु** f. (-कः) Idle or unmeaning speech. **अदु** excess or exceeding, and **अदु** speech : some words substitute for this word, **अदुक्क** q. v.

**अदुक्क m. (-कः)** A tree. See **अदुक्क**.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Gigantic. **अदु**, and **का** body.

**अदुक्क n. (-कः)** 1. A kind of penance, eating a handful of food a day for six days, and fasting three. 2. Extreme pain or suffering. **अदु**, and **क** penance.

**अदुक्क f. (-तिः)** A kind of metre, a stanza of four lines, with twenty-five syllables to each line. **अदु**, and **कृति** another metre.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Very thin, emaciated. **अदु**, and **क** thin.

**अदुक्क m. (-कः)** 1. Going over or beyond, lit. or fig. 2. Surpassing, excelling. 3. Transgressing. 4. Contrariety, opposition. 5. Neglect, aversion, disregard. 6. Privation. 7. A groundless demand. 8. A gallant attack, advance of an army in front of an enemy. See **अदुक्क**. **अदु** over, beyond, and **क** to go; going beyond duty or daring.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-कः-का-क)** 1. Transgressing. 2. Exceeding, surpassing. **अदु**, **अदुक्क**, and **अदु** aff.

**अदुक्क ind.** Having gone over or beyond. i. e. Exceeded, transgressed, surpassed, overcome, &c. **अदु** before, **क** to go, **अदु** aff.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Thin emaciated. **अदु**, and **क** spare; **अदु** changed to **र**.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-कः-का-क)** 1. Transgressed, exceeded, passed the proper bounds. 2. Excelled, surpassed. 3. Passed in time. 4. Attacked, assaulted. 5. Excessive, unlimited. 6. Prolix, diffuse. 7. Disregarded, disliked. **अदु**, and **क** to go, aff.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Exceeding, one who oversteps due bounds. **अदु**, and **क** to go, **अदु** aff.

**अदुक्क m. (-कः)** The sixth of the twenty-seven astrological yogas.

**अदुक्क m. (-कः)** 1. A fragrant grass, lemon-grass, (Andropogon schoenanthus.) 2. Champac, (Michelia champaca.) 3. A kind of bean, (Phaseolus mungo) 4. Sulphur. **अदु** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Of strong or exceeding odour. **अदु**, and **गन्ध** smell.

**अदुक्क m. (-कः)** A creeper. **अदु**, and **गन्ध** a plant.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Arrogant, proud. **अदु**, and **गन्ध** pride, and **अदु** aff.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Despicable, vile. **अदु** before, **अदु** reproached.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Very secret, closely hidden or concealed. **अदु**, and **गुह** hidden.

**अदुक्क f. (-कः)** A plant, (Hemionites, cordifolia, Rox.) See **अदुक्क**. **अदु** surpassing, and **गुह** a hole; rising above the ground.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-रः-रा-र)** Going over or beyond, lit. or fig. **अदु** (-रः) A plant, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) See **अदुक्क**. **अदु** to go beyond, **अदु** and **अदु** affs.

**अदुक्क m. (-रः)** 1. Going quickly. 2. Going over or beyond. 3. Surpassing, excelling. 4. The passage of a planet from one zodiacal sign to another, in a shorter than common period. **अदु** before **अदु** to go, **अदु** aff.

**अदुक्क m. (-कः)** A mushroom. **अदु** f. (-कः) 1. Anise, (Anethum pimpinella.) 2. Barleria longifolia. **अदु**, and **अदु** an umbrella.

**अदुक्क m. (-कः)** A musnroom **अदु** **अदु** added to the last.

**अदुक्क f. (-ती)** A form of metre, a stanza of four lines. with thirteen syllables in each line. **अदु**, and **अदु** another metre.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Marching fast or fleet. **अदु**, and **अदु** quick.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-रः-रा-र)** Very wakeful, restless. **अदु** (-रः) The black ourlew. **अदु**, and **अदु** wakeful.

**अदुक्क mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Very old. **अदु**, and **अदु** old.

**अदुक्क n. (-कः)** Very lofty, or very rapid flight of birds. **अदु**, and **अदु** flying.

अतिवर्ण ind. Much, excessively, exceedingly. अति, and वरान् aff.  
 अतितीक्ष्ण mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Very sharp or pungent. f. (-ता) Doob grass. अति, and तीक्ष्ण sharp.  
 अतितीक्ष्ण mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Very pungent, sharp, hot or acrid. अति, and तीक्ष्ण sharp.  
 अतिथि mfn. (-वि-ता) A guest, a person entitled to the rites of hospitality, m. (-विः) 1. A proper name, the son of Kusā and grandson of Rāma. 2. Wrath. अति to go, and इति Unadi aff.  
 अतिथिः f. (-ता) Hospitality considered as a religious duty. अतिथि, and क्रिया act.  
 अतिथिरेव m. (-तः) Inhospitallity. अतिथि, and इव dislike.  
 अतिथिपूजन n. (-नं) Hospitality considered as one of the principal sacraments of the Hindus. अतिथि a guest, and पूजन worshipping.  
 अतिथिस्कार m. (-तः) The rite of hospitality, hospitality. अतिथि, and स्कार pious rite.  
 अतिथिसेवा f. (-ता) Service of a guest, hospitality. अतिथि, and सेवा service.  
 अतिदात्र m. (-तः) A liberal man. अति, and दात्र who gives.  
 अतिदान n. (-नं) Munificence, giving largely. अति and दान gift.  
 अतिदाह m. (-तः) 1. Great heat. 2. Violent inflammation. अति and दाह burning.  
 अतिद्विष्ट mfn. (-तः-दा-ष्ट) Substituted, supplementary. अति over, and द्विष्ट enjoined.  
 अतिदुःख mfn. (-तः-दा-ख) Intolerable, unbearable, not to be borne or endured. अति and दुःख painful.  
 अतिदुर्गत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) In great difficulty or distress. अति and दुर्गत badly off.  
 अतिदुष्कार mfn. (-तः-ता-ती-र) Very arduous, very difficult. अति and दुष्कार difficult.  
 अतिदूर n. (-तः) A great distance, afar off. अति, and दूर afar.  
 अतिदिग्घ m. (-तः) Substitution, supplement. अति, and दिग्घ direction.  
 अतिदोष m. (-तः) A great fault.  
 अतिधृति f. (-तिः) A kind of metre, a stanza of four lines, with nineteen syllables in each line. अति and धृति another metre.  
 अतिनी mfn. (-नी-नी-तु) Landed from a boat. अति over, beyond, and नी a boat.  
 अतिपतन n. (-नं) Exceeding, going beyond bounds. अति beyond and पत to go, पत aff.  
 अतिपथिन् m. (-पथा) A good road. अति, and पथिन् a road; a very road.  
 अतिपर m. (-तः) 1. A great enemy. 2. One who has conquered his enemy. अति and परः a foe.  
 अतिपात m. (-तः) 1. Neglect of duty. 2. Transgression, deviation from laws or customs. 3. Contrariety, opposition. 4. Going beyond bounds. अति beyond, and पात from पत to go.  
 अतिपातक n. (-कं) Heinous sin, the worst of the great sins. अति, and पातक crime.  
 अतिपातकित् mfn. (-तः-कि-नी-कि) A great sinner, flagrantly criminal. अतिपातक and इति aff.  
 अतिपारक mfn. (-तः-ता-क) Very capable, of great abilities. अति, and पारक who traverses.  
 अतिप्रेक्ष mfn. (-तः-ता-क्ष) Very dexterous or clever. अति and प्रेक्ष clever.  
 अतिप्रवृत्त m. (-तः) Frequent repetition, uninterrupted continuance. अति, and प्रवृत्त connexion.  
 अतिवृत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-वृत्त) Strong, powerful. m. (-तः) An active soldier. f. (-ता) A plant, (Sida cordifolia, and rhombifolia.) See वृत्तवृत्ति. अति and वृत्त strong.  
 अतिभार m. (-तः) A great or excessive burden. अति, and भार a load.  
 अतिभार्य m. (-तः) A mule. अतिभार, and य who goes with.

अतिभी m. (-तः) Lightning, the flash accompanying thunder. अति, and भी dread.  
 अतिभूति f. (-तिः) 1. Something more than was expected or aimed at. 2. Extensive land or limits. 3. Improper conduct, exceeding proper bounds. अति, and भूति land.  
 अतिभृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Carefully cherished or protected. अति and भृत cherished.  
 अतिभयम् mfn. (-तः-ता-भयम्) Very suspicious. m. (-तः) A fruit, (Ægle, or Cratogeomys marmelos) See भयम्. अति, and भयम् suspicious.  
 अतिभयम् mfn. (-तः-ता-भयम्) or adverb n. (तः) Much, excessive, unlimited, unbounded. अति, and भयम् a limit.  
 अतिमर्त्य mfn. (-तः-ता-मर्त्यम्) Superhuman, divine. अति and मर्त्य, mortal.  
 अतिमात्र mfn. (-तः-ता-मात्रम्) or adverb n. (तः) Much, excessive. अति, and मात्र a minute quantity.  
 अतिमानुष mfn. (-तः-ता-मानुषम्) 1. Superhuman, more than mortal. 2. Immortal, divine. अति, and मानुष human.  
 अतिमाय mfn. (-तः-ता-मायम्) 1. Free from illusion. 2. Entirely liberated, or freed. अति and माया delusion.  
 अतिमित mfn. (-तः-ता-मितम्) 1. Dry, not wet. 2. Over measured, exceeding. अति and मित moist, or अति and मित meted.  
 अतिमुक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-मुक्तम्) 1. Seedless, barren. 2. Entirely liberated or freed. m. (-तः) 1. A creeping plant, (Görtnera racemosa.) See माधवीलता. 2. A tree, (Dalbergia oujeiniensis) अति, and मुक्त liberated.  
 अतिमुक्तक m. (-तः) 1. A tree, (Dalbergia oujeiniensis.) 2. Mountain ebony. See तिलक. 3. A creeper. (Görtnera racemosa, &c.) अति, and मुक्तक.  
 अतिमोदा f. (-ता) A tree, (Jasminum arboreum.) अति, and मोद delight.  
 अतिरथ m. (-तः) A warrior of a particular order fighting in a car. अति, and रथ a chariot.  
 अतिरथिन् m. (-तः) A warrior of a particular class, fighting in a car. अति before रथ a car. and इति aff. also अतिरथ.  
 अतिरस f. (-ता) A creeper. अति, and रस flavour.  
 अतिरिक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-रिक्तम्) Excessive, exceeding, अति, and रिक्त to flow, with the participial affix क्त.  
 अतिरिक्तता f. (-ता) Increase of bulk or quantity, expansion, enlargement, elevation, &c. अति added to the preceding.  
 अतिरेक mfn. (-तः-ता-रेकम्) Much, excessive. अति, and रिक्त to flow, affix क्त.  
 अतिरेकिन् mfn. (-तः-कि-नी-कि) More, superior. अतिरेक and इति aff.  
 अतिरोम m. (-तः) Consumption, (Phthisis pulmonalis) अति and रोम disease.  
 अतिरोमक m. (-तः) A wild goat, or according to some, a large monkey. mfn. (-तः-ता-कम्) Very hairy. अति, and रोमक hairy.  
 अतिरुचि mfn. (-तः-ता-रुचि) Very covetous. अति, and रुचि covetous.  
 अतिरुचि mfn. (-तः-ता-रुचि) Very hairy. अति, and रुचि hairy.  
 अतिवर्ण n. (-नं) An accident, a circumstance not capable of being prevented or guarded against. अति, and वर्ण being.  
 अतिवर्ण m. (-तः) A kind of grain. अति, and वर्ण round.  
 अतिवाद m. (-तः) A storm, a hurricane. अति, and वाद wind.  
 अतिवाद m. (-तः) Opprobrious or unfriendly speech. See अभिवाद. अति overcoming, वाद to speak, and वाद aff.  
 अतिवृत्त m. (-तः) An infant, mfn. (-तः-ता-वृत्त) Childish. अति and वृत्त a child.  
 अतिवृत्त m. (-तः) A vicious elephant mfn. (-तः-दा-ष्ट) Very fierce, very formidable. अति, and वृत्त large or formidable.  
 अतिविष mfn. (-तः-ता-विषम्) Antidote, exceeding or subduing poison. f. (-ता) A tree used in medicine, the bark is also employed in dyeing; it

is of three kinds ; white, red, and black. (Atle or Betala.) **अति** overcoming, and विष poison.

**अतिवृष्टि f.** (-रिः) Heavy rain. **अति**, and वृष्टि rain.

**अतिवैद्य mfn.** (-रः-वा-य) or adverb **अति** (-य) Much, excessive, unlimited. **अति**, and वैद्य a limit.

**अतिव्यय m.** (-यः) Extravagance, great expenditure. **अति**, and व्यय expenditure.

**अतिव्ययिन् mfn.** (-यी-विनी-यि) Extravagant, spendthrift. **अतिव्यय**, and **इति** aff.

**अतिव्यथा f.** (-था) Excessive pain, agony. **अति**, and व्यथा pain.

**अतिव्याप्ति f.** (-तिः) 1. Extreme pervasion or extension. 2. Going beyond the mark, drawing an inference unwarranted by the premises. **अति**, and व्याप्ति spreading.

**अतिव्यहरी f.** (-री) A kind of metre ; of four lines, with fifteen syllables to the line. **अति** beyond, व्यहरी another metre.

**अतिव्यक्त mfn.** (-क्तः-क्ता-न) Very powerful. **अति**, and व्यक्त powerful.

**अतिव्यक्ति f.** (-क्तिः) Great power. **अति**, and व्यक्ति power.

**अतिव्यक्तिता f.** (-ता) Heroic valor, prowess. **अति**, व्यक्ति power, and ता aff.

**अतिव्यक्तिमान् m.** (-न्) A man of gigantic power. **अतिव्यक्ति**, and मान् who possesses.

**अतिव्यय** If an adj. mas. only. (-यः) If an adverb **अति** (-य) much, excessive. **अति** शीङ् to sleep ; **अति** being prefixed, to excel ; aff. **अति**

**अतिव्ययन adv. n.** (-न) See **अतिव्यय**. **अति** लुट् added to the preceding.

**अतिव्ययिन् mfn.** (-यी-विनी-यि) 1. Superior, exceeding. 2. Increased, improved. &c. **अतिव्यय**, and **इति** aff.

**अतिव्ययोक्ति f.** (-क्तिः) 1. Hyperbole. 2. Verbosity, prolixity. **अतिव्यय** excess, and उक्ति speech.

**अतिव्ययन adv. n.** (-न) adj. mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Much, excessive. **अतिव्यय**, and लुट् the ante-pen, lengthened.

**अतिव्ययित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Exceeded, surpassed, excelled. 2. Increased. **अति** before शीङ्, and त्त aff.

**अतिव्ययन mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) 1. Excellent. 2. Chief, principal. 3. Beautiful, splendid. **अति**, and व्यय to shine, लुट् aff.

**अतिव्ययय m.** (-यः) A hoard, a great accumulation. **अति**, and व्ययय heap.

**अतिसंदिग्ध mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Cheated, deceived, imposed upon. 2. Explained, declared. **अति**, before संदिग्ध combined.

**अतिसम्मान n.** (-न) Falsehood, deceit, fraud, cheating, overreaching. **अति**, before सम्मान combining.

**अतिसर्जन n.** (-न) 1. Liberality, giving. 2. Appointing, engaging. 3. A gift, a donation. 4. Slaughter, killing. **अति**, and सर्ज् to create, लुट् aff.

**अतिसान्निपन n.** (-न) Severe penance or expiation, especially for the guilt of eating unclean animals ; taking as food nothing but cow's urine, cowdung, curds milk, and ghee, each two days in succession. **अति**, and सान्निपन penance.

**अतिसाया f.** (-या) Liquorice plant.

**अतिसार m.** (-रः) Diarrhoea or dysentery. **अति**, and सार **लुट्** at goes ; from सृ to go, with सञ् affix ; also अतिसार.

**अतिसारिन् mfn.** (-री-रिनी-रि) Dysentery, afflicted with dysentery. **अति**, सार, and the affixes इति and लुट्.

**अतिसारिन् mfn.** (-री-रिनी-रि) 1. Afflicted with dysentery. 2. Cathartic. **अति**, सार, and **इति** aff.

**अतिस्फिर mfn.** (-रः-रा-र) Very tremulous. **अति**, and स्फिर trembling.

**अतिहसित n.** (-न) Violent laughter. **अति**, and हसित laughing.

**अतिहास m.** (-हः) A horse-laugh, violent laughter. **अति**, and हास laughter.

**अतिशुद्ध mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) Imperceptible, unattainable by the senses. **अति** beyond, and शुद्ध an organ of sense.

**अतीक्ष्ण mfn.** (-क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) Blunt, not sharp, dull, obtuse. **अति** neg. तीक्ष्ण sharp.

**अतीक्ष्ण f.** (-क्षः) Bluntness. See **अतीक्ष्ण** **अति** (-क्षः) **अति** or **क्ष** added to the preceding.

**अतीक्ष्ण mfn.** (-क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) Very desirous, eager, ardent. **अति**, and तीक्ष्ण wish.

**अतीत mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Passed, gone. 2. Passed away, deceased, dead. 3. Liberated from worldly restraint. 4. Surpassed, gone over or beyond. **अति**, and त्त gone.

**अतीतकाय m.** (-यः) In gram. the preterite tense. **अति** and काय time.

**अतीत Ind.** Much, very much, much indeed. **अति**, and त्त as, so.

**अतीत mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Blunt, dull insipid. **अति** neg. तीक्ष्ण sharp.

**अतीसार m.** (-रः) Diarrhoea or dysentery. See **अतिसार**.

**अतुल्य mfn.** (-तुः-ता-त) 1. Short of stature, a dwarf. 2. Low. **अति** neg. तुल्य tall or high.

**अतुल्य mfn.** (-तुः-ता-त) Lank, thin. **अति** neg. तुल्य fat.

**अतुल्य mfn.** (-तुः-ता-त) Unequalled, m. (-तुः) A plant that has an oily seed, (Sesamum orientale.) **अति** neg, तुल्य to be like, त्त aff.

**अतुलनीय mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Incomparable. **अति** neg. तुलनीय comparable.

**अतुल्य mfn.** (-तुः-ता-त) Unequalled, unparalleled. **अति** neg. तुल्य to be equalled.

**अतुलिनरश्मि m.** (-रश्मिः) The sun, whose rays are not cold, i. e. hot : also analogous compounds, as **अतुलिनधाम**, **अतुलिनवर्ष**.

**अतृप्त mfn.** (-तृः-ता-त) Unsatisfied. **अति** neg. तृप्त satisfied.

**अतृप्ति f.** (-तिः) Insatiableness, voraciousness. **अति** neg. तृप्ति satis'faction.

**अतृप्त mfn.** (-तृः-ता-त) Dark, dim, dull. **अति** (-तृः) 1. Shade, shadow. 2. Insignificance, feebleness, imbecility. **अति** neg. तृप्त light or spirit.

**अतृप्त mfn.** (-तृः-ता-त) Void of splendour or energy. **अति** neg. तृप्त splendid.

**अतोचरीय mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Implacable, not to be appeased. **अति** neg. तोचरीय to be pleased.

**अक्ष m.** (-क्षः) A limb, a member of the body. **अक्ष** mfn. (क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) A traveller. **अक्ष** to go, and **अक्ष** Unādi aff.

**अमा f.** (-ता) 1. A mother, 2. an elder sister. 3. A mother's elder sister. **अमा** to go, **अमा**, and टाप् aff.

**अमा f.** (-ता) In theatrical language, an elder sister. **अमा** to go, **अमा** aff.

**अमा f.** (-ता) In theatrical language, an elder sister. **अमा** a mother, and **अमा** affix, who is, as it were, a mother ; it is also written **अमा** and **अमा**.

**अमा mfn.** (-ता-ली-तु) A feeder, one who eats. **अमा** to eat. **अमा** aff.

**अमा m.** (-तुः) The sun. **अमा** to go, **अमा** Unādi aff.

**अमा m.** (-तुः) A horse, from the Vēdas. **अमा** to go constantly. **अमा** aff.

**अमाजनीय mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Not to be abandoned. **अति** neg. अमाजनीय to be abandoned.

**अमा mfn. or adv. n.** (-तुः-ता-त) Much, excessive. **अति** beyond, and **अमा** end or boundary.

**अमाजनीय mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) Very passionate. **अमा**, and जनीय passionate.

**अमाजनीय mfn.** (-नी-निनी-नि) What goes much or quickly. **अमा** and जनीय who goes.

**अमाजनीय m.** (-रः) A species of grain, (Panicum Italicum.) **अमा**, and जनीय very soft.

**अमाजनीय m.** (-रः) (In logic) absolute negation or non-existence. **अमा** much, अमा not being.

**अमाजनीय m.** (-रः) One who rambles much, a great rover. **अमा** (-रः-नी-न) Much, exceeding. **अमा**, with टाप् aff.

**अमाजनीय m.** (-नः) One who goes quickly. or actively. **अमा** much, and **अमा** for जनीय who goes.

**अमाजनीय mfn.** (-रः-ता-त) Very sour. **अमा** (-रः) A tree, (Spondias mangifera.) 2. (-रः) Another plant and fruit ; a species of citron. See **अमाजनीय**. **अमा**, and **अमा** sour.



**अलसपर्वी f. (-वी)** A creeper and medicinal plant. **अ. अति excessive, अल** sour; and **पर्व** a leaf, with the fem. aff. **वी**.

**अलस m. (-सः)** 1. Death. 2. Distress. 3. Transgression. 4. Vice, fault, guilt. 5. Punishment. 6. Going over or beyond. 7. Absence. 8. Loss, destruction. **अ. अति beyond, away, अल to go, and अल aff.**

**अलसित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Exceeded, surpassed. 2. Outraged. **अ. अति before अल to go, त aff.**

**अलसं n. adv. or mfn. adj. (-सं-सा-सौ)** Much, excessive. **अ. अति, and अल substance.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यं)** Very small, very little. **अ. अति very, and अल small.**

**अलसी f. (-सी)** A kind of metre, a stanza of four lines, with seventeen syllables to the line. **अ. अति beyond, अली another metre.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Very rough, uneven, craggy. **अ. अति, and अलस unequal.**

**अलस्यार m. (-रः)** Censure, blame, contempt. **अ. अति and अल prefixed to अल to do, अल aff.**

**अलस्यार m. (-रः)** Deviating from prescribed observances, contemning religious and moral laws. **अ. अति, and अलस्यार observance.**

**अलस्यारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिणी-रि)** Transgressing. **अ. अलस्यार, and रि aff.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्याः-स्यं)** Not to be abandoned. **अ. अल neg. स्य to be abandoned.**

**अलस्य f. (-स्य)** Unreasonable hope or desire. **अ. अति, and अलस्य hope.**

**अलस्यार m. (-रः)** Excessive food. **अ. अति, and अलस्यार food.**

**अलस्यारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिणी-रि)** Eating excessively, a glutton, a gormandizer. **अ. अलस्यार, and रि aff.**

**अलस्यित n. (-तः)** 1. Great dread. 2. Desperate or daring action. **अ. अति with अल to have; अल prefixed, and the participial त; त्ति is substituted for अल; what engrosses the mind.**

**अलस्यि f. (-स्यिः)** 1. Idle or excessive talk. 2. Expatiating, enlarging. 3. A figure of rhetoric, description of any thing surprising or extraordinary, hyperbole. **अ. अति, and अलस्यि speech.**

**अलस्य f. (-स्य)** A kind of metre, a stanza of four lines, with two syllables to the line. **अ. अति, and अलस्य another kind; it is also read अलस्य.**

**अलस्युक्त mfn. (-कः-का-कं)** Extreme, exceeding great. **अ. अति, and अलस्य much.**

**अलस्युक्त mfn. (-कः-का-कं)** 1. Most excellent, best. 2. Most valuable, precious. **अ. अति, and अलस्युक्त excellent.**

**अलस्य m. (-सः)** A gallinule. **f. (-स्य)** A plant, (*Jasminum villosum*, Rox, or in Bengal, *Nyctanthes tristis*) See **शिलाजिवा**. **अ. अति, and अल to reason.**

**अल ind.** In this place, here, heresin. **अ. अल being substituted for the termination of the seventh case of अल this.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Shameless, immodest. **अ. अल neg. स्य shame.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यं)** Respectable, venerable, (especially in theatrical language. **अ. अल here, अल to be and the participial affix अल; being present or principal.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Fearless. **अ. अल neg. स्य fear.**

**अल m. (-लः)** The name of one of one of the seven Rishis or saints, born from the eye of **RAHMA**, married to **ANASUYA**, daughter of **KARDAMA MUNI**, and the father of **DATTA** or **DATTATREYA**, **DURVA**'s and **CHANDRA**. **अ. अल to eat and अल Unadi aff. The correct reading is अल, but the word is always written with one ल.**

**अलस्य m. (-सः)** 1. The moon. 2. A man of the three first classes. **अ. अल neg. अल three, and अल born, not thrice born; born twice The moon, from the eye of ATRI, and from the ocean. The Brahman &c. from the womb and investiture.**

**अलस्य m. (-सः)** A name of **CHANDRA** or the moon. **अ. अल a saint, अल the eye, and अल born, produced. Born from the eye of ATRI, "a**

flash of light from the eye of **ATRI**, was received by space, a goddess, the *via lactea* personified, who bore **SOMA**." The following and other similar names refer to this legend.

**अलस्य m. (-वी)** A muni. See **अल**, **अ. अल to eat, Unadi aff. अल; also अलस्य.**

**अलस्य m. (-सः)** See **अलस्युक्त.**

**अलस्य m. (-सः)** See **अलस्युक्त.**

**अलस्य m. (-सः)** See **अलस्युक्त.**

**अलस्य m. (-सः)** The marriage union of **ATRI** and **BRAHMA** **DWA** **31**. **अ. अल, and अलस्य; affix अल, implying in this and similar compounds, union.**

**अल mfn. (-रः-रा-रं)** Deliberate, not in haste. **अ. अल neg. अल for अल haste.**

**अल m. (-लः)** A sage. See **अल.**

**अल m. (-ली)** A sage. See **अल.**

**अल ind.** An auspicious and inceptive particle; it serves to introduce a remark, a question, an affirmation, &c. and corresponds to, 1. After. 2. And. 3. Now, (inceptive or premising) 4. What, (interrogatively) 5. All, (comprehensively) 6. Therefore, thus, further, moreover, &c. It also implies doubt or command, and is frequently redundant. **अ. अल to ask, अल affix, and अल is dropped, also अली.**

**अलस्य ind.** A particle of assent, howelse, what else, assuredly. **अलस्य ind. Also.**

**अलस्य m. (-सः)** A name of **SIVA**, **अ. अलस्य the name of a Veda, and अल aff.**

**अलस्य m. (-सः)** 1. A Brahman. 2. A name of **VASISHTHA**. **n. (सं)** The name of the fourth Veda. **अ. अल an auspicious particle अल to go, and अल aff.**

**अलस्य m. (-सः)** 1. Brahman versed in the **At'herva Veda**. 2. A family priest. **अ. अलस्य the Veda, and अल aff.**

**अल ind.** Or. **अ. अल, and अल sometimes.**

**अली ind.** The same as **अल**, q. v.

**अल (वी)** r. 2d cl. (अल) To eat. The root is imperfect; **अल** being substituted for it in several inflections; as **अलस्य**, &c. Implying injury, it is not conjugated in the middle voice, although the action be reciprocal: as **अलस्य** they bite, or devour each other. With an indicatory **अल**, **अल** (अलस्य) To bind.

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Awkward, unskilful. **अ. अल neg. अल clever.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** 1. Not clever, unskilful. 2. Not comprehending the fee given to the Brahmins, a sacrifice, &c. **अ. अल neg. अलस्य clever, or अलस्य a fee.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Unscorched, not burnt. **अ. अल neg. अल burnt.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Unpunished. **n. (-सं)** Impunity. **अ. अल neg. अल punishment.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Unpunishable, unworthy of, or exempt from punishment. **अ. अल neg. अलस्य to be punished.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Unpunishable, unfit to be punished, exempt from punishment. **अ. अल neg. अलस्य to be punished.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Not given. **f. (ता)** An unmarried girl. **अ. अल not, अल given.**

**अल n. (लं)** 1. Food. 2. Eating. **अ. अल to eat, and अल aff.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** To be eaten, what may be eaten. **अ. अल to eat, अली aff.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Toothless. So **अलस्य** (-सः-सा-सं) **अ. अल neg. अल a tooth.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Uncontrollable, untameable. **अ. अल neg. अल to be tamed.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Much, many. **अ. अल neg. अल little, few.**

**अलस्य mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Unfeeling, unmerciful, destitute of pity. **अ. अल neg. अल clemency.**

**अलस्य n. (-लं)** Disappearance, not being visible or present. **अ. अल neg. अल sight.**



चद्वय m. (-यः) A plant, (*Eugenia acutangula*). See चिद्वय f. (-या) Socotrine aloe, (*Aloe perfoliata*). See चद्वयनी m. (-यः-या-यं) Leafless.  
 न. च. and दय a leaf.

चद्वय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. This. 2. That.

चद्वयनी mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Incombustible ; so चद्वयनीय n. च neg. दादनीय or ददनीय to be burnt.

चद्वय m. (-ता) A niggard, a miser. न. च neg दाद who gives.

चद्वय n. (-न) Not giving, withholding, न. च neg, दाद gift.

चद्वय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Untamed, unsubdued, undaunted. न. च neg. दाद daunted.

चद्वयिक mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Unclaimed, as inheritance, lapsed. 2. Not relating to inheritance. न. च neg. दाद heritage, दद aff.

चद्वय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Inconsumable by fire, incombustible. न. च neg. दाद to be burnt.

चद्वयि f. (-तिः) 1. The daughter of DAKṢHA, wife of, KASYAPA, and mother of the gods. 2. The earth. 3. Being entire. न. च neg. दा to give, and दिति affix, not giving pain ; or च, दा to cut or break. तिच् aff.

चद्वयिनन्दन m. (-नः) A deity, a divinity. न. चद्वयि, and नन्दन, a son of ADITI.

चद्वय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Unspoiled, unvitiated. 2. Good, virtuous न. च neg. दद bad.

चद्वयित mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Undeified, unvitiated. 2. Virtuous, good. न. च neg. ददित corrupted.

चद्वय m. (-द्वयः) Blind. न. च priv. and दद्वय the eye.

चद्वय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Invisible, not to be seen. 2. Improper to behold. न. च neg. दद्वय to be seen.

चद्वय n. (-द्वयः) 1. Casual and unseen danger, (as from conflagration, inundation, &c.) 2. Fortune, destiny, fate. 3. (In logic) Virtue or vice, as the eventual cause of pleasure or pain. mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Unseen, unforeseen. 2. Unknown, unfelt, not experienced. न. च neg. and दद्वय seen.

चद्वयपुत्र m. (-यः) A form of treaty, in which the parties treat direct without any mediator or surety also चद्वयनर and similar compounds. न. चद्वय unseen, and पुत्र, &c. man.

चद्वयपूर्व mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Unseen previously, unseen till now. न. चद्वय, and पूर्व before.

चद्वयवत् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Enjoying or undergoing good or bad fortune, more usually the former, fortunate. न. चद्वय, and वत् aff.

चद्वयि f. (-तिः) A look of displeasure, evil eye. न. च bad, and दद्वय look.

चद्वयिका f. (-या) An angry or displeased look, evil eye. न. चद्वयि. and वत् aff.

चद्वय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Improper or unfit to be given. न. च neg. दद्वय to be given.

चद्वयदान n. (-न) Giving what ought not to be given, what is not one's own, &c. न. चद्वय, and दाद giving.

चद्वय m. (-यः) Oiled butter. न. चद्वय to eat, and वत् Unadi aff.

चद्वय ind. Truly, verily. न. चद्वय going constantly, दा to have, and तिच् aff.

चद्वय n. (-यः) 1. Surprise, astonishment. mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Wonderful, surprising. न. चद्वय a particle of surprise, दा to be, and वत् Unadi aff.

चद्वयन m. (-नः) A name of ŚIVA. न. चद्वय astonishing, and वन who sounds.

चद्वयि m. (-तिः) Fire. न. चद्वय to eat, Unadi affix वति, and न inserted.

चद्वय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Gluttonous. न. चद्वय to eat, and वत् aff.

चद्वय ind. To-day. न. चद्वय this ; an irregular formation.

चद्वयन m. (-यः) The period of a current day, from midnight to midnight in the usual acceptation, but sometimes considered to begin and end with sunset. mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Of or belonging to the current day, of to-day. न. चद्वय, and वत् aff.

चद्वयनवत् m. (-यः) In grammar, the aorist past. mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Past or

gone to-day, i. e. any time previous to to-day. न. चद्वयन of to-day, वत् been.

चद्वयि ind. Even now, still. न. चद्वय, and वति certainly.

चद्वयि n. (-यि) Beginning or ending with the current day, from or till to-day. न. चद्वय, and वति limit.

चद्वयिनी mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Near to any event, at the point of death &c. f. (-या) A woman or any female animal near the time of delivery. न.

चद्वय, and व to-morrow. affix व, what will happen to-day or to-morrow.

चद्वय n. (-यः) A worthless or good for nothing object. न. च neg. दद्वय thing.

चद्वय m. (-यिः) 1. A tree. 2. A mountain. 3. The sun. 4. A measure. न. चद्वय to eat, and वत् Unadi aff.

चद्वयिका f. (-या) The earth. न. चद्वय a mountain, and वीच a pin or bolt.

चद्वय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Produced or found in the hills, n. (यः) Red chalk. f. (-या) A name of PÁRVATI or DURGA, the daughter of HIMALAYA, ruler of Himalaya mountain, and hence this her appellation, mountain-born. न. चद्वय, and व, from वन to be born.

चद्वयनका f. (-या) A name of PÁRVATI, the daughter of the mountain HIMALAYA. न. चद्वय, and वनका daughter.

चद्वयनिका f. (-या) PÁRVATI. See the last.

चद्वयि m. (-यिः) Himalaya, lord of mountains : also similar compounds, as चद्वयि, चद्वयि &c.

चद्वयि m. (-यिः) A name of INDRA. न. चद्वय, and वित् who breaks ; the splitter of mountains, (with his thunderbolt.)

चद्वय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Mountaineer, mountain-born. m. (-यः) A Plant, (*Salvinia cucullata*). न. चद्वय, and वत् born.

चद्वय m. (-यः) The king of mountains, the HIMALAYA mountains ; the snowy range on the north of Hindustan, confounded with the mythological ruler of them, and the father of PÁRVATI. न. चद्वय, and वत् a king, the king of mountains, deservedly so called, being the loftiest in the world.

चद्वयि m. (-यिः) Fire on a mountain, a volcano. न. चद्वय, and वति fire.

चद्वय m. (-यः) A peak, the horn or summit of a mountain. न. चद्वय, and वत् a horn.

चद्वय m. (-यः) Iron. न. चद्वय, and वत् essence.

चद्वय m. (-यः) 1. A name of ŚIVA. 2. Also of HIMALAYA, as king of mountains. न. चद्वय, and वत् a master.

चद्वय m. (-यः) Mildness, moderation, the absence of tyranny or oppression. न. च neg. दद्वय tyranny.

चद्वयि mfn. (-यि-या-यं) Innocuous, mild. न. च neg. दद्वय violent.

चद्वय m. (-यः) A Buddha. न. च neg. दद्वय two.

चद्वयवित् m. (-यि) 1. A Buddha. 2. A unitarian. न. च neg. दद्वय two, and वित् who speaks, one who acknowledges but one principle.

चद्वयि mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Only, sole, without a second. न. च neg. द्वितीय second.

चद्वय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Harmless, not malicious. न. च neg. दद्वय malice.

चद्वयि mfn. (-यि-या-यं) Harmless, inoffensive. न. च neg. दद्वय who hates.

चद्वय n. (-यः) Unity, not duality. न. च neg. द्वय duality.

चद्वयवित् m. (-यि) A unitarian, one who maintains the existence of but one principle in the universe. न. चद्वय unity, and वित् who speaks.

चद्वय m. (-यः) The lower part of the body, the lower extremities. न. चद्वय, and वत् body.

चद्वय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Thrown or put down. न. चद्वय, and वत् made.

चद्वयि m. (-यि-या-यं) Precipitated, thrown down. न. चद्वय down, and वित् participle past of वित् to throw.

चद्वयवित् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Fallen down. न. चद्वय, and वित् fallen.

चद्वय m. (-यः) A seat or bed, made of grass, न. चद्वय, and वत् a couch.

अधःपुत्री f. (-त्री) A plant, (Hieracium.) E. अधः, downwards, and पुत्र a flower.

अधः मfn. (-अ-आ-अ) 1. Below. 2. Inferior. E. अधः, and अ what stays.

अधम mfn. (-अ-मा-न) 1. Inferior, 'low'. 2. Vile, despicable. E. अध to preserve, अ Un'ā'di affix, and अ changed to अ.

अधमधनक mfn. (-अ-का-क) 1. A porter, a bearer of burdens. 2. Low, servile. E. अधम low, and धनक a servant.

अधमर्ष mfn. (-अ-र्ष-अ) A debtor. E. अधम low, and अर्ष debt.

अधमर्षिक m. (-कः) A debtor. E. अधम, and अर्ष debt, with इक् added.

अधमर्षिन् m. (-र्षी) A debtor. E. अधम, and अर्ष debt, with इति added.

अधमाङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) A foot. E. अधम low, and अङ्ग a limb.

अधर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Low, inferior, below. 2. Low, vile. 3. Silenced, refuted, overcome in abuse or controversy. f. (-रा) The lower region. m. (-रः) The lower lip. (dual. री) The lips. mn. (-रः or-र) Pudendum muliebre. E. अ neg. य to have or hold, and अच् aff.

अधरतस् ind. Underneath. E. अधर, and तस् aff.

अधरतपु n. (-य) The moisture of the lips. E. अधर the lower lip, and तपु honey.

अधरकात् ind. Below, behind. E. कात् added to अधर.

अधरकात् ind. Below, underneath. E. the form of the ablative.

अधरात् ind. Underneath. E. अधर, with the termination कात्.

अधराधत n. (-त) The moisture, honey or nectar of the lips. E. अधर, and अधत nectar.

अधरावक्षीप m. (-पः) Biting the lip. E. अधर, and अप before लुप to out, affix लृप्.

अधरीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Contradicted, invalidated. E. अधर, and कृत made with कृ inserted.

अधरीच mfn. (-चः-आ-च) Reproached, censured. E. अधर, and च aff.

अधरीभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Contradicted, invalidated. E. अधर, and भूत become, with कृ inserted.

अधरीच ind. Underneath. E. अधर, and the affix एच्.

अधरीयुस् ind. A future day, the day after the morrow. E. अधर, and एयुस् irregular aff.

अधर्म m. (-र्मः) Unrighteousness, injustice, all behaviour contrary to the Sruti and Smriti, or religious and legal institutes. E. अ priv. and धर्म virtue, &c.

अधर्मचारिन् mfn. (-री-रिची-रि) Unrighteous, wicked. E. अधर्म, and चारिन् who follows.

अधर्मता f. (-ता) Unrighteousness; also अधर्मल n. (-लः) E. ता or ल added to अधर्म.

अधर्मात्मन् mfn. (-आ-आ-अ) Wicked, unrighteous. E. अधर्म, and आत्मन् spirit.

अधर्मिन् mfn. (-र्मि-र्मि-र्मि) Wicked, sinful, unrighteous. E. अधर्म, and इति aff.

अधर्मिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ठा-ठ) Very wicked. E. अधर्म, and इष्ठन् aff.

अधर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-र) Going. m. (-रः) A thief. E. अधस् low, vile, and अर who goes down or below.

अधरीर m. (-रः) A house-breaker. E. अधस् below, and रीर a thief.

अधस् ind. 1. Down, downwards, below. 2. The lower or infernal regions. 3. Pudendum muliebre. E. अधर with अधि affix, and र dropped.

अधन mfn. (-अ-नी-न) Below, underneath. E. अधस् and न् aff.

अधनात् ind. 1. Down, downwards, underneath. 2. Behind. 3. Pudendum muliebre. E. अधर or अधस्, and तात् aff.

अधनायव m. (-वः) A plant, (Achyranthes aspera) E. अधम vile, जल a road, and व from वा to gain or possess.

अधर्षिक mfn. (-अ-र्षी-अ) Unjust, unrighteous, wicked. E. अ neg. and धर्षिक virtuous, &c. from धर्म, affix ठक्.

अधि m. (-धिः) Anxiety, mental pain; more usually अधिः. E. अध before, वा to have, धि affix; वा is made short.

अधि ind. Over, above, upon, &c. a preposition and prefix to verbs implying superiority in place, quality, or quantity; as अधिष्ठान् to stand in or on, अधिपत्ये to rule over, अधिगच्छन् to exceed; also used in the figurative sense of the same, as अधिगच्छन् to go to or attain; अधिपत्ये to do over again, to repeat or recall; अधीत्ये to go over or through, as a book; अधिपत्ये to reside in or on, to persevere: forming also indeclinables with nouns, as अधिरात्रि in the night; अधिवासे in or over the house: and compounds with nouns, as अधिदेवता, &c. q. v. E. अ neg. वा to have, धि aff.

अधिक mfn. (-अ-का-क) Exceeding, more, over, more than, in addition to. n. (-कः) A figure in rhetoric, (Hyperbole.) E. अधि and क, from कै to sound.

अधिकतर mfn. (-र-रा-र) More, comparatively more. E. अधिक and तस् aff.

अधिकतम mfn. (-म-मा-न) Most, superlatively more. E. अधिक, and तमस् aff.

अधिकता f. (-ता) Excess, addition; also अधिकत्वं. E. ता or त added to अधिक.

अधिकतु ind. Moreover. E. अधिक, and तु but.

अधिकार n. (-च) 1. Superiority, supremacy. 2. Title, right. 3. In the Mimamsa philosophy, a case or topic, comprehending five members, the subject, the doubt, the first side or prima facie argument, the answer or conclusion, the application. 4. (In the Vedānta.) A case or question. 5. (In grammar) Location, the sense of the seventh or locative case, defined to imply four kinds. 1. Proximity, as, 'a village on the Ganges.' 2. Inclusion, as, 'the gods in heaven.' 3. End or object, as, 'versed in the Śāstras; and 4. Integral existence, as, 'the spirit is in all.' E. अधि over, कृ to do; and कृट् aff.

अधिकर्षि mfn. (-र्षि-र्षि-र्षि) Prosperous, every way happy. E. अधिक excessive, and अर्षि prosperity.

अधिकर्षण n. (-र्ष) Superintendence, Supervision. E. अधि, and कर्षण business.

अधिकर्षक m. (-कः) 1. Clerk or prefect of the market or fair. 2. An overseer, a superintendent. E. अधि over, कर्षण business, and कृट् aff.

अधिकाङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्ग-ङ्गा-ङ्ग) Having more members than natural or common. n. (-ङ्ग) The girdle over the coat of mail, worn as a kind of scarf. E. अधिक exceeding, and अङ्ग the body.

अधिकार m. (-रः) 1. Authority. 2. Supremacy. 3. Rule, government. 4. Right, title. 5. Property, ownership. 6. Privilege. 7. Duty, office. 8. A chapter, a section. 9. The use of royal insignia. 10. (In grammar) Government, the dependance of a form on a previous one. E. अधि over, and कार what makes, from कृ with कृट् affix; what gives or exercises pre-eminence.

अधिकारिता f. (-ता) 1. Ownership, lordship. 2. Right, title. E. अधिकारिन् with ता affix.

अधिकारिन् n. (-रः) 1. Ownership. 2. Right, title. E. See the last, affix लृप्.

अधिकारिन् m. (-री) 1. A superintendent, a ruler, a director. 2. A master, an owner. 3. A sage, one who is perfect in principles and practice of the Vedānta. mf. (-री-रिची) (In law) The possessor of a right or title, as. धनधिकारी heir to property; संस्कारधिकारी one who has a right to the essential ceremonies of the Hindu religion. E. अधिकार, and इति aff.

अधिगत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Superintended, guided. 2. Claimed or held as a right. 3. Set over, superintendent. m. (-तः) 1. A superintendent in general. 2. Inspector of receipts and disbursements, an auditor of public accounts. E. अधि over, and गत made.

अधिगच्छ m. (-चः) Invasion, assailing. E. अधि over, and गच्छ to go.

अधिगच्छन् n. (-च) Invading, assailing, over-running. E. अधि, and गच्छन् going.

अधिगति f. (-तिः) A possession, a right. E. अधि, and गति doing.

अधिहित mfn. (-हित-हा-ह) 1. Censured, reviled, detracted from. 2. Sant,

despatched. 3. Placed, fixed. ३ अधि, and अधि participle of अधि to send or throw.

अधिदेव m. (-दः) 1. Detraction, censure. 2. Sending, despatching. ३ अधि, and देव throwing.

अधिगत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Obtained. 2. Gone through or over, lit. or fig. as read, studied. ३ अधि, and गत gone.

अधिगत m. (-तः) 1. Obtaining, attaining acquiring 2. Going through or over, lit. or fig. 3 Overpassing, overflowing : also

अधिराज n. (-जः) &c ३ अधि, and राज or राजन् going.

अधिराज्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Unattainable, not to be reached or acquired.. So अधिराज्यवीर mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) and अधिराज्यम् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) ३ अधिराज्य with वीर, वीर्य or तज्ज participial affs.

अधिशिख m. (-शः) A tumor on the tongue. ३ अधि, and शिख the tongue.

अधिष्ठीति n. (-धः) The luminous parts of the creation, ३ अधि supreme, अधि light.

अधिराजा f. (-जा) Land on the upper part of a mountain. ३ अधि over, above, and राजन् aff.

अधिदन्त m. (-दन्तः) A tooth growing over another. ३ अधि, and दन्त a tooth.

अधिदेव m. (-दः) 1. A supreme or superior deity. 2. A tutelary deity. ३ अधि, and देव a deity.

अधिदेवता m. (-ता) A tutelary, or presiding divinity. ३ अधि, and देवता a deity.

अधिदेव n. (-दः) 1. The ruling deity, the active principle in creation : also अधिदेवत. 2. The collective body of gods, and superhuman beings. ३ अधि, and देव divine being.

अधिप m. (-पः) 1. An owner, a lord or master. 2. A king. ३ अधि, and प who preserves, from प.

अधिपति m. (-तिः) A master, an owner, a ruler. 2. A king. ३ अधि, and पति a master.

अधिपज n. (-जः) Continuation of the world by procreation. ३ अधि, and प्रजा progeny.

अधिभू m. (-भूः) A master, a ruler. ३ अधि, and भू who is from भू to be, affix भिष्.

अधिभूत n. (-तः) An essential element of matter, perishable matter, that of which the presence involves eventual dissolution. ३ अधि over, and भूत an element.

अधिराज्य m. (-यः) Acute pains in the balls of the eyes, with pain and swelling of one side of the head. ३ अधि over, राज what agitates.

अधिरास m. (-सः) Fleishy excrecences on the eye, cancer of the eye. ३ अधि, and रास flesh.

अधिरासक m. (-कः) Inflammation of the tensils. ३ अधि, and रास flesh, कन् added.

अधिराज n. (-जः) A knowledge of the properties of the letters forming the word for the Hindu triad बीम् ३ अधि, and राज the whole.

अधिराज्य m. (-यः) An intercalary month, formed of the aggregate days omitted in reckoning the lunar year. ३ अधि, and राज a month.

अधिरथ m. (-थः) A charioteer. ३ अधि, and रथ a car.

अधिराज m. (-राजः) A supreme king, an emperor. So अधिराज m. (-जः) ३ अधि, and राज, राजन् a king.

अधिराज्य n. (-यः) Empire, supreme sway. ३ अधि, and राज kingdom.

अधिराज्यमज्ज m. (-जः) An emperor, a paramount sovereign. ३ अधिराज्य, and मज्ज who possesses.

अधिरोह mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Elevated, exalted, surmounting. ३ अधि, and रोह mounted.

अधिरीयित mfn. (-रि-ता-तं) Placed over, lit. or fig. ३ अधि, and रीयित raised.

अधिरोह ३. (-हः) Surmounting, overtopping, elevation. ३ अधि, and रोह mounting.

अधिरोहणी f. (-णी) A ladder, a pair of steps. ३ अधि, and रोह to mount, with रोह affix, and fem. जी.

अधिरोहिन् mfn. (-ही-हि-हि) Who rises on or above. f. (-णी) A ladder, a staircase. ३ अधिरोह, and हिन् aff.

अधिरीय m. (-यः) The universe, the material world. ३ अधि, and रीय world.

अधिराज n. (-जः) A name, an appellation. ३ अधि, and राजन् speech.

अधिराज्य m. (-यः) 1. A house, an abode. 2. Place, situation. 3 Continuance, perseverance. 4. Perfuming the person, &c. 5. A neighbour. 6. Neighbourhood. ३ अधि, and राज to dwell, with राज् affix ; or राज to fumigate, with राज्.

अधिराज्य n. (-यः) 1. Perfuming or scenting the person, &c. 2. Abiding, staying. 3. A religious ceremony ; touching a vessel containing perfumes, flowers, and other things previously presented to an idol ; or offering perfumes, &c. to idols, as a preliminary ceremony. ३ अधि, and राज to fumigate, राज् aff.

अधिराजिता f. (-ता) Residence, staying or abiding in one place. ३ अधिराज, with ता affix, and इट् augment ; also with ल, अधिराजित.

अधिराजा f. (-जा) The collective means and end of acquiring knowledge. ३ अधि, and राजा knowledge.

अधिराजा f. (-जा) A wife whose husband has subsequently married others ; a superseded wife. ३ अधि, and राज obtained.

अधिराज्य m. (-यः) A man marrying other than his first wife. ३ अधि, before विट् to obtain, राज् aff.

अधिराज्य n. (-यः) Marrying again, whilst a former wife is living. ३ अधि before विट् to obtain, affix राज्.

अधिराज्यीया f. (-या) A wife deserving or proper to be superseded. ३ अधि before विट् to obtain, वीर्य aff.

अधिराज्य m. (-यः) A place, a receptacle. ३ अधि before विट् to serve, राज् aff.

अधिराज्यी f. (-यी) A furnace or fire-place. ३ अधि, and यिष् to cook, राज् affix and fem. termination.

अधिराज्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Placed, deposited, received, included. ३ अधि, before विट् to serve, राज् aff.

अधिराज्य n. (-यः) 1. Abiding, resting ; 2. Site, situation. 3. Prescribed rule, fixed practice. 5. A town. 6. A wheel. 7. Dignity. ३ अधि, रजा to stand, and राज् aff.

अधिराज्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Governing, directing, fixing m. (-ता) A ruler, a governor, a director. ३ अधि before रजा to stay, राज् aff.

अधिराज्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fixed, determined, established ; literally or figuratively, as a house or a practice. 2. Supervised, overlooked. 3. Guarded, surrounded. 4. Appointed. ३ अधि, and स्थित stationed.

अधीकार m. (-रः) Superintendence, authority, &c. See अधिका.

अधीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Read, read through. ३ the participial deriv. from अधी to read over, or study.

अधीतवेद m. (-दः) A Brahman, who has read the Vedas ; a student who has finished his course of study. ३ अधीत, and वेद the Veda.

अधीति f. (-तिः) Study, perusal. ३ अधी to read, and तिन् aff.

अधीतिन् mfn. (-ती-ति-ति) A scholar, one who has finished his studies. ३ अधीत, and तिन् aff.

अधीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Docile. 2. Dependant. ३ अधि, and ईन a master.

अधीनता f. (-ता) Subjection, dependance, slavery : so अधीनत्व (तः) ३ ता or त्व added to the last.

अधीनत्व m. (-त्वः) A student, one going over or reading the Vedas, &c. ३ अधि before इट् to go, त्वात् aff.

अधीनत्व mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Confused, perplexed. 2. Unsteady, (lit. or met.) f. (-रा) 1. Lightning. 2. An offended, cross or capricious mistress or wife. ३ अधि neg, and अधीर firm, steady.

अधीनता f. (-ता) Fickleness, unsteadiness ; also अधीनत्व. ३ ता or त्व added to the last.

अधीनत्व m. (-त्वः) A master, a lord. ३ अधि, and ईन master.

**अधीवर m.** (-रः) An emperor, a king paramount over all the neighbouring princes. **अधि** superior, and **वर** a lord.

**अधुना ind.** Now, at present. **अधु** this, irregularly formed.

**अधुनातन mfn.** (-नः-नो-नं) Of or belonging to the present. **अधुना**, and **यु** aff.

**अधुत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Upheld, undetained. **अधुतः** A name of VISHNÚ. **अधु** neg. **धुत** held.

**अधिति f.** (-तिः) 1. Laxity, want of firm hold. 2. Want of steadiness or firmness. **अधिति** neg. **धिति** holding.

**अधृष्ट mfn.** (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Ashamed, modest, humble. **अधृष्टः** **अधृष्टः** neg. **धृष्ट** proud.

**अधृष्टता f.** (-ता) Modesty, diffidence; also **अधृष्टता** n. (-ता) **अधृष्टता** or **अधृष्टता** added to the last.

**अध्वज mfn.** (-जः-जा-जं) Proud, vain. **अध्वजः** The name of a river. **अध्वजः** neg. and **ध्वज** to be proud; than whom nought is prouder.

**अध्वेय mfn.** (-यः-या-यं) Not to be held or taken. **अध्वेयः** **अध्वेयः** neg. **ध्वेय** to have, **अध्वेयः** aff.

**अध्वैर्य mfn.** (-र्यः-र्या-र्यं) Unsteady, feeble, irresolute. (-र्यं) Inability, want of firmness. **अध्वैर्यः** **अध्वैर्यः** neg. **ध्वैर्य** firmness.

**अधीःशुक n.** (-शः) A lower garment. **अधीः** beneath, and **शुक** clothes.

**अधीःशुक्र m.** (-शः) A name of VISHNÚ. **अधीः**, **अधीः** an organ of sense, and **शुक्र** who is produced; being produced by, or produced to such as have subdued or cast down their passions.

**अधीगत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Descended, gone down. **अधीगः** down. **अधीगः** gone.

**अधीगति f.** (-तिः) Going downwards, lit. or fig. descent, degradation. Also **अधीगः** and **अधीगमः**. **अधीगः** and **गति**, &c. going.

**अधीगामिन् mfn.** (-मि-मिनी-मि) Descending, going downwards. **अधीगः**, and **गामिन्** who goes.

**अधीघटा f.** (-घटः) A plant, (*Achoeranthus aspera*.) See **अधीगः**. **अधीघटः**, and **घटि** to hurt, with **अधी** aff.

**अधीःशुक्र n.** (-शः) 1. The anus. 2. pudendum muliebre. **अधीः** and **शुक्र** member.

**अधीजिह्वा f.** (-जा) The uvula or soft palate. **अधीजः** below, and **जिह्वा** the tongue.

**अधीदृष्टि mfn.** (-ष्टिः-ष्टिः-ष्टिः) Downcast, one who looks down. **अधीदृष्टः** and **दृष्टि** sight.

**अधीपर n.** (-रः) 1. The anus. 2. pudendum muliebre.

**अधीवन्धन n.** (-नं) An under girth or strap. **अधीवः**, and **वन्धन** binding.

**अधीभव mfn.** (-वः-वा-वं) placed below, inferior. **अधीवः** and **भव** produced.

**अधीभाग m.** (-गः) The bottom, the lowest part. **अधीवः**, and **भाग** part.

**अधीभावन n.** (-नः) Purging. **अधीभाग** the lower part (of the body), **अधी** what affects.

**अधीभुवन n.** (-नं) The regions below the earth. **अधीवः** beneath, and **भुवन** a world; the earth below.

**अधीमन्त्र n.** (-मं) The anus, **अधीवः**, and **मन्त्र** a member.

**अधीमुख mfn.** (-ख-खा-खी-खं) 1. Down-looked, looking downwards. 2. Inverted, turned upside down. 3. Headlong. **अधीमुखः** A plant, (*Premna esculenta*.) **अधीवः**, and **मुख** the face.

**अधीयन n.** (-नं) A still, or the lower of two vessels luted together for distilling, sublimation, &c. **अधीवः**, and **यन** a vessel.

**अधीलम्ब m.** (-म्बः) A perpendicular. **अधीवः** below, **लम्ब** a straight line.

**अधीलोक m.** (-कः) The regions below the earth. **अधीवः** and **लोक** world.

**अधीवदन mfn.** (-नः-ना-नं) Down-looked. See **अधीमुख**.

**अधीवह m.** (-हः) 1. Bottom of a thing. 2. Pudendum muliebre. **अधीवः**, and **वह** dependance.

**अधीवायु m.** (-युः) The vital air that passes downwards. **अधीवः**, and **वायु** air.

**अधीःशुक्र n.** (-नं) Discharge of blood from the anus, urethra, &c. **अधीवः**, **अधीः** plethora.

**अधीव mfn.** (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Perceptible, present to the senses. 2. Superintending, presiding over. **अधीवः** 1. A superintendent in general, one of receipts and disbursements. 2. A plant, (a species of *Mimosa*.) See **अधीवः**. **अधीवः** and **वह** to pervade with **अधी** aff.

**अधीवता f.** (-ता) Superintendence; also **अधीवता** n. (-ता) **अधीवता** or **अधीवता** added to the last.

**अधीवर u.** ((-रः)) The mysterious word Om. **अधीवः**, and **अधीवर** letter; above all others in importance or in place; being often put at the head of various writings.

**अधीवि ind.** Gifts made to a woman at the time of her marriage. **अधीवि** near, over, &c. and **अधीवि** fire, being presented at the time that burnt offerings are made.

**अधीवः f.** (-वः) Cowach, (*Carpopogon pruriens*.) **अधीवः**, **अधीवः** to be diseased, and **अधीवः** affix; superior to disease. See **अधीवः**.

**अधीवः m.** (-वः) A lecture, a chapter or section. **अधीवः** before **वह** to go, **अधीवः** aff.

**अधीवन n.** (-नं) Study, reading, especially of the sacred books; one of the six duties of a Brahman. **अधीवः**, **वह** to go, and **अधीवः** aff.

**अधीवसाय m.** (-यः) Effort, exertion, determined application. **अधीवः**, and **अधीवः** before **वह** to destroy, with the affixes **अधीवः** and **अधीवः**.

**अधीवसायित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Undertaken, attempted, as a difficult task. **अधीवः**, and **अधीवः** before **वह**, affix **अधीवः**.

**अधीवसायिन् mfn.** (-नी-मिनी-मि) Resolute, determined. **अधीवः**, and **अधीवः** aff.

**अधीवन n.** ((-नं)) Eating too often, taking food before that previously eaten is digested. **अधीवः**, and **अधीवन** eating.

**अधीवः mfn.** (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Substituted. 2. Placed over. **अधीवः**, and **अधीवः** thrown.

**अधीवः n.** (-वः) Bony exfoliation or deposit. **अधीवः**, and **अधीवः** a bone.

**अधीवः m.** (-वः) 1. The soul, individuated spirit, or that which belongs to and presides over the body. 2. The supreme spirit. **अधीवः**, and **अधीवः** self or soul.

**अधीवः mfn.** (-वः-वी-वं) Spiritual, relating to the supreme spirit. **अधीवः**, and **अधीवः** aff.

**अधीवः m.** (-वः) A holy sage, one who knows the nature of inherent spirit. **अधीवः**, and **अधीवः** who sees.

**अधीवः m.** (-तिः) An anchorite, one who diligently meditates on the supreme spirit. **अधीवः**, and **अधीवः** pleasure.

**अधीवः m.** (-वः) A teacher, one who instructs in the sacred books. **अधीवः**, and **वह** to go, in the causal form, and **अधीवः** aff.

**अधीवः n.** (-नं) Instructing, teaching the sacred books; one of the six duties of a Brahman. **अधीवः**, **वह** to go, in the causal form, and **अधीवः** aff.

**अधीवः mfn.** (-वः-वा-वं) Taught. **अधीवः** and **अधीवः** aff.

**अधीवः m.** (-वः) 1. The section, or division of a book. 2. A chapter or lecture of the Vedas. **अधीवः**, **वह** to go, and **अधीवः** aff. proper to be gone through or read.

**अधीवः mfn.** (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Mounted on, riding upon. 2. Exceeding, vary much. **अधीवः**, and **अधीवः** before **वह** to become manifest, affix **अधीवः**.

**अधीवः m.** ((-वः)) See the next.

**अधीवः n.** (-नं) 1. Fixing in or upon. 2. Transferring. 3. Attaching erroneously the predicates of one object to another, as of eternity to matter, &c. **अधीवः** before **वह** to grow, causal form **अधीवः** aff., also with **अधीवः** affix **अधीवः**.

**अधीवः m.** ((-वः)) Mounting on, ascending. **अधीवः**, and **अधीवः** before **वह** to rise, affix **अधीवः**.

**अधीवः n.** (-वः) Ascending, mounting on or upon. **अधीवः** and **अधीवः** before **वह** to rise, **अधीवः** aff.

**अधीवः n.** (-नं) A woman's marriage portion, a dowry of such

property as has descended to her lineally. ३. वधि and वाङ before वङ् to convey, वङ् affix, and ठङ् added.

वाङ् n. (-ङ्) 1. Inhabiting as chief, residing in, presiding over or ruling. 2. Sitting on or upon. 3. Transferring. 4. Attributing erroneously the nature of one thing to another, as of eternity to matter, &c. ३. वधि before, वाङ् to sit, affix वङ्.

वज्राहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Seated in or on. 2. Presiding over. 3. Inhabited ३. वधि before, वाङ् to sit, क् aff.

वज्राहीन mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Seated in or on. 2. Placed or presiding over. ३. वधि before, वाङ्हीन seated.

वज्राहर n. (-ह) 1. Supplying an ellipsis. 2. Reasoning, discussing. ३. वधि, वाङ् prefixed to हङ् to convey, with वङ् aff.

वज्राहार m. (-रः) 1. Adding a word or words to complete a sentence, supplying an ellipsis. 2. Reasoning, argument. ३. See वज्राहर, वङ् being the aff.

वज्राह्य mfn. (-ह्यः-ह्यी-ह्यं) 1. Investigable. 2. Requiring an ellipsis to be supplied. ३. वधि, and वाङ् before हङ् to take, वङ् aff.

वज्राहत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Supplied as an ellipsis. 2. Argued, discussed. ३. वधि and वाङ् before हङ् to take, क् aff.

वज्राहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Inhabited, settled. ३. वधि before वङ् to dwell, affix क्.

वज्राहृ m. (-हृः) A litter drawn or carried by a camel. ३. वधि, and वङ् camel.

वज्राहृ mfn. (-हृः-हृ-हृ) 1. Very prosperous, thriving. 2. Much. m. (-हृः) A name of SIVA. f. (-हृः) A superseded wife, one whose husband has married others. ३. वधि, and वङ् borne, from वङ् to bear, affix क्.

वज्राहृ mfn. (-ता-वी-हृ) A student, reading, studying. ३. वधि before, वङ् to go, वङ् aff.

वज्राहृ f. (-वा) 1. Request, solicitation. 2. Asking, begging. ३. वधि, वङ् to wish, and वङ् aff.

वज्राहृ mfn. (-वः-वा-हृ) Unstable, unfixed, uncertain, transient, perishable. ३. व neg. वङ् fixed.

वज्राहृ mf. (-गः-ग) A traveller. m. (-गः) 1. A camel 2. The sun. f. (-ग) A name of the river Ganges. ३. वज्राहृ a road, and वङ् who goes, from गङ्, with वङ् aff.

वज्राहृ n. (-गं) Journeying, travelling. ३. वज्राहृ, and गङ् going.

वज्राहृ mfn. (-नी-मिनी-मि) Travelling, a traveller. ३. वज्राहृ and गङ्गिन् who goes.

वज्राहृ m. (-ग्यः) A tree, (Spondias; magnifera.) ३. वज्राहृ a traveller, and गङ्ग्य to be enjoyed by.

वज्राहृ m. (-ज) 1 A road. 2. Fixing, placing. 3. Time. 4. Assault. 5. Correcting viscidit, dilution of the phlegm and marrow. ३. वङ् to go constantly, क् affix; वङ् substituted for त्.

वज्राहृ mf. (-वः-वा) A traveller. ३. वज्राहृ, and वङ् aff.

वज्राहृ mf. (-वः-वा) A traveller. ३. वज्राहृ, and वङ् aff.

वज्राहृ m. (-रः) 1. A sacrificer. 2. A Vasu, or a kind of demigod. 3. Intent, attentive, careful. ३. व neg. वङ् to bend or make crooked, and वङ् affix; or वज्राहृ a road, and रङ् from रङ् to give; leading to heaven.

वज्राहृ m. (-वः) A travelling carriage or cart. ३. वज्राहृ a road, and रङ् a carriage.

वज्राहृ m. (-वृः) A Brahman versed in the Yajurveda. ३. वज्राहृ a sacrificer, वङ् and वङ् affix, वङ् being dropped.

वज्राहृ m. (-वृः) A tree, (Achyranthes aspera.) See वज्राहृ. ३. वज्राहृ, and वङ् a stake.

वज्राहृ n. (-नं) Gloom, twilight. ३. व neg. वज्राहृ darkness.

वज्राहृ m. (-वः) A plant, (Cassia fistula.) See वज्राहृ. ३. व neg. वज्राहृ darkness, वज्राहृ inimical; blossoming in the shade.

वङ् (-व) r. 2d. ol. (वङ्गि) Also of 4th ol. (वङ्ग) To breathe, to live. See वङ्.

वङ्ग mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Portionless, not entitled to a share or portion. ३. वङ् neg. वङ् a part.

वङ्गमन्त्र f. (-वा) A plantain, (Musa sapientum.) See वङ्गमन्त्र.

वङ्ग mfn. (-वः-वा-व) inferior, low. See वङ्ग.

वङ्ग mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Blind, eyeless. ३. वङ् neg. वधि the eye, the final dropped.

वङ्ग n. (-रः) 1. Blamable discourse, what is unfit to be uttered. 2. Abuse. ३. वङ् neg. and वङ्ग a letter.

वङ्ग mfn. (-विः-वि-वि) Having bad eyes. ३. वङ् neg. and वधि the eye.

वङ्गार m. (-रः) A saint, an anchorite. ३. वङ् neg. and वङ्गार a house; living in woods.

वङ्गि m. (-विः) A Brahman who has not maintained his household fire. ३. वङ् neg. वधि fire.

वङ्ग mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Clean, clear. 2. Pure, sinless. 3. Handsome, pleasing. ३. वङ् neg. and वङ् fault, faultless.

वङ्ग mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Bodiless, incorporeal. m. (-वः) A name of KĀMA, the Hindu deity of love. n. (-वः) 1. Heaven, æther or the atmosphere. 2. The mind or faculty of reasoning. ३. वङ् neg. and वङ् body; as applicable to KĀMA, it alludes to his having been reduced to ashes, by the eye of SIVA, for having distributed his devotions, and rendered him enamoured of PĀRVAṬI.

वङ्ग n. (-वः) The mind or faculty of reasoning. ३. वङ्ग, and वङ् aff.

वङ्गवङ्ग m. (-वङ्ग or -वङ्ग) A name of SIVA. ३. वङ्ग KĀMA, व neg. and वङ्ग a friend, the foe of KĀMA.

वङ्ग mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Turbid, muddy. ३. वङ् neg. and वङ् clear.

वङ्ग n. (-वः) The sky, atmosphere, æther. ३. वङ् to go, with the neg. prefix वङ्, and affix वङ्.

वङ्ग m. (-वङ्ग) A bull or ox. f. (-वङ्गी or -वङ्गी) A cow. ३. वङ्ग a cart, वङ् to bear, and क् affix, with वङ् inserted after वङ्, व is changed to वङ् in the mas., optionally in the fem.

वङ्ग m. (-वः) Small grain. ३. वङ् neg. वङ् an atom.

वङ्ग mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Erect, not bowed down. 2. Proud, haughty. ३. व neg. वङ् bowed.

वङ्गता f. (-ता) 1. Erectness, stiffness. 2. Pride. Also वङ्गता n. (-तः) ३. ता or तङ् added to the last.

वङ्गित m. (-तः) 1. Moderation, mediocrity, equality, not overstepping certain limits, not surpassing certain qualities, &c. 2. Propriety, decorum. ३. वङ् neg. वङ्गित exceeding.

वङ्गित ind. Not having transgressed, &c. mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Incapable of being transgressed or exceeded. ३. वङ् neg. वङ्गित, having surpassed, &c.

वङ्गित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Unsurpassed, unexceeded. 2. Untransgressed, &c. ३. वङ् neg. वङ्गित surpassed, &c.

वङ्गित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Equal, not exceeded in quantity or quality. ३. वङ् neg. वङ्गित more.

वङ्गित m. (-रः) Absence of right, claim, interest or concern. ३. वङ् neg. वङ्गित right.

वङ्गितवङ्ग f. (-वः) Officiousness, meddling with other people's business. ३. वङ्गित, and वङ्गित investigation.

वङ्गित m. (-रः) A non-heir, one who has no right or claim. ३. वङ् neg. वङ्गित an heir.

वङ्गित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Uninherited, unclaimed. 2. Not set over, or appointed. ३. वङ् neg. वङ्गित claimed, &c.

वङ्गित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Not acquired. 2. Not learnt or studied. ३. वङ् neg. वङ्गित gone over.

वङ्गित m. (-तः) 1. Non-acquirement. 2. Non-perusal. ३. वङ् neg. वङ्गित obtaining, &c.

वङ्गित mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Unattainable. 2. Incapable of being known. ३. वङ् neg. वङ्गित so be attained.

अनधिष्ठित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Absent, not present. 2. Not placed over, not appointed. 3. Not ordered or enjoined. **अन्** neg., अधिष्ठित placed over.

अनधीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Independent. **अन्** neg. अधीन dependent.

अनध्यक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षं) 1. Imperceptible, unperceived, absent. See अप्रत्यक्ष. 2. Having no superintendent. **अन्** neg. and अध्यक्ष perceptible, &c.

अनध्याय m. (-यः) Intermission of study. **अन्** neg. अध्याय reading.

अनध्यायदिवस m. (-सः) A day on which it is improper to study. **अन्** neg. अध्याय, and दिवस a day.

अनुज्ञात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Denied, refused, not assented to. **अन्** neg. अनुज्ञात assented to.

अनन्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तं) 1. Eternal, endless. 2. Unbounded, illimitable. 3. Infinite, innumerable. m. (-न्तः) 1. A name of VISHNU or KRISHNA. 2. BALADEVA, the brother of KRISHNA. 3. The chief of the NAGAS or serpent race, that inhabit the infernal regions: the couch and constant attendant of VISHNU. 4. The king of serpents, confounded with VASUKI. See वासुकि. 5. The fourteenth of the Jaina Tirthakaras or defied Saints: also called अनन्तजित्. f. (-न्ता) 1. A name of PARVATI, the wife of SIVA. 2. The earth. 3. A synonyme of several plants, (as Hedysarum alhagi.) 4. A kind of potherb. See निम्ल्या. 5. Bent grass, (Agrostis linearis.) 6. Another plant, (Echites frutescens, Rox.) See श्यामा. Or according to others, (Asclepias pseudosarsa, Rox.) See शारिषा. 7. Yellow myrobalan, (Terminalia citrina.) 8. Emblic myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) 9. Another plant, (Menispermum glabrum.) See गुडुची. 10. Long pepper. See कणा. n. (-न्तं) Sky or atmosphere, aether. **अन्** neg. and अनन्त end.

अनन्तक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Endless, eternal. **अन्** added to the preceding. अनन्तचतुर्दशी f. (-शी) The fourteenth lunation of the light half of BHADRA, when ANANTA is worshipped. **अन्** अनन्त, and चतुर्दशी the fourteenth.

अनन्तजित् m. (-जित्) The fourteenth of the twenty-four Jaina defied Saints: also called अनन्त. **अन्** अनन्त endless, and जित् who conquers, who gains eternity.

अनन्तता f. (-ता) Eternity: also अनन्तत्व n. (-त्वं) **अन्** ता or त्व added to अनन्त.

अनन्ततीर्थजित् m. (-जित्) The fourteenth Jaina Saint, also अनन्त, &c. **अन्** अनन्त endless, तीर्थ pilgrimage or virtue, and जित् who has made.

अनन्तमूल m. (-मूलः) A plant, (Periploca Indica.) **अन्** अनन्त, and मूल root.

अनन्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Next, immediately following. 2. Next of kin or in succession. 3. Close, compact. n. (-रं) Extreme propinquity. **अन्** neg. and अनन्तर between; having nothing intermediate.

अनन्तरज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Born of the next in order; as of a Kshetriya woman, by a Brahman; of a Vaisya woman, by a Kshetriya. **अन्** अनन्तर, and ज born.

अनन्तराशि f. (-शिः) In arithmetic; infinite quantity. **अन्** अनन्त endless, राशि quantity.

अनन्तरूप mfn. (-रूपः-पा-रूपं) Multiform. **अन्** अनन्त, and रूप form.

अनन्तवात m. (-वातः) Rigidity or paralysis of the muscles of the face and neck. **अन्** अनन्त, and वात wind.

अनन्तविजय m. (-यः) The shell of YUDHISHTHIRA. **अन्** अनन्त, and विजय victory.

अनन्तवीर्य m. (-वीर्यः) The twenty third Jaina Tirthakara of a future age. **अन्** अनन्त endless, and वीर्य power.

अनन्तव्रत n. (-व्रतं) A ceremony performed in honour of VISHNU, on the day of the full moon in BHADRA. **अन्** अनन्त, and व्रत a religious observance.

अनन्तकीर्ति f. (-कीर्तिः) The wife of VASUKI, the king of serpents. **अन्** अनन्त many, and कीर्ति a head; many headed.

अनन्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तं) Infinite, unbounded, eternal n. (-न्तं) 1. Immortality. 2. Eternity. 3. Infinity. **अन्** neg. अनन्त final.

अनन्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तं) 1. One, sole, without any other. 2. Same, identical. **अन्** neg. अनन्त other.

अनन्तगति mfn. (-तिः-ता-ति) Having but one refuge. f. (-तिः) One only refuge or asylum. **अन्** अनन्त, and गति motion.

अनन्तगतिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Having one refuge or hope alone. **अन्** अनन्त added to the last.

अनन्तज m. (-जः) A name of KARMA or love. **अन्** neg. अनन्त other, and ज born; produced only in the heart.

अनन्तता f. (-ता) 1. Singleness. 2. Identity. **अन्** अनन्त, and ता or त्व affix; also अनन्तत्व.

अनन्तपूर्व mfn. (-पूर्वः-प्रा-पूर्वं) Intact, virgin, never in the prior possession of another. f. (-प्रा) A virgin, a girl not previously wedded.

**अन्** अनन्त neg. अनन्त another, पूर्व prior; also with अनन्त added अनन्तपूर्वक.

अनन्तभव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Produced or effected by one particular person or thing. **अन्** अनन्त, and भव born.

अनन्तमनस् mfn. (-मनः-मा-मनं) See the next.

अनन्तमनस्क mfn. (-स्कः-स्का-स्कं) Intent, attentive, having the mind fixed on one subject, not absent. **अन्** neg. अनन्तमनस् or अनन्तमनस्क thinking of some thing else.

अनन्तवृत्ति mfn. (-वृत्तिः-वृत्ति-वृत्ति) Closely attentive, having the mind fixed on one object. **अन्** neg. अनन्त other, वृत्ति profession.

अनन्तवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्तं) Not stolen or taken, safe. **अन्** neg. अनन्त other, वृत्त taken.

अनन्तव्याप्य mfn. (-व्याप्यः-व्याप्यं) Incapable of being taken or stolen. **अन्** अनन्त neg. अनन्त another, व्याप्य to be taken.

अनन्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unconnected with, irrelevant. 2. Devoid of, not possessing. **अन्** neg. अनन्तित possessed of.

अनपकरण n. (-णं) 1. Non-requital, not retaliating. 2. Non-resumption. 3. Not doing ill. **अन्** before अपकरण evil doing.

अनपकर्म n. (-कर्म) 1. Non-retaliation. Non-resumption, (of a thing given or paid, &c.) 3. Abstaining from evil. **अन्** before अपकर्म; also अनपकर्म, अनपक्रिया, &c.

अनपकार m. (-रः) Harmlessness, freedom from hatred and malice. **अन्** neg. अपकार evil doing.

अनपकारिण् mfn. (-रिणः-रिणी-रि) Innocuous. **अन्** अनपकार, and रिणि aff.

अनपक्रिया f. (-या) 1. Non-requital, non-retaliation. 2. Non-acquittance (as of debt, &c.) 3. Non-resumption. 4. Abstaining from offence or evil. **अन्** before अपक्रिया offence, &c.

अनपचित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Dishonoured, disregarded. **अन्** neg. अपचित honoured.

अनपत्य mfn. (-त्यः-त्या-त्यं) Childless, having no progeny: so अनपत्यक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) **अन्** neg. अपत्य offspring.

अनपर m. (-रः) Name of BRAHMA. **अन्** neg. अपर another.

अनपराध m. (-धः) Innocence. mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) Innocent, sinless. **अन्** neg. अपराध offence.

अनपराधिन् mfn. (-धी-धिनी-धि) Innocent, sinless. **अन्** neg. अपराधिन् offending.

अनपाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Undiminished, unceasing. m. (-यः) Permanence, absence of loss or diminution. **अन्** neg. अपाय loss.

अनपायिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) 1. Firm, constant, durable, imperishable. 2. Increasing. **अन्** अनपाय permanence, इति aff.

अनपेक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षं) Disregarding, unheeding. f. (-क्षा) Carelessness, indifference, disregard. **अन्** neg. अपेक्षा regard.

अनपेक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Unheeded, disregarded. **अन्** neg. अपेक्षित regarded.

अनपेत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Present, not passed or gone. 2. Possessed of, not devoid of. **अन्** neg. अपेत gone away.

अनभिमतः mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Disagreeable, unpleasant, disastrous, unlucky.  
 ३. अन् neg. अभिमत liked  
 अनभिज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञं) Unwise, stupid. ३. अन् neg. अभिज्ञ wise.  
 अनभिभव m. (-वः) Freedom from obstruction or defeat. ३. अन् neg. अभिभव defeat.  
 अनभिभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unsubdued, unsurpassed. 2. Unobstructed.  
 ३. अन् neg. अभिभूत subdued.  
 अनभिजाय m. (-यः) Indifference, absence of desire. ३. अन् neg. अभिजाय desire.  
 अनभिजायिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Indifferent. ३. अनभिजाय, and इति aff.  
 अनभिज्ञान mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञं) Indistinct, dim. ३. अन् neg. अभिज्ञान clear.  
 अनभिज्ञान m. (-ज्ञः) Detachment, disconnection, freedom from affection or attachment. ३. अन् neg. अभिज्ञान connection.  
 अनम m. (-नः) A Brahman, one who does not salute a Brahman making obeisance to the gods only, and returning salutations, with his blessing. ३. अन् neg. and नम who salutes.  
 अनमस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यं) Unworthy of being saluted. ३. अन् neg. नमस्य to be saluted.  
 अनय m. (-यः) 1. Fate. 2. Ill-luck, bad fortune. 3. Calamity, distress. 4. Vice, transgression. ३. अन् neg. and अय good fortune.  
 अनयङ्गत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fallen into misfortune. ३. अनय, and गत gone.  
 अनर्गल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Self-willed, 'unrestrained'. ३. अन् neg. and अर्गल a bolt or bar.  
 अनर्घ्य mfn. (-र्घ्यः-र्घ्या-र्घ्यं) Invaluable, priceless, not to be bought. ३. अन् neg. अर्घ्य price.  
 अनर्घ्यत्व n. (-त्वः) Absence of price or cost, invaluable; also अनर्घ्यता ३. त्व or ता added to the last.  
 अनर्क्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Unworshipped, unreverenced, disrespected. ३. अन् neg. अर्क्षित worshipped.  
 अनर्थ mfn. (-र्थः-र्था-र्थं) Unmeaning, fruitless, nonsensical. ३. अन् neg. अर्थ use.  
 अनर्थक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Unmeaning, idle, fruitless. n. (-कः) Unmeaning or nonsensical discourse. ३. अन् neg. अर्थ meaning, and कन् aff.  
 अनर्ह mfn. (-हः-र्हा-हं) Unfit, unworthy, unsuitable. ३. अन् neg. अर्ह fit.  
 अनल m. (-लः) 1. A name of Agni or fire. 2. One of the eight Vasus or demigods so called. 3. Bile. 4. A plant, (Plumbago zeylanica and rosea.) ३. अन् to be, कलच् aff.  
 अनलप्रिया f. (-या) The wife of Agni. ३. अनल, and प्रिया beloved.  
 अनलम् ind. Insufficient, unequal, unable, not enough. ३. अन् neg. अलम् enough.  
 अनलि m. (-लिः) A plant, (*Æschynomene grandiflora*.) See अनालिदु.  
 अनलोत्तम mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Excellent, good, uncensured. ३. अन् neg. अवलोत्तम disparaged.  
 अनलङ्घ्य mfn. (-ङ्घ्यः-ङ्घ्या-ङ्घ्यं) Resistless, not to be obstructed or impeded. ३. अन् neg. अवलङ्घ्य obstruction.  
 अनवय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Blameless, irreproachable. 2. Unobjectionable, allowable. ३. अन् neg. अवय censurable.  
 अनवधान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Careless, inattentive. n. (-नः) Inadvertence, inattention, carelessness. ३. अन् neg. अवधान care.  
 अनवधानता f. (-ता) Inadvertence, inattention. ३. ता affix, subjoined to the preceding; or with त्व अनवधानत्वं.  
 अनवर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Equal of superior, not younger nor inferior. ३. अन् neg. अवर inferior.  
 अनवरोत्त adj. mfn. or adv. n. (-तः-ता-तं) Eternal, eternally. ३. अन् neg. अवरोत्त stopped, ceased.  
 अनवराही mfn. (-ही-ही-हीं) Chief, principal. ३. अन् neg, अवराही inferior.  
 अनवश mfn. (-शः-शा-शं) Without support or dependance. ३. अन् neg. अवश support.  
 अनवसर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Occupied, busy, having no leisure. 2. Unseasonable, inopportune. m. (-रः) 1. Want of leisure or oppor-

tunity. 2. Unseasonableness, inopportune. ३. अन् neg. अवसर leisure.

अनवस्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Clean. ३. अन् priv. and अवस्तर dirt.

अनवस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थं) Unstable, unsteady. 2. Incontinent. f. (-स्थः) 1. Instability, absence of fixed state or condition. 2. Uncertainty, doubt. 3. Incontinence, dissoluteness. 4. (In logio,) the abstract nature of a thing, independent of its existence. ३. अन् neg. अवस्था condition.

अनवस्थान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Unsteady, mutable, variable, not stationary. n. (-नः) 1. Instability. 2. Wrong situation or direction. 3. Misconduct. m. (-नः) Wind. ३. अन् neg. अवस्थान fixture.

अनवस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unfixed, unsteady, unstable, inconstant. 2. Loose, abandoned, violating moral and legal restraint. ३. अन् neg. अवस्थित steady.

अनवस्थिति f. (-तिः) 1. Unsteadiness, instability. 2. Dissoluteness, profligacy. ३. अन् neg. and अवस्थिति stability.

अनवाप्त mfn. (-प्तः-ता-प्तं) Unobtained. ३. अन् neg. अवाप्त obtained.

अनशन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) One who fasts. n. (-नः) A fast, fasting. ३. अन् neg. and अशन eating.

अनन्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Eternal, imperishable. ३. अन् neg. and नन्तर transient.

अनन्त n. (-नः) 1. A cart. 2. Boiled rice. 3. A mother. 4. Birth. 5. Life, breath. ३. अन् to live, अनुच् aff.

अनन्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Not envious. f. (-या) 1. The wife or the sage. 2. Exemption from envy. ३. अन् neg. अनया envy.

अनन्यक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Unenvious. ३. अन् neg. अन्या, and कन् aff.

अनन्यु mfn. (-युः-यु-यु) Free from envy. ३. अन् neg. अन्यु to envy, उच् aff.

अनहङ्कार m. (-रः) 1. Absence of pride, humility. 2. The absence of the pride of individuality : one of the elements of creation, according to the Védanta system. ३. अन् neg. अहङ्कार pride.

अनहङ्कारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Philosophical, humble, not proud, not selfish. ३. अन् neg. अहङ्कारिन् proud.

अनहङ्कृति f. (-तिः) Content, satisfaction, the absence of care or vanity. ३. अन् neg. अहङ्कृति pride.

अनाकार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Shapeless, without form. ३. अन् neg. आकार form.

अनाकाल n. (-लं) Scarcity, famine. ३. अन् neg. आकाल before काल time.

अनाकालधृत m. (-तः) A slave, one who has given himself to slavery, in a season of scarcity, for support. ३. अनाकाल, and धृत nourished.

अनाकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Unperplexed, collected, composed. ३. अन् neg. and आकुल perplexed, confused.

अनाकाम mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Unsurpassed, unsubdued. f. (-ना) A sort of prickly nightshade, (*Solanum jacquini*. Willd.) See कण्टकारी. ३. अन् neg. आकाम surpassed.

अनाचारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Not calumniated, free from reproach or censure. ३. अन् neg. आचारित censured.

अनागत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Not come, not arrived : (of a person, absent;) future, (of time.) 2. Unknown, undistinguished. 3. Not acquired, learned or obtained. ३. अन् neg. आगत come, &c.

अनागतार्ता f. (-ता) A young girl, one not arrived at puberty. ३. अन् neg. आगत arrived, and आर्त from अतु the menstrual flux, who has not menstruated.

अनागत m. (-नः) 1. Non-arrival of person or time. 2. Non-acquisition. mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Not arrived, not present. 2. Not having or obtaining. 3. Not scriptural. 4. Not having vouchers or deeds. ३. अन् neg. आगत arrival, &c.

अनागत्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Unapproachable, inaccessible. 2. Unobtainable. ३. अन् neg. आगत्य to be approached.

अनाचर n. (-चः) Improper or immoral conduct. ३. अन् neg. आचर moral rule or practice.



**अनाचार** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Immoral, ill behaved, indecent. m. (-रः) Impro-  
priety, violation of moral or civil rule or institute. **अ. चन्** neg.  
**आचार** moral rule.

**अनाचारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिषी-रि) Immoral, indecorous, indecent. **अ. चन्** neg.  
**आचारिन्** decent.

**अनाश** mfn. (-शः-आ-शं) Poor, without wealth. **अ. चन्** neg. **आश** rich.

**अनातप** m. (-पः) 1. Shade, shadow. 2. Coolness. **अ. चन्** neg. and **आतप**  
heat, moral or physical.

**अनातुर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Well, vigorous, free from sickness or pain. **अ. च**  
neg. **आतुर** diseased.

**अनात्मनः** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Disinterested, liberal, not regarding self alone.  
**अ. चन्** neg. **आत्मनः** selfish.

**अनाथ** mfn. (-थः-या-थं) Without a master or protector, without a hus-  
band, &c. **अ. च** neg. **नाथ** master.

**अनादर** m. (-रः) disrespect. **अ. चन्** neg. and **आदर** respect.

**अनादि** mfn. (-दिः-दि-दि) Eternal, without any beginning, unborn, un-  
create. **अ. चन्** neg. **आदि** beginning.

**अनादित्व** n. (-त्वं) Eternity, exemption from commencement or birth.  
Also **अनादिता**. **अ. ता** or **त्वं** added to the last.

**अनादिष्ट** mfn. (-ष्टः-टा-ष्टं) 1. Denied, refused, dissented. 2. Not directed,  
advised or commanded. **अ. चन्** neg. **आदिष्ट** directed.

**अनादीनव** mfn. (-वः-आ-वं) Pure, faultless. **अ. चन्** neg. **आदीनव** faulty.

**अनाहत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Disrespected, despised. **अ. चन्** neg. and **आहत**  
respected.

**अनादित्व** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Inadmissible, unacceptable, not to be taken or  
received. **अ. चन्** neg. **आदित्व** to be taken.

**अनाधुष्य** mfn. (-ष्यः-आ-ष्यं) Unconquerable, indomitable. **अ. चन्** neg. **आधुष्य**  
to be tamed.

**अनापन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-आ-न्नं) Unobtained, unattained. **अ. चन्** neg. **आपन्न** ob-  
tained.

**अनाप्त** mfn. (-प्तः-ना-प्तं) 1. Unskilful, unapt. 2. Uneffected, unobtained. **अ.**  
**चन्** neg. **आप्त** fit.

**अनामक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Nameless, noteless. m. (-कः) The intercalary  
month. n. (-कं) Piles or hæmorrhoids. **अ. च** bad, **नामक** from **नामन्**  
a name, with **कन्** aff.

**अनामन्** m. (-मा) The ring finger. See **अनामिका**.

**अनामय** n. (-यं) Health. **अ. चन्** neg. and **आमय** sickness.

**अनामिका** f. (-का) The ring finger. **अ. च** neg. and **नामिका** deriv. of **नामन्**  
a name, having no other name.

**अनायत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unchecked, unrestrained. 2. Close, continu-  
ous, unseparated. 3. Unextended, having no length. **अ. चन्** neg.  
**आयत** restrained.

**अनायत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Independent, uncontrolled. **अ. चन्** neg. **आयत**  
dependent.

**अनायतवृत्तिता** f. (-ता) Independence, self subsistence. **अ. अनायत**, and **वृत्ति**  
or **वृत्तिता** business.

**अनायास** m. (-सः) Exemption from pain or difficulty, facility, ease. 2.  
Absence of exertion, idleness, neglect. **अ. चन्** neg. **आयास** effort.

**अनायासजन** mfn. (-नः-ता-नं) 1. Done readily or easily. 2. In medicine,  
prepared, extemporaneously simply decorated, (medicine or drugs.)  
**अ. चन्** neg. **आयास** effort, pains, and **जन** made, made without  
trouble.

**अनाजं** n. (-जं) 1 Crookedness, moral or physical. 2. Disease. **अ. चन्** neg.  
**आजं** straightness.

**अनारत** adj. mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) adv. n. (-तं) Eternal, eternally. **अ. चन्** neg.  
and **आ** prefixed to **रत** to be pleased, **त** affixed; having no rest.

**अनारम्भ** m. (-भः) 1. Defect of commencement, being without a beginning.  
2. Non-commencement, not attempting or undertaking. **अ. चन्** neg.  
**आरम्भ** beginning.

**अनारीय** n. (-यं) Sickness. **अ. चन्** neg. **आरीय** health.

**अनारीयकर** mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) Unwholesome, unhealthy, causing sickness.  
**अ. अनारीय**, and **कर** what makes.

**अनार्य** mfn. (-र्यः-आ-र्यं) Unworthy, inferior, bad, vile. **अ. चन्** neg. (-आर्य)  
respectable.

**अनार्यक** n. (-कं) Agallochum or aloe wood, (Aquila agallocha, Rox.)  
See the next.

**अनार्यज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Of vile or unworthy origin. n. (-जं) Agalle-  
chum or aloe wood, (Aquila agallocha.) See **अनुज**. **अ. चन्** priv. **आर्य**  
respectable, and **ज** produced; the perfume being brought from  
the country of Mlech'chas or barbarians.

**अनार्यता** f. (-ता) Vileness, unworthiness, baseness; also **अनार्यत्व**. **अ.**  
**ता** or **त्व** added to **अनार्य**.

**अनार्यतिल** m. (-तः) A medicinal plant, a kind of gentian, (Gentiana  
cherayta, Rox.) **अ. अनार्य** inferior, and **तिल** bitter.

**अनाश्रय** mfn. (-श्रयः-आ-श्रयं) Unsupported, without stay or support. **अ. चन्**  
neg. **आश्रय** support.

**अनाशाप** mfn. (-पः-या-पं) Silent, taciturn. m. (-पः) Taciturnity. **अ. चन्** neg.  
**आशाप** conversing.

**अनालोचित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unseen, unbeheld. 2. Unweighed, uncon-  
sidered, rash, imprudent. **अ. चन्** neg. **आलोचित** seen.

**अनाविल** mfn. (-विलः-आ-विलं) Clear, clean, pure. **अ. चन्** neg. and **आविल**  
turbid.

**अनाहत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Uncovered, undressed. 2. Open, uninclosed.  
**अ. चन्** neg. **आहत** covered.

**अनाहत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Not stirred or turned round. 2. Not retreating.  
**अ. चन्** neg. and **आहत** whirled.

**अनाहृष्टि** f. (-ष्टिः) Drought. **अ. चन्** neg. **आ** before **हृष्टि** rain.

**अनाश्व** mfn. (-श्वः-आ-श्वं) Indestructible. **अ. च** neg. **नाश्व** to be destroyed.

**अनाश्रय** m. (-यः) Detachment, absence of attachment or dependence. **अ.**  
**चन्** neg. **आश्रय** asylum.

**अनाश्रित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Detached, disengaged, unconcerned in or un-  
connected with. **अ. चन्** neg. **आश्रित** dependent.

**अनाश्वस्** mfn. (-श्वः-आ-श्वं) Fasting, not eating. **अ. चन्** neg. **आश्वस्**  
eating.

**अनासादित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Not occurred, not having happened, non-  
existent. **अ. चन्** neg. **आसादित** effected.

**अनासिक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Noseless. **अ. च** neg. and **नासिका** the nose.

**अनास्था** f. (-स्था) 1. Disrespect. 2. Want of fixity or condition. **अ. चन्** neg.  
**आस्था** station.

**अनाहत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unhurt, unbeaten, unwounded, intact. 2. New  
and unbleached, (as cloth.) m. (-तः) The fourth of the mystical  
Chakras or circles of the body. **अ. चन्** neg. and **आहत** beaten.

**अनाहार** n. (-रः) 1. Abstinence, starvation. 2. Non-production. 3. Non-  
seizure. **अ. चन्** neg. **आहार** food, &c.

**अनाहारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिषी-रि) 1. Not seizing. 2. Fasting. **अ. चन्** neg. and  
**आहारिन्** who takes food.

**अनाहार्य** mfn. (-र्यः-आ-र्यं) 1. Not to be seized or taken, not producible.  
2. Not to be eaten. **अ. चन्** neg. **आहार्य** to be taken, &c.

**अनाहत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Uncalled, unbidden; also **अनाहत**. **अ. चन्** neg.  
**आहत** called.

**अनिष्ठ** m. (-ष्ठः) A sort of long grass or reed, (Sacrocharum spontaneum.)  
**अ. चन्** neg. and **रुष्ठ** sugar-cane; not it, but it's like.

**अनिर्वीच** mfn. (-चः-आ-चं) Unuttered, unsaid. **अ. च** neg. **निर्वीच** uttered.

**अनिबद्ध** mfn. (-द्धः-आ-द्धं) Unrestrained. **अ. च** neg. **निबद्ध** restraint.

**अनिच्छ** mfn. (-च्छः-आ-च्छं) Undesirous, averse, indifferent; so **अनिच्छत्**.  
**अ. चन्**, and **इच्छा** wish.

**अनिच्छा** f. (-च्छा) Indifference, absence of wish or desire. **अ. चन्** neg.  
**इच्छा** desire.

**अनिच्छु** mfn. (-च्छुः-आ-च्छुं) 1. Disliking, not wishing. 2. Indifferent. **अ.**  
**चन्** neg. **इच्छु** who wishes; also **अनिच्छत्**.



**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Transient, not everlasting. 2. Occasional, incidental. 3. Irregular, unusual. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त constant.

**निमित्तिका** f. (-का) An occasional act of worship, sacrifice for a special purpose. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त occasional, not constant, and निमित्त rite, also निमित्तकर्त्तृ, &c.

**निमित्तता** f. (-ता) Transient or limited existence : also निमित्तत्वं **न** **ता** or **त्वं** added to the last.

**निमित्तम** m. (-म्) Arguing by illustration, not by logical rule. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त unusual, and सम same.

**निमित्तान** mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तं) Causeless, groundless. **न** **च** neg. निमित्तान.

**निद्रा** mfn. (-द्रः-द्रा-द्रं) Awake, sleepless. **न** **च** neg. निद्रा sleep.

**निमित्तित** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Pious, virtuous, free, unrepachable. **न** **च** neg. and निमित्तित reproached.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Faultless. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त blamable.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unskilled, unlearned, not conversant. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त clever.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Unproduced, unseized. 2. Unasked. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त attached.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Unsteady (as the mind), agitated. 2. Tremulous, moving. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त held firmly.

**निमित्त** m. (-त्तः) 1. A god. 2. A fish. 3. A person whose eyes are fixed, (as in disease), &c. **न** **च** neg. and निमित्त what twinkles ; the eyes being always fixed.

**निमित्तिकाचार्य** m. (-र्यः) A name of VRIHASPATI. **न** **च** neg. निमित्तिका a deity, and चाचार्य a teacher ; the preceptor of the gods.

**निमित्त** m. (-त्तः) 1. A deity. 2. A fish. 3. A demon. 4. A spirit or ghost. 5. A person whose eyes are fixed. See निमित्त.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Transitory, perishable. 2. Unrestrained. 3. Undefined, unprescribed. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त restrained.

**निमित्त** m. (-त्तः) 1. Uncertainty, doubt. 2. Absence of moral or religious obligation. 3. Indecorous or improper conduct. mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Undetermined, undefined, unprovided for, by any rule or law. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त fixed observance.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unchecked, unobstructed. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त opposed.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. A spy, a secret emissary. 2. Self willed, ungovernable, headstrong. 3. Unobstructed, unrestrained. m. (-त्तः) The son of PRADYUMNA, a form of KAMA, and husband of USHA. n. (-त्तः) The rope for fastening cattle. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त restrained.

**निमित्त** n. (-त्तः) 1. The atmosphere, ether. 2. An unobstructed path. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त unobstructed, and पथिन् a road.

**निमित्त** f. (-नी) A proper name. See उवा. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त, and भाविनी a wife ; the wife of ANIRUDDHA.

**निमित्त** m. (-त्तः) Uncertainty. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त certainty.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unascertained, undetermined. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त ascertained.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Undecidable, incapable of being decided. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त decidable.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unexplained, undefined. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त explained.

**निमित्त** m. (-त्तः) Absence of demonstration or direction. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त instruction.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unascertained, undetermined, undefined. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त defined.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Little, slight, light. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त bulky.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Dirty, foul. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त clean.

**निमित्त** f. (-का) A plant, (Medicago esculenta, Rox.) See उवा. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त out from, and नाका from नाका a necklace ; not used in garlanda.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Not to be mentioned or described, indescribable. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त describable.

**निमित्त** m. (-त्तः) 1. Incoherence, want of connexion or consistency. 2. Want of means of subsistence. 3. Incompleteness. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त connexion.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Disgusted. 2. Poor, needy. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त satisfied.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः) Free from pain or trouble. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त what annoys.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Discontented. 2. Unquiet discomposed. 3. Unaccomplished, unfulfilled. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त effected.

**निमित्त** f. (-त्तः) 1. Poverty. 2. Discontent. 3. Incompleteness. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त completion.

**निमित्त** m. (-त्तः) 1. Air or wind considered also as a deity. 2. A subordinate deity, forty-nine of form whom a class, ANILAS or winds. 3. One of another class demigods or Vasus. 4. Wind, as one of the humors of the body. 5. Rheumatism, paralysis, or any affection referred to disorder of the wind. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त to breathe, रुग्ण aff. f. (-नी) The fifteenth Nakshatra or lunar mansion. See स्वाति. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त and the fem. termination : the wind being the ruling deity of the constellation.

**निमित्त** m. (-त्तः) A large tree, (Terminalia belerica.) **न** **च** neg. निमित्त, what removes, कन् added.

**निमित्त** m. (-त्तः) Pain and swelling of the eyelids and outer parts of the eye. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त, and पथ्य pervasion.

**निमित्त** m. (-त्तः) A name of fire. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त, and रुग्ण a friend, the friend of the wind.

**निमित्त** m. (-त्तः) The son of the wind, HANUMAN or BHIMA. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त, and चास्य son.

**निमित्त** m. (-त्तः) 1. Flatulence. 2. Morbid affection of the wind, rheumatism, &c. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त, and चास्य sickness.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Fasting, lit. feeding on the wind. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त, and चास्य who eats.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unconsidered, inconsiderate, imprudent. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त regarded.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unconsidered, ill judged, undiscriminated. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त revolved.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unchecked, unimpeded, unopposed, unforbidden. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त checked.

**निमित्त** n. (-त्तः) Eternally, eternal, (not employed as an adjective). **न** **च** neg. and निमित्त from निमित्त night ; having no night or end.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unascertained, not certain. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त ascertained.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unwished, undesirable, bad, unlucky. f. (-त्ता) A plant, (Sida alba.) **न** **च** neg. निमित्त wished.

**निमित्त** f. (-त्ता) Unsteadfastness, unsteadiness. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त fixedness.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unskillful, ignorant. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त clever.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Imperfect, incomplete. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त completed.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unprohibited, unforbidden. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त prohibited.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Unnaturally elated or depressed. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त natural condition.

**निमित्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Unanswered, unrefuted. 2. Not set aside or got over. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त replied to.

**निमित्त** mn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. An army forces. 2. War, combat. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त to live, and रुग्ण Una'di aff.

**निमित्त** m. (-त्तः) 1. An armed or royal guard, a sentinel. 2. A warrior, a combatant. 3. The trainer of an elephant, an elephant driver. 4. A mark, a sign, a signal. 5. A military drum. **न** **च** neg. निमित्त battle, and रुग्ण what stays.

**चनोक्तिनी f. (-नी)** 1. An army, a host, forces. 2. A certain force; one-tenth of an Akshauhini, containing two thousand, one hundred and eighty-seven elephants, and as many cars, six thousand, five hundred and sixty-seven horses, and ten thousand, nine hundred and thirty-five foot. 3. A lotus. **E.** चनोक्त an army, इति aff.

**चनीच mfn. (-चः-चा-च)** Decent, respectable. **E.** च neg. नीच low.

**चनीचानुवर्तिन् mfn. (-र्त्ति-र्त्तिनी-र्त्ति)** Not keeping low or improper company. **m.** (-र्त्ति) A faithful lover or husband. **E.** च neg. नीच low, अनुवर्तिन् following.

**चनीचदर्शिन् m. (-र्शि)** A Buddha saint. **E.** च neg. नीच low, दर्शिन् who sees.

**चनीति f. (-तिः)** 1. Impropriety, immorality. 2. Impolicy, ill conduct. **E.** च neg. नीति good conduct.

**चनीदृश mfn. (-शः-शी-श)** Unlike, dissimilar. **E.** च neg. ईदृश like.

**चनीश mfn. (-शः-शा-श)** One who has not a lord or superior. **m.** (-शः) VISHNU. **E.** चन् neg. ईश lord.

**चनीश्वर mfn. (-रः-रा-र)** 1. Without a superior. 2. Unchecked, uncontrolled. 3. Without power, powerless, unable. 4. Atheist. **E.** चन् neg. ईश्वर a supremo.

**चनीश्वरता f. (-ता)** Absence of a supreme ruler. **E.** ता or त added to the last : also चनीश्वरत्वं.

**चनीश्वरवादिन् m. (-दी)** An atheist, one who denies a supreme ruler of the universe. **E.** चनीश्वर, and वादिन् who asserts.

**चनीह mfn. (-हः-हा-ह)** Careless, indifferent. **E.** चन् neg. ईहा wish.

**चनीहा f. (-हा)** Indifference, apathy, disinclination. **E.** चन् neg. ईहा wish.

**चनीहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Disagreeable, displeasing, unwished. **n.** (-त) Displeasure. **E.** चन्, and ईहित desired.

**चतु ind.** A preposition and prefix, implying 1. After. 2. Like, in same manner. 3. Under, inferior to. 4. Along, lengthwise. 5. With, together with. 6. In part of. 7. Severally, each, by each. 8. Near to. 9. In regard to. 10. To, out to, (calling.) 11. Orderly, methodical. As चतुर्गुणु to act like; चतुर्गुणु to follow; चतुर्गुणितु to proceed in order; चतुर्गुणितु to repent, &c.; also, चतुर्गुण according to the form; चतुर्गुण according to VISHNU; चतुर्गुण upon or along the Ganges. See also the following words. **E.** चन् to live and क aff.

**चतुक mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Lustful, libidinous. **E.** चतु and क from क्त to desire.

**चतुकथन n. (-न)** Discourse, conversation. **E.** चतु and कथन speaking.

**चतुकम्पा f. (-म्पा)** Tenderness, compassion. **E.** चतु before कपि to tremble, and affix चच्, and टाप्.

**चतुकम्प्य mfn. (-म्प्यः-म्पा-म्प्य)** 1. Swift, expeditions. 2. Pitiable, worthy of tenderness or compassion. **E.** चतु before कपि to tremble, य aff.

**चतुकरण n. (-च)** 1. Imitation, making or doing any thing like or in imitation of another, following an example. 2. Resemblance, similarity. **E.** चतु, and करण making.

**चतुर्कर्मन् n. (-र्म)** 1. Imitation. 2. A subsequent rite or ceremony. **E.** चतु, and कर्मन् act.

**चतुर्कर्म m. (-र्म)** 1. The bottom of a carriage. 2. Invoking, summoning by incantation. 3. Attraction, drawing. **E.** चतु before, कर्त्तु to drag or furrow, and चच् aff.

**चतुर्कर्मच n. (-च)** 1. Invoking, summoning by incantations. 2. Attracting, attraction. 3. Including a subsequent in a preceding rule. **E.** चतु, and कर्त्तु to draw, क्कुट् aff.

**चतुर्कर्मन् m. (-र्म)** The bottom of a carriage. See चतुर्कर्म.

**चतुर्कर्म m. (-र्म)** 1. An alternative, a substitute. 2. A secondary, subsidiary or succedaneous injunction; as, instead Kuśa grass use Durba. **E.** चतु after and कर्म a principal precept.

**चतुर्कर्म ind.** According to wish or inclination. **E.** चतु and कर्म desire.

**चतुर्कर्मन् m. (-र्म)** 1. One who goes as he lists. 2. One who acts as he pleases. **E.** चतुर्कर्म and ईन्, for गमिन् who goes.

**चतुर्कार m. (-रः)** 1. Imitation. 2. Resemblance. **E.** चतु like, and कर्त्तु to do, with चच् aff.

**चतुर्कारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिची-रि)** Imitating, an imitator. **E.** चतुर्कार, and रि aff.

**चतुर्गुण mfn. (-गुः-गा-गु)** Friendly, well disposed to, favourable or conformable to. **m.** (-गुः) A faithful husband. **f.** (-गा) Croton polyanthrum. **n.** (-गु) Favour, kindness. **E.** चतु, and गुण race, family.

**चतुर्गुणता f. (-ता)** Concord, good will, consent. **E.** चतुर्गुण, and ता affix; also with त, चतुर्गुणत्वं.

**चतुर्गुणत mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Copied, imitated, made like or done in like manner. **E.** चतु, and गुण made.

**चतुर्गुणच mfn. (-चः-चा-च)** Serrated, dentated. **E.** चतु like, कर्त्तु a saw.

**चतुर्गुण m. (-गुः)** Order, method. **E.** चतु methodically, and कर्त्तु to go, with चच् aff.

**चतुर्गुणच n. (-च)** 1. Proceeding methodically or in order. 2. Following. **E.** चतु, and कर्त्तु going.

**चतुर्गुणचिका f. (-का)** A table or chapter of contents. **E.** चन् fem. form added to the last.

**चतुर्गुणच mfn. (-चः-चा-च)** Done methodically, passed over, read, &c. in due order. **E.** चतु, and कर्त्तु gone.

**चतुर्गुणिया f. (-या)** 1. Imitation, doing any thing subsequently or in like manner. 2. A subsequent rite or ceremony. **E.** चतु and गुणिया act.

**चतुर्गुणिय m. (-यः)** Tenderness, compassion. **E.** चतु, and कर्त्तु to bewail, चच् aff.

**चतुर्गुण n. adv. (-च)** Momentarily, perpetually. **E.** चतु, and चच् a moment.

**चतुर्गुण mfn. (-गुः-गा-गु)** 1. Following. 2. A follower, a servant. **m.** (-गुः) A husband, a master. **E.** चतु after, and ग who goes.

**चतुर्गुण mfn. (-गुः-गा-गु)** 1. Followed literally or figuratively, as by a dependent, &c. 2. Following, a follower or a dependent. 3. Acquired, obtained. 4. Determined, defined. **E.** चतु, and गत gone.

**चतुर्गुण m. (-गुः)** 1. Following, going after in life or death. 2. Imitating, approaching. **E.** चतु, and गत going.

**चतुर्गुणन n. (-न)** 1. Going after, following. 2. Dying after, as of a widow. See चतुर्गुण **E.** चतु, and गत going.

**चतुर्गुण्य mfn. (-गुः-गा-गु)** Worthy of being followed or imitated. **E.** चतु, and गत to be gone.

**चतुर्गुण्य m. (-गुः)** A cowherd. **E.** चतु and गव्य belonging to kine.

**चतुर्गुण्य m. (-गी)** 1. A companion a follower. 2. One who goes behind or after. **E.** चतु after or with, and गमिन् who goes.

**चतुर्गुण mfn. (-गुः-गा-गु)** According or suitable to, according to merit or property. **E.** चतु, and गुण quality.

**चतुर्गुणीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Favoured, obliged. **E.** चतु, and रणीत taken.

**चतुर्गुण mfn. (-गुः-गा-गु)** Calm, gentle, not violent. **E.** चन् neg. उग्र fierce.

**चतुर्गुण m. (-गुः)** Favour; conferring benefits, promoting good, and preventing ill. **E.** चतु afterwards, चच् to take, and चच् aff.

**चतुर्गुण्य mfn. (-गी-गिणी-गि)** Gracious, favourable. **E.** चतु, and गमिन् who takes.

**चतुर्गुण m. (-रः)** 1. A companion, a follower. 2. A servant. **f.** (-री) A female companion. **E.** चतु with or after, and चर to go, ट aff.

**चतुर्गुण्य mfn. (-री-रिची-रि)** Following, attending. **E.** चतु before, चरिन् who goes.

**चतुर्गुण mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Improper, wrong. **E.** चन् neg. उचित proper.

**चतुर्गुण्य f. (-गुः)** Thinking of, meditating upon, recalling, recollecting. **E.** चतु subsequent, चिन्ता thought.

**चतुर्गुणित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Recollected, recalled, thought of. **E.** चतु and चिन्तित thought.

**चतुर्गुण mfn. (-गुः-गा-गु)** Low, not high, humble. **E.** चन् neg. उग्र high.

**चतुर्गुण्य mfn. (-गुः-गा-गु)** Pure, purified by austerity and devotion. **E.** चन् neg. and उच्छिष्ट rejected.

**अनुज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जी) Born after, later, younger. m. (-जः) A younger brother. f. (-जा) A younger sister. **अनुज** after, **ज** born.

**अनुजकम्** mfn. (-जा-का-क) Younger, junior. **अनु** after, and **जन्म** birth.

**अनुजात** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) After-born, later, younger. m. (-तः) A younger brother f. (-ता) A younger sister. **अनु** after, **जात** born.

**अनुजित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Undiminished, unimpaired, not left or lost. **अनु** neg. **उजित** left.

**अनुजीविन्** mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) 1. Servant dependent. 2. A companion, a follower. **अनु** after or with, and **जीविन्** who lives.

**अनुज्ञा** f. (-ज्ञा) 1. An order or command. 2. Assent. **अनु** according to, **ज्ञा** to know, and **ज्ञिप्** aff.

**अनुज्ञात** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Ordered, directed, instructed. 2. Assented to, permitted, allowed. 3. Accepted. 4. Acknowledged, recognised. **अनु** and **ज्ञात** known.

**अनुज्ञापक** m. (-कः) One who commands or enjoins. **अनु**, and **ज्ञापक** who makes known.

**अनुत्तम** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Heated. 2. Filled with regret or repentance. **अनु**, and **तप्त** heated.

**अनुत्तर** n. (-रः) Fare, freight. **अनु**, and **तर** what crosses.

**अनुत्तर्ष** m. (-र्षः) 1. Thirst. 2. Wish. 3. A drinking vessel, one used to drink spirituous liquors from. See **अनुत्तर्ष**. **अनु** and **तर्ष**, from **हृष** to thirst, and **चञ्** aff.

**अनुत्तर्ष** n. (-र्षः) 1. A vessel from which spirituous liquor is drunk. 2. Distributing liquor. **अनु** before **हृष** to be thirsty, and **चञ्** aff.

**अनुताप** m. (-पः) 1. Repentance. 2. Heat. **अनु** afterwards, and **ताप** heat, pain.

**अनुतापिन्** mfn. (-पि-पिनी-पि) Penitent, regretting. **अनुताप** and **इति** aff.

**अनुत्का** mfn. (-का-का-क) Free from regret, possessed of self-complacency. **अनु** neg. **उत्का** sorry.

**अनुत्कर्ष** m. (-र्षः) Inferiority. **अनु** neg. **उत्कर्ष** superiority.

**अनुत्तम** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Chief, principal, best. 2. Worse, inferior, not best. **अनु** neg. and **उत्तम** best.

**अनुत्तर** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Chief, principal. 2. Best, excellent. 3. Unable to answer, silent. 4. Fixed, firm. 5. Low, inferior. 6. South, southern. n. (-रः) A reply which is incoherent or evasive, and is therefore held to be no answer. **अनु** neg. and **उत्तर** subsequent, &c.

**अनुत्तान** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Lying with the face to the ground. **अनु** neg. **उत्तान** sleeping, supine

**अनुत्पत्ति** f. (-त्तिः) 1. Failure. 2. Non-production. **अनु** neg. **उत्पत्ति** production.

**अनुत्पन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-ना-न) 1. Uneffected, unaccomplished. 2. Unborn, unproduced. **अनु** neg. **उत्पन्न** produced.

**अनुदय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Very lofty. 2. Not lofty, low. **अनु** neg. **उदय** lofty.

**अनुदर** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Thin, lank. **अनु** neg. **उदर** belly.

**अनुदात** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unaccented. m. (-तः) One of the three accents to be observed in reading the Vedas, the grave accent. **अनु** neg. **उत्** high, and **दात** pronounced, from **दा** to give, **दाद्** prefixed, to speak, and **त** affixed : pronouncing the vowels in a low and full tone.

**अनुदार** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Liberal, munificent. 2. Niggardly, mean. 3. Adhered to or followed by a wife. **अनु** neg. **उदार** liberal, or **अनु**, and **दार** wife.

**अनुदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Unrisen. 2. Unsaid, unuttered. **अनु** neg. **उदित** risen or said.

**अनुदिन** adv. n. (-नः) Daily. **अनु** and **दिन** day.

**अनुदत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Unsurpassed, unequalled. 2. Unopposed. 3. Humble. **अनु** neg. **उदत** proud, &c.

**अनुदर** n. (-रः) 1. Non-removal. 2. Not offering. 3. Not establishing or proving. **अनु** neg. **उदर** taking away.

**अनुद्वार** m. (-रः) 1. Non-partition, not taking a share. 2. Non-removal. **अनु** neg. **उद्वार** partition.

**अनुदुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Non-removed, not taken away. 2. Uninjured, undestroyed. 3. Unoffered. 4. Undivided, unpartitioned. 5. Unestablished, unproved. **अनु** neg. **उदुत** removed.

**अनुद्युत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Inactive, idle, destitute of perseverance. **अनु** neg. **उद्युत** active.

**अनुद्योग** m. (-गः) Absence of exertion or effort, laziness. **अनु** neg. **उद्योग** effort.

**अनुद्योगिन्** mfn. (-गी-गिनी-गि) Lazy, indifferent. **अनुद्योग**, and **इति** aff.

**अनुदुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Followed, pursued. n. (-तः) A measure of time in music, half a Druta, or one fourth of a Matra or time taken to articulate a short vowel. **अनु** after, and **दुत** gone, escaped.

**अनुवाह** m. (-हः) Celibacy. **अनु** neg. **उवाह** marriage.

**अनुविष** mfn. (-षः-षा-ष) Easy, free from apprehension or perplexity. **अनु** neg. **उविष** anxious.

**अनुवेग** mfn. (-गः-गा-ग) Free from anxiety. m. (-गः) Freedom from anxiety. **अनु** neg. **उवेग** anxiety.

**अनुवाचन** n. (-नः) 1. Chasing, pursuit, running after. 2. Pursuit of any object, as of a mistress, &c. **अनु**, and **वाचन** running.

**अनुवाचित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Pursued, run after, literally or figuratively. **अनु**, and **वाचित** run.

**अनुनय** m. (-यः) 1. Salutation, courtesy, civility, shewing respect or adoration to a guest or a deity. 2. Regulation of conduct, discipline, tuition. **अनु** and **नय**, from **नीज्** to guide or lead, and **चञ्** aff.

**अनुनयिन्** mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Courteous, humble. **अनुनय**, and **इति** aff.

**अनुनाद** m. (-दः) Sound, consequent sound, vibration, echo. **अनु**, and **नाद** noise.

**अनुनासिक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Nasal, uttered through the nose. **अनु** and **नासिका** the nose.

**अनुनीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Traired, disciplined. 2. Obtained, acquired. 3. Taught. 4. Respected. 5. Pleased, pacified, appeased. **अनु**, and **नीत** brought.

**अनुन्मात** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sane, sober, not wild, not mad : so **अनुन्माद**. **अनु** neg. **अन्मात** mad.

**अनुप** mfn. (-पः-पा-प) Watery, marshy ; more usually **अनुप**.

**अनुपकारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Not assisting, neglecting, ungrateful. **अनु** neg. **उपकारिन्** assisting.

**अनुपज्ज्ञत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unassisted. **अनु** neg. **उपज्ज्ञत** assisted.

**अनुपतन** n. (-नः) 1. Falling on or upon. 2. Following. **अनु**, and **पतन** falling, &c.

**अनुपतित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Fallen, descended. 2. Followed. **अनु**, and **पतित** fallen.

**अनुपदिष्ट** mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) Untaught, uninstructed. **अनु** neg. **उपदिष्ट** advised.

**अनुपदम्** ind. 1. Following. 2. Step by step. 3. Upon the foot. n. (-दः) A burthen, a word or passage repeated. **अनु**, and **पद** a foot.

**अनुपदिन्** m. (-दी) A searcher, an inquirer, one who follows or seeks for. **अनुपदम्** following, and **इति** aff.

**अनुपदीना** f. (-ना) A boot, a buskin. **अनुपद** upon the foot, and **चञ्** aff.

**अनुपपन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-ना-न) Undetermined, not established. **अनु** neg. **उपपन्न** fixed.

**अनुपपन्ना** m. (-पः) Failure of proof or determination, uncertainty, doubt. **अनु** neg. **उपपन्न** ascertainment.

**अनुपपत्ति** f. (-त्तिः) 1. \*Not supporting an assertion by good argument, inconclusive argumentation. 2. Non-completion, not effecting or accomplishing, failure. **अनु** neg. **उपपत्ति** demonstration.

चनुपपन्न mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्न) 1. Not done, unaccomplished, uneffected. 2. Unproved, undemonstrated. ३. चन् neg. उपपन्न effected.

चनुपपन्न mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्न) following, conforming to. ३. चन्, and प्रपन्न done.

चनुपसुप्त mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्न) Unenjoyed, unpossessed. ३. चन् neg. उपसुप्त enjoyed.

चनुपन्न mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्न) Excellent, best. f. (-न्ना) The female elephant of the south-east, or of the north-east. ३. चन् neg. and उपन्ना resemblance; above comparison.

चनुपमेय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Incomparable: so चनुपमित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) ३. चन् neg. उपमित compared, or उपमेय comparable.

चनुपयुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Useless, unnecessary, unserviceable. ३. चन् neg. उपयुक्त serviceable.

चनुपयोग m. (-गः) Unserviceableness, uselessness. ३. चन् neg. उपयोग utility.

चनुपलक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Unmarked, undiscriminated. ३. चन् neg. उपलक्षित marked.

चनुपलब्ध mfn. (-ब्धः-ब्धा-ब्ध) 1. Unperceived, unascertained. 2. Unobtained. ३. चन् neg. उपलब्ध obtained.

चनुपशय m. (-यः) Any aggravating thing or circumstance, (in medicine) what increases the disease, ३. चन् neg. उपशय a palliative.

चनुपक्षत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Undressed, unprepared. 2. Unfinished, unpolished. 3. Unrequited. ३. चन् neg. उपक्षत finished.

चनुपस्थान n. (-न) Absence. ३. चन् neg. उपस्थान vicinity.

चनुपस्थापन n. (-न) Not producing, not offering, not placing, not having ready or at hand. ३. चन् neg. उप near, स्थापन placing.

चनुपस्थापित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Not ready, not at hand, not offered or produced. ३. चन् neg. उपस्थापित placed near.

चनुपस्थापिन् mfn. (-पी-पिनी-पि) Absent, distant. ३. चन् neg. उपस्थापिन् near.

चन्पक्षिति f. (-तिः) Absence. ३. चन् neg. उपक्षिति vicinity.

चन्पात m. (-तः) 1. Falling subsequently upon, alighting or descending upon in succession. 2. Going, preceeding. 3. Following. 4. A degree of latitude opposite to one given, the antæci. 5. Proportion, (in arithmetic.) 6. Arithmetical progression. ३. चन्, and पात falling, &c.

चन्पातक n. (-क) A heinous crime, as, falsehood, fraud, theft, adultery, &c. चन्, and पातक crime.

चन्पाण n. (-न) A fluid vehicle in medicine; drink taken with or after medicine. ३. चन् after or with, and पाण a drink.

चन्पार्श्व mfn. (-र्श्वः-र्शा-र्श्व) Lateral. ३. चन् by or upon, पार्श्व the side.

चन्प्राप्त mfn. (-प्तः-प्ता-प्त) Obtained, attained, arrived at. ३. चन्, and प्राप्त obtained.

चनुपुष्प m. (-ष्प) A kind of reed, (Saccharum sara.) ३. चन् before पुष्प to put forth flowers, and च् aff.

चनुपूर्व mfn. (-र्वः-र्वा-र्व) Regular, orderly, successively, from the preceding. ३. चन् after, पूर्व prior.

चनुपूर्वम् ind. In regular order or succession, from the first, from above downwards. ३. चनुपूर्व and च् aff.

चनुप्त mfn. (-प्तः-प्ता-प्त) Unsown, (as seed.) ३. चन् neg. उप्त sown.

चनुपतल mfn. (-तलः-ता-तल) Fallow, meadow, (ground, &c.) ३. चन् neg. उप्त sown, तल grain.

चनुप्रस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थ) Latitudinal. ३. चन् neg. according to, प्रस्थ extending.

चनुप्रास m. (-सः) Aliteration, repetition of similar letters, syllables and words. ३. चन्, and प्र before प्रास to be, affix च्.

चनुप्रवृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) A companion or follower. ३. चन्, वृत्त to go, and च् aff.

चनुबद्ध mfn. (-द्धः-द्धा-द्ध) Bound to, connected with. ३. चन्, and बद्ध bound.

चनुचिह्न m. (-चिह्नः) 1. The inseparable adjunct or sign of any thing, the indication of guilt, symptom of disease, &c. 2. An element of

language, root, affix, &c. 3. An indicatory letter not sounded or dropped in composition, but marking some peculiarity in inflecting the word to which it is attached; for instance, an indicatory च्, denotes that verbs require the insertion of a nasal before their final consonant. 4. A child or pupil, who imitates an example set by the parent or preceptor. 5. A child or infant in general. 6. Commencement, beginning. 7. Binding, confining. 8. Any thing small or little, a part, a small part. 9. The connexion between the agent and the cause or motive. 10. Circumstance, case. 11. The junction of fractions. 12. A secondary or symptomatic affection, one supervening on the principal disease. f. (चन्) 1. Hiccup. 2. Thirst. ३. चन् after, and बन्ध to bind or confine, with च् affix; and in the fem. जीव्.

चनुबन्धित mfn. (-न्धी-न्धी-न्धि) Connected with, attached. ३. चन्बन्ध and इति aff.

चनुबन्ध mfn. (-न्धी-न्धी-न्धि) Principal, primary, what may receive an adjunct, as a root, a disease, &c. ३. चन्, and बन्ध to be attached to or by.

चनुवीक्ष m. (-क्षः) 1. Reviving the scent of a faded perfume. 2. Replacing perfumes removed by bathing, &c. 3. An after-thought. ३. चन्, and वृक्ष to understand, with च् aff.

चनुवीक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Informed or convinced by reflection. ३. चन्, and वीक्षित made known.

चनुभव m. (-वः) 1. Conclusive judgment, understanding, impression, the exercise of the intellect, independent of memory; also चनुभूति. 2. Result, consequence. ३. चन्, भू to be, and च् aff.

चनुभाव m. (-वः) 1. Indication of passion, by look or gesture. 2. Dignity, authority, consequence. 4. Firm opinion, belief, knowledge. 4. Certainty, ascertainment. ३. चन्, and भाव the essence or being; according to the internal feelings.

चनुभाविन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) 1. Judging, knowing, understanding. 2. Indicative of passion or feeling. ३. चन्, and भाविन् perceiving, or चनुभाव and इति aff.

चनुभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Understood, judged, apprehended. 2. Resulted, followed as a consequence. 3. Perceiving, understanding. ३. चन्, and भूत been.

चनुभूति f. (-तिः) 1. Judgment; knowledge, from four sources, perception, inference, comparison and verbal information; or any source except memory. 2. Dignity, consequence. ३. चन्, and भूति being.

चनुमत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Accepted, assented to. 2. Agreeable, pleasant. 3. Loved, beloved. 4. Concurred with, being of one opinion. ३. चन्, and मत minded.

चनुमति f. (-तिः) 1. Order or command. 2. Assent, permission. 3. A fifteenth day of the moon's age, on which she rises one digit less than full. ३. चन् with, before मत to respect, and मति affix; in the last acceptation, because offerings made to the manes on this day are especially accepted.

चनुमन्त्र mfn. (-न्त्रा-न्त्री-न्त्र) Consenting to, concurring in, permitting. ३. चन्, and मन्त्र to mind, च् aff.

चनुमरण n. (-र्णः) Dying with or following in death; the term usually denotes the cremation of a Hindu widow, whose husband's corpse is not on the spot, and with part of whose dress she, therefore, ascend the pile: this is prohibited to Brahman women. It is also synonymous with सवस्त्रमरण burning with the body. ३. चन् with or after, and मरण dying: dying with her husband.

चनुमा f. (-मा) Inference (in logic,) drawing a conclusion from given premises. ३. चन् after or according to, मा from मात् to measure, affix च्, and टाप्.

चनुमात्र n. (-त्रः) See चनुमा. ३. चन्, and मा to measure, affix च्.

**चतुर्विधः** f. (-विः) *Respecting, together, and with saying, speaking from inference.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Inferred, and with inferred.*

**चतुर्विधः** f. (-विः) *Inference, conclusion from given premises. m. चतु, and विधि measuring.*

**चतुर्विधः** f. (-विः) *The woman who burns with a part of her husband's dress. m. चतु, and चतुर् दक्षिण.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Inferable. m. चतु, and चतुर् to be measured.*

**चतुर्विधः** n. (-विः) 1. *Pleasing. 2. Assent, acceptance. 3. Sympathetic joy. m. चतु with, चतुर्विध rejoicing.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Pleased, delighted. 2. Agreeable, acceptable. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध pleased.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Followed, pursued. 2. Practised. m. चतु after, चतुर्विध gone.*

**चतुर्विधः** n. (-विः) 1. *Succession. 2. Subsequence. m. चतुर्विध, and चतुर्विध added.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Following, consequent upon. 2. A follower, a dependent or attendant. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध who goes.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Asked, inquired. 2. Reprehended, censured. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध joined.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *A hired teacher. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध who joins.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *A question. 2. Asking, solicitation. 3. Censure, reproof. 4. Religious meditation, spiritual union. m. चतु with, and चतुर्विध union.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *An Acharya or spiritual teacher. m. चतुर्विध, and चतुर्विध who makes.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Reproving, or a reprover. 2. What combines or unites. 3. Connected or combined with, situated in or on. m. चतुर्विध, and चतुर्विध aff.*

**चतुर्विधः** n. (-विः) *A question. m. See चतुर्विध; the affix being चतुर्विध.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Bad, censurable. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध to be joined.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Fond of, attached to, liking, esteeming, loving. 2. Pleased. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध affected.*

**चतुर्विधः** f. (-विः) *Affection, love. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध affection.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Gratifying, pleasing. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध what pleases.*

**चतुर्विधः** n. (-विः) 1. *Loving being attached to. 2. Pleasing, giving delight to. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध delighting.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Pleased, delighted. 2. Inspired with affection. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध pleased.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Fond of, attached to. 2. Beloved. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध attached.*

**चतुर्विधः** f. (-विः) *Love, regard, esteem, attachment. m. चतु with, चतुर्विध to play, and चतुर्विध aff.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *(In poetry) a subordinate feeling or passion. 2. (In medicine) a secondary flavour, as a little sweetness in a sour fruit, &c. m. चतु and चतुर्विध flavour.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Attachment, love. m. चतु with, and चतुर्विध to stain or colour, चतुर्विध aff.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Loving, affectionate, in love with m. चतुर्विध, and चतुर्विध aff.*

**चतुर्विधः** f. (-विः) *One of the personifications of musical notes. m. चतु subsequent, चतुर्विध a musical note.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Enamoured, loving, in love. m. चतुर्विध, and चतुर्विध aff.*

**चतुर्विधः** f. (-विः) *The seventeenth Nakshatra or lunar mansion, designated by a sort of oblation; (stars in Libra) m. चतु, and चतुर्विध to accomplish, चतुर्विध aff., and चतुर्विध for the son, for auspicious sign for any thing to be undertaken in.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Soothed, pacified. 2. Checked, opposed. m. चतु and चतुर्विध opposed.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Like, resembling. 2. Fit, suitable. 3. According to. n. (-विः) 1. Conformity. 2. Assistance. 3. Mediation, friendly interposition. 4. Hindrance, check. m. चतु like, and चतुर्विध form.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Endeavouring to act becomingly. m. चतुर्विध, and चतुर्विध effort.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *The accomplishing of a desired object for another person, obligingness, service. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध to confine, affix चतुर्विध.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Complying with, complaisant. m. चतु before, चतुर्विध with, चतुर्विध aff.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Compliant, complaisant. 2. Adverse. m. चतुर्विध obliging, चतुर्विध aff.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Tautology, repetition. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध to speak, affix चतुर्विध.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Smeared, anointed. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध smeared.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Uction, anointing. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध anointing.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Anointing, who or what anoints. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध who anoints.*

**चतुर्विधः** n. (-विः) 1. *Anointing the body with unguents. 2. Unguent so used. 3. Oily or emollient application. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध anointing.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Anointing the body with unguents. m. चतुर्विध, and चतुर्विध aff.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Regular, successive, with the hair or grain. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध hair of the body.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Produced or born in due gradation; applied especially to the mixed tribes; as the offspring of a Brahman man and Kshetriya woman, a Kshetriya man and Vaisya woman, and so on. See चतुर्विधः. m. चतुर्विध, and चतुर्विध born.*

**चतुर्विधः** n. (-विः) *(In medicine) Following the natural course or direction. m. चतुर्विध used as a nominal verb, and चतुर्विध aff.*

**चतुर्विधः** n. (-विः) 1. *Concordance, conformity to or concurrence with a previous text or authority. 2. Subsidiary or similar doctrine. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध speech.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *A year. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध a year.*

**चतुर्विधः** n. (-विः) 1. *Obliging or serving another. 2. Consequence, result. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध profession.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *A chapter of the Vedas, a subdivision or section. 2. A compilation from the Rich, or Yajur Vedas. m. चतु, चतुर्विध to speak, affix चतुर्विध.*

**चतुर्विधः** f. (-विः) *A prayer or formula from the Vedas. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध a formula.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Abuse, reviling. 2. Tautology, repetition. 3. Conformity to what has been previously said or explained. m. चतु low, or after, and चतुर्विध from चतुर्विध to speak, with चतुर्विध aff.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Consenting to, replying. 2. Conformable to, concurrent, corroborative. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध what says.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Consent, conformity, concurrence. m. चतु or चतुर्विध added to चतुर्विध; also चतुर्विध.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *Consenting to, concurring with, conformable to. m. चतुर्विध and चतुर्विध aff.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) *To be conformable or correspondent to. n. (-विः) The subject of a predicate. m. चतु, before चतुर्विध to speak, चतुर्विध aff.*

**चतुर्विधः** ind. *Repeatedly. m. चतु, and चतुर्विध time.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Scenting, perfuming. 2. An oily enema. m. चतु and चतुर्विध to perfume, affix चतुर्विध.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Affection, attachment. 2. Perfuming the clothes, especially dipping the ends of the cloth in perfumes. 3. Perfuming, scenting in general. 4. An oily enema. 5. Administering oily enemata. m. चतु after, चतुर्विध to fumigate, and चतुर्विध aff.*

**चतुर्विधः** m. (-विः) 1. *Scented, perfumed. 2. Fumigated. 3.*

Prepared or administered as an enema. ३. चतु before, दातु to fumigate, क् aff.

चतुवाय mfn. (-स्य-सा-स्य) 1. To be scented or fumigated. 2. Requiring an enema. ३. चतु before, दातु and य aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-द्व-दा-द्व) 1. Variegated, ornamented. 2. Obstructed, checked. 3. Full of, abounding in. 4. Set (as a jewel.) ५. चतु, and विद् penetrated.

चतुर्विधायिन् mfn. (-यी-विधी-वि) Conformable, complaint, obedient, attentive to. ३. चतु and विधायिन् observing rules.

चतुर्विध f. (-वि) 1. Complaisance, obliging or serving another. See चतुर्विध. 2. A subsequent or supplementary rule, competing what a preceding one has left to be explained. 3. Imitating, doing or acting in like manner. ३. चतु before, हतु to serve, and विद् aff.

चतुर्विध न. (-न) Bandaging, securing with bandages, &c. (in surgery.)

चतुर्विध न. (-न) Complimentary attendance on a departing guest, following him to a given distance; also चतुर्विध. ३. चतु after and व्रज्ज or व्रज्जा going. १६२२३

चतुर्विध m. (-य) 1. Repentance, regret. 2. Ancient enmity. 3. Hatred, resentment. 4. Attachment to or pursuance of any object. f. (-यी) 1. A disease of the feet, a boil or abscess on the upper part, 2. A pimple on the head. ३. चतु, व्रीह् to sleep, and च् aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-स्य-व्या-व्या) To be repented or regretted. ३. चतु before व्रीह् and तच् affix; also चतुर्विधनीय, &c.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-यी-विधी-वि) 1. Devotedly attached to, faithful, adorning. 2. Repentant, penitent, sorry for. ३. चतुर्विध, and विद् aff.

चतुर्विध m. (-र) A Rakshasa, a sort of demon. ३. चतु repeatedly, य to injure, and च् aff.

चतुर्विध n. (-स्त्र) A supplementary or subsidiary weapon or instrument. ३. चतु, and व्रज्ज a weapon.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-क-का-क) Ruling or one who governs or directs. ३. चतु and शास्त्र what governs.

चतुर्विध n. (-न) Command, order, precept, law. ३. चतु, and शास्त्र ruling.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-त-ता-त) Directed, governed. ३. चतु and शास्त्र governed.

चतुर्विध (-ता-वी-त) Ruling, governing, commanding, directing, a ruler, &c. ३. चतु and शास्त्र who rules.

चतुर्विध f. (-वि) Order, command, precept. ३. चतु, and शास्त्र order.

चतुर्विध m. (-दा) A governor, director, teacher. ३. चतु, and शास्त्र who directs.

चतुर्विध n. (-न) Repeated and devoted service. ३. चतु according to, व्रीह् behaving.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-द-दा-द्व) 1. Taught, revealed. 2. Done conformably to law, &c. 3. Nearly completed. ३. चतु according to, विद् taught.

चतुर्विध f. (-का) Any ceremony enjoyed by the Vedas.

चतुर्विध m. (-क) Sorrow, repentance, regret. ३. चतु after, व्रीह् sorrow.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-क-का-क) Grieving, one who repents. ३. चतु, and व्रीह् who sorrows.

चतुर्विध n. (-न) Sorrow, repentance. ३. चतु before, वृत् to grieve, and च् aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-त-ता-त) Regretted, repented of. ३. चतु before, वृत् to sorrow, क् aff.

चतुर्विध m. (-क) 1. Tenderness, compassion. 2. Conjunction, coalition, connexion of word with word, or effects with causes. 3. Necessary consequence, the connexion of a subsequent with a previous act. ३. चतु, and वृत् to embrace, with च् aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-क-का-क) 1. Consequent, following (as a necessary result). 2. Connected with, adhering to, inherent, concomitant. ३. चतुर्विध, and वृत् aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-वी-विधी-वि) 1. Addicted or attached to. 2. Embracing. 3. Connected with. 4. Common, prevailing. ३. चतुर्विध, and विद् aff.

चतुर्विध n. (-न) Connection with what follows, concord. ३. चतु before वृत् to embrace, च् aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-क-का-क) Re-watered or sprinkled. ३. चतु, and विद् sprinkled.

चतुर्विध n. (-न) Watering of sprinkling over again. ३. चतु, and विद् to sprinkle, च् aff.

चतुर्विध f. (-द्व) 1. A measure of verse, the stanza consisting four line of eight syllables each, or three lines of eight, twelve, and twelve making, in either case, thirty-two. 2. A name of SARASWATI. ३. चतु, and वृत् to stop, विद् aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-क-का-क) 1. Lazy, sluggish. 2. Cold, chilly. ३. चतु, neg. and वृत् warm, alert.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-क-का-क) To be done or accomplished. ३. चतु according to, वृत् to stay or be, तच् aff.

चतुर्विध m. (-ता) The undertaker of any work. ३. चतु before, वृत् to stay, तच् aff.

चतुर्विध n. (-न) 1. Commencement or course of proceeding. 2. Fixing or establishing, proof. 3. Propriety, fitness. 4. Doing or engaging in any thing. ३. चतु according to, वृत् to stay, च् aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-क-का-क) 1. Effected, accomplished. 2. Done, practised. 3. Followed, observed. 4. Appointed. ३. चतु before वृत् to stay, क् aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-य-या-य) 1. To be proved or established, demonstrable. 2. To be effected or accomplished. ३. चतु before वृत् to stay, य aff.

चतुर्विध n. (-न) Inquiry, investigation, searching. ३. चतु, and वृत् before वृत् to have, affix च् aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-वी-विधी-वि) Investigating, searching; so चतुर्विध. ३. चतुर्विध and विद् affix, or चतु and वृत् before वृत्, and विद् aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-य-या-य) Investigable, worthy of inquiry or scrutiny. ३. चतु, and वृत् before वृत् to have, य aff.

चतुर्विध n. (-क) 1. Custom, habit, usage. 2. Conformity to, consequence of. 3. Following, going after. ३. चतु before वृत् to go, च् aff.

चतुर्विध m. (-र) 1. Custom, usage. 2. Nature, natural state or condition of any thing. 3. Prevalence, currency. 4. Received or established authority, especially of codes of law. 5. Conformity to usage, &c. 6. Consequence, result. ३. चतु according to, वृत् to go, च् aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-वी-विधी-वि) 1. Following. 2. According with or to. ३. चतुर्विध, and विद् aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-क-का-क) Indicative of, pointing out. ३. चतु before वृत् to point out, वृत् aff.

चतुर्विध f. (-वि) Cherished recollection, recalling some idea to the exclusion of all others. ३. चतु before वृत् to memory. Also चतुर्विध.

चतुर्विध m. (-र) The nasal letter ( ' ) or dot above the line. ३. चतु before, वृत् to sound, च् aff.

चतुर्विध m. (-र) 1. Imitation. 2. Resemblance. ३. चतु like, वृत् to convey, and च् aff.

चतुर्विध m. (-य) Monthly obseques. ३. चतु before वृत् to take, च् aff.

चतुर्विध m. (-क) A former state of existence. n. (-क) 1. Race, family. 2. Disposition, temperament. ३. चतु, वृत् to associate, and क् aff.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-क-का-क) Well-behaved. m. (-क) A learned Brahman; one versed in the Vedas and Vedāngas. ३. चतु, and वृत् to speak; the form is irregular.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-क-का-क) Short, low. ३. चतु, neg. वृत् tall, high.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-क-का-क) Unmarried. ३. चतु, neg. वृत् married.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-क-का-क) Unuttered. ३. चतु before वृत् to speak.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-क-का-क) 1. Not to be addressed or spoken to. 2. To be spoken to afterwards or in reply to. m. (-क) A spiritual teacher, &c. ३. चतु before वृत् to speak, क् aff. form irregular, it is improper to address a Guru, &c. by name.

चनू mfn. (-न-ना-न्) 1. Whole, entire. 2. Not less, not inferior. ३. चन् neg. चन् to diminish, and चन् aff.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) See the preceding. ३. चन् affixed to चन्.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Watery, wet. m. (-न-) A buffalo. ३. चन् near or with, and चन् water; चन् is substituted for चन्, and चन् is added.

चनूच n. (-न्) Ginger. ३. चन्, and चन् born.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Thighless. m. (-न-) The charioteer of the sun, the dawn. ३. चन् priv. and चन् a thigh; being represented without legs.

चनूचारी m. (-न्) The sum. ३. चन्, and चारी a charioteer, whose coachman is अनुच.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Wicked, perverse, crooked, not straight, physically or morally. ३. चन् neg. चन् straight.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Free from debt. ३. चन् neg. चन् debt.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Unindebted, free from debt. ३. चन् neg. चन् a debtor.

चनूच n. (-न्) 1. Falsehood. 2. Agriculture. ३. चन् neg. चन् truth.

चनूचारी mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Speaking falsely, lying, a liar. ३. चन्, and चन्, who speaks.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Many, much, not one. ३. चन् neg. चन् one.

चनूचार्थ adv. n. (-न्) A long time. ३. चन्, and चन् time.

चनूच m. (-न-) A bird, born more than once; or in the shell, and upon being hatched. ३. चन् more than one, and चन् what is born.

चनूचता f. (-ता) Muchness, manifold condition; also चनूचार्थ. ३. चन्, and ता or चन् aff.

चनूचकार mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Multiform, ३. चन्, and चन् form.

चनूच m. (-न-) An elephant. ३. चन् various, from चन् neg. चन् one, and चन् from चन् who drinks, who drinks with his trunk, and with his mouth.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) 1. Multiform. 2. Of various kinds or sorts. 3. Fickle, of variable mind. ३. चन्, and चन् form.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Various of many kinds, in different ways. ३. चन्, and चन् sort.

चनूच ind. By large numbers or quantities. ३. चन्, and चन् aff.

चनूच ind. In various ways. ३. चन्, and चन् aff.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) 1. Deaf and dumb. 2. Wicked, fraudulent. ३. चन्, here implying similarity, चन् deaf, and चन् dumb. See चनूच.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Blameless, sinless. ३. चन् neg. चन् fault.

चनूच ind. Otherwise, or. ३. चन् neg. चन् so.

चनूच m. (-न-) Time. ३. चन् neg. चन् to kill or hurt, चन् substitute, and चन् Una'di aff.

चनूच n. (-न्) 1. Plurality, the existence of many. 2. Want of union, anarchy. ३. चन्, and चन् aff.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) 1. Variable, unsteady. 2. (In logic) Occasional, as a cause not invariably attended by the same effects. ३. चन्, चन् end, चन् aff.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Unsteady, variable, having many objects or purposes. ३. चन्, चन् end, and चन् aff.

चनूच ind. No, not; also नो.

चनूच m. (-न-) A tree. ३. चन् a cart, चन् going, and चन् what injures; from चन् with चन् aff.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Unquestioned, unaddressed, not spoken to. ३. चन् neg. चन् spoken to.

चनूच n. (-न्) The internal and spiritual part of man, the seat of thought and feeling, the mind, the heart, the conscience, the soul. ३. चन् within, and चन् an organ.

चनूच n. (-न्) 1. The female apartment. 2. A queen. 3. A palace. ३. चन् inner, and चन् a house.

चनूच f. (-ता) The heart, the soul, the internal nature or constitution of man. ३. चन्, and चन् nature.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Acquainted with the heart, knowing one's self. ३. चन्, and चन् knowledge.

चनूच n. (-न्) The internal and spiritual part of man, the conscience, the soul. ३. चन् within, चन् the body.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Having some extraneous body, (a wound, &c.) ३. चन्, and चन् a thorn, &c.

चनूच f. (-ता) Internal consciousness. ३. चन्, and चन् sense.

चनूच f. (-ता) 1. A pregnant woman. 2. Marking not, (Semecarpus anacardium.) ३. चन् inner, and चन् having life or being.

चनूच m. (-न-) An elephant. ३. चन् inner, and चन् warmth.

चन् mn. (-न-न्) 1. End, term. 2. Final, ultimate, (continuing M. N. even with a fem. noun.) mfn. (-न-ना-न्) 1. Near. 2. Handsome. m. (-न्) 1. Death. 2. A boundary, a limit. 3. Certainty, ascertainment. 4. A limb, a member. n. (-न्) Nature, disposition. ३. चन् to go, and चन् Una'di aff.

चनूच m. (-न-) A name of YAMA. ३. चन् death, and चन् affix of agency. YAMA is the king or angel of death.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Causing death, mortal, destructive. ३. चन्, and चन् what makes.

चनूच m. (-न-) Time of death, death. ३. चन् end, and चन् time.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) 1. Dead, departed. 2. Traversing, crossing, going to the end. ३. चन्, and चन् who goes.

चनूच ind. 1. From the end, from the term. 2. Similarly, like. 3. part. 4. Lastly, finally. ३. चन्, and चन् aff.

चन् ind. Within, between, amongst. 2. To the end. 3. Certainly, very well, a particle of assent. ३. चन् end, चन् to receive, and चन् aff.

चन् (noun and adverb) n. (-न्) 1. Interval, intermediate space. 2. period, term. 3. Clothing. 4. Covering. 5. Difference. 6. Snake, behalf. 7. A hole or rent. 8. Own, the self. 9. Without, except. 10. Without, outside. 11. Opportune time. 12. Midst, the midst. 13. The supreme soul. 14. Like, similar. 15. Other. 16. (In arithmetic) Remainder, difference. ३. चन् end, and चन् from चन् to obtain, and चन् aff. In consulting the meanings of the word, it is to be recollected, that vocables which are abverbs in English, are often nouns of the neuter gender in Sanskrit; this word is also a pronoun, in the 8d and 10th acceptations, when the latter means, without, or out of, any thing but a house or town; the whole of the interpretations may be referred to the ideas of, within and without.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) 1. Own, belonging to. 2. Internal, interior. 3. Of kin. ३. चन्, and चन् what goes.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) 1. Immediate, intimate, internal. 2. Like, analogous. m. (-न-) A congenial letter, one of the same class. ३. चन् inner, and चन् aff.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Prudent, provident, foreseeing. ३. चन् midst, and चन् who knows.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) Of mixed origin or caste. ३. चन् different, चन् birth.

चनूच mfn. (-न-ना-च्) 1. Internal, inward. 2. Separate, apart. ३. चन्, and चन् what stays.

चन् ind. 1. Without, except. 2. In the middle, among, amidst. 3. Near at hand.

चनूच m. (-न-) 1. The soul, the inherent spirit. 2. The internal feelings, the heart or mind. ३. चन्, and चन् soul.

चनूच f. (-ता) A pregnant woman. ३. चन्, and चन् offspring.

चनूच m. (-न-) Obstacle, impediment. ३. चन् between, चन् to go, and चन् aff.

चनूच mn. (-न-न्) Isolated space; also चनूचार्थ. ३. चन् in the midst, चन् to obtain, and चन् aff.



अनरिच न. (-च) The sky or atmosphere. न. अनर अनरिच, and अनर a star ; in which are the stars : or दृष्ट to see ; seen by the world ; the word is properly written with the long vowel, as अनरीच, but the short is substituted in poetry.

अनरिच mfn. (-च-ता-त) 1. Dead, departed, concealed, lost. 2. Separated, detached. न. (-च) Remainder, (in arithmetic.) न. अनर, and अनर aff.

अनरीच न. (-च) 1. Sky, heaven. 2. Talo. न. See अनरिच.

अनरीच mn. (-च-च) An island. न. अनर in the midst of, and च water ; च changed to इ.

अनरीच न. (-च) A lower garment. न. अनर inner, च aff.

अनरे ind. Amidst, among, between. न. अनर with इ to go, and च aff.

अनरेच ind. 1. Except, without. 2. Amidst, between. न. अनर, इ to go, and च aff.

अनरेचु mfn. (-च-च-च) Unprofitable, vain, idle. न. अनर amidst, नचु to drop or distil, and च affix : what runs to waste.

अनरेच mfn. (-च-ता-त) 1. Forgotten. 2. Intermediate, interposed. 3. Inner, internal, within. न. अनर within, and नच gone, part. past of नच.

अनरेच न. (-च) An inner apartment. न. अनर within, and नच a house.

अनरेचर न. (-च) The stomach. न. अनर, and नचर the belly.

अनरेचन न. (-च) Internal heat, inflammation. न. अनर, and नचन burning.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-ता-त) Inborn, inbred, innate. न. अनर, and नचन born.

अनरेचन न. (-च) The distillation of spirituous liquor.

अनरेचन m. (-च) Internal heat, or fever. न. अनर, and नचन burning.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) Internally bad, wicked, vile. न. अनर, and नचन bad.

अनरेचर न. (-च) A private door within the house. न. अनर inner, and नचर a door.

अनरेचर f. (-च) Disappearance, concealment, covering. न. अनर within, च to have or hold, च and च aff.

अनरेचन न. (-च) Concealment, disappearance. न. As before, with च aff.

अनरेचर f. (-च) See the preceding. न. as before, with च aff.

अनरेचन न. (-च) Profound inward meditation. न. अनर, and नचन meditation.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) Inward, internal, generated internally. न. अनर, and नचन being.

अनरेचन m. (-च) Internal or inherent nature or disposition. न. अनर, and नचन disposition.

अनरेचन f. (-च) Inward meditation or anxiety. न. अनर, and नचन meditation.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-ता-त) Internal, inner, being within. न. अनर, and नचन been.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-ता-त) Sad, perplexed. न. अनर, and नचन the mind.

अनरेचन न. (-च) Inward restraint, mental control. न. अनर, and नचन restraining.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) 1. Checking or regulating the internal feelings. 2. Heart-searching or pervading. म. (-च) 1. The soul. 2. Providence, the Supreme spirit, as regulating and guiding mankind. 3. Conscience. न. अनर within, and नचन who stops or refrains.

अनरेचन m. (-च) An acute angular triangle. न. अनर within, and नचन the perpendicular.

अनरेचन m. (-च) Superintendent of the women's apartments. न. अनर within, च a race, and च aff.

अनरेचन f. (-च) A pregnant woman. न. अनर within, नचन possessive affix, with an irregular formation of the fem. In the Veda अनरेचन occurs.

अनरेचन m. (-च) Flatulence, indignation. न. अनर inner, and नचन venting.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) Internal, included. न. अनर, and नचन what abides.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) Skilled in sacred sciences. न. अनर inner, and नचन speech : containing the essence of all knowledge.

अनरेचन न. (-च) An inner garment. न. अनर and नचन clothes.

अनरेचन न. (-च) Entrance, entering. न. अनर within, and च before, नच to agitate, affix च aff.

अनरेचन m. (-च) 1. Internal uneasiness or anxiety. 2. Inward fever. न. अनर, and नचन agitation.

अनरेचन f. (-च) The name of a country. न. अनर between, and नचन level earth. The Doab or district between the Ganga and Yamuna rivers.

अनरेचन न. (-च) The inner apartments, the interior of a building. न. अनर, and नचन a house.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) Laughing inwardly. म. (-च) Self-satisfaction, conceit. न. अनर inner, and नचन laughter.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-ता-त) Concealed, covered, hidden, disappeared. न. अनर within, and च to hold with च affix ; च substituted for च.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) Finite, having a term or end. न. अनर and नचन aff.

अनरेचन m. (-च) A pupil. See अनरेचन.

अनरेचन f. (-च) 1. Death. 2. A bed or mat on the ground. 3. The place for burial or burning. न. अनर end, and नचन a sleeping place.

अनरेचन m. (-च) 1. A barbar. 2. A man of a low tribe or caste, the offspring of a Nishādi woman by a Chanda'la, whose business is to attend in places where dead bodies are burned. 3. The name of a saint. न. अनर the end, च and च to cut, who pares the nails, &c. or च to decay, चिनि aff.

अनरेचन f. (-च) An elder sister, (in theatrical language.) ind. Near.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) Near, proximate. f. (-च) 1. An elder sister, (in theatrical language.) See अनरेचन. 2. A fire-place. See अनरेचन. 3. A plant, (Echites scholaris.) See अनरेचन. न. (-च) Vicinity. न. अनर the end, and नच affix, च inserted.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) Very near. न. अनरेचन, and अनरेचन superlative aff.

अनरेचन f. (-च) Nearness, vicinity, contiguity : also अनरेचन. न. अनरेचन with, च or च aff.

अनरेचन m. (-च) Contiguous support, (as that given by a tree to a creeper, &c.) न. अनरेचन, and अनरेचन support.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) 1. Final, ultimate, last. 2. Very near. न. अनर, and अनरेचन aff.

अनरेचन m. (-च) 1. A pupil. 2. A Chanda'la, or man of a low caste.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) Final, ultimate. न. अनर in the locative case, near or final ; च to abide, and चिनि affix : who dwells near his teacher, &c. See अनरेचन.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) 1. Last, ultimate. 2. Inferior, low. म. (-च) 1. A man of low caste. 2. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) See अनरेचन. न. (-च) A measure of number, two Sa'garas, a very large number. न. अनर, and च aff.

अनरेचन न. (-च) Funeral rites. न. अनर and अनरेचन act ; also अनरेचन, &c.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) Younger, latest born. म. (-च) 1. A Sudra of man of the fourth tribe. 2. A man of one of seven inferior tribes ; a washerman, courier, mimic, Var'uta, fisherman, Madra or attendant on women, and mountaineer or forester. न. अनर inferior, and च who is born : born from the feet of Brahma ; also अनरेचन.

अनरेचन m. (-च) A man or woman of Sudra or fourth tribe, &c., see the last. न. अनर, and अनरेचन birth.

अनरेचन mfn. (-च-च-च) Sprung from the last or lowest class. न. अनर last, चिनि class, affix च.

अनरेचन n. (-च) 1. The sign Pisces. 2. The asterism Revati. 3. The last star or constellation. न. अनर last, and च a constellation.



चतुर्थी m. (-च-चौ) A man or woman of the fourth tribe. २. चतु, and चौ a tribe.

चतुर्वर्णिक m. (-च-चौ) A man or woman of low caste, especially one of seven classes: a Chandaḥ, a Svapaka or executioner, a Kahatta or insect hunter, a charioteer, a bard, and a Vaideha or attendant on women. २. A man or a woman of a particular caste living by the chase. See चतुर्वर्णिक.

चतुर्विह f. (-चि-) A funeral sacrifice. २. चतु, and विह sacrifice.

चतुर्विहारा f. (-च) Obsequium. २. चतुर्विह, and विहारा rite.

चतुर् n. (-च) An entrail. २. चतु to be sick, and च Unādi aff.

चतुर्मुख m. (-च-) Grumbling of the bowels, borborygmi. २. चतु, and मुख murmuring; also चतुर्मुख.

चतुर्गुह्य f. (-चि-) Inguinal hernia, rupture. २. चतु, and गुह्य increase.

चतुर्द m. (-च-) A worm, ascarides, &c. २. चतु, and चद what eats.

चतुर्द्वारा f. (-च) A fire-place.

चतुर् f. (-चु-) See चतु.

चतुर्ग m. (-च-) १. A ring or chain worn on the ankle. २. The chain for an elephant's feet. ३. चदि to bind, च affix, and चतु final.

चतुर् f. (-चु-) १. An ornament worn round the ankles. २. The chain for an elephant's feet. ३. A chain, a fetter, a bond or tie. ४. चदि to bind, and च Unādi aff. or with च affix चतु.

चतुर्ग m. (-च-) The chain for an elephant's feet. See the last.

चतुर्ग (-च) r. 10th cl. (चतुर्गवति) To agitate, to swing.

चतुर् (-च) r. 10th cl. (चतुर्गवति) To be or become blind.

चतुर् mfn. (-च-चतु) Blind. n. (-च) १. Darkness. २. Water. ३. चतु to be blind, and च aff.

चतुर्ग mfn. (-च-चतु) Blind. m. (-च-) १. The name of a country, apparently Behar. २. The name of a king. ३. Of a Muni. ४. Of an Asura. ५. चतु to be blind, and चतु aff.

चतुर्गवति m. (-चु-) १. A name of Siva, the enemy of the demon ANDHAKA. २. चतुर्ग a demon so named, and वति an enemy.

चतुर्गवति mn. (-च-चु) Darkness. २. चतु blind, and चतु what makes.

चतुर्गवति m. (-चु) A name of Siva. २. चतुर्ग, and चतुर्गवति the enemy. See चतुर्गवति.

चतुर्गव m. (-च-) A blind well. २. चतु, and चतु a well: one of which the mouth is hidden.

चतुर्गव n. (-च) Great darkness. २. चतु to make blind, and चतु darkness: also written चतुर्गव, च being made long.

चतुर्गव f. (-च) Blindness. Also n. चतुर्ग. २. ता or त added to चतु.

चतुर्गवति n. (-च) १. A division of Tartarus, the second of the twenty-one hells. २. The doctrine of annihilation after death. ३. चतु blind, great, and चतुर्वि darkness.

चतुर्गव f. (-च) A small covered crucible, with a hole in the side. २. चतु, and चतु a crucible.

चतुर्गविका f. (-च) The name of a grass. See चतुर्गव.

चतुर्गव n. (-च) Boiled rice. २. चद to eat, चतु inserted, and चतुर्ग Unādi affix, च changed to च.

चतुर्गविका f. (-च) A blind boil, one that does not suppurate.

चतुर्गविका m. (-चि-चि-) A kind of fish, vulg. ku'nohiya; a species of eel? २. चतु blind, and चदि a snake: from its form and the smallness of its eyes.

चतुर्गविका f. (-च) १. Night. २. Gambling. ३. A small kind of mustard. See चतुर्ग. ४. A woman. ५. A disease of the eye. ६. चतु dark or blind, and चतु affix in the fem. form.

चतुर्गविका mfn. (-च-चतु) Made or become blind. २. चतु, and चतु made, चि augment.

चतुर्गविका mfn. (-च-चतु) Become blind. २. चतु, and चतु become, चि augment.

चतुर्गविका m. (-च) A wall. २. चतु to go, and चतु Unādi affix; च is substituted for च.

चतुर्गविका m. (-च) A tree, (Mimosa sirisa, Rox.)

चतुर्गविका m. (-चु-) A hunter, one who lives by killing game; a man of low caste, the offspring of a Vaideha father and Karavara mother; not allowed to reside within a village or town. २. A country, modern Telingana; also चतु.

चतुर्गविका mfn. (-च-चतु) Eaten. n. (-च) १. Boiled rice. २. Food in general. ३. Corn. ४. चद to eat, and च affix of the part. past, च becoming च.

चतुर्गविका m. (-च) Meal time, proper hour for eating. २. चतु, and चतु time.

चतुर्गविका m. (-च) A cupboard, a granary. २. चतु, and चतु or receptacle.

चतुर्गविका m. (-च) १. VISHNU. २. The sun. m. (-च) A granary, a cupboard. ३. चतु food, चतु a repository.

चतुर्गविका m. (-चि-) Dysentery, diarrhoea. २. चतु food, चतु smell.

चतुर्गविका mfn. (-च-चतु) Springing from or occasioned by food. २. चतु, and चतु born.

चतुर्गविका n. (-च) Support, subsistence. २. चतु, and चतु water, meat and drink.

चतुर्गविका mfn. (-च-चतु) One who gives food. f. (-च) A goddess, a form of DURGA. २. चतु, and चतु who gives.

चतुर्गविका m. (-च) One who gives food, a charitable man. २. चतु, and चतु donor.

चतुर्गविका n. (-च) The giving of rice or food, the maintenance of a person. २. चतु, and चतु giving.

चतुर्गविका m. (-च) Want of appetite, dislike of food. २. चतु, and चतु dislike.

चतुर्गविका m. (-च) Change of diet. २. चतु, and चतु revolution.

चतुर्गविका f. (-च) A goddess, a form of DURGA. २. चतु, and चतु who fills with.

चतुर्गविका f. (-च) A goddess, a form of DURGA. २. चतु, and चतु prior.

चतुर्गविका n. (-च) A religious ceremony, in which after presenting oblations to fire, a little rice is, for the first time, put into the child's mouth; it should take place between the fifth and eighth month. २. चतु, and चतु feeding.

चतुर्गविका n. (-च) The deification of food, considering it in the light of BRAHMA, as the pervader and supporter of existence. २. चतु, and चतु the Supreme.

चतुर्गविका f. (-चि-) A large collection of food. २. चतु, and चतु a heap.

चतुर्गविका mfn. (-च-चतु) १. Composed of food, containing food. २. Derived or made from food. m. (-च) The body. ३. चतु and चतु aff.

चतुर्गविका m. (-च) The gross material body, that which is sustained by food. २. चतुर्गव, and चतु sheath, (of the spirit.)

चतुर्गविका n. (-च) Spirituous liquor, the excrement or ferment of rice, &c. २. चतु, and चतु faecula.

चतुर्गविका m. (-च) Chyle. २. चतु, and चतु juice.

चतुर्गविका f. (-च) Hunger, craving. २. चतु, and चतु desire.

चतुर्गविका n. (-च) The oesophagus. २. चतु, and चतु what conveys, चतु canal.

चतुर्गविका m. (-च) The seminal secretion. २. चतु, and चतु change of form.

चतुर्गविका m. (-च) Leavings, offal. २. चतु, and चतु remainder.

चतुर्गविका mfn. (-च-चतु) १. Feeding, eating. २. The partaker or eater of another's food. m. (-च) VISHNU. २. चतु, and चतु who eats.

चतुर्गविका mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) Hungry; desiring food. २. चतु nominal verb to want food, चि aff.

चतुर्गविका mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) Eating, feeding. २. चतु, and चतुर्गविका who eats.

चतुर्गविका mfn. (-च-चतु) १. Other, different. २. Unlike. ३. चतु to live, and चतु aff.

चतुर्गविका ind. Otherwise. २. See the last.

चतुर्गविका mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) १. Adulterous. २. Going to another (place, &c.) ३. चतु another (husband or wife), चतु who goes to.

अन्व ind. 1. Again, moreover. 2. On the contrary. ३. अन्व, and अ added.  
 अन्व mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Born of another (family, &c.) of a different origin.  
 ३. अन्व, and ज born  
 अन्वजन्म n. (-जः) Another birth, being born again, the metempsychosis.  
 ३. अन्व, and जन्म birth.  
 अन्वत्त mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Either, any, any one of many. 2. Different, distinct from many. ३. अन्व, and उत्त aff.  
 अन्वतर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Other, different. 2. Either of two. ३. अन्व other, and उत्तर affix; applied to words that refer to but two things.  
 अन्वतरेषु ind. Either of two days. ३. अन्वतर, and एषु affix, derived from एषु a day.  
 अन्वत् ind. Elsewhere. ३. अन्व, and त् aff.  
 अन्वत् ind. 1. Elsewhere, in another place. 2. Except, unless, without. ३. अन्व, and त् aff.  
 अन्वथा ind. 1. Otherwise, in a different manner. 2. Inaccurately, untruly. ३. अन्व, and था affix, referring to manner.  
 अन्वथाख्याति f. (-तिः) Erroneous conception of spirit. ३. अन्वथा and ख्याति declaring.  
 अन्वथात् n. (-त्) An opposite or different state of the case. ३. अन्वथा and त् aff.  
 अन्वथासिद्धि f. (-धिः) Disproving a cause or argument, by giving it a different effect or application, coming to a different conclusion from the same premises. ३. अन्वथा otherwise, and सिद्धि proving, establishing.  
 अन्वदा ind. Another time. ३. अन्व, and दा affix, referring to time.  
 अन्वपुट m. (-टः) The koil or Indian cuckoo, supposed to be reared by the crow. ३. अन्व, and पुट nourished.  
 अन्वपूर्वा f. (-र्वा) A girl previously promised or betrothed to one and married to another. ३. अन्व, and पूर्वा prior.  
 अन्वभृत् m. (-भृत्) A crow. ३. अन्व another, भृत् who nourishes: the crow is supposed to sit upon the eggs of the kokila: from भृ root, and भृत् aff.  
 अन्वभृत m. (-भृतः) The kokila or Indian cuckoo. ३. अन्व, and भृत nourished, from भृ with part. affix भृत्; this bird, like the English cuckoo, being supposed to leave its eggs in the nests of other birds.  
 अन्वमनस् mfn. (-मनः-मा-मं) 1. Fickle-minded. 2. Absent. ३. अन्व, and मनस् the mind.  
 अन्वमनस् mfn. (-मनः-मा-मं) 1. Absent, thinking of something else. 2. Fickle, versatile. ३. अन्व, and मनस् minded.  
 अन्वमानस mfn. (-मनः-मा-मं) Fickle-minded, otherwise-minded. ३. अन्व, and मानस mental.  
 अन्ववर्धित mfn. (-वर्धितः-ता-तं) Brought up by a stranger, fostered. ३. अन्व, and वर्धित part. past of वर्ध् to grow.  
 अन्ववादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Speaking inconsistently; (in law) prevaricating or a prevaricator. ३. अन्व otherwise, and वादिन् who speaks.  
 अन्वशाख m. (-खः) An apostable. ३. अन्व another, शाखा a branch or sect, or with ख् affix अन्वशाखाः.  
 अन्वदृष्टम् mfn. (-दृष्टम्) Of another kind, like another. ३. अन्व, दृष्ट् to see, and दृष्टम् aff.  
 अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दी-दी) See the preceding. ३. As before, with दृष्टम् aff.  
 अन्वधीन mfn. (-धीनः-ना-नं) Subject to others, dependent. ३. अन्व, and धीन dependent.  
 अन्वय m. (-यः) 1. Impropiety, indecorum. 2. Irregularity, disorder. ३. अन्व neg. वाय propriety.  
 अन्वयिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) 1. Unjust, unreasonable. 2. Indecorous. ३. Illogical. ३. अन्व neg. वायिन्.  
 अन्ववृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वा-वं) Following evil courses. ३. अन्वव improper, वृत्त practising.  
 अन्वयः mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Improper, indecorous, unbecoming, unfit. ३. अन्व neg. वाय right.

अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दी-दी) Absent, intent on something else. ३. अन्व, and दृष्टम् intent on.  
 अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दी-दी) Complete, entire. ३. अन्व neg. and दृष्टम् defective.  
 अन्वदृष्ट ind. Another day. ३. अन्व, and दृष्टम् affix, from दृष्ट् a day.  
 अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दी-दी) Daily, diurnal, occurring every other day. ३. अन्व, and दृष्टम् affix.  
 म. (-दृष्टः) A quotidian fever. ३. अन्वदृष्ट् and दृष्टम् added.  
 अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दी-दी) Begotten by another, the progeny of another, than the reputed parent or husband. ३. अन्व, and दृष्टम् born.  
 अन्वदृष्ट m. (-यः) A stepmother's son. ३. अन्व, and दृष्टम् belly, दृष्टम् aff.  
 अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दी-दी) Mutual. ३. अन्व repeated.  
 अन्वदृष्ट m. (-यः) Mutual quarrel. ३. अन्वदृष्ट, and दृष्टम् strife.  
 अन्वदृष्ट m. (-यः) Mutual conflict, striking, wounding or killing one another. ३. अन्वदृष्ट and दृष्टम् striking.  
 अन्वदृष्ट m. (-यः) Mutual aversion or enmity. ३. अन्वदृष्ट, and दृष्टम् difference.  
 अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दी-दी) Taken or secreted from one another, taken severally. ३. अन्वदृष्ट, and दृष्टम् removed.  
 अन्वदृष्ट m. (-यः) Mutual negation, relative difference. ३. अन्वदृष्ट, and दृष्टम् non-existence.  
 अन्वदृष्ट m. (-यः) Mutual or reciprocal connexion or dependance. ३. अन्वदृष्ट, and दृष्टम् support.  
 अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दी-दी) Following. ३. अन्व after, and दृष्टम् the eye.  
 अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दी-दी) Following. ३. अन्व after, दृष्टम् to go, and दृष्टम् aff.  
 अन्व m. (-यः) 1. Race, lineage, succession. 2. Connexion, acquaintance, intercourse. 3. the natural order or connexion of words in a sentence or stanza. 4. The logical connexion of cause and effect, or proposition and conclusion. ३. अन्व after, दृष्टम् to go, and दृष्टम् aff.  
 अन्वदृष्ट m. (-यः) A genealogist. ३. अन्वदृष्ट, and दृष्टम् who knows.  
 अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-दी-दिनी-यि) 1. Following, agreeing with. 2. Belonging to race or family. ३. अन्वदृष्ट and दृष्टम् aff.  
 अन्वदृष्ट m. (-यः) Race, lineage. ३. अन्व after, अन्व prefixed to दृष्टम् to go, and दृष्टम् aff.  
 अन्वदृष्ट f. (-दा) A Sra'dd'ha or funeral ceremony performed on the ninth day of the month's Phausha, Ma'gha, Pha'luna or A'swina. It is the maternal Sra'dd'ha for those who preserve the sacred fire. ३. अन्व after, and दृष्टम् the eighth day.  
 अन्वदृष्ट ind. Every day, daily. ३. अन्व, and दृष्टम् a day.  
 अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Connecting, uniting. ३. अन्व, and दृष्टम् before, दृष्टम् to collect, दृष्टम् aff.  
 अन्वदृष्ट f. (-धिः) 1. A ball or deposit to be delivered to a third person. 2. Repentance. ३. अन्व according to, and दृष्टम् a pledge.  
 अन्वदृष्ट n. (-यः) Property presented after marriage to the wife by her husband's family. ३. अन्व subsequently, and दृष्टम् to be taken or received.  
 अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दी-दी) Latitudinal. ३. अन्व, and दृष्टम् breadth.  
 अन्वदृष्ट n. (-यः) Mounting the funeral pile after or with the body of the husband. ३. अन्व, and दृष्टम् ascending.  
 अन्वदृष्ट n. (-यः) 1. An unctuous or cooling enema. 2. Service. 3. Regret, affliction. 4. A place where work is done, manufactory, a house of industry. ३. अन्व before, दृष्टम् to sit, and दृष्टम् aff.  
 अन्वदृष्ट m. (-यः) 1. The monthly Sra'dd'ha, or funeral repast in honour of the manes, held on the day of new moon; it should be, according to Menu, of meat eaten after the presentation of a pin'da or ball of rice. 2. The monthly obsequies performed during the first year after the death of a parent. ३. अन्व after, and दृष्टम् to be taken or eaten; from दृष्ट with दृष्टम् prefixed, and दृष्टम् aff.  
 अन्वदृष्ट n. (-यः) See the preceding.  
 अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दी-दी) Daily, diurnal. ३. अन्वदृष्ट daily, दृष्टम् aff.  
 अन्वदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः-दी-दी) Deposited with a person to be delivered ultimately to another. ३. अन्व and दृष्टम् placed.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) 1. Joined, connected with. 2. Having as an essential or inherent part, possessed of, possessing. 3. Connected as in grammar, or construction. **सम्बन्धित्** with, and **सम्बन्धित** gone, part. of. **सम्बन्धित्**; also **सम्बन्धित**.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) Sought. **सम्बन्धित** after, and **सम्बन्धित** desire, with the part. affix **सम्**.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) Joined, connected with. See **सम्बन्धित**. **सम्बन्धित** with, and **सम्बन्धित** from **सम्** to go.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) 1. Research, investigation of duty by reasoning. 2. Research, enquiry in general. **सम्बन्धित**, **सम्बन्धित** to desire and **सम्बन्धित** aff. and in the fem. **सम्बन्धित**.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) Sought. **सम्बन्धित** The part. past of **सम्बन्धित**, with **सम्बन्धित** prefixed, and **सम्** inserted before **सम्**.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) Seeking, inquiring after. **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** to wish, **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) An enquirer, a searcher. **सम्बन्धित** before **सम्बन्धित**, and **सम्बन्धित** aff. of agency.

**सम्बन्धित n.** (-सं) The offering or performance of sacrifice.

**सम्बन्धित f. pl. only,** (सम्बन्धित) Water. **सम्बन्धित** to obtain, and **सम्बन्धित** Una'di affix; the vowel of the radical becomes short.

**सम्बन्धित ind.** A particle and preposition implying. 1. Inferiority, (below, worse.) 2. Privation, (from.) 3. Separation, (away, from.) 4. Contrariety, (against, opposite to.) 5. Difference, (from.) 6. Dishonesty. 7. Exultation: as **सम्बन्धित** to revile, **सम्बन्धित** to take away, **सम्बन्धित** to do wrong, **सम्बन्धित** to contradict, **सम्बन्धित** infamy, &c. **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** and **सम्बन्धित** from **सम्बन्धित** to preserve.

**सम्बन्धित n.** (-सं) 1. Acting improperly, doing wrong. 2. Ill treating, offending, injuring. **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** to do, **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-सं-सं-सं) Injurious, offensive, hostile, inimical, an enemy. **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** to do, **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित n.** (-सं) 1. Evil doing, wickedness. 2. Oppression, violence. 3. Laziness, incompetence. 4. Any impure or degrading act or rite. **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** act.

**सम्बन्धित m.** (-सं) An indelible disgrace. **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** a stain.

**सम्बन्धित m.** (-सं) 1. Pulling down, bringing low, lowering, depressing. 2. Inferiority, infamy, degradation. So **सम्बन्धित** n. (-सं) **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** to attract, **सम्बन्धित** or **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित m.** (-सं) 1. Injury, offence, wrong, mischief. 2. Wickedness. 3. Tyranny, oppression. 4. Hatred, enmity. **सम्बन्धित** ill, and **सम्बन्धित** what does.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) Injuring, pernicious. **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** to do, **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित f.** (-सं) Reproach and menace. **सम्बन्धित** hatred, and **सम्बन्धित** speech.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) 1. Offensive, oppressive. 2. Wicked, doing ill. 3. Mischievous, malicious. 4. Inimical. **सम्बन्धित** and **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-सं-सं-सं) Malicious, malevolent. **सम्बन्धित** and **सम्बन्धित** who aims at.

**सम्बन्धित f.** (-सं) Infamy, disgrace. **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** fame.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) 1. Done wrong, maliciously, offensively, or wickedly committed. 2. Who does wrong. 3. Ill treated. 4. Observed or practised as a degrading or impure act, as servile duties, funeral rites, &c. **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** to do, **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित f.** (-सं) 1. Oppression, wrong, injury. 2. Enmity, opposition. 3. Any degrading or impure act or rite. **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** to do, **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) 1. Low, vile, inferior. 2. Perplexed, distressed. 3. Depressed, lowered, brought down. **सम्बन्धित** part. past of **सम्बन्धित**, with **सम्बन्धित** prefixed.

**सम्बन्धित f.** (-सं) Inferiority, vileness. So **सम्बन्धित** n. (-सं) **सम्बन्धित** or **सम्बन्धित** added to the last.

**सम्बन्धित f.** (-सं) 1. Immaturity. 2. Indigestion. **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** neg. **सम्बन्धित** ripeness.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) Unripe, immature. **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** neg. **सम्बन्धित** ripe.

**सम्बन्धित f.** (-सं) Immaturity. **सम्बन्धित**, and **सम्बन्धित** affix: also with **सम्बन्धित**, **सम्बन्धित**.

**सम्बन्धित m.** (-सं) 1. Flight, retreat. 2. Passing off or away. **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** from, and **सम्बन्धित** to go, with **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित n.** (-सं) Retiring, passing off or away. **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** to go, **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित f.** (-सं) 1. Oppression, offence. 2. Evil doing, wickedness. 3. Any impure act or rite. **सम्बन्धित**, and **सम्बन्धित** action.

**सम्बन्धित m.** (-सं) Revailing, abusing. **सम्बन्धित** against, **सम्बन्धित** to call out, and **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) Adverse, opposed to, not of the same side or party. **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** neg. **सम्बन्धित** a party.

**सम्बन्धित f.** (-सं) Opposition, hostility. **सम्बन्धित**, and **सम्बन्धित** affix: or with **सम्बन्धित** affix **सम्बन्धित**.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) 1. Dead, deceased. 2. Gone, departed, remote, gone off. **सम्बन्धित** away, and **सम्बन्धित** gone.

**सम्बन्धित m.** (-सं) Departure, separation, death. **सम्बन्धित**, and **सम्बन्धित** to go, affix **सम्बन्धित**.

**सम्बन्धित f.** (-सं) A river. **सम्बन्धित** down, below, or **सम्बन्धित** water, and thence the sea; and **सम्बन्धित** what goes downward or into the sea; also **सम्बन्धित**.

**सम्बन्धित m.** (-सं) A limb or member. **सम्बन्धित**, and **सम्बन्धित** from **सम्बन्धित** to kill or hurt.

**सम्बन्धित m.** (-सं) Striking or cutting off, killing. **सम्बन्धित**, and **सम्बन्धित** striking.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-सं-सं-सं) Murderous, killing. **सम्बन्धित**, and **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित m.** (-सं) 1. Loss, privation. 2. Respect, obeisance. **सम्बन्धित** opposite to, and **सम्बन्धित** from **सम्बन्धित** to collect, with **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) Saluted, revered. **सम्बन्धित** here implying much or highly; and **सम्बन्धित** part. past of **सम्बन्धित** to reverence.

**सम्बन्धित m.** (-सं) 1. Improprity, defect, wickedness. 2. Observing unwholesome or improper regimen. **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** to go, **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) Wicked, bad, one who acts wickedly. **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित**, and **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) 1. Saluted, honoured. 2. Diminished, expended, wasted. **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** to reverence, or **सम्बन्धित** to collect, **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित f.** (-सं) 1. Loss. 2. Expense. 3. Annihilation. 4. Worship, reverence. **सम्बन्धित** before **सम्बन्धित** or **सम्बन्धित**, and **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित f.** (-सं) 1. Enlargement of the glands of the neck, &c. 2. Any indolent tumor. **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** neg. **सम्बन्धित** to ripen, **सम्बन्धित** and **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) Wasting, perishing, departing. **सम्बन्धित** before, **सम्बन्धित** to collect, **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित m.** (-सं) A spendthrift. **सम्बन्धित**, **सम्बन्धित** to collect, **सम्बन्धित** aff.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) 1. Shadowless, having no shadow, as a deity or celestial being. 2. Having a bad or unlucky shadow. **सम्बन्धित** (-सं) An unlucky shadow, a phantom. **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** priv. **सम्बन्धित** shadow.

**सम्बन्धित n.** (-सं) Simple elementary substance, not compounded of the five gross elements. **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** neg. **सम्बन्धित** five, **सम्बन्धित** made, **सम्बन्धित** augment.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) Adjoining, contiguous. **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** neg. **सम्बन्धित** a screen, and **सम्बन्धित** between.

**सम्बन्धित f.** (-सं) A screen or wall of cloth, especially the kensat or screen surrounding a tent. **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** priv. and **सम्बन्धित** to go, with fem. termination **सम्बन्धित**; preventing admission.

**सम्बन्धित m.** (-सं) Precipitate entrance on the stage, indicating hurry and agitation; also read **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** curtain, and **सम्बन्धित** tossing.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) 1. Sick, diseased. 2. Awkward, not clever, uncouth. 3. Inelquent. **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** neg. **सम्बन्धित** clever.

**सम्बन्धित n.** (-सं) A defect in any of the senses. **सम्बन्धित**, and **सम्बन्धित** doing.

**सम्बन्धित mfn.** (-स-स-सं) Unlearned, ignorant. **सम्बन्धित** **सम्बन्धित** neg. **सम्बन्धित** learned.

चपलमय m. (-कः) Spasmodic contraction of the body, emprosthotonos.  
 ३. चप away, तय will, तय aff.

चपलपच n. (-कः) Fasting, (in sickness.) ३. चप bad, and तयच satisfaction.

चपलमय m. (-कः) Spasmodic contraction; see the last. ३. चप down, तय to spread. चप aff.

चपल n. (-कः) Offspring, male or female. ३. च neg. चत to fall, and च affix; the family being upheld by them.

चपलदा f. (-दा) A midwife. ३. चपल offspring, and दा fem. deriv. who gives.

चपलपच m. (-चः) The vulva. ३. चपल, and च the road.

चपलपित्रियम् m. (-पितृ) A father who receives a gratuity from his son-in-law, a seller of his offspring. ३. चपल, and पित्रियम् who sells.

चपलपच m. (-चः) A crab. ३. चपल offspring, and चप an enemy. The crab being said to perish on producing young.

चपलप mfn. (-च-पा-प) 1. Bashful, modest. 2. Immodest. f. (-पा) 1. Bashfulness. 2. Want of shame, immodesty. ३. चप, and चपा shame.

चपलपिचु mfn. (-चु-चु-चु) Bashful. ३. चप before, चप to be ashamed, and चपुचु aff.

चपय n. (-यः) The absence of a road. ३. च priv. and पय for पयिचु a road. चपयिचु m. (-यः) See the preceding.

चपय mfn. (-चय-चय-चय) 1. Unsuitable, inconsistent. 2. (In medicine) Contra-indicated, unfit as food or drink in particular complaints. ३. च neg. पय suitable.

चपय mfn. (-च-हा or -ही-ह) 1. Footless, having no feet. 2. Having no place, no station. adv. n. (-ह) Unseasonably, inopportunately. m. (-हः) A reptile. ३. च neg. पद a foot.

चपयान n. (-यः) 1. Approved occupation. 2. Work well or completely done. ३. चप before, हा to give, and चपुट aff.

चपयानक n. (-कः) See the above. ३. कन् added.

चपयानक mfn. (-क-रा-क) Adjoining, contiguous. n. (-क) Proximity, close, contiguity. ३. च neg. पद a foot, and चकर between.

चपयार्य m. (-यः) Nonentity. ३. च neg. पदार्थ a thing.

चपयिचु n. or ind. (-च) Intermediate space, half of a point of the compass. ३. चप, and चिचु to show, च aff.

चपयिचु ind. 1. Dispersing, going or having gone to various quarters. 2. Having shewn or stated. ३. चप before, चिचु to show, च aff.

चपयिता f. (-तः) An evil spirit, a goblin. ३. चप, and चिता a deity.

चपयिचु m. (-चः) 1. Evasion, prevarication. 2. Disguise by dress, &c. 3. Place, quarter. 4. A butt or mark. 5. Cause. 6. Fame, reputation. 7. A contrivance, a pretence, a pretext. ३. चप ill, badly, &c. and चिचु to shew, with चपु aff.

चपयिचु n. (-चः) 1. An impurity, any bad thing. 2. Alloy, adulteration. ३. चप, and चपु thing.

चपयिचु m. (-चः) Degradation, disgrace. ३. चप, and चपु loss.

चपयिचु m. (-जः) A man of a mixed or impure caste. ३. चपयिचु and ज born.

चपयिचु mfn. (-च-पा-च) 1. Cursed, reviled. 2. Abandoned. 3. Pounded. ३. चप implying contempt, &c. part. past of चपु to go, also चपयिचु.

चपयिचु n. (-च) Evil thoughts, wickedness. ३. चप, and चपयिचु meditation.

चपयिचु n. (-चः) 1. Taking away, withdrawing, removing. 2. Destroying. 3. Dying. 4. Acquittance of a debt or obligation. ३. चप from, चि to take, चपुट aff.

चपयिचु mfn. (-च-पा-च) 1. Taken away, removed. 2. Paid, discharged. ३. चप from, चि to take, च aff.

चपयिचु ind. 1. Having taken away. 2. Having discharged. ३. चप before, चि to take, च aff.

चपयिचु f. (-चि) Removing, taking away or sending away. ३. चप, चपु to send, चिचु aff.

चपयिचु m. (-चः) Removing, taking away. ३. चप, and चपु to send, चिचु aff.

चपयिचु n. (-चः) 1. Removing, destroying. 2. Expiating. ३. चप before, चपु to send, चपुट aff.

चपयिचु mfn. (-च-पा-च) Of low caste, using separate vessels. n. (-च) A separate vessel, one from which no one else will eat. ३. चप apart, चप a vessel.

चपयिचु m. (-चः) A person who has lost caste, one with whom his kindred will not eat or drink, from a common pa'tra or vessel. ३. चपयिचु, and चपु aff.

चपयिचु mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) Fearless, undaunted. ३. चप away, चि fear.

चपयिचु m. (-चः) Ungrammatical language. ३. चप from, चप to fall, and चप affix; also चपयिचु.

चपयिचु m. (-चः) Declination, (in astronomy.) ३. चप, चप to measure, च aff.

चपयिचु n. (-चः) Disrespect, disgrace. ३. चप reverse, and चप to respect, चिचु aff.

चपयिचु mfn. (-च-पा-च) Disrespect, disgraced. ३. चपयिचु disgrace, चपु aff.

चपयिचु mfn. (-च-पा-च) Disreputable, dishonourable. ३. चप before, चप to mind, चपु aff.

चपयिचु mfn. (-च-पा-च) 1. Neglect in dress or person, unadorned. 2. Disrespected, disgraced. ३. चप before, चप to measure, च aff.

चपयिचु n. (-चः) Debt. ३. चप from, चि to throw, and चपु aff.

चपयिचु m. (-चः) Sudden death, dying of some casualty, not of sickness or decay. ३. चप, चप death.

चपयिचु n. (-चः) Disgrace, infamy. ३. चप before, चपु fame.

चपयिचु mfn. (-च-पा-च) Disgraceful, occasioning infamy. ३. चपयिचु, and चप what makes.

चपयिचु n. (-चः) Retreat, flight. ३. चप from, and चप going.

चपयिचु mfn. (-च-पा-च) 1. Other. 2. Opposite, contrary. 3. Posterior, (in place or time.) 4. Similar, same. 5. Friendly, not adverse. n. (-च) The hind quarter of an elephant. f. (-च) 1. The womb. 2. Suppressed menstruation in pregnancy. 3. The west. ३. च neg. and चप from च to nourish or fill, and चप affix; or च neg. and चप other.

चपयिचु ind. Again, moreover. ३. च the particle added to the last.

चपयिचु n. (-चः) 1. Opposition, contrariety. 2. Posteriorly, (in place or time;) also चपयिचु f. (-चः) ३. च or चप added to चपयिचु.

चपयिचु m. (-चि) Stopping, ceasing. ३. चप from, चप to please, and चिचु aff.

चपयिचु m. (-चः) The end of the night, the last watch. ३. चपयिचु the end, चप from चपि a night.

चपयिचु n. (-चः) Another world, paradise. ३. चपयिचु, and चिचु world.

चपयिचु m. (-चः) 1. Contest, dispute. 2. Discord. ३. चप, and चप sound.

चपयिचु n. (-चः) A kind of metre of four lines, having every two lines the same.

चपयिचु mfn. (-च-पा-च) Undisturbed, undisputed. ३. चपयिचु, and चपिचु free from.

चपयिचु adj. mfn. (-च-पा-च) or adv. n. (-च) 1. Continued, uninterrupted. 2. Continually, (applied to action.) ३. च neg. and चपयिचु mutual.

चपयिचु mfn. (-च-पा-च) Not having the head downwards or reverted. 2. Presenting a firm front in battle or danger. ३. च neg. चपयिचु reverted.

चपयिचु mfn. (-च-पा-च) Unconquered, unsurpassed. m. (-चः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. Also of VISHNU. 3. A sage. f. (-चः) 1. A name applied to several plants. 2. (Oltoria ternata,) see चिचिचिचि. 3. Eschynomene asaban, see चप. and 4. Another plant, see चपयिचु. 5. A name of the goddess DUMAA. 6. A species of the चपयिचु metre of four lines, with fourteen syllables in each line. 7. The north-east quarter. ३. चपयिचु another, च neg. and चिचु conquered, excelled, &c.

चपयिचु mfn. (-च-पा-च) Unconquerable, invincible. ३. चपयिचु, and चपयिचु unconquerable.

कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Criminal, guilty. 2. Erring. ३. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ m. (-कृ-तार्थ-) An archer or arrow always missing the butt. ३. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Offending an offender. ३. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ m. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Offence, transgression, fault. ३. चप badly, and हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Criminated, condemned. ३. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ f. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Criminality, guilt. So चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Offending, culpable, criminal. ३. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Independent. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ m. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Afternoon, the last watch of the day. ३. चप last, and हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Belonging to or produced in the close of the day, also चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Unknown. 2. Unseen. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Dry, not moist, not liquid. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Unknown, unobtained. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ m. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Non-acceptance. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Unfit or improper to be accepted, not to be taken. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Without acquaintance. 2. Misanthropic. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Unacquainted with, unknown to. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Unsociable. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ n. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Absence of clothing, nudity. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Uncovered, unclothed. So चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Continuous, connected without interval. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ m. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Want of arrangement or order. 2. Want of distinction or division. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Unarranged, not distinguished or divided. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ n. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Celibacy. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ f. (-कृ-तार्थ-) An unmarried woman. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Not quite mature. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ f. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Want of order, disarrangement. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Unripe, immature, imperfect. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Without measure, immense, immeasurable. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Unmeasured. 2. Unlimited, unbounded. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Unbounded, illimitable. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Pure, clean. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Not to be reprimanded. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Unattended, unattended. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.

कृतार्थ m. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Coarseness, rudeness, want of polish or finish, moral or physical. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Coarse, rude, unpolished, unadorned, morally or physically. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Distant, not contiguous. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Not to be abandoned or lost. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Not to be avoided, inevitable. 2. Not to be abandoned. 3. Not to be degraded. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Untried, unproved. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Ugly, deformed, ill-looking, ill-made, monstrous. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Leafless. f. (-कृ-तार्थ-) A name of Pārvatī. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Unlimited, unbounded. 2. Incompetent, unable, insufficient. 3. Incomplete, not enough. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ m. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Want of order or method. ३. चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ n. (-कृ-तार्थ-) A pin or bolt. ३. चप below, and हृत् to take, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ m. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Denial or concealment of knowledge, evasion. 2. Affection, regard. 3. Concealing, hiding. ३. चप away, or kindly, and हृत् to speak, क् aff; also चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) One who denies or evades. ३. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ f. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Thirst. ३. चप, हृत् to desire, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Without air, sheltered from wind. n. (-कृ-तार्थ-) A garden, grove. ३. चप, and हृत् a wood, or चप neg. चप before, हृत् to accomplish, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ m. (-कृ-तार्थ-) An inner apartment, the lying-in chamber. ३. चप before, हृत् to hide or close, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ n. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Covering, screening. 2. A garment, a mantle. ३. चप before, हृत् to screen, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ m. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Final beatitude, the delivery of the soul from the body, and exemption from farther transmigration. 2. Abandoning, quitting. 3. The fruit or consequences of any completed act. 4. The completion of any act. 5. Any act brought to a conclusion. 6. End, completion. ३. चप from, हृत् to forsake, क् aff, and हृत् substituted for क्.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Conferring final beatitude. ३. चप before, and हृत् who gives.  
 कृतार्थ n. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Gift or donation. 2. Final emancipation or beatitude. 3. Abandoning, abandonment. ३. चप before, हृत् to forsake, and क् aff. See चप before.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) Abandoned, quitted, got rid of, given east away. ३. चप before, हृत् to forsake, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ m. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Taking away. 2. A common measure in algebra. ३. चप away, हृत् to be, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ n. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Agitating, shaking. 2. Taking away, removal, resumption. 3. Transferring, removing from one place to another. 4. Abbreviation, abridging. 5. Division by a common measure, reduction of a fraction to its lowest terms. ३. चप away, हृत् to be, क् aff.  
 कृतार्थ m. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Censure, blame. 2. An order, a command. 3. Differences, distinction, exception. 4. Contradiction, opposition, denial. ३. चप implying aversion, and हृत् speech, from हृत् with क्; also चप before.  
 कृतार्थ mfn. (-कृ-तार्थ-) 1. Censuring, accusing. 2. Opposing, objecting to. 3. Excepting, excluding. ३. चप before, हृत् to speak, क् aff.

**चपवाहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Accused, censured. 2. Opposed, objected to. ३. च before, च् to speak, causal form, च aff.

**चपवादिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Arguing, defaming. 2. Opposing, object- ing to. ३. चपवाद and इति aff.

**चपवारच** n. (-च) Disappearance, concealment, covering. ३. च before, च् to hide, in the causal form, च्छुट् aff.

**चपवारित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Covered, concealed, disappeared. ३. च before, च् to hide, च affix, and the vowel is made long.

**चपवाद** ind. 1. (In theatrical language). Apart, aside. 2. Having con- cealed. ३. च before, च् to hide, च्छुट् aff.

**चपवाद** m. (-वः) An inference or deduction. ३. च before, च् to bear, च्छुट् aff.

**चपविष** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Impure, unclean. ३. च neg. पविष pure.

**चपविषता** f. (-ता) Impurity, uncleanness. So **चपविषत** n. (-वः) ३. तच् or त added to the last.

**चपविह** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Rejected, dismissed, removed. 2. Thrown, sent. ३. Broken to pieces. ३. च before. च्छुट् to strike, च the part. affix, and the semivowel changed to its corresponding vowel व.

**चपविपुत्र** m. (-वः) A son rejected by his natural parents, and adopted by a stranger; one of the twelve objects of filiation in Hindu law. ३. चपविह as before, and पुत्र a son.

**चपविषा** f. (-वा) A species of grass, (Kyllingia monoccephala.) ३. च, and विष poison.

**चपवृत्** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Reversed, inverted, overturned. 2. Deprived of. 3. Uncovered. ३. च, and वृत् established.

**चपविव** m. (-वः) Piercing any thing in the wrong direction. ३. च, and विव perforating.

**चपव्यय** m. (-यः) Prodigality. ३. च, and व्यय expense.

**चपव्ययमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Squandering. 2. Denying a debt. ३. चप away, व्यय expenditure, used as a verb, मानच् aff.

**चपव्ययिन्** mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Squandering, wasting, prodigal. ३. चपव्यय and इति aff.

**चपव्रह्म** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Fearless, having no fear or hesitation. adv. n. (-वः) Fearlessly. ३. च, and व्रह्म fear.

**चपव्रह्म** m. (-वः) A low man. See चपव्रह्म.

**चपव्रह्म** m. (-वः) 1. Ungrammatical language. 2. Common or vulgar speech, any form of language not Sanskrit. ३. चप bad, and व्रह्म sound.

**चपवृत्** m. (-वृत्) The soul. ३. च, and वृत् sorrow.

**चपव्रीह** m. (-वः) A tree, (Jonesia asoca.) ३. च, and व्रीह sorrow.

**चपट** n. (-ट) The end or point of the hook for driving an elephant. ३. च before, ट् to surround, and ट aff.

**चपटन** m. (-नः) The point of the hook by which elephants are driven.

**चपटु** m. (-टु) Time. mfn. (-टुः-टुः-टुः) 1. Contrary, opposite. 2. Left, (not right.) ind. 1. Well, properly. 2. Handsomely. 3. Contrary, perversely. ३. चप badly, च् what stays, with तु Una'di affix; च becomes ट.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) Opposite, contrary. ३. चपट्ट, contrary, and ट from टा to obtain, affix ट.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Opposite, contrary. ३. As before, च substituted for ट.

**चपट्ट** n. (-ट) Sacrificing. ३. चपट्ट to obtain, चपट्ट Una'di aff.; the radical vowel made short.

**चपट्ट** m. (-टः) A low man, an outcaste; it especially applies to the children of six degrading connexions, or of a Brahman with the women of the three lower classes; of a Kshatriya with women of two, the Vaisya and Sudra; and of a Vaisya with one of a lower class or a Sudra. ३. चप low, च् to abide, and च्छुट् aff.

**चपट्ट** m. (-टः) The removal of any thing from one place to another. ३. च before ट् to go, च्छुट् aff.

**चपट्ट** m. (-ट) 1. A gift or donation. 2. Killing. 3. Final transmigration. 4. Abandonment. ३. च before, च्छुट् to leave, and च्छुट् aff.

**चपट्ट** n. (-ट) Going out, egress. ३. च before, च्छुट् going.

**चपट्ट** m. (-टः) A secret emissary or agent, a spy. So **चपट्ट** m. (-वः) ३. चप bad, &c. च्छुट् who goes; from च्छुट् with च्छुट् aff.

**चपट्ट** ind. The space between the thumb and the forefinger.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Opposite, contrary. 2. Right, (not left.) ३. (-वः) The space between the thumb and the forefinger. ३. च, and च्छुट् left.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) See the above. ३. च्छुट् added.

**चपट्ट** m. (-टः) 1. Egress, passage for going forth. 2. Going out or away. ३. च before, च्छुट् a going.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone out, got out, escaped, fled. ३. च before च्छुट् gone.

**चपट्ट** m. (-टः) 1. Any part of a carriage. 2. The shaft. 3. Piece. ३. च, and च्छुट् from च्छुट् to furrow, or च्छुट् to do; च is inserted for the sake of euphony.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Bathed or bathing after mourning, or upon the death of a connexion. 2. Bathed after death, (the corpse,) prepara- tory to other ceremonies. ३. च, and च्छुट् bathed, from च्छुट्, and च्छुट् aff.

**चपट्ट** n. (-नं) 1. Funereal bathing, upon the death of a connexion, after mourning, &c. 2. Impure bathing, or bathing in water with which a person has previously washed. ३. च, and च्छुट् bathing.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Being without spies or emissaries. 2. Want- ing the introduction or explanation, (grammar.) ३. च with च्छुट् a spy, or च and च्छुट् the first section of the Bha'shya.

**चपट्ट** m. (-टः) Epilepsy, falling sickness. ३. चप privation, च्छुट् to re- member, and च्छुट् affix; loss of memory or sense.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-टी-टिनी-टि) Epileptic, convulsed. ३. इति added to the last.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Destroyed. ३. च, and च्छुट् killed.

**चपट्ट** n. (-ट) 1. Taking away, carrying off, stealing, &c. 2. Taking back, resuming. ३. च before, च्छुट् to take, च्छुट् aff.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. To be taken away, carried off, stolen, &c. 2. To be taken back or resumed. ३. च before, च्छुट् to take, च्छुट् affix; also चपट्ट, and चपट्ट.

**चपट्ट** n. (-नं) 1. Taking away or off. 2. Stealing, plundering. ३. च, and च्छुट् the hand.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Lost, gone, parted with or deprived of. ३. च, च्छुट् the hand, च्छुट् aff.

**चपट्ट** f. (-तिः) 1. Exception, exclusion. 2. Quitting, leaving. 3. Leav- ing off, stopping. ३. च, and च्छुट् abandoning.

**चपट्ट** ind. Having left or abandoned. 2. Except, excepting. ३. च before, च्छुट् to abandon, च्छुट् aff.

**चपट्ट** m. (-टः) 1. Loss. 2. Taking away. 3. Theft, stealing. 4. Secret- ting. 5. Spending another person's property. ३. च before, च्छुट् to take, च्छुट् aff.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) One who takes away, seizing, taking a thief. ३. चपट्ट to take away, च्छुट् aff.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-टी-टिनी-टि) One who takes away, who seizes, steals, &c. a plunderer, a thief. ३. चपट्ट to steal, च्छुट् aff.

**चपट्ट** m. (-वः) Silly or senseless laughter. ३. च before, च्छुट् laughter.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Taken away, carried off, stolen, &c. 2. Taken back, resumed. ३. च before, च्छुट् taken.

**चपट्ट** m. (-वः) 1. Denial or concealment of knowledge. 2. Abjection. ३. च before, च्छुट् to conceal, and च्छुट् aff.

**चपट्ट** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Concealed, denied. ३. च before, च्छुट् and च्छुट्.

**चपट्ट** f. (-तिः) 1. Denial or concealment of knowledge. 2. A figure of rhetoric, applying a description or simile to other things in obvious application. ३. चपट्ट and च्छुट् aff.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वि-प्र) One who conceals or denies. २. अप्राप्त and अप्राप्त mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) १. Immature, raw, undressed or unripe. २. Undigested. ३. (-वा-प्र) १. Immaturity. २. Indigestion. ३. च neg. सप्त ripeness.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) १. Payment, liquidation. २. Removal, abstraction. ३. च and वा before प्र to make, प्र aff.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) Ginger. ३. अप्राप्त indigestion, and अप्राप्त herb.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-ता-प्र) १. Taken away, removed, destroyed, void of. २. Paid. ३. च and वा before प्र made.

**अप्राप्त** f. (-प्रि) १. Removal, taking away. २. Change of form or condition. ३. च and वा before प्रि doing, or च with, वाप्रि form.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) Present, perceptible. ३. च before, and च an organ of sense, or चि the eye.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) १. Not in a line or row. २. Not in the same degree or class, unworthy, inadmissible into society, excluded. ३. च neg. प्रि a line, च affix; also similar derivatives as अप्राप्त, &c.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) १. Not in a line or row. २. Not in the same degree or order of society. ३. च neg. प्रि a line, इ aff. See अप्राप्त.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-ता-प्र) Defiled or contaminated by the presence of impure or improper persons. ३. अप्राप्त excluded, अप्राप्त affected by.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) १. The outer corner of the eye. २. A sectorial mark or circlet on the forehead. mfn. (-वा-ही-प्र) Maimed, crippled. ३. च before चि to go, and च affix, or च a limb.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) Maimed, mutilated. m. (-वा-) १. A plant, (*Achyranthes aspera*.) २. The outer angle of the eye. ३. च before the body, and च aff.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) A side glance, a leer, a wink. ३. अप्राप्त the corner of च the eye, and प्र looking.

**अप्राप्त** or **अप्राप्त** mfn. (अप्राप्त अप्राप्त अप्राप्त) South, southern. ३. See अप्राप्त.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) १. Southern, southerly. २. Not to be ripened or digested. ३. अप्राप्त, and च affix or च neg. प्रि to be ripened.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) १. South, southern. २. Opposite. ३. अप्राप्त and च aff.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) १. Sickness, disease. २. Awkwardness, inelegance. ३. च priv. and प्रि strength, cleverness, &c. See अप्राप्त.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) Celibacy. ३. च neg. प्रि taking the hand, as in marrying.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) १. A worthless or common utensil. २. An inferior or worthless person. ३. च neg. प्रि a vessel.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) १. Acting unbecomingly, doing degrading offices, as for a BRAHMAN to receive wealth improperly acquired; to trade, to serve a SUDRA, and to utter an untruth. २. Excommunication, disqualification. ३. च neg. प्रि a vessel, च affix making, प्रि augment; disqualifying a person from eating out of the same vessel as another.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) १. Removal, ablation, the sense of the fifth or ablative case. २. Taking away. ३. च from, अप्राप्त taking.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) १. The anus. २. A fart, one of the five vital airs. ३. च below, प्र to breathe, प्र aff.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) The ocean. ३. च of water, प्र land.

**अप्राप्त** m. (-प्रि) The ocean. ३. च of water, प्रि receptacle.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) Sinless, virtuous, pure. See अप्राप्त mfn. (-वा-वि-प्र) ३. च neg. प्रि sin or चि sin.

**अप्राप्त** m. (-प्र) A plant, (*Achyranthes aspera*.) ३. च, प्र to clean, प्रि produced, and च affix; the ashes are used in washing linen.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्रि) १. The ocean. २. A name of Yama. See अप्राप्त. ३. च of water, and प्र master.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) Fire. ३. च of water, and प्र bile; drying it up.

**अप्राप्त** m. (-वा-) १. Destruction, annihilation. २. Separation, disunion. ३. Loss, injury. ४. Departure, going away. ५. Retreat, flight. ३. च away, च going.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वि-प्र) १. Going away, departing, perishing. ३. च and प्र aff.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) The opposite bank of a river. mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) Unbounded, boundless, interminable. ३. च neg. प्र shore.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) Incompetent, impotent. ३. च neg. प्र who gets through or over.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) १. Useless, unprofitable. २. Unmeaning. ३. च without, च object, also with च added अप्राप्त.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) A false plea in a law suit. ३. अप्राप्त, and च making.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) १. Turning away or from. २. Retreat, repulse. ३. Ret- turning. ३. च and च before, प्र to be, प्र aff.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-ता-प्र) १. Self-willed, unrestrained. २. Covered, conceal- ed. ३. Surrounded, inclosed. ४. Opened. ५. Driven away. adv. (-प्र) Immoderately, unreservedly. ३. च priv. प्र to hide, with च prefixed, and च aff.

**अप्राप्त** f. (-प्रि) १. Enclosing, surrounding. २. Covering, screening. ३. च and च before, प्र to hide, प्र aff.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) १. Rolling on the ground, (as a horse.) २. Un- covered. ३. Driven back or to the rear, repelled. ३. च before, प्र to stand, and च aff.

**अप्राप्त** f. (-प्रि) १. Retreat, repulse. २. Returning. ३. च and च before, प्र to be, प्र aff.

**अप्राप्त** m. (-प्र) An awning spread over a court or yard. mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) Helpless, destitute. ३. च, and च protection.

**अप्राप्त** m. (-प्र) A quiver; also अप्राप्त.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) १. Quitting, foregoing, discarding. २. Killing, slaughter. ३. च, च to be, and प्र aff.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) Departing, departure, removal. ३. च and च before, प्र to go, प्र aff.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-ता-प्र) Thrown or cut down, injured, destroyed. ३. च with च to throw, च affix and प्र augment.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-ता-प्र) Gone, departed, gone away. ३. च, and च before, प्र to go, च aff.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) १. Thrown off, set aside. २. Driven away, expell- ed. ३. Discarded, abandoned. ४. Disregarded, contemned. ३. च and च to throw, च aff.

**अप्राप्त** ind. १. Having quitted or left. २. Having thrown away. ३. Dis- regarded. ३. च, and च to throw, च aff.

**अप्राप्त** ind. A proposition and particle corresponding to even, though, yet, assuredly, &c. and implying. १. Interrogation. २. Earnest inter- rogation or enquiry. ३. Doubt. ४. Possibility. ५. Reproof; and. ६. Conjunction. ७. It is often an expletive. ३. च neg. and प्र to go, with प्र aff.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) Praised. ३. च before, प्र part. past, irregularly formed from प्र to sound.

**अप्राप्त** ind. Moreover, also.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) Clear, free from sediment or soil. ३. च neg. प्र muddy.

**अप्राप्त** ind. If, if indeed, yet, but yet. ३. च, and प्र but, and, &c.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) See the next. ३. च neg. प्र a father, प्र added.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) Uninherited, acquired, not ancestral or pater- nal. ३. च neg. प्र a father, प्र aff.

**अप्राप्त** n. (-प्र) Covering, concealment, disappearance. ३. च before च to have or hold, and प्र aff. See अप्राप्त.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-वा-वा-प्र) Clothed, accoutred. ३. च, and प्र part. past of च to bind.



चरितः mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Upright honest. न. च neg. चरितः dishonest.  
 चरीडन n. (-न) Gentleness, kindness, giving pain to nothing. न. च neg.  
 चरीडन paining.  
 चरीडन m. (-नः) Dryness of the nose, want of the pituitary secretion  
 and loss of smell, cold. न. च neg. चरीडन the mucus of the nose.  
 चरीड्य mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Very handsome.  
 चरु mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Tailless, f. (-नः) A tree, (Dalbergia sisu.)  
 See शिशपा. न. च neg. पुच्छ a tail.  
 चरु mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Wicked, bad. न. च, and चरु virtuous. So चरुचरीड.  
 चरुचरु mfn. (-नः) Acting wickedly, wicked, bad. न. चरु who does, with  
 चरुचरु. So चरुचरुचरु.  
 चरुच m. (-नः) A man who has no son. न. च neg. पुत्र a son, also with  
 कन् added, चरुचकः.  
 चरुचरुचरु f. (-नः) Final exemption from life. न. च neg. पुनरावृत्ति re-  
 newed practice.  
 चरुचरुच m. (-नः) Final beatitude, exemption of the soul from further  
 transmigration. न. च neg. पुनर् again, and भव being.  
 चरुचरु mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Modern, new. So चरुचरुतन. न. च neg. पुराच old.  
 चरुचरु mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Unmanly. न. च neg. पुत्र a man.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Lean. न. च neg. पुष्ट nourished.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Not flowering. न. च neg. पुष्प a flower. So चरुचक  
 and चरुचकित.  
 चरुचकचरु m. (-नः) Any tree which bears fruit, without flowering, as  
 the jack tree. न. चरुच, फल fruit, and च what gives.  
 चरुचक mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Irreligious, irreverent. न. च neg. पूजक a wor-  
 shipper.  
 चरुचा f. (-नः) Irreverence, disrespect. न. च नष्ट. पूजा worship.  
 चरुचकित mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Contemned, disregarded, not revered or  
 worshipped. न. च neg. पूजित worshipped.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Impure. 2. Not having received the invocatory  
 rite. न. च neg. पूत pure.  
 चरुच m. (-नः) 1. Cake of flour, meal, &c. 2. Wheat. न. चरुच to split with  
 च neg. prefixed; च affixed, and च dropped.  
 चरुच m. (-नः) Flour, meal. न. चरुच a cake, and चत् aff.  
 चरुचरी f. (-नः) The silk cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.)  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Incomplete, not full or entire. m. (-नः) A fraction.  
 2. An incomplete number. न. च neg. पूर्य full.  
 चरुच काल mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Premature. m. (-नः) Incomplete time. न. चरुच,  
 and काल time.  
 चरुच कालज mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Abortive, born before the proper time. न.  
 चरुच, and काल time, and ज born.  
 चरुचता f. (-नः) Incompleteness. न. चरुच and तत् affix; also with ल, चरुचल.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Wonderful, extraordinary. 2. Unprecedented,  
 unpreceded. 3. Excellent, not exceeded. 4. Not easterly. n. (-नः)  
 The remote or unforeseen consequence of an act, as heaven of  
 religious rites, a consequence not immediately preceded by its  
 cause. न. च neg. पूर्य prior.  
 चरुचतत् ind. Singularly, unlike any thing else. न. चरुच and तत् aff.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Unmixed, uncombined. m. (-नः) (In grammar) an  
 affix of a single letter. न. च neg. पूर्य combined.  
 चरुच ind. With, together with, collectively. न. च, not, चरुच severally.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Unasked, unaddressed, not spoken to. न. च neg.  
 पूर्य asked.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Expecting. न. चरुच before, चरुच to see, चरुच aff.  
 चरुचरीड mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. To be regarded or considered. 2. Desirable.  
 न. चरुच before, चरुच to see, चरुचरीड aff.  
 चरुचा f. (-नः) 1. Expectation, hope. 2. Regard, reference, consideration.  
 3. Connexion of cause and effect. 4. Absolute connexion, as of an  
 individual with its species. 5. Necessity, need, occasion. न. चरुच, चरुच  
 to see, चरुच and चरुच aff.

चरुचावृत्ति f. (-नः) Clearness of understanding, the faculty of arranging  
 and methodising a variety of considerations. न. चरुचा, and चरुचा  
 intellect.  
 चरुचित mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Regarded, considered, referred to. 2. Wished,  
 hoped. 3. Connected. न. चरुच, चरुच to see, चरुच aff.  
 चरुचित mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. To be regarded or considered. 2. Desir-  
 able, estimable. न. चरुच, and चरुच to see, चरुच aff.  
 चरुचिन् mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Expecting, hoping, an expectant. 2. Look-  
 ing to. न. चरुच and चरुच aff.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. To be regarded or considered. 2. To be  
 wished or desired. ind. Having considered, having, or with, regard  
 or reference to. न. चरुच, चरुच to see, चरुच or चरुच aff.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Gone, departed. 2. Lost. 3. Open, apart. न. चरुच,  
 and चरुच gone.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Inexpert. न. च neg. चरुच clever.  
 चरुच n. (-न) Integrity, honesty, uprightness. न. च neg. चरुच roguery.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Deformed, having a limb too many or too  
 few, &c. 2. Flaccid. 3. A child or infant. 4. Timid, fearful. न. चरुच  
 before, चरुच to go, affix च, deriv. irr.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Removed, carried off. 2. Lost, deprived of, taken  
 away. 3. Discussed, established by argument. न. चरुच, and चरुच borne.  
 चरुचिचा f. (-नः) A potherb, (Basella, rubra or lucida.)  
 चरुच m. (-नः) 1. The removal of doubt by the exercise of the reasoning  
 faculty. 2. Reasoning, arguing. न. चरुच reverse, चरुच to reason, and  
 चरुच affix; opposed to doubt or deliberation.  
 चरुच n. (-न) Reasoning, exercise of reason. न. चरुच, and चरुच to reason,  
 चरुच aff.  
 चरुचित mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Removed, taken away. 2. Lost, deprived of.  
 3. Established by reason. न. चरुच, and चरुच to bear, चरुच aff.  
 चरुच n. (-न) Unmanliness, cowardice. न. च neg. चरुच manhood.  
 चरुच n. (-नः) Sacrificing, offering oblations. न. चरुच to obtain, चरुच affix,  
 and चरुच inserted.  
 चरुच m. (-नः) 1. The body. 2. A limb or member. न. चरुच to obtain, and  
 चरुच Uns' di aff.  
 चरुच n. (-नः) Water, (in the language of the Vedas.) न. चरुच to obtain,  
 चरुच affix, and चरुच inserted.  
 चरुचि m. (-नः) A name of VASUNA. न. चरुच water, and चरुच lord; regent  
 of the water, also चरुचिचि.  
 चरुचि m. (-नः) Fine. न. चरुच water, चरुचि bile; see चरुचिचि.  
 चरुच ind. Also, indeed. न. चरुच, and चरुच or.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Unmanifested, unapparent. न. च neg. चरुच evident.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Unshaken, literally or figuratively, firm,  
 steady. 2. Unanswered, unrefuted. न. च neg. चरुच trembling.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Firmness, stability. 2. Unanswerableness. न. चरुच  
 added to the preceding, also with ल, चरुचल.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Not exceeded, not more than. 2. Unsurpassed.  
 न. च neg. चरुच bettered, exceeded.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Hidden, private, not public or displayed, not  
 manifest or evident. न. च neg. चरुच light.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Not manifested, undivulged, unrevealed, not  
 evident or public. न. च neg. चरुच manifested.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Unusual, uncommon, occasional or incidental  
 to. न. च neg. चरुच before, चरुच made.  
 चरुच f. (-नः) 1. Accidental property or nature, not the inherent or  
 inseparable property. 2. Spiritual being. न. च neg. चरुच nature of  
 matter.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Low, vile. m. (-नः) A crow. न. च neg. चरुच  
 excellent.  
 चरुच mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Dull, obtuse. 2. Bland, mild. न. च neg. चरुच  
 sharp.



मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Modest, unassuming. न. च neg. मृदु arrogant.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Confounded, perplexed. न. च neg. मृदु direct.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Little, few. न. च neg. मृदु much.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Undesired, not bidden or commanded. 2. Undeclared, not said. 3. Not promised. 4. Unasked, declared. न. च neg. मृदु directed.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Observing, following, not fallen or deviating from. न. च neg. मृदु fallen.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Childless, without progeny. 2. Unpeopled, destitute of subjects. न. च neg. मृदु offspring.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Childless. f. (-मृ) A barren woman. न. च neg. मृदु generated.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Unconsecrated, profane, common. न. च neg. मृदु sacred.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Not to be turned away. न. च neg. मृदु to be dismissed.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Not to be discussed, incomprehensible by reason. न. च neg. मृदु to be investigated.  
 मृदु m. (-मृ) 1. Meanness, want of dignity. 2. Dulness, want of brilliancy. न. च neg. मृदु splendor.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Trusted, confidential. 2. One who does not requite or retaliate. न. च neg. मृदु again, चर who does.  
 मृदु m. (-मृ) 1. Non-requital, non-acquittal. 2. Non-retaliation. 3. Not remedying. mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Helpless, defenceless. 2. Irremediable. न. च neg. मृदु rendering again or the like.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Not to be taken, unacceptable. न. च neg. मृदु to be taken.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Favourable, friendly. न. च neg. मृदु adverse.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Not to be bartered or exchanged. न. च not, मृदु again, मृदु to be sold.  
 मृदु f. (-मृ) 1. Non-ascertainment. 2. Non-performance, failure. 3. Neglecting, disregard. न. च neg. मृदु effecting.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Unascertained. 2. Unaccomplished. 3. Neglected. न. च neg. मृदु effected.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Modest, bashful. 2. Confounded, perplexed. 3. Unreflected, (as an image). न. च neg. मृदु light, reflexion.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Unequalled, incomparable. न. च neg. मृदु similitude.  
 मृदु m. (-मृ) Natural or spontaneous state or condition. न. च neg. मृदु fabrication.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Natural, not made or artificial. न. च neg. मृदु fabrication.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Unobstructed, undisputed. 2. Absolute, direct, (as inheritance,) not collateral or presumptive. न. च neg. मृदु obstacle.  
 मृदु n. (-मृ) 1. A march or procession. 2. The Saṃs Veda. 3. Auspicious, well, right. m. (-मृ) A warrior. न. च neg. मृदु against, मृदु a car.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Unequalled, incomparable. न. च neg. मृदु against, मृदु kind, form.  
 मृदु f. (-मृ) Unanswerable or incomparable discourse. न. च मृदु, and मृदु speech.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Unimpeded, unobstructed. न. च neg. मृदु hindered.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Natural, unartificial. न. च neg. मृदु fabrication.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Infamous, disreputable. 2. Thrown away, unprofitable. 3. Undecided, fluctuating. न. च neg. मृदु credit, &c.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Unconsecrated. 2. Obscure, uncelebrated. 3. Unsettled, unfixed. न. च neg. मृदु celebrated, &c.

मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Unprohibited, unforbidden. न. च neg. मृदु forbidden.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Unaffected, uninjured, unimpaired. 2. Not disappointed. 3. Unobstructed. न. च neg. मृदु hurt.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Unresisting, defenceless. 2. Irremediable. m. (-मृ) 1. Non-retaliation. 2. Want of remedy or relief. न. च neg. मृदु counteracting.  
 मृदु f. (-मृ) Mistrust, want of confidence. न. च neg. मृदु faith.  
 मृदु m. (-मृ) Necessity, want. न. च neg. मृदु sufficiency.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Invisible, imperceptible, not present. न. च neg. मृदु present.  
 मृदु m. (-मृ) Doubt, distrust, disbelief. न. च neg. मृदु trust.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Doubtful, mistrusting, sceptical. न. च मृदु and मृदु aff.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Assented to, uncontradicted, unrefuted. न. च neg. मृदु denied.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Not to be contradicted, undeniable. न. च neg. मृदु deniable.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Unpublished. 2. Unnoted, unknown. न. च neg. मृदु celebrated.  
 मृदु n. (-मृ) Subordinate, secondary. न. च neg. मृदु principal: (always neuter.)  
 मृदु f. (-मृ) Inferiority, subordination. न. च मृदु added to the last, also with मृदु, मृदु.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Weak, inefficacious. न. च neg. मृदु potent.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Dull, obscure. 2. Mean. न. च neg. मृदु radiance.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Insufficient, inadequate. न. च neg. मृदु before मृदु been.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Careful, attentive, vigilant. न. च neg. मृदु careless.  
 मृदु m. (-मृ) Care, vigilance. न. च neg. मृदु carelessness.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Careful, cautious, steady. न. च मृदु and मृदु aff.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Unbounded, unmeasured. न. च neg. मृदु measured.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Unbounded, immeasurable. न. च neg. मृदु measurable.  
 मृदु m. (-मृ) Indifference, laziness. mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Indifferent, apathetic, making no effort. न. च neg. मृदु energy.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Quick, expeditious. न. च neg. मृदु slow.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Abstaining from action, inert. 2. Not exciting to action. न. च neg. मृदु what excites.  
 मृदु n. (-मृ) 1. Refraining from, not engaging in. 2. Not exciting to. न. च neg. मृदु before मृदु to be, मृदु aff.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Unskilful. न. च neg. मृदु skilful.  
 मृदु f. (-मृ) 1. Abstaining from action, inertia. 2. Non-excitement. 3. (In Medicine) Suppression of the natural evacuations, constipation, incontinence, &c. न. च neg. मृदु active exertion.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Moderate, temperate. न. च neg. मृदु intent or fond of.  
 मृदु f. (-मृ) Moderation. mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Moderate, temperate. न. च neg. मृदु addiction to any thing.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Bad, worthless. न. च neg. मृदु excellent.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Turbid, muddy. 2. Displeased, dissatisfied, unfavourable. न. च neg. मृदु pleased.  
 मृदु m. (-मृ) Disfavour, disapprobation. न. च neg. मृदु favour.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Not to be propitiated. 2. Unappeasable, implacable. न. च neg. मृदु before मृदु to go, मृदु aff.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) 1. Unusual, uncommon. 2. Uncelebrated. न. च neg. मृदु famous.  
 मृदु mfn. (-मृ-मृ-मृ) Not having offspring, barren, childless. न. च neg. मृदु bearing.

**अप्रारम्भित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Uncommenced, not begun. 2. Unconnected with, unattached to. 3. Uncommon, unusual. 4. Unpraised, not celebrated. 5. Confounded, not prompt. **अ** neg. **प्र** before **हु** to praise, **त** aff.

**अप्रहत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unhurt, intact. 2. Untilled, waste, fallow. **अ** neg. **प्रहत** broken.

**अप्राज्ञ** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Special, particular, not common or generic. 2. Not vulgar, (especially as dialect or speech.) **अ** neg. **प्राज्ञ** common, vulgar.

**अप्राथम्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Secondary, subordinate. **अ** neg. **प्राथम्य** principal.

**अप्राचीन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Modern, recent. **अ** neg. **प्राचीन** old.

**अप्राज्ञ** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Unlearned, ignorant. 2. Unconscious, unwitting. **अ** neg. **प्राज्ञ** who knows.

**अप्राज्ञता** f. (-ता) 1. Unconsciousness. 2. Ignorance. **अ** **तत्** added to the last, also with **त्**, **अप्राज्ञत्व**.

**अप्राण** mfn. (-णः-पा-णं) Lifeless, inanimate. **म**. (-वः) Death. **अ** neg. **प्राण** life.

**अप्राणिक** mfn. (-णः-पा-णं) Lifeless, inanimate. **अ** **प्राण** and **रि** aff.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unobtained. 2. Unarrived. **अ** neg. **प्राप्त** acquired.

**अप्राप्तकाल** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Inopportune, out of season. 2. Under age. **अ** **प्राप्त**, and **काल** time.

**अप्राप्तव्यवहार** m. (-रः) A minor. mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Under age, not of years to engage in law or public business. **अ** neg. **प्राप्त** attained, **व्यवहार** legal affairs.

**अप्राप्ति** f. (-तिः) Non-attainment, non-acquisition. **अ** neg. **प्राप्ति** acquisition.

**अप्राप्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Unobtainable, unattainable. ind. Not having obtained. **अ** neg. **प्राप्य** future or past part.

**अप्राप्तमिति** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Unauthentic, unauthoritative. **अ** neg. **प्राप्तमिति** of authority.

**अप्राप्त्य** n. (-यः) Absence, or insufficiency of proof or authority. **अ** neg. **प्राप्त्य** proof.

**अप्राप्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Uncovered, unclothed. **अ** neg. **प्राप्त** covered.

**अप्रिय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Disliked, disagreeable. 2. Unkind, unfriendly. **म**. (-यः) A foe, an enemy. **फ**. (-यः) A sort of skate fish, (*Silurus pungentissimus*.) **अ** neg. **प्रिय** beloved.

**अप्रियकर** mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) 1. Unfriendly, ill-disposed. 2. Disagreeable. **अ** **प्रिय**, and **कर** what makes.

**अप्रियवद** mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) One who speaks harshly or unkindly. **अ** neg. **प्रियवद** kind spoken.

**अप्रियवादिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Speaking unkindly. **अ** **प्रिय**, and **वादिन्** who speaks; also **अप्रियमादिन्**, &c.

**अप्रीति** f. (-तिः) 1. Dislike, aversion. 2. Unfriendliness, enmity. **अ** neg. **प्रीति** love.

**अप्रीतिकर** mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) 1. Unkind, adverse. 2. Disagreeable, offensive. **अ** **प्रीति** and **कर** what makes.

**अप्रीत्य** n. (-यः) Dislike, aversion. **अ** neg. **प्रीत्य** affection.

**अप्रीड** mfn. (-डः-डा-डं) 1. Timid, gentle. 2. Immature. **फ**. (-डः) An unmarried girl, or one very recently married, and not come to womanhood. **अ** neg. **प्रीड** arrogant.

**अप्सर** f. plur. always (-रः) The nymphs of *Swarga*, attendants on *Indra*. **अ** **प** water, **सु** to go, and **अप्सि** *Una'di* affix: or **अप्स** in the waters, and **रस** flavour: from their fondness for bathing, or from their being produced at the churning of the ocean.

**अप्सरा** f. (-रा) an *Apsara* or heavenly nymph. **अ** **प** and **सु** as before, with **अप्स** aff.

**अवक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Unfruitful, barren. 2. Vain, unproductive. **फ**. (-कः) 1. The aloe plant, (*Aloe perfoliata*.) 2. Another plant, (*Flacocartia cataphracta*.) **अ** neg. **वक** fruit.

**अवकला** f. (-ता) Barrenness, unprofitableness. **अ** **वक** with **अप्सि** affix, **अवकला**.

**अवकाशादिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Disinterested, indifferent, not looking to beneficial consequences. **अ** neg. **वक** fruit, and **अवकाश** what desires.

**अवकल** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Productive, profitable. **अ** neg. **वक** worthless.

**अवकल** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Unblown. **अ** neg. **वक** flowered.

**अवीर** n. (-नं) Opium. mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Frothless, without scum or foam. **अ** neg. **वीर** froth; the word in the first sense is, no doubt of modern date and foreign introduction.

**अव** r. 1st cl. With an indicative **व**, **अवि** (अवते) To sound.

**अवद** mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Unmeaning or nonsensical discourse. 2. Unbound at liberty. **अ** neg. **वद** bound, connected.

**अवदक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) See the preceding. **अ** **हुन्** being added, which leaves **व**.

**अवदह** mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Foulmouthed, scurrilous. **अ** **वद** unbound, and **हुन्** the month.

**अवध** m. (-धः) Not killing. **फ**. (-धः) The segment of the base of a triangle. **अ** neg. **वध** what kills.

**अवध्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Unmeaning or nonsensical, (as discourse.) 2. Sacred, not to be put to death. **अ** neg. **वध्य** to bind, or **वध** to kill and **यत्** aff.

**अवध्यभाव** m. (-वः) Immunity, sacredness of character, as that of an ambassador. **अ** **वध्य**, and **भाव** quality.

**अवधुर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Unlovely, displeasing. **अ** neg. **वधुर** handsome.

**अवध्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Fruitful, productive. **अ** neg. **वध्य** bound barren.

**अवल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Weak, feeble, infirm. **म**. (-लः) A plant, (*Tapia cratoeva*.) See **वद**. **फ**. (-लः) A woman. **अ** neg. **वल** strong.

**अवाच** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Unobstructed, unrestrained. 2. Free from pain. **फ**. (-चः) 1. Segment of the base of a triangle. 2. Indistinctness, perplexity. **अ** neg. **वच** to oppose, **अच्** aff.

**अवाचक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Not obstructing or opposing. **अ** neg. **वच** what opposes.

**अवाच्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Improper to be pains or opposed. **अ** neg. **वा** to oppose, **यत्** part. affix, also with **अनीय** and **तव्य**, **अवाचनीय** and **अवाचितव्य**.

**अवाच्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Having no relation or kindred, lone, unacknowledged, unowned. **अ** neg. **वच** kindred, **अच्** aff.

**अवुचि** f. (-तिः) Ignorance: mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) Ignorant, stupid. **अ** neg. **वुचि** understanding.

**अवुचिन्** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Unwise, ignorant, foolish. **अ** neg. **वुचि** wise.

**अवुच** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Stupid, foolish, a fool. **अ** neg. **वुच** wise.

**अवोच** m. (-वः) Ignorance, stupidity. mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Ignorant, stupid. 2. Puzzled, perplexed. **अ** neg. **वीच** knowledge.

**अवीचन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Incomprehensible. **अ** neg. **वीच** knowledge to be attained by.

**अवीचनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Unintelligible. 2. Not to be awakened or aroused. **अ** neg. **वीचनीय** to be understood, &c. also **अवीचिन** and **अवीच**.

**अव** m. (-वः) 1. The moon. 2. A kind of tree, (*Barringtonia acutangula*.) 3. The physician of the gods. See **वच**. mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) A couch. (-वं) 1. A lotus. 2. A large number, a million of millions. **अ** **व** water, and **व** who is born; from the situation of the thing named, or their production at the churning of the ocean.

**अवज** m. (-जः) A name of *Brahma*. **अ** **वज** a lotus, and **ज** born: *Brahma* being said to have sprung at the creation from the lotus, which arose from the navel of *Vishnu*.

**अवजव** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Having fine eyes. **अ** **वज**, and **वज** the eye.

अभय mfn. (-क-भा-य) Having fine eyes. म. अभय and अभय eye.

अभय mfn. (-द-य) Lotus-eyed, having large fine eyes. म. अभय, and द-य eye.

अभय m. (-य) The root of a lotus. म. अभय, and अभय enjoyment.

अभय m. (-भि) A name of Brahma. म. अभय, and अभय the vulva; see अभय.

अभय m. (-य) A name of Siva. म. अभय the moon, and अभय a vehicle: carrying or wearing the moon on his forehead.

अभय m. (-य) The sun. म. अभय a lotus, and अभय a hand: SURYA is represented holding this flower in one hand.

अभय f. (-भि) A multitude of lotus flowers. म. अभय and अभय aff.

अभय m. (-भि) The sun. म. अभय, and अभय a lord.

अभय m. (-य) 1. A cloud. 2. A year. 3. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 4. The name of a mountain. म. अभय water, य changed to य, and य what gives; or अभय to preserve, &c. and अभय Una'di affix; hence the word is also written अभय.

अभय n. (-य) A century. म. अभय, and अभय a hundred.

अभय n. (-य) A thousand years. म. अभय, अभय a thousand.

अभय n. (-य) A half year. म. अभय, and अभय half.

अभय mfn. (-य-भि-य) Annual, yearly. म. अभय and अभय aff.

अभय n. (-य) A fortress surrounded by a moat or lake. म. अभय water, and अभय fort.

अभय m. (-भि) The ocean. म. अभय substituted for अभय water; यि from यि to have, and अभय aff.

अभय m. (-य) Cuttle fish bone. म. अभय, and अभय phlegm; being considered as the froth of the sea.

अभय m. du. (-भि) The two sons of SURYA, and physicians of Swarga. f. (-जा) Wine. म. अभय, and अभय born: the former are more usually termed the sons of ASWINI, see अभय.

अभय f. (-य) The earth. म. अभय, and अभय in the fem. form; an island surrounded by the ocean.

अभय f. (-भि) A name of Dwa'raka, the capital of KRISHNA, see अभय. म. अभय, and अभय a city: the ocean-city.

अभय m. (-य) The moon. म. अभय, अभय fresh butter and अभय affix; produced by churning the ocean.

अभय f. (-भि) A pearl oyster. म. अभय the ocean, and अभय a female frog.

अभय m. (-य) A name of VISHNU. म. अभय, and अभय sleeping; sleeping on the ocean at the periods of the destruction and renovation of the world, having the serpent ANANTA for his couch.

अभय m. (-य) Submarine fire. म. अभय, and अभय fire. See अभय.

अभय m. (-य) A snake. म. अभय for अभय water, and अभय to eat: living upon water.

अभय m. (-य) The ocean. See अभय.

अभय n. (-भि) 1. A baling vessel. 2. An iron hoe. 3. A stick tipped or shod with iron. See अभय.

अभय n. (-य) 1. Incontinence. 2. Coition. म. अभय neg. and अभय the duty of the religious student, i.e. chastity; also with अभय added अभय n. (-य).

अभय n. (-य) Sacred, not to be killed, (in theatrical language.) म. अभय not, अभय proper for a Brahman, i.e. death; also अभय.

अभय r. 1st cl. With an indicative य, अभय (अभय) To sound, (not generally admitted.)

अभय mfn. (-य-भा-य) Not believing, not attached to. म. अभय neg. अभय attached.

अभय m. (-य) Want of appetite. म. अभय neg. अभय food, अभय inclination.

अभय f. (-य) Want of appetite. म. अभय neg. अभय food, अभय inclination.

अभय f. (-भि) Incredulity, unbelief, want of devotion to. म. अभय neg. अभय.

अभय mfn. (-य-भा-य) Unbelieving, unattached to. म. अभय neg. अभय believing.

अभय n. (-य) 1. Abstaining from, not eating any thing. 2. Fasting. म. अभय neg. अभय eating.

अभय mfn. (-य-भा-य) Not to be eaten. म. अभय neg. अभय to be eaten.

अभय n. (-य) Unfitness as food. म. अभय and अभय affix; also अभय.

अभय mfn. (-य-भा-य) Entire, unbroken. 2. Uninterrupted. म. अभय neg. अभय broken.

अभय mfn. (-य-भा-य) 1. Unbroken, entire. 2. Undisturbed, uninterrupted. म. अभय neg. अभय what breaks.

अभय n. (-य) 1. Absence or removal of fear. 2. The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) f. (-य) Yellow myrobalan, (Terminalia citrina.) mfn. (-य-भा-य) Fearless, undaunted. म. अभय neg. and अभय fear; the plant removing the dread of disease.

अभय m. (-य) A war-drum. म. अभय, and अभय a drum: inspiring courage.

अभय m. (-य) A protector, a defender. mfn. (-य-भा-य) Removing fear or danger. म. अभय fearlessness, य who gives; also with य prefix अभय.

अभय f. (-य) Promise or present of protection from danger. म. अभय, and अभय a gift to a Brahman, which, in this case he may receive from even a Sudra.

अभय n. (-य) Assurance of safety or protection. म. अभय and अभय gift.

अभय mfn. (-य-भा-य) One who grants safety. म. अभय fearlessness. य who gives.

अभय n. (-य) Assurance of safety or protection. म. अभय, and अभय giving.

अभय f. (-य) Assurance of safety, encouragement. म. अभय, and अभय speech.

अभय m. (-य) 1. End of the world, liberation from the world. 2. Non-existence. mfn. (-य-भा-य) Non-existent. म. अभय neg. अभय being.

अभय mfn. (-य-भा-य) What is not to be, what will not be. म. अभय neg. अभय to be.

अभय f. (-य) Fate, predestined non-occurrence. म. अभय neg. अभय what is to be, त-य affix; also अभय.

अभय mfn. (-य-भा-य) 1. Not to be, not predestined. 2. Improper, what ought not to be. म. अभय neg. अभय what is to be, also अभय, &c.

अभय mfn. (-य-भा-य) Not sharing or dividing. म. अभय neg. अभय a share.

अभय mfn. (-य-भा-य) Unfortunate, wretched. म. अभय neg. अभय fortunate. So अभय mfn. (-य-भा-य).

अभय m. (-य) 1. Non-existence, annihilation. 2. Death. 3. (In logic) Negation of two kinds, स-य-भा-य universal negation, and अभय-भा-य relative or mutual negation. 4. (In rhetoric) Absence of the essential parts of poetical description of character, want of the properties or temperaments. म. अभय neg. अभय being.

अभय f. (-य) 1. Absence of judgement or right perception. 2. Absence of religious meditation or contemplation. म. अभय neg. अभय perceiving.

अभय mfn. (-य-भा-य) Not to be contemplated or inferred, uninferrible, inconceivable, unintelligible. म. अभय neg. अभय to be perceived.

अभय mfn. (-य-भा-य) 1. What is not to be, what will not be. 2. Void of temperament or natural disposition. म. अभय neg. अभय future, or having disposition.

अभय n. (-य) Silence. म. अभय neg. and अभय speaking.

अभि ind. A preposition and particle implying. 1. Superiority in place, rank, or power, (over, upon, against, above:) 2. Proximity, (near:) 3. Separation, (severally:) 4. Wish, desire: 5. Conjunction, particularizing, (to, with respect to.) Thus अभि-भा-य to overpower; अभि-भा-य to approach; अभि-भा-य to speak to; अभि-भा-य disgrace; अभि-भा-य desire; अभि-भा-य on the fire, &c. म. अभय neg. अभय to shine, and अभय aff.

अभि mfn. (-य-भा-य) Lustful, libidinous. म. अभय and अभय from अभय to desire.

अभिलाषा f. (-षा) Wish, desire. ३. अभि, and आङ्गना desire.

अभिलाषित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Wished, desired. ३. अभि and आङ्गना.

अभिलाषिन् mfn. (-वी-विषी-वि) Wishing, desirous. ३. अभि, and आङ्गना who wishes.

अभिलक्ष m. (-नः) Assault, attack, invasion. २. Mounting, ascending. ३. अभि before or beyond, लक्ष् to go, and लक्ष् affix, see अल्लिख.

अभिला f. (-या) १. A name or appellation. २. Calling, addressing. ३. Beauty. ४. Fame, glory. ३. अभि, ला to speak, लक्ष् affix, and टाप् fem. aff.

अभिगत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Approached. ३. अभि near to, गत gone.

अभिगत m. (-नः) Approach, proximity. ३. अभि to, गत going.

अभिगतन n. (-नः) Approaching, going near to. ३. अभि, and गतन going.

अभिगमिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) Approaching. ३. अभि, and गमिन् who goes.

अभियन्त mfn. (-नः-ता-नः) Overcome, subdued. ३. अभि and यन्त seized.

अभियन्त m. (-नः) १. Attack, onset. २. Challenge, going to fight. ३. Plundering, robbing. ४. Celebrity. ३. अभि before, in presence of, यन्त to take, and यन्त aff.

अभियन्त n. (-नः) Robbing, seizing any thing in presence of the owner. ३. अभि before यन्त to take, यन्त aff.

अभिवर्षण n. (-नः) १. Rubbing, friction. २. Possession by an evil spirit. ३. अभि before वर्षण to pound, यन्त aff.

अभिघात m. (-तः) १. Striking, wounding, beating. २. Touching, contact. ३. Pain, infliction, torture. ४. Remedy, removal. n. (-नः) The combination of the fourth letter of any class with any of the other three preceding it. ३. अभि before घात to strike, affix लक्ष्.

अभिघातिन् m. (-नी) An enemy. mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) १. Hostile, an assailant. २. Inflicting injury. ३. Remedial. ३. अभि before घात to strike or kill, and निनि aff.

अभिघार m. (-रः) Ghee or clarified butter. ३. अभि, घृ to scatter, लक्ष् aff.

अभिघर m. (-रः) A servant. ३. अभि after, and घर who goes.

अभिघार m. (-रः) Magic for a malevolent purpose, the spells and diagrams of the Atharva Veda and some of the Tantras, supposed to produce mental aberration, love, hatred, loss of feeling or paralysis, and death. ३. अभि before घर to go, and लक्ष् aff.

अभिघारनम m. (-नः) A formula or prayer for working a charm, an incantation. ३. अभिघार, and नम a formula.

अभिघारिन् mfn. (-नः-नी-नः) Magical, magician, relating to spells or magic. ३. अभिघार and नम aff.

अभिघारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Enchanted, charmed. ३. अभिघार and नम aff.

अभिघारिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) १. Magical, done by magic. २. Magician or one employing spells, a conjuror, a witch, &c. ३. अभिघार, and निनि aff.

अभिघैय m. (-यः) A name of SISUPALA. ३. अभि over, घैय the people of Chedi.

अभिजन m. (-नः) १. Family, race. २. Native country. ३. The head, or ornament of a family. ४. Fame, notoriety. ३. अभि before जन who is born, from जन to be born, लक्ष् affix, the vowel remaining short.

अभिजात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) १. Noble, well born. २. Wise, learned. ३. Fit, proper. ४. Handsome. ५. Respectable. ३. अभि before जात produced.

अभिजित् f. (-जित) १. One of the Nakshatras or lunar asterisms. २. The eighth muhurtta or hour. ३. An expiatory sacrifice. ३. अभि, and जित what conquers.

अभिज्ञ mfn. (-नः-ज्ञ-ज्ञः) १. Skilful, clever. २. One who knows or understands. ३. अभि, and ज्ञ who knows, from ज्ञा to know, ज्ञ affix leaving ज्ञा ; ज्ञा is dropped.

अभिज्ञात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) १. Known, understood. २. Detected, discovered. ३. अभि, and ज्ञात known.

अभिज्ञान n. (-नः) १. A mark, a spot or stain. २. A 'sign, a token. ३. Ascertaining, knowledge. ३. अभि before ज्ञा to know, and ज्ञाट् aff.

अभितप्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) १. Scorched, burnt. २. Afflicted. ३. अभि, and तप्त burnt.

अभितप्त ind. ४. Quickly. २. Entirely. ३. Before, in presence of. ४. On both sides. ५. Near. ३. अभि and तप्त aff.

अभिताप m. (-पः) १. Extreme heat. २. Agitation, affliction, emotion. ३. अभि, and ताप heat.

अभित्रोह m. (-हः) १. Oppression, cruelty. २. Abuse. ३. अभि, and त्रिह violence.

अभिधा f. (-या) १. A name, an appellation. २. (In logic,) the power or sense of a word. ३. The chief or common acceptation of a word. ३. अभि before धा to have, धा affix and टाप् fem. : what any thing is obtained by.

अभिधान n. (-नः) १. A name, an appellation. २. Speaking, speech. ३. A vocabulary, a dictionary. ३. As before, धाट् aff.

अभिधाधिक mfn. (-नः-धा-नः) Denominative, relating to. ३. अभिधाधिक with लक्ष् added.

अभिधायिन् mfn. (-नी-विनी-नि) Denominative, appellative. ३. अभि before धा to have, निनि aff.

अभिधावन n. (-नः) Pursuit, chase. ३. अभि, and धावन running.

अभिधिसा f. (-सा) १. Direction, injunction. २. Desire, wish. ३. अभि before सा to have, desiderative form, लक्ष् and टाप् affs.

अभिधेय n. (-यः) १. A name or appellation. २. A significant word. mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be named or mentioned. ३. अभि before धा, and यत् aff.

अभिधेरहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Unmeaning, nonsensical, having no sense nor meaning. ३. अभिधेय, and रहित void of.

अभिधा f. (-या) १. Coveting another's property. २. Desire, longing for in general. ३. अभि, धे to think, and लक्ष् aff.

अभिध्यान n. (-नः) १. Coveting, desiring, longing for. २. Meditation, profound thought. ३. अभि before धे to think of, लक्ष् affix, or ध्यान contemplation.

अभिध्व mfn. (-नः-धा-नः) Bound, tied round, fastened on or upon. ३. अभि over, नध tied.

अभिध्वज m. (-नः) The fourth Jaina Tirt'hakara or deified saint. n. (-नः) Delighting, rejoicing. ३. अभि before नदि to please, लक्ष् aff.

अभिध्वा f. (-धा) Wish, expectation. ३. अभि and नदि to please, affix लक्ष् and टाप्.

अभिध्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Delighted, made happy. ३. अभि and नदित pleased.

अभिध्व m. (-नः) १. Indication of a passion or purpose by look, gesture, &c. २. Acting, dramatic personification. ३. Ornament, decoration. ४. Civility, kindness. ३. अभि, नद्व to guide, and लक्ष् aff.

अभिध्व mfn. (-नः-धा-नः) १. New. २. Young. ३. अभि before नध new.

अभिध्वीहि m. (-ह or -त्) A germin, a new bud. ३. अभिध्व new, and उहि produced.

अभिध्वीहि m. (-नः) One asleep at sun-set. mfn. (-नः-धा-नः) Left, quitted. ३. अभि always, निध्वीहि released.

अभिध्वीहि n. (-नः) Invasion, march of an assailant, or march in general. ३. अभि, and निध्व prefixed to धा to go, and लक्ष् aff.

अभिनिधि f. (-निः) Accession of disease. ३. अभि, and निधि inaction.

अभिनिधि mfn. (-नः-धा-नः) १. Conversant or familiar with, studied in. २. Attentive, engrossed. ३. अभि, and निधि entered.

अभिनिधि m. (-नः) १. Intention, application, perseverance, determination to effect a purpose, or attain an object. २. Tenacity. ३. Study. ४. Ignorant fear causing death. ३. अभि and नि before धि to enter, लक्ष् aff.

अभिनिध्वज n. (-नः) Going forth or out, issuing, exit. ३. अभि and निध्व before ज्ञा to go, लक्ष् aff.

अभिनिध्वज mfn. (-नः-धा-नः) Gone out or forth. ३. अभि, and निध्वज gone out.

अभिनिध्वज n. (-नः) Sallying, issuing, going forth. ३. अभि before निध्वज going out.

अभिनिवृत्ति f. (-नि) End, termination. 2. अन्ति, and निवृत्ति discontinuance.  
 अभिनिवृत्त mfn. (-न-नि-वृ) Finished, completed. 2. अभि, and निवृत्त done.  
 अभिनिवृत्त m. (-नः) 1. The soft aspirate. 2. A letter of the alphabet. 2.  
 अभि and नि before वृ to stay or stand, affix वृट्.  
 अभिनीत mfn. (-न-नि-त) 1. Fit, proper. 2. Friendly, kind. 3. Highly  
 finished, or ornamented. 4. Patient. 5. Impatient. 6. Passionate. 2.  
 अभि and नीट् to guide or obtain, त् aff.  
 अभिनोति f. (-ति) 1. Friendship, civility, kindness. 2. Gesture,  
 expressive gesticulation. 2. अभि, and नोति conduct.  
 अभिनीय mfn. (-न-नि-य) To be represented dramatically. 2. अभि before नी  
 to guide, वृट् aff.  
 अभिनीय mf. (-न-नी) An actor, an actress. 2. अभि before नी to guide, वृट्  
 aff.  
 अभिन mfn. (-न-नि-न) 1. Same, identical. 2. One, undivided. 3.  
 Unchanged, unaltered. 4. Unout, unbroken. m. (-नः) An integer,  
 a whole number. 2. न neg. नि other.  
 अभिनता f. (-ता) Identity, wholeness. 2. तत् added to the last, or with  
 त, अभिनत.  
 अभिपन्न mfn. (-न-नि-प) 1. Guilty. 2. Unfortunate, calamitous. 3. Sub-  
 dued. 4. Flown, fugitive. 5. Seeking refuge. 2. अभि before पत् to go,  
 in the part. past.  
 अभिपन्न m. (-नः) 1. Propitiation. 2. Affection, favour. 2. अभि and प before  
 नी, affix वृट्.  
 अभिपन्न mfn. (-न-नि-प) 1. Invoked, propitiated. 2. Consecrated. 3  
 Brought, attracted. 2. अभि and प before नी to conduct, त् aff.  
 अभिप्राय m. (-यः) 1. Meaning, intention, wish, purpose. 2. Meaning, a  
 sentence, sense. 3. The main purport of a book. 2. अभि, and प्रिप् to  
 satisfy, वृट् aff.  
 अभिप्रेत mfn. (-न-नि-प) 1. Meant, intended. 2. Wished. 3. Wishing,  
 desirous, ambitious of, pretending to. 2. अभि, and प before पत् to go,  
 त् aff.  
 अभिप्रेत ind. Intending, meaning. 2. अभि and प before पत् to go, वृट् aff.  
 अभिप्रीचय n. (-य) Sprinkling, affusion. 2. अभि and प्रीचय sprinkling.  
 अभिप्लुत mfn. (-न-नि-प) 1. Overflowed, overrun, filled with. 2. Attacked  
 or affected by, labouring under. 2. अभि before प्लु to go, त् aff.  
 अभिप्लव m. (-वः) 1. Defeat, subjugation. 2. Humiliation, disgrace. 2. अभि  
 implying inferiority, and प्लव being; from प्लु to be, and वृट् aff.  
 अभिप्लव n. (-नः) 1. Overpowering, overcoming. 2. Being overpowered.  
 2. अभि, वृ to be, वृट् aff.  
 अभिप्लव mfn. (-न-नि-प) 1. Humbled, surpassed, defeated, subdued. 2.  
 Ignorant. 3. Overcome with feelings or wants, with passion, with  
 hunger, &c. 4. Injured, aggrieved. 2. अभि, and प्लव been, being; part.  
 past.  
 अभिप्लुति f. (-ति) Disrespect, disgrace, humiliation. 2. अभि before प्लु to be,  
 and निप् fem. aff.  
 अभिमत mfn. (-न-नि-त) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Agreed, accepted. 3. Ad-  
 mitted, assented to. 2. अभि over, मत thought.  
 अभिमतवा f. (-ता) 1. Desire, love. 2. Agreeableness, desirableness. 2. तत्  
 added to the preceding; also with त, अभिमतव.  
 अभिमतव n. (-वः) 1. Calling to, addressing, inviting. 2. Counselling. 3.  
 Consecrating any thing by a special formula. 2. अभि in presence,  
 मत to speak, and वृट् aff.  
 अभिमतव mfn. (-न-नि-त) Charmed, consecrated, had a certain formula  
 pronounced over it. 2. अभि, मत to charm, affix त्.  
 अभिपु m. (-पः) 1. A counsellor, a monitor. 2. Conscience. mfn.  
 (-न-नि-प) Who or what admonishes or advises. 2. अभि, and पत् to  
 mind, वृट् aff.  
 अभिपु m. (-पः) Ophthalmia, disease of the eyes. 2. अभि, and पत् to  
 agitate, वृट् aff.; also read अभिपु.  
 अभिपु m. (-पः) The son of Arjuna by Susharma. 2. अभि and पत् wrath.

अभिनर m. (-नः) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. War, combat. 3. Binding, con-  
 finement. 4. Treachery, danger from one's own party or friends.  
 2. अभि before नर from नृ to die, and वृट् aff.  
 अभिनर्त m. (-नः) 1. Rubbing, friction. 2. Devastation of a country, &c.  
 by an enemy. 3. War, battle. 2. अभि, and नर्त to tread down, वृट् aff.  
 अभिनर्त n. (-नः) Touching, rubbing. 2. अभि before नर्त to rub, with वृट्  
 aff.  
 अभिनर्त n. (-नः) 1. Sprinkling upon or over. 2. Licking the lips as an  
 indication of guilt or prevarication. 2. अभि, and नर्त to sprinkle,  
 वृट् aff.  
 अभिनाति m. (-ति) An enemy. 2. अभि against, and ना to measure, निप्  
 aff.  
 अभिनात m. (-नः) 1. Pride, haughtiness. 2. Knowledge. 3. Affection. 4.  
 Injury, hurting, killing. 5. Requesting. 2. अभि, and ना to know,  
 with वृट् affix, or नी to injure, and वृट् aff.  
 अभिनातता f. (-ता) Pride, arrogance. 2. तत् added to the last; also  
 अभिनातत.  
 अभिनातवत् mfn. (-न-नि-त-वत्) Proud, arrogant. f. (-नी) pride. 2. वृट् poss.  
 affix; added to अभिनात.  
 अभिनातित n. (-तः) Copulation. 2. अभि, and नात to know, in the causal form,  
 and त् aff. f. (-ता) Pride, arrogance. 2. अभिनातिन्, and तत् aff.  
 अभिनातिन् mfn. (-नी-नि-ति-नि) Proud, arrogant. 2. अभिनात and इति aff.  
 अभिनात mfn. (-न-नि-त) 1. Subdued, reduced, broken or worn down. 2.  
 Stupid, ignorant. 2. अभि before नात ignorance, illusion.  
 अभिमुख mfn. (-न-नि-मु-ख) 1. Present. 2. Near to, in front of. n. adv.  
 (-ख) In front or presence of. 2. अभि before, and मुख the face.  
 अभिमुखता f. (-ता) Presence, proximity. 2. अभिमुख, and तत् affix or with  
 त, अभिमुखत.  
 अभिमुह mfn. (-न-नि-मु-ह) Touched, rubbed, brought or passed close. 2.  
 अभि, and मुह rubbed.  
 अभिवाति m. (-ति) An enemy. 2. अभि against, वा to go, with वति affix,  
 see अभिवातिन्.  
 अभिवातिन् m. (-नी) An enemy. 2. अभि against, वत् to strive, and वति affix,  
 see अभिवातिन्.  
 अभियुक्त mfn. (-न-नि-यु-क्त) Attacked by an enemy, assaulted, assailed. 2.  
 Diligent, intent. 3. Said, spoken. 4. Blamed, rebuked. 5. (In law)  
 Charged, prosecuted, defendant. 2. अभि, and युक्त joined.  
 अभियुक्तता f. (-ता) 1. Diligence, application. 2. Accusation, prosecution.  
 2. अभियुक्त and तत् affix, also with त, अभियुक्तत.  
 अभिद्योक्तवत् mfn. (-न-नि-द्यु-क्त-वत्) 1. Blamable, to be reprov'd or rebuked.  
 2. To be prevented or prohibited. 3. To be prosecuted, indictable.  
 4. To be pursued diligently. 2. अभि before युक्त to join, तत् aff.  
 अभिद्योक्तु m. (-नः) A plaintiff, an accuser. mfn. (-न-नि-द्यु-क्तु) One who  
 assails another in any way. 2. अभि before युक्त to join, वृट् aff.  
 अभिद्योक्त m. (-नः) 1. Attack, assault. 2. Challenging to fight. 3. War,  
 battle. 4. Energetic effort, exertion, perseverance. 5. Reprimand,  
 reproof. 6. Prohibition, prevention. 7. Contact, conjunction. 8. (In  
 law) A plaint, a charge, an accusation. 2. अभि, युक्त to join, and  
 वृट् affix, वृ being changed to न.  
 अभिद्योक्तिन् m. (-नी) A plaintiff, a prosecutor. mfn. (-नी-नि-द्यु-क्ति-नि) One who  
 assails another in any way. 2. अभिद्योक्त and इति aff.  
 अभिरक्षा f. (-ता) Universal protection, wide benevolence. 2. अभि, and रक्षा  
 preserving.  
 अभिरक्षित mfn. (-न-नि-र-क्ष-त) Guarded, preserved, kept. 2. अभि, and रक्षित  
 preserved.  
 अभिरक्षित m. (-नः) 1. A guardian. 2. A controller. mfn. (-न-नि-र-क्ष-त) Who  
 or what keeps or preserves. 2. अभि, रक्षित who preserves.  
 अभिरुत mfn. (-न-नि-रु-त) 1. Pleased or contented with, satisfied. 2. Per-  
 forming, practising, engaged in, attentive to. 2. अभिरुत to sport,  
 त् aff.

**अभिरति** f. (-तिः) 1. Pleasure, delight. 2. Practice, occupation. ३. अभि, and रति pleasure.

**अभिराज** mfn. (-रा-ज-ः) Propitiated, (by penance, &c.) ३. अभि, and राज accomplished.

**अभिराम** mfn. (-रा-म-ः) Beautiful. ३. अभि before राज to sport, and अभि aff.

**अभिरामता** f. (-ता) Beauty, splendour. ३. तच् added to the last: also अभिरामत्.

**अभिरुचि** f. (-चिः) 1. Ambition, desire of fame. 2. Desire in general. 3. Taste, relish. 4. Splendour. ३. अभि, and रुचि light.

**अभिरूप** m. (-रूपः) 1. A learned Brahman, a Pandit. 2. A name of KAMA. 3. Of the moon. 4. Of SIVA. 5. Also of VISHNU. mfn. (-रूप-ः) 1. Learned. 2. Pleasing. 3. Handsome. ३. अभि before रूप to have form, affix क्.

**अभिलषणीय** mfn. (-यः-या-नी-य) Desirable. ३. अभि before लष to wish, णीयर् aff.

**अभिलक्षित** mfn. (-लक्ष-ता-त) Desired, wished. n. (-त) Desire. ३. अभि before लष with क्त part. aff.

**अभिलाष** m. (-षः) 1. Speech, speaking. 2. Declaration of the object of a vow or religious obligation. ३. अभि before लष to speak, षच् aff.

**अभिलाष** m. (-षः) 1. Repeating. 2. Cutting. ३. अभि, and लूज to cut, aff. षच्.

**अभिलाष** m. (-षः) Wish, desire. ३. अभि, and लष to like, षच् aff.; also अभिलाषत्.

**अभिलाषिन्** mfn. (-नी-विधी-नि) Wishing, desiring. ३. अभिलाष and इनि aff.

**अभिलाषुक** mfn. (-कः-का-नी-क) 1. Covetous, greedy. 2. Desirous, wishing. ३. अभिलष to desire, उकन् affix, and the antepen. lengthened.

**अभिलाष** m. (-षः) Wish, desire. ३. See अभिलाष; the root being लष, or लृष.

**अभिलिखित** mfn. (-लिख-ता-त) Inserted in writing. ३. अभि, and लिखित written.

**अभिलेखन** n. (-न) Writing or inscribing. ३. अभि, and लेखन writing.

**अभिवन्दन** n. (-न) Saluting respectfully. ३. अभि before वदि to praise, affix वृच्.

**अभिवन्द** m. (-दः) 1. Reverential salutation. 2. Opprobrious, or unfriendly speech, abuse. ३. अभि against, or adverse, and वाद् speech.

**अभिवन्दक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Civil, polite. 2. Uncivil, abusive. ३. अभि to, or against, वाद्क who speaks.

**अभिवन्दन** n. (-न) 1. Respectful salutation, a bow or prostration; including sometimes the name or title of the person so addressed, and followed by the declaration of the person's own name. 2. Salutation of a superior or elder, by a junior or inferior, and especially of the teacher by his disciple. 3. In general it is merely lifting the joined hands to the forehead, and saying, अहमभिवन्दे I salute. ३. अभि in presence of, and वादन speaking.

**अभिवन्द** mfn. (-दः-वा-द) To be saluted. ३. अभि, and वाद to be addressed.

**अभिवन्दन** n. (-न) 1. Presentation, offering. 2. Conveyance, transmission. ३. अभि to, वादन to be borne.

**अभिविनीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Pious, pure, devout. ३. अभि, and विनीत well-behaved.

**अभिज्ञ** mfn. (-ज्ञः-जा-ज्ञ) 1. Plain, distinct, evident, manifest. 2. Declared, revealed. ३. अभि, and ज्ञ plain.

**अभिप्राप्ति** f. (-प्तिः) Co-extending, pervading, omnipresence. ३. अभि every where, and प्राप्ति spreading.

**अभिप्राहार** m. (-रः) An articulate and significant word or phrase. ३. अभि, and प्राहार speech.

**अभिरुहित** mfn. (-रु-ता-त) Frightened, alarmed. ३. अभि, and रुहित alarmed.

**अभिरुप** n. (-न) False accusation, calumny. See अभिरुप.

**अभिरुप** mfn. (-रु-ता-त) 1. Falsely accused, calumniated. 2. Cursed, accursed. ३. अभि before रूप with क्त aff.

**अभिरुप** n. (-न) 1. Calumny, abuse, calumniating, abusing. ३. अभि before रूप, प्रुच् to praise, प्रुच् aff.

**अभिरुप** mfn. (-रु-ता-त) 1. Calumniated, falsely accused. 2. Defamed, infamous. 3. Sinful, wicked. 4. Asked, wanted. ३. अभि implying opposition, प्रुच् to praise, and affix of the part. past क्त; the usual being dropped.

**अभिरुप** mfn. (-रु-ता-त) Calumniating, a calumniator. ३. अभिरुप, and क्त to make, affix षच् or ट्.

**अभिरुप** m. (-रुः) A brand, a mark of infamy on a criminal. ३. अभिरुप infamous, प्रुच् mark.

**अभिरुपि** f. (-पिः) 1. Calumny, scandal, defamation. 2. Asking, begging. ३. अभि before प्रुच् to praise or ask, and प्रिच् aff.

**अभिरुपित** mfn. (-रु-ता-त) Declared, announced. ३. अभि, and प्रुचित sounded.

**अभिरुप** m. (-रुः) 1. False accusation, calumny. 2. Charge accusation. 3. Suffering from anger or passion. 4. Curse, imprecation. ३. अभि, and प्रुच् to curse or swear, affix षच्; or with प्रुच् affix अभिरुपन.

**अभिरुपन** n. (-न) Pronouncing a curse or malediction. ३. अभि with प्रुच् causal form, affix प्रुच्.

**अभिरुप** m. (-रुः) 1. Curse or imprecation. 2. An oath. 3. Defect. 4. False accusation, calumny. 5. Association, company, connexion. 6. Embracing. 7. Possession by evil spirits. 8. Accession of passion. ३. अभि against, along with, &c. प्रुच् to embrace, to unite, and प्रुच् aff.

**अभिरुप** m. (-रुः) 1. Religious bathing, ablution preparatory to religious rites. 2. Sacrifice. 3. Bathing in general. 4. Drinking the juice of the acid Asclepias. 5. Ferment, yeast, any substance producing vinous fermentation. n. (-न) Sour gruel. See आभिरुप. ३. अभि, and प्रुच् to mix, to stir, प्रुच् affix; and प्रुच् is changed to प्रुच्.

**अभिरुप** n. (-न) 1. Bathing, ablution. 2. Sacrificing, &c. See अभिरुप. ३. As before, प्रुच् aff.

**अभिरुप** ind. Insolently, violently, by force. ३. अभि, प्रुच् to bear, प्रुच् aff.

**अभिरुप** mfn. (-रु-ता-त) 1. Sprinkled. 2. Anointed, installed, inaugurated, enthroned. ३. अभि before प्रिच् to sprinkle, क्त aff.

**अभिरुप** n. (-न) 1. Sour gruel. See आभिरुप. 2. The juice of the acid Asclepias. ३. अभि before प्रुच् to mix, affix क्त.

**अभिरुप** m. (-रुः) Bathing, sprinkling. ३. अभि before प्रिच् to sprinkle, and प्रुच् affix; the word is often used for initiation, royal unction, &c. sprinkling with the water of the Ganges, or water in which various articles have been immersed, being an essential part of the rites; also for a religious ceremony, including the presentation of a variety of articles, fruits, gems, &c. along with water or fluid substances for the bathing of the deity to whom worship is offered.

**अभिरुप** f. (-रु) The hall of coronation. ३. अभिरुप, and प्राप्ति a hall.

**अभिरुप** n. (-न) 1. Initiation, inauguration. 2. Sprinkling. ३. अभि before प्रिच् to sprinkle, affix प्रुच्.

**अभिरुप** n. (-न) March to repel an enemy. ३. अभि against, प्रुच् an army, used as a verb, and प्रुच् aff.

**अभिरुप** mfn. (-रु-ता-त) Praised. ३. अभि before प्रुच् to praise, and क्त aff.

**अभिरुप** m. (-रुः) 1. Great increase or enlargement. 2. Oozing or flowing. 3. Weakness of, or running at the eyes. ३. अभि before प्रुच् to ooze or drop as a liquid, affix प्रुच्.

**अभिरुप** mfn. (-रु-ता-त) 1. Oozing, trickling. 2. Having weak eyes. 3. Causing defluxions or serious effusion. ३. अभिरुप and रति aff.

**अभिरुप** n. (-न) A suburb, a smaller city appended to a larger.

**अभिरुप** mfn. (-रु-ता-त) Attached to, interested, following any object eagerly. 2. Agreed, contracted. ३. अभि, and प्रुच् before प्रुच् to have, क्त aff.

**अभिरुप** m. (-रुः) War, battle. ३. अभि much, and प्रुच् pain, heat, &c.

**अभिरुप** n. (-न) 1. Cheating, deceiving. 2. Attachment or interest in any object. 3. Special agreement. 4. Making peace or alliance. ३. अभि, and प्रुच् before, प्रुच् to have, affix प्रुच्.

**वसति f. (-ति)** 1. Cheating, deceit. 2. Purpose, object. 3. Special agreement. 4. Making peace or alliance. 5. Joint junction. **वसि**, and **वसि** agreement, &c.

**वसन्त m. (-न्त)** 1. War, battle. 2. Curse, imprecation. **वसि** before **वसन्त** going or falling; from **वस** to fall, with **व** prefix, **वस** aff.

**वसर m. (-र)** A companion, a follower. **वसि** after or near, and **वस** aff. goes; from **वस** to go, and **वस** aff.

**वसन्त m. (-न्त)** 1. Relation, connexion. 2. Sexual connexion. 3. Contact, conjunction. **वसि** intensive, **वसन्त** connexion.

**वसन्त n. (-न्त)** 1. Gift, donation. 2. Killing. See **वसि** **वसन्त**.

**वसन्त ind.** About evening, at sunset. **वसि** towards, **वसन्त** evening.

**वसर m. (-र)** 1. Strength. 2. War, battle. 3. A companion, a follower. 4. The instrument or agent. 5. An assignation, an appointment. **वसि** before **वस** to go, affix **वस**.

**वसितार m. (-र)** 1. Coming to or near, visiting, attending, following. 2. Importuning. **वसि**, and **वसर** going.

**वसितारिका f. (-का)** A woman who makes or keeps an assignation. **वसि** before **वस** to go, **वस** affix which leaves **व**, and **टप्** fem. do. also **वसितारिका**.

**वसितारिन् mfn. (-री-रि-रि)** 1. Going to or near to, visiting, attending. 2. Going to an appointment or assignation. **वसि**, and **वसरि** who goes.

**वसित mfn. (-त-ता-त)** 1. Humbled, subdued, broken down. 2. Killed. **वसि** and **वस** part. past of **वस** to kill or hurt.

**वसितार m. (-र)** 1. Robbing, seizing any thing in the owner's presence. 2. A brisk attack. 3. Arming, taking up arms. **वसि** before **वस** to take, and **वस** aff.

**वसित mfn. (-त-ता-त)** Spoken, said, declared. **वसि** before **वस** to have, the part. affix **त**, and **वि** substituted for the root.

**वसितव n. (-व)** Text, authority, declaration. **वसि** **वसित** said, **वस** aff.

**वसीक m. (-क)** 1. A poet. 2. A husband. **mfn. (-क-का-क)** 1. Lustful, libidinous. 2. Anxious, desirous. 3. Cruel. 4. Fearless. **वसि** before **क**, from **क** to desire: the **व** being made long irregularly.

**वसीक mfn. (-क-का-क)** 1. Repeated, frequent. 2. Constant, perpetual. **ind. (-कम्)** 1. Repeatedly, again and again. 3. Perpetually, constantly. **वसि** before **क** to whet, **क** affix, and the **व** of **वसि** made long.

**वसीक mfn. (-त-ता-त)** Fearless, undaunted. **वसि** **वसि** afraid.

**वसीति f. (-ति)** Fearlessness. **वसि** **वसि** fear.

**वसीकित mfn. (-त-ता-त)** Wished, desired. **वसि**, **वस** to obtain, in the desiderative form, and **क** affix, **वस** inserted.

**वसीक mfn. (-वु-वु-वु)** Wishing, desirous. **वसि** before **वसु** wishing.

**वसीक mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Causing no fear or terror, unterrific. So **वसीक** and **वसीक** and **वसीक**. **वसि** **वसि** fearful, &c.

**वसीक n. (-न)** Pride. **वसि** See **वसि**, and the **व** being made long.

**वसीर m. (-र)** A cowherd. **वसि** and **वस** to send, **वस** affix; also **वसीर**.

**वसीर mfn. (-र-रा-र)** Fearless, undaunted. **m. (-र)** A name of BHAIRAVA. **f. (-र)** A plant, (Asparagus racemosus.) See **वसि**. **वसि** **वसि** timid: as applied to the plant, not fearful of breaking, from the number of its roots.

**वसीरवनी f. (-नी)** A plant. See the preceding.

**वसीक mfn. (-वु-वु-वु)** Fearless. **वसि**, **वस** being changed to **व**. Also **वसीक**.

**वसीक m. (-क)** 1. A ray of light. 2. A rein. **f. (-क)** A finger. **वसि** before **वस** to pervade, **व** affix, derivative irregular. See **वसीक**.

**वसीक m. (-क)** Curse, imprecation. See **वसि**. **वसि** **वसि** the **व** being here long.

**वसीक m. (-क)** 1. A ray of light. 2. A rein. 3. Love, lust. 4. Passion. **वसि** before **वस** to desire, and **व** affix or **वस** to pervade, &c. whence, **वसि**.

**वसीक mfn. (-वा-व-व)** 1. Splendid, brilliant. 2. Kuamoured, amorous. **वसि** **वसि** and **वसु** aff.

**वसीक mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Wished, desired. **f. (-वा)** A perfume. See **वसि**. **वसि** repeatedly, and **वस** wished.

**वसु mfn. (-व-वा-व)** 1. Uneaten. 2. Unenjoyed, unused, unexpended. 3. One who has not eaten. 4. One who has not enjoyed or possessed. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसु** eaten.

**वसु mfn. (-व-वा-व)** 1. Straight, not bent. 2. Well, free from disease. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसु** broken.

**वसु mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Armless, maimed. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसु** the arm.

**वसु mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Non-existent, absent, what is not or has not been. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वस** been.

**वसु f. (-नि)** Want of place of refuge or support, destitution, privation. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसु** site.

**वसु mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Few, scanty. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसु** many.

**वसु mfn. (-रि-रि-रि)** Few, some, several. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसु** many.

**वसु mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Unadorned. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसु** adorned.

**वसु ind.** A little, a few. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसु** much.

**वसु m. (-व)** Identity, absence of difference or distinction. **mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Alike, identical. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसु** distinction.

**वसु n. (-व)** A diamond. **mfn. (-व-वा-व)** 1. Hard, solid, not to be broken or divided. 2. Not to be pierced, indivisible. 3. Impenetrable. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसु** to be broken.

**वसु f. (-त)** 1. Indivisibility. 2. Impenetrability. 3. Inseparability. **वसु** **वस** added to the last, also with **वस**, **वसु**.

**वसीक mfn. (-व-वा-व)** 1. Not to be used or enjoyed. 2. Not to be eaten. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसु** to eat, &c. **वस** aff.

**वसीक m. (-व)** An abstemious person. **mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Not enjoying, not using. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसीक** who enjoys.

**वसीक m. (-व)** Non-enjoyment, not making use of. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसीक** enjoyment.

**वसीक mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Not to be used or enjoyed. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसीक** to be used.

**वसीक n. (-न)** Abstinence, fasting. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसीक** food.

**वसीक mfn. (-व-वा-व)** 1. Not to be eaten. 2. Not to be used. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसीक** to be eaten, &c.

**वसीक mfn. (-जी-जि-जि)** Fasting. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसीक** who eats.

**वसीक mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Impure, prohibited as food, not to be eaten. **वसि** **वस** neg. **वसीक** to be eaten, &c.

**वसीक mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Oiled, anointed. **वसि**, and **वस** to anoint, affix **वस**.

**वसीक m. (-व)** 1. Rubbing the body with unctuous substances; smearing the body with oil, inunction. 2. Unguent, liniment, oily application. 3. Applying collyrium to the eyes. 4. Sediment of oil, oil cake. **वसि**, and **वस** to anoint, **वस** aff.

**वसीक n. (-न)** 1. Oil. 2. Smearing the body with oil, inunction; see the preceding. 3. Applying collyrium to the eyelashes, decorating the hair, &c. or any personal embellishment. **वसि**, **वस** to anoint, and **वस** aff.

**वसीक mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Exceeding, surpassing (in number, power, of kind, &c.) **वसि**, and **वसि** more.

**वसीक mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Dependent. **वसि**, and **वसीक** dependent.

**वसीक f. (-वा)** 1. Order, command. 2. Assent, permission. Also **वसु** **वसु** **वसि**, and **वसु** order.

**वसीक n. (-र)** 1. Included space. 2. Inner part, middle. **वसि** and **वस** within.

**वसीक m. (-व)** Curvature of the spine by spasm; emprosthenos. **वसि** **वस** middle, and **वस** length.

**वसीक mfn. (-व-वा-व)** 1. Ordered. 2. Permitted. **वसि** and **वस** before **वस** to know, **वस** aff.

**वसीक mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Sick, diseased. **वसि**, **वस** to be sick, part. affix **वस**.



**अभ्युद्योत m. (-नः)** A soldier who faces the enemy valiantly. **अ. अभि** before, or against, **अभि** an enemy, and **द्यु** affix; the affix being **द्यु** or **द्यु**, the word is also written **अभ्युद्योत** or **अभ्युद्योत**.

**अभ्यास n. (-नः)** Worship, reverence. **अ. अभि** before **अस** to worship, affix **स्य**.

**अभ्यास f. (-या)** Respect, worship. **अ. अभि**, and **अस** reverence.

**अभ्यर्च mfn. (-चः-चा-च)** Near, proximate. **अ. अभि** near, **अर्च** irr. part. past, of **अर्च** to go.

**अभ्यर्चना f. (-ना)** Petition, request. **अ. अभि** before **अर्च** to ask, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यर्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Asked, invited. **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** asked.

**अभ्यर्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Fit, proper, becoming. **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** proper.

**अभ्यर्चय n. (-यः)** Extration, drawing out. **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** prefixed to **अर्च** draw furrows, affix **स्य**.

**अभ्यर्चय m. (-यः)** 1. Striking so as to disable an enemy. 2. Facing an enemy. **अ. अभि** and **अर्च** before **अर्च** to go, affix **स्य**; also with **अर्च** affix, **अभ्यर्चय**.

**अभ्यर्चय n. (-यः)** Eating. **अ. अभि** and **अर्च** before **अर्च** to make, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यर्चय m. (-यः)** Eating. **अ. अभि** and **अर्च** before **अर्च** to convey, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यर्चय mfn. (-यः-ता-त)** Eaten. **अ. अभि** and **अर्च** before **अर्च** to convey, and the part. affix **त**.

**अभ्यर्चय n. (-नः)** Frequent repetition, use, exercise, especially of the memory, learning by rote. **अ. अभि** frequently, **अर्च** to throw or send, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यर्चय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Angry, vexed. **अ. अभि** before **अर्च** envy.

**अभ्यर्चय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Detraction. Also **अर्च**. **अ. अभि** before **अर्च** envy.

**अभ्यर्चय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Detracting, a detractor, a calumniator. **अ. अभि** before **अर्च** to envy or detract, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यर्चय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** To be studied. Also **अभ्यर्चय**. **अ. अभि** before **अर्च** to throw, affix **य** or **अर्च**.

**अभ्यर्चय mfn. (-यः-या-य)** 1. Exercised, practiced. 2. Learnt by heart. 3. Repeated as the radical syllable of a verb. **अ. अभि** frequently, **अर्च** to throw or send, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्याकारुचित n. (-तः)** A groundless complaint, a false accusation. **अ. अभि** and **आकारुचित** desired.

**अभ्याकारुचित n. (-तः)** A false accusation. **अ. अभि**, and **आकारुचित** saying.

**अभ्यागत m. (-तः)** A guest, a visitor. **अ. अभि**, and **आगत** come.

**अभ्यागत m. (-नः)** 1. War, battle. 2. Striking, killing. 3. Enmity. 4. Vicinity. 5. Rising, getting up. 6. Coming, arrival, visit. **अ. अभि** near, or before, &c. **अर्च** to go, with **आ** prefixed, and **अर्च** affixed.

**अभ्यागत n. (-नः)** Arrival, visitation. **अ. अभि**, and **आगत** coming.

**अभ्यागारिक mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Diligent in supporting a family. **अ. अभि** before **आगार** a house, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्याघात m. (-तः)** Assault, attack. **अ. अभि**, and **आघात** assailing.

**अभ्यादान n. (-नः)** 1. Beginning, commencement. 2. First beginning. **अ. अभि**, and **आदान** taking.

**अभ्यादान mfn. (-नः-ना-न)** Sick, diseased. **अ. अभि** and **आदान** before **अर्च** to be sick, and the affix **त**.

**अभ्यादान m. (-नः)** Calamity, misfortune. **अ. अभि** and **आदान** before **अर्च** to go, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यादान m. (-नः)** War, battle. **अ. अभि** and **आ** before **अर्च** to tread down, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यादान mfn. (-नः-ना-न)** Near, proximate. **अ. अभि**, and **आदान** constant repetition. See **अभ्यादान**.

**अभ्यादान m. (-नः)** 1. Practice, exercise. 2. Learning by rote. 3. Practicing archery. 4. (In arithmetic,) Multiplication. 5. (In grammar,) The reduplicate syllable of a verb. **अ. अभि** before **अर्च** to go, &c. **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यादान f. (-ता)** Constant practice, use, habit. **अ. अभि**, and **आदान** affix, also with **त**, **अभ्यादान**.

**अभ्यादान m. (-नः)** The practice of frequent and repeated contemplation on any deity or abstract spirit, repeated recollection, &c. **अ. अभि**, and **आदान** religious exercise.

**अभ्यादान n. (-नः)** 1. Striking so as to disable an enemy. 2. Facing an enemy. **अ. अभि** and **आदान** before **अर्च** to go, in the causal form, and **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यादान mfn. (-नः-ना-न)** Practicing, exercising, repeating. **अ. अभि**, and **आदान** aff.

**अभ्यादान m. (-नः)** 1. Robbery. See **अभ्यादान**. 2. Eating. **अ. अभि** and **आदान** before **अर्च** to take, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यादान m. (-नः)** An eatable. **अ. अभि**, and **आदान** aff. **अभ्यादान** to be eaten. **अ. अभि** and **आदान** to be eaten.

**अभ्यादान n. (-नः)** Sprinkling, wetting. **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** to moisten, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यादान ind. Having sprinkled.** **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** to moisten, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यादान n. (-नः)** 1. Fame, reputation. 2. Rising from off a seat, &c. 3. Rise. 4. Elevation. 5. Sun-rise. **अ. अभि** and **अर्च** before **अर्च** to stay, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यादान mfn. (-नः-ता-त)** 1. Risen, arisen. 2. Elevated, exalted. **अ. अभि** and **अर्च** lifted up.

**अभ्यादान m. (-नः)** 1. Prosperity, increase. 2. Accident, occurrence. 3. Festival, any religious celebration. **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** rise, prosperity.

**अभ्यादान n. (-नः)** An example or illustration of a thing by its reverse. **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** example.

**अभ्यादान mfn. (-नः-ता-त)** 1. Asleep at sun-rise. 2. Celebrated as a festival. 3. Risen, (as the sun.) 4. Elevated, exalted. **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** happened. **अ. अभि**, **अर्च** up, and **अर्च** gone; part. past, of **अर्च** to go.

**अभ्यादान mfn. (-नः-ता-त)** Thrown over or upon. **अ. अभि** and **अर्च** before **अर्च** gone.

**अभ्यादान mfn. (-नः-ता-त)** Brought or given unsolicited. **अ. अभि** towards **अर्च** exerted.

**अभ्यादान mfn. (-नः-ता-त)** Taken up, delivered. **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** taken.

**अभ्यादान mfn. (-नः-ता-त)** 1. Promised, agreed, assented. 2. Gone near to, approached, arrived at. 3. Inferred, probable. 4. Similar, analogous. **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** over, **अर्च** gone.

**अभ्यादान m. (-नः)** 1. A promise, an agreement, a contract. 2. Approaching, going near to. 3. Probable ascertainment. 4. Analogy affinity. **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** implying association or vicinity, and **अर्च** going.

**अभ्यादान m. (-नः)** A slave for a fixed term. **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** obtained by assent or free will. **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यादान f. (-ता)** 1. Favour, affection. 2. Defence, protection. 3. Agreement, assent. 4. Impregnation of a woman, as of a brother's widow, as an act of duty. **अ. अभि** and **अर्च** before **अर्च** to go, affix **त**.

**अभ्यादान mfn. (-नः-ता-त)** Agreeing to. **अ. अभि** and **अर्च** before **अर्च** to go affix **त**.

**अभ्यादान m. (-नः)** 1. An agreement, a promise, an engagement. 2. A means, an expedient. **अ. अभि** and **अर्च** before **अर्च** to go, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यादान n. (-नः)** A bribe, an inducement. **अ. अभि** and **अर्च** before **अर्च** to go, causal form, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यादान mfn. (-नः-ता-त)** 1. Contracted, promised, agreed. 2. Approached. **अ. अभि** and **अर्च** before **अर्च** to go, **अर्च** aff.

**अभ्यादान f. (-ता)** A head or title of law, disputes between master and servant. **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** having engaged, **अ. अभि**, and **अर्च** service.

**अभ्यादान m. (-नः)** 1. Grain, &c. half dressed, slightly scorched, or parched so as to be eaten from the hand. 2. Bread. **अ. अभि** before, **अर्च** to burn, **अर्च** affix; the vowel may be made also long, which gives **अभ्यादान**, or may be changed to **अर्च**, and form **अभ्यादान**; some consider the root to be **अर्च**, to be ask.

**अभ्यादान mfn. (-नः-ता-त)** Dwelling with. **अ. अभि** before **अर्च** to dwell, **अर्च** aff.



**वसुध m. (-वः)** 1. Discussion, reasoning. 2. Supplying an ellipsis. **वसुध** and **उद्** to reason, **व** aff.  
**वसुध ind** 1. Having concluded or inferred, having reasoned. 2. Having supplied as an ellipsis. **वसुध** and **उद्** to reason, **वसुध** aff.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** See **वसुध**.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** See **वसुध**.  
**वसु r. 1st. cl. (वसुति)** To go.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** Wind. mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Cloud-touching, cloud-sweeping. **वसुध** a cloud, **वसुध** to lick, **वसुध** aff.  
**वसु n. (-वः)** 1. The sky or atmosphere. 2. A cloud. 3. Gold. 4. Tale. **वसु** to go, or **वसु** water, and **व** to have, **व** aff.  
**वसु n. (-वः)** The mineral substance called talc. **वसु** the same, and **वसु** aff.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** Air, wind. **वसु** the sky, **वसु** to plough, and **वसु** aff.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** A name of RA'HU, the descending node personified. **वसुध** the sky, and **वसुध** a goblin; from the mischief he does to the moon, at the cause of its eclipse.  
**वसुधिवसुध m. (-वः)** See the preceding. **वसु** added to the former.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** A kind of tree or cane. See **वसुध**. **वसुध** a cloud and **वसुध** a flower; flowering in the cloudy or rainy season. **वसुध** Water. **वसुध** As before; put forth as a flower from the clouds.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** Steadiness, composure. mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Steady, clear, not blundering. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** confusion.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** INDRA's elephant. **वसुध** a cloud, and **वसुध** an elephant. The cloud-elephant, or that of the cloud-compelling king.  
**वसुध f. (-वा)** A line or succession of clouds. **वसुध** and **वसुध** a garland.  
**वसुध f. (-वः)** The female elephant of the east. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** to wander, and **व** aff.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** The male elephant of the east, also INDRA's elephant. **वसुध** and **वसुध** beloved.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** See the preceding. **वसुध** and **वसुध** beloved.  
**वसुध n. (-वः)** The lapis lazuli. **वसुध** a cloud, **वसुध** what mounts.  
**वसुध m. (-वः-वा)** Brotherless. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** a brother, **वसुध** aff.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Clear, composed, unperplexed, not mistaken or in error. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** misled.  
**वसुध f. (-वः)** Absence of perplexity or error. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** error.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** Fall of rain. **वसुध** cloud, **वसुध** occasion.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Exposed to the rain. **वसुध** and **वसुध** aff.  
**वसुध f. (-वः)** A wooden scraper or shovel for cleaning a boat. **वसुध** to go, and **वसुध** affix, also **वसुध**.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Belonging to or produced from clouds. **वसुध** a cloud, and **वसुध** affix, or technically **व**.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** Fitness, propriety. **वसुध** neg. and **वसुध** impropriety.  
**वसुध n. (-वः)** INDRA's thunder-bolt. **वसुध** a cloud, **वसुध** before **वसुध** to stand, to rise up, **व** aff.  
**वसु r. 1st. cl. (वसुति)** 1. To go, to go to or towards. 2. To serve or honour. 3. To sound. 10th cl. (वसुयति) To afflict with sickness or pain from disease.  
**वसु ind. (-वः)** 1. Quickly. 2. Little. mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Unripe, (as fruit, &c.) **वसु** m. (-वः) Sickness. **वसु** to go or to be sick, **वसु** aff.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Inauspicious, unlucky, civil. **वसुध** Inauspiciousness, ill luck. **वसुध** m. (-वः) The castor oil plant. **वसुध** neg. and **वसुध** auspicious: the wood has no sap, and is useless.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Inauspicious, unlucky, productive of evil. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** auspicious.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** The castor oil tree, (*Ricinus communis*.) **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** to adorn, and **वसुध** aff.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Unadorned. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** adorned.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** 1. Sickness, disease. 2. Death. 3. Time. **वसुध** to be sick, and **वसुध** Unadi aff.

**वसुध m. (-वः)** 1. Time. 2. The moon. 3. A cheat, a rogue. **वसुध** f. (-वः) Unconsciousness, ignorance, absence of knowledge or intention. **वसुध** to go, and **वसुध** Unadi affix, or **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** understanding.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Unconscious, unintentional. **वसुध** ignorance, **वसुध** before.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** 1. Sober, not inebriated. 2. Sane, not mad. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** crazy.  
**वसुध n. (-वः)** A vessel, a utensil. **वसुध** to go, **वसुध** Unadi aff.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Unevident, charitable. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** envious.  
**वसुध f. (-वः)** A road. **वसुध** to go, **वसुध** Unadi aff.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Not to be regarded, inadmissible, unknowable. Also **वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** or **वसुध** to be regarded.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Unmanly. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** a man.  
**वसुध f. (-वः)** Unmanliness. **वसुध** added to the last: also with **वसुध**.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Unthought of, unknown. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** thought of.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Disagreeable, disliked. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** agreeable.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** 1. Disapproved. 2. Reprobate. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** the mind, **वसुध** led.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** Inattentive. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** attention.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Inattentive. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** attentive.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Disagreeable, displeasing, unattractive. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** pleasant. So **वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** and **वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)**.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Unentitled to, or unaccompanied by holy texts, as a Sudra, a female, certain ceremonies, &c. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** a text of the Vedas.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Unentitled to, or unaccompanied by holy texts. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** a text, **वसुध** added.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** A tree. (**वसुध** sickness, and **वसुध** from **वसुध** to cut, or destroy.) mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Fierce, violent. 2. Active. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** tardy or dull.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** One of the Jaina saints of a future age. mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Devoid of all selfish or worldly attachment or desire. **वसुध** neg. and **वसुध** mine.  
**वसुध f. (-वः)** Disinterestedness, indifference. **वसुध** and **वसुध** aff.  
**वसुध n. (-वः)** Disinterestedness, philosophy, stoicism. **वसुध** and **वसुध** aff.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** 1. A deity, an immortal. 2. A plant, (*Heliotropium indicum*.) See **वसुध**. 3. Also, (*Euphorbia tirucalli*, &c.) 4. Quick-silver. **वसुध** 1. The residence of INDRA. 2. A house post. 3. The womb. 4. The umbilical cord. 5. A plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*.) See **वसुध**. 6. Bent grass, (*Agrostis linearis*.) mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Immortal. **वसुध** neg. and **वसुध** what dies, from **वसुध** and **वसुध** aff.  
**वसुध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** What cannot die, immortal. **वसुध** neg. **वसुध** perishable.  
**वसुध f. (-वः)** Immortality. **वसुध** added to the last; also **वसुध**.  
**वसुध f. (-वः)** Immortality. **वसुध** and **वसुध** aff.  
**वसुध n. (-वः)** Immortality. **वसुध** and **वसुध** aff.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** Name of a tree, (*Pinus longifolia*.) **वसुध** and **वसुध** a tree.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** A Brahman who lives by attending a temple or idol. **वसुध** a god, and **वसुध** a Brahman.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** INDRA. **वसुध** and **वसुध** lord; also similar compounds, as **वसुध**, **वसुध**, &c.  
**वसुध m. (-वः)** A kind of grass, (*Saccharum spontaneum*.) **वसुध** and **वसुध** a flower; also with **वसुध** added, **वसुध**.  
**वसुध f. (-वः)** A kind of anise, (*Anethum sowa*.) **वसुध** perpetual, and **वसुध** having flowers.

**जमरज्ज् m.** (-ज्) INDRA. E. जमर, and जम् lord.  
**जमरलोक n.** (-ज्) Heaven, the abode of the gods. E. जमर, and लोक world.  
**जमरलोकता f.** (-ता) Heaven. E. तच् added to जमरलोक.  
**जमरली f.** (-ली) An Apsara, or nymph of heaven. E. जमर, and ली a female.  
**जमराङ्गना f.** (-ना) A nymph of INDRA's heaven. E. जमर, and जङ्गना a female.  
**जमराद्रि m.** (-द्रि) Mount Sumeru or Meru. E. जमर a deity, and द्रि a mountain; being the residence of the gods.  
**जमरापा f.** (-पा) The heavenly Ganges. E. जमर, and आपा river.  
**जमराती f.** (-ती) The capital of INDRA. E. जमर a deity, and मत् aff.  
**जमरत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Calm, without wind. E. ज neg. मरत wind.  
**जमरेश m.** (-शः) INDRA the king of the gods. E. जमर, and ईश lord.  
**जमरेश्वर m.** (-वरः) INDRA. E. जमर, and ईश्वर chief.  
**जमर्त्य m.** (-त्यः) A deity. mfn. (-त्यः-त्या-त्यं) Immortal, divine. E. ज neg. म् to die, म् aff.  
**जमर्त्यवन n.** (-नं) The heaven of INDRA, or Swarga, a kind of Mohammedan paradise. E. जमर्त्य a deity, and भुवन a world.  
**जमर्हित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Unthreshed, unsubdued, not trodden down. E. ज neg. मर्हित trampled on.  
**जमर्थादा f.** (-दा) 1. Impropriety of conduct. 2. Disrespect. E. ज neg. मर्थादा limit.  
**जमर्ष m.** (-र्षः) 1. Anger, passion. 2. Impatience, impetuosity. E. ज neg. मर्ष to bear with, म् aff.  
**जमर्ष्य mfn.** (-यः-या-यं) Passionate, wrathful. E. As before, म् aff.  
**जमर्ष्यत् mfn.** (-यत्-यती-यत्) 1. Hasty, impetuous, impatient. 2. Wrathful, passionate. E. जमर्ष and मत् aff.  
**जमर्षिन् mfn.** (-र्षि-र्षी-र्षि) 1. Passionate, wrathful. 2. Impetuous. E. जमर्ष and नि aff.  
**जमल n.** (-ज्) Talc. f. (-जा) 1. The goddess LAKSHMI. 2. Emblic myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) 3. The umbilical cord. mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Clean, pure. 2. White. E. ज neg. and मल dirt.  
**जमलपतविन् mf.** (-वी-विवी) The wild goose. E. जमल white or grey, and पतविन् a bird.  
**जमलिन mfn.** (-जः-जा-जं) Clean, pure. E. ज neg. मलिन dirty.  
**जमल m.** (-जः) 1. Time. 2. Stupidity. 3. Disease. E. जम् to go, or be sick, and जम् Una'di aff.  
**जमल्य mfn.** (-यः-या-यं) 1. Harsh, hard. 2. Violent, intense. E. ज neg. मल्य soft.  
**जमलक mfn.** (-कः-का-कं) Headless. E. ज neg. मलक the head.  
**जमांस mfn.** (-सः-सा-सं) Feeble, thin. E. ज neg. and मांस flesh. Also जमांसज.  
**जमा ind.** 1. With, together with. 2. Near. f. (-जा) Day of conjunction or new moon. E. ज neg. माङ् to measure, जिप् affix, and टाप् fem. do.  
**जमायक mfn.** (-कः-का-कं) Motherless. E. ज neg. माय a mother, जम् added.  
**जमाय m.** (-यः) A minister, a counsellor. E. जमा near, म् aff.  
**जमाय mfn.** (-यः-या-यं) 1. Not whole or entire. 2. Not elementary. E. ज neg. माय whole, &c.  
**जमायवत् n.** (-वत्) 1. Spirit, spiritual essence. 2. Deficiency, defect. E. ज neg. मायवत् like elementary, त् added.  
**जमानन m.** (-नं) Disrespect. E. ज neg. मन to mind, in the causal form, and न् aff.  
**जमानव mfn.** (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Not human, animal. 2. Superhuman. E. ज neg. मानव mortal.  
**जमानस n.** (-सः) Pain. See जमानस. E. ज neg. मनस् the mind, and सन् aff.  
**जमानिता f.** (-ता) Modesty, humility. E. तच् added to जमानिन्, also with त्, जमानित.  
**जमानिन् mfn.** (-नी-निनी-नि) Humble, modest. E. ज neg. मान pride, इनि affix. Also जमान mfn. (-जः-जा-जं)

**जमानुष mfn.** (-वः-वी-वं) Not human, animal, superhuman. E. ज neg. मानुष human.  
**जमानुष mfn.** (-वः-वी-वं) Superhuman. E. ज neg. मानुष human.  
**जमान्य mfn.** (-यः-या-यं) To be disrespected. E. ज neg. मान्य to be respected. Also जमाननीय and जमानित्य.  
**जमानरी f.** (-री) The day of new moon. E. जमा with, मर to measure, म् affix, and रीप् fem. do or with म् affix जमानारी.  
**जमावरी f.** (-री) Day of new moon. E. जमा with, and मर to abide, म् affix; being with, or in the same quarter as the sun; also जमावारी.  
**जमावाय mfn.** (-यः-या-यं) Produced in the day of new moon. E. जमावाया and म् aff.  
**जमावायक mfn.** (-कः-का-कं) Produced on the day of new moon. E. जमावाया and मुन् aff.  
**जमावाया f.** (-या) Day of conjunction or new moon. E. जमा with, (the sun and moon,) मर to abide, म् affix: or with the penult vowel short, जमावया; also जमावरी, &c.  
**जमाय mfn.** (-यः-या-यं) 1. True, wise. 2. Sincere, guileless, free from error or deceit. f. (-या) 1. Absence of delusion, knowledge of the truth. 2. Sincerity, honesty. E. ज neg. माय deceit, delusion.  
**जमायिक mfn.** (-कः-का-कं) True, real, honest, void of trick or guile. E. ज neg. मायिक deceptive.  
**जमायिन् mfn.** (-यी-यिनी-यि) Acting without illusion or deceit. E. ज neg. मायिन् deceitful.  
**जमागे m.** (-गे) Want of a road. mfn. (-गी-गा-गे) Without a road. E. ज neg. मागे a road.  
**जमार्जित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Unsought, not hunted after. E. ज neg. मार्जित sought.  
**जमार्जित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Uncleaned. 2. Unadorned. E. ज neg. मार्जित cleaned.  
**जमित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unmeasure, boundless, infinite. 2. Neglected, unpolished, unclean. E. ज neg. मित measured.  
**जमितोज्ज् mfn.** (-जः-जा-जः) Mighty, all-powerful, almighty. E. जमित boundless, बीजस् strength.  
**जमिन् m.** (-मः) An enemy, an adversary. mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Unfriendly, hostile. E. जम् to go, and इच् Una'di affix, or ज neg. and मिच् a friend.  
**जमिन् mfn.** (-मी-मिनी-मि) Sick, diseased. E. जम sickness, इनि aff.  
**जमिन् mfn.** (-मः-मा-मं) Unmixed, unmixing. E. ज neg. मिन् mixture.  
**जमिन्वीय mfn.** (-यः-या-यं) Immiscible. E. ज neg. मिन्वीय to be mixed.  
**जमिन्वित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Unmixed. E. ज neg. मिन्वित mixed.  
**जमिन् n.** (-मं) 1. Luxury. 2. Honesty, simplicity. E. जम् to be sick, इच् Una'di aff.  
**जमीनांश f.** (-शः) Absence of reasoning or investigation. E. ज neg. मीनांश investigation by reason.  
**जमीन n.** (-नं) 1. Sin. 2. Pain.  
**जमुक्क mfn.** (-कः-का-कं) A certain person or thing, any thing or person referred to without a name. E. जम् for जम् this, and जम् added.  
**जमुक्क mfn.** (-कः-का-कं) 1. Not loosed, not let go. 2. Not liberated from birth and death. n. (-ज्) A weapon that is always grasped to be used, as a knife, &c. See मुक्कामुक्क, यामुक्क, &c. E. ज neg. and मुक्क released.  
**जमुक्कवत् mfn.** (-वः-वा-वं) Sparing, frugal, prudent. E. जमुक्क not loosed, वत् the hand.  
**जमुक्ति f.** (-क्तिः) Confinement, want of freedom or liberty. E. ज neg. मुक्ति liberation.  
**जमुक्क mfn.** (-कः-का-कं) Inferior, ordinary. E. ज neg. मुक्क principal.  
**जमुक्क ind.** Hence, from this. E. जम् for जम् and त्विच् aff.  
**जमुक्क ind.** In the next life. E. जम् from जम् this or that, and जम् aff.  
**जमुक्कवत् mfn.** (-वः-वा-वं) Belonging to a future state, being of the next world. E. जमुक्क and वत् aff.

**अमृतपुत्र m.** (-पुत्रः) 1. Of a good family, of known origin. 2. The son or daughter of such a one. ३. अमृत the irr. gen. of अमृत this, and पुत्र a son, &c.

**अमृतप्राय m.** (-प्रायः) 1. Of respectable birth, of known origin. 2. The offspring of such a one, of a certain person, &c. ३. अमृत as in the last, and प्राय affix, also अमृतप्राय.

**अमृतम् mfn.** (-म्) Of such form or kind. ३. अमृत for अमृत this, and ङिप् affix; also अमृतम् and अमृतम्.

**अमृतम् mfn.** (-म्-आ-म्) Of such a form or kind. ३. See the last.

**अमृतम् mfn.** (-म्-आ-म्) Such, like, of such form or kind. ३. See अमृतम्.

**अमूर्तम् mfn.** (-मूर्तः-मूर्तः-म्) Formless, shapeless, unembodied. ३. अ neg. मूर्ति form; the final changed.

**अमूर्ति f.** (-मूर्तिः) Shapelessness, absence of shape or form. ३. अ neg. मूर्ति form.

**अमूल mfn.** (-मूलः-मूलः-म्) Having no root. Also अमूलक. f. (-मूलः) A plant. See अपिप्रिया. ३. अ neg. and मूल a root.

**अमूल्य mfn.** (-मूल्यः-मूल्यः-म्) Invaluable, not to be purchased. ३. अ neg. मूल्य price.

**अमृताक्ष n.** (-क्षः) The root of a fragrant grass, used in India for tates or screens against the hot winds, commonly called Kaskas, (*Andropogon muricatum*.) ३. अ like, as it were, and अमृताक्ष a fibrous root; also अमृताक्ष.

**अमृत n** (-मृतः) 1. The food of the gods, Ambrosia or Nectar. 2. Water. 3. Butter, rice, &c. the residue of a sacrifice. 4. Oiled butter or ghee. 5. Unsolicited alms. 6. Boiled rice. 7. Food. 8. Wealth, property. 9. Gold. 10. Buttermilk. 11. Any thing sweet, a sweetmeat. 12. Milk. 13. Poison. 14. A drug or medicament. 15. Quick-silver. 16. Final emancipation. m. (-मृतः) 1. A god, an immortal. 2. DHANWANTARI, the physician of the gods. f. (-मृतः) 1. Emblio myrobalan, (*phyllanthus emblica*.) 2. The yellow sort., (*Terminalia citrina*.) 3. Another plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*.) 4. Long pepper. 5. Holy basil, (*Ocymum sanctum*.) 6. Spirituous liquor. It also occurs amongst the synonymes of several plants besides those enumerated. mfn. (-मृतः-मृतः-म्) 1. Beloved, desired. 2. Beautiful. 3. Immortal, imperishable. ३. अ neg. मृत to die, and ङ affix; what is immortal or what makes so; what supports life, &c.

**अमृतकुण्ड m.** (-कुण्डः) A vessel of nectar. ३. अमृत and कुण्ड a hole.

**अमृतता f.** (-ता) Immortality. ३. अमृत and तत् affix; also with त्, अमृतत्.

**अमृततरङ्गिणी f.** (-ङ्गी) Moonlight. ३. अमृत, and तरङ्गिणी a sea.

**अमृतदीप्ति m.** (-दिप्तिः) The moon. ३. अमृत ambrosia, and दीप्ति a ray.

**अमृतद्रव mfn.** (-द्रवः-द्रवः-म्) Shedding ambrosia. ३. अमृत, and द्रव dropping.

**अमृतधार mfn.** (-धारः-धारः-म्) Shedding or distilling ambrosia. ३. अमृत, and धारा a drop.

**अमृतप mfn.** (-पः-पा-पः) Drinking ambrosia. m. (-पः) A deity. ३. अमृत, and प who drinks.

**अमृतरस m.** (-रसः) Nectar, ambrosia. ३. अमृत, and रस juice.

**अमृतवर्ष m.** (-वर्षः) A fall of ambrosia from heaven. ३. अमृत, and वर्ष rain.

**अमृतवल्ली f.** (-वल्ली) A species moonseed, (*Menispermum glabrum*.) See गुडूची. ३. अमृत, and वल्ली a pedicle; the plant flourishing for a long time.

**अमृतसार m.** (-सारः) Raw sugar, molasses. ३. अमृत ambrosia, सार essence, and अ produced.

**अमृतम् m.** (-म्) The Moon, as the producer of ambrosia. f. (-म्) A Mātri or a divine mother. ३. अमृत the ambrosia, and मृ who brings forth; from मृच् to bear, and ङिप् aff.

**मृतमृत mfn.** (-मृतः) Shedding ambrosia. ३. अमृत, मृ to distil, ङिप् aff.

**मृतसौहृद m.** (-सौहृदः) A horse. ३. अमृत, and सौहृद brother: born with nectar at the churning of the ocean.

**मृदाभक्ष m.** (-भक्षः) A deity. ३. अमृत, and भक्ष food; whose food is ambrosia.

**अमृताफल m.** (-फलः) The fruit of the *Trichosanthes*. ३. अमृता, and फल fruit.

**अमृताशन m.** (-शनः) A deity. ३. As before, अमृत eating.

**अमृताक्ष m.** (-क्षः) A collyrium, extracted from the *Amomum anthoriza*. See कर्परी.

**अमृताक्षर m.** (-क्षरः) A name of GARUDA, the bird of VISHNU. ३. अमृत, क्ष to convey, with अक्ष prefixed, and अक्ष affix; GARUDA having upon one occasion stolen the Amrita.

**अमृतीश्वर f.** (-श्वरः) A fly. ३. अमृत, and श्वर born.

**अमृतीश्वर m.** (-श्वरः) A kind of collyrium. See अमृताक्ष. ३. अमृत, and श्वर born.

**अमृति f.** (-मृतिः) A drinking vessel.

**अमृत्यु f.** (-मृत्युः) Immortality. ३. अ neg. मृत्यु death.

**अमृच्छ mfn.** (-मृच्छः-मृच्छः-म्) Cloudless. ३. अ neg. मेघ a cloud.

**अमृच्छ m.** (-मृच्छः) A food, an idiot. ३. अ neg. मेघ to understand, and अमृच्छ aff.

**अमृच्छ mfn.** (-मृच्छः-मृच्छः-म्) Impure, foul. n. (-मृच्छः) Faeces, excrement. ३. अ neg. and मेघ pure.

**अमृच्छ n.** (-मृच्छः) Foulness, filthiness. ३. मृ added to अमृच्छ, also with तत्, अमृच्छता.

**अमृच्छयुक्त mfn.** (-युक्तः-युक्तः-म्) Filthy, foul. ३. अमृच्छ, and युक्त joined.

**अमृच्छयुक्त mfn.** (-युक्तः-युक्तः-म्) Smeared with ordure, foul, defiled. ३. अमृच्छ, and युक्त smeared.

**अमृच्छयुक्त m.** (-युक्तः) Mearing with ordure. ३. अमृच्छ, and युक्त plastering.

**अमृच्छयुक्त mfn.** (-युक्तः-युक्तः-म्) Soiled by ordure. ३. अमृच्छ, and युक्त smeared.

**अमृच्छयुक्त mfn.** (-युक्तः-युक्तः-म्) Immense, immeasurable. ३. अ neg. मेघ to be measured.

**अमृच्छयुक्त mfn.** (-युक्तः-युक्तः-म्) Magnanimous, possessing extraordinary powers of mind. ३. अमृच्छ, and युक्त self.

**अमृच्छ m.** (-मृच्छः) 1. Bondage, confinement. 2. Confinement to life. mfn. (-मृच्छः-मृच्छः-म्) Unliberated, unloosed. ३. अ neg. मृच्छ liberation.

**अमृच्छ mfn.** (-मृच्छः-मृच्छः-म्) Productive, fruitful, not vain or barren. m. (-मृच्छः) The name of a river. f. (-मृच्छः) 1. Trumpet flower, (*Bignonia suaveolens*.) 2. A plant of which the seed is used as a vermifuge, (*Erycibe paniculata*, Rox.) See विचित्र. 3. Yellow myrobalan. See कर्परी. ३. अ not, मृच्छ vain, barren.

**अमृच्छ n.** (-मृच्छः) Non-liberation, not loosing or letting go. ३. अ neg. मृच्छ liberation.

**अमृच्छ mfn.** (-मृच्छः-मृच्छः-म्) Confined, not liberated. ३. अ neg. मृच्छ liberation.

**अमृच्छ r.** 1st cl. (अमृच्छ) To move, to go.

**अमृच्छ n.** (-मृच्छः) 1. The eye. 2. Copper. ३. अमृच्छ to go, and मृच्छ aff.

**अमृच्छ n.** (-मृच्छः) 1. The sky or atmosphere. 2. Clothes, apparel. 3. A perfume, (*Ambergris*.) 4. Cotton. 5. Talc. ३. अमृच्छ to go, and मृच्छ aff.

**अमृच्छयुक्त n.** (-युक्तः) The two principal female garments, or upper and lower cloths or mantles. ३. अमृच्छ, and युक्त a pair.

**अमृच्छयुक्त m.** (-युक्तः) 1. The horizon. 2. The end of a garment. ३. अमृच्छ and युक्त end.

**अमृच्छयुक्त mn.** (-युक्तः-युक्तः-म्) A frying pan. See the next.

**अमृच्छयुक्त mn.** (-युक्तः-युक्तः-म्) 1. A frying pan. 2. War, battle. m. (-युक्तः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. Also of VISHNU. 3. A young animal, a colt, a boy. 4. The name of a king of the solar race, celebrated as a worshipper of VISHNU. 5. A division of hell. 6. The sun. 7. Repentance. 8. A tree, (*Spondias mangifera*.) ३. अमृच्छ to sound, and मृच्छ Una'di affix, but irregularly formed.

**अमृच्छ m.** (-मृच्छः) 1. The name of a country, stated to be in the eastern division of India, and supposed by Mr. WILFORD, to be the abode of the AMARAS of Arrian. 2. The offspring of a man of the Brahman, and a woman of the Vaisya tribe, a man of the medical cast. f. (-मृच्छः) 1. A sort of jasmin, (*Jasminum auriculatum*.) 2. A plant, (*Cissampelos hexandra*.) See अमृच्छयुक्त. 3. Woodsorrel, (*Oxalis corniculata*, Rox.) ३. अमृच्छ a mother, मृच्छ to stand, and अमृच्छ affix, what cherishes like a mother.

अम्बुहरी f. (-ही) A creeper, (*Cissampelos hexandra*.) Also अम्बुहा and अम्बुडिहा.  
 अम्बा f. (-म्बा) 1. A mother. 2. The same, (in theatrical language.) 3. A name of DU'RGĀ. See अम्बिका. ४. अपि to sound, अप् and टाप् affs.  
 अम्बालिका f. (-का) 1. A mother of PA'NDU.  
 अम्बिका f. (-का) 1. A mother. 2. A name of PA'RVATĪ. 3. The mother of D'HRITARA'SHTRA. 4. One of the female, domestic deities of the Jainas. 5. A medicinal plant. See अम्बुहरी. ४. अम्बा a mother, and अम्बु affix; like a mother.  
 अम्बिकेय m. (-यः) 1. GANESA or KARTIKEYA both sons of PA'RVATĪ. 2. A name of D'HRITARA'SHTRA. ४. अम्बिका as above; and इक् affix, implying family decent.  
 अम्बिकेयक m. (-कः) 1. GANESA. 2. D'HRITARA'SHTRA. ४. As the preceding. कम्बु being added.  
 अम्बु n. (-म्बु) Water. ४. अपि to sound, and उ aff.  
 अम्बुका f. (-का) A drop of water. ४. अम्बु, and क्क a particule.  
 अम्बुकण्डक m. (-कः) The short-nosed alligator. ४. अम्बु water, and कण्डक a thorn.  
 अम्बुकिरात m. (-तः) An alligator. ४. अम्बु, and किरात a savage.  
 अम्बुकीय m. (-यः) A porpoise, especially of the kind common in the Ganges, (*Delphinus gangeticus*, Rox.) ४. अम्बु, and कीय the water-monkey.  
 अम्बुकीय m. (-यः) A porpoise, especially the gangetic. ४. अम्बु, and कूय a tortoise.  
 अम्बुवर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-र) Aquatical. ४. अम्बु, and वर what moves in.  
 अम्बुचानर n. (-रः) An aquatic plant, (*Vallisneria*.) See अम्बुचाल. ४. अम्बु, and चानर the Indian chowrie; the water-chowrie.  
 अम्बुचारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Aquatical, as a fish, &c. ४. अम्बु, चर to go, चिनि aff.  
 अम्बुज m. (-जः) A plant, (*Eugenia acutangula*.) See अम्बुज. n. (-जः) 1. A lotus, (*Nymphaea nelumbo*.) 2. The thunderbolt of INDRA. mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Aquatic, water-born. ४. अम्बु, and ज what is produced; water-born.  
 अम्बुजम्बु n. (-जम्बु) A lotus. ४. अम्बु, and जम्बु birth.  
 अम्बुचाल m. (-चालः) Vallisneria. See अम्बुचानर.  
 अम्बुद m. (-दः) A cloud. mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Shedding or giving water. ४. अम्बु, and द what gives.  
 अम्बुधि m. (-धिः) The ocean. ४. अम्बु and धि what possesses; from धाञ् with कि affixed.  
 अम्बुनिधि m. (-धिः) The ocean. ४. अम्बु and निधि a treasure.  
 अम्बुप m. (-पः) A plant, (*Cassia tora*, or *alata*.) mfn. (-पः-पा-प) Drinking or imbibing water. ४. अम्बु, and प what drinks.  
 अम्बुपत्रा f. (-त्रा) A fragrant grass, (perhaps a *Cyperus*.) See अम्बुपत्र. ४. अम्बु, and पत्र a leaf.  
 अम्बुपति f. (-तिः) Current stream, flow of water. ४. अम्बु, and पति distinction.  
 अम्बुप्रसादन m. (-नः) The clearing nut tree, (*Strychnos potatorum*.) ४. अम्बु water, प्रसाद to clear, प्रसाद affix. The nuts of this plant are generally used in India, for purifying water; they are rubbed upon the inner surface of the vessel, and occasion the precipitation of the impurities of the fluid.  
 अम्बुधत्त m. (-धत्त) 1. A cloud. 2. The ocean. 3. A grass, (*Cyperus pertenuis*.) ४. अम्बु, and धत्त what nourishes, from धाञ् with हिप् aff.  
 अम्बुधत्त m. (-धत्त) The side of a river, or a bank, a shore. mfn. (-धत्त-धती-धत्त) Watery, having or containing water. ४. अम्बु and धत्त aff.  
 अम्बुधत्त m. (-जः) A bivalve shell. ४. अम्बु water, धाञ् all, every kind, and ज produced.  
 अम्बुधत्त m. (-धत्त) A cloud. ४. अम्बु, and धत्त what lets go.

अम्बु m. (-रः) The lower limb of a door-frame, the threshold. ४. अम्बु, and राज to shine, affix उ.  
 अम्बुराशि m. (-शिः) The ocean. ४. अम्बु, and राशि a heap.  
 अम्बुवृक्ष n. (-वृक्ष) 1. Any aquatic plant. 2. A lotus. ४. अम्बु, and वृक्ष what grows on or in, हिप् aff.  
 अम्बुवृक्षिणी f. (-णी) A lotus. ४. अम्बु, and वृक्षिणी what grows, or rises on or in.  
 अम्बुवृक्षिणी f. (-णी) Four days in Asha'rha, the 10th to the 18th of the dark fortnight, when the earth is supposed to the unclean, and agriculture is prohibited. ४. अम्बु and, वाक् speech, with जीप् added.  
 अम्बुवृक्षिणी f. (-णी) See the preceding.  
 अम्बुवृक्षिणी f. (-णी) Trumpet flower, (*Bignonia suave-olens*.) ४. अम्बु before वृक्ष to abide, चिनि and जीप् affs.  
 अम्बुवाह m. (-हः) 1. A cloud. 2. The cyperus. 3. A water-carrier. ४. अम्बु water, and वाह what bears.  
 अम्बुवाहिन् mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) Carrying or conveying water. f. (-नी) A wooden baling vessel. ४. अम्बु, and वाहिन् what bears.  
 अम्बुवेतस m. (-सः) A kind of cane or reed growing in water. See वेतस.  
 अम्बुवेतसी f. (-सी) A leech. ४. अम्बु before वेत् to go, चिनि affix; and जीप् fem. do.  
 अम्बुवादन n. (-नः) The nut of the *Strychnos*. See अम्बुप्रसादन.  
 अम्बुवेतसी f. (-सी) A vessel used for baling water out of a boat. ४. अम्बु, विष् to sprinkle, चिनि aff.  
 अम्बुजल mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sputtered, (speech, discourse.) ४. अम्बु water, and जल made.  
 अम्बुज m. (-जः) Sourness. ४. अम्बु to go, and ज Unā'di aff.  
 अम्बुज n. (-जः) Water. ४. अप् water, before अम्बु Unā'di affix; जम्बु is inserted, and प becomes म.  
 अम्बुजल mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) 1. What holds or contains water. 2. Abiding in water. ४. अम्बुज and जल what abides or where it abides.  
 अम्बुज m. (-जः) Smoke, cloudiness. ४. अम्बुज water, and ज what produces.  
 अम्बुज n. (-जः) A lotus. m. (-जः) 1. The moon. 2. The Saras or Indian crane. mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Aquatic, water-born. ४. अम्बुज, and ज produced.  
 अम्बुजजनि m. (-निः) BRAHMA, being born secondarily from a lotus. ४. अम्बुज, and जनि birth.  
 अम्बुजयोनि m. (-निः) A name of BRAHMA. ४. अम्बुज, and योनि womb.  
 अम्बुजिनी f. (-नी) An assemblage of lotus flowers, or a place where they abound. ४. अम्बुज a lotus, चिनि and जीप् affs.  
 अम्बुद m. (-दः) A cloud. ४. अम्बुज, and द what gives.  
 अम्बुधत्त m. (-रः) A cloud. ४. अम्बुज water, and धत्त what has.  
 अम्बुधि m. (-धिः) The ocean. ४. अम्बुज, and धि what possesses, from धाञ् with the affix कि.  
 अम्बुनिधि m. (-धिः) The ocean. ४. अम्बुज, and निधि a treasure.  
 अम्बुराशि m. (-शिः) The ocean. ४. अम्बुज, and राशि a heap.  
 अम्बुवृक्ष n. (-वृक्ष) A lotus. ४. अम्बुज, and वृक्ष what rises or grows from वृक्ष with अप् affix; also with हिप् affix; अम्बुवृक्ष nom. (-वृक्ष)  
 अम्बुज mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Watery, formed from, or consisting of water, (as froth, &c.) ४. अप् water, and जयद् affix; प is changed to य, and the fem. takes जीप्.  
 अम्बु m. (-जः) The mango tree, (*Mangifera Indica*.) n. (-जः) A mango. ४. अम्बु to eat, and र aff.  
 अम्बुज m. (-जः) A species of spondias or hog plun, (*Spondias mangifera*.) ४. अम्बु the mango, and अम्बु to go, अप् affix; resembling that fruit, also अम्बुज.  
 अम्बुज m. (-जः) A tree. See the preceding. ४. अम्बु being added.  
 अम्बु mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Sour, acid. m. (-जः) Sourness, acidity. f. (-नी) Wood sorrel, (*Oxalis monadelphica*.) n. (-जः) Sour curds. ४. अम्बु to be sick, ज Unā'di affix, and जीप् for the fem.  
 अम्बुज m. (-जः) A plant, (*Artocarpus lacucha*.) See अम्बुज. ४. अम्बु sourness, and ज affix; having a sour taste.



**अवृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) 1. Separate, disjoined. 2. Improper. **अ. च** neg. युक्त joined.

**अवृत्ति** f. (-त्तिः) 1. Disunion, separation. 2. Unreasonableness, want of conformity to correct principles or to analogy. 3. Impropriety, unfitness. **अ. च** neg. युक्ति union.

**अवृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) 1. Single, separate. 2. Odd. **अ. च** neg. युक्त a pair.

**अवृत्तपत्** ind. Gradually, seriatim, not at once. **अ. च** neg. युक्तपत् at once.

**अवृत्तल** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Single. **अ. च** neg. युक्त a pair.

**अवृत्तहिंस** m. (-हिंसः) Fire. **अ. च** युक्त uneven, (seven) चरिस् ray.

**अवृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) 1. Separate, divided, single. 2. Odd, uneven. **अ. च** not, युक्त a pair.

**अवृत्तचक्र** m. (-चक्रः) A plant, (Echites scholaris) **अ. च** neg. युक्त double, and चक्र a leaf.

**अवृत्त** mfn. (-युक्त) 1. Separate, single. 2. Odd, uneven. **अ. च** neg. युक्त what joins.

**अवृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) Disjoined, detached. **न. (-त्त)** Ten thousand. **अ. च** neg. and युक्त joined, counted.

**अवृत्त** n. (-त्तः) Peace, absence of war. **अ. च** neg. युक्त war.

**अवृत्ति** ind. Oh! ah! &c. an interjection of; 1. Recollection; 2. Fatigue; 3. Fear; 4. Passion; and 5. Calling. **अ. च** to go, एष aff.

**अवृत्त** m. (-त्तः) 1. Separation, disjunction. 2. A widower, an absent lover or husband. 3. Unfitness, unsuitableness. 4. Medical treatment, counter to the symptoms. 5. Consistent treatment, non-mixture of opposite qualities. 6. Dislike, aversion to any thing. 7. Vigorous effort, exertion. 8. An iron hammer. **अ. च** neg. and वृत्त union; or अवृत्ति iron, and न what goes, or is.

**अवृत्तव** mfn. (-वः-वा-व) The offspring of a Śūdra man, and Vaisya woman. **अ. च** वृत्त disjoined, and व from वा to go; being one of the lowest castes or tribes.

**अवृत्तगुड** m. (-गुडः) 1. A chalybeate pill, one made of some preparation of iron. 2. An iron ball. **अ. च** युक्त, and गुड a ball.

**अवृत्तव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) 1. Unfit, unsuitable. 2. Useless. **अ. च** neg. वृत्त fit.

**अवृत्तव्यता** f. (-ता) 1. Unfitness, unsuitableness, incongruity, impropriety. **अ. च** अवृत्तव्य and तत् affix; also अवृत्तव्यत्.

**अवृत्त** n. (-वृत्त) 1. A pestle for cleaning grain. 2. A mace or club tipped with iron. 3. A hammer, a forge hammer. **अ. च** युक्त, and वृत्त the end.

**अवृत्तन** m. (-नः) A hammer, a forge hammer. **अ. च** युक्त, and वृत्त what strikes, from वृत्त to kill or strike.

**अवृत्तन** nf. (-नः-ना) Disunion, separation, distinctness. **अ. च** not, वृत्त uniting.

**अवृत्तदन्त** mfn. (-दन्तः-दन्ती-दन्त) Iron-toothed. **अ. च** युक्त, and दन्त for दन्त a tooth.

**अवृत्तव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) Not to be warred against. **अ. च** (-व्या) The capital of Rāma, Ayodhya, the modern Oude. **अ. च** neg. युक्त to make war, and युक्त aff.

**अवृत्तनिज** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Generated equivocally, not born from the womb. **अ. च** neg. वृत्त the womb, and ज born.

**अवृत्तल** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Made of iron. **अ. च** युक्त and लयट् aff.

**अवृत्तल** n. (-ल) Rust of iron. **अ. च** युक्त, and लयट् dirt.

**अवृत्तमुख** mfn. (-मुखः-खा-मुख) Tipped or pointed with iron. **अ. च** (-मुखः) A kind of goblin with an iron face. **अ. च** युक्त, and मुख a mouth.

**अवृत्तहृदय** mfn. (-हृदयः-या-हृदय) Stern, unrelenting, iron-hearted. **अ. च** युक्त, and हृदय the heart.

**अवृत्त** mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Swift, speedy. **न. (-वृत्त)** 1. The spoke or radius of a wheel. 2. adv. Swiftly. **म. (-वृत्त)** 1. A Jaina division of time, the sixth of an Avasarpini or Utsarpini. See अवृत्तहिंस, &c. 2. The eighteenth Jaina Tirthakara, or deified saint. **अ. च** to go, एष aff.

**अवृत्त** m. (-वृत्तः) An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria.) See वृत्तव. **अ. च** वृत्त what goes, and वृत्त aff.

**अवृत्तित** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) 1. Not preserved, not kept. 2. Unprotected unprotected. **अ. च** neg. वृत्त kept.

**अवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) A tree, (Cassia fistula.) See अवृत्तव.

**अवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) 1. A machine for raising water from a well. 2. A deep well. **अ. च** वृत्त quickly, and वृत्त to move, affix वृत्त.

**अवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) 1. A wheel for drawing water with. 2. A deep or large well. **अ. च** वृत्त added to the preceding.

**अवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) Factitious or made up poison. **अ. च** वृत्त quick, and वृत्त poison.

**अवृत्तव** mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) 1. Free from the quality of passion. 2. Free from desire, &c. **अ. च** f. (-वृत्तः) A young girl. **अ. च** neg. वृत्त the menstrual flux or passion, &c.

**अवृत्त** m. (-वृत्तः) A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) See अवृत्त. **अ. च** to go, and वृत्त aff.

**अवृत्त** mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ती) Wood used for kindling a fire, exciting it by attrition. **म. (-वृत्तः)** 1. The plant of which especially the wood is used for this purpose, (Premna spinosa, &c.) See अवृत्तवृत्तव. 2. A flint. 3. The sun. **अ. च** to go, and वृत्त Unadi aff.

**अवृत्त** nf. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ती) A forest. **म. (-वृत्तः)** Kayaphal, a drug so named. See वृत्तव. **अ. च** to go, and वृत्त Unadi aff.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** f. (-वृत्तः) The wood or wild plantain. **अ. च** वृत्त, and वृत्तव the plantain.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** f. (-वृत्तः) The wild cotton. **अ. च** वृत्त, and वृत्तव cotton.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) A wood sparrow. **अ. च** वृत्त, and वृत्तव a sparrow.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Produced or born in a forest. **अ. च** वृत्त, and वृत्त born; also similar compounds, as अवृत्तवृत्तव, अवृत्तवृत्तव, अवृत्तवृत्तव, &c.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** f. (-वृत्तः) Wild ginger. **अ. च** वृत्तवृत्त, and वृत्तवृत्त ginger.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** n. (-वृत्तः) Wild rice. **अ. च** वृत्तवृत्त, and वृत्तवृत्त grain.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** f. (-वृत्तः) The gad fly. **अ. च** वृत्तवृत्त, and वृत्तवृत्त a fly.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) Keeper of a forest, superintendent of a forest district. **अ. च** वृत्तवृत्त, and वृत्तवृत्त who protects.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) A raven. **अ. च** वृत्तवृत्त, and वृत्तवृत्त a crow.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) A hermitage. **अ. च** वृत्तवृत्त a wood, and वृत्तवृत्त abode.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) A hermit, an anchorite. **अ. च** वृत्तवृत्त, and वृत्तवृत्त who resides.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) Wild rice. **अ. च** वृत्तवृत्त, and वृत्तवृत्त rice.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) The wild hog. **अ. च** वृत्तवृत्त, and वृत्तवृत्त hog.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) A wolf. **अ. च** वृत्तवृत्त, and वृत्तवृत्त a dog, the forest dog.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) Keeper or ranger of the forests, a headman or superintendent of a forest district, an officer in the old Hindu government. **अ. च** वृत्तवृत्त, and वृत्तवृत्त superintendent.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** f. (-वृत्तः) A large forest. **अ. च** वृत्तवृत्त, वृत्तवृत्त and वृत्तवृत्त affs.

**अवृत्त** mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) 1. Dull, languid, apathetic. 2. Disgusted, discontented. **अ. च** neg. वृत्त interested.

**अवृत्तवृत्तव** m. (-वृत्तः) a dog. **अ. च** neg. वृत्त copulation, and वृत्त ashamed.

**अवृत्त** mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ती-वृत्त) 1. Dull, languid. 2. Discontented, unhappy. **म. (-वृत्तः)** Anger, passion. **अ. च** (-वृत्तः) 1. Dissatisfaction, discontent. 2. Dullness, languor. 3. Absence of pleasure, pain. 4. Anxiety, distress. **अ. च** neg. and वृत्त pleasure, or वृत्त to go, and वृत्त Unadi aff.

**अवृत्त** m. (-वृत्तः) 1. A cubit of the middle length, from the elbow to the tip of the little finger. 2. The elbow. **अ. च** to go, and वृत्त Unadi aff.

**अवृत्त** mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Low, inferior. See अवृत्त.

**अवृत्त** mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Disagreeable. **अ. च** neg. वृत्त pleasing.

**अवृत्त** mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ती-वृत्त) 1. A door. 2. A covering, a sheath. 3. The sheath of the shoot of a bamboo. **अ. च** वृत्त from वृत्त to go, and वृत्त Unadi affix, वृत्त in the fem.

**अवृत्त** mn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ती) A door. **अ. च** to go, and वृत्त aff.

**अवृत्त** m. (-वृत्तः) A sparrow. **अ. च** to go, वृत्त Unadi aff.

**अवृत्त** ind. A vocative particle, expressing haste.

**अवृत्त** m. (-वृत्तः) A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) See वृत्तव. **अ. च** to go, वृत्त affix, and वृत्त is changed to वृत्त, also वृत्त.

**चरित** m. (-च-रा-च) Silent. ३. च neg. दृढ sound.  
**चरित** n. (-च) 1. lotus, (*Nymphaea nelumbo*.) २. Copper. ३. चर quickly, and दृढ to obtain, च affix with reference to the lotus, as of quick growth.  
**चरितवर्धन** m. (-चि) **विष्णु**. ३. चरित, and वर्धन the navel, from which sprung the lotus that bore **ब्रह्मा** at the creation.  
**चरितचिरी** f. (-ची) An assemblage of lotus flowers. ३. चरित, चिरी and ची aff.  
**चरित** mfn. (-च-रा-च) 1. Insipid, tasteless. २. Dull, flat, (as a composition.) ३. च neg. दृढ flavour.  
**चरित** mfn. (-च-रा-च) 1. Unfeeling, dull, devoid of taste. २. Flavourless, insipid, liter. or fig. ३. च neg. दृढ flavoured.  
**चरित** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Having, possessed of ३. च neg. दृढ left.  
**चरित** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Cool, unimpassioned. ३. च neg. दृढ passion.  
**चरित** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Cool, unimpassioned. ३. च neg. दृढ impassioned.  
**चरित** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Anarchical, having no king or governor. ३. च neg. दृढ a king, कर्त्तृ aff.  
**चरित** m. (-चि) An enemy. ३. च neg. and रा to give, with चि affix; who does not give pleasure.  
**चरित** m. (-चि) Defeat or destruction of a foe. ३. चरित, and चर breaking.  
**चरित** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Crooked. m. (-च) 1. Resin. २. An elephant in rut. ३. A bent or crooked arm f. (-चा) 1. A modest woman. २. A disloyal or unchaste one. ३. चर what goes. चा before चा to take or give, and च aff.  
**चरि** m. (-चि) 1. An enemy. २. A wheel. ३. A species of *Khadira* or *Mimosa*. ३. च to go, च affix, and च substituted for च.  
**चरित** n. (-च) Family of an enemy. ३. चरि, and चरित family.  
**चरितभाज** mfn. (-भाज) Not entitled to a share of the property, a non-heir. ३. च neg. चरितभाज a co-heir.  
**चरित** f. (-चा) Enmity, hostility. ३. चरि and तच् affix, also with च, चरित.  
**चरि** n. (-च) A rudder. ३. च to go, and चरत् aff.  
**चरित** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Gratifying an enemy, affording triumph to an enemy. ३. चरि, and चरित what delights.  
**चरित** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Conquering, victorious. ३. चरि, and चर to tame, affix चर.  
**चरित** n. (-च) An enemy's town or country. ३. चरि, and चर a city.  
**चरित** m. (-च) An ally or friend of an enemy. ३. चरि, and चरि a friend.  
**चरित** m. (-च) A fatid *Mimosa*, (*M. Farnesiana*.) ३. चरि an enemy, and चरित what injures.  
**चरित** n. (-च) An enemy's country. ३. चरि, and चर a country.  
**चरित** m. (-च) A hostile tribe or an enemy's country. ३. चरि, and चर a country.  
**चरि** m. (-च) 1. Disease arising from meat and drink. २. A stream of water from the clouds.  
**चरि** m. (-च) 1. The soap-berry plant, (*Sapindus saponaria*, &c.) २. Garlic. ३. The Nimb tree, (*Melia azadirachta*.) ४. A crow. ५. A heron. ६. The name of an Asur or infernal spirit. n. (-च) 1. A woman's apartment, the lying-in chamber. २. Good fortune, happiness. ३. Bad or ill luck, misfortune. ४. Buttermilk. ५. Vinous spirit. ६. Sign or symptom of approaching death. ७. A portent, some natural phenomenon considered as indicating calamity. ३. च neg. and चर bad or good fortune.  
**चरि** m. (-च) The soap-berry plant, (*Sapindus saponaria*, &c.) ३. च neg. and चर affliction, च affix, referring sickness, &c. See the preceding, of which it may have all the meanings.  
**चरित** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Impious, making fortunate or happy. ३. चरि, चर to spread, and चर aff.

**चरित** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Apprehensive of death, alarmed at its approach. ३. चरि sign of death, चरि disturbed, and चि understanding, mind; whose is so.  
**चरित** m. (-चि) The twenty-second of the twenty-four Jaina Tirthakaras or saints. Also चरि.  
**चरित** m. (-च) A name of **KRISHNA** or **VISHNU**. ३. चरि the Asur so named, and चरि who destroys; having killed the demon **ARISHTA**.  
**चरित** n. (-च) Consternation, defeat. ३. चरि, and चरित being in place.  
**चरित** m. (-च) An avenger. ३. चरि, and चरित who injures.  
**चरि** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Healthy, well. ३. च neg. दृढ sick.  
**चरि** f. (-चि) 1. Aversion, dislike. २. Want of appetite, disrelish, disgust. ३. च neg. चरि light.  
**चरि** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Disagreeable, disgusting. ३. च neg. दृढ agreeable.  
**चरि** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Disagreeable. ३. च neg. दृढ to be liked.  
**चरि** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Sound, healthy, free from disease. ३. च neg. दृढ sick.  
**चरि** m. (-च) 1. A name of the sun. २. Also of his charioteer, or the dawn personified as the son of **KASYAPA** by **VINATA**. ३. The colour of the dawn, dark red, or the mixture of red and black. ४. Tawny, (the colour.) ५. The redness of sun-set. ६. A kind of leprosy, with red spots and insensibility of the skin. ७. A dumb man f. (-चा) 1. A plant, (*Betula*.) See चरित. २. Mader, (*Rubia manjith*.) ३. Another plant, commonly Teori. See चरित. ४. A black kind of the same. ५. *Colocynthis* or bitter apple. ६. The plant that yields the red and black berry from which the jeweller's weight, the *Retti*, is derived. See चरि.  
**चरि** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Tawny, dark red, &c. ३. च to go, and चरि *Uda* aff.  
**चरि** n. (-च) The red lotus. ३. चरि, and चरि a lotus.  
**चरि** m. (-च) A pigeon. ३. चरि, and चरि the eye.  
**चरि** m. (-चि) The sun. ३. चरि, and चरि a charioteer; whose charioteer is **ARUNA**.  
**चरि** m. (-च) **GARURA**, the bird of **VISHNU**. ३. चरि, and चरि first born; having **ARUNA** as his elder brother.  
**चरि** m. (-च) A name of **JATAYU**, a fabulous bird; said by some to be the son of **ARUNA**, but more generally of **GARUDA**. ३. चरि, and चरि the son.  
**चरि** m. (-च) A name of **GARUDA**. ३. चरि, चरि after, and चरि born; the younger brother of **ARUNA**.  
**चरि** mfn. (-च-रा-च) 1. Reddened. २. Dyed red, impurpled. ३. चरि and चरि aff.  
**चरि** m. (-च) Redness. ३. चरि and चरि aff.  
**चरि** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Reddened, turning or become red. ३. चरि, and चरि made, चि augment.  
**चरि** m. (-च) Break of day, dawn, the period preceding sun-set. ३. चरि dawn, चरि rise.  
**चरि** m. (-च) A ruby. ३. चरि dark red, and चरि a stone.  
**चरि** mfn. (-च-रा-च) 1. Unwept, unlamented. २. Not weeping. ३. च neg. चरि wept.  
**चरि** mfn. (-च-रा-च) Free, unobstructed. ३. च neg. चरि obstructed.  
**चरि** mfn. (-च-रा-च) 1. Sharp, corrosive. २. Acrimonious, sharp, sour, (as disposition.) ३. चरि a sore, and चरि what torments, from चरि and चरि affix; the final of चरि is dropped, and चरि inserted.  
**चरि** n. (-च) 1. Infliction of pain. २. Acrimoniousness, causticity. ३. च added to the last. Also चरि.  
**चरि** f. (-चि) The daughter of **KRISHNA** and wife of **VASANTHA**, one of the seven Rishis; she is also one of the Pleiades, ३. च neg. चरि to confine, चरि and चरि affixes; who does not confine or hinder good works. **ARUNDHATI** is considered as a pattern of conjugal excellence, and is invoked at the marriage ceremony by the bridegroom.  
**चरि** m. (-चि) **VASANTHA**, one of the seven Rishis or saints, said to be in the great bear. ३. चरि and चरि from चरि a wife; whose wife is **ARUNDHATI**.



चरुवतीनाम m. (-वः) A name of VASISHT'NA, as above. n. चरुवती and नाम a lord or husband.

चरुम mfn. (-वः-मा-त्) Smooth, liter. or fig. n. च neg. चरु rough.

चरुम m. (-वः) The marking-nut plant, see the next word. n. चरु a sore, and च what makes.

चरुचरु mfn. (-रः-री-रु) Corrosive, caustic, acrid. m. (-रः) The marking-nut plant, (Semecarpus anacardium) n. (-रः) The nut. n. चरु a sore, च to make, र aff.

चरुचरु mfn. (-रः-रा-रु) Calm, not angry. n. च neg. चरु angry.

चरु mn. (-रः) A sore or wound. m. (-रः) The sun, ind. A joint. n. च to go, and रुचि Una'di aff.

चरुचिका f. (-का) Eruptions on the scalp, with acute pain. n. चरु a sore, च added.

चरुचरु nfn. (-रः-रा-री-रु) 1. Formless, shapeless. 2. Ugly, ill formed, misshapen. 3. Dissimilar, unlike. n. च neg. चरु beauty.

चरुचरु mfn. (-रः-रा-रु) Literal, without figure or metaphor. n. च neg. चरु figurative.

चरुचरु f. (-रु) 1. Ugliness. 2. Shapelessness. 3. Dissimilarity. n. तच् added to चरु, also चरुचरु.

चरुचरु mfn. (-रु-रा-री-रु) Ugly, shapeless. n. चरुचरु and चरुचरु aff.

चरुचरु m. (-रु) 1. A kind of snake 2 The sun. n. च to go, ऊचच् Una'di aff.

चरुचरु ind. Interjection of calling to inferiors.

चरुचरु ind. 1. Interjection of calling to inferiors 2. Also of calling angrily.

चरुचरु mfn. (-रु-रा-रु) Obscured, dimmed, darkened. n. चरु to be light, चरु affix ; च neg. prefix.

चरुचरु mfn. (-रु-रु-रु-रु) Having black or discoloured teeth. n. चरुचरु, and चरु for चरु a tooth, also चरुचरु.

चरुचरु mfn. (-रु-रा-रु) Having bad teeth ; see the last.

चरुचरु mfn. (-रु-रा-रु) Well, healthy, free from disease. m. (-रु) Health. n. च neg. रोग sickness.

चरुचरु f. (-रु) Health. n. चरुचरु well, तच् affix, or with तच् चरुचरु.

चरुचरु mfn. (-रु-रु-रु-रु) Well, in health. n. च neg. रोगिन् sick.

चरुचरु m. (-रु) Indigestion, loss of appetite. n. च neg. रोगिन् digestion.

चरुचरु mfn. (-रु-रु-रु-रु) 1. Disagreeable. 2. Dark. 3. Ugly. n. च neg. रौचिस् splendid, &c.

चरुचरु n. (-रु) Not weeping. n. च neg. रोदन weeping.

चरुचरु mfn. (-रु-रा-रु) Unobstructed, unobstructable. n. च neg. रौचि to be hindered.

चरुचरु n. (-रु) Not planting or fixing. n. च neg. रौचि setting up.

चरुचरु m. (-रु) Calmness. n. च neg. रौचि wrath.

चरुचरु mfn. (-रु-रु-रु-रु) Not formidable or fierce. n. च neg. रौचि formidable

चर्च r. 10th cl. (चर्चयति) 1. To praise. 2. To heat or warm.

चर्च m. (-चर्चः) 1. The sun. 2. Crystal. 3. Swallow wort, (Calotropis gigantea) 4. Copper. 5. A name of INDRA. 6. A Pandit or learned man. 7. An elder brother. 8. Sunday. n. चर्च to worship or respect, च Una'di affix, and the च is dropped ; what is worshipped or respected : or चर्च to heat, affix चर्च.

चर्चचर्च du. m. (-चर्चः) The two sons of SURYA and ASWINI, and physicians of Swarga. n. चर्च the sun, and च who is born.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) The sons of SURYA or the sun, applicable to YAMA, to SANI, to the Munis VAIVASWATA and SAVARNI, to REVANTA, and to KARMA. f. (-चा) The daughter of the sun, applied to the river goddesses JAMUNA and TAPTI. n. चर्च, and चर्च a son.

चर्चचर्च f. (-चर्चः) 1. A ray of light. 2. The light of the sun. n. चर्च, and चर्च radiance.

चर्चचर्च n. (-चर्चः) A solar day. n. चर्च, and चर्च a day : also चर्चचर्च, &c.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) YAMA, &c. see चर्चचर्च. n. As before, and चर्च a son.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) Swallow wort, (Calotropis gigantea) f. (-चा) A kind of birth wort, (Aristolochia Indica) n. चर्च the swallow wort, and चर्च

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) Swallow wort, (Asclepias gigantea) or Calotropis. n. चर्च the sun, चर्च a leaf.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) The Nimb tree, (Nimba or Melia asadarasta) n. चर्च, and चर्च a tree.

चर्चचर्च f. (-चा) A plant, vulgarly Arkahuli. (Cleome pentaphylla) Also चर्चचर्च.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) A name of BUDD'HA, the founder of the BUDD'HA sect of Hindus. n. चर्च the sun, and चर्च a kinsman, being of the Surya Vansa's, or line of the sun.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) See the preceding. n. As before, चर्च a kinsman.

चर्चचर्च n. (-चर्चः) The disc of the sun. n. चर्च and चर्च a circle.

चर्चचर्च f. (-चा) Birthwort. See चर्चचर्च.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) REVANTA the son of SURYA. n. चर्च, चर्च the semen, and चर्च born.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) A solar year. n. चर्च, and चर्च a year ; also चर्चचर्च, &c.

चर्चचर्च n. (चर्च) 1. Levying taxes, subjecting the people to heavy imposts, drawing their wealth as the sun evaporizes water. 2. Periodical worship of the sun. n. चर्च the sun, and चर्च observance.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) YAMA, regent of the dead. n. चर्च, and चर्च a son : the son of SURYA. See चर्चचर्च.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) The elephant of INDRA. n. चर्च, चर्च kinsman, from च with, and चर्च womb ; from their being alike engaged in maintaining the universe.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) A digit or twelfth of the sun's disc. n. चर्च, and चर्च a part.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) 1. A crystal lens. See चर्चचर्च. 2. A ruby. n. चर्च and चर्च a stone.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) Swallow wort. n. चर्च, and चर्च application : bearing all the synonyms of the sun.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) The instant of conjunction of the sun and moon. n. चर्च the sun, चर्च the moon, and चर्च union.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) 1. The sun-stone. 2. A ruby. 3. A crystal lens. n. चर्च, and चर्च a stone.

चर्चचर्च mfn. (-चर्चः-चा-रु) A wooden bolt or pin for fastening a door, mfn. (-चर्चः-चा-रु) A surge or billow. n. चर्च to gain, चर्च affix, च becomes न, and the fem. takes both टाच् and उीच्.

चर्चचर्च f. (-चा) A small door pin, a bolt. n. As before, चर्च affix, टाच् for the fem. and च substituted for च.

चर्च r. 1st cl. (चर्चयति) To hurt or injure. r. 10th cl. (चर्चयति) To cost, to be worth.

चर्च m. (-चर्चः) 1. Price, cost. 2. Mode of worship or reverence. 3. An oblation of various ingredients to a god or Brahman. n. चर्च to cost, or चर्च to worship, च being changed to च, affix चर्च.

चर्चचर्च n. (-चर्चः) Presentation of a respectful offering. n. चर्च, and चर्च giving.

चर्चचर्च n. (-चर्चः) Rate of price, proper. price. n. चर्च, and चर्च strength, चर्च weakness.

चर्चचर्च n. (-चर्चः) Fixing the price of commodities, appraising, &c. n. चर्च, and चर्च fixing together with : it is the act of the king or ruler, in concert with the traders, and should be done once a week or once a fortnight.

चर्चचर्च mfn. (-चर्चः-चा-रु) Worthy of or requiring a respectful offering, a superior. n. चर्च, and चर्च worthy.

चर्चचर्च m. (-चर्चः) A name of SIVA. n. चर्च oblation, and चर्च lord : the lord of offerings.

चर्च mfn. (-चर्चः-चा-रु) Venerable, deserving worship. n. (-चर्चः) A respectful oblation to gods or venerable men, of rice, durra grain, &c. &c. with water only and of water in a small boat-shaped vessel.



इ १. १०th cl. (अर्चति) Also १st and 10th cl. (अर्चयति-ते) To worship, to honour or treat with respect: with अर्च् prefixed, to worship. This root and its derivatives are also read अर्च, &c. doubling the consonant after र.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च) A worshipper, one who worships. म. अर्च and अर्च aff.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च) An article of worship. nf. (-अर्च-अर्च) Worship, the homage paid to deities and to superiors. म. अर्च to worship, अर्च् affix, and अर्च् fem. &c.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च) Venerable, respectable. म. अर्च, and अर्च affix, also अर्च and अर्च aff.

अर्च १ (-अर्च) 1. Worship, see अर्च. 2. An image. म. अर्च to worship, अर्च् affix, and अर्च् fem. &c.

अर्च १ (-अर्च) Flame. म. अर्च to worship, अर्च् aff.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च) Worshipped, respected, saluted. म. अर्च in the part. past.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) Brilliant, resplendent. म. (-अर्च) 1. Fire. 2. The sun. म. अर्च flame, and अर्च् poss. aff.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) 1. Flame. 2. A ray of light. 3. Light, luster. म. अर्च to worship, and अर्च Una'di aff.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) Reverend, respectable, worshipful. म. अर्च to worship, and अर्च् aff.

अर्च १. १st cl. (अर्चति) To earn, to gain or acquire, (commonly used with अर्च् prefixed.) 10th cl. (अर्चयति) 1. The same, and: 2. To work or manufacture. 3. To make or prepare. This root and its derivatives are also read अर्च, &c. doubling the consonant after र.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) An acquirer, one who gains or acquires. म. (-अर्च) Basil, the white sort, (Ocimum villosum.) म. अर्च to gain, and अर्च् aff.

अर्च n. (-अर्च) Gain, acquisition of wealth, &c. म. अर्च, and अर्च् affix, also written अर्चन.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) Gained, acquired. म. अर्च to gain, अर्च् affix, also written अर्चन.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) 1. The third of the Pāṇḍavas, the son of INDRA and friend of KRISHNA. 2. The name of a king with a thousand arms. See अर्चयति. 3. A tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) 4. A peacock. 5. The only son of his mother. 6. White, (the colour.) nf. (-अर्च-अर्च) 1. Grass. 2. Slight inflammation of the conjunctiva or white of the eye. f. (-अर्च) 1. A cow. 2. USHA, the wife of ANIRUDDHA. 3. The Karatoya river in the north of Bengal. 4. A procuress, a bawd. mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) White. म. अर्च to gain, अर्च् Una'di affix, fem. अर्च्, also read अर्चन.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) Belonging to ARJUNA. म. अर्च and अर्च् aff.

अर्च ind. On the side or party of ARJUNA. म. अर्च and अर्च aff.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) White, of a white colour. म. अर्च white, and अर्च् light.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) The monkey HANUMAN. म. अर्च, and अर्च a banner, being ARJUNA's symbol.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) The teak tree, (Tectona grandis.) म. अर्च a tree, &c. उपल like.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) 1. The teak tree. 2. A letter.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) The ocean. म. अर्च water, अर्च् affix, and अर्च् is dropped: the अर्च् in this and similar words is optionally doubled, as अर्च, &c.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) Sea-born, marine. mn. (-अर्च-अर्च) Cuttle fish. म. अर्च, and अर्च् born.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) VARUNA, regent of the water. म. अर्च the ocean, and अर्च् a house; whose dwelling is the deep.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) A boat or ship. म. अर्च, and अर्च् a boat.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) A boat or ship. म. अर्च, and अर्च् vehicle.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) Water. म. अर्च् to go, अर्च् Una'di affix, and अर्च् inserted.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) A cloud. म. अर्च, and अर्च् what gives.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) A shell. म. अर्च, and अर्च् being.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) Blue barleria, (B. caerulea.) म. अर्च exhausted, and अर्च् to drop, the अर्च् is made short, also अर्चन.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) Censure, reproach, abuse. म. अर्च to blame, a sautra root and अर्च् aff.

अर्च f. (-अर्च) 1. Pain. 2. The end of a bow. म. अर्च to hurt, and अर्च् aff.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) Diseased, pained. म. (-अर्च) A kind of cake. म. अर्च pain, and अर्च् added.

अर्च f. (-अर्च) An elder sister, (in theatrical language.) See अर्चन.

अर्च १. 10th cl. (अर्चयते sometimes -ति) To ask or beg.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) 1. Rich. 2. Learned. म. (-अर्च) 1. Wealth, property, substance. 2. Meaning, signification. 3. Thing. 4. fruit, consequence. 5. Prohibition. 6. A material substance or object of sense. 7. Cause, origin. 8. Request, asking, begging. 9. Kind, sort, manner. 10. Well, well being. 11. (In law) A suit, an action. म. अर्च् to go, and अर्च् Una'di aff.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) Producing yielding wealth, what enriches. म. अर्च, and अर्च् what makes, also similar compounds, as अर्चन mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) अर्चन mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) and अर्चन mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) &c.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) Avarice, desire of wealth. म. अर्च, and अर्च् desire.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) Significant, meaning. म. अर्च with अर्च् heavy, अर्च् superlative aff.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) Wasteful, extravagant. म. अर्च, and अर्च् who or what destroys.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) Wise, discriminating, understanding the various significations of a word, &c. म. अर्च् meaning, and अर्च् who knows.

अर्च ind. According to the sense. म. अर्च् added to अर्च्.

अर्च n. (-अर्च) Truth, the real object, nature or cause of any thing. म. अर्च, and अर्च् truth.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) 1. Liberal, munificent. 2. Compliant, favourable. म. अर्च् wealth or object, and अर्च् who or what gives. Also similar compounds, as अर्चयति, अर्चयति and अर्चयति, &c.

अर्च n. (-अर्च) Waste, prodigality, extravagance. म. अर्च, and अर्च् spoiling.

अर्च f. (-अर्च) Begging, asking. म. अर्च् to ask, and अर्च् aff.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) 1. KURUBA, the Hindu PLUTUS. 2. A king. म. अर्च् wealth, and अर्च् lord.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) 1. Intent on gaining wealth. 2. Parsimonious, niggardly. म. अर्च्, and अर्च् intent.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) 1. Application of wealth as to trade, usury, &c. 2. The profession of usury. म. अर्च्, and अर्च् application.

अर्च f. (-अर्च) 1. Acquisition of wealth. 2. Attainment of an object. म. अर्च्, and अर्च् gaining.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) A servant who has high wages. म. अर्च्, and अर्च् maintained.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) Distinction, difference of meaning, म. अर्च् meaning, and अर्च् dividing.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) Acquisition of wealth. म. अर्च्, and अर्च् acquiring.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) Greedy of wealth, covetous, niggardly. म. अर्च्, and अर्च् desirous.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) A little wealth. म. अर्च्, and अर्च् a little.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) Avarice, desire of wealth. म. अर्च्, and अर्च् desire.

अर्च mfn. (-अर्च-अर्च-अर्च) 1. Wealthy, rich. 2. Significant, having sense or meaning. 3. Designed, intentional, having an object. म. अर्च्, and अर्च् poss. aff.

अर्च m. (-अर्च) 1. Praise, eulogium. 2. Declaration of purpose or object, speech or expression having a certain object, as अर्चयति: speech implying praise, निन्दयति: speech implying censure. 3. Amplification. म. अर्च् substance, thing, and अर्च् speaking.

चर्चविज्ञान n. (-न) One of the six exercises of the understanding, the comprehension of meanings. n. चर्च meaning, import, and विज्ञान knowledge.

चर्चविद् mfn. (-विद् or -विद्) Sagacious, sensible, wise. n. चर्च, and विद् who knows.

चर्चवृद्धि f. (-हि) Accumulation of wealth. n. चर्च and वृद्धि increase.

चर्चवैकल्य n. (-ल्य) Prevarication, evasion, deviation from truth, perversion or disguise of fact. n. चर्च object, वैकल्य alteration.

चर्चव्यय m. (-य) Expenditure. n. चर्च, and व्यय expenditure.

चर्चव्ययश्च mfn. (-श्च-या-श्च) Liberal in-giving and using. n. चर्च wealth, व्यय expense, and चर्च who knows.

चर्चशास्त्र n. (-श्च) The science of polity or moral and political government. n. चर्च possession, property, and शास्त्र institutes of a science.

चर्चशील n. (-शी) 1. Honesty. 2. Acquisition of wealth. n. चर्च purpose or wealth, शील purity.

चर्चसङ्ग्रह m. (-ग्र) 1. Accumulation of wealth. 2. A treasure. n. चर्च, and सङ्ग्रह a collection.

चर्चसंज्ञान n. (-ज्ञ) 1. Accumulation of wealth. 2. A treasury. n. चर्च, and संज्ञान assemblage.

चर्चसङ्घ m. (-घ) Accumulation of wealth. n. चर्च, and सङ्घ heap.

चर्चसम्बन्ध m. (-म्ब) Connexion of the sense with the word or sentence. n. चर्च, and सम्बन्ध connexion.

चर्चसिद्धि mfn. (-सिद्धि-या-सिद्धि) 1. Effected by wealth. 2. Successful, one whose aim is accomplished. n. चर्च, and सिद्धि accomplished.

चर्चसिद्धि f. (-हि) Success. n. चर्च, and सिद्धि accomplishment.

चर्चहर mfn. (-र-या-र) Inheriting or taking wealth. n. चर्च, and हर who takes. So चर्चहारिन् mfn. (-री-रि-रि.)

चर्चहीन mfn. (-न-या-न) 1. Poor. 2. Failing, disappointed. 3. Unmeaning, nonsensical. n. चर्च and हीन wanting. So चर्चह्य mfn. (-ह्य-या-ह्य) n. चर्च, and ह्य empty.

चर्चान्न n. (-न) 1. Receipt or collection of property. 2. Acquisition of wealth. n. चर्च wealth and चर्च coming.

चर्चाधिकार m. (-र) Stewardship, treasurership, charge of money or property. n. चर्च and अधिकार superintendence.

चर्चाधिकारिन् m. (-री) A treasurer, a paymaster. n. चर्च, and अधिकारिन् superintendent.

चर्चांतर n. (-र) 1. Difference of meaning or purport. 2. Another or second sense. 3. Opposite or antithetical meaning. n. चर्च, and चर्चा difference.

चर्चांतरास m. (-स) Antithesis. n. चर्चांतर, and आस position.

चर्चावित्त mfn. (-न-ता-र) 1. Rich. 2. Significant. n. चर्च wealth, and वित्त possessed of.

चर्चावृत्ति f. (-ति) 1. A figure of speech, a quibble, the use of one word in a double sense. 2. An inference from circumstances. n. चर्च, and चर्चावृत्ति gaining.

चर्चाचिन् mfn. (-चिन्-चिन्-चिन्) 1. One who solicits wealth. 2. One endeavouring to gain any object. n. चर्च, and चर्चाचिन् who seeks or solicits.

चर्चाक m. (-क) 1. A crier, a watchman, a minstrel, a servant whose duty it is to announce by song or music, fixed periods of the day, or those of getting up and of repose, &c. 2. A beggar, a solicitor. n. चर्चा a rich man, and क from कै to call or sound.

चर्चात mfn. (-त-ता-त) Asked, begged, sought. n. चर्च to ask, त aff.

चर्चात f. (-ता) Asking, begging. Also n. (-त) n. त or त added to चर्चा.

चर्चातृ mfn. (-तृ-चिन्-चिन्-चिन्) 1. One who asks or begs for any thing. 2. One who seeks to effect or gain a purpose or object. m. (-तृ) 1. A servant, 2. A follower, a companion or partisan. 3. A plaintiff, a prosecutor. 4. A beggar, a petitioner. n. चर्चा asking, &c. तृ aff.

चर्चावर्धन n. (-न) Acquiring wealth. n. चर्च, and वर्धन acquiring.

चर्चावृत्ति n. (-वृत्ति) Wealth, the condition of being wealthy. n. चर्च, and वृत्ति warmth. So अग्लो, a warm man.

चर्च mfn. (-चर्च-चर्च-चर्च) 1. Intelligent, wise. 2. Wealthy. 3. Right, proper. 4. Fit to be asked or sought. n. (-चर्च) Red chalk. n. चर्च and चर्च aff.

चर्च r. 1st cl. (चर्चति) 1. To ask or beg. 2. To go. 1st and 10th cla. (चर्चतिने चर्चयतिने) To kill or to hurt.

चर्चना f. (-ना) 1. Begging, asking. 2. Giving pain. 3. Killing. 4. Going. n. चर्च to ask, &c. चर्च and चर्च aff.

चर्चि m. (-चि) 1. Fire. 2. Asking, begging. 3. Sickness, disease. n. चर्च to pain, चर्च aff.

चर्चित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Asked, requested, begged. 2. Killed, injured. 3. Pained, afflicted. 4. Gone. n. (-त) A disease, Hemiplegia, paralysis of the muscles on one side of the face and neck. n. चर्च to go, to ask, &c. चर्च, and चर्च inserted.

चर्च mfn. (-चर्च-चर्च-चर्च) Half, halved. m. (-चर्च) A part. n. (-चर्च) A half. n. चर्च to increase, and चर्च aff.

चर्चत mfn. (-त-ता-त) Halved, divided equally. n. चर्च, and त made.

चर्चहार nf. (-र-री) A measure, half a kharī. n. चर्च, and हारी a measure so called.

चर्चगङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) The Ka'veri river, in the peninsula. n. चर्च half, and गङ्गा the Ganges; being a sacred stream, having half the virtues of the great Ganges.

चर्चगुच्छ m. (-गुच्छ) A necklace of twenty-four strings. n. चर्च, and गुच्छ a bundle.

चर्चचन्द्र m. (-चन्द्र) 1. A crescent or half moon. 2. The hand bent into a semicircle or the shape of a claw, as for the purpose of seizing or clutching any thing. 3. The semicircular marks on a peacock's tail. 4. An arrow, with a head like a crescent. 5. The semicircular scratch of the finger nail. f. (-चन्द्रा) A plant, vulgarly Teori, the black kind. n. चर्च half, and चन्द्र moon, or with चन्द्र added चर्चचन्द्र.

चर्चचन्द्राकार mfn. (-र-रा-र) Of the shape of the half moon. m. (-र) A meniscus. n. चर्चचन्द्र, and चाकार form.

चर्चचन्द्राकृति mfn. (-कृति-ति-ति) Half-mooned, of a crescent-shape, convex and concave. f. (-ति) A meniscus. n. चर्चचन्द्र, and चाकृति shape.

चर्चचोक्ष m. (-क्ष) A short bodice. n. चर्च, and चोक्ष a bodice.

चर्चजात्री f. (-त्री) The Ka'veri river. See चर्चगङ्गा, जात्री being the Ganges.

चर्चचर n. (-र) A knife or lancet with a single edge, the blade two inches long, the hilt six. n. चर्च, and चर an edge.

चर्चनारीय m. (-य) A name of MAHADEV. n. चर्च, and नारी a woman, and ईय master; one of the forms of SIVA, to which this name applies, being half male and half female.

चर्चनाव m. (-न) A boat's half. n. चर्च, and नाव, from नौ a boat, and ट्च aff.

चर्चनिशा f. (-शा) Midnight. n. चर्च, and निशा night.

चर्चप n. (-प) Half a Pana. n. चर्च, and प a measure of four Ka'kinis.

चर्चपारावत m. (-व) 1. A pigeon, (with a spotted or painted throat.) 2. The francoline partridge. n. चर्च, and पारावत a pigeon.

चर्चपुत्रावित n. (-व) A half gallop, a canter. n. चर्च, and पुत्रावित a gallop.

चर्चपहर m. (-र) Half a watch, a period of an hour and a half. n. चर्च, and पहर a watch.

चर्चमान m. (-न) A half. n. चर्च, and मान part.

चर्चमान् mfn. (-मान्) Taking or sharing half. n. चर्च half, and मान् who possesses.

चर्चमानिक mfn. (-क-ची-च) Taking or sharing half. n. चर्चमान a half, ट्च aff.

चर्चमानिन् mfn. (-नि-चिन्-चिन्-चिन्) Sharing or taking half. n. चर्चमान and चिन् aff.

चर्चमानच m. (-च) A necklace of twelve strings. Also चर्चमानच. n. चर्च, and मानच one of twenty-four strings.

चर्चमान m. (-न) Half a watch, an hour and a half. n. चर्च, and मान a watch, also चर्चमान.

चर्चरेव m. (-व) A warrior, who fights on a car with another. n. चर्च, and रेव a car, having half a car.

चरु न. (-च) 1. Midnight. 2. The period from two and a half to three and a half watches of the night. म. चरु, and चरु night.  
चरु म. (-च) Half a verse of the Vedā. म. चरु, and चरु, a verse of a Vedā.

चरीचर न. (-च) A side look, a glance, a leer. म. चरु, and चरीचर looking.

चरु म. (-च) 1. Fifty. 2. One hundred and fifty. म. चरु, and चरु a hundred, in the second sense it is more usually चरु, &c.

So चरुपचरु, चरुचरु, &c.

चरु न. (-च) Half a meal. म. चरु, and चरु eating, also चरु.

चरु म. (-च) A small fish, (Cyprinus sophore, HAM :) म. चरु, and चरु another fish, to which it is compared.

चरु म. (-च) A cultivator, a ploughman who takes half the crop for his labour. म. चरु, and चरु a plough, इति aff.

चरु म. (-च) A necklace of sixty-four strings. म. चरु, and चरु a necklace.

चरु म. (-च) A half. म. चरु, and चरु a share.

चरु म. (-च) Sharing a half. म. चरु, and इति aff.

चरु न. (-च) Half the body. म. चरु, and चरु the body.

चरु म. (-च) Sharing equally. म. (-च) A quarter. म. चरु repeated.

चरु म. (-च) Pain of half the head, hemiorania. न. (-च) Dividing in equal parts. म. चरु, and चरु cutting off.

चरु न. (-च) Half a meal. Also चरु.

चरु न. (-च) 1. Exemption from censure. 2. Greeting kindly or with respect, placing on the same seat. म. चरु, and चरु to remain, affix चरु.

चरु म. (-च) 1. Measuring a half. 2. Relating to a half. म. चरु and चरु aff.

चरु म. (-च) Entitled to or sharing a half. म. चरु and इति aff.

चरु म. (-च) 1. A half moon or crescent. 2. The impression of a finger nail. 3. The hand expanded in a semicircular form like a claw. 4. An arrow with a crescent-shaped head. म. चरु, and चरु the moon.

चरु म. (-च) Half uttered, said imperfectly or indistinctly. म. चरु, and चरु said.

चरु f. (-च) Speaking indistinctly or incompletely, broken or interrupted speech. म. चरु, and चरु speech.

चरु म. (-च) 1. Half risen. 2. Half uttered. म. चरु, and चरु risen.

चरु न. (-च) A short petticoat. म. चरु, and चरु the high, चरु aff.

चरु nf. (-च) 1. Delivering, entrusting. 2. Placing in or upon. म. चरु to go, in the causal form, चरु aff.

चरु म. (-च) To be delivered, deliverable. म. चरु to go, causal form, चरु aff.

चरु म. (-च) 1. Delivered, consigned. 2. Placed in or upon. म. चरु to go, in the causal form, चरु aff.

चरु म. (-च) 1. Extending or giving the hand. 2. Married. म. चरु, and चरु the hand.

चरु म. (-च) The heart. म. चरु to go, in the causal form चरु, and चरु Una'di aff.

चरु m. (-च) To be delivered, consignable. म. चरु to go, causal form, चरु aff.

चरु r. 1st cl. (चरु) 1. To go, to go to or towards. 2. To kill or hurt. See चरु.

चरु म. (-च) 1. Ophthalmia. 2. A hundred millions. म. (-च) 1. The name of a mountain in the west of India, commonly Abu, a place of pilgrimage, especially to the Jains. 2. An indolent sprawling. म. चरु to injure, चरु aff; the root and derivative are also written with the dental letter.

चरु m. (-च) Destitute of splendour. म. (-च) 1. A child, a pupil.

2. Dew. 3. Herbs. म. चरु to go, and चरु Una'di aff.

चरु म. (-च) 1. A child, the young of any animal. 2. A fool, an idiot. 3. Small, minute. 4. Emaciated. 5. Like, similar. म. चरु to grow, चरु Una'di affix, and चरु substituted for च.

चरु म. (-च) A disease of the eyes. म. चरु to go, and चरु Una'di affix, also read चरु.

चरु म. (-च) A measure of one Drona.

चरु न. (-च) A disease of the eyes. म. चरु to go, चरु aff.

चरु म. (-च) Excellent. म. (-च) 1. A master. 2. A man of the third tribe, the Vaisya. f. (-च) 1. A woman of the third tribe. 2. The wife of a Vaisya. म. चरु to go, चरु affix, and चरु or चरु for the fem.; चरु is affixed, when the word is fem. with reference to the male.

चरु म. (-च) 1. The sun. 2. A class of the Manes or deified progenitors. 3. The asclepias plant. म. चरु to go, चरु Una'di affix, and चरु inserted.

चरु f. (-च) A multitude of woman of the Vaisya tribe.

चरु f. (-च) A woman of the Vaisya tribe. म. चरु, चरु affix, and चरु inserted. See चरु.

चरु r. 1st cl. (चरु) To kill or hurt, also written चरु.

चरु न. (-च) Ashes. म. चरु or चरु to injure, hence the word may be also written चरु.

चरु m. (-च) Low, inferior, vile. म. (-च) 1. A horse. 2. A name of INDRA. 3. A short span. f. (-च) 1. A mare. 2. A bawd, a procuress. म. चरु to go, and चरु Una'di affix; it is sometimes derived from चरु to go, and is then written चरु.

चरु m. (-च) Following, subsequent, ind. (-च) 1. After, in time. 2. Behind, in place. 3. Near. म. चरु behind, चरु to go, चरु affix; the formation is irregular.

चरु m. (-च) 1. Reverse, contrary. 2. Recent, modern. म. चरु, and चरु aff.

चरु n. (-च) State of reverse. म. चरु added to the last; also with चरु, चरु.

चरु n. (-च) Haemorrhoids, piles. Also चरु.

चरु n. (-च) Haemorrhoids, piles. म. चरु to go, चरु Una'di affix, and चरु inserted.

चरु m. (-च) Afflicted with haemorrhoids. म. चरु, and चरु aff.

चरु m. (-च) Fire. म. चरु to go, चरु affix, and चरु inserted.

चरु m. (-च) Afflicted with haemorrhoids. म. चरु, and इति aff.

चरु m. (-च) Destroying the haemorrhoids. म. (-च) An esculent root, (Arum campanulatum.) f. (-च) A plant, (Curculigo orchoides.) म. चरु, and चरु what destroys, from चरु to kill.

चरु m. (-च) The piles or haemorrhoids. म. चरु, and चरु disease.

चरु m. (-च) Afflicted with haemorrhoids. म. चरु and चरु affected by.

चरु m. (-च) Having haemorrhoids. म. चरु and इति aff.

चरु m. (-च) The marking-nut plant, (Semecarpus anacardium.) म. चरु, and चरु proper.

चरु m. (-च) Haemorrhoids. See चरु.

चरु r. 1st cl. (चरु) 1. To worship or honour. 2. To be fit or worthy: in the first sense it is also r. 10th cl. (चरु).

चरु m. (-च) 1. Proper, fit, becoming. 2. Deserving, entitled to, worthy. म. (-च) INDRA. f. (-च) Worship. म. चरु to worship, to be fit, चरु aff.

चरु nf. (-च) Worship, adoration, respect, courtesy, treating with veneration or respect. म. चरु to worship, and चरु aff.

चरु m. (-च) 1. Venerable, respectable. 2. Praised, celebrated. m. (-च) 1. A Jhu or Jain saint and teacher. 2. A Jaina, or follower of the doctrines of Jaina. 3. A religious mendicant of that sect. म. चरु to worship, &c. and चरु affix, of the present participle.

अर्हत्तम mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Best, most worthy. ३. अर्हत् respectable, उर्हत् aff.  
 अर्हत्तर mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) More worthy, better. ३. अर्हत् and उर्हत् aff.  
 अर्हन् m. (-तः) १. A Saugata or follower of the doctrine of Buddha. २. A religious mendicant of the same sect. ३. A name of SIVA. ३. अर्हत् to worship, &c. and अर्हन् irregular aff.  
 अर्हन् mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Saluted, honoured, worshipped. ३. अर्हत् to worship, &c. and अर्हन् aff.  
 अर्हन् mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Venerable, respectable, right, fit. ३. अर्हत् and अर्हन् aff. : also with अर्हन्. अर्हन् aff., अर्हन्वीव.  
 अर्हन् r. lat cl. also read अर्हन् (अर्हन्ति-तः) १. To adorn. २. To be competent or able. ३. To prevent.  
 अर्हन् n. (-तः) १. The sting in the tail of the scorpion. २. Yellow orpiment. ३. अर्हन् to adorn, &c. and अर्हन् aff.  
 अर्हन् mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) A curl. m. (-तः) A mad dog. See अर्हन् f. (-तः) १. Alaka, the capital of KURU. २. A young girl from eight to ten years of age. ३. अर्हन् to adorn, &c. अर्हन् aff., and fem. टाप्.  
 अर्हन्वा f. (-तः) १. A young girl from eight to ten years old. २. A river, the Alakananda, a stream that runs from the Himalaya mountains, and falls into the Ganges near Srinagara. It is also a name of the terrestrial Ganges. ३. अर्हन्वा, and अर्हन्वा who delights, the final of the first dropped.  
 अर्हन्वा f. (-तः) The capital of KURU. ३. अर्हन्वा, and अर्हन्वा what shines.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) A plant, (Pentaptera tomentosa.)  
 अर्हन्वा f. (-तः) Rows of curls. ३. अर्हन्वा, and अर्हन्वा collection. So अर्हन्वावी.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) A name of KURU. ३. अर्हन्वा the city, and अर्हन्वा a ruler.  
 अर्हन्वापति m. (-तः) KURU. ३. अर्हन्वा, and अर्हन्वापति ruler.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) A ringlet, the end of a curl. ३. अर्हन्वा, and अर्हन्वा end.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) Lac, the red animal dye so called. ३. अर्हन्वा neg. रत्न red, रत्न being changed to अर्हन्वा; than what nothing is redder.  
 अर्हन्वा n. (-तः) Lac, the dye; see the preceding. ३. As before, अर्हन्वा being added.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) Liquefied lac dye. ३. अर्हन्वा, and रत्न juice.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) १. Unfortunate, ill fated, having no good marks on the person. २. Undefined. n. (-तः) १. The absence of auspicious marks. २. Misfortune. ३. The want of any predicate or definition. ३. अर्हन्वा priv. and अर्हन्वा a mark.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) १. Unmarked, having no particular mark. २. Unobserved, unseen. ३. Undefined. ३. अर्हन्वा neg. and अर्हन्वा marked.  
 अर्हन्वा f. (-तः-तः-तः) Misfortune, poverty. ३. अर्हन्वा priv. and अर्हन्वा fortune.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Undistinguishable, undefinable. So अर्हन्वावीव.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) १. The black variety of the Cobra de Capello, (Coluber naga.) २. A large black leech. ३. अर्हन्वा neg. अर्हन्वा to be with or near, and अर्हन्वा aff. अर्हन्वा; again, अर्हन्वा to go, and अर्हन्वा aff.; not trailing its whole length upon the ground : also अर्हन्वावी.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Not joined or connected. ३. अर्हन्वा neg. अर्हन्वा attached to.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) १. Heavy, weighty. २. Serious, solemn. ३. Violent, intense. ३. अर्हन्वा neg. अर्हन्वा light.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Solemnly pledged or promised. ३. अर्हन्वा, and अर्हन्वा agreement.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) A rock. ३. अर्हन्वा, and अर्हन्वा a stone.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) Intense heat. ३. अर्हन्वा, and अर्हन्वा heat.  
 अर्हन्वा n. (-तः) Ornament, decoration. ३. अर्हन्वा ornament, and अर्हन्वा what makes.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) १. Ornamented. २. Fond of ornament. ३. अर्हन्वा ornament, अर्हन्वा from अर्हन्वा, and अर्हन्वा aff.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Ornamented, ornamenting. ३. अर्हन्वा as before, and अर्हन्वा who makes.

अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Competent to an act, skilful, clever. ३. अर्हन्वा able, fit for, अर्हन्वा act, business, अर्हन्वा aff.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) १. Ornament (of dress,) trinkets, jewels, &c. २. A language. A figure or theoretical expression. ३. The art of composition. ३. अर्हन्वा ornament, अर्हन्वा what makes.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Unadorned. ३. अर्हन्वा, and अर्हन्वा word of.  
 अर्हन्वा f. (-तः) Adorning, ornamenting. ३. अर्हन्वा, and अर्हन्वा act.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Ornamented, adorned, lit. or fig. ३. अर्हन्वा a before, अर्हन्वा made.  
 अर्हन्वा n. (-तः) १. Not transgressing. २. Not passing over or beyond. ३. अर्हन्वा neg. अर्हन्वा crossing.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Impassable, not to be crossed. ३. Venerable inviolable, not to be transgressed. ३. अर्हन्वा neg. अर्हन्वा to be passed also अर्हन्वा.  
 अर्हन्वा f. (-तः) १. The state of not being passable. २. Inviolability respectability. ३. अर्हन्वा added to the last, also अर्हन्वावीव.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) १. Inviolable. २. Impassable. ३. अर्हन्वा neg. अर्हन्वा to be crossed.  
 अर्हन्वा f. (-तः) १. Impassability, inaccessibility. २. Superiority. Authoritative or absolute rule. ३. अर्हन्वा not to be crossed or transgressed, अर्हन्वा aff., also अर्हन्वावीव.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Shameless. ३. अर्हन्वा neg. अर्हन्वा shame. So अर्हन्वावित.  
 अर्हन्वा f. (-तः) Inflammation of the eye, at the edge of the cornea.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) An earthen water jar. ३. अर्हन्वा able, and अर्हन्वा to decay also अर्हन्वावीव.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) A kind of song. ३. अर्हन्वा ornament, and अर्हन्वा Unadorned.  
 अर्हन्वा ind. Quite enough, amply sufficient. ३. अर्हन्वा and अर्हन्वा aff.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Unobtained. ३. अर्हन्वा neg. and अर्हन्वा attained.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) A great smoke. ३. अर्हन्वा much, and अर्हन्वा smoke.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Unattainable, unobtainable. ३. अर्हन्वा neg. अर्हन्वा be got.  
 अर्हन्वा ind. Ornament. २. Enough, abundance. ३. Able, adequate equal to. ४. Prohibition, no, not. ५. Unnecessary, no need of. It chiefly used in composition, as अर्हन्वावीवः having enough for subsistence; अर्हन्वावीव refusing to give; अर्हन्वावीव enough; अर्हन्वावीव ornament, &c. ३. अर्हन्वा to adorn, &c. and अर्हन्वा aff.  
 अर्हन्वावीव mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Fit for a man, becoming a man. ३. अर्हन्वा पुत्र a man, and अर्हन्वा aff.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) १. The palm of the hand with the fingers extended. २. Vomiting, sickness. ३. The name of a Rakshasa or goblin. (-तः) १. One of the Apasara's or nymphs of Swarga. २. Madde (Rubia manjith.) ३. A sort of sensitive plant. ४. A barrier, line or any thing not to be crossed. ३. अर्हन्वा, and अर्हन्वा to injure aff. अर्हन्वा.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Houseless, homeless. ३. अर्हन्वा neg. and अर्हन्वा place refuge.  
 अर्हन्वा m. (-तः) १. White swallow wort, (Oaleotropis gigantea alba.) A mad dog or one rendered furious. ३. A fabulous animal, like hog with eight legs. ४. An Asura changed to such an animal. Al अर्हन्वा. ३. अर्हन्वा to adorn, &c. अर्हन्वा aff., and अर्हन्वा to inflame or heat.  
 अर्हन्वा ind. A word of no import, occurring in the dialect or idiom of Pishahar, a class of lumps or goblins, when they are introduced in plays, &c.  
 अर्हन्वा n. (-तः) A basin for water at the root of a tree. ३. अर्हन्वा neg. अर्हन्वा out, and अर्हन्वा aff.; also अर्हन्वावीव.  
 अर्हन्वा n. (-तः) See the preceding. ३. As before, अर्हन्वा added.  
 अर्हन्वा mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Lazy, idle, indolent. m. (-तः) १. Swelling of feet in elephantiasis. २. Chaps between the toes. ३. Name of tree. f. (-तः) A creeping plant, (Cissus pedata.) ३. अर्हन्वा neg. अर्हन्वा work, aff. अर्हन्वा.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल) Indolent, m. (-बल) Flatulency, Tympanitis, intumescence of the abdomen, with constipation and wind. न. बल added to the last.

बल f. (-बल) Idleness, n. बल and बल aff.

बल n. (-बल) Idleness, n. बल and बल aff.

बल f. (-बल) A woman with languishing looks. n. बल idle, and बल looking.

बल n. (-बल) A fire brand, weather burning or extinguished. n. बल neg. बल to take, and बल aff.

बल f. (-बल) A long gourd. See the next word.

बल f. (-बल) The bottle gourd, (*Oucurbita lagenaris*). n. बल neg. बल to sink, बल Una'di affix, बल is dropped, and the preceding vowel lengthened: what does not sink in water; floats, &c. are made of this gourd, especially when hollowed: also बल and बल aff.

बल n. (-बल) The down of the gourd, n. बल and बल aff.

बल m. (-बल) 1. Non-acquirement, not getting. 2. Loss. n. बल neg. बल gain.

बल m. (-बल) A door. n. बल able, and बल to go, बल affix; by which one may go.

बल m. (-बल) Inflammation and abscess at the root of the tongue. n. बल neg. बल saliva.

बल m. (-बल) 1. A large black bee. 2. A scorpion. 3. The sign Scorpio. 4. A crow. 5. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 6. Spirituous liquor. n. बल to be able, &c. बल, Una'di aff.

बल n. (-बल) The forehead. 2. बल to adorn, &c. and बल affix; also बल.

बल n. (-बल) A flight or a number of bees. n. बल, and बल a number.

बल m. (-बल) A snake, the black Cobra. n. बल, and बल to sound, affix बल; hissing like the scorpion.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) An impostor, a pretended ascetic or student, one wearing the usual marks, as the frontal marks, skin, staff, &c. without belonging in reality to a religious order. n. बल neg. बल sectarial mark, बल aff.

बल f. (-बल) The uvula or soft palate. Also बलबलिका.

बल m. (-बल) An earthen water jar. n. बल strength, acc. of बल and बल to waste, बल aff.

बल m. (-बल) 1. A large black bee. 2. A scorpion. n. बल a sting, and बल aff.

बल m. (-बल) A terrace before a house. n. बल to adorn, &c. and बल affix; also बल.

बल m. (-बल) 1. A large black bee. 2. A scorpion. 3. A dog. Also read बल and बल.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Ignorant of reading and writing. n. बल neg. बल writing, बल who knows.

बल n. (-बल) The red lotus, (*Nymphaea rubra*). f. (-बल) The trumpet flower, (*Bignonia suave-olens*). n. बल a bee, and बल beloved, the object of the bee's affections: the lotus especially is so described by the poets.

बल f. (-बल) Freedom from desire or cupidity. n. बल neg. and बल wish.

बल m. (-बल) 1. A frog. 2. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 3. A large black bee. 4. The filaments of the lotus. 5. A tree, (*Bassia latifolia*). n. बल from बल to adorn, बल affix; also बल.

बल f. (-बल) A flight of bees. n. बल and बल a necklace.

बल m. (-बल) 1. A bee. 2. The Kokila. 3. A dog. 4. The filaments of the lotus. n. बल neg. बल to smear, बल affix: also read बल and बल.

बल m. (-बल) The hum of bees. n. बल, and बल sound.

बल n. (-बल) The song or hum of the bee. n. बल, and बल sound.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) 1. False. 2. Unpleasing. 3. Small, little. n. (-बल) 1. Falsehood, untruth. 2. Any thing displeasing. 3. Heaven. 4. The forehead. n. बल to adorn, &c. and बल, Una'di aff.

बल mfn. (-बल) Falsehood, vanity: also बल. n. बल or बल added to the last.

बल mfn. (-बल) A cake of beans fried with Sesamum oil. n. बल unroast, बल fish.

बल f. (-बल) A small water pot. n. बल to go, and बल affix, बल becomes बल; also बल.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Moderate, content, not covetous. n. बल neg. and बल covetous.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Uncut, unshorn. n. बल neg. बल out.

बल ind. An unmeaning word in the dialect of the demons or Pisachas, when they are introduced in plays, &c. also बल.

बल ind. See the preceding word.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Much, large. adv. n. (-बल) Not at all. n. बल neg. बल small.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Firm, steady. n. बल not at all, बल what shakes.

बल n. (-बल) Disappearance, invisibility, imperceptible. n. बल neg. बल seeing.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Invisible. n. बल neg. बल visible.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Unseen. n. बल neg. बल seen.

बल m. (-बल) Moderation, content, absence of cupidity. n. बल neg. and बल desire.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Not wanting or desiring any thing, free from desire. n. बल neg. and बल desirous.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Firm, steady, tranquil, unagitated. n. बल neg. बल moving.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Indifferent to sensual objects. n. बल neg. बल to desire, affix बल.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Free from desire. n. बल neg. बल libidinous.

बल n. (-बल) Indifference to sensual objects. n. बल and बल affix: also बल.

बल n. (-बल) The red lotus.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) 1. Supernatural, not relating to this world. 2. Not common, not current in the world. 3. Indifferent to the world, unworldly. n. बल neg. बल mundane.

बल n. (-बल) 1. A tree. 2. A member of the body.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) 1. Little, small. 2. Inferior, low. n. बल to be able. &c. बल affix or with बल added बल.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Small, minute. n. बल and बल added.

बल f. (-बल) The root of sweet flag. n. बल small, and बल having filaments, &c.

बल n. (-बल) The red lotus. n. बल and बल smell.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Ignorant, shallow, superficial. n. बल, and बल who knows.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Small, short, thin, pigmy, having a little body. n. बल, and बल the body.

बल f. (-बल) 1. Smallness, minuteness. 2. Inferiority, insignificance. n. बल and बल affix, or with बल, बल.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Defective in presents, (any ceremony, &c.) n. बल, and बल gift to Brahmans.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Of little wealth, not affluent. n. बल, and बल wealth.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Ignorant, foolish, of little sense. n. बल, and बल understanding.

बल m. (-बल) A species of the Tulasi. n. बल, and बल a leaf.

बल n. (-बल) The red lotus. n. बल small, and बल lotus.

बल mfn. (-बल-बल-बल) Insignificant, of little weight or consequence. n. बल, and बल authority.

अवप्रमाण mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Of little authority. 2. Of little weight or measure. ३. अव, and प्रमाण authority, &c.

अवप्रमाणम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Credulous, resting on little evidence. 2. Of little weight or authority. 3. Of short measure. m. (-वः) Common cucumber, (Cucumis sativus.) ३. अव, and प्रमाण authority, &c. वन् added.

अवयव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Feeble, of little strength. ३. अव, and वय strength.

अवयवम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Causing little annoyance or inconvenience. ३. अव, and वाय pain.

अवबुद्धि mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Ignorant, silly, unwise. ३. अव, बुद्धि understanding.

अवमात्र n. (-वः) 1. A little, a little only. 2. A short time, a few moments. ३. अव, and मात्र only.

अवमारिष m. (-वः) A kind of amaranth, (Amaranthus polygamus.) ३. अव, वृष to hurt, and रीष aff.

अवमूर्ति mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Small, diminutive. f. (-वः) A small figure or object. ३. अव, and मूर्ति form.

अवमेवम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Ignorant, silly, of little understanding. ३. अव, and मेवम् apprehension.

अवयवम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Young, of few years. ३. अव, and वयम् life.

अववादिन् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Taciturn : also अववादिन्. ३. अव, and वादिन् or वादिन् who speaks.

अवविषय mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Meaning or directing a little. ३. अव, and विषय object.

अवविद्य mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Ill taught, uneducated, ignorant. ३. अव, and विद्या knowledge.

अववृत्ति mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Weak, feeble. ३. अव, and वृत्ति power.

अववृत्त ind. 1. A little. 2. To a few. ३. अव, and वृत्ति aff.

अवसरम् n. (-वः) A basin, a small pond, one which is shallow or dry in the hot season. ३. अव, and सरम् a pool.

अवसाहासिन् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Contented, satisfied with little. ३. अव, and वासाहासिन् who desires.

अवसायम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Short lived. 2. Young of few years. m. (-वः) A goat. ३. अव, and वायम् life.

अवसाय mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Very little, minute. 2. Gradual, little at a time. ३. अव, repeated.

अवसाहार mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Moderate, abstemious. m. (-वः) Moderation, abstinence. ३. अव, and वासाहार food.

अवसाहारिन् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Abstemious, moderate. ३. अव, and वासाहारिन् who feeds.

अवसिद्ध mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Least, smallest, very small. ३. अव, and वसिद्ध of the superlative.

अवसीत mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Reduced, comminuted, made little or few. ३. अव, and सीत with णि inserted.

अवसीत mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Reduced, diminished, become little or few. ३. अव, and सीत become, णि inserted.

अवसीतम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Very small. ३. अव, and वसीत affix. Also अवसीत.

अवसीत mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Defective, not quite finished, not wholly entire. ३. अव, a little, वसी less.

अमा f. (-मा) A mother, in dramatic language.

अव r. 1st ol. (अवति) 1. To keep, protect or defend. 2. To please. (The following meanings, although found in lists of roots, are rarely used.) 3. To move. 4. To excite affection or be lovely. 5. To satisfy. 6. To know or apprehend. 7. To enter. 8. To be near. 9. To own, to have a right. 10. To obey. 11. To act. 12. To desire. 13. To shine or be splendid. 14. To obtain. 15. To embrace. 16. To kill or hurt. 17. To take. 18. To be. 19. To grow. In place of 9, 17, and 18. as above, some read; 9. To be able. 17. To burn, and 18. To divide or share.

अव ind. A preposition and prefix to words; corresponding to off, from, down from, out, away, &c. and implying; 1. Diminution. 2. Depreciation. 3. Diffusion. 4. Support, resting. 5. Commanding. 6. Purifying, correcting. 7. Knowledge. 8. Disrespect. 9. Nourishing. As अवन्तु To go away; अवन्तु To disrespect; अवन्तु To come down, to descend; अवन्तु To remain in or on; अवन्तु To take off or away; also अवन्तु a low man; अवन्तु reverse, behind; अवन्तु a coil with a bad voice, &c.

अवकट mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Opposite, contrary. 2. Backwards. 3. Downwards. n. (-वः) Opposition, contrariety, reverse. ३. अव down, and कट aff.

अवकल्पित m. (-वः) A Buddha. ३. अव, and कल्पित shaken.

अवकर m. (-वः) Dust or sweepings. ३. अव spreading, and कर what makes.

अवकर्तन n. (-वः) Excision, cutting off. ३. अव, and कर्तन cutting.

अवकर्षण n. (-वः) 1. Taking or pulling out, extraction, expulsion. 2. Pulling, dragging. ३. अव, and कर्षण pulling.

अवकक्षित mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Seen. ३. अव, and कक्षित part, past of कक्ष to sound &c.

अवकाश m. (-वः) 1. Leisure, opportunity. 2. Interval, space. 3. An open or wide space. 4. A receptacle, a repository, a place in which any thing is kept. 5. A place, a spot, a situation. ३. अव between, &c. काश to shine, व aff.

अवकीर्ण mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Coarsely pounded. 2. Scattered. 3. Disregarded, violated. ३. अव implying separation, कृ to scatter in the irregular part. past

अवकीर्णम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Violating a vow or engagement to be chaste, abstemious, &c. m. (-वः) The religious student who has committed an act of incontinency. ३. अव before, कृ to scatter, कृ the part. past, and णि aff.

अवकीर्णम् न. (-वः) Penance for an act of incontinency. ३. अवकीर्णम् and नत religious obligation.

अवकुचन n. (-वः) Bending, curving, flexure, contraction. ३. अव, and कुच curving.

अवकुटार mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Opposite, contrary. 2. Backwards. 3. Downwards. n. (-वः) Reverse, contrariety. ३. अव, and कुटार aff.

अवकुक्षित mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Vexed. 2. Inflamed. 3. Cut off. ३. अव, and कुक्ष to heat, &c. कृ aff.

अवकुचन n. (-वः) 1. Investing, surrounding. 2. Attracting. ३. अव before कुच to surround, कृ aff.

अवकुक्षित mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Affected. 2. Surrounded, attracted. ३. अव before कुच to surround, कृ aff.

अवकृष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Expelled, turned out. 2. Removed, sent away drawn aside. 3. Extracted. 4. Pulled. 5. Inferior, low. 6. Degraded outcaste. m. (-वः) A servant who performs the lowest office, sweeper, a waterman, &c. ३. अव out of, and कृष्ट drawn.

अवकृष्ट ind. 1. Having drawn out or extracted. 2. Having drawn together or contracted. ३. अव, and कृष्ट to draw, कृ aff.

अवकीर्णम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Barren. ३. अव privative, कृष्ट properly hail in this instance fruit, and णि aff.

अवक्तव्य mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Not to be said, improper. 2. Indescribable. ३. अव neg. वक्तव्य to be said.

अवक्र mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Straight. 2. Upright, honest. ३. अव neg. वक्र crooked liter. and metaph.

अवक्रन्दन n. (-वः) Weeping aloud. ३. अव, and क्रन्दन crying.

अवक्रय m. (-वः) Price. ३. अव, and क्रय to buy, व aff.

अवक्रान्ति f. (-वः) 1. Descent, descending. 2. Approaching, going near to. ३. अव, and क्रान्ति passing.

अवक्रिया f. (-वः) Neglect, omission, non-performance of prescribed act. ३. अव priv. क्रिया act.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Sounded ill or badly. 2. Reviled, abused. n. अव, and अव sound.

अव m. (-वः) 1. A disagreeable noise. 2. A curse, an imprecation. 3. Abuse. n. अव and अव to sound, अव् aff.

अव m. (-वः) 1. Ichor, malignant or fetid discharge. 2. Trickling, descent of moisture. n. अव, and अव what wets.

अव n. (-वः) Trickling, falling as dew or moisture. n. अव, and अव wetting.

अव m. (-वः) A discord, a false note. n. अव, and अव a sound.

अव m. (-वः) Imperfect digestion or decoction. n. अव, and अव a decoction.

अव m. (-वः) Loss, waste, destruction. n. अव, and अव waste.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Said sarcastically, imputed, insinuated. 2. Ill thrown. 3. Thrown down. n. अव, and अव thrown.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Emaciated, wasted. n. अव, and अव wasted.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Sneezed upon. n. अव, and अव sneezed.

अव m. (-वः) 1. Sarcasm, irony. 2. Throwing wrong or improperly. 3. Throwing down. n. अव, and अव throwing.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Disregarded, despised. n. अव, अव to count or reckon in the past part.

अव m. (-वः) A boil or pimple upon the face. n. अव, अव to affect the cheek, अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Known, understood. 2. Gone, gone off or away. 3. Assented, promised. n. अव implying knowledge, and अव part, past of अव to go.

अव f. (-वः) 1. Knowledge in general. 2. Departure, removal. n. अव, अव to go, and अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Bathing or bathed early in the morning. n. अव, अव from अव to go, and अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Unsaid, unuttered. n. अव reverse, अव said.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Meant, intended to be known or understood. 2. To be quitted. So अववत्. n. अव, and अववत् to be gone.

अव m. (-वः) 1. Knowledge, certainty. 2. Removal, departure. n. अव, अव going.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Immersed, plunged, bathed. 2. Deep. n. अवनाह and अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Bathing, plunging, diving. n. अवनाह and अव् aff.

अव m. (-वः) A small wooden bason for baling water out of a boat. n. अव for अव water, अव from अव to go, and अव् aff.

अव m. (-वः) 1. Bathing. 2. Bathing place, bath. n. अव before, अव to gitate : also अवनाह.

अव n. (-वः) Bathing. n. अवनाह and अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Bathed, immersed. n. अवनाह, and अव् affix, with अव् augment.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Reproached, abused, censured. 2. Wicked, vile. 3. Sung depreciatingly, satirised in song. 4. Sung badly. n. (-वः) 1. Reproach, blame. 2. Satire in song. 3. Bad singing. n. अव bad, &c. अव sounded, sung.

अव n. (-वः) 1. A veil. 2. Sweeping. 3. Hiding, veiling. n. अव् to enclose, with अव prefixed, and अव् aff.

अव f. (-वः) See the preceding. n. As before, with अव् and अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Concealed, covered, veiled, screened. n. अववत् to enclose, अव् aff.

अव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Pounded, ground, pulverulent. n. अव prefixed, अव् augment.

अव m. (-वः) Assaulting with weapons, assaulting with intent to kill. n. अव, अव or अव to assault, अव् aff.

अववत् m. (-वः) 1. Taking, acceptance. 2. Taking off or away, seizure. 3. Disrespect. 4. Drought. 5. Obstacle, impediment. 6. An elephant's forehead. 7. A herd of elephants. 8. Nature, original temperament. 9. A sort of knowledge, a false idea. 10. An imprecation or term of abuse. n. अव before, अव to take or seize, अव् affix : also अववत्.

अववत् n. (-वः) 1. Obstacle, impediment. 2. Disrespect. n. अव, अव to take, अव् aff.

अववत् m. (-वः) 1. An imprecation or term of abuse, as अववत्तो जात, may disappointment befall you. 2. Drought. 3. Disgrace, discomfiture : see अववत्. n. As before, अव् aff.

अववत् n. (-वः) An inflection, an inflective termination. n. अव before अव to take, अव् aff.

अववत् m. (-वः) A hole in the ground, a cave, a cavern. n. अव down, low, अव to move, अव् aff.

अववत् n. (-वः) Rubbing, scrubbing. n. अव, and अववत् rubbing.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Rubbed, scrubbed. n. अव, and अववत् rubbed.

अववत् m. (-वः) 1. Threshing corn, by bruising it with a wooden pestle in a mortar of the same material. 2. Sudden or violent death. 3. Striking, killing. 4. A violent or fatal blow. n. अव, and अववत् struck.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Striking, killing. n. अव before अव to strike, अव् aff.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Proclaimed, denounced. n. अव, and अववत् cried.

अववत् m. (-वः) 1. A whirling round. 2. A whirlpool. n. अव before अव् to roll round, अव् aff.

अववत् n. (-वः) Rolling or whirling round. n. अव, and अववत् rolling.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Whirled round. n. अव, and अववत् whirled.

अववत् n. (-वः) Crying, proclaiming, denouncing. n. अव and अववत् proclamation.

अववत् n. (-वः) Silence, not speaking. n. अव neg. अववत् word.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Not to be spoken, improper. n. अव neg. अववत् to be said.

अववत् f. (-वः) Improprity of speech. n. अववत् and अव् affix : also अववत्.

अववत् m. (-वः) Gathering, especially flowers, fruits, &c. n. अव, and अववत् collecting : also अववत्.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Silent, not speaking. n. अव neg. अववत् speech, अववत् who makes.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. To be cast down. 2. To be given. 3. To be put on or applied. n. अव, अव to go, causal form, अव् aff.

अववत् m. (-वः) The crest or ornamented top of a standard, hanging downwards. n. अव, अव् a crest : also अववत् and अववत्.

अववत् n. (-वः) 1. Pounding, grinding, reducing to powder. 2. Sprinkling absorbent powders on sores. n. अव, अव् to pound, अव् aff.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Coarsely pounded. n. अव, अव् to pound, in the part, past.

अववत् m. (-वः) 1. The ornamented head of a standard, when the ornaments, streamers, peacock's tails, &c. hang downward. 2. A chouri. n. अव inferior, and अव् crest, अव changed to अव.

अववत् n. (-वः) A chouri or brush formed of a cow's tail, peacock's feathers, &c. for fanning off flies. n. अव् affixed to the preceding.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Emaciated by abstinence. 2. Reaped. 3. Cut off. n. अव before, अव to destroy, अव् aff.

अववत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Cut off. 2. Divided, separated, detached. 3. In logic, predicated. i. e. separated from every thing else by the properties especially predicated of any thing. 4. Bounded. n. अव, अव् affix with अव्.

अववत् n. (-वः) A horse laugh. n. अव, अव to out or split, and the affix of the part, past : what splits, (one's sides).



**अवचरित** n. (-च) A horse laugh. 2. See the preceding word, अव being added.

**अवच्छेद** m. (-द) 1. A predicate, the property of a thing by which it is distinguished from every other. 2. A part, a portion. 3. A boundary, a barrier. 4. Amputation, excision. 2. अव off, छेद cutting.

**अवच्छेदक** mfn. (-क-का-क) 1. Peculiar, distinguishing, that which separates. 2. Bounding, separating one thing from another. m. (-क) 1. A predicate, a property. 2. A barrier, a boundary. 2. अव added to the last.

**अवच्छेदन** n. (-न) 1. Cutting off. 2. Separating, dividing. 3. Disoriminating, distinguishing. 2. अव, and छेद cutting.

**अवच्छेदावच्छेद** m. (-द) Generalising, removing distinctions. 2. अवच्छेद a distinction, and cutting off.

**अवजनिम** mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) Born. 2. अव, and जनिम born.

**अवजय** m. (-य) Overcoming, victory. 2. अव, and जय conquer.

**अवजित** mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) 1. Conquered. 2. Contemned, disregarded. 2. अव, and जित conquered.

**अवज्ञा** f. (-ज्ञा) Disrespect. 2. अव, ज्ञा to know, ज्ञ affix, and टाप् for the fem. also अवज्ञा.

**अवज्ञात** mfn. (-ज्ञ-जा-त) Disrespected. 2. अव, ज्ञात part. past of ज्ञा to know.

**अवज्ञान** n. (-ज्ञ) Disrespect. 2. अव before ज्ञान knowledge.

**अवज्ञेय** mfn. (-ज्ञ-जा-य) Contemptible, disreputable, to be treated with disrespect : so अवज्ञातय. 2. अव, and ज्ञा to know, यत् aff.

**अवधीयत** mfn. (-त-ता-त) Degraded, humiliated. 2. अवधा, and उदधत wounded.

**अवध** m. (-ध) 1. A hole, a vacancy. 2. A hole in the ground, a chasm, a pit. 3. Any depressed part of the body, a cavity, a fosse, a sinus. 4. A well. 5. A juggler. 2. अव to preserve, धट् aff.

**अवधट्** m. (-ट) A mart; also अवधट्.

**अवधित** n. (-टि) 1. A hole in the ground. 2. (In anatomy) A sinus, a hollow, a cavity. 2. As before, धटिन् aff.

**अवधीट** mfn. (-ट-टा-ट) Flat-nosed. 2. अव implying lowness, flatness, and टीट् aff.

**अवधु** f. (-धु) 1. The back of the neck. 2. A hole in the ground. 3. A well. 4. The name of a tree. 2. अव down, and टीट् to go, irregular affix धु; or च neg. धट् to surround, and च aff.

**अवधुज** m. (-ज) A hind curl, the hair on the back of the head. 2. अवधु and ज born.

**अवधीन** n. (-न) The flight of a bird, or a particular act of such flight; flying down. 2. अव down, &c. and धीन flying : see अधीन, उधीन, &c.

**अवधेन** mn. (-ध-ध) 1. An ear-ring. 2. A crest. 2. अव, तद्धि a Sautra root to adorn, ध्व aff.

**अवधेनित** mfn. (-न-ना-न) 1. Having an ear-ring. 2. Crested. 2. अवधेन and धन aff.

**अवधेति** f. (-ति) Stretching, extending. 2. अव, and तन to spread, तिन् aff.

**अवधेय** n. (-धे) Slight darkness, obscurity. 2. अव implying deficiency, and तन darkness, ध्व aff.

**अवधेय** n. (-धे) 1. Descending, alighting. 2. Crossing. 3. Translating. 4. Quoting, citing. 2. अव down, धु to cross, ध्व aff.

**अवधान** m. (-ध) Stretching, extension. 2. अव before तन to stretch, धिन् aff.

**अवधार** n. (-ध) 1. Descent, especially of a deity from heaven; the appearance of any deity upon earth, but more particularly the incarnations of VISHNU in ten principal forms which are well known. 2. The fish. 3. The tortoise. 4. The bear. 5. The man-lion. 6. The dwarf. 7. The two RĀMAS. 8. KṚISHNA. 9. BUDDHA. 10. KALKI. A pious or distinguished person, in the language of respect or flattery, is also called an Avātara, a descent or incarnation of the deity. 2. A Tirtha or sacred place. 3. Translation, translating. 4. Descent. 5. Crossing. 2. अव before, धु to cross, affix ध्व.

**अवधारण** n. (-ण) 1. Possession by an evil spirit. 2. The mode or manner of a garment. 3. Worship, adoration. 4. Taking out. 2. अव, धा, ण, in the causal form, and ध्व aff.

**अवधारित** mfn. (-ध-धा-त) 1. Taken off or out, laid down or aside. 2. Descended. 2. अव and धा causal form, त aff.

**अवधीर्ष** mfn. (-ध-धा-ध) 1. Descended, alighted. 2. Crossed, passed over. 3. Translated. 2. अव and धु with त aff.

**अवधीषा** f. (-षा) A cow miscarrying from accident. 2. अव, implying coarsure, and टीट् offspring.

**अवधेय** m. (-धे) A relish, or what excites thirst. 2. अव, धेय to bite, to b pungent, ध्व aff.

**अवधेय** mfn. (-ध-धा-त) Given away. 2. Finished, accomplished. 2. अव before धा to give, त aff.

**अवधेय** mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. White. 2. Yellow. 3. Clean, clear. 4. Beautiful. m. (-त) White, (the colour.) 2. अव, धे to cleanse, त affix of the part. past.

**अवधेयक** mfn. (-क-का-क) As above. m. (-क) White. 2. अव added to the last.

**अवधान** n. (-ध) 1. Approved occupation. 2. An act accomplished. 3. Achievement, a great or glorious act. 4. Breaking, dividing. 5. The root of a fragrant grass; see अवधार. An oblation 2. अव, धे to cleanse, to purify, or धा to give, and ध्व aff.

**अवधारण** n. (-ध) 1. A spade or hoe. 2. Tearing, dividing. 2. अव down, धु to tear or rend, ध्व aff.

**अवधारित** mfn. (-ध-धा-त) Torn, rent. 2. अव before धु to tear, त aff.

**अवधार** n. (-ध) The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) 2. अव reverse, and धा heat, burning, heat-preventing. from its being used in Tātis or screens, placed before doors, &c. kept constantly wet : the air passing through these, blows into a room cool and refreshing.

**अवधारिण** n. (-ध) See the preceding.

**अवधारिणवाप** n. (-ध) See अवधार. See also धट्वाप.

**अवधीर्ष** mfn. (-ध-धा-ध) 1. Melted, fused, liquefied. 2. Torn, rent, sundered. 2. अव, धु to separate, irregular part. past.

**अवधुज** mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) Regretted. 2. अव, धु to be sorry, affix ज.

**अवधीष** m. (-ध) Milk. 2. अव, धु to milk, ध्व aff.

**अवध** mfn. (-ध-धा-ध) 1. Low, inferior. 2. Disagreeable, disliked. 2. (-ध) Sin, vice. 2. च neg. धट् to speak, and धत् affix of the part. future : not to be spoken.

**अवध** m. (-ध) A market or fair.

**अवधान** mfn. (-ध-धा-ध) To be attended to, deserving attention and care. So अवधानीय and अवधेय. 2. अव before धा to have, धन, धनीयर् or धत् aff.

**अवधान** n. (-ध) 1. Attention, attentiveness, intentness. 2. Care, carefulness. 2. अव, धा to have or hold, ध्व aff.

**अवधाना** f. (-ता) Attentiveness. 2. अवधान attention, ध्व added, also with त, अवधानत n. (-त).

**अवधारण** n. (-ध) 1. Determining, certainty, ascertainment. 2. Emphasis. 2. अव before धा to hold ध्व aff.

**अवधारणीय** mfn. (-ध-धा-त) To be ascertained. 2. अव before धा to hold causal form, धनीयर् aff.

**अवधारित** mfn. (-ध-धा-त) Certain, known, ascertained. 2. अव before धा to hold, causal form, त aff.

**अवधारि** mfn. (-ध-धा-ध) To be ascertained, known, 2. अव before धा to hold causal form, धत् aff.

**अवधारण** n. (-ध) 1. Running after, pursuing. 2. Taking, seeking. 3. Cleaning. 2. अव, धा to run, affix ध्व.

**अवधारणीय** mfn. (-ध-धा-त) 1. To be run after. 2. To be seized. 2. अव after, धा to run, धनीयर् aff.

**अवधारित** mfn. (-ध-धा-त) 1. Chased, pursued. 2. Cleaned. 2. अव धा to run, affix ध्व.



वि. m. (-वि) 1. Limit, division 2. Period, time 3. A hole, a pit. 4. Agreement, engagement 5. Conclusion, termination 6. Attention, application 7. Care. n. चर, च to have, वि aff.  
 विता f. (-वि) Limit, limitation. n. चरवि with लृट् affix; also with ल, चरवि.  
 वीर r. 10th cl. (चरवीरवति) To disregard, to disrespect.  
 वीरव n. (-व) Treating with disrespect. n. चरवीर and लृट् aff.  
 वीरित mfn. (-व-ता-त) Disrespected, disregarded. n. चरवीर and ल aff.  
 वृत् mfn. (-व-ता-त) 1. Compelled. 2. Discarded. 3. Shaken, removed, tossed. 4. Trodden upon. 5. Separated from worldly feeling and obligation. n. चर, and लृट् shaken.  
 वृत्त n. (-व) 1. Shaking, causing to shake. 2. Expelling. 3. Being in agitation, trembling. 4. Trembling on, treading on. n. चर before वृत्त shaking.  
 वृत्त m. (-व) 1. Censure, blame. 2. Abandoning, quitting. 3. Pounding, grinding. n. चर before वृत्त to go, लृट् aff.  
 वृत्त mfn. (-व-ता-त) 1. Pounded coarsely. 2. Abandoned. 3. Censured. n. चर separate, &c. वृत्त to go, part. affix ल.  
 वृत् n. (-व) 1. Satisfaction, (given or received.) 2. Preserving, protecting. 3. Kindness. 4. Speed. 5. Going. 6. Obtaining. 7. Asking. 8. Seizing. 9. Killing. 10. Strength, power. 11. Increase. 12. Existence, being. 13. Doing. 14. Desire. 15. Beautifying, adorning. 16. Embracing. 17. Bearing. 18. Entrance. n. चर to go, to preserve, &c. लृट् aff.  
 वृत् mfn. (-व-ता-त) Bending, stooping, bowed. n. चर down, वृत्त to bow, ल aff.  
 वृत्ति f. (-वि) 1. Bowing, stooping. 2. Setting. n. चर, and वृत्ति bowing.  
 वृत् mfn. (-व-ता-त) Bound on, tied, fastened. n. (-व) A drum: see वाजवृत्. n. चर, and वृत् bound.  
 वृत् m. (-व) Causing to descend, throwing down. n. चर down, वृत् for वाज causing to get: see चरवाज.  
 वाट mfn. (-ट-टा-ट) Flat-nosed. n. चर flatness, वाटल् affix, in this sense.  
 वाज m. (-व) Causing to bend, bending, bowing. n. चर before वाज to bow, लृट् aff.  
 वाजक mfn. (-व-ता-त) What depresses or causes to bow or bend. n. चर and वाज in the causal form, लृट् aff.  
 वाजिन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Bending or bowing down. n. चर, and वाजिन् what bends.  
 वाज m. (-व) Causing to descend, throwing down, precipitating. n. चर down, वाज to obtain, in the causal form, लृट् aff.  
 वाजक mfn. (-व-ता-त) Causing to descend. n. चर before वाज to obtain, causal form, लृट् aff.  
 वाज m. (-व) Binding, grinding, putting on. n. चर before वाज to bind, लृट् aff.  
 वि f. (-वि) The earth. n. चर to preserve, चरि Una'di affix; it is also written चरवी.  
 विपति m. (-वि) 1. A king. 2. Vishnu. 3. Yudhishtira. n. चरवि, and वृत् lord.  
 विपति m. (-वि) A king. n. चरवि and वृत् who protects.  
 विपति m. (-वि) A tree. n. चरवि, and वृत् what mounts.  
 विपति m. (-वि) Spitting upon. n. चर, and विपति spitting.  
 वी f. (-वी) The earth: see चरवि.  
 वीर m. (-वी) A king, or sovereign. n. चरवी the earth, and वृत् a master.  
 वीर m. (-वी) A king. n. चरवी, and वृत् lord.  
 वीर m. (-वी) A king, or emperor. n. चरवी, and वृत् lord.  
 वीर m. (-वी) Binding. n. चर, and वृत् ablation.

चरवि m. (-वि) 1. The name of a city, the modern Onjein. 2. The name of a river. n. चर to preserve, Una'di affix चरि; the derivative is irregular. Avantī, is one of the seven sacred cities of the Hindus, to die at which secures eternal happiness: the word is also written चरवी and चरविवा.  
 चरविनीय n. (-नी) Sour gruel, prepared from the fermentation of rice-water. n. चरवि the city, वृत् to produce, लृट् aff.  
 चरवी f. (-वी) A city: see चरवि.  
 चरवत्त n. (-व) Alighting, descending. n. चर down, वत्त falling.  
 चरवत्त mfn. (-व-ता-त) 1. Alighted, descended. 2. Fallen on or into. 3. Thrown down. n. चर, and वत्त gone.  
 चरवात m. (-व) 1. A hole or pit for catching game in. 2. Descent, descending. n. चर below, वत्त to go or fall, लृट् aff.  
 चरवातन n. (-व) Felling, knocking or cutting down. n. चर down, वातन causing to fall.  
 चरवातित mfn. (-व-ता-त) Neglected, not protected. n. चर before वातित protected.  
 चरवीच m. (-व) A sternutatory, any drug producing sneezing. n. चर, वीच to pain, affix ल.  
 चरवा f. (-वा) Segment of the base of a triangle. n. चर, and वर what kills.  
 चरवीच m. (-व) 1. Judgment, discrimination, knowledge. 2. Waking, being awake. 3. Teaching. n. चर, and वीच knowledge.  
 चरवीचक m. (-क) 1. A teacher. 2. An awakener. n. चर before वृत् to be wise, causal form, लृट् aff.  
 चरवीचक n. (-व) Instruction, guidance, explanation. n. चरवीचक who teaches, and ल aff.  
 चरवाज m. (-व) 1. Light. 2. Manifestation. n. चर, and वाज light.  
 चरवासित mfn. (-व-ता-त) 1. Illumined, lighted, radiant. 2. Evident, manifest. n. चर, and वासित splendid.  
 चरवासिन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Shining, bright. f. (-वी) The outer skin or cuticle. n. चर, and वासिन् shines.  
 चरविन्न mfn. (-व-ता-त) Broken, pierced, divided. n. चर affix, लिङ् out or broken.  
 चरवृत् mfn. (-व-ता-त) Contracted, bent. n. चर, and लृट् bent.  
 चरवृत् m. (-व) 1. A supplementary sacrifice made to atone for any defects in a principal and preceding one. 2. Bathing after a sacrifice. n. चर, वृत् to screen, लृट् Una'di aff.  
 चरवृत्त n. (-व) Bathing after any sacrifice or ceremony. n. चरवृत् as before, and वाज bathing.  
 चरवृत् mfn. (-ट-टा-ट) Flat-nosed. n. चर and वृत् aff.  
 चरवृत् mfn. (-व-ता-त) Low, vile, inferior, base. n. (-व) A lunar day, exactly coinciding with a solar one. n. चर to preserve, &c. चर Una'di aff.  
 चरवृत् mfn. (-व-ता-त) Despised, disregarded, contemned. n. चर implying contempt, and वृत् known, minded.  
 चरवृत्त m. (-व) A restive elephant, or one in rut. n. चरवृत् disregarded, and वृत् the goad.  
 चरवृत्ति m. (-वि) Master, an owner. f. (-वि) 1. Aversion, dislike. 2. Disregard, contempt. n. चर, वृत् to heed, and वृत् aff.  
 चरवृत्त mfn. (-व-ता-त) To be contemned, to be treated with disrespect. n. चर before वृत् and वृत् affix. So चरवृत्.  
 चरवृत् mfn. (-व-ता-त) Proud, contemptuous, disrespectful. n. चर before वृत्, with लृट् aff.  
 चरवृत् m. (-व) 1. Devastation, inflicting pain or punishment on an enemy, by laying his country waste, &c. 2. Giving pain. n. चर, वृत् to tread down, लृट् aff.  
 चरवृत् m. (-व) 1. Intolerance, impatience. 2. Effacing, obliterating. 3. Banishing from recollection. n. चर away, &c. वृत् to endure, लृट् aff.  
 चरवृत् m. (-व) Disrespect, contempt. n. चर before वृत् respect.  
 चरवृत् f. (-व) 1. Dishonourableness. 2. Contempt. n. लृट् added to the last; also with ल, चरवृत्.

चरणीकता f. (-ता) Disrespect. n. चर before चर to mind, दुष् affix and टाप् fem. do.  
 चरनामनीय mfn. (-च-ना-नी) To be disrespected, to be contemned. n. चर before नम, with चनीयर् aff.  
 चरनामित mfn. (-च-ना-मि) Disrespected, despised. n. चर before the part. past of नम to respect.  
 चरनामिता f. (-ता) Disrespectfulness. n. चर added to चरनामित; also with त, चरनामित.  
 चरनामिन् mfn. (-च-नी-मि-नि) Behaving disrespectfully, contemning, despising. n. चरनाम and चि aff.  
 चरनाय mfn. (-च-ना-य) To be treated with disrespect. n. चर before नम with चय् aff.  
 चरमुच्यते mfn. (-च-मु-च्य-ते) Urining upon. n. चर on, मुच nominal v. to make water, च्छ aff.  
 चरमुच्यते mfn. (-च-मु-च्य-ते) Prostrate. n. चर down, मुच the forehead, च्छ whip sleeps.  
 चरनीय n. (-च) 1. Letting forth, emitting. 2. Setting at liberty. n. चर before मुच to set free, च्छट् aff.  
 चरय m. (-च) 1. A limb, a member. 2. A part, a portion. 3. Division of a logical argument or syllogism. n. चर, यु to join, च्छ aff.  
 चरयिन् mfn. (-चि-यि-नि) 1. Limbed, having limbs. 2. Having portions or subdivisions. m. (-चि) A syllogism, a logical argument. n. चरय and चि aff.  
 चर्य mfn. (-च-र-र) 1. Posterior, hinder, last. 2. Younger. 3. Inferior. n. (-र) The hind thigh of an elephant f. (-र) A name of DURGĀ. n. च neg. and चर preferable; not the best, or than which nothing is better.  
 चरय mfn. (-च-र-य) 1. Younger, junior. 2. Inferior, of low birth. m. (-य) A younger brother. n. चर after, and चर born.  
 चरत mfn. (-च-त-त) Stopped, ceased, desisted from. n. चर, रत to sport, affix त.  
 चरतत् ind. Hinder, posterior. n. चर and चतत् aff.  
 चरति f. (-ति) Stopping, ceasing, cessation, end. n. चर bad, &c. रत to play, and ति aff.  
 चरवर्च m. (-च-व-र्च) A Sudra, a man or woman of the fourth tribe. n. चर last, and वर्च a tribe.  
 चरवर्च m. (-च-व-र्च-व-र्च) See the preceding. n. चर added to चरवर्च, also चरवर्च.  
 चरवर्च m. (-च) The sum. n. च neg. चर best, than what nought is better, and चर worship : whose worship is of the first importance.  
 चरवर्च ind. Hinder, posterior. n. चर and चरवर्च aff.  
 चरवर्च n. (-च) The last half. n. चर and चर half.  
 चरवर्च mfn. (-च-र-व-र्च) Belonging to the last half. n. चर affix to the last.  
 चरवीच mfn. (-च-वा-च) Censured, blamed. n. चर, री to flow, the irregular part. past.  
 चरवर्च mfn. (-च-व-र्च-व-र्च) 1. Broken, torn. 2. Diseased. n. चर before चर to be sick, affix त.  
 चरवर्च mfn. (-च-वा-च) 1. Checked, stopped, hindered. 2. Shut up or in, inclosed. 3. Secluded, as in a harem. n. चर, and चर hindered.  
 चरवर्च mfn. (-च-वा-च) Descended, alighted. n. चर down, चर to go, च aff.  
 चरवीच m. (-च) 1. The seraglio of a palace, the queen's apartment. 2. A queen. 3. A palace. 4. A covering. 5. Hindrance, obstruction. 6. A fence, a pen, an inclosure, confinement. 7. Restraint. n. चर, चर to inclose or shut up, च्छ aff.  
 चरवीच mfn. (-च-वा-च) What impedes or obstructs. m. (-च) A guard, f. (-चि) A female of the harem. n. (-च) A barrier, a fence. n. चर before चर what opposes.  
 चरवीच n. (-च) 1. The inner or women's apartments in a royal palace. 2. Hindering, obstructing. 3. Obstacle, impediment. n. चर, चर to inclose, च्छ aff.

चरवीच n. (-च) A seraglio. n. चरवीच hindrance, and चरवीच hindrance.  
 चरवीच mfn. (-च-वा-च) Obstruction, impediment. n. चरवीच A guard to the queen's apartments. n. चरवीच with च्छ aff.  
 चरवीच mfn. (-च-वा-च) Obstructing. n. चरवीच and च्छ aff.  
 चरवीच n. (-च) 1. Taking away, depriving, diminishing. 2. Descending. 3. Setting, (as of the sun.) n. चर affix, and चरवीच placing.  
 चरवीच mfn. (-च-वा-च) Deprived of curtailed, diminished, lost. n. चर aff. चरवीच placed.  
 चरवीच m. (-च) 1. Mounting, ascending. 2. Descent, passing from over. 3. The growth of a creeping plant or vine. 4. A pendan branch, one that strikes fresh root into the earth, as those of the Indian fig tree. 5. Heaven or Swarga. n. चर up or down, &c. चर to mount, च्छ aff.  
 चरवीच n. (-च) 1. Alighting, descending. 2. Mounting. n. चर before चर to mount, च्छट् aff.  
 चरवीच mfn. (-च-वा-च) 1. What descends. 2. What ascends. n. (-च) The Indian fig tree. n. चरवीच a branch, &c. and चरवीच poss. aff.  
 चरवीच mfn. (-च-वा-च) 1. Colourless. 2. Bad, low, destitute of good qualities. m. (-च) Censure, blame. n. च neg. and चर praise, colour, &c.  
 चरवीच mfn. (-च-वा-च) 1. Non-existent. 2. Not present. n. च neg. चरवीच existing.  
 चरवीच mfn. (-च-वा-च) Not increasing, not growing. n. च neg. चरवीच increasing.  
 चरवर्च m. (-च) or attributively. mfn. (-च-वा-च) White: see चरवर्च. n. चर and चर to mark, affix च्छ.  
 चरवर्च mn. (-च-व-च) The waist. mfn. (-च-वा-च) Placed contiguously, impressed, attached, &c. n. चर, and चर part. past of चर to be near or with.  
 चरवर्च m. (-च) 1. Asylum, dependance, support. 2. Depending, hanging on or from. 3. A prop, a stay. 4. A suspender. 5. A perpendiclar. n. चर before चरि to go, &c. चर affix; also चरवर्च.  
 चरवर्च n. (-च) 1. Depending upon, dependance. 2. Hanging on or from. 3. A prop. n. चर before चरि to go, &c. and च्छट् aff.  
 चरवर्च mfn. (-च-वा-च) 1. Quick, expeditious. 2. Alighting, descending. 3. Protected, cherished. 4. Hanging on or upon, suspended from, clinging to. 5. Depending upon, trusting to, supported by. n. चर, and the part. past of चरि to go, to fall, &c.  
 चरवर्च mfn. (-च-वा-च) Depending on. n. चरवर्च and चि aff.  
 चरवर्च mfn. (-च-वा-च) 1. Anointed, plastered, smeared. 2. Proud, arrogant. n. चर before चरि smeared.  
 चरवर्च f. (-च) 1. Pride, arrogance. 2. Unction. n. चरवर्च plastered, smeared, and च्छ affix; also with त, चरवर्च.  
 चरवीच mfn. (-च-वा-च) 1. Licked. 2. Devoured, destroyed. n. चर and चर licked.  
 चरवीच f. (-च) Sport, play. n. चर, and चरवीच sport.  
 चरवर्च n. (-च) Tearing, tearing or cutting off. n. चर, चर to separate, affix च्छट्.  
 चरवर्च n. (-च) Rolling on the ground. n. चर, and चरवर्च rolling.  
 चरवर्च mfn. (-च-वा-च) Rolled on the ground. n. चर, and चरवर्च rolling.  
 चरवर्च mfn. (-च-वा-च) Out off. n. चर, and चर out.  
 चरवर्च m. (-च) 1. Pride. 2. Smearing, anointing. 3. Ornament & Union, association. n. चर, चर to smear, &c. and च्छ aff.  
 चरवीच n. (-च) 1. Daring, proud or arrogant purpose. 2. Anointing. n. चर, चर to smear, &c. and च्छ aff.  
 चरवीच m. (-च) An extract, an epitome, a confession. n. चर, and चर looking, what is to be looked with the tongue, not mentioned or great.  
 चरवीच n. (-च) Licking with the tongue, and chattering.  
 चरवीच mfn. (-च-वा-च) Thick, round. n. चर, and चर thick with the tongue.

1. The first part of the document is a letter from the Secretary of the  
 2.

वस्तुतः (1) A plant, *Sarcocolla anthelmintica*; ) से हीनरपी. 2. 3  
neg. वरु handsome, and a prodigious

मर्यादा न. (-य) 1. A command, an order. 2. Censure, reproach. 3. Trust, confidence. न. वय implying disrespect, and वय speech.

वचन mfa. (अः-प्र-प्र) 1. Independent, unsubjected, unrestrained. 2. Necessary, certain. अ. अ neg. वचन subjection.

बन्धनविधा f. (-का) A cloth tied round the legs and knees of a person sitting on his haunches see बन्धनविधा.

वदतिर mfn. (-व;-वद-व) Left, rest, remainder. न वद, and वद left.  
वदतिर m. (-वः) A scorpion. नः वद before वद to go, वद off.

मन्त्रीयत्न मन्. (-तः-स-त) 1. Unrestrained, independent. 2. Uninfluenced by magic. म. चयन and मन्तु been, with चि inserted.

मेष म. (च) १. Leaveings, remainder. २. End, close, termination. ३. चय, and चेष remainder.

उत्तम भा. (-कः-भा-ज) Untameable, ungovernable. Ind. (-कः) Certainly, necessarily. ३. अय. क्ति to go. अय affix : irregularly formed : it occurs

in composition with or without the nasal, as चवस्यहारी who does what is necessary. चवस्यहः to be necessarily cooked for. चवस्यहः

बन्धु to subdue, affix बन्धु.

अवश्यम्. (अ. वा. अ.) Necessary, inevitable, indispensable. इ. अवश्यम् and  
अवश्यम् aff.

परमार्थ १. (-त्) १. Necessity, obligation. २. Certainty. ३. तत् added to परमार्थ ; also परमार्थत्वं with त् aff.

पद्मावती f. (-वती) A lotus that bears a seed after a long interval.

उत्तरावली १. (ब) A cow that bears a calf after a long interval : see उत्तरावली.

पठ्य मन्. (-अः-आ-अ) 1. Near. 2. Protected, supported. 3. Surpassed, overcome. 4. Bound, tied. 5. Opposed. 6. Wrapped up, enfolded. 7.

Hanging from or upon. 8. Stopped, stayed. 9. Paralysed. ३. चय, चयि to stop, to stand, in the part. past.

वरुण ind. 1. Leaning upon, holding. 2. Stopping, arresting. ३. वरुण be-  
fore वरुणि to stop, वरुण् aff.

पदस्य म. (-प्रः) 1. Gold. 2. Commencement, beginning. 3. A post or pillar. 4. Excellence. 5. Impediment. 6. Support, stay. 7. Paralysis.

महत्त्व n. (-स्य) 1. Supporting, protecting. 2. A pillar, a post. 3. Stop-

ping, staying. 4. Paralyzing. n. चर before सति to stay, चद् aff.  
 बजाव n. (-च) Eating. n. चद्, सत् to sound, चद् aff.

n. (च) Preserving, protecting, (in the language of the Vedas.) a

सुख to preserve, सं. सुख, Una'di aff.  
सुख मिन. (-सुख-मिन) 1. Attached to or by, in contact with. 2. En-

gaged or eager. 3.OUND round, begirt. 4. Placed or thrown upon.  
H. 573, and pre-joined.

१. A copper, a mantle. २. A cloth drawn round the breast and legs of a person sitting on his haunches. ३. A round,

१. A copper, a mantle. २. A cloth drawn round the breast and legs of a person sitting on his haunches. ३. A round,

सर्वोच्च न्यायालय, कोलकाता, २०/११/५५

... (S) A house ...

4. Because of the fact that the only other person who has been identified as having been in contact with the subject is the subject's mother, it is recommended that the subject be placed under surveillance to determine if there is any other person who has been in contact with the subject.

For m. (-m.) a college, a school. 2. See the preceding.

अवयव f. (-तः) Insubstantiality, unreality. ३. अव added to the last ; also with त्, अवयव.  
 अवस्था f. (-स्तः) State, condition, situation, circumstance of age or position. ३. अव, स्था to stand or stay, अव् and टाप् aff.  
 अवस्थावतुष्टय n. (-यः) The periods of human life, viz. childhood, youth, manhood, and old age. ३. अवस्था, and वतुष्टय fourfold.  
 अवस्थाय n. (-यः) Two states of life, viz. happiness or misery. ३. अवस्था, and वय two.  
 अवस्थान n. (-नः) Situation, station, abode, place or period of abiding or staying. ३. अव before स्था to stay, affix लृट्.  
 अवस्थापन n. (-नः) Fixing, settling. ३. अव before स्था to stay, causal form, लृट् aff.  
 अवस्थापित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fixed. ३. See the last, त् aff.  
 अवस्थायिन् mfn. (-यी-दिनी-यि) Staying, residing in. ३. अव before स्था to stay, चिन् aff.  
 अवस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Occupying place or period, abiding, residing remaining firm or fixed, &c. 2. Firm of purpose, steady. 3. Engaged in, prosecuting, following. ३. अव before स्था to stay, affix लृट्.  
 अवस्थिति f. (-तिः) 1. Abiding. 2. A residence. 3. Following, practising. ३. अव, and स्थिति staying.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Bruised, beaten. 2. Threshed, winnowed. ३. अव, and वृत् struck.  
 अवयव n. (-यः) 1. Redeeming, taking back. 2. Fining, muleting. 3. Taking away, stealing, plundering. ३. अव, and वृत् taking.  
 अवयव m. (-तः) The back of the hand. ३. अव reverse, &c. and वृत् the hand.  
 अवयव m. (-तः) 1. A shark. 2. A water-elephant. 3. A thief. 4. Truce, suspension or cessation of gambling, fighting, &c. 5. Summoning, inviting. 6. Any approximatable object, fit or able to be brought near. 7. Apostacy, abandoning a sect or cast. 8. Re-delivery. ३. अव, वृत् to take or convey, वृत् or व aff.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) One who stops fighting, &c. m. (-तः) A shark, a marine monster. ३. अवयव, वृत् aff.  
 अवयव mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Recoverable, redeemable. 2. Finable, punishable. ३. अव, and वय to be taken.  
 अवयविका f. (-या) A wall, a bound hedge.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Known, celebrated. 2. Done with care. 3. Careful. 4. Attentive. ३. अव, वा to have or hold, part. affix लृट् ; व becomes वृ and वृट् is inserted.  
 अवयव nf. (-यः-या) Dissimulation. ३. व neg. वृत् outer, स्था to stand ; an irregular form: what does not shew outwardly.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Taken off, back, or away, seized, stolen. 2. Fined. ३. अव off, वृत् taken.  
 अवयव nf. (-तः-ता) Disrespect. ३. अव, वृत् to despise, वृत् affix ; व becomes व.  
 अवयव n. (-नः) Disrespect. ३. As अवयव, affix लृट्.  
 अवयवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Disrespected. ३. (-तं) Disrespect. ३. अवयव and वृत् aff.  
 अवयवयी f. (-यी) A plant, (Pimpinella Anisum.) ३. अवयव downwards, and वृत् having flowers.  
 अवयविरव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Having the head downwards. ३. अवयव down, and वृत् the head.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Who protects or defends, a guarding, a keeper. ३. वृत् under, and वृत् the eye, व final.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Stooping, bending, bowed. ३. अव reverse, and वृत् front.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Downlooked, headlong. अवयव, and वृत् the face.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Dumb. ३. त् p. v. वय, speech.

अवयव, or अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) ३. Downlooked, headlong. ३. अवयव ind. (-तः) 1. South, southern. 2. Downwards. f. (-तः) 1. The south quarter. 2. The lower regions. ३. अव down, downwards, वय, वय, वृत् affix ; the south being considered as below.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. South, southern. 2. Downlooked, headlong. 3. Descended, gone down. ३. अवयव, and वय aff.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Vile, bad. 2. Improper to be uttered. 3. Southern, southerly. ३. व neg. and वय to be spoken, or अवयव, and वय added.  
 अवयवता f. (-ता) 1. Reproach, calumny. 2. Improprity. ३. त् added to the preceding ; also with त्, अवयवता.  
 अवयवदीर्घ m. (-यः) The vulva. ३. अवयव not to be named, वृत् a place.  
 अवयवज्ञान n. (-नः) Disrespect. ३. अवयव, ज्ञान knowledge.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) One who does not speak, who does not dispute, who does not bring an action, peaceable. ३. व neg. वयिन् who speaks, &c.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Dried, dry, (fruit.) ३. व neg. and वय dry ; than which nothing is drier.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Included, involved. ३. अव, and वय inner.  
 अवयवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Unsown, (as grain,) planted. ३. व neg. and वयित sown.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Received, got, obtained. ३. अव before वाप to obtain, त् aff.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Receiving, obtaining, taking. 2. Entertaining, (as a belief.) ३. वय to get, त् aff.  
 अवयव f. (-तिः) Obtaining, getting, receiving. ३. अव, and वाप to attain, त् aff.  
 अवयव mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Unattainable, unobtainable. ind. Having obtained. ३. व neg. वय procurable, or वय before वाप to obtain, लृट् aff.  
 अवयव n. (-यः) The near bank of a river. ३. अव down, वय to go, वय aff.  
 अवयव m. (-तः) The ocean. ३. अवयव the near and वय the opposite bank ; embanked.  
 अवयवारीच mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Crossing a river. ३. अवयवारीच both banks, and वय aff.  
 अवयविका f. (-या) Coriander seed ; also अवयविका.  
 अवयवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unimpeded, unobstructed. 2. Innumerable. ३. व neg. and वयित hindered.  
 अवयवित mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Not to be impeded. ३. व neg. and वयित to be hindered ; also अवयवारीच and अवयव.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Crossing a river. ३. अवयव and वय aff.  
 अवयव mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Unrestrainable, irresistible. ३. व neg. वय to be hindered.  
 अवयव m. (-तः) The son of a woman by any other man than her first husband.  
 अवयव m. (-तः) A thief. ३. वय to take away, वयिन् aff.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Naked. ३. व priv. वय clothes.  
 अवयव mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Unsubstantial, unreal. 2. Unfounded, irrational, (as an argument.) ३. व neg. and वय substantance.  
 अवयवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Insubstantial, unreal. 2. Unfounded, (as an argument.) ३. व neg. वय substantance.  
 वय m. (-यः) 1. The sun. 2. A mountain. 3. A sheep. 4. A master. 5. A blanket. 6. A rat. 7. A wall or enclosure. 8. Air, wind. 9. The shawl goat. f. (-यि) A woman in her course ; also वय. ३. वय to go, to preserve, &c. वय aff.  
 वय n. (-यः) A diamond. ३. वय the sun, &c. वय aff.  
 वय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Closed, shut. ३. व neg. वय open.  
 वय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Unblown. ३. व neg. वय blown.  
 वय m. (-यः) A flock of sheep. ३. वय sheep, वय aff.  
 वय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Not boasting, not talking vainly. ३. व neg. and वय boasting.

अविज्ञान mfn. (-ज्ञ-ज्ञ-ज्ञ) One who does not know. n. (-ज्ञ) Not knowing.  
 अविज्ञान mfn. (-ज्ञ-ज्ञ-ज्ञ) 1. Not knowing, 2. Ignorance, untaught. n. अ  
 neg. विज्ञान talking idly.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Rattic, perfect, unimpaired. 2. Regular,  
 orderly, consistent. n. अ neg. and विकृत defective.  
 अविकृत m. (-कृत) Positive act or precept, absence of doubt or alter-  
 native. n. अ neg. विकृत alternative.  
 अविकार mfn. (-कार-कार-कार) Immutable, permanent. n. अ neg. विकार change.  
 अविकार्य mfn. (-कार्य-कार्य-कार्य) Immutable, unchangeable. n. अ neg. विकार्य  
 liable to change of form.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Unchanged, permanent. n. अ neg. विकृत changed.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Powerless, feeble. m. (-कृत) Cowardice. n. अ neg.  
 विकृत prowess.  
 अविकृत m. (-कृत) Want of sale. n. अ neg. विकृत sale.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Unsurpassed. 2. Feeble, powerless. n. अ neg.  
 वि before कृत to go, कृत aff.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Unsold. n. अ neg. विकृत sold.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Unsaleable, not to be sold. n. अ neg. विकृत to  
 be sold.  
 अविकृत m. (-कृत) Vigour, freshness, absence of fatigue. n. अ neg. विकृत  
 fatigue.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Calm, composed, firm. n. अ neg. विकृत confounded.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Unwearied. n. अ neg. विकृत wearied.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Entire, undiminished. 2. Unhurt. n. अ neg.  
 विकृत wounded.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Attentive, composed. 2. Retained. n. अ neg.  
 विकृत tossed, agitated.  
 अविकृत m. (-कृत) Quiet, quiescence. n. अ neg. विकृत agitation.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Tranquil, undisturbed. n. अ neg. विकृत  
 agitated.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Retained, present, unseparated. n. अ neg. विकृत  
 gone away.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Unseparated, unremoved. m. (-कृत) Presence,  
 inheritance, association, non-separation. n. अ neg. विकृत separation.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Unreproached. n. अ neg. विकृत reproached.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Unreproached. n. अ neg. विकृत censure.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Compatible, consistent with, not contrary  
 to. 2. Worthy, good. n. अ neg. वि without, कृत property.  
 अविकृत m. (-कृत) A fruit tree, commonly Caronda, (Carissa Carondas.)  
 n. अ neg. वि to fear, कृत part, past, irr.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Bodiless, incorporeal. n. अ neg. विकृत body.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Unimpeded, uninterrupted. n. अ neg. वि  
 obstacle.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Unlearned, ignorant. n. अ neg. विकृत learned.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Undiscriminating, ill-judging, unwise. 2.  
 Prompt, unhesitating. m. (-कृत) 1. Want of judgment or discrimina-  
 tion, error, folly. 2. Promptitude. n. अ neg. विकृत discussion.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Ill-judged or investigated, unconsidered.  
 2. Determined, certain, clear, not requiring deliberation. n. अ neg.  
 विकृत, discussed.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Victorious, triumphant. 2. Unmoved. n. अ  
 neg. विकृत shaken, resisted.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Undeviated from, observed, followed. 2.  
 Steadfast, permanent. n. अ neg. विकृत fallen.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Unseparated, undivided. n. अ neg. विकृत out  
 off.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Entire, whole, undivided. 2. Uninterrupted.  
 n. अ neg. 1. Disconnection. 2. Connection, continuity. n. अ neg. विकृत  
 separation.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Of the same species. n. अ neg. विकृत of a  
 different kind.

अविज्ञान mfn. (-ज्ञ-ज्ञ-ज्ञ) 1. Clumsy, stupid. 2. Ignorant, untaught. n. अ  
 neg. विज्ञान wise.  
 अविकृत f. (-कृत) Ignorance, folly. n. अविकृत and कृत affix ; also अविकृत.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Unknown. 2. Undistinguished. n. अ neg.  
 विकृत known.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Undiscernible, not to be recognized or known.  
 n. अ neg. विकृत to be known.  
 अविकृत n. (-कृत) A direct flight. n. अ neg. विकृत flying devotely.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Preserved, protected. n. अ neg. to preserve, कृत affix  
 of part. past.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) True. n. (-कृत) Truth. n. अ neg. and विकृत untrue.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Unknown. 2. Poor. n. अ neg. विकृत known, or  
 wealth.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Quicksilver.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Fit for or suited to a sheep. n. अविकृत and कृत aff.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Unlearned. 2. Stupid. n. अ neg. विकृत clever.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Imperfectly digested, producing heart-  
 burn. n. अ neg. वि free from, कृत what burns.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Unknown. n. अ neg. विकृत known.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Near, contiguous. n. अ neg. विकृत distant.  
 अविकृत ind. Near, not far off. n. अविकृत and कृत aff.  
 अविकृत n. (-कृत) The milk of a ewe. n. अविकृत and कृत aff.  
 अविकृत f. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) n. अ neg. वि  
 broken, divided, and कृत the ear ; the leaf being compared to the  
 ear ; also अविकृत and विकृत.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Foolish, unwise. 2. Not relating to knowledge.  
 f. (-कृत) 1. Ignorance. 2. Spiritual ignorance. 3. Illusion. 4. Per-  
 sonified illusion or Ma'ya. n. अ neg. and विकृत knowledge.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Non-existent. 2. Not present, absent. n. अ  
 neg. and विकृत being.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Unwise, unlearned. n. अ neg. विकृत learned,  
 अविकृत n. (-कृत) Irregularity, deviation from or absence of fixed rule. n.  
 अ neg. and विकृत rule.  
 अविकृत ind. Irregularly. n. अविकृत and कृत aff.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Irregular, void of or contrary to rule. f. (-कृत)  
 Irregularity. n. अ neg. and विकृत rule.  
 अविकृत m. (-कृत) A sacrificer, one who makes a sacrifice or causes it to  
 be made. n. अ neg. to preserve, कृत Undi aff.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Indecorous, ill-behaved. m. (-कृत) 1. Indecorum,  
 impropriety, fault. 2. Incivility, disrespect. 3. Offence, crime. n.  
 अ neg. and विकृत modest behaviour.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Indestructible : so अविकृत. n. अ neg. विकृत  
 destructible.  
 अविकृत m. (-कृत) Inherent and essential character. n. अ, and विकृत  
 without, कृत property.  
 अविकृत m. (-कृत) An illogical conclusion. n. अ neg. विकृत accurate  
 deduction.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Holding on, advancing, one who does  
 not turn back. n. अ neg. विकृत who retreats.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Without an exception. n. अ neg. विकृत  
 exception.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Misbehaving, acting ill or improperly, wicked,  
 vile. f. (-कृत) An unchaste or dissolute woman. n. अ neg. विकृत  
 virtuous.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) Unopposed, having no adversary. n. अ neg. विकृत  
 an adversary.  
 अविकृत m. (-कृत) Woollen cloth. n. अविकृत a sheep, and कृत aff.  
 अविकृत f. (-कृत) Prosperity, ease. n. अ neg. विकृत misfortune.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृत-कृत-कृत) 1. Uninjured, unhurt. 2. Not soiled or contami-  
 nated, pure, clean. n. अ neg. विकृत destroyed.

अविद्विद् mfn. (-विन्) Unwise, ignorant. ३. अ neg. विद्विद् learned.  
 अविपाक m. (-कः) 1. Immaturity. 2. Not suffering the consequence of actions in a former life. 3. Indigestion. ३. अ neg. विपाक ripening.  
 अविपुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Small, insignificant, slender. ३. अ neg. विपुल large.  
 अविप्रलम्ब mfn. (-लम्बः-लम्बा-लम्बं) Near, not remote. ३. अ neg. विप्रलम्ब remote.  
 अविवृत mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्तं) 1. Undeviating; following or observing steadily. 2. Observed, unviolated. ३. अ neg. विवृत transgressed.  
 अविकल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Fruitful, productive. ३. अ neg. विकल unfruitful.  
 अविकुल mfn. (-कुलः-कुला-कुलं) Unblown. ३. अ neg. विकुल blown.  
 अविकृत mfn. (-कृतः-कृता-कृतं) 1. Undivided, unpartitioned. 2. Joint, unseparated, (as coparceners.) ३. अ neg. विकृत divided.  
 अविविभक्त mfn. (-विभक्तः-विभक्ता-विभक्तं) Unportioned, unpartitioned. m. (-वः) Undivided inheritance. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त division.  
 अविविभक्तिन् mfn. (-विभक्ति-विभक्तिन्) 1. One who does not share. 2. Not sharing, not dividing. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्तिन् who divides.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Not to be divided, not to be partitioned. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य partible.  
 अविविभक्त्य n. (-विविभक्त्यः) Indivisibility, unfitness for partition. ३. अविविभक्त्य and व affix; also with तल्, अविविभक्त्यता.  
 अविविभक्त्य nf. (-विविभक्त्यः) Disappearance, imperceptibility. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य perception.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Imperceptible, undistinguishable. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य perceptible.  
 अविविभक्त्य n. (-विविभक्त्यः) The milk of a ewe. ३. अवि and मरीचिच् aff.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Foul, turbid. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य clear.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Unloosed, not quilted. m. (-विविभक्त्यः) A name of Benares. ३. अ neg. and विविविभक्त्य loosed: the last is never to be lost view of by those seeking salvation.  
 अविविभक्त्य m. (-विविभक्त्यः) A celebrated Siva Linga, at Benares. ३. अविविभक्त्य, and ईश्वर lord.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) 1. Undivided, conjoined. 2. Not separated or absent. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य disjoined.  
 अविविभक्त्य m. (-विविभक्त्यः) 1. Conjunction, association. 2. Presence, not being parted or absent. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य disunion.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Interested in, attached to. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य unattached.  
 अविविभक्त्य adj. mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) 1. Eternal, continual, uninterrupted. 2. Abandoned, or adv. n. (-विविभक्त्यः) Eternal, continual. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य stop-ping.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) 1. Coarse, gross, substantial. 2. Close, con-tiguous. 3. Uninterrupted. ३. अ neg. and विविविभक्त्य fine.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Continuous, uninterrupted. m. (-विविभक्त्यः) Continu-ance, uninterrupted succession. n. adv. (-विविभक्त्यः) Uninterruptedly. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य rest.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) 1. Unimpeded, unobstructed. 2. Allowed, per-mitted, proper. 3. Compatible, consistent with. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य hin-dered.  
 अविविभक्त्य n. (-विविभक्त्यः) Constipating, stopping dejection. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य purg-ing.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Improper to be purged. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य to be purged.  
 अविविभक्त्य m. (-विविभक्त्यः) 1. Absence of impediment. 2. Assent, concurrence, non-opposition. 3. Consistency, compatibility. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य hin-drance.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Unimpeded, unobstructed. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य hin-dered.  
 अविविभक्त्य n. (-विविभक्त्यः) Not exceeding, not trespassing. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य tres-passing.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Prescribed, fixed, not to be transgressed, ex-ceeded. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य to be past over or beyond.

अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Prompt, quick, without delay. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य delay.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Quick, expeditious; also अविविभक्त्य.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. adj. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Quick, expeditious. ३. adv. (-विविभक्त्यः) Quickly, expeditiously. ३. अ neg. and विविविभक्त्य slow, tedious.  
 अविविभक्त्य m. (-विविभक्त्यः) Going quickly, swift pace. ३. अविविभक्त्य, and विविविभक्त्य motion.  
 अविविभक्त्य f. (-विविभक्त्यः) A sheep, a ewe. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य to break, अवि and इत् affixes; not able to wound, &c. having no horns.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Faithful, constant. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य sport, caprice.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Unasserted, undeclared. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य said.  
 अविविभक्त्य m. (-विविभक्त्यः) Concurrence, consent, non-disagreement. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य dispute.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Quiet, peaceable. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य conten-tious.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Unmarried. ३. अ neg. and विविविभक्त्य married.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) 1. Interdicted as to marriage. 2. Not relating to marriage. 3. Single, not marrying. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य marry-ing.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) 1. Uninvestigated, undiscovered. 2. Indiscriminate, confounded. 3. Common, public. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य discriminated.  
 अविविभक्त्य m. (-विविभक्त्यः) Ignorance, absence of discrimination or judgment. ३. अ neg. and विविविभक्त्य discrimination.  
 अविविभक्त्य f. (-विविभक्त्यः) Inconsiderateness, imprudence, want of judgment. ३. अविविभक्त्य and तल् added: also अविविभक्त्य.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Ignorant, indiscriminating, defective in judgment, superficial, short-sighted. ३. अविविभक्त्य as above, and तल् aff.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Ignorant, indiscriminating. ३. अ neg. and विविविभक्त्य who judges.  
 अविविभक्त्य f. (-विविभक्त्यः) Want of judgment. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य discriminating.  
 अविविभक्त्य f. (-विविभक्त्यः) Unapprehensiveness, confidence, certainty. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य fear.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Confiding, trusting, unapprehensive. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य alarmed.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) 1. Pure, clear, free from fault or defect. 2. Valid, perfect, unimpeached. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य faulty.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Uniform, alike, without any difference. ३. (-विविभक्त्यः) Equality, uniformity. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य variation.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Indiscriminating, not perceiving the difference in things. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य variation, and तल् who knows.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Unwearied. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य tired.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Suspected, doubted, not trusted. ३. अ neg. and विविविभक्त्य trusted.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Mistrusted. m. (-विविभक्त्यः) Suspicion, mistrust. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य trust.  
 अविविभक्त्य f. (-विविभक्त्यः) A cow calving after long intervals. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य trust.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Mistrustful, unbelieving. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य who trusts.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Antivenomous, antidote, not poisonous. ३. अ neg. and विविविभक्त्य poison. m. (-विविभक्त्यः) The ocean, sky. f. (-विविभक्त्यः) 1. A stream. 2. The earth. 3. Heaven. ३. अवि to go, &c. विविविभक्त्य. Una di aff.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) Unchecked, unopposed, unimpeded. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य restrained.  
 अविविभक्त्य mfn. (-विविभक्त्यः-विविभक्त्यं) 1. Unperceived, invisible. 2. Inevitable, disregard-ing objects of sense. m. (-विविभक्त्यः) 1. Disappearance, absence. 2. Disre-gard of objects of sense. ३. अ neg. विविविभक्त्य an object of sense.  
 अविविभक्त्य m. (-विविभक्त्यः) An extender or enlarger.

अभिर्निवृत्तः mfn. (-नि-नि-वृ-त्तः) Adhering to, retaining, not quitting. m. (-नि) A continued fever. n. च neg. विवर्तिवृत्तः quitting.

अभिलोडः n. (-लः) Emma's milk. n. च aff. and -लः aff.

अभिवृत्तः mfn. (-वृ-वृ-त्तः) Compact, compressed, close. n. च neg. विवृत्तः spread.

अभिवृत्तः mfn. (-वृ-वृ-त्तः) Obscure, not clear or plain. n. (-वृ) Indistinct speech. n. च neg. विवृत्तः plain.

अभिवृत्तः n. (-वृ) Remembering, not forgetting. n. च neg. विवृत्तः forgetting.

अभिवृत्तिः f. (-ति) Remembering, recollection. n. च neg. विवृत्तिः forgetfulness.

अभिवृत्तः mfn. (-वृ-वृ-त्तः) 1. Undone, uneffected. 2. Unprescribed, not directed or ruled. n. च neg. विवृत्तः established.

अभिवृत्तः mfn. (-वृ-वृ-त्तः) Calm, composed, unagitated. n. च neg. विवृत्तः agitated.

अवी f. (-वी) A woman in her courses : see अवि.

अवीचयः n. (-च) Not regarding, not looking at. n. च neg. वीचयः seeing.

अवीक्षितः mfn. (-क्ष-क्ष-तः) Unseen, unhehld. n. च neg. वीक्षितः seen.

अवीचिः m. (-चि) A hell. mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) Waveless. n. च neg. वीचिः a wave.

अवीचिभयः m. (-यः) A hell, the place of punishment for liars. n. अवीचि without waves, नदत् aff.

अवीजः mfn. (-ज-जा-जः) Seedless. n. (-ज) 1. Bad seed. 2. Absence of seed. n. च neg. वीजः seed.

अवीजः mfn. (-ज-जा-जः) Seedless. n. अवीज and अज added.

अवीरः mfn. (-र-रा-रः) Weak, impotent, helpless. f. (-र) A woman who has neither husband nor son. n. च neg. वीरः strong.

अवतः mfn. (-त-ता-तः) 1. Unselected. 2. Uncovered. 3. Unprotected. n. च neg. इत chosen, &c.

अवतिः f. (-ति) Inadequate support, absence of subsistence or allowance. n. च neg. इति maintenance.

अवहाः ind. Successfully, profitably. n. च not, इवा vainly.

अवहायः mfn. (-य-या-यः) Succeeding, gaining one's object. n. अवहा not in vain, अयं object.

अवहिकः mfn. (-ह-ही-हः) 1. Not bearing interest. 2. Not augmentative. n. च neg. इति increase, ठक् aff.

अवेचयः n. (-च) 1. Seeing. 2. Attention, observation. n. अच, and ईचयः seeing.

अवेचमाचः mfn. (-च-चा-चः) Inspecting, examining. n. अच, ईच to see, आनच् aff.

अवेचाः f. (-चा) 1. Attention, observation. 2. Seeing, looking at. 3. Agreement, engagement. n. अच upon or to, ईच to see, च affix, and टाप् feminine.

अवेक्षितः mfn. (-क्ष-क्ष-तः) Seen, regarded. n. अच before ईच to see and त् aff.

अवेक्षयः mfn. (-य-या-यः) Not enquiring or ascertaining. n. च neg. विद् to know, आनच् aff.

अवेदविद् m. (-विद्) A Brahman who has not studied the Vedas. n. च neg. वेद and विद् who knows.

अवेदविहितः mfn. (-वि-वि-तः) Unscriptural, not enjoined in the Vedas. n. च neg. वेद and विहित declared.

अवेद्यः mfn. (-य-या-यः) 1. Unascertainable, secret, not to be known. 2. Not to be pained or hurt. m. (-य) A calf. n. च neg. वेद्य to be hurt or known.

अवेद्यः m. (-य) Denial or concealment of knowledge. f. (-य) Chewed betel. n. अज and अजय speech.

अवेद्यः mfn. (-य-या-यः) Irregular, heterodox, contrary or not conformable to rule. n. च neg. विहित rule, अजच् aff.

अवेद्यः mfn. (-य-या-यः) Wet, moist. n. अच ill, अजच् to moisten, and अच् aff.

अवयः m. (-य) 1. A cloud. 2. A year. n. अच to preserve, अजच् Unādi affix.

अव्यक्तः mfn. (-क्त-का-क्तः) 1. Indistinct, unapparent, invisible, imperceptible. 2. (In algebra,) Unknown as quantity or number. m. (-क्तः) 1. VISHNU. 2. SIVA. 3. KANDARPA or CUPID. 4. A fool. n. (-क्त) 1. The Supreme Being or universal spirit. 2. Any invisible principle according to the Sāṅkhya philosophy. 3. The soul. 4. Nature, temperament. n. च neg. व्यक्त evident, distinct.

अव्यक्तचित्तः f. (-चित्त) 1. Algebraic calculation. 2. Any act of an indistinct character or aim. n. अव्यक्त, and चित्ता act.

अव्यक्तरागः m. (-राग) Dark-red, the colour of the dawn. n. अव्यक्त indistinct, and राग colour.

अव्यक्तराशिः f. (-राशि) An unknown number or indistinct quantity, (in algebra.) n. अव्यक्त and राशि quantity.

अव्यक्तसम्यक् n. (-सम्यक्) Equation of unknown quantities. n. अव्यक्त, and सम्यक् equality.

अव्ययः mfn. (-य-या-यः) 1. Steady, cool, deliberate. 2. Indifferent, undisturbed. n. च neg. व्यय hurried.

अव्ययः mfn. (-य-या-यः) 1. Plain, not figurative. 2. Perfect, not mutilated. f. (-य) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens, Rox.) n. च neg. वि priv. and अजच् the body, or अजच् figure of speech.

अव्ययः mfn. (-य-या-यः) Well made, symmetrical, perfect, entire. n. अव्यय not defective, अजच् a limb.

अव्ययः mfn. (-य-या-यः) 1. Indistinct. 2. Plain, not figurative. m. (-य) An animal without horns, though of an age to have them. n. च neg. व्यय a mark or figure.

अव्ययः f. (-य) A plant, (Carpogon pruriens.)

अव्ययिणीः mfn. (-नी-नी-नी) Distinct, specific, separate, unmixed. n. च neg. व्ययिणी confounded, mixed.

अव्ययः mfn. (-य-या-यः) 1. Free from pain. 2. Merciful, not inflicting pain. m. (-य) A snake. f. (-य) 1. Yellow myrobalan. 2. Another plant, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) See पञ्चवारिणी. n. च neg. व्यय pain.

अव्ययिः m. (-यि) A horse, (in the dialect of the Vedas.) n. च neg. व्यय to pain, and अजच् affix ; who does not tire in war, &c.

अव्ययिणीः m. (-नी) 1. The earth. 2. Night.

अव्ययिन्ः mfn. (-नी-नी-नी) 1. Free from pain. 2. Not inflicting pain. n. च neg. व्यय pain, इति aff.

अव्ययिः m. (-य) 1. The ocean. 2. The sun. f. (-नी) 1. The earth. 2. Midnight. n. च neg. व्यय to suffer pain, and टिक् Unādi aff.

अव्ययः mfn. (-य-या-यः) 1. Free from pain. 2. Not paining, not giving pain. n. च neg. व्यय to feel pain, and अजच् affix irr.

अव्ययिचारः m. (-चार) Steadiness, consistency, constancy. n. च neg. व्ययिचार irregularity.

अव्ययिचारिन्ः mfn. (-री-री-री) 1. Constant. 2. Virtuous, moral. 3. Steady, permanent, faithful. n. च neg. व्ययिचारिन् variable.

अव्ययः mfn. (-य-या-यः) 1. Economical, parsimonious. 2. Unexpended, unwasted. 3. Imperishable, immutable, eternal. m. (-य) A name of VISHNU. m. (-य-यः) An indeclinable word, a particle. n. च neg. and अजच् expenditure.

अव्ययः mfn. (-य-या-यः) Eternal, imperishable. m. (-य) Soul, spirit. n. अव्यय undecayed, आनच् self.

अव्ययीभावः m. (-य) 1. Imperishableness. 2. An indeclinable compound. n. अव्यय and भाव disposition, with यि inserted.

अव्ययीः mfn. (-यी-यी-यी) 1. Profitable, fruitful. 2. Effectual, efficacious. n. च neg. व्यय useless.

अव्ययीचः mfn. (-य-या-यः) True, veracious. n. च neg. व्ययीच also.

अव्ययीचः mfn. (-य-या-यः) 1. Close, contiguous. 2. Careless. n. च neg. व्ययीच any thing interposed, or carelessness.

अव्ययीचताः f. (-ता) 1. Contiguity. 2. Carelessness. n. तच् added to with the last ; also with त्, अव्ययीचता.

अव्ययीचः m. (-य) Negligence, inactivity. n. च neg. व्ययीच employment.



अव्यवहारम् mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Negligent, remiss in practice. न. च neg. व्यवहार practice, profession, मनुष्य पेशा, aff.  
 अव्यवहारिन् mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Negligent, inactive, remiss. न. च neg. व्यवहार business, इति aff.  
 अव्यवहारा f. (-तः) 1. Irregularity, deviation from established rule. 2. Incorrect legal opinion. न. च neg. व्यवहारा law.  
 अव्यवहारी mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Not conformable to law or practice. 2. Unacquainted with the law or custom. 3. Ill regulated. 4. Displaced, disordered. न. च neg. and व्यवहारी ordained.  
 अव्यवहार्य mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Unactionable, not to be discussed in law. न. च neg. व्यवहार्य actionable.  
 अव्यवहित mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Adjoining, contiguous. न. च neg. and व्यवहित divided.  
 अव्यवहत mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Not determined or investigated by law. 2. Not spoken. न. च neg. व्यवहत tried.  
 अव्यवहन mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Moral, correct, free from vice. न. च neg. व्यवहन evil practice.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Free from evil practices, steady, correct. न. च neg. व्यवहन evil practices, इति aff.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Simple, undecomposed. 2. Undispersed, collected. न. च neg. व्यवहन scattered.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Calm, firm, composed. न. च neg. व्यवहान hurried.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Undecomposed. न. (-तः) Elementary substance from which all things were created, considered as one with the substance of BRAHMA. न. च neg. व्यवहान separated, decomposed.  
 अव्यवहानि f. (-तः) Obscurity, want of clearness or explanation. न. च neg. व्यवहान explanation.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Unexplained, obscure. न. च neg. व्यवहान explained.  
 अव्यवहानि n. (-तः) Absence of explicitness, want of explanation. न. च neg. व्यवहान explanation.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Unintelligible, inexplicable. 2. Easy, not requiring to be explained. न. च neg. व्यवहान to be explained.  
 अव्यवहानि m. (-तः) Absence of fraud, simplicity, honesty. न. च neg. व्यवहान disguise.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Special, individual, peculiar. न. च neg. व्यवहान generic.  
 अव्यवहानि n. (-तः) Speciality, individuality, non-comprehensiveness or generalization. न. च व्यवहान special, and त्व affix; also व्यवहानता.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Inexpert, inexperienced. म. (-तः) Business not practised or understood. न. च not, व्यवहान business.  
 अव्यवहानि n. (-तः) Speciality, non-generalization. न. च neg. व्यवहान what pervades, त्व affix; also व्यवहानता.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Special, individual. 2. Limited, partial, not comprehensive. न. च neg. व्यवहान pervading.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Peculiar, individual, limited. न. च neg. व्यवहान diffused.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Peculiar, not to be extended generally. न. च neg. व्यवहान to be extended.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) (In logic) A category of individual application, and influenced by place and time, as pain, pleasure, love, hatred, virtue, vice, &c. न. च neg. व्यवहान diffusive, general, and इति being.  
 अव्यवहानि m. (-तः) Absence of lassitude or fatigue. न. च neg. व्यवहान exhaustion.  
 अव्यवहानि n. (-तः) Not returning, not coming back, not circulating. न. च neg. व्यवहान returning, revolving.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Unresisted, unimpeded. 2. Not disappointed. न. च neg. व्यवहान baffled.

अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Undisputed. न. च neg. व्यवहान disputed.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Sound, unshorn, unscarred. न. च neg. व्यवहान a wound.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Not observing religious rites or obligations, uninitiated. न. च neg. व्यवहान a vow, &c.  
 अव्यवहानि r. 5th cl. (तः) अव्यवहानि 1. To pervade or occupy. 2. To heap or crowd. r. 9th cl. (व्यवहानि) To eat, to eat hungrily. With प्र prefixed, to begin to eat.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Unable, incompetent. न. च neg. व्यवहान able, strong.  
 अव्यवहानि f. (-तः) Weakness, inability. न. त्व added to the last; also with त्व, व्यवहानता.  
 अव्यवहानि f. (-तः) Inability, incapability, weakness, impotence. न. च neg. व्यवहान power.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Impossible, impracticable. 2. Not to be made. न. च neg. व्यवहान possible.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Fearless, undaunted. 2. Secure, certain. न. च neg. व्यवहान fear.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Certain, undoubted. 2. Fearless. न. च neg. व्यवहान alarmed.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Virtuous, good. न. च neg. व्यवहान wicked.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Friendly. म. (-तः) A name of the moon. न. च neg. and व्यवहान an enemy; who has.  
 अव्यवहानि m. (-तः) A plant, (Pentaptera tomentosa, Rox.) न. (-तः) 1. Food. 2. Eating: also व्यवहान. न. च व्यवहान to eat, व्यवहान aff.  
 अव्यवहानि f. (-तः) A plant: also व्यवहानता.  
 अव्यवहानि f. (-तः) Hunger. न. व्यवहान food, त्व affix, च and टाप् added, and the penultimate made long: wishing for food.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Hungry. न. As before, त्व affix added.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) INDRA's thunderbolt. न. व्यवहान to eat, त्व affix, त्व affix; what eats or consumes rocks, &c.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Bodiless, incorporeal. म. (-तः) A name of KAMA or love. न. च neg. व्यवहान body.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Incorporeal. न. च neg. व्यवहान embodied.  
 अव्यवहानि n. (-तः) Pain, affliction. mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Unhappy, afflicted. न. व्यवहान happiness, &c. with the priv. prefix.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Restless, anxious, unresigned. न. च neg. व्यवहान tranquil.  
 अव्यवहानि f. (-तः) Anxiety, restlessness. न. च neg. व्यवहान tranquillity. So व्यवहानता f. (-तः).  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Unappeasable, not to be pacified. न. च neg. व्यवहान to appease, त्व aff.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Not relating to or endowed with body. न. च neg. व्यवहान bodily.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Perishable, transient, temporary. न. च neg. व्यवहान eternal.  
 अव्यवहानि n. (-तः) Want of government, anarchy, disorder. न. च neg. व्यवहान governing.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Ungovernable: also व्यवहान. न. च neg. व्यवहान to be ruled, &c.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Ungoverned, undisciplined. न. च neg. व्यवहान governed.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Not conformable to sacred authority, heterodox, unscriptural. न. च neg. व्यवहान scripture.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Not conformable to sacred authority, heterodox, immoral, irreligious. न. च neg. व्यवहान scriptural.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Untaught, ignorant. न. च neg. व्यवहान taught.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Sated. 2. Satisfied. न. व्यवहान to eat, त्व aff.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Formerly grazed by cattle, (a field, &c.) न. व्यवहान eaten, and व्यवहान relating to cattle; also व्यवहानता.  
 अव्यवहानि m. (-तः) A chief. न. व्यवहान to pervade, त्व affix, त्व affix.  
 अव्यवहानि mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Firm, tight, hard. न. च neg. व्यवहान loose.



**वज्र** m. (-रः) 1. A name of the sun. 2. Fire. 3. A goblin or demon. f. (-रः) 4. The name of a goblin. m. (-रः) 5. A diamond. m. वज्र to cut, and वज्र-रः, वज्र-रः, &c.  
**वज्ररश्मि** f. (-रः-रः-रः) Headless. m. वज्र neg. विरश्मि the head.  
**वज्रस्नान** m. (-रः) Bathing the body with exception of the head. m. वज्र neg. विरश्मि the head, वज्र bathing.  
**वज्ररश्मि** m. (-रः-रः-रः) Unlucky, unfortunate. m. वज्र neg. विरश्मि propitious.  
**वज्रिणी** f. (-नी) A female demon or goblin.  
**वज्रिणीया** f. (-नी) See the following. m. वज्र added to वज्रिणी.  
**वज्रिणी** f. (-नी) A childless woman. m. वज्र priv. विरश्मि a child, and वज्रिणी fem. affix ; व becomes व.  
**वज्रिण** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Ill regulated, ill behaved, rude, barbarous, profligate. m. वज्र neg. विरश्मि regulated.  
**वज्रिणता** f. (-रः) Rudeness, &c. m. वज्र added to the last ; also with त्, वज्रिणत्.  
**वज्रिणकार** m. (-रः) Rudeness, profligacy. m. वज्रिण, and वज्रिण practice.  
**वज्री** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Warm, hot. m. वज्र not, वीर cold.  
**वज्रीकर** m. (-रः) The sun. m. वज्र neg. वीर cold, and कर a ray, and similar compounds, as वज्रीकरविनि, वज्रीकरविनि, &c.  
**वज्रीति** f. sing. always (-तिः) Eighty. du. (-ती) Two eighties. pl. (-तयः) Many eighties.  
**वज्रीविक** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Octagenarian, of eighty years of age, &c. m. वज्रीति and वज्र added.  
**वज्रीव** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Undecayed, unimpaired. m. वज्र neg. वीर decayed.  
**वज्रीव** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. Ill behaved, vulgar, offensive. 2. Indifferent. m. वज्र neg. वीर polite.  
**वज्रव** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Green, fresh, moist. m. वज्र neg. वृक्ष dry.  
**वज्रुषि** f. (-षिः) 1. Impurity. 2. Disgrace, degradation. mfn. (-षिः-षिः-षिः) Foul, impure. m. वज्र neg. शुचि purity.  
**वज्रुषित** n. (-षिः) Impurity. m. वज्र added to वज्रुषि ; also वज्रुषिता.  
**वज्रुष** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. Impure. 2. Inaccurate. 3. Unknown, unascertained. m. वज्र neg. शुद्ध pure.  
**वज्रुषावस** m. (-रः) A vagrant, a suspicious character. m. वज्रुष unknown, वज्र abode, वज्र added.  
**वज्रुषि** f. (-षिः) Impurity. mfn. (-षिः-षिः-षिः) Impure. m. वज्र neg. शुचि purity.  
**वज्रुष** m. (-षिः) 1. Sin. 2. Misfortune. mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Unlucky. m. वज्र priv. शुचि good.  
**वज्रुष** f. (-षिः) Inattention, neglect of service or respect, m. वज्र neg. वज्रुषा service.  
**वज्रुष** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Unripe. m. वज्र neg. and वज्र ripe.  
**वज्रुष** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. Entire, all, the whole. 2. Infinite, endless. m. वज्र neg. and वज्र remainder.  
**वज्रुष** ind. Entirely, wholly. m. वज्रिण whole, वज्रिण aff.  
**वज्री** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Cheerful, not sorrowful. m. (-रः) A tree commonly Asoka. (Jonesia Asoca.) n. (-रः) Quicksilver. f. (-रः) 1. A medicinal plant, see वज्रुषी. 2. One of the female domestic deities of the jātaka. m. वज्र neg. and वीर sorrow.  
**वज्रीरुषिणी** f. (-नी) A medicinal plant, see वज्रुषी. m. वज्रीव, and वज्रीरुषिणी the same.  
**वज्रीरुषि** m. (-रः) A tree, (Nandea Cadamba : ) see वज्रुष. m. वज्रीव, and वज्रीरुषि making the Asoka.  
**वज्रीव** m. (-रः) Content, tranquillity, the absence of care or vanity. m. वज्र priv. वीर sorrow.  
**वज्रीव** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Not to be sorrowed for. m. वज्र neg. वीर to be regretted, and वज्रीव and वज्रीव.  
**वज्रीव** m. (-रः) 1. Unbelieving. 2. Incredulous. m. वज्र neg. वीर believing.  
**वज्रीव** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Disgust, uncleaned. 3. Inaccurate, uncorrected. m. वज्र neg. वीर purified.

**वज्रीव** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Not to be dried up. m. वज्र neg. वीर to be dried up ; so वज्रीवरीव, &c.  
**वज्रीव** n. (-रः) 1. Foulness, impurity. 2. Legal impurity, contamination, defilement contracted by the death of a relation, the commission of prohibited acts, &c. m. वज्र neg. वीर purification.  
**वज्रीव** n. (-रः) 1. Impure or abandoned nature or disposition. 2. Defilement, contamination. m. वज्र added to वज्रीव.  
**वज्रीव** n. (-रः) Want of heroism, cowardice. m. वज्र neg. वीर valour.  
**वज्र** m. (-रः) 1. A mountain, a rock. 2. A cloud, (in the language of the Vedas : ) see वज्रुष.  
**वज्ररुष** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Who or what breaks with a stone. 2. Bruised or broken by stones. m. वज्र and रुष what bruises or breaks.  
**वज्ररुष** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Breaking or bruising any thing with a stone. m. वज्र and रुष who breaks.  
**वज्ररुष** m. (-रः) An emerald. m. वज्रुष a stone, and रुष the womb ; the primary stone.  
**वज्ररुष** n. (-रः) An emerald. m. वज्र and रुष before वज्र produced.  
**वज्ररुष** n. (-रः) 1. Red chalk. 2. Iron. m. वज्रुष a stone, &c. and वज्र produced.  
**वज्ररुष** n. (-रः) Bitumen. m. वज्र and वज्रुष lao.  
**वज्ररुष** m. (-रः) An axe or crow for breaking stones, &c. n. (-रः) Splitting stones or rocks. m. वज्रुष a stone, &c. वृ to split, वज्रुष aff.  
**वज्ररुष** m. (-रः) A stone or rock. m. वज्र to spread, &c. वज्रुष Una-di aff.  
**वज्ररुष** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. Unbounded, unlimited. 2. Inauspicious, unlucky. n. (-रः) 1. A fire-place. 2. Death. 3. A field, a plain. m. वज्रुष a stone, &c. and वज्र the end ; it is also written वज्रुष and वज्रुष.  
**वज्ररुष** n. (-रः) 1. A fire-place. 2. A shade for a lamp. 3. A species of oxalis. m. वज्र added to the preceding.  
**वज्ररुष** n. (-रः) Benzoin, (Styrax benzoin.) m. वज्रुष stone, and वज्र a flower : supposed to exude from rocks.  
**वज्ररुष** m. (-रः) A mortar of stone or iron. m. वज्रुष a stone, and वज्र the skull.  
**वज्ररुष** m. (-रः) The name of a plant, (Plectranthus scutellaroides, Rox.) m. वज्रुष a stone, and वज्र what breaks.  
**वज्ररुष** m. (-रः) See the preceding. m. As before, वज्रुष and वज्र.  
**वज्ररुष** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Made or consisting of stone, stony. n. (-रः) A mineral. m. वज्र and वज्रुष aff.  
**वज्ररुष** m. (-रः) An emerald. m. See वज्ररुष.  
**वज्ररुष** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Stony, rocky, appertaining to stone or rock. m. वज्रुष and र aff.  
**वज्ररुष** f. (-री) 1. Strangury. 2. Stone or gravel, (the disease.) m. वज्ररुष stony, and वज्र fem. aff.  
**वज्ररुष** m. (-रः) A tree, (Tapia grataeva.) m. वज्ररुष gravel, and वज्र what destroys ; a lithontriptic.  
**वज्ररुष** m. (-रः) A tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) m. See the last word, वज्र from वृ to carry away.  
**वज्ररुष** mn. (-रः-रः) Iron. m. वज्रुष a stone, and वज्र essence, &c. the hardest stone, &c.  
**वज्ररुष** m. (-रः) A plant, from the fibres of which the girdle of a Brahman may be made ; also वज्ररुष.  
**वज्ररुष** mn. (-रः-रः) Stone or gravel, (the disease.) m. वज्रुष a stone, रर aff.  
**वज्र** n. (-रः) 1. A tear. 2. Blood. m. वज्र to spread, &c. and र affix ; see वज्र and वज्र.  
**वज्र** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Unbelieving. f. (-रः) Unbelief. m. वज्र neg. वज्र faith.  
**वज्ररुष** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Unbelieving, incredulous, having no faith. m. वज्र neg. वज्र believing.  
**वज्ररुष** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Incredible, not to be believed. m. वज्र neg. and वज्र worthy of faith.  
**वज्र** m. (-रः) A fiend, a cannibal. m. वज्र blood, and वज्र who drinks.

चक्षुःश्रवणं न. (-च) Deafness, loss of hearing. ३. च neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं hearing.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) 1. Freshness, freedom from fatigue. 2. Lassitude, want of exertion. ३. च neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं fatigue.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) 1. Not performing exequial rites, not entitled to them, not belonging or relating to them. m. (-च) Non-performance of exequial rites. ३. च neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं funeral ceremony.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं adv. n. (-च) adj. mfn. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) 1. Eternal, continual. 2. Unwearied. ३. च neg. and चक्षुःश्रवणं wearied, part. past of चक्षुःश्रवणं.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं f. (-च) 1. The edge of a sword. 2. A corner, the angle of a room or house. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं to serve, चक्षुःश्रवणं prefixed, चक्षुःश्रवणं becomes चक्षुःश्रवणं; also चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) Unlucky, unpropitious. ३. च neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं fortune, and चक्षुःश्रवणं affix.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-चक्षुःश्रवणं-मत्) Inglorious, unfortunate. ३. च neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं fortunate.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) Unlucky, unprosperous. ३. च neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं prosperity, चक्षुःश्रवणं to have, affix चक्षुःश्रवणं.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं n. (-च) A tear. ३. च neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं to serve, चक्षुःश्रवणं Una'di affix; it is also written चक्षुःश्रवणं.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) 1. Unheard. 2. Not directed by or contrary to the Vedas. ३. च neg. and चक्षुःश्रवणं heard, &c.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं f. (-क्षु) Fistula lachrymalis. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं a channel.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) A flow of tears. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं, and चक्षुःश्रवणं fall.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-चक्षुःश्रवणं-यः) 1. Worthless, useless, unprofitable, bad. 2. Inferior, worse. ३. च neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं excellent.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) 1. Inferior, worse. 2. Bad, vile. ३. च neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं best.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) A Brahman who has not read the Vedas. ३. च neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं a learned Brahman.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) Worthless, undeserving of honour or praise. ३. च neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं to be praised.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) Undeserving of honour or praise, base, mean, worthless. ३. च neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं to be praised.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) Unlucky, unpropitious. ३. As चक्षुःश्रवणं, the चक्षुःश्रवणं being changed to चक्षुःश्रवणं.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) 1. Coarse, vulgar. 2. Abusive, blackguard. n. (-च) 1. Rustic language. 2. Untruth. ३. Low abuse. ३. च neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं elegant.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं f. (-च) 1. The ninth Nakshatra or lunar mansion, containing five stars. 2. Disunion, disjunction. ३. च neg. and चक्षुःश्रवणं union.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) A mane of Kṛtū or the dragon's head : see चक्षुःश्रवणं. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं the asterism, and चक्षुःश्रवणं born, born under the sign Aslesha; or चक्षुःश्रवणं disjunction, and चक्षुःश्रवणं produced; as Kṛtū was formed of the lower extremities which had been sundered by Viṣṇu from Rāhu.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) A name of Kṛtū. ३. As the preceding, चक्षुःश्रवणं to be born, with क्षिप् affix.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) 1. A horse. 2. A set or cast of men horse-like in strength. du. (-च) A horse and a mare. f. (-च) A mare. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं to pervade, चक्षुःश्रवणं Una'di affix, and चक्षुःश्रवणं fem. aff.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) Horse-like, acting like a horse, &c. m. (-च) 1. A bad horse, a hack. 2. A stray horse, one whose owner is not known. ३. Any horse. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं added in different senses.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं f. (-च) A plant, (Physalis ferox.)  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) A timber tree, commonly Sakwa or Sal (Shorea robusta.) ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं a horse, and चक्षुःश्रवणं an ear, the leaves being compared to the ears of a horse.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) The Sal-tree, (Shorea robusta.) ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं added to चक्षुःश्रवणं.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं f. (-च) The first Nakshatra or lunar mansion. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं a horse, चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं affixes : see चक्षुःश्रवणं.

चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) 1. A horse's hoof. 2. A perfume, apparently a shell-fish : see चक्षुःश्रवणं f. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) A plant, (Olivaria ternata.) ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं his hoof; which the perfume and leaves of the plant are supposed to resemble.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं f. (-च) A plant, (Physalis ferox.) ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं, and चक्षुःश्रवणं having the smell of a horse.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं n. (-च) A pair of horses. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं affix implying a pair, a brace, &c.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं n. (-च) A stable. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं, and चक्षुःश्रवणं abode, place.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) The name of a nation, more commonly named Hayagriva. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं a neck; horse-necked.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) Oleander, (Nerium odorum.) ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं what kills or hurts, from चक्षुःश्रवणं; horse-destroying.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) A farrier. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं who heals.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं f. (-च) Farriery. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं medical treatment.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) Swift, speedy. mf. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) A tribe. m. (-च) 1. One of the chiefs of the Nagas or serpent race, inhabiting the regions under the earth. 2. A Gandharba or celestial quiritier. ३. A male calf. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं from चक्षुःश्रवणं to pass, to go, affix चक्षुःश्रवणं; or चक्षुःश्रवणं diminutive aff.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) 1. The holy fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) 2. The fruit of the tree. ३. The time at which it bears. f. (-च) Day of fullmoon. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं neg. चक्षुःश्रवणं a future period, and चक्षुःश्रवणं from चक्षुःश्रवणं to remain; of less duration than the Vata or Indian fig; there are several other etymologies.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं mfn. (-च-क्षु-श्रवणं) To be given, to be done, &c. when the Asvattha tree bears. n. (-च) The petals of the Arabian jasmine. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं affix.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) The name of a saint and warrior, the son of Draona. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं, चक्षुःश्रवणं to stand or stay, and चक्षुःश्रवणं affix; the story is that at his birth he made a noise like a horse; also with a final vowel चक्षुःश्रवणं.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं f. (-च) A plant, (Tribulus lanuginosus.)  
चक्षुःश्रवणं n. (-च) 1. Death. 2. Termination, limit. ३. A fire-place. 4. A field. 5. Unlucky, inauspicious. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं vital air, चक्षुःश्रवणं end; also चक्षुःश्रवणं.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) A groom. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं, and चक्षुःश्रवणं who takes care of.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) A kind of reed, (Saccharum spontaneum.) 2. Horse hair. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं a tail.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं f. (-च) Lightning.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं f. (-च) The natural enmity of a horse and a buffalo. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं a buffalo, चक्षुःश्रवणं affix of enmity.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) Oleander, (Nerium odorum.) ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं what kills the plant is conceived to be deleterious to the horse.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) See the preceding.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) A kind of serpent.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) A Kinnara or celestial quiritier. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं a face this kind of demigod being represented with a horse's head.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) The actual or emblematic sacrifice of a horse. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं as चक्षुःश्रवणं sacrifice; this sacrifice is one of the highest order, and performed a hundred times, entitles the sacrificer to the dominion of Svarga or paradise; it appears to have been originally typical; the horse and other animals being simply bound during the performance of certain ceremonies; the actual sacrifice is an introduction of later period. See As. R. Vol. viii. p. 442, Compendium on the Veda.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) A horse fit for the sacrifice called Asvamedha.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं as above, चक्षुःश्रवणं added, and चक्षुःश्रवणं inserted.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) A horse fit for an Asvamedha. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं and चक्षुःश्रवणं.  
चक्षुःश्रवणं f. (-च) The first lunar mansion see चक्षुःश्रवणं m. (-च) The first lunar mansion, (Sept.-Oct.) See चक्षुःश्रवणं. ३. चक्षुःश्रवणं, चक्षुःश्रवणं affix क्षिप्; also with चक्षुःश्रवणं added in the last sense.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) The keeper or rider of a horse. म. चक्र and चक्र who pre-  
sides over.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A kind of snake. म. चक्र and चक्र spittle, whose foam is  
like that of a horse.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) 1. A kind of snake. 2. Horse-hair. म. चक्र and चीन  
hair.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A character of Svarṇa, a Kinnara or Gand'harba. म. चक्र  
and चक्र face, horse-faced : these demigods being so represented.

चक्रवर्त्तु न. (-च.) A stud of horses and mares. म. du. or plu. only (-ची-वा.)  
1. A horse and a mare. 2. Horses and mares. म. चक्र and चक्रा a mare.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A horseman. म. चक्र and चक्र what bears ; whom a horse  
carries.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A horseman. म. चक्र and चक्र to nourish, चक्र aff.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) The Gayal, a sort of ox, (Bos gayensis.) म. चक्र, उ to  
skreen or hide, in the causal form, चक्र aff.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) 1. A name of NALA, a king and hero of several poems.  
2. A jockey. म. चक्र and चक्र who knows.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A farrier, a horse-doctor. म. चक्र and चक्र physician.

चक्रवर्त्तु f. (-च.) 1. A stable. 2. A riding house. म. चक्र and चक्रा a hall.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A foal, a colt. म. चक्र and चक्र young.

चक्रवर्त्तु f. (-च.) The natural enmity between a horse and a jackall.  
म. चक्र and चक्रा a jackall, affix चुन् implying hostility.

चक्रवर्त्तु न. (-च.) A set of six horses. म. चक्र and चक्रवर्त्तु a set of six.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A horseman, a rider, a horse-soldier. म. चक्र and  
चक्रिन् who goes.

चक्रवर्त्तु न. (-च.) Management of horses and cars, coachmanship, cha-  
rioteership. म. चक्र and चक्रिन् a driver, चक्र aff.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A proper name, a king.

चक्रवर्त्तु न. (-च.) A king and saint ; also SANATKUMARA. म. चक्रवर्त्तु  
a proper name, चक्र a king, and चक्रन a son : the son of the king ASWA-  
SENA.

चक्रवर्त्तु mfn. (-च-ची-न) Of to-day, not of or for to-morrow. म. च neg.  
चक्र to-morrow, चक्र aff.

चक्रवर्त्तु mfn. (-च-ची-न) Not of or for to-morrow. म. चक्रवर्त्तु and चक्र aff.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A horse-stealer. म. चक्र and चक्र who takes away.

चक्रवर्त्तु न. (-च.) Horsemanship. म. चक्र and चक्र heart, affection.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A buffalo. म. चक्र and चक्र an enemy.

चक्रवर्त्तु mfn. (-च-डा-ड) Mounted, set on horse-back. म. चक्र and चक्र  
mounted.

चक्रवर्त्तु mfn. (-च-वा-च) Riding or carried on a horse. म. (-च.) A horse-  
man. f. (-च.) A plant ; also Aswagand'ha, (Physalis flexuosa.) म. चक्र  
and चक्रिन् what mounts.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A plant, (Physalis flexuosa.) म. चक्र, चक्र on, चक्र. चक्रिन्  
what grows ; growing to the length of a horse.

चक्रवर्त्तु mfn. (-च-चि-चि-चि) Mounted or riding on horse-back. म. चक्र and  
चक्रिन् what mounts.

चक्रवर्त्तु mfn. (-च-ची-च) Drawn by horses, carried by horses, &c. म. चक्र  
and चक्र aff.

चक्रवर्त्तु m. du. (-च.) The twin sons of ASWINI by SURYA, and physicians  
of Svarṇa. म. चक्रिन् and चक्र affix, the fem. termination is dropped.

चक्रिन् f. (-च.) 1. The first of the twenty-eight Nakshatras or constella-  
tions in the moon's path, hence considered its mansions. 2. In my-  
thology, a nymph, the asterism personified. 3. The wife of SURYA,  
who assumed herself in the form of a mare, म. चक्र a horse, चक्र and  
चक्रिन् the symbol of the Nakshatra is a horse's head, figured  
by these stars in the head of ASURA.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) The twin sons of SURYA the sun, by his wife  
SURYA transformed to a mare ; they are endowed with perpetual  
youth and beauty, and are the physicians of the gods. म. चक्रिन् the  
wife of SURYA, and चक्रा a youth.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. du. (-च.) The Aswins : see the last. म. चक्रिन् and चक्र a son.

चक्रवर्त्तु m. du. (-च.) The twin sons of ASWINI by SURYA. म. चक्रिन्  
and चक्र a son.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च) The heaven or station of the Aswins, to which the  
gayer of a horse is raised. म. चक्रिन् and चक्रिन् interview.

चक्रिन् mfn. (-च-ना-न) Distant a day's journey for a horse, more usually  
चक्रिन्.

चक्रिन् mfn. (-च-वा-च) Belonging or relating to a horse. म. (-च) A number  
of horses. म. चक्र and चक्र aff.

चक्रिन् mfn. (-च-ची-च) Broad-chested. म. चक्र and चक्र the breast, चक्र aff.

चक्र r. 1st cl. (चक्रिन्-चि) 1. To go or move. 2. To take or receive. 3. To  
shine : see चक्र.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A secret. म. च neg. चक्र छिन्, चक्रिन् in eye, and चक्र affix ;  
what is not seen by six eyes, that is known or determined by two  
persons to the exclusion of a third.

चक्रवर्त्तु mfn. (-च-डा-ड) Produced or occurring in the month A'sha'd'ha. म.  
(-च.) 1. The month A'sha'd'ha, commencing with the sun's entrance  
into Gemini, (June-July.) 2. A student's staff. f. (-च.) A name com-  
mon to the twentieth and twenty-first lunar mansion : see चक्रावाडा  
and चक्रावाडा. म. See चक्रावाडा, the initial being made short.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) The month A'sha'd'ha ; also चक्रावाडा.

चक्रवर्त्तु mfn. (-च-वा-च) 1. Eight. 2. Eighth. न. (-च) The eight sections  
of PA'INI's Grammar. म. (-च.) 1. The formulae of the Rig Vēda  
as collected into eight portions, thence called Ashtakas. 2. One  
acquainted with PA'INI's rules or the formulae of the Veda. म. चक्र  
added to चक्र.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A name of BRAHMA. म. चक्र eight, and चक्र an ear ; eight-  
eared, being four-headed.

चक्रवर्त्तु f. (-च.) 1. Worship of the manes or progenitors performed on  
certain days. 2. The eighth day of three months on which the  
progenitors are worshipped. म. चक्र to eat, and चक्र affix ; vegetables,  
flesh, and cake, being severally offered upon these occasions, and  
the Brahmins feasted ; in this sense it is also चक्रिन्.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) A kind of board or cloth for playing with dice on. म.  
चक्र eight, and चक्र body, having eight divisions.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च.) An octagon. म. चक्र and चक्र angle.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-च or -न) 1. A fabulous animal supposed to have eight legs :  
see चक्र. 2. A spider.

चक्रवर्त्तु न. (-च) A flock of eight cows. म. चक्र and चक्र kine.

चक्रवर्त्तु mfn. (-च-वा-च) Eight fold. म. चक्र eight, चक्र number.

चक्रवर्त्तु m. plu. (-च.) The regents of the cardinal points, as INDRA of  
the East ; VAHNI of the S. E. ; YAMA of the South ; NAIMH of  
the S. W. ; VARUNA of the West ; MANU of the N. W. ; KṛṣṇA  
of the North ; and ISA of the N. E. म. चक्रिन् the eight points, and  
चक्र who protects.

चक्रवर्त्तु f. (-चिन्) The eight cardinal points of the compass collectively.  
म. चक्र eight, चक्र quarter.

चक्रवर्त्तु ind. Eight fold, eight times. म. चक्र eight, चक्र aff.

चक्रवर्त्तु न. (-च) The eight metals collectively, as gold, silver, copper, tin,  
lead, brass, iron and steel. म. चक्र and चक्र a mineral.

चक्रवर्त्तु mfn. plu. only (चक्र or चक्रिन्) Eight. म. चक्र to pervade, चक्रिन्  
Una'di affix, and चक्र inserted.

चक्रवर्त्तु म. (-वा or -वा) 1. A spider. 2. A fabulous animal with eight  
legs : see चक्र. म. (-च.) A kind of spider with a small body and  
long legs. म. चक्र eight, and चक्र a foot.

चक्रिन् f. (-चि) A metre consisting of four lines, and having sixteen syl-  
lables in each ; there are nine species of it. म. चक्र eight, चक्र fem. aff.

चक्रवर्त्तु mfn. (-च-ची-च) Eight. 1. (-चि) 1. The eighth day of the fortnight.  
2. A medicinal plant : see चक्रवर्त्तु, the list of a class of eight  
medicinal plants : see चक्रवर्त्तु. म. चक्र with चक्र affix and चक्र augment.

चटवर्ण म. (-वः) A horse with a white face, tail, mane, breast, and hoofs. n. (-वः) A collection of eight lucky things to be assembled on certain occasions, as at a coronation, &c. as a lion, a bull, an elephant, a water-jar, a fan, a flag, a trumpet, and a lamp; or a Brahman, a cow, fire, gold, ghee, the sun, water, and a king. n. चट eight, and चटवर्ण suspicious.

चटनीय म. (-यः) An eighth. n. चटन and चट a part.

चटनान n. (-नः) A measure, one Kṛava. n. चट eight, and नान measure.

चटमिता f. (-ता) A weight of four tolas. n. चटन eighth, चट added, fem. form.

चटनीय म. (-नीः) A name of Śiva. n. चट eight, and नीय form: evident in the earth, water, &c.

चटनीयम m. (-यः) A name of Śiva. n. चटनीय an assemblage of eight forms, and चट who has, being identical with the five elements and with the mind, individuality and crude matter.

चटनीय न. (-यः) A class of eight metals, gold, silver, copper, tin, lead, and iron of three sorts, including steel. n. चट eight, चटनीय metal.

चटनीय म. (-नीः) A class of eight principal medicaments, they are mostly the roots of plants from the hills, which have not been determined, and are named: Rishabha, Jivaka, Meda, Mahameda, Riddhi, Vridhhi, Ka'koli, and Kshiraka'koli. n. चट eight, and नीय a class.

चटविच mfn. (-वः-च-वः) Eightfold, of eight kinds. n. चट eight, and विच sort.

चटवर्ण म. (-वः) A name of BRAHMA. n. चट and वर्ण an ear; eight-eared.

चटवर्ण मfn. (-वः-वर्ण-वः) Prepared in eight pans. m. (-वः) 1. A sacrifice in which ghee, is offered in eight vessels. n. चट and वर्ण the convexity of a jar.

चटवर्ण न. (-वः) A car or wain, one drawn by eight oxen. n. चट and वर्ण a cow, चट aff.

चटवर्ण न. (-वः) 1. Eight parts of the body, the hands, breast, forehead, eyes, throat and middle of the back; or four first, with the knees and feet; or these six, with the words and mind. 2. Any whole consisting of eight parts or members. 3. The eight parts of a court, or the law, the judge, assessors, scribe and astrologer, gold, fire and water. 4. A die, dice. n. चट eight, and वर्ण a limb.

चटवर्ण म. (-वः) See the above. n. चटवर्ण and वर्ण taking.

चटवर्ण म. (-वः) Prostration as in reverence. n. चटवर्ण eight members, and वर्ण falling, touching the ground with the hands, knees, and feet, forehead and breast.

चटवर्ण म. (-वः) Profound reverence, prostration with the hands, feet, thighs, breast, eyes, head, words and mind. n. चटवर्ण and वर्ण bowing.

चटवर्ण म. (-वः) An offering of eight articles, water, milk, Kusa grass, curds, ghee, rice, barley and mustard; or honey, red cleander flowers, and sandal, are substituted for the three last. n. चट eight, वर्ण member, चटवर्ण offering.

चटवर्ण mfn. plu. only (-वः) Eighteen. n. चट eight, and वर्ण ten.

चटवर्ण m. (-वः-वः) 1. A kind of checkered cloth or board for drafts, dice, &c. 2. Gold. m. (-वः) 1. A spider. 2. A fabulous animal with eight legs, the Sarabha. 3. The mountain Kailasa or abode of KURVA. 4. A worm. 5. A pin or bolt. f. (-वः) A wild sort of jasmīn. n. चट eight, and वर्ण a quarter, place, foot, &c. च being made long.

चटवर्ण न. (-वः) Gold-leaf, a sheet of gold. n. चटवर्ण and वर्ण a leaf.

चटवर्ण mfn. (-वः-वर्ण-वः) Quartered by eight, having eight for the first. n. चटवर्ण and वर्ण a quarter.

चटवर्ण म. (-वर्णः) A Jaina saint and ruler. n. चट, वर्ण a period, and वर्ण a ruler; such for eight Arsa.

चटवर्ण n. (-वः) An octagon. n. चट and वर्ण angle.

चटवर्ण mfn. (-वः-वर्ण-वः) Octagonal.

चटि f. (-तिः) A kernel, a stone. n. चटि neg. चटि not a kernel.

चटि f. (-तिः) 1. A round pebble or stone. 2. A stone or pebble below the navel, produced by wind. 3. Chastity. n. चटि a stone, चटि a pebble (to resemble), चटि aff.

चटि m. (-वर्ण-वर्ण) The knee. n. चटि a bone, and वर्ण knee.

चटि m. (-वर्ण-वर्ण) A pebble. n. चटि added to the last, fem. form.

चटि m. (-वर्ण-वर्ण) Absence of check or restraint, specially of the senses. n. चटि neg. चटि restraint.

चटि m. (-वर्ण-वर्ण) Absence of union or connection. n. चटि neg. चटि connection.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) Disjoined, detached, separate. n. चटि neg. चटि with चटि connected.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) 1. Ignorant, unwise. 2. Not promising or contracting. n. चटि neg. चटि before चटि to know, चटि aff.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) Uncovered, exposed. n. चटि neg. चटि covered.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) Free from doubt, certain. n. adv. (-वर्ण-वर्ण) Certainly, verily. n. चटि neg. चटि doubt.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) Out of hearing. n. चटि neg. चटि with चटि hearing.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) Indifferent to, not attached to. n. चटि neg. चटि with चटि attached.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) 1. Unmixed with. 2. Separate, not living in common. n. चटि neg. चटि united.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) 1. Not perfect, unpolished, rude, common. 2. Uninitiated, not having gone through the proper rites of caste, state, sex or age. n. चटि neg. चटि perfect.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) 1. Unknown, unacquainted, not known as acquaintances. 2. Not friends. n. चटि neg. चटि known.

चटि n. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) 1. Want, destitution. 2. Disorder, confusion. n. चटि neg. चटि station.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) 1. Disordered, irregular, not arranged or arrayed. 2. Not collected or assembled. 3. Destitute. n. चटि neg. चटि placed together.

चटि f. (-तिः) See चटि. n. As before, चटि stay.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) Scattered, loose, straggling, uncomposited. m. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) A form of array, loose or open order of troops. n. चटि neg. चटि compact.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) Irresistible. n. चटि neg. चटि to be repelled.

चटि (च) r. 1st. cl. (चटि-च) 1. To go or move. 2. To take or receive. 3. To shine. (च) r. 2d. cl. (चटि) To be. (च, च, च) r. 4th. cl. (चटि-च) To throw or direct. With चटि prefixed, to sit down; with चटि, to quit or abandon; with चटि, to deposit; with चटि, to expel; with चटि and चटि, to sit around; with चटि, to throw away, to reject, to separate; with चटि, to divide; with चटि and चटि, to class, to arrange; with चटि and चटि, to abandon the world; with चटि, to collect, to combine or compound.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) Part, not all, separate. n. चटि neg. चटि all.

चटि ind. Repeatedly, again and again. n. चटि neg. चटि once.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) Repeated birth. n. चटि repeatedly, चटि the womb, चटि abode.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) 1. Detached, disjoined. 2. Not interested in, indifferent to, unattached to. 3. Detached from worldly feelings and passions. n. चटि neg. चटi attached.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) Without thighs. n. चटि neg. चटि thighs, चटि thighs, चटि thighs.

चटि m. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) An enemy, an adversary. n. चटि neg. चटि friend.

चटि mfn. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) A different kind. n. चटि neg. चटi same.

चटि m. (-वर्ण-वर्ण-वर्ण) A different kind. n. चटि neg. चटi same.



**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-दी-विनी-यि) Accidental, not inherent and inseparable. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित intimate union, **यदि affix.**  
**असमर्थ mfn.** (-दी-या-य) 1. Unable, incompetent. 2. Feeble, weak. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित able.  
**असमर्पण n.** (-य) Non-delivery, not committing or intrusting any thing to another. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित delivering.  
**असमर्पित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Unconsigned, unintrusted, undelivered. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित delivered.  
**असमस्त mfn.** (-सः-सा-स) 1. Separate, several, uncollected, uncompounded. 2. Incomplete, imperfect. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित assembled.  
**असमान mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) 1. Different. 2. Unlike. 3. Unequal. **z. च neg.** समान same.  
**असमाप्त mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Unfinished, unaccomplished. **z. च neg.** समाप्त completed, simple.  
**असमाप्त mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Unfinished, incomplete. **z. च neg.** समाप्त finished.  
**असमाप्ति f.** (-तिः) Incompleteness. **z. च neg.** समाप्ति completion  
**असमाप्तक m.** (-कः) A religious student, whose studies are not completed. **z. च neg.** समाप्तक who completes his course.  
**असमाहार m.** (-रः) 1. Non-recovery of any thing. 2. Disjunction, disconnection. **z. च neg.** सम् and चार् before ह् to take, affix च्.  
**असमाहार्य mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Irrecoverable. 2. Not to be combined or united. **z. च neg.** सम् and चार् before ह् to take, **यत् aff.**  
**असमीक्ष्य ind.** Not having considered. **z. च neg.** समीक्ष्य having seen.  
**असमीक्ष्यकारिन् mfn.** (-री-रिची-रि) Acting inconsiderately. **z. च समीक्ष्य** and कारिन् who acts.  
**असमीचीन mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) Improper, incorrect. **z. च neg.** समीचीन proper, right.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-दिः-दि-दि) Unfortunate. **f. (-दिः) Non-increase.** **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित increase.  
**असम्बन्धित f.** (-दिः) 1. Ill luck, non-increase. 2. Non-accomplishment, failure. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित prosperity.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Uneffected, unaccomplished. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित effected.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Destitute of connexion or relation. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित connexion.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Unconnected with, not belonging to. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित related to.  
**असम्पूर्ण mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Incomplete, not entire. **z. च neg.** सम्पूर्ण complete.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Unconnected, unmeaning, incoherent, (dis-course, &c.) 2. Improper, wrong. **z. च neg.** सम् with, and च् to bind, affix of the part. past.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Unconnected, not relating or belonging to. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित connexion.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Open, accessible. **f. (यः) A species of the Sackari metre.** **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित contracted.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Improbable, unlikely, inconsistent. 2. Non-existent. **nf. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Any extraordinary event. 2. Non-existence.** **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित production.  
**असम्बन्धित f.** (-ता) Difficulty or impossibility of conceiving or comprehending. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित conception.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Inconceivable, incomprehensible. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित conceivable.  
**असम्पूर्ण mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Unproduced. **z. च neg.** सम्पूर्ण born.  
**असम्बन्धित m.** (-नः) Non-enjoyment, not using or enjoying. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित enjoyment.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) Cool, composed. **m. (-नः) Calmness, steadiness.** **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित flurry.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Dissentient, differing from. 2. Averse, contrary. **z. च neg.** सम् with, **यत् mind.**  
**असम्बन्धित f.** (-तिः) 1. Dissent, difference of opinion. 2. Dislike, aversion. **z. च neg.** सम् with, **यत् mind.**

**असम्बन्धित m.** (-यः) Disrespect, disrespect. **z. च neg.** सम् with, **यत् respect.**  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Clear-seeing, judging well, cool, calm. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित beguiled.  
**असम्बन्धित m.** (-यः) Steadiness, calmness, composure. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित in-  
 cination.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-रि-रिची-रि) 1. Inexpert, incompetent. 2. Ill-conduct-  
 ed, profligate. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित properly, कारिन् who does any thing.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Improper, incorrect. 2. Imperfect, incomplete. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित right.  
**असम्बन्धित m.** (-यः) The name of a medicinal plant, vulg. Kukursanga, (Conyza lacera.) **z. च्** to reject or be rejected, **यत् affix;** throw away from its bad smell.  
**असम्बन्धित n.** (-यः) 1. Iron. 2. Arms. 3. A mantra. **z. च्** to be, **यत् aff.**  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Of a different caste. 2. Of a different colour. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित of one caste, &c.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Impatient, intolerant, not enduring. **z. च neg.** सम् who bears.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) Unable to endure. **m. (-नः) An enemy. n. (-नः) In-**  
 tolerance, impatience. **z. च neg.** सम् to bear, **यत् aff.**  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Unbearable, insufferable. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित to be borne; also असम्बन्धित and असम्बन्धित.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) Impatient, not bearing, not enduring. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित bearing.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Lonely, solitary, friendless. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित an associate.  
**असम्बन्धित f.** (-ता) 1. Loneliness, solitude, the life of a hermit. 2. Friend-  
 lessness, being without a friend or patron. **z. च्** सम्बन्धित and तत् affix; also असम्बन्धित.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Unassociated, unaccompanied. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित accompanied.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Impatient, unenduring. **z. च neg.** and सम्बन्धित bearing.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Intolerable, unbearable. **z. च neg.** सम् to be borne.  
**असम्बन्धित ind.** 1. Invisible, imperceptible. 2. Not present. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित before one's eyes.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) Unattested, unwitnessed. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित a witness, **यत् aff.**  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-दी-विनी-यि) Incompetent as evidence. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित a witness.  
**असम्बन्धित m.** (-तः) Want of evidence, sufficient evidence. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित testi-  
 mony.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Unwholesome, disagreeing with, (as food, &c.) **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित suitable.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) Without means. **n. (-नः) 1. Non-accomplishment.**  
 2. Not proving or establishing. **z. च neg.** and सम्बन्धित implement or means.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Unaccomplishable, not to be effected or com-  
 pleted. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित to be effected; also असम्बन्धित.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Special, specific, not common. **n. (-यः) 1.**  
 Speciality, species. 2. Special property. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित common.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Unaccomplished. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित accomplished.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Wicked, bad. **1. (-तः) An unchaste wife. z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित virtuous.  
**असम्बन्धित f.** (-ता) Wickedness. **z. च्** सम्बन्धित and तत् affix; of which सम्बन्धित is the  
 basis.  
**असम्बन्धित f.** (-यः) An unchaste woman. **z. च्** सम्बन्धित impurity, and तत् affix; of which सम्बन्धित is the  
 basis.  
**असम्बन्धित mfn.** (-यः-या-य) 1. Not to be effected, not proper. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित to be  
 accomplished. 2. Unfortunate, irreparable. 3. Not to be done. **z. च neg.** सम्बन्धित to be done.



असह्य m. (-यः) Fine, delicate, but with interestless. n. व प्रिव. and

असह्य m. (-यः) Unreasonable. n. व neg. उक्त time, उक्त aff.  
असह्य m. (-यः) Peculiar, not common. n. (-यः) Peculiar or  
special property. n. व neg. साधारण common.

असह्य ind. Unfitly, improperly, inopportune. n. व प्रिव. and साधारण  
aff. &c.

असह्य n. (-यः) 1. Difference, dissimilarity. 2. Unsuitableness, (in medicine  
or diet.) Unwholesomeness. 3. Disagreeableness. n. व neg. साधारण  
sameness.

असह्य mfn. (-यः-रा-र) 1. Sapless, pithless. 2. Vein, unprofitable. 3. Weak,  
feeble. n. (-र) The castor oil tree. n. व प्रिव. and सार juice, sap, &c.

असह्य mfn. (-यः-वा-व) Careless, inadvertent. n. व neg. साधारण care-  
ful.

असह्यता f. (-ता) Carelessness. n. तत् added to the last, or with त,  
असह्यताम्.

असह्य n. (-यः) Gentleness, absence of violence. n. व neg. साधारण violence.

असह्य mfn. (-यः-धी-ध) Gentle, peaceable, not violent. n. व neg.  
साधारण violent.

असह्य n. (-यः) Want of assistance or co-operation. n. व neg. साधारण  
alliance, friendship.

असि m. (-सिः) A sword, a scymitar. n. असि to cast, and असि Una'di aff.

असि n. (-सि) The part of the face between the under-lip and the chin.  
n. असि to throw, to shine, &c. and असि aff.

असिका f. (-सि) A woman servant : see असिका.

असिका f. (-सि) 1. A girl attending upon the inner or women's apart-  
ments. 2. A river. n. व neg. and असि white, because her hair is not  
whitened by age : असि is substituted for असि, and the affix is असि.

असिका m. (-सिः) A small pillow.

असित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Black or dark blue. m. (-तः) 1. Black, (the colour).  
2. A name of the planet Saturn. 3. The dark fortnight of a lunar  
month. f. (-ता) 1. The indigo-plant. n. व neg. and असि white.

असिताश्वमेध m. (-रः) A Jaina or Budd'ha saint. n. असित black, असि a  
cloud, and श्वमेध a crest : cloud-crested.

असिताश्वमेध n. (-रः) The blue lotus. n. असित black or dark blue, and  
अश्वमेध a lotus.

असिताश्वमेध m. (-रः) A name of VAHNI or fire. n. असित dark, smoky,  
असि a ray of light.

असिताश्वमेध n. (-रः) 1. The lapis lazuli. 2. Any black or dark blue stone.  
n. असित black, and असि a stone.

असिताश्वमेध n. (-रः) The blue lotus. n. असित and असि lotus.

असिताश्वमेध n. (-रः) The lapis lazuli. n. असित blue, असि stone.

असिदं, m. (-यः) A marine monster, the Makara, considered as the  
emblem of KAMADHYA. n. असि and दं, a tooth : sword-toothed.

असिदं m. (-यः) See the preceding. n. As before, असि added.

असिदं m. (-यः) A crocodile : see असिदं.

असिदं f. (-रः) The edge of a sword. n. असि and असि edge.

असि mfn. (-यः-वा-व) 1. Unripe. 2. Imperfect, incomplete. 3. Unaccom-  
plished, unachieved. 4. Unproven. n. व neg. and असि perfect.

असि f. (-रि) 1. Failure, imperfect or incomplete accomplishment. 2.  
(In logic.) Mode of proof, conclusion not warranted by the premises.  
n. व neg. असि completion.

असिदं, m. (-यः) A furbisher, a sword, or tool cleanser, असि  
असि and असि who polishes ; to असि clean, असि aff.

असिदं, m. (-यः) From the preceding ; असि added to the above.

असिदं f. (-रि) A knife. n. असि and असि bow ; the sword-like bow.

असिदं f. (-रि) See the preceding ; असि As before.

असिदं m. (-यः) 1. The sugar-cane. 2. A hell paved with swords, n. (-यः)  
2. A sharp, or sharp-edged. 2. The blade of a sword, असि असि and असि a  
leaf ; sharp as a sword, or enclosing it.

असिदं m. (-यः) The sugar-cane. n. As the preceding.

असिदं n. (-यः) A hell where the trees have leaves as sharp as swords.  
n. असि and असि a leaf, असि a wood.

असिदं m. (-यः) The gangetic porpoise, (Dolphin gangeticus, Rox.)  
n. असि, असि a tail, and असि affix ; sword-tailed.

असिदं f. (-रि) A knife. n. असि and असि a daughter, an infant  
sword ; from its smallness.

असिदं f. (-रि) A knife. n. See the preceding.

असिदं m. (-यः) A fetid Mimosa : see असिदं. n. असि and असि marrow,  
essence ; the plant being described with many thorns, and a decoo-  
tion of it being emollient.

असिदं m. (-यः) A swordsman or soldier armed with a sword, असि  
असि a weapon.

असि m. pl. always, (असिः) The five vital breaths or airs of the body. n.  
(-सि) 1. Reflexion, thought, or the heart as the seat of it. 2. Afflic-  
tion. n. असि to be, &c. and असि Una'di aff.

असि mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Difficult, arduous. n. व neg. असि easy.

असि m. (-यः) See असि.

असि n. (-यः) Sorrow, pain, affliction, &c. n. व neg. and असि pleasure  
असि mfn. (-यः-वा-व) Producing unhappiness. n. असि and असि what  
bears.

असि mfn. (-यः-सि-सि) Unhappy, sorrowful, afflicted n. असि and  
असि aff.

असि mfn. (-यः-या-य) Causing or ending in unhappiness. n. असि and  
असि rising.

असि mfn. (-यः-वा-व) Productive of or ending in unhappiness. n.  
असि and असि subsequent.

असि mfn. (-यः-ता-त) 1. Difficult of attainment or accomplishment,  
hard, unattainable. 2. Difficult to be understood. n. व neg. असि easily  
असि going.

असि mfn. (-यः-ता-त) Childless. n. व neg. असि a son, &c.

असि m. (-यः) Life, existence. n. असि vital air, and असि possession.

असि mfn. (-यः-ता-त) Disagreeable, unpleasant, offensive. n. व neg.  
असि agreeable.

असि mfn. (-यः-रा-र) 1. Plain, ugly. 2. Improper, unbecoming. n. व  
neg. असि handsome.

असि mfn. (-यः) Living, alive. n. असि and असि possessing.

असि mfn. (-यः-ता-त) Living, breathing. m. (-यः) Life, the prin-  
ciple of vitality, the portion of spirit connected with the attributes  
of existence. n. असि vital air, असि poss. aff.

असि m. (-यः-रा) An Asura or demon : the Asuras are children of Diti  
by KASYAPA ; they are demons of the first order, and in perpetual  
hostility with the gods. m. (-रः) The sun. 1. (-रः) 1. Night. 2. A  
zodiacal sign. 3. A prostitute. f. (-रि) 1. Black mustard, (Sinapis  
ramosa.) 2. The wife of an Asura. n. व neg. and असि a deity ; or असि  
to send, to cast, &c. and असि Una'di affix, टाप् and असि for the  
fem or व neg. and असि spirituous liquor, personified as a dam-  
sel produced at the churning of the ocean, who was rejected by the  
demons and received by the gods.

असि mfn. (-यः-वा-व) Perishable, volatile, transitory. n. व neg. असि easy  
असि preservation.

असि mfn. (-यः-ता-त) Difficult of retention or preservation. n. व  
neg. असि easily, असि to be kept.

असि m. (-यः-रा) A name of YAMAR. n. असि and असि an enemy, the foe  
of the Asuras.

असि f. (-रि) A sort of basil, (Ocimum pilosum.)

असि n. (-यः) Bell metal. n. असि and असि a name ; named after an  
Asura ; struck at seasons of worship, and deterring his approach.

असि m. (-यः) See असि.

असि mfn. (-यः-ता-त) Difficult of attainment. n. व neg. असि easily got.

पुत्रपुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-पुत्र) Dearly beloved. m. (-नः) 1. A husband. 2. A lover. n. पुत्र life, पुत्र equal to.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Unwell, uncomfortable. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र well.

पुत्रक m. (-नः) An enemy. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र a friend.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Calumnious, scandalous, detracting, depreciating. n. पुत्र to calumniate, पुत्र aff.

पुत्रक n. (-नः) Disrespect. n. पुत्र implying modification, पुत्र to disrespect, affix पुत्र, the र is rejected; it is also written पुत्रक and पुत्रक.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Large, thick, gross. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र fine.

पुत्रक f. (-नः) 1. Non-production, obstruction, removal. 2. Barrenness. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र bringing forth.

पुत्रक n. (-नः) Calumny, detraction. n. पुत्र to detract from, पुत्र aff.

पुत्रक f. (-नः) 1. Calumny, detraction. 2. The wife of the sage Arsi. n. पुत्र to detract from, a nominal root, and पुत्र aff.

पुत्रक m. (-नः) Calumny. n. पुत्र to calumniate, पुत्र aff.

पुत्रक n. (-नः) Disrespect. n. See पुत्रक; it is also written पुत्रक.

पुत्रक f. (-नः) The wife of a king or a great man. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र the sun, and पुत्र who sees; who never sees the sun being shut up in the Zenana.

पुत्रक m. (-नः) The juice or essence of the body; lymph, serum, &c. n. पुत्र blood, and पुत्र what makes.

पुत्रक m. (-नः-पुत्र-क) A Rakshasa, an imp or goblin of malicious propensities. n. पुत्र blood, and पुत्र who drinks: these demons eat flesh, human or animal.

पुत्रक m. (-नः) Drops of blood, as from a wound. n. पुत्र and पुत्र falling.

पुत्रक m. (-नः) Bleeding, letting blood. n. पुत्र and पुत्र causing to flow.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Bleeding, who or what takes away blood. n. पुत्र and पुत्र what causes to flow.

पुत्रक f. (-नः) Irregular or excessive menstruation, menorrhagia. n. पुत्र, पुत्र to tear, affix पुत्र.

पुत्रक f. (-नः) The skin. n. पुत्र and पुत्र what contains: blood-containing; also पुत्रक.

पुत्रक f. (-नः) 1. The skin. 2. A stream of blood. n. पुत्र and पुत्र a stream.

पुत्रक f. (-नः) A blood-vessel. n. पुत्र and पुत्र what bears.

पुत्रक n. (-नः) Bleeding. n. पुत्र and पुत्र letting.

पुत्रक n. (-नः) Blood. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र to create, पुत्र aff.

पुत्रक m. (-नः-पुत्र-क) A stream of blood. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र to go, पुत्र aff.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) 1. Uncreated. 2. Undistributed, not presented. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र created, &c.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Charming, lovely. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र satisfaction.

पुत्रक n. (-नः) 1. Disregarding, neglecting. 2. Avoiding, shunning. 3. Disobedience, inattention. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र service.

पुत्रक f. (-नः) 1. Avoiding, not following or practising. 2. Disregard. 3. Disobedience. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र service: see the last.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) 1. Neglected, unattended to, disobeyed. 2. Abstained from, disused. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र served, used.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) 1. Not to be served or attended to. 2. Not to be used or practised, not to be eaten, drank, &c. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र to be followed.

पुत्रक n. (-नः) Ugliness. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र beauty.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) 1. Ugly, unlovely. 2. Disagreeable, displeasing. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र pleasing.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Having a bad or wailing voice. n. पुत्र disagreeable, and पुत्र a note or sound.

पुत्रक n. (-नः) 1. Ugliness, deformity. 2. Demerit, worthlessness. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र beauty, &c.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Permanent, durable. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र to last, affix पुत्र.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) 1. Firm, permanent, durable. 2. Not slipping or falling. 3. Underlying. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र to slip, affix पुत्र.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) 10th cl. (पुत्रक) To obscure or eclipse.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) 1. Thrown, cast. 2. Sent, dispatched. 3. Set, obscured. 4. Removed, set aside. m. (-नः) 1. The western mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to set. 2. Sun-set. n. पुत्र to throw, and पुत्र aff.

पुत्रक m. (-नः) Beastitude, eternal felicity. n. पुत्र disappearance, and पुत्र aff.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Set, as the sun. n. पुत्र and पुत्र gone.

पुत्रक m. (-नः) The western mountain. n. पुत्र and पुत्र a mountain.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Unconfounded. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र astounded.

पुत्रक n. (-नः) Self-possession, not being confused or confounded. n. पुत्र added to the last.

पुत्रक ind. Disappearance, setting, vanishing. n. पुत्र to send or cast, पुत्र aff.

पुत्रक f. (-नः) A plant, (Hedysarum gangeticum) see पुत्रक. n. पुत्र the mountain, and पुत्र to go, पुत्र and पुत्र affixes; abounding in the west.

पुत्रक n. (-नः) Disappearance, setting. n. पुत्र, and पुत्र going.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Set, (as the sun.) n. पुत्र and पुत्र gone.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) 1. Obstructed, hindered, opposed. 2. Set. n. पुत्र thrown, &c. पुत्र poss. aff.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Confused, disordered, irrelevant. n. पुत्र and पुत्र scattered.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Innumerable. n. पुत्र gone, पुत्र number.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Very deep: see पुत्रक.

पुत्रक m. (-नः) The western mountain. n. पुत्र, and पुत्र a mountain.

पुत्रक m. (-नः) The western mountain. n. पुत्र and पुत्र a mountain.

पुत्रक m. (-नः) The resting of a heavenly body on the western part of the horizon. n. पुत्र and पुत्र depending.

पुत्रक mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Setting as the sun, on the point of setting. n. पुत्र and पुत्र impending.

पुत्र ind. Now being, existent, present. n. पुत्र to be, and पुत्र affix, or the third person sing. present tense, it is, used as a particle.

पुत्र ind. 1. Doubtful. 2. Partly true and partly not. n. पुत्र and पुत्र it is not.

पुत्र ind. 1. Uncertain or doubtful existence. 2. Partial existence. n. पुत्र added to the last; also पुत्र ind.

पुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Wealthy, opulent. n. पुत्र what is, and पुत्र poss. aff.

पुत्र ind. Be it so, let it be, implying assent, also reluctance and pain. n. पुत्र to be, पुत्र affix or the third person sing. imperative used as a particle.

पुत्र mfn. (-नः-पुत्र-क) Not praised. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र praised.

पुत्र n. (-नः) Honesty. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र theft.

पुत्र n. (-नः) Honesty. n. पुत्र neg. पुत्र theft.

पुत्र n. (-नः) Reproach, blame. n. पुत्र deteriorative and पुत्र to sound, पुत्र aff.

पुत्र n. (-नः) 1. A weapon in general. 2. A sword. 3. A bow. 4. A missile weapon. n. पुत्र to throw, पुत्र Unañi aff.

पुत्र m. (-नः) An arrow. n. पुत्र and पुत्र a shon, a shon-like weapon.

पुत्र m. (-नः) An armourer. n. पुत्र and पुत्र who makes: see पुत्रक and पुत्रक.

पुत्र m. (-नः) A surgeon. n. पुत्र and पुत्र healing; who uses instruments as means of cure.

पुत्र f. (-नः) Surgery. n. पुत्र a knife, a lance, and पुत्र healing.



वसनीय m. (-नः) A soldier, a warrior. ३. वस a weapon, and नीय who lives by.  
 वसवारिन् m. (-री) A soldier, ३. वस and वारिन् who bears; so वसवारक m. (-कः)  
 वसनिवारण n. (-नः) Guarding off a blow. ३. वस and निवारण guarding.  
 वसनाम m. (-नः) An armourer, a sword or fool cleaner. ३. वस and नाम who cleans, from वस and वस् affix; also वसनामक m. (-कः)  
 वसवृत्त m. (-तः) Fighting with weapons ३. वस and वृत्त battle.  
 वसविद्या f. (-या) The military science. ३. वस and विद्या knowledge.  
 वसवेद n. (-दः) The science of arms and war. ३. वस a weapon, and वेद a Veda or scripture.  
 वससाधक m. (-कः) An iron arrow. ३. वस, दी to destroy, वृत् affix; what destroys all other weapons. [of  
 वसनीय mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Unarmed, defenceless. ३. वस and नीय deprived  
 वसनागार m. (-रः) An arsenal, an armoury. ३. वस and नागर house.  
 वसनाघात m. (-तः) A wound, a cut. ३. वस and नाघात a blow.  
 वसनाहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Struck, wounded, killed. ३. वस and नाहत struck.  
 वसनीक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Having no female. ३. व neg. स्त्री female, कन् added.  
 वस्यन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Very deep. ३. व neg. स्था to stand, with क्तिप् affix, and न from गन् to go; where there is no proceeding to an end, it is also written वस्यन्, वस्यन्, वस्यन् and वस्यन्.  
 वस्यन् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) See the preceding. ३. As before, with व, from हन् to kill or hurt, and वप् aff.  
 वस्यन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) See वस्यन्. n. (-नः) A place where there is no firm footing. adv. Unsuitably, unseasonably. ३. व neg. and स्थान stopping.  
 वस्यन् ind. Unseasonably, inopportunist. ३. व neg. स्थाने in place.  
 वस्यन् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) See वस्यन्; also वस्यन् and वस्यन्  
 वस्यन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Perishable, transient. ३. व neg. and स्थायिन् staying.  
 वस्यन् mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) See वस्यन्. ३. वस्यन् as above, and र from रा to obtain.  
 वस्यन् mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Moveable, moving, not fixed. 2. (In law) Personal, (as property,) money, cattle, &c. opposed to land. ३. व neg. स्थावर stable.  
 वसि n. (-सि) A bone. ३. वस to throw, &c. and क्तिप् aff.  
 वसिक n. (-कं) A bone. ३. कन् added to the last.  
 वसिकन् mfn. (-कन्) Marrow. ३. वसि a bone, and कन् what makes.  
 वसिक m. (-कः) Marrow. ३. वसि and क what is produced.  
 वसिक m. (-कः) Marrow. ३. वसि and क what knows.  
 वसित f. (-ति) Want of place or condition, want of firm continuance. ३. व neg. स्थिति staying.  
 वसितुल्य mf. (-ल्यः-ल्यः) A bird. ३. वसि and तुल्य a mouth; whose mouth or beak is of bone.  
 वसितोद m. (-दः) Pain in the bones. ३. वसि and तोद torturing.  
 वसितव f. (-वः) The periosteum. ३. वसि and वस् skin.  
 वसितवन् m. (-वः) A name of SIVA. ३. वसि, वन् a bow, and वप् aff.  
 वसितवन् m. (-रः) A skeleton. ३. वसि and वन् a cage.  
 वसितव m. (-वः) A dog. ३. वसि and वन् who eats.  
 वसितव m. (-वः) 1. Fracture. 2. A plant of supposed efficacy in fractures, (Cissus quadrangularis.) ३. वसि and वन् a breaking.  
 वसितव m. (-वः) A dog. ३. वसि a bone, वन् who eats.  
 वसितव m. (-वः) 1. Fracturing, breaking or wounding a bone. 2. A sort of bone, a bone. ३. वसि and वन् breaking, &c.  
 वसितव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) A bone-breaker, who or what breaks bones. ३. वसि and वन् what breaks.  
 वसितव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Having bones, vertebrated, &c. ३. वसि and वन् poss. aff.

वसिनामा f. (-मा) A necklace of bones. ३. वसि and नामा a garland.  
 वसिनामिन् m. (-मिन्) A name of SIVA. ३. वसि a bone, नामा a garland, रनि affix; SIVA is commonly represented with a necklace of skulls.  
 वसिर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Trembling, shaken, unsteady. 2. Uncertain, unascertained. 3. Unworthy of confidence. ३. व neg. and स्तिर firm  
 वसिरता f. (-ता) Unsteadiness, fickleness, mutability. ३. वसिर and त् aff.  
 वसिरता n. (-ता) Unsteadiness, mutability. ३. वसिर and त् aff.  
 वसिरन् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Bony, osseous. ३. वसि and वन् aff.  
 वसिरिन् m. (-रः) A name of BHIRUNI, one of SIVA's attendants. ३. वसि and रिन् a part, &c. who carries SIVA's decorations.  
 वसिरीय m. (-यः) Dryness and decay of the bones. ३. वसि and रीय dry-ing up  
 वसिरिन् m. (-रः) A plant, a species of turnsol. (Heliotropium indicum:) see वसिरिन् ३. वसि and रिन् before ह् to take, to collect, seize, &c. (it is an ingredient in philtres, &c.) वप् aff  
 वसिरिन् m. (-कः) The adjutant bird. ३. वसि and रिन् who seizes.  
 वसिरिन् m. (-यः) Collecting the bones or their ashes after burning a corpse ३. वसि and रिन् assemblage; also वसिरिन्  
 वसिरिन् f. (-ति) 1. A joint, an articulation. 2. Uniting of a broken bone ३. वसि and रिन् connection.  
 वसिरिन् m. (-नः) Throwing the bones of a dead body into the Ganges. ३. वसि and रिन् consigning.  
 वसिरिन् m. (-रः) Marrow. ३. वसि bone, and रिन् essence.  
 वसिरिन् m. (-वः) The body, or that of which the bones are the sup-porters. ३. वसि and रिन् a post.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Small, delicate. ३. व neg. वृत् gross.  
 वसिन् n. (-यः) Instability, unsteadiness. ३. व neg. वृत् steadiness.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Harsh, hard, dry. 2. Harsh, unkind. ३. व neg. and शिन् unctuous.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) 1. Harsh, unkind. 2. Harsh, hard, dry. m. (-हः) 1. Unkindness, want of affection. 2. Absence of oiliness. ३. व neg. स्नेह affection, &c.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) What does not touch or is not touched. m. (-नः) Not touching, non-contact. ३. व neg. स्पर्श contact.  
 वसिन् n. (-नः) Non-contact, avoiding the contact of any thing or per-son, especially of one who is impure. ३. व neg. स्पर्श touching.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Impure, not to be touched. ३. व neg. स्पर्शनीय to be touched.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Untouched. ३. व neg. स्पर्शित touched.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Indistinct. ३. व neg. and स्पष्ट clear.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Not to be touched. ३. व neg. स्पर्श tangible.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Untouched. ३. व neg. स्पष्ट touched.  
 वसिन् f. (-ति) Not touching, avoiding contact. ३. व neg. स्पर्श touching.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Undesirous, content, indifferent. ३. व neg. स्पष्ट desire  
 वसिन् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Undesirable. ३. व neg. स्पष्ट desirable.  
 वसिन् n. (-हः) Indistinct speech. mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) 1. Indistinct, obscure. 2. Invisible. 3. Unblown ३. व neg. and स्पष्ट open, clear.  
 वसिन् n. (-लः) 1. Indistinct result. 2. (In Geometry,) Gross area of a triangle, &c. ३. वसिन् and वसिन् fruit. [who speaks.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Lispering, speaking indistinctly. ३. वसिन् and वसिन्  
 वसिन् First person pronoun, (वसिन्) 1. (वसिन्) We two. (वसिन्) We. ३. वसिन् to be, and वसिन् Unadi affix: the inflexions of this pronoun are very irregular.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Our, ours. ३. वसिन् 1, and वसिन् affix in the sense of the second case plur.  
 वसिन् n. (-लः) A furnace or fire-place: see वसिन्.  
 वसिन् n. (-वः) Forgetfulness, forgetting. ३. व neg. वसिन् remembering.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Not to be recollected. ३. व neg. वसिन् to be remembered.

चकारं mfn. (-चः-चो-चं) 1. Immemorial, not within memory. 2. Illegal, not according to law. 3. Not belonging to Hindu institutes. E. च neg. चाय relating to law, &c. from कृति with च aff.  
 चकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Forgotten. E. च neg. कृत remembered.  
 चकृति f. (-तिः) 1. Want of memory, forgetfulness. 2. Not being part of the institutes. E. च neg. कृति memory or code of law.  
 चक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षं) Not one's own. E. च neg. स्व own.  
 चक्षक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Not one's own, belonging to another. E. च neg. स्व own.  
 चक्षणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Not one's own, belonging to another. E. च neg. स्व own.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Opako, not clear. E. च neg. स्व clear.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) 1. Docile. 2. Dependent. E. च priv. स्व own, and चक्ष intention; not self-willed.  
 चक्षुःजाति mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) 1. Of a different caste. 2. Of a different species. E. च neg. स्व own, जाति caste.  
 चक्षुःत्व mfn. (-त्वः-त्वा-त्वं) 1. Docile, humble. 2. Dependent, subject. E. च neg. स्वत्व self-willed.  
 चक्षुः n. (-क्षुः) Want of claim or right to any thing, having no indefeasible property in it, absence of ownership. E. च neg. स्व own, with च affix: also with तल् चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) 1. Ending ill, leading to or having an unfavourable close. 2. Approaching the end of life. m. (-क्षुः) A fire place: see चक्षुः. E. च neg. and सु good, or चक्षुः breath, and चक्षुः end.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) A deity. E. च neg. and स्व sleep; who never sleeps.  
 चक्षुःभाव m. (-वः) Unnatural or unusual character or temperament. mfn. (-वः-ता-वं) Of a different nature. E. च neg. स्वभाव nature.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Having a bad or croaking voice. E. च neg. and चक्षुः a note or the voice.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Essentially different or unlike. E. च neg. स्वक्षुः of one nature.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Not leading to heaven. E. च neg. स्वक्षुः paradisaical.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) 1. Unwell, indisposed. 2. Unfortunate, badly off. E. च neg. स्वक्षुः being well happy.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Tasteloss, insipid. E. च neg. स्वादु sapid.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) 1. A Brahman who has not made his studies, who has not read the Vedas previous to his investiture. 2. Interruption or interval of study, prohibited on certain days of the moon, at eclipses, &c. E. च neg. स्व own, and चक्षुः a lecture.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Unowned, unclaimed. E. च neg. स्वामिन् a master, उक् aff.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) 1. Having no right or title to any thing, not being master of it. 2. That which has no master or owner. E. च neg. स्वामिन् a master.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) Sale without ownership. E. च neg. स्वामिन् a master, &c. विक्रय sale.  
 चक्षुः n. (-क्षुः) Absence of right or title to property. E. च neg. स्वामिन् ownership.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) 1. Not for one's self. 2. Not for a proper object. 3. Having a different meaning. E. च neg. स्व own, चक्षुः end or sense.  
 चक्षुः n. (-क्षुः) Indisposition, discomfort, indigence. E. च neg. स्वामिन् well-being.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) Dissent, non-acquiescence. E. च neg. स्वामिन् promise.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Dissented from, refused, not promised. E. च neg. स्वामिन् promised.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) Suppressed perspiration. E. च neg. स्वामिन् sweat.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) 1. A corner, an angle. 2. Hair. n. (-क्षुः) 1. Blood. 2. A tear. E. चक्षुः to cast or throw, &c. affix चक्षुः.

चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) An arrow. E. चक्षुः and चक्षुः throat.  
 चक्षुः n. (-क्षुः) Flesh. E. चक्षुः blood, and चक्षुः produced.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) A plant, commonly Kaba (ahantu).  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) A Rakshasa or goblin. f. (-क्षुः) A leech. E. चक्षुः blood, and चक्षुः who drinks.  
 चक्षुः n. (-क्षुः) Plethora, haemorrhage, epistaxis, involuntary discharge of blood from the mouth, nostrils, anus, &c. E. चक्षुः and चक्षुः bile: both humors being supposed to be affected.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) Chyle, chyme. E. चक्षुः blood, मातृ the parent, चक्षुः affix of similitude.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) A plant, (Mimosa pudica).  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) The white Tulasi.  
 चक्षुः f. (-क्षुः) Ten millions.  
 चक्षुः n. (-क्षुः) A tear. E. चक्षुः to cast or reject, and चक्षुः aff.  
 चक्षुः n. (-क्षुः) A granulation, (of flesh.) E. चक्षुः neg. चक्षुः to distil, चक्षुः aff.  
 चक्षुः r. 5th cl. (चक्षुः) To pervade or occupy. (चक्षुः) r. 1st cl. (चक्षुः) To go or move: also 10th cl. (चक्षुः) To shine.  
 चक्षुः ind. A particle and interjection implying; 1. Commendation: 2. Rejecting, sending: 3. Deviation from custom, (improperly:) 4. Certainty, ascertainment. E. चक्षुः neg. चक्षुः from चक्षुः to hurt, affix चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Proud. m. (-क्षुः) A warrior. E. चक्षुः I, and चक्षुः affix: self-opinioned.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) The sun. E. चक्षुः a day, and पति a master.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) Evening. E. चक्षुः and चक्षुः end.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) 1. Pride. 2. Individuality, sense of self. 3. One of the elements of creation, consciousness, individualization. E. चक्षुः I, and चक्षुः what makes; thinking highly of one's self.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Proud. E. चक्षुः pride, चक्षुः poss. aff.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Proud, self-important. E. चक्षुः and चक्षुः poss. aff.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Proud. E. चक्षुः I, and चक्षुः made. see चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः f. (-क्षुः) Pride. E. चक्षुः and चक्षुः action: see चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) 1. Unhurt, uninjured, not struck or killed. 2. Unblemished, unsoiled. n. (-क्षुः) New clothes. E. चक्षुः neg. and चक्षुः hurt, part. past of चक्षुः.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) A day. E. चक्षुः neg. चक्षुः to leave, and चक्षुः Unad. aff.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Not to be killed. E. चक्षुः neg. चक्षुः to be killed.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Not to be killed. E. चक्षुः neg. चक्षुः to be killed.  
 चक्षुः f. (-क्षुः) 1. Military vaunting. 2. Assertion or conceit of superiority, boasting, egotism. E. चक्षुः I, reiterated, चक्षुः and चक्षुः affixed.  
 चक्षुः f. (-क्षुः) 1. Emulative onset, the running forward of soldiers with emulation. 2. Conceit, vaunting. E. चक्षुः I, चक्षुः first; affixes as in the last; I will be foremost.  
 चक्षुः f. (-क्षुः) 1. Spiritual ignorance. 2. Conceit. 3. Self-love. E. चक्षुः and चक्षुः understanding; self-love, or worldly mindedness, opposed to abstract meditation on the deity.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Not to be taken away. E. चक्षुः neg. चक्षुः to be taken.  
 चक्षुः ind. Daily, day by day. E. चक्षुः repeated.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) 1. A month. 2. Any calculated term. E. चक्षुः a day, and चक्षुः a number or class.  
 चक्षुः ind. Day and night. E. चक्षुः day, चक्षुः night.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) The sun. E. चक्षुः and पति a master; also चक्षुः पति.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) The sun. E. चक्षुः and चक्षुः a friend.  
 चक्षुः m. (-क्षुः) The sun. E. चक्षुः and चक्षुः a gem.  
 चक्षुः n. (-क्षुः) Morning, the dawn. E. चक्षुः and चक्षुः the commencement.  
 चक्षुः mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षा-क्षं) Unploughed, unfurrowed. E. चक्षुः neg. चक्षुः a furrow, चक्षुः affix: also with the final unchanged, चक्षुः.

अवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) Unploughed, (a field, &c.) f. (-वृत्) 1. The name of an Apsaras or heavenly courtesan. 2. The wife of GAUTAMA, a saint and philosopher. E. वृत् neg. वृत् to plough, वृत् aff.

अवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) Unhappy, gloomy, sorrowful. E. वृत् neg. वृत् happiness.

अवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) Unhappy, sorrowful. E. वृत् neg. वृत् rejoiced.

अवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) 1. Not to be offered, not fit or proper to be sacrificed. E. वृत् neg. वृत् to be offered.

अवृत्त m. (-वृत्) The sun. E. वृत् and वृत् who makes.

अवृत्त m. (-वृत्) 1. The sun. 2. Swallow wort. E. वृत् and वृत् master.

अवृत् ind. A particle or interjection, as ah! aha! &c. implying: 1. Surprise; 2. Fatigue; 3. Pain; 4. Pleasure; 5. Calling. E. वृत् from वृत् I, and वृत् from वृत् to abandon; self or pride-abandonment; also वृत्.

अवृत् ind. See the preceding.

अवृत् mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) Not to be stolen or taken away. m. (-वृत्) A mountain. E. वृत् neg. and वृत् future part. of वृत् to take or convey.

अवृत्त n. (-वृत्) Security, not being liable to be stolen or taken away. E. वृत् and वृत् affix; also वृत्.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) 1. A snake or serpent. 2. The sun. 3. A traveller. 4. Lead. 5. The name of a demon: see वृत्. 6. A name of RAHU, the ascending node. E. वृत् prefixed to वृत् to hurt, वृत् Una'di affix; injuring all or every thing, the वा of वृत् is made short.

अवृत् mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) Harmless, innocuous. E. वृत् neg. वृत् mischievous: so वृत् and वृत्.

अवृत् f. (-वृत्) Harmlessness, doing injury to nothing, one of the cardinal virtues of most Hindu sects, but particularly of the Bauddhas and Jains. E. वृत् neg. वृत् hurt.

अवृत् mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) Uninjured. E. वृत् neg. वृत् hurt.

अवृत् mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) Innocuous, innocent, harmless. f. (-वृत्) The name of a plant, commonly Kurkavali: see वृत्. E. वृत् neg. and वृत् injurious: than which there is none more so.

अवृत् f. (-वृत्) The silk cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.) E. वृत् neg. and वृत् to go or abandon, वृत् and वृत् affix.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) Air, wind. E. वृत् a serpent, and वृत् beloved; snakes being supposed to feed upon air.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) 1. The name of a country. 2. A milky or thorny plant: see वृत्. f. (-वृत्) 1. Sugar. 2. A city. E. वृत् a snake, and वृत् a parasite.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) 1. A name of KRISHNA. 2. Also of INDRA. E. वृत् and वृत् who conquers, from वृत् with वृत् affix; subduing a demon in the form of a snake.

अवृत् mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) 1. Hostile, inimical. 2. Hurtful, prejudicial. m. (-वृत्) An enemy. n. (-वृत्) Food, &c. contra-indicated in a disease. E. वृत् neg. and वृत् friendly, fit, proper.

अवृत् mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) Adverse, inimical, acting unkindly. E. वृत् unkind, वृत् acting.

अवृत् mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) Halting, adverse, inimical. E. वृत् and वृत् mind.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) A snake-catcher or exhibitor. E. वृत् and वृत् face, वृत् affix.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. GARUDA the bird of VISHNU. 3. A peacock. 4. An ichneumon. E. वृत् and वृत् who hates, from वृत् to hate with वृत् affix, serpent-hater or enemy.

अवृत् f. (-वृत्) The mutual enmity subsisting between a snake and an ichneumon. E. वृत्, वृत् a mongoose, वृत् affix.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) The tongue of a snake. E. वृत् and वृत् the same.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) 1. A name of SHESHA, the sovereign of the snakes; also of VASUKI and others. 2. Any large serpent. E. वृत् a snake, and वृत् lord; also similar compounds, as वृत्, वृत्, वृत्, &c.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) A kind of boat. E. वृत् and वृत् a son, resembling a snake.

अवृत् n. (-वृत्) 1. Opium. 2. The saliva or venom of a snake. E. वृत् a snake, and वृत् foam.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. One of the demigods called RUDRAS. E. वृत् and वृत् to blind, वृत् Una'di affix; having his neck bound with snakes.

अवृत् f. (-वृत्) The twenty-sixth constellation. E. वृत् and वृत् presiding deity.

अवृत् n. (-वृत्) Mistrust or apprehension of treachery. E. वृत् and वृत् fear; fear of a lurking snake as it were.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) GARUDA the bird of VISHNU. 2. A peacock. E. वृत् and वृत् who eats, from वृत् and वृत् affix; snake-eater.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) The sun. E. वृत् neg. वृत् cold, and वृत् a ray; also similar compounds, as वृत्, वृत्, वृत्, &c.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) 1. GARUDA. 2. INDRA. E. वृत् a snake or VRIHASUKA, and वृत् foe.

अवृत् mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) 1. Possessed of, not deprived of. 2. Not out-caste or vile. E. वृत् neg. वृत् deprived of. m. (-वृत्) 1. A large snake, a serpent. 2. A particular sacrifice, one lasting twelve days. E. वृत् a snake, and वृत् superior, or वृत् a day, and वृत् affix.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) A witness who is not unfit to give evidence. E. वृत् neg. वृत् a defective witness.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) A kind of snake, said to be two-headed. E. वृत्, वृत् to move, and वृत् affix.

अवृत् mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) Unoffered, unsacrificed. 2. Uncalled, unsummoned. m. (-वृत्) Religious meditation and prayer, considered as one of the five great sacraments. E. वृत् neg. वृत् to sacrifice, or वृत् to call, वृत् affix.

अवृत् ind. A particle implying, 1. Rejection. 2. Separation.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) Absence of cause or reason. E. वृत् neg. वृत् cause.

अवृत् mfn. (-वृत्-ता-त्) Causeless, groundless. E. वृत् neg. वृत् having cause.

अवृत् f. (-वृत्) Absence of cause or necessity. E. वृत् added to वृत्.

अवृत् n. (-वृत्) Absence of reason or cause. E. वृत् added to वृत्.

अवृत् f. (-वृत्) A plant, (Asparagus racemosus;) see वृत्. E. वृत् neg. वृत् to go, and वृत् affix; immovable; alluding to the number of its roots.

अवृत् ind. A particle and interjection of, 1. Reproach, (fie!) 2. Compassion. 3. Regret, (ah! oh!) 4. Calling, (ho! hola!) 5. Praise, flattery, approbation. 6. Fatigue, weariness. 7. Surprise, (ah!) 8. Doubt, deliberation, (either, or.) 9. Contempt, sneering. 10. An expletive. E. वृत् neg. वृत् to go, and वृत् affix.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) A day of twenty four hours or thirty Muhurtas, from sun-rise to sun-rise. n. or ind. (-वृत्) Day and night, continually, always. E. वृत् a day, and वृत् a night.

अवृत् ind. 1. A particle of calling; 2. Of compassion; 3. Of fatigue.

अवृत् ind. In a variegated or wonderful manner.

अवृत् ind. Soon, instantly. E. वृत् neg. वृत् from वृत् to take away or secrete, with वृत् affix, and वृत् substituted for the वृत् to which the radical त is changed.

अवृत् m. (-वृत्) A Bauddha mendicant. E. वृत् neg. and वृत् bashful.

अवृत् f. (-वृत्) The marking nut-plant, (Semecarpus anaecardium.) E. वृत् neg. वृत् to emulate, and वृत् affix.

वा The second letter of the alphabet, corresponding to A long, as in far, and written in the Roman character A.

वा ind. 1. A particle of reminiscence, (ah ! oh ! ) 2. A conjunction disjunctive, (but). 3. A particle of compassion, (ah ! alas ! ) 4. A conjunction copulative, (and.) This particle remains unaltered in orthography even before vowels.

वा or वाङ् A particle, and prefix to words, implying ; 1. Diminution, (a little.) 2. Limit inceptive, (from, from thence, or that time.) 3. Limit conclusive, (until, unto, as far as.) 4. Prefixed to verbs it extends or reverses their meaning, as वृत् to rise, वावृत् to ascend, to mount, and गत to go, वागत to come. 5. In composition with nouns it forms indeclinables, either crude, as वाजानु to the knee, or with the terminations of the objective or ablative case, as वासमुद्रं or वासमुद्रान् as far as to the ocean. 6. A particle of menace or of pain, (ah ! alas ! ) this is more correctly written वाल्. ६. वाप् to pervade, to obtain, and वाङ् affix, व is dropped.

वा m. (वाङ्) A name of MAHA DEVA.

वा ind. A particle of assent, yes, verily. ६. वम to go, जिप् affix, व becomes वा.

वाकम्पन n. (-नं) Shaking, trembling. ६. वाङ् before कपि to tremble, क्युट् aff.

वाकम्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Shaken, trembling. ६. वाङ् prefixed, कपि to shake, and क् participial aff.

वाकम्प mfn. (-म्प-म्पा-म्पु) Trembling, shaking, agitated. ६. वाङ् before कपि to shake, रक् aff.

वाकर m. (-रः) 1. A mine. 2. A multitude. 3. Best, excellent. ६. वाङ् prefixed, क् to make, &c. वप् aff.

वाकरिन् mfn. (-रि-रिणी-रि) Mineral, produced in a mine, &c. ६. वाकर and इनि aff.

वाकर्षण n. (-णं) Hearing. ६. वाङ् before कर्ष to hear, क्युट् aff.

वाकर्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Heard. ६. वाङ्, कर्ष to hear, affix क्.

वाकर्ष m. (-र्षः) 1. Pulling, hawling. 2. Pulling to or towards, dragging, attracting. 3. Attraction, fascination. 4. Magnetic attraction. 5. A magnet, a loadstone. 6. A dice or die. 7. Playing with dice. 8. A board of such a game. 9. Drawing the bow. 10. An organ of sense. 11. Spasm. ६. वाङ्, कर्ष to draw or make furrows, क्युट् aff.

वाकर्षक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Attractive, what draws or attracts. m. (-कः) A magnet or loadstone. ६. वाकर्ष attraction, and वृत् aff.

वाकर्षक n. (-कं) Pulling, drawing, attracting. f. (-की) 1. A crooked stick, for pulling down fruit, &c. 2. Any instrument for pulling. ६. वाङ् before कर्ष to pull, क्युट् aff.

वाकर्षक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Magnetic, attractive. ६. वाकर्ष and वृत् aff.

वाकर्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Drawn, attracted. ६. वाङ् before कर्ष to draw, क् aff.

वाकर्षिन् mfn. (-वि-विणी-वि) Attractive. f. (-वी) A rod with a hook at the end to pull down the boughs of trees, for the purpose of gathering the fruit. ६. वाङ् before कर्ष to draw, विनि aff.

वाकलन n. (-नः) 1. Wish, desire. 2. Counting, reckoning. 3. Confinement, binding. 4. Laying hold of. ६. वाङ्, कल to count, sound, &c. and क्युट् aff.

वाकलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Counted, reckoned. 2. Seized, held, bound. ६. वाङ् before कल to count, &c. क् aff.

वाकल्य m. (-ल्यः) 1. Ornament, decoration. 2. Encreasing, adding to, improving. 3. Sickness, disease. ६. वाङ् before क्युट् to be able, to be weak, &c. वल् aff.

वाकल्य m. (-ल्यः) 1. Remembering with regret, missing. 2. Fainting, loss of sense or perception. 3. Darkness. 4. A knot or joint. ६. वाङ्, कल from क्युट् to be able, to be weak, &c. and वल् aff.

वाकल्य m. (-ल्यः) A touchstone. ६. वाङ्, कल to injure, and वल् aff.

वाकल्यक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Touching, assaying. ६. वृत् added to the last.

वाकल्यक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Touching, testing. ६. वाकल्य and वल् aff.

वाकल्यक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Sudden, unexpected, causeless. ६. वल्कल and वल् aff.

वाकाङ्क्षन् mfn. (-ङ्क्ष-ङ्क्षी-ङ्क्ष) 1. Wishing, expecting. 2. Looking at, to, or towards. ६. वाङ् before वाङ्क्षि to desire, वृट् aff.

वाकाङ्क्षीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Desirable, to be desired or expected. ६. वाङ् before वाङ्क्षि to desire, वलीयर् affix ; also वाकाङ्क्षित्य mfn. (-त्यः-या-यं) and वाकाङ्क्ष mfn. (-ङ्क्षः-ङ्क्षी-ङ्क्ष) with वल् and वृत् affs.

वाकाङ्क्षा f. (-ङ्क्षा) 1. Wish, desire. 2. Purpose, intention. 3. Looking at, to, or towards. 4. Enquiry, asking. 5. The presence of a word in a sentence indispensable to the sense. 6. The significance of a word. ६. वाङ् prefixed to वाङ्क्षि to desire, वल् and टप् affs.

वाकाङ्क्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Asked, enquired. 3. Regarded, looked at. 4. Wanted, necessary. ६. वाङ् before वाङ्क्षि to desire, क् aff.

वाकाङ्क्षिन् mfn. (-ङ्क्षि-ङ्क्षी-ङ्क्षि) 1. Wishing, wishful. 2. Asking, enquiring, expectant. ६. वाकाङ्क्षा and इनि aff.

वाकाय m. (-यः) 1. A funeral pile. 2. Abode, residence. ६. वाङ् before वि to collect, क्युट् affix, व changed to क्.

वाकार m. (-रः) 1. Hint, sign, token. 2. Form. 3. The letter वा. ६. वाङ्, क् to make, affix वल्.

वाकारमुनि f. (-निः) Dissimulation. ६. वाकार and मुनि concealment, suppressing all sign or indication of the feelings.

वाकारोपन n. (-नं) See the preceding.

वाकारय mf. (-यं-या) Calling, a call or summons. ६. वाङ्, क् to make or do in the causal form, and क्युट् affix, fem. affix टप् ; sometimes written वाकरय.

वाकारवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Symmetrical, handsome, well formed. ६. वाकार form, and मतृप् aff.

वाकारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Called or summoned. 2. Stipulated, agreed. 3. Demanded, exacted. ६. वाङ् before क् to make, causal form, क् aff.

वाकालिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Momentary, instantaneous. 2. Unseasonable, improper with respect to time. f. (-की) Lightning. ६. व neg. काल time, टक् affix, fem. क्रीप्.

वाकालिकल n. (-लः) Unseasonableness, suddenness. ६. ल added to the last.

वाकाय mu. (-यः-यं) 1. The fifth element, æther, the sky or atmosphere. 2. Brahman as identical with æther. 3. Space, vacuity. ६. वाङ् and काय to shine, क्युट् affix ; every where shining ; Akash is the subtle and ethereal fluid, supposed to fill and pervade the universe, and to be the peculiar vehicle of life and sound.

वाकायकवा f. (-वा) The horizon. ६. वाकाय and कवा girdle.

वाकायक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Produced in the sky. ६. वाकाय and क् born.

वाकायकननिन् m. (-नी) A loop-hole, a casement, an embrasure. ६. वाकाय and जननिन् what generates, giving air and light.

वाकायदीप m. (-पः) 1. A lamp or torch lighted in honour of Lakshmi or VISHNU, and elevated on a pole in the open air at the Dewali festival, in the month Kartik. 2. A beacon, a lantern on a pole. ६. वाकाय and दीप a lamp ; also वाकायदीपः.

वाकायभाषित n. (-तः) 1. Speaking outside of or of the stage, or a supposititious speech, which is replied to as if it had been spoken, (in dramatic language.) 2. A voice or sound in the air. ६. वाकाय and भाषित spoken.

वाकायकवा n. (-वः) The celestial sphere. ६. वाकाय and कवा a circle.

वाकायकरी f. (-री) A plant, small Jata-ma-mul, (Valeriana jatamansi.)

वाकायकरी f. (-री) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) ६. वाकाय and करी having roots ; having its roots in air.

वाकायकरी n. (-री) A heavenly body, one moving through the air. ६. वाकाय and करी vehicle.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका) 1. Outside of the outer battlements. 2. Outside of the atmosphere.

बाह्यवर्तिका n. (-वर्तिका) The atmosphere, the firmament, the air. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका and बाह्यवर्तिका road.

बाह्यवर्तिका f. (-वर्तिका) A sort of creeper, a parasite, (*Cassyta filiformis*.) 3. बाह्यवर्तिका and बाह्यवर्तिका pedicle.

बाह्यवर्तिका f. (-वर्तिका) A voice from heaven. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका and बाह्यवर्तिका speech.

बाह्यवर्तिका n. (-वर्तिका) Rain. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका and बाह्यवर्तिका water.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) Abiding in the sky. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका and बाह्यवर्तिका what stays.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) Atmospheric. Also बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) In the air, a stage direction, implying something said by or to a person out of sight. 3. 7th case of बाह्यवर्तिका.

बाह्यवर्तिका m. (-वर्तिका) 1. INDIA, as ruler of the firmament. 2. (In law) A helpless person, as a child, a woman, a pauper or invalid. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका and बाह्यवर्तिका lord.

बाह्यवर्तिका n. (-वर्तिका) Poverty. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका poor, बाह्यवर्तिका aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Filled, overspread. 2. Crowded. 3. Impervious. 4. Spread. 5. Scattered. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका, कृ to scatter, part. affix कृ.

बाह्यवर्तिका f. (-वर्तिका) 1. Fulness. 2. Crowd, multitude. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका filled, तत् affix; also बाह्यवर्तिका.

बाह्यवर्तिका n. (-वर्तिका) 1. Compression, contraction, shrinking. 2. Collecting, heaping. 3. Curving, flexure. 4. Contortion. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to contract, कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Bent, contracted. 2. Twisted, contorted. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to contract, affix कृ.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) Confounded, abashed. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to confound, affix कृ.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Confounded, confused, flurried. 2. Confused (in order), disordered. 3. Incoherent, contradictory. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका, कृ to accumulate, and कृ affix; not self-possessed.

बाह्यवर्तिका n. (-वर्तिका) Confusion, perplexity, bewilderment. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका and तत् affix; also with तत् affix बाह्यवर्तिका.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Bewildered, flurried, agitated. 2. Distressed. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ, कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) Bewildered, perplexed. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका and कृ made with कृ aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) Expelled, extracted. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका to extract, कृ aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका n. (-वर्तिका) 1. Meaning, intention. 2. Wish, desire. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका, कृ to cry, affix कृ.

बाह्यवर्तिका f. (-वर्तिका) 1. Form, figure. 2. The body. 3. Tribe, species. 4. A metre: a stanza of four lines, with twenty-two syllables to each line. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to make or do, कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका f. (-वर्तिका) A plant, (*Achyranthes aspera*.)

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Pulled, drawn. 2. Attracted. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to drag, कृ aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) Drawing, attracting. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका to draw, कृ aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Pulling, dragging, pulling up or out. 2. Pulling to, attracting. 3. Charming, fascinating. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका and कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका f. (-वर्तिका) 1. Pulling, dragging. 2. Drawing, attraction. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to drag, affix कृ.

बाह्यवर्तिका m. (-वर्तिका) The constellation, Cassiopeus.

बाह्यवर्तिका n. (-वर्तिका) Inexpertness, want of skill or practice. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका unskillful, affix कृ, and the initial optionally long.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) Who checks or restrains. m. (-वर्तिका) 1. Crying, crying out. 2. Calling. 3. Weeping, sobbing. 4. Sound. 5. Violence. 6. Furious or violent combat. 7. A friend. 8. A brother. 9. A king, a lord. 10. A partner. 11. A king who prevents an ally from attacking another. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका, कृ to cry, to sound, &c. कृ aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) Going where sounds of distress are heard. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका and कृ aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका m. (-वर्तिका) 1. Going over or beyond. 2. Surpassing. 3. Spreading over or upon. 4. Overloading. 5. Attaining, overcoming, obtaining. 6. Invading, attacking, falling upon. 7. Might, valour. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to go, to mount, ascend, surpass, &c. affix कृ.

बाह्यवर्तिका n. (-वर्तिका) 1. Going over or beyond. 2. Overpowering, subduing. 3. Spreading or extending over or upon. 4. Attacking, marching against, invading. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to go, कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. To be attacked. 2. To be surpassed or overcome. 3. To be seized. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to go, कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Surpassed, surmounted. 2. Overcome, overrun. 3. Pained, distressed. 4. Accompanied, attended. 5. Over-spread. 6. Obtained, possessed. 7. Agitated or overcome by, as a feeling. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका to mount, surpass, &c. and part. affix कृ.

बाह्यवर्तिका f. (-वर्तिका) 1. Going over or beyond. 2. Overpowering. 3. Might, valour. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to go, affix कृ; see बाह्यवर्तिका.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Invading, assailing. 2. Overrunning. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to go, कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका m. (-वर्तिका) 1. A royal garden. 2. Sport, pleasure. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका, कृ to play, कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका n. (-वर्तिका) Sporting, taking pleasure. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका to sport, affix कृट्.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) Sporting, playing. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका to play, कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Cursed. 2. Accused, calumniated. 3. Abused. 4. Vociferated. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to call, affix कृ.

बाह्यवर्तिका m. (-वर्तिका) 1. Abuse, censuring, a curse or oath. 2. Vociferousness, calling aloud. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका, कृ to call, कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Abusing, abusive. 2. Vociferous. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका to call, कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका n. (-वर्तिका) Curse, imprecation. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका, कृ to call, कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) To be accursed, censurable, reprobable. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to cry, कृट् aff; also बाह्यवर्तिका and कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) Effected or completed by gambling. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका and कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका n. (-वर्तिका) Fasting, or purification by fasting. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to endure, कृट् aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका m. (-वर्तिका) A judge. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका a law-suit, कृ to go, causal form, कृ aff; also बाह्यवर्तिका.

बाह्यवर्तिका m. (-वर्तिका) A logician. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका dispute, कृ a division, कृ aff; also बाह्यवर्तिका.

बाह्यवर्तिका m. (-वर्तिका) Accusation, calumny. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to go, affix कृ.

बाह्यवर्तिका n. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Calumnious accusation. 2. Abuse, reviling. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका, कृ to go, with कृ aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Calumniated, falsely accused. 2. Accused of adultery or fornication. 3. Falsely accused, of such crimes in particular. 4. Guilty, criminal. 5. Reviled, abused. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका, कृ to go, part. affix कृ.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Relating or belonging to a die, to gambling, &c. 2. Won at dice. m. (-वर्तिका) A tree, (*Morinda tinctoria*) n. (-वर्तिका) A gambling debt, money lost at play. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका a die, &c. and कृ aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका m. (-वर्तिका) A stake, a wager, a bet. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका and कृ a wager.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Excelling, so as to reproach or put to shame others. 2. Reviling, abusing. 3. Tossing. 4. Sending. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to throw, affix कृ.

बाह्यवर्तिका mfn. (-वर्तिका-वर्तिका) 1. Cast, thrown, tossed. 2. Thrown down or away. 3. Borne, carried. 4. Reviled, abused, blamed, ridiculed. 4. Equal or equivalent to. 3. बाह्यवर्तिका before कृ to throw, कृ aff.

बाह्यवर्तिका n. (-वर्तिका) A plant, (*Moruga glandulosa* and *hyperanthus*.) see बाह्यवर्तिका.

word; (1) (a) A name or appellation. i. e. to say, we, praised, we  
and my fem. aff.

affix (-): An agreement, e. g. want to come, & affix or was prefixed to  
to come and then affix; also want.

अग्निः (अग्निः) The place where a sacrificial fire is kindled. ३. अग्नि fire, and how to kindle; see अग्निः.

आग्नेय mfn. (आग्नेयः) Belonging or relating to fire or its deity. ३. (अग्नेयः) १. The name of a city, (Devikotta, on the Coromandel Coast.) २. Blood. ३. Ghee or boiled butter. m. (अग्नेयः) A mane of the saint Agastya. f. (अग्नेयः) १. The wife of Agastya. २. The south-east quarter, of which Agastya is the regent. ३. अग्नि fire or its deity, उक्त्वा affix which leaves अग्नेय.

आह्वय m. (अह्वयः) १. Favour, patronage. २. Seizing, taking. ३. Surpassing, surmounting. ४. Power, ability. n. आह्वय, अह्वय to take, अह्वय aff.

आश्वयुज m. (आश्वयुजः) A month so called, the first of the Hindu year according to some systems, (November-December.) ३. अश्वयुज beginning, and आश्वयुज a year; also अश्वयुज, the अ being unchanged.

आश्वयुजिक m. (आश्वयुजिकः) The month A'grahayana. ३. अश्वयुज and उक्त्वा aff.

आश्वयुजी f. (आश्वयुजी) १. The name of a constellation consisting of three stars, one of which is Orion's, figured by an antelope's head, hence also अश्वयुजि. २. The day of full moon in the month A'grahayana. ३. अश्वयुज and उक्त्वा aff.

आवायय n. (आवाययः) A sacrifice offered when the new rice or wheat ripens. ३. अवायय, अवायय coming, अवायय aff.

आवाययेति f. (आवाययेति) A particular ceremony: see the last. ३. आवायय and इति a sacrifice.

आवहृक् m. (आवहृक्) १. A tree, (the red sort of Achyranthes.) २. A rubber, what effects friction. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to move, and अहृक् aff.

आवहन n. (आवहनः) १. Friction, rubbing, contact. २. Shaking. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to move, अहृक् aff.

आवहृत् mfn. (आवहृत्) १. Touched, rubbed. २. Shaken. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to move, affix क.

आवहृत् m. (आवहृत्) Rubbing, friction. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to rub, affix अहृक्.

आवहृत् n. (आवहृत्) Rubbing, friction. f. (आवहृत्) A brush, a rubber. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to rub, affix अहृक्.

आवहृत् mfn. (आवहृत्) Rubbed. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to rub, क aff.

आवहृत् m. (आवहृत्) १. A limit, a boundary. २. A tree, (Achyranthes aspera.) ३. आवहृक्, अहृक् to endeavour, अहृक् aff.

आघात m. (आघातः) १. Killing, striking. २. A blow, a wound. ३. A slaughter-house, a place for killing animals or victims. ३. आवहृक्, अहृक् to kill or injure, in the participial form, अहृक् is substituted for अहृक्.

आघातन n. (आघातनः) १. Striking, killing. २. A slaughter-house. ३. आवहृक्, अहृक् to kill or injure, अहृक् aff.

आघात m. (आघातः) १. Ghee or boiled butter. २. Sprinkling. ३. Sprinkling ghee at certain sacrifices. ३. आवहृक्, अहृक् to sprinkle, अहृक् aff.

आघातन n. (आघातनः) १. Rolling, tossing. २. Whirling. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to roll, affix अहृक्.

आघातित mfn. (आघातितः) १. Rolled, rolling. २. Whirled round. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to roll, affix क.

आघातय n. (आघातयः) A crying or proclaiming. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to sound, affix अहृक्.

आघात mfn. (आघातयः) Striking, beating. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to kill, affix अहृक्.

आघात m. (आघातयः) १. Smelling. २. Satisfaction, satiety. ३. आवहृक्, अहृक् to smell, अहृक् aff.

आघात mfn. (आघातयः) १. Smelled, scented. २. Surmounted, surpassed. ३. Satisfied, satiated. ३. क participial affix after आघात to smell, &c.

आघात f. (आघातयः) A musical instrument, a taber.

आघात mfn. (आघातयः) १. Bodily, corporeal. २. Having limbs or parts, or relating to them. ३. Relating to the inferior persons of a drama, to a portion of the Vedas, &c.: see अहृक् m. (अहृक्) A soft delicate form or body. ३. अहृक् a body, अहृक् aff.

आघात m. (आघातयः) १. The name of the country Anga. २. An inhabitant of the same. ३. अहृक् and अहृक् aff.

आघात m. (आघातयः) A multitude of firebrands. ३. आघातयः a torch, अहृक् aff.

आघात mfn. (आघातयः) १. Bodily, corporeal. २. Gesticulated, expressed by bodily action, (dramatic sentiment, passion, &c. exhibited by attitude, gesture, &c.) m. (आघातयः) A player on a taber or drum. ३. अहृक् the body, उक्त्वा aff.

आघात m. (आघातयः) A name of VRIHASPATI, preceptor of the gods. ३. अहृक् a saint so named, patronymic affix अहृक्; Angiras being the father of VRIHASPATI.

आघात mfn. (आघातयः) Like a finger. ३. अहृक् and उक्त्वा aff.

आघातय mfn. (आघातयः) Saying, declaring. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to speak, अहृक् aff.

आघातय m. (आघातयः) A learned man, a Pandit. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to speak, उक्त्वा Una'di aff.

आघातय n. (आघातयः) Clumsiness, stupidity. ३. अहृक् and अहृक् aff.

आघात m. (आघातयः) Rincing the mouth: see the next.

आघातय n. (आघातयः) १. Rincing the mouth, sipping water before religious ceremonies, meals, &c. from the palm of the hand, and spitting it out again; the ceremony also includes touching the body in various parts. २. Gargling the throat, &c. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to eat, अहृक् aff.

आघातय m. (आघातयः) A spitting pot. ३. आवहृक्, उक्त्वा aff.

आघातय n. (आघातयः) १. Water for rincing the mouth. २. A gargle. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to eat, affix अहृक्.

आघातय ind. Having rinced the mouth, having sipped and rejected a little water. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to eat, अहृक् aff.

आघातय n. (आघातयः) १. Following, observing, usage, practice. २. An instituted rite or rule of conduct. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to go, अहृक् aff.

आघातय mfn. (आघातयः) Right, proper, what is to be followed or observed. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to go, अहृक् aff.

आघातय mfn. (आघातयः) Following, practising, observing. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to go, अहृक् aff.

आघातय mfn. (आघातयः) १. Observed, practised, either as a rite or usage. २. Usual, customary. ३. Enjoined, fixed by rule. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to go, affix क.

आघातय mfn. (आघातयः) To be gone to or approached. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to go, अहृक् aff.

आघातय mfn. (आघातयः) १. Sipped and ejected, (as water.) २. One who has rinced his mouth, &c. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to eat, affix क.

आघातय m. (आघातयः) Sipping water, rincing the mouth. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to eat, affix अहृक्.

आघातय n. (आघातयः) १. Rincing the mouth, &c. २. Water so used. ३. A gargle. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to eat, अहृक् aff.

आघातय m. (आघातयः) १. An established rule of conduct, an ordinance, an institute, a precept. २. Custom, practice, usage. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to go, अहृक् aff.

आघातयित mfn. (आघातयितः) १. Irregular, out of rule. २. Outcaste. ३. आवहृक् an institute, and अहृक् abandoned.

आघातय mfn. (आघातयः) Outcaste, void of decent or established practices, authorised. ३. आवहृक् and अहृक् deprived of.

आघातय mfn. (आघातयः) १. Conformable to rule or practice. २. Prescriptive. ३. आवहृक् and उक्त्वा aff.

आघातय mfn. (आघातयः) Following established rites or practice. ३. आवहृक् and अहृक् aff.

आघातय m. (आघातयः) १. A spiritual guide or teacher; he who invests the student with the sacrificial thread, and instructs him in the Vedas, the law of sacrifice, and religious mysteries. २. A name of Drona, the teacher of the Pandus. f. (आघातयः) A spiritual preceptor. f. (आघातयः) The wife of an A'charya or holy teacher. ३. आवहृक् before अहृक् to go, अहृक् affix, in the fem. अहृक् or अहृक् with आवहृक् inserted.

आघातय n. (आघातयः) The office or propitiety of a holy teacher. ३. आवहृक् and अहृक् affix also with अहृक्, आवहृक्.



**बाबाधर्मिन् mfn.** (-नः-बा-ध) Venerable, honourable.  
**बाबाध्यायिष्यन् n.** (-न) Waiting upon or serving the spiritual preceptor, a. बाबाध्याय and उपासना worship.  
**बाधित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Heaped, accumulated. 2. Covered. 3. Spread, diffused. **mn.** (-तः-त) 1. A measure of ten B'haras 2. A cart-load.  
**बाध्** and the past participle of बाध् to collect.  
**बाधित्वा mfn.** (-तः-बा-ध्) Holding an A'chita. **बाधित** and **तु** aff.  
**बाधितोऽयं mfn.** (-नः-बा-ध्) Holding or equal to an A'chita. **बाधित** and **तु** aff.  
**बाधुष n.** (-न) 1. Suction. 2. Application of cupping glasses or horns to the skin, &c. **बाध्** before **बु** to suck, **लुट्** aff.  
**बाध्** r. 1st cl. (-र) बाध् (बाधति) To lengthen or stretch.  
**बाध् mfn.** (-तः-बा-ध) 1. Covered. 2. Clothed. **बाध्** before **हृ** to cover, affix **त्**.  
**बाध्क m.** (-नः) A tree, (Morinda tinctoria).  
**बाध्क m.** (-नः) Cloth, clothes. **बाध्** before **हृ** to cover, **लुट्** aff.  
**बाध्कन n.** (-न) 1. Cloth, clothes. 2. Covering, disappearance. 3. A covering, a sheath, mantle, cloak, &c. **बाध्** before **हृ** to cover, **लुट्** aff.  
**बाध्कित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Covered. 2. Clothed. **बाध्** before **हृ** to cover, affix **त्**.  
**बाध्क्य mfn.** (-तः-बा-ध्) To be covered or clothed. **ind.** Having clothed or put on. **बाध्** before **हृ** to cover, causal form, **यत्** or **लुट्** affix; also बाध्कनीय and बाध्कितव्य.  
**बाध्क्य mfn.** (-तः-बा-ध्) Cut, cut off. **बाध्** before **हृ** to cut, **लुट्** aff.  
**बाध्कृत n.** (-न) 1. A horse laugh. 2. Making a noise with the finger nails by rubbing them on one another. **बाध्** before **कृ** to cut, **लुट्** affix; also बाध्कृतक.  
**बाध्कृतक n.** (-न) See the preceding.  
**बाध्कृत m.** (-नः) Cutting, cutting off, excision. **बाध्** before **हृ** to cut, **लुट्** aff.  
**बाध्कृत n.** (-न) Excoision. **बाध्** before **हृ** to cut, **लुट्** aff.  
**बाध्कृत n.** (-न) Hunting, the chase. **बाध्** before **हृ** to command, with **लुट्** affix, **यत्** becomes **हृ**.  
**बाज n.** (-न) Oiled butter. **बाज्** before **यज्** to go, **लुट्** aff.  
**बाजक n.** (-न) A flock of goats. **बाज** a goat, and **यज्** aff.  
**बाजकार m.** (-नः) Siva's bull. **बाज** from **यज्** to go, and **कार** what makes.  
**बाजक n.** (-न) The bow of Siva. **बाज** See बाजकार.  
**बाजानेय m.** (-नः) A horse of a good breed. **बाज** to go, **यज्** affix, **बाज** going : **बानेय** to be taken : who carries the rider through all opposition, &c.  
**बाजि f.** (-जिः) 1. War, battle. 2. Level ground. 3. An instant. 4. Abuse, reviling. **उ** going. **बाज** to go, **लुट्** Una'di affix, and **बाज्** prefixed or **यज्** with **लुट्** aff.  
**बाजिक्रिया f.** (-या) Fighting, making war. **बाज** and **क्रिया** act.  
**बाजिक्री mfn.** (-तः-बा-जि) Ambitious, desirous to excel or overcome. **बाज्** before **हृ** to conquer, in the desiderative form, affix **लुट्**.  
**बाजिक्रय mfn.** (-तः-बा-जि) What takes or seizes. **बाज्** before **यज्** to take, **लुट्** aff.  
**बाजीव m.** (-नः) Livelihood, subsistence. **बाज्** before **जीव** to live, **यज्** aff.  
**बाजीवन n.** (-न) Livelihood. **बाज्** before **जीव** to live, **लुट्** aff.  
**बाजीवनाय n.** (-न) Means of livelihood or subsistence, business, profession. **बाजीवन**, and **यज्** means.  
**बाजीव्य mfn.** (-तः-बा-जि) 1. Habitable, fertile. 2. To be practised as a means of living. **बाज्** before **जीव** to be lived, in or by.  
**बाज् f.** (-जिः) Working without wages. **बाज्** before **हृ** to become old, **लुट्** affix, also **यज्**.  
**बाज् f.** (-जिः) See the preceding. **बाज्** before **हृ** to be quick, **लुट्** affix and the final lengthened; or **यज्** to be born, and **लुट्** aff.

**बाज्क mfn.** (-नः-बा-ध) Ordered, commanded. **बाज्** before **हृ** to know, **लुट्** affix; also बाज्कित.  
**बाज्क f.** (-जिः) Order, command. **बाज्** before **हृ** to know with **लुट्** aff.  
**बाज्क f.** (-जिः) An order, a command. **बाज्** before **हृ** to know, and **लुट्** aff.  
**बाज्क mfn.** (-नः-बा-ध) Obeying, obedient, performing an order. **बाज्** (-नः) A servant. **बाज्** and **कर** who makes.  
**बाज्क m.** (-नः) Obedience, execution of orders. **बाज्** and **कर** doing.  
**बाज्क mfn.** (-नः-बा-ध) Obedient, ministrant, one who obeys or executes orders. **बाज्** and **करिन्** who acts.  
**बाज्क n.** (-नः) A mystical circle or diagram, one of six described by the Tantras. **बाज्** and **कर** a circle.  
**बाज्क mfn.** (-नः-बा-ध) Ordered, commanded. **बाज्** before **हृ** to know, affix **त्**.  
**बाज्क mfn.** (-नः-बा-ध) Obeying or executing orders, obedient. **बाज्**, **यज्** according to, **यजिन्** who goes.  
**बाज्क mfn.** (-नः-बा-ध) Obeying or executing orders. **बाज्**, **यज्** according to, and **यजिन्** who abides.  
**बाज्क mfn.** (-नः-बा-ध) Obeying, obeying or executing orders. **बाज्**, **यज्** according to, **यजिन्** who goes.  
**बाज्क mfn.** (-नः-बा-ध) Giving orders, a commander, commanding. **बाज्** before **हृ** to know, causal form, **लुट्** aff.  
**बाज्क n.** (-नः) An edict, a written order. **बाज्** and **पत्र** a page.  
**बाज्क n.** (-नः) Ordering, commanding. **बाज्** before **हृ** to know, causal form, **लुट्** aff.  
**बाज्क m.** (-नः) Disobedience, rebellion. **बाज्** and **प्रतिषेध**, rebelling.  
**बाज्क m.** (-नः) Disobedience, insubordination, disloyalty. **बाज्** and **भङ्ग** breaking.  
**बाज्क mfn.** (-नः-बा-ध) Obedient, subject, ministrant. **बाज्** and **कर** who bears.  
**बाज्क mfn.** (-नः-बा-ध) Obedient, submissive. **बाज्** and **करिन्** who executes.  
**बाज्क m.** (-नः) A Pitri or progenitor of a class of Pitris who are the sons of PULASTYA, and the ancestors of the Vaisya order. **बाज्** ghee, and **प** who drinks.  
**बाज्क m.** (-नः) Offering ghee at certain ceremonies. **बाज्** and **भक्ष** what shines.  
**बाज्क n.** (-न) Partial extraction of thorns or arrows and the like from the body. **बाज्** before **यज्** to go, **लुट्** aff.  
**बाज्क n.** (-न) A name of the monkey HANUMA'N. **बाज्** the mother of HANUMA'N, and **हृ** patronymic affix which leaves **यज्**.  
**बाज्क n.** (-न) An insect, a kind of lizard. **बाज्क** antimony, **हृ** affix, and **हृ** inserted; from the blue tint of the animal's back.  
**बाज्क m.** (-नः) A wood-man. **बाज्** a wood, and **हृ** aff.  
**बाज्क m.** (-नः) A tree, (Justicia adhenatoda, &c.) **बाज्** See बाज्क. the **यज्** being made long.  
**बाज्क m.** (-नः) The S'arali, a bird so called, (Turdus ginginiangs.) **बाज्** before **यज्** to go, **लुट्** aff.  
**बाज्क n.** (-न) The leaping motion of a calf. **बाज्** prefixed to **हृ** to go, **लुट्** affix; also written बाज्कित and बाज्कितक.  
**बाज्क m.** (-नः) A bull. **बाज्क** leaping, and **र** who gets or uses.  
**बाज्क m.** (-नः) 1. Pride. 2. Flatulence, borborygmi. **बाज्** before **हृ** a Sautra root, to be proud, and **यज्** aff.  
**बाज्क m.** (-नः) 1. Charge, sounded by musical instruments. 2. The roaring of elephants. 3. A drum used in battle. 4. Commencement. 5. The eyelid. 6. Pride, arrogance. 7. Anger, passion. 8. Happiness, pleasure. **बाज्** (-नः) Rubbing and moulding the body. **बाज्** before **हृ** to tame or subdue. **यज्** affix. **यज्** is changed to **यज्**.

प्रसन्न म. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Proper, agreeable. ३. प्रसन्न and प्रसि aff.  
 प्रातः (प्र-प्र) A bird, the sparrow, (*Turdus ginginianus*). ३. प्रातः before  
 प्र to go, प्र affix; also प्रातः, प्रातः and प्रातः. [affixes.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र-प्र) A raft, a float. ३. प्रातः, प्र to sound, प्र and प्र. Una di  
 प्रातः mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) A measure of grain equal to four Prasthas  
 or containing nearly 7 lbs. 11 oz. avoidupois : in Bengal an  
 Araka is equal to two mous or 164 lbs. avds. f. (-प्र) 1. A kind  
 of pulse, (*Cytisus orjan.*) 2. A fragrant earth : see, प्रवरी. ३. प्रातः,  
 प्र to go, irregularly प्र, fam. प्री or टाप् with प्र inserted.  
 प्रातः म. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) 1. Sown with an A'dha of seed, (a field,  
 &c.) 2. Holding or containing the same. ३. प्रातः the measure, and  
 प्र aff.  
 प्रातः म. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) See the preceding. ३. प्रातः, प्र aff.  
 प्रातः mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) 1. Opulent, wealthy, rich. 2. Abounding in, pro-  
 ductive. 3. Having, being possessed of. ३. प्रातः, प्र to consider,  
 to meditate, प्र irregular aff.  
 प्रातः न. (-प्र) Enriching, or the means of enriching, wealth, pros-  
 perity. ३. प्रातः and प्र aff.  
 प्रातः म. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Formerly opulent. ३. प्रातः and प्र aff.  
 प्रातः म. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Becoming rich or eminent. ३. प्रातः and प्र  
 to be, प्र aff.  
 प्रातः म. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Becoming rich or eminent. ३. प्रातः and प्र  
 to be, with प्र aff.  
 प्रातः mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Low, inferior : see प्रातः.  
 प्रातः mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Bearing or fit to bear panic. ३. प्रातः panic, and  
 प्र aff.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) 1. The edge of a sword. 2. The pin of the axle of a  
 cart. 3. A limit, a boundary. ३. प्रातः to sound, प्र affix, the pen-  
 long ; also प्रातः.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) A multitude of eggs, &c. ३. प्रातः and प्र aff.  
 प्रातः mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Having many eggs, &c. ३. प्रातः and प्र aff.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) 1. Fear, apprehension. 2. Disease, sickness. 3. Afflic-  
 tion, pain. 4. Fever. 5. The sound of a drum or tabor. ३. प्रातः,  
 प्रातः to live in distress, प्र aff.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) 1. Calcining, adding a powder or flux to metals infusion.  
 2. The flux so used. 3. Casting any thing into another to effect  
 some change, as butter milk into fresh milk to turn it. 4. Casting  
 away, destroying. 5. Danger, calamity, as a pestilence or epidemic.  
 6. Speed, velocity. 7. Gratifying, satisfying. ३. प्रातः, प्र to go,  
 and प्र aff.  
 प्रातः mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Spread, extended. ३. प्रातः before प्र to spread,  
 प्रातः प्रि ३. (-प्र) Stealing, persecuting, murdering, destroying. ३.  
 प्रातः प्रि and प्र affix ; also with प्र affix, प्रातः प्रि.  
 प्रातः म. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) A felon, a thief, a murderer, incendiary,  
 ravisher, &c. ३. प्रातः extended, every where, प्र to go, and प्रि  
 affix.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) 1. Sight, view. 2. Spreading, expanding. ३. प्रातः be-  
 fore प्र to spread, प्र aff.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) Sun-shine. ३. प्रातः before प्र to heat, to shine, प्र aff.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) A large umbrella of silk or leaves, used in the east as  
 a parasol. ३. प्रातः sun-shine, प्र what preserves.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) A small umbrella, a mat or basket carried on the  
 head as one. ३. प्रातः a parasol, and प्र aff.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) A Oshastah or Indian parasol. ३. प्रातः sun-shine,  
 and प्रातः preventing.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Dried in the sun, evaporated by the solar  
 heat. ३. प्रातः and प्र aff.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) Shade, a प्रातः and प्रातः non-existence.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) Fare, freight. ३. प्रातः, प्र to cross or pass over, प्र aff.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) 1. Satisfying, satisfaction. 2. Whitening the wall or

floor or seat on festival occasions. ३. प्रातः, प्र to satisfy or to be  
 satisfied, प्र aff.  
 प्रातः म. (-प्र) A kite. ३. See the next.  
 प्रातः म. (-प्र) A kite. ३. प्रातः before प्र to spread, प्रि affix ; it is  
 also read प्रातः प्रि, from प्र to be warm.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) Fare, freight. ३. प्रातः, प्र to cross, प्रि प्र.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) 1. A bird. 2. Going. ३. प्र to go, प्र affix ; or Una di  
 affix प्र.  
 प्रातः म. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) 1. Proper for a guest. 2. Hospitable, attentive  
 to a guest. ३. प्रातः प्रि a guest, and प्र aff.  
 प्रातः म. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) 1. Proper for a guest. 2. Hospitable, attent-  
 ive to a guest. n. (-प्र) Hospitality. m. (-प्र) A guest. ३. प्रातः  
 and प्र aff.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) Excess, superfluity. ३. प्रातः exceeding, प्र aff.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) Excess, quantity. ३. प्रातः much, and प्र aff.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) A raft, a float. ३. प्रातः, प्र to cross, and प्र aff.  
 प्रातः mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Diseased. ३. प्रातः before प्र to hasten, प्र aff.  
 प्रातः mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Satisfiable, to be satisfied. m. (-प्र) The custard  
 apple tree, (*Annona reticulata*.) n. (-प्र) The fruit. ३. प्रातः before  
 प्र to satisfy, प्र aff.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) A musical instrument. ३. प्रातः before प्र to torment,  
 प्रातः mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) 1. Taken, accepted. 2. Assumed. 3. Attracted. ३.  
 प्रातः before प्र to give, प्र aff.  
 प्रातः mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) 1. Humbled, degraded. 2. Perfumed. ३. प्रातः  
 taken, and प्र pride ; whose pride is taken down.  
 प्रातः mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Humbled, &c. see the preceding. ३. As before,  
 प्र pride.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) One's own act. ३. प्रातः and प्र act.  
 प्रातः mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Self-executed, done of one's self. ३. प्रातः and  
 प्र done.  
 प्रातः f. (-प्र) A plant, Cowach, (*Carpogon pruriens*.) ३. प्रातः self,  
 प्र hidden ; self-preserved.  
 प्रातः म. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Selfish, greedy, taking care of one's self,  
 appropriating, taking for one's self. ३. प्रातः and प्रातः who seizes.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) 1. Suicide. 2. Heresy, schism. ३. प्रातः and प्रातः killing.  
 प्रातः म. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) 1. A suicide. 2. A heretic, a schismatic,  
 one who disregards the moral or religious institutions of the code.  
 ३. प्रातः and प्रातः who kills. [aff.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) 1. A crow. 2. A cock. ३. प्रातः, प्र to sound, and प्र  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) A son. f. (-प्र) 1. A daughter. 2. The understanding. ३.  
 प्रातः the body or soul, and प्र born, produced.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) A son. ३. प्रातः and प्रातः birth.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) A sage, one who knows his own nature and that of  
 spirit. ३. प्रातः and प्र who knows.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) Spiritual knowledge, true wisdom. ३. प्रातः and प्रातः  
 knowledge.  
 प्रातः ind. (-प्र) Apart, to one's self, (in theatrical language.) ३. प्रातः  
 and प्र gone.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) The nature of spirit. ३. प्रातः and प्र truth.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) A sage, especially one versed in the Vedanta doc-  
 trines. ३. प्रातः and प्र who knows.  
 प्रातः f. (-प्र) 1. Identity with self. 2. Spirituality. ३. प्रातः and प्र  
 affix ; also with प्र affix, प्रातः.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) 1. A suicide. 2. A heretic, an unbeliever. ३. प्रातः  
 and प्रातः who deserts.  
 प्रातः m. (-प्र) A mirror. ३. प्रातः and प्र sight, seeing.  
 प्रातः n. (-प्र) Knowledge of man's real nature, spiritual knowledge.  
 ३. प्रातः and प्र seeing.  
 प्रातः mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Self-tormenting, fretful, miserable. ३. प्रातः  
 and प्रातः who torments.

आत्मन् m. (-न्) 1. The soul. 2. The natural temperament or disposition. 3. BRAHMA, the supreme deity and soul of the universe, or more usually in this sense परमात्मा. 4. Life, spirit, the vivifying soul in opposition to the sentient; commonly also जीवात्मा. 5. Body. 6. Care, effort, pains. 7. Firmness. 8. The understanding, the intellect. 9. The mind or faculty of reason. 10. The sun. 11. Fire. 12. Wind, air. 13. A son. 14. The self, the abstract individual. E. आत्, अत् to go, सन्ति Unādi aff.

आत्मनीय mfn. (-न्-ना-य) 1. Existent, sentient. 2. Appropriate, good for, fit for. 3. Suitable, (as diet, &c.) m. (-न्) 1. A son. 2. A wife's brother. 3. A jester. E. आत्मन् and ह्य aff.

आत्मनेपद n. (-द) The middle voice, the proper form of the verb. E. आत्मन् to one's self, पद inflected word.

आत्मन्तु m. (-न्तु) One's own kinsman, a first cousin or father's sister's son, mother's brother's son, mother's sister's son. E. आत्मन् own, and तन्तु relative.

आत्मबुद्धि f. (-द्धि) 1. Self-knowledge. 2. One's own knowledge. E. आत्मन् and बुद्धि knowledge.

आत्मवीच m. (-च) Spiritual instruction. E. आत्मन् and वीच causing to know.

आत्मभाव m. (-व) Proper or peculiar nature. E. आत्मन् and भाव disposition. आत्मभू mfn. (-भू-भू-भू) Self-born, self-existent. m. (-भू) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. Of KAMADEVA. 3. Of VISHNU, and 4. Of SIVA. E. आत्मन् self, and भू being.

आत्मभूत mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Self-produced. 2. Own, peculiar, belonging to. 3. Attached to, faithful. E. आत्मन् and भूत become.

आत्ममानिन् mfn. (-नी-मिनी-नि) Respecting one's self, decorous, respectable. E. आत्मन् and मानिन् respecting. [मूल a root.

आत्मप्ली f. (-प्ली) A plant, (Hedysarum alliagi :) see दुरालभा. E. आत्मन् and आत्मभरि mfn. (-रि-रि-रि) Relish, greedy. E. आत्मन् self and भरि who nourishes, from भृ to nourish, with रि aff.

आत्मयाजिन् m. (-जी) A wise or learned man, one who studies his own nature and that of the soul. E. आत्मन् and याजिन् who worships.

आत्मयोनि m. (-नि) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. Of SIVA. 3. Of VISHNU, and 4. Of KAMADEVA. E. आत्मन् self, and योनि the place of birth : see आत्मभू.

आत्मलोमन् n. (-म) 1. The beard. 2. The hair of the body. E. आत्मन् and लोमन् hair.

आत्मवत् ind. Like one's self. E. आत्मन् and वत् aff.

आत्मवन् mfn. (-वन्-वती-वत्) 1. Prudent, considerate. 2. Self-possessed, composed, calm. E. आत्मन् and वत् aff.

आत्मवत्ता f. (-त्ता) 1. Self-resemblance. 2. Proportion, analogy. 3. Prudence, self-regard. E. तत् added to the preceding.

आत्मवज्र m. (-ज) Subjection of the mind, self-control, self-government. E. आत्मन् and वज्र subjection.

आत्मविद् m. (-विद्) 1. A sensible man, one who knows himself. 2. A wise man, a sage, one who knows the nature of the soul or spirit. E. आत्मन् and विद् who knows.

आत्मविद्या f. (-द्या) Spiritual knowledge. E. आत्मन् and विद्या science.

आत्मविशिष्ट f. (-ष्ट) Self-advantage. E. आत्मन् and विशिष्ट increase.

आत्मवीर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Existent, sentient. 2. Appropriate, good for one's self. 3. Suitable, (as diet, &c.) m. (-र) 1. A wife's brother. 2. A jester. E. आत्मन् and वीर heroic, strong.

आत्मवृत्ति f. (-वृत्ति) Practising one's duties or occupation. E. आत्मन् and वृत्ति profession.

आत्मवृत्ति f. (-वृत्ति) Inherent or own power. E. आत्मन् self, and वृत्ति power.

आत्मवृत्ति f. (-वृत्ति) Self-purification. E. आत्मन् and वृत्ति purity.

आत्मवृत्ति f. (-वृत्ति) Boasting. E. आत्मन् self, and वृत्ति praise.

आत्मवृत्ति m. (-वृत्ति) Self-restraint, stoicism. E. आत्मन् self, and वृत्ति restraint.

आत्मवृत्ति m. (-वृत्ति) Internal doubt. E. आत्मन् and वृत्ति doubt.

आत्मवृत्ति m. (-वृत्ति) A son. E. आत्मन् and वृत्ति birth.

आत्मवान् ind. One's own. E. आत्मन् and वत् aff. [वत् made.

आत्मवान्कृत mfn. (-त-ता-त) Appropriated, made one's own. E. आत्मन् and कृत. आत्मवृत्ति f. (-वृत्ति) Self-advantage. E. आत्मन् and वृत्ति accomplishment.

आत्महत्या f. (-हत्या) Suicide, self-destruction. E. आत्मन् and हत्या killing.

आत्महन् m. (-हन्) 1. A suicide, a self-murderer. 2. A heretic, an unbeliever.

3. A priest in a temple, a servant or attendant upon an idol. E. आत्मन् and हन् who kills or destroys, self-destroying; the priest subsisting by appropriating to himself offerings to deities, for which future punishment is assigned.

आत्महन्त n. (-न्त) Suicide. E. आत्मन् and हन्त killing.

आत्महित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Beneficial to one's self. E. आत्मन् and हित good for. आत्महित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Self-counselled. m. (-त) A treaty dictated by the party wishing it himself. E. आत्मन् and आहित directed.

आत्महीन mfn. (-न-ना-न) Sentient, existent. m. (-न) 1. A wife's brother. 2. A censorious man. 3. A son. E. आत्मन् and हीन dependent.

आत्मह्वारक m. (-क) An impostor, one who pretends to belong to a higher class than his own. E. आत्मन् and ह्वारक a plunderer : who steals himself.

आत्मार्थ mfn. (-र्थ-या-र्थ) For one's own sake, for the sake of one's self. E. आत्मन् and र्थ object.

आत्मामिन् m. (-मि) A fish. E. आत्मन्, अम् to eat, मिन् affix ; supposed to eat its young.

आत्मायय m. (-य) 1. Self-dependance. 2. Innate idea, abstract knowledge, independent of the thing to be known. E. आत्मन् self, and आयय asylum. [ह्य aff.

आत्मोद्य mfn. (-य-या-य) 1. Cognate, related, of kin. 2. Own. E. आत्मन् and आत्मोद्य m. (-य) Self-advantage or elevation. E. आत्मन् and उद्य rising.

आत्मोपम mfn. (-म-सा-म) Like one's self. E. आत्मन् and उपमा resemblance.

आत्मोपजीविन् mfn. (-जी-विजी-वि) 1. A public performer, actor, singer, dancer, &c. 2. A day-labourer. E. आत्मन् self, उपजीविन् who subsists : who lives by his own exertions.

आत्मोद्भव mfn. (-व-वा-व) Born or produced from one's self. m. (-व) A son. f. (-व) 1. A daughter. 2. A plant, (Glycine debilis.) E. आत्मन् and उद्भव born.

आत्मलिक mfn. (-क-की-क) 1. Supreme. 2. Excessive, abundant. 3. In finite. E. अत्यन्त exceeding, टक् aff.

आत्मलिक mfn. (-क-की-क) 1. Ill-omened, unpropitious. 2. Destructive. 3. Disastrous. 4. Distressing, painful. E. अत्यन्त destruction, टक् aff.

आत्मलिक m. (-क) A gallinule : see दाक्षिण्य.

आत्मेय m. (-य) 1. The name of a Muni or saint, the son of ATMI, applicable to DATTA, DURVASAS, and SOMA. 2. An essential humor or juice of the body. f. (-यिका or -यी) A woman during her courses. f. (-यी) 1. The name of a river in the north of Bengal. 2. The wife of ATMI. 3. Any woman of the Brahmanical order. E. अत्ति a saint so called, टक् patronymic aff.

आत्मवेद m. (-व) 1. A family priest. 2. A Brahman versed in the At'hav Veda. n. (-व) 1. A collection of prayers, &c. delivered by AT'HAR VAS, a sage. 2. A private apartment in which after sacrifice, the sacrificer receives absolution from the officiating Brahman. E. अत्यन्त a Veda, and वेद aff.

आत्मवेदिक m. (-व) A Brahman who has studied the At'hav Veda. E. अत्यन्त and वेद aff.

आत्मवृत्ति m. (-वृत्ति) Taken, received. E. आत् before वृत् to give, वत् aff.

आत्मवृत्ति mfn. (-वृत्ति) Taking, accepting. E. आत् before वृत् to give, वत् aff.

आत्मवृत्ति mfn. (-वृत्ति) Having, possessing. E. आत् before वृत् to have, वत् aff.

आत्मवृत्ति m. (-वृत्ति) Respect, reverence. 3. Commencement, beginning. E. आत्, वृत् to have, वत् aff.

**पदवीय mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) 1. Venerable, respectable. 2. To be attended to. **ए. बाङ्** before **ह** to have, **वनीवर्** aff. [aff.]

**पदवीय mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) To be respected or regarded. **ए. बाङ्**, **ह** and **तय**

**पदवीय mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) Venerable, respectable. **ए. बाङ्** before **ह** to have, **यत्** aff.

**पद्वि m.** (-यः) 1. A Mirror. 2. A commentary. 3. The original manuscript from which a copy is taken. **ए. बाङ्**, **ह** to see, **यत्** aff.

**पद्वि n.** (-यः) 1. Showing, making apparent or seen. 2. A mirror. **ए. बाङ्** before **ह** to see, causal form, **यत्** aff.

**पद्वित mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) Shewn, made apparent. **ए. बाङ्** before **ह** to see, causal form, **यत्** aff.

**पद्वि n.** (-यः) 1. Taken, receipt, acceptance. 2. A horse's trappings. 3. A symptom. **फ. (-यः)** A plant : see **इतिषीषा**. **ए. बाङ्** reversing the sense, and **दा** to give, **यत्** affix, **यत्** aff.

**पद्वि ind.** Having taken. **ए. बाङ्** before **दा** to give, **यत्** aff.

**पद्विचर mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) Who goes away after taking any thing. **ए. बादाय**, **चर** to go, **ट** aff.

**पदि m.** only. (-यः) 1. First, prior. 2. First, pre-eminent, ind. (In composition,) Other, et-cetera, as **खादि** the affix **यु** et-cetera. **ए. बाङ्** before **दा** to give, and **कि** aff.

**पदिकर m.** (-यः) BRAHMA, the creator. **ए. बादि** and **कर** who makes.

**पदिकर्तृ m.** (-यः) BRAHMA, as the creator. **ए. बादि** and **कर्तृ** who makes.

**पदिकवि m.** (-यः) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. A name of VALMIKI, the first mortal poet. **ए. बादि** the first, and **वि** a poet.

**पदिकारण n.** (-यः) A primary cause. **ए. बादि** and **कारण** cause.

**पदिस्त् ind.** From the first, from the beginning. **ए. बादि** and **स्ति** aff.

**पदिस्त्व m.** (-यः) A deity, a divinity. **ए. बादि** the mother of the gods, and **द्व** derivative aff.

**पदित्व m.** (-यः) 1. A deity in general. 2. A deity of a particular class ; the ADITYAS are twelve in number, they are forms of SURYA or the sun, and appear to represent him as distinct in each month of the year. 3. The sun. **ए. बादि** the mother of the gods, and **द्व** derivative aff.

**पदित्वपुष्पिका f.** (-यः) Red swallow wort. **ए. बादित्व** the sun, and **पुष्पिका** having a flower, the flower of the sun, from its red colour : see **पुष्पपुष्पिका**. [circle.]

**पदित्वमण्डल n.** (-यः) The disc or orb of the sun. **ए. बादित्व** and **मण्डल** a

**पदित्वमण्डल m.** (-यः) 1. A name of SUGRIVA, a monkey king ; 2. of YAMA ; 3. of SANI or SATURN. **ए. बादित्व** the sun, and **मण्डल** a son.

**पदित्व n.** (-यः) Priority, precedence. **ए. बादि** and **त्व** added : also **बादिता** with **त्** aff.

**पदित्विता f.** (-यः) Wish to seize. **ए. बाङ्** before **दा** to give, desiderative form, **यत्** aff.

**पदित्व mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) Wishing to take or have. **ए. बाङ्** before **दा** to give, desiderative form, **यत्** aff.

**पदिस्त्व m.** (-यः) Name of VISHNU or NARAYANA. **ए. बादि** the first, and **स्त्व** a god, the first god, the creator.

**पदिपुत्र m.** (-यः) The first male, usually applied to VISHNU. **ए. बादि** the first, and **पुत्र** a man.

**पदिभूत mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) First born or existent. **म. (-यः)** BRAHMA. **ए. बादि** and **भूत** been.

**पदिस्त्व mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) First, prior. **ए. बादि** and **स्ति** aff.

**पदिराज m.** (-यः) The name of a king ; also **पुत्र**. **ए. बादि** and **राजन्** a king, the first king ; he was a form of VISHNU, and husband of Prithivi or the earth.

**पदिराज m.** (-यः) A name of VISHNU. **ए. बादि** and **राज** a boar ; the first boar, alluding to VISHNU's avatars or incarnation in that form ; also similar compounds, as **बादित्वराज**, **बादित्वी**, &c.

**पदिस्त्व mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) 1. Commanded, directed. 2. Appointed. 3. Ad-

viced, enjoined. 4. Said. **न. (-यः)** Fragments or leavings of a meal. **ए. बाङ्** before **दि** to point or shew, **यत्** aff.

**पदिस्त्व m.** (-यः) 1. A student, a Brahman in the first order. 2. A penite, one engaged in any expiatory rite. **ए. बादि** what is instructed, and **स्ति** aff.

**पदीय m.** (-यः) 1. Distress, pain, uneasiness. 2. Fault, transgression. 3. An inflictor of distress. **ए. बाङ्** before **दी** to decay, deriv. irr.

**पदीय n.** (-यः) 1. Whitening the wall, floor, or seat, &c. upon festival occasions. 2. Embellishing. 3. Inflaming, exciting. **ए. बाङ्**, **दी** to beautify, **यत्** aff. [aff.]

**पदीयित mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) 1. Illuminated. **ए. बाङ्** before **दी** to inflame, **यत्** aff.

**पदीय mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) 1. Respectful. 2. Respected, honoured, worshipped. 3. Zealous, diligent. **ए. बाङ्** before **ह** to have, and **यत्** aff.

**पदीय mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) Venerable, respectable. **ए. बाङ्** before **ह** to have, **यत्** affix : **यत्** affix

**पदीय mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) Receivable, leviable, what may be taken or received. **ए. बाङ्** before **दा** to give, **यत्** aff.

**पदीय mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) One who sports or plays. **ए. बाङ्** before **दि** to sport, **यत्** aff.

**पदीय m.** (-यः) 1. An order, a command. 2. Advice, instruction. 3. (In grammar.) A substitute. 4. (In astrology.) Event, result, consequence of stellar conjunctions, &c. **ए. बाङ्** before **दि** to point or shew, **यत्** aff.

**पदीय m.** (-यः) 1. A commander, a director. 2. An astrologer, a fortune-teller. **ए. बाङ्** before **दि** to point or shew, and **यत्** aff.

**पदीय m.** (-यः) 1. An adviser, a director, a commander. 2. An employer of priests. **ए. बाङ्** before **दि** to shew, **यत्** aff.

**पदीय mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) 1. First, initial. 2. Edible, what is to be or may be eaten. **न. (-यः)** 1. Grain. 2. Food. **फ. (-यः)** A name of DEWA. **ए. बादि** and **यत्** affix, **यत्** aff.

**पदीय m.** (-यः) A name of VALMIKI, author of the Ramayana. **ए. बादि** first, and **वि** a poet, being the first who wrote Sanskrit verse.

**पदीय mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) From the beginning to the end. **न. (-यः)** Beginning and end, first and last. **ए. बादि** first, and **यत्** last.

**पदीय mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) Finite, having beginning and end. **ए. बादि** beginning, **यत्** end, and **यत्** aff.

**पदीय m.** (-यः) A Masha, a weight equal to five Gunja or Retti seeds, about 17½ grains troy. **ए. बादि** and **माशक** a Masha, the primary Masha ; also **माश** and **माश**.

**पदीय n.** (-यः) A primary cause. **ए. बादि** and **बीज** seed, cause.

**पदीय mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) 1. Shamelessly voracious. 2. Without the beginning. **ए. बाङ्**, **दि** to play or enjoy in the past, past, or **बादि** first, and **यत्** minus.

**पदीय adv.** (-यः) From first to last. **ए. बादि** and **उप** near, **यत्** end.

**पदीय n.** (-यः) A pledge. [उत् aff.]

**पदीय mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) Unjust, unrighteous. **ए. बा** neg. **यत्** virtue, &c.

**पदीय n.** (-यः) 1. Conviction, (of crime or of error.) 2. Sentence, refutation. 3. Injuring, annoying. **ए. बाङ्** before **य** to be bold, **यत्** aff.

**पदीय mfn.** (-यः-बा-य) 1. Convicted, sentenced. 2. Refuted, disproved. 3. Injured, aggrieved. **ए. बाङ्** before **य** to be bold, affix **यत्**.

**पदीय n.** (-यः) 1. Taking, having. 2. Receiving, recovering. 3. A ceremony performed with consecrated fire. 4. A pledge, a deposit. 5. A surety. 6. A ceremony performed previous to conception : see **गर्भाधान**. **ए. बाङ्** before **दा** to have, affix **यत्**.

**पदीय n.** (-यः) A ceremony performed after cohabitation to procure or favour conception. **ए. बादान** and **उत्** affix : see the preceding.

**पदीय ind.** Having deposited or pledged. **ए. बाङ्** before **दा** to have, **यत्** aff.

**पदीय m.** (-यः) 1. Support, prop, stay. 2. Receptacle. 3. Comprehen-

sion, location, the sense of the ablative in or on. 4. A dike, a canal. 5. A basin round the foot of a tree. ६. आङ् before ह् to hold or contain, च्छ् aff.

आधारविद्यमान m. (-वः) The influence or action of the support or recipient upon the thing received or supported. ६. आधार support, &c. आधेय what is to be held, and भाव quality.

आधि m. (-विः) 1. Mental agony, anxiety. 2. Exception. 3. Definition. 4. A pledge, a pawn, a mortgage. 5. Location, fixing, scite, &c. 6. Engagement. ६. आङ् before च्छ् to reflect, and कि aff.

आधिक्य n. (-क्यः) Excess. ६. अधिक more, च्छ् aff.

आधिक्य mfn. (-क्यः-जा-क्यः) Produced by pain, &c. ६. आधि pain, and ज produced.

आधिक्य mfn. (-क्यः-जा-क्यः) 1. Crooked. 2. Pained, distressed. ६. आधि pain, &c. and ज who knows. [aff.]

आधिकारक n. (-क्यः) 1. Possession. 2. Location. ६. अधिकारक, and च्छ् अधिकारिक mfn. (-क्यः-की-क्यः) 1. Supreme, superior, relating or belonging to any thing or person of importance or sway. 2. Official, relating to any office or duty. ६. अधिकार and उच्छ् aff.

आधित्य n. (-क्यः) Nature or circumstance of a pledge. ६. अधि and त्व aff.

आधित्योपधि m. (-धिः) The object or purpose with which a pledge is given, the conditions or terms of a mortgage. ६. आधित्य and उपधि condition

आधिदेविक mfn. (-क्यः-की-क्यः) Relating to, a tutelary or presiding deity. ६. अधिदेव and उच्छ् aff.

आधिपत्य n. (-क्यः) Power, supremacy, sovereignty. ६. अधिपति a lord or master, &c. च्छ् aff.

आधिपत्य m. (-क्यः) Usufruct, enjoyment or use of a deposit, use of a horse, cow, &c. pledged. ६. अधि a pledge, and मीन enjoyment.

आधिमीतिक mfn. (-क्यः-की-क्यः) Elementary, derived or produced from the primitive elements. ६. अधिभूत a material cause, उच्छ् aff.

आधिमन्त्र्य m. (-वः) Feverish heat or burning. ६. अधि and मन्त्र्य distress, च्छ् aff.

आधिपत्य n. (-क्यः) Supreme sway, royalty, royal government. ६. अधिराज and च्छ् aff.

आधिदेविक mfn. (-क्यः-की-क्यः) Property, &c. given to a first wife upon marrying a second. ६. अधि before विद् to know, and च्छ् ट affix, अधिदेव, उच्छ् aff.

आधीकरण n. (-क्यः) 1. Pledging, mortgaging. 2. A pledge. ६. अधि and करण making, &c. with वि inserted.

आधीकृत mfn. (-क्यः-ता-क्यः) Pledged, pawned, mortgaged. ६. अधि and कृत made, with वि augment. [ment.]

आधीकृत ind. Having pledged. ६. अधि with कृत having done, वि aug-  
वाधत mfn. (-क्यः-ता-क्यः) Shaken, trembling. ६. आङ् before धृ or धृ to trem-  
ble, affix क्त it is also long, आधूत.

आधुनिक mfn. (-क्यः-की-क्यः) New, recent, of the present moment. ६. अधुना now, and उच्छ् aff.

आधूत mfn. (-क्यः-ता-क्यः) Shaken, agitated, trembling. ६. आङ् before धृ shaken.

आधूय n. (-क्यः) Weakness, infirmity. ६. अधू neg. धूय to be borne, च्छ् aff.

आधृत mfn. (-क्यः-ता-क्यः) Contained, supported. ६. आङ् before धृ to have, क्त aff.

आधेय mfn. (-क्यः-या-क्यः) 1. Placed, deposited or to be deposited. 2. To be received or supported. 3. To be pledged or mortgaged. ६. आङ् before धृ to have or hold, and उच्छ् aff.

आधीरण m. (-वः) The rider or driver of an elephant. ६. आङ् before धीर to move well, क्छ् ट aff.

आधीर्य mfn. (-क्यः-ता-क्यः) 1. Sounder, sounding. 2. Inflated. 3. Burnt. m. (-क्यः) 1. Flatulence, borborygmi, swelling of the abdomen with noise. 2. War, battle. ६. आङ् before धृ to blow, affix क्त.

आधान n. (-क्यः) 1. Blowing, inflation. 2. A bellow. 3. Intumescence,

swelling of the belly, dropsy. ६. आङ् before धृ to blow, and क्छ् ट aff.

आधा f. (-धा) Recollection, remembering especially with regret. ६. आङ् before धृ to reflect, च्छ् affix, and ट्छ् fem.

आध्यात्मिक mfn. (-क्यः-की-क्यः) Relating to the supreme spirit, spiritual, holly. ६. आध्यात्म the soul, and उच्छ् aff.

आधान n. (-क्यः) Remembering, pensive or sorrowful recollection, dwelling or meditating upon, &c. ६. आङ् before धृ to consider, and क्छ् ट aff.

आध्यापक m. (-क्यः) A teacher, a scriptural preceptor. ६. आङ् prefixed to the causal of अधि to peruse, affix भुन्.

आध्यापकीय m. (-क्यः) Usufruct of a pledge. ६. अधि and उपमीन enjoyment.

आध्यापक mfn. (-क्यः-की-क्यः) Belonging to the officiating priest. ६. अध्याप्य and च्छ् aff.

आन m. (-नः) Breath inspired. ६. आङ् to be, च्छ् affix ; existing by it.

आनक m. (-क्यः) 1. A large military drum, beaten at one end. 2. A double drum. 3. A small drum or tabor. 4. A thunder-cloud, or a cloud to which the noise of the thunder is ascribed. ६. आङ् before न to sound, and उच्छ् aff.

आनकदुग्धि m. (-भिः) A name of Vasudeva the father of Krishna. ६. आनकदुग्ध the parent of Vasudeva, उच्छ् aff.

आनकदुग्धि mfn. (-भिः-की-भिः) A large drum beaten at one end, a large d'hol or a kettle drum. ६. आनक what sounds and दुग्धि a drum.

आनक्य m. (-क्यः) Name of a Muni or sage : see कान्धिल.

आनत mfn. (-क्यः-ता-क्यः) 1. Bending, stooping, bowed. 2. Pacified, conciliated. 3. Humbled. 4. Submissive, obedient. ६. आङ् before न to bow or bend, affix क्त. [किन्त्वा]

आनति f. (-तिः) Bending, bowing, stooping. ६. आङ् before न to bow

आनत mfn. (-क्यः-ता-क्यः) 1. Bound, tied. 2. Costive. n. (-क्यः) 1. A drum : general : also चवनक. 2. Dressing, Putting on clothes or ornament. ६. आङ्, before न्ध to bind, and क्त aff.

आनन n. (-नः) The mouth, (and by syncope) the face. ६. आङ् before न to live or breathe, क्छ् ट aff.

आनन्य n. (-क्यः) Proximity, absence of interval. 2. Immediate consequence or succession. ६. आननर and वञ्च aff.

आनन्त्य n. (-क्यः) 1. Infinity. 2. Immortality, future happiness. ६. अनन्त, च्छ् aff.

आनन्द m. (-क्यः) 1. Happiness, joy. 2. BALAKAMA according to the Jain system of many KRISHNAS and many BALAKAMA. n. (-क्यः) Got

Supreme spirit, according to the Vedanta. f. (-क्यः) A plant, vulgarly A'kanpata. ६. आङ् before न्दि to be or make happy, च्छ् aff.

आनन्द्य mfn. (-क्यः-या-क्यः) Happy, joyful. m. (-क्यः) Happiness, joy. ६. आन before न्दि to be happy, and च्छ् ट aff.

आनन्द mfn. (-क्यः-ता-क्यः) Exhilarating, delighting : so आनन्दकर.

आनन्दक m. (-क्यः) Membrum virile.

आनन्द n. (-नः) 1. Civility, courtesy, the treatment of a friend or guest at meeting and parting. 2. Delighting, making happy. 3. What gives or occasions delight. ६. आङ् before न्दि to make happy, and क्छ् ट aff.

आनन्दपट n. (-क्यः) Bridal clothes. ६. आनन्द making happy, and पट cloth.

आनन्दमय m. (-क्यः) The seminal fluid. ६. आनन्द pleasure, and मय what is

manifest. आनन्दमय mfn. (-क्यः-की-क्यः) Blissful, made up or consisting of happiness. n. (-क्यः) The Supreme Spirit. ६. आनन्द and मय ट aff.

आनन्दमयीय m. (-क्यः) The innermost case of the body, or causal frame enshrining the soul. ६. आनन्दमय and मयी sheath.

आनन्दानन्द m. (-नः) A king.

आनन्दि m. (-क्यः) Happiness, pleasure ; also आनन्दी f. (-क्यः) ६. आङ् before न्दि to be happy, and कि aff. [to be happy affix क्त]

आनन्दिन mfn. (-क्यः-ता-क्यः) Happy, rejoiced, delighted. ६. आङ् before न्दि

**आनन्द mfn.** (-दी-दिनी-न्दि) Happy, joyful. **३.** आनन्द and रनि aff.  
**आनत mfn.** (-त-ता-त) Bent, bowed down. **३.** आङ् before नत् with त् aff.  
**आनय mfn.** (-य-या-य) Bowing, stooping, bent, bowed down. **३.** आङ् before नत् to bow, रङ् aff.  
**आनय m.** (-यः) 1. Bringing. 2. Investiture with the sacred thread. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to obtain, यङ् aff.  
**आनयन n.** (-नः) 1. Bringing. 2. Investiture with the sacred thread. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to get, affix लुट्.  
**आनत m.** (-तः) 1. A country on the north of the Malabar Coast. 2. A stage, a theatre. 3. War. 4. Water. 5. An inhabitant of A'arta. **३.** आङ् before नत् to dance, aff. यङ्.  
**आनयन n.** (-नः) 1. Unfitness, impropriety. 2. Uselessness, unprofitableness. **३.** अनयं unprofitable, यङ् aff.  
**आनय m.** (-यः) A net. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to obtain, यङ् aff.  
**आनय mfn.** (-य-या-य) To be brought. **३.** (यः) Consecrated fire, taken from the household fire, and placed on the south side. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to obtain, यङ् aff. : deriv. irregular.  
**आनय m.** (-यः) 1. Epistasis, suppression of urine, or constipation. 2. Length, especially of cloth. **३.** आङ् before नत् to bind, affix यङ्.  
**आनिल m.** (-नः) Name of HANUMAN and BHIMA. **३.** अनिल and अङ् patronymic affix ; see the next.  
**आनिल m.** (-नः) 1. A name of the monkey HANUMAN. 2. BHIMA. **३.** अनिल the wind, patronymic affix यङ् ; HANUMAN and BHIMA being the sons of ANILA or the wind. **३.** (नः) A name of SWATI, the fifteenth Nakshatra or lunar mansion. **३.** अनिल and अङ् affix, fem. डौप् ; ANILA being the ruling deity of the asterism.  
**आनीत mfn.** (-त-ता-त) 1. Taken. 2. Brought. 3. Obtained. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to obtain, and त् aff.  
**आनीय md.** 1. Having taken. 2. Having brought. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to obtain, and यङ् aff.  
**आनीय mfn.** (-त-ता-त) Darkish. **३.** (नः) A black horse. **३.** आङ् diminutive, and नील black or dark blue.  
**आनन्द m.** (-नः) Favour, kindness. **३.** अनुकूल favourable, यङ् aff. [aff.  
**आनयन n.** (-नः) Acquaintance, familiarity. **३.** अनुगत followed, यङ्  
**आनयनिक mfn.** (-नः) About or belonging to the village, rustic, rural, &c. **३.** अनुग्राम and डङ् aff. [डङ् aff.  
**आनयनिक mfn.** (-नः) Following, pursuing, tracking. **३.** अनुपद and अनुपद्वं nf (-व्य-व्यी) 1. Order, series, succession. 2. (In law) Direct order of the castes. 3. (In logic) A conclusion, regularly or syllogistically deduced. **३.** अनु subsequent, पूर्व first, यङ् affix ; also अनुपूर्व and अनुपूर्वक.  
**आनुमानिक mfn.** (-नः) Inferable, inferred, subject to inference, derived from inference, &c. **३.** अनुमान inference, and डङ् aff.  
**आनुरक्ति f.** (-क्तिः) Passion, affection. **३.** अनुरक्ति the same, the first vowel male long.  
**आनुलोम n.** (-लः) Direct order, regular series or succession. **३.** अनुलोम direct, and यङ् aff.  
**आनुलोमिक mfn.** (-नः) Regular, orderly, in due course or series. **३.** अनुलोम and डङ् aff.  
**आनुविधि f.** (-धिः) Ingratitude. **३.** अनु and वि before प्रा to have, desiderative form, affixes अङ् and टप्.  
**आनुवर्तिक mfn.** (-नः) 1. Proportional, like, analogous, relative. 2. Necessary, (as result, consequence.) 3. Connected, concomitant with, adherent, inherent. 4. (In grammar) Elliptical, including or agreeing with words not comprised in the sentence. **३.** अनुवर्त relation or connexion, डङ् aff.  
**आनूप m.** (-पः) Any animal frequenting marshy places, as a buffalo, &c. **३.** अनूप marshy ground, and यङ् aff.

**आनूपमस m.** (-सः) Flesh or meat of animals frequenting marshes, &c. **३.** आनूप and मस flesh.  
**आनूय n.** (-यः) Acquittance of debt or obligation. **३.** अनूयी out of debt, यङ् aff.  
**आनूय n.** (-यः) 1. Mildness. 2. Cruelty. **३.** अनूय mild, and यङ् affix, or आङ् intensive, and डङ् aff. cruelty.  
**आनितय mfn.** (-यः) To be brought or taken. **३.** आङ् before वीज् to take, तय aff. [यङ् aff.  
**आनय mfn.** (-य-या-य) To be taken or brought. **३.** आङ् before वी to take  
**आनयन n.** (-नः) Clumsiness, stupidity. **३.** अनयन not dexterous, यङ् affix ; and the initial optionally long.  
**आनयन n.** (-यः) Absence of power or supremacy **३.** अनयन the same, and the initial optionally long.  
**आन mfn.** (-नः) Gone. **३.** अङ् to go, त् aff. [यङ् aff.  
**आन mfn.** (-नः) Final, terminal, relating to the end. **३.** अन and आनयनिक mfn. (-नः) Included, comprehended, (in a class or troop.) **३.** अनय and नय a class, डङ् aff.  
**आनयन mfn.** (-नः) Heavenly, celestial, produced in the sky. **३.** (नः) The firmament **३.** अनयन the same, and यङ् aff.  
**आनयनिक mfn.** (-नः) Produced or occurring within a house. **३.** अनयनयन and डङ् aff.  
**आनिका f.** (-का) An elder sister : see अनिका.  
**आनिक mfn.** (-नः) Visceral, relating to the bowels. **३.** अनय an entrail, and डङ् aff.  
**आनय n.** 10th cl. (-त) आनययति To swing.  
**आनय m.** (-नः) Swinging. **३.** आनय to swing and यङ् aff.  
**आनयन n.** (-नः) 1. Swinging. 2. A swing. 3. Trembling, oscillation. **३.** आनय to swing, यङ् aff.  
**आनयन mfn.** (-नः) Swung, shaken. **३.** Participle past of आनय.  
**आनय m.** (-नः) The scum of boiled rice. **३.** अनय and यङ् aff.  
**आनयनिक m.** (-नः) A cook. **३.** अनय boiled rice, and डङ् aff.  
**आनय mfn.** (-नः) 1. Fed, having food. 2. Relating to food, derived from it, &c. **३.** अनय and यङ् aff.  
**आनय m.** (-नः) A native of Telengana. **३.** अनय country, यङ् aff.  
**आनयनिक mfn.** (-नः) 1. Of a good family, well born. 2. Orderly, according to order or arrangement. **३.** अनय race, डङ् aff.  
**आनयनिकी f.** (-की) Logical philosophy, metaphysics. **३.** अनु according to, ईङ् to see, डङ् aff.  
**आप r.** 1st, 5th & 10th cls. (-पः) आप (आपति, आपति or -पति and आपयति) 1. To pervade or occupy. 2. To obtain, to gain. In the first sense it is usually employed with वि prefixed, and in the second with अ or प्र ; also with अभि and वि prefixed, to spread one place to another ; with परि and वि or सं and वि, to obtain completely ; with सं and वि to meet with, light upon or fall into ; with उप, सं and प्र, to arrive at, to enter.  
**आप m.** (-पः) One of the eight demigods called Vasus. **३.** आप् to obtain, यङ् aff.  
**आपक mfn.** (-नः) Offensive, mischievous, unfriendly. **३.** अपक offence, यङ् aff.  
**आपक mfn.** (-नः) 1. Half baked, crude, raw. 2. Nearly ripe, not quite ripe. 3. Undressed, what is eaten without further preparation, (as bread, &c.) **३.** आङ् diminutive, पङ्क dressed, cooked.  
**आपन f.** (-नः) A river, a stream. **३.** आप् a quantity of water, the ocean, and न fem. derivative from गम् to go.  
**आपन m.** (-नः) 1. A market. 2. A shop. **३.** आङ् before and पङ्क to trade, affix यङ्.  
**आपनिक mfn.** (-नः) Mercantile, relating to traffic, to a market, &c. **३.** (नः) 1. A merchant, a dealer, a shop-keeper. 2. Tax on markets or shops. 3. Assize, market rate. **३.** आङ् before पङ्क to negotiate, यङ् aff. Un'adi affix ; or आपन and डङ् aff.

**आगत** n. (-न्) 1. Coming, approaching. 2. Descending, alighting. 8. Happening. **ह.** आङ् before पत् to go, छुट् aff.

**आगतिक** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Accidental, unforeseen, sent from heaven. m. (-कः) A hawk, a falcon. **ह.** आङ् before पत् to go, to fall, इकन् Unad. aff.

**आपतित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Happened, befallen. 2. Alighted, descended. **ह.** आङ् before पत् to go, affix क्.

**आपत्काल** m. (-न्) Season of distress. **ह.** आपद् and काल time.

**आपत्कालिक** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Occurring in a time of calamity, belonging to it. **ह.** आपत्काल and ठक् or ठञ् aff.

**आपत्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. Misfortune, calamity. 2. Obtaining, procuring. 3. Fault, Transgression. 4. Remonstrance, expostulation. **ह.** आङ् before पद् to go, क्तिन् aff.

**आपत्प्रप्त** mfn. (-प्रः-प्ता-प्रं) Unfortunate, unhappy, afflicted. **ह.** आपद् misfortune, and प्रप्त obtained.

**आपद्** f. (-पद्-पत्) Misfortune, calamity. **ह.** आङ् before पद् to go, क्तिप् aff.

**आपद्ग्रस्त** mfn. (-ग्रः-ग्रा-ग्रं) Unfortunate, unhappy, in misfortune. **ह.** आपद् and ग्रस्त seized

**आपद्वैद्य** n. (-वै) Practice or profession other than that proper to caste, but allowable in time of distress. **ह.** आपद् and वैद्य virtue.

**आपदा** f. (-दा-दै) Misfortune, calamity. **ह.** आङ् before पद् to go, अङ् and टाप् affs. ; also आपद्.

**आपन** n. (-न्) 1. Obtaining. 2. Pepper. **ह.** आप to obtain, ल्युट् aff.

**आपनिक** m. (-कः) 1. An emerald. 2. A barbarian. **ह.** आङ् before पत् to praise, and इकन् Unad. aff.

**आपन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नं) 1. Unfortunate, afflicted. 2. Gained, obtained, acquired. **ह.** आङ् before पद् to go, क् participial aff.

**आपन्नमल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Impregnated, pregnant. f. (-ला) A pregnant woman. **ह.** आपन्न obtained, मल thing, substance, टाप् aff.

**आपन्नियक** n. (-कः) Property, &c. obtained by barter. **ह.** आपन्निय having changed, ककन् aff [and ठञ् aff.]

**आपराह्निक** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Occurring in the afternoon, &c. **ह.** अपराह्न आपन्न m. (-न्) A name of VASSISHEA.

**आपस्** n. (-पः) 1. Water. 2. Sin. **ह.** आप to obtain, असन् aff.

**आपस्कार** n. (-रः) The root or extremity of the trunk or body. **ह.** अपस्कार क्तिन्, अथ aff.

**आपसाक्ष** m. (-क्षः) The name of a sage and legislator.

**आपाक** m. (-कः) 1. A potter's kiln. 2. A baking oven. **ह.** आङ् before पक् to bake, छञ् aff.

**आपाकुर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Slightly pale, palish. **ह.** आङ् dimin. पाकुर pale.

**आपात** m. (-तः) 1. Throwing down, causing to descend. 2. Falling, descending. 3. The instant, the current moment. **ह.** आङ् before पत् to go, to fall, छञ् aff.

**आपाततत्** ind. Immediately, instantly. **ह.** तत्ति added to the last.

**आपान** m. (-नः) A tavern, a liquor-shop, a place for drinking in society. **ह.** आङ् before पा to drink, ल्युट् aff.

**आपानि** m. (-निः) A house. **ह.** आङ् before पत् to go, इन् affix ; the penultimate irregularly long.

**आपी** f. (-पी) The twentieth Nakshatra or lunar mansion.

**आपीड** m. (-डः) 1. Squeezing, compressing. 2. Giving pain, hurting. 3. A chaplet tied on the crown of the head. **ह.** आङ् before पीड to pain, अच् affix.

**आपीडन** n. (-नं) 1. Squeezing, compressing, tying or drawing tightly. 2. Embracing, clasping. 3. Giving pain, hurting. **ह.** आङ् before पीड to pain, affix ल्युट्.

**आपीडित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Squeezed, compressing. 2. Bound tightly. 3. Embraced. 4. Hurt. **ह.** आङ् before पीडित pressed.

**आपीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Drank up. 2. Very yellow. n. (-तं) A pyritic mineral. **ह.** आङ् before पीत drank or yellow.

**आपीन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Stout, fat. m. (-नः) A well. n. (-नं) An udder. **ह.** आङ् and पीन fat, large.

**आपूषित** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. A baker. 2. A confectioner. 3. One who eats cakes, one for whom they are good, &c. n. (-कं) A multitude of cakes. **ह.** अपूप a cake, ठक् or ठञ् aff.

**आपूष्य** m. (-पूः) Flour, meal. **ह.** अपूप a cake, यञ् aff. [fulness.]

**आपूषि** f. (-पूः) 1. Filling. 2. Satisfaction, fulness. **ह.** आङ् before पूषि

**आपूष** n. (-पूः) Tin.

**आपूष्य** f. (-पूः) Conversation, speaking to or with. **ह.** आङ् before प्रश्न to ask, अङ् and टाप् affs.

**आप्त** mfn. (-प्रः-प्ता-प्रं) 1. Trusted, confidential. 2. Gained, obtained. 3. True. 4. Apt, fit. 5. A friend. 6. Appointed. 7. Authentic. 8. Accused, prosecuted. f. (-प्ता) A twisted band or lock of hair. n. (-प्रं) 1. Quotient. 2. Equation of a degree. **ह.** आप to obtain, क्तिन् aff.

**आप्तकारिन्** m. (-रिः) A trusty agent, a confidential servant. **ह.** आप्त trusted, and कारिन् who acts.

**आप्तमन्त्र** mfn. (-न्त्रः-न्त्रा-न्त्रं) Proud, arrogant. **ह.** आप्त and मन्त्र pride.

**आप्तमो** f. (-मोः) A pregnant woman. **ह.** आप्त and मन्त्र embryo.

**आप्तवचन** n. (-नः) A received text, an authority. **ह.** आप्त and वचन text.

**आप्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. Gain, acquisition. 2. Binding, joining. 3. Connexion relation. 4. Fitness, aptitude. **ह.** आप to obtain, क्तिन् aff.

**आप्तिक्ति** f. (-क्तिः) 1. An augment or affix, (in grammar.) 2. A word of received acceptance, and established by usage only. **ह.** आप received, क्तिन् speech.

**आप्य** m. (-प्यः) The sign Aquarius.

**आप्य** mfn. (-प्यः-प्या-प्यं) 1. Watery, consisting of water, as froth, &c. 2. Obtainable, to be obtained. n. (-प्यं) A plant, a kind of costus. **ह.** आप् water, यञ् affix ; or आप to get, यन् aff.

**आप्यन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Stout, robust. 2. Fat. **ह.** आङ् before स्थाय to grow, क्तिन् aff.

**आप्यायन** n. (-नं) 1. Pleasing, satisfying. 2. Satiety, satisfaction. 3. Advancing. 4. Corpulency, growing or being fat or stout. **ह.** आङ् before स्थाय to increase, ल्युट् aff.

**आप्यायित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Pleased. 2. Satisfied. 3. Increased, improved. 4. Stout, fat. **ह.** आङ् before स्थाय to increase, क्तिन् aff.

**आप्यन्त** n. (-न्तः) Civility upon receiving or parting with a visitor, welcome, adieu, &c. **ह.** आङ् before प्रश्न to ask, ल्युट् aff. [foo]

**आप्यपद** n. (-पदं) A dress reaching to the feet. **ह.** आङ् and प्र before पद्

**आप्यपीन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) A dress reaching from the shoulders to the feet. **ह.** आङ् and प्र prefixed to पद् a foot, ख aff.

**आप्यपीनक** n. (-कः) See the preceding. **ह.** कन् added.

**आप्यन** m. (-नः) 1. Bathing. 2. Sprinkling with water. **ह.** आङ् before नृ to swim, अच् aff.

**आप्यन** n. (-नं) 1. Sprinkling with water. 2. Bathing. **ह.** आङ् before नृङ् to swim, affix ल्युट्.

**आप्यव्रतिन्** m. (-ती) An initiated householder, one who has passed through the first order, that of the Brahmachari, and is admitted into the second. **ह.** आङ् before व्रत् bathing, व्रतिन् performer of व्रत, or religious obligation ; bathing being part of the prescribed ceremony.

**आप्यव** m. (-वः) 1. Bathing. 2. Sprinkling, wetting. 3. A submerging. 4. A flood, an inundation. **ह.** आङ् before नृङ् to swim, यञ् aff.

**आप्यवित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Inundated, overflowed. **ह.** आङ् before नृङ्, bathe, causal form, affix क्.

**आप्यव्य** ind. Having wetted or sprinkled. **ह.** आङ् before नृङ् to swim, ल्युट् aff.

**आप्यत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Bathed. 2. Wetted, sprinkled. m. (-तः) An initiated householder : see आप्यव्रतिन्. n. (-तं) Bathing. **ह.** आङ् before नृङ् to bathe, affix of the participle past.

**आप्यव्रतिन्** m. (-ती) See आप्यव्रतिन्. **ह.** आप्यत bathed, &c. as before.



बाधु ind. Having bathed. **३.** बाध् before धुक् to bathe, स्वप् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Air, wind. **३.** बाध् to obtain, वुन् Unādi aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) Tied, bound. m. (-यः) 1. A binding. 2. A yoke. 3. Ornament. 4. Affection. **३.** बाध् before बन्ध् to bind, affix क्.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) Bound or tied firmly. m. (-यः) 1. The tie of a yoke, that which fastens the ox to the yoke, or the latter to the plough. 2. Affection. 3. Ornament, decoration. 4. A tie or bound. **३.** बाध्, बन्ध् a binding.  
 बाधा f. (-या) Segment of the base of a triangle.  
 बाधु m. (-तः) A sister's husband, (in theatrical language.) **३.** बाध् to obtain, क्तिप्, लृट् and लृट् to stretch, उ affix, य is changed to व; according to another etymology the word is बाधुन.  
 बाधुष n. (-न्) 1. Knowledge, understanding. 2. Instructing, informing. **३.** बाध् before बुध् to know, क्त्वा aff. [स्वप् aff.]  
 बाधुष n. (-न्) 1. Ornament decoration, as jewels, &c. 2. Nourishing. **३.** बाध् before भञ्ज् to fill or nourish, क्त्वा aff.  
 बाधा f. (-या) 1. Light. 2. Splendour. 3. Beauty. **३.** बाध् before भा to shine, चक् and टाप् aff.  
 बाधति f. (-तिः) 1. Shade. 2. Light. **३.** बाध् before भा to shine, affix क्तिन्.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Introduction, preface. **३.** बाध् before भाव् to speak, aff. [स्वप् aff.]  
 बाध् n. (-न्) Addressing, speaking to. **३.** बाध् before भाव् to speak, [स्वप् aff.]  
 बाध् m. (-यः) 1. Light. 2. Reflexion. 3. Intention, purpose. 4. (In logic) Fallacy, semblance of a reason, an argument that is erroneous though plausible; it is classed as of various kinds. **३.** बाध् before भास् shining.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) A demigod, of a class consisting of sixty-four. **३.** बाध् before भास् to shine, वरच् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Loftiness of birth. **३.** बाध् before भास् to shine, वरच् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) 1. Birth, family, rank. 2. Learning. **३.** बाध् before भास् to shine, वरच् aff.  
 बाध् f. (-या) Sound. **३.** बाध् a compound root, to name, चक् and टाप् affixes, and बाध् prefix.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) See the preceding. **३.** As before, क्त्वा and क्त्वा aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) Relating or belonging to a name or word n. (-यः) The property of a name, &c. **३.** बाध् before भास् to shine, वरच् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Presence, being in front of or face to face. **३.** बाध् before भास् to shine, वरच् aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) Taken by force or fraud. **३.** बाध् before भास् to shine, वरच् aff.  
 बाध् adj. mfn. (-यः-बाध्) or adv. n. (-यः) 1. Much, exceeding. 2. Eternal, eternally. **३.** बाध् before भास् to shine, वरच् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) A cowherd, sprung from a Brahman and female of the medical tribe or the Ambasht'ha. f. (-यी) A cowherd's wife, or a woman of that tribe. **३.** बाध्, बाधि and ईर to send, affix चक् and fem. डीप्, or without the first prefix बाध्.  
 बाध् f. (-या) A station of herdsmen, a village inhabited by them only, an abode of cowherds, &c. **३.** बाध् a cowherd, and पत्ति a house, a village, &c. also with the final long -पत्ति.  
 बाध् f. (-यी) See the preceding. **३.** As above.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) 1. Formidable, fearful. 2. Suffering pain. n. (-यः) Bodily pain. **३.** बाध् before धुक् to bathe, क्त्वा aff; य is made long.  
 बाध् f. (-यी) One of the Raginis or modes of music, femininely personified. **३.** बाध् before, धीर a drum.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) 1. Completion, fulness. 2. Enjoyment. 3. Effort, pains. 4. The expanded hood of the Cobra capella, used by VARUNA as his umbrella. **३.** बाध् before भुज् to eat, चक् aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) Resulting from practice, practicing, repeating. **३.** बाध् before भुज् to eat, चक् aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) 1. Relating to prosperity, &c. 2. High, exalted. 3. Important. n. (-यः) A Śraddha or offering to ancestors

on occasions of rejoicing. **३.** बाध् elevation, prosperity, उक्त्वा aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) 1. Raw, undressed, unripe. 2. Unbaked, unmanured. m. (-यः) 1. Sickness, disease. 3. Constipation, passing hard and unhealthy excretions. 4. Grain freed from the chaff. **३.** बाध् to be sick, चक् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) A water jar of unbaked clay. **३.** बाध् and कुम्भ a jar.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) A bad and odourous smell, like that of raw meat or burning corpse. **३.** बाध् raw, &c. and गन्धि smell. [स्वप् aff.]  
 बाध् m. (-यः) The castor oil plant. **३.** बाध् dim. क्त्वा to adorn, चक्  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Pain. **३.** बाध् priv. मनस् the mind, यत् affix and the first vowel made long.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) 1. Calling or calling to. 2. Courtesy, welcome, advice, &c. 3. Inviting, invitation. 4. Interrogation. 5. The vocative case. **३.** बाध् before मन्त्रि to consult, affix यच्  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) Asking, inviting, calling. m. (-यः) An inviter, an entertainer, especially of Brahmins. **३.** बाध् before मन्त्रि to consult, causal form, क्त्वा aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) Invited, summoned, called. **३.** बाध् before मन्त्रि to consult, क्त्वा aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Running at the nose, delusion. **३.** बाध् and पीनस pituitary excretion.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Raw flesh. **३.** बाध् and मांस flesh.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) A cannibal. **३.** बाध् and मन्त्रि who eats.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Sickness, disease. n. (-यः) A grass, (Costus) **३.** बाध् to be sick, चक् affix, बाध्, and य, from यत् to obtain.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) 1. Sick, diseased. 2. Affected with indigestion, dyspeptic. **३.** बाध्, चक् to go, and गन्धि aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Dyspepsia, indigestion. **३.** बाध् and चक् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Dysentery. **३.** बाध् and रक्त blood.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) Lasting for life, continuing till death. **३.** बाध् before मरण dying, and चक् end, उक्त्वा aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Imperfect chyme. **३.** बाध् and रस juice.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Advice, counsel. **३.** बाध् before मन्त्रि to advise, affix यच्  
 बाध् m. (-यः) 1. Wrath or rage. 2. Impatience. **३.** बाध् before धुक् to bathe, चक् the prefix made long; also चक्.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) 1. Rubbing, wiping. 2. Anger. **३.** बाध् before धुक् to rub, &c. क्त्वा aff.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) Emblic myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) m. (-यः) Another plant, (Justicia adhaematoda, &c.) n. (-यः) The fruit of the myrobalan. **३.** बाध् and मन्त्रि to hold, वृत् aff. fem. डीप् having all medicinal virtues.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Constipation or torpor of the bowels, with flatulence and intumescence. **३.** बाध् and वात wind, the wind being supposed to be chiefly affected.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) The cholice, pain arising from indigestion.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Dysentery, the excretion being mixed with hard and foetid matter. **३.** बाध् and चक्त्वा dysentery.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) 1. A minister, a counsellor, an adviser. 2. A general. **३.** See चक्राय.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) Eating raw food. **३.** बाध्, चक् to eat, क्त्वा aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Pain. **३.** See चक्राय, the antepen, being made long.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Undressed rice. **३.** बाध् and चक् boiled rice.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) Land near a mountain.  
 बाध् mfn. (-यः-बाध्) Occurring on the day of conjunction, &c. **३.** चक्राय and चक् aff.  
 बाध् m. (-यः) The stomach. **३.** बाध् hardness of the faeces, &c. and चक्राय a station.  
 बाध् f. (-या) Curd of two milk whey. **३.** बाध् before क्त्वा to sprinkle, चक् affix; also बाध्.

**बाधित्य** mfn. (-त्तः-त्वात्) Made of curds, &c. **३.** बाधिया and यत् affix; also with ह, बाधिलीय.

**बाधिव** mn. (-वः-वः) 1. Flesh. 2. Enjoyment. 3. An object of enjoyment, a pleasing or beautiful object, &c. 4. A bribe. 5. Coveting, longing for. 6. Form. 7. Lust, desire. 8. Food. **३.** बन् to be sick, to go, हिस्व Unadi aff. and the antepen. lengthened.

**बाधिवप्रिय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Carnivorous, fond of flesh meat. m. (-यः) A heron. **३.** बाधिव flesh, and प्रिय fond of.

**बाधिवभुज्** mfn. (-भुज्) Carnivorous. **३.** बाधिव and भुज् what eats.

**बाधिवामिन्** mfn. (-मिन्-मिनी-मि) Carnivorous, eating flesh and fish. **३.** बाधिव flesh, बन् to eat, and मिन् aff.

**बाधुक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Loosed, let go. 2. Discharged, cast, shot. 3. Put on as clothes or armour. 4. Dressed, accoutred. **३.** बाङ् before भुज् to release, unbind, &c. क्त aff.

**बाधुक्ति** f. (-क्तिः) 1. Liberation, being let loose. 2. Final liberation. ind. (-क्ति) To be end of existence. **३.** बाङ् and क्ति liberation.

**बाधुक्** n. (-क्) 1. Prelude, prologue. 2. Commencement. ind. To the face. **३.** बाङ् before मुख face or beginning.

**बाधुप** m. (-पः) A thorny kind of bambu, (*Bambusa spinosa*, Rox.)

**बाधुयायव** mfn. (-यः-वी-यं) Of an illustrious family, well born, well descended. **३.** बन्धुय the genitive of बन्धु, thus, and वक् aff.

**बाधुक्त** adv. n. (-क्तं) To the root, by the root, entirely, radically. **३.** बाङ् particle, and मूल root.

**बाधुष्ट** mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Wiped, rubbed. **३.** बाङ् before वृज् to wipe, क्त बाधोचन n. (-चनं) 1. Loosing, liberating. 2. Emitting, shedding, letting forth or out. **३.** बाङ् before मुच to liberate, ष्ट aff.

**बाधोद** m. (-दः) 1. A fragrant, a diffusive perfume. 2. Strong smell. 3. Pleasure. **३.** बाङ् before मुद to be pleased, चञ् aff.

**बाधोदन** n. (-नं) Delighting, rejoicing. **३.** बाङ् before मुद to please, causal form, ष्ट aff.

**बाधोदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Pleased, delighted. 2. Fragrant. **३.** बाङ् before मुद with क्त aff.

**बाधोदिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Fragrant. 2. Happy, delighted. m. (-दी) A perfume for the mouth, made up in the form of a pill or bolus of camphor, &c. **३.** बाधोद and दिन् aff.

**बाधोपिन्** mfn. (-पी-पिनी-पि) A thief, who or what steals. **३.** बाङ् before मुप to steal, चिन् aff.

**बाधाय** m. (-यः) 1. A Veda, or the Vedas in the aggregate. 2. Received doctrine, traditional and right. 3. Traditional usage, family or national customs. 4. Advice, instruction in past and present usage. 5. A Tantra. 6. An element of being, a property of substances. **३.** बाङ् before ज्ञा to learn, to remember, चञ् and युक् affs.

**बाधायसारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Pious, observing the Vedas and national customs. **३.** बाधाय and सारिन् who goes.

**बाधिकेय** m. (-यः) 1. A name of DHRTARASHTRA. 2. Also of KALIKĀYA. **३.** बाधिका the mother of DHRTARASHTRA or a name of DURGĀ and डक् aff. [aff.]

**बाधसिक्** mfn. (-क्तः-की-क्तं) Aquatic. m. (-क्तः) A fish. **३.** बन्धस् water, डक् बाध m. (-यः) The mango tree, (*Mangifera Indica*). **३.** बन् to be sick, रक् Unadi affix, and ब made बा.

**बाधपेयी** f. (-यी) A piece of dried mango. **३.** बाध and पेयी a piece of flesh, &c. [aff.]

**बाधवय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Made of mangoes, (saucy, &c.) **३.** बाध and वयद् बाधाम m. (-तः) The hog-plum, (*Spondias mangifera*). **३.** बाध the mango, and बन् to go, the affix बन्; the fruit resembling the mango: also बाधातक.

**बाधातक** m. (-क्तः) See the preceding. **३.** As before, क् added.

**बाधावच** m. (-चः) Inappetised mango juice. **३.** बाध and वचन् stirring.

**बाधेचन** n. (-चनं) Tautology, reiteration of words or sounds. **३.** बाङ् before वेच् to be mad, ष्ट aff.

**बाधेचित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Reiterated, repeated. n. (-तं) Repetition of a sound or word. **३.** बाङ् before वेच् to be mad, ष्ट aff.

**बाध** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) The tamarind tree. n. (-यः) Sourness, acidity. **३.** बन् sour, with बाङ् prefixed, or बन् sour and बन् aff.

**बाधवेतस** m. (-सः) A plant, (*Rumex vesicatorius*). **३.** बाध sourness, and वेतस a cane.

**बाधिका** f. (-का) 1. The tamarind tree. 2. Sourness in the mouth, acidity of the stomach: see बाधिका. **३.** बाध sour, and बन् aff.

**बाधीका** f. (-का) The tamarind tree. **३.** बन् and डक् affix, the pen. made long: otherwise बाधिका as before.

**बाध** m. (-यः) 1. Income, revenue. 2. Gain, profit. 3. The guard of the women's apartments. **३.** बाङ् before या to obtain, ष्ट aff.

**बाधःश्लिक्** mfn. (-क्तः-की-क्तं) Active, diligent, indefatigable. **३.** बन्धस् iron, शूल a sharp weapon, affix डक्.

**बाधयन्** mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यत्) Coming, approaching. **३.** बाङ् before इच् to go, ष्ट aff.

**बाधयन्** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Long. 2. Diffuse, prolix. m. (-तः) An oblong figure, (in geometry). **३.** बाङ् before यच् to cease, affix क्त.

**बाधयच्छदा** f. (-दा) The plantain tree, (*Musa sapientum*). **३.** बाधय long, and छद a leaf, long-leaved.

**बाधयन्तु** m. (-न्तुः) A paucyrist. **३.** बाधय diffuse, ट् to praise, and क्तिन् aff.

**बाधयता** m. (-तः) (In geometry.) Half an oblong. **३.** बाधयत and चङ् half.

**बाधयतन** n. (-नं) 1. Abole, house. 2. An altar, also a shed for sacrifices. 3. A ground plot, the site of a house, &c. 4. The cause of disease. **३.** बाधय nominal root, to lengthen, affix लृट्; extending from the house.

**बाधयती** f. (-ती) A woman with large eyes or long eyelids. **३.** बाधयत and चञ् the eye, fem. affix डीप्.

**बाधयति** f. (-तिः) Long continuance, remote futurity. **३.** बाधयत and बाधयति future time.

**बाधयति** f. (-तिः) 1. Future time. 2. Majesty, dignity. 3. Restraint of mind. 4. Length. 5. Meeting, junction. 6. Obtaining. **३.** बाङ् before यच् to cease, affix क्तिन्.

**बाधयितन्** mfn. (-तन्-मती-तन्) 1. Long, extended. 2. Stately, dignified. 3. Self-restrained. **३.** बाधयति and तन् aff.

**बाधयतेष्व** mfn. (-ष्वः-षा-षं) Long-eyed, having large eyes. **३.** बाधयत and ईष्व sight.

**बाधयन्** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Docile, tractable, dependent. **३.** बाङ् before यच् to restrain, and क्त aff.

**बाधयन्ता** f. (-ता) 1. Docility, tractableness, humility. **३.** बाधयत तन् affix of the abstract; also with लृट्, बाधयन्त.

**बाधयति** f. (-तिः) 1. A day. 2. Affection. 3. Subjection, subjecting. 4. A boundary, a limit. 5. Power, strength. 6. Continuance in the right way, steadiness of conduct. 7. Sleeping. 8. Length. 9. Majesty, dignity. 10. Future time. **३.** बाङ् before यत् to endeavour, and क्तिन् aff.

**बाधयताय** n. (-यः) Unfitness, unsuitableness, incompatibility. **३.** बाधयतय and यच् aff.

**बाधयन्** ind. Having restrained or suppressed. **३.** बाङ् before यच् to restrain, ष्ट aff.

**बाधयन्** m. (-यः) Receipt and disbursement, income and expenditure. **३.** बाधय and यच् expense.

**बाधयन्** n. (-यः) Missing, regretting.

**बाधयन्** mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) 1. Of iron, iron. 2. Armed with an iron weapon. 3. Zealous. n. (-यः) 1. Iron. 2. A weapon. f. (-यी) Armour for the body, a breast-plate, a coat of mail. **३.** बन्धस् iron, बन्ध and डीप् affs.

**बाधयन्** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Sharpened, whetted. 2. Thrown, cast, sent. 3. Pained, distressed. 4. Vexed, angry. 5. Hurt, killed. 6. Managed or affected with difficulty. 7. Labouring, toiling, making effort of exertion. **३.** बाङ्, यच् to endeavour, क्त aff.

आवाप्तम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Obtained by sacrifice. इ. आङ् before वात् sacrifice, सत् become.

आवाचित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Urgently requested or desired. इ. आङ् before वाच् to ask, क् aff.

आवात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Come. इ. आङ् before वात् gone.

आवात n. (-नं) 1. The natural temperament or disposition. 2. Coming, arrival. इ. आङ् before वा to obtain, affix क् ट्.

आवास m. (-नः) 1. Length, either in space or time. 2. Breadth, (in mensuration.) 3. Restraint, restraining. इ. आङ् before वास् to cease, चञ् aff.

आवायन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) 1. Long in space or time. 2. One who restrains. इ. आवास and वनि affix or आङ् before वास् to cease and चित् aff.

आवास m. (-नः) 1. Fatigue, weariness. 2. Effort, exertion. 3. Trouble, labour. इ. आङ् before वास् to endeavour, to make exertion, and चञ् affix.

आवायन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) 1. Making exertion, active, laborious. 2. Exhausted by labour, wearied. इ. आङ् before वास् to endeavour, चित् aff.

आयुःशेष m. (-यः) End of life, death. इ. आयुस् and शेष end

आयु m. (-युः-यु) Age, duration of life. इ. अच् to go, Una'di affix ड्.

आयुक्त m. (-क्तः) A minister, an agent or deputy. इ. आङ् before युज् to join, and क् aff.

आयुध m. (-धः) A weapon in general. इ. आङ् before युष् to fight, क् aff

आयुधप्रक्षिपी f. (-क्षी) A plant, (Eschynomene sesban) : see जयन्ती. इ. आयुध a weapon and प्रक्षिपी possessing virtue : having the virtues of a weapon against disease, &c.

आयुधगार n. (-रः) An arsenal, an armoury. इ. आयुध and गार a house.

आयुधक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Relating to arms. m. (-कः) A soldier, a warrior इ. आयुध a weapon, and ठक् aff.

आयुधीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Relating to or connected with weapons. m. (-यः) A warrior. इ. आयुध and ऊच् aff.

आयुर्धन n. (-धः) A medicament. इ. आयुस् life, and धन्य thing.

आयुर्वेद m. (-दः) 1. The science of medicine. 2. The collective writings of authority on medicine, or medical Sastra. इ. आयुस् life, and वेद a Veda. [and मयट् aff.]

आयुर्वेदमय mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Acquainted with medical science. इ. आयुर्वेद

आयुर्वेदिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Belonging to medicine, of the medical profession, medical, medicinal, &c. m. (-दी) A practitioner of physic, a physician or surgeon. इ. आयुर्वेद and वनि aff.

आयुश्च mfn. (-चान्-चती-चत्) 1. Alive, living. 2. Long lived. m. (-चान्) One of the twenty-seven Yogas or divisions of the ochptic. इ. आयुस् age, and सत्पू possessive aff.

आयुष्टोम m. (-मः) A sacrifice to obtain longevity. इ. आयुस् and टोम a sacrifice.

आयुष mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Vital, preservative of life, for the sake of life, relating or belonging to it. इ. आयुस् and यत् aff.

आयुस् m. (-युः) Age, duration of life. इ. इ to go, वनि Una'di affix, the pen. lengthened.

आयुष्कर mfn. (-रः-रो-री-र) Promoting longevity, supporting life. इ. आयुस् and कर what makes.

आये ind. An interjection of calling, expressive of affection.

आयोज m. (-जः) 1. Presenting or offering flowers, perfumes, &c. 2. Action, the performance of an act. 3. A shore or bank. इ. आङ् before युज् to join, चञ् aff.

आयोजन m. (-नः) A man of a mixed tribe sprung from a Sudra man and Vaisya woman; his business is carpentry, &c. f. (-नी) A woman of the tribe.

आयोजन n. (-नं) 1. Effort, exertion. 2. Taking, seizing. 3. Collecting. इ. आङ् before युज् to join, क् ट् aff.

आयोजित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Collected together. इ. आङ् before युज् to join, क् aff.

आयोधन n. (-नं) 1. War, battle, slaughter. इ. आङ् before युष् to make war, affix क् ट्.

आर m. (-रः) 1. The planet Mars. 2. The planet SATURN. n. (-रं) 1. An angle, a corner. 2. End, extremity. 3. Brass. 4. Oxide of iron. f. (-रा) 1. A shoe-maker's awl or knife. 2. A probe इ. अच् to go, affix चञ्.

आरकट inn. (-टः-टं) Brass इ. आर what goes, and कट a heap; composed of various materials

आरक्ष mfn. (-चः-वा-चं) 1. Preserved, defended. 2. Proper or worthy to be preserved, &c. m. (-चः) 1. Protection, guard, preservation. 2. The junction of the frontal sinuses of an elephant. इ. आङ् before रच् to preserve, &c. चञ् aff

आरक्षक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what guards or protects. m. (-कः) 1. A watchman, a patrol. 2. A village or police magistrate. इ. आङ् before रच् to preserve, वृज् aff. [destroys]

आरक्षक m. (-चः) A plant, (Cassia fistula) इ. आङ् कृञ् sickness, वच् what

आरक्ष m. (-रः) The name of a country, north-west of India.

आरक्ष m. (-जः) A horse from the A'ra't'a country. इ. आरक्ष and ज born

आरक्ष m. (-रः) An eddy.

आरक्ष mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Forest, wild, forest born, &c. इ. आरक्ष a wood, चञ् affix of derivation.

आरक्षक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Forest, wild, forest born or produced. m. (-कः) A forester, an inhabitant of the woods. इ. आरक्ष and कृञ् added.

आरक्षक m. (-यः) A wild or forest animal, as a buffalo, a monkey, &c. इ. आरक्ष forest, and पृञ् an animal. [sign.]

आरक्षक m. (-रिः) The sign LEO. इ. आरक्ष a forest beast, and रणि a

आरति f. (-तिः) 1. Stopping, ceasing. 2. Waving lights before an image. इ. आङ् before रच् to play, क् ट् aff.

आरनाम n. (-नं) Sour gruel made from the fermentation of boiled rice. इ. आर what goes, from अच् to go, and नाम smell.

आरनामक n. (-कः) See the preceding. इ. As before, कृञ् added.

आरभ mfn. (-भः-भा-भं) Begun, commenced. इ. आङ् before रभि to commence, affix क्.

आरभट mfn. (-टः-टी) Boldness, confidence. f. (-टी) A branch of the dramatic art, the machinery of the drama, the representation of magical incantations, &c. इ. आर quickly, भट to nourish, चञ् and कृञ् aff.

आरभमाण mfn. (-णः-भा-भं) Beginning, beginning resolutely with a determination to finish. इ. आङ् before रभि to commence, शलच् aff.

आरभ m. (-भः) 1. A beginning, a thing begun. 2. Haste, speed. 3. Effort, exertion. 4. Pride. 5. Killing, slaughter. 6. An introduction, a prologue, &c. इ. आङ् before रभि to commence, चञ् aff

आरभ ind. Having begun, beginning from. इ. आङ् before रभि to commence, चञ् aff.

आरव m. (-वः) Sound इ. आङ् before वच् to sound, चञ् aff.

आरव n. (-वः) In-spidity, want of favour or spirit. इ. आरव and वञ् aff.

आराय n. (-यः) The edge of a semicircular arrow head. इ. आर what goes, and अय edge, &c. [aff.]

आराय ind. 1. Near. 2. Distant, far from. इ. आङ् before रा to get, आन्

आराय m. (-तिः) An enemy. इ. आङ् before रा to take or receive, वति aff.

आरातीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Remote. इ. आराय and अ aff.

आरायिक n. (-कं) Waving lamps at night before an image. इ. आङ् before राय night, कृञ् added.

आरायक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what worships, a worshipper. इ. आङ् before राय to finish, and वृज् aff.

आरायन n. (-नं) 1. Accomplishment. 2. Acquirement, attainment. 3. Gratifying, propitiating. 4. Worshipping. 5. Cooking. f. (-ना) Sec-

vice. (नी) Worship, a loration, propitiation of the deities. **वार्ध** before राध् to finish, क् aff.

**वाराधनीय** mfn. (-यः-धा-य) To be worshipped or adored. **वार्ध** before राध् to finish, वनीय aff; also with तय and य, वाराधितय and वाराध.

**वाराधित** mfn. (-तः-सा-त) 1. Worshipped, honoured, revered. 2. Propitiated, pleased. 3. Accomplished, effected. **वार्ध** before राध् to finish, क् aff.

**वारायमान** mfn. (-यः-मा-य) 1. Being worshipped, receiving worship, &c. 2. Being in course of fulfilment. **वार्ध** before राध् and मान् aff.

**वाराय** m. (-यः) A garden, a grove. **वार्ध** before र्म् to please, वञ् aff.

**वारायिक** mf. (-कः-की) A cook. **वार्ध** before राय crooked, उक् aff; always bending over the dishes, &c.

**वाराय** m. (-यः) Sound. **वार्ध** before र् to sound, affix वञ्; also वारय.

**वार** m. (-वः) 1. The name of a tree, (*Lagerstromia regina*). 2. A crab. 3. A hog. 4. A pitcher. **वार्ध** to go, उक् aff, the pen. made long.

**वारक** n. (-कः) A drug brought from the hills, of cooling properties.

**वारवन्** mfn. (-वः-वन्-वन्) Desirous to rise or ascend, to advance, &c. **वार्ध** before वृत् to rise, desiderative form, उक् aff.

**वार** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Of a tawny colour. m. (-वः) Tawny, (the colour.) **वार्ध** to go, क् aff.

**वार** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) 1. Mounted, ascended, risen. 2. Raised up, elevated on high. **वार्ध** before वृत् to grow, क् aff.

**वारवन्** mfn. (-वन्-वन्-वन्) Mounting, rising. **वार्ध** before वृत् to mount, क् aff.

**वारवन्** m. (-वः) A plant, (*Cassia fistula*). **वार्ध** before र्व, वारिव trust, वृत् to stretch, उक् aff; inspiring confidence during sickness.

**वारोय** n. (-यः) Health. **वार्ध** reverse, वृत् to be sick, वञ् aff.

**वारोय** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Who or what mounts or rides, &c. **वार्ध** before वृत् to mount, affix वृत्.

**वारोय** m. (-यः) 1. Placing in or on. 2. Assigning or attributing to. **वार्ध** before वृत् to mount, causal form, वञ् aff.

**वारोय** n. (-यः) 1. Trusting, delivering. 2. Placing or fixing in or on. 3. Elevating. 4. Planting. 5. The bending of a bow. **वार्ध** before वृत् to ascend, causal form, क् aff.

**वारोयित** mfn. (-तः-सा-त) 1. Deposited, intrusted. 2. Placed, fixed. 3. Made. 4. Raised, elevated. 5. Consecrated. 6. Accidental, adventitious. **वार्ध** before वृत् to ascend, causal form, part. past.

**वारोय** m. (-यः) 1. Length. 2. A woman's waist. 3. Ascent, rising, creeping up. 4. Mounting, riding. 5. The rider of a horse or elephant. 6. Weight. 7. A measure. 8. The buttocks. 9. A mine. **वार्ध** before वृत् to rise, to mount, affix वञ्.

**वारोयक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Lifting or raising up. **वार्ध** before वृत् to rise, to mount, affix वृत्.

**वारोय** n. (-यः) 1. Rising, ascending. 2. The rising or growing of new shoots. 3. A ladder, a staircase. 4. Riding on. **वार्ध** before वृत् to ascend, affix क्.

**वारोयिन्** mfn. (-यि-यि-यि) One who mounts or rides. **वार्ध** before वृत् to mount, क् aff.

**वार्ध** m. (-वः) A son of the sun, as SANI and the rest. **वार्ध** the sun, and वञ् aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Stellar, regulated by the stars or constellations. **वार्ध** and वञ् aff. [and वर्ष a year.]

**वार्धवर्ष** m. (-वः) A stellar year, or revolution of a constellation. **वार्ध** वार्ध वार्ध mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) A bolt or bar; see वार्ध.

**वार्ध** m. (-वः) A plant, (*Cassia fistula*). **वार्ध** to go, and वञ् to destroy or prevent, deriv. irr. see वारवन्.

**वार्ध** f. (-यः) A sort of yellow bee.

**वार्ध** n. (-यः) Wild honey. **वार्ध** and वञ् aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) 1. Devout, worshipping. 2. Relating to the Rich or Rik Veda. **वार्ध** worship, and वञ् aff or वञ् and वञ् aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Relating to the Rig Veda, &c. **वार्ध** and वञ् aff.

**वार्ध** n. (-वः) 1. Straightness. 2. Rectitude, propriety of act or observance. 3. Sincerity. **वार्ध** straight, वञ् aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) 1. Pained, afflicted. 2. Disturbed, confounded. **वार्ध** to hate, to move, participial affix क्.

**वार्ध** m. (-वः) A plant, blue Barleria, (*Barleria cornuta*). **वार्ध** pained, वञ् to eat, वञ् aff. [m. (-वः).]

**वार्ध** m. (-वः) A cry of pain. **वार्ध** and वार्ध sound. So वार्ध वार्ध mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) 1. Menstrual, relating to or produced by this discharge. 2. Seasonable, produced in season. n. (-वः) 1. The menstrual discharge. 2. A flower. f. (-वः) A mare. **वार्ध** the menses or a season, वञ् aff.

**वार्ध** f. (-वः) 1. Pain. 2. Sickness. 3. The end of a bow. **वार्ध** before वृत् to move, क् aff; also वञ्.

[यञ् aff]

**वार्ध** n. (-यः) The office of a sacrificing priest. **वार्ध** a priest, and वार्ध वार्ध n. (-वः) Consoling or relieving distress, pain, &c. **वार्ध** and वार्ध taking away. [उक् aff]

**वार्ध** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) 1. Wise. 2. Rich. 3. Significant. **वार्ध** and वार्ध mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) 1. Wet, moist, damp. 2. Fresh, not dry. 3. Loose, flaccid. 4. Tender, soft. f. (-वः) The sixth Nakshatra or lunar mansion. **वार्ध** to go, वृत् Una'di affix, and the pen. lengthened.

**वार्ध** n. (-वः) Ginger in the undried state. **वार्ध** moist, and वृत् aff.

**वार्ध** n. (-वः) Green wood, timber not dry. **वार्ध** and वार्ध wood.

**वार्ध** f. (-वः) 1. Moisture, wetness. 2. Tenderness, softness. 3. Freshness, greenness. **वार्ध** and वृत् aff; also वार्ध.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Weeping, suffused with tears. **वार्ध** and वार्ध the eye.

**वार्ध** f. (-वः) A leguminous shrub, (*Glycine debilis*). **वार्ध** moist and वार्ध a sort of bean.

**वार्ध** n. (-वः) Ginger. **वार्ध** and वार्ध a potherb.

**वार्ध** m. (-वः) The dragon's tail or descending node. **वार्ध** the lunar mansion, and वार्ध who desires.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Bought with half a Drona, containing &c. **वार्ध** a measure, उक् aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Belonging to a part of a verb, (the inflexion of six tenses.) **वार्ध** and वार्ध a root, उक् aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Bought, &c. with half a Prastha. **वार्ध** a measure, and उक् aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) 1. Lasting, &c. for half a month. 2. Observing or practicing (continence, &c.) for a fortnight. **वार्ध** and उक् aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) 1. Sharing half, an equal partner. 2. Relating to half. m. (-वः) One who ploughs the ground for half the crop. **वार्ध** half, उक् aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) 1. Of a good family. 2. Respectable, venerable. 3. Apposite, proper. 4. To be sought or obtained. m. (-वः) 1. A master, an owner. 2. A name of BUDDHA. 3. A friend. f. (-वः) 1. A name of PARVATI. 2. A kind of metre, measured by feet each foot being equal to four short syllables, or two long and two short; there are seven and a half feet in each verse of the couplet, equal to thirty and to twenty-seven syllabic instants: the regular form consists of alternate long and short verses, but it admits of eighty principal variations. **वार्ध** to go, वञ् aff; also वञ्.

**वार्ध** m. (-वः) 1. A grandfather. 2. Any respectable man. n. (-वः) The vessel, &c. used in sacrifices made to the manes. f. (वार्ध) A respectable woman. **वार्ध** respectable, &c. and वृत् aff.

**वार्ध** mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Decorous, respectable, right. **वार्ध** and वञ् to be accepted by.

**बाह्य** m. (-यः) 1. A husband, (in theatrical language.) 2. The son of a spiritual preceptor. **बाह्य** a respectable person and पुत्र a son.

**बाह्यमात्र** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) Abounding with respectable persons. **बाह्य** and मात्र quantity.

**बाह्यस्मिन्** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) Distinguished, respectable. m. (-यः) A gentleman, a man of consequence. **बाह्य** and स्मिन् mixed, joined.

**बाह्यश्च** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) A hypocrite, an impostor. **बाह्य** and च semblance.

**बाह्यस्त्रिभुज** mfn. (-ह्यो-त्रिभुजो-ह्यः) A hypocrite, an impostor; a Sudra, wearing the dress of a Brahman, &c. **बाह्य** and त्रिभुज who bears insignia.

**बाह्यव्रत** mfn. (-यः-व्रतं) Good, pious, virtuous. **बाह्य** and व्रत practised.

**बाह्यवेष्ट** mfn. (-यः-वेष्टं) Well clothed, fine. **बाह्य** and वेष्ट vesture.

**बाह्यगीति** f. (-तिः) A variety of the Arya metre, containing eight equal feet or thirty-two syllabic instants in each verse of the couplet. **बाह्य** and गीति another metre.

**बाह्यवर्ष** m. (-र्षः) The holy land, the country extending from the eastern to the western sea, and bounded on the north and south, by the Himalya and Vind'hya mountains. **बाह्य** venerable, **बाह्य** abode. [aff.]

**बाह्यार्क** ind. 1. After, afterwards. 2. Behind. **बाह्य** and अर्क pleonastic.

**बाह्य** mfn. (-यः-र्षो-ह्यं) Relating or belonging to or derived from a Rishi. m. (-यः) A form of marriage, the father of the bride receiving one or two pair of kine from the bridegroom. n. (-ह्यं) The Vedas. f. (-ह्यं) One of the orders of the metres of the Vedas. **बाह्य** and अर्क aff.

**बाह्यमि** m. (-मिः) A name of BHARATA, emperor of India. **बाह्य** excellent, and अर्क aff.

**बाह्यश्च** m. (-यः) A steer fit to be let loose. **बाह्य** an ox, अर्क aff.

**बाह्यश्च** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) 1. Relating or belonging to or derived from a Rishi. 2. Venerable, respectable. **बाह्य** a sage, अर्क affix; also **बाह्य** and **बाह्य**.

**बाह्येता** f. (-ता) A wife married according to the Arsha form. **बाह्य** and ऊत married.

**बाह्य** m. (-यः) A Jaina, a follower of the doctrines of a Jaina or Arhata. **बाह्य** a Jaina, अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) The quality or practice of an Arhata or Jaina saint. **बाह्य** a Jaina, अर्क affix fem. **बाह्य** with the nasal inserted.

**बाह्य** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) Large, extensive. n. (-ह्यं) Yellow orpiment. **बाह्य** to adorn, in the causal form, अर्क aff.

**बाह्यगर्ह** m. (-ह्यः) A species of Cobra. **बाह्य** See **बाह्यगर्ह**. [अर्क aff.]

**बाह्यश्च** ind. Having received or obtained. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to gain, **बाह्य** m. (-यः) 1. Slaughter, killing. 2. Embracing. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to kill, अर्क aff.

**बाह्यश्च** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) 1. Fit or proper to be killed. 2. Obtainable, to be obtained. **बाह्य** before लप्ति with अर्क aff.

**बाह्यश्च** m. (-यः) 1. A receptacle, a prop, an asylum or support. 2. Depending on or from. 3. A perpendicular. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to go, अर्क aff.

**बाह्यश्च** n. (-यः) 1. Depending on or resting upon, hanging from. 2. The natural and necessary connexion of feeling with the cause by which it is excited. 3. Supporting, sustaining. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to go, अर्क aff.

**बाह्यश्च** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) Pendant, suspended, hanging from or on. 2. Supported, upheld. 3. Protected. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to go, अर्क aff.

**बाह्यश्च** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) 1. Depending on or from, hanging from, &c. 2. Supporting, maintaining. **बाह्य** support, and अर्क aff.

**बाह्यश्च** m. (-यः) A house, a dwelling, a receptacle, an asylum. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to enfold, अर्क aff.

**बाह्यश्च** m. (-यः) 1. Ugliness. 2. Insuperity. **बाह्य** neg. **बाह्य** handsome, अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** n. (-ह्यं) A basin for water round the root of a tree. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to cut or dig, and **बाह्य** aff.

**बाह्य** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) Idle, slothful, lazy. **बाह्य** idle, अर्क affix; see **बाह्य**.

**बाह्य** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) Idle, slothful, apathetic. n. (-ह्यं) Idleness, sloth. **बाह्य** idle, and अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** n. (-ह्यं) A firebrand, a coal burning or extinguished. **बाह्य** and अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** n. (-ह्यं) 1. The post to which an elephant is tied. 2. The rope that ties him. 3. A fetter, a tie. 4. Tying, binding. 5. A rope or string. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to take, **बाह्य** to tie or fasten, अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** m. (-यः) 1. Speaking to, addressing, conversation. 2. Enumeration of the questions in an arithmetical or algebraic sum. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to speak, अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** n. (-ह्यं) Speaking to, conversing with. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to speak, अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) 1. To be said or spoken. 2. To be spoken to or addressed. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to speak, **बाह्य** affix; also **बाह्य**.

**बाह्य** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) Who speaks or converses. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to speak, अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** f. (-ह्यः) A pumpkin gourd: also **बाह्य**, **बाह्य** and **बाह्य**, q. v.

**बाह्य** n. (-ह्यं) A fan made of cloth. **बाह्य** orpiment, and **बाह्य** abode: stained or painted with some such substance.

**बाह्य** m. (-ह्यः) A crocodile. **बाह्य** wide, large, and **बाह्य** a mouth.

**बाह्य** mfn. sub. (लः-लः-लः) 1. Pure, honest, sincere. 2. Useless, idle, unmeaning. f. (-ह्यः) 1. A woman's female friend. 2. A row or range, a continuous line. 3. A ridge or mound of earth, crossing ditches, dividing fields, &c. 2. A line, a race or family m. (-ह्यः) 1. A scorpion. 2. A bee, see **बाह्य**. **बाह्य** to adorn, to be able, &c. अर्क affix and the pen. made long; also **बाह्य**, अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** n. (-ह्यं) Embracing, an embrace. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to approach, अर्क aff. [अर्क aff.]

**बाह्य** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) Embraced. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to approach.

**बाह्य** mfn. (-ह्यो-ह्यं) Embracing. m. (-ह्यं) A small drum shaped like a barley corn, and carried upon the breast. **बाह्य** an embrace, and अर्क affix; also **बाह्य** fem. **बाह्य** aff.

**बाह्य** mfn. (-ह्यः-मात्रं) To be embraced. m. (-ह्यः) A small drum: see the preceding. **बाह्य** and अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** m. (-ह्यः) A large clay water jar. **बाह्य** a jar. **बाह्य** aff.

**बाह्य** m. (-ह्यः) A scorpion. **बाह्य** See **बाह्य**, अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** m. (-ह्यः) 1. A terrace before a house. 2. A raised place or terrace for sleeping upon. **बाह्य** the same, and अर्क affix: see **बाह्य** also **बाह्य**.

**बाह्य** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) Smeared, plastered, anointed. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to smear, अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** m. (-ह्यः) Whitening or painting the floor, wall, &c. on festival occasions. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to plaster, and अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** f. (-ह्यः) 1. A female friend. 2. A row or range. 3. A field, boundary or mound: see **बाह्य**.

**बाह्य** mfn. (-ह्यः-मात्रं) 1. Eaten. 2. Licked. n. (-ह्यः) An attitude in shooting, the right knee advanced, the left leg retracted. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to lick, अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** n. (-ह्यः) The frolicking of a calf. Sometimes written **बाह्य**.

**बाह्य** mfn. (-यः-मात्रं) Melted, fused. **बाह्य** before लप्ति to melt, अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** n. (-ह्यः) Tin. **बाह्य** and अर्क aff.

**बाह्य** f. (-ह्यः) A pitcher, a small water jar. mn. (-ह्यः) 1. An excellent root, (Arum campanulatum:) in the modern dialects this name is applied to the yam, potatoe, &c. 2. A raft, a float. m. (-ह्यः) An owl. **बाह्य** to go, and अर्क affix, **बाह्य** what goes, (in the earth, water, &c.) the initial is lengthened, and **ह** is changed to **ल**.

आवक m. (-कः) 1. A name of the chief of the Nagas or serpent race : see क्रेत. 2. An excellent root : see आवृ. इ. कन् added to the preceding.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-तः) Cut, cut off इ. आवृ before कृत् to cut.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) 1. Writing. 2. Painting. f. (-नी) A brush, a pencil इ. आवृ before कृत् to write, affix कृट्.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-तः) 1. To be written. 2. To be delineated or painted. m. (-नः) 1. A painting. 2. A writing. इ. आवृ before लिख् to write, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) 1. (या यः) Dead, deceased. इ. आवृत्त painting, writing, and आवृत्त m. (-नः) 1. Smearing, plastering, anointing. 2. Liniment. इ. आवृ before लिख् to anoint, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) 1. Smearing, plastering, anointing. 2. Liniment. इ. आवृ before लिख् to smear, कृट् aff.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) 1. Sight, seeing, looking. 2. Light. 3. Flattery, complimentary language, panegyric इ. आवृ before लोक् to see, कृत् affix.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) Sight, seeing, looking. इ. आवृ before लोक् to see, कृट् affix.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-तः) Seen, beheld. इ. आवृ before लोक् to see, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) The faculty of vision or the cause of sight. इ. आवृ before लोक् to see and कृत् affix.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) Sight, seeing. इ. आवृ before लोक् to see, कृट् aff.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-तः) 1. Seen, beheld. 2. Considered. इ. आवृ before लोक् to see, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) To be seen, thought of or considered; also आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) before लोक् to see, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) 1. Mixer, blending. 2. Stirring, shaking, agitating. इ. आवृ before लुट् to stir, affix कृट्.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-तः) 1. Mixed, blended. 2. Shaken, agitated. इ. आवृ before लुट् to stir, affix कृत्.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) Shaken, agitated. m. (-नः) Trembling, agitation. इ. आवृ before लुट् to shake, affix कृत्, ड changed to ल. [affix कृत्].  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-तः) Shaken, agitated. इ. आवृ before लुट् to shake, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) The planet Mars. इ. आवृ before the earth, उक् patronymic aff.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) 1. The offspring of a degraded Brahman. 2. An inhabitant &c. of Avanti or Ougra. इ. आवृ before and कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) 1. Any vessel. 2. Weaving. 3. Sowing seed. इ. आवृ before वृत् to sow, कृट् aff.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) A cover, a veil, what covers or conceals. इ. आवृ before हृ with वृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) 1. Covering. 2. A covering, a garment. 3. A shield. 4. An outer bar or fence, a wall. 5. An obstruction. 6. Mental blindness. इ. आवृ before हृ to screen, कृट् aff.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) The power of illusion, that which veils the real nature of things. इ. आवृत्त and शक्ति power.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) 1. Revolving, turning round. 2. A whirlpool. 3. A lock of hair that curls backwards, especially on a horse. 4. Deliberation, revolving. 5. A mineral substance, pyrites, marcasite. इ. आवृ before हृत् to choose, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) 1. A revolution, a whirl. 2. A whirlpool. 3. A curl of hair, especially on a horse. 4. Revolution of the mind from the influence of the senses. 5. The depression above the frontal ridge or over the eyebrows. f. (-नी) The name of a creeping plant. इ. कन् added to the last.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) 1. Turning, turning round. 2. Churning. 3. Stirring any thing in fusion. 4. Melting metals together, alligation. 5. The time when shadows are cast in an opposite direction. 6. Repeating, doing over again. 7. Study, practicing. f. (-नी) A crucible. इ. आवृत्त, कृट् affix; and डीप् for the fem.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) A gem of a secondary order, commonly Rajavatta. इ. आवृत्त the same, and मणि a jewel.

आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) 1. To be whirled or turned round. 2. To be reversed. 3. To be repeated. इ. आवृ before हृत् to be, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) 1. Advancing, proceeding. 2. Revolving, going round. इ. आवृ before वृत् to be, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) What whirls or turns upon itself. m. (-नः) A horse having curls of hair on various parts of his body: it is considered as a lucky mark. f. (-नी) A whirlpool. इ. आवृत्त and कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) Eradicated, plucked up by the roots. इ. आवृ before हृत् to hurt, affix कृत्.  
 आवृत्त f. (-नी) 1. A row, a range, a continuous line. 2. A series, dynasty, a lineage. इ. आवृ before वृत् to move, कृत् affix; also आवृत्त, taking डीप्.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) Weakness इ. आवृत्त weak, कृत् aff. [affix].  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) Necessity, inevitable act or conclusion. इ. आवृत्त and कृत्.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) Necessity, inevitable act or conclusion. इ. आवृत्त certain, कृत् affix and कृत्.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) Necessity, inevitability. इ. ल added to आवृत्त, also with लृत्, आवृत्त कृता.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) 1. A house. 2. A fire temple or place where sacrificial fire is preserved m. (-नः) 1. A treatise on the poetical metro called A'rya. (आर्याकीयः) see आर्या. 2. A particular religious observance. इ. आवृ before वृत् to dwell, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) Inhabiting a house, household, domestic इ. आवृत्त and कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) A house. इ. आवृत्त and कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) 1. Stored, (as grain) 2. Winnowed. 3. Ripe, full grown. इ. आवृ before वृत् reverse, and वृत् to destroy, participial affix कृत्; also आवृत्त.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) What bears or conveys. m. (-नः) One of the seven winds. इ. आवृ before वृत् to bear, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) Obtaining, receiving. इ. आवृ before वृत् to bear, affix कृत्.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) Followed, succeeded, come in succession. इ. आवृ before वृत् to bear, कृत् aff. [कृत् aff].  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) Rooted up, extirpated. इ. आवृ before वृत् to bear, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त mfn. (-नः) Blowing. इ. आवृ before वृत् to blow, affix कृत्.  
 आवृत्त f. (-नी) 1. Pain. 2. Distress. 3. Segment of the base of a triangle इ. आवृ before वाचा the same.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) 1. A basin for water round the root of a tree. 2. A bracelet. 3. Hostile purpose, intention of going to war, (as a king). 4. Throwing, casting, directing. 5. Sowing seed. 6. Throwing additional ingredients into any compound. (in pharmacy, &c.) in course of preparation. 7. Mixing, inserting. 8. Uneven ground. 9. A vessel. 10. Principal sacrifice with fire. इ. आवृ, वृत् to sow, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) A bracelet of gold, &c. इ. कन् added the last.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) 1. A loom, an implement for weaving. 2. A reel or frame for winding thread. इ. आवृ before वृत् to weave, कृट् aff.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) A shop, a stall. इ. आवृ before हृ to nourish, in the causal form, कृत् affix.  
 आवृत्त ind. Covering, hiding, concealing. इ. आवृ before हृ to screen, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) A basin for water round the foot of a tree. इ. आवृ before वृत् to move, कृत् affix; also आवृत्त.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) Age or time ending with infancy. इ. आवृ unto, कृत् aff.  
 आवृत्त m. (-नः) A house, a dwelling. इ. आवृ, वृत् to dwell, affix कृत्.  
 आवृत्त n. (-नः) 1. Calling. 2. Inviting. 3. Offering oblations with fire f. (-नी) A particular position of the hands or the palms put together, and the thumbs put at the root of the ring finger. इ. आवृ before वृत् to bear, causal form, कृट् aff.

**आवाहित mfn.** (-त-वा-त) Invoked, invited. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to bear, causal form, ङ् aff.

**आवि m.** (-क-वी-व) Woollen, &c. or any thing relating to or derived from a sheep. **म.** (-क-) A blanket, woollen cloth. **३.** आवि a sheep, वृत् aff.

**आविहोविह mfn.** (-क-वी-व) Made of woollen thread. **३.** आविह and वृत् a thread, ङ् aff. [Also आविह.]

**आविह m.** (-घ-) A small fruit tree, vulgarly Carinda, (Carissa carandas.)

**आविह mfn.** (-व-वा-व) 1. Pierced, wounded. 2. Crooked. 3. Cast, thrown, sent. 4. Disappointed. 5. Stupid, foolish. **३.** आङ् before व्यथ to hurt, ङ् aff.

**आविहकवी f.** (-वी) A plant, (Aknidhi :) also आविहकर्षका f. (-का.)

**आविह m.** (-घ-) An awl, a drill, a kind of gimblet worked by a string. **३.** आङ् before व्यथ to pierce, वृत् or क aff.

**आविमंवि m.** (-व-) Manifestation, presence, becoming visible. **३.** आविस् manifestly, and भव condition.

**आविमंवि mfn.** (-त-वा-व) Appeared manifest, become visible. **३.** आविस् and भूत become. [aff.]

**आविम mfn.** (-व-वा-व) Foul, turbid. **३.** आङ् before विल to break, and क्.

**आविमकरण n.** (-व) Manifestation, making visible. **३.** आविस् and करण making.

**आविमकार m.** (-र-) Becoming or making visible. **३.** आविस् and करण making.

**आविमकृत mfn.** (-त-वा-व) Made or become visible, evident, manifest. **३.** आविस् apparent, and कृत made.

**आविष्ट mfn.** (-ष्ट-वा-ष्ट) 1. Entered. 2. Possessed, (by a demon, &c.) 3. Possessed, engrossed, (by any sentiment or feeling.) **३.** आविष्ट to enter, affix ङ्.

**आविष्ट ind.** Manifest, evident. **३.** आङ् before उङ् to sound, इर् aff.

**आवी f.** (-वी) Pain of child-birth.

**आवीत mfn.** (-त-वा-व) 1. Passed, gone. 2. Placed, hung. **म.** (-त-) The sacrificial cord worn in any particular manner. **३.** आङ् before वीत gone.

**आवीतिन m.** (-ती) A Brahman who wears the cord in any particular manner. **३.** इति added to the last : see प्राचीनावीतिन.

**आवृक् m.** (-क-) A father, (in theatrical language.) **३.** अवृ to preserve, ङ्कन् affix, and the initial lengthened.

**आवृत् f.** (-वृत्) Order, method. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to choose, affix क्पि.

**आवृत्त mfn.** (-त-वा-व) 1. Enclosed, surrounded, (by a ditch, wall, &c.) 2. Covered, screened. 3. Invested, inclosed, involved. 4. Spread, overspread, overcast. 5. Filled with, abounding with. **म.** (-त-) A man of mixed origin, the son of a Brahman, by a woman of the Ugra caste. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to screen, affix ङ्.

**आवृत्त mfn.** (-त-वा-व) 1. Whirled, stirred, turned round. 2. Reverted, averted. 3. Retreated, fled. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to be, ङ् aff.

**आवृत्ति f.** (-ति) 1. Reversion, turning back or from. 2. Flight, retreat. 3. Revolving, going round. 4. Worldly existence, the revolution of births. 5. Use, employment, application. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to be, क्तिन् aff.

**आवेग n.** (-ग-) 1. Hurry, haste. 2. Flurry, agitation. **३.** (-गी) A potherb, (Convulvulus argenteus.) **३.** आङ् before विज् to be alarmed, वृत् and जीप् affs.

**आवेदक mfn.** (-क-वा-व) One who makes known. **म.** (-क-) 1. An apellant, a suitor. 2. An informer. **३.** आङ् before विद् to know, causal form, वृत् aff. [आङ् and वेदन् informing.]

**आवेदन n.** (-न-) Representing, addressing or apprising respectfully. **३.** आवेदिन mfn. (-त-वा-व) Made known, communicated, represented. **३.** आङ् before विद् to know, causal form, ङ् aff.

**आवेद्य mfn.** (-य-वा-व) To be represented or made known. **३.** आङ् before विद् to know, causal form, यत् or कप् affix.

**आवेद्यमान mfn.** (-त-वा-व) Stating, representing. **३.** आङ् before विद् to know, causal form, यत् aff.

**आवेष्ट m.** (-घ-) 1. Entrance, entering. 2. Pride, arrogance. 3. Indistinctness of idea, apoplectic or epileptic giddiness. 4. Absorption of the faculties in one wish or idea, devotedness to an object. 5. Demoniac frenzy, possession, &c. **३.** आङ् before विज् to enter, वृत् aff.

**आवेष्टन n.** (-न-) 1. Entrance, entering. 2. A house in which work is carried on, a workshop, a manufactory, &c. 3. Possession by devils, &c. 4. Passion, fury. 5. The disk of the sun. **३.** आङ् before विज् to enter, वृत् aff.

**आवेष्टिक mfn.** (-क-वी-व) 1. A guest, a visitor. 2. Entering into. 3. Own, peculiar, unparticipated. 4. Inherent. **३.** आङ् before विज् to enter, उङ् aff.

**आवेष्टक m.** (-क-) A wall, a fence, an enclosure. **३.** आङ् before वेष्ट to surround, वृत् aff.

**आवेष्टन n.** (-न-) 1. Wrapping round, binding, tying. 2. A wrapper, an envelope, a bandage. 3. An inclosure. **३.** आङ् before वेष्ट to surround, वृत् aff.

**आवेष्टित mfn.** (-त-वा-व) Surrounded, enveloped, inclosed, bound or tied. **३.** आङ् before वेष्ट to inclose, ङ् aff.

**आवेष्टन n.** (-न-) 1. Expecting, wishing. 2. Declaring, asserting. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to wish, &c. वृत् aff.

**आवेष्टा f.** (-वा) 1. wish, desire. 2. Speech, declaration. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to desire, वृत् and टाप् affs.

**आवेष्टित mfn.** (-त-वा-व) Wished, expected. 2. Declared, said. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to desire, ङ् aff.

**आवेष्टित mfn.** (-त-वा-व) 1. Wishing, desiring. 2. Asserting. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to wish, वृत् aff.

**आवेष्टु mfn.** (-सु-सु-सु) Wishing, desiring. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to wish, and च aff.

**आवेष्ट mfn.** (-व-वा-व) Able, powerful. **३.** आङ् before and वृत् able.

**आवेष्टि f.** (-ति) Power, ability, might. **३.** आङ् before वृत् power.

**आवेष्टनीय mfn.** (-य-वा-व) 1. To be doubted, questionable. 2. To be apprehended. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to doubt, वृत् or टाप् aff.

**आवेष्टा f.** (-वा) 1. Fear, apprehension. 2. Doubt, uncertainty. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to doubt, वृत् and टाप् affs.

**आवेष्टान्वित mfn.** (-त-वा-व) 1. Afraid. 2. Doubting, uncertain. **३.** आवेष्टा and वृत् having

**आवेष्टित mfn.** (-त-वा-व) 1. Feared, dreaded. 2. Doubted. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to doubt, ङ् aff.

**आवेष्टन m.** (-न-) A tree, (Pentaptera tomentosa.) See वृत् and वृत्.

**आवेष्टय m.** (-य-) 1. Meaning, intention. 2. Free will or pleasure. 3. An asylum, an abode or retreat. 4. receptacle, a recipient. 5. Any recipient or containing vessel or viscous of the body, as रक्ताशय the heart, आनाशय the stomach, &c. 6. The stomach in particular. 7. The mind. 8. Property, possessions. 9. A miser, a niggard. 10. Virtue and vice. 11. Fate, fortune. 12. The Jack, a kind of bread-fruit tree. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to rest, वृत् aff.

**आवेष्टाय m.** (-य-) A name of fire : see आवेष्टाय

**आवेष्टित mfn.** (-त-वा-व) 1. Feeding, a feeder, one who gives food. 2. Protecting, a protector. 3. Recipient, a receiver. **३.** वृत् to eat, causal form, affix वृत् or आङ् before वृत् to rest, with the same aff.

**आवेष्ट m.** (-व-) 1. Fire. 2. An imp, a goblin. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to injure, वृत् affix ; also आवेष्ट.

**आवेष्ट m.** (-व-) A tree : see जीवक.

**आवेष्ट n.** (-न-) A spirit distilled from molasses : see वृत्.

**आवेष्टा f.** (-वा) 1. Hope, desire. 2. Length. 3. A quarter, a region. **३.** आङ् before वृत् to expand, वृत् and टाप् affs.

**आवेष्ट m.** (-व-) 1. The month Asad'ha, (June-july.) 2. A staff of Palasa



wood carried by ascetics f. (शु) The name of two of the lunar mansions : see पुनर्वसु and अश्लेषा.

आशुचित् mfn. ( शः ता नः ) Having hope. इ. आशा and चित्त possessed of.

आशुदाय mfn. ( शः दा नः ) Successful, possessing the object hoped for. इ. आशा and दाय obtained.

आशुहृत् m. ( शः हृत् ) 1. Confidence, trust, expectation. 2. A spider's web. इ. आशा hope, &c. and हृत् a binding.

आशुभ्रं m. ( शः भ्रं ) Disappointment. इ. आशा and भ्रं breaking.

आशुचि mfn. ( शः चि नः ) Hoping, having hope. इ. आशा and चित् possessed of.

आशुचि न mfn. ( शः चि नः ) Desponding, despairing. इ. आशा and चि न despondence of.

आशुचि न mfn. ( शः चि नः ) Tinkling, applied to the ornaments worn on the hands and feet. इ. आशु before चि न्ति to tinkle, क् aff.

आशुचित् mfn. ( शः ता नः ) Eaten. इ. आशु before चित् to eat, affix क्; also चित्त.

आशुचि वीन mfn. ( शः चि वीनः ) Formerly grazed by cattle. इ. आशुचित् eaten, वीन irregular derivative of गौ a cow, and वृत् affix; also आशुचि वीन.

आशुचित् m. ( शः चि ) Food, victuals. m. ( शः चि ) Satisfaction, satiety. इ. आशुचित् and अश् produced by, from अ and चित् aff.

आशुचि mfn. ( शः चि नः ) Voracious, gluttonous, eating excessively. इ. चित् to eat, and चि affix, इ inserted.

आशु m. ( शः ) 1. Fire. 2. A goblet or cup. इ. आशु before चित् to eat, क् affix. Una di aff.

आशुचि f. ( शः चि ) 1. Blessing, benediction, bestowing or wishing, a blessing upon others. 2. A serpent's fang. इ. आशु before चित् to rule, क् affix, and चि exchanged to इ.

आशी f. ( शीः ) 1. Wishing or bestowing a blessing. 2. A serpent's fang. 3. A kind of venom, the venom of a snake. इ. आशु before चित् to eat, च् and चि affixes : see the preceding.

आशीवचन n. ( शीः वचनः ) A blessing, a benediction. इ. आशुचित् and वचन speech.

आशीवद m. ( शीः वदः ) A blessing, a benediction. इ. आशुचित् and वद speech.

आशीविष m. ( शीः विषः ) A snake इ. आशी a fang, and विष poison; in whose fang is venom.

आशु mfn. ( शः यः गः ) Going quickly, fleet, first. mn. ( शः शुः ) Rice ripening in the rainy season. n. adv. ( शः ) Quick, quickly. इ. चित् to pervade, च् aff.

आशुकारिन् mfn. ( शीः रिषी रि ) 1. Doing any thing quickly, smart, active. 2. (In medicine) Operating speedily. इ. आशु quick and कारिन् what acts.

आशुग mfn. ( शः गः गः ) Going or moving quickly, swift, fleet. m. ( गः ) 1. The wind. 2. An arrow. इ. आशु quick, and ग who goes.

आशुपत्री f. ( शीः पत्री ) A tree which yields frankincense, (Boswellia serrata.) See शलकी.

आशुचि m. ( शः चि ) Rice ripening in the rainy season. इ. आशु quick, and चि rice; that is, of rapid growth; also आशु. So आशुधान n. ( शः धानः ) and other compounds.

आशुचि m. ( शः चि ) 1. Fire. 2. Wind, air. इ. आशु before चित् to dry in the reiterative form, and चित् Una di aff.

आशुचि m. ( शः चि ) A mountain.

आशुचि n. ( शः चि ) Impurity. इ. आशुचित् impure, च् aff.

आशुचि mfn. ( शः चि यो ) Astonishing, wonderful. m. ( शः चि ) Surprise, astonishment. इ. आशु before चित् to go, deriv. irregular.

आशुचि n. ( शः चि ) 1. Wonderfulness. 2. Wonder, astonishment. इ. आशुचित् and च् affix; or with ता, आशुचिता.

आशुचि n. ( शः चि ) 1. Aspersing, sprinkling. 2. Applying ghee, &c. to the eyelids. इ. आशु before चित् to sprinkle, affix च्.

आशु mfn. ( शः चि नः ) Stony, made of stone, &c. इ. आशु stone, and च् affix : with the final rejected.

आशु mfn. ( शः चि नः ) Made of stone, stony, stone. इ. आशु and च् aff.

m. ( शः ) A name of ARUNA, the charioteer of the sun. इ. आशु stone, च् affix : immovable as a stone, having no legs.

आशुचित् mfn. ( शः चि नः ) Made of stone, consisting of stone, &c. इ. आशु and च् aff.

आशुचित् mfn. ( शः चि नः ) Dried partially, consolidated, coagulated. इ. आशु dimin. चि न्ति dry.

आशु m. ( शः ) 1. A religious order, of which there are four kinds referable to the different periods of life; 1st, that of the student or Brahmachari; 2d, that of the householder or Grihastha; 3d, that of the anchorite or Vanaprastha; and 4th, that of the beggar or Bhikshu; see ब्रह्मचारी. &c. 2. A college, a school. 3. A hermitage, the abode of retired saints or sages. 4. A wood or thicket. इ. आशु before चित् to perform religious austerities, affix च्.

आशुचि m. ( शः चि ) The head of a religious order, a preceptor, a principal. इ. आशु a convent, and चि senior.

आशुचि m. ( शः चि ) The special duty or duties of each order of life. इ. आशु and चि duty.

आशुचित् mfn. ( शः चि नः ) Belonging to one of the four orders, see आशु इ. आशु as above, and च् aff.

आशुचित् mfn. ( शीः चि नः ) 1. Belonging to one of the four orders. 2. Belonging to a hermitage, a hermit, an anchorite, &c. इ. आशु and चि aff.

आशुचि m. ( शः चि ) 1. Being inclined or addicted to following, practising. 2. A recipient, the person or thing in which any quality or article is inherent, retained or received. 3. An asylum, a place of refuge. 4. A patron, a protector. 5. Having recourse to a protector or asylum. 6. A dwelling. 7. Contiguity, vicinity. 8. Source, origin. 9. A plea, an excuse. 10. Appropriate act, one consistent with the character of the agent. इ. आशु before चित् to serve, च् aff.

आशुचि n. ( शः चि ) Refuge, asylum, means of protection or security. इ. आशु before चित् to serve, च् aff.

आशुचि mfn. ( शः चि नः ) 1. To be had recourse to. 2. To be practised or followed. इ. आशु before चित् to serve, affix चि न्ति.

आशुचि mfn. ( शः चि नः ) Protecting, supporting, one who is the refuge of any other. इ. आशु and चि become.

आशुचि mfn. ( शः चि नः ) A forfeiter of an asylum, one who by misconduct &c. loses patronage or protection. m. ( शः चि ) A name of fire. इ. आशु a house, &c. चित् to eat or consume, and च् affix : similar compounds occur frequently, as आशुचि चिन्ति, आशुचि चिन्ति, &c.

आशुचि mfn. ( शः चि नः ) Compliant, abedient. m. ( शः चि ) 1. A promise, an engagement. 2. Distress, fatigue. 3. Fault, transgression. इ. आशु before चित् to hear, च् aff.

आशु f. ( शीः ) The edge of a sword : see चि.

आशुचित् mfn. ( शः चि नः ) 1. Inhabiting, dwelling in, resorting to as a retreat or asylum. 2. Following, practising, observing. 3. Using, employing, having recourse to. 4. Receiving any thing, as an inherent or integral part. 5. Taking one's station at or on, as at window or a seat, &c. 6. A dependent. इ. आशु before चित् to serve, च् aff.

आशुचि ind. 1. Having sought or obtained an asylum. 2. Having recourse to, employing, practising. इ. आशु before चित् to serve, च् aff. [hear, च् aff. augment.]

आशुचित् mfn. ( शः चि नः ) 1. Promised, agreed. 2. Heard. इ. आशु before चित् to hear, च् aff.

आशुचित् mfn. ( शः चि नः ) 1. Embraced. 2. Embracing, who or what embraces. 3. Connected, interwoven, blended. 4. Attaching to, joining, who or what adheres to. 5. Invested, spread. 6. Connected as a consequence, deduced, concluded. इ. आशु before चित् to fold, च् aff.

आशुचि m. ( शः चि ) 1. Embracing, an embrace. 2. Site of any act. 3. Intimate connexion. इ. आशु before चित् to fold, च् aff.

आशु mfn. ( शः चि नः ) Relating to a horse, drawn by horses, equestrian.

&c. n. (-न्) 1. A number of horses. 2. A chariot drawn by horses. 3. चर a horse, and चर aff.

आश्वत्थ m. (-त्थः) The fruit of the holy fig tree. 2. चरत् and चर aff.

आश्वत्थि mfn. (-त्थः-त्थी-त्थः) Relating to or produced by the Aswattha tree. 2. Flowering of the Aswattha (the time when.) 2. चरत् and चर aff.

आश्वि mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) Belonging to or occurring in the same month of Aswin. m. (-श्वः) The month Aswin, (September-October.) f. (-श्वी) The day of full moon in Aswin. 2. चरत् the first lunar mansion. affix चर and fam. चरिप्.

आश्विन mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) Belonging to a chariot. 2. चरत् and चर aff.

आश्विनिक m. (-श्वः) A farrier, a groom. 2. चर, चरत् a mark, ठक् aff.

आश्विनिक m. (-श्वः) The name of a sage and legislator, &c. 2. चरत् and चर patronymic aff.

आश्विन mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) 1. Breathing, alive. 2. Recovering, reviving. 2. चर before चर to breathe, चर aff.

आश्वित mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) Encouraged, cheered, consoled. 2. चर before चर to breathe, चर aff.

आश्वित m. (-श्वः) 1. Completion, cessation. 2. A chapter or section, the division of a book. 3. A probable story. 4. Breathing. 2. चर before चर to breathe, to live, चर aff.

आश्वित m. (-श्वः) Clothing. mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) Consoling, comforting. 2. चर before चर to breathe, causal form, चर aff.

आश्वित n. (-श्वः) Consoling, encouraging, reviving. 2. चर before चर to breathe, causal form, चर aff.

आश्वित mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) Encouraged, comforted. 2. चर before चर to breathe, causal form, चर aff. [causal form, चर aff.

आश्वित ind. Having recovered or revived. 2. चर before चर to breathe, चर mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) Equestrian, cavalier, relating to a horse, drawn by horses, &c. 2. चर and ठक् aff.

आश्विन m. (-श्वः) The month Aswin, (September-October.) 2. चरिणी the constellation, चरि deriv. affix : when the moon is in Aswini.

आश्विन mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) A day's journey for a horse. 2. चर a horse, and चर aff.

आश्विन m. du. (-श्वी) The two twin sons of Aswini by SURYA, and physicians of Swarga; one of them is named NĀŚATYA, the other DAKṢA. or the patronymic may be used in the singular to designate either one of them. 2. चरिणी and ठक् aff.

आश्विन n. (-श्वः) A number of horses. 2. चर a horse, and चर aff.

आश्विन m. (-श्वः) 1. The name of a month, (June-July.) 2. A staff of the wood of the Palasa, carried by an ascetic in the month Ashad'ha. 3. The Malaya mountain. 2. चरत् the constellation, and चर aff.

आश्विन m. (-श्वः) The day of full moon in the month Ashad'ha. f. (-श्वी) The twenty-first and twenty-second lunar mansion : it is most commonly compounded with पूर्व and उत्तर : see पूर्वआश्विन and उत्तरआश्विन. 2. चर neg. सह to bear, चर and टप् aff.

आश्विन m. (-श्वः) The month Ashad'ha : see the preceding, also चरत्.

आश्विन mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) Produced in the month Ashad'ha. m. (-श्वः) The planet MARS. 2. चरत् the month, and चर produced, from चर and चर aff.

आश्विन m. (-श्वः) See the preceding. 2. चरत् the sign, and चर produced, from चर to be, affix चरिप्. [Unādi aff.

आश्विन n. (-श्वः) Ether, the sky or atmosphere. 2. चर to throw, to send, चर

आश्विन 2d cl. (वाचि or चरत्) 1. To sit. 2. To be present. 3. To be or exist. With चरि prefixed. 1. To inhabit, to dwell in. 2. To sit over or upon. 3. To mistake or err by taking one thing for another from similarity of appearance. With चरि, to sit or apply to, to study, to learn. With चर, 1. To leave, to abandon. 2. To shake, agitate, &c. (as wind.) With चर, to worship, to do homage. With चरि, to expel. With चर and चरि, to reject, to refuse, to invalidate.

आश्विन ind. (वाचि) An interjection, ah! oh! &c. implying. 1. Recollection. 2. Anger. 3. Menace. 4. Pain. 5. Affliction.

आश्विन m. (-श्वः) A bow. 2. चर to send or throw, affix चर.

आश्विन mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) 1. Zealously following or pursuing, intent or attached strongly to. 2. Trusting to, confiding in. 3. Eternal. adv. n. (-श्वः) Eternally 2. चर before चर to embrace, to move, participial affix चर.

आश्विन mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) Of a fixed mind, intent on, devoted to, absorbed in. 2. चरत् and चर mind.

आश्विन mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) Having the mind fixed or intent on any object. 2. चरत् and चर the understanding.

आश्विन mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) Having the mind fixed upon any object 2. चरत् and चर the mind.

आश्विन f. (-श्वः) Attachment to one object or pursuit, diligence, application. 2. चर before चर to embrace, चर aff.

आश्विन m. (-श्वः) 1. Attachment to any object. 2. Association, connexion. 3. Proximity, contact. adv. n. (-श्वः) Eternally. adj mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) Eternal. 2. चर always, चर to move, चर aff.

आश्विन n. (-श्वः) Detachment, disunion. 2. चर neg. चरिणि union, चर aff.

आश्विन f. (-श्वः) A whirlwind. 2. चरत् eternal, चरि and चरि aff.

आश्विन n. (-श्वः) Putting on dress, armour, ornaments, &c. 2. चर before चर to dress, चर aff.

आश्विन ind. Having put on. 2. चर before चर to dress, affix चर.

आश्विन f. (-श्वः) 1. Intimate union, meeting, junction. 2. Gain, profit, acquirement. 3. In logic, connexion or relation between two or more proximate terms and the sense they convey. 2. चर before चर to go, affix चरि.

आश्विन n. (-श्वः) 1. A stool, a seat. 2. Maintaining a post against an enemy. 3. The withers of an elephant, the part where the driver sits. 4. Halting, stopping. 5. Sitting in some peculiar posture, as is the custom of devotees, &c. eighty-four kinds are enumerated. see पदासन, &c. m. (-श्वः) A tree, (Pentapleura tomentosa.) Also चर. f. (-श्वः) Stay, abiding, sitting. (श्वी) 1. A shop, a stall. 2. A small seat, a stool. 2. चर to abide, and चर or चर aff.

आश्विन m. (-श्वः) A name of VISHNU mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) A small couch or oblong chair, having the seat made of basket work. 2. चर sitting, and चर what gives.

आश्विन mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) Near, proximate. m. (-श्वः) A setting sun. 2. चर before चर to go, and चर aff.

आश्विन m. (-श्वः) Hour of death. 2. चर and चर time.

आश्विन n. (-श्वः) 1. Rum, spirit distilled from sugar or molasses. 2. Spirituous liquor in general. 2. चर before चर to be generated, and चर aff.

आश्विन m. (-श्वः) The palmyra tree. 2. चर spirit, and चर a tree; the juice of the palmyra upon fermenting affording a spirituous liquor.

आश्विन n. (-श्वः) 1. Obtaining, attaining. 2. Accomplishing. 3. Going to or toward. 2. चर before चर to go, causal form, चर aff.

आश्विन mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) 1. Obtained. 2. Reached, gone to. 3. Spread, extended, overspread. 1. Effected, completed. 2. चर before चर to go, in the causal form, affix चर.

आश्विन ind. 1. Having attained or reached. 2. Having obtained. 2. चर before चर to go, causal form, चर aff.

आश्विन n. (-श्वः) Accomplishment, attainment. 2. चर before चर to succeed, चर aff.

आश्विन m. (-श्वः) 1. A hard shower. 2. Surrounding an enemy. 3. The army of an ally, or of a king whose dominions are separated by other intervening states. 2. चर before चर to go, चर aff.

आश्विन mfn. (-श्वः-श्वी-श्वः) To be born. 2. चर to bear, affix चर.

आश्विन m. (-श्वः) A swordsman. 2. चर a sword, and ठक् aff.

बासीक n. (-क) Belief in Providence and a future world. इ. बासीक a believer, and वच् aff.

बासीक mfn. (-क-बा-क) Spread, strewed, scattered. इ. बाक् before क् to spread, क् aff. [affix क्]

बासुत mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Spread. 2. Covered. इ. बाक् before क् to spread, बासा f. (-सा) 1. Prop, stay, place or means of abiding. 2. An assembly. 3. Effort, pains, care. 4. Consideration, regard. इ. बाक् before क् to stay, to stand, वच् and टाप् affs.

बासायन nf. (-न-नी) An assembly. n. (-न) 1. Place, site. 2. Staying, abiding. 3. Pains, care. इ. बाक् before सा to stay or stand, क् ट् and क् ट् affs.

बासायन n. (-न) 1. Placing, fixing, causing to stay or remain. 2. An enema of oil, ghee, &c इ. बाक् before सा to stay, causal form, क् ट् aff.

बासित mfn. (त-ता-त) 1. Stayed, dwelt, abiding, abode. 2. Applied to, having recourse to. 3. Occupied, engrossed by, engaged in. 4. Spread, overspread. 5. Obtained. 6. Observing, adhering to, following, practising. इ. बाक् before सा to stay, and क् aff.

बास्य n. (-य) 1. Business, affair. 2. Office, rank, station. 3. Dignity. 4. Authority. 5. Place, site. इ. बाक् before प् to go, deriv. irr. [aff बास्यन n. (-न) Troubling, thobbing. इ. बाक् before य्दि to shake, क् ट्, बास्यद्वा f. (-द्वा) Emulation, rivalry. इ. बाक् before य्द्वा to vie with, वच् and टाप् affs.

बास्यद्वा mfn. (-द्वा-वि-नी-वि) Emulous. इ. बास्यद्वा and इति aff.

बास्यक m. (-क) 1. Striking, rubbing, causing to move gently. 2. Flapping, clapping. 3. The flapping motion of an elephant's ear. इ. वच् before क्कल to move, causal form, वच् aff.

बास्यकन n. (-न) 1. Pride, arrogance. 2. Rubbing, stirring, moving gently. इ. बाक् before क्कल to move, causal form, affix क् ट्.

बास्यकित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Struck gently, rubbed, touched, stirred. 2. Flapped, clapped, struck together. इ. बाक् before क्कल to move causal form, क् aff.

बासुजित m. (-जित्) A name of a Sūkṛa, regent of the planet Venus, and teacher of the Asuras.

बासीक m. (-क) 1. A plant, (Swallow wort.) 2. The sound of striking on the arms, as made by combatants, wrestlers, &c. f. (-क) A wild variety of jasmin. इ. बाक् before क्कट् to expand, and वच् affix; बासीक and बासीकता.

बासीकत m. (-क) A tree, (Careya arborea.) इ. बाक् before क्कट् to blow &c. and वच् aff.

बासीकन n. (-न) 1. Blowing, expanding. 2. Contracting, closing. 3. Slapping the arms, or the noise made by it. f. (-क) A gimlet or auger. इ. बाक् before क्कट् to blow or expand, and क् ट् aff.

बासीक m. (-त) 1. Swallow wort, (Aselepias gigantea.) 2. Mountain ebony, (Baehinia variegata, &c.) 3. A kind of ochites or savanna flower, (E. dichotoma, Rox.) f. (-ता) 1. A wild variety of jasmir. 2. Ulitoria ternatea. इ. बाक् before क्कट् to blow or expand, वच् affix and ट् changed to त्; or क्क to encrease, with क् affix, and बा converted to बी; also sometimes बासीक and बासीकता.

बास n. (-स) 1. the face. 2. The mouth. mfn. (-स-सा-स) Belonging or relating to the mouth or face इ. वच् to throw or direct, and वच् affix, or बाक् before सक् to go, and क् affix; to which food goes or is directed, f. (-सा) Stay, abiding, resting. इ. बाक् to sit, and वच् affix.

बासप n. (-प) A lotus. इ. बास a face, प a leaf; this flower is commonly compared to a beautiful face.

बासबास m. (-बा) A hog, a boar. इ. बास and बासक a plough; whose face is as it were a plough.

बासबीन n. (-न) The beard. इ. बास and बीन hair; the hair of the face.

पलास m. (-वः) Spittle, saliva. ३. पल the mouth, पल liquor.  
 राक्षस m. (-वः) The nineteenth lunar mansion. ३. राक्षस a Rakshasa or goblin, and राक्ष aff. one of this race being the doity of the asterism.  
 राक्ष m. (-वः) 1. Distress, pain, affliction. 2. Flow, issue, running, discharge. ३. राक्ष before कृ to go, and राक्ष aff.  
 राक्ष m. (-वः) 1. Pain, affliction. 2. Flow, issue, running, discharge. ३. राक्ष before कृ to ooze, राक्ष aff.  
 राक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sounded. ३. राक्ष before सृ to sound, क affix, with इट् augment.  
 राक्ष mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sounded. ३. राक्ष before सृ to sound, क aff.  
 राक्ष m. (-वः) 1. Tasting, eating. 2. Enjoying. 3. Flavour ३. राक्ष before खट् to taste, affix घञ्. [taste, खट् aff.]  
 राक्ष m. (-वः) 1. Tasting, eating. 2. Enjoying. ३. राक्ष before खट् to taste, affix घञ्.  
 राक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Tasted. 2. Enjoyed, possessed. 3. Eaten. ३. राक्ष before खट् to taste, affix क.  
 राक्ष ind. An interjection, aha! ah! implying. 1. Casting, sending. 2. Severity, reproof. 3. Commanding.  
 राक्ष m. (-कः) A disease of the nose, inflammation of the Schneiderian membrane.  
 राक्ष mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Struck, beaten. 2. Injured, killed. 3. Multiplied. 4. Known, understood. 5. Uttered falsely. n. (-तः) 1. Old cloth or raiment. 2. New cloth or clothes. 3. Assertion of an impossibility. m. (-तः) A drum. ३. राक्ष, before हृन् to hurt or injure, affix क.  
 राक्ष mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Noted for good qualities. ३. राक्ष known, and लक्ष a mark.  
 राक्ष m. (-वः) 1. Breath inspired, inspiration. 2. Taking, seizing. ३. राक्ष before हृ to take, अप् aff.  
 राक्ष n. (-वः) 1. Taking, seizing. 2. Causing, inducing. 3. Extracting, removing. ३. राक्ष before हृ to take, affix ल्युट्.  
 राक्ष mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) One who takes or seizes. m. (-तः) (In law,) A copy-holder. ३. राक्ष before हृ to take, इच् aff.  
 राक्ष m. (-वः) 1. War, battle. 2. Sacrificing. ३. राक्ष before हृ to sacrifice or हृच् to call, and राक्ष aff. [हृच् aff.]  
 राक्ष n. (-नः) Sacrifice, offering sacrifice ३. राक्ष before हृ to sacrifice, राक्ष mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be offered as an oblation. m. (-यः) A consecrated fire taken from the house-holder's perpetual fire, and prepared for receiving oblations. ३. राक्ष before हृ to offer oblations, and राक्ष aff.  
 राक्ष mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fit for a burnt offering. m. (-कः) A consecrated fire. ३. कन् added to the last. [convey, घञ् aff.]  
 राक्ष m. (-वः) 1. Food. 2. Taking, conveying. ३. राक्ष before हृ to राक्ष m. (-वः) The juice of the body, chyle, lymph, serum, &c. ३. राक्ष food, and राक्ष what is produced.  
 राक्ष mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Begging or seeking for food. ३. राक्ष food and राक्ष who asks.  
 राक्ष mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Adventitious, accessory, incidental. 2. To be taken or seized. 3. To be eaten. m. (-यः) The ornamental part of the drama, the dress, decorations, &c. ३. राक्ष before हृच् to convey, खट् aff.  
 राक्ष f. (-भः) Adventitious beauty, beauty not natural but the effect of paint, ornaments, &c. ३. राक्ष incidental, and राक्ष splendor.  
 राक्ष m. (-वः) 1. A trough near a well for watering cattle. 2. War, battle. 3. Calling. ३. राक्ष before हृ to call, घञ् affix, deriv. irr.  
 राक्ष m. (-वः) 1. A name of the inspired grammarian PANINI. 2. The descending node. ३. राक्ष a snake, or the constellation Ashlesha, and इच् aff.  
 राक्ष m. (-वः) A man of fixed origin, the son of a Nishada father and Vaidehi mother, employed as a watchman on the outside of jails, &c.

वाक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Placed, deposited. 2. Entertained, felt. 3. Comprising, containing. 4. Made, done. ३. वाक्ष before वा to have or hold, part. affix क, form irr.  
 वाक्षित mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Noted for good qualities. ३. See वाक्षित.  
 वाक्षित mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Pained, grieved. ३. वाक्षित felt, वाक्ष pain.  
 वाक्षित mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Noisy, uttering or making sound. ३. वाक्षित made, वाक्ष a sound. [a spot.]  
 वाक्षित mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Marked, spotted, stained ३. वाक्षित made, वाक्ष वाक्षित m. (-वः) A Brahman who has preserved a sacred fire kept alive perpetually in a family, &c. ३. वाक्ष placed, and वाक्ष a fire; by whom.  
 वाक्षित m. (-कः) A juggler, a snake-catcher ३. वाक्ष a snake, वाक्ष a mouth, and इच् affix: playing with the mouth of a snake: the poisonous fangs being extracted, the snakes are suffered to bite their exhibitors.  
 वाक्ष n. (-नः) The nourishment of all created beings, considered as one of the five sacraments or principal sacrifices of the Hindus. ३. वाक्ष before हृ to offer oblations, and क aff.  
 वाक्ष f. (-तः) 1. Offering oblations with fire to the deities. 2. Any solemn rite accompanied with oblations. ३. As the preceding, affix क्तिन्.  
 वाक्ष n. (-वः) A leguminous shrub.  
 वाक्ष mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Called, summoned, invoked, invited. ३. वाक्ष before हृ to call, क aff.  
 वाक्ष m. (-यः) A defendant or witness absconding, or not appearing when summoned. ३. वाक्ष and राक्ष who runs away.  
 वाक्ष f. (-तः) Calling. ३. वाक्ष before हृ to call, affix क्तिन्: ए is dropped, and व is changed to its analogous vowel उ.  
 वाक्ष mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Brought, taken, collected. ३. वाक्ष before हृ to take, क aff.  
 वाक्ष ind. Having taken or received, having brought. ३. वाक्ष before हृ to take, ल्यप् aff.  
 वाक्ष mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Belonging or relating to a snake. ३. वाक्ष a snake, and इच् aff.  
 वाक्ष ind. 1. An interjection of doubt; 2. Of asking.  
 वाक्षिपुत्रिका f. (-कः) Boasting, military vaunting. ३. वाक्षि, पुत्र a man, and affix कन्: doubting another's manhood, &c.  
 वाक्षिन् ind. A particle implying doubt. ३. वाक्षि and क्तिन् aff.  
 वाक्ष n. (-वः) Many days. ३. वाक्ष a day, and क्तिन् aff.  
 वाक्ष mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Daily, diurnal, of or belonging to a day. n. (-कः) 1. Constant occupation, daily work. 2. The division or section of a book. 3. Food. ३. वाक्ष a day, and इच् aff.  
 वाक्ष m. (-वः) Daily observance, the prayers and practices necessary for bodily and mental purification. ३. वाक्ष daily and वाक्ष observance.  
 वाक्ष m. (-वः) Joy, delight. ३. वाक्ष before हृ to be pleased, affix घञ्.  
 वाक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Delighted, rejoiced ३. वाक्ष before हृ to be delighted, क aff.  
 वाक्ष m. (-वः) A crier, who or what calls. f. (-वः) 1. A name, an appellation. 2. A call, a summons. ३. वाक्ष before हृ to call, क aff.  
 वाक्ष m. (-यः) 1. A name or appellation. 2. A lawsuit arising from a dispute about games with animals, as cock-fighting, &c. ३. वाक्ष before हृच् to call, घञ् aff.  
 वाक्ष n. (-नः) 1. Calling, a call or summons. 2. Legal summons. 3. A name, an appellation. 4. Invocation, invitation. ३. वाक्ष before हृच् to call, ल्युट् aff.  
 वाक्ष n. (-नः) Day of trial. ३. वाक्ष summons, and इच् seeing, investigating.  
 वाक्ष m. (-वः) 1. A name. 2. A summons. ३. वाक्ष हृ to call, घ aff.  
 वाक्ष m. (-वः) A messenger, a courier. ३. वाक्ष हृ to call, ल्युट् aff.

र The third vowel of the alphabet, corresponding to I short, and pronounced as that letter in kill, &c.

र m. (रः) A name of KAMADEVA Ind. An interjection. 1. Of anger. 2. Of calling. 3. Of sorrow or distress. 4. Of compassion. र र to go, क्तिप् aff.

र r. 1st cl. (अयति) To go, to go to or towards: with उत् prefixed, to rise or ascend, as the sun, &c. with अभि and उत् the same, or to rise in the world, to prosper. (रु) रुङ् and रुधि always prefixed. रुधीर r. 2nd cl. (अधीते) To study, to learn, to read over or through. (रु) रुङ् and रुधि prefixed r. 2nd cl. (अधीति) To remember, to think of. (रु) रुङ् r. 2nd cl. (रति) To go. This root takes many prefixes, implying with रति, 1. To surpass, to surmount. 2. To pass, to spend time or to elapse as time. With चत्, 1. To go after, to follow. 2. To go like, to imitate in going. 3. To succeed. With अभि, 1. To obtain, to get. 2. To proceed, to go on. 3. To go. 4. To approach. 5. To serve or worship. With अप्, 1. To go away, to depart. 2. To perish. With अभि and उप्, To arrive. With उप्, 1. To receive. 2. To aid or assist. 3. To approach or go near so. With निर्, To go forth or out from. With प्रति, 1. To trust, to confide. 2. To follow, to be added or subjoined to. 3. (In the passive verb,) To become evident or manifest. With त्र्, To expend, to waste, to depart. With सम् and उप्, To obtain, &c.

रकट m. (-टः) A kind of reed: see रत्कट.

रक्ष m. (-क्षः) The sugar-cane.

रक्षु m. (-क्षुः) The sugar-cane. र् इत् to desire, and क्त् affix or इत् to see, चत् affix and इ made short.

रक्षुका m. (-क्षुः) 1. A species of sugar-cane, (Saccharum munja, Rox.) See मृक्ष. 2. A sort of grass, (Kas.) (Saccharum spontaneum.) 3. The stem or cane of the Saccharum officinale, the sugar-cane. र् इत् and काङ् a stem.

रक्षुमा f. (-मा) 1. A kind of reed, (Saccharum spontaneum.) 2. Barleria longifolia, (this and its synonymes are also applied to Caparis spinosa and Tribulus lanuginosus: see कर्कशाक्ष and गोक्षुरक.) 3. Convolvulus paniculatus: भूमिकुशाक्ष. र् इत् and गन्ध smell; having the odor of the sugar-cane.

रक्षुमिका f. (-का) Convolvulus paniculatus. र् See the preceding.

रक्षुमा f. (-मा) A species of grass or reed. र् इत् and रुक्षा like, like sugar-cane.

रक्षुदण्ड n. (-ण्डः) The stem or cane of the Saccharum officinale, the sugar-cane. र् इत् and दण्ड a staff.

रक्षुदमी f. (-मी) A kind of grass, also वंशसूत, &c.

रक्षुनिष m. (-षः) A kind of tree. र् इत् and निष an eye.

रक्षुपत्र m. (-पत्रः) A species of grain, Jower, (Panicum spicatum.) र् इत् and पत्र a leaf.

रक्षुप्र m. (-प्रः) A sort of grass, (Saccharum sara.)

रक्षुबालिका f. (-का) 1. A kind of reed: see रक्षुबालिका. 2. Saccharum spontaneum. र् इत् and बालिका an infant; a young sugar-cane, from its smaller size. [aff.]

रक्षुमिका f. (-का) A meal of sugar or molasses. र् इत्, मक्ष to eat, क्त्

रक्षुमती f. (-ती) The name of a river in Bengal. र् इत् and मत् aff. in this sense.

रक्षुमूल n. (-मूलः) 1. A sort of tree; also रक्षुमेव. 2. The root of sugar-cane. र् इत् and मूल a root.

रक्षुमेह m. (-हः) Diabetes, or D. mellitus. र् इत् and मेह urine.

रक्षुमेहिन् mfn. (-हिन्) Diabetic. र् इत् and मेहि aff.

रक्षुमल n. (-मलः) A sugar-mill. र् इत् and मल a machine.

रक्षुमूलिनि m. (-निः) The common sugar-cane. र् इत् and मूलिनि origin.

रक्षुम, (-रः) 1. Sugar-cane. 2. Barleria longifolia or Tribulus lanugi-

nosus. 3. Saccharum spontaneum. र् इत् sugar-cane and र what gives, from रा and उ aff.

रक्षुम m. (-रः) 1. Saccharum spontaneum. 2. Barleria longifolia: see the preceding, क्त् being added.

रक्षुम m. (-रः) 1. The juice of the sugar-cane. 2. Molasses, unrefined sugar. 3. A sort of grass, (Saccharum spontaneum.) र् इत् sugar-cane and रक्षु juice.

रक्षुमकाय m. (-कायः) Raw or unrefined sugar, molasses. र् इत् and काय a decoction, the boiled or inspissated juice.

रक्षुमदी m. (-दी) The sea of syrup. र् इत् and दी water.

रक्षुवाटिका f. (-का) A kind of sugar-cane, common yellow cane; also रक्षुवाटी; see रक्षु.

रक्षुविकार m. (-विकारः) 1. Sugar, molasses. 2. Any sweetment. र् इत् and विकार change of form. [surrounding]

रक्षुवदन m. (-दनः) A sort of grass, (Saccharum munja.) र् इत् and वदन

रक्षुवाकट n. (-टः) A field of sugar-cane. र् इत् and वाकट a field.

रक्षुवाकिन n. (-किनः) A field of sugar-cane. र् इत् and वाकिन a field in this compound.

रक्षुसार m. (-सारः) Molasses, raw or unrefined sugar. र् इत् and सार essence, the essence of the sugar-cane.

रक्षुस m. (-सः) The son of the Manu NAIVASWATA, the son of SURYA or the sun, and first prince of the solar dynasty; he reigned at Ajodhya in the commencement of the second Yuga or age. र् इत् (-सः) A bitter gourd. र् इत् and सक्ष to obtain, and क्त् or उक्त् aff.

रक्षुलिक m. (-लिकः) A kind of reed, (Saccharum spontaneum.) र् इत् (-लिकः) Another sort, (Saccharum fuscum); the native pens are made from its stem. र् इत् and लालिका for बाखी a line; it grows like the sugar-cane.

रक्षु r. 1st cl. (रक्षति) and (र) रक्षि (रक्षति) To go. [or agitate.]

रक्षु r. 1st cl. (र) रक्षि (रक्षति) 1. To go, to go to or towards. 2. To move. रक्षु mfn. (-क्षुः) 1. Moveable, locomotive. 2. Surprising, wonder

ful. m. (-क्षुः) 1. A hint or sign, an indication of sentiment by gesture, &c. 2. Knowledge. र् इत् to go, affix क्.

रक्षित n. (-रक्षितः) 1. Hint, sign, gesture. 2. Going, motion. 3. Intention, purpose. र् इत् to go, affix क्. [knows.]

रक्षितज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः) Understanding signs. र् इत् and ज्ञ who. रक्षुद mf. (-दः) The name of a plant, commonly Ingua. र् इत् going, and द what gives; the pen. च is changed to उ and the form. affix is डीप्. [to ल]

रक्षुल mf. (-लः) See the preceding. र् इत्. As before, द being changed.

रक्षुल mfn. (-लः) Wishing, desirous. m. (-लः) 1. Citron, (Citrus medica.) 2. (In arithmetic,) Demand, the sum sought. र् इत् wish, and ल aff.

रक्षुल mfn. (-लः) Wishing, wishful, desirous. र् इत् to wish, रक्षुल n. (-लः) Desire, wishfulness. र् इत् and ल affix; also with लक्ष्.

रक्षुला.

रक्षा f. (-क्षा) Wish, desire. र् इत् to desire, affixेत् and टाप्.

रक्षानिवृत्ति f. (-वृत्तिः) Suppression of desire. र् इत् and निवृत्ति cessation.

रक्षानित mfn. (-तः) Having desire, wishing, wishful. र् इत् and चक्षित possessed of.

रक्षायत् mfn. (-यत्) Wishing, wishful, desirous. f. (-ती) A woman desirous of any thing. र् इत्, मत् poss. affix, and डीप् fern.

रक्षायत् m. (-यत्) A name of KURBA. र् इत् desire and रक्षु wealth.

रक्षु mfn. (-क्षुः) Wishing, desiring. र् इत् to wish, and लक्ष् deriv. irr.

रक्षुल mfn. (-लः) Wishing, desirous. र् इत् added to the inst. or रक्षु and लक्ष् aff.

रक्षुल m. (-लः) A small tree growing in wet and saline soil, or on low grounds near the sea, (Barringtonia acutangula.) See रक्षुल. र् इत् to go, क्तिप् affix, and लक्ष् water.

गुरु mfn. (-गुरुः-गुरो-गुः) A teacher. m. (-गुरुः) VRINASPATI, the teacher or Guru of the gods. f. (-गुरा) 1. A gift, a donation. 2. Sacrificing, making offerings to the gods or manes. 3. Worship, reverence. 4. Meeting, union. 5. A cow. 6. A bawd or procuress. R. गृत् to sacrifice, &c. कृप् aff.

गुरीय m. (-गुः) A frequent sacrificer. R. गृत् sacrifice, and गुरीय to be frequent, कृप् aff. [aff.]

गुरा m. (-गुः) A shrimp or prawn. R. गृत् to satisfy, and कृप् aff. 1st cl. (गृत्ति) To go, to go to or towards.

गुर m. (-गुः) A bull or steer allowed to go at liberty. R. गृत् to wish, कृप् affix, and गृत् who goes, going at will; also गृत्.

गु f. (-गु) 1. The wife of BUDDHA, daughter of KSHAKU. 2. The earth. 3. A cow. 4. Speed. 5. A tubular vessel, one of the principal channels of the vital spirit, that which is on the right side of the body. 6. Heaven. 7. The goddess of speech. R. गृत् to direct or send, कृप् affix, and टाप् fem. ल and ड are interchangeable; see गुला.

गुविका f. (-गु) A wasp. R. गुडा the earth, कृत् to go, and गुन् aff.

गुडिका f. (-गु) The earth. R. गृत् to direct, and गुन् affix; ल becomes ड.

गुड m. (-गुः) A wild goat. R. गुडिक् an imitative sound, and ल who utters, from कै, aff. ड.

गुड m. (-गुः) A bull fit to be let at liberty. R. गृत् to wish, affix कृप्, and गृत् to choose, कृप् affix: see गृत्वर.

गुलीय m. (-गुः) A knife.

गुलीय m. (-गुः) A tree, (Trochis aspera.)

गु ind. A grammatical term, implying a letter in the inflective particles that is to be rejected.

गु mfn. (-गुः-गुता-गु) 1. Gone. 2. Remembered. 3. Obtained. R. गृत् to go, affix कृ.

गु इतम् ind. Here here, come here. R. इतम् repeated.

गुतर mfn. (-गुः-गुतर-गु) 1. Other, different. 2. Low, vile. R. गृत् desire, गृत् to pass over, and कृप् aff.

गुतरा ind. In another manner, otherwise, differently. R. गुता added to इतर.

गुतरेतर mfn. (-गुः-गुतर-गु) 1. Mutual, one with another. 2. Respective, several. R. इतर repeated.

गुतरेतरकाया f. (-गु) Respective or several fancies or inclinations. R. इतरेतर and काय्य to be desired.

गुतरेतराशय mfn. (-गुः-गुता-गु) Affecting or concerning mutually. R. इतरेतर and आशय object or receptacle.

गुतरेतम् ind. Another or different day. R. इतर and एतम् aff.

गुतरेतम् ind. Hither and thither. R. इतम् repeated, with ल and, inserted.

गुतरेतम् ind. Hence, from hence. R. irr. deriv. from इतम् thus, with तत्तल aff. [thence.]

गुतरेतम् ind. Here and there, hither and thither. R. इतम् hence, तत्तल

गुति ind. A particle implying, 1. Cause, (thus, therefore.) 2. Manifestation, (lo! behold!) 3. Something additional, (etcetera.) 4. The meanings of एव, (so, thus, even, in this manner.) 5. Conclusion, enough, (finis.) 6. Reference, (so says, this is, &c.) It also implies, 7. Order, arrangement, specific or distinctive, and 8. Identity (of this or similar form.) 9. A grammatical copulative, indicating a preceding sound or sense, to be again intoned. R. गृत् to go, कृप् aff.

गुतिक्य mfn. (-गुः-गुता-गु) 1. Unworthy of trust, not fit to be credited. 2. Wicked, lost. f. (-गु) Unmeaning or nonsensical discourse. R. इति this, so, and कथा a saying.

गुतिकर्तव्य mfn. (-गुः-गुता-गु) What is proper or necessary to be done. R. इति so, कर्तव्य to be done.

गुतिकर्तव्यता f. (-गु) Proper and right measures. R. इतिकर्तव्य with तत् added, or with ल, इतिकर्तव्यल.

गुति ind. Traditional instruction, advice, &c mutually imparted. R. इति so, thus, and वृत् tidings.

इतिहास m. (-सः) History, traditional accounts of former events, heroic history, as the Mahabharata and Ramayana. R. इतिहास traditional instruction, कृत् to be, and कृप् aff.

इत्कट mfn. (-कटः) A kind of reed or grass; also इत्कट. R. कट् and कट् to go, क is changed to इ. [play]

इत्किला f. (-किला) A perfume: see रोचना. R. इत् obtained, and किला to इत्तल ind. Thus. R. इत्तल this, deriv. irr. with कृप् aff.

इत्तल mfn. (-तलः-तल) Become thus or in such manner. R. इत्तल and भूत become.

इत्तल mfn. (-तलः-तल) To be gone to or towards. f. (-तल) A litter, a palankeen. R. इत्तल to go, कृप् aff.

इत्तल ind. Etcetera, and so forth.

इत्तर mfn. (-रः-रार-र) 1. Low, vile. 2. Cruel, harsh. 3. A traveller. 4. Poor, indigent. 5. Going, moving, what goes. f. (-री) A disloyal or unchaste woman. R. इत्तल and कृप् aff.

इत्तर 1st cl. (इत्तल) To have supreme power and superhuman faculties.

इत्तल pron. mfn. (अयं इयं इत्तल) This. R. इत्तल to have power, कृप् affix, and the radical न rejected.

इत्तलकाया f. (-काया) A plant, (Hedysarum alhagi.) R. इत्तल this, and काया business; applied to this and that use.

इत्तलीय mfn. (-नः-लीय-न) Present, momentary, of the present moment. R. इत्तलीय and लीय aff.

इत्तलीय ind. 1. Now, at present. 2. An expletive, affecting however slightly the sense. R. irr. deriv. from इत्तल this, with दातीय aff.

इत्तलकर m. (-रः) A year, one of the five sorts of years in which gifts of clothes and food are productive of great rewards.

इत्तल mfn. (-इत्तलः-इत्तल-इत्तल) 1. Lighted, alight. 2. Shining, glowing, blazing. 3. Clean, clear, bright. 4. Wonderful. 5. Obeyed, unresisted. R. (-इत्तल) 1. Sunshine, light, heat. R. इत्तल to shine, affix कृ.

इत्तल n. (-य) Fuel. R. इत्तल to kindle, to burn. कृप् Una di aff.

इत्तलप्रवचन n. (-नः) A hatchet, an axe. R. इत्तल and प्रवचन what cuts.

इत्तल m. (-नः) 1. The sun. 2. A master, a lord. 3. A king. 4. The asterism Hasta. R. इत्तल to go, कृप् Una di aff.

इत्तलम n. (-मः) A royal court or assembly. R. इत्तल and सभा assembly.

इत्तलवर n. (-रः) The blue lotus, (Nymphaea corulea.) R. इत्तल from इत्तल to possess great power, and वर what chooses, preeminent above other flowers: see इत्तलीवर.

इत्तलन्दिर m. (-रः) A large bee. R. इत्तल to possess great power, deriv. irr. इत्तल f. (-रा) A name of LAKSHMI, the wife of VISHNU. R. इत्तल as above, and रा who gives.

इत्तलराज्य n. (-यः) The lotus, (Nymphaea lotus.) R. इत्तलरा LAKSHMI, and आलय an abode; this goddess issued at the creation from the petals of the flower.

इत्तलरावर n. (-रः) The blue lotus. R. इत्तलरा the goddess, and वर what is best; a flower beloved by LAKSHMI.

इत्तलवर n. (-रः) The blue lotus (Nymphaea corulea.) R. इत्तल for इत्तलरा v. the rest as in the preceding; also इत्तलवर and इत्तलीवर.

इत्तलीवर n. (-रः) See the preceding. f. (-री) A plant, (Aparagus racemosus.) R. As before.

इत्तलीवर n. (-रः) See इत्तलवर.

इत्तल m. (-तलः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. R. इत्तल to wet or moisten. R. Una di affix and the initial changed to इ.

इत्तलकमल n. (-लः) The white lotus. R. इत्तल the moon, and कमल the lotus.

इत्तलकला f. (-ला) A digit of the moon. R. इत्तल and कला a digit.

इत्तलकलिका f. (-का) The Ketaki flower. R. इत्तल and कलिका a bud.

इत्तलकान्त m. (-नः) The lunar gem, the moon-stone. f. (-ता) Night. R. इत्तल and कान्त a master or husband.

इत्तलजनक m. (-कः) The ocean. R. इत्तल and जनक a parent; the moon was produced amongst other things at the churning of the ocean.

**इन्द्रा f. (-जा)** The Narmada or commonly Narmada river in the Dakhin. इ. इन्द्र and जा born; the daughter of the moon.

**इन्द्राक्ष m. (-क्षः)** A portion of the moon, a digit, a crescent, &c. इ. इन्द्र and दक्ष a leaf.

**इन्द्रपुत्र m. (-त्रः)** A name of **BUDHA**, regent of the planet **MERCURY**. इ. इन्द्र and पुत्र the son; the son of **CHANDRA** or the moon.

**इन्द्रधनु m. (-धनुः)** A name of **SIVA**. इ. इन्द्र and धनु who nourishes; **SIVA** wears a half moon on his forehead.

**इन्द्रमण्डल n. (-मण्डलः)** The orb or disc of the moon. इ. इन्द्र and मण्डल sphere.

**इन्द्रमती f. (-ती)** 1. Day of full moon. 2. Name of a princess married to **ATA** the son of **RAGHU**. इ. इन्द्र and मनुष्य poss. affix, fem. डीप्.

**इन्द्रुर m. (-रः)** A rat. इ. उन्द्र to moisten, उरस् affix, the initial is changed to इ.

**इन्द्रवज्र n. (-वज्रः)** A pearl. इ. इन्द्र and वज्र a gem.

**इन्दुरेखा f. (-रेखा)** A digit of the moon. इ. इन्द्र and रेखा a line.

**इन्दुलेखा f. (-लेखा)** 1. A digit of the moon. 2. A plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*.) 3. The moon plant, (*Asclepias acida*.) 4. A kind of lovage, (*Flugisticum ajwain*;) see चनासिका. इ. इन्द्र and लेखा a line.

**इन्द्रलोहक n. (-कः)** Silver. इ. इन्द्र and लोह iron, कन् added. [creepers.]

**इन्द्रवल्ली f. (-वल्ली)** The moon plant, (*Asclepias acida*.) इ. इन्द्र and वल्ली a

**इन्द्रव्रत n. (-व्रतः)** A religious observance depending on the age of the moon; diminishing the quantity of food by a certain portion daily, for a fortnight or a month, &c. इ. इन्द्र and व्रत a religious obligation.

**इन्द्र m. (-न्द्रः)** 1. The deity presiding over **Swarga** or the Hindu paradise, and the secondary divinities; he is also regent of the east quarter, and is more particularly the deity of the atmosphere, corresponding in many respects with the Grecian **Jove**. 2. The Supreme Being, (according to the *Vedanta*;) or the deity **INDRA** in that capacity. 3. Supremacy, supreme power or authority. 4. An **Aditya**, one of the twelve demigods so called. 5. One of the **Yogas**, or divisions of a circle on the plane of the ecliptic. 6. The human or animal soul, the portion of spirit residing in the body. 7. Night. 8. A plant, (*Wrightea antidysenterica*, &c.) see कूटज. 9. An organ of sense. 10. (In composition) Best, excellent. 11. The 14th luvation of the month **Jyeshtha**. 12. One of the nine divisions of **Jambu Dwipa**, or the known continent. f. (-न्द्रा) 1. The name of a plant, (*Marjoram*?) see क्षत्रिकक. 2. The wife of **INDRA**. इ. इन्द्रि to possess supreme power, and इन् Unadi aff.

**इन्द्रक n. (-कः)** An assembly-room, a hall. इ. इन्द्र excellent, and क what sounds, from कै and उ aff.

**इन्द्रकील m. (-कीलः)** The mountain **Mandara**, a fabulous mountain with which the ocean was churned. इ. इन्द्र and कील a pin or bolt.

**इन्द्रकनूर m. (-नूरः)** **INDRA's** elephant. इ. इन्द्र and कनूर an elephant.

**इन्द्रकोष m. (-कोषः)** 1. A platform, a scaffold. 2. A projection of the roof of a house, forming a kind of balcony or terrace. 3. A pin or bracket projecting from the wall. इ. इन्द्र best, and कोष a place.

**इन्द्रोप m. (-पः)** An insect, (*Coccinella* of various kinds.) इ. इन्द्र best, ओ light, and प from पा who nourishes or possesses.

**इन्द्रकन्द n. (-कन्दः)** A necklace of a thousand strings. इ. इन्द्र best, and कन्द a necklace, &c.

**इन्द्रजात्र n. (-जात्रः)** 1. Conjuring, juggling. 2. Deception, cheating. 3. Trick or stratagem in war. इ. इन्द्र an organ of sense, and जात्र a net.

**इन्द्रजात्रिक mfn. (-जात्रिकः)** 1. A juggler, a conjuror. 2. Deceptive, unreal. इ. इन्द्रजात्र illusion, and इन्द्र aff. [the conqueror of **INDRA**.]

**इन्द्रजित् m. (-जित्)** The son of **RAVANA**. इ. इन्द्र and जित् who conquers.

**इन्द्रजिजिजित् m. (-जिजित्)** **LAKSHMANA**, the brother of **RAMA**: इ. इन्द्रजित् and जिजित् a victor, the conqueror of **INDRAJIT**.

**इन्द्रमुल n. (-मुलः)** A flock of cotton, a flocculent seed, &c. blown about in the air. इ. इन्द्र and मूल cotton; **INDRA's** cotton.

**इन्द्रमुलक n. (-कः)** See the preceding. इ. As before, कन् added.

**इन्द्रदाह m. (-दाहः)** A tree, (*Pinus devadaru*.) इ. इन्द्र and दाह tree.

**इन्द्रदु m. (-दुः)** A tree, (*Pentaptera arjuna*, *Rox.*) इ. इन्द्र and दु a tree a staff of which is fit to carry the banner of **INDRA**.

**इन्द्रदुम m. (-दुमः)** See the preceding. इ. As before.

**इन्द्रनील m. (-नीलः)** A sapphire. इ. इन्द्र best, and नील blue.

**इन्द्रनीलक m. (-कः)** An emerald. इ. See the preceding.

**इन्द्रपुष्पा f. (-पुष्पा)** A medicinal plant; also चमिलिषा. इ. इन्द्र and पुष्पा a flower; also इन्द्रपुष्पिका. [INDRA presiding over it.]

**इन्द्रपुत्रीहिता f. (-हिता)** The asterism **Pushya**. इ. इन्द्र and पुत्रीहिता priest.

**इन्द्रप्रथ m. (-प्रथः)** Ancient **Dehli**. इ. इन्द्र the deity, and प्रथ who presides.

**इन्द्रप्रहरण n. (-हरणः)** **INDRA's** thunderbolt. इ. इन्द्र and प्रहरण a weapon.

**इन्द्रमेवज n. (-मेवजः)** Dried ginger. इ. इन्द्र best, and मेवज medicament.

**इन्द्रमहकासुक m. (-कः)** A dog. इ. इन्द्र, मह a sacrifice and कासुक desirous.

**इन्द्रमुल n. (-मुलः)** A flock of cotton: see इन्द्रमुल.

**इन्द्रयव mn. (-यवः)** The seed of the *Wrightea antidysenterica*. इ. इन्द्र the plant, and यव seed: it is used medicinally in cases of diarrhoea, dysentery, &c.

**इन्द्रमुस mn. (-मुसः)** Morbid, baldness, falling of the hair of the head according to some authorities, loss of beard. इ. इन्द्र best, मुस lost.

**इन्द्रमजक m. (-कः)** See the preceding. इ. As before, मुन् aff.

**इन्द्रलोक m. (-लोकः)** **Swarga** or paradise, the heaven of **INDRA**. इ. इन्द्र and लोक world.

**इन्द्रलोकिय m. (-यः)** 1. **INDRA**. 2. A guest, hospitality to whom secures paradise. इ. इन्द्रलोक and ईज lord.

**इन्द्रवारणिका f. (-वारिका)** **Colocynth**, a wild bitter gourd, (*Cucumis colocynthis*.) इ. कन् added to इन्द्रवारणी.

**इन्द्रवारणी f. (-वारणी)** See the preceding. इ. इन्द्र and वरण the two deities so called, affixes चच् and डीप्; the favourite plant of **INDRA** and **VARUNA**.

**इन्द्रवज्र m. (-वज्रः)** A kind of fir: see देवदारु. इ. इन्द्र for any god, वज्र a tree.

**इन्द्रव्रत n. (-व्रतः)** One of the duties of a king, to distribute gratification, as **INDRA** pours down rain. इ. इन्द्र and व्रत observance.

**इन्द्रव्रहा f. (-व्रहा)** A sore, an ulcer.

**इन्द्रवर्ति f. (-वर्तिः)** **INDRANI**, the wife or personified energy of **INDRA**. इ. इन्द्र and वर्ति power. [the son of the sun.]

**इन्द्रवर्तिनि m. (-वर्तिनिः)** The last of the fourteen **Menus**. इ. इन्द्र and वर्तिनि

**इन्द्रसुत m. (-सुतः)** The monkey king **BALI**. इ. इन्द्र and सुत a son; the son of **INDRA**: the epithet is also applied to **ARJUNA** and **JAYANTA**.

**इन्द्रसुरस m. (-सुरसः)** A shrub, the leaves of which are used in medicinal applications, (*Vitex negundo*;) also सिन्दुवार. इ. इन्द्र best, सु good, and रस juice; whose juice is excellent. [changed to इ.]

**इन्द्रसुरिस m. (-सुरिसः)** See the preceding. इ. As before, the pen. being

**इन्द्रसुत m. (-सुतः)** The son of **INDRA**: see इन्द्रसुत.

**इन्द्राग्रिष्म m. (-ग्रिष्मः)** Frost. [word.]

**इन्द्राचिका f. (-चिका)** *Vitex negundo*: see इन्द्रसुरस. इ. कन् added to the next

**इन्द्राची f. (-ची)** 1. The wife of **INDRA**. 2. A plant, (*Vitex negundo*;) see the preceding. इ. इन्द्र, डीप् affix, and चातुक् augment.

**इन्द्रावज m. (-वजः)** A name of **VISHNU**. इ. इन्द्र and अवज younger born the younger brother of **INDRA**.

**इन्द्रायुध m. (-युधः)** The rainbow. f. (-युधा) A kind of leech of various tints on the back. इ. इन्द्र and आयुध a weapon; **INDRA's** weapon.

**इन्द्रारि m. (-रिः)** An Asura or demon. इ. इन्द्र and रि an enemy.

**इन्द्रावरज m. (-वरजः)** **VISHNU**. इ. इन्द्र and अवरज after-born: the younger brother of **INDRA**.

**इन्द्रावन m. (-वनः)** 1. Hemp, dried and chewed. 2. The shrub which bears the seed used as a jeweller's weight, (*Abrus precatorius*.) इ. इन्द्र and अवन food: the food of **INDRA**.

**इन्द्रासन n. (-सनः)** 1. The throne of **INDRA**. 2. Any throne. इ. इन्द्र and असन a seat.



**इन्द्रिय** *n.* (-इ) 1. An organ of sense divided into three classes, *Jānanendriyas*, *Karmendriyas*, and *Antarindriyas*, or organs of perception and action, and the internal organs; the first are the eye, ear, nose, tongue, and skin; the second, the organ of speech or larynx, hand, foot, anus, and parts of generation; the last are, *Manas* the mind or organ of thought; *Buddhi* the organ of apprehension; *Ahankara* the organ of selfishness; and *Chitta* the heart or organ of feeling. 2. Semen virile. *mfn.* (-इ-वा-व) Done, seen, given, &c. by *INDRA*. *n.* इन्द्र the soul or self, and इन्द्र affix, deriv. irr. what is with difficulty restrained by the soul, or इन्द्र the deity, and इ aff. **इन्द्रियवीचर** *mfn.* (-इ-वा-व) Perceptible, capable of being ascertained by the senses. *n.* इन्द्रिय and वीचर perceptible. **इन्द्रियवान्** *m.* (-इ-) The senses or organs of sense collectively. *n.* इन्द्रिय and वान here, assemblage. **इन्द्रियज्ञान** *n.* (-ज्ञ) The faculty of perception, sense, consciousness. *n.* इन्द्रिय and ज्ञान knowledge. **इन्द्रियनिग्रह** *m.* (-ग्र) Restraining the organs of sense. *n.* इन्द्रिय and निग्रह restraint. **इन्द्रियबुद्धि** *f.* (-बु) Perception, the exercise of any sense, the faculty of any organ. *n.* इन्द्रिय and बुद्धि knowledge. **इन्द्रियवीक्षण** *n.* (-वी) Any excitement of sense, an object of perception, a stimulus, &c. *n.* इन्द्रिय and वीक्षण waking. [class. **इन्द्रियवर्ग** *m.* (-वर्) the organs of sense collectively. *n.* इन्द्रिय and वर्ग a **इन्द्रियविवर्तिपति** *f.* (-ति) Erroneous or vicious perception. *n.* इन्द्रिय and विवर्तिपति perversion. **इन्द्रियरूप** *m.* (-रु) 1. Unconsciousness, insensibility. 2. The end of the world. *n.* इन्द्रिय and रूप sleep. **इन्द्रियागोचर** *mfn.* (-इ-वा-व) Imperceptible. *n.* इन्द्रिय and गोचर imperceptible. **इन्द्रियायतन** *n.* (-य) The body. *n.* इन्द्रिय and आयतन a mansion: the residence of the senses. **इन्द्रियार्थ** *m.* (-र्थ) An object of sense, as sound, smell, &c. *n.* इन्द्रिय and र्थ an object. **इन्द्रियावृत्ति** *m.* (-वृ) Stoicism, philosophy, detachment from sensual objects. *n.* इन्द्रिय and वृत्ति detachment. **इन्द्रोक्त** *m.* (-उक्) The name of *VISHNUPATI*, the preceptor of the gods. *n.* इन्द्र and उक् to be worshipped; venerable to the deities. **इन्द्र ७th cl.** (इ and णि) **जिह्वी** (इह्वी) 1. To shine. 2. To kindle. **इन्धन** *n.* (-न्ध) Fuel; wood, grass, &c. used for that purpose. *n.* इन्ध to kindle, and ण्ङ aff. **इन्द्रका** *f. plu.* (-का) Stars in the head of Orion. *n.* इन्द्र to please, इन्द्र affix: see इन्द्रका and इन्द्रका. **इन्द्र १०th cl.** (इन्द्रि) **इन्द्रि** (इन्द्रि) To collect or accumulate. **इन्द्र** *m.* (-इ) 1. An elephant. 2. Best (in composition.) *n.* इन्द्र to go, इन्द्र Una'di aff. **इन्द्रका** *f.* (-का) A plant with an aromatic seed, (*Pothos officinalis*.) *n.* इन्द्र an elephant, and का pepper; being considered by Hindu writers, as a large species of pepper; see इन्द्रपिप्पली. **इन्द्रका** *f.* (-का) A plant: see इन्द्रका. *n.* इन्द्र an elephant and का a tooth: this and similar names are given, from its supposed resemblance to an elephant's tooth. **इन्द्रवीक्षिका** *f.* (-वी) Smartness, shrewdness, wittiness. *n.* इन्द्र and वीक्षिका winking; winking knowingly like an elephant. **इन्द्रवाहक** *m.* (-वा) The driver or keeper of an elephant. *n.* इन्द्र, वाहक a nourisher. **इन्द्रवीर्य** *m.* (-वी) A young elephant, a cub, *n.* इन्द्र and वीर्य any young animal. **इन्द्राण्ड** *m.* (-ण्ड) A lion. *n.* इन्द्र an elephant, in the second case, ण्ड and ण्ड who attacks. **इन्द्रवृत्ति** *f.* (-वृ) An elephant's cub. *n.* इन्द्र and वृत्ति young.

**इन्द्रका** *m.* (-का) A plant, (*Mesua ferrea*): see इन्द्रका. *n.* इन्द्र and काका an appellation; named from the elephant. **इन्द्रिका** *f.* (-का) A kind of aromatic plant: see इन्द्रका. *n.* इन्द्र and इन्द्रिका pepper. **इन्द्र** *mfn.* (-इ-वा-व) Wealthy, opulent. *f.* (-वा) 1. A female elephant. 2. The oilbanum tree, (*Boawellia thurifera*.) *n.* इन्द्र an elephant; here also implying excellence, and इन्द्र affix of appropriation or fitness. **इन्द्र** *mfn.* (-वा-व-व-व) So much, thus much. *n.* इन्द्र this, and इन्द्र aff. **इन्द्र** *f.* (-वा) Fixed measure or quantity, so much. *n.* इन्द्र and इन्द्र affix: also with इ, इन्द्र. **इन्द्र** *mfn.* (-वा-व-व) 1. Desert. 2. Salt or barren, (soil.) *n.* See इन्द्र. **इन्द्र** *m.* (-इ) 1. A flash of lightning, or the fire attending the fall of a thunderbolt. 2. Submarine fire. *n.* इन्द्र water, here also watery clouds, and इन्द्र what plays or shines. **इन्द्र** *f.* (-वा) 1. The earth. 2. Water. 3. Speech. 4. The goddess of speech, &c. 5. Ardent spirits. *n.* इन्द्र to go, and इन्द्र Una'di affix, form. affix टाप्. **इन्द्र** *m.* (-इ) Hail. *mfn.* (-इ-वा-व) 1. Earth-born, terrestrial. 2. Aquatic. *n.* इन्द्र water, &c. and इन्द्र what goes. **इन्द्र** *m.* (-इ) A name of *KANDARPA* the Hindu Cupid. *n.* इन्द्र water, and इन्द्र born. **इन्द्र** *m.* (-वा) 1. The ocean. 2. A cloud. 3. A king. *mfn.* (-वा-व-व-व) Watery, having or yielding water, &c. *n.* इन्द्र and इन्द्र aff. **इन्द्रिका** *f.* (-का) Pimples or pustules on the head. **इन्द्र** *n.* (-इ) 1. A desert, an inhospitable region. 2. Salt or barren soil. *n.* इन्द्र to go, इन्द्र Una'di affix, and the initial changed to इ. **इन्द्र** *m.* (-इ) A fetid miasma: see इन्द्र. *n.* See इन्द्र, इ being changed to इ. **इन्द्र** *m.* (-इ) Seed. **इन्द्र** *m.* (-इ) 1. A name of *VISHNU*. 2. A king, a sovereign. 3. *VARUNA*. *n.* इन्द्र *SARASWATI*, &c. इन्द्र lord. **इन्द्र** *mfn.* (-इ-वा-व) 1. A cucumber, (*Cucumis utilissimus*, Rox) 2. Another kind, (*Cucumis oolocynthis*) *n.* इन्द्र a seed, and का what goes to or gets, from इन्द्र and इन्द्र affix, or का, इ becoming इ: also written इन्द्रा, इन्द्रा, इन्द्रा, &c. **इन्द्रा** *f.* (-का) A kind of melon; commonly *Sphuti* or *Sphat*, (*Cucumis monardica*.) *n.* इन्द्रा and इन्द्रा an oyster-shaped cucumber. **इन्द्रा** *m.* (-इ) See इन्द्रा. **इन्द्र** *६th cl.* (इन्द्रि) 1. To sleep. 2. To go. 3. To throw, send or direct: in this last sense, it is also १०th cl. (इन्द्रिनि). **इन्द्रिका** *f.* (-का) The mother of *KURVA*. **इन्द्र** *f.* (-वा) 1. The wife of *BUDHA*, and daughter of *IKSHWAKU*. 2. The earth. 3. A cow. 4. Speech. *n.* इन्द्र to send, इन्द्र and टाप् affixes; also इन्द्र. **इन्द्रा** *n.* (-इ) The earth, the globe. *n.* इन्द्रा and गोला a sphere. **इन्द्रा** *n.* (-इ) 1. The fourth place in the circle of the zodiac. 2. The surface of the earth. *n.* इन्द्रा and तल below. **इन्द्रा** *n.* (-इ) One of the nine *Varshas* or divisions of the known world, comprehending the highest and most central part of the old continent. *n.* इन्द्रा the earth, and इन्द्रा chosen: the fairest part of the globe. **इन्द्रा** *f.* (-वा) The earth. *n.* इन्द्र to go, इन्द्र and टाप् affixes. [see इन्द्र. **इन्द्र** *f.* (-वा) A cudgel, a stick shaped like a sword or a short sword: **इन्द्र** *m.* (-इ) A fish, commonly the *Hilsa* or *Sable*, (*Olupia alosa*.) *n.* इन्द्र to go, (in the water,) and इन्द्र chief, principal. The fish being one of high flavour, and very abundant at certain seasons, it is generally eaten both by the natives of Bengal, and by Europeans residing there.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) A bird. इ. इक्ष्वा to go, and क्ष्वा who is able.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) The Hillsa fish : see इक्ष्वा also इक्ष्वा.

इक्ष्वा f. plu. (-क्ष्वा) Stars in Orion's head : see इक्ष्वा.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) See the next.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) 1. The name of a demon. 2. Of a fish. f. plu. (-क्ष्वा) Stars in Orion's head. इ. इक्ष्वा to send or go, and क्ष्वा Una'di affix ; the last is also written इक्ष्वा.

इक्ष्वा 1st cl. (इक्ष्वा) 1. To pervade. 2. (According to some,) to please. 3. To be satisfied.

इक्ष्वा ind. So, even, as, like, in the same manner.

इक्ष्वा f. (-क्ष्वा) An elephant's eye-ball : see इक्ष्वा.

इक्ष्वा 4th cl. (इक्ष्वा) To go. r. 6th cl. (इक्ष्वा) 1. To wish, to desire. 2.

To accept, to receive. With क्ष्वा, to desire : with क्ष्वा, to engage, to promise. r. 9th cl. (इक्ष्वा) To repeat an act, to do any thing again and again. With क्ष्वा prefixed, to search after, to investigate or enquire.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) The month A'swin, (September-October.) इ. इक्ष्वा to go, क्ष्वा affix, also इक्ष्वा.

इक्ष्वा f. (-क्ष्वा) 1. An elephant's eye-ball. 2. A painter's brush, &c. also इक्ष्वा.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) Fire. इ. इक्ष्वा to go, क्ष्वा affix.

इक्ष्वा f. (-क्ष्वा) 1. An elephant's eye-ball. 2. A painter's brush, &c. also

इक्ष्वा. 3. A kind of reed, (Saccharum spontaneum.) इ. इक्ष्वा to go, इक्ष्वा Una'di affix.

इक्ष्वा mf. (इक्ष्वा) 1. An arrow. 2. A versed sine इ. इक्ष्वा to go, and क्ष्वा Una'di affix.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) An archer. इ. इक्ष्वा and क्ष्वा who bears.

इक्ष्वा mf. (-क्ष्वा) A quiver. इ. इक्ष्वा and क्ष्वा what holds, from क्ष्वा root, and क्ष्वा affix.

इक्ष्वा mfn. (-क्ष्वा) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Cherished, beloved. 3. Worshiped, revered, respected. m. (-क्ष्वा) 1. A lover, a husband. 2. The Gaster oil tree. n. (-क्ष्वा) 1. An act of sacrifice, an oblation, &c. 2. An essential ceremony, as ablution, investiture, &c. ind. (-क्ष्वा) Voluntarily. इ. इक्ष्वा to desire, or इक्ष्वा substituted for क्ष्वा to sacrifice, and क्ष्वा affix.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) (In arithmetic,) Rule of supposition, operation with an assumed number. इ. इक्ष्वा wished, and क्ष्वा act.

इक्ष्वा f. (-क्ष्वा) A brick ; also इक्ष्वा. इ. इक्ष्वा to wish, तक्ष्वा Una'di affix.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) Laying the foundation of a house. इ. इक्ष्वा and क्ष्वा order.

इक्ष्वा n. (-क्ष्वा) The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) इ. इक्ष्वा wished, and क्ष्वा a bad road, growing in or preferring unfrequented places : this word is said to be divided, क्ष्वा being one name, and इक्ष्वा added to अक्ष्वा, another name. see अक्ष्वा and अक्ष्वा.

इक्ष्वा f. (-क्ष्वा) A pile of bricks. इ. इक्ष्वा and क्ष्वा a heap.

इक्ष्वा mfn. (-क्ष्वा) Fragrant, any fragrant substance. n. (-क्ष्वा) Sand. इ. इक्ष्वा and क्ष्वा a smell ; of a desirable odor.

इक्ष्वा mfn. (-क्ष्वा) Beloved, best beloved, dearest, most desired. इ. इक्ष्वा and तक्ष्वा affix.

इक्ष्वा mfn. (-क्ष्वा) Dearer, more dear, more desired. इ. इक्ष्वा and तक्ष्वा. इक्ष्वा n. (-क्ष्वा) 1. Desirableness. 2. Reverence, &c. also इक्ष्वा. इ. तक्ष्वा or तक्ष्वा added to इक्ष्वा.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) A tutelary deity, one particularly worshipped. इ. इक्ष्वा and क्ष्वा a deity.

इक्ष्वा f. (-क्ष्वा) A person's chosen or tutelary. 2. divinity. इ. इक्ष्वा and क्ष्वा divinity.

इक्ष्वा n. (-क्ष्वा) Any religious duty, as oblation, sacrifice, penance, holy study, digging a well, planting a tree, &c. इ. इक्ष्वा a sacrifice, and क्ष्वा liberal act, religiously considered ; क्ष्वा prefixed to the latter.

इक्ष्वा mfn. (-क्ष्वा) Zealously active, diligent for a desired object. इ. इक्ष्वा wished, क्ष्वा intention, and क्ष्वा diligent.

इक्ष्वा f. (-क्ष्वा) 1. Wish, desire. 2. A sacrifice, any sacrificial rite. 3. A compendious verse easily committed to memory. इ. इक्ष्वा to wish, or इक्ष्वा substituted for क्ष्वा, to sacrifice ; affix क्ष्वा.

इक्ष्वा f. (-क्ष्वा) A brick. इ. More usually इक्ष्वा.

इक्ष्वा mfn. (-क्ष्वा) Who wishes or desires, desirous, wishing. इ. इक्ष्वा and क्ष्वा affix.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) A demon. इ. इक्ष्वा a sacrifice or oblation, and क्ष्वा who digests : stealing oblations to the deities, and eating them.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) A demon. इ. इक्ष्वा an oblation, and क्ष्वा who steals ; from क्ष्वा root, and क्ष्वा affix.

इक्ष्वा f. (-क्ष्वा) Desire, wish. इ. इक्ष्वा to wish, क्ष्वा affix.

इक्ष्वा ind. 1. Having sacrificed or worshipped. 2. Having wished. इ. इक्ष्वा with क्ष्वा affix. [क्ष्वा Una'di affix]

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) 1. Love or the deity KAMA. 2. Spring. इ. इक्ष्वा to desire, and

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) The spring season. इ. इक्ष्वा to wish, and क्ष्वा affix.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) A spiritual preceptor. इ. इक्ष्वा to wish, क्ष्वा Una'di affix.

इक्ष्वा mfn. (-क्ष्वा) A thrower of arrows. m. (-क्ष्वा) 1. A bow. 2. An archer, a warrior. इ. इक्ष्वा an arrow, and क्ष्वा who throws.

इक्ष्वा ind. (इक्ष्वा) An interjection of anger, pain, or sorrow

इक्ष्वा ind. 1. Here, in this place. 2. Now, at this time.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) This life. इ. इक्ष्वा and क्ष्वा time.

इक्ष्वा m. (-क्ष्वा) This life, the world. इ. इक्ष्वा and क्ष्वा world.

इक्ष्वा ind. Here and there, in this world and in the next इ. इक्ष्वा here and क्ष्वा there or in that.

## इ

इ The fourth letter of the alphabet, corresponding to I long, having the sound of ee in feel, and distinguished by an accent from the former, as i.

इ m. (इ) A name of KANDARPA. f. (इ) A name of LAKSHMI. ind. An interjection of, 1. Pain. 2. Anger. 3. Consciousness or perception. 4. Consideration. 5. Compassion.

इ r. 2nd cl. (इ) 1. To go. 2. To pervade. 3. To conceive or become pregnant. 4. To desire. 5. To throw or direct. 6. To eat. This root is not generally admitted, though it occurs in composition, as wit क्ष्वा (इक्ष्वा) To appear. r. 4th cl. (इक्ष्वा) इक्ष्वा (इक्ष्वा) To go.

इक्ष्वा r. 1st cl. (इक्ष्वा) To see. It most usually occurs compounded with one or other of the prepositions, as with क्ष्वा, to expect ; with क्ष्वा to gaze at ; with क्ष्वा, to inspect ; with क्ष्वा or क्ष्वा, to expect ; with क्ष्वा, to assay ; with क्ष्वा, to see, to resemble, or look like ; with क्ष्वा, to inspect ; with क्ष्वा, 1. to look for, to expect, 2. to venerate with क्ष्वा, to compare, to contrast, to select ; with क्ष्वा and क्ष्वा, to look up at.

इक्ष्वा n. (-इक्ष्वा) 1. Sight, seeing. 2. An eye. इ. इक्ष्वा to see, क्ष्वा affix.

इक्ष्वा f. (-इक्ष्वा) A female fortune-teller. इ. इक्ष्वा seeing, क्ष्वा affix.

इक्ष्वा mfn. (-इक्ष्वा) Looking at, surveying. इ. इक्ष्वा to see, क्ष्वा affix.

इक्ष्वा mfn. (-इक्ष्वा) Seen, beheld. इ. इक्ष्वा and क्ष्वा affix.

इक्ष्वा r. 1st cl. (इक्ष्वा) To go ; also (इक्ष्वा) इक्ष्वा (इक्ष्वा).

इक्ष्वा r. 1st cl. (इक्ष्वा) 1. To go. 2. To blame or censure ; also (इक्ष्वा) इक्ष्वा (इक्ष्वा).

इक्ष्वा r. 2nd cl. (इक्ष्वा) also 10th cl. (इक्ष्वा) To praise.

इक्ष्वा n. (-इक्ष्वा) Praising. इ. इक्ष्वा and क्ष्वा affix.

इक्ष्वा f. (-इक्ष्वा) Praise. इ. इक्ष्वा to praise, क्ष्वा and क्ष्वा affix.

**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Praised, commended. **रिचि** to praise, **चि** aff.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) To be praised, to be glorified. **रिचि** to praise, **चि** aff.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Bought.  
**रिचि r. 1st cl.** (-चि) रिचि (रिचि) To bind.  
**रिचि mfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Goner. **रिचि** to go, **चि** aff.  
**रिचि f.** (-चि) 1. Calamity of season, as draught, excessive rain, rate, foreign invasion, &c. 2. Travelling in foreign countries, sojourning.  
 3. An affray. **रिचि** to go. affix **चि**.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Such. **रिचि** for **रिचि** this, **रिचि** to see, **चि** aff.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Such, so like. **रिचि** for **रिचि** this, **रिचि** with **चि** aff.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Such, so like. **रिचि** As the last, with **चि** aff.  
**रिचि n.** (-चि) Desiring, wishing to obtain. **रिचि** to obtain, desiderative form, **चि** aff.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Wished, desired. **रिचि** to obtain, desiderative form, **चि** aff.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Desirous, wishing to get or obtain. **रिचि** to obtain, desiderative form, **चि** aff.  
**रिचि r. 2nd cl.** (-चि) 1. To go. 2. To shake. **रिचि** 1st and 10th cls. (रिचि, रिचि) 1. To go. 2. To throw or direct, to drive or force on; with **चि** prefixed, to say or speak; with **चि**, to send, to make to go; with **चि**, to go like the wind.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) 1. Gone, having gone. 2. Having obtained. **रिचि** to go, **चि** aff. form irr.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) 1. Desert. 2. Saline and barren (soil). **रिचि** to go, and **रिचि** aff.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) 1. Sent, dispatched. 2. Said, uttered. 3. Gone. 4. Made. **रिचि** to send, affix **चि**.  
**रिचि न.** (-चि) Declared purpose or intention. **रिचि** and **चाचि** purpose.  
**रिचि r. 1st cl.** (रिचि) To envy, to feel impatient at another's prosperity.  
**रिचि n.** (-चि) A sore or wound. **रिचि** to send, and **चि** aff.  
**रिचि f.** (-चि) Wandering about as a religious mendicant. **रिचि** to go. affix **चि**.  
**रिचि म.** (-चि) A cucumber, (*Cucumis utilissimus*); also रिचि and रिचि, &c. [read रिचि].  
**रिचि f.** (-चि) Impatience, envy of another's success; more properly रिचि mfn. (-चि-चा-चि) Impatient of another's success, envious. **रिचि** and **चाचि** affix; see रिचि.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Envied. **रिचि** n. (-चि) Envy. **रिचि** and **रिचि** affix, or रिचि with **चि** aff.  
**रिचि r. 1st cl.** (रिचि) To envy.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Envious, envying. **रिचि** f. (-चि) 1. Envy or impatience of another's success. 2. Spite, malice. **रिचि** to envy, and **चि** and **चाचि** affixes; also, but according to the best writers, inaccurately written रिचि.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Envious, envying. **रिचि** and **रिचि** aff.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Envy, envious. **रिचि** and **चाचि** aff.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Envious. **रिचि** and **चाचि** affix; also written रिचि.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Being overcome with envy. **रिचि** and **चाचि** subjection.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Envious, spiteful. **रिचि** and **रिचि** affix. So रिचि (चि-चा-चि) and रिचि (चि-चा-चि).  
**रिचि f.** (-चि) See रिचि. [to चि].  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Praised. **रिचि** to praise, affix **चि**, and **चि** changed  
**रिचि f.** (-चि) A weapon, sometimes considered as a cudgel, and sometimes as a short sword, or a stick shaped like a sword. **रिचि** to go, &c. **चि** and **चि** affixes, and **चि** changed to **चि**; see रिचि, also रिचि, &c.

**रिचि r. 2nd cl.** (चि) रिचि (रिचि) To possess power, property, or authority.  
**रिचि m.** (-चि) 1. A name of Siva. 2. Also of the same deity as regent of the north-east quarter. 3. A ruler, a master. **रिचि** (-चि) The shaft of a plough. **रिचि** to rule, **चि** aff.  
**रिचि म.** (-चि) A name of KURVA. **रिचि** Siva, and **रिचि** a friend.  
**रिचि म.** (-चि) 1. An elephant with large tusks. 2. The tusk of an elephant. **रिचि** and **रिचि** a tooth; whose tooth is of the size of a plough-shaft, or the tooth which is so.  
**रिचि m.** (-चि) 1. A name of Siva. 2. Also of the same deity as regent of the north-east quarter. 3. One of the Rudras. 4. The sun as a form of Siva. **रिचि** m. (-चि-चि) The silk cotton tree, (*Bombax heptaphyllum*). **रिचि** (-चि) Light, splendor. **रिचि** A name of DURGA. **रिचि** a master, &c. and **चाचि** affix, and **चि** aff.  
**रिचि f.** (-चि) Superiority, supremacy, one of the eight attributes of divinity. **रिचि** a master, and **चि** abstract affix; also रिचि.  
**रिचि m.** (-चि) 1. A master, an owner or proprietor. 2. A king. **रिचि** to rule, and **चि** aff.  
**रिचि n.** (-चि) See रिचि.  
**रिचि m.** (-चि) 1. The supreme ruler of the universe, God, it is therefore applied to all the different divinities, but mostly designates Siva, in mythological and popular acceptance. According to the Samhitas, Isvara is the liberated spirit; finite, according to KARILA; infinite, according to PATANJALI. In the Nyaya system, Isvara is also a finite spirit endowed with attributes. In the Vedanta, Isvara is infinite and universal spirit, the cause and substance of creation. 2. A name of Siva, especially in a compound, when the form of the deity implied is a Linga, as Visweswara, Someswara, Rameswara, &c. 3. KAMADEVA. **रिचि** m. (-चि-चि-चि) 1. An owner, a proprietor, a chief or head. 2. Able, competent. **रिचि** (-चि or -चि) 1. A name of DURGA. 2. Of LAKSHMI, or of any other of the Raktis or female energies of the deities. **रिचि** to rule, and **चि** or **चि** affix, consequently **चि** or **चि** for the feminine.  
**रिचि म.** (-चि) Royal or imperial nature. **रिचि** a sovereign, and **चाचि** disposition.  
**रिचि म.** (-चि) Royal court or assembly. **रिचि** and **चि** an assembly.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Subject to a king, dependent on a master or on God, &c. **रिचि**, **चि** over, **चि** aff.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Dependence upon God, subjection to a ruler. **रिचि** and **चि** added; also with **चि**, रिचि.  
**रिचि r. 1st cl.** (चि) रिचि (रिचि) 1. To go or move. 2. To kill or hurt. 3. To see. 4. To give. (चि) रिचि (रिचि) To glean.  
**रिचि m.** (-चि) The month Aswin: see रिचि.  
**रिचि m.** (-चि) Shallow water, a little water. **रिचि** and **चि** water.  
**रिचि ind.** A little. **रिचि** to go, **चि** aff.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चि-चि) 1. Diminutive, delicate. 2. Doing little. 3. What little is done to or made of. **रिचि** a little, and **चि** what makes.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) What is little drank or drank little of. **रिचि** and **चाचि** drink. [profit].  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) What is little gained of. **रिचि** and **चि** water.  
**रिचि mfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Tepid, slightly warm. **रिचि** and **चि** warm.  
**रिचि mfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Of little merit. **रिचि** and **चि** quality. [pale].  
**रिचि m.** (-चि) A pale or light brown colour. **रिचि** a little, and **चाचि** water.  
**रिचि m.** (-चि) A mean man. **रिचि** and **चि** a man.  
**रिचि mfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Not quite complete or entire. **रिचि** and **चि** less.  
**रिचि m.** (-चि) A glance at, a slight inspection. **रिचि** and **चि** seeing.  
**रिचि m.** (-चि) A snuffle. **रिचि** a little, and **चाचि** laughter.  
**रिचि m.** (-चि-चा-चि) Of a pale red (colour). **रिचि** and **चि** red.  
**रिचि मfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) Exchanged for a little. **रिचि** and **चि** barter.  
**रिचि mfn.** (-चि-चा-चि) What little is or can be gained of. **रिचि** and **चि** what gets.

- उं f. (-वा) The pole or shaft of a plough. ३. ईप् to go, affixes व and टाप्; also ईवा.  
 उंवादन m. (-वा) The handle of a plough. ३. ईवा the staff, and वद a stick.  
 उंवादन m. (-वा) An elephant with a large tusk or tooth. ३. ईवा and वद a tooth: see उंवादन.  
 उंवाका f. (-वा) 1. An elephant's eye-ball: see उंवाका. 2. A painter's brush, &c. see उंवाका. 3. A weapon, a dart or arrow. ३. ईप् to hurt, किरप् affix.  
 उंवर m. (-वा) Fire. ३. ईप् to injure, and किरप् affix.  
 उंवीका f. (-वा) 1. A painter's brush, a fibrous stick used as one. 2. An ingot mould. ३. A dipping-rod, or something cast into a crucible to examine if the metal it contains is in fusion: see उंवाका. ३. ईप् to go, उंवा Unādi aff.  
 उंवा m. (-वा) 1. Kāṣhāreva. 2. Spring: see वृष.  
 उंवर १st cl. (-वा) उंवर (उंवर) To endeavour, to aim or attempt. With वन् prefixed, to wish, to desire.  
 उंवरान् mfn. (-वा-वा-न्) Performing, undertaking. ३. ईप् to make effort, वान् aff.  
 उंवा f. (-वा) 1. Wish, desire. 2. Effort, exertion. ३. ईप् to desire, वन् and टाप् affs.  
 उंवरान् ind. Diligently, by energetically, or with labour or exertion. ३. वन् substituted for the regular case.  
 उंवाचन m. (-वा) 1. A wolf. 2. A division of the drama. ३. ईवा wish, and वच a deer.  
 उंवाचिन् mfn. (-वा-चिन्) 1. Aiming at any object. 2. Seeking wealth. ३. इप् to seek, वच wealth, चिन् aff.  
 उंवाचन m. (-वा) A wolf. ३. ईवा and वच a wolf.  
 उंविन mfn. (-वा-वा-न्) 1. Sought, attempted, made effort for. 2. Wished, desired. ३. ईप् to wish, वन् aff.

## उ

- उ The third short vowel of the Sanskrit alphabet, corresponding to the letter U, and pronounced as that is in the word full.  
 उ १st cl. (-उ) उउ (उउते) To sound, to make a particular sound or noise.  
 उ ind. An interjection, 1. of assent; 2. of calling; 3. of compassion; 4. anger; and 5. of command. 6. An expletive. m. (-उ) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. Of BRAHMA.  
 उकनाग m. (-उ) A horse of a red and yellow, or red and black colour, a bay or chestnut horse.  
 उकच m. (-उ) A bug. Also उकचुच.  
 उक n. (-उ) A sentence. nf. (-उ-उ) A stanza of four lines with one syllable instant, one long or two short syllables in each. mfn. (उ-उ-उ) Spoken, said. ३. वप् to speak, affix व and व changed to उ.  
 उकच mfn. (-उ-उ-उ) Said, was saying. ३. वप् to speak, वन् affix of the past part.  
 उकवाच mfn. (-उ-उ-वा-च) One who has borne testimony or given an opinion. n. (-उ) A dictum, a decree. ३. उक and वाच dictum.  
 उकि f. (-उ) Speech, speaking. ३. वप् to speak, and किरप् aff.  
 उकीयवहार m. (-उ) Any brief or compendious phrase or description. ३. उक what is said, उकवहार compendiousness.  
 उकृ ind. Having spoken or said. ३. वप् to speak, कृप् aff.  
 उक n. (-उ) The second or Sama Veda. f. (-उ-उ) A kind of metre, a stanza of four lines of one syllable each, the syllable may be

one long or two short in quantity. ३. वप् to speak, and वन् Unādi affix.

- उच १st cl. (-उचति) 1. To sprinkle or wet. 2. To clean. [affix वप्.  
 उच mfn. (-उ-उ-च) 1. Cleansed, washed. 2. Wet, moist. ३. उच to wet.  
 उचतर m. (-उ) A large bull or ox. ३. उच an ox, and वरप् aff.  
 उचन m. (-उ) An ox or bull. ३. उच to sprinkle, and किरप् Unādi aff.  
 उचाच mfn. (-उ-उ-च) 1. Swift. 2. Excellent. 3. Terrible. 4. High. 5. Much. m. (-उ) A monkey.  
 उचित mfn. (-उ-उ-च) 1. Sprinkled. 2. Cleansed, perfumed. ३. उच to wet, and च aff.  
 उच १st cl. (-उचति) (उ) उचि (उचति) 1. To go, to move or approach. 2. To dry, to wither. 3. To adorn. The first retains the diphthong with a prefix ending in च, as व and वीचति make वीचति.  
 उचय m. (-उ) A kind of grass, a sort of Andropogon.  
 उचय m. (-उ) A kind of grass, a sort of Andropogon.  
 उचा f. (-उ) A pot or saucepan, &c. ३. उच to go, च affix, and टाप्, also उचा. [pot and वन् aff  
 उचय mfn. (-उ-उ-च) Boiled, dressed in a pot, (flesh, &c.) ३. उचा a  
 उच mfn. (-उ-उ-च) 1. Angry, wrathful. 2. Hot, sharp, pungent, acrid. 3. Formidable, terrible. 4. Cruel, fierce, savage. m. (-उ) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. A name of a mixed tribe, from a Kshetriya father and Sudra mother; the employment of this caste according to Menu, is the killing or catching of animals that live in holes, as a snake-catcher, &c.; according to the Tantras, the Ugra is an encomiast or bard. 3. A tree, (Morunga hyperanthera, &c.) 4. A class of asterisms, Magha Rharani, Purvaphalguni, Purvasharha, Purvabhadrapada. 5. A name of Malabar. f. (-उ) 1. Orris root. 2. A medicinal plant. 3. An Ugra woman. n. (-उ) Wrath, anger. ३. उच to accumulate, वन् Unādi affix, च is changed to न.  
 उचकच mfn. (-उ-उ-च) Fierce, violent, ornel. ३. उच and कच act  
 उचकाच m. (-उ) A sort of gourd, (Momordica charantia.) ३. उच and काच a stem.  
 उचकच mfn. (-उ-उ-च) Strong smelling. m. (-उ) 1. A plant, (Michelia champaca.) 2. Garlic. n. (-उ) Asafoetida. f. (-उ) 1. Common caraway, (Carum carui, &c.) see वचनीदा. 2. Orris root. 3. A medicinal plant. ३. उच violent, &c. and उच scent.  
 उचकच mfn. (-उ-उ-च) Strong smelling. ३. उचकच and वच aff.  
 उचकच m. (-उ) Desire. ३. उच fierce, वच a heap.  
 उचन n. (-उ) 1. Violence, passionateness. 2. Pungency acrimony. ३. उच angry, and व; also with वन् affix. उचता f. (-ता)  
 उचदच mfn. (-उ-उ-च) Relentless, remorseless. ३. उच and दच punishment.  
 उचकच m. (-उ) A name of INDRA. ३. उच fierce, and वच a bowyer.  
 उचकच mfn. (-उ-उ-च) Large-nosed. ३. उच formidable, and वच a nose.  
 उचकच mfn. (-उ-उ-च) 1. Frightful, hideous, fierce looking. 2. Malignant, wicked. ३. उच fierce, वच looking.  
 उचकच f. (-उ) A name of GANGA. ३. उच SIVA, and वच a crest.  
 उचकच m. (-उ) 1. The name of a prince, the father of DEVAKI and KANSA, and king of Mathura. 2. The name of another prince, the son of PARIKSHIT. ३. उच fierce, and वच an army.  
 उचकच m. (-उ) A name of KANSA, the uncle and enemy of KRISHNA. ३. उचकच and वच born; also उचकचवच, उचकचवच, उचकचवच, &c.  
 उचकच m. (-उ) A bug: see उचकच. ३. उ fear, and वच a sound.  
 उच १st cl. (-उचति) To be conglomerate, to be gathered or assembled together, to unite or associate with.  
 उचि mfn. (-उ-उ-च) 1. Proper, suitable, convenient. 2. Receivable, fit or right to be taken. 3. Known, understood. 4. Intrusted, deposited. 5. Measured, adjusted, accurate. ३. वप् to speak, and किरप् Unādi aff.

उच्च mfn. (-चः-चा-च) High, tall. m. (-चः) The apex of the orbit of a planet. २. उच्च upwards, वि to gather, and उच्च aff.  
 उच्चैर् ind. Excessively, lofty, tall, loud, &c. २. उच्च high, ईर् aff.  
 उच्चम n. (-च) Laughter in the mind not expressed in the countenance.  
 उच्चता f. (-ता) 1. Pride, arrogance. 2. Habit, usage. 3. A kind of garlic.  
 4. A species of grass, (a cyperus.) 5. A shrub, (Abrus precatorius.)  
 6. A sort of sorrel. २. उच्च and चट् to injure, चच् and टप् affs.  
 उच्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Quick, expeditious. 2. Passionate, violent. २. उच्च implying excess, चटि to be angry, and चच् aff.  
 उच्चतम mfn. (-तमः-ता-त) Highest. २. उच्च and तमप् aff.  
 उच्चतर mfn. (-तः-रा-र) Higher, more lofty. २. उच्च and तरप् aff.  
 उच्चतम m. (-चः) 1. The cocoanut tree. 2. Any lofty tree. २. उच्च and तम a tree.  
 उच्चता f. (-ता) Height; also उच्चतल n. (-तल) २. तम् or त added to उच्च.  
 उच्चताल n. (-ल) Music and dancing at feasts, drinking parties, &c. २. उच्च high sounding, and ताल tune.  
 उच्चदेव m. (-चः) A name of KRISHNA. २. उच्च high, above, and देव a deity.  
 उच्चदेवता f. (-ता) Time personified, Chronos. २. उच्च high, and देवता divinity  
 उच्चम m. (-चः) The end of the night, the last watch of the night. २. उच्च priv. and चन्द्र the moon; moonset.  
 उच्चभाषण n. (-ण) Speaking loud. २. उच्च and भाषण speaking.  
 उच्चम m. (-यः) 1. The knot of the string or of the cloth which fastens the lower garments round the loins tied in front. 2. The opposite leg of a triangle. २. उच्च up, above, वि to gather, चच् aff.  
 उच्चण n. (-ण) 1. Uttering, articulating. 2. Going up or out. २. उच्च before चर् to go, छुट् aff.  
 उच्चरित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Uttered, articulated. 2. Gone up or out. २. उच्च before चर् to go, क् aff.  
 उच्चम n. (-चः) The mind, the understanding. २. उच्च above and चल् what goes  
 उच्चम n. (-चः) Going up or out. २. उच्च before चल् to go, छुट् aff.  
 उच्चमला f. (-ता) A woman with a high or projecting forehead. २. उच्च high, and ललाट a forehead; also उच्चललाटिका.  
 उच्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Gone up or out. 2. Winnowed. २. उच्च before चर् to go, क् aff.  
 उच्चान n. (-न) 1. Eradicating as a plant. 2. Ruining, (as an individual.)  
 3. Causing a person's ruin by magical incantations. २. उच्च up, and चट् going.  
 उच्चम m. (-चः) 1. Faeces, excrement. 2. Pronunciation, utterance. २. उच्च before चर् to go, and चच् aff.  
 उच्चार n. (-च) Articulating, enunciation. २. उच्च before चर् to go, causal form, छुट् aff.  
 उच्चारण m. (-ण) A linguist, one skilled in languages or sounds. २. उच्चारण and च who knows.  
 उच्चारणस्थान n. (-न) The part of the throat, &c. whence certain sounds, as nasals, gutturals, and the like proceed. २. उच्चारण and स्थान place.  
 उच्चारणम् mfn. (-म्-चा-च) Necessary for pronunciation, a superfluous letter, &c. उच्चारण and चच् object.  
 उच्चरित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Pronounced, uttered, articulated. २. उच्च before चर् to go, causal form, क् aff.  
 उच्चैर् ind. Having spoken or uttered. mfn. (-चैः-चा-च) To be spoken, to be pronounced. २. उच्च before चर् to go, causal form, affix छप् or चट्.  
 उच्चैर्भाषण mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Being uttered or pronounced. २. उच्चर, causal form, छानच् aff.  
 उच्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Various, multiform. 2. Uneven, irregular, undulating. 3. High and low. २. उच्च upper, and चचा lower, great and small, &c.; the compound is irregular.  
 उच्चैर्वा f. (-वा) Desire or wish to collect. २. उच्च before वि to collect, desiderative form, चच् and वाच् affs.

उच्चम m. (-चः) 1. A sort of cricket. 2. A passionate man. २. उच्च like, and चिट्ट a shrimp.  
 उच्चम m. (-चः) The flag or pennon of a banner. २. उच्च above, and चर् to be high; क् is substituted for उ.  
 उच्चैःश्वर m. (-श्वः) The horse of INDRA. २. उच्चैर् high, and श्वर an ear, long-eared; it is sometimes written with a final vowel, नोम (-नः).  
 उच्चैर्वा m. (-वा) A loud sound or voice. २. उच्चैर्वा and श्वर sound.  
 उच्चैर्वा n. (-वा) Making a loud noise, clamour. २. उच्चैर्वा high, loud, and चट् sound  
 उच्चैर्वा ind. High, loud, great, much, &c. २. उच्च much, वि to collect, उच्चैर्वा aff.  
 उच्चैर्वा mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Very high, tall or lofty. 2. Very loud. २. उच्चैर्वा and तमप् aff. [last.  
 उच्चैर्वा ind. 1. Loudly, aloud. 2. On high, high २. चाम added to the उच्चैर्वा mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Loftier. 2. Louder. २. उच्चैर्वा and तमप् aff.  
 उच्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) To be said. २. चच् to speak, pass. v. शानच् aff.  
 उच्च r. 1st and 6th cls. (य) उच्चि (उच्चि) 1. To glean. 2. To gather little by little. (य) उच्चि (उच्चि) or usually with वि prefixed (उच्चि) 1. To end or terminate, to leave off. 2. To finish or conclude. 3. To pass or quit. 4. To bind. With च, to wipe off.  
 उच्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Destroyed. m. (-चः) Peace obtained by ceding valuable lands. २. उच्च before चट् to go, affix क्.  
 उच्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) (चच्-चा-च) Going or moving on or against. २. उच्च, म् to go, छुट् aff.  
 उच्चम n. (-चः) 1. Going upon. 2. Having over, or above, or against. २. उच्च before चल् to go, छुट् aff.  
 उच्चम n. (-चः) Cleaning with perfumes. २. उच्च before चट् to cover, in the causal form, and छुट् aff.  
 उच्चम mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Waved, waved above. 2. Gone, went. 3. Shaken. २. उच्च before चल् to go, causal form, क् aff.  
 उच्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Transgressing, deviating from the ritual. २. उच्च before शास्त्र scripture, चर्त्तन् who abides.  
 उच्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Flaming, blazing up. 2. Radiant. 3. High-crested. २. उच्च up, शिखा a flame.  
 उच्चम n. (-चः) Breathing through the nostrils, snuffing, snoring. २. उच्च before शिधि to smell, छुट् aff.  
 उच्चम ind. Having cut off, destroyed, killed, &c. २. उच्च before चिट् to cut, छप् aff. [before चिट् cut  
 उच्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Cut, cut off or cut. 2. Destroyed, killed. २. उच्च  
 उच्चम n. (-चः) A mushroom. २. उच्च and शिखीन्.  
 उच्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Left, rejected as food; u. e. spit out of the mouth, or Orts, crumbs, fragments, &c. 2. Left, abandoned. २. उच्च up, शिच् to leave as a residue, and क् aff.  
 उच्चम m. (-चः) 1. One who eats another's leavings. 2. The attendant upon an idol, whose food is the leavings of the deities. २. उच्चि or Orts, and मोजन food.  
 उच्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Who eats the remains of a meal. २. उच्चि and मोजिन् who eats.  
 उच्चम n. (-चः) Wax २. उच्चि and मीदन pleasing.  
 उच्चम n. (-चः) Leavings, offal. २. उच्चि and चच् food.  
 उच्चम n. (-चः) A pillow. २. उच्च upon, and शीर्ष the head: on which rests the head.  
 उच्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Dry, dried up, withered. २. उच्च before चट् dried.  
 उच्चम f. (-चा) The head of a banner or part above the flag with erect ornaments. २. उच्च up, च्छा erect.  
 उच्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Swollen, turgid. 2. Lofty, high. 3. Fat, hulk. २. उच्च up, वि to increase, क् affix, deriv. irr.  
 उच्चम mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Unrestrained, perverse, self-willed. 2. Irregular, desultory, unmethodical. २. उच्च priv. and च्छा a chain.  
 उच्चम m. (-चः) 1. Cutting off or out. 2. Destroying, destruction. 3.

- Cutting short, putting an end to. 4. Excision. **उत्** and **वि** to cut, affix **ञ्**.
- उच्छेद्य** n. (-ञ्) 1. Rest, remainder. 2. Leavings. **उत्** and **वि** remaining.
- उष्णीष** mfn. (-ञ्) What dries up or withers. n. (-ञ्) Drying up, parching. **उत्** and **शी** drying.
- उन्नय** m. (-यः) 1. Height, elevation of a tree, mountain, &c. 2. Rising of a planet, &c. 3. Upright side of a triangle. **उत्** up, **त्रि** to serve, **ञ्** aff.
- उन्नय** m. (-यः) Height, elevation. **उत्** before **त्रि** to serve, **ञ्** aff.
- उन्नयितृ** mfn. (-यो-यित्री-यि) High raised, lofty. **उत्** and **वि** aff.
- उन्नत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Born, produced. 2. High, tall. 3. Lifted up, raised. 4. Prosperous, advancing, increasing, rising. 5. Left, abandoned. 6. Increased in size or bulk, grown. **उत्** before **त्रि** to serve, **ञ्** aff.
- उत्कृति** f. (-तिः) 1. Height, elevation. 2. The upright side of a triangle. **उत्** before **त्रि** to serve, **ञ्** aff.
- उत्कृष्ट** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) High, lofty. **उत्** before **त्रि** to serve, **ञ्** aff.
- उच्छ्वस** n. (-नं) 1. Breathing. 2. Sighing. **उत्** before **श्चस्** to breathe, affix **ल्युट्**.
- उच्छ्वसित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Blown, expanded. 2. Breathed, inspired. 3. Sighing. **उत्** much, &c. **श्चित** breathed, blown.
- उच्छ्वास** m. (-सः) 1. Breath, breathing, inspiration. 2. A sigh. 3. Consolation, encouragement. 4. Division of a book. **उत्** up, and **श्चस्** to breathe, **ञ्** aff.
- उज्जयिनी** f. (-नी) Ujjayani or Oujin, a city so called in Malabar, formerly the capital of VIKRAMADITYA. It is one of the seven sacred cities of the Hindus, and the first meridian of their geographers: the modern Oujin is about a mile south of the ancient city. **उत्** much, **जयनी** victorious or place of victory; from the military character of its people; also **जयनी** and **उज्जयिनी**.
- उज्जयिन** m. (-नः) The name of a mountain, part of the chain in the west of India, part of the Vindhyan range: see **वेवत**. **उत्** priv. and **जयनि** a banner, or **जयन्** the son of INDRA.
- उज्जयिनी** f. (-नी) The city Oujin. **उत्** See **उज्जयिनी**.
- उज्जयिन** n. (-नं) Killing, slaughter. **उत्** before **ज** to kill, and **ल्युट्** aff.
- उज्जयिनी** f. (-नी) Wishing to take or seize. **उत्** before **ज** to take, desid. form, **ञ्** and **ट्** affs.
- उज्ज्वल** mfn. (-ञ्) 1. Blown, expanded. 2. Open, apart. **उत्** up, and **जु** to gape, **ञ्** aff.
- उज्ज्वलित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Blown, expanded. 2. Opened, stretched. n. (-तं) Effort, exertion. **उत्** before **जु** to yawn, **ञ्** aff.
- उज्ज्वल** mfn. (-ञ्) 1. Luminous, splendid, light. 2. Lovely, beautiful. 3. Clean, clear. 4. Blown, expanded. 5. Burning, blazing. m. (-ञ्) Love, passion. n. (-ञ्) Gold. **उत्** much, **ज्वल** to shine, **ञ्** aff.
- उज्ज्वलता** f. (-ता) 1. Splendour, radiance. 2. Beauty. **उत्** **ज** added to the last; also with **ल**, **उज्ज्वल**.
- उज्ज्वल** n. (-नं) Burning or shining. **उत्** before **ज्वल** to shine, affix **ल्युट्**.
- उज्ज्वलित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Lighted, shining, flaming, &c. **उत्** before **ज्वल** to shine, affix **ञ्**.
- उज्ज** n. (-ञ्) Gathering grains. **उत्** to glean, and **ञ्** aff.
- उज्ज** n. (-नं) Gathering grains of corn in market places, &c. **उत्** to glean, **ल्युट्** aff.
- उज्जति** mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) A gleaner, one who lives by gleanings. **उत्** and **वि** practice.
- उज्जित** n. (-नं) Gleaning corn or grains. **उत्** gathering grain, and **जि** gleaning corn. [जीव who practices.]
- उज्ज-शी** mfn. (-ञ्) One who lives by gleanings, &c. **उत्** and **ज**.
- उज्ज** r. 6th cl. (उज्जति) To quit or abandon. This is sometimes read **उज्ज**. With **ग** to escape or avoid.
- उज्ज** m. (-ञ्) Abandoning, leaving. **उत्** and **ज** aff.
- उज्जित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Left, abandoned. 2. Left off, discontinued. **उत्** and **ज** to leave, affix **ञ्**.
- उज्जित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Who or what leaves. **उत्** and **ज** aff.
- उज्ज** m. (-ञ्) Leaves, grass, &c. used in making huts, thatches, &c.
- उज्ज** m. (-ञ्) 1. A hut made of leaves, the residence of hermits or saints. 2. A house in general. **उत्** thatch, &c. and **ज** made.
- उज्ज** r. 1st cl. (उज्जति) To strike or knock down; also **ज**.
- उज्ज** m. (-ञ्) A lunar mansion or constellation in the moon's path. n. (-ञ्) Water. **उत्** above, **ज** to go or fly, **ल्युट्** aff.
- उज्ज** m. (-ञ्) A raft or float. m. (-ञ्) The moon. **उत्** an above, and **ज** from **ज** to preserve, affix **ञ्**.
- उज्ज** m. (-तिः) The moon. **उत्** and **ज** lord.
- उज्ज** m. (-ञ्) The firmament. **उत्** a constellation, and **ज** a path.
- उज्ज** m. (-रः) 1. Glomerous fig tree, (*Ficus glomerata*, Rox.) 2. The threshold of a house. 3. A eunuch. 4. A species of leprosy with coppery spots. 5. A kind of worm, supposed to be generated in the blood, and to produce leprosy. n. (-रः) 1. Copper. 2. A Karsha, a measure of two Tolas. **उत्** a constellation in the second case, **ज** to screen, and **ञ्** affix; it is also written **उज्ज** and **उज्ज**.
- उज्ज** f. (-नी) The name of a plant: see **दन्ती**. **उत्** and **ज** a leaf; whose leaves are of the color of copper.
- उज्ज** m. (-ञ्) A raft, a float. m. (-ञ्) The moon: see **उज्ज**.
- उज्ज** n. (-नं) Flying, soaring. **उत्** before **ज** to fly, affix **ल्युट्**.
- उज्ज** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Excellent, respectable, of rank or consequence.
- उज्ज** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Flown up, flying up. n. (-नं) 1. Flying as a bird. 2. Flying up, soaring. **उत्** up, and **ज** to fly, **ञ्** aff.
- उज्ज** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Flying, soaring, who flies or soars. **उत्** up, **ज** to fly, **ञ्** aff.
- उज्ज** m. (-ञ्) 1. A work so called, containing charms and incantations. 2. A name of SIVA. **उत्** up, and **ज** to fly, **ल्युट्** aff.
- उज्ज** m. (-ञ्) A ball of flour, a roll, a loaf.
- उज्ज** f. (-ञ्) A string of rolls, balls of meal or flour upon a string. **उत्** and **ज** a chaplet.
- उज्ज** m. (-ञ्) 1. Water. 2. The China rose.
- उत्** ind. An interjection of, 1. asking, (how, what?) 2. of deliberation, (either, or;) 3. of extreme doubt, (hey! what!) 4. Up, above, or upon; see **उत्**.
- उत्** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sewn, woven. **उत्** to sew, affix **ञ्**. Ind. A particle of, 1. doubt, (what!) 2. of interrogation, (what, how?) 3. of connexion, (also, and;) 4. of deliberation, (either, or.) 5. It is also an expletive **उत्** to sound, **ञ्** aff.
- उत्** m. (-ञ्) The name of a Muni, son of ANGIRAS.
- उत्** m. (-ञ्) A name of VRIHASPATI, regent of the Planet Jupiter. **उत्** and **ज** younger born; the younger brother of UTARHASPATI.
- उत्** m. (-ञ्) VRIHASPATI. **उत्** See the preceding.
- उत्** ind. A particle implying, 1. deliberation, (either or;) 2. asking (how, what?) **उत्** and **जा** meaning as before.
- उत्** ind. A particle of doubt or deliberation.
- उत्** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Regretting, sad, sorrowful. 2. Absent, thinking of something else. 4. Wishing for, desirous of. m. (-तः) Opportunity, occasion. **उत्** up, away, and **ञ्** aff.
- उत्** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Much, excessive. 2. Drunk, mad, furious. 3. Proud, haughty. 4. Uneven. 5. Difficult. 6. Superior, high. n. (-तः) 1. Intoxication, pride. 2. An elephant in rut. 3. Sara grass, (*Saccharum sara*) n. (-तः) 1. Woody cassia or its bark. 2. *Sarsapa* rilla. **उत्** high, great, and **ज** aff.
- उत्** m. (-ञ्) Sitting on the hams, squatting.
- उत्** f. (-ता) Regretting, missing any thing or person. **उत्** much, **ज** to be sad, **ञ्** and **ज** aff.
- उत्** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Regretting, wishing or sorrowing for, distress

ed. sorrowful, f. (-तः) A Woman whose husband or lover is absent. E. उत् much, उडि to be sad, affix त्.

उत्कृता f. (-ता) 1. A plant with aromatic seeds. (Pothos officinalis, Rox.) See गजपिप्पली. 2. Regretting, sorrowing for. E. उत् regretting, and त् abstract aff.

उत्कम्बन् ind. Bending back the neck. E. उत् up, कम्ब the neck.

उत्कर् मfn. (-रः-रा-री-रः) 1. What lifts or raises. 2. What piles or heaps, what makes up. m. (-रः) A heap, a pile, a stack, &c. E. उत् up, and कर् what makes, from कृ and र् or क् aff.

उत्करिका f. (-का) A sort of sweetmeat made with milk, treacle, and ghee. E. उत्कर and क् added.

उत्करीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Relating or belonging to a heap, &c. E. उत्कर and ह aff.

उत्कर्त्त n. (-नः) 1. Cutting over or on. 2. Cutting to pieces. 3. Cutting off. E. उत् before कृत् to cut, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-रः-री-रः) 1. Superior, eminent. 2. Much, excessive. 3. Attractive, drawing. m. (-रः) 1. Excellence, eminence. 2. Excess. 3. Increase. 4. Pulling, pulling up or to. E. उत् much, कृत् to mark, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) A porter, one who travels with a burden or load. m. (-रः) 1. A country in the south of India, part of Orissa. 2. A fowler, a bird-catcher. E. उत् before and कृत् to go, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्तिका f. (-का) 1. Regretting, missing any thing or person. 2. A bud, an unblown flower. 3. A wave. 4. Wanton sportfulness, dalliance. E. उत् before कृत् to go, कृत् and टाप् affs.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Regretting, grieving for. 2. Prosperous, rising, increasing. E. उत् up, and कृत् to go or count; part. affix क्.

उत्कर्त्तिका f. (-का) A cow calving every year. E. उत्कर् regretting, and कृत् to go, क् and टाप् affs.

उत्कर्त्त m. (-रः) 1. Winnowing corn. 2. Piling it up. E. उत् up, and कृत् to scatter, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्तिका f. (-का) A poultice. E. उत् before कृत् to make, causal form, कृत् aff.

उत्कर्त्त n. (-नः) Hemming, clearing the throat of mucus. E. उत् up, and कर्त्त coughing.

उत्कर्त्तिका f. (-ता) Kalonji, (Nigella Indica, Rox.) E. उत् up, कृत् to go crookedly, क् affix, or with कृत् affix उत्कर्त्तिका.

उत्कर्त्त n. (-नः) 1. Praising, celebrating. 2. Crying, proclaiming. E. उत् before कर्त्त to praise, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Praised, renowned. 2. Proclaimed, promulgated. E. उत् aloud, कर्त्त to praise, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त n. (-नः) Sleeping with the head erect. E. उत् neg. and कृत् to be crooked, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त m. (-नः) A bug. E. उत् high, loud, and कृत् to call, क् affix; also उत्कर्त्त.

उत्कर्त्त m. (-तः) An umbrella or parasol. E. उत् priv. कृत् to heat, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Brought to the bank or shore. E. उत् before कृत् a bank, nominative verb, affix क्.

उत्कर्त्तिका f. (-तिः) 1. Cutting up. 2. A form of metre, a stanza of four lines of twenty-six syllables each. E. उत् and कृत् another metre.

उत्कर्त्त ind. Haying out off, or up. E. उत् before कृत् to cut, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Being cut to pieces. E. उत् before कृत् to cut, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Excellent, eminent. 2. Superior, best. 3. Much, most, excessive. 4. Drawn, attracted. E. उत् before कृत् to drag, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्तिका f. (-ता) Excellence, superiority, eminence. E. उत्कर्त्त with त् added; also क्, उत्कर्त्तिका. [aff.]

उत्कर्त्त m. (-नः) A good soil. E. उत्कर् excellent and मृत् earth, क्

उत्कर्त्त n. (-नः) The best or most respectable form of marriage. E. उत्कर्त्त and वदन marrying.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) A bribe. E. उत् before कृत् to be crooked, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त m. (-नः) 1. The receiver of a bride. 2. A bride. E. उत् before कृत् to be crooked, कृत् affix or कृत् added to the last.

उत्कर्त्त m. (-नः) 1. Going up or out. 2. Progressive increase. 3. Going astray, acting improperly, deviation, transgression. E. उत् before कृत् to go, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त n. (-नः) 1. Going up or out. 2. Surpassing, exceeding. E. उत् before कृत् to go, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Passed, surpassed, gone over or beyond. 2. Gone forth or out. 3. Trespassing, exceeding. E. उत् before कृत् to go, affix क्. [E. उत्कर्त्त and र्त्त aff.]

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-नः-निनी-नि) Passing, passing away, gone, departed.

उत्कर्त्त m. (-नः) 1. Opposition, contrariety. 2. Going, going above, surpassing. 3. Going from or out. 4. Deviating from propriety, transgressing. E. उत् out, कृत् to go, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-नः-ननी-नः) 1. Going over or above, surpassing. 2. Going out. E. उत् before कृत् to go, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Crying, speaking out or aloud, (who or what does so.) n. (-रः) 1. Crying out, calling, exclaiming. 2. Conversation. E. उत् before कृत् to cry, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त m. (-नः) 1. An osprey. 2. Clamour, proclamation. E. उत् loud, कृत् to cry, affix क्.

उत्कर्त्त m. (-रः) Nausea, sickness. E. उत् before and कृत् moisture.

उत्कर्त्त m. (-नः) Nausea, sickness. E. उत् before कृत् distress.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Thrown upwards, tossed. 2. Thrown out, ejected. 3. Vomited. 4. Rejected, dismissed. m. (-नः) Thorn apple, (Datura metel and fastuosa.) E. उत् up, and कृत् thrown; in the last sense it alludes to the intoxicating qualities of the plant.

उत्कर्त्तिका f. (-का) An ornament in the shape of a crescent worn in the upper part of the ear. E. उत् up, कृत् to send, affix कृत्; to which कृत् and टाप् are then added.

उत्कर्त्त m. (-नः) 1. Throwing or tossing up. 2. Throwing away. 3. Sending, dispatching. 4. Bringing up, vomiting. E. उत् before कृत् to throw, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Throwing, a thrower, what or who elevates or raises. 2. Who sends or orders. m. (-नः) A stealer of clothes, &c. E. उत् before कृत् to throw, कृत् aff.

उत्कर्त्त n. (-नः) 1. A fan. 2. A kind of basket or bowl used for cleaning corn. 3. Throwing upwards, tossing. 4. Sending, sending away. 5. Vomiting. 6. Taking up. 7. A measure. Sixteen Panas. E. उत् up, कृत् to throw or send, क् aff.

उत्कर्त्तिका f. (-ता) A kind of perfume, see सुग. E. उत् before कृत् to gather, कृत् and टाप् affs.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) 1. Eradicated, pulled up by the roots. 2. Destroyed, annihilated. E. उत् up, कृत् to dig, and क् aff.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Wet, moistened. E. उत् to wet, affix क्.

उत्कर्त्त m. (-नः-नः) 1. An earring. 2. A crest. E. उत् much, and तन्नि a Sautra root, to ornament, affix क्.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Burnt, seared. 2. Bathed, washed. 3. Anxious, excited. n. (-नः) Dried flesh. E. उत् much, or in the last sense priv and तन्नि heated.

उत्कर्त्त mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Chief, principal, first, best. 2. Greatest, highest. m. (-नः) 1. The third Menu, son of PARIYAVRATA. 2. The best kind of lover or hero. f. (-नः) 1. An excellent woman : one who is handsome, healthy, and affectionate. 4. A plant, (Asclepias rosea.) E. उत् much, तन्नि to desire, affix क्.

उत्कर्त्त m. (-नः) 1. The first person, (in grammar.) 2. An excellent man. E. उत्कर् and पुत्र man.



**उत्तमजिह्वी f. (-जी)** A plant, (*Asclepias rosea*, Rox.) See दुग्धिका. **उत्तम** best, उत्तम fruit, उत्तम allix, and उत्तम fem. do.

**उत्तमर्षी mfn. (-र्षी-र्षी-र्षी)** A creditor. **उत्तम** chief, and **ऋष** a debt.

**उत्तमर्षिक m. (-र्षी)** A creditor. **उत्तम**, **ऋष** a debt, and **उत्तम** aff.

**उत्तमर्षिन् m. (-र्षी)** A creditor. **उत्तम**, **ऋष** a debt, **उत्तम** aff.

**उत्तमलाभ m. (-ला)** Great profit, a double return. **उत्तम** and **लाभ** gain.

**उत्तमसंयुक्त m. (-युक्त)** Intriguing with another man's wife, addressing her privately, casting amorous looks, &c.

**उत्तमगाह्य n. (-गाह्य)** 1. The highest of the three fixed mulcts or fines; a fine of 1,000 or of 80,000 Panas. 2. Capital punishment, branding, banishment, confiscation, mutilation and death. **उत्तम** the best or greatest, **गाह्य** infliction.

**उत्तमाङ्ग u. (-ङ्ग)** The head. **उत्तम** chief, and **अङ्ग** member.

**उत्तमाङ्गु n. (-ङ्गु)** The best half. **उत्तम**, **अङ्ग** half, **यत्** aff.

**उत्तमाह m. (-ह)** A fine day, a lucky day. **उत्तम** best, **अह** a day, **यत्** aff.

**उत्तमीयपद mfn. (-दा-दा-दा)** Best, good. **उत्तम** and **उपपद** secondary term, to whom or what the best term is applicable.

**उत्तमीयस् m. (-जा)** A proper name, one of the warriors of the Mahabharata. **उत्तम** and **मीयस्** strength.

**उत्तमय u. (-य)** 1 Upholding, supporting, staying. 2. Stopping, arresting. **उत्त** before **यमि** to stop, **यत्** aff.

**उत्तमिन् mfn. (-ता-ता-ता)** 1. Upheld, supported. 2. Stopped, arrested. 3. Erect, (as the hair of the head,) standing on end. **उत्त** before **यमि** to stop, affix **न्**.

**उत्तम mfn. (-र-र-र)** 1. Superior, high, lofty. 2. Northern. 3. Best, excellent. 4. (In composition) Fit, appertaining to. 5. Subsequent, posterior. **उत्त** 1. An answer, a reply. 2. (In law) A defence, a rejoinder. 3. A consequence, a result. 4. Remainder, difference, (in arithmetic.) **उत्त** 1. The son of VIRATA. **उत्त** 1. The wife of ABHIMANYU, the son of ARJUNA. 2. The north, **उत्त** above, and **तर** from **ह** to pass, affix **यत्**.

**उत्तरकाल m. (-काल)** 1. Future time. 2. Time reckoned from full moon to full moon. **उत्तर** subsequent, **काल** time.

**उत्तरकुल m. (-कुल)** Uttarakulu; the country about the north pole. **उत्तर** northern, and **कुल** the northern part of the globe.

**उत्तरकोशला f. (-ला)** The city of Ayodhya, the modern Oude. **उत्तर** north, **कोशला** a district so called.

**उत्तरक्रिया f. (-या)** Obsequial ceremonies. **उत्तर** last, **क्रिया** rite.

**उत्तरङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्ग-ङ्ग-ङ्ग)** 1. Flooded, inundated, washed over by waves. **उत्तर** 1. A wooden arch surmounting the door frame. **उत्तर** above, **त** what goes, affix **ङ्ग**; or **उत्त** and **तरङ्ग** a wave.

**उत्तरज mfn. (-ज-ज-ज)** 1. Subsequently or afterwards, posterity. **उत्तर** and **ज** born.

**उत्तरज्या f. (-ज्या)** The versed sine of an arc. **उत्तर** and **ज्या** an arc.

**उत्तरज n. (-ज)** 1. Crossing rivers, &c. 2. Coming forth or out of, (especially water,) landing. **उत्तर** over, **तर** passing.

**उत्तरज् m. (-र-र-र)** 1. Crossing, going over. 2. Coming out of (water.) **उत्त** before **ह** to cross, **यत्** aff. [aff.]

**उत्तरतस् ind. 1. Northward. 2. Afterwards. 3. Behind. उत्तर** and **तस्** aff.

**उत्तरत् ind. 1. After, subsequent. 2. Northward. उत्तर** and **त्** aff.

**उत्तरदायक mfn. (-क-क-क)** Replying, answering. **उत्तर** and **दायक** a giver.

**उत्तरदिक्षु f. (-दिक्षु)** The north quarter. **उत्तर** and **दिक्षु** region.

**उत्तरधेय mfn. (-य-या-य)** To be done subsequently. **उत्तर** afterwards, **यि** to have, **यत्** aff.

**उत्तरपक्ष m. (-पक्ष)** 1. A demonstrated truth, a direct conclusion. 2. Course of argument, according to established truths. 3. Second part of an argument, reply, refutation. 4. The minor proposition in a syllogism. **उत्तर** subsequent, and **पक्ष** subject of an inference; also adding **क**, **उत्तरपक्षक**.

**उत्तरपक्षता f. (-ता)** 1. Confusion, demonstration. 2. Replication, reply. **उत्त** added to the preceding; also with **क**, **उत्तरपक्षक**.

**उत्तरपद n. (-पद)** The last member of a compounded word. **उत्तर** and **पद** word.

**उत्तरपदिक mfn. (-पद-पद-पद)** Belonging or relating to the last word or term. **उत्तरपद** and **उत्त** affix; also with **क** added **उत्तरपदकीय mfn. (-य-या-य)**.

**उत्तरवाद m. (-वद)** A division of legal practice, that part which relates to the reply or defence. **उत्तर** a reply, and **वाद** a quarrel; four divisions being admitted in every suit.

**उत्तरपुरुष m. (-पुरुष)** (In grammar,) The third person. **उत्तर** last, and **पुरुष** man.

**उत्तरप्रच्छद m. (-द)** A coverlid, a quilt. **उत्तर** and **प्रच्छद** what covers.

**उत्तरफाल्गुनी f. (-नी)** The twelfth lunar mansion containing two stars, figured by a bod. **उत्तर** subsequent, and **फाल्गुनी** or **फाल्गुनी** an asterism; hence it also occurs **उत्तरफाल्गुनी**.

**उत्तरमाद्रपद f. (-पद)** The twenty-seventh lunar mansion, figured by a couch, and comprehending two stars, of which one is a Andromeda. **उत्तर** subsequent, and **माद्रपद** properly the constellation also with a final vowel, **उत्तरमाद्रपदा**.

**उत्तरमात्र n. (-त्र)** Any reply, some reply. **उत्तर** and **मात्र** only.

**उत्तररहित mfn. (-ता-ता-ता)** Unable to reply, having no answer. **उत्तर** and **रहित** devoid of.

**उत्तरसंज्ञक n. (-ज्ञक)** The indication of an actual reply. **उत्तर** and **संज्ञक** mark.

**उत्तरसिन्धु f. (-सिन्धु)** A small syringe, a urethra injection pipe. **उत्तर** best, **सिन्धु** syringe.

**उत्तरवादिन् m. (-दी)** A defendant, a replicant. **उत्तर** a reply, and **वादि** who speaks.

**उत्तरसंज्ञित mfn. (-ता-ता-ता)** Designated in the reply, (a witness, &c.) **उत्तर** and **संज्ञित** named.

**उत्तरसाक्षिन् m. (-क्षि)** Witness for the defence. **उत्तर** reply, **साक्षिन्** witness.

**उत्तरसाधक mfn. (-क-क-क)** 1. Befriending, assisting, a help, a friend. 2. Who or what establishes a reply. **उत्तर** and **साधक** what accomplishes.

**उत्तरा ind. North, northerly, northward. उत्तर** and **यात्** aff.

**उत्तरात् ind. Northward. उत्तर** and **यात्** aff.

**उत्तराधर mfn. (-र-र-र)** Superior and inferior, higher and lower. **उत्तर** upper, **अधर** lower.

**उत्तराधिकार m. (-र)** Right to property, &c. in succession to another person, heirship, inheritance. **उत्तर** and **अधिकार** right.

**उत्तराधिकारिन् mfn. (-री-री-री)** An heir, a claimant, subsequent to the death, &c. of the original owner. **उत्तराधिकार** and **इति** aff.

**उत्तराधिकारिता f. (-ता)** Right of succession. **उत्त** added to **उत्तराधिकारिन्** also with **क**, **उत्तराधिकारिन्**.

**उत्तरावध m. (-वध)** The north, a northern road or direction. **उत्तर** and **वध** a road, the final of **उत्तर** lengthened.

**उत्तरावास m. (-व)** A false, indirect, or prevaricating reply, (in law.) **उत्तर** a defence, and **वास** what resembles: apparently a defence, but not so in fact.

**उत्तराभावा f. (-ता)** Inadequacy of a reply, the semblance without the reality. **उत्त** added to the last; also with **क**, **उत्तराभावात्**.

**उत्तरावध n. (-वध)** The period of the sun's progress to the north of the equator, the summer solstice. **उत्तर** the north, and **वध** going, progress.

**उत्तरावा f. (-वा)** The north. **उत्तर** and **वा** region.

**उत्तरावादा f. (-दा)** One of the lunar mansions. **उत्तर** and **वादा** a quarter.

**उत्तरावापति m. (-ति)** A name of KURVA. **उत्तर**, **वा** a quarter, **पति** a master; regent of the north.

उत्तराश्वि f. (उत्तराश्वि) The twenty-first of the lunar mansions, figured by an elephant's tooth or a bed, and containing two stars, one of which is in Sagittarius. उत्तर subsequent, and उत्तराश्वि the constellation; to distinguish it from asterism, twentieth: see पूर्वशाश्वि and उत्तराश्वि.

उत्तराश्वि m. (उत्तराश्वि) An upper and outer garment. उत्तर upper, आश्वि prefixed to उत्तर to surround, and उत्तर aff.

उत्तराश्वि ind. Northerly, from the north, implying distance. उत्तर and आश्वि aff.

उत्तराश्वि n. (उत्तराश्वि) An upper or outer garment. उत्तर upper, and आश्वि aff.

उत्तराश्वि ind. Northward, posterior, subsequent. उत्तर with उत्तराश्वि aff.

उत्तराश्वि ind. A subsequent day, a day following to-morrow. उत्तर subsequent, and उत्तराश्वि aff.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) More and more, further and further, &c. n. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. A rejoinder, a reply to an answer. 2. Excess, exceeding quantity or degree. 3. Succession, gradation, descending. उत्तराश्वि repeated.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Shallow. 2. Sleeping supinely or with the face upwards. 3. Upright. 4. Concave. उत्तराश्वि upwards, उत्तराश्वि to stretch, and उत्तराश्वि aff. [उत्तराश्वि to spread, उत्तराश्वि aff.]

उत्तराश्वि m. (उत्तराश्वि) A species of grass, (a cyperus:) see उत्तराश्वि. उत्तराश्वि much, उत्तराश्वि m.

उत्तराश्वि m. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. A prince, son of SWAYAMBHU the Menu. 2. One of the stars of the little bear, (Ursa minoris.) [UTTANAPADA.]

उत्तराश्वि m. (उत्तराश्वि) A name of DHARMA. उत्तराश्वि, उत्तराश्वि born: the son of उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) One who sleeps with the face upwards. mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) An infant. उत्तराश्वि and उत्तराश्वि who sleeps.

उत्तराश्वि m. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Great heat. 2. Affliction, distress. 3. Anxiety, excitement. 4. Effort, energy. उत्तराश्वि before उत्तराश्वि to be hot, उत्तराश्वि aff.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Heated, made hot. 2. Pained, distressed. 3. Roused, excited. उत्तराश्वि before उत्तराश्वि to be hot, causal form, उत्तराश्वि aff.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Excellent, pre-eminent. m. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Vomiting. 2. Passing away, instability. 3. Ejecting, getting rid of. उत्तराश्वि above, and उत्तराश्वि who passes, from उत्तराश्वि and उत्तराश्वि aff.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Unsteady, changing, shaking. 2. Sick. उत्तराश्वि before उत्तराश्वि to go, उत्तराश्वि affix; or उत्तराश्वि and उत्तराश्वि aff.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) To be ejected, to be thrown up by vomiting. उत्तराश्वi before उत्तराश्वi to pass, उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Beast, excellent. 2. Arduous, difficult. 3. Formidable. 4. Swift, speedy. 5. Lofty, tall. m. (उत्तराश्वि) An ape. उत्तराश्वi before उत्तराश्वi to fix, affix उत्तराश्वi.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Gutting up, rising. 2. Increasing, augmenting. उत्तराश्वi before उत्तराश्वi to stay, उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वि ind. On the bank, ashore. उत्तराश्वi and उत्तराश्वi a bank.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Crossed, traversed. 2. Loosed, liberated. 3. Thrown off. उत्तराश्वi over, उत्तराश्वi crossed.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) High, lofty, tall. उत्तराश्वi very, and उत्तराश्वi high.

उत्तराश्वि f. (उत्तराश्वि) Height, elevation. उत्तराश्वi added to the last, or with उत्तराश्वi, उत्तराश्वi.

उत्तराश्वि m. (उत्तराश्वि) The head of a thorn, &c. which has entered the skin. उत्तराश्वi before उत्तराश्वi to hurt, उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वि m. (उत्तराश्वि) Fried grain. उत्तराश्वi priv. and उत्तराश्वi husk.

उत्तराश्वि m. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Sending, dispatching. 2. Urging, driving. 3. Whetting, sharpening, polishing. 4. Exciting, animating. 5. An inspiring or exciting speech. उत्तराश्वi and उत्तराश्वi giving light or energy.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Sent, dispatched. 2. Animated, excited. 3. Whetted, sharpened, polished. m. (उत्तराश्वि) Moving in the longe, adding one of a horse's five paces. उत्तराश्वi before उत्तराश्वi to sharpen, and उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वि n. (उत्तराश्वि) A horse's walk, one of his five paces in Hindu jockeyship. उत्तराश्वi, उत्तराश्वi to pass, उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वि n. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Lifting up, raising, elevating. उत्तराश्वi and उत्तराश्वi weighting.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) Raised, lifted up. उत्तराश्वi before उत्तराश्वi to be equal, causal form, उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Abandoned, left. 2. Thrown, tossed. 3. Free from passion or affection. उत्तराश्वi and उत्तराश्वi abandoned.

उत्तराश्वि m. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Abandonment, quitting. 2. Throwing, throwing up. 3. Succession from worldly feelings. उत्तराश्वi and उत्तराश्वi leaving.

उत्तराश्वि m. (उत्तराश्वि) Ear, terror. उत्तराश्वi much, and उत्तराश्वi fear.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) Standing or being up. उत्तराश्वi and उत्तराश्वi to stay, उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वि n. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Effort, exertion. 2. Manhood, manly exertion. 3. An army. 4. War, battle. 5. A book. 6. Joy, pleasure. 7. Rising, getting up. 8. A court yard. 9. A shed where sacrifices are made.

उत्तराश्वि n. (उत्तराश्वि) 10. A term, a limit. 11. Evacuating by stool, &c. 12. Business of a family or realm, as the care of subjects or dependents. 13. Reflexion. 14. Proximate cause of disease. उत्तराश्वi above, उत्तराश्वi to stand, and उत्तराश्वi affix, उत्तराश्वi is dropped.

उत्तराश्वि f. (उत्तराश्वि) The eleventh lunation of the light half of Kartik or Agrahayana, when VISHNU rises from his sleep. उत्तराश्वi rising, एकादशी eleventh.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Lifting, causing to get up, who or what raises, &c. 2. Exciting, animating, उत्तराश्वi before उत्तराश्वi to stay causal form, उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वि n. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Raising, elevating. 2. Causing to rise or get up. 3. Exciting, instigating. 4. (In arithmetic) Substitution of a value.

उत्तराश्वi and उत्तराश्वi causal form, affix उत्तराश्वi.

उत्तराश्वि mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Passed, lifted up, elevated. 2. Made to get up, aroused from a seat, a bed, &c. 3. Instigated. उत्तराश्वi and उत्तराश्वi causal form, उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वi ind. 1. Having raised or caused to rise. 2. Having roused or instigated. उत्तराश्वi before उत्तराश्वi to stay, causal form, उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वi ind. 1. Having risen (from a seat, &c.) 2. Having risen (in rank, &c.) उत्तराश्वi before उत्तराश्वi to stand, affix उत्तराश्वi.

उत्तराश्वi mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Born, produced. 2. Endeavouring, striving. 3. Happened, occurring. 4. Increasing, advancing, rising. 5. High, risen or rising as from a seat, &c. उत्तराश्वi up, उत्तराश्वi to stay, and उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वि m. (उत्तराश्वि) The palm of the hand with the fingers extended. उत्तराश्वi increased, and उत्तराश्वi a finger.

उत्तराश्वि f. (उत्तराश्वि) Elevation, rising up. उत्तराश्वi before उत्तराश्वi to stay, उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वi m. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. A bird. 2. Going upwards, or up. उत्तराश्वi up, and उत्तराश्वi who goes, from उत्तराश्वi to go, and उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वi n. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Birth, production. 2. Going up, rising, ascending. उत्तराश्वi, उत्तराश्वi to go, and उत्तराश्वi aff. [rise, and उत्तराश्वi aff.]

उत्तराश्वi mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) Jumping up, rising, going upwards. उत्तराश्वi, उत्तराश्वi to go, and उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वi mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) Risen, ascended. उत्तराश्वi up, उत्तराश्वi to go, उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वi mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) Rising, jumping up. उत्तराश्वi and उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वi f. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Birth, production. 2. Producing as an effect or result, giving rise to or generating as a consequence. 3. Production in general. उत्तराश्वi up, उत्तराश्वi to go, and उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वि m. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Purport, meaning. 2. Production by the joint operation of cause and effect. उत्तराश्वi and उत्तराश्वi act.

उत्तराश्वि m. (उत्तराश्वि) A type of birth, (as investiture.) उत्तराश्वi and उत्तराश्वi figurative indication.

उत्तराश्वi m. (उत्तराश्वि) Error, bad way, evil. उत्तराश्वi from, उत्तराश्वi for उत्तराश्वi a path.

उत्तराश्वi ind. Astray, on the wrong road. उत्तराश्वi from, उत्तराश्वi a path, उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वi mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. Born, produced. 2. Known, ascertained. 3. Risen, gone up. 4. Acquired, gained. 5. Effected, accomplished. 6. Occurred, happened. उत्तराश्वi, उत्तराश्वi to go, उत्तराश्वi aff.

उत्तराश्वi mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) Having progeny. उत्तराश्वi उत्तराश्वi line; descendants.

उत्तराश्वi mfn. (उत्तराश्वि) Thin. n. (उत्तराश्वि) 1. A blue lotus. ophoea oserula.)

2. A plant, (a *Costus*) see कुष्ठ. 3. A water-lily in general. 4. A flower in general. f. (नी) 1. A kind of cake made with unwinnowed corn. २. उत् up, पत् to go or grow, च् affix, and fem. टाप् or डीप्. उत्पलमसिक n. (-कं) A species of sandal of the colour of brass, and very fragrant. ३. उत्पल the lotus, गन्ध a smell, कन् affix of similitude. उत्पलचक्षुः mfn. (चु-चु-चु) Lotus-eyed, fine-eyed. ३. उत्पल and चक्षुः the eye. उत्पलपत्र n. (त्र) 1. The leaf of the lotus. 2. The impression of a female nail. 3. The Tilaka or mark on the forehead, made with sandal, &c. by the Hindus. 4. A broad bladed knife or lancet. ३. उत्पल a lotus, and पत्र a leaf; similarly shaped, &c. also कन् added उत्पल-पत्रक. उत्पलशरिवा f. (-वा) A plant, (*Fehites frutescens*.) ३. उत्पल a flower, शरिवा irregular deriv. of श् to harm : whose flower injures or destroys, (disease.) उत्पलान् mfn. (-भ; भा भं) Lotus-like, resembling a lotus. ३. उत्पल and आङ before भा to shine, ङ aff. उत्पलिनौ f. (-नौ) An assemblage of lotus flowers. ३. उत्पल a lotus, इनि affix, and लुपि fem. ३. उत्पलन n. (-नं) 1. Straining liquids before using for domestic or religious purposes. 2. Sprinkling ghee or other fluids on the sacrificial fire, with two blades of Kusa grass, the ends of which are held in either hand, and the centre dipped into the liquid, which is then dropped upon the fire. ३. उत् above & पृत् to purify, affix लृट्. उत्पश्य mfn. (-श; श्श-श्वं) Looking up or upwards. ३. उत् up, and पश्य looking, irr. formative, from श् to see. उत्पद्य m. (ट) 1. Pulling up by the roots. 2. Destroying. ३. उत् up, पट् to go, causal form, च् aff. उत्पद्यन् n. (-नं) 1. Eradicating, pulling up by the roots. 2. Destroying. ३. उत् before पट् to go, causal form, लृट् aff. उत्पद्यित् mfn. (-त; ता तं) Eradicating, pulled up by the roots. ३. उत् up, or out, पट् to go, in the causal form, and क् aff. उत्पद्यित् mfn. (टी टिनी-टि) Eradicating, extirpating. ३. उत्पद्य and इनि aff. उत्पद्यत m. (-तः) 1. A portent, some natural prodigy or phenomenon. 2. Any public calamity, as an eclipse, a meteor, an earthquake, &c. ३. उत् accidentally, पट् to happen, and च् aff. उत्पद्यतमान m. (-तः) A whirlwind, a hurricane. ३. उत्पद्यत a portent, and वात wind. उत्पद्यक mfn. (-क; का कं) 1. A producer, a generator. 2. What gives origin or production to, causative. m. (कः) A fabulous animal with eight legs: written also उत्पद्यक n. (-कं) Origin, cause. f. (-दिका) 1. A white ant, (termes.) 2. A pothorb, (*Hibiscus repens*) 3. Also, *Basella*, (rubra or lucida.) ३. उत् much, पट् a foot, or पट् to go, in the causal form, and लृट् aff. उत्पद्यन् m. (-नः) Producing, generating, begetting. ३. उत् before पट् to go, causal form, लृट् aff. [a foot, यश्च sleeping. उत्पद्यन्मय mfn. (न; भा नं) The Francoline partridge. ३. उत् upon, पाद उत्पद्यित् mfn. (त; ता तं) 1. Produced, effected. 2. Generated, begotten. ३. उत् before पट् to go, causal form, क् aff. उत्पद्य ind. 1. Having begotten. 2. Having produced, having inspired. ३. उत् before पट् to go, causal form, लृट् aff. उत्पद्यी f. (-नी) Health. ३. उत् before, पट् to preserve, च् and डीप् affs. उत्पद्य m. (-नः) Putting ghee, &c. see उत्पद्यन्. ३. उत् before पट् to make pure, च् aff. उत्पद्यन् mfn. (र; रा रं) Uncaged, unconfined. ३. उत् out of, पिष्टर a cage; also उत्पद्यन्, लृट् being substituted for र. उत्पद्यन् mfn. (-न; ना नं) 1. Confounded, confused. 2. Uncaged. ३. See the last. उत्पद्यन् mfn. (-न; ना नं) Desirous of going, going, proceeding. ३. उत् before पट् iterative form, क् aff.

उत्पद्य mfn. (-न; ना नं) Ground, rubbed, n. (-न) A disease, a grating of the bones of the joints upon each other. ३. उत् and पिष्ट ground. उत्पद्य m. (-नः) Froth. ३. उत् on, पीत् to go, क् aff. उत्पद्यन् n. (-नं) 1. Ridicule, derision. 2. Hurling, throwing afar. ३. उत् and प्र before च् to throw, affix लृट्. उत्पद्यी f. (-नी) 1. Indifference, carelessness. 2. Ironical comparison. 3. Comparison in general, poetical or rhetorical. ३. उत् and प्र prefixed to ईत् to see, च् and टाप् affs. उत्पद्यन् n. (-नं) 1. Taking up oil or ghee when it has been defiled in any way, by dipping a blade of Kusa grass into it, and dropping it from there upon the fire. 2. Jumping, springing upon. ३. उत् over, प्रन् jumping. उत्पद्य f. (-वा) A boat. ३. उत् over, प्र to go, च् and टाप् affs. उत्पद्यन् mfn. (त; ता तं) Jumped upon, approached suddenly. ३. उत् before प्र to go, क् aff. [aff. उत्पद्यन् ind. Having sprung or jumped upon. ३. उत् before प्र to go, च्. उत्फल n. (-लं) Excellent fruit. ३. उत् and फल fruit. उत्फल m. (-लः) A jump, a leap. ३. उत् before लृट् to move, affix च् the vowel and final changed. उत्फल mfn. (ल; ला लं) 1. Blown as a flower. 2. Swollen, increased in bulk. 3. Sleeping supinely. ३. उत् and फल blown. उत्स m. (-सः) A fountain, a spring. ३. उत् to wet, and स Unad' aff. उत्स m. (उः) 1. The haunch or part above the hip. 2. The acclivity or slope of a hill. 3. Association, union. 4. Embrace. 5. The bottom or deep part of an ulcer. ३. उत् before च् to embrace, affix च् उत्सङ्गित mfn. (त; ता तं) Associated, combined, joined. ३. उत् before च् to be joined with, क् aff. उत्सङ्गित mfn. (ङी-ङिनी-ङि) Associating or combining with, an associate, a partner. m. (-ङी) An ulcer, a deep sore. f. (-ङिनी) Pimple on the inner edge of the eye-lids. ३. उत्सङ्ग and इनि aff. उत्सङ्ग mfn. (ङ; डा-डा-ङं) 1. Destroyed, overturned. 2. Decayed, in ruin. 3. Risen, increased. ३. उत् before च् to go, affix क् उत्सङ्ग m. (-गः) 1. Abandoning, quitting. 2. Resigning, retiring from. 3. Giving, donation. 4. Any precept or rule. 5. Presentation of any thing promised to a god or Brahman, with suitable ceremonies. 6. A particular ceremony preparatory to a course of the Vedas. 7. Defection, excretion, voiding by stool, &c. ३. उत् before च् to quit, to leave, च् aff. उत्सङ्ग n. (-नं) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Abandoning, leaving, &c. ३. उत् before च् to leave, and लृट् affix: see the preceding. उत्सङ्गिनी f. (णी) A Jaina division of time, a long period described as 10 crores of oceans of years: this period alternates with one of similar duration see च्चत्सङ्गिनी. ३. उत् much, च् to go, चिनि and डीप् affs. उत्सङ्ग m. (-गः) 1. Going or gliding upwards. 2. Swelling, heaving. ३. उत् before च् to go, च् aff. उत्सङ्ग n. (-नं) 1. Gliding upwards. 2. Swelling, heaving. ३. उत् before च् to go gently, लृट् aff. उत्सङ्गित mfn. (यी-यि-यी-यि) 1. What glides upwards. 2. Rising gently, heaving, &c. ३. उत्सङ्ग and इनि aff. उत्सङ्ग f. (-यी) A cow fit to take the bull. ३. उत्, च् to go, and लृट् aff. उत्सङ्ग m. (-नः) 1. A festival, a jubilee. 2. Height, elevation. 3. Impatience. 4. Wish. 5. Passion, wrath. ३. उत्, च् to bear, to bring forth, affix च्: happiness, &c. is produced by it. उत्सङ्ग n. (-नं) 1. Going up, ascending, rising. 2. Raising, elevating. 3. Destroying, overturning. 4. Cleaning the person with perfumes. 5. Rubbing or chafing the limbs. 6. Ploughing a field twice or thoroughly. 7. Healing a sore, causing it to fill up. ३. उत् much च् to destroy, in the causal form, affix लृट्. उत्सङ्गित mfn. (-य; या-यं) 1. To be gone up or ascended. 2. To be effect-



उद्भूत m. (-भूः) 1. Pure and virtuous man. 2. Tidings, intelligence. 3. One who gets a livelihood by trade. 4. उद् dijunctive, and चत्त end, term.

उद्भूत m. (-भूः) News, tidings, intelligence. उद् added to the preterite-उद्भूति f. (-भूति) Satisfaction, satiety. उद् complete, चत्त end, चत्त aff. उद्भूति f. (-भूति) Thirst, उद् water, चत्त affix, the final उ is changed to न.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) The ocean. उद् water, and चत्त possessive aff.

उद्पात n. (-पा) A water-cup, a ewer. उद् water and पात a vessel.

उद्पात mn. (-पात) A well. उद् water, पा to drink, and चत्त affix; the place where water is drunk.

उद्पेष n. (-पेष) A paste, any thing ground with water. उद् water and पेष grinding.

उद्धार m. (-धार) 1. A cloud. 2. A water carrier. उद् water and धार a load.

उद्दाम m. (-दाम) Barley water. उद् and दाम scum; also उद्दाम.

उद्दाम m. (-दाम) A watery cloud. उद् and दाम a cloud.

उद्भू m. (-भूः) 1. The rising of the sun and planets in general. 2. The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise. 3. Rising, ascending. 4. Light, splendor. 5. Prosperity, good fortune. 6. Creation, the rising of the world. 7. (In law) Income. उद् up, चत्त to go, and चत्त aff.

उद्भूत n. (-भूत) Rising, ascending. m. (-भूत) 1. A name of AGASTYA; see चत्त. 2. The name of a sovereign, king of Kausambi, and hero of the Vasavadatta, a dramatic poem; also, of part of the Vrihat Katha. उद् above, चत्त to go, and चत्त aff.

उद्दाम m. (-दाम) The eastern mountain behind which the sun rises. उद् and दाम a mountain; also similar compounds, as उद्दामिनि, उद्दामिनी, उद्दामिनी, &c.

उद्भूति mfn. (-भूति-भूति-भूति) 1. Rising, ascending. 2. Prosperous, flourishing. उद् and चत्त aff.

उद्भू n. (-भूः) 1. The belly. 2. War. 3. Any morbid abdominal affection, as liver, spleen, &c. f. (-भूति) Enlargement of the abdomen from dropsy or flatulency. उद् up, चत्त to go, चत्त affix; what goes up or swells with food, slaughter, &c. or उद् prefixed to ह to burst, and चत्त or चत्त Una'di aff.

उद्भूत mfn. (-भूत-भूत-भूत) 1. Rubbing the belly, &c. 2. Abdominal. उद् and चत्त aff.

उद्भूति m. (-भूति) The spleen, (the disease; a chronic affection of this organ not uncommon in India.) उद् and चत्त abdomen, and चत्त a knot.

उद्भूत n. (-भूत) 1. A cuirass, armour covering the front. 2. A girth, a belly-band. उद् the belly, and चत्त what preserves.

उद्भूति m. (-भूति) 1. The ocean. 2. The sun. उद् freely, चत्त to go, and चत्त Una'di aff.

उद्भूति mfn. (-भूत-भूत-भूत) A glutton, voracious, one who devours every thing, flesh, fish, &c. उद् and चत्त a demon, who is a devil for his belly.

उद्भूति mfn. (-भूति-भूति-भूति) Selfishly, voracious, gluttonous. उद्, चत्त to nourish, चत्त affix, and चत्त is inserted.

उद्भूत mfn. (-भूत-भूत-भूत) Sleeping on the face or belly. उद् and चत्त who sleeps.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) Dysentery, diarrhoea. उद् the belly, and चत्त sign.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) The navel. उद् and चत्त what.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) Tape worm. उद् and चत्त what surrounds.

उद्भूति mfn. (-भूति-भूति-भूति) 1. Fat, corpulent. 2. Abdominal. f. (-भूति) A pregnant woman. उद् the belly, चत्त possessive aff.

उद्भूति mfn. (-भूत-भूत-भूत) Fat, corpulent. उद् the belly, and चत्त aff.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) 1. Future or remote consequence. 2. Future time. 3. A plant (Vangueria spinosa) see चत्त. उद् much, चत्त to praise, चत्त aff.

उद्भूति mfn. (-भूति-भूति-भूति) Lustrous and ascending. f. (-भूति) 1. A name of VAMANA or fire. 2. SIVA. 3. KANAKA. उद् and चत्त, and चत्त is same.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) Erysipelas. उद् up, चत्त to go, चत्त aff.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) Scarlet fever. उद् and चत्त to increase, चत्त aff.

उद्भूति mfn. (-भूति-भूति-भूति) Salted, prepared with brine. उद् water, चत्त salt and चत्त aff.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) A thunderbolt of water, a water spout. उद् and चत्त a thunderbolt.

उद्भूति n. (-भूति) A house. उद् water, and चत्त covered, defended.

उद्भूत n. (-भूत) 1. A house in the margin of a stream or pond. 2. A marine grotto, &c. उद् and चत्त abode.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) 1. A cloud. 2. Any water vessel. उद् and चत्त vehicle.

उद्भूति m. (-भूति) A drop of water. उद् and चत्त a drop.

उद्भूति n. (-भूति) Buttermilk, with an equal proportion of water. उद् water, चत्त to increase, affixes चत्त and चत्त.

उद्भूत mfn. (-भूत-भूत-भूत) 1. Cast, thrown. 2. Expelled, cast out. 3. Cast up. 4. Humbled, shamed. 5. Scattered. 6. Removed. उद् before चत्त to throw, चत्त aff.

उद्भूति f. (-भूति) A caldron, a kettle. उद् water and चत्त a pot.

उद्भूत ind. 1. Having taken pains, made an effort, &c. 2. Having thrown, having cast up or tossed. 3. Having scattered. 4. Having expelled. उद् before चत्त to be or throw, चत्त aff.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) 1. A water carrier. 2. A cloud. उद् and चत्त who takes.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) Commanding, directing bodies of men. उद् before चत्त to go, चत्त aff.

उद्भूत mfn. (-भूत-भूत-भूत) 1. Generous, gentle and bountiful. 2. Giving, a donor. 3. Great, illustrious. 4. Dear, beloved. 5. Accented. m. (-भूत)

1. The acute accent, a high or sharp tone. 2. Gift, donation. 3. A musical instrument, a large drum. 4. An ornament, (in rhetoric) उद् high, up, and चत्त pronounced, sounded; or from दृ to give or have, with चत्त prefixed, affix-चत्त: see चत्त.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) 1. One of the five vital airs, that which rises up the throat and passes into the head. 2. The navel. 3. A snake. 4. An eye-lash. उद् above, चत्त prefixed to चत्त to breathe, to be, affix चत्त.

उद्भूत mfn. (-भूत-भूत-भूत) 1. Generous, liberal, munificent. 2. Great. 3. Unperplexed. 4. Gentle. 5. Upright, honest, sincere. 6. Eloquent. 7. Proper, right. उद् well, चत्त prefixed to चत्त to go, and चत्त affixed.

उद्भूत mfn. (-भूत-भूत-भूत) High-minded, magnanimous. उद् and चत्त the mind.

उद्भूत mfn. (-भूत-भूत-भूत) Wise, sagacious, noble-minded. उद् and चत्त understanding.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) A year, one of the five sorts of years astrologically considered. उद् and चत्त before चत्त a year.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) A disease of the bowels, iliac passion, f. (-भूति) Difficult menstruation. उद् upper, चत्त abode.

उद्भूत m. (-भूत) 1. Throwing or directing upwards. 2. Elevation, being above or over. 3. A stoic, a philosopher. 4. Stoicism, mfn. (-भूति-भूति-भूति) Indifferent, unconcerned, apathetic. उद् and चत्त who.

उद्भूति mfn. (-भूति-भूति-भूति) Indifferent, disregarding, void of passion & affection. उद् before चत्त to cast, चत्त aff.

उद्भूति mfn. (-भूति-भूति-भूति) Indifferent, disregarding. m. (-भूत) A stoic, a philosopher, one who has no passion nor affection for any thing in popular acception, &c. उद् and चत्त a particular order. उद् and चत्t aff.

not involved in the dispute. m. (-नः) A stranger, a neutral, a common acquaintance, a person neither a friend, nor a foe. **उद** above, **उद** seated.

**उदासिन** m. (-नः) 1. A spy, an emissary. 2. A door-keeper. 3. superintendent mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Set over. **उद** over, **उद** before **उ** to stay, affix **न**.

**उदाहरण** m. (-नः) 1. An example or illustration, an opposite argument, one of five modes of logical reasoning. 2. Declaring, saying. **उद** over, **उद** before **उ** to convey, and **उद** affix, or with **उद** affix **उदाहार**.

**उदाहार** m. (-नः) See the preceding.

**उदाहृत** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Called, named, entitled. 2. Said. 3. Illustrated. **उद** and **उद** before **उ** to take, affix **न**.

**उदित** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Said, spoken. 2. Bound, tied. 3. Risen, ascended. 4. Grown, augmented. 5. Born, produced. 6. Incurred, experienced. 7. High, tall, lofty. **उद** to speak, and **न** affix; or **उद** up, and **उद** gone, past part. of **उद** to go.

**उदितोदित** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Well acquainted with the Sastras. **उद** उदित said, (by law and religion,) and **उदित** risen, &c. eminent.

**उदीचय** n. (-च) 1. Seeing, beholding. 2. Looking up. **उद** and **उद** to see, **उद** aff.

**उदीच्य** ind. Having seen. **उद** and **उद** to see, **उद** aff.

**उदीची** f. (-ची) The north; see **उदच**.

**उदीचीन** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Northern. **उद** north, **उद** aff.

**उदीच्य** m. (-च) The country to the north and west of the river Saraswati, the northern region. n. (-च) A perfume; see **उदीची**. **उदीची** the north, and **उद** aff.

**उदीचय** n. (-च) Speaking, saying. **उद** up, out, **उद** to go, and **उद** aff.

**उदीरित** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Said, uttered. **उद** and **उद** to go, affix **न**.

**उदीर्घ** mfn. (-चः-चो-चो) 1. Generous, great, excellent. 2. Intense. **उद** above, **उद** to go, affix **न**, deriv. irr. [ **उद** speed.

**उदीर्घेय** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Impetuous (as a torrent), violent. **उदीर्घ** and **उदीर्घ** mfn. (-चः-चो-चो) To be spoken. **उद** before **उद** to go, **उद** aff.

**उदीर्घनाच** mfn. (-चः-चो-चो) 1. Speaking. 2. Spoken. **उद** before **उद** to go, **उद** aff.

**उद्वर** m. (-नः) 1. The glomerous fig tree, (Ficus glomerata.) 2. A kind of leprosy. 3. A threshold. 4. A gate. n. (-नः) Copper; see **उद्वर**, it is also written **उद्वर**.

**उद्वरपर्व** f. (-चो) A plant; see **उद्वर**, also **उद्वरपर्व** and **उद्वरपर्व**.

**उद्वल** n. (-च) A gum-resin, Bdellium mfn. (-नः-ता-त) A wooden mortar used for freeing rice from the husk by pounding it with a nestle. 2. Any mortar. **उद** for **उद** up, and **उद** what goes, affix **च**; also **उद्वल** and **उद्वल**.

**उद्वल** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Married. 2. Coarse, gross, heavy. 3. Material, substantial. 4. Much, exceeding. **उद** up, **उद** to bear, and **न** affix, deriv. irr.

**उद्वल** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Shaking, making tremble. **उद** before **उद** to tremble, **उद** aff.

**उद्व** r. 6th cl. (उद्व) To cast off or quit.

**उद्व** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Risen, ascended. 2. Vomited, cast up. 3. Departed, gone. 4. Proceeded forth or from. **उद** up, and **उद** gone.

**उद्व** f. (-नः) A stanza of four lines, with ten syllables in the three first, and thirteen in the last.

**उद्व** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Deceased, dead. **उद** gone, **उद** breath.

**उद्व** f. (-नः) 1. Going up, rising, ascending. 2. Bringing up, vomiting. **उद** and **उद** going.

**उद्व** m. (-नः) 1. Going up, rising, ascending. 2. Bringing up, vomiting; also **उद** up, **उद** or **उद** going.

**उद्व** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) To be gone up, or ascended. n. (-च) A pair of blacked clothes. **उद** up, **उद** to go, and **उद** aff.

**उद्व** n. adv. (-च) or adj. mfn. (-चः-चो-चो) Much, excessive, **उद** excess, and **उद** much.

**उद्व** m. (-नः) A reciter of the prayers, &c. of the Sama Veda. **उद** up, and **उद** who sings, (the prayers being sung,) from **उद** to sing, and **उद** aff.

**उद्व** f. (-नः) A variety of the Arya measure, the same as the Giti, a stanza of four lines containing alternately 12 and 16 instants.

**उद्व** m. (-नः) 1. Vomiting. 2. Ejecting any thing from the mouth. 3. Sound. 4. Speaking in the throat. **उद** up, **उद** to vomit, &c. **उद** aff.

**उद्व** n. (-च) 1. Vomiting. 2. Ejecting any thing, as saliva, &c. from the mouth. **उद** before **उद** to vomit, **उद** aff; also **उद्व**.

**उद्व** f. (-नः) A variety of the Arya metre, a verse of four lines containing 12, 15—12, and 14 feet.

**उद्व** m. (-नः) 1. A portion of the Sama Veda. 2. Designation of the trilateral name of God. 3. Chanting the Sama Veda. **उद** up, aloud, **उद** to sing, and **उद** Unadi aff.

**उद्व** mfn. (-चः-चो-चो) 1. Raised, lifted, held up. 2. Erected. 3. Excited. **उद** up, **उद** to make effort, irr. participle past

**उद्व** m. (-नः) 1. Taking up. 2. An object that may be accomplished by religious or other acts. **उद** before **उद** to take, **उद** aff.

**उद्व** n. (-च) Taking up, lifting up. **उद** and **उद** taking.

**उद्व** m. (-नः) 1. Taking up. 2. Replying in argument. **उद** up, **उद** to take, and **उद** aff.

**उद्व** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Excellent, exalted. 2. Bound, tied. 3. Seized, 4. Deposited, delivered. 5. Taken or lifted up. 6. Recalled, remembered. **उद** up, and **उद** taken.

**उद्व** m. (-नः) Excellence, happiness. **उद** much, **उद** to shine, affix **उ** or **उद** before **उद** to strike, **उद** aff. and the final rejected.

**उद्व** m. (-नः) A carpenter's work-bench, a plank on which he works. **उद** above, **उद** to injure, **उद** affix, **उ** changed to **उ**. [ **उद** ing.

**उद्व** n. (-नः) Opening, opening up as a lid. **उद** up, and **उद** fasten-

**उद्व** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Opened, unlocked. **उद** up, and **उद** fastened.

**उद्व** n. (-च) 1. Rubbing, rubbing up. 2. Rubbing the skin with hard substances, as vitrified brick, &c. **उद** and **उद** friction.

**उद्व** n. (-च) Flesh. **उद**, **उद** substituted for **उद** to eat, affix **उद**; what is eaten. [ &c. **उद** aff.

**उद्व** m. (-नः) A watch or guard house. **उद** up, **उद** to endeavour,

**उद्व** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. A key. 2. A bucket, &c. see the next. 3. An opener, the instrument or agent of opening any thing.

**उद्व** n. (-नः) 1. The rope and bucket of a well, a leather bucket used for drawing water. 2. Opening, unlocking. 3. An opener, the instrument or means of opening, a key, &c. 4. Hoisting, raising, lifting up. **उद** up, **उद** to strive, affix **उद**; also with **उद** affix **उद्व**.

**उद्व** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Done with effort, exerted. 2. Opened. 3. Raised, hoisted or lifted up. **उद** much, **उद** to exert, affix **न**.

**उद्व** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Wise, intelligent. **उद** much, **उद** to endeavour, affix **न**, and **उद** who knows.

**उद्व** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Intelligent. 2. Naked. **उद** and **उद** the body.

**उद्व** m. (-नः) 1. A beginning, a thing begun. 2. A weapon. 3. A club, a mallet. 4. Striking, wounding, inflicting a hurt. 5. A wound, a blow. 6. The division of a book, a chapter, a section. 7. Breathing

through the nostrils as a religious exercise. 8. Slipping, tripping.

9. High, tall. **उद** before **उद** to kill or destroy, and **उद** aff. **उद** is substituted for **उद**.

**उद्व** r. 6th cl. (उद्व) To be straight; see **उद**.

**उद्व** r. 6th cl. See **उद**.

**उद्व** mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Sounded out, **उद** before **उद**.

**उद्गम m. (-गः)** A bag. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m*, *ud-ga-m* who bites, from *उद्ग* and *म* aff.

**उद्गम mfn. (-गः)** Raised on a staff or pole. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* and *उद्ग* a stick.

**उद्गम m. (-गः)** 1. A sort of snake. 2. A kind of fish. 3. A punisher, whether king or magistrate. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m*, *ud-ga-m* a punisher.

**उद्गम mfn. (-गः)** 1. High, tall. 2. Terrific, formidable. 3. Large toothed. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m*, *ud-ga-m* high, long, and *उद्गम* large toothed.

**उद्गम n. (-गः)** 1. Binding, confinement. 2. Taming, subduing. 3. A fire-place. 4. Submarine fire. 5. The middle, the waist. 6. The entrance of the sun into a sign of the zodiac. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* reverse, and *उद्ग* to give, affix *उद्ग*.

**उद्गम mfn. (-गः)** 1. Energetic. 2. Humble. 3. Elevated. 4. Vomited by an elephant. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* and *उद्ग* tamed.

**उद्गम mfn. (-गः)** 1. Set free, unbound. 2. Unconstrained, self-willed. 3. Largo, great. 4. Proud, haughty. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* (n.) A name of VARUNA. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* priv. *उद्ग* to tame, and *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गम m. (-गः)** 1. A plant, (*Cordia myxa* or *latifolia*). 2. A kind of grain, (*Paspalum frumentaceum*). **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* high, large. *उद्ग* to pierce, affix *उद्ग*; also *उद्गम*, *उद्ग* being added. [also *उद्ग*].

**उद्गम mfn. (-गः)** Bound, tied. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m*, *उद्ग* to cut, and *उद्ग* affix; *उद्गम* *ud-ga-m*.

**उद्गम n. (-गः)** 1. Mid-day. 2. Every day. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* and *उद्ग* day.

**उद्गम ind.** Having shewn or explained. 2. Stipulating for, demanding. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m*, *उद्ग* to show, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गम mfn. (-गः)** 1. Mentioned, particularised, described. 2. Promised. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* before *उद्ग* to show, affix *उद्ग*.

**उद्गम n. (-गः)** A gummy and resinous substance, Bdellium. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* (n.) 1. Inflaming, lighting. 2. An enflamer. 3. Animating, or who or what animates. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m*, *उद्ग* to shine, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गम mfn. (-गः)** 1. Exciting, inflaming, rendering more intense. 2. Lighting, setting alight. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* and *उद्ग* what lights.

**उद्गम n. (-गः)** 1. Exciting, inflaming as passion. 2. Illuminating. 3. Burning of a body, &c. 4. Any aggravating thing or circumstance, calculated to give poignancy to feeling or passion. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m*, *उद्ग* much, *उद्ग* to inflame, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गम mfn. (-गः)** Lighting up, brightening, becoming light. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* before *उद्ग* and *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गम mfn. (-गः)** 1. Lighted, set on fire or alight. 2. Inflamed, aggravated, as passion. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* and *उद्ग* lighted.

**उद्गम n. (-गः)** Bdellium. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* before *उद्ग* to shine, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गम m. (-गः)** 1. Illustration, explanation, exemplification. 2. Search, enquiry. 3. Stipulation, bargain. 4. An object, a motive. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* (n.) Relative to. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* and *उद्ग* showing.

**उद्गम mfn. (-गः)** What explains or shows, illustrative, explanatory. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* (n.) 1. An illustration, an example. 2. An illustrator. 3. A guide. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m* before *उद्ग* to show, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गम mfn. (-गः)** To be illustrated or explained. **उद्गम** *ud-ga-m*, *उद्ग* to show, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गम f. (-गः)** The white ant, termes; also *उद्गम*.

**उद्गीत m. (-तः)** Light, lustre. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* to shine, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत m. (-तः)** 1. Flight, retreat. 2. Going upwards. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* up, *उद्ग* to run, and *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** 1. Fled, retreated, run away. 2. Ascended, gone up or upwards. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta* and *उद्ग* gope.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** 1. Rude, ill-behaved. 2. Haughty, vain, puffed up. 3. Raised, elevated. 4. Excited, intense. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta* (n.) A king's wrestler. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* above, *उद्ग* to hurt or injure, affix *उद्ग*; *उद्ग* becomes *उद्ग*.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** Haughty, proud, high-minded. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* raised, *उद्ग* minded.

**उद्गीत n. (-तः)** Pride, arrogance. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* having a mind, and *उद्ग* abstract aff.

**उद्गीत f. (-तः)** 1. Pride, haughtiness. 2. Elevation. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* before *उद्ग*, *उद्ग* strike, affix *उद्ग*.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** Who or what blows. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta* (n.) 1. Breathing, panting. 2. Blowing, sounding. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* before *उद्ग* to blow, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** Who or what drinks. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* before *उद्ग* to drink, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** 1. Who raises or lifts up. 2. A sharer. 3. Who recovers property. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* before *उद्ग* to take, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत n. (-तः)** 1. Raising or lifting any thing. 2. Eradicating a tree. 3. Exterminating, destroying. 4. Taking a part or share. 5. Vomiting, bringing up. 6. Final emancipation. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* up, *उद्ग* to take, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** 1. To be raised up. 2. To be given up. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* before *उद्गीत* to be taken.

**उद्गीत m. (-तः)** 1. A festival, especially religious. 2. Great joy. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* much, *उद्ग* happiness.

**उद्गीत n. (-तः)** Erection of the hair of the body. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* much, *उद्ग* to happy, and *उद्ग* affix; occasioned by great pleasure.

**उद्गीत m. (-तः)** 1. A festival, a holiday. 2. Sacrificial fire. 3. The name a person, the friend and counselor of KRISHNA. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* reverse, to feel pain, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** 1. Gone up, ascended. 2. Vomited. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta* (n.) A place or fire-place. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* to have or hold, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** Vomited. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta* (n.) An elephant out of rut. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* up, and *उद्ग* to breathe or blow, affix *उद्ग*.

**उद्गीत m. (-तः)** 1. Raising, elevating, lifting up. 2. Debt, especially a debt not bearing interest. 3. A portion, a share. 4. A deduction, a part to be set aside. 5. Recovering property. 6. Extracting, quoting. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta* (n.) A fire-place. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta* (n.) A plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*). **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* up, *उद्ग* to have, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** Who or what raises or lifts. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* before *उद्ग* to take, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत n. (-तः)** 1. Raising, elevating. 2. Sharing, dividing. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* before *उद्ग* to have, causal form, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत m. (-तः)** Partition, division of shares. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta* and *उद्ग* dividing.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** 1. Heavy. 2. Thick, gross. 3. Firm. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* and *उद्ग* a burden.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** 1. Shaken off; fallen from or off. 2. Tossed scattered above. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* and *उद्ग* trembling.

**उद्गीत n. (-तः)** Horrification. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* up, *उद्ग* to shine, *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** 1. Raised, drawn up, as water from a well, &c. Pulled up or out, eradicated or broken off. 3. Lifted up. 4. Raised. 5. Thrown up or upwards. 6. Vomited. 7. Separated apart. 8. Divided, partitioned. 9. Recovered. 10. Uncovered. 11. Dispersed, scattered. 12. Extracted, selected, taken from or of. 13. Holding, containing. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* up, *उद्ग* to take, and *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** 1. One who has received his share. 2. From which a share has been deducted. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta* and *उद्ग* a share.

**उद्गीत m. (-तः)** A river. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* to go, *उद्ग* affix, deriv. aff.

**उद्गीत n. (-तः)** A furnace or fire-place. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* to blow, and *उद्ग* aff.

**उद्गीत n. (-तः)** Tying up, hanging. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* and *उद्ग* tying.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** 1. Having the arms lifted up. 2. Having trunk upraised (as an elephant). **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* and *उद्ग* the arm.

**उद्गीत mfn. (-तः)** 1. Blown, banded. 2. Reminded, made to think or recalled. 3. Awakened. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* forth, up, and *उद्ग* known.

**उद्गीत m. (-तः)** Association of those recalling any thing to remembrance. **उद्गीत** *ud-gi-ta*, *उद्ग* and *उद्ग* society.

**उद्गीत n. (-तः)** 1. Instant knowledge. 2. Awakening. 3. Reminding.



उद्यो मfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Discovering, exhibiting. 2. What reminds, or calls to remembrance. ३. उद् and दी- making known.  
 उद्यो न. (-क) 1. Recalling, reminding. 2. Awaking, arousing. ३. उद् before द- to know, causal form, क्, उद् aff.  
 उद्यो मfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Excellent. 2. Exalted, magnanimous. m. (-क:-) 1. A tortoise. 2. The sun. ३. उद् lofty, मद् to desire, and चक् affix; high-minded.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) Birth, production. ३. उद् forth, भू to be or become, चक् aff.  
 उद्योकर mfn. (-क:-का-क) Productive. ३. उद्यो, and कर what makes.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) 1. Production, generation. 2. Magnanimity. ३. उद्, भाव causing to be, &c  
 उद्यो न. (-क:-) 1. Inattention, neglect, disregard. 2. Saying, speaking. ३. उद् away or up, भाव observing.  
 उद्योित mfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Neglected, disregarded. 2. Said, declared. ३. उद् and भावित made known.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) Radiance, splendor. ३. उद् and भाव shining.  
 उद्योयत् mfn. (-क:-का-क) Lighting up, irradiating. ३. उद् before भाव to shine, गह aff.  
 उद्योित mfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Lighting up, illuminated, splendid. 2. Ornamented, graced, beautified. ३. उद् before भाव to shine, क् aff.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) See the next.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) Sprouting, germinating. (as a vegetable.) ३. उद् a vegetable, and क produced; also उद्यो one क being dropped; also उद्यो.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) Sprouting, germinating. ३. उद् up, भिद् to break or burst, affix क्, or with क affix उद्यो (-क:-का-क) n. (-क:-) Culinary salt. ३. उद् forth, भिद् to break, and क affix; breaking from the soil.  
 उद्यो n. (-क:-) Sprouting, &c. ३. See the last. [broken.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Opened, burst. 2. Budded. ३. उद् up, and भिद्  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Born, produced. 2. Lofty, literally or figuratively. 3. Visible, perceptible, present. ३. उद् before भू to be, affix क्.  
 उद्योय n. (-क:-) Visible shape or form. ३. उद्यो and य form.  
 उद्यो n. (-क:-) 1. Regret. 2. Whirling, flourishing. ३. उद् much, यम to wander, चक् aff.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Agitated, bewildered, distressed. 2. Whirled, flourished, wayed (as a sword) ३. उद् and यम revolved  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) A river. ३. उद्, water, and य what goes, from यो to go, and उ aff.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Raised, held up. 2. Active, persevering, labouring diligently and incessantly. 3. Trained, exercised, disciplined. m. (-क:-) A section, a chapter, the division of a book. ३. उद् before यम् to cease, affix क्.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) 1. Strenuous and continued effort, exertion, perseverance. 2. Taking or lifting up. ३. उद् reverse, यम् to cease, affix चक्  
 उद्योित mfn. (-क:-का-क) Persevering, active, making effort. ३. उद्यो and चक् aff.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) Requiring exertion. ind. Having lifted or taken up. 2. Having made exertion. ३. उद् before यम् to cease, यम् and चक् aff.  
 उद्यो n. (-क:-) 1. A garden, 2. A den, a park. 3. Going forth, exit. 4. Purpose, motive. ३. उद् to go, affix क्, उद्.  
 उद्योय m. (-क:-) A gardener. 2. The master or owner of a garden. ३. उद्योय who takes care of.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) Mixing, joining. ३. उद् before य् to mix, affix चक्.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) Zealously active, labouring for some desired end. ३. उद् to join, क् affix, also उद्यो.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) Exertion, perseverance, strenuous and continued endeavour. ३. उद् to join, चक् aff.

उद्योित mfn. (-क:-का-क) Active, laborious, persevering, one who makes effort. ३. उद्यो and चक् aff.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) An offer. ३. उद् to wet, and चक् aff.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) An imaginary city, one floating in the air. ३. उद् above, and द- a town, one द rejected; also read उद्यो, see उद्योयत्.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) 1. The pin of the axle of a carriage. 2. A cook. ३. उद् up, and चक् a carriage.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) A loud noise. ३. उद् before द- to cry, affix चक्.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Distinct, evident. 2. Increased, augmented. ३. उद्, रिच् to flow, affix क्.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) Destroying, breaking down. ३. उद् on, द- to injure, क् aff. [flow, चक् aff.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) 1. Commencement 2. Increase 3. Excess. ३. उद्, रिच् to  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) A year. ३. उद्, वसर a year.  
 उद्यो n. (-क:-) Vomiting, bringing up. ३. उद्, and वसन vomiting.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Abundant, plentiful. 2. Left over, m. (-क:-) A remainder, a surplus. ३. उद् much, द- to be, क् aff.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Rubbing and cleansing the body, (who or what does so.) 2. Causing increase. m. (-क:-) (In algebra.) An assumed quantity. ३. उद् over, द- to be, क् aff.  
 उद्यो n. (-क:-) 1. Going up, rising, ascending. 2. Grinding, pounding. 3. Bubbling or kneading the body. 4. Rubbing and cleansing it with fragrant unguents. 5. Unguents used for that purpose, or to relieve pains in the limbs, &c. 6. Rising, (figuratively) prosperity, elevation. 7. Misbehaving. 8. Springing up of plants or grain, &c. 9. Drawing out metal, laminating, wire drawing, &c. ३. उद् up, and वसन abiding, &c.  
 उद्योित mfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Perfumed, scented. 2. Risen, elevated 3. Sprung up. 4. Drawn out. ३. उद् before द- to be, क् aff.  
 उद्यो n. (-क:-) A sly or suppressed laugh. ३. उद् priv द- to increase, and क् aff.  
 उद्योित mfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Raised, drawn or lifted up. 2. Eradicated. ३. उद् up, and वदित injured; also उद्योित, from द- to endeavour  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-का-क) A son or a daughter. m. (-क:-) 1. The vital air that conveys nourishment, &c, upwards. 2. A chief, a leader, the head of a family or force. mfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Who or what takes up or away. 2. Best, most eminent. ३. उद् further, द- what bears; carrying on one's name, &c.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) 1. Upholding, supporting, bearing, contain- ing. 2. Having, possessing, assuming. ३. उद् before द- to bear, गह aff.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) Vomited. ३. उद् up, द- to vomit, क् aff. see उद्यो and उद्योय.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) Vomited. m. (-क:-) An elephant out of rut. ३. उद्, द- to vomit, affix क्, deriv. irr. see उद्योय.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) (In logic,) non-existence of a subsequent consequent on the absence of an antecedent. ३. उद् before द- to sow, affix चक्.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) 1. Abandoning, letting loose or free. 2. Exile. 3. Kill- ing. ३. उद् away, द- to abide, causal form, चक् aff.  
 उद्यो n. (-क:-) 1. Quitting, abandoning. 2. Expelling, banishing. 3. Killing, slaughter. ३. उद् forth, out, द- to abide, in the causal form, and क् aff.  
 उद्यो m. (-क:-) Marriage. ३. उद् up, द- to bear, चक् aff.  
 उद्योय m. (-क:-) The marriage ceremony. ३. उद्योय and वसन act.  
 उद्यो n. (-क:-) 1. Marriage. 2. Ploughing a field twice. 3. Anxiety, anxious regret. f. (-क:-) The small shell used as a coin, a Cowrie. ३. उद् up, द- to endeavour, क् affix, and उद्यो sem. do.  
 उद्यो mfn. (-क:-का-क) Relating to marriage, matrimonial. ३. उद्योय marriage, and द- aff.

उत्थासित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Raised, lifted or pulled up, &c. 2. Eradicated.  
 उ. उत् before उद् to bow, causal form, affix क्.  
 उत्थासित mfn. (-ती-दिनी-दि) 1. What raises or draws up. 2. Who or what marries, relating to marriage f. (-नी) A rope. उ. उत्, वाद् to endeavour, विद् and लीच् affixes, or उत्थाद् and दनि-अ. उत्थासित mfn. (-यः-या-य) Sorrowful, anxious, grieving for an absent lover, &c. उ. उत्, विज् to shake, क् aff.  
 उत्थासित mfn. (-ना-ना-न) Sorrowful, depressed in spirits, anxious, distressed. उ. उत्थासित and मनस् the mind.  
 उत्तीव्र n. (-व) 1. Looking up or upwards. 2. Seeing, looking at. उ. उत् and वि before ईच् to see, affix क्.  
 उत्थान mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) 1. Raised, elevated. 2. Exalted, prosperous. 3. Unrestrained, ill-behaved. 4. Vomited. 5. Left, as a remainder. उ. उत् above, and इत् placed.  
 उत्थान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. One going swiftly, a runner, a courier, &c. 2. Steady, composed, tranquil. m. (-नः) 1. Regret. 2. Fear. 3. Anxiety, agitation. 4. Distress occasioned by separation from a beloved object. 5. Admiration, astonishment. 6. Ascending, mounting, going up or upwards. 7. An ascetic whose arms, by long habit, continue always raised above his head. n. (-न) The fruit of the Areca catechu, the betel nut. उ. उत् up, विज् to fear, to shake, &c. चच् aff.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-नी-मिनी-मि) Suffering distress, anxious, unhappy. उ. उत्थित and दनि aff.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Distressing, annoying, what causes pain or sorrow. उ. उत् before विज् to fear, causal form, क्.  
 उत्थित n. (-न) 1. Anxiety, regret, sorrowing for one absent. 2. Corporal infliction, mutilation, torture. उ. उत् before विज् to shake, affix क्.  
 उत्थितकर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-र) 1. Inflicting pain, punishing, torturing. 2. Painful. उ. उत्थित and कर what makes.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Grieved, pained, afflicted. उ. उत् before विज् to fear, causal, क् aff.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) What surrounds, &c. m. (-टः) 1. Investing a town, besieging or surrounding it. 2. Capturing, taking. 3. Surrounding, enclosing. उ. उत् before वेच् to surround, चच् aff.  
 उत्थित n. (-न) 1. Surrounding. 2. An enclosure. 3. Pain in the buttocks. उ. उत् before वेच् to surround, क्.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Surrounded, invested, enclosed. उ. उत् before वेच् to surround, क् aff.  
 उत्थित n. (-न) An odder : see ऊथित.  
 उत्थित m. (-यः) A name of a river.  
 उत्थित 9th cl. (उत्थित) 10th cl. (उत्थितयति) 1. To glean or gather by little at a time. 2. To throw or cast upwards. The initial उ is considered by some as an indicatory letter, the root being then धृच् ; q. v.  
 उत्थित 7th cl. (उत्थित) 1. To wet or moisten. 2. To be or become wet.  
 उत्थित m. (-रः) A rat.  
 उत्थित m. (-रः) A rat : see the next.  
 उत्थित m. (-रः) A rat. उ. उत्थित to wet, and उत्थित affix ; it is also written उत्थित, उत्थित, as above, and उत्थित, &c.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) 1. Wet, moist. 2. Kind, humane. उ. उत्थित to be moist, क् aff.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. High, tall. 2. Raised, held or lifted up. 3. Plump, full. 4. Great, eminent. उ. उत्थित high, नत् bent.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-मि-मि-मि) Corpulent. उ. उत्थित high, and ममि the navel.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-ना-ना-न) Holding up the head, carrying the head high. उ. उत्थित and ममि the head.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Uneven, undulating, wavy. उ. उत्थित high, and नात् low.

उत्थित f. (-ति) 1. Increase, advancement, prosperity. 2. Rising, ascending. 3. The wife of GARUDA. उ. उत्थित up, नत् to bend, क्.  
 उत्थित m. (-यः) A name of GARUDA. उ. उत्थित and इत् husband : the husband of UNNATI.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) 1. Swelled, increased. 2. Tied upon or over. 3. Unbound. उ. उत् before नत् to bind, क् aff.  
 उत्थित n. (-न) Raising, lifting up. उ. उत् before नत् to bow, क्.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Raised, elevated, lifted or pulled up. 2. Heightened, increased. उ. उत् before नत् to bow, क् affix, with इत् augment.  
 उत्थित ind. Having raised. उ. उत् before नत् to bow, क्.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Lofty, high, elevated. उ. उत् before नत् to bow, क् aff.  
 उत्थित m. (-यः) 1. Raising, elevating, hoisting. 2. Analogy, resemblance. उ. उत् up, नी to obtain, and चच् aff.  
 उत्थित n. (-न) 1. Deliberation, discussion, logic, reasoning. 2. Inference. 3. Raising, elevating, lifting up. उ. उत् up, नी to obtain, affix क्.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-सः-सा-स) Having a prominent nose. उ. उत् up, नत् for नात् the nose.  
 उत्थित m. (-नः) Raising, lifting up. उ. उत् and नत् to bow, चच् aff.  
 उत्थित m. (-यः) Raising. उ. See उत्थित, affix चच्.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) 1. What raises. 2. What leads to an inference or conclusion. उ. उत् before नी to get, causal form, नत् aff.  
 उत्थित n. (-जः) Sour gruel made from the fermentation of rice. उ. उत् and नत् to bind, affix चच्.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-द्रः-द्रा-द्र) 1. Awake. 2. Blown, expanded as flower. उ. उत् priv and निद् sleep.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Insane, frantic, mad. 2. Drunk, intoxicated. m. (-नः) 1. The thorn apple, (Datura metel and fastuosa) 2. A plant, (Pterospermum acerifolium). उ. उत् much, नत् drunk or mad, applied to the plants, it alludes to their deleterious properties.  
 उत्थित f. (-तः) Insanity, intoxication. उ. नत् added to the last : also उत्थित.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-दः-दा-द) 1. Mad, furious, extravagant, intoxicated. m. (-दः) Insanity, either morbid or as the effect of temporary excitement, intoxication, extacy. उ. उत् very, नत् to be mad, चच् aff.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) 1. Mad, insane, crazed. 2. Intoxicated. 3. In rut, (as an elephant.) उ. उत्थित to be mad, चच् attributive aff.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-ना-ना-न) Regretting, missing, sorrowing for a lost or departed friend, &c. उ. उत् up, upaet, disturbed, and मनस् the mind.  
 उत्थित m. (-यः) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Agitation. उ. उत् before ममि to kill, affix चच्.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) 1. What moves or stirs. 2. Throbbing, beating. m. (-जः) Inflammation of the outer ear. उ. उत् before ममि to hurt, नत् aff.  
 उत्थित n. (-न) 1. Shaking, agitating. 2. Hurting, killing. 3. Probing, stirring a weapon, &c. lodged in the body. उ. उत् before चच् to hurt, क्.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Moved, agitated, distressed. उ. उत् and ममि agitated.  
 उत्थित m. (-यः) 1. A snake or trap. 2. Killing, slaughter. 3. A killer, a slaughterer. 4. Pride, disdain. उ. उत्थित, नत् to agitate, and चच् aff.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Mad, insane. m. (-दः) 1. Madness, extravagance. 2. (In maddening) 3. Mad. उ. उत् much, नत् to be mad, affix चच्.  
 उत्थित m. (-नः) Maddening, exciting, intoxicating. 2. One of five arrows borne by KAMADEVA, the Hindu Cupid. उ. उत् before नत् to be mad or intoxicated, causal form, क्.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Mad, insane, wild, extravagant. उ. उत्थित madness, &c. and नत् poss. aff.  
 उत्थित mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Mad, intoxicated. उ. उत्थित and इत् aff.

**उपम m. (-नः)** A measure of size or quantity. **उ. उप** and **मा** to measure, **कृ** aff.   
**उपमार्ग m. (-नीः)** 1. A wrong road. 2. Improper conduct, an evil course, error. **उ. उप** and **मार्ग** way. **[gone]**   
**उपमार्गवत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Erred, erring, going wrong. **उ. उपमार्ग** and **वत्**   
**उपमार्गवत् n. (-त्)** 1. Going a wrong road. 2. Following evil courses. **उ. उपमार्ग** and **वत्** going.   
**उपमार्गवत् mfn. (सो-निनी-नि)** 1. Going wrong, erring, following evil courses. 2. Taking a wrong road. **उ. उपमार्ग** and **वत्** who goes.   
**उपमत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Meted, measured. **उ. उप** before **मा** to measure, **कृ** aff.   
**उपमत् mfn. (-वत्-वनी-वत्)** Opening the eye, drawing up the eyelid, looking at, seeing. **उ. उप** before **मि** to scatter, **मृ** aff.   
**उपमत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Opened, (as the eye.) 2. Blown as a flower. **उ. उप** up, **मि** to scatter, affix **कृ**.   
**उपमत् n. (-नः)** 1. Winking, twinkling of the eye. 2. Blowing, expanding. **उ. उप** and **मौ** to twinkle, affix **कृ**.   
**उपमत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Opened, (as the eyes.) 2. Blown as a flower. **उ. उप**, **मौ** to wink, affix **कृ**.   
**उपमत् mfn. (-वत्-वनी-वत्)** Looking upwards. **उ. उप** up, **मुख** the face.   
**उपमत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Blown as a flower. 2. Unsealed, opened. **उ. उप** up, open, and **मुद्रा** a seal.   
**उपमत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Eradicated, pulled up by the roots. **उ. उप** up, **मूल** nominal verb, to take root, **कृ** aff.   
**उपमत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Worn off, blotted out. **उ. उप** out, **मृ** rubbed.   
**उपमत् f. (-तः)** Corpulency, fatness. **उ. उप** much, **मि** to anoint, **च** and **ट** affixes.   
**उपमत् m. (-यः)** 1. Winking, twinkling of the eyelids, the upward motion. 2. Opening the eye, looking at. **उ. उप** up, **मि** to scatter, affix **कृ**.   
**उप ind.** A particle and prefix to verbs and other words implying, 1. Excess, (over, above, &c.) 2. Vicinity or assemblage, (near, by the side of, with, together with) 3. Inferiority, (lesser, secondary, &c.) 4. Likeness, resemblance; 5. Disease, extinction; 6. Ornament; 7. Command; 8. Reproof; 9. Astonishing; 10. Giving; 11. Killing; 12. Diffusion; 13. Wish, desire; 14. Effort, exertion, &c. as **उपकृ** to assist; **उपगम** to approach; **उपदेष्टु** to advise; **उपवृत्त** to revile; **उपसर्ग** to worship; also **उपपुराण** an inferior or minor Purana, **उपकृ** near the water-pot, **उपगम** upon the Ganges, **उपकृत** near or with a lover, **उपसर्ग** in the vicinity of fire.   
**उपकृ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Near, proximate. **उ. उप** 1. Space near a village or its boundary. 2. One of a horse's paces, his walk. **उ. उप** Upon the neck, near the throat. **उ. उप** near, **कृ** the neck.   
**उपकृ n. (-नः)** 1. Apparatus, paraphernalia, as the vessels and offerings at a sacrifice. 2. Implements, machines. 3. The insignia of royalty. 4. Sauces, condiments. 5. Helping, assisting. 6. Object of art or science, fabricating, composing, &c. 7. Means of subsistence, any thing supporting life. **उ. उप** implying command or help, **कृ** to make, **कृ** aff. **[कृ** the ear.   
**उपकृ ind.** Close to the ear, into the ear, (whispered, &c.) **उ. उप** near, **कृ** aff.   
**उपकृ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Assisting, befriending, one who helps or befriends. **उ. उप** before **कृ** to do, affix **कृ**.   
**उपकृ m. (-नः)** 1. Preparing articles of food, medicine, &c. 2. Fabricating, making. 3. Substituting. **उ. उप** and **कृ** making.   
**उपकृ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Prepared, made. 2. Secondary, substituted. **उ. उप** and **कृ** prepared.   
**उपकृ m. (-तः)** 1. Favour, protection, help, assistance. 2. Use, advantage. 3. A flower, &c. full blown. 4. Garlands suspended, at gateways, as an embellishment on festivals. **उ. उप** near or over, **कृ** to make, **कृ** aff.

**उपकार mfn. (-कः-का-क)** A friend, a protector, one who befriends. **उ. उप** and **कृ** to do, **कृ** aff.   
**उपकारक n. (-कः)** 1. Protection, assistance. **उ. उपकार** and **कृ** aff.   
**उपकारपर mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Beneficent, diligent in doing good. **उ. उपकार** and **पर** diligent.   
**उपकारिका f. (-का)** 1. A protectress, a governess. 2. A palace, a caravanserai. 3. A kind of cake. **उ. उपकार** as below, &c. **कृ** affix, and the fem. form, or the fem. of **उपकारक**.   
**उपकारिता f. (-ता)** Aid, succour, protection. **उ. उप** added to **उपकारित**; also with **कृ**, **उपकारित**.   
**उपकारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Helping, assisting, a benefactor. 2. Subsiding, subservient. **उ. उपकार** and **कृ** aff.   
**उपकारी f. (-री)** A palace, a caravanserai. **उ. उपकार** and, asylum, affixes **कृ** and **कृ**.   
**उपकार्य mfn. (-यः-या-य)** Deserving assistance or favour. **उ. उप** 1. A king's house, a palace, a caravanserai. 2. A tent. **उ. उपकार** aid, &c. and **कृ** aff. **[and कृ** aff.   
**उपकृ f. (-वः)** A plant, (Nigella Indica.) **उ. उप** very, **कृ** to be small, **उपकृ** f. (-ता) 1. Small cardamoms. see **उप**. 2. A sort of fennel flower, (Nigella Indica, Rox.) **उ. उप** affixed to the last.   
**उपकृ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Near, proximate. 2. Solitary, lonely, retired. **उ. उप** and **कृ** a jar.   
**उपकृ f. (-ता)** 1. A canal, a trench, a ditch. 2. Long pepper, (Piper longum.) **उ. उप** near, **कृ** to accumulate, and **कृ** affix, fem. **उप**.   
**उपकृ m. (-तः)** Gum-bull. **उ. उप** before **कृ** to enclose, **कृ** aff.   
**उपकृमत् m. (-तः)** A trough near a well for watering cattle. **उ. उप** near, **कृ** a well, and **मत्** a place for water.   
**उपकृ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Benefited, assisted. 2. Done kindly or beneficently, rendered as assistance. **उ. उप** 1. A favour, a benefit. **उ. उप** before **कृ** to do, **कृ** aff.   
**उपकृ f. (-तिः)** Aid, assistance, kindness. **उ. उप** and **कृ** to do, **कृ** aff.   
**उपकृ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Beginning, one who begins. **उ. उप** before **कृ** to go, **कृ** aff.   
**उपकृ m. (-तः)** 1. Deliberate commencement or undertaking; providing means, and anticipating consequences. 2. A beginning in general. 3. A particular ceremony preparatory to reading the Vedas. 4. A stratagem. 5. A means, an expedient. 6. Trying the fidelity, &c. of a counselor or friend. 7. Valor. 8. Practice of medicine, physicking. 9. Flight retreat. 10. Approach. **उ. उप** over, &c. **कृ** to go, affix **कृ**.   
**उपकृ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Necessary, to be commenced or undertaken. 2. To be gone to near. **उ. उप** before **कृ** to go, **कृ** aff.   
**उपकृ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** One who begins, &c. see **उपकृ**. **उ. उप** before **कृ** to go, **कृ** affix, with **कृ** augment, also **उपकृ**.   
**उपकृ m. (-तः)** Censure, reproach. **उ. उप** reproach, inferiority, **कृ** to cry, to sound, affix **कृ**.   
**उपकृ m. (-तः)** 1. An ass. 2. A reviler, reprover. **उ. उप** implying censure, **कृ** to cry, **कृ** aff.   
**उपकृ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Consecrated, dedicated, prepared or set apart for use. **उ. उप** and **कृ** made.   
**उपकृ m. (-तः)** The sound of a lute. **उ. उप** well, **कृ** to sound, affix **कृ** or with **कृ** affix **उपकृ**.   
**उपकृ m. (-तः)** Lost. **उ. उप** before **कृ** to lose, affix **कृ**.   
**उपकृ m. (-तः)** Poetical or figurative style or composition. **उ. उप** and **कृ** to throw, affix **कृ**.   
**उपकृ m. (-तः)** A small number, less than a troop or number. **उ. उप** and **कृ** a troop.   
**उपकृ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Promised, agreed. 2. Near, approached, gone to. 3. Feeling, suffering, entertaining. 4. Becoming, being, become. 5. Having, obtained. **उ. उप** with, **कृ** gone, part. past of **कृ** to go.

उपगतवन् mfn. (-वान्-गतो-वन्) 1. Going to, gone to. 2. Feeling, suffering, (as sorrow, &c.) 3. Promising. 4. Possessing. ३. उप before ग् to go, लृट् aff.

उपगन्ध m. (-न्धः) Perfume. ३. उप and गन्ध smell.

उपगम m. (-गमः) 1. Agreement, promise. 2. Approach, approximation. 3. Suffering, feeling. 4. Acquaintance, society, intercourse. 5. Getting, having, obtaining. ३. उप near, ग् to go, and लृट् aff.

उपगिरि ind. Near a mountain; also with टच् added उपगिरिम्.

उपगीत mfn. (-तः-गीत-तं) Celebrated, proclaimed, sung, (by bards, &c.) ३. उप and गीत sung

उपगीति f. (-तिः) A variety of the Arya metre, a stanza of four lines, containing 12—15 and 12—15 syllabic instants.

उपगीय mfn. (-यः-गीय-तं) To be sung. ind. Having sung. ३. उप before ग् to sing, यत् or लृट् aff.

उपगुह mfn. (-हः-गुह-तं) 1. Hidden, concealed. 2. Lulled, suppressed. ३. उप before ग् to hide, affix क्.

उपगृह्यन् n. (-ह्यन्) 1. An embrace, embracing. 2. Astonishment, surprise. ३. उप near, ग् to hide, affix क्.

उपग्रह m. (-हः) 1. A prisoner, a man or animal in confinement. 2. Favour, encouragement. 3. Assistance. 4. Peace purchased by the cession of every thing. 5. Seizure. 6. The presiding spirit or cause directing a planet's motion. 7. A minor planet or any heavenly body of a secondary kind, as a comet, a meteor, a falling star, &c. 8. A heap of kusa grass. ३. उप near, ग् to take, लृट् affix or गृह् a planet, &c.

उपगृह्यन् n. (-ह्यन्) 1. Taking, seizing. 2. Holy study, reading the Vedas after initiation. ३. उप much, ग् to take, affix क्.

उपग्राह्य m. (-ह्यः) A present, an offering to a king or great man, a Nezar. ३. उप much, &c. ग् to take, affix क्.

उपघात m. (-घातः) 1. Disease, sickness. 2. Touch, contact, especially with an intent to injure. 3. Personal violence, assault. ३. उप much, ग् to injure, लृट् aff.

उपग्रह m. (-ग्रहः) 1. Contiguous support. 2. Support, stay, protection. 3. What rests upon or is supported by. ३. उप near, ग् to destroy, and लृट् aff. [Chakwa.]

उपगन्ध m. (-गन्धः) A variety of the ruddy goose. ३. उप minor, and लृट् the उपगन्ध m. plu. (-गन्धः) Almost four. ३. उप minor and लृट् four.

उपगच्छ m. (-गच्छः) 1. Quantity, heap. 2. Elevation. 3. Prosperity. 4. Excess. 5. The third, sixth, tenth, and eleventh degrees from the first of a zodiacal sign. ३. उप above, चि to collect, लृट् aff.

उपगृह्यन् mfn. (-गृह्यन्-तः) Served, adored. ३. उप near or with, ग् to go, affix क्.

उपगृह्यन् mfn. (-गृह्यन्-तः) To be served or waited on. f. (-गृह्यन्) 1. Service, attendance. 2. Practice of medicine, physicking. ३. उप implying help, लृट् to go, लृट् and टाप् affs.

उपगृह्यन् m. (-गृह्यन्) A place for holding sacrificial fire, a hearth, an altar. ३. उप, चि to collect, लृट् affix, deriv. irr.

उपगृह्यन् m. (-गृह्यन्) 1. Service, attendance. 2. Physicking, the practice of medicine. 3. Practice, profession, usage. 4. A present, a bribe. 5. Presenting delicacies or necessities, water, betel, &c. 6. Tending the sick, nursing. 7. Solicitation, request. 8. Incomplete act, one in progress. 9. A form of speech, a phrase that leaves something to be inferred ellipsis, &c. ३. उप well, much, &c. लृट् to go, लृट् aff.

उपगृह्यन् m. (-गृह्यन्) Offering presents, especially of perfumes, flowers, &c. attention, service. ३. उपचार and लृट् making; also उपगृह्यन्, उपगृह्यन्, &c.

उपगृह्यन् mfn. (-गृह्यन्-तः) Waiting upon, serving diligently. ३. उपगृह्यन् service, and पर diligent.

उपगृह्यन् m. (-गृह्यन्) Practice of medicine. ३. उप, लृट् in the causal form, and लृट् affix, deriv. irr.

उपगृह्यन् mfn. (-गृह्यन्-तः) 1. Collected, assembled. 2. Heaped. 3. Thriving, increasing. 4. Burnt. 5. Plastered, smeared. ३. उप much, and चि collected, from चि to gather, affix क्.

उपगृह्यन् f. (-गृह्यन्) A plant, *Salvinia cucullata*, Rox.) See उपगृह्यन् ३. उप much, चि variegated.

उपगृह्यन् n. (-गृह्यन्) Heating, burning. ३. उप much, लृट् to burn, लृट् क्, र changed to क्.

उपगृह्यन् mfn. (-गृह्यन्-तः) To be collected or heaped up. ३. उप before चि to gather, लृट् aff.

उपगृह्यन् mfn. (-गृह्यन्-तः) Secret, concealed. ३. उप and लृट् to cover, लृट् aff.

उपगृह्यन् mfn. (-गृह्यन्-तः) Produced, engendered, aroused. ३. उप and ज्ञात born.

उपगृह्यन् f. (-गृह्यन्) A metre or stanza of four lines, with eleven syllables in each.

उपगृह्यन् m. (-गृह्यन्) 1. Disunion, separation. 2. Treason, treachery. ३. उप separation, लृट् to meditate, लृट् aff.

उपगृह्यन् mfn. (-गृह्यन्-तः) 1. A mischief-maker, one who foment quarrels. 2. A traitor, treacherous. ३. उप before लृट् to meditate, लृट् aff.

उपगृह्यन् f. (-गृह्यन्) 1. A kind of insect. 2. The uvula or soft palate. 3. Enlargement of the tongue. ३. उप privation or similitude, and ज्ञात the tongue.

उपगृह्यन् f. (-गृह्यन्) 1. A species of insect. 2. The soft palate; see the preceding.

उपगृह्यन् n. (-गृह्यन्) 1. Act, object. 2. Means of subsistence. ३. उप before जीव् to live, लृट् aff.

उपगृह्यन् f. (-गृह्यन्) Subsistence, livelihood. ३. उप and जीविका the same.

उपगृह्यन् n. (-गृह्यन्) Subsistence, means of living. ३. उप and जीवन् living.

उपगृह्यन् mfn. (-गृह्यन्-तः) Dependent, living by or on. ३. उप and जीवन् who lives.

उपगृह्यन् mfn. (-गृह्यन्-तः) Affording a livelihood. n. (-गृह्यन्) Cause. ३. उप before जीव् to live, लृट् aff.

उपगृह्यन् ind. An expression indicative of joy. ३. उप much, लृट् to be kind, and लृट् affix; also उपगृह्यन्.

उपगृह्यन् f. (-गृह्यन्) Untaught knowledge. ३. उप near, with ज्ञा knowledge, from ज्ञा to know, लृट् and टाप् affs.

उपगृह्यन् n. (-गृह्यन्) A respectful offering or present, a Nezar. ३. उप and लृट् seeking.

उपगृह्यन् mfn. (-गृह्यन्-तः) 1. Heated, parched. 2. Distressed, pained. ३. उप and लृट् heated.

उपगृह्यन् m. (-गृह्यन्) 1. Morbid heat. 2. Any cause of heat, burning or inflammation. ३. उप excess, लृट् to heat, लृट् aff.

उपगृह्यन् m. (-गृह्यन्) 1. Disease. 2. Haste, hurry. 3. Heat, heatedness. 4. Pain. 5. Misfortune. ३. उप much, लृट् to heat, लृट् aff.

उपगृह्यन् mfn. (-गृह्यन्-तः) 1. Inflaming, exciting. 2. Heating. 3. Suffering heat or pain. 4. Sick. ३. उपगृह्यन् and लृट् affix, or उप before लृट् with चि aff.

उपगृह्यन् f. (-गृह्यन्) Land near the foot of a hill or mountain. ३. उप near, लृट् aff.

उपगृह्यन् m. (-गृह्यन्) 1. A relish, or something to promote drinking. 2. The venereal disease, chancre. 3. Biting, stinging. 4. A tree, the scraped root of which is used for horse-radish, (*Morunga hyperanthera*). ३. उप much, &c. लृट् biting.

उपगृह्यन् m. (-गृह्यन्) 1. A door-keeper. 2. A guide. ३. उप and लृट् who shows.

उपगृह्यन् mfn. (-गृह्यन्-तः) Perceived, distinguished. ३. उप before लृट् seen.

उपगृह्यन् f. (-गृह्यन्) A present, an offering to a king or great man, a Nezar. ३. उप, लृट् a gift, from लृट् to give, लृट् and टाप् affs.

उपगृह्यन् n. (-गृह्यन्) A present, &c. see the preceding. ३. उप implying help, &c. लृट् a gift, and लृट् affix: a gift which is for the purpose of procuring favour or protection. लृट् aff.

उपगृह्यन् ind. Having advised or instructed. ३. उप before लृट् to advise.

अपदिष्ट mfn. (-द-द-द) 1. Instructed, advised. 2. Initiated. 3. Specified, particularised. 4. Assigned as a plea or reason. n. (-द) Council, advice. ३. अप before दिष्ट् to shew, क् aff.

अपदी f. (-दी) A parasitic plant.

अपदेवता f. (-ता) A minor divinity, as a Yaksha, (Jandharba, Apsara, &c. ३. अप and देवता a divinity.

अपदेश m. (-शः) 1. Advice, information, instruction. 2. Plea, pretext. 3. Specification. 4. Initiation, communication of the initiatory Mantra or formula. 5. (In grammar.) An elementary term. ३. अप before दिष्ट् to shew, affix वच्.

अपदेशक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Giving instruction, instructing, instructive. m. (-कः) An instructor, a guide, specially a spiritual guide. ३. अप before दिष्ट् to shew, क् aff. [कुट्.]

अपदेशन n. (-न) Advising, instructing. ३. अप before दिष्ट् to shew, aff.

अपदेशिन् mfn. (-श्री-श्री-शि) Advising, an adviser. ३. अपदेश advice, and शि affix.

अपदेष्टव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) To be advised. (fit, proper, &c.) ३. अप before दिष्ट् to shew, तव्य affix; also अपदेष्ट, अपदेष्टनीय.

अपदेष्टृ mfn. (-ष्टा-ष्टी-ष्ट) One who points out, who orders or advises. m. (-ष्टा) A Guru, a spiritual guide. ३. अप prefixed to दिष्ट् to shew, affix षच्.

अपदेष्टु m. (-ष्टुः) 1. Liniment, ointment. 2. A minor or secondary body. ३. अप and दिष्टु plaster, or देष्टु the body.

अपदेष्टिका f. (-का) A kind of insect. ३. अप with, &c. देष्टु the body, affix कच् and टाप्; also उत्पादिका.

अपद्रव m. (-वः) 1. Tyranny, oppression. 2. National distress, whether the act of the seasons or the king, famine, exaction, &c. 3. National commotion, rebellion. 4. Violence. 5. A supervenient disease, one brought on whilst a person labours under another. ३. अप, द्रु to go, वच् aff.

अपद्रवन् mfn. (-वी-वि-वि) 1. Tyrannical. 2. Violent, factious. m. (-वी) 1. A tyrant, an oppressor. 2. A rebel. ३. अपद्रव and वि aff.

अपद्रष्टृ mfn. (-ष्टा-ष्टी-ष्ट) Supervisor, inspector, overseeing, overlooking. ३. अप before द्रष्टु to see, षच् affix, the vowel changed to र.

अपद्रुत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Tyrannized over, oppressed, visited by calamities, &c. ३. अप before द्रु to go, क् aff.

अपचरन् m. (-चरः) 1. A heretic, a schismatic. 2. A minor or inferior duty. ३. अप and चरन् duty.

अपचा f. (-चा) 1. A false pretence. 2. Trial or test of honesty, &c. of four kinds, of loyalty, disinterestedness, continence, and courage. 3. A penultimate letter. ३. अप, चा having, from चा to have, with चक् and टाप् affs.

अपचरु m. (-रुः) 1. An inferior mineral, a semi-metal: seven are specified; pyrites, sulphate of copper, talc, antimony, red orpiment, yellow orpiment, and calx of brass. 2. Secondary secretion, as the milk, menases, adeps, sweet, teeth, hair, and lymph. ३. अप minor, and चरु mineral, &c.

अपधान n. (-न) 1. A pillow. 2. Kindness, affection. 3. Poison. 4. Religious observance or obligation. 5. Excellence, excellent quality. 6. Resting or placing upon. ३. अप, धा to have or hold, कुट् aff.

अपधानीय n. (-य) A pillow. ३. अपधान a pillow, and य aff.

अपधाय ind. Having placed or rested upon. ३. अप before धा to hold, क् aff.

अपधायि mfn. (-यिः-यि-यि) Approved, tried, of approved loyalty, &c. ३. अपधा and यि pure.

अपधि m. (-धिः) 1. Fraud, circumvention. 2. The wheel of a carriage. 3. Fear, terror. ३. अप, धा to have, and धि aff.

अपधिक् m. (-क्) 1. A cheat, a knave, especially one who extorts money by threats. 2. Fraud. ३. अपधि and क् to make, क् affix or कच् pleonasm.

अपधुत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Being at the point of death. 2. Suffering extreme pain. ३. अप near or much, धुत pained.

अपधत्ति f. (-तिः) A ray of light ३. अप much, ध् to have, तिच् affix.

अपगत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Approached, approximate, near, (either in time or place) ३. अप near, गच् to bow, affix क्.

अपगम m. (-गः) The initiation of the three first classes; investiture with a peculiar thread or cord worn over the left shoulder, and under the right: the cord of the Brahman is of cotton, Munja, or Kusa grass; of the Kshetriya, of Sana or flax; and of the Vaisya, of wool: the youths should be invested respectively, from eight to sixteen, from eleven to twenty-two, and from twelve to twenty-four years of age. n. (-गः) 1. Attaining, gaining. 2. Bringing to. ३. अप over, गच् to obtain, क् affix; also with कच् affix अपगम, and with क् affix अपगमन.

अपगमन् n. (-न) See the preceding. ३. As before; affix क्, also with कच् added अपगमन.

अपगाय m. (-यः) See अपगम.

अपगाय m. (-यः) 1. A plaster, an unguent applied to a wound or sore. 2. The tie of a lute, the lower part of the tail piece where the wires are fixed. 3. Inflammation of the ciliary glands, styte. ३. अप, गच् to bind, कच् aff. [कुट्.]

अपगायन n. (-न) Unction, anointing, plastering. ३. अप before गच् to tie,

अपनिक्षेप m. (-पः) A deposit, sealed or in a cover so that the contents are unknown. ३. अप and निक्षेप the same.

अपनिधान n. (-न) A deposit: see the next. ३. अप and नि before धा to have, क् affix.

अपनिधि m. (-धिः) A deposit, a pledge, property put into the care of a creditor, friend, &c. ३. अप and नि before धा to have, क् affix; in law this word ordinarily implies more especially a sealed or enclosed deposit, but according to some, it is any article entrusted to a friend which he may use whilst in his keeping.

अपनिषद् f. (-पद् or -पद्) 1. A portion of the religious writings of the Hindus; the theological part, and the Vedanta or argumentative part of the Vedas, either detached from or comprised in the principal work. 2. Virtue, moral merit. 3. Truth as the principle of divine being. 4. A neighbouring mansion. 5. A lonely place. ३. अप and नि prefixed to पद् to go, affix क्, in which abide the essential parts of religion, &c.

अपनिष्कर n. (-रः) 1. A street. 2. A principal or royal road. ३. अप and नि before क् to make, affix कच्, and स inserted.

अपनिष्कृत n. (-कृतः) 1. A main or royal road. 2. An instituted observance or Sanskara, taking a child in the fourth month of its age into the open air. 3. Going forth. ३. अप and नि before कृत to go, affix क्, and स inserted.

अपनिहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Deposited with, entrusted to. 2. Placed near to. 3. Offered, presented. ३. अप and नि before धा to have, क् aff.

अपनीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Brought near to, approximated. 2. Obtained, attained. 3. Citing, adducing. 4. Presented. 5. Known. m. (-तः) The youth invested with the characteristic string; see अपनीय. ३. अप before नी to obtain, affix क्.

अपनीय ind. 1. Having brought. 2. Having invested. ३. अप before नी to bring, क् aff.

अपनुत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Sent or dispatched. 2. Wafted, driven, (by the wind.) ३. अप before नुत्त to send, क् aff.

अपनुत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Pledged, deposited. 2. Given, communicated. 3. Brought forward, (as an example, &c.) adduced. 4. Placed near to, or in, or upon. ३. अप and नि before नुत्त to throw, affix क्.

अपनुत्त m. (-तः) 1. A pledge, a pawn, a hostage. 2. An exordium or introduction. 3. A precept, a law. 4. Giving, imparting. 5. Juxta-

position. 6. A suggestion, a hint. **उप** and **नि** prefixed to **वृ** to throw or send, affix **वृ**.

**उपवाच्य** mfn. (-य्यः व्या-य) To be pleaded. **उप** and **वाच** to be adduced.

**उपपति** m. (-तिः) A paramour, a gallant. **उप** in place of, **पति** a husband.

**उपपत्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. Birth, production. 2. Association, connexion. 3. Fitness, propriety. 4. Cessation, end. 5. Possessing, having. 6. Ascertained or demonstrated conclusion. 7. Cause, reason. 8. Effecting, doing. 9. Religious abstraction. 10. (In arithmetic or geometry,) Proof, demonstration. **उप** before **पद्** to go, **क्ति** aff.

**उपपत्तिमत्** mfn. (-मत्तः सती-सत्) 1. Right, fit, reasonable, proper. 2. United, associated. **उपपत्ति** and **सत्** poss. aff.

**उपपद** n. (-दः) 1. Small, diminutive. 2. The subsidiary term in a compound word. 3. The first member of a compound word. 4. An aptote a word sometimes used as an adverb and sometimes as an inflected noun. 5. A secondary noun in a sentence in conjunction or apposition. **उप** before **पद्** a foot, or an inflected word.

**उपपन्न** mfn. (-न्नः स-स) 1. Manifested. 2. Fit, suited to the occasion, adequate. 3. Done, shewn, proved, effected. 4. Endowed with, possessed of. 5. Produced from or by. 6. Physicked, cured. **उप** before **पद्** to go, **क्त** aff.

**उपपातक** n. (-कः) A great crime, as killing a cow, selling a daughter, atheism, &c.; it is considered as criminality in the second or third degree, and is of various kinds: see **महापातक**. **उप** much, and **पातक** a crime.

**उपपातकिन** m. (-की) A sinner in any but the first degree. **उपपातक** and **नि** affix.

**उपपादन** n. (-नः) 1. Effecting, doing. 2. Giving, delivering, presenting. 3. Proving or establishing by argument. **उप** before **पद्** to go, causal form, **कृ** aff.

**उपपादित** mfn. (-तः त-तः) 1. Done, effected. 2. Given delivered, presented. 3. Proved, accomplished. **उप** before **पद्** to go, causal form, **क्त** aff.

**उपपादक** mfn. (-कः की-कः) Shod. m. (-कः) 1. A superhuman being, a god, a demon, &c. 2. Hell. **उप** before **पद्** to go, **उक्त** aff.

**उपपाप** m. (-पः) A heinous crime, as killing a cow, &c. **उप** excess, and **पाप** sin.

**उपपातित** mfn. (-तः त-तः) Protected, nurtured. **उप** and **पालित** protected.

**उपपीडन** n. (-नः) 1. Pain, agony, torture. 2. Inflicting pain. 3. Devastating, laying waste. **उप** before **पीड** to give pain, **कृ** aff.

**उपपीडित** mfn. (-तः त-तः) 1. Tortured, pained, distressed. 2. Devastated. **उप** before **पीड** to give pain, **क्त** aff.

**उपपर** n. (-रः) A suburb. **उप** near, **पर** a city.

**उपपराय** n. (-यः) A Purana, one not included in the eighteen principal: a similar number is reckoned, or 1. Adi. 2. Nrisinha. 3. Vayu. 4. Sivalbermina. 5. Durvasa. 6. Narada. 7. Nandikeswara. 8. Usanas. 9. Kapila. 10. Varuna. 11. Samba. 12. Kalika. 13. Maheswara. 14. Padma. 15. Deva. 16. Parasara. 17. Maricha. 18. Bhaskara. **उप** minor, **पराय** a Purana.

**उपपिका** f. (-का) Yawning, gaping. **उप** much, **पुष्प** to flower, to open as a flower, **वृ** aff.

**उपप्रदान** n. (-नः) A bribe. **उप** for assistance, **प्र** before **दा** to give, affix **कृ**.

**उपग्रह** m. (-ग्रहः) 1. Rahu, the ascending node. 2. A portent or natural phenomenon so considered. 3. An affray, or assault, a conflict without weapons. 4. Eclipse. 5. Misfortune. **उप** over, &c. **वृ** to go, **वृ** aff.

**उपग्रत** mfn. (-तः त-तः) 1. Distressed, pained. 2. Harassed (by Rahu, &c.) eclipsed. 3. Assailed, beset. 4. Marked by prodigies. 5. Wet,

moistened. f. (-ता) Morid sensibility of the uterus. **उप** before **वृ** to go, **क्त** aff.

**उपभुज** mfn. (-क्तः भुज-भुज) Used, enjoyed, possessed. **उप** before **भुज** to enjoy, **क्त** aff.

**उपभुजान** mfn. (-नः भुज-भुज) Using, enjoying. **उप** before **भुज** to enjoy, **क्त** aff.

**उपभृत्** f. (-भृत्) A cup of a round shape, made of the wood of the banian tree, and used in sacrifices. **उप**, **भृ** to fill, **क्ति** and **वृ** aff.

**उपभोग** m. (-गः) 1. Pleasure, satisfaction. 2. Enjoyment, use. 3. Cohabitation. 4. Use, usufruct. **उप** excess, **भुज** to eat, &c. affix **वृ**.

**उपभोग्य** mfn. (-य्यः व्या-य) To be used, to be enjoyed. **उप** before **भुज** to enjoy, **य** aff.; also **उपभोगनीय** and **उपभोग्य**.

**उपमर्द** m. (-र्दः) 1. Reproach, abuse. 2. Refuting a charge. **उप**, **मर्द** to tread down, **वृ** aff.

**उपमर्दक** m. (-कः) The refuting of a charge. **उप** **कृ** added to the last.

**उपमा** f. (-मा) 1. Likeness, (but used only in composition.) 2. Resemblance, a resemblance as a picture, an image, &c. 3. A simile. **उप** like, **मा** to measure, affixes **वृ** and **टाप्**; also with **कृ** aff. **उपमान**

**उपमातृ** mfn. (-ता-प्री-तृ) An image-maker, a portrait-painter. **उप** before **मा** to measure, **तृ** aff. f. (-प्री) 1. A wet nurse. 2. A near female relative. **उप** like, **मातृ** a mother.

**उपमान** n. (-नः) See **उपमा**

**उपमित** mfn. (-तः त-तः) Compared. **उप** and **मा** to measure, **क्त** aff.

**उपमिति** f. (-तिः) 1. Resemblance, comparison, a likeness, a picture, image, &c. 2. Analogy. 3. Knowledge of things derived from analogy or resemblances. **उप** like, **मा** to measure, **क्ति** aff.

**उपमेत** mfn. (-तः त-तः) Compared with. m. (-तः) The Sal, a timber tree. (Shorea robusta.) **उप** like, **इत** gone: high as a mountain, &c.

**उपमेय** mfn. (-यः या-यः) To be compared with or to. n. (-यः) The subject of a comparison, as the face is of the moon. **उप** before **मा** to measure, **य** affix.

**उपमेयीपमा** f. (-मा) The resemblance of any object to that compared with it, as of the moon to a beautiful face. **उपमेय** and **उपमा** likeness.

**उपयन्** m. (-यन्) A husband, a master. **उप**, **यन्** to cease, **वृ** aff.

**उपयन्** n. (-यन्) 1. A small instrument or implement. 2. An application of a similar nature, as actual cautery, escharotics, &c. **उप** and **यन्** instrument.

**उपयम** m. (-यमः) Marriage. **उप** and **यन्** to stop, affix **वृ**.

**उपयाचक** mfn. (-कः या-यः) A present solicitor, one who asks or begs. **उप** before **याच्** to beg, **वृ** aff.

**उपयाचित** mfn. (-तः त-तः) 1. Requested, solicited. 2. Offered especially to the deities to render them propitious. **उप** much, **याच्** to ask or beg, affix **क्त**, or with **कृ** added **उपयाचितक**.

**उपयान** m. (-यानः) Marriage. **उप**, **यन्** to refrain, affix **वृ**.

**उपयुक्त** mfn. (-क्तः युज-युज) 1. Proper, right. 2. Adapted to, suitable, appropriate, useful. 3. Touched by. 4. Taken. 5. Eaten. **उप** before **युज** to join, affix **क्त**.

**उपयुजान** mfn. (-नः युज-युज) Taking, appropriating, attaching. **उप** before **युज** to join, **युज** aff.

**उपयोग** m. (-यः) 1. Good conduct, observing established practices. 2. Any act tending to effect a desired object. 3. Fitness, suitability. 4. Service, utility. 5. Use, application. 6. Contact, proximity. 7. Administration of medicines. 8. Preparation of them. **उप** before **युज** to join, **युज** aff.

**उपयोजिता** f. (-ता) 1. Fitness, suitability. 2. Usefulness. 3. Occasion need. 4. Favour, propitiousness. **उप** **युज** and **युज** affix, or with **क्त**, **उपयोजित**.

**उपयोजिन्** mfn. (-नी-युज-युज) 1. Appropriate, suitable. 2. Conducive to contributing to, serviceable, useful. 3. Favourable, propitious. 4. Touching, in contact with. **उप** **युज** and **युज** aff.

लीवन् ind. A word expressing great pleasure : see उपलीवन्.  
 रक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्त-ः) Afflicted with pain or calamity. m. (-क्तः) 1. Eclipsed, (the sun or moon.) 2. Rahu, (the ascending node.) 3. उप implying distress, रक्त to colour, and क्त aff.  
 रक्षक n. (-क) A guard, an out post. 3. उप, रक्ष् to defend or protect, aff. कृट्.  
 रक्षित mfn. (-क्तः-क्त-ः) Made, prepared. 3. उप and रक्षि made.  
 रक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्त-ः) 1. Stopped, ceased. 2. Dead. 3. उप before रक्त to please, क्त aff.  
 रक्तवन् mfn. (-क्तः-क्त-ः) Void of desire. 3. उपरक्त and रक्त desire.  
 रति f. (-तिः) 1. Stopping, ceasing. 2. Refraining from sensual enjoyment. 3. Abstaining from proscribed acts. 4. Great or exquisite pleasure. 5. Death. 3. उप reverse or excess, रक्त to please, क्त aff. ; also with क्त affix उपरति or उपराम.  
 रत्न m. (-नः) See the preceding.  
 परमन् n. (-न्) Abstaining from ceremonial acts or from the pleasures of sense, &c. 2. Ceasing, discontinuance. 3. उप before रक्त to please, affix कृट्.  
 परस m. (-सः) 1. A secondary mineral, as red chalk, bitumen, &c. 2. A secondary passion. 3. A subordinate flavour. 3. उप minor, रस flavour, &c.  
 पराज m. (-जः) 1. An eclipse of the sun or moon. 2. Rahu or the ascending node. 3. Calamity, affliction. 4. Misbehaviour, ill conduct. 5. Reproach, abuse. 3. उप, रक्त to colour, क्त aff. [ क्त aff. ]  
 पराज m. (-जः) Stopping, ceasing : see उपरति. 3. उप, रक्त to please, परि ind. On, upon, above. 3. उप and रि aff.  
 परित्त mfn. (-तः-त-ः) Gone up, ascended. 3. उपरि and त्त gone.  
 परित्तित mfn. (-तः-त-ः) Piled over or above. 3. उपरि and त्त collected.  
 परित्त mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) High, elevated, produced above 3. उपरि and त्त horn  
 परिष्टात् ind. Up, above. 3. उप and रिष्टात् aff.  
 परवन् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Obstructed, impeded. 2. Covered, spread. 3. Favoured. 3. उप and वन् checked.  
 उपरोध m. (-धः) 1. Impediment, opposition, check, refusal. 2. Favour, protection. 3. Surrounding, blocking. 4. Binding, tying. 5. Taking hold of. 3. उप before रुध् to confine, affix क्त.  
 उपरोधक n. (-क) An inner room, a private apartment. 3. उप near, रुध् to enclose, क्त aff.  
 उपर्युपरि ind. 1. Over, upon, above, what is above. 2. Near, neighbouring. 3. उपरि repeated.  
 उपल m. (-लः) A rock or stone, a precious stone or jewel. f. (-ला) Refined or candied sugar. 3. उप near, ला to give or take ; affix ड.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्य-ल्यः) Inferable. m. (-ल्यः) 1. A prop, a stay, a support, an asylum. 2. An inference. 3. उप near, लब्ध to be marked or sought.  
 उपलक्ष्य n. (-क्षः) 1. Designating or implying any analogous object where only one is specified, using a term in a generic sense. 2. Metaphorical or elliptical expression. 3. उप comprehensive, लक्ष्य a mark or designation.  
 उपलक्षित mfn. (-तः-त-ः) Comprehended, included, implied, understood. 3. उप before लक्ष् to designate, क्त aff.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्य-ल्यः) 1. Obtained, received. 2. Understood, known. 3. Perceived. 3. उप before लब्ध to get, क्त aff.  
 उपलब्धार्थ f. (-र्थः) A tale, a true or probable story. 3. उपलब्ध understood, लब्ध meaning.  
 उपलब्धि f. (-धिः) 1. Mind, understanding. 2. Knowledge, especially religious. 3. Gain, acquisition. 4. Perceptibility, appearance. 3. उप, लब्ध to obtain, क्त aff.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-ल्यः) Apprehension, conception, comprehension otherwise than from memory. 3. उप near, लब्ध to obtain, क्त aff.

उपलब्ध mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्य-ल्यः) 1 To be obtained. 2. To be understood. ind. Having observed. 3. उप before लब्ध to get, लब्ध or लब्ध aff.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्य-ल्यः) Commendable, praise-worthy, respectable. 3. उप before लब्ध to get, लब्ध affix, and ल augment.  
 उपलब्धि f. (-धिः) 1. Thirst. 2. Oppression.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-ल्यः) A portent, a natural phenomenon considered as announcing evil. 3. उप over, लब्धि to go, affix क्त.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्य-ल्यः) Smeared, plastered. 3. उप and लब्ध smeared.  
 उपलब्धित mfn. (-तः-त-ः) Wishing to take or seize. 3. उप before लब्ध to gain, desider. form, क्त aff.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-ल्यः) Plastering, smearing, anointing. 3. उप, लब्धि to smear, affix क्त. [ smear, कृट् aff. ]  
 उपलब्ध n. (-नः) Smearing, plastering with cow-dung, &c. 3. उप, लब्धि to smear, &c.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-नः) A garden, a grove. 3. उप like, and लब्ध a wood.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-नः) Minute description. 3. उप and लब्ध describing.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-नः) 1. A country inhabited or not. 2. An uninhabited country. 3. A division, a district or Pargana. 4. A kingdom. 3. उप, लब्ध to abide, कृट् aff.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-ल्यः) The name of a saint.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-ल्यः) A pillow. 3. उप over, लब्धि to excel, &c. क्त aff.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-ल्यः) A village. 3. उप, लब्ध to abide, लब्धि aff.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-ल्यः) A fast, fasting. 3. उप, लब्ध to abide, क्त affix ; or with क्त affix उपवास.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-ल्यः) 1. A fast, fasting : when observed as a religious act, it comprises abstinence from all sensual gratification, from perfumes, flowers, unguents, ornaments, betel, music and dancing. &c. 2. A fire-altar. 3. उप before लब्ध to abide, क्त aff.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्य-ल्यः) Fasting, one who observes a fast. 3. उपवास and लब्धि aff.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-नः) Carrying, bringing back. 3. उप and लब्ध bearing.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-ल्यः) 1. A king's elephant. 2. Any royal vehicle. 3. उप above, लब्ध to bear, कृट् aff.  
 उपलब्धि f. (-धिः) Profane science, inferior sort of knowledge. 3. उप and लब्धि knowledge.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-ल्यः) 1. Factitious poison. 2. A narcotic, any deleterious drug, as opium, &c. 3. उप like, लब्ध poison. f. (-ल्यः) A plant, Atis. 3. उप reverse, and लब्ध poison : an antidote.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्य-ल्यः) 1. Seated, sitting. 2. Arrived, entered. 3. उप upon, लब्धि placed, entered.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-नः) The thread or cord worn by the three first classes of Hindus, over the left shoulder and under the right 3. उप much, लब्धि to shine, affix क्त ; see उपलब्ध.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-ल्यः) The Brahman who wears the string in the usual manner, or on the left shoulder and under the right arm. 3. उपलब्ध and लब्धि aff.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-तः-त-ः) Collected from, possessed of. 3. उप and लब्धि collected.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-ल्यः) A minor Veda, of which four are reckoned, treating of the military art, medicine, music, and mechanics. 3. उप and लब्ध a Veda.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-ल्यः) 1. Sitting, resting. 2. A seat. 3. Voiding by stool. 3. उप before लब्धि to enter, affix क्त.  
 उपलब्ध n. (-नः) 1. Sitting, resting. 2. Voiding by stool. 3. उप before लब्धि to enter, active or causal form, कृट् aff.  
 उपलब्ध ind. Having seated or caused to sit. 3. उप before लब्धि to enter, causal form, कृट् aff.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-ल्यः) The hunting leopard. 3. उप and लब्ध a tiger.  
 उपलब्ध m. (-ल्यः) 1. Tranquillity, calmness, patience. 2. Intermission, cessation. 3. उप much, लब्ध to be tranquil, कृट् aff.  
 उपलब्ध mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्य-ल्यः) Productive of happiness or rest. m. (-ल्यः) 1. As-



certainment of disease or diagnosis by the effect of certain articles of food or medicine. 2. Allaying disease by diet, regimen, &c.  
 न. उप before शी to sleep, चक् aff.

- उपग्राम n. (-ग्राम) A space near a village. न. उप near, गन् to go, चक् aff.  
 उपशान्ति mfn. (-न्ति-शान्ति) 1. Calm, tranquil. 2. Appeased, pacified. 3. Diminished, intermitted. न. उप before शन् to be tranquil, चक् aff.  
 उपशान्ति f. (-न्ति) 1. Tranquillity, calm. 2. Appeasing, allaying. 3. Cessation, intermission. न. उप before शन् to be quiet, चक् aff.  
 उपशान्ति mfn. (-न्ति-शान्ति) Tranquil, calm, appeased, tame. f. (-न्ति) A tame elephant. न. उपशान्ति and चक् aff.  
 उपशय m. (-य) Watching and sleeping alternately. न. उप alternately, शी to sleep, चक् aff.  
 उपशान्ति f. (-न्ति) 1. Tranquillizing, calming. 2. Secondary means of cure, as diet, &c. न. उपशान्ति and चक् affix; also with ल, उपशान्ति. उपशान्ति mfn. (-न्ति-शान्ति) 1. Allaying, tranquillizing, what calms, &c. 2. (In medicine,) Composing, narcotic. न. उप before शी to sleep, चक् aff.  
 उपशान्ति mfn. (-न्ति-शान्ति) Adorned. न. उप and शान्ति beautified.  
 उपशय mfn. (-न्ति-शान्ति) Promised, agreed. न. उप with श् to hear, aff. चक्  
 उपशय f. (-न्ति) 1. Promise, assent. 2. Judicial astrology, aspect of the stars, fortune telling. न. उप above, श् to hear, चक् aff.  
 उपसंक्षेप m. (-प) An abstract or compendium. न. उप and संक्षेप abridgement.  
 उपसंख्यान n. (-न) (In grammar,) A substitute in form or sense, a con-significant term or aff. न. उप near, संख्या to number, चक् aff.  
 उपसंहर m. (-ह) Obsequance, civil address, respectful salutation of a person by name. 2. Taking, holding. न. उप near, सम् with, चक् to take, aff. चक्, or with चक् aff. उपसंहर.  
 उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) 1. Respectable, venerable. 2. To be saluted reverentially. न. उप and सम् before चक् to take, चक् aff. [चक् aff.]  
 उपसंहर ind. Having taken, holding. न. उप and सम् before चक् to take, उपसंहर n. (-न) A lower garment. न. उप and सं before चक् to cover, चक् affix, what covers the body.  
 उपसंहर n. (-न) 1. Refusing, withholding. 2. Excluding. 3. Taking away. 4. Attacking, invading. न. उप and सम् before चक् taking.  
 उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) 1. Taking away. 2. Refusing, excepting. 3. Going against, invading. न. उप and सं before चक् to take, चक् aff.  
 उपसंहर m. (-ह) 1. Withholding, refusing. 2. Taking away. 3. Excepting, excluding. 4. Destruction, death, end. 5. Collection, assemblage. 6. Compendium. 7. Brevity, conciseness. 8. Attacking, invasion. 9. (In logic,) Refutation. न. उप and सम् before चक् to take, चक् aff.  
 उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) 1. Withheld, denied, refused. 2. Excepted. 3. Comprehended, comprehended, excluded. न. उप and सं before चक् to take, चक् aff.  
 उपसंहर f. (-न्ति) 1. A compound expressive of various meanings. 2. Comprehension. 3. Seizing, taking. न. उप and सम् before चक् to take, चक् aff.  
 उपसंहर f. (-न्ति) 1. Meeting, union. 2. Service. 3. Gift, donation. न. उप with, चक् to go, &c., चक् aff.  
 उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) Who goes near to. न. (-ह) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Approach. न. उप and चक् to go, affix चक्.  
 उपसंहर n. (-न) A neighbouring abode, a neighbourhood. न. उप near, and चक् a dwelling.  
 उपसंहर ind. Near evening. न. उप near, चक् evening.  
 उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) Approached, approximate. न. उप over, चक् to go, affix चक्.  
 उपसंहर f. (-न्ति) Proximity, approach. न. उपसंहर and चक् affix; also उपसंहर with ल aff.  
 उपसंहर n. (-न) Placing, putting in or on. न. उप and सम् with चक् before चक् to have, चक् aff.

उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) 1. Dressed, cooked. 2. Immolated, sacrificed (as a victim, &c.) 3. Dead, deceased. 4. Gained, obtained. Enough, sufficient. 6. Perfected, finished. न. उप and चक् prefix to चक् to go, affix चक्.

उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) 1. The first pregnancy or impregnation of cow, &c. 2. Who or what approaches. न. उप before चक् to go, and चक् aff.

उपसंहर m. (-ह) 1. A portent, a natural phenomenon supposed to announce future evil, an eclipse, &c. 2. A particle prefixed to root &c., a preposition. 3. A disease, possession by an evil spirit. 4. Change occasioned by any disease. 5. A disease brought on whilst a person labours under another. 6. Indication or symptom of death. न. उप near or-with, चक् to go, चक् aff.

उपसंहर n. (-न) 1. A representative, a substitute, any person or thing subordinate or subsidiary. 2. Portent, eclipse. 3. Approaching. न. उप inferior, चक् to go, चक् aff. In the first sense, though use as an attributive, it is always neuter. [चक् aff.]

उपसंहर n. (-न) Approaching, advancing to. न. उप near. चक् to go, उपसंहर f. (-न्ति) A cow, (fit for the bull.) न. उप, चक् to go, चक् aff. deriv. उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) To be approached or gone to, न. उप before चक् to go, चक् aff.

उपसंहर m. (-ह) The name of a demon. न. उप, and चक् another demon. उपसंहर n. (-न) The disk of the sun or moon. न. उप near, or with, चक् the sun, चक् aff. of identity.

उपसंहर ind. Having approached. न. उप before चक् to go, चक् aff.

उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) 1. Attended by or accompanied with, joined, attached, connected to or with. 2. Eclipsed, (as the sun or moon. 3. Seized by, possessed by, (evil demons, &c.) n. (-ह) Cotton, copulation. न. उप, चक् to create, &c. aff. चक्.

उपसंहर n. (-न) 1. Service. 2. Addiction to. न. उप and चक् to serve, चक् aff. उपसंहर m. (-ह) 1. A condiment, a spice or seasoning, mustard, pepper &c. 2. An article of household use, as a broom, a basket, &c. 3. Blame, censure. न. उप complete, and चक् what makes, चक् inserted.

उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) Blamed, censured. न. उप and चक् made, चक् inserted. उपसंहर m. (-ह) Support of life, as food, sleep, and government of the passions. न. उप and चक् to stop, चक् aff.

उपसंहर f. (-न्ति) A concubine. न. उप and चक् a female, a wife.

उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) Near, proximate. न. (-ह) 1. The male & female organs of generation. 2. The haunch or hip. 3. The anus. न. उप near, and चक् what is or stays, चक् aff. after स्या.

उपसंहर m. (-ह) Indian fig tree.

उपसंहर m. (-ह) Continence. न. उपसंहर an organ of generation, and चक् restraining.

उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) A servant. न. उप before चक् to remain, चक् aff.

उपसंहर n. (-न) 1. Proximity, nearness. 2. Obtaining, getting. 3. An assembly. न. उप near, स्या to stay, चक् aff.

उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) 1. To be stayed with or near. 2. What ought to be near or with. न. उप before चक् to stay, चक् aff.

उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) 1. Placing or bringing near to. 2. Explaining, teaching, a teacher. 3. Causing to obtain. न. उप before स्या to be causal form, चक् aff. [चक् aff.]

उपसंहर n. (-न) 1. Placing near. 2. Attendance, service. न. उप and उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) To be placed near. न. उप before स्या to stay, causal form, चक् aff; also उपसंहर.

उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) 1. Placed near to. 2. Attended. न. उप before स्या to stay, causal form, चक् aff.

उपसंहर ind. 1. Having approached. 2. Having brought near to or assembled. न. उप near, and स्या to stay, चक् aff.

उपसंहर mfn. (-ह-हर-ह) Standing near, being present. न. उप before स्या to stay, चक् aff. and चक् augment.

उपस्थित mfn. (-तः-सतः) 1. Approached, arrived. 2. Staying by or near to. 3. Caused, occasioned. 4. Got, received. 5. Felt. 6. Clean, cleansed. 7. Done, accomplished. 8. Known. ९. उप before स्था to stay, aff. क्.

उपस्थिति १. (-तिः) 1. Proximity. 2. Obtaining, getting. 3. Effecting, accomplishing. 4. Arrival. 5. Knowledge. ६. उप before स्था to be, aff. क्तिन्.

उपस्पर्श m. (-शः) 1. Touching, contact. 2. Bathing, ablution. 3. Rinsing the mouth, sipping water and ejecting it. ४. उप like, स्पर्श touch, from स्पर्स् to touch, and च् aff.; or with क् ट् aff. उपस्पर्शन.

उपस्पर्शन n. (-नः) See the preceding.

उपस्पृष्ट mfn. (-टः-स्पर्श) 1. Touched. 2. Sipped. ३. उप and स्पृष्ट touched.

उपसृज्य n. (-ज्यः) Revenue, profit, what is derived from land or other capital. ३. उप and सृज्य ownership.

उपहत mfn. (-तः-सतः) 1. Destroyed. 2. Injured, impaired, evilly affected by. 3. Struck by lightning, &c. 4. Pained, hurt. 5. Impure. 6. Infected, polluted, vitiated. ७. उप and हत struck.

उपहतदृक् mfn. (-दृक्) Dazzled, blinded. ३. उपहत struck, दृक् the eye.

उपहतात्मन् mfn. (-आ-आ-ज्) Agitated, affected as by passion, &c. ३. उपहत and आत्मन् the soul.

उपहरण n. (-णः) 1. Offering gifts to superiors. 2. Presenting victims. 3. Distributing or serving out food. 4. Taking, seizing. ५. उप before ह् to take, कृट् aff.

उपहर्तव्य mfn. (-व्यः-आ-व्यः) 1. To be offered as a victim. 2. To be presented. ३. उप before ह् take, तव्य aff.; also उपहरणीय.

उपहृत् mfn. (-तः-ही-हृत्) Offering victims, serving out food, &c. ३. उप before ह् to take, हृत् aff.

उपह्वय m. (-व्यः) 1. Calling to. 2. Summoning, invoking. ३. उप before ह्व् to call, च् aff.

उपहसित n. (-तः) Laughter, laughing. ३. उप up, हसित laughing.

उपहार m. (-रः) 1. A complimentary gift, a present to a superior, &c. 2. A victim, an offering to a deity. 3. Tribute, indemnification, presents as the price of peace. 4. Food distributed to guests, &c. ५. उप before ह् to convey, च् aff.

उपहारिण mfn. (-री-रिची-रि) 1. Giving, presenting. 2. Sacrificing. ३. उप-हार and रिणि aff.

उपहासक m. (-कः) The name of a country, part of the peninsula: see कलक. ३. उप, हास a king so named, aff. क्, the country over which HALA reigned.

उपहास n. (-सः) Ridicule, laughing at any one. ३. उप before हस् to laugh, aff. च्.

उपहास्य mfn. (-स्यः-आ-स्यः) Rediculous, laughable. ३. उप and हास to be laughed at.

उपहित mfn. (-तः-सतः) 1. Placed, deposited, placed in or upon. 2. Laid aside. 3. Joined. 4. Mixed. ५. उप before ह् to quit, क् aff.

उपह्वय ind Having called or addressed. ३. उप near, ह्व् to call, च् aff.

उपहृत mfn. (-तः-सतः) 1. Taken, collected, gathered. 2. Offered, presented. 3. Immolated, offered as a victim. 4. Served out as food. ५. उप before ह् to take, क् aff.

उपहार n. (-रः) 1. Solitary, private. 2. Near. m. (-रः) A car, a carriage. ३. उपहृ to bend, च् aff.

उपह्वय m. (-व्यः) Muttering prayers, reciting them in a low voice so as not to be overheard. ind. 1. Solitary, private. 2. Secretely, in a whisper. ३. उप, ह्व् a ray.

उपाख्यय n. (-यः) 1. Performance of a preparatory rite before reading the Vedas. 2. Immolation, sacrifice of an animal duly consecrated. ३. उप and आख्य prefixed to ह् to do, aff. कृट्.

उपाख्यय n. (-यः) 1. Preparation. 2. A ceremony performed before reading the Vedas. 3. Beginning to read the Vedas. ४. See the preceding, the aff. being च्तिन्.

उपाख्यय mfn. (-यः-सतः) Attended with evil omens, disastrous, calamitous. m. (-तः) 1. A victim slain or to be slain. 2. A portent, a phenomenon announcing calamity. ३. उप and आख्य before ह् made.

उपाख्यान n. (-नः) 1. A tale, a narrative. 2. Telling, narration. ३. उप and आख्यान a tale.

उपागत mfn. (-तः-सतः) 1. Suffering, feeling. 2. Promised. 3. Approached arrived. 4. Occurred, happened. ५. उप and आग before ग् to go, aff. क्.

उपागत m. (-गः) 1. Promise, agreement. 2. Approach. 3. Occurrence, arrival. 4. Feeling, suffering. ५. उप near, आग before ग् to come, च् aff.

उपाख्यय n. (-यः) Reading the Vedas after initiation, ३. उप and आख्य before ह् to take, कृट् aff. : see उपाकरण.

उपाङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The sectarian mark made with Sandal, &c. on the forehead. 2. Any minor limb or member. 3. Secondary portion of science. ४. उप and अङ्ग the body.

उपाचय n. (-यः) Plastering the ground with cow dung, &c. ३. उप and चयन anointing.

उपात्त mfn. (-तः-सतः) Taken, received, gained, got. m. (-तः) An elephant out of rut. ३. उप near, पात्त taken, seized.

उपात्तरश्मि mfn. (-श्मिः-आ-श्मिः) Quick, fleet. ३. उपात्त acquired, रश्मि speed

उपात्तयस्त्र mfn. (-स्त्रः-आ-स्त्रः) Armed, taking up arms. ३. उपात्त and यस्त्र a weapon.

उपात्य m. (-यः) 1. Neglect or disobedience of ordinances or customs. 2. Disorder or disorderly behaviour. ३. उप and चति prefixed to ग् to go, च् aff.

उपादान n. (-नः) 1. Taking away, abduction, taking. 2. Abstraction, restraining the organs of sense and perception. 3. Cause, motive. 4. Immediate or proximate cause. 5. The formal or distinct form, the material cause. 6. A double meaning, an expression conveying a sense besides that which appears intended. 7. Saying, speaking. ८. उप near, पादा to take, कृट् aff.

उपादानकारण n. (-णः) A proximate cause. ३. उपादान and कारण cause.

उपादिका f. (-का) A pothorb, (Busella lucida.)

उपादेय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Acceptable, admissible, to be taken or received. 2. Excellent, admirable. ३. उप and आद् before दा to give, यत् aff.

उपाधि m. (-धिः) 1. Virtuous reflection. 2. A discriminative or distinguishing property, an attribute. 3. Deception, disguise. (In the Vedānta this is especially applied to certain natural forms or properties, considered as disguises of the spirit.) 4. A title, a discriminative appellation, a nickname. 5. Careful or diligent for the support of a family, (always masculine, though with a feminine or neuter substantive.) 6. A purpose, an occasion, an object. 7. (In logic,) A special cause for a general effect. 8. (In rhetoric,) The natural character of species, quality, or action. ९. उप and आधि before धा to have, aff. क्ति.

उपाध्याय m. (-यः) A spiritual preceptor. f. (-या) A female preceptor. f. (-यी or -यामी) The wife of a teacher. ३. उप and अधि before ह्य to go, च् aff. for the fem, टाप् aff. in the first instance, in the second डीप् with or without आङ् inserted.

उपाध्व f. (-ध्वः) A shoe. ३. उप and आध्व before भ् to bind, aff. क्तिप्.

उपात्त mfn. (-तः-सतः) Near. m. (-तः) The angle of the eye. ३. उप near, चत्त end. [उत्त aff.]

उपात्त mfn. (-तः-सतः) Near, proximate, neighbouring. ३. उपात्त and उपात्त m. (-तः) The corner of the eye. n. (-तः) Vicinity. ३. उप and चत्त end.

उपाय m. (-यः) 1. A means, an expedient, a way. 2. A means of success against an enemy: four are usually enumerated, as, sowing dissension, chastisement, conciliation and gifts. 3. Approaching, approach. ४. उप and आय before ह्य to go, aff. च्.

**उपायश्च mfn.** (-उः-उः-च) Fertile in expedients, contriving, providing for. ३. उपाय and च who knows.

**उपायश्च n. (-च)** 1. A present, a complementary or respectful gift. 2. Approaching, going near to. 3. Engaging in a religious observance. ३. उप before च्च् to go, जुट् aff. [aff.]

**उपायिन् mfn.** (-यौ-यिनी-यि) Expert in the use of means. ३. उपाय and इति उपायदीन m. (-नः) Application of means, or combination of expedients. ३. उपाय and योग union.

**उपायिन् n. (-नः)** Acquiring property, earning. ३. उप and च्च्ञ्ज gaining.

**उपायित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Gained, acquired, earned. ३. उप and च्च्ञ्जित gained.

**उपायित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Engaged in, occupied by. 2. Frequenting, resorting to. ३. उप and बाह् before र्च्च् to sport, न् aff.

**उपायित m. (-नः)** 1. Engaging in. 2. Going to or in. ३. उप and बाह् before र्च्च् to sport, अस्मि च्च्.

**उपायित mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Reproached, reviled. ३. उप and बाह् before क्षिप्ति to hurt, अस्मि च्च्.

**उपायित m. (-यः)** 1. Abuse, reviling. 2. Deferring, delaying. ३. उप and बाह् before क्षिप्ति to injure, च्च् aff.

**उपायित n. (-नः)** 1. Turning round, revolving. 2. Ceasing. 3. Turning back, returning. 4. Approaching. ३. उप and बाह् before ह्न्त् to be, जुट् aff.

**उपायित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Rolling on the ground. 2. Ceased, ceasing, refraining. m. (-नः) A horse rolling himself on the ground. ३. उप and बाह् before ह्न्त् to be, अस्मि च्च्.

**उपायित m. (-यः)** 1. Asylum, support. 2. Reliance, dependance upon. ३. उप and बाह् before श्च्च् to serve, अस्मि च्च्.

**उपायित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Supporting, (literally or figuratively) bearing, holding, protecting. 2. Relying or depending upon. ३. उप near, and च्च्ञ्जित giving support.

**उपायित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Worshipping, a worshipper. 2. Serving, a servant. 3. A Sudra. ३. उप before च्च्च् to be, जुट् aff.

**उपायित m. (-नः)** A quiver. ३. उप and बाह् before च्च्च् to embrace, च्च्च् aff.

**उपायित n. (-नः)** 1. Archery. 2. Service. 3. A seat. 4. Assembling. 5. Injuring, hurting. f. (-नः) 1. Service. 2. Worship, adoration. ३. उप before च्च्च् to sit, or च्च्च् before च्च्च् to throw or send, अस्मि युच्च् and fem. टाप्.

**उपायित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Served, honoured, worshipped. 2. Serving, paying worship or service. ३. उप inferiority, च्च्च् to sit or remain, अस्मि च्च्.

**उपायित m. (-तः)** A worshipper. ३. उप and बाह् before च्च्च् to sit, जुट् aff.

**उपायित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Sitting with or near to. 2. Occupying. ३. उप before च्च्च्ञ्जित seated.

**उपायित f. (-तिः)** Service, especially of a deity, worship. ३. उप before च्च्च् to sit, अस्मि च्च्.

**उपायित mfn.** (-यः-या-य) To be worshipped or served. ind. 1. Having served or worshipped. 2. Having associated or called together. ३. उप before च्च्च् to sit, च्च्च् or च्च्च् aff.

**उपायित mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) Being served or worshipped, receiving homage. ३. उप before च्च्च् to sit, च्च्च्ञ्जित aff.

**उपायित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Joined, annexed. 2. Deposited, placed. 3. Put on, worn. 4. Agreed upon, made or done mutually. m. (-नः) A fiery potent, a meteor, a comet. ३. उप and बाह् before च्च्च् to have or hold, अस्मि च्च्, deriv. irr.

**उपायित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Prepared. 2. Taken, seized. ३. उप and बाह् before च्च्च् to take, न् aff.

**उपेक्ष mfn.** (-कः-का-क) 1. Disregarding, neglecting, disdaining. 2. Patient, enduring. ३. उप before ईच्च् to see, जुट् aff.

**उपेक्ष n. (-च)** 1. Leaving, abandoning. 2. Disregarding, neglecting, disdaining. ३. उप and ईच्च् seeing.

**उपेक्ष f. (-च)** 1. Trick, deceit. one of the minor expedients in war. 2. Abandoning, leaving. 3. Dissent. 4. Negligence, neglect. 5. Endurance, patience. 6. Contempt, disdain. ३. उप before ईच्च् to see, च्च्च् and टाप् affs.

**उपेक्षित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Disregarded, disesteemed, neglected, disdained. ३. उप before ईच्च् to see, न् aff.

**उपेक्ष mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Endowed with, possessed of, having, possessing. 2. Arrived at, come to, come near to. 3. Invented. ३. उप and च्च् gone.

**उपेक्ष mfn.** (-ता-वी-ह) 1. Contriving, contriver, one who employs expedients. 2. Approaching, going near to. ३. उप before र्च्च् to go, जुट् aff.

**उपेक्ष m. (-नः)** A name of VISHNU or KRISHNA. ३. उप after, इन्द्र INDRA : born subsequently to INDRA.

**उपेक्षवच f. (-वा)** A species of the Trishtubh metre.

**उपेक्ष mfn.** (-यः-या-य) 1. To be sought, to be had recourse to. 2. To be gone to or approached. 3. To be effected by any means. ३. उप before र्च्च् to go, जुट् aff.

**उपेक्षित mfn.** (-नः-नु-न) 1. Accompanied or followed by, associated with, united. 2. Obtained, got. ३. उप near, र्च्च् to go, जुट् aff.

**उपेक्ष mfn.** (-यः-या-य) Arrived at, gone to. ३. उप before र्च्च् to go, च्च्च् aff.

**उपेक्ष mfn.** (-हः-हा-ह) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Married. 3. Arrayed, arranged. ३. उप before च्च्च् to bear, अस्मि च्च्.

**उपेक्ष f. (-ती)** A potherb, (Basella rubra or lucida.) ३. उप much, and च्च्च् water, deriv. irr.

**उपेक्ष f. (-ती)** See the preceding.

**उपेक्ष f. (-ती)** A potherb, (Basella rubra or lucida.) ३. उप and च्च्च् water, च्च्च् and टाप् affs. and इ substituted for the pou, or इ being substituted उपेक्षीका.

**उपेक्षित m. (-तः)** 1. A beginning, a thing begun. 2. An introduction, a preface. 3. An example, an apposite argument or illustration. 4. Analysis, the ascertainment of the elements of which a thing consists. ३. उप before ह्न्त् to injure, अस्मि च्च्.

**उपेक्ष n. (-च)** A fast, fasting. ३. उप before च्च्च् to abide, अस्मि जुट्.

**उपेक्षित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Fasted, fasting. n. (-नः) Fast, fasting. ३. उप before च्च्च् to abide, न् aff.

**उपेक्ष mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) Sown, (as seed.) ३. च्च्च् to sow, अस्मि च्च्.

**उपेक्ष mfn.** (-तः-टा-त) Ploughed after sowing. ३. उप and ह्न्त् ploughed.

**उपेक्ष f. (-तिः)** Sowing seeds. ३. च्च्च् to sow, अस्मि च्च्.

**उपेक्षित m. (-वित् or -विद्)** An agriculturist. ३. उपेक्ष and विद् who knows.

**उपेक्ष mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) Sown, cultivated. ३. च्च्च् to sow, अस्मि च्च्, and न् added.

**उपेक्ष r. 6th cl. (उपेक्षति)** To be straight : with नि prefixed, (मुञ्जति) To be crooked : this root is also written उपेक्ष and उपेक्ष.

**उपेक्ष r. 6th cl. (उपेक्षति)** To fill ; also उपेक्ष.

**उपेक्ष pron. m. and dual only, (उपेक्षौ)** Both.

**उपेक्ष pron. (sing. and plu. only,)** (-यः-वे) Both. ३. उपेक्ष and च्च् from वा to obtain, अस्मि च्च्.

**उपेक्षित ind.** On both sides. ३. उपेक्ष both, and तस्मि aff.

**उपेक्षित mfn.** (-दन्-दती-दन्) Having a double row of teeth, (man, animal, &c.) ३. उपेक्षित and दन्त् for दन्त् a tooth.

**उपेक्षित mfn.** (-चः-ची-च) Looking either way, two-faced. ३. उपेक्षित and तस्मि face.

**उपेक्ष ind.** In both places, on both sides. ३. उपेक्ष and च्च्च् aff.

**उपेक्ष ind.** In both ways. ३. उपेक्ष and च्च्च् aff.

**उपेक्षित ind.** Both days, the day past and to come. ३. उपेक्ष both, च्च्च् aff. ; or with च्च्च्च् aff. उपेक्षित च्च्.

**उपेक्षित mfn.** (-यः-या-य) 1. Applicable to two purposes. 2. Taking two shares or parts. ३. (-यः) A medicine that acts in two ways, as an emetic and a purge. ३. उपेक्ष, च्च्च् a part, and च्च्च् what takes.

उमयवेत्त mfn. (-नः-ता-नं) Serving two masters, being in the pay of both. **उ.** उमय and वेत्तन wages.

उमयवचन m. (-नः) A dilemma. **उ.** उमय both, (conclusions.) उमय production.

उमयानुमत mfn. (-नः-ता-नं) Agreed to or accepted mutually, or on both sides. **उ.** उमय and अनुमत assented to.

उमयार्थ ind. For a double object, (as for prosperity in earth and happiness in heaven.) **उ.** उमय and अर्थ an object.

उम् ind. An interjection, 1. Of anger. 2. Interrogation. 3. Promise or assent; and 4. Of cordiality or pacification.

उम m. (-नः) 1. A city, a town. 2. A wharf, a landing place. **उ.** (-नः) 1. A name of the goddess PARVATI or DUNDI. 2. Light, splendor. 3. Fame, reputation. 4. Turmeric. 5. Flax, (Linum utilissimum.) 6. Quiet, tranquillity. **उ.** उ particle of calling, and नः prohibition; **उ.** e. "Practise not austerities," the exclamation addressed to DUNDI by her mother; in the other senses it may be derived from मा to measure, or मा lustro.

उमाकट m. (-टः) The cluster of flax. **उ.** उमा flax, कट् aff.

उमागुरु m. (-रुः) The mountain Himalaya **उ.** उमा the goddess, and गुरु a spiritual teacher; in mythology the personified mountain is the father of UMA.

उमापति m. (-तिः) A name of SIVA. **उ.** उमा and पति master; the husband of UMA.

उमावन n. (-नः) A name of Vanapura or Devi Kota, (Devi Cote.) **उ.** उमा and वन a grove; the residence of UMA.

उमासुत m. (-तः) A name KARTIKEYA. **उ.** उमा and सुत a son, the son of PARVATI.

उमेश m. (-शः) A title of SIVA. **उ.** उमा and ईश a lord; see उमापति.

उम r. 6th cl. (प) (उमति) To fill; also उम.

उम्य n. (-नः) A field of linseed, (Linum utilissimum.) **उ.** उमा flax, and यत् affix; also औम्य.

उम्वर m. (-रः) The upper-timber of a door-frame. **उ.** उद् up, above, वर to screen, यप् aff.

उम्वी f. (-वी) The stalks of wheat or barley fried over a fire of wet grass, considered as a tonic.

उम्वत m. (-तः) Injury of the lungs, breaking a blood-vessel, consumption. **उ.** उम्व and वत lesion.

उम्वल n. (-लः) The breast, the bosom. **उ.** उम्व the breast, and लः place.

उम्वलिका f. (-का) A pearl-necklace. **उ.** उम्व the breast, and लः thread, ट् aff.

उर Sautra root, (उरति) to go.

उरम m. (-यः) A snake. **उ.** उरम् the breast, and म who goes, from गम् to go, affix उ; also उरम and उरमम.

उरमखान n. (-नः) The infernal regions below the earth. **उ.** उरम and खान a place or country; the abode of the Nagas or serpents.

उरगारि m. (-रिः) 1. GARUDA the bird of VISHNU. 2. A large crane. **उ.** उरग a snake, and रि the enemy.

उरगान्न n. (-नः) 1. A name of GARUDA the bird of VISHNU. 2. The gigantic orana. **उ.** उरग and गान्न food; whose food is of serpents.

उरगेश m. (-शः) The king of snakes, SHESHA or VASUKI. **उ.** उरग and शेश chief. [उरगेश.]

उरग m. (-गः) A snake, a serpent; see उरग, the affix being उ; also उरग.

उरग m. (-गः) 1. A ram. 2. A cloud. **उ.** (-वी) A ewe. **उ.** उ to go, ग् affix, leaving उ, and उ substituted for the antepenultimate.

उरगाम m. (-गः) Ossia, (Alata.) **उ.** उरग ram, गाम an eye; the flower being so compared; उ being added, also उरगाम.

उरगाम m. (-गः) Ossia; see the preceding. **उ.** उरग and गाम a name; named from the ram; also उरगाम, उ being added.

उरग m. (-गः) A ram. **उ.** उरग much, गम् to wander, उ affix, and the final of उर dropped.

उररी ind. A particle implying, 1. Assent. 2. Expansion; (it chiefly occurs in composition.) **उ.** उररी to weave, उररी aff.

उररीकार m. (-रः) A promise, an agreement. **उ.** उररी, कार what makes.

उररीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. Promised, agreed. 2. Spread, diffused. **उ.** उररी and कृत made.

उररुद m. (-दः) Armour, mail. **उ.** उररु the breast, and रुद a covering.

उररु mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Best, excellent. **उ.** (-रः) The breast, the bosom. **उ.** उर to go, Una'di affix उररु, the pen changed to उ; also उर a Sautra root, to go, and उररु before.

उररुम m. (-मः) The female breast. **उ.** उररु the breast, in the 7th case. **उ.** उ produced.

उररुम m. (-मः) The female breast. **उ.** उररु on the breast, and उर what grows.

उररुम mfn. (-मः-ता-नं) Broad-chested, having a full or broad breast. **उ.** उररु and मन् aff.

उररुम m. (-मः) The sacrificial thread hung round the neck and upon the breast, as it is sometimes worn. **उ.** उररु the breast, रुद to encompass, ल् aff.

उररुम ind. From the breast. **उ.** उररु and उररु aff.

उररुम n. (-मः) Mail, the breast-plate or cuirass. **उ.** उररु, म to preserve, affix रुद.

उररुम mfn. (-मः-ता-नं) From the breast. **उ.** (-मः-ता-नं) A legitimate son or daughter, that is, one born from a married couple of the same tribe or cast. **उ.** उररु the breast, and मन् aff.

उररुम mfn. (-मः-ता-नं-लः) Broad-chested, full-breasted, strong. **उ.** उररु and मन् poss. aff.

उररु m. (-रः) A horse of a pale colour, with dark legs.

उरी ind. A particle, implying, (especially in composition.) 1. Promise, assent. 2. Expansion; also उररी and उरी.

उरीकार m. (-रः) 1. Promise. 2. Extension. **उ.** उरी, and कार what makes.

उरीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. Promised. 2. Expanded, spread. **उ.** उरी and कृत made, also उरीकृत and उरीकृत.

उरु mfn. (-रः-वी-रः) 1. Large, great. 2. Much, excessive. 3. Long. 4. Valuable, precious. **उ.** उरु to cover, रु Una'di affix; रु is loaded short, and उ dropped by special rule.

उरुकाल m. (-लः) A creeper, (Cucumiscolocynthis.) **उ.** उरु and काल time, of long growth, also with कन् added उरुकालक.

उरुगय m. (-यः) A name of KRISHNA. **उ.** उरुग a snake, उ to go, and यत् aff.

उरुतर mfn. (-रः-ता-नं) Greater, larger. **उ.** उरु and तरप् aff.

उरुतम mfn. (-मः-ता-नं) Greatest. **उ.** उरु and तमप् aff.

उरुताप m. (-पः) Great heat. **उ.** उरु much, ताप heat.

उरुत m. (-तः) Magnitude, vastness. **उ.** उरु and त् affix, also उरुत.

उरुमार्ग m. (-गः) A long road. **उ.** उरु and मार्ग a road.

उररी ind. A particle, of 1. Assent. 2. Expansion; see उररी.

उरुवृक्ष m. (-कः) The castor oil tree, (Palma christi or Ricinus communis.) **उ.** उरु great or much, (dis-ease.) उरु to wither or dry, affix उरु deriv. irr. or with क् affix उरुवृक्ष.

उरुवृक्ष m. (-कः) See the preceding.

उरुवृक्ष m. (-कः) A malignant spirit, an imp or goblin. **उ.** उरु much, वृक्ष to deceive, वृक्ष Una'di aff.

उरुवृक्ष mfn. (-कः-ता-नं) Magnanimous, of a lofty nature. **उ.** उरु and वृक्ष disposition.

उरुवृक्ष m. (-रः) A valuable necklace. **उ.** उरु and वृक्ष a necklace.

उरीगामिन् mfn. (-नी-मिनी-नि) 1. Creeping, crawling, going on the belly as a reptile. **उ.** उरु and गामिन् who goes.

उरीवृक्ष m. (-रः) Pain of the chest, pleurisy. **उ.** उरु and वृक्ष what seizes.

उरीवृक्ष m. (-रः) 1. Striking or beating the breast. 2. Pain in the chest. **उ.** उरु and वृक्ष a wound.

उरीम m. (-मः) The female breast. **उ.** उरु the breast, and म produced.

उत्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Abandoned, left. ३. उथ् to abandon, त् affix, and the vowel substituted.

उत्थान m. (-तः) A spider. ३. उथ् wool, नाभि a navel, affix उ.

उत्था f. (-त्था) 1. Wool, felt, the hair of camels, &c. 2. A circle of hair between the eye brows. ३. उथ् to cover, उ affix; the word is properly उत्था, q v. [ful.]

उद् r. 1st cl. (उद्ने) 1. To measure. 2. To play. 3. To be easy or cheer-

उद् m. (-द्) An otter. ३. उद् to play, र् aff.

उद् r. 1st cl. (उद्) उद् (उद्ने) To kill or hurt.

उद् m. (-द्) A year. ३. उद् much, and उद् to go, उद् aff.

उद् f. (-त्) 1. Fertile soil, yielding every kind of crop. 2. Land in general. ३. उद् much, उद् to go, उद् and टाप् affs.

उद् f. (-त्) The name of one of the courtezans of Swarga or INDRA's heaven, ३. उद् great, उद् to tame, उद् and उद् affixes; also उद्दी and उद्दी

उद्दी m. (-त्) The name of AILA or PURURAVA, the second king of the line of the moon, ३. उद्दी, and उद्दी the gallant or husband of the Apsara URVASI.

उद्दी m. (-त्) A name of AILA: see the preceding. ३. As before, उद्दी a friend, a lover, &c. [उद्दी]

उद्दी m. (-त्) A kind of cucumber, (Cucumis utilatissimus.) See उद्दी f. (-त्) The earth. ३. उद् great, उद् aff.

उद्दी m. (-त्) 1. A mountain. 2. The serpent Sesna. ३. उद्दी the earth, and उद् what holds.

उद्दी m. (-त्) A tree. ३. उद्दी and उद् what grows on.

उद् Sautra root, (उद्ने) to burn.

उद् m. (-त्) 1. A creeping plant, a spreading creeper. m. (-त्) A kind of grass or reed, (Saccharum cylindricum.) ३. उद् to be strong, उद् affix; also उद्.

उद् m. (-त्) The name of a country. ३. उद् to burn, उद् aff.

उद् m. (-त्) A spreading creeper. m. (-त्) A reed, (Saccharum cylindricum.) ३. उद् to be strong, उद् affix; also उद् and उद्.

उद् m. (-त्) A porpoise, or fish resembling it. ३. उद् for उद् up, उद् to disturb, &c. उद् affix; also उद्, उद्, उद्, &c.

उद् m. (-त्) 1. An owl. 2. A name of INDRA. 3. One of the heroes of the Mahabharata. n. (-त्) A kind of reed, (Saccharum cylindricum.) ३. उद् to be strong, उद् aff.

उद् m. (-त्) 1. A wooden mortar used for cleaning rice. 2. Bdel-  
-lium, a gummy substance. ३. उद् up, उद् empty, and उद् what takes: or उद् for उद्, and उद् what goes; उद् is changed to उद्; see उद्.

उद् m. (-त्) A name of Bdelium, a gummy substance, or the plant which produces it. ३. उद् added to the preceding.

उद् mfn. (-त्-त्-त्) Pounded in a mortar, cleansed. ३. उद् and उद् aff.

उद् m. (-त्) A large snake, the Boa. ३. उद् much, उद् to cut, and उद् aff.

उद् m. (-त्) A spreading creeper. n. (-त्) A sort of grass. f. (-त्) A nymph of Patala married to ANJANA. ३. See उद्.

उद् m. (-त्) A porpoise, or fish resembling it: see उद्.

उद् f. (-त्) 1. A fire-brand. 2. Fire falling from heaven, a meteor, &c. 3. Flame. 4. Fire. ३. उद् to burn, उद् Una'di affix, उद् substituted for उद्; or the root is a Sautra root, उद् to burn.

उद् m. (-त्) A ghost or goblin, with a face of fire, who eats what is vomited, and who was a negligent Brahman in his life-time. f. (-त्) A fox. ३. उद् a flame, उद् a mouth, उद् affix; the latter from the redness of his mouth.

उद् m. (-त्) 1. A fire-brand, wood burning or burnt as charcoal. 2. The name of a prince. ३. उद् to burn, उद् Una'di affix, उद् is changed to उद्.

उद् n. (-त्) Horripilation, erection of the hair of the body. ३. उद् up, उद् to injure, उद् affix, and उद् inserted.

उद् m. (-त्) The Lagna of any particular place. ३. उद् over, उद् the entrance of the sun into a sign.

उद् m. (-त्) 1. Leaping or passing over or beyond. 2. Exceeding, transgression. ३. उद् before उद् to go, उद् aff.

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) 1. Passed over or beyond, jumped across. 2. Exceeded, transgressed. ३. उद् before उद् to go, उद् aff.

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) 1. To be crossed, to be passed over or beyond. 2. To be disregarded or neglected. ३. उद् before उद् to go, and उद् aff.

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) Refractory, rebellious, disobedient. ३. उद् and उद् order. [उद् aff.]

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) Shaking, trembling. ३. उद् much, उद् to tremble,

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) 1. Shaking, trembling. 2. Moving irregularly or convulsively. ३. उद् before उद् to tremble, affix उद्.

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) Shaken, trembling, agitated. ३. उद् much, उद् to tremble, affix उद्.

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) 1. Bright, shining. 2. Sporting, merry, happy. 3. Going out, issuing. ३. उद् before उद् to shine, उद् aff.

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) 1. Brilliant, shining. 2. Sporting, wanton-  
ing. ३. उद् before उद् to shine, उद् aff.

उद् f. (-त्) 1. Splendor, brilliancy. 2. Mirth, happiness. 3. Going forth, issuing. ३. उद् what shines, उद् aff.

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) 1. Bright, splendid, shining. 2. Happy. 3. Eject-  
ed, brought to the top or surface. 4. Drawn up. ३. उद् before उद् to shine, उद् aff.

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) 1. Recovered from sickness, convalescent. 2. Dex-  
trous, clever, intelligent. 3. Pure. 4. Happy, delighted. ३. उद् much, उद् to be able, उद् aff.

उद् m. (-त्) Change of voice in grief, sickness, &c. ३. उद् implying  
alteration, उद् to speak, उद् aff.

उद् m. (-त्) 1. Joy, happiness. 2. Light, splendor. 3. Increase. 4. The  
division of a book, a chapter, a section. ३. उद् much, उद् to shine,  
&c. उद् aff.

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) Delighted, rejoicing. ३. उद् before उद् to shine,  
causal form, उद् aff.

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) 1. Painting, writing. 2. Making lines or  
streaks, above or on high. 3. Scratching, scraping. 4. Bearing,  
raising. ३. उद् before उद् to write, उद् aff.

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) 1. Thrown up, tossed. 2. Pared, made thin.  
3. Scraped, scratched. 4. Painted, delineated. 5. Written over or  
above. ३. उद् and उद् written.

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) Discriminated, distinguished, known. ३. उद्  
before उद् to mark, and उद् aff.

उद् n. (-त्) 1. Plucking out hair. 2. Cutting the hair. ३. उद् up,  
उद् to cut, उद् aff.

उद् m. (-त्) 1. Utterance, pronunciation. 2. Speaking. ३. उद् before  
उद् to write, उद् aff.

उद् n. (-त्) 1. Raising up, elevating. 2. Vomiting. 3. Digging.  
4. Scraping, paring. 5. Uttering, utterance. 6. Writing, painting.  
३. उद् before उद् to write, &c. उद् aff.

उद् m. (-त्) An awning, a canopy. ३. उद् above, उद् to see, उद् aff.

उद् m. (-त्) A surge, a large wave or billow. ३. उद् up, उद् to be  
furious, उद् affix, and उद् becomes उद्.

उद् n. (-त्) 1. The womb. 2. The embryo. 3. The membranes investing  
the fetus. 4. A cavity. ३. उद् to accumulate, उद् Una'di affix, and  
उद् becomes उद्.

उद् mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) 1. Apparent, evident. 2. Much, exceeding. n. (-त्)  
An excess of either of the humors of the body, bile, phlegm or  
wind. ३. उद् up, उद् to join, denis. irr.

उद् r. 6th cl. (उद्ने) To be straight: see उद्.

उद mfn. (-उद-उदी-उः) Inauspicious, (as discourse.) ३. उद् to burn, उद् part. affix; also उद्व.  
 उद्व m. (-उः) A name of SURYA, regent of the planet Venus. ३. उद् to wish, उद्वि Unā'di aff.  
 उद्वि m. (-उः) 1. Fire. 2. Ghee or boiled butter. ३. उद् to wish, Unā'di affix उद्, and उ changed to उ  
 उदी f. (-दी) Wish, desire. ३. उद् to wish, उ Unā'di aff.  
 उदीवर m. (-रः) 1. The name of a country, (Candahar.) 2. A king, the father of Sivi. ३. उदी desire, उर a man.  
 उदीर m. (-रः) The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) f. (-री) A sort of grass, a small sort of Saccharum. ३. उद् to desire, उदीर Unā'di affix; also with उद् added उदीरव.  
 उद्व १. 1st cl. (वीवति) To burn. (उः) उद्व (वीवति) To kill or injure : with उ prefixed, this root makes वीवति, &c.  
 उव m. (-वः) 1. Early morning, dawn, day-break. 2. A libidinous man. 3. Bdelium. 4. Saline earth. f. (-वा) 1. A cow. 2. Burning, scorching. 3. A proper name, the wife of ANIRUDD'HA. 4. Night. 5. A pot; also उवत. ind. The end of night or day-break, ३. उद् to burn, उ affix and fem. do उव; the affix of the particle is वा.  
 उवच n. (-च) Black pepper. f. (-वा) 1. Long pepper. 2. Ghai, (Piper chavya.) 3. Dried ginger. ३. उद् to burn, उवच aff.  
 उवन् mfn. (-उवन्-उदी-उः) Inauspicious, (as discourse :) see उवन्.  
 उवप m. (-पः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. ३. उद् to burn, उवप aff.  
 उवच m. (-चः) Fire. ३. उवच dawn, उव् to know, उव aff.  
 उवन् n. (-वः) 1. The dawn, morning. f. (-दी) The end of the day, twilight. ३. उद् to burn, उवन् Unā'di aff.  
 उवन् mfn. (-उवन्-उदी-उः) Belonging to the dawn. ३. उवन् and उ aff.  
 उवचक m. (-कः) A cock. ३. उवच dawn, उव् to sound, उवच aff.  
 उवचपदि m. (-दिः) A name of ANIRUDD'HA, the son of KAMADIVA. ३. उवच and पदि a lord, a master; the husband of USHA.  
 उवचरमच m. (-चः) ANIRUDD'HA : see the preceding. ३. उवच and रमच a husband, &c.  
 उवित mfn. (उः-ता-तः) 1. Stale. 2. Burnt. 3. Quick, expeditious. 4. Fixed, remaining in or on. 5. Inhabited, dwelt. ३. उद् to burn, or उव् to abide, affix उव.  
 उवितवदीन mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Formerly inhabited by cattle. ३. उवित inhabited, नदीन appertaining to cattle, from नो with उव् affix : see उवितवदीन.  
 उवितव ind. Having resided in. ३. उव् to abide, उव aff.  
 उदीर m. (-रः) The root of the Andropogon muricatum. ३. उद् to desire, उदीर affix, उ becomes उः see उदीर. [उवचपति.  
 उदीर m. (-रः) A name ANIRUDD'HA. ३. उवच and उदीर lord, husband; see उवच.  
 उव mfn. (-उव-उदी-उः) Fit to be dressed in a pot, or boiled, (meat, &c.) ३. उवच a pot, उव affix; also उवच.  
 उव m. (-वः) 1. A camel. 2. A cart, a vehicle of burthen. f. (-दी) or (वा) An earthen vessel. 2. A she camel. ३. उद् to burn, and उद् Unā'di affix, fem. affix उदी or उव with उव inserted.  
 उवचदी f. (-दी) A flower of a red colour.  
 उवचदी mfn. (-दी-उदी-उः) Making a noise like a camel. ३. उव and उद् to cry, उव aff.  
 उवचदी n. (-दी) A pair of camel. ३. उव and उदी a couple.  
 उवचदी m. (-वः) Hemorrhoids. ३. उव and उदी the neck.  
 उवचपुष्पिका f. (-का) A tree.  
 उवचपुष्पिका f. (-का) Arabian jessmin. ३. उव and उवच a foot : from the shape of its flowers.  
 उवचन n. (-नः) A camel litter, a vehicle drawn or borne by camels. ३. उवच and उवच a carriage.  
 उवचदीर m. (-रः) Piles, hemorrhoids, bleeding piles. ३. उवच a camel, उवच head, and उवच what has.  
 उव mfn. (-उव-उदी-उः) 1. Hot, warm. 2. Rancid, acid. 3. Sharp, active.

4. Impetuous, warm, passionate. m. (-वः) 1. The hot season, (June and July.) 2. Heat, warmth. 3. Sanshuie. 4. An onion. 5. A sigh. f. (-वा) 1. Consumption. 3. Bile. ३. उद् to burn, उव aff.  
 उवच mfn. (-उव-उदी-उः) 1. Sharp, smart, active. 2. Suffering pain. 2. Bent, inclining, stooping. 4. Warming, heating. m. (-वः) 1. The hot season, two months about June and July. 2. Revolving, turning round. ३. उव added to the preceding.  
 उवच f. (-वा) Heat, warmth. ३. उव added to उव; also with उ, उवच.  
 उवचदी f. (-दी) The river of hell. ३. उव hot, उदी a river.  
 उवचमि m. (-मिः) The sun. ३. उव and उवच a ray.  
 उवचरच m. (-चः-चः) An umbrella or parasol, a Ch'hattah. ३. उव heat, and उ to screen, affix उव.  
 उवचव m. (-वः) 1. Hot vapour, steam. 2. Tears. ३. उव and उवच vapour.  
 उवचदी m. (-दी) 1. The gangetic porpoise. 2. Any hot or pungent substance. ३. उव heat, उदी power, strength.  
 उवचि m. (-चिः) The sun. ३. उव and उवच a ray.  
 उवचन m. (-नः) The hot season, consisting of two months, about June and July. ३. उव heat, and उवच arrival.  
 उवचमि m. (-मिः) The hot season, as above. ३. उव and उवचमि approach.  
 उवचु mfn. (-उव-उदी-उः) Suffering from heat. ३. उव and उवच aff.  
 उवचस m. (-सः) The cold season. ३. उव warmth, उवच intolerant.  
 उवचि f. (-वा) Rice gruel. ३. उव warm (rice), उव aff.  
 उवचि f. (-चिः) A verse of four lines, each line being of seven syllables : it is used chiefly in the Vedas, ३. उव prefixed to उवच to be unctuous or bland, उव aff.  
 उवचि m. (-वः-वः) 1. A turban. 2. A diadem. 3. A distinguishing cognate mark. ३. The curly hair with which a Buddha is born, and which indicates his future sanctity. ३. उव heat, उव to oppose or injure, उव aff.  
 उवचवचि mfn. (-री-रिची-रि) Turbaned. ३. उवचि and उवचि who wears.  
 उवचदी n. (-दी) Warm or hot water. ३. उव and उवच water.  
 उवचपम m. (-मः) The hot season, summer. ३. उव, उवच arrival.  
 उव m. (-वः) 1. The hot season, (June and July.) 2. Spring, (April and May.) 3. Heat. 4. Anger, warmth of temper. 5. Ardor, eagerness. ३. उद् to burn, उव affix; also with उव affix उवच, also उव and उवच.  
 उव m. (-वा) 1. The hot season. 2. Heat. ३. उद् to burn, and उव aff.  
 उवच m. (-वाः) A heavenly spirit of an inferior order.  
 उवचम m. (-मः) The sun. ३. उव and उवच what shines.  
 उवचदी m. (-दी) A vapour bath. ३. उव and उवच sweat.  
 उवचन m. (-नः) The hot season : see उवचन.  
 उव m. (-वः) 1. A bull. 2. A ray of light. f. (-वा) 1. A cow. 2. A plant, (Anthericum tuberosum, Rox.) ३. उव to dwell, उव Unā'di aff.  
 उवचपन m. (-चः) INDRA.  
 उव १. 1st cl. (उव) उवचि (वीवति) or (उव) उवचि (उवचि) 1. To hurt or give pain. 2. To kill, to destroy. With उि and उव pre. to destroy, to remove.  
 उवचन m. (-नः) The name of a country.

उ

उ The sixth vowel of the Sanskrit alphabet, corresponding to U long, and having the sound of that letter in the word rule.  
 उ ind. 1. An incipient particle. 2. An interjection of compassion. 3. Of regard. m. (उः) The moon. ३. उ to go, उ affix, उ becomes उ.  
 उ mfn. (-उ-उदी-उः) 1. Married. 2. Carried as load or burthen. f. (-दी) A bride, a wife espoused according to the ritual. ३. उ to bear, उ aff.  
 उवचप m. (-वः-वः) Armed, mailed. ३. उव horse, उवच armour.

कर्म mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Woven. ३. वस् to weave, affix न.  
 कर्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Preserving, protecting. 2. Sewing, weaving. 3. Distilling. 4. Speed. 5. Sport, play. ३. वस् to weave, &c. affix क्ति.  
 कर्म mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Produced from the udder, milk, &c. ३. कर्म, यत्-  
 affix, and न substituted for न.  
 कर्म n. (-तः) An udder. ३. वस् to bear, कर्ति affix, deriv. irr.  
 कर्म n. (-तः) Milk. ३. कर्म and यत् aff.  
 कर्म r. 10th cl. (क) कर्म (कर्मयति) 1. To deduct or lessen. 2. To mete out in small quantities. 3. To measure.  
 कम mfn. (-तः मा-तं) Less in number, size or degree, as fewer, smaller, inferior, &c. ३. कम to deduct, &c. affix क.  
 कम ind. An interjection of, 1. Interrogation. 2. Anger. 3. Reproach. abuse. 4. Arrogance. n. (म) A city. ३. कर् to preserve, &c. मन् Una'di aff.  
 कर्म r. 1st cl. (क) कर्म (कर्मन्) To sew, to weave.  
 कररी ind. 1. A particle of assent. 2. Of expansion. ३. कर् to sew, &c. कररी affix. see कररी.  
 करम्य m. (-यः) A man of the third cast or tribe, the merchant or husbandman, the Vaiśya. ३. कर a thigh, and यत् affix; being born from the thigh of BRAHMA.  
 करी ind. A particle of, 1. Assent. 2. Of expansion: see कररी.  
 करीकृत mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Promised. 2. Expanded. ३. करी and कृत made: see करीकृत.  
 करम m. (-तः) The thigh. ३. कर् to cover, क aff.  
 करमनि f. (-निः) Weakness of the thigh. ३. कर and निनि debility.  
 करम m. (-तः) A Vaiśya or man of the third tribe. ३. कर and ज born: from the thigh of BRAHMA.  
 करदन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) As high as the thigh ३. कर and दन् affix; also करदन् and करमान, with यत् affix and माय् affix.  
 करपथं n. (-थः) The knee. ३. कर and पथं a joint.  
 कररी ind. A particle of, 1. Promise. 2. Of expansion: see कररी.  
 करमन् m. (-तः) 1. Paralysis of the lower extremities. 2. Rheumatism of the thigh. f. (म) The plantain tree. ३. कर and मन् a post.  
 कर्म f. (कर्म) Strength, vigour. ३. कर्म to be strong, क्ति aff.  
 कर्म r. 10th cl. (कर्मयति) 1. To be strong. 2. To live.  
 कर्म m. (-तः) 1. The month Kartik, (Oct.-Nov.) 2. Effort, exertion. 3. Power, strength. 4. Breath, breathing. 5. Procreative power. n. (म) Water. ३. कर्म to live, क aff.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Strong, vigorous. ३. कर्म and मन् affix, with न inserted.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Strong, powerful. ३. कर्म strength, वल् affix, and न inserted.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Very strong. n. (-तिः) Speaking of any thing with disdain, (a figure of rhetoric.) ३. कर्म and निनि affix, न inserted.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Powerful, mighty, great, excellent. 2. Exceeding, much. ३. कर्म to be strong, क aff.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Spirited, magnanimous. ३. कर्मन् great, कर्मन् receptacle.  
 कर्मन् m. (-तः) A spider. ३. कर्म wool, नाभि the navel, क affix; also कर्मन्, the final being retained.  
 कर्म f. (-तः) 1. Wool, felt, &c., the hair of sheep, deer, camels, &c. 2. A circle of the hair between the eye-brows, considered as a token of greatness. ३. कर्म to cover, क and दाप् affix.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Woolen, made of wool. ३. कर्म and यत् aff.  
 कर्मन् m. (-तः) 1. A woollen blanket. 2. A ram. 3. A spider. ३. कर्म wool, वृत् aff.  
 कर्म r. 2nd cl. (क) कर्म (कर्मन् कर्मन्ति or कर्मन्ति) To cover, hide, conceal, &c. with क prefixed प्रीति.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Covered. ३. कर्म and क aff.

कर्म m. (-तः) 1. A hero, a champion. 2. A Rakshasa, a god. ३. कर्म to be strong, दन् Una'di affix; क is dropped.  
 कर्म mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Above, upper. 2. High, elevated. 3. Abandoned. see कर्म.  
 कर्म m. (-तः) A kind of drum: see कर्म.  
 कर्म mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Above, superior, upper. 2. High. 3. Abandoned. 4. After, subsequent. ३. कर्म substituted for कर्म above, कर्म to leave, and कर्म affix, or with कर्म only. कर्म.  
 कर्म m. (-तः) A kind of drum. ३. कर्म or कर्म up, and कर्म what sounds; from its making a loud noise, or being elevated in playing; also कर्म.  
 कर्मन् m. (-तः) The upper part of the body. ३. कर्म and कर्म body.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Going up or above; ascending, hovering. ३. कर्म and न what goes; also कर्मन्ति, &c.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Gone up, risen, ascended. ३. कर्म, गत gone.  
 कर्मन् f. (-तिः) Ascent, elevation. ३. कर्म and गति going.  
 कर्मन् n. (-तः) The city of HARISCHANDRA, who with his subjects is supposed to be suspended in the atmosphere. ३. कर्मन् going above, and प्र a city: see हरिचन्द्रपुर.  
 कर्मन् m. (-तः) Upward motion of any kind. ३. कर्म and गति going; also कर्मन्ति.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Supine, heels upwards. ३. कर्म and वल् the foot; also कर्मन्ति, &c.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Thick-kneed, long-shanked. 2. Sitting on the hams. ३. कर्म high, large, कर्म the knee, and with कर्म added कर्मन्ति.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Thick kneed: see the preceding. ३. कर्म and न substituted for कर्म; also कर्मन्.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) See the preceding.  
 कर्मन् n. (-तः) Height, elevation. ३. कर्म added to कर्म; also with कर्म कर्मन्ति.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Looking up or upwards. ३. कर्म and दृष्टि sight.  
 कर्मन् m. (-तः) A name of VISHNU. ३. कर्म superior, and दैव deity.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Exalted, elevated. ३. कर्म upper, दन् to tame कर्म aff.  
 कर्मन् n. (-तः) 1. Causing to ascend. 2. Sublimation. ३. कर्म and पाद Causing to go.  
 कर्मन् n. (-तः) A sacrificial vessel. ३. कर्म and पाद a vessel.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Heels upwards. m. (-तः) A fabulous animal with eight legs. ३. कर्म superior, exceeding, पाद a foot.  
 कर्मन् m. (-तः) A perpendicular line on the forehead made with Sandal, &c. a Vaishnava mark. ३. कर्म above, पृष्ठ a similar mark.  
 कर्मन् m. (-तः) An ascetic, one who holds his arms above his head constantly till they are fixed in that position. ३. कर्म and कर्म the arm.  
 कर्मन् m. (-तः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. Of BRAHMA. 3. A description of saint, one who lives in perpetual chastity. ३. कर्म up, above, and रितस् semen virile. [organ]  
 कर्मन् m. (-तः) A name of SIVA. ३. कर्म and कर्म the generative कर्मन्ति. [organ]  
 कर्मन् m. (-तः) Swarga, the heaven of INDRA or paradise. ३. कर्म and लोक a world; the world above.  
 कर्मन् m. (-तः) The atmosphere, heaven. ३. कर्म above, and वल् path. [win]  
 कर्मन् m. (-तः) The wind in the upper part of the body. ३. कर्म and कर्मन्ति.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Put on, above or over the head. ३. कर्म and कर्मन्.  
 कर्मन् n. (-तः) Vomiting. ३. कर्म and कर्मन् purifying.  
 कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Above, superior, placed on high; also कर्मन् mfn. (-तः ता-तं) ३. कर्म and कर्म what stays or is.  
 कर्मन् f. (-तिः) 1. A horse's back, the part where the rider sits. Elevation, superiority, ३. कर्म above, and कर्मन् staying.



**अजीवः** f. (-ः) The name of a vegetable, (*Momordica charantia*) n. **अजीवः** thrown : raised above other fruits.

**अजीवः** m. (-ः) or f. only, (-ः) 1. A wave. 2. A current, the flowing of water. 3. A fold or plait in a garment. 4. A Light, manifestation. 5. Speed, velocity. 6. Mental suffering, distress, uneasiness. 7. Pain. 8. Missing, regretting. 9. Human infirmity, as grief, illusion, hunger, thirst, decay, death. 10. Association. 11. Number, quantity. n. **अजी** to go, नि Un'adi affix, **अ** substituted for the initial letter.

**अजीवा** f. (-वा) 1. A finger-ring. 2. A plait or fold in a garment. 3. A wave. 4. Regret, sorrowing for any thing lost. 5. The buzzing of a bee. n. As the preceding, **अज्** &c. added.

**अजीवन्** mfn. (-वान्-जती-वन्) 1. Crooked. 2. Wavy, billowy. n. **अजी** a wave, and **जप्** poss. aff. [added.]

**अजीवता** f. (-ता) 1. Undulation. 2. Crookedness. n. **अजीवन्** and **तज्**

**अजीवामिन्** m. (-मी) The ocean. n. **अजी** a wave, **मा** a necklace, and **मि** affix ; whose necklace is the surge.

**अजीरा** f. (-रा) Fertile soil, land bearing any and every crop : see **अजीरा**.

**अजीवन्** n. (-वन्) The thigh and knee. n. **अज** and **जनीवन्** the knee pass.

**अजीवी** f. (-वी) A nymph of Swarga : see **अजीवी**. Also written **अजीवी**.

**अजीव** n. (-व) A mushroom. n. **अजी** for **अजी** the earth, and **व** body : earth-born.

**अजी** f. (-जी) A kind of grass, (*Andropogon serratum* :) see **दीपतादक**. n. **अज्** to rain, **अज्** and **टाप्** affixes, **व** changed to **अ**.

**अज्** m. (-ः) An owl. n. **अज्** to be strong, and **अज्** affix ; **व** become **अ**.

**अज्** m. (-ः) A porpoise : see **अज्** and **अज्**.

**अज** r. 1st cl. (**अजति**) To be diseased or disordered.

**अज** m. (-जः) Salt-ground, soil impregnated with saline particles. n. (-जः) Dawn, day-break. f. (-जा) The wife of ANIRUNDHA. n. **अज्** to be or make sick, **अज्** affix, fem. **टाप्** ; see **अजा**.

**अज** n. (-जः) Dawn, day-break. n. As before, **अज्** added.

**अज** n. (-जः) Black pepper. f. (-जा) Long pepper : see **अज**.

**अज** mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रः) A spot with saline soil. n. **अज** such soil, **रज्** aff.

**अज** mfn. (-वान्-जती-वन्) Consisting of saline soil, (a place, &c.) n. **अज** and poss. affix **जप्**.

**अज** r. 1st cl. (**अजते**) To reason, to apprehend and infer : with **प्र** and **वि** to intermit ; with **वि**, to array in order of battle ; with **सम्** prefixed, (**सम्जति** or **-ते**) to assemble or to be assembled.

**अज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) 1. Reasoning. 2. Completing a defective sentence or verse, supplying an ellipsis. n. **अज्** to deliberate, **अज्** affix, or with **सुट्** affix, **अज**.

**अज** n. (-नः) Reasoning, inferring, concluding. n. **अज्** to deliberate, affix **सुट्**.

**अजनी** f. (-नी) A broom. n. **अज्** to carry, **अज्** and **जनी** affixes ; **व** is changed to **अ**.

**अजिन्** mfn. (-जी-जनी-जि) 1. Who or what reasons. 2. Who or what assembles. f. (-जी) An assemblage, a collection. n. **अज** reasoning, **जि** aff.

**अज** mfn. (-जा-जा-जः) To be investigated, to be supplied. n. **अज्** to reason, **जप्** aff.

(the radical is changed to **अज** before an initial mute n.) r. 3rd cl. (**अजति**) To go ; (some confine this root to the Vedas.) r. 5th cl. (**अजति**) To kill, to injure ; also **अज**.

**अज** n. (-जः) 1. Wealth, possessions, property. 2. Gold. n. **अज्** to praise, **अज्** Un'adi aff.

**अज** mfn. (-जः) Receiving or inheriting property. n. **अज** wealth and **अज** taking.

**अज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) Who inherits or takes property. m. (-जः) inheriting or receiving property. n. **अज** and **अज्** to take, with **अज्** affix ; also with **जि**, **अज** and **जि** mfn. (-जी-जनी-जि)

**अज** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Accumulated, added, (as property.) n. **अज** wealth and **जत** produced.

**अज** m. (-गः) 1. Division of property, inheritance, partition. 2. A share. n. **अज** property and **भा** division.

**अज** mfn. (-जी-जनी-जि) An heir, a coheir, inheriting or sharing property. n. **अज** and **भा** who shares

**अज** mfn. (-रः-री-रः) An heir, a coheir. n. **अज** and **रज** who takes.

**अज** mfn. (-री-रिजी-रि) An heir, inheriting or sharing property. n. **अज** and **रज** who takes.

**अज** m. (-तः) A hundred texts. n. **अज** a prayer, and **त** a century.

**अज** f. (-ता) The collection of the prayers and hymns of the Rik Veda. n. **अज** and **संहिता** compendium.

**अज** r. 5th cl. (**अजति**) To kill, to hurt or seek to hurt.

**अज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) Pierced, cut, divided. m. (-जः-जः) A star, a constellation. m. (-जः) 1. A mountain in the peninsula, the temporary residence of RAMA. 2. A bear. 3. A plant, (*Bignonia Indica*.) n. **अज** to go, Un'adi affix **सु**, the radical final then becomes **अ**, and **स** becomes **व** ; and **अ** and **व** form the compound letter **अज**.

**अज** f. (-जा) 1. A kind of potherb, (*Convolvulus argenteus*.) 2. Another sort, (*Convolvulus paniculatus*.) n. **अज** a bear, and **अज** smell, smelling like a bear.

**अज** f. (-जा) A kind of potherb, (*Convolvulus paniculatus*, the pale sort :) see the preceding. n. As before, **अज** added.

**अज** n. (-रः) A shower, a stream. m. (-रः) A family priest. n. **अज** to go, and **सु** Un'adi affix : see the derivation of **अज**.

**अज** m. (-नः) Observing or seeing the stars. n. **अज** and **विभा** noticing.

**अज** m. (-जः) The moon. n. **अज** a star, **रज** lord.

**अज** m. (-रिः) Offering worship to the planets and stars. n. **अज** and **रि** worship.

**अज** n. (-रः) The Rich or Rik Veda, the first of the four Vedas. n. **अज** and **वेद** a Veda.

**अज** m. (-रिन्-रि-रि) A Brahman familiar with the Rik Veda. n. **अज** and **रि** who knows.

**अज** r. 6th cl. (**अजति**) 1. To praise. 2. To cover, to screen.

**अज** f. (**अज**) 1. Rik or Rig Veda, one of the four principal religious books of the Hindus. 2. A stanza of a prayer or hymn of the Rig Veda. 3. A mantra, a magical invocation, a mystical prayer. n. **अज** to praise, affix **जि**, celebrating the praises of the gods.

**अज** n. (-जः) A frying pan. m. (-जः) A hell. n. **अज** to fry, **रि** affix, **व** substituted for **अ** ; also **अज**.

**अज** r. 6th cl. (**अजति**) 1. To go, to move. 2. To fall in faculties. 3. To become hard or stiff, to congeal. 4. To incur.

**अज** f. (-रा) A harlot, a courtesan. n. **अज** to go, **अज** Un'adi affix, and **टाप्** for the fem.

**अज** r. 1st cl. (**अजते**) 1. To go. 2. To stand or be firm. 3. To be strong. 4. To acquire, to gain or earn. 5. To live. With a prefix ending in **व**, the radical vowel is changed to **अज**, as in the pass. voice, (**अजति**) (**अज**) (**अजते**) To fry.

**अज** m. (-जः) 1. INDRA. 2. Smoke. n. **अज** and **जि** Un'adi aff.

- अजीव n. (-वः)** 1. A frying pan. 2. A hell. **अज्** to fry, **अज्** Unā'di affix : see **अजीव**.
- अजु mfn. (-जु-जु-जः)** 1. Straight. 2. Straight metaphorically, as in morals, upright, honest. **अज्** to go, affix **जु**. [body.]
- अजुनाय m. (-नः)** A name of the saint KASYAPA. **अज्** straight, **नाय** affix.
- अजुता f. (-ता)** 1. Uprightness, sincerity. 2. Straightness. **अज्** with **त** affix ; also with **ल**, **अजुल**.
- अजुतरय n. (-यः)** Straightening. **अज्** and **करय** making ; the vowel lengthened.
- अजुतत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** Made straight. **अज्** and **त** made ; the vowel lengthened.
- अज् m. (-जः)** A leader. **अज्** to go, **अज्** Unā'di aff.
- अजुलान m. (-नः)** A cloud. **अज्** to go, **अजुल** Unā'di aff.
- अज् r. 8th cl. (अज्)** **अजु** (अजोति or अजुते, अजोति or अजुते) To go ; according to some it is **अज्**.
- अज् n. (-जः)** 1. Debt. 2. A fort, a strong hold. 3. (In algebra.) Negative quantity, minus. **अज्** to go, **ज** affix, deriv. irr.
- अजुवद mfn. (-नो-वो-दः)** Getting into debt, indebted. **अज्** and **वद** who makes. [seized.]
- अजुवद mfn. (-नः-जा-नः)** Indebted, involved in debt. **अज्** and **वद** who makes.
- अजुवद m. (-दः)** 1. Borrowing. 2. A borrower. **अज्** and **वद** taking.
- अजुवद mfn. (-नो-वि-वो-दः)** Borrowing, a borrower. **अज्** and **वद** who takes.
- अजुवद mfn. (-नो-वो-दः)** One who pays a debt. **अज्** and **वद** who gives. Also **अजुवद mfn. (-दः-वा-दः)** and **अजुवद mfn. (-नो-वि-वो-दः)**.
- अजुदान n. (-नः)** Payment of debt. **अज्** and **दान** giving.
- अजुमत्तुच m. (-चः)** A security, a bail. **अज्** debt, **मत्तुच** an insect.
- अजुमार्ग m. (-चः)** A security. **अज्** debt, **मार्ग** to cleanse, in the causal, and **जुट्** affix.
- अजुमुक्ति f. (-क्तिः)** Discharge of a debt. **अज्** and **मुक्ति** emancipation.
- अजुनीच m. (-चः)** Paying a debt. **अज्** and **नीच** released.
- अजुवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्)** Owning, in debt. **अज्** and **वत्** aff.
- अजुमोचन n. (-नः)** Payment or discharge of a debt. **अज्** and **मोचन** purifying.
- अजुदान n. (-नः)** Recovery of a debt, receipt of money, &c. lent. It is one of the eighteen titles or subjects of judicial procedure. **अज्** and **दान** receiving.
- अजुनाय m. (-नः)** The planet MARS. **अज्**, **न** end, and **ज** affix of agency : being the patron of debtors.
- अजुपनयन n. (-नः)** Discharge of a debt. **अज्** and **पनयन** removing.
- अजुपनीदन n. (-नः)** Payment of a debt. **अज्** and **पनीदन** removing.
- अजुपाकरय n. (-यः)** Paying off a debt. **अज्** and **पाकरय** acquittance.
- अजुकि m. (-कः)** A debtor. **अज्** debt, **कु** aff.
- अजुकि mfn. (-नो-वि-वो-कि)** 1. Indebted. 2. Of or belonging to a debt. **म.** (की) A debtor. **अज्** and **कि** aff.
- अजुदोषण n. (-णः)** Recovering a debt in any way from the creditor, by friendly or legal proceedings, by stratagem, or by arrest. **अज्** and **दोषण** taking.
- अज् r. 6th cl. (अजति)** 1. To go. 2. To have power. 3. To domineer. 4. To hate.
- अज् mfn. (-नः-ता-तः)** 1. Gone. 2. Enlightened, luminous. 3. Worshipped, respected. 4. True. **n. (-तः)** 1. Gleaning. 2. Water. 3. Truth. **अज्** to go, affix **ज**.
- अजुवामन् m. (-मन्)** A name of VISHNU. **अज्** luminous, **वामन्** abode ; whose residence is brilliant.
- अजुव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Seasonable, in season, relating to a season. **अज्** and **व** aff.
- अजि f. (-तिः)** 1. Prosperity, felicity. 2. A road, a way. 3. Abuse, censure, reproach. 4. Envy, emulation. 5. Going, motion. 6. Ill fortune. **अज्** and **जि** aff.

**अजिह्व mfn. (-ह्वः-ह्वः)** Propitious, fortunate. **अजि** and **ह्व** what makes.

**अजीवा f. (-वा)** 1. Censure, reproach, (according to some) 2. Abuse. **अज्** Sautra root, to abuse, **अज्** affix, **वा** aff.

**अजु m. (-जुः)** 1. A season, (the Hindu year is divided into six seasons, each consisting of two months.) 2. The menstrual evacuation. 3. The time favourable for procreation, or sixteen days in each month. 4. A month. 5. A kind of collyrium. 6. Light. **अज्** to go, **जु** Unā'di aff.

**अजुकाय m. (-यः)** 1. The duration of a season. 2. The period of menstruation. 3. The period favourable for procreation, sixteen days in each month. **अज्** and **काय** time.

**अजुमय m. (-यः)** The seasons collectively. **अज्** and **मय** a class.

**अजुपथ्याय m. (-यः)** The revolution of the season. **अज्** and **पथ्याय** revolution.

**अजुप्राप्त mfn. (-नः-प्राप्तः)** Fruitful, fertile, &c. productive in due season. **अज्** season, and **प्राप्त** attained.

**अजुमती f. (-ती)** A woman during menstruation. **अज्**, **मत्तुप** aff.

**अजुमति m. (-तिः)** A year. **अज्** a season, **मति** being.

**अजुप्राप्त m. (-प्राप्तः)** Spring. **अज्** and **प्राप्त** king.

**अजुविश्व n. (-वः)** 1. A sign of the season. 2. A symptom of menstruation. **अज्** and **विश्व** a mark.

**अजुमति f. (-तिः)** The interval or junction between two seasons : the last seven days of one season and the first seven of the next. **अज्** and **मति** union. [suitableness.]

**अजुसामा n. (-मा)** Diet, &c. suited to the season. **अज्** and **सामा**

**अजुवाता f. (-ता)** A woman who has bathed after menstruation. **अज्** and **वाता** bathed.

**अज् ind.** Besides, except. **अज्** Sautra root, to except, **अज्** aff.

**अजोति f. (-तिः)** Speaking truth. **अज्** and **जोति** saying.

**अजुन m. (-नः)** The close of a season. 2. The termination of menstruation. **अज्** and **न** term.

**अजुविश्व m. (-विश्वः)** 1. A domestic chaplain, a family priest. **अज्** a season, **विश्व** to worship, affix **जिन्**, deriv. irr.

**अज् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Prosperous, thriving, rising, &c. **n. (-वः)** 1. Stored grain. 2. A demonstrated conclusion, a distinct result. **अज्** to grow, &c. affix **ज**.

**अजि f. (-तिः)** 1. A medicinal plant ; also **जिह्व**. 2. Increase, growth. 3. Fortune, prosperity. 4. A name of the goddess PARVATI. **अज्** to grow, &c., **जिन्** aff.

**अजिह्व mfn. (-मन्-मती-मन्)** Rich, prosperous. **अज्** and **मत्तुप** aff.

**अज् r. 4th cl. (अज्)** **अजु** (अजति) To increase, to grow, to flourish, to prosper. **r. 5th cl. (अजति)** 1. To increase, &c. 2. To augment or make increase. 3. To please.

**अज् r. 6th cl. (अजति)** To injure, to kill ; also **रिज्**.

**अजु m. (-जुः)** 1. A deity. 2. A divinity of a particular order. **अज्** the mother of the gods, **जु** to be, **जु** affix ; also **रिज्**.

**अजुम m. (-मः)** 1. A name of INDRA. 2. INDRA's heaven or paradise. 3. The thunderbolt of INDRA. **अज्** a deity, **जि** to waste, to go, **जि** aff.

**अजुमिन् m. (-मिन्)** INDRA. **अज्** and **प्राप्त**, &c. **रिज्** aff.

**अज् r. 6th cl. (अजति)** To injure, to kill ; also **रिज्**.

**अजुम m. (-मः)** The painted or white-footed antelope. **अज्** to go, **म** affix ; also **अज्** and **रिज्**.

**अज् r. 1st cl. (अजति)** To take, to receive, to choose. (रिज्) **अज्** r. 6th cl. (अजति) To go, to approach.

**अजुम m. (-मः)** 1. (In composition,) best, excellent. 2. A bull. 3. A dried plant, one of the eight principal medicaments. 4. The second of the seven notes of the Hindu gamut, in abbreviation, **रि**. 5. The first of the twenty-four principal Jinas or Jaina saints. 6. The hollow of the air. 7. The name of a mountain. 8. A crocodile.

dile's tail. 2. A bear's tail. 1. (-off) 1. A masculine woman, a woman with a beard, etc. 2. A widow. 3. Cowpea, (*Carpopogon prariensis*.)

॥ ॐ नमो भगवते वासुदेवाय ॥

वृषभ-रत्न म. (वृ.) A name of SIVA. २. A Jaina saint. ३. वृषभ and वृषभ a sign : he whose symbol is a bull.

ॐ m. (—) A Rishi or sanctified personage so called : there are seven orders of these saints, as the Srutarishi, Kandarishi, Paramarishi, Maharishi, Rajarishi, Brahmarishi and Devarishi : the uncompounded name is especially applied to seven sages, of the Brahmarishi order, cotemporary with each MANU ; those of the present Manwantara, are MANICHI, ATRI, ANGIRAS, PULASTYA, PULI and KRATU and VASISTHA : the names of each series differ : specified also form, in astrology, the asterism of the greater bear : the Rishi of a Mantra or mystic prayer in the Ved. s, is the saint by whom it is supposed to have been remembered or recited. 2. A Veda. 3. A ray of light. 4. A saint or sanctified sage in general. f. (—) The wife of a Rishi. s. ॐ to go, ॐ Una'di affix, fem. affix ॐ ; who goes beyond the limits of earthly life and wisdom.

सवित्रा f. (-त्वा) A river. स. सवि a saint, कुत्वा an artificial canal ; a canal made by the saints.

सुविनय m. (-यः) A company or number of sages. न. सुवि and यय a number.

अविद्याकाल m. (-कः) See the next.

सर्पिर्वाङ्गुली f. (-वा) A potheb, (*Convolvulus argenteus* :) see इन्दाउक.

B. कृषि and वाणिज्यिक : dealer in antidotes, affix कृषि.

कृषिप्रोक्ता f. (-क्ता) A plant : see माधवपर्वी. B. कृषि, प्रोक्ता mentioned.

सवित्रम् m. (-ऋः). The study of Scripture, इ. सवि a sage, and वज्र sacrifice.

अवोह mfn. (-ह-ह-हं) Bearing or conveying a Rishi. इ. अवि and व  
what bears, the final made long.

सटि f. (-टिः) A sword. म. कष. to go, affix लिंग.

स्य m. (-चः) The painted or white-footed antelope. n. (-चः) A sort of leprosy. ३. स्यच् to go, स्यप् affix : also स्यम्, रिम्.

अथ केतु म. (-तः) A name of ANIRUDDHA the son of KANDARPA. इ अथ  
 and केतु a sign; having a deer for his symbol : some read this  
 रिश केतु, and others अमरकेतु, अथकेतम, रिथकेतु, &c.

अप्यमता f. (ता) A plant, (*Asparagus racemosus*.) E. अशि and अ before  
गत gone.

अथगन्धा f. (-न्धा) A potherb, (*Convolvulus argenteus*;) see उद्गताङ्गुल. ३.  
 कवि, क priv. and गन्ध smell.

अक्षयिण n. (-इ) A sort of leprosy. इ. अक्षय the deer and शिखा the tongue ;  
to which the blotches are compared.

चयमोक्षा f. (-क्षा) 1. Cowach, (*Carpopogon pruriens.*) 2. *Asparagus racemosus.* 3. Sida, (*cordifolia* and *rhombifolia.*) न. See चयिमोक्षा,

दक्षिण म. (-कः) A mountain in the Dakshin, the temporary abode of  
RAMA with the monkey-chief SUGRIVA. दक्ष a deer, मूख dumb.

मरिच म. (-रः) The name of a holy sage celebrated in the first book of the Ramayana.

\* The long vowel corresponding to the short one preceding, and having the sound of RI long.

५ र. ९th cl. (कि) (अधीति) To go or move.

५. (६) १. The mother of the gods. 2. Also of the demons. 3. Recollection. m. (म) १. A name of BHAIṢAṬA. 2. An Asura or demon. 3. The ascent. 4. Motion, going. ind. १. Locative particle. 2. An interjection of compassion. 3. Of reproach. 4. Of terror. 5. The mystical letter, used in the Tantras.

४ The ninth vowel of the Nagari Alphabet, having the power of *Li*, but more usually considered to be expressed by *Li* as in *Lily*.

aptote. 1. The divine nature. 2. The earth. 3. A mountain. ind. A mystical letter.

॥ The long vowel corresponding to the preceding short one, Lri or Lī.

५ apta, 1. A divine female. 2. The female nature. 3. A mother. m. (५): A name of Śiva. f. (५): 1 The mother of the demons. 2. The mother of the all-bestowing cow. ind. A mystical letter used once or repeatedly in many Mantras or mystical formulas. The letters ५ and ५ are employed in the same manner : they have apparently no signification, but are personified and invested with marvellous properties in the Tantras.

ॡ The eleventh vowel of the alphabet, corresponding to the letter E as pronounced in most languages except the English, and having the sound of A in amiable.

**y** ind. An interjection of, 1. Remembering, (ha.) 2. Censure or contempt. 3. Compassion, (ah ! ) 4. Addressing, (eb ! hey.) 5. Calling, (hey, ho.)

५ म. (-५:) A name of VISHNUR.

एक mfa. (-यः-का-कं) 1. One. 2. Alone, solitary. 3. Other, different 4  
Chief, pre-eminent. ५. एव to go, Una'di affix कय.

एकककधिन m. (-यी) A coheir. ३. एक one (father,) ककधिन heir.

एकक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Alone, solitary इ. एक one, &c. कन aff.

एककर mfn. (-र; रा-री-र) 1. Making one. 2. One-handed. 3. One-rayed.  
 n. एक and कर making, &c.

एक कार्य अनि. (- यः यी-यै) Performing the same office, answering the same end. ए. एक and कार्य not.

एककाल in. (-सः) One or the same time. ३. एक and काल time.

एककालभोजन n. (-न) Eating but one meal in any given time. उ. एककाल  
and भोजन food. ling to time.

एककालीन mfn. (नः-ना-न) Coeval, cotemporary अ. एक and कालीन relat-

एककुण्डलम्. (-लः) 1. A name of BALAKRĀMA. 2. An epithet of KURĀRA.  
E. एक and कुण्डलम् an ear-ring : wearing it in one ear.

एकबीर D. (-र) The milk of one (nurse, &c.) E. एक and बीर milk.

एकगुरु m. (-रुः) A spiritual brother, pupil of the same preceptor. न. एक and गुरु a religious preceptor ; also with कर्म added एकगुरुकर्म.

एकसामीच mfn. (-चा:-चाच) Of the same town or village. २. एक one, ग्रामीच villager.

एकवचन m. (-कः) The name of a city : see इण्डिय. न. एक, चक्र a circle.

एकचर infn. (-रः-रा-रौ-र) 1 Solitary, alone. 2. Having one follower. m.  
(-रः) A rhinoceros. इ. एक alone, and चर who goes.

एकचारिन् mfn. (-री-रिषी-रि) Going alone or with one follower only. m.  
 (-री) A follower of Budd'ha. इ. एक one. पर to go. चरिन् aff.

एकचित्त mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Thinking of one thing only, intent upon, absorbed in. 2. Of one mind, agreeing, concurring. न. एकचिन्ता, चित्तं चित्तं.

**एकवक्त्रम्** m. (-न्त्रः) 1. A king, a sovereign. 2. A Sudra. n. एक best or one, जन्म birth.

**एकजात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Of one parentage, born of the same parents. n. एक and जात born.

**एकजाति** mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) 1. Of the same caste. 2. Once born. m. (-तः) A Sudra. n. एक one, and जाति birth or caste: not being regenerated by investiture, &c.

**एकज्या** f. (-ज्या) 1. The chord of an arc. 2. Sine of 30° or of the radius. n. एक and ज्या a cord.

**एकतम** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) One of many. n. एक and तम affix of the superlative.

**एकतर** mfn. (-तः-रा-तं) 1. Either, one of two. 2. Other, different. n. एक and तर affix of the comparative.

**एकतल** ind. On one side, on one part. n. एक and तल aff. [n. (-तं)]

**एकता** f. (-ता) Unity, oneness. n. एक and ता aff. or with ल aff. एकल

**एकतान** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Closely attentive, having the mind fixed on one only object m. (-तः) Musical unison: see the next. n. एक, तन् to stretch or spread, ल aff.

**एकताल** m. (-तः) Harmony, unison, the accurate adjustment of song, dance, and instrumental music. f. (-ली) An instrument for heating time, any instrument having but one note. n. एक one, uniform, and ताल musical measure or time.

**एकतीर्थिन्** m. (-र्थी) A spiritual brother, an associate in religious offices or objects. n. एक one, the same, तीर्थ place of pilgrimage, नि aff.

**एकत्र** ind. Together, in one, in one place. n. एक and त्र aff.

**एकदंष्ट्र** m. (-दंष्ट्रः) A name of GANESA. n. एक and दंष्ट्र, a tooth, single toothed or tasked; the fellow being broken off in a scuffle by KANTIKESYA, or according to another legend by PARASURAMA; also एकदन्त. [a tooth.]

**एकदन्त** m. (-दन्तः) A name of GANESA: see the preceding. n. एक and दन्त

**एकदा** ind. At the same time, at once. n. एक and दा aff.

**एकदुःखसुख** mfn. (-दुःख-सुखं) Sympathizing, having the same joys and sorrows. n. एक, and दुःख pain, सुख pleasure.

**एकदृक्** mfn. (-दृक्) One-eyed. m. (-दृक्) 1. A name of MAHADRVA. 2. A crow. n. एक and दृक् an eye: SIVA is termed one-eyed, from the eye in his forehead.

**एकद्रुम** m. (-द्रुमः) A part, a portion, a division. n. एक and द्रुम place.

**एकदंष्ट्र** mfn. (-दंष्ट्रः-ता-तं) 1. Elegantly formed. 2. Single bodied. m. (-दंष्ट्रः) The planet MERCURY. n. एक best or one, and दंष्ट्र body.

**एकदा** ind. In one way. n. एक and दा aff.

**एकधुर** f. (-धुरः) A particular burthen or conveyance. n. एक and धुर a load.

**एकधुर** mfn. (-धुरः-रा-तं) Cattle for special burthen, fit for but one kind of labour. n. See एकधुरीय.

**एकधुरावह** mfn. (-धुरः-वा-हं) See the preceding. n. एक, धुर burthen, and वाह who bears.

**एकधुरीय** mfn. (-धुरः-वा-हं) Cattle of special burthen. n. एक, धुर a burthen, वा affix which leaves ह, or with व affix forming एकधुर.

**एकनट** m. (-नटः) The principal actor in a drama, the manager. n. एक chief, and नट an actor.

**एकनाथ** mfn. (-थः-ता-तं) Having one master. m. (-थः) Sole master or lord. n. एक and नाथ lord.

**एकपक्ष** mfn. (-पक्षः-ता-तं) An associate, a firm ally or partizan. n. एक one, पक्ष part: of the same side or party.

**एकपत्नी** f. (-पत्नी) 1. A faithful wife, one devoted to her husband. 2. The wife of a man who has no other wives. n. एक one or excellent, पति a husband, न substituted for the final, and पत्नी aff.

**एकपत्रिका** f. (-पत्रिका) A plant, white basil. n. एक end, पत्र a leaf.

**एकपदे** adv. n. (-दे) Then, at that time, at once. m. (-दः) A single inflection of a verb or noun. f. (-दी) A road, a path or way. n. एक one, पद a foot, fem. affix दी.

**एकपरि** ind. One over, a term at dice. n. एक and परि over, against.

**एकपात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sudden, rapid, coming suddenly or at once. n. एक and पात falling upon.

**एकपाद** m. (-पादः) A name of SIVA. n. एक best, and पाद a ray.

**एकपिण्ड** m. (-पिण्डः) A name of KURUBA. n. एक one, and पिण्ड tawny: having a yellow mark in the place of one of his eyes.

**एकपिण्डल** m. (-पिण्डलः) See the preceding. n. As before.

**एकपिण्ड** mfn. (-पिण्डः-ता-तं) Related, near of kin, united by the offering of the funeral cake. n. एक and पिण्ड a funeral cake.

**एकपिण्डता** f. (-ता) Connexion by the funeral cake, consanguinity. n. एक पिण्ड and तन् affix; also with ल, एकपिण्डल.

**एकफल** mfn. (-फलः-ता-तं) Having one or a principal result or object. n. एक and फल fruit.

**एकभक्त** mfn. (-भक्तः-ता-तं) 1. Attached to a common master. 2. Worshipping one deity. 3. Eating together. 4. Eating but one meal, (a day.) n. एक and भक्त attached to, or भक्त food.

**एकभक्तव्रत** n. (-व्रतः) Fasting but once a day as a religious obligation. n. एक, भक्त food, व्रत vow.

**एकभक्ति** mfn. (-भक्तिः-ति-ति) 1. Of one faith. 2. Believing in one deity. n. एक and भक्ति faith.

**एकभाव** mfn. (-भावः-ता-तं) Of a simple or single nature or temperament. n. एक and भाव disposition.

**एकभुक्त** mfn. (-भुक्तः-ता-तं) 1. Eating but one meal, (a day, &c.) 2. Eating together. n. एक and भुक्त eaten.

**एकभोजन** n. (-भोजनः) 1. Eating in common, feeding together. 2. Eating one meal a day, &c. n. एक and भोजन food.

**एकमुख** mfn. (-मुखः-ता-तं) 1. Having one chief or head. 2. One-faced. n. एक and मुख the mouth.

**एकमुखा** f. (-मुखा) 1. A plant, (Asparagus racemosa.) 2. Flax, (Linnm.) n. एक and मुखा root.

**एकयष्टिका** f. (-यष्टिका) A single string of flowers, pearls, &c. n. एक and यष्टिका a necklace, &c.

**एकयोनि** mfn. (-योनिः-ति-ति) Uterine, of the same mother. n. एक and योनि womb.

**एकरज** m. (-रजः) A plant, (Verbesina scandens:) see भरुआ. n. एक excellent, and रजस् farina.

**एकरस** mfn. (-रसः-ता-तं) Of one flavour. n. एक and रस flavour.

**एकरात्र** n. (-रात्रः) One night, a night. n. एक and रात्रि night.

**एकरात्रिक** mfn. (-रात्रिकः-ता-तं) For a night, of a night. n. एक and रात्रि night, with ठक् aff.

**एकराशि** f. (-राशिः) A heap, a crowd. n. एक and राशि a heap.

**एकराशिसुत** mfn. (-सुतः-ता-तं) Heaped or collected together. n. एकराशि and सुत become.

**एकल** mfn. (-लः-ता-तं) Alone, solitary; a various reading of एकल.

**एकल्लिख** m. (-ल्लिखः) 1. A name of KURUBA. 2. A place or district in which for five Cos there is but one Phallus. n. एक one or best, लिख a mark, &c.

**एकवशाव** m. (-वशावः) An aggregate of many, as in grammar, the formation of a compound noun of several nouns. n. एक, वत् like, वा property.

**एकवर्ष** mfn. (-वर्षः-ता-तं) 1. Of one caste or tribe. 2. Of one colour. 3. Of one quality. m. (-वर्षः) One unknown quantity, (in algebra.) f. (-वर्षः) Beating time, marking musical measure by clapping the hands, or the instrument which does so, a castanet: see एकवर्षी. n. एक, वर्ष a quality, a note, and वर्ष aff. [equation.]

**एकवर्षसमीकरण** n. (-समीकरणः) Unilateral equation. n. एकवर्ष and समीकरण

**एकवर्षिका** f. (-वर्षिका) A heifer one year old. n. एक, वर्ष a year, वीक

**एकवज्र** m. (-वज्रः) A musical instrument, a kind of drum. n. एक, वज्र principal, वाद sound: high-sounding.

**एकवीर** m. (-वीरः) A chief warrior. n. एक and वीर a her

एकवचन m. (-चः) A desert-place, in which but one tree is seen for four  
Cos. m. एक and एक a tree.  
एकवची f. (-ची) 1. A single braid of hair. 2. A woman whose hair is tied  
in one braid. m. एक and वची a tress.  
एकवच m. (-चः) 1. A horse. 2. Any animal whose hoof is not cloven. m.  
एक one, uniform, and वच a hoof.  
एकवचर n. (-चः) One only hope or refuge, especially applied to a deity.  
m. एक and वचर protection.  
एकवचरी mfn. (-चः-वा-री) 1. Consanguineous, of one body or blood. 2.  
Of one or the same body. m. एक, वचरी body.  
एकवचरीराज्य m. (-चः) Consanguineous descent. m. एकवचरी and राज्य  
lineage.  
एकवचरीराज्य m. (-चः) Commencement of consanguinity by the union of  
father and mother. m. एकवचरी and राज्य beginning.  
एकवचरीराज्य m. (-चः) A descendant in a right line, a kinsman by blood.  
m. एकवचरी and राज्य a member.  
एकवचरीराज्य u. (-लः) Consanguineous descent or connexion. m. ल  
added to the last.  
एकवच m. (-चः) A Brahman of the same branch or school. m. एक and  
वच a branch, (of the Vedas)  
एकवच m. (-चः) 1. A title of VISHNU or KRISHNA. 2. A unicorn, a  
rhinoceros, &c. m. एक and वच a mark or horn.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Closely attentive, having the mind intent upon  
one object. m. एक one, and वच् to create, वच् aff.  
एकवच m. (-चः) A small double drum, played by a string and ball at-  
tached to the body of it : see वचज m. एक and वच a thread.  
एकवच m. (-चः) An only son. m. एक, and वच a son.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Collected, assembled, conjoined, in one site or  
place. m. एक and वच what stays.  
m. One place, the same place. m. एक and वच place.  
m. A heifer one year old. m. एक, वच a year, affix वच्.  
m. किनी कि) Alone, solitary. m. एक and वाकिनिच् aff.  
m. One-eyed. m. (-चः) A crow. m. एक and वचि an  
le, especially the sacred monosyllable Om.  
m. One, closely attentive, fixed on one object.  
m. 3. Known, celebrated. 4. Single  
m. Sole of a long line which is subdivided. m.  
m. Close and undisturbed attention, m. तच् added to the  
preceding; also with म, एकवच.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Closely attentive; see the preceding. m.  
एक, वच chief, &c.  
एकवच m. (-चः) The planet MERCURY. n. (-चः) Sandal. m. एक best, pre-  
eminent, and वच body.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Eleven, eleventh. f. (-ची) The eleventh day of  
the half month : it is especially sacred to VISHNU and fasting on  
it is most efficacious. m. एकवच eleven, affix वच्.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः) Eleven. m. एक one, वच ten, with वाच्  
inserted.  
एकवच m. (-चः) A name of PARVATI. m. वच a part, with the neg.  
pref. and एक pre-eminent : chief and undivided.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Left, as a funeral feast, one who has recent-  
ly partaken of it. m. एक one, (ancestor,) वच् after, वच् shown.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) 1. Excessive. 2. Solitary, lonely, retired. 3  
Aside, apart, adv. n. (-चः) 1. Much, excessive. 2. Apart. m. एक one  
and वच end.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Very compassionate, weakly charitable. m.  
एकवच and वच charitable.

एकवच ind. 1. Alone, apart, privately. 2. Much, exceedingly. m.  
एकवच and वचिच् aff.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Next but one. m. एक and वचर between.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Staying alone or apart. m. एकवच and वचर  
staying.  
एकवच f. (-ची) A heifer one year old. m. एक and वच a year.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Closely attentive, intent. m. एक, वच going.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) See the preceding. m. एकवच and वच्  
having gone.  
एकवच f. (-ची) A single string of beads, flowers, &c. m. एक :  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) 1. Having one sense or meaning. 2. H. viz., one  
or the same object. m. एक and वच meaning.  
एकवच m. (-चः) A simple attribute or pred-  
icament, &c. m. एक one, वाचित invested, वच्  
एकवच f. (-ची) A pod or seed of cotton.  
एकवच m. (-चः) A plant : see वचच्  
f. (-ची) A medicinal plant, (a  
वचि seed, and वच् what gives out  
एकवच n. (-चः) The period of one day  
एकवच m. (-चः) A day's journey.  
एकवच m. (-चः) Common nature  
and भाव nature.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) A comp-  
and वच् affix, also वच्  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Single, one.  
एकवच ind. One by one, several  
वचिच् aff.  
एकवच n. (-चः) The Stadhya or funeral  
only. m. एक and वच् addressed to.  
एकवच f. (-ची) Cissampelos hexandra  
एकवच mfn. A plant  
quantities (a ता become.  
एकवच m. (-चः) To shine. (एकवच) To shake or tremble.  
एकवच m. (-चः) Shaking, trembling. m. एक and वच् aff.  
एकवच m. (-चः) Shaking, trembling. m. एक and वच् aff.  
एकवच m. (-चः) To annoy, to resist or oppose.  
एकवच m. (-चः) Deaf. m. वच् to praise, वाच् prefixed, वच् or वच् aff.  
एकवच m. (-चः) 1. A rain. 2. A wild goat. f. (-ची) A ewe. m. वच् to go,  
वच् affix; and ल changed to वच्.  
एकवच m. (-चः) A medicinal plant, used for the cure of ring-worms,  
(Cassia tora). m. एक a sheep, वच् to sound, वच् aff.  
एकवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) 1. Deaf and dumb. 2. Wicked, perverse. m. एक  
deaf, and वच् dumb.  
एकवच n. (-चः) 1. A building constructed of rubbish, bones, &c. 2. A  
wall enclosing bones, a tomb, &c. 3. A building of hard sub-  
stances resembling bones. m. वच् to throw or send, deriv. irr.; also  
एकवच and वच्.  
एकवच m. (-चः) A kind of deer or antelope, described as being of a  
black colour, with beautiful eyes, and short legs. m. वच् to go,  
वच् aff.  
एकवच m. (-चः) A species of deer or antelope : see the preceding. m. वच्  
added to एक.  
एकवच m. (-चः) The moon. m. एक an antelope, and वचिच् the  
material mark; a deer being fancifully visible in the moon.  
एकवच m. (-चः) The moon. m. एक and वच् who nourishes : see the  
preceding.

एवजिन n. (-नी) A deer-skin. ३. एव and जिन the same.

एव mfn. (-ता or -तीतः) Of a variegated colour. (-ता-त) Arrived, come, in. (-ते) 1. A deer or antelope. 2. A variegated colour. ३. एव्-  
-ता-त, मन् affix; when signifying colour, the fem. affix is either  
-तृ or -ती, and before the latter, त is changed to न्.

एतद् pron mfn. (एव, एवा एतद् or एतत्) This. ३. एत derived from एच् to go, and त् Unadi aff.

Expiration, breathing out, discharging air from the  
एच् to go, तन् aff.

Now, at this time ३. एत substituted for इत्, and हिल् aff.

एतश्च m. (-ञः) A Brahman. ३. इच् to go, and तश्च Unadi aff. [तश्च aff.]

एतश्च m. (-ञः) Brahman or man of the first class ३. इच् to go,  
एतश्च m. (-ञः) such like. ३. एतद् this, इच् to see, क्त्वा aff.

एतादृशः m. (-ञः) such like. ३. एतद् this, इच् to see, क्त्वा aff.

एतादृशः m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

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एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

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एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

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एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

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एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

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एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

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एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

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एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

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एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

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एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

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एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

एतद् m. (-ञः) so much, so far ind. (-त) So far,  
एतद् m. (-ञः) or इतद् aff.

(yes, verily.) ३. Sameness of manner, (thus, in this way.) ४. Certainly, (indeed, assuredly, even so.) ५. Command, (so, thus, &c.) ६. An expletive. ३. एच् to go, वच् affix; also एव.

एवम् mfn. (-ता-त) So such, in such manner. ३. एवम्, and वच् affix.

एवम् mfn. (-ता-त) Such, in such form or manner, of such a kind. ३. एवम्, and वच् sort, way.

एव १. 1st cl. (एव) एच् (एव) To go or approach.

एव m. (-ञः) An iron arrow. f. (-वी) 1. A goldsmith's balance, assay scales. 2. An iron or steel probe. ३. एच् to go, वच् and वच् aff.

एवम् m. (-ञः) A goldsmith's balance ३. As before, with वच् and टाच् added.

एवम् mfn. (-य-या-य) 1. To be desired, desirable. 2. To be aimed at. ३. इच् to wish, affix वच् इच्.

एवा f. (-वा) Desire. ३. इच् to wish, वच् and टाच् aff.

एवम् mfn. (-ता-ची-ट) Wishing, desirous. ३. इच् to wish, वच् aff.

एवम् mfn. (-टा-टो-ट) Wishing, desirous. ३. इच् to wish, वच् aff.

ऐ

ऐ The twelfth vowel of the Nagari alphabet, or more properly a diphthong; corresponding in sound to E in height

ऐ ind. An interjection of, 1. Remembering, (aye, ha) 2. Calling, summoning, (hola, ho, heigh)

ऐ m. (ऐः) A name of SIVA.

ऐक्य n. (-ञः) Singleness of time or occurrence. ३. ऐक्य, and ऐक्य

ऐक्य n. (-ञः) Consent, concurrence, sameness of doctrine or ३. ऐक्य one, मत minded, वच् aff

ऐक्य mfn. (-ञः-फा-फ) Produced by or belonging to single hoofs ३. ऐक्य, and वच् aff.

ऐक्य mfn. (-ञः-को-क) 1. A thief, a robber. 2. residence ३. ऐक्य one, वच् a house, affix

ऐक्य n. (-ञः) Intentionness on one object. ३

ऐक्य m. (-ञः) One who commits a sin and वच् other, टच् aff

ऐक्य mfn. (-ञः-को-क) Spherical, quo- ३. ऐक्य, and वच् aff

ऐक्य n. (-ञः) 1. Unity, oneness 2. A whole ३. ऐक्य, and वच् aff

ऐक्य mfn. (-ञः-दी-दी) Sugar, sugary, produced from or relating to the sugar cane. ३. ऐक्य sugar-cane, वच् aff.

ऐक्य m. (-ञः) A carrier of sugar canes. ३. ऐक्य, and वच् aff.

ऐक्य mfn. (-ञः-को-क) Carrying sugar-canes. ३. ऐक्य, and वच् a load टच् aff.

ऐक्य mfn. (-ञः-को-क) Of the family of IKSHWAKU. ३. ऐक्य, and वच् affix, the final rejected.

ऐक्य mfn. (-ञः-वी-वी) Of the family of IKSHVAKU. ३. ऐक्य, and वच् aff.

ऐक्य n. (-ञः) The fruit of the plant called Inguda. ३. ऐक्य, the plant, affix वच्.

ऐक्य mfn. (-ञः-को-क) Optional, voluntary, at will ३. ऐक्य, and वच् aff.

ऐक्य n. (-ञः) A wall, &c. of bones and rubbish; see ऐक्य.

ऐक्य mfn. (-ञः-वी-वी) Belonging to a male antelope. ३. ऐक्य an antelope. वच् aff.

ऐक्य mfn. (-ञः-को-क) Belonging to a deer, &c. ३. ऐक्य A hunter, a deer-killer. ३. ऐक्य, and वच् aff.

ऐक्य mfn. (-ञः-वी-वी) Appertaining to a doe or the female antelope. ३. ऐक्य a doe, affix वच्.

भवेदीपनिषद् f. (-बु or -बु) One of the Upanishada of the Vedas.

ऐतिहासिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Historical. न. (-कः) A historian. इ. इतिहास a story, and ठक् aff.

ऐतिहासिक n. (-क) Traditional instruction. इ. इतिहास tradition, and aff.

ऐन्द्र mfn. (-यः-वी-य) Lunar. n. (-य) The asterism Mrigashiras. f. (-वी) A plant, (Serratula anthelmintica.) इ. इन्द्र the moon, चक् aff.

ऐन्द्र mfn. (-यः-वी-य) Sacred, or relating to the god INDRA. m. (-यः) 1. A name of the monkey king BALI. 2. A name of ARJUNA. f. (-वी) 1. The wife of INDRA. 2. The goddess DURGA. 3. Misfortune, misery, (personified.) 4. The name of a plant, a kind of cucumber, (Cucumis madraspatanus) 5. The constellation Jyeshtha. 6. The east quarter, of which INDRA is regent. इ. इन्द्र, and चक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Deceptive, illusory. m. (-कः) A juggler. इ. इन्द्रात्मिक Deception, and ठक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Afflicted with falling of the hair or morbid baldness. इ. इन्द्रात् falling of the hair, and ठक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक m. (-कः) A ceremony, &c. addressed to INDRA and AGNI. इ. इन्द्र, and चक्, with चक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-यः-वी-य) Relating to INDRA'S bow or the rainbow. इ. इन्द्रात्, and चक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-यः-वी-य) Sacred to INDRA and VARUNA. इ. इन्द्र, and चक्, with चक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक m. (-कः) 1. The patronymick of JAYANTA the son of INDRA. 2. A name of the monkey BALI. 3. A name of ARJUNA. 4. A crow. इ. इन्द्र, इन्द्रात् patronymick aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Perceptible, perceived, present. 2. Of or belonging to the sense. इ. इन्द्रात् an organ of sense, and चक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक m. (-कः) INDRA'S elephant. इ. इन्द्रात् the ocean, चक् aff. of descent; ocean-born; इ is changed irregularly to च.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक m. (-कः) 1. INDRA'S elephant. 2. The same, considered as the elephant of the north quarter. 3. An orange. 4. A fruit, (Artocarpus lacucha.) 5. A serpent, one of the chiefs of the Naga or serpent race, inhabiting the infernal regions. f. (-वी) 1. Lightning. 2. A particular kind of it. 3. The female of INDRA'S elephant. 4. The Ravi river in the Panjab. n. (-य) INDRA'S bow, archer, the rainbow. इ. इन्द्रात् water-bearing, that is, the ocean, a cloud, &c. चक् aff. implying origin or descent, born from the ocean, (the elephant,) proceeding from water clouds, (lightning, &c.)

ऐन्द्रात्मिक m. (-कः) Fossil or rock salt. इ. इन्द्रात् earthly, चक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक m. (-यः) A spirituous liquor. इ. इन्द्रात्, ठक् aff. see इन्द्रात्

ऐन्द्रात्मिक m. (-कः) The name of a king, also PURURAVA. इ. इन्द्रात् the wife of BUDHA, चक् patronymick aff. the son of ILA.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक m. (-कः) A perfume: see ऐन्द्रात्मिक.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक m. (-कः) A title of KIVRA. इ. इन्द्रात् the wife of PULASTYA, and the paternal grand-mother of the deity, affix चक्; also ऐन्द्रात्मिक, ऐन्द्रात्मिक, ऐन्द्रात्मिक, &c. च and ड being interchanged.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक m. (-यः) A perfume: see ऐन्द्रात्मिक. इ. ऐन्द्रात् cardamoms, ठक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-यः-वी-य) 1. Divine. 2. Regal. इ. इन्द्र, and चक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक f. (-वी) The north-east quarter. इ. इन्द्रात् Siva, as regent of the north-east, चक् and छक् affs.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Divine, heavenly. 2. Regal, royal. इ. इन्द्र, and ठक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-यः-वी-य) 1. Divine, relating to god, &c. 2. Royal, supreme. इ. इन्द्र, and चक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक m. (-यः) 1. Super-human power, the divine faculties of omni presence, omnipotence, invisibility, &c. 2. Supremacy, dominion, away, power, might. इ. इन्द्रात् a master, a deity, चक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक ind. The present year. इ. इन्द्रात् this, चक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-यः-वी-य) Of or belonging to the present year. इ. ऐन्द्रात्, and चक् aff. or with चक् aff. ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-यः-वी-य)

ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-यः-वी-य) Sacrificial, ceremonial. इ. इन्द्रात् a sacrifice, ठक् aff. ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-यः-वी-य) Ceremonial and meritorious, (any act, &c.) इ. इन्द्रात् any pious act, ठक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-यः-वी-य) Of this world, terrestrial, subinary. इ. इन्द्रात् here, चक् world, ठक् aff.

ऐन्द्रात्मिक mfn. (-यः-वी-य) Worldly, local, of this world, of this place. इ. इन्द्रात् here, and ठक् aff.

## बी

बी The vowel O, and the thirteenth of the Nāṣa alphabet.

बी ind. 1. A vocative particle, (ho.) 2. An interjection of joy, (ho, hola) 3. Of reminiscence, (ho, ah) 4. Of compassion, (ah, oh.)

बी m. (बी) BRAHMA.

बी ind. The mystical monosyllable Om: see बी.

बी m. (-कः) 1. A house. 2. An asylum, a refuge: see बी. 3. A bird. इ. चक् to assemble, क aff.

बी m. (-यः) A bug, also बी.

बी m. (-कः) 1. An asylum, a place of refuge. 2. A house. इ. चक् to collect, च्छक् Unadi affix, च becomes क.

बी m. (-कः) A cake of flour.

बी f. (बी) A bug.

बी f. (-वी) A bug.

बी 1. 1st cl. (बी) बी (बी) and with a prefix, as प्र बी (बी) 1. To dry or and. 2. To adorn. 3. To be able or competent, to suffice. 4. To refuse or prevent.

बी m. (-यः) 1. A heap or quantity, flock or multitude. 2. A stream, a torrent, rapid flow of water, an inundation. 3. Quick time in music. 4. Tradition. 5. Advice, instruction. इ. चक् to collect, च्छक् affix, and च is changed to च.

बी m. (-यः) The mysterious name of the deity: see बी f. (-वी) A Baudha Sakti, or female personification of divine energy. इ. बी and चक् affix implying a letter, the compound letter बी; otherwise बी, signifying assent, and चक् who makes: what complies with our wishes.

बी m. (-यः) 1. To live, to have the vital faculties and organs. 2. To be strong or able.

बी m. (-यः) See the following.

बी m. (-यः) 1. Light, splendor. 2. Manifestation, appearance. 3. Strength. 4. Support, stay. 5. Metallic lustre. 6. Vitality, the principle of vital warmth and action diffused throughout the body. 7. Virility, the generative faculty. 8. A form of style, elaborate style, abounding with compounds. 9. (In astrology,) Each alternate sign of the zodiac, first, third, fifth, &c. इ. बी to live, and च्छक् affix: or with चक् affix बी.

बी mfn. (-यः-वी-य) 1. Mighty, powerful, strong. 2. Splendid, bright. इ. बी and चक् aff.

बी m. (-कः) A musical mode, which omits two of the notes of the scale, Ri and Pa.

बी f. (-वी) Wild rice.

बी f. (-वी) Wild rice.

बी m. (-यः) 1. The China rose, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) 2. The name of a country, the northern part of Orissa. इ. चक् to embrace, चक् affix, and च is changed to बी.

बी m. (-यः) The China rose, the plant or its flower. इ. बी China rose, and चक् a flower.



**बीज** r. 1st cl. (-ज्) बीज् (बीजति) To remove, to take away or abstract  
**बीज्** m. (-ज्) A cat. ३. च्च् to go, &c. and तु Unadi affix, the radical is changed to बी.

**बीजम्** mn. (-ज्-म्) Boiled rice. f. (-निजा-बी) A plant, (*Sida cordifolia*, &c.) see दहा. ३. च्च् to be wet, छट् Unadi affix, and व dropped.

**बीज्** m. (-ज्) Wetting, moistening. ३. च्च् to be wet, वञ् aff.

**बीज्** ind. 1. The mystic name of the deity, prefacing all the prayers and most of the writings of the Hindus. ३. व a name of VISHNU, व of SIVA, and म of BRAHMA; it therefore implies the Indian triad, and expresses the three in one. 2. A particle of command or injunction. 3. Of assent, (verily, amen.) 4. Of auspiciousness. 5. Of removal, (away, hence,) and, 6. It is an inceptive particle. ३. च्च् to go, to preserve, &c. सन् Unadi affix, the radical being converted into बी.

**बीजम्** mfn. (-ज्-मा-म्) Wet, damp; also **बीज्** m. (-ज्) An esculent root, (*Arum campanulatum*) ३. वञ् or वञ्च् to destroy, (complaints, especially hemorrhoids,) वञ्च् affix, व changed to बी.

**बीजड** r. 1st and 10th cls. (-ड्) बीजडि (बीजयति or बीजयति) To dart or throw up; some consider the initial vowel to be indicatory, and make the root बिजि q. v.

**बीज** m. (-ज्) Burning, combustion. ३. च्च् to burn, वञ् aff.

**बीजम्** m. (-ज्) Pungency, pungent taste or flavour. f. (-बी) A potherb, commonly Purya ३. च्च् to burn, and छट् aff.

**बीजधि** f. (-धि) An annual plant or herb, one that dies after becoming ripe. ३. बीज heat, and धा to have, कि affix; or with बीज्, बीजधी; or with वञ् affix, बीजधि.

**बीजधी** f. (-धी) An annual plant or deciduous herb: see the preceding.

**बीजधीपति** m. (-ति) The moon ३. बीजधी and पति lord; presiding over annual plants.

**बीजधीय** m. (-य) The moon. ३. See the preceding; ईश meaning lord.

**बीज** m. (-ज्) The lip, especially the upper, &c. du. m. (बीजी or बीजाधरी) The lips; see चक्षर. f. (-ही) A creeper, bearing a red flower, to which the lip is commonly compared, (*Bryonia grandis*.) ३. च्च् to burn, सन् Unadi affix, fem affix बीज्; see दिव्य.

**बीजपत्र** n. (-त्र) A lip or the lips. ३. बीज and पत्र a new shoot.

**बीजरोग** m. (-र) Any morbid affection of the lips. ३. बीज and रोग disease.

**बीजीयमकला** f. (-का) The creeper, (*Bryonia grandis*): see बीजी ३. बीज a lip, उपम like, कला a flower, च्च् and टाप् affixes; whose lower resembles a lip.

## बी

**बी** The diphthong Au or Ou, having the same sound as in Our, and considered as the fourteenth vowel of the Nagari alphabet.

**बी** ind. An interjection of, 1. Calling, (ho! hola.) 2. Of addressing, (the vocative particle oh.) 3. A particle of prohibition, and 4. Of asseveration.

**बी** m. (-बी) The serpent ANANTA. f. (बी) The earth.

**बी** ind. The mystical prefix proper for Sudras: see बीज्

**बीजघ्न** m. (-घ्न) A Brahman acquainted with the Ukt'ha portion of the Sama Veda ३. उञ्च् and टक् aff.

**बीजम्** mfn. (-ज्-बी-ज्) Relating to an ox, derived from one, &c. ३. उञ्च्, and चञ्च् aff.

**बीजम्** m. (-ज्) A herd of oxen. ३. उञ्च् an ox, हञ्च् aff.

**बीजम्** mfn. (-ज्-बी-ज्) Boiled or dressed in a pot. ३. दहा a cauldron, a saucepan, वञ्च् aff.

**बीजित्व** nf. (-ज्-ती) Propriety, aptness, fitness. ३. उचित proper, वञ्च् affix in the abstract sense.

**बीजलिक** m. (-लिक) A hero. ३. बीजस् strength, टक् aff.

**बीजुपिक** m. (-पिक) A passenger, one going in a raft or boat. ३. उञ्च् and टक् aff.

**बीजुवर** mfn. (-ज्-वी-र) 1. Coppery, made of copper, &c. 3. Made of the wood of the Udumbara fig tree. m. (-र) A name of YAMA the regent of death. n. (-र) 1. A kind of leprosy. 2. Copper. ३. उञ्च्वर and चञ्च् affix: see उञ्च्वर, उद्वर, &c.

**बीज्** m. (-ज्) An Uruya, an inhabitant of Uruya. ३. बीज्, and चञ्च् aff.

**बीज्य** n. (-य) Excellence, superiority ३. उक्त्वं, and वञ्च् aff.

**बीजसि** m. (-सि) The third MENU. ३. उच्यते, and इज् patronymic aff.

**बीजस्यधिक** mfn. (-क-बी-क) Going or coming in a northerly direction.

३. उत्तर, पश्च for पश्चिम् a road, टक् aff.

**बीजानपादि** m. (-दि) A name of DHARUVA, in mythology the son of URANAPADA, and grandson of the first MENU; in astronomy, the polar star, or the north pole itself, ३. उच्यते, and इज् patronymic aff.

**बीजान्तिक** mfn. (-क-बी-क) Portentous, calamitous. ३. उच्यते, and टक् aff.

**बीजलिक** mfn. (-क-बी-क) Carried or placed upon the hip or flank. ३. उच्यते, and टक् aff.

**बीजलिक** mfn. (-क-बी-क) 1. Omitting, leaving. 2. Terminative, completing, relating or belonging to a final ceremony, by which the rite is dismissed. 3. Natural, inherent. 4. Derivative, produced from or of, directly and naturally. ३. उच्यते abandoned, and टक् aff. [यञ्च् aff.]

**बीजस्य** n. (-क) Anxiety, perturbation, regret. ३. उच्यते anxious.

**बीजक** mfn. (-क-बी-क) Watery, aquatic, of or belonging to water. ३. उच्यते, and टक् aff.

**बीजक** m. (-क) A cook. ३. बीजन् boiled rice, and टक् aff.

**बीजक** mfn. (-क-बी-क) Selfishly voracious. ३. उच्यते the belly, and टक् aff.

**बीजित** mfn. (-त-बी-त) Made of buttermilk, &c. n. (-त) Buttermilk with an equal proportion of water. ३. उच्यते the same, and चञ्च् affix; or with कञ् added बीजित्.

**बीजाश्रय** n. (-य) Magnanimity, generosity, greatness. ३. उच्यते liberal, and चञ्च् aff.

**बीजाश्रय** n. (-य) Philosophy, stoicism, indifference. ३. उच्यते, and चञ्च् aff.

**बीजाश्रय** n. (-य) A bitter and acrid substance like honey, said to be found in the nest of the white ant.

**बीज्य** n. (-य) Arrogance, disdain. ३. उच्यते haughty, and चञ्च् aff.

**बीजान्तिक** mfn. (-क-बी-क) Heritable, portionable, belonging to a share or portion. n. (-क) A portion or inheritance. ३. उच्यते a share, टक् aff.

**बीजान्तिक** n. (-क) A gift made to a woman at her marriage. ३. उच्यते, and चञ्च् added.

**बीजित** n. (-ज्) Fossil salt. ३. उच्यते the same, and चञ्च् aff.

**बीजित** n. (-ज्) Rock or Sambher salt. ३. उच्यते, and चञ्च् aff.

**बीजकाश्रय** f. (-य) A booth, a residence.

**बीजान्तिक** n. (-क) A multitude of the descendants of Upagu. ३. बीजन् the patronymic of उपगु, and वञ्च् aggregate aff.

**बीजान्तिक** m. (-क) An eclipse, or the sun or moon in eclipse. ३. उच्यते eclipsed, टक् aff.

**बीजान्तिक** m. (-क) An eclipse, or the sun or moon in eclipse. ३. उच्यते an eclipse, टक् aff. [यञ्च् aff.]

**बीजान्तिक** mfn. (-क-बी-क) Upon or near the knees. ३. उच्यते, and टक्

**बीजान्तिक** n. (-य) The wheel of a carriage. ३. उच्यते, and वञ्च् pleonasm.

**बीजान्तिक** mfn. (-क-बी-क) Relating to the rite of investiture. ३. उच्यते, and टक् aff.

बीजनिधय mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Relating to a deposit. n. (-च) A deposit, the thing pledged or deposited. n. उपनिधि, and डक् aff.

बीजनिधय mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Scriptural, theological. n. उपनिधय, and चक् aff.

बीजम् n. (-च) Resemblance, similitude. n. उपमा, and यक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Right, fit, proper. n. (-च) A means, an expedient. n. उपाय an expedient, डक् aff. [चक् aff.]

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Being or produced above. n. उपरिष्ठ, and

बीजरोषिष्ठ mfn. (-कः-बी-च) 1. Proceeding from or relating to kindness or favour. 2. Opposing, impeding, connected with or relating to a cheek or hindrance. n. उपरोष, and डक् aff. m. (-कः) A staff of the wood of a particular tree, (the Pilu.) n. उपरोष willingness to oblige, &c. डक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Stoney, of stone. n. उपल, and चक् aff.

बीजम् n. (-च) Fasting, a fast. n. उपवस, and चक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Drawn for pleasure, (a carriage.) n. उपवस a conveyance, यक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) 1. Portentous. 2. Prepositive, connected with a preposition. 3. Relating to change, &c. m. (-कः) Irregular action of the humors of the body, producing cold sweats, &c. n. उपसर्ग a portent. डक् aff.

बीजम् n. (-कः-बी-च) Cohabitation, sexual enjoyment. n. उपसर्ग, and यक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Preceptual, of or relating to a spiritual teacher. n. उपसर्ग and यक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) To be tied or bound on (grass, leather, &c.) n. उपसर्ग, and यक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Devotional, holy, connected with or belonging to worship or service. n. उपसर्ग, and चक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Flaxen, made of flax, &c. n. उषा and यक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Flaxen, made of flax, &c. n. उषा and यक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Flax, (a field of, &c.) n. उषा flax, and यक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Serpent, serpentine, relating or belonging to a snake. n. (-च) The constellation Aslesha. n. उषा a snake, and चक् aff. ; a serpent in the regent of this constellation.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Belonging to, &c., a sheep. m. (-च) A coarse woollen blanket. n. (-च) 1. Mutton, the flesh of sheep. 2. Woollen cloth. n. उषा a sheep, चक् aff.

बीजम् n. (-च) A flock of sheep. n. उषा and यक् aff. of multitude.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Relating to, produced by, &c. sheep. m. (-च) A shepherd. n. उषा a sheep, and डक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) A legitimate child, i. e. by a wife of the same tribe. n. उषा the best, and चक् aff. ; the best of the twelve sons ; also उषा and बीजम्.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) See the preceding.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Woollen (cloth, &c.) n. उषा wool, चक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Made woollen, &c. n. उषा, and यक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Obsequial, funeral. n. (-च) Obsequies of a deceased person ; whatever is given or performed on a person's decease as burning, offering cakes, giving alms, &c. n. उषा or उषा above, देह the body, and डक् aff. ; hence also बीजम्.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) A Saiva or adherent of that doctrine, which gives Siva the pre-eminence in the Hindu triad. n. उषा a name of Siva, viz. above whom or in whose head is the river, (जोतम्) (the Ganges,) and डक् aff.

बीजम् m. (-च) Submarine fire. n. उषा a saint so named, from whose thighs sprang a being of flame, which was received by the ocean, the affix is चक्.

बीजम् m. (-च) A name of the saint AGASTYA. n. उषा the celestial courtesan, and डक् aff. ; his birth being ascribed indirectly to this lady.

बीजम् m. (-च) Submarine fire. n. उषा, and चक् aff.

बीजम् n. (-च) A flock of owls. n. उषा, and चक् aff.

बीजम् m. (-च) A follower of the Vaisheshika doctrine. n. उषा an owl, and चक् aff. like an owl this etymology, and perhaps the word, owes its origin probably to controversial animosity.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Ground or pounded in a mortar. n. उषा, and चक् aff.

बीजम् n. (-च) The code, &c. of UGANDA. n. उषा, and चक् aff.

बीजम् mn. (-च) 1. The cow's tail used as a fan, the Chowri. 2. A stick, or, according to some, the stick which serves as a handle to the preceding. 3. A bed. 4. A seat, a chair or stool. 5. The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) n. उषा the root of the Andropogon muricatum, चक् aff.

बीजम् n. (-च) Pungency. n. उषा pepper, &c. चक् aff. ; also उषा.

बीजम् n. (-च) A medicament, a drug, any herb, mineral, &c. used in medicine. n. बीजम् an annual plant, and चक् aff.

बीजम् n. (-च) A deciduous plant, an annual as grass, &c. n. See बीजम्.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Medicinal. n. बीजम् and डक् aff.

बीजम् n. (-च) 1. Fossile salt. 2. Iron stone. n. उषा desert soil, चक् aff. ; also with क् added बीजम्.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Early, matutinal. n. उषा the dawn, चक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Early, morning, &c. with the dawn. n. उषा, and डक् aff.

बीजम् mfn. (-कः-बी-च) Derived from or relating to a camel. n. (-च) The camel genus or species. n. उषा and चक् aff.

बीजम् n. (-च) A herd of camels. n. उषा a camel, and यक् aff.

बीजम् n. (-च) Heat, warmth. n. उषा warm, यक् aff.

## क

क The first consonant of the Nagari Alphabet, and the first of the guttural letters, corresponding to K or C in can, designated by the latter in Sir. Wm. Jones's system, but in this work by the former.

क m. (-क) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. Of VISHNO. 3. Of KAMADEVA. 4. Of fire. 5. Air or wind. 6. A title of YAMA. 7. The sun. 8. The soul. 9. A clever or dexterous man. 10. A king, a prince. 11. A knot or joint. 12. A peacock. 13. The mind. 14. The body. 15. Time. 16. Wealth, property. 17. Sound. 18. Light, splendour. n. (क) 1. The head. 2. Water. 3. Pleasure, happiness. 4. Hair. 5. A head of hair. pron. mfn. (कः का किम्) Who or what ; see किम्. n. कौ to sound, or क् to shine, &c. affix ड.

क mfn. (-कः-का-कि) Happy. n. क happiness, यक् aff.

क mfn. (-कः-का-कि) Happy, prosperous. n. क happiness and यक् aff.

क m. (-क) A goblet : see क.

क m. (-क) A proper name, KANSA king of Mathura the uncle and enemy of KRISHNA, by whom he was slain, as the foe of the deity, he is considered an Asura or demon. mn. (-कः-क) 1. A goblet, a drinking vessel ; also क and क. 2. A metal, tatanag or white copper ; also bell metal. 3. A measure. n. क to desire, क Unadi aff.

क m. (-क) A mineral substance, (a salt of iron ?) used as an application to the eyes : see पृष्ठादी. n. क, and क affix of similarity, of similar white colour.

क m. (-क) A worker in powder or white brass. n. क and क who makes.

क m. (-क) A title of KRISHNA. n. क, and किन् who conquers.

**कल मfn.** (-कः-कः-कः) Watery, aquatic, produced in or by water. **n.** (-कः)  
A lotus. **z.** क water, and क born.

**कलम m.** (-कः) 1. A cloud. **n.** (-कः) Lampblack, considered as a collyrium, being applied upon the eyelashes or eyelids, medicinally or ornamentatively; also sulphuret of lead or antimony, when so used. **f.** (-कः) Sulphuret of mercury, Æthiop's mineral. **f.** (-कः or -कः) A kind of fish, (Cyprinus atratus,) or any kind peculiar to stagnant waters, whence the name. **z.** कत् for कत् bad, and कल water or juice, as the moisture of the collyrium, &c.

**कलम n.** (-कः) Lampblack, especially considered as an application to the eyes: see the preceding. **z.** कत् bad, and कल flame.

**कलप नक्षत्र m.** (-कः) A lamp. **z.** कलप, and कल a sign; also कलपनक्षत्र.

**कलपनक्षत्र m.** (-कः) The wooden stand or tripod on which the lamp is placed, a candlestick. **z.** कलप and कत् to shine; affixes कत् and कत्.

**कलप m.** (-कः) A plant: see कलपनी. (Commelina salicifolia.) **n.** (-कः) An other species of the same, (Commelina Bengalensis.) **z.** क water, and कत् to divide; alluding to the habits of the plant.

**कलप m.** (-कः) A plant, (Commelina Bengalensis:) see the preceding.

**कलप m.** (-कः) The sun. **z.** क heaven, and कत् to go, affix कत्.

**कलिका f.** (-कः) 1. The branch of a bamboo. 2. A small boil.

**कलक m.** (-कः) 1. The skin of a snake. 2. Armour, mail. 3. A bodice or jacket. 4. Cloth, clothes. 5. A kind of drawers or short breeches. **f.** (-कः) The name of a plant. **z.** कल to bind or shine, affix कत्.

**कलकाल m.** (-कः) A snake. **z.** कलक a serpent's skin, and कलक poss. aff.

**कलकल m.** (-कः) 1. An attendant on the women's apartments. 2. A libidinous man, a debauchee. 3. A serpent. 4. Agallochum. 5. Barley. 6 A sort of pulse, (Zizania.) **z.** कलक armour, &c. इति aff.

**कलकलिका f.** (-कः) A bodice or jacket.

**कल mfn.** (-कः-कः-कः) Produce in or from water. **m.** (-कः) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. The hair. **n.** (-कः) 1. Nectar, the food of the immortals. 2. A lotus. **z.** क happiness, water, &c. and क what is born or produced.

**कलक m.** (-कः) A kind of bird, the Mayana: see कलक

**कलज m.** (-कः) A name of BRAHMA. **z.** कल a lotus, and क horn.

**कलज m.** (-कः) 1. The Mayana or Maina, (Gracula religiosa.) 2. A name of KANDARPA, the deity of love. **z.** कल to go, कत् aff.

**कलज m.** (-कः) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. The sun. 3. The belly. 4. An elephant. **z.** कल a lotus, &c. कत् to hate or injure, कत् or कत् affix कलज, the pen. made short; also derived by some from कल, a Sautra root, to produce or grow, and कत् Unadi aff.

**कलज m.** (-कः) The Maina: see कलज.

**कलज m.** (-कः) 1. Muni or holy sage. 2. BRAHMA, &c. see कलज.

**कलिका f.** (-कः) A Plant, (Siphonanthus Indica:) see कलिका.

**कट r. 1st cl.** (कटति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To live with difficulty. **(क)** कटि (कटति) To go. **(क)** कटि (कटति) 1. To rain. 2. To encompass, to cover or screen. **(क)** कटी (कटति) To go or approach: with क prefixed, verb 10th cl. (प्रकटयति) To appear, to become apparent or manifest.

**कट mfn.** (-कः-कः-कः) An agent in any action. **inf.** (-कः-कः) 1. The hip. 2. The hollow above the hip or the lions, also the hip and lions. **m.** (-कः) 1. The temples of the elephant. 2. A mat. 3. A twist of straw or grass. 4. A screen of the same. 5. A corpse. 6. A time or season. 7. Much, excessive. 8. Grass. 9. A place where dead bodies are burnt or buried, a place of sepulture. 10. A hearse, a bier, a bed, &c. used for conveying a dead body. 11. An annual plant. 12. A thin piece of wood, a plank. **f.** (-कः) Long pepper. **z.** कत् to rain or encompass, कत् affix, fem. कटी; also कटि.

**कट m.** (-कः-कः) 1. The side or ridge of a hill or mountain. 2. Table

land. 3. Sea-salt. 4. A ring placed as an ornament upon an elephant's tusk. 5. A bracelet of gold, shell, &c. 6. A bone. 7. A royal metropolis. 8. A city or town. 9. A village. 10. A house or dwelling. 11. A camp. 12. An army. 13. A circle. 14. A wheel. **z.** कट to encompass, कत् Unadi aff.

**कटक m.** (-कः) A mountain. **z.** कट land on a hill, &c. and इति aff.

**कटकी f.** (-कः) A splitting vessel.

**कटकादक mfn.** (-कः-कः-कः) An eater, one who eats voraciously. **m.** (-कः) 1. A glass vessel, a tumbler or bowl. 2. A crow. 3. A jackall. **z.** कट much, or corpse, कट to eat, affix कत्.

**कटक m.** (-कः) A name of GANESA. **z.** कट a mat, &c. कट who goes, कत् aff.

**कटकटी f.** (-कः) 1. Turmeric. 2. Yellow saunders.

**कटन n.** (-कः) Roof or thatch of a house.

**कटपुटन m.** (-कः) A kind of goblin.

**कटपू m.** (-कः) 1. A name of MAHARAJA. 2. A kind of demigod, one of the class of Vidyadharas. 3. A Rakshasa, an imp or demon. 4. Gambling, playing with dice. 5. A worm. **z.** कट much, कत् to go, कत् affix, and the final is made long.

**कटपी f.** (-कः) The buttocks: see कटपी.

**कटपू m.** (-कः) 1. Gleaning, plucking or gathering corn by the hand. 2. Royal misfortune. as depasure, defeat, &c. **z.** कट, &c. मत् to break, कत् aff.

**कटपी f.** (-कः) 1. A plant, (Heartpea, Cardiaspermum halicacabum.) 2. Another creeper, (Clitoria ternata.) **z.** कट to encompass, and मत् to serve, कत् and कटी aff.

**कटमादिनी f.** (-कः) Wine or any vinous liquor.

**कट m.** (-कः) 1. A kind of musical instrument. 2. An arrow. **z.** कत् to go, and कत् Unadi aff.

**कटका f.** (-कः) A medicinal plant: see कटकी. **z.** कत् to surround, कत् affix; what invests the body, as sickness; कत् to screen or defend. मत् inserted, and कत् and कत् affixes; also कटका.

**कटका f.** (-कः) 1. A plant, (Pædaria fetida.) 2. A medicinal plant, कटकी: see the preceding. 3. A sort of cucumber. (Cucumis Madraspatanus.) 4. A female elephant. 5. Red arsenic. 6. A plant, (Aletis hyacinthoides:) see कटकी. 7. Hog-weed. **z.** As before, कत् to nourish, &c.

**कटका m.** (-कः) A name of BHIMARENA, one of the five Pandava brothers. **z.** कट much, कत् who wounds.

**कटका f.** (-कः) A plant: see कटकी.

**कटका n.** (-कः) 1. The hip and loins. 2. An elephant's temples. **z.** कट, and कल place; also कट, &c.

**कटाक m.** (-कः) A bird. **z.** कत् to go, कत् Unadi aff.

**कटाक m.** (-कः) A leer, a glance or side look. **z.** कट to go, and कल the eye.

**कटाकवेच n.** (-कः) Casting lewd or amorous glances, ogling. **z.** कटाक a leer, and कल looking.

**कटाक m.** (-कः) 1. A fire of grass or straw. 2. Straw, &c. investing a criminal who is to be burnt and set on fire. **z.** कट, and कल fire.

**कटाक n.** (-कः) A fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.)

**कटार m.** (-कः) A libidinous man, a lecher.

**कटाक m.** (-कः) 1. A shallow boiler for oil or butter. 2. A frying pan. 3. A winnowing basket. 4. A turtle's shell. 5. A young buffalo whose horns are just appearing. 6. A Dwipa or division of the known continent, so called. 7. Hell, the infernal regions. 8. A well. **z.** कट much, &c. कत् to destroy, with कल prefixed, and कत् aff.

**कटि m.** (-कः-कः) 1. The hip. 2. The buttocks. 3. An elephant's speck. **z.** कट to go, कत् affix, fem. कटी: see कट and कटिपी.

**कटि m.** (-कः) The loins, the hip. **z.** कटि and कट shore.

**कटि m.** (-कः) 1. An ornament of small bells worn round the loins.

2. A cloth worn. 3. Armour for the hip and loins. ४. कटि the hip, ५. कटि what preserves, from ६ with क aff.
- कटिपत्र m. (-कः) The loins. ४. कटि and पत्र place.
- कटिपु mfn. (टी-टिनी-टि) 1. Mattered, screened. 2. Loined, having handsome loins, &c. m. (टी) An elephant. ३. कट an elephant's temples, &c. इति pos aff.
- कटिपीठ m. (-कः) The buttocks. ४. कटि the hip or loins, and पीठ to be equal to; also written कटपीठ, कटपीठ and severally कटि and पीठ.
- कटिरीडम् m. (-कः) The rider of an elephant, as distinct from the driver, the person that sits upon the loins. ४. कटि the loins, इत् to mount, and इत् aff.
- कटिचक्र m. (-कः) A species of the balsam apple, (*Momordica charantia*) ४ कट् to go, &c इत् affix, कन् added; also कटिचक्र.
- कटिपीठक m. (-कः) The hip and loins, or the hollow above the hip. ४. कटि, पीठ the head or superior part, कन् aff.
- कटिगङ्गला f. (-ला) A girdle of small bells. ४ कटि the loins, and गङ्गला a chain.
- कटिपत्र n. (-कः) A female zone or waist-band. ४. कटि the loins, and पत्र a thread.
- कटी f. (टी) See कटि and कट.
- कटीतल m. (-कः) A crooked sword, a sabre or scymitar.
- कटीर m. (-रः) 1. The cavity of the loins, or the iliac regions. m. (-रः) 1. Mons veneris. 2. A cave. ४. कट् to go, and ईर् Unadi aff.
- कटीरक m. (-कः) The posteriors. ४ कन् added to the preceding.
- कटु mfn. (-टुः टुः or टूटुः) 1. Pungent. 2. Envious. 3. Piercing, impetuous, hot. 4. Fragrant. 5. Bad scented, ill smelling. 6. Displeasing, disagreeable. m. (-टुः) 1. Pungency or a pungent taste. 2. A flower, (*Michelia champaca*). 3. Champhor. 4. A sort of gourd, (*Trichosanthes*). n. (-टुः) 1. An improper action, an act which ought not to have been done. 2. Blaming, reviling, scandal. f. (-टुः) 1. The name of a medicinal plant; also कटुका and कटुकी. 2. A plant which bears a fragrant seed: see मियङ्ग. 3. Mustard. ४ कट् to go, &c. and उ Unadi aff.
- कटुमूल m. (-कः-की) 1. A plant, the bark and seed of which have an acrid and bitter taste, and are used in medicine for worms, dysentery, &c. (*Wrightea antilysentérica*). 2. Gigantic swallow wort, (*Colotropis gigantea*). 3. A fragrant kind of grass. 4. Mustard. ५. A gourd: see पटोल f. (का or -की) A medicinal plant, used as a sedative and laxative: also कटुरीक्षणी n. (-कः) A compound of three pungent substances, a black pepper, long pappe, and dry ginger: see विकट. ४. कटु pungent, and कन् aff.
- कटुकन्द m. (-कः-कः) 1. A plant, (*Morunga guilandina*, and *Hyperanthera*). 2. Ginger, the fresh root or the plant. 3. Garlic. ४ कटु, and कन्द a root; having a pungent root.
- कटुकाशाय m. (-कः) A bitter gourd. ४. कटुक pungent and acrid, काशाय a gourd.
- कटुकीट m. (-टुः) A gnat or mosquito. ४. कटु, and कीट an insect.
- कटुकीटक m. (-कः) A gnat or mosquito. ४. कटु fierce, and कीटक a worm.
- कटुकाण m. (-कः) A bird, jacana, (*Parra goensis*). ४. कटु disagreeable, काण sound.
- कटुपत्र m. (-कः) Ginger, the root. ४. कटु pungent, and पत्र joint.
- कटुपत्र m. (-कः) The name of a plant; also कटु. ४. कटु and पत्र a leaf: having a pungent leaf.
- कटुता f. (-ता) 1. Pungency, sharpness. 2. Testiness, irritability. ४. कटु and तत् affix; also with तत्, कटुत्.
- कटुतिक्तिका f. (-का) A bitter gourd. ४. कटु, and तिक्त bitter, कन् affix with the fem. form.
- कटुगुनी f. (-गुनी) See the preceding, ४. कटु pungent, here meaning bitterly so, and गुनी a gourd.

- कटुमूल m. (-कः) The aggregate of three spices, ginger, and long and black pepper ४. कटु, and मूल three
- कटुनिष्याय m. (-कः) Ground not inundated. ४. कटु, and निष्याय non-inundation.
- कटुपत्र m. (-कः) A medicinal plant, (*Oldenlandia biflora*) ४ कटु, pungent, and पत्र leaf.
- कटुफल m. (-कः) A sort of cucumber, (*Trichosanthes dioica*). ४ कटु, and फल fruit.
- कटुमङ्ग m. (-कः) Dried ginger
- कटुमङ्ग n. (-कः) Ginger either fresh or dry. ४. कटु, and मङ्ग auspicious
- कटुर n. (-रः) Battermilk. ४. कटु, and र to give, affix क
- कटुरव m. (-वः) A frog. ४. कटु, and रव sound.
- कटुरीक्षणी f. (-णी) A medicinal plant: see कटुकी ४ कटु, pungent, and रीक्षणी that grows. [plant]
- कटुवासांकी f. (-की) A variety of solanum ४. कटु and वासांकी the egg
- कटुवीजा f. (-जा) Long pepper. ४. कटु, and बीजा seed.
- कटुसेद m. (-कः) The mustard sea plant, (*Sinapis dichotoma*). ४. कटु, and सेद oily substance yielding a pungent oil
- कटुलकट n. (-कः) Ginger. ४. कटु, and लकट best, and with कन् added कटुलकट.
- कटोरा f. (-रा) A shallow cup
- कटोल m. (-लः) A man of an inferior and degraded tribe, a Chandala, a Pariah, &c. 2. A pungent flavour. ४ कटु to go, पीषच् Unadi affix; also कटोलक.
- कटोलवीणा f. (-वा) A kind of lute played by the common people. ४ कटोल a Chandala, and वीणा a lute.
- कटार m. (-रः) A weapon, a dagger.
- कटुफल m. (-कः) A small tree found in the north-west of Hindustan, the bark and seeds of which are used in medicine, and as aroma tree, the fruit also is eaten, the common name is Kayaphala. (ला) 1. A plant, (*Gmelina arborea*, Rox) 2. The egg plant, &c. ४. कटु instead of कटु, acrid, and फल fruit, fem. affix टाप्.
- कटुङ्ग m. (-कः) 1. A plant, (*Bignonia Indica*) 2. A name of Dripa a king of Ayodhya ४. कटु, pungent, &c. चङ्ग bark, body, &c.
- कटुर n. (-रः) 1. Sauce, condiment. 2. Battermilk. 3. The skim or whey of curds. ४. कटु to rain, &c. चङ्ग aff.
- कटुर 1st cl. (कटति) To live in distress. (कटि र. 1st and 10th cl. (कटति-ने, कटयति) 1. To grieve. 2. To recollect. With चङ्ग prefixed, to regret or miss, to lament, to bewail.
- कट m. (-कः) 1. The name of a Muni or saint. 2. A note or simple sound. 3. A portion of the Yajur Veda. 4. A Mantra or mystical prayer. 5. A Brahman. 6. A Brahman versed in the Vedas, especially in the Rig Veda. 7. A student of the same. 8. Trouble, distress. f. (-कटी) The wife of a Brahman. ४. कटु to be confused, and चङ्ग aff.
- कटधूर्म m. (-र्मः) A BRAHMAN skilled in the Katha branch of the Vedas. ४. कट, and धूर्म cunning.
- कटसई m. (-ईः) A name of SIVA ४. कट dissipation, सई who dissipates.
- कटर mfn. (-रः रा-रः) Hard. ४. कट trouble, and र from रा to take or give, affix च.
- कटशीविन्द m. (-यः) A BRAHMAN who has studied the Katha portion of the Vedas. ४ कट, and शीविन्द a BRAHMAN
- कटायापक m. (-कः) A teacher of the Katha portion of the Veda. ४. कट, and यापक a teacher.
- कटाइक m. (-कः) A gallinule.
- कटिका f. (-का) 1. Chalk. 2. The Tulasi.
- कटिचर m. (-रः) A plant worshipped by the Hindus, commonly Tulasi, (*Ocimum sanctum*, or sacred basil). ४. कटि hard, and चर to destroy, affix चङ्ग, deriv. irr.
- कटिन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Hard, solid. 2. Unkind, severe. 3. Paralytic,

rendered stiff or rigid 4. Difficult, obscure. nf. (-न-क) An earthen vessel. f. (-का) A sweetmeat made with refined sugar. (-नी or -निका) Chalk. ३. कङ् to be confounded, and कङ् Unadi affix, fem affixes टप्, and डीप्.

कठिनता f. (-ता) 1. Firmness, hardness. 2. Severity. 3. Difficulty, obscurity; ४. कङ् added to the last; also with ल्व कठिनत्व.

कठिनपृष्ठ m. (-ष्ठ) A tortoise. ३. कठिन, and पृष्ठ back; also कठिनपृष्ठक.

कठिनहृदय mfn. (-य-या-यं) Hard hearted, cruel, unkind. ३. कठिन, and हृदय the heart.

कठिनालः करण mfn. (-णः-णा-ण) Harsh, cruel, severe. ३. कठिन, and कर्णः करण disposition.

कटिज m. (-जः) A plant, (Momordica charantia) see कटिज.

कटिज्जक m. (-कः) 1. A plant: see the preceding. 2. A name of Tulasi or holy basil. 3. Hogweed. ३. कङ् added to the preceding: see कटिज्ज and कटिज्जक.

कटोर m. (-रः) A needy or distressed man, a pauper. ३. कट् to be distressed, and एरक् Unadi aff.

कटुक m. (-कः) The Indian Plutus.

कटोर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Hard, solid. 2. Seven, cruel. 3. Full, complete, full-grown. 4. Full, (as the moon.) ३. कट् to be distressed, &c. चारन् Unadi affix; also कटोर.

कटोरता f. (-ता) 1. Hardness, firmness. 2. Severity, rigor. ३. ल्व added to the preceding, also कटोरता with ल्व aff.

कटोल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) See कटोर.

कटु r. 1st and 6th cls. (कटति) To be confused or disturbed by pleasure or pain, to be proud or mad, (the roots differ in some of the inflections). ३. कटि १. 1st cl. (कटति) The same as the preceding; also r. 1st and 10th cls. (कटयति, कटयति) 1. To break off a part, to tear, to separate or detach. 2. To remove the chaff or husk of grain, &c. 3. To preserve.

कटु mfn. (-डः-डा-ड) Lacerant, stung. ३. कट् to be perplexed, चक् aff.

कटुक m. (-कः) Sea salt obtained by evaporation. ३. कट् to separate, वन् aff.

कटुकर m. (-रः) Straw, the stalks of various sorts of pulse, &c. ३. कटु mad, क् to make, कन् affix, also कटुकर.

कटुकरिय mfn. (-य-या-यं) To be fed with straw. ३. कटुकर, and क् affix; also with यन्, कटुकरे, and from कटुकर, कटुकरिय.

कटुक्क m. (-कः) A spirituous liquor, a kind of rum. ३. कट् to be intoxicated, चक् aff.

कटुकर m. (-रः) Straw, chaff. ३. कटु, रक् affix, चक् inserted.

कटुच n. (-चः) A vessel. ३. कट् to distil, चक् Unadi affix, and क substituted for ग; also कटुच.

कटुच m. (-चः) 1. The stalk of a potherb. 2. The end or point. ३. कट् to separate, &c. चक् Unadi aff.

कटुच f. (-ची) A potherb, (Convolvulus repens) see कटुच.

कटार mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Tawny. m. (-रः) 1. Tawny, (the colour.) 2. A servant. ३. कङ् to be confused, चारन् aff.

कटार m. (-कः) A sword, a scymitar, a sacrificial knife.

कटु r. 1st cl. (कटति) To be rough, to be harsh or severe: the pen. is originally ट.

कट (ग) r. 1st cl. (कटति) 1. To sound. 2. To cry as in distress. (च) कट r. 1st cl. (कटति) To go or approach. r. 10th cl. (कटयति) To wink, to cover or close the eye with the lids or lashes.

कट mfn. (-णः-णी or -निका) 1. Small, minute. 2. An atom, a minute particle. m. (-णः) 1. An eye of corn. 2. The spark or facet of gem. 3. A spark of fire. 4. A drop of water, &c. f. (-का) 1. Cummin seed. 2. Long pepper. 3. A kind of fly, (डुकीरनचिका) the crocodile fly? ३. कट् to contract, चक् affix, fem. टप् or डीप्.

कटुजीर m. (-रः) A white kind of cummin seed. ३. कटु small, जीर cummin.

कटुजीरक m. (-कः) Small cummin seed. ३. कटु minute, and जीर cummin.

कटुमचक m. (-कः) A kind of bird. ३. कटु pepper, and मचक m. cats.

कटुनाम m. (-मः) A whirlpool.

कटुटीन m. (-नः) A wagtail. ३. कटु little, चट् to go, and रनक् aff.

कटुटीर m. (-रः) A wagtail; also कटुटीरक.

कटुद m. (-दः) 1. The name of a Muni, also called Kasyapa: the author of the Vaisheshika philosophy. 2. A goldsmith. ३. कटु a little, and चट् to eat, referring to the abstemiousness of the saint; or कटु to take, alluding the proverbial dishonesty of the artificer.

कटिक m. (-कः) 1. A small particle, as a crystal, an eye of corn, &c. 2. An enemy. 3. Whirling round a set of lamps at sacrificial ceremonies. 4. The heart of wheat, commonly Suji, sharps or semoule. f. (-का) 1. An atom, a small particle. 2. Small, minute: see कटु. ३. A plant, (Premna spinosa) see गडिकारिका 4. A kind of rice. ३. कटु small, वन् affix, and चट् inserted, fem. affix टप्. [affix क.

कटिच n. (-चः) A cry or sound uttered through pain. ३. कट् to sound.

कटिच n. (-चः) An ear or spike of corn. ३. कटु small, &c. affix च.

कटिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Small, diminutive. ३. कटु to be small, ड्वन् Unadi affix; it is also written कटिक and कटिक.

कटिचि f. (-चिः) 1. A creeper in flower. 2. A cart. ३. The Abrus precatorius. ३. कटु to wink, चि Unadi aff.

कटिचय mfn. (-य-या-यं) 1. Very small. 2. Young, younger. ३. कटु small, and चयन् superlative affix; also कटिचय.

कटिच m. (-रः) A tree, (Casearia ovata, &c.) f. (-रा) A courtesan. 2. A she-elephant. ३. कटु to go, एर affix, or with एर affix कटुच.

कटुक mfn. (-कः-कं) 1. A thorn. 2. A paltry foe. 3. A fish bone. 4. Horripilation, or the erection of the hair of the body. 5. Any annoyance or source of vexation. 6. A term in the Nyaya philosophy, implying refutation of argument, detection of error, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A work-shop, a manufactory. 2. Fault, defect. 3. The point of a pin or needle. 4. A fish or marine monster, the symbol KAMADEVA: see मकर. 5. A bamboo. ३. कटि to divide, वन् aff.

कटुकदुम m. (-मः) The Salmali or silk cotton tree. ३. कटुक, and दुम tree.

कटुकफल m. (-लः) 1. The daka, or bread fruit tree, (Artocarpus integrifolia.) 2. Another plant: see मोक्षुर. 3. The castor oil tree. 4. The Datura. ३. कटुक a spike, and फल fruit: the term is applicable to any plant, the fruit of which is invested with a hairy or thorny coat; also कटुकफल.

कटुकमृज्ज m. (-मृज्ज) A camel. ३. कटुक and मृज्ज who eats.

कटुकमर्दन mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) 1. What treads down or extracts thorns. 2. What hinders or suppresses disturbances, annoyances, &c. n. (-नः) 1. Beating down thorns. 2. Suppressing disturbances, &c. ३. कटुक and मर्दन trampling on.

कटुकमेषी f. (-षी) A porcupine. ३. कटुक and मेषी a row.

कटुकमार m. (-रः) A porcupine. ३. कटुक and मार or मारा a house.

कटुककारिका f. (-का) A sort of prickly nightshade, (Solanum jacquini) ३. कटुक a thorn, चट् to go, चक् affix, कङ् added with the feminine termination; also कटुककारी.

कटुकारी f. (-री) 1. A prickly nightshade: see the preceding. 2. The silk cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.) 3. Another plant, commonly Buinchi'hi, (Flacourtia sapida, Rox.) ३. As before.

कटुकाल m. (-लः) 1. The bread-fruit tree or Jaka: see कटुकफल. 2. Species of the coral tree, (Erythrina Indica.) ३. कटुक a thorn. चाला to take, affix च.

कटुकाम m. (-मः) A camel. ३. कटुक, and चाम food; whose food is of thorns, thistles, &c.; also कटुकमृज्ज, &c.

कटुकानीक m. (-कः) A kind of fish, one which has many bones. ३. कटुक चिक a bone, and ईक aff.

**कण्टकीज** mfn. (-कः-का-ज) 1. Produced from a fish. 2. Borne by the mimosa tree. ३. कण्टकीज, and ज born.

**कण्टकीज mfn.** (-की-किसी-ज) 1. Thorny, prickly. 2. Vexatious, annoying.

**m. (-की)** 1. A fish. 2. A tree, (Mimosa catechu.) 3. A plant. (Vangueria spinosa.) 4. A bamboo. 5. The jujube. ६. कण्टक a thorn or small bone, and इति poss. aff.

**कण्टकीफल m. (-कः)** The Indian bread-fruit tree or Jaka. (Artocarpus integrifolia :) see कण्टकीफल ; also कण्टकीफल

**कण्टकीफल m. (-कः)** A thorny kind of bamboo, (Bambusa spinosa, Rox.)

**कण्टकीफल m. (-कः)** See कण्टकीफल, &c.

**कण्टकीहरण n. (-कः)** 1. Weeding, extracting thorns, &c. 2. Removing annoyances. 3. Extirpating thieves, rogues, &c. or all national or public nuisances. ४. कण्टक and उदरक extracting.

**कण्टपत्र m. (-कः)** A plant, commonly Buineb'hi, (Flacourtia sapida, Rox.) and कण्टपत्रक.

**कण्टफल m. (-कः)** 1. The jack tree. 2. The Datura plant. 3. The castor oil plant. ४. कण्ट for कण्टक a thorn or spike, कण्ट fruit : see कण्टकफल.

**कण्टज m. (-कः)** The Babul, a tree yielding a species of gum arabic, (Acacia Arabica,) the branches are prickly, whence the name. ५. कण्ट for कण्टक a thorn, and ज from ला to take or have.

**कण्टाकारिन् m. (-रि)** The jack tree.

**कण्टाफल m. (-कः)** The Jaka or Jack tree : see कण्टकफल

**कण्ट mfn.** (-कः-पदा or -पदी-कण्ट) 1. The throat. 2. Sound, especially guttural sound. 3. Near, proximate m. (-कः) 1. A tree, (Vangueria spinosa.) 2. The space of an inch from the edge of the hole in which sacrificial fire is deposited f. (-पदी) 1. A rope or leather round the neck of a horse. 2. A necklace, a collar. ३. कण्ट to sound, ४ Unadi affix, fem affix टाप् or डीव्.

**कण्टकणिका f. (-का)** The Vina or Indian lute. ५. कण्ट the throat, कण्ट to sound, and क् affix ; sounded like the larynx.

**कण्टम mfn.** (-कः-ग्रा-मं) Extending to the throat or swallow. ६. कण्ट and म what goes.

**कण्टतलासिका f. (-का)** The leather or rope passing round the neck of a horse.

**कण्टनीडक m. (-कः)** A kite.

**कण्टनीलक m. (-कः)** A torch, a whip of lighted straw, &c.

**कण्टपाशक m. (-कः)** 1. A halter. 2. A rope passing round an elephant's neck ३. कण्ट, and पाशक a fetter

**कण्टभुजा f. (-कः)** A collar or short necklace. ५. कण्ट the throat, and भुजा an ornament.

**कण्टमणि m. (-मि)** A jewel worn on the throat. ६. कण्ट, and मणि a gem.

**कण्टलज mfn.** (-कः-ला-ज) 1. Fastened or suspended round the throat. 2. Clinging to, embracing. ३. कण्ट, and लज attached to.

**कण्टलता f. (-ता)** 1. A collar. 2. A horse's halter. ३. कण्ट, and लता a creeper.

**कण्टमञ्जर n. (-न)** Hanging on or round the throat. ४. कण्ट, and मञ्जर equipping.

**कण्टस्थ mfn.** (-कः-स्था-स्थ) 1. Sticking in the throat. 2. Being in or upon the throat. 3. Guttural. 4. Having by rote, ready to repeat. ५. कण्ट, and स्थ what stays.

**कण्टगत mfn.** (-कः-ता-त) Come in to the throat, (breath, &c.) ५. कण्ट, and गत come.

**कण्टाग्रि m. (-ग्रि)** A bird. ६. कण्ट, and अग्रि fire, and figuratively digestive faculty ; digesting in the throat or gizzard.

**कण्टज m. (-जः)** 1. A boat. 2. A hoe, a spade. 3. War. 4. An esculent root, (Arum.) 5. A camel. f. (-जा) A churning vessel. ६. कण्ट the throat, कण्ट to ornament, &c कण्ट aff.

**कण्टावसक्त mfn.** (-कः-ता-क्त) Embracing, clinging to the neck. ६. कण्ट, and अवसक्त fastened to.

**कण्टिका f. (-का)** A necklace of one string or row. ६. कण्टी and कण्ट aff.

**कण्टीरव m. (-वः)** 1. A lion elephant in rut. 2. A pigeon. ३. कण्ट the throat, and रव sound.

**कण्टीका m. (-का)** A name of SIVA. ५. कण्टी in the throat, कण्ट black, black-necked ; see कण्टीक.

**कण्टा mfn.** (-कः-पदा-कण्ट) Guttural, belonging to the throat, pronounced from the throat, &c. ५. कण्ट and कण्ट aff.

**कण्टन n. (-न)** Threshing, separating the chaff from grain. f. (-नी) A wooden bowl or mortar, in which the cleaning or threshing of grain is performed. ५. कण्ट to divide, कण्ट affix, fem do डीव्.

**कण्टरा f. (-रा)** A principal vessel of the body, a large artery, vein, &c. ५. कण्ट to divide, कण्ट aff.

**कण्ट f. (-कण्ट)** 1. The itch, itching. 2. Scratching : see कण्ट

**कण्टरा f. (-रा)** Cowach : see कण्टरा.

**कण्ट n. (ज)** कण्टज, Santra root, (कण्टाग्रि-न) 1. To touch. 2. To scratch.

**कण्ट f. (-कण्ट)** 1. The itch, itching. 2. Scratching. ३. कण्ट क् to itch, affix क्तिप् ; also with the final short, कण्ट.

**कण्टावरी f. (-री)** Cowach, (Carpopogon pruriens) ५. कण्ट, itching, and कण्ट what makes, डीव् aff.

**कण्टज m. (-जः)** Cassia, (t-bula) ५. कण्ट and ज what destroys.

**कण्टति f. (-ति)** 1. Itching, the itch. 2. Scratching. ३. कण्ट and क्तिप् affix : also कण्ट, कण्टयन्, &c.

**कण्टयन् mfn. (-यन्-यदी-यन्)** Scratching, rubbing. ५. कण्ट to itch, कण्ट aff.

**कण्टयन् n. (-न)** 1. Itching. 2. Scratching : also कण्टया and कण्ट. ३. A : before, affixes यक् and क्तिप्.

**कण्टयन्क m. (-कः)** A tickler, one who tickles or scratches. ५. कण्टयन् and क who makes.

**कण्टया f. (-या)** 1. Itching. 2. Scratching. ३. कण्ट to itch, affixes यक् and टाप्.

**कण्टरा f. (-रा)** Cowach, (Carpopogon pruriens) ५. कण्ट, itching, and रा what makes, from रा to take or give. affixes क and यप्, alluding to the irritating property of the leaves of this plant.

**कण्टज mfn.** (-कः-ला-ज) Itchy, having the itch. m. (-जः) An esculent root, (Arum) ५. कण्ट and ज to have, ५ aff

**कण्टील m. (-लः)** 1. A basket, a safe, any place in which provisions are kept. 2. A camel. ३. कण्ट to divide, कण्ट Unadi affix, also with कण्ट added कण्टीलक.

**कण्टीलक m. (-कः)** A safe, a store room : see the preceding.

**कण्टीलवीणा f. (-वा)** A vulgar lute. ५. कण्टील here implying a Chandalā, and वीणा the Vina or Indian lute ; also कण्टील वाणा and कण्टीली.

**कण्टीली f. (-ली)** See the preceding

**कण्टीप m. (-पः)** A caterpillar. ५. कण्ट, itching, and कण्ट and abode.

**कण्ट m. (-कः)** The name of a celebrated Muni or saint. n. (-नः) Sin. ५. कण्ट to sound, कण्ट Unadi aff

**कण्ट m. (-तः)** 1. The name of a Muni or saint. 2. The clearing nut plant. ५. कण्ट to sound, कण्ट Unadi aff.

**कण्टक m. (-कः)** The clearing nut plant, (Strychnos potatorum :) one of the seeds of this plant being rubbed upon the inside of the water jars used in Bengal, occasions a precipitation of the earthy particles diffused through the water.

**कण्टम mfn.** (-कः-सा-म) Which, (of many.) ५. कण्ट and मञ्जर aff.

**कण्टनाम m. (-नः)** A name of Aśvī or fire ; this word is perhaps a corruption : see कण्टनाम and कण्टनाम.

**कण्टर mfn.** (-कः-रा-र) Which, (of two,) whether ५. कण्ट and उदरक aff.

**कण्ट mfn.** (-कः-ति-ति) 1. How many. 2. How much. ३. कण्ट what, and इति aff.

**कण्टिचिन् ind. 1** In any way, in some way. 2. For some time. ५. कण्ट how many, and चिन् aff.

**कण्टिचिन् mfn.** (-कः-या-च) What, how much. ५. कण्ट added to कण्टि.

**कण्टिचिन् mfn.** (-कः-या-च) 1. How many. 2. A certain number, so many

**कण्टिचिन् mfn.** (-कः-या-च) What, how much. ५. कण्ट added to कण्टिचिन्.

कतिविध mfn. (-यः-धा-च) 1. Of how many sorts. 2. Of various kinds. ३. कति, and विध sort.

कचूष n. (-च) 1. A fragrant grass. 2. A plant, commonly Chakulia (*Hemionites cordifolia*, Rox.) ३. कत् for कुत् bad, वृष grass.

कनीय n. (-य) Wine or vinous spirit. ३. कत् for कत् bad, and नीय water.

कम्प r. 1st cl. (कम्पते) 1. To praise or celebrate. 2. To flatter or coax. 3. To boast.

कम्प r. 10th cl. (कम्पयति) To loosen, to slacken, to remove.

कम्प n. (-र) The shoulder, the shoulder blade.

कम्प r. 10th cl. (कम्पयति) To speak, to tell.

कम्पक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. A narrator, a relator, one who recites a story, or who publicly reads and expounds the Puranas, &c. 2. One who speaks or tells, inf. (-कः-का) The speaker of a prologue or a monologue. ३. A professional story teller. ३. कथ to speak, to relate, वृत् aff.

कम्पकिक mfn. (कः-का-क) An interrogant, one who asks or questions. ३. कथम् how, कथ to speak, उक् aff.

कम्पकिकता f. (ता) A question, asking, enquiring. ३. तत् affix of the abstract added to the preceding

कम्पकित m. (-तः) An interrogant, one who questions. ३. कथम् how, कथित said.

कम्पक ind. In some way, in any way, by any means. ३. कथम् and कम्प aff.

कथयित् ind. In any way, by some means or other. ३. कथम् and चित् कथय mfn. (-यः-धा-य) Talkative. n. (-य) Saying, narrating, relating. ३. कथ to say, &c. युच् or खट् aff.

कथनीय mfn. (-यः-धा-य) To be said, to be told or declared. ३. कथ to tell, कथनीय affix; also with तय कथितय and with यत् कथय.

कथना f. (-ना) Enquiry, question, demand. ३. कथ to speak, भृत् aff.

कथम् ind. 1. A particle of interrogation, (how, what) 2. Also implying mode, (how, in what manner.) 3. A particle of amazement or surprise. 4. Of pleasure. 5. Of abuse. 6. Of interrogation, implying doubt. ३. किम् what, and यम् aff. [टाप् aff.]

कथा f. (-धा) A feigned story, a tale or fable. ३. कथ to tell, &c. कथ् and कथानुराग m. (-गः) Attention, taking pleasure in a discourse. ३. कथा, and कथानुराग inclination.

कथाप्रवक्ष m. (-वक्षः) A narrative, a tale, a fiction. ३. कथा, and प्रवक्ष connexion.

कथाप्रवक्ष mfn. (-वक्षः-धा-वक्ष) 1. Talkative, talking much and foolishly. 2. Half-witted, foolish. 3. A conjuror, a dealer in antidotes, &c. m. (-वक्षः) 1. Talking, conversation, speaking to or with. 2. Rumour, report. ३. कथा a fable, and प्रवक्ष who relates.

कथाप्राप्त m. (-प्राप्तः) 1. An actor, the speaker of a prologue or monologue, the introducer of a drama. 2. A professed story teller. ३. कथा and प्राप्त life, livelihood.

कथायोग m. (-यः) Conversation, talk, discourse. ३. कथा, and योग uniting.

कथारम्भ m. (-रम्भः) 1. Narration, narrative, story telling. 2. Beginning of a story. ३. कथा, and आरम्भ beginning, &c.

कथारिक्त mfn. (-रिक्तः-धा-रिक्त) Reserved, taciturn,, disliking conversation. ३. कथा, and रिक्त disliking. [collection

कथासंग्रह m. (-संग्रहः) A collection of tales or fables. ३. कथा, and संग्रह लयिक mfn. (-लयः-की-ल) A story-teller by profession, a narrator, a relator.

u. (-ल) a tale, and उक् aff.

कथित m. (-तः-ता-त) Said, told, related. ३. कथ to tell, क् aff.

कथितपद n. (-पदः) Repetition, tautology. ३. कथित said, पद a word.

कथोद्घात m. (-घातः) The opening of a drama, by the character that first enters overhearing and repeating the last words of the prelude. ३. कथा, and उद्घात beginning.

कथोपकथन n. (-नः) 1. Conversation, conference. 2. Narration. ३. कथा, and उपकथन speaking.

कथोपाख्यान n. (-नः) Narration, narrative, relation, telling a story. ३. कथा, and उपाख्यान telling.

कथ mfn. (-यः-धा-य) To be spoken or said. ३. कथ and यत् aff.

कथ or (य) कथि r. 1st cl. (कथने and कथने) 1. To be confused, to suffer mentally, to grieve. 2. To confound. 3. To kill or hurt; also कथि (कथने) 1. To call. 2. To cry or shed tears.

कथ m. (-यः) A cloud. ३. क water, and य what gives.

कथक m. (-कः) An awning. ३. कथ a cloud, and क what makes; yielding a shade as a cloud; also fem. कथका and कथकी.

कथकुर n. (-र) A bad letter. ३. कत् for कुत् bad and कथकुर a letter.

कथकुर m. (-र) A bad road. ३. कत् for कुत् bad, and कथकुर a road.

कथन n. (-नः) 1. Killing, destroying. 2. Sin. 3. War. ३. कथ to kill or injure, affix खट्.

कथन n. (-नः) Bad food. ३. कत् for कुत् bad, कथ food

कथम् m. (-यः) 1. A plant, commonly Kadamba (*Naucllea kadamba*). 2. The mustard seed plant, (*Sinapis dichotoma*). 3. A kind of grass, (*Andropogon serratum*): see दीवतायक. 4. Turmeric n. (-यः) A multitude, an assemblage or collection. ३. कथ to confound, &c. कथम् Unadi affix; also with कम्प added कथम्क.

कथम्क mfn. (-कः-का) See the preceding.

कथम्क m. (-यः) Mustard seed plant: it seems to be a variety of reading for कथम्क, q. v.

कथम्कयी f. (-यी) A plant, the flowers of which resemble those of the Kadamba, commonly called Mundiri. ३. कथम्क, and ययी a flower fem. affix कथि; also with टाप् कथम्कययी.

कथम्कययी m. (-यः) A fragrant breeze. ३. कथम्क the plant, and ययी wind.

कथम्कयिल m. (-यः) 1. A fragrant breeze. 2. Spring. ३. कथम्क and ययिल wind

कथर m. (-रः) 1. A white sort of mimosa. 2. A corn, a callosity. 3. A saw. 4. An iron goad for an elephant. n. (-र) Coagulated milk ३. क water, &c. ह to tear, कथ् aff.

कथर्य mfn. (-यः-धा-य) 1. Useless. 2. Unmeaning. ३. कत् for कुत्, and कथर्य object.

कथर्यित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Despised, disdained, rejected. 2. Rendered useless. ३. कत् for कुत् bad, कथर्यित sought.

कथर्यित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Despised, disdained. 2. Rendered useless and unavailing. ३. कथर्य and कथर्य made, with चि augment.

कथर्य mfn. (-यः-धा-य) 1. Avaricious, miserly. 2. Little, insignificant, mean. 3. Bad, disagreeable. m. (-यः) A miser, ३. कत् bad, vile, and कथर्य possessor.

कथर्य n. (-यः) 1. Avarice. 2. Insignificance. 3. Badness. ३. त् added to the last; also with तत् कथर्यता.

कथर्य ruf. (-यः-धी) 1. The plantain tree, (*Musa sapientum*). 2. Another plant, (*Pistia stratiotes*): see पृथ्वी. f. (-यः) The silk cotton tree also (-यः-लिका) 1. A kind of deer, the hide of which is used as a seat, &c. 2. A flag, a banner. 3. A flag carried by an elephant. ३. क water, air, &c. दक् to pierce, to divide, &c. affix कथ्, and टाप् or कथि fem. aff.

कथर्य m. (-यः) The plantain or banana tree: see the preceding. ३. कम्प added to कथर्य.

कथर्यीयता f. (-ता) 1. A sort of cucumber. 2. A fine woman.

कथर्य m. (-यः) A hack, a bad horse. ३. कत् for कुत्, and कथर्य a horse.

कथा ind. When, at what time. ३. किम् what, दा aff. [form.

कथाकार mfn. (-रः-ता-र) Ill formed, ugly. ३. कत् for कुत्, and कथाकार

कथाकुर n. (-यः) A plant, commonly Kur'h or Kud'h, (*Costus speciosus*). ३. कत् bad, कथाकुर name, ill named: having a bad name or reputation.

कथाकुर ind. Sometime or other, ever; न कथाकुर never.

कथाकार mfn. (-रः-ता-र) Wicked, abandoned, following evil practices. ३. कत् for कुत्, कथाकार obscuration.



कदाचित् ind. Sometimes, at sometimes or other, ever ; न कदाचित्  
never.

कदापि ind. Sometimes, now and then. ३. कदा when, कपि certainly.

कदुष् मfn. (-कः-का-क) Tepid, warm. n. (-कः) Warmth, gentle warmth.  
३. कन् instead of कुन् bad, inferior, कृष् beat.

कदू मfn. (-दूः-दूः-दूः) Tawny. f. (-दूः) The wife of Casyapa the  
saint, and mother of the Nagas or the serpent race, inhabiting  
the regions below the earth. m. (-दूः) Tawny, (the colour.) ३. कन्  
to desire, कृ affix, and र inserted ; the final of the radical is  
irregularly changed to द ; fem. affix ऊन्.

कदुपुत्र म. (-कः) A serpent. ३. पुत्र a son, joined to the preceding ; also  
other compounds of similar import, as कदुमुत्र, &c.

कदुसुत म. (-कः) A serpent ; see the preceding.

कद मfn. (-कः-दा-क) 1. Speaking ill, inaccurately, indistinctly, &c.  
2. Vile, base, contemptible. ३. कन् for कुन् bad, and द who  
speaks.

कन् ( ई जि ) जिकनी. r. 1st cl. (कनति) 1. To shine. 2. To desire or love.  
3. To go or approach.

कनक n. (-कः) Gold. m. (-कः) 1. The name of a tree which bears red  
flowers, (Butou frondosa) : see पलाश. 2. Thorn apple, (Datura  
metel, &c.) 3. Another plant, (Mesua ferrea) : see मानकेसर. 4.  
Mountain ebony, (Bauhinia variegata, &c.) see काशमाल. 5. A  
black sort of agallochum. 6. A shrub yielding a yellow fragrant  
flower, (Michelia champaca.) ३. कन् to shine, कृ Una'di aff.

कनकसार म. (-कः) Borax. ३. कनक, and सार flux.

कनकटङ्क म. (-कः) A golden hatchet. ३. कनक, and टङ्क a hatch.

कनकदण्डक n. (-कः) The royal parasol ३ कनक gold, दण्ड a staff, and  
कन् affix ; golden-sticked.

कनकपराग म. (-कः) Gold-dust. ३ कनक, and पराग pollen.

कनकपल म. (-कः) A Pala, a weight of gold and silver equal to sixteen  
Mashas, or about 280 grains troy : see पञ्च. ३. कनक, and पल a  
Pala.

कनकभङ्ग म. (-कः) A piece of gold. ३. कनक, भङ्ग what is broken off.

कनकसय मfn. (-कः-या-य) Golden, consisting or made of gold. ३. कनक and  
सय aff.

कनकरस म. (-कः) Yellow orpiment. ३. कनक, and रस juice.

कनकजीवर म. (-कः) Resin.

कनकशय n. (-कः) A gold cord. ३ कनक, and शय string.

कनकस्यो f. (-कः) A gold-mine, golden soil. ३. कनक, and स्य place.

कनकाचल m. (-कः) The mountain Sumeru. ३. कनक, and अचल a  
mountain ; the golden mountain.

कनकाञ्चल म. (-कः) The treasurer or superintendent of the gold ३.  
कनक, and अञ्चल a superintendent.

कनकाजुका f. (-कः) A golden jar or vaso. ३. कनक, जान् a water jar, कन्  
and ट्राप् added.

कनकाक्ष म. (-कः) A tree with golden or yellow blossoms, (Mesua ferrea.)  
३. कनक, and आक्ष appellation.

कनक मfn. (-कः-का-क) One-eyed. ३. कन् to shine, कृ aff.

कनिष्ठ मfn. (-कः-दा-क) 1. Small, little. 2. Younger, younger born. 3.  
Young. f. (-कः) The little finger. ३. कन् to shine, &c. and कृष्  
affix, or कृष् small, the क being changed, or कन् substituted for  
युवन् and कृष्.

कनिष्ठता f. (-कः) The state of being younger or smaller ३. तन् added to  
the last ; also with क, कनिष्ठत्.

कनी f. (-नी) A girl, a maiden. ३. कन् to shine, कृ and ऊन् affs.

कनीक मfn. (-कः-का-क) Very small : see कनिष्क.

कनीषि f. (-षिः) 1. A creeping plant which bears flowers. 2. The Gunja,  
a shrub bearing a red and black berry, (Abrus precatorios.) 3. A  
part. ३. कनी to shine, कृषि Una'di affix ; also according to some  
कनीषि.

कनीक म. (-कः) The caruncula lacrymalis. f. (-निका) 1. The pupil of  
the eye. 2. The little finger. ३. कन् to shine, कृ affix, कन् added,  
also with ऊन् only कनीकी.

कनीकी f. (-नी) 1. The little finger 2. The pupil of the eye.

कनीयस मfn. (-यान् यनी-यः) 1 Very young, youngest. 2. Very small,  
least. 3. Younger born, a younger brother or sister. ३. कृष् small,  
ईयसन् affix, the क being changed ; or कन् to shine, &c. : or कन्  
substituted for युवन् and कृष्.

कनीयस n. (-सः) Copper. ३. कन् to shine, ईयसन् aff.

कनीर f. (-रा) 1. A female elephant. 2 A harlot.

कन मfn. (-कः-का-क) Happy. ३. कं and न aff

कन मfn. (-कः-का-क) Happy. ३. कन् and न aff.

कन मfn. (-कः-का-क) Happy. m. (-कः) 1. Kāma'ya, the deity of  
love. 2. The heart, as the seat or faculty of perception and  
feeling. ३. कन् to desire, न Una'di affix ; or कं and न possessive aff.

कन्या f. (-या) 1 A rag, a patched cloth or garment, a quilt of grass.  
2. A wall : this word in composition may be used as neuter, if  
the compound imply a town in the province of Umanāra as  
कीर्तिनकन्या.

कन्याधारण n. (-धः) Wearing a garment of patch-work, the practice of  
some Yogis. ३. कन्या, and धारण wearing.

कन्याधारिन् m. (-री-रिणी) A Yogi, a religious mendicant. ३. कन्या, and  
धारिन् who wears.

कन्द म. (-कः-कः) 1. A bulbous or tuberous root. 2. One of an esculent  
sort. ( Arum campanulatum. ) 3. Garlic. m. (-कः) 1. A cloud. 2.  
An affection of the feminine organ, considered as a fleshy  
excrecence, but apparently prolapsus uteri. ३. कदि to wet, &c.  
कृष् affix, कं water, and दा to give.

कन्द n. (-कः) The white esculent water lily.

कन्दमूल m. (-मूल) A radish. ३. कन्द, and मूल root.

कन्द मfn. (-कः-रा-क-री-र) 1. An artificial or natural cave. 2 A glen, a  
defile, a valley. m. (-कः) A hook for driving an elephant with r.  
(र) Dry ginger. ३. कं water or the head, and द to divide, to  
pierce, कृष् aff.

कन्दारक म. (-कः) A mountain. ३. कन्द a cave, आकर having, making

कन्दारक म. (-कः) 1. A plant, (Hibiscus populneoides.) 2. A species of  
fig tree, (Ficus venosa) : see वृक्ष. 3. The walnut tree. ३. कन्द a  
cave, and कृष् affix ; growing in desolate places : also with कन्  
added कन्दारक.

कन्दारक म. (-कः) A species of fig tree, see the preceding

कन्दर्प म. (-पः) A name of the deity KAMA, the Cupid of the Hindu  
mythology. ३. कृष् BASHMA, दृष् to inflame, कृष् affix ; the inflamer  
even of the first of the gods, corresponding in this respect with  
his Grecian prototype. f. (-पः) One of the presiding female deities  
of the Jains.

कन्दर्पकृप म. (-पः) Pudendum muliobre.

कन्दर्पकृप म. (-पः) Passion, desire. ३. कन्दर्प, and कृष् fever.

कन्दर्पकृप म. (-पः) Membrum virile.

कन्दल मfn. (-कः-दा-क) 1. The cheek, or the cheek and temple. 2 A  
portent a natural phenomenon supposed to announce evil. 3. A  
new shoot or sprig. 4. A low minutetone. 5. Reproach, censure. m.  
(-कः) 1. Gold 2. War, battle. f. (-ली) 1. A species of deer of which  
the hide is used. 2. A sort of tree, the banana : see कदली. 3. A  
flag. ३. कन्द a root, &c. and कृष् from ला to tako, fem. affix ऊन्.

कन्दलित मfn. (-कः-दा-क) 1. Budden, blown. 2. Put forth, emitted. ३.  
कन्दल a bud, दत्तन् aff.

कन्दलीकृप म. (-कः) A mushroom.

कन्दलीकृप म. (-कः) An esculent root. ३. कन्द, and कृष् increasing.

कन्दलीकृप म. (-कः) A sort of Arum, (A. campanulatum) ३. कन्द, and  
कृष् the same.

कन्दर्प n. (-ः) Prolapsus uteri, see कन्. ३. कन् a root, and कन् a name, affix क; every कन् or name for a bulbous root, being a term for this complaint.

कन्दार n. (-ः) The garden or grove of INDRA.

कन्द m. (-ः) An esculent root, a sort of Arum.

कन्द mfn. (स्त्री-दि-दि) Having a bulbous root. m. (-दी) A sort of Arum, (A. compauulatum, or any similar bulb.) ३. कन् and इनि aff.

कन् mfn. (-ः) १. A boiler, a saucepan or other cooking utensil of iron. २. An oven or vessel serving for one. ३. कन् to go, उ Unadi affix, and the initial स rejected.

कन् m. (-ः) A ball of wood or pith for playing with. n. (-ः) A germ. ३. कन् to cry, to call, &c. उ affix, and कन् added.

कन् mfn. (-ः) Parched, roasted, (as grain,) fried, &c dressed without water. ३. कन्, and पन् dressed.

कन्दी m. (-ः) The white esculent water lily. n. (-ः) The blue lotus.

कन्दी m. (-ः) The white lotus.

कन् m. (-ः) A cloud. ३. कन् water, and स from वा to have.

कन् mfn. (-ः) The neck. m. (-ः) A cloud. ३. कन् water or the head and स having, from पन्, affix कन्.

कन् m. (-ः) The ocean. f. (-ः) The neck. ३. कन् water or the head, वा to have, कि aff.

कन् n. (-ः) Fainting, falling in a fit or state of insensibility; in some copies this word is read कन्.

कन् f. (-ः) १. A girl, a maiden. २. A daughter. ३. The Socotrine aloes, (Aloes perfoliata) ३. कन् a girl, कन् pleonastic affix, fem. affix टप्; see कन् and कन्.

कन् n. (-ः) Beguiling a maiden, seduction, betrayal. ३. कन्, and कन् deceit. [कन् born.

कन् m. (-ः) The son of an unmarried woman. ३. कन्, and कन्, and कन्.

कन् m. (-ः) १. A daughter's husband. ३. कन्, and पन् a husband.

कन् m. (-ः) १. A younger brother. f. (-ः) The little finger: see कन्.

कन् f. (-ः) १. A girl nine years old, a virgin. २. A name of DURGA. ३. The sign of the zodiac, Virgo. ४. The socotrine aloes (Aloes perfoliata.) ५. Large cardamoms. ६. A species of metre of four lines, with four syllables in each. ७. A parasite plant. ३. कन् to shine, Unadi affix यन्, fem टप्.

कन् f. (-ः) A young girl or virgin: see कन् and कन्.

कन् m. (-ः) Kanyakubja or Kinnore, an ancient city of great note, in the north of Hindustan, known to classical geography as Cannogyna: the name also applies to its dependencies or the surrounding district: also कन्. ३. कन् a girl, and कन् round-shouldered, crooked; the etymology, alludes to a legend relating to the one hundred daughters of KUSANABHA the king of this city, who were all rendered crooked by Vayu, for non-compliance with his heinous desires.

कन् n. (-ः) Taking a girl in marriage ३. कन् and कन् taking.

कन् m. (-ः) The middle of a house, the inner or private apartments. ३. कन् a girl. कन् to go, and कन् aff.

कन् n. (-ः) १. Giving a girl in marriage. २. Receiving the same. ३. कन्, and दान gift, or दान acceptance.

कन् m. (-ः) A father, one who gives a girl in marriage. ३. कन्, and दान donor.

कन् m. (-ः) १. A violator or defiler of a virgin. २. A calumniator of a girl. ३. कन्, and कन् who defiles; also कन् m. (-ः).

कन् n. (-ः) १. Defiling a virgin. २. Calumniating a girl. ३. कन्, and कन् spoiling.

कन् m. (-ः) A blemish in a virgin, disease, bad repute, &c. ३. कन्, and कन् fault.

कन् m. (-ः) A daughter's husband: see कन्.

कन् m. (-ः) १. A dealer in slave girls. २. The father of a daughter. ३. कन्, and कन् who cherishes.

कन् m. (-ः) The offspring of an unmarried daughter. ३. कन्, and पुन् a son.

कन् n. (-ः) Giving a daughter in marriage. ३. कन्, and दान a gift.

कन् m. (-ः) A Budd'ha or Jaina saint. ३. कन् a girl, कन् to please, affix कन्.

कन् m. (-ः) A son-in-law. ३. कन्, and कन् who knows.

कन् n. (-ः) The purchase money of a maiden, money given to the bride's father. ३. कन् and कन् tax.

कन् m. (-ः) The son of an unmarried girl. ३. कन्, and कन् born,

कन् n. (-ः) Carrying off girl, rape, ravishment. ३. कन्, and कन् taking.

कन् f. (-ः) A young girl, a virgin: see कन्.

कन् n. (-ः) The hand below the wrist.

कन् (ः) कन् r. 1st cl. (कन्) To shake, to tremble: with कन् prefixed, to feel tenderness or compassion, to pity.

कन् mn. (-ः) Fraud, deceit, cheating, circumvention. ३. कन् BRAHMA, कन् to go, कन् affix; what extends even to BRAHMA; or कन् the head, and पन् a covering, screening the head as it were. f. (-ः) A measure equal to the capacity of the hollows of the two hands joined.

कन् f. (-ः) Deceitfulness. ३. कन् added to कन्: also with कन् कन्.

कन् m. (-ः) Fraud, trick, fraudulent plot or contrivance. ३. कन्, and कन् procedure.

कन् n. (-ः) A forged document, a false or fraudulent statement. ३. कन्, and कन् a writing.

कन् mfn. (-ः) Masked, disguised, assuming a false dress or appearance. m. (-ः) Disguise. ३. कन्, and कन् costume.

कन् mfn. (-ः) Disguised, in masquerade. ३. कन् and कन् aff.

कन् mfn. (-ः) A rogue, a cheat, fraudulent, dishonest. ३. कन् and कन् aff.

कन् mfn. (-ः) Fraudulent, dishonest, a cheat, &c. ३. कन् and कन् aff.

कन् m. (-ः) १. The braided hair of SIVA. २. A small shell used as a coin, a Cowrie. ३. A name of SIVA. ३. कन् water, (that of the Ganges,) कन् in the deriv. form, nourishing, and कन् from कन् to give, or कन् happiness, &c. which will apply to both senses; also with कन् added कन्.

कन् m. (-ः) See the preceding. [कन् aff.]

कन् m. (-ः) A name of SIVA. ३. कन् his braided hair, and कन् mfn. (-ः) A door, the leaf or pannel of a door. ३. कन् the head or wind, पन् to go, कन् affix; also कन्.

कन् m. (-ः) A thief, a house-breaker. ३. कन्, and कन् who breaks.

कन् m. (-ः) १. The junction of the leaves of a door. २. A mode of multiplying, (in arithmetic.) ३. कन्, and कन् junction.

कन् mn. (-ः) १. The skull, the cranium. २. Either half of a water jar. ३. Any flat bone. ४. A beggar's bowl. ५. Multitude assemblage, collection. ६. A species of leprosy. ७. A treaty of peace on equal terms. ३. कन् to tremble, and कन् Unadi affix; or कन् the head, and कन् what cherishes or protects.

कन् f. (-ः) A sort of pin or spindle for winding cotton, thread, &c.

कन् m. (-ः) A name of MAHADEV. ३. कन् a skull, and कन् who cherishes; being represented with a necklace of skulls.

कन् f. (-ः) Treaty of peace on equal terms. ३. कन्, and कन् peace.

कपासिका f. (-का) 1. The tartar of the teeth. 2. A potsherd. ३. कपास and कपू aff.  
 कपासिन् m. (-नी) 1. A title of ŚIVA. 2. A man of low caste, from a Brahman mother and fisherman father. f. (-विनी) The goddess DURGA. ३. कपास a skull, कपि affix; and कपि fem. do.  
 कपि m. (-पि) 1. An ape or monkey. 2. The monkey HANUMAN. 3. A title of VIṢṆU or KRISHNA. 4. Incense, storax or impure benzoin. 5. Emblic myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) 6. A kind of Bonduc or Bonducella. ३. कपि to tremble, ४ Unadi affix, the nasal rejected.  
 कपिकच्छ f. (-च्छ) Cowach, (Dolichos carpopogon.) ३. कपि a monkey, and कच्छ itching; also with final vowel long कपिकच्छ.  
 कपिकच्छरा f. (-रा) Cowach: see the preceding.  
 कपिकन्दक n. (-क) The skull, the cranium. ३. कपि, and कन्दक a ball.  
 कपिचूत m. (-त) A tree, (Spondias mangifera:) see चासतक. ३. कपि, and चूत the mango tree, the monkey's mango.  
 कपिज mfn. (-ज: जा-ज) Born of a monkey, &c. m. (-ज:) Incense, benzoin ३. कपि, and ज born  
 कपिचल m. (-ल) 1. A bird, the francoline partridge. 2. The Chataka.  
 कपितेल n. (-ल) Benzoin or storax. ३. कपि, and तेल oil  
 कपिचम m. (-चम) The elephant or wood apple, (Feronia elephantum.) ३. कपि, and चम from च्छा to stay or abide; the residence of apes.  
 कपितपनी f. (-नी) A plant, commonly कपितपनी, the leaves of which are compared to those of the preceding.  
 कपितपनी f. (-नी) A plant: see the preceding.  
 कपिचाम m. (-चम) A kind of monkey. ३. कपिच, and चाम a face; having a roundish face, in shape like the wood apple  
 कपिचज m. (-ज) A name of ARJUNA ३. कपि a monkey, and चज a sign; having a monkey as his symbol, his ensign or arms.  
 कपिचान् m. (-म) Incense: see कपि  
 कपिचम f. (-म) Cowach: see कपिकच्छ  
 कपिचम m. (-म) A name of the first RAMA. ३. कपि and चम master-general of the monkey force with which he invaded Lanka or Ceylon.  
 कपिचम m. (-म) The elephant or wood apple: see कपिच. ३. कपि, and चम beloved.  
 कपिचम m. (-म) A title of RAMA. ३. कपि and चम a car; having been carried by his monkeys.  
 कपिचम mfn. (-म: ला-म) Tawny. m. (-म:) 1. KAPILA, a celebrated Muni or saint, the founder of the Sankhya system of philosophy: the son of KENDAMA by DEVAHUTI, and according to some, an avatar of VIṢṆU. 2. A title of AGNI the deity of fire. 3. A dog. 4. Tawny, (in colour) f. (-म) 1. The female elephant of the south-east. 2. A kind of Sisu, or timber tree so called: see चिन्ना. 3. A sort of perfume: see रेचुका. 4. The aloe plant. 5. A fabulous cow, celebrated in the Puranas. 6. The common leech. ३. कपि to desire, इच्छ Unadi affix, and च substituted for म; or कपि a monkey, and च to take, &c. being of such a colour.  
 कपिचम m. (-म) A name of SURYA or the sun. ३. कपिच, and चम light; being of a dull red or tawny hue.  
 कपिचम f. (-म) The brown or tawny grape. ३. कपिच, and चम a grape  
 कपिचम m. (-म) The name of a perfume or sweet scented wood: see कपिच.  
 कपिचम f. (-म) 1. The Ganges. 2. A holy place, a place of pilgrimage.  
 कपिचम m. (-म) A title of the god INDRA. ३. कपिच tawny, and चम horse; such being the colour of INDRA's steed.  
 कपिचम n. (-म) Brass. ३. कपि for कपिच brown, and चम iron.  
 कपिचम f. (-म) A plant, which bears a seed resembling pepper, (Pothos officinalis.)

कपिचम m. (-म) A name of NARADA, a saint and philosopher, and friend of KRISHNA. ३. कपि and चम a face; the saint having a face like a monkey.  
 कपिचम f. (-म) The elephant or wood apple: see कपिच. ३. कपि, and चम a pedicle; that being invested with a downy coat, resembling the hair of an ape.  
 कपिचम mfn. (-म: जा-म) Brown, of a brown colour. m. (-म:) 1. Brown, (the colour.) a compound of black and yellow. 2. Incense, storax or coarse benzoin f. (-म) A spirit, a sort of rum. f. (-म) The mother of the demons called Pisachas. ३. कपि an ape, and च affix; of the colour of an ape  
 कपिचम m. (-म) A title of ŚIVA. [affix कच्  
 कपिचम m. (-म) 1. A deity. 2. A sort of spirit or rum. ३. कपिच, कपिचम m. (-म) A Pisacha, an imp or goblin. ३. कपिच the mother of these beings, and चम a son.  
 कपिचम mfn. (-म: जा-म) Embrowned, made brown or dusky red. ३. कपिच and चम aff.  
 कपिचम f. (-म) Spirituous liquor ३. कपिच, and चम affix; see कपिच.  
 कपिचम m. (-म) The upper part or coping of a wall. ३. कपि, and चम the head; a monkey's head.  
 कपिचम n. (-म) Vermilion, the red sulphuret of mercury.  
 कपिचम n. (-म) A place frequented by monkeys. ३. कपि, and चम place.  
 कपिचम f. (-म) Cowach: see कपिकच्छ.  
 कपिचम m. (-म) A plant, (a species of mimosa:) see चिन्ना. ३. कपि, and चम respected, liked; a favourite plant with the monkeys, also कपिचम.  
 कपिचम m. (-म) 1. A tree bearing an acid fruit, (Spondias mangifera:) see चासतक. 2. Another tree, (Hibiscus populneoides:) see महुभा. 3. A species of Mimosa, (Mimosa sirisha, Rox.) 4. The holy fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) 5. The betel nut tree, (Areca faulol or Catechu.) 6. The name of another plant, (Cratava marmelos.) ३. कपि an ape, and चम what spreads; sheltering or feeding monkeys, the vowel is made long irregularly  
 कपिचम m. (-म) 1. A name of the celebrated monkey HANUMAN. 2. Also of SURIVA, &c. ३. कपि, and चम the chief.  
 कपिचम f. (-म) A patch of hair on each side of the head. ३. क the head, चम cherishing, कच् aff.  
 कपिचम n. (-म) Hair hanging down to the ground. ३. क the head, चम a tail, and च what resembles.  
 कपिचम m. (-म) 1. A dove or pigeon, especially the spotted necked pigeon. 2. A bird in general. ३. कच् to tinge, to be of various hues, चातच् Unadi affix, च changed to च.  
 कपिचम n. (-म) Antimony. ३. कपिच and कच् affix, implying resemblance, (in colour.)  
 कपिचम f. (-म) A perfume: see नली  
 कपिचम f. (-म) A dove cot, an aviary or pigeon house. ३. कपिच a bird, &c. पाच to nourish, and चच् affix, fem. termination टाच्; also with the affixes चच् and कच् कपिचमनी.  
 कपिचमनी f. (-नी) See the preceding.  
 कपिचम n. (-म) Antimony. ३. कपिच and चम essence.  
 कपिचम f. (-म) A perfume: see नली. ३. कपिच and चम a foot; of a red colour, like the claw of a pigeon.  
 कपिचम m. (-म) A pale or dirty white colour. ३. कपिच, an चाच् before भा to shame, affix च; of the colour of a pigeon.  
 कपिचम m. (-म) A hawk, a falcon. ३. कपिच, and चम an enemy.  
 कपिचम f. (-म) A dove. ३. कपिच a pigeon, कच् affix fem. form.  
 कपिचम m. (-म) A cheek. f. (-नी) The forepart of the knee, the knee-cap or pan. ३. कपि to quiver, and चिच्च् Unadi aff.  
 कपिचम m. (-म) The elephant's temples and cheeks. ३. कपिच and चम touchstone; being of the like dark colour,

कपोलमिति m. (-निः) The temples and cheek, the upper part of the face. ड. कपोल, and मिति a wall. [colour.

कपोलराम m. (-रः) Colour or flush in the cheek. ड. कपोल, and राम

कपोलकचक m. (-कः) The cheek. ड. कपोल, and कचक a plank.

कप्याय m. (-यः) Incense. ड. कपि and कप्या aff.

कफ m. (-कः) 1. Phlegm, one of the three humours of the body. 2. Watery froth or foam in general. ड. क water, and फल् to bud or flower, उ aff.

कफकर mfn. (-रः रा-री-र) Producing phlegm. ड. कफ and कर what makes.

कफकृशिका f. (-का) Saliva, spittle. ड. कफ, and कृशिका cream.

कफघ्न mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्नी-घ्न) Removing phlegm, antiphlegmatic, (an epithet of many plants, &c.) ड. कफ, and घ्न what destroys.

कफणि m. (-णिः-णी) The elbow. ड. क pleasure, फल् to go, इन् and डीष् affixes; also कफोचि

कफनाशन mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Antiphlegmatic ड. कफ, and नाशन destroying.

कफवर्धक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Exciting phlegm. ड. कफ, and वर्धक what increases.

कफवर्धन mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Exciting phlegm. m. (-नः) The name of a plant; also पिच्छितगर. ड. कफ phlegm, इध् to augment, and कुट् aff.

कफारि m. (-रिः) Ginger. ड. कफ and करि foe.

कफिन् mfn. (-फिः-फिनी-फि) Phlegmatic, m. (-फो) An elephant. ड. कफ and इनि aff.

कफेक्षु mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षुः-क्षु) Phlegmatic, causing or exciting phlegm. ड. कफ, क्षु from क्षा to take or give, and क् Unadi affix; the deriv. is irr.

कफोचि mf. (-चिः-ची) The elbow ड. क pleasure, स्फुर् to go, &c. इन् and डीष् affixes; the form is irregular: see कफणि.

कच (कचः कचृ 1, 1st cl. (कचन्) 1. To colour, to tinge with various hues. 2. To praise

कचश्च m. (-श्चः-श्चः) A headless trunk, especially retaining vitality. n. (-श्चः) Water. m. (-श्चः) 1. A name of RAHU. 2. Also of a demon destroyed by RAMA. 3. The belly. ड. क the head, and चच् to injure, to lop, affix चच्, also क water, and चश्च binding, attaching.

कचश्चता f. (-ता) Headlessness, decapitation. ड. कचश्च and तच् affix; also with त्व कचश्चन्.

कचिल्ल m. (-ल्लः) The elephant or wood apple: see कपिल.

कचिल्ल mfn. (-ल्लः-ल्लः-ल्ल) Tawny, (of such a hue.) m. (-ल्लः) Tawny (the colour:) see कपिल.

कम् (कम्) कम् 1, 1st cl. (कामयति) To desire: this root is irregular.

कम् ind 1. Water. 2. The head. 3. Happiness or happily. 4. An expletive. ड. कम् to desire, विच् aff.

कमठ m. (-ठः-ठः) 1. A water jar, especially one made of a hollow gourd or coconut, and used by ascetics. m. (-ठः) 1. A turtle, a tortoise, 2. A bamboo. 3. The name of a Daitya or demon. 4. A porcupine f. (-ठी) A female tortoise, a small one. ड. कम् to desire, &c. कठ Unadi affix, fem. affix डीष्.

कमण्डलु m. (-लुः-लुः) An earthen or wooden water pot, used by the ascetic and religious student. 2. The waved-leaf fig tree: see प्रच. ड. क BRAHMA or water, and मण्डल ornament or essence, ल from क्षा to get or give, and डु aff.

कमन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Libidinous, desirous. 2. Beautiful, desirable. m. (-नः) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. KAMA or love. 3. A tree, (Jonesia asoca) ड. कम् to desire, affix युच् or कुट्.

कमनच्छ m. (-दः) A heron. ड. कमन beautiful, and छद् plumage.

कमनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Pleasing, beautiful, desirable. ड. कम् and कनीयर् affix of the future participle, to be desired.

कमनीयता f. (-ता) 1. Loveliness, beauty. 2. Desirableness. ड. कम् added to the last, or with त्व कमनीयत्.

कम्ब m. (-म्बः) Water. See कचश्च; also according to some, this is an orthographical compound, of क and चम्ब, both synonyms of water.

कम्बर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Desirous, lustful. ड. कम् and कम्बर Unadi aff.

कमल n. (-ली) 1. A lotus, (Nelumbium speciosum or Nymphaea nolumbo.) 2. Water. 3. Copper. 4. A medicament, a drug. 5. The bladder. m. (-ली) A species of deer. f. (-ली) 1. A name of LAKSHMI. 2. An excellent woman. ड. कम् water, and लल् what adorns, or कम् to desire, with कल्च् aff.

कमलच्छ m. (-दः) 1. A heron: see कच्छ. 2. Petal of the lotus. ड. कमल and छद् a leaf.

कमलाकर m. (-रः) A lake, &c. where lotuses abound. ड. कमल, and आकर a mine.

कमलासन m. (-नः) An epithet of BRAHMA. ड. कमल a lotus, and आसन seat or abode.

कमलिनी f. (-नी) A number of lotus flowers, or a place abounding with them. ड. कमल, इनि and डीष् affs.

कमलीकर n. (-रः) Safflower, (Carthamus tinctorius.) ड. कमल, and कर best, excellent.

कमा f. (-मा) Beauty, rediance. ड. कम् to desire, चङ् and टप् affs.

कमिष्ट mfn. (-ता-वी-ट) Lustful, desirous, cupidinous. ड. कम् to desire, टच् affix; and इ inserted.

कम्प m. (-म्पः) Tremour, trembling, shaking. ड. कपि to shake, and चच् affix; also कम्पन्, &c.

कम्पन् mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Trembling, unsteady, shaken. n. (-नः) Trembling quivering. m. (-नः) The dewy season. (Nov.-Dec.) ड. कपि to tremble, and युच् or कुट् aff.

कम्पमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Trembling. ड. कपि to tremble, मानच् aff.

कम्पलम्पन् m. (-लम्पः) Air, wind. ड. कम्प trembling, and लम्पन् mark a sign.

कम्पाक m. (-कः) Wind, air. ड. काकन् affixed to कपि.

कम्पानित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Trembling, agitated. ड. कम्प, and चमित possessed of.

कम्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Shaking, shaken, trembling. n. (-तः) Trembling a trembling, a tremor ड. कपि and त् aff.

कम्पिल m. (-लः) A plant: see रोचनी; see काम्पिल; also कम्पिल and कम्पिल कम्प mfn. (-म्पः-म्पा-म्प) Trembling, shaken. ड. कपि, and र aff.

कम्प 1, 1st cl. (कम्पति) To go, to move.

कम्पर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Variegated. m. (-रः) Variegated, (the colour)

कम्बल m. (-लः) 1. A blanket. 2. A chief of the Nagas or serpents. 3. A small worm. 4. A dew-lap. 5. An upper cloth or garment. 6. A sort of deer. n. (-लः) Water. ड. कम् to desire, कल् Unadi affix and ल inserted; or कम् the head, water, &c. and लल् to be strong affix लच्.

कम्बलकारक m. (-कः) Woollen cloth manufacturer. ड. कम्बल, and कारक who makes.

कम्बलवाहक n. (-कः) A kind of carriage covered with a coarse blanket or woollen cloth, and drawn by oxen. ड. कम्बल and वह् to bear, affixे स्थात् and कच्.

कम्बलायिन् m. (-यी) A sort of kite.

कम्बि f. (-भिः) 1. A ladle or spoon. 2. A shoot, a branch or joint of a bamboo. ड. कम् to desire, बिन् affix; or with डीष् added कम्बी.

कम्बु mfn. (-म्बुः-म्बुः-म्बु) Speckled, variegated. mn. (-म्बुः-म्बुः) 1. A conch, a shell. m. (-म्बुः) 1. A bracelet, a ring. 2. A bivalve shell. 3. An elephant. 4. The neck. 5. A vein or tubular vessel of the body. &c. ड. कम्बु to go, उ affix, or कम् to desire; the form is irr.

कम्बुक mfn. (-कः-का-क) A mean person. m. (-कः) A conch. f. (-का) A tree (Physalis flexuosa.) ड. कम् added to the last.

कम्बुवीर्य f. (-वीर्य) A neck marked with three lines like a shell, and considered to be indicative of exalted fortune. ड. कम्बु a shell, and वीर्य the neck.

कम्बु mfn. (-म्बुः-म्बुः-म्बु) A thief, a plunderer. m. (-म्बुः) A bracelet. ड. कम् to desire, क् Unadi affix, and बुन् inserted.

कम्बोज न. (-कः) 1. The name of a country in the north of India, Camboja or Camboya. 2. A kind of shell. 3. A description of elephant : see कम्बोज.  
 कम्बारी f. (-री) A plant, (Gmelina arborea.) इ. कम् water, भार a burthen, डीप् affix ; also कम्बारी.  
 कम्बु n. (-बु) The root of the Andropogon muricatum. इ. कम् water, म् produced.  
 कम्बु mfn. (-सः-स्य-कम्) 1. Desirous, cupidinous. 2. Beautiful, desirable. इ. कम् to desire, रन् aff.  
 कम्बु f. (-स्या) A medicinal plant, commonly Kakoli ; also कायस्या, or more accurately, perhaps, बयस्या.  
 कर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) Who or what does, makes or causes, as किरः a servant, who does any thing ; भयकरः frightful, what causes fear ; उपकरः who gives aid ; अथकरः who does ill, &c. m. (-रः) 1. A ray of light, a sun or moonbeam. 2. Royal revenue toll, tax, impost, &c. 3. The hand. 4. Hail. 5. An elephant's trunk. इ. कृष् to do, &c. [ट् or षप् aff.  
 करक mf. (-कः-का) Hail. mn. (कः कः) 1. The water-pot of the student or ascetic. 2. The shell of the cocoanut hollowed to form a vessel. m. (-कः) 1. The pomegranate tree. 2. Toll, tax. 3. A particular sort of bird. 4. A plant. (Galedupa arborea. &c.) See करज. 5. A tree, (Butea frondosa.) इ. कन् added to the preceding, or कृ to injure, &c. and कन् aff.  
 करकटक m. (-कः) The finger nail इ. कर the hand, and कटक a thorn.  
 करकमल n. (-लः) The hand, especially of a lover, a mistress, &c. इ. कर, and कमल a lotus ; also similar compounds, as करपत्र, करपत्रज. करपत्र, &c. [a ever.  
 करकलश m. (-शः) The hand hollowed to receive water. इ. कर, and कलश  
 करकाश्वस् m. (-श्वः) The cocoanut tree, (Cocos nucifera.) इ. करक the shell, and अश्वस् the water, the nut containing a serous fluid  
 करकृष्ण n. (-लः) A finger. इ. कर, and कृष्ण a bud  
 करकोष m. (-षः) The hollow of the hand. इ. कर, and कोष receptacle.  
 करग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Marriage. 2. Levying or gathering a tax. 3. A tax-gatherer. 4. Taking the hand इ. कर, and ग्रह taking : one part of the ceremony of marriage is the placing of the right hand of the bride with the palm uppermost, in the right hand of the bridegroom ; also करग्राह.  
 करग्रहण n. (-णः) 1. Levying or gathering a tax. 2. Taking the hand 3. Marriage. इ. कर, and ग्रहण taking.  
 करग्राहिन mfn. (-ही-हिणी-हि) 1. Levying a tax 2 Taking the hand. इ. कर, and ग्राहिन् who takes.  
 करघर्षण m. (-णः) The churning stick. n. (घर्) Rubbing the hands together. इ. कर the hand, and घर्षण rubbing  
 करघर्षिन् m. (-र्षि) The churning stick. इ. कर the hand, घृष् to rub, षिणि aff.  
 करह m. (-हः) 1. The head. 2. A cocoanut hollowed so as to form a cup or vessel. 3. Any bone of the body 4. A kind of sugar-cane. इ. कृ to send or throw, &c. चक aff.  
 करहजालि m. (-लिः) A sort of sugar-cane.  
 करहण n. (-णः) A market or fair. इ. कर tax, and गण collection, &c.  
 करहृद m. (-हृः) The teak tree. इ. कर, and हृद a leaf.  
 करज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Produced in or from a hand, a ray, &c. m. (-जः) 1. A finger-nail. 2. The name of a timber tree, commonly Karanja, (Galedupa arborea, Rox.) n. (-जं) A perfume, commonly Nakhi resembling a nail in appearance. इ. कर the hand, and ज produced ; or क pleasure, रन् to colour, &c. चक् affix ; see the next.  
 करजाल n. (-जः) A pencil of rays, a stream of light. इ. कर, and जाल multitude.  
 करज m. (-जः) The name of a plant, commonly Karanja (Galedupa arborea, Rox.) इ. क water, and रन् to colour, चक् affix ; see करज.

करज m. (-जः) 1. Karanja : see the preceding. 2. Another plant, (Verbesina scandens, Rox.) Sea भुवराज. इ. कन् added to the foregoing.  
 करट m. (-टः) 1. A crow. 2. An elephant's cheek 3. Safflower or carthamus. 4. A man of a low or degraded profession. 5. The first Sraddha or ceremony performed in honour of a deceased relation. 6. An atheist, an unbeliever, an opponent of the doctrines of the Vedas. 7. A musical instrument, (Castanets) f. (टा) A cow difficult to be milked इ. क pleasure, &c. रट् to sound, and चक् affix ; or कृ to do, and चटन् Unadi aff.  
 करटक m. (-कः) A crow. इ. कन् added to the preceding  
 करटिन् m. (-टी) An elephant. इ. करट and इनि aff  
 करट m. (-टः) The numidian crane. इ. कर् for कृत् bad, चट् to go, and ड् aff.  
 करण n. (-णः) 1. An instrument or means of action. 2. Making, doing. 3. Action, act. 4. Cause, motive 5. Business, occupation, as trade, &c. 6. An organ of sense. 7. The body. 8. The mind or heart 9. A field. 10. Grain. 11. The posture, abstinence, &c. of an ascetic. 12. Copulation, (see modus coeundi.) 13. The usage or practice of the writer caste. 14. Acting, dramatic action. 15. Song, singing. 16. The particular business of any tribe or caste. 17. Plaster or spreading any thing with the hand. 18. A Karana, an astrological division of time ; the Karanas are eleven : 7 moveable and 4 fixed, and two are equal to a lunar day ; or the time during which the moon's motion from the sun amounts to 6°. 19. (In grammar) The instrumental case, or noun in that case. m. (णः) A man of a mixed class, the son of a Sudra woman by a Vaisya ; or, according to some, of an outcaste K'shetriya, by a K'shetriya female ; the occupation of this class is writing, accounts, &c. a writer, a scribe f. (-णी) 1. A woman of the same caste. 2. (In arithmetic, &c.) A surd or irrational quantity इ. कृ to do, to act, &c. लृट् aff.  
 करणवायु n. (-यु) The head. इ. करण an organ of sense, and वायु preserving.  
 करणत्व n. (-त्व) Instrumentality, mediate agency. इ. त्व added to करण.  
 करणवियम m. (-सः) Suppression or restraint of the organs of sense. इ. करण, and वियम restraint.  
 करणि f. (णि) Doing, making, effecting. इ. कृ to do, षणि affix ; also with कन् added करणिका.  
 करणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be done or made इ. कृ to do, षणीय् aff.  
 करणीयता f. (-ता) An adopted daughter.  
 करण्ड m. (-ण्ड) 1. A basket or covered box of bamboo wicker work. 2. A beehive, a honey-comb. 3. A sword. 4. A sort of duck. 5. An aquatic weed, (Vallisneria.) इ. कृ to do, चण्डन् Unadi aff.  
 करण्डिन् m. (-ण्डि) A fish in general. इ. करण्ड Vallisneria, and इनि aff  
 करतल n. (-लः) The palm of the hand. इ. कर, and तल lower part  
 करतलव्रत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Held in the hand. इ. करहन्, and व्रत held.  
 करतलस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्या-स्थः) Held in the hand, what is in or under the hand. इ. करतल, and स्थ what is.  
 करताल mf. (-लः-ली) 1. A musical instrument, a cymbal 2. Beating time by clapping the hands. इ. कर the hand, ताल musical time, and डीप् aff  
 करतीया f. (-या) The Karatoya river, a river in the north-east of Bengal. इ. कर the hand, and तीया water : at the wedding of Siva and PARVATI, the water which had been poured into the hand of the former, constituted, upon its being thrown on the ground, the source of this river.  
 करद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Subject to tax or duty. 2. Tributary. 3. Who gives his hand, &c. इ. कर, and द who gives.  
 करदक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षं) Handy, dexterous, ready. इ. कर, and दक्ष clever.  
 करदोहन् mfn. (-न ता नं) Subjugated, made tributary. इ. करद, and न् made with वि augment

करधत् mfn. (-तः ता-त) Held, supported by the hand. **क.** कर, and धत् held.  
 करनिहित mfn. (-तः ता-त) Held in the hand. **क.** कर, and निहित placed.  
 करपत्र n. (-त्र) 1. A saw. 2. Splashing water about while bathing, playing or gamboling in water. **क.** कर, and पत्र a leaf; being in the hand as a leaf.  
 करपत्रम् m. (-म्) The palmyra tree (*Borassus flabelliformis*). **क.** करपत्र a saw, and पत्र affix, the spatha being compared to a saw.  
 करपत्रिका f. (-का) Playing with water, gamboling in it, splashing it about; also करपत्र, करपात्र and करपत्रिक.  
 करपर्णम् m. (-म्) A species of castor oil tree. **क.** कर; and पर्ण a leaf.  
 करपल्लवम् m. (-म्) A finger. **क.** कर, and पल्लव a shoot.  
 करपात्रम् n. (-म्) 1. The hand hollowed so as to hold any thing. 2. The throwing of water in sport. **क.** कर, and पात्र a cup.  
 करपाशम् m. (-म्) A sword, a scymitar. **क.** कर the hand, and पश protect-ing, or with पश to be strong, करपाश.  
 करपाशिका f. (-का) 1. A cudgel, a short club or wooden sword. 2. A sword or one edged knife. **क.** कर the hand, पाश to nourish, पशु affix, and the fem. termination.  
 करपुटम् n. (-ट) 1. Joining the palms of the hands to show respect. 2. The hands joined and hollowed to receive anything. **क.** कर, and पुट a bag.  
 करपृष्ठम् n. (-ष्ठ) Back of the hand. **क.** कर, and पृष्ठ back.  
 करप्रक्षेप mfn. (-यः या-य) 1. To be held, to be taken hold of. 2. To be collected by taxes. **क.** कर, and प्रक्षेप to be accumulated. [obtained].  
 करप्राप्त mfn. (-तः ता-त) Held in hand, got, secured. **क.** कर, and प्राप्त  
 करवालम् n. (-ल) 1. A finger-nail 2. A sword, a scymitar: see करपाल.  
 करवालिका f. (-का) A small sword, &c. see करपालिका.  
 करवम् m. (-म्) 1. The metacarpus, the hand from the wrist to the root of the fingers. 2. A young camel or any young animal. 3. A young elephant. 4. A perfume, commonly Nakhi. f. (-भौ) A she camel. **क.** कृ to reject, वम् Unadi affix: see कलम्  
 करवमिया f. (-या) A plant, a sort of *Hedysarum*. **क.** करव, and मिय fond of; fodder for camels.  
 करमिन् m. (-मौ) An elephant. **क.** करम and मिन् aff.  
 करवीरम् m. (-रः) A lion. **क.** करम a young animal, and वीर who destroys.  
 करभूषणम् n. (-ण) A bracelet, an ornament worn round the wrist. **क.** कर the hand, and भूषण an ornament.  
 करभट्टम् m. (-ट्ट) The betel nut tree: see गुवका.  
 करमरिन् m. (-री) A prisoner, a captive.  
 करमई m. (-ई) A small tree (bearing an acid fruit, commonly Karonda or Karinda, (*Carissa carandas*)). **क.** कर the hand, and मई to destroy, वच् affix; what is pulked by the hand; also with कन् affix, करमईक and fem. with क्ती affix करमईकी.  
 करमईकम् m. (-कः) See the preceding.  
 करवालम् m. (-लः) Smoke, probably an error or corruption for कृतवाल.  
 करमाला f. (-ला) The hand used as a rosary, the joints of the fingers corresponding to the beads. **क.** कर, and माला a rosary.  
 करजम् n. (-जं) A missile weapon, but thrown by the hand, a dart, javelin, &c. **क.** कर, and जम् released.  
 करजपत्रम् m. (-त्र) A finger. **क.** कर, and पत्र to the point, पत्रव a shoot.  
 करम्ब mfn. (-म्बः या-म्ब) 1. Mixed, intermingled. 2. Set, inlaid. m. (-म्बः) Flour or meal mixed with curds: see करम्ब. **क.** कृ to do, कम्ब Unadi aff.  
 करम्बित mfn. (-तः ता-त) 1. Intermingled, mixed, blended, &c. 2. Pound-ed, reduced to grains or dust. 3. Set, inlaid. **क.** करम्ब and तम्ब aff.  
 करम्बम् m. (-म्बः) A cake, flour or meal mixed with curds. **क.** कृ water, and रम्ब to send, &c. वच् affix; also with कन् added करम्बक; also with रम्ब to sound, &c. करम्ब, &c. as above.  
 करवध mfn. (-धः ता-त) Stopped by the hand, held tight or fast. **क.** कर, and वध stopped.

करवधम् m. (-धः) A finger-nail. **क.** कर the hand, and वध to grow, to rise, affix व.  
 करहिम् m. (-हिः) A small musical instrument used for marking time, (a castanet,) or clapping the hands together for that purpose. **क.** कर the hand, हि property.  
 करवालिका f. (-का) A small club, &c. see करपालिका.  
 करवी f. (-वी) The leaf of the *Asafoetida* plant, *Hingupatri*: see करवी and करवी.  
 करवीरम् m. (-रः) 1. A fragrant plant, (*Oleander* or *Nerium odoratum*). 2. The name of a demon. 3. A sword or scymitar. 4. A cemetery, a place for burning or interring the dead. f. (-रः) Red arsenic. f. (-री) 1. A name of Anur, the mother of the gods. 2. A good cow. 3. A woman who has borne a son, a mother. **क.** कर here said to mean a root, वीर to become evident, and वच् affix; or कर head, वि prefixed to वीर to go, &c. affix व.  
 करवीरकम् m. (-कः) 1. A sword. 2. A poison, the poisonous root of the *Oleander*. 3. A tree, (*Pentaptera arjuna*). **क.** कन् added to the preceding.  
 करवाधो f. (-वा) A finger. **क.** कर the hand, and वाध a branch.  
 करवीकरम् m. (-रः) Water expelled by an elephant's trunk. **क.** कर has trunk, and वीकर drizzling rain.  
 करवधम् m. (-धः) A finger-nail. **क.** कर the hand, वध the beard of corn.  
 करमोयम् m. (-यः) Edematous swelling of the hands. **क.** कर, and मोय swelling.  
 करवाटम् m. (-टः) 1. The fibrous root of a lotus. 2. A tree, (*Vangueria spinosa*). **क.** कृ water, and वट् to abandon, करवाट a lotus, वट what goes, or by what it goes; or कर the hand, वट् to illuminate or adorn, and वच् aff.  
 करवाटकम् m. (-कः) The name of a tree, (*Vangueria spinosa*). **क.** कन् added to the preceding. [blow].  
 करावातम् m. (-तः) A thump, a blow with the hand. **क.** कर, and वावात a  
 करावई m. (-ई) A fruit-tree, (*Carissa carandas*): see करमई.  
 करामुकम् m. (-कः) A plant, (*Flacourtia cataphracta*, Rox.) See कृपाक.  
 करावजम् m. (-जः) A fruit-tree, (*Carissa carandas*).  
 कराविका f. (-का) A bird, a small kind of crane.  
 करारोटम् m. (-टः) A finger ring. **क.** कर the hand, वट् to shine, with वाट् prefixed, affix वच्.  
 कराल mfn. (-लः ला-ल) 1. Great, large. 2. High, lofty. 3. Formidable, terrible. 4. Having projecting teeth. m. (-लः) Rosin, pitch, or a mixture of oil and the resin of the *Sal* tree. n. (-लः) A dark kind of Tulasi or Basil. f. (-ला) A kind of swallow wort, commonly Anantamul, (*Hemidamus Indicus*). See शरिरा. f. (-ली) One of the seven tongues of Agni or fire. **क.** कर the hand, &c. ला with वाट् prefixed to take, and क affix; or कर, and लच् to be able, &c. affix वच्, fem. *do* टाप् or क्तीप्.  
 करावजम् m. (-जः) A sort of Basil, the dark kind.  
 करावकर mfn. (-रः रा-र) 1. Having a large trunk, (an elephant). 2. Having a powerful arm or hand. **क.** कराव, and वीर a hand.  
 करावज mfn. (-जः या-ज) One who stretches out his hand to support or pick up another, &c. **क.** कर, and वावज what supports  
 करावजनम् n. (-जं) Extending the hand, taking by the hand, helping sustaining. **क.** कर, and वावजन supporting.  
 करावदन mfn. (-नः न-न) Of hideous aspect, ugly, frightful. f. (-नी) A form or emanation of Durga. **क.** कराव, and वदन countenance; also करावदन, करावदनु, &c.  
 कराविकम् m. (-कः) A tree.  
 करावित mfn. (-तः ता-त) 1. Afraid of, alarmed by or at. 2. Rendered formidable. 3. Magnified. **क.** कराव and तम्ब aff.  
 करिचवपरी f. (-री) A species of pepper, (*Piper chavya*). **क.** करिच elephant-pepper, वरी a vine.

करिमुकु म. (-कः) The frontal globe of an elephant. म. करि, and मुकु the same.

करिमुकु म. (-कः) A fragrant powder prepared from the flowers of the Nagesara, (*Mesua ferrea*;) also करिमुकुम.

करिमुकुत म. (-कः) The roaring of elephants. म. करिम् an elephant, and मुकुत sounding, thundering.

करिमुकु न. (-कः) An elephant's hide. म. करिम्, and मुकुत skin.

करिम् म. (-कः) A young elephant. म. करि an elephant, and म. born.

करिदन्त म. (-कः) 1. An elephant's tusk. 2. Ivory. म. करिम्, and दन्त a tooth.

करिदन्त म. (-कः) A lion. म. करिम् an elephant, द् to tear or rend, मुकु affix; or with युच् affix करिदन्त. [इति अ.]

करिम् म. (-कः) An elephant. म. कर the proboscis of this animal, and करिनासिका f. (-का) A musical instrument.

करिपिप्पली f. (-ली) A plant bearing a pungent fruit, (*Pothos affinis*, Rox.) म. करि, and पिप्पली long-pepper; Elephant-pepper; considered by native writers as a large species of that condiment; also म. करिपिप्पली, &c.

करिपीत म. (-तः) A young elephant, one under ten years old. म. करि, and पीत a young animal; also करिप्रावक.

करिप्राव म. (-वः) The post to which an elephant is tied. म. करि, and प्राव a binding.

करिप्राव म. (-वः) A lion. म. करि, मा splendor, and प्राव to go; the lion being considered as the natural enemy and destroyer of the elephant.

करिमुख म. (-खः) A title of GANESA. म. करि, and मुख a face: this deity being represented with an elephant's head.

करिवातस न. (-दः) A water-elephant, a hippopotamus. म. करि, and वातस any aquatic animal.

करिवात म. (-रः) The shoot of a bamboo: see करीर.

करिवात म. (-कः) A young elephant under five years old; according to some, also until ten years. म. See करिपीत, प्रावक meaning a young animal.

करि म. (-कः) Doing much. म. कर who does, इयच् aff.

करि म. (-कः) Doing, (with a future sense,) about to do. म. क् to do, इयच् affix of the future.

करि म. (-कः) About to do, going to do. म. क् to do, प्रावच् affix of the future.

करीर म. (-रः) 1. A large, or a state elephant. 2. INDRA's elephant. म. करि, and इन्द्र chief.

करीर म. (-रः) Who does much. म. कर who does, इयच् aff.

करीर म. (-रः) The shoot of a bamboo; also करि म. (-रः) 1. A thorny plant, described as growing in deserts, and fed upon by camels, commonly Karil, (*Capparis aphylla*, Rox.) 2. A water jar. f. (-रा or -री) 1. The root of an elephant's tusk. 2. A cricket, a small grasshopper, &c. म. क् to injure, to throw or send, &c. and इयच् aff.

करीरिका f. (-का) The root of an elephant's tusk: see करीर.

करीर म. (-कः) Dry cowdung. म. क् to throw, send, &c. and इयच् Unadi aff.

करीरिका f. (-का) A strong wind, a gale. म. करीर, क् to disturb, इयच् aff.

करीरिका m. (-रिः) A fire of dry cowdung. म. करीर, and करि fire; this substance is very generally used as fuel in Hindustan.

करुण m. (-कः) Tenderness, pity, compassion, the feeling or sentiment. adv. (-कः) Pitifully, in distress. m. (-कः) 1. Sorrow, affliction, one of the eight sentiments. 2. The name of a fruit-tree, the pamplemousse, (*Citrus decumana*.) 3. A Jina or Jain saint. म. क् to send or cast, इयच् Unadi aff.

करुणा m. (-कः) Compassionate, tender-hearted. म. करुणा, प्राव self, इयच् added.

करुणा m. (-कः) Compassionate, tender. म. करुणा, पर excellent.

करुणा m. (-कः) Double jasmine: see करुणा.

करुणा m. (-कः) Gentle, compassionate. म. करुणा and करुणा aff.

करुणा m. (-कः) Tender hearted, soft, sensitive. म. करुणा; and प्राव moist.

करुणा m. (-कः) Grief of separation with the uncertainty of meeting again, tears occurring in absence. म. करुणा sorrow, and विप्रेषण separation.

करुणा m. (-कः) Charitableness, kindness. म. करुणा, इति who knows, तच् aff.

करुणा m. (-कः) A finger nail. म. कर, and इयच् to go, इयच् aff.

करुणा f. (-का) The numidian crane.

करुणा m. (-कः) The numidian crane. म. क् for क् bad, or क water, and इयच् to sound, उ aff.

करुणा m. (-कः) A male or female elephant. m. (-कः) A plant: see करुणा. म. क् to do, &c. पच् Unadi affix, also with a final long vowel, इयच्.

करुणा m. (-कः) The name of a Munt or saint; also प्रावकाय.

करुणा m. (-कः) A large or powerful elephant. म. करुणा, and वय् excellent.

करुणा m. (-कः) The name of a Munt.

करुणा m. (-कः) A male or female elephant: see करुणा.

करुणा m. (-कः) Benzoin or storax.

करुणा m. (-कः) The bones of the head, the skull. म. क् the head, इयच् to oppose, to defend, &c. affixes इयच् and इयच् or इयच्.

करुणा m. (-कः) 1. A bundle of rags. 2. A heavy tax. म. कर, and इयच् plenty.

करुणा n. (-कः) Water held in, or poured into the hand. म. कर, and इयच् water.

करुणा m. (-कः) 1. White. 2. Good, excellent. m. (-कः) 1. A white horse. 2. A mirror. 3. A water jar. 4. A crab. 5. A sign of the zodiac, (Cancer) 6. A fire. 7. A long gourd. 8. Beauty. म. क् to do, &c. क् Unadi aff.

करुणा m. (-कः) A small cucumber. म. करुणा, and विभिटी the same.

करुणा m. (-कः) 1. A crab. 2. The sign of the zodiac, (Cancer.) 3. A kind of bird, the numidian crane. 4. A long gourd. see मुकु. 5. The fibrous root of the lotus. 6. The curved end of the beam of a balance, to which the strings supporting the scale are attached. 7. A compass. 8. The radius of a circle. f. (-कः) A plant, commonly Kurkavali, (*Momordica munda*.) f. (-कः) 1. A kind of cucumber, (*Cucumis utilitissimus*, Rox.) 2. The fruit of the silk cotton tree. 3. A snake. 4. A water jar. म. करुणा a Sautra root, to laugh or smile, and इयच् affix, fem. affix इयच् or इयच्.

करुणा m. (-कः) A crab, म. क् added to the preceding.

करुणा m. (-कः) A plant, commonly Kankarasingi: see the next.

करुणा m. (-कः) A plant, the fruit of which is compared to the claw or feelers of a crab, the horn of a goat, &c. see करुणा. म. करुणा, इयच् a horn, इयच् and इयच् affixes.

करुणा f. (-का) See the preceding. म. करुणा, and प्राव an appellation.

करुणा f. (-कः) A sort of cucumber, (*Cucumis utilitissimus*;) see करुणा.

करुणा m. (-कः) The numidian crane.

करुणा m. (-कः) A tree, the jujube: see the next.

करुणा m. (-कः) The jujube (*Zizyphus jujuba*.) म. करुणा excellent, प्राव to have, and क् Unadi affix, fem. affix इयच्.

करुणा m. (-कः) Hard, firm. n. (-कः) Stone, lime-stone, especially the nodule found in Bengal under the name of Kankar. m. (-कः) A mirror. f. (-कः) A small water-jar. म. करुणा beauty, from करुणा to smile, इयच् from इयच् to give, fem. affix इयच्.

करुणा m. (-कः) A wag-tail. म. करुणा a mirror, and प्राव an eye: bright-eyed.



कर्कराज m. (-रः) A gallinule. **कर्कर** firm, and **राज** body.  
 कर्कराट्ट m. (-ट्टः) A glance, a side look,  
 कर्कराट्टक m. (-कः) The numidian crane : see कर्करेट्ट.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-कः) A blind well, one of which the mouth is overgrown with grass, &c. so as to be hidden.  
 कर्कराल m. (-लः) A curl, a ringlet.  
 कर्करी f. (-री) A water-jar with a spout.  
 कर्करीका f. (-का) A small water jar. **कर्** to scatter, in the reiterative form, and **रि** Unadi aff.  
 कर्करेट्ट n. (-ट्टः) The hand curved as a claw or half moon, for the purpose of grasping any thing. **कर्कर** hard, firm, **रट्ट** to go, to be, affix चप्.  
 कर्करेट्ट m. (-ट्टः) The numidian crane : see कर्करेट्ट. **कर्कर** hard, &c. **रट्ट** to sound, deriv. irr.  
 कर्करा mfn. (-रः-रा-री) 1. Violent. 2. Hard. 3. Intangible. 4. Cruel. 5. Unfeeling, unmerciful. 6. Harsh, unkind. 7. Miserly m. (-रः) 1. A plant, commonly *Sunda rohani*, (*Crinum*?) 2. A kind of cassia, (*Cassia osculenta*.) 3. Sugar-cane. 4. A sword, a scymitar. f. (-री) Wild jujube; also कर्करिका. **कर्** to injure, **रि** affix, **कर** with the same meaning, and **चच्**, highly injurious. or कर्करा Sautra root, and **र** aff.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) 1. A plant, (*Trophis aspera*.) 2. A kind of gourd, (*Trichosanthes dioeca*) **कर्कर** hard, and **श्रय** a leaf.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) A gourd (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.)  
 कर्कराश्रय n. (-रः) Harsh or contumelious speech. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** speech.  
 कर्कराश्रय n. (-रः) Flour of meal mixed with curds. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** essence.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) A pumpkin gourd, (*Cucurbita pepo*.) **कर्कर** white, **श्रय** to go, or to be, **चच्** affix; also कर्करा.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) A plant, (*Convolvulus paniculatus*.) **कर्** added to the preceding.  
 कर्करा m. (-रिः) The sign Cancer.  
 कर्करा m. (-रः) A kind of gem or precious stone.  
 कर्करा m. (-रः) One of the principle serpents or Nagas of Patala.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) 1. A plant, (*Egle marmelos*;) see मातुर. 2. A Naga or serpent : see the preceding. 3. A kind of gourd, (*Momordica charantia*;) in this sense; also कर्करिका. 4. Sugar-cane.  
 कर्कराश्रय f. (-री) A plant, a Ghosha with yellow flowers; see चीष.  
 कर्करा 1st. cl. (कर्करा) To go, to move [कर्करा.  
 कर्करा m. (-रः) A plant, (*Curcuma reclinata*, Rox.) n. (-रः) Gold; see कर्करा.  
 कर्करा m. (-रः) Zodoary, (*Curcuma zerumbet*;) see कर्करा.  
 कर्करा 1st. cl. (कर्करा) To pain or make uneasy.  
 कर्करा 10th cl. (कर्करा) To pierce or bore : with the prefix **काङ्**, **हना**, (**सम्** and **काङ्**) or **हृ**, to hear or listen.  
 कर्करा m. (-रः) 1. The ear. 2. KARNA a prince, sovereign of Angadesha, and elder brother, by the mother's side, to the Pandu princes, being the son of SURYA by KUNTI, before the marriage with PANDU. 3. The helm or rudder of a vessel. 4. (In prosody,) A spondee, a foot of two long syllables. 5. (In geometry,) The hypotenuse of a triangle, or the diagonal of a tetragon. 6. A plant, (*Cassia fistula*.) 7. A kind of swallow wort, (*Colotropis gigantea*.) **कर्** to hear, **र** affix; or **र** to do, &c. **र** Unadi aff.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) Itching of the ear. **कर्कर**, and **र** itching.  
 कर्कराश्रय f. (-री) 1. An insect or worm with many feet, and of a reddish colour, (*Julus cornifex*.) 2. A small centipede. **कर्कर** the ear, and **र** an insect, being supposed to attack the ear especially.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) An affection of the ear, a roaring or constant noise in it. **कर्कर**, and **र** a buzzing in the ear.  
 कर्करा mfn. (-रः-रा-री) 1. Hanging on the ear, next to the ear. 2. Extending to the ear. **कर्कर**, and **र** what goes,

कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) The wax of the ear. **कर्कर**, and **र** *foeces*, excrement.  
 कर्कराश्रय mfn. (-रः-रा-री) Capable of being heard, perceptible to the ear. **कर्कर**, and **र** perceptible.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) A helmsman. **कर्कर**, the helm, and **राश्रय** who holds.  
 कर्कराश्रय mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रः) Having a helmsman. **कर्कर** and **राश्रय** aff.  
 कर्कराश्रय n. (-रः) The outer auditory passage. **कर्कर**, and **र** hole.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) An informer. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** who whispers, also कर्कराश्रय.  
 कर्कराश्रय f. (-री) 1. An insect, (*Julus*.) 2. A small centipede : see कर्कराश्रय. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** a leech.  
 कर्कराश्रय f. (-री) A worm : see the preceding; also कर्कराश्रय.  
 कर्कराश्रय f. (-री) A kind of insect, (*Julus cornifex*, &c.) 2. A small centipede; also कर्कराश्रय and कर्कराश्रय.  
 कर्कराश्रय n. (-रः) The root of the ear. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** affix in this sense.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रिः) A title of ARJUNA. **कर्कर**, and **रिः** conqueror. KARNA having taken the part of the KURUS, was killed by ARJUNA in the great battle between them and the Pandus.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) The flapping of an elephant's ears. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** tune.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) An ear-ring, an ornament of the ear. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** a mirror.  
 कर्कराश्रय f. (-री) A kind of worm : see कर्कराश्रय. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** a sort of drum; making a noise in the ear like a drum.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) A pilot, a helmsman. **कर्कर** the helm, **राश्रय** to have, hold, and **चच्** aff.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) Ringing in the ear. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** sound.  
 कर्कराश्रय f. (-री) A woman's ear-ring : see कर्कराश्रय and कर्कराश्रय.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) Inflammation of the outer ear. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** ripening.  
 कर्कराश्रय f. (-री) An ornament of the ear, a garland or string of jewels pendent from it. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** to cherish.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) The capital of KARNA, the ancient name of Bhagalpur. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** city; also कर्कराश्रय f. (-री).  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) 1. A tree, (*Mimosa sirisha*.) 2. The blue lotus. 3. An ear-ring. 4. The Asoka tree. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** to make full, to complete.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) The Kadamba tree, (*Nuclea kadamba*.) **कर्कर** an ear-ring, and **राश्रय** resembling, like the large round drop pendant of a Hindustani ear-ring.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) A disease of the ear, suppression of the excretion or wax, which is supposed to have dissolved and pass by the nose and mouth. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** suppression.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) A sort of fish, (*Ophiocephalus kurraway*.) **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** fruit.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) A sort of sheat fish, (*Silurus unites*.) **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** a sheat fish.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) The excretion or wax of the ear. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** dirt.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) 1. An ornament of the ear. 2. An ear-ring. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** a mirror; reflecting its beauty.  
 कर्कराश्रय f. (-री) A name of DEVI or DURGA in one of her forms or incarnations. **कर्कर** the ear, **राश्रय** to rub, **चच्** and **रिः** affixes; this is sometimes written कर्कराश्रय.  
 कर्कराश्रय f. (-री) The lobe of the ear. **कर्कर**, **राश्रय** a creeping plant, **कर्कर** added.  
 कर्कराश्रय m. (-रः) An elevated platform. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** a bamboo.  
 कर्कराश्रय mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रः) 1. Having ears. 2. Long-eared. 3. Having a helm. **कर्कर** and **राश्रय** aff.  
 कर्कराश्रय mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रः) Earless. m. (-रः) A snake. **कर्कर**, and **राश्रय** deprived.

**उद्विष्टि f. (-विः)** Ulceration of the ear. **उ. कर्ण**, and **विष्टि** a sore.  
**उद्विष्ट m. (-वः)** 1. Burying the ears : as a religious ceremony it is performed where there are three sons, to prevent one of them from dying. 2. Piercing the ear in general. **उ. कर्ण**, and **विष्टि** piercing.  
**उद्विष्टिका f. (-का)** An instrument for perforating the ear. **उ. कर्ण**, **विष्टि** to pierce, **कुट्** and **उज्** affixes, with **कञ्** added, and the fem. termination **टाप्**.  
**उद्विष्टनी f. (-नी)** See the preceding.  
**उद्विष्टकाम. (-क)** An ear-ring : see the next.  
**उद्विष्टन n. (-न)** An ear-ring. **उ. कर्ण**, and **उद्विष्ट** surrounding.  
**उद्विष्टनी f. (-नी)** The outer part of the ear, the cartilage and depressions leading to the auditory passage. **उ. कर्ण**, and **उद्विष्ट** the hollows of the ear.  
**कर्णग्ल n. (-ग्ल)** Ear-ache. **उ. कर्ण**, and **ग्ल** pain.  
**कर्णश्रव mfn. (-वः-वा-य)** Audible, loud. **उ. कर्ण**, and **श्रव** hearing.  
**कर्णसंचार m. (-वः)** Discharge of pus from the ear. **उ. कर्ण**, and **संचार** suppuration.  
**कर्णसंचार m. (-वः)** Discharge of ichorous matter from the ear. **उ. कर्ण**, and **संचार** running.  
**कर्णश्रोता f. (-ता)** A sort of creeper. **उ. कर्ण**, and **श्रोत** a boil.  
**कर्णट m. (-ट)** A country, Karnata, whence the modern Karnatic : the name however was anciently applied to the central districts of the peninsula, including Mysur. **उ. कर्ण**, and **ट** 1. One of the Raginis or female personifications of the musical modes, the bride of the Raga MALAVA. 2. A plant. **उ. कर्ण**, the ear, a prince, &c. and **ट** to go, affix **चच्**.  
**कर्णज m. (-जः)** A name of Yudhisht'hira, the elder brother of the five Pandu princes. **उ. कर्ण**, and **ज** younger born ; the younger brother of KARNA.  
**कर्णान्तिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं)** Near or close to the ear. **उ. कर्ण**, and **अन्तिक** near.  
**कर्णश्रु f. (-श्रुः)** 1. An ornament of the ear. 2. An ear-ring : see the next, and **कर्णश्रु**.  
**कर्णश्रु f. (-श्रुः)** An ornament of the ear, an ear-ring, &c. **उ. कर्ण**, and **श्रु** a chain.  
**कर्णरा f. (-रा)** An instrument for perforating the ear. **उ. कर्ण** the ear, **रा** to go, **चच्** and **टाप्** affix.  
**कर्णरि m. (-रिः)** A name of ARJUNA. **उ. कर्ण**, and **रि** an enemy.  
**कर्णलङ्कार m. (-लः)** An ear-ring, an ornament of the ear. **उ. कर्ण**, and **लङ्कार** ornament ; also **कर्णलङ्कार**, **कर्णलङ्कारि**, &c.  
**कर्णलाल m. (-लः)** The flapping of an elephant's ear. **उ. कर्ण**, and **लाल** with the same import.  
**कर्णिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं)** 1. Having large or long ears. 2. Having ears. 3. Having a helm. **म. (-वः)** A steersman. **उ. कर्ण** 1. An ear-ring or ornament of the ear. 2. The pericarp of a lotus. 3. The middle finger. 4. The tip of an elephant's trunk. 5. A fruit-stalk. 6. A pen or small brush. 7. A plant, (*Premna spinosa*, &c.) see **कर्णिक**. **उ. कर्ण** the ear, &c. **कर्ण** affix ; or **कर्ण** and **टाप्** affix.  
**कर्णिकार m. (-वः)** The fabulous mountain Sumeru. **उ. कर्ण** the seed vessel of a lotus, and **कार** a mountain, Meru being in the centre of the world, the divisions of which are delineated as the leaves of a lotus ; also other compounds, as **कर्णिकारि**, &c.  
**कर्णिकार m. (-वः)** 1. The name of a tree, commonly Kaniyar, (*Pterospermum acorifolium*). 2. A sort of Cassia, (*Cassia fistula*). 3. The pericarp of a lotus. **उ. कर्ण** an ornament of the ear, **रा** to go, **चच्** affix ; also with **कञ्** added. **कर्णिकार**.  
**कर्णिकिन् m. (-की)** An elephant. **उ. कर्ण** the tip of his trunk, and **किन्** affix.  
**कर्णिक mfn. (-की-कि-की-वि)** 1. Having an ear, relating to the ear, &c. 2. Long-eared, 3. Barbed, (as an arrow.) 4. Having a helm. **म. (-वः)** 1.

The name of a mountain, one of the seven principal ranges of the mountains, dividing the universe. 2 The neck, the part near the ear. 3. A steersman. **उ. कर्ण**, and **विष्टि** a sore.  
**कर्णिक mfn. (-की-कि-की-वि)** Long-eared. **उ. कर्ण**, and **विष्टि** affix.  
**कर्णिक m. (-वः-वा)** A covered ear, or according to some, a litter for the conveyance of woman, &c. borne on men's shoulders. **उ. कर्ण** the part near the ear, and **व** a carriage.  
**कर्णिक m. (-नः)** A name of KANSA the enemy of KRISHNA. **उ. कर्ण** the mother of this prince, and **न** a son.  
**कर्णिक mfn. (-वः-वा-य)** An informer, a tale-bearer. **उ. कर्ण** in the ear, and **व** to recite in a low voice, **चच्** affix.  
**कर्णिक f. (-श्रुः)** 1. A semicircular ornament of the ear. 2. An ear-ring. **उ. कर्ण**, and **श्रु** the moon, a crescent, &c. see **कर्णिक**.  
**कर्ण r. 10th. cl. (कर्णयति)** To slacken or unloose, to remove ; also **कर्ण** and **कर्ण**.  
**कर्ण n. (-नः)** 1. Cutting, cutting off or in pieces. 2. Spinning cotton or thread. **उ. कर्ण** to cut, **कुट्** affix.  
**कर्णिका f. (-का)** 1. A knife. 2. A small sword or cutlass. 3. A hunter's knife or sword, a couteau de chasse. 4. A scissors. **उ. कर्ण**, and **कर्ण** added.  
**कर्णिकी f. (-नी)** 1. A scissors or shears. 2. A knife. 3. A small sword or cutlass. **उ. कर्ण** to cut, **चच्** affix, and **की** fem. do.  
**कर्णिक mfn. (-वः-वा-य)** 1. To be done or made. 2. What ought to be done. **उ. कर्ण** to make, **तृच्** affix.  
**कर्णिकता f. (-ता)** Necessity, obligation, propriety, fitness. **उ. कर्ण**, and **तृच्** affix ; also with **लृच्** affix **कर्णिकता**.  
**कर्णिक mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Cut, cut off. **उ. कर्ण** to cut, **चच्** affix.  
**कर्णिक mfn. (-वः-वा-य)** Intending or wishing to cut. **उ. कर्ण** to cut, **श्रु** affix to future participle ; also **कर्णिकमाच mfn. (-वः-वा-य)** with **श्रु** affix.  
**कर्णिकाम mfn. (-मः-मा-नं)** Desirous or intending to do. **उ. कर्ण** to do, **काम** desire, the final of the first rejected.  
**कर्ण mfn. (-ता-नी-तं)** 1. An agent, a doer, a maker, one who makes or does. 2. One who practises what he knows. **म. (-वि)** 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. (In grammar,) The active noun, the nominative case. **उ. कर्ण** to do, and **तृच्** affix : it may also be read **कर्ण**.  
**कर्णिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं)** An agent, one who does any thing. **उ. कर्ण** added to the last.  
**कर्णिक n. (-नः)** Agency, action. **उ. कर्ण**, and **लृच्** affix.  
**कर्णिका f. (-का)** A small sword. **उ. कर्ण** to cut, **कर्ण** affix.  
**कर्णिक n. (-नः)** Agency, the act or property of an agent. **उ. कर्ण**, and **लृच्** affix ; also with **तृच्** affix **कर्णिकता**.  
**कर्णिक m. (-वः)** (In grammar,) The active voice. **उ. कर्ण** agent, and **वाच्** to be said.  
**कर्ण r. 10th cl. (कर्णयति)** To unloose, to remove. see **कर्ण**.  
**कर्ण f. (-वः)** A scissors. **उ. कर्ण** to cut, **तृच्** and **की** affix.  
**कर्ण r. 1st cl. (कर्णति)** To grumble, as the bowels ; to caw as a crow ; or to make any such noise.  
**कर्ण m. (-दः)** Mud, clay. **उ. कर्ण** to sound ill, **चच्** affix.  
**कर्ण m. (-टः)** 1. The fibrous root of the lotus. 2. Mud, dirt. 3. Any aquatic weed, as Vallisneria, &c. **उ. कर्ण** mud, and **चट** what goes.  
**कर्ण n. (-नः)** Grumbling of the bowels, borborygmi. **उ. कर्ण** to make such noise, and **कुट्** affix.  
**कर्ण m. (-नः)** 1. Mud, mire, clay. 2. Sin. 3. A Prajapati, the son of BRAHMA by CH'AYA, and the father of Kapila : (this personage appears to be an innovation in Hindu mythology.) **उ. कर्ण** 1. A plant. **न. (-नः)** Flesh. **उ. कर्ण** to sound badly, and **चच्** Unadi affix.  
**कर्णिक m. (-कः)** A receptacle for filth, a sewer, a necessary. **उ. कर्ण** filth, **चट** to go, and **कुट्** affix.

कपट m. (-टः) Old and patched or ragged garments. ३. कृप् to be able, and कट् aff.

कपटचारिण् m. (-री) A religious mendicant, a Fakir, a beggar in patched or ragged clothes, or sometimes with merely a cloth to cover the privities. ४. कपट as above, च् to have, and चिनि affix; also कपटिक् and कपटिन्.

कर्पः m. (-कः) See the preceding.

कर्पट् m. (-टी) See कपटचारिण्. This and the two preceding words may also be used in three genders, meaning, beggar in general, or any one in beggarly raiment.

कर्पूर m. (-रः) 1. The skull, the cranium. 2. An iron saucepan or frying pan. 3. A kind of weapon. 4. The Glomerous fig tree : see कृष्ण. f. (-री) A collyrium extracted from the Amomum anthorhiza, Rox. ३. कृप् to be able, चरन् aff.

कर्पूरा m. (-ः) A tree, described as a Pilu growing in the hills. ३. कर्पूर the skull, &c. and चल् to adorn, चल् aff.

कर्पूरा m. (-ः) Sand, gravel, a sandy soil.

कर्पूरिका m. (-ः) A collyrium extracted from the Amomum anthorhiza : see कर्पूर. ३. कर्पूरिका for कर्पूरी, and तुल्य any collyrium.

कर्पास m. (-सः) Cotton. f. (-री) The cotton tree; also कर्पासी. ३. कृप् to do, &c. पास् Unadi aff.

कर्पूर m. (-रः) Camphor. ३. कृप् to be able, चर Unadi aff.

कर्पूरक m. (-कः) Zedoary, (Curcuma zerumbet, Rox) See कर्पूरक and कर्पूरक.

कर्पूरतिलका f. (-का) One of Durga's female attendants or confidantes; see कथा. ३. कर्पूर camphor, and तिलक the sectarian spot on the forehead; having the Tilaka of camphor.

कर्पूरतैल n. (-तैल) Camphor-liniment. ३. कर्पूर, and तैल oil.

कर्पूरनालिका f. (-का) Rice dressed with spices, camphor and ghee.

कर्पूरमणि m. (-मणि) A white mineral used medicinally. ३. कर्पूर, and मणि a gem.

कर्पूर m. (-रः) A mirror.

कर्ष r. 1st cl. (कर्षति) To go, to move or approach.

कर्ष m. (-रः) See कर्ष.

कर्षदा m. (-रः) 1. Mountain ebony : see कर्षदा. 2. Blue barleria : see कर्षदा.

कर्ष mfn. (-रः) Variegated, of a spotted or variegated colour. f. (-री) 1. Trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) 2. A sort of basil, (Ocimum gratissimum) : see कर्षरी. f. (-री) A name of the goddess Durga. ३. (-रः) 1. Gold. 2. Water. 3. Datura, (the fruit.) m. (-रः) 1. A demon, an imp or goblin. 2. A variegated colour. 3. A plant, (Curcuma riclinata, Rox.) See कर्षरी. 4. Sin. 5. Rice growing amidst inundation. ३. कर्ष to tinge or dye, चरन् Unadi affix and र inserted, or कर्ष to go, &c. and चरन् affix, also long कर्षर; it is also often read with the dental र, but perhaps erroneously.

कर्ष m. (-रः) Gold. m. (-रः) 1. A species of curcuma, (C. reelinata, Rox.) 2. Zedoary, (Curcuma zerumbet.) 3. A demon. f. (-री) A leech. n. (-रः) Yellow orpiment. See कर्षर and कर्षरक.

कर्षक m. (-कः) Zedoary, (Curcuma zerumbet, Rox.) ३. कर्ष added to the preceding : also कर्षरक. [रत् aff.]

कर्षित mfn. (-तः) Variegated, many coloured. ३. कर्षर, and कर्ष m. (-रः) Act, action; see कर्ष.

कर्षक mfn. (-रः) 1. A hired laborer. 2. A servant of any kind, (as a pupil, &c.) not a slave. 3. An agent, anyone who does work or business. m. (-रः) A name of YAMA, regent of the dead. f. (-री) 1. A plant, (Aletis hyacinthoides.) See कर्षरी. 2. Bryonia grandis : see कर्षरी. 3. A female servant or slave. ३. कर्ष work, act, and चर who does or performs; also कर्षकार.

कर्षकार mfn. (-रः) 1. A worker, one who does any business, an artisan, a mechanic. 2. One who performs any act. m. (-रः) 1. A

blacksmith, one of the progeny of the divine artist VISWAKARMA. 2. A bull. ३. कर्ष an act, कृप् to perform, अङ्गि चल्.

कर्षकार mfn. (-रः) One who does any work, one who performs any act. ३. कर्ष, and चर who does.

कर्षकारिण् mfn. (-री) Working, doing any work, who performs any act. ३. कर्ष, and चरिण् who does.

कर्षकार्य m. (-कः) A strong bow. ३. कर्ष used to action, कार्य a bow.

कर्षावध m. (-कः) A washerman.

कर्षक mfn. (-कः) 1. Having done work. 2. A workman, an artisan. ३. कर्ष, and कृप् who does.

कर्षकतन्त्र m. (-तन्त्र) The director of a religious rite, the reciter of the Mantras or formula. ३. कर्ष, and कृप् doing.

कर्षक mfn. (-कः) Competent to an act. ३. कर्ष, and चर to be patient, चल् aff.

कर्षक f. (-कः) Active exertion, action. ३. कर्ष, and चर effort.

कर्षक f. (-कः) The object of acts, the inducement to ritual acts, or the combination of knowledge, the thing to be known, and the person who acquires knowledge. ३. कर्ष, and चर impelling.

कर्षक mfn. (-कः) Resulting from or produced by any act, especially religious or moral, or unrighteous or immoral actions. m. (-कः) The Kali-yug or fourth and present age of the world, the age of iniquity. 2. The holy fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) ३. कर्ष, and चर produced.

कर्षक m. (-कः) A predicate or property resulting from human acts as separation, reunion, &c. ३. कर्षक, and कृप् quality.

कर्षक mfn. (-कः) 1. Skilled in any work. 2. Acquainted with religious rites. ३. कर्ष, and चर who knows.

कर्षक mfn. (-कः) 1. Finishing carefully. 2. Accomplishing an rite. m. (-कः) The director and performer of a sacrifice. ३. कर्ष and चल् aff.

कर्षक m. (-कः) The passive voice, (in grammar.) ३. कर्ष in the act or object, and चल् to be said.

कर्षक mfn. (-कः) Proper to any act, suitable to or fit for it. f. (-कः) Wages, hire. n. (-कः) Energy, activity. ३. कर्षक, and चल् at कर्षक m. (-कः) Working for hire. ३. कर्षक wages, and कृप् to eat, affix कृप् : see कर्षक.

कर्षक m. (-कः) Abandonment of worldly duties or ceremonial rites. ३. कर्ष, and चर abandonment.

कर्षक n. (-कः) 1. Act, action, the active discharge of the duties and functions of life. 2. Any act. ३. कर्ष, and चल् affix; also with तल् कर्षकता.

कर्षक mfn. (-कः) Following wicked or degrading practice immoral, disreputable. ३. कर्ष, and चल् defiled.

कर्षक m. (-कः) 1. Error, blunder. 2. Sin, vice. 3. The evil consequence of human acts. 4. Discreditable conduct or business. ३. कर्ष, and चर fault.

कर्षक m. (-कः) 1. Loss of benefits arising from religious acts. 2. Destruction of any work. 3. Disappointment. ३. कर्ष, and चल् loss.

कर्षक m. (-कः) 1. Action in general. 2. The object of an action. 3. The subject of action in grammar, considered of three kinds : प्रत्यय or चार्थ when it is simple, as चार्थ कर्षति he goes to the village एवं पश्यति he sees the sun; विचार्य when change of form is implied as कृष्णं कर्षति करोति gold forms the ear-ring; and विचार्य who some new product is evolved, as कर्ष करोति he makes a mat; ३. चरति she bears a son. 4. The objective noun. 5. Action specifying moral duty, the obligation imposed by peculiarities of tribe, occupation, &c. 6. Natural, active property, as maturity, of heat support, of earth; dispersion, of wind, &c. 7. Religious action, sacrifice, ablation, &c. especially as originating in the hope of future recompense, and as opposed to speculative religion.

knowledge of spirit. 8. (In Logic) Substantial action or motion of five kinds, upwards, downwards, extension, contraction, and going in general. 9. Action or act involving retribution or reward, virtue, vice, &c. 10. Fate, the certain consequence of previous acts. **३. कर्म** to do, कर्मिन् aff.

**कर्मिन् mfn. (-तः-ता-न्)** Engaged in active duties. **m. (-न्-तः)** A Brahman who performs sacrifices, &c. **३. कर्म**, and **विन्** who stays in.

**कर्मिन् m. (-न्-तः)** The beggar, the religious mendicant, the member of the fourth order; see **वाचन**, &c. **३. कर्म** work, **चद्** to abandon, or **कर्मन्** the name of a saint, the founder of the sect, and **इति** aff.

**कर्मन् n. (-न्)** 1. Pain, pleasure, &c. considered as the consequence or fruit of human actions. 2. The name of a fruit; see **कर्मरत्न**. **३. कर्म**, and **फल** fruit.

**कर्मलीडय m. (-यः)** The occurrence of consequences. **३. कर्मफल**, and **उदय** rising.

**कर्मबन्ध mfn. (-नः-ता-न्)** Bound by acts. **n. (-न्)** Confinement to repeated existence, as the consequence of acts. **३. कर्म**, and **बन्धन** binding.

**कर्मभूमि f. (-भूमिः)** Tilled or cultivated ground. **३. कर्म**, and **भूमि** earth, ground, &c. it may also mean the same as the next word.

**कर्मभूमि f. (-भूमिः)** Aryavarta or the central part of India, Bharata Varsha, the hole of India, or any similar place considered as holy land. **३. कर्म**, and **भूमि** earth: where men perform the ceremonies of the Hindu faith.

**कर्मभूमि n. (-भूमिः)** Kusa or sacrificial grass, see **कर्म**. **३. कर्म**, and **मूल** a root: it being used in many religious and essential Karmas or sacred rites.

**कर्मयुग m. (-युगः)** The fourth and present age of the world, the iron age, the Kali-yug: see **कलि**, and above, **कर्मयुग**. **३. कर्म**, and **युग** a Yuga or age.

**कर्मयोग m. (-योगः)** 1. Performance of worldly functions or duties. 2. The same, considered as equivalent to a religious duty. 3. Active exertion, industry. **३. कर्म**, and **योग** union or observance.

**कर्मरत्न n. (-रत्नः)** A plant bearing an acid fruit, (Averrhoa carambola.)

**कर्मरौ f. (-रौ)** The manna of the bamboo.

**कर्मवज्र m. (-वज्रः)** A Sudra. **३. कर्म**, and **वज्र** the thunderbolt.

**कर्मवज्र m. (-वज्रः)** 1. The necessary influence of acts. 2. Fate, considered as the inevitable consequence of actions done in a former life. **३. कर्म**, and **वज्र** subjection.

**कर्मराटी f. (-टी)** A lunar day, or the 30th division of a lunar month. **३. कर्म**, and **राटी** a road, &c. regulating all ceremonies and observances, &c.

**कर्मविघ्न m. (-घ्नः)** 1. Impediment, obstruction. **३. कर्म**, and **विघ्न** hindrance.

**कर्मविधि f. (-विधिः)** 1. Rule of action, observance, practice. 2. Mode of conducting any ceremony. **३. कर्म**, and **विधि** precept; also **कर्मविधान**.

**कर्मविपर्यय m. (-पर्ययः)** 1. Succession of office or employment, revolving or alternating duty. 2. Contrariety or reverse of any act or business. **३. कर्म**, and **विपर्यय** contrariety.

**कर्मविपाक m. (-पाकः)** 1. Future reward or punishment, the consequence of human acts in a subsequent birth. 2. A work on this subject, explaining expiatory rites to be performed in cases of disease, &c. supposed to be the punishment of offences in a previous existence. **३. कर्म**, and **विपाक** maturity.

**कर्मविपर्यय m. (-पर्ययः)** Variety of act or actions. **३. कर्म**, and **विपर्यय** difference.

**कर्मवीर mfn. (-वीरः-ता-न्)** 1. Assiduous, laborious. 2. One who perseveres in his duties without looking forward to their reward. **३. कर्म**, and **वीर** attached.

**कर्मवृत्त n. (-वृत्तः)** Approved occupation. **३. कर्म**, and **वृत्त** pure, correct.

**कर्मवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-ता-न्)** Assiduous, laborious. **३. कर्म**, and **वृत्त** dexterous, able.

**कर्मवीर n. (-वीरः)** Humility. **३. कर्म**, and **वीर** parity.

**कर्मसंघ m. (-संघः)** Collective acts, comprising the act, its performance, and the performer. **३. कर्म**, and **संघ** assemblage.

**कर्मसचिव m. (-चिवः)** A minister, a subordinate one employed upon active duties, as a judge, a deputy, &c. **३. कर्म**, and **सचिव** an adviser, a friend.

**कर्मसमासिक m. (-समासिकः)** An ascetic, a religious person who has withdrawn from the world. **३. कर्म**, and **समासिक** a Sannyasi or religious mendicant.

**कर्मसमाधि m. (-समाधिः)** Devotion, abstraction. **३. कर्म**, and **समाधि** abstraction.

**कर्मसम्भव mfn. (-सं-भावः)** Produced by, or the consequence of acts. **३. कर्म**, and **सम्भव** born.

**कर्मसाक्षिन् m. (-साक्षिन्)** The sun. **३. कर्म**, and **साक्षिन्** an evidence; who beholds all deeds.

**कर्मसाधन n. (-साधनः)** 1. Implement, means. 2. Articles essential to the performance of a religious act. **३. कर्म**, and **साधन** means of effecting.

**कर्मसिद्धि f. (-सिद्धिः)** Success, accomplishment. **३. कर्म**, and **सिद्धि** completion.

**कर्महेतु mfn. (-हेतुः-हेतुः)** Arising from acts, caused by acts. **३. कर्म**, and **हेतु** cause; also with **कर्म** added **कर्महेतुक**.

**कर्मार्थ m. (-ार्थः)** 1. Part or progress of any act. 2. Part of a sacrificial rite. **३. कर्म**, and **अर्थ** member.

**कर्मोक्तम् mfn. (-कर्मोक्तम्)** Endowed with principles of action, active acting. **३. कर्म**, and **वाक्यम्** self.

**कर्मोन्मुख m. (-मुखः)** Connexion with or dependance upon acts. **३. कर्म**, and **उन्मुख** attachment.

**कर्मोन्मुखिन् mfn. (-मुखिन्-मुखिन्)** Connected or confined by works. **३. कर्म**, and **उन्मुखिन्** what connects.

**कर्मोन्मुख mfn. (-मुखः-मुखः)** 1. According to action or act. 2. According to function or duty. **३. कर्म**, and **उन्मुख** according to.

**कर्मोन्मुखतस् ind. Conformably to act, function, &c. ३. तस्** added to the last.

**कर्मोन्मुखन n. (-नः)** Practising one's duties discharging peculiar functions. **३. कर्म**, and **उन्मुखन** following.

**कर्मोन्मुखतस् m. (-तस्)** Consequence of or conformity to acts. **३. कर्म**, and **उन्मुखतस्** consequence.

**कर्मोन्मुखतस् ind. According to one's deeds. ३. कर्म**, and **उन्मुखतस्** conformity, तस् aff.

**कर्मोन्मुखिन् mfn. (-मुखिन्-मुखिन्)** Practising duties, performing rites, &c. **३. कर्म**, and **उन्मुखिन्** following.

**कर्मोन्मुख m. (-मुखः)** 1. Tilled or cultivated land. 2. The end or abandonment of ritual acts. 3. The end of any task or act. **३. कर्म**, and **अन्** an end or limit.

**कर्मोन्मुख n. (-मुखः)** Difference or contrariety of action, re-action. 2. Penance, expiation. 3. Suspense. interval of action. **३. कर्म**, and **अन्** difference, &c.

**कर्मोन्मुख mfn. (-मुखः-मुखः)** Final, completing. **m. (-मुखः)** A servant, one who finishes work. **३. कर्मोन्मुख**, and **उत्त** aff.

**कर्मोन्मुखिन् mfn. (-मुखिन्-मुखिन्)** Enjoining, or prescribing duties or acts. **३. कर्म**, and **उन्मुखिन्** what shows; also **कर्मोन्मुखिन्**.

**कर्मोन्मुख m. (-मुखः)** 1. A murtificer, a mechanic, a blacksmith, a brazier, a carpenter, &c. 2. A bamboo. 3. An acid fruit: see **कर्मरत्न**. **३. कर्म**, and **उत्त** go. **उत्त** aff. [ning.]

**कर्मोन्मुख m. (-मुखः)** Commencement of any act. **३. कर्म**, and **उत्त** begin.

**कर्मोन्मुख mfn. (-मुखः-मुखः)** 1. Fit for work, able to do any thing. 2. Suitable to any rite, &c. **m. (-मुखः)** A man. **३. कर्म**, and **उत्त** fit for.

**कर्मोन्मुख mfn. (-मुखिन्-मुखिन्)** 1. Busy, active, engaged in any work. 2. Belonging or relating to any act. **३. कर्म**, and **उत्त** aff.

**कर्मोन्मुख mfn. (-मुखः-मुखः)** Active, assiduous, diligent. **३. कर्म**, and **उत्त** aff.

**कर्मोन्मुख mfn. (-मुखः-मुखः)** Variegated: see **कर्मोन्मुख**.

**कर्मोन्मुख m. (-मुखः)** A small tree, (Trophis asper.)

कर्णदिग्ग. n. (४) An organ of action; five are reckoned, the hand, the foot, the larynx or organ of the voice, the organ of generation, and that of faeculent excretion. ३. कर्ण, and रुद्रि an organ of sense.

कर्णद्वार n. (४) Any honourable or valiant act, magnanimity, prowess. ३. कर्ण, and उदार lofty.

कर्णदिग्ग mfn. (-तः का-क) Actively labouring, busily engaged. ३. कर्ण, and रुद्रि exerting. [effort.

कर्णदिग्ग id. (-तः) Engaging, actively in any work. ३. कर्ण, and रुद्रि कर्ण. १st cl. (कर्ण) To be proud, to boast.

कर्ण m. (-तः) 1. Love, desire. 2. A rat. ३. क to injure, and रुद्रि Unadi aff.

कर्ण m. (-तः) 1. The capital of a district, (of two or four hundred villages,) in a pleasant site and of handsome construction, a market town, &c. n. (-तः) A city. ३. कर्ण to be proud, and रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण m. (४) 1. A demon or imp. 2. A tiger. f. (-तः) 1. A name of Durga. 2. The leaf of the asafetida plant: see रुद्रि. ३. क to injure, रुद्रि Unadi aff; if derived from कर्ण to go, &c. this word is read कर्ण, but such a reading is probably inaccurate: see कर्ण, also कर्ण; it is sometimes considered as a various reading of this last, meaning, variegated.

कर्ण mn. (-तः) A weight of gold or silver, a Karsha equal to sixteen Mashas; this, according to the ancient division of five Rettis to the Masha, would make the Karsha equal to about 176 grains troy; in common use, eight Rettis are given to the Masha and the Karsha is therefore about 280 grains troy: see मास and रुद्रि. m. (-तः) 1. Drawing, dragging, pulling. 2. Ploughing. 3. Attracting. 4. Belerio myrobalan: see विभीतक. ३. कर्ण to plough, रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण mfn. (-तः का-क) 1. A cultivator of the soil, one who lives by tillage. 2. What draws or drags. 3. Attractive, what attracts, ३. कर्ण to plough, रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण n. (-तः) 1. Ploughing, cultivating the ground. 2. Pulling, dragging. 3. Attracting, ३. कर्ण to plough, रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण f. (-तः) A dishonest woman. ३. कर्ण, and रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण mfn. (-तः का-क) 1. To be drawn or pulled. 2. To be attracted, to be conciliated or won. ३. कर्ण to plough, with रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण m. (-तः) Belerio myrobalan, (Terminalia belerica.) ३. कर्ण the same, and रुद्रि fruit.

कर्ण mfn. (-तः यन्-यन्) 1. Dragging, pulling. 2. Attracting 3. Harassing, annoying. ३. कर्ण to attract, causal form, रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण n. (-तः) A Tola, a weight of sixteen Mashas, ३. कर्ण, and मास appellation,

कर्ण mfn. (-तः ता-त) 1. Drawn. 2. Attracted, 3. Ploughed, ३. कर्ण to draw, रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण mfn. (-तः वि-वि) 1. What pulls or draws. 2. What ploughs or furrows. 3. Attractive, what attracts. f. (-वि-वि) 1. A medicinal sort of moon-plant: see वीरिच. 2. The bit of a bridle, ३. कर्ण to plough, &c. रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण m. (-तः) 1. A fire of dried cowdung. 2. Agriculture, cultivating, cultivation. ३. Livelihood. f. (-तः) 1. A river. 2. A canal. ३. A shallow trench for receiving the sacrificial fire. ३. कर्ण to plough, &c. Unadi aff. रु.

कर्ण ind. When; at what time.

कर्ण ind. Sometimes, occasionally, ever; न कर्ण never.

कर्ण १st cl. (कर्ण) To sound. 1st and 10th cls. (कर्ण, कर्ण) 1. To throw or cast, to send; also 1st and 10th cls. (कर्ण, कर्ण) 1. To go. 2. To count or reckon: with कर्ण prefixed, 1. To take, 2. To bind or tie; with रुद्रि, To keep in mind, to think or remember; with रुद्रि, To maim, to separate a part, to make defective; with रुद्रि, To sum up, to add.

कर्ण mfn. (-तः का-क) 1. Crude, undigested. 2. Weak; m. (-तः) 1. A low

or soft tone, an humming, buzzing, &c. 2. The Sal tree. ३. In poetry, time equal to four matras or instants. n. (-तः) 1. Semen virile. 2. The jujube, Zizyphus jujuba. f. (-तः) 1. A small part of any thing. 2. A digit or one sixteenth of the moon's diameter. ३. A division of time, equal to thirty Kash'has or about eight seconds. 4. The 60th part of one thirtieth of a zodiacal sign, a minute of a degree. 5. Interest on a capital. 6. Any practical art, mechanical or literary, sawing, acting, dancing, music, medicine, poetry, &c. 7. The menstrual discharge. 8. A boat. 9. Fraud, deceit. ३. कर्ण to count, &c. रुद्रि affix or रुद्रि pleasure, and रुद्रि what gives, from रुद्रि to bring, &c.

कर्ण m. (-तः) 1. A kind of fish: see रुद्रि. 2. Name of species of prose composition. ३. कर्ण to count, &c. रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण m. (-तः) 1. A low murmuring tone. 2. The Indian cuckoo. 3. A dove, a pigeon. 4. A goose. ३. कर्ण low tone, and रुद्रि the throat; in whose throat it is made.

कर्ण m. (-तः) 1. A confused noise, the murmuring or buzz of a crowd. 2. Resin, pitch, the resin of the Sal tree. ३. कर्ण to sound, as above; the root reiterated.

कर्णिका f. (-ता) A wanton, a lascivious woman. ३. कर्ण, and रुद्रि to coo, affix रुद्रि.

कर्ण m. (-तः) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. ३. कर्ण, रुद्रि to sound, and रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण m. (-तः) 1. A spot or mark. 2. Defamation, abuse. ३. The rust of iron. ३. कर्ण BRAHMA, water, &c. रुद्रि to deface, and रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण mfn. (-तः रु-रु) 1. Censorious, calumniating, defaming. 2. Spitting, staining, ३. कर्ण, and रुद्रि what makes.

कर्णिका f. (-ता) A digit of the moon in shadow. ३. कर्ण, and रुद्रि a digit.

कर्ण mfn. (-तः यो-यो) 1. Spotted, stained. 2. Calumniated, defamed. ३. कर्ण, and रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण m. (-तः) A lion. f. (-ता) A musical instrument: see रुद्रि. ३. कर्ण a murmuring sound, and रुद्रि to make a sound, affix रुद्रि.

कर्ण mfn. (-तः ता-त) Spotted, soiled, stained. 2. Calumniated, defamed. ३. कर्ण, and रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण mfn. (-तः वि-वि) 1. Soiled, stained. 2. Disgraced, reviled. 3. Rusty. ३. कर्ण, and रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण m. (-तः) An eddy, a whirlpool. ३. कर्ण a sound, and रुद्रि to emit sound, रुद्रि affix, and the termination of the 2nd case retained.

कर्ण mfn. (-तः का-क) An animal struck with a poisoned weapon. 2. Tobacoo. ३. Ten-tolas.

कर्ण n. (-तः) The thatch of a house; other read this रुद्रि q. v.

कर्ण f. (-ता) Melody, music. ३. कर्ण, and रुद्रि affix; also with रुद्रि कर्ण

कर्ण n. (-तः) 1. The hip and loins. 2. A wife; 3. A royal citadel, strong bold or fastness. ३. कर्ण to distil, &c. रुद्रि affix, रुद्रि is substituted for रुद्रि, and रुद्रि and रुद्रि are interchangeable: see रुद्रि or रुद्रि weak, feeble, and रुद्रि from रुद्रि to preserve, affix रुद्रि.

कर्ण n. (-तः) 1. Gold. 2. Silver: see the next.

कर्ण n. (-तः) 1. Gold. 2. Silver. 3. A low or pleasing tone; also कर्ण कर्ण. f. (-तः) 1. A streak of gold. 2. Illumination of a manuscript with gold. ३. कर्ण, and रुद्रि writing.

कर्ण m. (वि) 1. The turtle dove. 2. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 3. A peacock. 4. A low sweet tone. ३. कर्ण, and रुद्रि a sound.

कर्ण n. (-तः) 1. A spot, a stain. 2. An offence, fault, defect. 3. Murmuring, sounding. 4. An embryo or the first vestige of the fetus. m. (-तः) A sort of cane. f. (-ता) 1. Subjection, submission. 2. Chattering, talking. 3. Shedding, emitting. ३. कर्ण to count, रुद्रि aff.

कर्ण m. (-तः) A man of a mixed caste.

कर्णिका f. (-ता) Knowledge, intelligence; wisdom in general.

कलश m. (-कः) 1. A young elephant : see कल. 2. The Datura plant. ३. कल to cast, कलश् Unadi affix; or according to some authorities, क to cast, कलश् affix, making कलश, and र is then changed to क.  
कलश m. (-कः) 1. Rice which is sown in May and June, and ripens in December or January; a white rice growing in deep water : see कल. 2. A pen, a reed for writing with. 3. A thief, a rogue. ४. कल to count, &c. and कल Unadi aff.  
कलश m. (-कः) 1. An arrow. 2. The stalk of a potherb. 3. The Kadamba, (Nauclea cadamba :) see कलम्. ४. (-कः) Calambarnot, (Momsipermum calumba.) f. (-की) or m. and f. (-कः-की) A kind of potherb, (Convolvulus repens, &c.) see कलम्. ५. कल to delight, कलश् affix, क substituted for क, fem. affix कलि; also कलश्च.  
कलशिका f. (-का) 1. A potherb : see the preceding. २. कल added to कलम्. 2. The nape of a neck. ३. क the head, and कलि to be, to rest, कलश् affix.  
कलशुट m. (-टः) Fresh butter.  
कलश f. (-कः) A potherb : see कलम्, the fem. affix being कलि.  
कलशम् mfn. (-कः-यन्-कल) Computing, calculating. २. कल to count, कल affix.  
कलश m. (-कः) 1. A dove, a pigeon. 2. The Indian cuckoo. 3. A low or pleasing tone, a humming, buzzing, &c. ४. कल a low tone and र what utters.  
कलश m. (-कः-क) The womb, the uterus; according to some, the embryo one month after conception. २. कल to reckon, कलश् aff.  
कलश m. (-कः) Resin, the extract of the Sal tree.  
कलशजोह m. (-जः) The Sal tree, (Shorea robusta.) २. कलशज, and उहज birth.  
कलशिक m. (-कः) 1. A sparrow. 2. A plant, (Echites antidiysenterica :) see कलशिक. 3. A spot, a stain. 4. A white Chowri. ५. कल a low tone, chirping, &c. कलि to go, &c. कलश् affix, the deriv. is irr.; also कलशिक.  
कलश mfn. (-कः-जी-क) An earthen water-pot; also कलश, कलश, &c. २. क water, कल to labour, क aff.  
कलश f. (-कः) 1. A plant, (Hemionites cordifolia.) 2. A water jar. ३. क water, कल to labour, &c. कलि affix; also कलशी and कलशि.  
कलशी f. (-शी) 1. A plant. 2. A water-jar : see the preceding, and कलश.  
कलश mfn. (-कः-सी-क) A water-jar : see कलश. m. (-कः) 1. A measure, a Drona : see ड्रौप. 2. A rounded pinnacle or ball on the top of a temple. f. (-की) A plant : see कलशि, &c.  
कलशि f. (-शि) See कलशि.  
कलशीवृत्त m. (-तः) A name of the saint AGASTYA : see कलशीवृत्त and कलश.  
कलशीवृत्त m. (-वि) The ocean. २. कलश, and उदशि the same.  
कलशर n. (-रः) A low musical sound, २. कल, कल a note.  
कलश m. (-कः-क) 1. War, battle. 2. Strife, contention. m. (-कः) 1. The sheath of a sword, a scabbard. 2. A road, a way. 3. Deceit, falsehood. 4. Violence without murderous weapons, abuse, beating, kicking, &c. ५. कल a pleasing sound, and क what destroys, from कल with क aff.  
कलश m. (-कः) 1. A drake, or according to some, a teal. 2. A gander. 3. Another bird, (Gallinula porphyria.) 4. ब्रह्मा or the Supreme Being. 5. An emperor. 6. A species of the Atijagati metre. ७. कल pleasing sound, and कल a goose.  
कलशकार mfn. (-कः-री-क) 1. Contending with, fighting. 2. Quarrelsome, turbulent. ३. कलश, and कार who makes.  
कलशकारि mfn. (-री-क-क) Assailing, contending or fighting with. 2. Quarrelsome, fractious, turbulent. ३. कलश, and कारि who makes.  
कलशज m. (-जः) Febrifuge nut-plant.  
कलशमिव mfn. (-कः-क-क) Quarrelsome. m. (-कः) NARADA. f. (-का) The Maina, a bird. ३. कलश, and मिव fond of.

कलशकारि f. (-का) An appeased wife, one who has been angry and is sorry for it. २. कलश strife, कलशित covered, &c. fem. affix टक्.  
कलशकारि mfn. (-कः-क-क) Taken by force. ३. कलश, and कलशित taken away.  
कलशक n. (-कः) Poison.  
कलशक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Skilled in the elegant arts; singing, dancing, &c. २. कल, and कलश clever.  
कलशक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Gay, frolicsome, wanton. m. (-कः) A name of KAMA or LOWA. २. कल deceit, and कलि who sports.  
कलशक m. (-कः) 1. A crane. 2. A name of KAMA.  
कलशिका f. (-का) The fore arm, the arm below the elbow; also कलशी.  
कलशी f. (-शी) See the preceding.  
कलश m. (-कः) A gold-smith : see कलश. २. कल an art, and दा to give, क aff.  
कलशिका m. (-कः) The moon. २. कल a digit, कलि a treasure; containing many digits.  
कलशमिव m. (-वी) 1. A bee, but particularly one of a very large kind. 2. A sparrow. 3. The Chataka, a bird so called. ४. कल a buzz, &c. कलश to sound, कलि aff.  
कलश m. (-कः) Interest, profit. २. कल a part, कल over  
कलश m. (-कः) 1. An ornament in general. 2. A zone, a string of bells worn by women round the waist. 3. A peacock's tail. 4. Assemblage, multitude. 5. A quiver. 6. The moon. 7. A clever and intelligent man. 8. The name of a grammar of the Sanskrit language, ascribed to the god KARTIKAYA. 9. A village where the destroyer KALAKI is to be born. 10. A poem written in one metre. ११. कल an art, a division of time, &c. कल to obtain, and कल aff.  
कलशक m. (-कः) A rope on an elephant's neck. n. (-कः) 1. A number of verses in one metre. 2. A series of four stanzas on one subject. 3. A loan to be repaid when the peacocks spread their tails. ५. कलश, and कल aff.  
कलशिका m. (-की) 1. A peacock. 2. The Indian cuckoo. 3. Waved leaf fig tree. 4. The author of the Kalapa grammar. f. (-की) 1. The moon. 2. A species of cyperus. ३. कलश a peacock's tail, &c. कलि aff.  
कलशक m. (-कः) The moon. २. कल a digit, and कल filled, complete.  
कलशक m. (-कः) 1. The moon. 2. An artist, a mechanic, &c. ३. कल a digit, &c. and कल who cherishes.  
कलशक m. (-कः) A kind of rice ripening in the cold season : see कलश.  
कलशिका f. (-कः) Lending, a loan : see the next. [affix  
कलशिका f. (-का) Lending, a loan. २. कल a part, and कल to go, कल  
कलश m. (-कः) The name of various leguminous seeds, chiefly of the order Placodis, particular kinds of pulse or vetches. ३. क wind, कल to bring or give, and कल aff.  
कलशक m. (-कः) One who trembles and totters as he walks. २. कलश, and कल a wagtail.  
कलशक m. (-कः) A tumbler, a dancer, but especially one who dances or walks on a sharp edge, as the edge of a sword. &c. ३. कल a part, and कल going.  
कलशक m. (-कः) A bee, &c. २. कल buzz, and कलश speech.  
कलशक m. (-कः) A name of Chandra or the moon. f. (-की) 1. A celestial lute or Vina. 2. The mother of RADHA. 3. An Apsara. 4. A mystical ceremony, initiation of the Tantrika student, in which the goddess DURGA is supposed to be transferred from the water jar to the body of the novice. ५. कल a digit, or कल a sweet tone, and कल aff.  
कलशिका m. (-कः) A cock.  
कलशिका m. (-कः) A sparrow : see कलशिका.  
कलशक m. (-कः) A musical instrument; also कलश.  
कलि m. (-कः) 1. The fourth age of the world, according to the Hindus, the iron age, or that of vice : the commencement of the

Kali-yug or age, is placed 3,101 years anterior to the Cristian era, so that in A D 1896, the Kali year is 4,997, the number of its years is 132,000, at the expiration of which, the world is to be destroyed. 2. The age personified. 3. War, battle. 4. Strife, disunion. 5. An arrow. 6. Beleric myrobalan. f. (-लि: or -ली) An unblown flower: see कलिका. ३. कल् to count or reckon, इन् Unadi aff.

कलिक m. (-क) A curlew.

कलिका f. (-का) 1. An unblown flower. 2. The bottom or peg of a lute. कल् to count, इन् affix कलि, and with लीच्, कली as above; again, कन् pleonastic affix, and टाप् fem. do.

कलिकापूर्व n. (-ख) Acts leading to future consequences, not connected with those of a previous birth. ३. कलिका a bud, चपुर्वा not preceding.

कलिकारक m. (-रु) 1. A plant bearing a nut, which is used as a febrifuge. (Grey bonduc.) see पुतिकरक. 2. The fork-tailed shrike. 3. Another bird, a small one with a yellow head, (Loxia philippensis.) 4. A name of NARADA. f. (-री) A poisonous plant; see साहली ३ कलि strife, &c. कृच् to make, affix कल्; also with कन् added कलि-कारक.

कलिकारक m. (-रु) 1. Grey bonduc; also कलिमारक. 2. The name of NARADA a divine sage, and great mischief maker: see कलिकार.

कलिक m. (-क) 1. The febrifuge nut-plant, (Caesalpinia huanducella.) 2. The fork-tailed shrike, (Lanius forficatus, Lath.) 3. The name of a country; the name of Kalinga is applied in the Puranas to several places, but it especially signifies a district on the Coromandel coast, extending from below cuttack to the vicinity of Madras, (in this sense, like some other names of countries, it is usually confined to the plural number (का) confounding the place with the people inhabiting it. nf. (-क-का) A medicinal seed, that of Echites antidysenterica. f. (-का) 1. A woman of a good shape. 2. A plant, commonly Teori, (Convolvulus turpethum:) see चिह्न. ३. कलि strife, &c. ग from गम् to go, खच् aff.

कलिक m. (-क) The seed of the Coraiya, (Echites antidysenterica:) see इन्द्रक.

कलिक m. (-क) A mat, a screen of grass, a tati, &c.

कलित mfn. (-त: ता त) 1. Gained, acquired. 2. Known, understood. 3. Numbered, reckoned. 4. Separated, divided. 5. Made, done. 6. Held, laid hold of. 7. Sounded indistinctly, buzzed, murmured, &c. ३. कल् to count, &c. affix क.

कलिद्रुम m. (-रु) Beleric myrobalan, (Terminalia belerica,) also कलि the tree of strife; being supposed to be favourite haunt of imps or goblins.

कलिन्द m. (-न्द) 1. The sun. 2. A mountain. 3. Beleric myrobalan. ३. कलि strife, दा to give, खच् aff.

कलिन्दकन्या f. (-न्या) The Yamuna. ३. कलिन्द the sun or a mountain, कन्या daughter.

कलिन्दनन्दिनी f. (-नी) The Yamuna or Jumna river ३. कलिन्द the name of a mountain, part of the Himalaya range, and नन्दिनी a daughter; the source of the river being in the mountain Kalinda.

कलिन्दजोषाता f. (-ता) The Yamuna river: see the preceding. ३. कलिन्द-जोष the mountain, and जाता born; also कलिन्द, कलिन्दी, &c.

कलिप्रिय mfn. (-य: या-य) Quarrelsome, mischievous, mischief making. m. (-य) 1. A monkey, an ape. 2. NARADA. ३. कलि strife, and प्रिय fond of.

कलिमारक m. (-क) A plant, (Bouducella:) see पुतिकरक. ३. कलि strife, नृ to destroy or remove, affixes कल् and कन्; some copies read कलिमारक.

कलिपुत्र n. (-न) The Kali, the present or iron age: see कलि. ३. कलि, and पुत्र an age.

कलित mfn. (-त: ता-त) 1. Impervious, impenetrable. 2. Mixed, blended. ३. कल् to count, &c. इन् Unadi aff.

कलिरुच m. (-रु) Beleric myrobalan.

कल्ल म. (-ल) A musical instrument; a cymbal. f. (-ला) 1. A tavern. 2. A meteor.

कल्लु mfn. (-ल: ला-ल) 1. Turbid, foul, muddly. 2. Wicked, bad. mf. (-ल: ली) A buffalo. n. (-ल) 1. Sin. 2. Wrath. ३. कल् to go, &c. इन् Unadi aff.

कल्लल n. (-ल) 1. Foulness, turbidness. 2. Opacity. 3. Agitation, trouble, anger. ३. कल् foul, &c. ल affix; also with तल् कल्लल.

कल्लुप्रीति mfn. (-नि: नि-नि) Of impure origin. ३. कल्लु, and प्रीति wound.

कल्लित mfn. (-त: ता-त) 1. Defiled, contaminated. 2. Foul, impure. ३. Wicked. ३. कल्लु, and इन् aff.

कल्लित् mfn. (-ली-वि-ली-नि) 1. Foul, impure. 2. Depraved, wicked. 3. Defiled. ३. कल्लु, and इन् aff.

कल्लिर n. (-र) The body. ३. कल्ल semen, and रर best; formed from the seminal fluid; the termination of the ablative is retained.

कलीशाल mfn. (-ल: ला-ल) High sharp. ३. कल, and उलाल loud, high sounding.

कल्ल mfn. (-ल: ला-ल) Sinful, wicked. mn. (-ल: लल) 1. Sediment, the deposit of oil, ghee, &c. 2. Dirt, filth. 3. Ordure, faeces. 4. Sin. 5. Hypocrisy. 6. Pride. 7. The beleric myrobalan. 8. The wax of the ear. 9. Levigated powder. ३. कल् to count, &c. क Unadi aff.

कल्लकल m. (-ल) The pomegranate plant.

कल्लि m. (-लि) A name of VISHNU, in his future capacity of destroyer of the world, the tenth and last Avatara of descent of the deity, in the four ages of Kalpa. ३. कल् to count, क् aff.

कल्लिन् mfn. (-ली-लि-ली-लि) 1. Foul, turbid, having sediment. 2. Dirty. 3. Wicked. m. (-ली) The last descent of VISHNU: see the preceding. ३. कल्ल, and इन् aff.

कल्ल mfn. (-ल: ला-ल) In composition; Like, but with a degree of inferiority. m. (-ल: ल) 1. A Sastra or sacred work; one of the six Vedangas, and comprehending the description of religious rites. 2. A day and night of BRAHMA, a period of 4,320,000,000 Solar syderecal-years or years of mortals, measuring the duration of the world, and as many, the interval of its annihilation. 3. A destruction of the world. 4. A sacred precept, practice prescribed by the Vedas for effecting certain consequences. 5. Propriety, fitness. 6. Optionality, alternative, doubt. 7. Resolve, purpose, any act of determination. 8. One of the trees of INDRA's paradise of Swarga. ३. कल् to be able, च affix, कल् is changed to कल्.

कल्लक m. (-क) A barber. ३. कल् to cut, कुन् aff.

कल्लकय m. (-य) The destruction of all things, the end of the world. ३. कल्ल, and कय destruction.

कल्लद्रुम m. (-रु) A fabulous tree, one granting every thing desired. ३. कल्ल purpose, and रुम a tree; also कल्लद्रु, कल्लरुच, &c.

कल्लन n. (-न) 1. Cutting. 2. Making, manufacturing. 3. Making as a poem or tale, inventing, composing. nf. (-न-ना) 1. Inference. 2. Invention, fabrication. 3. Comparing or decorating an elephant. f. (-नी) A scissors or shears. ३. कल् to be able, &c. कल् or कुन् affix, and consequently टाप् or लीप् fem. do.

कल्लनीय mfn. (-य: या-य) 1. To be made or contrived. 2. To be substituted or supplied. ३. कल् to be able, कलीय affix; also कल्ल and कल्लित.

कल्लवायु m. (-यु) The wind that is to blow at the end of all things. ३. कल्ल, and वायु wind.

कल्लरुच m. (-रु) One of the fabulous trees of INDRA's heaven; a tree which yields whatever may be desired. ३. कल्ल purpose, and रुच a tree.



कथादि m. (-दिः) The beginning of a Kalpa, the renovation of all things. ३. कथ्य, and कथि beginning.

कथान्त m. (-न्तः) The destruction of the world, the end of the Kalpa, or four ages of its existence. ३. कथ्य the period, and कथ the end.

कथान्त्यावित् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Lasting, permanent. ३. कथान्त, and व्यावित् what stays.

कथित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Made, fabricated, artificial. 2. Composed, invented. 3. Arranged, put in order. 4. Prepared at once, put together extempore. 5. Brought, conducted. 6. Inferred. m. (-तः) An elephant armed or caparisoned for war. ३. कथ् to be able, &c. क aff.

कथितार्थ mfn. (-र्थः-थी-थे) One for whom or what a respectful offering is prepared. ३. कथित made, and कथ an offering.

कथ्य mfn. (-थ्यः-थ्या-थ्य) 1. To be made or contrived. 2. To be substituted. ३. कथ् to be able, यत् aff.

कथ्य mfn. (-थः-था-थे) Dirty, foul, m. (-थः) A kind of hell, a division of the infernal regions. n. (-थं) 1. Sin. 2. The hand bellow the wrist. ३. कथ्य virtuous or pious action, धी to destroy, and क affix; the form is irr.

कथ्य mfn. (-थः-था or -थी-थं) Of a mixed or variegated colour. m. (-थः) 1. A variegated colour. 2. A mixture of black and white. 3. Black. 4. A demon or goblin. f. (-थी) The spotted cow of Jamadagni, the giver of all desires. ३. कथ् to go, &c. क्तिप् affix, कथ, कथ् to injure, कथ् affix कथ; what injures or triumphs over other colours.

कथावकथ m. (-थः) A name of Siva. ३. कथाव black, and कथ throat; to m irr.

कथावपाद m. (-दः) The name of a king, also SAUDASA; transformed to a Rakesha by VASISHTHA. ३. कथाव, and पाद a foot.

कथ्य mfn. (-थ्यः-थ्या-थ्य) 1. Ready, prepared, armed. 2. Healthy, free from sickness. 3. Clever, dexterous. 4. Deaf and dumb. 5. Auspicious, (speech or discourse.) 6. Counselling, monitory. 7. Sound, perfect, free from mental or bodily imperfections. n. (-थ्यं) 1. The dawn or break of day. 2. Yesterday. 3. Tomorrow. nf. (-थ्यं) 1. Spirituous liquor. 2. Congratulation, good wishes, annunciation of good tidings. f. (-थ्या) Emblic myrobalan: see इरीतकी. ३. कथ् to count, &c. यक् aff.

कथ्यन्ति f. (-न्तिः) The morning meal, breakfast ३. कथ्य dawn, and कथ्य eating.

कथ्य n. (-थ्यं) 1. Health. 2. Recovery, convalescence. ३. कथ्य being well, and कथ affix of the abstract; also कथ्यता with तल् aff.

कथ्यपाल m. (-पालः) A distiller. ३. कथ्य vinous liquor, and पाल who nourishes; also with कथ added, कथ्यपालक.

कथ्यवर्ण m. (-वर्णः) Breakfast. ३. कथ्य, and वर्ण, from हन् to be or abide, affix कथ्.

कथ्य mfn. (-थ्यः-थी-थं) Happy, well, right, prosperous, lucky. f. (-थी) 1. A cow. 2. A leguminous shrub, (Glycine debilis.) n. (-थं) 1. Good fortune, happiness, prosperity. 2. Gold. ३. कथ्य healthy, &c. कथ to be, to sound, कथ् aff.

कथ्यकर mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Propitious, auspicious, conferring good fortune, &c. ३. कथ्यकर, and कर what makes.

कथ्यकर mfn. (-करः) 1. Virtuous, good. 2. Propitious, lucky. ३. कथ्यकर, and कर who does.

कथ्यकर mfn. (-रः-री-रं) 1. Following virtuous courses. 2. Lucky, fortunate. ३. कथ्यकर, कथ् to go, कथ् aff.

कथ्यकर mfn. (-की-को-कं) Good, virtuous. ३. कथ्यकर, कथ् duty, कथि aff.

कथ्यकर m. (-कः) A fortnight which has the fifth lunation lucky. ३. कथ्यकर, कथी the fifth, and कथ added.

कथ्यकर n. (-कं) Friendly speech, good wishes. ३. कथ्यकर, and कथ speech.

कथाकरीज m. (-जः) A sort of pulse, (Ervum hirsutum.) ३. कथाक, and बीज seed.

कथ्याचार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Virtuous, following good practices. ३. कथ्याच, and आचार rule.

कथाविका f. (-का) Red arsenic ३. कथावी, and कथ् aff.

कथ्यावित् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) 1. Happy, lucky, prosperous. 2. Auspicious, propitious. ३. कथ्याच, and वि aff.

कथ्यापाल m. (-पालः) A distiller. ३. कथ्या spirituous liquor, and पाल who preserves.

कथ्य n. (-थं) The wrist.

कथ r. 1st cl. (कथने) 1. To sound ill or indistinctly. 2. To sound. 3. To be mute.

कथ mfn. (-थः-था-थं) Deaf. ३. कथ to sound indistinctly, affix कथ्.

कथ n. (-थं) 1. Indistinct articulation, hoarseness. 2. Deafness. ३. कथ to sound indistinctly, and कथ affix, also with तल् affix कथत.

कथ ind. To-morrow.

कथी mfn. (-थी-था-थं) An enemy, hostile, inimical. m. (-थी) 1. A surger, a hallow. 2. Joy, happiness, pleasure. ३. कथ to sound, कथि aff.

कथ (कथ) कथ r. 1st cl. (कथने) 1. To describe, (as a poet) 2. To paint, to picture, also कथ

कथ m. (-कः) 1. A mouthful. 2. A fungus, a mushroom, &c. ३. कथ to sound, कथ aff.

कथ m. (-कः-कं) 1. Armour, mail. 2. A drum used in battle, a kettle drum. 3. An amulet, a charm. 4. A tree, (Hibiscus populneoides) see महुभाय. 3. The mystical syllable Hum, forming part of a Mantra, and considered as a preservative like armour, it is also inscribed on a Birch leaf, &c. and worn as an amulet; being carried about the person as a charm: see the next. ३. कथ to sound, कथ Unadi aff.

कथयय n. (-यं) The Birch tree, commonly Bhojpatra; see महुभाय. ३. कथय an amulet, and यय a leaf: see the last.

कथयय mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) Wearing armour or amulets. m. (-रः) A boy, a child. ३. कथय, and यय to take, कथ् or ट aff.

कथी f. (-थी) A door: see कथट.

कथी f. (-थी) A kind of flat fish, commonly Kavya or Kay: remarkable for going by land from one spot to another, (Couscousours, Ham)

कथर sub. mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) A bread or fillet of hair. mfn. (-रः-री-रं) 1. Mixed, intermingled, bleeded. 2. Set, mixed. m. (-रः) 1. Salt. 2. Sourness or acidity. f. (-रा or -री) A plant, (Mimosa octandria.) f. (-री) The leaf of the asclepias plant, Hingapata m. ३. कथ the head, &c. ३. कथ to screen, कथ् affix, fem. do. टप् or डीट्.

कथरी f. (-की) A captive, a prisoner: see कथी.

कथरी m. (-रः) A fine head of hair. ३. कथरी and मर a load; also कथरीमर

कथरी mfn. (-रः) Wearing a fillet of hair. ३. कथरी and मर who has

कथ m. (-कः) 1. A mouthful. 2. A kind of fish, commonly Balya. 3. An astringent wash for cleaning the mouth, a gargle. ३. कथ the head, water, &c. and कथ to be strong, कथ् aff.

कथिका f. (-का) A piece of cloth over a sore, a bandage

कथित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Eaten ३. कथय nominal verb, to eat, and कथ aff.

कथ m. (-कः) Armour, mail. ३. कथ to sound, and कथ Unadi affix; also कथ

कथ sub. mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) A door, the leaf or panel of the door. ३. कथ wind, air, कथ to exclude, and कथ affix; also कथट.

कथयय n. (-कः) A plant, commonly Kapata ventu.

कथ m. (-कः) 1. A lotus. 2. A bird, (Tantalus falcinellus, Boen) ३. कथ water, कथ to prefer, कथ् aff.

कथ mfn. (-थि-थिः or -थी-थि) Learned, wise. m. (-थिः) 1. A poet. 2. The sun. 3. SUKRA, the regent of the planet Venus, and preceptor of

the demons. 4. A name of VALMIKI, the author of the Ramayana, the inventor of poetry. 5. A name of BRAHMA. f. (-विः-वी) The bit of a bridle, or the reins altogether; also कविता. ३. उ to sound, to celebrate, and इन् Unadi aff.

कविक mf. (-कः-का) The bit of a bridle, or the reins altogether. f. (-का) A sort of fish, the Kay. ३. कन् added to the preceding.

कविज्ञेय m. (-ज्ञः) A name of VALMIKI, author of the Ramayana. ३. कवि a poet, and ज्ञेय elder or superior.

कविता f. (-ता) 1. Poetry, poetical style or composition, 2. A poem. ३. कवि, and तन् affix; also with ल् affix, कवित्.

कवितावेदिन् mfn. (-दी-विनी-दि) Wise, learned, a genius, a poet. ३. कविता poetry, &c. वेदिन् who understands.

कविताय mn. (-यः-वी) The bit of a bridle, or the reins. ३. कृ to sound, affix वः see कवि and कविक.

कविरामायण m. (-रामः) A name of VALMIKI. ३. कवि a poet, &c. and रामायण the epic poem so called; the poet of the Ramayana.

कविशक्तिः m. (-क्तिः) A musical instrument, a kind of lute.

कविशक्तीक m. (-क्तिः) The poet VALMIKI.

कवीय n. (-यः) The bit of a bridle, or the reins. ३. कृ to sound, क् affix; also कविय.

कवेय n. (-यः) A lotus. ३. क water, विल् to send, &c. कल् aff.

कवीय mfn. (-यः-वी-यः) Slightly warm, tepid. n. (-यः) A slight warmth. ३. क indifferent, and उय warm.

कव्य n. (-यः) An oblation or offering of food to deceased ancestors. ३. कृ to sound or praise, यत् aff.

कव्यवान् m. (-वान्) A class of the manes or deified ancestors. ३. कव्य an offering to the manes, वा occasionally, and वान् who receives.

कव्यवाहन m. (-नः) Fire. ३. कव्य, and वाहन vehicle; also कव्यवाह.

कव्य r. 1st cl. (कवति-ने) To kill, to hurt.

कवा f. (-वा) 1. A whip. 2. Whipping, flogging. ३. कृ to hurt, कप् and टाप् affixes; also कष.

कवायय n. (-यः) Three modes of whipping (a horse,) good, bad, and middling. ३. कवा, and यय three-fold.

कवायय mfn. (-यः-वा-यः) Deserving a whipping. ३. कवा a whip, and यय to be fit or proper.

कविपु m. (-पुः) 1. Food. 2. Clothing. du. m. (-पुः) Food and clothing. ३. कव् to injure, to remove, (pain, hunger, &c.) पु affix, the form is irr.

कशेरु mn. (-रुः) The back bone. f. (-रुः) A kind of grass, (Scirpus kysoor.) m. (-रुः) One of the nine divisions of Jambu Dwipa. ३. क sound, रु to harm, क् or उ Unadi affix, and रुक् substituted for the radical vowel.

कशेरु f. (-रुः) The back bone. n. (-रुः) A sort grass, (Scirpus kysoor.) ३. कन् added to the preceding.

कशेरु n. (-रुः) A grass, (Scirpus kysoor :) see कशेरु.

कश्च n. ind. Some body, a certain person; the first member of compound is declinable, as कश्चन, कश्चन, &c.

कश्चित् ind. Some body, some one, a certain one: the first member of the compound is declinable, as कश्चित्, कश्चित्, &c.

कशाल mfn. (-शालः-शालः) Foul, dirty. m. (-शालः) 1. Painting, syncops. 2. Sin. ३. कश् to go, कशाल् aff.

कश्मीर m. (-रः) The name of a country, Kashmir. ३. कश् to go, ईरन् Unadi affix, and रुद् inserted: see कश्मीर.

कश्मीरजम्बू m. (-जम्बू) Saffron: see कश्मीरजम्बू.

कक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षः) Deserving a whipping. n. (-क्षः) 1. Spirituous liquor 2. A horse's flank. ३. कक्ष् to beat, क्त् aff.

कक्षय m. (-यः) 1. The name of a Muni or deified sage, the son of MARICHI, and father of the gods, demons, animals, fishes, reptiles, &c. by the seventeen daughters of DAKṢA. 2. A kind of deer. ३. A sort of fish.

कक्षयज्जम्बू m. (-जम्बू) A name of GUNUDA the bird of VISHNU. ३. कक्ष, and जम्बू a son, the son of KASTAPA.

कष r. 1st cl. (कषति) 10th cl. (कषयति) 1. To injure, to hurt, to destroy, to kill. २. To try, to test: with लि, to try metals.

कष m. (-षा) The touchstone. f. (-षा) A whip; also कषा. ३. कष् to hurt, to test or try, कप् and टाप् aff.

कषय mfn. (-यः-षा-यः) Unripe, immature. n. (-यः) 1. Touch or test of gold by the touchstone. 2. Rubbing, marking. ३. कष् to hurt, affix रुक्.

कषयक m. (-कः) A touchstone. ३. कष, and कषाक a stone.

कषातु m. (-तुः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. ३. कष् to injure, कषातु Unadi aff.

कषावात m. (-वातः) A cut, a stroke with a whip. ३. कषा, and वात a blow.

कषाय mfn. (-यः-षा-यः) 1. Astringent. २. Fragrant. ३. Red, dull red. 4. Brown, of a colour composed of red and yellow. mu. (-यः-षा) 1. An astringent flavour or taste. 2. A decoction or infusion. 3. Gum, resin, extract, exudation from a tree, &c. 4. Plastering, anointing. 5. Colouring or perfuming the person. 6. A attachment to worldly objects. m. (-यः) 1. A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) 2. Passion, emotion. f. (-षा) A plant, a small sort of Hedysarum. ३. कष् to injure, कषा aff.

कषायकृत् m. (-कृत्) Red Lod'h, a tree the bark of which is used in dyeing. ३. कषाय red, कृत् what makes.

कषायचित् mfn. (-चितः-षा-चितः) Dyed or stained of a dull red colour. ३. कषाय, and चित् painted.

कषायकित् mfn. (-कितः-षा-कितः) Astringent, harsh. ३. कषाय, and कित् having. कषायित mfn. (-कितः-षा-कितः) 1. Prepared for dyeing or colouring. ३. कषाय nominal verb, to astringe, and क्त् aff.

कषायिन् mfn. (-यि-षा-यि) 1. Yielding a resinous exudation. 2. Astringent. 3. Dyed of a red colour. 4. Worldly minded, m. (-यि) The Sal tree. ३. कषाय, and इति aff.

कषि mfn. (-षि-षि-षि) Injurious, mischievous. ३. कष् to hurt, and इन् aff.

कषिक f. (-का) A bird in general. ३. कष् to hurt, and इन् Unadi aff.

कषित mfn. (-कितः-षा-कितः) Hurt, injured. ३. कष् to hurt, क्त् aff.

कषेरुका f. (-का) The back-bone, the spine: see कशेरुका.

कष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-षा-ष्टः) 1. Pained, suffering pain. 2. Impervious, impenetrable. n. (-ष्टः) Bodily pain or uneasiness. ind. (-ष्टः) An exclamation of regret or sorrow, ah, alas! ३. कष् to hurt, particip affix क्.

कष्टकर mfn. (-करः-ष्टः-करः) Giving pain or trouble. ३. कष्ट, and कर what makes.

कष्टकारक mfn. (-कारकः-ष्टः-कारकः) Causing trouble or annoyance. m. (-कारकः) The world. ३. कष्ट pain, and कारक the maker, the cause.

कष्टवित् mfn. (-वितः-ष्टः-वितः) Suffering pain or misfortune, under-going hard ships, performing penance. ३. कष्ट, and वित subjected.

कष्टस्थान n. (-स्थानः) A bad or disagreeable place or soite. ३. कष्ट, and स्थान place, situation.

कष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) 1. Test, trial. 2. Pain, trouble. ३. कष् to hurt, क्त् aff.

कष r. 1st cl. (कषति) To move, to go or approach: with लि prefixed to open or expand as a flower, to blow. (व) कषि r. 2nd cl. (कषि) 1. To go, 2. To command. 3. To destroy: the root is also read by some authorities, कष (कषी) or कषि (कषि). ३.

कष m. (-षा) A touchstone: see कष. f. (-षा) A whip: see कषा and कषा.

कषपीषाटन m. (-नः) A plant, (Justicia, &c.) see वासक.

कषिपु m. (-पुः) Food, boiled rice: see कषिपु.

कषेरु m. (-रुः) A sort of grass: see कषेरु, &c.

कषेरुका f. (-का) 1. A sort of grass. 2. The back bone: see कशेरुका.

कश्मीर n. (-रः) The. ३. कश् to go, deriv. irr.

कषारिका f. (-का) Musk; also कषारी and कषारिका.

ककुरिका f. (-का) The musk-bag.

ककुरिका f. (-का) See ककुरी.

ककुरिकाच m. (-क) Musk.

ककुरी f. (-री) 1. Musk, the animal perfume so called, as brought from Kashmir, Nepal, and western Asam or Bhutan, the latter is said to be the best. 2. A plant, (*Hibiscus abelmoschus*.) 3. Another plant, (*Ameryllis zeylanica*.) ३. कच् to go, and कृष् affix; its scent going or spreading; the deriv. is irr.; also कच् being added ककुरिका and ककुरिका as above.

ककुर n. (-क) 1. Fainting, syncope. 2. Sin: see ककुर.

ककर mfn. (-र-री-र) Who or what goes or moves. ३. कच् to go, कर् aff.

ककार n. (-र) The white esculent water-lily, (*Nymphaea lotus*.) ३. क water, कार a necklace or ornament, and क irregularly inserted.

कक म. (-क) A kind of crane, (*Ardea nivea*.) ३. क water, केच् to call, &c. क aff.

कासीय n. (-य) White copper: see the next.

कास mn. (-सा-स) A goblet, a drinking vessel. n. (-स) 1. White copper or brass, queen's metal, any amalgam zinc and copper. 2. A musical instrument, a sort of gong or plate of bell-metal struck with a stick or rod. 3. A measure: see कस, &c. ३. कसि to injure, कस् aff.

कासक n. (-क) See the preceding.

कासकार m. (-र) A brazier, a pewterer, a worker in white or bell-metal. ३. कास, and कार a workman.

कासनील m. (-स) Blue vitriol considered as a collyrium. ३. कास bell-metal, and नील blue or black; also written occasionally कासनील.

काक m. (-क) 1. A crow. 2. A plant, (*Ardisia solanacea*?) 3. A lame man, a cripple, one whose legs are wanting or useless. 4. One of the divisions of the world or Dwipas. 5. A measure. 6. Washing the head, bathing by dipping the head only into the water. 7. A scartial mark, the Tilaka. 8. Shameless, arrogant. n. (-क) 1. Modus coeundi. 2. A multitude or assemblage of crows. f. (-का) An appellation of several plants, as, 1. The common Vakapushpa: see वक; 2. Kakjhang, (*Leea hirta*); also in this sense काकी; 3. A medicinal plant, vulg. Kakoli; 4. The Rotti or Gunja, (*Abrus precatorius*); 5. Opposite-leaved fig-tree: see ककुवर; 6. A potherb, (*Solanum Indicum*, &c.) see काकनाली. ३. कै to sound, Unadi affix कच्; or क for कृ bad, ill, and कच् to go, &c.

काकक f. (-क) A kind of panic, (*P. miliaceum*.) ३. काक, and कच् another species of the same grass; the Kengu of the crows.

काकका f. (-का) A plant, (*Leea hirta*): see काकजहा.

काकरी f. (-री) A tree, said to be a large kind of Karanja, (*Galedupa arborea*.) ३. काक, and कै what kills.

काकचि f. (-च) The shrub which yields the red and black berry, used in India as a jeweller's weight, (*Abrus precatorius*): see गुजा. ३. काक, and चि extremity; the point being as black as a crow; also काकचि and काकचि.

काकचि f. (-चि) See the preceding.

काकचिरी f. (-री) See काकचि.

काकच m. (-च) 1. A wagtail. 2. Side locks of the head of hair. ३. काक a crow, and च्च plumage.

काकचि m. (-चि) 1. A wagtail. 2. What is ejected by a crow. ३. काक, and चि vomiting.

काकजहा f. (-जा) A plant, (*Leea hirta*, Rox. Catalogue; elsewhere described as *Leea squata*.) ३. काक, and जहा a thigh; compared to a crow's leg.

काकजु f. (-जु) A plant, commonly Bhuinjamb, (*Ardisia solanacea*): see बुजिजु; also काकजु.

काकन n. (-क) A leprosy with black and red spots, considered incurable. ३. काक the Gunje-berry, deriv. irr. also with कच् affix काकन.

काकचि f. (-च) The *Abrus precatorius*: see काकचि.

काकचा f. (-चा) The state or nature of a crow. ३. काक, and च्च affix; also काकच.

काकचावी mfn. (-व-वा-व) Accidental, unexpected, opportune. ३. काक, and चावी the fruit of the palm: it alludes to a story of the fruit of the palm falling in the way of a crow.

काकचावीन् ind. Suddenly, opportunely. ३. काकचावी, and च्च like.

काकचाविन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Contemptible, vile. ३. काक, चावि palat, कच् affix of similitude, and वि aff.

काकचि f. (-चा) The Gunja-plant: see काकचि.

काकचि m. (-च) A kind of ebony, (*Diospyros tomentosa*, Rox) ३. काक, and चि ebony.

काकचु m. (-च) A dark sort of Agallochum: see काकचु. f. (-च) 1. The Gunja-plant. 2. A sort of brass. 3. A tree, commonly Kuwa dori. ३. काक, and च्च face; of the colour of a crow.

काकचि f. (-चा) The Gunja-plant: see काकचि.

काकच m. (-च) Submarine fire, a personage in Hindu mythology: see कैच. ३. काक, and च्च a banner, whose symbol is a crow.

काकना f. (-का) A plant, commonly Vakapushpa: see वकपुष्प.

काकना f. (-का) A plant: see काकना; also काकनाचि.

काकनाचि f. (-चा) 1. A plant, (*Leea hirta*.) 2. Red Teori. ३. काक a crow, and नाचि a nose; the root being fancifully compared to the beak of the bird; also काकना and काकनाचि.

काकनी f. (-नी) Emblick myrobalan.

काकप m. (-च) The side locks of the head of hair; three or five on each side left when the head is first shaved, and which may be allowed to remain, especially in persons of the military caste. ३. काक, and प a feather, a wing, a crow's wing; the word is also used as an epithet of a warrior, a name of Rama, &c.

काकरी m. (-री) A kind of ebony: see काकचि; also with कच् added काकरीचु.

काकपु m. (-प) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. ३. काक, and पुच् a tail; crow-tailed.

काकपु m. (-प) The Koil or Kokil, as before. ३. काक, and पुच् nourished; this bird like the English cuckoo, being said to leave its eggs in the nests of other birds, as in that of the crow, &c.

काकप m. (-च) The Nimb tree. ३. काक, and पच् fruit.

काकचा f. (-चा) A woman that bears only one child.

काकनी m. (-नी) An owl. ३. काक, and नीच् fearful; afraid of the crows.

काकन m. (-न) A water-hen, gallinule. ३. काक, and नच् another kind of bird, a Shag; resembling a crow in colour.

काकन m. (-न) The colocynth or bitter apple. ३. काक, and नच् destroying; the fruit of which destroys crows; also काकनच्.

काकनाचि f. (-चा) A plant: see the next word.

काकनाचि f. (-चा) An esculent vegetable, commonly Gurkamai, (*Solanum Indicum*.) ३. काक, नच् to respect, &c. च्च and नीच् affixes; also with कच् and टच् added, काकनाचि.

काकचु f. (-च) A plant, commonly Mugani, according to some, a wild kind of beam. ३. काक, and च्च Moong.

काकच m. (-च) Barren corn, the ear of which has no grain. ३. काक, and च्च barley.

काकच mfn. (-व-वा-व) 1. Naked. 2. Timid, fearful. 3. Poor, indigent. (-व) 1. Fraud, deceit. 2. An owl. 3. A heupeeked husband.

काकचा f. (-चा) A parasite plant, (*Epidendrum tesseloidea*, &c.) ३. च्च. ३. काक, and च्च what mounts; on which crows rest.

काकच n. (-च) A jewel worn upon neck. f. (-चि: or -ची) A low a sweet tone, the song of a bird, &c. ३. का instead of कृ diminutive कच् to sound, च्च or नीच् aff.

काकच m. (-च) An ornament of the neck. ३. कच् added the precedi

काकनीचा f. (-चा) A grape with a very small stone.

काकरोरु म. (-रु) The Kokila. ३. काकरोरु a sweet tone, and रू sound.  
 काकरोरु म. (-रु) The cawing of a crow. ३. काक, and रू sound.  
 काकरोरु म. (-रु) A tree, commonly Vakapushpa; (*Æchynomene grandiflora*.) ३. काक, and रू a head.  
 काकरी f. (-री) See the preceding.  
 काका f. (-का) A plant, (*Lees aquata*.) ३. काक, and का form, body, टाप् affix; or with लीप् affix, काकाही.  
 काकाही f. (-ही) See the preceding.  
 काकाही f. (-ही) 1. A plant, (*Lees aquata*.) 2. An esculent vegetable, (*Solanum Indicum*.) ३. काक, चल् to go, चल् and लीप् affs.  
 काकादी f. (-दी) The Gunja-plant: see काकविद्या. ३. काक, चदन food, लीप् fem. aff.  
 काकार mfn. (-रु-री-रु) Scattering water. ३. क water, कृ to scatter; with वाङ् prefixed, and चल् aff. [ orow.  
 काकारि m. (-रि) An owl. ३. काक, and चरि a foe; whose enemy is the काकास m. (-स) A raven. ३. काक, and चल् to be able, affix चल्  
 काकरी f. (-री) 1. A cubit, the forth part of a Danda or short pole.  
 2. The quarter of a Pana, a weight or a tale of shells equal to twenty Cowries. 3. A quarter of a Masha, a weight of silver or gold. 4. A Retti or small seed used as a weight. 5. A Cowri or shell used as a coin. ३. कल् to be unsteady, कुट् and लीप् affixes; deriv. irr.; also the dental न being substituted, काकनी.  
 काकनी f. (-नी) See the preceding.  
 काकिल m. (-क) The central jewel in a necklace, &c. see काकल.  
 काकु f. (-कु) 1. Change of voice in fear, grief, &c. 2. Muttering, murmuring. 3. The tongue. ३. कल् to deride, उच् affix, deriv. irr.  
 काकुत्स m. (-त्स) 1. A name of RAMA. 2. The name of a sovereign, also Puranjaya. ३. काकुत्स pre-eminent, चल् affix, and कल् who stays or is.  
 काकुत्स m. (-त्स) The palate. ३. काकुत्स the head, and चल् aff.  
 काकुत्स m. (-त्स) A kind of reed, (*Saccharum spontaneum*.) ३. काक, and चल् sugar-cane.  
 काकुत्स m. (-त्स) A species of ebony, (*Diospyros melanoxylon*.)  
 काकोचिक m. (-क) A kind of fish, commonly Cacoohi; also काकोचि (*Cyprinus cachiis*, Ham.)  
 काकोदुम्बर m. (-रु) Opposite-leaved fig-tree, (*Ficus oppositifolia*.)  
 काकोदुम्बरिका f. (-का) See the preceding. ३. काक, and उदुम्बर glomerous fig, कल् affix, and the feminine termination; also काकोदुम्बरिका.  
 काकोदुम्बर m. (-रु) A snake. ३. काक going ill or tortuously, (derived from का for कु, and चल् to go,) and उदर the belly.  
 काकोक m. (-क) A poisonous substances of a black colour, or the colour of a raven, whence its name; possibly the berry of the Cocculus Indicus. n. (-क) A division of the infernal regions or hell. m. (-क) 1. A raven. 2. A potter. 3. A snake. 4. A boar. 5. A drug; as follows. f. (-की) The name of a vegetable substance used in medicine, described as sweet and cooling, allaying fever, removing phlegm, &c.; it is said to be a root brought from Nepal or Morung. ३. काक to be unsteady, &c. and कोकल् affix, deriv. irr.  
 काकोकुत्स f. (-क) The natural enmity of the owl and crow. ३. काक a crow, उल्क an owl, कल् affix, implying enmity in this and similar compounds.  
 काच r. 1st. cl. (रु) काचि (काचि) To desire; it is most frequently used with वाङ् prefixed, in the same sense.  
 काच mfn. (-क-का-च) Frowning, looking, scornfully or in displeasure. m. (-च) A glance, a wink or leer. n. (-च) A frown, a look of displeasure. ३. का for कु diminutive or depreciative, and चल् the eye. f. (-ची) 1. A sort of trefoil, (*Cytisus cojan*.) 2. A perfume, a fragrant kind of earth. ३. काच a creeping plant, चल् and लीप् affs.  
 काचीव m. (-रु) A plant, (*Morunga hyperanthera*, &c.) see बीजक. ३. का or कु diminutive, and चल् to be intoxicated; see चकीव; also with कल् added काचीवक.

काच m. (-रु) A crow: (in the dialects, a raven.) ३. का as imitative sound, and न who sings, from न with च or क aff.  
 काचन् mfn. (-क-का-चन्) Wishing, desiring, hoping. ३. काचि to desire, चल् aff.  
 काचा f. (-चा) Wish, inclination, desire. ३. काचि to wish, चल् and टाप् affs.  
 काचित mfn. (-क-का-च) Wished, desired. ३. काचि to wish, क aff.  
 काचर m. (-रु) A heron.  
 काचा f. (-चा) Orris root. ३. का bad, crooked, and चल् body, shape.  
 काच r. 1st. cl. (रु) काचि (काचि) 1. To shine. 2. To bind.  
 काच m. (-च) 1. Alkaline ashes, any salt of potash or soda in a glassy or crystalline state. 2. Crystal, quartz or glass, considered as a natural production, and used as a jewel or ornament. 3. A loop, swinging shelf, a string so contrived as to hold or support burthens, &c. 4. A disease of the eyes, affection of the optic nerve or gutta serena. n. (-च) 1. Alkaline salt, black salt. 2. Wax. ३. कल् to shine or bind, चल् aff.  
 काचक m. (-क) 1. A stone 2. Alkaline ashes, &c. see the preceding. ३. कल् added to the last.  
 काचकुपी f. (-पी) A glass-bottle. ३. काच, and कुपी bottle.  
 काचकुटी f. (-टी) A glass-ewer. ३. काच, and कुटी a small jar.  
 काचन n. (-न) An enclosure, a string or tape which ties a parcel or bundle of papers, &c. ३. कल् to tie, कुट् affix; also with कल् added काचनक m. (-क.)  
 काचन ind. Some one, any one, (applied to feminine objects,) the first member is declinable. ३. का fem. of किल्, चल् added.  
 काचनक n. (-क) A binding or rope for binding. ३. कल् added to काचन.  
 काचनकिन् m. (-की) A writing, a written paper. ३. काचनक a binding, and किन् aff.  
 काचभाजन n. (-न) A vessel of glass or crystal, a cup, a goblet, &c. ३. काच, and भाजन a vessel.  
 काचमणि m. (-मि) Crystal, quartz. ३. काच, and मणि a gem.  
 काचसल n. (-स) Black salt or soda: see काचलवच. ३. काच glass, and सल soil.  
 काचलवच n. (-च) Black salt, a medicinal salt, prepared by calcining fossile salt and the fruit of the emblio myrobalan together. It consists chiefly of muriate of soda, with a small quantity of iron, lime and sulphur, and is a tonic aperient. ३. काच alkaline ashes, and लवच salt.  
 काचकयक n. (-क) A glass-retort. ३. काच, and कयक a retort.  
 काचसन्ध n. (-ध) Black salt: see the last. ३. काच, and सन्ध produced.  
 काचसीदरुल n. (-रु) Black salt: see काचलवच. ३. काच, and सीदरुल salt.  
 काचसाकी f. (-की) The trumpet flower, (*Bignonia suave-olens*.) ३. काच glass, and साकी a goblet, &c. to which its colour is compared.  
 काचि m. (-च) 1. A legume. 2. A rat. 3. Gold.  
 काचि ind. Some one, any one, (a female person or object,) the first member is declinable, as काचिन्, &c. ३. का fem. of किल्, and चिल् aff.  
 काचिन् mfn. (-न-का-चिन्) Suspended by a swing or in a loop. ३. काच a nominal root, to hang by a loop or in a swing, and चिन् aff.  
 काचिन् m. (-न) A tree considered as sacred, one growing near a temple, and an object of religious veneration or worship, &c.  
 काचन् mfn. (-क-का-चन्) Golden, of gold. n. (-च) 1. Gold. 2. Wealth. 3. A filament of the lotus. m. (-न) 1. Mountain ebony, (*Baninia variegata*, &c.) 2. A tree bearing a yellow fragrant flower, (*Michelia champaca*.) 3. Another plant, (*Meusa ferrea*;) see नागद्वार. 4. Glomerous fig-tree: see उदुम्बर. 5. Common thorn apple, (*Datura metel*.) f. (-नी) 1. Turmeric. 2. A yellow pigment. ३. चल् to shine, &c. कुट् affix, the radical vowel lengthened; this etymology gives the meaning gold, the others refer to their colour, &c. in which they resemble the metal.

काष्ठनक म. (-कः) Mountain ebony, &c. n. (क) Yellow orpiment. म. काष्ठन gold, &c. and कन् affix, implying resemblance or identity.  
 काष्ठनकम् म. (-कः) A gold-mine. म. काष्ठन, and कन् a cave.  
 काष्ठनकारिणी f. (-नी) a plant, (*Asparagus racemosus*;) see वृत्तवृक्षी.  
 काष्ठनगिरि म. (-गिरि) Mount Sumeru. म. काष्ठन, and गिरि a mountain; the golden mountain.  
 काष्ठनचय म. (-चयः) A heap of gold. म. काष्ठन, and चय assemblage.  
 काष्ठनम् f. (-म्) 1. Gold-dust. 2. A Golden or yellow soil. म. काष्ठन, and मृ soil.  
 काष्ठनमय mfn. (-यः-नी-यः) Golden. म. काष्ठन, and मयट् aff.  
 काष्ठनवम म. (-वमः) A hill or mound of gold. म. काष्ठन, and वम a mound.  
 काष्ठनसन्धि f. (-सन्धिः) A treaty of friendship between two parties on equal terms. म. काष्ठन, and सन्धि alliance.  
 काष्ठनाल म. (-कः) Mountain ebony, (*Bauhinia variegata*, &c.) म. काष्ठन gold, and ल् added to be able or like; some copies read काष्ठनार.  
 काष्ठनीया f. (-या) A yellow pigment, commonly Goroohana. म. काष्ठि to shine, कनीयर् aff.  
 काष्ठि f. (-धिः) See काष्ठी.  
 काष्ठिक न. (-कः) Sour gruel: see काष्ठिक.  
 काष्ठी f. (-ष्ठी) 1. A woman's zone or girdle. 2. The name of an ancient city situated in the peninsula, and one of the seven sacred cities of the Hindus. 3. A plant, (*Abrus precatorius*;) see गुञ्जा. म. कश्चि to bind or shine, इन् or णीष् affixes; whence also काष्ठि.  
 काष्ठीपद् न. (-पद्) Mons veneris, the public region. म. काष्ठी the zone, and पद् place, site.  
 काष्ठिक nf. (-कः-का) Sour gruel, the water of boiled rice in a state of spontaneous fermentation. म. क water, चक् to go, &c. and affix इक्; also the vowel being lengthened काष्ठीक, or without the final, काष्ठी.  
 काठ म. (-ठः) A stone, a rock. म. कठ् to be hard, &c. कश् affix; also with कन् added, काठक.  
 काठक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कः) According to the Katha portion of the Vedas. म. कठ, and कश् aff.  
 काठिन म. (-नः) The date fruit. n. (-नः) 1. Hardness. 2. Sternness. म. कठिन, and कश् aff.  
 काठिन्य म. (-न्यः) 1. Hardness. 2. Difficulty, obscurity. 3. Sternness, severity. म. कठिन hard, and न्यञ् aff.  
 काष्ठ mfn. (-कः-का-कः) One-eyed, monocular. m. (-कः) A crow. म. कश् to sound, &c. कश् aff.  
 काष्क म. (-कः) A crow. म. कश् to sound, &c. and कन् Unadi aff.  
 काष्केय mfn. (-यः-की-यः) One-eyed. म. काष्क, and यञ् aff.  
 काष्केर mfn. (-रः-की-रः) One-eyed. म. काष्क, and यञ् aff.  
 काष्ठ म. (-कः-कः) 1. A stalk or stem. 2. The part of the trunk of a tree whence the branches proceed. 3. A cluster, a clump. 4. An arrow. 5. Opportunity, season. 6. Water. 7. A kind of reed, (*Saccharum sara*.) 8. A multitude, a heap, a quantity. 9. A horse. 10. A chapter, a section. 11. The part in a sacrifice appropriated to different objects, as the gods or manes. 12. A long bone, a bone of the extremities. 13. Praise, flattery. 14. Private, privacy. 15. Low, vile, bad. 16. Sinful, wicked. म. कन् to shine, &c. उ Unadi affix, and the radical vowel made long.  
 काष्ठकाष्ठक म. (-कः) A species of grass. म. काष्ठ repeated.  
 काष्ठकार म. (-रः) The betel-nut, the fruit of the areca.  
 काष्ठकीचर म. (-रः) An iron-arrow. म. काष्ठ a stem or stalk, and कीचर an object of sense; it is fired from a stock like the arrow of the cross bow.  
 काष्ठकी f. (-की) A plant, commonly Ramaduti: see वृत्तवृक्षी.  
 काष्ठकित्तक म. (-कः) A kind of gentian, (*Gentiana cherahta*, Rox.) म. काष्ठ the stem, and कित्त sharp, bitter, कन् added to this and similar compounds.

काष्ठकील म. (-कः) A plant with an astringent bark, commonly Lodh. म. काष्ठ, and कील blue.  
 काष्ठपट म. (-टः) An outer tent, a screen surrounding a tent. म. काष्ठ a stem, &c. and पट a cloth; also with कन् added काष्ठपटकः.  
 काष्ठपुष्प न. (-पुष्पः) A small fragrant flower, commonly Dona, (*Artemisia*.) म. काष्ठ the stem, and पुष्प flower; flowering from the stalk.  
 काष्ठपुरु मfn. (-पुः-पु-रः) Of the military profession, a soldier. m. (-पुः) 1. The husband of a Vaisya female. 2. An adopted or any other than the natural son. n. (-पुः) The bow of KAMA. म. काष्ठ an arrow, and पुष्ठ the back: see काष्ठपुष्ट.  
 काष्ठपुष्ट mfn. (-पुष्टः) A fracture of either of the extremities. म. काष्ठ, and पुष्ट breaking.  
 काष्ठपुष्पा f. (-पा) A medicinal plant: see कटुकी. म. काष्ठ the stem of a tree, and पुष्पा what ascends; hence it appears to be a creeper.  
 काष्ठर्षि म. (-र्षिः) Rishi or divine saint of a peculiar class; Jaimini and others who teach a particular Kanda or section of Vedas. म. काष्ठ a section, and ऋषि a saint.  
 काष्ठवन्तु mfn. (-वन्तु-वन्तु) Armed with an arrow, an archer. म. काष्ठ an arrow, and वन्तु poss. aff.  
 काष्ठवन्धि म. (-न्धिः) A knot, a joint in the stem of a tree, &c. म. काष्ठ a stem, and वन्धि union.  
 काष्ठवृष्ट मfn. (-वृष्टः-वृष्टः) Of the military profession, living by arms, a soldier. म. काष्ठ an arrow, &c. वृष्ट् to touch, and वृष्ट aff.  
 काष्ठहीन न. (-नः) A fragrant grass, a sort of cyperus: see भद्रमुक्ता. म. काष्ठ a stem, and हीन deprived.  
 काष्ठीर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Armed with an arrow, an archer. m. (-रः) 1. A creeping plant, commonly Kanda Bel, (*Momordica charantia*.) 2. A plant, (*Achyranthes aspera*.) f. (-रा) Bengal madder, (*Rubia manjit'h*;) see लक्ष्मि. म. काष्ठ an arrow, a stem, &c. and ईर aff.  
 काष्ठेचु म. (-चुः) 1. A plant, (*Barleria longifolia*.) 2. A kind of reed, (*Saccharum spontaneum*;) see काष्ठ. म. काष्ठ, and च्चु sugar-cane; having a similar stem.  
 कातर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Confused, perplexed, disordered. 2. Timid, gentle. m. (-रः) A large kind of fish, commonly Katala (*Cyprinus catla*, HAM.) म. का a little or badly, and तर what crosses.  
 कातरता f. (-ता) Timidity, agitation. म. तक् added to कातर; also with ल, कातरल.  
 कातल म. (-लः) The name of a fish, commonly Katala, (*Cyprinus catla*, HAM.) म. See कातर, र changed to ल.  
 कातीय म. (-यः) 1. A name of KATYAYANA. 2. A pupil of the same. म. कात्यायन with कश् affix and the middle syllable dropped; also कात्यायनीय.  
 कात्ययक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Produced from any tad triad. म. कात्यय, and कात्य म. (-न्यः) The name of a saint; also कात्यायन. म. कत a proper name, and कश् affix implying descent or lineage.  
 कात्यायन म. (-नः) 1. The name of a celebrated lawgiver and divine sage. 2. An appellation of VARARUCHI a poet. म. कात्य, and कश् pleonastic affix. f. (-नी) 1. A name of DURGA. 2. A middle-aged widow. म. क्नी added to कात्यायन; the daughter of the saint KATYAYANA, (DURGA,) or resembling the wife of a sage in dress and austerity, (the widow.)  
 कात्यायनीय म. (-यः) A pupil of KATYAYANA. म. कात्यायन, and कश् aff.  
 काष्ठिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कः) Belonging to a story, told in it, &c. m. (-कः) A narrator. म. कथा, and कश् aff.  
 काष्ठक न. (-कः) 1. A tree, (*Nauclaea cadamba*.) 2. A drake, or, according to some, a teal. 3. An arrow. f. (-का) A plant, commonly Mundiri: see कदम्बपुष्प. म. कश् added to कदम्ब.  
 काष्ठक म. (-कः) An arrow. म. कश् added to the preceding.  
 काष्ठक न. (-रः) The surface or skim of coagulated milk. m. (-रः) A spirituous liquor distilled from the flowers of the Kadamba. f. (-री) 1. Wine, spirituous liquor in general. 2. A name of SABAR-

**WATI.** 3 The female Koil or Indian cuckoo. 4. The female of another bird, (*Turdus salica*, BUCH.) ३. कदम्ब the Kadamba flower, ४ what gains or gets, from क, affix क्.

**कादम्बरीबीज** n. (-बी) Ferment, yeast, whatever occasions fermentation. ३. कादम्बरी, and बीज seed.

**कादम्बवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) The Kadamba tree; see कादम्ब. ३. कादम्बरी a spirit, and वृक्ष aff.

**कादम्बिनी** f. (-नी) A long line of clouds. ३. कादम्ब the Kadamba flower, इति and लीप् affixes, implying a multitude; the clouds being compared with the large white flowers of the *Nauclea cadamba*.

**कादाचित्क** mfn. (-का-चित्-क) Produced sometimes, occasional, incidental. ३. कदाचित् sometimes, with क् added, and च् aff.

**काददेव** m. (-देवः) A Naga or serpent of the race that is supposed to people the lower regions. ३. कद्रु the mother of these beings, and देव aff.

**कानक** n. (-कं) The seed of the croton.

**कानन** nf. (-ननी) 1. A forest, a grove. 2. The face of BRAHMA. 3. A house. ३. कानि to shine, in the causal form, and कृट् affix, or क BRAHMA, and कानन a face.

**काननारि** m. (-रिः) The S'ami or S'ain tree, (*Mimosa albida*) : see सनी. ३. कानन, and रि enemy; injurious to a wood; being a thorny tree.

**कानीन** mf. (-नी) The son or daughter of a young and unmarried woman. m. (-नः) 1. A name of VYASA. 2. Also of KARNA, (being both born of mothers who were unmarried.) ३. कन्या a virgin or young girl, changed to कनीन् and च् aff.

**कान्त** mfn. (-न्तः-ना-न्तः) 1. Pleasing, agreeable. 2. Lovely, beautiful. 3. Dear, beloved. m. (-न्तः) 1. A name of KRISHNA. 2. The moon. 3. A husband. 4. Spring. 5. A precious stone; in which case it is compounded with द्यु, चन्द्र or चयस्, as सूर्यकान्त a crystal lens, &c. f. (-न्ता) 1. A wife, a mistress, any beloved or lovely woman. 2. A plant, commonly Priyangu : see प्रियङ्गु. 3. A grass, (*Cyperus pertenuis*) n. (-न्तः) 1. Iron. 2. Saffron. ३. कन्त to desire, affix क्त.

**कानता** f. (-ता) Loveliness, beauty, splendor. ३. कान्त pleasing, &c. तच् aff.

**कान्तपक्षि** m. (-क्षी) A peacock. ३. कान्त beautiful, पक्षिन् a bird.

**कान्तपुष्प** m. (-पुष्पः) Mountain ebony, &c. (*Bauhinia variegata*) ३. कान्त and पुष्प flower.

**कान्तलक** m. (-लकः) A tree, the wood of which something resembles mahogany, commonly Toon, (*Oedrela tunna*, Rox.) ३. कान्त beauty, and ल what gives, क् added, and ल changed to ल्.

**कानाकृत्रिबीज** m. (-दः) A tree, commonly Asoka, (*Jonesia asoca*) ३. काना a woman, कृत्रि a foot, and बीज desire; the tree being supposed to blossom upon coming in contact with the foot of a handsome female.

**कानावरपदी** m. (-दः) The tree Asoka : see the preceding. [ added.

**कानायस** n. (-स) Iron-stone : see चयस्का. ३. कान्त, and चयस् iron, च् कानार mn. (-रः-रः) 1. A hard or difficult road. 2. A wood, a forest. 3. A hole, a cavity. m. (-रः) 1. A red variety of the sugar-cane. 2. A bamboo. 3. Mountain ebony. n. (-रः) 1. A symptom or symptomatic disease. 2. A lotus, f. (-री) A sort of sugar-cane. ३. कान् for कश्चित् any one, here meaning no one, क् to go, in the causal, form, च् affix; allowing none to pass; or क pleasure, &c. कन्त end, क् to go, च् aff.

**कानासक** m. (-कः) A sort of sugar-cane. ३. कान्त good, excellent (juice), क् to go, to gain, च् and क् affixes : see the preceding.

**कानास** mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Who or what goes into or in a wood. ३. कानार, and न who goes.

**कानि** f. (-निः) 1. Beauty, splendor, light. 2. Female beauty. 3. Wish, desire. 4. A lovely or desirable woman. 5. Personal decoration or embellishment. ३. कन्त to desire or be desired, क्तिन् aff.

**कानिहर** mfn. (-रः-री-रः) Beautifying, illuminating, making handsome or splendid. ३. कानि, and हर what makes.

**कानिह** mfn. (-रः-री-रः) Beautifying, illuminating. n. (-रः) Bile, the bilious humour. ३. कानि light, splendor, &c. and ह what gives.

**कानिहारा** mfn. (-रः-री-रः) Beautifying, adorning. n. (-रः) A kind of Ourouma, from the root of which a yellow dye is prepared, (C. *Zanthorhiza*.) ३. कानि beauty, &c. हारक distributor, giver.

**कानिमत** mfn. (-मतः) 1. Handsome, beautiful. 2. Bright, shining. ३. कानि, and मत what has.

**कानिमत्** mfn. (-मात्-मती-मतः) 1. Splendid. 2. Beautiful. ३. कानि, and मतप् aff.

**कानिहर** mfn. (-रः-री-रः) Dimming, dulling, making dull or ugly. ३. कानि, and हर what removes.

**कान्द** mfn. (-रः-री-रः) Roasted or baked, (in an iron pan or oven, as bread, cakes, &c.) ३. कान्द, and च् aff.

**कान्दविक** m. (-कः) A baker. ३. कान्दव baked bread, and उक् aff.

**कान्दशीक** mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Flying, running away, put to flight. ३. कद्दि to fear, च् and क् affixed, कद्दि; शीक् to go, क् ooze. च् affix, कान्दशीक; and again, च् affix, कान्दशीक.

**कान्दकुल** m. (-कुलः) A country, the modern Konouj; also कान्दकुल.

**कान्दना** f. (-ना) A kind of perfume, commonly Nali.

**कापटिक** mfn. (-कः-की-कः) 1. Wicked, bad, perverse. 2. Fraudulent, dishonest. m. (-कः) 1. A student, a scholar. 2. A flatterer, a parasite. ३. कपट fraud, &c. उक् aff.

**कापट्य** n. (-क्यः) Wickedness, fraud, dishonesty. ३. कपट, and च् aff.

**कापट** m. (-कः) A bad road. ३. का for कु bad, vile, and पटिन् a road.

**कापाल** mfn. (-कः-ली-कः) Cranial, relating to the skull. m. (-कः) A kind of cucumber, (*Cucumis utilatissimus*.) n. (-कः) A sort of leprosy. ३. कपाल, and च् aff.

**कापालिक** mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Relating or belonging to the skull. m. (-कः) A worshipper of SIVA of the left-hand order, characterised by carrying a half of the skull as a cup, drinking spirituous liquors, &c. ३. कपाल, and उक् aff.

**कापिल** mfn. (-कः-ली-कः) Of a tawny colour. m. (-कः) 1. A follower of the Sankhya system of philosophy. ३. कपिल the founder of the school, and च् affix. 2. Tawny, (the colour.) ३. च् pleonastic added to कपिल, क् य.

**कापिल** n. (-पः) A spirituous liquor, wine. f. (-री) A country. ३. कपिल brown, and च् aff.

**कापिधायन** m. (-नः) 1. A deity. 2. A kind of vinous liquor. n. (-नः) Honey, f. (-नी) A grape. ३. कपिल brown, or कपिली a country, and च् aff.

**कापिधेय** m. (-यः) A Pisacha, an imp or goblin. ३. कपिल, and उक् aff.

**कापुह** m. (-पुः) A mean contemptible man, a coward, a wretch. ३. का for कु bad, vile, पुह a man.

**कापुह** n. (-हः) Meanness, cowardliness. ३. ह् added to the preceding; also with क्, कापुहता.

**कापि** mfn. (-यः-पी-यः) Belonging to or relating to a monkey. ३. कपि a monkey, and उक् aff.

**कापीत** mfn. (-तः-ती-तः) Of a dirty white colour. m. (-तः) 1. Natron, fossil alkali. 2. Antimony, considered as a collyrium or application to the eyes. 3. A pale or dirty white colour. n. (-तः) A flock of pigeons, ३. कपीत a pigeon, &c. च् aff.

**कापीतक** n. (-कः) Antimony, especially considered as a collyrium. ३. कपीत a pigeon, and क् काना collyrium.

**काकजर** m. (-रः) A penitent, one who acknowledges his faults. ३. का for कु bad, काक having obtained, and जर who does; from क् and च्.

**काकजर** m. (-रः) 1. A vowal or confession of sin. 2. A penitent, one who confesses a crime. ३. As before, affix च्.

**काक** m. (-कः) A bitter seed; see कद्रु. ३. का bad, and च् fruit.

**काम** m. (-मः) 1. KAMA the Hindu Cupid or deity of love. 2. Wish,

desire. 3. **BALARAMA** the brother of **KRISHNA**. 4. The mango tree. f. (-का) Love, desire. n. (-की) 1. Semen virile. 2. An object of desire. 3. Willingly, voluntarily. 4. A particle of assent or agreement : see कामन्. ind. (in composition.) Following one's own desire, as कामवाक् speaking what one lists ; कामवच eating whatever one likes ; कामचार doing whatever one chooses ; in law, a child previous to the imposition of the characteristic oord is all these. ३. कम् to desire, कम् aff. कामकला f. (-का) **RATI** the wife of **KAMA**. ३. काम, and कला a part, कामकामिन् mfn. (-की-मिनी-मि) Following the dictates of passion of desire. ३. काम, and कामिन् desirous. कामकार mfn. (-रः-री-र) Following one's inclinations. m. (-रः) Desire, the operation or influence of desire ३. काम, and कार act, who acts. कामकारतस् ind. According to one's desires, following one's inclinations, indulging desire. ३. कामकार, and तस् aff. कामकूट m. (-टः) 1. The paramour of a harlot, a cully. 2. Wanton caresses, harlotry. ३. काम desire, and कूट a peak or summit. कामकेलि mfn. (-लिः-लि-लि) Libidinous, wanton. m. (-लिः) 1. Copulation. 2. Amorous sport. ३. काम love, desire, केलि play, sport. कामन् mfn. (-रः-मा-न्) Acting as one pleases. ३. काम, and न who goes. कामगामिन् mfn. (मी-मिनी-मि) Going as one lists. ३. काम the wish, and गमिन् who goes. कामगुच m. (-चः) 1. Passion, affection. 2. An object of sense. 3. Completion, satiety, perfect enjoyment. ३. काम desire, and गुच a quality or property. कामहानिन् mfn. (-नी-मिनी-मि) Going as one lists. ३. कामन् at will, and गमिन् who goes. कामचार mfn. (-रः-री-र) Following one's own pleasure, unchecked, unrestrained. m. (-रः) Following one's own wishes or pleasure, sensuality, selfishness. ३. काम, and चार practice. कामचारतस् ind. According to one's own inclinations, ३. तस् added to the last. कामचारिन् mfn. (-री-रिची-रि) 1. Desirous, libidinous. 2. Self-willed. m. (-री) 1. A sparrow. 2. A name of **GARUDA** the bird of **VISHNU**. ३. काम desire, and चारिन् who goes, from चर् with चिन् affix ; also with लुच् affix, कामचारक. कामज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced or caused by passion or desire. m. (-जः) The son of **KAMA**. ३. काम, and ज born ; also कामजनित, कामीजन, &c. कामजान m. (-जः) The **Kokila** or Indian quokoo. ३. काम, and जान what produces, from जन् in the causal form, and जन् affix ; also read कामजनि. कामजायु m. (-जः) See कामताल. कामठ m. (-ठः) A tortoise ३. कम्ठ the same, कम्ठ pleonasm. [ तस् aff. कामतस् ind. 1. Willingly, consentingly. 2. Passionately. ३. काम, and कामताल m. (-जः) The **Kokila**, or **Koil**, the Indian cuckoo. ३. काम, and ताः a musical strain ; the song of the **Koil** being poetically considered as an incentive to love. कामद् mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Giving what is wished, granting one's desires. f. (-दा) A fabulous cow, the cow of plenty ३. काम desire, and द what gives. [ affix कप्. कामदुधा f. (-दा) The cow of plenty. ३. काम, and दुध् to yield milk, कामदुध् f. (-दुध्) 1. The cow of plenty. ३. काम, and दुध् to give milk, क्तिप् aff. कामदूरी f. (-री) 1. Trumpet flower, (*Bignonia suave-olens*.) 2. The female koil. ३. काम desire, and दूरी a messenger ; also कामदूति and कामदूतिका. [ enemy. कामचिद् m. (-ची) A name of **SIVA**. ३. काम **CUPID**, and चिद् an enemy. कामन् mfn. (-रः-मा-न्) Lustful, libidinous, desirous. f. (-मा) Wish, desire. ३. कम् to desire, and कम् aff. कामनिम् m. (-नी) A brazier. ३. काम willingly, का to blow, चिन् aff. कामनी f. (-नी) A name of **RATI**. ३. काम **KANDARPA**, and रती a wife.

कामपात्र m. (-त्रः) A name of **BALARAMA**, the brother of **KRISHNA**. ३. काम **KAMA**, and पात्र who cherishes ; being by one legend the paternal uncle of that deity. [ yields. कामवद् mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Granting what is desired. ३. काम, and दद् what कामवद् mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Bound by love. n. (-दः) A wood. ३. काम, and दद् tied. कामवच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Eating any thing or every thing. ३. काम, and वच who eats. [ eaten. कामवच्य mfn. (-च्यः-वा-च्य) Eating any thing. ३. काम, and मच्य to be कामन् ind. A particle, 1. Of reluctant assent, (well, very well.) 2. Of assent, (willingly, readily.) 3. Of agreement, (very well, so be it.) 4. Of contempt or invidious remark. 5. Agreeably to desire, following the inclination ; see काम. कामवद् m. (-वः) The day of full moon in the month Chaitra, (March-April.) ३. काम the deity, and वद् worship ; a festival in honour of **KAMA**. कामनामिन् m. (-मी) A name of **GANESA**. कामयिद् mfn. (-तः-वी-द) Libidinous, lustful, desirous. ३. कम् to desire, in the causal form, and द्वाच् aff. कामरूप mfn. (-पः-वी-प) 1. Pleasing, beautiful. 2. Taking any or every shape at will. m. (-पः) A district lying east of Bengal, the western portion of **Assam**. ३. काम desire, and रूप form or figure. कामरूपिन् mfn. (-पी-विपी-पि) 1. Pleasing, beautiful. 2. Taking any shape at will. m. (-पी) 1. A. **Vidyadhara**, a kind of subordinate deity. 2. A pole cat. ३. काम desire, will, रूप form, and द्वाच् aff. कामरेखा f. (-खा) A harlot, a courtesan. ३. काम desire, and रेखा a line. कामरुक् mfn. (-रुः-जा-रु) Libidinous, cupidinous. mf. (-रुः-जा) A complaint, jaundice, excessive secretion or obstruction of bile. m. (-रुः) 1. Spring. 2. A dry and sterile soil. ३. काम desire, जा to bring, रुक् aff. कामलता f. (-ता) 1. *Mombrum virile*. 2. A plant, (*Ipomoea quamoclit*.) ३. काम, and लता creeper. कामलोच mfn. (-लः-जा-ल) Overcome with desire or passion. ३. काम, and लोच agitated. कामवन्धन m. (-नः) 1. The mango tree. 2. Spring. f. (-नः) Moonlight. ३. काम, and वन्धन friend. [ speech. कामवाद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Saying any thing at pleasure. ३. काम, and वाद् कामविघ्नन् mfn. (-नः-वी-न्) Disappointing, preventing. ३. काम, and विघ्नन् who destroys. कामहन्त mfn. (-नः-ता-न्) Licentious, dissipated, debauched. ३. काम, and हन्त practising. कामहृद् f. (-हृः) 1. A shrub, commonly **Kamaja**, of supposed aphrodisiacal properties. 2. Increase of passion or desire. ३. काम, and हृद् increase. कामहन्ता f. (-न्ता) Trumpet flower, (*Bignonia suave-olens*.) ३. काम, and हन्ता a flower-stalk. कामधर m. (-रः) 1. The shaft of **KAMADHYA**. 2. The mango. ३. काम, and धर an arrow. कामसंयोग m. (-नः) Attainment of desired objects. ३. काम, and संयोग union. कामसच m. (-चः) 1. Spring. 2. The mango. ३. काम, and सच a friend. कामसुत m. (-नः) A name of **ANIRUDDHA**. ३. काम, and सुत a son ; also similar compounds, as कामसुच, &c. [ वच् aff. कामहेतुच mfn. (-चः-ही-च) Of one's own accord. ३. काम, and हेतु cause. कामाग्नि m. (-ग्निः) Passion, lust, violent desire. ३. काम, and अग्नि fire. कामाङ्गुल m. (-ङ्गुः) 1. A finger-nail. 2. *Membrum virile*. ३. काम, and अङ्गुल shoot. कामाङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) The mango tree, (*Mangifera Indica*.) ३. काम, and अङ्ग the body or form. कामानुर mfn. (-रः-र-र) In love, affected by love or desire. ३. काम, and आनुर diseased.



कामाक्षन् mfn. (-का-मा ल) 1. Lascivious, libidinous. 2. Desiring; wishing for. E. काम, and आक्षन् self.

कामाक्षता f. (-ता) 1. Passion, lust. 2. Wish, desire. E. कामाक्ष, and तल् aff.

कामाधिष्ठित mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) Influenced or overcome by love. E. काम, and अधिष्ठित placed over.

कामाधिकार m. (-रः) 1. The influence of passion or desire. 2. The aspiration of the will. 3. The part of the Sastra which relates to human wishes or desires. E. काम, and अधिकार superintendence.

कामानल m. (-लः) Passion, lust, violent desire. E. काम, and अल fire.

कामाश्रम m. (-श्रमः) The Kokila or indian cuckoo. E. काम, and अश्रम blind.

कामायुध n. (-ध) An arrow of KAMADEVA. m. (-यः) 1. Membrum virile. 2. The mango tree. E. काम, and आयुध a weapon.

कामायुस् m. (-युः) Name of GARUDA the bird of VISHNU. E. काम, and आयुस् life; existing at will.

कामारण्य n. (-ण्यः) A handsome grove or wood. E. काम desirable, and अरण्य a forest.

कामारि m. (-रिः) A mineral substance used in medicine, a sort of pyrites: see विटमार्मिक. E. काम love, and अरि an enemy.

कामार्त mfn. (-र्तः-ता-र्त-त्) In love, afflicted by love or passion. E. काम, and आर्त pained.

कामालु m. (-लुः) A red sort of mountain ebony.

कामावसाय m. (-यः) Coldness, stoicism, mortification or suppression of the passions. E. काम, and अवसाय destruction.

कामावसायिता f. (-ता) The power of suppressing desire, self-denial or mortification. E. कामावसायिन्, and तल् affix, or with ल, कामावसायिल n. (-ल').

कामावसायिह mfn. (-ता-वी-ह) Who or what suppresses or destroys passion or desire. E. काम, and अवसायिह destroyng.

कामावसायिन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-यि) Destructive of love or desire, one who suppresses desire, &c. E. कामावसाय, and णि aff.

कामासक्त mfn. (-क्तः-ता-क्त-त्) Impassioned, in love, overcome with desire or passion. E. काम, and आसक्त attached.

कामासक्ति f. (-क्तिः) Passion, desire. E. काम, and आसक्ति attachment.

कामि m. (-मिः) A libidinous man, a lecher. f. (-मिः) A name of RATI the wife of KAMA. E. कम् to desire, मि affix; the pen. becomes long.

कामिक m. (-कः) A kind of wild duck. E. कम् added to the preceding.

कामिता f. (-ता) Love, desire. E. कामिन्, and तल् affix; also with ल कामिल.

कामिन् mfn. (-मी-मिनी-मि) 1. Impassioned, fond, loving, wanton. 2. Cupidinous, desirous. m. (-मी) 1. The moon. 2. A lover, an uxorious husband. 3. The ruddy goose. 4. A pigeon. 5. A sparrow. f. (-मी) 1. A loving or affectionate woman. 2. A timid woman. 3. A woman in general. 4. Spirituous liquor. 5. A climbing plant. E. कम् to desire, and णि aff.

कामिनीक्ष m. (-यः) A plant, (Morunga guilandina, &c.) see क्षीमाक्षन्.

कानील m. (-लः) A kind of betel, commonly रामयुवाक. E. काम desire, ईलक् aff.

कानुक mfn. (-कः-का-क्री-क) Cupidinous, desirous, lustful, libidinous. m. (-कः) 1. A plant, Asoka, (Jonesia asoca.) 2. A creeping plant, (Gartnera racemosa.) 3. A sparrow. 4. A bow. f. (-का) A woman desirous of wealth, food, &c. f. (-क्री) A woman libidinous or lustful. E. कम् to desire, उकल् affix, fem. टाप् or डीप्.

कानीलक n. (-कः) Oblation of water to deceased friends, &c. exclusive of those for whom it is directed by law. E. काम will, and उदक water; being given according to the inclination of the giver.

कानीदा f. (-दा) A Ragini, one of the female personifications of the musical modes.

कानीपवन mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Overcome with passion or desire. E. काम, and उपवन struck.

कान्ति m. (-न्तिः) A country believed to be situated in the north of India: see कान्ति, &c. f. (-न्ती) The capital city of that region.

कान्ति m. (-न्तिः) 1. A perfume, commonly Sunda Rochani. 2. A country: see the preceding; also कान्ति, &c.

कान्ति m. (-न्तिः) 1. Sunda Rochani, a perfume and drug so called. 2. The name of a country said to be in the north-west of India. E. कपि to tremble or shake, इत् affix; also कान्ति or कान्तील, कान्ति, &c.

कान्तिका f. (-का) See the preceding.

कान्तील m. (-लः) See कान्ति and कान्ति; also कान्तील.

कान्ति mfn. (-न्तिः-ली-ल) Clothed with a blanket, &c. m. (-न्तिः) A car covered with a woollen cloth or blanket. E. कान्ति a blanket, कल् aff.

कान्ति m. (-न्तिः) Gruel, barley-water, &c.

कान्ति m. (-न्तिः) A dealer in shells, a vendor of ornaments made of them, &c. E. कान्ति a shell, टल् aff.

कान्ति f. (-का) A plant, (Physalis flexuosa:) see चन्द्रमन्दा.

कान्ति m. (-न्तिः) 1. A native of Kamboja, a foreign race going like the Yavanas, with the whole of the head shaved, one of the tribes originally Kshetriya, but degraded by omission of the essential rites. 2. A horse of the breed of Kamboya or Kamboja. 3. A white mimosa. 4. A tree, commonly Punnaga, (Rottleria tinctoria) f. (-न्ती) 1. A plant, commonly Mashani: see माषपर्णी. 2. A white mimosa, as above. 3. The Guaja-plant. E. कान्ति Kamboja or Kamboya, a country in the north of India, कल् and डील् affixes; the plants, &c. being supposed indigenous to that district.

कान्ति mfn. (-न्तिः-न्ति-न्ति) 1. Agreeable, desirable, amiable. 2. Performed through the desire of some advantage, (a religious ceremony, &c.) 2. Optional, supererogatory, performed for some particular object and opposed to the निवर्तक or fixed and indispensable observance. 4. Relating to desire, will, &c. 5. Done through lust or passion. E. काम desire, love, &c. and यन् aff.

कान्ति f. (-न्ती) A pleasing sound, an agreeable speech or song. E. कान्ति, and निर speech.

कान्ति n. (-न्ति) 1. Supererogation, will, pleasure. 2. Love, desire. E. कान्ति, and ल affix; also with तल्, कान्ति.

कान्ति n. (-न्ति) 1. An acceptable or desirable gift. 2. A voluntary gift. E. कान्ति, and दान a gift.

कान्ति n. (-न्ति) Voluntary death, suicide. E. कान्ति, and मर dying.

कान्ति m. (-यः) The purpose of deriving benefit from any act. E. कान्ति, and अभिप्राय intention.

कान्ति mfn. (-न्तिः-का-क) Slightly acid, acidulous. E. का dimin, कल् sour.

कान्ति mn. (-यः-य) The body. n. (-यः) 1. Part of the hand sacred to the creator; the root of the little finger. 2. Clarified butter or any oblation to BRAHMA. m. (-यः) 1. One of the eight modes of marriage, the same as प्राजापत्य. 2. Assemblage, collection. 3. A butt or mark, an object to be hit or attained. 4. Natural temperament of any thing or being. 5. A house, a habitation. 6. Principal, capital. E. क a name of BRAHMA, and कल् deriv. affix, इ is added to क, and य is substituted for the short vowel; proceeding from or relating to BRAHMA, &c.

कान्ति mfn. (-न्तिः-का-क) Belonging to the body. E. कान्ति, and कल् added.

कान्ति m. (-न्तिः) Bodily suffering, toil or pain. E. कान्ति, and तल् distress.

कान्ति f. (-न्ति) Treatment of disease, administering medicines. E. कान्ति, and चिकित्सा remedying.

कान्ति n. (-न्ति) Armour, mail. E. कान्ति the body, and कल् protecting; from कल् to be strong, अङ्गि कल्.

कान्ति n. (-न्ति) A hut of grass or thatch. E. कान्ति to sound, and कान्ति aff.

कान्ति m. (-न्तिः) 1. The Supreme Being. 2. A caste or tribe, or man of that tribe; the Kayet's or writer caste, proceeding from a Kabet-

triya father and Sudra mother. f. (-का) 1. Yellow myrobalan : see हरीतकी. 2. Emblic myrobalan. 3. A drug, commonly Kakoli. 4. A woman of the Kayet'h caste. f. (-का) The wife of a Kayet'h or scribe. 2. काव the body or house, and का who stays, or resides.

कायादि m. (-दि) The digestive faculty. 2. काय, and अपि fire.

कायिक mfn. (-कः-का-की-क) Corporeal, relating to the body. 2. काय the body, and कन् or क् aff.

कायिकावृत्ति f. (-वृत्ति) Interest arising from service drawn from the body of an animal, (as a cow, &c.) pledged ; or according to some, interest of which the payment does not effect the principal. 2. कायिका corporeal, &c. वृत्ति interest.

कार mfn. (-रः-री-र) Who or what does any act, (but used chiefly in composition with other words :) the agent, a maker or doer ; as कुम्भकार a potter, a maker of earthen vessels. स्वर्णकार a goldsmith, &c. m. (-रः) 1. Act, action. 2. Killing, slaughter. 3. Certainty. 4. Effort, exertion. 5. Religious austerity. 6. A heap of snow, or a mountain covered with it. 7. Tax, toll, royal revenue. 8. A master, a lord. f. (-रा) 1. A prison. 2. Binding, confinement. 3. A female messenger. 4. The part of a lute below the neck. 5. A female worker in gold, (हेमकारिका.) 6. Pain, affliction. 2. कृञ् to make, to do, with क् or कच् affix, in the latter case the fem. affix is क्रीप्.

कारक mfn. (-रकः-रिका-रक) An agent, acting, doing, who or what does, acts, makes, &c. m. (-कः) A noun of action. n. (-क) 1. Action, especially in grammar. 2. That part of grammar comprising all nouns which imply the agent, object, instrument, &c. or any thing except the simple and radical idea ; it also includes the use and government of the cases or syntax. 2. कृञ् to do, and क् affix of agency.

कारकर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Working, doing work, acting as agent. 2. कार, and कर who does.

कारकहेतु n. (-तु) Efficient or active cause. 2. कारक what produces, हेतु cause.

कारकुचीय m. (-यः) The name of a country, that of king Salwa ; or plu. (याः) The people of that country. 2. कार a snowy mountain, कुच the flank, and च affix ; being on the skirts of the Himalaya ridge in the north-west of Hindustan.

कारज mfn. (-जः-जी-ज) Of or relating to the finger-nail. m. (-जः) A young elephant. 2. कृञ् a nail, &c. कच् aff.

कारण n. (-ण) 1. Cause, motive, origin, principle : in logic, cause is of three kinds ; Samavayi inherent or direct ; Asamavayi proximate or indirect ; and Nimitta instrumental or incidental. 2. Action, agency. 3. Killing, injuring. 4. An organ of sense. 5. An instrument or means. 6. An element, elementary matter. 7. A deity, as the remote or proximate cause of creation. 8. A number of scribes. 9. A kind of musical instrument. 10. A sort of song, &c. see करण. 11. The origin of a story (of a play or poem.) f. (-णा) 1. Pain, agony. 2. Casting into hell. 3. An astronomical period. 2. कृञ् to do or act, in the causal form, and क् or कृट् affix, or करण, and कच् added.

कारककारण n. (-ण) 1. A primary cause 2. An elementary cause, an atom. 2. कारण repeated.

कारणगुण m. (-गुण) An elementary or causal property. 2. कारण, and गुण property.

कारणगुणोद्भवगुण m. (-गुणः) A secondary or derivative property, as form, taste, smell, &c. produced by combinations of elementary or causal particles. 2. कारणगुण, and उद्भवगुण produced property.

कारणत्व n. (-त्व) Causality, causation. 2. क added to कारण, and क् affix, or with कच्, कारणता.

कारणमाला f. (-माला) A series or chain of events. 2. कारण, and माला a wreath.

कारणवादि m. (-दी) A complainant, a plaintiff. 2. कारण the cause, and वादि who declares.

कारणवर्तिर n. (-र) The inner rudiment of the body or causal frame, the seat of the soul. 2. कारण, and वर्तिर body.

कारणभाव m. (-वः) Absence of cause. 2. कारण, and चकार nonentity.

कारणिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Investigating, trying, ascertaining the cause. 2. Causal, causative. 2. कारण action, and कृञ् aff.

कारणीतर n. (-र) Special plea, denial of the cause of complaint, admission of the charge generally, but denial of the issue ; as to a demand of debt, acknowledgement that it was incurred, but assertion that the loan has been repaid, &c. 2. कारण the cause, and उत्तर answer. [nastio aff.]

कारण्य m. (-यः-यी) A sort of duck. 2. कण्य Vallisneria, कच् ploo-कारण्य m. (-यः) A Budd'ha or sanctified being according to the Budd'has. 2. कारण the same, वे to go, and च aff.

कारण्यमिन् m. (-मी) 1. A brazier, a worker in mixed or white metal. 2. A mineralogist, an assayer. 2. कार work, and मिन् who blows ; from का to blow, and णि aff.

कारण्य f. (-ण्य) A plant bearing a fragrant seed, commonly Priyangu. का for कृ bad, कारण beginning ; very diminutive while young.

कारण्यिका f. (-का) Camphor.

कारण्यन् mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यन्) Causing to do, conferring any power or authority to do, &c. कृ to do, causal form, कृट् aff.

कारण्यन्व mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Doing what is appointed, carrying into effect what has been ordered. 2. कृ to do, causal form, कृञ् aff.

कारण्यिन् mfn. (-न्-नी-न्) Causing to act or do. 2. कृ to do, causal form, कृट् aff.

कारण्य m. (-यः) A crow. 2. का an imitative sound, कच् who sounds. f. (-यी) 1. A kind of Anise, (Anethum sowa.) 2. Another plant, (Celosia cristata.) 3. The asafetida plant or its leaf, Hinguparui. 4. A kind of fennel, (Nigella Indica.) 4. A small gourd. 2. क water, कच् before क to go, कच् and क्रीप् affs.

कारण्येक m. (-कः) A kind of gourd, (Momordica charantia.) 2. कार certainty, and वेक what goes ; also with कच् added कारण्येकक.

कारण्येक m. (-कः) See the preceding.

कारण्य m. (-यः) 1. A medicinal plant. 2. A tree. 2. कार toll, revenue, and कर what makes ; क is inserted in this sense, for the sake of euphony.

कारण्यराटिका f. (-का) A centipede or worm resembling it, (Julus.) 2. कारण्य a tree, and राट what goes.

कारण्यार n. (-र) A gaol, a place of confinement. 2. कारा confinement, and चकार or चकार a house

कारण्यग्न mfn. (-ग्नः-ग्न-ग्न) Captive, imprisoned, confined, a prisoner. 2. कारा confinement, and ग्न concealed.

कारण्यिका f. (-का) A female crane.

कारण्य m. (-यः) A man of a mixed and low caste, a man born of a Nishadha father and Vaidehi mother, employed in working in leather or hides. 2. कार, and चकर low. [house.]

कारण्येक n. (-कः) A prison, a gaol. 2. कारा confinement, and वेक a कारि mfn. (-रिः-रिः-रि) An artist, an artificer. f. (-रि) Action, act, agency. 2. कृञ् to do, and कृ Unadi aff.

कारिका f. (-का) 1. An actress, a dancing woman. 2. Action, agency. 3. Comment, gloss. 4. An art, a profession. 5. Sharp pain. 6. Interest at any stipulated rate. 2. कृञ् to do, and कृट् affix, fem. termination टाप् and कृ substituted for the penultimate vowel.

कारित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Caused to be made or done, brought about, effected. f. (-ता) Stipulated interest ; also कारिका, and कारिकावृत्ति. 2. कृ to do, in the causal form, and कृ aff.

कारितवन् mfn. (-वन्-वनी-वन्) 1. Making, doing. 2. Calling, appointing. 2. कृ to do, कृञ् aff.

कारिन् mfn. (-री-रि-रि) An actor, acting, doing, & कृ to do, चिन्ति aff.  
 कारीष n. (-ष) A great quantity of dried cow-dung. & करीष, and चष aff.  
 कार् mfn. (-र-र-र) 1. An artist, an artificer, an agent, a maker, a doer. m. (-रः) A name of VISWAKARMA, the artist of the gods.  
 2. An art, a science. & कृ to do, and चष Unadi aff.  
 कारक m. (-कः) An artisan, an artificer. & कार, and कृ added.  
 कारचोर m. (-रः) One who commits burglary.  
 कारज m. (-जः) 1. A piece of mechanism, any product of manufacture.  
 2. An ant-hill, a hillock. 3. A young elephant. 4. Sesamum growing spontaneously. 5. A plant, (Mesua ferrea.) 6. Froth, foam. 7. Red orpiment. & कार an art or artist, and ज what is born or produced.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Compassionate, tender, kind. & कृपा compassion, and उक् aff.  
 कारुणी f. (-णी) A leech; also कारुणिका.  
 कारुण्य n. (-ण्य) Compassion, tenderness. & कृपा compassion, & चण् aff.  
 कारव m. (-वः) 1. The offspring of the degraded or outcaste Vaisya tribe. 2. A country; plu. m. (-वाः) Its inhabitants; also उवदुव.  
 कारवह m. (-हः) The hand of the artisan or artificer. & कार, and वह hand.  
 कारोत्तम m. (-मः) Yeast, barm, froth. & कार action, and उत्तम first, best, chief.  
 कारीसर m. (-रः) 1. Barm, yeast; see the preceding. 2. A well. & आ before, उत्तर best, instead of उत्तम.  
 कारुण्य mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Done by or relating to a pheasant. & कृपा, and चष aff.  
 कारुण्यक mfn. (-वः-वी-क) Produced or done by a cock, & कृपा, and चष aff.  
 कारुण्य n. (-ण्य) 1. Hardness, firmness, solidity. 2. Sternness, inflexibility. & कर्कश, and चण् aff.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Like a white horse. & कर्कश, and रिकृ aff.  
 कार् mfn. (-रः-री-र) Relating to the ear, auricular, & कृ n. (-रः) An ear-ring. & कर्कश, and चष aff.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-कः-का-क) A sort of well. & कर्कश the opening of the ear, कृ affix of similitude, चष added.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Ornamented with ear-ring. & कर्कश, and उक् affix; also read कारुणिक.  
 कारुणिक m. (-यः) 1. The name of a king, also called ARJUNA, killed by PARASURAMA. 2. The name of one of the Jaina chakravartins or emperors of the world. & कर्कश the father of this prince, चष patronymic aff.  
 कारुणिक n. (-रः) 1. Gold. 2. Thorn apple. & कर्कश a kind of mine, and चष affix, implying production: or कर्कश a reader of the Vedas, (from कर्क made, and सर a sound;) to whom gold is given as a reward.  
 कारुणिक m. (-कः) An astrologer. & कर्कश fortune, luck, and उक् affix; acquainted with the fates.  
 कारुणिक m. (-कः) 1. The month Kartik, (October-November,) when the moon is full near the Pleiades. 2. The deity KARTIKESYA. & कर्कश the Pleiades, चष aff.  
 कारुणिक m. (-कः) See the preceding, उक् affix added.  
 कारुणिक m. (-कः) KARTIKESYA, the deity of war and son of SIVA. & कर्कश the personified Pleiades, and उक् affix: according to the legend, having been fostered and brought up by the nymphs so called.  
 कारुणिक f. (-रः) A name of DURGA. & कर्कश, and र्क the mother.  
 कारुणिक m. (-कः) The day of full moon in the month KARTIK, a festival. & कारुणिक the month, and उक् festival.  
 कारुणिक n. (-कः) The whole, all, entire. & कर्कश, and चष aff.

कारुणिक n. (-कः) The whole, all, entire. & कर्कश, and चष aff.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Made of mud, filled with it, & कृ. & कर्कश, and चष affix; also with उक्, कारुणिक.  
 कारुणिक m. (-रः) 1. Lao, the animal dye. 2. A petitioner, a suitor, one who begs for employment, & कृ.  
 कारुणिक m. (-कः) 1. A parasite. 2. A pilgrim, one who spends his life in pilgrimage, or who subsists by carrying water from holy rivers. & कृ to be able, चट् affix, उक् added.  
 कारुणिक n. (-ण्य) 1. Poverty, indigence. 2. Pooriness of spirit, weakness, imbecility. & कृपा poor, चण् aff.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Made of cotton, cottony, & कृ n. (-रः-री) 1. The cotton plant, (Gossypium hirsutum-) n. (-रः) 1. Cotton cloth, & कृ. 2. Paper. & कृ to make, to do, पाठ Unadi affix, the vowel of the radical being lengthened.  
 कारुणिक m. (-कः) A spindle. & कारुणिक, and कर्कश the nose.  
 कारुणिक n. (-रः) The seed of the cotton plant. & कारुणिक, and चष a bone.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Made of or from cotton. f. (-वा) The cotton plant: see कारुणिक. & कारुणिक, and उक् affix; or कारुणिक with कृ.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Laborious, industrious, occupied. & कर्कश an act, and चष aff.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Finishing a work, doing it well or completely. n. (-वः) Magic, performing any thing by means of magical incantations. & कर्कश work, act, चष aff.  
 कारुणिक n. (-ण्य) Magic, fascination. & कृ added to the last.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-वः-वी-व) 1. Manufactured, made. 2. Worked, embroidered, intermixed with coloured thread, (cloth, &c.) & कर्कश work, art, affix उक्.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Finishing a work, doing it well or completely. nm. (-कः-कः) A bamboo. n. (-कः) A bow. & कर्कश act, action, and उक् aff.  
 कारुणिक m. (-वः) A soldier, an archer. & कारुणिक, and चण् who has.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-वः-वी-व) 1. To be done. 2. What ought to be done, fit, right. n. (-वः) 1. Cause, origin. 2. Motive, object. 3. Effect, result of a cause. 4. Affair, business. 5. Law-suit, dispute. 6. The denouncement of a drama. 7. In grammar, an adjunct, either as an affix, augment or substitute, & कृ to do, and चण् aff.  
 कारुणिक n. (-वः) Cause of a special or incidental kind, originating in some act or occasion. & कारुणिक, and कर्कश cause.  
 कारुणिक ind. Incidentally, from some special cause. & कारुणिक, and तसि aff.  
 कारुणिक m. (-वः) Time for action, appointed time, season, opportunity. & कारुणिक, and कर्कश time.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Finishing a work, doing it well or completely. & कारुणिक business, and कर्कश prosperous, successful.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Competent, fit, able. & कारुणिक, and चण् able.  
 कारुणिक f. (-ता) Necessity or importance of any act. & कारुणिक, and कर्कश weight; also कारुणिक.  
 कारुणिक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Prudent, considerate, cautious. & कारुणिक, and चण् who reflects.  
 कारुणिक f. (-ता) Prudence, caution, consideration. & कारुणिक, and चण् reflection.  
 कारुणिक ind. Consequently, necessarily, actually. & कारुणिक act, and तसि aff.  
 कारुणिक n. (-न) Inspection, supervision. & कारुणिक, and कर्कश seeing.  
 कारुणिक m. (-वः) 1. Judgment, ascertainment of the fact. 2. Settlement of an affair. & कारुणिक affair, cause, and चण् ascertainment; also कारुणिक.  
 कारुणिक m. (-रः) 1. An impudent or shameless fellow. 2. An idler, one who follows unprofitable pursuits. 3. A madman, a crazy or

hair-brained man. **कार्य** object, cause, &c. **कार्य** to rub, to destroy, **कार्य** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वः) Idleness, **कार्य**, and **वत्** aversion.

**कार्य** **वत्** n. (-वः) Any one engaged in active life, one fit for business or conducting affairs. **कार्य**, and **वत्** aversion; also **कार्य** **वत्**.

**कार्य** **वत्** ind. Actually, according to act on motive. **कार्य**, and **वत्** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) 1. Engaged in business. 2. Having a cause or motive. 3. Doing one's duty **कार्य** and **वत्** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** f. (-वत्) Act, notion. **कार्य** **वत्** and **वत्** affix; also **कार्य** **वत्**.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) Necessary consequence. **कार्य** cause, and **वत्** subjection to.

**कार्य** **वत्** u. (-वत्) End, object. **कार्य**, and **वत्** thing, what is to be done.

**कार्य** **विपत्ति** f. (-वत्) Failure, reverse, misfortune. **कार्य**, and **विपत्ति** misfortune.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) The completion of a business or affair begun. **कार्य**, and **वत्** rest.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) Embarrassment, difficulty. **कार्य**, and **वत्** doubt.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) Business, heavy business, weighty affairs. **कार्य**, and **वत्** ocean; also similar compounds, as **कार्य** **वत्**, &c.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Accomplishing any object. **कार्य**, and **वत्** what completes.

**कार्य** **वत्** n. (-वत्) Means of effecting any object, instrument, implement, aid. **कार्य**, and **वत्** means.

**कार्य** **वत्** f. (-वत्) Accomplishment, success, fulfilment of any object or purpose. **कार्य**, and **वत्** success.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Foiling, counteracting, opposing all one's aims: **कार्य**, and **वत्** who destroys.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Unfit, incompetent, unable. **कार्य**, and **वत्** unable.

**कार्य** **वत्** n. (-वत्) The end of a business. **कार्य**, and **वत्** end.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) 1. An object or purpose. 2. Application for employment, n. or ad. (-वत्) 1. For the sake of any particular object. 2. To perform any work or duty. **कार्य**, and **वत्** object.

**कार्य** **वत्** f. (-वत्) The accomplishment of any object or purpose. **कार्य**, and **वत्** fulfilment.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) 1. Having an object or purpose. 2. Applying for employment. **कार्य**, and **वत्** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Having business, transacting business. 2. Seeking employment, &c. 3. Engaged in a suit at law. **कार्य**, and **वत्** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) 1. Seeking for employment. 2. One who transacts business, active, assiduous. 3. Having an object. 4. A party to a suit, either as plaintiff or defendant. 5. Requiring an affix, &c. **कार्य**, and **वत्** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** u. (-वत्) Superintendence of public affairs, &c. **कार्य**, and **वत्** seeing.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) Discharge of any duty, performance of any act. **कार्य**, and **वत्** extrication.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Engaged in any business, intent upon any object. **कार्य**, and **वत्** active.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) Active engagement in any business. **कार्य**, and **वत्** exertion.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Fiery, hot, glaring, relating to fire. **कार्य** fire, **वत्** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) The Sal tree, (*Shorea robusta*) see **कार्य** u. (-वत्) Thinness, emaciation. **कार्य** thin, **वत्** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** f. (-वत्) A plant, commonly Gambhari: see **कार्य**.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) A husbandman. **कार्य** to draw furrows, **वत्** unadi affix, and the vowel made long.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) A weight or measure of different values, as syno-

nimsa with Karsha; it is of gold, weighing sixteen Masas, or about 176 grains; of silver, it is in value sixteen Panas of kowries, or in tale 1280 commonly termed a Kahan: of copper it weighs eighty Retas, or the same as of gold, about 176 grains; according to some, it is the same as a Pan of Kowries, or in tale eighty. n. (-वत्) Money, gold and silver. m. (-वत्) A husbandman. **कार्य** a Karsha of silver, **वत्** custom, habit, and the vowel of **कार्य** lengthened; also with **वत्** added **कार्य** **वत्**: see **कार्य** **वत्** and **कार्य**.

**कार्य** **वत्** n. (-वत्) The Karsha of the lowest value. **कार्य** **वत्**, and **वत्** low.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Bought, &c. with a Karsha. **कार्य** **वत्**, and **वत्** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** f. (-वत्) 1. Ploughing, cultivation. 2. Drawing, attracting. **कार्य** to draw, **वत्** affix, and the vowel made long.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) 1. A weight: see the preceding. 2. A husbandman. **कार्य** a measure, ploughing, &c. and **वत्** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) 1. Black. 2. Of or belonging to the black antelope. m. (-वत्) The black antelope. **कार्य**, and **वत्** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Made of black iron. **कार्य**, and **वत्** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) A name of KAMADEVA. **कार्य** the deity KRISHNA, and **वत्** affix; the son of KRISHNA.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) The Sal tree, (*Shorea robusta*) **कार्य** to make furrows, **वत्** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** n. (-वत्) A forest of Sal trees. **कार्य**, and **वत्** a wood the final changed.

**कार्य** r. 10th cl. (**कार्य** **वत्**) To count time.

**कार्य** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Black, of a dark colour, dark blue especially, which is usually confounded with black. m. (-वत्) 1. Time. 2. A name of YAMA, regent of the dead. 3. A black colour. 4. Death. 5. A form of SIVA. 6. The planet Saturn. 7. The Koil. 8. Cassia fistula. 9. Resin. 10. A plant, a red kind of plumbago. n. (-वत्) 1. Iron. 2. A black agallochum: see **कार्य** **वत्**. 3. A vegetable poison, perhaps the fruit of the Cocculus Indicus. f. (-वत्) 1. Indigo, (*Indigofera tinctoria*). 2. A black sort of Teori. 3. Caloni, (*Nigella Indica*). 4. Madder, (*Rubia manjith*). (-वत् or -वत्) A name of the goddess DURGA the wife of SIVA. (-वत्) 1. The wife of SANTANU a king. 2. One of the Matris or divine mothers. 3. A female deity of the Baudhas. 4. A row or succession of clouds. 5. Ink or blacking. 6. A worm or animalcule generated in the acetous fermentation of milk. 7. Abuse, censure, defamation. 8. Night. 9. Trumpet flower, (*Bignonia suave-olens*). 10. One of the seven tongues or flames of fire. **कार्य** to count or reckon, &c. in the causal form, **वत्** affix, fem. affix टाप् or वत्.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Black, dark coloured. m. (-वत्) 1. A freckle, a mark. 2. A water snake. f. (-वत्) The mother of a class Asuras. n. (-वत्) The liver. **कार्य** to reckon, (good or bad fortune), **वत्** affix; or **कार्य** black, and **वत्** aff.

**कार्य** **वत्** f. (-वत्) A sort of Arum, (*A. colocasia*) **कार्य** black and **वत्** Arum.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. A water fowl, a gallinule. 3. A sparrow. 4. A peacock. 5. A wagtail. 6. A tree, (*Pentaptera tomentosa*): see **कार्य**. **कार्य** black, and **वत्** the throat.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) A gallinule. **कार्य** added to the preceding.

**कार्य** **वत्** f. (-वत्) Misfortune, misery; also **कार्य** **वत्**.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) A water snake.

**कार्य** **वत्** m. (-वत्) A sort of pulse, (*Phaseolus max*) **कार्य** black, **वत्** pulse.

**कार्य** **वत्** n. (-वत्) Appointing a time. **कार्य**, and **वत्** making.

**कार्य** **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Like death, fatal, deadly. **कार्य**, and **वत्** Loika.

कालकरी f. (-री) A plant, (*Hibiscus abelmoschus*). E. काल black, and करी musk ; the seeds having a smell of musk when rubbed.

कालकारित mfn. (-तः-तः) Effected or brought about by or in time. E. काल, and कारित occasioned.

कालकील m. (-लः) A confused or mingled sound, a tumult ; also कालकीलक m. (-कः).

कालकुच m. (-चः) A name of YAMA. E. काल time, and कुच confusing, distressing.

कालकूट n. (-ट) A sort of earth from the mountains.

कालकूट mn. (-टः-टः) A kind of poison. E. काल YAMA, कूट to destroy, च् affix ; destroying even the regent of death.

कालकूटक m. (-कः) A name of SIVA. E. कालकूट poison, and कूट who takes.

कालकृत् m. (-कृत्) The sun. E. काल time, and कृत् who makes ; who marks the time ; also कालकृत.

कालकृत mfn. (-तः-तः) 1. Fixed, appointed, (as to time.) 2. Lent or deposited by a giver. 3. Produced or effected by time. m. (-तः) 1. The sun : see the preceding. 2. Time. E. काल and कृत done.

कालक्षेप m. (-पः) Spending or passing time. E. काल and क्षेप throwing away ; also कालक्षेपन्.

कालखनन n. (-न) The liver. E. काल black, and खनि to go, उच् aff.

कालखण्ड m. (-खण्ड) The liver. E. काल black, and खण्ड part.

कालगन्ध m. (-गन्धः) Kind of Cobra (*de copella*) : see खलगन्ध.

कालयन्त्रि m. (-त्रिः) A year. E. काल time, and यन्त्रि a knot or joint.

कालहत m. (-तः) A plant, (*Cassia fistula*.)

कालचक्र n. (-क) 1. A cycle, a given revolution of time. 2. A period, according to the Jainas, of twelve Avas ; see चर.

कालञ्जर m. (-जः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. The name of a rock in Bundelk'hand, the modern Kallinjer. 3. The adjacent country. 4. An assembly or collection of religious medicants ; Kallinjer is one of the places at which such assemblies meet, being enumerated in the Vedas amongst the *Tapasyast'hanas*, or spots adapted to practices of austere devotion. f. (-रा or -री) An appellation of DURGA, E. काल in the second case, time or death, and जर who makes old, or causes to decay ; irregularly deduced from the causal of कृ to become old.

कालज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञः) One who knows times or season. m. (-ज्ञः) 1. An astrologer. 2. A cook. E. काल, and ज्ञ who knows.

कालदण्ड m. (-दण्डः) The staff of death, death. E. काल, and दण्ड staff.

कालदण्ड m. (-दण्डः) 1. Death, dying. 2. Influence of time, seasonableness, effects proper to the time or season. E. काल time, and दण्ड virtue, property.

कालनियोग m. (-गः) Fate, destiny. E. काल and नियोग will.

कालनियोजित m. (-जितः) A fragrant and resinous substance. (*Bellium*) : see गुग्गुलु. E. काल black, and नियोजित an extract.

कालनेत्रि m. (-त्रिः) 1. A demon, the son of HIRANYAKASIPU. 2. A Rakshasa described in the Ramayana.

कालनेत्रिन् m. (-नी) A demon : see कालनेत्रि.

कालनेत्रिपु m. (-पुः) An epithet of KRISHNA. E. कालनेत्रि the name of a demon who undertook to destroy the deity in his youth, and रिपु the foe : see similar names.

कालनेत्रिपु m. (-पुः) KRISHNA or VISHNU. see the preceding. E. कालनेत्रि, and पु who kills or destroys.

कालनेत्रिपु m. (-पुः) See कालनेत्रिपु. E. As above, करि a foe. [matured.]

कालपक्व mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Spontaneously ripened. E. काल and पक्व.

कालपर्व m. (-पर्वः) A tree bearing dark coloured leaves, (*Tabernaemontana coronaria*), commonly Tagara : see E. काल काल black, and पर्व a leaf.

कालपरिवाह m. (-वः) Standing for a time, (as to get stale or fermented, &c.) E. काल and परिवाह abiding.

कालपाश m. (-शः) The noose of YAMA or death. E. काल, and पाश a noose.

कालपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. One of YAMA's attendants or ministers. 2. An astrological figure of a man, with the positions of the constellations, &c. inscribed on different parts of the body for the purpose of predicting his fortunes ; also कालपुत्र, &c. E. काल black, and पुत्र a man.

कालपृष्ठ n. (-पृष्ठः) 1. The bow of KARNA. 2. A bow in general. m. (-पृष्ठः) 1. The black antelope. 2. A heron. E. काल black, and पृष्ठ the back ; black-backed.

कालप्रभात n. (-तः) The sultry season, autumn, the two months following the rainy season. E. काल time, and प्रभात shining.

कालप्रवृद्ध mfn. (-वृद्धः-वृद्धः) Over-blown, over-ripe. E. काल, and प्रवृद्ध blown.

कालवस्त्र m. (-वस्त्रः) Armour, mail. E. काल death, and वस्त्र strengthening, defending ; perhaps a wrong reading for कायवस्त्र, q. v.

कालमान m. (-मनः) Black Tulasi ; also read कालमास.

कालमूलाक m. (-कः) A plant, (*Bignonia Indica*)

कालमेषिका f. (-का) 1. Bengal madder, (*Rubia manjith*). 2. A black sort of Teori, a plant so called, a species of convolvulus : see कालमेषिका.

कालमेघी f. (-मी) See कालमेघी.

कालमेघिका f. (-का) 1. Bengal madder. 2. Black Teori : see त्रिभुजा. E. काल black, निष् to possess, च् and खेच् affixes, and कन् added ; or without this affix, कालमेघी ; also being derived from निष् to sound. कालमेघिका and कालमेघी.

कालमेघी f. (-मी) 1. A plant, (*Serratula anthelmintica*). 2. Bengal madder, (*Rubia manjith*) : see the preceding.

कालयवन m. (-यवः) An Asura, an enemy of KRISHNA, destroyed by him by stratagem. E. काल black, यवन a Yavana.

कालयाप m. (-पः) 1. Procrastination, putting off, delaying. 2. Passing away time. E. काल, and या to go, causal form, च् affix ; also with क्युट्, कालयापन् ; also यापः and यापन्.

कालरात्रि m. (-त्रिः) 1. A particular night, one which occurs on the 7th day of the 7th month of every 77th years ; after such a period of life, a man is exempt from attention to the usual ordinances. 2. The last night of a Kalpa. 3. A dark night. 4. A form of Sakti or DURGA. E. काल black, time, and रात्रि a night : see भीमरात्री.

कालवज्र n. (-वज्रः) A factitious and purgative salt, commonly Bitlavan or Bitnaban. E. काल black, and वज्र salt.

काललोह n. (-लः) Iron. E. काल black, and लोह a metal.

कालवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A kind of vetch : see कालवृक्ष. E. काल black, वृक्ष tree.

कालवृद्धि f. (-वृद्धिः) Periodical interest, payable monthly, &c. E. काल, and वृद्धि interest.

कालवृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) A kind of vetch, (*Dolichos biflorus*) f. (-वृत्तः) Trumpet flower. E. काल black, and वृत्त stalk : see कुलवृत्त.

कालवेला f. (-वेला) A season at which any act is improper, half a watch in every day. E. काल and वेला time.

कालवृक्ष n. (-वृक्षः) A sort of pot herb. E. काल black, वृक्ष a pot herb.

कालवेद्य n. (-वेद्यः) Buttermilk. E. कालवेद्य a jar, and वेद्य affix ; produced in a jar or pitcher by churning ; also कालवेद्य.

कालवरोध m. (-वरोधः) Lapse of a long period of time. E. काल time, वरोध impediment.

कालवृद्ध mfn. (-वृद्धः-वृद्धः) 1. Opportune, seasonable. 2. Deathlike. E. काल and वृद्ध like.

कालवृद्ध mfn. (-वृद्धः-वृद्धः) 1. Dated, bearing a date. 2. Effected by time. E. काल, and वृद्ध produced.

कालवृद्ध m. (-वृद्धः) The black and most deadly variety of the cobra, (*Coluber naga*) E. काल black, and वृद्ध a serpent.

कालवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) The black antelope, n. (-वृक्षः) A sort of Sandal. E. काल black, and वृक्ष essence.

(चत्वारिंशत् न. (-च)) One of the twenty-one bells. ३. काश from काश् to count, a reckoning, and सूत्र a thread, a rule; also with कन् added काश-सूत्रक.

काशमय n. (-य) Buttermilk; see काशमय.

काशक m. (-क) 1. A sort of ebony, (*Diospyros melanoxylon*, Rox.) 2. The Tamala, a tree bearing dark blossoms. 3. Another plant: see जीवक. 4. The glomerous fig tree. ३. काश black and काश the trunk of a tree.

काशकट mfn. (-कट) 1. Led to death or destruction, drawn to or by one's fate. 2. Produced or brought about by time. ३. काश, and काशकट attracted.

काशाचरिक mfn. (-क-कौ-क) A scholar, a pupil. ३. काश time, चर a letter, and ठक् aff.

काशागुद n. (-गु) A black kind of aloe wood or agallochum: see अगुद. ३. काश black, and अगुद agallochum.

काशाग्नि m. (-ग्नि) The fire that is to destroy the world. ३. काश, and अग्नि fire.

काशाक्षणी f. (-णी) A small shrub, used as a purgative.

काशाव्यय m. (-य) Loss or destruction by lapse of time. ३. काश, and व्यय destruction.

काशानुगादिन् m. (-दी) 1. A large black bee. 2. A sparrow. 3. The francoline partridge. ३. काश season, and अनुगादिन् who sings or sounds.

काशानुसारक n. (-क) 1. A tree, commonly Tagara. 2. Yellow Sandal. ३. काश, and अनुसार being like or conforming to.

काशानुसारि m. (-रि) 1. Benzoin or benjamin. ३. काश black, अनुसार resembling, being, and रि affix; also काशानुसार्य the affix being यत्.

काशानुसार्य n. (-र्य) 1. Gum benjamin or benzoin. 2. A yellow fragrant wood from which a perfume is prepared. 3. A timber tree, commonly Sisū: see शिशुपा. 4. A tree, commonly Tagara. ३. See the preceding; also with कन् added काशानुसार्यक.

काशान्तक m. (-क) YAMA, death, ३. काश and अन्तक destroyer.

काशान्तर n. (-र) 1. Interval intermediate time. 2. Period, process of time. 3. A former or another time. ३. काश and अन्तर between &c.

काशान्तरविष m. (-वि) A poisonous animal, venomous only when enraged or alarmed, as a rat, &c. ३. काश time, अन्तर after or at, and विष poison; having venom only at times.

काशान्तरावृत्त mfn. (-वृत्त) Hidden or concealed by times. ३. काशान्तर, and आवृत्त covered.

काशाव m. (-व) 1. A serpent's hood. 2. A demon, an imp or goblin. 3. A student of the Kalapa grammar. ३. काशाव, and व aff.

काशावस n. (-स) Iron. ३. काश, and अवस iron, टक् aff.

काशावधि m. (-धि) A fixed or appointed time. ३. काश, and अधि limit.

काशावीच n. (-वी) Season of mourning or impurity. ३. काश and अवीच impurity.

काशिक mfn. (-क-कौ-क) 1. Relating to time. 2. Seasonable. 3. Of long standing. 4. Of a dark colour, black, blackish, &c. m. (-क) The curlew. n. (-क) A black kind of Sandal: see काशीयक. f. (-का) 1. Cloudiness, a multitude or succession of clouds. 2. A dark cloud threatening rain. 3. A fog or mist, &c. 4. The goddess GAURI. 5. A terrific goddess, a form of CHANDI or DURGA. 6. A female singer of Swarga. 7. Blackness, a black colour. 8. A fault or flaw in gold, &c. 9. Spirituous liquor. 10. A plant: see उषिकपत्र. 11. A kind of potherb. 12. The branch of a cucumber plant. 13. Spikenard. 14. A line of hair extending to the navel. 15. A female crow. 16. Price of a commodity on credit, or a price to be paid at a fixed period, or by instalments. 17. Periodical interest paid by the month, &c. 18. An animalcule formed by the fermentation of milk. 19. Ink or blacking. 20. A small bird, commonly S'yama. 21. A medicinal plant: see काशी. ३. काश black, &c. ठक् or कन् affix.

काशिकता f. (-ता) Time, date, season. ३. काशिक, and तक् affix; also with ल, काशिकल.

काशिक mfn. (-क-कौ-क) Produced in or belonging to the Kalinga country. m. (-क) 1. An elephant. 2. A snake. 3. A species of cucumber, (*Cucumis utilatissimus*.) 4. A sort of iron. f. (-की) A gourd or cucumber. n. (-क) The water melon. ३. काशिक a country, and कक् aff.

काशिकदास m. (-स) The name of a celebrated poet, author of Sakuntala, Vikramorvasi, the Megha Duta, the Raghu Vansa, the Nalodoya and other poems; he was one of nine poets or gems of VIKRAMADITYA's court, and is supposed to have flourished in the century preceding the Christian era; the name is however applied to more persons than one, and seems, in measure, to have been used as an honorary title; the work attributed to this author are amongst the most elegant compositions in the Sanskrit language. ३. काशी the goddess DURGA, and दास a slave, the final of काशी being made short.

काशिकदासक m. (-क) The poet KALIDASA: see the preceding. ३. कन् added to काशिकदास.

काशिकी f. (-की) One of the lunar mansions: see चार्दी. ३. काश time affixes, रि and लीट्.

काशिकीय n. (-य) The water melon.

काशिकीय f. (-यी) The YAMUNA or JUMNA river. ३. काशिक. A mountain, part of the Himalaya range, and the seat of the river's source, चक् aff.

काशिकीयक m. (-क) A name of BALARAMA. ३. काशिकी the YAMUNA, and कश्च the plougher; having diverted the stream into a new and devious channel, marked out by his ploughshare.

काशिकीयिदन् m. (-य) BALARAMA. ३. काशिकी, and निद to break, affix ल्यट्: see the preceding word.

काशिकीय f. (-य) The wife of SURYA and mother of YAMUNA the personified river. ३. काशिकी, and य who bears, from य to bear children, and लिप् aff.

काशिकीयोर m. (-र) YAMA. ३. काशिकी, and सोर brother.

काशिकीय m. (-य) Blackness. ३. काश black, इल्लिच aff.

काशिकीय mfn. (-य-या-य) Relating to time, &c. m. (-य) A serpent destroyed by KRISHNA. ३. काश, and व aff.

काशीक m. (-क) A curlew, a sort of heron: see काशिक.

काशीको f. (-की) The court of judgment of YAMA, regent and judge of the dead.

काशीकनय m. (-य) A buffalo. ३. काशी the goddess, and तनय a son: i. e. a favourite.

काशीक mfn. (-क-कौ-क) Timely, seasonable, relating to time. ३. काश, and क aff.

काशीय mfn. (-य-या-य) Relating to time, to blackness, &c. n. (-य) A dark kind of Sandal, or perhaps of Agallochum: see काशीयक. ३. काश black, and ह aff.

काशीयक n. (-क) 1. A yellow fragrant wood, perhaps a species of aloe wood. 2. A dark kind of Sandal wood. m. (-क) A species of turmeric, (*Curcuma zanthorhiza*): see दादरिडा. ३. कन् added to the last, of a black or blackish hue; also काशीय, काशिय, &c.

काशीय n. (-य) Foulness, dirtiness, turbidness, opacity. ३. काशीय, and यक् aff.

काशिय mfn. (-य-यी-य) 1. Belonging to the Kali age, &c. 2. Dark coloured. n. (-य) 1. A yellow fragrant wood: see काशीयक and काशियक. 2. The liver. m. (-य) The name of a demon or imp. ३. काश or कश्च, and ठक् affix.

काशीयक m. (-क) A sort of curcuma, (*C. zanthorhiza*, Rox.) see काशीयक. n. (-क) A yellow fragrant wood. ३. कन् added to the preceding word.

**काशीवाहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Produced in due season. **काश**, उवाहित engendered.

**काशीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sown in due season. **काश**, and उत sown.

**काश** mfn. (-शः-का-श) 1. Preceptive, ritual. 2. Relating to a Kalpa or period so called. **म.** (-शः) Zedoary, (Curcuma zerumbet.) **काश** a precept, and **शच्** affix; the plant forms a part of oblations offered upon certain occasions to fire; also with **कञ्** added **काशक**.

**काशक** **म.** (-कः) Zedoary : see the preceding; also **काशक**.

**काश्चनिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Artificial, fabricated. 2. Fictitious, invented. **काश्चन** and **उक्** aff.

**काश** mfn. (-शः-का-श) Timely, seasonable. **न.** (-श) Dawn, day-break, see **कश्** f. (-का) 1. A cow fit for the bull. 2. Pleasant or auspicious discourse : see **कश्वा**. **काश** time, and **यत्** aff.

**काशक** **म.** (-कः) Zedoary : see **काशक**.

**काश्चिनेव** mfn. (-चः-ची-व) Sprung from a virtuous or fortunate woman. **काश्चिनी**, and **उक्** affix, **इज** inserted.

**काश्चिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Relating to armour, armorial. **न.** (-क) A multitude of men in armour. **काश्च** armour, and **उक्** aff.

**काश्चक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Fearful, henpecked. **म.** (-कः) An owl.

**काश्च** **म.** (-चः) Indistinct sound. **का** for **कु** bad वाह, speech.

**काश्च** **न.** (-च) An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria,) **फ.** (-च) An umbrella, Ch'hattah, especially one without a stick, and worn like a broad brimmed hat. **का** the head, and **काश्च** what covers or protects, from **ह** to screen, and **चच्** aff.

**काश्च** **म.** (-कः) 1. A gallinaceous fowl. 2. The ruddy goose. 3. A small singing bird, (Loxia philippensis :) see **पीतमलक**. **का** water, or **क** for **कु** bad, **काश्च** before **ह** to cover, and **कच्** aff.

**काश्च** **न.** (-च) Saffron, (Crocus sativus.) **फ.** (-च) 1. A river in the Dekhin, the Kaveri. 2. A courtesan, a harlot. 3. Turmeric. **काश्च** to colour **एक्** affix, and the radical vowel made long, **फेम.** affix **कीच्**.

**काश्च** **म.** (-चः) A name of SUKRACHARYA, the preceptor of the demons. **फ.** (-च) 1. Understanding, intelligence. 2. A female fiend : see **युतना**. 3. A Pitri of a particular order, the son [cf KAVI or SUKRA. **न.** (-च) A poem, poetical composition. **काश्च** a poet, &c. **जात्** derivative or pleonastic aff.

**काश्चरी** **म.** (-रः) A plagiarist. **काश्च** a poem, and **चोर** a thief.

**काश्च** (च) **काश्च** **र.** 1st cl. (काश्चने) also (च च्च) (उकाश्च) **र.** 4th cl. (काश्चने) 1. To shine. With **निच्** prefixed. To expel. 2. To hide or obscure; with **प्र**, To make or become manifest.

**काश्च** **म.** (-चः) 1. Cough, catarrh : see **काश्च**. 2. Sneezing **न.** (-च) 1. A species of grass, (Saccharum spontaneum.) 2. Irritation in the throat. **फ.** (-च) Kasi or Benares, the holy city so called. (-चि or -चा) Saccharum spontaneum, as above. **काश्च** to sound, in the causal form, **चच्** affix; or **काश्च** to shine, **चच्** and **कीच्** **फेम.** aff.

**काश्च** **म.** (-कः) A species of long grass, (Saccharum, spontaneum.) **का** **कञ्** added to the preceding.

**काश्च** **म.** (-चः) See **काश्च**.

**काश्च** **फ.** (चिः) A kind of silk cotton tree. **का** bad, inferior, and **चाश्चि** the Simul tree.

**काश्चि** **फ.** (-चिः) Kasi a celebrated city and place of pilgrimage, the modern Benares. **काश्च** to shine, to be beautiful or renowned, and **इच्** Unadi affix; also **काशी**; see **काश्च** and **काश्चिका**, **काश्चिनी**.

**काश्चिका** **फ.** (-का) Kasi or Benares : see the preceding.

**काश्चिकाश्रिय** **म.** (-यः) A name of DHANWANTARI, as king of Benares, **काश्चिका** the city Kasi, and **श्रिय** a friend; also **काश्चिराज**.

**काश्चिन्** mfn. (-चि-चि-चि) 1. Having a cold or cough. 2. Shining brilliant. **काश्च** cough, and **इज** affix, or **काश्च** to shine, **चिजि** aff.

**काश्चिराज** **म.** (-जः) A name of DHANWANTARI or DIVODASA, a king of Benares, and an author of medical works; he is often confound-

ed with his celestial namesake, the physician of the gods. **काश्चि** the city, and **राज** a king or ruler; also **काश्चिराज**.

**काश्चि** mfn. (-चः-का-च) Made of kas grass, abounding with it, &c. **काश्च** and **इज** aff.

**काशीनाथ** **म.** (-चः) A name of SIVA. **काशी** Kasi or Benares, and **नाथ** lord or master.

**काशीराज** **म.** (-जः) DIVODASA : see **काश्चिराज**.

**काशीर** **म.** (-चः) 1. SIVA. 2. DIVODASA, or any king of Benares. **न.** (-च) Sulphate of iron. **काशी** and **इज** lord.

**काश्चर** **म.** (-रः) The betel nut tree.

**काश्चरी** **फ.** (-री) A plant commonly Gambhari, (Gmelina arborea, Rox) see **वन्धारी**. **काश्च** to shine, and **चर** affix, formative irr.; also **काश्चरी** and **काश्चर्य**.

**काश्चर्य** mn. (-र्य-च) Gambhari, a plant : see the preceding. **काश्च** added to **काश्चरी**.

**काश्चर** **न.** (-र) 1. A plant with a tuberous root, a sort of costus, (Cuscuta speciosa.) 2. A country, Kashmir, or in the plu. (-राः) its inhabitants. **फ.** (-री) A tree, (Ficus elastica.) **काश्चर** Kashmir, and **चच्** affix; produced in that place.

**काश्चरज** **न.** (-जः) 1. A costus. 2. Saffron : see **काश्चरी**. **फ.** (-जः) Atis or Betula : see **चतिविषा** **काश्चर** and **ज** born; produced in Kashmir.

**काश्चरजन्म** **न.** (-जः) Saffron. **काश्चर**, and **जन्म** birth produced in Kashmir.

**काश्च** **म.** (-च) Spirituous liquor.

**काश्च** **म.** (-चः) 1. The name of a saint; also called KANADA, the son of KASYAPA. 2. A name of ARUNA : see the next. 3. A sort of deer. 4. A tribe or Brahmans pretending to descend from KASYAPA. **काश्च** a saint, and **चच्** affix of descent. **न.** (-च) Flesh. **काश्च** spirituous liquor, and **प** from **पा** to drink or cherish.

**काश्चि** **म.** (-चिः) 1. A name of ARUNA. 2. A name of GARUDA the bird of VISHNU. **काश्च** the saint, and **इज** affix of descent, being both sons of KASYAPA. **फ.** (-चि) The earth. **का** As before : alluding to a legend from the Puranas, in which PARASURAMA, after the destruction of the Kshetriya race, and performance of an Aswamedha, presented the sovereignty of the world to his Guru, KASYAPA.

**काश्चयेव** **म.** (-यः) The son. **काश्च** the saint, and **उक्** affix of descent, the son of KASYAPA.

**काश्चरी** **फ.** (-री) A plant : see **काश्चरी**.

**काश्च** mfn. (-चः-का-च) Red, dyed of a reddish colour. **काश्च** and **चच्** aff.

**काठ** **न.** (-ठ-ठ) Wood **फ.** 1. A quarter or region of the world space. tract. 2. Place, site. 3. Limit, boundary. 4. A measure of, time the thirteenth part of a Kala, or eighteen twinkling of the eye. 5. Excellence, superiority. 6 A plant, (Ourum zanthorhiza, Rox.) **काठ** to shine, Unadi affix **कञ्** changed to **ठ**, and **व** after **व** becomes **ठ**.

**काठ** **न.** (-क) Aloe wood or agallochum. **का** **कञ्** added to **काठ** wood.

**काठकदली** **फ.** (-की) The wild plantain. **काठ**, and **कदली** a plantain; the fruit being hard and woody

**काठकीट** **म.** (-टः) A small insect or worm found in decayed wood. **काठ** wood, and **कीट** a worm.

**काठकुज** **म.** (-रः) A bird, a sort of woodpecker, (Picus Bengalensis) **काठ**, and **कुज** to cut, **चच्** aff.

**काठकुहा** **म.** (-चः) A kind of wooden shovel or scraper used for baling water out of a boat. or for scraping and cleaning its bottom, &c. **काठ** wood, and **कुहा** shovel; also with the first vowel long **कुहाच**, **काठकुहाच**.

**काठक** **न.** (-क) A stick, a spar, a piece of wood. **काठ** and **कच्** piece.



काष्ठकर्तृ m. (-ट्) A carpenter. m. काष्ठ wood, and कृत् to cut or pare, affix कृप्.

काष्ठकर्म m. (-कृ) A carpenter; see the preceding. m. As before कृत् aff.

काष्ठतन्तु m. (-तु) A small worm that is found in timber. m. काष्ठ wood, and तन्तु what spreads, from तन् with तन् aff.

काष्ठदाह m. (-ह) The Deodar tree, (*Uvaria longifolia*.)

काष्ठद्रुम m. (-द्रु) A tree, (*Butea frondosa*.) m. काष्ठ, and द्रु a tree.

काष्ठमंडी f. (-डी) A funeral pile. m. काष्ठ wood, and मंडी a pile, an edifice.

काष्ठमय mfn. (-य-का-य) Wooden, made of wood, m. काष्ठ and यद् aff.

काष्ठमय m. (-य) A bier, a plank, &c. on which dead bodies are carried. m. काष्ठ wood, and मय a vessel.

काष्ठमयिक m. (-क) A small worm found in wood, m. काष्ठ and मयिक who writes or inscribes.

काष्ठमयिक m. (-की) A club, a short cudgel, especially if armed with iron, m. काष्ठ, लौह iron, and इति aff.

काष्ठमय mfn. (-य-का-य-वत्) Having wood for fuel, &c. ind. Like a piece of wood. m. काष्ठ, and मय or वत् aff.

काष्ठगृह m. (-गृ) A wooden house or enclosure. m. काष्ठ and गृह a house.

काष्ठानुवाहिनी f. (-नी) A wooden bucket or baling vessel: see अनुवाहिनी.

काष्ठम् mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) 1. Of wood, wooden. 2. Having wood. m. काष्ठ, and इति aff.

काठीला m. (-ला) A large kind of *Colotropis*. f. (-ला) A plantain: see रत्ना. m. का for कृ small, कस्ति bone or stalk, and ला to get or possess क and टप् affixes; having a stem which is good for nothing.

कास r. 1st cl. (क) कास (कासने) 1. To make a bad sound, or one indicating disease; to cough. 2. To shine; see काय.

कास m. (-स) 1. Cough, catarrh. 2. A species of reed or long grass, (*Saccharum spontaneum*.) 3. Morunga, (*Hyperanthera*, &c.) see मोरुंग. m. कास् to cough, to make an unpleasant sound, कप् affix: also कास् to shine, &c. see काय.

कासकण्ठ mfn. (-क-क-क) Afflicted with cough. m. (-क) YAMA.

कासकर्म mfn. (-क-क-क) Removing or alleviating cough, pectoral. f. (-की) A short or prickly nightshade: see ककटकारी. m. कास catarrh and क from कृ to kill, removing cough.

कासन्यायिनी f. (-नी) A thorny plant: see ककटकारी. m. कास catarrh, and न्यायिनी removing, remedying.

कासुदीपिका f. (-का) An acid drink.

कासनहं m. (-हं) 1. A plant, (*Cassia* or *Senna esculenta*.) 2. An acid preparation, a mixture of tamarinds and mustard. m. कास or काय cough, and हं what destroys; also कासनहं.

कासनहं m. (-न) A sort of cucumber, (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.)

कासर m. (-र) A buffalo. m. क water, and कास् prefixed to क to go, affix कप्; who frequents water, this animal being partial to marshy places.

कासा m. (-र) A pond, a pool. m. क water, कृ to go, कास् prefix, and कप् affix, or कास् to shine, कारन् Unadi aff.

कासारि m. (-रि) A plant, (*Cassia esculenta*;) see कासनहं m. कास cough, and रि a foe.

कासाकु m. (-कु) An esculent root, a sort of Yam.

काशी m. (-श) Green vitriol, green sulphate of iron. m. कास् to go, ईश्वर aff.

काश f. (-ह) 1. Indistinct speech. 2. Speech in general. 3. Understanding. 4. Devotion. 5. Light, lustre. 6. A sort of spear or lance m. कास् to go, to shine, or कास् to make a bad sound, क Unadi aff.

काश्वरी f. (-री) A short spear, a javelin. m. कास्, and वरन् diminutive aff.

काशवा f. (-वा) A musical instrument: see वादवा.

काश्व mfn. (-व-का-व) 1. Dry, withered. 2. Mischievous. 3. Large, grossness. f. (-वी) 1. One of the *Apsaras* or courtizans of *Indra*'s

heaven. 2. The sound of any tube, pipe or musical instrument. (-वा) A young woman. mfn. (-व-वा) A horn, either a cow horn, or an instrument of that shape. m. (-व) 1. A cook. 2. Sound in general. 3. A oat. n. (-व) Indistinct speech. adv. Much, excessively. m. क pleasure, the head, &c. कृत् to plough or divide, with कास् prefixed, affix कप्.

काशवापुष m. (-प) Thorn apple, (*Datura metel*.)

का r. 3rd cl. (किति) To know: with किर prefixed, to attain certainly, to ascertain positively. किति See कृत्.

किंवा m. (-व) 1. The beard of corn. 2. An arrow. 3. A heron. m. किं what, or sometimes, कृ to injure, &c. रक् Unadi aff.

किंवा m. (-व) A tree bearing beautiful red blossoms, and hence often alluded to by the poets, (*Butea frondosa*;) also पद्मा m. किं what, something, कृ a parrot; its red flowers being of the colour of a parrot's beak.

किंवा m. (-व) A species of the *Kinsuka*. see the preceding.

किंवा m. (-कि) A blue jay, m. कि an imitative sound; the word being repeated; or कृ to emit a sound, and कि affix; also किंवादी, किंवादी, &c.

किंवादि m. (-दि) The blue jay. m. किंवा, an imitative sound and दि to play, कि affix; also in other forms किंवा, किंवादि, किंवादी, किंवादी.

किंवादि m. (-व) See the preceding. m. As before, कप् aff.

किंवादी m. (-दि) See किंवादि.

किंवा m. (-कि) A monkey, an ape. f. (-कि) A small jackal, a fox. m. कृ to sound, किंवा aff.

किंवा mfn. (-र-रा or -री-र) A servant. m. किं what or something, and कर who does.

किंवा f. (-वि or -वी) 1. A girdle of small bells, or any tinkling ornament. 2. An acid sort of grape. m. किं some, and कृ an imitative sound, affix क, with कृ or कृी fem. affix; also with कृ added किंवादी.

किंवा m. (-र) 1. The Indian cuckoo, the Koil or Kokila. 2. A large black bee. 3. A horse. 4. *KAMADHYA*. f. (-र) Blood. n. (-र) The frontal sinus of an elephant. m. किं something, कृ to scatter, क aff.

किंवा m. (-र) 1. A name of *KAMADHYA*. 2. A parrot. 3. The Koil or Indian cuckoo. 4. A tree, (*Jonesia asoka*.) 5. A species of *barleria*: see किंवादी. m. किंवा as above, and कृ who goes or is.

किंवा m. (-री) A plant, commonly *Buinohi*, (*Flacourtia sapida*, Rox.)

किंवा ind. 1. An inceptive or continuative particle, (moreover further, again.) 2. A particle of comprehension. m. किं what, क and.

किंवा m. (-न) A species of the *Palasa* or *Butea frondosa*. ind. Somewhat something.

किंवा f. (-न) Somewhat, something.

किंवा ind. 1. Something somewhat. 2. A part, a little. n. किं what, कृ to think, affix कृ.

किंवा m. (-क) See the following.

किंवा m. (-क) A worm. m. किंवा a little, and कृ to go, or कृ to be high, कृ affix, deriv. irr.; it is sometimes written किंवादि.

किंवा m. (-क) The filament of a lotus: see किंवा.

किंवा m. (-क) The filament of a lotus: see किंवा.

किंवा m. (-क) The filament of a lotus, great numbers of which surround the pericarp. n. (-क) The flower of the *Mesua ferrea*. m. किंवा somewhat, कृ to hide or cover, क affix, and the form irr.

किंवा r. 1st cl. (किति) 1. To go or approach. 2. To alarm or terrify. 3. To dread, to fear.

किंवा m. (-कि) A hog. m. किंवा to go, and कि affix; also किंवा.

किंवा m. (-न) A bug. m. किंवा a hog, क who resembles, from कृ to shine, affix क.

**किं** n. (-इ) Excrement, excretion, dirt. **इ** किद् to go, here implying to go out of, (the body, &c.) and **अ** aff.

**किञ्चिदित** n. (-इ) Semen virile. **इ** किद् dirt, &c. **चि** चित deprived.

**किङ्क** m. (-ङ्) 1. A copper vessel. 2. Sooria, rust of iron, &c. **इ** किद् dirt, **ङ्** to be able, **ङ्** aff.

**किच** m. (-ङ्) 1. A wart, a mole. 2. A scar. 3. A corn, a callosity. 4. An insect found in wood.

**किचि** f. (-चि) A tree, (*Achyranthes aspera*;) see **चपासा**. **इ** किच, a scar, and **चि** affix; making scars; that is cicatrizing wounds, sores, &c.

**किचिही** f. (-ही) *Achyranthes aspera*, **इ** किचि a sore, and **ह** what removes, fem. affix **ही**.

**किञ्च** mn. (-ञ्) Ferment, a drug or seed used to produce fermentation, in the manufacture of spirits from sugar, bassia, &c. n. (-ञ्) Sin. **इ** **ञ्** to sound, &c. **ञ्** Unadi affix, and the **इ** irregularly inserted : see **कञ्**.

**किञ्चि** r. 1st cl. (चिञ्चि) 1. To cure, to administer remedies, to practise physio. 2. To remove, to destroy. 3. To chastise. 4. (Usually with **वि** preferred,) To doubt; this root is regular. r. 3rd cl. (चिञ्चि) To know. r. 10th cl. (चिञ्चि) 1. To dwell. 2. To desire; some authorities make it a regular root of the 1st cl. in these senses, and others deny its admitting of any conjugation.

**किञ्च** mfn. (-ञ्) 1. A gamester, a gambler. 2. A cheat, cheating, fraudulent. 3. Mad, crazy. 4. Mischievous, malicious. m. (-ञ्) 1. Thorn apple, (*Datura metel*.) 2. A kind of perfume, commonly Roohana. **इ** किं what, **त** your, (what is your stake or wager?) he who asks such a question, &c.

**किञ्च** m. (-ञ्) An insect described as having eight legs and a very slender body, a species of spider. **इ** किं for किञ्चि a little, and **त** the body.

**किञ्चमा** ind. Whether, either of any. **इ** किं, and **त** with **चा** added.

**किञ्चरा** ind. Whether, either of two. **इ** किं, and **त** with **चा** added.

**किञ्च** ind. 1. Rut. 2. Moreover, further. **इ** A compound particle of किं and **तु** disjunctive particle.

**किञ्च** m. (-ञ्) One of the eleven periods called Karanas.

**किञ्चि** m. (-ञ्) A horse : see **किञ्चि**.

**किञ्चर** m. (-र) 1. A demigod attached to the service of KURVA, a celestial quirister or musician. 2. A kind of flower or attendant on a Jina or Jaina saint. f. (-र) A female Kinnara, or chorister. **इ** किं what, used contemptuously, (what kind of) **र** a man : the Kinnara having, with the human figure, the head of a horse.

**किञ्चरे** m. (-रे) A name of KURVA. **इ** किञ्चर a Kinnara, and **रे** master, lord; also other similar compounds, as **किञ्चरे**.

**किञ्च** ind. 1. A particle of interrogation, (what?) 2. Doubt, (how, what?) 3. Comparison, (thus, as, like, how much less) 4. Conjunction, (again, further.) 5. Place, location, and 6 Agency. **इ** किञ्च and **तु** conjoined.

**किञ्च** ind. (किञ्च or किं) 1. What, how. 2. Either, or; a particle of doubt or interrogation. 3. A particle of contempt. The relative pronoun. mfn. (-ञ्) What, who, which: expressing, 1. Doubt. 2. Interrogation. 3. Disdain. 4. Reproach, (as in English, Who are you, &c.) 5. Kind, sort. **इ** **ञ्** to sound, **हि** Unadi aff.

**किञ्च** ind. What for, wherefore, why. **इ** किञ्च and **च** object.

[किञ्च]

**किञ्च** ind. Either, or, whether implying doubt or discrimination : see **किञ्च**.

**किञ्च** ind. 1. Either, or, whether, implying. 2. Doubt or discrimination. 3. Much, exceeding; a particle of magnitude or quantity. 4. An interrogative, how, what, &c. see **किञ्च**. **इ** किञ्च and the particle **त**.

**किञ्च** mfn. (-ञ्) Miserly, avaricious. **इ** किञ्च what, (nothing.) **ङ्** who cooks.

**किञ्च** mfn. (-ञ्) Miserly, niggardly, avaricious. **इ** किञ्च what, used contemptuously, **ङ्** to cook, and **ङ्** affix, or with **ङ्** only, **किञ्च** : see **किञ्च**, &c.

**किञ्च** mfn. (-ञ्) Mother-led, infantine, childish. m. (-ञ्) A cucurbitaceous plant, (*Trichosanthes palmata*; also *Cucumis colocythus*.) **इ** किं depreciative, and **ङ्** what is ripe or mature.

**किञ्च** m. (-ञ्) 1. A heavenly musician : see **किञ्च**. 2. A division of the universe, one of the nine K'handas or portions into which the world is divided, and described as the country between the Himachala and Hemakuta mountains. 3. A despicable or low man. **इ** किञ्च what, contemptuously, and **ङ्** a man; also with the first vowel of that word lengthened, **किञ्च**.

**किञ्चरे** m. (-र) An epithet of KURVA : see **किञ्चरे**.

**किञ्च** n. (-ञ्) The division of the world, called by this name : see **किञ्च**.

**किञ्च** f. (-र) A kind of perfume, commonly Nali : see **नली**.

**किञ्च** mfn. (-त-त-त) or n. only, (-त) How, in what manner or degree, like what. **इ** किञ्च, and **त** become.

**किञ्च** mfn. (-ञ्) Poor, mean, insignificant. **इ** किं a little, **त** possessive aff.

**किञ्च** f. (-ञ्) Rumour, report. **इ** किं what, **ङ्** to say, and **ङ्** Unadi affix, or with **ङ्** and **ङ्** affixes **किञ्च**.

**किञ्च** ind. Or, else, moreover. **इ** किं what, **वा** or.

**किञ्च** mfn. (-ञ्) How much, how many, ind. (-ञ्) 1. A little. 2. How much, used chiefly in composition; as **किञ्चकाल** how long, for a short time; **किञ्चद्वय** or **किञ्चद्वय** how far, or for a little way. **इ** किं and **त** affix, and **य** is substituted for the **व**.

**किञ्च** f. (-ञ्) Effort, vigorous and persevering exertions. **इ** किञ्च used contemptuously, and **र** from **र** this, affix **ङ्**; (how great a task is this, that it should not be effected, &c.) **ङ्** here, being employed in place of **र**, the word is written **किञ्च**.

**किञ्च** mfn. (-र-र-र) For a short distance, a little way. **इ** किञ्च, and **र** far.

**किञ्च** m. (-ञ्) A horse of a red or bay colour.

**किञ्च** m. (-र) A hog. **इ** **ङ्** to scatter, **ङ्** affix; also **किञ्च**.

**किञ्च** m. (-र) A scribe. **इ** **ङ्** to scatter, **ङ्** aff.

**किञ्च** m. (-र) 1. A ray of light, a sun or moon beam. 2. The sun. **इ** **ङ्** to scatter, (light,) and **ङ्** Unadi aff.

**किञ्च** mfn. (-ञ्) Radiant, bright, refulgent. **इ** **किञ्च** and **ङ्** aff.

**किञ्च** mfn. (-ञ्) The sun. **इ** **किञ्च**, **गङ्गा** a garland, and **र** aff.

**किञ्च** mfn. (-र-र-र) 1. Scattering, spreading. 2. Lighting, shedding light. **इ** **ङ्** to scatter **ङ्** aff.

**किञ्च** m. (-र) 1. A savage, one of the barbarous tribes who inhabit woods and mountains and live by the chase; the Kirrhades of Arrian. 2. Siva as a mountaineer opposed to ARJUNA, the account of which is the subject of the poem, the Kiratarjuniya. 3. A kind of gentian : see **किञ्च**. 4. A pigmy a dwarf. 5. A groom, a horseman. f. (-र) 1. The river GANGES or its goddess. 2. A name of DURGA. 3. A bawd, a procuress. 4. The celestial GANGES or river of Swarga. **इ** **ङ्** to scatter, (speech, &c.) and **त** who goes; also **किञ्च**.

**किञ्च** m. (-र) A kind of gentian, (*Gentiana oherayta*.) **इ** **किञ्च** a savage, **त** pungent, bitter.

**किञ्च** m. (-र) A name of GURUDA the bird of VISNU. **इ** **किञ्च** a pigmy, and **चि** who eats.

**किञ्च** f. (-ञ्) A name of the GANGES. **इ** **ङ्** to scatter, (sound, &c.) to make a murmuring noise, **च** who goes, and **ङ्** aff.

**किञ्च** f. (-र) Indian spikenard; see **चङ्गा**.

**किञ्च** m. (-र) A hog. **इ** **ङ्** to scatter, (dirt, &c.) and **ङ्** Unadi aff.

किरिटि म. (-टि) The fruit of the marshy date tree.

किरोट म. (-ट) A crest, a diadem. म. कृ to scatter, (pearls, &c.) and कीटम् Unadi aff.

किरोटधारक न. (-क) Wearing a tiara, assuming the crown. म. किरिट, and धारक bearing.

किरोटधारिन् mfn. (-री-रि-रि) Crowned, having a tiara. म. (-री) A king. म. किरिट, and धारिन् who wears.

किरोटिन् mfn. (-टो-टि-रि-टि) Crested, crowned. म. (-टो) 1. A king. 2. A name of ARJUNA. म. किरोट a crest, and इति aff.

किर्वा f. (-की) The Palasa tree : see पलाश. 2. A hall, a building, an apartment. 3. An image of gold. 4. A figure of iron. म. कृ to make, कृ and कृष् affixes, deriv. irr.

किर्वा मfn. (-र-र-र) Variegated. म. (-र) 1. The orange tree. 2. The name of a Rakshasa or goblin. 3. A variegated colour. म. कृ to scatter, इरन् affix ; and इट् inserted.

किर्वाजित् म. (-जित्) A name of BHIMA, one of the Pandu princes. म. किर्वा a demon, and जित् who conquers.

किर्वालक f. (-लक) The orange tree. म. किर्वा variegated, and लक bark.

किर्वाभिद् म. (-भिद् or -भिद्) A name of BHIMA : see किर्वाजित्.

किर्वाभूद् म. (-भू) A name of BHIMA : see the preceding.

किल r. 6th cl. (किलयति) 1. To be or become white. 2. To play. r. 10th cl. (किलयति) To send, to throw or cast.

किल ind. An aptote signifying. 1. News, (so said, so reported.) 2. Likelihood, (probably, possibly.) 3. Conciliatory expression. 4. Assertion, certainty, (indeed, verily, assuredly.) 5. Easiness, inaccuracy. म. किल् to send or order, affix क.

किलकिञ्चित् न. (-त्) Armorous agitation, weeping, laughing, being angry, being pleased, &c. in the society of a lover. म. किल play, sport, कि what, some, and चित collected.

किलकिला f. (-ला) Sound expressing joy, or the expression or pleasure by any sound or cry. म. किल play, sport, repeated.

किलकट mf. (-ट) Inspissated milk, curds or coagulated milk ; it may be applied to cheese.

किलकटिन् म. (-टी) A bamboo.

किलास म. (-स) 1. A blotch, a scab. 2. A white leprous spot. म. किल् to play, affix क ; कास् from कास् to reject or throw, with क् affix ; or कस् to be, with क् aff.

किलासक म. (-क) A sort of gourd, (Momordica mixta :) see काकरील. म. किलास a blotch, and क what removes.

किलासिन् mfn. (-सो-सि-सि) Having blotches. म. किलास, and इति aff.

किलिच mn. (-च) A thin plank ; see the next.

किलिच mn. (-च-च) 1. A thin plank of green wood. 2. A mat ; see the next ; also read किलिच.

किलिचक म. (-क) 1. A mat. 2. A screen or twist of grass or straw. म. किल to be white, क added किलि, क what overcomes, from किलि with क affix, and कृ added ; deriv. irr.

किलिन म. (-न) A tree, a kind of fir or pine, (Pinus deodar.) n. (-न) Resin, the extract of the pine. म. किल् to cast, किलन् aff.

किलिन् म. (-ली) A horse ; read also किलिन्.

किलिष n. (-ष) 1. Sin, 2. Fault, offence. 3. Disease, sickness. म. किल् to play sport, टिप्, Unadi affix, and इट् inserted.

किलिषिन् mfn. (-षी-षी-षी) Wicked, culpable, criminal. म. किलिष, and इति aff.

किलिष म. (-ष) A sprout, a shoot : see किलिष.

किलिष म. (-ष) A young shoot : see किलिष.

किलिषवन् म. (-वन्) A bed of young leaves, &c. म. किलिष and वन् a couch ; also किलिषवन् किलिषवन्, &c.

किलीर mfn. (-र-र-र) Young, infantine. म. (-र) 1. A colt. 2. The sun. 3. Benjamin, (Styrax benzoin.) 4. A youth, a lad, one from his

birth to the end of his fifteenth year : a minor in law किलिषवन् : becoming, after his fifteenth year, subject to suits at law or किलिषवन् म. किलि what, used contemptuously, कृ to go, and कीरन् Unadi affix ; also कृ added किलीरक.

किलि र. 10th cl. (किलिषते) To kill, to injure.

किलिष म. (-ष) A mountain in the south of India, in Mysore, the residence of the monkey prince BALI. f. (-षा) A cave in the mountain ; also किलिष.

किलिष म. (-ष) The mountain Kishkind'hya, situated in the peninsula in the northern part of Mysore, near the sources of the pampa river, the territory of BALI, the monkey, from whom it was conquered by RAMA, and transferred to SUGRIVA, another monkey chief. f. (-षा) A cave in the mountain of Kishkind'hya, the peculiar residence of BALI ; also किलिष.

किलिषादिप m. (-प) A name of BALI, a monkey king slain by RAMA. म. किलिष and दिप ruler.

किलि मfn. (-कु-कु-कु) Vile, bad, contemptible. mf. (-कु) 1. A onbit. \* 2. A spaa. 3. The fore-arm. म. कृ to sound, डिप् aff.

किलिपमन् म. (-मन्) 1. Sugar-cane. 2. A bamboo. 3. A reed, (Arundo tibialis.) म. किलि a span or cubit, and पमन् a joint.

किलि म. (-क-क) A sprout or shoot, the extremity of a branch bearing new leaves. म. किलि diminutive, कृ to go, क् affix ; also किलि and किलिष.

किलि म. (-क-क) A sprout, a young shoot : see the preceding. म. As before, affix किलि ; also किलिष.

कीकट mfn. (-ट-टो-टो) 1. Miserly, avaricious. 2. Poor, needy. m. (-ट) 1. A country, (Behar :) or m. plu. (-टा) its inhabitants. 2. A horse. म. किकि to go, कट् affix, deriv. irr.

कीकस mfn. (-स-स-स) Hard, firm. n. (-स) A bone. m. (-स) A worm, an insect. म. कौ derived from किलि what, a depreciating particle, before कृ to go, affix क्.

कीकस म. (-स) A bird in general. म. कीकस a bone, and कास face or mouth ; alluding to the osseous structure of the beak.

कीकि म. (-कि) A blue jay : see किकि.

कीक म. (-क) 1. A bamboo whistling or rattling in the wind. 2. Any hollow bamboo. 3. A reed. 4. A Daitya or infernal demon so named. 5. A particular Rakshasa or goblin. 6. A kind of tree. 7. A prince, the son of KANKARA. म. कीक to touch, to sound, हुन् Unadi affix, and the radical consonants transposed. [conquers.]

कीकजित् म. (-जित्) A name of BHIMA. म. कीक a goblin, and जित् who conquers.

कीकजित् म. (-ज) BHIMA : see the preceding.

कीकजित् म. (-जित्) See the two words preceding.

कीट r. 11th cl. (कीटयति) 1. To tinge or colour. 2. To bind.

कीट म. (-ट) A worm, an insect. म. कीट् to colour or dye, क aff.

कीटक mfn. (-क-का-क) Harsh, hard, unfeeling. m. (-क) 1. A worm, an insect. 2. A bird, panegyrist, descended from a Kshetriya father and Vaisya mother. म. कीट a worm, and क् aff.

कीटक म. (-क) Sulphur. म. कीट a worm, and क what destroys.

कीटक n. (-क) Silk. f. (-का) Lao, an animal dye of a red colour. म. कीट a worm, and क born.

कीटपचीव म. (-व) The change from the chrysalis or larva to the butterfly. म. कीट, पच a wing, and वच evolution.

कीटपादिका f. (-का) A plant, (Oissus pedata.)

कीट मfn. (इक्) Who or what like. म. किलि what, इक् to see, and किलि affix ; also with क् affix ; कीट मfn. (-क-की-क)

कीट मfn. (-क-की-क) 1. A labourer or cultivator of the soil. 2. Small, little. 3. Covetous, niggardly. 4. A slayer of cattle. m. (-क) 1. A name of YAMA. 2. A particular monkey. म. की for का or कृ bad, vile, नाश who destroy, the causal form of कृ to destroy, with क् aff.

**कीर** m. (-रः) 1. A parrot. 2. Kashmir. m. plu. (-रा) The people of Kashmir, n. (-रः) Flesh. 3. को bad, vile, ईर् to send or order, क aff.  
**कीरक** m. (-कः) 1. A tree. 2. A Bud'dha. 3. Obtaining, gaining. 3. कन् added to the last.  
**कीरि** m. (-रः) 1. A tree, a species of mountain Pilu : see ककीर 2. The mango tree. 3. कीर a parrot, and ईर् wished, desired.  
**कीर्त** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Covered, secreted, hidden. 2. Scattered, thrown, cast. 3. Injured, hurt. 4. Full. 3. कृ to scatter, affix क formation irr.  
**कीर्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. Scattering, throwing. 2. Covering, concealing. 3. कृ to scatter, क्ति aff.  
**कीर्तिन** n. (-नः) 1. Saying, telling. 2. Repeating. 3. Celebrating, praising. f. (-नः) Fame, glory. 3. कृत् to praise or celebrate, यत् aff.  
**कीर्तयन्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Praising, celebrating. 3. कृत् to praise, यत् aff.  
**कीर्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. Fame, renown, glory. 2. Favour, approbation. 3. Sound. 4. Light, lustre. 5. Mud, dirt. 6. Diffusing, expansion. 7. One of the Matrikas or personified divine energies of KRISHNA. 3. कृत् to celebrate, क्ति aff.  
**कीर्तिकर** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Conferring fame. 3. कीर्ति, and कर what makes.  
**कीर्तित** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Said, asserted. 2. Known, notorious. 3. Celebrated, praised. 3. कृत् to celebrate, affix क.  
**कीर्तिमान्** mfn. (भाक्) Celebrated, famous. m. (-भाक्) A name of Dronacharya, the military preceptor of the Pandus and Kurus. 3. कीर्ति fame, and भाज् to serve or honour, affix क्ति.  
**कीर्तिमान्** mfn. (-मान्-मन्-मन्) Praised, famous, celebrated. m. (-मान्) The elder brother of Vasudeva. 3. कीर्ति, and मत् aff.  
**कीर्तिमेव** m. (-वः) Death, dying. 3. कीर्ति fame, and मेव end.  
**कीर्तय** mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) To be praised or celebrated. 3. कृत् to praise, यत् aff.  
**कीर्ति** f. (-तिः) A house for straw ; also केसपुत्रो.  
**कीर्त्यमान** mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Covered, bestrewn. 3. कृ to scatter, passive form, यामच् aff.  
**कील** r. 10th cl. (कीलयति) To bind, to fasten, to stake, to pin.  
**कील** mf. (-लः-लः) 1. Flame, lambent flame. 2. Small, minute. m. (-लः) 1. A stake, a pin, a bolt, a wedge, &c. 2. A lance, a spike. 3. A gnomon. 4. A weapon. 5. A post, a pillar. 6. The elbow. 7. A blow or punch with the elbow. 8. A blow, a thump ; (in the three last senses some make this also fem.) 9. A post in a cow-house ; see the next. 3. कील to bind, and क aff.  
**कीलक** m. (-कः) A pillar for cows, &c. to rub themselves against, or one to which they are tied. 2. A pin, a bolt, a wedge. 3. कन् added to the preceding.  
**कीलसंस्पर्श** m. (-शः) A plant, the fruit of which yields a turpentineous substance that has been used in India as pitch, &c. commonly Gab ; (Embryopteris glutinifera, Rox.) 3. कील a bolt, स्पर्श with, and संस्पर्श touch, the fruit being invested with a hard coat.  
**कीला** n. (-लः) 1. Water. 2. Blood. 3. Amrita, the food of the gods. 4. Honey. 3. कील flame, and कल् what opposes, &c. or कील a stake, &c. and कल् what adorns ; from कल् with क्त् aff.  
**कीलाधि** m. (-धिः) The ocean. 3. कीला water, and धि what contains.  
**कीलाप** m. (-पः) A Rakshasa, a sort of goblin or imp. 3. कीला blood, and प who drinks.  
**कीलित** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Bound, tied, confined. 2. Pierced, transfixed. 3. Staked, impaled. 4. Pinned, fastened by a stake, &c. 5. Set up. 3. stake or pole. 3. कील to bind, affix क.  
**कीलित** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Naked. m. (-तः) 1. A monkey, an ape. 2. The sun. 3. water, &c. ईर् who has power over, and क aff.  
**कीलक** mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) A tree, (Achyranthes aspera) : see कवामादी ; also 3. कील a monkey, पृथ्वी a leaf.

**कु** r. 1st cl. (कु) कुङ् (कन्दले) r. 2nd cl. (कु) कुङ् (कोति) r. 3rd cl. (कु) कुङ् (कन्दले) r. 3rd cl. (कु) कुङ् (कन्दले) 1. To sound, to sound indistinctly, to moan, to groan. 2. To cry as a bird, to ooo, to hum as a bee, &c.  
**कु** f. (-कुः) The earth, ind. A particle of depreciation, and implying. 1. Sin, guilt. 2. Reproach, contempt. 3. Diminution, littleness. 4. Prevention, hindrance, as कुङ् a bad road, &c. 3. कु to sound, क्ति affix, or कुङ् to sound, with the affix व.  
**कु** r. 1st cl. (कु) To take, to accept.  
**कु** mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Taking, accepting. 3. कु and क aff.  
**कु** n. (-कुः) Spirituous liquor.  
**कुङ्कर** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. Having a crooked or withered arm. 2. Wicked, acting wickedly. 3. कु bad, and कर the hand ; or कृ to do, ट aff.  
**कुङ्करी** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Wicked, bad. n. (-रः) Wickedness, depravity, villainy. 3. कु bad, कङ्करी act.  
**कुङ्करीकारि** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Wicked, depraved. 3. कुङ्करी, and कारिन् who does.  
**कुङ्करी** m. (-रः) A mountain. 3. कु earth, and कील a pin or bolt.  
**कुङ्कर** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) One who gives a girl, decorated with fit ornaments and with the prescribed ceremonies, in marriage. 3. कुङ्करी to take and कृ who gives : see कुङ्कर.  
**कुङ्कर** n. (-रः) or n du. (-रः) the cavities of the loins. 3. कुङ्कर a hollow, a cave, from कु the earth, and कृ to rend or tear, कु bad, vile, prefixed ; it is also written कङ्कर.  
**कुङ्करा** f. (-रा) One of the female personifications of music or Raginis.  
**कुङ्कर** m. (-रः) 1. A dog. 2. A branch of the Yadu race : see कुङ्कर. 3. A plant and perfume : see कृष्णवर्णी. m. plu. (-राः) A country : see दमाई. 3. कुङ्करी to take, उरच् Unadi affix ; also कुङ्कर.  
**कुङ्कराधिनाथ** m. (-धः) KRISHNA. 3. कुङ्कर a Yadu, and अधिनाथ chief.  
**कुङ्कर** m. (-कः) Weakness, of the eyes in infants.  
**कुङ्कल** n. (-लः) 1. A hole filled with stakes. 2. Conflagration of chaff. 3. Armour, mail. 3. कु the earth, and कुल a bank, &c.  
**कुङ्कल** n. (-लः) Wickedness, evil. 3. कु, and कुल act.  
**कुङ्कली** n. (-ली) The jujube : see कीलि.  
**कुङ्कट** m. (-टः) 1. A cock. 2. A wild cock. 3. The offspring of a Sudra or man of the fourth caste, by a Chandala woman. 4. A whisp of lighted straw, a firebrand. 5. A spark of fire. f. (-टीः or टी) Hypocrisy, interested observance of religious duties. f. (-टी) 1. A hen. 2. A small house lizard. 3. The silk cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.) 3. कुङ्कट taking, from कुङ्क with क्ति affix, and कुट् to cut or scratch, with क affix ; scratching up the earth, &c. or कु bad, कुट् to cut, &c. and क inserted.  
**कुङ्कट** m. (-कः) 1. A cock. 2. A wild cock. 3. A man of a mixed caste, one sprung from a Sudra and the female of a barbarian. 3. कन् added to the preceding.  
**कुङ्कटमन्त्र** m. (-मन्त्रः) A place where final emancipation may be attained ; also कृष्णमन्त्र.  
**कुङ्कटमन्त्र** n. (-मन्त्रः) A sort of pepper, (Piper chavya.) 3. कुङ्कट, and मन्त्र head ; to what the flower may be compared.  
**कुङ्कटमन्त्र** n. (-मन्त्रः) A religious observation, (worship of Siva,) on the seventh of the light fortnight of Bhadra, by women, especially for the sake of obtaining offspring. 3. कुङ्कट a howl, and मन्त्र religious rite ; alluding to the fruitfulness of the hen.  
**कुङ्कटि** m. (-कः) Safflower, (Carthamus tinctorius.) 3. कुङ्कट a cock, and टिङ्क a crest ; cockscomb.  
**कुङ्कटा** n. (-कः) A fowl's egg. 3. कुङ्कटी and कङ्कट an egg.  
**कुङ्कटा** m. (-कः) A kind of snake, compared to a fowl, in some respects, perhaps from having a crest or comb. 3. कुङ्कट a cock, and कङ्कट who is or resembles, from कङ्कट to shine, prefix कङ्कट and affix क.

कुम्भिका m. (-विः) A kind of snake : see the preceding.  
 कुम्भ m. (-कः) 1. A wild cock, (*Phasianus gallus*). 2. Varanish, oiling or oily gloss, also कुम्भक m. (-कः) n. कुम्भ imitative sound, कु to utter sound, and क् aff. irr.  
 कुम्भ m. (-कः) A dog. n. (-कः) A vegetable perfume, commonly Gant-hials : see कम्पिपरी. f. (-री) A bitch. n. कुम्भ to take. उरन् Unadi affix, and क inserted; also कुम्भ.  
 कुम्भक m. (-कः) A sort of deer.  
 कुम्भ m. (-कः) The belly. n. कुम्भ to extract, and क् affix; by which the faeces are excreted; also कुम्भ.  
 कुम्भ m. (-विः) The belly, the cavity of the abdomen. n. कुम्भ to extract, and क् affix; see the preceding.  
 कुम्भिक mfn. (-विः-रिः-रिः) Voracious, gluttonous, filling or pampering the belly. n. कुम्भ the belly, क् to nourish, affix वि.  
 कुम्भिक m. (-कः) A reed. n. कुम्भ and क्, a hole.  
 कुम्भिक f. (-विः) Evil report, infamy. n. कु bad, and कुम्भ fame.  
 कुम्भ m. (-कः) Saffron, (*Crocus sativus*). n. कुम्भ to take, and क् aff.  
 कुम्भक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Red, coppery red. n. कुम्भ and क्, copper.  
 कुम्भक f. (-कः) the dust or pollen of saffron. n. कुम्भ and क्, dust  
 कुम्भक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Dyed or stained with saffron, orange, yellow. n. कुम्भ and क्, anointed.  
 कुम्भक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Marked with saffron, dyed or stained of an orange colour. n. कुम्भ and क्, a mark.  
 कुम्भक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Red, ruddy. n. कुम्भ and क्, purple.  
 कुम्भ r. 1st cl. (कीकृति) 1. To sound high, to utter a loud, shrill cry, as a bird. 2. To go. 3. To polish. 4. To touch. 5. To furrow or mark with lines. 6. To be crooked. 7. To write. 8. To oppose. 9. To contend. 10. To be restricted or confined, to contract. r. 6th cl. (वि) विकुम्भ (कुम्भति) or with क् prefixed, (ककुम्भति or ककुम्भति) 1. To straiten, to narrow or contract. 2. To be straitened, to shrink, to contract. With क् to bribe; with वि, and क्, to expand.  
 कुम्भ m. (-कः) A breast, a pap. n. कुम्भ to bind or confine, क् aff.  
 कुम्भक m. (-कः) The female breast. n. कुम्भ and कुम्भ vase.  
 कुम्भिका f. (-का) A plant, (*Aletris hyacinthoides*) : see कुम्भा.  
 कुम्भक n. (-कः) The female breast. n. कुम्भ, and कुम्भ bank.  
 कुम्भक n. (-कः) A nipple. n. कुम्भक and क्, tip.  
 कुम्भक n. (-कः) 1. Red sanders, (*Pterocarpus santalinus*). 2. Sappan or log wood : see कुम्भा. 3. Saffron. 4. A leguminous plant, (*Adenanthera pavonina*). n. कु bad, inferior, and क्, Sandal.  
 कुम्भक m. (-कः) The pomegranate. n. कुम्भ, and क्, fruit of the shape of the breast.  
 कुम्भ mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) 1. Censorious, detracting. 2. Following evil practices, low, vile, wicked. n. कु vile, and क्, who goes.  
 कुम्भ f. (-कः) Impropriety, wickedness. n. कु bad, क्, practice.  
 कुम्भ n. (-कः) A nipple. n. कुम्भ a breast, and क्, point, end.  
 कुम्भक f. (-कः) Wood sorrel, (*Oxalis monadelphica*) : see कुम्भक.  
 कुम्भिक m. (-कः-कः) A kind of fish, in shape like an eel, commonly Kunchiya, (*Unibranchapertura Cunchiya*, Ham.)  
 कुम्भिक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) 1. Closed, contracted. 2. Measured. n. कुम्भ to contract, क्, Unadi aff.  
 कुम्भ mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Ill clothed, dressed in dirty or tattered garments. f. (-कः-कः) A plant, (*Cissampelos hexandra*) : see कुम्भक. n. कु bad, and क्, a garment.  
 कुम्भ n. (-कः) The white water lily.  
 कुम्भ r. 1st cl. (क) कुम्भ (कीकृति) 1. To steal or rob. (क) कुम्भ (कुम्भति) To squand inappropriately.  
 कुम्भ m. (-कः) 1. The plant Man. 2. A demon; also called Naska. 3. A tree. f. (-कः) 1. A name of Durga. 2. Of Shiva. n. कु the earth, and क्, to go, with क्.  
 कुम्भ mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) A house-breaker; also कुम्भिक

कुम्भिक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) A thief, a house-breaker; also कुम्भिक and कुम्भिक.  
 कुम्भिक m. (-कः) A sort of fish.  
 कुम्भिक f. (-कः-कः) A fog or mist. n. कु the earth, and क्, to be entangled, affix वि; also कुम्भिक.  
 कुम्भिक f. (-कः) A fog or mist : see the preceding.  
 कुम्भ r. 1st cl. (-कः) कुम्भ (कुम्भति) 1. To go, to go to or towards. 2. To move crookedly. 3. To make crooked. 4. To be crooked. 5. To lessen, to make small. 6. To be or become small, to shrink as a substance. 7. To contract or draw in, (as the thoughts,) Some read this root कुम्भ but needlessly.  
 कुम्भ n. (-कः) 1. Carving, bending. 2. Contracting. 3. Contraction of the eyelids. n. कुम्भ to go crookedly, क्, aff.  
 कुम्भ f. (-विः) A measure of quantity equal to eight handfals. n. कुम्भ to be curved, क्, aff.  
 कुम्भिका f. (-का) 1. A plant bearing a red and black seed, used as a weight, (*Abrus precatorius*) : see कुम्भ. 2. The branch or shoot of a bamboo. 3. A plant bearing a pungent seed, (*Nigella Indica*) : see कुम्भिका. 4. A fish, commonly Cunchiya, in shape like an eel and eaten as one, (*Unibranchapertura cunchiya*). 5. A key. n. कुम्भ to go crookedly, &c. कुम्भ affix, with the fem. termination.  
 कुम्भिक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Crooked, curved, bent. n. कुम्भ to go crookedly, affix क्.  
 कुम्भ m. (-कः-कः) 1. A place overgrown with creeping plants, a bower, an arbour. 2. An elephant's tusk or ivory. 3. The lower jaw. n. कु the earth, and क्, produced, क्, inserted.  
 कुम्भक m. (-कः) A bower, an arbour. n. कुम्भ and कुम्भ a small house.  
 कुम्भ m. (-कः) 1. An elephant. 2. (In composition,) Pre-eminent, as कुम्भक an excellent man. 3. Hair. 4. A country. f. (-कः-कः) 1. A female elephant. (-कः) 1. A plant, (*Bignonia suave-olens*). 2. A shrub, (*Grislea tomentosa*) n. कुम्भ a tusk, an arbour, &c. and क्, what forms or possesses.  
 कुम्भकिक f. (-कः) A plant described as bearing a fruit which resembles long pepper : see कुम्भकिक.  
 कुम्भकिक m. (-कः) 1. The Sarabha, a fabulous animal. 2. A lion. n. कुम्भ an elephant, and क्, an enemy.  
 कुम्भकिक n. (-कः) A species of esculent root, a sort of yam.  
 कुम्भकिक m. (-कः) The holy fig tree, (*Ficus religiosa*) n. कुम्भ an elephant, and क्, food.  
 कुम्भ m. (-कः) Sour gruel : see कुम्भिक. n. कु bad, and क्, water. form irr.  
 कुम्भिक f. (-का) Kalonji, (*Nigella Indica*) : see कुम्भिका.  
 कुम्भ (क) r. 6th cl. (कुम्भति) 1. To make crooked. 2. To be or become crooked. 3. To be dishonest, to cheat or deceive. (क) कुम्भ (कुम्भति) 1. To be stopped or obstructed, to be prevented from moving. 2. To confound or disorder from pain or grief : see कुम्भ r. 10th cl. (कुम्भते, कीकृति) 1- To cut : see कुम्भ. 2. To heat : see कुम्भ.  
 कुम्भ m. (-कः-कः) 1. A water pot. m. (-कः-कः) A house; also कुम्भ. m. (-कः) 1. A fort, a strong hold. 2. A tree : see कुम्भ. 3. A hammer, a mallet for breaking small stones. 4. A mountain. f. (-कः) 1. A kind of perfume, commonly Mura. 2. A bawd, a procurer or go-between. 3. A nosegay, a handle or tuft of flowers or vegetables. n. कुम्भ to go crookedly, &c. क्, aff.  
 कुम्भ m. (-कः) A roof, a thatch. n. कुम्भ a house, in the third case, and क्, what makes.  
 कुम्भक m. (-कः) 1. An arbour formed by creeping plants overrunning tree. 2. A roof or thatch. 3. A house, small house, a hut or cot tage : see कुम्भक.  
 कुम्भक m. (-कः) Coraga : see the next.  
 कुम्भ m. (-कः) A medicinal plant, commonly : Coraga, (*Elechites antidys-*

senetica, Rox.) the seeds are used as a vermifuge : see कटुसूत. 2. A name of the saint AGASTYA. 3. Also of DAONA a sage and warrior : see द्रोण. ४. कट a mountain peak, and क what is produced ; the vowel of कट being made short.

कटसूत n. (-क) a fragrant grass : see सुत.

कटमट m. (-ट) A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) n. (-ट) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) ३. कटन् being crooked, कट् to dance or wave, and कच् aff.

कटप m. (-प) 1. A saint, a divine sage or Muni. 2. A garden or grove near a house. 3. A measure of grain, &c, see कटप n. (-प) A lotus. ३. कट a house, and प what nourishes.

कटर m. (-र) A post round which the string passes that works the churning stick : see कटर.

कटन n. (-न) A tent, a house of cloth or canvas. ३. कट् to be crooked कच् Unadi aff.

कटवका f. (-का) A plant commonly Teori, (Convolvulus turpethum.)

कटव n. (-व) A roof, a thatch : see कटव.

कटवारिका f. (-का) A female slave or servant. ३. कट a water pot, and वारिका who carries.

कटि mf. (-टि-टिः or -टो) A house. m. (-टिः) 1. A tree. 2. The body. 3. Curvature, a curve. ३. कट् to be crooked, कच् Unadi aff.

कटिचर m. (-र) A porpoise. ३. कटि a curve, चर who goes.

कटित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Crooked, bent. ३. कट् to be curved, कच् Unadi affix ; also कटिल.

कटिद mfn. (-ता-नी-द) 1. Being bent. 2. Acting dishonestly. ३. कट् to be crooked, कच्, aff.

कटिर n. (-र) A hut, a cottage. ३. कटि a house, र to be like, कच् aff.

कटिल mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Crooked, bent. 2. Dishonest, fraudulent. ३. (-कं) Tin. f. (-का) The name of a river, the Kutila river, according to some, a name of the SARASWATI. ३. कट् to be crooked, किलच्, Unadi aff.

कटिलगामिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-मि) Tortuous, going crookedly. ३. कटिल, and गामिन् what goes.

कटिलता f. (-ता) 1. Crookedness. 2. Guile, dishonesty. ३. कटिल and तच् affix ; also with त्, कटिलत्. n. (-तः).

कटिलिना f. (-का) 1. A blacksmith's forge. 2. Crouching, coming stealthily as a hunter on his prey. ३. कटिलिन् and किलच् aff.

कटोचक m. (-क) One who lives at his son's expense.

कटोचर m. (-र) An ascetic of a particular order, one who consigns the care of his family to his son, and remains at home engaged solely in devotion. ३. कटो a house, and चर who goes.

कटोर m. (-र) A small house, a hut, a hovel. ३. कटो a house, and र aff.

कटुचक m. (-क) 1. An arbour or bower, formed of creeping plants. 2. A thatch, a roof. 3. A hut, a cottage. 4. A creeper winding round a tree. ३. कट् to be crooked, क affix, कट and कच् the body, with कच् added ; the form is irr. ; also कटुचक.

कटुचक r. 10th cl. (कटुचकने) To support a family.

कटुचक m. (-क) 1. A name. 2. A kinsman, a relation by descent 3. A connexion, a relation by the mother's side, by marriage, &c. 4. Offspring, progeny. 5. Family, race. ३. कटुचक to support a family, and कच् aff.

कटुचक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Being of one family. n. (-कं) A family, a kindred ३. कच् added to the last.

कटुचकयतन m. (-तः) A provident and attentive father of a family. ३. कटुचक kindred, and यतन one who manages.

कटुचकित f. (-तः) Family connexion or union, living as one family. ३. कटुचकित्, add तच् affix ; also with त्, कटुचकित.

कटुचकित mfn. (-नी-विनी-मि) 1. A peasant, a cultivator of the soil. 2. One who supports or has a family. m. (-नी) A householder, a pater-familias. f. (-विनी) 1. The wife of a householder and mother of a

family, a matron. 2. A small shrub used in medicine, a kind of moon plant : see कटुचकित. ३. कटुचक kindred, &c. and कटि पोसा aff.

कटुचकित n. adj. (-नी) For the support or on account of a family. ३. कटुचक, and कच् object.

कटुचकित n. (-कः) Apartments, &c. appropriated to the accommodation of relations, &c. ३. कटुचक kindred, and कटुचक a house.

कटेर m. (-र) A hut, a cottage. ३. कट् to be crooked, कच् Unadi aff.

कट r. 10th cl. (कटयति) 1. To cut, to divide. 2. To grind or pound. 3. To censure. 1st cl. (कटयति) 10th cl. (कटयति) To heat, some make this root कट.

कटन mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. What cuts. 2. What pounds or grinds. n. (-क) 1. A power in arithmetic or algebra, a quantity such, that a given number being multiplied by it, and the product added to a given quantity, the sum may be divisible without remainder by a given divisor. 2. A kingfisher. ३. कट् to pound, कच् aff.

कटनचक्र m. (-रः) That branch of arithmetic which treats of the Kuttaka : see the last. ३. कटन, and चक्र प्रतीति ; also कटनचक्र or chapter.

कटन n. (-क) 1. Pounding, grinding, cutting, dividing. 2. Abusing. f. (-नी) A bawd, a procuress, a go-between. ३. कट् to cut, कट् and कच् affs.

कटनित n. (-तं) One of the ten graces of women, affected repulse of a lover's caresses.

कटनित mfn. (-कः-का-कं) What cuts or divides. ३. कट् to cut, किलच् aff.

कटार m. (-रः) A mountain n. (-र) 1. Pleasure. 2. A blanket adv. Only, merely. (किल) This word is also written कटार and कटार, but perhaps inaccurately.

कटिन् mfn. (-नी-विनी-मि) What cuts or pounds. f. (-नी) A bawd, a procuress. ३. कटि cutting, किलच् aff.

कटिन् mn. (-नः-नं) 1. A jewel mine. 2. Ground smoothed and plastered. 3. Ground prepared for the site of a mansion. 4. A hut, a cottage. 5. The pomegranate. ३. कट् to cut or pierce, and किलच् aff.

कटिचरिका f. (-का) A female servant, a slave : see कटिचरिका.

कटोर m. (-रः) A mountain : कटोर.

कटुचक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) An opening bud. n. (-कं) One of the hells in which sinners are punished, where they are bound with ropes. ३. कट् to be curved, and किलच् Unadi affix, or किलच् affix, with कट् inserted.

कट (र) कटि 1st cl. (कटयति) To be idle. r. 10th cl. (कटयति) To surround ; कच् is usually prefixed.

कट m. (-टः) A tree. ३. कट the earth, and कट् to abide, कच् affix ; earth-abiding ; the deriv. is irregular, and is sometimes written कट, derived from कट् to be crooked, to bend or wave, affix क.

कटर m. (-रः) The post round which the string of the churning stick winds : see कटर. ३. कट् to surround, किलच् aff.

कटाक m. (-क) A bird ; the woodpecker. ३. कट for कट to cut, and किलच् Unadi aff.

कटारक m. (-कः) An axe. ३. कट a tree, कट् prefixed to कटि to bind, and कच् aff.

कटार mf. (-रः-नी) 1. An axe. 2. A sort of hoe or spade. m. (-रः) A tree. ३. कट a tree, and कट to go, affix कच्.

कटारिका f. (-का) A small one or adze ; also a similarly shaped instrument used in surgery for scarification. ३. कच् added to the preceding.

कटार m. (-रः) 1. A tree. 2. A monkey, an ape. 3. An armourer. ३. कट a tree, कट to go, affix कच्.

कटि m. (-टिः) 1. A mountain. 2. A tree. ३. कट् to surround, and कच् Unadi aff.

कटिचक m. (-कः) A kind of costus, commonly, cut'h, (Costus speciosus.)

कटेर m. (-रः) 1. A name of fire. 2. Trinit or basil : see the next. ३. कट् to surround, किलच् Unadi aff.

कुडेरस म. (-कः) 1. Holy basil, (*Ocimum sanctum*); see वसुधा. 2. A white sort of the same, (*Ocimum gratissimum*). ३. कन् added to the preceding.

कुडेरस म. (-कः) A white species of basil; also कुडेरस.

कुडेर म. (-कः) The wind of a fan or Chowrie.

कुड (वि) r. 6th cl. (कुडति) 1. To play or act as a child, to trifle. 2. To eat. ३. To heap. (कः) कुडि r. 1st cl. (कुडति) 1. To confound or disorder with grief or pain. 2. To form, to make. ३. (कुडति) To burn, to heat, r. 1st and 10th cls. (कुडति, कुडयति) To preserve.

कुडप म. (-पः) A measure : see the next.

कुडप म. (-कः) A measure of grain, wood, iron, &c. the fourth part of a Prastha, described by some as a vessel four fingers wide, and as many deep, and containing twelve Prakritis or handfuls; it is also said to contain thirteen and a half cubic Angulas; or to be a finger and half deep, and three fingers each length and breadth. In medicine it is equal to two Prakritis or thirty-two Tolakas. ३. कुड् to heap, कन् affix; also कुडप and कुटप.

कुडि म. (-डि) The body. ३. कुड् to born, इ Unadi aff.

कुडिका f. (-का) An earthen or wooden water pot used by ascetics.

कुडि म. (-कः) A fish, commonly Kurohi, (*Cyprinus curchius*, HAM.)

कुडप म. (-पः) The clasp or fastening of a necklace or bracelet.

कुडनल म. (-लः) A new bud; see कुडन.

कुडनलित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Budded, blossomed. 2. Cheerful, smiling, (as the countenance.) ३. कुडनल and लत् aff.

कुड न. (-च) 1. A wall. 2. Anointing, plastering. ३. Eagerness, curiosity. ३. कु to sound, and कन् affix, or कुड् to heap, &c. and कप् affix; also क्वा.

कुडन न. (-कः) A wall : see the preceding, कन् being added.

कुडनदिन् म. (-दी) A thief, a house-breaker, ३. कुडय a wall, and डेदिन् who cuts or breaks.

कुडन्येय न. (-यः) An opening, a hole in a wall, a breach. ३. कुडय a wall, and डेय to be broken.

कुडनल म. (-लः-ली) A house lizard. ३. कुडय a wall, and लल a fish.

कुड r. 6th cl. (कुडति) 1. To sound. 2. To cherish, to support or aid with gifts, &c. ३. To be in pain. r. 10th cl. (कुडयति) 1. To converse with, to speak to or address. 2. To counsel or advise.

कुडप mfn. (-पः-पी-प) Foul smelling, stinking. mn. (-पः-प) 1. A dead body, a corpse. m. (-पः) 1. A stink, a foul smell. 2. A spear. f. (-पी) A small bird, a kind of Maina or Salik; see त्रिदशरिका. ३. क्वा to sound, कप् affix, क् is changed to its congener च; sound proceeding from the corpse, &c. by the escape of the vital air, &c.

कुडल म. (-कः) The name of a country. ३. क्वा to sound, क्वाल् Unadi affix; क् becomes च.

कुडि m. (-डि) 1. A cripple with a crooked or withered arm, or with out a hand or finger; क्वा 2. The Tun tree, (*Cedrela tunna*); also तुडि. ३. A whitlow. ३. कुड् to sound, क् aff.

कुडि म. (-डः) Sound, sounding. ३. क्वा to sound, क्वाल् aff.

कुडक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Fat, corpulent. ३. कुडि to be crooked, कन् aff.

कुड mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Indolent, lazy, slow. 2. Stupid, foolish, a fool. ३. कुडि to be slothful, &c. affix क्वा.

कुडक mfn. (-कः-का-क) A fool, stupid, ignorant. ३. कन् added to the former.

कुडि mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Grasped, held. 2. Encircled. ३. Stupid. ३. कुडि and क्वा aff.

कुड म. (-कः) A son born in adultery, the son of a woman by another man than her husband, while the husband is alive. n. (-कः) 1. A hole in the ground for receiving and preserving consecrated fire. 2. A pool, a well, a spring of basin of water, especially consecrated to some holy purpose or person. ३. A measure, mf. (-कः-की) A

pitcher. f. (-की) A student's water-pot, made of a hollow coconut, &c. ३. कुडि to preserve, क्वा aff.

कुडकीट म. (-कः) 1. A follower of the Charvaka doctrine, or the tenets of those sects who deny the authority of the Vedas. 2. The son of a woman of the Brahminical tribe born in adultery, particularly with a man of an inferior caste. ३. A keeper of concubines, a man who has female slaves. ३. कुड a pool, &c. and कीट a worm, a reptile.

कुडकीट म. (-कः) A low, vile man : see कानर.

कुडनील म. (-लः) Sour rice gruel.

कुडनील म. (-कः) Sour rice gruel; see कानिज. ३. कुड a pitcher, कुड् to preserve, कुड् affix, क् is changed to क्.

कुडक म. (-कः) An arbour, a bower, ३. कुडि to preserve, कन् aff.

कुडपाय म. (-यः) A sacrifice, an oblation. ३. कुड, and पाय to be imbibed.

कुडल न. (-लः) 1. An earring. 2. A bracelet. ३. A fetter, a tie, a collar. f. (-ली) 1. Mountain ebony : see कानक. 2. Guruchi, a plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*.) see गुडूची. ३. Cowach. ३. कुडि to preserve, कन् aff.

कुडलधारक न. (-कः) Wearing earrings. ३. कुडल, and धारक having.

कुडलधारिन् mfn. (-री-रि-रि) Wearing earrings. ३. कुडल, and धारिन् who has.

कुडलिन् mfn. (-ली-लि-लि) Having an earring. m. (-ली) 1. A name of VARUNA regent of the water. 2. A snake. ३. A peacock. 4. The spotted or painted deer. f. (-ली) 1. A Sakti or form of DURGA, worshipped by the Tantrikas. 2. A plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*.) ३. Curds boiled with Ghee and spices. ३. कुडल and earring, and इनि affix; the rings on the snake, the eyes in the peacock's tail, &c. being compared to this ornament.

कुडलिन् म. (-ली) 1. A pander, a pimp. 2. One who is supported by a bastard. ३. कुड, क्वा to eat, and इनि aff.

कुडिका f. (-का) 1. A student's waterpot, the Kamandalu. 2. A pitcher. ३. कुड a pitcher, &c. कन् added with the fem. aff.

कुडिन न. (-नः) A city; also Vidarb'ha, the capital of Vidarb'ha the father-in-law of Nala Raja, apparently the modern Ondavir. m. plur. (-नः) The people of Kundina. m. (-नः) The name of a saint. ३. कुडि to preserve, इन् Unadi aff.

कुडिन् म. (-डी) A bastard : see कुड. ३. कुड and इनि aff.

कुडीर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Able, powerful. m. (-रः) A man.

कुडतु mfn. (-तुः-ती-तु) Deformed. m. (-तुः) A name of KURVA. ३. कु bad, vile, and तु body, this deity being of a monstrous appearance, having three legs and but eight teeth.

कुडप mfn. (-पः-पा-प) Slightly hot, mild, tepid. mn. (-पः-प) 1. The eight Muburta or portion of the day, from the last Danda of the second watch to the first of the third or about noon; an eligible time for the performance of sacrifices to the manes. 2. A daughter's son. ३. A musical instrument. 4. A sort of blanket made of the hair of the mountain goat. ५. Sacrificial grass, (*Poa cynosuroides*). m. (-पः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. ३. A twice born man, one of the three first classes. 4. A guest. ५. A sister's son. 6. An ox. ३. कु the earth, and तप what warms, or कु diminutive, and तप heat; the sun being on the decline, &c.

कुडपसक न. (-कः) A Sraddha in which seven constituents occur, moon, a horn platter, a Nepal blanket, silver, sacrificial grass, sesamum and kine. ३. कुडप, and, सप्त sevenfold.

कुडचन ind. Anywhere, somewhere. ३. कन् added to. कुडच

कुडचिन् ind. Somewhere or other. ३. चिन् added to कुडच

कुडच ind. Implying interrogation, 1. How, what. 2. How, in what way, how should it be thus, &c. implying denial or concealment of knowledge. ३. Whence, from what place. ३. कु for चिन् what, and चिन् aff.



कुतल mfn. (-कः-ल-ल) Whence come, how happened. म. कृ added to the last.

कुतल n. (-ल) 1. Eagerness, vehemence. 2. Desire, inclination. 3. Curiosity. म. कुत a particular sound, कृ to emit sound, ल affix; also कृतिङ्.

कुतल m. (-ल) A small leathern oil bottle. mn. (-लः-ल) The eighth hour of the day; see कुतल म. कुतल as below, and उपल aff.

कुतल f. (-लः) A leathern oil bottle. म. कु bad, and ल to spread, ल affix, and the final lengthened.

कुतल m. ((कः)) Weakness of the eyes in infants; also read कुतल.

कुतल mfn. (-कः-ल-ल) 1. Excellent, best, praised, celebrated. 2. Surprising, wonderful. n. (-ल) 1. Eagerness, vehemence, impetuosity. 2. Desire, inclination. 3. Curiosity. म. कु had ल to send forth, ल affix, and ल inserted; or कु an oil bottle, and ल to make limes or furrows; or कु the earth, and ल to vex or tease; the etymologies however are all fanciful; the word is also written कृतिङ्.

कुतल mfn. (-कृ-तिङ्-ल-ल) 1. Curious, inquisitive. 2. Eager, impatient. म. कुतल, and ल aff.

कुतल n. (-ल) An aquatic plant, water-house leek, (*Pistia stratiotes*) म. bad, ल grass.

कुतल ind. Where, wherein, in what place. म. कु substituted for कि what, and ल aff.

कुतल ind. Somewhere. म. ल added to कुतल.

कुतल ind. Wherever, somewhere. म. कुतल, and ल certainly.

कुतल r. 10th cl. (कुतल-ल-ल) To despise, to abuse, to revile. [aff.]

कुतल n. (-ल) Abuse, contempt, reproach, reviling. म. कुतल to revile, कुतल.

कुतल f. (-ल) The indigo plant; see कृतिङ्.

कुतल f. (-ल) Reproach, contempt, censure. म. कुतल to despise, ल, and ल aff.

कुतल mfn. (-कृ-तिङ्-ल-ल) Censorious, abusive. म. कुतल and ल added who speaks.

कुतल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Low, vile, contemptible, contemned, reviled, &c. n. (-ल) A grass. (*Oyperus*) म. कुतल to reproach, &c., and ल aff.

कुतल r. 4th cl. (कुतल) To stink. r. 9th cl. (कुतल) 1. To be distressed; see कुतल (र) कुतल r. 1st cl. (कुतल) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To afflict, to give pain. 3. To be afflicted, to suffer pain.

कुतल m. (-ल-ल) A painted or variegated cloth or blanket, serving as an elephant's housings. m. (-ल) Sacrificial or Kusa grass, (*Poa cynosuroides*) म. कुतल to be connected, &c. ल aff.

कुतल r. 10th cl. (कुतल) To lie, to speak falsely; see कुतल.

कुतल m. (-ल) 1. Mountain ebony. 2. A kind of spade; see कुतल.

कुतल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Having bad eyes. f. (-ल) 1. Heterodox doctrine, as that of the Sankhyas, &c. 2. Weak sight. 3. Evil eye. म. कु bad, ल sight.

कुतल m. (-ल) Mountain ebony.

कुतल m. (-ल) See the next; sometimes also written कुतल.

कुतल m. (-ल) 1. A mountain ebony, (*Bauhinia variegata*, &c.) also लाल. 2. A kind of spade or hoe. म. कु the earth, and ल to divide, with ल prefixed, and ल affix, or with ल to divide, कुतल; also कुतल, &c.

कुतल n. (-ल) An opening bud; see कुतल.

कुतल n. (-ल) A wall; see कुतल.

कुतल r. 1st cl. (कुतल) To speak falsely, to lie; some read this root कुतल.

कुतल m. (-ल) A dwelling raised on a platform or scaffold. It is sometimes written कुतल म. कु the earth, and ल what goes.

कुतल m. (-ल) A kind of grass, the grain of which is eaten by the poor, (*Paspalum scrobiculatum*); also लाल. म. कु the earth, and ल to be fixed, ल aff.

कुतल m. (-ल) A mountain. म. कु the earth, ल to be fixed, ल aff.

कुतल mfn. (-कः-ल-ल) Having ugly nails. म. (-ल) A disease of the nails. म. कु bad, ल a nail; also with ल added, कुतल; see the next.

कुतल mfn. (-कृ-तिङ्-ल-ल) Having bad or diseased nails. म. कुतल, ल, and ल aff.

कुतल m. (-ल) A sort of trumpet flower. f. (-ल) 1. Red arsenic. 2. Coriander. म. कु the earth, and ल to dance, also कुतल.

कुतल m. (-ल) A tree, (*Alchynomene grandiflora*) म. कु bad, ल a stalk, and ल aff.

कुतल m. (-ल) 1. A whirlwind. 2. Kuvra's aggregate treasure; see लल म. कु the world, and ल the navel.

कुतल m. (-ल) A plant, commonly Japasa; see लाल. म. कु the earth, and ल what injures.

कुतल f. (-ल) 1. Impolicy, misgovernment. 2. Ill conduct, misbehaviour. म. कु bad, ल policy.

कुतल m. (-ल-ल) 1. A bearded dart, a lance. m. (-ल) 1. A species of grain, (*Ox barbata*, Rox.) 2. A small animal, an insect. 3. Passiveness. f. (-ल or -ल) 1. A wife of PANDU, and mother of the three elder PANDAVA princes, by as many gods. 2. The gum olibanum tree, (*Roswellia thurifera*) 3. Beellium, a fragrant resin. 4. The wife of a Brahman. म. कु bad, and ल end, destroying ill, enemies, &c. or कु the head, and ल to give pain, ल substituted for ल fem. affix ल or ल.

कुतल m. (-ल) 1. Hair. 2. A drinking cup. 3. Barley. 4. A plough. 5. The name of a country in the north-west of the peninsula. m. plu. (-ल) The people of the inhabitants of Kuntala. म. कुतल a dart, and ल to bring or gain, ल aff.

कुतल f. (-ल) A butter-knife or scoop. म. कुतल a cup, &c., and ल aff.

कुतल r. 9th cl. (कुतल) 1. To cling to, to twine round or be connected with. 2. To be distressed. 3. To suffer pain, want, &c. see कुतल.

कुतल m. (-ल) 1. The seventeenth of the Jinās or deified Jaina saints. 2. One of the Jaina emperors of the world.

कुतल mn. (-ल-ल) A kind of jasmine, (*J. multiflorum* or *pubescens*) m. (-ल) 1. A turner's lath. 2. Olibanum, the resin of the *Boswellia thurifera*; see कुतल 3. One of Kuvra's nine treasures. 4. The Nerium plant. म. कु to sound, ल Unadi affix, and ल inserted, or कु the earth, ल to hurt, and ल affix; also with ल added कुतल.

कुतल m. (-ल) A cat, म. कु vile, (animals, as mice,) and ल who tames.

कुतल m. (-ल) A sort of grass.

कुतल f. (-ल) An assemblage of lotus flowers. म. कुतल the jasmine, and ल affix, fem. affix ल, an assemblage like that of Kunda flowers, from the similar whiteness of the lotus.

कुतल f. (-ल) Frankincense or olibanum; see कुतल. m. (-ल) A rat, a mouse. म. कु the earth, and ल to tear or divide, ल aff.

कुतल m. (-ल) Olibanum; see कुतल.

कुतल m. (-ल) The resin of the *Boswellia thurifera*, gum olibanum or frankincense. म. कु BAHMA, ल to moisten, (to bedew with incense in sacrifice,) ल affix, ल inserted. m. (-ल) A rat; see कुतल.

कुतल m. (-ल-ल) The olibanum tree, commonly Salt or Sala (*Boswellia thurifera*) m. (-ल) The gum. म. ल possessive or pleonastic added to कुतल, fem. affix ल.

कुतल (र) कुतल r. 4th cl. (कुतल) To be angry, to be flushed with wrath. With ल, to be very much enraged, r. 10th cl. (कुतल) 1. To shine; see ल. 2. To speak. (र) कुतल r. 1st and 10th cls. (कुतल कुतल) 1. To spread. 2. To remember.

कुतल m. (-ल) A slough, a heap of filth and mud. म. कु vile, ल mud.

कुतल ind. Excellently.

कुतल m. (-ल) 1. A bad road. 2. Immorality, profligacy. 3. Heterodox doctrine. म. कु bad, and ल a road, also लाल.

**कुपवन्ति** mfn. (-न्ति-वि-वि) Wicked, going in a bad or wrong road. **कुपवन्**, and **कुपवन्** who goes; also **कुपवन्**, **कुपवन्**, &c.  
**कुपवन्** mfn. (-न्ति-वि-वि) 1. Relating to a bad road, literally or figuratively. 2. Counter-indicated, improper, unwholesome, (as regimen, &c.)  
**कुपवन्** m. and **कुपवन्** proper, &c.  
**कुपवन्** mfn. (-न्ति-वि-वि) Crooked-handed, having a deformed or maimed hand. **कुपवन्** and **कुपवन्**, the hand.  
**कुपवन्** mfn. (-न्ति-वि-वि) Intensed, angry, offended. **कुपवन्** to be angry, **कुपवन्** aff.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) Flatulence or hypochondria. **कुपवन्**, and **कुपवन्** wind.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) Imminent or threatening death. **कुपवन्**, and **कुपवन्** destroyer.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) A fisherman. **कुपवन्** a net, and **कुपवन्** aff.  
**कुपवन्** f. (-न्ति) A kind of net or snare, for catching small fish, made of bamboos or rushes. **कुपवन्** to cover or conceal, **कुपवन्** and **कुपवन्** affixes; **कुपवन्** is changed to **कुपवन्**.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) A weaver. **कुपवन्** or **कुपवन्** to spread out, **कुपवन्** Unadi affix; also **कुपवन्**.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) A sort of ebony tree. **कुपवन्** bad, **कुपवन्** a tree, so called.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) 1. A son of an inferior degree, as one adopted, &c. 2. A disobedient or wicked son. **कुपवन्**, and **कुपवन्** a son.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) 1. A low or vile man. 2. A paltrous. **कुपवन्** bad, and **कुपवन्** a man.  
**कुपवन्** mfn. (-न्ति-वि-वि) Inferior, low, vile. **कुपवन्** bad, and **कुपवन्** to divide, **कुपवन्** aff.  
**कुपवन्** n. (-न्ति) Base metal, copper, brass, &c. or any metal except gold and silver. **कुपवन्** to conceal or preserve, **कुपवन्** affix; **कुपवन्** is changed irregularly to **कुपवन्**.  
**कुपवन्** f. (-न्ति) A brazery, a foundery, a place where metallic vessels, &c. are made or sold. **कुपवन्** base metal, **कुपवन्** a dwelling, a shop, &c.  
**कुपवन्** mfn. (-न्ति-वि-वि) Low, vile, last, worst. **कुपवन्** reverse, and **कुपवन्** beloved; disagreeable.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) A weak or frail raft or float. **कुपवन्**, and **कुपवन्** a raft.  
**कुपवन्** r. 1st and 10th cls. (न्ति) **कुपवन्** (**कुपवन्** **कुपवन्**) To cover, to hide, to clothe, to screen, &c.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) The deity **KURVA**: see **कुपवन्**.  
**कुपवन्** mfn. (-न्ति-वि-वि) Humpbacked, crooked. m. (-न्ति) 1. A tree, (*Achyranthes aspera*): see **कुपवन्**. 2. A scymitar. 3. A sort of fish. (*Bola ouja*, *HAM*). **कुपवन्** the earth, or **कुपवन्** ill badly, and **कुपवन्** to be straight, affix **कुपवन्**.  
**कुपवन्** mfn. (-न्ति-वि-वि) Humpbacked. m. (-न्ति) An aquatic plant, (*Trapa bispinosa*): see **कुपवन्**. **कुपवन्** water, and **कुपवन्** to be straight, affix **कुपवन्**, and **कुपवन्** added, or **कुपवन्** and **कुपवन्** aff.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) A white mimosa. **कुपवन्**, and **कुपवन्** a thorn.  
**कुपवन्** n. (-न्ति) 1. A forest. 2. A hole for sacrificial fire. 3. An ear-ring. 4. A thread. 5. A cart. **कुपवन्** to hide, **कुपवन्** Unadi aff.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) A degraded or contemptible Brahman, one who officiates for *Sakas*. **कुपवन्** bad, **कुपवन्** a Brahman, **कुपवन्** affix; also retaining the final, **कुपवन्**.  
**कुपवन्** r. 10th cl. (न्ति) **कुपवन्** (**कुपवन्**) To cover, to clothe, to veil or hide: see **कुपवन्**.  
**कुपवन्** r. 10th cl. (**कुपवन्**) To play, especially as a child also **कुपवन्**.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) 1. A boy, one under five years of age. 2. A name of *Kartikya*. 3. A prince, the heir apparent, and who is adulated to the empire, (in theatrical language). 4. A horse-man, a cavalier. 5. A parrot. 6. One of the attendants on the twenty-four Jidds, **कुपवन्** also a name of the deity **कुपवन्** the *Jidds*. 7. A tree, (*Tapia cratava*): see **कुपवन्**. 8. A name of *Shilpa* river or *Indus*.  
**कुपवन्** f. (-न्ति) 1. A young girl, one from ten to twelve

years old, a virgin; or in the Tantras any virgin to the age of sixteen, or as long as menstruation has not commenced. 2. A name of *Durga*. 3. The central part of the universe according to Hindu geography, *Jambu Dwipa* or *India*. 4. The most southerly of the nine portions of the known continent, or of *Jambu Dwipa*, the southern extremity of the peninsula, whence *Cape Comorin* or *Kumari*. 5. The name of a river flowing from the mountain *Sactimanu*. 6. A plant, (*Clitoria ternatea*): see **कुपवन्**. 7. Double *jasmin*. 8. The aloe tree, (*Aloes perfoliata*): see **कुपवन्**. 9. The *Syama*, a bird so named. **कुपवन्** to play as a child, affix **कुपवन्**, **कुपवन्** affix **कुपवन्**.

**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) 1. A boy, a lad. 2. A tree: see **कुपवन्**. **कुपवन्** added to the preceding.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) The slayer of a child. **कुपवन्**, **कुपवन्** to kill, **कुपवन्** aff.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) 1. A name of *Raja SALIVAHANA*. 2. Name of a king of *Guzerat*. **कुपवन्** a child, and **कुपवन्** a cherisher.  
**कुपवन्** f. (-न्ति) Care of a pregnant or lying in woman, midwifery. **कुपवन्** a child, and **कुपवन्** cherishing.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) A prince. **कुपवन्** prince, **कुपवन्** to go or be, and **कुपवन्** Unadi aff.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) A peacock. **कुपवन्** *KARTIKYA*, and **कुपवन्** what bears; this god being usually represented riding on a peacock.  
**कुपवन्** f. (-न्ति) A name of *GANGA*, the river goddess. **कुपवन्** the god *KARTIKYA*, and **कुपवन्** a mother.  
**कुपवन्** f. (-न्ति) 1. A girl from ten to twelve years old, or generally a virgin. 2. Double *jasmin*. 3. A division of the known continent. 4. Large cardamoms. 5. An insect, (*Spex Asiatica*): see **कुपवन्**, **कुपवन्** being added.  
**कुपवन्** r. 10th cl. (**कुपवन्**) To play as a child, &c. see **कुपवन्**.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) The name of a district, part of *Malwa*: also termed *Sauvira*.  
**कुपवन्** mfn. (-न्ति-वि-वि) 1. Niggardly, avaricious. 2. Unkind, unfriendly. n. (-न्ति-वि-वि) 1. The esculent white water lily. 2. The red lotus. **कुपवन्** the earth, or bad, vile, **कुपवन्** to be pleased, and **कुपवन्** affix; also **कुपवन्**.  
**कुपवन्** n. (-न्ति) 1. The white esculent water lily, (*Nymphaea esculenta*). 2. The red lotus, (*Nrubra*). 3. silver. m. (-न्ति) 1. The elephant of the south-west quarter. 2. One of the monkey heroes of the *Ramayana*. 3. One of the Naga or serpent race. 4. A *Danava* or infernal deity. 5. Camphor. f. (-न्ति) 1. An aquatic plant, (*Pistia stratiotes*). 2. A tree, (*Gmelina arborea*): see **कुपवन्**. (-न्ति) A medicinal and aromatic shrub, commonly *Kayap'hal*. **कुपवन्** the earth &c. **कुपवन्** to be pleased, and **कुपवन्** aff.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) The moon. **कुपवन्** a lotus, and **कुपवन्** the friend; the white esculent lotus expanding its petals during the night, and closing them in the day time; hence other similar appellations of the moon, as **कुपवन्**, **कुपवन्**, &c.  
**कुपवन्** f. (-न्ति) A place abounding in water lilies, &c. see **कुपवन्**.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) A number of water lilies or place abounding with them. **कुपवन्**, and **कुपवन्** a mine; also **कुपवन्**, **कुपवन्**, &c.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) A pool abounding in lotuses. **कुपवन्**, add **कुपवन्** a residence.  
**कुपवन्** mfn. (-न्ति-वि-वि) Abounding with water lilies. **कुपवन्**, and **कुपवन्** aff.  
**कुपवन्** f. (-न्ति) A small tree, the seeds of which are aromatic, commonly *Kayap'hal*: see **कुपवन्**, and **कुपवन्**.  
**कुपवन्** f. (-न्ति) A place abounding in lotuses, &c. see **कुपवन्**. **कुपवन्**, **कुपवन्** and **कुपवन्** aff.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) The moon. **कुपवन्**, and **कुपवन्** a master.  
**कुपवन्** m. (-न्ति) The moon: see **कुपवन्**. **कुपवन्**, and **कुपवन्** a master.

**सुसुम्भ** mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) A place abounding in the flowers of the Nymphæa esculenta. f. (-सु) 1. The same. 2. A multitude of lotus flowers. 3. The flexible stalk of a water lily. 4. A sort of water lily, (Menyanthes Indica or cristata.) ५. सुसुम्भ the water lily, and लसुप् poss. affix, or वति affix of comparison, fem. लोव्.

**सुसे** m. (-सु) The southern hemisphere or pole, the region of the demons and Titans. ५. सु, and से the mountain where the gods reside.

**सुसोद** m. (-सु) A name of VISHNU. ५. सु the earth, सु to delight, सु aff.

**सुसु** mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Crooked-armed.

**सुसा** f. (-सा) An enclosure round a place of sacrifice, to prevent profane intrusion. ५. सु to cover, to screen or conceal, सङ् and टप् affs.

**सुस** m. (-सु) 1. A small water jar. 2. The frontal globe on the upper part of the forehead of an elephant; there are two of these projection, which swell in the rutting season. 3. A sign of the zodiac, (Aquarius.) 4. A proper name, the nephew of Ravana considered as a Rakshasa or demon. 5. The paramour of a harlot, a bully, a flash or fancy man. 6. (In Yoga phil) A religious exercise, closing the nostrils and mouth so as to suspend breathing. 7. A measure of grain equal to twenty Dronas, a little more than three bushels and three gallons, or a Comb; some make it to Dronas or sixty-four Seers. n. (-सु) 1. A fragrant resin or the plant which bears it, (Bdellium.) 2. A plant commonly Teori: see विहन्. f. (-सु) 1. A pot, an earthen cooking vessel, a small jar. 2. Kayap'hal, a small tree, the seeds of which are used in medicine: see कटफल 3. An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) 4. Trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) ( स ) A harlot, a whore. ५. सु the earth, or base, vile, &c. सङ् to fill, and सङ् or सङ् affix, deriv. irr.

**सुसक** m. (-सु) Stopping the breath by shutting the mouth and closing both nostrils with the fingers of the right hand. ५. सङ् added to the last. [the ear.

**सुसकर्ष** m. (-सु) The gigantic brother of RAVANA. ५. सुस and कर्ष

**सुसकामला** f. (-सा) A bilious affection, a sort of jaundice.

**सुसकार** m. (-सु) 1. A potter. 2. A kind of wild fowl. f. (-सु) 1. A mineral substance, used as an application to strengthen the eyes and beautify the eye lashes. 2. Red arsenic. 3. The wife of a potter. ५. सुस a jar, &c and कार what makes, from कृ to make, and सङ् aff.

**सुसकारक** m. (-सु) A potter. f. (-सु) 1. Collyrium. 2. A woman of the potter caste. ५. सङ् added to the last.

**सुसुम्भी** f. (-सु) A large round gourd. ५. सुस, and सुम्भी a gourd.

**सुसदासी** f. (-सु) A bawd, a procuress. ५. सुस a bully, and दासी a female slave.

**सुसपदी** f. (-सु) A woman with an enlarged leg. ५. सुस and पद् for पाद् a foot, fem. affix लोव्.

**सुसपाद** m. (-सु) A man with an enlarged leg. ५. सुस and पाद् a foot.

**सुसोमि** m. (-सु) 1. A name of AGASTYA, a saint so called. 2. Also of VASISHTHA; and of DRONA, the military preceptor of the Kurus and Pandus. ५. सुस a jar, and सोमि a womb; born in a water jar, &c.

**सुसुम्भा** f. (-सा) A plant, the flowers of which are compared to those of the Naucleacadmiba; see सुसुम्भ.

**सुसुम्भा** f. (-सा) A pottery, a potter's kiln. ५. सुस a jar, and सुसा a hall, a shop.

**सुसुम्भ** m. (-सु) The hollow on the top of an elephant's head, between the frontal globes. ५. सुस the frontal globe, and सुम्भ junction.

**सुसुम्भ** m. (-सु) The saint AGASTYA: see सुसुम्भ. सुस a jar, and सुसुम्भ born.

**सुसा** m. (-सु) A minister of the Asura, BANA: मन्त्रि (सु-सु) A pumpkin gourd: see सुसा.

**सुसिका** f. (-सा) 1. An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) 2. Trumpet flower. 3. A disease of the eyes, hordeolum or sty. ५. सुसु as above, and सङ् affix, in the fem. form.

**सुसुम्भ** mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) 1. Having a water jar. 2. Shaped like a water jar, &c. ५. सुस, and सुम्भ affix m. (-सु) 1. An elephant. 2. A crocodile. 3. A fish. 4. A plant bearing a fragrant resin, Bdellium. ५. सुस as above, and सुम्भ aff.

**सुसुम्भी** n. (-सु) The croton nut.

**सुसुम्भ** m. (-सु) The juice that exudes from an elephant's temples at certain seasons. ५. सुसु, and सुम्भ the exudation.

**सुसु** m. (-सु) 1. A thief. 2. A plagiarist, a paraphrast. 3. A wife's brother. 4. A fish, the gilt-head. 5. A child begotten at undue seasons, or of an imperfect impregnation. ५. सुस as above, and सुम्भ aff.

**सुसुम्भ** m. (-सु) 1. A plant, the bark of which furnishes a yellow dye, (Rottleria tinctoria:) see सुसुम्भ. 2. An aquatic plant. 3. An affection of the eyes, hordeolum or sty: see सुसुम्भ.

**सुसुम्भ** m. (-सु) Grain stored in jars sufficient, according to some, for six days, or to others for one year's consumption. ५. सुस, and सुम्भ grain, सुम्भ augment.

**सुसुम्भ** m. (-सु) A householder, preserving grain in store for six days, &c. ५. सङ् added to the last.

**सुसुम्भ** m. (-सु) A large, and venomous snake. f. (-सु) The mother of LAVANA, a Rakshasa or fiend. ५. सुसु a pitcher, and सुम्भ derived from नासा the nose; having wide nostrils.

**सुसुम्भ** m. (-सु) A hell. ५. सुसु a pot, and सुम्भ what cooks: in which the wicked are baked like potters' vessels.

**सुसुम्भ** m. (-सु) The crocodile of the ganges; the long-nosed alligator. ५. सुसु an elephant, and सुम्भ what resembles; or सुसु a fish, and सु who seized, from सु to take or gain: or सु from सु, whence also सुसुम्भ.

**सुसुम्भ** f. (-सा) 1. A sort of fly or aquatic insect. ५. सुसु a crocodile, and सुम्भ a fly, the crocodilefly, alluding, perhaps, to its size.

**सुसुम्भ** m. (-सु) A crocodile: see सुसुम्भ.

**सुसुम्भी** n. (-सु) The ant of the croton.

**सुसु** r. 6th ol. (सुसु) To sound.

**सुसु** f. (-सा) The olibanum tree.

**सुसु** m. (-सु) The Indian crane. ५. सुसु to sound, सङ् affix, a sound, and सुम्भ what makes; also सुसु.

**सुसु** m. (-सु) A deer, an antelope. ५. सुसु to sound, सङ् affix Unadi aff.

**सुसु** m. (-सु) A deer. ५. सङ् added to the preceding.

**सुसुम्भ** f. (-सा) A handsome woman. ५. सुसु, and सुम्भ the eye, fawn-eyed.

**सुसुम्भ** m. (-सु) A deer, an antelope.

**सुसुम्भ** m. (-सु) A crab.

**सुसु** m. (-सु) A carrier, a leather-seller, a shoe-maker. ५. सु bad, सु to speak, सङ् affix; being described as a man of low occupation.

**सुसु** m. (-सु) 1. Yellow amaranth. 2. Yellow barleria: see सुसुम्भ.

**सुसु** m. (-सु) Enlargement of the testicles or rather of the scrotum, including inguinal hernia, hydrocele, &c. ५. सु bad, सु, सु to play, and सु aff.

**सुसु** m. (-सु) Yellow amaranth: see सुसुम्भ.

**सुसु** m. (-सु-सु) An osprey; also another species of eagle. 1. (-सु) A sheep, an ewe. 2. A female osprey.

**सुसुम्भ** m. (-सु) A flight of ospreys. ५. सुसु, and सुम्भ a troop.

कुल m. (-कः) A curl, a lock of hair. 2. An asprey, see कुलेय.

कुल mfn. (-कः-का-च) Having a bad voice. m. (-कः) 1. A bad or harsh sound. 2. Red or yellow amaranth: see कुलपत्र. 3. कु bad or ill, and र what sounds.

कुल mfn. (-कः-का-च) Having a bad voice, making a disagreeable sound. m. (-कः) 1. A purple sort of Jhinti or Barleria. 2. A crimson species of amaranth. 3. कु bad, र to sound, कु aff.

कुल mfn. (-कः-का-च) Bad-juiced, of bad essence. m. (-कः) Spirituous or vinous liquor. f. (-की) A wild creeping plant, a species of hieracium: see नीलिमा. 3. कु bad, and र juice.

कुल m. (-कः) A light bay horse with black legs.

कुली f. (-ली) A kind of grass.

कुली n. (-र) Copulation. 3. कु to do, इरन् Unadi affix, कु inserted.

कुल m. (-कः) 1. Kuru or Uttara Kuru, the most northerly of the four Maha Dwipas, or principal divisions of the known world, by other systems it is considered as one of nine divisions of Varshas of the same; in both cases it is the country beyond the northern-most range of mountains, extending to the frozen ocean. 2. A proper name, son of AGNIDHRA, and grandson of PRIYAVRATA. 3. A proper name, a prince of the lunar race, son of SAMVARANA by TAPATI; sovereign of the north-west of India or the country about Dehli, and ancestor of both PANDU and DHRTARASHTRA; the patronymic however derived from his name is most usually applied to the sons of the latter. 4. A holy place: see कुलेश्वर. 5. Boiled rice. 6. Pricklynightshade: see कण्टकारिका. 3. कु to make, कु affix, and कु becomes. 3.

कुलकन्द n. (-कः) Horseradish, (Raphanus sativus.)

कुलक्षेत्र n. (-क्षेत्र) The country near Dehli, the scene of the great battle between the Kurus and Pandus, 3. कुल the Kuru race, and क्षेत्र a field.

कुलक्षेत्रीय m. (-यः) A solar day, in the course of which three lunar days, three asterisms and three Yogas occur. 3. कुलक्षेत्र, and क्षेत्र conjunction.

कुलपत्र m. (-पत्रः) 1. Yellow amaranth. 2. Yellow Barleria. f. (-पत्री) 1. A doll, a puppet. 2. The wife of a Brahman or teacher. 3. कु bad, पटि to shine, affix पत्र.

कुलपत्र m. (-कः) 1. Yellow or white amaranth. 2. A yellow species of Barleria, (B. prionitis.) 3. कु bad, पटि to shine, &c. कु affix; also कुलपत्र.

कुलपत्र n. (-कः) A large species of orange. f. (-पत्रा) Trumpet flower.

कुलपत्र m. (-पत्रः) A name of DURYODHANA. 3. कुल the Kuru race, पत्र to shine, and पत्र affix; the Kuru chief.

कुलपत्री f. (-पत्री) A kind of bird with a warbling note.

कुलपत्र m. (-कः) A curl or lock of hair, especially on the forehead.

कुलपत्र m. (-कः) 1. The crimson amaranth. 2. A purple species of Barleria. 3. Also a yellow kind. 3. कु a little, र to sound, कु affix, and उरक् substituted for उ.

कुलपत्र mfn. (-कः-कः) 1. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 2. A kind of barley: see कलपत्र. 3. A ruby: see कुलपत्र. 4. Black salt. 5. Vermillion. 6. A mirror. 3. कुल Kurudasa, दिक् to gain, and कु affix; found in that country.

कुलपत्र m. (-कः) A kind of Dolichos biflorus, a wild variety.

कुलपत्र m. (-कः) A ruby; also कुलपत्र, and कुलपत्र.

कुलपत्र m. (-कः) A ruby; also कुलपत्र.

कुलपत्र m. (-कः) A Pala of gold, a weight of gold equal to about 700 Tory grains. 3. कुल the country, and पत्र abundant; abounding in Kurudasa.

कुल mfn. (-कः-की-च) Ugly, ill made, deformed. n. (-कः) Ugliness. 3. कु.

कुलपत्र mfn. (-कः-की-च) Ugly, ill made, frightfully deformed. 3. कुल, and कु aff.

कुलपत्र n. (-कः) Tin. 3. कु base, रक् silver.

कुलपत्र mfn. (-कः-की-च) A dog or bitch. 3. कु instead of कु bad, prefixed to कु to sound, and रक् affix: see कुल.

कुल r. 1st cl. (कुलने or कुलने) To play; also कुल.

कुल n. (-कः) Play, playing, sport: see कुल.

कुल m. (-रः) 1. The knee. 2. The elbow; also कुल.

कुल m. (-कः) A sort of bodice or jacket: see कुल; also with कु added कुलक.

कुलपत्र mfn. (-कः-का-च) Doing, making. 3. कु to make, पत्र aff.

कुलपत्र mfn. (-कः-का-च) I Doing, acting, an agent. 2. A servant. 3. कु to do, पत्र aff.

कुलपत्र n. (-कः) 1. Cause according to the Chravakas. 2. grain. 3. कुल, and पत्र nature.

कुल r. 1st cl. (कुलति) 1. To accumulate. 2. To be of kin, to act as of kin. 3. To flow homogeneously. 4. To count. With कल् prefixed, to be attentive; with वि to be bewildered, hurried or distressed.

कुल n. (-कः) 1. Family, race, tribe or caste. 2. A herd, a flock, &c. of animals of the same species. 3. An inhabited country. 4. A house, an abode. 5. The body. 6. The front or fore part. 7. A blue stone: see कुल m. (-कः) An artist of celebrated descent. f. (-वि: or -की) A prickly nightshade: see कण्टकारी, &c. (-की) A wife's elder sister. 3. कुल to accumulate, कल् affix, or कुल् to sound, and लक् affix, or कु the earth, and ल who takes or possesses, from ल with उ aff.

कुल mfn. (-कः-का-च) 1. Of a good family, of eminent birth. m. (-कः) 1. A species of ebony, (Diospyros tomentosa, Rox.) See कान्ति. 2. An artist of eminent birth. 3. An ant or mole hill. 4. A green snake. n. (-कः) 1. A sort of gourd, (Trichosanthes diosa.) 2. The connexion of several stanzas, protraction of the government of the noun or verb through several verses, contrary to the practice of closing the sense with each verse. 3. कल् added to the preceding, or कुल race, and ल who sounds, declares, &c.

कुलकन्या f. (-न्या) A girl of good family. 3. कुल and कन्या a maiden.

कुलकर्म n. (-कर्म) The proper duty of a race or family, any observance customarily held by one. 3. कुल, and कर्म act; also कुलकर्म and कुलकाय.

कुलकर्म m. (-कर्म) Beating time in music.

कुलकर्म m. (-कर्म) Decay or disappearance of a family. f. (-कर्म) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) 3. कुल the body, and कर्म injurious.

कुलकर्म m. (-कर्म) A mountain, any one of the seven principal mountains of Bharata Varsha. 3. कुल and कर्म mountain: see कुलकर्म.

कुलकर्म f. (-कर्म) A thorny plant: see कर्कटकर्म.

कुलकर्म mfn. (-कर्म-का-च) 1. Well-born, of a good family. 2. Ancestral, hereditary, 3. कुल, and कर्म born; also कुलकर्म, कुलीन, and similar compounds.

कुलकर्म m. (-कर्म) See the next.

[गन्धर्व.

कुलकर्म m. (-कर्म) An aromatic plant, (Alpinia galanga;) also कुलकर्म and कुलकर्म.

कुलकर्म m. (-कर्म) Any son except the one begotten, as one adopted, bought, &c. f. (-कर्म) An unchaste woman. 3. कुल race, and कर्म who goes, deriv. irr.; by whom the family honour is injured.

कुलकर्म m. (-कर्म) The husband of an unchaste woman, a cuckold. 3. कुलकर्म, and कर्म husband.

कुलकर्म (-कर्म) Red arsenic.

कुलकर्म mfn. (-कर्म) The fourth, eighth, twelfth, or fourteenth lunar day. 3. कुल, and कर्म a lunation, respectable days.

कुलकर्म m. (-कर्म) The chief of a family, one who does honour to a family. 3. कुल and कर्म frontal mark.

कुलकर्म m. (-कर्म) A kind of pulse, (Dolichos biflorus.) f. (-कर्म) 1. A blue stone used in medicine, and applied as a collyrium to the eyes;

also an astringent to sores, &c.) 3. A wild kind of Dolichos. **कुल** a bank, and **ख** to stand or stay, affix **उ**.

**कुलिका f. (-का)** 1. A blue stone used as a collyrium. &c. 2. A sort of vetab; considered as a wild sort of the Dolichos biflorus. **उ**. See the preceding, **कु** added to **कुल** in the fem. form.

**कुलपथ m. (-पथः)** Practice or observance peculiar to a tribe or family, peculiar duty of caste or race. **उ**. **कु** family, and **पथ** virtue.

**कुलपारक m. (-कः)** **अ** **कु**. **उ**. **कु** a race, and **प** to hold, in the causal form **कु** affix; upholding a family.

**कुलपथ n. (-पथः)** Any propitious asterism. **उ**. **कु**, and **पथ** asterism.

**कुलपयिका f. (-या)** A girl who is worshipped at the celebration of the orgies of the left hand Saktas. **उ**. **कु** society, and **पयिका** a female.

**कुलपारी f. (-री)** A woman of good family. **उ**. **कु** and **पारी** a woman.

**कुलनाम m. (-नमः)** 1. carnal. 2. A reprobate, an outcaste. **उ**. **कु** a family, **नाम** who hurts or destroys.

**कुलनिन्दा f. (-न्दा)** Family disgrace. **उ**. **कु**, and **निन्दा** reproach.

**कुलपति m. (-तिः)** 1. Head or chief of a family. 2. A sage who teaches 10000 pupils with free board & lodging. **उ**. **कु** a family, and **पति** master.

**कुलपर्वत m. (-तः)** A principal mountain of India, any one of seven so considered : see **कुलपर्व**. **उ**. **कु**, and **पर्वत** a mountain; also similar compounds, as **कुलनिधि**, **कुलपर्व**, &c.

**कुलपाशुका f. (-का)** An unchaste woman.

**कुलपालक mfn. (-कः-विता-वर्ध)** Nourishing or providing for a family. **उ**. **कु** a kind of orange. **उ**. **कु** a race, &c. **पाल** to nourish, and **कु** aff.

**कुलपालिका f. (-िका)** A chaste woman. **उ**. **कु** race, and **पाल** who nourishes, **कु** fem. affix; also **कुलपालिका** and **कुलपाली**.

**कुलपालिका f. (-का)** See **कुलपालिका**.

**कुलपत्नी f. (-पत्नी)** A virtuous or respectable woman. **उ**. **कु**, and **पत्नी** a wife.

**कुलपत्नी f. (-पत्नी)** A midwife, a nurse. **उ**. **कु** family, and **पत्नी** a servant.

**कुलपट mfn. (-टः-टः-टः)** Expelled from a family. **उ**. **कु**, and **पट** fallen from, [propriety.

**कुलपर्वदा f. (-दा)** Family honour or respectability. **उ**. **कु**, and **पर्वदा**.

**कुलपिन् n. (-पिन्)** A friend of the family. **उ**. **कु**, and **पिन्** a friend.

**कुलपार m. (-रः)** A thief : see **कुलपार**.

**कुलपयिन् f. (-यिन्)** A virtuous woman. **उ**. **कु**, and **पयिन्** a woman.

**कुलवार m. (-रः)** Tuesday or Friday. **उ**. **कु**, and **वार** a day.

**कुलपितृ m. (-पितृः)** The family priest. **उ**. **कु** race, and **पितृ** a Brahman.

**कुलपयिन् mfn. (-यिन्-यिन्-यिन्)** Attaching or applicable to tribe or caste. **उ**. **कु**, and **पयिन्** prevailing.

**कुलपतिन् mfn. (-पतिन्-पतिन्-पतिन्)** 1. An artificer or artist of eminent birth. 2. Well-born, of good family, Eminent in a family. **उ**. **कु** race and **पति** best, poss. affix **पति**.

**कुलपत्नी f. (-पत्नी)** Banking or being reckoned as a family respectability. **उ**. **कु**, and **पत्नी** enumeration.

**कुलपति f. (-तिः)** Posterity, descendants. **उ**. **कु**, and **पति** continuance.

**कुलपति f. (-तिः)** 1. Kindred, relations. 2. Presence of witnesses. **उ**. **कु**, and **पति** proximity.

**कुलपत्नी mfn. (-पत्नी-पत्नी-पत्नी)** Sprung from family. **उ**. **कु** race, and **पत्नी** horn, produced.

**कुलपरी n. (-परी)** A plant, commonly Mirus : see **कुलपरी**.

**कुलपति f. (-तिः)** Antiquity or prosperity of a family. **उ**. **कु**, and **पति** duration.

**कुलपती f. (-पती)** 1. A chaste woman. 2. A woman of a good family, a respectable woman. **उ**. **कु** a family, and **पती** a woman.

**कुलपट m. (-टः)** An eddy : see **कुलपट**.

**कुलपति mfn. (-पति-पति-पति)** Of mixed origin, of a mixed character. **उ**. **कु** propitious, and **पति** bewildered, or **कु** with a neg. prefix.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** The second, sixth or tenth lunar day. **उ**. **कु** a bank, and **पति** a lunation.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** An asterism of mixed character, as Varuni, Acra, Mula and Abhijit. **उ**. **कु** a bank, and **पति** asterism.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** Wednesday. **उ**. **कु** a bank and **पति** a day.

**कुलपति f. (-पतिः)** A bitch.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** A mountain, one of a class of seven principal mountains, which are supposed to exist in each Varsha or division of a continent : those of Bharata Varsha, India are Mohendra, Malaya, Sahya, Sukitman, Riksha, Viindyha, and Pariputra. **उ**. **कु** a race, and **पति** a mountain; also **कुलपति**, &c.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** The proper duty or practice of a caste or family. **उ**. **कु**, and **पति** observance.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** 1. A family priest. 2. A geneologist. **उ**. **कु** and **पति** teacher.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** A small fish. **उ**. **कु** for **कु** a bank, and **पति** who goes; burrowing in the sand and mud.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** A son. **उ**. See **कुलपति**, **पति** being here inserted signifying extension.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** A treasure.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** Pride of birth, family pride. **उ**. **कु**, and **पति** pride.

**कुलपति mfn. (-पति-पति-पति)** Proud of birth or of family descent. **उ**. **कु**, and **पति** proud.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** 1. A nest. 2. A place; a spot in general. **उ**. **कु** The body. **उ**. **कु** family, and **पति** to go, **पति** aff.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** The act of sitting in a nest, brooding. **उ**. **कु**, and **पति** abiding.

**कुलपति mfn. (-पति-पति-पति)** Brooding, hatching, (as a bird.) **उ**. **कु**, and **पति** who abides in.

**कुलपति f. (-पतिः)** The act or condition of hatching, &c. **उ**. **कु**, and **पति** added to the last.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** A bird. **उ**. **कु** a nest, and **पति** who abides.

**कुलपति f. (-पतिः)** An aviary. **उ**. **कु** a nest, and **पति** affix in the fem. form.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** 1. A potter. 2. A wild oak. **उ**. **कु** 1. A species of bluestone, applied as a collyrium to the eyes. 2. The wife of a potter. **उ**. **कु** to accumulate, and **पति** Unadi affix, or **कु** family, **पति** to adorn, &c. **पति** and **पति** or **पति** aff.

**कुलपति mfn. (-पति-पति-पति)** Supporting or maintaining a family. **उ**. **कु**, and **पति** what upholds.

**कुलपति f. (-पतिः)** An aviary.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** A horse of a light brown colour, with black knees.

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** A small tree, (*Conyza terebinthina*.)

**कुलपति m. (-पतिः)** A chameleon.

**कुलि m. (-लिः)** A hand **उ**. **कुलि** A prickly nightshade : see **कुलि** **उ**. **कुलि** to accumulate, &c. **कुलि** aff.

**कुलि mfn. (-कुलि-कुलि-कुलि)** Of a good family, well-born. **उ**. **कुलि** One of the eight chiefs of the Nagas or serpent race, described as having a half moon on the top of his head, and being of a monkey hue. 2. An artist or artificer of eminent birth. 3. A thorny plant, (*Ruellia longifolia*) 4. The chief or headman of a tribe or caste. **उ**. **कुलि** family, &c. **कुलि** affix, and **कुलि** substituted for **कुलि**.

**कुलि f. (-लिः)** Certain portions of each day, on which it is improper to begin any business. **उ**. **कुलि**, and **कुलि** time.

**कुलि m. (-कुलिः)** 1. The fork-tailed shrike. 2. A sparrow; also **कुलि**.

**कुलि m. (-कुलिः)** A sparrow.

**कुलि m. (-कुलिः)** A crab; also **कुलि**.

**कुलि m. (-कुलिः)** 1. The thunderbolt of Indra. 2. A king. **उ**. **कुलि** for **कुलि** a bank, and **कुलि** what rests, from **कुलि** to sleep, &c. and **कुलि** aff.

कुलिशधनु म. (-धनु) INDRA. ३. कुलिश and धनु who has.

कुलिशधनु f. (-धनु) A kind of female deity. ३. कुलिश the thunderbolt, and धनु a goad.

कुलिशवाहन म. (-वाः) A name of Sakya, a Bud'dha or Baud'dha saint.

कुलीन mfn. (-नः-न-न) Well-born, of high or eminent descent, of a good family, m. (-नः) 1. A horse of a good breed. 2. A Brahman of one of the twenty-two Rathiya divisions of the five principal tribes, as established by Balal Sen kind of Bengal. 3. A worshipper of SAKTI, according to the left hand ritual: see कौलीन. ३. कुल a family, and न aff.

कुलीनक mfn. (-नः-न-न) Of a good family. m. (-नः) A kind of wild kidney bean. ३. कन् added to the preceding.

कुलीनता f. (-ता) Birth, rank, family respectability. ३. कुलीन, and न aff; also with ल, कुलीनल.

कुलीनल n. (-ल) Water.

कुलीर mn. (-र-र) A crab. ३. कुल् to accumulate, and ईर aff; also कलिर.

कुलीरघ्नी f. (-घ्नी) A plant: see कर्कटघ्नी.

कुलीराह m. (-ह or -र) A young crab. ३. कुलीर a crab, and अह to eat, affix क्; destroying its parent; the old crab being supposed to perish on producing young.

कुलीरधनु mn. (-धनु-धनु) INDRA's thunderbolt: see कुलिश.

कुलक n. (-क) The fur or foulness of the tongue. ३. कुल् to accumulate, and क aff.

कुलकानुजा 1. (-जा) A firebrand.

कुलिकर m. (-रः) 1. A name of Siva. 2. The chief of a family or race. ३. कुल a race, ईकर lord.

कुलीकट mfn. (-टः-ट-ट) High-born. m. (-टः) A horse of a good breed. ३. कुल race, and कट eminent.

कुलीकर्त्तव्य m. (-व्यः) Family respectability. ३. कुल and कर्त्तव्य excellence.

कुलीकृत mfn. (-तः-त-त) Of good family. ३. कुल and कृत exalted.

कुलोत्पन्न mfn. (-नः-न-न) 1. Of a good family, well-born. 2. Family, belonging to, inherited by, &c. ३. कुल and उत्पन्न born.

कुलीभव mfn. (-वः-व-व) 1. Well-born, of good family. 2. Produced in a family. ३. कुल and उद्भव birth.

कुलीभूत mfn. (-तः-त-त) Well-born, of family. ३. कुल and भूत born.

कुलीरह m. (-हः) A chief, a leader, the head of a family. ३. कुल and उद्भव who upholds.

कुल्फ mn. (-फः-फ-फ) A disease. m. (-फः) The ankle; also गुल्फ. ३. कल् to count, क Unadi affix, and ल inserted.

कुल्ल n. (-ल) Sin. ३. कुल् to extract, कल्ल Unadi affix, and ल changed to ल.

कुल्लाय mn. (-यः-य-य) Sour gruel prepared by the spontaneous fermentation of the water of boiled rice. n. (-यः) 1. Half ripe barley. 2. Forced rise. 3. A sort of Phaseolus: see राजमा. 4. A species of Dolichos, (D. beflores.) See यावत. 5. A disease. m. (-यः) A dish consisting of half boiled rice, with pulse, &c. commonly K'hichri. ३. कुल a class or race, मल् or मल् to hurt or kill, कल् affix; hence the word is also written कुल्लाय.

कुल्लायमिश्रित n. (-मिश्रित) Sour gruel. See कुल्लाय.

कुल्लाय mn. (-यः-य-य) See कुल्लाय.

कुल्ल mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Of a good family, well-born, well descended. 2. Of or relating to a family or race. m. (-यः) A counsellor. f. (-यः) 1. A river in general. 2. A canal, a channel for irrigation. 3. A ditch, a dyke or trench. 4. A drug or medicinal plant, (Celtis orientalis:) see जीवकी. 5. A chaste or virtuous woman, n. (-यः) 1. A bone. 2. A measure of eight Dronas: see द्रौण. 3. A winnowing basket. 4. Fish. 5. Friendly inquiry after family affairs or domestic accidents, condolence, congratulation, &c. ३. कुल् to accumulate, and ल affix, &c.

कुल्लक n. (-क) Far upon the tongue.

कुल n. (-ल) A water lily, a lotus.

कुल्ल n. (-ल) Lead. ३. कु bad ल tin.

कुल्ल mfn. (-लः-ल-ल) Abusive, censorious, detracting. ३. कु bad, ल् to speak, क aff.

कुल्लक n. (-क) Crystal, a stone resembling a diamond. ३. कु inferior, ल the diamond, क aff.

कुल्ल mfn. (-लः-ल-ल) Censorious. ३. कु bad, ल् to speak, क aff.

कुल्ल m. (-लः) An astringent taste; see कुल्ल.

कुल्ल mfn. (-लः-ल-ल) 1. The jujube, the tree. 2. The fruit. n. (-ल) 1. A water lily. 2. A pearl. ३. कु the earth, and ल् to cover, affix ल् see the next.

कुल्लय n. (-य) 1. Any water lily. 2. The blue lotus. ३. कु the earth, ल् to cover, and लय affix; also कुल्ल, and ल.

कुल्लयिनी f. (-नी) A place abounding in water lilies. ३. कुल्लय, and नि aff.

कुल्लाय m. (-यः) A proper name of a king, also कुल्लाय.

कुल्ल mfn. (-लः-ल-ल) Detracting, censorious. ३. कु evil, ल् to speak, क aff.

कुल्ल m. (-लः) A camel.

कुल्ल m. (-लः) A weaver. ३. कल् to spread, किल्ल Unadi affix, and प changed to ल; also कुल्ल.

कुल्लय m. (-यः) A degrading or improper marriage. ३. कु bad, and विवाह marriage.

कुल्लिज्ज m. (-ज्ज) A plant, (Caesalpinia ponduccella:) see पूति.

कुल्लेयी f. (-यी) 1. A fish basket. 2. An ill braided tress of hair. 3. A woman with her hair ill braided. ३. कु bad, लेय् to go, य affix and लेय् fem. affix; also with टाप् or रन् affixed, कुल्लेया and कुल्लेयि.

कुल्लेय mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Deformed, monstrous. 2. Slow, lazy m. (-यः) KUVERA the son of VISRAVAS by IRAVIRA, the chief of the Yakshas, god of wealth and regent of the north. ३. कु vile, and वेर body, alluding to the deformity of the god, who is represented as having three legs and but eight teeth. 2. The Tun tree: see नन्दिन. 3. One of the attendants of a Jaina saint. ३. As above, or कुलि to cover, &c. and एरल् Unadi affix; in this case the word may be read कुलेर.

कुलेरक m. (-कः) The Tun tree, (Cedraia tunna.) ३. कन् added to the preceding.

कुलेरायी f. (-यी) The trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) ३. कुलेर, and यि the eye.

कुलेरायल m. (-लः) Mount Kailasa. ३. कुलेर and लयल a mountain; the capital of KUVERA, being situated in Kailasa, which is supposed to be in the Himalaya range.

कुलेरायि m. (-यि) See the preceding. ३. As above, यि being a mountain.

कुलेल n. (-ल) Any water lily. ३. कु the earth, लेल् to shake, लल् affix: see कुल्लय.

कुल्ल n. (-ल) A forest or wood.

कुल्ल (कल्ल) कुल्लिर r. 4th cl. (कुल्लिरि) 1. To embrace, to enfold. 2. To take out or from. (कल्ल) कुल्लिर r. 1st and 10th cls. (कुल्लिरि कुल्लिरि) To shine: see कुल्ल.

कुल्ल mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Wicked, deprave. 2. Mad, inebriate. mn. (-यः-य) A species of grass used in many solemn and religious observances, hence called sacrificial grass, (Poa cynosuroides.) m. (-यः) 1. The yoke of a plough. 2. A proper name, one of the sons of RAMA. 3. One of the great Dvipas or divisions of the universe, surrounded by the sea of spirituous liquor. f. (-यः) 1. A rope. 2. A plant, commonly Maukat'ha. n. (-यः) Water. f. (-यः) 1. A ploughshare. 2. Wrought iron. m. (-यः-य) A bridle, a horse's head rope. ३. कु the earth. लेय् to sleep or rest, and ल affix, or कु bad, and लेय् to destroy, again कुल् to embrace or enfold, and ल aff.

कुल्लाय m. (-यः) A camel.

**कुम्भ** m. (-यः) A drinking vessel, a cup, a goblet. **उ. कुम्भ्** to extract, and **अय** Unadi aff.

**कुम्भपुष्प** n. (-यः) A perfume, commonly Gant'hiala.

**कुम्भस** mfn. (-सः-ता or -ली-लः) 1. Happy, well, right. 2. Expert, skilful. 3. Clever. 4. Eloquent. n. (-सः) 1. Adequacy, ability. 2. Virtue, virtuous action. 3. Well-being, happiness. **उ. कु** the earth. and **सम्** to go, affix **अय**; also **कुम्भ** and **कुम्भ**.

**कुम्भलता** f. (-ता) 1. Cleverness, ability. 2. Eloquence. 3. Well-being. **उ. तल्** added to the last; also with **तल्**, **कुम्भल**.

**कुम्भलप्र** m. (-प्रः) Salutation, greeting, friendly inquiry respecting a person's health or welfare. **उ. कुम्भल** well-being, and **प्र** asking.

**कुम्भलव** du. m. (-वी) The two sons of RAMA or KUSA, and LAVA.

**कुम्भलबुद्धि** mfn. (-विः-विः-विः) 1. Wise, able, intelligent. **उ. कुम्भल** and **बुद्धि** understanding.

**कुम्भलम्** mfn. (-ली-लिनी-लि) 1. Auspicious, favourable. 2. Virtuous, good. 3. Happy, prosperous. 4. Clever. **उ. कुम्भल**, and **रणि** aff.

**कुम्भलरि** n. (-रिः) Water in which Kusa grass has been boiled. **उ. कुम्भ**, and **रारि** water.

**कुम्भलव** m. (-वः) A bundle of Kusa grass. **उ. कुम्भ**, and **लव** a cluster.

**कुम्भलस** nf. (-सः-ली) The country of Kanyakubja or Kanouj. f. (-ली) The residence of KRISHNA : see **द्वारका**. 2. A name of Oujein or Avanti during the Treta Yuga or second age. **उ. कुम्भ** sacred grass, and **सल** place; abounding in Kusa grass.

**कुम्भलर** m. (-रः) Fire. **उ. कुम्भ** the grass, &c. **लर** a mine; the sacrificial fire being made upon a tuft of this grass.

**कुम्भल** m. (-लः) A monkey, an ape.

**कुम्भल** mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Sharp, shrewd, intelligent. n. (-यः) The sharp point of the Kusa grass. **उ. कुम्भ**, and **अय** point.

**कुम्भलबुद्धि** mfn. (-विः-विः-विः) Sharp, shrewd, intelligent. f. (-विः) Shrewdness, subtlety. **उ. कुम्भल**, and **बुद्धि** understanding; also similar compounds, **कुम्भलधी**, **कुम्भलीयमति**, &c.

**कुम्भलीय** mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Subtile, penetrating : see the next. **उ. कुम्भ** the grass, **अय** point, **ल** affix; implying resemblance

**कुम्भलीयमति** mfn. (-तिः-तिः-तिः) Inspecting minutely, subtile, sharp sighted, intelligent, possessing mental acumen. **उ. कुम्भ** the grass, **अलीय** point, and **मति** mind; also other similar compounds, as **कुम्भलीयधी**, **कुम्भलीयबुद्धि**, &c.

**कुम्भलीय** n. (-यः) A ring of Kusa grass, worn at religious ceremonies. **उ. कुम्भ**, and **अलीय** a ring; also **कुम्भलीय**. [cotton tree.

**कुम्भलसि** m. (-सिः) A tree, (Andersonia rohitaka.) **उ. कु** and **लसि** silk

**कुम्भलरि** m. (-रिः) The name of a sage celebrated for his irascibility : see **दुष्परा**. **उ. कुम्भ** the grass, and **लरि** wood whose attrition produces fire; using Kusa for this purpose.

**कुम्भलन** n. (-नः) A seat of Kusa grass. **उ. कुम्भ**, and **लन** a seat.

**कुम्भलपा** f. (-पा) A kind of Sisu tree, (Dalbergia Sisu.) **उ. कु** inferior, and **लपा** the Sisu tree.

**कुम्भल** mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Squint-eyed. m. (-लः) 1. A Muni or divine sage so named, the father of JAMADAGNI. 2. A ploughshare. 3. The Sal tree, (Shorea robusta.) 4. Beleric myrobalan : see **विनीलक**. 5. The sediment of oil. **उ. कुम्भ** the grass, &c. **लन्** aff.

**कुम्भल** mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Mixed, combined with water, &c. **उ. कुम्भ** or **कुम्भ** to embrace, to mix, and **लन्** Unadi affix; hence also **कुम्भल**.

**कुम्भल** m. (-वी) A name of VALMIKI, the author of the Ramayana. **उ. कुम्भ** the son of RAMA, affix **रणि**; the poem is supposed to be recited by KUSA, and LAVA, the sons of the hero.

**कुम्भी** n. (-दी) 1. The profession of usury. 2. Red saunders : see **कुम्भी**.

**कुम्भी** mfn. (-सः-लः-लः) 1. Ill-behaved, rude, wicked. 2. Evil disposed, ill-tempered. **उ. कु** and **ली** temper, conduct.

**कुम्भीलता** f. (-ता) 1. Misbehaviour, misconduct. 2. Bad disposition, ill-temper. **उ. तल्** added to the preceding; also with **तल्**, **कुम्भील**.

**कुम्भीलव** m. (-वः) 1. An actor, a dancer, a mime. 2. A bard, a herald. **उ. A** newsmonger. **उ. कु** bad, **ली** practice, and **व** affix, from **कुम्भी** to go, &c. with **अ** affix, du. m. (-वी) The two sons of RAMA : see **कुम्भल**.

**कुम्भील** m. (-लः) A name of VALMIKI : see **कुम्भी**.

**कुम्भील** m. (-लः) A granary, a cupboard, a place in which rice or other grain is kept. 2. Conflagration of obaff. **उ. कुम्भी** to enfold, **कुम्भी** affix; also **कुम्भी**.

**कुम्भीलव** m. (-वः) Grain stored for three year's consumption. **उ. कुम्भी**, and **लव** grain.

**कुम्भीलव** m. (-वः) A householder, &c. who has three year's grain in store. **उ. कुम्भीलव**, and **लव** aff.

**कुम्भीय** n. (-यः) A lotus in general. m. (-यः) 1. A tree, commonly Kaniyar : see **कानिकार**. 2. The Indian crane. **उ. कुम्भी** water, in the seventh case, **ली** to sleep or rest, with the affix **अय**.

**कुम्भीयव** m. (-रः) The sun.

**कुम्भीतर** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Having, or being covered with grass. **उ. कुम्भी** and **तर** beyond.

**कुम्भीद** n. (-दी) Water in which Kusa grass has been infused. **उ. कुम्भी**, and **द** water.

**कुम्भी** 9th cl. (कुम्भीति) 1. To expel, to force or draw out, to extract. 2. To test, to assay. 3. To shine. With **अय** to prove, to display; with **निर** to extract.

**कुम्भी** mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Clever, expert, skilful : see **कुम्भी**.

**कुम्भी** mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) 1. Burning, scorching, inflaming. 2. Wicked, detestable. m. (-लः) 1. A monkey. 2. The sun. 3. Fire. **उ. कुम्भी** to shine, **कानु** Unadi affix; also **कानु**.

**कुम्भी** ind. Excellently.

**कुम्भी** mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Mixed with water, &c. see **कुम्भी**. n. (-लः) Happy, well, right, fortunate, auspicious, &c.

**कुम्भी** mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Indifferent, apathetic, inert. n. (-लः) Usury : see **कुम्भी**. **उ. कु** vile, **द** to move, &c. **अय** aff.

**कुम्भी** n. (-लः) 1. Leprosy, of which eighteen varieties are enumerated, seven great or severe, and eleven of minor importance. 2. A plant, a kind of costus, (Costus speciosus :) 3. A sort of poison. **उ. कुम्भी** to extract, and **अय** Unadi affix, or **कु** bad, ill. and **ल** being, staying.

**कुम्भी** m. (-लः) A medicinal plant, commonly Hiyavali : see **विनीलकी**. f. (-ली) 1. An esculent root, (Solanum Indicum :) see **कानु**. 2. Opposite leaved fig tree; also **कानु**. **उ. कुम्भी** the leprosy, and **ल** what destroys.

**कुम्भी** m. (-लः) 1. White mustard. 2. A sort of yam : see **वाराही**. **उ. कुम्भी** the leprosy, and **ल** what destroys.

**कुम्भी** f. (-ली) A plant, commonly Hakucha, (Psoralea corylifolia.) **उ. कुम्भी** As above : see **कुम्भी**.

**कुम्भी** n. (-लः) 1. A bad place or spot. 2. The surface of the earth. **उ. कु** bad or the earth, and **ल** place; **ल** becomes **ल**, and **ल** is then changed to **ल**.

**कुम्भी** m. (-लः) The cassia tree, (C. fistula.) **उ. कुम्भी** and **ल** destroying.

**कुम्भी** m. (-लः) Catechu, (Mimosa catechu :) see **कुम्भी**. **उ. कुम्भी** leprosy, and **ल** what takes away, from **ल** to convey, affix **ल**.

**कुम्भी** m. (-लः) A large esculent root, described as possessed of medicinal virtue in leprosy, and other outaneous affections, (Arum campanulatum :) see **ल**. **उ. कुम्भी** leprosy, and **ल** what kills or destroys.

**कुम्भी** m. (-लः) 1. A fetid mimosa, (M. Farnesiana.) 2. The Khayar or Catechu : (M. catechu.) 3. A kind of Aristolochia : see **ल**. 4. A sort of gourd, (Trichosanthes dioeca.) 5. Sulphur. **उ. कुम्भी** the leprosy, and **ल** an enemy.



**कुष्ठिन् mfn.** (-की-विनी-वि) Leprous, a leper, &c. **म.** कुष्ठ and इति aff.  
**कुष्ठक n.** (-क) Cutting, dividing. **म.** कुष् to extract, and क्वाच् Unadi aff.  
**कुम्भाक m.** (-कः-का or -की) A pumpkin gourd, (Cucurbita pepo.) **म.** (-कः) 1. One of a class of demigods attached to SIVA. 2. State of the womb in gestation. **f.** (-की-) 1. A name of DURGA. 2. A drug. A religious ceremony, a certain rite performed as a penance or expiation; also कुम्भाक.  
**कुम्भाक m.** (-कः) A pumpkin gourd, (Cucurbita pepo.) **म.** कु the earth, क्वाच् heat, क्वाच् to exist or be, क्वाच् affix, and the vowel irregularly short, क्वाच् added; also कुम्भाक.  
**कुम्भ (र) कुम्भिर r.** 4th cl. (कुम्भति) To embrace. **(र)** कुम्भिर r. 1st and 10th ols. (कुम्भति, कुम्भवति) 1. To shine. 2. To talk.  
**कुम्भिरि f.** (-रिन्) A shallow stream. **म.** कु bad, इरिन् A river.  
**कुम्भय adv. n.** (-य) Well, happy, &c. see कुम्भय.  
**कुम्भित m.** (-तः) An inhabited country. **म.** कुष् to shine, and रत Unadi aff.  
**कुम्भीतवी f.** (-वी) The wife of a money-lender. See कुम्भीतवी.  
**कुम्भीत n.** (-तः) 1. Usury, the profession of usury. 2. Any loan of thing lent to be repaid with interest. **mfn.** (-तः-दा-द) 1. A money lender. 2. Slothful, inert. **म.** कुष् to embrace, ईद Unadi affix; or कु bad, and द to go, affix क्वाच्.  
**कुम्भीतपय m.** (-यः) Usury, usurious interest, any exceeding five per cent. **म.** कुम्भीत and पय for पयिन् road.  
**कुम्भीतद्वि f.** (-विः) Interest on money. **म.** कुम्भीत and द्वि increase.  
**कुम्भीतवी f.** (-वी) The wife of a usurer. **म.** कुम्भीत A usurer, रि substituted for its final, and, क्वाच् affix; also कुम्भीतवी.  
**कुम्भीतक mfn.** (-कः-की-क) One who follows the profession of usury. **म.** कुम्भीत usury, and क्वाच् aff.  
**कुम्भ n.** (-भः) 1. A flower in general. 2. Fruit. 3. The menstrual discharge. 4. Ophthalmia, disease of the eyes. **म.** कुष् to shine, रत Unadi aff.  
**कुम्भकाम्य m.** (-कः) KAMA. **म.** कुम्भ and काम्य a bow.  
**कुम्भकित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Heaped with flowers. **म.** कुम्भ, and कित gathered.  
**कुम्भपुर n.** (-र) A city, the vicinity of the modern Patna: see पाटलिपुत्र. **म.** कुम्भ a flower, and पुर a city.  
**कुम्भमय n.** (-यः) The name of tree, bearing a large acid fruit, (Dillenia Indica.) **म.** कुम्भ a flower, and मय the centre; the flower blossoming from the fruit.  
**कुम्भयत् mfn.** (-यन्-यती-यत्) Producing flowers, causing to flower. **म.** कुम्भ nom. verb, यद aff.  
**कुम्भयत् mfn.** (-यन्-यती-यत्) In flower, flowering. **f.** (-ती) 1. A female during menstruation. 2. A town: see कुम्भपुर. **म.** कुम्भ and यत् aff.  
**कुम्भयक m.** (-कः) A collection of flowers, a garland, nosegay a bouquet, **म.** कुम्भ, and क्वाच् a cluster.  
**कुम्भकर m.** (-रः) 1. Spring, the vernal season. 2. A quantity of flowers or place abounding with them, a parterre, a garden. **म.** कुम्भ, and क्वाच् a mine.  
**कुम्भकन m.** (-नः) The calx of brass, used as a collyrium. **म.** कुम्भ a flower, and कन application to the eyes; resembling a flower.  
**कुम्भकन n.** (-नः) Saffron. **म.** कुम्भ, and कन self; the essential part of the flower.  
**कुम्भकपि m.** (-पिः) The ohampa, a tree which bears a yellow fragrant flower, (Michelia ohampaca.) **म.** कुम्भ a flower, and कपि a king; royal amongst flowers.  
**कुम्भकपिरा m.** (-राट) See the preceding.  
**कुम्भकपि m.** (-पिः) A name of KAMADEVA. **म.** कुम्भ a flower, and कपि a weapon; his shafts being tipped with flowers.  
**कुम्भक m.** (-कः) A thief.  
**कुम्भकपि m.** (-पिः) Gathering flowers. **म.** कुम्भ, and कपि gathering,

**कुम्भकपि n.** (-पिः) A chaplet, a crown of flowers. **म.** कुम्भ, and कपि a tiara.  
**कुम्भकपि n.** (-पिः) Honey. **म.** कुम्भ, and कपि spirit. [aff.]  
**कुम्भकित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Flowered, budded, in flower. **म.** कुम्भ, and इतच्  
**कुम्भकितता f.** (-ता) A species of the Dhriti metre.  
**कुम्भेयु m.** (-युः) A name of the god KAMA. **n.** (-यु) The bow of KAMA. **म.** कुम्भ, and यु an arrow; whose shafts are flowers.  
**कुम्भ n.** (-भः) 1. Safflower, (Carthamus tinctorius.) 2. Gold. **m.** (-भः) The water pot of the student and Sanyasi. **म.** कुष् to shine, and रत Unadi aff.  
**कुम्भ m.** (-भः) An earth-worm. **म.** कु the earth, र produced.  
**कुम्भ m.** (-भः) A granary, &c. see कुम्भ.  
**कुम्भित f.** (-तिः) 1. Wickedness, depravity. 2. Conjuring, slight of hand, &c. **म.** कु vile, इ to go, क्वाच् aff.  
**कुम्भ m.** (-भः) 1. A name of VISHNU. 2. The ocean. **म.** कु the earth, इत् to stop, क्वाच् aff.  
**कुम्भकरी f.** (-री) A pungent seed used in condiments, coriander: see the next.  
**कुम्भकरी f.** (-री) Coriander, a pungent seed. **म.** कु bad, vile, इति to take, क्वाच् affix, deriv. 1rr.; also कुम्भकरी.  
**कुम्भ m.** (-भः) A bad dream, nightmare. **म.** कु, and स्वप्न a vision.  
**कुम्भ r.** 10th cl. (कुम्भवति) 1. To smile improperly or blamably. 2. To see mentally, to perosive, to imagine: this is considered by some as a denominative, and to be classed improperly amongst the roots.  
**कुम्भ r.** 10th cl. (कुम्भवते) 1. To surprise, to astonish, to excite wonder. 2. To cheat, to impose upon.  
**कुम्भ m.** (-भः) A name of KUMERA, f. (-वा) A medicinal drug: see कटुकी ind. Where, whither, used in Vedas in place of कुम्भ. **म.** कु vile, and वा to leave, affix क्वाच्.  
**कुम्भक mfn.** (-कः-का-क) A cheat, a rogue, a juggler. **m.** (-कः) Juggling, deception, slight-of-hand, &c. **म.** कुष् to astonish, क्वाच् aff.  
**कुम्भकार mfn.** (-रः-री-र) Juggling, conjuring, cheating. **म.** कुम्भ, and कार who makes; also कुम्भकारक and कुम्भकारिन्.  
**कुम्भकचित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Suspicious, cautious, wary. **म.** कुम्भ and कचित fearful.  
**कुम्भकजीविन् mfn.** (-जी-विनी-वि) Living by slight-of-hand, a conjuror, a cheat, &c. **म.** कुम्भ deception, and जीविन् who lives by.  
**कुम्भकति f.** (-तिः) 1. Juggling, conjuring, slight-of-hand. 2. Hypocrisy. **म.** कुम्भ, and इति practice.  
**कुम्भकन m.** (-नः) A wild cook. **म.** कुम्भ deception, and कन who sounds.  
**कुम्भकन m.** (-नः) A wild cook: see the preceding.  
**कुम्भ mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) 1. Envious. 2. Hypocritical. **m.** (-नः) 1. A rat. 2. A snake. **f.** (-ना) Hypocrisy, assumed and false sanctity, the interested performance of religious ansterities. **n.** (-नः) 1. A small earthen vessel. 2. A glass vessel. **म.** कुष् to surprise, युच् aff.  
**कुम्भिका f.** (-का) Hypocrisy: see the preceding. **म.** कुम्भ, and इतच् aff.  
**कुम्भ n.** (-रः) 1. A cavity, a hollow. 2. A hole, a rent, &c. 3. The ear. 4. A guttural sound. 5. The throat or larynx. **m.** (-रः) A kind of snake. **म.** कु the earth, &c. and इर what takes, &c. from इ with the aff क्वाच्.  
**कुम्भित n.** (-तः) 1. The song, or cry of the Kokila, or the Indian cuckoo. 2. Vox congressus in coitu. 3. A sound in general. **म.** कुम्भ, and इतच् aff.  
**कुम्भ m.** (-भः) A Pan the leaf of the Piper betel, with small pieces of the Areca nut, and Catechu and a little lime, which are chewed and eaten by the Oriental nations.  
**कुम्भ f.** (-भः) See the next.  
**कुम्भ f.** (-भः) 1. New moon; the first day of the first quarter on which the moon rises invisible. 2. The cry of the Kokila or Indian cuckoo. **म.** कुष् to astonish, क्वाच् affix, or with कु affix कुम्भ.

कुक्कु म. (-कः) The Indian cuckoo. ३. क्कु added to the last  
 कुक्कु म. (-कः) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. ३. कुक्कु the Kokila's  
 cry, and क्कु the throat.  
 कुक्कु म. (-कः) The king of turtles, the tortoise supposed to uphold  
 the world.  
 कुक्कु म. (-कः) The Kokila : see the preceding.  
 कुक्कु म. (-कः) The Kokila. ३. कुक्कु, and रव sound.  
 कुक्कु म. (-कः) A pit, filled with stakes.  
 कुक्कु f. (-का) A fog, a mist, haze, haziness. ३. कुक्कु the earth, कुक्कु  
 surround, कुक्कु affix ; also कुक्कु and कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु f. (-की) See the preceding : also कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु f. (-का) Fog, mist : see कुक्कु being changed to क.  
 कुक्कु ६th cl. (कुक्कु) (कुक्कु) To sound, especially as if in pain, to  
 moan, to groan, &c. (कुक्कु) ९th cl. (कुक्कु-नीति) To sound &c.  
 As before.  
 कुक्कु f. (-कुक्कु) A female Pisacha or goblin. ३. कुक्कु to sound, कुक्कु aff.  
 कुक्कु mfn. (-कुक्कु-दा-द) One who gives a girl in marriage with due cere-  
 mony, and suitable decorations. ३. कुक्कु to take, deriv. irr.  
 कुक्कु m. (-कः) A breast, A female breast, especially that of a young or  
 unmarried woman : see कुक्कु f. (-की) A painting brush or pencil. ३.  
 कुक्कु to sound, कुक्कु Unadi affix, and the vowel made long.  
 कुक्कु f. (-का) A small brush or hair pencil. ३. कुक्कु to be curved, and  
 कुक्कु affix, with the fem. affix टाप्.  
 कुक्कु १st cl. (कुक्कु) To make any inarticulate sound, to utter a cry  
 as a bird, to coo as a pigeon, to caw as a crow, &c. With परि  
 prefixed, to moan.  
 कुक्कु mfn. (-कुक्कु-जनी-जन्) Cooing. ३. कुक्कु to coo, कुक्कु aff. [कुक्कु aff.]  
 कुक्कु n. (-न) Cooing, moaning, uttering an inarticulate sound. ३. कुक्कु and  
 कुक्कु mfn. (-न-ता-त) Cooed, uttered inarticulately. n. (-न) The cry of  
 a bird, cooing. ३. कुक्कु to sound, कुक्कु aff.  
 कुक्कु १०th cl. (कुक्कु) १. To avoid or decline giving, to not give. २. To  
 render indistinct or unintelligible, to muddle or render confused or  
 foul. (कुक्कु) १. To give pain, २. To burn. ३. To call or invite, to  
 counsel or advise.  
 कुक्कु mf. (-टि-टी) A house, a dwelling : see कुक्कु mn. (-टि-टी) १. The peak or  
 summit of a mountain. २. A water-jar. ३. A heap of grain, &c. ४.  
 Uniform and elementary substance. ५. A hammer, a mallet. ६. A  
 plough-share. ७. The body of a plough. ८. A trap for catching deer.  
 ९. A concealed weapon, as a dagger in a wooden case, a sword-  
 cane, &c. १०. Illusion. ११. Fraud, trick, deceit, १२. Untruth,  
 Falsehood (or attributively,) false, untrue. १३. Vile, low. १४. An ox  
 whose horns are broken. m. (-टि) The name of a saint, also named  
 AGASTYA. ३. कुक्कु to confuse, to withhold, कुक्कु aff.  
 कुक्कु mfn. (कुक्कु-का-क) Unfair, fraudulent. ३. (-कः) A ploughshare. m.  
 (-कः) १. A braid or tress of hair. २. A perfume : see कुक्कु. ३. कुक्कु  
 to cut, and कुक्कु aff.  
 कुक्कु म. (-रः) १. A rogue, २. A cheat, a false witness. ३. कुक्कु, and कर  
 who makes.  
 कुक्कु म. (कुक्कु) १. A false witness. २. A rogue, a cheat. ३. कुक्कु, and  
 कर who makes.  
 कुक्कु mfn. (-जन्) Fraudulent, dishonest. m. (-जन्) १. A name of Siva.  
 २. A Kayastha or man of the writer caste, ३. कुक्कु illusion, &c. and  
 कुक्कु who makes.  
 कुक्कु m. (-जः) A medicinal plant : see कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु f. (-ता) falsehood, fraud, ३. तक् added to कुक्कु ; also with ल,  
 कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु m. (-सः) Fever occurring in an elephant from vitiation of the  
 three humors ; also read कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु म. (-कः) १. A bilious fever in an elephant. २. A potter's kiln.  
 ३. कुक्कु a heap, and पाक what ripens, कुक्कु aff.

कुक्कु n. (-कः) A trap or snare for deer, birds, &c. ३. कुक्कु a trap, and  
 क्कु an implement ; also simply कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु म. (-विः) A species of the Simul silk cotton tree. ३. कुक्कु false  
 and वाचिक the Simul.  
 कुक्कु न. (-न) A forged or false grant or decree. ३. कुक्कु, and वाचिक  
 grant, &c.  
 कुक्कु m. (-वी) A false witness. ३. कुक्कु falsehood, and वाचिक  
 witness.  
 कुक्कु mfn. (-सः-स-स) Uniform, perpetually and universally the same  
 as spirit, elementary matter, æther &c. n. (-स) १. The soul २. A  
 sort of perfume, a species of dried shell fish, commonly Nak'hi. ३.  
 कुक्कु fixed, and स what remains.  
 कुक्कु n. (-वे) Alloyed or counterfeit gold. ३. कुक्कु, and स gold.  
 कुक्कु m. (-वः) Loaded or false dice. ३. कुक्कु, and व a die.  
 कुक्कु न. (-र) An upper room, an apartment on the top of a house. ३.  
 कुक्कु a peak, वागार a house.  
 कुक्कु माधिता f. (-ता) A tale, a story, a fiction. ३. कुक्कु false, क्कु meaning,  
 and माधिता spoken.  
 कुक्कु ६th cl. (कुक्कु) १. To be or become firm or solid. २. To eat. ३. To  
 graze.  
 कुक्कु n. (-च) A wall : see कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु १०th cl. (कुक्कु-ते-ति) To contract or close.  
 कुक्कु mfn. (-वि-वि-वि) Crooked-armed, having a curved or withered  
 arm : see कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु f. (-का) १. The horn of any animal. २. The peg of a lute. ३. कुक्कु  
 to sound or to be crooked, कुक्कु and टाप् affs.  
 कुक्कु mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Contracted, shut, closed. ३. कुक्कु to contract,  
 affix क.  
 कुक्कु म. (-रः) The offspring of a Brahman woman by a Rishi, begotten  
 during menstruation. ३. कुक्कु bad, उदर belly.  
 कुक्कु m. (-सः) Mountain ebony : see कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु १०th cl. (कुक्कु) To contract or close.  
 कुक्कु १०th cl. (कुक्कु) १. To be weak. २. To weaken : see कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु m. (-चः) १. A well. २. A hole, a hollow. ३. A mast. ४. A tree or rock  
 in the midst of a river. f. (-वी) १. A small well. २. The navel. ३. A  
 flask, a bottle. ३. कुक्कु to sound, (frogs croaking in a well, &c.) and  
 प Unadi affix : the vowel is made long ; also कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु m. (-का-) १. The mast of a vessel. २. A stake, &c. to which a boat  
 is moored. ३. A leather oil vessel. ४. The hollow below the loins.  
 ५. A funeral pile. ६. A well. ७. A temporary well, a hole dug for  
 water in the dry bed of a rivulet. ८. A tree or rock in the middle  
 of a stream. ३. क्कु added the preceding.  
 कुक्कु म. (-कः) A frog in a well, applied to a person of no enterprise,  
 one who never leaves his home. ३. कुक्कु, and मक्कु a frog.  
 कुक्कु m. (-कः) Horripilation, erection of the hairs of the body, ३. कुक्कु  
 a well, and क्कु the body ; some copies read कुक्कु, from क्कु a mark.  
 कुक्कु म. (-रः) The ocean ; also कुक्कु, and क्कुपार, &c.  
 कुक्कु f. (-का) A stone or rock in the middle of a stream : see कुक्कु.  
 कुक्कु n. (-सः) A lake, a pool, a pond.  
 कुक्कु m. (-रः) Boiled rice.  
 कुक्कु mn. (-चः-च) १. The upper part of the nose, the part between the  
 eye-brows. २. The beard. ३. Deceit, fraud, circumvention. ४. Hard,  
 solid. ५. The tip of the thumb and middle finger brought in contact,  
 as to pinch, &c. ६. A handful of Kusa grass or peacock's feathers.  
 ७. A bunch, a bundle, as of grass &c. ८. A brush of the same.  
 ९. The head. १०. False praise, unmerited commendation, either of  
 one's self or another person, boasting, flattery. ११. Hypocrisy. १२.  
 The mystic syllable Hum. (In Tan : shas.) ३. कुक्कु to sound, क्कु affix,  
 or क्कु to do, उदर affix or कुक्कु Sautra root, to praise, affix क्कु. [last]  
 कुक्कु n. (-च) A brush for cleaning the teeth, &c. ३. क्कु added to the

**कूर्चशिरः** m. (-रः) The heel.  
**कूर्चदीर्घ** m. (-रः) A drug, commonly Jivaka, one of the eight principal medicaments. **म.** कूर्च the bearded, &c. and दीर्घ the head; being bearded; or from कूर्च praise, and दीर्घ chief commendable amongst medicines; also with कर् added कूर्चदीर्घ.  
**कूर्चवृक्ष** m. (-रः) The cocoa-nut tree. **म.** कूर्च a bunch, and वृक्ष summit.  
**कूर्चिका** f. (-का) 1. Inspissated milk. 2. A key. 3. A bud, a blossom. 4. A painting brush or pencil. 5. A needle. **म.** कूर्च् to praise, &c. कर् affix, and the fem. form.  
**कूर्च** r. 1st cl. (कूर्चते) To play: see कूर्च.  
**कूर्च** n. (-न) Playing, sport, pastime. f. (-नी) A festival in honour of KAMADEVA, held on the day of full moon, in the month Chaitra. **म.** कूर्च् to play, कर् affix, fem. कूर्ची.  
**कूर्च** n. (-रः) The space between the eye-brows. **म.** कर् to scatter, &c. deriv. irr.: see कूर्च.  
**कूर्च** mf. (-रः-रा) 1. The elbow. 2. The knee. **म.** कर् to sound, with कर् affix कर् पर from कृ to nourish, the first vowel is made long; sometimes also कर्दृ.  
**कूर्चास** m. (-सः) A cuirass or quilted jacket worn as armour see कूर्चासक.  
**कूर्चासक** mn. (-सः-कः) A bodice, a jacket with short sleeves worn next the body, by woman especially. **म.** कूर्चर the elbow, कर् to abide, कर् affix, and र dropped, कूर्चास, see the preceding: again, कर् pleonastic affix added.  
**कूर्च** mf. (-रः-नी) 1. A tortoise, a turtle. 2. The descent of VISHNU as a tortoise to support the mountain Mandar at the churning of the ocean. 3. A peculiar gesticulation with the fingers. **म.** कर् implying reverse, कर्नी speed, कर् aff.  
**कूर्चचक्र** n. (-चक्र) An astrological diagram. **म.** कूर्च, and चक्र circle.  
**कूर्चवृक्ष** n. (-वृक्ष) 1. Globe amaranth, (Gomphrena globosa.) 2. The back or shell of a tortoise. **म.** कूर्च a tortoise, and वृक्ष the back.  
**कूर्चवृक्ष** n. (-वृक्ष) The cover of a dish, a lid. **म.** कर् added to the preceding, implying resemblance.  
**कूर्चराज** m. (-राजः) The king of turtles, the tortoise supposed to uphold the world. **म.** कूर्च tortoise, and राज a king, from राजन् with टच् aff.  
**कूर्च** r. 1st cl. (कूर्चति) To cover, to hide, to screen, to enclose: with कर् prefixed, to protect, to be kind to, as to a follower or dependent.  
**कूर्च** n. (-न) 1. A bank, a shore. 2. A heap, a mound. 3. A pond or pool. 4. The rear of an army. **म.** कर् to cover, कर् aff.  
**कूर्च** m. (-नः) An ant hill. n. (-न) 1. A mound of earth, a heap, a pile. 2. A bank, a dyke. **म.** कर् added to the former.  
**कूर्चवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) 1. The ocean, the sea. 2. The stream or current of a river. f. (-वा) A river. **म.** कर् a bank, कर् to injure, affix कर्.  
**कूर्चवृक्ष** mfn. (-रः-री-रः) Frequentering the banks of rivers, grazing there, &c. **म.** कर्, वर what goes.  
**कूर्च** f. (-रः) A bank, the land upon the bank or shore, **म.** कर्, and कृ earth.  
**कूर्चवृक्ष** mfn. (-रः-वा-रः) Breaking down banks (as a river, &c.) **म.** कर् कर् to make sick, with कर् pre. and कर् aff.  
**कूर्चवृक्ष** mfn. (-रः-वा-रः) Carrying away the banks, (a river, &c.) **म.** कर्, कर् to bear, कर् pre. कर् aff.  
**कूर्चवृक्ष** f. (-नी) A river. **म.** कर् a bank, and कर् poss. affix, fem. कूर्ची.  
**कूर्चवृक्ष** m. (-रः) An eddy. **म.** कर् a bank, and कर् to collect, कर् affix, deriv. irr.  
**कूर्चिका** f. (-का) Base or bottom part of the Indian lute.  
**कूर्च** mfn. (-रः-री-रः) Beautiful, agreeable, pleasing. mn. (-रः-रः) The pole of a carriage or wood to which the yoke is fixed. m. (-रः) A hump-backed man. f. (-री) A carriage covered with a cloth or blanket. **म.** कर् to sound, and कर् from कृ to cherish, with कर् aff.  
**कूर्चवृक्ष** (-री) A carriage. **म.** कूर्च the pole, कर् aff.  
**कूर्च** mf. (-रः-नी) A pumpkin gourd, (Cucurbita pepo.) m. (-रः) A

kind of spirit or imp, of which there exists a Gana or class. f. (-नी)  
 A name of DURGA; also कूर्चा and कूर्चाक  
**कूर्चाक** m. (-रः) A numpkin gourd: see कूर्चाक. **म.** कर् bad, कर् warm and कर् an egg here put for seed, कर् aff.  
**कूर्च** f. (-वा) Hypocrisy, affectation of religious zeal or austerity: see, कूर्च.  
**कूर्च** f. (-वा) A fog, a mist. **म.** कर् to astonish, कर् and कर् affs.  
**क** r. 5th cl. (क) कर् (करोति, कर्ते) To hurt, to injure, to kill. (कृ, क.)  
**क** r. 8th cl. (करीति, कर्ते) To do, to make, to perform any kind of action: this root admits most of the prepositions and a variety of significations; it is also active or deponent, according to its prefix and import; as, 1. With कति, (कतिकर्ते) To exceed, to do more. 2. With कति, (कतिकर्ते) a. To surpass or overcome. b. To superintend, to govern. c. To hold of right. d. To bear patiently. e. To refrain from. 3. With कर् (कर्करीति) To copy, to imitate, to act like or after. 4. With कर् (कर्करीते) a. To wrong, to injure. b. To do evil. 5. With कर् (कर्करीते) a. To call. b. To take shape or form. 6. With कर् (कर्करीते) a. To kill or hurt dangerously. b. To collect, to assemble. 7. With कर्, and कर् (कर्करीते) To reproach. 8. With कर् (कर्करीते) To befriend, to serve or assist. 9. With कर्, and कर् inserted (कर्करीते, or कर्करीति) To alter. (कर्करीति) a. To polish, to adorn. b. To assemble. c. To reply. 10. With कर् (कर्करीति) To abuse, to revile. 11. With कर् (कर्करीति) To do evil. 12. With कर् and कर् (कर्करीते) a. To make light of, to contemn. b. To expel. c. To annihilate. 13. With कर्, and कर् inserted (कर्करीति) To polish, to refine, to make elegant or perfect. 14. With कर् and कर् (कर्करीति) To act well. 15. With कर् (कर्करीते) a. To begin. b. To do any thing quickly. c. To serve. d. To allot, to portion. e. To violate. f. To chaunt, to recite. 16. With कर् (कर्करीते) a. To counteract. b. To retaliate. c. To remedy. 17. With कर् and कर् (कर्करीते) To requite, to return a kindness; with कर् (कर्करीते) a. To utter, to sound. b. To seek, strive for. (कर्करीति) a. To alter, to change in form. b. To disturb or agitate. 18. With कर् and कर् (कर्करीते) a. To explain, to expound. b. To make manifest or public. 19. With कर् (कर्करीति) a. To polish, to perfect. b. To assemble, to bring together. 20. With कर् (कर्करीति) To do well.  
**क** m. (-रः) The throat, the larynx. **म.** कर् to make, and कर् affix, what makes or produces sound.  
**क** m. (-रः) 1. A kind of partridge, commonly Kaer, (Perdix sylvatica.) 2. A worm. **म.** कर् the throat, and कर् to sound, affix कर्, the deriv. irr.  
**क** mfn. (-रः-वा-रः) Belonging or relating to a partridge. **म.** कर् and कर् aff.  
**क** m. (-रः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. One of the five vital airs, that which assists in digestion. 3. A kind of partridge: see कर्. 4. A sort of pepper, (P. chavya.) 5. The oleander tree. **म.** कर् the throat, and कर् what gets or receives; or कर् imitative sound, and कर् what makes, from कर् to make or do, affix कर्.  
**क** m. (-रः) See the next.  
**क** m. (-रः) A lizard, chameleon. **म.** कर् the throat, and कर् to play, &c. affix कर्; also कर्.  
**क** m. (-रः) 1. A cock, a gallinaceous fowl. 2. A peacock. 3. A lizard, a chameleon. **म.** कर् the throat, कर् to speak, Unadi affix कर्.  
**क** m. (-रः) A name of KARATIKA. **म.** कर् a peacock, and कर् a standard or symbol; the peacock is the vehicle and standard of SKANDA.  
**क** f. (-वा) 1. The back of the neck. 2. The raised and straight part of the neck. **म.** कर् the throat, कर् to go, कर् aff.  
**क** m. (-रः) A lizard, a chameleon: see कर्.  
**क** mfn. (-रः-वा-रः) 1. Attended with pain, painful. 2. Wicked,

sinful. mn. (-सः-सः) Bodily pain. Penance, expiation. 3. Sin. 4. difficulty, labour, trouble. 5. A kind of religious penance, according to some, the same as the Prajapatya; see प्राजापत्य; (according to others, as the Santapana: (see सान्तापन.) ६. कृत् to cut, रक् Unadi affix, and कृ substituted for the final.

कृत्तम mfn. (-तः-ता-सः) 1. Embarrassed, distressed. 2. Pained, suffering pain. ३. कृत्, and तत् gone to or in.

कृत्तमिकृत् m. (-कृः) A kind of penance, taking no sustenance but water for three, nine, twelve, or twenty-one days. ३. कृत् one kind of penance, and कृत्तमिकृत् another; the substance of both. [half.

कृत्तमिकृत् m. (-कृः) An inferior penance lasting six days. ३. कृत् and कृत्तमिकृत् r. 6th cl. (कृत्तमि) 1. To be thick or coarse, to be gross, to be solid. 2. To eat.

कृत्तम m. (-कृः) A painter. ३. कृत् to do or make, कृ aff.

कृत्तमिकृत् m. (-कृः) कृत्तमि r. 6th cl. (कृत्तमि) To cut, to divide. r. 7th cl. (कृत्तमि) To surround, to encompass.

कृत mfn. (-तः-ता-सः) 1. Done, made, performed. 2. Injured, hurt. 3. Fit, proper. n. (-तः) 1. The first of the four ages of the world, the Satya-yug. 2. Fruit, consequence. adv. 1. Enough, sufficient. 2. Enough, completely finished. 3. Enough, have done, no more. ३. कृत् to do, to injure, &c. affix कृ.

कृतक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) 1. Artificial, factitious, made, not produced spontaneously. 2. Assumed, simulated, not natural. n. (-कः) Factitious salt, produced by boiling and evaporating from saline soils. ३. कृत् to cut or divide, Unadi affix कृ.

कृतकपट mfn. (-टः-टा-टः) Deceiving, beguiling, fraudulent. ३. कृत, and कपट deceit.

कृतकर्तव्य mfn. (-कः-क्या-क्यः) Having done or discharged, or being done, (a duty.) कृत done, कर्तव्य what was to be done.

कृतकर्तव्य mfn. (-कः-क्या-क्यः) Skilful, clever, able. ३. कृत made, कर्तव्य act.

कृतकार्य mfn. (-क्यः-क्या-क्यः) See कृतकृत्य.

कृतकाल mfn. (-कः-का-कः) 1. Fixed, settled as to time. 2. Sent or deposited, &c. for a certain time. ३. कृत, and काल time.

कृतकृत्य क mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Tied up as a small bundle or brush. ३. कृत-कृत्य a bundle, and कृत added.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-क्यः-क्या-क्यः) 1. Having done or discharged any thing to be done. 2. Having accomplished or attained any object. 3. Contented, satisfied. ३. कृत done, and कृत्य what was to be done; also कृतकर्तव्य, कृतकार्य, &c.

कृतकृत्यता f. (-ता) Success, attainment, accomplishment, the full discharge of any duty or realisation of any object. ३. कृतकृत्य and तत् affix; also with कृ affix, कृतकृत्यत्व.

कृतकीटि m. (-टिः) 1. A name of the saint KASYAPA. 2. A name of UPADHARSHA, another divine sage. ३. कृत made, कीटि excellence.

कृतकीप mfn. (-पः-पा-पः) Angry, indignant. ३. कृत, and कीप anger.

कृतकृत्य m. (-यः) A purchaser, a buyer. ३. कृत, and कृत्य purchase.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. having finished or completed any thing in which one was engaged. 3. Having attained any end or accomplished any object. 3. Having fulfilled one's duty. ३. कृत done, कृत्य work, duty, &c.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Angry, resentful. ३. कृत, and कृत्य wrath.

कृतकृत्यय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Assaulting, attacking, one who tries to kill. ३. कृत, यात a blow, यत् effort.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Ungrateful, not acknowledging former good offices. 2. Defeating or rendering vain all previous measures. ३. कृत what has been done, कृत killing, destroying.

कृतकृत्य f. (-ता) Ingratitude. ३. तत् added to the last; also with कृ, कृतकृत्यत्व, कृतकृत्य m. (-कृः) A boy on whom the ceremony of tonsure has been performed. ३. कृत, and कृत्य a crest, a lock of hair being left on the top of the head.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) 1. Born, produced. 2. Generated. ३. कृत, and कृत्य birth.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) 1. Grateful, remembering former aid or favours. 2. Observant of propriety, correct in conduct. m. (-कृः) A dog. ३. कृत what is done, and कृत who knows.

कृतकृत्य f. (-ता) Gratitude. ३. कृतकृत्य, and तत् affix; also कृतकृत्यत्व.

कृतकृत्य m. (-कृः) 1. A guide to holy places, &c. one who frequents them. 2. A councillor, one fertile in expedients. ३. कृत, तीर्थ pilgrimage, &c.

कृतकृत्य n. (-कृः) Being done or effected. ३. कृ, added to कृत.

कृतकृत्य m. (-कृः) A married man. ३. कृत, and कृत्य a wife.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) A self-engaged servant, a hired servant. ३. कृत made, (spontaneously,) and कृत्य a slave.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) 1. Prudent, considerate. 2. Learned, educated. ३. कृत, and कृत्य understanding.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) 1. Defeated, overpowered. 2. Injured, destroyed. 3. Recollecting past transactions. ३. कृत, and कृत्य loss.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Loss after being one possessed or acquired. ३. कृत made, gained, कृत्य destroyed.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Ungrateful. ३. कृत, and कृत्य who destroys.

कृतकृत्य m. (-कृः) A penitent, one who has performed penance or made expiation. ३. कृत, and कृत्य cleansing.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Confident, sure, certain. ३. कृत, and कृत्य certainly.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Skilled in archery. ३. कृत done, made, कृत्य the feather of an arrow.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Done formerly or preceedingly. ३. कृत, and कृत्य prior.

कृतकृत्यनाशन n. (-नः) Ingratitude, forgetting past services. ३. कृतकृत्य, and नाशन destroying.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) One by whom any thing was done in time past. ३. कृत done, कृत्य formerly, कृत्य affix of agency.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Behaving gallantly. ३. कृत, and कृत्य manhood.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Saluting, making or having made obeisance. ३. कृत, and कृत्य salute.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Active, industrious, persevering. ३. कृत, and कृत्य effort.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Successful, fruitful. n. (-कृः) 1. Result, consequence of an act. 2. A poisonous substance; see कृतकृत्य. ३. कृत, and कृत्य fruit.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Laying hand upon, touching. ३. कृत, and कृत्य the arm.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Informed of one's duty, having acquired knowledge. ३. कृत, and कृत्य understanding.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Alarmed, apprehensive. ३. कृत, and कृत्य fear.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Blessed, consecrated. ३. कृत and कृत्य auspicious.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Angry, offended, indignant. ३. कृत, and कृत्य anger.

कृतकृत्य m. (-कृः) A tree, (Cassia fistula.) ३. कृत made, कृत्य a garland, garlands being made of its flowers; also कृतकृत्य.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Skilled, clever, conversant. ३. कृत done, and कृत्य chief, principal.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Sounding, singing. ३. कृत, and कृत्य a sound.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Splendid, brilliant. ३. कृत, and कृत्य light; also कृतकृत्य.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Angry, displeased. ३. कृत, and कृत्य wrath.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Excellent, amiable, &c. noted for good qualities. 2. Defined, discriminated. 3. Marked, stamped. 4. Branded. ३. कृत made, कृत्य a mark, a sign. [aff.

कृतकृत्य mfn. (-कृः-क्या-क्यः) Making, was making, made. ३. कृत, and कृत्य making. कृतकृत्य m. (-कृः) A penitent who has shaven his head and chin. ३. कृत and कृत्य tonsure.

जतविनिव mfn. (-यः-वा-य) Altered, changed. ३. जत and विनिव change ; also जतविचार.

जतविष mfn. (-यः-वा-य) Scientific, a philosopher. ३. जत and विषा knowledge.

जतविशय mfn. (-यः-वा-य) Surpassing, astonishing. ३. जत, and विशय wonder.

जतवेतन mfn. (-जः-वा-न) Hired as a servant or labourer. ३. जत made, appointed, and वेतन wages.

जतवेदिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Grateful. 2. Knowing, observant. ३. जत, and वेदिन् who knows.

जतवेधन m. (-जः) A plant, a sort of Ghos'ha with white flowers : see चीच जतवेपथु mfn. (-युः-वु-यु) Trembling. ३. जत, and वेपथु trembling.

जतवेष्ट mfn. (-यः-वा-य) Decorating, adorning. ३. जत, and वेष्ट dress.

जतव्यसौक mfn. (-कः-वा-क) Annoyed, vexed, irritated. ३. जत, and व्यसौक pain, &c.

जतव्यक्ति mfn. (-क्तिः-क्तिः-क्ति) Putting forth one's strength or courage. ३. जत, and व्यक्ति power.

जतव्योम mfn. (-मः-वा-म) 1. Splendid, brilliant. 2. Beautiful, beautified. ३. Dexterous, handy. ४. जत, and व्योम splendor.

जतव्योच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Purified, cleansed, freed from the natural dejections, released from conventional defilement, &c. ३. जत, and व्योच purification.

जतव्यय mfn. (-यः-वा-य) Laborious, assiduous, persevering, pains-taking making great or continuous exertions. ३. जत made, व्यय fatigue.

जतसंज्ञे mfn. (-ज्ञः-ता-ज्ञ) Making an agreement or appointment, ३. जत, and संज्ञे agreement.

जतसंसर्ग mfn. (-गः-ता-ग) Approximate, united. ३. जत, and संसर्ग union.

जतसंस्कार mfn. (-रः-वा-र) Initiated, having undergone all the purificatory ceremonies. ३. जत, and संस्कार rite.

जतसंज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-वा-ज्ञ) Distinguished by appropriate marks, devices, &c. ३. जत, and संज्ञ a signal.

जतसन्निधान mfn. (-नः-वा-न) Contracted, approximated. ३. जत, and सन्निधान proximity.

जतसम्बन्ध mfn. (-न्धः-वा-न्ध) Connected, allied. ३. जत, and सम्बन्ध alliance.

जतसापयिका f. (-का) A woman whose husband has taken another wife. ३. जत made, स with, together with, पत्नी a wife, affix कन् : or derived from सापयक, जतसापयक ; also जतसापयी, &c.

जतस्थिति mfn. (-तिः-तिः-ति) Abiding, staying, taking up an abode in or with. ३. जत, and स्थिति stay.

जतस्वयय mfn. (-यः-वा-य) Recommended to the protection of gods previous to any journey or undertaking. ३. जत, स्वयय benediction.

जतहस्त mfn. (-स्तः-वा-स्त) 1. Skilled in archery. 2. Clever, skilful, dexterous. ३. जत exercised, हस्त the hand ; also जतहस्तक.

जताकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Done in part, not completed. 2. Committed and omitted. ३. जत, and अकृत undone.

जतावन mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Advanced, proficient, ३. जत, and वावन coming.

जतावन् mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Criminal, offending, in fault. ३. जत done, वावन् triple.

जताधिकार्य m. (-र्यः) A Brahman who has offered the usual oblations with fire. ३. जत, and अधिकार्य fire-sacrifice.

जताङ्क mfn. (-ङ्कः-वा-ङ्क) 1. Marked. 2. Numbered. 3. Branded. ३. जत, and अङ्क a mark.

जताञ्जलि mfn. (-जिः-जिः-जि) One who joins the palms of the hands, making such a sign of reverence or solicitation, reverent, respectful. m. (-जिः) A shrub used in medicine, also in magical portions, &c. ३. जत made, अञ्जलि the hand joined, &c.

जताञ्जलिपुट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) Joining the palms of the hands for the purpose of doing obeisance, also for holding water &c. ३. जत, and अञ्जलिपुट the palms joined.

जतात्मन् mfn. (-त्मा-त्मा-न्) Subdued, tranquil, of a self-governed spirit. ३. जत, and आत्मन् self.

जतामति mfn. (-तिः-तिः-ति) Bending, bowed, paying homage or respect. ३. जत, and आमति bowing.

जतायुक्त्व mfn. (-युः-वा-यु) Kind, favouring, compliant. ३. जत, आयुक्त्व favour.

जतायुज्याय mfn. (-युः-वा-यु) Mixed, combined, united. ३. जत, and आयुज्याय mixture.

जतायुसार m. (-रः) Established practice, usage, custom, rate. ३. जत, and आयुसार custom.

जतान m. (-नः) 1. A name of YAMA, son of SURYA, and regent of the dead, or death personified. 2. Destiny, that is, the inevitable result of actions done in a past existence. 3. A demonstrated conclusion, proved or established doctrine. 4. Sinful or inauspicious action. 5. Saturday, which is considered as an unlucky day. f. (-न्ता) A perfume : see रेणुका. ३. जत act, (actum) done, चन् end, destruction.

जतानक m. (-कः) See the preceding.

जतानजनक m. (-कः) A name of the sun. ३. जतान YAMA, and जनक progenitor ; being the father of YAMA.

जतापकार mfn. (-रः-वा-र) 1. Injured, wronged. 2. Discomfited, overpowered. 3. Doing wrong, offending. ३. जत, and अपकार offence.

कृतापदान mfn. (-नः-वा-न) Completing a task, effecting an object. ३. कृत, and अपदान accomplishment.

कृतापराध mfn. (-धः-वा-ध) Guilty, culpable, an offender. ३. कृत, and अपराध offence.

कृताभिषेक mfn. (-कः-वा-क) 1. Sprinkled. 2. Inaugurated. m. (-कः) A prince, &c. who has been inaugurated. ३. कृत, and अभिषेक sprinkling.

कृतार्थ mfn. (-र्थः-वा-र्थ) Successful, having attained an end, having accomplished a purpose or desire. ३. कृत done, अर्थ object.

कृतायता f. (-ता) Success, fruitfulness, accomplishment of an object. ३. तत् added to the last ; also कृतायत्.

कृतायैकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Rendered successful. ३. कृताय, and कृत made, वि augment.

कृतायैभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Become successful. ३. कृताय, and भूत been, वि augment.

कृतालय m. (-यः) A frog. ३. कृत made, आलय abode.

कृतावधान mfn. (-नः-वा-न) Careful, cautious, prudent, attentive. ३. कृत, and अवधान care.

कृतावधि mfn. (-धिः-धिः-धि) 1. Fixed, appointed, agreed upon. 2. Bounded, limited. ३. कृत, and अवधि term, &c.

कृतावनर्ष mfn. (-र्षः-वा-र्ष) 1. Disregarding, effacing from recollection. 2. Intolerant. ३. कृत, and अवर्ष impatience.

कृतावयव्यधिक mfn. (-कः-वा-क) Seated on the hams with the knees tied together, or the hips and knees surrounded by a cloth. ३. कृत, and अवयव्यधिका the cloth so used.

कृतावस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-वा-स्थ) 1. Summoned, called. 2. Made present. 3. Fixed, settled. ३. कृत, and अवस्था condition.

कृतावास m. (-सः) A lodging, a temporary accommodation, an apartment. ३. कृत, and आवास abode.

कृताशन mfn. (-नः-वा-न) Feeding upon. ३. कृत, and अशन eating.

कृताश्लान्ध mfn. (-नः-वा-न) 1. Assailing, attacking. 2. Effacing from recollection. ३. कृत, and आश्लान्ध going to.

कृतास्त्र mfn. (-स्त्रः-वा-स्त्र) Armed. ३. कृत, and अस्त्र weapon.

कृतासद mfn. (-दः-वा-द) 1. Governed, ruled. 2. Supporting, rested upon by any thing. 3. Residing in or on, taking one's abode. ३. कृत, and आसद place, rule.

कृताश्रक mfn. (-कः-वा-क) Having performed the daily ceremonies, or devotions. ३. कृत, अश्रक a day, कन् added.

कृताश्रान mfn. (-नः-वा-न) 1. Summoned, called. 2. Challenged. ३. कृत, and आश्रान calling.

कृति f. (-तिः) 1. Act, action, acting, doing, &c. 2. Injuring, hurt, hurting. 3. A sort of metre, a stanza of four lines, with twenty syllables in each. म. कृ to do, to injure, कृति aff.

कृतिकर m. (-रः) A name of RA'VANA. म. कृति injuring, कृ to do, ट aff.

कृतिन् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) 1. Wise, learned. 2. Clever, skilful. 3. Good, virtuous. 4. Pure, pious. 5. Following, obeying, doing what is enjoined. म. कृत done, performed, कृति affix ; by whom proper acts are done.

कृते ind. For, on account of.

कृतेयं mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Envious, jealous. म. कृत, and ईर्ष्या envy.

कृतोच्च ind. Raised on high. म. कृत, and उच्च high.

कृतोद्ध mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Having performed ablutions. म. कृत, and उद्ध water.

कृतोद्वाह mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Performing penance by standing with uplifted hands. 2. Married. म. कृत, and उद्वाह marriage.

कृतोपकार mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. Assisted, befriended. 2. Friendly, giving aid. म. कृत, and उपकार help.

कृतोपनयन m. (-नः) The student invested with the sacrificial cord. म. कृत and उपनयन investiture.

कृतोपयोग mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Used, enjoyed. म. कृत, and उपयोग use.

कृतं mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Cut, divided. 2. Desired, sought, wished for. म. कृत to cut, &c affix क.

कृति f. (-तिः) 1. The hide upon which the religious student sits, sleeps, &c. usually the skin of an antelope. 2. The skin. 3. The bark of the B'hurjpatra, used for writing upon, for making hooka snakes, &c. 4. One of the lunar mansions : see the next. म. कृत to cut, कृति aff.

कृतिका f. (-का) 1. The third of the lunar mansions, or constellations in the moon's path, consisting of six stars, and corresponding to the Pleiades. 2. (In mythology,) a nymph ; one of six, the nurses of KARTIKĒ'YA. म. कृत to cut, कृति and कृ affixes ; the figure of the asterism is a razor or knife.

कृतिनाम m. (-नः) A name of CHANDRA or the moon. म. कृतिना the constellation, and अन्व who is born.

कृतिनासुत m. (-तः) A name of SKANDA or KARTIKĒ'YA. म. कृतिना and सुत the son ; the nymphs so named being his foster mothers.

कृतिवास m. (-वः) SIVA : see the next.

कृतिवासस् m. (-सः) An appellation of MAHADĒVA. म. कृति a skin or hide, and वासस् clothes ; clothed with a tyger's skin ; also कृतिवास.

कृत् mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) An artist, an artificer or mechanic. म. कृत to make, कृत् Unadi aff.

कृत्य mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. To be done or performed. 2. To be rendered murderous or mischievous, hired as an assassin, seduced from allegiance or alliance, hostile through covetousness, &c. f. (-तः) 1. Action, act. 2. A female deity, to whom sacrifices are offered for destructive and magical purposes. 3. Magic. 4. A pestilence, n. (-तः) 1. Motive, cause. 2. The class of affixes in grammar forming nouns corresponding to gerunds and supines, chiefly with a passive signification, but sometimes active, and sometimes abstract nouns. म. कृत, to injure, to divide &c. कृत्य or कृत्य affixed, or कृत, to injure, कृत affix, and क inserted.

कृत्यक m. (-कः) An injurer.

कृत्यज्ञ mfn. (-जः-जः-जः) Learned, wise, who knows what is to be done. म. कृत्य, and ज्ञ who knows.

कृत्यज्ञान n. (-ज्ञः) The right way, the manner in which any object is to be effected. म. कृत्य, and ज्ञान a road.

कृत्यविद् m. (-विदः) Learned, wise who knows what is to be done. म. कृत्य, and विद् who knows.

कृत्यविधि f. (-धिः) The way to do any thing, a rule or precept. म. कृत्य, and विधि rule.

कृतिन् mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Made, factitious, artificial, the reverse of what is naturally or spontaneously produced. म. (-नः) 1. Incense, olibanum. 2. An adopted son, used for कृतिन्पुत्र. न. (-नः) A kind of salt, the common Bit Noban or Bit Lavan. म. कृत to make, कृति Unadi affix, and कृत् added.

कृतिन्पुत्र m. (-पुः) A compound perfume, containing ten or eighteen ingredients. म. कृतिन् artificial, and पुत्र resin ; also with कृत् added कृतिन्पुत्रक.

कृतिन्पुत्र m. (-पुः) An adopted son ; one of the twelve kinds recognized in law, the son made. म. कृतिन्, and पुत्र a son.

कृतिन्मित्र m. (-मिः) An acquired friend ; one on whom benefits have been conferred, or from whom they have been received. म. कृतिन् made, and मित्र a friend ; also similar compound in this or other senses, कृतिन्मित्र an acquired enemy, कृतिन्मित्रादीन् one who is indifferent to benefits or injuries, neither an acquired friend nor foe.

कृता ind. Having done, made, &c. म. कृत to do, कृता aff.

कृत n. (-तः) 1. Water. 2. Entire, whole. म. कृत to surround, and कृता Unadi aff.

कृतम् mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) All, whole, entire. न. (-तः) 1. Water. 2. The flank or hip. म. कृत to encompass, कृतम् Unadi aff.

कृतविद् mfn. (-विदः-विदः-विदः) Omniscient, acquainted with all things. म. कृत all, and विद् who knows.

कृतवत् ind. Wholly, entirely, altogether. म. कृतवत्, and वत् aff.

कृत् m. (-रः) A granary, a cupboard, &c. for holding corn, grain, &c. म. कृत to contain, Unadi affix कृत्.

कृतम् m. (-तः) A noun formed by the application of the affixes termed कृत to the root, म. कृत, and कृता a final.

कृता n. (-तः) A plough. म. कृत to divide or cut, कृता Unadi affix, and कृत् inserted.

कृत्य n. (-नः) Cutting. म. कृति to cut, कृत् aff.

कृतिना f. (-ना) 1. A knife. 2. The edge of a knife. म. कृत् added to the last.

कृप (कृ, कृ) कृपय् r. 1st cl. (कृपयते) to be able. r. 1st and 10th cls. (कृपयति, कृपयति) 1. To think or imagine. 2. To mix. 3. To paint or colour. r. 1st cl. (कृपयति) To have pity or mercy. r. 10th cl. (कृपयति) To be weak. In the first roots कृ or कृ is substituted for कृ.

कृप m. (-पः) 1. The name of a sage, the brother-in-law of DRONA. 2. A name of VYASA, the compiler of Vedas and Puranas. f. (-पः) Tenderness, compassionateness f. (-पः) The wife of the sage DRONA. म. कृप to be able, &c. कृप aff.

कृपय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) 1. Miserly, avaricious. 2. Low, vile. 3. Poor, feeble, miserable, pitiable. म. (कृ) A worm. म. कृप to be able, कृत् or कृट् aff.

कृपा m. (-पः) A sword, a scymitar or sacrificial knife. f. (-पः) 1. A knife. 2. A shears or scissors. 3. A dagger. म. कृपा mercy, कृपा to destroy, कृपा aff.

कृपाक m. (-कः) A sword, a scymitar : see the preceding. म. कृत् added to कृपाक.

कृपाकृति f. (-तिः) A knife. म. कृत् added to कृपाक, and the fem. aff.

कृपाकृत m. (-तः) One of the Bud'dhas or deified saints of the Bud'dhas. म. कृपा compassion, and कृत not second ; unequalled for tenderness.

कृपावत् mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Compassionate, tender. म. कृपा tenderness, कृपावत् aff.

कृपावत् mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Compassionate ; so कृपावत् (-वः-वः-वः) कृपावत् (-वः-वः-वः) &c.

कृपाहीन mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Unfeeling, unkind, hardhearted. म. कृपा, हीन devoid of.

कृपीट n. (-टः) 1. The belly. 2. Water. 3. A wood, a forest. 4. Weed, timber. म. कृप to be able, कृपीट Unadi aff.

कृषीटपाख m. (-कः) 1. The ocean. 2. A rudder or large oar used as one. 3. Air, wind. ३. कृषीट water, पाख what preserves, &c. चक् aff.

कृषीटयोनि m. (-निः) Fire. ३. कृषीट water, योनि source, place of origin.

कृषीपति m. (-तिः) A name of DRONA'CHARYA. ३. कृषी the wife of the sage, and पति master.

कृषीपुत्र m. (-पः) ASWATTHAMA a sage, the son of Kripa and DRONA. ३. कृषी, and पुत्र a son, or with other synonyms of a son, as कृषीपुत्र, &c.

कृष r. 1st cl. or 5th cl. (कृ) कृषि (कृषीति) 1. To kill, to hurt or injure in any way. 2 To act, to do. 3. To go, to move. 4. To be in pain.

कृषि m. (-निः) 1. A worm, an insect in general. 2. Lao, the red dye, which is in fact an insect. 3. An Asur or demon. 4. One subject to worms. ३. कृष् to go, इन् Unadi affix, and the corresponding vowel substituted for र ; also कृषि.

कृषिकण्टक n. (-कः) 1. A plant used in medicine : see विडङ्ग. 2. Opposite leaved fig tree. 3. A plant, (Salvinia cucullata :) see सूचिकपर्वी. ३. कृषि a worm, and कण्टक a thorn, a foe; also कृषिकण्टक.

कृषिकर्ष m. (-र्षः) Worms or lice generating in the external ear. ३. कृषि, and कर्ष the ear.

कृषिकीरीय mfn. (-यः-त्या-त्य) Silken, silk. ३. कृषि a worm, कीरी a ball, and उत्य what comes or rises from.

कृषिचर्म m. (-चर्मः) Insects generated at the roots of the eyelashes. ३. कृषि and चर्म a joint.

कृषिचर्म mfn. (-चर्मः-जी-ज) Vermifuge, anthelmintic. m. (-जः). 1. A shrub used in medicine, as an anthelmintic, commonly Biranga. (Erycibe paniculata, Rox.) See विडङ्ग. 2. The onion. 3. The root of the ju-jube. 4. The marking nut plant. f. (-जो) Turmeric. ३. कृषि a worm, इन् to kill, and डक् affix; also कृषिचर्म.

कृषिज n. (-जः) Agallochum : see कृषिज. f. (-जा) Lao, a red dye so called. ३. कृषि an insect, and ज born, produced.

कृषिदन्तक m. (-कः) Toothache with decay of the teeth, ३. कृषि, and दन्त a tooth, कन् added.

कृषिन् mfn. (-नी-मिनी-नि) Affected with worms. ३. कृषि, and इनि aff.

कृषिरिपु m. (-पुः) An anthelmintic plant : see कृषिचर्म. ३. कृषि, and रिपु an enemy.

कृषिल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Having worms, wormy. f. (-ला) A fruitful woman, one bearing many children. ३. कृषि a worm, and ला to receive, to get, affix ड.

कृषिशङ्ख m. (-ङ्खः) The fish of the conch. ३. कृषि a worm, and शङ्ख a shell.

कृषिशक्ति f. (-क्तिः) An oyster. ३. कृषि an insect, and शक्ति oyster-shell.

कृषिशैल m. (-लः) An ant or mole hill. ३. कृषि a worm, and शैल a hill ; also with कन् added, कृषिशैलक.

कृषिहर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Anthelmintic, vermifuge. ३. कृषि, and हर what removes ; so कृषिहरन् (-न्ता-नी-न्).

कृषीलक m. (-कः) A wild sort of kidney bean : see वनसुद्ध.

कृषि r. 5th cl. (कृषिचोति) To want to hurt or kill.

कृषि m. (-विः) A loom. ३. कृ to make, (cloth,) and कृन् Unadi aff.

कृष r. 4th cl. (कृषि) कृषि (कृषति) To make thin or small.

कृष mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Small, thin, little, minute. 2. Thin, spare, emaciated. 3. Weak, feeble. ३. कृष् to pare or make thin, क् affix, deriv. irr.

कृषता f. (-ता) Leanness, thinness. ३. कृष् added to the last ; also with क, कृषत.

कृषर m. (-रः-र) 1. A dish composed of milk, sesamum, and rice. 2. Rice and pease boiled together with a few spices, commonly Khichree : also कृषर.

कृषा f. (-षा) The hair of the head. ३. कृष minute, ष what receives.

कृषा m. (-षः) 1. Heating. 2. Grieving. ३. कृष् to make small, and षाङ्ग aff.

कृषा m. (-षः) A spider. ३. कृष, ष eye, टक् aff.

कृषा mfn. (-षः-शी-श) Spare, thin, emaciated. f. (-शी) 1. A woman with

a slender shape. 2 A plant, commonly Priyangu : see प्रियङ्गु. ३. कृष thin, ष the body, ष and कृष् affs.

कृषा m. (-षः) 1. A name of fire 2. A plant, (Plumbago zeylanica.) ३. कृष् to make thin. षाङ्ग Unadi aff.

कृषागुरितम् m. (-ताः) A name of SIVA. ३. कृषागुरि fire, and रितम् semen virile.

कृषा m. (-षः) The name of a sage.

कृषाचिन् m. (-चो) A dancer, an actor, a tumbler. ३. कृषाचि the name of a saint, the author of directions to players, and इनि aff.

कृष r. 1st cl. (कृ) कृषि (कृषति) and 6th cl. (कृषति-ते) 1. To draw or make furrows. 2. To plough. With चक्, 1. To draw down. 2. To debase. 3 To disregard. with चक्, 1. To draw out or off. 2. To disregard or contemn. With षाङ्ग, To attract, to draw to. With डक्, 1. To raise, to draw up. 2. To raise, to excite, to make high, proud, loud, &c. With सन्, To draw together. With सम् and नि, To bring near or close to.

कृषक mfn. (कः-का-क) 1. What or who makes furrows or ploughs. 2. Attractive, attrahent. m (कः) 1. The plough-share 2. A husband-man, a peasant. कृष् to plough, &c. Unadi affix, कन् ; also कृषिक.

कृषाण m. (-णः) A husbandman.

कृषाणु m. (-णुः) A name of fire : see कृषाण.

कृषि f. (-विः) 1. Husbandry, agriculture. 2. Ploughing, cultivating the soil, &c. ३. कृष् to plough, इक् Unadi aff.

कृषिक m. (-कः) 1. The plough-share. 2. A husband-man a cultivator. ३. कृष् to plough, Unadi affix किकन् ; also कृषक.

कृषिजीविन् m. (-वी) A cultivator, a farmer. ३. कृषि, and जीविन् who lives by.

कृषिकल n. (-लं) Agricultural produce or profit. ३. कृषि, and कल fruit.

कृषीवल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) One who lives by agriculture, &c. m. (-लः) A husband-man. ३. कृषि agriculture, वलक् affix, and इ made इ.

कृषार m. (-रः) An appellation of SIVA.

कृष्ट mfn. (टः टा-ट) Ploughed or tilled, a field, &c. ३. कृष् to plough affix क्.

कृष्टपच mfn. (-चः-या-चं) Sown or ripening after ploughing. (rice, &c.) ३. कृष्ट ploughed, पच् to ripen, and चक् affix ; in some places the grain is sown without previous ploughing, whence it is called अकृष्टपच.

कृष्टपाक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Sown or rather ripening after ploughing : see कृष्टपच.

कृष्टि m. (टिः) A teacher, a learned man or Pandit. f. (-टिः) Ploughing cultivating the soil. 2. Attracting, drawing. ३. कृष् to plough, to trace, नि or कृन् aff.

कृष्णित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Devoted to Krishna. ३. कृष् second case, णि serving ; also कृष्णित

कृष्ण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Black or dark blue. m. (-णः) 1. Black, the colour or dark blue, which is often confounded with it by the Hindus. 2. KRISHNA, the most celebrated form of VISHNU, or rather VISHNU himself ; he is distinct from the ten Avatars or incarnations, being identified with the deity. 3. VYASA, a sage, the compiler of the Vedas. 4. A name of ARJUNA. 5. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 6. A crow. 7. A fruit, Karonda or Karinda, (Carissa carondas.) 8. The dark half of the lunar month from full to new moon. n. (-च) 1. Black pepper. 2. Iron. 3. Blue vitriol. 4. Black agallochum. (-च) 1. name of DRAUPADI wife of the PANDAVAS. 2. The indigo plant 3. Long pepper. 4. A grape. 5. A drug, commonly Kakoli. Kalonji, (Nigella Indica :) see कृष्णजीरक. 7. Black mustard, (the name is applied to other vegetable substances of a dark colour.) The Krishna river in the Deccan. 9. A black leech, consider poisonous. ३. कृष् to attract, as the minds of men, &c. कृष् Unadi affix ; (this is applied to KRISHNA, &c.) else, कृष् to tinge, affix त same ; again कृष् black, &c. and चक् affix, fem. affix टप्. [कृष् ता कृष्कट n. (-टः) The red lotus, (Nymphaea rubra.) ३. कृष् black, a



कृष्णकर्मन् mfn. (-कर्मन् कर्म) Criminal, guilty. n. (-कर्म) 1. Making black. 2. Cauterising. E. कृष्ण black, and कर्मन् action.

कृष्णकाक m. (-कः) A raven. E. कृष्ण black, and काक a crow.

कृष्णकाष्ठ n. (-ष्ठ) A black variety of agallochum. E. कृष्ण, and काष्ठ wood.

कृष्णकैलि m. (-लिः) A plant, (Mirabilis jalapa.)

कृष्णकीर्त्त m. (-लः) A gamester, a gambler.

कृष्णचतुर्दशी f. (-शी) The fourteenth day in the dark half of a month. E. कृष्ण dark, चतुर्दशी fourteenth; it is the day preceding new moon.

कृष्णचर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Formerly or in a former existence, KRISHNA. E. कृष्ण, and चरट् affix, implying former state of being; also कृष्णवपः.

कृष्णचूडा f. (-ड) A shrub, (Poinciana pulcherrima.)

कृष्णचूर्ण n. (-र्ण) Rust of iron, iron filings E. कृष्ण black, and चूर्ण powder, dust.

कृष्णजटा f. (-टा) Indian spikenard: see जटामांसी. E. कृष्ण black, जटा twisted hair, to which its entangled stalks are compared.

कृष्णजीरक m. (-कः) Kalongi, a plant having a small black seed, which is used for medical and culinary purposes, (Nigella Indica, Rox.) E. कृष्ण black, and जीरक cummin seed.

कृष्णता f. (-ता) Blackness. E. तल added to कृष्ण; with त, कृष्णत.

कृष्णताम्र n. (-म्र) A kind of Sandal wood. E. कृष्ण, and ताम्र copper, of a dusky copper hue.

कृष्णतार m. (-रः) A deer, an antelope. E. कृष्ण black, and तार the pupil of the eye, black-eyed.

कृष्णचिह्नता f. (-ता) A plant, black Teori: see चिह्नता.

कृष्णदशन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Having bad or discoloured teeth. E. कृष्ण, and दशन a tooth.

कृष्णदेह mfn. (-हः-दा-ह) Black-bodied. m. (-हः) A large black bee. E. कृष्ण black, and देह the body.

कृष्णव्यास m. (-नः) A name of VYASA, the compiler of the Vedas, and Puranas. E. A compound of two other names of the sage: see कृष्ण, and व्यास.

कृष्णधनूर m. (-रः) A dark species of Dhatura or thorn apple, (Dhatura fastuosa:) see धनूर.

कृष्णपक्ष m. (-पक्ष) The dark half of a month, the fifteen days during which the moon is in the wane. E. कृष्ण dark, and पक्ष fortnight or half month.

कृष्णपाक m. (-कः) A tree bearing a small fruit, which when ripe, is of a black colour, commonly Carinda or karonda, (Carissa carandas) E. कृष्ण black and पाक what is ripe, from पच् to ripen, to cook, and पञ् affix; also कृष्णफल, and कृष्णपाकफल.

कृष्णपाकफल m. (-फलः) The Karonda: see the preceding. E. फल fruit, added to कृष्णपाक.

कृष्णपिङ्गला f. (-ला) A name of DURGA. E. कृष्ण black, and पिङ्गल tawny; being of such a colour.

कृष्णपिच्छीतक m. (-कः) A dark kind of Mayana, (Vangueria spinosa.) E. कृष्ण black, and पिच्छीतक the Mayan or Mayana tree.

कृष्णपिच्छीर m. (-रः) A dark kind of Mayana: see the preceding.

कृष्णपिपीली f. (-ली) The black ant. E. कृष्ण, and पिपीली an ant.

कृष्णपुष्प m. (-पुष्प) A black kind of Dhatura. f. (-पी) Another plant: see पिप्पलु. E. कृष्ण black and पुष्प a flower.

कृष्णफल m. (-फलः) A fruit tree, the Karinda: see कृष्णपाक. (ला) A shrub, (Serratala anthelmintica:) see सीतलाजी. E. कृष्ण black, and फल fruit.

कृष्णफलपाक m. (-कः) A fruit: see the preceding; also कृष्णपाकफल.

कृष्णभूमि f. (-भिः) A country with a dark soil, one of mould, blue clay, &c. E. कृष्ण black, and भूमि earth; also with a final च, कृष्णभूतः.

कृष्णभूमिका f. (-का) A species of grass, described as a nourishing food for cattle. E. कृष्णभूमि black earth, and ज born, produced.

कृष्णमेदी f. (-दी) A medicinal plant: see कटुबी. E. कृष्ण black, hence, dirt or excrement, and मेदी what breaks, or dissipates.

कृष्णसुत m. (-सुतः) A sort of pulse, (Phaseolus max.) E. कृष्ण black, सुत phaseolus.

कृष्णवत् f. (-वत्) A country with a soil of a dark colour. E. कृष्ण black, and वत् earth: see कृष्णभूमि.

कृष्णवर्तिका f. (-का) See the preceding.

कृष्णवत् mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Formerly KRISHNA: see कृष्णचर. E. कृष्ण, and वत् affix, implying past state of being.

कृष्णवत्त n. (-वत्) A factitious salt, either that prepared by evaporation from saline soil, or the medicinal kind, called Bit Laban or Bit Nabab, a murate of soda with a proportion of sulphur and iron. E. कृष्ण black, and वत्त salt.

कृष्णल m. (-लः) A Retti, a weight, the berry so used; or an artificial weight derived from it, the berry averaging about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  grain, the weight  $\cdot 2$  3.16 grains. f. (-ल) A shrub bearing a small black and red berry, the Ratti or Gunza: see गुञ्जा. E. कृष्ण blackness, and ल what gets, from ल to obtain, affix ल and fem. affix टाप्.

कृष्णलक m. (-लकः) A Ratti, the jeweller's weight, the fifth of a Masha. E. कृष्ण added to the preceding.

कृष्णलोह n. (-ह) The loadstone. E. कृष्ण what attracts, and लोह iron.

कृष्णलोहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Of a purple colour. E. कृष्ण black, and लोहित red; of which two colours purple is supposed to consist.

कृष्णवक्त्र m. (-वक्त्रः) The black faced monkey. E. कृष्ण black, and वक्त्र the face.

कृष्णवर्ण mfn. (-वर्णः-वर्ण-वर्ण) 1. Black or dark blue, A SUDRA. 2. A name of RAHU n, (-वर्ण) The colour black. E. कृष्ण and वर्ण colour.

कृष्णवर्ज m. (-वर्जः) 1. Fire. 2. RAHU or the personified ascending node. 3. A low man, an outcaste, a profligate, a blackguard. 4. The marking nut plant. E. कृष्ण black, and वर्जन् a path or way; whose way is darkness.

कृष्णवल्ली f. (-वल्ली) A plant, a dark kind of Babul, (Ocymum pilosum.)

कृष्णवानर m. (-रः) A black monkey. E. कृष्ण black, and वानर an ape.

कृष्णबीज m. (-बीजः) A red variety of the Morunga: see रक्तशीर्ष. E. कृष्ण black, बीज the seed.

कृष्णहस्ता f. (-स्ता) 1. The trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) 2. A leguminous plant. (Glycine dibilis.) E. कृष्ण black, and हस्त foot-stalk.

कृष्णहस्तिका f. (-का) A tree, (Gmelina arborea:) see गन्धारी.

कृष्णशर m. (-रः) The black antelope: see कृष्णशर.

कृष्णशालि m. (-लिः) A sort of rice of a dark colour. E. कृष्ण, and शालि rice.

कृष्णशिखी f. (-शी) A sort of bean, (Dolichos virosus.) E. कृष्ण, and शिखी a Dolichos.

कृष्णशृङ्ग m. (-शृङ्गः) A buffalo. E. कृष्ण black, and शृङ्ग a horn, black horned.

कृष्णश्रित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Worshipping or devoted to KRISHNA. E. कृष्ण, and श्रित attached.

कृष्णसख m. (-सखः) A friend or follower of KRISHNA, especially ARJUNA. E. कृष्ण, and सखि a friend, टप् affix in this class of compounds.

कृष्णसिद्धि f. (-द्धि) Cummin-seed.

कृष्णसर्प m. (-सर्पः) A black snake. E. कृष्ण, and सर्प a snake.

कृष्णसर्वप m. (-पः) Black mustard. E. कृष्ण, and सर्वप mustard.

कृष्णसार mf. (-रः-रा) A timber tree, Siau, (Dalbergia Siau, Rox.) m. (-रः) 1. The black antelope. 2. Khayar, (Mimosa catechu.) 3. A thorny plant, (Euphorbia tirucalli, &c.) E. कृष्ण black, and सार essence.

कृष्णसारक m. (-कः) The black antelope. E. कृष्ण black, and सारक a deer.

कृष्णसारवि m. (-विः) ARJUNA. E. कृष्ण, and सारवि charioteer, driven by KRISHNA.

कृष्णशल्म m. (-शल्मः) A tree which bears black blossoms, the Tamala tree. E. कृष्ण black, and शल्म the shoulder: see शाल्मलम्.

कृष्णगुग्गुलु n. (-गुग्गुलुः) Agallochum or aloes wood, the black variety. E. कृष्ण, and गुग्गुलु aloes wood.

**कृपावत् m.** (-कः) The mountain Raivata, part of the western portion of the Vindhya chain ; it is also one of the nine principal mountains that separate the same divisions or Varshas of the known world. **z.** कृष् black, and कृष्ण a mountain.

**कृष्णदी f.** (-दी) The name of a river, possibly the Krishna in the Deccan. **z.** कृष् and नदी a river, river of KRISHNA ; also other analogous names, as कृष्णसुवहा, कृष्णवेणा, कृष्णवहा &c ; also कृष्ण.

**कृष्णमिश्र n.** (-मि) Iron. **z.** कृष् black, and मिश्र flesh substance.

**कृष्णयस् n.** (-यस्) Iron, crude or black iron. **z.** कृष् black, and यस् iron.

**कृष्णविष् m.** (-वि) A name of fire. **z.** कृष् black, and विष् flame.

**कृष्णार्जक m.** (-कः) A black species of basil : see कृष्णवर्गी **z.** कृष् black, and अर्जक basil.

**कृष्णवास m.** (-वः) The holy fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) **z.** कृष् the deity, and वास abode.

**कृष्णान्वित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Devoted to or the votary of KRISHNA. **z.** कृष् and अन्वित attached or devoted to.

**कृष्णिका f.** (-का) Black mustard. **z.** कृष् black, कन् affix, the fem. form.

**कृष्णितम् m.** (-मि) Blackness. **z.** कृष् and कृष्णिच् aff.

**कृष्णीकरण n.** (-च) Blackening, making black. **z.** कृष् and करण making, चि augment.

**कृष्णीकृत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Blackened, made black. **z.** कृष्, कृत made, चि augment.

**कृष्णीभूत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Being or become black, &c. **z.** कृष् भूत become चि augment.

**कृष्णकुम्भ m.** (-कु.) A sort of sugar cane. **z.** कृष् black, and कुम्भ sugar cane.

**कृष्णर m.** (-रः) 1. A dish consisting of sesamum and grain. 2. A mixture of rice and peas with a few spices. **z.** कृ to scatter, र Unadi affix ; also कृष्णर.

**कृ r.** 6th cl. (कृरति) To throw, to scatter. **r.** 9th cl. (कृणाति) or (नि, ज) निकृज् (कृणाति-कृणीते) To hurt, to injure, **r.** 10th cl. (कारयते) To know. With चय prefixed, To draw furrows, to make lines. 1. To disperse. 2. With चय, To throw, to cast. 3. With चाङ्, To fill up, to cover over. 4. With प्रति, To hurt, to injure. 5. With वि, To throw, to cast, to send, to scatter widely. 6. With सम, To gather, to collect. 7. With चमि in the passive voice, to be upset, overcome, or overwhelmed.

**कृत r.** 10th cl. (कीर्ययति) To celebrate, to glorify, to render renowned or notorious.

**कृत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Made, formed. 2. Fixed, appointed. 3. Ascertained, determined. 4. Cut, pared, shorn. **z.** कृप् to be able, &c. affix कृ, and the augment कृट् omitted.

**कृतकीला f.** (-ला) A Tittle-deed, a lease of a house, a document &c. **z.** कृत fixed, कील a bolt or pin.

**कृतधूप m.** (-धु) Frankincense, olibanum **z.** कृत made, धूप incense.

**कृतिक mfn.** (-कः-का-कं) Bought, purchased.

**कृतिक m.** (-कः) A prince of the lunar race. **f.** (-यी) daughter of the preceding and one of the wives of DASARATHA ; the mother of BHARATA : see केकेयी.

**कृत् mfn.** (-रः-री-रं) Squint-eyed. **z.** कृ in the head. कृ to make, टच् affix ; also compounded with चय an eye, as कृत्तराय.

**कृत्य m.** (-कः) A dancer.

**कृका f.** (-का) The cry of a peacock. **z.** कृ an imitative sound and क what sounds, from कृ to sound, affixes क and टाच्.

**कृकावत् m.** (-वः) A peacock. **z.** कृका his cry, and वत् aff.

**कृकित् m.** (-की) A peacock. **z.** कृका the cry of the bird, and कृति aff.

**केकेयी f.** (-यी) One of DASARATHA's three wives, the mother of BHARATA.

**केचन ind.** Some, some or certain persons. **z.** के plural of कृन्, and चय aff.

**केचित् ind.** Some, some persons. **z.** See the last ; चिति aff.

**केतुक m.** (-कः) An esculent root, (Arum colocasia :) see कटु.

**केचिका f.** (-का) A tent. **z.** कृच् to cover (a Sautra root), कृच् aff.

**केत r.** 10th cl. (केतयति) 1. To call or invite. 2. To counsel or advise ; some authorities substitute कृतेत for this root.

**केत m.** (-तः) A house, an abode. **z.** कृत् to abide, affix कच्.

**केतक mf.** (-कः-की) A fragrant plant, (Pandanus odoratissimus.) **z.** कृत् to abide, कृच् aff.

**केतन n.** (-नं) 1. A flag, a banner. 2. Business, indispensable act. 3. Invitation. 4. A spot or mark, a sign, a symbol. 5. A house, an abode. 6. Place, site, situation. &c. **z.** कृत् to abide, affix कृट्.

**केतित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Called, summoned. 2. Dwelt, inhabited. **z.** कृत् to call, or कृत् to dwell, कृच् aff.

**केतु m.** (-तु) KETU the dragon's tail or descending node ; in astronomy, the ninth of the planets ; in mythology, a demon : the body of SAINHIKEYA severed from the head (RAHU), by VISHNU, at the churning of the ocean, but immortal, by having tasted the Amrita. 2. A banner, a flag. 3. A mark, a sign, a symbol, &c. 4. Light. 5. A comet, falling star, &c. 6. Disease. 7. A pigmy race inhabiting Kusa Dwipa, the progeny of JAIMINI. **z.** वाच् to worship, तु Unadi affix, कि substituted for the root.

**केतुतारा f.** (-रा) A comet. **z.** केतु, and तारा a star.

**केतुम m.** (-मः) A cloud. **z.** केतु the plant, and म what resembles it in darkness.

**केतुसाय n.** (-यः) One of nine great divisions of the known world, the western portion or Varsha of Jambu Dwipa.

**केतुवटि f.** (-टि) A flag-staff. **z.** केतु, and वटि a stick.

**केतुरज n.** (-जं) Lapis lazuli. **z.** केतु, and रज a gem.

**केतुवसन m.** (-नः) A flag. **z.** केतु a standard, and वसन cloth.

**केदर mfn.** (-रः-रा-रं) Squint-eyed. **m.** (-रः) The name of a plant. **z.** कृ the earth or the head, कृट् to divide, affix कच्.

**केदार m.** (-रः) 1. A field, a meadow, a plain. 2. A mountain. 3. A name of SIVA. 4. A particular place, the modern Kedar, part of the Himalaya mountains. 5. A basin for water round the root of a tree. 6. A bed in a garden or field. **z.** कृ water, earth, &c. कृट् to tear or rend, कच् aff.

**केदारकच्छ n.** (-च्छ) A small dyke or mound, earth raised to keep out water. **z.** केदार, and कच्छ a portion.

**केदार m.** (-रः) 1. The head. 2. The temples, the upper part of the cheek. 3. A joint. 4. A division of hell, a hell like a potter's kiln. **z.** कृ the head, &c. कृट् to guide, कच् aff.

**केनिपात m.** (-तः) The helm, a rudder, a large oar used as one. **z.** कृ water, निपात who goes or falls ; also केनिपातक m. (-कः).

**केन्दु m.** (-दुः) A sort of ebony, (Diospyros tomentosa, Rox.) **z.** कृ the earth, दृच् to moisten, च aff.

**केन्दुक m.** (-कः) A sort of ebony, that yields a species of tar, (Diospyros glutinosa.) **z.** कृ implying resemblance, affixed to the preceding.

**केन्द्र n.** (-न्द्र) 1. The centre of a circle. 2. The argument of an equation. 3. The distance of a planet from the first point of its orbit in the fourth, seventh, or tenth degree. (In astronomy.) It is variously applied in combination, as पतनकेन्द्र argument of the latitude ; त्रितीयकेन्द्र the distance of the higher apsis from a planet in any point of its orbit ; वीथिकेन्द्र commutation, the distance of the sun from a superior planet or of an inferior planet from the sun ; मन्दकेन्द्र argument of anomaly.

**केप r.** 1st cl. (कृ) कृप (कृपते) 1. To shake or tremble. 2. To go, to move or approach.

**केयूर n.** (-र) A bracelet worn on the upper arm. **z.** कृ the head, here implying the head of the arm, यृ to join, कृच् aff.

**केरल m.** (-लः) The appellation of a country, Keraladesha or the modern Malabar. **f.** (-ली) 1. Astronomical science. 2. Astronomical Sas-

tra or treatise. 3. A Hora or period of time equal to about one hour.

केल r. 1st cl. (क) केलु (किलति) 1. To shake. 2. To go or move.

केलक m. (-कः) A dancer, a tumbler, one who walks or dances on the edge of a sword. E. किल् to sport, कल् aff.

केलास m. (-सः) Crystal. E. के in water, लस् to shine, कल् aff.

केलि mf. (-लिः-लिः or -ली) Play, sport, pastime, amusement. f. (-लिः) The earth. E. किल् to sport, Unadi affix इ.

केलिक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Sportive, sporting. m. (-कः) The Asoka tree. E. केलि and कन् added.

केलिकला f. (का) 1. The Vina or lute of SARASWATI. 2. Amorous or sportive accent or address. 3. Sportive skill, wantonness. E. केलि sport, कल् to sound, affix चक् and टप्.

केलिकिल m. (-लः) One of SIVA's attendant demigods. 2. The confidential companion of the hero of a drama, in general a sort of buffoon. f. (-ला) A name of RATI the wife of KAMADEVA. E. केलि sport, किल who plays, from किल् to sport, affix क.

केलिकीर्ष m. (-र्षः) A camel.

केलिकृचिका f. (-का) A wife's younger sister. E. केलि play, कृचि to be crooked, कृल् aff.

केलिकोष m. (-षः) An actor, a dancer or tumbler : see केलक.

केलिकुट्ट n. (-कुट्ट) A pleasure house, a private apartment. E. केलि sport, and कुट्ट a house ; also केलिकुतेतन &c.

केलिनामर m. (-रः) A sensualist, an enjoyer of worldly pleasures. E. केलि sport, and नामर a libertine, &c.

केलिपर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Wanton, sportive. E. केलि, and पर intent on.

केलिमुख m. (-खः) Pastime, sport. E. केलि play, and मुख chief.

केलिग्रच m. (-चः) A species of the Kadamba, commonly Keli Kadamba, (Nauclea cordifolia.) E. केलि sport, and ग्रच a tree ; being abundant in the scene of KRISHNA's sports with the Gopis.

केलिग्रयन n. (-न) A couch, a sofa. E. केलि, and ग्रयन a bed.

केलिग्रवि f. (-विः) The earth.

केलिसचिव m. (-वः) Minister of the sports, master of revels. E. केलि play सचिव a councillor, a minister.

केष r. 1st cl. (क) केष (केषते) To serve.

केषन् m. (-न्तः) A fisherman : see केषर्ष.

केवल mfn. (-लः-ला or -ली-ल) 1. One, alone, only. 2. All, entire, whole. m. (-लः) An envious or selfish man. n. adv. (-ल) 1. Absolutely, certainly. 2. Only, alone. Subst. 3. A species of knowledge, that of the unity of spirit. E. केष् to sprinkle, कल् aff.

केवलज्ञानिन् m. (-नी) One of the Jaina saints of the last age. E. केवल unity, and ज्ञानिन् who knows.

केवलद्रव्य n. (-व्य) Black pepper. E. केवल one, only, द्रव्य thing.

केवलवैयाकरण m. (-वः) A grammarian, a mere grammarian, one not versed in any other science. E. केवल only, and वैयाकरण a grammarian ; also similar compounds, as केवलवैयाखिक a mere logioian, &c.

केवलिन् mfn. (-ली-लिनी-लि) One, only, alone. m. (-ली) A Jaina who has acquired holy knowledge. E. केवल one, इनि affix ; a unitarian.

केविका f. (-का) The name of a flower, commonly Keber.

केय m. (-यः) 1. Hair. 2. A name of VARUNA. 3. A kind of perfume : see वासा, 4. The name of a demon. 5. A name of VISHNU. f. (-यी) 1. A lock of hair on the crown of the head. 2. The indigo plant. 3. Indian spikeward. E. किल् to find, कल् affix, and क rejected ; or क the head, and ईम् to rule, affix चक् ; again, क water or happiness, and ईम् the lord or master.

केयक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Skilful in dressing hair, taking pains with it, &c. E. केष and कन् aff.

केयकपाप m. (-पः) A quantity of hair. E. केय hair, and पाप in this compound implying quantity.

केयकार m. (-रः) A sort of sugar cane. E. केय, and कार what makes.

केयकीट m. (-टः) A louse. E. केय, and कीट an insect.

केयनर्म m. (-र्मः) 1. A braid of hair 2. Varuna. E. केय, and नर्म origin.

केयनर्मक m. (-कः) A braid or tress of hair. E. केय hair, and नर्मक a chaplet.

केयग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Pulled or seized by the hair. E. केय, and ग्रहीत seized.

केयग्रह m. (-हः) Pulling the hair. E. केय, and ग्रह seizing ; also केयग्रहच.

केयग्र n. (-ग्र) Morbid baldness, falling of the hair. E. केय the hair, and ग्र what destroys, from हृन् to injure, affix टक्.

केयशिद m. (-शिद or -शित्) A barber, a hair-dresser. E. केय the hair शिद to cut, affix क्षिप्

केयट m. (-टः) 1. A name of VISHNU. 2. A goat. 3. A louse. 4. A brother. 5. One of KAMA's arrows. 6. A tree, commonly Sonapat, (शोषक.) E. केय hair, चट् to go, affix चक्, deriv. irr.

केयधृत् m. (-धृत्) The root of sweet flag. E. केय hair, and धृ to hold, affix क्षिप् ; resembling hair.

केयपच m. (-चः) Much or ornamented hair. E. केय hair, पच quantity, in this compound.

केयपक्ति f. (-क्तिः) 1. A row or line of hair. 2. A quantity of hair. E. केय, and पक्ति a line.

केयपर्णी f. (-र्णी) A plant, (Achyranthes aspera;) also चपामर्ग. E. केय hair, पर्ण a leaf.

केयपाश m. (-शः) Much or ornamented hair. f. (-शी) A lock of hair on the top of the head. E. केय hair, पाश quantity, in this compound.

केयम m. (-मः) The head. E. केय, and म place.

केयसाजक m. (-कः) A comb. E. केय hair, सज् to clean, कल् affix ; also केयसाजन.

केयसाजन n. (-न) 1. A comb. 2. Cleaning the hair. E. See the preceding, ल्युट् aff.

केयमुष्टि m. (-ष्टिः) 1. A large species of Nimb tree. 2. A handful of hair. E. केय, and मुष्टि the fist.

केयर m. (-रः-र) The filament of a lotus or of any vegetable. m. (-रः) 1. A plant, commonly Nageswar, (Mesua ferrea.) 2. A tree bearing a white strong smelling flower, (Mimusops elengi :) see वकुल. 3. A shrub used in dying, (Rottleria tinctoria :) also पुद्गल. 4. A lion's mane. n. (-र) Asafotida. E. क water, &c. in the seventh case के, य् to go, चप् affix ; also with ह् to go केयर.

केयरजन m. (-नः) A plant : see भृङ्गराज (Verbesina prostrata.) E. केय the hair, and रजन what colours.

केयरराज m. (-जः) A species of Bhringaraja : see the preceding. E. कय hair, राज् to shine, टक् aff.

केयरराज m. (-जः) A citron tree.

केयरिन् m. (-रि) 1. A lion. 2. A horse. 3. A plant used in dying : see पुद्गल. 4. Nageswar, (Mesua ferrea.) 5. The citron tree. E. केयर a name, a filament, &c. इनि aff.

केयव mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Having much or handsome hair. m. (-वः) 1. A name of KRISHNA or VISHNU. 2. A plant, commonly Punnaga : see पुद्गल E. क BRAHMA, and ईव SIVA, व who goes, &c. from वा with व् affix ; again केय hair, व who possesses : fine-haired.

केयवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वन्) Having a fine head of hair. E. केय and वन्प् aff.

केयवभक्ति f. (-क्तिः) Devotion to KRISHNA. E. केयव and भक्ति faith.

केयवायुच m. (-चः) 1. The mango tree. 2. Any weapon of KRISHNA. E. केयव KRISHNA, and वायुच a weapon.

केयवालय m. (-यः) The holy fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) E. केयव KRISHNA, and वालय abode.

केयवालास m. (-सः) See the preceding.

केयवादास m. (-सः) See the preceding.

केयवेष्ट m. (-ष्टः) A tress or fillet of hair. E. केय hair, and वेष्ट ornament.

केयवचल m. (-लः) Much ornamented hair. E. केय hair, and वच here implying much.

**शेख** n. (-शे) Pulling the hair mutually, hair to hair. **शेख** hair, repeated, affix **श्च**.

**शेखान** m. (-शे) 1. Cutting off the hair finally as a religious ceremony, performed upon Brahmans at sixteen years of age; Kshetriyas at twenty-two; and Vaisyas at twenty-four. 2. The tip or end of hair. **शेख** and **चन** end.

**शेखानिह** mfn. (-शे-शे-निह) 1. Extending to the hair. 2. Relating to the ceremony of final tonsure. **शेखान**, and **श्च** aff.

**शेखारि** m. (-रि) A tree, (*Mesua ferrea*.)

**शेखानवर्ष** n. (-वर्ष) Pulling the hair, especially amorously, playing with it, rubbing it, &c. **शेख** the hair, **वर्ष** implying improperly, and **वर्ष** rubbing.

**शेखि** mfn. (-शे-शे-निह) 1. Having fine or luxuriant hair. 2. Relating to the hair. **शेख** hair, **श्च** aff.

**शेखिन्** mfn. (-शे-शे-निह) Having fine hair. **म.** (-शे) 1. A name of VISHNU or KRISHNA. 2. The name of a Daitya or demon killed by KRISHNA. 3. A lion. **फ.** (-शे-निह) 1. A kind of grass, (*Andropogon aculeatum*.) 2. Spikenard, (*Valeriana jatamansi*.) **शेख** hair, **रनि** aff.

**शेखिन्दन** m. (-न) A name of KRISHNA. **शेखि** a demon, **न्दन** destroyer also similar compounds, as **शेखिन्दन**, **शेखिन्दन**, &c.

**शेखिन्द** m. (-न) See the preceding. [abundance.]

**शेखिय** m. (-य) Much or handsome hair. **शेख** hair, **य** heap, **शेख** mn. (-र) A filament. **म.** (-र) 1. A lion. 2. A horse. 3. The name of a horse or lion, &c., see **शेखर**. 4. A plant, (*Vimusopa elengi*.) 5. A tree used in dying, (*Rottleria Tinctoria*.) **न.** (-र-री) Asafetida. **न.** (-र) 1. Gold. 2. Sulphate of iron. 3. The flower of the Nageswar. **शेख** on the head, **श्च** to go, **श्च** aff.

**शेखर** n. (-र) Saffron. **शेखर** and **र** best.

**शेखरा** m. (-रा) A citron. **शेखर**, and **य** sour.

**शेखरि** m. (-री) 1. A lion. 2. A horse. 3. A plant used in dying; see **पुत्राग**. 4. Nageswar, (*Mesua ferrea*.) 5. A monkey the father of HANUMAN. **शेखर** a filament, a mane, **रनि** aff.

**शेखरि** m. (-रि) The monkey HANUMAN. **शेखरि**, and **रुत** son. **शेखर** 1st cl. (कायति) To sound.

**शेखरी** f. (-री) One of the wives of DASARATHA, and the mother of BHARATA. **शेखरी** a king, father of this lady, and **श्च** aff.

**शेखर्य** n. (-य) Service, servitude. **शेखर** a servant, and **य** aff.

**शेखम** m. (-म) A demon slain by VISHNU. **फ.** (-म) A name of DURGA. **शेखम** a demon in whose death the goddess was instrumental, by having at the prayers of BRAHMA roused VISHNU from his slumbers, during which two demons, Kaitabha and Madhu, were about to demolish BRAHMA; also **शेखमी**.

**शेखमि** m. (-मि) A name of VISHNU. **शेखम** the name of an Asur killed by the deity, and **मि** who conquers; also similar compounds, as **शेखमिन्द**, &c.

**शेखमि** m. (-मि) A name of VISHNU: see **शेखमिन्द**.

**शेख्य** m. (-य) A plant used in medicine, commonly Kayap'hal. 2. The Nimb tree. 3. Mayana, (*Vangueria spinosa*.) **शेखर** from **शिट्** to fear, and **र** to cause, alarming by its pungency; pleonastic affix **य**; also **शेख्य**.

**शेखन** n. (-न) 1. Deceit, fraud, cheating, roguery. 2. Gambling. 3. The lapis lazuli. **शेखन** a cheat, &c. **य** aff.

**शेखप्रदीप** m. (-प) A trick, a device. **शेखन** and **प्रदीप** application.

**शेखवाद** m. (-व) Evasion, falsehood. **शेखन** and **वाद** speech.

**शेखर** mfn. (-र-री-र) Belonging to a field, a meadow, &c. **म.** (-र) Rice, corn. **न.** (-र) A multitude of fields. **शेखर** a field, and **य** aff; also **शेखर**, and **शेखरि**.

**शेखर** n. (-र) A multitude of fields. **शेखर**, and **य** aff; also with **य** affix **शेखरि**.

**शेखर** mfn. (-र-री-र) Belonging to a field, &c. **न.** (-र) A number of fields. **शेखर** and **य** aff.

**शेखर** m. (-र) 1. A rogue, a cheat. 2. An enemy. **फ.** (-री) Moonlight. **न.** (र) 1. The white esculent water lily. 2. Fraud, trick. **शेखर** here said to mean, a goose, from **शे** in water, and **र** to sound, with **य** affix; again, **य** affix, liked by the geese; or **शेखर** a cheat, &c. or **शेखर** a lotus, and **य** affix, implying identity or resemblance.

**शेखरी** f. (-री) A place abounding in lotus flowers, or an assemblage of lotuses. **शेखर** a white lotus, **रनि** and **री** aff.

**शेखिन्** m. (-री) The moon. **शेखरी** moonlight, **रनि** aff.

**शेखर** m. (-र) A species of poison, one of the fixed kinds.

**शेखर** n. (-र) 1. A sort of gentian, commonly Cherayta, (*Gentiana oherayta*, Rox.) 2. A kind of Sandal. **म.** (-र) A strong man. **शेखर** gentian, &c. **य** aff.

**शेख** n. (-र) Sport, pleasure. **शेखि**, and **य** pleonasm.

**शेखर** m. (-र) The mountain Kailasa, the fabulous residence of KUBERA, and favourite haunt of SIVA; it is placed by the Hindus amongst the Himalaya mountains, and the name is given to one of the loftiest peaks lying on the north of the Manasa lake. **शेखर** crystal, and the affix **य** implying nature or consistence; or **शेख** pleasure, **य** to abide, affix **य**; the place where beings reside in bliss.

**शेखरनि** m. (-न) 1. SIVA. 2. KUBERA. **शेखर**, and **नि** dwelling.

**शेखरी** m. (-र) A name of KUBERA. **शेखर** the mountain, **री** abode; whose abode is mount Kailasa.

**शेखर** m. (-र) A fisherman born of a prostitute by a Kshetriya, or of an Ayogava female by a Nisada father. **फ.** (-री) The wife of a fisherman. **शेखर** water, the seventh case, **शे** and **र** who abides, **शेखर** a fish, **य** affix, implying enmity.

**शेखर** m. (-र) See the preceding.

**शेखरु** n. (-र) See the next.

**शेखरु** n. (-र) A fragrant grass: see the next.

**शेखरु** n. (-र) A fragrant kind of grass, (*Cyperus rotundus*.) **शेखर** as above, water-abiding, and **रु** cyperus; also **शेखरु**, &c.

**शेख** mfn. (-र-री-र) Sole, only. **न.** (-र) 1. Eternal emancipation, future happiness. 2. Exclusiveness, individuality. **शेख** alone, free from all fetters, **य** affix of the abstract.

**शेखि** m. (-र) Love, passion, lust. **फ.** (-री) One of the four varieties of dramatic style, the graceful style, suited especially to the passion of love. **न.** (-र) A quantity of hair, the head of hair. **शेखि** having much hair, &c. affix **य** fem. affix **री**.

**शेखर** n. (-र) Youth, boyhood, from the age of ten to that of fifteen. **शेखर** a child, and **य** aff.

**शेख** n. (-र) A head of hair, much or ornamented hair. **शेख** hair, **य** aff.

**शेख** m. (-र) 1. A wolf. 2. The ruddy goose. 3. A frog. 4. A lizard, a chameleon. 5. The wild date tree. 6. A name of VISHNU. **शेख** to seize or take, or **शेख** water, **श्च** to go, affix **य**.

**शेखर** m. (-र) An animal said to be a kind of deer, of a brown colour, with a bushy tail, and lurking in holes, perhaps a hare.

**शेखर** m. (-र) A pigeon.

**शेखर** n. (-र) 1. The red lotus. 2. The red water-lily. **शेखर** a goose, and **र** to sound, affix **य**.

**शेखर** mfn. (-र-रि-रि) Red, the colour, or of that colour. **शेखर** the red lotus, and **रि** light, splendor.

**शेखर** m. (-र) The sun. **शेखर** the ruddy goose, and **र** a friend: see **शेखर**.

**शेखर** m. (-र) A white horse.

**कोकिल** *m.* (-कः) 1. The Kokila or Koil, the black or Indian cuckoo, (*Cuculus Indicus*). 2. A firebrand, a lighted coal. *z.* कुक् to seize, (the heart,) and कल् affix: the Kokila makes a prominent figure in Hindu poetry, and is supposed, by his musical cry, to inspire pleasing and tender emotions.

**कोकिलनयन** *m.* (-नः) A plant bearing a dark black flower, (*Capparis spinosa*); it is also applied to *Barleria longifolia*. *z.* कोकिल the Koil, and नयन an eye, to which the flower is compared; also other similar compounds, as कोकिलचक्षुः &c.

**कोकिलचक्षुः** *m.* (-चक्षुः) A shrub: see the preceding. *z.* कोकिल, and चक्षु the eye, or with चक्षु added, कोकिलचक्षुः.

**कोकिलवासा** *m.* (-वासा) The mango tree. *z.* कोकिल, and वासा abode.

**कोकिलेक्षु** *m.* (-क्षुः) The black variety of sugar cane. कोकिल and रक्षु sugar cane.

**कोकिलीक्ष्वर** *m.* (-क्ष्वरः) The mango tree. *z.* कोकिल and क्ष्वर festival.

**कोच** *m.* (-चः) A man of degraded caste, the offspring of a fisherman by a female of the butcher tribe.

**कोङ्कण** *m.* (-णः) The name of a country, Konkan in the peninsula. The hilly strip of land between the Sahyadri and the ocean. *n.* (-णः) A kind of weapon.

**कोङ्कणामृत** *m.* (-मृतः) A name of PARASURAMA. *z.* कोङ्कणा the mother of the hero, or the woman of Konkan, and मृत a son.

**कोजाग्र** *m.* (-ग्रः) The day of full-moon in the month of Ashwin, (September-October). *z.* कः who जाग्र wakeful; who is awake the call of LAKSHMI, who descending on this night, promised wealth to all that were awake: hence the night is spent in festivity, and games of chance in honour of the goddess.

**कोट** *m.* (-टः) 1. A fort, a strong hold. 2. A shed, a hut. 3. Crookedness, (Physical and moral) curvature.

**कोटक** *mfn.* (-कः-को-कः) Who or what curves or bends. *m.* (-कः) A thatcher, a builder of huts, &c. *z.* कुट् to be crooked, खुल् aff.

**कोटर** *mn.* (-रः-रः) The hollow of a tree. *f.* (-रौ) 1. A name of the goddess DURGA, 2. A naked woman: see कोटरी. *z.* कोट and र, from र to get, to possess, with the affix च.

**कोटराक्ष** *n.* (-क्षः) A wood in which there are hollow trees. *z.* कोटर the hollow of a tree, and क्ष a wood; by special rules, the final vowel of the first word is made long, and न in the second is changed to च.

**कोटरी** *f.* (-रौ) 1. A naked woman. 2. A name of DURGA. *z.* कोट crookedness, and रा to get or receive, क and णीष् affixes; also कोटरी, and कोटरी.

**कोटि** *f.* (-टिः) 1. The edge or point of a sword. 2. The curved end of a bow. 3. A number, a Krore or ten millions. 4. Eminence, excellence. 5. The upright side of a triangle. 6. The complement of an arc to 90°. 7. A plant, Piring or Asparagus, (*Medicago esculenta*). 8. A department. 9. The horn of the moon 10. one side of a debatable question. *z.* कुट् to be crooked, and रक्ष् Unadi affix; also कोटी.

**कोटिक** *m.* (-कः) An insect, coccinella of various kinds; this is most usually read कोटिर.

**कोटिजित्** *m.* (-जित्) A name of the poet KALIDASA. *z.* कोटि a Krore, (of competitors,) and जित् conqueror.

**कोटिज्या** *f.* (-ज्या) The cosine of an angle in a right-angled triangle. *z.* कोटि and ज्या a sine.

**कोटिपात्र** *m.* (-पात्रः) A rudder or large oar used as one. *z.* कोटि an edge, and पात्र a plank.

**कोटिर** *m.* (-रः) 1. An ichneumon, (*Viverra ichneumon*). 2. An insect, coccinella of various kinds; see इक्षुनीप. 3. A name of INDRA. *z.* कोटि excellence, and र what possesses.

**कोटिनी** *n.* (-नी) The name of a city, Vanapuri or Devikote, on the

Koromandel coast. *f.* (-नी) A plant used as a medicinal vegetable. (*Medicago esculenta*); see पिङ्गि, *z.* कोटि excellence, रक्ष् what diffuses.

**कोटिध्वज** *m.* (-ध्वजः) A harrow. *z.* कोटि an edge, ध्वि to cut or pare, च aff.

**कोटिध्वज** *ind.* In multitudes, by millions. *z.* कोटि, and ध्वि aff.

**कोटी** *f.* (-टी) 1. The edge or point of a sword. 2. A medicinal plant, (*Medicago esculenta*). 3. A Krore, &c.: see कोटि.

**कोटीर** *m.* (-रः) 1. Long entangled hair. 2. A crest, a diadem. *z.* कुट् to be crooked, रक्ष् affix and the radical vowel converted.

**कोटीरक्ष** *n.* (-रक्षः) A name of Vanapura. *f.* (-रक्षि) Piring, a plant: see कोटिरक्ष.

**कोटीरक्ष** *m.* (-रक्षः) A harrow: see कोटिरक्ष.

**कोट** *m.* (-टः-टः) A fort, a castle, a stronghold. *z.* कुट् to cut or divide, affix चक्षु.

**कोटरी** *f.* (-रौ) 1. A naked woman with dishevelled hair. 2. A name of DURGA. 3. The mother of Vana, an Asura: see कोटरी.

**कोटरीपुर** *n.* (-रः) Vanapur or Devicotta. *z.* कोटरी the mother of Vana, and पुर a city.

**कोटार** *m.* (-रः) 1. A well a pond. 2. The stairs of a pond. 3. A fortified town, a strong hold. 4. A libertine. *z.* कोट a fort, &c. चक्षु to go, affix चक्षु.

**कोट** *m.* (-टः) 1. A species of leprosy with large round spots. 2. Ring-worm, impetigo. *z.* कुट् to surround, affix चक्षु.

**कोष** *m.* (-षः) 1. A corner, an angle. 2. The quill or bow of a lute, a fiddle-stick, &c. 3. A drum stick. 4. A sort of stringed musical instrument. 5. The sharp edge of a sword. 6. A stick, a staff, a club. 7. A name of Mangala, the planet MARS. 8. A name of the planet SATURN. 9. An intermediate point of the compass. *z.* कृष् to sound, &c. चक्षु aff.

**कोषकुक्ष** *m.* (-कुक्षः) A bug. *z.* कुक्षु to cut, affix क, added to कोष the edge of a sword.

**कोषाघात** *m.* (-घातः) A mixed sound of several musical instruments "तडा-शतसहस्राणि मेरीशतशतानि च। एकदा यत्र कथमे कोषाघातः स चक्षुः?"

**कोषि** *mfn.* (-षिः-षिः-षिः) Having a crooked arm: see कुषि.

**कोष** *mfn.* (-षः-षा-षः) 1. Afflicted with pain. 2. Churned. *m.* (-षः) 1. Inflammation, and ulceration of the angles of the eyelids. 2. Gangrene. 3. Churning. *z.* कुक्षु to afflict or be afflicted, affix चक्षु.

**कोटक्ष** *mn.* (-क्षः-क्षः) A bow. *m.* (-क्षः) 1. An eyebrow. 2. The name of a country. *z.* कुक्षु to sound, चक्षु Unadi affix, &c. दन inserted; the final radical consonant is rejected; otherwise, कुट् to speak false, चक्षु aff.

**कोट्र** *n.* (-ट्रः) A species of grain eaten by the poorer people. (*Paspalum kora*). *z.* क wind, उट्र to go, affix चक्षु; sown by the wind, or growing wild in many places.

**कोप** *m.* (-पः) 1. Wrath, rage. 2. Morbid irritation or disorder of the humours of the body. *z.* कुप् to be angry, affix चक्षु.

**कोपकन** *m.* (-कनः) An angry or passionate man. *z.* कोप rage, and कन who goes or has. *n.* (-कः) The creation by BRAHMA. *z.* क BRAHMA, and उपकन order, method; also similar compounds, as कोपक, &c.

**कोपकलित** *mfn.* (-तः-ता-तः) Enraged, inflamed with wrath. *z.* कोप, and कलित inflamed.

**कोपदीप्त** *mfn.* (-प्तः-ता-प्तः) Incensed, inflamed with anger. *z.* कोप, and दीप्त shining.

**कोपम *mfn.* (-मः-मा-मः) Passionate, wrathful. *f.* (-मा) A passionate woman. *z.* कुप् to be angry, युष् affix, fem. affix टाप्.**

**कोपपद** *n.* (-पदः) Appearance of anger, pretended wrath. *z.* कोप, and पद place.

**कोपवत्** *mfn.* (-वत्-वती-वत्) Passionate, angry. *z.* कोप, and वत् aff.

**कोपवेग** *m.* (-वेगः) Violence, impetuosity of passion. *z.* कोप, and वेग speed.

**कोपाकुक्ष** *mfn.* (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षः) Furious, enraged. *z.* कोप, and कुक्षु bewildered.

**कोपित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Angry, enraged. **३.** कोप, and इतच् aff.  
**कोपित्** mfu. (पी-विनी-वि) Angry, passionate, wrathful. **म.** (-पी) A bird called the water-pigeon. **३.** कुप् to be angry, विनि aff.  
**कोमल** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Soft, bland. 2. Soft, low, sweet. 3. Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable. **५.** (-का) A plant : see कोरिका. **न.** (-ल) Water. **३.** कुट् to be curved, कल् Unadi affix ; and मुट् inserted, formative irregular ; or कल् to desire, कल्च् affix, and उ inserted with conversion.  
**कोमलक** n. (-क) The fibres of the stalk of a lotus. **३.** कोमल soft, कल् added.  
**कोमलगीत** n. (-त) A pleasing song. **३.** कोमल, and गीत a song ; also with कल् added, कोमलगीतकः. [कोमलक]  
**कोमलता** f. (-ता) Softness, tenderness, agreeableness ; also with ल,  
**कोमलिका** f. (-का) A budding fruit.  
**कोयटि** m. (-टिः) The lapwing ; see the next.  
**कोयटिक** m. (-कः) The lapwing. **३.** क water, यटि a line or row, कल् added, deriv. irr. ; also कोयटि. These birds are found in the vicinity of marshes, &c.  
**कोर** m. (-रः) 1. Union with little or no motion, as that of the fingers with another, amphiarthrosis. 2. A bud. **३.** कुर sound, चच् aff.  
**कोरक** mn. (-कः-क) 1. A bud, unblown flower ; any thing partially developed but not full grown. 2. A species of perfume commonly Chor. 3. Another perfume, a berry containing a resinous and fragrant substance ; see कौलक 4. The fibres of the stalk of the lotus. **३.** कुर to sound, affix कुन्.  
**कोरको** f. (-को) Small cardamoms : see एका. **३.** कुर to sound, चच्च् and ऊीच् affs.  
**कोरद्व** m. (-वः) A kind of grain, (Paspalum frumentaceum.) **३.** कोर a bud, द्वच् to change, चच् affix ; also कल् being added कोरद्वक **म.** (-कः)  
**कोरित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Pounded, ground, comminuted. 2. Budded, sprouted. **३.** कोर and इतच् aff.  
**कोल** m. (-लः) 1. A hog. 2. A raft, a float. 3. The haunch, the hip or flank. 4. Embracing, an embrace. 5. The planet Sani or SATURN. 6. Plumbago, (Zenlanica &c.) 7. A country, Kalinga, the modern sea-coast from Cuttaok to Madras. 8. A kind of weapon. 9. An outcast, one of a tribe degraded by SAGARA from the military order. 10. A man of a mixed caste. 11. A barbarian, a Kol, people inhabiting the hills and forests in Central India. **न.** (-ल) 1. The fruit of the jujube. 2. The weight of one Tola. 3. Black pepper. **५.** (-ला or -ली) 1. The jujube tree. 2. Long pepper. 3. A kind of pepper, (Piper chavya, Rox.) **३.** कुल् to accumulate, affix चच्.  
**कोलक** n. (-क) 1. A kind of perfume : see कौलक 2. Long pepper. **म.** (-कः) A plant, (Cordia myxa.) **३.** कुल् to accumulate, वृच् aff.  
**कोलदल** n. (-ल) A kind of perfume : see कौलो **३.** कोल the jujube, दल a leaf ; having a similar leaf.  
**कोलनासिका** f. (-का) A plant ; also बहिनी.  
**कोलपुच्छ** m. (-च्छः) A heron. **३.** कोल a hog, पुच्छ a tail ; hogtailed.  
**कोलमूल** n. (-मूल) The root of long pepper. **३.** कोल and मूल root.  
**कोलवक्त्र** m. (-वक्त्रः) The body of a lute, the whole of it except the strings. **३.** कुल् to accumulate, चच्च् and कल् affs.  
**कोलवल्ली** f. (-वल्ली) A plant, with a pungent fruit resembling pepper : see गजपिप्पली (Pothos officinalis.) **३.** कोल a hog, वल्ली a creeper ; resembling a hog's bristle.  
**कोलास** m. (-सः) A name of Kalinga the Coromandel coast, from Cuttaok to Madras ; according to some, it is in Gangetic Hindustan, with Konouj for the capital.  
**कोलासक** m. (-कः) A loud and confused sound, an uproar, a great and indistinct noise. **३.** कोल accumulation, from कुल् with चच् ; again, कुल् to make or plough, काच् prefixed, and चच् aff.

**कोलि** f. (-लिः or -ली) The jujube tree, (Zizyphus jujuba.) **३.** See कोल.  
**कोविद** mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Wise, learned. **३.** को who sounds or teaches (the Shastras,) विद् divine knowledge from विद् to know, affix क.  
**कोविवार** m. (-रः) A species of ebony, (Bauhinia variegata.) **३.** कु the earth, वृ to tear or divide, with वि prefixed deriv. irr.  
**कोम** m. (-मः) 1. An egg. 2. Wrought or unwrought gold or silver plate, jewellery. 3. An ordeal, &c. **५.** (-को) 1. shoe, a sandal. 2. The bread of corn. **३.** कुम् or कुच् to issue, चच् affix, fem. affix ऊीच् ; see कोष.  
**कोमकार** m. (-रः) The sugar cane ; also कोषकार.  
**कोमक** n. (-क) A berry containing a waxy and fragrant substance : see कौलो. **३.** कोम an egg, कल् fruit ; the berry being egg-shaped.  
**कोमल** mf. (-लः-ला) 1. A man of the city Ayodhya (Oude), or the neighbouring district. 2. The name of a prince. **३.** कुम् to shine, कल् Unadi affix ; also कोषल.  
**कोमलासिका** f. (-का) The wife of DASARAT'HA the mother of RAMA. **३.** कोमल the name of a king, and आसिका a daughter.  
**कोमवासिन्** mfn. (-सी-विनी-वि) Wrapped up in a sheathe or shell, &c. **म.** (-सी) 1. A shelled animal. 2. A chrysalis or pupa. **३.** कोम, and वासिन् what abides.  
**कोमल** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Sheathed, enveloped in a sheathe, a shell, &c. **म.** (-लः) 1. Any shelled insect or animal, as a snail, &c. 2. A pupa or chrysalis. 3. The silk worm in its cocoon. **३.** कोम and ल what abides.  
**कोमलिक** n. (-क) A bribe. **३.** कोम or कोष wealth, and ल what takes, लक् affix ; also कोषलिक.  
**कोमक** m. (-कः) A kind of reed or grass, commonly Ikada. **३.** कोम or कोष a sheathe, and कल् body ; also कोषक.  
**कोमातक** m. (-कः) Hair. **५.** (-की) Several sorts of cucurbitaceous plants : see कोषातक.  
**कोमातक** m. (-की) 1. Trade, business. 2. A trader, a merchant. 3. Submarine fire.  
**कोष** mn. (-षः-ष) 1. A bud 2. A sheathe, a scabbard, &c. 3. A coat, a surrounding cover, any investing sheathe. 4. Judicial trial by oath or ordeal, or by fire, water, poison, the balance, heated balls of iron, boiling oil, &c. attesting a deity, and touching or drinking water three times in which some idol has been washed. 5. Gold or silver, wrought or unwrought as plate, jewellery, &c. 6. Wealth. 7. Accumulated wealth, treasure. 8. A treasury, the apartment where money or plate is kept. 9. A sacrificial vessel or any drinking vessel. 10 The vulva, the womb. 11. The penis. 12. A testicle or the scrotum. 13. An egg. 14. (In composition) A ball or globe, as दृक्कोष a ball of thread, नेत्रकोष the eyeball, &c. 15. The inner part of the Jack-fruit or its like. 16. A nutmeg. 17. A dictionary or vocabulary. 18. A term for the five sheathes or cases which successively make up the body enveloping the soul. (In Vedanta Philosophy.) **५.** (-षी) 1. A shoe, a sandal. 2. The beard of corn : see कोष **३.** कुम् or कोच् to issue, affix चच् hence the word is optionally कोष or कोम ; the meanings may be mostly resolved into that, from which something issues or evolves.  
**कोषक** m. (-कः) 1. An egg. 2. A testicle. **३.** कल् added to the preceding.  
**कोषकार** m. (-रः) 1. Sugar cane, or a variety. 2. The silk worm, or the insect while in its cocoon. 3. A lexicographer. 4. A chrysalis, or (pupa.) **३.** कोष a sheathe, and कार what makes ; also कोषकार or with कल् added कोषकारक and कोषकारक.  
**कोषयच्छ** n. (-च्छः) Undergoing an ordeal. **३.** कोषा and चच्छ taking ; also कोषयच्छ.  
**कोषयच्छ** m. (-च्छः) The Indian crane. **३.** कोष a sheathe, &c. and चच्छ a beak.  
**कोषनायक** m. (-कः) 1. The Indian Plutus. 2. A treasurer. **३.** कोष, and नायक chief.

बीजक n. (-क) A berry having a fragrant pulp : see बीजक m. (-क) A kind of creeping plant : see बीजक f. (-क) A sort of Ghosha with yellow flowers, e. बीजक a sheathe, and बीजक fruit ; also बीजक.

बीजकृत mfn. (-त-ता-त) Treasured, stored, accumulated. e. बीजक, and " been.

बीजक f. (-क) The country south of Ayodhya (Oude) or Ayodhya itself : see बीजक.

बीजक mfn. (-क-वती-वत्) Rich, wealthy. e. बीजक, and बीजक aff.

बीजक f. (-क) Swelled testicle, enlargement of the scrotum, from hernia or hydrocele, &c. e. बीजक a testicle, and बीजक increase.

बीजकयिका f. (-क) A knife. e. बीजक a scabbard, and बीजक to sleep, बीजक aff.

बीजक f. (-क) Purification by ordeal. e. बीजक, and बीजक purity ; also बीजक.

बीजक mfn. (-क-ना-न) Poor, without treasure. e. बीजक, and बीजक deprived of.

बीजक m. (-क) Part of a treasure, a portion of a person's wealth. e. बीजक, and बीजक part.

बीजक m. (-क) Hair. f. (-क) 1. A small species of cucumber, (Trichosanthes diaca) 2. A cucurbitaceous plant, commonly called Turai, (Luffa acutangula.) 3. Another kind. (L. pentangula.) 4. A kind of creeper : see बीजक. 5. A plant, (Achyrantes aspera) ; also बीजक. 6. Night. e. बीजक a sheathe, &c. बीजक to go, affixes बीजक and बीजक ; also बीजक and बीजक.

बीजक m. (-क) 1. A treasurer. A minister of finance. 2. KUMARA. e. बीजक, and बीजक superintendent.

बीजक n. (-क) Carrying off treasure. e. बीजक, and बीजक taking away.

बीजक m. (-क) The mango tree. e. बीजक a sheathe, and बीजक aff.

बीजक mfn. (-क-डा-ड) Own. m. (-क) 1. A granary, a place in which grain is kept. 2. A treasury. 3. An apartment. 4. Any viscous, as the heart, lungs, stomach, bowels, &c. e. बीजक to issue, बीजक Unadi aff.

बीजक n. (-क) 1. A granary 2. A treasury. 3. A brick-trough for watering cattle at. e. बीजक added to the last.

बीजक m. (-क) 1. A municipal officer, a constable. 2. A watch, a guard. 3. A store-keeper, a treasurer. e. बीजक, the granary, &c. and बीजक who protects.

बीजक m. (-क) 1. A store. 2. A treasury. e. बीजक, and बीजक a house.

बीजक m. (-क) The digestive faculty, the gastric juice. e. बीजक stomach, and बीजक fire.

बीजक mfn. (-क-वा-व) Warm, moderately warm, tepid. n. (-क) Warmth. e. बीजक diminutive, and बीजक warm.

बीजक m. (-क) 1. The name of a saint or Muni, the inventor or first preceptor of the drama. 2. A kind of musical instrument. 3. A sort of spirituous liquor.

बीजक n. (-क) 1. Evil doing, wickedness. 2. Repentance. e. बीजक bad, बीजक action, affix बीजक.

बीजक m. (-क) 1. A hypocrite. 2. A kind of mendicant, one who does not look far before him, or who proceeds with his eyes fixed upon the ground, for fear of treading upon insects, &c. e. बीजक hypocrisy, or a small part, बीजक aff.

बीजक m. (-क) A species of snake, the Boa or Bor.

बीजक mfn. (-क-वा-व) Abdominal, ventral. e. बीजक the belly, बीजक aff.

बीजक m. (-क) A sword, soymitar. e. बीजक the belly, and बीजक affix ; in any other sense the affix is बीजक. making बीजक.

बीजक m. (-क) the country, the Konkan.

बीजक m. (-क) The district of Konkan in the peninsula : see बीजक.

बीजक m. (-क) The name of a mountain, part of the Himalaya range : see बीजक.

बीजक f. (-क) 1. The wife of a Brahman or any venerable personage. 2. A female descendant of Kunja. e. बीजक, and बीजक affix, fem. affix

बीजक this word may be masculine, बीजक m. (-क) meaning a male descendant of Kunja ; also बीजक formed from बीजक by बीजक affix m. sing. (-क) sense ; also plur. (-क.)

बीजक mfn. (-क-टी-ट) 1. Fraudulent, dishonest. 2. Snared, wired. 3. Domestic, homely, home-born, home-bred. 4. Independent. n. (-क) Fraud, falsehood. m. (-क) A medicinal shrub, &c. बीजक. e. बीजक fraud, or बीजक a house, बीजक aff.

बीजक m. (-क) A vender of the flesh of birds or beasts, a poacher, a butcher, &c. ; also बीजक. e. बीजक or बीजक a snare, a trap, and बीजक aff.

बीजक m. (-क) A medicinal shrub, (Echites antidysenterica) ; see बीजक. e. बीजक pleonastic affix to बीजक the same.

बीजक m. (-क) An independent carpenter, one who works at home on his own account, and not for the village or the corporation, &c. e. बीजक domestic, and बीजक a carpenter.

बीजक m. (-क) The name of a saint ; also called Vatsayana.

बीजक m. (-क) A false witness. e. बीजक fraud, and बीजक a witness.

बीजक n. (-क) False evidence. e. बीजक, and बीजक testimony.

बीजक mfn. (-क-बी-ब) 1. Fraudulent, dishonest. 2. Relating to a snare to trap. m. (-क) One who kills animals, and sells their flesh for his own subsistence, a hunter, a poacher, a mountaineer, &c. e. बीजक a trap for catching birds, &c. affix बीजक.

बीजक m. (-क) 1. A hunter. 2. A blacksmith. e. बीजक derived from बीजक crooked, said to mean a forge, or the stooping approach of a hunter on his prey, affix बीजक.

बीजक n. (-क) 1. Crookedness. 2. Dishonesty. 3. An Epithet of Chanakya. e. बीजक, and बीजक aff. [बीजक aff.]

बीजक m. (-क) The father or master of a family. e. बीजक, and बीजक mfn. (-क-बी-ब) Sown with a certain measure, (a Kud'ava) of grain ; (a field, &c.) e. बीजक a measure, and बीजक aff.

बीजक m. (-क) A Rakshasa or goblin. e. बीजक a corpse, and बीजक affix ; these beings are supposed to eat human flesh.

बीजक m. (-क) A name of BHISHMA uncle of the Pandus.

बीजक m. (-क) The name of a Muni or divine sage.

बीजक n. (-क) Being maimed, being handless. e. बीजक a cripple, बीजक aff.

बीजक n. (-क) 1. Eagerness, vehemence, impatience. 2. Joy, pleasure, happiness. 3. Sport, pastime. 4. A festivity. 5. Wish, inclination. 6. Curiosity. 7. Kind or friendly greeting, civility, salutation. 8. The marriage thread or ring. 9. The enjoyment of public diversions. 10. Song, dance, shew or spectacle. 11. Season of enjoyment. e. बीजक, and बीजक aff.

बीजक n. (-क) 1. Eagerness, vehemence. 2. Curiosity. e. बीजक and बीजक pleonastic affix ; also with बीजक affix, बीजक n. (-क)

बीजक mfn. (-क-ता-त) 1. Eager, vehement. 2. Curious. e. बीजक, and बीजक having.

बीजक m. (-क) A man of a mixed caste, the son of a fisherman by a woman of the washerman caste.

बीजक n. (-क) Social salt.

बीजक mfn. (-क-वा-व) A field, &c. of a particular grain, (Paspalum frumentaceum.) e. बीजक a species of grain, and बीजक aff.

बीजक n. (-क) Ugliness of the nails. e. बीजक, and बीजक aff.

बीजक n. (-क) Neglect of personal decoration. e. बीजक bad, बीजक a nail, बीजक et cetera, बीजक added, and बीजक affix ; allowing the nails to grow, &c.

बीजक m. (-क) A spearman, a soldier armed with a spear. e. बीजक a spear, affix बीजक.

बीजक f. (-क) A sort of perfume, commonly Renuka. e. बीजक here said to mean a country, affixes बीजक and बीजक ; produced in that district.

बीजक m. (-क) Either of the Pandu princes. e. बीजक, and बीजक affix, son of KUNJA.



**कोश** mfn. (-कः-शी-कः) Relating to the jasmine. **३.** कुश, and **चञ्** aff.  
**कोष** n. (-व) Water of a well. **३.** कुष, and **चञ्** aff.  
**कोपीन** m. (-न) 1. A small piece of cloth worn over the privities. 2. A privy, a privy part. 3. A wrong or improper act. 4. Sin. **३.** कुप and **अच्** aff.  
**कोपीनकी** f. (-की) The mace of KRISHNA : see **कीनोदकी**.  
**कीमार** mfn. adj. (-र-री-र) 1. Maiden, virgin. 2. Juvenile. 3. Soft, tender. f. (-री) One of the seven Matris, the divine mothers or personified energies of the gods; the energy or Sakti of KUMARA or KARTIKEYA. n. (-र) 1. Youth, childhood, from birth to the age of five. 2. Maidenhood to the age of sixteen. **३.** कुमार a youth, and **चञ्** aff.; or **कुमार** the deity KARTIKEYA, **चञ्** and **कीप्** affixes.  
**कीर्तु** m. (-रु) The month Kartik, (Oct.-Nov.) f. (-री) 1. Moonlight. 2. A festival in honour of KARTIKEYA, held on the full moon of the month Kartik. 3. Day of full moon in the month Aswin. 4. The same in the month Kartik. 5. Elucidation (at the end of titles of works. e. g. **संस्कृतकोशकीर्तु**). **३.** कृतु a white lotus, **चञ्** and **कीप्** affixes, **कीर्तु** moonlight, equally white or brilliant; the other senses come from this.  
**कीर्तुदिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Relating to a water lily, abounding with them, &c. **३.** कुश, and **अच्** aff.  
**कीर्तुदिका** f. (-का) A companion and confidant of DURGA.  
**कीर्तुदीवार** mn. (-र-र) Day of full moon in the month of Aswin. **३.** कीर्तु a festival, and **वार** what proceeds.  
**कीर्तुदीपति** m. (-ति) The moon. **३.** कीर्तुदी moonlight, and **पति** lord.  
**कीर्तुदीह** m. (-ह) The stick or stand of a lamp. **३.** कीर्तुदी here light in general, and **ह** a tree.  
**कीनोदकी** f. (-की) The club or mace of KRISHNA. **३.** कुशदक what gives the earth pleasure, hero said to be VISHNU or KRISHNA, affixes **चञ्** and **कीप्**; also **कीर्तुदी**.  
**कीरव** m. (-व) A Kaurava, a descendant of KURU. **३.** कुश, and **चञ्** affix; also with **कुञ्** affix **कीरवक**.  
**कीरव्य** m. (-व्य) An ancestor or descendant of KURU. **३.** कुश, and **व्य** aff.  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Relating to a tortoise. 2. Acting as a tortoise. 3. Belonging or relating to the Avatar of VISHNU, as a tortoise, as the Kaurama or Kurma Purana. **३.** कुश, and **चञ्** aff.  
**कीर्त्य** m. (-र्य) The sign Scorpio.  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Of a good family, well-born. m. (-न) A worshipper of Sakti according to the left hand ritual, n. (-न) The doctrine and practices of the left hand Saktas. **३.** कुश a family, and **चञ्** aff.  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Of a good family, well-born. m. (-न) The son of an unchaste woman. **३.** कुश family, and **अच्** aff.  
**कीर्तु** mf. (-र-री) 1. The son or daughter of a female beggar. 2. A bastard. **३.** कुशटा a female beggar, **अच्** affix, and **रनञ्** inserted; also without the augment **कीर्तु**.  
**कीर्तु** mf. (-र-री) 1. The child of a female beggar. 2. A bastard, the child of an unchaste wife : see the preceding.  
**कीर्तु** mf. (-र-री) 1. A bastard son or daughter of a disloyal wife. 2. The child of a beggar. **३.** कुशटा an unchaste woman, **अच्** aff.  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Made, prepared, consisting of a kind of vetch. **३.** कुश **Dolichos biflorus**, **चञ्** aff.  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) A field, &c. of **Dolichos biflorus**. **३.** कुश, and **अच्** affix; see the preceding.  
**कीर्तु** m. (-र) One of the astrological periods called Karana.  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) made by a potter. n. (-क) Earthen-ware, porcelain. **३.** कुश, and **अच्** aff.  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Ancestral, heritable in the family, belonging to it, &c. m. (-क) 1. A heretic, an impostor. 2. A weaver. 3. A follower of the left hand Sakta ritual. **३.** कुश race, affix **अच्**.  
**कीर्तु** n. (-न) 1. High birth, family descent. 2. Rumour, report. 3.

Evil report, detraction. 4. Combat of animals, of birds, snakes, &c.  
 5. Cock-fighting, &c. contention of animals as a species of gambling. 6. A privy, a privy part. 7. An improper act. m. (-न) 1. The son of a female beggar. 2. A follower of the left hand Sakta ritual. **३.** कुश of a good family, affix **चञ्**.  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Of a good family, well-born. 2. Of the left hand Sakta sect. **३.** कुश family, **अच्** aff.  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Of good parentage. **३.** कुश family, **अच्** affix. m. (-क) A dog. **३.** कुश a house. affix as before; a domestic animal.  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) A field, &c. fit for or sown with a kind of been. **३.** कुश q. v. and **अच्** affix; also with **चञ्** affix, **कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क).  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Of good family or parentage. 2. Of the left hand Sakta sect. **३.** कुश family, and **चञ्** aff.  
**कीर्तु** n. (-न) The jujube tree : see **कुश**.  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Relating or referable to KURVA. 2. Situated in the north. f. (-री) 1. The Sakti or female energy of KURVA. 2. The north quarter. n. (-र) A sort of oostus, (C. speciosus :) see **कुश**. **३.** कुश the deity, affix **चञ्**.  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Silk, silken. n. (-न) Kanyakubja or Kanouj the ancient city so called. **३.** कीर्तु and **चञ्** affix.  
**कीर्तु** mf. (-न-न) 1. Greeting, salutation, friendly inquiry. 2. A respectful present, a Nizar. 3. Happiness, welfare, &c. **३.** कुश good fortune, well-being, **चञ्** and **कीप्** affs. [to the last.  
**कीर्तु** mf. (-न) A present, a respectful gift or offering. **३.** कुश added **कीर्तु** m. (-न) A name of RAMA. **३.** कीर्तु the wife of DASARATHA, **अच्** affix of descent.  
**कीर्तु** n. (-न) 1. Good fortune, well-being, &c. 2. Cleverness, talent. f. (-र्या) The mother of RAMA. **३.** कुश and **चञ्** affix, or **कीर्तु** a name of the father of this princess, affix **अच्**.  
**कीर्तु** m. (-न) A name of RAMA. **३.** कुश a son, and **कीर्तु** R'AMA's mother.  
**कीर्तु** m. (-न) RAMA : see the preceding. **३.** कीर्तु and **अच्** aff.  
**कीर्तु** n. (-र) Silk cloth. **३.** कीर्तु, and **चञ्** vesture.  
**कीर्तु** f. (-न) The name of an ancient city on the Ganges in the lower part of the Doab, in the vicinity of Kurrah; also **कुश**. **३.** कुश a proper name, (the founder,) **चञ्** and **कीप्** affs.  
**कीर्तु** mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Silk, silken. 2. Of the family of Kusika, &c. m. (-क) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. A fragrant substance, (Bdellium) 3. An owl. 4. A snake-catcher. 5. An ichneumon. (Viverra ichneumon.) 6. A title of VISWAMITRA. 7. One skilled in dictionaries. 8. A dictionary compiler. 9. Love, the passion. 10. The marrow. f. (-न) 1. A river in Bahar, the Kosi or Koosa. 2. A name of the goddess DURGA, n. (-क) Silk. **३.** कीर्तु a sheathe, &c. **अच्** affix, and **कीप्** for the feminine; also **कीर्तु**, and **कीर्तु**.  
**कीर्तु** m. (-न) A name of RAMA. **३.** कीर्तु the sage VISWAMITRA, and **अच्** a friend or favourite.  
**कीर्तु** n. (-न) A cocoanut. **३.** कीर्तु the saint VISWAMITRA, and **अच्** fruit, being said to have been created by the sage in his progress to make human being in rivalry to BRAHMA, the nut being the first rudiment of the head.  
**कीर्तु** f. (-न) A drinking vessel, a cup or goblet. **३.** कुश to surround or contain, affixes **अच्** and **अच्**.  
**कीर्तु** m. (-न) A name of ARJUNA. **३.** कीर्तु INDRA, and **अच्** a son.  
**कीर्तु** n. (-न) The rainbow, **३.** कीर्तु INDRA, and **अच्** a weapon.  
**कीर्तु** m. (-न) A crow. **३.** कीर्तु an owl, **अच्** enemy; also **कीर्तु** &c.  
**कीर्तु** f. (-न) The wife of the saint AGASTYA. **३.** कुश to retract, (wrath), **अच्** and **कीप्** affixes; this lady being an anti-xantippe.

कीर्तिका n. (-यः) The profession of an actor, a dancer, &c. E. कुशील and यज् aff.

कीरीय mfn. (-यः-की-यः) Silken, of silk. n. (-यः) 1. Silk. 2. A silk petticoat or trowsers; a woman's lower garment of silk. E. कीर or कीर the cocoon, and डक् affix; also कीरीय.

कीरिका m. (-कः) A name of INDRA, &c.: see above, कीरिका. f. (-की) DURG, &c. see कीरिका.

कीरीय mfn. (-यः-की-यः) Silken: see कीरीय.

कीरीय mfn. (-यः-की-यः) Usurious. E. कुरीय, and यज् aff.

कीरीय n. (-यः) 1. Sloth, indolence. 2. The practice of usury. E. कुरीय usury, &c. affix डक्.

कीरुम mfn. (-मः-की-मः) Flowering. E. कुरुम and यज् aff.

कीरुम mfn. (-मः-की-मः) Dyed with safflower, orange, red. E. कुरुम safflower, and यज् aff.

कीरुतिक mfn. (-कः-की-कः) A juggler, a conjuror. E. कुरुति wickedness, affix डक्.

कीरुम m. (-मः) The jewel of KRISHNA suspended on his breast. E. कुरुम a name of VISHNU or KRISHNA, and यज् aff.

कीरुमलक m. (-कः) A name of VISHNU.

कीरुमलक m. (-कः) A name of VISHNU or KRISHNA. E. कीरुम the jewel, and लक the breast.

क्रु r. 1st and 10th cls. (क्रुयति, क्रुयति) To hurt, to injure, to kill.

क्रु (क) क्रु r. 4th cl. (क्रुयति) 1. To be crooked (in mind or body.) 2. To shine, (क) क्रु r. 10th cl. (क्रुयति) To shine.

क्रु r. 9th cl. (क) क्रु (क्रुयति-नीते) To sound; also क्रु.

क्रु r. 9th cl. (क) क्रु (क्रुयति-नीते) To sound.

क्रु r. 1st cl. (क) क्रु (क्रुयते) 1. To sound. 2. To be wet. 3 To stink.

क्रुयिद mfn. (-मः-की-यः) What stinks, &c. E. क्रुय, and डक् aff.

क्रु r. 1st cl. (क्रुयति) To be crooked in person, to be crooked in mind, to be fraudulent or crafty.

क्रुच mn. (-चः-चः) 1. A saw. 2. A thorny plant: see करीर. f. (-चः) The Ketaki: see the next. E. क्रु an imitative sound, चक् to emit sound, affix यज्.

क्रुचपद m. (-दः) A plant with a strong smelling flower, (Pandanus odoratissimus.) E. क्रुच a saw, and पद a leaf; having serrated leaves.

क्रुचपाद m. (-पाद-पातः) A chameleon, a lizard. E. क्रुच a saw, पाद a foot, saw-footed, or with a final vowel, क्रुचपाद m. (-दः)

क्रुचपट्टी f. (-टी) A small fish with numerous small spines in the back, (Coius cobojus, Ham.) E. क्रुच a saw, and पट्ट the back, saw-backed.

क्रुच m. (-चः) A kind of partridge, commonly Kayar; also क्रुच and कर.

क्रुच m. (-चः) 1. A sort of partridge, called Kaer, (perdix sylvatica); also क्रुच. 2. A thorny plant, vulgarly Karil: see करीर. 3. A saw. 4. A poor man. E. क्रु an imitative sound, कर what makes.

क्रु m. (-नुः) 1. Sacrifice, offering, worship. 2. An Aswamedha, the sacrifice. 3. The name of a Muni, one of the seven principal Rishis or saints, the offspring of BRAHMA, married to Kriya and the father of the 60,000 Balikhilyas. 4. One of the ten VISWADDEVAS. E. क्रु to do क्रु Unadi aff.

क्रुच m. (-दः) 1. A Jina. 2. One skilled in sacrifice.

क्रुच mfn. (-चः-क्रु-चः) Equal to an Aswamedha in merit. E. क्रु and च equal.

क्रुच m. (-दः or -दु-दुट् or दुक्) An Asur, a demon. E. क्रु sacrifice, and दुक् who hates, affix डक्. [hates.]

क्रुचि m. (-चि) A Daitya or demon. E. क्रु a sacrifice, and चि who

क्रुचि m. (-ची) A name of SIVA. E. क्रु a sacrifice, चि to destroy, affix चि, the destroyer of DAKSHA's sacrifice: see दक्.

क्रुच m. (-चः) A horse, especially such a one, as is fit for an Aswamedha. E. क्रु sacrifice, and च animal.

क्रुच m. (-चः) A name of VISHNU. E. क्रु, and च man or male.

क्रुच n. (-चः) The reward of a sacrifice, the object for which it is performed. E. क्रु, and च fruit.

क्रुच m. (-चः) A god, a deity. E. क्रु sacrifice, and च who eats.

क्रुच m. (-चः) A particular sacrifice, the Rajasuya: one performed by a monarch who has subdued all the princes of the world. E. क्रु sacrifice, and च a king; a royal or pre-eminent ceremony: see राजसुय.

क्रुचि m. (-ची) A Brahman who sells to another the possible benefits of a sacrifice which he has performed. E. क्रु, and चि who sells; also क्रुचिवाचकः.

क्रुचि f. (-चि) Completion of a sacrifice, attainment of the object for which it is performed. E. क्रु, and चि completion.

क्रुच m. (-चः) The Rajasuya sacrifice: see the preceding E. क्रु, and च best: the pre-eminent sacrifice.

क्रु r. 1st and 10th cls. (क्रुयति-ने क्रुयति-ने) To kill, to hurt or injure. r. 10th cl. (क्रुयति) To amuse, to delight repeatedly.

क्रुच n. (-चः) 1. Slaughter, killing. 2. Snoring, stertor. E. क्रु to kill, affix डक्.

क्रुच n. (-चः) A white sort of Agallochum: see क्रुच.

क्रु r. 1st cl. (क्रुयते) or (क) क्रु (क्रुयति) 1. To confound, to confuse. 2. To grieve, to be confused; also (क्रुयति) 1. To call, to cry out. 2. To weep, to shed tears: see क्रुच.

क्रु mfn. (-चा-की-चः) Going, who or what goes. E. क्रु, and डक् aff.

क्रु r. 1st and 10th cls. generally used with चाङ् prefixed, चाङ्क्रु (चाङ्क्रुयति, चाङ्क्रुयति) 1. To weep, to shed tears. 2. To call continually.

क्रुच m. (-चः) A cat n. (-चः) 1. Weeping, lamenting, sobbing. 2. Crying out, calling. 3. Mutual daring or defiance, challenging, braving. E. क्रु to cry out, to call, sob, &c. affix डक्; also with क्रु affix क्रुचि.

क्रुचि mfn. (-चः-क्रु-चः) 1. Wept. 2. Called or cried out. n. (-चः) 1. Weeping. 2. Calling. 3. Mutual daring: see the preceding. E. क्रु to call, क्रु aff.

क्रु r. 1st cl. (क्रुयते) 1. To compassionate, to pity. 2. To go or move: see क्रुच.

क्रु r. 1st cl. (क) क्रु (क्रुयति, क्रुयति or क्रुयति) To go, to walk, to step: (in the following senses it is optionally deponent:) (क्रुयते, क्रुयते) 1. To proceed uninterruptedly. 2. To grow or increase. 3. To preserve. It is also active or deponent according to various prefixes and in various senses, as, with चति (चतिक्रुयति) 1. To go over or beyond, to leap over. 2. To transgress, to pass beyond the bounds of virtue. With चतु (चतुक्रुयते) To proceed regularly or in order. With चि (चिक्रुयति) 1. To overcome, to surpass. 1. To assail. With चप (चपक्रुयते) To go away, to depart. With चाङ्, (चाङ्क्रुयते) To rise as the sun. &c. or (चाङ्क्रुयति) To rise, to mount, to overcome. With चतु, (चतुक्रुयति) To transgress. With चप, (चपक्रुयति) To depart. (चपक्रुयते) to begin. With चि, (चिक्रुयति) To go forth. With चर and चाङ्, (चरक्रुयति) To display valour, to surpass or overcome. With च, (चक्रुयति) To depart, to go or approach, (चक्रुयते) To begin. With परि, (परिक्रुयति) To wander about, to ramble. With चि (चिक्रुयति) 1. To overcome. 2. To mount or ascend. (चिक्रुयते) To pace, to proceed by steps, to move with the feet. With चि and चाङ्, (चाङ्क्रुयते) To transgress. With चतु, (चतुक्रुयति) to remove.

क्रुच m. (-चः) 1. Going, proceeding. 2. A sacred precept or practice prescribed by the Vedas. 3. Order, method. 4. Power, strength. 5. Overcoming, surpassing, subduing, &c. 6. A foot. 7. Uninterrupted progress. E. क्रु to go, चक् aff.

क्रुच mfn. (-चः-क्रु-चः) 1. Orderly, methodical. 2. Proceeding, going. E. (-चः) A student who goes through a regular course of study, one who proceeds methodically. E. क्रु to go, affix डक्.

**कुम्भा f. (-ञ्)** (In astronomy,) The sine of a planet's declination. **म. कुम्भ** going, and **ञ्** aff. sine.

**कुम्भ m. (-ञ्)** A foot. **n. (-ञ्)** Going, proceeding. **म. कुम्भ** to go, affix **कुम्भ**. **कुम्भतत् ind.** Gradually, successively, in order. **म. कुम्भ**, and **तत्** aff.

**कुम्भाच mfn. (-ञ्-वा-ञ्)** Going, proceeding. **म. कुम्भ** to go, **वाच** aff.

**कुम्भोत्त m. (-ञ्)** Successive or methodical practice. **म. कुम्भ**, and **वोत्त** union.

**कुम्भतत् ind.** 1. Gradually, by degrees. 2. Regularly, seriatim. **म. कुम्भ**, and **तत्** aff.

**कुम्भान्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** 1 Descended to or inherited lineally, what comes from one's ancestors in regular succession. 2. Arrived in due course or succession. **म. कुम्भ**, and **वान्त** come.

**कुम्भान्तत् n. (-तः)** Hereditary succession or possession. **म. तत्** added to the preceding.

**कुम्भावात् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** 1. Proceeding in regular order. 2. Descended lineally, (estate, &c) **म. कुम्भ** order, and **वावात्** come, obtained.

**कुम्भ m. (-निः)** A worm ; see **कुम्भ**.

**कुम्भित mfn. (-ता-नी-तः)** Going, who or what goes, &c. **म. कुम्भ** to go, **तत्** affix, with **इट्** augment.

**कुम्भ m. (-मुः)** The betel-nut tree, (Areca faufel or catechu ; ) also **कुम्भक**.

**कुम्भक m. (-कः)** 1. The areca or betel nut, (Areca faufel or catechu.) 2. A kind of tree, a red sort of Lodh : see **कोय**. 3. A kind of fragrant grass ; see **भद्रमुखा**. 4. The mulberry tree, (Morus Indica.) 5. The fruit of the cotton tree. **f. (-नी)** The areca tree. **म. कुम्भ** to go, **क** aff.

**कुम्भकत् n. (-कः)** The areca nut. **म. कुम्भक**, and **क** fruit.

**कुम्भ m. (-ञः)** A camel ; see the next.

**कुम्भक m. (-ञः)** A camel. **म. कुम्भ** to go. **एलप्** Unadi affix, and **क** added ; or **कुम्भ** order, **इत्** to go, **क** affix, and **क** added.

**कुम्भोत्त m. (-गः)** An ox. **म. कुम्भ** a foot, **उत्त** who goes.

**कुम्भ m. (-यः)** Buying, purchase. **म. कुम्भ** to buy, **यच्** aff.

**कुम्भित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** Bought, purchased. **म. कुम्भ**, and **कृत** bought.

**कुम्भोत्त n. (-यः)** Deed of sale, conveyance, &c. **म. कुम्भ**, and **लेख** writing.

**कुम्भिकुम्भ m. (-यः)** Trade, traffic, buying and selling. **म. कुम्भ** purchase, **विक्रय** sale.

**कुम्भिकुम्भय m. (-यः)** Rescission of sale, title of civil judicature. **म. कुम्भ** विक्रय, and **चतुश्च** doubt.

**कुम्भिकुम्भ m. (-कः)** A trader or merchant, a dealer. **म. कुम्भ** buying, **विक्रय** sale, and **तत्** aff.

**कुम्भिक m. (-कः)** The coping of a wall.

**कुम्भिक m. (-ञः)** A market, a fair. **म. कुम्भ** purchase, and **इत्** to rise, **वाच्** prefix, and **यच्** aff.

**कुम्भिक m. (-ञः)** 1. A trader, a dealer. 2. A purchaser, a buyer. **म. कुम्भ** to buy, Unadi affix **इत्तत्**.

**कुम्भिक mfn. (-नी-विनी-वि)** A buyer or purchaser, **म. कुम्भ** to buy **इत्तत्** aff.

**कुम्भ mfn. (-ञः-वा-ञः)** Purchasable. **म. कुम्भ** to buy, **यच्** affix, deriv. irr.

**कुम्भ n. (-ञः)** 1. Flesh. 2. Raw flesh. **म. कुम्भ** to be able, **यच्** affix. and **प** changed to **व** ; the latter becomes dental before **व**.

**कुम्भवात्त m. (-नः)** A deer. **म. कुम्भ** flesh, and **वात्त** killing for its flesh.

**कुम्भित mfn. (-मुक्)** Carnivorous. **m. (-मुक्)** A Rakshasa. **म. कुम्भ**, **मुक्** who eats.

**कुम्भ m. or mfn. (-वाद् or -वात्)** 1. An imp or goblin, a Rakshasa. 2. A flesh-eater. 3. A beast of prey, a carnivorous animal. **म. कुम्भ** flesh, **वद्** to eat, **विद्** affix, or with **यच्** affix **कुम्भ**.

**कुम्भ mfn. (-दः-दा-दः)** An eater of flesh or meat, carnivorous. **m. (-दः)** 1. A goblin, a Rakshasa. 2. A lion. 3. A hawk. Funeral fire. **म. See** the preceding.

**कुम्भित mfn. (-नी-विनी-वि)** Carnivorous. **m. (-नी)** A demon, an anthropophagus. **म. कुम्भ**, and **विद्** who eats.

**कुम्भिक m. (-ञः)** A sawyer. **म. कुम्भ** and **तत्** aff.

**कुम्भ mfn. (-ञः-वा-ञः)** 1. Overcome, surpassed. 2. Attacking, invading, gone to or against. 3. Spread, extended 4. Going, going over or

across. **m. (-ञः)** 1. A horse. 2. (In astronomy,) Declination. **n. (-ञः)** An astrological element, the conjunction of any planet with moon. **म. कुम्भ** to go, affix **क**.

**कुम्भ f. (-निः)** 1. Going, proceeding. 2. Overcoming, surpassing. 3. 1 sun's course on the globe, the ecliptic. 4. Declination of a planet. **म. कुम्भ** to go, affix **नि**.

**कुम्भिक m. (-ञः)** The ecliptic. **म. कुम्भ** and **क** girdle.

**कुम्भिका f. (-ञ्वा)** Sine of the declination **म. कुम्भ**, and **ञ्वा** sine.

**कुम्भिपात् m. (-तः)** The nodes of the ecliptic, or the equinoctial point. **म. कुम्भ** and **पात्** going.

**कुम्भिपातगति f. (-तिः)** Motion of the nodes of the ecliptic precession the equinox. **म. कुम्भिपात्**, and **गति** going.

**कुम्भिभाज m. (-गः)** Declination of a point of the ecliptic. **म. कुम्भ**, **भाज** division.

**कुम्भिकत्त n. (-कः)** The ecliptic. **म. कुम्भ**, and **क** circle.

**कुम्भिकत्त m. (-यः)** The space within the tropics. **म. कुम्भ**, and **यच्** bracelet.

**कुम्भ m. (-नुः)** A bird in general. **म. कुम्भ** to go, **नु** Unadi affix, and **त** pen. made long.

**कुम्भ mfn. (-मन्-मनी-मन्)** 1. Going, proceeding over or through. **n. कुम्भ** to go, **इत्** aff.

**कुम्भ mfn. (-कः-वा-कः)** 1. A buyer or purchaser. 2. A dealer, a trade. **म. कुम्भ** to buy, **यच्** aff.

**कुम्भ m. (-निः)** 1. A worm, an insect. 2. Lao, which is the accumulation of an insect. 3. A worm in the intestines. **म. कुम्भ** to go, **यच्** Unadi affix, and **इट्** inserted ; also **कुम्भ**.

**कुम्भिकत्त m. (-कः)** A medicinal plant, commonly Biranga : **म. कुम्भिकत्त**.

**कुम्भिक mfn. (-ञः-नी-ञः)** Vermifuge, anthelmintic. **m. (-ञः)** An anthelmintic shurb : see **कुम्भ**. **f. (-नी)** Somraj, (Serratula or Conyza anthelmintica) **म. कुम्भ** or **कुम्भ** a worm, and **ञ** what kills ; see **कुम्भ**.

**कुम्भिक n. (-कः)** Aguru or aloe wood : see **अगुरु**. **f. (-ञः)** The red dye called Lao. **म. कुम्भ** a worm, and **क** born ; also **कुम्भ**.

**कुम्भिक m. (-ञः)** The coral tree, (Erythrina fulgens.) **म. कुम्भ** a worm and **अगुरु** an enemy ; the leaves yield, by expression, an acrid anthelmintic juice.

**कुम्भिक m. (-ञः)** A fetid mimosa, (M. farnesiana.) **म. कुम्भ** a worm and **वाच** inimical ; an anthelmintic.

**कुम्भिक m. (-ञः)** An ant-hill. **म. कुम्भ** a worm, and **क** a hill.

**कुम्भ m. (-यः)** The sign Aries. **म. कुम्भ** to do, **यच्** aff.

**कुम्भिक mfn. (-ञः-वा-ञः)** Doing, making, engaged in. **म. कुम्भ** to do, **वाच** aff.

**कुम्भ f. (-या)** 1. An act, action, acting. 2. Means, expedient. 3. Beginning, undertaking. 4. Atonement. 5. Study. 6. Worship. 7. Disquisition. 8. Bodily action. 9. Remedying, physical treatment or practice. 10. Instrument, implement. 11. A religious or initiatory ceremony. 12. Obsequies, rites performed immediately after death. 13. Purificatory rites, as ablution, &c. 14. Judicial investigation, by human means, as witnesses, documents, &c. or by superhuman or ordeals of various kinds. 15. In grammar, a verb of two kinds, **वचन** active or **वचन** intransitive. 16. A noun of action, **म. कुम्भ** to act, to do, **यच्** affix, fem. aff **टाप्** ; the above meanings may be all resolved into the first.

**कुम्भिक m. (-रः)** See the next.

**कुम्भिक mfn. (-रः-री-रः)** One who does any act, an agent, a performer. **म. (-रः)** A student, a novice, a tyro. **म. कुम्भ** study, and **वर** or **वार** who makes.

**कुम्भिक mfn. (-नी-विनी-वि)** Opposed or adverse to any act. **m. (-नी)** One of the five kinds of witnesses, he whose testimony is hurtful to the cause. **म. कुम्भ** a suit, and **विद्** injuring.

**क्रियाविदेश m. (-वः)** Evidence & क्रिया, and निदेश proof.  
**क्रियावत्त्व mfn. (-पः-पा-वः)** Conformably to the act, according to the action. & क्रिया, and वत्त्व like to.  
**क्रियावत् mfn. (-ट्-टु-ट्रः)** Clever, dexterous. & क्रिया, and वत् clever.  
**क्रियापर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः)** Attentive to or diligent in the performance of their duties. & क्रिया, and पर engaged in.  
**क्रियापरम m. (-मः)** 1. End of an affair. 2. Liberation from ceremonial acts. & क्रिया, and परम end.  
**क्रियापाद m. (-पः)** The third division of a suit at law, the proof or rejoinder of the plaintiff. & क्रिया an affair, and पाद a fourth part.  
**क्रियाप्रसङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः)** Course of proceeding. & क्रिया, and प्रसङ्ग procedure.  
**क्रियाफल n. (-लः)** Result or consequence of acts. & क्रिया, and फल fruit.  
**क्रियाव्यय m. (-यः)** Special compact or agreement. & क्रिया business, व्यय and व्यय prefixed to गम् to go, affix चक्; going through with any thing.  
**क्रियालोप m. (-पः)** Discontinuance or loss of any of the essential ceremonies of the Hindu religion. & क्रिया, and लोप loss.  
**क्रियावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्)** 1. Engaged in business. 2. Understanding business, fit for it, possessed of worldly knowledge. 3. Celebrating religious rites. & क्रिया, and वत् aff.  
**क्रियावत्त्व mfn. (-वः-वा-वः)** Subject to the influence of acts. m. (-वः) Necessity, necessary influence of acts done or to be done. & क्रिया, and वत् Subjection.  
**क्रियावसन्न mfn. (-न्नः-ना-न्नः)** One who loses his cause in a law suit. & क्रिया affair, वसन्न ended.  
**क्रियावादिन् m. (-दी)** A plaintiff. & क्रिया affair, and वादिन् who declares.  
**क्रियाविधि f. (-धिः)** 1. Conduct of affairs. 2. Mode of performing any rite. & क्रिया, and विधि rule.  
**क्रियाविधि mfn. (-धः-धा-धः)** 1. Conversant with business. 2. Understanding the ritual, &c. & क्रियाविधि, and धः who knows.  
**क्रियावर्तनमिहार m. (-रः)** Repetition of any act, doing any thing repeatedly. & क्रिया, and वर्तनमिहार repetition.  
**क्रियेन्द्रिय m. (-यः)** An organ of action, as the hand, foot, voice, organ of generation and that of excretion. & क्रिया acting, and इन्द्रिय an organ; also कर्मेन्द्रिय.  
**क्री (ङ, ङ, ञ) क्रीड् r. 9th cl. (क्रीडति, क्रीडते)** To buy, to barter or exchange; with वि prefixed, to sell.  
**क्रीड r. 1st cl. (क्री) क्रीड् (क्रीडति)** To play, to sport; with चतु, चव, चाङ्, परि, or सन् prefixed, it is deponent, as चतुक्रीडते, &c. unless चतु requires the accusative case, and the compound with सन् implies inarticulate sound, as तनुक्रीडति सा she plays with him, चक्रीडति चक् the wheel creaks.  
**क्रीड mf. (-ङः-ङा)** 1. Sport, play, pastime, pleasure, amusement. f. (-ङा) 1. Playing, as a ball, &c. 2. Disrespect. & क्रीड् to play, च affix, and fem. do टाप्.  
**क्रीडन n. (-नः)** Play, sport, &c. & क्रीड to play, affix युच्.  
**क्रीडन् mfn. (-ङन्-ङन्ती-ङन्)** Playing, gamboling, sporting. & क्रीड and न् aff.  
**क्रीडान mfn. (-नः-ना-नः)** Sporting, playing. & क्रीड, and नान् aff.  
**क्रीडावत् n. (-वः)** Sportive or wanton purpose or desire. & क्रीडा, and वावत् wish.  
**क्रीडाव्यय m. (-यः)** Assumed anger, anger in sport. & क्रीडा, and व्यय anger.  
**क्रीडारव n. (-रः)** Compulsion. & क्रीडा, and रव a gem.  
**क्रीडारव m. (-वः)** A car, a carriage. & क्रीडा sport, pleasure, and रव a car.  
**क्रीडावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्)** Sporting, sportive. & क्रीडा, and वत् aff.  
**क्रीडावर्तन n. (-नः)** A reservoir, a basin. & क्रीडा, pleasure, वर्तन a lake.  
**क्रीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** Bought, purchased. m. (-तः) A son, one of the twelve kinds acknowledged by the ancient Hindu law; he who is purchased from his natural parents - - - - -

**क्रीतक m. (-वः)** A son bought from his natural parents, and adopted as male issue; also क्रीत and क्रीतपुत्र: see the preceding.  
**क्रीतानुग्रह m. (-हः)** Returning a purchase upon the seller, admissible in some cases by law. & क्रीत bought, अनुग्रह repentance.  
**क्रुच (ठ) क्रुच् r. 1st cl. (क्रुचति)** 1. To go, to approach towards or arrive at. 2. To move crookedly. 3. To be crooked. 4. To curve or make crooked. 5. To become small, to shrink. 6. To make small, to lessen; also क्रुच.  
**क्रुच mf. (क्रुच्, क्रुचा)** A cURLow. & क्रुच् to go crookedly, affix क्रिप्, fem. affix टाप्.  
**क्रुच m. (-चः)** A name of the mountain Krounoha. f. (-चा) A kind of Vina or lute. & क्रुच् to be crooked, affixes च and टाप्.  
**क्रुच r. 8th cl. (क्रुचति)** 1. To sink. 2. To be childish. 3. To eat. 4. To be thick.  
**क्रुच mfn. (-चः-चा-चः)** 1. Angry, wrathful. 2. Fierce, cruel. n. (-चः) Anger. & क्रुच् to be angry, क् aff.  
**क्रुच (ची, छ) चीक्रुच r. 4th cl. (क्रुचति)** To be wrathful, to be flushed with anger.  
**क्रुच f. (-क्त or -क्रुद)** Anger, passion. & क्रुच् to be angry, affix क्रिप्; also with चक् and टाप् affixes, क्रुचा.  
**क्रुचा f. (-चा)** Anger: see the preceding.  
**क्रुचन् mfn. (-चन्-चन्ती-चन्)** Being angry. & क्रुच, and चन् aff.  
**क्रुच r. 9th cl. (क्रुचति)** 1. To be connected with, to cling or adhere to. 2. To be distressed, to suffer pain.  
**क्रुच r. 1st cl. (क्रुचति)** 1. To call. 2. To cry, to weep. With चतु prefixed, To feel for, to sympathise with. With चाङ्, To revile, to abuse or censure. With च्, To reproach. With च्, To cry aloud, to shout.  
**क्रुचन् m. (-चा)** A jackal & क्रुच् to cry or howl, Unadi affix क्रिप्.  
**क्रुच mf. (-टः-टा-टः)** 1. Wept, cried. 2. Cried aloud, bawled. n. (-टः) 1. Weeping, sobbing. 2. Noise, sound. & क्रुच् to weep, affix क्.  
**क्रुच mfn. (-रः-रा-रः)** 1. Cruel, pitiless. 2. Hard, harsh. 3. Hard, solid. 4. Mischievous, destructive. 5. Formidable, terrible. 6. Hot, sharp. 7. Disagreeable. m. (-रः) 1. An odd sign of the zodiac, as the first, third, fifth, &c. which are of malignant influences. 2. A hawk. 3. A heron. 4. Red oleander. & क्रुच् to cut, रक् Unadi affix, and क्रुच् substituted for क्रुच्.  
**क्रुचकर्मन् mfn. (-कर्म-कर्म-कर्म)** Fierce, cruel, unrelenting. & क्रुच् and कर्मन् act.  
**क्रुचकोष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः)** Torpid or oostive bowels unaffected by strong purgatives. & क्रुच्, and कोष्ठ the alimentary canal.  
**क्रुचकर्म m. (-कर्म)** Sulphur. & क्रुच्, and कर्म smell.  
**क्रुचवरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** Cruel, ferocious, addicted to cruel practices. & क्रुच् and वरित who practices.  
**क्रुचता f. (-ता)** Cruelty, fierceness. & क्रुच् added to the last; also with ल, क्रुच.  
**क्रुचकर्म mfn. (-कर्म)** 1. Mischievous, villainous. 2. Evil-eyed. m. (-कर्म) A name of the planet Sapi or Saturn. & क्रुच् cruel, &c. and कर्म who sees, from कर्म to see, affix क्रिप्.  
**क्रुचरविन् m. (-वी)** A raven. & क्रुच् formidable, रविन् who cries.  
**क्रुचोचन m. (-नः)** A name of Saturn. & क्रुच् evil, and ओचन an eye; of an evil or inauspicious aspect.  
**क्रुच m. (-चः)** 1. A jackal. 2. Any thing bad.  
**क्रुचकर्म m. (-कर्म)** A name of Ravana, the ruler of Lanka. & क्रुच् evil, and कर्म figure, form.  
**क्रुचवार mfn. (-वार-वार)** Following barbarous or savage practices. & क्रुच् and वार observance.  
**क्रुच m. (-चः-चः)** The beard: see क्रुच्.  
**क्रुचि m. (-चिः)** Buying, purchase. & क्री to buy, वि Unadi aff.  
**क्रुचकर्म mfn. (-कर्म-कर्म-कर्म)** Purchasable. & future participle of क्री to buy, affix - - - - -

श्री म. (-ता) A purchaser, a buyer, म. श्री to buy, affix वच्.  
 श्री mfn. (-य-ता-य) Purchasable. म. श्री to buy, affix वच्; to be bought.  
 श्री m. (-यः) A mountain: see श्री.  
 श्रीचक्र f. (-यः) A species of metre of four lines, and twentyfive syllables in each.  
 श्रीदारु m. (-यः) A name of KARTIKEYA. म. श्री or श्री a mountain, and दारु the tender or tearer; also श्रीदारु.  
 श्री nf. (-य-यः) 1. The breast, the chest. 2. The haunch, the flank, the hollow above the hip. म. (-यः) 1. A name of Sani or Saturn. 2. A hog. म. श्री to be thick, वच् aff.  
 श्रीपर्व f. (-यः) A prickly nightshade: see कटकारिका.  
 श्रीपाद m. (-यः) A turtle, a tortoise. म. श्री the breast, and पाद a foot.  
 श्रीपाद m. (-यः) A tortoise.  
 श्रीपाद m. (-यः) A turtle or tortoise. म. श्री and वच् a foot.  
 श्रीशिरस n. (-यः) Embracing. म. श्री breast or side, शिरस making, and शि augment.  
 श्रीशिरस f. (-यः) Embracing, mutual embrace. म. See the preceding; शि making.  
 श्री m. (-यः) Killing, slaying. म. श्री to kill or hurt, affix वच्.  
 श्री m. (-यः) Anger, wrath. म. श्री to be angry, affix वच्.  
 श्री मfn. (-यः-जा-य) Proceeding from or engendered by wrath; it especially applies to eight vices, hatred, envy, oppression, violence &c. म. श्री passion, and ज produced.  
 श्रीम. (-यः-ता-य) Passionate, angry, wrathful. (-यः) A passionate woman, a vixen. म. श्री to be angry वच्.  
 श्रीनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Provocative. न. (-यः) An injury. म. श्री to be angry, (on account of), वच् aff.  
 श्रीमय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Angry, passionate. म. श्री and मय aff.  
 श्रीमय mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Passionate, angry, overcome with rage. म. (-यः) A kind of perfume, commonly Chor. म. श्री wrath, and मयित confused, overcome.  
 श्रीमयित mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Free from wrath, mild, calm. म. श्री and मयित devoid of.  
 श्रीमय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Passionate, violent. म. श्री, and मय subject to.  
 श्रीमय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Angry, passionate. म. श्री anger, affix वच्.  
 श्रीमयित mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Calm, composed, free from wrath. म. श्री, and मयित abandoned.  
 श्री म. (-यः) A measure of distance, a league, a Kos, containing 4000 cubits; some double this, and make the Kos 8000 cubits. म. श्री to call, &c, affix वच्.  
 श्री मfn. (-यः-यी-य) Crying, calling out. म. श्री to cry, वच् aff.  
 श्रीमता m. (-यः) A large or double drum. म. श्री a Kos, and ता a tune; whose sound may be heard for a league.  
 श्रीमय m. (-यः) A large drum. म. श्री, and मयि sound: see the preceding.  
 श्रीयुग n. (-यः) A measure of two Kos, 4000 yards, or about 2½ miles; this seems to correspond to the modern Kos, but the standard varies. म. श्री a Kos, and युग a pair also गच्छति.  
 श्री mf. (-य-यः) A jackall. श्री to cry or call, and वच् aff; the noun declined in many cases like nouns in वच्.  
 श्रीपुष्पिका f. (-यः) A plant, commonly Chaulya, (Hemionites cordifolia, Rox.) or according to some, Ramvasa, a different plant see श्रीविना. म. श्री a jackall, वच् affix, and पुष्पिका tail; the flower being compared to the tail of the animal.  
 श्रीकनेका f. (-यः) The plant Chaulya; see the preceding.  
 श्रीपुष्पिका f. (-यः) See श्रीपुष्पिका; also श्रीपुष्पी.  
 श्रीविना f. (-यः) The name of a plant, either Chaulya, (Hemionites cordifolia, Rox) or a different plant called Ramvasa. म. श्री a jackall, and विना known; known by being compared to the animal.  
 श्री म. (-यः) The white snow cane. म. श्री and वच् cane.

श्री f. (-यः) 1. The black or white Bhuincaonra, (Convolvulus paniculatus:) see श्रीपुष्पिका. 2. Chaulya: see श्रीविना. 3. A sh jackall: see श्री. म. श्री to cry, affix वच् and fem. श्री.  
 श्री m. (-यः) 1. A kind of heron. (Ardea jaculator, Buch.) 2. One of the Dwipas or principal divisions of the world, surrounded by the sea of curds. 3. A mountain, part of the Himalaya range, situated in the eastern part of the chain on the north of Asam. 4. A Jain emblem, the figure of the curlew, used as a symbol. 5. The name of a demon, f. (-यः) The female of the curlew. म. श्री to go croak edly, affix वच्.  
 श्रीदारु m. (-यः) A name of KARTIKEYA. म. श्री the name of a mountain; also of an Asur, and दारु the tearer or destroyer.  
 श्रीपाद m. (-यः) 1. Long pepper. 2. The fibres of the stalk of the lotus. 3. An esculent root, commonly Ghenchu. 4. An aquatic plant commonly Chinchata. म. श्री the heron, and वच् eating.  
 श्रीशिरस m. (-यः) A name of KARTIKEYA. म. श्री the Asur, and शिरस an enemy.  
 श्रीशिरस m. (-यः) 1. The deity KARTIKEYA. 2. The hero and Avata PARASURAMA. म. श्री the Asur or the mountain, and शिरस a foe PARASURAMA is said to have made with his arrows a pass or defile through the Krauncha mountain.  
 श्रीय n. (-यः) Cruelty, fierceness, passion. म. श्री cruel. &c. वच् aff.  
 श्रीमयित m. (-यः) One who goes a hundred Kos, or leagues. म. श्री a Kos, वच् a hundred, and वच् aff.  
 श्री (य) r. 1st. cl. (श्रीयति) To kill or hurt.  
 श्री r. 1st. cl. (श्रीयते) or (य) श्री (श्रीयते) 1. To be confused, to grieve. 2. To confound; also श्री (श्रीयते) 1. To call. 2. To shed tears.  
 श्री r. 10th cl. (श्रीयति) To speak, to speak barbarously.  
 श्री (य, म, य, वर) श्री r. 4th cl. (श्रीयति) To be fatigued, to be weary or exhausted.  
 श्री m. (-यः) Fatigue, weariness, exhaustion. म. श्री to be weary, affix वच्.  
 श्रीमय m. (-यः) Fatigue, exhaustion. म. श्री to be weary, Unadi affix वच्.  
 श्रीमय n. (-यः) Exhaustion, languor fatigue. म. श्रीमय, and वच् affix; also with वच्, श्रीमय.  
 श्रीमय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Weary, exhausted. म. श्री, and वच् aff.  
 श्री r. 1st. cl. (श्रीयते) To fear, to be afraid: श्री is usually prefixed in this sense.  
 श्री mfn. (-यः-ता-य) 1. Wearied. 2. Depressed in spirits or exhausted. म. श्री to be weary, वच् aff.  
 श्रीमय mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Low spirited, languid, melancholy. म. श्री, and मय the mind.  
 श्री f. (-यः) Fatigue, weariness. म. श्री to be weary, श्री aff.  
 श्रीमयित mfn. (-यः-यः-य) Relieving fatigue, refreshing, invigorating. म. श्री, and श्री what cuts.  
 श्रीमयित m. (-यः) Refreshing, restoring, removing fatigue. म. श्री, and श्री cutting.  
 श्री (य) श्री r. 1st. cl. (श्रीयते-ति) To bewail, to lament, to weep. (य, वर) श्री र. 4th cl. (श्रीयति) To be or become wet, damp, &c.  
 श्री mfn. (-यः-या-य) Wet, moistened. म. श्री to be or become wet, irr. participle.  
 श्रीमय m. (-यः) Excess of the lachrymal discharge, watering of the eyes. म. श्री, and वच् the eyelid.  
 श्रीमय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Blear-eyed. म. श्री wet, and वच् the eye.  
 श्री (य) श्री r. 4th cl. (श्रीयते) 1. To suffer distress. 2. To inflict or cause distress; (य, श्री) श्री r. 9th cl. (श्रीयति) 1. To oppose. 2. To afflict, to distress.  
 श्रीमय mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Distress, afflicted, wearied. म. श्री to be distressed, &c. affix वच् with वट inserted; also without वट, श्री. [वट aff.  
 श्रीमय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Suffering pain or distress. म. श्री, and

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-टः टा-ट) 1. Distrest, afflicted, &c. 2. Inconsistent, contradictory. **अ** द्विष्ट् to be distrest, &c. **अ** द्विष्ट्, deriv. irr.

**द्विष्टि** f. (-टिः) 1. Calamity, distress. 2. Service. **अ** द्विष्ट् to afflict, द्विष्ट् **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्टक** n. (-कः) Liquorice, (*Glycyrrhiza glabra*) **अ** द्विष्ट् to be weak, **अ** द्विष्ट्, **अ** being dropped; द्विष्ट् weakness, **अ** द्विष्ट् to remove, and **अ** dropped by affixing **अ**.

**द्विष्टक** f. (-कः) The indigo plant, (*Indigofera Indica*) **अ** द्विष्टक traffic, **अ** द्विष्टक pleonastic, the fern: form; **अ** is changed to **अ**.

**द्विष्ट** (अ) द्विष्ट .. 1st. cl. (द्विष्टते) 1. To be impotent. 2. To be timorous, to be modest or unassuming.

**द्विष्ट** (अ) द्विष्ट r. 1st. cl. (द्विष्टते) 1. To be impotent. 2. To be timid or modest.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-टः टा-ट) 1. Weak, impotent. 2. Idle, slothful. mn. (-टः-ट) 1. The neuter gender. 2. A eunuch. **अ** द्विष्ट् to be weak or timid, **अ** द्विष्ट्; also read द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** n. (-टः) 1. Wetness, dampness, moisture, &c. 2. Running, discharge from a sore. **अ** द्विष्ट् to be wet, **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Wetting, moistening, making wet or moist, m. (-कः) Phlegm in the stomach, excess of saliva. **अ** द्विष्ट् to be wet, causal form, **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-टः) The moon. **अ** द्विष्ट् to be damp, **अ** द्विष्ट् Unadi aff.

**द्विष्ट** n. (-कः) 1. Wetting, moistening. 2. Oozing, trickling. m. (-कः) Phlegm, the phlegmatic or watery humor. **अ** द्विष्ट् to be moist, **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-टः) 1. The moon. 2. Complication of disorders. **अ** द्विष्ट् to be wet or damp, **अ** द्विष्ट् Unadi aff.

**द्विष्ट** r. 1st. cl. (द्विष्टते) 1. To speak articulately, 2. To distress. 3. To impede or obstruct. 4. To kill, to strike

**द्विष्ट** m. (-टः) 1. Pain, affliction or distress. 2. Pain from disease, anguish. Worldly occupation, care, trouble. 4. Wrath, anger. **अ** द्विष्ट् to suffer or inflict pain, **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Giving pain, annoying, afflicting. **अ** द्विष्ट्, and **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** n. (-कः) Termination of distress, especially of worldly cares, passions, &c. **अ** द्विष्ट्, and **अ** द्विष्ट् destruction.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Consolatory, consoling. 2. Palliative, allaying pain. m. (-कः) A son. **अ** द्विष्ट्, and **अ** द्विष्ट् what removes.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) Pained, distressed, afflicted. **अ** द्विष्ट् to suffer pain, **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** n. (-कः) Wine, spirituous liquor. **अ** द्विष्टक liquorice, **अ** द्विष्ट्; a fermented liquor being prepared from this root.

**द्विष्ट** n. (-कः) 1. Absence of virility, impotence. 2. The neuter gender. 3. Unmanliness, cowardice, &c. **अ** द्विष्ट् and **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** n. (-कः) The bladder. **अ** द्विष्ट् to go, **अ** द्विष्ट् affix; also with a final vowel; द्विष्ट् n. (-कः).

**द्विष्ट** ind. Where, in what place or degree.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-कः) A sort of Panick: see **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** ind. Somewhere.

**द्विष्ट** r. 1st. cl. (द्विष्टते) To sound.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-कः) 1. The sound or tone of any musical instrument 2. Sound in general. **अ** द्विष्ट् to sound, **अ** द्विष्ट् affix; also **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Sounding. **अ** द्विष्ट्, and **अ** द्विष्ट् aff.

**द्विष्ट** n. (-कः) The sound of any musical instrument. m. (-कः) A small earthen pot or boiler. **अ** द्विष्ट् to sound, **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Sounded, twanged, **अ** द्विष्ट् to sound, **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Of or belonging to where or what place **अ** द्विष्ट् added to **अ**.

**द्विष्ट** r. 1st. cl. (द्विष्टते) To decoct, to boil, to prepare by heat, to digest.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-कः) Boiling, decocting. **अ** द्विष्ट् to boil, **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Boiled, decocted, stewed, digested. **अ** द्विष्ट् to decoct, &c. **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-कः) The sound of musical instruments. **अ** द्विष्ट् to sound, **अ** द्विष्ट्; see **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-कः) 1. A decoction, any solution or infusion prepared with a continued and gentle heat. 2. Pain, sorrow. 3. Calamity, distress. 4. The mixture of the materials for a decoction. **अ** द्विष्ट् to decoct, **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** n. (-कः) Blue vitriol used as a collyrium. **अ** द्विष्ट् and **अ** द्विष्ट् produced.

**द्विष्ट** r. 1st. cl. (द्विष्टते) To shake or move.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-कः) 1. A destruction of the world. 2. A demon, a goblin. 3. The third incarnation of Vishnu, the Narasinha Avatar. 4. Lightning. 5. A field. 6. A peasant, a husbandman. 7. Loss, disappearance, **अ** द्विष्ट् or **अ** द्विष्ट् to waste, &c. **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** (न, क) r. 1st. cl. (द्विष्टते) 1. To go or approach. 2. To give. (र, व, क) **अ** द्विष्ट् r. 1st. cl. (द्विष्टते) 1. To go. 2. To give. r. 1st. and 10th cl. (र) **अ** द्विष्ट् (द्विष्टति, द्विष्टयति) To live in distress, to live in pain or want.

**द्विष्ट** (उ) **अ** द्विष्ट् r. 8th cl. (द्विष्टति, द्विष्टते) To kill, to injure.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-कः) 1. A measure of time equal to thirty Kalas or four minutes. 2. A moment. 3. A festival. 4. Vacation from work, state of being unemployed. 5. Leisure, opportunity. 6. A certain day of the fortnight, as the full, change, &c. see **अ** द्विष्ट् 7. Dependence, servitude. 8. The centre, the middle. n. adv. (-कः) For a moment. **अ** द्विष्ट् to injure, affix **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-कः) A short delay. **अ** द्विष्ट्, and **अ** द्विष्ट् throwing (away.)

**द्विष्ट** m. (-कः) A wound or sore. **अ** द्विष्ट् to hurt, **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-कः) An astrologer. n. (-कः) Water. f. (-कः) 1. Night. 2. Turmeric. **अ** द्विष्ट् leisure, a moment, &c. and **अ** द्विष्ट् who gives.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Nocturnal, nightwalker. mf. (-कः-की) A fiend, a goblin, **अ** द्विष्ट् night, and **अ** द्विष्ट् who or what goes.

**द्विष्ट** n. (-कः) Night blindness, nyctalopsia. **अ** द्विष्ट्, and **अ** द्विष्ट् blindness.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Momentarily visible, seen for an instant. **अ** द्विष्ट्, and **अ** द्विष्ट् seen.

**द्विष्ट** f. (-कः) Lightning. **अ** द्विष्ट्, and **अ** द्विष्ट् Light.

**द्विष्ट** n. (-कः) Killing, slaughter. **अ** द्विष्ट् to hurt, to kill, **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-कः) A porpoise, the Gangetic porpoise. **अ** द्विष्ट् a moment and **अ** द्विष्ट् breath, breathing.

**द्विष्ट** f. (-कः) Lightning. **अ** द्विष्ट् and **अ** द्विष्ट् manifest.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Gleaming, flashing. f. (कः) Lightning, **अ** द्विष्ट् a moment, and **अ** द्विष्ट् light.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Transient, frail, perishable. **अ** द्विष्ट्, and **अ** द्विष्ट् breaking.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Momentary, short-lived. **अ** द्विष्ट् and **अ** द्विष्ट् been.

**द्विष्ट** adv. n. (-कः) Momentary, but for a moment. **अ** द्विष्ट्, and **अ** द्विष्ट् only.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-कः) A pigeon. **अ** द्विष्ट् a moment, and **अ** द्विष्ट् to play, **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Transient, frail. **अ** द्विष्ट् and **अ** द्विष्ट् what is destroyed.

**द्विष्ट** adv. n. (-कः) A minute afterwards, the next moment. **अ** द्विष्ट्, and **अ** द्विष्ट् interval.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Momentary, transient. f. (-कः) Lightning. **अ** द्विष्ट् a moment, **अ** द्विष्ट् or **अ** द्विष्ट्.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Momentary, transient. f. (-कः) Night. **अ** द्विष्ट्, **अ** द्विष्ट् and **अ** द्विष्ट् affs.

**द्विष्ट** mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Hit, hurt, wounded, &c. 2. Broken, torn, rent. 3. Trodden or broken down. 4. Impaired, diminished. 5. Destroyed. n. (-कः) A wound, sore, a hurt. **अ** द्विष्ट् to hurt, **अ** द्विष्ट्; deriv. irr.

**द्विष्ट** m. (-कः) The name of a plant, (*Conyza lacera*) f. (-कः) Leaf, the

Animal: dya. ३. चत & wound, and च what destroys or removes, from च् to kill, affix डच्, fem. affix जीच्.  
 चतन n. (-च) 1. Blood. 2. Pus, matter. ३. चत a wound, and च produced.  
 चतनेज् mfn. (-जा-जा-जः) Dimmed, obscured, (as light or power.) ३. चत and तेजस् splendour.  
 चतविचल mfn. (-ता-ता-तः) Mangled, wounded. ३. चत and विचल wounded.  
 चतविधं सिन् m. (-वी) A sort of potherb, (Convolvulus argenteus :) see उदहार. ३. चत a wound &c. दुस्ति to attack, with वि prefix, and चिनि aff.  
 चतवृत्ति f. (-विः) Destitution, being without the means of support, living on what one can get. ३. चत and वृत्ति maintenance.  
 चतव्रत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) A violator of a vow or religious engagement. ३. चत broken, and व्रत a religious obligation,  
 चतवर n. (-र) Agallochum or aloe wood : see चतुर्. ३. चत a wound, and चर what removes.  
 चतारि mfn. (-रि-रि-रि) Victorious, triumphant. ३. चत struck, and चरि a foe.  
 चति f. (-विः) A wound. ३. चच् to hurt, जिच् aff.  
 चतौजस् mfn. (-जा-जा-जः) Weakened, reduced, impaired. ३. चत, and चौजस् strength.  
 चतृ mfn. (-ता-वी-चु) Occupied, engaged in work, m. (-ता) 1. A charioteer, a coachman. 2. A doorkeeper, a porter. 3. The son of a Sudra by Kshetriya woman, whose employment is catching animals that live in holes. 4. The son of a female slave. 5. A name of BRAHMA. 6. The son of a Sudra man and Vaisya woman. ३. चद a Sautra root, to screen or defend, to join or mix, Unadi affix डच्.  
 चम m. (-चः) A man of the second or military and regal class. n. (-च) The body. ३. चद Sautra root, to divide or eat, Unadi affix च; this word and its derivatives are commonly, for the sake of convenience, written with one त, चच.  
 चमचर्च m. (-चः) The duty of a Kshetriya, bravery, military conduct. ३. चच् and चर्च duty.  
 चमचर्चातुन mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Following or observing the duty of a soldier. ३. चमचर्च, and चतुन who follows.  
 चमचवन् mfn. (-चु-चु-चु or -चु-चु) 1. A mere Kshetriya, a certain Kshetriya. 2. A Kshetriya, one of the military tribe : see चमचवन्.  
 चमिन् m. (-वी) A man of the military class. ३. चच् and चिनि aff.  
 चमिय mf. (-यः-या or -या-वी) A man or woman of the second or military tribe. f. (-वी) The wife of a Kshetriya. ३. चच, affix च, fem. टाच् or जीच्, in one form, with चातुस् inserted.  
 चमियजाति f. (-तिः) The military tribe or caste. ३. चमिय, and जाति caste.  
 चमियधर्म m. (-धर्मः) The duty or occupation of the warrior tribe, war, government, &c. ३. चमिय, and धर्म duty.  
 चमियप्रभ mfn. (-यः-या-च) Full of or abounding with the military tribe. ३. चमिय, and प्रभ most.  
 चद Sautra r. 1st ol. (चदति) 1. To eat. 2. To pull to pieces, to divide.  
 चदन् mfn. (-चच्-चची-चत्) 1. Eating. 2. Dividing, tearing. ३. चद to eat, &c. v. चद aff.  
 चदन n. (-च) 1. Eating. 2. Tearing, dividing. ३. चद to eat, चद aff.  
 चदन् mfn. (-चच्-चचा-च) To be endured, to be suffered or submitted to patiently. ३. चच् to bear, and तच् aff.  
 चदु mfn. (-चा-ची-चु) Patient, resigned. ३. चच् to bear, to be patient, &c. डच् aff.  
 चद र. 10th ol. (चदति) 1. To send, to throw, to cast, to direct, &c. 2. To bear patiently. (च) चदि r. 1st and 10th ols. (चदति, चदयति) 1. To bear patiently, to endure. 2. To compassionate. 3. To shine.  
 चदन् mfn. (-चच्-चचा-च) Shameless, impudent. n. (-च) Defilement, impurity. ३. चच् to throw away (shame), affix च् डच्.

चदच m. (-चः) 1. A Bud'dha. 2. A Bud'dha mendicant. 3. A Jain mendicant. ३. चच् added to the preceding.  
 चदवी f. (-वी) 1. An oar. 2. A net : see चदवि.  
 चदच् m. (-चुः) Offence, transgression. ३. चच् to bear, चच् aff.  
 चदचन् mfn. (-चच्-चची-चत्) 1. Bearing patiently, enduring. 2. Casting sending. ३. चच् to send, चद aff.  
 चपा f. (-पा) Night. ३. चच् to send or reject, च affix, and टाच् fem. do.  
 चपाचर m. (-रः) The moon. ३. चपा night, and चर who makes.  
 चपाचन m. (-नः) A dark cloud or clouds of night. ३. चपा, and चन cloud.  
 चपाचर m. (-रः) A fiend, a goblin. ३. चपा, and चर who goes.  
 चपाट m. (-टः) A Rakshasa, an imp or goblin. ३. चपा night, and चट who goes.  
 चपानाच m. (-चः) The moon. ३. चपा, and नाच lord.  
 चपान m. (-चाः) Dawn, day-break. ३. चपा, and चन end.  
 चपाच n. (-च) A day and night. ३. चपा, and चच् a day.  
 चपित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Submitted to, borne, endured. 2. Sent, cast, directed. ३. चच्, and च aff.  
 चन (च, च, जि) चिचतुव r. 1st ol. (चनते) To bear or endure. (च, चर, च चरचतुव r. 4th. ol. (चाचति) To bear or endure.  
 चन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Patient, resigned, enduring. 2. Refraining from, forbearing. 3. Able, adequate. 4. Benevolent, friendly. 5. Fit, appropriate, suitable, proper. f. (-ना) 1. Patience. 2. The earth. 3. Night. 4. A name of DURGA. n. (न) Propriety, fitness. ३. चन as above, affix चच्.  
 चनान्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Patient, enduring. 2. Forgiving. ३. चना, and चनित possessed of.  
 चनाचर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Patient, forbearing. ३. चना, पर practising.  
 चनातुज mfn. (-जः) Patient. m. (-जु) A king, a prince. ३. चना, the earth, &c. and तुज who possesses.  
 चनातुज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) Patient, enduring, ३. चना, and तुज joined with.  
 चनाचन् mfn. (-चाच्-चची-चत्) Patient, enduring. ३. चना, and चतुच् aff.  
 चनित mfn. (-ता-वी-च) Patient, enduring. ३. चच् to bear, affix डच्.  
 चनिन् mfn. (-नी-मिनी-मि) 1. Patient. 2. Capable, able. ३. चच् to bear, चितुच् aff.  
 चय m. (-यः) 1. Loss, waste, destruction, removal, &c. 2. A destruction of the universe. 3. Consumption, Phthisis pulmonalia. 4. A house, an abode. 5. Sickness in general. 6. Decay, wasting away. 7. In algebra, negative quantity, minus. ३. चि to waste or destroy, affix चच्.  
 चयकर mfn. (-रः-री-रः) 1. Destroying, terminating. Liberating from existence. ३. चय, and चर who makes.  
 चयकाच m. (-चः) The end of all things, the period of destruction. ३. चय, and काच time. [cough.  
 चयकाच m. (-चः) A consumptive or phthisical cough. ३. चय, and काच  
 चयचु m. (-चुः) Cough, consumption. ३. चि to waste, चतुच् affix ; some copies read this चयच्, ड्. v.  
 चयनाग्रिणी f. (-नी) A plant, (Celtis Orientalis :) see जीवनी. ३. चय consumption, and नाग्रिणी what removes.  
 चयच m. (-चः) The dark fortnight, that of the moon's wane, ३. चय and चच half month.  
 चयचातु m. (-युः) The wind that is to blow at the end of the world. ३. चय, and चातु wind.  
 चयतुति f. ( चिः) Necessity or opportunity of destroying. ३. चय, and तुज, fitness ; also चययोग.  
 चयरोज m. (-जः) Consumption. ३. चय, and रोज disease.  
 चयरोजिन् m. (-जः) Consumption. ३. चयरोजिन् and ज affix ; also with तच्, चयरोजिता.  
 चयरोजिन् mfn. (-नी-मिनी-मि) Consumptive, hectic. ३. चय, and रोजि- diseased.



व्ययसम्पद f. (-न् or -द्) Total loss, ruin, destruction. ३. चय, and सम्पद increase.

व्ययन्-मfn. (-यी-विधी-यि) 1. Wasting, decaying. 3. Consumptive, ३. चय, and वयि aff.

व्ययिन् mfn. (-युः-युः-यु) Wasting, decaying perishing. ३. चि to perish, इयुच् aff.

चर r. 1st. cl. (चरति) 1. To drop or let fall. 2. To distil, to ooze, to trickle. With सं, To flow. With चा, r. of the 10th cl. (चाचारयति) To accuse, to abuse.

चर m. (-रः) 1. A cloud. 2. Trickling oozing. n. (-रः) Water. ३. चर् to drop, and चच् aff.

चरुज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced by distillation, &c. ३. चर, and ज born; also चरेज.

चरच n. (-च) 1. Trickling, running. 3. Distilling, dropping, ३. चर and चट् aff.

चरत् mfn. (-रन्-रन्-रन्) Trickling, oozing, running ३. चर् to trickle चट् aff.

चरपचा f. (-चा) The Dronapushpa plant.

चरमाव mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Mutable, dissoluble. ३. चर flowing, भाव property.

चरित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Oozed, trickling, dropped, flowing, liquified. ३. चर, and ऋ aff.

चरिन् mfn. (-री-रि-रि) Dropping, flowing, trickling. m. (-री) The rainy season. ३. चर water, and इति aff.

चरेज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced by distilling, &c. ३. चर in the seventh case, and ज born.

चल r. 1st cl. (चलति) 1. To shake. 2. To move, (some consider this as interchangeable with चर.) r. 10th cl. (चाचरति) To purify, to cleanse or make clean.

चव m. (-वः) 1. Sneezing. 2. Cough, catarrh 2. A species of Mustard (Sinapis dichotoma, Rox.) ३. चु to sneeze, affix चच्.

चवक्तृ mfn. (-न्) Sneezing, coughing. ३. चव, and क्तृ who makes.

चविका f. (-का) 1. A kind of rice. 2. A woman.

चवयु m. (-युः) 1. Cough, catarrh. 2. Sneezing. 3. Irritation of the throat, sore throat. ३. चु to sneeze, &c. चयुच् aff.

चाच mfn. (-चः-चो-च) Belonging or relating to the military tribe. ३. चच्, and चच् aff.

चाच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Patient, enduring. ३. चच् to bear, affix ऋ.

चाचि f. (-चिः) Patience, forbearance, endurance. ३. चच् to be patient, affix ऋ.

चाचु mfn. (-चुः-चुः-चु) Patient, enduring. ३. चच् to bear, Unadi affix तुन् the vowel is made long.

चाच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Slender, slim, emaciated. 2. Weak, infirm. ३. चे to waste, affix ऋ, form irr.

चाचता f. (-ता) 1. Slenderness. 2. Thinness, emaciation, 3. Debility. ३. चाच, and तच् affix : also with ल, चाचल.

चाचाल n. (-च) Improper regimen, diet. &c. Contra-indicated in disease. ३. चाच debilitating, and चाच to be eaten.

चार m. (-रः) 1. Glass. 2. Juice, essence. 3. Molasses, treacle. 4. Salt. 5. Ashes. 5. A rogue, a cheat. 7. Borax, borate of soda. 8. Alkali, either soda or potash. 9. Caustic Alkali, one species of cantery. n. (-रः) A factitious or medicinal salt, commonly black salt : see कृष्ण-लवण. ३. चर् to prop, or distil, affix चच्.

चारक m. (-कः) 1. A blossom, a new blown flower. 2. A cage or basket for birds or fish. 3. A washerman. 4. Juice, essence, ३. चर् to fall or drop, affix चच्.

चारकमन् n. (-मन्) Applying caustic alkali (lapis infernalis) to proud flesh, &c. ३. चार, and मन्च् act.

चारच nm. (-चः-चः) Accusing, calumniating. n. (-चः) 1. Distilling. 2. Converting to alkali or ashes. ३. चार् to drop, causal form, चट् aff.

चारच f. (-चा) A potherb. [चारचक]  
चारच m. (-चः) A tree, commonly Ghantaparali; see चण्डापादवि; also

चारपथ n. (-थः) A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) ३. चार juice, and चण्डापाद a leaf; also चारपथक.

चारचक m. (-चः) A shrub, (Achyranthes aspera:) also चण्डापाद. ३. चार. alkali; and लवण middle; its alkaline ashes make it useful in washing clothes.

चारचनिका f. (-का) Saline soil, especially an impure sulphate of soda. ३. चार salt, and चनिका earth.

चारच m. (-चः) A salt or alkaline flavour. ३. चार, and चण्डापाद flavour.

चारच m. (-चः) Any tree yielding abundant potash, as the plantain, &c. ३. चार, and चण्डापाद a tree.

चारचट्क n. (-ट्क) Six kinds of trees distinguished by their juice, as the Butea frondosa, Grisea tomentosa, Achyranthes aspera, Cowash, Ghantaparali, Coraya. ३. चार, and चट्क six.

चारच n. (-चः) Sea-salt. ३. चार salt, and चण्डापाद clear, pure.

चारिका f. (-का) Hunger.

चारित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Guilty. 2. Calumniated, falsely accused, specially of adultery. 3. Accused of crime. 4. Distilled from saline matter, strained through alkaline ashes, &c. ३. चर् to go or fall, in the causal form, affix ऋ.

चाचन n. (-नः) Washing, sprinkling, cleaning with water. ३. चाच् to wash, affix चट्.

चाचनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be washed, to be cleaned with water. चल्, and चनीयर् affix; also with तच् and यच् चाचित्य and चाच्य.

चाचयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Washing, sprinkling, ३. चल् to wash चट् aff.

चाचित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Cleared, cleaned, washed. ३. चाच् to cleanse, affix ऋ.

चि r. 1st cl. (चयति-ते) 1. To wane or decrease. 2. To diminish, to disappear, to waste, to perish. 3. To rule or possess with unlimited power. r. 5th cl. (चियेति) To hurt or injure, to wound or kill. r. 6th cl. (चियति) 1. To dwell. 2. To go or approach. (च) चिच r. 9th cl. (चियति) To injure or kill.

चि f. (-चिः) Residence, abode. 2. Going, moving. 3. Waste, loss, destruction. ३. चि to decrease, &c. चि aff. [जु, to kill.

चिच (च) चिच r. 8th cl. (चियेति or चियुते or चियेति-युते) To hurt, to injure mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Wasted, decayed. 2. Poor, miserable. ३. चि to waste, affix ऋ; also चीच.

चिति f. (-चिः) 1. The earth. 2. An abode, a dwelling, a house. 3. Loss, destruction, wane. 4. The period of the destruction of the universe. 5. A perfume, commonly called Roohana. ३. चि to waste, to dwell, &c. चिच् aff.

चितिकच m. (-चः-च) ust. ३. चिति the earth, and चण्डापाद a particle.

चितिचन m. (-चः) A tree, (Mimosa khayar.) ३. चिति, and चन able.

चितिचित् m. (-न्) A king, a prince. ३. चिति, and चि to dwell, affix ऋ.

चितिचल m. (-चः) A clod or lump of earth. ३. चिति, and चल् earth.

चितिज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Earth-born, produced of or in the earth. m. (-जः) 1. Mars. 2. The demon NABAKA. 3. An earthworm. f. (-जा) SITA. ३. चिति, and ज born.

चितिचन m. (-चः) An earth-worm. ३. चिति, and चन animal.

चितिचन n. (-चः) 1. The region below the earth. 2. The surface of the earth. ३. चिति, and तच् beneath.

चितिचर m. (-रः) A mountain. ३. चिति the earth, and चर what holds.

चितिचारिन् mfn. (-री-रि-रि) Carrying soil or earth. ३. चिति, and चारिन् bearing.

चितिचन m. (-चः) An earth-worm. ३. चिति, and चन a serpent.

चितिच m. (-चः) A king. ३. चिति, and च who protects; also चितियाच.

चितिच m. (-चिः) king, a sovereign. ३. चिति, and चि lord.

चितिच m. (-चः) A king, a prince. ३. चिति, and चण्डापाद who protects.

चितिचि n. (-चि) The surface of the earth. ३. चिति, and चि a stool.

चितिचि mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Dwelling on the earth. ३. चिति, and चिच established.

चितिषत् m. (-चत्) 1. A prince, a king. 2. A mountain. z. चिति, and चत् who nourishes.

चितिलम्बक n. (-कः) The earth, the globe. z. चिति, and लम्बक circle.

चितिषत् m. (-चत्) A tree. z. चिति the earth, and चत् what mounts.

चितिषत् m. (-चत्) A corpse. z. चिति the earth, and चत् what increases.

चितिषत् m. (-चत्) 1. A name of the demon NARAKA, also of 2 Mara. z. चिति and चत् a son.

चितिषत् m. (-चत्) A king. z. चिति, and चत् a prince.

चितिषत् m. (-चत्) A king. z. चिति and चत् a king.

चितिषत् f. (-तिः) The mother of KRISHNA. z. चिति the earth, and चिति the mother of the gods; the terrestrial parent of divinity.

चितिषत् m. (-चत्) Air, wind. z. चि to go, Unadi affix, कृप्, त inserted.

चिति r. 1st cl. (चिदि) To utter an inarticulate sound, to moan as in grief.

चिति (ची) चीचित् r. 4th cl. (चिचिति) (च, चा) चीचित् r. 6th cl. (चिचिति-ने) To throw or cast, to direct or send. With चि, prefixed, To abuse, to censure or reproach. With चत्, To throw down. With चाङ् 1. To attract. 2. To ridicule. With चत्, To raise up, &c. With चि, To place, to deposit. With चत्, To throw far or violently. With चि To scatter, to disperse. with चि and चि, To deliver over, to resign, to leave. With चत् and चाङ् To remove, to send away. With चत्, 1. To abridge, to compress or contract. 2. To disappear.

चिति m. (-चत्) 1. Throwing, casting. 2. Reviling. 3. One who throws, &c. f. (-चत्) 1. Sending, casting, throwing, &c. 2. Night see चपा z. चिप् to throw, affix क.

चिति m. (-चत्) A warrior, a fighter. z. चिप् throwing or directing, (darts, &c.) क Unadi aff.

चितिषत् n. (-चत्) 1. Sending, dismissing, throwing, casting, &c. 2. Reviling, abusing. z. चिप् to throw, &c. affix कट् the radical vowel unchanged.

चितिषत् m. (-चिः) A missile weapon f. (-चिः-ची) An oar. z. चिप् to throw to cast, Unadi affix चि, and the radical vowel unchanged.

चितिषत् m. (-चुः) Air, wind. z. चिप् to throw or send, to waft, Unadi affix चत्.

चितिषत् mfn. (-चुः-चुः-चुः) 1. fragrant, sweet-smelling. 2. Diffusive, what may be sent or scattered. m. (-चुः) 1. The body. 2. Spring, the season of spring. z. चिप् to send, &c. कच्युन् Unadi affix.

चितिषत् mfn. (-चत्-चत्-चत्) 1. Throwing, casting. 2. Abusing, reproaching z. चिप् to throw, affix कट्.

चिति mfn. (-चुः-चुः-चुः) Obstructive, throwing obstacles in the way; also चिप्चु z. चिप् to cast, &c. क् aff.

चिति mfn. (-चत्-चा-चत्) 1. Thrown, cast. 2. Sent, despatched 3. Dismissed. f. (-चा) Night; also चिपा and चपा z. चिप् to throw, &c. affix क.

चितिषत् mfn. (-चत्-चा-चत्) Prostrate, lying down. z. चित्, and चि the body.

चिति f. (-चिः) 1. Throwing. 2. Sending, ordering. 3. Solving a riddle, explaining or understanding a hidden meaning. z. चिप् to throw, [send, कट् aff.

चितिषत् mfn. (-चत्-चत्-चत्) 1. Throwing. 2. Sending. z. चिप् 4th cl. to चिचत् mfn. (-चत्-चा-चत्) 1. Tossing, throwing 2. Casting aside, throwing off. 3. Sending, directing. z. चिप् and चान् aff.

चिति mfn. (-चत्-चा-चत्) Quickly, speedily, quick, swift. adv. n. (-चत्) Quickly. z. चिप् to send or despatch, Unadi affix कट्.

चितिषत् m. (-ची) A kind of tree, (Hibiscus populneoides) see चिचत् z. चित् quick, and चित् what ripens.

चिति f. (-चा) Loss, waste, destruction. z. चि to waste, च् and टाप् affix- & substituted for the penultimate.

चिति (च) चित् r. 4th cl. (चिचिति) To eject from the mouth, to vomit.

ची r. 1st cl. (चिचिति-ने) To hurt or injure.

ची r. 1st cl. (चिचिति) To sound inarticulately, to sigh or groan as in distress.

चीज n. (-जः) The whistling of hollow reeds or bamboos. z. चीज् sound inarticulately, affix कट्.

चीज mfn. (-चत्-चा-चत्) 1. Thin, emaciated, feeble. 2. Thin, slender. Wasted, diminished, worn away, expended. 4. Destroyed, lost.

Injured, broken, torn. 6. Subdued, suppressed. 7. Poor, miserable z. चि to waste, affix क, deriv. irr.

चीजता f. (-ता) 1. slenderness, delicacy. 2. Thinness, emaciation. Diminution, decay. z. तच् added to the last; also with त्, चीजत्

चीजपाप mfn. (-चत्-चा-चत्) Purified, having suffered the consequences sin. z. चीज, and पाप sin.

चीजपुत्र mfn. (-चत्-चा-चत्) 1. Abandoned. 2. Having enjoyed the fruit of virtue, and being doomed by another birth to labour for more z. चीज, and पुत्र virtue.

चीजन्म mfn. (-चत्-चा-चत्) Slender-waisted. z. चीज, and मध्य middle.

चीजत् mfn. (-चत्-चा-चत्) Wasted, decayed. z. चि to waste, an कच्युन् aff.

चीजवादिन् mfn. (-ची-चिनी चि) Inhabiting a destructible house. m. (-चि) A dove or pigeon. z. चीज, and वादिन् abiding.

चीजविक्रान्त mfn. (-चत्-चा-चत्) Cowed, deprived of courage or prowess z. चीज, and विक्रान्त valiant.

चीजवृत्ति mfn. (-चिः-चिः-चिः) Out of employ. out of bread, having no maintenance. z. चीज lost, and वृत्ति practice.

चीजवृत्ति mfn. (-चिः-चिः-चिः) Weak, feeble, impotent. z. चीज, and वृत्ति vigour.

चीजवृत्ति m. (-ची) A Buddha.

चीजवृत्ति m. (-ची) A Jina, an inspired teacher according to the Jainas. z. चीज, and चत्चत् eight natural acts.

चीज (च) चीज् r. 1st cl. (चीजते) To be intoxicated, (literally or metaphorically.)

चीज mfn. (-चत्-चा-चत्) Drunk, intoxicated. z. चीज् to be drunk, affix क deriv. irr.

चीजता f. (-ता) Intoxication. z. तच् added to the last; also with त्, चीजत्

चीजनाश mfn. (-चत्-चा-चत्) Perishing, wasting away. z. चि to perish कच्युन् aff.

चीर n. (-रः) 1. Water. 2. Milk. f. (-री) A small shrub (Asclepias rosea; also दुग्धिका. 2. A tree, a species of Mimosa, (M. kauki, Rox) also

चीरिका. 3. Gigantic swallow-wort. 4. Euphorbia; several kinds, particularly, E. hirta. E. thymifolia, and E. chamaesyce. z. चत् to eat, ईरन् Unadi affix; the fem. nouns are derived from चीर milk.

the plants yielding a milky juice or sap, upon expression or incision.

चीरक m. (-कः) An infant, a young child. f. चीर milk, and कट् throat; also with क् added चीरकक.

चीरक f. (-कः) A kind of potherb, black Bhuiansonra, (Convolvulus paniculatus.) z. चीर water, and कट् root; having a watery root.

चीरकाकीक्षा f. (-का) A drug, and one of the eight principal medicines of the Hindus; it is a root from the Himalaya. z. चीर milk, and काकीक्षा a drug, क् added; yielding, when fresh, a milky juice; also चीरकाकीक्षा.

चीरकाकीक्षा f. (-की) See the preceding.

चीरकीट m. (-टः) An insect or animalcule generated by the fermentation of milk. z. चीर milk, and कीट a worm.

चीरज n. (-जः) Coagulated or curdled milk. z. चीर milk, and ज produced.

चीरज mfn. (-चत्-चा-चत्) What gives or yields milk. z. चीर, and ज what gives.

चीरज m. (-चत्) Gigantic swallow-wort. z. चीर milk, and ज leaf; the leaves, &c. yielding, on expression or incision, a milky juice.

चीरनीर n. (-रः) Embracing, embrace. z. चीर milk, and नीर water; mixing like milk and water.

**चौरप** mfn. (-चः-पा-च) Drinking milk. who or what drinks it. **चौर**, and **प** who drinks.

**चौरपणी** f. (-णी) See **चौरदक्ष**.

**चौरपाय** n. (-च) drinking milk ; also **चौरपान**. m. plu. (-चाः) The name of a people, the milk-drinkers. **चौर**, and **पाय** drink ; in the second sense, **न** is changed always to **च**.

**चौरपायिन्** mfn. (-चि-यि-चि-दि) 1. Drinking milk, sucking, &c. 2. Drinking or imbibing water repeatedly. **चौर**, and **पायिन्** who drinks.

**चौरपायिन्** m. plu. (-यिचः) The people called Usinara, the milk-drinkers. **चौर**, **पा** to drink, **यि** affix, **य** inserted, and **न** final changed to **च**.

**चौरमोचक** m. (-कः) A tree, (*Morunga hyperanthera*.)

**चौरमोच** m. (-चः) A plant, a kind of *Murva* ; see **सूक्ष्म**.

**चौरयष्टिक** n. (-कः) A dish of liquorice and milk. **चौर**, and **यष्टिक** made of liquorice.

**चौरवल्ली** f. (-ली) The dark *Bhuincaonra*, (*Convolvulus paniculatus*) **चौर** water, and **वल्ली** pedicle : see **चौरकन्दा**.

**चौरविक्रिति** f. (-तिः) Inspissated milk. **चौर** milk, and **विक्रिति** change of form.

**चौरविदारिका** f. (-का) The dark *Bhuincaonra* ; also **चौरविदारी**.

**चौरविदारी** f. (-री) The white or black *Bhuincaonra*, (*Convolvulus paniculatus*) : see **भूमिकृष्णच्छक**. **चौर** water, and **विदारी** the same plant.

**चौरह्व** m. (-ह्वः) Glomerous fig tree, (*Ficus glomerata*) ; also **उडुम्बर**. **चौर**, milk, and **ह्व** a tree, the leaves and bark yielding a white milky juice.

**चौरसर** m. (-रः) Cream, the surface or skim of milk. **चौर** milk, and **सर** what goes over or on.

**चौरपद्म** m. (-पद्मः) An aquatic plant, (*Trapa bispinosa*, Rox.) f. (-पद्म) The pale *Bhuincaonra* : see **भूमिकृष्णच्छक**. **चौर** milk, and **पद्म** white ; white as milk, the fruit, &c.

**चौरसार** m. (-रः) Butter. **चौर**, and **सार** essence.

**चौरकटिक** m. (-कः) A precious stone, described as a milky crystal, (opal or cat's eye) **चौर** milk, and **कटिक** crystal.

**चौराद** m. (-दः) An infant at the breast. **चौर**, and **चद** who feeds.

**चौराधि** m. (-धिः) The sea of milk, one of the seven seas surrounding as many worlds. **चौर** milk, and **धि** the ocean.

**चौराधिज** m. (-जः) The moon. f. (-जा) A name of the goddess **LAKSHMI**. n. (-ज) 1. Sea salt. 2. A pearl. **चौराधि** the sea of milk, and **ज** born.

**चौराधितनया** f. (-या) A name of **LAKSHMI** : **चौराधि** the sea of milk, and **तनया** daughter.

**चौराद्वा** m. (-दः) An infant both fed and suckled. **चौर**, and **चद** food, **चद** who eats.

**चौराविका** f. (-का) A sort of *Asclepias* ; see the next.

**चौरावी** f. (-वी) A sort of *Asclepias*, (*A. rosia*, Rox.) ; also **दुग्धिका** **चौर** milk or milky juice, **चद** to contain, affixes **चद**, and **वी**.

**चौराव** m. (-वः) The *Saral*, a kind of pine. **चौर** milk, and **वाव** what is named ; or it may mean that the tree is also named simply **चौर**, that which yields a milky juice or sap.

**चौरिका** f. (-का) 1. A tree bearing an edible fruit, (*Mimusops kauki*, Rox.) 2. A potherb, *Bhuincaonra*, (*Convolvulus paniculatus*.) **चौर** milk, affix **ठक्**.

**चौरिणी** f. (-णी) 1. A milch cow. 2. A tree bearing an edible fruit, (*Mimusops kauki*.) 3. A medicinal kind of the moon plant or acid *Asclepias*. **चौर** milk, and **णि** affix, alluding to its juice, fem. affix **णी**.

**चौरिन्** mfn. (-री-रि-चि-रि) 1. Milky, yielding milk. 2. Having milk. m. (-री) A sort of *Mimusops* ; see **चौरिका**. **चौर** milk, and **णि** aff.

**चौरिनी** f. (-नी) An oblation of milk, rice, and sugar.

**चौरि** m. (-रः) The sea of milk. **चौर** milk, and **चद** water : it, also implies the sea in general.

**चौरिदतनया** f. (-या) A name of **LAKSHMI**. **चौरि** the sea of milk, and **तनया** daughter.

**चौरिदन्धन** m. (-नः) The moon. **चौरि** the ocean in general, and **दन्धन** a son.

**चौर** (च) **चौर** r. 1st cl. (**चौरति**) 1. To spit or sputter, to eject from the mouth. 2. To be drunk : see **चिच**, also **चौर**.

**चौर** mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Drunk, intoxicated. **चौर**, and **क्** affix ; also **चौर**.

**चौरता** f. (-ता) Drunkenness, intoxication. **चौर** added to the last ; also with **ल**, **चौरल** ; also **चौरता**, &c.

**चु** (चु) **चु** r. 2d cl. (**चुति**) To sneeze, to make any such sound.

**चुच** m. (-चः) The soap berry plant, (*Sapindus saponaria*.) **चु** to bruise, **चुच** aff.

**चुच** mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Bruised, pounded. 2. Exercised, practiced, skilful. 3. One versed in sacred science, but described as unable to explain or teach it. 4. Defeated, overcame. **चु** to bruise, &c affix **क्**, form irr.

**चुत्** f. (-चुत्) 1. Sneezing ; also **चुत्**. **चु** to sneeze, affix **चिप्**, **चुत्** is added.

**चुत्** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sneezed, sneezing. mf. (-तः-ता) 1. Sneezing. 2. Cough. **चु** to sneeze, affix **क्**.

**चुत्तवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Sneezing. **चु** to sneeze, **क्वत्** aff.

**चुताभिजन** m. (-नः) Black-mustard. **चुत्** sneezing, and **चभिजन** what produces ; also **चुताभिजन**.

**चुत्तरी** f. (-री) Black-mustard. **चुत्** sneezing, **करी** making.

**चुतुकीपपीडित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Hungry and thirsty. **चुत्** with **हृ** thirst, and **उपपीडित** distressed.

**चुत्पिपासित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Hungry and thirsty, **चुत्**, and **पिपास** thirst, **रत्** aff.

**चुत्प्रतीकार** m. (-रः) Allaying hunger, eating. **चुत्**, and **प्रतीकार** counter-acting.

**चद** (च, रर, चो) **चो** **चदिर** r. 7th cl. (**चदति**, **चदते**) To pound, to bruise, to reduce, to powder.

**चद** mfn. (-दः-द्रा-द) 1. Small, little. 2. Mean, low. 3. Mean, niggardly, avaricious. 4. Cruel. 5. Poor, indigent. f. (-द्रा) 1. A woman maimed or crippled, wanting a limb, &c. 2. A dancing girl. 3. A whore, a harlot. 4. A fly. 5. A bee or wasp. 6. A gnat, &c. 7. A pickly nightshade : see **कच्छकारी**. 8. The egg plant, (*Solanum melongena*.) 9. Sorrel, (*Oxalis monadelphica*.) **चद** to bruise or pound, **Unadi** affix **रक्**.

**चुदकम्** m. (-कम्) A small shell. **चुद** small, and **कम्** a shell.

**चुदचटिका** f. (-का) A tinkling ornament, a girdle of small bells, &c. **चुद** small, **चटिका** a clock or bell, affix **क्वत्**, and the fem. form.

**चुदचू** m. (-चू) A kind of small bird. **चुद** small, and **चू** a crest, small-crested.

**चुदजन्तु** m. (-जन्तु) 1. Any small animal. 2. A kind of worm, (*Julus*.) **चुद** small, and **जन्तु** animal.

**चुदजीर** m. (-रः) Small cummin. **चुद** small, and **जीर** cummin seed.

**चुदता** f. (-ता) 1. Smallness, minuteness. 2. Inferiority, insignificance, meanness. **चुद** added to **चुद** ; also with **ल**, **चुदल**.

**चुदद्विका** f. (-का) A small gadfly. **चुद**, and **द्विका** a gadfly.

**चुदद्वी** f. (-वी) A small gadfly. **चुद**, and **द्वी** a gadfly.

**चुदनासिक** mfn. (-नः-नी-च) Having a little nose. **चुद**, and **नासिका** the nose.

**चुदपत्रा** f. (-पा) Wood-sorrel, (*Oxalis monadelphica*.) **चुद**, and **पत्र** a leaf, small-leaved.

**चुदकचक** m. (-कः) A tree, (*Celtis orientalis*.) see **जीवक**. **चुद**, and **कच** fruit, **क्वत्** added, bearing a small fruit.

**चुदकचा** f. (-चा) A plant. (*Ardisia solanacea*.) **चुद**, and **कच** fruit.

बुद्धि मfn. (-वि-वि-वि) Simple, silly, ignorant. ३. बुद्ध, and बुद्धि under-standing.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) A minor disease, one of little importance. ३. बुद्ध, and रोग disease.

बुद्धिः f. (-ः) A plant (Dioscorea:) see बराहनामा.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) A small shell. ३. बुद्ध, and शृङ्ग a shell.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) A tree, (Celosia cristata.) ३. बुद्ध, and शीर्ष the head, having a small head.

बुद्धिः f. (-ः) A plant, commonly Mugai: see लङ्गपर्वी.

बुद्धिः, जिवा f. (-ः) A prickly nightshade, (Solanum jacquini.) a small species. ३. बुद्ध small, and जिह्वा the plant.

बुद्धिः f. (-ः) See the last.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) Small fly. ३. बुद्ध small, चण्ड an egg, मत्स्य a fish, and सहात a heap.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) A tree, (Artocarpus lacucha:) see लङ्गपर्वी.

बुद्धिः f. (-ः) Wood-sorrel, (Oxalis monadelph.) ३. बुद्ध, and चण्ड sour; a small and acid plant.

बुद्धिः (बुद्धि) चौबध्द r. 4th cl. (बुद्धि) To be hungry, to hunger.

बुद्धिः f. (बुद्धि or बुद्ध) Hunger. ३. बुद्ध to be hungry, affix जिप्.

बुद्धिः f. (-ः) Hunger. ३. बुद्ध to be hungry, affixes चण्ड and टप्.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-र-रि-र) Causing hunger, improving the appetite ३. बुद्धा, and कर what makes.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) Allaying hunger. ३. बुद्धा, and चण्ड destruction.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-त-ता-त) Hungry, starving. ३. बुद्धा, and पीडित pained.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) Black mustard. ३. बुद्धा hunger, and चमिजनन caus-ing, promoting.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः-चौ-चौ) Hungry, hungered. ३. बुद्धा and चण्ड pained.

बुद्धिः f. (-निः) Satisfaction, satiety, allaying hunger. ३. बुद्धा, and शान्ति appeasing.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-त-ता-त) Hungered, hungry. ३. बुद्ध to be hungry, affix क.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) A savage, a barbarian. ३. बुद्ध to be hungry, Unadi affix उगन्.

बुद्धिः m. (-पः) A small tree, one with short branches and roots, a bush, a shrub. ३. बुद्ध to sound, aff. प.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-अ-आ-अ) 1. Agitated, tossed, stirred. 2. Agitated men-tally, anxious, disturbed. m. (-अः) The churning stick. ३. बुद्ध to stir, to agitate, affix क, form irr.

बुद्धिः r. 1st cl. (बुद्धि) 1. To be confused or agitated. 2. To stir or dis-turb. r. 4th cl. and 9th cl. (बुद्धि and बुद्धि) 2. To shake, to-tremble, to be unsteady.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Frightened, alarmed, afraid. 2. Agitated, tossed, set in motion. 3. Agitated mentally, disturbed, anxious. 4. Angry, enraged. ३. बुद्ध to shake, to be agitated, to stir, &c. affix क.

बुद्धिः f. (-ना) 1. Linseed, (Linum usitatissimum.) 2. A sort of flax, Ben-gal San. 3. The indigo plant. 4. A sort or creeper. ३. बुद्ध to sound, affix क.

बुद्धिः r. 6th cl. (बुद्धि) 1. To cut. 2. To scratch, to make lines or furrows.

बुद्धिः m. (-रः) 1. A razor. 2. A plant, (Barleria longifolia.) 3. Also Tribulus lanuginosus: see नीचुर. 4. A horse's hoof; also बुद्ध 5. The hoof of a cow, &c. 6. The foot of a bedstead. f. (-रि) A knife. ३. बुद्ध to scratch or cut, Unadi affix रन् and the final consonant rejected; also बुद्ध.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) 1. A plant; commonly Tila. 2. Barleria longifolia. 3. Tribulus lanuginosus. ३. बुद्ध to scratch, &c. बुद्ध aff.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) 1. kind of arrow, 'one' with a sharp-horse-shoe-shaped head. 2. A sort of hoe or weeding spade. ३. बुद्ध a hoof, and शृङ्ग to go, & affix; also बुद्ध.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) A razor case. ३. बुद्ध, and भाण्ड a vessel.

बुद्धिः m. (-रि) A barber. ३. बुद्ध a razor, and बुद्ध to destroy, affix रि.

बुद्धिः f. (-रि) A kind of yam: see बराहनामा.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-रि-रि-रि) A male or female barber. ३. बुद्ध a razor, and बुद्धि a powder, dust, & from बुद्ध to get, to be, affix बुद्ध; also बुद्ध.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-ः-आ-अ) 1. Little, small. 2. Hard. 3. Poor, indigent. 4. Low, vile. 5. Wicked, malicious, abandoned. 6. Young, youngest. 7. Pained, distressed, m. (-ः) A small shell. ३. बुद्ध as above, क added, also बुद्ध.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) See the next.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) A paternal uncle. ३. बुद्ध youngest, and तात a father कन् added.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-बन्-वन्-वन्) Sneezing. ३. बुद्ध, and वन् aff.

बुद्धिः r. 10th cl. (बुद्धि) To eat.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) 1. Disease in the ear. 2. Poison. 3. Sound: see बुद्धि.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) Roar of a lion.

बुद्धिः n. (-ः) 1. A field. 2. The body. 3. A wife. 4. A pure or sacred spot, a place of pilgrimage, as Puri, &c. 5. Plane figure, geo-metry. 6. A diagram. ३. बुद्ध to dwell, &c. affix इन्.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-र-रि-र) Making a field, cultivating it, &c. ३. बुद्ध, क who makes.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) 1. Produced in a field, (as corn, &c.) 2. Born o the body, &c. m. (-जः) A son, the offspring of the wife by a kins man or person duly appointed to procreate issue to the husband ३. बुद्ध wife, and ज born, born of the wife only; this is one of the twelve kinds of issue acknowledged by the old Hindu law.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-ः-आ-अ) 1. Clever, dexterous, skilful. 2. A husbandman &c. m. (-ः) 1. The soul, the emanation of divinity residing in the body. 2. A libertine, a whore-monger. ३. बुद्ध a field, the body &c, and बुद्ध who knows.

बुद्धिः m. (-तिः) A land-owner, a farmer, the master of a field. ३. बुद्ध and पति master.

बुद्धिः f. (-निः) Cultivated land. ३. बुद्ध, and भूमि land.

बुद्धिः m. (-विन्) 1. A sage, one who possesses spiritual knowledge. 2. A husbandman. ३. बुद्ध, and विद् who knows.

बुद्धिः f. (-हिः) Figurate quantity. ३. बुद्ध, and राशि number.

बुद्धिः f. (-ना) The boundaries of a meadow or field, or holy place. ३. बुद्ध, and सीमा limit.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-व-वा-व) A cultivator, a peasant. ३. बुद्ध a field, and जीव who lives, with वाक् prefixed; who gets a livelihood by the labours of the field.

बुद्धिः f. (-जी) A plant commonly Bhumiamalaki, Flacourtia cata-phracta, Rox

बुद्धिः mfn. (-क-कौ-कौ) Having a field, relating to a field, &c.

m. (-कः) 1. A farmer, a cultivator. 2. A husbandman. ३. बुद्ध, and उक् aff.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-जी-पिजी-पि) Owning or having a field, cultivating it, &c. m. (-जी) 1. A husband. 2. A cultivator, a husbandman. ३. बुद्ध a field, and पति aff.

बुद्धिः n. (-य) 1. Meadow grass, herbage, pasturage. 2. Physioking, operating. m. (-यः) 1. An adulterer. 2. A medicament, what is fit to be administered in medicine. 3. An incurable disease. ३. बुद्ध a field, the body, & aff.

बुद्धिः m. (-ः) Sorrowing, moaning. ३. बुद्ध to moan, affix वन्.

बुद्धिः m. (-वः) 1. Sending, dismissing. 2. Throwing, casting. 3. Pride, haughtiness. 4. Delay, dilatoriness. 5. Disrespect, contempt. 6. Pas-sing away time. 7. Abuse, reviling. 8. A clump of flowers, &c. 9. (In arithmetic, &c.) Additive quantity, addendum. ३. बुद्ध to throw affix वन्.

बुद्धिः mfn. (-क-का-क) 1. Who or what throws or sends. 2. Abusing disrespectful. ३. बुद्ध to throw, वन् aff.

**वेद्य** n. (-य) 1. Sending, directing. 2. Throwing, casting. 3. Passing away time. 4. Abusing. **वृ** to throw, affix **वृ**.  
**वेपि** f. (-वि: or -वी) 1. An oar. 2. A net, a fishing net, **वृ** to cast or throw, **वृ** and **वृ** affs.  
**वेपिन्** m. (-मा) Great velocity. **वृ** quick, and **वृ** affix, deriv irr.  
**वेपिन्** mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) Very quick, quickest, **वृ** quick, and **वृ** superlative affix, **वृ** rejected.  
**वेपीयस्** mfn. (-यान्-यवी-यः) Very quick. **वृ** quick, and **वृ** aff.  
**वेम्** mfn. (-वा-वृ-वृ) Who or what throws, sends, orders, &c. **वृ** to throw, **वृ** aff.  
**वेम** mfn. (-म-म-म) Happy, well, prosperous, right, &c. mn. (-म-म) 1. Happiness, well being. 2. Preserving, protecting, keeping what is acquired. 3. Final emancipation or eternal happiness. 4. The proper term of civil address to Vaisya, as **वेममसि** **वेम** मवतु Is it well, or may it be well, &c. f. (-मा) A name of DURGĀ. **वृ** to remove, and **वृ** Unadi affix; what removes or destroys sorrow, &c.  
**वेमक** m. (-कः) A perfume, commonly Chor. **वृ** added to **वेम**.  
**वेमकर** mfn. (-र-र-र) Propitious, conferring happiness or good fortune. **वृ** **वेम** and **वृ** to make, **वृ** aff.  
**वेमकार** mfn. (-र-र-र) Auspicious, propitious, conferring happiness or good fortune. **वृ** **वेम** happiness, and **वृ** to make, **वृ** aff.  
**वेमहर** mfn. (-र-र-र) Propitious, &c. : see the preceding. f. (-री) The Brahmani kite or Coromandel eagle, which is considered as a bird of good omen, (Falco ponticerianus.) **वृ** **वेम** and **वृ** to make, with **वृ** aff.  
**वेमवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Happy, prosperous. **वृ** **वेम** and **वृ** aff.  
**वेमकला** f. (-ला) Opposite leaved fig tree. **वृ** **वेम** auspicious, and **वृ** fruit.  
**वेम्य** mfn. (-म्य-म्य-म्य) 1. Lucky, prosperous, thriving. 2. Healthy, salubrious. **वृ** **वेम** and **वृ** added.  
**वेव** (वृ) **वेव** r. 1st ol. (**वेवति**) To spit, to eject from the mouth.  
**वे** r. 1st ol. (**वायति**) To wane, to waste or decline.  
**वेन** n. (-य) A multitude of fields &c. **वृ** **वेन** a field, &c. and **वृ** aff.  
**वेनस** n. (-स) Spirituality, the nature of the soul. **वृ** **वेनस** and **वृ** aff.  
**वेनस** n. (-स) Spirituality, the nature of the soul, the knowledge of it, &c. **वृ** **वेनस** and **वृ** aff.  
**वेरेयी** f. (-यी) Milk and rice, or any preparation of milk. **वृ** **वेर** milk, aff. **वृ** fem. affix **वृ**; some copies read this word **वेरेयी**.  
**वेर** m. (-रः) The post to which an elephant is bound.  
**वेरन** n. (-न) Sound of the flute.  
**वेरि** f. (-वि: or -वी) The earth. **वृ** to sound, **वृ** affix, fem affix optionally **वृ** also **वृ**.  
**वेर** m. (-रः) 1. Powder, pulverized substance. 2. A piece, a small piece or particle. 3. The stone or slab on which any thing is ground or powdered, a mortar, &c. 4. Dust. **वृ** to bruise or pound, affix **वृ**.  
**वेदरज** mfn. (-ज-ज-ज) Ground, pulverized. **वृ** **वेर** and **वृ** for **वृ** dust.  
**वेदित** mfn. (-त-त-त) Pounded, ground, comminuted. n. (-त) Powder, dust, substance pulverized or ground **वृ** to bruise or pound, affix **वृ**.  
**वेदिमन्** m. (-म) Minuteness, exceeding smallness or inferiority. **वृ** **वेद** small, &c. affix **वृ** deriv irr.  
**वेदिम** mfn. (-म-म-म) Finely pounded or levigated, very small or minute. **वृ** **वेद** small, **वृ** affix of the superlative, **वृ** rejected.  
**वेदीयस्** mfn. (-यान्-यवी-यः) Very fine or small. **वृ** **वेद** and **वृ** affix of the superlative.  
**वेम** m. (-म) 1. Agitation, emotion. 2. Shaking, trembling, tossing. **वृ** **वेम** to be agitated, **वृ** aff.

**वेम** mn. (-म-म) A room on the top of a house : see **वेम** n. (-म) Wove silk **वृ** to make a sound, Unadi affix **वृ**; also **वेम**.  
**वेरि** f. (-वि: or -वी) The earth, **वृ** **वेरि** the earth, and **वृ** pleonastic, with **वृ** or **वृ** fem. terminations added.  
**वेरिवादीर** m. (-रः) The ocean. **वृ** **वेरि** the earth, and **वृ** an enclosure.  
**वेर** n. (-रः) 1. Honey. 2. Water. m. (-रः) A flower, (Michelia cham-paca.) **वृ** **वेर** a fly, &c. affix **वृ**.  
**वेरिन्** mfn. (-म-म-म) Small, minute. **वृ** **वेर** small, **वृ** pleonastic aff.  
**वेम** mfn. (-म-म-म) Linen, made of linen, covered with it, &c. f. (-वी) Lin or flax, (Linum usitatissimum.) mn. (-म-म) 1. An airy room on the top of a house. 2. An apartment on the top of a hall. 3. The back of an edifice. 4. A fortified place in front of a building. 5. A building of a particular form 6. Wove silk : 7. Linen cloth **वृ** **वेम** q. v. **वृ** added.  
**वेमक** m. (-कः) Chor, a species of perfums.  
**वेर** m. (-रः) 1. Shaving the head. 2. Shaving in general. f. (-री) A razor. **वृ** **वेर** a razor, affix **वृ**.  
**वेरि** m. (-रः) A barber. **वृ** **वेर** a razor, affix **वृ**.  
**वृ** r. 2nd ol. (**वृति** or with **वृ** prefixed **वृ** **वृ**) To whet, to sharpen. (**वृति**) To take away, to remove.  
**वृ** mfn. (-म-म-म) Whetted, sharpened. **वृ** **वृ** to whet, affix **वृ**.  
**वृ** f. (-वा) The earth. **वृ** **वृ** to bear, Unadi affix **वृ**, and the penultimate dropped.  
**वृ** n. (-वृ) The surface of the earth. **वृ** **वृ**, and **वृ** below.  
**वृ** m. (-वृ) A king, **वृ** **वृ**, and **वृ** who enjoys.  
**वृ** m. (-वृ) 1. A king, a prince. 2. A mountain. **वृ** **वृ** the earth, and **वृ** who nourishes, from **वृ**, affix **वृ**, **वृ** added.  
**वृ** (वृ) **वृ** r. 1st. (**वृयते**) To shake, to make tremble.  
**वृ** mfd. (-म-म-म) Shaken, trembling. **वृ** **वृ**, and **वृ** aff.  
**वृ** mfn. (-म-म-म) Trembling, shaking. **वृ** **वृ**, and **वृ** aff.  
**वृ** r. 1st ol. (**वृति**) To wink or twinkle, to close as the eye lids.  
**वृ** mfn. (-म-म-म) 1. Sounded. 2. Soft, unctuous. **वृ** **वृ** to sound, &c. **वृ** aff.  
**वृ** (-वि, वा) **वृ** r. 1st ol. (**वृति**) To sound inarticulately. r. 4th cl. (**वृति**) 1. To be unctuous, to be soft or bland. 2. To liberate, to free : some consider these roots as more properly read **वृ**.  
**वृ** mfn. (-म-म-म) 1. Crooked, bent. 2. Wicked, depraved. m. (-रः) 1. Venom, poison. 2. Sound, noise. 3. Tingling or buzzing in the ear, from hardening of the wax, &c. 4. Ghosha, with yellow flowers ; see **वृ** n. (-वृ) 1. The flower of the Ghosha plant. 2. The fruit of a red kind of swallow wort. f. (वृ) 1. A war whoop, a battle cry. 2. A bamboo rod or stake. **वृ** **वृ** to sound inarticulately, to be soft or bland, &c. affix **वृ**, and **वृ** substituted for **वृ** or **वृ** to shake, &c. **वृ** affix, and **वृ** changed to **वृ**.  
**वृ** n. (-न) A battle cry, a war whoop. **वृ** **वृ** to sound inarticulately, affix **वृ**.  
**वृ** (वृ) **वृ** r. 1st ol. (**वृति**) 1. To shake, to tremble. 2. To go, to move.

**वृ** The second consonant of the Deva Nagari alphabet, being the aspirate of the preceding ; it is written in the Roman character K'h.

**वृ** n. (-वृ) 1. Heaven. 2. Sky or ether. 3. An organ of sense. 4. Knowledge. 5. Happiness, pleasure. 6. vacuity. 7. A dot, a cypher. 8. A city, a field. 9. Action. 10. Auspiciousness. 11. Tale. 12. The tenth constellation from any given one, or the sun's entrance into it. 13. Brahma the supreme spirit. m. (-वृ) A name of the sun. **वृ** **वृ** to dig, to penetrate, affix **वृ**.

**अवुल्ल m. (-वः)** A name of SIVA. ३. अव ether, अवल hair.  
**अवृक्ष r. 1st cl. (अवृक्षति)** To laugh, to laugh at or deride; also अव.  
**अवृक्ष mfn. (-टः-टाट)** Hard, solid: see अवृक्षट.  
**अवृक्ष m. (-वः)** The sun. ३. अव the sky, and अवृक्ष a meteor, &c.  
**अव m. (-नः)** 1. A bird. 2. An arrow. 3. The sun. 4. A planet. 5. deity.  
 6. Air, wind. 7. A grasshopper. ३. अव the sky, &c. and न who goes.  
**अवपति m. (-तिः)** A name of GARUDA, the bird or vehicle of VISHNU.  
 ३. अव a bird, and पति lord or chief.  
**अवन m. (-नः)** A bird. ३. अव, and न what goes.  
**अवनम m. (-नः)** A tree, commonly Lakuoha, (Artocarpus lacucha.) ३.  
 अव a bird, and नम face, bird-faced.  
**अववती f. (-तिः)** The earth. ३. अव a bird, &c. ववप् poss. aff.  
**अववपु m. (-पुः)** A plant, commonly Chakuliya, (Hemionitis cordifolia,  
 Rox.) ३. अव a bird, and वपु an enemy.  
**अवस्थान n. (-नः)** 1. The hollow of a tree. 2. A bird's nest. ३. अव a bird,  
 अवस्थान place.  
**अवगन्तव्य m. (-वः)** A hawk, falcon. ३. अव, and वगन्तव्य destroyer.  
**अवगच्छ m. (-नः)** 1. The eastern mountain over which the sun rises. 2. A  
 name of VISHNU. ३. अव a bird or the sun, and वगच्छ seat or place  
 of abiding.  
**अवनेत्र m. (-नः)** A name of GARUDA. ३. अव, and नेत्र chief.  
**अवनेत्रज m. (-जः)** VISHNU. ३. अवनेत्र, and ज emblem.  
**अवनेत्र m. (-नः)** GARUDA the bird of VISHNU; also अवनेत्र. ३. अव, and नेत्र  
 king of birds.  
**अवनीड m. (-वः)** A kind of reed, (Sacrocharum spontaneum.)  
**अवोख m. (-वः)** 1. The vault or circle of the heavens, the planisphere. 2.  
 The same represented artificially, the armillary sphere. ३. अव, and  
 नेत्र sphere.  
**अवोखविद्या f. (-द्या)** Astronomy. ३. अवोख and विद्या knowledge.  
**अवृक्ष m. (-रः)** A curl, a lock of hair.  
**अव r. 1st cl. (अवति)** also r. 9th cl. (अवति) 1. To be past birth. 2. To  
 cause prosperity. 3. To purify. r. 10th cl. (अवति) To fasten, to  
 bind, to set.  
**अवचन m. (-वः)** The moon. ३. अव the sky, वच् to eat, and वच् aff.  
**अवच mfn. (-रः-री-र)** Moving in the sky, flying in the air. m. (-रः) 1. A  
 cloud. 2. An aerial spirit. 3. Air, wind. 4. A demon. 5. The sun. 6.  
 A bird. ३. अव the sky, and वच् who goes, from वच् to go, affix ट; see  
 also अवचर.  
**अवचित mfn. (-नः-ता-व)** 1. Mixed, blended, inlaid. 2. Joined, combined.  
 ३. अवच् to fasten, &c. affix च.  
**अवच r. 1st cl. (अवचति)** To churn or agitate. (वच्) अवचि (अवचति) To limp, to  
 halt, to walk lame or ill.  
**अवच m. (-नः)** A ladle, a spoon. f. (-नः) 1. Churning, stirring. 2. Killing,  
 destroying. 3. The palm with the fingers extended. ३. अवच् to agi-  
 tate, &c. affix वच्.  
**अवचक m. (-वः)** The churning stick. f. (-नः) A ladle or spoon. ३. अवच्  
 to churn or agitate, affix वच्.  
**अवचप m. (-वः)** Ghee or clarified butter. ३. अवच् to stir or agitate, Unadi  
 affix वच्.  
**अवचन n. (-वः)** 1. Frost, hoar frost. 2. Dew, rain. ३. अव the sky, and वच्  
 water.  
**अवचक mfn. (-वः-वः)** A spoon, a ladle. m. (-वः) A bird. ३. अवच् to agitate,  
 and वच् Unadi aff.  
**अवचित m. (-तिः)** A Budd'ha, one of the seven teachers or saints of the  
 Budd'ha sect, ३. अव heaven, and चित् who subdues.  
**अवचिति m. (-तिः)** A fire-fly. ३. अव, and चित् light.  
**अवच mfn. (-वः-वः-वः)** Lame, crippled, limping. f. (-नः) A species of  
 metre, a stanza of two lines, one of thirty-two, the other of thirty  
 feet. ३. अवचि to limp or go lame, affix वच्.  
**अवचक mfn. (-वः-वः-वः)** Lame, limping. ३. अवचि to limp, affix वच्.

**अवचलेट m. (-टः)** A wag-tail. ३. अवच lame, and लेट who moves.  
**अवचलेट m. (-वः)** A wag-tail. ३. अवच lame, and लेट who moves, from  
 लेट् to move, affix वच्.  
**अवचन m. (-नः)** A small bird, the wag-tail, (Motacilla alba.) f. (-नः) 1  
 A small kind of wag-tail 2. Mustard. n. (-नः) Going, moving. 1  
 अवचि to go lamely, affix वच्.  
**अवचनरत n. (-नः)** The cohabitation of saints. ३. अवचन a wag-tail, and र  
 cohabitation.  
**अवचनरति f. (-तिः)** A sort of wag-tail.  
**अवचनिका f. (-का)** A kind of wag-tail.  
**अवचरीट m. (-टः)** A wag-tail. ३. अवच lame, वच् to go, वीट् affix, deriv. ir  
 वट r. 1st cl. (अवचति) To desire, to wish, to seek or inquire.  
**अवट m. (-टः)** 1. Grass. 2. Phlegm. the phlegmatic or watery humor. 3.  
 A blind well. 4. An axe, a hatchet. 5. A closed or doubled fist, 1  
 for striking. 6. A plough. 7. A fragrant kind of grass: see वच्  
 ३. अवट् to seek, to wish, affix वच्.  
**अवटक m. (-वः)** 1. A go-between, a man whose business it is to neg-  
 oiate marriages; see वटक. 2. The doubled fist of wrestlers or bo-  
 ers. ३. अवट् to seek, to wish, affix वच्.  
**अवटकासुख m. (-वः)** A man in the attitude of shooting.  
**अवटकासुख m. (-वः)** 1. An eater. 2. A glass vessel. 3. A jackal. 4.  
 animal. 5. A crow.  
**अवटिक m. (-वः)** The fist, the hand closed. f. (-का) 1. Chalk. 2. T  
 external opening of the ear. 3. A fragrant grass: (Andropog  
 muricatus.) ३. अवट् to seek or wish, वच् affix, and वट् inserted.  
**अवटिनी f. (-नी)** Chalk. ३. अवट् to seek, वच् affix, fem. affix वीच्; 1  
 वटिनी.  
**अवटी f. (-टी)** Chalk. ३. अवट् to seek, वच्, and वीच् affix.  
**अवट r. 10th cl. (अवटति)** To cover, to screen.  
**अवचन mfn. (-नः-ना-न)** Dwarfish, short of stature. ३. अवच् to cover  
 hide, affix वच्.  
**अवच f. (-वः)** A kind of grass, (Andropogon serratus.) ३. अवच् to cover  
 वच् and टाच् affix.  
**अवचाम mfn. (-वः-वः)** The civet or zabet cat, (Viverra zibetha.) ३. अवच  
 grass, and वच् who eats; also अवचाम.  
**अवचाम m. (-वः)** The civet: see the preceding.  
**अवचि m. (-विः)** A bier, the bed on which the corpse is carried to  
 pile; also अवचि. ३. अवच् to screen, affix चि.  
**अवचिक mfn. (-वः-वः-वः)** A hunter, a fowler, one who lives by kill-  
 ing and selling game. f. (-का) 1. A small bedstead, a cot. 2. A bier  
 bed on which the corpse is carried. ३. अवच् to screen, वच् aff.  
**अवचिक mfn. (-वः-वः-वः)** Dwarf, dwarfish.  
**अवचि f. (-वः)** 1. A bedstead, a cot, a couch. 2. A hammock, a swin  
 अवच् to hide, Unadi affix वच्.  
**अवचाम m. (-वः)** A king of the solar line. n. (-वः) 1. Part of a bed. 2.  
 club or staff with a skull at the top of it, considered as a wea-  
 pon of Siva, and carried by penitents and Yogis. 3. Wood from a  
 eral pile. ३. अवचाम a cot, and वच् body or form.  
**अवचाम m. (-वः)** A name of SIVA. ३. अवचाम one of his weapons,  
 who maintains.  
**अवचामिन् m. (-विः)** A name of SIVA. ३. अवचाम, and विन् aff.  
**अवचाम mfn. (-वः-वः-वः)** 1. Low, vile, abandoned, iniquitous. 2. Err  
 going wrong. 3. Stupid, silly. 4. Laid or lying on a bed. ३. अवच  
 bed, and वच् mounted.  
**अवचिनी f. (-नी)** A small bedstead. ३. अवचाम a bedstead, and वच् affix.  
 form.  
**अवच r. 10th cl. (अवचति)** also (वच्) अवचि r. 1st and 10th cls. (अव  
 अवचति) and (वच्) अवचि r. 1st cl. (अवचति) To divide, 'to tea-  
 break off a part or piece.  
**अवच m. (-वः)** 1. Breaking, dividing. 2. Buttermilk boiled with

vegetables and spices. 3. A small grass. f. (-की) Chalk. E. खड़ to break, &c. affix चच्.

खड्गिका f. (-का) A private or back door, a small venetian door or window.

खड्गिका f. (-का) Chalk. E. खड़ to break, affix कुन्, fem. form.

खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A bier. E. खड़ to break, affix ड्.

खड्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A rhinoceros. 2. A rhinocero's horn. 3. A sword, a scymitar. 4. A large sacrificial knife. 5. One of the Budd'has or Baud-d'ha saints. n. (-ङ्ग) Iron. E. खड़ to tear or rend, Unadi affix गन्.

खड्गकोष m. (-षः) 1. A creeping plant, (Scirpus maximus.) 2. A scabbard, a sheathe. E. खड़ a sword, and कोष a sheathe.

खड्गचर्मधर m. (-रः) A soldier armed with a sword and shield. E. खड़, and चर्म a shield, धर who bears.

खड्गट m. (-टः) A large kind of Kas, (Saccharum spontaneum.) E. खड़ the rhinoceros, and टट who goes; these animals being usually found amongst high grass or reeds.

खड्गधर m. (-रः) A swordsman. E. खड़, and धर who holds.

खड्गधेनु f. (-नुः) 1. A small knife. 2. A female rhinoceros. E. खड़ a sword &c. धेनु a cow, used here as a diminutive.

खड्गपत्र m. (-त्रः) The name of a creeper. (Scirpus maximus.) n. (-त्र) The blade of a sword. E. खड़ a sword, and पत्र leaf.

खड्गपाणि mfn. (-णिः-पाणिः) Holding a sword. E. खड़, and पाणि the hand.

खड्गपात्र n. (-त्र) A vessel of buffalo's horn. E. खड़ and पात्र a vessel.

खड्गपिधान n. (-न) A scabbard, a sheathe. E. खड़ a sword, and पिधान a sheathe; also with कन् added, खड़पिधानक.

खड्गपुत्रिका f. (-का) A knife, a small sword. E. खड़, and पुत्रिका infant.

खड्गप्रहार m. (-रः) A sword cut. E. खड़, and प्रहार a stroke.

खड्गमांस m. (-सः) Buffalo-beef. E. खड़, and मांस flesh.

खड्गलेखा f. (-खा) A row of sabres. खड़, and लेखा a line

खड्गराट m. (-टः) 1. A shield. One who observes a peculiar religious obligation, rubbing the feet backwards and forwards on the edge of a sword made red hot, this is a penance peculiar to the Baud'dhas. E. खड़ a sword, रट् to speak, deriv. irr.

खड्गाघात m. (-तः) A sword cut. E. खड़, and आघात a blow.

खड्गाधार m. (-रः) A sheathe, a scabbard. E. खड़, and आधार what receives.

खड्गामिहत mfn. (तः-ता-तं) Cut or struck with a sword. E. खड़, and अभि-हत struck.

खड्गामिष n. (-ष) Buffalo's flesh. E. खड़, and आमिष flesh.

खड्गिका m. (-कः) 1. The cream or froth of buffalo's milk. 2. A vender of flesh meat. E. खड़ a sword, &c. affix ठक्.

खड्गिन् mfn. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गिनी-ङ्गि) Armed with a sword. m. (-ङ्गी) 1. A rhinoceros. 2. A Jina or Jaina saint. E. खड़ a horn, &c. affix इनि.

खड्गिमार m. (-रः) A kind of creeper; see खड्गकोष. E. खड़ a rhinoceros, and मार what destroys.

खड्गीक m. (-कः) A sickle, a scythe. E. खड़ a scymitar, and इकन् aff.

खड्ग mn. (-ङ्गः-खड्गः) 1. A piece, a part, a fragment, a portion. 2. A chapter, a section. 3. A term in an equation. m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A flaw in a jewel. 2. Treacle or molasses partially dried or candied. n. (-ङ्गः) 1. A sort of sugar cane. 2. Black salt. E. खड़ to break, and चच् affix, or खन् to tear, affix ड्, and न changed to च.

खड्गक m. (-कः) 1. Pared or clipped finger nails. 2. A part, a piece. E. खड़ to tear, ड् aff.

खड्गकच m. (-चः) Sweet potatoe.

खड्गकथा f. (-था) A tale or story divided into sections. E. खड़ a section, and कथा a story.

खड्गकालु n. (-लु) An esculent root, sweet potatoe: also खड्गकालु n. (-लु) E. खड़क a portion, and कालु any esculent root.

खड्गकाव्य (-व्य) n. A poem interspersed with prose. E. खड़, and काव्य a poem.

खड्गज m. (-जः) Treacle, molasses. E. खड़, and ज what is produced.

खड्गधारा f. (-रा) Shears, seissors. E. खड़ a part, and and धृ to have or hold, in the causal from.

खड्गन n. (-न) 1. Breaking, dividing, cutting, reducing to pieces. 2. Destroying, annihilating. 3. Refuting, (in argument.) 4. Rebellion, opposition. E. खड़ to break, कुट् aff.

खड्गनरत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Destructive, skilful in cutting or destroying. E. खड़न, and रत engaged in.

खड्गनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Brittle, fragile. 2. Refutable. 3. Destructible, &c. E. खड़ि, and खनीयर् affix; also खड़, and खडितव्य.

खड्गपत्र n. (-त्र) A bundle of various leaves. E. खड़, and पत्र a leaf.

खड्गपरशु m. (-शुः) A name of SIVA. E. खड़ a part, and परशु a hatchet; cutting his foes to pieces.

खड्गपर्यु m. (-युः) 1. A name of PARASURAMA. 2. A name of SIVA. 3. Rahn, the personified ascending node. 4. A spreader of unguents, fragrant powders, &c. 5. A drug, commonly Chandamalaki. 6. An elephant with a broken tusk. E. खड़ a part, and पर्यु an axe; whose axe or arms cut every thing to pieces.

खड्गपाल m. (-लः) A confectioner, a seller of sweetmeats. E. खड़ molasees, and पाल who cherishes.

खड्गप्रलय m. (-यः) Partial destruction of the universe, the destruction of the division of the terrestrial world. E. खड़, and प्रलय destruc-tion.

खड्गमण्डल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Gibbous, not full or round. n. (-लः) A segment of a circle, part of a circle or an incomplete sphere. E. खड़, and मण्डल sphere.

खड्गमीदक m. (-कः) Granulated sugar. E. खड़, and मीदक a sweetmeat.

खड्गलवण n. (-णः) Black salt. E. खड़, and लवण salt.

खड्गलवण ind. Piece meal, in or by pieces. E. खड़, and लवण aff.

खड्गसर m. (-रः) Granulated sugar. E. खड़, and सर what goes.

खड्गान n. (-नं) 1. Scattered clouds. 2. A bite, the impression of the teeth. E. खड़ a part, and नन a cloud, &c.

खड्गाली f. (-ली) 1. A measure for oil. 2. A pond. 3. A woman whose husband has been guilty of infidelity.

खड्गिक m. (-कः) 1. Pease. 2. The armpit E. खड़ि to break, इकन् aff.

खड्गित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Cut, torn, broken in pieces. 2. Destroyed. 3. Broken as allegiance, disobeyed against, rebelled. 4. Refuted, controverted. 5. Scattered, dispersed. 6. Disappointed. 7. Betrayed, abandoned, (as a lover.) f. (-ता) A woman whose husband or lover has been guilty of infidelity. E. खड़ि to cut, affix क्.

खड्गितव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be broken, what may or ought to be broken, confuted, destroyed, &c. E. खड़ि, and तव्य aff.

खड्गितविग्रह mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Maimed, mutilated. E. खडित, and विग्रह body.

खड्गिताग्रस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Disappointed, foiled, frustrated. E. खडित, and आग्रस expectation.

खड्गिन् mfn. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गिनी-ङ्गि) 1. In pieces or parts, divided, comminuted, &c. 2. Consisting of pieces or parts. m. (-ङ्गः) A wild kind kidney bean; see वनस्पति. f. (-नी) The earth. E. खड़ a portion, and इनि aff.

खड्गीर m. (-रः) A kind of kidney bean; see वनस्पति. E. खड़ a part, इरन् aff.

खड्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-खड्गः) What may or ought to be broken, &c. see खडितव्य E. खड़ि and वन् aff.

खड्गनाभ m. (-लः) 1. Smoke. 2. cloud. E. ख the sky, तनाभ a tree with dark blossoms; the ethereal Tamala.

खड्ग r. 1st cl. (खादति) 1. To be steady or firm. 2. To hurt or kill. 3. To eat. r. 1<sup>st</sup> th cl. (खदयति) To cover.

खड्गिका f. (-का) Fried or parched grain.

खड्गिर m. (-रः) 1. A tree, the resin of which is used in medicine, Khayar Terra japonica or catechu, (Mimosa catechu.) 2. A name of INDRA. 3. The moon. f. (-री) A sensitive plant, (Mimosa pudica.) E. खड़ to hurt, Unadi affix इरच्.



खदिरपत्नी f. (-नी) The sensitive plant. E. खदिर, and पत्नी, a leaf, affix **नीप्** also with **कन्** added खदिरपत्निका.  
 खदिरपत्नी n. (-नी) The Babul, Acacia Arabica.)  
 खदूरक n. (-क) A dwarf. E. ख, and दूर afar, **कन्** aff.  
 खदूरवासिनी f. (-नी) One of the female deities or Saktis of the Bud'das. E. ख heaven, दूर ill, and वासिनी who abides.  
 खद्योत m. (-तः) 1. A fire-fly. 2. The sun. E. ख the sky, and द्योत what is luminous.  
 खद्योतन m. (-नः) The sun. E. ख heaven, and द्युत to shine, affix **कुट्**.  
 खट्व m. (-वः) A rocket, a fire work. E. ख, and वृप् incense.  
 खन (व.) खनुर 1. 1st cl. (खनति-ने) 1. To dig or delve. 2. To hurt.  
 खनक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Tearing, dividing. 2. Digging, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A rat. 2. A housebreaker. 3. A miner. E. खन् to dig, affix **कुल्**.  
 खनत् mfn. (-नन्-नकी-नत्) Digging. E. खन्, and क्त् aff.  
 खनि f. (-निः or -नी) A mine, especially of precious stones; when used in composition with चाकर, more commonly a mine of the precious metals. E. खन् to dig, इन् affix, and जोष् optionally added.  
 खनिह mfn. (-ता-वी-ह) Who or what digs or delves, a digger, a ditcher, &c. E. खन् to dig, हच् aff.  
 खनिक n. (-न) A spade or hoe. E. खन् to dig, हच् aff.  
 खपुर m. (-रः) 1. The betel tree, (Areca faufel or catechu.) 2. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus pertenuis.) 3. Garlic. 4. Flatulence. n. (-रं) 1. A water jar. 2. A city in the sky, the city of HARISCHANDRA. E. ख the heavens, &c. पृ to nourish, affix **क्**.  
 खषानि m. (-निः) A kite. E. ख the sky, खम् to roam, affix **क्तिन्**.  
 खमणि m. (-णिः) The sun. E. ख the sky, and मणि a jewel.  
 खमीलन n. (-न) Lassitude, weariness, sleepiness. E. ख the sky, and मीलन twinkling.  
 खमूर्ति f. (-र्तिः) A celestial appearance or person. E. ख, and मूर्ति form.  
 खमूर्तिमत् mfn. (-मात् मती-मत्) Having a divine or celestial person or form. E. खमूर्ति, and मत्प् aff.  
 खमूलि f. (-लिः or -ली or -लिका) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) E. ख ether, मूल a root, affixes इन् or जीच्; also खमूलिका.  
 खम् r. 1st cl. (खन्ति) To go or move.  
 खर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Hot. 2. Sharp, pungent. 3. Sharp, sharp-edged, cutting. 4. Cruel, harsh. mn. (-रः-रं) Heat. m. (-रः) 1. An ass. 2. A Rakshasa, the brother of RAVANA. 3. A Daitya or demon in general. 4. A sort of prickly nightshade. 5. A crow. 6. A heron. 7. An osprey. f. (-रा) A kind of grass, (Andropogon serratus.) E. ख an organ of sense, and रा to get or give, affix **क्**.  
 खरकुटि f. (-टिः or -टी) A barber's shop. E. खर heat, and कुटि a dwelling; also written खरकुटि.  
 खरकोष m. (-षः) The francoline partridge. E. खर heat, कुष् to sound, affix **क्**.  
 खरकाष m. (-षः) The francoline partridge.  
 खरकाषणिना f. (-ना) A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides.)  
 खरगृह n. (-घः) An ass's stable. E. खर an ass, and गृह a house.  
 खरगृह n. (-घः) A stable for asses. E. खर, and गृह a house.  
 खरगृह n. (-घः) A stable for asses. E. खर, and गृह a house.  
 खरघातन m. (-नः) A plant, commonly Nagesar, (Mesua ferrea.) E. खर an ass, and घातन mischievous.  
 खरगृह m. (-घः) 1. A kind of reed or grass, (Saccharum cylindricum.) 2. Also another kind, commonly Okera. E. खर warm, sharp, हृद् a leaf.  
 खरचक्षु mfn. (-चाः-चाः-चः) Sharp-nosed. E. खर sharp, चक्षु from नासिका a nose; also with a final vowel खरचक्षु mfn. (-चः-चा-चं).  
 खरदण्ड n. (-ण्डः) A lotus, (Nymphaea lotus.) E. खर sharp, and दण्ड stick or stem.  
 खरदण्डा f. (-णा) Opposite leaved fig tree. E. खर hot, दण्ड leaf.

खरदूषक m. (-कः) Thorn apple, (Datura metel.) E. खर an ass and दूषक hurting; by its narcotic properties.  
 खरधंसिन् m. (-सिन्) A name of RAMA. E. खर an imp or goblin so called, and धंसिन् the destroyer.  
 खरनाद m. (-दः) The braying of an ass. E. खर, and नाद noise.  
 खरनादिन् m. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Braying as an ass. f. (-नी) A kind of perfume: see रेखना. E. खरनाद and इनि aff.  
 खरपत्र m. (-पः) 1. A. red sort of Tulasi or basil. 2. The teak tree, (Tectona grandis.) E. खर hot, and पत्र a leaf.  
 खरपत्रक m. (-कः) A plant: see तिलक. E. कन् added to खरपत्र hot leaved.  
 खरपात्र n. (-त्रः) An iron pot or vessel. E. खर an ass, and पात्र a vessel; fit for such an animal.  
 खरपादाय m. (-यः) The elephant or wood apple, (Ferenia elephantium:) see कपिल.  
 खरपाल m. (-पः) A wooden vessel. E. खर, and पाल what cherishes.  
 खरपुत्र m. (-पुः) A plant, commonly Marua: see मरुवक f. (-चा or -पिका) A kind of Tulasi, (Ocimum gratissimum;) also बर्बर. E. खर sharp, hot, पुत्र a flower.  
 खरप्रिय m. (-यः) A pigeon. E. खर hot, and प्रिय fond, dear.  
 खरमञ्जरी f. (-री) A plant, (Achyranthes aspera:) see चपामार्ग. E. खर sharp, pungent, and मञ्जरी a pedicle.  
 खरयान n. (-नः) A vehicle drawn by asses E. खर, and यान a carriage.  
 खरलोमन् m. (-मः) One of the chiefs of the Naga or serpent race inhabiting hell. E. खर an ass, and लोमन् hair of the body; having the skin of an ass.  
 खरवह्नि f. (-हः) A plant, commonly Goraksha Chakuliya, (Hedysarum lagopodioides.) E. खर hot, sharp, वह्नि a pedicle.  
 खरगृह m. (-घः) 1. An osprey. 2. The braying of an ass. E. खर, and गृह sound.  
 खरशाल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Born or produced in an asse's stall. f. (-ला) A n asse's stable or stall. E. खर, and शाला a hall; in the first sense the final is dropped.  
 खरसोम m. (-मः) An iron vessel; also read खरसोमि.  
 खरापु m. (-पुः) The sun E. खर hot, and पपु a ray.  
 खरामरी f. (-री) A kind of grass, (Andropogon Serratus;) also देवताह E. खर venom गृ to take, with चाङ् prefixed, चच् and जीच् affixes; antivenomous, an antidote.  
 खरालक m. (-कः) An iron arrow; also खरालिक m. (-कः).  
 खराया f. (-या) A plant, (Calosia cristata.) E. खर an ass, चया to be eaten, and य and टाप् affs.  
 खरिका f. (-का) Musk in powder. E. खर, कन् added, fem. form.  
 खरिस्थ mfn. (-यः-वी-यं) Drinking ass's milk. E. खरी and धे to drink, खम् aff.  
 खर mfn. (-रः-रः or -रः-रं) 1. White. 2. Desirous of improper or probibited things. 3. A fool, foolish, idiotic. 4. Harsh. cruel. m. (-रः) 1. A name of Siva. 2. A horse. 3. A tooth. 4. pride. 5. Love or the deity KAMA. 6. White, the colour. खन् to dig, &c. Unadi affix च and र substituted for the final.  
 खम् r. 10th cl. (खन्ति) To go or move.  
 खन् r. 1st. cl. (-खन्ति) 1. To worship, to treat with respect or courtesy. 2. To pain or make clean.  
 खर्जिका f. (-का) A relish, a provocative to drink. E. खर्ज to pair and इन् affix. fem. form.  
 खर्जर n. (-रः) Silver: see खर्जर.  
 खर्ज f. (-जः) 1. Cutaneous eruption, itch, scab, &c. 2. A worm, a insect. E. खर्ज to give pain. Unadi affix **क्**.  
 खर्जर n. (-रः) 1. Silver. 2. The fruit of the date. 3. Yellow orpiment. r. (-रः) 1. The date tree. (Phoenix sylvestris. 2. A scorpion. f. (-री) The wild date tree. E. खर्ज to give pain, &c. Unadi affix **क्**.  
 खर्जरस m. (-सः) The juice or extract of the wild date, Tari, used

leaven bread, and as an intoxicating liquor, when in a state of spontaneous fermentation. **अमृ** **र** and **रस** juice.

**अमृ** **र** 1st cl. (**अमृति**) To bite, to sting venomously.

**अमृ** **र** mf. (**-रः-री**) A kind of collyrium or application to the eyes : see **अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) 1. A thief. 2. A rogue, a cheat. 3. A beggar's bowl or dish. 4. The half of a skull. 5. An umbrella or parasol.

**अमृ** **र** 1st cl. (**अमृति**) To go, to move.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) A plant : see **अमृ** **र**.

**अमृ** **र** n. (**-रः**) A sort of collyrium.

**अमृ** **र** 1st cl. (**अमृति**) To go, to move to or towards.

**अमृ** **र** mfn. (**-रः-रः-रः**) A dwarf, short, low, of little size or stature. m. (**-रः**) One of KURVAS nine Nidhis or treasures. n. (**-रः**) A large number, ten million-millions. **अमृ** **र** or **अमृ** **र** to be small, to go, to move, affix **अमृ** ; also **अमृ**.

**अमृ** **र** mfn. (**-रः-रः-रः**) Small, short, dwarfish. **अमृ** **र** short, and **अमृ** **र** a branch.

**अमृ** **र** n. (**-रः**) 1. Virility, manliness. 2. Wivesilk.

**अमृ** **र** 1st cl. (**अमृति**) To be proud, or haughty.

**अमृ** **र** mfn. (**-रः-रः-रः**) A dwarf, &c. : see **अमृ**.

**अमृ** **र** mn. (**-रः-रः**) 1. The capital of a district of four hundred villages, a market or country town. 2. A village at the foot of a mountain. **अमृ** **र** being proud, and **अमृ** **र** what goes or is.

**अमृ** **र** 1st cl. (**अमृति**) 1. To gather. 2. To move.

**अमृ** **र** mfn. (**-रः-रः-रः**) 1. Low, vile, base. 2. Low, inferior. 3. Cruel, mischief-making. 4. Bad, wicked. mn. (**-रः-रः**) 1. Earth, mould or soil. 2. Place, site. 3. Sediment, deposit of oil, &c. 4. A granary, a threshing floor. 5. A mill. m. (**-रः**) 1. The sun. 2. A tree with black blossoms : see **अमृ** **र**. 3. The Dhatura plant. **अमृ** **र** to gather, (misfortune, &c.) affix **अमृ**.

**अमृ** **र** f. (**-रः**) 1. Wickedness, villainy. 2. Filthiness. **अमृ** **र** and **अमृ** **र** affix ; also with **अमृ** affix **अमृ** **र**.

**अमृ** **र** mfn. (**-रः-रः-रः** or **-रः-रः**) Bald, baldheaded. **अमृ** **र** to fall, Unadi affix **अमृ** **र** inserted, and **अमृ** **र** rejected.

**अमृ** **र** mf. (**-रः**) A sweeper, a cleaner, Mehter or Farash. **अमृ** **र** place, and **अमृ** **र** who cleans, from **अमृ** **र** to cleanse or purify, affix **अमृ**.

**अमृ** **र** f. (**-रः**) The friendship or favour of wicked or low persons. **अमृ** **र** and **अमृ** **र** affection.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) Quicksilver. **अमृ** **र** place, and **अमृ** **र** form ; taking the form of the place it lies in.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) Associating with bad company. **अमृ** **र** **अमृ** **र** associating.

**अमृ** **र** f. (**-रः**) A cockroach. **अमृ** **र** the sediment of oil, and **अमृ** **र** having.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) Sediment of oil or oil-cake. **अमृ** **र** to gather, **अमृ** **र** aff.

**अमृ** **र** mfn. (**अमृ** **र** **अमृ** **र**) Having sediment, &c. f. (**-रः**) 1. A multitude of threshing floors. 2. A plant, (Anthericum tuberosum.) **अमृ** **र**, and **अमृ** **र** aff.

**अमृ** **र** mn. (**-रः-रः**) The bit of a bridle : see **अमृ** **र**.

**अमृ** **र** mf. (**-रः-रः**) A kind of fish, (Trichopodus colisa, Ham.) also **अमृ** **र**.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) 1. Mischief, evil. 2. Leaving or reducing to sediment. **अमृ** **र** mischievous, and **अमृ** **र** who makes ; **अमृ** **र** inserted.

**अमृ** **र** mn. (**-रः-रः**) The bit of a bridle. **अमृ** **र** the mouth, and **अमृ** **र** what is fixed ; also the vowel being made short **अमृ** **र**.

**अमृ** **र** ind. 1. A particle of prohibition. 2. An expletive. 3. An expression of endearment or conciliation. 4. An expression indicating inquiry. 5. An expression of asseveration or ascertainment, (certainly, indeed.) 6. Only. **अमृ** **र** to gather, affix **अमृ**.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) Darkness. **अमृ** **र** the sky, **अमृ** **र** dropped, lost, from **अमृ** **र** to efface, affix **अमृ**.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) A kind of wild animal ; also **अमृ** **र**.

**अमृ** **र** f. (**-रः**) A parade, a place for military exercise. **अमृ** **र** **अमृ** **र** to break, **अमृ** **र** affix, **अमृ** **र** changed to **अमृ**, and **अमृ** **र** added.

**अमृ** **र** f. (**-रः**) The post of a threshing floor, round which the oxen pass who tread out grain ; also **अमृ** **र**.

**अमृ** **र** f. (**-रः**) A post : see the preceding. **अमृ** **र** a threshing floor in the seventh case, and **अमृ** **र** what is firm, a post, &c. from **अमृ** **र** to be strong, **अमृ** **र** and **अमृ** **र** aff.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) A kind of fish, (commonly Trichopodus colisa, Ham.) see **अमृ** **र**. **अमृ** **र** in dirt, and **अमृ** **र** from **अमृ** **र** to sleep ; burrowing in the mud of the banks, &c.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) The K'halisa fish : see the preceding. **अमृ** **र** As before, **अमृ** **र**, and **अमृ** **र** aff.

**अमृ** **र** f. (**-रः**) Abuse, low or wicked language. **अमृ** **र**, and **अमृ** **र** speech.

**अमृ** **र** mfn. (**-रः-रः-रः**) Fit for oil cake, for a threshing floor, &c. f. (**-रः**) A multitude of threshing floors. **अमृ** **र** a threshing floor affix **अमृ**, **अमृ** **र** or **अमृ**.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) 1. A kind of cloth or clothes, leather garments. 2. A canal, a cut, a creek, a trench, a deep hole. 3. The Chataka, a kind of cuckoo. 4. Leather. 5. A leather water bag. 6. A mill, a stone or vessel for grinding drugs, &c. f. (**-रः**) Shooting pain in the extremities. **अमृ** **र** collecting, &c. and **अमृ** **र** what gets ; also **अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**)

**अमृ** **र** f. (**-रः**) A frying pan. **अमृ** **र** added to the preceding, fem. form.

**अमृ** **र** mfn. (**-रः-रः-रः**) Bald, morbidly troubled with falling of the hair ; also **अमृ** **र**.

**अमृ** **र** mfn. (**-रः-रः-रः**) Becoming morbidly bald : see the preceding.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) A severe cough.

**अमृ** **र** f. (**-रः**) A frying pan.

**अमृ** **र** 9th cl. (**अमृ** **र**) 1. To be past birth. 2. To cause or procure prosperity. 3. To produce purity, to purify. 4. To produce or manifest wealth.

**अमृ** **र** f. (**-रः**) A parasitic plant. **अमृ** **र**, **अमृ** **र** a pedicle

**अमृ** **र** n. (**-रः**) Rain water, dew, vapour, &c. **अमृ** **र** heaven, and **अमृ** **र** water. [tears.]

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) Snow, hoar frost, dew. **अमृ** **र** sky, and **अमृ** **र** vapour or

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) 1. A mountainous country to the north of India. 2. A native of that country, considered as a degraded Kshetriya f. (**-रः**) A kind of perfume, commonly Mura.

**अमृ** **र** mfn. (**-रः-रः-रः**) Resting or dwelling in the air. **अमृ** **र** and **अमृ** **र** to sleep, **अमृ** **र** aff.

**अमृ** **र** n. (**-रः**) A celestial or immortal body. **अमृ** **र** and **अमृ** **र** body.

**अमृ** **र** mfn. (**-रः-रः-रः**) Of a heavenly body. **अमृ** **र** and **अमृ** **र** aff.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) The K'halisa, a kind of fish ; see **अमृ** **र**.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) Air or wind. **अमृ** **र** the atmosphere, and **अमृ** **र** breath.

**अमृ** **र** 1st cl. (**अमृति**) To kill, to hurt or injure.

**अमृ** **र** n. (**-रः**) 1. Anger, passion. Violence, oppression. **अमृ** **र** to hurt, to dig, **अमृ** **र** Unadi affix, **अमृ** **र** changed to **अमृ**.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) Itch, scab. 2. A man of a country or tribe considered to be a degraded Kshetriya ; the Khasas inhabit the mountains surrounding Kashmir. f. (**-रः**) The mother of the imps or goblins.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) A plant, commonly Kshirakolic.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) A Bud'dha or Baud'dha deified saint. **अमृ** **र** heaven, and **अमृ** **र** equal, the same.

**अमृ** **र** mfn. (**-रः-रः-रः**) Produced in the sky, aerial, ethereal. **अमृ** **र**, and **अमृ** **र** birth.

**अमृ** **र** m. (**-रः**) One of the Bud'dha or Boud'dha saints. n. (**-रः**) Gliding through the air. **अमृ** **र** heaven, and **अमृ** **र** who goes to or in,

खसालन म. (-कः) An imp or goblin. २. खसा the mother of these beings, खसाल and son.

खसानी f. (-नी) The earth. २. ख earth, खन a breast, affix खीच्.

खसखस म. (-सः) The poppy.

खसखसरस म. (-सः) Poppy juice, opium. २. खसखस and रस juice.

खसटिक म. (-कः) 1. Crystal, the sun gem. 2. The moon gem; see सूर्यकान and खसकान ३. ख heaven, and खटिक crystal.

खहर म. (-रः) (In arithmetic.) A fraction having a cypher for its denominator. २. ख a cypher, हर divisor.

खालिक म. (-कः) Fried or parched grain. २. खञ् to go, &c. affix खल्.

खाट mf. (-टः-टी) 1. A bier, a cot or bedstead on which dead bodies are conveyed to the pile. २. खट् to screen, affix खच्.

खाटि f. (-टि) 1. Caprice, whim. 2. A scar. 3. A bier. २. खट् to screen, &c. खच् aff.

खाटिका f. (-का) A bier: see खाट also खाटी.

खाखव न. (-व) A wood, sacred to INDRA.

खाखिक म. (-कः) A confectioner, a seller of sweetmeats. २. खख molasses or coarse sugar, and ठक् aff.

खात mfn. (-कः-ता-त) 1. Dug, excavated. 2. Torn, rent. n. (-ट) 1. A square or oblong pond. 2. Any excavation. २. खन् to dig, affix ख and the pen. lengthened.

खातक म. (-कः) 1. A delver, a digger. 2. A debtor; more correctly खादक. n. (-क) A moat, a ditch. २. खात a pond, affix कच्.

खातभू f. (-भू) A moat, a ditch. २. खात a pond, भू earth.

खाप न. (-प) 1. A square or large pond. 2. A spade, a hoe. 3. A wood 4. A thread. २. खन् to dig, इच् Unadi aff.

खाद (ख) खाद r. 1st cl. (खादति) To eat.

खादक म. (-कः) 1. A borrower, a user, (in law,) literally, an eater. 2. A feeder, one who eats or feeds. २. खाद to eat, affix पुच्.

खादन म. (-नः) A tooth. n. (-च) 1. Eating. 2. Food, victuals. २. खाद to eat, affix कुट्.

खादनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Edible, to be eaten. २. खाद and खनीयर् aff.

खादित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Eaten. २. खाद to eat, affix ख.

खादितवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वन्) Eating, feeding. २. खाद and खवत् aff.

खादितव्य mfn. (-व्यः-या-य) To be eaten, what may be or must be eaten, &c. २. खाद and तव्य aff.

खादिर mfn. (-रः-री-र) 1. Derived from the Khayar tree. 2. made of its wood. २. खदिर, and खच् aff.

खादिरसार म. (-रः) Catechu, the resinous extract of the Mimosa catechu. २. खदिर and सार essence. [eat, खकच् aff.]

खादुक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Mischievous, injurious, malignant. २. खाद to

खाय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Edible, to be eaten, what is to be or may be eaten. n. (-च) Food, victuals. २. खाद to eat, यच् aff.

खानि mf. (-निः-नी) A mine. २. खन् to dig, इच् affix, fem. affix खीच्. [उञ्च्.

खानिक न. (-क) An opening or hole in a wall, a breach. २. खन् to dig affix

खानिक mfn. (-कः-का-क) A housebreaker. २. खन् to dig, इच् affix, deriv irr.; this is sometimes read खानिन.

खानीदक म. (-कः) A cocoanut. २. खान rending, and उदक water.

खापगा f. (-गा) A name of GANGA or the Ganges. २. ख heaven, and अपगा a river.

खार mf. (-रः-रिः or -री) A K'hari, a measure of grain containing sixteen Dronas, or about three bushels: it is also reckoned at three or four Dronas; also at five Gonis, which is considered equal to 512 Ser's f. (-री) A soar. २. खन् to dig, deriv. irr.

खारिष्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) Cooking a K'hari, by measure (a vessel, &c.) २. खारी as above, पच् to cook, affix खच्.

खारीक mfn. (-कः-का-क) A field, &c. equal to or sown with a K'hari of grain. २. खारी the measure, and इकच् or उक्च् aff.

खारीवाप mfn. (-वः-वा-व) A field sown with a Khari of grain, &c. २. खारी, and वाप sowing.

खाखिल न. (-कः) Morbid baldness. २. खखति and खच् aff.

खाखि म. (-खिः) Name of a country to the east of Bengal: the Cossya hills; also खाखिक म. (-कः.)

खाखरी f. (-री) A plant: see काखरी.

खिखि f. (-खिः) A fox; also in some copies, किखि q. २.

खिखिर mf. (-रः-रा) A fex. m. (-रः) 1. One of SIVA's weapons, 2. A kind of perfume, commonly Hala.

खिट r. 1st cl. (खिटति) 1. To terrify, to alarm or surprise. 2. To be terrified, to fear or dread.

खिद r. 4th and 7th cls. (खिदते and खिदते) To be distressed, to suffer pain or misery. (की, प) खीखिदप् r. 6th cl. (खिदति) To afflict or distress.

खिदिर म. (-रः) The moon. 2. An ascetic, a penitent, 3. A pauper, २. खिद to suffer pain, किरच् Unadi aff.

खिदमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Suffering pain or distress. २. खिद, with मानच् aff.

खिद म. (-दुः) 1. Disease, sickness. 2. A pauper, a poor man २. खिद to be in pain, रक्च् Unadi aff.

खिद mfn. (-दुः-ता-त) 1. Distress, suffering pain or uneasiness. 2. Worn, exhausted. २. खिद to be pain, affix ख.

खिल mfn. (-खः-खा-ख) 1. Waste or unploughed land. 2. Empty, vacant. m. (-कः) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. VISHNU. mn. (-कः-क) A compendium, a compilation, especially of hymns and prayers. २. ख vacancy, &c. ख what gets or possesses, affix ख, and ख substituted for the penultimate.

ख (क) खक् r. 1st cl. (खक्ते) To sound.

खक्का म. (-कः) A black horse.

खज r. 1st cl. (-ज) खज् (खोजति) To steal or rob.

खक्का म. (-कः) A kind of grass: see द्विक्का.

खज् r. 6th cl. (खजति) To cover. r. 1st. and 10th cls. (खीजति खीजयति) also (र) खजि r. 1st. and 10th cls. (खजति, खजयति) To break in pieces, to sunder, to divide, tear, rend, &c. (रक्) खजिक् r. 1st cl. (खजते) To limp, to be lame.

खुर r. 6th cl. (खुरति) To cut, to scratch.

खुर म. (-रः) 1. A hoof, a horse's hoof, &c. 2. A razor. 3. The foot of a bedstead; also खुर 4. A sort of perfume, commonly Nak'hi, apparently a dried shell fish, and of the shape of a hoof. २. खुर to out, रक्च् Unadi affix, the radical र is dropped.

खुरक म. (-कः) A plant commonly Tila. २. कच् added to the preceding.

खुरचप म. (-पः) A kick, kicking. २. खुर, and चप throwing.

खुरचस् mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Flat-nosed, having a nose like a horse's hoof, २. खुर a hoof, and नच् deriv. of नासिका a nose; also with a final vowel खुरचस mfn. (-सः-सा-स.)

खुरपदी f. (-दी) A horse's foot marks. २. खुर, and पदी vestige.

खुरम म. (-मः) An arrow with a semicircular head: see खुरम्.

खुरवी f. (-वी) Military exercise, practising archery, &c. २. खुर to cut, वलच् aff.

खुराक म. (-कः) An animal in general. २. खुर to cut, and वाक aff.

खुराघात म. (-तः) A kick. २. खुर, and वाघात a blow.

खुरामिघात म. (-तः) 1. A kick. 2. Kicking, pawing, (as a horse.) २. खुर, and मिघात striking.

खुराक म. (-कः) An iron arrow. २. खुर a razor, and वलच् what is able, affix कच्.

खुराकिक म. (-कः) 1. A barber's case. 2. An iron arrow. 3. A pillow. २. खुर a razor, &c. वल् to be equal to, affix ठक्; some read this खुराक, but to all appearance erroneously.

खुरे r. 1st cl. (खुरेते or खुरेते) To play, to sport.

खुर mfn. (-कः-का-क) Small, little, low, mean, &c. n. (-क) A kind of perfume: see खुर. २. खुर to divide, &c. and ख from का to get, the radical ह becomes ख.

खुरक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Low, vile. 2. Little, small. 3. Poor, indigent.

4. Cruel, harsh. 5. Wicked, mischievous, malignant : see चुड़.  
 चुड़तात m. (-तः) A father's younger brother ; also चुड़तात.  
 चुड़न m. (-नः) A road.  
 चुड़ r. 1st cl. (चुड़ते) To play : see चुड़.  
 खोखोर m. (-कः) A hollow or sounding reed, or cane.  
 खेगलन m. (-नः) A gallinule. ३. खे in the air, and गलन going.  
 खेर mfn. (-रः-रै-र) Aerial, moving in the air. m. (-रः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. A Vidyad'hara or kind of demigod. 3. Quicksilver. ३. खे in heaven, and खर who goes.  
 खेट r. 1st cl. (खेटति) To alarm. r. 10th cl. (खेटयति) To eat.  
 खेट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) 1. Vile, bad, low. 2. Armed, having a weapon or weapons. mn. (-टः-ट) Hunting, the chase ; also चाखेट m. (-टः) 1. A shield. 2. A village, the residence of peasants or farmers. ३. A small town, half the Pura or town. 4. The club of BALARAMA. 5. Phlegm, the phlegmatic or watery humour. 6. The ascending node or RAHU. 7. A horse. n. (-ट) Grass. ३. खिट् to terrify, &c. affix चल्.  
 खेटक m. (-कः) 1. A village, the residence of agricultural peasants. 2. A shield. 3. The club of BALARAMA. ३. खिट् to terrify, &c. चल् affix, and कन् added.  
 खेटिताल m. (-लः) A minstrel, a family bard or piper, whose business it is to awaken the Laird, with music and singing. ३. खेटि derived from खिट् to disturb, and ताल tune.  
 खेटिन् m. (-टी) A lecher, a libertine. ३. खेट sport, affix रनि.  
 खेच r. 10th cl. (खेचयति) To eat.  
 खेचिताल m. (-लः) A minstrel : see खेटिताल.  
 खेद m. (-दः) 1. Sorrow, affliction, distress. Lassitude, depression. ३. Pain. 4. Poverty. ३. खिद् to be distress, affix चल्.  
 खेदन n. (-नः) See the preceding.  
 खेदान्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Distressed, pained. ३. खेद, and वन्ति having.  
 खेदित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Annoyed, harassed. 2. Afflicted, distressed, pained. ३. खिद् to give pain, क् aff.  
 खेदिनी f. (-नी) 1. A plant, (Marsilea quadrifolia :) see चरनपर्वी. 2. A creeper, a creeping plant. ३. खिद् to be distress, affixे वनि and डीच्.  
 खेय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be dug. n. (-य) A ditch, a moat. ३. खन् to dig, affix कप्.  
 खेख (ख) खेख r. 1st cl. (खेखति) To shake to tremble, to move.  
 खेखन n. (-नः) Play, sport, pastime. f. (-नी) A piece or man at drafts, chess, &c. ३. खेल् to shake or move, affix चुट्.  
 खेखा f. (-का) Play, pastime, sport ३. खेल् to shake, चल् and टाप् affs.  
 खेलि f. (-लिः) 1. A song, a hymn. 2. An arrow. 3. The sun. 4. A bird. 5. Any animal. ३. खेल् to shake, क् aff.  
 खेव (ख) खेव r. 1st cl. (खेवते) To serve.  
 खेवर m. (-रः) A mule. ३. खे in air, खर who goes.  
 खै r. 1st cl. (खायति) 1. To be firm or steady. 2. To kill, to injure or hurt. 3. To dig. 4. To mourn, to sorrow for.  
 खौडाक m. (-कः) A white and brown horse.  
 खोट r. 1st cl. (ख) खोट (खोटति) To be lame or lamed. r. 10th cl. (खोटयति) 1. To eat. २. To throw or cast.  
 खोटि f. (-टिः) A cunning or scheming woman ; also read खिरि.  
 खोटी f. (-टी) The gum olibanum tree.  
 खोड (ख) खोड r. 1st cl. (खोडति) To be or become lame. r. 10th cl. (खोडयति) To throw or cast.  
 खोड mfn. (-डः-डा-ड) Lame, limping. ३. खोड् to be lame, affix चल्.  
 खोडकशीर्ष n. (-षः) The arched roof of a house, the coping of a wall, &c. also खोडकशीर्षक.  
 खोर (ख) खोर r. 1st cl. (खोरति) To be lame, to be prevented from moving.  
 खोर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Lame. ३. खोर to be lame, affix चल् ; also खोर and खोर.

खोख (ख) खोख r. 1st cl. (खोखति) To be lame, to limp, to be prevented from moving. खोड, खोर, &c. are conceived by some authorities to be mere variations in the form of this root.

खोख mfn. (-खः-खा-ख) Lame. ३. खोख् to be lame, affix चल् ; also खोर, &c.  
 खोखक m. (-कः) 1. A helmet, armour for the head. 2. A pot, a saucepan. 3. An ant-hill. 4. The shell of the betel nut. ३. खुच् to cover, affix खुच्, च changed to ख.

खोखि f. (-खिः) A quiver.

खोखन m. (-नः) 1. A meteor. 2. A planet. ३. ख, and खखा torch.

खोखक m. (-कः) The planet MARS. ३. ख heaven, खख् a hot coal.

ख्या r. 2nd cl. (ख्याति) 1. To relate, to recount, to say or tell. 2. To celebrate, to make known. With वनि prefixed, To shine or be glorious. With वा, To be famous. With वि, to celebrate. With सु, To be approved. With दु, To be infamous. With प्रति and वा, To reject, to refuse. With दुन्, To count, to reckon. With च and वा to denominate.

ख्यात mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Famous, celebrated, notorious. ३. ख्या to relate, affix क्.

ख्यातनर्च mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Notoriously vile, infamous. ३. ख्यात famous, नर्च abuse ; also ख्यातनर्चित.

ख्यातनर्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Infamous : see the preceding.

ख्याति f. (-तिः) Fame, celebrity. ३. ख्या to tell, affix तिन्.

ख्यापक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Declaring, making known, one who tells or declares. 2. One who confesses. ३. ख्या to say, causal form, खुच् aff.

ख्यापन n. (-नः) 1. Declaring, divulging. 2. Saying, avowing. 3. Confessing. 4. Explaining. ३. ख्या causal form, खुट् aff.

## ग

ग The third consonant of the Nagri alphabet, the letter G.

ग mfn. (-गः-गा-ग) Who or what goes, used chiefly in composition : as चखनः a traveller, who goes a road ; चपगा what goes down, (a river, &c.) m. (-गः) 1. A name of the deity GANESHA. 2. A Gand'harba or celestial musician. f. (-गा) A song. n. (-ग) Song, singing. ३. गन् to go or गै to sing, affix च, fem. affix टाप्.

गगन n. (-च) Sky, atmosphere, heaven. ३. गन् to go. Unadi affix युच् and the radical dual changed to ग ; the word and its derivatives are also sometimes read गगन.

गगनचञ्चल (च) 1. A cloud. 2. The sun. ३. गगन the sky, and चञ्चल a standard or symbol.

गगनचञ्चल m. (-नः) 1. The sun. 2. A planet. 3. A heavenly spirit. ३. गगन the sky, चञ्चल् a road, and ग who goes.

गगनपुष्प m. (-पः) A flower in the sky. i. e. an impossibility. ३. गगन, and पुष्प a flower ; also गगनपुष्प, &c.

गगनविहारिन् mfn. (-री-रि-रि-रि) Sporting in heaven. m. (-री) 1. The sun. 2. A heavenly luminary. ३. A divinity or celestial being, ३. गगन, and विहारिन् who sports.

गगनचरद् mf. (-सत् or -सद्) Going in the air. m. (-सद्) A celestial being. ३. गगन, and चद् to go, हिप् aff.

गगनस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थ) Situated in the sky. ३. गगन and स्थ what stays in ; also गगनस्थित, &c.

गगनस्पर्शक m. (-कः) Air, wind. ३. गगन, and स्पर्शक who touches.

गगनवास n. (-वः) The highest heavens, the summit or highest part of heaven. ३. गगन, and वस् end.

गगनचर m. (-रः) 1. A planet. 2. An asterism. 3. A heavenly spirit. ३. गगन in the sky, चर who goes.

गगनचोखक m. (-कः) The planet Mars. ३. गगन the sky, and चोखक a torch or coal.

गङ्गा r. 1st cl. (गङ्गति) To laugh, to laugh at or deride : see गङ्ग.  
 गङ्गा f. (-गा) The river Ganges, or its personification as a goddess. ३.

गङ्गु to go, Unadi affix गङ्, or गी the accusative of गी the earth, and ग who goes, form irr.

गङ्गाका f. (-का) The river Ganges. म. गङ्ग added to the preceding ; also read गङ्गाका.

गङ्गाक्षेत्र n. (-क्षेत्र) The river Ganges, and two Krosh on either of its banks. म. गङ्गा, and क्षेत्र holy place ; all dying within such limits going to heaven, whatever their crimes.

गङ्गाशिरी f. (-शिरी) The black headed gull, (Larus ridibundus.) म. गङ्गा the Ganges, and शिरी a kite, considered by the Hindus as a species of that bird ; the Gangetic kite.

गङ्गाज m. (-जः) 1. A name of BHISHMA. 2. A name of the deity KARTIKEYA. म. गङ्गा the river goddess, and ज born ; the son of GANGA.

गङ्गाजल n. (-जल) The water of the Ganga. म. गङ्गा, and जल water.

गङ्गादेव mfn. (-यः-दी-य) Going in or to the Ganges. म. (-यः) A shrimp or prawn ; also गङ्गादेव. म. गङ्गा the river, and गङ्गु to go, गङ्गु affix, गङ्गाट, and गङ्गु added.

गङ्गाद्वार n. (-द्वार) The place where the Ganga enters the plains ; also Haridwar. म. गङ्गा, and द्वार gate.

गङ्गातीर n. (-तीर) The bank of the Ganga. म. गङ्गा, and तीर a bank.

गङ्गाधर m. (-धर) 1. An epithet of SIVA. 2. The ocean. म. गङ्गा the Ganges, and धर who possesses or receives ; according to the legend, the Ganges in its descent first alighted on the head of SIVA, and continued for some period entangled in his hair.

गङ्गापार n. (-पार) The bank of the Ganges. म. गङ्गा, and पार the bank.

गङ्गापुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. BHISHMA. 2. A man of a mixed and vile caste, employed to remove dead bodies. 3. A Brahman who conducts the ceremonies of pilgrimage at some places on the Ganges, especially at Benares. म. गङ्गा, and पुत्र a son.

गङ्गास्रज n. (-स्रज) The bed or stream of the Ganges. म. गङ्गा, and स्रज centre.

गङ्गासू n. (-सू) 1. Pure rain water, such as falls in Aswin. 2. Ganges water. म. गङ्गा, and सू water.

गङ्गायात्रा f. (-यात्रा) 1. Pilgrimage to the Ganga. 2. Carrying a sick person to the river side to die there. म. गङ्गा, and यात्रा going.

गङ्गासुत m. (-सुतः) 1. A name of KARTIKEYA. 2. A name of the hero BHISHMA ; see गङ्गाज. म. गङ्गा, and सुत a son ; the son of GANGA.

गङ्गाका f. (-का) The Ganges. म. गङ्गा, and गङ्गु affix fem. from ; also गङ्गाका, and गङ्गाका.

गङ्गाभूत mfn. (-भूतः-भूतः) Become as the Ganges, as sacred, &c. म. गङ्गा, and भूत become, भूत augment.

गङ्ग m. (-गङ्गः) A tree. म. गङ्गु to go, and स Unadi affix, what goes or grows ; also गङ्ग.

गङ्गु mfn. (-गङ्गु-गङ्गु-गङ्गु) Going. म. गङ्गु to go, गङ्गु aff.

गङ्ग 1. 1st cl. (गङ्गति) To be drunk, to be confused or inebriated ; r. 1st and 10th cls. (गङ्गति, गङ्गयति) also (र) गङ्गि r. 1st cl. (गङ्गति) To sound.

गङ्ग m. (-गङ्गः) 1. An elephant. 2. A measure of length, the Gaz, a yard, a measure of two cubits. 3. A mound of earth sloping on both sides, on which a house may be created. 4. A small hole in the ground for a fire, over which to prepare medicines. म. गङ्गु to sound, to roar, affix गङ्गु.

गङ्गकन्द m. (-कन्दः) A large esculent root, a sort of arum. म. गङ्ग, and कन्द root.

गङ्गकर्माम्बु m. (-कर्माम्बु) A name of GABURA the bird and vehicle of VISHNU. म. गङ्ग an elephant, कर्म a tortoise, and कर्माम्बु who eats ; alluding to a legend of his swallowing both animals whilst engaged in a contest with each other.

गङ्गविषट् m. (-विषट्) A kind of cucumber, (Cucumis Madraspatanus.)

गङ्गाश्या f. (-श्या) A portion of time proper for a Sradha, म. गङ्ग, and श्या shadow.

गङ्गाटका f. (-टका) A kettle-drum carried on an elephant. म. गङ्ग an elephant, and टका a large drum.

गङ्गाता f. (-ता) A multitude of elephants. म. गङ्ग an elephant, तत् aff.

गङ्गादृग् mfn. (-दृग्-दृग्-दृग्) As high or tall as an elephant म. गङ्ग, and दृग् aff.

गङ्गादन्त m. (-दन्तः) 1. A name of GANESHA. 2. Ivory, the elephant's tooth. 3. A bracket or pin projecting from the wall. म. गङ्ग a elephant, and दन्त a tooth ; GANESHA is represented with an elephant's head.

गङ्गादान n. (-दानः) The liquor exuding from an elephant's temples. म. गङ्ग and दान the same.

गङ्गादृग् mfn. (-दृग्-दृग्-दृग्) As high as an elephant. म. गङ्ग, and दृग् aff.

गङ्गापति m. (-पतिः) 1. A large state elephant. 2. A king. म. गङ्ग, and पति a master.

गङ्गापिप्पली f. (-पिप्पली) A plant bearing a seed which resembles pepper, (Pothos officinalis) म. गङ्ग an elephant, and पिप्पली long pepper ; considered to be a large species of pepper ; see similar names, as कुरि-पिप्पली, रसकका, &c.

गङ्गापुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A large and excellent elephant. म. गङ्ग, and पुत्र implying eminence.

गङ्गापुट m. (-पुटः) A small hollow for a fire, over which to prepare medical decoctions, extracts, &c. म. गङ्ग, and पुट a hollow.

गङ्गाप्रिया f. (-प्रिया) The gum olibanum tree, (Boswellia serrata) म. गङ्ग an elephant, and प्रिय beloved ; also गङ्गाकी.

गङ्गाबन्धनी f. (-बन्धनी) A post to which an elephant is bound. म. गङ्ग, and बन्धन a binding.

गङ्गाभक्षक m. (-भक्षकः) The sacred fig tree. म. गङ्ग, and भक्षक eater ; the young branches of the Pipal being the elephant's favourite food.

गङ्गाभक्ष f. (-भक्ष) The gum olibanum tree : see गङ्गाप्रिया. म. गङ्ग an elephant and भक्ष food ; also गङ्गाभक्ष.

गङ्गासङ्कलिका f. (-सङ्कलिका) A ring or circle of elephants surrounding a car. &c. म. गङ्ग, सङ्कल a circle, गङ्गु affix fem. form.

गङ्गाभक्षक m. (-भक्षकः) A lion. म. गङ्ग an elephant, भक्ष what goes : the destroyer of the elephant.

गङ्गास्रज mfn. (-स्रजः-स्रजः) As tall as an elephant. म. गङ्ग, and स्रज aff.

गङ्गासुता f. (-सुता) A pearl, supposed to be found in the head of an elephant. म. गङ्ग, and सुता a pearl.

गङ्गासीटन m. (-सीटनः) A lion. म. गङ्ग an elephant, सीट् to run away, in the causal form, affix गङ्गु ; or with गङ्गु to go, गङ्गासीटन as it is sometimes read.

गङ्गायुध m. (-युधः) A herd of elephants. म. गङ्ग, and युध a herd.

गङ्गावदन m. (-वदनः) A name of GANESHA, who is represented always with the head of an elephant. म. गङ्ग, and वदन a face.

गङ्गाव्रज mfn. (-व्रजः-व्रजः) Who walks like an elephant n. (-व्रजः) 1. A troop of elephants. 2. The pace of an elephant. म. गङ्ग, and व्रज a number or going, who goes, &c.

गङ्गासाधय n. (-साधयः) A famous city, Hastinapur the capital of the Kurus. म. गङ्ग, स for सम् with, and साधय an appellation ; named from its elephants ; also गङ्गासाध, &c.

गङ्गायत्री m. (-यत्री) The elephant of INDRA. म. गङ्ग and यत्री pre-eminent.

गङ्गाजीव m. (-जीवः) An elephant keeper or driver. म. गङ्ग and जीव who lives ; who gets his livelihood by elephants.

गङ्गागण m. (-गणः) The deity GANESHA. म. गङ्ग an elephant, and गण a face ; see गङ्गावदन.

गङ्गागिरि m. (-गिरिः) 1. A lion. 2. A particular tree. म. गङ्ग and गिरि a foe.

गङ्गावहक mfn. (-वहकः-वहकः) Mounted or riding on an elephant. म. गङ्ग and वहक mounted.

गङ्गाग्रज m. (-ग्रजः) The religious fig tree. f. (-ग्रजा) 1. Hemp, (Cannabis sativa.) 2. The gum olibanum tree. 3. The root of a lotus. म. गङ्ग and ग्रज food ; the food of elephants.

गजाक्षय m. (-स्यः) GANESHA : see गजानन. ३. गज an elephant, and आक्षय a face.

गजाक्षय n. (-स्यः) The city Hastinapur. f. (-स्यः) A plant : see गजविप्लवी. ३. गज, and आक्षय a name : see गजसाक्षय.

गजाक्षय n. (-स्यः) Hastinapur, the ancient Delhi : see the preceding.

गजेन्द्र m. (-न्द्रः) 1. A large and excellent elephant. 2. INDRA's elephant ३. गज, and इन्द्र chief.

गजीवया f. (-या) A short of pepper : see गजविप्लवी. ३. गज, and उपवया pepper.

गज mfn. subst. (-स्यः-स्यः-स्यः) A mine, a jewel mine mn. (-स्यः-स्यः) 1. A cow-house or station of cowherds. 2. A treasury, a jewel room, the place where plate, &c. is preserved. 3. A mart, a place where grain, &c. is stored for sale. m. (-स्यः) Disrespect, contempt. f. (जा) 1. A tavern. 2. A drinking vessel. 3. A hut, a hovel, the abode of low people. 4. The Gunja or Ratti, (Abrus precatorious :) see गुञ्जा. ३. गजि to sound, चच् affix ; fem. affix टाप्.

गजिका f. (-का) A tavern. ३. कन् added to the preceding.

गज r. 1st cl. (गजति) To distil or drop, to run as a liquid ; also, गज (र) गजि r. 1st cl. (गजति) To affect the cheek, to be rough as the cheek, (obsolete.)

गज m. (-जः) 1. A kind of fish, the young of the Ophiocephalus, Ham. 2. Another species, (Cyprinus garra. Ham.) see गज. 3. An impediment, an obstacle. 4. A screen, a covering, a fence. 5. A moat, a ditch. 6. A country, part of Malwa, Gerha or Gera Mendela. ३. गज् to drop, affix चच्.

गजक m. (-कः) A kind of fish : see the last. ३. गज् to drop, affix कृन्.

गजयन् m. (-यन्) A cloud. ३. गज् to drop (water), Unadi affix भच् and चय substituted for the penultimate.

गजलवण n. (-वणः) Rock or fossile salt, especially that found in the district of Sambhar in the province of Ajmere. ३. गज a country, and लवण salt.

गजि m. (जिः) 1. A steer. 2. A lazy ox. ३. गज् to drop, इन् aff.

गजु mfn. (-जुः-जुः-जुः) Crooked, humpbacked, &c. m. (-जुः) 1. A hump on the back. 2. Goitre or Bronchocele. 3. A humpbacked man. 4. A Javelin, a spear. 5. An earth-worm. 6. A water pot. ३. गज् to drop, Unadi affix च.

गजुक n. (-कः) 1. A water pot. 2. A finger ring. ३. कन् added to the last.

गजुकण्ड mfn. (-ण्डः-ण्डः-ण्डः) Having a goitre. ३. गज्, and कण्ड the throat.

गजुर mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Crooked, bent, humpbacked. ३. गज् a hump, and र substituted for लः see the next.

गजुल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Crooked, humpbacked. ३. गज् hump, and लच् affix ; also गजुर.

गजेर m. (-रः) A cloud. ३. गज् to drop (water), and एरन् Unadi aff.

गजील n. (-लः) Fossile salt. ३. गज the country, and लय produced.

गजील m. (-लः) 1. A mouthful. 2. Raw sugar. ३. गज् to drop, जीलच् Unadi affix ; also गज्जील.

गज्जिका f. (-का) 1. A sudden rush of water of which the source is unknown. 2. A single ewe preceding a flock of sheep.

गज्जुक m. (-कः) A golden vase. ३. गज् to sprinkle, जुक् Unadi affix ; also गज्जुक and occasionally ज्जुक.

गज्जुक m. (-कः) A golden water vessel : see the preceding.

गज r. 10th cl. (गजयति) To count, to reckon up by number, to calculate.

गज m. (-जः) 1. A flock, a multitude, a troop, a tribe or class, &c. 2. A body of troops equal to three Gulmas or twenty-seven chariots and as many elephants, eighty-one horses, and 135 foot. 3. Troops of inferior deities considered as SIVA's attendants, and under the especial superintendence of GANESHA. 4. A name of GANESHA. 5. A number (in arithmetic.) 6. A kind of perfume, commonly Chor.

7. A sect in philosophy or religion. 8. A conjugation, a class or radicals. 2. Series of asterisms which are classed under three heads human, infernal, and divine. ३. गज् to count to reckon, affix चच्.

गजक m. (-कः) 1. An astrologer, a calculator of nativities, &c. 2. An arithmetician. f. (-की) The wife of an astrologer. ३. गज् to calculate, affix कृन्, fem. affix जीच्.

गजकार m. (-रः) 1. A name of BHIMASENA. 2. A classifier, one who arranges into classes. ३. गज a troop, and कार who forms.

गजचक्रक n. (-कः) A dinner in common by a party of virtuous men. ३. गज a number, चक्र a wheel or circle, and कन् aff.

गजता f. (-ता) 1. Classification. 2. Multitude, assemblage. 3. Following a part or fraction. 4. Arithmetic. ३. गज a class, तच् affix ; also with ल, गजल.

गजदीक्षा f. (-क्षा) 1. Initiation of a particular kind in which GANESHA is especially worshipped. 2. Initiation of a number or class. 3. Performance of religious rites for a number of persons. ३. गज, and दीक्षा a religious rite.

गजदीक्षिन् m. (-न्) 1. A priest who officiates for various castes and people. 2. One who has been initiated into the worship of GANESHA. ३. गज, दीक्षा a rite, and इनि aff.

गजदेवता f. (-ता) A deity of a class, as an Aditya a Vasu, a Rudra, &c. ३. गज, and देवता a divinity.

गजद्रव्य n. (-व्यः) 1. Public property, common stock. 2. A variety of articles. ३. गज a class, and द्रव्य thing.

गजधर m. (-रः) 1. The head of a class or number, the teacher of a school. 2. A title of the first disciples of the Jaina Mahavira. ३. गज a class, and धर who holds.

गजन nf. (-न-जा) 1. Counting, enumerating. 2. Arithmetic. ३. गज् to count, युच् aff.

गजनाथ m. (-थः) A name of GANESHA. ३. गज, and नाथ lord.

गजनायक m. (-कः) A name of GANESHA. f. (-यिका) A name of DURGA. ३. गज, and नायक a leader ; see गजेय.

गजनीय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) 1. Numerable, to be counted or reckoned. 2. To be classed. ३. गज् to count, and चनीयर् aff.

गजपति m. (-तिः) GANESHA. ३. गज् and पति lord : see गजेय.

गजपर्वत m. (-तः) The fabulous mountain Kailasha. ३. गज SIVA's attendant demigods, and पर्वत a mountain ; this mountain being the residence of the Kinnaras, Yakshas, and other subordinate deities.

गजपीठक n. (-कः) The breast or bosom. ३. गज the aggregate, (of qualities,) and पीठक a seat.

गजरात्र n. (-त्रः) A multitude of nights. ३. गज, and रात्र night.

गजरूप m. (-रूपः) Swallow wort, (Colotropis gigantea ; ) also चर्क. ३. गज a number, and रूप form, multifarious.

गजरूपिन् m. (-न्) Swallow wort, the white sort : see the preceding.

गजवतीसुत m. (-तः) The name of a sage and physician, also called DHANWANTARI or KASIRAJA. ३. गजवती a proper name, and सुत a son, the son of GANAVATI.

गजहासक m. (-कः) Chor, a species of perfume, ३. गज many, and हासक what causes to smile, what delights.

गजावली m. (-ली) A name of GANESHA. ३. गज the troops of deities, and अवली principal.

गजावध m. (-धः) The mountain Kailasha. ३. गज, and अवध a mountain, the residence of the GANAS or troops of demi-gods.

गजाधिप m. (-पः) 1. A name of GANESHA. 2. A title of SIVA. 3. The chief of a troop of soldiers, of a class of disciples, of a body of men or animals, &c. ३. गज, and अधिप Master ; also गजाधिपति, and other similar epithets : see गजेय.

गजाह्न n. (-ह्नः) A mess, food prepared for a number of persons in common. ३. गज and अह्न food.

गणधनर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) One of a troop or number. m. (-रः) A member of a religious convent or association. ३. गण, and गणधनर included गणि f. (-णिः) Counting, enumerating ३. गण् to count, रण् aff.

गणिका f. (-का) 1. A courtesan, a harlot. 2. A sort of Jasmin. (J. auriculatum.) 3. A tree, commonly Ganiyari, (Premnaspinosa.) 4. A female elephant. 5. Counting, enumerating. ३. गण to reckon, &c. ण् aff.

गणिकारिका f. (-का) The name of a small tree with a very fetio leaf, commonly called Ganiyari, the wood of which is used in attrition, for the purpose of producing flame, (Premna spinosa.) ३. कन् added to गणिकारी.

गणिकारी f. (-री) The name of a tree : see the preceding.

गणित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Numbered, counted, reckoned, calculated. n. (-तं) 1. The science of computation, comprising arithmetic, algebra, and geometry, distinguished as पाटीगणितं, बीजगणितं and शिखागणितं. 2. Calculating, numbering. ३. गण to count, affix क्.

गणित्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) 1 To be counted or numbered. 2. To be calculated. ३. गण and तय्य aff.

गणपिटका f. (-का) A division of science peculiar to the Jainas.

गणीभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Included in any class or troop. 2. Calculated. ३. गण, and भूत become, with वि augment.

गण्य mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Numberable, calculable, what may be reckoned or counted. ३. गण to count, and यन् affix, form irr. see गण्य.

गणेर m. (-रः) A plant, (Pterospermum acerifolium, &c.) see कर्षिकार. f. (-रः) 1. A harlot, a whore. 2. A female elephant. ३. गण a number, ईर्, to go, &c. affix उ.

गणेरका f. (-का) A bawd, a procuress. ३. कन् added to the preceding.

गणेश m. (-शः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. GANESA, the son of SIVA and PARVATI ; he is the deity of wisdom, and remover of obstacles, whence in the commencement of all undertakings, the opening of all compositions. &c. he receives the reverential homage of the Hindus. He is represented as a short fat man with the head of an elephant ; and the persent appellation, with other similar compounds, alludes to his office as chief of the various classes of subordinate gods, who are regarded as SIVA's attendants. ३. गण a troop or class (of deities attendant upon SIVA,) and ईश lord or master.

गणेशकुसुम m. (-मः) A shrub, Oleander with red flowers. ३. गणेश and कुसुम a flower.

गणेशपूजा f. (-जा) Worship of GANESA. ३. गणेश and पूजा worship.

गणेशभूषण n. (-णः) Red lead. ३. गणेश and भूषण ornament.

गणेशाश्व m. (-श्वः) A rhinoceros. ३. गण a herd, and अश्व a toil.

गण्ड m. (-ण्डः) 1. A cheek, the whole side of the face including the temple. 2. An elephant's temple or cheek. 3. A boil, a pimple. 4. A mark, a spot. 5. A bubble. 6. A knot. 7. A rhinoceros : (see गण्डक) 8. Part of a horse's trappings, a stud or button fixed as an ornament upon the harness. 9. A hero. 10. The abrupt interchange of question and answer, as one of the characteristics of the dramatic composition called Vithi. 11. The tenth Yoga, or one of the twenty-seven portions of a circle on the plane of the ecliptic : see योग. 12. An astronomical period. ३. गण् to affect the cheek, ण् affix, or गन् to go, उ Unadi aff.

गण्डक m. (-कः) 1. A rhinoceros. 2. A mode of reckoning by fours. 3. An obstacle or impediment. 4. Separation, disjunction. 5. Astrological science or a part of it. f. (-की) The name of a river in the north of India, the Gandaki. f. (-का) A lump, a ball. ३. गण् to affect the cheek, &c. ण् affix, fem. affix णीप्.

गण्डवाही f. (-ही) A sensitive plant, (Mimosa pudica.) ३. गण्ड a boil, and वाही what occasions.

गण्डवाही f. (-ही) See the preceding. ३. गण्ड a knot, and वाही black black with many joints and knots.

गण्डकुसुम n. (-मः) The juice that exudes from the elephant's temples time of rut. ३. गण्ड an elephant's temples, and कुसुम a flow from its supposed fragrance.

गण्डकूप m. (-पः) The peak or summit of a mountain.

गण्डगाम n. (-गः) A fruit, custard apple, (Annona squamosa) ३. गण्ड boil, and गाम a body ; the inside being compared to purul pustules.

गण्डफलक n. (-कः) The cheek. ३. गण्ड and फलक a layer.

गण्डलाहा f. (-हा) Inflammation of the glands of the neck, &c. ३. गण्ड boil, and लाहा a necklace.

गण्डलाहिव mfn. (-ही-हिनी-लि) Having the glands of the neck inflamed. ३. रणि added to the last.

गण्डशैल m. (-शैः) 1. A rock or rocky fragment fallen from a height thrown down by an earthquake, a storm, &c. 2. The forehead. ३. गण्ड cheek, and शैल a rock, the cheek of the mountain, or in the second instance, vice-versa, the mountain as it were of the cheek or face.

गण्डस्थल nf. (-लः-ली) The cheek. ३. गण्ड and स्थल place.

गण्डाश्व m. (-श्वः) A rhinoceros. ३. गण्ड a stud, and अश्व a body ; from the studded appearance of his hide.

गण्डाली f. (-ली) A bent grass with white blossoms, a white sort Durva, (Agrostis linearis.) ३. गण्ड a boil, णल् to be adequate or fit for, affix णल् and णीप्.

गण्डि m. (-ण्डिः) 1. Goutre or Bronchocele. 2. The trunk of a tree. गण्डि to affect the cheek, &c. Unadi affix ण्.

गण्डीर m. (-रः) 1. A kind of potherb, described as growing in water ground, and according to some, a species of cucumber. 2. A hero, a champion. f. (-री) A milky plant, (Euphorbia.) ३. गण्डि to affect a part. &c. रण् aff.

गण्डु mf. (-ण्डुः) A pillow. f. (-ण्डुः) A knot or joint. ३. गण्डि to support the cheek, Unadi affix उ.

गण्डुपद m. (-दः) An earth-worm. f. (-दी) A small or female worm. ३. गण्डु a knot, and पद a foot.

गण्डुपदभव m. (-वः) Lead. ३. गण्डुपद a worm, and भव produced.

गण्डुष mf. (-वः-वा) 1. A mouthful. 2. A handful. 3. A handful of water &c. held in the hollowed palm of the hand for rinsing the mouth &c. 4. Filling the mouth, rinsing it, &c. 5. The tip of an elephant's trunk. ३. गण्डु to drop, अण् Unadi affix and नन् inserted.

गण्डुल m. (-लः) 1. Raw sugar. 2. A mouthful. ३. गण्डु to drop, or गण् to affect the cheek, णील् affix ; also गण्डुल ३. गण् to count, यन् a गण्ड mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be counted or calculated. ३. गण् to count, aff of the future participle यन् ; also irregularly गण्येय.

गत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone. 2. Known, understood. 3. Obtained, gained. 4. Lost. n. (-तं) 1. Going, motion. 2. Any thing past, done, an event. ३. गन् to go, in the participle past.

गतकाल n. (-कः) Time past. ३. गत, and काल time.

गतजन mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Rested, refreshed. ३. गत and जन fatigue.

गतचेतन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Senseless. swooned. ३. गत and चेतन consciousness.

गतज्वर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Well, recovered, free from fever or sickness. गत and ज्वर fever.

गततीयद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Cloudless, cleared up, fair. ३. गत, and तीयद cloud.

गतप्रत्यागत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Returned, come back again after having gone away. ३. गत and प्रत्यागत come back.

गतदिन n. (-नः) Yesterday. ३. गत and दिन day ; also गतदिवस.

गतधृति mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) Agitated, discomposed, unsteady. ३. गत and धृति firmness. [nos

गतनाशिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Noseless. ३. गत gone, lost, and नाशिका the



गतमाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Reformed, without deceit. 2. Cruel without compassion. ३. गत and माया deceit.

गतसङ्गीक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Unfortunate, suffering losses; so गतवीक.

गतवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Going, passing. 2. Obtaining. 3. Falling into. 4. Feeling, entertaining. ५. गत and वत् aff.

गतवित्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Beggared, impoverished. ६. गत and वित्त wealth.

गतविभव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Poor, indigent. ७. गत and विभव wealth.

गतव्यथ mfn. (-थः-था-थं) 1. Free from pain. 2. Unanxious. ३. गत and व्यथ pain.

गतवैश्व mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Grown up, above eight years of age. ४. गत and वैश्व infancy.

गतसङ्कल्प mfn. (-ल्पः-ल्पा-ल्पं) Bereft of sense, foolish. ५. गत and सङ्कल्प purpose.

गतसङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गा-ङ्गं) 1. Detached from, dis severed. 2. Adverse or indifferent to. ३. गत, and सङ्ग union.

गतसत्त्व mfn. (-त्वः-त्वा-त्वं) 1. Base. 2. Lifeless, dead, &c. ३. गत, and सत्त्व being.

गतसङ्गक m. (-कः) An elephant out of rut.

गताक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षं) Blind, sightless. ४. गत gone, and क्ष for क्षि the eye.

गतागत m. (-तं) 1. The flight of a bird backward and forward. 2. Going and coming, reiterated motion in general. ३. गत going, आगत coming.

गतानुगतिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Following, imitative, doing as others do. ४. गत, and अनुगतिक who goes after.

गतायुश्च mfn. (-युः-युः-युः) 1. Very old, infirm, decrepid, decayed. 2. Dead. ३. गत, and आयुश्च life.

गतार्तवा f. (-वा) 1. A woman past child-bearing. 2. A barren woman. ३. गत, and आर्तवा a woman menstruating.

गतार्थ mfn. (-र्थः-र्था-र्थं) 1. Unmeaning, nonsensical. 2. Poor. 3. Void of an object. ४. गत, and अर्थ sense, &c.

गतसु mfn. (-सुः-सुः-सुः) Dead, expired. ५. गत, and सु breath.

गति m. (-तिः) 1. Going, moving, motion in general. 2. March, procession. 3. A road, a way, a path. 4. A period of life, as age, youth, &c. 5. An expedient, a means of success. 6. Knowledge, wisdom. 7. A sinus, a fistular sore. 8. Worldly vanity or wickedness. 9. Course of events, fate, fortune. 10. Resource, refuge, asylum. 11. The diurnal motion of a planet in its orbit, 12. State, mode of existence. ३. गत् to go, affix क्तिन्.

गतिक n. (-कं) 1. Going, motion. 2. Refuge, asylum. 3. Course. 4. Condition. ५. कत् added to the preceding.

गतिक्षा f. (-क्षा) 1. A name of river, the Gatila. 2. Mutual separation. ३. गत् to go, क्त्वा Unadi affix, and त substituted for the radical क्षि.

गतम् mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Going, moving, locomotive. ४. गत् to go affix क्त्वा.

गता ind. Having gone, gone to or attained, &c. ५. गत् to go, क्त्वा aff.

गम्यन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Impassable, difficult of access. 2. Desert. 3. Helpless. ४. गति and क्त्वा defective.

गद r. 10th cl. (गदति) To speak articulately. 2. To be sick. r. 10th cl. (गदयति) To thunder.

गद m. (-दः) 1. Disease, sickness. 2. Speech, speaking. 3. GADA the younger brother of KRISHNA. f. (-दा) 1. A mace, a club. 2. Trumpet flower, (Bigonia suave-olens.) ३. गद to speak, &c. क्त्वा aff.

गदयिषु mfn. (-षुः-षुः-षुः) 1. Loquacious, talkative, talking much or idly. 2. Libidinous, lustful, desirous m. (-दः) A name of KANDARPA, the deity of love. ३. गद to speak, Unadi affix इषुच्, and क्त्वा inserted.

गदायुज n. (-युजं) A kind of Costus, (C. speciosus :) see कुष्ठ.

गदायुज m. (always dual -दौ) The two physicians of Swarga, the sons of ASWINI by SURYA. ३. गद disease in general, and चण्ड health.

गदायुज m. (-युजः) A name of VISHNU or KRISHNA ३. गद, and चण्ड the elder brother.

गदावर m. (-रः) A name of KRISHNA. ३. गदा a club, and वर who holds; KRISHNA or VISHNU is represented holding a mace in one of his hands.

गदावत् m. (-वत्) 1. A name of KRISHNA. 2. A mace or club bearer. 3. One who fights with a mace. ४. गदा a club, and वत् who nourishes. see the preceding.

गदावृत् m. (-रः) A cloud. ३. गद sound, क्त्वा the sky.

गदारानि m. (-निः) A drug, a medicament. ३. गद and चरति an enemy.

गदावृत् n. (-वृत्) A kind of grass, (Costus speciosus :) see कुष्ठ. ३. गद disease, and आवा a name; named by many of the same terms as disease : see व्याधि, &c. also गदावृत्, गदावृत्, &c.

गदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Spoken, said. ३. गद to speak, क्त्वा aff.

गदितवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Saying, speaking, having spoken. ४. गद, and क्त्वा aff.

गदिन् m. (-दी) 1. A name of VISHNU. 2. A mace bearer. 3. One armed with a club. 4. A sick man. ५. गदा a mace, and इति poss. aff.

गद्वद् m. (-दः) Indistinct or convulsive utterance, as sobbing, &c. ३. गद to speak, क्त्वा affix, root repeated with क्त्वा.

गद्वद्वनि m. (-निः) low inarticulate expression of joy or grief. ३. गद्वद्व inarticulate utterance. and वनि sound.

गद्वद्वपद n. (-पदं) Inarticulate speech. ३. गद्वद्व and पद a word.

गद्वद्ववाच् f. (-वाच्) Inarticulate or convulsive speech, interrupted by sobbing, &c. ३. गद्वद्व, and वाच् speech.

गद्य mfn. (-द्यः-द्या-द्यं) To be spoken or uttered. n. (-द्यः) Prose ३. गद to speak, affix यत्.

गद्यानक n. (-कं) A weight either of sixty-four or forty-eight Rattis; also read गद्यानक.

गन्तव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be gone, to be gone to or attained. ३. गन्, and तव्य aff.

गन्तु m. (-न्तुः) A traveller, a way-farer. ३. गम् to go, Unadi affix तुन्.

गन्तृ mfn. (-न्तः-न्ती-न्तं) Who or what goes or moves. ३. गम् to go, क्त्वा aff.

गन्त्री f. (-त्री) A cart or car drawn by oxen. ३. गम् to go, क्त्वा affix, fem. affix क्त्रीच्.

गन्त्रीरथ m. (-थः) A cart. ३. गन्त्री a carriage drawn by oxen, and रथ a vehicle.

गन्ध r. 10th cl. (गन्धते) 1. To injure, to hurt or kill. 2. To move, to go. 3. To ask or beg.

गन्ध m. (-न्धः) 1. Smell, odour. 2. A perfume, a fragrance or fragrant substance. 3. A diffusive fragrance. 4. Sulphur. 5. Connexion, relationship. 6. A neighbour. 7. A plant, (Morunga hyperanthera, &c.) 8. Pride, arrogance. 9. Small, diminutive, a little, a small quantity, &c. 10. Pounded Sandal. f. (-न्धः) The bud of the Champaca flower, (Michelia Champaca.) n. (-न्धः) Aloe-wood. ३. गन्ध to hurt, to move, &c. affix क्त्वा.

गन्धक n. (-कः) 1. Sulphur. 2. The morunga tree, (M. hyperanthera, &c.) see श्रीभाष्य. ३. कत् added to the preceding.

गन्धकारिका f. (-का) A female artisan, living in the house of another woman. ३. गन्ध perfume, and कारिका who makes.

गन्धकाशिका f. (-का) The mother of VYASA. ३. कत् added to the next.

गन्धकाशी f. (-शी) The mother of the poet VYASA. ३. गन्ध perfume, क्त्वा to make, affix क्त्वा and क्त्रीच् having a strong scent.

गन्धकाष्ठ n. (-ष्ठः) A fragrant wood, as Sandal, aloewood, &c. ३. गन्ध smell, and काष्ठ timber.

गन्धकुटी f. (-टी) A kind of perfume, commonly Mura. ३. गन्ध smell, &c. कुटी abode.

गन्धलेख n. (-खं) A fragrant grass. ३. गन्ध, and लेख grass; also with क्त्वा added गन्धलेखः : see गन्धलेख.

गन्धनक m. (-कः) An elephant of the best kind. ३. गन्ध odour, गन्ध an elephant.  
 गन्धगुण mfn. (-गः-गः-गः) Having the property of odour. ३. गन्ध, and गुण quality.  
 गन्धग्राह n. (-हः) Smelling any odour. ३. गन्ध, and ग्राह smelling.  
 गन्धपेचिका f. (-का) Musk. ३. गन्ध fragrance, पैलि clothes, affix कच्; being used for scenting clothes.  
 गन्धजात n. (-तः) The leaf of the Laurus cassia. ३. गन्ध smell, जात produced; fragrant.  
 गन्धवा f. (-वा) The nose ३. गन्ध scent, and वा who knows.  
 गन्धवृत्त n. (-वृत्तः) A musical instrument, one of a loud sound used in battle: (a drum or trumpet.) ३. गन्ध pride, and वृत्त a musical instrument.  
 गन्धग्रस n. (-ग्रसः) A fragrant grass, (Andropogon schoenanthus.) ३. गन्ध, and ग्रस grass.  
 गन्धलव f. (-लवः) A sort of perfume, commonly Elabaluka. ३. गन्ध and लव skin, rind.  
 गन्धरिप m. (-रिपः) An elephant of the best class, supposed to emit a particular smell at all times. ३. गन्ध, and रिप an elephant.  
 गन्धधूलि f. (-धूलिः) Musk, the fragrant secretion of the musk-deer. ३. गन्ध fragrant, and धूलि dust.  
 गन्धन n. (-नः) 1. Continued effort, perseverance. 2. Injury, hurting, killing. 3. Intimation, information. 4. Manifestation. ३. गन्ध to hurt, to move, &c. affix कच्.  
 गन्धनकुल m. (-कुलः) The musk-rat of Bengal. (Sorex moschata.) ३. गन्ध scented, and कुल an ichneumon.  
 गन्धनाकुली f. (-ली) A plant, possibly the serpent Ophioclyon: see राजा, ३. गन्ध smelling, and नाकुली the same plant.  
 गन्धनाम m. (-ना) A fragrant kind of basil. ३. गन्ध fragrance, and नाम a name.  
 गन्धनाली f. (-ली) The nose. ३. गन्ध scent, and नाली tubular canal.  
 गन्धनिलया f. (-या) Double jasmin, (J. Zambac floribus multiplicatis.) ३. गन्ध smell, and निलया a house.  
 गन्धपत्र m. (-पत्रः) A white sort of basil, (Ocimum gratissimum:) see अंतपत्रांत f. (-त्री) 1. A sort of zedoary. (-वा) Ajwaen, (Ligusticum ajwaen.) 2. Another plant, (Physalis flexuosa.) ३. गन्ध, and पत्र a leaf.  
 गन्धपलायिका f. (-का) Turmeric. ३. गन्ध smell, पलाय a leaf.  
 गन्धपलायी f. (-यी) Zedoary, (Curcuma zerumbet.) ३. गन्ध and पलाय a leaf.  
 गन्धपाषाण m. (-पाषाणः) Sulphur. ३. गन्ध smelling, and पाषाण a stone.  
 गन्धपिशाचिका f. (-का) The smell of incense, diffusive incense. ३. गन्ध smell पिशाचिका female demon; imp-like, from its dark colour or cloudy nature; or attracting demons by its fragrance.  
 गन्धपीता f. (-ता) A species of zedoary. ३. गन्ध and पीत yellow.  
 गन्धपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) 1. A kind of cane, (Calamus rotang.) 2. Another plant, (Alangium hexapetalum:) see चक्रीट. 3. Sebesten. (Cordia myxa.) f. (-वा) 1. The indigo plant. 2. Ganiyari, (Premna spinosa, &c.) see नक्षिकारी. n. (-चः) Flowers and Sandal presented together at seasons of worship. ३. गन्ध smell, and पुष्प flower; having odoriferous flowers.  
 गन्धफल m. (-फलः) 1. Elephant or wood apple: see कपिल. 2. The Bel, (Ægle cratæva.) f. (-ला or -ली) 1. A plant bearing a fragrant seed: see पिचक. 2. The gum olibanum tree. f. (-ली) The blossom of the champaca: see चम्पक. ३. गन्ध smell, and फल a fruit.  
 गन्धवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) The mango tree. ३. गन्ध a smell, and वृक्ष a friend.  
 गन्धभद्रा f. (-द्रा) A creeper commonly Gandhabbadali or Ghandali, (Poderia fatida) ३. गन्ध smell, and भद्र auspicious.  
 गन्धभास्व m. (-स्वः) A tree, (Hibiscus populneoides:) see नर्भास्व.  
 गन्धमांसी f. (-सी) A kind of Indian spikenard: see जटामांसी.  
 गन्धमातृ f. (-मातृ) The earth. ३. गन्ध scent, and मातृ the mother; the property of fragrance, residing in the earth or earthy atoms.

गन्धमाद्व mn. (-मः-मः) The name of a particular mountain, forming division between Ilavritta and Bhadrassa or to the east of M m. (नः) 1. A large black bee. 2. Sulphur. 3. The name of one of the monkey chiefs. f. (-नी) Spirituous liquor; also in some b read गन्धमादिनी. ३. गन्ध smell, मद् to inebriate in the causal form मद् aff.  
 गन्धमादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Strong scented, of intoxicating odour (-नी) 1. Lac, 2. A sort of perfume. 3. Wine or spirituous liquor गन्ध and मादिन् what intoxicates.  
 गन्धमाजोर m. (-रः) The civet-cat. ३. गन्ध smell, and माजोर a cat.  
 गन्धमाजिनी f. (-नी) Mura, a perfume so called. ३. गन्ध smell, माजा a m lace, affixes दणि and जीप्.  
 गन्धमृच्छ m. (-च्छः) A creeper, (Hibiscus populneoides:) also गन्धमाच्छ.  
 गन्धमूल m. (-मूलः) A plant with a fragrant and tuberous root, one of Soitaminea, (Alpinia galanga:) see कुल्लुम f. (-का or -ली) 1. A species of Cucumber, (C. reclinata, Rox.) 2. The olibanum tree. ३. smell and मूल a root, fem. affix टाप् or जीप् also with कच् a गन्धमूलक.  
 गन्धमूलक m. (-कः) A sort of Cucumber also गन्धमूली; see the preceding गन्धमूषिक mfn. (-मूषः-का) The musk-rat or shrew, (Sorex moschata:) ३. in the fem. गन्धमूषी.  
 गन्धमृग m. (-मृगः) The civet-cat. ३. गन्ध smell, and मृग a deer; the name also may be applied to the musk-deer.  
 गन्धमोदन n. (-नः) Sulphur, ३. गन्ध, and मोदन pleasing.  
 गन्धमेषुन m. (-नः) A bull. ३. गन्ध smell, and मेषुन copulation.  
 गन्धमोहिनी f. (-नी) The champaca flower. ३. गन्ध smell, and मोहिनी lighting.  
 गन्धमृग m. (-मृगः) Myrrh. ३. गन्ध smell, and मृग essence; also मृगमृग.  
 गन्धराज n. (-जः) 1. Sandal. 2. Any sweet smelling flower. f. (-नी) 1. sort of perfume, commonly, Nak'hi; see गन्धी. ३. गन्ध smell, and राज what excels, from राज् to shine, affix कच्; fem. affix जीप्.  
 गन्धर्ष m. (-र्षः) 1. A Gand'harba or celestial musician; these demigods inhabit INDRA's heaven, and form the orchestra at all the banquets of the principal deities. 2. A horse. 3. A kind of deer; according to some authorities, the musk-deer. 4. The soul after death, as previous to its being born again, corresponding, in some respects to the western notion of ghosts. 5. A singer in general. 6. The Kokila or black cuckoo. 7. The sun. 8. A sage, a pious man. ३. गन्ध smell, injury, &c. गन्ध to go, affix कच् the च final of गन्ध is rejected; the root is also sometimes written with the dental letter च् when the compound will be गन्धर्ष; the best authorities however write it with the final labial letter ष as above.  
 गन्धर्वविद्या f. (-द्या) Music, dancing, &c. ३. गन्धर्व, and विद्या science.  
 गन्धर्वविवाह m. (-वः) Marriage by mutual consent, without any ceremonies, allowable between persons of the second class. ३. गन्धर्व an विवाह marriage.  
 गन्धर्ववेद m. (-वेदः) The science of music considered as a branch of the Sama Veda. ३. गन्धर्व and वेद a Veda.  
 गन्धर्ववृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) The castor-oil tree, (Palma cristata or Ricinus communis.) ३. गन्धर्व a deer, and वृक्ष hand or food; the leaves being compared to the foot of the deer: also with कच् added गन्धर्ववृक्षक.  
 गन्धर्वलुपा f. (-पा) A fly or gnat. ३. गन्धर्व smell, &c. लोपुण unsteady.  
 गन्धर्वचिन्ता m. (-चिन्ता) A perfumer, a dealer in perfumes. ३. गन्धर्व and चिन्ता a dealer.  
 गन्धर्वत्त mfn. (-वत्त-वती-वत्) Scented, smelling, odoriferous. f. (-ती) 1. The earth. 2. The name of a city. 4. Wine or vinous liquor. 4. A kind of perfume: see मृग. 5. The mother of VYASA. 6. A wild species of Ajwaen: see the दमाजी. ३. गन्ध smell, वत्तप् poss. affix फेल् aff. जीप्.  
 गन्धर्वलक n. (-लकः) 1. Cassia bark. 2. Sarsaparilla. ३. गन्धर्व, and लक bark

गन्धवल्ली f. (-री) A plant, also गन्धद्वी E. गन्ध smell, and गन्धर a pedicle, or with गन्धी the same, गन्धवल्ली.

गन्धवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Smelling, fragrant, &c m. (-वः) The wind. f. (-वा) The nose. E. गन्ध smell, and वत् what conveys, from वद् to bear &c., and वच् aff.

गन्धवाह m. (-वः) 1. The wind. 2. A deer, the musk-deer. f. (-वा) The nose. E. गन्ध smell, वद् to convey, and वच् aff.

गन्धविपुल m. (-लः) Wheat.

गन्धवृक्ष n. (-वः) The Sal tree, (Shorea robusta.) E. गन्ध, perfume, and वृक्ष a tree, yielding a fragrant resin.

गन्धव्याकुल n. (-क) A perfume, a fragrant berry : see कङ्कोल E. गन्ध smell and व्याकुल disturbed.

गन्धवटी f. (-टी) A sort of Cucumber : see वटो. E. गन्ध smell, and वटी the same plant.

गन्धमालि m. (-लिः) A sweet smelling kind of rice. E. गन्ध, and मालि rice.

गन्धमुषिको f. (-नी) The musk-rat or shrew. E. गन्ध and मुषिको a rat ; also

• गन्धामुषिकी.

गन्धधेनु m. (-रः) Musk. E. गन्ध, and धेनु chief, a principal perfume.

गन्धसार m. (-रः) Sandal. E. गन्ध and सार essence, the essence of perfume.

गन्धसूयो f. (-यी) The musk shrew or small musk-rat. E. गन्ध smell, and य् to produce, affixes युक् and डीप् ; also sometimes read गन्धसुयो, from गन्ध and सुख pleasure.

गन्धसोम n. (-स) The white esculent water lily. E. गन्ध smell, and सोम the moon ; opening its petals at night.

गन्धहारिका f. (-का) A female artisan working in another person's house.

गन्धास m. (-सः) A musk-rat. E. गन्ध smell, and आस a rat : see गन्धसूयो, &c.

गन्धाजीव m. (-वः) A vender of perfumes. E. गन्ध, and आजीव who gets a livelihood.

गन्धास्य m. (-स्यः) The orange tree. f. (-स्या) A plant : see गन्धासो. E. गन्ध, and आस्य wealth, rich in odour.

गन्धपक्षवत् n. (-वः) Removing any smell. E. गन्ध, and पक्षवत् taking away.

गन्धाता f. (-ता) A plant, commonly Jati or Chameli, (Celtis orientalis)

गन्धासो f. (-सो) 1. Gandhali or Gandhavadiya, a plant, (Pæderia fetida.) 2. A wasp : see गन्धासो. E. गन्ध smell, and आसो a line, a quantity.

गन्धास्रम् m. (-स्रम्) Sulphur. E. गन्ध smell, and आस्रम् a stone.

गन्धाष्टक n. (-क) A class of eight fragrant articles used in worship, &c. as a sandal, agallochum, camphor, saffron, valerian, and some fragrant grasses. E. गन्ध, and आष्टक eight collectively.

गन्धक m. (-कः) Sulphur. E. गन्ध smell, and टक् affix ; also गन्धक.

गन्धिन् mfn. (गन्धि-गन्धि-गन्धि) Smelling, odoriferous. m. (-गन्धि) 1. A bug ; also the flying bug. 2. A tree, (Xanthophyllum virens.) f. (-गन्धी) A kind of perfume : see Mura, E. गन्ध smelling, इति poss. aff.

गन्धोत्तु m. (-तुः) The civet-cat. E. गन्ध smell, and ओत्तु a cat ; also गन्धोत्तु.

गन्धोत्तमा f. (-मा) Spirituous or vinous liquor. E. गन्ध odour, and उत्तम excellent.

गन्धोपजीविन् m. (-वी) A perfumer. E. गन्ध, and उपजीविन् who lives by.

गन्धोलि f. (-लिः or -ली) A kind of cucumber, (C. reclinata, Rox.) (-ली) 1. A wasp. 2. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) E. गन्ध to smell or injure E. ओलच् affix, इन् or डीप् fem. aff.

गन्धलि mf. (-लिः) A ray light, a sun or moon-beam. m. (-लिः) The sun. f. (-लिः) A name of SWAHA the wife of AGNI. E. ग for जो the heaven, भस् to shine, and लिच् aff.

गन्धलिप्तम् m. (-प्तम्) The sun. n. (-प्तम्) One of the seven divisions of Patala or regions below the earth. E. गन्धलि a ray of light, and लिप् poss. aff.

गन्धलिप्तम् m. (-प्तम्) The sun. E. गन्धलि a ray, and लिप्त a hand ; yielding the sun-beams.

गन्धीर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Deep. 2. Thick, impervious, (as a forest.) 3. Profound, sagacious. 4. Deep in sound, hollow-toned. E. गन्ध to go.

न substituted for the final, इरन् Unadi affix ; also with गुन् inserted गन्धीर.

गन्धीरज्जि m. (-जिः) 1. Deep sound. 2. A low note or tone E. गन्धीर and ज्जि sound ; also गन्धीरनाद गन्धीरज्ज् &c.

गन्धीरिका f. (-का) 1. A large drum. 2. A gong. E. गन्धीर deep, (as sound.) कन् affix, and the fem. form.

गन्धीलिक m. (-कः) A small round pillow

गन्ध (गौ, व) गौगन्ध r. 1st. cl. (गन्धति) 1. To go, to move or approach. 2. To arrive at, to accomplish or attain. With अनु prefixed, To follow, to imitate. With आच् (आगन्धति) 1. To come, to arrive. 2. To go to entertain. 3. (आगन्धते) To wait, to delay. With चप्, 1. To obtain, to gain or acquire. 2. To go over, as a book or set of rules to peruse, to learn. 3. To pass over, to omit. With चप्, To go back or away, to separate. With चप्, To know, to understand. With उत्, 1. To approach, to go near to. 2. To go up, to rise. With उप, 1. To produce. 2. To go near. 3. To consent to. With उप and आच्, To approach. With दुर्, To go with difficulty. With नि, To acquire knowledge. With निर्, To go forth or out. With परि and उत्, To rise, as from a seat, &c. With परि, 1. To surround. 2. To go away. With प्रति and आच्, To return to arrive at. With वि, To go against as an enemy. With सम्, (संगन्धते) 1. To go with, to accompany. 2. To meet, to encounter, (संगन्धति) To go to, (in a transitive sense.) With सम् and आच्, To meet, to unite. With सम् and उप, To submit to, to yield. With सु, 1. To go easily or well. 2. To arrive at.

गन्ध m. (-न्धः) 1. Going, moving. 2. March, especially the march of an assailant. 3. A road. 4. A game played with dice and men, as backgammon, &c. 5. Acting inconsiderately, looking at any thing hastily and superficially. 6. Reading lightly, hasty or careless perusal, running over a book, &c. E. गन्ध to go, चक् aff.

गन्धकारित्व n. (-त्वं) Rashness, inconsiderateness. E. गन्ध as above, कारित्व who does or acts, and त्व abstract aff.

गन्धय m. (-यः) 1. A road. 2. A traveller. E. गन्ध to go, चक् Unadi aff.

गन्धन n. (-न्धः) 1. Going in general, 2. March in general, or the march of an assailant. 3. Cohabitation. 4. Obtaining, attaining. E. गन्ध to go or move, affix क्त्.

गन्धान्ध mfn. (-न्धः-न्धि-न्धि) To be sought, fit, suitable, desirable. E. गन्ध and चक् worthy.

गन्धीय mfn. (-यः-या-यी) 1. What may be gone to or reached, attainable, accessible. 2. What ought to be followed, to be practised or observed. E. गन्ध and गन्धीयर् aff.

गन्धयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Causing or making to go. E. गन्ध to go, causal form, इट् aff.

गन्धगम m. (-गमः) Going and coming. E. गन्ध, and आगम going.

गन्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Caused to go, sent, brought, reduced, driven to &c. E. गन्ध to go, causal form, क्त aff.

गन्धिन् m. (-न्धिः) A passenger. E. गन्ध to go, इति Unadi affix, otherwise with चिनि. affix, गन्धिन्.

गन्ध r. 1st. cl. (गन्धति) To go or move.

गन्धारी f. (-री) The name of tree, commonly called by the same name Gambhari, (Gmelina arborea.) E. गन्ध water, च् to nourish, affixes चक् and डीप्, क is changed to ग and into the second case.

गन्धीर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Deep, (as water, but applied metaphorically to sound, intellect, &c. as in English.) 2. Dull, slow. m. (-रः) A Mantra or magical incantation written in prose in the Rig Veda. 2. A lotus. 3. The citron. f. (-रा) Hiccup, violent singultus. E. गन्ध to go, इरन् Unadi affix, न changed to ग, and गुन् inserted see गन्धीर.

गन्धीरता f. (-ता) 1. Depth, (of water.) 2. Depth of thought, profoundness. 3. Depth of sound. E. गन्धीर, and तच् affix ; also गन्धीरत्.

गन्धीरनाद m. (-दः) A deep or hollow sound, thundering, roaring, &c. E.

नवीर, and नार sound; also similar compounds, as नवीरधनि, नवीर-  
नव; also with नवीर, नवीरनाद, &c.

नवीरवेदिन् m. (-दी) A restive elephant. E. नवीर dull, and विद् to know,  
affix चिनि.

नवीराय n. (-ई) Profound sense or meaning. E. नवीर, and आय sense.

नव् mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Attainable, accessible. 2. To be gone, to be  
gone to. 3. Perceptible. 4. Desirable, suitable, fit. E. नव् to go,  
नव् aff.

नव्यता f. (-ता) 1. Accessibility. 2. Perceptibility. 3. Being capable of  
attainment. E. नव् added to the last; also with न्व नव्यत्.

नव्यमान mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) To be gone, to be traversed, to be gone to, &c.  
E. नव् to go, passive v., मान् aff.

नव् m. (-न्तः) 1. A species of ox, the Gayal or Bos Gaurus. 2. The name  
of a royal or military saint. 3. The name of an Asura. 4. One of  
the monkey chiefs of the Ramayana. f. (-न्तः) Gaya, a city in Behar  
still so called, and a place of pilgrimage; the capital of the saint  
of the same name; it was made holy by the benediction of VISHNU,  
who granted its sanctity to the piety of Gaya the Rajarahi; or ac-  
cording to another legend to Gaya the Asura, who was overwhel-  
med here by the deities with rocks; sacrifices should be offered  
once at least in the life of every Hindu to his progenitors at Gaya.  
E. नै to sing, नव् aff.

नर mn. (-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Poison. 2. An antidote. m. (-न्तः) Sickness, disease. n. (-न्तः)  
1. Sprinkling, wetting. 2. The fifth of the eleven Karanas. f. (-न्तः)  
Swallowing. ((न्तः)) A species of grass, (Andropogon serratus); also  
नरागरी. E. नर to hurt, and न्व affix, or न् to wet or sprinkle, or  
again न् to swallow, affix न्व्.

नरन् mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Antidote, an antidote. 2. Sanative, healthy. m.  
(-न्तः) A species of Basil. f. (-न्तः) A fish (the young of the Ophioce-  
phalus lata, HAM.) E. नर, and न्व what destroys.

नरन् n. (-न्तः) 1. Wetting, sprinkling. 2. Swallowing. E. न् to wet, or न्  
to swallow, affix न्व्.

नरन् mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. A poisoner, poisoning. 2. Unwholesome, occasion-  
ing sickness. n. (-न्तः) Poison. E. नर poison, and न्व who gives.

नरन्त m. (-न्तः) A peacock. E. नर sprinkling, (of rain,) and नन्त religious  
observance.

नरन् m. (-न्तः) The foetus or embryo; see नरन्. E. न् to drop, &c. नरन् aff.

नरन् n. (-न्तः) 1. The venom of a snake or venom in general. 2. A  
bundle of grass, or hay. 3. Measure in general. E. नर poison, &c.  
and न्व what gets or possesses.

नरन् mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Venomous, poisonous. E. नरन्, and न्व aff.

नरागरी f. (-न्तः) A kind of grass, (Andropogon serratus;) see नरा and  
गरी; also नरागरी.

नराजन्त n. (-न्तः) The seed of the Sobhanjan or Morunga. E. नर poison,  
and नराजन्त nature.

नरापिका f. (-न्तः) Lac, the animal red dye so called.

नरान् m. (-न्तः) 1. Weight, heaviness. 2. Venerableness. E. नर and  
नरान् aff.

नरान् mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Heaviest, excessively heavy. 2. Very véné-  
rable. E. नर heavy, नरन् superlative affix, deriv. irr.

नरीयन् mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Heaviest, very heavy. 2. Highly venerable  
3. Worst. E. See the last, affix नरीयन्.

नरन् m. (-न्तः) The bird and vehicle of VISHNU; he is generally re-  
presented as being something between a man and a bird, and  
considered as sovereign of the feathered race; he is the son of  
KASTAPA and VINATA, and younger brother of ARUNA. E. नरन् a  
wing, न्, to fly, affix न्व, and the न् of the noun dropped, who flies  
like a bird, or न् to moisten, and न्व Unadi aff.

नरन्धन m. (-न्तः) A name of VISHNU. E. नरन्, and नन्धन a symbol; whose  
symbol is GARUDA.

नरन्धन n. (-न्तः) A species of metre having four lines to the stanza,  
sixteen syllables to each line.

नरन्धन m. (-न्तः) ARUNA, the charioteer of the sun. E. नरन्, and  
elder born; the elder brother of GARUDA.

नरन्धन n. (-न्तः) An emerald. E. नरन्, GARUDA, and नन्धन marked.

नरन्धन m. (-न्तः) An emerald. E. नरन्, and नन्धन a stone: see  
preceding.

नरन्धीन n. (-न्तः) The emerald. E. नरन् and नन्धीन passed over.

नरन् m. (-न्तः) A wing. E. न् to moisten, and नन् Unadi aff.

नरन् m. (-न्तः) 1. The bird of VISHNU. 2. A bird in general. E. नर  
wing, and नन् aff.

नरन्धन m. (-न्तः) A quail. E. नरन् a wing, and नन्धन who fights.

नरी m. (-न्तः) One of the ten principal Munis or saints, a son of BRAH-  
m. (गर्ग) Wife of GARUDA. E. न् to sprinkle, न Unadi aff.

नरी m. (-न्तः) 1. A kind of fish, (Pimelodus gagora, HAM.) f. (-न्तः) 1  
churn. 2. A water vessel, a goblet. E. नरी an imitative sound  
gurgling, and न्व what makes.

नरीट m. (-न्तः) A kind of fish, (Pimelodus gagora, HAM.)

नरीय mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) A descendant of GARUDA. E. नरी, and न्व aff.

नरी r. 1st ol. (नरीयति) To go or move.

नरी r. 10th ol. (नरीयति) To sound. r. 1st ol. (नरीयति) To emit a deep  
full sound, to sound as distant thunder, to roar as a lion, &c.

नरी n. (-न्तः) 1. The roaring of elephants. 2. The grumbling of cloud  
&c. E. नरी to roar or growl, affix न्व्.

नरीय m. (-न्तः) A fish, commonly Gajar. E. नरी to grumble, affi न्व्.

नरीय n. (-न्तः) 1. Sound, noise. 2. Passion, wrath. 3. Excessive inc-  
nation. 4. Reproach, menace. 5. War, battle, conflict. 6. 7  
grumbling of clouds, &c. E. नरी to grumble or roar, affix न्व्.

नरीय mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) To be sounded or roared. E. नरी to sound  
नरीय aff.

नरीय n. (-न्तः) A carrot.

नरीय m. (-न्तः) The muttering of clouds or distant thunder. E. नरी  
sound as thunder, न्व aff.

नरीय mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Sounded, roared, bellowed. m. (-न्तः) Roaring of  
elephant in rut. n. (-न्तः) The muttering of clouds or roaring  
distant thunder. E. नरी to roar, &c. affix न्व.

नरीय mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) To be roared or sounded. E. नरी to sound  
नरीय aff.

नरीय m. (-न्तः) 1. A hole in general. 2. The hollow of the lions. 3. The  
name of a country; also नरीय, in the north-west of India. 4. A  
kind of disease. E. न् to drop, Unadi affix न्व्.

नरीय f. (-न्तः) A weaver's workshop. E. नरीय a hole, affix न्व्, the wea-  
ver sits at his loom with his feet in a hollow or hole below the  
level of the floor.

नरी r. 1st and 10th ols. (नरीयति, नरीयति) To sound, to roar.

नरीय m. (-न्तः) 1. Smell, odour. 2. An ass. f. (-न्तः) 1. A she ass. 2. An in-  
sect, a kind of beetle springing from cowdung. 3. A disease of  
the skin, eruption of round, red, and painful spots; also नरीय  
4. A creeper, (Clitoria ternata.) n. (-न्तः) The white lotus. E. नरीय  
sound, Unadi affix न्व्.

नरीयान् n. (-न्तः) The skin or hide of an ass. E. नरीय, and नरीय a skin.

नरीयान् mf. (-न्तः-न्तः) A plant, (Ovieda verticellata.) E. नरीय an ass  
and नरीय a vegetable.

नरीयान् m. (-न्तः) A kind of tree, commonly Paraspipal, (Hibiscus  
populneoides) E. नरीय smell, न्व् to go, and न्व aff.

नरीयान् m. (-न्तः) The white lotus. E. नरीय smell, and नरीय an appellation

नरीय f. (-न्तः) An cutaneous disease, a blotch, an eruption. E. न  
fem. form added to नरीय.

नरीय m. (-न्तः) 1. Eagerness, greediness. 2. The Paraspipal: see नरीयान्. E.  
नरीय to desire, to be greedy, affix न्व्.

गर्भ mfn. (-गः-गर्भः) covetous. Greedy. ३. गृह्ण to be greedy, affix गृह्ण.  
गर्भ mfn. (-गर्भः-गर्भः) Greedy, covetous. ३. गर्भ, and हृषि aff.  
गर्भ r. 10th cl. (गर्भयति) To desire or covet : see गृह्ण.

गर्भ m. 1st cl. (गर्भति) To move, to go or approach.

गर्भ m. (-गर्भः) Pride, haughtiness. ३. गर्भ to be proud, चच् affix ; also read गर्भ.

गर्भ m. (-गर्भः) A foetus, &c. ; see the next. f. (-गर्भः) Interval of time, division of time or place.

गर्भ m. (-गर्भः) 1. A foetus or embryo. 2. A child. 3. The belly. 4. The inside, the middle. 5. Joining, union. 6. The rough coat of the fruit of the Jaka. 7. An inner apartment, a lying-in chamber. 8. Any interior chamber, the adytum of a temple, &c. 9. The bed of the Ganges, when the river is fullest ; that is, on the fourteenth day of the dark half of the month Bhadra, or in the height of the rains ; as high as the river flows at this period, so far extends the Garbha, after which the Tir or proper bank begins, and extends for 150 cubits ; this space is holy ground. 10. The calyx of the lotus. The interior or inner part of any thing. ३. गृह्ण to drop, or गृह्ण to swallow, Unadi affix गृह्ण ; also read गर्भ.

गर्भक m. (-कः) A chaplet of flowers, &c. worn in the hair. n. (-कः) A period of a day and two nights. ३. कृत् added to the preceding.

गर्भकर mfn. (-रः-गर्भः-रः) Impregnating, fecundatory, procreative, producing impregnation. m. (-रः) A plant, (Nagelia putranjiva.) ३. गर्भ, and कर what makes.

गर्भकोश m. (-शः) The uterus. ३. गर्भ, and कोश sheathe.

गर्भगृह n. (-गृहः) 1. An inner chamber. 2. A lying-in chamber. 3. The sanctuary or adytum of a temple. ३. गर्भ and गृह a house.

गर्भग्रहण n. (-णः) Conception, impregnation. ३. गर्भ, and ग्रहण taking.

गर्भनाशिन mfn. (-नी-तिनी-ति) Producing abortion. ३. गर्भ, and नाशिन what destroys.

गर्भचलन n. (-नः) Quickening, motion of the foetus in utero. ३. गर्भ, and चलन moving.

गर्भच्युत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Bearing a child. 2. Miscarrying. ३. गर्भ, and च्युत falling.

गर्भच्युति f. (-तिः) 1. Birth, delivery. 2. Miscarriage. ३. गर्भ, and च्युति falling.

गर्भच्छ m. (-च्छः) Enlargement of the navel. ३. गर्भ the belly, and चच्छ an egg, the penultimate made short.

गर्भद mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) Impregnating, procreative. m. (-दः) A tree, (Nagelia putranjiva.) f. (-दा) A shrub so called. ३. गर्भ a foetus, and द what gives, with reference to the supposed virtue of the plant ; also गर्भ-दह mfn. (-ता-दी-हः).

गर्भदुह mfn. (-दुह् or -दुहः) Causing abortion. ३. गर्भ, and दुह what injures.

गर्भधारण n. (-णः) Impregnation, gestation. ३. गर्भ, and धारण holding.

गर्भनाडी f. (-डी) The umbilical cord. ३. गर्भ, and नाडी a vessel.

गर्भपरिक्लव m. (-वः) Secundines. ३. गर्भ, and परिक्लव what exudes.

गर्भपाक्वि m. (-वी) Rice ripening after two months.

गर्भपातक mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Producing abortion. m. (-कः) A red kind of morunga. ३. गर्भ the foetus, पत to fall, in the causal form, and क aff.

गर्भपातन n. (-नः) Producing abortion. f. (-नी) Any plant or drug supposed to have that effect. ३. गर्भ, and पातन causing to fall.

गर्भपातिन् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) Producing abortion f. (-नी) A kind of potherb : see पित्रव्या. ३. As in the last, affixes चिनि and जीप्.

गर्भपोषण n. (-णः) Gestation. ३. गर्भ, and पोषण nourishing.

गर्भरूप mfn. (-पः-पी-रु) A child, an infant. ३. गर्भ an embryo, and रूप form ; also गर्भरूपकः.

गर्भवती f. (-ती) A pregnant female. ३. गर्भ a foetus, and वतीप् poss. aff.

गर्भशुभ्र m. (-शुभ्रः) A kind of vectis or instrument for extracting the dead foetus. ३. गर्भ and शुभ्र a probe.

गर्भशय्या f. (-या) The uterus. ३. गर्भ, and शय्या a bed.

गर्भस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थः) 1. Situated in the womb. 2. Central, internal, within the centre of any thing. ३. गर्भ, and स्थ what abides.

गर्भनाश m. (-नः) Abortion, miscarriage. ३. गर्भ the embryo, and नाश expulsion.

गर्भनाशिन mfn. (-नी-तिनी-ति) Producing or occasioning abortion. ३. गर्भ, and नाशिन what causes to issue.

गर्भगार n. (-रः) 1. An inner and private room, the female apartments, the lying-in chamber. 2. The sanctuary of a temple. The chamber where the object of worship is placed. ३. गर्भ the foetus, and गार an abode, hence it is applied to the womb ; see गर्भगृह.

गर्भाधान n. (-नः) A ceremony performed prior to conception. ३. गर्भ the embryo, and आधान taking, being supposed conducive to future impregnation.

गर्भाशय m. (-यः) The womb, the uterus. ३. गर्भ the embryo, and आशय asylum or abode.

गर्भाष्टम m. (-मः) The eighth month of uterine gestation. 2. The eighth year reckoning from conception. ३. गर्भ the foetus, and अष्टम eighth.

गर्भिणी f. (-णी) 1. A pregnant woman. 2. A plant, (Asclepias rosea) ३. गर्भ embryo, and णि poss. affix, fem. affix जीप्.

गर्भिण्यवेक्षण n. (-णः) Midwifery, attendance and care of pregnant women and new born infants. ३. गर्भिणी, and वेक्षण care, looking to.

गर्भोपचरिणी f. (-नी) A cow (or female), miscarrying from going unseasonably. ३. गर्भ the foetus, उप intensive prefix, कृत् to destroy, affix चिनि and जीप्.

गर्भटिका f. (-का) A species of rice.

गर्भतृप् f. (-तृप्) 1. A kind of grass. 2. Gold. 3. A reed. ३. गृह्ण to swallow, &c. Unadi affix छति, and तृप् inserted.

गर्भ r. 1st cl. (गर्भति) To be proud or haughty ; also (गृह्ण) गर्भहृ r. 10th cl. (गर्भयते) To grow proud.

गर्भ m. (-गर्भः) Pride, arrogance. ३. गर्भ to be proud, affix चच् or गृह्ण to swallow, &c. and व Unadi affix ; this word is sometimes written गर्भ.

गर्वर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Proud, haughty, arrogant. ३. गृह्ण to reject, &c. Unadi affix छरच्.

गर्वार m. (-रः) A watchman, a doorkeeper, a sort of village constable, a headborough or beadle. ३. गर्भ pride, चट् to go, and चच् aff.

गर्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Proud, haughty. 2. Conceited. ३. गर्भ pride, and तच् aff.

गर्व r. 1st and 10th cls. (गर्वति-ते, गर्वयति) To blame, to censure to despise or contemn. [चुट्]

गर्वच n. (-चः) Censuring, censure, blame, reproach. ३. गर्व reprove, affix गर्ववीच mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Censurable, contemptible, vile, bad. ३. गर्व to abuse, चवीच aff.

गर्व f. (-वी) Abuse, censure, reproach. ३. गर्व to revile, affix चच् and टाप्.

गर्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Blamed, censured. 2. Contemned, despised. 3. Bad, vile. ३. गर्व to blame, तच् aff.

गर्व mfn. (-गर्वः-गर्वः) Low, vile, contemptible. ३. गर्व to abuse, affix यत्.

गर्ववादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Speaking ill, speaking vilely or inaccurately. ३. गर्व vile, and वादिन् who speaks.

गर्व r. 1st cl. (गर्वति) 1. To eat. 2. To ooze ; also (गृह्ण) गर्वहृ r. 10th cl. (गर्वयते) To drop, to ooze or distil. With चच् prefixed, To fall, to fall down or off ; With चि, 1. To go, to approach. 2. To bear or support.

गर्व m. (-गर्वः) 1. The throat. 2. The resin of the Sal tree. 3. A reed, a large kind of the Saccharum cylindricum. 4. A rope. 5. A musical instrument. 6. A kind of fish, a small kind of cyprinus, a subgenus of that class, (Cyprinus garra. Ham.) ३. गर्व to eat, to drop, &c. affix चच्, or गृह्ण to swallow, with चच्, गर, and र changed to च.

गङ्गाक म. (-कः) A kind of fish. ३. कङ् added to the preceding.  
 गङ्गाकमल म. (-कः) A bull's dewlap. ३. गङ्गा the neck, and कङ्गा a soft substance as a blanket, &c.  
 गङ्गाकमल म. (-कः) Inflammation, enlargement of the glands of the neck. ३. गङ्गा throat and गङ्गा a swelling or boil.  
 गङ्गाकमल म. (-कः) 1. A sauce of fish ground up with salt, pepper, Ghee, &c. 2. A day on which a course of study is commenced, but immediately preceding a day on which study is prohibited. 3. The fourth lunnation of the dark fortnight, the seventh eighth, and ninth, the thirteenth and three days following. 4. Seizing any one by the throat, throttling, choking. ३. गङ्गा the throat, and गङ्गा what takes, &c.; also गङ्गाकमल.  
 गङ्गाकमल mfn. (-कङ्गा-कमल-कङ्गा) 1. Falling, dropping. 2. Oozing, trickling, flowing. 3. Melting. ३. गङ्गा to flow, गङ्गा aff.  
 गङ्गाक न. (-नः) 1. Melting, fusing. 2. Trickling, dropping, oozing. 3. Falling down or off. 4. Leaking. ३. गङ्गा to drop, गङ्गा aff.  
 गङ्गाकमल mfn. (-कः-गङ्गा-कमल) Fusible, liquefiable, to be melted, &c. ३. गङ्गा to melt, कङ्गा affix; also गङ्गाकमल and गङ्गा.  
 गङ्गाकमल f. (-कङ्गा) 1. A small pitcher. 2. A small water jar with small holes in the bottom, from which the water drops upon a Linga or Tulasi plant, placed beneath. ३. गङ्गा to drop, affix कङ्गा, गङ्गाकमल कङ्गा in the fem. form added, and कङ्गा changed to कङ्गा.  
 गङ्गाकमल f. (-कङ्गा) A thread worn round the neck, a necklace. ३. गङ्गा the throat, and गङ्गा a girdle.  
 गङ्गाकमल म. (-कः) A peacock. ३. गङ्गा the throat, कङ्गा holy observance. also the same as गङ्गाकमल q. v. कङ्गा being substituted for कङ्गा.  
 गङ्गाकमल f. (-कङ्गा) The uvula or soft palate. ३. गङ्गा the throat, and गङ्गाकमल the elephant's trunk, resembling it in being a pendulous, roundish, and fleshy substance.  
 गङ्गाकमल f. (-कङ्गा) A she-goat. ३. गङ्गा the throat, and कङ्गा the breast; some species of the Bengal goat have small fleshy processes, resembling nipples depending from the throat; also गङ्गाकमल.  
 गङ्गाकमल म. (-कः) Throttling. ३. गङ्गा, and कङ्गा the hand.  
 गङ्गाकमल म. (-कः) A disease of the throat, inflammation of the fauces, and enlargement of the tonsils. ३. गङ्गा the throat, and कङ्गा a new sprout.  
 गङ्गाकमल म. (-कः) A prawn or shrimp: see गङ्गाकमल. Some books read this गङ्गाकमल, and others गङ्गाकमल.  
 गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) A strong and lazy ox. ३. गङ्गा to eat, and कङ्गा affix; who is good for nothing but eating.  
 गङ्गाकमल mfn. (-कङ्गा-कमल-कङ्गा) 1. Fallen, dropped. 2. Liquefied, melted. 3. Distilled, oozing, flowing. 4. Decayed, impaired. 5. Lost, deprived. 6. Untied, loosed. ३. गङ्गा to drop, to ooze, affix कङ्गा.  
 गङ्गाकमल न. (-कङ्गा) Advanced and incurable leprosy, when the fingers and toes fall off. ३. गङ्गाकमल, and कङ्गा leprosy.  
 गङ्गाकमल mfn. (-कङ्गा-कमल-कङ्गा) Toothless. ३. गङ्गाकमल, and कङ्गा tooth.  
 गङ्गाकमल mfn. (-कङ्गा-कमल-कङ्गा) Having no nails. ३. गङ्गाकमल, and कङ्गा the nail.  
 गङ्गाकमल mfn. (-कङ्गा-कमल-कङ्गा) Blind. ३. गङ्गाकमल, and कङ्गा the eye.  
 गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) A kind of bird, (the Adjutant or Ardea argala.) ३. गङ्गा the throat, in the seventh case, and कङ्गा a boil; alluding to a pendulous fleshy purse hanging from the throat.  
 गङ्गाकमल f. (-कङ्गा) A she-goat; see गङ्गाकमल.  
 गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) A sort of gem.  
 गङ्गाकमल r. 1st cl. (गङ्गाकमल) To be bold or confident.  
 गङ्गाकमल mfn. (-कङ्गा-कमल-कङ्गा) 1. Proud, haughty. 2. Confident, bold, andacious. ३. गङ्गाकमल to be proud, &c. कङ्गा affix, more commonly गङ्गाकमल.  
 गङ्गाकमल f. (-कङ्गा) 1. A multitude of throats. 2. A quantity of a kind of ३. गङ्गा, or ropes made of it. ३. गङ्गा a throat, &c. कङ्गा aff.  
 गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) The cheek. ३. गङ्गा to eat, and कङ्गा affix; from कङ्गा to get or receive.

गङ्गाकमल f. (-कङ्गा) A small round pillow to put underneath the cheek. ३. गङ्गा the cheek, and कङ्गा a pillow.  
 गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) 1. A goblet, a vessel for drinking spirituous liquor. 2. Lapis lazuli. ३. गङ्गा to drop, deriv. irr.  
 गङ्गाकमल r. 1st cl. (गङ्गाकमल) To blame, to censure or despise: see गङ्गा.  
 गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) 1. A species of ox, the Gayal, erroneously classed by Hindu writers amongst the kinds of deer, (Bos gaurus.) 2. A monkey chief: the son of VAIVASWATA. f. (-कङ्गा) The female Gaya. ३. गङ्गा to sound, and कङ्गा affix, form irregular; or गङ्गा a cow, and: from कङ्गा to obtain, affix कङ्गा, resembling a cow.  
 गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) A bull. ३. गङ्गा a cow, affix कङ्गा. गङ्गा relating to a cow, and कङ्गा king, chief; the more direct compound makes गङ्गाकमल.  
 गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) A wild buffalo. n. (-कङ्गा) Buffalo's horn. ३. गङ्गा to sound, कङ्गा aff.  
 गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) 1. An air hole, a loop hole, a round window, a bull's eye, &c. 2. A monkey chief; one of the sons of VAIVASWATA. ३. गङ्गा a ray of light, कङ्गा to spread, affix कङ्गा, or गङ्गा an ox, and कङ्गा an eye; ox eyed. f. (-कङ्गा) A sort of cucumber, (Cucumis madraspatanus.) 2. A plant, (Clitoria ternatea:) see कङ्गाकमल. ३. गङ्गा the earth, कङ्गा to spread, affix कङ्गा, or कङ्गा.  
 गङ्गाकमल n. (-कङ्गा) A lattice, a jealousy, trellice work. ३. गङ्गाकमल, and कङ्गा a net.  
 गङ्गाकमल f. (-कङ्गा) A fish, (Macrogathus pancalus.)  
 गङ्गाकमल n. (-कङ्गा) Pasture or meadow grass. f. (-कङ्गा) 1. A hay rack, a trough for holding grass out of which cattle feed. 2. A species of cucumber, (Cucumis madraspatanus, or, according to some, C. colocynthis.) 3. A plant, (Clitoria ternatea:) see the preceding. ३. गङ्गा a cow, कङ्गा food, fem. affix कङ्गा.  
 गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) The Gayal, (Bos gaurus:) see गङ्गाकमल. ३. गङ्गा a cow, कङ्गा to see, with कङ्गा prefixed, deriv. irr.; in appearance a cow.  
 गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) An outcaste. ३. गङ्गा, and कङ्गा who eats, eating beef.  
 गङ्गाकमल f. (-कङ्गा) Lac, the dye.  
 गङ्गाकमल n. (-कङ्गा) A day's feed for a cow. ३. गङ्गा and कङ्गा daily.  
 गङ्गाकमल mfn. (-कङ्गा-कमल-कङ्गा) Owner of kine. ३. गङ्गा a cow, कङ्गा a lord or master.  
 गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) A cloud. f. (-कङ्गा) A kind of grain, (Coix barbata.) ३. गङ्गा a cow or the earth, कङ्गा to preserve, कङ्गा affix, or with कङ्गा added गङ्गाकमल also गङ्गाकमल, &c.  
 गङ्गाकमल f. (-कङ्गा) Coix barbata: see the preceding; also with कङ्गा added गङ्गाकमल.  
 गङ्गाकमल n. (-कङ्गा) Red chalk. ३. गङ्गा light or colour, कङ्गा to send, affix कङ्गा, and the penultimate changed to कङ्गा irregularly; also read गङ्गाकमल.  
 गङ्गाकमल f. (-कङ्गा) A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides.)  
 गङ्गाकमल r. 10th cl. (गङ्गाकमल) 1. To seek, to hunt for, to search or inquire. 2. To make an effort.  
 गङ्गाकमल nf. (-कङ्गा-कमल) Research, inquiry after any thing, (physical or philosophical, &c.) ३. गङ्गाकमल to inquire, affix कङ्गा. [affix कङ्गा.  
 गङ्गाकमल mfn. (-कङ्गा-कमल-कङ्गा) Sought, inquired for. ३. गङ्गाकमल to search or hunt, गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) An excellent cow. ३. गङ्गा a cow, and कङ्गा implying excellence; the compound remains masculine.  
 गङ्गाकमल mfn. (-कङ्गा-कमल-कङ्गा) 1. Of or belonging to a cow, (as milk, curds, &c.) 2. Proper or fit for cattle. nf. (-कङ्गा-कमल) A bowstring. f. (-कङ्गा) 1. A multitude of cows. 2. A measure of two Kos: see गङ्गाकमल. n. (-कङ्गा) A colouring substance, a yellow pigment or dye. ३. गङ्गा a cow, &c. and कङ्गा aff.  
 गङ्गाकमल n. (-कङ्गा) 1. A Kos, a measure of length equal 4000 cubits. 2. A measure of two Kos: see the next.  
 गङ्गाकमल mf. (-कङ्गा-कमल) A measure of two Kos, a league measured by 2000 Dands or fathoms. ३. गङ्गा the earth, कङ्गा to join, कङ्गा affix, deriv. irr.  
 गङ्गाकमल r. 10th cl. (गङ्गाकमल) To be thick or impervious as a forest, &c.  
 गङ्गाकमल m. (-कङ्गा) A day. 2. A forest. ३. गङ्गा to be impervious कङ्गा aff.

गङ्गा mfn. (-गङ्गा-न) Impervious, inaccessible. n. (-गङ्गा) 1. A wood, a thicket. 2. A cave. 3. Pain, distress. ३ गङ्गा to tremble, &c. affix युच्, and the radical vowel made short; or गङ्गा to be thick, affix as before.

गङ्गीय mfn. (-गङ्गी-य) Relating to a cave or a thicket, which is deep and difficult of access, impervious. ३ गङ्गा a thicket, &c. aff.

गङ्गा n. (-गङ्गा) A cave, a cavern, a grotto, a recess in a rock or mountain, &c. n. (-गङ्गा) 1. A thicket, a wood. 2. Hypocrisy. 3. Weeping, crying, but not violently. m. (-गङ्गा) An arbour, a bower. ३ गङ्गा to be agitated, and चरच् Unadi affix, the radical vowel made short.

गङ्गा r. 1st cl. (गङ्गा) गङ्गा (गङ्गा) To go, to go to or towards. r. 3rd. cl. but restricted to the Vedas. (जगति) To praise.

गङ्गा f. (-गङ्गा) A verse or metrical composition. ३ गङ्गा to sing, & and टाप् affixes : see ग.

गङ्गा mfn. (-गङ्गा-गङ्गा) Belonging or relating to the river Ganges. m. (-गङ्गा) 1. A name of KARTIKEYA. 2. A name of BHISHMA ३ गङ्गा the Ganga, चच् aff.

गङ्गाट m. (-गङ्गा-ट) A prawn or shrimp. ३ गङ्गा relating to the Ganges, and चट what goes, form irr. ; also गङ्गाट or with कच् affix गङ्गाटक.

गङ्गाटय m. (-गङ्गा-य) A shrimp or prawn. ३ गङ्गा, चट् to go, and टक् affix also गङ्गाटय, and गङ्गाट, &c.

गङ्गायनि f. (-गङ्गा-नि) 1. A name of BHISHMA. 2. A name of KARTIKEYA, ३ गङ्गा the personified river, (as the wife of SANTANU, in the first instance, and mother of the hero; and in the second, as the receiver of KARTIKEYA, the son of SIVA, from AGNI, the god of fire.) and फिच् patronymic aff.

गङ्गाय m. (-गङ्गा-य) 1. BHISHMA. 2. KARTIKEYA : see the preceding. 3. The Hilsa or Illias fish, (Clupeonodon ilisha, Ham.) n. (-गङ्गा) 1. Gold. 2. A grass : see गङ्गाय. 3. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) ३ गङ्गा the Ganges, टक् affix of descent, &c.

गङ्गायनी f. (-गङ्गा-नी) A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides, but it is variously described) ३ गङ्गा Ganges water, ईर् to go or grow, चक् aff.

गङ्गायनी f. (-गङ्गा-नी) A plant, (Guilandina bonducella.)

गङ्गायनी n. (-गङ्गा-नी) The current of the Ganges. ३ गङ्गा Gangetic, and चोच heap.

गङ्गायनीय m. (-गङ्गा-नी-य) A quail.

गङ्गा adv. n. (-गङ्गा) adj. mfn. (गङ्गा-गङ्गा) 1. Excessive, much, very much, heavy, oppressive, &c. 2. Firm, strong. 3. Hard. 4. Close. ३ गङ्गा to agitate, affix क्, deriv. irr.

गङ्गाता f. (-गङ्गा-ता) 1. Firmness, hardness. 2. Excess. ३ गङ्गा, and तच् affix ; also with त्, गङ्गात.

गङ्गाहृष्टि mfn. (-गङ्गा-हृष्टि-हृष्टि) Miserly, niggard, avaricious, close-fisted m. (-हृष्टि) A soymitar, a large sacrificial knife. ३ गङ्गा heavy or close, and हृष्टि gripe.

गङ्गापति mfn. (-गङ्गा-पति-पति) Relating to GANESHA, or the leader of a troop, &c. ३ गङ्गापति, and चच् aff.

गङ्गापत्य mfn. (-गङ्गा-पत्य-पत्य) Relating to GANAPATI or GANESHA. m. (-गङ्गा) A worshipper of him. n. (-गङ्गा) 1. Worship of him. 2. Chieftainship, presidency. ३ गङ्गापति, and चच् aff.

गङ्गायन n. (-गङ्गा-यन) An assembly of harlots. ३ गङ्गायना a whore, यच् aff.

गङ्गायन m. (-गङ्गा-यन) 1. The bow of ARJUNA. 2. Any bow ; also गङ्गायनी.

गङ्गायनी m. (-गङ्गा-यनी) 1. The bow of ARJUNA. 2. Any bow. ३ गङ्गायनी what affects the cheek, from गङ्गा 'with हच् affix, then य added, and र final lengthened; or continuing short, गङ्गायनी.

गङ्गायनीय m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) A name of ARJUNA. ३ गङ्गायनी ARJUNA's bow, and हनि aff.

गङ्गायनीय mfn. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) Angry, wrathful. m. (-गङ्गा-यनी) 1. A Gand'harba or celestial quirister. 2. The Kōbila or Indian cuckoo. 3. A large black bee. 4. A singer. ३ गङ्गायनी to sing, Unadi affix न्.

गङ्गायनीय m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) A male or female singer. ३ गङ्गायनी to sing, हच् aff.

गङ्गा n. (-गङ्गा) 1. The body. 2. The fore quarter of an elephant. 3. A limb, a member. ३ गङ्गा to go, हच् Unadi affix, the radical final is rejected, and the vowel made long.

गङ्गायनी f. (-गङ्गा-यनी) Cowach, (Carpopogon pruriens.) ३ गङ्गा the body, and भङ्गा what breaks or hurts.

गङ्गायनीय f. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) A towel. ३ गङ्गा, and गङ्गायनी a wiper.

गङ्गायनीय m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) The pole-cat, (Viverra putorius) ३ गङ्गा the body, and चङ्गायनी who draws up or contracts in order to spring upon prey.

गङ्गायनीय m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) A small bird, the diver. ३ गङ्गा the body, and चङ्गायनी who plunges, from चङ्गा entirely, हच् to go, and चच् aff.

गङ्गायनीयनी f. (-गङ्गा-यनी-यनी) Fragrant unguents, &c. smeared upon the body, perfume for the person. ३ गङ्गा the body, चङ्गा upon लिप्, to plaster or smear, and चट् aff.

गङ्गायनीयनी n. (-गङ्गा-यनी-यनी) Cleaning the person with perfumes, &c. ३ गङ्गा and चङ्गायनी cleaning.

गङ्गायनीय m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) 1. A musician, a singer. 2. A chaunter of the Puranas or sacred poems. ३ गङ्गायनी to sing. चक् aff.

गङ्गायनी f. (-गङ्गा-यनी) 1. A verse, a stanza. 2. Metre, rhythm. 3. A song, a chant or verse to be chanted or sung. 4. Prakrita or any language not Sanskrit. 5. The same as the Aryya Metre, in which the verse contains sixty syllabic instants, variously arranged. ३ गङ्गायनी to sing, चच् Unadi aff.

गङ्गायनीय m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) A singer. A reciter. ३ गङ्गायनी, क् to make, चच् aff.

गङ्गायनीय m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) One who recites Gathas, verses or hymns. ३ गङ्गायनी, and टक् aff.

गङ्गायनीय (गङ्गा) गङ्गायनी r. 1st. cl. (गङ्गायनी) 1. To stand, to stay, to remain. 2. To seek, to search or enquire for. 3. To compile, string or heap together.

गङ्गायनी mfn. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) Not very deep. m. (-गङ्गा-यनी) 1. Place, site. 2. Desire of gain, cupidity, covetousness. 3. Bottom, soundings. ३ गङ्गायनी to stand, &c. affix चच्.

गङ्गायनीय m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) The name of a king sovereign of Kanyakubja, father of Viswamitra.

गङ्गायनीय m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) 1. A name of the celebrated saint Viswamitra. ३ गङ्गायनी as above, and ज born.

गङ्गायनीय n. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) Kanyakubja the ancient Kanauj. ३ गङ्गायनी a proper name an पुर a city; the capital of GADHI.

गङ्गायनीय m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) The saint Viswamitra. ३ गङ्गायनी, and भू born, the son of GADHI.

गङ्गायनीय m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) Viswamitra. ३ गङ्गायनी and टक् patronymic affix : see the preceding.

गङ्गायनी n. (-गङ्गा-यनी) 1. Singing, song in general, or a song. 2. Sound. ३ गङ्गायनी to sing affix चट् ;

गङ्गायनीय f. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) Orris root. ३ गङ्गायनी song, हनि and क्छोप् affixes ; supposed to be of use in clearing the voice.

गङ्गायनीय mfn. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) Musical. ३ गङ्गायनी and हच् aff.

गङ्गायनीय mfn. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) A goer, a traveller, one who goes or moves. ३ गङ्गायनी to go, Unadi affix न्, and the radical vowel made long.

गङ्गायनीय f. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) A carriage drawn by oxen. ३ गङ्गायनी to go, हच् affix, fem. do. क्छोप् and the pen. made long; also गङ्गायनी.

गङ्गायनीय f. (-गङ्गा-यनी-य) 1. The river Ganges, or the goddess Ganga. 2. The mother of AKRURA. ३ गङ्गायनी paradise, in the accusative case, हच् who gives, हनि and क्छोप् affs.

गङ्गायनीयय m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-यय) 1. A name of BHISHMA, &c. 2. AKRURA. ३ गङ्गायनीयय Ganga, and सुत a son : see गङ्गायनीयय.

गङ्गायनीयय mfn. (-गङ्गा-यनी-यय-य) Relating or belonging to a Gand'harba. m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-यय-य) A heavenly quirister : see गङ्गायनीयय n. ३ गङ्गायनीयय 1. Song ; singing. 2. A form of marriage, that which require only mutual and amorous agreement. ३ गङ्गायनीयय a Gand'harba, and चच् aff.

गङ्गायनीयय m. (-गङ्गा-यनी-यय-य) 1. One of the seven primary notes of music. 2. Minium



\*or red lead. 3. A country, (Candahar, between the north of India and Persia). n. (-र) Gum myrrh f. (-री) 1. The wife of DHRITARASHTRA mother of DURYODHANA. 2. One of the tutelary female deities of the Jains. 3. A plant (Hedysarum alhagi.) 4. Priekty nightshade. **गन्ध** m. (-न्धः) The aggregate of गन्ध smell, &c. **गच्छ** to go and **चक्ष्** affix; the note being said to be produced by pure and fragrant breath, &c. **गान्धर्व** m. (-र्वः) A name of DURYODHANA, the son of DHRITARASHTRA. **गान्धारी** the name of the mother of this chief, and **ठक्ष्** aff.

**गान्धिक** m. (-न्धः) 1. A scribe, a clerk. 2. A vender of perfumes, a perfumer. 3. A kind of worm, having a strong fetid smell. **गन्ध** smell, and **ठक्ष्** aff.

**गान्धुक्** mfn. (-न्धः-का or -की-क) Going, locomotive. **गन्** to go, **चक्ष्** aff. **गान्धीय** n. (-न्धी) 1. Depth, (of water, sound, &c.) 2. The deep sound of the voice of a jaina saint, like distant thunder or the muttering of clouds. **गन्धीर** deep, affix **चक्ष्** or **ञ्च**.

**गायक** mfn. (-न्धः-की-क) Singing, one who sings. m. (-न्धः) A singer. **गन्** to sing, **चक्ष्** aff.

**गायन्** mfn. (-यन् गन्धी-यन्) Singing. **गन्** to sing. affix **ञ्च**.

**गायत्रि** m. (-त्री) A tree that yields the resin formerly called Terra Japonica, (Mimosa catechu;) also गायत्री fem. noun, as below.

**गायत्री** f. (-त्री) 1. A measure of verse in the Vedas, a stanza usually of twenty-four syllables, variously arranged, but most commonly in three lines. 2. A sacred verse from the Vedas to be recited only mentally; this is usually personified and considered as a goddess, the wife of BRAHMA; the metaphorical mother of the three first classes, in their capacity of twice born, investiture with the sacred and distinguishing string, &c. being regarded as a new birth; there is but one Gayatri of the Vedas, but according to the system of the Tantrikas, a number of mystical verses are called Gayatris; each deity has one in particular. 3. A kind of mimosa, (M. catechu;) see the preceding, &c. **गयन्** who sings, and **त्रि** to preserve, affixes **क** and **की**; this applies especially to the mystical verse, the repetition of which is necessary for salvation; the word is also written गयत्री.

**गायन** mfn. (-न्धः-नी-न) Singing, a singer. m. (-न्धः) 1. A singer. 2. A chatterer, a gossip. n. (-न्) 1. Singing 2. Professing or practising singing as a livelihood. **गन्** to sing. aff. **छट्**.

**गरिष** m. (-रिः) Rice, grain, corn. **गन्** to swallow, Unadi affix **चिचन्**.

**गारुड** m. (-रुः) 1. Gold. 2. A Mantra or charm against poison. 3. An emerald. **गारुड** the vehicle of VISHNU, and **चक्ष्** affix; of or relating to GARUDA.

**गारुडिक** m. (-न्धः) A charmer, a dealer in antidotes. **गारुड** the mantra of GARUDA, or a charm against venom, and **ठक्ष्** aff.

**गारुडी** f. (-डी) Hog-weed, (Boerhavia diffusa alata.)

**गारुडन्** n. (-न्) The emerald. **गारुडन्** GARUDA, and **चक्ष्** affix; derived from or relating to GARUDA; the gem is supposed to be generated from his voided phlegm.

**गार्ग्य** mfn. (-र्ग्यः-र्गी-र्ग्य) Descended from the sage GARGA. **गर्ग्य**, and **चक्ष्** aff.

**गार्गीय** n. (-र्ग्य) A multitude of the descendents of the saint GARGA. **गर्ग्य** a descendant of GARGA, and **हुञ्** affix of multitude; also with **ठक्ष्**, गार्गीय.

**गार्गीयुवकावनि** m. (-निः) A descendant of the son of GARGI. **गार्गी** the wife of the saint GARGA, **युव** a son, and **नि** affix, **हुञ्** augment; also without the augment गार्गीयुवकावनि, or with **रञ्** affix, गार्गीयुनि.

**गार्गी** mfn. (-र्ग्यः-र्गी-र्ग्य) Descended from the GARGA, son, daughter, &c. **गर्ग्य** and **चक्ष्** aff.

**गार्ही** mfn. (-र्हीः-र्ही-र्ही) 1. Derived from a vulture. 2. Greedy. m. (-र्हीः) 1.

Desire, greediness, cupidity. 2. An arrow. **गर्ही** greedy, affix **चक्ष्** or **यच्** with **चक्ष्** affix, and **र** rejected optionally.

**गार्हीपक्ष** m. (-र्हीः) An arrow. **गर्ही** and **पक्ष** a wing; formed with vulture feathers.

**गार्हीपच** m. (-र्हीः) An arrow. **गर्ही** As before, **पच** a leaf, a wing.

**गार्ही** n. (-र्हीः) 1. Greediness. 2. Desire. **गर्ही** greedy, **यच्** aff.

**गार्ही** mfn. (-र्हीः-र्ही-र्ही) Derived from a vulture, **गर्ही** and **चक्ष्** aff.

**गार्हीपच** m. (-र्हीः) An arrow. **गर्ही**, and **पच** a wing.

**गार्भ** mfn. (-र्भः-र्भी-र्भ) 1. Uterine, foetal. 2. Relating to conception, (an act or ceremony, &c.) **गर्भ** and **चक्ष्** aff.

**गार्भिक** mfn. (-र्भः-र्भी-र्भ) 1. Foetal, uterine. 2. Relating to or connected with gestation or the foetus in utero. **गर्भ** and **ठक्ष्** aff.

**गार्भिणी** n. (-र्भिः) A number of pregnant woman. **गर्भिणी** a pregnant woman, and **चक्ष्** aff.

**गार्भिण्य** n. (-र्भिः) An assembly of pregnant women. **गर्भिणी** as above and **यच्** aff.

**गार्हपत्य** m. (-त्यः) A sacred fire perpetually maintained by a household, received from his father, and transmitted to his descendant; and from which fires for sacrificial purposes are lighted. **गर्हपति** householder, (from **गर्ह** a house, and **पति** master,) and **यच्** referential aff. [यच्, अ]

**गार्हपत्य** n. (-त्यः) The order or estate of a householder. **गर्हपत्य** and **यच्** aff.

**गाल** m. (-गः) 1. Flowing, liquefying. 2. Flowing, dropping. 3. A flux. **गल्** to flow, **चक्ष्** aff.

**गालन** n. (-नः) 1. Straining fluids. 2. Fusing, liquefying, &c. **गल्** to flow, causal form, affix **लुट्**.

**गालव** m. (-वः) 1. A tree, the bark of which is used in dyeing, Lodh (Symplocos racemosa, Rox.) 2. A pale species of the same: see लोध. 3. A kind of ebony; also लोधक, (Diospyros glutinosa.) 4. A particular Muni or saint, a disciple of VISWAMITRA. **गाल** flow and **व** what prevents; referring to the astringent qualities of the Lodh.

**गालि** m. (-लिः) A curse, execration or imprecation. **गल्** in the cause from to cause to drop, and **लुट्** aff.

**गालित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Melted, fused. 2. Strained. 3. Distilled, dropped. **गल्** to drop, causal form, **लुट्** aff.

**गालिन्** mfn. (-ली-लिनी-लि) 1. Fusing, liquefying. 2. Distilling 3. Abusive abusing. f. (-नी) A particular gesticulation or Mudra. **गल्** to flow, causal form, **लिनि** aff.

**गालीय** n. (-यः) The seed of the lotus.

**गारु (ग)** गारु r. 1st cl. (गारुते) 1. To churn, to stir or agitate. 2. To penetrate. 3. To destroy. With **चक्ष्** or **वि** prefixed, To bathe, to perform ablutions. With **वि**, to shake, to agitate.

**गारुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Shaking, trembling. 2. Destroyed. 3. Plunged into, immersed. **गार्** to agitate, **लुट्** aff.

**गारुद** mfn. (-ता-गी-द) 1. Shaking, agitating. 2. Destroying, a destroyer. 3. One who plunges into water, bathes, dives, &c. **गार्** to agitate **लुट्** aff.

**गिरि** f. (-गीः) 1. Speech, speaking. 2. A name of SARASWATI the goddess of speech. 3. Fame, celebrity. **गन्** to sound, affix **किप्**, **क** changed to **रि**.

**गिरिष** n. (-र्षः) Swallowing. **गन्** to swallow, **छट्** aff.

**गिरा** f. (-राः) Speech. **गन्** to sound, **क** and **टाप्** affs.

**गिरि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) Venerable, respectable worshipful. m. (-रिः) 1. A mountain, a hill. 2. A wooden ball with which children play. 3. A disease of the eyes. f. (-रिः) 1. Swallowing. 2. A small rat, a mouse. 3. A title given to one order of the Dasnami Gossains. **गन्** to swallow, &c. **र** Unadi aff.

**गिरिकण्डक** m. (-कः) INDRA's thunderbolt. **गिरि** a mountain, and **कण्डक** a thorn, tearing or splitting rocks.

गिरिकदम्ब m. (-कः) A species of Kadamba, (*Naucllea cadamba*). z. गिरि, and कदम्ब the same.

गिरिकावर m. (-रः) A cave, a cavern. z. गिरि, and कवर a cave.

गिरिकदली f. (-ली) A species of plantain growing in hilly countries. z. गिरि, and कदली a plantain.

गिरिकर्चिका f. (-का) The earth. z. गिरि a mountain, and कर्च an ear, affixes कन् and टाप् ; the mountain-eared.

गिरिकर्ची f. (-ची) 1. A plant, commonly Jawasa, (*Hedyarum alhaji*). 2. A different plant, (*Clitoria ternatea*) : see चपरगिता. z. गिरि a mouse, and कर्ची an ear, affix लीच् , the mouse-ear-leaved.

गिरिका f. (-का) A small rat, a mouse. z. कन् added to गिरि the same.

गिरिकाक्ष m. (-कः) A blind or one-eyed man, one blind from a particular disease. z. गिरि as above, and काक्ष one-eyed.

गिरिगुह्य m. (-कः) A ball for playing with. z. गिरि, and गुह्य, each meaning the same thing, a ball.

गिरिज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Mountain-born, mountaineer, &c. m. (-जः) The Mahuwa tree, (*Bassia*). f. (-जा) 1. A name of goddess PARVATI, as the daughter of the personified HIMALAYA mountain. 2. The Shaddock or pumplemouce, (*Citrus decumana*). 3. A plant considered as a white species of Rasna : see राजा. 4. The hill plantain. 5. Jasmine. 6. A pebble, a small stone. n. (-ज) 1. Talc. 2. Benzoin or gum benjamin ; it is also confounded with styrax, another gum resin. 3. Bitumen. 4. Iron. z. गिरि, and ज born.

गिरिजामल n. (-ज) Talc. z. गिरिज mountain-born, and जमल clear, clean ; also गिरिज, and जमल severally.

गिरिज्वर m. (-रः) The thunderbolt. z. गिरि a mountain, and ज्वर what burns.

गिरित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Eaten. 2. Swallowed. z. गृ to swallow, affix क्त ; also गिरित.

गिरिदुर्ग n. (-र्ग) A hill fort or any stronghold amongst mountains. z. गिरि, and दुर्ग a place of difficult access.

गिरिधातु m. (-तुः) Red chalk. z. गिरि, and धातु a mineral.

गिरिध्वज m. (-जः) A thunderbolt. z. गिरि, and ध्वज a banner.

गिरिपुष्प n. (-कः) Bitumen, z. गिरि, and पुष्प a flower ; कन् affix of similitude.

गिरिपृष्ठ n. (-ष्ठ) The top of a hill. z. गिरि, and पृष्ठ back.

गिरिप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Fond of or frequenting mountains, f. (-या) The Yak, z. गिरि, and प्रिय fond of.

गिरिभिद् m. (-भिन्) A plant, (*Plectranthus scutellaroides*). z. गिरि, and भिद् what breaks.

गिरिभू mfn. (-भूः-भू-भू) Mountaineer, mountain-born, f. (-भूः) PARVATI. m. (-भूः) A small stone. z. गिरि, and भू born.

गिरिचक्रिका f. (-का) A plant, (*Echites antidysenterica*) : see कुटज. z. गिरि a mountain, and चक्रिका a jasmine, कन् affix of similitude.

गिरिमान m. (-मः) A large and powerful elephant. z. गिरि a mountain, and मान measure, like a mountain in bulk.

गिरिचूर्ण f. (-चूर्ण) 1. Red chalk. 2. Mountain-soil. z. गिरि a mountain, and चूर्ण clay, earth.

गिरिचूर्ण n. (-चूर्ण) Red chalk. गिरिचूर्ण, and चूर्ण produced.

गिरिमेद m. (-दः) A foetid mimosa. z. गिरि, and मेद filth.

गिरिगुह्य m. (-कः) A ball for playing with. z. गिरि a ball, च pleonastic affix, and कन् added ; also गिरिगुह्य the pen. being lengthened.

गिरिबाण m. (-कः) A ball ; see the preceding.

गिरिवाहिन् mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) Living in the mountains, being or produced in them. m. (-ही) A large kind of Arum. z. गिरि, and वाहिन् what abides.

गिरिज m. (-यः) A name of SIVA. z. गिरि a mountain, and शीच् to sleep, affix ज ; inhabiting mount Kailasa, or frequenting the Himalaya range.

गिरिवाहिनी f. (-नी) A plant, (*Clitoria ternatea*). z. गिरि, and वाहिनी what grows in.

गिरिगुह्य m. (-कः) 1. A name of GANESA. 2. A peak of a mountain. z. गिरि a mount, and गुह्य a peak, alluding to his bulk, or गिरि the mountain Kailasa, and गुह्य a peak.

गिरिहार m. (-रः) 1. The Malaya mountains, situated in the south of India. 2. Iron. 3. Tin. z. गिरि a mountain, and हार essence.

गिरिपुता f. (-ता) PARVATI. z. गिरि Himalaya, and पुता daughter.

गिरिपति m. (-पतिः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. A name of Himalaya, the snowy mountains on the north of Hindustan, or the range personified. 3. A name of VRIHASPATI. z. गिरि a mountain, (or in the last meaning, गिरि speech,) and पति lord.

गिरिगुह्य mfn. (-कः-का-क) Who or what swallows. m. (-कः) 1. The citron. 2. Swallowing. z. गृ to swallow, affix क, and र changed to क.

गिरिगुह्य m. (-कः) A shark. z. गिरि, and गुह्य who seizes, who swallows.

गिरिगुह्य mfn. (-कः-का-क) Swallowing, eating, devouring. z. गृ to swallow, गुह्य aff.

गिरिगुह्य n. (-क) Swallowing ; also गिरिगुह्य. z. As before ; र changed to क.

गिरिगुह्य f. (-हिः) 1. Swallowing. 2. Eating. z. See गिरि, र being changed to क.

गिरिगुह्य mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Eaten. 2. Swallowed. गृ to swallow, affix क, गिरित, and र changed to क.

गिरिगुह्य m. (-कः) 1. A Brahman versed in the Sama Veda, a chanter of that Veda, which is always to be so recited. 2. An actor, a professional singer. z. गृ to sing, गिरि Unadi aff.

गीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sung, chaunted, sounded, &c. f. (-ता) A name often applied to books, as the Siva Gita, Rama Gita, Gita Govinda, Bhagavad Gita, which last is also often called Gita only. n. (-त) Singing, song either general or particular. z. गृ to sing, affix क्त.

गीतमोदिन् m. (-दी) A Kinnara or celestial chorister. z. गीत song or singing, and मोदिन् who delights.

गीति f. (-तिः) 1. Sing, singing. 2. A kind of poetical metre, a form of the Aryya metre, in which the stanza consists of four lines of twelve and eighteen syllabic instants alternately. z. गृ to sing, affix क्त.

गीर्य m. (-यः) A name of VRIHASPATI. z. गी speech, and र्य a car, the conveyer of words.

गीर्ण mfn. (-र्णः-र्णा-र्ण) 1. Praised. 2. Swallowed. z. गृ to swallow or make known, affix क्त.

गीर्ण f. (-र्णः) 1. Swallowing. 2. Fame, celebrity. 3. Praise, applause. z. र्य to swallow, &c. affix क्त.

गीर्ण f. (-र्णः) The goddess SARASWATI. z. गी speech, and देवी a goddess, the goddess of language.

गीर्ण ना. (-यः) A deity, a god. z. गी speech, and ना an arrow or weapon in general, whose fiat or word is his weapon ; or गी with न् to desire, affix चच्, desiring hymns, prayers, &c. it is also written गीर्णाच.

गीर्णति m. (-तिः) 1. A name of VRIHASPATI, regent of JUPITER and preceptor of the gods. 2. A Pandit or learned teacher. z. गिरि speech, in the nominative case, गीः and पति master, Visarga becomes व and व is here changed irregularly to च the compound however is sometimes written differently, thus गीःपति, गीर्णति or गीर्णति.

गु (गौ, जि) r. 6th cl. (गुह्यति) To stool, to void excrement. (क) गुह्य r. 1st cl. (गुह्यते) To sound inarticulately.

गुह्यगुह्य m. (-कः) A gum resin ; see the next.

गुह्यगुह्य m. (-कः) 1. A fragrant gum resin, Bdellium or the exudation of the Amyris agallochum. 2. A species of morunga, (*M. hyperanthera*). z. गुह्य (here said to mean) disease, and गुह्य to perfume, affixes च and च, च change to च ; also गुह्यगुह्य.

गुह्य m. (-कः) 1. A cluster of blossoms. 2. A clump of grass. 3. A necklace of thirty-two strings. 4. A pearl necklace. 5. A peacock's

plumage or bundle of peacock's feathers. 6. A bundle. f. (-णी) A species of Bonduz : see बरज. ३. गु to sound, अ affix, or गुप् to play, and अ affix, where bees, &c. sport.

गुच्छ m. (-ः) 1. A cluster of blossoms. 2. A clump of grass. 3. A kind of necklace. 4. A peacock's plumage, a bundle of peacock's feathers. ३. कन् added to the preceding ; also गुच्छक.

गुच्छय m. (-यः) The palm tree. ३. गुच्छ a cluster, and य a leaf.

गुच्छका f. (-का) 1. The plantain. 2. The vine. ३. गुच्छ a cluster, and का fruit.

गुच्छाई m. (-ई) A necklace of thirty-four strings. ३. गुच्छ a large necklace, and आई a part ; also गुच्छाई.

गुच्छाल m. (-लः) A species of grass, (Andropogon schoenanthus.) ३. गुच्छ and ल to fit for, ल aff.

गुज r. 1st cl. (गोजति) or (जि) r. 6th cl. (गुजति) or (र) गुजि r. 1st cl. (गुजति) To sound, to sound inarticulately, to buz, to hum, &c.

गुजरी f. (-री) One of the Raginis, perhaps more correctly गुजरी.

गुज m. (-जः) A cluster of blossoms, a nosegay. f. (-जा) 1. A small shrub, (Abrus precatorius,) bearing a red and black berry, which forms the smallest of the jeweller's weights. 2. The berry which averages about 15-16 grains troy, or the artificial weight called by this name, weighing about 23.16 grains : see रजिका &c. 3. A kettle drum. 4. A low murmuring sound. 5. A tavern. 6. Reflection, meditation. ३. गुजि to sound, affix क where the bees buz.

गुज्ज m. (-ज्) A large black bee. ३. गुज्ज a low tone, and ज्ज who makes.

गुज्ज mfn. (-ज्ज-ज्जनी-ज्ज) Buzzing, humming, making a low murmuring sound. ३. गुजि to sound, अट् aff.

गुज्ज n. (-ज्) Sounding low and deep, as buzzing, murmuring, &c. ३. गुजि to sound, and अट् aff.

गुज्जिका f. (-का) The Ratti or Gunja seed, considered as equal to three barley-corns : see गुज्जा ३. गुज्जा and कन् aff.

गुज्जित mfn. (-ज्ज-ज्जनी-ज्ज) Uttered in a low tone, murmured, &c. n. (-ज्) Sounding, murmuring, buzzing. ३. गुजि and क aff.

गुटिका f. (-का) 1. A pill, a bolus, any small globe or ball. 2. A small pustule. 3. The cocoon of the silk worm. ३. गुट् to surround, affix क्, उ changed to ट.

गुट (र) गुटि r. 10th cl. (गुटयति) To surround, to envelope or enclose : with च, to veil, to screen.

गुट (जि) r. 6th cl. (गुटति) To defend, to guard or preserve. (र) गुटि r. 1st and 10th cls. (गुटयति गुटयति) 1. To surround, to enclose, 2. To pound, to grind, to reduce to powder. 3. (According to some authorities,) To preserve.

गुट mfn. (-ज्-ज्ज-ज्ज) Round, globular, m. (-ज्) 1. A globe or ball. 2. Treacle, molasses, the first thickening of the juice of the cane by boiling. 3. An elephant's trappings or armour. 4. A mouthful. f. (-जा) 1. A plant, (Euphorbia tirucalla :) see गुट्नी 2. Powder, pounded substance. ३. गुट् to sound, affix च.

गुटक m. (-कः) A conserve, a drug prepared with treacle. n. (-क) Treacle ३. गुट् and कन् added.

गुट्करी f. (-री) One of the female personifications of the musical modes.

गुट्नी f. (-नी) A plant, (Menispermum glabrum :) see गुट्नी.

गुट्ठ m. (-ठः) Sugar cane. ३. गुट् raw sugar, and ठ grass.

गुट्ठ n. (-ज्) The aromatic bark of the Laurus cassia. ३. गुट् sugar, and ज्ज skin, bark, sweet-bark ; also गुट्ठज्.

गुट्ठज् n. (-ज्) 1. Mace. 2. Cassia bark. ३. गुट् sugar, sweet as sugar, ज्ज bark, and च added in this form of the compound.

गुट्ठज्ज m. (-ज्) Sugar cane. ३. गुट् raw sugar, and ज्ज wood.

गुट्ठेयु f. (-युः) Sugar piled up for distribution at certain religious rites. ३. गुट् and येयु a cow.

गुट्ठि n. (-ठि) A sort of sweetmeat, flour or rice and sugar, ground and boiled together. ३. गुट् and ठि ground.

गुट्ठय m. (-यः) A kind of bassia, (B. latifolia.) ३. गुट् sugar, and गुट् flower ; the flowers being full of saccharine matter.

गुट्ठक m. (-कः) A tree, commonly Pilu, (Careya arborea, &c.) see पीलु. ३. गुट् and क fruit, the fruit yielding Gur or saccharine matter.

गुट्ठि n. (-ठि) A sort of cake or sweetmeat, flour or rice and coarse sugar ground and boiled together. ३. गुट्, and ठि mixed.

गुट्ठु m. (-ठुः) A kind of amaranth, (A. polygamus :) also चन्दनारि. ३. गुट्, and ठु root ; having a root as sweet as Gur.

गुट्ठन n. (-नः) A spirituous liquor distilled from molasses, a sort of rum. ३. गुट् sugar, and न what requires. [or sand.]

गुट्ठर f. (-रः) Sugar, refined sugar. ३. गुट् molasses, and ठर sugar

गुट्ठिपु m. (-पुः) A red sort of morunga : see श्रीमान्न. ३. गुट् sugar, ठिपु morunga.

गुट्ठा f. (-ठा) Sloth.

गुट्ठाज्ज m. (-ज्जः) 1. A name of Siva. 2. A title of Arjuna. ३. गुट्ठा Euphorbia, and ज्ज the hair ; the hair forming matted locks, resembling in shape the leaves of the Euphorbia ; again, गुट्ठा sloth, and ज्ज paramount ; subduing indolence.

गुट्ठाज्ज m. (-ज्जः) A mountain Pilu : see गुट्ठक.

गुट्ठिका f. (-का) A pill, a bolus. ३. गुट् to be round, गुट् aff.

गुट्ठु f. (-ठुः) A plant : see the next.

गुट्ठु f. (-ठुः) A creeper, commonly called Guricha, (Menispermum glabrum.) ३. गुट् to preserve, (from disease,) क्चट् affix ; also with pen. vowel short गुट्ठु.

गुट्ठि m. (-ठिः) A mouthful. ३. गुट् to surround, एरन् Unadi aff.

गुट्ठि m. (-ठिः) A mouthful. ३. गुट् to preserve, एरन् affix, and कन् added ; also गुट्ठि.

गुट्ठिवा f. (-वा) Sugar. ३. गुट्, and ठि produced.

गुट्ठिन n. (-नः) Boiled rice and coarse sugar. ३. गुट्, and ठि rice.

गुट् r. 10th cl. (गुटयति) 1. To invite. 2. To advise. 3. To multiply.

गुट् m. (-ठः) 1. A quality, attribute, or property in general. 2. A property of all created things ; three are particularized, the Satwa, Raja and Tama, or principles of truth or existence, passion or foulness, and darkness or ignorance. 3. A means of defence, one of six expedients in government, as, peace, war, a march, a halt, a stratagem, and recourse to protection : see ठि &c. 4. Form, shape, &c. or property of the body. 5. Knowledge, ignorance, &c. or quality of the mind. 6. Heroism, valor, &c. 7. White, black, &c. or the attributes of color. 8. An organ of sense. 9. A string in general. 10. A bow-string. 11. Abandoning, leaving. 12. A cook. 13. A name of Bhima. 14. Secondary subordinate. 15. Excellence, merit, freedom from fault or blemish. 16. (In arithmetic,) The given coefficient of any number. 17. (In geometry,) The chord of an arc. 18. (In grammar,) The substitution of e, o, ar and al for i, u, ri, lri. 19. (In rhetoric,) Consistency of plan, elegance of expression, &c. as the merits of a composition. 20. In composition with numerals, multiplication, as ठिगुट् twice, ठिगुट् thrice. f. (-ठा) A plant of the tribes of which bow-strings are made : see ठि. ३. गुट् to address or advice, affix क्.

गुट्क m. (-कः) 1. A numerator, reckoner. 2. (In arithmetic,) The multiplier. ३. गुट् to count, क् aff.

गुट्कार mfn. (-रः-ठी-रः) Who counts, &c. m. (-रः) A name of BHIMASENA. ३. गुट् and कार who makes ; BHIMA performed the duties of a cook at the time when all the Pandava princes become servants to VIRAT.

गुट्ठान n. (-नः) Panegyric, praise. ३. गुट्, and न singing.

गुट्ठय m. (-यः) Acknowledging or appreciating merit. ३. गुट्, and य taking.

गुट्ठयिन् mfn. (-ठि-ठिनी-ठि) Who judges or appreciates good qualities. ३. गुट् and ठि who seizes.

गुणरत्न mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञ) 1. Suited to good qualities. 2. Admiring or attached to merit. ३. गुण and रत्न to be caught by.

गुणवतिन् mfn. (-नी-तिनी-ति) A detractor, a calumniator, envious, censorious. ३. गुण and वतिन् who destroys.

गुणय mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञ) One who knows how to appreciate men or thing, knowing or judging of their merits. ३. गुण, and य who knows.

गुणतत् ind. 1. According to property or quality. 2. According to desert. ३. गुण, and तत् aff.

गुणता f. (-ता) 1. Excellence, the possession of good qualities. 2. Substantiality, possession of attributes or qualities in general. 3. Multiplication. ३. गुण and तत् affix; also with त् affix गुणतः.

गुणत्रय n. (-त्र) The three properties of nature; purity, passion, and darkness. ३. गुण and त्रय triple; also गुणवित्तयं.

गुणदीपपरीक्षक n. (-क्ष) Test or investigation of merits and faults. ३. गुण, दीप fault, परीक्षक trying.

गुणवर्ग m. (-र्गः) The virtue incident to the possession of certain qualities, as clemency is the virtue of royalty, &c. ३. गुण a property, and वर्ग virtue.

गुणन n. (-न) 1. Describing, relating to qualities. 2. Enumerating. 3. Multiplication. ३. गुण to number, कृट् aff.

गुणनिका f. (-का) 1. Dance, the science or profession of dancing, acting &c. 2. Determining the reading of a manuscript, &c. 3. A cypher. 4. The prologue or introduction to a drama. A necklace. ३. कन् added to गुणनी.

गुणनी f. (-नी) Examining books, studying, collating, and correcting copies, &c. ३. गुण to advise, affix कृट् and लीप्.

गुणनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be advised. 2. To be multiplied. 3. To be enumerated. m. (-यः) Practice, practising any thing, but especially science or study. n. (-य) The multiplicand. ३. गुण to advise, &c. लनीय् aff.

गुणपूग n. (-पू) Great merit. ३. गुण, and पूग a head.

गुणप्रकर्ष m. (-र्षः) Great merit, excellence. ३. गुण and प्रकर्ष eminence.

गुणप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Attached to merit, fond of excellence, ३. and गुण, and प्रिय fond of.

गुणक्षय m. (-क्षयः) The loss of all good qualities. ३. गुण good property, and क्षय fall, loss.

गुणलभ mfn. (-यः-ली-य) 1. Endowed with consisting of properties. 2. Possessed of merit. ३. गुण, and लभट् aff.

गुणलङ्घन n. (-ङ्घन) Great merit, superior qualities, ३. गुण, and लङ्घन great.

गुणयुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Having virtues or properties. ३. गुण, and युक्त joined.

गुणलक्षक n. (-क्ष) Mark or indication of internal property. ३. गुण, and लक्षक mark.

गुणव्यवहिका f. (-का) A tent. ३. गुण rope, ली to bind, कृट् and लीप् affix, with कन् added; also गुणव्यवहिकी.

गुणलुब्ध mfn. (-क्षः-लुब्ध-क्ष) Desirous of merit, attached to excellence. ३. गुण, and लुब्ध covetous.

गुणवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Possessing attributes. 2. Endowed with good qualities. 3. Tied, bound, &c. ३. गुण quality, and वत् poss. aff.

गुणवत्तम mfn. (-तमः-ता-तम) Excellent. ३. गुणवत् and तमप् aff.

गुणवत्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Excellent. ३. गुणवत् and तरप् aff.

गुणवता f. (-ता) Excellence. ३. गुणवत् and तत् affix; also with ल्, गुणवत्तः.

गुणवाचक n. (-क्ष) An adjective or attributive noun. ३. गुण, and वाचक a word.

गुणवैभवं n. (-वं) Preeminence of merit or of any property. ३. गुण, and वैभवं superiority.

गुणवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A mast, ३. गुण a rope, and वृक्ष a tree, कन् affix similitude; also गुणवृक्षः.

गुणवृक्षा f. (-वा) Praise, encomium. ३. गुण, and वृक्षा praise.

गुणवत्त्व f. (-वत् or -वत्) Great merit. ३. गुण, and वत्त्व wealth.

गुणवत्तम m. (-तमः) Association with properties or qualities. ३. गुण, and तम combination.

गुणवत्तु m. (-तुः) A collection of merits or properties. ३. गुण, and वत्तु collection.

गुणवत्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Endowed with all good qualities. m. (-रः) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. A form of BUDDHA, a Baudh'ha. ३. गुण excellence, and वत्तर the ocean; an ocean of desert.

गुणवृत्ति f. (-तिः) Panegyric, encomium. ३. गुण, and वृत्ति praise.

गुणहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Void of merit. 2. Free from properties. ३. गुण, and हीन void of.

गुणाकर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Possessing all excellences. m. (-रः) A name of BUDDHA the founder of the Baudh'ha sect. ३. गुण attribute, especially good, and आकर a mine; a mine of merit.

गुणातीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Freed from or beyond all properties. ३. गुण, and अतीत passed.

गुणातुरीय m. (-यः) Conformity or suitableness to good qualities, &c. ३. गुण, and अतुरीय concurrence.

गुणाकार n. (-र) 1. Species or sort of merit. 2. Variety of property or quality. ३. गुण, and आकार difference.

गुणावित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Having attributes or qualities. 2. Excellent, good, endowed with virtues. ३. गुण, and अवित possessed of.

गुणापवाद m. (-दः) Detraction. ३. गुण, and अपवाद reproach.

गुणाभास m. (-सः) Semblance of qualities. ३. गुण, and आभास appearance.

गुणाश्रय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Virtuous, excellent, able, endowed with good qualities. ३. गुण, and आश्रय a Anasylum.

गुणिक m. (-क्षः) A number of virtuous persons. ३. गुणिक, and गुण a troop.

गुणित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Multiplied, (arithmetically.) 2. Collected, heaped together. ३. गुण to advise, &c. affix क्.

गुणिवैध n. (-धः) Equality of merit on two sides. ३. गुणिक and वैध duality.

गुणिक mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Endowed with good qualities. m. (-वी) A bow. ३. गुण a quality, &c. and विनि aff.

गुणीभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Made secondary or subordinata. 2. Invested with attributes, &c. 3. Varied according to its qualities. 4. Having a certain force or application, (a word, &c.) ३. गुण and भूत become, with भि augment.

गुणेश्वर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Having good qualities, &c. m. (-रः) The name of a mountain, according to some, Chitrakuta or Comptah in Bundelcund. ३. गुण qualities, and ईश्वर master or possessor.

गुणीश्वर m. (-र्षः) Excellence, endowment with superior qualities, ३. गुण and श्वर abundance.

गुणीश्वरीय n. (-यः) Panegyric, eulogium, ३. गुण and श्वरीय celebrating.

गुणीश्वर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Superior in merit or in good qualities. ३. गुण, and श्वर best.

गुणीपित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Endowed with good qualities. ३. गुण and पित possessed of.

गुणीय n. (-यः) Superior or abundant merit. ३. गुण and यीय heap.

गुणित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Pounded, ground, reduced to dust or powder. 2. Covered with, surrounded. ३. गुणित to surround, &c. affix क्; also गुणित.

गुण m. (-क्षः) A fragrant grass, (Scleropus kysoor.)

गुणक m. (-क्षः) 1. Dust, powder. 2. Dirty meal. 3. An oil vessel. 3. A low tone. ३. गुणित to surround, &c. affix क्.

गुणिक m. (-क्षः-का) Flour, powder, meal. ३. गुणित to pound, क् affix, and र inserted.

गुणिका f. (-का) The name of the place where the car of JAGANNATH stays for a week at the Rath Yatra.

गुणिक mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Pounded, ground. 2. Covered with dust. ३. गुण to grind or pound, affix क्.

गुण mfn. (-गुणः-गुणः) 1. To be enumerated. 2. To be described as qualities, to be praised. 3. To be multiplied, the multiplicand. ३. गुण to count, गुण् aff.

गुण m. (-गुणः) 1. A cluster of blossoms, a nosegay. 2. A clump of grass. 3. A necklace of thirty-six strings. 4. A perfume, commonly Gan-thiala : see वनस्पति. 5. A bundle. ३. गुण् to enclose or surround, Unadi affix गु; also गुणक-गुण &c.

गुणक m. (-गुणः) 1. A nosegay, a cluster of blossoms. 2. A cowrie, a cow tail. ३. कन् added to the preceding; also गुणक.

गुणपुष्प m. (-गुणः) A plant, (Echites scholaris : ) see वनस्पति. ३. गुण and पुष्प a flower; bearing its flowers in clusters.

गुणार्ध m. (-गुणः) A necklace or garland of twenty-four strings. ३. गुण a large garland, and अर्ध a part; also गुणार्ध.

गुह r. 1st cl. (गोहति) To play.

गुह n. (-गुहः) The anus. ३. गुह to play, affix गु.

गुहकील m. (-गुहः) Piles. ३. गुह the anus, कील a pin or bolt also with कन् added गुहकीलक.

गुहयुग्म m. (-गुहः) Constipation, flatulence, &c. ३. गुह the anus, and युग्म what takes or affects.

गुहयुग्म m. (-गुहः) Prolapsus ani. ३. गुह and युग्म loss.

गुहाङ्ग m. (-गुहः) Piles. ३. गुह the anus, and अङ्ग a sprout.

गुह r. 10th cl. (गुहति) To lie, to speak falsely.

गुह r. 1st cl. (गोहते) To play. r. 4th cl. (गोहति) To surround, to encompass. r. 9th cl. (गोहति) To be angry.

गुहित mfn. (-गुहः-गुहः) Surrounded, enclosed. ३. गुह् to surround, क् aff.

गुहेर mfn. (-गुहः-गुहः) A protector, a defender. ३. गुह् to invest, एरक् Unadi aff.

गुहल m. (-गुहः) The sound of a small oblong drum. ३. गुह to play, लक् affix and गुह inserted.

गुहल m. (-गुहः) 1. A kind of bird, (a sort of pheasant.) 2. The bartavelle : see वकीर ३. गुहल a kind of grass, and ल what takes or eats, र rejected; also read गुहल.

गुह m. (-गुहः) A kind of grass, (Saccharum sara.) f. (-गुहः) 1. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus pertenuis; also C. rotundus.) 2. A plant bearing a fragrant seed; also वियङ्ग ३. गुह to play, affix रक् and गुह inserted.

गुहल m. (-गुहः) A sort of bird : see गुहल.

गुप r. 1st cl. (गुपयते) 1. To conceal, to hide. 2. To censure, to blame or despise, (this root takes सन् irregularly.) (उ) गुप् r. 1st cl. (गोपयति) To guard or protect. (वर) गुपिर r. 4th cl. (गुपति) 1. To be confused or disturbed. 2. To disturb or perplex. गुप r. 10th cl. (गोपयति) 1. To shine. 2. To speak.

गुपि m. (-गुहः) A king, a prince. ३. गुप् to protect, Unadi affix इलक्.

गुप्त mfn. (-गुहः-गुहः) 1. Preserved, protected. 2. Hidden, concealed, secret. 3. Joined, combined. 4. Invisible, withdrawn from sight. n. adv. (-गुहः) Privately, secretly. m. (-गुहः) An appellation forming especially the second member of the name of a Vaisya or man of the third class. f. (-गुहः) 1. Cowach. 2. A woman who hides from her lover's endearments. ३. गुप् to defend, &c. affix क्.

गुप्तनिधि m. (-गुहः) A spy or secret emissary. f. (-गुहः) Going privately or secretly. ३. गुप्त and निधि going.

गुप्तचर mfn. (-गुहः-गुहः) Who or what goes secretly. m. (-गुहः) A name of BALARAMA. ३. गुप्त and चर who goes, or चरट् aff.

गुप्ति f. (-गुहः) 1. Concealing, hiding, concealment. 2. Preserving, protecting. 3. Restraint, check. 4. A hole in the ground, a cavern, a sink, a cellar, &c. (a place of concealment.) 5. A prison. 6. The well or lower deck of a boat. 7. Digging a hole in the ground. 8. Fortification. ३. गुप् to hide, &c. affix क्.

गुह r. 6th cl. (गुहति) To string as a garland, &c.

गुहित mfn. (-गुहः-गुहः) 1. Strung, tied on a string. 2. Arranged in order. ३. गुह् to string, affix क्.

गुह r. 6th cl. (गुहति) To string together as a garland, &c.

गुह m. (-गुहः) 1. Tying, stringing as a garland, &c. 2. A bracelet. ३. A whisker, a mustachio. ३. गुह to tie or string, affix क्.

गुहित mfn. (-गुहः-गुहः) 1. Tied, strung. 2. Arranged, placed in order. ३. गुह to tie, affix क्; also गुहित, and गुहित. [exertion]

गुर r. 1st cl. (गोरति) r. 6th cl. (-गुहः) गुरी (गुरते) To make an effort or exertion. ३. गुर Effort, perseverance, great or continued exertion. ३. गुर to make an effort, affix क्; also गोरत्.

गुरु mfn. (-गुरुः-गुरुः-गुरुः) 1. Heavy, weighty. 2. Great, (large or eminent) 3. Difficult, arduous. 4. Important. 5. Much, excessive. 6. Best, excellent. 7. Venerable, respectable. 8. Dear, valuable, highly prized. 9. Accented long, (as a foot or vowel.) mn. (-गुरुः-गुरुः) The long vowel, a sound equal to two Matras or simple sounds. m. (-गुरुः) 1. A spiritual parent, from whom the youth receives the initiatory Mantra or prayer, and who conducts the ceremonies necessary at various seasons of infancy and youth, up to the period of investiture with the characteristic thread or string; this person may be the natural parent or the religious preceptor. 2. A religious teacher, one who explains the law and religion to his pupil, instructs him in Sastras, &c. 3. A name of VRIHASPATI who is considered as the Guru or preceptor of the gods. 4. A father or any venerable male relation. ३. गुरु to sound or speak, &c. Unadi affix क् and उ substituted for क्; declaring the mode of performing the rites, &c.

गुरुकार्य n. (-गुरुः) 1. A serious or momentous affair. 2. The business or office of a spiritual teacher. ३. गुरु as above, and कार्य business, &c.

गुरुकीप m. (-गुरुः) Violent wrath. ३. गुरु much, and कीप anger.

गुरुज्ञान m. (-गुरुः) Traditionary instruction. ३. गुरु a teacher, and ज्ञान order.

गुरुगत mfn. (-गुरुः-गुरुः) Being with or belonging to a spiritual teacher. ३. गुरु and गत gone to.

गुरुह mfn. (-गुरुः-गुरुः) Destroying a spiritual parent. m. (-गुरुः) White mustard, ३. गुरु and ह who or what destroys.

गुरुजन m. (-गुरुः) 1. An elder, a venerable person. 2. The elders of a family, &c. ३. गुरु and जन people.

गुरुगृह m. (-गुरुः) A kind of bird, a sort of peacock : see नीलमयूर.

गुरुतत्पन्न m. (-गुरुः) A violator of his teacher's bed. ३. गुरु as above तत्पन्न a bed and ग who goes.

गुरुतत्पन्न n. (-गुरुः) Penance for intercourse with the wife of a Guru. ३. गुरु, तत्पन्न a bed, (defiling, &c. understood,) and तत्पन्न penance.

गुरुतत्पन्न m. (-गुरुः) One who has criminal intercourse with his teacher's wife. ३. गुरु तत्पन्न a bed, इति aff.

गुरुताप m. (-गुरुः) Excessive heat. ३. गुरु and ताप heat.

गुरुत्व n. (-गुरुः) 1. Sacredness, venerableness, respectability. 2. Greatness, magnitude. 3. Weight, heaviness. 4. Burden, trouble. ३. गुरु and त्व affix; also with तत्, गुरुता.

गुरुप्रमोद m. (-गुरुः) Happiness, delight. ३. गुरु and प्रमोद pleasure.

गुरुरत्न n. (-गुरुः) A topaz. ३. गुरु valuable, रत्न a gem.

गुरुदेवत m. (-गुरुः) The eight lunar constellation; also पुष ३. गुरु and देवता deity, affix क्; VRIHASPATI is the ruling deity of the constellation.

गुरुपत्र n. (-गुरुः) Tin. f. (-गुरुः) The tamarind tree. ३. गुरु, and पत्र leaf; heavy or abundant in leaves.

गुरुमृद m. (-गुरुः) A kind of drum or tabor. ३. गुरु heavy or large, and मृद a small drum.

गुरुवत् ind. Like a Guru, as a Guru. ३. गुरु, and वत् aff.

गुरुवृत्ति f. (-गुरुः) Behaving to any one with as much respect as to a sacred teacher. ३. गुरुवत्, and वृत्ति practice.

गुरुवर्धन m. (-गुरुः) The lime or citron. ३. गुरु much, वर्धन् heat, and न what removes; of cooling properties.

वृक्षविषया f. (-पा) A tree, (Dalbergia sisu :) see विषया.

गुरुगुरु f. (-वा) Service of a Guru. E. गुरु, and गुरुवा; also गुरुपूजा गुरुसेवा &c.

गुरुसारा f. (-रा) See विषया.

गुरुस्थिर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Very firm. E. गुरु and स्थिर steady.

गुरुहन् m. (-वा) The murderer of his Guru or spiritual parent. E. गुरु and हन् who kills, from हन् with क्तिप् affix; this is the most heinous of all criminals, according to Hindu notions.

गुज्जर m. (-रः) The name of a district, Gurjara or Gujrat. plu. m. (-राः) The people of Gujrat. f. (-री) One of the Raginis or female personifications of music.

गुहं r. 1st cl. (गुहंति or गुहन्ते) To play. r. 10th cl. (गुहयति or गुहयन्ति) 1. To dwell or inhabit. 2. To invite.

गुहं r. 1st cl. (गुहं) गुहंति (गुहन्ति) To endeavor, to aim or strive.

गुरुयन् ind. For or on account of a Guru. E. गुरु, and यन् object.

गुरुकन्या f. (-या) 1. The wife of a Guru. 2. Any woman entitled to great respect. E. गुरु, and कन्या a female.

गुरुिणी f. (-नी) A pregnant woman. E. गुरु to be proud, Unadi affix इन्च्, and णीच् fem. affix, च substituted for the radical च; also गुरुिणी.

गुरुिणी f. (-नी) 1. A pregnant woman. 2. The wife of a Guru or spiritual teacher. E. गुरु heavy, &c. and णीच् aff.

गुरु m. (-सः) Raw unrefined sugar, molasses. f. (-जा) A plant, (Euphorbia tirucalli :) see लुही (-ही) 1. A pill, a bolus, any small globular substance. 2. Small pox. E. गुरु to surround, &c. affixes क and टाप्, or णीच्, उ changed to ल.

गुरुचक्र m. (-न्दः) An esculent root, commonly कली.

गुलिका f. (-का) A small ball. E. कन् added to गुली.

गुलिकाक्रीडा f. (-डा) Playing with a ball, bat and ball, golf, &c. E. गुलिका and क्रीडा play.

गुलुक् m. (-क्) A cluster of blossoms; also गुलुक्.

गुलुक् m. (-न्द्) A cluster of blossoms, nosegay. E. गुलु to preserve, affix क्तिप्, and उ changed to ल, and लक् or इक् to gather. or glean, affix क; also with कन् added गुलुक्क.

गुल्फ m. (-ल्फः) The ankle. E. गल् to go, affix फक्, and उ substituted for the penultimate.

गुल्म m. (-जः) 1. The division of an army, a body of troops, consisting of nine platoons, or nine elephants, nine chariots, twenty-seven horse, and forty-five foot. 2. The spleen. 3. A shrub, a bush. 4. A clump of grass, &c. 5. A fort, an intrenchment. 6. Disciplining an army, keeping it in a posture of defence. 7. A wharf or stairs, a Ghat. 8. A disease; according to some, a chronic enlargement of the spleen, but as variously situated, it is any glandular enlargement in the abdomen, as that of the mesenteric gland, &c. so as to be perceived externally. f. (-जी) 1. A tent. 2. Emblemic myrobalan also चामलकी. 3. Small cardamoms; see एला. 4. A cluster or clump of trees, a multitude of thickets. 5. A kind of plant, commonly Kurkavali. E. गुरु to surround, सक् affix, उ changed to ल.

गुल्मकेतु m. (-तुः) A small sort of cane or reed. E. गुल्म and केतु banner.

गुल्मूल n. (-मूल) Ginger. E. गुल्म and मूल a root.

गुल्मिन् mfn. (-नी-विनी-वि) 1. Composed of different divisions, (a force, &c.) 2. Growing, &c. in a clump or cluster. 3. Having the spleen affected by it. f. (-नी) A spreading creeper or any creeping plant. E. गुल्म a clump, इति and णीच् affs.

गुल्म m. (-सः) Sweetness, a sweet or saccharine taste. E. गुल्म molasses, and सप् affix; उ changed to ल.

गुल्मक m. (-कः) The betelnut tree, (Areca faufel or catechu.) E. गु to stool, affix क्, and उ converted to ल irregularly.

गुल्म r. 1st cl. (गुल्म) गुल्मिन् (गुल्मिन्) To cover, to cover as with clothes, to wear.

गुल्म m. (-वः) 1. A name of KARTIKEYA. 2. A name of VISHNU. 3. A swift horse. 4. The name of Nishada, ruler of Sringeri, the friend of

RAMA. 5. A name or title proper to persons of the writer caste. f. (-वा) 1. A cave, a cavern. 2. A pit, a hole in the ground. 3. A plant, commonly Chakuliya: see चिकुली. E. गुह to conceal, affixes चक् and टाप्.

गुहगुह n. (-ह) A cavern. E. गुह, and गुह a house.

गुहामुख mfn. (-ह-मू-ख) Wide mouthed, open mouthed. E. गुह, and मुख mouth.

गुहामय m. (-यः) 1. A tiger. 2. Any animal or man living in caverns. 3. A name of VISHNU. E. गुह a cave, and मय abode.

गुहिन n. (-न) A wood, a thicket. E. गुह to hide, इन्च् aff.

गुहिन n. (-न) Wealth, property. E. गुह to hide, &c. इन्च् aff.

गुहिर m. (-रः) 1. An iron-smith. 2. A guardian, a preserver. E. गुह to cover, एरक् Unadi aff.

गुहमfn. (-ह-मा-म) 1 Secret, solitary, retired. 2. Private, concealable, to be kept hidden or secret. 3. Mystical, mystical. m. (-मः) 1. A tortoise. 2. Hypocrisy. 3. VISHNU. n. (-मः) 1. A privy, an organ of generation, &c. 2. The anus. E. गुह to cover, कप् affix, deriv. irr.

गुहक m. (-कः) A kind of demigod attendant upon KURERA the deity of wealth, and guardian of his treasures. E. गुह to preserve or conceal, affix क्त्वं and य inserted.

गुहकेश्वर m. (-रः) A name of KURERA the Hindu PLUTUS. E. गुहक a demigod, (see the preceding,) and ईश्वर lord or master.

गुहगुरु m. (-रः) A name of SIVA. E. गुह secret, and गुरु a master; SIVA being considered as a teacher, especially of the Tantras or Hindu mystic and magical works.

गुहदीपक m. (-कः) The fire fly. E. गुह a solitary place, and दीपक the illuminer; from दीप् to light or inflame, and क्त्वं aff.

गुहनिन्द m. (-न्दः) Urine. E. गुह and निन्द what flows.

गुहभाषित n. (-तः) 1. A Mantra, a mystical prayer or incantation. 2. A secret. E. गुह secret. E. भाषित spoken. [र.]

गु (गो) गोश्व r. 6th cl. (गुश्वति) To void by stool; also with a short vowel, गुद mfn. (-द-डा-द) Hidden, concealed. n. (-दः) 1. A solitary or private place. 2. A private part. 3. A mystery. E. गुह to hide, affix क्त्वं, deriv. irregular.

गुदचार mfn. (-र-रा-र) One who goes about privately. m. (-रः) A secret emissary. E. गुद and चार practice.

गुदचारिन् m. (-री) A secret emissary, a spy. E. गुद and चारिन् who goes.

गुदज m. (-जः) The son of a concealed birth; born privately of a woman whose husband is absent, the real father being unknown; this is one of the twelve forms particularized in Hindu law. E. गुद hidden, and ज born; also compound with पुत्र a son, गुदजपुत्र.

गुदगोश्व m. (-श्वः) The wagtail. E. गुद secret, and गोश्व a nest.

गुदपथ m. (-थः) 1 Mind, intellect. 2. A bye-path, a hidden way. E. गुद secret, and पथ a road; whose path is unperceived.

गुदपाद m. (-द or त्) A snake. E. गुद hidden, and पाद a foot, the final vowel rejected; also being retained गुदपाद nom. (-दः.)

गुदपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A spy, a secret emissary, a disguised agent, &c. E. गुद concealed, and पुत्र a man.

गुदभाषित n. (-तः) Secret intelligence, private communication. E. गुद secret, and भाषित what is said.

गुदगार्ग्य m. (-गार्ग्यः) A subterraneous passage, a defile, a bye-road, or secret way. E. गुद concealed, and गार्ग्य a road.

गुदगोश्व m. (-श्वः) A crow. E. गुद secret, and गोश्व copulation.

गुदगोश्व m. (-श्वः) A frog. E. गुद hidden, and गोश्व light, warmth; perhaps an idea is implied analogous to that of cold blooded animals: some explain it गोश्व feces, whose excrement is unknown.

गुदगोश्व m. (-श्वः) A concealed witness, one placed by the plaintiff, so as to overhear what has been said by the defendant. E. गुद and गोश्व a witness.

गृध्राक्ष m. (-क्षः) A tortoise. ३. गृध्, and चक्ष body, hidden in his shell.  
 गृध्राक्षि m. (-क्षिः) A snake. ३. गृध् and चक्षि foot.  
 गृहीत्यन् m. (-त्यः) The son of concealed birth : see गृहज. ३. गृध् privately,  
 and चक्षन् born.  
 गृध् m. (-घः) Feces, ordure. ३. गृ to void by stool, and चक्ष Unadi  
 aff.  
 गृध्रलक्ष्म m. (-क्षः) A small bird, considered to be a species of the Mayna,  
 (Turdus salica.) ३. गृध् ordure, and लक्ष्म marked.  
 गृध् mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Voided, (as ordure.) ३. गृ to stool, affix लक्ष्म deriv.  
 irr.  
 गृह r. 10th cl. (गृह्यते) 1. To strive, to endeavor to make an effort or  
 exertion. 2. To eat. (३) गृही r. 4th cl. (गृहीते) 1. To hurt, to injure,  
 as to wound, to kill, &c. 2. To be decayed or old.  
 गृह्य n. (-घः) Effort, exertion. ३. गृ to strive, affix कृट्; also गृह्य.  
 गृह् r. 1st cl. (गृह्ते) To play. r. 10 cl. (गृह्यति) 1. To dwell or inhabit. 2.  
 invite; these roots are both written more usually with the short  
 vowel.  
 गृवाक्ष m. (-क्षः) The betelnut tree : see गृवाक्ष.  
 गृषया f. (-या) The eye in a peacock's tail.  
 गृह्णाम mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Hiding, concealing. ३. गृह् to hide, ग्रामच् aff.  
 गृह्यित्वा ind. Having concealed, hidden, disguised. ३. गृह् to hide,  
 causal form, क्ता aff.  
 गृह् r. 1st cl. (गृहति) To sprinkle, to moisten or wet.  
 गृह् r. 1st cl. (गृहति) also (३) गृहि (गृहति) To sound, to roar, to grum-  
 ble, &c. also गृह्.  
 गृह्जन् m. (-जं) Poisoned flesh, the meat of an animal destroyed by poi-  
 son. m. (-जः) 1. Garlic, or a small variety of it of a red colour. 2.  
 A turnip. ३. The tops of hemp chewed as an inebriating substance  
 the Ganja. ३. गृह्जि to sound, and कृट् affix; applied to the latter  
 as causing eructation.  
 गृह्यत् mfn. (-घन्-घनी-घन्) 1. Speaking. 2. Praising, flattering. ३. गृ to  
 speak, घट aff.  
 गृह्यीव m. (-वः) An animal of prey, considered as a large kind of jackel.  
 ३. गृ to sound, and वीव affix; deriv. irr.; also sometimes short  
 गृह्यिव.  
 गृह्य m. (-घः) A name of KANDARPA. ३. गृह् to be desirous, and च  
 Unadi aff.  
 गृह् r. 4th cl. (गृह्यु) (गृह्यति) To covet, to desire greedily, to be greedy.  
 गृह् m. (-घः) 1. The deity KAMA or love. 2. A libidinous man. ३. गृह्  
 to desire, कु Unadi aff.  
 गृह् m. (-घः) 1. Understanding. 2. Air voided downwards. 3. Bad,  
 wicked. ३. गृह् and कु Unadi aff.  
 गृह् mfn. (-घः-घः-घः) Covetous, cupidinous, greedy. ३. गृह् to be  
 greedy, क्ता aff.  
 गृह्ता f. (-ता) Covetousness, greediness, extreme and illiberal desire.  
 ३. गृह् greedy, and तल् abstract aff.  
 गृह् mfn. (-घः-घा-घं) Desirous, greedy, covetous. m. (-घः) A vulture. ३.  
 गृह् to desire, and क्ता Unadi affix; it may also written गृह्.  
 गृह्णन्वी f. (-वी) 1. The jujube, (Zizyphus jujuba.) 2. A wild kind of  
 the same, (Zizyphus nepeca.) ३. गृह् a vulture, and नवी nail, hav-  
 ing thorns like a vulture's claws.  
 गृह्णराज m. (-जः) A name of JATAYU. ३. गृह् and राज king.  
 गृह्णी f. (-नी) 1. Lumbago. 2. Rheumatism, affecting the loins. ३. गृह्  
 desire, नी to destroy, च and कृष् affixes; also sometimes written  
 गृह्णी.  
 गृहि m. (-हिः) 1. A cow that has had one calf. 2. A yam. ३. The jujube  
 (Zizyphus jujuba.) ३. गृहि to grind, affix कृष् and च changed to गृ.  
 गृह् r. 1st cl. (गृह्ते) also r. 10th cl. (गृह्यते) To take, to seize,  
 to receive or accept; also गृह्.  
 गृह् n. (-घः) 1. A house, a mansion, a habitation in general. 2. A wife :

(in these senses the plural is always masculine, गृहाः) ३. A name,  
 an appellation. ३. गृह् to receive or take, (grain, goods, &c.) affix कृ.  
 गृह्णकल्प m. (-पः) A small flat oblong stone, used for grinding condi-  
 ments, &c. ३. गृह् a house, and कल्प a tortoise.  
 गृह्णका f. (-का) The aloe, (Aloe perfoliata;) also वृत्तकुमारी, कुमारी, &c.  
 ३. गृह् a house, and का a virgin.  
 गृह्णपीतक m. (-कः) A pigeon, a tame or domestic pigeon. ३. गृह् a  
 house, and पीतक a dove or pigeon.  
 गृह्णकर n. (-कः) 1. Household affairs. 2. House building. ३. गृह्, and  
 कर making.  
 गृह्णकारक m. (-कः) 1. A house-builder. 2. A thatcher. ३. गृह्, and कारक  
 who makes.  
 गृह्णकारिन् m. (-री) 1. A kind of wasp. 2. A house-builder. ३. गृह् a house,  
 and कारिन् who makes, building a nest or house of clay, &c.  
 गृह्णकार्य n. (-यः) Household affairs. ३. गृह्, and कार्य business; also गृह्-  
 कार्य, &c.  
 गृह्णीया f. (-या) A small house lizard. ३. गृह् a house, and नीया or नीयिका  
 an iguana; hence also गृह्णीयिका, or च being changed to कृ, गृह्-  
 नीयिका.  
 गृह्णीयिका f. (-का) A lizard : see the preceding.  
 गृह्णचटक m. (-कः) A house sparrow. ३. गृह् and चटक a sparrow.  
 गृह्णचिद् n. (-द्) 1. Private or family afflictions or troubles. 2. A breach  
 in a house. ३. गृह्, and चिद् a hole; also गृह्णचिद्.  
 गृह्जन् mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Born in the house. m. (-जः) A slave born in the  
 house. ३. गृह्, and ज born; also गृह्जन्त.  
 गृह्णी f. (-नी) Rice water.  
 गृह्णतटी f. (-टी) A terrace in front of a house, a threshold. ३. गृह् a house,  
 and तटी a bank.  
 गृह्णदास mfn. (-सः-सी) A domestic slave. ३. गृह्, and दास a slave.  
 गृह्णीति f. (-तिः) A virtuous woman. ३. गृह्, and नीति light.  
 गृह्णार m. (-रः) The door of a house. ३. गृह्, and णार a door.  
 गृह्णद्वय m. (-यः) A plant commonly Med'hasringi : see नेदमङ्गी ३. गृह् a  
 house, द्वय a tree, growing near dwellings.  
 गृह्णनाशन m. (-नः) A pigeon. ३. गृह्, and नाशन who injures; defacing the  
 walls of a house by building in and about it.  
 गृह्णीक m. (-कः) A sparrow. ३. गृह् and नीक a nest, who builds his nest in  
 human dwellings.  
 गृह्णपति m. (-तिः) 1. A householder, a man of the second class, or who  
 after having finished his studies is married and settled. 2. A house  
 holder of particular merit, giving alms, and performing all the  
 prescribed ceremonies, &c. 3. Maintenance of a sacred and perpe-  
 tual fire. 4. Virtue, especially of a householder, as hospitality, &c.  
 ३. गृह् a house, and पति lord or master.  
 गृह्णपीतक m. (-कः) The site of a habitation, the ground on which it  
 stands, and which is attached to it. ३. गृह्, and पीतक a young ani-  
 mal, affix कृ, the rudiments of the house.  
 गृह्णवलि m. (-लिः) Offering of the reliques of a meal, or sacrifice to the  
 spirits of the air, &c. ३. गृह्, and वलि offering.  
 गृह्णवलिप्रिय m. (-यः) A kind of orane, the Vaca. ३. गृह् a house, वलि  
 food offered in oblation, and प्रिय fond of : see the next.  
 गृह्णवलिभुज् m. (-भुजः) 1. A sparrow. 2. A kind of orane, (Ardea nivea.)  
 3. A crow. ३. गृह् a house or a wife, वलि grain, &c. used in obla-  
 tions, or any edible grain, and भुज् who eats; that is, who eats the  
 food of his female, or the fragments of offerings fallen in or about  
 the house; also गृह्णवलिप्रिय.  
 गृह्णभग्न m. (-घः) 1. An exile, one who is driven from his house. 2. Fa-  
 mily decay. 3. Breaking down or into a house. ३. गृह्, and भग्न  
 breaking.  
 गृह्णभग्न n. (-नः) 1. Breaking down or destroying a house. 2. Causing  
 the ruin or decay of a family. ३. गृह्, and भग्न breaking.



गृहभूमि f. (-भिः) The site of a habitation. ३. गृह a house, and भूमि ground.  
 गृहमणि m. (-भिः) A lamp. ३. गृह a house, and मणि a jewel.  
 गृहमाषिका f. (-का) A bat. ३. गृह a house, and माषिका a fly.  
 गृहमग्न m. (-गः) A dog. ३. गृह a house, and मग्न a deer.  
 गृहमेधिन m. (-धी) A householder. f. (-धिनी) 1. A housewife, the wife of a householder. 2. Natural sense or intelligence, ३. गृह a house, नेध् to to understand, and इनि aff.  
 गृहपति m. (-पतिः) The householder, the master of a house or family. ३. गृह to take, याच्य Unadi affix, and चय inserted.  
 गृहयत् mfn. (-युः-युः-युः) Disposed to seize or take. ३. गृह to take, चय inserted, and चायत् aff.  
 गृहद्वार n. (-द्वार) 1. Private or family affairs, especially of an unpleasant nature. 2. A breach in the wall of a house. ३. गृह, and द्वार a a hole ; also गृहद्वार.  
 गृहवाटिका f. (-का) A garden or grove near a house. ३. गृह a house, गट् to surround, affix कृत्, and fem form.  
 गृहव्यापार m. (-वारः) Household affairs, domestic economy. ३. गृह and व्यापार practice.  
 गृहस्तम्भ m. (-म्भः) The pillar of a house. ३. गृह, and स्तम्भ a post.  
 गृहस्थ m. (-स्थः) A householder, the man of the second class, or he who, after having finished his studies, and been invested with the sacred thread, performs the duties of the master of a house, and father of a family. ३. गृह a house, and स्थ who stays or abides.  
 गृहस्थधर्म m. (-धर्मः) The practice or duty of a householder. ३. गृहस्थ and धर्म duty.  
 गृहस्थान्न m. (-न्नः) The order of householder. ३. गृहस्थ, and आन्न order of life.  
 गृहस्तम्भ n. (-म्भः) The pillar of a house. ३. गृह a house, and स्तम्भ a prop or pillar.  
 गृहाच m. (-चः) A loophole, an eyelet hole, a round or oblong window. ३. गृह a house, and चच for चचि an eye.  
 गृहागत m. (-गतः) A guest. ३. गृह, and आगत come to.  
 गृहाधिप m. (-पतिः) The Grihastha or householder : see गृहस्थ. ३. गृह a house, and अधिप a master.  
 गृहनिपालिन mfn. (-नी-लिनी-लि) Watching, taking care of the house. m. (-नी) A watchman. ३. गृह and निनि before पाल् to protect, चिनि aff.  
 गृहाक्ष n. (-क्षः) Sour gruel, made from the fermentation of rice water. ३. गृह a house, चक्ष sour, the domestic acid.  
 गृहायचिक m. (-चिकः) A householder. ३. गृह a house, चिक derivative affix, and कन् added.  
 गृहाराम m. (-रामः) A garden, a grove, &c. near a house. ३. गृह a house, and आराम a garden.  
 गृहालिङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) A small lizard. ३. गृह a house, चालि a scorpion, कन् affix of similitude.  
 गृहावसथी f. (-थी) The threshold, a raised ground or terrace in front of the door. ३. गृह a house, and अव prefixed to गृह् to take, affix कृत्, and ऊप्.  
 गृहावस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Dwelling or living in a house. 2. Lying in any place. ३. गृह, and अवस्थित placed or situated in.  
 गृहाश्रया f. (-श्रया) The betel tree, (Piper betel.) ३. गृह a house, &c. आश्रय an asylum growing near dwellings.  
 गृहाश्रय m. (-श्रयः) A flat oblong stone, upon which condiments are ground together. ३. गृह a house, and आश्रय a stone.  
 गृहिणी f. (-णी) A wife. ३. गृह a house, and इनि and ऊप् affs.  
 गृहिन m. (-घी) A householder. ३. गृह a house, and इनि aff.  
 गृहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Taken, attached, seized, caught. 2. Obtained. 3. Known, understood. 4. Promised, agreed. 5. Learnt, acquired. ३. गृह् to take, affix क्त, र changed to क्त.  
 गृहीतविद mfn. (-विदः-विदः) Versed in science, learned, studied. ३. गृहीत, and विद्या learning.

गृहीतविद् mfn. (-विद्) Flown, escaped, retreated. ३. गृहीत seized, and विद् place.  
 गृहीतवेतन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Paid, remunerated. ३. गृहीत and वेतन wages.  
 गृहीद mfn. (-ता-वी-द) Taking, disposed to seize or take. ३. गृह् to seize, affix दृच्, and इ inserted.  
 गृहीता ind. Having taken. ३. गृह् to take, आ aff.  
 गृहीतकरच n. (-चः) Any domestic utensil. ३. गृह and उपकरण instrument.  
 गृहीत्यात m. (-तः) 1. A domestic nuisance, as vermin, &c. 2. Family misfortune. ३. गृह, and आत्यात calamity.  
 गृहीलिका f. (-का) A small house lizard. ३. गृह to take, and लल and कन् affixes : see गृहनीचिका.  
 गृहन् mfn. (-न्-गृही-गृह्) Taking, seizing, accepting, &c. ३. गृह् to take, गट् aff.  
 गृह्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Dependent, subservient. 2. A partisan of or belonging to a side or party. 3. To be taken or seized. 4. To be trusted to, to be relied on. 5. To be acknowledged or admitted, to be adopted as faith or belief. 5. Domestic, of or belonging to a house. m. (-यः) A tame or domesticated animal. n. (-यः) 1. The name of a book, containing directions for religious rites, a section or component treatise of the Sama Veda, by GOBHILA and others ; which contains rules for the performance of domestic and other ceremonies : the ritual of the Vedas. f. (-या) A suburb, a village adjoining to a city, or a small village attached to a larger. ३. गृह् or गृह् to take, affix कृच् ; or गृह् a house, गृह् affix ; also with कन् added गृह्यक.  
 गृह्यक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Dependent, docile, not following one's own inclinations. m. (-कः) A tame or domesticated animal, whether a bird or beast, &c. ३. गृह् for गृह् to take, कृच् affix, and कन् added.  
 गृह्यगुरु m. (-गुरुः) A name of SIVA. ३. गृह्य, ann गुरु a teacher.  
 गृह्यन्त n. (-न्तः) A precept of the Grihya or ritual of the Vedas. ३. गृह्य, and गृह् a rule.  
 गृ r. 6th cl. (गिरति or गिरति) To swallow, to eat. r. 9th cl. (गृह्यति) To sound, to sound intelligibly or articulately, to speak. r. 10th cl. (गृह्यते) 1. To know. 2. To make known, to teach. With गृह् or गृह् prefixed, To reject, to vomit. With कृच् and कृच्, 1. To throw up. 2. To cry aloud.  
 गृह्य m. (-यः) A ball for playing with. ३. गृह् to go, affix कृच्, or with कन् added गृह्यक.  
 गृह्यक m. (-कः) A ball ; also गृह्यक, the penultimate being made long  
 गृह r. 1st cl. (गृह) गृह (गृहते) 1. To shake or tremble. 2. To move.  
 गृह mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. A singer. 2. A song or chaunt, what is to be sung or chaunted. n. (-यः) Song, singing. ३. गृह् to sing, affix कृच्.  
 गृह r. 1st cl. (गृह) गृह (गृहते) To serve, to gratify by service.  
 गृह r. 1st cl. (गृह) गृह (गृहते) To seek, to search, to investigate.  
 गृह m. (-यः) 1. A professional singer, an actor, a mime, &c. 2. A chaunter of the Sama Veda. ३. गृह् to sing, and कृच् Unadi aff.  
 गृह m. (-यः) 1. A singer. 2. An actor. 3. A chaunter of the Sama Veda : see गृह. ३. गृह् to sing, and कृच् Unadi aff.  
 गृह n. (-यः) A house, a dwelling. ३. गृह a name of GANESHA गृह् to desire, affix कृच् ; that deity being usually invoked upon laying the foundations of a house.  
 गृहन्ति m. (-न्ति) A lazy or effeminate man, a coterie. ३. गृह a house, and गृहन्ति who makes a noise : see the next.  
 गृहन्त m. (-न्तः) A slothful and trifling man, one who is unfit for concerns beyond those of the house, a coterie, a house-hero. ३. गृह a house, and गृहन्त a hero.  
 गृहिन mfn. (-घी-घीनी-घि) Having a house, householder, &c. ३. गृह, and इनि aff.  
 गृह r. 1st cl. (गृहति) To sound, to sing. With कृच् or कृच् prefixed ; (गृह्यति गृह्यति) To sing, to chaunt, to sing out or aloud. (गृह्यते गृह्यते) To

be sung or chaunted. With वि (विश्रावति) To assert repeatedly.

नेर mfn. (-र-नी-र) Mountain, mountaineer, mountain-born. न. निरि, and चक्, aff.

नेरिक् mfn. (-र-नी-र) Mountain, mountain-born or produced. n. (-र) 1. Red chalk, or as sometimes applied, red erpiment. 2. Gold. न. निरि a mountain, affix उक्.

नेरिक् mfn. (-र-नी-र) Mountain, mountaineer, mountain-born. n. (-र) 1. Bitumen. 2. Red chalk. न. निरि a mountain, affix उक्.

नी m. (-नी) 1. Heaven, Swarga or paradise. 2. A bull. 3. A ray of light. 4. The thunderbolt. 5. The moon. 6. The sun. 7. A kind of sacrifice, the sacrifice of a cow. 8. The moment of the sun's entering Taurus. mn. (-नी-गु) 1. The hair of the body. 2. Water: (in the last sense some confine it to the mas. plu. नाव: and according to others, it is neuter in several other senses.) f. (-नी) 1. A cow. 2. The eye. 3. An arrow. 4. quarter, as the east, west, &c. 5. Speech; also identified with the goddess of speech, SARASWATI. 6. The earth. 7. A mother. न. नृ to go, and कारणे ची Unadi aff. गच्छति चने।

नीकटक m. (-क) 1 The name of a plant: see नीचुर. 2. The print of a cow's hoof or spot so marked. न. नी the earth or a cow, &c. and कटक a thorn. नी: इयिष्या: कटक इव।

नीकचे म. (-ची) 1. A span from the tip of the thumb to that of the little finger. 2. A kind of deer, (the Nilgau) 3. A mule. 4. A class of demigods. 5. A kind of snake. 6. A snake in general. 7. A place of pilgrimage on the Malabar coast. f. (-ची) A plant, (Aleuria hyacinthoides:) see सूया. न. नी a cow, and कर्च an ear, having ears like a cow, &c. नी: नेत्रं कर्चौ यव।

नीकिराटिका f. (-का) A bird, considered as one kind of the common Maina, (Turdus salica.) न. नी the earth, and किर a hog, चट who goes, with कच् added in the fem. form; resembling a hog, feeding on ordure, &c.

नीकिल m. (-ल) 1. A plough. 2. A pestle. न. नी the earth, and किल् to go. affix क; also नीकील.

नीकील m. (-ल) 1. A pestle. 2. A plough. न. नी the earth, and कील a pin or bolt. नी: इयिष्या: कील इव।

नीकुल n. (-कु) 1. A herd of kine, a multitude of cattle. 2. A cow-house or station. 3. A village or tract on the Jumna, the residence of NANDA and of KRISHNA during his youth. n. नी a cow, and कुल an assemblage.

नीकुलिक mfn. (-क-का-क) 1. Squint-eyed. 2. One who does not give help to a cow in the mud. न. नी the eye, &c. and कुल् to accumulate, affix उक्.

नीकुल n. (-न) Cowdung. न. नी a cow, and कुल made.

नीचुर m. (-र) The name of a plant; also Gokhura, (Ruellia longifolia, Rox, it is also applied in Bengal to Tribulus lanuginosus.) n. (-र) A cow's hoof. न. नी a cow, and चुर a hoof, the thorns getting between the hoofs of cattle; also with कच् added नीचुरक्, and with चुर a hoof, नीचुर.

नीचुरक् m. (-क) See the preceding.

नीचुर m. (-र) See नीचुर; also नीचुरि.

नीचीयुन n. (-न) A pair of oxen. न. नी, and नीयुन a pair. नवीर्षितम्। [नीचक्।

नीगीठ n. (-ठ) A cattle shed. न. नी, and नीठ a shed. नी: खानम् ना + खानि

नीगुटि f. (-टि) A cow that has had one calf. न. नी a cow, and गृटि q. v. the same as the compound. सङ्गत् प्रवृत्ताया गवि।

नीगवि m. (-वि) 1. Dried cow-dung. 2. A station for cows, a cow-yard or house, &c. न. नी a cow, इक् to arrange, and ग् aff. नीगावी यवि:।

नीगव m. (-व) Spoil, booty, capture of cattle. न. नी, and गव seizing.

नीपास m. (-स) The ceremony of presenting grass to the cow when making atonement. न. नी, and पास a mouthful.

नीप mfn. (-प-नी-प) Who or what kills kine. m. (प) A guest. न. नी a cow, and प what kills, from प् with क affix; a cow being killed on the arrival of the latter, or being presented to him,

नीपत n. (-त) 1. Rain. 3. Ghee made from cow's milk. न. नी the earth, चत what sprinkles, from च् to sprinkle or wet, affix त.

नीपर m. (-र) 1. An object of sense, as sound, shape, colour, &c. 2. A country, a district. 3. The house or mansion of a planet, or its presence in any sign which is that of a person's nativity. 4. Pasture. न. नी an organ of sense, &c. and पर what goes, from च् to go, निपातने चक्, aff.

नीपचक् n. (-च) 1. A cow's hide. 2. A hide of land, 800 feet long, by 10 broad: it is also defined as that extent of land, the crop of which will support a man for a year. न. नी and चक् skin.

नीपारक् m. (-क) A cowherd. न. नी, च् to go, causal form चिच्, च् aff.

नीपास m. (-स) The palm of the hand with the fingers extended, &c. see चक्चक्. ना भूमिं चापादयति च्च-चिच् चक्, रवीन्द्रादित्यात्। भूकदम्। चापुडिया।

नीपल n. (-ल) Cow's urine. न. नी, and लक् water. गवि जातं जलम्।

नीपारिक् m. (-क) A prickly nightshade. n. (-क) Happy, fortunate, auspicious. न. नी the earth, जातु to wake or to be awake, affix उक्.

नीजिह्वा f. (-ह्वा) A potherb growing wild. (Elephantopus scaber.) न. नी a cow, and जिह्वा a tongue: the leaves being so compared; also with कच् added नीजिह्वा. [चक्.]

नीकु म. (-कु) A lump of flesh on the navel. न. कुच् to be sound, affix नीकुल mfn. (-क-का) The water melon. f. (-का) A kind of cucumber, (Cucumis madras patanus.) न. नी the earth, रुवि to hurt, affix क and त changed to ड. ना भूमिं रुवति चर्दति। रुवि-क पृषोदरा:।

नीकी f. (-की) 1. Torn or ragged clothes. 2. A sack. 3. The measure of a Drona. न. कुच् to reckon, affixे चक् नि-गुच् and कीच् the deriv. irr.

नीपल mfn. (-क-का-क) A person with a prominent navel. m. (-क) A man of a low tribe, a mountaineer, especially inhabiting the eastern portion of the Vindhya range, between the Nerbudda and Krishna giving name to the province of Gondwana. 2. A prominent navel, or a lump of flesh on the navel, &c. न. कुच् to enolose, &c. चक्, aff.

नीतम m. (-न) The name of a sage belonging to the family of ANGIRAS father of SATANANDA; also नीतम. नीमिसनी भवत् यव रवीन्द्रादित्यात्।

नीतमान्य m. (-य) A name of SAKYA or SAKYA MUNI, a Baud'dha sage. न. नीतम a sage, and चक्चक् lineage; the descendant of GOTAMA.

नीतल्लज m. (-ज) An excellent cow. न. नी a cow, तल्लज implying excellence.

नीव n. (-व) 1. Family, race, lineage, kin. 2. A name, an appellation. 3. A forest. 4. A field. 5. A Ch'hattrā, an umbrella or parasol. 6. A road. 7. Knowledge of futurity, inspiration. 8. A genus, a class or species. 9. A caste, a tribe or subdivision of it into families, as in that of the Brahman; twenty-four Gotras are reckoned, supposed to be sprung from and named after celebrated teachers, as SANDILYA, KASYAPA, GAUTAMA, BHARADWAJA, &c. 10. Increase. 11. Wealth. f. (-व) 1. The earth. 2. A herd of kine. m. (-व) A mountain. न. गु to sound, and व Unadi affix, or नी the earth, &c. and व what preserves, from वे with क aff. ना भूमिं वायते वैक् पालने क।

नीवज mfn. (-ज-जा) A relation: in law, the term is nearly equivalent to the Gentile of Roman law, and is applied to kindred of the same general family, who are connected by offerings of food and water, and stands opposed to the Bandh'u or cognate kin, who do not partake in the offerings to the common ancestors: see चक्. न. नीव as above, ज born. नीव सप्ताने रवी जायते जव-ज।

नीवभिद् m. (-भिद्-र भिद्) A name of INDRA. न. नीव a mountain, and भिद् who splits, (with his thunderbolt.) नीव पर्वतं सेधं वा भिन्नति। भिद्-भिप्।

नीवरिक्च n. (-च) Patrimony, inheritance. न. नीव, and रिक्च wealth.

नीव mfn. (-व-वा-व) Who or what gives a cow. m. (व) The brain. न. नी light or a cow, and व what gives. ना नीव दावति नीवयति वै-क।

नीवक् m. (-क) 1. Yellow erpiment. 2. A cow's tooth. 3. A fossile substance of a white colour, apparently an earthy salt. न. नी a cow,

and दन्त a tooth, a cow's tooth, from its similar hardness, &c.

[नीदावरी. नी जने ददाति जविन दा-व ।

नीदा f. (-दा) The Godavari river. न. नी water, and द who gives ; see नीदान n. (-न) Gift of a cow. न. नी, and दान gift ; or कोदावाको संज्ञारणे also नीपदान. नावः कोदावीनाम वा दीवने चन्द्राने च । कावरी कुट ।

नीदावरी n. (-व) 1. A plough. 2. A spade or hoe. न. नी the earth, and दाव what cuts or tears. नी भूमि दावयति इ-चिच्-वु ।

नीदावरी f. (-री) The name of a river in the peninsula, the Godavari. न. नी water, and द what gives, नीद and दाव to cover or conceal ; affixes वप् and लीच् नी जने ददाति जामात् दा वनिच् लीच् ।

नीदुग्ध n. (-ध) Cow's milk. न. नी, and दुग्ध milk.

नीदुग्ध m. (-दुग्ध) A cowherd, a milkman. न. नी a cow, दुग्ध to milk, and द्वाप् affix ; also with क् affix नीदुग्ध, nom. (-वः).

नीदीवनी f. (-नी) A milk pail. न. नी a cow, and दुग्ध to milk, with नाव कुट् and लीच् aff. कावरी कुट् नीदीवनीवाणि ।

नीद्वय m. (-वः) Cow's urine. न. नी, and द्वय what runs from. नी + द्व-वच् ।

नीधव n. (-न) A herd of Cows, a multitude or number of cattle, especially if considered as property. m. (-नः) A large headed arrow. न. नी a cow, and धन wealth. नवां धनं समूहः । नीधवृहे ।

नीषा f. (-षा) 1. A leathern fence worn by archers on the left arm, to prevent its being injured by the bowstring. 2. An iguana, either the Goeap or the alligator. न. नृष् to surround, affixes क् and टाप् ; see नीषिक. गुधते वेष्टते वाहुरनवा करणे च ।

नीषापदिका f. (-का) Cissus pedata, न. नृष् added to the next.

नीषापदो f. (-दो) A plant, (Cissus pedata.) न. नीषा, and पद for पद् a foot, affix लीच्, the root being compared to an alligator's foot.

नीषि m. (-विः) 1. The forehead. 2. The Gangetic alligator. 3. An iguana. न. नी the eye or water, and षा to possess, with कावरी इप् aff नीषिका f. (-का) 1. The Gangetic alligator. 2. The iguana. न. नृष् with the fem form added to नीषा.

नीषिकाकन m. (-नः) The iguana, न. नीषा An alligator, and काकन off-spring, here used to imply diminution : so नीषिकापुत्र, &c. वहीतव्यु चः समानः ।

नीषून m. (-नः) Wheat : see the next. न. नृष्-वा-उन ।

नीषून m. (-नः) 1. Wheat. 2. The orange. 3. The name of a drug. न. नृष् to surround, and कन Unadi aff.

नीषूनचूर्ण n. (-चूर्ण) Wheat flour. न. नीषून, and चूर्ण powder. वहीतव्युचः ।

नीषूनसम्य n. (-य) Sour paste. न. नीषून, and सम्य produced. उन् + च-पादानि क् नीषूनः उन्मोहः ।

नीषूषि f. (-षिः) A period of the day, in the hot season when the sun is half risen ; in the cold and dewy seasons, when the sun is full but mild ; and in the three other seasons, sunset. न. नी, and षूषि dust.

नीषुवृ (-वृ) A milch cow. न. नी a cow, and वृ the same. उन्मोहो नव ।

नीषेर mfn. (-रा-र) A guardian, a protector, a preserver. न. नृष् परच् ।

नीमदी f. (-दी) The female of the Sarasa or Indian crane. न. नी water, वदि to be happy, क् and लीच् aff. नवि क्नी नदवि । नन्-कच् लीच् ।

नीमई m. (-ई) The Sarasa or Indian crane. n. (-ई) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) न. नी water, नई to sound, affix कच् ।

नीमहीय m. (-यः) A name of the saint PATANJALI, the founder of Yoga philosophy. न. नी heaven, नहीय to be sounded or celebrated.

नीमस m. (-सः) 1. A large kind of snake, by some considered to be the same with the Boa or Bor. 2. A kind of gem. न. नी a cow, and स a nose, cow-nosed ; also नीमस.

नीमास m. (-यः) 1. A bull. 2. A herdsman. न. नी, and मास master.

नीमास mfn. (-सः-का) A snake : see नीमस. न. नीरेव मास कस वा नमदिरः ।

नीमिषय n. (-यः) Cow's urine, न. नी, and निषय what comes. न. नी + निषय-वच् ।

नीप mfn. (-वः-पा-व) 1. A helper, a friend or patron. 2. A preserver, a cherisher. 3. Who or what hides or conceals. m. (-वः) 1. Superintendant of a district. 2. The head of a cowpen. 3. A herdsman, a

cowherd, a milkman by caste and occupation. 4. A king. 5. A Myrrh : see नीपरक f. (-वी or -वी) A plant, (Echites frutescens) f. (-वा) A milk-woman, a female cowherd. f. (-वी) 1. A cowherd's wife, but especially applied to those of Brindaban, the companions and objects of KRISHNA's juvenile sports, and who are considered sometimes as holy or celestial personages. 2. A protectress. 3. Nature, elementary nature. न. नी the earth &c. and ष्वभत preserves ; also in some sense नृप् to hide, to protect, &c. affix व, fem. affix टाप् or लीच्. नी भूमि वा फवि रक्षति पा-व ।

नीपक mfn. (-वः-वा-व) One who guards or protects. m. (-वः) 1. Myrrh.

2. The Superintendent of a district. न. नृप् added to the preceding.

नीपकवा f. (-वा) 1. The daughter of a cowherd. 2. A nymph of Brindaban. 3. A medicinal plant. न. नीप, and कवा a daughter.

नीपवीक्षा f. (-क्षा) A wild sort of jujube, (Zizyphus nepesa.) न. नीप a cowherd, and वीक्षा the jujube.

नीपति m. (-तिः) 1. A name of ŚIVA. 2. Of INDRA. 3. The sun. 4. A king. 5. A bull. न. नी the earth, &c. पति lord or master.

नीपतिवृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) The rainbow. न. नीपति INDRA, and वृत्त a bow.

नीपद्वय m. (-वः) The areca tree. न. नीप preserving, and द्वय a leaf.

नीपन n. (-न) 1. Protecting, guarding. 2. Concealment, hiding, 3. Reviling. 4. Flurry, hurry, alarm. 5. Light, lustre. 6. The leaf of the Laurus cassia. न. नृप् to hide, मावे कुट् aff.

नीपनीय mfn. (-यः-का-य) 1. Secret, mysterious, to be concealed or hidden. 2. To be preserved or protected. न. नृप् to hide, &c. कनीय aff.

नीपन्य f. (-न्यः) 1. The wife of a cowherd. 2. A plant, (Asclepias pseudosara) न. नीप and न्य wife. वहीतव्युचः ।

नीपन्युदी f. (-दी) The youthful wife of a cowherd.

नीपमू m. (-मू) The fibrous root of a waterlily. न. नीप a cowherd, and मू lucky, auspicious.

नीपमद्रिका f. (-का) The name of a tree : see नमारी. न. नीप a preserver, and मद्र suspicious, and संनारां चन् and टाप् aff.

नीपरक m. (-कः) Gum myrrh. न. नीप secret, and रक juice exuding in a manner or place unknown. न. नी जसं पिबति पा-व नीप. रकोरक ।

नीपनली f. (-ली) 1. A creeping plant, (Echites frutescens) : see नमनली 2. Another plant, (Asclepias pseudosara.) न. नीप a cowherd, and ली a pedicle, being used in medicines for cattle.

नीपारविक् m. (-कः) A cowherd. न. नी, and पारविक् clever.

नीपानली f. (-ली) 1. The wood of a thatch. 2. A crooked beam which supports it. 3. The bamboo frame work on which it rests. न. नव किञ्चनो पन् दीवचं नीपानं तत्सन्ति को-व नीपारविक् लीच् ।

नीपयक mfn. (-कः-को-क) A preserver, a cherisher, one who guards or protects. न. नृप् to preserve, पाव + क् क् aff.

नीपयित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Preserved, protected, cherished. न. नृप् to protect, affix कक-कनीयि वावे न.

नीपाक m. (-कः) 1. A King, a sovereign. 2. A cowherd. 3. A name of KRISHNA. न. नी the earth, &c. and पाक who preserves or protects. नी भूमि पकमेदे वा पाकयति पावि कच् ।

नीपाक m. (-कः) 1. ŚIVA. 2. KRISHNA. 3. A cow keeper or protector. न. नी a cow or the earth, पाक् to cherish, and कुट् aff.

नीपाविका f. (-वा) 1. A kind of worm. 2. A female cowherd : see नीपावक.

नीपावली f. (-ली) The eighth lunation of the light half of Kartik, on which KRISHNA became a cowherd ; cows are to be worshipped. न. दीप, and वदन the eighth.

नीपिय mfn. (-पी-पि-पि) A protector, one who preserves or protects. f. (-पी) 1. A creeping plant, (Echites frutescens.) 2. A cowherd's wife. न. नृप् to preserve, पिनि and लीच् aff.

नीपिका f. (-का) A female cowherd, &c. : see नीपक.

नीपिक mfn. (-वः-वा-व) One who preserves or protects. न. नृप्, and वनच् unadi aff.

नीपीचन्दन n. (-न) A species of white clay, said to be brought from

Dwaraka and used by the worshippers of VISHNU to smear their shoes with. म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध Sandal.

दीर्घः m. (-ः) preserving, protecting. n. (-ः) A holy place, a place of pilgrimage. म. दीर्घ preserving, and दन्ध Unadi affix, deriv. irr.

दीर्घः m. (-ः) 1. A cowtail. 2. A sort of necklace, one of four or thirty-four strings. 3. A sort of monkey. म. दीर्घ a cow, and दन्ध a tail, resembling or possessing a cow's tail. दीः पुच्छ एव पुच्छी दन्ध ।

दीर्घः f. (-ः) Large cardamom. म. दीर्घ पुच्छ मन्नाः दन्ध दीर्घावात् ।

दीर्घः n. (-ः) A temple or edifice consecrated to SIVA's bull. म. दीर्घ a cow, and दन्ध to enclose, affix दन्ध.

दीर्घः n. (-ः) 1. A town gate. 2. A gate in general. 3. The ornamented gateway of a temple. 4. A kind of grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) म. दीर्घ दन्धमन्नाः दन्ध दीर्घावात् दन्ध दीर्घावात् ।

दीर्घः n. (-ः) Cow-dung. म. दीर्घ, and पुच्छी dung.

दीर्घः m. (-ः) A name of KRISHNA or VISHNU. म. दीर्घ a cowherd, and दन्ध lord or chief.

दीर्घः m. (-ः) 1. A name of SAKYA MUNI, a Budd'ha. 2. A name of KRISHNA. 3. A chief herdsman, the keeper or owner of kine. 4. A name of NANDA. म. दीर्घ cowherd, and दन्ध lord.

दीर्घः mfn. (दा-दी-दी) A preserver, A protector, one who defends or cherishes. म. दीर्घ to preserve, &c. affix दन्ध.

दीर्घः mfn. (-ः) 1. To be cherished or preserved. 2. To be kept secret or hidden. 3. To be kept, to be taken care of. m. (-ः) 1. A slave. 2. The son of a female slave. म. दीर्घ to preserve, &c. कर्मेच दन्ध aff.

दीर्घः m. (-ः) A servant or slave. म. दन्ध added to the preceding.

दीर्घः f. (-ः) A pledge, that is not be used, but to be carefully preserved. म. दीर्घ to be preserved, and दन्ध a pledge.

दीर्घः n. (-ः) An excellent cow. म. दीर्घ a cow, and दन्ध excellent ; the compound is always neuter. प्रसन्नो दीर्घः निवर्तमानः परमिदातः ।

दीर्घः m. (-ः) Pasturage ground. म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध going. दन्धरति दन्धम् ।

दीर्घः f. (-ः) A sling.

दीर्घः m. (-ः) Killing a cow. म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध killing.

दीर्घः m. (-ः) The hair of a cow. म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध hair. दन्धमन्नाः ।

दीर्घः m. (-ः) A water fowl. म. दीर्घ water, दन्ध to sound affix दीर्घ.

दीर्घः r. 10th cl. (दीर्घवति) To smear, to anoint.

दीर्घः f. (-ः) A gadfly. म. दीर्घ, a cow, and दन्ध a fly stinging cattle. दीः निवर्तमाना दन्ध (दीर्घ) ।

दीर्घः n. (-ः) The earth, the globe. दीर्घः म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध sphere. दन्धमन्नाः ।

दीर्घः mfn. (-दा-दी-दी) Possessing herds, rich in cattle. f. (-दी) The name of a river, the Goomti, in the province of Oude. 2. A prayer or formula of the Vedas to be repeated during expiation for killing a cow. म. दीर्घ a cow or water, and दन्ध aff. दीर्घरति दन्ध ।

दीर्घः f. (-ः) A tractable and good cow. म. दीर्घ a cow, दन्ध excellent.

दीर्घः mfn. (-ः) Slender in the waist. म. दीर्घ a cow &c. दन्ध middle : repeated.

दीर्घः m. (-ः) 1. The name of a mountain. 2. An owner of cattle. 3. A herd of cattle. म. दीर्घ the earth, दन्ध to mind, दन्ध aff.

दीर्घः mn. (-ः) 1. Cowdung. 2. The property or nature of a cow. म. दीर्घ a cow, and दन्ध aff. of relation or comprehension.

दीर्घः n. (-ः) A mushroom, a fungus. म. दीर्घ cowdung, and दन्ध a Chatta or parasol.

दीर्घः f. (-ः) A kind of fungus or mushroom. म. दन्ध and the fem. form added to the preceding.

दीर्घः n. (-ः) A sort of grass, (Andropogon schoenanthus.) दन्ध, दन्ध दीर्घः म. दीर्घ cow-dung, and दन्ध favourable to.

दीर्घः f. (-ः) A kind of beetle found in cowdung. म. दीर्घ cow-dung, and दन्ध what rises or is generated. दन्ध + दन्ध-दन्ध टाप् ।

दीर्घः m. (-ः) Cassia fistula. म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध born, produced, requiring manure. दीर्घदन्धरति दन्ध + दन्ध दन्ध ।

दीर्घः m. (-ः) 1. A jackal. 2. A kind of Gand'harba or celestial musician. 3. The bile or bilious humor of the cow. म. दीर्घ sound, &c. दन्ध to measure, and दन्ध Unadi affix, दन्ध inserted, or दीर्घ a cow, and दन्ध bile. दीर्घ दन्ध दन्ध दन्ध ।

दीर्घः n. (-ः) A pair of cattle. म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध a couple.

दीर्घः mfn. (-दी-दी-दी) Rich in herds, &c. m. (-दी) 1. The owner of cattle. 2. A jackal. 3. A worshipper. 4. An attendant on a Buddha. म. दीर्घ a cow, &c. दीर्घ aff. दीर्घरति दन्ध दीर्घ ।

दीर्घः m. (-ः) Name of a Muni.

दीर्घः m. (-ः) A sort of fish, the bull-fish. म. दीर्घ, and दीर्घ a fish.

दीर्घः n. (-ः) 1. A house build unevenly or crookedly, viz. with angles, projections, &c. 2. A kind of musical instrument, (a sort of horn or trumpet) 3. Spreading unguents, plastering, smearing. 4. A hole in a wall made by thieves, &c. a breach. m. (-ः) 1. A shark. 2. A kind of Yaksha ; according to the Jainas, a demigod subservient to their deified saints. m. (-ः) A cloth-bag, containing a rosary into which the hand is thrust to count the beads. f. (-ः) The chasm in the Himalaya mountains through which the Ganges flows, erroneously conceived by the Hindus to be of the shape of a cow's mouth. 2. A river in Bengal. म. दीर्घ a cow, and दन्ध face, having the face of a cow, &c. दीर्घदन्ध दन्ध दन्ध ।

दीर्घः mfn. (-ः) Stupid as an ox. म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध foolish.

दीर्घः n. (-ः) Cow's urine. म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध urine. दन्धमन्नाः ।

दीर्घः f. (-ः) 1. A kind of grass, described as growing in corn fields, of a reddish colour, and eaten by cattle, commonly Tam-bada (ताम्बदा) 2. A verse the second half of which repeats nearly all the syllables of the first. 3. A form of calculation. म. दीर्घ, दन्ध urine, दन्ध affix ; operating on cows as a diuretic. दीर्घदन्ध दन्ध दन्ध ।

दीर्घः m. (-ः) A yellow gem : see the next.

दीर्घः mn. (-ः) 1. A gem or precious stone brought from the Himalaya and Indus, described as of four sorts, white, pale yellow, red, and dark blue, perhaps varieties of a gem. 2. A kind of poison : see दन्धदीर्घ. 6. Smearing the body with unguents. म. दीर्घ the eye, दन्ध to anoint, &c. affix दन्ध and दन्ध.

दीर्घः m. (-ः) Chalcedony or opal. म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध what resembles.

दीर्घः m. (-ः) The offering or sacrifice of a cow. म. दीर्घ a cow, and दन्ध sacrifice. दीर्घ-दीर्घ दन्धरति दन्ध । दन्धमन्नाः ।

दीर्घः n. (-ः) 1. A cart. 2. A carriage drawn by oxen. म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध a vehicle.

दीर्घः n. (-ः) A yoke of oxen. म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध a pair.

दीर्घः mfn. (-ः) A cow keeper, the cherisher or preserver of kine m. (-ः) 1. The orange. 2. Keeping or tending cattle. 3. A name of SIVA. f. (-ः) A small shrub. म. दीर्घ a cow, and दन्ध who preserves.

दीर्घः m. (-ः) A cow keeper, one who tends cattle. म. दन्ध added to the last.

दीर्घः f. (-ः) 1. Wheat. 2. A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides ; ) also दन्धदीर्घ. 3. The fruit of the jujube. म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध a rose-apple. [tecting.]

दीर्घः n. (-ः) Tending or taking charge of cattle म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध प्रदीर्घः ।

दीर्घः f. (-ः) A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides.) म. दीर्घ cow-preserving, and दन्ध grain, used in medicines for cattle.

दीर्घः n. (-ः) Tending cattle. म. दीर्घ, and दन्ध to be preserved.

दीर्घः m. (-ः) 1. A water-fowl. 2. A prisoner, a person or animal confined. 3. A naked man, a mendicant, &c. wandering about without clothes. म. दीर्घ water, sky, &c. दन्ध a kind of deer : as it were, the water deer, &c. दन्ध दन्ध दन्ध ।

नीरस n. (-च) Effort, exertion. ३. नृत् to make effort, affix चट्; also नृत्. नीरस mn. (-च-सं) 1. Milk. 2. Curdled or coagulated milk. 3. Butter-milk. ३. नी a cow, and रस juice.

नीरसज n. (-ज) 1. Butter-milk. 2. Curds, ३. नीरस, and ज produced.

नीराज m. (-जः) A bull. ३. नी a cow, and राजन् a king, टच् aff.

नीराटी f. (-टी) A small bird, (Turdus salica. ३. नी speech, रट् to utter, affix चच्, feminine affix लीच्. [गच्छति:]

नीरत n. (-तं) A measure of distance equal to two Grosa or Oos; see नीरीच n. (-च) Yellow orpiment. ३. नी, and रीच what shines. नवा किरणेन रीचते रीच-चच्.

नीरीचना f. (-चा) A bright yellow pigment prepared from the urine of a cow, or vomited in the shape of scibulae by the animal; or according to some, found in the head of a cow; it is employed in painting and dying, and is of especial virtue in marking the foreheads of the Hindus with the Tilaka or sectarian mark; it is also used in medicine as a sedative, tonic, and anthelmintic remedy, &c. ३. नी a cow, रीच to shine, affix चट्. नीभी जाता रीचना हरिद्रा।

नीहं n. (-हं) The brain, ३. नृत् to endeavor, and हन् affix; also नीह्.

नील mn. (-ल-सं) A circle, a ball, any thing round or globular. m. (-लः) 1. A widow's bastard. 2. Myrrh. 3. A tree, (Vangueria spinosa.) 4. A globe, celestial or terrestrial. 5. Conjunction of planets, or the presence of several in one sign. f. (-लः) 1. A globe, a sphere, a Mandala. 2. A wooden ball with which children play. 3. A woman's female friend. 4. The Godavari river. 5. A large water jar. 6. Ink. 7. Red arsenic. 8. A name of the goddess DURGA. ३. नी heaven, water, &c. and ल what gets or receives; again, नृत् to be round, &c. affix चच् and ल changed to ल. लस्योरेखात्।

नीलक m. (-कः) 1. A wooden ball for playing with, or any thing globular, a sphere, a globe, &c. 2. A widow's bastard. 3. A water jar. 4. Gum myrrh. 5. Pease. n. (-कः) The heaven of KRISHNA. ३. लन् added to the preceding. नृत्-लन् लस्य लः।

नीलाकूल m. (-लः) A kind of monkey, described as of a black colour, and having a tail like a cow. ३. नी a cow, and लाकूल a tail.

नीलाधाय m. (-यः) The division of mathematical science which treats of the spheres, spherics. ३. नील the globe, and अधाय chapter.

नीलास m. (-सः) A mushroom, a kind of fungus springing from cowdung.

नीलिङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A plant, commonly Ghantaparuli. ३. नी a cow, and लिङ्ग to lick, affix क्; upon which kine graze. नीलिङ्गते लिङ्ग-चञच् क्।

नीलीङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A plant: see the preceding. ३. नी, and लिङ्ग as above, affix क्. नीलिङ्गते लिङ्ग क्।

नीलीक n. (-कः) The heaven of KRISHNA. ३. नी a cow, and लीक world. नीलीकता f. (-ता) A kind of small shrub. ३. नीलीक cow's hair, कन् affix, fem. form.

नीलीनी f. (-नी) 1. A kind of bent grass, with white blossoms; also नील-दूला. 2. Root of sweet flag. Orris root. 4. A whore, a harlot. 5. A small shrub. ३. नी the earth, &c. and नीलन् hair, the hair of the earth.

नीलदानी f. (-नी) A plant bearing a fragrant seed: see नीलदन् ३. नी the earth, and दन् नी praising.

नीलद्वीप m. (-वः) A celebrated hill in Brindaban or the country about Mathura: it was upheld by KRISHNA upon one finger, to shelter the cowherds from a storm excited by INDRA, as a test of the former's divinity. ३. नी a cow, and द्वीप increasing; pasturing cattle.

नीलद्वीप m. (-वः) A name of KRISHNA or VISHNU. ३. नीलद्वीप Gobar-d'hana, and वर who upholds: see the preceding.

नीलगा f. (-गा) A barren cow. ३. नी a cow, and गा barren.

नीलिन m. (-नः) 1. One of the most usual appellations of KRISHNA or VISHNU in that form. 2. A name of VAISHNAPATI, regent of JUPITER. 3. A cow-keeper, one who protects, cherishes or owns cattle. ३. नी language, here the language of the Vedas especially,

and निन् who knows, from निन् to know, with न् affix; also नी heaven, a cow, निन् to obtain, by whom heaven is obtained; or, who obtains felicity by protecting kine. नी वेदनी वाणी, सुव वेदः खनी वा निन्ति।

नीलिन f. (-निन्) Cow-dung. ३. नी a cow, and निन् ordure; also नीलिन.

नीलिन n. (-नः) 1. Property in cattle, possession of flocks and herds. 2.

A herd, a drove of cattle. ३. नी a cow, and निन् a heap, a multitude.

नीलिनारक m. (-रः) A capital cow. ३. नी a cow, and निन् affix of pre-eminence.

नीलिन m. (-नः) A bull. n. नी a cow, and निन् best, pre-eminent.

नीलिन m. (-नः) A station for cattle. ३. नी and निन् a pen, a fold.

नीलिनान् n. (-नान्) Cow-dung. ३. नी a cow, and निन् ordure.

नीलिनान् mfn. sub. (-नः-नान्-च) A cow-house. adj. Born in a cow-house. ३. नी a cow, and निन् a hall.

नीलीचं n. (-चं) 1. A kind of Sandal, described as of the colour of brass, and of great fragrance. 2. The head of a cow. ३. नी a cow, and नीच the head.

नीलीचक m. (-कः) A plant; also called Drona pushpa. ३. कन् added to नीलीचं.

नीलिन m. (-नः) A tree; also Berbera. n. (-नः) The horn of a cow. ३. नी, and निन् a horn.

नील r. 1st cl. (नीलते) To assemble, to collect, to heap together.

नील mn. (-न-चं) 1. A cowpen, a fold for cattle, any place where animals are kept. 2. A station of cow-herds. f. (-नी) 1. An assembly, a meeting. 2. Conversation, discourse, dialogue, dispute. 3. Family connexions, but especially the dependent or junior branches. 4. A dramatic composition in one act. ३. नी a cow, and ल from ला to stay, with क् affix; here meaning the place of abiding, or नील to assemble, affix चच्. [मound.

नीलवेदिता f. (-ता) A mound or altar in a cowpen. ३. नील, and वेदिता a

नीलव mfn. (-नः-चं-च) Malignant, censorious, envious; especially applied to a person who stays at home, and slanders his neighbours. ३.

नील a cowpen, in the first case used for abode in general, and नि to increase, affix च, who magnifies himself in his own house. m. (-नः)

A horse in a cowpen. ३. नील, and च a horse, the form is irregular.

नीलपत्नी f. (-नी) A particular holiday: see नीलपत्नी.

नीलीपति m. (-तिः) 1. The chief person in an assembly, a president. 2. The master of a family. ३. नीली, and पति master.

नीलपद n. (-पद) 1. A spot frequented by kine. 2. A measure, as much as a cow's footprint will hold. 3. The mark or impression of a cow's foot. 4. A cow's foot or hoof. ३. नी a cow, and पद for पाद a foot.

नील m. (-नः) 1. Gum myrrh. 2. The last watch of the night, early morning or day-break. ३. नी water, dew, and नी to destroy, to absorb; affix च.

नीलस्य m. (-स्यः) A herdsman, a cowherd. ३. नी a cow, and सन् prefixed to स्या to count, affix च.

नीलस्य n. (-नः) The inner part of a house, an inner or sleeping room, a bed-chamber.

नीलस्य m. (-नः) Dawn, day-break. ३. नी a cow, and सन् meeting, junction; the herd assembling at that time.

नीलस्य m. (-नः) The Gayal, (Bos gaurus.) ३. नी a cow, and सन् like, from सन् with स aff. नी: सन्चः। नीलस्य, गव्ये।

नीलस्य m. (-नः) One who gives a cow. ३. नी a cow, दा to give, with सन् prefixed, नृत् augment, affix चच्.

नीलस्य mfn. (-नः-नान्-च) Produced from or by a cow. ३. नी, and सन् born.

नीलस्य m. (-नी) Dawn, day-break. ३. नी a cow, and नी going forth, the cattle then going forth to pasture.

नीलस्य m. (-नः) The sacrifice of a cow, one of the grand sacrifices of the Hindus in former times, and not permitted in the present or Kali yuga age: see नीलस्य, ३. नी a cow, and सन् sacrifice.



gether, to connect or arrange in a regular series. With उद् prefixed, To untie, to loosen.

बन्ध m. (-न्धः) 1. Stringing or tying together, (literally or metaphorically.) 2. Wealth, property. 3. A book or composition in prose or verse. 4. A metre or measure of thirty two syllables. ५. बन्ध to dispose or arrange, affix भावे कर्त्तृणि वा कर्त्तृ ।

बन्धकर्त्ता m. (-न्तः) An author. ६. बन्ध, and कर्त्ता maker. [उद्-० व० ।

बन्धकार m. (-रः) An author. ७. बन्ध, and कार who makes. बन्ध करीति बन्ध  
बन्धकटी f. (-टी) An office a study, a library. ८. बन्ध a book, and कटी a house or room.

बन्धन nf. (-नं वा) Arranging, stringing, tying or connecting together either as a chaplet or a book. ९. बन्ध to arrange, affix भावे कृट्, or बन्ध पुरा-उच् ।

बन्धविकार m. (-रः) A voluminous work. १०. बन्ध, and विकार extent.

बन्ध m. (-न्धः) 1. The joint or knot of a reed or cane, &c. 2. A tie, the knot of a cord, &c. 3. A joint or articulation of the body, 4. A plant, commonly Ganthiala; see बन्धिवर्ध. 5. Crookedness, distortion. 6. A complaint, knotting of the vessels as in varicocoele, &c. ७. बन्ध to connect, &c. Unadi affix बन्ध.

बन्धिम m. (-न्धः) 1. An astrologer, a fortune teller. 2. The youngest of the Pandus. 3. A thorny plant; see करीर. n. (-न्धः) 1. The root of long pepper. 2. A kind of resin, Bdellium. 3. A perfume; see बन्धिवर्ध. ४. बन्ध added to the preceding, or बन्ध a book, &c. and कृट् aff.

बन्धित mfn. (-न्धः-ता-तः) Strung, tied. ५. बन्ध to tie, affix क्त.

बन्धिवर्ध f. (-वर्धः) A species of Durva grass. ६. बन्ध, and वर्ध Panicum daetylon.

बन्धिम mfn. (-न्धः-विन्धनी नि) 1. Bookish, read, learned. 2. Relating or belonging to a book, &c. ३. बन्ध, and विन्ध aff.

बन्धिवर्ध m. (-वर्धः) A plant, and according to some authorities a perfume commonly called Ganthiala. ४. बन्ध a knot, and वर्ध a leaf.

बन्धिवन्ध n. (-न्धः) 1. Tying a knot. 2. A ligament. 3. Tying together the garments of the bride and bridegroom at the marriage ceremony. ४. बन्ध, and बन्ध binding.

बन्धित m. (-न्धः) A plant, (Heliotropium indicum); also बन्धिवन्ध. ५. बन्ध knot, and कर्त्तृ poss. aff.

बन्धिवन्ध n. (-न्धः) Garlic. ६. बन्ध a knot, and वर्ध root.

बन्धित mfn. ( बन्धः-ता-तः) Knotted, knotty, &c. m. (-न्धः) 1. A plant, commonly Bainchi (Flacourtia sapida, Rox.) 2. Karir, a thorny plant, capparid; see करीर. n. (-न्धः) 1. Green or undried ginger. 2. Root of long pepper. ३. बन्ध a knot, and वर्ध aff.

बन्धिवर्ध m. (-वर्धः) A plant; see बन्धिवर्ध. ४. बन्ध a knot, वर्ध to cover, and विन्ध aff.

बन्धिवन्ध m. (-रः) A counsellor, a minister. ५. बन्ध knot, and वर्ध who removes; who unties the knots of business. ६. बन्धिवर्ध करि बन्धिवर्ध.

बन्धिवन्ध n. (-न्धः) The root of long pepper; see बन्धिवर्ध. विन्धिवन्ध.

बन्ध r. 1st cl. (बन्ध) बन्ध (बन्धते) 1. To eat. 2. To swallow, to devour. r. 1st and 10th cls. (बन्धति वाचयति) To take, to seize. कृ-वाच-बन्ध-कृट् । पुरा-उच् । [भावे कृट् aff.]

बन्ध n. (-न्धः) 1. Swallowing, eating. 2. Taking, seizing. ३. बन्ध to take बन्धित mfn. (-न्धः-ता-तः) 1. Swallowing, devouring. 2. Receiving or listening to any thing eagerly. ३. बन्ध to eat, बन्ध aff.

बन्धित mfn. (-न्धः-ता-तः) Eating, taking food. ४. बन्ध to eat, बन्ध aff.

बन्ध mfn. (-न्धः-ता-तः) 1. Inarticulately pronounced, slurred, uttered with the omission of a letter or syllable. 2. Eaten. 3. Taken, seized. 4. Affected by. 5. Commenced as an eclipse, eclipsed. ६. बन्ध to eat, affix कर्त्तृणि क्त.

बन्धित mfn. (-न्धः-ता-तः) Commenced and ended as an eclipse. ७. बन्ध seized, बन्ध set.

बन्ध r. 1st, and 10th cls. (बन्धति बन्धति) r. 9th cl. (बन्ध) बन्ध (बन्धति बन्धते) 1. To take, to seize, to receive or accept. With कृट्, prefixed, To

favour, to show kindness to. With बन्ध, To oppose. With कृट्, To deposit, to trust. With उद्, To provide. 2. To favour. With नि, 1. To take, to arrest. 2. To punish. 3. To restrain. With वरि, To lay hold of, to seize. With वरि, 1. To assent to, to receive as a precept or truth. 2. To embrace, to enfold, to comprehend or contain. 3. To subdue. 4. To accept. With वि, To quarrel, to fight. With कृट्, To collect, to assemble. कृ-वाच-बन्ध-कृट् । वाचने वा पुरा-उच् पक्षे कृट् ।

बन्ध m. (-न्धः) 1. Taking, whether by seizure or acceptance. 2. An eclipse or seizure of the sun or moon, by Rahu, &c. 3. A planet. 4. The place of a planet in the fixed zodiac. 5. A moveable point in the heavens. 6. A name of Rahu, or the ascending node. 7. An imp, one of a particular class, beginning with PUTANA, supposed especially to seize upon young children producing convulsions. 8. Effort in battle. 9. Tenacity, perseverance. 10. Purpose, design. 11. Favor, patronage. १२. बन्ध to take, &c. affix बन्ध.

बन्धिवन्ध m. (-न्धः) A name of Rahu, the personified ascending node. ३. बन्ध a planet, and बन्धिवन्ध an enemy.

बन्धिवन्ध m. (-न्धः) The planets taken collectively. ४. बन्ध, and बन्ध a number बन्धिवन्ध mfn. (-न्धः-ता-तः) A prisoner, captive, confined. n. (-न्धः) 1. Taking, seizure. 2. Receiving, acceptance. 3. Assent, agreement. 4. Respect.

5. The hand. 6. An eclipse. 7. Comprehension, the taking or receiving of instruction, or the acquirement of any science. 8. Sound. 9. An organ of sense. 10. In grammar, Exception. ११. बन्ध to take, affix भावे कृट्.

बन्धिवन्ध n. (-न्धः) Close of study, acquirement of science, &c. ३. बन्ध taking, and बन्ध end.

बन्धिवन्ध n. (-न्धः) Termination of holy study. ४. बन्ध, and बन्ध final.

बन्धिवन्ध f. (-न्धः) 1. Diarrhoea, dysentery. 2. The vessels diffusing vital warmth. 3. The small intestines, that part of the alimentary canal where the bile assists digestion. ४. बन्ध to seize, बन्ध Unadi affix; also with कृट् added बन्धिवन्ध.

बन्धिवन्ध f. (-न्धः) Diarrhoea, dysentery. ५. बन्धिवन्ध the same (as above), and बन्ध sickness, disease.

बन्धिवन्ध mfn. (-न्धः-ता-तः) To be taken, to be seized, accepted, &c. ६. बन्ध, and बन्धिवन्ध aff.

बन्धिवन्ध n. (-न्धः) Cloves. ७. बन्धिवन्ध diarrhoea, and वर्ध what removes.

बन्धिवन्ध m. (-न्धः) 1. The sun. 2. The planet Saturn. ३. बन्ध a planet, and बन्धिवन्ध a chief.

बन्धिवन्ध m. (-न्धः) A planet, (Echites scholaris) ४. बन्ध taking, and बन्ध injury, producing pain in the bowels, &c. also बन्धिवन्ध.

बन्धिवन्ध m. (-न्धः) The moon. ५. बन्ध a planet and बन्धिवन्ध the circumference of a wheel, from its shape,

बन्धिवन्ध m. (-न्धः) The sun. ६. बन्ध a planet, and बन्धिवन्ध chief.

बन्धिवन्ध f. (-न्धः) The influence of an unpropitious planet. ७. बन्ध, and बन्धिवन्ध pain.

बन्धिवन्ध m. (-न्धः) The sun, ८. बन्ध, and वर्ध to cherish, affix क्त; cherishing the planets with his light.

बन्धिवन्ध f. (-न्धः) worship of the sun and the other planets. ९. बन्ध, and वर्ध worship.

बन्धिवन्ध m. (-न्धः) Worship of or offering to the planets. १०. बन्ध, and बन्धिवन्ध sacrifice; also बन्धिवन्ध.

बन्धिवन्ध mfn. (-न्धः-ता-तः) Taking, receiving. ११. बन्ध to take, कृट् affix, बन्ध inserted; also बन्धिवन्ध.

बन्धिवन्ध m. (-न्धः) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. The planet Jupiter or its regent. ४. बन्ध a planet, and बन्धिवन्ध a king, a chief.

बन्धिवन्ध m. (-न्धः) An astrologer. ५. बन्ध and बन्धिवन्ध a Brahman.

बन्धिवन्ध m. (-न्धः) The constellation Dhruva or the polar star. ६. बन्धिवन्ध planet, and बन्धिवन्ध asylum; the star remaining fixed amidst the planetary movements. [dependent.]

बन्धिवन्ध mfn. (-न्धः-ता-तः) Subject to planetary influence. ७. बन्ध, and बन्धिवन्ध



बासबासिन्, m. (स्त्री) A villager. इ. ग्राम, and बासिन् who inhabits ; also

ग्रामशुकर m. (-रः) A village hog, a tame hog, a pig. ड. ग्राम, and शुकर =

वासाय m. (-वाः) An ass. २. वास, and वास a horse, the village horse.  
 वास mfn. (-वा-वा-व) Hard, solid. m. (-वा) १. A stone or rock. २. A mountain. ३. A cloud. ४. वसते वस वः वासवति वन सभन्ती विष्, वसं ।  
 वास m. (-वः) A mouthful or a quantity equivalent to a mouthful, a lump of rice, &c. of the size of a peacock's egg. २. वस् to eat, affix कर्त्तृणि वस्.  
 वासावादन n. (-वः) Bare subsistence, food and clothing. २. वास, and वासावादन covering.  
 वास m. (-वः) १. Taking, either by seizure or acceptance. २. A shark ; according to some, the Gangetic alligator, (Lacerta Gangetica) ; according to others, the water elephant, (the hippopotamus.) ३. Any large fish or marine animal. ४. वस् to take, affix वस् or व.  
 वासक mfn. (-वः-वो-वः) One who takes or seizes, one who accepts or receives. m. (-वः) १. A hawk, a falcon. २. A police officer, a constable, a bailiff. ३. वस् to take, विष्, च्चुस् aff.  
 वासक mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Containing or abounding with alligators. २. वस्, and वसुप् aff.  
 वासिन् mfn. (-वी-वि-वी-वि) १. Taking, seizing, accepting, who or what takes. २. Astringent, binding, constipating. m. (-वी) १. A sedative, a narcotic. २. The elephant or wood apple : see वसिन्. f. (-वी) A small kind of Jawasa, perhaps a species of Hedysarum. ३. वस् to take, विष् aff.  
 वास mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) १. To be seized, to be taken, to be accepted. २. To be accepted as a rule or a law, to be acknowledged or assented to, ३. To be attended to or obeyed. ४. To be admitted in evidence, &c. ५. To be apprehended or arrested. ३. वस् to take, च्चुस् aff.  
 वीवा f. (-वा) १. The neck. २. The back part of the neck, the nape, the tendon of the Trepazium muscle. ३. वृ to swallow, वसिन् Unadi affix विरति चनया वृ वसिन् निपातने ।  
 वीविन् mfn. (-वी-वि-वी-वि) Long-necked, handsome-necked. m. (-वी) A camel. ३. वीवा a neck, and वसिन् poss. aff. वीवा वीवा वसि चक्ष ।  
 वीव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Hot, warm. m. (-वः) १. The hot season, comprehending two months, about June July. २. Heat, warmth. f. (-वी) Jasmin. ३. वस् to take, &c. वसिन् Unadi affix, and the deriv. irr. वसते रसान् ।  
 वीवज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) १. Produced by heat. २. Produced in the hot season. f. (-जा) A kind of fruit, (Annona reticulata.) ३. वीव the hot season, and ज produced.  
 वीवभव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Produced by heat or in the hot season. f. (-वा) Double jasmin : see वसन्ती. ३. वीव the hot season, and वव being, flourishing.  
 वीवसुन्दर m. (-वः) A kind of potherb, (Chironia centauroides) ; it is also applied to Pharnaceum mollugo.) ३. वीव the hot season, and सुन्दर handsome, affix वस्.  
 वीवहाल n. (-वः) The flocculent seeds, blown down, about in the air. ३. वीव the hot season, and हास a smile, considered from their white colour, as the smiles of the season.  
 वीवीव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Produced by heat or in the hot season. f. (-वा) Double jasmin. ३. वीव, and वव produced. वीववाले वववति वव + भू वव ।  
 वृच (वर व) वर वृच r. १st. cl. (वृचति) To steal or rob. भू-पर-वच-सेट् ।  
 वेव mfn. (-वः-वी-वः) Belonging to the neck, &c. n. (-वः) १. A necklace, a close necklace or collar. २. A chain worn round the neck of an elephant, &c. ३. वीवा the necklace, and वस् aff.  
 वेवेय mfn. (-वः-वी-वः) Belonging to the neck. n. (-वः) १. A collar, a necklace. २. A chain on the neck of an elephant or horse. ३. वीवा, and वस् affix ; also वेवेयक.  
 वेवेयक n. (-वः) A collar, an ornament for the neck. ३. वीवा and वस् affix : see वीव and वेवेय.  
 वेव mfn. (-वः-वी-वः) Belonging or relating to, or produced by heat or

hot season. f. (-वी) Double jasmin. ३. वीव the hot season, &c. affix वस्.  
 वसिन् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) १. Distressed, pained. २. Exhausted, overpowered. ३. वस् to be weary, causal form, वस् aff.  
 वास (व) वास r. १st. cl. (वासते) To eat : see वस्.  
 वास mfn. (-वाः-वा-वः) Eaten. ३. वस् to eat, affix वस्.  
 वृच (व) वृच r. १st and १०th cls (वृचति वति) To take, to receive or accept : see वस्. वादाने वा वृच-उभ पक्षे भू-वच-सेट् ।  
 वच m. (-वः) Gaming, playing with dice. ३. वस् to take, &c. affix वस् or it is derived irregularly from वच, and with वस् aff.  
 वास mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Wearied, languid, feeble, exhausted by fatigue, disease, &c. ३. वस् to be feeble, and वसिन् वस् aff.  
 वासि f. (-वि) Langour, lassitude, fatigue of body or depression of mind. ३. वा or वस् to be weary, Unadi affix वसते वि.  
 वासन् mfn. (-वस्-वनी-वत्) Being exhausted, languid, faint, &c. ३. वस् to be weary, वस् aff.  
 वासु mfn. (-वः-वुः-वुः) Exhausted by disease or fatigue, wearied, languid. ३. वस् to be weak, affix वस्.  
 वृच (वर व) वर वृच r. १st. cl. (वृचति) १. To steal, to rob, २. To go ; see वृच. भू-पर-वच-सेट् ।  
 वृच (वर व) वर वृच r. १st. cl. (वृचति) To go, to move. भू-पर-वच-सेट् ।  
 वृच (व) वृच r. १st. cl. (वृचते) १. To be poor or dependent. २. To shake to tremble, ३. To move. वृच-भू-वा-सेट् ।  
 वृच mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) To be made weary or exhausted, exhaustible, fatiguable, ३. वा or वस् to be weary, affix वस्.  
 वृच (व) वृच r. १st. cl. (वृचते) To serve, to worship, to gratify by service or devotedness. भू-वा-वच-सेट् ।  
 वृच (व) वृच r. १st. cl. (वृचते) To inquire, to search, to investigate. वृच r. १st. cl. (वायति) १. To be languid or weary, to be exhausted, faded, &c. २. To yawn, this root is sometimes considered to be वा making वायति as above, and in the causal form वायति or वायति. भू-पर-वच-वसिट् ।  
 वृच mfn. (-वः-वी-वः) Wearied, exhausted. ३. वृच to be weary, वस् aff.  
 वृच m. (-वृः) १. The moon. २. Camphor. ३. वृच to be weary, Unadi affix वस्.

## व

व The fourth consonant of the Sanskrit alphabet, being the aspirate of the preceding letter, and corresponding to G'h.  
 व m. (-वः) १. A bell. २. A rattling or gurgling sound. f. (-वा) १. A tinkling ornament worn by women round the waist. २. Striking, killing. ३. Wetting, sprinkling, ३. वस् to kill, affix व, and व substituted for the radical letter, or the same affix, with वृ to sprinkle, &c.  
 वृच r. १st. cl. (वृचति) To laugh, to laugh at or deride also ; वच and वृच.  
 वच r. १st. cl. (वचति) To laugh or to laugh at : see the preceding-  
 वट r. १st. cl. (वटते) To act, to strive or endeavour. r. १०th. cl. (वाटयति) १. To unite or to put together, २. To injure or kill, ३. To shine (व) वटि r. १०th. cl. (वाटयति) To shine. वट भू-वा-वच-सेट्, वटादि ।  
 वट m. (-वः) १. A large earthen water jar, २. The sign Aquarius. ३. A measure ; see वृच. ४. An elephant's frontal sinus. ५. Suspending the breath as a religious exercise. ६. A man who makes effort or exertion. f. (-वा) १. A troop of elephants assembled for martial purposes. २. Effort, endeavour. ३. An assembly. ४. A number, a collection, an assemblage. f. (-टी) १. The Ghari or Indian clock, a plate of iron or mixed metal on which the hours are struck, २. A small

- water jar, a ewer. **चट्ट** to endeavour, &c. affix **चच्** or **चङ्** and fem. affix **टाप्** or **डीप्**.
- चट्टक** m. (-कः) 1. A tree that produces fruit without apparent flowers. 2. A match-maker, an agent who ascertains or invents genealogies, and negotiates matrimonial alliances. 3. A genealogist. **चट्ट** to endeavour, and **चिच्** **कुच्** aff.
- चट्टक** mfn. (-कः-वा-ङ्) Who or what takes a water pot. **चट्ट** and **चङ्** to take, **चच्** aff.
- चट्टासी** f. (-सी) A bawd or procuress. **चट्ट** effort, and **दासी** a slave or servant.
- चट्टन** nf. (-न-ना) 1. Effort, exertion. 2. Assembling, bringing together. 3. Joining, mixing. 4. Occuring. **चट्ट** to strive, &c. affix **युच्**.
- चट्टीनि** m. (-निः) The saint AGASTYA. **चट्ट** a water jar, and **नीनि** place of birth; the saint being born from a water jar. see **कुञ्जसुख**.
- चट्टराज** m. (-जः) A large water jar of baked clay. **चट्ट** a jar, and **राज** king, chief. **चट्टेन** योजनेन राजने राज-**चच्**.
- चट्टापात्र** n. (-न) Placing a water pot as a type of DURGA, an essential part of various Tantrika ceremonies. **चट्ट**, and **स्थापन** placing.
- चट्टाटीप** m. (-पः) A covering for a carriage or any article of furniture. **चट्ट** and **चाटीप** pride.
- चट्टिका** n. (-कः) The posteriors. f. (-का) 1. The ankle; also **चट्टिका**. 2. A Muhurta or thirtieth part of a day and night. 3. A Danda or period of twenty-four minutes. m. (-कः) A waterman. **चट्टी** a clock, &c. affixes **कन्** and **टाप्** for the feminine; otherwise **चट्ट** a jar and **ठन्** aff.
- चट्टित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Devised, attempted. 2. Made of. 3. In contact with, contiguous, joined. **चट्ट** to make effort, **चिच्** **क्त** aff.
- चट्टिस्य** mfn. (-स्य-सा-सं) Who blows or sounds in a jar. m. (सः) A potter. **चट्टी** and **क्वा** to blow, **खञ्** aff. **सुन्** **कुञ्ज**.
- चट्टिस्य** mfn. (-स्य-या-यं) Who drinks a G'hati, (in measure.) **चट्टी** and **चे** to drink, **खञ्** aff. **सुन्** **कुञ्ज**.
- चट्टीकार** m. (-रः) A potter. **चट्ट** कार who makes, with **चच्** aff.
- चट्टीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Who or what takes a small jar, &c. **चट्टी** and **यह** who takes. **चच्** aff.
- चट्टीयन्** n. (-न्) The rope and bucket of a well, or any machine for raising water. **चट्ट** effort, and **यन्** machine.
- चट्टीक** m. (-कः) The son of BHIMA by the Rakshasi, named HIDIMBA.
- चट्टीकचामक** m. (-कः) A name of KARNA, natural brother to the Pandus. **चट्टीक** a proper name, and **चामक** destroyer.
- चट्टीह** m. (-हः) The sage AGASTYA. **चट्ट** a jar, and **उह** born, produced.
- चट्ट** r. 1st and 10th cls. (चट्टे or चट्टयति-ते) To move. With **परि** prefixed, To spread or diffuse. With **चि**, To rub gently, to scratch. **भृ-चात्** **सक-सेट्**. वा **पुरा-उभ०**.
- चट्ट** m. (-रः) A G'hat, a quay or landing place, steps on the side of a river, &c. leading to the water's edge. f. (टी) A small or inferior landing place, private stairs, &c. **चट्ट** to go, affix **चच्** and with **डीप्** affix, implying diminution.
- चट्टना** f. (-ना) 1. Going, moving. 2. Practice, business, means of living. 3. Rubbing or striking together. **चट्ट** to go, affix **युच्** fem. **टाप्**.
- चट्टीविन्** m. (-वी) An attendant at a landing place, who takes care of the clothes of the bathers, &c. **चट्ट**, and **वीविन्** who subsists. **चिन्**.
- चट्ट** (चट्ट) **चट्ट** r. 8th cl. (चट्टति or चट्टते) To shine. **तना-उभ-चक सेट्**.
- चट्ट** m. (-रुट्) A sort of sauce, vegetables made into a pulp with water, turmeric, mustard seeds and capsicums. f. (-रुट्) 1. A bell; also a plate of iron or mixed metal struck as a bell. 2. A plant: see **चट्टापाटली**. **चट्ट** to strike, **क्त** affix, fem. **टाप्** and deriv. irr.
- चट्टाक** m. (-कः) A plant: see **चट्टापाटली**. **कन्** added to the preceding; some copies read **चट्टीक** and **चाट्टीक**.
- चट्टाचर्य** m. (-र्यः) One of Sriva's attendants, and is worshipped to pre- side over outaneous complaints, and is worshipped for exemption

from them in the month Chaitra. **चट्टा**, and **कर्ण** and ear; having ears as broad as a bell.

**चट्टाताड** m. (-डः) A bell-man, one who strikes a bell or Ghadi. **चट्टा** and **ताड** who beats.

**चट्टाताडन** n. (-न) Striking a bell. **चट्टा**, and **ताडन** beating.

**चट्टानाद** m. (-दः) The sound of a bell, &c. **चट्टा**, and **नाद** sound.

**चट्टापथ** m. (-थः) The chief road through a village, a highway. **चट्टा** bell, and **पथ** a road, affix **चच्**; the bell-road, or that by which elephants, &c. decorated with tinkling ornaments, proceed.

**चट्टापाटली** f. (-ली) A plant commonly called by the similar name G'han taparuli, a species of the trumpet flower, (Higononia suave-olens.) **चट्टा** a bell, &c. and **पाटली** the trumpet flower.

**चट्टावाद्य** n. (-व्यः) The sound of a clock. **चट्टा** and **वाद्य** playing.

**चट्टाबीज** n. (-जः) The croton nut. **चट्टा**, and **बीज** seed.

**चट्टारवा** f. (-वा) Crotolaria of various species. **चट्टा**, and **रव** sound the seed rattling within the husk.

**चट्टागन्ध** m. (-न्धः) 1. Bell-metal. 2. The sound of a bell. **चट्टा**, and **गन्ध** sound.

**चट्टास्वन** m. (-नः) The sound of a bell or clock. **चट्टा**, and **स्वन** sound.

**चट्टिका** f. (-का) The uvula or soft palate. **चट्टा** a bell, and **कन्** affix of similitude.

**चट्ट** m. (-रुट्) 1. A string of bells tied on an elephant's chest, &c. by way of ornament. 2. Heat, light, &c. **चट्ट** to shine, Unadi affix **उन्**.

**चट्टेश्वर** m. (-रः) A minor deity, the son of MARS. **चट्टा**, and **ईश्वर** lord

**चट्ट** m. (-रुट्) A bee. **चट्ट** वा-उ तस्य नेत्स्वम्। **भनरे**.

**चन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Material, solid. 2. Coarse, gross. 3. Compact. 4. Hard, firm. 5. Full, plum. 6. Impenetrable. 7. Vicious, thick, insipid. 8. Deep, (as sound) 9. Very, much. 10. Auspicious, fortunate. 11. Permanent, eternal. m. (-नः) 1. A cloud. 2. An iron club

3. The body. 4. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 5. A number, an assemblage or quantity. 6. Extension, diffusion. 7. Hardness. 8. Solidity, substance. matter. 9. The cube of a number, (in arithmetic.) 10. A solid, (in geometry.) 11. Phlegm. 12. Talc. n. (-नः) 1. A cymbal, a bell, a Gong, &c. any brazen or composite metallic instrument, which is struck as a clock, &c. 2. A mode of dancing, neither quick nor slow. 3. Iron. 4. Skin, rind, bark, &c. **चन** to strike or be struck, affix **चप्** and **चङ्** changed to **च**.

**चनक** m. (-कः) Hail. **चन** a cloud, and **कन्** phlegm.

**चनकाल** m. (-कालः) The rainy season. **चन** a cloud, and **काल** time.

**चनमौलक** m. (-कः) An alloy of gold and silver.

**चनचनीच** m. (-चः) A gathering of dark clouds. **चन** thick, close, **चनीच** cumulus.

**चनचय** m. (-यः) A collection of clouds, cumulus. **चन**, and **चय** a heap.

**चनजम्बाल** m. (-जम्बालः) A quantity of mire, a slough. **चन** much, a heap, and **जम्बाल** mud.

**चनजाल** n. (-जालः) A gathering of clouds. **चन**, and **जाल** multitude.

**चनज्वाला** f. (-ला) Lightning, a flash of lightning. **चन** a cloud, and **ज्वाला** flame.

**चनताल** mf. (-लः-ला) A bird: see **चनतील**. **चनतायां** निविडतायाम् **चलति** पद्या- ग्रीति **चल्-चच्**.

**चनतमिर** n. (-रः) 1. The darkness of clouds. 2. Great darkness. **चन**, and **तमिर** dark.

**चनल** n. (-लः) 1. Firmness, compactness. 2. Thickness, coarseness, solidity. **चन** added to **चन**; also with **तन्**, **चनता**.

**चनतील** mf. (-लः-ला) The Chataka, (Cuculus melanoleucos.) **चन** a cloud, and **तुल** to be equal, **चन** मेघं तोलयति **ऊर्ध्वं** नयति **चाह्वानेन**. **तुल- उन्नति** **चच्** उपमित **समाहः**. who soars to the clouds in the rainy season, which, according to the fable, is the only time when he gets

water to drink ; some books have वनताल from ताल tune, or sound ; whose music is (from) the clouds.

वनजलि mfn. (-नि:-नि:-नि) Roaring, who or what makes such a sound. m. (-नि:) 1. A deep and loud tone, a roar. 2. The muttering of thunder clouds. ३. वन and जलि sound.

वननाभि m. (-भि:) Smoke. ३. वन a cloud, and नाभि the navel or centre ; smoke being supposed to be a principal ingredient in clouds.

वनस्य मेघस्य नाभिरिव यीनित्वात् । धूमै ।

वननीहार m. (-र:) Thick falling frost or snow. ३. वन, and नीहार hoar-frost.

वनपदवी f. (-वी) The sky. ३. वन a cloud, and पदवी station.

वनपयोधर m. (-र:) A firm breast. ३. वन, and पयोधर the female breast.

वनपत्र m. (-त्र:) A plant, (Hyperanthera ; morunga :) see श्रीमन्न ३. वन abundance, and पत्र a shoot or sprout. वना निविडा: पत्रवा वन.

वनपावक mfn. (-क: पत्रा) A peacock. ३. वन a cloud, and पावक a sectary ; this bird is supposed to delight in cloudy and rainy weather. वनेन मेघधनिना पावक इव उन्नतत्वात् । मयूरे ।

वनफल m. (-ल:) The contents of a solid, (in Geometry.) ३. वन and फल fruit. वनानि निविडानि फलानि वन । विवृणुष्वे च ।

वनमूल n. (-ल) Cube root, (in Arithmetic.) ३. वन and मूल root. वनस्य समविघातस्य मूलमाद्यन् ।

वनरव m. (-व:) The roaring of clouds, thunder. ३. वन and रव sound.

वनरस mn. (-स:-स:) Water. m. (-स:) 1. Camphor. 2. Extract, decoction, &c. 3. A plant, (Aletis hyacinthoides.) 4. Thick or inspissated juice. ३. वन a cloud or a heap, and रस juice, essence. वनस्य मेघस्य मूलकस्य वा रसो नियन्द: ।

वनवर्त्म n. (-त्त) The sky. ३. वन and वर्त्मन् path.

वनवह्नि f. (-का) Lightning. ३. वन a cloud, and वह्नि a creeper. वना निविडा वह्नी यस्या: कप् द्रुल: । [विद्युति ।

वनवह्नी f. (-ह्नी) Lightning. ३. वन and वह्नी a creeper. वनस्य मेघस्य वह्नी ।

वनवात m. (-त:) One of the regions of hell. ३. वन much, and वात wind ; the region of storm. वनी निविडो वातीत्य ।

वनवास m. (-स:) A pumpkin gourd. ३. वन a long time, and वास abiding. वनी वासी गन्धीत्य कुमाङ्ग ।

वनवाहन m. (-न:) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. A name of INDRA. ३. वन a cloud and वाहन a vehicle ; who rides in the clouds. वन इव युधं वाहनस्य । शिवे । वनी मेघो वाहनस्य । इन्द्रे वा ।

वनवीथि f. (-थि:) A line of clouds. ३. वन and वीथि a row. वनानां वीथि: ।

वनशब्द m. (-ब्द:) The noise of clouds, thunder. ३. वन and शब्द sound.

वनश्याम mfn. (-म:-सा-मं) Black, deep black, as that of heavy clouds m. (-म:) 1. RAMA. 2. KRISHNA. ३. वन and श्याम black. वन: मेघ इव श्याम: ।

वनसंज्ञति f. (-ति:) Profound secrecy. ३. वन impenetrable, संज्ञति secret purpose.

वनस्वन m. (-न:) Low thunder, the muttering of clouds. ३. वन, and स्वन sound. वनेन तस्मिन् सुष्ठु अनिति वन्-वच् टती-तत्पुन: । तस्म्युदीयमाके । मेघधनीच ।

वनसमय m. (-य:) The rainy season. ३. वन a cloud, समय time.

वनसार m. (-र:) 1. Camphor. 2. Mercury, or some peculiar form of it. 3. Water. 4. A kind of tree. ३. वन firm, &c. and सार essence. वनस्य मूलकस्य सार: ।

वनाकर m. (-र:) The rainy season. ३. वन a cloud, and आकर a mine or place of producing. वनामाकर: वनान् आकरोति वा + कृ वच् वा । वनाकाति ।

वनाचन mfn. (-न:-ना-नं) 1. Mischievous, cruel. 2. Even, uniform, without spaces or interstices. m. (-न:) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. A vicious elephant, or one in rut. 3. A rainy cloud. 4. Mutual collision. f. (-ना) A vegetable, (Solanum Indicum ;) also काकनाची. ३. वन as above, reiterated and the final of the first made long. वन-वच् निपातने ।

वनालय m. (-य:) The season succeeding the rains, autumn. ३. वन a cloud and अलय disappearance, departure. वनालायकवीडव । वरत्काची ।

वनाय n. (-य) Autumn, the end of the rains. ३. वन a cloud, and वन end.

वनाय m. (-य:) The date tree, (Elate sylvestris.) ३. वन a cloud, and वनाय sickness, pining in the rains. वनी दुः कामयी यजात् ।

वनामल m. (-ल:) A kind of potherb, (Chenopodium album :) see वासुज. ३. वन much, and वनल clear, clean.

वनाम्बु n. (-म्बु) Rain. ३. वन, and वम्बु water.

वनादक mfn. (-क:-वा-व) Deep red. ३. वन, and वदक red.

वनादक mfn. (-क:-वा-व) Overcast, overspread with clouds. ३. वन, and वादक obstructed.

वनावह mfn. (-ह:-वा-ह) Overcast, overspread with clouds. ३. वन, and अवह impeded.

वनाय m. (-य:) Æther, the atmosphere or heaven. ३. वन a cloud, and वायु asylum.

वनीकृत mfn. (-त:-ना-त) 1. Hardened, compacted, made solid or firm. 2. Congealed, thickened. ३. वन and कृत made, with कृ augment.

वनीदधि m. (-धि:) A division of hell. ३. वन viscid, and उदधि an ocean.

वनीपल m. (-ल:) Hail. ३. वन a cloud, and उदल a stone.

वनीपवह mfn. (-ह:-वा-व) Clouded, overcast. ३. वन and उदवह obstructed.

वनीच m. (-च:) A gathering of clouds. ३. वन, and चीच a heap.

वन् r. 1st. cl. (-वन्ति) To go to move. वनी भू-पर-वक्-सेट् ।

वर्षट m. (-ट:) A kind of fish, (Pimelodus gagora or P. tengara, HAM.) ३. वर् an imitative sound, and टट् to endeavour, affix वच् ; who makes such a sound.

वर्षर mfn. (-र:-रा-र) One of the tones or notes in music. m. (-र:) 1. The pass of a mountain. 2. A door, a gate. 3. An owl. 4. The name of a river, the Gogra or Ghogra. 5. Sound. 6. Laughter, mirth. 7. A fire of straw or chaff. f. (-रा or -री) A girdle of small bells or tinkling ornaments worn by women. f. (-रा) A kind of lute. ३. वर्ष here said to said to imply an inarticulate sound, gurling, &c. and रा to give or take, affix क also with वच् added वर्षरक्. वर्षरमुकरवश्च राति । रा क ।

वर्षराव m. (-व:) A tinkling sound, the sound of small bells. ३. वर्षरा and रव sound.

वर्षरिका f. (-का) 1. An ornament of small bells worn by women, borsea, &c. 2. The bow or stick of a viol, &c. 3. A sort of musical instrument. 4. Fried grain. 5. The name of a river. ३. वर्षरी as above, and टन् added fem. form. वर्षरीरिति वच् टन् ।

वर्षर्या m. (-र्या) 1. A sort of insect. व-विच् चुर अनी लिप् तौ हनि वच् उ नि: तस्य च: ।

वर्ष r. 1st cl. (-वर्षति) To go, to move. वनी भू-पर-वक्-सेट् ।

वर्ष m. (-र्ष:) 1. Heat. 2. The hot season. 3. Sunshine. 4. Sweat, perspiration. ३. वृ to sprinkle and मच् Unadi affix ; what sprinkles the limbs. वरति वनान् वृ सेके वेरवे कर्तरि मच्-निपातने । गुञ: ।

वर्षावर्षिका f. (-का) Eruptions from suppressed perspiration. ३. वर्ष and वर्षिका. वर्षकता वर्षिका । वानाचि इति प्याते ।

वर्षाद्युति m. (-ति:) The sun. ३. वर्ष and युति splendor.

वर्षापयस् n. (-य:) 1. Sweat, perspiration. 2. Warm water. ३. वर्ष, and पयस् water.

वर्षारश्मि m. (-श्मि:) 1. The sun. 2. Heat, radiance. ३. वर्ष, and रश्मि a ray.

वर्षावर्षिका f. (-का) Cutaneous eruptions or pimples from suppressed perspiration. ३. वर्ष and वर्षिका pustular eruption.

वर्षाव m. (-व:) The rainy season. ३. वर्ष and वन end.

वर्षावकाशुकी m. (-की) A small white bird ; a kind of crane. ३. वर्षाव, and काशुकी who wishes for.

वर्षाव mfn. (-व:-वा-व) Suffering from heat. ३. वर्ष and वाव' pained by.

वर्षाव n. (-व) 1. Perspiration, sweat. 2. Warm water. ३. वर्ष and वच् water.

वर्षावक n. (-क) 1. Perspiration. 2. Warm water. ३. वर्ष and उदक water.

घर्ष m. (-र्षः) Rubbing friction. घ. घृष् to rub, घर्ष् aff.  
 घर्षण n. (-ण) 1. Grinding, pounding. 2. Rubbing, friction. f. (-णी) Turmeric. घ. घृष् to grind, affix भावे क्कुट्.  
 घर्षणक m. (-कः) A roller or pestle for grinding, &c. घ. घर्षण rubbing, and क what is fit for. घर्षणक कति क क घर्ष्. (बीज)।  
 घर्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Rubbed. 2. Ground. घ. घृष् to rub, affix क.  
 घष (र) घषि r. 1st cl. (घषते) To render handsome or brilliant. घरवे भू-वास-वक-सेट्, रदिन्।  
 घन (वा छ) बीजक r. 1st cl. (घनति) To eat; this root is in many tenses a substitute for च् and is itself imperfect in others. (र) घषि r. 1st cl. (घनते) To sprinkle or drop; this root is not generally admitted. भक्ष्ये भू-पर-सक-चनित्।  
 घसि m. (-सिः) Food, victuals. घ. घृष् to eat, भावे इन् aff.  
 घणन mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) Gluttonous, voracious. घ. घृष् to eat, क्करच् aff. भक्ष-घीलि।  
 घस mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Mischievous, hurtful. m. (-कः) A day. n. (-कः) Saffron. घ. घृष् to eat, and रच् aff. घसति चक्षकारम्।  
 घट m. (-टः-टी) The nape or back of the neck. घ. घट् to unite, affix कच्; the radical is of the 10th class of roots, whence the penultimate is long. बीजवी: पञ्चमने चट्टी (घाट्)।  
 घटिका f. (-का) The nape of the neck. घ. खाद्य क added to the preceding. घाटायाम्।  
 घाटिक m. (-कः) 1. A bard, who sings in chorus, but especially in honour of the gods, and rings a bell in presence of their images. 2. Datura fastuosa. घ. घट्टा a bell affix टक् घट्टया चरति।  
 घात n. (-तं) 1. Striking, wounding, killing. 2. A bruise, a blow. 3. An arrow. 4. Product (of a sum in multiplication.) घ. हन् to kill, कच् affix, and the radical letters changed respectively, to घ and त.  
 घातक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) A murderer, a maimer, &c. घ. हन् as above, with कच् aff. हननकर्तरि.  
 घातन n. (-नं) A murderer, a killer. n. (-नं) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Striking. 3. Immolating victims. घ. हन् to kill, कट् affix, and घात substituted for the radical. हनयमान् खाये चिच् भावे क्कुट्।  
 घातयन् mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यन्) Striking, hurting, killing. घ. हन् to kill, causal form, घट् aff.  
 घातय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be killed, what may be or ought to be killed &c. घ. हन् to kill, तय affix, and घा substituted.  
 घातस्थान n. (-नं) 1. A slaughter house. 2. A place of execution. घ. घात, and स्थान place. श्मशाने।  
 घाति m. (-तिः) 1. Catching or killing birds, fowling. 2. killing in general. 3. Striking. घ. हन् to kill or hurt, affix इच्, and the radical changed: see घात.  
 घातिन् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) Murderous, felonious, who or what strikes or kills. घ. हन् to kill, चिनि aff. हन-ताच्छीकार्ये चिन्।  
 घातिपक्षिन् m. (-ची-चिची) A hawk or falcon. घ. घाति fowling, and पक्षिन् a bird. श्मेनखने।  
 घातुक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Mischievous, hurtful. 2. Cruel, savage, violent, ferocious. घ. हन् to kill, changed to घात, and ककच् aff. चिंसे, कूरिच.  
 घात mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Proper or fit to be killed. घ. हन् and कन् aff.  
 घार m. (-रः) Sprinkling, wetting. घ. घृष् to sprinkle, and कच् aff.  
 घार्जिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Pulse ground and fried with clarified butter. घ. घृष् ghee, and टक् aff. घृतमधुरे हिमवद्वले पहातमेदि। (विचीड्)।  
 घास m. (-सः) Meadow or pasture grass. घ. घृष् to eat. कर्मेणि कच् affix; what is eaten by animals.  
 घासि m. (-सिः) Fire or its deity. घ. घृष् to devour, and इच् Unadi aff. भक्ष्ये हवादी-चि।  
 घिच r. 1st cl. (र) घिचि (घिचते) To take, to seize or accept. घृष्ये भू-वास-वक-सेट्।

घृ 1st cl. (घषते) To sound. धनी भू-वास-वक-चनित्।  
 घृ m. (-घृः) Sound. घ. घृष् to sound, aff. घृ। घृ-धनी वा घृ।  
 घृट r. 1st cl. (घृटते) 1. To come back, to return. 2. To barter or exchange. r. 6th cl. (घृटति) 1. To strike again or retaliate, to resist or oppose. 2. To prevent. 3. To protect or preserve. भू-वास-वक-सेट्।  
 घृट m. (-टः) The ankle. घ. घृट् to resist, and क affix; also घृटि, &c.  
 घृटि f. (-टिः-टी) The ankle. घ. घृट् to resist, affix इन् and वा ऊन् may be added, also with कच् added घृटिका।  
 घृटिक m. (-कः-का) The ankle, &c. see घृट and घृटि; also घृट. घृट कसाये टन्।  
 घृच r. 1st and 6th cls. (घृचते घृचति) To roll, to whirl, to turn round, (र) घृचि r. 1st cl. (घृचते) To take or accept. भू-वास-वक-सेट्। तु-प-चक।  
 घृच m. (-चः) 1. An insect that is found in timber. 2. The pangolin or armadillo. घ. घृच् to turn round, affix क.  
 घृच m. (-चः) The ankle. घ. घृट् to resist, affix क and नृन् inserted; also with कच् added घृचक, or without the augment घृट &c. as above.  
 घृच्छिक n. (-कं) Cowdung found in shiokets. घृच्छ-कदाकारीःति चक्ष टन्।  
 घृच्छ m. (-च्छः) A large black bee. घ. घृच् to roll, Unadi affix ड.  
 घृर r. 6th cl. (घृरति) 1. To be frightful or terrible. 2. To sound.  
 घृर (र) घृरी r. 4th cl. (घृरते) 1. To be ignorant. 2. To inquire.  
 घृरु m. (-रः) A kind of worm borrowing in the skin, guinea worm, Draunculus. f. (-री) The mole cricket. f. (-रर) Growling, as of dog or cat. घ. घृर् imitative sound, and घृर् to sound, with क aff.  
 घृर (र) घृरि r. 1st cl. (घृरते) To render beautiful or brilliant (रर) घृरि r. 1st cl. (घृरति) To do any act except manifest sentiment by sound. r. 10th cl. (घृरयति) 1. To manifest sentiment or thought by sound, to speak, to affirm, to declare or proclaim. 2. To make various sounds. 3. To praise. With वाच् prefixed, To weep incessantly.  
 घृरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Manifested by sound, proclaimed. घ. घृर् as above, affix क ट् augment; also घृर.  
 घृर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Sounded, proclaimed. घ. घृष् to sound, क aff.  
 घृरात n. (-तः) Food given away by proclamation. घ. घृर and चक्ष food. घृर की भीक्षा इति चक्षुय दियनम्।  
 घृम m. (-मः) A oar, a carriage.  
 घृमच n. (-चः) Saffron. घ. घृमि to beautify, कचक् aff.  
 घृक m. (-कः) An owl. घ. घृ an imitative sound, and के who sounds, from के with क aff.  
 घृकारि m. (-रिः) A crow. घ. घृक an owl, and चरि an enemy.  
 घृर (र) घृरी r. 4th cl. (घृरते) 1. To kill, to hurt or injure. 2. To become old, to decay. कक-जीर्णतायाम् कक-दि-वा-सेट्।  
 घृर् r. and 6th cls. (घृर्ते, घृर्ति) To roll, to whirl, to turn round. भनये कक-तु-उम-सेट्.  
 घृर् m. (-र्ः) 1. A kind of potherb, (Chironia centauroides) see बीजसुन्दरक 2. Turning round, whirling, rolling, &c. घ. घृर् to roll, affix कच्.  
 घृर्न n. (-नं) Revolving, whirling turning round. घ. घृर् to whirl, भावे कट् aff.  
 घृर्णमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Whirling, revolving, rolling, tossing घ. घृर् and शानच् aff. घृर्: आन इव वाचरति श्मश-घृर् वा कट् कर्तरि शानच्.  
 घृर् f. (-र्षिः) Rolling, revolving, going round or over. घ. घृर् and भावे इन् aff.  
 घृर्णित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Rolling, turning, tossing. घ. घृर् to turn round, affix कर्तरि क.  
 घृर्णमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Agitated, set in motion, made to go round. घ. घृर् to revolve, pass. voice, शानच् affix also घृर्णमान middle voice.  
 घृ r. 1st, 3rd and 10th cls. (घरति जिघर्षि and घरयति) 1. To sprinkle, to wet or moisten. 2. To drop or distil. 3. To shine. भावे-कक-सिके-कक-भू-पर-चनित्. घृ सेके कादने च घृ-उम कक-सेट्।

घृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः टा-ष्ट-) 1. Ground, rubbed, pounded. 2. Frayed, grazed, rubbed off. ड. घृष् to rub, कर्षि aff.

घृष्टि mf. (-ष्टिः) A hog; also घृष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) 1. A plant, commonly Varahacrantī, (*Lycopodium imbricatum*, Rox.) 2. Grinding, pounding. 3. Emulation, contest. ड. घृष् to grind, affix कर्षि निष्.

घृष्टिवा f. (-वा) A plant: see घृष्टिवा. ड. घृष्टि वाति वाक चर्षति भूमिं तुच्छेन ।

घृष्टि mf. (-ष्टिः-क्षी) A hog. ड. घृष् to rub, Unadi affix क्षिन् चर्षति भूमिं तुच्छेन ।

घोषलिका f. (-का) An esculent root, (*Arum orinense*.)

घोष (-ह-हा) mf. घञिनेदे ।

घोष m. (-हः) Intermediate space.

घोट m (-टः) a horse; see the next.

घोटक m. (-कः) A horse. f. (-टिका) A mare. ड घुट to strike again, (to spurn the ground,) चच् and कन् ण्क् वा affixes, or without the latter affix घोट.

घोषा f. (-वा) 1. The nose. 2. The nose or nostrils of a horse. ड. घुष् to roll, to turn, and चच् and टाप् affs.

घोषिन् m. (-घो) A hog. ड. घोषा nose or snout, and णि aff.

घोषटा f. (-ढा) 1. The jujube, (*Zizyphus jujuba*.) 2. The betelnut tree: see गुवाक. 3. A timber tree, (*Schrebera swietenoides*.) ड. घुट् to resist, affix चच् and नुन् inserted or घुष् वा ट ।

घोन[च]स m. (-सः) A large kind of snake. ड. घो for गी a oow, and नस a nose. see गोनस according to others the word is घोषस, from घुष् to roll, and चसच् aff.

घोर r. 1st cl. (घोरति) To go as a horse.

घोर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Frightful, horrible, terrific. m. (-रः) A name of SHIVA. f. (-रा) Night. n. (-रं) 1. Horror, horribleness. 2. Poison. ड. घृ to be frightful, affix चच् or नृन् substituted for हन् to injure or kill, and चच् Unadi aff.

घोरदर्शन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Terrific, of horrid or frightful appearance. m. (-नः) An owl. ड. घोर as above, and दर्शन sight.

घोरपुष्प m. (-पुः) Bellmetal. ड. घोर and पुष्प a flower.

घोररासन m. (-नः) A jackal. ड. घोर frightful, and रासन cry or sound, from रास् to sound, affix ल्युट्.

घोरराशिन् m. (-शी) A jackal. ड. See the last, णि aff.

घोररूप mfn. (-पः-वी-वं) Frightful, hideous. n. (-वं) A hideous appearance. ड. घोर and रूप form.

घोररूपिन् mfn. (-वी-विषी-नि) Frightful, horrible, hideous. ड. घोररूप and णि aff.

घोरसहस्र mfn. (-स्रः-शा-स्रं) Dreadful, horrible. ड. घोर, and सहस्र like.

घोराकृति mfn. (-तिः-तिः-ति) Frightful, hideous, of horrible aspect or form. ड. घोर, and आकृति form.

घोल n. (-लं) Buttermilk. ड. घुड substituted for हन् to strike, (i. e. with the churn,) and चच् affix, ड changed to ल.

घोष m. (-घः) 1. A station of herdsmen. 2. A herdsman. 3. A creeping plant, commonly called by the same name G'hosha, and bearing white or yellow flowers, (*Luffa pentandra* and *scutangula*.) 4. Bellmetal, tutenague, &c. 5. Low thunder or the muttering of clouds. 6. Sound. 7. A proclamation. 8. A gnat, a musqui to 9. A term proper for the name of a Kayastha. f. (-वा) A kind of fenel, (*Anethum sowa*;) see मधुरिका. ड. घुषि to shine, to sound, &c. affix चाधाय घञ्.

घोषक m. (-कः) 1. A cryer, a proclaimer. 2. G'hosha, described as a creeping plant, (*Luffa pentangula*, &c.) ड. कन् added to the preceding.

घोषकाकृति f. (-तिः) A plant commonly called Hatig'hosha, and perhaps a species of the preceding. ड. घोषक G'hosha, and आकृति shape, appearance of similar appearance.

घोषय nf. (-य-वा) 1. Speaking loud, making a great noise. 2. Crying, proclaiming. ड. घुष् to sound, affixes चिच् भावे ल्युट्, and टाप्.

घोषयिन् m. (-यः) 1. A Brahman. 2. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 3. A

captive. 5. A-cryer, a herald. ३. चोर sound, इत् affix, and च inserted.

चोचवती f. (-ती) A lute, a Vina. ३. चोर sound, and चत् aff.

चोर n. (-र) Horror, horribleness. ३. चोर and च् aff.

चत् mfn. (-चत्-चनी-चत्) Striking, beating, hurting. ३. चत् to strike, &c. चट aff.

चति f. (-ति) The nose. ३. च् to smell, चति aff.

चा r. 1st cl. (चिचति) To smell, to receive smell.

चाच mfn. (-च-चा-च) Smelled. n. (-च) 1. The nose. 2. Smell, odour. 3. Smelling. ३. च् to smell, चरये च् ट्.

चाचतर्पण m. (-च) Fragrance, odour, a fragrance, a perfume. ३. च् the smell, and तर्पण what satisfies.

चाचदुःखदा f. (-दा) Sneezing. ३. च्, and दुःखदा paining.

चात् mfn. (-च-चा-त्) Smelled. ३. च् to smell, affix च्.

चात्वा ind. Having smelled. ३. च् to smell, चाच् aff.

चाति f. (-ति) 1. The nose. 2. Smelling. ३. च् and चरये च् ट् aff.

### च

च The fifth consonant of the Sanskrit alphabet, and the nasal of the first class; the sound of this letter corresponds with that of the nasal N in Song, &c. or in the French word bon.

चम्. (-च) 1. An object of sense. 2. Desire, wish for any sensual object. ३. च् to sound, affix. च् १ विषये विषयस्य चायां भेदे च ।

चु. (-चु) r. 1st cl. (चकते) To sound. भा-चाक-चक-चनिट् ।

### च

च The twentieth letter of the alphabet, and first of the second or palatal class of consonants, having the sound of Ch in church.

च mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Seedless. 2. Vile, base. m. (-च) 1. A name of SHIVA. 2. The moon. 3. A thief. 4. A tortoise. Ind A particle and conjunction copulative or disjunctive, corresponding to. 1. And. 2. Also, 3. Moreover. 4. Mutually. 5. Equally. 6. Otherwise. 7. For, on account of. 8. But &c. 9. An expletive. ३. च् to go, or च् to collect, &c. च aff.

चक r. 1st cl. (चकते) To repel, to resist. To be satiated or satisfied. 2. To shine. चक इति प्रतिपाते च चा-चा-चक-चेट् । भाषां खीच-पर-चक-चेट्, रक्षित् । चकति ।

चकास (च) चकास r. 2nd cl. (चकासि) To shine. चका लक्षा पर-चक-चेट् ।

चकासयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Beautifying, illuminating. ३. चकास to shine, causal form, चट aff.

चकसित mfn. (-त-सा-त) Illuminated, shining, splendid, beautiful. ३. चकास, and च aff.

चकित mfn. (-त-सा-त) 1. Timid, fearful. 2. Frightened at, afraid of. n. (-त) Timidity, groundless alarm. f. (-ता) A species of the Ashti metre. ३. चच् to repel, affix चरि च्.

चकोर m. (-र) The barturalla or Greek partridge, (Perdix rufa or Tetrao rufus.) ३. चच् to be satisfied, चोरच् Unadi affix; also with चच् added चकोरच्; what is satisfied with the moonbeams, upon which the bird is fabulously said to subsist.

चकोरक m. (-क) The Greek partridge: see the preceding.

चकोरद्वय mfn. (-द्वय) Fine-eyed. ३. चकोर, and द्वय the eye.

चक r. 10th cl. (चकयति) to give or indiot pain.

चक्र m. (-च) 1. Crookedness. 2. Dishonesty, ३. चक्र to be crooked, च् affix, and the root repeated.

चक्र m. (-च) 1. The ruddy or Brahmani goose, (Anas casarca.) n. (-च) 1. An army, a host. 2. A realm, a region. 3. A multitude, a heap. 4. A wheel. 5. A potter's wheel. 6. An oil mill, &c. 7. A discus or sharp circular missile weapon. 8. A whirlpool. 9. A province, a number of villages, a district. 10. A form of military array, a circular position. 11. A diagram of various sorts for calculating nativities or foretelling events. 12. A ring, circle or depression of the body for mystical, astrological or cheironantic purposes; six such are enumerated, or Muladhara the parts about the pubis, above that the Swadhishtanam or umbilical region, and above that the Maniparam or pit of the stomach or epigastrium, Anahatam is the root of the nose, Visuddham the hollow between the frontal sinuses, and the Ajnyakhyam the fontanelle or union of the coronal and sagittal sutures; various faculties and divinities are supposed to be present in these hollows. 13. A cycle, a cycle of years. 14. (In Astronomy,) A sphere or circle, as राशिचक्र the zodiac; माचक्र an epicyle. 15. The horizon. 16. The spiral marks of the Salagram or ammonite. ३. च् to do or make, with the reduplicate initial letter, affix च्, or चच् to repel, &c. with चच् aff.

चक्रक m. (-क) A logical form or proposition, arguing in a circle. ३. चक् implying resemblance, added to the last.

चक्रकारक m. (-क) A kind of perfume, apparently a dried shellfish: see चली. ३. चक्र a heap, and कारक what makes.

चक्रकुल्या f. (-का) A species of fern, commonly Chakuliya, (Hemionites cordifolia, Rox.)

चक्रकुलु m. (-कु) A round pillow. ३. चक्र, and कुलु a pillow.

चक्रगुच्छ m. (-च) A tree, (Jonesia asoca.) ३. चक्र a wheel, and गुच्छ a cluster.

चक्रजीवक m. (-क) A potter. ३. चक्र a wheel, and जीवक who lives by; also चक्रजीविन्.

चक्रदंष्ट्र m. (-ष्ट्र) A hog. ३. चक्र and दंष्ट्र a tusk, having a curved tusk.

चक्रधर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Having a wheel, &c. m. (-र) 1. A village or common tumbler or juggler. 2. One who holds a wheel, discus, &c. 3. The manager or owner of many villages. 4. A name of VISHNU or KRISHNA, who is represented as holding a discus in one hand. 5. A snake. ३. चक्र a wheel, &c. and धर who holds. च् चच् ।

चक्रनामन् m. (-ना) A pyritic ore of iron: see नाचिक. ३. चक्र a wheel, &c. and नामन् appellation. चक्रनामो नाचिकपाती च ।

चक्रपद्म m. (-ट) Cassia tora: see चक्रमहक. ३. चक्र a wheel, पद्म a lotus, and चट what goes or is चच् aff.

चक्रपर्णी f. (-णी) A plant commonly Chakuliya, (Hemionites cordifolia, Rox.) ३. चक्र a wheel, and पर्ण a leaf, the leaves being nearly round.

चक्रपाणि m. (-णि) A name of VISHNU. ३. चक्र and पाणि the hand, being always represented with a discus in one hand.

चक्रपाद m. (-द) 1. A carriage, 2. An elephant. ३. चक्र a wheel, and पाद a foot; also चक्रपादक.

चक्रपाल m. (-प) 1. Superintendent of a province. 2. One who carries a discus. 3. A circle. 4. The horizon. ३. चक्र and पाल who or what protects. ३. पालि + चच् ।

चक्रफल n. (-फ) A missile weapon, a kind of discus. ३. चक्र and फल fruit, bearing a discus as it were for fruit.

चक्रवासव m. (-व) The sun. ३. चक्र the ruddy goose, and वासव a friend; these birds being supposed to couple only in the day time.

चक्रवर्त्तु m. (-वर्त्तु) A name of VISHNU. ३. चक्र a discus, and वर्त्तु who cherishes: see चक्रपाणि, &c. चक्र विवर्त्ति भ-क्षिप् ।

चक्रवेदिनी f. (-नी) Night. ३. चक्र the ruddy goose, and वेदिनी what divides, (male and female;) these birds being condemned, according to the Hindus, to be separated at night. भिद विदिनी छिप् ।



चक्रमण्डलिन् m. (-ली) A large snake, (*Boa constrictor*). इ. चक्र a wheel, and मण्डल a circumference, implying either that the body of the snake, or the spots on the body may be compared to a wheel.  
 चक्रमहं m. (-हः) Cassia torā. इ. चक्र a wheel, here meaning figuratively a large leprous spot, and महं what cleanses or removes, from च्छ् added; or with च्छ् affix चक्रमहं क.  
 चक्रमहं क m. (-कः) See the preceding.  
 चक्रमुख m. (-खः) A hog. इ. चक्र a discus, and मुख face; cutting the ground as it were with a sharp weapon.  
 चक्रयान n. (-नं) Any wheel carriage. इ. चक्र a wheel, and यान a carriage.  
 चक्ररद m. (-दः) A hog, a boar. इ. चक्र and रद a tooth or tusk; see चक्रमुख.  
 चक्रलक्ष्म्या f. (-या) A plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*): see मुख्.  
 चक्रला f. (-ला) A plant, (*Kyllinga monoccephala*). इ. चक्र a wheel, and ल what gets. लाति ला क । उचटायाम् ।  
 चक्रवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Circular, being in a ring or circle. 2. Armed with a discus. 3. Wheeled, &c. m. (-वान्) 1. The proprietor of an oil mill, or any one in which seeds are bruised. 2. VISHNU. 3. An emperor. इ. चक्र a wheel. &c. मतृप् poss. aff.  
 चक्रवत् ind. In rotation, going round or revolving like a wheel. इ. चक्र, and मतृप् aff. मख वः ।  
 चक्रवर्तिन् m. (-र्त्तिः) An emperor, a sovereign of the world, the ruler of a Chakra or country described as extending from sea to sea; twelve princes beginning with Bharata are especially considered as Chakravartins. इ. चक्र a reign, and इत् to abide, affix चिच्, वा चिन् ।  
 चक्रवर्तिनी f. (-नी) A fragrant plant, commonly Chakawat. इ. चक्र a heap, and वर्तिन् what abides or grows, fem. affix ङीप्.  
 चक्रवाक m. (-कः) The ruddy goose. commonly called in India, the Brahmany duck or goose, (*Anas casarca*). इ. चक्र an imitative sound, and वाक speech. वच परिभाषये कर्मणि चञ् ।  
 चक्रवाट m. (-टः) 1. Limit, boundary. 2. A lamp stand. 3. Engaging in any action. इ. चक्र and वट् वेष्टने to surround, affix चञ्.  
 चक्रवाट m. (-डः) See चक्रवाल. चक्रनिव वाडते वेष्टयति वाड-चञ् ।  
 चक्रवात m. (-तः) A whirlwind, a hurricane. इ. चक्र a circle, and वात wind.  
 चक्रवाल m. (-लः) A range of mountains supposed to encircle the earth, and to be the limit of light and darkness. n. (-लः) The sensible horizon. इ. चक्र a region, वल to encompass, and चञ् affix; girding the world; or वाड to emerge, &c. affix चञ् what emerges (from darkness), in the shape of a wheel; उ changed to ल also चक्रवाड.  
 चक्रव्यूह m. (-हः) The circular array of troops. इ. चक्र and व्यूह array.  
 चक्रवृद्धि f. (-द्धिः) Compound interest. इ. चक्र a wheel, वृद्धि increase.  
 चक्रवृक्षी f. (-शी) A plant bearing a crooked fruit; see चक्रवृक्षी. इ. चक्र a wheel, and वृक्षी a line or row.  
 चक्रसंज्ञ n. (-ज्ञः) Tin. इ. चक्र and संज्ञा a name.  
 चक्रसेवर m. (-रः) The name of a Baud'dha deity; also छेरख. इ. चक्र a discus, and सेवर who holds.  
 चक्रहस्त m. (-स्तः) VISHNU. इ. चक्र and हस्त hand: holding a discus.  
 चक्रावृत्ति f. (-वृत्तिः) A wild goose. इ. चक्र a number, and वृत्ति to go, affix चञ् and ङीप् flying in large flocks.  
 चक्राङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A gander. 2. A carriage. f. (-ङ्गी) 1. A goose. 2. A drug; see कटुकि. 3. A potherb, (*Hilancha repens*): see द्विवर्णीयिका. इ. चक्र a wheel, &c. and चक्र a limb or the body.  
 चक्राट m. (-टः) 1. A juggler, a snake-catcher, one who exhibits snakes and pretends to cure their bites. 2. A knave, a cheat, a rogue. 3. A gold coin or certain weight of gold, a Dinar. इ. चक्र a number of villages, and चट who goes, i. e. a vagabond, &c. चक्राकारमटति चट-चञ् उप-सः ।  
 चक्राच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Doing. 2. Done. इ. कृ to do, चाचञ् aff.  
 चक्राधिवासिन् m. (-सी) The orange tree. इ. चक्र a heap, and अधिवास् to abide, चिचि aff.

चक्रावर्त्त m. (-र्त्तः) Turning round, whirling or rotatory motion. इ. चक्र a wheel, and आवर्त्त revolving.  
 चक्रि m. (-क्रिः) An agent, a maker, a doer. इ. कृ to do, क्रि affix the root reduplicate and the deriv. irr.  
 चक्रिका f. (-का) The knee. चक्रं तदाकारोऽस्ति चञ्छ ठक् । जागुनि ।  
 चक्रिन् mfn. (-क्रि-क्रिणी-क्रि) 1. Having or holding a discus, &c. 2. Wheeled, having a wheel. 3. Circular. m. (-क्रि) 1. A name of VISHNU. 2. A potter. 3. The ruddy goose. 4. A snake. 5. An informer. 6. A tumbler, one who exhibits tricks with a discus or a wheel. 7. An oil grinder. 8. An emperor, a Chakravarti: see चक्रवर्तिन् 9. One who rides in a carriage. 10. A crow. 11. An ass. 12. Cassia, (the tree.) इ. चक्र a wheel, &c. and इति poss. aff.  
 चक्रोदत्त m. (-दत्तः) 1. An ass. 2. The name of a king. इ. चक्र a wheel, दत्त affix, and deriv. irr. rolling over like a wheel.  
 चक्रु m. (-क्रुः) An agent, a maker, a doer. इ. कृ to make or do, with the reduplicate initial, and कृ Unadi aff.  
 चक्रोदरी f. (-री) A female deity peculiar to the Jainas, one of their Vidya Devis or goddesses of wisdom. इ. चक्र the universe and ईश्वरी mistress.  
 चव (चव्) चविकृ r. 2ud cl. (चव्) 1. To speak, to tell. 2. To see; (in this sense चव् is usually prefixed.) 3. To eat. खा or ज्ञ are substituted for the radical letters in several tenses of this verb. कथने खाने च चदा-चा-सक-सेट् ।  
 चवच n. (-च) 1. Eating a relish to promote drinking. 2. Speaking, saying. इ. चञ् to speak, to eat, affix च्युट्.  
 चवच् m. (-चाः) 1. A name of VRIHASPATI the preceptor of the gods. 2. A spiritual teacher, an instructor in sacred science. इ. चञ् to speak affix चञि च खादिभ्यः ।  
 चवुःश्रवस् m. (-श्रवः) A snake. इ. चवुश् an eye, and श्रवस् an ear; whose eyes are ears. चवुषा ययीति च्-चसुन् चचुरेव श्रवः कर्त्तुं यद्य वा ।  
 चवुदीन n. (-नः) The ceremony of anointing the eyes of the image at the time of consecration. इ. चवुस् and दान giving.  
 चवुर्विषय m. (-यः) 1. Presence, sight. 2. An object of sight, any visible object. 3. Visibility इ. चवुस् and विषय object.  
 चवुषान् mfn. (-षान्-षनी-षन्) 1. Having eyes, seeing. 2. Having fine eyes. इ. चवुस् and मतृप् aff.  
 चवुष्य mfn. (-ष्य-ष्या-ष्य) 1. Beautiful, pleasing or well looking. 2. Fit or agreeable for the eyes. m. (-ष्यः) 1. A flower, (*Pandanus odoratissimus*). 2. A plant: see पुष्करीक. 3. collyrium or application to the eyes, extracted from the Amomum anthurhiza. f. (-ष्या) 1. A blue stone, or according to some, the calx of brass used as collyrium. 2. A pleasing or interesting woman. इ. चवुस् the eye, affix यत् । चवुषे हितः यत् ।  
 चवुस् n. (-वुः) The eye. इ. चञ् to speak, and कर्त्तुं चञि aff.  
 चवुरीन m. (-पः) Ophthalmia. इ. चवुस् and रीन disease.  
 चव r. 5th cl. (चवोति) To smite or slay. खा-सक-सेट् घातने ।  
 चवुर m. (-रः) 1. A car, a carriage. 2. A tree. n. (-रः) Any vehicle. इ. चक्रि a sautra root, to wonder, and उरच् Unadi aff.  
 चवुमय mfn. (-यः-या-य) who or what goes slowly or crookedly. n. (-यः) Going, proceeding, going tortuously or slowly. इ. कृन् to go, and the root reiterated. कृन् + वच् च्युट् यजीषुक्.  
 चवुमा f. (-मा) Going tortuously or slowly. इ. कृन् to go, root repeated, चञ् and टाप् affs.  
 चवुमान् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Who or what moves slowly or crookedly. इ. चवुमा and मतृप् aff.  
 चवु mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Handsome, beautiful. 2. Dexterous, clever. 3. Sound, healthy. इ. च the moon, and न what goes; what resembles the moon in beauty, &c.  
 चवीखा f. (-खा) A creeper, commonly Chiehira.  
 चव (च) चवु r. 1st cl. (चवति) To go, to move.

चञ्चत् mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्चनी-ञ्चत्) 1. Going, moving. 2. Unsteady, shaking. E. चञ्च to go, गत aff.

चञ्चल mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्चल-ञ्च) Trembling, moving. E. चञ्चत् the present participle of चञ्च as above, affix कन्.

चञ्चरी f. (-री) A bee.

चञ्चरीक m. (-कः) A large black bee. E. चञ्च to go, reduplicated, रुन् inserted, ईकन् Unadi aff.

चञ्चल mfn. (-ञ्च-ञ्चल-ञ्च) 1. Trembling, Shaking, moving, unsteady, 2. Fickle, inconsiderate, inconstant, (unsteady, metaphorically.) m. (-ञ्चः) 1. The wind. 2. A lecher, a libertine, a lover. f. (-ञ्चा) 1. Lightning. 2. LAKSHMI or the goddess of the fortune. 3. Long pepper. E. चञ्चल to go, in the reiterative form, रुन् inserted. चञ्चल चञ्चलम् । चञ्चलं गतिं क्षतिं क्षा क वा ।

चञ्चल n. (-ल) Fickleness, inconstancy, unsteadiness. E. चञ्चल, and ल affix; also with ल् affix चञ्चलता.

चञ्चलहृदय mfn. (-य-या-य) Capricious, fickle, false hearted. E. चञ्चल, and हृदय the heart.

चञ्चा f. (-चा) 1. A mat, a stool, &c. made of reeds or basket work. 2. A puppet of grass or reeds, a man of straw. E. चञ्च to go, चञ्च aff.

चञ्चु f. (-चुः) A beak; also चञ्चू. m. (-चुः) 1. The castor oil plant. 2. A kind of potherb. 3. A deer. E. चञ्चु to go, to eat, affix कन्.

चञ्चुका f. (-का) A beak. E. कन् added to the preceding.

चञ्चुधन m. (-धन) A bird. E. चञ्च a beak, and धन who possesses; also other similar compounds as चञ्चुनन्, &c.

चञ्चुनन् mfn. (-नान्-नती) A bird. E. चञ्चु a beak, and ननुप् poss. aff.

चञ्चुर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Expert in, conversant with. 2. Going to, repeatedly. E. चञ्च to go, intensitive form, चञ्च aff. or चञ्च चञ्चुरम्.

चञ्चुचि m. (-चिः) The tailor bird, (Sylvia sutoria.) E. चञ्चु a beak, and चि a needle; having a sharp-pointed beak; also with कन् added, चञ्चुचिकन्.

चञ्चू f. (-चुः) A beak : see चञ्चु, the affix being क्.

चञ्चून्मात्र mfn. (-य-या-य) Following evil practices, behaving ill, addicted to wickedness. E. चञ्च to go, intensitive form, मात्रन् aff.

चट r. 1st. and 10th cls. (चटति, चाटयति-ते) 1. To break, to pierce. 2. To kill, to injure. भा-दि-पर-सक-सेट् । वदे मेदे च चुरा-उभ-सक-सेट् ।

चटक m. (-कः) A sparrow. f. (-का) 1. A hen-sparrow. 2. A young hen-sparrow. 3. The root of long pepper : see चटकाशिरस् and चटिका. E. चट् to break, क्त् affix, breaking oorn, &c. चटति भिनति चाटयति-ते ।

चटकाशिरस् n. (-रः) The root of long pepper : see चटिकाशिरस्; also mas. चटकाशिरस् (-रः).

चटिका f. (-का) 1. The root of long pepper. 2. A sparrow : see चटका, &c. चट-वा-इकन्.

चटिकाशिरस् mn. (-र-रः) The root of long pepper. E. चटका a sparrow, and शिरस् a head; resembling in colour the head of a sparrow; in other forms चटका, चटिकाशिरस् and चटकाशिरस्, &c.

चटु mn. (-टु-टु) 1. Scream, screech. 2. Kind or agreeable discourse. m. (-टुः) 1. The belly. 2. A posture of devotion amongst ascetics. E. चट् to break, &c, Unadi affix कन्; also चाटु.

चटुल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) 1. Tremulous, trembling. 2. Shaking, moving. 3. Beautiful. f. (-ला) Lightning. E. चट् to hurt, to break, and ललच् Unadi aff.

चटुलास mfn. (-स-सा-स) Pleased with or desirous of flattery. E. चटु, and लास desirous.

चटुलीख mfn. (-ख-ख-ख) Tremulous and beautiful, beautiful as a soft swimming eye, &c. E. चटु beautiful, and लीख shaking, trembling.

चट (च) चटि r. 1st and 10th cls. (चटते and चटयति-ते) To be angry, to be wrathful or passionate. भा-जा-चक-सेट् । अथवा चुरा-उभ-सक-सेट्.

चट r. 1st cl. (चटति) 1. To give. 2. To sound. 3. To hurt or kill. भा-पर-सक-सेट् ।

चवक m. (-कः) 1. Chick-pea, (Cicer arietinum.) 2. The name of a sage f. (-का) Linsod. E. चव् to be given, affix चव् and कन् added what is given to horses, &c.

चवकाज m. (-जः) The name of a sage; also called VATSYAYANA. E. चवक, and जाज born; the son of CHA'NAKA.

चवकाजक n. (-क) Pease with salt. E. चवक, and जक acid.

चवकाजवार n. (-र) Water drops on the leaves of the Cicer. E. चवकाज and वार water.

चख mfn. (-ख-ख-ख) 1. Fierce, violent, passionate. 2. Hot, warm. 3. Pungent, acrid. m. (-खः) 1. The tamarind tree. 2. A messenger of YAMA, 3. A Daitya, a demon. f. (-खा) 1. A perfume, commonly Chor. 2. A kind of grass, (Andropogon aciculatum.) 3. The name of a river in the east of Bengal. 4. A goddess, peculiar to the Jains. f. (-खा-खी) A name of the goddess DURGA, applied especially to her incarnation for the purpose of destroying Mahisasura; this exploit forms the subject of a section of the Markandeya Puran, and is particularly celebrated in Bengal at the Durga Puja, or festival held in honour of the goddess, towards the close of the year, (Oct.-Nov.) (-खी) 1. A passionate woman. 2. A mischievous or furious woman. 3. A species of the Atijgati verse. n. (-ख) 1. Heat, warmth. 2. Passion, wrath. E. चखि to be wrathful, चव् affix, and टा or खीप् affixes of the feminine gender. चखि कीपे चव् चख दाने चम् चदने वा उ तस्य गेलम् ।

चखता f. (-ता) 1. Warmth, pungency. 2. Warmth of temper, passionate ness. E. चख angry, and तल् abstract affix; also with ल, चखलम्.

चखनायिका f. (-का) 1. The goddess DURGA. 2. One of the eight Nayikas. E. चख a demon, and नायिका mistress.

चखद्विक्ता f. (-का) Knowledge of mystical nature, acquired by worship of the Nayikas. E. चख, and द्वि SIVA, वृन् aff.

चखवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती वत्) Passionate, violent, warm. f. (-तो) 1. A name or form of DURGA. 2. One of her attendants. E. चख anger, and ननुप् poss. aff.

चखत m. (-तः) A fragrant plant, (Nerium odorum;) also प्रतीहार. E. चख heat, and चत् to go or be, affix चव्.

चखतक mn. (-क-की) A short petticoat. E. चखता an angry woman, चत् to go, and कल् affix; it being described as the garb of women of some consequence, and therefore privileged to give themselves airs.

चखाल m. (-लः) An outcaste, a Chandala, the generic name for a man of the lowest of the mixed tribes, born from a Sudra father and Brahman mother. E. चख angry, and लल् affix, or चख् to be angry, and ललच् Unadi affix; proper to execute all vile or barbarous acts; also चाखाल

चखालवक्त्रकी f. (-की) A common or vulgar lute. E. चखाल an outcaste, and वक्त्रकी a lute.

चखालिका f. (-का) 1. A common lute. 2. A name of the goddess DURGA. 3. A plant. E. चखाल, and इकन् affix; or चख a demon, &c. चाली a line or troop, and कल् affix; hence also चखालिका.

चखाय m. (-यः) The sun. E. चख hot, चव् ray.

चखिका f. (-का) The goddess DURGA. E. कल् added to चखी q. v. also चखता and चखी. चखी स्वार्थे क चटि कीपे खल् वा ।

चखिल m. (-कः) 1. A barber. 2. A name of SIVA. 3. A kind of potherb. : see बालुक. f. (-ला) The name of a river. E. चखि to be wrathful, or to cause wrath, and ललच् Unadi aff.

चखी f. (-खी) DURGA; see चख. चख-वक्त्र-वा खीप् ।

चखीकुसुम n. (-मः) Red oleander. E. चखी, and कुसुम a flower.

चखु m. (-खुः) 1. A rat. 2. A small monkey, (Simia erythroa.) E. चखि to be passionate, उ aff.

चत (च) चते r. 1st cl. (चतति ते) To ask, to beg, to solicit.

चतुः ind. Four times; see चतुर्.

चतुःशाल nf. (-श-का) A square formed by four houses. E. चतुर् four, शाल

a hall or house : the compound takes the neuter gender or the feminine, with टाप् affix ; also with कन् added चतुःशालं चतुर्धा शालानां समाहारः ।

चतुःषष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) 1. The number sixty-four. 2. The Rig Veda. 3. Art science collectively, supposed to comprise sixty-four branches. ४. चतुर् four, and षष्टि sixty ; before ह, र becomes Visarga. चतुर्षष्टि षष्टिः ।

चतुर् mfn plu only, (चत्वारः चतस्रः चत्वारि) Four : in composition, and the last member of a compound, the numeral is inflected in all the numbers ; thus प्रियचतुर् Who has four favorites, makes masc. and fem. (sing.) प्रियचत्वार (du.) चत्वारौ (plu.) चत्वारः and n. (sing.) प्रियचतुः (du.) चत्वारौ (plu.) चत्वारि, &c. वज्रचतुर्मासः चतुर्-चरन् ।

चतुर mfn (-रः रा-र) 1. Dexterous, ingenious, clever. 2. Visible, perceptible. m. (-रः) 1 A round pillow, one for the cheek. 3. An elephant stable. ४. चत् to ask, Unadi affix चरच् ।

चतुरङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) 1. An entire army, comprising elephants, cars, horse and foot. 2. A sort of chess. ४. चतुर्, and चङ्ग a member. चत्वारि चङ्गानि यत्नः ।

चतुरङ्गस्य n. (-स्य) An entire army ; see the last. ४. चतुरङ्ग, and स्य an army. [army.]

चतुरङ्गस्य n. (-स्य) An entire army ; see चतुरङ्ग. ४. चतुरङ्ग, and स्य an army. चतुरङ्गस्य mfn. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी) Having four parts or members. f. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गी) An army. ४. चतुरङ्ग and स्य aff.

चतुरङ्गस्य mfn. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी) Four fingers, (long, &c.) m. (-ङ्गी) A kind of Cassia, (Cassia fistula.) ४. चतुर् four, and चङ्गुली a finger ; the leaves being four fingers in length.

चतुरङ्गस्य mfn. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी) Four cornered, quadrangular. n. (-ङ्गी) A square. ४. चतुर् four, and चङ्ग a corner.

चतुरङ्गस्य m. (-ङ्गी) A name of BRAHMA. ४. चतुर four, and चान्दना face ; four-faced.

चतुरङ्गस्य m. (-ङ्गी) A tortoise. ४. चतुर् four (feet), and गति motion ; a quadruped.

चतुरङ्गस्य mfn. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी-ङ्गी) Four times, four-fold. ४. चतुर्, and गुण multiplication.

चतुर्थ mfn. (-र्थः र्थी or -र्थी-र्थी) Fourth. f. (-र्थी) The fourth lunation. ४. चतुर् four. उट् पुक् aff. चतुर्थी पूर्य उट् पुक् च ।

चतुर्थकाल n. (-काल) The fourth season, implying especially the evening of every second day of a person's fasting, ४. चतुर्थ, and काल time.

चतुर्थफल n. (-फल) (In astronomy.) The second inequality or equation of a planet. ४. चतुर्थ, and फल quotient.

चतुर्थीय m. (-यः) A quarter, a fourth part. ४. चतुर्थ, and चतुर्थ part.

चतुर्थीय f. (-यः) A Pala. ४. चत् fem. form added to चतुर्थ.

चतुर्दन्त mfn. (-दन्-दन्ती-दन्) Four-toothed. ४. चतुर् four, दन्त substituted for दन्त a tooth.

चतुर्दन्त m. (-दन्) INDRA's elephant. ४. चतुर् four, and दन्त a tooth.

चतुर्दश min. (-दश-शी दश) Fourteen. f. (-शी) The fourteenth lunation. ४. चतुर्दश, and दश aff.

चतुर्दश mfn. plur. (-दश) Fourteen. ४. चतुर् and दशन् ten.

चतुर्दश n. (-दश) A royal letter. ४. चतुर् four, (supporters,) दीक्ष a swing.

चतुर्दश ind. Four times, four-fold. ४. चतुर् and चत् aff.

चतुर्दश n. (-दश) The aggregate of four objects of human wishes, viz. virtue, love, wealth, and final beatitude. ४. चतुर् four, and दश fortunate, auspicious : see चतुर्थी.

चतुर्भाग m. (-भाग) Fourth part. ४. चतुर् and भाग a share.

चतुर्भुज m. (-भुज) 1. A name of VISHNU 2. An equilateral tetragon. ४. चतुर् four, and भुज an arm.

चतुर्भुज m. (-भुज) 1. The deity BRAHMA. 2. A preparation of mercury. ४. चतुर् and भुज a face.

चतुर्भुज n. (-भुज) The aggregate of the four Yugs or ages of the Hindus, a Mahayuga or 4,320,000 years. ४. चतुर् four, and युग an age.

चतुर्भुज m. (-भुज) A name of BRAHMA. ४. चतुर् four, and भुज a face ; see चतुर्भुज and other synonymous compounds.

चतुर्भुज m. (-भुज) 1. The four objects of human pursuit collectively see चतुर्भुज. 2. Any assemblage of four things. ४. चतुर् four, and भुज class.

चतुर्भुज m. (-भुज) 1. The four classes of Hindus. 2. Four principal colours. 3. Four letters. ४. चतुर्, and भुज tribe.

चतुर्भुज m. (-भुज) A priest who has studied the four Vedas. ४. चतुर् four, विद्या knowledge : also चतुर्वेद, and with चच् added चतुर्वेद and चतुर्वेद.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-वि-वि-वि-वि) Of four sorts or kinds, in four ways. ४. चतुर्, and विध kind.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-वि-वि-वि-वि) Depositing, placing, fixing.

चतुर्विध f. (-वि) A square of four houses, or a court enclosed by four buildings. ४. चतुर्, and विद्या a hall.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-वि-वि-वि-वि) Four. f. (-वि) 1. A large four-sided pond or tank. 2. A bed or mosquito curtain. 3. A necklace of four strings. ४. चतुर् four, कन् affix, and र is changed to च. चतुर्विध चत्वारिचतुर्विध यत्न वा कन् ।

चतुर्विध mfn. (-वि-वि-वि-वि) Square, quadrangular. m. (-वि) A square, a tetragon. ४. चतुर्, and विध a corner.

चतुर्विध mfn. (-वि-वि-वि-वि) 1. Four. 2. Four-fold. n. (-वि) 1. A square. 2. The centre of a circle. 3. The aggregate of four. ४. चतुर्, and तयप् aff. चत्वारिचतुर्विध विद्या यत्न तयप् ।

चतुर्विध m. (-वि) A Brahman. n. (-वि) A place where four roads meet. ४. चतुर् four, and पथि a road, चच् aff. चत्वारः पथानः ब्रह्मचर्यादयः चाद्यना यत्न चच् समासः ।

चतुर्विध nf. (-वि-वि) Verse, a metre of stanzas especially consisting of four Padas or lines. m. (-वि) An animal with four legs, a quadruped. ४. चतुर् four, and पद for पाद a foot also read चतुर्पाद चत्वारि पदानि चरणा यत्नः ।

चतुर्विध f. (-वि) A river. ४. चतुर् four (the four quarters), and पादौ what goes. चत्वारि दिग्घः पाठयति पाठि-चच् उप सः ।

चतुर्विध f. (-वि) A school for Brahmans. ४. चतुर् four, (the Vedas,) पाठ perusal. चतुर्विध वेदानां पाठोऽत्र गीता-जीवः ।

चतुर्विध m. (-वि) A name of VISHNU. ४. चतुर् four, and पाथि a hand, four-handed. चत्वारः पाथवीयस्य ।

चतुर्विध mfn. (-पात्) 1. A quadruped. 2. A whole of four parts or quarters. 3. A judicial procedure, consisting of four processes, plea, defence, rejoinder, and sentence. ४. चतुर् and पाद a foot.

चतुर्विध n. (-वि) An unguent of four ingredients, Sandal, agalloobum, saffron, and musk. ४. चतुर् four, and सन् equal, same.

चतुर्विध m. (-वि) A Baud'dha, a Bud'dha saint. ४. चतुर्विधन् thirty-four, जायक species, and ज्ञ who knows.

चतुर्विध n. (-वि) 1. A levelled spot of ground prepared for a sacrifice. 2. A court yard. ४. चत् to ask, Unadi affix चरच् ।

चतुर्विध m. (-वि) 1. A hole in the ground, &c. prepared for oblation with fire. 2. The womb. 3. Kusa grass. ४. चत् to ask, बालच् affix, or with बालच् affix, बालच् ।

चद r. 1st cl. (च) चदि (चदति-ते) To ask or beg, to solicit. (च) चदि (चदति) 1. To gladden. 2. To shine. भ्रा-विच-उभ-सेट् ।

चदिर mfn. (-रः-रा) 1. An elephant. 2. The moon. 3. Camphor. 4. A snake. ४. चद to shine, किरच् Unadi aff.

चन r. 1st. and 10th cls. (चनति, चानयति) To hurt, to injure in any manner, to wound or kill, &c. 2. To believe, to confide. 3. To make a sound. भ्रा-पर-चक-सेट् । भ्रा-पर-चक-सेट् ।

चन ind. A particle affixed to certain words, giving them an indefinite signification, as कदा when, कदाचन some, when, at sometime, कः who, कश्चन some one ; see चित् ४. कन् to sound, affix चच् ।

चनच् n. (-च) Food. ४. च चनच् Unadi affix, and नुट् augment.

चन्द m. (-न्द) The moon. ४. चदि to shine, affix चच् see चन्द.

च mfn. (-चः-का-च) Pleasing, joy-inspiring. m. (-चः) 1. The moon. 2. Moonlight. 3. A small silvery fish, of a genus allied to the Zeus, (Chanda, HAM) इ. चन्द इव कायति कै च ।  
 चपुष n. (-च) Cloves. इ. चन्दक, and पुष flower.  
 च mn. (-चः-नी) Sandal, (Sirium myrtifolium;) it implies either the tree, the wood, or the motuous preparations of the wood, held in high estimation as perfumes. n. (-च) Red Sandal wood: see रत्नचन्दन. m. (-चः) A kind of ape. f. (-चौ) The name of a river. इ. चदि to gladden, to delight, affix चिच्-ञु.  
 चाचल m. (-चः) The Malaya mountain, part of the southern range of the Ghats, where Sandal wood is procured. इ. चन्दन and चचल a hill, the Sandal hill; also similar names, as चन्दनादि, चन्दन-पर्वत, &c.  
 चर m. (-चः) 1. An elephant. 2. The moon. इ. चदि to shine, &c. Unadi affix चिरच्.  
 च m. (-चः) 1. The moon considered as a planet or a deity. 2. Camphor. 3. Water. 4. Gold. 5. A plant, (Crinum:) see दीचनी. 6. (In composition) Pre-eminent, (as पुद्गलचन्द an eminent man, a chief, a moon of men,) 7. The edge in the peacock's tail. 8. One of the eighteen minor Dwipas or divisions of the known continent. 9. The mark of the soft aspirate. 10. A pearl with a red tinge. 11. Any thing giving pleasure. f. (-च्चा) 1. An awning, a canopy. 2. Small cardamoms: see-एच्चा. इ. चदि to shine Unadi affix चिच्-रच्.  
 च m. (-चः) 1. The moon. 2. A ring, a circle, (like the moon.) 3. The eye in a peacock's tail. 4. A finger nail. 5. A fish, (Chanda, HAM.) n. (-चः) Black pepper. इ. चन्द the moon, and च affix of resemblance. चन्द इव कायति कै च ।  
 चवत् m. (-चात्) A peacock. इ. चन्दक the mark in his tail, मतुच् aff.  
 चला f. (-ला) 1. A digit, or one-sixteenth of the moon's orb; each is personified as a female divinity, and worshipped in some Tantrika ceremonies. 2. A small drum. 3. A fish commonly called Vacha or Bacha, (Pimelodus vacha, HAM) इ. चन्द the moon, and चला a digit.  
 चान m. (-चः) A fabulous gem, the moon-stone, supposed to be formed of the congelation of the rays of the moon; a kind of crystal may perhaps be meant. mn. (-चः-न) 1. Sandal. 2. The white water lily. f. (-चा) 1. Night. 2. The wife of the moon. इ. चन्द, the moon, and चान splendid or beloved.  
 चिन् m. (-चौ) A peacock इ. चन्दक the eye of the peacock's tail, and चिन् poss. aff.  
 चन m. (-चः) 1. The registrar of YAMA's court. 2. CHANDRAGUPTA a king of Pataliputra.  
 चिन् n. (-च) The orb or sphere of the moon. इ. चन्द, and चीन् a ball.  
 चिन्त्य m. (-च्चा) A deceased and defied progenitor. इ. चन्दुनीच and चिन् who stays or abides; an inhabitant of the lunar sphere.  
 चिन्तिका f. (-का) Moonlight. इ. चन्दुनीच the lunar orb, and चन् affix; derived from the moon.  
 चण्ड mf. (-चः-का) A small fish, (Chanda, HAM) इ. चन्द, and चण्ड resembling, quivering, and glistening like the moon.  
 चर plu. m. (-चः) The twenty-seven lunar mansions, which in mythology, are so many nymphs, daughters of DAKSHA, and wedded to CHANDRA, or the moon. इ. चन्द, and चर a wife.  
 चन mf. (-चः-ना-नी) Like the moon, bright, handsome. इ. चन्द and चन what resembles.  
 चाना f. (-ना-नी) The name of a river, the Chennab, one of the five streams of the Punjab. इ. चन्दनान the name of a mountain, part of the Himalaya range, where the river is said to have its source, affix of derivation चच्, hence also it may be read चान्दना-नी ।  
 च mn. (-चः) The eight Jina or Jaina pontiffs. f. (-चा) 1. Moonlight.

2. A compound of various drugs used in jaundice, piles, &c. इ. चन्द and चला light. चन्दुल प्रसा इव प्रका चक ।  
 चन्द्रमणि m. (-चिः) The Chandrakanta or moon-gem: see चन्द्रकान्त. इ. चन्द, the moon, and मणि a gem.  
 चन्द्रमण्डल n. (-चौ) The orb or disc of the moon, the lunar sphere. इ. चन्द and मण्डल circle.  
 चन्द्रमस m. (-चः) The moon. इ. चन्द, camphor, ना to mete or measure, and चसुन् Unadi affix. ना देवः rendering all objects white like camphor.  
 चन्द्रमील m. (-चिः) A name of SIVA. इ. चन्द and मील a crest; this deity being represented with a half moon on his fore-head.  
 चन्द्ररेखा f. (-खा) A digit of the moon. इ. चन्द and रेखा a line.  
 चन्द्ररेचु m. (-चुः) A plagiarist, a poetical thief, (काव्यचोर) इ. चन्द the moon, and रेचु dust.  
 चन्द्रसेवा f. (-खा) 1. A plant, (Serrautala anthelmintica:) see सीमराजी. 2. A digit of the moon. इ. चन्द, and सेवा a line or mark.  
 चन्द्रलोक n. (-चौ) The sphere or heaven of the moon. इ. चन्द and लोक world.  
 चन्द्रवीच n. (-च) Silver. इ. चन्द, and वीच metal; also चन्द्रवीचक.  
 चन्द्रवंश m. (-चः) The race of the moon, the second great branch of the Kshetriya or royal dynasties, derived from the moon, through BUDHA his son, and Pururavas his son. इ. चन्द, and वंश race.  
 चन्द्रवंशिन् m. (-चौ) A member of the lunar dynasty. इ. चन्द्रवंश and इनि aff.  
 चन्द्रवल्ली f. (-चौ) 1. A kind of asclepias, (A. acida:) see सीमलता. 2. Rue. See ब्राजी. इ. चन्द the moon, and वल्ली a creeper. सीमलतायां नापरी सीतायान् च ।  
 चन्द्रवाचा f. (-चा) Large cardamoms. इ. चन्दcamphor, and वाचा a child, a diminutive term in general.  
 चन्द्रविहङ्गन m. (-चः) A kind of crane. इ. चन्द the moon, (as white,) and विहङ्गन a bird.  
 चन्द्रवत् n. (-चौ) 1. A regal property or virtue. 2. A kind of penance. see चान्दायच. इ. चन्द, the moon, and वत् religious observance.  
 चन्द्रबाला f. (-ला) 1. Moonlight. 2. An upper room, an apartment on the top of the house. इ. चन्द, the moon, and बाला a hall. चन्दः बाला इव जावारी बलाः । श्रीकृष्णायाम्, बालादोपरिस्थं गृहे (चिद्रे चर) ।  
 चन्द्रबालिका f. (-का) A room on the top of a house. इ. चन् affixed to the preceding.  
 चन्द्रशेखर m. (-चः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. The name of a mountain; one so called is amongst the hills of Aracan. इ. चन्द, the moon, and शेखर a crest; whose crest is the moon. चन्दः चन्द्रकला शेखरे चक ।  
 चन्द्रशेखर m. (-चः) Camphor. इ. चन्द, and शेखर a name: having all the synonyms of the moon.  
 चन्द्रशम्भु m. (-चः) Budha, the planet MERCURY. इ. चन्द, and शम्भु son.  
 चन्द्रशमभा f. (-चा) Small cardamoms. इ. चन्द, the moon, and शम्भु produced.  
 चन्द्रशालीक n. (-चौ) Attainment of the lunar heaven. इ. चन्द, and शालीक domicile.  
 चन्द्रशस्त्र m. (-चः) 1. A scimitar. 2. the sword of RAVANA. f. (-चा) Moon plant, (Menispermum glabrum.) n. (-चः) Silver. इ. चन्द the moon, and शस्त्र what derides: outvicing the moon in brightness.  
 चन्द्राकृति mfn. (-चिः-चि-चि) Moon-shaped, like the moon, (in roundness, whiteness, &c.) इ. चन्द, and आकृति form.  
 चन्द्रातप m. (-चः) 1. Moonlight. 2. An awning. इ. चन्द, the moon, and आतप shining. चन्द्रक जाती गमनं ततः पति-पा-क । चांदीया ।  
 चन्द्रार्ध n. (-चौ) A half moon, a crescent. इ. चन्द and अर्ध half.  
 चन्द्रापीठ m. (-चः) A name of SIVA. इ. चन्द the moon, and आपीठ a chaplet; who has the moon like a chaplet amidst his hair.  
 चन्द्राभास m. (-चः) A false moon, an appearance like the moon. इ. चन्द, and आभास resembling.

चिन्ता f. (-का) 1. Moonlight. 2. A small fish, commonly Chanda, (Chanda of var. species, HAM) 3. Large cardamoms. ३. चन्द, the moon, चन्दिका चन्दा: चाययलेन ठन् । चदि हीनी रत्नतः स्यात् कथा ।  
चिन्तादाय m. (-वः) The moon-stone. ३. चन्दिका and दाय what fuses ; liquefying in moonlight. चन्दिकया दायी निगन्दी यत् । चन्दकाननची ।  
चिन्तापायिन् m. (-ची) The Chakora or hill partridge. ३. चन्दिका and पायिन् who drinks. चन्दिका पिबति पा-यिनि ।  
चिन्तामल n. (-ज) The white lotus. ३. चन्दिका and चम्पुज a lotus. चन्दिकेव एवमलम् । चितीत्यने ।  
चिन्त m. (-जः) 1. A name of Siva. 2. A barber. 3. A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) ३. चन्द, the moon or weapon, &c. bright as the moon, and चल्च, aff.  
चिन्द m. (-यः) 1. An awning, a cloth spread over the large open courtyard of Hindu houses, upon festival occasions. 2. Moon-rise 3. A mercurial preparation used in medicine ३. चन्द, the moon, and चन्द rising, (of a planet, &c.)  
चिन्दोप m. (-जः) Moongem ; see चन्दकान. ३. चन्द, the moon, and उपल a stone. चन्दप्रियः उपलः । चन्द, काननची ।  
चय r. 1st cl. (चयति) To caress, to coax, to soothe or console, r. 10th cl. (चययति-ने) To grind or pound. (च) चयि r. 1st and 10th cls. (चयति, चययति) To go, to move. आ-पर-सक-सिट् चुरा-उभ-सक-सिट् ।  
चयट m. (-टः) The palm with extended fingers : see चपेट.  
चयल mfn. (-जः-ला-ल) 1. Trembling, tremulous, shaking. 2. Wavering, unsteady. 3. Inconsiderately criminal. 4. Swift, expeditious ; (also in this sense, or swiftly, adv. n. (-ल) 5. Momentary, instantaneous. 6. Agitated violently, overcome with alarm, &c. m. (-लः) 1. Quicksilver. 2. A kind of stone. 3. A fish. 4. A thief. f. (-ला) 1. The goddess LAKSHMI or fortune. 2. Lightning. 3. A whore. 4. Long pepper. 5. The tongue. 6. Spirituous liquor. 7. A species of the Arya metre. ३. चय् to go, affix चल्च or चुप् to move, Unadi affix कल् and the radical vowel changed.  
चयलता f. (-ता) 1. Moving, trembling. 2. Fickleness, inconstancy ३. तल् added to the last, also with ल, चयललम्.  
चयलजक mfn. (-जः-का-क) Of a fickle or inconstant nature ३. चयल, काज self, and कल् added.  
चपेट m. (-टः) The palm of the hand with the fingers extended. ३. चय् to go, affix चल्, चय trembling, and टट what goes or is, from टट् with क् affix ; also चपट and चपेट.  
चपेटाघात m. (-तः) A slap with the open hand. ३. चपेट, and आघात a blow.  
चपेटिका f. (-का) A slap with the open hand. ३. चपेट, and चुन् aff.  
चन (च) चनु r. 1st and 5th cls. (चनति, चनोति) To eat, to drink, to take any thing into the mouth, as food, whether solid or liquid. With चाङ् prefixed, (चाचानति) To sip as water With चि, (चिचनति) To eat. आ-प-सक-सिट् खादि वा.  
चमत्कार n. (-च) 1. Astonishing, producing wonder or surprise. 2. Festival. 3. spectacle. 4. High poetical composition. ३. चमत् a sound of surprise, and करच् making ; also चमत्कार and चमत्कृति.  
चमत्कार m. (-रः) 1. Astonishment, surprise. 2. Show, spectacle. 3. Row, riot, festive or angry turbulence. 4. Elaborate style or high poetical composition. 5. The name of a tree : see चपामार्य ३. चमत् a sound of surprise, and करच् making चमदित्यव्यक्तं क्रियते कृभावे चल् ।  
चमत्कारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिची-रि) Unusual, surprising, astonishing. ३. चमत्कार, and रिणि aff.  
चमत्कृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Surprised, astonished, ३. चमत्, and कृत made.  
चमत्कृति f. (-तिः) Display, spectacle, &c. : see चमत्कारच.  
चमर n. (-र) 1. A Chowri or long brush, most usually made of the tail-hairs of the Yak or Bos Grunniens, and employed to whisk off insects, flies, &c. 2. The name of a demon. f. (-री) A compound pedicle. mf. (-रः-री) A kind of deer, or rather the Bos Grunniens,

erroneously classed by the Hidu writers amongst the deer. ३. चम् to eat or be eaten, चरच्, aff.  
चमरपुच्छ m. (-चः) A small animal with a bushy tail ; a squirrel. n. (-च) A Chowri. ३. चमर, and पुच्छ tail.  
चमरिच m. (-का) A species of ebony, (Bauhinia variegata.) ३. चमर & Chowri, and ठन् affix, growing in clusters, resembling a Chowri.  
चमर mf. (-चः-ची) 1. A vessel used at sacrifices for drinking the juice of the acid asolepias, a kind of ladle or spoon. 2. A cake made of barley, rice or lentils ground to meal. 3. A plant, commonly Khetpapa, (Mollugo pentaphylla.) 4. A sweetmeat, or flour, sesamum, &c. mixed up with sugar into a kind of cake, &c. ३. चम् to eat, चरच्, Unadi affix, fem. affix लीच्.  
चम् f. (-चः) 1. An army. 2. A squadron, a division of an army consisting of 129 elephants, as many cars, 2187 horse, and 3685 foot. ३. चम् to eat or destroy, (the enemy,) and ज् Unadi aff.  
चम्बर m. (-रः) A soldier, a warrior. ३. चम्, and चर who marches.  
चम्बपति m. (-तिः) A general of division, any general. ३. चम्, and पति master.  
चम्ब m. (-चः) A kind of deer. ३. चम् to be eaten, चरच्, affix, and च् final added. चम्बोदरादिनात् चत् उत्तम् ।  
चम्प r. 1st cl. (चम्पति) To go or move.  
चम्प m. (-जः) Mountain ebony, (Bauhinia variegata.) f. (-ज्या) The capital of KARNA, the modern Bhagalpur, or a place in its vicinity. ३. चपि to go. &c. चल् and टाप् aff.  
चम्पक m. (-कः) 1. A tree bearing a yellow fragrant flower, (Michelia champaca.) 2. A division of the jack fruit. n. (-क) The flower of the Champa. 2. A variety of the banana or plantain, (the fruit.) ३. चपि to shine, &c. affix ज्, ज्.  
चम्पकाज m. (-जः) The Jack or Indian bread fruit tree, (Artocarpus integrifolia.) ३. चम्पक as above, and जाङ्च्, poss. aff.  
चम्पकोच m. (-चः) The Jack : see the preceding.  
चम्पाधिप m. (-पः) A name of KARNA. ३. चम्पा the city, and अधिप ruler.  
चम्पापुरी f. (-री) The city Champa : see चम्पा. ३. चम्पा and पुर a city.  
चम्पावृ f. (-वृः) The Jack : see चम्पकाज. ३. चम्प for चम्पक, and चाङ्च्, aff.  
चम्पावती f. (-ती) The district of Champa : or Bhagalpur. ३. चम्प the ebony tree, and मनुप् poss. affix, abounding in such trees.  
चम्पू f. (-पूः) A work in which the same subject is continued through alternations in the composition of prose and verse. ३. चम् to eat or be eaten, ज् affix प inserted ; what is relished by persons of taste.  
चम्प m. (-मः) KARNA the natural brother of the Pand'us. ३. चम्पा the city Champa, and र्च sovereign.  
चम्पीपल्लित m. (-तः) The district of champa or Bha'gulpur, or m. plu. (-ताः) The inhabitants. ३. चम्प the ebony, and उपलचित designated : see चम्पावती.  
चय r. 1st cl. (चयति) To go, to move. आ-पर-सक-सिट् गती । [सिट्, चय r. 1st cl. (चयते) To go to or towards, to go, to move. आ-चा-सक-चय m. (चः) 1. An assemblage, a multitude. 2. A heap, a collection. 3. A mound of earth, raised to form the foundation of a building. 4. A rampart or mound of earth raised from the ditch of a fort. 5. The gate of a fort. 6. Any edifice. 7. A seat, a stool. 8. A cover, a covering ३. चि to collect, aff. चल्.  
चयन n. (-न) Collecting, gathering. ३. चि to collect, ज्, ट् aff.  
चयनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be collected or gathered. ३. चि to collect, चनीयर aff.  
चर r. 1st cl. (चरति) 1. To go. 2. To eat. 3. To behave or act, (in this sense चाङ् is usually prefixed ; ) With चति, and चाङ् prefixed, To transgress, to go astray. With चनि, 1. To deceive, to betray. 2. To conjure. 3. To attend. With चनु, 1. To follow, to attend. 2. To imitate. With चाङ् To practise a duty. With चत्, (चरने) 1. To

transgress. 2. To expel. 3. (उचरति) To go up, to rise. With उप, 1. To approach. 2. To worship With परि, To serve. With प्र, 1. To prevail as a custom, 2. To declare, to manifest. With वि and चरि, To go astray, to act wickedly. With सन् (उचरते) 1. To ride upon. 2. (उचरति) To accompany. With सन् and वाक् 1. To perform. 2. To announce. r. 10th cl. (चाररति) 1. To doubt 2. To be free from doubt. With वि prefixed, To discuss, to dispute, to reason upon or respecting any doubtful points. आ-पर-उच-रिट् । पु-उच-उच-रिट् ।  
 चर mfn. (-र-रा-री-र) 1. Moveable, locomotive. 2. Trembling, shaking, unsteady. m. (-रः) 1. A spy, a secret emissary or agent. 2. The planet Mars. 3. A game played with dice and men, similar to backgammon. 4. A wagtail. 5. A cowrie. 6. The seventh Karana, (in Astrology.) 7. The Kafanas collectively. f. (-री) A young woman. z. चर् to go, affix चर् and टच् and in the latter case the fem. affix is क्तीप्.  
 चरक m. (-कः) 1. The author of a treatise upon medicine: applied also to the work. 2. A spy or secret emissary, &c. z. चर् to go, Unadi affix. सार्थं क संज्ञायाम् क्त्वा ।  
 चरट् mf. (-टः-टी) A wagtail; also चर. z. चर् वा चटच् । खड्गमखने ।  
 चरच m. (-चः-च) 1. A foot. 2. The root of a tree. A race, a family. 4. A portion of the Vedas, 5. Fixed or instituted observance. 6. The peculiarity of condition or conduct implied by the English affix hood, as manhood, priesthood, &c. 7. The fourth part of a stanza. 4. (in Prosody.) A dactyl. n. (-चः) 1. Wandering, roaming, going round or about. 2. Eating. z. to चर् go affix चरचि क्त्वा ।  
 चरचनिलय n. (-यः) The foot of a lover, or deity, &c. z. चरच and किलय lotus filament.  
 चरचनत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Fallen at one's feet, prostrate. z. चरच and नत gone.  
 चरचचरि f. (-रिः) The ankle. z. चरच the foot, and चरि a joint.  
 चरचपतन n. (-नः) Prostration, falling at the feet, z. चरच and पतन falling.  
 चरचपतित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Prostrate, fallen at the feet. z. चरच and पतित fallen.  
 चरचपात m. (-तः) Tread, trampling, foot-fall. z. चरच and पात falling.  
 चरचयुग n. (-युः) 1. Both the feet. 2. Two lines of a stanza. z. चरच, and युग a pair.  
 चरचसेवा f. (-वा) Service, devotion. z. चरच and सेवा service.  
 चरचाई n. (-ई) 1. The half of the foot. 2. Half of the fourth of a stanza z. चरच and चरई half.  
 चरचानमित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Trodden down, bent or bowed under the feet. z. चरच and आनमित bowed.  
 चरचामरच n. (-चः) An ornament on the feet. z. चरच and आमरच ornament.  
 चरचामृत n. (-तः) The water in which the feet of a venerable Brahman or teacher have been washed. z. चरच and अमृत nectar.  
 चरचायुध m. (-युः) A cock. z. चरच the foot, and आयुध a weapon, whose foot is his weapon. z. चरचन् आयुधं यत् । कुक्कुटे ।  
 चरचारविन्द n. (-न्दः) The foot (of a deity, a lover, &c.) z. चरच and चर-विन्द a lotus; also many similar compounds, as चरचपद्म, चरचकनक, चरचनमि, &c.  
 चरचालन्दन n. (-नः) Trampling, trading on. z. चरच and आलन्दन going.  
 चरचोदक n. (-कः) Water in which the feet of a venerable Brahman or spiritual teacher have been washed. z. चरच and उदक water.  
 चरचोपव mfn. (-वः-वा-व) In contact with the feet, at the feet. z. चरच. and उपव approached.  
 चरच् mfn. (-रन् रनी रन्) Going, going to, z. चर् to go, ग्छ aff.  
 चरुच m. (-चः) A mediator.  
 चरन् mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Last, ultimate, final. 2. West, western. चर् to go, चरन् Unadi aff.  
 चरन्माधन् m. (-धन्) The western mountain behind which the sun is

supposed to set. z. चरन् western, and माधन् a mountain; also चरन्माधन्, &c.

चरन्माधन् m. (-धन्) See the preceding.

चरन्माधि m. (-धिः) See चरन्माधन्; also other similar compounds.

चराचर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-र) 1. Moveable, locomotive. 2. Shaking, trembling, unsteady. 3. Wished, desired. 4. Moveable and immovable. n. (-रः) 1. The world 2. Sky, atmosphere. 3. Heaven, paradise. 4. The aggregate of all things, whether inanimate or animate. z. चर् to go, affix चर् and the derivative reiterated, वाक् inserted; or चर् what goes and चरचर what does not go.

चरि m. (-रिः) An animal in general. z. चर् locomotive, and च Unadi aff.

चरित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Gone, gone to, attained. n. (-तः) Fixed institute, proper or peculiar observance: see चरच. 2. Story, adventures. 3. Practice, behaviour. 4. Nature. z. चर् to go, affix च.

चरितम् mfn. (-मः-मा-म) To be followed or observed. z. चर् and तम् aff

चरितार्थ mfn. (-र्थः-र्था-र्थ) 1. Effected, accomplished. 2. Successful. z. चरित and चर्च् object.

चरितयुक्त्वा n. (-युः) 1. Accompaniment, assistance. 2. Meritorious conduct. z. चरित and युक्त्वा faculty.

चरित n. (-चः) 1. Instituted and peculiar observance or conduct. 2. Story, adventures 3. Practice, habit, behaviour. 4. Nature, disposition. f. (-चा) The tamarind tree. z. चर् to go, च Unadi aff.

चरितयुक्त्वा n. (-युः) A friendly pledge, one of unequal value to the loan. z. चरित and युक्त्वा a pledge.

चरिच mfn. (-चः-चः-च) 1. Moveable, locomotive. 2. Wandering about. z. चर् to go, and चरच् aff.

चरीच n. (-चः) Practice conduct behaviour: see चरिच.

चर m. (-चः) 1. An oblation of rice barley, and pulse, boiled with butter and milk for presentation to the gods or manes. 2. The vessel in which such an oblation is prepared. z. चर् to eat, चच् Unadi affix, what the gods feed upon.

चरचम m. (-चः) A kind of cake. z. चर् to eat, च affix, edible, and च what is ground or pounded.

चरचपच n. (-चः) Sprinkling an oblation of milk and ghee. z. चरच and पच scattering.

चरचाणी f. (-णी) The vessel in which an oblation is prepared. z. चर and चाणी a pot.

चर्च r. 1st cl (चर्चति) To go or move.

चर्च r. 6th cl. (चर्चति) 1. To speak or say. 2. To abuse, to reprove, to censure or condemn. 3. To injure or hurt. 4. To inquire, r. 10th cl. (चर्चयति-ते) To read over, to pursue carefully, to study; also read चर्च. पु-उच-उच-रिट् । तु-पर ।

चर्चरी f. (-री) 1. A festival, festive sport. 2. A kind of song. 3. Striking the hands to beat time. (In music). 4. Curled or woolly hair. 5. Musical symphony or, the recitation of scholars. 6. The noise made at festivals, &c. 7. Flattery, dishonest praise. z. चर्च् to speak, or say to sound, &c. चरन् and क्तीप् affs.

चर्चरीक m. (-कः) 1. A form of Siva. 2. A potherb. 3. Decorating or curling the hair. z. चर्चरी noise, &c. and क who utters, from क्ती to sound, affix क्त्वा; or चर्च ईकन् some authorities substitute चर्चरीक for this word.

चर्चा f. (-चा) 1. Reflexion, consideration, the exercise of judgment or deliberation. 2. Cleaning the person with fragrant unguents. 3. Inquiry, investigation. 4. A name of the goddess Durga. z. चर्च्, to read, &c. affixes चर्च् and टाप् also चर्चिष्वा &c.

चर्चिष्वा f. (-वा) 1. The goddess Durga. or CHAMUNDA. 2. Cleaning the person with perfumes. 3. Deliberation, inquiry. z. चर्च् to ask, affix क्त्वा; also चर्चा as above.

चर्चिन् mfn. (-नः-ता-न) 1. Perfumed, anointed, smeared with sandal, &c.

2. Sought, desired. 3. Inquired into or after, investigated. **चर्चा** smearing, &c. and **चर्च** aff.  
**चर्च** r. 1st and 10th cls. (**चर्चते चर्चयते**) 1. To speak, to tell. 2. To improve. 3. To study : see **चर्च**.  
**चर्च** mfn. (**चर्चः-चर्चा-चर्च**) 1. To be hurt, or injured. 2. To be strung or tied in order. **चर्च** to hurt, &c. and **चर्च** affix from special.  
**चर्च** m. (**चर्चः**) 1. The open palm of the hand with fingers extended. 2. A plant, (*Mollugo pentaphylla*.) 3. A quantity of bubbles or specks (**सारविपुल**) f. (**चर्च**) A thin cake or biscuit of flour. **चर्च** a Sautra root, to be low or flat, or **चर्च** हीनो ; affix **चट्** also **चट** and **चट**.  
**चर्च** r. 1st cl. (**चर्चति**) To go to move. **भा-पर-सक-सेट** ।  
**चर्च** m. (**चर्चः**) A kind of cucumber, (*C. utilatissimus* :) see **चर्च** f. (**चर्च**) The noise of merriment or festivity : see **चर्चरी**. **चर्च** agreeable sound, and **चट** what makes, deriv. irr. **चर्च** क्तिप् **चट** **चर्च** कर्मेचार्य ।  
**चर्च** n. (**चर्च**) A shield : see **चर्च**. **चर्च** साधनतया **चर्च** **चर्च** **चर्च** टिबोप ।  
**चर्चकार** m. (**चर्च**) Working in skins or leather. **चर्च** and **चर्च** making.  
**चर्चका** f. (**चर्च**) A plant, commonly called by a similar name *Charmakha* or *Charmagha*. **चर्च** the skin, and **चर्च** what injures ; also **चर्चका**. **चर्च** कर्चति **चर्च-चर्च** ।  
**चर्चकार** mfn. (**चर्चः-चर्च**) The shoe-maker, a currier or worker in leather, the offspring of the Chandala woman by a man of the fisherman caste, or of a Vaideha female by a Nishadha. f. (**चर्च**) 1. The plant *Charmagha* : see the preceding. 3. The wife of a Chamar. **चर्च** skin or leather, and **चर्च** who does or makes. **चर्च** तन्निमित्तं पादुकादि कर्चति । **चर्च-चर्च** उपमित समासः ।  
**चर्चकार** m. (**चर्च**) A worker in leather. **चर्च** and **चर्च** making.  
**चर्चकारिन्** m. (**चर्च**) A currier, a worker in hides or leather. **चर्च** and **चर्च** who makes.  
**चर्चकार्य** n. (**चर्च**) Working in leather or skins. **चर्च** and **चर्च** business.  
**चर्चकील** n. (**चर्च**) A wart. **चर्च** and **चर्च** a bolt. **चर्च** कील इव ।  
**चर्चकृत** n. (**चर्च**) A shoe-maker : see **चर्चकार**.  
**चर्चचटका** f. (**चर्च**) A bat. **चर्च** leather, and **चटका** a sparrow, the leather-winged sparrow ; also **चर्चचटिका चर्चचटी** &c. **चर्च** चटका इव (**चर्चचिका**) ।  
**चर्चचटी** f. (**चर्च**) A bat. **चर्च** leather, and **चट** who hurts. **चर्च** चटति भिनति **चटमे** **चर्च** जीव ।  
**चर्च** mfn. (**चर्चः-चर्च**) Produced by or from the skin. n. (**चर्च**) 1. Hair. 2. Blood. **चर्च** and **चर्च** born. **चर्च** जायते **चर्च** **चर्च** । रोमणि ।  
**चर्चवती** f. (**चर्च**) 1. A river that runs across Bundelkhand into the Ganges, the modern Chambal. 2. The plantain tree, (*Musa sapientum*.) **चर्च** skin, and **चर्च** poss. affix ; **चर्च** is changed to **चर्च** it may also be dropped, and the word may be written **चर्चवती**.  
**चर्चतरङ्ग** m. (**चर्च**) A wrinkle, a fold of skin. **चर्च** and **चर्च** a wave. **चर्च** तरङ्ग इव । **चर्च** पक्षिने **चर्च** ।  
**चर्चदण्ड** m. (**चर्च**) A whip. **चर्च** a leather (thong), and **दण्ड** a stick. **चर्च** **चर्च** दण्डः । **चर्च** दण्डम् ।  
**चर्चदुषिका** f. (**चर्च**) 1. Leprosy. 2. Cutaneous disease. **चर्च** and **दुष** to vitiate, **चर्च** aff. **चर्च** दुषयति ।  
**चर्च** n. (**चर्च**) 1. Skin, hide, bark, &c. 2. A shield. 3. A student's hide, usually that of an antelope. **चर्च** to go, to obstruct, Unadi affix **चर्च** ।  
**चर्चनासिका** f. (**चर्च**) A whip. **चर्च**, and **नासिका** the nose or end.  
**चर्चपटिका** f. (**चर्च**) A piece or strap of leather, for playing upon with dice, a leather backgammon board, &c. **चर्च**, and **पटिका** a fillet.  
**चर्चपटा** f. (**चर्च**) A bat, the small house-bat. **चर्च** leather, and **पटा** a wing, the fem. form implies diminutiveness. **चर्च** इव **चर्च** **चर्च** । (**चर्चचिका**) ।  
**चर्चपादुका** f. (**चर्च**) A leather shoe. **चर्च** and **पादुका** a slipper. **चर्च** **चर्च** पादुका ।

**चर्चपटिका** f. (**चर्च**) A shoe-maker's awl. **चर्च** leather, **चर्च** to pierce, with **चर्च** prefixed, **चर्च** affixed. **चर्च** प्रभिनति **चर्च** + **चर्च** **चर्च** **चर्च** **चर्च** ।  
**चर्चपटिका** mf. (**चर्चः-चर्च**) A bellows. **चर्च** leather, **चर्च** to sew, **चर्च** prefix, and **चर्च** affix ; what is sewn or made of leather.  
**चर्चपट** m. (**चर्च**) A leather band or strap. **चर्च** and **चर्च** band.  
**चर्चपट** mfn. (**चर्चः-चर्च**) Leather, made of leather. **चर्च** and **चर्च** affix.  
**चर्चपटिका** f. (**चर्च**) A form of the goddess Durga. **चर्च** a shield, and **चर्च**, a bald head whose head is round like a shield.  
**चर्चपटिका** f. (**चर्च**) A whip. **चर्च**, and **पटिका** a stick.  
**चर्च** m. (**चर्च**) A shoe-maker, a worker in leather. **चर्च** leather, and **चर्च** to make a noise, affix **चर्च**.  
**चर्चपटिका** f. (**चर्च**) Cardamoms : see **चर्च**. **चर्च** skin, and **चर्च** produced.  
**चर्चसार** m. (**चर्च**) Lymph, serum. **चर्च** and **सार** essence.  
**चर्चसादित** mfn. (**चर्चः-चर्च**) Covered with skin. **चर्च** and **चर्च** सादित covered.  
**चर्चचर्चन** n. (**चर्च**) Working in leather or skins. **चर्च** and **चर्च** cutting off.  
**चर्चचर्चन** m. (**चर्च**) A worker in leather or skins, a man of the lowest caste. **चर्च** and **चर्च** who cuts off. **चर्च** **चर्च** **चर्च** **चर्च** ।  
**चर्चचर्च** mfn. (**चर्चः-चर्च**) 1. Covered with skin. 2. Tied with leather, &c. **चर्च** and **चर्च** bound.  
**चर्चचर्च** mfn. (**चर्चः-चर्च**) Covered with skin or leather. **चर्च** and **चर्च** covered.  
**चर्चचर्च** n. (**चर्च**) Lymph, serum. **चर्च** and **चर्च** water.  
**चर्च** m. (**चर्च**) A worker in leather. **चर्च** and **चर्च** to go, with **चर्च** aff.  
**चर्च** mfn. (**चर्चः-चर्च**) 1. Having a hide or skin. 2. Leather, made of leather, &c. m. (**चर्च**) 1. A soldier armed with a shield, a shield bearer. 2. A tree of which the bark is used for writing upon, &c. See **चर्च** a sort of birch. 3. One of Sivas door-keeper : see **चर्च** ।  
**चर्च** 4. A plantain. **चर्च** skin, a shield, and, **चर्च** aff.  
**चर्च** mfn. (**चर्चः-चर्च**) To be gone, (in or by) nf. (**चर्च**) 1. Perseverance in religious austerities. 2. Due and regular observance of all rites or custom. 3. Following the rules of studentship. 4. Going. 5. Eating. 6. Practice usage. 7. Behaviour. **चर्च** to go, and **चर्च** or **चर्च** aff.  
**चर्च** r. 1st and 10th cls. (**चर्चति चर्चयति**) To eat, to chew, to masticate. **भा-पर-सक-सेट** । **चर्च** **चर्च** ।  
**चर्च** n. (**चर्च**) Chewing, masticating. **चर्च** to chew, and **चर्च** **चर्च** aff.  
**चर्च** m. (**चर्च**) Striking with the flat of the hand. **चर्च** to go, affix **चर्च**.  
**चर्च** mfn. (**चर्चः-चर्च**) 1. Eaten. 2. Chewed. **चर्च** to eat, and **चर्च** aff.  
**चर्चपट** n. (**चर्च**) A spitting pot. **चर्च** chewed, (pan or tobacco,) **चर्च** a vessel ; also **चर्चपट** (पिकदाजी) ।  
**चर्च** mfn. (**चर्चः-चर्च**) To be chewed. n. (**चर्च**) Solid food, requiring mastication. **चर्च** to chew, **चर्च** **चर्च** affix ; also **चर्च** **चर्च** **चर्च** ।  
**चर्च** m. (**चर्च**) A man. **चर्च** **चर्च** **चर्च** **चर्च** । **चर्च** ।  
**चर्च** r. 1st. cl. (**चर्चति**) To tremble, to shake or totter. r. 6th cl. (**चर्चति**) To sport, to play. to frolic or wanton. r. 10th cl. (**चर्चयति**) To cherish, to foster, (**चर्चयति चर्चयते**) To shake to cause to shake. With **चर्च**, To fall as from a seat. **भा-पर-सक-सेट** । **चर्च** **चर्च** **चर्च** ।  
**चर्च** mfn. (**चर्चः-चर्च**) Trembling tremulous, unfixed or unsteady. m. (**चर्च**) Trembling, shaking. f. (**चर्च**) 1. The goddess of fortune, **चर्च**. 2. Lightning. 3. Incoherence. **चर्च** to go, affix **चर्च** fem. affix **चर्च**.  
**चर्च** m. (**चर्च**) The true distance of a planet from the earth. **चर्च** and **चर्च** hypothesis.  
**चर्च** mf. (**चर्चः**) The Greek partridge : see **चर्च** **चर्च** tremulous, and **चर्च** a beak, **चर्च** **चर्च** **चर्च** ।



चक्रिण mfn. (-च-सा-स) Fickle, inconstant. n. (-स) Fickleness, mutability. **६.** चक्र, and चिद mind.

चक्रचित्ता f. (-ता) Fickleness, unsteadiness, inconstancy. **२.** तच् added to the last; also with ल, चक्रचित्तम्.

चक्रन् mfn. (-चन्-चकी-चन्) Going, moving. **२.** चक् to go, **४** aff.

चक्रण्ड n. adv. (-ण्ड) Moving, walking. **२.** चक्रन् and ण्ड a step.

चक्रपुष्पा f. (-सा) A small fish, (Chanda, Ham) **२.** चक्रन् trembling, and पुष्पिमा full moon, being of a white glistening colour, like that of the moon. चक्रनी पुष्पिमा तदुपलक्षितः चन्द्र इव ।

चक्रदण्ड m. (-दण्ड) A fish, a sort of gilt-head. **२.** चक्रन् trembling, and चक्र body; also with कन् added चक्रदण्डक.

चक्रदल m. (-ल) The holy fig tree. **२.** चक्र shaking, and दल a leaf. चक्रानि दलानि चक्र । चक्रदल-वृक्ष ।

चक्रपिप m. (-पि) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo.

चक्रन mfn. (-न-ना-नी-न) 1. Who or what goes or moves. 2. Trembling, tremulous, shaking. m. (-न) 1. A foot. 2. A deer, an antelope. f. (-नी) 1. A short petticoat worn by common women. 2. The tye of an elephant. n. (-न) 1. Wandering, roaming. 2. Trembling, shaking. 3. Going. **२.** चक् to go, affix प्राप्ते or करणे कृट् or युच् or कर्त्तरि क्यु ।

चक्रनख n. (-नख) A short petticoat worn by women of some rank. **२.** चक्रन and कन् added. संज्ञायाम् कन् । चक्रनखः ।

चक्रमान mfn. (-म-मा-मं) Going, moving, proceeding. **२.** चक् to go प्राप्ताच् aff.

चक्रम् n. (-म्) Wood sorrel; see चक्र **२.** चक् to go. चक्रम् Unadi aff.

चक्रमक्षि m. (-मक्षि) Moveable articulation of the bones, Diarthrosis. **२.** चक्र and मक्षि a joint.

चक्राचल mfn. (-ल-खाल) 1. Tremulous, unsteady, unfixed. 2. Moveable and stationary. m. (-ल) A cow. **२.** चक् to go. affix यच् deriv. reiterated, and the first final vowel made long, or चल and चचल immoveable.

चक्रिण m. (-क्रि) A cover, a wrapper, a surcoat; see निचोद.

चक्रित mfn. (-त-त-त) 1. Shaking, trembling. 2. Gone, departed. 3. Went, proceeded. **२.** चक् to go, affix ऋ.

चक्रम् m. (-म्) A handful of water, water taken up in the hollowed palm of the hand for rinsing the mouth, &c. **२.** चक् to go, affix डन्, नकृ, षे ।

चक्रम् m. (-म्) 1. The hand hollowed as for holding a little water, &c. 2. A small pot, a gullipot, &c. n. (-म्) A handful of water; see चक्र **२.** चक् to go कन् affix; see चक्रक । चक्रमा मोक्षते कन् । प्रक्षती, भास्वमेदं च ।

चक्रिण्य mfn. (-य-या-य) Sensitive, sensual, not having subdued senses or passions. **२.** चक् and इन्द्रिय organ of sense.

चक्रिण (चक्रिण) The pepper plant or a kind of it. **२.** चक् to eat इम् affix; also sometimes कृष्, deriv. irr. also चक् and चक्रिका.

चक्रिक mfn. (-क-का or की) A plant that yields a sort of long pepper, (Piper chavya) **२.** चक् to eat, and कन् affix, र rejected.

चक्रिण f. (-क्रिण) A variety of pepper, (Piper chavya, Rox.) f. (-क्रिण) Oris root. **२.** चक् to be eaten. कर्मिण क्यत् affix and deriv. irr.

चक्र r. 1st cl. (चक्रति) To kill or hurt, (चक्रति-ने) To eat. भ्रा-उभ-सक-सिट् ।

चक्रम् m. (-क-क) 1. A vessel for drinking spirits with, a wine glass, &c. 2. Any drinking vessel. 3. Spirituous liquor. 4. Honey. **२.** चक् to eat, करणे कृन् Unadi aff.

चक्रिण m. (-क्रि) Decay, infirmity. **२.** कृप् to plough, नि Unadi affix, and च substituted for the radical initials. चक्र-मन्त्रे इये वा भादे चक्रि ।

चक्र m. (-क्र) 1. A wooden ring on the top of a sacrificial post. 2. An iron ring at the base of the post. 3. A hive. **२.** चक् to eat, &c. चक्राच् Unadi aff.

चक्र r. 1st and 10th cls. (चक्रति, चक्रयति-ने) 1. To be wicked, to commit wickedness. 2. To cheat. 3. To be proud, &c. r. 10th cl. (चक्रयति-ने) To grind or pound. भा-पर-सक-सिट् । भ्रा-उभ-सक-सिट् ।

चक्रिक mfn. (-क्रि-की-क) 1. Circular. 2. Belonging to a wheel or discus,

3. Relating to a company or circle. m. (-क्र) 1. A chorister, a bard who chants in choros the praises of kings heroes, gods, &c. 2. An oil maker. 3. A coachman, a driver. **२.** चक्र a multitude, &c. and ठक् aff. चक्रोच समूहेन यन्मर्मद्वेन चक्रयुक्तमकटं वा चरति ।

चक्रुच mfn. (-च-ची-च) Visible, perceptible, seen. m. (-च) The sixth Manu. **२.** चक्रुच the eye, चक् aff. चक्रुचा मुखम् ।

चक्र m. (-क्र) Whiteness or beauty of the teeth. **२.** चक्र handsome, affix उ । चक्र-उ चक्रमन्त्रम् । चक्रिण्यान् दन्तपटलः च ।

चक्रिणी f. (-नी) Wood sorrel, (Oxalis monadelphus, Rox.) **२.** चक्र as above, and च् to sound or cause, affix चण and दीप्.

चक्रलि mfn. (-लि-लि-लि) Moving much or repeatedly. **२.** चक् to go, intents from, नि aff.

चक्रल n. (-ल) 1. Tremulousness, unsteadiness. 2. Transitoriness. **२.** चक्रल, and लक् aff.

चक्र m. (-क्र) A cheat, a rogue, a speculator, one who makes away with money &c. entrusted to him. **२.** चक् to inquire, affix चक् ।

चक्रोद m. (-द) A young sparrow. **२.** चक्रक a sparrow, and उदक् aff.

चक्रुण् m. (-ट्-टु) 1. Pleading or grateful discourse. 2. Distinct speech. 3. Flattery. **२.** चक्रु to break, (anger) Unadi affix लृच्; also चक्रु ।

चक्रुकार mfn. (-र-री-र) Speaking agreeably or kindly. m. (-र) A flatterer. **२.** चक्रु and चक्रुकार who makes. चक्रु करोति ।

चक्रुपट m. (-ट) A jester, a buffoon. **२.** चक्रु agreeable speech, and चट, clever; also चक्रुपट्, मञ्च । (भाष) ।

चक्रुलीन mfn. (-ल-ला-ल) Elegantly tremulous. **२.** चक्रु for चट्, beautiful, and लीन trembling.

चक्रुट् m. (-ट) A jester. **२.** चक्रु wit and चट् who utters; see चक्रुपट्.

चक्रुत n. (-त) Repeated coaxing, a hundred intreaties. **२.** चक्रु, and तन a hundred.

चक्रुति f. (-क्रि) 1. Service. 2. Agreeable language. 3. Flattery. **२.** चक्रु agreeable speech, and उक्ति saying.

चक्रुकीन mfn. (-न-ना-न) Fit for or sown with the chickpea, (a field, &c.) **२.** चक्रु chickpea, and खल् aff. चक्रुकस्य भवनं चक्रुम् ।

चक्रुका m. (-क्र) 1. A name of the sage Vatsavyana. 2. Name of a Brahmap, the reputed author of a work on polity, and minister of Chandragupta. n. (-क्र) The work of Chanakya, detached stanzas original or compiled, on morals and polity. **२.** चक्रुका saint, and यच् affix of descent. चक्रुकस्य भूमेः गोवापलम् ।

चक्रु m. (-क्र) A wrestler in the service of Kansa.

चक्रुसुद m. (-न) KRISHNA. **२.** चक्रु and सुदन् destroyer.

चक्रुल m. (-ल) A name of an impure or degraded tribe, a Chandala, a Pariah, an outcaste. f. (-नी) A woman of the same tribe. **२.** चक्रु to be angry, Unadi affix चक्रुल् and according to some चक्रु added also चक्रुल.

चक्रुलिका f. (-क) 1. A vulgar lute. 2. A name of Durga. 3. A kind of horse; see चक्रुलिका.

चक्रु m. (-क्र) A bird, a kind of cuckoo, (Cuculus melanoleucus.) **२.** चक्रु to beg, affix कचरि ण्यल्, begging water from the clouds, the supposed sole source of the fluid which this bird drinks.

चक्रुकादन् m. (-न) The rainy season. **२.** चक्रुका and चक्रुकादन् delighting.

चक्रु mfn. (-र-री-र) 1. Perceptible visible. 2. Speaking well or amiably. 3. Driving, one who drives, a driver, a charioteer, &c. 4. Clever, able, ingenious. 5. Relating to four. f. (-नी) Dexterity, ability, cleverness. m. (-र) A small round pillow for resting the cheek upon. n. (-र) a four-wheeled carriage, a cart holding four people. **२.** चक्रु dexterous, or चक्रु four, चक् affix; also with कन् added चक्रुक.

चक्रुका mfn. (-क्र-का-क) See the preceding.

चक्रुका n. (-क्र) The aggregate of the four orders of a Brahmana such as religious studentship, house-holder, mendicant and ascetic. **२.** चक्रु four, चक्रुका order, चक् aff.

**चातुरिक् m. (-कः)** A charioteer, a coachman. **३. चातुर** a carriage, and **उक्** aff.

**चातुर्वर्ग m. (-कः)** A quartan ague. **३. चातुर्व** चक्, affix, and **वर्ग** added.

**चातुर्मास mfn. (-सः ली-स)** Produced in four months. **३. चातुर्मास**, and **चक्** aff.

**चातुर्मास्य १. (-स्य)** A sacrifice performed every four months. **३. चातुर** and **मास** a month, **यक्** aff.

**चातुर्य n. (-यः)** Dexterity, cleverness. **३. चातुर** and **यक्** aff.

**चातुर्वर्ग mfn. (-वर्गः-वर्ग-क्)** Suited to the four tribes, belonging to them &c. **३. चातुर** and **वर्ग** a class, **यक्** aff.

**चातुर्विध n. (-धः)** Four kinds collectively. **३. चातुर्विध** and **अ** aff.

**चातुर्विध m. (-धः)** A priest, &c. versed in the four Vedas. **३. चातुर** four, **वेद** a Veda, and **यक्** affix; it is also derived from **विद्या** Knowledge, and is optionally as here given, or **चातुर्विद्य**.

**चातुर्विधिक mfn. (-कः-ली-क)** Performed by four priests, read or sacrificed by, &c. **३. चातुर** four, **होत्र** a priest, **उक्** aff.

**चात्वाह m. (-हः)** 1. A hollow made in the ground to receive, a burnt offering or sacrificial fire. 2. Any hole in the ground. **३. चात्** to ask, (to solicit the gods) and **चात्वाह** Unadi affix; also **चात्वाह** q. १.

**चात्त्विक mfn. (-कः ली-क)** Made of or derived from Sandal, perfumed with it, &c. **३. चात्त्व** and **उक्** aff.

**चाद्र mfn. (-द्रः-ली-द्र)** Lunar, relating to the moon, regulated by it, &c. **३. चाद्र** १. The Chandrakanta or moon gem. 2. A month, a lunar month. 3. The light fortnight or half month, during which the moon is on the increase. (-द्रः) The Chandrayana observance: see **चाद्रायण** f. (-ली) Moonlight. **३. चाद्र** the moon, and **चक्** affix of relation. **चन्द्र** इदम् ।

**चाद्रक n. (-कः)** Dried ginger. **३. चाद्र** added the last. **चन्द्रकान्त** ।

**चाद्रमाग f. (-गः)** A river, the Chinab: see **चाद्रमाग**; also **चाद्रभागी**.

**चाद्रमस mfn. (-सः-ली-स)** Lunar, relating or belonging to the moon, &c. **३. चाद्रमस** १. The constellation Mrigasira: stars in Orion. **३. चाद्रमस** the moon, and **चक्** affix; the moon being its ruling deity.

**चाद्रमसाग्र m. (-गः)** A name of Budha, regent of mercury, and son of CHANDRA or the moon. **३. चाद्रमस** the moon, **कङ्** affix: or with **किञ्** affix **चाद्रमसाग्र**.

**चाद्रमास m. (-सः)** A lunar month, from new moon to new moon, when it is called **Mukhya**, and from full moon to full moon it is termed **Gouna**. **३. चाद्र** lunar, **मास** month.

**चाद्रायण m. (-यः)** A religious or expiatory observance regulated by the moon's age; diminishing the daily consumption of food every day, by one mouthful, for the dark half of the month beginning with fifteen at the full moon, until it is reduced to one at the new moon, and then increasing it in like manner during the fortnight of the moon's increase: there are other forms of this penance. **३. चाद्र** the moon, and **चाय** चक्, aff. **चन्द्र** चयनसिच चयनसच :

**चाद्रायणव्रत n. (-व्रतः)** The penance called Chandrayana. **३. चाद्रायण** as before, and **व्रत** observance.

**चाद्रायणविधान n. (-नः)** The penance called Chandrayana. **३. चाद्रायण** as before, and **विधान** rite.

**चाप m. (-पः)** 1. A bow. 2. (In Geometry.) An arc or portion of a circle. 3. Sagittarius, the ninth sign of the Zodiac. **३. चाप** to cast, (arrow); **अक्षि** चक्.

**चापट m. (-टः)** A tree, (Buchanania latifolia, Rox.) See **विद्याल**, **३. चाप** a bow, and **ट** what goes.

**चापल n. (-लः)** 1. Unsteadiness, (literally or metaphorically.) 2. Transitoriness. **३. चापल** trembling, **चक्** affix; also with **वक्** affix **चापल** m. (-लः).

**चापल्य n. (-लः)** Unsteadiness: transitoriness, **३. चापल** and **चापल** sup-

**चापल n. (-लः)** Unsteadiness: see **चापल**.

**चापल f. (-लः)** A small circular pillow.

**चापल m. (-लः-ली)** A Chowri, the bushy tail of the *Bos grunniens*, used to whisk off flies, also as an emblem or insignia of princely rank. **३. चापल** the Yak or *Bos grunniens*, and **चक्** aff.

**चापलपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः)** 1. The betel-nut tree, (*Areca faufel* or *catechu*). 2. A kind of grass, (*Saccharum cylindricum*). 3. The mango tree. 4. A flower, (*Pandanus odoratissimus*). 5. Ketaka plant. **३. चापल** a Chowri, and **पुष्प** a flower; whose flowers grow in clusters like the Indian chowri.

**चापलपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः)** A kind of grass: see **चापल**. **३. चापल** added to the preceding

**चापल m. (-ली)** A horse. **३. चापल** a Chowri, and **इति** affix. Either alluding to his bushy tail, or the custom of whisking off flies, &c. from the animal.

**चापलक n. (-कः)** 1. Gold. 2. The Dhutura plant, Gold. **३. चापलक** said to mean a kind of mine, and **चक्** affix implying production.

**चापल f. (-लः)** 1. A terrific form of Durga. 2. One of the Matrikas. **३. चापल** the moon, and **पुष्प** the head, having a head like the moon; or **चापल** for **चापल** the name of a demon, and **पुष्प** the skull; having seized the decapitated head of the demon; in either case the deriv. is irregular: see **चमपुष्प** &c.

**चापल f. (-लः)** The champa river. (Probably the modern Chambal).

**चापल m. (-पः-यः)** 1. The Champaca, (*Michelia champaca*). 2. A plant commonly Nageshwar, or Naga kesars (*Mesua ferrea*). 3. The filament of flower. 4. gold. 5. Dhutura plant. **३. चापल** the district, and **उक्** aff.

**चापल n. (-लः)** Food, &c. **३. चापल** to eat, **यक्** aff.

**चाप (च)** चापल. 1st cl. (चापल-ते) 1. To worship; to revere. 2. To discern, to perceive. **चापल-उभ-वेट्** ।

**चार m. (-रः)** 1. Going in motion. 2. A spy, a secret agent or emissary. 3. Binding, a binding, a fetter, &c. 4. A prison, a house of confinement. 5. A kind of tree, the Piyal, (*Buchanania latifolia*, Rox.) see **विद्याल** 6. Wandering about, travelling. **३. चार** A factitious poison. **३. चार** going, &c. affix **चक्**.

**चारक m. (-कः)** 1. A groom, a horseman, a cavalier. 2. A binding, a fetter. 3. An associate, a companion. 4. A spy. 5. A herdsman. **३. चार** to go, in the causal form, and **चिक्**-**लुट्** aff.

**चारकाह n. (-हः)** Ascensional difference, (in Astronomy.) **३. चार**, and **काह** part.

**चारचक्षु n. (-क्षुः)** Espionage. **३. चार** One (a king, &c.) who employs spies. **३. चार** and **चक्षु** eye. **चारचक्षु** । **उपे** ।

**चारचक्षु mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षु-क्षु)** Graceful in gait or motion. **३. चार** and **चक्षु** aff.

**चारचक्षु mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षु-क्षु)** Remarkable, in walking, of graceful carriage. **३. चार** and **चक्षु** aff.

**चारकाह f. (-हः)** The sine of the ascensional difference. (In astronomy) **३. चार**, and **काह** sine.

**चारटी f. (-टी)** A plant: see **पञ्चवारिणी**. **३. चार** in the causal, what makes go or disperses, (disease,) **चट्** aff.

**चारक m. (-कः)** 1. A dancer, a mime. 2. An actor of note. 3. A reader of scripture. 4. A panegyrist of the gods. 5. A bard, a herald. 6. A celestial singer. 7. A spy. 8. A pilgrim. **३. चार** in the causal, to cause to go, to diffuse, (fame, &c.) and **चिक्**-**लुट्** aff.

**चारचक्षु f. plur. (-क्षुः)** Female dancers, actresses, &c. **३. चार** and **क्षु** wives.

**चारपथ m. (-पथः)** A meeting of two roads. **३. चार** a passenger, and **पथ** a road & affix, which leaves final **चक्** समासान्तः ।

**चारमट m. (-टः)** A hero, a chief or a warrior. **३. चार** diffusion, (of praise, &c.) and **मट** who desires.

**चारयित्वा ind. १.** Having enjoined or prescribed, having caused to



चिकुरा (च) Abundance of hair. ३. चिकुरा, and affix in this form. चिकुरा, also with other affixes, चिकुरा, चिकुरा, etc.

चिकुरा (च) Hair. ३. See चिकुरा; the radical vowel long.

चिकुरा 10th cl. (चिकुरा-ते) To give pain, etc. affix चिकुरा-ते.

चिकुरा mfn. (च-की-न) Flat-nosed, rat. (च) A tank rat. f. (च) A mouse.

३. चिकुरा imitative sound, and क who utters, from क with च affix; or चिकुरा to give pain, and क affix; or in the last sense, चि preposition changed, to चिकुरा and क added चिकुरा रति चिकुरा न चिकुरा कायति के क.

चिकुरा mfn. (च-चा-ची-च) 1. Unctuous, greasy. 2. Bland, emollient. 3. Smooth, glossy. 4. Slippery. m. (च) The betel-nut tree. nf. (च-चा or -ची) 1. The betel nut. 2. A good cow. ३. चिकुरा to think of, Unadi affix चिकुरा, the final of the radical changed to क or चिकुरा-किप्, चिकुरा ते कचति चिकुरा + चिकुरा चिकुरा.

चिकुरा f. (च) Smoothness, greasiness, oiliness. ३. चिकुरा added to the last; also with च. चिकुराचिकुरा.

चिकुरा m. (च) Barley meal. ३. चिकुरा to give pain, चिकुरा aff. चिकुरा.

चिकुरा mfn. (च-चा-च) 1. Unctuous, greasy. 2. Bland, emollient. 3. Glossy, shining, smooth. 4. Slippery. f. (च) An excellent cow: see चिकुरा.

चिकुरा f. (च) Wish to go or to approach. ३. चिकुरा to go, desiderative form, चिकुरा and चिकुरा aff.

चिकुरा n. (च) Moisture, freshness. ३. चिकुरा to be wet, चिकुरा लक् चिकुरा affix, root redup. चिकुराचिकुराचिकुरा.

चिकुरा inf. (च-टी) A shrimp or prawn. ३. चिकुरा handsome, and चिकुरा what goes, the radical vowel changed; also चिकुरा.

चिकुरा m. (च) A sort of gourd, commonly Chichinda, (Trichosanthes anguina) चिकुरा इच्छन् चिकुरा च.

चिकुरा mfn. (च-व-वी-व) Wishing to gather or collect. ३. चिकुरा to collect desiderative form, चिकुरा aff.

चिकुरा f. (च) 1. The tamarind tree or its fruit. 2. The gunja plant. ३. चिकुरा to eat, affix चिकुरा and the radical vowel changed, चिकुरा then, चिकुरा to go, with च affix, and the fem. form what becomes edible. चिकुरा इति चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा.

चिकुरा m. (च) A sort of grass, commonly Chenchra. चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा.

चिकुरा m. (च) An acid potherb, (Rumex vesicatorius.) ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा sour, चिकुरा इव चिकुरा चिकुरा (चामचम्).

चिकुरा m. (च) A sort of potherb, (Rumex vesicatorius.) ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा essence, चिकुरा इव चिकुरा चिकुरा (चामचम्).

चिकुरा r. 1st and 10th cls. (चिकुरा चिकुरा-ते) 1. To be another's messenger or servant. 2. To order as a servant चिकुरा-पर चिकुरा-उभ वा चिकुरा.

चिकुरा (च) चिकुरा r. 1st cl. (चिकुरा) चिकुरा r. 10th cl. (चिकुरा-ते) also (च) चिकुरा r. 10th cl. (चिकुरा-ते) To think or reflect on, to be sensible or rational, to weigh, to remember, to consider, etc. चिकुरा-पर-चिकुरा चिकुरा. चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा.

चिकुरा f. (चिकुरा) Intellect, understanding. ind. A particle and affix to words giving them an indefinite signification, as चिकुरा some one, चिकुरा of some one, etc. see चिकुरा. ३. चिकुरा to remember, affix चिकुरा चिकुरा.

चिकुरा mfn. (च-ता-त) 1. Covered, veiled, concealed. 2. Collected, accumulated. 3. Piled, heaped. f. (ता) 1. A funeral pile. 2. A heap, an assemblage. ३. चिकुरा to collect, etc. affix चिकुरा त; also चिकुरा and चिकुरा.

चिकुरा m. (चिकुरा) The funeral fire. ३. चिकुरा the pile, and चिकुरा fire.

चिकुरा m. (च) A mark where funeral pile has been, a mausoleum, a monument, etc. ३. चिकुरा a pile, and चिकुरा a crest.

चिकुरा f. (चिकुरा) Collecting, gathering. (चिकुरा-ते) 1. funeral pile. 2. A heap, a quantity. 3. A pile, a stack. 4. An oblong with quadrangular sides. ३. चिकुरा to collect, affix चिकुरा त and optionally चिकुरा is added.

चिकुरा f. (च) 1. A funeral pile. 2. A small chain worn as an

ornament round the loins. ३. चिकुरा the funeral pile, and चिकुरा form. चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा.

चिकुरा m. (च) A cry, a scream. ३. चिकुरा the funeral pile, and चिकुरा making. चिकुरा + चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा.

चिकुरा m. (च) A cry, a scream. ३. चिकुरा the funeral pile, and चिकुरा चिकुरा. The mind or faculty of reasoning, the heart considered as the seat of intellect. ३. चिकुरा to consider, and चिकुरा aff.

चिकुरा mfn. (च-ता-त) 1. Anticipated, expected, calculated. 2. Known ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा computed.

चिकुरा m. (च) Love, ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा birth.

चिकुरा f. (चिकुरा) Contentment, happiness. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा repose

चिकुरा mfn. (च-ता-त) Tranquil, content. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा calmness.

चिकुरा f. (च) Happiness, gaiety, joy. ३. चिकुरा the heart, चिकुरा happiness.

चिकुरा m. (च-ता-त) Passion, desire. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा passion.

चिकुरा mfn. (च-ता-त) Kind-hearted, amiable. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा aff.

चिकुरा m. (च-ता-त) Change of thoughts or feelings. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा alteration.

चिकुरा mfn. (च-ता-त) Changing a person's character or feeling. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा causing change.

चिकुरा m. (च) Madness, insanity. ३. चिकुरा the mind, and चिकुरा affliction. चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा.

चिकुरा m. (च) Madness, derangement. ३. चिकुरा as above, and चिकुरा wandering. चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा चिकुरा.

चिकुरा f. (चिकुरा) Inward purpose, feeling, emotion. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा being.

चिकुरा f. (च) Anxiety, affliction. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा pain.

चिकुरा mfn. (च-ता-त) Felt, perceived, being in the thoughts. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा being.

चिकुरा m. (च) Love. ३. चिकुरा, and चिकुरा born.

चिकुरा m. (च) Inconsistency, contrariety of purpose or will. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा difference.

चिकुरा mfn. (च-ता-त) Pervading the heart, penetrating, knowing the thoughts. ३. चिकुरा, and चिकुरा what enumerates.

चिकुरा f. (चिकुरा) Pride, arrogance, hauteur, haughtiness. ३. चिकुरा the mind, चिकुरा elevation.

चिकुरा f. (चिकुरा) A multitude of thoughts, minds or emotions. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा assemblage.

चिकुरा mfn. (चिकुरा) Winning, fascinating. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा who takes.

चिकुरा mfn. (च-ता-त) Beautiful, agreeable, fascinating. ३. चिकुरा, चिकुरा what seizes.

चिकुरा mfn. (च-ता-त) Captivating, attractive. ३. चिकुरा, and चिकुरा what takes away.

चिकुरा m. (च) Consciousness of pleasure or pain, the attention of the mind to its own sensations. ३. चिकुरा the mind, and चिकुरा enjoyment.

चिकुरा m. (च) Love, attachment, affection. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा devotion.

चिकुरा n. (च) Harmony, agreement, unanimity. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा identity.

चिकुरा f. (चिकुरा) Pride, etc. see चिकुरा चिकुरा. ३. चिकुरा and चिकुरा elevation.

चिकुरा n. (च) A monument, or any mark of the site of a funeral pile, ३. चिकुरा a pile, and चिकुरा affix. f. (च) A funeral pile. m. (च) Fire. ३. चिकुरा to collect, चिकुरा affix, and deriv. irr.

चिकुरा m. (च) Burning with a husband's corpse. ३. चिकुरा, and चिकुरा ascending.

चिकुरा n. (च) Ascending the funeral pile, ३. चिकुरा, and चिकुरा mounting; also चिकुरा.

चिकुरा r. 10th cl. (चिकुरा-ते) 1. To paint, to delineate, to colour with various colours, etc. 2. To wonder. 3. To cause or be wonderful. 4. To see a rare or wonderful sight. चिकुरा चिकुरा.

पत्रद्वयम् :- (1) The cotton plant, a. विम, and दण्ड stem. विमः दण्डः  
साधनी यम (विम) दण्डः ।

सप्तर्षिः m. plu. (-विनः) The seven sages or Rishis, but especially as represented in the seven principal stars of the great bear; these sages are MARICHI, ATRI, ANURAS, PULAH, PULASTYA, KRATU and VASISHTA. स. विन surprising, विश्वः a crest, and रवि affix sing. nom. case, विश्वविन (-वी) विनः विश्वः बलि यज.

चित्रविशेषस्तु ॥ (न) VYTHASPATHI. E. चित्रविशेष, and प्रदुत born :  
 also चित्रविशेष (there are other similar compounds).

चित्रवती f. (-वा) (Great Beauty), or the loveliness of variegated colours. E.  
 चित्र, and वती beauty.

चित्राक्ष mfn. (-स्य-मा-श्च) Pictured, painted. E. चित्र, and अक्ष fixed.  
 चित्राक्ष n. (-स्य) A large speckled snake. E. चित्र, and सर्प a snake.

चित्रसेन m. (-न) One of the judges or recorders of hell. E. चित्र, सेना an  
 army. वृत्तवाङ्मयभेदे, गन्धर्वभेदे च ।

चित्राक्षी f. (-क्षी) The Maina, (Turdus salica.) E. चित्र variegated, चक्ष an  
 eye, fem. affix क्षी, implying diminution.

चित्राङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्ग-की-ङ्) Painted, spotted, striped, (the body.) m. (-ङ्ग) 1.  
 A kind of snake. 2. A plant, (Plumbago zeylanica.) n. (-ङ्ग) 1.  
 Yellow orpiment. 2. Vermilion. f. (-ङ्ग) 1. Madar. 2. A worm,  
 (Julus cornifex.) E. चित्र spotted or painted, &c. चङ्ग the body.  
 वृत्तवाङ्मयभेदे च ।

चित्राक्षर m. (-क्षर) 1. A Prince, a brother of Bichitrabirya father of  
 DHITARASHTRA and PANDU, and son of SANTANU. 2. A judge  
 and recorder in hell. E. चित्र चक्ष body, and र who gives. ग्रन्थकोः  
 सत्यवत्या जाते पुत्रभेदे ।

चित्राक्षर f. (-क्षर) The mother of VYASA. E. चित्राक्षर the name of a prince.  
 uterine brother of VYASA, and र mother. सत्यवत्याम् ।

चित्राक्षी m. (-क्षी) 1. The moon. 2. The forehead, spotted with the blood  
 of a goat, slain in the worship of the demon GHANTAKARNA. E.  
 चित्र spotted, &c. and चट् to go or be, and ईरच् aff. चित्रा नक्षत्रं चटति  
 चित्रं वा चटति । चट्-वा-ईरच् ।

चित्राक्ष n. (-क्ष) Rice dressed with coloured condiments. E. चित्र and चक्ष  
 food. चित्राक्षनेः दध्यादनं हनिष्यते सति चित्राक्षमेव च ।

चित्रापूप m. (-पूप) A cake. E. चित्र speckled and पूप a cake, a plum-cake.  
 मिश्रकर्मधारयः । पिष्टकभेदे ।

चित्राक्ष m. (-क्ष) Steel, E. चित्र, and अक्ष iron. कर्म. चक्ष रसा । तीक्ष्णलोहे ।  
 (इत्यात्) ।

चित्राक्ष m. (-क्ष) The month Chaitra or Cheyt, (March-April.) E. चित्र  
 the star, and टन् affix ; also चैत्रिक.

चित्रित mfn. (-तः ता-त) 1. Painted. 2. Spotted, striped. 3. Variegated. E.  
 चित्र to paint, त् aff.

चित्रित mfn. (-तः चित्रो-चि) 1. Variegated. 2. Wonderful. f. (-चि) One of  
 the four kinds in which women are classed. E. चित्र, and चि aff. or  
 चित्र-चिनि वा ।

चित्रियमाक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-मा-श्च) Astonishing, surprising, causing wonder or  
 astonishment. E. चित्र with माक्ष, or used as a verb, माक्षच् aff.

चित्रेय m. (-यः) The moon. E. चित्र the star, and ईश्वर lord.

चित्रेक्षि f. (-क्षि) 1. A voice from heaven, that of an invisible speaker.  
 2. A marvellous tale. 3. Agreeable or eloquent discourse. E. चि  
 miraculous, and क्षि saying.

चित्रेक्ष n. (-क्ष) Boiled rice coloured with turmeric, &c. E. चित्र variegated,  
 and चोदन boiled rice.

चित्राक्ष m. (-क्षा) The intellectual soul, spirit. E. चित्र, and आक्ष  
 soul.

चित्रम mfn. (-यः-वा-य) 1. Amiable, good-hearted. 2. Wise, intelligent, of  
 liberal or expansive mind. n. (-य) The Supreme Being, as indenti-  
 fiable with intellect or understanding. E. चित्र mind, and य form.  
 चित्रं रूपमस्य । आत्मस्य चित्रमिति ब्रह्मवाची च ।

चित्रायत् mfn. (-यत्-यत्-यत्) Reflecting, considering. E. चि to think,  
 and यत् aff.

चित्रायित mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be considered or thought. 2. To be compre-  
 hended. 3. To be meditated on. E. चि to reflect, योयच् aff.

चित्रायित mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be considered, to be reflected on. E. चि  
 to think, (10th cl.) तय aff.

चित्रायित mfn. (-यः-या-य) Having thought or considered, E. चि to think, (10th cl.)  
 तय aff.

चित्राक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-मा-श्च) Pictured, painted. E. चित्र, and अक्ष fixed.  
 चित्राक्ष n. (-स्य) A large speckled snake. E. चित्र, and सर्प a snake.

चित्राक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-मा-श्च) Pictured, painted. E. चित्र, and अक्ष fixed.  
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चित्राक्ष mfn. (-क्ष-मा-श्च) Pictured, painted. E. चित्र, and अक्ष fixed.  
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 चित्राक्ष n. (-स्य) A large speckled snake. E. चित्र, and सर्प a snake.

निषेध (a) Blockade, (b) विर and (c) विर obstruction.

effect processing.



चिह्नित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Marked, spotted, stained, stamped. 2. Designated. 3. Known. ४ चिह्न to mark, and कर्त्तृच् aff.

चीक r. 1st and 10th cls. (चीकति चीकयति-ते) 1. To be patient, to suffer or endure. 2. To be impatient. 3. To touch. ४. सर्वस्व वा च-उ पक्षे व्यापक-सेट्.

चीन m. (-नः) 1. A kind of deer. 2. A sort of panic, (Panicum mihacens) 3. A country, China. 4. A sort of cloth. 5. A thread.

चीन (न) 1. A banner, (perhaps made of deer skin.) 2. Lead. ३. चि to collect, क् affix, and the deriv. irr. पूर्वी दीर्घः ।

चीनक m. (-कः) A sort of panic, (P. mliaceum.) ३. कन् added to the preceding.

चीनकम् m. (-रः) Camphor. ३. चीन, and कम् the same; the best is from China.

चीनक m. (-कः) Steel. ३. चीन, and क produced. चीने जायते कः ।

चीनपिष्ट m. (-टः) 1. Minium or red-lead. ३ चीन China, and पिष्ट cake; brought in lumps from the hills on the north-west of Bengal, and between it and China. चीनक सीसकस्य पिष्टं शुणं (चीनिर सिन्दुरः) ।

चीनपत्र n. (-त्रः) Lead, or more probably tutenague. ३. चीन and पत्र zinc. सीसके ।

चीनपत्रक n. (-कः) China cloth, silk. ३. चीन, and पत्रक cloth. [सक-सेट्, पुः ।

चीन् (क) चीन् r. 1st 10 cl. (चीनति-ते) (चीनयति-ते) To take; see चीन् भू-उभ-बोभ (क) चीन् r. 1st cl. (चीनते) To coax, to commend, to flatter. 2. To appropriate praise to boast, &c. some authorities substitute चीन् for this root. स्वा-आ सक-सेट् ।

चीय (क) चीय r. 1st cl. (चीयति-ते) 1. To take to receive. 2. To wear.

चीर n. (-रः) 1. Cloth, clothes. 2. A rag, old and torn cloth. 3. Bark, rind. 4. A crest. 5. A kind of garland. 6. Lead. 7. A line, a stroke. 8. Writing. 9. The dress of a Bouddha priest. f. (-री) 1. A oricket. 2. The ends or hem of a garment. ३. चि to collect, Unadi affix कन् दीर्घश्च deriv. irr.

चीरवास mfn. (-ता-ता-तः) Clothed in tatters. ३. चीर and वासच् वचने

चीरि (रि) An eye cloth, a veil covering the eyes. ३. चि to hurt, and क् affix; the radical vowel lengthened, चि-वा जि दीर्घश्च ।

चीरिका f. (-का) A cricket. ३. कन् added to चीरी.

चीर्य mfn. (-यः-या-यि) 1. Conversant, learned. 2. Split, divided.

चीर्यपर्ण m. (-र्णः) 1. The Nimb; see निम्ब 2. The date tree, (Elate sylvestris.) ३. चीर्य divided, and पर्ण a leaf.

चीरिका f. (-का) A cricket. ३. चीरी imitative cry, and क who utters; also चिक्का and किक्का.

चीर r. 10th cl. (चीरयति-ते) 1. To slane. 2. To speak. (क) चीर r. 1st cl. (चीरयति-ते) 1. To take. 2. To wear. च उभ सक-सेट् पक्षे आदि ।

चीवर n. (-रः) The tattered dress of a Band'ha mendicant, or of any mendicant. ३. चि to collect, &c. and वरच् Unadi aff. चीर चच् वा ।

चीवरिन् m. (-री) A Band'ha or Jaina mendicant. ३. चीवर a beggar's dress, and इनि aff. चीवरमणि पत्य ।

चक्र r. 10th cl. (चक्रयति-ते) To inflict or suffer pain. ३. च-उभ सक-सेट् ।

चक्र m. (-रः) The roaring of a lion. ३. चक्र pain, derived from चक्र with भावे चच् affix, च्च in the causal, to occasion, affix चच्; or चक्र पीडन-माराति सम्भक् ददाति वा + रा-च् ।

चक्र m. (-कः) 1. Sorrel. 2. Sourness. n. (-कः) 1. Acid seasoning. 2. Vinegar made by the acetous fermentation of grain. f. (-का or -की) 1. Indian sorrel, (Rumex vesicarius.) 2. Hogplum. 3. The tamarind ३. च्च to satisfy, Unadi affix च्च, and the radical vowel changed to उ, also with कन् चक्रक.

चक्रिका f. (-का) Indian sorrel, (Rumex vesicarius) ३. कन् added to the preceding.

चुचि m. (-चि) The female breast or bosom.

चुचक m. (-कः-के) A nipple. ३. चुच् to suck, and क affix, deriv. irr. or चुच् imitative sound, (such as a child makes in sucking,) and क

what sounds; also चुच्च and चुचक; चुच् इति च्चकत्तवच् चायति च्चकत्तवच् के-के ।

चुच m. (-चु) A potherb, (Marsilea dentata, Rox.) [आ-पर-उभः ।

चुच (रि) चुची r. 1st cl. (चुचति) 1. To distil, to drop. 2. To bathe.

चुच m. (-चुः) 1. The musk rat or shrew. 2. A mixed caste, born of a

Brahman father by a Vaideha female.

चुचरी f. (-री) A game, a kind of hazard played with tamarind seeds in place of dice. ३. चुच् substituted for चिच् the tamarind, and र्चिच्

रा to get or give, affixes च्च and चीच्, or with क् affix चुचुरी.

चुट r. 1st cl. (चोटति) and 10th cl. (चोटयति-ते) To wane, to become small, low or shallow. r. 6th and 10th cls. (चुटति चोटयति-ते) To cut, to

pierce or divide; (र) चुटि r. 1st cl. (चुटति) To become low or shallow. r. 1st and 10th cls. (चुटयति चुटयति-ते) To cut, &c.; also चुट् and चुच्.

चुट r. 10th cl. (चुटयति-ते) 1. To become small, low or shallow, as a river, &c. 2. To collect. चु-उभ-सक-सेट् ।

चुट (र) चुटि r. 1st cl. (चुटति) To become small, low or shallow. r. 10th cl. (चुटयति-ते) To cut, to pierce or divide. आ-प-सक-सेट् । पक्षे च-उ-उभ-सक-सेट् ।

चुच्छ 1. 1st cl. (चुच्छति) 1. To hint one's meaning. 2. To dally, to coquet, &c. 3. To act. आ-पर-सक-सेट् ।

चुच r. 6th cl. (चुचति) To cut, to pierce or divide. भू-पर-सक-सेट् ।

चुच्छा f. (-च्छा) A small well or reservoir near a well. ३. चुटि to be low shallow, affixes च्चक् and टाप्; also चुची, the fem. affix being

चुच्छी f. (-च्छी) A small well; see the preceding.

चुत (र) चुतिर r. 1st cl. (चुतिरि) To wet, to be wet or moist. भू-प-उभ-चुत m. (-तः) The anus. ३. चुत् to be moist, affix क्; also चुत् and चुति-

चुति f. (-ति) The anus. ३. चुत् to be wet, च्चिन् affix; also चुत्ति.

चुद r. 10th cl. (चोदयति-ते) 1. To send, to direct, to throw or cast. 2. To ask or interrogate. (र, र्) रर चुदि r. 1st cl. (चुदति-ते) To sharpen. चु-उभ-सक-सेट् । पक्षे भूदि ।

चुदी f. (-द्वी) A procuress, a bawd. ३. चुद to inquire, affixes की and चीच्, and न्च् inserted. [सक-सेट् ।

चुप r. 1st cl. (चोपति) To move slowly, to creep or steal along. भू-प-चुप (र) चुपि r. 1st cl. (चुपति) or implying reciprocity, To kill

r. 10th cl. (चुपयति-ते) To kill or hurt भू-प-सक-सेट् । पक्षे च्चरादि उभ

चुपन (न) The face. ३. चुप् to kiss, र्च् Unadi aff.

चुचक m. (-कः) 1. A kiss, a lecher. 2. A rogue, a cheat. 3. To be loose stone. 4. A general scholar, one who knows parts in a variety

books. 5. The upper part or middle of a balance. ३. चुचि to kiss affix चुच्.

चुचन् mfn. (-चन् च्चनी-चन्) Kissing. ३. चुचि to kiss, च्च aff.

चुचन n. (-नः) 1. Kissing. 2. A kiss. ३. चुचि to kiss, affix भाव क्-ट्.

चुचनदान n. (-नः) Kissing. ३. चुचन, and दान giving.

चुचित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Kissed. ३. चुचि to kiss, क् aff.

चुचितवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वन्) Kissing. ३. चुचि, and च्चवन् aff.

चुर r. 10th cl. (चोरयति-ते) To steal, to rob; according to some it also r. 1st cl. (चोरति) This root gives its name to the 10th class

which is thence called चुरादि; (रि) चुरी r. 4th cl. (चुरते) To bur

चुरा f. (-रा) Theft, stealing. ३. चुर to steal, affix क्, fem affix टाप्.

चुरी f. (-री) A small well. ३. चुटि to be shallow, affixes क् and चीच्, changed to र्.

चुच r. 10th cl. (चोचयति-ते) 1. To rise, to increase. 2. To raise, to e-



वतन mfn. (-न-ना-न) Alive, living, feeling. 1. Soul, self. 2. A man. 3. A living and sentient being. 4. Understanding, intelligence, wisdom, reflection. 5. विन् to reflect, affix वत् ।

वतनावन mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Living, sentient. 2. वतना, and वतु aff.

वतन mfn. (-व-या-व) A living and sentient being. 2. विन् to think, aff.

वतनमान mfn. (-न-ना-न) Sentient, reflecting, conscious. 2. विन् to think, aff.

वतन्य mfn. (-न्य-वा-न्य) To be collected, to be gathered. 2. वि to collect, aff.

वतन् n. (-न्) Mind, intellect, the faculty of reasoning or understanding. 2. विन् to consider, Unadi affix वतन् ।

वेलीन् m. (-न्) Love. 2. वेलन्, and वू born.

वेदार m. (-र) A lizard, a chameleon.

वेदि m. (-दि) The name of a country, perhaps the modern Chandail. m. plu. (-दयः) The inhabitants of Chedi. द्विभेदे, चोडमिनीयस्य चः ।

वेदिपति m. (-ति) 1. A Vasu named UPARICHAHA. 2. A name of SISUPALA, 2. वेदि, and पति master.

वेदिराज m. (-र) A name of SISUPALA a king killed by KRISHNA. 2. वेदि the country, and राज a king; also वेदिपति, वेदिराज, &c.

वेद्य mfn. (-य-दा-य) To be gathered or collected. 2. वि to collect, कर्मणि वय् aff.

वेद्य (व) / वेद्य 1. 1st cl. (वेद्यति) 1. To shake or tremble. 2. To go or move. 2. 1st cl. (वेद्यति) 1. To shake or tremble. 2. To go or move. 2. 1st cl. (वेद्यति) 1. To shake or tremble. 2. To go or move.

वेद्य mfn. sub. (-य-दा-य) Cloth, clothes, raiment. adj. Vile, wicked. 2. विल् to wear, affix, कर्मणि वय्; also वेद्यन् and वेद्य.

वेद्यप्रदायक m. (-कः) A washer-man. 2. वेद्य, and प्रदायक who washes.

वेदाय m. (-यः) A cucumber, वेद्यन् इव वदति यत् यत् । कलावन्ने ।

वेदिवा f. (-वा) A corset, a bodice. 2. वेद्य clothes, वय् aff. पदवन्ने । (वेदिन कापड) ।

वेदीन् m. (-न्) A small kind of fish.

वेद्य 1. 1st cl. (वेद्यति) 1. To think. 2. To go; this root is not usually admitted: see वेद्य. 2. वृ-वर-सक-सेट् ।

वेदी f. (-दी) One of the Raginis or female personifications of music.

वेद्य 1. 1st cl. (वेद्यते) To act or perform functions, duties, &c., to strive, to endeavour, to be busy or follow any particular avocation. 2. वृ-वर-सक-सेट् ।

वेद्यन् mfn. (-न-ना-न) Making effort, who or what acts or attempts any act. n. (-न) Effort, exertion. 2. वेद्य, and वय् or वय् aff.

वेद्यन् mfn. (-न-ना-न) Active, moving. 2. वेद्य, to exert, वय् aff.

वेद्य f. (-द्य) Effort, exertion, bodily effort. 2. वेद्य, to act, वय्, and दाय, aff.

वेद्यनिर्णय n. (-यः) Observing a person's actions. 2. वेद्य, and निर्णय investigating.

वेद्यनाश m. (-शः) The end of the world. 2. वेद्य, and नाश destruction. वेद्यनाशः नामः च । प्रलयकाले ।

वेद्यित mfn. (-त-ना-त) 1. Exerted, done with effort. 2. Done. n. (-त) 1. Going, motion. 2. Bodily act or function. 3. Action, behaviour.

2. वेद्य, to act, affix कर्मणि वय् ।

वेद्यन् n. (-न्) 1. Soul, spirit, the deity considered as the essence of all being. 2. Sense, consciousness. m. (-न्) A modern reformer of the Vaishnava faith, considered in Bengal as an Avatara of KRISHNA. 2. वेद्यन् intellect, and वय् aff. वेद्यन्: एव-वेद्यन्ना भावः न-वय् ।

वेद्य m. (-यः) A sacred tree, a religious fig tree, &c. growing in a village or near it, and held in veneration by the villagers. n. (-यः) 1. A place of sacrifice or religious worship, an altar, a shed kept for sacrifices, &c. 2. A religious building peculiar to the Jains, a Jain temple. 3. A Jain or Baud'dha image, &c. 4. A monument a tomb-stone, a column, &c. erected in memory of some deceased

person, or on the site of a funeral pile. 5. The pile of stones forming a land-mark or boundary. 2. वि to collect, derive, &c.; or विन् to consider, affix वय्; विन्. and वय् aff. विन्ना वय् वय् ।

वेद्यन् m. (-न्) 1. The religious fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) 2. A large tree in a village. 2. वेद्य as above, and इव a tree.

वेद्यन् m. (-यः) A large tree in a village. 2. वेद्य as above, and इव a tree.

वेद्यन् m. (-यः) A student's water pot. 2. वेद्य place of sacrifice, and इव principal. वय् aff.

वेद्यन् m. (-यः) 1. The religious fig tree. 2. A large tree in a village. 2. वेद्य and इव a tree: see वेद्य.

वेद्यन् m. (-यः) 1. The month Chaitra or Cheyte, (March-April.) 2. One of the ranges of mountains dividing the continent into portion or Varshas: see वय्. 3. A Baud'dha or Jain religious mendicant.

4. The son BUDHA by CHITRA. n. (-यः) 1. A monument erected to the dead, a column or block of wood, a tree, &c. so considered. 2. A small temple. 2. विद्य the star, or विन् wonderful, &c. aff. वय्, or वि-वय् ।

वेद्यन् m. (-यः) The month Chaitra. 2. वय् added to the preceding also वेद्यन्.

वेद्यन् n. (-यः) The garden of the deity KURVA. 2. विद्यन् a Gandharva in charge of the garden; affix वय्. विद्यन्ने निहं वय् ।

वेद्यन्ली f. (-ली) The day of full moon in Chaitra. 2. वेद्य the month and चावली a line, a series.

वेद्य m. (-दि) The month Chaitra. 2. विद्य, and इव aff.

वेद्य m. (-यः) The month Chaitra. 2. विद्य the asterism, or Jain mansion for this month, and उव aff.

वेद्यन् m. (-यः) the month Chaitra. 2. विद्य, and विनि aff.

वेद्य m. (-यः) A name of SISUPALA an adversary of KRISHNA, the son of DAMAGHOSHIA, and sovereign of Chedi or Chandail. m. plu. (-यः) The inhabitants of Chedi. 2. वेद्य the country so called, and इव aff.

वेद्य mfn. (-य-दा-य) 1. Cloth, of cloth. 2. Bred in clothes, (insects, lice, &c.) 2. वेद्य cloth, कर्मणि वय् aff.

वेद्यन् m. (-यः) An eater of lice, (a goblin so designated.) 2. वेद्य an insect found in clothes, and वय् who eats.

वेद्य mfn. (-य-दा-य) 1. Sung. 2. Pure, clean. 3. Clever, dexterous. 4. Pleasing, delightful, beautiful. 5. Sharp, pungent, keen, &c. 2. वय् to suck, affix व.

वेद्य n. (-यः) 1. Bark, rind. 2. Skin. 3. Cassia bark. 4. Half eaten fruit of the palm. 5. A banana or plantain: see वेद्य. 6. A coconut.

वेद्यन् n. (-यः) Bark, rind. 2. वय् added to the preceding.

वेद्य f. (-दी) A petticoat. 2. वय् to be small, affixes वय् and वय्.

वेद्य m. (-यः) 1. A bodice or jacket. 2. A country: see वेद्य.

वेद्य f. (-या) 1. A precept, a sacred ordinance or commandment. 2. Sending, commanding, directing, &c. 3. Enjoining, ordaining. 4. Casting, throwing. 2. वय् to command, &c. affixes वय् and दाय.

वेद्यन् m. (-यः) A ball for playing with. 2. वेद्य directing or throwing, and इव a ball.

वेद्यित mfn. (-त-ना-त) 1. Informed, apprised. 2. Ordered, directed. 3. Appointed. 4. Urged, impelled. 5. Thrown, shot. 2. वय् to direct, &c. aff.

वेद्य mfn. (-य-दा-य) To be sent, thrown, or directed. n. (-यः) 1. Surprise, wonderful or astonishing. 2. Asking, an asking, a question, an objection &c. 2. वय् to send, to command, &c. affix व.

वेद्यन् m. (-यः) Moving, moving slowly. 2. वेद्य to move, affix वय्.

वेद्य m. (-यः) 1. A thief, a robber. 2. A perfume called commonly the same name. 3. (यः) A plant. 4. वेद्यन्. 2. वेद्य to steal, &c. 2. वय्; also with वय् affix वेद्य.

वेद्यन् m. (-यः) A kind of grass, commonly Chosanta, (Chosanta gon adonitum.) 2. वेद्य, and वय् a thorn. 3. वेद्य affixing the feet and clothes of those who wear annular.

patience and a breeding, in the last it is used metaphorically, for any cover or excuse, as a husband, &c. in the last it is used by synecdoche, a person being one of the ensigns of royalty, a husband, a son, a father, a brother, a sister, &c.

**हस्ता न. (-नः)** A hand. **हस्तः f. (-नी)** A plant, commonly Rasna; see रास्ता. **ह. हस्तः** a hand, and **हस्तः** to go, to resolute; affix **हस्तः** and **हस्तः**। **हस्ता** अतिवृत्ति इव आगतिः **हस्तः**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ न. (-नः)** A fragrant grass, described as growing in marshy ground. **ह. हस्ता** a mushroom, and **हस्तातिष्ठ** surpassing an umbrella, i. e. more like a chhatra, than even a mushroom. **हस्तातिष्ठ** अतिवृत्ति इव आगतिः **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ f. (-नी)** A mushroom. **हस्तातिष्ठ** affix of resemblance, fem. form. **हस्तातिष्ठ** तदाकारं पत्रं वा अतिवृत्ति इव। **हस्तातिष्ठ**, **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ mfn. (-नीतिष्ठः)** Bearing a parasol or umbrella. **हस्तातिष्ठ** A barber. **हस्तातिष्ठ**, and **हस्तातिष्ठ** aff.

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. A bower, an arbour. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to cover, **हस्तातिष्ठ** Unadi affix, and **हस्तातिष्ठ** substituted for **हस्तातिष्ठ**.

**हस्तातिष्ठ r. 1st and 10th cls. (हस्तातिष्ठते हस्तातिष्ठते)** or more commonly **हस्तातिष्ठते** 1. To cover, to clothe, to veil, to hide, or remove from view; (**हस्तातिष्ठ** is usually prefixed to the root in these senses.) 2. To march. (3) **हस्तातिष्ठ** r. 1st cl. (**हस्तातिष्ठते**) To live or breathe, to be or make strong; also, r. 1st and 10th cls. (**हस्तातिष्ठते हस्तातिष्ठते**) To cover, &c. as above. **हस्तातिष्ठ**, **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** 1. A leaf. 2. A wing. 3. A plant; see **हस्तातिष्ठ**. 4. A tree bearing dark blossoms; see **हस्तातिष्ठ**. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to cover, &c. aff. **हस्तातिष्ठ**, **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ n. (-नी)** 1. A leaf. 2. A wing. 3. A covering, a sheath, a scabbard. 4. Cassia. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to cover or hide, affix **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** A tree, (*Symplocos racemosa*, Rox. See **हस्तातिष्ठ**. **हस्तातिष्ठ** a cover or skin, and **हस्तातिष्ठ** a leaf. **हस्तातिष्ठ** पत्रम् अतिवृत्ति। **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** thatch or roof of a house. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to cover, **हस्तातिष्ठ** Unadi aff.

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** religious hypocrite, a false brother. **हस्तातिष्ठ** disguise, and **हस्तातिष्ठ** scetic. **हस्तातिष्ठ** कलिन तापसः।

**हस्तातिष्ठ n. (-नः)** 1. Frick, deceit. 2. Fraud, dishonesty. 3. Plea, pretext. 4. Masquerade, disguise of person, &c. **हस्तातिष्ठ** a cloak, a covering, and **हस्तातिष्ठ** Unadi aff. **हस्तातिष्ठ** तदाकारं पत्रम्।

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नी)** Being in disguise, a player. **हस्तातिष्ठ**, and **हस्तातिष्ठ** who wears a dress, &c.

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** 1. A tooth. 2. An arbour or bower.

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** An imitative sound, expressive of sobbing, &c.

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** Solitary, secret, private. **हस्तातिष्ठ** m. (-नः) 8. Meaning, purport, opinion. 2. Subjection. 3. Poison. **हस्तातिष्ठ** n. (-नः) Wish, **हस्तातिष्ठ** to cover, affix **हस्तातिष्ठ**; see **हस्तातिष्ठ**.

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** A hypocrite, a pretended and false ascetic. **हस्तातिष्ठ** a person, (of all human beings,) and **हस्तातिष्ठ** obtaining, from **हस्तातिष्ठ** to go, affix **हस्तातिष्ठ**; also **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ n. (-नः)** 1. Poetical metre of every kind, but it is also applicable particularly to the metre of the Vedas. 2. Meaning, purport, object, intention. 3. Wish, desire. 4. The Vedas or scripture. 5. Wilfulness, independence, uncontrolled or unrestrained conduct. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to gladden, &c. and **हस्तातिष्ठ** Unadi affix, **हस्तातिष्ठ** is changed to **हस्तातिष्ठ**; also in some senses with a final vowel **हस्तातिष्ठ** q. v.

**हस्तातिष्ठ n. (-नः)** A holy verse. **हस्तातिष्ठ** and **हस्तातिष्ठ** made.

**हस्तातिष्ठ mfn. (-नः)** Made or done at will or according to one's wish. **हस्तातिष्ठ** inclination, and **हस्तातिष्ठ** aff.

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** A reciter, or chanter of the Sama Veda. **हस्तातिष्ठ** the metre of the Vedas, and **हस्तातिष्ठ** who sings.

**हस्तातिष्ठ n. (-नः)** Humouring, indulgence. **हस्तातिष्ठ** will, and **हस्तातिष्ठ** con-forming to. [cover, affix **हस्तातिष्ठ**].

**हस्तातिष्ठ mfn. (-नः)** 1. Private, secret. 2. Solitary. 3. Covered. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to

**हस्तातिष्ठ (हस्तातिष्ठ) 1st and 10th cls. (हस्तातिष्ठते हस्तातिष्ठते)** To go or. **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ (हस्तातिष्ठ) 1st cl. (हस्तातिष्ठते)** To eat. **हस्तातिष्ठ**, **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** 1. An orphan, a fatherless son. 2. A lad in his childhood. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to eat, **हस्तातिष्ठ** Unadi affix; also **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ r. 10th cl. (हस्तातिष्ठते)** To vomit, to be sick. **हस्तातिष्ठ**, **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ n. (-नः)** Vomiting, sickness, reaching. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to vomit; also with the affix **हस्तातिष्ठ** and **हस्तातिष्ठ**, **हस्तातिष्ठ**, &c.

**हस्तातिष्ठ n. (-नः)** Vomiting, reaching, sickness. **हस्तातिष्ठ** m. (-नः) 1. The 2nd sec. 2. The Rakahasa, ALAMBUSHA. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to be or affix **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ f. (-निः)** Vomiting; see **हस्तातिष्ठ**. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to be sick, **हस्तातिष्ठ** Unadi affix, also with **हस्तातिष्ठ** added **हस्तातिष्ठ**, and with a further addition **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** The Nimb tree. **हस्तातिष्ठ** and **हस्तातिष्ठ** what removes. **हस्तातिष्ठ** m. (-नः) Small cardamoms. **हस्तातिष्ठ** vomiting, and my, anti-emetic.

**हस्तातिष्ठ f. (-निः)** Vomiting. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to be sick, Unadi affix **हस्तातिष्ठ** and **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ r. 1st cl. (हस्तातिष्ठते)** To kill, to wound, to hurt. **हस्तातिष्ठ**, **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ n. (-नः)** 1. Wickedness. 2. Fraud, circumvention, trick, &c. 3. Design, device. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to out, **हस्तातिष्ठ** affix, and the root rejected.

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** Trickling, deceiving. **हस्तातिष्ठ** nominal verb, **हस्तातिष्ठ** aff.

**हस्तातिष्ठ mfn. (-नः)** Cunning, crafty, deceitful. **हस्तातिष्ठ** a dictated to.

**हस्तातिष्ठ mfn. (-नः)** Deceiving, cheating. **हस्तातिष्ठ** not cheat, **हस्तातिष्ठ** aff.

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नी)** A cheat. **हस्तातिष्ठ**, and **हस्तातिष्ठ** aff.

**हस्तातिष्ठ f. (-निः)** Skin, bark, rind, &c. **हस्तातिष्ठ** a cover, **हस्तातिष्ठ** to give with affix **हस्तातिष्ठ**, **हस्तातिष्ठ** becomes **हस्तातिष्ठ**; also with **हस्तातिष्ठ** added **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ f. (-नी)** 1. Skin, bark, rind, &c. 2. Offspring, posterity, spreading creeper. 4. A kind of flower. **हस्तातिष्ठ** See the preceding.

**हस्तातिष्ठ f. (-निः)** 1. Beauty, splendor, brilliancy, 2. Light, lustre, divide, (darkness, &c.) **हस्तातिष्ठ** affix, and the deriv. irr. or **हस्तातिष्ठ** Unadi affix; also with **हस्तातिष्ठ** added **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ f. (-नी)** A young animal. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to cut, **हस्तातिष्ठ** aff.

**हस्तातिष्ठ f. (-नी)** A goat. **हस्तातिष्ठ** f. (-नी) A she goat. **हस्तातिष्ठ** to cut, **हस्तातिष्ठ** aff.

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** A fire of dried cowdung. **हस्तातिष्ठ** **हस्तातिष्ठ** added to **हस्तातिष्ठ**। **हस्तातिष्ठ** **हस्तातिष्ठ** **हस्तातिष्ठ** **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नी)** A wolf. **हस्तातिष्ठ**, and **हस्तातिष्ठ** who eats.

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** AGNI or the deity of fire. **हस्तातिष्ठ** a goat, and or any vehicle.

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** 1. A goat; see **हस्तातिष्ठ**; also with **हस्तातिष्ठ** added **हस्तातिष्ठ** proper name, the son of CH'AGALA or ATIL. **हस्तातिष्ठ**, **हस्तातिष्ठ**, also with **हस्तातिष्ठ** aff. **हस्तातिष्ठ** or **हस्तातिष्ठ** added **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ f. (-नी)** A plant, (*Convolvulus pes-caprae*); see **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** A name of AGNI or the deity of fire. **हस्तातिष्ठ** and **हस्तातिष्ठ** a vehicle, the goat-born.

**हस्तातिष्ठ f. (-नी)** A she goat. **हस्तातिष्ठ** added to **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ mfn. (-नः)** 1. Cut, divided. 2. Thin, feeble, emaciated to cut, affix **हस्तातिष्ठ**; also **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ m. (-नः)** A scholar, a pupil, a disciple, a tyro or novice. **हस्तातिष्ठ** Honey. **हस्तातिष्ठ** an umbrella, a screen or cover, affix **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

**हस्तातिष्ठ n. (-नः)** Honey in the comb or hive. **हस्तातिष्ठ** a hive, **हस्तातिष्ठ** m. (-नः) An indifferent scholar in poetical composition, citing imperfect portions only of a verse. **हस्तातिष्ठ** **हस्तातिष्ठ**।

version of dominion, loss of empire, deposition, &c. &c. &c.

जयदीप I. (-री) T<sup>(4)</sup>

third letter of the second class of, or to the letter J in jet.  
 a hush, 2. to touch, affix.

ना० पर० सक० सेट् । ददा०

३. कर् to cut, and टाप् affix. (कलिकर्त्तृ)।  
 knife. ४. कर् to cut, कृप् affix, and the fem form : also  
 ५. कर् affixes, कृती  
 ६. कर् १. Cut. 2. Inlaid, set, coated, spread. 3. Blended  
 ७. कर् to cut, affix क.  
 ८. कर् १. Pierced, transpierced. 2. Run through the  
 कृति, and उदर the belly.  
 ९. कर् : see कृत् affix. १०. कर् १. To shine. 2. To vomit.  
 ११. कर् १. १st and 10. कर् १. To light to  
 १२. कर् १. १st and 10. कर् १. सन्दोषने वा बु. उभ०  
 १३. कर् १. १st and 10. कर् १. To light, to inflame or  
 १४. कर् १. १st and 10. कर् १. To light, to inflame or  
 १५. कर् १. १st and 10. कर् १. To light, to inflame or  
 १६. कर् १. १st and 10. कर् १. To light, to inflame or  
 १७. कर् १. १st and 10. कर् १. To light, to inflame or  
 १८. कर् १. १st and 10. कर् १. To light, to inflame or  
 १९. कर् १. १st and 10. कर् १. To light, to inflame or  
 २०. कर् १. १st and 10. कर् १. To light, to inflame or

it off, &c. ३. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.  
 ४. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.

to divide, but especially into

, a portion. 3. Solving, dis-  
 ator of a fraction. 5. The

wood-cutter. ३. कर्, and कर्  
 [affix मावे कृट्  
 ४. कर्, a portion. ३. कर् to cut,  
 ५. कर् to cut, कर् aff.  
 ६. कर् to cut, कर् aff.  
 ७. कर् to cut, कर् aff.

ded. ३. कर् to cut, affix क, or कृती

be cut or divided. ३. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.

or divided. ३. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.

३. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.

३. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.

(Conyza anthelmintica.) ३. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.

३. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.

३. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.

३. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.

३. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.

३. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.

३. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.

३. कर् to cut, तव्य aff.

ant, conquering or a conqueror. (अ०) १. A name of Siva.  
 २. A name of Vishnu. ३. Birth, production. ४. A parent, a progenitor.  
 ५. Poison. ६. Enjoy. ७. Lustre. ८. Speed. ९. An im-  
 a goblin. ३. कर् to bear, कर् to conquer, or other root  
 and कर् aff.

कट m. (क०) १. The Malaya mountain. २. A dog. (क०) ३. The dog  
 plant, (Solanum melong.) ४. कर् to cut, कर् aff.

कट १. १st cl. (क०) १. To eat. २. To laugh. (क०) ३. कर्  
 (क०) १. To give. २. To

कट १. १st cl. (क०) १. To eat. २. To laugh. (क०) ३. कर्  
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 (क०) १. To give. २. To

कट १. १st cl. (क०) १. To eat. २. To laugh. (क०) ३. कर्  
 (क०) १. To give. २. To









heavenly nymph.  
 नय f. (-नय) See नय.  
 नय m. (-नय) See नय.  
 नय m. (-नय) 1. A fragrant plant, (Pandanus odoratissimus).  
 2. The rose apple, n. (-नय) Jokes addressed to the bridegroom by  
 his female relatives and friends. 3. नय as above, and नय what  
 gets or is.  
 नय प्रसादिका f. (-नय) Compliments or jokes addressed to the bride and  
 bridegroom. 3. नय नय, and नयिका a string.  
 नय m. (-नय) 1. A tooth. 2. The lime. 3. Food, victuals. 4. The chin. 5.  
 A quiver. 6. A part, a portion. 7. The name of a demon. 8. नयि to  
 destroy, affix नय and नय. देवदेव. करके नय, दने. नयि नय नयि.  
 नयि नय, नयि. नयि नय, नयि. करके नय नयि नयि.  
 नयि mfn. (-नयि-नयि) 1. Who or what yawns, opens, expands, &c. 2.  
 Who or what kills or destroys. m. (-नयि) A lime or citron. f. (-नयि)  
 Yawning. 3. नयि to yawn, &c. नयि aff.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) A name of INDRA. 3. नयि a demon, and नयि a foe;  
 also similar compounds. नयि नयि नयि नयि नयि. नयि.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) INDRA. 3. नयि as above, and नयि destroying: see  
 नयि. नयि नयि नयि नयि नयि. नयि.  
 नयि (-नयि) A lime or citron. 3. See the next, नयि being changed to र.  
 नयि नयि नयि नयि नयि नयि. नयि.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) 1. A lime or citron. 2. A Jina or deified Jaina saint. f.  
 (-नयि) A female Rakshasi, the worship of whom is supposed to  
 procure for women procreation 3. नयि to destroy, (sickness, sin,  
 &c.) नयि aff.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) 1. INDRA's thunderbolt. 2. Fire or its deity. 3. INDRA.  
 3. नयि the demon, and नयि a foe. नयि नयि नयि नयि नयि वा नयि.  
 नयि नयि नयि.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) A lime or citron. 3. नयि to destroy, (disease), affix नयि  
 and नयि. नयि. नयि नयि नयि.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) 1. The lime or citron, apparently of more than one  
 species. 2. A plant, considered to be a kind of basil with small  
 leaves. 3. नयि to destroy, (sickness), नयि affix, and नयि augment:  
 also नयि, &c.  
 नय m. (-नय) 1. Conquest, victory, triumph. 2. A name of YUDHISHTHIRA.  
 3. A proper name, the son of INDRA. 4. One of VISHNU's  
 door keepers. 5. The name of a king; also विजयवर्धन. 6. A kind of  
 Mung or bean, (Phaseolus mungo) f. (-नय) 1. A name of the goddess  
 PARVATI. 2. One of her female companions. 3. The 3rd, 8th, or  
 13th, lunar day of either half month. 4. Yellow myrobalan, (Ter-  
 minalis chebulus). 5. A plant: see नयि. 6. A tree, commonly  
 Janiyari, (Premna spinosa). 7. Hemp, (Cannabis sativa). 8. A  
 banner, a flag. 3. नयि to conquer or excel, affix नयि नयि, and नयि.  
 नयि नयि नयि m. (-नयि) 1. A kind of dice. 2. Shouts of victory. 3. नयि vic-  
 tory, नयि नयि a noise. नयि नयि नयि नयि. नयि नयि नयि, नयि नयि नयि.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) Pride of conquest, exultation. 3. नयि, and नयि pride.  
 नयि mfn. (-नयि-नयि) Conquering, excelling. 3. नयि to conquer, नयि aff.  
 नयि f. (-नयि) A large kettle drum, beaten as a sign of victory. 3.  
 नयि, and नयि a drum. नयि नयि नयि. नयि.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) The son of INDRA. 3. नयि victory, नयि given, to whom  
 victory is given by his enemies.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) A chief in the army of DURYODHANA.  
 नयि n. (-नयि) 1. Armour for cavalry, elephants, &c. 2. Conquering, sub-  
 duing. f. (-नयि) INDRA's daughter. 3. नयि to conquer or excel, affix  
 नयि नयि, and नयि. नयि नयि नयि. नयि नयि नयि.  
 नयि mfn. (-नयि) 1. Unparisposed, (as a war horse) 2. Victorious. 3.  
 नयि, and नयि having.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) 1. A hero and demigod, the son of INDRA. 2. A name of

The son. 4. A name of RHEMA. f. (-नयि) The  
 daughter of INDRA. 5. A name of the goddess DUNDI.  
 6. A name of the goddess of the rising of the asterism ROHINI at midnight,  
 on the 8th of the dark half of Sravan, or in fact on the birth day  
 of KRISHNA, which is then particularly sacred. 6. Blades of barley  
 planted at the commencement of the Desahara, and plucked at its  
 close. 3. नयि to conquer or excel, Unad. affix नयि fem. affix नयि.  
 नयि n. (-नयि) Record of victory, triumph; in law, the sealed and  
 written award of the judge in favour of one party. 3. historical  
 tradition, the label on the brow of a horse turned loose for a  
 sacrifice. 3. नयि conquest, and नयि a leaf; also with नयि  
 added नयि नयि. नयि नयि नयि.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. VISHNU. 3. A king, a sover-  
 eign; (it is also the appellation of several celebrated Hindu princes).  
 4. A tree, (Croton tiglium). 3. नयि victory, नयि who nourishes.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) Shout of victory. 3. नयि, and नयि sound.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) A kind of dice.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) The royal elephant. 3. नयि victory, and नयि good  
 fortune.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) The Aswamedha or sacrifice of a horse, as a mark of  
 dominion. 3. नयि, and नयि sacrifice.  
 नयि mfn. (-नयि-नयि) 1. Conferring victory. 2. Victorious. 3. नयि and  
 नयि what bears.  
 नयि f. (-नयि) The wife of INDRA. 3. नयि conquest, and नयि who  
 bears.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) A shout or song of victory, or the exclamation Jaya  
 Jaya repeated like the Io of the Greeks, as नयि नयि, &c. 3. नयि  
 and नयि sound.  
 नयि mfn. (-नयि-नयि) Victorious, triumphant. 3. नयि and नयि possessed.  
 नयि f. (-नयि) Victory, glory. 3. नयि, and नयि splendor.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) An impediment or hindrance to victory. 3. नयि and  
 नयि obstacle. [sound.]  
 नयि m. (-नयि) The Io or song of victory: see नयि. 3. नयि and नयि  
 नयि mfn. (-नयि-नयि) 1. Victorious. 2. Conferring victory. 3. नयि and,  
 नयि what gives.  
 नयि mfn. (-नयि-नयि) Victorious. 3. नयि victory, नयि नयि aff.  
 नयि mfn. (-नयि-नयि) Victorious, conquering. 3. नयि and नयि firm.  
 नयि mfn. (-नयि-नयि) Able to conquer, victorious. 3. नयि to subdue, affix  
 नयि, deriv. irr. नयि नयि.  
 नयि f. (-नयि) Victory, success, ability to conquer. 3. नयि and नयि affix  
 with नयि नयि.  
 नयि mfn. (-नयि-नयि) 1. Hard, solid. 2. Hard-hearted, harsh, cruel. 3.  
 Pale, yellowish-white. 4. Old, decayed, infirm. 5. Bent, bowed  
 down, drooping. m. (-नयि) 1. A name of Pandu, father of the five  
 Pandavas. 2. Decrepitude. 3. नयि to become old or decayed, Unad.  
 affix नयि, and the deriv. irr.  
 नयि mfn. (-नयि-नयि) Old, infirm, decayed. m. (-नयि) 1. Cumipseed. 3.  
 A plant yielding a pungent seed, (Nigella Indica). 3. A sort of  
 salt, (Bit-labau). 4. Old age, becoming old and infirm. n. (-नयि)  
 Asafetida. 3. नयि to become old, affix नयि.  
 नयि mfn. (-नयि-नयि) Old, decayed. 3. नयि to be old, नयि aff.  
 नयि mfn. (-नयि-नयि) 1. Old, ancient, advanced in years. 2. Old,  
 decayed. m. (-नयि) An old map. f. (-नयि) An old woman. 3. नयि to be  
 or become old, participial affix नयि.  
 नयि m. (-नयि) A celebrated Muni or sage so named. f. (-नयि) The  
 wife of SATKARU, the snake goddess MANASA. 3. नयि being  
 and नयि maker; a practitioner of asceticism in old age.  
 नयि f. (-नयि) The goddess KALSA, a demoness peculiar to

\_\_\_\_\_

The coloration. s. and what goes, are usually white or  
brown m. (or) A. Chondrich, an outgrowth of the water, and as wh.











11. I (1981) The things I saw the leg, arms, and the

subject is: (a) 1. The duty of caste, as sacred study of the Brah-



**RECEIVED**

Victorious, triumphant. m. (य) The (earlier

**जिह्वा** mfn. (-वा-च्) 1. Going, going to, attaining, obtaining. 2. Abandoning, leaving. ३. वा to go, वाच्य aff.

**जिह्वानश्व** m. (-ः) The destruction of the world; see कदाचन.

**जिहीषां f.** (-वा) Wish to take or seize. २. वा to take, desiderative form, चक, and टप् affs.

**जिहीर्षु** mfn. (-र्षु-र्) Wishing to take, seizing, carrying off. २. वृ take, desiderative form, च aff.

**जिह्न** adjn (-ञ-ज्ञाञ्) 1. Morally Crooked. 2. Dishonesty. 3. Slow, lazy. 4. Dim, dark. ५. Oblique squint. ङ् (-जा) 4 trees, (*Lagerstrœmia coronata*) २. जा to quit, (a straight tree), यन् Unadi-affix, and the root reduplicated, deriv, irr, वा नन् लभत् चक्षोश्च.

**जिह्नम** mfn. (-म-ना-न्) Going tortuously or lazily. m. (-ग-) A snake. २. जिह्न as above, and ग what goes. जिह्न रुटिकं यन् वा नच्छति यम-ङ्.

**जिह्वता f.** (-ता) 1. Crookedness, curvature. 2. Dishonesty. ३. तच् added to जिह्न; also with ल, जिह्वल.

**जिह्नमीरुण** m. (-नः) A frog. २. जिह्न slowly, and मीरुण copulation.

**जिह्वयम्** m. (-यः) The K'hadira (Mimosa catechu.) २. जिह्न crooked ब्रह्म a dart.

**जिघ्रित** mfn. (-तः दा-र्) 1. Bent, bowed, curved. 2. Turned away. ३. जिघ्र, and इत् aff.

**जिह्व mf.** (-व-द्) The tongue. २. जिह् to lick, Unadi affix वन्, and the initial changed do ज. [deriv, irr.]

**जिह्वल** mfn. (-लः क्षाल-') Greedy २. जिह्वा the tongue, ल् to take, ल् affix जिह्वाय n. (-य) 1. The tip of the tongue. २. जिह्वा, and यच् end.

**जिह्वानिलेखन** n. (-नः) 1. Scraping the tongue. 2. A tongue-scraper. ३. जिह्वा, and मिलेखन scraping.

**जिह्वाय** m. (-यः) 1. A dog. 2. A cat. 3. A tiger. 4. The hunting leopard. ५. A bear. २. जिह्वा the tongue, and वे who drinks, who laps. जिह्वाया पिबति पा-ङ्.

**जिह्वामल** n. (-जः) The fur of the tongue. २. जिह्वा, and मल dirt, excretion.

**जिह्वामूल** n. (-सः) The root of the tongue. २. जिह्वा, and मूल a root.

**जिह्वामूलीय** m. (-यः) 1. A term applied to the Visarga before क, and ख, and also to the guttural class of consonant. 2. A character substituted for the Visarga as ह्रिःकास्, and with a like sound. ३. जिह्वा मूल, and क aff.

**जिह्वारद** m. (-दः) A bird. २. जिह्वा, and रद a tooth; (whose tooth, i. e. beak,) is like a tongue. जिह्वा रदः दन् यच्च । पक्षिच ।

**जिह्वाल्लिख** m. (-लिट्) A dog. २. जिह्वा, and लिक् who licks or laps, from लिक् with क्तिप् aff. [eating.]

**जिह्वालाद** m. (-दः) Licking, lapping. २. जिह्वा the tongue, and लास्.

**जिह्वाशत** n. (-शः) A hundred tongues. २. जिह्वा, and शत a century.

**जिह्वीलेखन** n. (-नः) Scraping the tongue. f. (-जी) A tongue-scraper, made of a thin piece of wood of the Mimosa Kauki or other trees. २. जिह्वा, and लेखन scraping; also in the second sense, with यच् added, जिह्वीलेखिका ।

**जीन** mfn. (-नः ना-न्) Old, aged. २. जी to become old, न् affix, deriv, irr.

**जीवत** m. (-तः) 1. A cloud. 2. A mountain. 3. A grass, (*Andropogon serratus*). 4. A name of INDRA. ५. A nourisher, a sustainer. 6. A plant : see पोषक. 7. A species of the Dandaka metre. ८. जि to excel or surpass, Unadi affix लृच् and झट् augment, or जी for जीवि life, and सन् who urines. प्रयति नमः जीयते धर्मिलेख वा ।

**जीवतकुट** m. (-टः) A small hill near a mountain. २. जीवत a mountain, and कुट a house.

**जीवतकारण** m. (-नः) 1. INDRA. 2. The author of "Dayabhaga" a celebrated work on inheritance. ३. जीवत a cloud, and कारण vehicle. जीवत, ईद कारणेन यच्च ।

**जीवतकारण** m. (-णी) Smoke. २. जीवत a cloud, and वृच् to bear, affix क्तिप् जीवत m. (-वः) 1. Grain seed. 2. A superficial knife or sword, a scymitar. 3. A sort of panic seed : see वधू. ४. वृच् to bear, अङ्गुष्ठा यच्छति, २. Unadi affix, and the radical vowel changed.



जीवन्तः (जीवन्तः) A woman whose children are living. २. जीवन् living, and जीवन् offspring.

जीवन्ति (जीवन्ति) A wife whose husband is alive. २. जीवन् living, and जीवन् husband.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) A son whose father is alive. २. जीवन्, and जीवन् a father, वत् added.

जीवन् मन् (जीवन् मन्) 1. Virtuous, pious. 2. Long-lived. m. (-जीवन्) 1. Virtue, piety. 2. Life, existence. 3. A cloud. 4. A peacock. 5. A tortoise. २. जीवन् to live, वत् Unadi aff.

जीवन् मन् (जीवन् मन्) Life-giving, who or what gives life. m. (-जीवन्) 1. A physician, a practitioner of medicine. 2. An enemy. २. जीवन् life, and जीवन् in the first sense, from जीव् to give, in the second, from जीव् to destroy, affix क्, जीवन् जीवन् वदति यति वा ।

जीवन्तः (जीवन्तः) Living property, live stock, wealth in flocks and herds. २. जीवन् alive, and जीवन् wealth. जीवन्तः वत्.

जीवन्तः (जीवन्तः) 1. A plant, commonly Jinti, (Odina wodier.) 2. A son. ३. A living being, an animal. f. (-जीवन् or -जीवन्) A plant, commonly Jiyati: see जीवन्ति. f. (-जीवन्) 1. Jasmin. 2. giving life. n. (-जीवन्) 1. Life, existence. 2. Livelihood, profession. 3. Water. 4. Butter of new day-old milk. 5. Marrow. 6. Wind. २. जीवन् to live, affix क् or कर्त्तृ वा मादे क् ट्.

जीवन्तः (जीवन्तः) Food especially boiled rice. २. क् added to the preceding.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) Disappointment of all hopes, living in vain. २. जीवन्, and विवन्तः frustrating.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) Communication of vitality with body. २. जीवन्, and जीवन् origin.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) End or object of life, the cause of living. २. जीवन्, and जीवन् cause.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) Poison. २. जीवन् life, and जीवन् destroying.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) Death. २. जीवन्, and जीवन् end. [abode]

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) VARUNA, regent of water. २. जीवन् water, and जीवन् जीवन्तिवत्.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) Water. f. (-जीवन्) Jiyati: see जीवन्ति. २. जीवन् life, जीवन् being friendly or necessary to existence.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) Livelihood, means of subsistence. २. जीवन्, and जीवन् means.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) A drug to revive the dead. २. जीवन् living, and जीवन् a medicament.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) Living, existent. m. (-जीवन्) 1. Life, existence. 2. A medicament, a drug. f. (-जीवन्) 1. The name of a tree, commonly Jiyati, (Celtis orientalis.) 2. A plant, (Mentaperum glabrum) see जीवन्ति. 3. The Sami or Saen tree, (Mimosa albidia.) 4. A parasite plant. 5. Yellow myrobalan, (Terminalia chebula, Rox.) २. जीवन् to live, affix कर्त्तृ, वत्, affix जीवन्, also with क् added जीवन्तिवत्, (to जीवन्तिवत् m. (-जीवन्) A Fowler, a bird-catcher: see जीवन्तिवत्. f. (-जीवन्) 1. A parasite plant, (Epidendrum tesseloides.) and other species. 2. A plant, (Mentaperum glabrum.) 3. A kind of potherb. २. जीवन् added to the preceding.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) A man purified by knowledge of BUDDHA, and encouraged whilst living from future birth, and all ritual ceremonies. २. जीवन्, and जीवन् freed. जीवन्तिवत् वत्.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) Acquisition of spiritual knowledge, and consequent liberation from future birth, and ritual acts. २. जीवन्, and जीवन् liberation.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) 1. A tree, commonly Ingua. 2. A different plant bearing seeds which are used in rosaries, commonly (जीवन्तिवत्) Jiyapaga, (Nagaria putranjiva.)

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) Destruction of living beings. २. जीवन्, and जीवन् killing.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) The body. २. जीवन् life, and जीवन् mansion.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) Alive, endowed with life. २. जीवन्, and जीवन् alive.

जीवन्तिवत् (जीवन्तिवत्) A woman whose children are living. २. जीवन् living, and जीवन् offspring.

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abandon. न. त्या. प. सक. नष्ट इति ।  
अपमान. न. (च) Censure, abuse, reproach, reviling. न. दुष् to censure.

we m. (2): 1. The matted hair of Biva. 2. The clotted pair of an-  
tella. a. we to collect, still we, we insured; we are





ed, 1. To assent or conform to. 2. To acknowledge. With च, To conceal. With च, To disrespect, to despise. With च, To deny knowledge of any thing. With च, To ascertain. With च, To know well. With च or च, To assent, to admit, to agree, to promise. With च and च, To recognise. With च, To discriminate, to know. With च, To recollect or possess the power of knowing. (In combination, it usually takes the deponent form, as चक्षुषीति, चक्षुषीते, &c.) r. 10th cl. (चापयति) To command; to direct; चा is usually prefixed in this sense. r. 1st cl. but occurring in the form of the causal, (चापयति) 1. To slay. 2. To gratify or please. 3. To exhibit. 4. To sharpen. 5. To praise. In these senses the root is, in general, combined with a prefix. चाप-य-स-च-यति. च-य-स-च-यति.

ज्ञात m. (-ज्ञा-ता-त) Known, comprehended, understood fully. न. ज्ञा to know, affix कर्त्तरि क्त.

ज्ञातम् m. (-ज्ञा-ता-त) To be known or understood. न. ज्ञा, and तम् aff. ज्ञातविद्वान् m. (-ज्ञा-ता-त) A man completely versed in any science or Shastra. न. ज्ञात what is known, and विद्वान् completion.

ज्ञातान्ध m. (-ज्ञा-ता-त) A name of Vardhamana, the last Jina or Jaina pontiff. न. ज्ञात known, and चक्षुष्य lineage.

ज्ञाति m. (-ज्ञा-ति) 1. A father. 2. A kinsman in general. 3. A distant kinsman, one who does not participate in the oblations of food or water offered to deceased ancestors. न. ज्ञा to know, affix कर्त्तरि क्त. ज्ञाति, who is known, an acquaintance.

ज्ञातिवर्त्तन n. (-ज्ञा-ति-व-र-त) Duty of kindred. न. ज्ञाति, and वर्त्तन act; also ज्ञातिवर्त्तन. ज्ञातिव n. (-ज्ञा-ति-व) Relationship, kin. न. ज्ञा added to ज्ञाति.

ज्ञाति m. (-ज्ञा-ति-व) Knowing, wise, intelligent, who or what knows. न. ज्ञा to know, affix कर्त्तरि क्त.

ज्ञातव्य n. (-ज्ञा-त-व-य) Relationship, affinity. न. ज्ञाति a kinsmen, and त्व्य aff.

ज्ञाता ind. Having known. न. ज्ञा to know, ज्ञात् aff.

ज्ञान n. (-ज्ञा-न) 1. Knowledge in general. 2. Knowledge of a specific and religious kind, that which is derived from meditation, and the study of philosophy, which teaches man the divine nature and origin of his immaterial part, with the unreality of corporal enjoyments or worldly forms, and which, separating him during life from terrestrial objects, secures him, after death, a final emancipation from existence, and reunion with the universal spirit. 3. Cognizance, consciousness. 4. The organ of intelligence, sense. 5. Learning. न. ज्ञा to know, aff. क्त. ज्ञानं क्त.

ज्ञानान्वित m. (-ज्ञा-न-अ-न-व-त) Attainable by knowledge. न. ज्ञान, and न्वित attainable.

ज्ञानचक्षुष्म m. (-ज्ञा-न-च-क्षु-ष्म) 1. (Intellect, intellectual vision) A learned & wise man. न. ज्ञान, and चक्षुष्म the eye.

ज्ञानतपस n. (-ज्ञा-न-त-प-स) Cultivation of sacred knowledge. न. ज्ञान, and तपस religious austerity.

ज्ञानतप ind. 1. By or 2. Knowingly, intentionally, through knowledge. न. ज्ञान, and तपस aff.

ज्ञानदर्पण m. (-ज्ञा-न-द-र-प-ण) One of the Jaina saints, न. ज्ञान true knowledge, and दर्पण a mirror. [Lamp.]

ज्ञानदीप m. (-ज्ञा-न-दी-प) Knowledge, the lamp of knowledge. न. ज्ञान, and दीप a lamp.

ज्ञानमित्र m. (-ज्ञा-न-म-म-ित्र) Cultivating spiritual knowledge. न. ज्ञान, and मित्र engaged in. [attentive to.]

ज्ञानमय m. (-ज्ञा-न-म-य) Versed in spiritual wisdom. न. ज्ञान, and मय preceded by the acquirement of divine wisdom. न. ज्ञान, and मय prior.

ज्ञानमय m. (-ज्ञा-न-म-य) 1. Consisting of knowledge, made up of it. 2. Spiritual. न. ज्ञान, and मय aff.

ज्ञानमय m. (-ज्ञा-न-म-य) Having the impress of wisdom, wise, making. न. ज्ञान, and मय aff.

ज्ञानमय m. (-ज्ञा-न-म-य) Founded on spiritual knowledge. न. ज्ञान, and

ज्ञानमय m. (-ज्ञा-न-म-य) 1. Indication, sign, means of knowledge or inference. 2. (In Logic.) Sign or proof of knowledge, an antecedent, derived from antecedent knowledge. न. ज्ञान, and मय indication.

ज्ञानम् m. (-ज्ञा-न-म-य) Wise, especially in spiritual things. न. ज्ञान, and मय aff.

ज्ञानविज्ञान m. (-ज्ञा-न-वि-ज्ञा-न) 1. Sacred and profane knowledge. 2. The Vedas and their subordinate parts, as medicine, war, &c. न. ज्ञान, and विज्ञान miscellaneous knowledge.

ज्ञानानुवाद m. (-ज्ञा-न-अ-नु-वा-द) Folly, ignorance. न. ज्ञान, and अनुवाद non-possessed. ज्ञानानुवादि m. (-ज्ञा-न-अ-नु-वा-दि) Occupied by wisdom. न. ज्ञान, and अनुवाद placed.

ज्ञानि m. (-ज्ञा-नि-नी-नि) 1. Wise, intelligent. 2. Knowing, who or what knows. न. (-ज्ञा-नि) 1. An astrologer, a fortune-teller, a prescient of future events. 2. A sage, one possessing religious wisdom. ज्ञान (ज्ञान) as above. न. ज्ञान knowledge, affix नि.

ज्ञानेन्द्रिय n. (-ज्ञा-ने-न्द्र-य) An organ of preception or consciousness, the skin, tongue, eye, ear and nose (intellect) न. ज्ञान, and इन्द्रिय an organ. ज्ञानेन्द्रिये ज्ञानं कर्त्तरि क्त. ज्ञानेन्द्रियं कर्त्तरि क्त.

ज्ञापक m. (-ज्ञा-प-क) Making or causing to know. न. (-ज्ञा-प-क) An instructor. 2. A commander, a master. न. (-ज्ञा-प-क) A rub or precept implying something not expressly mentioned or laid down (In Philsop) न. ज्ञा to know, causal form, ज्ञापक क्त. aff.

ज्ञापन n. (-ज्ञा-प-न) Making known, apprising, informing. न. ज्ञा to know, causal form, ज्ञापन क्त. aff.

ज्ञाति f. (-ज्ञा-ति-) Making known, informing. न. ज्ञा to know, causal form. ज्ञाति f. (-) The desire of knowing.

ज्ञेय m. (-ज्ञे-य-य) To be known, what may be or ought to be known. न. ज्ञा, and ज्ञेय यत् aff.

ज्ञेय f. (-ज्ञे-य-) The chord of an arc. न. ज्ञा the same, क्त added. (चन्द्र-ज्ञेय) 9th cl. (जिनानि) To decay, to be or become old. ज्ञेय शो परो चन्द्र.

ज्ञा f. (-ज्ञा) 1. A mother. 2. The earth. 3. A bow-string. 4. The chord of an arc. न. ज्ञा to become old, to decay, affix चन्द्रा. यत्.

ज्ञाची m. (-ज्ञा-ची-) Twang of a bow. न. ज्ञा, and चीय round.

ज्ञानि f. (-ज्ञा-नि-) 1. Old age, decay, infirmity. 2. Abandoning, quitting leaving. 3. A river, a stream. न. ज्ञा to decay, &c. Unadi aff. नि.

ज्ञायस् m. (-ज्ञा-य-स्-य) 1. Very old. 2. Very excellent, best. 3. Superior, Elder, elder born. 4. In law, one independent (come of age and answerable for his own conduct. न. ज्ञा to be old, ईदयुत् aff. ज्ञायस्वेन प्रत्ययः इदं वा।

गु r. 1st cl. (गुवते) To go or approach. न. ग्रा-या-स-क चन्द्रि. गुत् r. 1st cl. (गुत्) गुत् (गुवते) also (गुत्) गुत्तिर. 1st cl. (गुवति) To shine, see गुत्. गुत् वा. चक्र. सेट. ग्रा-पर सक-सेट.

ज्येष्ठ m. (-ज्ये-ष्ठ-य-य) 1. Best, most excellent, pre-eminent. 2. Very old oldest. 3. most senior Elder, elder born. f. (-ज्ये-ष्ठ) 1. One of the asterisms, considered as lunar mansions; the eighteenth, comprising three stars, of which one is a Scorpionis, figured by a ring or ear ring. 2. The middle finger. 3. Misfortune, personified as a goddess. 4. The Ganges, (-ज्ये-ष्ठ-य-य) A small house.izard. m. (-ज्ये-ष्ठ) The month Jyeshtha or Jyete, (May June) n. (-ज्ये-ष्ठ) Age, oldness. न. ज्येष्ठ decay, to grow infirm or old, affix इदयुत्, fem. affix इदयुत्.

ज्येष्ठता f. (-ज्ये-ष्ठ-ता) Seniority. 2. Superiority. न. ज्येष्ठ, and त्व्य aff. ज्येष्ठता.

ज्येष्ठतम m. (-ज्ये-ष्ठ-त-म) A father's elder brother. न. ज्येष्ठ elder born, and तम a father; the usual order of composition is here irregularly inverted.

ज्येष्ठमयी f. (-ज्ये-ष्ठ-म-यी) 1. An elder brother's wife. 2. The elder of chief, न. ज्येष्ठ, and मयी wife.

ज्येष्ठमयी m. (-ज्ये-ष्ठ-म-यी) A Brahman. न. ज्येष्ठ elder born or best, and मयी aff.

ज्येष्ठमयी f. (-ज्ये-ष्ठ-म-यी) The duties of an elder brother, न. ज्येष्ठ, and मयी aff.




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दृक् m. (-ः) 1. Bornx. 2. m. (ः) A species of horse. Binding, tying.

दृक् to bind, affix दृक्. दृक् वा बन्धनदृक् ।

दृक्पति m. (-तिः) The master of the mint. ३. दृक् a weight of silver put for a coin, and दृक् master.

दृक्पात f. (-ता) A mint. ३. दृक् see the last, and दृक्पात a house or hall.

दृक्पात m. (-ः) The mulberry, (Morus indica) (बालक दृक्पात) ३. दृक् क्रीडामयति दृक्पातयति च न चिन्तयति ।

दृक्पति m. (-ः) 1. Surprise, wonder. 2. Fame, notoriety. 3. The twang of a bow string. 4. A howl, a cry. ३. दृक् to bind, &c. affix दृक् ; or दृक् twang, in the second case, दृक् to make, affix दृक्.

दृक् m. (-ः) 1. A spade or hoe. 2. An axe. 3. The leg. 4. Borax. 5. A weight of four mashes. ३. दृक् to bind, affix दृक्. दृक् changed to न, otherwise दृक्, as above ; also with दृक्, affix, दृक्पति n. (-ः)

दृक्पति f. (-ती) A plant, (Clasampelos hexandra.) दृक्पति दृक्पति पातपाती ।

दृक्पति f. (-ती) A long lizard. ३. दृक् imitative sound, and न what makes, from न, affixes दृक् and दृक्.

दृक्पति f. (-ती) 1. A joke, a jest. 2. A kettle drum. 3. Any musical instrument. ३. दृक् imitative sound, and र what makes sound, and र, with दृक् and दृक्, affix.

दृक्पति m. (-ः) The sound of a drum. ३. दृक् imitative sound, tattoo, and र what gets or has.

दृक्पति, 1st cl. (दृक्पति) To be confused, to be disturbed by fear, anxiety, &c. दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति । दृक्पति ।

दृक्पति n. (-ः) Anxiety, Perturbation. ३. दृक् to be disturbed, दृक्पति aff. दृक्पति m. (-ः) A black-guard, a lecher, a libertine. ३. दृक् an oath, and दृक् who takes.

दृक्पति m. (-ः) A clang, a twang.

दृक्पति m. (-ः) 1. horse. 2. A catamite. ३. दृक् दृक्पति दृक्पति ।

दृक्पति (ः) दृक्पति r. 1st cl. (दृक्पति) To go or move. दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति । दृक्पति m. (-ः) A bird : see the next.

दृक्पति m. (-ः) A bird, (Parva jacana or goensis.) ३. दृक्पति imitative sound, दृक्पति to utter, affix दृक् ; also with दृक्पति दृक्पति added, दृक्पति ; also दृक्पति, दृक्पति, &c.

दृक्पति m. (-ः) A kind of tree.

दृक्पति r. 10th cl. (दृक्पति) To direct, to send, to throw or cast : the act of throwing being considered analogous to that of sending or ordering. दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति ।

दृक्पति f. (-ती) A gloss, a comment. ३. दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति । दृक्पति दृक्पति ।

दृक्पति (ः) दृक्पति r. 1st cl. (दृक्पति) To go or move. दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति । दृक्पति f. (-ता) A commentary. ३. दृक्पति to go, affixes दृक्पति and दृक्पति by which the sense of the text proceeds. दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति ।

दृक्पति m. (-ः) 1. Gold. 2. A Proteus, a changer of shapes at will, KAMA or love.

दृक्पति m. (-ः) 1. Low, little, vile. 2. Cruel, harsh. m. (-ः) 1. A plant, (Bigonia indica.) 2. A black species of catechu. 3. A small bird, (Silvius aurtoria.) f. (-ता) A plant, commonly Akanadi : see दृक्पति. ३. दृक्पति imitative sound, and न what utters.

दृक्पति n. (-ः) 1. Sending. 2. Throwing. ३. दृक्पति to throw, दृक्पति aff. दृक्पति m. (-ः) Squint-eyed.

दृक्पति m. (-ः) Squint-eyed.

दृक्पति m. (-ः) 1. A car or litter carried upon men's shoulders, a Palanquin, a Duli. 2. Flying in the air, the flight of a bird. ३. दृक्पति to fly, दृक्पति.

दृक्पति m. (-ः) 1. Famous, Renowned. 2. (m) An assemblage, a mass as in दृक्पति.

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दृक्पति m. (-ः) 1. Famous, Renowned. 2. (m) An assemblage, a mass as in दृक्पति.

दृक् The aspirate of the preceding letter, corresponding to दृक्.

दृक् m. (-ः) 1. A name of Siva. 2. The disk of the sun or moon, a circle, a globe. 4. A cypher. 5. An object of sense. 6. A noise. 7. An imitative sound as of a metallic pot rolling, & steps. 8. An idol, a deity.

दृक् m. (-ः) 1. An idol, a deity, an object of reverence or worship. An honorific title after the name of a distinguished person.

दृक् ind. An imitative sound.

दृक्पति f. (-ती) A girdle.

दृक् The third letter of the cerebral class of consonants, having the sound of D, pronounced far back in the "head" : it is often confused in pronunciation with a hard R, or L, sounded as the Northumbrian bur ; it is written in the Roman character I

दृक् m. (-ः) 1. A name of Siva. 2. Fear. 3. Sound. 4. Submarine fire. 5. A kind of drum or tabor. 6. A kind of bird. f. (-ता) 1. A kind of female imp or goblin. 2. A basket, &c. carried by a sling : & दृक्पति. ३. दृक् to collect, affix, दृक्.

दृक्पति f. (-ती) A kind of gourd ; also read दृक्पति. ३. दृक् दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति ।

दृक्पति r. 10th cl. (दृक्पति) (र) दृक्पति r. 1st and 10th cl. (दृक्पति) collect, to accumulate, to heap together. दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति ।

दृक्पति r. 10th cl. (र) दृक्पति (दृक्पति) To throw, to send, to order. With prefixed, to deceive, to disgrace. दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति ।

दृक्पति (र) दृक्पति r. 1st and 10th cl. (दृक्पति) To collect, to heap together. दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति ।

दृक्पति m. (-ः) A man of low caste, employed to clear away filth, &c. ३. दृक्पति दृक्पति दृक्पति ।

दृक्पति m. (-ः) 1. An affray, a conflict without weapons. 2. Tormenting an enemy by shouts and gestures. 3. Petty or predatory warfare, war carried on by detachments or by villagers, one of which kings are not engaged. 4. Rout, riot. n. (-ः) Flight, running away through fear. ३. दृक्पति imitative sound, and न what occasions, from न to go, affix दृक्पति ।

दृक्पति m. (-ः) 1. A musical instrument, a sort of small drum, shape like an hour-glass, and held in one hand usually carried by Kapalikas. 2. Any thing surprising, any strange occurrence, &c. ३. दृक्पति imitative sound, दृक्पति to go or get दृक्पति affix and the vowel change दृक्पति adj. f. (-ती) 1. Famous, Renowned. 2. (m) An assemblage, a mass as in दृक्पति.

दृक्पति n. (-ः) 1. A car or litter carried upon men's shoulders, a Palanquin, a Duli. 2. Flying in the air, the flight of a bird. ३. दृक्पति to fly, दृक्पति.

दृक्पति m. (-ः) 1. Famous, Renowned. 2. (m) An assemblage, a mass as in दृक्पति.

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दृक्पति m. (-ः) 1. Famous, Renowned. 2. (m) An assemblage, a mass as in दृक्पति.

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दृक्पति m. (-ः) 1. Famous, Renowned. 2. (m) An assemblage, a mass as in दृक्पति.







चक r. 1st cl. (नचति, or with प्र prefixed प्रचकति) To go, to move, to approach.

चक. r. 1st cl. (चकति) also (च) चकि r. 1st cl. (नचति) To go, to move, also चक. नचति भा-पर-सक-सेट् । चीवदेवमायु उति विनिन चकम् ।

चट r. 1st cl. (नटति प्रचटति) 1. To dance. 2. To dance as an actor, to gesticulate, to act; also चट. 3. To hurt. भा-पर-सक-सेट् ।

चद r. 1st cl. (नदति प्रचदति) To sound inarticulately, to roar as a river or a wild beast, to ring as a bell, &c. r. 10th cl. [चक-सेट् ।

(नादयति-ने) To speak or tell, to shine. भासे चरा-सक-सक-सेट् । भा-पर-सक-सेट् । 1st cl. नचते प्रचयते 4th cl. (नचति) and 9th cl. (नचति) 1. To kill, to injure. 2. To be annihilated, to cease to be.

चन r. 1st cl. (नचति) 1. To salute with reverence or respect. 2. To bow down or bent, to bow down in homage or worship. 3. To bound. With चव or चाक् or चन् prefixed, To bend down, to decline. With च्, to bow, to salute With चन्, To lift up, to raise, to make straight or erect. भासे चक-नचति सक भा-पर-चनित् ।

चय r. 1st cl. (नयते प्रचयते) 1. To go, to move or approach. 2. To preserve, to protect, to defend. भा-पर-सक-सेट् ।

चदं r. 1st cl. (नदति प्रचदति) To sound; also चदं. भा-पर-सक-सेट् ।

चच r. 1st cl. (नचति प्रचचति) 1. To smell. 2. To bind.

चम r. 4th cl. (च) चम् (नचति) To disappear, to cease to be, to perish, to be annihilated. चदयते भासे च दिवा पर-सक-सेट् ।

चय r. 1st cl. (नचति प्रचयते) 1. To be crooked, (literally or metaphorically). 2. To bend; to make curved or crooked. भा-चाक-चक-सेट् ।

चव r. 4th cl. (ची) चीवच (नचति नचते) To bind, to tie. With चन् prefixed, (सज्जयति) To arm, to put on mail or military accoutrements. दिवा-सक-सक-चनित् ।

चास (च) चासु r. 1st cl. (नचते प्रचासते) To sound in particular manner, to snore भा-चाक-चक-सेट् ।

चिच r. 1st cl. (नचति प्रचिचति) To kiss; the change of the च after a preposition is optional in the derivatives of this root. भा-पर-सक-सेट् ।

चिज (च) चिजि r. 2nd cl. (नचि प्रचिज) To kiss; the cleanse, (जी, रर) चीचिजि r. 3rd cl. (नेचिजि चिजिने) 1. To nurture, to cherish or maintain. 2. To purify, to cleanse.

चद (च) चिदि r. 1st cl. (नचति-ने प्रचिदि) also (च) चिदि r. 1st cl. (नेचिदि-ने, प्रचिदि) 1. To abuse, to censure, to reproach, to reprove or revile, to despise or condemn, &c. (The second root means also) 2. To approach, to come near. The change of च after a preposition is optional in the derivatives of the first of these roots. भा-पर-सक-सेट् । चिदिने सक-भा-सक-सेट् । सचिदिने सक-भा-सक-सेट् ।

चिच r. 6th cl. (निलति) 1. To misunderstand, to comprehend ill or imperfectly. 2. To be thick or impenetrable.

(चिच (2) चिचि r. 1. cl. (नचति प्रचिचति) To wet, To moisten, to sprinkle.

चिच r. 1st cl. (नेचति प्रचिचति) To meditate profoundly.

चिच r. 1st cl. (च) चिचु (चिचति) To sprinkle, to shed as water.

चिच (च) चिचि r. 2nd cl. (नचि प्रचिचि) To kiss; the change of च after a preposition is optional in the derivatives. भा-पर-सक-सेट् । चिचिने ।

ची (च) चीव r. 1st cl. (नचति-ने) 1. To conduct, to drive or guide to cause progressive conveyance. 2. To obtain, to get. The root is inflected as the deponent verb, implying, 1. Instruction, as नचते प्राप्ते he instructs in the Sutra; 2. Worshipping, चिच नचते he worships Visnu; also with prepositions in the sense of; 1. Paying, चयमुपनयते he pays the hire; 2. Paying as a debt, चयं विनयते he discharges the debt; 3. Casting or lifting up, चयमुपनयते he lifts up the stick; 4. Giving, चयं विनयते he gives the things; and 5. Brahmanical Investiture, चयमुपनयते he invests him with the thread; it is also deponent, governing an incorporeal object existing in the agent, as चीव विनयते he suppresses wrath; if the object is not in the agent the verb is active, as गुरी चीव विनयति he appeases his teacher's anger; as also if the object is

corporeal, as चीव विनयति he turns away the cheek. The root is with many prefixes, and in a great variety of meanings. 1. च, a. To ask, to entreat. b. To make like or resemble in favour. 2. With च्, a. To take away, to remove. b. To attend. With चि, a. To indicate by signs. b. To be kind or civil to. 3. चक् To bring. 5. With च्, To raise up. 6. With च्, To agree to go near to (see also above). 7. With च्, To act or be wickedly. 8. With चि, a. To get or obtain. b. To ascertain, to termine. 9. With चि, a. To marry, b. To take cognizance of. 10. च, a. To punish. b. To love. 11. With चि, a. To take away, to remote or distant. b. To be humble or modest. 12. With चि and च्, To remove, to disperse, to disperse. 13. With चि and चि, To de by law. 14. With च्, a. To collect. b. To discharge. 15. With and च्, To entreat. 16. With च् and चक्, To assemble, collect, &c.

चीक r. 1st cl. (नचति प्रचीकति) 1. To be blue. 2. To make or dye blue

चीव r. 1st cl. (नचति प्रचीवति) To be large or corpulent.

चु r. 3rd cl. (नचति प्रचुति) To 'praise With चाक् prefixed (चाकुते) utter a cry of regret. r. 6th cl. (नचति) To praise. भा-पर-सक-सेट् ।

चुव r. 6th cl. (ची) चीवच (नचति नचते) 1. To cast, to command, to di to throw or send; the act of ordering being considered analo to that of throwing. 2. To go or proceed. With च्, To rem With चि 1. To throw out. 2. To confess, to acknowledge. Wit To be happy. With च in the causal, To drive, (as horses.)

चु r. 6th cl. (नचति) To praise; also चु. भा-पर-सक-सेट् ।

चेद (च) चेद r. 1st cl. (नेचति-ने) 1. To censure, to despise. 2. To appr or come near; see चिद सक-सक-सेट् ।

चेव (च) चेव r. 1st cl. (नेचते) To go, to move or approach. भा-चाक सेट् ।

चय m. प्रचयलीकसे सरीवरमेदे ।

त

त The first consonant of the fourth or dental class, corresponding the letter T, in tongue.

त m. (तः) 1. A thief. 2. Nectar, the food of the immortals. 3. An caste, a barbarian or Mlech'cha. 4. The flank, the hip or ha 5. A tall. 6. The womb. 7. A wicked man. 8. A tree. 9. A j 10. A Buddha. n. (तः) 1. Passing, crossing. 2. Virtue, sancti to cross, &c. affix च्.

तक r. 1st cl. (तकति) 1. To laugh at or deride, 2. To bear. With चि चति prefixed, and implying reciprocity (चतितकते) To ret laugh. (र) तकि r. 1st cl. (तकति) To live in distress to be in po or pain. (तकते) To go to move. चकते चकते वा च । भासे चक-चकने भा-पर-सेट् ।

तक mfn. (तः-का-क) That. e. तत् that कन् pleonasm added.

तकिल mfn. (तः-का-क) Fraudulent, crafty, a rogue or cheat. fr (-) medicament, a drug तक to deride, affix च्.

तक mfn. (तः-का-क) 1. Laughable, ridiculous. 2. To be horro dured. e. तत् to laugh, च् participial aff.

तक n. (तः) n. Buttermilk with a fourth part water. e. तत् to (sickness). Unadi affix च्.

तकचिचि का f. (चा) Inspissated buttermilk. e. तत्, add चिचि चिचि ed milk.

तकचिचि का f. (चा) Meat fried with ghee, &c. e. तत्, add चिचि चिचि eaten with buttermilk. e. तत्, and चिचि चिचि

तकचिचि m. (तः) A churning stick. e. तत्, add चिचि चिचि is, (from it)

lat cl. (तनति) 1. To cover. 2. To skin or peel. (च) तन् of lat. (तनति) To plane, to plane, to make thin, to cut off to chip or slice; used in any other sense, this root takes the regular form only, either simple or compound, as with क् prefixed, To censure, (तनति) &c. तन्-उत्ते क्छादि-वर-उत्ते-उत्ते. (वाचा जीव).

म. (-कः) 1. A carpenter. 2. The Sutradhara, the manager and chief actor in the prelude of a drama. 3. One of the principal asps or serpents of Patala. 4. The divine artist, VISHWAKARMA.

The name of a tree. स. तन् to chip, to peel or plane, &c. affix क्. प. (-कः) Paring, peeling, planing, &c. f. (-की) A carpenter's adze. तन् to plane or pare, affixes भावे क्. ट्. and जीव्.

न. f. (-का) The name of a city, the Taxila of Ptolemy in the Punjab. स. तन् paring, पिशा stone, built of hewn stones.

न. (-कः) A carpenter. स. तन् to pare, Unadi affix कविच्.

र. तन् r. lat cl. (तनति) 1. To go or move. 2. To quake, to shake or amble. 3. To trip, to stumble. तन्-पर-उत्ते-उत्ते इति । क्छादि कन्वे च क्छा.

म. (-रः) 1. A shrub, (Tabernaemontana coronaria.) 2. A thorny rub, (Vangueria spinosa.) 3. Another plant, commonly Tagarula. न. तन्. तन् त्रीक मरः ।

हका f. (-कः) A plant ; also Tagaramula.

. (-रः) 1. An axe, a crow, a stone cutter's chisel : see टट. 2. Grief on separation from a beloved object. 3. Fear, terror. 4. Wearing cloth. 5. Living in distress, स. तन् to be in distress, &c. affix चक्. भावे (न. -कः) Immediate, instantaneous. स. तन् that, (that moment,) and ज. born. ततो जायते जनः ।

र. तन् r. lat cl. (तनति) To go, (क) तन् r. 7th cl. (तनति) To shrink contract ; also तन्.

र. तन् r. 7th cl. (तनति) To shrink or contract [ To beat.

lat cl. (तनति) To be elevated or high, to rise. r. 10th cl. (ताडयति)

n. sub. (-टः-टा-टी-ट) A shore or bank. n. (-ट) A field. म. तट to rise or be high, affix चक्. fem. aff. जीव्.

afn. (-खः-खा-ख) 1. Indifferent, alien, neuter. 2. Situated on a bank or shore. m. (-खः) An indifferent person, one neither a friend nor a foe. n. (-खः) That property which is distinct from the nature of any thing, yet is the faculty by which it is known : other words, spiritual essence unconnected with bodily wants or passions. स. तट a bank, a weight, and ख who stands. तटे मनीषे तिष्ठति -ख ।

2. (-कः) A pond deep enough for the lotus and other aquatic lowers. स. तट a band, and चक् to go. affix चक्, or तट-चाकच् also डाक, also ताटाक and तटीक.

f. (-नो) A river. स. तट a bank, and इति poss. aff.

10th cl. (ताडयति) 1. To beat, to strike. 2. To shine : (र) तटि.

lat cl. (तनति) To strike or beat. च्. उम. सेट । दीप्ती चक्. चक्ती क. चाद्वी क्. चा. खक्. सेट. इति ।

m. (-नः) A pond, a tank : see तटान.

m. (-कः) A pond or pool, one deep enough for the lotus. (क) 1. A bank, a shore. 2. A blow. स. तन् to beat, Unadi affix चक् ; also तटक् and तटन.

m. (-कः) 1. A pond, a pool, deep enough for the growth of the lotus, &c. See the preceding. 2. A trap for catching fish. स. तन् to beat, affix चक्, दास्, इर.

f. m. (-कः) A blow from an elephant's uplifted trunk. स. तन् to beat, and चक् a blow. [ing the earth, &c.

(वि) Lightning. स. तन् to strike or beat, Unadi affix चक्. तनति (तन-नती-न) Lightning, emitting lightning, flashing.

(तनति) A cloud, it emits lightning, and तनति.

स. तन् to beat lightning. स. तनति, and तनति a sweeper.

स. तन् to beat lightning performance or presentation. स. तनति. स. तनति. स. तनति. 3. The trunk of a tree. 4. The

right post of a house. 5. A compound word. 6. A person, a cheat. स. तन् to beat or kill, affix चक्.

तन् m. (-कः) One of Siva's doorkeepers, one of the original teachers of the arts of dancing and rainmaking.

तन् रीच m. (-कः) 1. A worm, an insect. 2. A foot, a stock. 3. The water in which rice has been soaked or steeped. स. तन् रीच, &c. स. तन्, and न. changed to र. or तन् रीच, &c. स. तन् रीच, &c.

तन् रीच m. (-कः) 1. Grain after threshing and winnowing, especially rice.

2. A vermifuge plant : see तनति. 3. A potherb, a sort of Amaranth, (A. polygonoides.) स. तन् to beat, Unadi affix चक्, and तन् inserted.

तन् जाच f. (-कः) Rice water or gruel. स. तन् जाच, and चक् water.

तन् रीच m. (-कः) A sort of Amaranth. स. तन् रीच, &c. added to the preceding ; also तन् रीच.

तन् रीच m. (-कः) 1. A kind of Amaranth. (A. polygonoides.) 2. A vermifuge. 3. A mineral, iron pyrites. स. तन् रीच, (to which the seeds, &c. are compared. and च affix ; also तन् रीच.

तन् रीच f. (-कः) A plant of which the seeds are used as a vermifuge see तनति. स. तन् to beat, affix चक्.

तन् रीच m. (-कः) A sort of Amaranth : see तन् रीच, &c. स. तन् रीच, and चक् aff.

तन् रीच n. (-कः) Water in which rice has been boiled, rice gruel. स. तन् रीच, and चक् water.

तन् रीच m. (-कः) A prickly sort of bamboo, (Bambusa spinosa.) 2. A heap of grain. स. तन् रीच, grain &c. or (as derived from तन् to beat to tear,) a thorn, रीच a heap or quantity.

तन् ind. Therefore, thence, the consequent or correlative to तन्. स. तन् to spread, or extend, affix चक्.

तन् प्रत्यय ind. Thenceforth, स. तन्, and चक् the rest.

तन् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Spread, diffused, expanded. 2. Stretched, extended. m. (-तः) Air, wind. n. (-तः) Any string instrument. स. तन् to spread, &c. स. तन्, or. Unadi aff. तन्.

तन् चिह्न mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Distinctly marked. स. तन्, and चिह्न a mark.

तन् वरी f. (-नो) The plantain tree. स. तन् spread, and वरी leaf, broad-leaved.

तन् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) That one, (of many.) स. तन् that, and चक् affix of the superlative degree.

तन् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) That one, (of two.) स. तन् that, and चक् affix of the comparative degree.

तन् ind. 1. Therefore, thence, consequently. 2. From that, then, 3. Then, how, (asking) 4. Then, further, after that (continuation).

5. Afterwards, subsequently. 6. Thither, there. स. तन्, affix तन्.

तन् चिह्न ind. 1. Hither and thither. 2. Then after that, what next, (asking impatiently.) स. तन्, reiterated.

तन् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Of or relating to that, &c. स. तन्, as above, चक् aff.

तन् mfn. plu. (तन्) तन् तन् तन् So many,

तन् f. (-ति) 1. A line, a row or range. 2. A number, a crowd. स. तन् to spread, affix चक्.

तन् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Cheering, serving, a servant. स. तन्, and चक् who does.

तन् m. (-तः) Present time, time being, or the time when an act occurs. स. तन् that, तन् time.

तन् m. (-तः) A person, or intelligent for the time being, one having possession of mind, &c. स. तन्, तन् time being, and चक् under standing.

तन् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Working without hire or wages. स. तन् thence, तन्, तन्.

तन् m. (-तः) Time present, thus &c. स. तन् that, and चक् present.

तत्त्व न. (-त्त्व) 1. Essential nature, the real nature of the human soul, considered as one and the same with the divine spirit animating the universe: the philosophical etymology of this word best explains its meaning, तत् that, that divine being, and त्व thou, that very God art thou. 2. The Supreme being, or Brahman. 3. Truth, reality, substance, opposed to what is illusory or fallacious. 4. An element or elementary property, differently enumerated in different system from the three which are the same with the three Gunas, to twenty-seven, which include the elements, organs, faculties, matter, spirit, life, and God. 5. A first principle, an axiom. 6. Mind, intellect. 7. Slow time in music. 8. A musical instrument. ९. As above, or तद् that, then &c. affix त् ; the word is properly, therefore, written तत्त्व, but in books one त् is commonly rejected.

तत्त्वज्ञान न. (-ज्ञान) Knowledge of divine truth. २. तत्त्व as above, and ज्ञान knowledge.

तत्त्वतश्च ind. Truly, accurately, fully. २. तत्त्व, and तस्मिन् aff.

तत्त्वचासं म. (-सं) Touching different parts of the body in the worship of Vishnu. २. तत्त्व, and चासं gesticulation.

तत्त्वविद् mfo. (-विद्) Knowing the truth, knowing things as they are. २. तत्त्व, and विद् who knows.

तत्त्वानीध म. (-ध) Knowledge of spirit. २. तत्त्व, and धानीध ascertainment.

तत्त्वामिदो म. (-मिदो) A positive charge or declaration. २. तत्त्व, and मिदो accusation.

तत्पर mfn. (-तत्पर) 1. Diligent, attending to any thing closely and anxiously. 2. Belonging to a principal object or intent of. m. (-तत्पर) The thirtieth part of the time of the twinkling of the eye. २. तत् that, पर addicted to.

तत्परायण mfn. (-परायण) Attached or addicted to some particular thing or person. २. तद् that, परायण attached to.

तत्पूर्व mfn. (-पूर्व) Prior, former. २. तद्, and पूर्व before.

तत्पुरुष म. (-पुरुष) 1. That or a certain person. 2. A form of composition, (in Grammar,) usually consisting of two nouns, the first of which was in any case except the nominative or vocative; sometimes the inflection of the case is retained. २. तद् that, and पुरुष man or person.

तत्फल mfn. (-फल) Resulting from any particular act, &c. m. (-फल) 1. The white water lily. 2. A fragrant grass. ३. तद्, and फल fruit.

तत्त्व (तत्) तस्मिन् 10th cl. (तत्त्वत्ते) 1. To spread, to extend or expand. 2. To nourish or support a family, &c. तत्त्वां सन्तं मेद इदित् ।

तत्त्व ind. There, therein, the relative to तत्. २. तद् that, तत्त्व affix, in lieu of the proper seventh case.

तत्त्व mfn. (-त्व) Produced there or in a certain place. २. तत्, and त्व aff.

तत्त्वमसि mfn. (-मसि) Venerable, respectable, reverend. २. तत्त्व therein. (in all things) तत्त्वम् pre-ornament: see चतुर्वर्ग.

तत्त्व न. (-त्व) See तत्त्व.

तत्त्व ind. 1. So, like, correlative to तत्त्वा as, &c. 2. Thus, (implying certainty.) 3. So, so be it, (implying assent or promise.) 4. Thus, then, therefore, (or reply.) 5. And, so, in (conjunction.) २. तद् in that, तत्त्व affix, implying manner.

तत्त्व म. (-म) A Jina or Buddha. २. तत्त्वा thus, (what really is,) and तत्त्व known, obtained.

तत्त्व ind. And so, thus, even so likewise. २. तत्त्वा with तत्त्व and.

तत्त्व न. (-त्व) Being so; the case or circumstance being admitted to be as stated. २. तत्त्वा, and तत्त्व aff.

तत्त्व ind. Nevertheless, yet, even. २. तत्त्वा, and तत्त्व even.

तत्त्व mfn. (-त्व) Of such a kind, or kind. २. तत्त्वा and तत्त्व sort.

तत्त्व म. (-म) A Jina or Buddha.

तत्त्व ind. So, even so, in the same manner. २. तत्त्वा, and तत्त्व thus. तत्त्व mfn. (-त्व) True. २. (-त्व) Truth. २. तत्त्वा thus, (what is so,) and तत्त्व aff.

तद् Relative or third personal pronoun. (तद् वा तद्) He, she, man, that woman, that thing. २. तद् to extend or spread. affix तद्. तद्.

तद् (तद्) तस्मिन् 1st cl. (तत्त्वत्ते) To be content or happy.

तद्विपात mfn. (-तद्विपात) Transgressing, going beyond the bounds.

तद्वत्तर न. adv. (-त्तर) Next, afterwards. २. तद् that, चत्तर after.

तद्वत् न. adv. (-त्त) To that end, just so far. २. तद्, and चत्त end.

तद्वत् mfn. (-त्त) 1. On that account, with that object. 2. ing such a meaning. २. तद्, and चत्त sense.

तद्वत् न. (-त्त) 1. A thing returned. 2. Delivering any article, and चत्त delivery.

तदा ind. Then, at that time. २. तद् that, दा affix, implying time.

तदाव न. (-व) Time being, time present. २. तदा then, तदा affix o. abstract.

तदानीम् ind. Then, at that time. २. तद् that, दानीम् aff.

तदावर्ति ind. Thenceforward. २. तदा, and वर्ति the rest.

तदावृत्त न. (-वृत्त) Commencement, beginning. २. तदा, and वृत्त beginning.

तदीय mfn. (-तदीय) That, that person, that thing. २. तद्, and दीय.

तद्विना ind. 1. In the course of the day. 2. Day by day. n. (-विना) A certain day. २. तद् that, and विना a day.

तद्वत् mfn. (-तद्वत्) Miserly, niggardly. २. तद् thence, वत् wealth.

तद्वत् ind. So, in like manner, the correlative to तद्वत् as. २. तद्. तद्वत् aff.

तद्वत् f. (-वत्) A sort of arrow. २. तद् thence, वत् strong.

तद्वत् mfn. (-वत्) In that manner, in such a manner, of such kind or sort. २. तद्, and वत् way.

तद्वत् m. (-वत्) A derivative noun, as a patronimic or attributive of various kind, &c. n. (-वत्) The formation of such nouns. २. तद् that (original noun,) वत् what relates to or suits.

तत्त्व (तत्) तस्मिन् 8th cl. (तत्त्वत्ते) To expand, to spread, to extend, diffuse, to dilate, &c. physically or morally. २. 1st and 10th (तत्त्वत्ते) 1. To confide, to believe or have faith in. 2. To assist. 3. To be harmless. 4. To sound. 5. To pain or afflict. 6. (With a preposition,) To lengthen, to stretch, to expand &c. as in the 8th cl.

तत्त्व म. (-वत्) 1. A son. 2. A male descendant. f. (-वत्) 1. A daughter. 2. A plant; see चक्रवर्त्त. २. तद् to spread, (to extend the family name,) तद्वत् Unadi aff. तद्वत् कुलम् ।

तद्वत् mfn. (-वत्) 1. Smaller, less. 2. Minute, delicate, small. तद्, and तद्वत् aff.

तदीय mfn. (-तदीय) 1. Smallest, least. 2. Very small or delicate. २. तद्, and तदीय aff.

तद् mfn. (-तद्) or तदीय or तदीय 1. Small, minute. 2. Delicate, fine, with interest. 3. Thin, slender, emaciated. 4. Little. २. तद्. तद्.

तद् m. (-तद्) 1. The body. 2. The skin. f. (-तद्) 1. A woman. 2. Point of conjunction, or sun's entrance into a new sign. f. (-तद्) 1. A delicate or slender woman. 2. A stanza of four lines, and twenty syllables in each: a variety of the Sankriti metre. २. तद् stretch or spread, Unadi affix तद्; also तद् and तद्.

तद्वत् न. (-वत्) A pore of skin. २. तद्, and तद्वत् well.

तद्वत् mfn. (-वत्) Covering (the body,) clothing, protecting. २. तद्. 1. Armour. 2. Attire. २. तद्, and तद्वत् to cover, affix तद्.

तद्वत् m. (-वत्) A son. f. (-वत्) A daughter. २. तद् body, and तद् body.

तद्वत् n. (-वत्) Armour, mail. २. तद् the body, and तद् what preserves.

तद्वत् m. (-वत्) Armed, defended. २. तद्, and तद्वत् aff.

तद्वत् mfn. (-वत्) Niggardly, sparing. २. तद्, and तद्वत् aff.

(-यः) the body, death. 2. a little of the body, and  
 1. a little of the body, and what a hollow.  
 affix. (-यः) Embodied, corporeal. 2. तन्, and  
 1. A woman with a slender or elegant waist. 2. A  
 species of the Gayatri metre. 3. तन्, and what middle.  
 1. m. (-यः) Perspiration, sweat. 2. तन् the body, and रज juice.  
 1. n. (-यः) The hair or down of the body. 2. तन्, and रज what  
 grows: also with the final consonant. तन्वद्. (-यः)  
 1. unf. (-यः-यः) Spread, expanded. 2. तन् to spread, चक्ष् Unadi  
 affix.  
 1. n. m. (-यः) A division of hell. 2. तन् thin, small, and वान wind.  
 1. n. (-यः) Armour. 2. तन्, 3. to defend, चक्ष् aff.  
 1. m. (-यः) A warrior, a man in armour. 2. तन्वार and वर who  
 shines.  
 1. m. (-यः) A pimple, a pustule, a boil. 2. तन् slight, and चक्ष a  
 sore.  
 1. n. (-यः) The body. 2. तन् to stretch, Unadi affix चक्ष्.  
 1. f. (-यः) 1. A young woman, a girl, one of ten years old. 2.  
 तन् the body, चक्ष् who makes perfect.  
 1. (-यः) The body. 2. तन् to stretch, affix चक्ष्: see तन्.  
 1. mfn. (-यः-यः) Pared, made delicate or thin. 2. तन् thin, वर made,  
 and च rendered long.  
 1. m. (-यः) A son f. (-यः) A daughter. 2. तन्, and वर born.  
 1. m. (-यः) A son. 2. तन् body, and वर birth.  
 1. m. (-यः) The wind. 2. तन् body, चक्ष defective.  
 1. n. (-यः) Clarified butter or ghee. 2. तन् the body, and चक्ष deficiency,  
 thinness, sparseness of body, and चक्ष what cherishes; what  
 fattens.  
 1. m. (-यः) Fire or its deity. 2. तन्वद् ghee, and चक्ष who  
 eats, from चक्ष with चक्ष affix, or तन् the body, चक्ष negative, and चक्ष  
 to preserve, deriv. irr. destroying other bodies, or consuming its  
 own support or fuel, and ceasing to be.  
 1. m. (-यः) 1. The hair of the body. 2. The wing of a bird.  
 1. m. (-यः) A son. 2. तन् or तन् the body, and चक्ष what grows or  
 rises, from चक्ष with चक्ष affix; also तन्वद्.  
 1. m. (-यः) The anus, the rectum. 2. तन् the body, and चक्ष a deep  
 place.  
 1. m. (-यः) A weaver. f. (-यः) Expansion, extension. 2. तन् to  
 stretch, affix चक्ष्.  
 1. m. (-यः) 1. A thread. 2. A shark. 3. Offspring, race, descendants.  
 2. तन् to spread or stretch, Unadi affix तन्.  
 1. m. (-यः) Mustard seed. f. (-यः) A vein or any tubular vessel:  
 see तन्वद्.  
 1. n. (-यः) A piece of fibrous wood, or a brush used by weavers for  
 cleaning the threads of the woof. 2. तन् a weaver's thread, and वर  
 a wood.  
 1. m. (-यः) A silk-worm. 2. तन् a thread, and वर a worm.  
 1. m. (-यः) A shark. 2. तन् to spread, चक्ष aff.  
 1. m. (-यः) A shark. 2. तन्, and वर a snake.  
 1. m. (-यः) A palmyra tree. 2. तन् thread, and तन्वद् exudation,  
 alluding to its stringy or adhesive nature.  
 1. n. (-यः) The full moon of Bravara, when Krishna is believed  
 to be the Brahmanical cord. 2. तन्, and वर a festival.  
 1. m. (-यः) Mustard seed (Sinapis dichotoma); also sometimes  
 1. m. (-यः) A thread. 2. तन् a thread, and तन् to shine, affix चक्ष्.  
 1. m. (-यः) The most.  
 1. m. (-यः) The most. 2. तन् a thread, and तन् to shine, affix चक्ष्.  
 1. m. (-यः) The most. 2. तन् a thread, and तन् to shine, affix चक्ष्.

तन्वद्. (-यः) 1. A weaver. 2. A loom. 2. तन् a thread, and तन् to weave,  
 affix चक्ष्.  
 तन्वद्. (-यः) 1. A weaver. 2. A spider. 2. तन् a thread, and तन् to weave,  
 चक्ष affix; also तन्वद्.  
 तन्वद्. (-यः) The banana or plantain. 2. तन् a thread, and तन् a  
 part.  
 तन्वद्. (-यः) A weaver's shop. 2. तन् weaving, and तन्वद् a house or  
 hall.  
 तन्वद्. (-यः) Woven cloth. 2. तन् a thread, and तन्वद् collected.  
 तन्वद्. (-यः) The betelnut tree; also तन्वद्. 2. तन् a thread, and  
 तन्वद् having a stringy pith.  
 तन्वद्. (-यः-यः) Dependant, subservient. m. (-यः) A weaver. f.  
 (-यः) 1. Any string or rope. 2. The wire or string of a lute.  
 3. Any tubular vessel of the body. 4. A plant, (Menispermum  
 glabrum:) see तन्वद्. 5. The name of a river. 6. A young  
 woman. n. (-यः) 1. A Tantra, a religious treatise teaching  
 peculiar and mystical formulæ and rites for the worship of the  
 deities, or the attainment of superhuman power; it is mostly in the  
 form of a dialogue between Siva and Durga, who are the peculiar  
 gods of the Tantrikas: there is a great number of these works, and  
 their authority, in many parts of India, seems to have, in a great  
 measure, superseded that of the Vedas; according to one account,  
 a Tantra comprises five subjects, the creation and destruction of  
 the world, the worship of the gods, the attainment of all objects,  
 magical rites for the acquirement of six (superhuman) faculties,  
 and four modes of union with spirit by meditation; a variety of  
 subjects are, however, introduced many of them, whilst some are  
 limited to a single topic, as the mode of breathing in certain rites,  
 the language of birds, beasts, &c. 2. A branch of the Vedas, that  
 which teaches Mantra or mystical and magical formulæ. 3. Demon-  
 stration, clear and right conclusion. 4. Raiment, vesture. 5. A me-  
 dicament, a drug. 6. A principal medicament, or perhaps a charm  
 considered as producing medicinal effects. 7. Providing for a fami-  
 ly. 8. A cause, a motive. 9. Cause common to two or more results:  
 the instruments or means of more than one effect. 10. Necessary or  
 indispensable act or provision; the right way of doing any thing.  
 11. Chief, principal. 12. A royal retinue, a court, a train. 13. An  
 army. 14. A royal property: that of providing for the security and  
 prosperity of the kingdom. 15. A realm, a country. 16. A thread.  
 17. Subservience, service, dependance. 18. Oath or ordeal. 19. De-  
 corations, hanging with trophies, garlands, &c. 20. Heap, multitude.  
 21. Wealth. 22. A house. 23. An implement or weaving a loom.  
 24. Happiness, felicity. 2. तन् to spread or extend, affix चक्ष्; or  
 तन्वद् to spread, to support a family, &c. affix चक्ष्, fem. affix चक्ष्; or  
 तन्वद् with तन् Unadi aff.  
 तन्वद्. (-यः) New and unbleached cloth. 2. तन् the loom, and तन्वद् affix,  
 recently from the loom.  
 तन्वद्. (-यः) A fibrous stick for cleaning the woof, &c. 2. तन् weav-  
 ing, and वर wood.  
 तन्वद्. (-यः) 1. Dependence, subservience. 2. The quality or character  
 of a Tantra. 3. Comprehending several rites in one, performance  
 of one ceremony or penance in lieu of a number. 2. तन्, and तन्वद् add-  
 ed; also with तन्वद्.  
 तन्वद्. (-यः) A weaver. m. (-यः) A loom. 2. तन् a thread, and तन्  
 to weave, affix चक्ष्.  
 तन्वद्. (-यः) 1. A weaver. 2. A spider. 2. तन् a thread, a web,  
 and तन् to spin or weave, affix चक्ष्; also तन्वद् and sometimes  
 तन्वद्.  
 तन्वद्. (-यः) A plant, Guricht. 2. तन् added to तन्.  
 तन्वद्. (-यः-यः) 1. Spun, weaved, made of threads. 2. Chorded,

having chords or wires, (as an instrument.) 3. A musician. 4. Having a Tantra, following one, &c. **तपसा** and **तपि** aff.

**तपिनामक** m. (-कः) A name of JAGANNATH. **तपि** (derived from तप, any, army, with **तपि** affix) a general, and **तपसा** who cherishes or aids.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) A weaver; see **तपसा**.

**तपसा** f. (-सा) 1. Leasitude, exhaustion, weariness, syncope. 2. Sleepiness, sluggishness. **तप** affix a Sanskrit root, to be weary, affix **तप** also with **तपि** affix **तपि** f. (-पि) and with **तपि** added **तपि**. **तपसा** mfn. (-सः-तपः-तपः) Slothful, sluggish, overcome with sleep or fatigue. **तप** to sloth; and **तपसा** aff.

**तपि** f. (-पि) 1. Sleepiness. 2. Leasitude. 3. Fainting, exhaustion: see **तपसा**. **तप** affix a Sanskrit root, to be weary, and **तपि** Unadi aff.

**तपिना** f. (-ना) Sloth, sleepiness. **तप** added to **तपि**.

**तपि** f. (-पि) 1. Drowsiness. 2. Leasitude: see **तपसा**.

**तपि** f. (-पि) A plant: see **तपसा**.

**तपसा** n, sub. (-सः) The archetype or subtle rudiment of elementary matter. adv. Merely that. **तप**, and **तपसा** only, or element. **तपसा** एव तपसा वा माया तपसा वा ।

**तपसा** m. (-सः) 1. Night. 2. A musical instrument. **तप** to spread, **तपसा** Unadi aff.

**तपसा** mfn. (-सः-तपः-तपः) Spreading, extending. **तप** to spread, **तपसा** aff.

**तप** (चौ) तपि r. 1st cl. (तपति-ते) r. 4th cl. (तपति-ते) and r. 10th cl. (तपयति-ते) 1. To heat or be hot, to burn; (hence figuratively,) to suffer mental or bodily pain. 2. To have pre-eminent or superhuman power: the deponent form only is used when the root with the prefix **तप** or **तपि** occurs intransitively, or governs as its object part of the body of the agent, as **तपसा** वितपते warms the hand, (तपसा वितपते) shines, burns, &c. The root takes the passive form also, when implying religious meditation, as **तपसा** तपसा: the devotee revolves religious thoughts. With **तप** prefixed, (चतुस्तपते) To repent, to regret. With **तपि** or **तप** (परितपति चतुस्तपति,) 1. To bear or inflict pain, anguish, heat, distress, &c. 2. To be sorrowful, to repent.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) The mango fish: see **तपसा**.

**तपसा** mfn. (-सः-तपः-तपः) Emaciated by austerities. **तप**, and **तपसा** lean.

**तपसा** mfn. (-सः-तपः-तपः) Patient of austerities, **तप** austere devotion, **तपसा** fatigue, and **तपसा** bearing.

**तपसा** f. (-सा) A name of Benares. **तप** religious austerities, and **तपसा** soil, place, fem. affix **तप**.

**तप** m. (-सः) 1. The hot season, summer. 2. Heat, warmth. 3. The sun. **तप** to heat, affix **तप**.

**तपसा** mfn. (-सः-तपः-तपः) 1. Heating or warming. 2. Performing penance. **तप** to heat, **तपसा** aff.

**तपसा** f. (-सा) 1. A name of CHHAYA, wife of the sun. 2. Also of the daughter of the sun, or the personified Tapti river, married to SAMVARANA of the Kuru family. **तप** heat or the sun, and **तपसा** who accompanies, fem. affix **तप**.

**तप** m. (-सः) 1. The sun. 2. A division of hell. 3. Heat, burning. 4. Mental distress, pining, grieving. 5. The hot season. 6. the marking nut plant f. (-सा) The Godavari river. **तप** to inflame, affix **तप** **तप** and **तप**.

**तपसा** n. (-सः) A ray, a sunbeam. **तप**, and **तपसा** a ray.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) KARNA, &c. f. (-सा) 1. The Yamuna river. 2. The Tapti river. **तप** the sun, and **तपसा** child.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) The sun-stone. **तप**, and **तपसा** a gem.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) A ray of the sun, a sunbeam. **तप**, and **तपसा** ray.

**तपसा** f. (-सा) 1. The Godavari river. 2. The Yamuna river. **तप** the sun, and **तपसा** a daughter.

**तपसा** mfn. (-सः-तपः-तपः) 1. To be heated. 2. To be inflamed or heated as penance. n. (-सः) Gold. **तप** to heat, and **तपसा** aff.

**तपसा** n. (-सः) Gold. **तप**, and **तपसा** added.

**तपसा** n. (-सः) Copper. **तप**, and **तपसा** liked.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) 1. The name of a month, Magha, (January-February). 2. The cold or dewy season. 3. The hot season. **तप** affix 1. Religious austerity, penance, mortification, the practice of moral or personal self-denial, or the infliction of bodily tortures. 2. A word, the region above the Janaloka, inhabited by saints or devotees after death. 3. Virtue, moral merit. 4. Duty, the special observance of certain things: thus the Tapas of a Brahman is sacred learning of a Kshetras, the protection of subject; of a Valya, almsgiving to Brahmins; of a Sudra, the service of the same tribe, and of Rishi or saint, feeding upon herbs and roots. n. **तप** to heat or flame, affix **तपसा**.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) 1. The moon. 2. A bird. **तप** to heat, **तपसा** Unadi aff.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) A name of INDRA. **तप** austerity, and **तपसा** whips or makes thin; emaciating himself by his devotions. **तपसा** चति तपसा चतुः चतुः । **तपसा** ।

**तपसा** m. (-सः) 1. The month Phalguna, (February-March) 2. A name of ARJUNA. f. (-सा) 1. Devout austerity, religious penance. n. (-सः) The flower of the Kunda, (Jasminum pubescens.) **तपसा** the cold season, **तपसा** aff. **तपसा** सापु वत ।

**तपसा** mfn. (-सः-तपः-तपः) 1. Devout practicing austerities. 2. Poor, wretched, pitiable. m. (-सः) 1. An ascetic, a religious man engaged in the practice of rigorous and devout penance. 2. A name of NARADA. 3. A mendicant, a pauper. 4. The mango fish, (Polynemus risua.) f. (-सः) 3. A female devotee, a woman leading a religious life. 2. Spikenard, (Valerian jatamansi.) 3. Another plant: see **तपसा**. **तपसा** religious austerity, the hot season, &c. **तपसा** विनि aff.

**तपसा** mfn. (-सः-तपः-तपः) The practice of penance. **तपसा**, and **तपसा** obligation.

**तपसा** mfn. (-सः-तपः-तपः) Practicing austerities. **तप** and **तपसा** self.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) The rainy season, **तप** the warm season. **तपसा** destroying; following the hot weather. **तपसा** दीपसा चतुः चतुः । **तपसा** ।

**तपसा** mfn. (-सः-तपः-तपः) Heated, burnt. **तप** to heat, affix **तप**, with **तपसा** m. (-सः) 1. Fire. 2. The sun. **तप** to heat, Unadi affix **तप**.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) A devotee, an ascetic, one who performs religious penance. f. (-सा) A plant: see **तपसा**. **तपसा** religious austerity, a wealth **तपसा** वत ।

**तपसा** m. (-सः) The influence of religious penance. **तपसा** and **तपसा** authority.

**तपसा** mfn. (-सः-तपः-तपः) Performing penance, practising austerities, **तपसा** and **तपसा** engaged in.

**तपसा** mfn. (-सः-तपः-तपः) Devout, practicing austerities. **तपसा** and **तपसा** aff.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) An ascetic. **तपसा** and **तपसा** form.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) An ascetic. **तपसा** and **तपसा** a heap.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) A country, part of central India or holy land. **तपसा** religious austerity, and **तपसा** what surrounds.

**तपसा** m. (-सः) A sacred grove, a place frequented by ascetics. **तपसा** and **तपसा** a wood.

**तपसा** mfn. (-सः-तपः-तपः) 1. Heated, inflamed, burnt. 2. Scorching by pain, sorrow, distressed, afflicted. 3. Inflamed with anger, inflamed. **तपसा** as performed in penance. 4. Heated, inflamed. 5. Burnt, inflamed.

तमाला वृक्ष, कश्चिद् अक्षि, implying possession, also with an analogical affix इति, इतिवृत्तिः abounding in Tamala trees.  
 तमाली f. (-ली) A medicinal plant : see ताम्रली.  
 तमि f. (-ति) Night, & तम to be weary, इत् affix : see तम and तमि.  
 तमिन् mfn. (-नी-नि-नि) Desiring, desirous, wishing & तम to desire, इत् or इत् aff.  
 तमिन् ra. (-चः) The dark half of the month, from the full to the change.  
 f. (-चा) 1. A dark night, or one during the wane of the moon.  
 2. Great or extensive darkness. 3. The night of the new moon. 4. Any night, n. (-चः) 1. Darkness, 2. Anger, wrath, & तमन् darkness, इ added, and इ substituted for, the penultimate.  
 तमिन्वृत्त m. (-चः) The fortnight of the moon's wane, & तमिन्, and वृत्त a fortnight.  
 तमीवृत्त m. (-चः) The quality of darkness or ignorance, & तमन्, and वृत्त properly.  
 तमीवृत्त m. (-चः) 1. Fire. 2. The sun, 3. The moon, 4. The legislator Buddha. 5. Vishnu. 6. Siva. & तमन् darkness, (physical or moral,) and इ destroyer. तमीवृत्तार जीवन्मृत्यु व. इति तम तम.  
 तमीवृत्ति m. (-ति) A fire-fly. & तमन् darkness, and वृत्ति light, तमन् वृत्तिरिव जीवन्मृत्यु. खचिते.  
 तमीवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्त) Dispersing darkness, m. (-वृत्त or वृत्त) 1. Fire 2. The sun, 3. The moon, 4. A lamp. & तमन् darkness, वृत्त to send away or disperse, अक्षि विप् : also with क् affix तमीवृत्त : तमी वृत्ति वृत्तमिति वृत्त-विप्.  
 तमीवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्त-वृत्त) See the preceding.  
 तमीवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्त-वृत्त) Lightening, enlightening, removing darkness physical or moral, m. (-चः) 1. The sun, 2. The moon, 3. Fire. 4. A name of Buddha, the founder of Buddha sect, & तमन् darkness, चवत् removing, from the चव prefixed to वृत्त to kill or destroy, अक्षि च ; also तमीवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्त-वृत्त) तमीवृत्तमिति चव-वृत्त च.  
 तमीवृत्त m. (-विप् or -विप्) A fire-fly. & तमन् darkness, and विप् what penetrates, तमी विप्ति विद्-विप्.  
 तमीवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्त-वृत्त) 1. Dark. 2. Ignorance. & तमन्, and वृत्त become.  
 तमीवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्त-वृत्त) Consisting of or composed of darkness, derived from it, & तमन्, and वृत्त aff. तमन् वृत्तमिति वृत्त-वृत्त वा।  
 तमीवृत्त m. (-विप्) A fire-fly. & तमन् darkness, वृत्ति a genus, तमन् वृत्तिरिव।  
 तमीवृत्ति f. (-ती) The district of Tumlook in Bengal. & तमन् darkness or sin, and विप् soiled, अक्षि वृत्ति ; a country of which the inhabitants are notoriously depraved.  
 तमीवृत्त m. (-रः) Disease, sickness. & तमन्, and वृत्त changed, proceeding from the Tama guna.  
 तमीवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्त-वृत्त) Overcome with or influenced by rage, fear, &c. or any of the effects of the property of darkness. 2. Obscured, clouded. & तमन् as above, and वृत्त surrounded.  
 तमीवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्त-वृत्त) Removing darkness, lightening. m. (-रः) The moon. & तमन् darkness, and वृत्त who removes, तमी वृत्ति वृत्त-वृत्त।  
 तम्या f. (-या) A cow. & तम to desire, चव् affix, also वृत्त being changed to च, तम्या.  
 तम्य r. 1st cl. (तम्यति) To go or move. & भा-व-वृत्त वृत्त.  
 तम्या f. (-या) A cow : see तम्या.  
 तम्य r. 1st cl. (तम्यते) To go or move. 2. To guard or preserve. & भा-व-वृत्त वृत्त-वृत्त.  
 तम्य mfn. (-वृत्त-वृत्त) Who or what protects. m. (-वृत्त) Protection. & तम्य, and चव् aff.  
 तम्य mfn. (-वृत्त-वृत्त) Who or what passes over or beyond. m. (-वृत्त) 1. Passing over, crossing. 2. A float, a raft. 3. A road. 4. A track. (रः) 1. A boat. 2. A club, 3. A clothes basket, a Pitara. 4. Sin. 5. A small wooden sailing vessel. 6. The end of a garment. & तम्य

तम्या f. (-या) A cow. & तम to desire, चव् affix, also वृत्त being changed to च, तम्या.  
 तम्य r. 1st cl. (तम्यति) To go or move. & भा-व-वृत्त वृत्त.  
 तम्या f. (-या) A cow : see तम्या.  
 तम्य r. 1st cl. (तम्यते) To go or move. 2. To guard or preserve. & भा-व-वृत्त वृत्त-वृत्त.  
 तम्य mfn. (-वृत्त-वृत्त) Who or what protects. m. (-वृत्त) Protection. & तम्य, and चव् aff.  
 तम्य mfn. (-वृत्त-वृत्त) Who or what passes over or beyond. m. (-वृत्त) 1. Passing over, crossing. 2. A float, a raft. 3. A road. 4. A track. (रः) 1. A boat. 2. A club, 3. A clothes basket, a Pitara. 4. Sin. 5. A small wooden sailing vessel. 6. The end of a garment. & तम्य



to cross, affix भावे चप्, fem. affix लीप्; also with इन् affix तरि, q. v. कर्तरि ण्. अमानो ए० तरति चनेन करवे चप्. चातरे पचादी।  
 तरङ्ग m. (-ङ्) A hyena. २. तर a road, and चि to annoy, affix दु infesting the road; also with कन् added तरङ्गुल m. (-ङ्) or with उ affix तरङ्ग m. (-ङ्) but not common. तरं नदिं नारीं वा विधीति।  
 तरङ्ग m. (-ङ्) 1. Wave. 2. Cloth or clothes. 3. The gallop of a horse. ४. त् to pass over or cross, Unadi affix चङ्।  
 तरङ्गिणी f. (-णी) A river. २. तरङ्ग a wave, इति and लीप् affix.  
 तरङ्गित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Wavy, billowy, tossing with waves. २. तरङ्ग, and इतच् aff. तरङ्गः सञ्जातः चङ्।  
 तरङ्ग m. (-ङ्) 1. A raft, a float. 2. Swarga or paradise. n. (-च) 1. Crossing over, passing, going across. 2. Removing from an inundation. ३. त् to cross, affix ण्।  
 तरङ्ग m. (-ङ्) 1. The sun. 2. A ray of light. 3. A float or raft. f. (-ङ्) or (-ली) 1. A boat. 2. The Secotrine aloe, (A perfoliata.) 3. A plant, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) ४. त् to cross, Unadi affix करवे कर्मणि भावे वा लृट्।  
 तरङ्गपेटक m. (-ङ्) An oval bowl or basin of wood, for baling a boat. २. तरङ्ग, and पेटक a basket, the boat's basket.  
 तरङ्गिराज n. (-ज) A ruby.  
 तरङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्) लङ् or लृट्) A boat, a vessel. mn. (-ङ्) 1. A raft or float, made of bamboos, &c. tied together, and sometimes floated upon jars or hollow gourd inverted. 2. The float of a finishing line. 3. An oar m. (-ङ्) A country. ४. त् to cross, चङ्।  
 तरङ्गपादा f. (-दा) A boat. २. तरङ्ग an oar, and पादा a foot, having oars for feet.  
 तरङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्) रन्-रन्ती-रन् Crossing, passing over. u. (-रन् or रद्) 1. A float or raft. 2. A kind of duck. ३. त् to cross, षट् affix of the active participle.  
 तरङ्ग m. (-ङ्) Conflagration of chaff; see तृणाग्नि.  
 तरङ्ग m. (-ङ्) 1. A fog. 2. A hard shower, a torrent of rain. 3. The ocean. f. (-ङ्) A boat. ४. त् to cross, ञ्।  
 तरङ्ग n. (-ङ्) A watermelon, (most probably borrowed from a Persian word)  
 तरङ्ग n. (-ङ्) Fare, freight. २. तर passing (a river), and पण्य price.  
 तरङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्) ला-ल) 1. Trembling, tremulous. 2. Libidinous, lecherous, wanton. 3. Luminous, splendid. 4. Hollow. 5. Liquid, liquefied m. (-ङ्) 1. The central gum of a necklace. 2. A necklace. 3. Bottom, depth, lower or under part. f. (-ङ्) 1. Rice gruel. 2. Wine, vinous or spirituous liquor. 3. A bee. ४. त् to pass, to go or move, affix चङ्।  
 तरङ्गता f. (-ता) Tremulousness, unsteadiness २. तङ् added to the last; also with ल, तरङ्गल.  
 तरङ्गलीचन f. (-नी) A woman with rolling or tremulous eyes. २. तरङ्ग trembling, and लीचन an eye.  
 तरङ्गित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Caused to tremble, agitated, undulating. m. (-तः) 1. A large wave or surf. 2. Fickleness. ३. तरङ्ग used as a verb, ञ्।  
 तरङ्गित mfn. (-तः ता-त) Shaken, trembling, tremulous २. तरङ्ग trembling, and इतच् aff.  
 तरवारि m. (-रि) A sword, a scymitar. २. तर passing, त् to effect, इन् affix, making its pass through the enemy, &c. also तरवारि m. (-रि) २. त् to go, to go quick, &c. चङ्।  
 तरङ्ग m. (-ङ्) 1. Speed, velocity. 2. Strength. 3. A bank. ४. A float, a raft ५. त् to go, to go quick, &c. चङ्।  
 तरङ्ग n. (-ङ्) Flesh २. तरङ्ग strength, affix चप्; in which there is strength.  
 तरङ्ग n. (-ङ्) A landing place, a wharf or stairs. २. तर passing, ferrying, and स्थान place.  
 तरङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्) 1. Quick, swift. 2. Valiant. ३. तरङ्ग, and चङ्।

तरङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्) 1. Quick, swift. 2. Strong, valiant. ३. 1. A carrier, an express, a runner. 2. A hare. 3. The fore Vishnu. 4. Air, wind. ५. तरङ्ग speed, &c. इति aff.  
 तरङ्ग m. (-ङ्) A large flat bottomed boat. २. तर crossing, चङ्। perhaps a various reading of the next.  
 तरङ्ग m. (-ङ्) A flat bottomed boat. २. तर passing over, चातुच् affix the preceding.  
 तरि f. (-रि) 1. A boat. 2. A cloth's basket. 3. The end of a cloth. to pass, Unadi affix इन्; also with लीप् affix ली; see तर, &c.  
 तरिङ्ग n. (-ङ्) A raft, a float. m. (-ङ्) A ferry-man. f. (-ङ्) A boat. २. तरि a boat, चङ्।  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) A ferry-man. २. तरिङ्ग a raft, इति aff.  
 तरित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Carried over or across. f. (-ता) 1. The fore fir 2. Garlic, or perhaps hemp; see यङ्गन. ३. त् to cross, इतच् aff.  
 तरिङ्ग mfn. (-री रिषी-रि) Who or what crosses. f. (-री) a boat. ३. त् to go, in the causal, affix इजि.  
 तरिङ्ग mfn. (-ता-ती-त) What crosses, passes or carries over. f. (-ती) boat, a raft. ४. त् to cross, चङ्।  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) An oar, a paddle. २. तरि a boat, and रन् a car.  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) 1. The ocean. 2. Heaven or paradise. 3. Decorat ornamenting. 4. A raft, a float. 5. Practice, business, profession (-ली) The daughter of INDRA. ६. त् to cross or cause to cross, Un affix इङ्, in some of its senses this word and तरिङ्ग seem to be confounded; see तरिङ्ग and तरिङ्ग.  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) A tree. २. त् to proceed, Unadi affix उङ्, what goes grows; or from what flowers and fruits arise, &c.  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) A sort of bird. ३. तरिङ्ग a tree, and कुक् to contract, इङ्; nestling in the tree.  
 तरिङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्) Borne, produced by a tree, (as a flower, f. &c.) २. तरिङ्ग, and ज् born.  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-ङ्) The root of a tree ३. तरिङ्ग a tree, and जीवन् living.  
 तरिङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्) 1. Young, juvenile. 2. New, fresh, novel. m. 1. A young man, one of the virile age. 2. The castor-oil-p 3. Large cumiu seed. f. (-री) 1. A young woman from 16 to years of age; generally however one about the first age. 2. also tree, (A. perfoliata.) A perfume, commonly Chira. 4. A flower the Indian white rose, (Rosa standulifera) n. (-च) A kind of tree, that of the Achyrra anthos aspera (कुञ्जपुष्प.) ४. त् to pass a उङ्। Unadi aff.  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-रि) A fever that lasts a week. ३. तरिङ्ग, and अर fever  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-रि) Curds five days old. ३. तरिङ्ग, and दधि curds.  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-रि) Cartilage, gristle. ३. तरिङ्ग, and चङ्ग, bone.  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-रि) A number of young woman. ३. तरिङ्गी, and तृच a tr तरिङ्गी m. (-रि) A young woman. ३. तरिङ्गी, and जन person.  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-रि) The part under the branches of a tree, the ground about its root. ३. तरिङ्ग, and तल below.  
 तरिङ्ग f. (-ङ्) The flying fox. n. २. तरिङ्ग a tree, and तृलिका see suspended like a balance from the branches of a tree; also तरिङ्ग।  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-रि) A thorn. ३. तरिङ्ग a tree, and नङ्ग a nail.  
 तरिङ्ग f. (-रि) A row of trees, an avenue. ३. तरिङ्ग, and रङ्ग a line.  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-रि) A parasita plant. ३. तरिङ्ग, and तृच what enjoys.  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-रि) A monkey, an ape. ३. तरिङ्ग a tree, and तृच a deer.  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-रि) 1. A bud, a blossom. 2. A new sprout. ३. तरिङ्ग a delight.  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-रि) A branch or sprout. ३. तरिङ्ग, and तृच a shoot.  
 तरिङ्ग m. (-रि) The palmyra tree. ३. तरिङ्ग, and राज king.  
 तरिङ्ग f. (-रि) A parasita plant. ३. तरिङ्ग, and तृच what enjoys.  
 तरिङ्गी f. (-री) A parasita plant. ३. तरिङ्ग, and तृच what enjoys.  
 तरिङ्गी m. (-री) A bird. ३. तरिङ्ग a tree, and तृच to sleep, &c.



... 1. To spin, 2. To speak, 3. To reason, to ...  
 ... 1. To doubt or disputation, discussion, reasoning. 2. Wish.  
 ... 1. A suppliant, a petitioner, an asker. 2. A logician. ...  
 ... 1. Expecting, anticipating. 2. Doubting. ...  
 ... The science of reasoning or logic. ...  
 ... Apparent reduction to absurdity, or seeming not real,  
 ... 1. A tree, (*Eschynomene sesban.*) ...  
 ... 1. Doubted, apprehended. 2. Disinced. ...  
 ... 1. A logician, a disputant, a follower of the Parka Sastra.  
 ... 1. Cassia tora.  
 ... 1. A spindle, an iron pin upon which the cotton is first  
 ... 1. Drawing out the cotton upon the distaff or upon the  
 ... 1. A spindle or a distaff : see तर्ज. ...  
 ... 1. A ball of clay, &c. upon the lower end of the spin-  
 ... 1. A ball at the lower end of a spindle : see the preced-  
 ... 1. A concave shell or saucer in which the lower end  
 ... 1. A small whetstone, for sharpening spindles, &c. ...  
 ... 1. A hyena. ...  
 ... 1. Nitre, saltpetre. ...  
 ... 1. To blame, to censure, to reprove.  
 ... 1. Blaming, censuring. 2. Pointing at, in ridicule, or  
 ... 1. The forefinger. ...  
 ... 1. The name of a country, perhaps to the north-west of  
 ... 1. Blamed, reviled. 2. Shamed, disgraced. ...  
 ... 1. A ball, ...  
 ... 1. A ball, ...

... 1. A raft, a boat. 2. The sun. ...  
 ... 1. A passenger, one who passes or crosses. ...  
 ... 1. To kill or hurt. ...  
 ... 1. A wooden ladle. ...  
 ... 1. Satisfaction given or required ; either the act of  
 ... 1. Satiety, fulness. 2. A  
 ... 1. A religious rite, presenting water to the manes of the deceased or to  
 ... 1. A plant :  
 ... 1. Desirous of satisfaction, or of receiving  
 ... 1. A  
 ... 1. Pleased, satisfied. ...  
 ... 1. Giving pleasure or satisfaction. 2. Offering  
 ... 1. A plant, (*Hibiscus  
 ... 1. To go or move. ...  
 ... 1. A year. ...  
 ... 1. The top or term of the sacrificial post ...  
 ... 1. Thirst, desire. 2. The ocean. 3. A raft or  
 ... 1. The sun. ...  
 ... 1. Thirst, thirsting : it is also used metaphorically. ...  
 ... 1. Thirsting, a thirst, thirsty 2. Desiring, wish-  
 ... 1. Therefore ...  
 ... 1. To be full or complete to.  
 ... 1. To fix, to found. 3. To establish ...  
 ... 1. Essential nature, (in composition especially, as ...  
 ... 1. Depth, bottom, lowness, in-  
 ... 1. A wood,  
 ... 1. A hole, a pit, a chasm. 3. Cause, origin, motive, the  
 ... 1. Sole of the foot. 5. A slap with the  
 ... 1. A leather fence worn by archers on the left  
 ... 1. The palmyra tree. 2. The palm with extended  
 ... 1. The hilt or handle of a sword, &c. 4. Pressing the  
 ... 1. The stand or support of  
 ... 1. The fore arm. 7. A  
 ... 1. A large pond. ...  
 ... 1. A slap or blow with the palm of the hand. ...  
 ... 1. A sword. ...  
 ... 1. A martingale. 2. A vessel from which horses are fed.  
 ... 1. The centre of the sole of the foot. ...  
 ... 1. A mat, one made of reeds or bamboos. ...  
 ... 1. One of the seventh divisions of the infernal regions.  
 ... 1. A martingale. ...  
 ... 1. Fixed, placed, having a bottom. ...  
 ... 1. To be fixed or to satisfy. ...*

तविम mfn. (-नः ना-नं) 1. Separate, having spaces or interstices. 2. Clear, clean. 3. Small, little. 4. Delicate, thin, spare. 5. below, situated under or underneath. n. (-नं) A bed, a couch or cot. ३. तन् to fix or be fixed, Unadi affix इत्तम्.

तविम n. (-नं) 1. Ground prepared for the site of a dwelling, &c. see कृत्विम 2. A bed, a couch or cot. 3. An awning. 4. A scymitar, a large sacrificial sword or knife. ३. तन् to fix, इत्तम् aff.

तव्य m. (-नः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A youth. f. (-नी) A young woman. ३. तन् to fix, इत्तम् affix : see तव्य.

तव्यम m. (-नः) A hog. ३. तन् down, and ईत्तम् looking. तले ईत्तमस्य । तनीदरी f. (-नी) A mistress or wife. ३. कृतीदरी मायायाम् । तनीदा f. (-दा) A river. ३. तन् steep, down, उद water. तले उदकं यथा उदकस्य उदादिभः ।

तव्य n. (-नः) A wood, a forest. ३. तन् to fix, इत्तम् Unadi aff

तव्य mfn. (-नः ना-नं) 1. A bed. 2. An upper story, a room on the top of a house, a turret, a tower or keep. 3. A wife. ३. तन् to fix, Unadi affix पञ्च.

तव्यकोट m. (-टः) A bug. ३. तव्य a bed, and कीट an insect.

तव्यम mfn. (-नः ना-नं) 1. Born of a wife, (as a son by an appointed substituted.) 2. Produced in or from a bed, &c. ३. तव्य and ज born

तव्यम n. (-नं) An elephant's back. 2. The exterior muscles of the back. ३. तव्य a nominal verb, to be as a bed, to be broad, &c. कृत्विम and कर्त्तरि क् affix.

तव्य m. (-नः) A reservoir, a large pond, a tank or Talao. f. (-नी) 1. A young woman. 2. A boat. 3. The wife of VARUNA. n. (-नं) A pit, a hole ३. तन् deep, depth, and ख to be or have, from नी with उच् aff.

तव्यम m. (-नः) Excellence, happiness; also attributively, Excellent happy : used in apposition as an epithet the gender is not changed, as कृतीदरीतव्यम an excellent maiden. ३. तन् that, (that which is every thing,) and लज् to attain, affix च्च् । तन् प्रतिष्ठं यथा तथा लज्ति लज्ज कामी च्च् । प्रसन्नी ।

तव्यिका f. (-का) key

तव्य n. (-नः) 1. A perfume arising from the rubbing of fragrant substances. तव्यक mfn. (-कः ना-कं) Thino. ३. लज् added to तव to poss. case of तव्यकीर n. (-रः) Milk and water. ३. तन् च्च् । तव्यकर्म ।

तव्यराज m. (-जः) A sort of sugar prepared from a species of Hedysarum. ३. तन् च्च् । तव्यः पूर्णः सन् राजते वाज-च्च् ।

तव्यम m. (-नः) 1. Heaven, paradise 2. The ocean. f. (-नी) 1. A river. 2. The daughter of INDRA. 3. Strength, (in the dialect of the Vedas.) ३. तव्य a Sanskrit root, इत्तम् Unadi affix : also तव्य and तवीच.

तवीच m. (-चः) 1. Heaven. 2. The ocean. 3. Gold. ३. See the last.

तव mfn. (-टः टा-ट) Pared, made thin. ३. तव् to pare, affix क्.

तव m. (-टः) 1. A carpenter. 2. A name of VISWAKARMA. 3. One of the twelve Adityas or suns; also तव्. ३. तव् to pure, इत्तम् aff.

तव (टव) इत्तम् ४th cl. (तव्यति) To throw, to toss, to direct, to send, (इ) तव्यि r. 1st and 10th cls. (तव्यति तव्यति-चे) or with च्च् prefixed (तव्यतमति तव्यतमयति) To adorn to dress or decorate. ३. च्च्. उभ. च्च्. मुदि. पर. च्च्. सट् इदिन् । दिवा पर-च्च् सट् ।

तव्य m. (-रः) A shuttle. ३. तन् to stretch, कृत्तरन् Unadi aff.

तव्य m. (-रः) 1. A thief, a robber. 2. The e... A kind of potherb, (Medicago esculenta.) 3. A tree, (Vanguer. spinosa :) see लज्ज. f. (-नी) A passionate woman. ३. तन् that, used depreciatingly, and कर who does, सट् substituted for the final of तन्.

तव्यम f. (-नः) 1. Thievishness, thieving. 2. Hearing, catching by the ear ३. तन् added to the last; also with ल, तव्यरत्न.

तव्यम m. (-टः) An ornament of the ear, a large sort of ear-ring : see तव्य and तव्यपत्त.

तव्यम n. (-नः) 1. Indifference, disregard, exemption from attachment or aversion. 2. Proximity. ३. तव्य, and च्च् aff.

तव्य m. (-टः) 1. Beating, whipping, inflicting bodily chastisement. 2.

Sound, noise. 3. A handful of grass, corn, &c. a sheaf. 4. A mountain. 5. A kind of grass, (Andropogon serratus.) f. (-नी or -नी) kind of palm, (Coripha talliera, Rox.) See ताली. ३. तव्य to g pain, to beat, &c. affix भावे च्च्. कर्मणि च्च् वा ।

ताडका f. (-का) A female demon, killed by RAMA.

ताडकापत्र n. (-त्रः) Large cardamoms.

ताडक m. (-कः) A kind of ear-ring : see तालक. ३. तव् to shine, च्च् affix; also ड being changed to ट, ताडक.

ताडक mfn. (-चः ना-चः) Beating with a whip or with strokes of any kind. ३. ताड, and च्च् who strikes.

ताडकान m. (-नः) An artificer who beats or hammers any thing. ३. त and घात a blow.

ताडन n. (-नः) Beating, whipping, &c. f. (-नी) A whip. ३. तव् to be भावे क् ट् affix, fem. affix डीच् ।

ताडनीय mfn. (-यः ना-यः) To be beaten, punishable. ३. तव् to beat, च्च् affix; also ताड्य and ताडयितव्य.

ताडपत्र n. (-त्रः) An ornament of the ear. ३. ताड the Tal tree, and a leaf, an earring resembling this. see तालपत्र.

ताडयित mfn. (-ता-नी-यः) Who or what beats or strikes. ३. तव् to be डच् aff.

ताडयित्वा ind. Having beaten. ३. तव् to beat, क्ता aff.

ताडित mfn. (-ता-ता-तः) Struck, beaten. ३. तव् to beat, क्ता aff.

ताडय mfn. (-नः ना-यः) Beating, who or what beats or strikes. ३. तव् give pain, उल्ल Unadi aff.

ताड्य mfn. (-यः ना-यः) To be beaten or chastised, what may or ought to be punished, punishable. ३. तव् to beat, च्च् aff.

ताडयमान mfn. (-नः ना-नं) Being beaten or struck m. (-नः) A musical instrument, which is struck, as a drum, &c. ३. तव् to beat or str यानच् affix, यक् inserted.

ताडय mfn. (-नः ना-यः) 1. Dancing, especially with violent gesticulation and particularly applied to the frantic dance of the god S. and his votaries. 2. A sort of grass, (Saccharum procerum.) (-नः) In prosody, a tribrach or foot of three sort syllables. ३. तव् the name of the Muni, by whom the style of dancing was taught, affix च्च्, or तव् to beat, and च्च् aff.

ताडयवर्तक m. (-कः) A name of NARAI, one of SIVA's poetic attendants. ३. ताडय SIVA's dancing, and तव्य accompanier of music, from ताल tune or time, and तव्य aff.

ताडयवर्तक m. (-यः) A name of SIVA. ३. ताडय dancing, and fond of.

ताड्य f. (-न्यः) The science of dancing. ३. तव्य the teacher of the and इत्तम् aff.

तात mfn. (-तः ता-तः) Venerable, reverend, respectable. m. (-तः) father. 2. A term of affection addressed to any person, but especially to a junior or inferior, as हे तात oh! child, &c. ३. तन् to ex (his race or fame.) क्ता affix, and the vowel made long.

तातय mfn. (-यः ना-यः) Paternal, relating or belonging to the father (-नः) A paternal uncle. ३. तात a father, य who goes or is, fro to go, with ड् aff.

तातजनयित्री f. du. always (-त्री) Father and mother, parents. 1. father, and जनयितृ mother

तातयुक् m. (-युक्) A paternal uncle, or the most respectable male relations. ३. तात a father, and युक् like, equal to

तातय m. (-यः) A wagtail. तातं प्रसन्नं वक्षति इत्तम् । खड्गनखः

तातय m. (-यः) 1. A fatherly relative, one who may be considered father. 2. Sickness, disease. 3. An iron club or spike. 4. Cold or maturing. 5. Heat, physical or morbid. ३. तातं ताति ता-च्च् अ

तातय m. (-यः) A son. ३. तात to spread, (the race,) तव्य aff.

तातयक mfn. (-कः ना-यः) Relating to any particular moment of ३. तातय and उच् aff. तव्य वा ।



ताम्रवाहक m. (-कः) A betel-bearer, a servant attached to men of rank to prepare the Pan, and carry the betel-box. इ. ताम्रन्, and वाहक who carries; also ताम्रवाहिक m. (-ही.)

ताम्रविक m. (-कः) A seller of betel. इ. ताम्रन्, and ठक् aff. ताम्रन् तद्वचनं शिष्यस्य ।

ताम्रवन् m. (-वी) Relating or belonging to a Pan having one, giving one, &c. m. (-वी) The Pan-bearer, a servant who prepares and furnishes the Pan. इ. ताम्रन् as above. इति aff. ताम्रन् पञ्चतया चलि चय ।

ताम्रन् m. (-न्) Distressing, afflicting, annoying. इ. तम् to distress, इट् aff.

ताम्र m. (-म्) Of a coppery red colour. n. (-म्) 1. Copper. 2. A kind of sandal, represented as of a dark red colour, and smelling like a lotus. 3. A dark or coppery red. m. (-म्) A leprosy with large red spots. f. (-वी) A copper or metallic cup of prescribed capacity, and perforated by a small hole at the bottom, answering the purpose of an hour glass : it is put into a vessel of water ; the water gradually filling it, and the cup sinking, marks the time that has elapsed. इ. तम् to desire, Unani affix रङ्, and the vowel made long ; or ताम्र copper, चण् and उष्ण affixes, implying analogy or derivation.

ताम्रक n. (-कः) Copper. इ. ताम्र as above, and कन् pleonastic aff.

ताम्रकवी f. (-वी) A name of the female elephant of the west. इ. ताम्र coppery, and कवी ear.

ताम्रकार m. (-रः) A brazier, a copper-smith. इ. ताम्र copper, and कार worker. ताम्रं ताम्रपात्रादिकं करोति क चण् उप० सं० ।

ताम्रकिलि m. (-लिः) A small worm of a red colour इ. ताम्र red, and किलि a worm.

ताम्रकुर m. (-रः) A brazier or copper-smith. इ. ताम्रं कुरयति कुर-चण् उप० सं० ।

ताम्रकुक m. (-कः) A brazier. इ. ताम्र, and कुर a point : the word is imitative of the foreign original. इ. ताम्रकुक्यः ।

ताम्रकृमि m. (-मिः) A kind of red insect. इ. ताम्र red, and कृमि a worm. इ. ताम्रकृमिकोटे ।

ताम्रकम्प m. (-म्) Blue vitriol or sulphate of copper. इ. ताम्र copper, and कम्प womb or source.

ताम्रकुङ्क m. (-ङ्कः) A cock इ. ताम्र, and कुङ्क a crest. ताम्रा रक्ता कुङ्का यय ।

ताम्रकृत m. (-कृतः) Having a ruddy or fair complexion, copper-coloured. इ. ताम्र, and कृत body.

ताम्रपत्र n. (-त्रः) A copper-plate, such as Hindu grants of land, &c. are frequently inscribed on. इ. ताम्र copper, and पत्र a cloth.

ताम्रपर्वी f. (-र्वी) 1. A large point or lake. 2. The name of a river in the peninsula, and of the district in its vicinity.

ताम्रपत्र m. (-त्रः) A plate of copper. m. (-त्रः) A potherb ; see जीव. इ. ताम्र, and पत्र a leaf.

ताम्रपाकिन् m. (-की) A tree : see गङ्गाभाङ्ग. इ. ताम्र red, and पाकिन् ripening, the fruit being of this colour.

ताम्रपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) 1. A kind of ebony. (Bauhinia variegata.) 2. A plant, (Kempferia rotunda.) f. (-पुष्पः) Trumpet flower, (Bignonia suaveolens.) f. (-वी) 1. Lythrum or urticosum : see वाह-पुष्पिका. 2. Trumpet flower. 3. Red Teori : see चित्रित्. इ. ताम्र coppery red, and पुष्प a flower, bearing red blossoms. ताम्रं पुष्पं यय ।

ताम्रफल m. (-फलः) A tree, (Alangium hexapetalum.) इ. ताम्र copper, and फल fruit. ताम्रं रक्तं फलस्य ।

ताम्रफलक m. (-कः) A copper-plate. इ. ताम्र, and फलक a plank or board.

ताम्रमुख m. (-मुखः) Copper-coloured, fair-complexioned. m. (-मुखः) A European. इ. ताम्र, and मुख face.

ताम्रमूला f. (-मूला) A plant : see वाहिवी. इ. ताम्र copper, and मूल root. ताम्रं रक्तं मूलं ययाः टाप ।

ताम्रमृग m. (-मृगः) The red deer. इ. ताम्र, and मृग deer.

ताम्रवर्च m. (-वर्चः) Red, copper-coloured. f. (-वी) The blossom of saemum. इ. ताम्र, and वर्च colour.

ताम्रव्री f. (-व्री) Bengal madder, (Rubia manjith) 2. A medicinal plant used as an emollient in affections of the mouth and face : also called तमाही, ताली, मूखवही, &c. इ. ताम्र copper, and व्री pedicel.

ताम्रवीज m. (-वीजः) A kind of vetch : see कुलच. इ. ताम्र copper, and वीज the seed. ताम्रं बीजं यय ।

ताम्रवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A sort of Sandal wood. इ. ताम्र copper, and वृक्ष a tree.

ताम्रवृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) A kind of vetch. see कुलच. इ. ताम्र copper, coppery, इ. ताम्रवृत्त. ताम्रं वृत्तस्य ।

ताम्रवृद्धि m. (-वृद्धिः) A cock. इ. ताम्र copper, वृद्धि a crest, and इति aff. see ताम्रवृद्धि. ताम्रा रक्ता वृद्धि चलि चय ।

ताम्रसार m. (-रः) A red kind of Sandal, (Pterospermum santalum.) इ. ताम्र copper, and सार pith. ताम्रं रक्तं सारं यय ।

ताम्राक्ष m. (-क्षः) One of the eighteen minor divisions of the known continent.

ताम्राक्ष m. (-क्षः) Red-eyed. m. (-क्षः) The Koil or Kokila, the Indian cuckoo. इ. ताम्र, and क्षिप् an eye. ताम्रं क्षिप्ति यय ।

ताम्राक्ष m. (-क्षः) Red sandal wood. इ. ताम्र copper, and resembling. ताम्रं आभा इव आभा यय । रक्तक्ष्मणे ।

ताम्राक्ष m. (-क्षः) Mixed or bell metal. इ. ताम्र copper, and चर्च part or bell. ताम्रं चर्चः चर्चमदं उत्पादकोऽयम् । कालि ।

ताम्रक m. (-कः) Of copper, made of copper, &c. m. (-कः) brazier, a copper smith. इ. ताम्र copper, and ठक् aff. f. (-का) copper vessel for marking time इ. कन् added to ताम्र, य. व. तं ताम्रवादिनिर्माणं शिष्यस्य ।

ताम्र (चः) ताम्र १. 1st cl. (ताम्र) 1. To spread, to extend, to proceed in continuous stream or line. 2. To cherish or protect. इ. आ-ताम्र सेट् ।

ताम्रिक m. (-कः) A country ; or plu. m. (-काः) Its inhabitants. इ. ताम्र cherish, ठक् aff. ताम्रि इति ताम्र ठक् ।

ताम्रि m. adj. (-रः) 1. High, as a note in music. 2. Radiant, shining, radiating. 3. Clean, clear. 4. Good, excellent, well &c. m. (-रः) 1. A high note or tone in music. 2. Elegance of pearl. 3. A clear or beautiful pearl. 4. Crossing, passing over, &c. 5. A wire, a cord. 6. The mystic monosyllable Om. 7. A mystic monosyllable in the Tantras. 7. The name of a monkey chief. son BAIL. n. (-रः) 1. Silver. 2. A pearl. m. sub. (-रः) 1. The pupil of the eye. 2. A star in general, a planet, an asteris &c. f. (-रा) A female deity peculiar to the Bauddha sect. 2. The wife of VRIHASPATI. 3. The wife of the monkey king BAIL. A name of the goddess Durga. इ. ताम्रि to pass or proceed ; also the causal, to cause to pass, and चिच्, चण् or चञ् aff. संसारात् ताम्रिणि सञ्जायमानम् ।

ताम्रिक m. (-कः) 1. A protector, a preserver. 2. One who causes enables to pass or go over. n. (-कः) 1. The eye. 2. A Mantra formula addressed to Rama, as Ramanya namah. m. (-कः) 1. The pupil of the eye. 2. A star. m. (-कः) A float or raft. (-कः) A pilot, a helmsman or steersman. 2. The man of a demon or evil spirit destroyed by KARTIKEYA. इ. ताम्रि to pass or cause pass, and चिच् and चण् affixes : or कन् added to the preceding.

ताम्रिक m. (-कः) A name of KARTIKEYA. इ. ताम्रिक a demon, and conqueror : also similar names, as ताम्रिकारि, ताम्रिकान्, ताम्रिकं &c. ताम्रिकं ईयं जयति जि-जिप् ।

ताम्रिकारि m. (-रिः) The deity KARTIKEYA. इ. ताम्रिक and चरि a foe of the preceding.

ताम्रिकित m. (-कितः) Starry. इ. ताम्रिक a star, इ. ताम्रि aff.

ताम्रिकित m. (-कितः) Starry. f. (-वी) Night. इ. ताम्रिक, and इति aff.

ताम्रिक m. (-कः) Who or what causes or enables to cross. m. (-कः)



सर्वोत्तम (-) Oil especially from sesamum, *s. tilia*, and *s. striata*.

3. Small carcinoma. 4. A tree: see figure 2 (a) 1. Mor...







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form,  $\Sigma$ ,  $\Pi$ , and  $\Psi$  nature, etc.

तुल्यवृत्ति min. (-ति-ति-ति) Following the same or similar occupation.  
 ३. तुल्य, and तुल्य business.  
 तुल्यगति f. (-ति) Equal subtraction, transposition, (in Arithmetic.) ३.  
 तुल्य, and तुल्य subtraction.  
 तुल्यगति mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Alike, of the same form. ३. तुल्य, and तुल्य  
 form.  
 तुल्यगति mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) 1. Astringent. 2. Beardless. mn. (-र-र) An astringent  
 taste. ३. तुल्य 1. A fragrant earth. 2. A kind of lentil, (Cytisus  
 ) ३. तुल्य a Saatra root, to remove, (disease, &c.)  
 and affix डीप्; also कृत् being added, in the fem. form तुल्यका  
 (-का)  
 तुल्यगति m. (-र) A kind of cassia. ३. तुल्य the pulse so called, and  
 तुल्य (Cassia tora).  
 तुल्य f. (-ति) A long gourd : see तुल्यी ।  
 तुल्य ४. 4th cl. (ति, की) तिचीतु (तुल्यति) To be satisfied or content, to be  
 pleased or delighted. ३. दिवा प-पुदिन् चक-सिट् ।  
 तुल्य mfn. (-य-या) 1. The husk or chaff of rice, &c. 2. Beleric myrobalan.  
 ३. तुल्य to please or be pleased, affix क.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति m. (-र) Agni or fire. ३. तुल्य chaff, and तुल्य who seizes. तुल्यवृत्ति  
 वृत्ति-वृत्ति चक ।  
 तुल्यवृत्ति m. (-र) Agni or fire. ३. तुल्य chaff, and तुल्य who embraces, from  
 स to go, with चक aff. तुल्य वरति चतुसरति ।  
 तुल्यवृत्ति m. (-र) 1. A conflagration of chaff, or of the husk of corn. 2.  
 A capital punishment, burning; twisting dry straw, &c. round  
 the limbs of a criminal, and setting it on fire. ३. तुल्य, and चकल fire.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति mfn. (-र-र) Cold, frigid, frosty m. (-र) 1. Frost. 2. Cold. 3.  
 Thin rain, mist. 4. Ice or snow. 5. The name of a country. ३. तुल्य  
 to please, Unadi affix चारम् ।  
 तुल्यवृत्ति m. (-र) 1. A dew drop. 2. An icicle. 3. Hoar frost. ३. तुल्य,  
 and चकल particle.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति m. (-र) Winter, the cold season. ३. तुल्य, and चकल time.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति m. (-र) 1. Thin rain, a sprinkling, a shower. 2. A fall of  
 snow. ३. तुल्य, and चकल falling.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति m. (-र) The Himalaya mountain. ३. तुल्य, and चकल a moun-  
 tain; also similar compounds, as तुल्यवृत्ति, तुल्यवृत्ति, &c.  
 तुल्य m. (-र) A Tushita, a kind of subordinate deity, one of a class  
 of thirty six. ३. तुल्य to please, रतम् aff. तारका रतम् ।  
 तुल्यवृत्ति n. (-र) Rice gruel. ३. तुल्य to satisfy, and चकल water.  
 तुल्य mfn. (-र-र-र) Pleased, satisfied. ३. तुल्य to be pleased, कर्त्तरि क ।  
 तुल्य f. (-र) 1. Pleasure, satisfaction, gratification, content. 2. In-  
 difference to every thing but that possessed or obtained. 3. One  
 of the Matris. ३. तुल्य to please, &c. affix भावे रतम् ।  
 तुल्यवृत्ति mfn. (-र-र-र) Pleasing, satisfi-ying. ३. तुल्य, and चकल what makes.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति mfn. (-र-र-र) Gratifying, giving or producing satisfaction.  
 ३. तुल्य, and चकल birth.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति mfn. (-र-र-र) Pleasing, satisfying. ३. तुल्य, and चकल what  
 gives.  
 तुल्य m. (-र) A jewel worn in the ears. ३. तुल्य to please, तुल्य aff  
 तुल्य ind. Having pleased or gratified. ३. तुल्य, and चकल aff.  
 तुल्य ४. 1st cl. (तीर्त्तति) To sound. ३. भा-पर-सक-सिट् ।  
 तुल्य m. (-र) The husk of corn or rice : see तुल्य.  
 तुल्य m. (-र) Dust. ३. तुल्य to sound, affix क : see तुल्य.  
 तुल्य (र) तुल्य ४. 1st cl. (तीर्त्तति) To hurt or give pain, to kill. ३. भा-पर-  
 सक-सिट् ।  
 तुल्य n. (-र) 1. Frost. 2. Moonlight, moonshine. ३. तुल्य to give pain,  
 रतम् Unadi aff.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति m. (-र) The Himalaya mountains. ३. तुल्य, and चकल a moun-  
 tain; also similar compounds, as तुल्यवृत्ति, &c.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति m. (-र) The moon. ३. तुल्य cold, चकल a ray.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति n. (-र) Camphor. ३. तुल्यवृत्ति, and चकल oil.

तुल्यवृत्ति m. (-र) The Himalaya mountains. ३. तुल्य, and चकल  
 tain; also तुल्यवृत्ति, &c.  
 तुल्य ४. 1st cl. (तुल्यते) To fill, to fill up. (तुल्यते) To shrink, to  
 to close as the eye-lids or wink. ३. तुल्य तुल्य-चा, तुल्य तुल्य-चा  
 तुल्य mfn. (-र-चा or -री) A quiver, &c. f. (-री) Indigo. ३. तुल्य to be  
 (with arrows, &c.) चक and टाप् affixes, or कर्त्तरि चक and  
 तुल्यते चावे ।  
 तुल्य n. (-र) A measure of vessel, species of the तुल्यवृत्ति measure.  
 तुल्य mfn. (-र-विची-वि) Having a quiver, quivered. m. (-र) The  
 tree. ३. तुल्य, and तुल्य aff.  
 तुल्यीर m. (-र) A quiver. ३. तुल्य to be filled (with arrows), तुल्य aff  
 तुल्य n. (-र) Blue vitriol.  
 तुल्यी f. (-री) Sharp pain in the perineum and lower part of the abd  
 तुल्य f. (तु) Speed. m. (तु) A courier. ३. तुल्य to make haste, तिप्  
 and the somevowel changed to च.  
 तुल्य (र) तुल्यी ४. 4th cl. (तुल्यते) To go quick, to make haste. 2. To ki  
 hurt or injure. ३. तिवा-चाक तिवाचा सक. वेरी चक-सिट् ।  
 तुल्य n. (-र) Any musical instrument. f. (-री) A trampot. ३. तुल्य to  
 affix क. तुल्यते तावाते तुल्यवातेन तुल्य-चकवे कर्त्तरि क ।  
 तुल्य mfn. (-र-चा-री) Quick, expeditious n. adv. (-र) Quick,  
 quickly. ३. तुल्य to go swiftly, affix कर्त्तरि चावे वा न ।  
 तुल्यी m. (-र) 1. Speed, velocity, expedition. 2. Dirt, excrement  
 stanza. 4. The mind. ३. तुल्य to make haste, Unadi affix ति.  
 तुल्य mfn. (-र-चा-री) Fourth : see तुल्य. n. (-र) Any musical  
 ment, the genus of which four species are reckoned, as wine  
 truments, stringed instruments, &c. ३. चतुर् four, चक deriv.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति m. (-र) A musical instrument, a sort of tabor.  
 तुल्य ४. 1st cl. (तुल्यते) 1. To dismiss, to send forth or turn out.  
 ascertain quantity or weight; some make this a root of the  
 class (तुल्यते) ३. भा-पर-सक-सिट् । च-चा-सक-सिट् ।  
 तुल्य n. (-र) 1. The mulberry. (Morus Indica.) 2. Ether, the hea  
 atmosphere. mn. (-र-र) Cotton. f. (-र-र) The wick of a lar  
 cotton twisted into a similar form for applying unguents,  
 (-री) 1. Indigo. 2. A weaver's fibrous stick or brush. 3. A pai  
 brush, &c. see तुल्यी and तुल्यी, also तुल्य. ३. तुल्य to dismiss, to  
 forth, affix चक. fem. affixes टाप् and डीप् ।  
 तुल्य n. (-र) Cotton. ३. कृत् added to the preceding  
 तुल्यवृत्ति n. (-र) A bow which is used for cleaning cotton.  
 cotton, and कर्त्तरि क bow; also similar compounds, as  
 तुल्यवृत्ति, &c.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति f. (-री) A thick roll of cotton, from which it is drawn o  
 spinning. ३. तुल्य cotton, नाच a tube, affixes चक and डीप्  
 with कृत् added तुल्यवृत्ति f. (-र) ।  
 तुल्यवृत्ति m. (-र) Cotton. ३. तुल्य cotton, and तिप् the same.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति f. (-र) A pod or seed of the plant, any seed yielding a  
 substance. ३. तुल्य cotton, and चकल sand or gravel.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति n. (-र) Spinning. ३. तुल्य cotton, तिप्-सुट् aff. तुल्यवृत्ति  
 (काट्नाकाट) ।  
 तुल्यी f. (-र) A painter's brush, or a fibrous stick used as one, or  
 other purposes. ३. तुल्य to send forth or cut, affix चक : see तुल्य  
 तुल्यी.  
 तुल्यवृत्ति f. (-र) A pencil, a painter's brush, or a stick with a  
 extremity used as one. 2. A mattress or quilt, a bed, a down  
 ton bed. 3. An ingot mould. 4. A rod, &c. dipped into con  
 try if their contents are in fusion. 5. A wick or twist of  
 either for a lamp or for applying unguents, &c. ३. तुल्य चक  
 and कृत् added.  
 तुल्यी f. (-री) The silk cotton tree. ३. तुल्य cotton, तिप् and डीप् aff  
 तुल्य m. (-र) 1. A bull without horns, though it is said to have  
 2. A beardless man. 3. A sunnith. 4. An astringent taste.



वृक्ष m. (-कः) A serpent, general, the serpent genus. ३. वृक्ष to hurt, or kill, क Unadi aff.  
 वृक्ष r. 6th cl. (वृक्षति, वृक्षति) 1. To content, to please. 2. To be pleased or content. ३. वृक्ष-पर-सक-सिट् ।  
 वृक्ष r. 6th cl. (वृक्षति, वृक्षति) 1. To content, to please. 2. To be pleased or content. ३. वृक्ष-पर-सक-सिट् ।  
 वृक्ष (वि) वा वृक्ष r. 4th cl. (वृक्षति) 1. To thirst. 2. To thirst metaphorically, to desire, to long for. ३. वृक्ष-पर-सक-सिट् ।  
 वृक्ष f. (वृक्ष) 1. Thirst. 2. Thirst (metaphorical,) wish, desire, lust. 3. The daughter of KAMA, the deity of love. ३. वृक्ष to thirst, affix तिप्; also वृक्ष, &c.  
 वृक्ष f. (-वा) Thirst. 2. Wish, desire. ३. The daughter of KAMA : see the preceding. 4. A plant, (Commelina salicifolia :) see वाङ्मयिनी. ३. वृक्ष to thirst, affixes च and टप्; also वृक्ष, वृक्ष, &c.  
 वृक्ष f. (-वा) The bladder. ३. वृक्ष thirst, and वृक्ष being; whence thirst arises.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वः) 1. Affected by desire. 2. Thirsty, a thirst. ३. वृक्ष, and वाचं pained.  
 वृक्ष n. (-वः) Water. f. (-वा) A kind of anise, see वृक्षिवा. ३. वृक्ष thirst, वाच before, वृक्ष to destroy or remove, affix च.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वा-वा-वः) Thirsty, thirsting, (physically or metaphorically.) n. (-वः) Thirst, desire. ३. वृक्ष to thirst, affix टप्. वृक्ष जाता च वृक्ष वाचिवाट् टप् ।  
 वृक्षिवा f. (-वा) A plant, (Marsilea quadrifolia :) see वृक्षिवाट्, ३. वृक्षिवा thirst, and वृक्ष answering.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वः) Thirsty, (physically or metaphorically) desiring, longing for cupidinous, ३. वृक्ष to thirst, च added, वृक्ष and वृक्षिवाट् aff.  
 वृक्ष f. (-वा) 1. Thirst. 2. Desire, wish. ३. वृक्ष to thirst, च Unadi aff.  
 वृक्ष m. (-वः) Content, resignation, patience. ३. वृक्ष greediness, thirst, and वृक्ष destruction.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वः) Thirsting, a thirst. 2. Desiring. ३. वृक्ष to thirst, and वृक्ष aff.  
 वृक्ष (वृक्ष) वृक्ष r. 6th cl. (वृक्षति) 10th cl. (वृक्षति-ने) also वृक्ष r. 7th cl. (वृक्षति) To kill, to hurt, to injure in any manner. (वृक्ष) वृक्ष r. 1st cl. (वृक्षति) To grow or increase. ३. वृक्ष-पर-सक-सिट् । वृक्ष-वृक्ष पचे वृक्ष-पर-सक-सिट् ।  
 वृक्ष r. 1st cl. (वृक्षति) 1. To pass over or across. 2. To pass or float over, to navigate. 3. To float or swim. 4. To overcome, to surpass. With च prefixed, To descend, as from heaven. With वाच, To cross by a boat, &c. With वृक्ष, a To pass over or above; b To answer; c To land, to arrive at the opposite shore. With वृक्ष, To cross with difficulty. With तिप्, To cross safely, to obtain salvation. With च, To excel or surpass. With चि, a To pass from; b To relinquish, to give, to give away, to give alms. With वृक्ष To swim over. ३. वृक्ष-पर-सक-सिट् ।  
 वृक्ष ind. With or by thee; ३. वृक्ष substituted for वृक्ष, but not to be confounded with the optional inflection of the 4th and 6th cases of वृक्ष thou.  
 वृक्ष r. 1st cl. (वृक्षति) To guard, to cherish, to defend or protect. ३. वृक्ष-पर-सक-सिट् ।  
 वृक्ष m. (-वः) 1. Sharpness, pungency. 2. Sharpness of a weapon. ३. Brilliancy. 4. Spirit. ३. तिप् to sharpen, affix वृक्ष : see वृक्षिवाट् ।  
 वृक्ष n. (-वः) 1. A bamboo. 2. Enlightening, making splendid or polished. 3. Sharpening. f. (-नी) 1. A plant (Aletis hyacinthoides.) 2. Heartpea. ३. तिप् to sharpen, &c. affixes तिप् and च ।  
 वृक्ष m. (-कः) A kind of reed, (Saccharum m.) ३. वृक्ष added to the preceding.  
 वृक्ष f. (-वा) The leaf of the Jambua palm. ३. वृक्ष sharp, pungent and वृक्ष a leaf.

वृक्ष m. (-वः) The francoline partridge. ३. तिप् to sharpen, वृक्ष : वृक्षिवाट् ।  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वा-वती-वतः) 1. Sharp, pungent. 2. Sharp, a weapon. Bright. 4. Spirited, energetic. f. (-नी) An aromatic plant (P. officinalis :) see वृक्षिवाट्. ३. वृक्ष sharpness, and वृक्ष aff.  
 वृक्ष m. (-वाः) A name of Agni or fire. n. (-वः) 1. Splendour, lustre. 2. Dignity, consequence. 3. Strength, power. 4. A spirit, energy. 5. Semen virile. 6. Fresh butter. 7. Impatience. 8. Ability to bear or put up with. 9. Gold. 9. Bile, the bilious humour. 10. Marrow, the brain, &c. 11. Fame, glory. 12. Sharp (metall.) 13. Pungency. 14. Heat. 15. Bodily vigour. 16. city. ३. तिप् to sharpen or polish, affix वाचिवाट् वृक्ष ।  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वा-वती-वतः) 1. Illuminating, making bright. 2. Sharpening, whetting. 3. Invigorating, tonic. ३. वृक्ष light, &c. and वृक्ष makes. वृक्ष, वृक्षिवाट् वृक्षिवाट् ।  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वा-वती-वतः) 1. Famous, celebrated. 2. Splendour see the preceding. f. (-वती) Heartpea : see वृक्षिवाट्. ३. splendour, &c. तिप् aff.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वा-वती-वतः) 1. Sharpened, whetted, polished, burnish. Exalted, invigorated, stimulated. ३. तिप् to sharpen, तिप् aff.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वा-वती-वतः) 1. Very bright or splendid. 2. Vigorous, full. ३. वृक्ष, and वृक्ष aff.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वा-वती-वतः) 1. Very bright, radiant, splendid, powerful or vigorous. ३. वृक्ष, and वृक्ष aff.  
 वृक्ष m. (-वः) A tree, (Premna spinosa :) see वृक्षिवाट्. ३. वृक्ष light, and वृक्ष friction; the friction of the wood engendering वृक्ष mfn. (-वा-वती-वतः) Luminous, brilliant, consisting or made of light. ३. वृक्ष, वृक्ष made of.  
 वृक्ष m. (-वः) 1. The supreme spirit. 2. The nature of light, वृक्ष light (divine), वृक्ष form.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वा-वती-वतः) 1. A Pungent. 2. Sharp. 3. Bright. 4. getic. f. (-नी) 1. A plant bearing a fruit resembling pepper. वृक्षिवाट्. 2. A kind of pepper, (Piper chavya, Rox.) ३. वृक्ष pungency, वृक्ष aff.  
 वृक्ष n. (-वः) Superior brilliancy or power. ३. वृक्ष, a being.  
 वृक्ष ind. Therefore, thence, for that reason, on that account correlative to वृक्ष. ३. The third case of वृक्ष that, used as a p.  
 वृक्ष m. (-वः) A note or cadence introductory to a song, &c. ३. to mean GAURY and वृक्ष SIVA; whose favour is secured by the वृक्ष (वृक्ष) वृक्ष r. 1st cl. (वृक्षति) 1. To sprinkle, to distil, to coo. 2. To shake or tremble. 3. To shine. ३. वृक्ष-वा-वृक्ष-सिट् ।  
 वृक्ष m. (-वा) Wet, damp, moisture. ३. तिप् to be wet, affix वृक्ष ।  
 वृक्ष n. (-वः) 1. Wetting, moistening, moisture. 2. A sauce or ment. f. (-नी) A chimney, a fire-place, ३. तिप् to be moistened affix वृक्ष ।  
 वृक्ष (वृक्ष) वृक्ष r. 1st cl. (वृक्षति) 1. To play, to sport. 2. To weep. ३. वृक्ष-वा-वृक्ष-सिट् ।  
 वृक्ष n. (-वः) 1. A garden, a pleasure garden or playground. Play, &c. ३. वृक्ष to play, affix वाचिवाट् वृक्ष ।  
 वृक्ष n. (-वः) 1. Sharpness. 2. Heat. 3. Pungency. 4. Heat. ३. वृक्ष, and वृक्ष aff.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (-वा-वती-वतः) 1. Of or relating to fire, sharp, splendid, &c. ful, vigorous, intense. n. (-वः) 1. Ghee or clarified butter. 2. Any. 3. Intensity. 4. Vigour, energy. ३. वृक्ष, brilliant, &c. वृक्षिवाट् ।  
 वृक्षिवाट् f. (-वा) A quail, ३. वृक्ष mfn. (-वा-वती-वतः) ३. वृक्षिवाट् ।





the throat. **हृत्** to harion, affix **वाचारे** **हृत्**; by which people pass or go.

**तोष** mn. (-वा-त्) A Tola, a weight of gold or silver; it is stated in books at 16 Maahas = 5 Rettis or 6½ grains each, and weighs therefore 105 grains troy; in practice it is calculated at 12 Maahas jeweller's weight, and weighs nearly double, or 210 grains; but actually it is of the same weight as the Sica or grs. 179½.

**तुल्य** to weigh, affix **कर्मदिचच्**; also with **लुच्** affix **तोष** mn. (-वा-त्)

**तोलन** n. (-न) Weighing. **हृत्** to weigh, **हृत्** aff.

**तोलयित्वा** ind. Having weighed. **हृत्** to weigh, causal form, **क्ता** aff.

**तोष** n. (-न) Pleasure, joy, happiness. **हृत्** to be pleased, affix **चच्**.

**तोषित** mfn. (-तः ता-ते) Pleased, appeased. **हृत्** to be pleased, affix **क्ता**.

**तोष** (क्ता) **तोष** r. 1st cl. (तोषति) To go or move.

**तोषिक** m. (-क) Sagittarius, the constellation.

**तोषिक** n. (-क) A pearl. **म.** (-कः) The pearl oyster.

**तोष्य** n. (-यः) The sound of musical instruments, harmony, &c. **हृत्** to play an instrument, and **चच्** aff. **तुल्य** सुरभादी वाद्य भवम्।

**तोष्यिक** n. (-क) Symphony, union of song, dance, and instrumental music. **हृत्** to play as above, **ति** three, **कन्** affix; triple or three-fold melody.

**तोलन** n. (-न) A balance. **हृत्** to weigh, **हृत्** aff.

**तोलिक** m. (-कः) A palster. **हृत्** to brush, and **उक्** aff.

**तोलिक** m. (-कः) A painter. **हृत्** to brush or pencil, and **उक्** aff.

**तोषार** n. (-र) 1. Snow. 2. Cold. **हृत्** to frost, and **चच्** aff.

**त्याग** mfn. (-तः ता-ते) Left, resigned, abandoned, deserted, &c. **हृत्** to quit, affix **क्ता**.

**त्यागवीर्य** mfn. (-नः ता-ते) Ready to die; willing to run all hazards, having relinquished the expectation of life as men on the forlorn hope. **हृत्** to leave, and **वीर्य** life.

**त्यागवत्** mfn. (-वाच् वती-वत्) Leaving, abandoning. **हृत्** to quit, **वत्** aff.

**त्याग्य** mfn. (-यः त्या-य) To be left, abandoned, excepted, &c. **हृत्** to leave, and **तज्** aff.

**त्यागिन्** m. (-निः) A Brahmin who has lost his household fire, one who neglects essential ceremonies. **हृत्** to leave, and **चच्** fire.

**त्यागकाम** mfn. (-कः त्या-क) Wishing to leave. **हृत्** for the infin, **त्याग**, and **काम** desiring.

**त्याग** ind. Having left or abandoned. **हृत्** to leave, and **क्ता** aff.

**त्यज** r. 1st cl. (ती) **त्यज** (त्यजति) To quit, to abandon, to leave or resign, to part from, to give away.

**त्यज** n. (-न) 1. Leaving, quitting, abandoning. 2. Excepting, exclusion. 3. Giving. **हृत्** to leave, and **उक्** aff.

**त्यज्य** mfn. (-यः त्या-य) 1. To be left or abandoned. 2. To be avoided. 3. To be excepted. **हृत्** to leave, and **चच्** aff.

**त्यज** mn. for **त्यज** mfn. (त्यजः त्या-य) That. **हृत्** to quit, Unadi affix **चदि**, and the final of the radical rejected.

**त्याग** m. (-न) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Abandoning, leaving, parting from, separation, deserting, &c. 3. A sage, one who separates himself from worldly thoughts. **हृत्** to abandon, **मदि** **चच्** aff.

**त्यागी** mfn. (-कः त्या-गी) Generous, liberal. **हृत्** to give, and **गी** addicted to.

**त्यागी** f. (-गी) Generosity. **हृत्** to give, and **गी** affix; also with **लुच्**, **त्यागी** m.

**त्यागी** f. (-गी) Liberality, generosity. **हृत्** to give, and **लुच्** affix; also with **लुच्**, **त्यागी** m.

**त्यागिन्** m. (-निः) Who or what leaves, gives, excepts, &c. **हृत्** to leave, but chiefly applied to the religious ascetic, or him who abandons terrestrial objects, thoughts, passions, &c. **हृत्** to leave as above, **ति** aff.

**त्यागित** mfn. (-तः त्या-त) Left, abandoned. **हृत्** to leave, **वत्** aff.

**त्याग** mfn. (-वा-त्) 1. To be left, or avoided. 2. To be parted from. 3. To be given. 4. To be excepted. 5. To be abandoned. 6. To be deserted, or its duration considered as abandoned. 7. To be left. 8. To be affixed.

**त्यज** (र) **त्यज** r. 1st cl. (त्यजति) To go or move. **हृत्** to go, **हृत्** aff.

**त्यज** (र) **त्यज** r. 1st cl. (त्यजति) To go or move. **हृत्** to go, **हृत्** aff.

**त्यज** (र) **त्यज** r. 1st cl. (त्यजति) To go or move. **हृत्** to go, **हृत्** aff.

**त्यज** mn. (-नः त्या-ज) The city of HARISCHANDRA, suspended, it is supposed in the air. **हृत्** to go, affix **चच्**.

**त्यज** (र) **त्यज** r. 1st cl. (त्यजति) 1. To set, to perform, to endeavour, to strive. 2. To be busy. **हृत्** to go, **हृत्** aff.

**त्यज** (क, च) **त्यज** r. 1st cl. (त्यजते) To be modest, to be ashamed. **हृत्** to go, **हृत्** aff.

**त्यज** mfn. (-यः त्या-य) Shame, modesty, bashfulness. 1. (-यः) 1. An unshame woman, (a shame, to her family.) 2. Family, race. 3. Fame.

**त्यज** to be modest, affix **चादि** **चच्**, fem. affix **चादि**.

**त्यजाव** mfn. (-वा-त्) Being ashamed. **हृत्** to be ashamed, **वाच्** aff.

**त्यजा** m. (-कः) A barbarian of a certain description. **हृत्** to be modest, **वाच्** aff. Unadi aff.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) Shameless, impudent. **हृत्** to go, and **नि** expelled.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) Modest, bashful, ashamed. **हृत्** to go, and **नि** possessed of.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) Overcome with shame. **हृत्** to go, and **नि** having.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) Bashful, modest. **हृत्** to go, and **यत्** attached.

**त्यजान्न** f. (-नः) A whore, a harlot. **हृत्** to go, **चदि** to affect, affix **चच्** and **टाप्**, and **च** changed to **र**.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) Modest, ashamed. **हृत्** to go, and **यत्** aff.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) Immodest, impudent. **हृत्** to go, and **यत्** void of.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) Modest, bashful, ashamed. **हृत्** to go, and **यत्** to be mode.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) 1. Highly satisfied. 2. Very much ashamed. **हृत्** to please, or **चच्** shame, and **चच्** affix, deriv. irr.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) Highly or excessively pleased or content. **हृत्** to please, or **चच्** shame, and **चच्** affix, deriv. irr.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) Very much ashamed. **हृत्** to be pleased, or **चच्**, and **चच्** affix, deriv. irr.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) 1. Tin. 2. Lead. **हृत्** to be modest, Unadi affix **उक्**.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) Tin. **हृत्** to be added to the preceding.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) A cucumber. **हृत्** to be ashamed, **हृत्** affix, fem. **उक्**.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) Tin, or according to some, lead. **हृत्** to be ashamed, Unadi affix **उक्**.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) Thin or diluted curds. **हृत्** to be satisfied, deriv. irr. also without the final **य** **चच्**, n. (-नः) also **हृत्** and **हृत्**.

**त्यजान्न** mfn. (-नः त्या-ज) 1. The third. 2. (In composition) Tree, as **त्यजान्न** has three properties. **हृत्** to be, **चच्** aff.

**त्यजान्न** f. (-ती) 1. The three Vedas collectively, that is, omitting the Atharvan, which not being a text book for the customary religious rites of the Hindus, is considered very commonly rather an appendix to the other three, than a fourth work of equal authority. 2. A matron, a married woman who has children living. 3. Intelligent, understanding. 4. A plant, (*Conyza serrata*.) and three. **हृत्** to go, or **हृत्** substituted for the final, fem. affix **चच्**.

**त्यजान्न** m. (-नः) The sun. **हृत्** the three Vedas, and **हृत्** affirmed celebrated through these sacred books, or because the Sages, Vedas and portions of the other Vedas, are said to have proceeded from the sun.

**त्यजान्न** m. (-नः) Duty enjoined by the Vedas, mother of sacrifice, prescribed by them. **हृत्** the three Vedas, and **हृत्** affirmed.

**त्यजान्न** m. (-नः) A Brahmin. **हृत्** the three Vedas, and **हृत्** affirmed.





So there, and we stick it out. We stick it out.

...of the Granges, with three or a number that  
...essentially applied to the ... ..

विश्वाम् (वि-त्ता) L. Th. Ganges. २. Another river. ३. for three, and

वैयक्तिक min. (-क. वी.क.) Relating to the private of person  
and उच्च अ. निदेशक निदेश



... (अन्य) विभक्त्यः। १२८६. (अन्य) 'To hurry, to make haste, to go ...  
... with speed, to do any thing readily or precipitately. अ-...

का. सं. १८

**अच्युत** *achyuta* m. making haste, speed, velocity, n. अच् to haste, and च्युट्.  
अच्युतात् *achyutāt* (नञ्) Hastening, making haste, going speedily. n.

३५४। मानव शक्ति.

[illegible]

तराशित रुफि न सात) ॥ १॥, quick. ॥ तराशित, and सात [passage]

अग्रिमं infin. subst. (अग्र-प्र-प्र) Adherence, attachment. एतत्प्रगच्छ, with speed, and युक्तः अग्र-प्र-प्र.

वरायुक्त infn. (-तः क्त्वा) Quick, expeditious. वर, and युक्त having.

आवृत्ति. (५००) Haste, speed. २. स्व. to make haste, affix ५००.

after infn. suffix. (-g; a-g) Quick, swift, expeditious. n. (-g) Dispatch, haste. adv. Quickly, swiftly. n.  $\pi\pi$  to make haste, after  $\pi$ , and  $\pi\pi$  inserted.

अत्रादि १. (नर) १. Swift motion. 2. A species of the Pankti metre E  
अत्र, अत्रादि.

वर्षिर्मासिदित् *inf.* (वा. वा. न.) *Spotted* 1st. burned. & *burnt* quickly, उदित  
*mail.*

मन्. (-ः-ः) Pared, made this to make thin, affix म.

कर्मि (कर्मि) Carpentry: E. वन के प्लान, मंथन अ.

सृज् m. (-सृ) 1. A carpenter. 2. A name of VISHNUSAKAMA, the artist of the gods. E. सृज् to para, affix सृ. Ino sun E. तिष्ठ् to shine, Unadi affix सृ and सृ substituted for the radical सृ.

स्राव (मृ. - च. - जी. च.) 1. Outcure, relating to the skin. 2. Contagious, derived from touch, अ. स्राव, and च्राव, all

साधनम् ॥ ( ३ ) Ascertainment of objects by contact. ॥ स्पर्श. and प्रत्यक्ष  
perception

म. (-रु) The name of a demon, also called वसिष्ठाशूरा. म. (-रु) १. One of the lunar mansions, the fourteenth or Chitra, f. (-रु) १. A wife of SURYA, or the sun, also called SAJANA, the daughter of VIŠVAKARMA. 2. A small car. र. लघु, the son of a carpenter, लघु, affix of relation or descent, and लघिप form. अ. लघु इति लघु

प्रत्ययः १२८ च. (अ) चोत्थिष्य (विपर्यय-ने) To slumber. With अव prefixed, १. To  
 pore. २ To dwell आ-कुस-यक-कण्डितः

निष् क् (निट् : 1. Light, 2 Splendid, beauty, 3 Speech 4 Wish, desire, 5. Custom, practice, usage ६. निष् to shine, affix निष् : also with टाप् added स्वरा

1त्वचा f (-चा) Light . see the preceding

स्वभाव्यति m. (-ति) The sun & स्वभाऽण pl. of त्व्, light, and प्रति  
matter.

तस्मिन् (स्मि) A ray of light. E. तस्य to shine, set off.

कर १, १st cl (५.१६) To proceed fraudulently - crookedly. अवा-एर  
सुख-सुट १

सङ्गम. (२) The hilt or handle of a sword. सङ्गम. १०, Unadhi  
अङ्गम. १०.

यू. 6th cl. (सुक्ति) To cover, to screen, to disguise or hide.  
सक-मिट ।

घटकार m. (-रः) The sound made in spitting.

vy ind. Imitative sound of spitting.

चर. 4th cl. (यच्चति-ते) To become pure.

धुर्वी (क) धुर्वी r. 1st of. (धुर्वी) To kill, to injure or hurt. भा-पा  
सेट ।

पोडन n. (-न) Covering, clothing, wrapping up. n. कूट, and कूट, १

२ The third letter of the dental class, and eighteenth consonant of the Deva Nagari alphabet, corresponding to the letter D.

इ न. (इ) A wife inf. (इदा) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Dividing, out-  
breaking, &c. f. (हा) 1. Purifying, cleansing. 2. Preserving, che-  
ring. 3. Repentance. m. (दा) 1. A donor, a giver. 2. A mon-  
S. A gift, a thing given. म. हा to give, or दी to out, &c. affix

दङ्ग । 1st cl. (दङ्गति) To bite, to sting

१. A gadfly. 2. A tooth. 3. Biting, stinging. 4. A nail. 5. Cutting, dividing, tearing. 6. Fault, defect. 7. A jo. 8. The sting of a snake. 9. Pungency. ( - ) A small g. १०. to bite or sting, affix बद्, diminutive affix लीव ।

दशक mfn. (-क-का-क) What bites or stings. m. (-कः) A gadfly. x

दङ्गल (★) 1. Rittling stinging. 2. Armour, mail. ३. दङ्गल to bite  
भावे लट्, aff.

दण्डी m. (-क) A buffalo. द. दण्डी a gadfly, and भीरु afraid of; also कन added, दण्डीभीरु m. (-कः) दण्डीभीरु ।

मूल m. (च.) A plant, (*Hyperanthera morunga*.) इ. इस bring.  
मूल a root; the root of this plant is substituted in Beng  
horseradish

द्विमतं मीन. (तः तातः) 1. Armed, mailed. 2. Bitten, stung. ३. दंष्ट्रा अर्थात् दाहक अर्थात् दाहक अर्थात् दाहक and दाहक अर्थात् दाहक अर्थात् दाहक दाहक ।

हंशिर mfn (-रः-रा-रं) Mischievous, noxious. प्र. हंश to bite or  
Unadv affix परण ।

दण्ड f. (-दण्डः) A large tooth, a tusk. x. दण् to bite, affix दण्, and दण् aff.

दंष्टिका (दं-का) The beard. दं, दंष्ट. A tooth, दन्त aff.

दंष्ट्र mfn. (दंष्ट्र-दंष्ट्रि-दंष्ट्र) 1. Biting or wounding with the teeth, animal, &c.) 2. Tusked; having tusks or sharp teeth. 3. Can-  
 rong, m. (दंष्ट्र) 1. A hog, 2. A snake, 3. दंष्ट्र a tooth, and दंष्ट्र

दस्तावेज नं. १०) आर्थिक, mail : see दस्तावेज

पानी. (水) Water. *n.* See wan, the initial vowel being dropped.

दृक् r. 1st cl. (दृचते) 1. To grow or increase. 2. To dispatch, to exp  
to do quickly. 3. To go, to move. 4. To hurt or kill. दृचते च

दक्ष mfn. ( दक्षः दक्षः ) Clever, able, dexterous. m. ( दक्षः ) 1. A Brahmin according to one legend, son of BRAMHA, born from the left hand of his right hand, for the purpose of peopling the world. 2. To another, he is the son of the Munin, called Prachetasas. D. had sixty daughters, of whom twenty-seven are the nymphs from the lunar asterisms, and wives of the Moon, and the other thirty-three are also stars of DAKSA, the wife of SIVA, and were married to KASHAPA, and were the mothers of all the beings. DAKSHA was on one occasion, deceived by SIVA, दक्षः दक्षः, he is sometimes represented as a blind man, and he is blind. 3. A Muni and Brahmin, who was one of the sages of the Treta Yuga. 4. A name of the god of the Treta Yuga.







**दण्डद्वारक** न. (-क) The peninsula, the peninsular forest : see the last.  
**दण्डक**, and **धरदण्ड** a wood.  
**दण्डदण्ड** न. (-ण) Becoming a mendicant or ascetic. **दण्ड** the staff carried by the mendicant, and **दण्ड** taking.  
**दण्डग्न** म. (-ग्न) A fighter, one who commits personal violence. **दण्ड** a stick, and **ग्न** who strikes.  
**दण्डजित** info. (-जित) Suppressed by punishment. **दण्ड**, and **जित** conquered.  
**दण्डकडा** f. (-का) A kettle drum. **दण्ड** a stick, and **का** a drum.  
**दण्डक** (क) : (-की) A perforated copper vessel, of given capacity, placed in a vessel of water; when filled with water, it sinks, marking a certain portion of time. **दण्ड** twenty-four minutes, and **क** (क) a copper vessel, &c.  
**दण्डदास** म. (-स) A slave, a bond-man : one who has become so as a punishment for debt. **दण्ड**, and **दास** a slave.  
**दण्डधर** मन्. (-धर) 1. Having a stick or staff. 2. Having authority to punish. m. (-र) 1. A name of Yama. 2. A large 3. A porter. 4. A mendicant carrying a staff. **दण्ड** punishment, a stick, &c. and **धर** who holds or possesses. also **दण्डधर** m. **दण्डधरिन्** m. **दण्ड** carrying staff. **धरति** m. **धर**.  
**दण्डधारक** न. (-क) 1. Punishment. 2. Carrying a staff. 3. Following the order of a mendicant. **दण्ड**, and **धार** having.  
**दण्डन** न. (-न) Punishing, inflicting punishment. **दण्ड**, and **न** aff.  
**दण्डनायक** म. (-क) 1. General, a commander-in-chief. 2. A magistrate, a head police officer. **दण्ड** a column or troops, and **नायक** a leader.  
**दण्डनीति** f. (-ति) Police, the system of civil and military administration taught by Chanakya and others. **दण्ड** (by) punishment or subjection, **नी** to get or obtain, and **ति** aff.  
**दण्डनीय** mfn. (-य) Punishable, deserving punishment. **दण्ड**, and **नीय** aff.  
**दण्डनीयक** न. (-क) Demerit, desert of punishment. **दण्ड**, and **नीय** added to the last; also with **क**, **दण्डनीयक**.  
**दण्डपायक** म. (-क) A porter, a warder or door-keeper. **दण्ड** a staff, **पा** to cherish or bear, affix **द**, **दण्डप** again, **पायक** for **पायक** strong, sturdy.  
**दण्डपाणि** म. (-णि) 1. YAMA. 2. A staff-bearer. 3. One of Siva's attendants worshipped at Benares. **दण्ड**, and **पाणि** a hand.  
**दण्डपातिन्** mfn. (-ति) Awarding punishment, punishing. **दण्ड**, punishment, and **पातिन्** causing.  
**दण्डपात्य** न. (-य) 1. Assault and battery, a title of jurisprudence. 2. Infliction of cruel punishment, one of the seven vices of kings and rulers. **दण्ड** punishment, **पात्य** severity.  
**दण्डपाल** म. (-ल) 1. A door-keeper, a porter. 2. A small kind of fish, (*Cyprinus danica* HAM.) See **दण्ड** a staff, &c. and **पाल** who cherishes. **दण्ड** दण्डपालवति भवन्तः पालि शब्दः.  
**दण्डपालक** म. (-क) 1. A sort of fish : see the preceding, which it is supposed to resemble. 2. A door-keeper, **क** कन् implying likeness, or pleonastic added.  
**दण्डपाशक** न. (-क) A hangman, an executioner. **दण्ड**, and **पाश** a noose, **क** aff.  
**दण्डप्रयत्न** (न) Inflicting punishment. **दण्ड**, and **प्रयत्न** leading.  
**दण्डभीति** f. (-ति) Fear of punishment. **दण्ड**, and **भीति** fear.  
**दण्डनम्** mfn. (-नम्) 1. Having a staff or stick. 2. Inflicting punishment. m. (-न) 1. A porter. 2. An epithet of Yama. **दण्ड** the stick or handle of his wheel, and **नम्** who possesses or works with.  
**दण्डनान** म. (-न) 1. An ascetic, one who used a staff. 2. A leader. **दण्ड**, and **नान** a staff.  
**दण्डनम्** m. (-नम्) Punishing, amerising, chastising. **दण्ड**, and **नम्** aff.  
**दण्डयात्रा** f. (-या) 1. Subjection or conquest of a region or quarter. 2. A

bridal procession. 3. Procession, moving in state or with attendants. **दण्ड** punishment, &c. and **यात्रा** going.  
**दण्डयाम** म. (-याम) 1. A name of YAMA. 2. The saint AGASTYA. 3. day. **दण्ड** punishment, &c. **यम्** to refrain, in the causal form, **यच्** aff. **दण्डेन यच्छति यमं वा कर्त्तरि यमं यच्**.  
**दण्डयोग** न. (-य) Infliction of punishment. **दण्ड**, and **योग** apply.  
**दण्डलेख** न. (-ख) A small fine. **दण्ड**, and **लेख** a little.  
**दण्डवत** ind. Prostrate, falling or lying prostrate. **दण्ड** a stick, **वति** aff.  
**दण्डधरम्** mfn. (-धर-वती-धर) Having a stick, carrying a staff. **दण्ड**, **धरम्** aff.  
**दण्डवादिन्** म. (-दी) 1. A door-keeper or a warder. 2. One who threatens another with punishment or castigation. **दण्ड** castigation, **वद** to speak, to threaten, affix **णिनि**.  
**दण्डवदधि** न. (-धि) An elephant. **दण्ड** a stick, and **वदधि** a tail.  
**दण्डवादिन्** म. (-सो) 1. A door-keeper, a warder, a chamberlain. The magistrate or the head of a village. **दण्ड** a staff or mace, punishment, &c. **वस** to abide, affix **णिनि**.  
**दण्डविकल्प** म. (-ल्प) Appropriate punishment or sentence. **दण्ड**, **विकल्प** alternative.  
**दण्डविधि** f. (-धि) Criminal law, mode of punishment. **दण्ड**, and **विधि** aff.  
**दण्डविधि** म. (-धि) Kind or degree of punishment. **दण्ड**, and **विधि** aff.  
**दण्डविधायक** (क) : (-क) A post or stake, round which plays the string, works the churning stick. **दण्ड** a stick, **कथ** to stop, with **यच्** aff., and **यच्** aff. **दण्डं मन्थानदण्डं विधायति**। (वीरमयार खंडः)  
**दण्डहन्** म. (-हन्) 1. A staff-bearer. 2. A door-keeper. **दण्ड** a staff, **हन्** to get or obtain, and **हन्** the hand.  
**दण्डजित** m. (-जित) Deceit, fraud, cheating, roguery.  
**दण्डादिक** and **Single stick**, cudgelling, fighting with sticks or &c. **दण्ड** a stick, repeatedly, with **यच्** inserted, and **यच्** added.  
**दण्डार** म. (-र) 1. A carriage, a vehicle. 2. A potter's wheel. 3. or any instrument for casting arrows or darts. 4. An elephant, a furious or intemperate elephant. **दण्ड** a stick, **र** to get or obtain, and **र** aff. **दण्डं रच्छति**.  
**दण्डाहत** म. (-हत्) Buttermilk. **दण्ड** a churning stick, and **हात** a churned.  
**दण्डक** म. (-क) 1. A mace-bearer, &c. one carrying a stick or staff. A fish, (*Cyprinus dankeva* HAM.) **दण्ड** a staff, and **क** aff.  
**दण्डिका** f. (-का) 1. A kind of necklace. 2. A string. **दण्ड** a neck, and **क** aff.  
**दण्डित** mfn. (-त) Punished, chastised, sentenced, fined. **दण्ड**, and **त** aff.  
**दण्डनम्** mfn. (-नम्) Having a staff or stick. **दण्ड** (दण्ड) 1. A door-keeper, a warder, a porter, a staff or mace-bearer. 2. A name of Yama. 3. A man of the fourth order or beggar. 4. A mendicant carrying a staff. 5. A mendicant of a particular order, denoted by SANKARACHARYA. 6. A Jina or Jaina saint. **दण्ड** a staff, and **नम्** aff.  
**दण्डोपना** f. (-ना) A small shrub; also सहदेवा। **मन्थनेदेव**।  
**दण्डा** mfn. (-दा) Punishable, deserving punishment. **दण्ड**, punishment, and **कर्मणि यच्** affix implying fitness.  
**दण्** m. (दण् दन्ती दन्तः) 2nd case plu. (दन्तः) A tooth; see **दण्**, **दण्** is dropped after the 2nd case. **दण्** to subdue, affix **उत्**.  
**दण्ड** mfn. (-ण्ड) 1. Given, presented, made over, assigned. Preserved, guarded, protected. m. (-ण्ड) 1. The name of a kind of Aśvini, also दन्ताचय. 3. A common surname or title of a man of the Vaisya or third tribe, at present common to the Kshatriya class. n. (-ण्ड) A gift, a donation. **दण्** to give, affix **कर्मणि क्**.  
**दण्डक** म. (-क) A son given: see the next. **दण्** added to the last.

अपुत्र m. (-ऋः) A son given away by his natural parents, to persons desiring to adopt him; one of the twelve heirs acknowledged by the old Hindu law. इ. दत्तक, and पुत्र a son; also simply दत्तक, and sometimes दत्तक.

दत्त mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Gave, was giving. इ. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्ता m. (-ऋः) A bride for whom a sum of money has been paid to her father. इ. दत्त, and दत्तक dowry.

दत्त mfn. (-जा-जा-वत्) Self-given. m. (-ऋः) A youth or orphan, who gives himself to persons disposed to take the place of parents. इ. दत्त given, and दत्तक self.

दत्त m. (-ऋः) A sage, the son of Atri given to him by three deities, INDRA, VISHNU and SIVA. इ. दत्त, and दत्तक son of Atri; also दत्त.

दत्त mfn. (-ऋः-वा-वत्) Given and received. इ. दत्त, and दत्तक taken.

दत्त mfn. (-ऋः-वा-वत्) Treated with respect. इ. दत्त, and दत्तक respect.

दत्तक m. (-ऋः) Nonresumption of gifts. इ. दत्त a gift, क्त for क्त neg. before अपकर्मन् resuming.

दत्तक mfn. (-ऋः-वा-वत्) Given and taken again. इ. दत्त, and अपकर्मन् taken back.

दत्तक m. (-ऋः) Resumption of gifts; one of the eighteen titles of law. इ. दत्त, and अपकर्मन् not giving.

दत्तक mfn. (-ऋः-वा-वत्) Attentive. इ. दत्त and अपकर्मन् attention.

दत्तक mfn. (-ऋः-वा-वत्) Having a seat given, requested to sit. इ. दत्त, and दत्तक a seat.

दत्तक m. (-ऋः) Gift, donation. इ. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्तक mfn. (-ऋः-वा-वत्) 1. Given, 2. Produced or effected by gifts. m. (-ऋः) A slave who is given by another. 2. A son given by his parents. इ. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्तक m. (-ऋः) The deity INDRA.

दत्तक mfn. (-ऋः-वा-वत्) Having given. इ. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्तक m. (-ऋः) 1. To give 2. To relinquish. भा० वा० सक० सेट् ।

दत्तक m. (-ऋः-वा-वत्) Giving. इ. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्तक m. (-ऋः-वा-वत्) Who gives or bestows. इ. दद to give, and क्त aff.

दत्तक m. (-ऋः-वा-वत्) Gift, giving, donation. इ. दद to give, affix भावे ल्यट् ।

दत्तक m. (-ऋः-वा-वत्) Who or what gives or bestows. इ. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्तक mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Giving, who or what gives. इ. दा to give, क्त aff.

दत्तक m. (-ऋः) Fearful, alarmed. इ. दृ to fear, क्त affix, and the radical vowel made short.

दत्तक mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Seeing, looking. इ. दृश् to see, वसु affix, इट् uninflected.

दत्तक mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Seeing, looking. इ. दृश् to see, वसु affix.

दत्तक m. (-ऋः) Cutaneous and herpetick eruptions; also दद्रुः or with क्त added दद्रुक m. (-ऋः).

दत्तक m. (-ऋः) A kind of cassia, (C. tora.) इ. दद्रु herpes, and दद्रु destroy- ing, remedying; also दद्रुः इति दद्रु-ट् ।

दत्तक mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Herpetick, afflicted with herpes. इ. दद्रु, and क्त affix; also दद्रुः.

दत्तक mfn. (-जी-जीवी-वत्) Herpetick, diseased by herpes. इ. दद्रु herpes, दद्रु a disease, and दद्रु aff.

दत्तक m. (-ऋः) Herpetick eruptions: see दद्रु.

दत्तक m. (-ऋः) See दद्रु.

दत्तक mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) See दद्रु.

दत्तक m. (-ऋः) 1. To hold, to possess or retain. 2. To give, to present, to assign or make over. (इ) दधि (दधति) To nourish.

भा० वा० सक० सेट् ।

दध् m. (-ऋः-वा-वत्) Who has or possesses. इ. धा to have, क्त aff.

दध् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having, holding, possessing. इ. धा to have, क्त aff.

दध् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having, holding, possessing. इ. धा to have, क्त aff.

दधि mfn. (-धि-धि-धि) Holding, having, who or what has or possesses. n. (-धि) 1. Milk curdled or coagulated spontaneously by heat, or by the addition of buttermilk; it is an article of food of general use, and is held in high estimation amongst the Hindus, and is considered, medicinally, as the remedy or preventative of most disorders. 2. Resin, turpentine: all the synonyms are common to these two senses. 3. A house, an abode. इ. धा to have, क्त affix, and the root reiterated.

दधिपुष्टि f. (-ऋः) A mixture of boiled and coagulated milk, or of water and sour curds. इ. दधि as above, क्त affix, and दधि curdled milk. (हाना) ।

दधिचर m. (-ऋः) The churning stick. इ. दधि curdled milk, and चर to move, in the causal form, affix चिच् चच्.

दधिज m. (-ऋः) Fresh butter. इ. दधि curdled milk, and दधिज.

दधिज m. (-ऋः) The wood-apple: see दधिज. इ. दधि, दधि to stand or be, affix ज; the root yielding a juice prepared to curdled milk.

दधिज m. (-ऋः) A quantity of curds given away at any sacrifice. इ. दधि, and धेनु a cow.

दधिपुष्प f. (-ऋः) A flower, (Olitorea ternata.) इ. दधि curdled milk, and पुष्प a flower, क्त added in the fem. form.

दधिज m. (-ऋः) The elephant or wood-apple, also दधित. इ. दधि curdled milk, and फल fruit, the fruit having the acid taste of Dalo or Dadhi.

दधिभाण्ड n. (-ऋः) A vessel for holding curds, a pail. इ. दधि, and भाण्ड a vessel.

दधिमज्ज m. (-ऋः) Whey. इ. दधि, and मज्ज scum.

दधिमज्ज m. (-ऋः) The sea of curds, or rather of whey. इ. दधिमज्ज, and उद water.

दधिशीघ्र m. (-ऋः) A monkey. इ. दधि, and शीघ्र crimson: of a colour composed of that of curdled milk and crimson.

दधिसक्त m. plu. always (-ऋः) Barley meal mixed with curds. इ. दधि, and सक्त the meal of barley, after frying and grinding.

दधिसर m. (-ऋः) The skin of coagulated milk, also सर only. इ. दधि Dahi, and सर which goes on or upon.

दधिसर m. (-ऋः) Fresh butter. इ. दधि curdled milk, and सर essence.

दधिज m. (-ऋः) Skim of Dahi, or curdled milk whey. इ. दधि curdled milk, and ज only substance.

दधिज m. (-ऋः) Buttermilk. इ. दधि as above, and ज दधि exudation.

दधीच m. (-ऋः) The name of a Muni or saint, famous for having devoted himself to death, that the gods might be armed with his bones in the shape of thunderbolts; they being the only effective weapons against the demon Vrutna; also दधीच.

दधीच m. (-ऋः) A Muni or saint: see the last.

दधीच m. (-ऋः) 1. The diamond. 2. The thunderbolt. इ. दधीच a saint, and चधि a bone; the bones of the saint were converted into thunderbolts, which are of the same substance with the diamond, according to the Hindus.

दध् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Shameless, impudent. इ. धा to be vain, affix क्त, deriv. irr.

दध् m. (-ऋः) A name of YAMA. इ. धा to have, reiterated, and क्त aff.

दध्याकर m. (-ऋः) The sea of curds. इ. दधि, and आकर a mine.

दध्यानी f. (-ऋः) A medicinal plant: see कटकी. इ. दधि curdled milk, नी with धाङ् prefixed, affix क्त.

दध्यानी m. (-ऋः) The wood apple. इ. दधि, and धाङ् a mine.

दध्यसर n. (-ऋः) The skim of curdled milk, whey. इ. दधि, and सर upper part; also with क्त added दध्यसरक m. (-ऋः).

दध् m. (-ऋः) The sea of curds. इ. दधि, and उद water; that which has curds for water.

दम्न m. ( द; य ) 1. Punishment, punishing, chastising. 2. Self-endurance of rigorous austerities. n. (-य) -----  
 दम्न to tame or subdue. Unadi affix दम्नय ।

दूर m. (-र-र) 1. Fear, terror. 2. A hole in the ground. n. (र) A conch-shell, ind. A little. f. (-र-री) 1. A natural or artificial excavation in a mountain, a cave, a cavern, a grotto, &c. 2. A valley. E. दृ to divide, to dread, &c. affix भावे वा ।  
 दूरि m. (-रि) An eddy, a current. E. दृ to tear (down the banks). affix चिनि ; some books read दूरि, and others चरि.  
 दूरद f. (-त) 1. Terror. 2. A mountain. 3. A precipice. 4. The heart. 5. A bank or mound. 6. A tribe of barbarians. E. दृ to divide, or tear, चदि Unadi aff.  
 दूरद mf. (-द-दा) A country bordering on Kashmir, the mountains about Kashmir and above Peshawar. m. (-द) 1. Fear, terror 2. A tribe of barbarians. E. चच् added to the former.  
 दूरिदलित mfn. (-त-ता-ती) Slightly or a little burst or opened n. द. and विदलित divided.  
 दुरि f. (-रि) A cave : see दूर. E. दृ to divide. इम् aff.  
 दुरित mfn. (-त-ता-ती) 1. Frightened, terrified. 2. Torn, rent, divided E. दूर fear, इतच् affix ; or दृ to divide, affix क्.  
 दुरिद mfn. (-द-दा-दा) Poor, needy, indigent, distressed. E. दुरिदा to be poor, affix क् ।  
 दुरिदता f. (-ता) Poverty, indigence. E. दुरिद, and तच् affix ; also with ल दुरितलम् ।  
 दुरिदा r. 2nd cl. (दुरिदासि) 3rd plu. (दुरिदासि) To be poor or needy. चदा पर० चक० सेट् ।  
 दुरिदायक mfn. (क-का-क) Poor, distressed. E. दुरिदा, and चच् aff. aff.  
 दुरिदिन mfn. (-त-ता-ती) Poor, impoverished. E. दुरिदा to be poor, affix क् दुरिदिह mfn. (-ता-ती-ह) Poor, needy. E. दुरिदा, and हच् affix ; otherwise with च्चुल् affix दुरिदायक ।  
 दुरीम् f. (-म्) A cavern, a hollow. E. दुरी, and म् a place.  
 दुरीमत m. (मत) A mountain. E. दुरी a cave, and मत what has.  
 दुरीदर m. (-र) 1. A gamester. 2. A stake. n. (-र) Gambling see दुरीदर.  
 दुरीद mfn. (-र-रा-र) Cracked, flawed, slightly broken, (a vessel, &c.) m. (-र) A mountain. E. दृ to tear or break, affix चच्, and the root repeated.  
 दुरीराज m. (-रा) A sort of sauce or condiment ; also नीराजीय ।  
 दुरीरीक m. (-क-क) A musical instrument. m. (क) 1. A cloud. 2. A frog E. दृ to tear, Unadi affix रिकच्, and the radical recapitulate ; what is struck, &c.  
 दुरीर m. (-र) 1. A frog 2. A cloud. 3. A mountain. 4. A sort of musical instrument, a pipe or flute. n. (-र) A number of villages. f. (-रा) A name of DURGA. E. दृ to tear, Unadi affix चरच्, and the radical repeated.  
 दुरीरपट m. (-ट) The mouth or extremity of a pipe. E. दुरी, and पट a cup  
 दुरी (दुरी) Herpetick eruption : see दुरी.  
 दुरी m. (-दुरी) A cutaneous disease, herpes, also दुरी  
 दुरी m. (-दुरी) Cutaneous eruption, herpes E. दुरिदा to be poor, क् Unadi affix, the form is irregular ; by substituting the short vowel and omitting the first र, this word and its compounds appear in a variety of forms, as दुरी, दुरी, दुरी ; also omitting the second र, दुरी, &c. &c. q. v.  
 दुरी m. (-दुरी) Cassia, (torā) also दुरी and दुरी.  
 दुरी mfn. (-च-चा-च) Diseased with herpes, herpetick ; also दुरीच, दुरीच, &c.  
 दुरीरिन्ज mfn. (-नी-निजी-नि) Herpetick, afflicted with herpes ; also दुरीरिन्ज, दुरीरिन्ज, &c.  
 दुरी m. (-दुरी) 1. Pride, arrogance. 2. Musk. 3. Heat. E. दृ to be proud, to inflame, affix भावे चच्, कर्त्तरि चच् वा ।  
 दुरी mfn. (-क-का-क) What kindles, inflames, or excites. m. (-क

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) 1. The eye. 2. Kindling, inflaming. ३. दृष्ट to excite, to flame, affix लु।  
 दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) Puffed up or swelling with pride. ३. दक्षिण, and प्रगत inflamed.  
 दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) Humbling, humiliating, pride-destroying. ३. दक्षिण, and दक्षिण it removes.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) Incipient pride, conceit. ३. दक्षिण pride, प्रारम्भ commencement.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) Conciliating or subduing arrogance. ३. दक्षिण, and उप-प्रति allaying.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) 1. A Rakshasa, an imp or goblin. 2. A mischievous man or animal, &c. ३. दक्षिण to lead, Unadi affix व.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) A constable, police officer set over a village, &c. 2. A warder, a door-keeper.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) 1. INDRA. 2. Air, wind. 3. A musical instrument.  
 दक्षिण f. (-दक्षिण) 1. A ladle or spoon. 2. The expanded hood of a snake. ३. दक्षिण to divide, Unadi affix वि; also with डीप् added दक्षिण: some authorities made the final consonant the labial letter व, as दक्षिण, दक्षिण; also दक्षिण.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) A ladle, a spoon. f. (-दक्षिण) A potherb: see दक्षिण. ३. कन् added to the preceding.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) A snake. ३. दक्षिण the hood expanded and कर who makes.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) 1. Kusa or sacrificial grass, (Poa cynosuroides.) 2. A kind of reed, (Saccharum spontaneum) 3. An oval species, (S. cylindricum) ३. दक्षिण to collect, to arrange, affix चञ्, or दक्षिण to tear, Unadi affix म.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) A private apartment or house, a retirement.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) A kind of grass, (Saccharum spontaneum) ३. दक्षिण, and दक्षिण a leaf.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) 1. Sight, seeing. 2. Day of new moon when it rises invisible. 3. Half monthly sacrifice, performed at the change of the moon, by persons maintaining a perpetual fire. ३. दक्षिण to see, affix चञ्चर चञ्.  
 दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) Who or what shows, displays, explains, makes clear, &c. m. (-दक्षिण) 1. A door-keeper, a warder. 2. An exhibitor, one who points out or shows any thing. 3. A skillful man, one who is conversant with any science or art, &c. ३. दक्षिण to see, दक्षिण aff.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. ३. दक्षिण to see, कर्मणि चञ्चर aff.  
 दक्षिण n. (-दक्षिण) 1. Sight, seeing, looking. 2. The eye. 3. A Mirror. 4. Showing. 5. Aspect, appearance. 6. Directing, instructing. 7. A dream, a vision. 8. Virtue, moral merit. 9. Knowledge, especially religious. 10. Understanding, intellect. 11. A Sastra, one of six religious or philosophical systems, the Patanjali Sankhya, Vaishnava, Nyaya, Mimamsa and Vedanta. 12. Sacrifice. 13. Colour. 14. Worshipping any sacred shrine, worshipping in the presence of any image. ३. दक्षिण to see, affix भावकरणार्थः कृट्, (सुरेयः)  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) A surety for appearance. ३. दक्षिण, and प्रत्यक्ष दक्षिणप्रतिभाष्य n. (-दक्षिण) Surety for appearance, bail. ३. दक्षिण, and प्रतिभाष्य surety.  
 दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) 1. Beautiful, handsome, agreeable. 2. Visible, to be seen. ३. दक्षिण looking, and दक्षिण affix; or दक्षिण to see, and चञ्चर aff.  
 दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) Vain, conceited, thinking oneself handsome. ३. दक्षिण, सन् to mind, विनि aff.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) The night of new moon, on which it rises invisible. ३. दक्षिण new moon, and दक्षिण night.  
 दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) Showing, displaying, who or what shows. m. (-दक्षिण) 1. A warder, an exhibitor, a door-keeper. 2. A show man, a guide, an exhibitor. ३. दक्षिण to see, in the causal form, and दक्षिण aff.  
 दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) Having shown having made manifest. ३. दक्षिण to see, causal form, क्वाच aff.

दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) Showing, explaining or proposing to see or explain. ३. दक्षिण to see, causal form, क्वाच affix, with दक्षिण sense.

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) The moon. ३. दक्षिण day of new moon, and दक्षिण from दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) 1. Visible, apparent. 2. Showing, displayed. Explained. 4. Seen. 5. Understood. ३. दक्षिण to see, in the causal form, affix चिच् and क्।

दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) 1. Having shown, showing, display. 2. Explaining, teaching. ३. दक्षिण causal form, क्वाच aff.

दक्षिण १. 1st cl. (दक्षिण) १. 10th cl. (दक्षिण) 1. To cut, to divide, to pierce. 2. To be cut, &c. 3. To display. 4. To wither. ३. दक्षिण मेद सन् मेदने मेद, मेदने युत् उभो सन् मेदने सेट्।

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) A leaf. n. (-दक्षिण) 1. A part, a portion, a fragment. Dividing, tearing, cutting, splitting, &c. 3. A sheath, a scabbard. 4. An adulteration or alloy. 5. A heap or quantity. 6. The name of Tamala. 7. A half. ३. दक्षिण to divide, to cut, &c. affix चञ्च

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) A folded petal or leaf. ३. दक्षिण, and क्वाच a door. दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) A sort of jasmine, (J. pubescens.) ३. दक्षिण a leaf, क्वाच a sheath.

दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) 1. Splitting, rending. 2. Being torn. ३. दक्षिण to cut or be pierced, affix क्वाच।

दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) Broken-hearted, cut to the heart, &c. ३. दक्षिण and दक्षिण the heart.

दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) Breaking to pieces, cutting, dividing, &c. what does so. n. (-दक्षिण) Tearing, rending, breaking, nullifying. ३. दक्षिण pieces. f. (-दक्षिण) A clod or clump of earth or mould. ३. दक्षिण to divide, affix क्वाच क्वाच।

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) The Bhurjapatra, a tree of which the bark is used for hookah snakes, &c. ३. दक्षिण a leaf, and निर्वर्णिक shedding, causal form.

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) 1. Gold. 2. A sacred or religious institute. ३. दक्षिण divided, Unadi affix क्वाच।

दक्षिण f. (-दक्षिण) A fragrant plant, (Pandanus odoratissimus) ३. दक्षिण leaf, and दक्षिण a flower; the leaves surrounding the flower. केतका दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) A thorn. ३. दक्षिण a leaf, and दक्षिण a needle.

दक्षिण f. (-दक्षिण) The fibre or vein of a leaf. ३. दक्षिण a leaf, and दक्षिण fibre पदविशेष।

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) 1. Sesamum growing wild or spontaneously. 2. A aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes) 3. A plant commonly Nage-hama (Mussa feneca) 4. A tree, (Mimosa siris.) 5. Red chalk. 6. Cut fish bone. 7. A moat, a ditch. 8. A sort of jasmine, (J. pubescens) 9. An elephant's ear. 10. The driver of an elephant. 11. A hurricane, a high wind. ३. दक्षिण as above, दक्षिण to go, with चञ्चर prefixed, affix चञ्च, deriv. irr.

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) Mud, but mud especially on the banks of a river.

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) 1. A tree, (Vangueria spinosa) see दक्षिण. 2. A plant, (Artemisia) ३. दक्षिण a leaf, and दक्षिण clear, clean.

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) Sorrel. ३. दक्षिण the leaf, and दक्षिण sour.

दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) A clod of clay or mould. ३. दक्षिण to be divided, (the harrow or plough,) Unadi affix क्वाच।

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) Timber, wood. ३. दक्षिण to split, affix क्वाच।

दक्षिण mfn. (-दक्षिण) 1. Blown, full blown, expanded. 2. Broken, split. 3. Cut to pieces. 4. Torn, rent. 5. Scattered, driven apart. 6. Opened, unfolded. ३. दक्षिण to split, affix क्वाच।

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) A plant, (Echites scholaris) see दक्षिण. ३. दक्षिण the seventh case दक्षिण, in the leaf, and दक्षिण fragrance.

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) 1. Fraud, dishonesty. 2. Sin. 3. The name of a Kasisamra. 4. A wheel. ३. दक्षिण to divide, and दक्षिण Unadi affix.

दक्षिण m. (-दक्षिण) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. INDRA's thunderbolt. ३. दक्षिण break or split, Unadi affix क्वाच।

१) दश r. 1st cl. (दशति) To go, to move. **भा० प०** सक० सेट् ।  
 (-रः) 1. A wood on fire, a forest conflagration. 2. A wood, a nest. 3. Fire in general. 4. Heat, (general or physical.) **द०** दु to agitate, affix चच्; also दाव ।  
 m. (-यः) 1. Anxiety, vexation, distress. 2. Inflammation of the eye, &c. **द०** दु to be agitated. चयुच् aff.  
 p. m. (यन्-यसी-यत्) Removing, making, placing at a distance. **द०** दृव for दूर used as a verb. शट् ।  
 m. (-यः) A wood on fire, or the conflagration of a forest. **द०** दश wood, and दशि a fire; also दश and दाव ।  
 m. (-यः-यसी-यत्) Very remote, very distant. **द०** दूर far, affix दृञ्, and दृव substituted for दूर; also दृवीयस् ।  
 m. (-यन्-यसी-यत्) Very remote or distant; see the preceding, the affix being the superlative affix दृयस् ।  
 २) दश r. 1st and 10th. cl. (दशति दशयति ते) 1. To bite or sting. 2. To arm, to put on armour. 3. To see. r. 10th cl. (दशयते) To see. With लप्, to be in trouble, to be reduced in circumstances. चश्च्, to pinch, to nip, to bite. दीर्घो च० लभ० चक० सेट्, इदित् ।  
 दशच्च्, चाक० and भा० प० ।  
 m. (-कः-कः) Ten. **द०** कन् added to दश ।  
 दश n. (-यः) A name of RAVANA. **द०** दश ten, and कण्ठ a neck: the necked, also similar names, as दशवीर्य, &c.  
 दश m. (-जित्) A name of RAMA. **द०** दशकण्ठ RAVANA, and जित् conqueror.  
 दश m. (-रः) RAVANA: see दशकण्ठ ।  
 दशयसन n. (-नः) The aggregate of ten vices, proceeding from the liberality of desire, viz. hunting, gambling, sleeping during the day, abusiveness, lechery, drunkenness, dancing, singing, play, and hypocrisy. **द०** दश ten, काम desire, ज born, व्यसन calamity.  
 दश n. (-यः) Ten times, ten-fold. **द०** दश, and गृच a time.  
 दश m. (-यः) A district or collection of ten villages. **द०** दश, and ग्राम a village.  
 दश m. (-तिः) A magistrate or chief of ten villages. **द०** दश, and ग्राम village, पति master.  
 दश m. (-गी) 1. The head man of ten villages. 2. Municipality. 3. Collection of the same. **द०** दशग्राम, and दश aff.  
 दश (-यः) RAVANA: see दशकण्ठ ।  
 दश (-तिः) A hundred.  
 m. In ten ways. **द०** दश, and दशच्च् aff.  
 m. plu. (-यः) Ten. **द०** दश to bite, Uvadi affix चच्, the nasal general.  
 m. (-यः-यः) A tooth. m. (-यः) The peak of a mountain. n. (-यः) Honour, mail. **द०** दृश् to bite, affix मावे करणादी खट् ।  
 दश n. (-यः) A lip. **द०** दशन् tooth, and वासस vesture.  
 दश m. (-यः) The whiteness or brightness of the teeth. **द०** दशन्, and दशच्च् a ray.  
 दश (-यः) A bite, the mark of the teeth. **द०** दशन्, and चक a mark.  
 दश (-यः) A kind of sorrel.  
 दश m. (-यः-यः-यः) Toothless. m. (-यः) 1. Breathing, breathing, expiration. 2. A lip. 3. Kissing, a kiss. **द०** दशन् a tooth, and दशच्च् expelled, ejected.  
 दश m. (-यः) A Budd'ha or Baud'dha saint. **द०** दश, पारमिता a particular work or scripture of this sect, धर who has.  
 दश (-यः) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus:) see दाशपुर 2. A district, part of Malwa or Bundelk'hand. 3. A town or city. **द०** दश दश a fisherman, and दृष्ट or दूर to nourish, affix दृञ्; also दश दश and दूर a city; district of ten cities.  
 दश (-यः) A fragrant grass; see the preceding; also दाशपुर.  
 m. (-यः) A Budd'ha of Baud'dha teacher. **द०** दश ten, (the ten siddhas) दश powerful.

दशमिनि m. (-यः) BODHI, the founder of the Baud'dha sect, or a Budd'ha, the generic name of the sanctified teachers of that sect. **द०** दश ten, भूमि earth, and ग who goes; traversing the ten worlds: also दशमिनि m. (-यः) Lord of the same.  
 दशम m. (-यः-यः-यः) Tenth. f. (-यः) 1. The tenth day of the half month. 2. The tenth or last stage of human life, the last ten years of a century. **द०** दशन् ten, and मट् aff.  
 दशमद्विधा f. (-यः) DUSHA. **द०** दश ten, (forms, or names,) महा great, and विधा a name of DUSHA.  
 दशमान nf. (-यः-यः) A collection of ten garlands. **द०** दश ten, भासा a garland, टच्च् aff.  
 दशमिन् m. (-यः-यः-यः) Very old or aged. **द०** दशमि (the tenth, (stage of life,) and दश aff.  
 दशमिन् m. (-यः-यः-यः) Very old, above ninety. **द०** दशमि, and गत दशमिन् m. (-यः-यः-यः) 1. Impotent. 2. Very old, turned of ninety. 3. Dying, on the point of death. **द०** दशमि the last stage of life, and दश who is.  
 दशमुख m. (-यः) A name of RAVANA. **द०** दश ten, and मुख a face.  
 दशमुखालोक m. (-यः) A name of RAMA. **द०** दशमुख RAVANA, and अलोक destroyer.  
 दशमूल n. (-यः) A tonic medicament prepared from the roots of ten plants. **द०** दश ten and मूल a root.  
 दशरथ m. (-यः) A proper name, sovereign of Ayodhya or Oude and father of RAMA. **द०** दश ten, and रथ a car; whose car bore him to the ten quarters of the universe.  
 दशरात्र n. (-यः) A period of ten days and nights, **द०** दश, and रात्र for रात्रि night.  
 दशरूपमन् m. (-यः) A name of VISVAM. **द०** दश ten, रूप forms, (Avatara), and मन् who assumes.  
 दशलक्ष n. (-यः) Ten marks or attributes. **द०** दश, and लक्ष a mark.  
 दशवाजिन् m. (-यः) The moon. **द०** दश ten, and वाजिन् a horse, whose car is drawn by ten horses.  
 दशयत् n. (-यः) A thousand. **द०** दश, and यत् a hundred.  
 दशसहस्र n. (-यः) A myriad. **द०** दश, and सहस्र a thousand.  
 दश f. (-यः) or m. plu. (-यः) 1. The ends of a piece of cloth, the end of a garment. 2. A state, a condition, a period or time of life, as youth, age, manhood, &c. 3. The wick of a lamp. 4. The mind or faculty, of understanding. 5. Aspect or position of the planets at birth. **द०** दश to bite, to cut or divide, or be cut or divided, चक aff.  
 दशकर्ष m. (-यः) A lamp. **द०** दश a wick, चार्क्ष what possesses.  
 दशकर्षिन् m. (-यः) A lamp. **द०** दश a wick, चार्क्ष before, लप्, to make lines, affix रणि.  
 दशानन m. (-यः) The giant RAVANA. **द०** दश ten, and आनन a face.  
 दशानिक m. (-यः) A plant, commonly Danti, (Croton polyandrum.)  
 दशाफल n. (-यः) Result of circumstance of the condition of life. **द०** दश, and फल fruit.  
 दशार्च m. (-यः) A country, part of central Hindustan, lying on the south-east of the Vindhya mountains. f. (-यः) A river rising in the Vindhya hills, the Dosarna of the ancients. **द०** दश ten, चर्च a fort.  
 दशस्थिति f. (-यः) Condition. **द०** दश, and स्थिति stay.  
 दशार्ध m. (-यः) 1. A Budd'ha or Bodhi. 2. A country in the south of India, the kingdom of YABU. m. (-यः) The Yadiavas or people of Dasarha. **द०** दश ten, and चर्च proper, worthy.  
 दशानतार m. (-यः) A name of VISVAM. **द०** दश ten, and चानतार descent, the deity of whom there are ten descents from heaven, for the purpose of protecting or punishing mankind; see चानतार ।  
 दशविध m. (-यः) Existing circumstances, peculiar condition. **द०** दश, and विध sort.

दशान m. (-यः) A name of CHANDRA or the moon. ३. दश ten, and चान horse; driving ten horses in his carriage.

दशाम m. (-सः) A name of RAYANA. ३. दश ten, and चाम face, the ten-headed.

दशालिख m. (-लिख) RAMA. ३. दशाल as above, and लिख the conqueror.

दशान m. (-यः) A period of ten days. ३. दश, and चान a day.

दशान्द्रिय m. plu. (-यः) The ten organs of sense and action, viz. the skin, eye, tongue, nose, ear, organ of speech, hand, foot, anus, and pudendum. ३. दश ten, and द्रिय an organ.

दशान्द्रिय m. (-यः) Having ten of any thing. m. (-यः) The superintendent of ten villages. ३. दश, and द्रिय all.

दशान m. (-यः) A lamp. ३. दश wick, and चान fuel.

दशान m. (-यः) A mischievous or venomous animal, a beast of prey, &c. ३. दश to bite, Unadi affix चरञ्.

दशान m. (-यः) A country destitute of water. ३. दश added to the preceding, also दशान्.

दश m. (-यः) 1. Bitten. 2. Joining to, in contact with. ३. दश to bite, च aff.

दश m. (-यः) 1. To lose. 2. To throw or direct, to throw up or toss. ३. 10th cl. (दशयते) To see. (४) दश r. 1st and 10 cl. (दशति, दशयति) 1. To bite or sting. 2. To see. ३. To shine.

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दश m. (-यः) 1. Throwing, tossing. 2. Dismissing. 3. Perishing. ३. दश to lose, affix चट्.

दश m. (-यः) 1. Lost, destroyed. 2. Thrown, tossed. 3. Sent away, dismissed. ३. दश to lose, &c. and च aff.

दश m. (-यः) 1. A name of fire. 2. A sacrificer, one who employs Brahmans in instituting a religious ceremony. 3. A thief. 4. A rogue, a knave. ३. दश to throw or send, च Unadi aff.

दश m. (-यः) An enemy. 2. A thief. 3. An oppressor, a violator, a committer of injustice, &c. 4. A barbarian, an outcaste, or a Hindu who has become so by neglect of the essential rites. ३. दश to lose or be lost, Unadi affix चट्.

दश m. (-यः) A name of Bali.

दश m. (-यः) 1. Either of the twin sons of ASWINI, and physicians of Swarga, also collectively. m. du. (दशौ) 2. An ass. m. (-यः) Thin rain, dew, frost. ३. दश to destroy, (disease, &c.) च Unadi aff.

दशदेवता f. (-यः) The lunar constellation ASWINI. ३. दश & divine physician, and देवता a deity; he being the ruling genius of the asterism.

दशदेवता f. (-यः) A name of SANJAYA, a wife of the sun, and mother, according to one legend, of the twin physicians of Indra's heaven. ३. दश as above, and देव mother.

दश m. (-यः) 1. To burn or reduce to ashes. (४) दश r. 1st cl. (दशयति) 1. To shine. 2. To burn. ३. दश to burn, च aff.

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दश m. (-यः) 1. To burn or reduce to ashes. (४) दश r. 1st cl. (दशयति) 1. To shine. 2. To burn. ३. दश to burn, च aff.

young animal 3. A younger brother. 4. A child, an infant, to burn, affix चर.

दशान m. (-यः) Burnt, being burnt. ३. दश to burn, च aff.

दश m. (-यः) 1. A name of Agni or fire. 2. The configuration of fire. ३. दश to burn, च aff.

दश m. (-यः) 1. A name of Agni or fire. 2. The configuration of fire. ३. दश to burn, च aff.

दश m. (-यः) 1. A name of Agni or fire. 2. The configuration of fire. ३. दश to burn, च aff.

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दश m. (-यः) 1. A name of Agni or fire. 2. The configuration of fire. ३. दश to burn, च aff.



दासक mfn. (क-का क) Liberal, giving, a donor. न. दा to give, कृत्. अ.

दायक m. (दा) A brother. २. दाय portion, दाय is friend.  
 दायभाग m. (दा) Partition of heritage, apportioning inheritance, &c.  
 ३. दाय heritage, and दाय a part or portion.  
 दायविभाग m. (दा) Portioning or portion of inheritance, division of  
 property amongst different heirs. २. दाय herit age, and विभाग a  
 part or portion.  
 दास्य m. (दा) 1. A son. 2. A kinsman, near or remote. 3. An heir. f.  
 (दा-दी) A daughter, an heiress. २. दाय a portion, चाङ्ग prefixed to  
 दा to take, affix च्.  
 दास्य m. (दा) An heir, a kinsman  
 दास्यवत् न n. (दा) Privation, a forfeiture of property २. दाय, and च-  
 वत् न taking away.  
 दास्यवत् m. (दा-सा-त) 1. Condemned, sentenced. 2. Awarded, adjudged.  
 3. The person to whom any thing is awarded, &c. see दास्य. २.  
 दास्य दास्य करीति दास्य-अर्थे च्.  
 दास्य m. plu. (दा) A wife. २. दा to take, to tear, (a husband.) affix च्;  
 also दास्य। दास्यवत् दास्य दास्य-अर्थे च्।  
 दास्य mfn. (दा-सा-त) A breaker, a tearer. m. (दा) 1. A son. 2. A  
 child, an infant or young animal. 3. The charioteer of VISHNU. 4.  
 A village-hog. f. (दा-सा) 1. A daughter. 2. A whore. २. दा to tear,  
 affix च्।  
 दास्यवत् n. (दा) Marriage. २. दास्य a wife, and दास्यवत् a business; also  
 दास्यवत्।  
 दास्य n. (दा) 1. The clearing nut plant (Strychnos potatorum.) 2.  
 Tearing, rending, dividing. २. दा to tear, affixes चिच् and च्।  
 दास्य m. (दा) 1. A sort of poison, one brought from the country  
 named Darad. 2. Quicksilver. 3. Vermilion. 4. The ocean. २. दास्य a  
 country ३. दास्य affix च्।  
 दास्यवत् m. (दा) Marriage. २. दास्य, and दास्यवत् taking.  
 दास्य mfn. (दा-सा-त) Wooden, made of wood. २. दास्य, and च् aff.  
 दास्यवत् m. (दा) 1. The Vaka, a sort of crane. 2. A crow. 3. A  
 sparrow. २. दास्य a wife or female, दास्य food, and दास्य who eats.  
 दास्यवत् m. (दा) Marrying, marriage. २. दास्य, and दास्यवत् taking.  
 दास्य f. (दा) A wife: see दास्य।  
 दास्यवत् mfn. (दा-सा-त) Dependent upon a wife, subject to her, &c. २.  
 दास्य, and दास्य subject.  
 दास्य f. (दा) Cutting, tearing, dividing. २. दा to tear, affixes चिच् and  
 च्।  
 दास्यवत् n. (दा) (Giving a daughter in marriage. २. दास्यवत्, and  
 दास्य gift.  
 दास्यवत् mfn. (दा-सा-त) 1. Torn, divided. २. दा to tear, to divide, affix च्।  
 दास्य n. (दा) Poverty. २. दास्य and च् aff.  
 दास्य m. (दा) Poverty, indigence. २. दास्य poor, च् aff.  
 दास्य m. (दा) 1. A husband. 2. A polygamist. २. दास्य, and दास्य aff.  
 दास्य mfn. (दा-सा-त) 1. Liberal, munificent, a giver, a donor. 2. An  
 artist. 3. Tearing, rending, a tearer mfn. (दा-सा) Wood, timber. २.  
 (दा) 1. A sort of pine, (Pinus devadaru.) 2. Brass. २. दा to tear or  
 split, Unadi affix च्, or दा to give, दा Unadi aff.  
 दास्य m. (दा) A proper name, the charioteer of KRISHNA. २. दा to  
 tear (his foe-), affix च्।  
 दास्य n. (दा) A pine, (Pinus devadaru.) f.  
 (दा) A doll, a puppet. २. दास्य wood, and दास्य क aff.  
 दास्यवत् f. (दा) A wild uneatable plantain. २. दास्य, and दास्यवत् a plan-  
 tain दास्य दास्य कठिना दास्य।  
 दास्यवत् f. (दा) A doll, a wooden puppet. २. दास्य wood, दास्य place of  
 birth.  
 दास्य mfn. (दा-सा-त) Made of wood, wooden, &c. m. (दा) A kind of  
 drum. २. दास्य wood; and दास्य produced.  
 दास्य mfn. (दा-सा-त) Horrible, terrific, frightful, fearful. 2. Bread-  
 ful, attacking: m. (दा-सा-त) Horrible, horrible, m. (दा-सा-त) Laid

wort, (Plumbago zeylanica.) २. दास्य wood, and दास्य an egg.  
 दास्य।  
 दास्यवत् f. (दा) A plant, (C. zanthorrhiza.) २. दास्य wood, and दास्य a woman.  
 दास्यवत् m. (दा) A wooden doll or puppet. २. दास्य wood, and दास्य an infant.  
 दास्यवत् mfn. (दा-सा-त) Made of wood, wooden, &c. m. (दा) A kind of drum. २. दास्य wood; and दास्य produced.  
 दास्यवत् aff.  
 दास्यवत् mfn. (दा-सा-त) What bears or carries timber. २. दास्य wood, and दास्य a woman.  
 दास्यवत् f. (दा) A doll. २. दास्य wood, and दास्य a woman.  
 दास्यवत् f. (दा) A kind of curcuma, (C. zanthorrhiza.) २. दास्य wood, and दास्य a woman.  
 दास्यवत् m. (दा) A wooden ladle. २. दास्य wood, दास्य hand, and दास्य affix of resemblance.  
 दास्यवत् m. (दा) Marrying, taking a wife. २. दास्य, and दास्य taking.  
 दास्यवत् (दा-सा-त) Performing a long continued sacrifice, &c. २. दास्य a particular sacrifice, दास्य affix of relation, and the vowel दास्य to दा by special rule.  
 दास्य n. (दा) Hardness, fixedness, stability. २. दास्य hard, firm, दास्य affix of the abstract, दास्य दास्य।  
 दास्य mfn. (दा-सा-त) Relating to a cloud, a frog, &c. n. (दा) 1. A mountain, &c. दास्य aff.  
 दास्य n. (दा) A court or council-house. २. दास्य timber, and दास्य be, affix च्। दास्य दास्य नियतया निदपयीयविवयनिवदास्य दास्य दास्य क।  
 दास्य m. (दा) A peacock. २. दास्य wood, and दास्य an egg. दास्य कठिना: दास्य दास्य।  
 दास्यवत् m. (दा) The wood-pecker. २. दास्य wood, दास्य to injure: चाङ्ग prefixed, and दास्य affix, दास्य is substituted for दास्य, and दास्य place of दास्य; also with दास्य, दास्यवत्।  
 दास्यवत् m. (दा) The wood-pecker: see the preceding.  
 दास्यवत् f. (दा) 1. A sort of collyrium prepared from an infusion of the Curcuma zanthorrhiza. 2. A sort of potherb: see दास्य दास्य as below, and दास्य aff.  
 दास्यवत् f. (दा) Gojihwa, a sort of wild potherb. २. दास्य Caru a leaf, and दास्य aff. दास्य दास्यवत् दास्य: दास्य दास्य दास्य।  
 दास्य f. (दा) 1. A sort of Curcuma, (C. zanthorrhiza.) 2. A pine: see दास्य दास्य. 3. Turmeric. 4. Gojihwa, a potherb. 5. A lyrium extracted from an infusion of the Curcuma zanthorrhiza. २. दास्य to tear or dissipate (disease,) दास्य affix त्म. दास्य दास्य दास्य।  
 दास्य mfn. (दा-सा-त) 1. Ground on a flat stone, (moor, &c.) 2. 50 of stone, mineral. २. दास्य a stone or slab on which condiments are prepared, affix च्।  
 दास्य n. (दा) Wild or unprepared honey. m. (दा) A sort of grain, (palum frumentaceum.) f. (दा) Colocyath. २. दास्य a species of च्।  
 दास्य n. (दा) Toothache. २. दास्य to tear, दास्य दास्य, and दास्य दास्य।  
 दास्य m. (दा) A sort of poison. २. दास्य to tear, in the दास्य दास्य affix, and दास्य added.  
 दास्य m. (दा) The pomegranate: see दास्य।  
 दास्य m. (दा) A name of INDRA. २. दास्य to tear or split, (दास्य चिच् and दास्य affix).  
 दास्य m. (दा) 1. A forest. 2. A forest on fire. 3. Fire in heat. २. दास्य to go or run, दास्य दास्य, and दास्य दास्य।  
 दास्य m. (दा) The combustion of a fire. २. दास्य दास्य दास्य।

दाह m. (-दा) 1. Fire in a forest. 2. दाह, and दाह्य fire : see the preceding.

दाह mfn. (-दा-दा-दा) Belonging, relating to, or produced in or near the river Devika or Deva. 2. देविदा the Deva, दाह affix, deriv. irr.

दाह m. 1st cl. (दाहनि-ते) 10th cl. दाहनि-ते To give 5th cl. (दाहति) To hurt, to injure or kill : see दाह. दाह उभ. दाह उद. दाह उद. दाह उद. दाह उद.

दाह m. (-दा) 1. A fisherman, the son of a Nishada by a woman of the Ayogava caste. 2. A servant. f. (-दा) 1. A female slave, &c. 2. दाह give, affix दाह. 3. see दाह.

दाह m. (-दा) The mother of VYASA : see दाहनि-दाह.

दाह m. (-दा) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus) : see दाहपुर ; also दाहपुर, m. (-दा).

दाह m. (-दा) A name of RAMA. 2. दाह the father of RAMA, and दाह patronymic affix : also with दाह affix दाहदाह m. (-दा) :

दाह mfn. (-दा-दा-दा) Produced in Dasarha, (the country.) m. (-दा) A name of KRISHNA. 2. दाह a country or one of KRISHNA's ancestors, दाह aff.

दाह m. (-दा) A servant. f. (-दा) The mother of VYASA : see दाहय. 2. दाह दीव्या अपत्यम् उद.

दाह m. (-दा) 1. A servant. 2. A camel : see दाहय. 2. दाह अपत्यम् उद.

दाह m. (-दा) Malwa, the province. दाहकप्रधानः दिग् सञ्चारं कर्तुः mfn. (-दा-दा-दा) Liberal, giving, a donor, a giver. 2. दाह to give, दाह.

दाह m. (-दा-दा-दा) Liberal, nonnificent. 2. दाह to give, दाह aff.

दाह m. 1st cl. (दाहति-ते) To give ; also दाह 5th cl. (दाहति) To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill : this and दाह, in the last sense, are restricted by some authorities to the Vedas. दाह उद. दाह उद. दाह उद.

दाह m. (-दा) 1. A fisherman. 2. A servant, a slave. 3. A Sudra or man of the fourth tribe. 4. A Sudra affix or appellation. 5. A person to whom it is proper to make gifts. 6. A sage, one to whom it is proper nature of the soul is known. f. (-दा) A female servant or slave. 2. The wife of a slave, a fisherman or Sudra. 3. A harlot.

A plant, a sort of Barleria. 2. दाह to give, affix दाह, to whom दाह, &c. are given ; also दाह ; otherwise, दाह or दाह to bite, &c. दाह affix दाह, and the short vowel and nasal changed to दाह.

दाह m. (-दा) Slavery, servitude. 2. दाह, and दाह affix ; also with दाह दाह दाह.

दाह m. (-दा) A name of SATYAVATI, the mother of the poet VYASA. 2. दाह a fisherman, and दाहनि daughter, also दाहनिदाह.

दाह m. (-दा) The female slave of a slave. 2. दाह, and दाह the female.

दाह m. (-दा) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 2. दाह a fisherman, and दाह what nourishes, from दाह to nourish, affix दाह also दाह.

दाह m. (-दा) A female servant or slave. 2. दाह added to दाह.

दाह mfn. (-दा-दा-दा) 1. Thrown, lost. 2. Lost, destroyed. 2. दाह to दाह, affix दाह, दाह inserted, and the vowel made long.

दाह m. (-दा) 1. The son of a slave. 2. A bastard. 2. दाह a female slave, and दाह a son.

दाह m. (-दा) A multitude of female slaves. 2. दाह a female slave. दाह an assembly.

दाह m. (-दा-दा-दा) Born of a slave, &c. m. (-दा) 1. A servant or slave. A fisherman. f. (-दा) The mother of VYASA. 2. दाह as above, दाह ; also दाह.

दाह m. (-दा-दा-दा) Born or sprung from a servant or slave. m. (-दा) A servant. 2. A fisherman. 3. A snake. 2. दाह as above, and दाह, also दाह, or with दाह added दाह.

दाह m. (-दा) Slavery, servitude. 2. दाह a slave, affix दाह.

दाह m. (-दा) 1. Burning, combustion. 2. Morbid heat. 3. Actual or potential cantery. 2. दाह to burn, दाह aff.

दाह mfn. (-दा-दा-दा) 1. Burning, inflammatory. 3. Cantering, canteric. m. (-दा) A plant, (Plumbago zeylandica.) 2. दाह to burn, and दाह aff.

दाह m. (-दा) Inflammatory fever. 2. दाह, and दाह fever.

दाह m. (-दा) 1. Burning, reducing to ashes. 2. Cauterising. 2. दाह to burn. दाह aff.

दाह mfn. (-दा-दा-दा) Burning, heated on fire. 2. दाह, and दाह aff.

दाह m. (-दा) A place where dead bodies are burnt. 2. दाह, and दाह to go or be, affix दाह ; also with दाह, affix दाहदाह, m. (-दा) :

दाह m. (-दा) The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon nureatun.) 2. दाह heat, and दाह removing ; this root being woven into screens, and kept wet, for the purpose of excluding or tempering the hot winds. दाह त्रिदने जनेन दाह दाह, and दाह दाह दाह, दाह दाह दाह.

दाह mfn. (-दा-दा-दा) To be burnt, inflammable. 2. दाह to burn. दाह aff.

दाह m. (-दा) A young elephant. 2. दाह an imitative sound, and दाह who utters, some books have दाह, and others दाह in place of this word. दाह दाह दाह. दाह दाह दाह दाह दाह दाह.

दाह mfn. (-दा-दा-दा) Young, juvenile. f. (-दा) A young woman. 2. दाह inflection of दाह, place, दाह who makes ; who is restlessly active, changing place continually.

दाह m. (-दा) A regent of a quarter of the universe, as the son of the east ; Saturn of the west ; Mars of the south ; Mercury of the north, Venus of the south-east ; Rahu of the south-west, Chandra of the north-west ; and Jupiter of the north-east. 2. दाह and दाह master : see the next.

दाह m. (-दा) A regent of a quarter of the universe, INDRA of the east ; Agni of the south-east ; Yama of the south ; NARAYANA of the south-west ; VARUNA of the west ; MARUTA of the north-west ; KURURA of the north ; ISANA of the south-east. 2. दाह, and दाह who protects : this word applicable to the Dikpatis, (see the last,) as that term is to these also.

दाह m. (-दा) An inauspicious planetary conjunction, as for the Sun and Venus to be in the west, &c. 2. दाह, and दाह a spear or stake.

दाह m. (-दा) The horizon. 2. दाह, and दाह end.

दाह m. (-दा) Space, the atmosphere. 2. दाह, and दाह interval.

दाह m. (-दा) The sky, the atmosphere, space. 2. दाह, and दाह interval.

दाह mfn. (-दा-दा-दा) 1. Naked, unclothed, unclothed. 2. Dressed in, or enveloped by the atmosphere, clouds, &c. m. (-दा) 1. A Buddha mendicant, wearing coloured clothes, or going naked. 2. Any mendicant not wearing clothes. 3. Darkness. 4. A name of SIVA, (from his being naked.) 5. A Jain of one great division, which represents the images of their saints, either naked or plainly attired. f. (-दा) A name of DURGA. 2. दाह inflection of दाह, space, दाह vestment ; whose only garment is the atmosphere. दाह दाह दाह दाह.

दाह m. (-दा) An elephant of a quarter or point of the compass, one of eight attached to the north, north-east, &c. supporting the globe. 2. दाह a quarter, and दाह an elephant.

दाह m. (-दा) Preternatural redness of the horizon, as if on fire. 2. दाह, and दाह burning.

दाह mfn. (-दा-दा-दा) Smear, anointed. m. (-दा) 1. A poisoned arrow. 2. A name of fire. 3. Oil, unguent, oily substance. 4. A tale, true or false. 2. दाह to smear or anoint, affix दाह.

दाह mfn. (-दा-दा-दा) Naked m. (-दा) A name of SIVA. 2. दाह for दाह, space, and दाह, vestment : see दाह.

दिक्षिजय m. (-जयः) Subjugation of an extensive country, either in arms or controversy. इ. दिज्, and विजय triumph.

दिक्पिञ्जल m. (-सः) Invasion, going forth to conquer the world इ. दिज्, जय, and जय march.

दिक्पद्म m. (-पद्मः) A quarter or point of the compass. इ. दिक्, and विभाग division.

दिक्पद्मिन mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Famous, celebrated, known in all quarters. इ. दिक्, and विभागिन made known.

दिक्पद्मिन् mfn. (-नी-पिनी-पि) Spreading through all space. इ. दिक्, and व्यापिन् what pervades.

दिङ् m. (-ङ्) A nit.

दिङ्मण्डल n. (-मण्डलः) The circle of the heaven, or any point of the compass. इ. दिङ्, and मण्डल sphere.

दिङ्मण्डल mfn. (-मण्डलः-दी-दी) Looking to, or facing any point or quarter. इ. (-दी) Any part of the heavens. इ. दिङ्, and मण्डल face.

दिङ्मण्डल m. (-मण्डलः) An elephant of the quarter: see दिङ्मण्डल.

दिङ्मण्डल mfn. (-मण्डलः-मण्डलः) Cut, torn, divided. इ. दी to cut, affix क्.

दिङ्मण्डल f. (-मण्डलः) 1. One of the wives of Kasyapa, and mother of the Daityas or infernal race, opposed of the gods. 2. Cutting, splitting, dividing. इ. (-मण्डलः) A king, a prince. इ. दी to cut, affix क्.

दिङ्मण्डल m. (-मण्डलः) An Asura, a sort of Titan or giant. इ. दिङ्, as above, and अ born.

दिङ्मण्डल m. (-मण्डलः) 1. Titan or giant. इ. दिङ्, as above, and सुत a son.

दिङ्मण्डल m. (-मण्डलः) 1. Titan, a demon or giant. इ. दिङ्, as above, affix यत्, and the vowel unchanged; see देय.

दिङ्मण्डल f. (-मण्डलः) Desire or purpose to give. इ. दा to give, desid. form, च and ट् affix.

दिङ्मण्डल mfn. (-मण्डलः-मण्डलः) Wishing to give. इ. दा to give, desid. form, affix सन् and उट्.

दिङ्मण्डल mfn. (-मण्डलः-मण्डलः) Wishing to see. इ. दृश् to see, desid. form, चान् affix.

दिङ्मण्डल f. (-मण्डलः) Desire or wish to see. इ. दृश् to see, desid. form, सन् भविष्य and ट् affix.

दिङ्मण्डल mfn. (-मण्डलः-मण्डलः) Desirous of seeing. इ. दृश् to see, desid. form, सन् and च affix.

दिङ्मण्डल mfn. (-मण्डलः-मण्डलः) Wishing to see. इ. दिङ्मण्डल, and सन् affix.

दिङ्मण्डल mfn. (-मण्डलः-मण्डलः) Wishing to play or sport. इ. दिङ् to play, desid. form, चान् affix.

दिङ्मण्डल mfn. (-मण्डलः-मण्डलः) Shining, blazing, bright. इ. धृ to shine, जट् affix, intent. form.

दिङ्मण्डल mfn. (-मण्डलः-मण्डलः) Wishing to shine. इ. धृ to shine, desid. form, च affix.

दिङ्मण्डल mfn. (-मण्डलः-मण्डलः) Wishing to burn. इ. दह to burn, desid. v. जट् affix. [v. शब्द aff.]

दिङ्मण्डल mfn. (-मण्डलः-मण्डलः) Desiring to burn. इ. दह to burn, desid. form, च affix.

दिङ्मण्डल f. (-मण्डलः) Firmness, stability, fixed state of mind or being. इ. दा to have, affix क्, and the root reduplicated.

दिङ्मण्डल m. (-मण्डलः) A pretended friend, an associate. इ. दा to have, Unadi affix चाय, the root reduplicated, 12<sup>nd</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> augment.

दिङ्मण्डल m. (-मण्डलः) The second husband of a woman twice married. इ. दा to have (sin), or दिष् to be reproached, root reduplicated, affix क् or क्; in the first case, 12<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> augment, also दिष्.

दिङ्मण्डल f. (-मण्डलः) 1. A virgin widow remarried: see the preceding; also दिङ्मण्डल. 2. An elder sister unmarried, whose junior is a bride. इ. दा to have.

दिङ्मण्डल m. (-मण्डलः) The husband of a woman married a second time: see दिङ्मण्डल. 2. Instability, want of firmness. इ. दिष् firmness, दी to abandon, क् Unadi affix.

दिङ्मण्डल m. (-मण्डलः) The husband of a woman remarried. इ. दिष् as above, and पति a husband.

दिन m. (-नः-नः) A day. इ. दी to waste, भक्ष affix, and the vowel an short; or दी to destroy, (darkness,) क् Unadi affix.

दिनकर m. (-रः) The sun. इ. दिन day, and कर who makes, जट्.

दिनकराक्षरा f. (-रः) The Yamuna or Jamna river. इ. दिनकर the and चाक्षरा daughter.

दिनकर m. (-रः) The sun. इ. दिन, and कर who makes.

दिनकर m. (-रः) Darkness. इ. दिन day, and कर hair.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) Sunshine, day-light. इ. दिन day, and करिण.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) The ruddy goose. इ. दिन day, and करिण past regretting throughout the day, the approaching nocturnal separation from its female.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) The sun. इ. दिन day, and करिण leading, bringing.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) A name of certain signs of the zodiac, the fifth to eighth; also the eleventh and twelfth. इ. दिन, and करिण strong.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) The sun. इ. दिन day, and करिण jewel or gem.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise. इ. दिन day, and करिण the forehead.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) A portion of the day, a watch, an hour, or the seasons of dawn, moon, and evening. इ. दिन and करिण part or part.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) Dawn, day-break. इ. दिन, and करिण commencement.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) Evening, sunset, close of day. इ. दिन day, and करिण end.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) Darkness. इ. दिन day, and करिण end.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) Morning. इ. दिन, and करिण beginning.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) Evening, close of day. इ. दिन day, and करिण expiration.

दिनकरिण f. (-रिणः) A day's wages, hire for a day or by the day. इ. दिन day, and करिण affix.

दिनकरिण f. (-रिणः) 10th cl. (दिनकरिण-ते) To order, to direct. चुरा-उम-सिट्-इति.

दिनकरिण f. (-रिणः) 1st and 10th cls. (दिनकरिण-ते दिनकरिण-ते) To order, to command. चुरा-उम-सक-सिट्.

दिनकरिण f. (-रिणः) 10th cl. (दिनकरिण-ते) 1. To command, to direct, 2. To collect.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) The name of a king and ancestor of Rama. इ. दिनकरिण to be the barbarous name of Hastinapur of the modern Delhi.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) King DILIPA, see the preceding. इ. दिनकरिण and राज् a king.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) A mushroom.

दिनकरिण f. (-रिणः) दिङ् 1st cl. (दीवति) 1. To play, to sport, to play and romp or gambol. 2. To desire, to overcome, to be ambitious surpassing, &c. 3. To deal, to traffic, to buy or sell. 4. To be splendid or beautiful. 5. To praise. 6. To be glad, to rejoice. 7. To be mad, to be wild or inflated with pride, passion, &c. 8. To be sleepy or sluggish. 9. To love, to desire. 10. To go.

दिनकरिण f. (-रिणः) दिङ् 1st cl. (दीवति) 1. To suffer pain. 2. To ask, to beseech or beg. 3. To move, to go. 4. (-ति-ते) To lament, to wail, to mourn and

दिनकरिण f. (-रिणः) दिङ् 1st cl. (दीवति) 1. To please. 2. To be pleased. दिङ् 1st cl. (दीवति) च चक-पक्षे व्यवहारः, इत्याद्यां सुती च सक-दिवा-पर-सिट्. कुत्रोप-पक्षे सक-सिट्. चर्ह-चुरा-उम-सक-सिट्. प्रीती-सा-पर-सिट्. इति.

दिनकरिण f. (-रिणः) दिङ् 1st cl. (दीवति) 1. Heaven, paradise. 2. Air, sky. इ. दिनकरिण play, affix क्, where sport immortals; also दिङ्.

दिनकरिण f. (-रिणः) दिङ् 1st cl. (दीवति) 1. Heaven, paradise. 2. Heaven, sky, atmosphere. 3. A wood, a thicket. इ. दिङ् to play, to shine, &c. affix चाधार वा कः see the preceding.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) A day. इ. दिङ् to play, Unadi affix क्.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) A day. इ. दिङ् to play, चक-उम-सक-सिट्. दिङ्.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) The sun. इ. दिन day, and कर who makes.

दिनकरिण m. (-रिणः) Dawn, day-break. इ. दिन day, and कर who makes.

दिवसाद्य n. (-यः) Evening, close of day. **दिवस**, and **अवस** loss.  
 दिवसावसान n. (-नः) Evening, close of day. **दिवस**, and **अवसान** end.  
 दिवसति m. (-तिः) A name of INDRA the Indian Jovs. **दिवः** of day, and **वसति** lord, Divespiter.  
 दिवसद्विती f. du. (-द्वी) Heaven and earth. **दिव** heaven, and **द्विती** earth, **स** inserted for the sake of euphony.  
 दिवा ind. By day, the day. **दिव्** to play, &c. affix **का**.  
 दिवाकर m. (-ः) 1. The sun. 2. A crow. 3. A flower, the sun-flower. **दिव** the day, and **कर** who makes.  
 दिवाकीर्ति m. (-तिः) 1. A man of a low or impure caste, a Chandala. 2. A barber. 3. An owl. **दिव** by day, and **कीर्ति** credit, (the barber is not allowed to operate at night,) or **दिव** day, **अकीर्ति** disrepute; the Chandala and owl coming abroad only in the dark.  
 दिवाच कीर्तिः कर्त्तव्यं यस्य रात्रौ चुरकर्मनिषेधात् नापि चण्डाले पेचने च ।  
 दिवाकृत min. (-तः-ता-त) Done by day. **दिव**, and **कृत** done.  
 दिवाकर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Going about by day. **दिव**, and **कर** who or what goes.  
 दिवाटन m. (-नः) A crow. **दिव** by day, **टन्** to go, affix **ख**.  
 दिवादि mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Daily, diurnal, of or belonging to the day. **दिव** by day, **दि** aff. **हृट्** **च** ।  
 दिवादि n. (-नः) Day and night. **दिव**, and **निशा** night.  
 दिवादि mfn. (-नः-आ-न) Being blind by day. m. (-नः) An owl. **दिव** day, and **अन्ध** dark or blind.  
 दिवाभीत m. (-ताः) 1. An owl. 2. A thief or house-breaker. 3. The white lotus (कुसुमाकरः) perhaps any such flower, the petals of which open at night, and close in the day time. **दिव** day, and **भीत** afraid.  
 दिवाभीति m. (-तिः) An owl. **दिव** by day, and **भीति** fear: see the preceding.  
 दिवाभूष m. (-भूः) The sun. **दिव**, and **भूष** a jewel.  
 दिवाभय n. (-यः) Mid day, noon. **दिव** and **भय** middle.  
 दिवाभय n. (-यः) A day and night. **दिव**, and **रात्र** for **रात्रि** night.  
 दिवाभय f. (-यः) 1. Day or night. 2. A day and night. **दिव**, and **रात्रि** night.  
 दिवाभय (यः) A sleep by day. **दिव**, and **स्रज्** sleep.  
 दिवा (दि) The blue jay. **दिव्** to play, affix **कि** । **चाय** खने ।  
 दिवा mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Celestial, heavenly, of heavenly origin. **दिव** in heaven, and **ज** born **दिवि** जायते जन-ज **अज** सः ।  
 दिवा m. (-दः) A deity. **दिवि** in heaven, **सद्** to go, affix **क्विप्** ।  
 दिवा mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Celestial, heavenly, situated in heaven. **दिवि** in heaven, and **स्थ** what stays.  
 दिवा (दी) A sort of insect; also उपजिहिका. **दिव्** to play, **वा ई** affix, **फेन** affix **डीप्** ।  
 दिवम् m. (-काः) 1. A deity. 2. A kind of cuckoo, the Chataka: see दिशिकम् । **दी**: स्वर्गः आकाशो वा भीको यश्च ।  
 दिवास m. (-सः) DIVODASA, a king so named, king of Benares, and founder of the Indian school of medicine. **दिवः** of heaven, **दास** the slave, or **दिवः** स्वर्गात् दासी दासं वच्चे ।  
 दिवा mfn. (-यः-वा-व) Born or produced in heaven. f. (-वा) Cardamoms. **दिव** heaven, **उद्भव** born.  
 दिवम् m. (-काः) 1. A deity. 2. The Chataka, (Cuculus melanoleucos.) 3. A deer. 4. A bee. 5. An elephant. **दिव** heaven either, **भीकश्च** a mansion; also with the vowel unaltered **दिवीकश्च** ।  
 दिवम् mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Divine, celestial. 2. Beautiful, agreeable, charming. m. (-यः) 1. Barley. 2. A fragrant resin, (Bdellium.) 3. The divine character or property. f. (-यः) Emblic myrobalan. n. (-यः) 1. Cloves. 2. A sort of Sandal. 3. An ordeal. 4. An oath. **दिव** the sky or heaven, and **यत्** aff. **दिवि** स्वः ।  
 दिवादि m. (-री) One who undergoes an ordeal. **दिव**, and **कारिन्** who makes.

दिव्यगन्ध m. (-गन्धः) Sulphur. n. (-यः) Cloves. f. (-यः) Large cardamoms. **दिव्य**, and **गन्ध** smell.  
 दिव्यगायन m. (-नः) A Gandharba or singer of heaven. **दिव्य** divine, and **गायन** a singer.  
 दिव्यचक्षुस् mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षुः-क्षुः) 1. Beautiful-eyed. 2. Blind. m. (-यः) 1. A sort of perfume. 2. A monkey. n. (-क्षुः) The faculty of seeing what is invisible by the human eye. **दिव्य** divine, and **चक्षुस्** an eye.  
 दिव्यं चक्षुः यस्मात् ५५० ।  
 दिव्यदीर्घ mfn. (-दः-दी-र्घ) Fit for an offering or oblation. **दिव्य** divine, and **दीर्घ** wish, that which is the subject of a deity's desires.  
 दिव्यधर्म्मिन् mfn. (-र्म्मिः-र्म्मि-र्म्मि-र्म्मि) Virtuous, agreeable. **दिव्य**, and **धर्म्मिन्** virtuous.  
 दिव्यपञ्चासत n. (-तः) A mixture of five articles, ghee, curd, milk, butter, and sugar. **दिव्य** divine, **पञ्च** five, and **असत** ambrosia.  
 दिव्यरत्न n. (-नः) The fabulous gem Chintamani. **दिव्य** divine, and **रत्न** jewel.  
 दिव्यरथ m. (-यः) The car or vehicle of any deity. **दिव्य** divine, and **रथ** a  
 दिव्यरस m. (-सः) Quicksilver. **दिव्य** divine, and **रस** juice. **पारदः**, **मनोरी** रसे, **वचिररसयुक्तं** वि० ।  
 दिव्यवस्त्र mfn. (-वस्त्रः-वस्त्र-वस्त्र) 1. Clothed or invested in celestial raiment. 2. Handsomely dressed. m. (-वस्त्रः) A plant, commonly Suryasobha, a sort of sun-flower. **दिव्य** divine, **वस्त्र** cloth or clothes. **दिव्यं** वस्त्र यस्मात् ।  
 दिव्यादिव्या f. (-या) The heroine of a poem, as SITA, &c. of mixed origin or character, a demigoddess. **दिव्य** divine, **अदिव्य** not divine, partaking of both natures.  
 दिव्योच m. (-चः) A form of Siva, worshipped by the Tantrikas. **दिव्य**, and **चोच** heap.  
 दिव्योदक n. (-कः) Rain-water, dew, &c. **दिव्य** heavenly, and **उदक** water.  
 दिव्योपपादक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कौ) Divine, celestial, of heavenly birth or being. **दिव्य** divine, **पद्** to go, with **उप** prefixed, and **उत्पन्न** aff.  
 दिव्य (वी) दिव्यी r. 6th cl. (दिशति ते) 1. To show, to exhibit, to explain or make intelligible. 2. To order, to command, to direct or send. 3. To say, to speak. 4. To give. With **चप** prefixed, To change, to disguise. With **चाङ्**, 1. To order or command. 2. To show. 3. To summon. With **उद्**, 1. To proclaim to make known or public. 2. To show. With **उप**, To point out (literally or metaphorically), to show, to advise. With **निर्**, 1. To speak aloud. 2. To specify, to show. With **प्र**, To appoint, to order. With **प्रति** and **सम्**, To command, to return, to send back. With **नि** and **अप**, To plead in excuse, to state as a plea or pretext. With **वि** and **निर्**, To declare. With **सम्**, 1. To exhibit, to show, &c. 2. To communicate as news or information. With **सम्** and **चाङ्**, To approve, to permit. With **सम्**, To point out at a distance, as with the finger. **नृ** उभय-सक्तः चर्चिन् ।  
 दिव्य f. (-दिक् दिव्यो दिव्यः) Region, space, quarter, part. **दिव्य** to show. affix **क्विन्**: also with **टाप्** added, दिशा. f. (-गः) or with **जीप्**, दिशि.  
 दिव्य f. (-याः) Region, quarter. **दिव्य**, and **कस्मिन्** affix: see the preceding.  
 दिव्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) Situated, bearing, lying in a particular tract or quarter, as पूर्वदिश्य eastern, bearing east. **दिव्य** a quarter, **यत्** aff.  
 दिष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्ट-ष्ट) 1. Shown, pointed out. 2. Delineated, described. 3. Counseled, advised, enjoined. m. (-ष्टः) 1. Time. 2. A sort of Curcuma: see दाहद्विष्टा. n. (-ष्टः) Fate, destiny, fortune, good or ill luck. **दिव्** to show, affix **कर्मणि** **क्** ।  
 दिष्टान् m. (-नः) Death, dying. **दिव्** fortune, and **अन्त** end.  
 दिष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) 1. Pleasure, happiness. 2. A sort of measure. **दिव्** to point out, affix **भावे** **क्विन्**, **संज्ञार्था** कर्मणि **क्विप्** वा ।  
 दिष्टा ind. An exclamation, indicative of joy or auspiciousness, luckily, fortunately. **दिव्** pointing out, **स्त्री** to sound, affix **भावे** **क्विप्** ।

होमि f. (-निः) 1. Light, lustre, splendour. 2. Beauty. 3. The flight of an arrow. 4. A property of women, extreme beauty, brilliant beauty. 5. Lac. 5. Bell metal. ६. होमि, to shine, अभिप्रियम् ।

ॐ नमः ॥ (सः) A long or deep drawn sigh, e. दीर्घ, and निवास

or thread. दोर्विष चिरकाजिन सूत्रम् रंक्षितव्यापारी भक्षः ।





दुर् mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Difficult to be sustained or borne, troublesome, unmanageable. 2. Irresistible, difficult to be restrained. m. (-र) 1. A division of hell. 2. A kind of drug, commonly Rishabha. 3. The name of an Asura or Titan. E. दुर् bad, ill, वर having, possessing; it is also written दुर्दर। दुर्दर वाचते दुर् + वर-कर्मणि खल।  
 दुर्दर n. (-र) Haemorrhoids. E. दुर्, bad भावन् a name, and वर added; see the next.  
 दुर्दर m. (-सा-सी) A cockle. n. (-स) Piles or haemorrhoids. E. दुर्, bad and भावन् a name, fem. affix, टाप् or णीप्; also in the first sense, with a final vowel पुनर्वा. f. (-जा)  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Ungovernable, difficult of restraint. E. दुर्, and निरुद्ध restraint.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Difficult to be stopped, hindered, contradicted, &c. Invincible, unconquerable. E. दुर्, and निवार resistance.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Hard to be looked at, as the sun, &c. E. दुर् and निरीक्ष्य to be seen.  
 दुर् 1st cl. (र) दुर्वी (दुर्वी) To hurt, to injure, to wound, to kill दुर्व, &c.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-सा-सा-स) 1. Feeble, thin, emaciated. 2. Weak, impotent. m. (-स) One who is circumcised, or whose glans penis is void of prepuce E. दुर्, implying depreciation or diminution, and दस strong, potent दुर्दस्यत् बलस्य।  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Silly, ignorant E. दुर्, and दुर्दर under-standing.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) To be eaten with difficulty. E. दुर्, and सखा eating.  
 दुर्दर f. (-सा) 1. A wife not loved or liked by her husband. 2. A man or ill tempered woman. E. दुर्, little or ill, सख affection.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Burdensome, troublesome, hard to be supported. E. दुर्, and सर what bears.  
 दुर्दर m. (-सा-सा-स) Dearth, famine. E. दुर्, and सिखा alms; when charity ceases.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Unfortunate, unlucky. E. दुर्, and भाव्य fortune.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. To be broken with difficulty. 2. Firm, constant, not easily disunited. E. दुर्, and भेद्य to be broken  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Silly, ignorant, simple, a blockhead. E. दुर्, and सति mind.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Sad, distressed, meditating or thinking sorrowfully. E. दुर्, distress, मनस् the mind.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Dying with difficulty, retentive of life: f. (-र) Bent grass: see दुर्दर. E. दुर् with difficulty, सृ so perish, affix चच्।  
 दुर्दर f. (-सा) A minor drama, a comedy, a farce.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Scurrilous, foul-mouthed. 2. Hideous ugly. m. (-र) 1. One of the monkey chiefs. 2. One of the principal Nagas or serpents. 3. A horse. 4. An Asura. E. दुर् bad, ill, मुख mouth or face.  
 दुर्दर n. (-र) Any thing of high price or value. E. दुर्, and मूल price.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Of little or contemptible understanding, dull, stupid, ignorant, untaught. E. दुर्, bad, भेष understanding.  
 दुर्दर m. (-र) The elder of the Kuru princes, and leader in the war against his cousins, the Pandus and Krishna. E. दुर्, vile, ill, वृत् to make war, affix वृत्; the author and leader of an unjust warfare.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Of low or impure origin. E. दुर्, and वीनि place of birth.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Difficult of attainment. 2. Excellent, eminent. 3. Dear, beloved. m. (-र) A plant, (a sort of Hedyarum:) see दुर्दर।  
 दुर्दर f. (-सा) A prickly nightshade. E. दुर्, difficult, सन् to gain, affix खल् but without any nasal.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Speaking ill or improperly. 1. Speaking in pain. 3. Difficult of utterance or articulation. 4. What ought not

to be spoken. n. (-र) 1. Abuse, censure. 2. Evil or unlucky speech. E. दुर्, वच् to speak. दुर्दर वच्ते दुर् + वच्-कर्मणि खल।  
 दुर्दर n. (-र) Abuse, bad language. E. दुर् bad, वच् speech.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Of a bad species or class. m. (-र) 1. Silver. 2. A sort of perfume, commonly Elabalaka: see दुर्दर। E. दुर् bad, vile, and वच् species; the reduplication of the व is optional in this and the following words. दुर्दर वच्ते निरुद्ध वच्ते। रजते।  
 दुर्दर n. (-र) Silver. E. दुर्, inferior, वच् species, कन् pleonasm; inferior as compared with gold.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Difficult to be borne or supported. E. दुर्, and वच् bearing. दुर्दर वच्ते वच् + वच्-कर्मणि खल।  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) An ill speaker, morally or physically. f. (-सा) Speaking ill, either inelegantly or abusively. E. दुर्, ill, वच् speech. वच्ते वाक् प्रा० स०।  
 दुर्दर n. (-र) Any unlucky or ill omened speech. 2. censure, abuse. E. दुर्, improperly, वच् to be spoken. दुर्दर निरुद्ध वाक् प्रा० स०।  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) One who speaks ill, (grammatically, &c.) or one who utters abusive or unbecoming language. E. दुर्, ill, bad, वच् speaking. दुर्दर वाक् प्रा० स०।  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Irresistible, not to be prevented or checked. E. दुर् and वर preventing. दुर्दर वच्ते वच् + वर-कर्मणि खल।  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-सा-सा-स) Ill dressed. m. (-सा) The name of a Rishi or saint, the son of Atri, and an incarnation or portion of Siva, famous for his choleric temperament. E. दुर्, and वास वesture.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Poor, pauper, indigent. 2. Wicked, unevangelical. 3. Foolish, stupid. E. दुर्, bad, ill, विष habit, custom.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Ill mannered, ill trained or behaved. m. (-र) A restive horse. E. दुर्, with difficulty, विनीत led, managed.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Incomprehensible, inconceivable. E. दुर्, and विभाव्य to be observed.  
 दुर्दर m. (-र) A bad mode or form of marriage. E. दुर् and विवाह marriage.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Difficult to be sustained or supported. E. दुर्, and वि before, सह to bear. दुर्दर विवच्ते वच् + वि-सह कर्मणि खल।  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Vile, wicked, leading a low or infamous life, following disreputable habits or business, a cheat, a juggler, a rogue, a blackguard, &c. E. दुर् bad, वच् to be or abide. दुर्दर वच् प्रा० स०।  
 दुर्दर f. (-सा) 1. Leading a disreputable life, following a degrading business, &c. 2. Juggling, fraud. E. दुर्, and वच् maintainance.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) What is killed with difficulty. E. दुर् before, वच् to kill. दुर्दर वच्ते वच् + वच्-कर्मणि खल।  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Inimical, ill disposed. m. (-र-रा-र) An enemy. E. दुर्, bad, वच् heart. दुर्दर वच् वच्द वच्दयस्य प्रा० स०।  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Evil-minded, bad-hearted. E. दुर्, bad, ill, वच्द the heart.  
 दुर्दर 1st cl. (दील्यति-ते) 1. To raise, to throw up. 2. To excite. 3. To shake, to swing. प्रा० स० स० सेट्।  
 दुर्दर m. (-र) A Muni or saint. f. (-रि or -री) A small or female tortoise. E. दुर् to throw up, (mud, &c.) affix कि fem. affix optionally णीप्।  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Going with trouble or difficulty. 2. Acting ill, behaving wickedly. 3. Unattainable. m. (-र) 1. A bivalve shell. 2. bear. E. दुर् bad, वच् to go, वच् or टच् aff.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Misbehaving, abandoned, wicked. m. (-र) Misbehaviour, ill conduct, wickedness. E. दुर्, and वच्ते conduct.  
 दुर्दर m. (-र) A circumcised man, or one whose prepuce is naturally or artificially wanting. E. दुर् bad, difficult, वच्ते skin.  
 दुर्दर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Misbehaving, doing or designing evil. m. (-र)

Evil purpose or action, misconduct, error. **दृष्ट** and **दृष्टि** extended.  
**दृष्टान्त** m. (-न्तः) A name of INDRA. **दृष्ट** III, **दृष्ट** the name of a saint.  
 INDRA having raised his arm to hurl his thunderbolt at Chyavana  
 and it fixed in that position by the curse of the saint : other ety-  
 mologies are given.

**दृष्टम्** mfn. (-म्) Tattered, hardly covered. **दृष्ट** and **दृष्ट** covering.  
**दृष्टासन** m. (-सः) One of the Kanrava princes. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** government.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) 4th cl. (**दृष्ट**) 1. To do or act wrong or impro-  
 perly. 2. To be impure. With **प्र** and **च** prefixed, To become  
 manifest or apparent. दिशः परं चक्रे चमिष्ट् ।

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) 1. Difficult to be done. 2. One who behaves  
 ill, does wrong, &c. wicked, bad. n. (-म्) 1. Ethon atmo-  
 sphere. 2. Doing any thing with pain or difficulty. **दृष्ट**  
 bad, and **दृष्ट** what does from **दृष्ट** with कर्मणि खल, aff. दुःखेन  
 क्रियते ।

**दृष्ट** n. (-म्) 1. Wickedness, sin. 2. Any difficult or painful act. **दृष्ट**  
 and **दृष्ट** act.

**दृष्ट** n. (-म्) A low family or race. **दृष्ट** bad, कल race.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Of a low or degraded family. m. (-म्) A sort of  
 perfume, commonly Chor. **दृष्ट** bad and **दृष्ट** family or species.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) 1. Done wrong or wickedly. 2. Done with diffi-  
 culty or pain. n. (-म्) Sin, crime, guilt. **दृष्ट** evil, कृत done, commit-  
 ted. दुष्टं कृतं मां न ।

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Wicked, reprobate. n. (-म्) Wickedness. **दृष्ट**  
 दुष्ट, and **दृष्ट** act.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Holy, free from sin. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** excluded

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Wicked, an evil doer. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** aff.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) 1. Difficult of access. 2. Going ill or laboriously.  
 2. Ill arranged, unmethodical. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** going.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Dear, bought too dearly or unadvisedly. **दृष्ट**  
 and, **दृष्ट** purchased : a bad bargain.

**दृष्ट** n. (-म्) Pain in general : see **दृष्ट** ।

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) 1. Low, vile. 2. Weak, impotent. 3. Wicked,  
 depraved. 4. spoiled, injured. 5. violated. 6. Contaminated,  
 degraded. 7. Worthless. f. (-म्) A harlot, a wanton. n. (-म्) A  
 kind of Costus, (C. speciosus) : see **दृष्ट**. **दृष्ट** to be corrupt, &c.  
 affix **दृष्ट**.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Wicked, **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** practising. **दृष्ट**  
 चरति चर-चिनि ।

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) 1. Malevolent. 2. Stupid. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट**  
 the heart or mind.

**दृष्ट** f. (-म्) 1. Wickedness, badness. 2. Contamination, defilement. 3.  
 Violation. **दृष्ट** added to **दृष्ट** ; also **दृष्ट** ।

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Innately bad. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** nature.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Wickedness, innate depravity. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** aff.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Wicked, depraved. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** mind.

**दृष्ट** m. (-म्) A lazy ox. **दृष्ट** as above, and **दृष्ट** an ox.

**दृष्ट** m. (-म्) A dull boil or sore, a sinus. **दृष्ट** bad, and **दृष्ट** sore.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Defiled, rendered impure. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट**  
 possessed of.

**दृष्ट** III, bad. 2. Improperly, incorrectly. mfn. (-म्) Ill  
 behaved, unprincipled, depraved. **दृष्ट** ill, **दृष्ट** to be, affix **दृष्ट** ।

**दृष्ट** m. (-म्) Chor, a perfume. **दृष्ट** bad, **दृष्ट** a leaf.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Not to be touched, unpleasant to the touch.

**दृष्ट** m. (-म्) A plant, (Hedysarum alhaji) : see **दृष्ट**. **दृष्ट** + **दृष्ट** कर्मणि  
 खल ।

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Difficult to be drunk. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** drinking.  
 दुःखेन पीयते चलो खल्वे कर्मणि दुष्ट् । अर्धं दुष्ट् वा ।

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Of a bad nature, (Hedysarum alhaji) : see  
 प्रकृति मन्त्रः दुःखी प्रकृतिरस्य मन्त्रः ।  
**दृष्ट** f. (-म्) The egg plant, (Solanum melongena) : see  
 difficulty. **दृष्ट** before, **दृष्ट** to show, to guide, **दृष्ट** also  
 चिनि affix **दृष्ट** चिनि ।

**दृष्ट** f. (-म्) A plant, (Hedysarum alhaji) 2. The date tree.  
**दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** before, **दृष्ट** to guide, affix **दृष्ट** and **दृष्ट**.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Innumerable, difficult to be measured. **दृष्ट**  
 and **दृष्ट** before, **दृष्ट** to measure, **दृष्ट** aff.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Difficult of attainment. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** before  
 लभ to gain, **दृष्ट** affix, **दृष्ट** inserted.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Difficult of attainment, difficult to be got  
 reached. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** obtaining.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Remote, unattainable, difficult of appro-  
 or attainment. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** obtainable.

**दृष्ट** m. (-म्) A prince of the Indur line, the husband of Sakuntla.  
**दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** affix, **दृष्ट** aug ; also read **दृष्ट**.

**दृष्ट** m. (-म्) A prince ; see the last. **दृष्ट** to do wrong, **दृष्ट** aff.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Difficult to be crossed. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** crossing.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Difficult to be relinquished or parted with.  
**दृष्ट** and **दृष्ट** abandoning.

**दृष्ट** m. (-म्) 1. A dog. 2. A cock.

**दृष्ट** (म्) दुष्टी r. 2nd cl. (दुष्टि, दुष्टी) 3rd pers plu. (**दृष्टि**) To mis-  
 दुष्टि r. 1st cl. (दुष्टि) 1. To hurt, to afflict, to give pain. 2. I  
 kill. चदां चमः चिकः चमिष्ट् । आः परं सकः सेट् ।

**दृष्ट** m. (-म्) A milker. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** aff.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) 1. Relinquishing, parting with. 2. Milking.  
**दृष्ट** to milk, **दृष्ट** aff.

**दृष्ट** m. (-म्) A son-in-law, a daughter's husband. **दृष्ट**  
 daughter, in the possessive case, and **दृष्ट** a husband.

**दृष्ट** (-म्) A daughter. **दृष्ट** to milk, (the mother,) Unadi affix **दृष्ट**  
 and **दृष्ट** inserted.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) To be milked, milkable. **दृष्ट** to milk, affix **दृष्ट**  
 also **दृष्ट** मन्त्रः कदा दीष्ट ।

**दृष्ट** (म्) दुष्टी r. 4th cl. (दृष्टे) 1. To suffer or be consumed  
 pain. 2. To inflict pain or anxiety. दिवां चामः चमिष्ट् ।

**दृष्ट** (म्) Pain, distress. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** aff.

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Unfortunate, distressed. **दृष्ट**, difficult, **दृष्ट**  
 deceive, deriv. irr. दुःखेन दृष्टते चलो दुःख-कर्मणि खल ।

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Pained, afflicted. **दृष्ट** bad, painful, **दृष्ट** to  
 deriv. irr. दुःखेन दृष्टते दुष्ट + दृष्ट-कर्मणि खल ।

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Bad, vile. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** to meditate, **दृष्ट**  
 दुष्ट व्यायति दुष्ट + व्याय क ।

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Destroyed or annihilated with trouble or diffi-  
 ty. **दृष्ट** before, **दृष्ट** to destroy, deriv. irr. दुःखेन दृष्टते दुष्ट + दृष्ट  
 कर्मणि खल ।

**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Sent, despatched. m. (-म्) 1. A messenger or envoy  
 a news-carrier. 2. An ambassador. f. (-म्) A female messenger  
 a confidante, a procuress, a go-between, &c. **दृष्ट** to go, Unadi  
 क, and the vowel made long ; or **दृष्ट** to suffer, affix **दृष्ट** fem. **दृष्ट**  
 or **दृष्ट** and optionally **दृष्ट** ।

**दृष्ट** f. (-म्) A plant, resembling the Kadamba : see **दृष्ट** ।  
 a messenger, **दृष्ट** what destroys. **दृष्ट** विदुः दृष्टिः दृष्ट-दृष्ट ।

**दृष्ट** f. (-म्) See **दृष्ट** दृष्टा ति शीर्ष ।

**दृष्ट** f. (-म्) A female messenger, a confidante, &c. see **दृष्ट**, &c. **दृष्ट**  
 added to **दृष्ट** ; also with the penultimate, vowel made long, **दृष्ट** ।

**दृष्ट** n. (-म्) 1. An embassy, a message. 2. The abstract state or  
 tion of a message or a messenger. **दृष्ट** a messenger, and **दृष्ट**  
**दृष्ट** mfn. (-म्) Afflicting, harassing. **दृष्ट**, and **दृष्ट** on  
 occasions.





दृष्टम् m. (-कः) A flower, (*Hibiscus mutabilis*). ३. दृष्टि the eye, क्त्वा to see. दृष्टि क्त्वा added; also with क्त्वा affix दृष्टिगतम् n. (-तः) दृष्टि करीति ।  
 दृष्टम् m. (-कः) A bait, a mark for archers, &c. ३. दृष्टि the eye, and गृह्य subject.  
 दृष्टिपातम् m. (-तः) A look, a look at or on. ३. दृष्टि, and निपात alighting.  
 दृष्टम् m. (-तः) A look, a glance. ३. दृष्टि, and पात falling.  
 दृष्टम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Kept pure by the sight, i. e. watched, that no impropriety is committed, or impurity contracted. ३. दृष्टि, and पूत punished.  
 दृष्टम् m. (-कः) A fire-fly. ३. दृष्टि sight, and दृष्टम् a friend.  
 दृष्टिमेवम् m. (-पः) A leer, a side glance. ३. दृष्टि the eye, विषेय casting.  
 दृष्टिम् m. (-कः) A snake. ३. दृष्टि, and विष poison, venomous in his look.  
 दृष्टम् mfn. Having seen. ३. दृष्टि to see, क्त्वा aff.  
 दृष्टम् १st cl. (दृष्टि) also (दृष्टि) दृष्टि १st cl. (दृष्टि) To grow, to increase, to prosper. आ० पर० चक० सेट् ।  
 दृष्टम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Grown, increased, thriven. ३. दृष्टि to grow, affix क्त्वा with इट् inserted; also from दृष्टि, दृष्टित ।  
 दृष्टम् १st cl. (दृष्टि) To tear, to rend, to divide or pull to pieces. १st cl. (दृष्टि) To fear, to dread. क्त्वा-पु० पर०-चक० सेट् । आ० पर० चक० सेट् । दृष्टि पर० चक० सेट् । दीयति ।  
 दृष्टि १st cl. (दृष्टि) To preserve, to cherish or protect. आ० च० सक० चणिट् ।  
 दृष्टम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Shining repeatedly or intensely, glowing, blazing. ३. दृष्टि to kindle, intense, form, ग्राह्य aff.  
 दृष्टिम् m. (-कः) To given, fit or proper for a gift. ३. दा to give, कर्मणि घञ् affix, and the vowel changed.  
 दृष्टि १st cl. (दृष्टि) To sport or play. आ० च० चक० सेट् ।  
 दृष्टिम् m. (-कः) 1. A deity, a god. 2. A king, in poetical language. 3. A husband's brother: see दृष्टि. 4. A cloud. 5. A fool, a dolt. 6. A child. 7. A man following any particular line or business. 8. A spear man, a lancer. 9. Elevation, wish to excel or overcome. 10. Sport, play. 11. A term or surname applicable to a Brahman; also to a man of the kayastha class n. (-कः) An organ of sense. f. (की) 1. A flower, (*Hibiscus mutabilis*). 2. A plant, (*Marsilea quadrifolia*). f. (की) 1. A goddess, the wife of any deity of divine being. 2. A name very commonly applied to the goddess Durga. 3. A queen, one who has been consecrated as well as the king, (in the theatrical language chiefly.) 4. A respectful epithet or title applied to a woman of the first class. 5. Worship, reverence. 6. A plant, (*Trigonella coriiculata*). 7. Another plant: see दृष्टि. ३. दृष्टि to play, (in heaven, &c.) affix चञ्, fem. affix टाप् or जीप् ।  
 दृष्टम् mfn. (-कः-ता-तः) 1. Who or what sports or plays. 2. Divine, celestial, like a deity. m. (-कः) A proper name, the maternal grandfather of KRISHNA. ३. दृष्टि to play, क्त्वा affix; or दृष्टि, and तञ् aff.  
 दृष्टम् m. (-कः) A fragrant paste of sandal, agallochum, camphor, and safflower. ३. दृष्टि, and दृष्टि mud.  
 दृष्टिमाता f. (-ता) The mother of KRISHNA. ३. दृष्टि as above, and दृष्टिमा daughter.  
 दृष्टिम् m. (-कः) Worship of, or oblations to the gods. ३. दृष्टि, and दृष्टि business.  
 दृष्टिम् m. (-कः) A kind of pine: (*Pinus devadaru*). ३. दृष्टि divine, and दृष्टि wood.  
 दृष्टि f. (-की) One of the female personifications of the modes of music.  
 दृष्टि f. (-की) Devaki, the daughter of Vasudeva, wife of Vasudeva, and mother of KRISHNA. ३. दृष्टि, and दृष्टि patronymic affix, fem. affix दृष्टि; also with the vowel changed by the affix दृष्टि.  
 दृष्टिम् m. (-कः) A name of KRISHNA. ३. दृष्टि as above, and दृष्टि son.

दिव्यम् mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Divine, belonging or relating to a divinity. ३. दृष्टि, and दृष्टि aff.  
 दिव्यम् m. (-कः) The deity KRISHNA. ३. दृष्टि as above, and दृष्टि son; also similar compounds, as दिव्यदीनम्, and दिव्यदीपम् ।  
 दिव्यम् n. (-कः) A natural spring. ३. दृष्टि, and दृष्टि a well.  
 दिव्यम् n. (-कः) A temple. ३. दृष्टि a god, and दृष्टि a house.  
 दिव्यम् n. (-कः) Gloves. ३. दृष्टि a deity, and दृष्टि a flower fit for a deity.  
 दिव्यम् n. (-तः) 1. A cave or hollow amidst mountains. 2. A natural pond or reservoir. ३. दृष्टि a deity, and दृष्टि dug; not the work of men.  
 दिव्यम् mn. (-कः-कः) 1. A natural pond or one in front of a temple. 2. A natural cavern, a grotto. ३. दृष्टि a deity, दृष्टि dug, and दृष्टि affix; dug by divine hands, or in honour of a god.  
 दिव्यम् m. (-कः) A cavern, a chasm. ३. दृष्टि, and दृष्टि a hole.  
 दिव्यम् f. (-की) One of the Raginis, or female personification of the modes of music.  
 दिव्यम् m. (-कः) A Gandharba, a celestial quirister. ३. दृष्टि a god, and दृष्टि a singer.  
 दिव्यम् f. (-की) One of the female personifications of the modes of music.  
 दिव्यम् m. (-कः) A name of VISHVASPATI. ३. दृष्टि, and दृष्टि teacher; the preceptor of the gods.  
 दिव्यम् n. (-कः) 1. A celestial or planetary sphere, the dwelling of the gods. 2. A temple. ३. दृष्टि, and दृष्टि house.  
 दिव्यम् m. du. (-कौ) The two sons of ASWINI, and physicians of heaven. ३. दृष्टि a god, and दृष्टि a physician.  
 दिव्यम् m. (-कः) A garland or necklace of pearls, &c. composed of 100 strings. ३. दृष्टि a deity, and दृष्टि to cover, affix चञ् ।  
 दिव्यम् n. (-कः) A fragrant grass. ३. दृष्टि a deity, and दृष्टि eaten.  
 दिव्यम् n. (-कः) A fragrant grass. ३. दृष्टि pleonastic, added to the preceding.  
 दिव्यम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) An artist, an artisan. ३. दृष्टि to sport, चट्त्वा aff.  
 दिव्यम् f. (-की) A sort of gull, (*Larus ridibundus*). गङ्गाविहारम् ।  
 दिव्यम् m. (-कः) The holy fig tree. 2. A tree of Swarga or paradise, the Mandara tree. 3. The tree of plenty. 4. Any venerable and ancient tree: usually the place of assembling in a village. ३. दृष्टि a deity, and दृष्टि a tree.  
 दिव्यम् f. (-ता) 1. A god, a deity or divine being. 2. Divinity; see दिव्यम्. ३. दृष्टि divine, दृष्टि तञ् affix of the abstract: in the first case, चञ् added; of whom the attribute is divinity.  
 दिव्यम् m. (-कः) A temple. ३. दृष्टि, and दृष्टि a house.  
 दिव्यम् m. (-कः) 1. A kind of grass, (*Andropogon serratus*). 2. A name of Ra'hu, the personified ascending node. 3. A name or fire. 4. A sort of creeper: see दीव्यम्. ३. दृष्टि a deity, &c. तञ् to torment, affix चञ् ।  
 दिव्यम् m. (-कः) A grass: see the preceding. ३. दृष्टि added to दिव्यम् ।  
 दिव्यम् m. (-कः) A name of INDRA. ३. दृष्टि a deity, चञ्चि ruler or chief.  
 दिव्यम् n. (-कः) Worshipping an idol. ३. दृष्टि, and दृष्टि worshipping.  
 दिव्यम् n. (-कः) A temple. ३. दृष्टि, and दृष्टि dwelling.  
 दिव्यम् n. (-कः) The part of the hand sacred to the gods, the tips of the fingers. ३. दृष्टि, and दृष्टि a shrine.  
 दिव्यम् n. (-कः) 1. Divinity, the abstract attribute of divine being. 2. Identification with a deity, deification. ३. दृष्टि a deity, and दृष्टि abstract affix; also with तञ् दिव्यम् ।  
 दिव्यम् mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Given by the gods, god-given. m. (-कः) 1. The younger brother of Buddha. 2. The couch of ARJUNA. 3. One of the vital airs that which is exhaled in yawning. ३. दृष्टि a deity, and दृष्टि given; the name is often used in grammatical and other examples, in the place of some one, a certain

देवदत्ताय m. (-यः) A name of Bud'dha. ३. देवदत्त as above, and दत्त an elder born.

देवदासी f. (-सी) A sort of creeper, commonly *Ha'tighoshā*. ३. देव a deity, and दास a gift, affix कृत्. fem. affix क्रीप्.

देवदारु m. (-रुः) A species of pine, (*Pinus devadaru*) in Bengal it is usually applied to the *Uvaria longifolia*, and in the Peninsula to another tree, (*Erythroxylon sideroxyloides*.) ३. देव a deity, and दारु timber.

देवदासी f. (-सी) A courtesan, especially one employed as a dancer, &c. in a temple. ३. देव a deity, and दासी a female slave.

देवदीप m. (-पः) An eye. ३. देव an organ of sense, and दीप a lamp.

देवदूती f. (-ती) 1. A female messenger of the gods. 2. A sort of plant : also मधुकुटी. ३. देव, and दूती a messenger.

देवदेव m. (-यः) 1. A name of BRAMHA. 2. A name of SIVA. ३. देव god, repeated; god of gods.

देवद्वीची f. (-ची) The procession of a deity or idol. ३. देव a deity, द्वीच् to go, affixes चल् and क्रीप्.

देवद्राक् mfn. (-द्राक्-द्वीची-द्राक्) Approaching or adoring a deity. ३. देव an idol, चक् to go to or to worship, affix क्तिप्, and द्वि inserted.

देवद्याय n. (-यः) A sort of grain cultivated in many parts of Hindustan, (*Andropogon saccharatus*.) ३. देव a deity, and द्याय corn.

देवद्रुप m. (-यः) A fragrant resin, (*Bellium*), used in the incense. ३. देव a deity, and रुप incense.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) A husband's brother. ३. दिव्, to play. चन् Una'di aff.

देवद्वन् n. (-यः) 1. Sport, play, pastime, &c. 2. Emulation, desire to excel or overcome. 3. Affair, business, profession. 4. Gaming. 5. Splendour, lustre, beauty. 6. Light. 7. Praise. 8. Motion. 9. Grief, sorrow. 10. A garden, a play or pleasure ground. 11. A lotus. m. (-यः) A die or dice. f. (-यः) 1. Service. 2. Sport, wanton sport or pastime. ३. दिव् to play, &c. affix कृत्, or यच्, fem. aff. टाय्.

देवद्वन्द्वम् m. (-यः) One of INDRA's doorkeepers. ३. देव a deity, and द्वन्द्व who pleases.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) A kind of reed, (*Arundo bengalensis*) ३. देव, and द्वन् a reed, also read देवद्वन्.

देवद्वन्द्वम् m. (-यः) A superhuman being, also देवद्वन्द्वम्.

देवद्वन्द्वम् m. (-यः) A heaven, a paradise, the residence of a divinity. ३. देव, and द्वन्द्व abode.

देवद्वन्द्वम् m. (-यः) A heretic, an unbeliever, a reviler of the gods. ३. देव, and द्वन्द्व a calumniator.

देवद्वन्द्वम् f. (-यः) Heresy, atheism. ३. देव, and द्वन्द्व abuse.

देवद्वन्द्वम् mfn. (-यः-ता-त्) Natural, created ३. देव, and द्वन्द्व made by.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) A name of INDRA. ३. देव a deity, and द्वन् master. देवद्वन् f. (-यः) 1. The wife of a deity. 2. Sweet potato. ३. देव a deity, &c. and द्वन् wife.

देवद्वन् f. (-यः) Heaven, the firmament, the celestial path or way. ३. देव a deity, and द्वन् a road, final affix च्.

देवद्वन् n. (-यः) The royal presence. ३. देव, and द्वन् for पाद a foot; also देवद्वन्.

देवद्वन् mfn. (-यः-ता-त्) 1. Addicted to play. 2. Future, what will be, predestined, &c. see देवद्वन्.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) An animal consecrated to a deity. ३. देव, and द्वन् an animal.

देवद्वन् f. (-यः) A medicinal plant; see पृष्ठा. ३. देव a deity, and द्वन् a daughter.

देवद्वन् f. (-यः) The capital of INDRA. ३. देव a god, and द्वन् a city.

देवद्वन् f. (-यः) An idol, ३. देव, and द्वन् image.

देवद्वन् n. (-यः) Astrology, consulting the stars or gods. ३. देव a deity, and द्वन् asking.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) A tree used in dying, (*Rottleria tinctoria*, Rox.) see पृष्ठा. ३. देव a deity, and द्वन् a friend.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) A name of the Muni NĀ'ĀDA. ३. देव a deity, BRAMHA : BRAMHA amongst the saints and demigods.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) A venerable Brahman, one esteemed by deity, देव, and द्वन् a Brahman or देवद्वन्; द्वन्; देव.

देवद्वन् n. (-यः) 1. The holy fig tree. 2. Paradise. 3. A temple. ३. देव, and द्वन् a dwelling.

देवद्वन् mfn. (-यः or -यः) Belonging to a god. ३. देव, and द्वन् what.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) 1. A deity. 2. Swarga or paradise. ३. देव divine, a being.

देवद्वन् f. (-यः) The Ganges of heaven. ३. देव a deity, and द्वन् abiding. देवद्वन्; देवद्वन्.

देवद्वन् n. (-यः) 1. Divinity, godhead. 2. Inferior deification or identification with a deity. ३. देव a deity, and द्वन् being, becoming.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) The jewel of KRISHNA suspended on his breast.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) 1. A name of SIVA. 2. The jewel of KRISHNA, twist of hair on a horse's neck. ३. देव a deity, द्वन् a jewel.

देवद्वन् f. (-यः) A name of ASITA. ३. देव, and द्वन् a mother; the mother of gods.

देवद्वन् mfn. (-यः-का-की-कः) Watered by rain, (corn, land, &c.) ३. a cloud, द्वन् a mother, and कप् affix; cherished by the cloud by a parent.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) The jewel worn by KRISHNA : see वीरुम्. ३. देव, द्वन् respect, affix कन् or कप्.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) The eighth month of pregnancy; also देवद्वन्. ३. divine, and द्वन् a month. [वि]

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) A worshipper of the gods. ३. देव, and द्वन् to worship.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) 1. A worshipper of the gods. 2. A Muni. ३. देव, द्वन् who worships. देव द्वन् यच्-यच्.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) The Homa or burnt sacrifice. ३. देव, and द्वन् the sacrifice appropriated to the gods.

देवद्वन् f. (-यः) The procession of a deity or idol, or sacred fest when the images are carried in procession. ३. देव a god, and द्वन् going. देवद्वन् यावत्.

देवद्वन् n. (-यः) The car or vehicle of god. f. (-यः) The daughter SURA. ३. देव a deity, and द्वन् going. यावत् चनेन या-करणे कृत्.

देवद्वन् mfn. (-ता-वी-ह) Sporting, playing. ३. देव to play, द्वन् aff.

देवद्वन् mfn. (-यः-यु-यु) 1. Pious, righteous, virtuous. 2. Frequent festivals. m. (-यः) A deity. ३. देव a deity, या to go, Unadi affix.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) A superhuman being, a demon or demigod. ३. देव a deity, and द्वन् place of production.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) A husband's brother, especially his younger brother. दिव् to play, &c. affix चरच्. दीयते चनेन दिव-करणे चरच्.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) The car or vehicle of a deity. ३. देव a deity, and द्वन् carriage.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) INDRA. ३. देव a deity, राजन् a king, and द्वन् aff.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) 1. A sort of crane. 2. The name of a king; also देवद्वन्.

देवद्वन् mfn. (-यः-वी-वि-वि) Godlike, of divine form. ३. देव, and द्वन् हनि aff.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) A Rishi, a saint of the celestial class, as NĀ'ĀDA, ASH MARICHI, BHARADWAJA, PULASTYA, PULAHNA, KRISHNA, BHARADWAJA, PRACHETAS; also BHARATA, TUMBUKA, KANADA, and others. ३. देव divine, and द्वन् a saint : see द्वन्, and द्वन्.

देवद्वन् m. (-यः) 1. An attendant upon an idol; a Brahman of an inferior order, who subsists upon the offerings made to the images which he attends, and who conducts the ceremonies of all sorts of prayer for hire. 2. A Muni; according to some authorities, a name of NĀ'ĀDA; to others, of a different saint, who is also a legislator, son of ASITA and also named ASITA VĀDA. ३. देव a deity, and द्वन् other : see देव. ३. A holy or virtuous man. ३. देव, and द्वन् and क् aff. or द्वन्-कृत्.



देवक म. (-कः) The attendant on an idol : see the preceding. **देव** added to देवक ।  
 देवता f. (-ता) Double jasmine. **देव** divine, and **जता** a creeper.  
 देवकी म. (-की) 1. Heaven or paradise. 2. Any one of the seven superior worlds, from earth to the highest or Satya loka, in opposition to those below the earth. 3. The particular sphere or heaven of any divinity. **देव**, and **की** a world.  
 देवक म. (-कः) Fire or its deity AGNI. **देव** a deity, and **क** a face, here implying, mouth; the mouth of the gods, eating or consuming the oblations made to them.  
 देवम म. (-मः) A tree : see पुत्राग ।  
 देवम (-रः) A superior or supreme deity. n. (-रः) A divine boon or blessing. **देव**, and **र** best.  
 देवकि म. (-किः) A name of Viswakarma, the divine architect. **देव** a deity, **कि** a carpenter.  
 देवम. (-मः) 1. A tree, (Echites scholaria.) 2. A tree of heaven or paradise. 3. A plant yielding a fragrant resin, (Bdellium.) **देव** a god, **म** a tree.  
 देवम. (-मः) 1. A worshipper of the gods. 2. A name of BHISHMA. n. (-मः) Any obligation or vow of a deity. **देव** a deity, and **म** religious obligation.  
 देवत म. (-तः) A god. 2. A sacred treatise or branch of scripture. 3. A name of NARADA. **देव** divine, and **त** heard.  
 देवता f. (-ता) An assembly of the gods. **देव** a deity, and **ता** assembly.  
 देवः (मः) 1. A player, a gambler, a frequenter of clubs or assemblies. 2. An attendant on a deity. **देव** sport in general, or gambling. **म** an assembly, and **त** aff.  
 देवम mfn. (-मः) Divine, relating to a deity. **देव**, and **म** connected.  
 देवक f. (-कः) A small shrub : see सपदेव. **देव** a deity, **क** to bear, affixes टाप् and चञ् ।  
 देवत mfn. In or on a deity, becoming as a deity, appropriate or offered to one. **देव**, and **त** aff.  
 देवपुत्र म. (-पुत्रः) 1. Inferior deification, the state or being of the inferior gods. 2. Absorption into or identification with a deity. **देव** a god, **पु** with **त्र** to join or bejoined, affix क्तिप्, देवपुत्र् junction with a deity, **पुत्र** added, implying the state or condition.  
 देवत f. (-तः) Spirituous liquor. **देव**, and **त** created, made by the gods.  
 देवता f. (-ता) 1. The daughter of INDRA. 2. An army or host of celestials. **देव** Indra or any deity, and **ता** an army.  
 देवसेनापति म. (-पतिः) A name of SKANDA. **देवसेना** as above, and **पति** ruler; commander of the hosts of heaven.  
 देवम. (-मः) The property applicable to religious purpose, endowment, &c. **देव** divine, and **म** wealth.  
 देवसेवक म. (-कः) An attendant upon an idol, a low Brahman, subsisting by attendance upon an image, and upon the offerings made to it. **देव** a deity, and **सेवक** who gets a livelihood; also **रति** added देवसेवक म. (-की.)  
 देवम mfn. (-मः) 1. One with or identified with a deity. 2. Belonging to a deity, consecrated, sacred. m. (-मः) The holy, fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) **देव**, and **म** the self or soul.  
 देवममि म. (-मः) 1. A goat. 2. An ascetic, one who relinquishes or abandons the world. 3. A fool, an idiot. **देव** in the second case plural, and **मि** beloved; the beloved of the gods.  
 देवम. (-मः) Rice or food that has been first presented to an idol. **देव**, and **म** food.  
 देवम. (-मः) The son of PRATHA, supposed to be still alive, near the Sumera mountain.

देवमीष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः) Sacred, dedicated to a deity. f. (-ष्टा) Betel, (Piper betel.) **देव**, and **मीष्ट** wished.  
 देवमत्तन म. (-नः) A temple. **देव**, and **मत्तन** abode.  
 देवयुध न. (-युधः) The rainbow. **देव**, and **युध** a weapon.  
 देवलय न. (-लः) 1. A division of heaven, the residence of the gods. 2. A temple. **देव**, and **लय** an asylum.  
 देवता f. (-ता) One of the female personifications of the modes of music. **देव** a deity, and **त** adopted to, form, affix टाप् । [for. देवतं mfn. (-तः) Divine, worthy of the gods. **देव**, and **त** fit]  
 देवताम म. (-मः) 1. A temple. 2. The holy fig tree. **देव** a deity, and **ताम** abode.  
 देवतम. (-तः) The horse of INDRA. **देव** a deity, and **तम** a horse.  
 देविक mfn. (-कः) Appertaining to or derived from a deity. **देव**, and **क** affix; also देविक and देविक ।  
 देविका f. (-का) The name of a river, the Sarayu or Deva. **देव**, and **क** affix, fem form.  
 देविक mfn. (-कः) 1. Virtuous, pious, just. 2. Appertaining to a deity : see देविक. **देव**, and **क** affix. Una'di aff.  
 देवी f. (-वी) See देव ।  
 देवीकोट म. (-टः) A town, the city of VA'VA, probably DEVICOTA, on the Coromandel coast. **देवी** a name of DURGA, and **कोट** a house or abode.  
 देव म. (-वः) 1. A husband's brother, but especially his younger brother. 2. The husband of a woman previously married. **देव** to play, Una'di affix चञ् ।  
 देवेय म. (-यः) A name of VRIHASPATI. **देव** a deity, and **येय** a teacher, the Guru or spiritual preceptor of the gods.  
 देवत mfn. (-तः) Acceptable to the gods, wished for by them. **देव**, and **त** wished.  
 देवीयान न. (-यानः) A sacred grove, one near a temple or consecrated to a deity. **देव** a deity, and, **यान** a garden.  
 देवम. (-मः) 1. A country, a region, whether inhabited or uninhabited. 2. A part, a portion. 3. Institute, ordinance. **देव** to point, to show, affix चञ् ।  
 देवक mfn. (-कः) Who or what shows, points out, describes, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A ruler, a governor. 2. A guide. 2. An instructor. **देव** to command, affix चञ् ।  
 देवकारी f. (-री) A mode of music, a Ragini.  
 देवकालविद mfn. (-विदः) Knowing what is suited to time and place. **देव**, **काल** time, and **विद** who knows.  
 देवकालव्यवस्थित mfn. (-तः) Regulated by time and place. **देव**, and **काल** time, **व्यवस्थित** determined.  
 देवदृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः) Considered locally, judged as to place. **देव**, and **दृष्ट** seen.  
 देवदण्ड म. (-ण्डः) Local law, the law of usage of the country. **देव**, and **दण्ड** moral merit.  
 देवदण्ड न. (-ण्डः) Propriety, fitness. **देव** ordinance, **दण्ड** form, essence.  
 देवदण्डहार म. (-हारः) Local usage, custom of the country. **देव**, and **दण्डहार** practice.  
 देवद्वार न. (-द्वारः) 1. foreign country. 2. Longitude or difference of longitude. **देव**, and **द्वार** different.  
 देवदण्ड mfn. (-ण्डः) Spying, searching out a land. **देव**, and **दण्ड** who inspects.  
 देविक म. (-कः) 1. A traveller, a stranger, a so-journer. 2. A Guru or spiritual teacher. **देव** a country, &c. **क** aff.  
 देवित mfn. (-तः) 1. Directed, commanded. 2. Shown. 3. Advised, instructed. **देव** to show, and **त** affix, with **ट** inserted.  
 देवित् mfn. (-तः) 1. Of or belonging to a country. 2. Showing, instructing, guiding f. (-ती) The index or fore-finger. **देव** to show, affix चिणि or दृञ्, and **ति** aff.

**देह** mfn. (-यः यय) 1. What is proper to be proved or ordered. 2. Local. 3. Present at any transaction, on the spot. n. (-यः) 1. The postulate, the statement or exhibition of a question or argument. 2. The fact or charge to be proved or substantiated. m. (-यः) An eyewitness of any thing, one who was on the spot. n. दिष् to show or command, affix यञ्; or देह, and यन aff.

**देह** mfn. (-यः यय) 1. Difficult of subjection, untamable, intractable, ungovernable. Liberal in giving, a donor. n. (-यः) A wash-  
-woman. n. दा to give, &c. इण् aff. Unadi affix.

**देह** n. (-यः) The body. n. दिह् to collect together, affix यञ्.

**देहकीर** m. (-यः) 1. The skin. 2. A feather, a wing. n. देह body, and कीर a sheath or covering.

**देहव्यय** m. (-यः) Disease, sickness. n. देह the body, and व्यय a wasting.

**देहव्यय** mfn. (-यः यय) Separated or detached from the body, (as excrement or the spirit, &c.) n. देह, and व्यय fallen.

**देहव्याप** m. (-यः) 1. Voluntary death. 2. Death in general. n. देह, and व्याप leaving.

**देहवृत्** m. (-यः) Quicksilver. n. देह, and वृत् what gives.

**देहधारक** n. (-यः) A bone. n. देह the body, and धारक sustainer.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) A wing. n. देह the body, ध्वज to have, and क्ति aff.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) Air, wind. n. देह the body, ध्वज to pervade, क्ति aff.

**देहध्वज** mfn. (-यः यय) 1. Living-being. 2. Embodied, corporeal. m. (-यः) Life, vitality. n. देह the body, ध्वज what has or supports.

**देहध्वज** f. (-यः) 1. Death, dying. 2. Food. n. देह the body, ध्वज proceeding, (to or by which.)

**देहध्वज** f. (-यः) Spirituous liquor. n. देह the body, ध्वज to seize, affix उ, and टाप्.

**देहध्वज** f. (-यः) 1. The threshold of a door, the lower part of the wooden frame of a door, or a raised terrace in front of it. n. देह here said to imply plastering of cow-dung, &c. ध्वज to have or get, affix क्ति or क, and डीप्.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) Marrow. n. देह, and सार essence.

**देहध्वज** mfn. (-यः यय) Corporeal, inhabiting a body. n. देह, and ध्वज aff.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) A Charvaka, a materialist. देह, and ध्वज the soul, and ध्वज who maintains; asserting that the body and soul are one.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) 1. Armour. 2. Dress. n. देह, and ध्वज screening.

**देहध्वज** f. (-यः) A sort of insect, (a flea.) n. देह the body, affix उन्, and टाप्.

**देहध्वज** mfn. (-यः यय) 1. Corporeal, embodied, having body. 2. Living, a living being. m. (-यः) The spirit. n. देह, and ध्वज aff.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) 1st cl. (दायति) To purify or cleanse.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) A demon, an Asura, the Titan or giant of Hindu mythology. n. दिति the mother of the giant, and उन् affix of descent.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) A Daitya or demon; see the preceding. f. (-यः) 1. A perfume, commonly Mara. 2. A drug; see दण्ड. 3. Spirituous liquor. 4. The wife of a demon. n. दिति, and व्यय aff.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) A name of SUKRA, regent of Venus. n. देह, and ध्वज a teacher; the spiritual preceptor of the Daityas, or Titans.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) 1. A name of VARUNA, deity of the waters. 2. Air or wind personified. n. देह a demon, and देव a god.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) A name of SUKRA. n. देह, and ध्वज a family priest. see देहध्वज.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) A name of SUKRA, regent of Venus. n. देह, and ध्वज a family priest.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) A name of DITI, the mother of the Titanic race of Daityas. n. देह, and ध्वज a mother.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) the earth. n. देह, मेद marrow, ज born.

**देहध्वज** m. (-यः) An age of the demons, consisting of 12,000 divine

years, or the sum the four Yugs or ages of men. n. देह a den and ध्वज an age.

**देव** m. (-यः) 1. A name of VISHNU. 2. a deity in general. n. and चरि a foe; the enemy of the Daityas.

**देवादीराज** m. (-यः) A day and night of demons, being a year of men. n. देव a demon, चरन् a day, and रात्रि a night.

**देव** mfn. (-यः यय) Diurnal, daily, relating to a day. n. (-यः) Poverty, wretchedness. n. दीन or दिन and चरन् aff.

**देवदिन** mfn. (-यः यय) Diurnal, quotidian. n. दिनदिन day by day चरन्

**देवदिनप्रलय** m. (-यः) Destruction of the world after fifteen years BRAHMA's age. n. देवदिन, and प्रलय destruction.

**देवदिन** mfn. (-यः यय) Bought with a Dinar, of the value of one, &c. दीनार, and चरन् aff.

**देवदिन** mfn. (-यः यय) Diurnal, of or relating to a day. f. (-यः) A day hire wages. n. दिन a day, affix उन्.

**देव** n. (-यः) 1. Meanness, covetousness. 2. Poverty, humbleness. n. a pauper, &c. यञ् aff.

**देव** mfn. (-यः यय) Relating or belonging to a lamp. n. दीप, and चरन्

**देव** n. (-यः) Length. n. दीर्घ long, चरन् aff.

**देव** mfn. (-यः यय) Of or relating to divinity or a deity, divine, celestial &c. mn. (-यः यय) Destiny, fate, fortune. n. (-यः) 1. The part of hand sacred to the gods; the tips of the fingers, (some only the thumbs.) 2. One of the forms of marriage; the gift of daughter at a sacrifice to the officiating priest. f. (-यः) a divine medicine, the medical use of charms, &c. n. देव a deity, and चरन् affix of reference or relation.

**देवकर्म** n. (-यः) Burnt-offering, oblations to the gods. n. देव, and कर्म

**देवकी** f. (-यः) The mother of KRISHNA. n. देवक father of the lady, &c. of descend चरन्, fem affix डीप्; see देवकी.

**देवकीनन्दन** m. (-यः) KRISHNA. n. देवकी as above, नन्दन a son; also देवकीनन्दन

**देवकीविद** mfn. (-यः यय) A conjuror or fortune-teller. n. देव fortune &c. कीविद skillful.

**देवविचिन्तक** m. (-यः) A fatalist. n. देव, and विचिन्तक who thinks of.

**देवविचिन्ता** f. (-यः) Fatalism, reliance on fate. n. देव, and विचिन्ता thinking also देवविचिन्तक.

**देवज्ञ** mfn. (-यः यय) Prophetic, fore-telling, acquainted with fate. n. (-यः) An astrologer. f. (-यः) A female fortune-teller. n. देव, and चरन् who knows.

**देवज्ञ** mfn. (-यः यय) 1. Of or relating to a god. mn. (-यः यय) 1. A deity. 2. An idol. n. (-यः) A number of gods. n. देवता a deity, &c. pleonastic or referential affix.

**देवदीप** m. (-यः) 1. The eye. 2. A heavenly lamp. n. देव, and दीप a lamp

**देवदुर्विपाक** m. (-यः) Hardness of fortune, unpropitiousness of fate. n. देव, and दुर्विपाक unfavourableness.

**देवपर** mfn. (-यः यय) 1. Fated, willed, predestined. 2. Trusting to fate. n. देव late, &c. पर after, according to.

**देवप्रश्न** m. (-यः) Astrology, fortune-telling. n. देव fate &c. प्रश्न asking.

**देवयुग** m. (-यः) An age of the gods or immortals; see देवयुग.

**देवयोग** m. (-यः) The occurrence of unforeseen event, the intervention of destiny. n. देव, and योग juncture.

**देवयज्ञ** m. (-यः) The servant or worshipper of an evil spirit.

**देवयज्ञक** m. (-यः) An astrologer, a fortune-teller. n. देव fate, &c. यज्ञ write, चरन् aff.

**देववाणी** f. (-यः) A voice from heaven. n. देव and वाणी speech.

**देववाचि** m. (-यः) 1. YAMA. 2. SATURN. f. (-यः) YAMUNA. n. देववाचि the sun, and चरन् patron. aff.

**देवान्** ind. By chance, by accident, unavoidably, fatally. n. The 5th case of देव used as a participle.

**देवायरोचिन्** mfn. (-यः यय) Subject or obedient to the gods. n. देव divine (will), चरन् assenting to.

दत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Dependant upon destiny. ३. देव, and चावत् subject to.

दत्त m. (-तः) The natural enmity between the gods and Asurs. ३. देव, and चवत्, with चक् added in this sense.

दैवादि m. (-तः) A day of the gods, the human year : see दैवादीराव ।

दैव mfn. (-तः-की-कः) Of or relating to the gods, divine, deific, &c. ३. देव a deity, and ठक् aff.

दाई (दा) A woman married according to the Daiva ritual. ३. देव, and ऊदा married.

दोषदत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Ill-fated, unfortunate, unlucky. ३. देव, and उपदत्त -truck by ; also with कन्, दैवोपदत्तकः ।

दोष m. (-तः) (Gate, fortune. ३. देव a deity and यक् affix : see देव ।

दोष mfn. (-तः-की-कः) Provincial, national, belonging to a country, produced in it, &c देव, and ठक् aff.

दोष m. (-तः-का-कः) Fated, predestined. m. (-तः) A predestinarian, fatalist. ३. दिष्ट fate, affix ठक् ।

दोषादि f. (-ता) Fatalism, predestinarianism. ३. तक्, added to दैष्टिक ; with च, दैष्टिकत्वम् ।

दोष mfn. (-तः-की-कः) Corporeal, bodily. ३. देह भवः तस्य इदं वा ठक् ।

दोष (दति) To cut, to divide : चक् is usually prefixed.

दोष (दः) A bull.

दोष m. (-तः) The shoulder. ३. दोष, and शिखर crest.

दोषदत्त m. (-तः) The name of a king, also called KA'RTA-VIRYA. ३. दोष an arm, सहस्र a thousand, and दत्त possessing : having a thousand arms.

दोष m. (-तः-गो-गो) 1. A milker, who or what milks. 2. What yields milk. m. (-तः) 1. A poet, a panegyrist, one who writes verses for hire or reward. 2. A calf. 3. A cowherd. f. (-गो) A cow ३. दुग् to milk, ठक् aff.

दोषदत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Swinging or being swung repeatedly or violently ३. दुग् to swing, intens, form, शानच् aff.

दोष m. (-तः) A calf. ३. दुग् to milk, चक् affix, deriv. irr.

दोष m. (-तः) A form of metre.

दोषदत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Shaking or trembling violently ३. धू to shako, intens. form, शानच् aff.

दोष m. (-तः-रि-रि) A string for fastening the wires of a rute.

दोष mfn. (-तः-दुः-दु) Crooked-armed, having a cripple or crooked arm. ३. दोष an arm, and गडु a cripple.

दोष mfn. (-तः-दा-दः) Strong, powerful. m. (-तः) Pain in the arm. ३. दोष an arm, and दाह who takes or uses.

दोष m. (-तः) The arm. ३. दोष, and दण्ड a stick.

दोष m. (-तः) The middle of the arm. ३. दास् the arm, and मध्य the centre.

दोष m. (-तः) The armpit. ३. दोष the arm, and मूल the root.

दोष m. (-तः) 1. Swinging. 2. A festival on the 14th of Phalgun, the swinging of the juvenile KRISHNA. m. (-तः-ला or लो) 1. A litter, a swinging cot, a dooly. 2. A swing. f. (-ता) The indigo plant. ३. दुष् to throw up or toss, to swing, affix चक् ; fem. affix टाप् or लोप् ।

दोषावसान mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Swinging, being swung. 2. Doubting, perplexed, vacillating. ३. दुष् to swing, causal form, शानच् aff.

दोषिका f. (-ता) A swing. ३. कन् added to दोषो ।

दोष m. (-तः) 1. Fault, defect, blemish. 2. Sin, offence, transgression. 3. Disorder of the humours of the body, or defect in the functions of bile, circulation, or wind. 4. A calf. ३. दुष् to be defective, affix चक् ।

दोष m. (-तः) A calf. ३. कन् added to दोष ।

दोषावसान m. (-तः) Reprehending, condemning. ३. दोष, and अवसान attributing.

दोषादि mfn. (-तः-दी-दी-दि) Malicious, malignant, censorious. ३. दोष a fault, दाह, to take, affix चिन् ।

दोष mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Knowing faults, &c. m. (-तः) 1. A Pandit, a teacher, a sage. 2. A physician. ३. दोष fault, defect, and दाह who knows.

दोषदत्त m. (-तः) 1. Vitiating of the three humours, bile, wind, and phlegm. 2. Any combination of three defects. ३. दोष, and दत्त triad.

दोषप्रसङ्ग m. (-तः) Censure, condemnation. ३. दोष, and प्रसङ्ग attribution.

दोषभाज् mfn. (-भाजः) Wrong, faulty, doing wrong, being defective or to blame. ३. दोष, and भाज् who or what shares.

दोषवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Faulty, defective. 2. wicked. ३. दोष, and वत् aff.

दोषा f. (-ता) 1. Night. 2. The arm. ind. (-वा) 1. By night, at night. 2. At the beginning of the night. ३. दम् to tame, डोस affix, and टाक् added.

दोषाकर mfn. (-तः-रा-रः) Defective, faulty. m. (-तः) The moon. ३. दोषा night, and कर a ray, or दोष and चाकर a mine.

दोषावसान mfn. (-तः-नो-नः) Nocturnal, by night. ३. दोषा by night, द्वा aff.

दोषातिष्ठ m. (-तः) A lamp. ३. दोष night, and तिष्ठक excellence.

दोषास्त्र m. (-तः) A lamp ३. दोषा night, and चास्त्र a face.

दोषावसान mfn. (-तः-की-कः) Faulty, defective, bad. m. (-तः) Sicknes-, disease. ३. दोष defect, ठक् aff.

दोषिन् mfn. (-वी-विषी-वि) 1. Faulty, defective. 2. Wicked, bad. ३. दुष् to be defective, affix चिन् ।

दोषकदम्ब mfn. (-दम्बः) Malevolent, censorious, discovering defects only. ३. दोष a fault, एक one, alone, and दम्ब seeing

दोष m. (-तः) 1. The arm. 2. The side of a triangle, or square, &c ३. दम् to subdue, affix डोस् ।

दोष mfn. (-तः-का-कः) Worn, &c. on the arms. ३. दोस् the arm, क aff.

दोष mfn. (-तः-खा-खः) Placed on the arm. m. (-तः) 1. Play, sport. 2. player, one who sports or plays. 3. Service. 4. A servant. ३. दु. bad, खा to stay, ड affix दुख, चक् added.

दोष m. (-तः) 1. A milk-pail. 2. Milk. 3. Milking. 4. Satisfaction, success. ३. दुग् to milk, &c. affix चक् ।

दोष m. (-तः) Milk. ३. दोष milking, and ज produced.

दोषादि f. (-ता) The Prakrit metre, commonly Doha : a stanza of four lines, containing thirteen and eleven syllabic instants alternately.

दोषद n. (-तः) 1. Wish, desire. 2. The longing of a pregnant woman, especially as a sign of impregnation. ३. दोष here said to mean satisfaction, and द what gives.

दोषदत्त n. (-तः) 1. The fetus, the embryo, sometimes confounded with womb. 1. The period of passing from one season of life to another, as from childhood to youth from youth to manhood. ३. दोष longing, and दत्त a sign.

दोषदवती f. (-ती) A pregnant woman longing for any thing ३. दोषद as above, and वती aff.

दोषदवती f. (-ता) A pregnant woman longing for any thing. ३. दोषद as above, and वती attached or become inherant.

दोषद n. (-तः-नी) A milk vessel, a milkpail. n. (-तः) Milking. ३. दुग् to milk, affix लुट् ।

दोष m. (-तः) 1. Wish, desire. 2. Longing. f. (-ती) The Asoka tree. ३. दोष satisfaction, and ल what gets : see दोषद ।

दोषदवती f. (-ती) A pregnant woman longing for any thing : see दोषदवती ।

दोषावसान m. (-तः) Milk. ३. दोष milking, चक् below, जी to bring, affix चक् ।

दोषिन् mfn. (-वी-विषी-वि) Milking, a milker. ३. दुग् to milk, चिन् aff.

दोषीयस् mfn. (-वान्-यसी-यः) Yielding a great abundance of milk. ३. दोष milk, ईयस् aff.

दोष mfn. (-तः-दा-दः) To be milked, milkable. ३. दुग् to milk, चक् affix, also दुग् ।

दोषादि m. (-तः) 1. A sort of head borough or beadle, the super-

tendent of a village 2. A door keeper, a warder, a porter. **दुर** bad, difficult, **साध्** to accomplish, affix **ठक्** ।  
**दोक्तम्** mfn. (लः ली-लं) Covered with silk, (a car, &c.) **दु** कृतम् wove silk, affix **चक्** ।  
**दूतम्** m. (दू) An embassy or message. **दूत** a messenger, affix **चक्** : see **दू** ।  
**दोषता** n. (दो) Wickedness, depravity. **दु** राक्षन् wicked, **चक्** aff.  
**दोर्मसि** n. (दो) Factor, bad smell. **दु** र्गन्ध ill-smelling, and **इज्** aff.  
**दोर्गम** n. (दो) Difficulty, Inaccessibility. **दु** र्गम् and **चक्** aff.  
**दोर्लभ** n. (दो) Wickedness, depravity, villainy. **दु** र्लभ and **चक्** aff.  
**दोर्बल** n. (दो) Weakness, debility. **दु** र्बल and **चक्** aff.  
**दोर्भागिन्य** m. (दो) The son of a woman disliked by her husband. f. (दो) The daughter of such a woman. **दु** र्भगा such a woman, **ठक्** affix and **इज्** augment.  
**दोर्भाग** n. (दो) Ill-luck, misfortune **दु** र्भाग bad, भाग portion, **चक्** aff.  
**दोर्मनस** n. (दो) 1. Evil disposition or thought. 2. Despair. 3. Affliction, distress. **दु** र्मनस् and **चक्** aff.  
**दोर्बल** n. (दो) 1. The sap or juice of bent grass. 2. A clean leaf. **दु** र्बल bent grass, and **चक्** aff.  
**दोर्द** n. (दो) Wish, desire, but especially the longing of pregnant women. **दु** र्द, **दु** र्द to heart, affix **चक्** ।  
**दोर्ध्व** m. (दो) A turtle or tortoise. **दु** र्ध्वी a female tortoise, affix **ठक्** ।  
**दोर्ध्व** m. (दो) A name of INDRA.  
**दोर्ध्व** m. (दो) A warder, a porter. **दु** र्ध्व bad, **ध्व** impediment, and **ठक्** aff.  
**दोर्ध्व** n. (दो) Paraphymosis, circumcision. **दु** र्ध्व and **चक्** aff.  
**दोर्ध्व** mfn. (दो) Sprung of a bad or low family or race. **दु** र्ध्व of a bad race, affix **ठक्** also **इज्** augment.  
**दोर्ध्व** n. (दो) Badness, wickedness. **दु** र्ध्व and **चक्** aff.  
**दोर्ध्व** m. (दो) A name of BHARAT, the first sole monarch of India. **दु** र्ध्व DUSHMANTA, husband of SAKUNTALA, and father to BHARAT, **इज्** affix of descent; it is perhaps preferably read **दोर्ध्व** from **दुर्ध्व**.  
**दोर्ध्व** m. (दो) A daughter's son f. (दो) A daughter's daughter. **दु** र्ध्व a daughter, affix **चक्** ।  
**दोर्ध्व** f. always dual (दो) Heaven and earth. **दु** र्ध्व heaven, **चक्** the earth, form irr.; also similar compounds, as **दोर्ध्व**, **दोर्ध्व**, &c.  
**दोर्ध्व** f. always dual. (दो) Heaven and earth. **दु** र्ध्व heaven, and **चक्** the earth; see the preceding.  
**दोर्ध्व** f. always dual. (दो) Heaven and earth. **दु** र्ध्व, and **चक्** the earth; see the two words preceding.  
**दु** 1. 2nd cl. (दो) 1. To advance towards or against, to assail. 2. To advance before or in front of, to approach.  
**दु** m. (दो) A name of AGNI or fire n. (दो) 1. A day. 2. Heaven, sky, rather 3. Heaven, paradise. **दु** र्ध्व to go to or towards, affix **क्विप्** ।  
**दु** m. (दो) An owl.  
**दु** करि m. (दो) A crow.  
**दु** ग्ग m. (दो) A bird. **दु** र्ग, **दु** र्ग, and **ग** who goes  
**दु** र्ग m. (दो) A given term of days, as a month, &c. **दु** र्ग, and **ग** a number  
**दु** 1st cl. (दो) To shine.  
**दु** r (दु) A ray of light. **दु** र्ध्व to shine, affix **क्विप्**.  
**दु** र्ध्व (दो) 1. Light 2. Beauty or splendour. 3. A ray of light. 4. Stimulating, exciting. **दु** र्ध्व to shine, affix **क्विप्**.  
**दु** र्ध्व mfn. (दो) 1. Shining, bright. 3. Handsome m. (दो) The polar star or in mythology, the divine sage D'naova. **दु** र्ध्व light, and **कर** who makes.  
**दु** र्ध्व mfn. (दो) 1. Enlightened, illuminated, &c. **दु** र्ध्व to shine, affix **क्विप्** also with the vowel changed **दोर्ध्व** ।

**दु** र्ध्व mfn. (दो) Resplendent, bright. **दु** र्ध्व, and **क्विप्** ।  
**दु** र्ध्व f. (दो) A plant, (Hemionites cordifolia.) **दु** र्ध्व beauty, **क्विप्** to possess, affixes **क्विप्** and **टक्** ।  
**दु** र्ध्व m. (दो) 1. Heavenly abode, heaven. 2. A deity. **दु** र्ध्व, **दु** र्ध्व abiding.  
**दु** र्ध्व m. (दो) 1. A deity. 2. A pious person. **दु** र्ध्व, and **क्विप्** who abides.  
**दु** र्ध्व n. (दो) Day and night. **दु** र्ध्व a day, **दु** र्ध्व night.  
**दु** र्ध्व m. (दो) 1. The sun. 2. A name of INDRA. **दु** र्ध्व a day, paradise, and **दु** र्ध्व ruler.  
**दु** र्ध्व m. (दो) The sun. **दु** र्ध्व a day, and **दु** र्ध्व a gem.  
**दु** र्ध्व f. (दो) The daughter of VISWAKARMA, and wife of the sun **दु** र्ध्व a day, and **दु** र्ध्व affix of identity.  
**दु** र्ध्व n. (दो) 1. Wealth, property, substance. 2. Strength, power **दु** r, **दु** r to remember or regard, affix **क्विप्** ।  
**दु** र्ध्व m. (दो) 1. The sun. 2. Heaven. **दु** र्ध्व to go (through heavens,) **दु** r, affix **क्विप्**.  
**दु** र्ध्व m. (दो) 1. A god, a deity. 2. A planet. **दु** र्ध्व heaven, to go, affix **क्विप्**; it is also written **दु** र्ध्व.  
**दु** र्ध्व m. (दो) (Gaming, playing with dice, or any thing not posing life. **दु** र्ध्व to play, **क्विप्** aff.  
**दु** र्ध्व m. (दो) A gambler. **दु** र्ध्व and **क्विप्** who practises.  
**दु** र्ध्व m. (दो) 1. The keeper of a gaming house. 2. A gambler, **दु** र्ध्व gaming, and **क्विप्** who practises, also with **क्विप्** adda **दु** र्ध्व.  
**दु** र्ध्व m. (दो) A gambler. **दु** र्ध्व, and **क्विप्** who practises; see last.  
**दु** र्ध्व f. (दो) The day of full moon in the month KARTI (October-November,) the night of which is spent in gaming, chance, in honour of the goddess of fortune, LAKSHMI. **दु** र्ध्व gaming, and **दु** र्ध्व day of full moon; also with **क्विप्** pleonast affix added, and **दो** fem. affix **दु** र्ध्व, f. (दो).  
**दु** र्ध्व f. (दो) The first day of the moon's increase in KARTI when BALT is to be venerated. **दु** र्ध्व, and **दु** र्ध्व the first lunar day.  
**दु** र्ध्व n. (दो) A Couri, a small shell used as a coin in most parts of India. **दु** र्ध्व, gaming, and **दो** seed.  
**दु** र्ध्व m. (दो) A gambler. **दु** र्ध्व, **दु** र्ध्व, subsistence.  
**दु** र्ध्व f. (दो) A gaming house or assembly. **दु** र्ध्व and **दु** र्ध्व assembly.  
**दु** र्ध्व m. (दो) The keeper of a gaming house **दु** र्ध्व, and **दु** र्ध्व who superintends.  
**दु** r mfn. (दो) Playing, sportive. n. (दो) The seventh sign of the zodiac, reckoning from that which the sun enters **दु** r, to play, &c. affix **क्विप्**.  
**दु** r, 1st cl. (दो) To despise, to reprove, to treat or name with contempt.  
**दु** r ind. Fie, for shame. **दु** र्ध्व, and **क्विप्** aff.  
**दु** r f. (दो) 1. Heaven, paradise. 2. Heaven, sky. **दु** r, **दु** r to sport, **दु** r, affix **दो** **दु** र्ध्व; where the gods, &c. sport. **दु** र्ध्व दिवा **दु** र्ध्व ।  
**दु** र्ध्व m. (दो) Sun-shine, light, lustre, heat. **दु** र्ध्व to shine, **दु** र्ध्व **दु** र्ध्व aff.  
**दु** र्ध्व mfn. (दो) Bright, shining. n. (दो) 1. Sight, seeing. 2. Making manifest. 3. Illumination. 4. An illumination. m. (दो) A lamp. **दु** र्ध्व to shine, affix **दो** **दु** र्ध्व or **दु** र्ध्व **दु** र्ध्व ।  
**दु** र्ध्व mfn. (दो) Shining, bright, radiant. **दु** र्ध्व to shine, **दु** र्ध्व aff.  
**दु** र्ध्व mfn. (दो) Enlightening, irradiating. **दु** र्ध्व to shine, causal v. **दु** र्ध्व aff.  
**दु** र्ध्व mfn. (दो) 1. Enlightened, &c. 2. Shining. **दु** र्ध्व to light, affix **क्विप्** ।  
**दु** र्ध्व mfn. (दो) Resplendent. **दु** र्ध्व, and **दु** र्ध्व splendour.





probably described above. 1. A measure of capacity equal to 100 Seers. 2. *to go*, or the *Una'di* affix, and *अन्* added to either form.

काव m. (-कः) A raven. 2. *होव* the same, and *काव* a crow.

कावम m. (-कः) A raven. 2. *होव* as above, *कावम* here said to mean a crow, from *का* imitative sound, *काव*, and *म* who utters.

कोरा f. (-रा) A cow that yields a *Dro'na* of milk. 2. *होव* the measure so called, and *कोरा* milk; also other analogous compounds, ut *infra*.

प्लिका f. (-का) A plant: see *राका*.

रा f. (-रा) A cow that yields a *Dro'na* of milk. 2. *होव* the measure, *रा* to milk, deriv. irr. [milk.]

रा f. (-रा) A cow that yields a *Dro'na* of milk. 2. *होव*, and *रा* to milk, deriv. irr.

रा f. (-रा) See the last. 2. *होव*, and *रा* to milk, affix *रा*, and *रा* changed to *च*.

रा f. (-रा) A plant, known commonly by the same name; also *सोरोप*. 2. *होव* the measure, and *रा* a flower.

रा f. (-रा) A cow yielding a *Dro'na* of milk. 2. *होव*, and *रा* a measure: see *होव* and *रा*.

रा f. (-रा) The capital of a district, the chief of four hundred villages.

रा f. (-रा) Liberal in entertaining, one who cooks a *Dro'na*. 2. *होव*, and *रा* to cook, *रा* aff.

रा f. (-रा) A proper name; *Drona*, the son of *BHARADWA'JA*, and the *Acha'rya* or teacher of the *Pa'ndava* princes. 2. *होव* as above, and *रा* a preceptor; also with *रा* added *रा* a preceptor.

रा f. (-रा) The indigo plant. 2. *होव* the same, and *रा* added.

रा f. (-रा) A flower, (*Pandanus odoratissimus*). 2. *होव* a water vessel, and *रा* a leaf, the leaves being boat-shaped.

रा f. (-रा) The principal of four hundred villages: see *होव* and *रा*.

रा f. (-रा) 1. Mischief, malice, trespass, injury. 2. Offence, wrong.

रा f. (-रा) 3. Rebellion. 2. *होव* to hurt or injure, affix *रा* and *रा*.

रा f. (-रा) Injurious design, malice premeditated; the wish, thought, or attempt to injure. 2. *होव* as above, and *रा* thinking, meditating.

रा f. (-रा) 1. A hunter, a deer-killer. 2. A sort of metre the *Dro'na* or stanza of Hindi poetry. 3. A religious impostor, a tattler, a hypocrite. 2. *होव* injury, mischief, and *रा* who goes or is.

रा f. (-रा) 1. Hurting, harming, endeavouring to hurt, malignant, malicious. 2. Rebellious. 2. *होव* to seek to hurt, *रा* aff.

रा f. (-रा) A name of *ASWATT'HA'MA*, son of *Dro'na*. 2. *होव* as above, and *रा* affix; also with *रा* affix. *होव* and *रा* affix.

रा f. (-रा) Sown with a *Dro'na* of grain, (fields, &c.)

रा f. (-रा) A vessel holding a *Dro'na* by measure. 2. *होव* the measure, *रा* or *रा* affix; also with *रा* and *रा* affixes in the last sense *होव*.

रा f. (-रा) A proper name. *DRAUPADI*, the daughter of *DRAUPADA*, king of *Panchala*, and the common wife of the five *Pa'ndava* princes. 2. *होव* the father of this lady, and *रा* and *रा* affixes.

रा f. (-रा) A clock or place on which hours are struck. 2. (-रा) A pair, a couple, (male and female especially; see the next).

रा f. (-रा) 1. A pair of animals, or male and female. 2. Union of the sexes or coupling. 3. Strife, dispute. 4. A secret, m. (-रा) 1. A form of prostitution, combination uniting two or more words in the same case, properly separated by a conjunction, as *रा* and *रा*; 2. A species of *रा* and *रा*; 3. A sign of *रा* and *रा* (*Qamini*); 2. A species of *रा* and *रा*.

रा f. (-रा) 1. A sign of *रा* and *रा* (*Qamini*); 2. A species of *रा* and *रा*.

रा f. (-रा) 1. A sign of *रा* and *रा* (*Qamini*); 2. A species of *रा* and *रा*.

complication of two disorders, or compound affection of two humours. 2. *रा* two, reduplicate, deriv. irr.

रा f. (-रा) The ruddy goose. 2. *रा* a couple, and *रा* who goes; flying in couples.

रा f. (-रा) The ruddy goose. 2. *रा*, and *रा* to go, affix *रा*: see the last.

रा f. (-रा) 1. Produced or proceeding from morbid affection of two humours. 2. Proceeding from a pair, &c. 2. *रा*, and *रा* born.

रा f. (-रा) Pain arising from alternation, as a heat or cold, pleasure or pain, &c. 2. *रा*, and *रा* pain.

रा f. (-रा) Separation of the sexes. 2. *रा*, and *रा* broken.

रा f. (-रा) Single combat. 2. *रा*, and *रा* war. *रा* and *रा*.

रा f. (-रा) Free from worldly affections. 2. *रा* alternation (of pain and pleasure, &c.) and *रा* passed.

रा f. (-रा) A pair, a couple, two, chiefly used in composition, as *रा* two men. 2. *रा* two, *रा* aff.

रा f. (-रा) A plant, (*Plumbago zeylanica*.)

रा f. (-रा) A saint, a holy or virtuous man. 2. *रा* a pair, the two had qualities, passion and ignorance, *रा* beyond, and *रा* who goes.

रा f. (-रा) 1. A warder, a porter. 2. *NANDI*, one of *SIVA*'s door-keepers. 2. *रा* a door, and *रा* who stays; also *रा*.

रा f. (-रा) A door-keeper, a warder. 2. *रा* a door, and *रा* staying; also *रा*.

रा f. (-रा) A warder, a porter, a chamberlain. 2. *रा* a door, *रा* staying, and *रा* who shows, who introduces to the prince or great man to whom the mansion belongs; also *रा*, and *रा* severally; also *रा* and *रा*.

रा f. (-रा) A book or composition. 2. *रा* thirty-two, *रा* a letter, a consonant, *रा* affix; formed of thirty-two letters.

रा f. (-रा) Having thirty-two auspicious marks, illustrious, great. 2. *रा* thirty-two, *रा* a mark, *रा* possessed, endowed with.

रा f. (-रा) Twelfth. f. (-रा) The twelfth day of the half month. 2. *रा* and *रा* aff.

रा f. (-रा) Consisting of twelve, amounting to twelve, &c. 2. *रा* added to the last.

रा f. (-रा) 1. A name of *VAISHNAPATI*. 2. A name of *Ka'ASTRIYA*. 2. *रा* twelve, and *रा* a hand or ray.

रा f. (-रा) Twelve. 2. *रा* for *रा* two, and *रा* ten.

रा f. (-रा) A particular religious observance. 2. *रा*, and *रा* leaf or part, *रा* added.

रा f. (-रा) The god *Ka'ASTRIYA*. 2. *रा* twelve, and *रा* an eye; the twelve-eyed, or six-headed deity.

रा f. (-रा) The deity *VAISHNAPATI*, or planet Jupiter, over which he presides. 2. *रा* twelve, and *रा* a ray.

रा f. (-रा) 1. The god *Ka'ASTRIYA*. 2. The deity or sage *Budd'ha*. 2. *रा* twelve, and *रा* an eye: the word is sometimes read in the second sense, *रा* m. (-रा) the twelve named.

रा f. (-रा) A prayer of twelve syllables, especially as addressed to *VIŠṆU*, or *Om*, *BHAGAVAT*, *VAŚUDEVA*, *RA'MAYA*. 2. *रा*, *रा* a letter, and *रा* formulae.

रा f. (-रा) A measure of twelve fingers. 2. *रा*, and *रा* finger.

रा f. (-रा) The sun. 2. *रा* twelve, and *रा* identity; *रा* represented in and identified with the twelve *Adityas*, or the sun in each month of the year; also *रा*.

रा f. (-रा) A dog. 2. *रा* twelve, (years, and *रा* life.

रा f. (-रा) *VAISHNAPATI*, regent of Jupiter, and preceptor of the gods. 2. *रा* twelve, and *रा* a ray of light.



विशेषात्. (तः तः) 1. Doubled, multiplied, by two. 2. Folded, doubled 3. Inverted, enveloped in fire and at a time set off.

classes. 3. Any unpaired animal, or a pair of animals.



हिराय m. (-यः) An elephant. **हिर** for **वि** two, **आङ्** prefixed to **पा** to drink, affix **ङ**; drinking with the trunk and mouth: see **विप**.  
**हिरण्** mfn. (-णः-आ-ण) 1. Repeated, said twice. 2. Said or told in two ways. **ह** **वि**, and **उक्त** said.  
**हिरण्मि** f. (-मिः) 1. Tautology, repetition. 2. Variety of narration, telling any thing in two ways. 3. (In Grammar,) Repetition of a syllable, **ह** **वि**, and **उक्त** saying.  
**हिरता** f. (-ता) A woman who has been twice married. **ह** **वि** two, **उद** a married woman  
**हिरप** mfn. (-पः-पा-प-प) 1. Of two forms, having a different shape. 2. Spelled or written in two ways. m. (-पः) 1. A word that may be correctly spelled in two ways. 2. Variety of interpretation or reading. **ह** **वि**, and **रूप** form.  
**हिरक** m. (-कः) A large black bee. **ह** **वि** two, **रेक** the letter **र**; having two rs, in the most common name, **ब्रह्मर**, Bhramara.  
**हिरकडम्** n. (-म्) A flight or swarm of bees. **ह** **हिरक**, and **डम्** a number.  
**हिरव** mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Two years old, &c. f. (-वी) A cow two years old. **ह** **वि** two, **वर्ष** a year.  
**हिरवर्षा** f. (-षा) A cow two years old. **ह** **हिरव**, and **कम्** added.  
**हिरवर्षा** mfn. (-वः-आ-व) Two years old, two years standing, &c. **ह** **वि** two, **वर्ष** a year, **ख** affix; also with **उक्त** affix **हिरवर्षिक** mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) when futurity is implied, the first vowel is usually changed, as **वेवर्षिक**.  
**हिराविका** f. (-का) A swing, a swinging cot, a litter. **ह** **वि** two, **वाह** to bear, affix **ङ्**; born usually by two men.  
**हिरिद** m. (-दः) The name of monkey, slain by **RA'MA** or **VISHNU'** in that incarnation.  
**हिरिदारि** m. (-रिः) **VISHNU'**. **ह** **हिरिद** as above, **चरि** the foe.  
**हिरिध** mfn. (-धः-आ-ध) Of two kinds, in two ways. **ह** **वि**, and **विध** sort.  
**हिरिधरा** f. (-रा) A kind of carriage.  
**हिरण्य** m. (-कः) Any cloven-footed animal. **ह** **वि** and **वृक्ष** a hoof.  
**हिरण्य** ind. Two, respectively. **ह** **वि** two, and **उक्त** aff.  
**हिरिर्षिक** m. (-कः) A name of **AGNI**. **ह** **वि** two, **शीर्ष** a head, and **कम्** added.  
**हिर्युष** mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Bought with two winnowing baskets of anything. **ह** **वि**, and **युष** a basket; also with **उक्त**, **हिर्युषिक** mfn. (-कः-कौ-क).  
**हिर्युक्** m. (-कौ) A sort of fish, commonly called Marmaka. **ह** **वि** two, **युक्** a horn, and **हनि** aff.  
**हिर** r. 1st cl. **हिरति** also (वी) **वीहिर** r. 2nd cl. (वेडि-टि) plu. (**हिरति**) To hate, to dislike, to be hostile or unfriendly. **चदा** **उक्त** **सक्त** **चनित्**.  
**हिर** mfn. (हिट्) Inimical, hostile. m. (हिट्) An enemy. **ह** **हिर** to hate, affix **ङि**; also with **क** affix **हिर** m. (-वः) or mfn. (-वः-आ-व).  
**हिरवत्** mfn. (-वत्-वकी-वत्) 1. Hating or detesting, hostile 2. Inimical, unfriendly. m. (-वत्) An enemy. **ह** **हिर** to hate, participial aff. **ग्रह**.  
**हिरवतीताप** mfn. (-पः-पा-प) Vexing or harassing an enemy. **ह** **हिरवत्** and **ताप** who afflicts, with **ङि** augment.  
**हिरवताप** mfn. (-पः-पा-प) Punishing or annoying an enemy, revenging, retaliating. **ह** **हिर** an enemy, **तप्** to burn, affix **खप्**.  
**हिर** mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) Hated, dislike. n. (-ह) Copper: see **हाट**. **ह** **हिर** to hate, affix **ङ**.  
**हिर** mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) Staying in two shapes or places, &c. **ह** **वि** two, and **ख** what is or abides. **ह्यी** **सिद्धति** **स्वा-क**.  
**हिरसाप्त** m. (-प्तः) A fortnight. **ह** **वि** twice, **सप्त** seven, and **चक्षु** a day. twice seven days.  
**हिरसम** mfn. (-सः-सा-स) Consisting of two equal portions, &c. **ह** **वि** two, **सम** equal. **ह** **समे** परिमाणस्य **उक्त** **तत्तु** **कुक्**. **हिरवर्षपरिमाणे**.  
**हिरसमिभुजा** f. (-जा) An isosceles triangle. **ह** **वि**, **सम** equal, **विभुजा** triangle.  
**हिरसहास** m. (-सः) The great serpent, sovereign of the snake race, and

the couch of **VISHNU'**. **ह** **हिरसहास** two thousand, and **चक्षु** an eye: the two thousand-eyed. **हिरावत्** **सहस्रचक्षुषि** **वक्ष**, **चक्षु** **वक्ष**.  
**हिरिष** mfn. (-वः-आ-व) Twice ploughed. **ह** **वि** twice, **खीता** a plough, and **वत्** aff.  
**हिरण** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Two-breasted, two-uddered. **ह** **वि** and **वक्ष** breast.  
**हिरण्** m. (-णः) An elephant. **ह** **वि** two ways, with tusks and teeth, and **कम्** who kills.  
**हिरण्** mfn. (-णः-आ-ण) Twice ploughed. **ह** **वि** two, **वक्ष** a plough, affix **यत्**.  
**हिरायन** mfn. (-नः-नौ-न) Two years old. f. (-नौ) A cow two years old. **ह** **वि** two, **वयन** a year, affixes **चक्षु** and **जीव**.  
**हिरदया** f. (-या) A pregnant woman. **ह** **वि** two, **हृदय** a heart; having, one of her own and one in the foetus.  
**होद्विषया** mfn. (-यः-आ-य) Perceptible by two senses or forms, by sight and touch, &c. **ह** **वि**, **हृदय** an organ of sense, **वाह** to be seized.  
**होप** mn. (-पः-प) 1. An island, any land surrounded by water; the word is hence applied to the seven grand divisions of the terrestrial world, each of these being separated from the next, by a peculiar and circumambient ocean: the seven **Dwīpas**, reckoning from the central one are, Jambu, Kusa, Plaksha, Sālmali, Krauncha, Sa'ka, and Pushkara: the central **Dwīpa**, or the known continent, is again portioned into ten divisions, likewise termed **Dwīpas**: viz. Kuru, Chandra, Varuna, Saumya, Naga, Kuma'rika, Gab'hastiman, Ta'mra'purna, Kase'ru and Indra. 2. A tiger's skin. **ह** **वि** two, (on both sides,) and **वाप** water, **वा** dropped and **व** made long. **हिरंता** **ह्यी** **वा** **हिरिगता** **वापी** **व**. **च** **सना**.  
**होपकूर्क** m. (-कः) China camphor. **ह** **होप** and **कूर्क** camphor.  
**होपवत्** m. (-वान्) The ocean. mf. (-वान्-वती) A river. f. (-वती) The earth. **ह** **होप** an island, **वत्** possessive aff.  
**होपिन्** mfn. (-पी-पिनी-पि) Island, islander. m. (-पी) 1. A tiger. 2. An ounce or panther. **ह** **होप** an island, **हनि** affix; haunting the small woody islands that abound in the rivers in India, or **होप** a tiger's spotted skin, derived from **वि** two; **व** to go or be, **प** affix; and **हनि** as before.  
**होपिषु** m. (-पुः) A plant, (*Asparagus racemosus*). **ह** **होपिन्** a tiger, and **वत्** obnoxious. **ग्रतावर्था** **ह** **होपिन्** **व्याघ्रस्य** **वत्** **हिर**.  
**होय** mfn. (-यः-आ-य) Island, an islander, &c. m. (-यः) 1. A sort of crow. 2. A name of **VYA'SA**. **ह** **होप**, and **वत्** aff.  
**वृ** r. 1st cl. (**वारति**) 1. To accept, to appoint. 2. To cover.  
**वेध** ind. In two ways: see **विधा**.  
**वेध** m. (-वः) Hate, enmity. **ह** **वेध** to hate, affix **चक्षु**.  
**वेध** mfn. (-वः-आ-व) Inimical, hostile. m. (-वः) An enemy. n. (-वः) Hate, enmity. **ह** **वेध** to hate, and **कु** or **वृक्ष** aff.  
**वेधिन्** mfn. (-वी-विधी-वि) Hostile, inimical, adverse, obnoxious. m. (वी) An enemy. **ह** **वेध** to hate, **विन्** aff.  
**वेष्ट** mfn. (-टः-ष्टो-ष्ट) Hating, inimical, an enemy. **ह** **वेध** to hate, **वृक्ष** aff.  
**वेष्ट** mfn. (-वः-आ-व) Hateful, detestable. **ह** **वेध** to hate, affix **वृक्ष**. **वेष्ट** **मर्ष** **यत्** **कर्मणि** **यत्** **वा**.  
**वेष्टता** f. (-ता) Aversion, dislike, detestableness. **ह** **वेष्ट** and **तत्** aff.  
**वेष्टिक** m. (-कः) A usurer, a money lender. **ह** **वि** two, **गुण** number, affix **उक्त**; who requires cent. per cent.  
**वेष्ट्य** n. (-यः) 1. Duality. 2. The possession of two out of the three qualities. 3. Doubling. **ह** **वेष्ट** and **चक्षु** aff.  
**वेष्टा** mfn. (-तः-ती-त) Twice-born. **ह** **वेष्टा**, and **चक्षु** aff.  
**वेत** n. (-तः) 1. Duplication, doubling or being doubled. 2. Duality. <sup>10</sup> philosophy, the assertion of two principles, as the distinctness of life and soul, spirit and matter, god and the universe. **ह** **वि** two **तत्** affix, **वेत** double, two-fold, abstract affix **चक्षु**. **विधा** **वत्** **वी** **तत्** **मावः** **स्वा** **वा** **चक्षु**.

द्वैतवादिन् m. (-दी) A philosopher who asserts two principles. २. द्वैत, and वादिन् who asserts. द्वैत जीवमेवं जीवेच्छरयोः भेदं वा यद्वति यद्विनि जीवमेदवादिनि जीवेच्छरयोः भेदवादिनि च मैत्रायिकादी ।

द्वितीय mfn. (-कः-जी-क) Secoud. २. द्वितीय second, pleonastic affix कच् and ईकच् added.

द्वि- mfn. (-कः-जी-क) Two-fold, of two sorts. n. (-क) 1. A double resource, a stratagem, a secondary arrangement or array, a reserve. 2. Contest, dispute, difference. 3. A two-fold form or state. २. द्वैच and कच् added.

द्वय ind. In two ways. २. द्वि, and चतुश्च aff.

द्वैतवाच n. (-क) Making two, separating, disuniting. २. द्वैच and करच making. द्वि augment.

द्वैत mfn. (-कः-ता-क) 1. Separated. 2. made into two, sundered. २. द्वैच and कच् added, द्वि augment.

द्वैतवाच m. (-क) 1. Sowing dissension, causing the separation of allies. 2. Dividing into two. 3. The nature or property of being two or distinct. २. द्वैच, and भाव property, द्वि aff.

द्वैतवाच mfn. (-कः-ता-क) Being two, being separated or disunited. २. द्वैच and कच् added, द्वि augment.

द्वैत mfn. (-कः-जी-क) 1. Made of a tiger's skin. 2. Island, islander. m. (-क) A car covered or hung with a tiger's skin. २. द्वैच a tiger's skin, and कच् aff.

द्वैतवाच m. (-क) A name of Vyāsa, the author or compiler of the Vedas and Puraṇas. २. द्वैच an island, कच् affix; the island-born, the place of his nativity being a small island in Jamuna'.

द्वैत mfn. (-कः-प्रा-क) Of or belonging to an island. २. द्वैच an island, कच् aff.

द्वैतवाच mfn. (-कः-जी-क) Having two mothers, or the natural mother and a step-mother. m. (-क) 1. A name of Gaṇeśa. 2. An epithet of Jaraśandha: see जरासन्ध. २. द्वि two, माता a mother, कच् affix, उ substituted for the penultimate: see चिनादज.

द्वैतवाच mfn. (-कः-जी-क) Born of two friends, the children, &c. २. द्वि, and मित्र a friend, कच् aff.

द्वैतवाच mfn. (-कः-जी-क) Of or belonging to two days. २. द्वैच, and उच् aff.

द्वैतवाच m. (-क) Single combat in chariots. २. द्वैच two cars, कच् aff.

द्वैतवाच mfn. (-कः-जी-क) Of or belonging to a period of two nights. २. द्वैच, and उच् aff.

द्वैतवाच mfn. (-कः-जी-क) After two years, of or belonging to two years to come. २. द्वि, कच् a year, उच् aff.

द्वैतवाच n. (-क) The state of being two-fold. २. द्वैच, and कच् aff.

द्वैतवाच n. (-क) The age of two years. २. द्वैच, and कच् aff.

द्वैच m. (-क) Two shares. २. द्वि, and चञ्च part.

द्वैच n. (-क) A word of two syllables. २. द्वि, and चञ्च a syllable.

द्वैच mfn. (-कः-जी-क) Measuring two fingers. n. (-क) Two fingers. २. द्वि two, चञ्चुलि a finger, if wood (काष्ठ) is implied, the fem. form is चञ्चुलि.

द्वैच mfn. (-कः-जी-क) Measuring, &c. two Anjalis. m. (-क) Two Anjalis collectively. २. द्वि, and चञ्चुलि a certain measure, उच् affix; also with the final retained चञ्चुलि.

द्वैच n. (-क) The aggregation of two atoms, the first step in the formation of substances, and when they become perceptible, The molecule of two atoms. २. द्वि and चञ्चु an atom, कच् added.

द्वैच mfn. (-कः-जी-क) Accompanied, &c. by two others. n. (-क) Two others collectively. २. द्वि, and चञ्च another.

द्वैच mfn. (-कः-जी-क) 1. Having two senses, meaning two things. 2. Having two objects. m. (-क) Two-fold meaning, double-entendre. २. द्वि, and चञ्च sense.

द्वैच n. (-क) Copper. २. द्वि two, (metals; gold and silver.) कच् to

pervade, affix कच्; mixed as alloy with the fine metals; also the य being interchanged with its congener द, द्विच.

द्वैच m. (-क) Two days. २. द्वि two, and चञ्च a day.

द्वैच mfn. (-कः-जी-क) Of or belonging to two days. २. द्वैच, and कच् aff.

द्वैच mfn. (-कः-जी-क) Comprising two, being two. m. (-क) A sign of the zodiac, Gemini, Virgo, Sagittarius, and Pisces. २. द्वि, and.

चञ्च self, कच् aff.

द्वैचवाच m. (-क) A boy who remains heir to his father though adopted by another. २. द्वि, and चञ्चवाच a certain person. चञ्च प्रसिद्धस्याप्यन्तर् कच् चञ्चवाचः यदीराजुवाचः १ मत् पुं उ० ।

द्वैच n. (-क) Two lives. २. द्वि, and चञ्च life.

द्वैच mfn. (-कः-जी-क) Produced, &c. in two days. २. द्वैच, and उच् aff.

द्वैचवाच mfn. (-कः-जी-क) Having two between, two off. २. द्वि, and एकाक्षर an interval, a line.

४

४ The aspirated letter corresponding to the preceding, and expressed by D'h.

४ m. (-क) 1. A name of BRAMHA. 2. A name KURVA. 3. Virtue, moral merit n. (-क) Wealth, property. २. कच् to have or possess, affix उ.

४ r. 10th cl. (कचयति-ते) To destroy or annihilate. कुरा० कच० कच० सेट् ।

४ट m. (-क) 1. A balance, a pair of scales. 2. the sign Libra. 3. Ordeal by the balance. f. (-टी) 1. Old cloth or raiment. 2. A piece of cloth worn over the privities. २. कच् to sound, and उ substituted for क, affix कच्.

४टक m. (-क) A weight of forty-two Rattis.

४टिनी f. (-नी) A cotton tie or string, fastened round the loins. २. ४ट a cloth, and इनि aff.

४टीदान n. (-न) Giving old cloth to a woman after impregnation. २. ४टी, and दान giving.

४क r. 1st cl. (कचति) To sound. भा० प० कच० सेट् ।

४कुर m. (-क) The thorn apple: see चुकर. २. ४ट to drink, करच् affix, or more correctly, कचयि कचन् कच-र-च् ।

४क r. 1st cl. (कचति) To sound. r. 3rd cl. (कचति) To bear or produce, (grain, &c.): restricted to the Vedas. भा० प० कच० सेट् । कुरी० ।

४क n. (-क) 1. property of any description, thing, substance, wealth. 2. Wealth in cattle, property in herds. 3. A term of endearment. 4. (In Algebra,) The affirmative quantity or plus. २. कच् to produce, (a crop,) affix कच्.

४कचेलि m. (-लि) KURVA, the Hindu Plutus; also कचकेलिक. २. कच wealth, and केलि who sports.

४कचकित mfn. (-कः-ता-क) purse-proud. २. कच, and कचित arrogant.

४कचु m. (-क) The Numidian crane. २. कच the wealth, (of fields,) and कचि to destroy, affix टु. Note: as a synonym of कचटुकुने this word would seem to mean the bird stated: the name itself is more analogous to the D'hane'sa of the dialects or the Indian Buceros.

४कजात mfn. (-कः-ता-क) Springing from wealth. २. कच, and जात born.

४कचय m. (-य) 1. The deity of fire. 2. A name of ANJUNA. 3. One of the Na'gae or infernal serpents. 4. One of the five vital airs, that which is supposed to fatten. 5. A tree, (Pentaptera arjuua.) २. कच wealth, कच् to conquer or possess, affix कच् मुच् च ।

४कचया f. (-या) Covetousness. २. कच, and कचया thirst.

४कच mfn. (-कः-दा-क) Beneficent, liberal, who gives away pro-

party, &c. m. (-दः) A name of KUVĒRA. ३. वन wealth, देह to drink, or दा to give, affix क. or वन दयते दे पाजने ।  
 वनदण्ड m. (-दः) Fine, amercement. ३. वन and दण्ड punishment.  
 वनदयं m. (-दः) Pride of wealth. ३. वन and दयं pride.  
 वनदानुज m. (-जः) RA'VANA. ३. वनद KUVĒRA अनुज younger brother.  
 वनदाहिन् mfn. (-ही-विनी-हि) Liberal, munificent. m. (-ही) 1. The deity of fire. 2. A benefactor, a donor. ३. वन wealth, दा to give, हिनि aff.  
 वनददा f. (-दा) One of the Śaktis, or female personifications of Divine power peculiar to the Baudd'has. ३. वन wealth, ददा to give, affix ददा.  
 वनदति m. (-तिः) The god of riches, KUVĒRA. ३. वन wealth, and पति master or lord.  
 वनपिशाचिका f. (-चः) Avarice, thirst of wealth. ३. वन wealth, पिशाचि a she-demon, affix च्च्.  
 वनपिशाची f. (-ची) Extreme desire of riches, avarice. ३. See the preceding.  
 वनप्रिय mfn. (-यः-वा-च) Fond of wealth. f. (-या) A vegetable, (Ardisia solanacea.) ३. वन, and प्रिय dear to.  
 वनमद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Proud, inflated with the pride of wealth, ३. वन wealth, मद to be intoxicated, affix च्च्.  
 वनमूल mfn. (-मः-ला-म) Proceeding from wealth. n. (-म) Principal, capital ३. वन, and मूल root.  
 वनमुख mfn. (-मः-आ-म) Miserly, avaricious, greedy of wealth, mercenary. ३. वन, and मुख desirous.  
 वनवीज m. (-जः) Desire of wealth, greediness, avarice, ३. वन, and वीज desire.  
 वनवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Wealthy, opulent. f. (-वती) The constellation D'hanisht'ha'. ३. वन wealth, and वत् possessive aff.  
 वनव्यय m. (-यः) Expenditure, extravagance. ३. वन and व्यय expense.  
 वनवृद्धि f. (-तिः) Accumulation of wealth. ३. वन, and वृद्धि acquirement.  
 वन्यू m. (-दः) The fork-tailed shrike.  
 वनस्पत m. (-तः) A plant : see नीचुर.  
 वनहर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-र) 1. Inheriting, an heir. 2. Stealing, a thief. 3. Taking wealth, &c. f. (-री) A sort of perfume, commonly called Cho'r. ३. वन wealth, ह to steal, affix च्च् or ट.  
 वनहारिन् mfn. (-री-रिही-रि) A thief, a pilferer. ३. See the last.  
 वनहारिन् mfn. (-री-रिही-रि) 1. Inheriting, an heir. 2. A thief. ३. वन and हारिन् who takes.  
 वनहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Poor, reduced to poverty. ३. वन and हीन deprived of.  
 वनागम m. (-गः) Accession of wealth. ३. वन, and आगम coming.  
 वनादान n. (-न) Acceptance of money. ३. वन and आदान taking.  
 वनाधिकारिन् mf. (-री-रिही-रि) An heir, an heiress. m. (-री) A treasurer, a collector, ३. वन and अधिकारिन् having a right to.  
 वनाधिकृत m. (-तः) A treasurer. ३. वन and अधिकृत placed over.  
 वनाधिप m. (-पः) 1. A name of KUVĒRA. 2. A treasurer. ३. वन riches and अधिप lord; also similar compounds, वनाधिपति, &c.  
 वनाध्यक्ष m. (-क्षः) 1. A name of KUVĒRA. 2. A treasurer. ३. वन wealth, अध्यक्ष superintendent.  
 वनापहार m. (-रः) 1. Fine, amercement. 2. Plunder. ३. वन, and अपहार taking away.  
 वनाश्रित mfn. (-तः-शा-त) Wealthy, opulent. ३. वन, and अश्रित respected by.  
 वनाश्रय n. (-यः) Acquisition of property. ३. वन and अश्रय acquiring.  
 वनाश्रिन् mfn. (-ही-विनी-हि) Seeking for wealth, covetous, miserly. ३. वन, and अश्रिन् who wants.  
 वनाशा f. (-शा) Thirst of wealth, longing after riches. ३. वन wealth आशा hope, wish.  
 वनाशी f. (-शी) One of the Ra'ginis.  
 वनिक mfn. (-वः-का-व) 1. Pious, virtuous, excellent. 2. Rich, opulent. m. (-वः) 1. A wealthy man. 2. A creditor. 3. A husband. 4.

Coriander. f. (-वा) 1. A virtuous or excellent woman. 2. A wife. 3. A young woman. 4. A tree : see प्रियङ्गु. ३. वन wealth, affix उन् वनमादियत्वेन वसि चक्ष ।  
 वनिन् mfn. (-नी-विनी-नि) Wealthy, opulent. m. (-नो) 1. A rich man. 2. A creditor, ३. वन wealth, इनि aff. वनमसि चक्ष वन + इनि ।  
 वनिहा f. (-हा) The twenty-fourth Nakshatra or lunar mansion, it comprises four stars, and is figured by a drum or tabor. ३. वन to produce, (as corn,) affix च्च् and अनुप् added, वनवत् again, इहन् added, and अनुप् rejected, fem. affix टाप्.  
 वनीका f. (-का) A young woman. ३. वन wealth, टक् affix, and the vowel made long.  
 वनीयक n. (-क) Coriander-seed. ३. वन to be produced, (as corn,) affix क् and कन् added see चक्षक.  
 वनु m. (-नुः) 1. A bow. 2. The sign Sagittarius. 3. A tree : see पियाल. 4. A measure of four cubits. ३. वन here meaning to cast as an arrow, Una'di affix उन् also वनुच्.  
 वनुःकाक्ष n. (-क्ष) A bow and arrow. ३. वनुच्, and काक्ष an arrow.  
 वनुःखड्ग n. (-ख) A bow, the stick or horns of the bow. वनुच् and खड्ग a part.  
 वनुःपट m. (-टः) The Piyasal tree, (Buchanania latifolia, Rox.) ३. वनुच् a bow, and पट width; bending like a bow. वनुच् इव पटी विसारी दसे यथा ।  
 वनुःशाखा f. (-खा) A plant, from the leaves of which a tough thread is extracted, of which bow strings were formerly made : see मूला. (Sansevieria zeylanica, Rox. but called by Sir Wm. Jones, Aletris hyacinthoides.) ३. वनुच् a bow, शाखा a branch. वनुर्वयव इव शाखा यथा : पियालतरी, मूलायाम् ।  
 वनुःत्रोक्षी f. (-क्षी) A plant : see the last. ३. वनुच् a bow, and त्रोक्षी a line.  
 वनुर्बन्ध mf. (-बन्धः) A bow string. f. (-वा) A plant, from which bow strings are made : see the two last. ३. वनुच् a bow, and बन्ध a string. वनुवी गृही यथा : सकाशात् ।  
 वनुर्बुध m. (-बुधः) A bamboo. ३. वनुच्, and बुध a tree. वनुवः साधनं बुधः ।  
 वनुर्वर m. (-रः) An archer, a bowyer, one armed with a bow. ३. वनुच् a bow, and वर who possesses. वनुर्वारयति वृ-चच् ।  
 वनुर्वारिन् m. (-री) An archer, a bowyer. ३. वनुच्, and वारिन् who has.  
 वनुर्वन्ध m. (-न्धः) An archer. ३. वनुच् a bow, and वन्धन् who possesses : see the last. वनुर्विभक्ति च कर्त्तरि क्तिप्. तुक् इत् पृ. ३० ।  
 वनुर्वन्ध n. (-न्धः) The middle part of a bow. ३. वनुच् a bow, मन्ध the centre.  
 वनुर्वर्ग n. (-र्वः) A curve line. ३. वनुच् an arc, मार्ग a road.  
 वनुर्वीणा f. (-वीणा) A plant, from the leaves of which bow strings were made : see मूला. ३. वनुच् a bow, and वीणा a garland.  
 वनुर्वीर्य m. (-र्यः) A plant, (Hedysarum alhagi.) ३. वनुच् for वनम् dry soil, and वीर्य here said to mean effort; also वनवीर्य वनुर्वीर्य यथा : इरावतयायाम् ।  
 वनुर्वीर्य f. (-वीर्य) The moon plant. वनुर्वीर्यवीर्यया वता । वीर्यवर्गायाम् ।  
 वनुर्वीर्य m. (-वीर्यः) 1. A plant; also called D'ha'miniya. 2. A bamboo. 3. A measure of four cubits. 4. An arc, a portion of the circumference of a circle. ३. वनुच् bow, and वीर्य a tree.  
 वनुर्वीर्य m. (-र्यः) A bowyer, an archer. ३. वनुच् a bow, and वीर्य who makes or practises.  
 वनुर्वीर्य m. (-र्यः) A tree : see वनुःपट. ३. वनुच् a bow, पट breadth.  
 वनुर्वीर्य mfn. (-र्यः-वि-र्य) Armed with a bow. m. (-र्यः) An archer. ३. वनुच्, and र्यवि hand.  
 वनुर्वीर्य m. (-र्यः) An archer, a bowyer. ३. वनुच् a bow, अनुप् aff.  
 वनुर्वीर्य mfn. (-र्यः-र्यः-र्य) Armed with a bow. m. (-र्यः-र्यः) 1. A bow. 2. Sagittarius, the sign. m. (-र्यः) The pial tree, (Buchanania latifolia, Rox.) ३. वन to produce, (as grain,) to throw forth. (darts, &c.) Una'di affix वसि; also with च affix च्च्, and with क् affix, वन्.

बन् m. (नः) A bow : see the last.

बनेयक n. (-कं) Coriander : see अन्नाक. E. बन grain, ठक् affix, and कन् added.

बनेश्वर m. (-श्वः) KUVĒ'RA. E. बन, and ईश्वर lord.

बनेश्वर m. (-श्वः) KUVĒ'RA, the Hindu' PLUTUS. E. बन wealth, ईश्वर lord.

बनेषिन् mfn. (-षी-विषी-वि) Wishing or claiming property. m. (-षी) A creditor. E. बन, and ऐषिन् who wishes.

बनीपचय m. (-यः) Accumulation of wealth. E. बन, and उपचय assembling.

बन् mfn. (-न्-न्ना-न्) 1. Fortunate, well fated, lucky. 2. Good, virtuous. m. (-न्) 1. An infidel, an atheist. 2. A virtuous or fortunate man. f. (-न्ना) 1. Emblic myrobalan. 2. A nurse. 3. Coriander. n. (-न्) Wealth. E. बन to produce, (grain, &c.) or बन wealth, and यन् affix of fitness.

बन्धन n. (-न्) Luck, good fortune. E. बन्ध, and ल affix; also with तल् affix अन्धता.

बन्धाक n. (-कं) A plant, bearing a small pungent seed used by the Hindus as a condiment, (Coriandrum sativum.) F. बन to produce, (as grain,) deriv. irr. बन्धते भक्ष्यादिभिः । बनिया इति ज्ञाते पदार्थे ।

बन् n. (-न्) A bow : see बन्धन्. बन् गती सी० भा० प० सक० सेट् । r. 1st cl. (बन्ति) To go.

बन्धुर्ग n. (-र्गः) A desert. E. बन्ध the same, and दुर्ग strong-hold.

बन्धु m. (-न्ना-न्) A bow. m. (-न्ना) A country scantily supplied with water, a desert, a waste. n. (-न्) A firm spot, land, ground. E. बन्ध Sautra root, to go or move, (by or on which,) and कनिन् Una'di affix; also with च् affix बन्ध.

बन्धु m. (-न्) A medicinal plant, commonly called D'ha'miniya or D'hamin

बन्धुर्ग m. (-र्गः) 1. The physician of the gods, who was produced at the churning of the ocean. 2. A celebrated physician; also काशिराज, being the same as the preceding in another existence: he appears to have been the founder of the Hindu medical school. 3. The sun. 4. A name of SIVA. 5. One of the nine gems of the court of VIKRAMA'DITYA. बन्धोः तन्निमित्तं प्रत्यक्षं बन्धुं पारं पृच्छति न गती इन् किञ्च । समुद्रोत्थिते देवदेवभेदे ।

बन्धुर्ग f. (-न्ना) A medicinal plant : see कटुकौ. E. बन्धुर्ग, and यन् eaten

बन्धुवास m. (-सः) A plant, (Hedysarum alhaji.) E. बन्ध dry soil, यु to unite, आसच् affix; also with कन् added बन्धुवासक. मन्मथे यवास भेदे, दुरालभाभेदे ।

बन्धुवास m. (-सः) A plant : see the last, also simply यास, &c.

बन्धु m. (-न्नी) 1. An archer, a bow-man. 2. A name of ARJUNA. 3. A tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) 4. A wag, a wit, a sharp or shrewd man. E. बन्ध a bow, इति aff. बन्धं चापीडन्ति अस्य बन्ध आनि सी० पर० सक० सेट् । बन्धति । To blow.

बन् mfn. (-न्-न्ना-न्) One who blows a fire or a trumpet. m. (-न्) 1. A name of the moon. 2. KRISHNA'. 3. A name of Yama. 4. BRAMHA', or the Supreme Spirit, E. आ to blow, affix च् ।

बन्धक m. (-कः) A blacksmith. E. आ to blow, (the forge.) कुन् Una'di aff. अनादिशब् ।

बन्धना ind. Blowing reiteratedly, or the sort of sound made by blowing with a bellows or a trumpet. E. बन्ध + प्रकारे द्वितम् ।

बन्ध mfn. (नः-न्ना-न्) 1. One who blows a bellows, a trumpet, &c. 2. Cruel. m. (-न्) 1. A reed, (Arundo tibialis or karka.) 2. Blowing, (a wind instrument.) f. (-निः or -नी) 1. Any tubular vessel of the

body, as a vein, a nerve, &c. 2. The neck. 3. Turmeric. 4. A sort of perfume; also इन्द्रविश्वामिनी. E. बन्ध from आ to blow, &c. affix युच् fem. affix इन् or ऊच्; or आ as before, Una'di affix चनि, and ऊच् optionally added.

बन्धन m. (-न्) The breast ornamented with gold or jewels : see अन्धन.

बन्धन m. (-न्) Braided and ornamented hair, tied round the head,

and intermixed with flowers, pearls, &c. E. बन्ध a Sautra root, to breathe, affix विच्, मिच् to meet, लच् or क् affix, and the two conjoined.

बन्ध mfn. (-यः-या-यी-यं) Who or what drinks. f. (-या) A little girl, female infant. E. पे to drink, affix य् ।

बन् mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) Who or what has or holds. m. (-रः) 1. A mountain. 2. A flock of cotton. 3. The tortoise Avata'ra. 4. One of the demi-gods called Vasus. f. (-रा) 1. The earth. 2. The uterus or womb. 3. Marrow. 4. A vessel of the body. 5. A golden globe or heap of valuables, representing the earth, and given to Bra'hmans. E. धृच् to have or hold, to contain or support, &c. affix च्, or ट fem. affix टाप् or ऊच्.

बन्ध m. (-न्-न्) 1. Holding, possessing, having. 2. A sort of measure, a weight of ten Pala's. 3. A weight of silver, sixteen Ma'sha's. m. (-न्) 1. The Hima'laya mountain considered as king of mountains. 2. The sun. 3. A world. 4. A breast, a female breast. 5. Rice. 6. A ridge of land answering the purpose of a bridge, the edge of a river, the skirt of a mountain, a bridge. f. (-नी) 1. The earth. 2. The silk cotton tree. 3. A vessel of the body. 4. An esculent root. E. धृ to hold, to uphold or support, affix युच्, भावे कुट्, fem. affix ऊच् ।

बन्ध f. (-निः) The earth. E. धृ to be contained, (animals, &c.) Una'di affix चनि; also बन्धी as above.

बन्धुर्ग m. (-रः) A name of VISHNU'. E. बन्ध the earth and बन् who sustains; also बन्धीर्ग. बन्धी' भरति धृ-चच् ।

बन्धुर्ग mfn. (-न्-न्ना-न्) Being or staying on earth. E. बन्ध, and ख what stays or is.

बन्धीकन्द m. (-न्दः) An esculent root or bulb. E. बन्धी the earth, कन्द a root.

बन्धीकीलक m. (-कः) A mountain. E. बन्धी the earth, कीलक a pin or bolt.

बन्धीर्ग m. (-रः) 1. VISHNU'. 2. A mountain. 3. A tortoise & see बन्धुर्ग.

बन्धीर्ग m. (-रः) The ocean. E. बन्धी the earth, पूर to surround completely, affix चच्.

बन्धीर्ग m. (-वः) The ocean. E. बन्धी the earth, and ध्रुव what swims; in which the earth floats. बन्ध्याः ध्रुवः यस्मात् ।

बन्धीर्ग m. (-रः) A name of SIVA. E. बन्धी, and ईश्वर lord; lord of the world. शिवे, भूमिपती, विष्णौ च ।

बन्धीर्ग f. (-ता) A name of SITA', the wife of RA'MA. E. बन्धी the earth, and सुता daughter; the earth-born; being turned up from the soil by a plough, as JANAKA was ploughing a spot to prepare it for a sacrifice.

बन्धुर्ग mfn. (-न्-न्ना-न्) Like a mountain, as huge as, &c. E. बन्ध, and संख what is, or is like.

बन्धुर्ग m. (-न्) The Kadamba tree, (Nauclea kadamba;) also बन्धुर्गक ।

बन्धुर्ग m. (-जः) The planet Mars or its regent. E. बन्ध the earth, and आत्मज son, terre-filius; also similar compounds, as बन्धुर्ग, बन्धुर्ग &c. मन्त्रलयये । तारकासुरे च ।

बन्धुर्ग m. (-रः) 1. A name of VISHNU'. 2. A mountain. E. बन्ध the earth, and बन् who or what sustains. विष्णौ, पर्वते, बन्धने च ।

बन्धुर्ग mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Sleeping on the ground. E. बन्ध, and प्रथ who sleeps.

बन्धुर्ग m. (-रः) A Bra'hman. E. बन्ध and अन्ध a deity. बन्धुर्गमन्त्र इव ।

बन्धुर्ग f. (-नी) The earth. E. धृ to contain, (beings.) इन् Una'di affix, fem. affix ऊच्.

बन्धुर्ग m. (-न्ना) 1. Form, figure, semblance. 2. A balance, a pair of scales. E. धृ to have or hold, Una'di affix इन्निच्.

बन्धुर्ग mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Measurable by weight. E. बन्ध, and मेय to be measured.

**धर्म m. (-ः)** 1. A name of BRAHMA. 2. Heaven, paradise. 3. Water. 4. Opinion, conception. E. धृ to hold or uphold, affix डन्.

**धर्म्य mfn. (-ः-या-यः)** 1. To be uphold or supported. 2. To be had or possessed. 3. To be placed or fixed. 4. To be fallen or alighted by. E. धृ to hold, तय aff.

**धर्तृ mfn. (-ता-र्त-तृ)** Who or what has or holds. E. धृ to have, टन् aff.

**धर्म n. (-ः)** 1. A house. 2. Sacrifice. 3. Virtue, moral merit. E. धृ to contain, Una'di affix न्.

**धर्म mn. (-ः-र्मः)** 1. Virtue, moral and religious merit, according to the law and the Vēdas. 2. Usage, practice, the customary observances of caste, sect, &c. 3. Duty, especially that enjoined by the Vēdas. 4. Fitness, propriety. 5. Nature, character, proper or natural state or disposition. 6. Innocence, innoxiousness. 7. Resemblance. 8. Any sacrifice. 9. An Upanishad or theological portion of a Vēda. 10. Any peculiar or prescribed practice or duty; thus, giving alms, &c. is the dharma of a householder; administering justice, the dharma of a king; piety, that of a Brahman; courage, that of a Kshetriya, &c. 11. Kind and virtuous speech or discourse. 12. Law. m. (-ः-र्मः) 1. A name of YAMA, ruler of the lower regions, and judge of the dead. 2. A drinker of the juice of the acid asclepias, at certain sacrifices. 3. Virtue personified, born from the right breast of BRAHMA. 4. A bow. 5. Associating with the virtuous. 6. The fifteenth of the twenty four jaina pontiffs of the present age. 7. A pious or virtuous man. 8. The bull of Siva, a personification or type of virtue. E. धृ to maintain or support, &c. Una'di affix तन्, what supports all men. ध्रियते लोकान्तेन, धरति लोकं वा ।

**धर्मकर्मन् n. (-र्मः)** Acting according to some or any indispensable act of piety or duty. E. धर्म, and कर्मन् act.

**धर्मकाय m. (-यः)** A jina or jaina deified saint. E. धर्म virtue, and काय body; virtue personified. धर्मार्थं कायौ, स्व. बुद्धे ।

**धर्मकार्य n. (-र्मः)** 1. Any indispensable act of religion, &c. 2. Religious or virtuous conduct. E. धर्म piety, and कार्य act.

**धर्मकोल m. (-लः)** An edict, a royal order, decree, or grant. E. धर्म virtue, कोल proper stay; also with कन् added धर्मकोलक m. (-कः) धर्मस्य कोल इव । राजशासने ।

**धर्मकृत्य n. (-यः)** Any moral or religious observance. E. धर्म and कृत्य to be done.

**धर्मकेतु m. (-तुः)** A jaina deified saint. E. धर्म virtue, केतु an emblem or banner. धर्मः अहिंसादपकर्षं केतुः यमा ।

**धर्मकोष m. (-षः)** Store or treasure of virtue. E. धर्म, and कोष treasury. धर्मः कोष इव धर्मस्य कोषः समूहो वा ।

**धर्मक्रिया f. (-या)** 1. Righteous conduct, acting according to law. 2. any religious act. E. धर्म, and क्रिया act.

**धर्मक्षेत्र n. (-त्रः)** A plain in the north west of India near Dehli, the scene of the great battle between the Kurus and Pāndus. m. (-ः-त्रः) A man of piety and virtue. E. धर्म, virtue, holiness, and क्षेत्र a field, literally or figuratively.

**धर्मसंयच्छ n. (-यः)** Observance of moral or religious institutes accepting or following the law. E. धर्म, and संयच्छ taking.

**धर्मघ्न mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्नी-घ्नः)** immoral, unlawful, contrary to law or duty. E. धर्म, and घ्न what destroys.

**धर्मचक्र m. (-कः)** A Jaina deified saint. E. धर्म, and चक्र a wheel, &c. or धर्मसमूहः ।

**धर्मचक्रधर m. (-रः)** A Jaina deified saint. E. धर्म virtue, चक्र a circle, and धरन् possessing. धर्मचक्रं विभक्तिं भू-क्षिप तुक् । धर्मसमूहधारके चि० ।

**धर्मवादिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रिः)** Virtuous, moral, dutiful f. (-रिणी) A virtuous woman, an honest wife. E. धर्म duty and वर to follow, affixे वदिनि and डोप्. धर्मं तत्संपन्नकर्मं धरति ।

**धर्मचिन्तन n. (-नः)** Virtuous reflection. E. धर्म, and चिन्ता reflection. चिन्ति भावे णट् ।

**धर्मचिन्ता f. (-न्ता)** Virtuous reflection. E. धर्म, and चिन्ता reflection: the last. चिन्ति भावे ण ।

**धर्मजीवन m. (-नः)** Brahman who lives according to rule: one who practises the outward acts of the law. E. धर्म, and जीवन living

**धर्मज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञः)** Knowing one's duty, conversant with virtue E. धर्म, and ज्ञ who knows धर्मं जानाति ज्ञा क ।

**धर्मज्ञान n. (-नः)** Knowledge of moral, legal, and religious duty. E. धर्म and ज्ञान knowledge.

**धर्मवृक्ष m. (-वृः)** 1. A sort of tree, commonly D'ha'minia. 2. A kind of large snake, not poisonous, commonly D'hamna. धर्मवृक्षं वृक्षं नम-वा-कर्मणि-ड । धामनि ।

**धर्मतत्त्व ind.** Rightly, justly, righteously. E. धर्म and तत्त्व aff.

**धर्मत्व n. (-त्वः)** 1. Morality, piety. 2. Inherent nature, peculiar property, &c. E. धर्म, and त्व aff.

**धर्मद्वी f. (-वी)** The Ganges. E. धर्म virtue, द्वी to shed. affix चच्.

**धर्मदोषिन् mfn. (-ही-हिणी-हिः)** Wicked. m. (-ही) A Ra'kshasa. E. धर्म, and दोषिन् rebellious. धर्मार्थं परमं धर्माचरणाय दुःश्रुति । दुःह श्रुति । इतः ।

**धर्मधाम m. (-तुः)** A Jaina saint. E. धर्म virtue, धाम essence, root, धर्मं दधाति । धा-तुन् ।

**धर्मध्वजिन् m. (-जी)** A religious hypocrite or imposter, one who makes a livelihood by assumed devotion. E. धर्म piety, ध्वज an emblem, धिनि affix; having every outward mark of piety, matted hair, ragged garments, &c.

**धर्मनिबन्ध m. (-न्धः)** Piety, virtue E. धर्म, and निबन्ध attachment.

**धर्मनिबन्धन् mfn. (-न्धी-न्धिनी-न्धिः)** Pious, holy, engaged in or conducive to virtue. E. धर्म, निबन्ध connexion, and धिनि aff.

**धर्मनिष्पत्ति f. (-त्तिः)** Duty, moral or religious observance, discharge or fulfilment of duty. E. धर्म, and निष्पत्ति completion.

**धर्मपत्तन n. (-नः)** 1. Pepper. 2. The name of a district or city. E. धर्म virtue, पत्तन a city; pepper grows there, whence is said to be its name.

**धर्मपत्नी f. (-नी)** A man's first wife and of the same class. E. धर्म, and पत्नी a wife. धर्मार्थं पत्नी । निर्देवायास् पद्मास् ।

**धर्मपत्र (-त्रः)** Glomerous fig tree, (Ficus glomerata) E. धर्म sacrifice, and पत्र leaf.

**धर्मपर mfn. (-रः-रारः)** Righteous, pious. E. धर्म, and पर addicted to. धर्मः परी यस्य ।

**धर्मपाठक m. (-कः)** A teacher of law. E. धर्म, and पाठक who teaches.

**धर्मपुत्र m. (-तुः)** 1. A name of the Pa'ndu prince, Yud'hishthira. 2. One so considered, as a son for piety or duty; also धर्मपुत्रक. E. धर्म a proper name, and पुत्र a son, the son of DHARMA or YAMA.

**धर्मप्रधान mfn. (-नः-ना नः)** Eminent in piety. E. धर्म, and प्रधान chief.

**धर्मप्रवक्तृ m. (-क्तः)** A teacher or expounder of the law. E. धर्म, and प्रवक्तृ who explains. धर्मं सन्दिग्धार्थं ययं धर्म इति प्रवक्ति प्र + वच्-टप् ।

**धर्मभागिनी f. (-नी)** A virtuous and amiable wife. E. धर्म, and भागिनी who shares.

**धर्मभाषक m. (-कः)** A lecturer, a public reader of the Maha'bharat and other sacred works which are read aloud, and explained to large assemblies of Hindu's at particular seasons. E. धर्म virtue, and भाष to utter, to speak, affix ण्लुक्.

**धर्मसाध m. (-ता)** A fellow religious student. E. धर्म, and साध a brother. धर्मतः कृतो साता ।

**धर्मभिक्षु m. (-कः)** A mendicant Brahman, one who is so, or has become so from meritorious motives. E. धर्म, and भिक्षु a beggar.

**धर्मसय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः)** Moral, righteous, made up or replete with virtue, &c. E. धर्म, and सयट् aff.

**धर्मसूत्र n. (-सूत्रः)** The foundation of Hindu law and religion (the Vēdas.) E. धर्म, and सूत्र root.



धर्म mfn. (-युः-युः-यु) Virtuous righteous. E. धर्म virtue, यु to go, affix क्तिप् ।  
 धर्म्य mfn. (-युक्) Righteous, pious, just. E. धर्म virtue, युज् to join, affix क्तिप् धर्म्येय युज्यते युज् कर्मेव-क्तिप् ।  
 धर्मात्त m. (-जः) 1. A Jain or deified saint, according to the Jaina sect. 2. A name of YAMA, regent of the dead. 3. A name of YUDHISH-THIRA. 4. Also of ARJUNA. 5. A king in general. E. धर्म virtue, Justice, and राज् who shines, affix चच्; or राज् from राजन् a king; lord of justice or धर्म्येय राजते । राज-क्तिप् ।  
 धर्मविधम् mfn. (-धी विधी-धि) Illegal, immoral. E. धर्म, and रोधिन् opposed to.  
 धर्मलक्षण n. (-च) An essential ingredient in ethicks or law, (as place, time, &c.) E. धर्म, and लक्ष् mark. धर्मो लक्ष्यते ज्ञायते धर्मेन लक्ष-करणे छुट् ।  
 धर्मवत् mfn. (-वान् वती वत्) Virtuous, pious, upright, just. E. धर्म as above, मनुप् poss, aff. चक्षर्थे मनुप् । मनुप् वः ।  
 धर्मवासर m. (-रः) The day of full moon. E. धर्म virtue, and वासर a day; peculiar sacrifices being performed on this day. धर्मस्या तक्षाचनस्या वासरः ।  
 धर्मवाहन m. (-नः) A name of SIVA. E. धर्म the bull of this god, virtue typified, and वाहन a vehicle. धर्मो वाहयति प्रापयति मरान् । वाहि-ल्यु ।  
 धर्मविद् mfn. (-द or -त्) 1. Virtuous, pious, moral. 2. Acquainted with the law. E. धर्म, and विद् who knows. धर्मो वेत्ति विद् क्तिप् ।  
 धर्मविधि f. (-धि) Course of law, legal precepts or injunctions. E. धर्म, and विधि manner.  
 धर्मविषय m. (-यः) Immorality, wickedness. E. धर्म, and विषय sub-merision.  
 धर्मविवेचन n. (-नं) Judicial investigation. E. धर्म, and विवेचन delibera-tion.  
 धर्मशाला f. (-शाला) A court of justice, a tribunal. E. धर्म justice, and शाला a hall. धर्मार्थं शाला । धर्मार्थमन्नादिदानाधिकरणशालायाम् ।  
 धर्मशास्त्र n. (-स्त्र) 1. The body or code of Hindu law. 2. Any work on the subject. E. धर्म virtue, and शास्त्र a treatise. श्रियते धर्मेन शास करणं दृक् । इत० ५० ।  
 धर्मशील mfn. (-लः-लाल) Virtuous, just, pious. E. धर्म virtue, शील attached to. धर्मः धर्मसाधनं शीलमस्य, धर्मो शीलयति शीलं चण् वा ।  
 धर्मसंहिता f. (-हा) A code of laws, especially the work of some saint or divine person, as MANU, YAJN'YAVALKYA, &c. E. धर्म virtue, and सम् prefixed to धा, to have or possess, affix क्त, fem. affix टाप्; a compilation made for the purpose of teaching and maintaining virtue.  
 धर्मसङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Virtue. 2. Hypocrisy. E. धर्म, and सङ्ग adiaction to, real or seeming.  
 धर्मसन्तानम् mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Virtuous, producing virtuous offspring or actions. E. धर्म, सन्तान progeny, न् who bears.  
 धर्मसभा f. (-भा) A tribunal, a court of justice. E. धर्म, justice, and सभा assembly.  
 धर्मसाधन n. (-नं) Any act or virtue essential to a system of duties. E. धर्म, and साधन instrument.  
 धर्मसाधवि m. (-विः) The eleventh MANU.  
 धर्मसुत m. (-तः) A name of YUDHISHIR'HIRA. E. धर्म YAMA and सुत a son; also धर्मसुत, धर्मसज्ज, &c.  
 धर्मात्मन् m. (-त्त) A saint, a pious or virtuous person. E. धर्म virtue, आत्मन् self. धर्मो आत्मा स्वभावोयस्य ।  
 धर्मधर्मपरीक्षा f. (-क्षा) Ordeal by drawing lots or slips of black and white paper. E. धर्म, अधर्म iniquity, परीक्षा trial.  
 धर्माधिकरण n. (-णः) A court of justice. m. (-यः) A judge. E. धर्म, and अधिकरण supervision. धर्मोऽधिकरित्यते च । अधि + क्ण बाधारे क्ण ट् ।  
 धर्माधिकरिणम् m. (-री) A judge, a sovereign, an administrator of the law. E. धर्माधिकरण, and affix णि ।

धर्माधिकार m. (-रः) The office of a judge. E. धर्म, and अधिकार office.  
 धर्माधिकारिणम् m. (-री) A judge. E. धर्म, अधिकार, and णि aff. धर्मो व्यवहारे तन्निष्पद्यमानिकरीति । अधि + क्ण-णिनि ।  
 धर्माध्यक्ष m. (-क्षः) A magistrate, a judge, &c. E. धर्म justice, and अध्यक्ष superintendent.  
 धर्मानुष्ठान n. (-नं) Virtuous or moral conduct, behaviour according to law. E. धर्म, and अनुष्ठान act or condition.  
 धर्मानुसार m. (-रः) Conformity to law or virtue, course or practice of duty. E. धर्म, and अनुसार following.  
 धर्मापेत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Wicked, immoral, unrighteous. n. (-तं) Im-morality, vice. E. धर्म, and अपेत deviated.  
 धर्माभिमुखम् mfn. (-नाः-नाः-नः) Virtuous. E. धर्म, अभि to or inclined to, मनस् the mind.  
 धर्मारण्य n. (-र्यः) A forest into which DHARMA once retired. E. धर्म, and अरण्य a wood.  
 धर्मासन n. (-नं) The seat of the judge, the bench. E. धर्म, and आसन a seat.  
 धर्मिन् mfn. (-मी-निमी-न्) 1. Virtuous, pious, just. 2. Endowed with a peculiar property or faculty. E. धर्म, and इनि poss, aff.  
 धर्मिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठः) Very pious or virtuous. E. धर्म, and इष्ठन् aff.  
 धर्मियस् mfn. (-यान्-यसो-यः) Very pious, moral, &c. E. धर्म, and ईयस् aff.  
 धर्मोपदेश m. (-दः) Moral or religious instruction. E. धर्म, and उपदेश advice.  
 धर्मोपदेशक m. (-कः) A Guru or spiritual preceptor. E. धर्म virtue, उप before, दिष्, to show, affix क्णुल्; pointing out good and evil to his scholars.  
 धर्मोपध mfn. (-धः-धा-ध) Hypocritical. E. धर्म, and उपध fraud, चच् aff.  
 धर्मोपेत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Virtuous, moral. E. धर्म, and उपेत possessed of.  
 धर्म्य mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्यः) 1. Conformable or according to justice or morality. 2. Obtainable by virtue or justice. E. धर्म as above, यन् aff.  
 धर्मविवाह m. (-हः) Legal marriage of five sorts, as the Bra'hma, Daiva, A'rsha, Ga'ndharba, and Pra'ja-patya. E. धर्म, and विवाह marriage.  
 धर्म m. (-र्षः) 1. Pride, arrogance. 2. Contumely, overbearing. 3. Impa-tience. 4. Paralyzing, rendering weak or impotent. 5. Injury, wrong. 6. Restraint. 7. Copulation. 8. A eunuch. E. धृष् to be vain, affix भाव घञ् ।  
 धर्मक m. (-कः) A dancer, an actor, a mine. E. धृष् to be vain or pres-umptuous, affix क्णुल् ।  
 धर्मकारिणी f. (-णी) A violated virgin. E. धर्म, क्णु to act, affix णिनि ।  
 धर्म्य n. (-र्यः) 1. Disrespect, contumely, overbearingness, contempt. 2. copulation 3. arrogance, vanity. f. (-णिः-णी) An unchaste woman. E. धृष् to be arrogant, &c. affix भावे ल्यट् or युच् ।  
 धर्मवर m. (-रः) eunuch superintending the women's apartments. E. धर्म copulation, वर to cherish, affix चच् ।  
 धर्मित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Proud, insolent 2. Unbearing, impatient. 3. Overpowered, smitten. n. (-तः) 1. Copulation, cohabitation. 2. Con-tumely. 3. Pride. f. (-ता) An unchaste woman. E. धृष् to be vain or impatient, affix, कर्मणि भावे वा क्ण । इट् गुणय् ।  
 धर्मिन् mfn. (-वी-र्विणी-र्वि) 1. Proud, arrogant. 2. Cohabiting. f. (-वी) A dishonest or unchaste woman. E. धर्म cohabitation, ईनि and डीष् affs.  
 धलच्छ m. (-च्छः) A small tree, commonly called D'hala'kara; also धलच्छक ।  
 धव (इ) धवि r. 1st cl. (धवति) To go or move; this is considered some-times as Sautra root. भा० प० लृक० छट् इटिन् ।  
 धव m. (-वः) 1. A husband. 2. A man, 3. A rogue, a cheat. 4. A tree, (Grislea tomentosa,) E. धू to make tromble, (children, &c.) affix चच् ।  
 धवल mfn. (-लः-लाल) 1. White. 2. Handsome, beautiful. m. (-लः) 1.

White, (the colour.) 2. A capital ox. 3. The *Grislea tomentosa*. 4. Camphor. 5. An inferior Ra'ga or mode of music. n. (-न्) White pepper. f. (-नी or -नी) A white cow, &c. E. धाव् to be clean or pure, कलच् affix, and the radical vowel made short.

धवलपक्ष m. (-न्) 1. A goose. 2. The fortnight of the moon's increase.

E. धवल, and पक्ष wing or fortnight. धवली पक्षी यस्य ।

धवलचुम्बिका f. (-का) Chalk. E. धवल white, चुम्बिका earth.

धवलित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) White, whitened. E. धवल, and इतच् aff. ।

धवलीकृत mfn. (त-ता-तं) White, made white. E. धवल, and कृत made, चि augment.

धवलीभूत mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Become white. E. धवल, and भूत become, चि aff. धवलीपल n. (-न्) The white esculent water lily. E. धवल white, and उत्पल a lotus.

धवाणक m. (-कः) Air, wind. E. धू 'to agitate, (the leaves or trees, &c.) and आणक Una'di aff.

धवित n. (-न्) A Pank'ha' or fan, made of antelope's skin, and used especially for blowing a sacrificial fire, E. धू to agitate, इतच् aff.

धा (डु, झ, ङ) डधाञ् र. 3rd cl. (दधाति-धत्ते) 1. To hold or support. 2. To nurture, to maintain. 3. To give. 4. To have, to possess. With चतु and सम् prefixed, To search after. With चदि, To cover. With चभि, 1. To speak, to speak to or address. 2. To promulgate. 3. To show. With चभि and सम्, To overcome. With चव, 1. To be careful. 2. To attend to. With चाङ्, To take, to receive. With उप and चाङ्, To support. With उप, 1. To uphold. 2. To do, to perform. With नि, 1. To take up or hold up. 2. To place in or upon. 3. To be born or produced. 4. To hold. With परि, To assume, to put on, as clothes, &c. With प्र and नि, 1. To hold or support. 2. To elevate or exalt, to dignify. 3. To admit. With प्र, 1. To be chief or first. 2. To send. With प्रति and वि, To do, to perform. With वि, 1. To do, to execute, to act. 2. To act conformably to religious ordinances, to execute the precepts of the Vedas. 3. To choose, to select. 4. To provide. 5. To order or direct. 6. To promise. 7. To give. With वि and चव, To hide, to veil, to conceal. With सम्, 1. To place, to place firmly, to fix. 2. To unite to combine, to hold together. 3. To shoot at a mark. With सम् and प्र, To doubt, to discuss; (also with प्रति and सम्) With चाङ्, To instruct, to teach. With सम् and नि, To place or have near at hand. In the causal with उप, To understand. ज्ञोत्यां उभं सकं चिन्त ।

धा m. (-धा) 1. A possessor, a holder, a container, &c. 2. A name of BRAMHA'. 3. VRIHASPATI E. धा to have, affix विच् ।

धाक m. (-कः) 1. An ox. 2. Food. 3. Boiled-rice. 4. A post. E. धा to have or hold, Una'di affix क ।

धाटो f. (-टो) advancing towards or confronting an enemy.

धातक m. (-कः) A weight of gold, a coin of metal, the division of a Dina'r. E. धा to contain, Una'di affix आणक ।

धातकी f. (-की) A tree, (*Grislea tomentosa*.) E. धा to have, affix खुल्, तन् inserted.

धातु m. (-तुः) 1. A principle or humour of the body, as phlegm, wind, and bile. 2. Any constituent part of the body, as blood, flesh, &c. 3. A primary or elementary substance, viz earth, water, fire, air and A'ka'sa or atmosphere. 4. The property of a primary element viz. odour, flavour, colour, touch, and sound. 5. An organ of sense. 6. A mineral, a fossil. 7. A metal. 8. A grammatical root; in Sanskrit this radical performs no other office, and cannot be used as a word without undergoing some change. E. धा to possess, to contain, (life, substance, &c.) तुन् aff.

धातुकाशय n. (यं) Red sulphate of iron. E. धातु mineral, and काशय the green sulphate.

धातुग्र n. (-ग्रं) Sour gruel, prepared from the fermentation of rice-water. E. धातु chyle, and ग्र destroying; also similar compounds.

धातुनाशन n. (-नं) Sour gruel: see the last. E. धातु, and नाशन injuring. धातु नाशयति नश-णिच् लृट् । खर्षादि धातुमारकं, काशिके च ।

धातुप m. (-पः) The alimentary juice or chyle. E. धातु an essential constituent of the body, and प what cherishes. धातुं पति पा-क ।

धातुपुष्पिका f. (-का) A plant: see धातुपुष्पिका; also धातुपुष्पी ।

धातुभत् m. (-त्) 1. A mountain. 2. A robust man. mfn. (-भत्) Promot-

ing the animal secretions. E. धातु a mineral, and भत् what contains.

धातुमात्रिक n. (-कं) A mineral substance, a sulphurate of iron. E. धातु mineral, and मात्रिक the same substance.

धातुमारिषी f. (-षी) Borax. E. धातु a metal, इत् to perish, in the causal form, विनि and जीप् affixes; the borate of soda is generally used in India as a flux. धातुं मारयति इत् णिच् विनि जीप् (सीहाग)

धातुराजक m. (-कः) Semen, the seminal fluid. E. धातु animal fluid, &c. राज chief, कन् added. धातुसु राजते राज-खुल् धातुना राजा टच् सं सार्थे क वा ।

धातुवज्रम n. (-मं) Borax. E. धातु, and वज्रम a friend, a flux.

धातुवादिन् m. (-दी) An assayer, a miner, a mineralogist. E. धातु a mineral, वद to speak or describe, affix विनि ।

धातुवैरिन् m. (-री) Sulphur. E. धातु a metal, and वैरिन् an enemy: tarnishing metallic lustre, &c.

धातुशेखर m. (-रः) Green sulphate of iron, or green vitriol. E. धातु a mineral, and शेखर crest or chief.

धातुपल m. (-लः) Chalk. E. धातु a mineral, and उपल stone.

धातु m. (ता) 1. A name of BRAMHA'. 2. A title of VISHNU'. 3. A father, a parent. f. (-तौ) 1. A mother. 2. A foster-mother, a nurse. 3. The earth. 4. Emblic myrobalan. mfn. (-वा-तौ-त्) 1. A cherisher, a protector, fostering, nourishing, 2. Having, containing, possessing, a possessor, &c. E. धा to have, to nourish, &c. affix लृच् ।

धातुपुत्र m. (-त्) A saint, also called SANATKUMA'RA. E. धातु BRAMHA, and पुत्र the son.

धातुपुष्पिका f. (-का) A tree, (*Grislea tomentosa*, Rox.) E. धातु cherishing, पुष्प a flower, जीप् added, धातुपुष्पी and कन् added; also without the pleonasm, धातुपुष्पी f. (-षी).

धातिका f. (-का) Emblic myrobalan. E. कन् added to धातौ ।

धातौपुत्र m. (-चः) 1. An actor. 2. A foster-brother. E. धातौ a nurse, and पुत्र a son.

धातौफल n. (-लं) The fruit of the emblic myrobalan. E. धातौ phyllanthus emblica, and फल fruit.

धातैवी f. (-वी) 1. A sort of confidante, a foster-sister so employed. 2. A wet-nurse. E. धातु a nurse, टक् affix, fem. affix डीप् ।

धाना f. plu (-नाः) 1. Fried barley or rice. sin (-नः) 1. Coriander, (*Coriandrum sativum*) 2. Grain fried, and reduced to powder. 3. A bud, a shoot. E. धा to nourish, न Una'di aff.

धानाका f. plu. (-काः) Fried barley or rice. E. धाना as above, कन् added.

धानाचूर्ण n. (-णं) The meal or flour of fried barley, rice, &c. E. धाना fried grain, चूर्ण powder, dust.

धानी f. (-नी) 1. Coriander. 2. A granary, a receptacle. 3. The site of a habitation. 4. The name of a river. 5. What has or contains, used in composition, as राजधानी a royal capital, having the king's presence, मन्त्रधानी a net, &c. E. धा to have, affix युच्, fem. affix डीप् ।

धानुक् m. (-कः) A bowyer, an archer. E. धनुस् a bow, टक् affix f. (-का) A tree, (*Achyranthes aspera*.) E. धनुक् an archer, चच् affix, and fem. affix टाप्, or धनुस् a bow, टक् aff.

धानुख m. (-खः) A bamboo. E. धनुस् as above, ख् aff.

धानेय n. (-यं) Coriander, (*Coriandrum sativum*.) E. धन grain, &c. aff. सार्थे टक्; also with कन् added, धानेयक.

धान्या f. (-न्या) Small cardamoms, एलायाम् ।

धान्य n. (-नं) 1. Corn in general, but especially rice, (*Orizasetiva*.) 2.

Coriander. 3. A measure equal to four Sesamum seeds. ३. धा to nourish (mankud), Una'di affix यत्, and वृद् augment. धाने दीर्घे साधु वत् ।  
 धानक n. (-कः) Coriander, (C. sativum) ३. कन् added to धान्; also धान्याक and धान्याक.  
 धानकल n. (-कः) Bran, chaff, straw. ३. धान्, and कल् dirt or sediment.  
 धान्यकोष्ठक n. (-कः) A granary, a basket, A cupboard or small shed of matting, &c. for keeping rice. ३. धान् rice, कोष्ठ a granary, and कन् added.  
 धान्यचमस m. (-सः) Rice flattened by threshing after it has been steeped and fried in the husk. ३. धान्य grain, and चमस a sort of cake.  
 धान्यप्रेतु f. (-तुः) A heap of rice to be presented to Bra'hmans. ३. धान्, and घेतु a cow.  
 धान्यमाय m. (-यः) A corn-seller, &c. ३. धान् grain, मा to measure, चच् aff. धान्यं माति मा-चच् युच् वा ।  
 धान्यराज m. (-जः) Barley. ३. धान्, and राजा king. धने ।  
 धान्यवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Abounding in corn, having abundance of it. ३. धान्, and वत् poss. aff.  
 धान्यवहन n. (-नः) Lending grain at interest; receiving a usurious return for a loan of corn seed supplied to the peasants. ३. धान् corn, वहन increasing.  
 धान्यबीज n. (-जः) Coriander. ३. धान्, and बीज seed.  
 धान्यबीर m. (-रः) A sort of pulse, (Phaseolus max.) ३. धान्, and बीर best. माये (कसाये) ।  
 धान्यशीर्षक n. (-कः) The ear or spike of corn. ३. धान्, with शीर्षक the top or head.  
 धान्यसंग्रह m. (-हः) A store or magazine of grain. ३. धान्, and संग्रह collection.  
 धान्यसार m. (-रः) Grain after threshing. ३. धान् corn, and सार essence.  
 धान्याक n. (-कः) Coriander. ३. धान्ये चच् added to धान्याक ।  
 धान्याचल m. (-चः) A pile of grain for presentation to Bra'hmans. ३. धान्, and चल् a mountain.  
 धान्यान्न n. (-न्नः) Sour gruel made of from the fermentation of boiled rice-water. ३. धान् rice, and अन्न sour.  
 धान्यारि m. (-रिः) A rat. ३. धान्, and अरि a foe.  
 धान्यार्थ m. (-र्थः) Wealth in rice or gain. ३. धान्, and अर्थ wealth.  
 धान्यास्त्रि n. (-स्त्रिः) Grain after threshing. ३. धान्, and अस्त्रि a bone.  
 धान्योत्तम m. (-मः) Rice. ३. धान्, and उत्तम best. धान्योत्तमः ।  
 धामन् n. (-नः) 1. The body. 2. A house, a dwelling. 3. Dignity, consequence, eminence. 4. Spirit, pride, especially martial pride, heroism. 5. Light, splendour, radiance. 6. A ray of light. 7. A place, a spot, a country. 8. Birth. ३. धा to contain, (life, a tenant, &c.) and मन् aff.  
 धामनिधि m. (-धिः) The sun. ३. धाम light, निधि a nest or receptacle.  
 धामनी f. (-नी) Any tubular vessel of the body; see धमनी.  
 धामवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Splendid, luminous, 2. Eminent, exalted, illustrious. 3. Heroic. ३. धामन्, and वत् poss. aff.  
 धामान्व m. (-वः) 1. A tree, (Achyranthes aspera.) 2. A plant, a sort of Ghosha', with white flowers. ३. धामन् a dwelling, मान् a road, व to go or approach, affix क्, deriv. irr. or धामोऽने वाति वा-क् ।  
 धाय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Having, possessing, or who has or possesses. ३. धा to have, च aff.  
 धायस् mfn. (-याः-या-यः) An upholder. ३. धा to have, &c. चयुन् Una'di affix; also with a final vowel added, धायस.  
 धाय m. (-यः) A Purohit or family priest. f. (-या) A prayer for exciting fire, upon the addition of fuel. ३. Irregularly derived from धी to contain, with यत् aff. or more correctly. वा-यमि चयत्-युच् ।  
 धार n. (-रः) Water derived from rain. m. (-रः) 1. A sort of stone. 2. Debt. 3. Slight springing rain. 4. Frost. 5. End, bound, a line or limit. 6. A deep place, a depth. f. (-रा) 1. A horse's pace,

as the trot, canter, &c. 2. The van of an army. 3. The sharp edge of a sword or any cutting instrument. 4. The flowing, running, oozing, or distilling &c. of any liquid, the motion of a fluid, stream, current, &c. 5. Offspring. 6. A leak, a flaw, a hole in pitcher &c. 7. Excellence. 8. The wheel of a carriage. 9. A garden wall or fence, a hedge, &c. 10. The edge of a mountain. 11. Quantity, multitude. 12. A heavy shower falling in large drops, or hail. 13. Fame. 14. Likeness. 15. Custom, usage. 16. The capital of Bhoja. 17. Pouring a stream of water upon an image to get rid of a fever. ३. धृ to fall, to uphold &c. in the causal form, and धिच् and चच् affs. धाराया इदम् चच् ।  
 धारक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Who or what holds or contains, a vessel or receptacle of any kind. m. (-कः) A water pot. ३. धृ to have, चच् aff.  
 धारच n. (-चः) Holding, having, keeping, maintaining. f. (-चा) 1. Continuance in rectitude, keeping in the right way. 2. Fortitude, firmness, steadiness, resolution. 3. A particular religious exercise; keeping the mind collected, the breath suspended, and all natural wants restrained; steady, immoveable abstraction. 4. Mental retention, memory. 5. Understanding, intellect. 6. Believing, conviction. 7. Certainty, conclusion. 8. Positive precept or injunction. 9. Debt. f. (-ची) 1. Any tubular vessel of the body. 2. A mystical verse or charm, or collection of such verses, among the Bauddhas 3. A row or line. ३. धृ to hold, (purpose, intent, virtue, &c.) affix कृट्, or भावे युच् aff.  
 धारक m. (-कः) A debtor. ३. धारच a debt, कन् aff.  
 धारणीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be held or retained, to be adhered to. ३. धृ to hold, चनीय् aff.  
 धारय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Who or what has or possesses. ३. धृ to have, causal form, च aff.  
 धारयत् mfn. (-यन्-यती-यत्) 1. Having, possessing. 2. Acquainted with, versed in. 8. Holding as doctrine, believing, maintaining. ३. धृ to have, वृद् aff.  
 धारयिनी f. (-नी) The earth. ३. धृ to contain, in the causal form, वृच् aff.  
 धाराकदम्बक m. (-कः) A sort of Kadamba tree. प्राहृक्काये पुष्यति कदम्बमेति ।  
 धारादुर m. (-रः) 1. Thin rain. 2. Hail. 3. Advancing before an army by way of defiance to an enemy. ३. धारा rain, and दुर shoot or sprout.  
 धाराक m. (-कः) 1. A sword, a scimitar. 2. A place of pilgrimage. ३. धारा the edge of a sword, &c. and चक body.  
 धाराट mf. (-टः-टा) 1. The Cha'taka, (Cuonulus melanoleucos.) 2. A horse. 3. A cloud. 4. A furious elephant. ३. धारा rain, &c. चट who goes, affix चच् । धाराये चटति धाराया वा चटति चट-चच् ।  
 धाराज्झि f. (-जिः) The sound of falling rain or of the flowing of any fluid. ३. धारा, and ज्झि sound. [धर what has.  
 धाराधर m. (-रः) 1. A cloud. 2. A sword. ३. धारा rain or an edge, and धारायक n. (-कः) A scent bottle, a sprinkling vase or ewer, a sort of censor. ३. धारा, and यक an instrument. धारायाः प्रक्षवाये यकम् । (कीधारा)  
 धाराधनि mf. (-निः-निः) Air, wind. ३. धारा thin rain, वन् to soud, affix द् । धाराया चर्धनिर्व । वायी ।  
 धाराविष m. (-वः) A crooked sword, a scimitar, a sabre. ३. धारा, and विष poison; whose edge is as fatal as venom.  
 धाराश्रु n. (-श्रुः) A flood of tears. ३. धारा, and श्रु a tear.  
 धारासम्प्रात m. (-सः) A hard shower, a heavy fall of rain. ३. धारा rain, वृद् implying quantity or accumulation, and प्रात falling.  
 धारासार m. (-रः) A heavy fall of rain, a large drop or shower. ३. धारा and सासार sprinkling.  
 धारिणी f. (-नी) 1. The earth. 2. The silk cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.) ३. धृ, and निणि aff.  
 धारित n. (-तः) A horse's trot; also धारितः; see धीरितम्.  
 धारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) 1. Having, holding, keeping, possessing. 2.

Edged. m. (-रो) A sort of tree; see वीक्ष्. ३. वारा an edge, &c. विनि aff. or वारं वक्ष् जोषलेन वलि वल्. । जीयां जीप् ।  
 वाक् mfn. (-वः-वः) Who drink, or sucks, a drinker, a sucker. ३. वे to drink, व affix, form special. पानशीले जटाधरः ।  
 वानराद् m. (-रः) A sort of goose, with black legs and bill. 2. A kind of snake. 3. DURODHANA or any other descendant of DHUHTARA'SHTRA. ३. वृत्राद् the name of a king or a bird, &c. and वक्ष् affix of descent.  
 वाक्मिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Virtuous, pious, just. ३. वक्ष् virtue, affix उक् ।  
 वाय् mfn. (-यः-यः-य) 1. To be born or upheld, to be contained. &c. 2. To be kept or detained. ३. वृ to hold, वल् aff.  
 वायमाध mfn. (-धः-वा-ध) Being held, maintained, &c. ३. वृ to uphold, pass. v. वान् aff.  
 वायमाधल n. (-ल) Property. ३. ल added to the last.  
 वाय् n. (-य) Boldness, confidence, arrogance. ३. वृट् bold, and वल् aff.  
 वाव (व) वाव् r. 1st cl. (वावति-ते) 1. To go or move. 2. To run. 3. To cleanse. 4. To be clean or pure. With वच्. 1. To know. 2. To run after. With वभि prefixed. To approach, to come before. With वाक्, To alight. With वरि, To run fast. With वि, To shed or sprinkle. With वच् and वच्, To run to meet. वने वृही वक्. वृक्करवे संभोजने व वक्. भा० उभ० सेट् ।  
 वावक mfn. (-कः-वा-क) 1. Running, going, swift, expeditious. 2. Cleansing, what cleans or cleanses. ३. वाव to go, वच् aff.  
 वावन् mfn. (-वन्-वन्-वन्) Running, going quickly. ३. वाव् to go, वल् aff.  
 वावन् n. (-न्) 1. Going, motion, 2. Cleansing, purifying. f. (-नि- or वी) A sort of creeping plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides.) ३. वाव् to go to cleanse, affix वट् or वलि fem. affix जीप्.  
 वाविका f. (-का) A prickly nightshade: see कटुकारी. ३. वान् added to वावनी implying similitude.  
 वावित mfn. (-तः-वा-त) 1. Purified, Clean, cleansed. 2. Gone, gone or run away. 3. Run to, advanced to or against. ३. वाव् to clean, affix ल, with वट् augment, or without the augment वीत्.  
 वावम् m. (-म्) A mountain. ३. वा to uphold, Una'di affix वच् and वट् augment; the word is considered as peculiar to the Vedas.  
 वि r. 6th cl. (विवति) To have hold, to keep, to possess. वृदा० व० वक्. वनिट् ।  
 विक् ind. An interjection of reproach or menace, (fie, shame, shame, &c.) ३. वक् to annihilate, विलक् aff.  
 विक्कार m. (-रः) Disrespect, reproach, censure, contempt. ३. विक् fie, and वार making.  
 विक्कृत mfn. (-तः-वा-त) 1. Cursed. 2. Reproached, reviled, censured, condemned. ३. विक् fie, and वल् made.  
 विद्धि f. (-या) Reproach. ३. विक् fie, and क्रिया making.  
 विक्पात्रेय n. (-यः) Excessive abuse. ३. विक्, and पात्रेय violence.  
 विक् r. 1st cl. (विक्ते) 1. To kindle. 2. To be weary, 3. To live. सन्दीपने सक् ; ज्ञेये जीवने वक्. भा० वा० सेट् ।  
 विक्व m. (-वः-वा) A man of a low caste sprung from a Bra'hman, and a female of the tribe called Ayogava.  
 विद्वक् m. (-वः) Reprimand, censure. ३. विक्, and दक् punishment.  
 विद् mfn. (-वः-वः-व) Deceptive, wishing to trick or decoy. ३. वच् to cheat, desid. v. वच् उ aff.  
 विद्यावति m. (-ति) 1. A Jina or Jaina deified saint. 2. The soul. ३. वी the understanding, in the seventh case, and वति master.  
 विव (व) विवि r. 1st and 5th cls. (विवति) 1. To please, to satisfy. 2. To be pleased or satisfied. 3. To go or approach: this verb takes व, and substitutes व for the final, whence its unusual form for the first class, in the instance given. वीवने वक्. गती व वक्. स्वा० पर० सेट्, वदित् । सार्वभानुके वि : वादिः ।  
 विव r. 3rd cl. (विवेडि) To emit sound. जु० व० वक्. सेट् ।

विक्व m. (-वः) 1. A name of VRIHASPATI. 2. Any Guru or spiritual preceptor. f. (-वा) The understanding, the intellect. ३. वृत् to be presumptuous, Una'di affix क्, and विक् substituted for the root.  
 विट् See विक्व.  
 विट् See the next.  
 विट् n. (-ट्) 1. A place, a spot, a country. 2. A house. 3. A star, asterism. 4. Fire. 5. Power. strength. m. (-वः) A name of AGNI, the deity of fire. 2. A name of SUKRA, regent of VENUS. ३. वृत् to be proud or overbearing, deriv. irr.; or more correctly, वृत्-वल्, the word is also written विट् or विट् ।  
 वी (वी) वीक्ष् r. 4th cl. (वीयते) 1. To contain, to hold. 2. To light to disregard or despise. 3. To accomplish. With वल्, To disappear, to become invisible. दिवा० वा० वक्. वनिट् ।  
 वी f. (वी) Understanding, intellect. ३. वी to meditate, affix क्, the final diphthong rejected, and the semi-vowel changed to its congen or व, which becomes long. वे-वल्-वने-वल् ।  
 वीट mfn. (-तः-वा-त) Drank, sucked. ३. वे to drink, participial affix, and the form irr. वनाहते वाराधिते व ।  
 वीति f. (-ति) Thirst. ३. वे to drink, affix क्, and the radical vowel changed to वी.  
 वीदा f. (-दा) 1. A virgin, a maiden. 2. Understanding, intellect वि ददाति दा-क् ।  
 वीक्ष् n. (-वः) An intellectual organ, as the mind, the eye, the ear, the nose, the tongue, and skin. ३. वी the intellect, वीक्ष् an organ of sense in general.  
 वीक्ष् mfn. (-वः-वः-व) Sensible, wise, learned. m. (-वः) A name VRIHASPATI, the preceptor of the gods. ३. वी wisdom, understanding वृत्-वल् possess. aff. वी वलि वच् ।  
 वीर mfn. (-रः-वा-र) 1. Wise, sensible, learned. 2. Firm, steady, consistent, determined. 3. Cool, collected. 4. Head-strong, self-willed, uncontrollable. 5. Lazy, dull, slow. 6. Strong, powerful. 7. Well behaved, decorous, decent. 8. Gentle, steady, (as a breeze). Deep, (as a sound) m. (-रः) 1. A name of BALI, a celebrated prince. 2. The ocean. mn. (-रः) Saffron. f. (-रा) 1. A drug also काशीवी. 2. A woman who, although jealous of a husband lover, suppresses all expression of resentment in his presence. वी understanding, रा to possess, व affix; or वी with वर to go affix वच्; or वी to possess, वल् Una'di aff. विवराति रा-क् । विवरीय वरवच् वा । उप० व ।  
 वीरल n. (-ल) 1. Firmness, fortitude. 2. The feminine property of suppressing violent expression of jealousy. ३. वीर firm, steady, a ल; also with वल् affix वीरता.  
 वीरप्रज्ञान n. (-न) The hero of a poem or play who unites all good qualities. ३. वीर, and प्रज्ञान calm.  
 वीरवलि m. (-वः) The hero of a poem or play, who is firm and brave but reckless and inconsiderate. ३. वीर and वलि sportive.  
 वीरवल् m. (-वः) A buffalo. ३. वीर strong, वल् a shoulder.  
 वीरावीरा f. (-रा) A mistress or wife, who having cause for jealousy pursues a middle conduct between the suppression and expression of resentment. ३. वीरा and वीरा joined.  
 वीरीय m. (-यः) The hero of a poem or play whose characteristics are benevolence and fortitude. ३. वीर, and वीर liberal.  
 वीरीय m. (-यः) The hero of a poem or play who is deficient in animosity. ३. वीर and वीर haughty.  
 वीरि f. (-रि) A daughter. वट्-वाक्की वीरि-विया कर्नवा वटिः ।  
 वीरम् m. (-वः) 1. A brazier. 2. A fisherman. ३. वृ to hold, Una'di वनिट् and वल् changed to वृ.  
 वीर m. (-रः) A fisherman. f. (-री) 1. A fisherman's wife. 2. A so harpoon for catching fish with. ३. वी to hold or gain, (f) Una'di affix वरच्.

**बुद्धि** f. (-निः) An intellectual faculty or power of the understanding, as attention, comprehension. &c. **बुद्धि** m. the intellect, and **बुद्धि** power.

**बुद्धि** m. (-नः) 1. A counsellor, an adviser, a minister. 2. A tutor or friend. **बुद्धि** m. the understanding, and **बुद्धि** a friend.

**बुद्धि** m. (-नः) 1. A counsellor, a minister. 2. A friendly or prudent adviser. **बुद्धि** m. the intellect, and **बुद्धि** a friend.

**धु** (अ) धृञ् r. 7th cl. (धुनोति-धुनते) To shake, to agitate : see धृञ् क्यने चक. **धु** लने सक. खादि. उभ. सक. चणिट् । उभ. पचे तुदा. कु. पर. सक. सेट् ।

**धु** f. (-यः) Shaking, trembling. **धु** to shake **भावे** धु aff.

**धु** r. 1st cl. (धुचते) 1. To kindle. 2. To be weary 3. To live. **भा.** चा. **धु** सक. चणिट्.

**धु** mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Abandoned, deserted, left. 2. Shaken, agitated, (as leaves by wind, &c.) **धु** to shake, affix **क्त**.

**धु** mfn. (-य-या-यं) Purified from sin. **धु** shaken, पाप sin.

**धु** n. (-नः) Shaking, agitation. **धु** to shake, affix **क्त** also **धुन** &c.

**धु** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Shaking, agitating. **धु** to shake, **मानच्** aff.

**धु** f. (-निः) A river; see the next.

**धु** f. (-नी) A river. **धु** to go, affix **इन्** fem. affix **उनेप**; the affix is sometimes considered as **निक्** leaving **नि**, which makes **धुनि** ut sup.

**धुनी** m. (-यः) The ocean. **धुनी** and **नाथ** lord.

**धुनी** m. (-रः) 1. The name of a sovereign; also named Kuvalaya'swa. 2. An insect, (Coccinella.) 3. The smoke of a house. 4. A house.

A house lizard **धुनी** smoke reiterated, **धु** to go, affix **चक्**, deriv. irr. or धृञ् मारयति-मारि-चक्-उप-सं ।

**धु** mfn. (-य-य-यं) Shaking, agitating. **धु** to shake, **यत्** aff.

**धु** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Shaking, agitating. **धु** to shake, **मानच्** aff.

**धु** f. (-यः) 1. The fore part of a carriage, the pole or the path where the yoke is fixed. 2. Agitation, trembling. 3. Reflection, recollection. 4. A spark of fire, 5. A burthen, a load. 6. A part, a portion. 7. Wealth. 8. A name of the Ga'nges. **धु** hurt, affix **क्तिप्**, and **व** rejected; also with **टाप्** added, **धुरा** ।

**धुर** mfn. (-रः-री-रं) 1. Bearing a burthen. 2. Bearing, (figuratively,) laden with good qualities, heavy duties, &c. **धुर** m. (-रः) 1. A beast of burthen. 2. A man of business. 3. A tree, (Grislea tomentosa.) **धुर** a burthen, and **धु** to have, affix **चक्** । **धुरि** क्तः ।

**धुरा** f. (-रा) A burthen, a load. **धुर** to hurt, affixes **क्त** and **टाप्** ।

**धुरी** mfn. (-य-या-यं) Bearing, (as a burthen.) 2. Charged with, abounding with, (qualities, duties, &c.) **धुरी** m. (-यः) 1. A beast of burthen. 2. A man of business. **धुरा** a burthen, **धु** aff.

**धुरी** mfn. (-य-या-यं) 1. Fit for a load, suited to a burthen 2. Charged with important duties. **धुरी** m. (-यः) 1. A beast of burthen. 2. A man of business. **धुर** and **ड** aff.

**धुर्य** mfn. (-यः-य-यं) Fit for a burthen, adopted to it, &c. **धुर्य** m. (-यः) 1. A beast of burthen. 2. minister, a charged affairs. 3. A house.

**धुर** a burthen, **यत्** aff.

**धु** (र) क्ति r. 1st. cl. (धुवति) To kill or hurt : **भा.** प. सक. सेट् ।

**धु** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Bearing a load, a burthen. **धु** m. (-यः) 1. A beast of burthen. 2. A minister, a charged affairs. **धुर** and **व** who bears; also **धुराव** ।

**धु** f. (-का) The introductory stanza to a song, forming afterwards the burthen of each verse. (धुना) **धु** to agitate, **कुन्** Una'di aff.

**धु** m. (-नः) A title of AGNI. **धु** to agitate, affix **क्त** ।

**धु** n. (-यः) A sort of fan made of deer skin, and used especially to excite a sacrificial fire. **धु** to agitate, **इन्** affix also **चिन्**.

**धु** m. (-रः) Thorn apple, (Datura fastuosa :) see the next.

**धु** m. (-रः) Thorn apple, (Datura fastuosa :) **धु** to make handsome, affix **क्तिप्**, **धु** to be mischievous, affix **क्त**; elegant but deleterious : the vowels are also both made short, as **धुलुर**, or both remain long, as in **धुलूर** also written **धुलूर** ।

**धु** (धृ) (अ) धृञ् r. 5th cl. (धुनोति-धुनते) r. 6th cl. **धुवति** r. 9th cl. (धुनाति धुनते) r. 1st and 10th cls. **धुवति-ते-धावयति-ते-ने** or **धुनयति** To shake or agitate, to make tremble; with **चक्**, prefixed, 1. To abandon, to quit 2. To perceive. With **निक्** 1. To destroy. 2. To go or move. With **वि** to make tremble or agitate. **भा.** क्त्वा. खादि. उभ. सक. चणिट् । उभ. पचे तुदा. कु. पर. सक. सेट् ।

**धु** m. (-नः) 1. The air or wind. 2. A rogue, a cheat. 3. time. **धु** to agitate, **कन्** Una'di affix, and the vowel made long.

**धु** r. 1st cl. (धुचते) 1. To live. 3. To kindle. 3. To be disinterested.

**धु** mfn. (-त-ता-तं) 1. Shaken, agitated. 2. Reproached, reviled. 3. Abandoned, deserted. 4. Judged, discriminated. f. (-ता) A wife. **धु** to shake, &c. affix **क्त**; this root also forms **धुन** with the same aff.

**धु** mfn. (-य-या-यं) Pure, free from sin. **धु** shaken, पाप sin.

**धु** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Distressed by heat or thirst. 2. Shaken, agitated. **धु** to shake, affix **क्त**, form irr. **धु-क्त-खादि** तख-नः ।

**धु** m. (-नः) Resin; it is sometimes read **धुचक**.

**धु** n. (-नः) Shaking, agitating. **धु** to shake, affix **भावे** क्त्वाट्.

**धु** f. (-निः) Shaking, agitating. **धु** to agitate, affix **क्तिन्**, and **त** changed to **न**. **धुभावे** क्तिन्-खादि-तख नः ।

**धु** r. 1st cl. (धुपायति) To heat. r. 10th cl. (धुपयति-ते) 1. To speak. 2. To shine. **तापे** चक. **तापने** सक. **भा.** प. सेट् । **दीप्तो** धु. उभ. चक. **दीपने** सक. सेट् ।

**धु** m. (-यः) Incense, the aromatic vapour that proceeds from the combustion of any fragrant gum or resin, the use of which is authorized by scripture. **धु** to heat, affix **चक्**. **धुपयति** रोगान् दीपान् वा ।

**धु** m. (-नः) 1. Resin. 2. Incense. **धु** to heat, affix **क्त**.

**धु** m. (-यः) A species of pine, (Pinus longifolia.) **धु** incense or resin so used, and **वृक्ष** a tree; also with **कन्** added, **धुवचक**.

**धु** m. (-नः) Turpentine. **धु** **धुप**, and **चक** a part.

**धु** mfn. (-त-ता-तं) 1. Suffering pain or fatigue. 2. Incensed, perfumed with incense. **धु** (to heat, &c.) affix **क्त**, **चाय** inserted, or the passive form with the same aff. [form.

**धु** f. (-का) Mist, fog. **धु** incense, **कन्** affix of resemblance, fem.

**धु** mfn. (-त-ता-तं) 1. Suffering pain or fatigue. 2. Scented, perfumed, incensed. **धु** to heat, affix **क्त**.

**धु** m. (-नः) 1. Smoke. 2. Scent. **धु** to agitate, Una'di affix **क्त**.

**धु** m. (-नः) 1. Kā'tu, the personified descending node. 2. Fire or its deity. **धु** smoke, and **केतन** a symbol.

**धु** m. (-नः) 1. A comet or falling-star. 2. Fire. 3. The personified descending node. **धु** smoke, and **केतु** a mark or symbol.

**धु** m. (-नः) Fire. **धु** smoke, and **अज्ञ** a sign or symbol.

**धु** m. (-भा) A division of hell, the hell of smoke. **धु**, and **प्रभा** what shines.

**धु** m. (-नी) Fog, mist. **धु** smoke, **महिषी** a buffalo.

**धु** m. (-निः) A cloud. **धु** smoke, and **योनि** womb; what is engendered from smoke or vapour.

**धु** mfn. (-ल-ला-लं) Of a purple colour. **धु** m. (-लः) Purple, a colour compounded of black and red. **धु** smoke, and **ल** what is, being of the hue of smoke. **धु** लाति ला-क्त ।

**धु** m. (-निः) A cloud or quantity of smoke. **धु**, and **संज्ञ** collection.

**धु** f. (-नी) A cake of pulse steeped in water, and dried in the sun.

**धु** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Of the form or appearance of smoke. **धु**, and **चाकार** form.

**धु** mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Of a purple colour. **धु** m. (-मः) Purple. **धु** smoke, and **चाकार** resembling; of a smoky hue.

**धु** f. (-निः) A wreath or cloud of smoke. **धु**, and **चावलि** a line.

**धु** f. (-का) Fog, vapour. **धु** smoke, and **उक्** affix of resemblance.

**धुलीचा f. (-चा)** The wife of YAMA. **धुल smoke, and धुल wool ;** of a smoky hue, and woolly-headed, a Caffree, Proserpine.  
**धुलीचापति m. (-तिः)** YAMA, the ruler of the dead. **धुलीचा** as above, and **पति** husband.  
**धुल्या f. (-या)** A quantity of smoke. **धुल** with **य** affix, implying aggregation.  
**धुल्याट m. (-टः)** The fork-tailed shrike. **धुल्या** much smoke, and **चट** who goes, **धुल्या इव चटति चट् चप् ।**  
**धुल mfn. (-सः सा-सं)** Of a purple or smoky colour. **m. (-सः)** Purple, the colour ; a compound of red and black. **n. (-सं)** Sin, vice, wickedness. **धुल** smoke, **रा** to get, affix **क**, deriv. irr.  
**धुलक m. (-कः)** A camel. **धुल** smoky, **क** affix ; of a smoky or tawny hue. **धुल इव कायति कै-क ।**  
**धुललीचन m. (-नः)** A pigeon. **धुल** dark, **लीचन** the eye.  
**धुलरश्म mfn. (-रश्मः)** Of a purple colour. **धुल**, and **रश्** to shine, affix **किप्**.  
**धुलरश्म mfn. (-रश्मः-रश्मं)** Of a smoky hue. **m. (-रश्मः)** Incense. **f. (-रश्मः)** Flame, or one of the seven tongues of AGNI or fire. **धुल** smoky or purplish, and **रश्म** colour.  
**धुलाचि m. (-चिः)** A pearl of a bad colour. **धुल** smoky, **चि** an eye.  
**धुलाट m. (-टः)** The fork-tailed shrike. **धुल** smoky, and **चट** who goes.  
**धुलाम m. (-मः)** Air, wind. **धुल** smoky, **चाम** who shines.  
**धुलिका f. (-का)** The Sisū tree **धुल** added to **धुल**, fem. form.  
**धुलमान mfn. (-मः-ना नं)** Agitated, shaken. **धुल** to shake, pass. v. **मानच्** aff.  
**धुल (धुल) धुली r. 4th cl. (धुलते)** 1. To kill or hurt. 2. To move or approach. **धुल गती च दिवां चां सकं सेट् ।**  
**धुलटि m. (-टिः)** A name of SIVA. **धुल** a burthen, and **जटि** a collection, from **जट्** to collect, and **इन्** affix ; who collects or bears the burthen of the three worlds.  
**धुल mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Fraudulent, crafty, dishonest, knavish ; &c. 2. Mischievous, injurious. **m. (-तः)** 1. A gamestar. 2. A rogue, a cheat. 3. Thorn apple, (Dhatura.) **n. (-तं)** 1. Rust or iron filings. 2. Black salt. **धुल** to injure, Una'di affix **तन्**, deriv. irr. **धुल वा क ।**  
**धुलक m. (-कः)** 1. A jackal. 2. A cheat, a rogue, &c. **धुल** crafty, **क** added. **धुल इव इवायं कन् ।**  
**धुलकितव m. (-वः)** A gamester. **धुल**, and **कितव** a knave.  
**धुलकृन् mfn. (-कृन्)** Dishonest, a knave, a rogue, a cheat. **m. (-न्)** Thorn apple : see **धुल** **धुल** mischievous, and **कृन्** who acts.  
**धुलजन्तु m. (-न्तुः)** Man. **धुल** crafty, and **जन्तु** an animal ; the subtlest of all animals.  
**धुलता f. (-ता)** Knavery, roguery, knavishness. **धुल**, and **तल्** affix ; also with **ल**, **धुलल**.  
**धुलनचक्र m. (-चक्रः)** A party of rogues or gamblers. **धुल** a cheat, and **चक्र** a circle.  
**धुलनामुषा f. (-षा)** A plant : see **राक्षस**.  
**धुलर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं)** 1. Bearing a load or burthen. 2. Managing affairs. **m. (-रः)** A beast of burthen. **धुल** a burthen, and **र** bearing.  
**धुलरश्म mfn. (-रश्मः-रश्मं)** Bearing a load, who or what does so. 2. Managing affairs, **धुल**, and **रश्म** what bears.  
**धुली f. (-ली)** The fore part or pole of a carriage. **धुल** to injure, affix **यच्** and **लीच्**.  
**धुलक n. (-कः)** Poison.  
**धुल m. (-लिः-लिः-लो)** 1. Dust. 2. A number. **धुल** to agitate, affix **लिक्** वा **लीप्**.  
**धुलिका f. (-का)** Fog or mist. **धुल** dust, **क** affix of resemblance ; the dust of the atmosphere. **धुलिरिव कायति कै-क ।**  
**धुलिकुट्टिम n. (-मः)** A mound, a rampart. **धुल** dust or earth, and **कुट्टिम** prepared ground,

**धुलिकुट्टिम m. (-मः)** A mound, a rampart of earth. **धुल** dust, and **कुट्टिम** a field.  
**धुलिगुच्छ m. (-कः)** The red vegetable powder thrown about at the spring festival called the Ho'li. **धुल** dust, and **गुच्छ** a nose gay ; also **धुलिगुच्छ m. (-कः)**.  
**धुलिचक्र m. (-कः)** Air or wind. **धुल** dust, and **चक्र** sign or symbol.  
**धुलीकदम्ब m. (-म्बः)** 1. A species of the Kadamba tree, (Nauclea cordifolia.) 2. Tila, a plant. 3. A tree : see **वदम्ब** (Tapia cratæva.) **धुली** dust, and **कदम्ब** Kadamba, whose pollen perhaps resembles that of the Kadamba, or having a similar quantity of blossoms ; also with **कन्** added **धुलीकदम्बक** ; these words are also written with a short **र**, as **धुलिकदम्बक**.  
**धुलीपटल m. (-लः)** A cloud of dust. **धुल**, and **पटल** a heap.  
**धुल r. 10th cl. (धुलयति-ते)** To make splendid or elegant ; also **धुल**, and **धुल**. **धुरां धमं सकं सेट् ।**  
**धुल r. 10th cl. (धुलयति-ते)** to make splendid or elegant. **धुरां धमं सकं सेट् ।** also **धुल** and **धुल**.  
**धुल r. 10th cl. (धुलयति-ते)** To embellish, to make splendid or elegant.  
**धुलर mfn. (-रः-री-रं)** Grey, of that colour. **m. (-रः)** 1. Grey, (the colour.) 2. A jack ass. 3. An oilman. 4. A camel. 5. A pigeon. 6. Any thing of a grey tint. **f. (-री)** A female Kinnara or chorister of heaven. **धुल** to agitate (the mind,) **धुर** Unadi aff.  
**धुलरश्म f. (-रश्मः)** A plant commonly Swetara'soa. **धुल** grey, and **रश्म** a leaf, grey-leaved.  
**धुलर m. (-रः)** The thorn apple, (Dhatura metel and fastuosa.) **धुल** elegant, and **र** injurious : see **धुलर**.  
**धुल (धुल) धुल r. 1st cl. (धुलते)** To fall. **r. 6th cl. (धुलते)** 1. To continue, to remain. 2. To have or hold, (क) **धुल** r. 1st cl. (धुलते) To have or hold, to keep, to maintain. **r. 1st cl. (धुलते)** To sprinkle. **r. 10th cl. (धुलयति-ते)** To hold. With **चप** or **निर्** prefixed, To verify, to make sure or certain. **स्थिती चकं धुली सकं धमं ध्यां चनिट् । तदां चां चनिट् । धुरां धमं सकं सेट् ।**  
**धुल r. 1st cl. (धुलते)** also (धुल) **धुल r. 1st cl. (धुलते)** To go or move. **सा परं सकं सेट् । इदिन् च ।**  
**धुल mfn. (धुल)** Who has, holds, possesses, &c. **धुल** to have, **किप्** aff.  
**धुल mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** 1. Possessed, held, contained. 2. Cherished, supported. 3. Stood, stayed, standing. 4. Alighted, gone down. 5. Placed. 6. Considered, weighed. **धुल** to hold, and **क** aff.  
**धुलकाम्बुकेषु mfn. (-बुः-बुः-बुः)** Armed with bow and arrow. **धुल**, **काम्बु** bow, and **इषु** an arrow.  
**धुलपट mfn. (-टः-टा-टं)** Covered or overspread with a cloth, &c. **धुल** and **पट** a cloth.  
**धुलराष्ट्र m. (-ष्ट्रः)** A proper name ; DHURITARA'SHTRA, the father of DURYO'DHANA, and uncle of the Pan'd'u princes. 2. A good king. 3. A Na'ga' or serpent of the lower regions. 4. A kind of bird, perhaps a short of goose: see **चार्तराष्ट्र**. **f. (-री)** A goose, the female bird only. **धुल** possessed, cherished, (by whom,) **राष्ट्र** region.  
**धुलवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वन्)** 1. Held, was holding, 2. Having taken or conveyed. **धुल** to hold, **वन्** aff.  
**धुलवेति mfn. (-तिः-तिः-तिः)** Armed. **धुल**, and **वेति** a weapon.  
**धुलकम्ब mfn. (-कम्बः-कम्बः)** Firm, steady, calm, collected. **धुल**, and **कम्ब** self.  
**धुलकाम्बु mfn. (-कम्बः-कम्बः-कम्बः)** Full of water. **धुल**, and **काम्बु** water.  
**धुलि m. (-तिः)** Sacrifice, offering, religious rite or ceremony. **f. (-तिः)** Holding, having. 2. Steadiness, firmness. 3. One of the astrological Yogas. see **योग**. 4. Pleasure. 5. Satisfaction, content. Happiness. 7. A metre ; a stanza of four lines of eighteen syllables each. 8. The thirteenth Ma'trika' **धुल** to have &c. aff. **किन्**.

**वृत्तिन्** mfn. (-मात्-मत्-मत्) 1. Firm, steady, calm. 2. content **वृत्ति**, and **मत्** aff.  
**वृत्तिम्** mfn. (-मत्) Discomposing, agitating. **वृत्ति** firmness, and **मत्** what steals.  
**वृत्ति** m. (-त्ता) 1. Virtue, morality. 2. A Bra'hman. 3. The sea. 4. The sky. 5. A clever man 6. A name of VISHN'U. **वृत्** to hold, **वृत्ति** affix, **वृत्** augment.  
**वृत्त** f. (-त्त) The earth. **वृत्** to hold, **वृत्** affix, and **वृत्** augment.  
**वृत्ता** ind. Having taken or held. **वृत्**, and **वृत्ता** aff.  
**वृत्** r. 5th cl. (वि वा) विवृत्ता (वृत्ति) To be proud, to be confident or presumptuous. r. 1st and 10th cls. (वृत्ति वृत्ति) To overcome, to overbear, to resist impatiently, to be impatient. (वृत्) **वृत्** r. 1st cl. (वृत्ति) 1. To collect. 2. To hurt or kill. (वृत्) **वृत्** r. 10th cl. (वृत्ति) To neutralise, paralyse or make powerless. प्रागल्भ्ये स्ता. पं. चक्रं सेट् । संवृत्तौ चक्रं चिंसे सकं भ्यां पं. सेट् । क्रोधि चमिभवे च वा वृत्ता समं पचे भ्यां पं. सकं सेट् । सामर्थ्यवन्ने वृत्ता. चाक्रं चक्रं सेट् ।  
**वृत्** mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) 1. A clever man. 2. A proud one. 3. A heap. **वृत्** to be confident. Una'di affix **वृत्**.  
**वृत्** mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) 1. Impudent, confident, bold, shameless. 2. Forward, intrusive, presumptuous. 3. Secured, obtained. 4. Profligate, abandoned. m. (-वृ-) A faithless husband. f. (-वृ-) A disloyal or unchaste woman. **वृत्** to be confident, affix **वृत्** वेयात्वे क्त.  
**वृत्त** mfn. (-वृत्) Confident, impudent, shameless. **वृत्** to be confident नजिन् aff.  
**वृत्ति** m. (-वृत्ति) A ray of light. **वृत्** to be arrogant, नि aff.  
**वृत्त** mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्-वृत्) 1. Confident, bold. 2. Impudent, shameless f. (-वृत्) The branch of a bamboo. **वृत्** to be arrogant, affix **वृत्**.  
**वृत्** r. 9th cl. (वृत्ताति) To be or grow old.  
**वृत्** r. 1st cl. (वृत्) घट (वृत्ति) also (वृत्) घट् (वृत्ति) To drink. भ्यां पं. सकं चनिट् टिन् ।  
**वेन** m. (-नः) 1. The ocean. 2. A male river. f. (-ना) A river. **वे** to drink, Una'di affix नन्-इच् ; what is drunk.  
**वेनु** f. (-नुः) A milch cow, one that has lately calved. **वे** to drink, Una'di affix नु इच् । भयति सुतान्, पीयते पीयते वन्सेवा ।  
**वेनुक** m. (-कः) The name of an Asura or demon, killed by KRISHN'A. f. (-का) 1. A she-elephant. 2. A milch cow. **वे** वेनु a cow and कन् aff. वेनुरिव "इवे प्रतिष्ठती" पा-कन् ।  
**वेनुकवदन** m. (-नः) A name of KRISHN'A. **वे** वेनुक a demon, so called, and वदन the destroyer, also similar compounds, as वेनुकवृन्, वेनुकारि &c. सुदि-व्यु ।  
**वेनुकादुग्ध** n. (-ग्वं) 1. Cow's milk. 2. A plant: see चिर्मिट **वे** वेनुका and दुग्ध milk.  
**वेनुकारि** m. (-रिः) 1. KRISHN'A. 2. small tree, Nage'shwar. **वे** वेनुक, and कारि a foe.  
**वेनुया** f. (-या) A cow at the dairy or tied up to be milked. **वे** वेनु a milch cow, यत् affix, and वृत् augment.  
**वेय** mfn. (-य-या-य) 1. To be held. 2. Denominated, called. **वे** वा to have, यत् aff.  
**वेनुक** n. (-कं) A herd of milch cows. **वे** वेनुका a milch cow, and वृत् aff.  
**वेय** n. (-यं) Steadiness, firmness. **वे** वेनु firm. चच् aff.  
**वेयकलित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Steady, calm, assuming firmness or composure **वे** वेय and कलित made.  
**वेत** m. (-तः) The sixth note of the gamut. **वे** वेनी intellect, deriv. irr.  
**वोड** m. (-डः) A sort of snake, commonly called Dhaur'a, a kind of water-snake. **वृ** to make tremble, ड aff.  
**वोर** (च) वोरिच् r. 1st cl. (वोरति) To move well, to be quick or alert, or to have good paces. गतौ सकं वातुये चक्रं भ्यां पं. सेट् ।  
**वोर** n. (-च) 1. A vehicle in general, any means of conveyance, as a horse, an elephant, a car, &c. A horse's trot. 2. Going well or quickly. **वोर** to move well or quickly, affix वोरवे भावे वा वृत् ।

**वोरिच** f. (-चिः) Tradition. **वोर** to proceed, affix चनि.  
**वोरित** n. (-त्तं) A horse's trot. **वोर** to go well, affix भावे क्त ; also with कन् added, वोरितक n. (-कं) and with चच् again added, वोरितक.  
**वोत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Washed, cleaned, purified. 2. Bright and shining. 3. White. n. (-त्तं) Silver. **वो** वाच् to make clean, affix क्त.  
**वोतकट** m. (-टः) A bag of coarse cloth, a sack. **वो** वीत washed and कट mat.  
**वोतकीवज** n. (-ज) Bleached or wild silk. **वो** वीत pure or washed, कीव the cocoon, and वज boru.  
**वोतकीमेय** n. (-यं) Bleached or wild silk. **वो** वीत pure or washed, कीव a cocoon, and वज aff.  
**वोतमिन्न** n. (-मं) Crystal. **वो** वीत pure, मिन्ना a stone.  
**वोमक** m. (-कः) The name of a district. **वो** वूम smoke, वृच् aff.  
**वोरितक** n. (-कं) A horse's trot: see वोरितक.  
**वोरिय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Fit for burthen, capable of taking or bearing it, (either a vehicle or a beast. &c.) m. (-यः) 1. A beast of burthen. 2. A horse. **वो** वूर् a burthen, वृच् aff.  
**वोरितक** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Belonging to a cheat, knavish, fraudulent &c. n. (-कं) Fraud, dishonesty. **वो** वूर् cheat, वृच् aff.  
**वोय** n. (-यं) A horse's trot. **वो** वोर to go well, affix वृत्.  
**वार** r. 1st cl. (ववति) 1. To blow, as a wind instrument, to produce sound by blowing. 2. To blow a fire, to excite fire by blowing. 3. To apply fire. 4. To excite sparks. चयिसंयुती दीर्घासवेगुके वृच्-मैदे चक्रं तादृशमन्नेन वादने सकं भ्यां पं. चनिट् ।  
**वाकार** m. (-रः) A blacksmith. **वा** वा blowing, from वा to blow, affix कर्तरि चच् and कार who makes.  
**वाच** (र) r. 1st cl. (वाचति) 1. To desire. 2. To crow or caw: see वाच and वाच । वाकाङ्क्षि सकं, वोररवे चक्रं, भ्यां पं. सेट्, इदिन् ।  
**वाच** m. (-चः) 1. Any aquatic bird. 2. A crow, &c. **वा** वाच् to crow or caw, चच् affix; more usually read वाङ्, q. v. also read वाच ।  
**वात** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Inflamed, excited. 2. Blown into or up, inflated. 3. Blown by a bellows, (a fire, &c.) **वा** वा to blow, &c. affix क्त.  
**वातन्** m. (-ना) 1. Measure 2. Light. 3. Meditation. **वा** वा to blow or breathe, Una'di affix ननिन् ।  
**वायमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Being melted or refined. 2. Being inflated. **वा** वा to blow, मानच् aff.  
**व्यात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Thought, meditated. **वो** व्ये to meditate affix क्त.  
**व्यातव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be thought or reflected upon. **वो** व्ये to think, तव्य aff.  
**व्यान** n. (-नं) 1. Meditation, reflection, but especially that profound and abstract consideration which brings its object fully and undisturbedly before the mind. 2. Mental representation of the personal attributes of the divinity to whom worship is addressed. **वो** व्ये to meditate, affix भावे वृत् ।  
**व्यानयोग** n. (-यं) The performance of religious abstraction. **वो** व्यान meditation, &c. योग a religious observance. व्यानमेव योगः ।  
**व्यानपर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Meditating, reflecting. **वो** व्यान, and पर engaged in.  
**व्यानतत्पर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Reflecting. **वो** व्यान, and तत्पर absorbed in.  
**व्यानीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be meditated upon. **वो** व्ये to think, and चनीयर् aff.  
**व्यान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Black. n. (-नं) 1. A fragrant grass. 2. A plant, (Artemisia.) **वो** व्ये to think, कर्मणि मन् aff. गन्धर्वे, नदनहवे, रीतिव-दवेच ।  
**व्यानन्** n. (-नं) Meditation. m. (-ना) Measure. **वो** व्ये to meditate, and नाने ननिन् aff.  
**व्यानमूर्धन** mfn. (-नः-जा-जं) Having dishevelled hair. [वृच् aff.  
**व्यायत्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Thinking of, meditating upon. **वो** व्ये to think, व्येय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be meditated or pondered. **वो** व्ये to meditate, कर्मणि यत् aff.



अस् १. 1st cl. (आयति) To recollect, to call to mind, to meditate, to think; with the preposition नि, to see, to look, to look out for. भा० प० सक० चनिट् ।

अस् २. 1st cl. (अजति) To go; also (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अजति) To go or move. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।

अस् ३. 1st cl. (अवति) To sound, as a drum or other instrument. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।

अस् ४. 1st cl. (अवति) To throw or toss up. (अ) उवस् २. 9th cl. (अवति) To glean: the root is by some authorities read उवस् । चुरा० उभ० सक० सेट् । कथञ्च वादाने क्यदि० पर० सक० सेट् ।

अस् (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. To utter the sound of birds or to crow, caw, &c. 2. To desire: see अस् भा० प० सक० सेट् इदिट् ।

अस् (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. To be dry or arid. 2. To adorn. 3. To suffice, to be able or competent. 4. To refuse, to prevent. भा० प० सक० सेट् । [सेट् ।

अस् २. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) To be able or competent. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) A whirlwind, a gale. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) To go, गती वा भावे इन् Una'di affix, and the radical vowel made long.

अस् (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) To divide, to split, to cut or pierce. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) gathering flowers. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) to divide, affix इन् ।

अस् ४. 1st cl. (अवति) To go or move. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।

अस् ५. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. Being held or sustained. 2. Being withheld, checked, suppressed, &c. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) to hold, passive v. अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) १. To be firm or fixed. 2. To go or move. गती भा० प० सक० सेट् । तदा० क० प० सक० सेट् । स्वीयं चक० संपद्ये चक० ।

अस् २. 6th cl. (अवति) 1. To stand, firm. 2. To go or move. अस् २. 6th cl. (अवति) १. External. 2. Fixed, stable, firm. 3. Continual, permanent. 4. Certain, ascertained. 5. Spread, extended, m. (-वः) 1. A name of BRAMHA. 2. Siva. 3. VISHN'U. 4. The polar star or north pole itself; in mythology, personified by DHRUVA, the son of UTTA'NAPA'DA, and grandson of the first MANU. 5. The pole of any great circle, particularly either of the celestial poles. 6. (In Astronomy,) The distance of a planet from the beginning of the sidereal zodiac. 7. Any epoch to which a computation of dates is referred. 8. One of the demi gods called VASUS. 9. The trunk of a lopped tree. 10. The Indian fig tree, (Ficus Indica.) 11. One of the twenty-seven astronomical Yo'gas, or the Yo'ga star of the twelfth lunar asterism, supposed to be Leonis. 12. A sort of bird: see अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) १. Ascertainment, certainty. 2. Logic, reasoning, discussion. 3. Heaven. f. (-वः) 1. A sacrificial vase made in the shape of the Indian fig leaf, and of the wood of the Flacourtia sapida. 2. A plant, (Hedysarum gangeticum.) 3. A small tree from the fibres of which bow strings are made: see सूत्रा. 4. The introductory stanza of a song: it is distinct from the verses of the song, after each of which it is again repeated as a burden or chorus. 5. A virtuous woman. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) to be fixed affix अस् ।

अस् ३. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. The trunk of a lopped tree. 2. Longitude. f. (-वः) The introductory stanza and burden of a song: see सूत्रा ३. कन् added to the preceding.

अस् ४. 6th cl. (अवति) 1. To be firm, to stand fast. 2. To go or move.

अस् (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. To sound. 2. To grow or increase. 3. To be exhilarated or elevated with joy. 4. To manifest elevation or hilarity by noise. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।

अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) To be satisfied or pleased. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. Firmness, fixedness. 2. Duration. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) and अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) aff.

अस् (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. To fall down. 2. To reduce to powder. 3. To go.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) Loss, destruction. f. (-वः) A mote in a sun-beam. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) to fall, affix अस् चक् ।

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. Perishing, dying. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Going. Falling. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) to fall down, affix भावे ल्युट् । चिच्-ल्युट् ।

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. Lost, destroyed. 2. Vexed, incensed. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) fall down, क् aff.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. Destructive, destroying, 2. Suffering: perishing. m. (-वः) A Pulu tree, said to grow in mountainous tracts. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) to fall, and चिच् aff.

अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) also (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) To go, to m. भा० प० सक० सेट् ।

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. A flag or banner. 2. A mark, a sign or symbol. 3. The penis. 4. The upper part of a skull carried on a stick a penance for the murder of a Bra'hman. 5. A house situated to the east of any object. 6. A flag-staff. 7. (In Prosody,) An I. bio. m. (-वः) 1. A distiller. 2. Pride. 3. Hypocrisy, fraud. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) to go, affix अस् ।

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) The palm tree. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) a banner, द्रुम a tree.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) Air or wind. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) a flag, and प्रहरण who seizes

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. Impotence. 2. Fracture or fall of a banner ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) and भङ्ग breaking.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) Having a mark or sign. m. (-वः) 1. An sign, a standard-bearer. 2. A distiller, a vender of spirituous liqu. 3. A Bra'hman who having slain another carries the skull of murdered man with him to places of pilgrimage by way of p. ance. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) as above, सत्प. affs.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) Bearing or displaying ensigns. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) and राज् to shine, चिच् aff.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) A flag. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) aud चयुक् a cloth.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) Having a flag or sign, &c. m. (-वः) 1. Bra'hman. 2. A mountain. 3. A car or carriage. 4. A snake. 5. horse. 6. A peacock. 7. A distiller or vender of spirituous liqu. 8. A standard bearer. 9. An armiger, one having an emblem sign. f. (-वः) An army. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) symbol, इच् aff.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. Raising a standard. 2. Taking an emblem &c. Making any thing a plea or setting up as a claim or right. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) and करण making, चिच् augment.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) The twelfth day of the light half of Bha'dra, a festi in honour of INDRA. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) a flag, and उत्थान elevating.

अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) To sound. भा० प० सक० पर० सेट् ।

अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) १. 10th cl. (अवति) To sound. भा० प० सक० सेट् । चद-चुरा० उभ० सक० सेट् ।

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) Sound ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) to sound, अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) : see अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) ।

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) Sounding, making a noise. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) sou. श्रट् aff.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) The humble bee. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) sound, and मोदिन् w. delights.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) Sounding, resounding, echoing with. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) to sound, श्रट् aff.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. Sound. 2. Figurative or poetical style. 3. The sou of a drum. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) to sound, इन् aff.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. The ear. 2. Hearing. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) sound, यच् t. recipient.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. Sounded, making a noise, as a drum, &c. Poetical, figurative, rhetorically expressed. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) to sou. affix क् ।

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. The Vina or lute. 2. A pipe, a fife. 3. A sort trumpet. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) sound, and नादा hollow tube.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) Change of voice, through fear, grief, &c. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) sound, विकार change.

अस् ३. (अ) अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) 1. Fallen, 2. Destroyed, perished, lost. ३ अस् २. 1st cl. (अवति) fall, affix कर्त्तरि क् ।

- (र) आचि r. 1st cl. (आचि) 1. To utter a cry peculiar to birds, as to croak, caw, &c. 2. To desire. आ० प० सक० सेट० इदिन् ।  
 आकु m. (-कुः) 1. Any aquatic bird, as a crane, a gull, &c. feeding upon fish. 2. crow. 3. One of the Na'gas. 4. A beggar. f. (-कुने) 1. A drug : see काकीली. 2. A female imp or fiend. E. आकु to cry, affix च् ; it and its derivatives, may also be read आच, &c.  
 आकुपट m. (-टः) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. E. आकु a crow, and पुट fostered.  
 आकुवादिन् mfn. (-दी-विनी-वि) Having a voice like a crow. E. आकु a crow, and रव sound, affix विनि.  
 आकुवाति m. (-तिः) An owl. E. आकु a crow, and वराति an enemy.  
 आकुली f. (-ली) A medicinal plant : see काकीली.  
 आन m. (-नः) Sound in general E. अन् to sound, भावे चच् aff.  
 आन n. (-नः) Darkness. E. अन् to sound, क् affix deriv. irr.  
 आनविष m. (-सः) The fire-fly. E. आन darkness, and विष wealth.  
 आनश्राव m. (-वः) 1. A sort of Cassia, (C. fistula) 2. The sun or any luminous body. E. आन darkness, and श्राव aversa to.  
 आनाराति m. (-तिः) The sun or any luminous body. E. आन darkness, and वराति an enemy.  
 आनीलेष m. (-षः) The fire-fly. E. आन darkness, and उन्नेष twinkling.  
 अ० r. 1st cl. (अरति) 1. To bend, to make crooked. 2. To kill. 3. To describe. भा० पर० चक० चनिट् ।

## न

- n The twentieth consonant of the Deva Na'gri Alpha'bet, corresponding with the letter N.  
 न mfn. (नः-ना-नः) 1. Thin, spare. 2. Vacant, empty. 3. Identical, same, like. 4. Unvexed, unwearied 5. Undivided, unbroken. m. (नः) 1. A Baudd'ha, a follower of Budd'ha. 2. Binding, tying. 3. One who is praised. 4. A name of GANESA. 5. War. 6. Giving, a gift. 7. Good, welfare, prosperity. 8. A jewel. f. (नः) 1. The navel. 2. A musical instrument. 3. Knowledge. ind. 1. No, not, a particle of prohibition. 2. A particle of comparison. 3. A particle of negation, annihilation, &c. E. नी to obtain, or नच् to bind, &c. ड aff.  
 नः mfn. (-हः-हः) Small-nosed. E. नस् the nose, लुह small.  
 नः mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Injurious, destructive. E. नश् to destroy, युक्त् Unā'di affix and नुन् inserted.  
 नः mfn. (-हः-हः-हः) An injurious, destructive. नश् to destroy, affix हच् and नुन् inserted.  
 नः n. (-टः) The nose.  
 नकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लः) Disgraced, rejected from a family or race. m. (-लः) 1. The Bengal mungoose, (Viverra ichneumon) 2. A proper name, NAKULA, the fourth of the five Pa'n'du princes. 3. A son. 4. A name of SIVA. f. (-ली) 1. Silk cotton tree, 2. Indian spike-nard. 3. A sort of perfume : see शङ्खिनी. Saffron. 4. The letter ह as used in the Tantras. E. न not, कुल race or heap, fem. affix लीच्.  
 नकुल m. (-यः) 1. A Bhairava, an attendant on or emanation from SIVA. 2. The letter ह as used mystically in Tantras. E. नकुल, and ईश master.  
 नकुल f. (-हः) A plant : see राखा. E. नकुल an ichneumon, and इह wished ; the mungoose, if wounded in a conflict with a poisonous snake, is supposed to prevent the effects of the venom by the use of this plant ; also नकुलेहका.

- नख r. 10th cl. (नखयति-ने) To destroy or annihilate. चुरा० डम० सक० सेट्.  
 नख n. (-कः) Night. E. नज् to be ashamed, क् aff.  
 नखक m. (-कः) 1. Dirty or ragged cloth. 2 A rag, a wiper, a handkerchief, &c. E. नज् to be ashamed or modest, affix तन् and कन् added ; also लकक.  
 नखचक्रिन् mfn. (-री-रिषी-रि) Going or moving about at night. m. (-री) 1. A cat. 2. An owl. 3. A goblin. 4. A thief. E. नज् by night, चर् to go, चिनि aff.  
 नखचर mfn. (-रः-रो-रः) Going at night. m. (-रः) 1. A goblin, a demon. 2. A tree, the Bdellium tree : see गुग्गुलु. 3. An owl, 4. A thief. E. नज् by night, and चर who goes. नज् रात्री चरति चर-ट् ।  
 नखमीजन n. (-जः) Supper. E. नज् night, भोजन food.  
 नखन् ind. By night, at night. E. नज् to be ashamed, तनिन् aff.  
 नखमाल m. (-लः) A tree, (Galedupa arborea, Rox.) E. नज् by night, चल् to ornament, चाङ् prefix and चच् affix ; blossoming at night. करञ् इच् । नजम् या चलति चल्-चच् ।  
 नखमुखा f. (-खा) Night. E. नजम् by night, उल् to produce, affix क् । नखमृताङ्गः मुखमाद्यभागीः ।  
 नखमृत् n. (-सः) 1. Fasting by day and eating at night. E. नज् and मृत् row. 2. The upper timber of a door-frame. nf. (-कः-का) The nose. f. (का) A string of bees or wasps m. (-कः) A crocodile. E. न not, कम् to go affix ड. न कामति दूरस्थानम् ।  
 नखराज m. (-राट्) or नखराज m. (-जः) A shark, but applied also differently : see राट्. E. नज् a crocodile, and राज् or राज king.  
 नखन n. (-नः) 1. A star in general. 2. An asterism in the moon's path or lunar mansion, of which twenty-eight, distinct in name, figure, and number of stars, are enumerated ; the Paurāṇic and popular enumeration of those constellations is twenty-seven ; Abhijit, the twenty-eighth, being considered as formed of portions of the two contiguous asterisms, and not distinct from them 2. A pearl. E. नच् to go, Unā'di, affix चन् or चद् Sautra root, to injure, or चर् to drop, or ची to waste or decay, with the negative prefix, and हन् affix ; deriv. irr. न चोयते चरते वा ।  
 नखचक्र n. (-कः) 1. A particular diagram for astrological calculations 2. The lunar asterisms collectively. E. नख and चक्र a circle.  
 नखचनेमि m. (-निः) 1. The moon. 2. The pole-star. 3. VISHNU. f. (-निः) The last of the asterisms, Revati, containing thirty-two stars. E. नख a star, and नेमि circumference.  
 नखचप m. (-पः) The moon. E. नख and च who cherishes.  
 नखचमाला f. (-ला) 1. A necklace containing twenty-seven pearls. 2. The table of the asterisms in the moon's path. 3. A kind of dance. E. नख a constellation, and माला a garland.  
 नखचेश m. (-शः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. E. नख an asterism, and ईश lord.  
 नख r. 1st cl. (नखति) To move भा० पर० सक० सेट् ।  
 नख inf. (-खः-खी) A finger nail. m. (खः) A part, a portion. nf. (-खः-खी) A perfume, a dried substance, of a brown colour, and of the shape of a nail ; apparently, a dried shell-fish, used as a perfume. f. (-खी) A vegetable perfume, different from the one above, though known by the same name, NAK'h'i. E. न privative, ख sense ; or नच् to bind ख Unā'di affix, the radical ह rejected. नखम् हिदम् चन् ।  
 नखकुट m. (-टः) A barber. E. नख a nail, and कुट who cuts, (barbers in India trim the nails, नख कुटति कुट-हेदे चण् डप० स० ।  
 नखखादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Who or what eats with nails or talous. E. नख, and खादिन् eating.  
 नखदारण m. (-यः) A falcon. E. नख a nail, and दारण tearing. [mark.  
 नखपद n. (-पदः) A scratch, the mark of a finger nail. E. नख, and पद a  
 नखभिन्न mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नः) Torn, or torn off with a nail. E. नख, and भिन्न divided.

नखमुच m. (-चः) A bow. E. नख a nail, मुच् to let loose, क aff.   
 नखम्वच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) What scalds the nail. E. नख, and वच् to cook, खश् aff. मुच् च ।   
 नखर m. (-रः) A finger nail. f. (-री) A perfume; see नखी. E. न net, खन् to go, and डर affix; or नख a nail, रा to go or be, affix ड. or नखं राति-रा + क ।   
 नखरञ्जनी f. (-नी) A nail-parer. E. नख. and रञ्जनी beautifying.   
 नखरायुध m. (-धः) 1. A lion. 2. Any beast of prey. 3. A cock. E. नखर a nail, आयुध a weapon.   
 नखलेखा f. (-खा) A scratch E. नख. and लेखा a line.   
 नखविलेख m. (-खः) A scratch. E. नख, and विलेखा a mark.   
 नखविक्षिर mfn. (-रः रा र) What tears or rends, (as a bird of prey, &c.) E. नख, and विक्षिर what scatters.   
 नखव्रण n. (-वः) A scratch. E. नख, and व्रण a wound.   
 नखशङ्ख m. (-ङ्गः) A small shell. E. नख a nail, शङ्ख a shell, one as small as a nail.   
 नखायु m. (-युः) Elegance of the finger nails. E. नख, and आयु a ray.   
 नखाङ्क m. (-ङ्कः) 1. A scratch, a mark of the nail. 2. A sort of perfume. E. नख a nail, and अङ्क a mark.   
 नखायुध m. (-धः) 1. A tiger. 2. A lion. 3. A cock. 4. Any beast or bird having talons. E. नख, and आयुध a weapon.   
 नखालि m. (-लिः) A small. E. नख a nail, and अलि a line; also नखालिका   
 नखाशिनू m. (-श्री) An owl. E. नख a nail, and अशिनू who eats, using its claws in feeding.   
 नखिन् mfn. (-खी-खिनी-खि) Nailed, clawed, having nails or talons. E. नख, and इनि aff.   
 नग m. (-गः) 1. mountain. 2. A tree. E. न not, गन् to go, affix ड, immoveable; or दग् to burn, Una di affix ग, ड rejected, and द changed to न.   
 नगज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Mountain, mountaineer. m. (-जः) An elephant. E. नग a mountain, and ज born.   
 नगणा f. (-णा) Heart pea, (*Cordiospermum halimifolium*.)   
 नगनन्दिनी f. (-नी) The goddess DURGĀ. E. नग mountain, and नन्दिनी a daughter, being in one of her characters the daughter of Hima-laya, the snowy mountain personified.   
 नगपति m. (-तिः) Him'ālaya, the personified range of snowy mountains dividing India from Ta'ra'ry, &c. E. नग mountain, and पति lord.   
 नगभिद् m. (-द्वोर-न्) 1. A plant, (*Plectranthus scutellaroides*.) 2. An axe, a crow. 3. INDRA. E. नग, and भिद्, what breaks. नगं भिनत्ति भिद्-क्षिप-इत् ० स ।   
 नगभू mfn. (-भूः-भूः-भू) Mountain, mountaineer. E. नग, and भू born. नगे भवति-भू-क्षिप् ० तत् ० स ।   
 नगमूर्ध्नि m. (-र्ध्नि) The crest or brow of a mountain. E. नग, and मूर्ध्नि forehead.   
 नगर nf. (-र-री) A town, a city. E. नग a tree, or according to some, a mountain, रश् affix; having trees or houses like mountains. नगा इव प्रासादाः सन्ति अत्र वा ० र ।   
 नगरघात m. (-तः) An elephant. E. नगर a city, and घात who destroys or subverts. नगरं हन्ति घनमुद्य कर्तुं कल्पेन टकं बाधित्वा अण् उप ० स । इति घन-भावे घञ्, इत् ० । नगरस्थलीकस्य घनने च ।   
 नगरजन m. (-जः) Towns-folk, citizen. E. नगर, and जन people.   
 नगरस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थ) City, citizen. E. नगर, and स्थ who or what stays.   
 नगरस्रष्टिणी f. (-णी) A species of the Anushtubh metre.   
 नगरीवक m. (-कः) A crow. E. नगरी, and वक a crane, the town-crane.   
 नगरीपाल n. (-पः) Suburb, skirts of the town E. नग, and पाल vicinity.   
 नगरीवधि (वी) f. (-धिः) The plantain. E. नगर a city, and वधि a medica-ment.   
 नगाटन m. (-नः) A monkey. E. नग a mountain, अट् to go, affix ख् ट्.   
 नगाधिप m. (-पः) Hima'laya; see नगपति. E. नग a mountain, and अधिप a lord; also नगाधिराज, &c.

नगाश्रय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Living in or frequenting mountains. E. नग, a नाश्रय abode. इति कन्दर्पे, पर्वतवासिनि ।   
 नगीच्छाय n. (-यः) The elevation of a mountain. E. नग and उच्छाय high   
 नगीकच m. (-काः) 1. A bird in general 2. A lion 3. A fabulous animal see श्रम. 4. A crow. E. नग a tree, a mountain, and नीकच a house or dwelling.   
 नग mfn. (-घः-घा-घं) Naked. m. (-घः) 1. A naked mendicant, 2. Baud'dha. 3. A bard. f. (-घा) A naked woman. E. नज् to be hamed, affix कर्त्तरि क्त.   
 नगक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Naked. E. कन् added to the last.   
 नगजित् m. (-जित्) The name of a king, father of one of KRISH'NA's wiv E. नग Baud'dha, and जित् who conquers.   
 नगत्व n. (-त्वं) Nudity, nakedness. E. त्व added to नग; also with तत् नगता.   
 नगधू m. (-धूः-धु) Ferment, a drug used to throw the mixture of spirituous liquor into fermentation. E. नग naked, and धू to cal affix क्षिप्, what is called for by the bare-faced, shameless, &c.   
 नगाट m. (-टः) 1. A naked man, but especially a kind of religious mendicant, who wanders about without clothes. 2. A Baud'dha. 3. Jain. E. नग naked, and अट who goes; also with कन् added नगाटन नग एव अटति अट-अच् खाये क अट-खुल् वा ।   
 नगिका f. (-का) 1. A girl before menstruation or about ten years old 2. A naked woman. E. नग naked, संज्ञाय कन् added: and the fem from, see नगक ।   
 नगीकरण n. (-चं) Stripping, undressing. E. नग, and करण making, इत् augment.   
 नगीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Undressed, stripped, naked. E. नग, and क्त made, चि aff.   
 नज (नो ई) चीनजी r. 6th cl. (नजते) also (र, ची) (चीनजि) r. 1st cl. (नजते) To be ashamed, to be modest or bashful. गुदां चां चकं सेट् भा इदिच् च ।   
 नज् ind. A particle of negation, prohibition, &c. (no, not :) see च and न ।   
 नट r. 1st and 10th cls. (नटति नाटयति-ने) 1. To dance, to dance as an actor, to act 2. To drop or fall. 3. To shake, to move slightly. 4. To injure. 5. To shine. भा ० पं चुरा ० उभ ० चक ० सेट् ।   
 नट m. (-टः) 1. A dancer, a mime, an actor, a Nata, &c. in modern times in caste, the son of a degraded Kshetriya by a woman of the second caste. 4. A sort of reed, (*Arundo tibialis*, or latterly called A. karka, Roxburgh's Catalogue;) also नड and नल. 5. A subordinate mode of music. f. (-ट) A sort of shrub, (*Cassalpinia bonducoella*.) f. (-टी) 1. A medicinal plant; see नली. 2. A whore. 3. A Nautob-girl, a dancer, an actress. 2. Red arsenic; see नली. 5. A Ra'gini. नट् to dance, affixे चच्, and टाप् or डीच्; otherwise, नज् to destroy Un'adi affix अट्, &c.   
 नटन n. (-नं) The art or act of dancing, pantomime, &c. E. नट् to dance affix भावे ल्युट् ।   
 नटनारायण m. (-यः) A Ra'ga or mode of music, according to some, the sixth, or to others, a subdivision of Di'paka or of Me'gha. E. नट and नारायण VISHN'U: the supreme with dancers, &c.   
 नटपथं n. (-चं) Skin.   
 नटपतिका f. (-का) The egg-plant (*Solanum melongena*.)   
 नटमण्डन m. (-नः) Yellow orpiment. E. नट an actor, and मण्डन adorning; dying theatrical raiment. नटं नटयति-मण्डि-खु इति तासि ।   
 नटवर m. (-रः) A chief dancer or actor. E. नट, and वर best.   
 नटसंज्ञक m. (-कः) 1. Yellow orpiment, 2. An actor, a dancer, &c. E. नट an actor, संज्ञा a name, affix कन् । गीदनाख्य इति तासि ।   
 नटश्रेष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) A chief or excellent dancer or actor. E. नट, and श्रेष्ठ best.   
 नटानिका f. (-का) Shame, modesty, E. नट dancing, and नल destroying, affixे कन् and टाप्; it is also read नटानिका ।

नट्टर m. (-रः) A name of SIVA, २. नट a dancer, and नट्टर a deity, the god of the dancers.

नट् १. 1st cl. (नटति) To be thick or impervious. २. 10th cl. (नाटयति-ते) To fall off or from, नट्ते आ० प० चुरा० उभ० चक्ष० सेट ।

नट् (स) m. (-रः-रः) 1. A sort of reed, (Arundo tibialis, or karka;) also नट्. 2. A particular tribe whose employment is making a sort of glass bracelets. ३. नट् to be thick, affix चक्ष् । नल नट्ते चक्ष् वा उल्ल-लः ।

नट्कोय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Abounding in reeds, (a field, &c.) ३. नट् a reed, च affix, and कुञ् augment.

नट्प्राय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Abounding in reeds. ३. नट्, and प्राय 'abundance'.

नट् (स) लीन m. (-नः) A small fish, a kind of sprat haunting reedy places. ३. नट् a reed, and लीन a fish. "चिक्की" सत्त्वे ।

नट्पुच्छति f. (-तिः) A quantity of reeds. ३. नट्, and पुच्छति assemblage; also any analogous compound.

नट्पु mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Lovely, beautiful, desirable. ३. नट् here said to be mental anxiety, derived form नट् to fall off or from, चक्ष् to destroy, affix च ।

नटा f. (-या) A quantity of reed. ३. नट् a reed, affix यत्.

नट्पु mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Reedy, abounding in reeds. ३. नट्, and यत् aff.

नट्पु mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Reedy, abounding in reeds. ३. नट्, and यत् aff.

नट्पु i. (-भूः) A house or hut of reeds. ३. नट्, and भू being, with चाङ् prefixed.

नट् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Bent, bowed, reclining. 2. Crooked, curved. n. (-यं) 1. The arc or distance of any planet from the Zenith. 3. A plant or its root: see नट् and नट्पु. ३. नट् to bow or bend, affix कर्त्तरि-क्त ।

नट्पुच्छिका f. (-का) Any hour of birth, after moon or before midnight. ३. नट्, and नाटिका a period of twenty-four minutes.

नट्पुच्छिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Flat-nosed, ३. नट् bowed, and नाटिका the nose.

नट्पुच्छ m. (-नः) (In Astronomy,) Zenith distance. ३. नट् and भाग a part.

नट्पु mfn. (-भूः-भू-भु) Frowning. ३. नट्, and भू the brow.

नट्पुच्छ mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Down-faced, looking down. ३. नट्, and मुख the face.

नट्पुच्छन् mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Looking down, hanging down the head. ३. नट्, मुखन् the forehead.

नट्पुच्छ n. (-यं) Zenith distance, (in Astronomy.) ३. नट्, and चक्ष् a degree.

नट्पुच्छ mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Bent, curved, bowed, stooping. f. (-यः) A woman ३. नट्, and चक्ष् the body.

नटि f. (-तिः) 1. Bending, bowing, stooping. 2. Curvature, crookedness. ३. नट् to bow, भावे क्तिन् aff.

नट्पु m. (-यः) A gallinule.

नट् १. 1st and 10th cls. (नटति, नाटयति-ते) 1. To speak or emit sound. 2. To shine: see चक्ष् With चि and चक्ष्, To fill with noise or sound;

(इ च.) दुनदि १. 1st cl. (नटति) 1. To thrive, to be prosperous, 2. (Usually with चाङ् prefixed,) To be happy, to be pleased or delighted. With चक्ष् prefixed, 1. To wish for. 2. To acknowledge or confess. With प्रति, To be thankful. आ० प० चक्ष० सेट इति । चुरा० ।

नट् m. (-रः) A river, applied only to one of which the personification is male, as the Bramhaputra, Sone, Indus, &c. f. (-रः) A river in general; the common personification of rivers being female ३. नट् to sound, अङ्गि चक्ष्, fem, affix लीप् ।

नट्पु mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Sounding, making a sound. ३. नट् to sound, चक्ष् aff.

नट्पुदीपति m. (-तिः) The sea, ३. नट्, and नदी, and पति lord.

नट्पु m. (-यः) 1. A cloud. 2. A lion. ३. नट् to sound, चक्ष् Una'di aff.

नट्पु m. (-यः) 1. The ocean. 2. A sort of tree, (Barringtonia acutangula;) see चिक्की. 3. A small tree, (Vitex negundo.) f. (-का) 1.

A creeper. 2. The rose apple, (Eugenia jambu.) 3. A shrub, (Lsea hirta.) ३. नदी a river, चक्ष् loved.

नदीकूल n. (-यः) The bank or shore of a river. ३. नदी a river, कूल a bank. नदीकूलप्रिय m. (-यः) A short of reed, (Calamus rotang.) ३. नदीकूल a river bank, and प्रिय fond of; growing on The banks of rivers. जलवेतसे जटाच० ।

नदीज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Aquatic, water-born. n. (-जं) 1. Antimony. 2. A lotus. m. (जः) 1. A sort of tree, (Pentaptera arjuna) 2. The marshy date tree. 3. A name of BHISHMA. ३. नदी a river, and ज born. चक्ष् नट्ते, यामनाल जरे, चिक्कीनट्ते भीमो च ।

नदीज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) One who knows the course of rivers, &c. ३. नदी, and ज who knows.

नदीतरस्त्रान n. (-नं) A Gha't, a landing place, a ferry. ३. नदी a river, तर crossing, and स्त्रान place; also नदीतरस्त्रान.

नदीतीर n. (-रः) The bank of a river. ३. नदी, and तीर a bank.

नदीन m. (-नः) 1. The ocean. 2. The god of water, VARUN'A. ३. नदी a river, and नदी lord.

नदीनाटक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Watered by rivers, (land, rice, &c.) ३. नदी a river, नाटक a mother, कञ् aff.

नदीन m. (-यः) The stream or current of a river ३. नदी, and नद्य going.

नदीन m. (-यः) The bend or arm of a river. ३. नदी a river, and नद्य a bend. (चोक्त) ।

नदीन m. (-यः) The stream or current of a river. ३. नदी, and नद्य speed.

नदीनिका f. (-का) The current or stream of a river. ३. नदी, and नद्य flow.

नदीच mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Bathing, &c. in a river. 2. One who knows rivers, their depth, course, &c. ३. नदी river, च्छा to bathe, च affix; and च changed to च । नद्यां जान् जानति च्छा-च ।

नदीच m. (-जं) A tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) ३. नदी a river, and च्छा the Sal tree. नद्यां च्छाते च्छा च्छा-चक्ष् चक्ष् ।

नदीची f. (-यः) A plant, (Premna herbacea, Rox.) ३. नदी a river, चक्ष् affix; also नादीची ।

नद्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Bound, tied. 2. Drawn up, raised. ३. नद्य to tie, affix कर्त्तरि-क्त ।

नदी f. (-यः) A leather cord, a thong ३. नद्य to bind, चक्ष् चक्ष्-लीप् ।

नद्य f. (-यः) A husband's sister, ३. न negative, नद्य to please, चक्ष् Una'di affix; also the penultimate being made long, ननद्य ।

नद्य ind. 1. A particle of interrogation, (how, what.) 2. Of affirmation, (certainly.) 3. Of assent. 4. A consolatory and kind expression. 5. A vocative particle, (ho, hola.) or one implying kindness, conciliation, (pray, good friend, &c.) 6. An inceptive particle, implying doubt or dissent, (may be, but, on the other hand.) 7. A responsive particle. 8. A particle of reproach. ३. न negative, नद्य to send or command, affix च्छु ।

नद्य ind. An inceptive particle, implying doubt, dissent, or contradiction. ३. नद्य as above, and च particle. चक्ष् चक्ष् + च + चक्ष् + च ।

नद्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be saluted, to be revered or honoured. ३. नद्य to salute, चक्ष् aff.

नद्य mf. (-यः-यः) Happiness, pleasure, felicity. m. (-यः) 1. One of KURMA's nine inestimable gems or treasure. 2. The cow-herd NANDA, the foster father of KRISHN'A. 3. A name of vishn'u. 4. A prince, the son of MAHA'NANDI. 5. A flute, one eleven inches long. f. (-यः) 1. An earthen water jar. 2. The first, sixth, or eleventh day of the fortnight. 3. Prosperity, increase. 4. A husband's sister. f. (-यः) INDRA's garden. f. (-यः or -यः) A name of DURGA. ३. नद्य to be prosperous or happy, affix चक्ष् and चक्ष् or भावे चक्ष् ।

नद्य mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Rejoicing, making happy or delighted. 2. Cherishing or rearing a family. m. (-यः) 1. Happiness, pleasure. 2. The sword of KRISHN'A. 3. The foster father of KRISHN'A. 4. A frog. ३. नद्य to make happy, affix चक्ष् ।

नन्दकि f. (-किः) Long pepper. E. नन्द to delight, affix क्त्वा वा कृत् ।  
 नन्दकिन् m. (-की) KRISHN'A. E. नन्दक, and इति aff.  
 नन्दगीपिता f. (-ता) A plant; see राक्षा ।  
 नन्द्यु m. (-युः) Happiness, felicity. E. नदि to be happy, affix चयुच् ।  
 नन्दन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Delighting, rejoicing, making pleased or happy.  
 m. (-नः) 1. A son. 2. A frog. 3. VISHN'U. n. (-नं) INDRA's pleasure ground, elysium. 2. A species of the Dhriti metre. f. (-ना) A daughter. E. नदि to be or make happy, affix ल्यु ।  
 नन्दनन्दन m. (-नः) A name of KRISHN'A. E. नन्द, and नन्दन a son; the Son of NANDA.  
 नन्दनन्दनी f. (-नी) A name of DURGA'. E. नन्द the cowherd NANDA, and नन्दिनी a daughter.  
 नन्दन m. (-नः) 1. A son. 2. A friend. 3. A prince. E. नदि to make happy, कच् Una'di aff.  
 नन्दनमाला f. (-ला) A chaplet or garland made by KRISHN'A. E. नन्दन delighting, माला a garland.  
 नन्दयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Making happy, delighting. E. नदि to be happy, causal v. ऋ aff.  
 नन्दयन् mfn. (-नः-यन्ती-यत्) Making happy, rejoicing, delighting. E. नदि in the causal form, with कच् aff. [पाक who guards.  
 नन्दपात्र m. (-त्रः) A name of VARUN'A. E. नन्द KUVERA's treasure, and नन्दपुत्री f. (-त्री) DURGA'. E. नन्द the cowherd NANDA, and पुत्री a daughter; the goddess becoming incarnate, as the infant daughter of NANDA.  
 नन्दाक्षज m. (-जः) KRISHNA f. (-जा) DURGA' as Yogama'ya'. E. नन्द as above and चाक्षज offspring; see नन्दनन्दन; also नन्दपुत्र, नन्दसुत, &c.  
 नन्दि mn. (-न्दि-न्दि) 1. Gambling, gaming. 2. Happiness. m. (-न्दिः) 1. One of SIVA's principal attendants. 2. The speaker of the prologue or prelude to a drama. 3. One who pronounces a benediction. E. नदि to make happy, and इच् Una'di aff.  
 नन्दिक m. (-कः) Tun, a tree, the wood of which resembles mahogany, and is used for furniture, &c. (Cedrela tunna.) f. (-का) 1. INDRA's garden or pleasure ground. 2. An earthen water pot. 3. The first, sixth or eleventh day of a fortnight. E. नन्द, with क्त्वा or ठ्वा aff.  
 नन्दिचर m. (-रः) 1. One of SIVA's chief attendants. 2. An inferior Pura'na. E. नन्दिन INDRA's garden, and ईचर master.  
 नन्दिवीथ m. (-थः) 1. The car of ARJUNA. 2. The acclaim or proclamation of a panegyrist or herald. E. नन्दि happy, and घोष sound.  
 नन्दिन् mfn. (-न्दि-न्दिनी-न्दि) Happy, rejoiced, delighted. m. (-न्दी) 1. The name of one of SIVA's chamberlains, and chief attendants. 2. The Indian fig tree. 3. 'Parispipal, (Hibiscus populneoides.) 4. The speaker of the prelude or prologue to a drama. f. (-न्दिनी) 1. A name of the goddess PÁRVATI. 2. GANGA', the river goddess. 3. A husband's sister. 4. A fabulous cow, related to the cow of plenty, and the property of the sage VAS'ISHT'HA. 5. The Alaka'landa river. 6. The mother of the writer VYÁRI. E. नन्द happiness, इति aff.  
 नन्दिनीतनय m. (-यः) A name of VYÁRI, author of a vocabulary. E. नन्दिनी as above, and तनय a son; also similar compounds, as नन्दिनीसुत, नन्दिनीपुत्र, &c.  
 नन्दिर्वर्धन m. (-नः) 1. SIVA. 2. The last day of either half of the month, the full or new moon. 3. A son. 4. A friend. E. नन्दि happiness, &c. and वर्धन increasing. इच्-चिच् क्त्वा ।  
 नन्दित्रय m. (-त्रयः) Tun tree. E. नन्दि pleasure, and इच् a tree; also छीच् being added to नन्दि, नन्दिहृत्; or with क्त्वा added, नन्दिहृत्क ।  
 कौण्डिन्यप्रसिद्धे सुगन्धहृत्तमेदे, चक्षुष्याकारे चौरयुक्ते हृत्तमेदे (गुं) गान्धारीराख-  
 तणे, सधयङ्गीहृत्ते च ।  
 नन्दिट m. (-टः) A bald-headed man. E. नन्दि SIVA's bald-headed atten-  
 dant, and चट who resembles, deriv. irr.  
 नन्दीसुखी f. (-खी) Sleep, drowsiness.  
 नन्दीय m. (-यः) 1. name of NANDI', SIVA's attendant. 2. A name of

SIVA. 3. A species of musical rhythm. E. नन्दी INDRA's gard, or नन्दि a proper name, ईचर master.  
 नन्दीचर m. (-रः) A name of SIVA, &c. : see the last. E. नन्दि SIVA's cha-  
 berlain, and ईचर master.  
 नन्दीसरस् n. (-रः) A lake or pond in INDRA's garden, E. नन्दी the garde  
 सरस् a piece of water.  
 नन्द्यावर्त m. (-वर्तः) 1. A sort of temple. 2. A tree, (Tabernaemontana  
 coronaria :) see तगर. 3. A peculiar diagram. E. नन्दी happiness  
 चावर्त abode. नन्दी चावर्ती यत् ।  
 नन्द्यसानं mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Bending or bowing very low. E. नन् to bow  
 intens. form, शानच् aff.  
 नपुंसक mn. (-कः कः) 1. A eunuch. 2. An impotent or imbecile man. ;  
 The neuter gender. E. न not. पुंसक male.  
 नप्तु m. (-ता) A grandson. f. (-पुत्री) A grand daughter. E. न not, पत् to fa-  
 दच् Una'di affix; proping or sustaining the family.  
 नभ m. (-भः) 1. The month Sravana. 2. Æther, atmosphere. f. (-भा)  
 A spitting pot. 2. The city of the sun. E. नच् to bind, affix ङ ;  
 नभस ।  
 नभःक्रान्तिन् m. (-न्ती) A lion. E. नभस् a cloud, and क्रान्तिन् who goes  
 whose shape is seen in the clouds.  
 नभःप्राण m. (-णः) Air, wind. E. नभस् atmosphere and प्राण life (breath).  
 नभःसह m. (-सह) A deity. E. नभस् heaven, and सह who travels, from कृ  
 to go, with क्तिप् aff.  
 नभःसरित् f. (-रित्) The celestial Ganges. E. नभस् heaven, and सरित्  
 river.  
 नभःस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थः) Celestial, aerial, heavenly, ethereal, E. नभ  
 and स्थ what stays; also नभस्थ ।  
 नभःस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Abiding in heaven or in the sky. m. (-तः) A  
 division of the infernal regions, a hell. E. नभस् atmosphere, and  
 स्थित a staying; also नभस्थित ।  
 नभश्चक्षुस् m. (-चक्षुः) The sun. E. नभस् heaven, and चक्षुस् the eye.  
 नभश्चमस m. (-सः) 1. The moon. 2. A variegated cake. 3. Conjuring. E.  
 नभस् heaven, and चमस a short of ladle, &c.  
 नभश्चर mfn. (-रः-री-रः) going in the air or heaven. m. (-रः) 1. A bird.  
 2. A Vidya'd'hara or demi-god so called. 3. A cloud. 4. Air, wind.  
 E. नभस् heaven, and चर who goes.  
 नभस् m. (-भाः) 1. The month Sravana, (July-August) 2. A cloud. 3.  
 The rains, rainy season. 4. Smell. 5. The fibres in the root of the  
 lotus. 6. A bird. 7. A grey-headed man. n. (-भः) sky, atmosphere,  
 ether or heaven. E. नभ् to injure, to be annihilated, (at the end of  
 the world,) Una'di affix चसन्, or नच् to bind, and भ substituted  
 for च.  
 नभस n. (-सः) Heaven, sky, &c. see the last. E. नभ as above, Una'di affix  
 चसच् ।  
 नभसङ्गम m. (-गमः) A bird. E. नभस heaven, गम् to go, affix खच् ।  
 नभसल m. (-लः) The atmosphere. E. नभस् sky, and ल below.  
 नभस m. (-सः) The month Bha'dra, (August-September.) E. नभस्  
 cloud or rain, and यत् aff.  
 नभसत् m. (-सत्) Air, wind. E. नभस्, and सत् aff.  
 नभक n. (-कः) Darkness. E. नभ् to injure, चाक Una'di aff.  
 नभि m. (-भिः) A wheel.  
 नभीगज m. (-जः) A cloud. E. नभस् sky, and गज an elephant.  
 नभीगति f. (-तिः) Flying, soaring, going in the air. E. नभस् sky, and  
 गति going.  
 नभीदुध m. (-दुधः) A cloud. E. नभस् rain, दुध् to milk, affix क.  
 नभीद्वीप m. (-वपः) A cloud. E. नभस् rain, द्वीप an island.  
 नभीधूम m. (-धूमः) A cloud. E. नभस् sky, and धूम smoke.  
 नभीगदी f. (-दी) The celestial Ganges. E. नभस् heaven, and गदी a river.  
 नभीगति m. (-तिः) The sun. E. नभस् sky, गति a gem.

नीलपुष्प m. (-यः) The Cha'taka, (*Cuculus melanoleucos*.) E. नमस् sky, चक्षु water, and य who drinks.

नीलजम् n. (-जः) Darkness. E. नमस् sky, and रजस् dust.

नीलेषु f. (-षुः) Fog, mist, vapour. E. नमस् sky, and रेणु thin dust.

नीलम् m. (-यः) Smoke. E. नमस् sky, and लब्ध abode.

नीलम् mfn. (-लिट्) Lofty, towering, rising to the clouds. E. नमस्, and लिङ् what touches.

नम् mfn. (-भ्यः-भ्या-म्) Relating to the nave of a wheel, resembling it, &c. E. नम for नमि, and यत् aff.

नात्र m. (-घाट) A cloud. E. न negative, चात्र to shine, affix क्तिप्।

न r. 1st cl. (नमति) To bow, to pay obeisance. r. 10th cl. (नमयति-नामयति) To bend, to bow : see चक्ष।

नमत् mfn. (-नन्-नन्ती-नत्) Bending, stooping, bowed. E. नम् to bow, ष्ट aff.

नमत m. (-तः) 1. A master, a lord. 2. An actor, a mime. 3. A cloud. E. नम् to bow or bend, Una'di affix कर्मणि चतष्।

नमयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Bending, directing downward, declining. E. नम् to bow. r. 10th cl. ष्ट aff.

नमस् ind. 1. Gift, present. 2. Bowing, bending, salutation, obeisance. 3. An inarticulate cry. 4. The term used in connexion with the name of a deity in the fifth case to signify veneration, as रामाय नमः salutation, glory or reverence to RA'MA. E. नम् to bend, and affix चतुन-सच्।

नमस् m. (-सः) Agreement, concord. E. नम् to bow, affix चतष्। चतुक्ले च।

नमसित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Reverenced, respected, worshipped. E. नमस् bowing, क्त्वा affix, and क्त added, य rejected : see नमसित।

नमस्कार m. (-रः) 1. Respectful or reverential address or salutation. 2. A sort of poison. f. (-रै) A sensitive plant. E. नमस् bowing, and कार making, fem. affix चच् गौरा० ऊर्णः ; or नमस् + क्त + चच्।

नमस्कृता ind. Having saluted reverentially. E. नमस्, and कृता having made.

नमस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) Venerable, respectable, entitled to salutation or civility. f. (-स्या) Reverence, respect, worship, adoration. E. नमस् respect, क्त्वा aff or नामधातुः नमस्य कर्मणि यत् चक्षोपयज्ञोपी।

नमस्तु mfn. (-स्तु-स्तु-स्तु) Saluting reverentially, bowing to, paying adoration. E. नमस् nominal verb, to bow, ष्ट aff.

नमसित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Reverenced, respected, worshipped. E. नमस् respect, affix क्त्वा, and the participial affix क्त ; also नमसित।

नमित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Bowed, making salutation or obeisance. 2. Bowed, bent down. E. नम् to bend, causal form, affix णिच् क्त वा ष्टः।

नमुचि m. (-चिः) 1. The deity of love. 2. A demon so named. E. न negative, मुच् to loose, and चि aff.

नमुचिदम् m. (-नः) A name of INDRA. E. नमुचि the demon, and दम् destroyer ; also similar names, as नमुचिद्विष्, &c. नमुचिं दृष्टयति विमलित् इति ख।

नमेरु m. (-रुः) The seed of the Elæocarpus. E. न not, मेरु the mountain Meru, or नम वा एरु।

नमोयुक् m. (-युः) A spiritual teacher. E. नमस् reverence, and युक् a teacher.

नय r. 1st cl. (नयति) To go, to move.

नय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Crooked, curved, bent, bowed. E. नम् to bow, affix र.

नयक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Bent or bowed, stooping. E. कत् added to the last. नय इव कायति कौ-क।

नयस्य mfn. (-स्यः-सी-स्य) Looking down, having the head bent. E. नय, and सुख the face.

नयमूर्ति mfn. (-र्तिः-र्ति-र्ति) Bending down, stooping, bowed. E. नय, and मूर्ति form.

नयक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Bent, bowed, stooping. E. नय, and चक्ष the body.

नय r. 1st cl. (नयते) To go, to move : see चक्ष and चि। भा० पा० सच० सेट्।

नय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Fit, right, proper. 2. Leading, conducting, (who or what does so.) m. (यः) 1. Guiding, directing, (literally or figuratively, as in morals, &c.) 2. Polity, civil and military government. 3. The theological part of the Ve'das. 4. A sort of dice or men for playing with. 5. A guide, a conductor. E. नय् to go, affix चञ्, or चि to guide, &c. affix भावे चच्।

नयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) 1. Leading, guiding. 2. Tending or conducting to. 3. Informing, certifying, giving in evidence. 4. Obtaining. E. चि to obtain, ष्ट aff.

नयन n. (-नं) 1. The eye. 2. Leading, guiding, (literally or figuratively.) 3. Attaining, obtaining. 4. Bringing. f. (-ना) The pupil of the eye. E. चि to guide, affix करणे कृट्। नीयते वृद्धि इतिः स्वयंयुक्तविषयान् चनेन।

नयनचारि n. (-रि) Tears. E. नयन, and चारि water.

नयनानोषिन् mfn. (-षी-विषी-वि) Sight-stealing, blinding. E. नयन, and चानोषिन् what steals.

नयनीलम् m. (-यः) 1. A lamp. 2. Any lovely or desired object. E. नयन the eye, and लम् a festival.

नयनीपान m. (-पानः) The outer angle or canthus of the eye. E. नयन, and पान extremity. चपाङ्गे।

नयनीवम् m. (-वः) Green sulphate of iron, or the salt in a state of partial decomposition by exposure to the atmosphere. E. नयन the eye, and नीवम् a medicament, being used as a collyrium. पुष्पाङ्गीसे।

नयपीठी f. (-ठी) The board or cloth on which dice are played. E. नय dice, पीठी a stool. (इक्)।

नयप्रयोग m. (-यः) Policy, political address. E. नय, and प्रयोग application.

नयविशारद m. (-दः) A politician, a statesman. E. नय, and विशारद skilled in.

नयसिद्धि f. (-सिद्धिः) Political success, accomplishing any thing by good management. E. नय, and सिद्धि success.

नर m. (-रः) 1. Man, individually or generally. 2. The Eternal, the divine imperishable spirit pervading the universe. 3. A name of ARJUNA. 4. VISHN'U. 5. A gnomon. 6. A man or piece at chess, draughts, &c. 7. A Muni, an incarnation of VISHN'U. n. (-रं) A fragrant grass, commonly Ra'mkappur. f. (-रै) Woman in general : see नारी. E. नृ or नृ to lead or guide, affix नये-चच्। नचित्तयाज्ञीते जायामनाय ज्ञानीपयोगिनि यज्ञी च।

नरक m. (-कः-कं) Hell, the infernal regions, including a number of places of torture of various descriptions. m. (-कः) The name of a Daitya or demon. E. नृ to guide or lead, affix वुन्, whither the wicked are conducted : It is sometimes read नारक।

नरककुण्ड n. (-कुण्डः) A well or pit in Tartarus, eighty-six such are enumerated. E. नरक, and कुण्ड a pit.

नरकजित् m. (-जित्) A name of VISHN'U. E. नरक the demon, and जित् subduing. नरकम् असुरभेदे जयति ख। जि-भूते क्तिप् ६त० स०।

नरकदेवता f. (-ता) Misfortune, personified as a goddess. E. नरक, and देवता divinity. निवृत्तौ।

नरकस्थ mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) Living or being in Tartarus, who or what is there. f. (-स्या) The river of hell named "Baitarany". E. नरक hell, स्थ who stays or abides, fem. affix टाप्।

नरकान्तक m. (-कः) VISHN'U. E. नरक hell, and अन्तक destroyer.

नरकामय m. (-यः) The soul after death. E. नरक hell, and आमय sickness.

नरकीलक m. (-कः) The murderer of his spiritual preceptor. E. नर man-kind, and कील a stake, affix कन्।

नरक m. (-कः) Pimples of the face. n. (-कं) The penis. E. नृ to guide or lead, Una'di affix चङ्क्।

नरदेव m. (-वः) A sovereign, a king. E. नर a man, and देव a deity.

नरनारायण m. dual. (-यौ) Two sages, incarnations of VISHN'U, and born again, as KUNDEVA and ARJUNA. E. नर, and नारायण, each severally the name of a sage.

नरपति m. (-तिः) A king, a sovereign, a prince. **३.** नर man, पति lord.  
 नरप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Favourable or friendly to mankind. **३.** नर, and प्रिय fond of. नीलशङ्खे च ।  
 नरभू f. (-भूः) Bhārata Varsha, India, or the central of the known continent. **२.** The birth or birthplace of men. **३.** नर man, and भू land ; also नरभूमि f. (-भिः)  
 नरनागिनो f. (-नो) A woman who has a beard. **३.** नर a man, नृ to regard or think, and निगि affix ; also with कृ affix in the feminine form, नरनागिका ; these words are also written नरनागिनी, &c. नरं नम्यते नन-निगि-डोप् ।  
 नरमाला f. (-ला) A string or girdle of skulls. **३.** नर, and माला a garland.  
 नरमालिनो f. (-नो) A woman with a beard. **३.** नर a man, माला a necklace, निगि aff.  
 नरमेध m. (-यः) A human sacrifice. **३.** नर, and मेध a sacrifice. निध चाधारे यज् ।  
 नरवाहन mfn. (-नः वा-नं) Borne or carried by men. m. (-नः) A name of Kuvēra. **३.** नर a man, and वाहन a vehicle.  
 नरवाहिनृ mfn. (-नो-विनो वि) Carried by men, (a vehicle.) **३.** नर, and वाहिनृ what bears.  
 नरविषय m. (-यः) An imp or goblin. **३.** नर man, विषय who devours.  
 नररूप mfn. (-यः-पी-यं) Having the form of man. n. (-यं) The human form. **३.** नर, and रूप form.  
 नररूपिन् mfn. (-पी-विपी-वि) Having the human form. **३.** नररूप, and इनि aff.  
 नरसिंह m. (-यः) Viṣṇu in his fourth Avatār or descent, the lion-headed man. **२.** A chief, a man of eminence or power. **३.** नर a man and सिंह a lion.  
 नरहरि m. (-रिः) Viṣṇu in his fourth Avatār. see the last. **३.** नर, and हरि a lion.  
 नराधम m. (-यः) A low or vile man, a wretch. **३.** नर, and अधम low.  
 नराधारा f. (-रा) The earth. **३.** नर man, आधार receptacle.  
 नराधिप m. (-यः) A king. **३.** नर and अधिप ruler.  
 नरात्मक m. (-कः) 1. Death. **२.** A Ra'kshasa, a son of Ra'vana. **३.** नर, and अत्मक destroyer.  
 नरायण m. (-यः) A name of Viṣṇu. **३.** नर man, and ययण going ; see नारायण ।  
 नरेन्द्र m. (-यः) 1. A king, an anointed sovereign. **२.** A dealer in antidotes, a juggler. **३.** नर a man, इन्द्र chief.  
 नरेज m. (-यः) A king. **३.** नर, and ईज master.  
 नरेवर m. (-रः) A king. **३.** नर, and ईवर a sovereign.  
 नर्कुटक n. (-कं) The nose.  
 नर्तक m. (-कः) 1. An actor, a mime. **२.** A juggler, a dancer, a player of any description. **३.** A bard, a herald. **४.** An elephant. **५.** A reed, (Arundo karka, Rox.) **६.** A peacock. f. (-कौ) 1. An actress, female dancer or singing girl. **२.** A female elephant. **३.** A peahen. **३.** नृत् to dance or act, कृ aff.  
 नर्तन n. (-नं) Dancing, gesticulating, acting. **३.** नृत् to dance, &c. affix भावे लुट् ।  
 नर्तनप्रिय m. (-यः) A peacock. **३.** नर्तन dancing, and प्रिय fond of.  
 नर्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Danced, dancing. **३.** नृत् to dance, निध् कर्मणि क् aff.  
 नर्ह r. 1st cl. (नर्हति प्रनर्हति) To sound : the radical न is not convertible to ख after a preposition, &c. see नह् । शब्दे चकं गतो सक्तं भा० पर० सेट् ।  
 नर्हटक n. (-कं) A kind of metre, containing seventeen letters. "यदि भवती नञी भजजल(यकनंदटकम्) इत्युक्त लचये सप्तदशाक्षरे हन्तीमेदे ।  
 नर्हन् mfn. (-हन्-हन्-हन्-हन्) 1. Sounding. **२.** Praising aloud, proclaiming. **३.** नर्ह, and शब्द aff.  
 नर्हन् n. (-नं) 1. Sounding, roaring, making a noise. **२.** Celebrating, praising aloud. **३.** नर्ह to sound, affix भावे लुट् ।

नर्हनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be sounded. **२.** To be celebrated or praised aloud. **३.** नर्ह sound, and ननीयर् aff.  
 नर्हित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sounded, made as a noise. **२.** Celebrated, praised aloud. n. (-तं) Sound, roar, bellowing. **३.** नर्ह to sound, क् aff.  
 नर्हटक n. (-कं) A stanza of four parts, having seventeen syllables each.  
 नर्ह्य r. 1st. cl. (नर्ह्यति) To go, to move मृ० प० सक्त० सेट् ।  
 नर्ह्यकील m. (-लः) A husband. **३.** नर्ह्य amusement, कील a drop or stay.  
 नर्ह्यगर्भ m. (-भः) A secret lover. **३.** नर्ह्य, and गर्भ source.  
 नर्ह्यट m. (-टः) 1. The sun. **२.** A potsherd. **३.** नर्ह्य, and चट what goes deriv. irr. or नर्ह्य चटन् इषो० ।  
 नर्ह्यट m. (-टः) 1. The nipple. **२.** A rake, a lecher, a libertine. **३.** Sport amusement. **४.** Coition. **३.** नर्ह्य pleasure, स्था to abide, ड affix, deriv. irr. or नर्ह्यचि कुशलः नर्ह्यन् + चटन् ।  
 नर्ह्यद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Delighting, making happy, giving pleasure. f. (-दः) The associate or companion of a person's sports or amusements. f. (-दा) 1. The Narmada river, which rising in the Vindhya mountains, runs westward to the gulf of Cambay. **२.** A plant ; see वृक्षा. **३.** नर्ह्य pleasure, and द what gives. नर्ह्य ददाति दा-क इत्० लृ० ।  
 नर्ह्ययुति mfn. (-तिः-तिः-तिः) Happy, merry. f. (-तिः) Enjoyment of a joke or any amusement. **३.** नर्ह्य, and युति lustre.  
 नर्ह्यनृ n. (-नं) 1. Sport, amusement, pastime, diversion. **२.** Jest, joke. **३.** Wit, humour. **३.** नृत् to guide, affix ननिन् ।  
 नर्ह्यसचिव m. (-यः) A companion, an associate, the promoter and partaker of a person's amusements, especially of a prince or man of rank. **३.** नर्ह्यन, and सचिव a minister.  
 नर्ह्यसावित्र n. (-यः) Superintendence or provision of a prince's amusements, partaking a person's amusements. **३.** नर्ह्यसाचिव, and सचिव aff.  
 नर्ह्यस्य म. (-यः) Happiness or amusement ending in alarm. **३.** नर्ह्य and स्य स्य thundering.  
 नर्ह्यस्कीट m. (-टः) Slight or inferior amusement. **३.** नर्ह्य, and स्कीट opening  
 नल r. 10th cl. (नालयति) 1. To shine. **२.** To bind or confine.  
 नल r. 10th cl. (-लः) 1. A reed, (Arundo karka, Rox.) **२.** The name of a king, son of Nishadha, and hero of several poetical works famous amongst the Hindus, especially the poem called Naishadha. **३.** Another prince, the son of Vi'rasena. **४.** A deified progenitor of Pitrideva. **५.** The name of a monkey chief. **६.** A demon. f. (-नी) Red arsenic. **३.** A perfume, commonly called by the same name of Nali. n. (-लं) 1. The water lily, (Nelumbium speciosum.) **२.** Smell, odour. **३.** नल् to shine, affix चच् ।  
 नलक n. (-कं) A bone of either of the extremities, any long bone. **३.** नल a reed, and क् affix of resemblance.  
 नलकनी f. (-नी) The knee cap or pan. **३.** नलक as above, and इनि affix ; connecting the bones of the lower extremity.  
 नलकील m. (-लः) The knee. **३.** नल a reed, or reed-like bone, and कील pin or bolt.  
 नलकृवर m. (-रः) The son of Kuvēra. **३.** नल a reed, कृवर a carriage yoke.  
 नलद n. (-दः) Indian spikenard, (Valeriana jatamansi.) f. (-रा) 1. The honey or nectar of a flower. **२.** The root of the Andropogon muricatum. **३.** नल here said to mean, fragrance, and द what gives.  
 नलपटिका f. (-का) A sort of mat made with reeds, a coarse mat. **३.** नल a reed, and पट a cloth, क् affix of similitude.  
 नलमीन m. (-नः) A kind of sprat of according to some, a shrimp or prawn. **३.** नल a reed, and मीन a fish ; frequenting reedy spots. see नलमीन ।  
 नलिका f. (-का) A perfume : see नली. **३.** नली, and क् added.  
 नलिन n. (-नं) 1. A lotus or water lily, (Nelumbium speciosum, or Nymphaea nelumbo.) **२.** Water. **३.** Indigo. m. (-नः) 1. The Indian crane. **२.** A small fruit, Karonda. f. (-नी) 1. An assemblage of lotus flowers. **२.** A place abounding in lotuses. **३.** The flexible stalk of a



water lily. 4. A pond in which the lotus grows or may grow. 5. The Ganges of heaven. 6. The fermented and intoxicating juice of the cocoanut. E. नव् to be bright, Una'di affix इवन् ।

नलिनीवृक्ष m. (-वृः) 1. BRAMHA'. 2. n. (-वृः) The fibres of the lotus stalk. E. नलिनी, and वृक्ष what grows and क् affix.

नलिनेश्वर m. (-श्वः) A name of VISHN'U. E. नलिने in a lotus, and श्व who sleeps. नलिने नलिनमिहमलिने तेन श्री-चम् । चम् । स० ।

नव m. (-वः) A furlong, a distance measured by four hundred cubits. E. नव् to be as a reed in length, and व aff.

नववर्जगा f. (-गा) The orange tree. E. नव as above, वर्ज a road, and न what goes.

नव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) New. m. (-वः) Praise, panegyric, celebration. E. नव् to praise, &c. affix. कर्मणि भावे वा चप् ।

नववारिका f. (-का) 1. A bride, a woman newly married. 2. A new 'comment. E. नव new, and कारिका agent.

नवकालिका f. (-का) A young woman, either one recently married or one in whom menstruation has lately commenced. E. नव new, काल time, कन् added with the fem. form.

नवग्रहा m. plu. (-घ्राः) The nine planets, or sun, moon, five planets, and the ascending and descending nodes. E. नव for नवन्, and ग्रह a planet.

नवह्वा m. (-वः) A student, a novice. E. नव new, and ह्वा a disciple.

नवत m. (-तः) An elephant's painted or variegated housings. E. नव new, तन् to spread, affix ड. or न्-चतच् ।

नवता f. (-ता) Novelty. E. तन् added to नव ; also with त्, नवत् ।

नवति f. (-ति or -ती) Ninety. E. नव nine, and तिन् aff.

नवतिका f. (-का) A painting brush. E. नवति ninety, (hairs,) कन् aff.

नवतिषा ind. Ninety-fold. E. नवति, and षा aff.

नवतिशस् ind. Ninety by ninety. E. नवति, and शस् aff.

नवदल n. (-लः) 1. The new leaf of a lotus. 2. Any young leaf. E. नव new, and दल a leaf.

नवदीपति m. (-तिः) Mars, the planet or its deified regent. E. नव nine, दीपति a ray.

नवदुर्गा f. (-र्गा) The nine forms of DURGA'. E. नव, and दुर्गा the goddess.

नवदोना f. (-ना) A litter borne by nine men. E. नव, and दोन a litter.

नवद्वार mfn. (-द्वः-द्वारः) Having nine doors ; an epithet applied to the body, which has nine inlets or outlets, as the nostrils, ears, mouth, &c. E. नव, and द्वार a door.

नवधा ind. Nine-fold, in nine ways. E. नव nine, and धा aff.

नवन् mfn. always plu. (-वः) Nine.

नवनी f. (-नी) Fresh butter.

नवनीत n. (-तः) Fresh butter. E. नव new, and नीत procured from milk, &c.)

नवनीतक n. (-कः) Clarified butter. E. नव added to the last.

नवनीतधेनु f. (-धेनुः) A quantity of butter as a present to Brahmans. E. नवनीत, and धेनु a milch cow.

नवपञ्चव n. (-वः) A new shoot or sprout. E. नव, and पञ्चव a shoot.

नवफलिका f. (-का) 1. A bride, a newly married woman. 2. A girl in whom menstruation has recently begun. E. नव new, फल fruit, and डक् aff.

नववधू f. (-धूः) A bride, a newly married woman. E. नव, and वधू a wife.

नवम mfn. (-मः-मी-मं) Ninth. f. (-मी) The ninth day of a lunar half month. E. नव nine, and डडि-मट् aff.

नवमज्जिका f. (-का) Double jasmine : see the next.

नवमालिका f. (-का) Double jasmine, (J. Zambac.) E. नव excellent, praised, and मालिका or मज्जिका jasmine : see the last.

नववीथना f. (-ना) A young woman. E. नव new, and वीथन young.

नवरञ्जक n. (-कः) A newly dyed garment. E. नव, रञ्ज red, and कन् aff.

नवरत्न n. (-वृः) Gift to five and acceptance by four persons of the best Kayastha families. E. नव, and रत्न colour.

नवरत्न n. (-वृः) 1. Nine precious gems, or a pearl, ruby, topaz, diamond, emerald, lapis lazuli, coral, sapphire, and one called Go'meda'. 2. The nine men of letters at the court of VIKRAMA'DITYA, or DHANWANTARI, KSHAPANAKA, AMABASINHA, SANKU, VETA'LABHATTA, GHATAKARPARA, KA'LIDA'SA, VARA'HAMIHIRA, and VARARU'CHI. E. नव and रत्न a jewel.

नवरत्न n. (-वृः) The period of nine days, from the first of the light half of Aswin to the ninth ; part of the time devoted to the worship of DURGA'. E. नव, and रत्न a night.

नवरत्निका f. (-का) A newly married woman. E. नव new, रत्न a blessing, affix कन् added, fem. affix टाप् ।

नववस्त्र n. (-वस्त्रः) New cloth. E. नव, new, and वस्त्र cloth.

नवग्रहस् ind. Nine by nine. E. नव, and ग्रहस् aff.

नवग्रहस् n. (-वस्त्रः) Grain of the year's harvest. E. नव, and ग्रह grain.

नवग्रहस्ति f. (-तिः) A sacrifice performed on eating the new rice or grain of the year. नवग्रहस्, and स्ति sacrifice.

नवग्रहस्ति m. (-कः) A name given to any of nine inferior classes, the cowherd, gardener, oilman, weaver, confectioner, betel seller, potter, blacksmith, and barber.

नवग्रहस्ति n. (-वृः) The first series of Shra'ddhas collectively, or funeral offerings on the first, third, fifth, seventh, ninth, and eleventh days after a person's demise. E. नव, and ग्रह obsequial rite.

नवग्रहस्ति f. (-का) 1. A milch cow. 2. A woman recently delivered. E. नव new, and वृत् offspring, and कन् affix, fem. form.

नवग्रह m. (-वृः) A ninth, a ninth part. E. नव, and ग्रह share.

नवग्रह n. (-वृः) 1. New rice or grain. 2. A ceremony observed on first eating the rice, &c. of the last harvest. E. नव, and ग्रह food.

नवग्रहस्ति n. (-वृः) New and unbleached cloth. E. नव new, and वस्त्र cloth.

नवग्रहस्ति m. (-वृः) The planet Mars or its deified personification. E. नव nine, and ग्रहस्ति light.

नवग्रह m. (-वृः) 1. A new day. 2. The first day of the fortnight. E. नव new, and ग्रह a day.

नवीकरण n. (-वृः) Renewing, doing or making anew. E. नव, करण making, क् affix augment.

नवीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Renewed, revived, done or made anew. E. नव, and कृत made, क् affix augment.

नवीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) New. E. नव new, न् pleonasm, and the semi-vowel changed.

नवीभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Renewed, revived. E. नव, and, भूत become, क् affix augment.

नवे ind. Not so perhaps, a particle implying doubt. E. न not, वे expletive.

नवीडा f. (-दा) A newly married woman, a bride. E. नव new, and डा a wife.

नवीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Newly extracted or drawn up. n. (-नं) 2. Fresh butter. E. नव new, कृत made or drawn up.

नव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-वं) New, recent, young, modern. &c. m. (-व्यः) Praise, panegyric. E. नव new, and व्यर्थे यन् aff. रत्नपुनर्नवायाच् च ।

नव्यक m. (-कः-का) A bird, said to be a sort of crow. E. नव् to destroy, affix क्वाक् ।

नव्यक mfn. (-ता-वी-वृ) Destroying. E. नव् to destroy, affix डक् with वट् augment, else with a nasal augment नट् ।

नव्यन्त mfn. (नवन्-व्यन्तो-व्यन्तः) Perishing, decaying, wasting, being destroyed. E. नव् to perish, and ग्रह aff.

नव्यग्रहस्ति f. (-का) A female bearing a dead child. E. नव्यन्त, ग्रहस्ति a mother.

नवर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Mischievous. 2. Destructive, perishable. E. नवि to destroy, affix करप् ।

नष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः टा-ष्ट') Lost, destroyed, removed, annihilated. E. नष्ट to perish, affix ण् ।

नष्टचन्द्र म. (-न्द्रः) The moon on the fourth lunation of either half of Bha'dra. E. नष्ट, and चन्द्र the moon : it is very unlucky to see the moon on these days.

नष्टचेतन mfn. (-नः ना-न) Fainted, insensible. E. नष्ट, and चेतन conscious.

नष्टचेष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः टा-ष्ट') Insensible, inert. E. नष्ट, and चेष्ट effort.

नष्टचेष्टता f. (-ता) Fainting, swooning, insensibility, proceeding either from joy or sorrow, &c. E. नष्ट lost, चेष्टता effort. चर्चसीकादिभिः सर्व-चेष्टारहितम् ।

नष्टसंस्मृति mfn. (-तिः ति-ति-ति) Unmindful, forgetful. E. नष्ट, and संस्मृति recollection.

नष्टाग्नि म. (-ग्निः) A Bra'hman or householder who has lost his consecrated fire. E. नष्ट lost, and अग्नि fire.

नष्टाग्निश्च न. (-च) Booty, plunder. E. नष्ट lost, अग्नि gain, and च्च thread or chain.

नष्टाव mfn. (-वः वा-व) Reduced, become poor. E. नष्ट, and अव wealth.

नष्टेन्दुकला f. (-ला) The day of new moon when it rises invisible. E. नष्ट, and इन्दुकला a digit.

नस् f. (नाः) The nose. E. नस् to sound, affix णिप् ।

नसा f. (-सा) The nose : see नासा and नासिका ।

नस m. (-सः) The nose. n. (-सः) A sternutatory, snuff, &c. f. (-सा) A hole bored in the septum of the nose. E. नस् to make crooked, affix संज्ञायाम् ।

नसित m. (-तः) An ox or any other draft animal, with a string through his nose, the sort of rein usually employed in India. f. (-ता) Nozzled. E. नस् as above, the nose, formed into a nominal verb, and ण् added, nozzled or nose-led. चस्-तार-इतच् । (नाकफोडा) ।

नस्योत mf. (-तः) An ox led by a string through his nose : see the last ; also नस्योत. नसि नासिकायां सय्यक् ऊतः आ + वे + ण् ।

नस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) Nasal, relating or belonging to the nose. n. (-सः) A sternutatory, snuff. f. (-सा) The nose. E. नसा the nose, यत् aff.

नस्योत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) An ox or other animal led by a string through the septum of the nose. E. नसा the nose, यत् affix of relation or fitness, and ऊत woven : see नसित । आ + वे + ण् ।

नष्ट (-वी) चीनह r. 4th cl. (नष्टति-ने) To bind : see बद्ध ।

नष्टि ind. No, not. E. नष्ट to bind or tie, affix इन् ।

नङ्ग म. (-ङ्गः) 1. The name of a Na'ga or serpent. 2. The name of a king, one of the lunar race, son of AYUS and grandson of PURU'RAVAS. E. नङ्ग to bind, Una'di affix उषन् ।

नङ्गावज्ज m. (-जः) A king, also YAYATI. E. नङ्ग as above, आत्मज son.

ना ind. No, not (another form of न) ।

नाक m. (-कः) Heaven, paradise, ether. sky, atmosphere. E. न not with चक derived from क happiness, and the privative च prefixed misery ; in which there is no unhappiness. न कन् चकन् दुःखम् तन् नास्ति यम् ।

नाकनाथ m. (-थः) A name of INDRA. E. नाक paradise, and नाथ lord ; also with कन् added नाकनाथक ।

नाकनाथक m. (-कः) INDRA. E. नाक, and नाथक a chief.

नाकवलिता f. (-ता) A nymph of heaven. E. नाक, and वलिता a wife.

नाकवेधक m. (-कः) INDRA.

नाकसद m. (-सद) A deity. E. नाक, and सद who dwells in.

नाकिन् m. (-की) A deity, a god. E. नाक heaven, and इनि aff.

नाकु m. (-कुः) 1. An ant or mole hill, a burrow. 2. A mountain. 3. A name of a Muni or saint. E. न privative, चक् to go, affix उ, or न् to be crooked or bowed, Una'di affix उ, and नाक substituted for the radical letters.

नाकुल mfn. (-कः-की-ल) Relating or belonging to an ichneumon. f. (-की) 1. A plant ; the ichneumon plant, a vegetable supposed to furnish

the mungoose with an antidote, when bitten in a conflict with a snake, (Serpent ophioxylon) 2. The root of the Simul tree, (कुल टोकल्) A sort of pepper, (Piper chavya) E. नाकुल the ichneumon, affixes चल् and लीच् । चविके, (चव) राखावा, यवतिखावा, चेक कटकायी च ।

नाकुलाश्रय n. (-श्रयः) Weakness of sight E. नाकुल, and अश्रय blindness.

नाकुलघ्न म. (-घ्नः) A snake. E. नाकुल a mound of earth, घ्नन् a dwelling.

नाचन mfn. (-नः-ची-न) Relating or belonging to the lunar asterisms. n.

(-नः) A month, one computed by the moon's passage through the twenty-seven mansions, or of thirty days of sixty Gharis each. E. नचन, and चच् aff.

नाचनिक mfn. (-नः-की-न) Relating or belonging to the lunar asterisms.

m. (-नः) A month of twenty-seven days, each day being the period of the moon's passage through a lunar asterism, f. (-नी) The state or condition to which a person is subjected agreeably to the asterism presiding over his nativity. E. नचन as above, and उच् aff.

नाग m. (-नः) Na'ga or demi-god so called, having a human face, with the tail of a serpent, and the expanded neck of the Koluber Na'ga ; the race of these beings is said to have sprung from KANDU, the wife of KA'SYAPA, in order to people Pa'ta'la or the regions below the earth. 2. A serpent in general or especially the spectacle snake, or cobra capella, (Coluber Na'ga.) 3. An elephant. 4. A cruel or tyrannical person. 5. A cloud. 6. (In composition,) Pre eminent. 7. A pin or nail projecting from a wall to hang any thing upon. 8. A small tree, (Mesua ferrea.) 9. A sort of grass, (Cyperus pertenuis.) 10. A tree used in dying, (Rottleria tinctoria.) 11. One of the airs of the body, that which is expelled by belching. 12. Betel or Pa'n. 13. The name of a country. 14. A shark. n. (-नः) 1. Tin. 2. Lead. 3. One of the astronomical periods called Kara'n'as ; it is one of those termed invariable, and always corresponds to the last half of A'mavasya or new moon. 4. The effects of that period on any thing done or happening during it. E. नाग a mountain, and चच् affix ; living or produced in mountainous regions, &c. नगे पर्वते भवः चच् न गच्छति चगः न चगी वा ।

नागकेशर m. (-रः) A small tree, commonly Nage'shwar, (Mesua ferrea.) E. नाग, and केशर synonymes of the same plant compounded ; the word is also written नागकेशर.

नागगर्भ n. (-भः) Red lead. E. नाग lead, and गर्भ origin. सिन्दुरे ।

नागज्ज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced by or of a Na'ga. &c. n. (-जः) 1. Red lead. 2. Tin. E. नाग lead, &c. and ज produced.

नागजिह्वा f. (-ह्वा) A plant, (Asclepias pseudosarsa) see शारिवा E. नाग a snake, and जिह्वा a tongue.

नागजिह्विका f. (-का) Red arsenic. E. नाग a snake, जिह्वा a tongue, चच् affix of comparison. मनःशिलायाम् ।

नागजीवन m. (-नः) Tin. E. नाग lead, जीवन proceeding.

नागदन्त m. (-नः) 1. Elephant's tooth or ivory ; also the tooth of the elephant. 2. A shelf, a pin or bracket projecting from a wall, and used to hang things upon. f. (-नी) 1. A sort of sun-flower, (Heliotropium Indicum.) 2. A whore. E. नाग an elephant, and दन्त a tooth.

नागदन्तिक m. (-कः) A wooden pin or bracket, projecting from a wall, a shelf. E. नागदन्त an elephant's tooth, and कन् affix of resemblance.

नागदन्तिका f. (-का) A plant, commonly called Ra'madu'ti, see विह्वला । E. नागदन्ती a plant, and कन् affix of resemblance. (विह्वलि) ।

नागदन्तीपल m. (-नः) A sort of tree, commonly Parusha. E. नाग one of the plants so called, दन्त a leaf, and उपमा resemblance.

नागदु m. (-दुः) Euphorbia E. नाग a snake, and दु a tree ; being used in offerings to the snake goddess MANASA'. विज् उषे ।

नागनिर्घृह m. (-हः) A large pin or bracket, projecting from a wall like a shelf. E. नाग an elephant, and निर्घृह projection.

नागपाश m. (-शः) 1. A weapon of VARUNA the regent of water. 2. A

sort of magical noose or knot, used in battle to entangle an enemy. **गज** an elephant, and **पात्र** a binding.

**गज** m. (-गः) 1. A tree used in dyeing, (*Rottleria tinctoria*). 2. *Nāgashwar*, (*Mesua ferrea*). 3. The *Champakā*, (*Michelia champaca*) **गज** an elephant, and **गज** flower.

**गज** m. (-गः) The holy fig tree, (*Ficus religiosa*) **गज** an elephant and **गज** friendly, liked.

**गज** m. (-गः) A name of *Bhīṣma* f. (-गः) A creeping plant, (*Hedysarum lugopodioides*) **गज** an elephant, and **गज** strong. (नीरव चाकुलिया)।

**गजिह्व** m. (-गिह्व) A sort of snake, (*Amphisbæna*). **गज** an elephant, and **गिह्व** destroying; the word is sometimes written **गजधनु**, from **धनु** cherishing. [boxer.]

**गजधनु** m. (-गः) The elephant of *INDRA*. **गज** an elephant, and **गज** a

**गज** f. (-गः) 1. A name of *MANASA*, a goddess supposed to preside over snakes. 2. Red arsenic. **गज** a snake, and **गज** a mother.

**गज** m. (-गः) A sort of potherb; also *केशराज* **गज** a snake, and **गज** destroying; considered as an antidote.

**गज** f. (-गः) A piece of wood erected in a newly dug pond for showing the depth of water. **गज** a snake, and **गज** a staff; also **गजयष्टिका**।

**गजर** mfn. (-गः-री-र) 1. Clever, sharp, knowing, (as a buck, a blood, a wag, &c.) 2. Town-born or bred, citizen. 3. Nameless. 4. Relating to a city. 5. Polite, civil. 6. Bad, vile, n. (-र) 1. Dry ginger. 2. A sort of grass, (*Cyperus pertenuis*). 3. A form of writing, the "D'evanāgarī alphabet." m. (-रः) 1. A husband's brother. 2. An orange. 3. A lecturer. 4. Denial of knowledge. 5. Fatigue. 6. Desire of final beatitude. f. (-री) 1. A sort of *Euphorbia*. 2. A clever or intriguing woman. **गजर** a city **गज** aff. **गजरे भवः** **गज**।

**गजर** m. (-गः) 1. The orange; see **गजर** 2. A thief. 3. An artist. **गजर**, and **गज** aff.

**गजर** m. (-गः) Red lead. **गज** mountain, and **गजर** red. **गिह्वरे**।

**गजर** m. (-गः) The orange; in India usually applied to the Sylhet orange, (*Citrus aurantium*). **गज** an elephant, **गजर** to be sick, affix **गज**; on which elephants feed till they become ill; or **गजर** red lead, and **गजर** colour, of the colour of red lead. (गजराजो नेत्र)।

**गजर** f. (-गः) A grass, (*Cyperus*). **गजर**।

**गजर** m. (-गः) *ANANTA*, the chief of the *Nāgas*. **गजर**, and **गजर** king.

**गजरी** m. (-गः) A libertine, a debauchee, a rake, a blackguard. **गजरी** an intriguing woman, **गजरी** to accompany, affix **गजरी**, deriv. irr. or more appropriately **गजरी-केत-गती-क**।

**गजर** m. (-गः) The orange; see **गजर**।

**गजर** m. (-गः) Red lead. **गजर**, and **गजर** oxid. **गिह्वरे**।

**गजर** mfn. (-गः-को-क) City, citizen. **गजर** a town, and **गजर** aff.

**गजर** f. (-गः) The penis. **गजर** a snake, and **गजर** a creeper.

**गजर** m. (-गः) The *Nāga* regions below the earth. **गजर** a *Nāga*, and **गजर** world.

**गजर** f. (-गः) The betel plant; see the next.

**गजर** f. (-गः) The betel plant, (*Peper betel*). **गजर** the infernal *Nāga*, and **गजर** a creeper; the creeper of the lower regions; also with **गजर** added **गजर**।

**गजर** m. (-गः) *Garuda*, the bird of *Viṣṇu*. 2. A peacock. 3. A royal elephant. 4. An elephant driver or keeper. 5. The chief person in a court or assembly. **गजर** an elephant, **गजर** to cherish, &c. affix **गजर**।

**गजर** m. (-गः) A rake; see **गजर**।

**गजर** f. (-गः) The path of *Airāvata*, "the milky way." **गजर** the elephant, **गजर** a road or path.

**गजर** n. (-गः) Minium or red lead. **गजर** lead, and **गजर** production.

**गजर** f. (-गः) The *ichneumon* plant; see **गजर**. **गजर** a snake, and **गजर** perfume.

**गजर** m. (-गः) A plant; see **गजर**. **गजर** an elephant, and **गजर** a name.

**गजर** n. (-गः) *Hastina'pur*.

**गजर** f. (-गः) A stick or pole driven into a square piece of earth in the centre of a newly dug pond, a boring rod. **गजर** a snake, and **गजर** end of a garment; it is also written **गजर** f. (-गः) see **गजर**।

**गजर** m. (-गः) The great serpent *ANANTA*. **गजर** a serpent, and **गजर** a king.

**गजर** m. (-गः) *Garuda*, the bird and vehicle of *Viṣṇu*. **गजर** a snake, and **गजर** a destroyer; this and similar compounds are also applied to the "*Ardea Argala*," the peacock, and other birds who are natural enemies of the serpent genus.

**गजर** mfn. (-गः-दा-द) Mounted or riding upon an elephant. **गजर**, and **गजर** mounted.

**गजर** m. (-गः) *Garuda*; see **गजर**. **गजर** a snake, and **गजर** food.

**गजर** n. (-गः) *Hastina'pur* or ancient Delhi. **गजर** an elephant, and **गजर** a name.

**गजर** n. (-गः) Armour for the front or the belly.

**गजर** n. (-गः) A breast plate, a cuirass.

**गजर** m. (-गः) A name of fire; also **गजर**।

**गजर** n. (-गः) 1. Dancing, acting. 2. The Carnatic. **गजर** to dance, affix **गजर**।

**गजर** mfn. (-गः-को-क) An actor, acting, dancing, &c. m. (-गः) a play, a drama; the first of the ten species of dramatic compositions of the first order f. (-गः) The court of *INDRA*. **गजर** to act or perform, **गजर** aff.

**गजर** m. (-गः) Course or arrangement of a drama. **गजर**, and **गजर** extent.

**गजर** mfn. (-गः-दा-द) Dramatic. **गजर**, and **गजर** aff.

**गजर** m. (-गः) The Water melon, (*Cucurbita citrullus*).

**गजर** m. (-गः) The son of an actress.

**गजर** f. (-गः) A short or light comedy, the first of the *Uparūpakas* or dramas of the second order. **गजर** to dance, **गजर** aff.

**गजर** m. (-गः) The son of an actress. **गजर** and **गजर** aff.

**गजर** m. (-गः) The son of an actress or dancing girl. **गजर** an actress, **गजर** aff.

**गजर** n. (-गः) The science or art of dancing or acting, or the union of song, dance, and instrumental music. **गजर** to dance, affix **गजर** or **गजर**, or **गजर** कर्म **गजर**।

**गजर** m. (-गः) Rules of dramatic representation. **गजर** acting, **गजर** rule, and **गजर** aff.

**गजर** m. (-गः) A name of *SIVA*. **गजर** dancing, and **गजर** fond of.

**गजर** f. (-गः) A theatre, a building for dramatic exhibitions; according to some it should be built near the gate of a palace. **गजर** and **गजर** a hall.

**गजर** f. (-गः) Dramatic phraseology. **गजर** and **गजर** expression.

**गजर** f. (-गः-को-क) 1. The stalk or stem of any plant. 2. Any tubular organ of the body, as an artery, a vein, an intestine, &c. 3. The hollow stalk of a lotus, &c. 4. A fistulous sore, a fistula, a sinus. 5. A sort of bent grass. 6. A juggling trick. 7. Deception. 8. An hour of twenty-four minutes. 9. Any pipe or tube. 10. The pulse, either at the hand or feet, &c. **गजर** to fall off or from, affix **गजर** and **गजर** or **गजर** optionally added.

**गजर** f. (-गः) An Indian hour, or twenty-four minutes. **गजर** the same, **गजर** pleonasm.

**गजर** m. (-गः) The cocoanut; see **गजर**.

**गजर** n. (-गः) A small reed or tube round which the wool is wound;

it is then used as a shuttle. **६. नाडि** a tube, and **चीर** old cloth.

**नाडिस्थान** mfn. (-नः-ना-मं) 1. Terrifying. 2. Moving the intestines. m. (-नः) A goldsmith. **८. नाडि** a tube, a hollow bamboo, &c. and **धन** who blows, from **धा** with **खञ्** aff.

**नाडिस्थ** mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Who or what drinks or sucks through a tube. **९. नाडि** a pipe, **पे** to drink, affix **खञ्**.

**नाडिपत्र** n. (-त्रं) An esculent root, (Arum colocasia.) **६. नाडि** a tube, **पत्र** a leaf.

**नाडिमण्डल** m. (-लं) The celestial equator. **६. नाडि**, and **मण्डल** a sphere.

**नाडीकेल** m. (-लः) The coconut : see **नाडिकेल**.

**नाडीज** n. (-जं) An esculent root, (Arum colocasia.) **६. नाडी** a tube, **ज** to go or grow, affix **ङ**.

**नाडीचरच** m. (-चः) A bird in general. **६. नाडी** a tube, **चरच** foot.

**नाडीजह** m. (-हः) 1. A crow. 2. The name of a holy teacher or saint. 3. The name of a fabulous crane. **६. नाडी** a stalk, and **जहा** a leg or thigh.

**नाडीतरङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A sort of poison : see **काकील**. 2. An astrologer. 3. A ravisher, a debaucher. **६. नाडी** an Indian hour, and **तरङ्ग** a wave ; also **नाडीतरङ्गक**.

**नाडीदेह** m. (-हः) BHRIṆGI, one of SIVA's followers. **६. नाडी** a tube, and **देह** the body ; as thin.

**नाडीनक्षत्र** n. (-त्रं) The planet of a person's nativity. **६. नाडी** and **नक्षत्र** an asterism.

**नाडीविषय** m. (-यः) A name of BHRIṆGI, one of SIVA's chief attendants. **६. नाडी** a pipe, and **विषय** the body ; also **नाडीदेह**, &c.

**नाडीव्रण** n. (-णं) An ulcer. **६. नाडी** a sinus, and **व्रण** a sore. (नालीचा) ।

**नाडीकेह** m. (-हः) A name of BHRIṆGI : see **नाडीदेह** ।

**नाणक** n. (-कं) A coin, or any thing struck or stamped with an impression.

**नाणकपरीचा** f. (-चा) Assaying. **६. नाणक**, and **परीचा** trial.

**नाणकपरीचिन्** m. (-चो) An assayer. **६. नाणक**, and **परीचिन्** who tries.

**नाम** n. (-नं) 1. Praise, eulogium. 2. Surprise, wonder. m. (-नः) 1. SIVA. 2. A sage. **६. नम्** to bow, **इण्** affix, **न** is dropped, and the short radical vowel made long.

**नाथ** (न) नाथ r. 1st cl. (नाथते) 1. To ask or beg. 2. To bless. 3. To destroy. 4. To have wealth or power. 5. To be deceased. **उपतापे परं चाग्निवि चासं ऐश्वर्यं च परं भ्यां सकं सेट् ।**

**नाथ** m. (-यः) 1. A master, a lord. 2. A name of SIVA, especially in the form of a Linga ; it is usually compounded with some word relating to the legendary history of the Linga, as Somana'tha, the Linga set up by SOMA, &c. 3. A name adopted by a class of Yogis, as GORAKSHANA'THA, &c. 4. A rope passed through the nose of a draft ox. **६. नाथ्** to ask, (from whom,) and **अच्** aff.

**नाथवत्** mfn. (-वान् वती वत्) Dependent, subservient, subject. **६. नाथ** master, and **सवप्** poss. aff.

**नाथहरि** m. (-रिः) An animal bridled by the nose. **६. नाथ** the string, **हृ** to take, **इण्** aff.

**नाथहार** mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Taking or carrying a master, &c. **६. नाथ**, **हृ** to take, **अण्** aff.

**नाद** m. (-दः) 1. Sound in general. 2. A semicircle, used especially as an abbreviation or hieroglyphic in mystical works. **६. नद्** to sound, affix **ञच्** ।

**नादिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Who or what sounds. **६. नद्** to sound, affix **णिनि** ।

**नादिय** mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Ocean or river-born, marine, aquatic. n. (-यं) 1. Sea salt. 2. Antimony. f. (-यी) 1. A sort of reed growing usually near water, (Calamus fasciculatus. Rox.) 2. A plant, (Premna herbacea, Rox.) 3. The orange. 4. A tree. see **जयको**. 5. The China rose. **६. नद्** a river or the sea, and **डक्** affix, fem. affix **डोप्** ; also with **कञ्** added, in the fem. form **नादेयिका** f. (-का) ।

**नाथ** (न) नाथ r. 1st cl. (नाथते) 1. To ask or beg. 2. To bless. 3. To troy. 4. To have wealth or power. 5. To be deceased. **अ सकं सेट् ।**

**नाना** ind. 1. Without, except. 2. Many, various. 3. Double or two. **६. नञ्** negative, and **नाञ्** aff.

**नानाधनि** m. (-निः) A musical instrument of more than one tone. **६. नाना** various, and **धनि** sound.

**नानारस** mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Of different flavours. **६. नाना**, and **रस** a colour.

**नानारान** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Variegated, of many colours. **६. नाना**, and **रान** colour.

**नानारूप** mfn. (-रूपः-रूपा-रूपं) Multiform, various. **६. नाना** various, and **रूप** ।

**नानावर्ण** mfn. (-वर्णः-वर्णा-वर्णं) Variegated, many-coloured. **६. नाना**, **वर्ण** colour.

**नानाविध** mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) 1. In various ways. 2. Of various sorts. **६. नाना**, and **विध** kind.

**नानुष्ठेय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Improper, unusual, not right or customary. **न** not, **चनु** according to, **ष्ठेय** from **स्था** to be, to be fixed or determined.

**नान्दिकर** m. (-रः) The speaker of the prologue to a drama : see **नान्दी**.

**नान्दी** f. (-न्दी) 1. Eulogium of a king, or praise of a deity, recited in mediatory verses at the commencement of a religious ceremony or the opening of a drama ; it most usually signifies the kin blessing pronounced as a prologue to a Na'taka or play. 2. Prosperity, thriving, increase. **६. नदि** to be happy, in the causal form affix **इण्**, and **डोप्** ; delighting the gods, &c. or procuring happiness for mankind. **नन्दन्ति** देशा च नन्दन्तश्च पृथो रविः डोप् ।

**नान्दोक** m. (-कः) A pot in a door-way, set up for good luck, **६. न** prosperity, **कृ** to make, affix **ङ** ।

**नान्दीकर** m. (-रः) The speaker of the prologue or prelude of a drama. **६. नान्दी** as above, **कर** who makes ; also with the vowel made short **नान्दिकर** ।

**नान्दीपट** m. (-टः) The lid or cover of a well.

**नान्दीमुख** m. (-मुखः) 1. The lid or cover of a well. 2. The class of progenitors to whom the Na'ndi-mukha-shra'ddha is addressed. f. (-मुखो) A female ancestor sharing in the same. n. (-खं) 1. A species of the Sarkari, metre. 2. A Shra'ddha or funeral obsequies performed on joyous occasions, as initiation, marriage, &c. in which nine balls of meat are offered to the deceased father, paternal grandfather, and great grandfather ; to the maternal grandfather, great grandfather, and great great grandfather ; and to the mother, paternal grandmother, and paternal great grandmother. **६. नान्दी** good fortune, **मुख** principal.

**नान्दीवादिन्** m. (-दी) 1. The speaker of the prologue or introduction to a drama. 2. A drummer, one who beats a drum at festivals, &c. **६. नान्दी** as above, and **वादिन्** who speaks.

**नापि** ind. Not even. **६. न** not, and **अपि** even.

**नापित** m. (-तः) A barber. **६. न** negative, **चाप्** to obtain, (respect.) **ना** Una'di affix, and **इट्** augment **युद्धायां चवियात् जाते सकोर्ध्वान्तिभेदे** ।

**नापितशाला** f. (-शाला) A barber's shop, **६. नापित**, and **शाला** house ; also with **कञ्** added in the fem. form, **नापितशालिका** f. (-का) ।

**नापित्य** m. (-त्यः) The business of a barber. **६. नापित** and **त्य** aff.

**नाभक** m. (-कः) A myrobalan, (Terminalia chebula) **६. नभ-कुल**, **वसतिनेष्टे**

**नाभि** f. (-भिः-भी) 1. The nave of a wheel. 2. Musk. mf. (-भिः or भी) The navel. m. (-भिः) 1. An emperor, a sovereign, a lord, paramount. 2. The centre, focus, chief point. 3. A king, a chief. 4. Kshetriya or Hindu of the regal and military tribe. 5. The name of PRIYAVRATA. 6. A race, a family. **६. नब्** to bind, Una'di affix **इण्**, and **अ** substituted for **व**.

**नाभिकण्टक** m. (-कः) Ruptured or protruded navel. **६. नाभि** a navel, **कण्टक** a thorn. (ना'क) ।

नृबल (नृ) म. (-बः) A prominent or ruptured navel. न. नाभि, and नृबल a ball or lump.  
 लोबल न. (-बः) A prominent or ruptured navel. न. नाभि, and लोबल a lump or ball.  
 लोबल न. (-नः) Division of the umbilical cord. न. नाभि, and लोबल cutting.  
 नृ म. (-नृः) BRAMHA'. न. नाभि navel, and नृ born; BRAMHA' appearing from the lotus which sprung from the navel of VISHN'U.  
 नृबल म. (-नृ) BRAMHA'. न. नाभि the navel, and नृबल birth; see the last.  
 लोबल f. (-नृ) the umbilical cord. न. नाभि and लोबल a vessel.  
 लोबल f. (-नृ) The umbilical cord न. नाभि the navel, and लोबल a string, a vessel.  
 नृ म. (-नृ) BRAMHA'. न. नाभि, and नृ born : see नाभिज.  
 लोबल न. (-नृ) 1. Division of the Umbilical cord. 2. Umbilical hernia.  
 3. Corpulency. न. नाभि, and लोबल increasing.  
 लो न. (-नृ) 1. The groin of a woman. 2. A prominent or ruptured navel. 3. pain. 4. The hollow of the navel. न. नाभि the navel, लो aff.  
 मfn. (-नृ-नृ-नृ) Umbilical, of or relating to the navel. न. नाभि the navel, and लो aff.  
 लो म. (-नृ) The hollow or pit of the navel. न. नाभि a navel, लोबल a round.  
 ind. A particle implying, 1. Certainty. 2. Possibility. 3. Anger. 4. Reproach. 5. Consent, promise. 6. Recollection. 7. Surprise. 8. Pretence, &c. as हिमालयी नाम नृनाभिः Hima'laya, evidently the king of mountains, नृ नाम लोता भविष्यति SIRA' will perhaps be here, &c. न. लो to call or address, affix ल. deriv. irr. नाबल नाभि-ल.  
 लो न. (-नृ) Naming a child first after birth. न. नाम, and लोबल making.  
 लो न. (-नृ) Addressing by name, न. नाम and लोबल taking ; also नामलोबल.  
 लोबल f. (-नृ) A religious ceremony, worshipping DURGA' daily under one of twelve appellations. न. नाम, and लोबल twelfth.  
 लो न. (-नृ) A name or appellation. न. नाम a name, and लोबल लोबल aff.  
 लो न. (न) A name, an appellation. न. लो to be minded or remembered, लोबल Una'di affix, deriv. irr.  
 लो मfn. (-नृ-नृ-नृ) Dead, deceased. म. (-नृ) Dying, death. न. नाम a name, and लोबल end.  
 लोबल म. (-नृ) Abusing a respectable object, as a pious man, a deity by name. न. नाम, and लोबल offence.  
 लो मfn. (-नृ-नृ-नृ) Bent, bent down, bowed. न. लोबल to bow, causal form, लो aff.  
 लो म. (-नृ) 1. Guiding, directing, (morally or physically.) 2. Policy. 3. Obtaining. 4. Means, expedient. न. लोबल to guide, &c. affix लो or लोबल ; also with लोबल affix लो.  
 लो म. (-नृ) 1. A guide, a leader, a conductor. 2. A chief, a head, pre-eminent, principal. 3. A general, a commander. 4. The central gem of a necklace. 5. (In Erotic poetry) The man, the husband or lover. f. (-नृ) 1. mistress, a wife, the female in the amatory poetry of the Hindu's. 2. A sort of gooddeity, an inferior form of DURGA', and attendant upon her ; there are eight Na'yik'as. न. लोबल to guide, लोबल aff.  
 लोबल म. (-नृ) A king, a sovereign, a prince. न. नाबल a chief, and लोबल lord.  
 लो मfn. (-नृ-नृ-नृ) 1. Relating to men, human, mortal, &c. 2. Spiritual. nf. (-नृ-नृ) Water. म. (-नृ) A calf. न. (-नृ) A multitude of men. न. लो, and लोबल affix or लो negative, लोबल to go, लोबल aff.  
 लो मfn. (-नृ-नृ-नृ) Infernal, hellish. म. (-नृ) Hell or the infernal regions. न. लोबल hell. लोबल aff.  
 लोबल मfn. (-नृ-नृ-नृ) Infernal, being in hell, condemned to or deserving it. न. लोबल, and लोबल aff.

नारकीट m. (-टः) 1. A sort of worm. 2. A deceiver, one who disappoints expectations excited by himself.

नारक m. (-कः) 1. The juice of the pepper plant. 2. An animal, one of twins. 3. A catamite. 4. The orange tree. ५. नार many men, and न who goes.

नारद m. (-दः) A name of NA'RADA, born from the hip of BRAMHA' and one of the ten divine Munis or Rishis; he is a friend of KRISHN'A, a celebrated legislator, and inventor of the Vina' or lute. He is often described as engaged in conveying messages and causing discord among gods and men. ६. नार men, and दा to give, (instruction,) द् affix; or नार water, and द् who gives; offering sacrifices to the manes.

नाराच m. (-चः) 1. An iron arrow. (६. नार men, चाच् before, च्च् to eat or consume, affix च्; destroying hosts of men.) 2. A bad or cloudy day. 3. A species of the Dhriti metre. (६. नार water, चाच्च् to spit, affix च्. f. (-च्) A goldsmith's scales, a fine or assay balance. ६. नाराच an iron arrow, and ऊच् diminutive affix; also with क्च् added in the fem. from, नाराचिवा f. (-वा). or नराच् चाचानति चा + चन-ङि ।

नारायण m. (-यः) 1. A name of VISHN'U, but especially considered as the deity who was before all worlds. 2. A sage, and brother of नर। The two great sages, while practising penance at the Badarika'shram on the Hima'laya, Indra being afraid lest he might be deprived of his throne sent Heavenly nymphs to disturb their devotions; But Na'ra'yana put these damsels to shame by creating a nymph (Urvashi by name) from his thigh far excelling Indra's nymph's in beauty. 3. A valiant combatant. f. (-वी) 1. A name of DURGA'. 2. A name of LAKSHMI', the goddess of prosperity, and wife of VISHN'U. 3. GANGA'. 4. A plant, (Asparagus racemosa.) ६. नारा the primeval waters, derived from नर the spirit of God, whence they originated, and चयन् place of coming or moving; he who moved over the waters before creation; the word has several etymologies, as नर the spirit or soul of the universe, चच् affix, नार appertaining to it, the actions or emotions of the soul, and चयन् pervading, influencing; again नार multitudes, man kind, and चयन् place: present amongst all men, &c.

नारायणचक्र n. (-च) Four cubits on either side of the stream of the Ganges, ६. नारायण and चक्र shrine.

नारायणतेज n. f. (-ज) An oil of great reputed efficacy in many complaints, expressed from a variety of plants. ६. नारायण and तेज oil.

नारायणप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Attached to KRISHNA or VISHN'U. m. (-यः) SIVA. ६. नारायण, and प्रिय fond of.

नारायणबाण n. (-ञ) A weapon of undefined form and mystical nature. ६. नारायण and बाण weapon.

नारिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Watery, aqueous. 2. Spiritual. ६. नर or नार and टक् aff.

नारिकेर m. (-रः) The cocoanut: see the next.

नारिकेल mf. (-लः-ली) The cocoanut. ६. नारिक watery (place), ईर् to go or grow, affix क, and र optionally changed to ल; also with इन्, नारिकेलि, and ङ being substituted for र, नारिकेर, &c. नल-इन् नाकिः सेन बायुना लजेन वा इक्षति चक्षति, इल-क-कन-रखयोरैकम् ।

नारी f. (-री) 1. A woman in general, a female. 2. A species of the Madhya metre. ६. नर a man, चन् and ऊच् affs. or नृ + नर + वा जाती ऊच् निपातते ।

नारीश्वर m. (-वः) A king of the solar line, the son of ASMAKA.

नारीसेक mf. (-सः-सी) The cocoanut. f. (-सी) Fermented liquor made from the water of the cocoanut: see नारिकेल &c.

नारीच n. (-च) An esculent root, Arum colocasia: see नाडीच. (नाडिता)

नारीतरङ्ग m. (-ङः) A catamite. ६. नारी a woman, तरङ्ग capricious, and क्च् affix of comparison. नारिं तरङ्गयति तरङ्ग + ह्रती-चिच्-क्च् ।

- नारीद्वेष** n. (-वः) A vice or breach of duty in a woman, of which six cases are reckoned, drinking spirits, keeping bad company, quitting a husband, rambling abroad, and sleeping or dwelling in a strange house. **नारी** a woman, **द्वेष** defect.
- नारीप्रसङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) Libertinism, lechery. **नारी**, and **प्रसङ्ग** addiction.
- नारीयान** n. (-नः) A litter or other conveyance for women. **नारी**, and **यान** a carriage.
- नार्यङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) The orange tree; also **नागरङ्ग**. **नार्यं** नरहितसम्पत्तिर्न गच्छति गम-उ । **सुम्** च ।
- नाल** mfn. (-लः-वा or -ली लः) 1. A hollow or tubular stalk, the stalk of the water lily, &c. 2. Any pipe or tube. 3. A handle. **न**. (-लः) Yellow orpiment. **फ**. (-ली) 1. A stalk or culm. 2. An instrument for perforating an elephant's ear. 3. A 'period of time, a Ghati, twenty-four minutes. 4. Any tubular vessel of the body. 5. The pulse. **न**. **ल** to bind, affix **ल**, fem. affix **टाप्**, and **लीप्**, &c.
- नालि(ली)** f. (-लिः-or ली) 1. Any tubular vessel of the body. 2. A hollow stalk. **न**. **ल** interchanged with **उ**; see **नाडि**. **नल-लिच्-इन्** वा **लीप्** ।
- नालिक** m. (-कः) A buffalo. **न**. (-लः) A lotus. **फ**. (-कः) 1. A tubular stalk. 2. An instrument for piercing an elephant's ear. 3. A plant, commonly *Charmagha's*. 4. A sort of potherb, (*Hibiscus cannabinus*.) 5. Any plant growing on a hollow stem, as *San*, safflower, a mushroom, &c. 6. A flute. **न**. **नाली** as above, and **कन्** aff. or **नाडा** वायति **के-ल** ।
- नालिकास्त्र** n. (-स्त्रम्) Cannon. **न**. **नालिक** as above, and **स्त्र** a missile weapon. (**बुद्धनालिक** means a pistol.)
- नालिकेर** m. (-रः) The cocoonut. **न**. **ल** to bind, affix **इन्**, **नालि** a leaf, &c. **क** air, wind, and **इर** what goes; fluttering in the wind. see **नारिकेल** ।
- नालिजङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A raven or the carrion crow. **न**. **नालि** a tube, and **जङ्ग** the leg.
- नालिता** f. (-ता) An esculent root, (*Arum colocasia*)
- नालीक** m. (-कः) 1. An arrow. 2. A dart, a javelin, a pike. 3. A lotus. 4. The fibrous stalk of the lotus. **न**. (-लः) An assemblage of lotus flowers. **न**. **नाली** a fibrous stalk, affix **उन्**.
- नालीकानो** f. (-नी) A multitude of lotus flowers. **न**. **नालीक**, and **इनि** aff.
- नालीत्र** m. (-त्रः) A fistulous or sinuous sore; see **नाडीवृण**, **ल** and **उ** being interchanged.
- नावनिज** mfn. (-कः-की-जः) Ninth. **न**. **नवम** and, **उन्**.
- नाविक** mfn. (-कः-की-जः) Belonging to a vessel, or a boat, &c. **म**. (-कः) 1. The helmsman of a vessel, the steersman, the pilot. 2. A. sailor. **न**. **नी** a boat, affix **उन्**.
- नाव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यः) 1. Navigable. 2. Belonging to a boat. **न**. (-व्यः) Newness, novelty. **न**. **नी** a boat or vessel, and **यन्** affix; or **नव** new, **व्यच्** aff. **नावा** लोभते **वसी**, **नवस्य** भावः वा ।
- नाश** m. (-शः) 1. Annihilation, loss, destruction, disappearance, ruin. 2. Death. 3. Flight, retreat. 4. Abandonment, desertion. (In Arithmetic) 5. Elimination. **न**. **वश्** to cease to be, affix **भावे** **वच्**.
- नाशन** n. (-नः) 1. Destruction, perishing. 2. Removal, expulsion. **न**. **वश्** to perish, affix **विच्**. **व्युट्**.
- नाशयन्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्तो-यन्) destroying annihilating. **न**. **वश्** to perish, causal form, **वश्** aff.
- नाशित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Destroyed. **न**. **वश्** to perish, causal form. **क** aff.
- नाशित्व** mfn. (-शो-शितो-शित्) 1. Destructive, destroying, a destroyer. 2. Perishing, being lost or destroyed. **न**. **वश्** to cease to be, in the causal form, affix **इनि** : or **नाश**, and **इनि** aff.
- नाशिक** mfn. (-कः-की-कः) Belonging or relating to any thing lost. **म**. (-कः) The owner of any thing lost. **न**. **नष्ट**, and **उक्** aff.
- नाशक** m. du. (-शो) The two sons of *As'hwinī*, and physicians of *Swarga*. **फ**. (-शः) The constellation *As'hwinī*. **न**. **न** not, **वसन्** impure.

- नासा** f. (-सा) 1. The nose. 2. The upper timber of a door. 3. The trunk of an elephant. **न**. **वश्** to sound, to stand, **वच्** aff.
- नासाक्षि** f. (-क्षी) A sort of bird; also **पूर्विका**. **न**. **नासा** the nose, **क्षि** cut, fem. affix **कीप्**.
- नासादक्षिणावर्त** m. (-वर्तः) Wearing the nose-ring in the right nostril by women who have money and children. **न**. **नासा** the nose, **दक्षि** the right, and **वर्त** a turning.
- नासादाव** m. (-वः) The upper timber of a door; see **नासा**.
- नासानाद** m. (-दः) Thickening of the membrane of the nose, stopping of the nostrils. **न**. **नासा**, and **नाद** binding
- नासापरिखाव** m. (-वः) 1. Running at the nose. 2. A running cold. **न**. **नासा** and **परिखाव** flow.
- नासारन्ध्र** n. (-न्ध्रः) The nostril. **न**. **नासा**, and **रन्ध्र** a hole.
- नासाल** m. (-लः) A plant, commonly *Ka'yaphal*; see **वट्फल**. **न**. **नासा** the nose, and **ल** to cut, affix **उ**.
- नासावध** m. (-धः) The bridge of the nose. **न**. **नासा** and **वध** bamboo.
- नासावामावर्त** m. (-वर्तः) Wearing the nose-ring in the left nostril, a mark of sorrow or distress. **न**. **नासा** the nose. **वाम** the left side, **वर्त** a turning.
- नासाशोष** m. (-शः) Dryness of the nostrils. **न**. **नासा** and **शोष** drying.
- नासिकस्थ** mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Blowing or breathing through the nose, snoring, &c. **न**. **नासिका** the nose, **था** to blow &c. affix **वच्**. **वच्** **वच्** । [ **घिट्** to drink, affix **वच्** ]
- नासिकस्थ** mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Drinking through the nose. **न**. **नासिका**, and **नासिका** f. (-का) 1. The nose. 2. The upper timber, or nose as it were, of a door. 3. A name of the nymph *As'hwinī*. **न**. **नासा** above, affix **कन्** fem. form. or **नास** **वच्** **वच्** । The same as **नासा**.
- नासिकाग्र** n. (-ग्रः) The tip of the nose. **न**. **नासिका**, and **ग्र** end.
- नासिकानल** n. (-लः) The mucus of the nose, snout. **न**. **नासिका**, and **नल** excrement; it may also be **नासामल** । **शिवाये** ।
- नासिक** m. du. (-शो) 1. The two sons of *As'hwinī*. 2. A nasal sound. **न**. (-शः) The nose. **न**. **नासिका**, and **यन्** affix of identity or descent.
- नासिक्य** n. (-कः) The nose. **न**. **कन्** added to the preceding.
- नासोर** n. ((-रः) Advancing or skirmishing in front of an army, leaving the line, and defying the enemy by shouts and gestures. **म**. (-रः) The van, or a champion who advances before the line. **न**. **वास्** to sound, affix **इरन्**; or **नासाय** **वच्** **वच्** **वच्** ।
- नासि** ind. Non-existence, not so, it is not. **न**. **न** negative, and **वसि** is, third person, singular, present tense of **वश्** to be.
- नासिक** m. (-कः) An atheist, but applied by the orthodox Hindu's, to any one who denies the divine authority of the *Ve'das*, or doubts the legends of the *Purāṇas*, or a future life or the existence of a ruler, or creator of the universe. **न**. **नासि** there is not (a god &c.) and **उन्** aff.
- नासिकता** f. (-ता) Atheism, denial of the deity, of a future state, of the divinity of the *Ve'das*; Budd'hism, heresy, &c. **न**. **तत्** abstract affix added to the preceding; also with **त्व** **नासिकत्व**, or with **यन्** affix **नासिक्य** ।
- नासिक्य** n. (-कः) Infidelity, atheism, heresy. **न**. **नासिक**, and **यन्** aff.
- नासिन्** n. (-लः) Non-existence. **न**. **ल** added to **नासि**; also with **तत्** affix **नासिता** ।
- नासिद** m. (-दः) The mango tree.
- नास्य** n. (-स्यः) The rein of an ox passed through the septum of the nostrils. **न**. **नासा** the nose, **स्योरावयवलात्** **यन्** aff. **नासाया** **भवन्** ।
- नाद** m. (-दः) 1. Binding, confinement. 2. A trap, a snare for catching deer, &c. 3. Obstruction in any organ or secretion of the body, as costiveness, &c. **न**. **वच्** to bind, affix **भावे** **वच्** ।
- नादक** m. (-कः) A man of a barbarous or outcast tribe.
- नाडवि** m. (-विः) The name of a king; also *Yaya'ti*. **न**. **नडव**, and **वन्** affix of descent. Also **नाडव** ।

निःकारण mfn. (-चः-आ-च) Causeless, unfounded. ३. निः neg. कारण cause.  
 निःकारण n. (-नः) Expulsion, exile, turning out. ३. निः, and कच् to go, causal form, क्कुट् affix; also निःकारण.  
 निःकाशित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Turned out or forth, expelled, removed. ३. निः out, कच् to go, in the causal form, affix क्त; also निःकाशित, निःकाशित and निःकाशित.  
 निःकाशित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Expelled, turned out. ३. निः for निः out, काशित caused to go, also निःकाशित.  
 निःकाश mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Having none of the military tribe, (in a city, &c.) ३. निः not, चव a Kshatriya.  
 निःक्षिप्त mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Thrown or sent away. 2. Spent. 3. Passed. ३. निः before, क्षिप्त to throw, &c. affix क्त.  
 निःक्षिप्त ind. 1. Having thrown or sent away. 2. Having spent, (as time.) 3. Having wiped away, (as tears,) &c. ३. निः before, क्षिप्त to throw, and ल्यप् aff.  
 निःक्षेप m. (-पः) 1. Throwing, sending, putting away. 2. Spending. 3. Passing, (as time) 4. Wiping away, (as tears) ३. निः and क्षिप्त to throw, चञ् aff.  
 निःप्रभ mfn. (-मः-मा-म) Gloomy, dark, obscured. ३. निः for निः privative, and प्रभा light; also निःप्रभ.  
 निःफल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Fruitless, barren. ३. निः neg. फल fruit, more commonly निःफल.  
 निःशङ्क mfn. (-यः-या-य) Undoubted. ३. निः for निः, शङ्क doubt.  
 निःशङ्क mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) Fearless. ३. निः and शङ्का apprehension.  
 निःशलाक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Solitary, private. ३. निः for निः privative, and शलाका the maina; not even frequented by birds; also निःशलाक.  
 निःशब्द mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Silent, voiceless. ३. निः for निः, and शब्द sound.  
 निःशूक m. (-कः) Rice without any awn or beard. ३. निः for निः and शूक beard of corn.  
 निःशेष mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Complete, entire. ३. निः for निः negative, and शेष remainder; also निःशेष.  
 निःशोध्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) Cleansed, cleared, purified. ३. निः for निः implying completion, and शोध्य pure; also निःशोध्य.  
 निःशयणी f. (-णी) Wooden steps, a ladder, a staircase. ३. निः for निः out, forth, यि to go, affix क्कुट्; also with चञ् affix, and हनि added, निःशयणी.  
 निःशयिणी f. (-यः-या-य) 1. A ladder or staircase, a flight of steps. 2. The wild date tree. ३. निः for निः implying certainty, and शयणी a line also निःशयणी.  
 निःशयः n. (-यः) 1. Final beatitude, the release of the soul from the body, and its reunion with the primary and universal spirit. 2. Happiness, welfare. 3. Knowledge, learning. 4. Belief, faith, devotedness. 5. Apprehension, conception. m. (-याः) A name of Siva. ३. निः for निः implying eternity or certainty, शयस् best, चञ् added; also निःशयः.  
 निःशसन n. (-नः) 1. Sighing, &c. 2. Breathing out. ३. निः and शसन breathing.  
 निःशसित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Sighed, sighing. 2. Breathing out. n. (-नः) 1. Expiration. 2. Sighing. ३. निः and शस् to breathe, क्त aff.  
 निःशस्य ind. Having sighed. ३. निः and शस् to breathe, affix ल्यप्.  
 निःशस्य m. (-सः) 1. Breathing out, expiration. 2. Sighing. ३. निः, and शस् to breathe, भावे चञ् aff.  
 निःशस्यपरम mfn. (-मः-मा-म) Sorrowful. ३. निःशस्य and परम best.  
 निःशस्यम् ind. 1. A particle of reproof, (improperly, unseasonably.) 2. A term of regret, (alas!) ३. निः not, सञ् equal to, र is changed to Visarga, and स becomes व.  
 निःसङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गा-ङ्ग) 1. Separated, unconnected. 2. Regardless, indifferent, free from attachment or desire. ३. निः not, सङ्ग association.

निःसङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गा-ङ्ग) Senseless, insensible. ३. निः not, सङ्ग sign of life.

निःसत्य mfn. (-त्यः-त्या-त्य) False, untrue. ३. निः neg. सत्य true.

निःसत्यता f. (-ता) Insincerity, falsehood. ३. निः neg. सत्यता truth.

निःसत्त्व mfn. (-त्त्वः-त्वा-त्त्व) 1. Weak, impotent. 2. Insignificant, mean, low. 3. Non-existent. 4. Insubstantial. n. (-त्त्वः) 1. Insignificance, absence of power or consideration. 2. Non-existence. ३. निः neg. सत्त्व substance, &c.

निःसृज्य mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्य) Firm, well-knit, compact. ३. निः not, सृज्य junction; the joints of which are not perceivable. निःसृज्यः सृज्यः सृज्यद्विजात् निरासिः सुषमा-चलम्।

निःसृत्य m. (-तः) 1. Without motion. 2. Midnight. ३. निः neg. सृत्य going, from पत् to go, with सृज् prefix, and चञ् aff.

निःसरण n. (-णः) 1. Death, dying. 2. A means or expedient. 3. Exit, a going forth or out. 4. Final beatitude. 5. The entrance into a house or town, &c. the gate, the gate-way. ३. निः forth or out, सृ, to go, भावे क्कुट् aff.

निःसह्य mfn. (-ह्यः-ह्या-ह्य) 1. Intolerable, unbearable. 2. Irresistible. 3. Unable to support or bear. ३. निः neg. सह्य bearing.

निःसह्य n. (-ह्यः) 1. Inability to bear or support. 2. Impatience, unendurance. ३. निःसह्य, and ह्य affix; also with तल् निःसह्यता.

निःसाधस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) Bold, fearless. ३. निः and साधस्य fear.

निःसार mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Sapless, pithless. २. Worthless, vain, insubstantial. m. (-रः) 1. A plant. (Trophis aspera.) 2. Going forth. f. (-रा) The plantain. ३. निः privative, सार essence, pith; or निः out, सृ to go, चञ् aff.

निःसारण n. (-णः) 1. Going forth or out. 2. The entrance of a house or town, &c. the passage, the road of ingress and egress. ३. निः forth or out, and सृ to go चञ् क्कुट् aff; see निःसारण.

निःसारित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Turned forth or out, expelled, dismissed. ३. निः out, and सारित caused to go. निः सृ-चिञ् कर्त्तव्यम्।

निःसुख mfn. (-खः-खा-ख) 1. Disagreeable, distressing. 2. Unhappy. ३. निः neg. सुख pleasure.

निःसृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Gone forth or out. ३. निः, and सृ to go, affix क्त.

निःसृज्य mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्य) 1. Dry, not greasy or unctuous. 2. Cold, insensible, unfeeling. f. (-जा) Linseed, (Linum utilitissimum.) ३. निः forth, out, and सृज्य oil; whence oil is extracted or expressed, &c. or निः privative, सृज्य oil or affection.

निःसृज्य mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्य) 1. Free from desire. 2. Disregarding, indifferent to. ३. निः neg. सृज्य wish.

निःसाव m. (-वः) The moisture or water of boiled rice. ३. निः forth, and साव what is oozing or निःसृज्य-च (केन) [property].

निःस mfn. (-सः-सा-स) Poor, indigent. ३. निः not, nothing, स own

निःसादु mfn. (-दुः-दा-दु) Luscious, tasteless. ३. निः neg. सादु sweet.

नि ind. 1. In, within; on, upon: a particle and prefix. 2. A negative or prohibitive particle. 3. A particle implying certainty, affirmation, proximity, continuance, doubt, intensity, fulness, lowness, order, skill, wrong, group, &c. see the following compounds.

निःकट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Kinless, solitary. ३. नि, and कट् affix; or नि prefixed to कट्, to go to or towards, affix चञ्.

निःकर m. (-रः) 1. A flock or multitude. 2. A heap, a bundle. 3. Pith, sap, essence. 4. Suitable or proper gift. 5. A treasure, especially belonging to Kuvēra: see निधि. ३. नि in or upon, कृ to throw, affix चञ्.

निःकच्य m. (-च्यः) 1. An open space or sort of play-ground in or near a town. 2. A court at the entrance to a house. 3. A neighbourhood. 4. A plot of ground not ploughed. ३. नि, with कच्य ploughing; so prepared.

निःकच्य m. (-च्यः) The touch-stone. f. (-चा) The mother of the imps or goblins. ३. नि prefixed to कच्य to injure, affix च.



**निक्ष्वा ind.** 1. Near, proximate. 2. In the middle, betwixt, between. 3. The mother of a Ra'kshasha. **नि** prefixed to **क्ष्** to hurt, **UNA'di** affix **वा**.

**निक्ष्वाक्ष m.** (-गः) A Ra'kshasha, a sort of goblin. **निक्ष्वा** the mother of the race, and **वाक्ष** a son.

**निक्ष्वा m.** (-सः) A touch-stone: see **निक्ष्वा**.

**निक्ष्वा n. adv.** (-सं) Voluntarily, willingly, implying certainty. **नि**, **का** will.

**निक्ष्वा m.** (-यः) An assemblage of persons performing like duties, a congregation, an audience. 2. A flock, a multitude. 3. A butt, a mark. 4. A house, habitation. 5. The Supreme Being. 6. The body. **नि** in or within, **चि** to collect, affix **चञ्**, and **क** substituted for the radical initial.

**निक्ष्वा m.** (-यः) A house. **नि** in or within, **चि** to collect, affix **खट्** कुलम् ।

**निक्ष्वा m.** (-रः) 1. Opposition, contradiction. 2. Injury, wrong, offence. 3. wickedness; malice. 4. Abuse, reproach, disrespect. 5. Raising, tossing or lifting up. 6. Piling or winnowing oorn. 7. Killing. **नि** depreciative prefix, **कृ** to make, or **कु** to throw, affix **भावे चञ्**, or **चप**.

**निक्ष्वा n.** (-च) Killing, slaughter. **नि** prefixed to **चु** to injure, affix **कुट्**.

**निक्ष्वा m.** (-वः) Rubbing, scratching. **नि** before, **क्ष्** to hurt, **चञ्** aff.

**निक्ष्वा(m) mfn.** (-चः-सा-स) 1. Likeness. (in composition :) 2. Proximity 3. Appearance. See **नीकास**.

**निक्ष्वाक्ष(m) m.** (-कः) A measure of capacity equal to  $\frac{1}{4}$ th of a Kud'ava. **नि** before, **कुचि** to be small. affix **कृन्**.

**निक्ष्वाक्ष mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Contracted. **नि** in, and **कुचित** curved.

**निक्ष्वा mn.** (-जः-ज) An arbour, a bower, a place overgrown with creepers and shrubs. **नि** expletive, and **कुञ्ज** an arbour.

**निक्ष्वा m.** (-अः) 1. The son of KUMBHAKARN'A, the brother of R'AVAN'A. 2. A plant, (Croton polyandrum) **नि** कु the earth, **भू** to be, affix **चञ्**, and **नि** prefixed.

**निक्ष्वाक्ष f.** (-सा) A cave situated on the western part of ceylon, where offerings with fire are made. **नि** before, **कुञ्ज** a jar, **रलच** aff.

**निक्ष्वाक्ष n.** (-म्) A flock or multitude : also **निक्ष्वाक्ष** **नि** before, **कु** to divide or out, affix **चञ्च**, and **च** substituted for the penultimate ; also read **निक्ष्वाक्ष**.

**निक्ष्वा mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Dishonest, wicked, perverse. 2. Removed, set aside, dismissed. 3. Tricked, cheated, deceived. 4. Injured, afflicted. 5. Low, base, vile. **नि** prefixed to **कृन्** to out, affix **क**.

**निक्ष्वा f.** (-तिः) 1. Wickedness, dishonesty. 2. Abuse, reproach. 3. Rejection, removal. 4. Poverty, indigence. **नि** prefixed to **कृन्** to out, affix **कि** or **नि** + **कृन्** + **भावे** **किन्** ।

**निक्ष्वा mfn.** (-टः-टा-ट) Outcast, despised, low. **नि** prefixed to **कृन्** to make furrows, to revile or despise, affix **कृ**.

**निक्ष्वाय m.** (-यः) Piling or collecting repeatedly. **नि** before, **चि** to gather, **रित**, **v.**, **चञ्** aff.

**निक्ष्वा m.** (-तः) A house, a habitation. **नि** in, **किन्** to dwell, affix **चञ्**; also with **युच** affix **निक्ष्वा**.

**निक्ष्वा n.** (-कः) A house, a dwelling. **नि** **कृन्** added to **निक्ष्वा**.

**निक्ष्वा n.** (-नः) A house, a habitation. **नि** (-नः) An onion **नि** see **निक्ष्वा**.

**निक्ष्वा(ठ) m.** (-कः) A tree, (Allangium hexapetalum.) **नि** prefixed to **कुच** to be crooked, affix **वुन्**; also derived from **कुट्** to surround, **निक्ष्वा**; also with **चञ्**, pleonasm added, **निक्ष्वाच** or **नि** + **कुच** + **चञ्** **वुन्** । **चङ्गीट** इति ।

**निक्ष्वा m.** (-चः) 1. A musical tone or sound. 2. Any sound. **नि** prefixed to **क्ष्** to sound, **चप** affix; also with **चञ्** affix **निक्ष्वाच** m. (-चः)

**निच r. 1st cl.** (निचति) To kiss : see **निच** ।

**निचच n.** (-च) Kissing. **नि** **च** to kiss, **कुट्** aff.

**निचा f.** (-चा) A nit. **नि** **चिन्** to meditate, **UNA'di** affix **चञ्** according some a wrong form of **निचा** ।

**निचिन् mfn.** (-नः-ना-न) 1. Rejected, abandoned, foregone, given thrown away. 2. Deposited, pawned, pledged. 3. Thrust in placed in. 4. Sent, sent off or away. **नि** implying absolutely internally, and **चि** to throw **न** aff.

**निचिपत् mfn.** (-पन्-पन्-पन्) Throwing or placing in or upon. **नि** before **चि** to throw, affix **चञ्** ।

**निचिप m.** (-पः) 1. A pledge, a deposit in general, or one which is conned or particularised in presence of the receiver, and left without cover or seal. 2. Abandoning, parting with, throwing away, sending or putting away. 4. Wiping, drying. **नि** prefixed to **चि** to throw or reject, affix **चञ्** ।

**निचिपु mfn.** (-नः-पु-पु) Who or what places or deposits. **नि** (-नः) A depositor, a pawnor or pledger. **नि** before, **चि** to throw, **चञ्** aff.

**निचिष्य mfn.** (-क्षः-क्ष-क्ष) Dwarfish, a dwarf. **नि** (-क्षः) A billion. **नि** certainly, verily **क्ष** short &c.

**निचिख mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) 1. Dug dug, up, excavated. 2. Fixed in the ground as a snake. **नि** before **खन्** to dig, **न** aff.

**निचिख mfn.** (-लः-ला-ल) All, entire, complete. **नि** negative, **खि** defective. **निचिख** 'खिल' श्रेयी यथात् ।

**निचिच mn.** (-चः-च) Iron chain for the feet, a fetter, but especially the heel chains of an elephant. **नि** not, **गड्** to drop, (to drop off), affix **चञ्** । **नि** + **गञ्** + **चञ्** । **उल्लरीक्यात्** **उल्लम्** ।

**निचिचित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Bound, tied, chained &c. **नि** **चि** a chain, **तार-रतञ्** aff.

**निचिच m.** (-चः) The smoke of a burnt offering or sacrificial fire. **नि** implying certainty, **चि** to estimate, affix **च**; by which presence of fire is indicated.

**निचिद m.** (-दः) 1. Speech, speaking, discourse. 2. Audible recitation of prayers or charms. **नि** affirmative prefix, **गद** speech, **चञ्** aff.

**निचिदन् mfn.** (-दन्-दन्-दन्) Speaking, saying, speaking to, addressing. **नि** **गद** to speak, **चञ्** aff.

**निचिदित mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Said, spoken. **नि** before **गद** to speak, **न** aff.

**निचिदितवत् mfn.** (-वान्-वन्-वन्) Speaking, having spoken. **नि** before, **गद** to speak, **न** वत् aff.

**निचिग m.** (-नः) 1. A town, a city. 2. A market, a fair. 3. Holywrit, the **Ve'das** collectively. 4. A road, a market road. 5. Trade, traffic. 6. A camp or caravan of itinerent dealers, as **Bazaris**, &c. 7. Certainty, assurance. 8. Logic. **नि** affirmative prefix, **गद** to go, affix **चञ्**, by which people go, &c. **निचिग** **चञ्** **चनेन** वा **नि** + **गञ्** + **चञ्** ।

**निचिगन n.** (-नः) 1. Certain or logical conclusion, the winding up of a syllogism, 2. Quotations of words from the **Ve'das**. 3. The conclusion in a syllogism, the deduction (the fifth member of a five-membered syllogism. (In logic.) 4. Going. **नि**, and **न** **गद** going.

**निचि(ता)र m.** (-रः) Eating, swallowing **नि** in, **गु** to swallow, affix **चप**.

**निचि(ता)रच n.** (-च) Eating, swallowing. **नि** (-चः) 1. The throat, the gullet. 2. Smoke of a burnt offering. **नि** prefixed to **गु** to swallow, affix **कुट्** ।

**निचिगद m.** (-दः) 1. Speech, discourse. 2. A prayer recited aloud **नि** before **गद** to speak, affix **चञ्**; also **निचिगद** ।

**निचिगर m.** (-रः) Swallowing. **नि** prefixed to **गु** to swallow, affix **चञ्**; also **निचिगर** ।

**निचि(ग)ख m.** (-खः) Throat or neck of a horse. **नि** before, **ख** to eat, affix **चञ्** or **नि** + **गु** + **चञ्** **चप** वा-रख **ख** । [सल-नः ।]

**निचिगलवत् m.** (-वान्) A horse. **नि** **गल** as above, and **चञ्** **वत्** **न** **गु** aff.

**निचिगीत mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Sung, said. **नि** and **गीत** sung.

**निचिगु m.** (-गुः) 1. A root. 2. The mind, the faculty of feeling and reasoning. 3. Painting. 4. excrement **नि** affirmative, **गु** to take, affix **कु** । **रक्षीप** ।

**गुह्य** mfn. (-ङ्-ङा-ङ्) 1. Profound, obscure. 2. Hidden, concealed. 3. Embraced. m. (-ङ्) A sort of wild bean : see **सुह्य** m. नि before, गुह् to hide or conceal, affix क्. चाविहिते, वनसुहे च ।

**गुह्यार्थ** mfn. (-र्थः-र्था-र्थं) Having a hidden sense or purpose. m. निपूर्व, and चर्च meaning.

**गुह्यनीव** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. To be hid or concealed. 2. To be protected or defended. m. नि before, गुह् to conceal, वनीवर् aff.

**गुह्यहीन** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Assailed, attacked. 2. Harassed, spoiled. 3. Seized, arrested. 4. Restrained, subdued, checked. m. नि before, गुह् to take, क् aff.

**गुह्यहीति** f. (-तिः) Restraint, check, &c. : see निवृत्त, m. नि before, गुह् to take, क् aff.

**गुह्यत** mfn. (-ङ्-ङा-ङ्) 1. Seizing, taking 2. Suppressing, restraining. m. नि before, गुह् to take, क् aff.

**गुह्य** ind. 1. Having taken. 2. Having restrained or suppressed. 3. Having arrested or confined. m. नि before, गुह् to take, क् aff.

**गुह्य** m. (-ङ्) 1. Aversion, disfavour, discouragement, dislike. 2. Abusing. 3. Binding, confinement, capture, arrest. 4. A binding, a tie. 5. Restraint, subjection. 6. Suppression, putting down. 7. A boundary, a limit. 8. Administering medicine. 9. Killing. 10. A name of KRISHNA. 11. Removing. 12. A flaw in an argument. 13. A handle. m. नि before, गुह् to take or seize, affix चप्.

**गुह्य** n. (-च) 1. Subduing, suppression. 2. Defeat. 3. Capture. 4. Punishment in general. m. नि before गुह् to take, क् ट् aff.

**गुह्यव्याय** n. (-यः) Failure in logical argument. m. निवृत्त, and व्याय place.

**गुह्या** m. (-ङ्) Aversion, &c. used as an imprecation, as, गुह्यान्ते भूयात् confusion seize you, &c. m. नि before, गुह् to seize, affix चप् ।

**गुह्य** m. (-चः) 1. A round or circle, a ball, any thing whose height and circumference are equal. 2. A tree. 3. Sin. m. नि before, गुह् to kill, affix क्, deriv irr.

**गुह्य** m. (-ङ्) A vocabulary, a collection of words or names.

**गुह्य** m. (-चः) 1. Food, victuals. 2. Eating, Dining. m. नि before, गुह् to eat, चप् affix, and चस substituted for the root.

**गुहाति** m. (-तिः) An iron club or mace. m. नि before, गुह् to kill, रुक्. Una'di affix, and चात substituted for the root.

**गुहातिव** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Of different forms or sizes.

**गुह्य** n. (-ङ्) Sound, noise. m. नि before, गुह् to sound, affix क्.

**गुह्य** m. (-ङ्) 1. A hoof. 2. A mule. 3. A boar. 4. A road. m. नि before, गुह् to pound, Una'di affix वन् or ङन् । Der : Irreg.

**गुह्य** mfn. (-ङ्-ङा-ङ्) 1. Docile, subservient, domestic, dependant. 2. Completing a quotient, (in Arithmetic.) 3. Dependant on a substantive (as an adjective.) m. नि before, गुह् to injure or do mischief, चर्चये क् aff.

**गुह्यन्** mfn. (-ङ्-ङा-ङ्) 1. Slaying. Destroying, overcoming. m. नि before, गुह् to kill, क् aff.

**गुह्यान्** mfn. (-ङ्-ङा-ङ्) Slaying, killing. m. नि before, गुह् to kill, क् aff.

**गुह्य** m. (-ङ्) 1. Heap, assemblage, collection. 2. Certainty. 3. An assemblage of parts constituting a whole. m. नि before, गुह् to collect, affix मावे चप् ।

**गुह्यवन्** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Having or containing a quantity, full of, redolent with, abounding. m. निवृत्त, and रुक् aff.

**गुह्यवती** f. (-वती) A capital cow : see **नेषिकी**.

**गुह्य** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. full, filled. 2. Covered, overspread. 3. Raised up. 4. Narrowed. m. नि before, गुह् to collect, affix क्.

**गुह्य** m. (-ङ्) 1. A plant, (Barringtonia acutangula.) 2. An upper and outer garment. 3. A name of a poet. m. नि before, गुह् to lift up, affix क् । हिमाली तथा वेतसङ्गे च ।

**गुह्य** m. (-ङ्) A breast-plate, a cuirass. m. गुह् added to the preceding; also निषीव ।

**गुह्य** mfn. (-ङ्-ङा-ङ्) A cover, a wrapper, a veil, a surtout. 2. A

bed cover. 3. The cover of a litter. m. नि before, गुह् to lift up, affix चप् ।

**गुह्य** m. (-ङ्) A sort of jacket, but especially a soldier's jacket, or a body dress, serving as a cuirass or breast-plate. m. गुह् added to निषीव ।

**गुह्य** m. (-ङ्) A district, the modern Tirhut. m. नि constantly, रुक् light ; or निवृत्त रुक् ।

**गुह्य** mfn. (-ङ्-ङा-ङ्) Unimpeached. m. नि neg. रुक् flaw.

**गुह्य** m. (-ङ्) A man of one of the degraded classes, born from the outcast Kshetriya; the occupation of this caste is apparently public exhibition of tricks, prize-fighting, &c. being classed with the Jhallas, Mallas, and others. m. नि privative, रुक् light or credit, रुक् substituted for the penultimate.

**गुह्य** m. (-ङ्) 1. Cutting off. 2. Leaving no common measure. (In Arithmetic.) m. नि, and रुक् cutting.

**गुह्य** mfn. (-ङ्-ङा-ङ्) 1. Own. 2. Perpetual, eternal. 3. Peculiar. m. नि implying continuance, and रुक् what is produced. निवृत्त चावे नि + चर्च-ङ् ।

**गुह्यवन्** mfn. (वन्-वनी-वन्) Desirous of making to excel. m. नि before, गुह् to take, desid v., क् aff.

**गुह्यवन्** mfn. (-ङ्-ङा-ङ्) Wishing to conceal. m. नि before, गुह् to hide, desid. v., क् aff.

**गुह्य** n. (-ङ्) The forehead. m. नि before, रुक् to be marked, (with frowns, &c.) affix चप् ; also with चप् added निवृत्त ।

**गुह्या** m. (-ङ्) A name of Siva. m. निवृत्त the forehead, and चर्च an eye.

**गुह्य** n. (-ङ्) The downward flight of a bird or a peculiar mode of flying. m. नि affirmative prefix and रुक् flight, flying.

**गुह्या** f. (-ङ्) A plant commonly Teori.

**गुह्य** m. (-ङ्) 1. A woman's buttock's. 2. The buttocks or posteriors in general, or as it is sometimes applied, to the circumference of the hip and loins. 3. The shoulder. 4. The side of a mountain. 5. The sloping bank or shore of a river. m. नि prefixed to रुक् to go, affix चप् ; or रुक् to go with रुक् aff. निवृत्त रुक् चावे चावृत्त ।

**गुह्यवती** f. (-वती) A woman with large and handsome posteriors. m. निवृत्त as above, रुक् and रुक् aff.

**गुह्य** ind. 1. Always, continually, eternally. 2. Especially, particularly. 3. Hence. m. नि always, रुक् comparative affix, and चावृत्त added.

**गुह्य** m. (-ङ्) One of the seven divisions of Pa'ta'la or hell. m. नि not, (known,) रुक् depth. निवृत्त, एकान्ते च ।

**गुह्य** adj. mfn. (-ङ्-ङा-ङ्) Much, excessive. adv. n. (-ङ्) much, excessively. m. नि prefixed to रुक् to desire, affix क्, and the vowel made long.

**गुह्य** mfn. (-ङ्-ङा-ङ्) 1. Eternal, everlasting, continual, perpetual, past, present, and future. 2. Regular, fixed, invariable. 3. Ordinary. 4. Necessary. n. adv. (-ङ्) Always, eternally, continually. sub. Indispensable rite or act. m. (-ङ्) The ocean. f. (-ङ्) 1. A name of Pa'avati. 2. The goddess MANASA. 3. A Sakti, a form of Durga, or personified energy of Siva. m. नि particle implying perpetually, and रुक् aff.

**गुह्यवन्** n. (-ङ्) Indispensable act or ceremony, as observance of the five great sacrifices, or any daily and necessary rite. m. निवृत्त, and रुक् act ; also निवृत्त रुक्, &c.

**गुह्यवन्** n. (-ङ्) Regular and necessary act or ceremony. m. निवृत्त, and रुक् to be done.

**गुह्यवन्** m. (-ङ्) Air or wind. m. निवृत्त eternal, रुक् motion.

**गुह्य** f. (-ङ्) Perpetuity, eternity. m. रुक् added to निवृत्त ; also with रुक्, निवृत्त ।

**गुह्य** ind. Always, constantly, and eternally. m. निवृत्त, and रुक् aff.

**गुह्य** n. (-ङ्) Daily alms. m. निवृत्त, and रुक् gift.

**निद्यमैतिहिक n. (-क)** Any act or ceremony which though occasional is of irregular recurrence, as Śra'ddhas at fixed lunar periods. **z. निद्य**, and **मैतिहिक** occasional; also **निद्यमैतिहिककर्मन्** ।

**निद्यप्रलय m. (-यः)** 1. Sleep. 2. The constant loss of living beings. **z. निद्य** and **प्रलय** destruction.

**निद्ययुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-ता-त्)** Always busy or engaged in. **z. निद्य** and **युक्त** attached to.

**निद्ययौवन mfn. (-यः-या-नं)** Ever or always young. **f. (-ना)** A name of DRAUPADI. **z. निद्य** always, and **यौवन** youth.

**निद्यश्च ind.** Always, constantly, eternally. **z. निद्य**, and **श्च** aff.

**निद्यसम m. (-सः)** An erroneous answer, one asserting perpetuity for perishable things. **z. निद्य**, and **सम** same.

**निद्यानध्याय m. (-यः)** A period when the perusal of the Vēdas is invariably prohibited, as the day of full moon, new moon, the eighth and fourteenth days of the half month. **z. निद्य** always, **चन्** negative prefix, **ध्याय** to be read.

**निद्यानित्य mfn. (-न्यः-त्वा-त्)** Eternal and perishable, permanent and temporary, &c. **z. निद्य**, and **नित्य** transient.

**निद (इ) निदि r. 1st cl. (निदि)** To reproach, to blame.

**निद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं)** Abusive. **n. (-दं)** Poison, venom. **z. नि** affirmative prefix, **दी** to destroy, affix **उ** or **निदि-क**, वा लक्ष्यः ।

**निदत्त mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्)** Given, given absolutely. **z. नि** and **दत्त** given.

**निदद् mf. (-द्-दुः)** A man. **z. निद** poison, and **द्रु** tree, a living Upas.

**निदर्शन n. (-नं)** 1. An example or illustration. 2. Injunction, precept. 3. Temour, purport. 4. Authority, text. 5. A sign. 6. A scheme. 7. View. 8. Evidence. **z. नि** fully or certainly, **दर्शन** showing, or **नि + दृश्** कृट् ।

**निदाघ m. (-घः)** 1. The hot season, (May and June.) 2. Heat, warmth. 3. Sweat, perspiration. **z. नि** always, **दह्** to burn, **आघारे घञ्** affix, **यङ्** आदि० कृत्वम् ।

**निदाघकर m. (-रः)** The sun. **z. निदाघ** the hot season, and **कर** who makes.

**निदाघकाल m. (-कालः)** The hot season, two months previous to rains, about May and June **z. निदाघ**, and **काल** time or season.

**निदाघसिन्धु m. (-न्धुः)** A river in the hot weather, one nearly dry. **z. निदाघ**, and **सिन्धु** a river.

**निदान n. (-नं)** 1. A first cause, a primary or remote cause. 2. Disappearance, cessation or removal of a first cause. 3. Purification purity, correctness. 4. Asking for the recompense or objects of austere devotion. 5. End, cessation. 6. A rope for tying a calf. 7. Ascertaining the causes of disease, study of symptoms with a view to trace the remote or proximate causes; hence this word is the name of a division of all works on medicine. **z. नि** always or certainly, **दिद्** to cherish affix **पानि** कृट्; by which all effects are produced.

**निदिग्ध mfn. (-ग्धः-ग्धा-ग्धं)** Smeared, anointed, plastered. **f. (-ग्धा)** 1. Small cardamoms. 2. Increasing. **z. नि** prefixed to **दिद्** to smear, affix **क्त**.

**निदिग्धिका f. (-का)** A sort of prickly nightshade, (Solanum jacquini.) **z. कञ्** added to the preceding. **कण्टकारिकायाम्** ।

**निदिध्यासन n. (-नं)** Deep and repeated consideration, thinking of or recalling repeatedly. **z. नि** before, **ध्या** in the reiterative form, affix **लु**.

**निदिष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं)** 1. Ordered, directed. 2. Advised, enjoined. 3. Explained, pointed out. **z. नि** implying certainty, **दिष्** to show, affix **क्त** ।

**निदिग्ध m. (-घः)** A fish.

**निदिग्ध m. (-घः)** 1. Order, command, direction, instruction. 2. Speech, speaking, saying, relating. 3. Vicinity, proximity. 4. The word of command. **z. नि** merely, **दिष्** to show, affix **घञ्** ।

**निदिग्ध mfn. (-ग्धः-ग्धा-ग्धं)** Showing, directing, pointing out. **f. (-नी)** 1. A quarter of space. 2. A point of the compass. **z. नि** before, **दिष्** to show, **चि** aff.

**निदिष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं)** Who or what show or points out, explaining, advising, commanding, &c. **z. नि** before **दिष्** to show, **घञ्** aff.

**निद्रा f. (-द्रा)** 1. Sleep, sleepiness, sloth. 2. Dream. **z. चिद्** to condemn or censure, Una'di affix **रक्**; or **द्रो** to sleep, affix **क्लिप्** and **नि** prefixed. or more correctly. **नि + द्रा** भावे च ।

**निद्राच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं)** 1. Asleep, sleepy, drowsy. 2. Shut up, closed. **z. निद्रा** as above, affix **क्त** । **नि + द्रा-तस्य नः** ।

**निद्रात् mfn. (-द्राच द्राक्-द्रात्)** Sleeping. **z. नि** before, **द्रा** to go, affix **वट्** ।

**निद्रामङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गा-ङ्गं)** Awaked, aroused from sleep. **z. निद्रा**, **मङ्ग** breaking.

**निद्रायमाच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं)** Sleeping, asleep. **z. नि** before **द्रो** to sleep, **यानच्** aff.

**निद्रालु mfn. (-लुः-लुः-लुः)** Sleeping, sleepy, drowsy, slothful. **m. (-लुः)** A name of Vishn'u. **f. (-लुः)** A sort of perfume, commonly नीलो. **z. निद्रा**, and **नीलो** चालु aff.

**निद्रावृत्त m. (-वृत्तः)** Darkness. **z. निद्रा** sleep, and **वृत्त** a tree, (whose fruit is sleep.)

**निद्रासंजनन n. (-नं)** Phlegm, phlegmatic humour. **z. निद्रा** sleep, and **संजनन** producing, occasioning. **निद्रा** संजनयति सन्-जन-यिष्य लृट् ।

**निधन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** Poor. **mn. (-नः-नं)** 1. Race, family. 2. Loss, disappearance, annihilation. 3. Death, dying. 4. The seventh asterism of the lunar mansions, reckoning from that under which a person is born. **m. (-नः)** The head of a family. **z. नि** before **धा** to cherish, affix **घञ्**, or **नि** neg. **धन** wealth, or **नि + धा + क्यु** ।

**निधनकारिन् mfn. (-री-रिषी-रि)** Destroying, destructive. **z. निधन** and **कारिन्** making.

**निधनता f. (-ता)** Poverty. **z. निधन**, and **तल्** added; also with **ल्**, **निधनल्**.

**निधान n. (-नं)** 1. A Nid'hi or divine treasure, belonging especially to Kuvēra the god of wealth. 2. A receptacle, a place or vessel in or on which any thing is collected or deposited. 3. Place of cessation or rest. 4. Property, possessions, wealth. **z. नि** in or on, **धा** to possess, Una'di affix **क्यप्** or according to others **भावे क्युट्**; see निधि ।

**निधापक m. (-कः)** 1. A weapon. 2. Burnt timber, charcoal. 3. The castor oil plant.

**निधाय ind.** Having fixed or placed in or on. **z. नि** before **धा** to have, **क्यप्** aff.

**निधि m. (-धिः)** 1. One of Kuvēra's Nid'his or divine treasures, nine of which are enumerated : viz. The Padma, Mahāpadma, Sankha, Makara, Kachchapa, Mukunda, Kunda, Nila, and K'harba : their nature is not exactly defined, though some of them appears to be precious gems; according to the Tāntrika system, they are personified and worshipped as demi-gods, attendant either upon Kuvēra or upon Lakshmi, the goddess of prosperity. 2. A receptacle, a place of asylum or accumulation, as a treasury, a granary, a nest, &c.; also figuratively, as गुणनिधि : a man who contains or is endowed with all good qualities. 3. A treasure, any sum or quantity of wealth or valuables. 4. A medicinal plant and perfume, commonly Jivaka. 5. The ocean. 6. An epithet of Vishn'u. **z. नि** in, **धा** to have, affix. **आधारे क्ति** ।

**निधिनाथ m. (-यः)** A name of Kuvēra. **z. निधि** a divine treasure and **नाथ** lord; also similar compounds, as निधिप्रभु निधीश्वर, &c.

**निधीयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं)** Being in the course of placing, depositing, &c. **z. नि** before, **धा** to have, causal form, **यानच्** aff.

**निधीश्वर m. (-यः)** Kuvēra. **z. निधि** as above, and **ईश्वर** lord.

**निधुवन n. (-नं)** 1. Coition, copulation. 2. Trembling, agitation. 3. Pleasure, enjoyment. 4. Sport, play, pastime. **z. नि** before **धृ** to shake or agitate, **युच्** aff. **नितरां धुवनं वसवादादिवायुनम** ।

**निधेय mfn. (-यः-या-यं)** To be placed in or on, to be deposited, &c. **z. नि** before **धा** to have, **यत्** aff. **जियां टाप्** ।

ज्वात n. (-नः) sight, seeing. इ. नि before, छी to think, affix भावे ल्युट्.  
 ज्वात m. (-नः) Sound इ. नि before, ज्ञत् to sound, affix भावे चञ्.  
 जह्, mfn. (-ङ्, -ङ्, -ङ्) Wishing to kill. इ. नि before, जह् to destroy, desid. v., ज् affix, form irr. or correctly जह-सन्-उ मुच्।  
 जह m. (-दः) Sound in general. इ. नि before जह् to sound, affix भावे चप्; also निनाद.  
 जयन n. (-नः) Engaging in performance. इ. नि before, जौ to lead, ल्युट् aff.  
 जह m. (-दः) Sound in general. इ. नि before जह् to sound, affix पञ्; also निनाद.  
 जहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sounded. इ. नि before जह् to sound, causal v., क् aff.  
 जीवा f. (-जा) Desire to take or lead. इ. जी to lead, desid. form, affixes चङ्, and टाप्.  
 जीवु mfn. (-वः-वु-वु) Desirous to take or lead. इ. जी to lead, desid. form, उ aff.  
 जह mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Reproachful, abusive, scurrilous, censorious. इ. जिद्दि to abuse, चञ् aff. or निन्द-वुच्।  
 जह् mfn. (-न्द-न्दन्-न्दन्) Abusing, blaming. इ. निन्द to blame, गृह् aff.  
 जहत mfn. (-लः-लो-लं) Having a maimed or defective hand : it is also sometimes read निहतक. इ. निन्द as above, तल the fore-arm and कर्मणि घञ् aff.  
 जह n. (-नः) Reproach, censure, blame. इ. जिद्दि, to reprove, affix ल्युट्.  
 जहा f. (-न्दा) 1. Censure, reproach, reproof, blame, abuse, reviling, defamation. 2. Injury, injuring. 3. Wickedness. इ. जिद्दि to abuse, &c. affixes चङ् and टाप् or निन्द भावे च।  
 जहाति f. (-तिः) Irony, ironical praise. इ. निन्दा censure, and लुति praise.  
 जहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Abused, reviled, reprov'd, 2. Low, despicable, worthy of being reviled. 3. Prohibited, forbidden. इ. जिद्दि to abuse, affix क्.  
 जिह् f. (-न्तः) A woman bearing a dead child. इ. जिद्दि to abuse, affix कर्मणि च।  
 जिह् mfn. (-न्दा-न्दा-न्दा) 1. Bad, vile despicable, reprehensible. 2. Forbidden, Prohibited. इ. निन्दा, and, यत् aff.  
 निप m. (पः-पं) A water jar. m. (-पः) The Kadamba tree, (Nauclea cadamba.) इ. नि continuative Particle, पा to drink, affix कर्णे घञ् क।  
 निप(पा)उ m. (उः) Reading, studying or lecturing. इ. नि before. पठ् to read, affix भावे चप् पञ् चञ् वा; also with ल्युट् निपउन्।  
 निपठित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Read, studied, इ. नि पठ् to read, क् aff.  
 निपठित f. (-तिः) Reading, study. इ. नि पठ् to read, क्निच् aff.  
 निपतन् mfn. (-तन्-तन्-तन्) 1. Falling, falling down, prostrating. 2. Alighting. इ. नि before पठ् to fall, affix गृह्.  
 निपतन n. (-नः) 1. Falling. 2. Alighting, descending. इ. नि in or on, पत to go, ल्युट् aff.  
 निपतित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Fallen, fallen down. 2. Alighted, descended. इ. नि in or on, पत् to go, क् aff.  
 निपत्य ind. 1. Having fallen down, prostrate. 2. Having alighted. इ. नि before पत् to fall, ल्यप् aff.  
 निपत्वा f. (-त्वा) 1. A field of battle. 2. Any plashy or slippery ground. इ. नि in or on, पत् to fall, चापारे कप् aff.  
 निपाक m. (-कः) Cooking, maturing, ripening. इ. नि before पत् to cook, affix चञ्।  
 निपाठ m. (-ठः) Reading, study of the sacred books, or public perusal of popular poems. इ. नि before, पठ् to read, affix चञ्।  
 निपात m. (-तः) 1. Death, dying. 2. Falling, coming down, alighting. 3. Irregularity, (in Grammar,) 4. A particle, (in ditto.) 5. Attacking. 6. Casting. 7. Accidental occurrence or mention. इ. नि before, पत् to go, affix भावे चञ्।  
 निपातन n. (-नः) 1. Causing to descend or fall, throwing down. 2. Bea-

ting, knocking down. 3. Killing. 4. (In Grammar,) Irregularity, exception. इ. नि before, पत् to fall, it the causal form, चिप् ल्युट् aff.  
 निपातित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Beaten down, made to fall or descend. 2. Killed. 3. Irregular, excepted. इ. नि before पत् to fall, causal form, affix क्।  
 निपान n. (-नः) 1. A trough or ditch near a well for watering cattle. 2. A well. 3. Any reservoir of water, a pool, a puddle. 4. A milk-pail. 5. Drinking off, imbibing. इ. नि before, पा to drink, चापारे ल्युट् affix; also with कन् added निपानक n. (-कः)।  
 निपीडन n. (-नः) 1. Squeezing, pressing. 2. Embracing. 3. Hurting, giving pain. इ. नि before, पीड् to give pain, भावे ल्युट् aff.  
 निपीडित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Squeezed, pressed. 2. Embraced. 3. Pained, hurt. इ. नि before, पीड्, to give pain, affix क्।  
 निपीय ind. 1. Having pressed or squeezed, having pressed against or upon. 2. Having embraced. 3. Having hurt. इ. नि before, पीड् to pain and ल्यप् aff.  
 निपीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Drank, drank up. 2. Absorbed, imbibed, dried up. इ. नि before, पा to drink, क् aff.  
 निपीतमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being drank. इ. नि before, पा to drink, पास form, घानच् aff.  
 निपुण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) 1. Clever, skilful, conversant with. 2. Skilled in. 3. Kindly or friendly towards. 4. Sharp, fine, delicate. 5. Complete, perfect. इ. नि before, पुण् to be pure, affix क्।  
 निपासन n. (-नः) Seeing, sight.  
 निबध् mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) 1. Bound, confined. 2. Bound, costive. 3. Fixed upon, fastened to. 4. Checked, restrained, 5. Restricted to. इ. नि before बध्, to bind, and, affix क्।  
 निबन्ध m. (-न्धः) 1. Epistasis suppression of urine or constipation. 2. Commentary, explanation of technical rules. 3. The Nimba tree : see निम्ब. 4. Binding, confinement. 5. Intentness on or attachment to. 6. A grant of property, an assignment of cattle or money for support, a corrody. 7. Fixed property, not moveable or fluctuating. 8. A bond, a fetter. n. (-न्धः) Song, singing. इ. नि before, बन्धि to bind, affix चञ्।  
 निबन्धदान n. (-नः) Grant of an assignment, gift of a corrody. इ. निबन्ध, and दान gift.  
 निबन्धन n. (-नः) 1. Cause, motive, origin. 2. Binding, confining. 3. Checking, restraining. 4. Fastening. 5. A grant, an assignment. 6. A commentary. 7. The tie or peg of a lute. 8. Constructing, building. 9. A receptacle. 10. A bond, a fetter. 11. Support. 12. Syntax. (in gram.) 13. Composing. 14. Composition, a treatise. इ. नि before, बन्धि to bind, affix ल्युट्. [affix क्।  
 निबन्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bound, confined, tied. इ. नि before, बन्ध् to bind  
 निबन्धु mfn. (-न्ध-न्ध-न्ध) Who or what ties or binds. m. (-न्धः) An author, a commentator. इ. नि affirmative, बन्ध् bind, ल्यप् aff.  
 निभ mfn. (-भः-भा-भं) Like, resembling, similar. mn. (-भः-भं) 1. fraud, trick, disguise, pretence. 2. Light, manifestation, appearance. इ. नि before, भा to shine, affix क्।  
 निभासन n. (-नः) Sight, seeing. इ. नि before भास् to see, affix ल्युट्।  
 निभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Past, gone. f. (-ता) Quite frightened. इ. नि affirmative, भूत been.  
 निभृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Modest, humble, unassuming. 2. Lonely, solitary. 3. Placed down. 4. Secret. 5. Still, Silent. 6. Firm. 7. On the point of setting. 8. Filled with. इ. नि before, भृ to cherish, affix क्।  
 निभृत ind. 1. Privately, apart. 2. Unobservedly in a corner. 2. Covertly, in disguise or out of sight. इ. नि before, भृ to cherish, affix क् and हुट् added.  
 निभ m. (-भः) A pin, a stake. इ. नि in, भाज् to plunge or stick, affix च; stuck in the ground.

- निमज्ज mfn. (-ज्-घा-घ) 1. Plunged in, immersed. 2. Gone down, set. 3. Overwhelmed. ३. नि in, मज्ज to bathe, affix ज् ।
- निमज्जन् mfn. (-ज्-घा-घ) Bathing, plunging in. ३. नि before, मज्ज to bathe, घट् aff.
- निमज्जन् m. (-घ्) 1. Sleep, sleeping. 2. The act of diving or entering into. ३. नि in, मज्ज to bathe. भावे चघृष् aff.
- निमज्जन n. (-घ्) 1. Bathing. 2. Immersion. ३. नि before, मज्ज to bathe, भावे छट् aff.
- निमज्जन् n. (-घ्) 1. Summoning, calling. 2. Inviting, invitation. 3. A summons. ३. नि affirmative, मज्ज advising or नि + मज्ज भावे-छट् ।
- निमज्जित mfn. (-ज्-घा-घ) 1. Summoned, convoked. 2. Invited. ३. नि before, मज्ज to advise, affix ज् ।
- निमज्ज m. (-घ्) Barter, exchange. ३. नि before, नि to measure, to mete, affix चघृष् ।
- निमज्जन् mfn. (-ज्-घा-घ) To be exchanged or bartered. ३. नि before, नि to measure, तय aff.
- निमि m. (-नि) 1. Twinkling. 2. A son of Ikshvaku condemned to reside in the twinkle of the eye.
- निमित्त n. (-त्) 1. Cause, motive, instrumental cause. 2. Mark, sign, spot, trace, token. 3. Omen. 4. A butt, a target. 5. Pretext. ३. नि before, नि to measure, ज् affix, also with कन् added निमित्तक ।
- निमित्तक n. (-क) 1. Kissing, a kiss. 2. Cause, &c. ३. See the last.
- निमित्तकारण n. (-कारण) The instrumental cause, the material or the agent, especially the deity considered as the agent in creation. ३. निमित्त the instrumental cause, कारण cause.
- निमित्तकाल m. (-काल) Any given or specific time. ३. निमित्त, and काल time.
- निमित्तत्व n. (-त्व) Causality, instrumentality. ३. निमित्त, and त्व affix, also with तत्त्वं निमित्तता ।
- निमित्तपक्ष m. (-पक्ष) 1. Expiation. 2. Any occasional or special penance, rite, or obligation. ३. निमित्त, and पक्ष piety.
- निमित्तमात्र n. (-मात्र) The mere agent or instrument. ३. निमित्त and मात्र alone.
- निमित्तविद् m. (-विद्) An astrologer. ३. निमित्त a mark (lucky or unlucky,) and विद् who knows.
- निमित्तार्थि f. (-र्थि) Dependence upon a special cause or occasion. ३. निमित्त and आर्थि revolving.
- निमिष m. (-ष) 1. Twinkling of the eye. 2. The twinkling of an eye considered as a measure of time. 3. A name of VISHNUP. ३. नि before, निष to twinkle, affix क् ; also with घञ् affix निमेष, or निमि a proper name वद to go, छट् aff.
- निमिषत् mfn. (-षत् वन्ता वत्) Blinking, closing the eyelids. ३. निमिष to twinkle, घट् aff.
- निमिषत् mfn. (-षत् वन्ता वत्) Twinkling, closing, (as the eye,) ३. नि before, नील to disappear, घट् aff.
- निमीलन n. (-न) 1. Death, dying. 2. Twinkling of the eye, shutting of the eyelids, winking. 3. Total eclipse. ३. नि before, नील to disappear, &c. affix भावे छट् ।
- निमीलिका f. (-का) 1. Fraud, trick, disguise. 2. Twinkling of the eye, winking, blinking. 3. Conniving at anything. ३. नि before, नील to twinkle, affixes, वत् and टाच् ।
- निमीलित mfn. (-न-ता-त) Closed, (as the eyelid,) twinkled, blinked. ३. नि before, नील to disappear, ज् aff.
- निमेष m. (-ष) Barter, exchange. ३. नि before, नि to measure, affix वत् ।
- निमेष m. (-ष) 1. Twinkling of the eye. 2. A momentary space of time, a twinkling of the eye considered as measure of time : see निमिष नि + निष भावे घञ् ।
- निमेषक m. (-क) 1. Twinkling of the eye. 2. A firefly. ३. कन् added to the last.
- निमेषक f. (-क) Lightning. ३. निमेष twinkling, and कन् what makes. निमेष करीनि क्-किप् गुक् ।

- निमेषक m. (-क) A firefly. ३. निमेष a twinkling, कन् who shines.
- निम m. (-ज्-घा-घ) 1. Deep, profound, (literally or figuratively) Low. 3. Low land. 4. A slope. 5. A gap, a chasm in the ground. A depression. ३. नि before, नि to mind, affix क् ।
- निम mfn. (-न-ता-त) Deep, going deep. f. (-ता) A river. ३. निमि and न what goes. निमि गच्छति नम-उ ।
- निमिता f. (-ता) Depth, profundity. ३. निमि with तत्त्वं affix ; also with निमलत् ।
- निमोन्नत mfn. (-न-ता-त) High and low, up and down. ३. निमि, and निमि m. (-न) The Nimb or Neemb tree, (Melia azadiracta.) ३. निमि sprinkle, affix चघृष् ; also with कन् added, निमिच : these words are written with either व or न, as निमिच or निमिच ।
- निमलत् m. (-न) The coral tree, (Erythrina fulgens) it is considered one of the trees of paradise. ३. निमि as above, and तत्त्वं a tree.
- निमल m. (-न) The common lime, (Citrus acida.)
- निमल mfn. (-न-ता-त) 1. Self-governed, subdued, restrained. 2. Attentive, fixed or intent upon. 3. Constant, permanent. 4. Ascertained, certain, fixed. 5. Inevitable. 6. Positive, definite. 7. Permeable, what may be spread through or over. n, adv. (-न) Always, constantly, &c. Elementary or crude matter, the recipient of attributes or properties. ३. नि before, यत् to restrain affix ज् ।
- निमलमानस mfn. (-न-सा-स) Of subdued mind or spirit. ३. निमल, and मानस the mind.
- निमलान् mfn. (-न-सा-स) Self-regulated, self-controlled or restrained. ३. निमल, and आत्मन् self.
- निमलहार mfn. (-न-रा-र) Abstemious, moderate. ३. निमल, and आहार food.
- निमति f. (-ति) 1. Destiny, luck, good or bad fortune. 2. A religious duty or obligation. 3. Self-command, self-restraint. 4. A name of DURGA. 5. Abidya, or the will of god. ३. नि before, यत् to refrain, affix करणे क्तिन् or क्तिष् ।
- निमतेन्द्रिय mfn. (-य-या-य) Of restrained or subdued passions. ३. निमल controlled, इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.
- निमल्य mfn. (-न-या-य) To be restrained, checked, controlled, &c. ३. नि before, यत् to restrain, तय aff.
- निमन् mfn. (-न-ता-त) Who or what restrains, governs, or guides m. (-ता) 1. A charioteer, a coachman. 2. A ruler, a governor, a master. 3. A punisher. ३. नि before, यत् to restrain, affix छट् ।
- निमन्त mfn. (-न-ता-त) Checked, restrained, governed, guided. ३. नि affirmative particle, यत् to restrain or check, affix ज् ।
- निमन m. (-न) 1. Agreement, contract, engagement, assent, promise. 2. Any religious observance voluntarily practised, as fasting, watching, pilgrimage, praying, &c. voluntary penance, meritorious or supererogatory piety. 3. A religious observance or obligation in general. 4. Certainty, ascertainment. 5. Rule, precept. 6. Usage, practice. 7. Common places in poetry, conventional expression, as notice of the Birch in describing the Hima'laya, of the Sandal tree in describing the Malaya mountain, the whiteness of vesture, blackness of hair, the cry of the peacock in the rains, of the kokila in spring, &c. ३. नि before, यत् to refrain, affix चञ्च् वा दृश्च् ।
- निमन n. (-न) 1. Precept, fixed practice or rule. 2. Binding. 3. Restraining, checking. ३. नि before, यत् to restrain, affix भावे छट् ।
- निमनपर mfn. (-न-रा-र) 1. Observing fixed rules. 2. Relating to or corroborative of a rule. ३. निमन, and पर attached to.
- निमनित mfn. (-न-ता-त) 1. Regulated, prescribed. 2. Governed, guided. 3. Checked, restrained. 4. Bound, confined. ३. नि before, यत् to check, चिच्-कर्मणि ज् affix.
- निमन् ind. Having restrained. mfn. (-न-या-य) To be checked or restrained. ३. नि before, यत् to govern, चघृष् or यत् aff.

निरातन n. (-न) Causing to fall or descend : see निपातन । नितरा बावले वाति-कुट ।

निरातन m. (-नः) 1. Religious act, penance, fasting, &c. especially if an act of supererogation. 2. Restraint. ३. नि before, यञ् to restrain, affix चञ् : see निबन्ध.

निवातक mfn. (-कः-का-चं) Guiding, governing, what regulates or restrains. m. (-कः) 1. A boatman, a sailor ; but variously applied to one who rows, who steers, or who keeps a lookout from the mast head. 2. A pilot, a helmsman. 3. A charioteer. ३. नि before, यञ् to go or stop, affix चिच्-ञ्चुच्.

नियुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Engaged in, applying or attached to. 2. Authorized, called, appointed. 3. Directed, enjoined, commanded. 4. Ascertained. 5. Fastened or attached to. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, affix क्त.

नियुक्ता mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Authorizing, appointing. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, क्त aff.

नियुक्त ind. 1. Having joined or attached to. 2. Having put to or harassed. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, क्त aff.

नियुक्त m. (-नः-नः) 1. A million. 2. A hundred thousand. 3. Ten thousand krores. ३. नि before, यु to join, affix क्त. [contest.]

नियुक्त n. (-च) Close fight, personal struggle. ३. नि before, युच fight, नियुक्त mfn. (-चः-व्या-च) To be appointed or authorized. ३. नि, युञ् to join, affix तच.

नियोग m. (-गः) 1. An order or command. 2. Authority, appointment. 3. Occupation, appointed duty. 4. Effort, exertion. 5. Ascertainment, certainty. 6. Incidence, occurrence. 7. The practise in ancient times by which a childless widow was permitted to have intercourse with the brother or any other near relative of her deceased husband to raise up issue to him. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, affix चञ्-कुलम् ।

नियोगप्रयोजन n. (-नः) The object of any appointment, authorized act or duty. ३. नियोग, and प्रयोजन cause.

नियोगविधि m. (-धिः) The form of appointing to any act or duty. ३. नियोग and विधि rule.

नियोगार्थ m. (-र्थः) The object of an authorized act or appointment ३. नियोग and चर्थ object.

नियोगित mfn. (-गो-गिनी-नि) 1. Engaged in any pursuit, closely attached to it or engrossed by it. 2. Appointed, authorized, entrusted with authority, &c. m. (-गो) A minister, a deputy, an agent, &c. ३. नियोग and इनि aff.

नियोग्य mfn. (-न्यः-न्या-न्यं) Fit to be appointed or authorized, able or fit for a duty. m. (-न्यः) A master. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, चञ्चि कर्त्तरि क्त aff.

नियोजन n. (-नः) 1. Ordering, commanding, directing. 2. Uniting, attaching to. 3. Urging, impelling. 4. Fasting. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, affix भावे क्तुट् ।

नियोजित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Entrusted with, appointed to. 2. Directed, ordered. 3. Impelled, urged to, instigated. 4. Joined or attached to. 5. Suited or adapted to, connected with, &c. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, क्त affix, with इट् augment.

नियोजनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be attached or joined to. ३. नि, युञ् to join, कर्त्तरि क्त aff.

नियोज्य mfn. (-न्यः-न्या-न्यं) 1. To be attached to. 2. To be appointed to or employed in. 3. To be commanded, instigated, &c. m. (-न्यः) A servant. ३. नि before, युञ् to join, कर्त्तरि कर्त्तव्य क्त aff.

नियुक्त m. (-नः) 1. A cock. 2. A combatant, a wrestler, a boxer, ३. नि near, युच् to fight, क्त aff.

निर ind. 1. A particle and prefix implying certainty, assurance. 2. Negation, privation. 3. Outside, out, without, forth. ३. कृ to guide, affix निप्.

निरच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Having no dice, &c. 2. Having no latitude. m. (-चः) (In Astronomy,) The terrestrial equator. ३. निच् and चच् a die, &c.

निरचद्वेष्ट m. (-ष्टः) 1. A first meridian, as Lanka', a place where the sun is always vertical and the days and nights are equal. 2. The equatorial region. ३. निच् and चच् latitude, द्वेष्ट a country.

निरक्षि mfn. (-क्षिः-क्षि-क्षि) Having lost or neglected the consecrated fire. ३. निच् क्षि fire.

निरक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्धः-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Unchecked, uncontrolled, self-willed, independent ३. निच् privative, क्षुब्ध a hook for guiding an elephant.

निरक्षुब्ध n. (-क्षुब्धः) Self-willed, wilfulness. ३. क्ष added to the foregoing ; also with तल् निरक्षुब्धता.

निरक्षण mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Void of passion or emotion. 2. Unstained, unblackened. n. (-नः) The Supreme Being. f. (-ना) The day of full-moon. m. (-नः) An Epithet of Si'va. ३. नि neg. रक्षण affection ; or निच् not, चक्षुः collyrium ; figuratively, darkness.

निरत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Engaged or interested in. 2. Attached or devoted to. ३. नि, and रत occupied.

निरत्यय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Faultless, unblamable. ३. निच् neg. चत्यय fault.

निरतुलीय mfn. (-तुलीयः-तुलीय-तुलीय) Hard-hearted, destitute of compassion. ३. निच् and चतुलीय pity.

निरतुलीयता f. (-ता) Cruelty, hard-heartedness. ३. तल् added to the last.

निरतुलीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Unkind unfavourable. ३. निच् neg. चतुलीय favour.

निरन्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Coarse, gross, without interstices. 2. Continuous. 3. Uninterrupted, continual. 4. Unbounded. 5. Indentical, not different. 6. Unconcealed, not hidden or vanished. 7. Not external, &c. ३. निच् not, चन्तर interval, difference, &c.

निरन्तराल mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Narrow, contracted. ३. निच् neg. चन्तराल in-termediate space.

निरन्तराध्यय m. (-रः) 1. Private study, reading to one's self the sacred works. 2. Diligent and uninterrupted pursuit, exercise, practice. ३. निच् not, चन्तर between, चन्तराध्यय practice.

निरन्तर mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Childless, having no family, 2. Unconnected with, not belonging or related to. 3. Done in one's absence, not done openly or visibly. 4. Unmethodical, ill arranged. ३. निच् neg. चन्तर descent, connexion.

निरप mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Destitute of water. ३. निच्, and चप water.

निरपचय mfn. (-यः-पा-पं) 1. Shameless, impudent. 2. Bold, confident. ३. निच् not, चपचय shame.

निरपराध mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) Faultless, blameless. ३. निच् neg. चपराध fault.

निरपवर्त्त m. (-वर्त्तः) 1. Non-returning or turning back 2. (In Arithmetic,) Leaving no common measure. ३. निच्, and चपवर्त्त returning.

निरपाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Free from destruction or decay, eternal. ३. निच् neg. चपाय loss.

निरपेक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-का-क्षं) 1. Independent of, unconnected or unconcerned with. 2. Careless, indifferent, negligent. 3. Without purpose or hope. ३. निच्, and अपेक्षा regard to.

निरक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षं) Cloudless. ३. निच्, and चक्ष a cloud.

निरय m. (-यः) Hell. ३. निच् out, beyond, चय good fortune.

निरुद्ध mfn. (-द्धः-धा-द्धं) Unobstructed, unrestrained, unimpeded. ३. निच् not, चर्द्ध a bolt or bar.

निरर्थक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Vain, fruitless, unprofitable. ३. Unmeaning. ३. निच् not, चर्थ object, end, क्त added.

निरव m. (-वः) Loss of voice. ३. नि neg. and रव sound.

निरवयव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Self-willed, headstrong, independent, uncontrolled. ३. निच् neg. चवयव control.

निरवयव mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Unobjectionable, unexceptionable. ३. निच् neg. चवयव not to be said.

निरक्षेपतत् ind. Fully, particularly, circumstantially. न. निर neg. अवशेषतत् a remainder.

निरवसाद mfn. (-दः-सा-द) Animated, anxious, eager. न. निर neg. अवसाद languor.

निरवहानिका f. (-का) A fence, a hedge, an outer wall. न. निर out, with-out, and अवहानिका a fence. निर + अव + हन-लृट् ।

निरग्रन n. (-न) Fasting, going without food. न. निर and ग्रन, eating.

निरस mfn. (-सः-सा-स) 1. Dry. 2. Insipid, tasteless. m. (-सः) 1. Insipidity, want of flavour or passion. 2. Dryness, want of juice. न. निर neg. रस juice, &c. also नीरस.

निरसन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) What removes, expels, subdues, checks, &c. n. (-न) n. 1. Rejection, denial, contradiction, disallowance. 2. Suppressing, checking. 3. Appeasing. 4. Expelling, ejecting. 5. Spitting, spitting out any thing with sickness or disgust. 6. Killing, destroying. न. निर out or forth. चत् to throw लृट् affix or युच् निरस mfn. (-सः-सा-स) 1. Expelled, sent forth or out. 2. Sent, thrown, cast, directed. 3. Thrown off, (as from a horse,) 4. Abandoned, deserted, left. 5. Rejected, disallowed. 6. Shot, (as an arrow,) 7. Uttered rapidly, hurried. 8. Destroyed, 9. Gone, absent, what is not. 10. Suppressed, checked. 11. Torn or taken. 12. Broken, (as an agreement.) न. निर out or forth, चत् to throw or send, affix लृट् चत् ।

निरस ind. Having ejected or thrown out. 2. Having expelled, &c. न. निर and चत् to throw. लृट् aff.

निरसत् mfn. (-सत्-सत्-लृट्) 1. Ejecting, thrown out. 2. Abandoning, neglecting. 3. Expelling. 4. Scattering. 5. Destroying, &c. न. निर out, चत् to throw, ग्रह aff.

• निरसमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Being suppressed or checked. 2. Being abandoned. 3. Suppressing. 4. Expelling. 5. Scattering, &c. न. निर before, चत् to throw, either a. or p. voice, शानच् aff.

निरहृदार mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Humble, free from pride. न. निर neg. अहृदार pride.

निराकरण n. (-ण) 1. Obstruction, opposition, contradiction, rejection. 2. Refutation, reply. 3. Holding in consideration, making light of, contempt, disesteem. 4. Expelling, turning out or away. 5. Throwing out or off. 6. Neglecting the chief sacrificial or religious duties. न. निर privative particle, and आङ् before, क्त to do or make, affix लृट् ।

निराकरिष mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Obstructive, obstructing. 2. Disdaining, despising. न. निर, and आङ् before, क्त affix शोलाच् रचच् ।

निराकार mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Devoid of form or figure. 2. Formless. 3. Disguise. m. (-रः) 1. Heaven. 2. VISHN'U. 3. ŚIVA. 4. The divine spirit, God. 5. Reproach, censure. न. निर. implying negative or depreciation, and आकार shape, &c.

निराकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Calm, steady, unperplexed, unconfused. न. निर neg. आकुल agitated.

निराकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Removed, rejected, set aside. 2. Refuted, replied to. 3. Made light of, contemned, despised. 4. Expelled, turned out. 5. Thrown from or off. 6. Divorced. न. निरा, and कृत done, with आङ् prefixed.

निराकृति mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) 1. A person who has not duly gone through a course of study, especially applied however to the religious student, who has not duly read the Ve'das. 2. One who neglects the five great religious obligations. 3. Shapeless, formless, viewless. m. (-तिः) 1. Rejection, contradiction, opposition, disallowance. 2. Obstacle, impediment. न. निरा implying privation or obstruction, कृति making, causing; or निर private and आकृति form. निर + आ + कृति कृत् or कर्त्तरि कृत् ।

निराक्रोश mfn. (-शः-शा-श) Unaccused, unreviled. न. निर, and आक्रोश exclaiming.

निरादम् mfn. (-गः-गा-गः) Sinless, faultless. न. निर neg. आदम् ain.

निराचार mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Lawless, corrupt, barbarian, depraved. न. निर not, आचार moral ordinances : it is especially applied to those people who have not the ordinances of the Ve'das or distinction of Casts, &c. and comprises all, therefore, except Hindu's.

निरातपा f. (-पा) Night. न. निर not, none, and आतप sunshine.

निरादिष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) Given, paid, (as a debt) delivered. न. निर, and आदिष्ट shown.

निरादिष्ट m. (-ष्टः) Payment, discharge, delivery. न. निर, and आङ् before, दिष्ट to show, affix चत् ।

निरानन्द mfn. (-न्दः-न्दा-न्द) Causing no pleasure, undelighting. न. निर neg. आनन्द happiness.

निरापद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Prosperous, fortunate. न. निर neg. आपद misfortune.

निरावाध mfn. (-धः-धा-ध) Frivolously or unreasonably vexatious, (as a cause of complaint.) न. निर private, आङ् before, आवा pain, annoyance.

निरामय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Well, hale, recovered from sickness. m. (-यः) 1. A wild goat. 2. A hog, a boar. न. निर not, आमय sickness.

निरामालु m. (-लुः) The wood apple : see कपिल.

निरामिषाग्रि mfn. (-ग्रि-ग्रि-ग्रि) 1. Living without meat. 2. Free from sensual desires. न. निर, आमिष flesh, अग्रिन् who eats.

निराय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Having no income or profit, yielding none &c. न. निर neg. आय receipt.

निरावत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Contracted, compact. न. निर neg. आवत spread.

निरायव्ययत् m. (-यत्) An idler who lives by clandestine means, has neither income nor expenditure. न. निर, आय income, व्यय expense, मतुप् aff.

निरायास mfn. (-सः-सा-स) Not giving trouble, ready, easily attainable. न. निर neg. आयास exertion.

निराशुभ mfn. (-शु-शा-शु) Unarmed, defenceless. न. निर neg. आशुभ a weapon.

निराश्रय mfn. (-श्र-श्रा-श्र) 1. Self-supported, not relying on another. 2. The supreme being. न. निर, आश्रय stay.

निराश mfn. (-शः-शा-श) 1. Hopeless, despairing. 2. Disappointed. न. निर, and आश hope.

निराशिष mfn. (-शि-शि-शि) Without a blessing. न. निर, and आशिष blessing.

निराश्रय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Without refuge, destitute. न. निर, and आश्रय an asylum.

निरास m. (-सः) 1. Opposing, rejecting. 2. Dispension. 3. Ejecting, expelling. 4. Removal. 5. Abandonment. 6. Vomiting. न. निर out, and अस to be, भावे चत् ।

निरासन n. (-न) 1. Rejection, contradiction. 2. Killing, destroying. 3. spitting out. न. निर before, चत् to be, &c. with आङ् prefixed and लृट् affix; also निरसन.

निराहार mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Fasting through necessity or choice. न. निर privative, आहार food.

निरासद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) 1. Restless, anxious, unappeasable. 2. Homeless, portionless. न. निर neg. आसद station.

निरिक्षिपी f. (-पी) A veil. न. निर negative, चक्षु a hint, दृष्टि and क्षी affs. निधतमन् निरक्षु तदवस्था आच्छादनेन दृष्टि क्षीप् ।

निरिन्द्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Imperfect, mutilated, maimed. न. निर privative, इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.

निरौचय n. (-च) 1. Looking at, regarding, seeing. 2. Expecting. न. निर, and औचय seeing.

निरौचत् mfn. (-चत्-चत्-लृट्) 1. Looking at, regarding. 2. Expecting, hoping. न. निर, and औचत् seeing.

निरौचनाच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Looking at, regarding. 2. Hoping, expecting. न. निर before, औच् to see, आनाच् aff.



लोका f. (वा.) 1. Looking at, regarding. 2. Hope, expectation. ३. निर before, ईच् to see, चक् and टाच् aff.  
 लोकाभाच mfn. (-वा-भा-च) Being regarded or looked at. ३. निर and ईच् to see, pass. भाचच् aff.  
 लोचित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Seen beheld, looked at. 2. Hoped, expected. ३. निर, and ईचित seen.  
 लोच(व) n. (-व) The body of a plough. ३. ईच् or ईच् the shaft of the plough, and निर forth or from, prefixed; hence also निरोच n. (-व).  
 लोच mfn. (-वा-वा-च) Indifferent, desireless, unanxious. ३. निर neg. ईच् who seeks.  
 लोचता f. (-ता) Indifference, absence of effort or wish to get anything. ३. तच् added to the preceeding; also with तच्, 'निरीक्षन्'.  
 लोच mfn. (-क्त-ता-क्त) 1. Said, described. 2. Obscure, obsolete. n. (-क्त) 1. One of the Ve'da'ngas or works considered as supplementary to and connected with the Ve'das, forming a part of the scriptural or sacred science; glossarial explanation of obscure terms especially those occurring in the Ve'das. 2. Explanation of the concord or disagreement of letters, &c. 3. Separation or analysis of a derivative or compound word. 4. The name of the Ya'ska's commentary on the Nighantus. 5. Loud, Distinct. ३. निर, negative or affirmative prefix, उक्त spoken, said.  
 लोचि f. (-क्ति) The Ve'danga or portion of the scriptural science, which explains obscure and obsolete terms. 2. Explanation of words. 3. An artificial explanation of the derivation of a word; (In rhetoric). see the last. ३. निर, and उक्ति saying, or निर + वच्-क्तिन् ।  
 लोचमान mfn. (-न-ना-न) Being uttered or said. ३. निर, and उचमान being spoken.  
 लोचस mfn. (-स-सा-स) Breathless. 2. Narrow, contracted, crowded. ३. निर and उचस breathing.  
 लोचर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Non-plussed, without an answer. ३. निर, and उचर an answer.  
 लोचस mfn. (-व-वा-व) Indolent, indifferent. ३. निर neg. उचस effort.  
 लोचस mfn. (-क्त-ता-क्त) Unanxious, unregretting. ३. निर neg. उचस sorrowing for.  
 लोच mfn. (-व-वा-व) 1. Stopped, checked, restrained, hindered. 2. Confined, imprisoned. ३. नि, and वच् hindered.  
 लोचप्रसव(स) m. (-व-व-व) Stricture of the urethra. ३. निवच्, and प्रसव what pains.  
 लोचप्रसव mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Wearied, tired. ३. निवच्, and प्रसवति repose.  
 लोचदाव mfn. (-व-वा-व) Immoveable, undeceasing. ३. निर, and उच्च्दाव going away.  
 लोचि mfn. (-व-वा-व) Sedate, free from perturbation. ३. निर, and उचि perturbed.  
 लोचि mfn. (-व-व-व) Causeless, groundless. ३. निर, negative, उचि cause.  
 निवच् mfn. (-व-व-व) Hindering, checking, suppressing. ३. नि before, वच् to hinder, वच् aff.  
 निवचान mfn. (-न-ना-न) Hindering, opposing. 2. Preventing, depriving of. ३. नि before, वच् to hinder, वचन् aff.  
 निवचय mfn. (-व-वा-व) Free from any national distress or affliction, free from tyranny. ३. निर, and उचय violence.  
 निवचय mfn. (-व-वा-व) Free from trouble or alarm. ३. निर, and उचय calamity.  
 निवचन mfn. (-न-ना-न) Unequalled, having no resemblance or likeness. ३. निर, and उचन similitude.  
 निवचेच mfn. (-व-वा-व) Honest, free from trick or fraud. ३. निर, and उचेच trick.  
 निवच् mfn. (-व-वा-व) 1. Conventional, accepted, (as the meaning of

technical words or names in opposition to their etymological sense alone.) 2. Unmarried 3. Inherent. m. (-व) 1. The force or application of words, according to their natural or received meanings, (in Rhetoric). 2. (In Logic,) The implied description of any property in the term designing it, (as of redness in the word red, &c.) ३. नि affix, and वच् ascended; or निर neg. वच् married.

निवचय n. (-व) 1. Sight, seeing. 2. Doubt, discussion, investigation. 3. Ascertaining, determining. 4. Searching, looking for. 5. Form, shape. ३. नि implying certainty, वच् to have form, affix वच्.

निवचय mfn. (-व-वा-व) 1. To be discussed, to be investigated. 2. To be sought or looked for. ३. नि before, वच् to have form, वचिच् aff.

निवचय mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Searching, looking for. 2. Investigating, considering. ३. नि, वच् to have form, वच् aff.

निवचित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Seen, beheld. 2. Ascertained. 3. Discovered, found. 4. Appointed, deputed, directed to do any thing. 5. Considered, weighed. ३. नि before, वच् to have form, affix तच्.

निवचय mfn. (-व-वा-व) To be seen or ascertained. ind. Having seen or considered. ३. नि before, वच् to have form, वच् or वच् aff.

निवचय n. (-न) Ascertaining, determining. ३. तच् added to the last; also with तच्, निवचयता.

निवच् m. (-व) 1. A complete sentence, one having no ellipsis. 2. Certainty, ascertainment. 3. Logic, disputation. 4. An enema, one not of an oily kind. ३. निर, privative, and वच् reasoning, &c. वचये वच् ।

निवचय n. (-व) 1. Ascertaining. 2. Administering enemata not of an oily kind. ३. निर before, वच् to reason, affix वच्.

निवचि mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Free from violence, tyranny, &c. m. (-ति) A demi-god and ruler of the south-west quarter; see निवचि f. (-ति) 1. Misfortune, calamity. 2. Security, prosperity, immunity from tyranny or violence. ३. निर implying reverse, वचि good fortune, &c.

निवचि m. (-व) The Sa'ma Ve'da. ३. निर, वच् to go, Una'di affix वच्.

निवच mfn. (-व-वा-व) Silent, noiseless. ३. नि neg. वच sounding.

निरोच m. (-व) 1. Loss, destruction. 2. Opposition, hindrance, check, restraint, prevention. 3. Aversion, disfavour, dislike. 4. Preserving. 5. Confinement. ३. नि before, वच् to oppose, affix भाये वच्.

निरोच m. (-व) Country, region, place or province. ३. निर, forth, वच् to go, affix वचिक्करये वच्.

निरोच mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Gone out or forth. 2. Expended, extint, departed. ३. निर, out, वच् gone.

निरोच mfn. (-व-वा-व) Inodorous, void of fragrance or smell. ३. निर neg. वच smell.

निरोचन n. (-न) Killing, slaughter. ३. निर, affirmative particle, वच to hurt, affix वच्.

निरोचपुष्पो f. (-वो) The Simul or silk cotton tree. ३. निरोच, वच् a flower, वचि aff.

निरोच m. (-व) 1. Going forth or out, exit. 2. Total loss or departure. ३. निर, out, वच going; also निरोचन and निरोचि.

निरोच mfn. (-व-वा-व) 1. Void, of all properties. 2. Bad, worthless, having no good qualities. 3. Stringless. m. (-व) The Supreme Being, or any deity so considered. ३. निर, privative, and वच a property, an excellence.

निरोचन n. (-न) The state of being free from all qualities, an attribute especially of the Supremo Being. ३. निरोच, and न affix; also with तच्, निरोचनता.

निरोचि f. (-वो) 1. A shrub, (Vitex negundo.) 2. Another plant, (नीलमेकादिवा) 3. The root of the lotus. ३. निर forth or out, वचि or वचि to surround, वच् affix, fem. affix वचि; hence also निरोचि f. (-वो) निरोचिवाचयेव ।

निरोच m. (-व) The hollow of a tree. ३. निर, in, वच् to hide, aff. तच्.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः) 1. A saint, a devotee, one who has withdrawn from the world, and lives either as a beggar or a hermit. 2. A religious character wandering about naked. 3. A pauper, a beggar. 4. An idiot, a fool. 5. A gambler. **निर्वृत्त** not, **वृत्त** a knot or tie, or figuratively, attachment.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-का-क) 1. Unattended, unaccompanied. 2. Abandoned, deserted. 3. Clever, expert, conversant. m. (-ः) 1. A religious mendicant. 2. A naked devotee. 3. A gambler. **निर्वृत्त** not, **वृत्त** tie or connection, affix **कृत्**; also read **निर्वृत्त**.

**निर्वृत्त** n. (-ः) Killing, slaughter. **निर्वृत्त** privative, before **वृत्त** to hurt or kill, affix **कृत्**.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-टा-ट) 1. A great collection of people, a fair, a market, &c. 2. A free market or wharf, one where no toll is levied. 3. A place where is no quay or stairs. **निर्वृत्त** prefixed to **वृत्त** to endeavour, affix, **कृत्** or **निर्वृत्त** घटी यत्नात् प्र. व.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः) A vocabulary, an index. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to endeavour, aff. **कृत्**.

**निर्वृत्त** n. (-ः) Rubbing, friction, **निर्वृत्त** before **वृत्त** to rub, **कृत्** aff.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-का-क) Rubbing, a rubber. **निर्वृत्त** added to the last.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः) 1. A gust of wind, a hurricane, a whirlwind. 2. The noise of contending vapours in the heavens. 3. An earthquake. 4. Destruction. **निर्वृत्त** forth, **वृत्त** to drive, affix **कृत्**, **वृत्त** substituted for the radical.

**निर्वृत्त** f. (-ः) A river.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-का-क) 1. Cruel, unmerciful. 2. Shameless, immodest. **निर्वृत्त** neg. **वृत्त** mercy, &c.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः) A sound in general. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to sound, affix **कृत्**.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-का-क) Lonely, unpeopled, unfrequented. **निर्वृत्त** neg. **वृत्त** a person.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-रा-र) Immortal, imperishable, undecaying. m. (-ः) A deity, an immortal. n. (-ः) Ambrosia, the food of the gods. f. (-ः) 1. A plant : see **वृत्त**. 2. A sort of perfume, commonly Mura. **निर्वृत्त** not, **वृत्त** decrepitude or decay.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-का-क) Dry, desert, void of water. m. (-ः) A desert, a waste. **निर्वृत्त** neg. and **वृत्त** water.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-ता-त) 1. Conquered, subdued, overcome. 2. Won, gained. 3. Unconquered. **निर्वृत्त** affirmative or neg. prefix, **वृत्त** conquered.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-या-य) Of subdued passions or feelings. **निर्वृत्त**, and **वृत्त** an organ of sense.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः) A Muni, a saint. **निर्वृत्त**, and **वृत्त** accumulation.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-का-क) Lifeless. **निर्वृत्त**, and **वृत्त** alive.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः-री) A cascade or torrent, the precipitous descent of water from mountains, &c. f. (-ः) A river. m. (-ः) 1. A horse of the sun. 2. A fire of chaff. 3. An elephant. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to waste, and **वृत्त** aff. (**वृत्त**).

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः) A mountain. f. (-ः-री) A river. **निर्वृत्त** a waterfall, **वृत्त** aff.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः) 1. Certainty, positive conclusion. 2. Doubt, discussion, investigation. 3. (In Law,) Sentence, decision. 4. (In the Mimāṃsā,) The application of a conclusive argument. 5. (In Logic,) Complete ascertainment. **निर्वृत्त** affirmative prefix, **वृत्त** to guide, affix, **वृत्त**.

**निर्वृत्त** n. (-ः) Certainty, ascertainment, positive conclusion. **निर्वृत्त** See **निर्वृत्त** with **कृत्** aff.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः) A sentence, a verdict, a decree, (in Law,) **निर्वृत्त**, and **वृत्त** process.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः) One of the horses of the sun.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-का-क) Causing or leading to certainty, **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to guide, causal form, **कृत्** aff.

**निर्वृत्त** n. (-ः) 1. Causing certainty. 2. The outer angle of the elephant's eye. **निर्वृत्त** certainty, **कृत्** aff. or **निर्वृत्त** + **वृत्त** - **कृत्**.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-का-क) Cleaned, purified, cleansed. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to clean, affix **कृत्**.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-ता-त) 1. Ascertained, determined. 2. Sentenced, decreed. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to get, affix **कृत्**.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः) 1. Cleansing, washing, cleaning. 2. Ablution, Atonement, expiation. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to wash, **कृत्** aff.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः) A washerman. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to clean, affix **कृत्**.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-ता-त) Certifying, verifying, leading to certainty, decisive. m. (-ः) 1. A judge. 2. A document, a voucher. 3. A guide. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to lead, **कृत्** aff.

**निर्वृत्त** n. (-ः) Proof, verification, **निर्वृत्त** added to the preceding.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-या-य) To be ascertained, what is or ought to be determined. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to lead, **कृत्** aff.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-का-क) 1. Burnt, burnt up. 2. Unburnt. **निर्वृत्त** and **वृत्त** burnt.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-टा-ट) 1. Unkind, unfeeling, unmerciful, devoid of pity or charity. 2. Unnecessary. 3. Envious, slanderous, abusive. 4. Mad, intoxicated. 5. Violent. 6. Rejoicing over the faults of others. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to cut, to hurt, affix **कृत्**, deriv. irr.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-या-य) Unkind, unmerciful, cruel, hard-hearted. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** compassion, charity.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-रा-र) 1. Harsh spoken. 2. Shameless. n. (-ः) Much, excessively. subst. n. (-ः) Pith, essence. **निर्वृत्त** not, **वृत्त** to respect, **कृत्** aff.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः) A cave. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to rend, **कृत्** aff.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-सी-सी) Inhabiting a cave. **निर्वृत्त**, and **वृत्त** who abides in.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-का-क) Biting, consuming. **निर्वृत्त**, and **वृत्त** biting.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-ना-न) Toothless. **निर्वृत्त** neg. **वृत्त** a tooth.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-ना-न) Not burning, not caustic. n. (-ः) Marking out. **निर्वृत्त** aff. or neg. and **वृत्त** burning.

**निर्वृत्त** f. (-ः) A sort of creeper, from the fibres of which bowstrings are made, (Sansevieria zeylanica.)

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-ता-त) 1. A reaper, a husbandman. 2. A Donor. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to cut, **कृत्** aff. **निर्वृत्त** + **वृत्त** खड्गे, दा दाने, दे शोधने, वृत्त.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-ता-त) 1. Torn, rent. 2. Open, unclosed. 3. Starting, (the eyes.) **निर्वृत्त**, and **वृत्त** torn.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-का-क) 1. Stout, lusty. 2. Anointed, smeared. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to heap, affix **कृत्**.

**निर्वृत्त** ind. Having shown, explained, enjoined, &c. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to show, **कृत्** aff.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-टा-ट) 1. Described, depicted, pointed out, shown. 2. Ascertained, determined. 3. Ordered, directed. 4. Assigned. 5. Asserted. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to show, affix **कृत्**.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-ः) 1. Order, command, authoritative instruction or direction. 2. Description, designation. 3. Depicting, pointing out or exhibiting. 4. Certainty, ascertainment. 5. Saying, telling. 6. Vicinity, proximity. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to show, affix **कृत्**.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-टा-ट) Who or what shows or explains. m. (-ः) An authority, a guide. **निर्वृत्त** before, **वृत्त** to show, **कृत्** aff.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-का-क) 1. Faultless, without defect or blemish. 2. Not hostile, friendly. **निर्वृत्त** negative, and **वृत्त** defect.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-ः-का-क) 1. Not double. 2. Free from either of two alternatives, neither glad nor sorry, &c. 3. Not acknowledging

two principles. 4. Free from jealousy. 5. Not dependant upon another. **निर्** neg. **द्वय**, a pair.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Poor, indigent. m. (-वः) An old ox. **निर्** priv. and **व** wealth.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) 1. Impious, unrighteous, immoral, void of law or religion. 2. Not acknowledging moral or religious institutions, but especially those of the Hindu's. **निर्** not, **व** virtue, &c.

**निर्वा** m. (-वः) 1. Certainty, ascertainment. 2. Particularising individuals according to their degree of merit. **निर्** before, **व** to hold or have, affix **विच् + भावे-चञ्**.

**निर्वा** n. (-वः) 1. Certainty, ascertainment. 2. Specifying one out of many. 3. Determining, settling. **निर्** before, **व** to have, affix **विच् + लुट्**.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) 1. To be ascertained. 2. Acting resolutely, irresistible. **निर्** affir. or neg. **व** to hold, **चनीयर्** affix; also निर्धारितव्य, and निर्धार्य.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Ascertain, determined. **निर्** affirmative, **व** to have, causal form, **क्** aff.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) 1. Acting fearlessly. 2. Active, energetic. 3. Ascertainable, to be ascertained or determined. **निर्** neg. or affir. **व** to restrain, affix कर्मणि च्छत्; it may also be written निर्वाय.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) 1. Deserted, rejected. 2. Removed, departed. 3. Broken, divided. 4. Refuted. 5. Thrown out. 6. Suffered, undergone. 7. Destroyed. m. (-वः) A man abandoned by his relatives or friends. **निर्** before, **व** to shake, affix कर्मणि च्छत्.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) 1. Washed off. 2. Bright, polished. **निर्** and **व** cleansed.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Uncourteous. **निर्** Neg. **नमस्कार** salutation.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Having no superior, master, or protector, &c. **निर्** neg. **वा** a lord.

**निर्वा** f. (-वा) 1. Being without a master. 2. Widow-hood. **निर्** neg. **वा**यता masterhood.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Causeless, groundless. **निर्** neg. निर्वात्त cause.

**निर्वा** m. (-वा) 1. Intent, and pertinacious pursuit of any thing, urgency, importunity. 2. Seizure, laying hold of any thing, literally or figuratively. 3. Caprice, fancy, whim. **निर्** before, **व** to bind or tie, affix भावे चञ्.

**निर्वा** n. (-वः) Killing, slaughter. **निर्** before, **व** to slay, affix भावे लुट्, also निर्वाय.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Weak, feeble, powerless. **निर्** neg. **व**ल strength.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Ignorant, unwise. **निर्** neg. and **व**हि understanding; also निर्वाय.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Free from hatred or enmity. **निर्** neg. **वैर** hostility.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Broken down. **निर्**, and **व** broken.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Hard, firm, compact. **निर्** before, **व**ट् to maintain, affix चञ्.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Fearless, undaunted. **निर्** not, **व**य fear.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) 1. Much, excessive. 2. Fearless. 3. A servant employed without a pay. n. adv. (-वः) Much, excessively, subs. Pith, essence. **निर्** before, **व** to fill, affix चञ्.

**निर्वा** n. (-वः) 1. Wickedness, malignity. 2. Abuse, blame. 3. Lao. 4. Threat, menace. **निर्** before, **व**ट् to abuse, affix लुट्.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Abused, reviled, despised. **निर्** before, **व**ट् to abuse, affix च्छत्.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Unlucky. **निर्** neg. **वा**य luck,

**निर्वा** ind. Having pierced or penetrated. **निर्** before, **व**ट् to break, aff.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) 1. Undistinguished, equal, like. 2. Pierced, divided. **निर्**, **व**ट् separated or pierced.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Straight, flat, not bent. **निर्**, and **व**ट् curved.

**निर्वा** ind. 1. Having discriminated or particularised. 2. Having ground or churned. **निर्** before, **व**ट् to churn, aff.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Sober, quiet, unintoxicated. m. (-वः) An elephant after the frontal juice has ceased to exude, one out of rut. **निर्** priv. and **व**ट् madness.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Uninhabited, desolate. **निर्**, **व**ट् a man.

**निर्वा** n. (-वः) 1. Separating, distinguishing, discriminating. 2. Churning. 3. The wood used for kindling fire by friction. **निर्** before, **व**ट् to churn, aff.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) 1. To be rubbed or churned, &c. 2. To be distinguished or discriminated. **निर्** affir. **व**ट् to be rubbed, कर्मणि च्छत् aff.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Disinterested, claiming or wishing for nothing. **निर्**, and **व**ट् mine.

**निर्वा** n. (-वः) Disregard of wordly interests or possessions. **निर्**, and **व** affix; also निर्वायता, with **व**ट् aff.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) 1. Clear, clean, free from dirt or impurities, (literally or figuratively.) 2. Bright n. (-वः) 1. The remains of an offering made to a deity. 2. Talc, **निर्** priv. and **व**ट् dirt.

**निर्वा** n. (-वः) Purity, cleanness, (physical or moral,) **निर्** added to the last; also with **व**ट्, निर्वायता.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) 1. Manufacture, production, making. 2. Pith, marrow, essence. 3. Propriety, fitness. **निर्** before, **व**ट् to measure, affix भावे लुट्.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Clear, clean. n. (-वः) 1. The remains of an offering presented to a deity. 2. Faded flowers. 3. Purity cleanness, clearness. f. (-वा) A medicinal plant : see वृद्धा. **निर्** not, **व**ट् dirt, impurity, affix च्छत्.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) 1. Made. 2. Fabricated, artificial. **निर्** before, **व**ट् to mete, affix च्छत्.

**निर्वा** f. (-वा) Making, manufacturing, artificial production. **निर्**. As above : see निर्वाय, affix भावे च्छत्.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Loosed, set free, liberated, disjoined, sundered, separated, &c. m. (-वः) A snake who has lately cast his skin. **निर्** before, **व**ट् to let loose affix च्छत्.

**निर्वा** m. (-वः) 1. A tree bearing apparent blossoms. 2. The sun. 3. A rogue. n. (-वः) A large, and free market or fair. **निर्** before, **व**ट् to press, &c. affix च्छत्.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) 1. Baseless, unfounded. 2. Eradicated. **निर्** and **व**ट् a root.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Rubbed out. **निर्**, and **व**ट् to rub affix च्छत्.

**निर्वा** m. (-वः) 1. The slough of a snake. 2. Liberating, setting loose or free. 3. Armour, mail. 4. Sky, heaven, atmosphere. **निर्** forth, **व**ट् to let loose, affix चञ्.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Going forth or out, issuing. **निर्**, and **व**ट् going.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Self-willed, unrestrained, uncontrolled, independent. n. (-वः) Independence, absence of restraint. **निर्** not, **व**ट् restraining. निर्वाय, यत्नवाय, निर्वाय, च्छत्.

**निर्वा** mfn. (-वा-वा-वे) Self-willed, uncontrolled, unrestrained. **निर्** neg. **व**ट् restrained.

**निर्वा** n. (-वः) 1. Going forth or out, exit, issue. 2. Eternal emancipation, final beatitude. 3. A rope for tying cattle, a foot-

- rope. 4. The outer corner of an elephant's eye. 5. Vanishing.
6. Death. **निर्** before, **वा** to go, affix **करणे क्कुट्**.
- निर्वात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone out or forth, departed. **निर्**, and **वात** gone.
- निर्वातन** n. (-नं) 1. Revenge. 2. Gift, donation. 3. Delivery of a deposit. 4. Replacing any thing lost. 5. Payment of a debt. 6. Killing, slaughter. **निर्** before, **वात्** to endeavour, in the causal form, affix **चिच्-कुट्**.
- निर्व्यातित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Taken away. 2. Retaliated, requited. **निर्**, **वात्** to endeavour, causal v. **क्** aff.
- निर्वात** m. (-नः) A sailor, a boatman. **निर्** before, **वात्** to refrain, affix **चञ्**.
- निर्वाय** ind. Having gone out or departed. **निर्** out, **वाय** having gone.
- निर्वाच** m. (-चः) 1. Extract, decoction, infusion. 2. Any natural exudation of a plant, as gum, milk, extract, &c. 3. Any thick fluid substance. **निर्** forth or out, **वाच** to endeavour, affix **चञ्**; it is also read **निर्वाच**.
- निर्व्युक्ति** f. (-क्तिः) 1. Disunion. 2. Unfitness, inappropriateness, impropriety. 3. Want of connexion or government, (in Grammar.) **निर्** neg. **व्युक्ति** union, &c.
- निर्व्युक्त** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Detached, disunited. 2. Unconnected, unmeaning. 3. Inappropriate, improper. **निर्** added to the preceding.
- निर्व्यूह** m. (-हः) 1. A chaplet, a crest, an ornament for the head. 2. Extracted juice, or a decoction. &c. 3. A door, a gate. 4. A pin or bracket projecting from a wall to hang or place any thing upon. 5. Wood placed in a wall for doves to build upon. **निर्** out, from, **व्यूह** to go, affix **क्**, or according to Tarkabāṣaspaty:—**निर्** + **ऊह-क-प्रयोगे**, **नलवारणे** ।
- निर्व्योगचेम** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Free from care or anxiety about property. **निर्** neg. **योगचेम** property.
- निर्लेख** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Unmarked, unnoted, unspotted, &c. 2. Undefined. **निर्** priv. and **लेख** a mark.
- निर्लेख** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Impudent, shameless. **निर्** neg. **लक्ष्मा** shame.
- निर्लिप्त** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Unsmear, unanointed. 2. Unfiled, uncontaminated, (by passion, &c.) m. (-नः) 1. A name of Krishna. 2. A sage. **निर्** neg. **लिप** to anoint and **क्** affix.
- निर्लेप** mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) 1. Anointed or smeared. 2. Unfiled, (by passion.) 3. Stainless m. (-नः) A sage. **निर्** on, **लेप** plastering.
- निर्व्ये(र्)चन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Silent. n. (-नं) 1. Explanation, declaration. 2. Etymology. 3. A proverb. 4. Vocabulary, an index. **निर्** affix or neg. **वचन** speaking.
- निर्व्येच** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Bare, open, (a country) **निर्** neg. **वन** a wood.
- निर्व्ये(र्)पच** n. (-चः) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Presentation of funeral offerings. 3. Extinguishing, pulling out. **निर्** before, **वच्** to go, affix **भावे क्कुट्**.
- निर्व्येयनी** f. (-नी) The cast slough of a snake.
- निर्व्ये(र्)चन** n. (-नं) Sight, seeing, looking at, regarding. **निर्** before, **वच** to class or colour, affix **भावे क्कुट्**.
- निर्वर्त्तन** n. (-नं) 1. Leaving off, desisting from. 2. Completing, ending. 3. Limiting to, measuring by. 4. Accomplishment. **निर्** before, **वत्** to be **कुट्** aff.
- निर्व्येच** ind. 1. Having finished, having done. 2. Having ceased, **निर्** before, **वत्** to be, **वच्** aff. or **निर्** + **वृत्** **चिच्-कर्मणि-यत्** ।
- निर्व्ये(र्)चन** n. (-चः) 1. End, completion. 2. Supporting, carrying on, maintaining. 3. The catastrophe of a drama, the conclusion of the fable. **निर्** out, **वच्** to bear, affix **भावे क्कुट्**.
- निर्वा(र्)च** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Unobjectionable, blameless, not to be

found fault with or censured. 2. Improper to be said. **निर्** **वाच** to be spoken.

**निर्वा(र्)च** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Liberated from existence. 2. Dead, ceased. 3. Gone out, extinguished, (as a fire). 4. Set, as a plan. 5. Immersed, plunged. 6. Having no arrows. n. (-चः) 1. Eternity, happiness, emancipation from matter, and reunion with deity; it is especially employed in this sense by the Buddhists and Jains, understanding by it perfect and perpetual calm. Setting, disappearing, departure. 3. Refraining, desisting, leaving off, cessation. 4. Union, association, blending, confluence. Bathing or plunging of an elephant. 6. Repose. 7. Vacuum or space. 8. Instructing in science. **निर्** before, **वाच्** blow, etc. affix **क्**, deriv. irr. or **निर्** neg. **वाच** an arrow or **निर्** वा-क् ।

**निर्वा(र्)चन** m. (-नः) Liberation. **निर्** **निर्वाच** and **नलवारणे** head, chief. **निर्वा(र्)चन** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Calm, still, not windy, having ceased blow. 2. Sheltered from the wind. m. (-नः) A calm. **निर्** before **वात** wind, air.

**निर्वा(र्)द** m. (-दः) 1. Censure, blame, reproach. 2. Bad rumour, report, scandal. 3. Asseveration, affirmation, decision of a controversy. 4. Absence of dispute or railing. 5. Disrespect. **निर्** privat. prefix, and **वाद** speech.

**निर्वा(र्)प** m. (-पः) 1. Putting out, as a fire or light. 2. Gifts in honour of a deceased ancestor: see **निवाप**. **निर्** + **वप-भावे-चञ्** ।

**निर्वा(र्)पच** n. (-चः) 1. Putting out, as a fire or light, extinguishing, quenching. 2. (In medicine,) Refrigerant. 3. Killing, slaughter. 4. Gift, giving. 5. Presenting funeral oblations. 6. Cooling, refreshing. **निर्** before, **वच्** to go, &c. in the causal form, affix **चिच्**, or **चिच्-पुक्-कुट्** ।

**निर्वा(र्)पित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Put out, quenched, extinguished. Allayed, cooled. 3. Killed. 4. Offered in oblation. **निर्**, **वच्** to go causal v. **क्** aff.

**निर्वा(र्)पय** ind. 1. Having offered funeral cakes. 2. Having delighted. 3. Having quenched. **निर्** before, **वच्** to sow, affix **चञ्**.

**निर्वा(र्)य** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Acting fearlessly or determinately. Irresistible, not to be opposed or resisted. **निर्**, **व** to hinder affix **खत्**.

**निर्वाहन** n. (-नं) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Hurting, injuring. 3. Banishment, expulsion. **निर्** out, forth, **वच्** to abide, causal form and **चिच्-भावे-कुट्** aff.

**निर्वाहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Expelled, banished. **निर्** out, **वच्** to abide causal v., **क्** aff.

**निर्वोच** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) To be banished, **निर्** out, **वच्** to abide causal form **चिच्-कर्मणि-यत्** aff.; also **निर्वोचनीय**, **निर्वोचितव्य**.

**निर्वा(र्)ह** m. (-हः) 1. Accomplishment, completion, end. 2. Carry on, supporting, maintaining. 3. Providing means. 4. Sufficiency, adequacy. 5. Steadfastness. **निर्** before, **वच्** to be affix **चञ्**.

**निर्वाह** n. (-हः) Application or connexion of cause and effect, **निर्** before, **वच्** to convey, **वच्** aff.

**निर्वाह** nf. (-ह-वा) Catastrophe of a drama: see **निर्व्येच**.

**निर्विकल्प** (क्) n. (-कः) Knowledge, not depending upon or derived from the senses. **निर्** neg. **विकल्प** alternative, **क्** added.

**निर्विकार** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Unchanged, unaltered, uniform. **निर्** neg. **विकार** change of form or state.

**निर्विघ्न** mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्ना-घ्नं) Unobstructed. n. subs. (-घ्नः) Absence of obstruction or impediment. adv. Freely, unobstructedly. **निर्** neg. **विघ्न** obstruction.

**निर्विच** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Desponding, overcome with fear or sorrow. 2. Humble. 3. Abused, degraded. 4. Fallen away, emaciated.

with grief. 5. Decayed, impaired. 6. Certain. 7. Disgusted with anything. **म.** निर् private, विद् to know, affix क्.

**निर्वचयेत्** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तः) Humble, resigned, meek. **म.** निर्वच, and चेतस् mind.

**निर्वन्धा** f. (-न्धा) The name of a river that rises in the Vindhya mountains. **म.** निर्व out of, विन्धा the Vindhya hills, fem. aff. टाप्.

**निर्वचर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Close, contiguous, without interval or interstice. **म.** निर्व neg. विचर a space.

**निर्विक** mfn. (-क्कः-क्का-क्कः) Foolish, undiscriminating. **म.** निर्व neg. विवेक judgment.

**निर्विह** mfn. (-हः-हा-हः) Fearless, undaunted, confident. **म.** निर्व neg. विह fearful.

**निर्विभू** mfn. (-भू-भूनी-भूत्) 1. Entering in or into. 2. Engaged in. 3. Attaining, obtaining. 4. Marrying. **म.** निर्व before, विभू to enter, भूट aff.

**निर्विभे** mfn. (-भे-भा-भे) 1. Undiscriminating, making no difference. 2. Same, like, indiscriminate. **म.** निर्व neg. विभे difference.

**निर्विषा** f. (-षा or -षी) A plant, (Ourouma zedoaria.) **म.** निर्व opposite, (anti,) विष poison, antidote.

**निर्विष्ट** mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टः) 1. Attained, arrived at, Engaged out. 2. Obtained, got (as wages). 3. Engaged in, occupied by. 4. Staying, being. 5. Married. 6. Earned, gained. 7. Taken, received. **म.** निर्व before, विष्ट to enter affix क्.

**निर्वीज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) 1. Seedless. 2. Impotent. **म.** निर्व neg. बीज a seed.

**निर्वीर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Unheroic, cowardly. f. (-री) A woman whose husband and children are dead, a childless widow. **म.** निर्व private, and वीर a hero, a champion.

**निर्वीर्य** mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्यः) 1. Tame, feeble, spiritless. 2. Impotent. **म.** निर्व not, वीर्य power.

**निर्वत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Ended, terminated. 2. Happy, content. 3. Emancipated. 4. Free from occupation or interest. n. (-तः) A house. **म.** निर्व, and व to choose. क् affix; see निवृत्त.

**निर्वति** f. (-ति) 1. Final emancipation from existence. 2. Death. 3. Happiness. 4. Rest, repose, tranquillity, ceasing or abstaining from. 5. Setting, departure, disappearance. 6. Completion, accomplishment, conclusion. **म.** निर्व affirmative particle, व to choose, affix भावे क्तिन्.

**निर्वत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तः) Finished, completely done, accomplished. **म.** निर्व before, वृत् to be, affix क्.

**निर्वि** mfn. (-वि-वि-वि) Desitute, having no occupation. f. (-विः) 1. Completion, termination, conclusion. 2. Satisfaction. 3. Final beatitude. 4. Approach, advance. **म.** निर्व neg. वृत् to be, affix भावे क्तिन्; or निर्व, and वृत् business.

**निर्वेग** mfn. (-गः-गा-गः) Calm, (as the ocean.) **म.** निर्व, and वेग agitation.

**निर्वेद** mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) Not having the Ve'das, infidel, unscriptural. m. (-दः) 1. Humility, self-Humiliation. 2. Being neglected or disregarded by others. 3. Indifference, disregard of worldly objects. **म.** निर्व depreciative particle, विद् to know, affix भावे क्त्वं, or निर्व neg. वेद the Ve'das.

**निर्वेग** m. (-गः) 1. Wages, hire. 2. Enjoyment. 3. Eating. 4. Fainting, swooning, syncope. 5. Attaining, obtaining. 6. Engaged or entering in. **म.** निर्व before, विद् to enter, affix क्त्वं.

**निर्वेद्य** n. (-द्यः) A small reed used as a shuttle. **म.** निर्व without, वेद्य surrounding.

**निर्वैर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Friendly, without enmity. **म.** निर्व neg. वैर hostility.

**निर्वचन** n. (-चनः) 1. A hole, a chasm. 2. Exemption from pain. 3. Paining, afflicting. **म.** निर्व affir. or neg. prefix, and चन fear, dread.

**निर्वचि** mfn. (-चः-चा-चः) Indifferent to, disregarding. **म.** निर्व neg. चनेषा expectation.

**निर्वचोक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) Undissembling, true. **म.** निर्व neg. व्यचोक्त false.

**निर्व्याज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) 1. Without deceit. 2. Without obstruction. **म.** निर्व neg. व्याज deceit.

**निर्व्यूह** mfn. (-हः-हा-हः) 1. Abandoned, left, deserted. 2. Finished, completed. 3. Grown, developed. 4. Vindicated. **म.** निर्व before, व्यूह arranged. निर्व + वि-वृ-ह्.

**निर्वृत्त** n. (-त्तः) 1. Taking forth or out. 2. Removing entirely. 3. Setting apart. 4. Burning dead bodies, or carrying them out to be burnt. **म.** निर्व away, वृत् taking.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-रः) 1. Extracting, drawing out, rooting up, &c. 2. Putting forth or out. 3. Evacuation of any of the natural excrements of the faeces, urine, sweat, &c. 4. Burning, combustion. 5. Giving away, selling, exchanging, &c. 6. Diffusive fragrance. 7. Accumulation of wealth, a hoard, a private purse. **म.** निर्व out, वृत् to take, affix क्त्वं.

**निर्वृत्ति** mfn. (-रि-रि-रि) 1. Taking forth or out. 2. Diffusively fragrant, having a wide spreading odour. 3. Having wealth. **म.** निर्व, वृत् to take, विष्णु aff. or निर्वृत्, affix क्तिन्.

**निर्वृत्त** mfn. (-त्तः-ता-त्तः) 1. Taken or carried forth or out. 2. Extracted. **म.** निर्व out, वृत् taken.

**निर्वृत्त** ind. 1. Having taken forth or out. 2. Having extracted. **म.** निर्व before, वृत् to take, क्त्वं aff.

**निर्वृत्ति** mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Unarmed. **म.** निर्व, and वृत्ति a weapon.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-रः) A sound in general. **म.** निर्व before, वृत् to sound, affix क्त्वं.

**निर्वृत्त** m. (-रः) 1. A house, a habitation. 2. Abiding place, a den of animals. **म.** निर्व in, वृत् to embrace, affix चाधारे क्त्वं.

**निर्वृत्त** n. (-नः) Place, dwelling. 2. Setting in a place. **म.** निर्व before, वृत् to endeavour, चाधारे क्त्वं aff.

**निर्वृत्ति** f. (-ता) Dwelling, domesticity. **म.** निर्वृत्ति, and तत्त्वं aff.

**निर्वृत्ति** mfn. (-वि-वि-वि) Dwelling in, inhabiting. **म.** निर्व before, वृत् to embrace, क्तिन् aff.

**निर्वृत्ति** m. (-व्यः) A deity. f. (-व्या) A cow. **म.** निर्व in or on, विव्य to smear, affix क्त्वं, or according to others, नि + विव्य-क्त्वं aff.

**निर्वृत्ति** f. (-क्ता) A cow. **म.** क्त्वं added to the preceding.

**निर्वृत्ति** mfn. (-न-ना-नः) 1. Encompassed, surrounded, shut or wrapt up, embraced. 2. Destroyed, perished entirely. 3. Transformed, changed. 4. Fused in or into. 5. Full. **म.** निर्व in or on, वृत् to embrace, affix क्त्वं, deriv. irr.

**निर्वपन** n. (-नः) 1. Gifts in honour of deceased ancestors. 2. Scattering, or throwing out. 3. Sowing. also निवप. नि + वप-भावे-क्त्वं aff.

**निर्वरा** f. (-रा) A virgin, a girl unmarried. **म.** निर्व priv. and वर a husband.

**निर्वर्त्तन** n. (-नः) 1. Returning or coming back. 2. Bringing back. 3. Reforming, repenting. 4. Desisting from a work. 5. Giving back, returning. 6. Stopping, ceasing. 7. A measure of land 20 rods, or 200 cubits square. **म.** निर्व before वृत् to be, विव्य-भावे क्त्वं aff.

**निर्वर्त्तितव्य** mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यः) To be restrained, to be hindered or diverted. **म.** निर्व before, वृत् to be, causal v., तव्य aff.

**निर्वर्त्त** ind. 1. Having desisted or refrained from. 2. Having turned back. 3. Having repented. 4. Having repaid. **म.** निर्व before, वृत् to be, aff. क्त्वं.

**निर्वर्त्त** mfn. (-व्य-व्या-व्यः) 1. Killing, destroying. 2. Removing. **म.** निर्व before, वृत् to cover, क्त्वं aff.

**निर्वर्त्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Killed, destroyed. 2. Removed, taken away. **म.** निर्व before, वृत् to cover, क्त्वं aff.

**निर्वर्त्त** mfn. (-व्य-व्या-व्यः) Dwelling in, inhabiting. **म.** निर्व before, वृत् to dwell, क्त्वं aff.

निवसति f. (-तिः) A house, a habitation. ३. नि in, वस् to dwell, चाधारे षतिष् aff.  
 निवसय m. (-यः) A village. ३. नि in, वस् to dwell, aff. चाधारे षयष्.  
 निवसन n. (-नः) 1. A house, a habitation. 2. Cloth, clothes, raiment. ३. नि in, वस् to dwell or wear, aff. चाधारे षुट्.  
 निवह m. (-हः) 1. A multitude, a quantity. 2. One of the seven winds. ३. नि always, वह to gain, व or वष् aff.  
 निवात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Well armed, accoutred in strong mail. 2. Secure, safe as in an asylum. 3. Calm, not windy. 4. Unhurt. 5. Protected against the wind. m. (-तः) 1. An asylum, a dwelling, &c. 2. A calm. 3. Strong armour. ३. नि neg. वात wind, &c.  
 निवातकवच m. (-चः) A demon, the grandson of HIRANYAKASHIPU. ३. निवात, and कवच a cuirass.  
 निवाप m. (-पः) 1. Gifts in honour of a deceased parent or relative. 2. Offering of water at Srad'dhas, or daily ablution to the manes. 3. Gift, giving in general. 4. Seed, grain. ३. नि before, वप् to go, to give, &c. aff. षष्.  
 नि(नी)वार m. (-रः) 1. Hindering, opposition, impediment. 2. Name of the grain so called. ३. नि prefix, वृ to screen, षष् aff.  
 निवारय n. (-यः) 1. Hindering, opposing. 2. An impediment. 3. Contemning, holding light or worthless. ३. नि prefix, वृ to screen, षिष् भावे-ष्टुट् aff.  
 निवारणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be checked, hindered, &c. ३. नि before, वृ to screen, aff. षनीयर्; also निवारित्य and निवार्य.  
 निवारयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Opposing, hindering. ३. नि before, वृ to screen, षट् aff.  
 निवारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Hindered, checked, opposed. ३. नि prefix, वृ to screen, ष aff.  
 निवार्यमाच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) To be opposed or hindered. ३. नि before, वृ to screen, pass. व., घानष् aff.  
 निवास m. (-सः) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. Passing the night. ३. नि in, वस् to abide, aff. चाधारे षष्.  
 निवासभूय n. (-यः) Habitation or inhabiting. ३. निवास, and भूय being.  
 निवासिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Dwelling, abiding in, inhabiting. ३. निवास, and षिनि aff.  
 निविह mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) 1. Coarse, large, gross, bulky, without spaces or interstices. 2. Thick, impervious, impenetrable. 3. Crooked-nosed. ३. नि not, विल an interstices, ष changed to ड; or नि particule, with विलष् aff.  
 निविरीह mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) 1. Coarse, gross. 2. Crooked-nosed. ३. निवि-डञ् विरीहणी पा० विरीहन् दन्वीधारणसामर्थ्यात् न वलम्।  
 निविहन्तु mfn. (-न्तु-सन्ती-सन्) Wishing to stop or return. ३. नि before, हुत् to abide, desid. form, षट् aff.  
 निविशेव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Alike, not different. ३. नि neg. विशेष difference.  
 निविष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Entered, gone in or into. 2. Seated, sitting upon. 3. Situated or placed in or on. 4. Arranged. 5. Fixed on. ३. नि before, विष् to enter, aff. ष.  
 निवीत mfn. subst. (-तः-ता-तं) A veil, a mantle, a wrapper. n. (-तं) The Brahmanical thread suspended round the neck, in which manner it is worn on some occasions. ३. नि before, षे to cover, aff. ष. or नि + षञ् षच् अदेशः।  
 निवीतिन् m. (-ती) A Bra'hman with the cord suspended round his neck. ३. निवीत, and इति aff.  
 निहत mfn. adj. (-तः-ता-तं) Surrounded, enclosed, encompassed, subst. A veil, a mantle, a wrapper. ३. नि before, ह् to surround aff. ष.  
 निहति f. (-तिः) Covering, enclosing. ३. नि, ह् to be, षिन् aff.  
 निहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Ceased, stopped. 2. Abstaining from worldly acts, &c. 3. Abstracted from or independent of worldly motives. 4. Desisting from or repenting of any improper conduct. 5. Re-

turned, turned back. 6. Gone, departed. 7. Finished, completed. ३. नि prohibitory prefix, हुत् to be, aff. ष; see निहृत्.  
 निहत्तकारण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Without further cause or motive. m. (-णः) A virtuous man, one uninfluenced by worldly desires. ३. निहत्त ceased, कारण cause.  
 निवृत्तराग mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Of subdued appetite or passions. ३. निहत्त stopped, राग passion.  
 निहत्तसि mfn. (-सिः-सि-सि) Quitting any practice or occupation. ३. निहत्त, and वृत्त maintenance.  
 निहतात्मन् m. (-त्मा) 1. A sage. 2. VISHN'U. ३. निहत्त stopped, (from worldly acts, &c.) चात्मन् spirit.  
 निहति f. (-तिः) 1. Cessation, completion, leaving off, rest, repose. 2. Discontinuance of worldly acts, cessation of emotions, separation from the world. 3. Denial, refusal. 4. Abolition, prevention. 5. Returning. ३. नि negative prefix, हुत् to be, aff. भावे षिन्; see निवृत्ति.  
 निवेदन n. (-नः) 1. Delivering, giving, entrusting, addressing, (either an article, a message, or a speech.) 2. Dedication. 3. Oblation. 4. An offering. ३. नि before, विद् to know, causal form, अष्टुट्.  
 निवेदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Given, entrusted, addressed, delivered. 2. Represented, stated, told. ३. नि before, विद् to know, aff. ष; see निवेदन।  
 निवेश m. (-शः) 1. Entrance, entering. 2. Delivering, entrusting, & positing. 3. A camp. a place, the residence of a king or general. 4. Any dwelling. 5. Military array. 6. Ornament, dress, decoration. 7. Marriage. 8. Encamping. ३. नि before, विष् to enter, अष्टुट् भावे षष्.  
 निवेशन n. (-नः) 1. Entering, entrance. 2. A house, a habitation. 3. A town or city. 4. A camp. ३. नि before, विष् to enter, aff. चाधारे षट्.  
 निवेशनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be entered. 2. To be engaged in. ३. नि before, विष् to enter, षनीयर् aff.; also निवेशित्य and निवेश्य.  
 निवेशयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Sending in or into, causing to enter. ३. नि before, विष् to enter, causal form, षट् aff.  
 निवेशित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Entered into. 2. Engaged in. 3. Sent directed. 4. Placed in or upon. 5. Turned to or towards, fixed upon. ३. नि before, विष् to enter, ष aff.  
 निव्यूढ n. (-ढः) Perseverance, resolution. ३. नि, and व्यूढ arranged.  
 निश f. (निष्ट) 1. Night. 2. Turmeric. see निशा. नितरां षति तन्वरो व्यापारान् शो-क-पूजो।  
 निशठ m. (-ठः) The son of BALARÁMA.  
 निशमन n. (-नः) 1. Sight, seeing. 2. Hearing. 3. Becoming aware. ३. नि before, शम् to be quite, अष्टिष् षुट्.  
 निशम्य ind. Hearing, having heard. ३. नि, शम् to repose, षष् aff.  
 निशमयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Hearing. ३. नि before, शम् to rest, षट्।  
 निशमय ind. Having heard. ३. नि before, शम् to repose, षष् aff., षच inserted.  
 निशा f. (-शः) 1. Night. 2. Turmeric, (Curcuma longa.) 3. Another sort, (U. zanthorrhiza.) ३. नि always, शो to waste or reduce (mortals,) aff. ष; or निष् to meditate, aff. षिप्, and टाप् add  
 निशाकर m. (-रः) 1. The moon. 2. A cock. 3. Camphire. ३. निशा षिष्ठ and कर who makes or marks.  
 निशाकेतु m. (-तुः) The moon. ३. निशा night, and केतु symbol.  
 निशागण m. (-णः) A number of nights. ३. निशा a night, and गण a troop.  
 निशाचर mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) Nocturnal, night walking, what goes moves about by night, m. (-रः) 1. A Rakshasa, a fiend, an evil goblin, 2. A Jackal. 3. An owl. 4. A snake. 5. The ruddy go. 6. A ghost, an evil spirit. 7. A thief. f. (-री) 1. A woman goes to an assignation, a harlot, a whore. 2. A she dev

female fiend. 3. A sort of perfume : see चेदिनी. ३. निशा night, and चर who goes.

निशाचरन् ३. (-च) Darkness. ३. निशा night, and चरन् skin or hide.

निशाचर n. (-च) 1. Frost, hoar frost. 2. Dew. ३. निशा night, and चर water.

निशाट m. (-ट) 1. An owl. 2. A demon, a ghost. ३. निशा night, and चट who goes ; चच् aff. also with क्च् aff. निशाटन m. (-नः).

निशात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sharpened, polished, whetted, burnished. ३. नि before, शी to cut or pare, aff. त्.

निशाद m. (-दः) A man of a low caste : see निषाद.

निशादल n. (-लः) The state or condition of a man of low caste.

निशादक्षिन् m. (-क्षिन्) An owl. ३. निशा night, and दक्षिन् who sees.

निशादि f. (-दिः) Evening, twilight. ३. निशा, and चादि beginning.

निशान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Quiet, tranquil, patient. n. (-नः) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. The end of the night, or break of day. ३. नि before, श्च् to be quiet, aff. त् ; or निशा night, चच् to go, aff. त् ; or निशा as before night, and चन end or term.

निशानमारी f. (-री) A female, a housewife. ३. निशान a house, मारी a woman.

निशाश mfn. (-शः-शा-शं) Blind at night. ३. निशा, and चन blind.

निशापति m. (-तिः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. 3. An epithet of Siva. 4. A name of Ra'vana. ३. निशा night, and पति master.

निशापत्र n. (-त्रः) 1. Hoar, frost. 2. Dew. 3. The white water lily which blossoms at night. ३. निशा, and पत्र a flower.

निशाभङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) A plant commonly Dugdha'ya. ३. निशा night, भङ्गा breaking.

निशानचि m. (-चिः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. ३. निशा night, and चि a gem.

निशानन n. (-नः) 1. Sight, seeing. 2. Looking at, beholding. 3. Looking at repeatedly. 4. Hearing. 5. A shadow, a reflexion. ३. नि before, श्च् to quiet, aff. क्च्.

निशाक m. (-कः) A Jackal. ३. निशा night, and कन a deer.

निशाच ind. 1. Having put out, (as a light) 2. Having tranquillized. ३. नि before, श्च् to be quiet, causal form, लप् aff.

निशाचर n. (-चः) 1. Killing, slaying, slaughter. 2. Night-combat. ३. नि before, च to injure or kill, aff. लप् ; or निशा night, and चर war.

निशाचर m. (-चः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. ३. निशा night, and चर a jewel.

निशाचक n. (-कः) An air, a sort of musical composition, played as an accomplishment to dancing.

निशाचद n. (-दः) A number of nights. ३. निशा, and दद a many.

निशावेदिन् m. (-दी) A cock, ३. निशा night, and वेदिन् who knows.

निशाचल m. (-लः) The white water lily. ३. निशा, and चल what smiles ; opening its petals at night.

निशाका f. (-का) Turmeric. ३. निशा, and काका appellation.

निशित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sharpened, whetted. 2. Stimulated. n. (-तः) Iron. ३. नि before, शी to pare, aff. त्.

निशिपुष्पा f. (-पा) A flower, (Nyxanthus tristis.) ३. निशि by night, seventh case of निश, and पुष्पा flower, fem. affix टाप् ; also with क्च् aff. निशिपुष्पी, and with क्च् added निशिपुष्पिका the night-flowers.

निशोय n. (-यः) 1. Midnight. 2. Night. (In general). ३. नि always, शी to sleep, Una'di aff. चक्.

निशीचिनी f. (-नी) Night. ३. निशीच as above, इति aff.

निशीचिनीनाथ m. (-यः) The moon. ३. निशीचिनी night, and नाथ lord.

निशीचा f. (-चा) Night. ३. निशीच midnight, and चक् aff.

निशच m. (-चः) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. The name of a giant slain by Durgā. ३. नि before, चच् to hurt or kill, aff. नावे चक्.

निशचन n. (-नः) Killing, slaying, slaughter. ३. See the last, aff. क्च्.

निशचनहिनी f. (-नी) A name of Durgā. ३. निशच an Asur or demon so named, and हिनी the female destroyer.

निशचिन् m. (-चिन्) An inferior deity of the Baudhas ; also He'ramba and Vajratika. ३. नि not, चच् injuring, aff. इति.

निशीपयाम m. (-यः) Resting at night. ३. निशा, and चपयाम rest.

निशेत m. (-तः) The Vaka, a crane, (Ardea nivea.) ३. निशा by night, एत gone, to his roost.

निशय m. (-यः) 1. Certainty, ascertainment, positive, conclusion. 2. A fixed intention, design, purpose, aim. ३. निर affirmative particle, चि to collect, aff. चक्.

निशय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Immoveable, still, fixed. 2. Invariable. f. (-या) The earth. ३. निर privat. चक् what goes or moves.

निशयाम mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Firm, immoveable. m. (-यः) 1. A kind of crane, (Ardea nivea.) 2. A mountain, a rock. ३. निशय, and चक् body.

निशयक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what ascertains or determines. ३. निर before, चि to collect, क्च् aff.

निशारक m. (-कः) 1. Evacuation by stool. 2. Air, wind. 3. Obstinaey, wilfulness. ३. निर not, चच् to go, aff. क्च्.

निशित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Certain, ascertained, determined, concluded. 2. Sentenced, pronounced. n. (-तः) Certainty, conclusion. ३. निर before, चि to collect, त् aff.

निशिय ind. Having ascertained, ३. निर aff. चि to collect, लप् aff.

निशिय mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Thoughtless, inconsiderate, void of reflexion. ३. निर neg. चिना reflexion.

निशीचनान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being in the course of ascertainment or conclusion, being under investigation. ३. निर before, चि to collect, नानच् aff., यक् inserted.

निशुचन n. (-चः) A sort of tooth-powder prepared of sulphate of iron &c., it destroys the tartar, but blackens the teeth. ३. निर before, चक् to give pain, aff. क्च्.

निशेष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Powerless, helpless. 2. Incapable of effort. ३. निर neg. चेष्टा effort.

निशेयस n. (-सः) Final emancipation : see निःशेयस.

निशेयसकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Conferring final happiness or emancipation. ३. निःशेयस and कर what makes.

नि(श्)चसन n. (-नः) 1. Breathing out, expiration. 2. Sighing. ३. निर and चसन breathing.

नि(श्)चास m. (-सः) 1. Breath expired, breathing out, expiration. ३. निर out, and चास breath.

निश (च) निशु r. 1st. ol. (नेवति) To sprinkle.

निशक m. (-कः) 1. A quiver. 2. Union, meeting, association. 3. Attachment. ३. नि before, चक् to embrace, aff. चक् ; a collection of arrows, &c.

निशकचि m. (-चिः) 1. Embracing, an embrace. 2. A Bowman. 3. A charioteer. 4. A car. 5. Grass. 6. The shoulder. ३. नि before, चक् to embrace, Una'di aff. भावे चकिन्, क्च्.

निशकिन् m. (-की) 1. An archer, a Bowman. 2. A quiver. ३. निशक a quiver, and इति aff.

निशद m. (-दः) A musical note : see निषाद.

निशया f. (-या) 1. A market. 2. A small bed or couch. 3. A shop. ३. नि before, चक् to go क्च् aff.

निशवर m. (-रः) 1. Mud, mire. 2. The god of love. f. (-री) Night. ३. नि before, चक् to go Una'di, aff. चिप्.

निशय m. (-यः) 1. The name of a mountain or mountainous range, forming one of the principal ranges of the universe, and described as lying immediately south of Ilā'vata, and north of the Hima'laya range. 2. A country in the south-east division of India. 3. The sovereign of Nishada. 4. A musical note ; also निषाद ;



5. Hard, solid. **३.** नि before, सद् to go, aff. चच्, and इ irregularly changed to च.
- निषत् mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Placed in or on. 2. Gone to. 3. Rested, reclined. **३.** नि before, सद् to go, ऋ aff.
- निषत्त mfn. (-च-चा-च) Seating, seated. **३.** (-च) A seat. **३.** चच् added to the last.
- निषत्त m. (-च-) A sort of potherb, (Marsilea dentata.).
- निषाद् m. (-द-) 1. The last or the seventh note of the Hindu gamut, or more properly the highest of the scale. 2. A man of a degraded tribe, or an outcaste, especially the son of a Brāhmaṇ by a Sūdra woman. 3. A fisherman. **३.** नि before, सद् to go, aff. चापारे चच्; pervading the mind, &c.
- निषादिन् mf. (-दो-दिनो) 1. An elephant-keeper or driver. 2. Sitting. **३.** नि before, सद् to go, aff. चिच्-चिनि.
- निषिद् mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Prohibited, forbidden. 2. Prevented. **३.** नि priv. चिच् to complete, aff. च.
- निषीद् mfn. (-द-दनी-दन्) 1. Sitting, sitting upon. 2. Standing or resting in or on. **३.** नि before, सद् to go, ऋ aff.
- निषु(द)न n. (-न) Killing, slaughter. **३.** (-द-) A killer. **३.** नि before, च्च् to kill, aff. च्च्द्.
- निषेच m. (-च-) 1. The ceremony performed upon impregnation taking place. 2. Sprinkling, aspersion. 3. Effusion. 4. Seminal infusion. 5. Irrigation. 6. Dirty water. **३.** नि, and चिच् to sprinkle, aff. चापे चच्.
- निषेदिष mfn. (-च-चसी-चस्) Sitting, seated on or upon. **३.** नि before, सद् to go, ऋ aff.
- निषेच m. (-च-) 1. Prohibition, negation. 2. Stop, discontinuance. 3. Contrariety to or deviation from rule, irregularity, exception. 4. Negation. 5. A prohibitive rule or precept (In religious law). **३.** नि before, सिद् to complete, aff. चच्.
- निषेचन n. (-च) 1. Service. 2. Observance, practice, adherence to. 3. Worship. 4. Enjoying. 5. Familiarity with. **३.** नि before, सेच् to serve, च्च्द् aff.
- निषेचोय mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. To be served, to be obeyed. 2. To be observed or followed. **३.** नि before, सेच् to serve, चनीयर् aff.; also निषेचित्य, and निषेच.
- निषेचित mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Observed, practised. 2. Served, obeyed. 3. Frequented through respect. **३.** नि before, सेच् to serve, ऋ aff.
- निष्क r. 10th cl. (निष्कयते) To measure or weigh.
- निष्क mn. (-च-च) 1. A weight of gold, applied however to different quantities: it is considered as synonymous with the Dina'ra of thirty-two small, or sixteen large Rattis; with the Karsha or Suvarn'a of sixteen Ma'sha's; with the Pala of four or five Suvarn'as; and with the larger Pala or Dina'ra, which is sometimes reckoned at 108, and other times at 150 Suvarn'as. 2. Gold in general. 3. Any ornament of the breast. 4. An ornament of the neck. 5. A weight of four Ma'sha's. 6. A weight of silver of four Suvarn'as. 7. A value of sixteen Ka'hons or Dramyas. 8. A chanda'la, **३.** नि before, सद् to go, Una'di aff. चच्, and the radical final rejected or निच् + क्-क or निष्क-चच्.
- निष्कट्च mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Without thorns. 2. Free from trouble. **३.** निर neg. चट्च a thorn.
- निष्कट्च m. (-च-) A plant, (Capparis trifoliata) &c.; see चट्च.
- निष्कर्मन् mfn. (-च-चा-च) Exempt from or neglecting religious rites, worldly acts, &c. **३.** निर neg. चर्मन् act.
- निष्करुण mfn. (-च-चा-च) Cruel un pitying, unmerciful. **३.** निर neg. करुण compassionate.
- निष्कल mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Waned, diminished. 2. Impotent, seedless, barren. **३.** (-च-) 1. Pudendum muliebre. 2. A name of BRAMHA'. 3. A fancied personification of BRAMHA', for religious ceremonies.

- f. (-चा-or-ची) A woman past child bearing, in whom menstruation has ceased. **३.** निर gone, lost, चच् a part &c.
- निष्कर्ष m. (-च-) 1. Certainty, ascertainment. 2. Drawing out. 3. The chief point. 4. Measuring. **३.** निर before, ऋच् to plough, चच् aff.
- निष्कान् mfn. (-च-चा-च) Free 'from wish or desire. **३.** adv. (-च) Unwillingly. **३.** निर neg. चान desire.
- निष्कारण mfn. (-च-चा-च) Causeless, groundless. **३.** निर neg. कारण cause.
- निष्काच mfn. (-च-चा-च) Of a noble, not degraded.
- निष्काच m. (-च-) A penitent, shaved and smeared with Ghee.
- निष्काच(स) m. (-च- or च-) 1. A portico, a va'ra'nda. 2. Exit, egress. 3. Day break. **३.** निर and चच् to go, चापे चच् aff.
- निष्कासित mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Expelled: see the next.
- निष्कासित mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Expelled, dismissed, turned out. 2. Gone forth or out, issued. 3. Placed, deposited. 4. Placed over, appointed, stationed. 5. Reviled, reproached. 6. Opened out, blown, expanded. **३.** निर out, चच् to go, in the causal form, aff. च, र be comes च or Visarga: see निष्कासित; also निष्कासित.
- निष्कासित mfn. (-च-चा-च) Who or what expels. f. (-ची) A female slave not restrained by her master. **३.** निर forth, चच् to go, causal form, चिनि aff.
- निष्कट्च m. (-च-) 1. A pleasure grove near a house. 2. A field. 3. A door. 4. The private apartments, the Zenana. 5. The harem of a king. **३.** निर without, चट्च the house. f. (-च, also -चि: or -चो) Large card-moms. **३.** निर out, चट्च the shell or husk, aff. च, with टाच् fem. aff. or चि with ऊच् optionally added.
- निष्कृष m. (-च-) A plant, commonly Danti. **३.** निर forth, चच् a Sautra root, to spread, aff. चच्; also निष्कृष.
- निष्कृषित mfn. (-च-चा-च) Expelled, extracted, forced or drawn out. **३.** निर neg. चच् to extract, aff. निष्कर्षे-च.
- निष्कृष m. (-च-) The hollow of a tree. **३.** निर affirmative prefix, च्च् to astonish, aff. चच्.
- निष्कृत mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Regardless, negligent. 2. Disregarded, thought nothing of. 3. Pardoned. 4. Undone. **३.** निर neg. चच् made.
- निष्कृति f. (-चि-) 1. Pardon, absolution. 2. Expiration. 3. Escaping from, avoiding the consequence of anything. 4. Undoing, doing away. 5. Disregarding, neglecting. 6. Acquittance, compensation, discharge of a debt or obligation. **३.** निर neg. चच् to do, चिच् affix.
- निष्कोषन n. (-च) 1. Taking away. 2. Extracting, extirpating. 3. Husking, shelling. **३.** निर before, च्च् to expel, aff. चट्च.
- निष्कोषित mfn. (-च-चा-च) To be taken away. **३.** निर out, च्च् to expel, तच् aff.; also निष्कोषणीय.
- निष्कृष m. (-च-) 1. Any intellectual faculty, as attention, comprehension, &c. 2. Degradation, baseness, inferiority of tribe, family, &c. 3. Going out, exit. 4. Intellectual faculty. **३.** निर assuredly or forth, and चच् going.
- निष्कृषच n. (-च) 1. Going forth or out. 2. Taking a child for the first time out of the house, in the fourth month, considered as an essential ceremony, and accompanied by sacrifice, &c. **३.** निर forth, चच् to go, चट्च aff.
- निष्कृष ind. Going forth, **३.** निर, चच् to go, च्च् aff.
- निष्कृष m. (-च-) 1. Hire, wages. 2. Reward. 3. Barter. 4. Price. 5. Ransom. **३.** निर before, च्च् to buy, aff. चच्.
- निष्कृत mfn. (-च-चा-च) Gone out, gone, departed. **३.** निर out, च्च् to go, aff. च.
- निष्कृत mfn. (-च-चा-च) 1. Abstaining from ceremonial rites. 2. Idle, unoccupied. **३.** (-च) BRAMHA' or the Supreme Spirit. **३.** निर च्च्-चिचा act.
- निष्कृत m. (-च-) Broth, soup. **३.** निर before, चच् to decoct, aff. चच्.

**निरु m.** (-रुः) A man of one of the outcast or barbarous tribes.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) 1. Well done, dressed or cooked. 2. Burnished, made bright. ३. निर, and तप्त heated.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) 1. Staying, being in, who or what stays or is in or on anything. 2. Believing, faithful. 3. Skilled in.  
**निरु f.** (-रुः) 1. The catastrophe of a drama, the conclusion of a fable. 2. Conclusion in general, end, termination. 3. Disappearance, loss, destruction. 4. Confirmation, completion. 5. Asking, begging. 6. Ordinary and uniform practice or profession. 7. Good conduct, excellence. 8. Religious practice, devout and austere exercise. 9. Faith, belief. 10. Condition, state. 11. Fixed time of life, &c. 12. Trouble, distress, anxiety. 13. The technical term for the past participial affixes क्त and क्तवत्. ३. नि completely, assuredly, स्था to stay or stop, क्त aff.  
**निरु n.** (-रुः) Sauce, condiment. ३. नि before, स्था to stay, क्त aff. क्त.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) 1. Firm, fixed. 2. Certain, ascertained. 3. Engaged in, attached to, devoted to. 4. Staying, being in or on. ३. नि before, स्था to stay, क्त aff.  
**निरु m.** (-रुः) Spitting; see निरु.  
**निरु n.** (-रुः) Spitting, spitting out, ejecting any thing from the mouth. ३. नि before, हि to object, क्त aff. क्त; also निरु and निरु.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) 1. Harsh, contumelious (as speech). 2. Hard, solid. 3. Cruel. 4. Severe. ३. नि before, स्था to be, to be firm, क्त aff. क्त.  
**निरुता f.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Harshness of speech, reviling, abuse. ३. निरु, and तप्त, क्त aff., also with क्त, निरु.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) 1. Cast, thrown, sent, directed, despatched. 2. Ejected from the mouth, spit. ३. नि before, हि to eject, क्त aff. क्त, deriv. irr.  
**निरुति f.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Spitting, spitting out. ३. नि before, हि to eject from the mouth, क्त aff. क्त.  
**निरु subat. mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Spitting, spitting out, ejecting any thing from the mouth. ३. नि before, हि to eject, क्त aff. क्त; also निरु.  
**निरु n.** (-रुः) Spitting. ३. See the last; also निरु.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Skillful, &c. see the next. ३. नि + क्त + क्त.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) 1. Skilful, clever, conversant, learned. 2. Perfect, superior, supreme. 3. (In law,) Agreed upon. ३. नि before, स्था to bathe, क्त aff. क्त; also with क्त, निरु.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Decocted, infused, boiled. ३. निर, before, पक्व ripe or cooked.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Pure, free from mud or filth. ३. निर neg. पक्व mud.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Issuing, going forth or out. ३. निर before, पक्व to go, क्त aff.  
**निरु n.** (-रुः) Going forth or out, issuing. ३. निर, and पक्व going.  
**निरु f.** (-रुः) 1. Completion, conclusion, termination, consummation. 2. Birth, production. 3. Going forth or out. ३. निर negative, पक्व to go, क्त aff. क्त.  
**निरुति f.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Excessive bodily pain. ३. निरु + क्त + क्त-भावे क्त.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Motionless. ३. निर, not, क्त to shake or move, क्त aff. क्त; also निरु.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) 1. Done, finished, concluded, completed. 2. Born, produced. 3. Motionless. 4. Gone forth or out of. ३. निर affirmation or negation, and पक्व gone, from पक्व to go, क्त aff. क्त.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Weak, destitute of power. ३. निर neg. पक्व valour.  
**निरु m.** (-रुः) An ascetic, one who has no family nor dependants. ३. निर neg. पक्व dependants.

**निरु n.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) 1. Doing, effecting, accomplishing. 2. Concluding. 3. Producing, causing, engendering. ३. निर forth, पक्व to go, causal form, क्त aff. क्त.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Done, effected, made produced. ३. निर forth, पक्व to go, causal form, क्त aff.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) To be done, to be effected or accomplished. ३. निर forth, पक्व to go, causal form क्त aff.; also निरुनीय and निरुदित.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Being done or made, in the course of completion. ३. निर before, पक्व to go, causal form, क्त aff.  
**निरु n.** (-रुः) Drinking. ३. निर before, पक्व drinking.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Certain, indubitable. m. (-रुः) 1. Winnowing, cleaning corn, &c. 2. Wind, air. 3. The wind of the winnowing sieve or basket. 4. Straw, chaff. 5. A legume, a pod. 6. A sort of pulse, (Phaseolus radiatus.) ३. निर before, पक्व to purify, क्त aff. क्त.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) 1. Ground, reduced to dust or powder. 2. Beaten, oppressed. ३. निर, and पक्व ground.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Sonless. ३. निर, and पक्व a son.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Feminine, neuter, not male. m. (-रुः) 1. a eunuch or impotent man. 2. A coward. ३. निर neg. पक्व a man.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Stupid, frigid, dull, apathetic, ignorant. ३. निर privative, प्रविश brilliance.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Unobstructed, unimpeded. n. adv. (-रुः) Freely, without hindrance. ३. निर neg. पक्व obstacle.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Gloomy, dark, obscure. ३. निर privative, and प्रविश light.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Causeless, groundless. ३. निर negative, प्रविश motive, cause.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Content, not envying any person, nor coveting any thing. f. (-रुः) A plant; also पक्व and निरु. ३. निर not, क्त envy, &c.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) New and unbleached cloth. ३. निर gone, प्रविश here said to mean the weaver's brush; also निरु mfn. (-रुः-रुः-रुः) the forms are irregular.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) 1. Barren, unfruitful. 2. Seedless, impotent. f. (-रुः or -रुः) A woman past child-bearing; one in whom menstruation has ceased; see निरु. ३. निर priv. and क्त fruit.  
**निरु m.** (-रुः) Midnight; also निरु.  
**निरु m.** (-रुः) 1. The natural state, nature, peculiar character or condition. 2. Form. 3. Creation. 4. Relinquishment, abandoning. 5. Transfer, barter. 6. Voiding excrement. ३. नि before, क्त to create, or to abandon, क्त aff. क्त.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) 1. Cognate, innate. 2. Produced at creation. ३. निरु, and क्त produced.  
**निरु m.** (-रुः) A shrub, (Vitex negundo;) it is also read निरु, and with क्त added निरु; the words are considered as barbarous: see निरु.  
**निरु n.** (-रुः) Killing, slaughter. ३. नि before, क्त to kill, क्त aff. क्त; also निरु.  
**निरु f.** (-रुः) A plant commonly Te'ori. ३. नि + क्त क्त-भावे क्त.  
**निरु mfn.** (-रुः-रुः-रुः) 1. Delivered, deposited. 2. Centrical, middle. 3. Permitted. 4. Abandoned. ३. नि before, क्त to go, क्त aff. क्त.  
**निरु m.** (-रुः) A messenger, an envoy, an ambassador: one who decides upon his own discretion, knowing the intents of both parties. ३. निरु deposited, क्त meaning.  
**निरु f.** (-रुः) A pill, a bolus, a sort of force-meat ball. ३. नि before, क्त a breast, क्त diminutive aff.  
**निरु n.** (-रुः) 1. Going out or forth. 2. Crossing over or passing. 3. Extraction, getting rid of or free from. 4. Means of sue-

cess, an expedient, a plan. **३.** निर before, तु to cross or pass over, aff. करवे छुट् ।

निक्षत्र mfn. (-त्र:-त्रा-त्र) 1. Paralysed, numbered. 2. Stopped, fixed. **३.** नि before, कृत् to stop, aff. क ।

निक्षत्रं n. (-त्रं) Killing, slaughter. **३.** निर before, हृत् to kill or hurt, aff. भावे छुट् ।

निक्षत्र mfn. (-त्र:-त्रा-त्र) 1. Round, globular. 2. Trembling, shaking, moving. 3. Down, below. **३.** निर negative or affirmative, and तल a support or stay ; or depth, bottom.

निक्षार m. (-रः) 1. Getting over or across. 2. Getting rid of, or away from, extraction, escape. 3. Acquittance, requital. 4. Means, expedient. 5. Final liberation. **३.** निर, and तु to cross, कृत् aff.

निक्षारबीज n. (-जः) The cause of final liberation, faith in any deity. &c. **३.** निक्षार, and बीज seed.

निक्षितीवन्तु mfn. (-वन्तु-वन्ती वन्तु) 1. Desirous or anxious to cross. 2. Wishing for salvation, or to traverse the world. **३.** निर before, तु to cross, desid. form, वृद्ध aff.

निक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Freed from the chaff, (corn, &c.) **३.** निर neg. तुष chaff.

निक्षुब्ध m. (-रः) Wheat. **३.** निक्षुब्ध, and क्षीर milk.

निक्षुब्ध n. (-न) Crystal. **३.** निक्षुब्ध, and रत्न a gem.

निक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) 1. Left abandoned, deserted. 2. Skinned, peeled. 3. Pared, made thin. **३.** निर before, तुष husk or skin, converted in to a nominal verb, and क participial aff.

निक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) 1. Dull, obscure. 2. Dull, spiritless. 3. Powerless, impotent. **३.** निर neg. तेजस् light, &c.

निक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Fearless, unapprehensive. **३.** निर neg. वृद्ध to fear, aff. कृत्.

निक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Merciless, unfeeling, un pitying. m. (-क्षुब्ध) A scimitar, a sacrificial knife. **३.** निर forth, विंशत् thirty, क aff ; being of thirty finger's length, &c.

निक्षिब्धधारिन् m. (-री) A soldier armed with a sword. **३.** निक्षिब्ध, and धारिन् who bears.

निक्षिब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Destitute of the qualities, truth, passion, and darkness. **३.** निर neg. त्रैगुण्य three qualities.

निक्षिब्ध m. (-नः) The remainder of articles, &c. after a sale or market.

निक्षिब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Still, steady, immoveable. m. (-क्षुब्ध) Throbbing, trembling. **३.** नि before, कृत् to go, aff. कृत् ।

निक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Content, unenvious. f. (-क्षुब्ध) 1. A plant. (Gloriosa superba.) 2. Contentment. **३.** नि neg. कृत् desire.

निक्षुब्ध m. (-क्षुब्ध) Trickling, oozing, issuing. **३.** नि before, कृत् to ooze, aff. कृत् ।

निक्षुब्ध m. (-नः) 1. The scum of boiled rice. 2. A torrent. **३.** नि before, कृत् to ooze or drop, aff. कृत्.

निक्षुब्ध m. (-नः) 1. Sound. 2. Silence. **३.** नि before, कृत् to sound, aff. कृत्.

निक्षुब्ध m. (-नः) Sound. **३.** नि before, कृत् with कृत् aff. : see to last.

निक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Killed, slain. **३.** नि affir. हृत् killing.

निक्षुब्ध n. (-न) Killing, slaughter. **३.** नि before, हृत् to kill, हृत् aff.

निक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Murderous, who or what kills. **३.** नि before, हृत् to kill, हृत् aff.

निक्षुब्धमान mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Killed. **३.** नि, हृत् to kill, pass. v. शानच् aff.

निक्षुब्ध m. (-नः) Calling, calling to. **३.** नि before, कृत् to call, कृत् aff.

निक्षुब्ध f. (-क्षा) An iguana or the Gangetic alligator. **३.** नि before, कृत् to quit, Una'di aff. कृत्.

निक्षुब्ध m. (-रः) Frost, dew : see नीक्षार. **३.** नि + क्ष + कर्मणि कृत् वा दीर्घः ।

निक्षुब्ध n. (-न) Killing, slaughter. **३.** नि before, हृत् to kill or hurt, aff. भावे छुट् ।

निक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) 1. Deposited, delivered, given, entrusted. 2. Applied to, bestowed upon. 3. Laid, (as dust by rain.) **३.** नि before, कृत् to have, aff. कृत् ; विरादेवः ।

निक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) A low man, an outcast. **३.** नि before, कृत् abandoned.

निक्षुब्ध m. (-नः) 1. Denial or concealment of knowledge, dissimulation, secrecy. 2. Concealment in general. 3. Mistrust, doubt, suspicion. 4. Wickedness. 5. A secret. 6. Excuse. **३.** नि before, कृत् to hide or secrete aff. कृत्.

निक्षुब्ध m. (-क्षुब्ध) A defendant or witness who prevaricates or tries to hide the truth. **३.** निक्षुब्ध and वादिन् who speaks.

निक्षुब्ध n. (-रः) An evasive reply or defence. **३.** निक्षुब्ध, and कृत् answer.

निक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) 1. Concealed, secreted. 2. Denied, evaded. **३.** नि before, कृत् to secrete aff. कृत्.

निक्षुब्ध f. (-क्षुब्ध) 1. Denial or concealment of knowledge, dissimulation, reserve, secrecy. 2. Hiding, concealment. **३.** नि before, कृत् to secrete aff. कृत्.

निक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Insinuating, using double entendre. **३.** नि before, कृत् to secrete कर्मणि aff.

निक्षुब्ध m. (-रः) Sound. **३.** नि before, कृत् to sound aff. कृत्.

निक्षुब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Sounding, making a noise. **३.** निक्षुब्ध and कृत् aff.

नीक्ष m. (-क्षः) The name of a tree. **३.** नी to gain, Una'di aff. कृत् ।

नीक्षिब्ध m. (-रः) Disrespect, contempt, vilifying, degrading. **३.** नि before, कृत् to make, aff. भावे कृत् ।

नीक्षिब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) (In composition) Like, resembling. m. (-क्षुब्ध) Certainty, ascertainment. **३.** नि before, कृत् to shine, aff. कृत् and the vowel made long.

नीक्ष mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) 1. Low (in stature) short, dwarfish. 2. Low (in condition) vile, base, mean. 3. Deep. **३.** न privative, ई go to fortune, कृत् to obtain, aff. कृत्.

नीक्ष mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Low, dwarfish, a dwarf. 2. Vile, low. f. (-क्षुब्ध) An excellent cow. **३.** कृत् added to the preceding.

नीक्षिब्ध m. (-क्षुब्ध) 1. The head or top of any thing. 2. The owner of good cow.

नीक्षिब्ध ind. Low, below, little, vile, &c. **३.** नीक्षिब्ध low, कृत् insert

नीक्ष mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Low, vile, base. n. (-क्षुब्ध) Water. f. (-क्षुब्ध) A river. **३.** नीक्ष low or deep, and न who is going.

नीक्षिब्ध m. (-क्षुब्ध) An onion. **३.** नीक्ष a low man, and क्षीर food.

नीक्षिब्ध f. (-क्षा) A good cow ; also नीक्षिब्ध and नीक्षिब्ध.

नीक्षिब्ध ind. Little, small, low. **३.** नि before, कृत् to collect, कृत् aff. 'अ' the vowel of नि made long.

नीक्ष mn. (-क्षुब्ध) 1. Nest 2. A place, a spot. **३.** नि before, कृत् to go aff. कृत्, or नि + कृत्-क, कृत्-कः ।

नीक्ष m. (-क्षुब्ध) A bird in general. **३.** नीक्ष a nest, and न born.

नीक्षिब्ध m. (-क्षुब्ध) A bird. **३.** नीक्ष a nest, and कृत् born.

नीक्ष mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) 1. Well behaved, correct, modest. 2. Gained, obtained. 3. Led, conducted. n. (-क्षुब्ध) 1. Wealth. 2. Corn, grain. **३.** नी to get &c. aff. कृत्.

नीक्षिब्ध f. (-क्षुब्ध) 1. Guiding, directing. 2. Obtaining, acquirement, acquisition. 3. Polity, political science, treating especially of the administration of government, including the practice of morality in private life, both by the sovereign and his subjects. **३.** नी to guide or gain, aff. कृत्.

नीक्षिब्ध f. (-क्षुब्ध) Any work on polity or good government. **३.** नीक्ष and कृत् a tale.

नीक्षिब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Politic, conversant with government and human affairs. **३.** नीक्षिब्ध and कृत् able. [sound]

नीक्षिब्ध m. (-क्षुब्ध) The car of VRIHASPATI. **३.** नीक्षिब्ध guiding, and नीक्षिब्ध

नीक्षिब्ध mfn. (-क्षुब्ध-क्षुब्ध) Knowing what is right especially in government, sagacious, politic. m. (-क्षुब्ध) A statesman, a politician. **३.** नीक्षिब्ध and न who knows.

नितित् mfn. (-नात्-नती-नत्) Moral eminent for royal duties. न. नीति, and नत् aff.  
 नितिविद्या f. (-द्या) Political science. न. नीति, and विद्या knowledge.  
 नितिविद्या n. (-द्या) The science of political ethics, or any work treating of it. न. नीति, and विद्या a scripture. नितिवते चनेन वाच-नत् ।  
 न mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Given, given away. न. नि before, दत् given, form irr.  
 न ind. 1. Having taken. 2. Having passed or spent. न. नी to take, ना aff.  
 न, (नः) A guider, a leader. न. (-न) Water. न. नी to guide, नत् Un'adi aff.  
 न n. (-न-न) 1. The edge of a thatch or roof. 2. A wood. 3. The circumference of a wheel. 4. The moon. 5. The constellation Is'vati. न. नि before, न् to fall, &c. aff. न, and the vowel of the prefix made long; this is considered as a various reading also of नीत् q. व.  
 नीप m. (-पः) 1. The Kadamba tree, (Nauolea Kadamba.) 2. A species of Ixora, (I. bandhuca, Rox.) 3. A sort of As'oka or Nil As'oka. 4. The foot of a mountain. न. नी to obtain, (pleasure,) and प Un'adi aff.; कित् ।  
 नीपान mfn. (-नः-ना-प) 1. Being sought or obtained. 2. Being taken away, न. नी to obtain, पानत् aff. नत् inserted.  
 र n. (-र) 1. Water. 2. Juice, liquor. न. नी to obtain, aff. रत्.  
 रत् mfn. (-रत्-ना-रत्) Colourless, faded, having the colour taken out. न. निर neg. रत् red or dyed.  
 रत् mfn. (-रत्-जा-रत्) Aquatic. न. (-रत्) 1. A sort of Costus, (C. speciosus.) 2. A. lotus in general. म. (-रत्) An otter. न. नीर water, and रत् born, or produced.  
 नीरज mfn. (-जा-रत्-जः) 1. Free from dust. 2. Having no pollen, (as a flower.) f. (-जा) A woman not menstruating. न. निर neg. रज् dust &c. and र made long before र.  
 नीरजोद्धात mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Cleansed, made free from dust. न. नीरजत्, and उद्धात caused, प् augment.  
 नीरज mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Indifferent, not taking pleasure in. 2. Stopped, in stating. न. नि neg. or स्मिन् रत् engaged in, र made long.  
 नीरद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Toothless. म. (-दः) A cloud. न. नीर water, द what gives, or नि neg. रद a tooth.  
 रदिन् mfn. (-दि-दी-दि) Cloudy. न. नीरद, and दिन् aff.  
 रदि म. (-दि) The ocean. न. नीर water, and दि having.  
 रदिधि म. (-दि) The ocean. न. नीर water, and दिधि receptacle.  
 नीरज् mfn. (-ज-ज-ज) 1. Coarse, thick, gross, without interstices. 2. Entire, having no holes, imperforate. न. नी for निर, negative prefix, रज् a hole.  
 नीरज mfn. (-ज-ज-ज) Dry, withered, insipid, devoid of taste, &c. morally or physically म. (-जः) The pomegranate. न. नी for निर negative or affirmative prefix, and रज् juice, flavour.  
 नीरातु m. (-तुः) An otter. न. नीर water, and तातु a cat; the water-cat.  
 नीरात्र n. (-न-ना) 1. Lustration of arms; military and religious ceremony held on the 19th of A'shwin, by kings or generals for purifying the army before taking the field; it is still observed by some Hin'du states, under the name of Dashaha'ra. 2. Waving lights before an idol; but it may also be performed with a lotus, clean cloth, or the leaves of various sacred plants; prostration is also considered as the fifth kind of this sort of adoration. न. निर completely, राज to shine, अत् युष् or भावे ष्टुट्; रतोये पुनोकी दोषः or नीर water, and राजन going, sprinkling the arms, horses, &c. with water.  
 रित् m. (-रुः) A plant, (Trophis aspera.) न. नीर water, रुत् the moon; or नि + रुत् क्तिप् । (वाक्काशीका) ।

नीरज् mfn. (-ज-ज) Dull, dim, faded. न. निर neg. रज् light, and र made long, affix क्तिप् । According to Turkab'ahaspiti :- निरचितं रोजते निर + रज-क्तिप् रतोये दोषः । नितामदोतिजीवे ।  
 नीरज mfn. (-ज-ज) Convalescent, well, in health. न. नि private, रज disease.  
 नीरज mfn. (-ज-ज-ज) Convalescent, well. न. (-ज) A sort of Costus, (C. speciosus.) न. नि implying opposition, (anti,) and रज् disease.  
 नीरज mfn. (-ज-ज-ज) Formless, shapeless. न. (-ज) Heaven, ether. म. (-ज) 1. Air, wind. 2. God. न. निर neg. रज form.  
 नील mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Blue, dark blue or black. म. (-लः) 1. Black or dark blue, (the colour.) 2. The blue mountain, one of the principal ranges of mountains, dividing the world into nine portions, and lying immediately north of Ilā'vata or the central division. 3. One of the monkey chiefs. 4. One of the Nidhis or divine treasures of Kuv'e'ra. 5. A gem, (the sapphire.) 6. A name of the Buddha MANJUSHĀ. 7. The blue or hill Maina, a bird so called. न. (-लः) 1. Indigo, the dye. 2. A mark, a characteristic mark. 3. A medical plant, apparently distinct from the Indigofera. 4. Blue vitriol. 5. Black salt. 6. Poison. 7. Antimony. f. (-लः) 1. A blue fly. 2. A Ragini or mode of music, personified as the wife of the Rā'ga Mallā'r. f. (-ली) 1. The indigo plant, (Indigofera tinctoria.) 3. A complaint of the eyes, a darkening of the pupil. 3. A bruise, a black and blue mark on the skin. न. नील to dye or tinge, Unā'di aff. नत्; or नीली indigo, नत् aff., implying being coloured or stained by it.  
 नीलक m. (-कः) 1. The Nil Gai or slate coloured antelope, (A. picta.) 2. A tree, (Pentaptera tomentosa.) न. (-कः) 1. Blue steel. 2. Blue vitriol. 3. Black salt. न. नील, लार्त् उन्नायाम् कत् वा ।  
 नीलक कच्छ म. (-कः) 1. A name of Śrī'va. 2. Gallinule. 3. A sparrow. 4. A wagtail. 5. A peacock. 6. Morunga, (Hyperathura morunga.) 7. A blue necked jay. न. नील, blue or black, and कच्छ the throat; also कालकच्छ.  
 नीलकण्ठक म. (-कः) The Elaeocarpus seed. न. नीलकण्ठ Śrī'va, and कच्छ a seed.  
 नीलकमल न. (-कः) The blue lotus. न. नील, and कमल a lotus.  
 नीलकुलक म. (-कः) Blue Barleria, (B. caerulea.) न. नील, and कुलक Barleria.  
 नीलकौच म. (-कः) A sort of ourlew or heron. न. नील blue, and नील a heron, &c. (काचक) ।  
 नीलदीप म. (-पः) A name of MAHA'DEVA. न. नील blue, and दीप neck; the neck of Śrī'va was stained blue by the acrimony of the poison, which, upon its production at the churning of the ocean, he swallowed.  
 नील(स)कुल म. (-कुः) An insect in general. 2. A sort of worm. 3. A Jackal. न. नि before, कुल to go, Unā'di aff. कु, and the र of नि made long.  
 नीलज mfn. (-ज-ज-ज) Produced in the blue mountain, &c. न. (-ज) Blue steel. न. नील, and ज produced.  
 नीलकण्ठो f. (-रु) Blue Barleria. न. नील blue, and कण्ठो Barleria.  
 नीलक म. (-क-क) 1. Darkness. 2. Black mud. न. नील black, and क clay or mire.  
 नीलपटल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Very dark or black. न. नील, and पटल abundance.  
 नीलपत्र mfn. (-प-पा-प) Having black or dark blue leaves. न. (-प) The blue lotus. न. नील blue, and पत्र a leaf.  
 नीलपाचन न. (-न) Steeping or maceration of indigo. न. नील, and पाचन cooking.  
 नीलपाचनवाह न. (-वः) An indigo vat. न. नीलपाचन, and वाह a vessel.  
 नीलपत्र न. (-प) The blue lotus, (Nymphæa caerulea.) न. नील, and पत्र a lotus.  
 नीलपिच म. (-पः) A falcon. न. नील blue, and पिच a tail.

नीलपुष्प m. (-पुः) A sort of Verbesina with blue flowers, f. (-पुः) A blue species of Rasan. ३. नील blue, and पुष्प a flower.

नीलपुष्पिका f. (-का) The indigo plant, ३. कन् added to नीलपुष्पी.

नीलरुह m. (-रुः) 1. A sort of fish, commonly called Ro'hita, (Cyprinus denticulatus.) 2. The fire. ३. नील blue, रुह the back.

नीलम m. (-मः) 1. The moon. 2. A cloud. 3. A bee. ३. नील blue, or black, भा to show, अर्हि. क.

नीलमणि m. (-मिः) 1. A gem of a blue colour, the sapphire. 2. An epithet of Krishna'. ३. नील blue, and मणि a jewel.

नीलमाधव m. (-वः) A name of Krishna'. ३. नील and माधव Vishnu, being of a dark colour.

नीलमौलि m. (-मौः) A firefly. ३. नील black or dark blue, मौल to twinkle, अर्हि. उच्छ्.

नीलमृत्तिका f. (-का) 1. Iron pyrites. 2. Black mould. 3. Black earth. ३. नील and मृत्तिका earth.

नीललोह n. (-हः) Blue steel. ३. नील blue, and लोह iron.

नीललोहित mfn. (-तः तातं) Purple, of a purple colour. m. (-तः) 1. A name of Sr'va. 2. A mixture of red and blue, purple. f. (-ता) A vegetable ; see धूम्रजम्. ३. नील blue or black, and लोहित red.

नीलवर्ण mfn. (-वर्णः वर्णी-वर्णः) Blue, of a blue colour. ३. नील, and वर्ण colour.

नीलवसन mfn. (-वसः ना-वः) Wearing dark blue or black garments. m. (-वः) The planet Saturn. ३. नील dark blue, and वसन vesture.

नीलवस्त्र mfn. (-वस्त्रः वस्त्र-वस्त्रः) Dressed in dark black vesture. n. (-वस्त्रः) Dark coloured cloth. m. (-वस्त्रः) A name of BALARA'MA. ३. नील, and वस्त्र clothes.

नीलवास mfn. (-वासः वासः-वासः) Dressed in dark blue clothes. m. (-वासः) A name of Saturn. ३. नील dark blue, वास रaiment.

नीलवध m. (-वधः) A dark coloured bull. ३. नील, and वध a bull.

नीलाक्ष m. (-क्षः) A goose. ३. नील and अक्ष an eye, having dark blue eyes.

नीलाक्ष mfn. (-क्षः क्षी-क्षी) 1. The Indian crane, or Sa'rasa. 2. The blue jay. ३. नील blue, and अक्ष body.

नीलाक्ष m. (-क्षः) 1. An insect in general. 2. A sort of insect. 3. A Jackal. f. (-क्षः) A gad-fly. ३. See नीलक्ष्म ; the penultimate being irregularly made long.

नीलाञ्जन n. (-ञ्जः) Blue vitriol. f. (-ञ्जः) Lightning. ३. नील blue, अञ्जन collyrium, &c. (तुंने) ।

नीलाञ्जलि f. (-जलिः) 1. One of the Apsara's or courtezans of Swarga. 2. The name of a river. 3. Lightning. ३. नील dark, अञ्जलि quickly, अर्हि. अक्ष and टप्. अञ्जलि-विष्-अक्ष ।

नीलाचर mfn. (-चरः चर-चरः) Dressed in dark blue cloth. m. (-चरः) 1. A name of BLARA'MA. 2. A demon, A goblin. 3. A name of SANI or Saturn. n. (-चरः) Black or dark blue raiment. ३. नील, and अचर clothing &c. ताक्षीय पत्रे ।

नीलाञ्जलिन n. (-नः) The blue lotus. ३. नील, and अञ्जलिन a lotus.

नीलाभ mfn. (-भः भाभः) Blue. m. (-भः) A cloud. ३. नील, and आभ what shines.

नीलाभ n. (-भः) A dark cloud. ३. नील, and अक्ष cloud.

नीलाग्रम् m. (-ग्रः) A blue stone, a sapphire. ३. नील, and अग्रम् a stone.

नीलजा(नी) f. (-जा) A plant, (Nystanthes tristis ; ) a species with blue flowers. 2. The indigo plant. 3. A slight malady ; black and blue marks in the body from bruises, &c. कन् added to नीली.

नीलिनी f. (-नी) 1. Indigo, (Indigofera tinctoria.) 2. A black species of Te'ori. ३. नील black or dark blue, poss aff. इति, fem. aff. डीप्.

नीलीराम m. (-रामः) 1. A firm and constant friend. 2. Firm, unalterable attachment, (as that of RA'MA and Sr'TA'). 3. Dark blue. ३. नीली indigo, and राम colour ; as permanent as the dye of indigo.

नीलीश्वान n. (-श्वः) Fermentation or maceration of indigo. ३. नीली, and श्वान fermentation.

नीलीश्वानाश्व n. (-श्वः) An indigo vat. ३. नीलीश्वान, and आश्व a vat.

नीलोत्पल n. (-पलः) A blue lotus. (Nymphaea caerulea.) ३. नील blue and उत्पल a lotus.

नीलोत्पलिन m. (-पलिः) One of the Jaina saints or teachers. called Manu.

नीलोत्पल n. (-पलः) A blue stone, lapis lazuli. ३. नील, and उत्पल a stone.

नीलर m. (-रः) 1. Trade, traffic. 2. A place, &c. proper for the sit of a habitation. 3. A religious mendicant. 4. A trader. n. (-रः) 1. Water. 2. Mud, mire. ३. नील to obtain, &c. अक्ष. Un'adi aff.

नीलक m. (-कः) Increased demand for grains in times of dearth scarcity. ३. नि before, अक्ष to speak, अर्हि. अक्ष ; creating alarm and causing conversation.

नीलार m. (-रः) Rice growing wild or without cultivation. ३. नि before अ to be, अर्हि. अक्ष.

नीलिनी f. (-निः नी-नी) 1. Capital, principal, stock. 2. Stake, wager. 3. A cloth round a woman's waist, or the ends of the cloth passed round the loins so as to hold the whole together ; on being loosened the lower members are exposed ; the tie of drawers worn by women, &c. 4. The outer tie of a packet, in which the offerings of a Sudra at funeral obsequies are presented. ३. नि before, अक्ष to cover, Una'di aff. अक्ष and डीप् optionally added ; the र of नि is made long, and the radical finals rejected.

नीलवृ n. (-वृ-वृ) 1. The edge of a thatch. 2. The circumference of a wheel. 3. A wood. 4. The moon. 5. The constellation Revati. ३. नि certainly, वृ to be, अर्हि. क, deriv. irr. ; also नील.

नीलवृ mfn. (-वृ-वृ) Any inhabited country. ३. नि always, वृ to be, अर्हि. क्तिप्, and the vowel of the prefix made long.

नीलार m. (-रः) 1. A warm cloth, blanket. 2. Curtains, mosquito-curtains. 3. An outer tent or screen. ३. नि before, अक्ष to hurt, &c. अर्हि. अक्ष, deriv. irr.

नीलार m. (-रः) 1. Frost, hoar-frost. 2. Heavy dew. 3. Evacuation. ३. नि before, अक्ष to steal or take, अर्हि. कर्त्तृणि अक्ष ।

नु ind. 1. A particle of interrogation ; 2. Of discrimination ; 3. Of reflexion ; 4. Of doubt ; 5. Of contempt ; 6. Of pretence ; 7. Of respect ; 8. A particle implying cause or motive : (what, but, how, hum, or either, &c. will in general express it.) ३. नु to go, or नु praise, &c. अर्हि. नु.

नु m. (-नुः) 1. A weapon. 2. Time. 3. A boat. 4. The nasal mark above the line in neuter nouns, &c. f. (-नुः) Praise, eulogium, panegyric. ३. नु to praise, &c. अर्हि. क्तिप्.

नुह १. 9th cl. (नुहति) To hurt or kill. नु-ह-पर-सक-सेट् ।

नुत mfn. (-तः ता-तः) Praised, commended. ३. नु to praise, अर्हि. क.

नुति f. (-तिः) 1. Praise, eulogium, panegyric. 2. Worship, reverence. ३. नु to praise, क्तिप् अर्हि.

नुत mfn. (-तः ता-तः) Sent, ordered, despatched. m. (-तः) A plant : see लक्ष्म. ३. नुद to send, अर्हि. क ; also नुत.

नुतम् mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Desirous of removing. ३. नुद to send, desid. v. अक्ष aff.

नुत mfn. (-तः ता-तः) Sent, thrown, despatched, cast, dismissed. ३. नुद to praise, अर्हि. क, form irr. ; also नुत.

नूत mfn. (-तः ता-तः) 1. New. 2. Praised, eulogized, hymned. ३. नु to praise, अर्हि. क.

नूतन mfn. (-नः न-नः) 1. New, recent, fresh, young, &c. 2. Present. 3. Instantaneous. 4. Modern. 5. Curious. ३. नव new, नू substituted for it, and तन्व aff. नुरादिप्रत्ययः ।

नूतन n. (-तः) Newness, novelty. ३. नू added to the last ; also with तन्व, नूतनता.

नूत mfn. (-तः ता-तः) New. ३. नू substituted for नव new, नू अर्हि.

नूद m. (-दः) The mulberry tree, (Morus Indica.) ३. नूद to send, अक्ष, and the deriv. irr. नूदति पादः ; क-पुनी-दीर्घः ।

नूत ind. 1. Certainly, assuredly. 2. A particle of doubt or deliberation.

tion. 3. A reminiscent particle. 4. An expletive. **३.** वृ a particle, वृत् to bow or bend, aff. विष् deriv. irr. or वृ + खन-नि ।  
**वृत्** mn. (-रः) An ornament for the toes and feet. **३.** वृ to praise or be praised, aff. विष्; or वृ an ornament, वृत् to precede, aff. क.  
**वृत्** 1st cl. (वरति) 5th cl. (वृषति) To lead, to conduct, to guide; physically or morally. **वृत्** ५० वृत् वृत् ।  
**वृत्** n. (-जा) 1. Man, individually or collectively, a man, mankind. 2. A piece at chess, &c. 3. A gnomon. **३.** वृ to guide or gain, aff. वृत्.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-री) The Nrisinha or man-lion Avata'r. **३.** वृ and वृत्तरि a lion.  
**वृत्** m. (-नः) The name of a king, the son of Ikshvaku.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-जाः) A demon, a Ra'kshasa, a goblin. **३.** वृ a man, and वृत्तरि an eater; from वृत् to eat, वृत्तरि aff.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) A man-eater, a cannibal, a Ra'kshasa. **३.** (by whom,) वृ man, वृत्तरि is eaten.  
**वृत्** (३) वृत् 1. 4th cl. (वृषति) To dance, to dance as an actor, to gesticulate, to act. **वृत्** ५० वृत् वृत् ।  
**वृत्** f. (-तिः) Dancing, the science or practice. **३.** वृत् to dance, aff. कि.  
**वृत्** m. (-नः) 1. A dancer, a mime, an actor. 2. Earth. 3. A worm. 4. Length. **३.** वृत् to dance, and वृत् aff.  
**वृत्** m. (-नः) Dancing. **३.** वृत् to dance, aff. क.  
**वृत्** n. (-रः) Dancing, acting, the actor's practice in general. **३.** वृत् to dance, aff. वृत्.  
**वृत्** mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्ती-वृत्) Dancing. **३.** वृत् to dance, वृत् aff.  
**वृत्** m. (-रः) A king. **३.** वृ and वृत् a divinity.  
**वृत्तरि** mfn. (-जा-जा-जा) Acting as a man, doing a man's duty, &c. m. (-जा) A name of Kuvēra. n. (-जा) Manly property or duty. **३.** वृ man, वृत्तरि virtue, वृत्तरि aff.  
**वृत्** m. (-रः) A king, a sovereign. **३.** वृ man, वृत् to protect, aff. क.  
**वृत्तरि** f. (-तिः) Royal policy. **३.** वृत्, वृत्तरि policy.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-तिः) 1. A name of Kuvēra. 2. A king, a sovereign. **३.** वृ man, and वृत्तरि a master.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) A tree, (Cassia fistula.) **३.** वृत्, and वृत्तरि a tree.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) A thorny species of bamboo, (Bambusa spinosa.) **३.** वृत् a king, and वृत्तरि fond of. (वेदवृत्तरि) ।  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-रः) A royal palace. **३.** वृत् a king, and वृत्तरि a residence.  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-नः) Sound of music, made to give warning to kings when eating or feasting. **३.** वृत्, and वृत्तरि measure.  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-जा) 1. The royal umbrella. 2. Any of the royal insignia. **३.** वृत्, and वृत्तरि a mark or sign. [a mark.  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-रः) Any emblem or mark of royalty. **३.** वृत्, and वृत्तरि  
**वृत्तरि** mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. Assuming the insignia of sovereignty. 2. Taking, (fraudulently,) the emblem or marks of the royal or military caste. **३.** वृत्तरि, and वृत्तरि who has.  
**वृत्तरि** mfn. (-जा-जा-जा) 1. A king's friend. 2. A prepared oil or ghee containing medicinal properties. f. (-जा) A queen. **३.** वृत्, and वृत्तरि beloved.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) Service of princes. **३.** वृत्, and वृत्तरि dependance.  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-जा) 1. An assembly of princes. 2. A palace. **३.** वृत् a king, and वृत्तरि an assembly.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) Revenue, the royal portion; of grain, a sixth, eighth, or twelfth; of fruits, &c. a sixth, and of merchandise a fiftieth. **३.** वृत्, and वृत्तरि a part.  
**वृत्तरि** mfn. (-जा-जा-जा) Of royal birth. m. (-जा) A prince. f. (-जा) 1. A bitter gourd. 2. A princess. **३.** वृत् a king, and वृत्तरि offspring.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) A sort of sacrifice; the Ra'jasu'ya, held by a lord paramount, in which all the offices are performed by tributary princes. **३.** वृत् a king, वृत्तरि a sacrifice.  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-रः) Music played at the royal meals.

**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) Consumption. **३.** वृत्, and वृत्तरि disease.  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-रः) A kind of gem. **३.** वृत्, and वृत्तरि what revolves.  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-नः) A throne. **३.** वृत् a king, and वृत्तरि a seat.  
**वृत्तरि** mfn. (-नः-ता-नः) Kingly, princely, suited to a king. **३.** वृत्, and वृत्तरि proper.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) Hospitality. **३.** वृ a man, and वृत्तरि sacrifice.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) The third or the boar incarnation of VISHN'U. **३.** वृ a man, वृत्तरि a boar; being delineated with the figure of a man, and the head of the wild boar.  
**वृत्तरि** mfn. (-रः-ता-नः) Malicious, wicked, hurtful, injurious, mischievous, destructive. **३.** वृ man, वृत्तरि to hurt, aff. वृत् ।  
**वृत्तरि** mfn. (-नः-ता-नः) Practising mischief. **३.** वृत्तरि, and वृत्तरि engaged in.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) 1. Vishn'u. 2. The fourth Avata'ra or descent of that deity, in the shape of a man, with the head and claws of a lion. 3. A chief, a noble, a great or illustrious man, a great man. **३.** वृ a man, and वृत्तरि a lion; applied in composition, also to signify preeminence.  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-नः-जा) An army of men. **३.** वृ a man, and वृत्तरि an army.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-नः) An illustrious or great man, a prince or chief. **३.** वृ mankind, and वृत्तरि the moon, here implying superiority, or excellence.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) VISHN'U as the man-lion. **३.** वृ and वृत्तरि a lion.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) A washerman. **३.** वृत्तरि to cleanse, aff. वृत्तरि ।  
**वृत्तरि** mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्ती-वृत्) To be taken, to be carried or conducted. **३.** वृत् to take, वृत्तरि aff.  
**वृत्तरि** mfn. (-ता-वी-वृत्) Leading, conducting, one who guides or leads, &c. m. (-ता) 1. A master, an owner. 2. A guide. **३.** वृत् to lead, aff. वृत् ।  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-नः-वी-वृत्) A leader, a guide, one who guides or leads. n. (-नः) 1. The eye. 2. The foot of a tree. 3. Bleached or woven silk. 4. A car, a carriage. 5. The string of a churning rope. 6. An enema-pipe. 7. The number "two". mn. (-नः-वृत्) Any tubular vessel. f. (-वी) 1. A river. 2. The goddess LAKSHMI'. **३.** वृत् to guide or gain, Una'di aff. वृत्, fem. aff. वृत् ।  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-नः) A tear. **३.** वृत्, and वृत्तरि born.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) An eyelid. **३.** वृत्तरि the eye, वृत्तरि to cover aff. वृत्तरि ।  
**वृत्तरि** mfn. (-नः-ता-नः) As far as to the eye, up to the eye. m. (-नः) The outer angle of the eye. **३.** वृत्तरि, and वृत्तरि limitative वृत्तरि ।  
**वृत्तरि** mfn. (-रः-वृत्ती) 1. A cat. 2. The ball of the eye. **३.** वृत्तरि the eye, and वृत्तरि a ball of flesh, &c.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-नः) 1. INDRA. 2. The moon. **३.** वृत्तरि an eye, and वृत्तरि the vulva; being covered with marks resembling that organ, through the curse of GAUTAMA, whose wife he had attempted to debauch; the sage afterwards relenting, changed these disgraceful marks on the body of the deity to as many eyes.  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-नः) Collyrium. **३.** वृत्तरि and वृत्तरि delighting.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-नः) Any disease of the eye. **३.** वृत्तरि, and वृत्तरि disease.  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-नः) A veil over the eye. **३.** वृत्तरि and वृत्तरि clothes.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) Ophthalmia, &c. **३.** वृत्तरि, and वृत्तरि sickness.  
**वृत्तरि** m. (-रः) A tear. **३.** वृत्तरि an eye, and वृत्तरि water.  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-नः) Any pleasing or beautiful object. **३.** वृत्तरि, and वृत्तरि festival.  
**वृत्तरि** n. (-नः) 1. Green sulphate of iron considered as a collyrium. 2. Collyrium in general. f. (-वी) A drug, commonly वृत्तरि. **३.** वृत्तरि the eye, and वृत्तरि a medicament.  
**वृत्तरि** mfn. (-वृत्-वृत्ती-वृत्) Approximating, bringing near. **३.** वृत्तरि for वृत्तरि nom. verb, वृत्तरि aff.  
**वृत्तरि** mfn. (-रः-ता-वृत्) 1 Very near. 2. Clever. m. (-रः) A tree; (Alan-

gum hexapetalum.) E. चनिक near, दृढम् affix of the superlative, and the form irr; also नेदीयस् with इयसुन् aff.

नेदीयस् mfn. (-यन्-यसी-यः) Very near, nearest; see the last.

नेत्र mfn. (-न्त्रः त्रा-न्त्रः) Taking or obtaining frequently. E. नी to obtain, frequent. v., चञ् aff.

नेप m. (-पः) 1. The family priest. 2. Water. E. नी to guide, Una'di aff. प.

नेपथ्य n. (-थ्य) 1. A stage, or the part behind the scenes, the tiring room, &c. 2. Ornament, decoration, embellishment. E. नी to guide, निष् aff. and the vowel changed, ने the eye, or a chief, पथ proper, agreeable, grateful.

नेपाल m. (-न्तः) The country of Ne'pal. E. ने a chief; see the last, and पाल cherishing.

नेपासिका f. (-का) Arsenic. E. नेपाल, and टञ् aff.

नेत्र m. (-न्त्रः) 1. Time, period, season. 2. Term, boundary, limit. 3. Part, portion. 4. A fence, a boundary wall or hedge. 5. A hole, a chasm. 6. Fraud, deceit. 7. Acting, dancing. 8. Other, different. 9. Evening. 10. Up, above. 11. A root. 12. The foundation of a wall. E. नी to gain, Una'di aff. म्.

नेत्रि f. (-न्त्रि-नी) 1. The circumference of a wheel. 2. The framework for the rope of a well. 3. Edge, rim. 4. A windlass. 5. A thunderbolt. 6. The earth. m. (-न्त्रिः) 1. The twenty-second Jina or Jaina pontiff. 2. A sacred place, as Mathura'. mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी) A tree, (Dalbergia Oujeiniensis.) E. नी to gain or go, Una'di aff. नि.

नेत्रिपुत्र m. (-न्त्रः) A prince descended from Parikshit, who is said to have removed the capital of India to Kausambi, after the inundation of Hastinapur.

नेत्रिम् m. (-नी) A tree. E. नेत्रि the circumference of a wheel, इति aff. the wood being used for its manufacture.

नेत्रम् m. (-न्त्रः) One of the sixteen officiating priests at a soma sacrifice. E. नी to lead or conduct the ceremonies, Una'di aff. दृन्, and पुक्, augment.

नेत्रिन् mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Relating to final emancipation, leading to it, effecting it, &c. E. निःशब्द, and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Relating to final emancipation, &c. E. निःशब्द, and टञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) 1. Dryness, austerity. 2. Coldness, want of affection. E. निःशब्द, and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Many, various. E. न neg. एक one.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Near, being near. E. निकट, and टञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Proximity, vicinage. E. निकट, and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Various, multiform, manifold. E. नेत्र, and भेद kind.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Multiform. E. नेत्र, and रूप form.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) A Rakshasa, a fiend, goblin. E. निकट the mother of the race, and टञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) 1. Morose, harsh-spoken. 2. Wicked, bad. E. निकट, and टञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक m. (-न्त्रः) An Upanishad or portion of the Vedas. 2. A sectarian, not a heretic. 3. A trader, a merchant. 4. A citizen, a townsman. 5. Guiding, leading, directing. 6. A road, a way E. निगम a religious obligation, aff. साधे चञ्.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः) The head of an ox. f. (-नी) A capital cow. E. नीक्षे low, down, चर् to go, टञ् aff. and the radical finals rejected; also नीक्षिणी, &c.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Own E. निज, and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः) Eternity, perpetuity. E. निज + व्युत्पन्न-चञ् aff. [दृञ् aff.]

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Always, constant, indispensable. E. निज, and निश्चित mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Invariable, constant, perpetual, indispensable, E. निज and टञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Sleepy, somniferous, relating or occurring to sleep. E. निद्रा, and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Relating to a treasure, a nest, &c. f. (-नी) A boundary where some articles are buried and dug up. E. निधान a treasure, चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Produced in Ne'pal. f. (-नी) 1. Double jasmine. 2. Red arsenic. 3. Sephalica, (Nyctanthes tristis.) 4. Indigo. E. नेपाल Ne'pal, चञ् and नीक्षे affs.; brought from thence.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Produced in or brought from Ne'pal &c. E. (-न्त्रि) Copper. E. नेपाल, and टञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः) Dexterity, cleverness, skill. E. निपुण skilful, aff. चञ्; also with चञ् aff., नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः).

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः) Dexterity, cleverness.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) 1. Occasional. n. (-न्त्रः) 1. An effect (opposite to 'cause') 2. Occasional, periodical act or rite. m. (-न्त्रः) An astrologer, a prophet. E. निमित्त cause, टञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) An occasional ceremony, such as should be observed on the birth of a child, &c. E. निमित्त, and चञ् aff.; also निमित्तकक्रिया, &c.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Momentary, transient, in a twinkling. n. (-न्त्रः) The name of a forest. See निमित्तारण्य. E. निमित्त, and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक m. (-न्त्रः) A wood celebrated as the residence of the Rishi, to whom Sauti related the Mahabharat. E. निमित्त a twinkling of an eye, in which the sage GAURAMUKHA destroyed a sort of Asuras, and चञ् aff. and चरय a forest.

नेत्रिन्विक m. (-न्त्रः) Barter, exchange. E. नि before, नि to measure, दृन् aff. and साधे-चञ् added.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः) The fruit of the Indian fig tree, &c. E. चरीय the fig tree, &c. and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Made of the skin, &c. of the deer, called चरु, and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः) Self-government or subjugation. E. नियत, and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) According to rule, regular, enjoined, E. नियत, and टञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक m. (-न्त्रः) A logician, a follower of the Nyaya or logical philosophy. E. न्याय the Nyaya system, and टञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः) Compactness, closeness, contiguity. E. निरुद्ध and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः) Despair. E. निराश, and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) 1. Obsolete, uncommon, belonging to the glossary of the Vedas. 2. Acquainted with the terms of the Vedas. 3. A Philologist. E. निरुद्ध and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक m. (-न्त्रः) 1. A demon, a fiend. 2. The ruler of the south-west quarter. f. (-नी) 1. The south-west quarter. 2. An epithet of Durga'. E. निरुद्धि said to be a proper name, and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः) Absence of qualities or properties. E. निर्गुण, and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः) Cleanness, purity. E. निर्मल, and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः) Blueness, darkness of colour. E. नील, and चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः) 1. Thickness, substance. 2. Closeness, compactness. 3. Continued sound. E. निविड thick, &c. चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक n. (-न्त्रः) An offering of eatable articles presented to a deity, and may afterwards be distributed to his ministers or worshippers, especially when it has been presented to any form of Vishnu. E. निवेद presenting, offering, चञ् aff.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) A present to a Bra'hman who is a householder, a girl so given, or ornaments with her, &c. E. निवेद a house, aff. टञ्.

नेत्रिन्विक mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्) Nocturnal, relating to the night; or a person, &c. doing any thing by night. E. निशा night, and चञ् aff. also with टञ् aff. निश्चित mfn. (-न्त्रि-नी-न्).



निश्चय n. (-च) 1. Certainty. 2. A fixed festival; as at birth, investiture, marriage, &c. ३. निश्चित certain, चञ् aff.  
 निष मfn. (-च-नी-च) Relating to NISHADHA. m. (-च) A name of NALA. ३. निष the country so called, aff. चञ्.  
 निश्चय n. (-च) 1. Abstinence or exemption from acts or their consequences. 2. The salvation obtained by abstraction in opposition to that obtained by works. ३. निश्चय and चञ् aff.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) Worth a hundred Nishkas, bought with them, &c. ३. निश्चय and चञ् a hundred, उञ् aff.; also with सञ्च a thousand and निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) Bought with, made of, &c. a Nishka. m. (-च) The mint-master. ३. निश्चय a weight of gold, and उञ् aff.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) Wicked, evil-doing, malignant. ३. निश्चय, and उञ् aff.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) 1. Relating to state or condition. 2. Belonging to the character or office of a perpetual student. 3. Firm, fixed. 4. Final. 5. Highest, perfect. 6. Completely versed in. 7. Vowing perpetual abstinence and chastity. m. (-च) The Bra'hman who continues with his spiritual preceptor, and always remains in the condition of the religious student. ३. निश्चय certainty, उञ् aff.  
 निश्चय n. (-च) Severity, cruelty. ३. निश्चय, and चञ् aff.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) Natural, innate. ३. निश्चय nature, उञ् aff.  
 निश्चय m. (-च) A swordsman, a soldier armed with a sword. ३. निश्चय a sword, aff. उञ्.  
 निश्चय ind. No, not. ३. नञ् to command, aff. उञ्.  
 निश्चय m. (-च) The name of a saint. ३. नृ to praise, चञ् Unadi aff. and चञ् augment.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) Remote, far off. ३. नञ् negative, चञ् near, चञ् to be, aff. उञ्.  
 निश्चय f. (-च) A boat, a vessel in general. ३. नृ to send, Unadi aff. उञ्.  
 निश्चय f. (-च) A boat. ३. नञ् added to the preceding.  
 निश्चय m. (-च) An oar, a paddle. ३. निश्चय a boat, and उञ् a stick.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) Navigable, to be gone to or traversed in a vessel. ३. निश्चय, and चञ् to be crossed.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) A passenger, a freight, who or what goes in a boat or vessel. ३. निश्चय, and चञ् who goes.  
 निश्चय ind. A particle implying abuse or contempt when prefixed to नृ or भू. ३. The neuter of चञ् used as a particle.  
 निश्चय n. (-च) Treating with disrespect or contempt. ३. चञ्, and चञ् making.  
 निश्चय m. (-च) Contempt, disrespect. ३. चञ् little, low, चञ् to make, aff. चञ्.  
 निश्चय f. (-च) An insect found in ordure.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) 1. Whole, entire. 2. Low, inferior. m. (-च) 1. A name of PARAS'URA'MA. 2. A buffalo. n. (-च) 1. A kind of grass called mahisbatrina. ३. निश्चय before, चञ् a die &c. [caste, चञ्चाति mfn. (-च-नी-च) Of mean or inferior race. ३. चञ्, and चञ्चाति चञ्चाति m. (-च) 1. Contempt. 2. Defiling. ३. चञ्, and चञ्चाति conceiving.  
 निश्चय m. (-च) 1. The Indian fig tree. (Ficus Indica.) 2. A fathom measured by the arms extended. 3. The Sami, (Mimosa albida) f. (-च) 1. A plant, (Salvinia oucellata, Rox.) 2. A medical plant, commonly Moha'na'. ३. चञ् short, चञ् to impede, aff. चञ्.  
 निश्चयपरिचय f. (-च) An elegant woman. In Va'chaspatya she is thus described :—सनी सुचरितो यस्या नित्यं च विद्यायाः ।  
 चञ्चली चञ्चली यस्या सा चञ्चलीपरिचयः ।  
 निश्चय m. (-च) 1. A deer. 2. The name of a saint or Muni. ३. निश्चय always, चञ् to go, aff. उञ्.  
 निश्चय m. (-च) A tree, (Cassia fistula.) ३. चञ् a deer, and चञ् a tree. चञ्चाति चञ्चाति ।

निश्चय n. (-च) Low abuse. ३. चञ्, and चञ् what goes or is. According to Va'chaspatya. —m. (-च) नितराजस्ये ३. निश्चय-चञ्.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) 1. Short, dwarfish. 2. Low, vile, contemptible, base. 3. Slow, lazy. 4. Whole, entire. ३. निश्चय prefixed to चञ् to go, aff. चञ्. निश्चय चञ्चाति, चञ्चाति-चञ्चाति । निश्चय चञ्चाति चञ्चाति ।  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) Thrown or cast down. ३. निश्चय before, चञ्चाति gone.  
 निश्चय m. (-च) Loss, expense, waste, destruction. ३. निश्चय before चञ्चाति to go, aff. चञ्.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) 1. Asked, solicited. 2. Gone, 3. Injured. ३. निश्चय, चञ्चाति to ask, चञ्चाति aff.  
 निश्चय n. (-च) 1. Delivering, Giving up. 2. Depositing. ३. निश्चय before, चञ्चाति to throw चञ्चाति aff.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) 1. Deposited, consigned, delivered. 2. Placed in or upon. 3. Applied to. ३. निश्चय before, चञ्चाति to throw or send, aff. चञ्.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) Unarmed, defenceless, having laid down or resigned weapons. m. (-च) A deified progenitor. ३. चञ्चाति delivered, and चञ्चाति a weapon.  
 निश्चय n. (-च) Fried rice. ३. निश्चय + चञ्चाति-चञ्चाति वा० न चञ्चाति । “तुहि” इति भावा ।  
 निश्चय m. (-च) Eating, feeding. ३. निश्चय before, चञ्चाति to eat, चञ्चाति aff. न चञ्चाति चञ्चाति ।  
 निश्चय m. (-च) 1. Propriety, fitness. 2. The Nya'ya doctrine, logic, logical philosophy. 3. Apposite illustration. 4. A complete argument or syllogism. 5. Policy, good government. 6. Method, way, manner, plan, rule. 7. Virtue, honesty. 8. Justice, law. 9. A law-suit. 12. Judgment. 13. A universal rule, (In gram.) 14. Likeness analogy. 15. A vedic accent. ३. निश्चय certainly, चञ्चाति to go, aff. चञ्चाति चञ्चाति चञ्चाति ।  
 निश्चय f. (-च) Fitness, propriety. ३. चञ्चाति added to चञ्चाति ; also with चञ्चाति चञ्चाति.  
 निश्चयपरिचय f. (-च) 1. A woman acting or judging rightly. 2. Right behaviour. ३. चञ्चाति propriety, चञ्चाति proceeding. चञ्चाति चञ्चाति, चञ्चाति चञ्चाति ।  
 निश्चयचर m. (-च) A virtuous man. ३. चञ्चाति, and चञ्चाति observance.  
 निश्चयचर m. (-च) An example of virtue or propriety. ३. चञ्चाति, and चञ्चाति what upholds.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) 1. Right, fit. 2. Logical. ३. चञ्चाति, and चञ्चाति aff.  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) Right, proper, fit. ३. चञ्चाति, and चञ्चाति aff.  
 निश्चय m. (-च) 1. A deposit, a pledge. 2. Deserting, abandoning. 3. Delivering, presenting. 4. Mental delivering, consigning or entrusting any thing to the mind. 5. Mental appropriation or assignment of various parts of the body to tutelary divinities, accompanied with certain prayers and gesticulations. 6. Painting, stamp, mark. 7. Bringing forward. 8. Seizing. (with the claws.) ३. निश्चय before, चञ्चाति to throw or cast away, aff. चञ्चाति, भावे वा चञ्चाति ।  
 निश्चयचर m. (-च) The holder of a deposit, a mortgagee. ३. चञ्चाति, and चञ्चाति who has.  
 निश्चयचर m. (-च) 1. Six-fold repetition of the trilateral name of god. 2. The Sa'ma Ve'da. 3. Pleasing, agreeable charming, beautiful. ३. निश्चय before, चञ्चाति to go, aff. चञ्चाति ; it is also read चञ्चाति ।  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) 1. Crooked-backed, hump-backed. 2. Looking downwards. 3. Bent, crooked. 4. Convex. m. (-च) 1. Disease, sickness, pain. 2. A sort of ladle made of Kusa grass. 3. The Nyagrodha tree. n. (-च) 1. The fruit of the Ka'maranga, (Carambola avarrhoha.) 2. A vessel used at Shra'ddhas. ३. चञ्चाति to be crooked, aff. चञ्चाति.  
 निश्चयचर m. (-च) A sabre, a crooked sword. ३. चञ्चाति crooked, and चञ्चाति चञ्चाति ।  
 निश्चय mfn. (-च-नी-च) 1. Blamable, vile, wicked, despicable. 2. Less, deficient, defective. ३. निश्चय before, चञ्चाति less, affix चञ्चाति । [चञ्चाति ।  
 निश्चय f. (-च) 1. Deficiency. 2. Inferiority. ३. चञ्चाति added to चञ्चाति, also चञ्चाति mfn. (-च-नी-च) Ignorant, foolish. ३. चञ्चाति, and चञ्चाति intellect.  
 निश्चयचर m. (-च) An idiot. ३. चञ्चाति, and चञ्चाति fifty, भावे चञ्चाति having but forty-nine properties of human nature.

अक्षम mfn. (-क्षः-क्षी-क्ष) Maimed, mutilated, imperfect. म. अक्ष, and अक्ष body.  
 अक्षमः mfn. (-क्षः-का-क्ष) Unequal, more or less. म. अक्ष, and अक्षि more.  
 अक्षमविभाग m. (-गः) Unequal partition. म. अक्षम, and विभाग division.  
 अक्षेन्द्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Imperfect, wanting some organ; as blind, deaf, &c. म. अक्ष, and इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.  
 अक्षिवाक् m. (-क्षो) A name of Śrīva. म. अक्ष, अक्षि a bone, अक्षि a necklace, and इक्षि poss. aff.; ornamented with a garland of human skulls.

## प

प The twenty-first consonant of the Deva Na'gri alphabet, corresponding to the letter P.  
 प m. (-पः) 1. Air, wind 2. A prince, a ruler. 3. A leaf. 4. An egg. f. (-पा) (at the end of compounds). 1. Drinking, (as in पानेकप) 2. Guarding, Protecting, ruling. (As in गोप) म. पा to nourish, &c. aff. ड।  
 पक्ष mn. (-क्षः-क्ष) The residence of low or outcast tribes. म. पक्ष to cook, कक्ष aff. and कक्ष substituted for पक्ष.  
 पक्ष्य mfn. (-क्ष्यः-क्ष्य) 1. To be cooked or dressed. 2. To be matured. 3. To be digested. पक्ष to cook, &c. तक्ष्य aff.  
 पक्षि f. (-क्षिः) 1. Cooking. 2. Ripening. 3. Fame, respectability. 4. Digestion. म. पक्ष to cook, aff. भावे-क्षि।  
 पक्षिशूल n. (-क्षि) Inflammation with violent pain of the bowels proceeding from indigestion, cholera. म. पक्षि, and शूल cholera.  
 पक्षु mfn. (-क्षा-क्षो-क्ष) Who or what ripens or cooks. m. (-क्षा) 1. The digestive faculty. 2. Fire. म. पक्ष to cook, &c. दक्ष aff.  
 पक्ष n. (-क्षः) The sacred fire to be maintained perpetually by the household. म. पक्ष to mature, Una'di aff. म.  
 पक्षिम mfn. (-क्षः-मा-क्ष) Ripe, ripened, matured, cooked. म. पक्ष to cook, &c. aff. क्षि and मक्ष added.  
 पक्का ind. Having cooked, dressed, matured, &c. म. पक्ष to cook, क्षा aff.  
 पक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) 1. Mature, dressed, matured by nature or by art. 2. Fully matured, on the eve of rottenness or decay. 3. Perfect, come to perfection. 4. Able, shrewd, experienced, mature (as the understanding.) 5. Grey, (the hair.) 6. Digested, 7. Cooked, boiled. 8. Baked, burned. म. पक्ष too cook or ripen, वक्ष substituted for पक्ष।  
 पक्षकृत् mfn. (-क्षकृ) Cooking, maturing, who or what does so. m. (-कृ) The Nimba tree. म. पक्ष ripe, and कृत् what makes; the leaves of the plant are applied to phlegmonoid swellings, to induce suppuration.  
 पक्षकेश mfn. (-क्षः-क्षी-क्ष) Grey-haired. म. पक्ष, and केश the hair.  
 पक्षरस m. (-सः) Wine or vinous liquor. म. पक्ष matured, रस juice.  
 पक्षवारि n. (-रिः) 1. Rice-gruel. 2. Boiling water. 3. Distilled water. म. पक्ष boiled, वारि water; also read पक्षवारि.  
 पक्षान्न n. (-क्ष) Dressed or cooked food. म. पक्ष, and अन्न food.  
 पक्षाग्र m. (-ग्रः) The abdomen, the stomach. म. पक्ष, and आग्र receptacle.  
 पक्षेष्टका f. (-क्ष) A burnt or baked brick. म. पक्ष, and इष्टका a brick.  
 पक्ष r. 1st and 10th cls. (पक्षति पक्षयति-ते) 1. To take or accept. 2. To take a part or side. भा. पु. उभ. सक. सेट्।  
 पक्ष m. (-क्षः) 1. The half of a lunar month or fortnight, comprising fifteen days. 2. A wing, a feather; (it is also neuter in this sense.) 3.

The feather of an arrow. 4. Partisan. 5. friend. 6. A side, a flank. 7. An army, forces. 8. A house. 9. An argument, a thesis, a position advanced, doctrine to be maintained. 10. Contradiction, opposition, rejoinder, reply. 11. The subject of an inference. 12. Alternative. 13. A tribe, a class. 14. The ash pit of a fire place. 15. A royal elephant. 16. (In composition with words signifying "hair".) Quantity, as केशपक्ष much or abundant hair. 17. A bird. 18. A bracelet. 19. Purity, perfection. 20. A limb, a member. 21. A tail. 22. (In Arithmetic,) Side of an equation in a primary division. 23. Condition. 24. A wall. 25. A party. 26. The subject of a syllogism or inference. म. पक्ष to take, aff. अक्ष or पक्ष to transact business, Una'di aff. क्ष, and कक्ष substituted for the radical final.

पक्षक m. (-क्ष) 1. A private or back door. 2. A side. 3. A sidesman, an associate, a confederate or partisan. म. कक्ष added to the preceding.

पक्षकर m. (-रः) 1. The moon. 2. An elephant strayed from the herd. 3. An attendant, a constant companion. म. पक्ष a fortnight, &c. कर who goes.

पक्षज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced in a fortnight, &c. m. (-जः) The moon. म. पक्ष a fortnight, and ज born.

पक्षजन्म m. (-न्म) The moon. म. पक्ष, and जन्म birth: the last.

पक्षता f. (-ता) 1. The nature or essential character of a proposition. 2. The taking up a side of argument. 3. Maintaining or defending a thesis. म. तक्ष added to पक्ष; also with तक्ष, पक्षत.

पक्षति f. (-तिः-ती) 1. The first day of the half month. 2. The root or insertion of a wing. म. पक्ष a fortnight, &c. तिन् aff. and सेन् optionally added.

पक्षवय n. (-यः) 1. A month. 2. Both sides of an argument, &c. म. पक्ष, and वय two.

पक्षद्वार n. (-द्वार) A private entrance, an inner or back door. म. पक्ष a side, and द्वार a door.

पक्षधर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Who or what has a part or side, a wing, &c. m. (-रः) 1. The moon. 2. A bird. 3. A partisan. 4. An elephant strayed from the herd. म. पक्ष a half month, धर who has.

पक्षपात m. (-तः) 1. Adopting a side or an argument whether right or wrong, partisanship. 2. A partisan, an adherent, who or what sides with. 3. The moulting of birds condered to proceed from fever. म. पक्ष, and पात who cause to go, or पक्ष a wing, and पात falling.

पक्षपातिका f. (-ता) Adherence, friendship, fellowship. म. पक्षपाति, and तक्ष aff.; also with तक्ष, पक्षपातित.

पक्षपातिन् m. (-ती) 1. A partisan, a friend, an adherent. 2. Moving the wings. म. पक्षपात, and इक्षि aff. [point, &c.]

पक्षपाति m. (-तिः) A private or back door. म. पक्ष a side, and पाति a

पक्षभाग m. (-गः) 1. The side or flank of an elephant. 2. The side, in general. म. पक्ष the side, and भाग a part.

पक्षमूल n. (-मूल) The root or articulation of a wing. म. पक्ष a wing, and मूल a root.

पक्षवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Winged. 2. Having a side or party. म. पक्ष, and वत् aff.

पक्षवाहन m. (-नः) A bird. म. पक्ष a wing, and वाहन vehicle.

पक्षविन्दु m. (-न्दुः) A heron. म. पक्ष a feather, and विन्दु a spot.

पक्षस m. (-सः) A wing. म. पक्ष as above, स aff.

पक्षसुन्दर m. (-रः) A sort of tree, commonly Lo'dh. म. पक्ष a part, सुन्दर handsome.

पक्षाघात m. (-घातः) 1. Refutation. containing. 2. Palsy, hemiplegia. म. पक्ष and आघात a blow.

पक्षान्त m. (-न्तः) The fifteen and last day of either half month, new or full moon. म. पक्ष a fortnight, and अन्त end.

बाह्य n. (-र) Another side or part, another view of the argument. **पक्ष**, and **बह्य** difference.

बाह्य m. (-रः) 1. A seeming or fallacious argument. 2. A false plaint. **पक्ष**, and **बाह्य** semblance.

बाह्य m. (-रः) A bird. **पक्ष** a wing, **बाह्य** poss. aff.

बाह्य m. (-रः) The last day of either half month, new or full moon. **पक्ष** a fortnight, and **बाह्य** conclusion.

बाह्य m. (-रः) A bird. m. (-रः) 1. An arrow. 2. An epithet of Śiva. f. (-रः) 1. A night and two days. 2. Day of full moon. 3. A female fiend, also called Puṭāṇa. **पक्ष** a wing, and **बाह्य** poss. aff.

बाह्य m. (-रः) A trough for watering birds, cattle, &c. **पक्ष** a bird, **बाह्य** water, **बाह्य** a hall, and **बाह्य** diminutive aff.

बाह्य m. (-रः) King of the birds, usually applied to Gadura. **पक्ष**, and **राज** for **राजा** a king.

बाह्य m. (-रः) A name of the saint Vatsya'yana. **पक्ष** to take, **बाह्य** aff.

बाह्य m. (-रः) A young bird. **पक्ष**, and **बाह्य** a young animal.

बाह्य f. (-रः) A nest, an aviary. **पक्ष** a bird, **बाह्य** a hall or house.

बाह्य m. (-रः) A name of Gadura, the bird and vehicle of Viṣṇu. **पक्ष** for **पक्ष** a bird, **बाह्य** pre-eminent.

बाह्य m. (-रः) Gadura. **पक्ष**, and **बाह्य** lord : see the last.

बाह्य mfn. (-रः-रि-रि) Showing partiality, taking a side. **पक्ष**, and **बाह्य** taking.

बाह्य mfn. (-रः-रि-रि) Who or what cooks or matures. **पक्ष** to ripen, **बाह्य** aff.

बाह्य n. (-रः) 1. An eye-lash. 2. The filament of a flower. 3. The point of a thread. 4. A wing. **पक्ष** to take, **बाह्य** aff.

बाह्य mfn. (-रः-रि-रि) 1. Produced or occurring in a fortnight. 2. Belonging to a side, &c. **पक्ष**, and **बाह्य** aff.

बाह्य m. (-रः-रि-रि) 1. Mud, mire, clay. 2. Sin. **पक्ष** to spread, aff. **कर्मणि**, **कर्मणि** वा **चञ्** and **च** changed to **क**.

बाह्य m. (-रः-रि-रि) Soft mud, especially such as is left by the retiring of floods, or on the banks of a river, a marsh, a quagmire. **पक्ष** mud, **कर्मणि** the capital of a district.

बाह्य m. (-रः-रि-रि) A lap-wing. **पक्ष** mud, and **बाह्य** a parrot.

बाह्य mfn. (-रः-रि-रि) Wallowing, sporting in mud. m. (-रः) A pig. **पक्ष** mud, and **बाह्य** who sports.

बाह्य m. (-रः) A small fish, (Macrogathus Panchalus, Ham.) **पक्ष** mud, and **बाह्य** another fish. (बाह्य बाह्य).

बाह्य f. (-रि) The Panchal fish : see the last. **पक्ष** mud, and **बाह्य** going.

बाह्य m. (-रः) The makara, a marine monster. **पक्ष** mud, and **बाह्य** a shark.

बाह्य n. (-रः) A lotus. **पक्ष** mud, **ज** born.

बाह्य n. (-रः) A lotus. **पक्ष** mud, and **बाह्य** birth ; also **पक्ष**, &c.

बाह्य f. (-रि) A pool or pond where the lotus grows, or a place abounding with that flower. 2. The flexible stalk of a water-lily. **पक्ष** a lotus, **बाह्य** and **बाह्य** affs.

बाह्य m. (-रः) The residence of the lowest and most impure tribes. **पक्ष** to spread, **बाह्य** aff.

बाह्य f. (-रि) Muddiness, the nature or property of mud. **पक्ष** added to **पक्ष**; also with **बाह्य**, **पक्ष**.

बाह्य m. (-रः) One of the divisions of hell. **पक्ष**, and **बाह्य** smoke.

बाह्य f. (-रि) A hell, the hell of mud or mire. **पक्ष**, and **बाह्य** light.

बाह्य mfn. (-रः or -रि) Sunk in the mire. **पक्ष**, and **बाह्य** what shares.

बाह्य mfn. (-रः-रि-रि) Muddy, laden with mud. **पक्ष**, and **बाह्य**, burthened. [उक्.]

बाह्य m. (-रः) A brivalve-shell. **पक्ष** mire, **बाह्य** to ornament, aff. **पक्ष** n. (-रः) A lotus. **पक्ष** mud, **बाह्य** to grow, aff. **बाह्य**; also with **क** aff. **पक्ष** n. (-रः).

बाह्य m. (-रः) A crab. **पक्ष**, and **बाह्य** abode.

बाह्य f. (-रि) A ooke. **पक्ष** mud, **बाह्य** an oyster.

बाह्य m. (-रः) The fibrous root of a lotus. **पक्ष** mud, and **बाह्य** a sort of root; also written **पक्ष**, and **पक्ष**.

बाह्य m. (-रः) 1. An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria.) 2. A bridge or raised bank, forming a path amidst inundated fields. 3. Stairs, steps. 4. An aquatic plant, (Trapa bispinosa, Rox.) **पक्ष** mud, **बाह्य** to go, **बाह्य** aff. [mud, **बाह्य** aff.]

बाह्य mfn. (-रः-रि-रि) Muddy, clayey. m. (-रः) A boat, a canoe. **पक्ष** in mud, and **ज** born; also **पक्ष**.

बाह्य n. (-रः) A lotus. **पक्ष** in mud, and **ज** born; also **पक्ष**.

बाह्य n. (-रः) A lotus. m. (-रः) The Indian crane. **पक्ष** in mud, and **बाह्य** what grows; also **पक्ष**.

बाह्य f. (-रि) 1. A line, a row or range. 2. A sort of metre, a stanza of four lines, each line consisting of ten syllables. 3. The number "ten," (in composition, ut infra.) 4. The earth. 5. Fame, celebrity. 6. Cooking, maturing. 7. Associating with, eating or sitting with, especially with persons of the same caste. 8. A company, a society, an assembly. **पक्ष** to spread, to extended, to make evident, and **बाह्य** aff. or **पक्ष** to cook, deriv. irr.

बाह्य m. (-रः) A name of Ravana. **पक्ष** ten, **बाह्य** a neck, the ten-necked.

बाह्य m. (-रः) An ospray. **पक्ष**, and **बाह्य** who goes.

बाह्य m. (-रः) An improper person to associate with, an outcaste. **पक्ष**, and **बाह्य** who spoils.

बाह्य m. (-रः) A respectable or eminent person. **पक्ष**, and **बाह्य** who purifies.

बाह्य m. (-रः) Das'arat'ha, the father of Ra'ma. **पक्ष** ten, (sides) and **बाह्य** a oar, whose car goes on all sides.

बाह्य mfn. (-रः-रि-रि) Lame, crippled, halt, one who has lost his legs, &c. m. (-रः) The planet Saturn. **पक्ष** to engage in business, **बाह्य** aff., and **बाह्य** substituted for the radical final. **बाह्य**-**पक्ष** पक्षः **पक्ष**.

बाह्य m. (-रः) A horse of a glassy or silvery white colour.

बाह्य m. (-रः) One of the signs of the zodiac : see **पक्ष**.

बाह्य f. (-रि) Deformity, mutilation. **पक्ष** added to **पक्ष**.

बाह्य (रु, र) **पक्ष** r. 1st. cl. (पक्षति) To mature by cooking or ripening, to boil, to dress, to ripen ; (रु) पक्षि r. 1st. and 10th. cl. (पक्षति-ते पक्षयति) 1. To make evident or apparent. 2. To represent, to state fully. 3. To spread. **पक्ष** भा० उभ० सक० चणिट् । व्यतीकारे भा० बाह्य० चणिट् । विसारे च० उभ० सक० सेट् इदित् ।

बाह्य mfn. (-रः-रि-रि) Who or what cooks, matures, &c. m. (-रः) Cooking, maturing, &c. **पक्ष** to cook, aff. **बाह्य**.

बाह्य m. (-रः) A cook. **पक्ष** to cook, **बाह्य** aff.

बाह्य mfn. (-रः-रि-रि) Cooking, ripening. **पक्ष** to cook, participial aff. **बाह्य**.

बाह्य m. (-रः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. A name of Indra. **पक्ष** to cook or ripen, Una'di aff. **बाह्य**.

बाह्य mfn. (-रः-रि-रि) or adv. n. (-रः) Almost cooked or ripened. **पक्ष** पक्षति what cooks, and **बाह्य** aff.; implying incompleteness ; also in a similar sense, **पक्षति** and **पक्षति**.

बाह्य m. (-रः) A tree, (Hibiscus phœniceus.) **पक्ष** here side to mean the sun, and **पक्ष** to shine, aff. **बाह्य**.

बाह्य mfn. (-रः-रि-रि) What cooks or matures, &c. n. (-रः) 1. Cooking, dressing, boiling. 2. Maturing. m. (-रः) Fire. **पक्ष** to cook, aff. **बाह्य** or **बाह्य**.

पचमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Cooking, in the act of cooking or ripening. **३.** पच् to cook, &c. and गानच् aff., सुच् augment.

पचम्यथा f. (-था) A species of Curcuma, (C. xanthorhizon.) **३.** पच् to cook, reiterated, चच् aff. and सुच् inserted; it is also read पचम्यथा. पचं पाचनं पचति पच-ना० खड्-सुच्। दाबहरिद्रायाम्।

पचा f. (-चा) Cooking, dressing, maturing. **३.** पच् to dress, affix. चच् and टाप्.

पचि m. (-चिः) 1. Fire. 2. Cooking, maturing. **३.** पच् to be cooked, (by it,) इन् Una'di aff.

पचेलिन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Fit to cook or ripen of itself. m. (-नः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. **३.** पच् to dress or ripen, केलिन् aff. of the reflexive form, or Una'di aff. एलिनच्.

पचिलुक् m. (-क्) A cook **३.** पच, and एलुक् aff.

पचसु ind. Foot by foot, or stanza by stanza. **३.** पत् for पाद, and मसु aff. of several orders.

पचमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being in the act of ripening, cooking &c. **३.** पच् to cook, pass, गानच् aff.

पक्ष m. (-क्षः) A Su'dra. **३.** पत् for पाद a foot, and ज born, from the feet of BRAMHA. पदक्षी जायते जन-उ।

पक्षक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Five or relating to five, made of five, bought with five, &c. m. (-कः) Any collection or aggregate of five, a five. n. (-कं) A field of battle. **३.** पक्ष five, and कन् aff.

पक्षकपात्र mfn. (-कः-का-कं) A particular ceremony in which ghee is offered in five cups. **३.** पक्ष five, कपात्र a concave piece of pottery skull-shaped.

पक्षकक्रियु n. (-क्रि) Five actions of the body, viz. vomiting, evacuation by bleeding or by stool, diseased excretion of faeces or purging, and blowing the nose. **३.** पक्ष five, क्रियुन् an act.

पञ्चकालस् ind. Five times. **३.** पच, and कालस्च् aff.

पञ्चकोण m. (-ङः) A pentagon. **३.** पच, and कोण an angle.

पञ्चकोष n. (-कं) The aggregate of five spices. viz. Long pepper, its root, Chai or Piper Charya, Plumbago, and dry ginger. **३.** पक्ष five, and कोष pepper.

पञ्चकोषा m. plu. (-वा) The five sheathes supposed to invest the soul, or the Annamaya kosha, that supported by food, the gross form; the Pra'namaya kosha, the organs of action; the Manomaya Kosha, the organs of perception, with the manas or mind; Vijna'namaya, the same with the Buddhi or "intellect; and the Anandamaya, consisting of the elements of identity and divine wisdom. **३.** पच, and कोष a sheath.

पञ्चकुट्ट nf. (-ट्ट-ट्टी) A collection of five beds. **३.** पक्ष five, and कुट्टा bed.

पञ्चगव n. (-वः) A collection of five cows. **३.** पच, and गौ a cow.

पञ्चगवधन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Having five cows. **३.** पञ्चगव, and धन wealth.

पञ्चगव्य n. (-व्यं) Five articles derived from the cow; viz. milk, curds, clarified butter, cow's urine, and cow-dung. **३.** पक्ष five, and गव्य from गौ a cow.

पञ्चगुण mfn. (-गुः-गा-गं) Five times, five-fold. **३.** पच, and गुण multiply-ing.

पञ्चगुप्त m. (-गुः) 1. A tortoise, a turtle. 2. The atheistical system of the Baud'dhas. **३.** पक्ष five, (members, &c.) गुप्त concealed.

पञ्चनी mfn. (-नीः-नीः-नं) Bought with five cows. **३.** पच, and गौ a cow.

पञ्चचास्र n. (-स्रः) A form of metre, in which the line contains sixteen syllables.

पञ्चवीर m. (-रः) A Baud'dha saint and legislator; also named Manju-groha, apparently the teacher of this doctrine in No'pal. **३.** पच spreading, वीर rags.

पञ्चपुष्पा f. (-ष्पा) One of the nymphs of heaven. **३.** पच, and पुष्पा a top knot.

पञ्चजन m. (-जः) 1. Man is general, a man. 2. The name of a demon, whose bones became the Conch Pa'nchajanya, the shell of

KRISHN'A. f. (-नी) An assemblage of five persons **३.** पक्ष five, (elements,) and जन who is born.

पञ्चजनी m. (-जः) 1. An actor, a mimic, a buffoon. 2. The chief of five men, **३.** पक्ष five, and जन a man, or पञ्चजन man, and ज aff.

पञ्चज्ञान m. (-ज्ञः) A Bud'dha or Baud'dha sanctified teacher. **३.** पक्ष five (organs,) and ज्ञान knowledge.

पञ्चत् mfn. (-चत्) Five. **३.** पचि to spread, चति aff.

पञ्चतन्त्र nf. (-च-चौ) An assemblage of five carpenters. **३.** पच, and तन्त्र a carpenter.

पञ्चतन्त्र mn. (-त्रः-त्रं) 1. The five elements collectively. 2. (In the Tan-tras,) The five essentials of certain rites; or wine meat, fish, sexual intercourse, and mystic gesticulations. **३.** पच, and तन्त्र an element.

पञ्चतन्त्रा n. (-त्रं) The five subtle rudiments of the five elements. **३.** पच, and तन्त्रा element.

पञ्चतपस् m. (-पाः) An ascetic, who in the hot weather, sits amongst four fires, and has the sun for the fifth. **३.** पच, and तपस् penance.

पञ्चतय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Having five parts or limbs. 2. Five. **३.** पक्ष five, and तयप् aff.

पञ्चता f. (-ता) 1. Death, dying, (i.e.) the separation of the five elements of whose aggregate the body consists. 2. The nature or condition of five, the aggregate of five or five times. 3. The five elements collectively, earth, air, fire, water, and Aka's. **३.** पक्ष five, and तच् abstract aff.

पञ्चतीर्थी f. (-थी) 1. Any five principal places of pilgrimage, especially Visra'nti, Saukara, Naimisha, Praya'ga and Pushkara. 2. Bathing on the day of the equinox. **३.** पच, and तीर्थ a shrine, affix डीप्।

पञ्चत् n. (-त्) 1. Death. 2. The state or being of five. 3. The co-existence of the five elements. 4. An aggregate, &c. of five. **३.** पक्ष five, and तच् aff.; see पञ्चता.

पञ्चयु m. (-युः) 1. Time. 2. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo.

पञ्चदश mfn. (-शः-शी-शं) Fifteen or fifteenth. f. (-शी) The fifteenth day of a half month, full or new moon. **३.** पक्ष five, दशन् ten, aff. षट्.

पञ्चदशन् mfn. plu. (-शं) Fifteen. **३.** पक्ष five, and दशन् ten.

पञ्चदीर्घ m. (-र्घः) Marks on five parts of the body, the arms, eyes, belly, nose, and breast.

पञ्चधा ind. In five ways, five-fold. **३.** पचन् five, and धा aff.

पचन् mfn. plu. (-चं) Five. **३.** पचि to spread, Una'di aff. कनिन्।

पचनख m. (-खः) 1. An elephant. 2. A tortoise. 3. A tiger. 4. Any animal having five toes or claws. f. (-खी) A lizard. **३.** पक्ष five, नख a nail.

पचनद्र m. (-द्रः) The Panja'b, or country of five rivers, viz. the Sata-dru', Vipasa', Ira'vati, Chandrabha'ga and Vitastha'. **३.** पच, नदी a river, चच् aff.

पचनिम्ब n. (-न्बं) Five parts of the Nimba tree :—the flowers, fruit, leaves, bark, and root. **३.** पक्ष five, and निम्ब the Nimba tree, (Melia azadiracta).

पचनी f. (-नी) A chequered cloth for playing at draughts, chess, &c. **३.** पक्ष five, नी to get, aff. छिप्.

पचनीराजन n. (-नः) Waving four things before an idol; a lamp, a lotus, cloth, a mango or betel leaf, and then falling prostrate. **३.** पच, and नीराजन presentation.

पचपञ्चख m. (-खः) Five kinds of animals allowed to be killed and eaten, the hare, porcupine, alligator, rhinoceros, and tortoise. **३.** पच, and पञ्चख a five-toed animal.

पचपल्लव n. (-वः) The aggregate of five sprouts; viz. of the spodiad, rose-apple, Be'l or marmelos, citron, and wood apple. **३.** पक्ष five, and पल्लव a new shoot.

पचपर्वी f. (-र्वी) A small shrub.

पचपात्र n. (-त्रं) 1. Five plates collectively. 2. A Sra'ddha in which

offerings are made in five vessels. **५. पञ्च** five, and **पात्र** a vessel.

**पञ्चवायु** m. plu. (-वाः) The five airs supposed to be in the body, and necessary to life. viz :—वायु, अपान, व्यान, उदान, समान् । **५. पञ्च**, and वायु vital air.

**पञ्चमहाद** m. (-दः) A temple with four pinnacles and a steeple. **५. पञ्च**, and महाद a palace.

**पञ्चदश** m. (-शः) A fine equal to the fifth part of any thing lost or stolen. **५. पञ्च** five, and दश binding.

**पञ्चमह** mfn. (-हः) A horse with five auspicious marks ; or spotted on the chest, back, face, and flanks. n. (-हः) A sauce or condiment of five vegetables. **५. पञ्च** five, and मह fortunate.

**पञ्चभूत** mu. (-तः) The five elements ; earth, air, fire, water, A'ka's. **५. पञ्च**, and भूत an element.

**पञ्चभूतात्मन्** m. (-त्मा) Man as formed of the five elements. **५. पञ्चभूत**, and आत्मन् one with.

**पञ्चम** mfn. (-मः) 1. Fifth. 2. Beautiful, pleasing. 3. Dexterous, clever. m. (-मः) 1. The fifth note of the Hindu musical scale. It is called Panohama, from being said to be formed by air drawn from five places ; the navel, the breast, the heart, the throat, and forehead. 2. One of the Ra'gas or modes of music. f. (-मी) 1. A name of DEUPADI, the wife of the five Pa'ndus. 2. A chequered cloth for playing at draughts, &c. a chess board. 3. The fifth day of a half month. 4. The ablative case, (in gram.) n. (-म) 1. The fifth. 2. Sexual intercourse. **५. पञ्चम्** five, and षट् aff. with षट् augment ; or पञ्चपदीन् विनीतिं यथाति मेन्वा । मी-यथे !

**पञ्चमकार** n. (-रः) The five essentials of the left hand Tantra ritual ; "Madya" wine, "Man'sa" flesh, "Matsya" fish, "Maithuna" copulation, "Mudra" gesticulation. **५. पञ्च**, and मकार the letter म ; all beginning with that letter.

**पञ्चमवत्** mfn. (-वत्) Having the fifth of any thing. **५. पञ्चम**, and वत् aff.

**पञ्चमहापातक** n. (-कः) The five great sins. They are thus described in Va'chaspatya. viz :—  
 पञ्चमहा पातपापानि लेख्यं गुणं कृताननम् ।  
 मर्यादां पातकाद्याः संवर्गेष्वपि तेः षड् ॥

**पञ्चमहायज्ञ** m. plu. (-याः) The five great sacraments of the Hindus, or the worship of spirits, progenitors, gods, Ve'das, and mankind, by offerings of perfumes and flowers, obsequial rites, oblations with fire, the study of the Ve'das, and hospitality. **५. पञ्च** five, महा great, and यज्ञ sacrifice.

**पञ्चमार** m. (-रः) The son of BALADEVA. पञ्चविंशत्ये च ।

**पञ्चमासिक** mfn. (-कः) Of five Ma'shas, relating to, worth, amounting to five Ma'shas. **५. पञ्च**, मास a measure of silver, टक् aff.

**पञ्चमास** m. (-सः) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. **५. पञ्चम**, the musical note, and आस mouth.

**पञ्चमिन्** mfn. (-मिन्) Being in the fifth year of one's age. **५. पञ्चम**, and मिन् aff. [face.]

**पञ्चमुख** m. (-खः) 1. A name of Si'va. 2. A lion. **५. पञ्च** five, and मुख

**पञ्चमुद्रा** f. (-द्रा) Five gestures to be made in the usual presentation of offerings to an idol. **५. पञ्च**, and मुद्रा gesture.

**पञ्चमूत्र** n. (-मूत्रः) The urine of the cow, goat, sheep, buffalo, and ass. **५. पञ्च**, and मूत्र urine.

**पञ्चमूल** n. (-मूलः) The assemblage of five roots, viz :—The Be'l, Premna longifolia, Cassia, Gmelian arborea, and the Trumpet flower. f. (-ली) A similar aggregate of five roots, considered as the similar one, viz :—Hedysarum gangeticum, H. logopodioides, Solanum melongena, S. Jacquinii, and Tribulus lanuginosus. **५. पञ्च** five, मूल a root; the fem. aff. has a diminutive import.

**पञ्चमृत्यु** m. plu. (-मृत्युः) The five rites of a house-keeper : see पञ्चमहायज्ञ । **५. पञ्च**, and मृत्यु a sacrifice.

**पञ्चमर** n. (-मः) A collection of five precious objects ; viz :—Gold, a diamond, a pearl, a ruby, an amethyst. **५. पञ्च** and मर a gem. For particulars see Va'chaspatya.

**पञ्चमरुता** f. (-रुता) Emblio myrobalan. **५. पञ्च** five, रुत flavour, taste. (वाग्जली)

**पञ्चमस** n. (-सः) A Pura'na or mythological poem. **५. पञ्च** five, and मस a mark ; Puran'a should comprehend five topics ; the creation of worlds, their destruction and renovation, the genealogy of gods and heroes, the reigns of the Manus, and the actions of their descendants.

**पञ्चमलव** n. (-लवः) Five kinds of salt. **५. पञ्च**, and लव salt. viz :—  
 चाचकं सैन्धवं चैव सातुहं विहसिच ।  
 सीर्यैव तथा पञ्चमलव परिधीयितम् ॥

**पञ्चमालावृक्ष** n. (-वृक्षः) Gift of land to the extent requiring five ploughs. **५. पञ्च**, माला a plough, वृक्ष aff.

**पञ्चमौल** n. (-मौलः) A metallic alloy containing five metals ; copper, brass, tin, lead, and iron. **५. पञ्च** five, and मौल iron.

**पञ्चमूर्ति** m. (-मूर्तिः) 1. Siva. 2. A lion. **५. पञ्च** five, and मूर्ति a face.

**पञ्चमृत्** m. (-मृत्) The Bra'hminical thread as worn across the breast ; also पञ्चमृत्. f. (-टी) 1. Five fig-trees, viz :—the Indian and the holy fig, the Be'l, Grislea tomentosa, Rox. (वागी) and Asoka, placed or planted in several quarters ; viz. east, west, north, south and south-east. 2. Part of the great southern or Dandaka forest where the Gods'vari rises. **५. पञ्च**, and मृत् the Indian fig.

**पञ्चवर्ग** m. (-वर्गः) A class of five persons or things. **५. पञ्च**, and वर्ग a class.

**पञ्चवल्कल** n. (-वल्कलः) A collection of the bark of five trees, the Indian and the holy fig, the opposite-leaved fig, the wavy-leaved fig, and a sort of reed ; other trees are sometimes taken. **५. पञ्च** five, and वल्कल a bark.

**पञ्चबाण** m. (-बाणः) KA'MADEVA, The Indian Cupid. **५. पञ्च** five, and बाण an arrow ; being armed with five arrows.

**पञ्चबर** m. (-रः) KA'MADEVA. **५. पञ्च** five, and भर an arrow : see the last.

**पञ्चबाहु** m. (-बाहुः) 1. The hand. 2. An elephant. **५. पञ्च** five, बाहु a branch, the five-fingered.

**पञ्चविह** m. (-विहः) 1. A lion. 2. The name of a Muni, the son of DHARMA by HINSA'. **५. पञ्च** spreading, विह a crest or mane.

**पञ्चवैरीवृक्ष** n. (-वृक्षः) The bark of five trees. **५. पञ्च**, and विरीव Mimosa sirisha, टक् aff. विरीववृक्ष पुष्पमूलपञ्चवल्कलसेपुष ।

**पञ्चषट्** mfn. plu. (-षट्) Five or six. **५. पञ्च**, and षट् six, with षट् aff.

**पञ्चसुन्दर** n. (-सुन्दरः) The aggregate of five aromatic vegetable substances ; cloves, nutmeg, camphor, aloe wood, and Kakkola. **५. पञ्च** five, सुन्दर fragrance, वृक्ष added.

**पञ्चसूना** m. plu. (-सूनाः) The five things in a house by which animal life may be accidentally destroyed ; viz :—the fire place, the slab on which condiments are ground, the broom, the pestle and mortar, and the waterpot. **५. पञ्च** five, and सूना place of slaughter.

**पञ्चाग्नि** n. (-अग्निः) 1. A collection of five fires, amidst which a devotee performs penance during the summer season ; or four fires lighted severally to the north, south, east and west, and the sun over head. 2. Five mystic fires, supposed to be present in the body. m. (-अग्निः) 1. A householder who maintains five fires, or the domestic one, and one for warming visitors in addition to the other three. 2. One who is acquainted with the doctrine of the five mystic fires. viz :—चन्दाचार्य, पञ्चन, काण्डपन, चाण्डनीय, सत्य and वाक्यम् । **५. पञ्च** five, and अग्नि fire.

**पञ्चाङ्ग** mfn. (-ङ्गः) Having five limbs or members, five parts or subdivisions, consisting of five things, &c. n. (-ङ्गः) 1. Any aggregate of five parts or five things. 2. Five modes of devotion ; viz :—silent prayer, burnt offering, libations, bathing idola,

and feeding Bra'hmans. 3. An almanack describing solar days, lunar days, and the periods of asterisms, Yogas and Karanas.

म. (-ः) 1. A tortoise. 2. A species of horse with five spots on his body : see पञ्चमङ्ग. 3. Reverence by extending the hands, bending the knees and head, and in speech and look. ३. पञ्च five, चङ्ग body.

पञ्चाङ्गम. (-ः) A tortoise. ३. पञ्च five, चङ्ग limb, and गुह्य hidden ; covering his head and legs beneath his shell.

पञ्चाङ्गुल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Measuring five fingers. म. (-लः) The castor-oil plant. ३. पञ्च five, चङ्गुलि a finger, aff. चङ्गु : the leaves having five lobes compared to fingers.

पञ्चाङ्गुलि mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Having five fingers, or finger-like divisions. ३. पञ्च five, चङ्गुलि a finger. [sun, ३. पञ्च, and चातप heat.

पञ्चातप f. (-पः) Doing penance with five fires, or four fires and the पञ्चानन mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Very passionate. म. (-नः) 1. A name of Śi'va. 2. (With the mouth wide open) A lion. 3. A title used at the end of the names of learned men to express veneration or high scholarship. ३. पञ्च five or spreading, चानन a face.

पञ्चावत n. (-वः) 1. A mixture of milk, curds, sugar, ghee, and honey. 2. The aggregate of any five drugs of supposed efficacy. ३. पञ्च, and चतुर् ambrosia.

पञ्चावाय m. plu. (-वाः) Five Sha'stras supposed to have proceeded from the five mouths of Śi'va, constituting the basis of the Tantra ritual. ३. पञ्च, and चावाय a scripture.

पञ्चाङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) The aggregate of five acid plants; the jujube, pomegranate, sorrel, spondias, and citron. ३. पञ्च five, and चङ्ग sour.

पञ्चारी f. (-री) A chequered cloth for playing draughts upon: see पञ्चाङ्गी.

पञ्चाङ्गि m. (-ङ्गिः) The planet Mercury. ३. पञ्च five, चङ्गि a ray.

पञ्चाङ्ग म. (-ङ्गः) 1. A country in the north of India. 2. It may either be applied to its people or their king. f. (-ङ्गी) 1. A chequered cloth for playing at draughts, &c. 2. A doll, a puppet. 3. A style of singing. ३. पञ्च to spread, Una'di aff. चङ्गङ्ग; also with कङ्ग added पञ्चाङ्गिका.

पञ्चावत m. (-वः) The sacrificial cord, as worn crossed upon the breast, the ends hanging over the shoulders. ३. पञ्च spreading, वट् to surround, aff. चङ्ग, चाङ्ग prefixed to the root; also पञ्चवट् ।

पञ्चावस्थ m. (-स्थः) A corpse. ३. पञ्च five, (elements,) चवस्था state or condition.

पञ्चाशत् f. (-शत्) Fifty. ३. पञ्च, with शत् aff. and चा augment. [face.

पञ्चास mfn. (-सः-सः) 1. A lion. 2. Śi'va, ३. पञ्च spreading, and चास a पञ्चिन्द्रिय u. (-यः) 1. The five organs of sense; the eye, ear, nose, tongue, and skin; or those of action, as hands, feet, windpipe, anus, and parts of generation. ३. पञ्च five, and इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.

पञ्चेषु m. (-षुः) A name of Ka'madeva, the Hindu Cupid. ३. पञ्च five, इषु an arrow. [the body. ३. पञ्च, and उषन् heat.

पञ्चाशन् m. plu. (-शानः) The five digestive fires supposed to be in प(वि)त्रर mn. (-रः-रः) A skeleton. n. (-रः) 1. A cage, an aviary, a dove-cot. 2. The ribs. m. (-रः) 1. The body. 2. The Kali age. ३. पञ्च for पिज्जि to dwell, &c. Una'di aff. चरङ्ग; also पिञ्जर.

पञ्चराखेट m. (-टः) A sort of basket or wicker trap in which fish are caught. ३. पञ्जर a cage, चाखेट hunting. "पीलो" इति भषा ।

पञ्चि(ङ्गी) f. (-ङ्गीः-ङ्गीः) 1. The ball or whip of cotton from which thread is spun. 2. A journal, a register. 3. An almanack. ३. पञ्चि for पिज्जि to touch, &c. aff. इन् and ऊङ्ग optionally added; also पिञ्चि.

पञ्चिका f. (-का) 1. The ball or skein of cotton, from which thread is spun: see the last. 2. A perpetual commentary. 3. A calendar, an almanack. 4. A journal, a register. 5. The register or journal of Yama, the record of human actions. ३. स्त्रायें-क added to पञ्चि ; also पञ्चिका.

पञ्चिकाकारक m. (-कः) 1. A writer, a man of the Kayest'ha tribe. 2. An almanack-maker. ३. पञ्चिका a journal, &c. and कारक who makes.

पञ्चीकार m. (-रः) 1. The Kayest'ha or scribe. 2. An almanack-maker. ३. पञ्ची a journal, &c. कर who makes.

पट r. 1st cl. (पटति) To go, to move. r. 10th cl. (पटयति-ने) 1. To string. 2. To surround or encompass. 3. To share, to portion, to distribute. (पाटयति-ने) 1. To speak. 2. To shine. With उन् prefixed, To pluck up, to eradicate, to destroy utterly. With वि, To fly, to run away. गतो भ्वां परं सकं सेट् । दीप्तो चू उभं चकं सेट् । वेष्टने, चट् चू उभं सकं सेट् ।

पट mn. (-टः-टः) 1. Fine cloth. 2. Coloured cloth. 3. A leaf or sheet of cloth, &c. on which any figures may be painted. 4. A veil or screen. 5. A tablet for writing or painting. म. (-टः) 1. A kind of tree : see पिशाङ्ग. 2. Any thing well made or polished. f. (-टी) 1. A particular sort of cloth, coarse thick cloth, canvas. 2. A screen of cloth surrounding a tent, an outer tent. 3. A coloured or chintz garment. n. (-टः) A thatch, a roof. ३. पट to surround, aff. चङ्ग fem. aff. ऊङ्गि : see पटि.

पटक m. (-कः) A camp, an encampment. ३. पट् to surround, वुन् aff.

पटकार m. (-रः) 1. A weaver. 2. A painter. ३. पट cloth, and कार maker.

पटकुटी f. (-टीः) A tent. ३. पट cloth, कुटी a house.

पटचर n. (-रः) Old cloth. म. (-रः) A thief. ३. पटन् imitative sound, and चर going. पटिचि वेष्टि इव चरति चर-चङ्ग ।

पटमच्छप m. (-पः) A tent. ३. पट cloth, and मच्छप a house.

पटमव mfn. (-वः-वी-यः) Made of cloth. n. (-यः) 1. A tent, a canvas house. 2. A petticoat. ३. पट cloth, मवट् aff.

पटल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) A heap, a number, a quantity or multitude. nf. (-लः-ली) 1. A chapter of a book. 2. A tree. 3. A stalk. m. (-लः-लः) A roof, a thatch. n. (-लः) 1. A cover, a coating, an enclosing or surrounding skin or membrane. 2. A place, a spot, a circle or district. 3. A mark on the forehead with Sandal wood. 4. A basket. 5. Train, retinue. 6. A coat or film over the eyes. ३. पट् to go, कलङ्ग aff.

पटलप्रान्त m. (-न्तः) The edge of a thatch. ३. पटल a thatch, and प्रान्त end.

पटवाप m. (-पः) A tent. ३. पट cloth, and वाप what is woven.

पटवास m. (-सः) 1. A tent. 2. A petticoat. 3. Perfumed powder. ३. पट cloth, वास abode, or वस् to perfume, aff. चङ्ग.

पटवासक m. (-कः) Perfumed powder. ३. कङ्ग added to the last.

पटवेष्टन् n. (-ष्टन्) A tent. ३. पट, and वेष्टन् a house.

पटव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) A kettle-drum. m. (-वः) 1. A war-drum, or one used in battle. 2. Injury, killing, slaughter. 4. Tumult. ३. पट imitative sound, वा to quit or make, aff. उ ।

पटाक m. (-कः) A kind of bird. f. (-का) A flag, a banner. ३. पट to go, चाक Una'di aff.

पटालुका f. (-का) A leech. ३. पट् to go, चालुक् aff., कङ्ग added.

पटि(टी) f. (-टिः or -टी) 1. A kind of cloth. 2. An aquatic plant : see कुम्भिका. 3. The curtain of a stage. 4. A screen of a cloth surrounding a tent. ३. पट् to surround, &c. aff. इन् or ऊङ्गि : see पट and पटी.

पटिका f. (-का) Cloth. ३. वुन् added to पटी.

पटिह mfn. (-हः-हा-हः) Very clever. ३. पटु and इर. superlative.

पटीयस् mfn. (-यन्-यसी-यः) Very clever or able. ३. पटु clever, ईयस् aff. of the superlative.

पटीर n. (-रः) 1. Sandal-wood. 2. A field. 3. Bamboo manna. 4. A radish. 5. The belly. 6. A sieve. 7. Height. 8. Khayar. 9. Rheumatism. m. (-रः) 1. KANDARPA. 2. A cloud. ३. पट् to go, Una'di aff. ईरन्.

पटु mfn. (-टुः-टुः-टुः) 1. Clever, dexterous, skilful. 2. Diligent. 3. Smart, sharp. 4. Hale, healthy. 5. Warm, hot. 6. Blown, expanded. 7. Cruel, ferocious, unmerciful, unfeeling. 8. Harsh, contumelious, (speech, &c.) 9. Fraudulent, crafty, a rogue or cheat. 10. Loquacious, talkative. m. (-टुः) 1. A small kind of

cucumber. (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.) 2. The leaf of the *Trichosanthes*.  
 n. (-ट्) 1. Salt. 2. A mushroom. 3. पट r. 10th cl. to speak,  
 &c. Una'di aff. ड, and the radical vowel shortened, or पट-डन् ।  
 पट m. (-कः) A sort of gourd. 3. कन् added to the preceding.  
 पटक mfn. (-क्यः-क्य-क्य) Not so clever, a little less able, &c. 3. पट्  
 clever, and क्य aff. of incompleteness ; also in a similar sense  
 पटक्षि, and पटक्षीय ।  
 पटजातीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Of a clever sort, &c. 3. पट् as above, and  
 जातीय aff. of kind.  
 पटल n. (-खः) 1. Cleverness. 2. Eloquence. 3. ल added to पट् ; also  
 with तल्, पटला.  
 पटपर्वी f. (-वी) A medicinal sort of moon plant. 3. पट् a sort of  
 gourd, and पर्व a leaf, fem. aff. ऊँच् ; also पटपर्वक n. (-कः) and  
 पटपर्विका f. (-का.)  
 पटुक्च mfn. (-चः-पा-च) Very clever. 3. पट्, and च्च here implying  
 much.  
 पटोत्त m. (-जः) A tent. 3. पट and उत्त a house.  
 पटोल m. (-लः) A kind of cucumber, commonly Parwor, (*Trichosanthes*  
*dioeca*.) n. (-लः) A sort of cloth, a kind of chintz. f. (-ली) A  
 small cucumber, either the same as above, (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.)  
 or another kind, (*Luffa acutangula*.) 3. पट् to go, in the causal  
 form, aff. चीलच् ; removing malady.  
 पटोलक m. (-कः) An oyster. 3. पटोल as above, and कन् aff. of res-  
 emblance ; compared to the shape of the *Trichosanthes*.  
 पटोलिका f. (-का) A small cucumber, (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.) it is also  
 applied to *Luffa acutangula*. 3. कन् with the fem. form added to  
 पटोली.  
 पट m. (-ट्) 1. Cloth. 2. Coloured cloth, wove silk. 4 A turban, &c.  
 or cloth for that purpose. 5. A coloured silk turban. 6. A fillet  
 bound round the head. 7. A bandage, a ligature, a cloth bound  
 round a sore, &c. 8. An upper or outer garment. 9. A plant, com-  
 monly called Pa't, (*Corchorus*.) from the fibres of the bark of  
 which, (called jute) a coarse sack-cloth and cordage are prepared.  
 10. A stone for grinding with a mullar. 11. A plate of metal  
 for inscription or engraving. 12. A royal grant or order written  
 on copper, stone, &c. 13. A shield. 14. A place where four roads  
 meet. 15. A chair, a stool. n. (-ट्) A city, a town, a village, the  
 Petta'h probably of the south. f. (रि) I. An ornament of the fore-  
 head. 2. Red Lo'dh. 3. A horse's girth. 3. पट् to surround, क्क aff.  
 and त changed to ट.  
 पटक m. (-कः) Cloth, a bandage, &c. 3. कन् added to the preceding.  
 पटन n. (-जः) A sort of cloth, probably a kind of canvas or sack-cloth.  
 3. पट as above, and ज produced; made from jute. कौशेयवस्त्रे च ।  
 पटिनी f. (-नी) A principal queen. 3. पट a fillet or tiara, देवी a queen.  
 पट(न)न n. (-न-नी) A city: 3. पट(न)नि जना यच्च पट-पत, वा तनन् नेट् ।  
 पटवन्धन n. (-नः) Crowing, binding the head with a fillet or tiara. 3.  
 पट, and वन्धन binding.  
 पटमहिनी f. (-नी) A principal queen. 3. पट a fillet or tiara, and महिनी  
 a queen. (पाटराची) ।  
 पटरक n. (-कः) A plant used in dying, (*Cassia sappan*.) 3. पट cloth,  
 and रक्क to dye, aff. करके वच् (वक्क) ।  
 पटरवन n. (-नः) Sappen wood. 3. पट cloth, and रक्कन colouring: with  
 कन् added, पटरवन्धन.  
 पटपत्रक n. (-कः) A sort of potherb, commonly called Na'lita, (*Corchorus*  
*capsularia*.) 3. पट *Corchorus*, and पत्रक a potherb ; the leaves re-  
 sembling to those of the Pa't. नालिता, वा पाटपत्रक ।  
 पटप्रीक्षा f. (-क्षा) A principal queen. 3. पट, and पट्रीक्ष what mounts.  
 पटिका f. (-का) Lo'dh. 3. पट्री the same, कन् added; again with चाख्या a  
 name ; it is read also पटिकाख्या, mfn. (-क्यः-क्य)  
 पटिन् m. (-ट्) Red Lo'dh ; also पट्री.

पटिन् m. (-कः) A plant, (*Cassia sappan*.) 3. पट + चाख्या-रक्षच् ।  
 पटि(का)चीन् m. (-चः) A sort of tree, the bark of which is used as an  
 astringent ; the red species of the Lo'dh, (*Symplocos racemosa*,  
 Rox.) 3. पट्री the same plant, चीन् the Lo'dh ; also with कन्  
 added पटिचीन्क.  
 पटिच(स) m. (-सः-or-सः) A sort of weapon, a kind of axe. 3. पट् to go,  
 aff. टिच् or टिस् ; whence it is also read पटिच.  
 पटिलिका f. (-का) 1. A title deed, a Pa'tta', a lease, &c. 2. A written  
 legal opinion. 3. पट a royal mandate, &c. चीलच् aff., कन् in the  
 fem. form added.  
 पट r. 1st. cl. (पटति) To speak articulately, to declaim, to recite or  
 read. भा० पर० सक० सेट् ।  
 पटन् mfn. (-ठन्-ठनी-ठन्) Reading, reciting. 3. पट् to read, ग्रह part.  
 aff.  
 पटन n. (-नः) Reading, reciting. 3. पट् to read, क्क aff.  
 पटनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Readable, to be read. 3. पट् to read, चनीयर्  
 aff.  
 पटनक्षत्री f. (-त्री) A Ra'gini, one of the wives of SRI'RA'GA.  
 पटि f. (-डि-डो) Reading, perusal. 3. पट् to read, aff. इन्, ऊँच् option-  
 ally added.  
 पटित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Read, studied. 2. Recited, repeated. 3. पट्  
 to read, क्क aff.  
 पटितव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) To be read, what may or ought to be read.  
 3. पट् to read, तव्य aff.  
 पटिह mfn. (-ता-ही-ह) Reading, reciting, a reader. 3. पट् to read, हच्  
 aff.  
 पट्यमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Being read or recited. 3. पट् to read, poss.  
 v. घातच् aff.  
 पट (र) पटि r. 1st. cl. (पटते) To go, to move. r. 1st. and 10th. cls.  
 (पटति पटयति-ति) 1. To destroy, to annihilate. 2. To heap together,  
 to accumulate. गती भा० चा० सक०-सेट्-इदिन् । रात्रीकरणे च्चु० उभ० सक०  
 सेट् ।  
 पट r. 1st. cl. (पटते) also 10th. cl. (पटयति) 1. To negotiate, to treat or  
 transact business. 2. To bet or stake at play. (पटायति) To praise.  
 व्यवहारे क्षुतीच भा० चा० सक० सेट् ।  
 पट m. (-चः) 1. Measure of account, in cowries or shells, twenty ganda's  
 or eighty cowries ; also a weight of copper of similar value. 2.  
 Wages or hire. 3. A stake at play, a bet, a wager. 4. Gaming,  
 playing. 5. Playing with dice. 6. Price. 7. Wealth, property. 8.  
 A commodity for sale. 9. Business. 10. A distiller. 11. A  
 house, a dwelling. 12. A stipulation, a treaty. 13. A vendor. 14.  
 A shop. 3. पट् to do business, aff. चप् । [knot.  
 पटयति m. (-तिः) A fair, a market. 3. पट a commodity, इति a  
 पटता f. (-ता) 1. The state or condition of a pledge or stake. 2. Price,  
 value. 3. तल् added to पट ; also with तल्, पटल'. [aff. भावे क्कट्-  
 पटन n. (-नः) 1. Sale, selling. 2. Betting. 3. पट् to do business,  
 पटव mfn. (-वः-वा) A sort of musical instrument ; a small drum or  
 tabor. 3. पट् business or price, वा to sound, aff. क्क ; it is also  
 read प्रवच.  
 पटव m. (-वः) A commodity, an article of sale or traffic. 3. पट्  
 to do business, Una'di aff. कर्मणि-चसच् ।  
 पटावता f. (-ता) A prostitute, a whore. 3. पट price, चवता a woman:  
 पटाया f. (-या) Business, affair, transaction, buying and selling, &c.  
 2. Profits or receipts of trade. 3. A market place. 4. Gambling.  
 5. Praise. 3. पट् to negotiate, in the causal form, चच् and टाप्  
 affs. ; or पट, and चाव income, it also occurs mas. (-यः).  
 पटायित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Praised. 2. Transacted. 3. पट् to praise,  
 aff. सायि-चाय-क्क.  
 पटावच n. (-चः) Agreement, engagement, contract. 3. पट price,  
 चवच delivering.



पचाक्षि n. (-क्षि) The small shell used as coin, a Cowrie. E. पच business, and अक्षि a bone; also with कच् added पचाक्षिक.  
 पचित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Praised. 2. Transacted as business. E. पच to praise, aff. त्त; also पचायित.  
 पचितय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Vendible, fit or intended for sale. 2. To be transacted, negotiable. 3. To be praised. E. पच to deal, aff. त्तय.  
 पच्छ mn. (-च्छः-च्छ) 1. A catamite. 2. An eunuch. f. (-च्छा) 1. Wisdom, understanding. 2. Science, learning. E. पच्छ to go, aff. चच् or पच् to deal, Una'di aff. छ, त्तय शैलम्; also with कच् added पच्छक.  
 पच्छापूर्व n. (-र्व) Non-occurrence of the results of fate or destiny. E. पच्छ, and चपूर्व unprecedented.  
 पच्छित m. (-तः) 1. A scholar, a teacher, a Pandit, a learned Brāhman, or one read in sacred science, and teaching it to his disciples. 2. Incense. 3. Clever. 4. Proficient. E. पच्छा learning, तार० पत्तच् aff.  
 पच्छितमन्व m. (-न्वः) An ignorant and vain person, a pedant, one who thinks himself a Pandit or scholar. E. पच्छित learned, मन्व to think, छच् aff.; also with चिनि aff. पच्छितमानिन्.  
 पच्छितमानिन् m. (-नि) An arrogant and ignorant man: E. see the last.  
 पच्छितायमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Become wise from a state of ignorance. E. पच्छित used as a verb, मानच् aff.  
 पच्छ mfn. (-च्छः-च्छा-च्छ) 1. To be sold, salable, vendible. 2. To be praised. 3. To be transacted as business. n. (-च्छ) 1. A ware. 2. Price. 3. Traffic. f. (-च्छा) Heart pea: see पिच्छा. E. पच to deal, कर्मचि-यत् aff. [fruitfulness].  
 पच्छकल n. (-लः) Prosperity in trade, profit. E. पच्छ, and कल.  
 पच्छमूल्य n. (-मूल्यः) The price of a commodity. E. पच्छ, and मूल्य price.  
 पच्छरीषी f. (-षी) 1. A stall, &c. 2. A market: see the last.  
 पच्छरीषिका f. (-का) 1. A stall, a shop, a place of sale. 2. A market. E. पच्छ vendible, and रीषी a shop, &c. कच् added.  
 पच्छाला f. (-ला) 1. A market. 2. A shop, a ware-room. E. पच्छ vendible, and आला a hall.  
 पच्छली f. (-ली) A whore. E. पच्छ vendible, and ली a woman.  
 पच्छाङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) A prostitute, a whore. E. पच्छ to be sold, चङ्गा a woman; also पच्छाङ्गा.  
 पच्छाजीव m. (-वः) A trader. n. (-व) A market, a fair, E. पच्छ a vendible, and आजीव a livelihood. [जीवकः].  
 पच्छाजीवक n. (-कः) A market. E. कच् added to the last; also पच्छ-पच्छार्च mfn. (-र्चः-र्चा-र्च) Salable, vendible. E. पच्छ, and चर्च् fit for.  
 पत (पु) पतन् r. 1st. cl. (पतति) r. 10th cl. (पतयति-ते or पतयति-ते) 1. To go, to move, but especially downwards, as, to fall, to descend, to alight. 2. To possess supreme or superhuman power. r. 4th cl. (पतते) To be rich or powerful. With चति prefixed. To excel or surpass. With चति or चद, To descend. With आङ्, To arrive, to come. With उत्, To ascend. With नि 1. To gain or get. 2. To happen. With निर, To abscond. With परि, 1. To go fast. 2. To be valuable. With प्र and नि, To fall prostrate, to salute, to worship. With वि and निर, To turn, to turn back. With सम्, 1. To go with. 2. To gain. With चाङ्, To purify or cleanse. With सम् and उत्, To fly. With सम् and नि, To go forth or out. गती चद० च० उभ० सक० ऐच्छ० चक सेट् । ऐच्छ० दि० आ० चक० सेट् । गती आ० पर० सक० ऐच्छ० चक० अला० सेट् ।  
 पत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Cherished, protected. m. (-तः) 1. Going, 2. Falling, alighting. 3. Flying, flight. E. पत् to go, चच् aff. or a various reading of पत.  
 पतन् mfn. (-न्-ता-त) 1. Who or what falls, descends, &c. m. (-न्) An astronomical table. E. पत् to fall, to go, उन् aff.  
 पतन m. (-नः) A bird. E. पत् to go, Una'di aff. चगच्.  
 पतन् m. (-न्-ता-त) 1. A grasshopper. 2. A bird. 3. A sort of rice. 4. The sun. n. (-न्) 1. Quicksilver. 2. A kind of Sandal. E. पत् falling, नन् to proceed, aff.; छच्; or पत् to fall, चङ्च् Una'di aff. also पतन्म ।

पतन्म mf. (-न्-ता) 1. A bird. 2. A grasshopper. E. पत, and नन् goes; see the last. पतन् उत्तमम् उन् नच्छति नन्-छच् ।  
 पतङ्गिका f. (-का) 1. A sort of bee. 2. A small bird. E. कच् imply resemblance, with the fem. form added to पतङ्ग ।  
 पतङ्गिका f. (-का) A bow-string.  
 पतङ्गि (च)मि m. (-मिः) 1. The name of a saint or Muni and teacher of Yoga philosophy, thence called after him PA'TANJALA; also author of Maha bha'shya or commentary on PA'NINI. 2. A name of the poet VARARUCHI. E. पत् falling, चङ्गि the hands joined as mark of respect; having fallen from heaven, it is said, in the shape of small snake, into the hands of the saint PA'NINI as he was performing this act of reverence.  
 पतन् mfn. (तन्-तनी-तत्) Falling, coming down, alighting. &c. m. (-त) A bird. E. पत् to go, to alight, participial aff. त्त or पति  
 पतन् n. (-न्) 1. A wing. 2. A vehicle. E. पत् to go, चङ्च् चरते । Una'di;  
 पतमि m. (-मिः) A bird. E. पत् to go, चङ्च् Una'di aff.  
 पतमिन् m. (-मिन्) 1. A bird. 2. An arrow. 3. A horse. E. पतन् a wing, त poss. aff.  
 पतनिराज m. (-जः) VISHN'U's bird, "Gadura." E. पतमिन्, and राज king.  
 पतङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A spitting pot. 2. The reserve of an army. E. पत् what falls, and चङ्ग what takes. (पिङ्गली) ।  
 पतङ्गी m. (-ङ्गी) A hawk, a falcon. E. पतन् a bird, and जीङ्गी fearful.  
 पतन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Who or what goes, falls, descending. &c. (-न्) 1. Falling. 2. Alighting, descending. 3. Falling from digni-ty, &c. 4. Sin. 5. Going. 6. Subtraction. 7. The latitude of a planet. E. पत् to fall, उन् or भावे-कुट् aff.  
 पतन m. (-नः) 1. The moon. 2. A bird. 3. A grasshopper. E. पत् to go, चङ्च् Una'di aff.  
 पतयाच् mfn. (-च्-च्-च्) Falling, liable or accustomed to fall. E. to go, &c. in the causal form, चाङ्च् aff. तत्पदुं दानेन न चि जीवः ।  
 पतश्च mfn. (-श्चः-श्चा-श्च) 1. A bird. 2. The moon. 3. A caterpillar. E. to go, Una'di aff. चङ्च्.  
 पताका f. (-का) 1. A flag or banner. 2. A flagstaff. 3. An emblem carried as an ensign or banner, a symbol, a sign. 4. A mark. An episode, or episodic incident in a drama. 6. Good fortune auspiciousness. E. पत् to go, चङ्च् Una'di aff. पतते ज्ञायते दीपो च पत-चि-चाक ।  
 पताचिन् m. (-चिन्) 1. An ensign, a standard bearer. 2. A scheme casting a nativity. f. (-चिन्) An army. E. पताका a flag, and चिन् a  
 पतापत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Who or what goes, &c. much or frequently. E. पत् to go, चच् aff. repeated, and चाङ्च् augment.  
 पति m. (-तिः) 1. A master, an owner. 2. A husband. 3. A ruler. 4. Ruler. 5. Going, motion. E. पा to nourish, Una'di aff. उति पत् to go, with the same aff.  
 पतिनी f. (-नी) 1. The murderess of her husband. 2. A line on hand, indicating that a woman will be faithless or treacherous to her husband, E. पति and त्त who kills, fem. aff. उनीच्.  
 पतिनीलचक n. (-चकः) Sign of a murderess of a husband. E. पतिनी, लचक a mark.  
 पतित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Fallen, alighted. 2. Fallen from virtue, wicked, abandoned. 3. Fallen in war, defeated, overthrown. 4. Degraded, outcaste. 5. Gone. E. पत् to go, aff. कर्मचि न.  
 पतितसावित्रीक m. (-कः) A man of the first three classes, whose inv-itation has not been duly performed. E. पतित, and सावित्री the-ritual verse, कच् added.  
 पतितेक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Looked at by an outcaste. E. पतिव, ईक्षित seen.  
 पतिनीलचक mfn. (-चकः-चका-चक) Born of an outcaste. E. पतित, and born.  
 पतिल n. (-लः) The conjugal state. E. पति, and ल aff.



पदावलि f. (वि) 1. Red chalk. 2. A row of leaves. 3. Decorating the person. म. पद, and पावलि a line ; see the next.

पदावली f. (-ली) 1. Drawing lines along the form ; staining some parts of the body with coloured and fragrant pigments, as with saffron, sandal, &c. 2. A mixture of young Aswattha leaves with barley and honey. म. पद a leaf, and पावली a line ; see पदसेखा, पदक, &c.

पदिका f. (का) A leaf, a written leaf or page, a writing, a letter, &c. म. पद, and पद added, fem. form.

पदिक mfn. (-नी-विची-वि) 1. Winged. 2. Feathered. 3. Having a page or leaf. म. (-नी) 1. An arrow. 2. A bird. 3. A falcon. 4. A tree. 5. A mountain. 6. A chariot. 7. A rider in a car or carriage. f. (-नी) A sprout, a shoot. म. पद a leaf, &c. पदि aff.

पदीपकर m. (-रः) A tree, (Cassia esculenta.) म. पद a leaf, उपकर a condiment.

पदीर्घ n. (-घे) Wove silk. म. (-घे) A plant, (Bignonia indica.) म. पद a leaf, लघा wool.

पदीप्रास m. (-घः) A bud. म. पद, and पद्मास what delights.

पदस्य m. (-स्यः) A road. म. पद् to go, सर Una'di aff. र changed to स.

पद् r. 1st. cl. (पद्यति) to go, to move. r. 10th. cl. (पाद्यति) To throw, to cast, to despatch or send ; (पद्) पदि, r. 1st. and 10th. cl. (पद्यति) To go, to proceed, to travel. गती भा० पर० सक० सेट् । वा चुरा सक० पद्ये भा० पर० सक० सेट् । रदिन् ।

पद् m. (-घः) A road. म. पद् to go, aff. चच्.

पद्यन् mfn. (-द्यन्-यनी-यन्) Going, travelling. म. (-यन्) A road. म. पद् to go, गद्य aff.

पद्यिक mfn. (-कः-का-कौ-कं) Knowing or going on a road, म. (-कः) 1. A traveller, a way-farer. 2. A guide, one who knows the way. म. पद्यिन् a road, दुन् or कन् aff.

पद्यिकसमिति f. (-ति) A line or range of travellers, a caravah, a caravan. म. पद्यिक a traveller, समिति a range ; also with संघटि assemblage, पद्यिकसंघटि.

पद्यिद्रुम m. (-मः) A sort of K'hayar, (Mimosa alba.) म. पद्यिन् a road, and द्रुम a tree.

पद्यिन् m. (पद्या) 1. A road, a way. 2. Seat, doctrine, path in morals or religion. 3. A division of hell. 4. A journey. 5. Course of manner or action. म. पद् to go, रद् Una'di aff. ; the noun is irregularly inflected.

पद्यिप्रज्ञ mfn. (-घः-घा-घं) Acquainted with roads. म. पद्यिन्, and प्रज्ञ who knows.

पद्यिक m. (-घः) A traveller, a way-farer. म. पद्यिन् a road, रद्यच् Una'di aff.

पद्यिवाहक m. (-कः) 1. A fowler, a bird-catcher. 2. A porter, a burthen-carrier. Adj. Cruel. म. पद्यिन् a road, and वाहक who bears.

पद्य mfn. (-घ्यः-घ्या-घ्यं) Proper, fit, suitable, agreeing with, but applied chiefly medically, with respect to diet, regimen, &c. mf. (-घ्याः-घ्या) Yellow Myrobalan, (Terminalia chebula.) n. (-घ्यः) Sea salt. म. पद् to go, यद् aff.

पद्यापचारा n. (-घ्यः) The class of things that are considered beneficial or hurtful in disease. म. पद्य, and अपचारा improper.

पद्याशिन mfn. (-नी-शिन-शिन) Eating wholesome things. म. पद्या, and अशिन who eats.

पद् r. 4th. cl. (पदी) पदी (पद्यते) r. 10th. cl. (पद्यते) to go, to move. (पद्) पदि r. 1st. cl. (पद्यति) to stand fast. With चति, prefixed, 1. To know, to understand. 2. To see, to look. With चद्, To follow. With चाद्, 1. To happen, to befall. 2. To gain. 3. To suffer misfortune. 4. To multiply. 5. To produce. 6. To come. With चत्, To be born or produced. With चप्, 1. To gain. 2. To be born. 3. To be near or connected with. With चप्, and चन्, To offer oblations. With च्, 1. To gain, to acquire. 2. To commence. With च्, and चि, To

establish, to enact. With च्ति, 1. To gain. 2. To assent, to agree or promise. 3. To restore. With चि, To suffer misfortune or pain. With चि, and चाद्, To injure or kill. With चि and चन्, To discriminate, to analyze. With चन्, 1. To thrive, to grow or increase. 2. To do, to execute, to perform. 3. To select. With चन्, and चाद्, 1. To arrive. 2. To finish. र्द्ये भा० पर० सक० सेट् । गती वि० भा० सक० चदिट् पद्ये चद् पु० चास० सक० सेट् ।

पद् n. (-द् or -त्) A foot. म. पद् to go, aff. चिप् ; also पद् ; or it is considered as an irregular substitute for पाद्.

पद् n. (-द्) 1. A foot. 2. A footstep, the mark of a foot. 3. A word. 4. An inflected word. 5. A crude word. 6. A connected sentence. 7. Subject, thing, matter. 8. Preservation, defence. 9. Industry, application. 10. Disguise. 11. Place, site. 12. Rank, station, degree. 13. A mark, a spot. 14. A foot or rather line of a stanza. 15. A mode of writing the Vēdas, in which the several words are detached from one another. 16. A business, an affair. 17. (In Arithmetic,) Any one of a set of numbers the sum of which is required, or the last of the series, a square-root. 18. To occupy. 19. Step, pace. 20. A trace, a mark. म. (-द्) A ray of light. रद् to go, aff. चच् or चन्.

पदक m. (-कः) 1. A Brāhman knowing the verses of the Vēdas. 2. A Nishka, a weight of gold. 3. An ornament of the neck. n. (-घ) 1. Step. 2. Position. 3. Office. म. पद a verse, &c. and कन् aff.

पदकार m. (-रः) One who divides or separates compound term. म. पद, and कार who makes.

पदकान m. (-नः) 1. Step, pace. 2. Walking. म. पद, and कान going.

पदग mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Going with the feet. म. (-गः) A footman, a foot soldier, &c. म. पद् or पद a foot, and ग who goes ; hence also पद्.

पदगत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone on foot. 2. Described or recorded in a line or stanza. म. पद्, and गत gone. [aff.]

पदग mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Who or what goes or move. म. पद् to go, पुद्

पदग्रास m. (-घः) 1. Step, pace. 2. Conduct, procedure. 3. Position of the feet in a particular attitude. 4. A plant ; also गीचुर. म. पद्, and ग्रास gesticulation.

पदपात m. (-तः) Step, pace, foot-fall, tread. म. पद्, and पात fall.

पदभक्षण n. (-नः) 1. Explanation of obscure or obsolete words. 2. Etymology. 3. Separating the words of a line or sentence. म. पद् a word, भक्षण a breaking.

पदभक्षिका f. (-का) A register, a journal, a calendar or almanack. म. पद् a mark, &c. भक्ष् to divide, aff. क्त्वा.

पदवि f. (-विः-वी) 1. A road, a path, a way. 2. Station, situation, degree, rank. 3. Place, site. म. पद् to go, चवि aff. ; fem. aff. optionally जीप्

पदविधेय m. (-यः) 1. Step, pace, walking. 2. A horse's paces. म. पद्, and विधेय throwing.

पदविष्टम m. (-मः) Tread, step, stamp with the foot. म. पद्, and विष्टम fixing.

पदहीन n. (-नः) The feet and knees. म. पद् a foot, and गहीन the knee, deriv. irr.

पदसहाय m. (-तः) A writer, an annotator, one who collects or classes words. म. पद्, and सद् before, चन् to hurt, चच् aff. ; also पदसहाय.

पदाङ्क m. (-ङ्कः) Foot-mark, vestige. म. पद्, and चङ्क a mark.

पदाङ्गि m. (-ङ्गिः) A foot soldier. म. पद् a foot, चन् to go, रद् Una'di aff.

पदात m. (-तः) A footman, a pedestrian. म. पद् foot, चन् to go, aff. चिप्

पदाति m. (-तिः) A footman or foot soldier. म. पद् foot, चन् to go, रद् Una'di aff.

पदातिव m. (-वः) A peon, a footman or foot soldier. म. चन् added to the preceding. [ment]

पदागुराज m. (गः) 1. A servant. 2. An army. म. पद्, and चगुराज attach.

पदाधीन n. (-नः) 1. The foot of a mistress, or a divinity ; &c. 2. A

lotus-like foot. **पद्म**, and **पद्मी** a lotus ; also similar compounds, **पद्मरविन्द**, &c.

**पद्म** **m.** (-**पद्**) 1. The dust of the feet. 2. A boat. **पद्म** a foot, **पद्म** to **हृत्**, **पद्म** aff.

**पद्मरविन्द** **n.** (-**पद्**) The foot of a mistress, of a divinity, &c. **पद्म**, and **रविन्द** a lotus.

**पद्म** **m.** (-**पद्**) 1. Thing, substantial or material form of being. 2. A category of predicament in Logic, of which seven are enumerated; viz.:—substance, quality, action, identity, variety, relation and non-existence or annihilation. They are sixteen according to Nyaya Philosophy six according to the Vaisesika, twenty-five according to Saṅkhya, twenty six according to Pāṇjāla, and two according to Vaidantika. 3. The meaning of a word or sentence. 4. A head, a topic. **पद्म** word, thing, and **पद्म** meaning.

**पद्म** **n.** (-**पद्**) A foot-stool. **पद्म** a foot, **पद्म** a place of sitting.

**पद्म** **mfn.** (-**पद्**-**पद्मी**-**पद्मी**) Going on foot. **m.** (-**पद्**) A foot soldier. **n.** (-**पद्**) The point of the foot. **पद्म** a foot, aff. **हृत्**.

**पद्म** **ind.** Continually. **पद्म** a foot-step, seventh case repeated.

**पद्म** **m.** (-**पद्**) A foot-soldier. **पद्म** a foot, and **पद्म** who goes.

**पद्म** **f.** (-**पद्**-**पद्मी**) 1. A road. 2. A line, a row or range. 3. A ritual, a manual, a work upon any act or ceremony, detailing the mode of its performance, and collecting the texts connected with it. 4. A family name, a surname or title. **पद्म** a foot, **पद्म** to strike, aff. **हृत्**.

**पद्म** **n.** (-**पद्**) Coldness of the feet. **पद्म** for **पद्म**, and **पद्म** frost or cold.

**पद्म** **m.** (-**पद्**-**पद्मी**) 1. A lotus, (*Nelumbium speciosum*;) it is often confounded with the water lily, (*Nymphaea*.) 2. A form of arraying army resembling to that of a lotus. 3. One of KURVA's treasures or gems. 4. A large number, ten billions. 5. Coloured marks on the face and trunk of an elephant. 6. A drug, also termed Padmakastha. 7. Lead. 8. A name given to the six Chakras of the body, or to the mystical faculties present in them. 9. The root of a lotus. **m.** (-**पद्**) 1. A Naṅga or serpent of the lower regions. 2. One of the twelve Chakravartis or paramount princes of the Jains. 3. One of the persons termed Sukla Balas by the Jains. 4. A name of RA'MA. 5. The personified treasures of KURVA, as worshipped by the Tāṇtrikas. 6. A particular mode of sexual enjoyment. The posture is thus described on Vāchaspatya:—

**पद्माभाय समानिह्य नारीपद्मपद्मीपरि ।**  
**रवेद्गदं समाज्जयन्तीत्यं पद्मसंज्ञकः ॥**

**f.** (-**पद्**) 1. A name of LAKSHMI. 2. A plant, (*Hibiscus mutabilis*.) 3. A shrub, (*Siphonanthus Indica*.) 4. A female serpent or Naṅga, the goddess MANASA, and wife to the sage JARATKA'RU. 5. The mother of the twentieth Jina or Jaina saint. 6. The flower of the Carthamus or safflower. **पद्म** to go, (on the water, &c.) Unadi aff. **हृत्**.

**पद्म** **n.** (-**पद्**) 1. Coloured marks or spots on the face and trunk of an elephant. 2. A sort of drug, commonly called पद्मकाष्ठ. 3. A kind of leprosy. 4. An army arrayed in the form of a lotus-flower. **पद्म** added to the preceding.

**पद्म** **m.** (-**पद्**) 1. The sun. 2. An epithet of Vishn'u. **पद्म**, and **पद्म** hand, his image always holding a lotus in one hand.

**पद्म** **n.** (-**पद्**) A fragrant wood used in medicine, and described as cooling and tonic. **पद्म** a lotus, and **पद्म** wood.

**पद्म** **m.** (-**पद्**) 1. The Bhurjapatra or birch tree, the bark is used for writing mantras upon, &c. 2. An elephant. **पद्म**, and **पद्म** aff.

**पद्म** **m.** (-**पद्**-**पद्मी**) The filament of a lotus. **पद्म**, and **पद्म** the same.

**पद्मकाष्ठ** **n.** (-**पद्**) A quantity of lotuses, or spot abounding with them. **पद्म** a lotus, and **काष्ठ** a portion or district.

**पद्मबन्ध** (**पद्म**) **mfn.** (-**पद्**-**पद्मी**-**पद्मी**) Lotus-smelling ; smelling like a lotus. **पद्म**, and **पद्म** smell ; also with **पद्म** substituted for the final, **पद्मबन्ध**.

**पद्मवर्ष** **m.** (-**पद्**) 1. A name of BRAMHA'. 2. The sun. 3. An epithet of Vishn'u. **पद्म** a lotus, and **वर्ष** womb, born from the lotus.

**पद्मवारिणी** **f.** (-**पद्**) A small tree, (*Hibiscus mutabilis*.) **पद्म** a lotus, **पद्म** to resemble, aff. **हृत्**, fem. aff. **हृत्**.

**पद्मवल्गु** **m.** (-**पद्**) The fibrous stalk of the lotus. **पद्म**, and **वल्गु** thread.

**पद्मवर्धन** **m.** (-**पद्**) The resin of the Pinus longifolia.

**पद्मनाभ** **m.** (-**पद्**) 1. A name of VISHN'U. 2. One of the Jinas of a future age. **पद्म** a lotus, and **नाभ** a navel, **पद्म** aff.

**पद्मनाभि** **m.** (-**पद्**) VISHN'U is thus termed, because the lotus, containing BRAMHA', sent to create the world, sprang from his navel.

**पद्मनाल** **n.** (-**पद्**) The stalk of a lotus. **पद्म** lotus, and **नाल** a hollow stalk.

**पद्मपत्र** **n.** (-**पद्**) A sort of Costus, (*C. speciosus*.) **पद्म** a lotus, and **पद्म** a leaf ; also **पद्मपत्र** **n.** (-**पद्**) from **पद्म** a leaf.

**पद्मपाणि** **m.** (-**पद्**) 1. A name of BRAMHA'. 2. The sun. 3. A Buddha, a Baud'dha sanctified teacher. 4. An epithet of Vishn'u. **पद्म** a lotus, and **पाणि** the hand holding a lotus in one hand.

**पद्मपुष्प** **m.** (-**पद्**) 1. A shrub, (*Webera corymbosa*;) see **पद्मपुष्प**. 2. A sort of bird. **पद्म** a lotus, and **पुष्प** a flower.

**पद्मप्रभ** **m.** (-**पद्**) The sixth Jina or Jaina pontiff. **पद्म** a lotus, and **प्रभ** who shines. **कनकसुवर्णप्रभमण्डिते**.

**पद्मप्रिया** **f.** (-**पद्**) The wife of the Muni JARATKA'RU. **पद्म** a lotus, and **प्रिया** fond of.

**पद्मपत्र** **m.** (-**पद्**) The artificial arrangement of the words of a verse in a figure representing the leaves of a lotus ; It is fully illustrated in Saraswati Kantha'bharana. **पद्म**, and **पद्म** binding.

**पद्मपत्र** **m.** (-**पद्**) 1. A bee. 2. The sun. **पद्म** a lotus, and **पद्म** the friend. **पद्मपत्र** **च**.

**पद्मभू** **m.** (-**पद्**) BRAMHA'. **पद्म** a lotus, and **भू** born, **पद्म** aff.

**पद्ममुखी** **f.** (-**पद्**) A sort of prickly nightshade.

**पद्मयोगि** **m.** (-**पद्**) BRAMHA'. **पद्म**, and **योगि** place of production.

**पद्मराग** **m.** (-**पद्**) A ruby. **पद्म** a lotus, and **राग** colour.

**पद्मरेखा** **f.** (-**पद्**) A lotus-figure on the palm of the hand, indicating the possession of great wealth. **पद्म** a large number, and **रेखा** a line.

**पद्मराज** **m.** (-**पद्**) 1. A king, a sovereign. 2. A name of BRAMHA'. 3. The sun. 4. KURVA, the god of wealth. **f.** (-**पद्**) 1. A name of LAKSHMI, 2. A name of SARASWATI. 3. A title of TA'RA, one of the forms of DURGA. **पद्म** a lotus, a Ch'ha'ta' or parasol-shaped, like one, a fabulous gem, &c. and **पद्म** a mark or designation.

**पद्मवर्ण** **n.** (-**पद्**) A species of Costus, (*C. speciosus*.) **पद्म** a lotus, **वर्ण** a colour, **पद्म** aff.

**पद्मवासा** **f.** (-**पद्**) 1. A name of LAKSHMI. 2. Having the fragrance of a lotus-flower. **पद्म** a lotus, and **वासा** abode ; abiding at the creation within the petals of the lotus, or **पद्म** वासी **पद्म** :

**पद्मबीज** (**पद्म**) **n.** (-**पद्**) The seed of the lotus. **पद्म** a lotus, and **बीज** a seed.

**पद्मकुला** **f.** (-**पद्**) 1. GANGA. 2. LAKSHMI. 3. GAURI' or DURGA. **पद्म** a lotus, and **कुला** a daughter-in-law.

**पद्मकर** **m.** (-**पद्**) A large deep tank or pond ; one in which the lotus does or may grow. **पद्म**, and **कर** a mine.

**पद्मचक्षु** **m.** (-**पद्**) 1. The seed of the lotus. 2. Lotus-eyed. **पद्म** a lotus, and **चक्षु** an eye.

**पद्मोद** **m.** (-**पद्**) A sort of Cassia, (*C. tora*.) **पद्म** a lotus, and **उद** to resemble, aff. **हृत्**. **पद्मोद** **च**, (दादमदं हृत्ते, (दादमदं हृत्ते मया ) )

**पद्मालर** **m.** (-**पद्**) Petal of the lotus. **पद्म**, and **अलर** inside.

**पद्मालया** **f.** (-**पद्**) A name of the goddess LAKSHMI. **पद्म** a lotus, and **आलया** an asylum. **पद्मालया** **च**.

पद्मावती f. (-नी) 1. A name of the goddess manasa' or the wife of the JARATKA'RU. 2. The name of a river, the main stream of the Ganges, between the KA'SIMBA'ZAR river and the sea. 3. पद्म a lotus, अनुप aff., fem aff. ऊर्ध्व, and the antepen. made long.

पद्मावतीप्रिय m. (-यः) 1. The Muni JARATKA'RU. 2. The Kalki avata'ra. 3. पद्मावती as above, and प्रिय beloved. यन्तात् दृष्टे च ।

पद्मासन n. (-न) A posture in religious meditation, sitting with the thighs crossed, one hand resting on the left thigh, the other held up with the thumb upon the heart ; the eyes directed to the tip of the nose. 2. A seat or throne made in the shape of a lotus, one especially on which idols are placed. m. (-नः) 1. A name of BRAMHA'. 2. The sun. 3. पद्म a lotus, and आसन sitting.

पद्मम् m. (स्रो-) An elephant, f. (-नी) 1. A multitude of lotuses, or place abounding in them. 2. A woman of one of the four classes into which the sex is distinguished ; the first and the most excellent. She is thus described in Va'ghaspatya :—

भवति कलचवेद्या नासिकाचुद्ररम् ।

अविरलकुचयुग्मा दोषकोशी जगद्धी ॥

सङ्कुचचुमीला नीतश्यामुरक्ता ।

सकलतनुसुवेद्या पद्मिनी पद्मन्या ॥

3. A lotus, (Nelumbium speciosum.) 4. A pool or pond, especially one deep enough for the growth of the lotus. 5. The fibrous stalk of a lotus. 6. A female elephant. 3. पद्म coloured marks. &c. or a lotus, ह्रस्व aff.

पद्मिनीकान्त m. (-नः) The sun. 3. पद्मिनी a lotus, and कान्त beloved. अर्कश्चैव ।

पद्मिनीखण्ड n. (-ख) A place abounding with lotuses, or a district in which they grow. 3. पद्मिनी, and खण्ड division.

पद्मिनीवल्लभ m. (-भः) The sun. 3. पद्मिनी a lotus, and वल्लभ a friend.

पद्मेशय m. (-यः) A name of VISHN'U. 3. पद्म in or on a lotus, and शय who sleeps.

पद्मीतर m. (-रः) 1. Safflower. 2. A proper name : see the next. 3. पद्म, and उत्तर better.

पद्मीनराज m. (-जः) One of the Jaina Chakravartis or emperors. 3. पद्मीतर, and आराज son.

पद्मीन m. (-नः) 1. A name of BRAMHA'. f. (-नी) The snake goddess MANASA'. 3. पद्म a lotus, and उद्भव born.

पद्म mfn. (-दाः-दा-य) Hurting or coming in contact with the feet. n. (-यः) 1. Metre, verse, a stanza. 2. Wickedness, infamy. m. (-यः) 1. A Su'dra. 2. A part of a word. f. (-या) 1. A road. 2. Praise, eulogium, 3. पद् to go, यत् aff.

पद्म m. (-यः) 1. A village. 2. The entrance into a village. 3. पद् to go, रक् Unadi aff.

पद्म m. (-यः) 1. The abode or world of human beings. 2. A car. 3. A road. 3. पद् to go, यत् Unadi aff.

पद्म m. (-यः) A road. 3. पद् to go, यत् Unadi aff.

पद्म r. 1st. cl. (पद्मायति) To praise : this root and पद् in the same sense, take प्राय before the Sa'rvadha'tuka, and some of the A'rddhadha'tuka, affixes. (पद्मते) To traffic, to buy and sell : see पद्. सुती भ्या० चाल० सक० सेट् । प्राये प्राय वा तत्र चाल० ।

पद्म m. ((यः)) 1. The bread-fruit or JACK tree, (Artocarpus integrifolia.) 2. A thorn. 3. The name of a monkey. f. (-या) 1. A malady, pustular and phlegmonoid inflammation of the skin or external organs. 2. A she monkey. 3. A female demon. 3. पद् to praise or be praised, Unadi aff. अस्त् ।

पद्मन(ता)सिका f. (-का) The bread-fruit or JACK. 3. पद्म, उद् अस्त् ।

पद्म mfn. (-कः-का-क) Produced in or on the road. 3. पद्म, and पुद् अस्त् ।

पद्म mfn. (-दा-दा-य) 1. Fallen, gone down or downwards. 2. Gone. m. (-दा) Downward motion, falling, descending. 3. पद् to go, अस्त्, क, deriv. irr., otherwise पद् to go, Unadi aff. यत् ।

पद्म m. (-यः) 1. A snake. 2. A drug : see पद्मकाष्ठ. f. (-नी) The snake goddess MANASA'. n. (-न) Lead. 3. पद्म a fallen, न who goes, or, a foot, न not, न who goes, ; moving without feet.

पद्मनाभ m. (-भः) A name of GANURA, the bird and vehicle of VISHN 3. पद्म a snake, and नाभ food ; the snake-eater.

पद्मा f. (-दा) A leather shoe or boot. 3. पद् a foot, नद् to bind, अस्त्, deriv. irr.

पद्मा f. (-नी) A shoe, a boot. 3. पद् a foot, नद् to bind, अस्त्, ऊर्ध्व optionally added.

पद्म mfn. (-दा-दा-य) Who or what drinks. m. (-दा) The moon. 3. to drink, क्ति aff. and the root repeated.

पद्म m. (-नी) 1. The moon. 2. The sun. 3. पद् to drink, reiterated special rule, Unadi aff. यत्.

पद्मिनी f. (-ति) Mutual or reciprocal drinking, drinking alike or together. 3. पद् to drink, in the reiterative form, अस्त्, क्ति.

पद्म m. (-यः) A fosterer, a protector. f. (-यः) A nurse, a foster-mother. 3. पद् to cherish, क्ति aff. and the radical consonant repeated.

पद्मा f. (-या) 1. The name of a river, in the south of India. 2. Name of a lake in the Dandaka forest. 3. पद् to drink, प Unadi aff. यत्, inserted, and the radical vowel made short.

पद्म r. 1. st. cl. (पद्मते) To go, to move. भा० चाल० सक० सेट् ।

पद्मय m. (-यः) A piece of water. 3. पद्म water, यय collection.

पद्म n. (-यः) 1. Water. 2. Milk. 3. Semen virile. 4. Boiled-rice. 5. Night. 3. पद् to go, अस्त् Unadi aff.

पद्म n. (-यः) 1. Water. 2. Milk. 3. पद्म the same, अस्त् added.

पद्म m. (-यः) A cat. 3. पद्म milk, and प who drinks.

पद्म mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Made from milk, (curds, butter, cheese, &c.) 2. Relating to or connected with milk or water. 3. A cat. f. (या) 1. A shrub, (Asclepias rosea.) 2. A medicinal kind of moon plant. 3. A drug : see दौरकाकोली. 4. Curds of two milk whey. 5. Any plant yielding a milky sap, as the Euphorbia, the Asclepias, &c. 3. पद्म milk, यत् aff.

पद्म m. (-यः) A goat. 3. पद्म, यलच् aff.

पद्मिनी f. (-नी) 1. A river. 2. A milch cow. 3. Night. 4. A she-goat. 3. पद्म water or milk, यति aff. [drop.]

पद्मिनी (यः) m. (-यः or -यः) Hail. n. (-यः) An island. 3. पद्म water, नद् a पद्मिनी m. (-यः) Hail. 3. पद्म water. यन a lump.

पद्मिनी m. (-यः) A cloud. 3. पद्म water, यन origin.

पद्मिनी m. (-यः) A cloud. 3. पद्म, and य what gives.

पद्मिनी m. (-यः) A woman's breast. 2. A cloud. 3. The sugarcane. 4. The cocoanut. 5. A sort of rush, (Scirpus kysoor.) 6. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus, &c.) 7. An udder. 8. The back-bone. 9. (In Prosody) A scoli. 3. पद्म milk or water, and यर containing.

पद्मिनी m. (-यः) 1. The ocean. 2. A piece of water. 3. A cloud. 3. पद्म water, यत् to contain, Unadi aff. अस्त्.

पद्मिनी m. (-यः) The ocean. 3. पद्म, and यत् to have, क्ति aff.

पद्मिनी n. (-यः) The cuttle-fish-bone. 3. पद्मिनी, and यत् aff. सुतुह्ये ।

पद्मिनी m. (-यः) The ocean. 3. पद्म, and यति a treasure.

पद्मिनी m. (-यः) A cloud. 3. यय, and यत् what lets go.

पद्मिनी m. (-यः) The K'hayar, (Mimosa catechu.) 3. पद्म water, यत् to get, अस्त्, क.

पद्मिनी f. (-यः) A piece of water. 3. पद्म, and यति a quantity.

पद्मिनी n. (-यः) Living upon milk for a month, which with prayer and residence in a cow house, is an expiation or receiving an unsuitable present ; offering of milk to VISHN'U, and subsisting upon it for twelve days ; also for one or for three days is considered as a religious act. 3. पद्म milk, and यत् religious observance. पद्मिनी f. (-यः) A river that rises in the Vindhya mountain. The Narmada according to some, the Tapti according to others.

पद्म mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. Distant, removed, remote. 2. Best, pre-eminent.

3. Subsequent, after, following. 4. Other, different. 5. Inimical, hostile, estranged, adverse. 6. Addicted to, attached to, engaged in. 7. More, exceeding, as परं शतं more than a hundred, परी क्षयः more than a Lac; these are also considered as distinct compounds, see the next. 8. Higher, Superior. 9. Beyond. 10. Last, final. m. (रः) 1. An enemy 2. The life of *BRAMHA*, n. ind. (रः) 1. Only, alone. 2. After, afterwards. subst. 1. Final beatitude. 2. The Supreme spirit. 3. (In Logic,) One species of common property; that which comprehends many objects, genus; or it is the same with existence, as the common property of all things. **परं** to fill, &c. aff. माने च परं कर्तुं चक् ।  
**परं शतं** mfn. (नः-ता-तं) More than a hundred, many. **परं** more, and शत a hundred: see the last. [morrow.  
**परं शब्दं** ind. (नः) The day after to-morrow. **परं** after, शब्दं to-  
**परं शब्दं** mfn. (नः-ता-तं) More than a thousand. **परं** more, and शब्द a thousand: see पर.  
**परकलत्रं** n. (नः) Another's wife. **परं**, and कलत्र a wife.  
**परकलत्राभिगमनं** n. (नः) Intriguing with another man's wife, adultery. **परकलत्रं** another's wife, अभिगमन approaching.  
**परकीयं** mfn. (यः-या-यं) Another, belonging to another. f. (या) The mistress or wife of another, one of the three objects of love, according to the Sringa'ra or amatory doctrine. **परं** another, **परं** aff. कुन् augment.  
**परकेशं** n. (नः) 1. Another man's wife. 2. Another's body. 3. Another's field. **परं** another, केश a field. [joining.  
**परकेशि** m. (नः) An articulation, a finger-joint. **परं** after, केशि a  
**परकेशि** f. (नः) Reduction or subjugation of an enemy. **परं**, and केशि vexing.  
**परकृतं** mfn. (नः-ता-तं) Dependant, subservient, subjected. **परं** another, कृत inclination.  
**परकृतं** n. (नः) A fault or defect in another. **परं** and कृत flaw.  
**परकृतं** mfn. (नः-ता-तं) Adopted, fostered, nourished by a stranger. 2. Dependant, servile, subjected. m. (नः) 1. The kokila. 2. A servant. **परं** another, and कृत born.  
**परकृतं** mfn. (नः-ता-तं) 1. Nourished by a stranger. 2. Conquered, or subdued by another. 3. The kokila, **परं** another, and कृत conquered, &c.  
**परकृतं** m. (नः) 1. An oil press. 2. Froth, foam. 3. The blade of a sword or a knife. 4. A sword or scimitar. f. (नः) The sound of instruments at a festival. n. (नः) The sword of *INDRA*. **परं** in the second case, another, and कृत to conquer, aff. च; some works have परकृत, and others परकृत in place of this word.  
**परकृतं** m. (नः) A name of *VARUNA*, the regent of water. **परं** another, कृत to conquer, deriv. irr; also परकृत.  
**परकृतं** m. (नः) *VARUNA*: see the last. [other, तत्त्वं will.  
**परकृतं** mfn. (नः-ता-तं) Subservient, obedient, dependant. **परं** another, कृत greatest.  
**परकृतं** mfn. (नः-ता-तं) Greatest. **परं**, and तत्त्वं aff. of the superlative.  
**परकृतं** mfn. (नः-ता-तं) Greater, more. **परं** more, and तत्त्वं aff.  
**परकृतं** ind. 1. Afterwards. 2. Behind. 3. Otherwise, differently. 4. From an enemy. **परं** पर or परा, and तत्त्वं aff. According to *Vachaspathya*:—1. From another. 2. Dependence. **परं** + तत्त्वं तत्त्वं ।  
**परकृतं** ind. 1. The next world, futurity. 2. Further on, in the sequel. **परं** another, तत्त्वं aff.  
**परकृतं** m. (नः) A pious man, one standing in awe of futurity. **परं** the next world, and तत्त्वं timid.  
**परकृतं** n. (नः) 1. Difference, distinction, separateness. 2. Hostility. 3. (In Logic,) Priority of place or time, proximity, juvenility. 4. The nature of common or generic property, **परं** कृत added to पर; also with तत्त्वं, परकृत,

**परदारं** m. (नः) Plu. Another's wife. **परं**, and दार a wife.  
**परदारमगमनं** n. (नः) Adultery, adulterous intercourse or intrigue. **परं** दार, and मगमन frequenting.  
**परदाराभिगमनं** m. (नः) Intriguing with another man's wife. **परं**, and अभिगमन contact.  
**परदारीपसेवकं** n. (नः) Intriguing with another's wife. **परं**, and दारीपसेवक frequenting; also परदारीपसेवक ।  
**परदुःखं** n. (नः) The pain or sorrow of another. **परं**, and दुःख pain.  
**परदेशं** m. (नः) A foreign country. **परं**, and देश place.  
**परदेशिन्** mfn. (नः-वि-वि-वि) Foreign, exotic. m. (नः) 1. A foreigner. 2. One residing abroad. **परं**, and देशि aff.  
**परदेशिनि** mfn. (नः-वि-वि-वि) Living abroad, travelling, traveller. **परं**, and देशि, and देशिन् who frequents.  
**परदोषकीर्तनं** n. (नः) Scandal, calumny, censoriousness. **परं**, दोष fault, कीर्तन proclaiming.  
**परदोषिन्** mfn. (नः-वि-वि-वि) Hostile, inimical, adverse. **परं** another, दित् to hate, चित् aff.  
**परदोष्यं** n. (नः) Another's property. **परं**, and दोष्य thing.  
**परदोषिन्** mfn. (नः-वि-वि-वि) Tyrannising over another. **परं**, and द्रोहिन् injurious.  
**परधनं** n. (नः) Another's wealth. **परं**, and धन wealth.  
**परधनास्वादनमुद्यमं** n. (नः) Feeding luxuriously at another's expense. **परं**, परधन, आस्वादन eating, मुद्यम pleasure.  
**परधन्यं** m. (नः) Another's duty or business, the occupation of another caste. **परं**, and धन्य duty. उत्कृष्ट धन्ये च ।  
**परध्यानं** n. (नः) Intent absorption or abstraction in the subject of meditation. **परं**, and ध्यान meditating.  
**परदण्डं** mfn. (नः-पा-पं) Vexing or annoying another, subduing a foe. m. (नः) A conqueror. **परं** another, तप to heat or inflame, aff. चक् ।  
**परपदं** n. (नः) 1. Eminence, high station. 2. Final felicity. **परं** supreme, पद, a place.  
**परपरिवारं** m. (नः) The family or dependants of another. **परं**, and परिवार dependants.  
**परपाकं** m. (नः) What is dressed or cooked by another, another's food. **परं**, and पाक cooking.  
**परपाकनिष्ठं** m. (नः) One who dresses his own food without observing the expiatory sacrifice for the five *Su'na's*, or places of destruction to animal life; see परपक्षा. **परं** another, पाक cooking, and निष्ठ ceased.  
**परपाकरतं** m. (नः) One who observes all the due ceremonies preparatory to cooking, but lives upon others. **परं** another, पाक cooking, रत constant.  
**परपाकवर्धनं** m. (नः) A constant guest at others' tables. **परं** another, पाक cooking, and वर्धन shining. [or meat.  
**परपिण्डं** n. (नः) Food given by another. **परं**, and पिण्ड a ball of rice  
**परपिण्डादं** mfn. (नः-दा-दं) Feeding at another's cost. **परं**, पिण्ड, and दाद who takes.  
**परपुरुषं** m. (नः) 1. A name of *VISHNŪ*. 2. Another man. **परं** supreme, or other, and पुरुष a man.  
**परपुत्रं** mfn. (नः-दा-दं) 1. Fostered, nourished, &c. by a stranger. m. (नः) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. f. (नः) 1. A harlot, a whore. 2. A parasite plant. **परं** another, पुत्र cherished.  
**परपुत्रमकोकिलं** m. (नः) The mango. **परं**, पुत्र the cuckoo, मङ्गा great, and उक्त festival.  
**परपूर्वा** f. (नः) A woman formerly married. **परं** another, (husband,) पूर्व prior, fem. aff. टाप् ।  
**परपूर्वापतिं** m. (नः) The husband of a woman remarried. **परं**, परपूर्वा, and पति a husband.  
**परप्रतिपन्नं** m. (नः) A great-great-grandson. **परं** subsequent, प्रति after, ननु a grandson.

परमपौत्र m. (-नः) A great-great-grandson. ३. पर, subsequent, प्रदीप्त great-grandson.

परमेष्ठिन n. (-त्वः) Servitude, slavery. ३. पर, and प्रेक्ष्य service.

परमेश्वर n. (-ज्ञः) The supreme Being. ३. पर, and ज्ञा the same.

परमान m. (-नः) 1. Excellence, superior merit, supremacy. 2. Good fortune, prosperity. 3. The last part, residue, remainder. ३. पर best, and भाग portion. [ fortune.

परमायुष n. (-युः) Another's wealth or prosperity. ३. पर, and आयु good

परभूत mfn. (-क्तः-क्तः-क्तः) Possessed or enjoyed by another. ३. पर, and भूत enjoyed. [ land.

परभूमि f. (-भिः) A foreign or an enemy's country. ३. पर, and भूमि

परभूमिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठः-ष्ठः) Living or being in a foreign or an enemy's country. ३. परभूमि, and स्थ who stays.

परभूषण n. (-णः) Another's ornament. m. (-चः) Peace purchased by offering the produce of lands. ३. पर, and भूषण ornament.

परमृत् m. (-मृत्) A crow. ३. पर another, (the cuckoo,) and मृत् who nourishes.

परभृत mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Cherished or nourished by a stranger, fostered, adopted. m. (-तः) The Indian cuckoo, which is supposed to leave its eggs in the nest of the crow to be hatched. ३. पर another, and भृत nourished.

परभेदक mfn. (-कः-कः-कः) Destroying or subduing a foe, ३. पर, and भेदक who breaks.

परम् ind. A particle of command. 2. Of dismissal or refusal. 3. Hereafter, afterwards.

परम mfn. (-मः-मः-मः) 1. Best, most excellent. 2. Chief principal, preceding. 3. First, chief part. 4. Adequate. ind. (-चः) 1. A term of assent, yes. 2. A term of command. ३. पर best, मा to mete, अ. उ or उम्.

परमार्थि f. (-भिः) 1. Chief object or refuge, as a god, protector. 2. Final felicity. ३. परम, and गति going.

परमगव m. (-वः-वः) An excellent bull or cow. ३. परम, and गी a cow.

परमगहन mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Very mysterious or profound. ३. परम, and गहन thick.

परमत n. (-तः) A different opinion or doctrine. ३. पर, and मत thought.

परमपद n. (-दः) 1. Eminence, high station. 2. Final felicity. ३. परम, and पद station.

परमेश्वर n. (-ज्ञः) The Supreme Spirit. ३. परम, and श्वर the same.

परमराज m. (-जः) A supreme monarch. ३. परम, and राजन् a king, टच् aff.

परमर्षि m. (-र्षिः) A Rishi or divine sage, of a peculiar order or division, comprising the Muni BHĒLA and others. ३. परम excellent, and ऋषि a divine sage.

परमर्क्ष m. (-क्षः) One who knows another's character or disposition. ३. पर, and मर्क्ष a vital point, and क्ष who knows.

परमस्वधर्म m. (-धर्मः) A virtuous or pious man, one who attends scrupulously to the proper duties of his tribe or station. ३. परम best, स्व own, धर्म virtue or duty, and धर्मि added.

परमहंस m. (-सः) An ascetic, a religious man who has subdued all his senses by abstract meditation. ३. परम best or first, हंस devotee.

परमाति f. (-भिः) Final beatitude. ३. परमा best, गति going.

परमाङ्गना f. (-ना) A beautiful woman. ३. परम, and अङ्गना a woman.

परमाणु m. (-णुः) 1. An atom, the invisible base of all aggregate bodies; thirty of them are supposed to form a mote in a sunbeam; the lowest measure of weight; in Logio, six of them form the first perceptible object. 2. A measure of time, the sun's passage past an atom of matter. ३. परम first, and अणु an atom.

परमाणुक m. (-कः) A name of ViṢṆU. ३. परमाणु an atom, कृ body, कृ aff., deriv. irr.; smaller than the smallest; as he is larger than the largest, &c.

परमात्मन् m. (-आ) The Supreme Being, considered as the soul of the universe. ३. परम first, आत्मन् spirit or soul.

परमार्थ m. (-र्थः) Pure unitarianism. m. (-तः) ViṢṆU, the only supreme. ३. परम, and अर्थ without duality.

परमान्न n. (-न्नः) An oblation of rice to progenitors or gods, boiled with milk and sugar. ३. परम best, and अन्न boiled rice; or परम the best, the supreme, (deities, &c.) and अन्न food.

परमापन m. (-नः) 1. The inclination of a planet's orbit to the ecliptic. 2. The sine of the sun's greatest declination. ३. परम, and अपन declination.

परमायुष m. (-युः) A particular tree: see वृक्ष.

परमायुष m. (-युः) The longest period of life, either in men or animals. ३. परम and आयुष life.

परमार्थ m. (-र्थः) 1. Truth, fitness. 2. Spiritual knowledge. 3. Any excellent or important aim or object. 4. The best sense. 5. The best kind of wealth. ३. परम, and अर्थ object.

परमार्थविद् m. (-विद्) A sage, a philosopher, one who knows the truth. ३. परमार्थ, and विद् who knows.

परमार्थविद् mfn. (-व्यः-व्यः-व्यः) Who or what acquires knowledge of truth, the best kind of wealth, &c. ३. परमार्थ, and विद् to acquire, अ. तुम् augment.

परमावधि f. (-धिः) Utmost term or limit. ३. परम, and अवधि limit.

परमार्थ m. (-तः) A king and holy saint, apparently the same as Sa'la-Ba'haṇa. ३. परम excellent, अर्ध a Jina. [ enemies.

परमृत् m. (-मृत्) A crow. ३. पर another, and मृत् death; having many

परमेश्वर m. (-रः) 1. The Supreme Being. 2. Śi'va. 3. ViṢṆU. f. (-रि) DURGĀ. ३. परम best, ईश्वर lord.

परमेश्वर mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठः-ष्ठः) Supreme, superior. m. (-ष्ठः) 1. BRAMHĀ. 2. A deity. ३. परम, in heaven, and स्थ who stays or is.

परमेश्वर m. (-श्वः) 1. A name of BRAMHĀ. 2. A Jina or deified teacher of the Jaina sect. 3. A kind of Sa'lagra'ma stone. 4. A Guru or spiritual guide. ३. परम in the most exalted place, in heaven, मा to be, Una'di aff. निम्.

परमपद n. (-दः) 1. Eternal felicity. 2. The abode of ViṢṆU. ३. पर another, पद degree.

परम्पर mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Successive, proceeding from one to another, from father to son, &c. m. (-रः) 1. A sort of deer. 2. A great-great-grandson. f. (-रः) 1. Race, progeny, lineage. 2. Order, method, continuous arrangement, regular series or succession. 2. Hurting, killing, injury. ३. पर subsequent, repeated, and the nasal augment.

परम्परत्वं ind. Mutually. ३. परम्पर, and त्वं aff.

परम्परत्वं n. (-त्वं) Immolating animals in sacrifice. ३. परम्पर traditional or successive, and चक going or worshipping; or परम् much, पर the best, and चक going, custom.

परमपौत्र mfn. (-पौत्रः-पौत्रः-पौत्रः) 1. Hereditary, what has come by inheritance or descent. 2. Traditional. ३. परम् another, and पर again, another, छ aff.

परम् m. (-रः) A potherb, (Eclipta prostrata;) also केशराज. ३. पर mon, रश् to grow, छ aff. [ परम्पद्' वारिणि.

परम्पद् mfn. (-पः-पा-पः) परम्पद् रूपमिव रूपमस्ति. वृत्तिरवर्तिपरस्तेव रूपमिव "एति परलोकात् m. (-काः) Heaven, paradise. ३. पर another, and लोक world.

परलोकगम m. (-गमः) Death, dying. ३. पर another, लोक world, and गम going.

परवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Dependent, subject. ३. पर another, मतृ aff.

परवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Subservient, dependant, subject. 2. Deceived. ३. पर another, and वत् subjection.

परमाच mfn. (-चः-चा-चः) Reprehensible, blamable. n. (-चः) Fault, defect. ३. पर, and वाच to be named, not to be spoken of.

परमाधि m. (-धिः) 1. A Judge, a ruler. 2. A year. 3. The peacock on which the god KĀRTIKĒYA rides. ३. पर best, मा to go, चि aff.



परम m. (-तः) A name of DHRTARA'SHTRA. 2. पर best, व्रत, religious observance.

पर m. (-तः) A kind of stone, the touch of which turns iron into gold, the philosopher's stone. [चक्. aff.]

परम् mfn. (-तः-या-यं) Fit or proper for a hatchet. 2. पर an axe, [चक्. aff.]

पर m. (-तः) An axe, a hatchet. 2. पर another, दृ to injure, Una'di aff. कु, विच ।

परवर m. (-रः) 1. A soldier armed with an axe. 2. A name of GAN'GSA. 3. PARASURA'MA : see the next. 2. पर an axe, पर who holds.

परम m. (-तः) A hero and demigod ; the first of the three RA'MAS, and the sixth Avata'ra or descent of the deity VISHN'U ; who appeared in the world as the saint JAMADAGNI, for the purpose of repressing the tyranny and punishing the violence of the Kshetriya, or military tribe ; PARASURA'MA appears to typify the tribe of Brā'mhans and their contests with the Kshetriyas, 2. पर an axe, and राम who delights in ; also with चक् added, परराजक ; and with the first member, परं, परंराम, q. v.

पर(स)च m. (-चः) An axe, a hatchet. 2. पर another, an enemy, च derived from चि, to grow or thrive ; पर the prosperity of a foe, चे to drink, च aff. ; what drinks the blood or destroys the life of an enemy ; also परच and परचव. [परच. aff.]

परच ind. The day after to-morrow. 2. पर after, चक् to-morrow ; also परच ind. Beyond, further, more than, on the other side of, &c. (Not used by itself in classical Sanskrit.) 2. पर, पचन्नायये वा चक्षि ।

परहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Associated with another. 2. Fighting or engaged with another. 2. पर, and सङ्गत gone with.

परसङ्गत m. (-कः) The soul. 2. पर best, संज्ञा name or title ; aff. कप्.

परसम्बन्ध m. (-न्धः) Relation or connexion with another. 2. पर, and सम्बन्ध connexion.

परसम्बन्धि mfn. (-न्धि-विभो-वि) 1. Related to another. 2. Belonging to another. 2. परसम्बन्ध, and इति aff.

परात् ind. 1. Subsequently, afterwards. 2. Behind. 2. पर, and चक्षति aff.

परस्पर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Mutual, interchanging. 2. पर another repeated ; from one to another.

परस्पर m. (-तः) A friend, an intimate. 2. परस्पर, and चक् who know.

परस्परमति f. (-तिः) Mutual concurrence or assent. 2. परस्पर, and चक्षति agreement.

परस्पर ind. Mutually. 2. परस्पर, and चक् aff.

परस्परकार m. (-रः) 1. Mutual assistance. 2. Offensive and defensive alliance. 2. परस्पर, चक्षकार aid.

परस्परकारिन् m. (-री) 1. An ally. 2. An associate, a helper. 2. इति added to the last.

परेद n. (-दः) The transitive or active verb. 2. परजे to another, पर as inflected word.

पर n. (-सः) Another person's property. 2. पर, and स्व own.

पर n. (-तः) Another's right. 2. पर, and स्व own right.

परापादन n. (-दः) Conferring a right upon another as by gift, &c. 2. परसत्, and आपादन producing.

पर m. (-चः) An axe : see परचव.

पराविन् mfn. (-वि-विभो-वि) Extortionary, extortioner. 2. परस, and चक्षति taking.

पराजीविन् mfn. (-चः-जा-जं) Dependent, living on the property of others. 2. परस, and चक्षजीविन् subsisting.

पर mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Friendly, benevolent. 2. Good or profitable form for another. 2. पर, and चक्षि favourable.

पर ind. A participle and prefix implying, 1. Supremacy. 2. Liberation. 3. Inverted order. 4. Pride, contumely. 5. Encounter, mutual presence. 6. Excess, exceeding. 7. Overcoming, surpassing. 8. Going. 9. Killing, destroying, injuring. As पराजय sup-

rior power or valour ; पराजय defeat ; पराजय disgrace ; पराजय turning back, &c. see the following. 2. पृ to fill, aff. चक्, and च added.

पराच ind. Crooked, crookedly. 2. परी away, चक् to go, aff. चिक्.

पराक m. (-कः) 1. A religious obligation of an expiatory kind, fasting for twelve days and nights, and keeping the mind attentive, and organs subdued. 2. A sacrificial sword or scimitar. 2. परा best, चक् what goes. [do, चट्. aff.]

पराकर n. (-चः) Disdaining, disregarding, rejecting. 2. परा before, च to पराचुक्च mfn. (-चक्-चक्-चक्) Throwing off or aside, rejecting, disdaining. 2. परा, and चक्च making.

पराहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Rejected, set aside, thrown off, disdained. 2. पर, and चक्ष made.

पराक्रम m. (-तः) 1. Power, strength. 2. Exertion. 3. Valour, prowess. 4. Going out or forth, exit or issue. 5. Attacking an enemy. 6. Attempt, enterprise. 7. A name of Vish'n'u. 2. परा supremacy, opposition, &c. and चक्ष going, चक्च चक् aff.

पराक्रमन् mfn. (-न्-चा-चं) Knowing the power, (of the enemy.) 2. पराक्रम, and चक् who knows.

पराग m. (-तः) 1. The pollen or farina of a flower. 2. Dust. 3. Fragrant powder used after bathing. 4. Sandal. 5. The name of a mountain. 6. Fame, celebrity. 7. An eclipse of the sun or moon. 8. Following one's own inclinations. 2. परा implying supremacy, &c. and न who goes, च aff.

परागवत् mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Laden with pollen. 2. पराग, and चक्षु aff.

परागत m. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Spread, expanded. 2. Budded, blown. 2. पर, and चक् before, चक् to go, aff. च.

परागिन् mfn. (-गि-विभो-गि) Laden with pollen. 2. पराग, and इति aff.

पराङ्गद m. (-दः) A name of Śrīva. 2. पर another, (DURGA'), चक् form and द who gives ; forming with the goddess a deity, half male and half female ; or better, पर an enemy, Ka'madava, चक् body, and द who gives ; restoring the body of that deity to shape, after having reduced it to ashes in a rage.

पराङ्गव m. (-वः) Ocean. 2. पर another, (river,) चक् substance, water, and चक् who receives.

पराङ्मुख mfn. (-खः-खो-खं) Turning away, having the face averted. 2. पराङ्, and मुख the face.

पराङ्मुखा f. (-ता) 1. Turning away. 2. Regardless of. 3. Adverse from. 4. Unfavourable. 2. पराङ्मुख, and तक् aff. ; also with त्, पराङ्मुखः.

पराङ् mfn. (-ङ्-चो-चं) 1. Situated beyond or on the other side. 2. Distant. 2. परा + चक्षति-चिक् : see परच.

पराचित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Cherished or fostered by a stranger. 2. पर another, चक्षित nourished.

पराधीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Turned away, having the face averted. 2. Not minding, not caring about. 3. Happening subsequently. 4. Situated on the other side. 2. पराङ् or पराङ् turned away, चक् aff.

पराजय m. (-यः) 1. Defeat. 2. Overpowering. 3. Loss, failure, (as in law suit.) 4. The being overcome by, (with an ablative.) 2. परा implying encounter, contest, and चक्ष victory.

पराजयनाच mfn. (-चः-जा-जं) Overcoming, surpassing, defeating. 2. पर before, चि to conquer, चक्ष aff.

पराजित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Conquered, defeated, overcome. 2. Won at dice, &c. 2. परा encounter, and चक्ष conquered.

पराङ् or पराङ् mfn. (पराङ् पराचो पराङ्) Turned away, inverted, reversed. 2. परा away, चक् to go, aff. चिक्.

पराङ् m. (-ङः) 1. An oil mill. 2. Froth or foam. 3. The blade of a sword or knife : see परच.

पराङ्ग mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Superior to the best. 2. पर in the fifth case, and repeated in the first.

पराङ्गि m. (-ङः) A kind of reed, (Saccharum spontaneum.) चक्ष इतिभाषा ।

परादन mf. (-नः-ना) A horse of the Persian breed. ३. परा exceeding, चदन food. (चरदी चीकर)।  
 पराधि m. (-धः) Hunting, the chase. चरन्त्याधीकर्म, परममानस्ययायायम्।  
 पराधिकार m. (-रः) Another person's office or post. ३. पर, and चरिचकार superintendence.  
 पराधिकारचर्चा f. (-र्चा) Officiousness, interference with another's concern. ३. पराधिकार, and चर्चा searching.  
 पराधीन mfn. (-नः-ना न) Dependant, subject, subservient. ३. पर another, and चधीन humble, docile.  
 पराधीनता f. (-ता) Subjection, dependance. ३. तत् added to the last ; with त्, पराधीनत्व n. (-त्व)  
 परान(च)सा f. (-सा) The practice of medicine, administering remedies. ३. परान् enemies, (disease,) ची to destroy, aff. च ; form ण् ; or correctly : परा + चन-कारणे वा चस।  
 परान्न mfn. (-न्नः-ना-न्न) Living at another's expense. n. (-न्) 1. Food supplied by another. 2. Food dressed or touched by or belonging to another, ३. पर another, चन्न food.  
 परान्नभीजिन् mfn. (-जी-जिनी-जि) Living at another's cost. ३. परान्न, and भीजिन् who eats.  
 पराप mfn. (-पः-पा-प) A place, &c. whence water has retired. ३. पर away, चप water ; also परेप.  
 परापतन् mfn. (-तन्-तनी-तन्) Coming back quickly, returning hastily ३. पर, and चाङ् before, पत् to go, ग्रह aff.  
 परापर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Best and worst, prior and posterior, in front and behind, earlier and later, &c. n. (-र) (In Logic,) Community of property intermediate between the greatest and smallest numbers ; a species, as being between genus and individual. m. (-रः) A Guru of an intermediate class, a term applied in the Tantras to the goddess DURGA. ३. पर, and चपर another.  
 पराप्र(म)व m. (-वः) 1. Discomfiting, overcoming. 2. Contempt, disrespect, disgrace. 3. Destruction. 4. Mortification, humiliation. ३. परा disgrace, भू to be, चप् aff. or rarely चच्।  
 पराभूत mfn. (-तः-ता त) 1. Defeated, discomfited, overcome. 2. Degraded, humbled, treated with contempt. ३. परा disgrace, and भू been, become, from भू with क् aff.  
 परामर्श m. (-र्शः) 1. Discrimination, discriminating, distinguishing, judgment. 2. (In Logic,) Drawing conclusions from analogy or experience : knowledge of the existence of hetu in the Paksha. 3. Seising, pulling. 4. Violence, assault, attack. 5. Hindrance. 6. Reflection, consideration, investigation. ३. परा implying supremacy, &c. मृश् to deliberate, मावे चच् aff.  
 परावर्ष m. (-र्षः) Forbearance. ३. परा, and मृश् to bear, aff. चच्।  
 परामृत n. (-त) Raining. ३. पर beat, चमृत water.  
 परामृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) 1. Weighed, considered, Judged. 2. Connected with. 3. Touched or affected by. 4. Borne, endured. 5. Roughly handled, violated. ३. पर, and चाङ् before, मृश् to deliberate, or मृश् to bear, क् aff.  
 परायण mfn. subst. (-णः-या-ण) 1. Adherence to any pursuit, attachment to any object. 2. Dependance upon. 3. Best refuge. adj. 1. Adhering or attached to. 2. Connected with, depending upon. 3. Wish- ed, desired. n. (-ण) A religious order or division. ३. पर only, (one object,) चयन going.  
 परावत्त mfn. (-त्तः-ता-त्त) Dependant, subject. ३. पर another, चावत्त tame, humble. [sense.]  
 परारि ind. The year before last. ३. पर another, (last.) चरि aff. in this  
 परारिच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Belonging to the year before last. ३. परारि as above, and च aff.  
 पराह m. (-हः) A kind of gourd, (momordica charantia.) ३. पू to fill or satisfy, चाङ् aff. or परा + च + चच्। (उष्णा)। [parison.]  
 पराह m. (-हः) A stone or rock. ३. पराह a gourd, कच् aff. of com-

पराह mfn. (-हः-वा-ह) 1. Having another object or sense, &c. Designed or purposed by another. 3. The highest interest. The chief meaning. n. (-ह) For the sake or good of another. पर, and चर्ष object.  
 परार्थवादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Officious, intermeddling. ३. परार्थ, वादिन् who speaks.  
 परार्थ n. (-र्थ) 1. A great number, a lack of lack of crores, or a numb equal to half the term of BRAMHA's life, or as many mortal da as are equal to fifty of his years. 2. The other part, the last half. ३. पर, and चर्ष half.  
 परार्थ mfn. (-र्थः-र्था-र्थ) 1. Excellent, chief, principal, best. 2. Most costly. 3. Most beautiful. 4. Most exalted, highly esteemed. Most remote, most distant in number. n. (-र्थ) An immense, infinite number ; see the last. ३. परा best, चर्ष part, यत् aff.  
 परावर्षा f. (-र्षा) Indignity, insult, (received.) ३. पर, and चवर्षा disrespect  
 परावर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Before and after, prior and subsequent, far and near, earlier and later, higher and lower. 2. All including. ३. व and चवर after.  
 परावर्त्त m. (-त्तः) 1. Retreat, turning back. 2. Exchange, barter. 3. Reversal of a sentence. 4. Restoration. ३. परा, हत् to be, aff. चच्।  
 परावर्त्त mfn. (-त्तः-वर्त्ता-वर्त्त) 1. To be turned back. 2. To be exchanged 3. to be reserved, (as a sentence.) 4. To be given back or restor- ed. ३. परा, हत् to be, यत् aff.  
 परावर्त्त्यवधार m. (-रः) Appeal, (in law.) ३. परावर्त्त्य to be reserved व्यवहार judicial procedure.  
 परावित्त m. (-त्तः) A name of KUVERA. ३. पर an enemy, चावित्त frightened or परा + व्यथ-क्त।  
 परावृत्त mfn. (-त्तः-वा-वृत्त) 1. Fled, retreated, turned back. 2. Turned round, revolved. 3. Exchanged. 4. Reversed, (as a judgment) 5. Given back, restored. परा before, हत् to be, क् aff.  
 परावृत्ति f. (-त्ति) 1. Returning, retreating, turning back. 2. Revolving. 3. Exchange, barter. 4. Reversion of a judgment. 5. Restoration of property. ३. परा before, हत् to be, क्तिन् aff.  
 परावर m. (-रः) The father of the poet VYA'SA and a great Hindu law-giver. ३. पर best, य् to complete, with चाङ् prefixed, and चच् aff.  
 परावर्त्तिन् m. (-र्त्ति) A beggar, a wandering mendicant. ३. परावर्त्त the rules of PA'RA'SARA or VYA'SA, the founder of the tribe, and र्ति aff.; also परावर्त्तिन्.  
 परावृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वा-वृत्त) Dependent or relying upon another, m. (वृत्त) Dependance. f. (-वृत्त) A parasite plant. ३. पर another, चावृत्त asy- lum.  
 परावृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वा-वृत्त) Subject, dependent. ३. पर, and चावृत्त having refuge.  
 परावृत्त n. (-वृत्त) Killing, slaughter. ३. पर an enemy, चस् to throw or cast, aff. मावे कृद्.  
 परावृत्तिवृ mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्तः-वृत्त) 1. Desirous to throw or send. 2. Wishing to overcome. ३. पर before, चस् to throw, desid. वृ, च aff.  
 परावृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्तः-वृत्त) Dead, expired. ३. पर away, remote, चवृत्त vital breath.  
 परावृत्ता f. (-ता) 1. Death, extinction. 2. Drowsiness, sleepiness. ३. परावृत्त, and तत् aff. or with त्, परावृत्त.  
 परावृत्तिन् m. (-वृत्ति) A thief, a robber. ३. पर another's property, चवृत्त to steal, with चाङ् prefix, चिन् aff. (वाचावृत्त)।  
 परावृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वा-वृत्त) 1. Thrown, tossed. 2. Expelled, turned out. 3. Defeated. 4. Rejected. ३. पर, and चवृत्त to throw, क् aff.  
 परावृत्त m. (-वृत्त) The next day. ३. पर, and चवृत्त, for चवृत्त a day.  
 परावृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः-वा-वृत्त) 1. Assailed, attacked. 2. Struck back. 3. Re- pulsed. n. (-वृत्त) A stroke. ३. पर, चावृत्त struck.  
 परावृत्त n. (-वृत्त) The afternoon, the latter part of the day. ३. पर after, (past.) चवृत्त a day. टच् चवृत्तः चवृत्त।

परि A particle and prefix to words implying, 1. Ubiquity, (all round, on every side.) 2. Part, portion. 3. Abandonment, (away.) 4. End, term. 5. Sickness, infirmity. 6. Enforcement, stress, (even, very great.) 7. Separateness, several distributions, (each by each, &c.) 8. Embracing, encircling, (round, round about.) 9. Depreciation, exposure of faults. 10. Homage, respect. 11. Rejection, turning off or away. 12. Ornament. 13. Diffusion, extension. 14. Mark or sign. 15. Sorrow. 16. Cessation, stop, impediment. 17. Truth. 18. An exclamation of Pleasure or satisfaction. As परिपूर्ण, to adorn; परिच्छिन्न, to abandon; परिच्छिन्न, to divide; परिदेवितु, to lament; परिदृष्ट, to embrace; परिदृष्ट, to go about, to wander, &c.: see the following compound nouns. ३. पृ to complete, to satisfy, aff. इन्; in combination with roots forming nouns by चञ्, the इ of परि is sometimes optionally lengthened, as परी.

परिकथा f. (-तः) A work of fiction, a tale, a story, the history or adventures of any fabulous person. ३. परि implying ornament, and कथा a tale.

परिकल्प m. (-त्तः) 1. Fear, terror. 2. Trembling. ३. परि very great, कल्प a trembling, कल्पे चञ् aff.

परिकर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Who or what helps or assists. m. (-रः) 1. A sofa, a bed, 2. Dependents, retinue, train, 3. Multitude, numbers, a crowd. 4. A firm girth, a waist, a zone or sash. 5. Commencement. 6. Discrimination, judgment. 7. Covert or indirect intimation of wish or purpose, or of coming events in the plot of a drama. (In dramaturgy.) 8. Unusual meaning or expression. 9. Name of a figure of speech consisting in the employment of suggestive epithets (in rhetoric.) ३. परि round about, कर making.

परिकर्षण n. (-न) Cutting, cutting off or round, a circular incision. ३. परि, and कृत् to cut, कृत् aff.

परिकर्षण f. (-का) Sharp shooting pain, especially in the rectum. ३. परि, and कृत् to cut, कृत् aff.

परिकर्म m. (-र्मः) A priest who performs the marriage ceremony for a younger brother, whose elder brother is yet unmarried.

परिकर्म n. (-र्मः) 1. Personal decoration, dressing, painting or perfuming the body. 2. Perfuming the person after bathing. 3. Cleansing, purifying, (the body or the mind.) 4. Arithmetical computation. 5. Worship, adoration. m. (-र्मः) A servant, a slave. ३. परि implying ornament, and कर्मन् business.

परिक्रमाष्टक n. (-कः) The eight rules of arithmetic ३. परिक्रम, and अष्टक eight.

परिक्रम mfn. (-की-की-की-की) Adorning, decorating. m. (-की-की-की) A slave, a servant, ३. परिक्रम decoration, इति aff.

परिकल्पन n. (-न) Deceit, cheating.

परिकल्पन n. (-न) 1. Contriving, making, inventing. 2. Doing what is necessary, tending, providing food, rest, &c. 3. Dividing. 4. Settling, agreeing upon. ३. परि, कृत् to be able, कृत् aff.

परिकल्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Made, invented. 2. Divided. 3. Tended, waited upon, provided with all necessities. 4. Settled, agreed. ३. परि before, कृत् to be able, कृत् aff.

परिकल्प m. (-र्मः) Dragging out. ३. परि, कृत् to draw, कृत् aff.

परिकल्पित m. (-तः) A devotee, a religious ascetic. ३. परि gone, कृत् wish, and इत्त aff.; having no earthly desires.

परिकल्प mfn. (-र्मः-र्म-र्म) 1. Spread, diffused, scattered around or about. 2. Surrounded. ३. परि about, कृत् scattered.

परिकल्पन n. (-न) 1. Saying, telling. 2. Talking of, boasting. ३. परि before, कृत् celebrating.

परिकल्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Said, declared, promulgated. 2. Vaunted or boasted of. ३. परि, and कृत् famed.

परिकल्प n. (-तः) A barrier, a trench before the gate of a town, forming a sort of covered way. ३. परि round, कृत् a fort or house. कल्पितेच ।

परिकल्प mfn. (-र्मः-र्म-र्म) Emaciate, thin, wasted. ३. परि, and कृत् thin.

परिकल्प m. (-नः) 1. Walking, going. 2. Walking round or about, circumambulating, going about. 3. Roaming about. 4. Series, order. ३. परि about, around, कृत् going, कृत् चञ् aff.

परिकल्पक m. (-कः) A goat, ३. परिकल्प going about, and कृत् who bears.

परिकल्प m. (-यः) 1. Redemption, purchasing or purchasing back. 2. Giving up part of a treasure to preserve the rest. ३. परि, कृत् to buy, चञ् aff.

परिकल्प mfn. (-न-न-न-न) Going, going round or about. ३. परिकल्प to go, round, &c. यत् aff.

परिकल्प f. (-ता) 1. Enclosing, surrounding with a fence or ditch, &c., intrenching. 2. Attention. ३. परि round about, कृत् making.

परिकल्प m. (-तः) Vexation, trouble. ३. परि much, कृत् to be vexed, कृत् aff.

परिकल्प mfn. (-त-त-त) Vexed, annoyed. ३. परि before, कृत् to be worried, कृत् aff.

परिकल्प mfn. (-त-त-त) Wounded, abraded, cut, scratched, &c. ३. परि before, कृत् broken.

परिकल्प f. (-ति) Wounding, lesion. ३. परि before, कृत् rupture.

परिकल्प m. (-तः) 1. Waste, decay, dissolution, destruction. 2. Ruin, failure. ३. परि before, कृत् to waste, कृत् चञ् aff.

परिकल्प f. (-ता) Mud, dirt.

परिकल्प m. (-विन्) The name of a king, the son of ABHIMANYU, and grand-son of ARJUNA; see परोचित.

परिकल्प mfn. (-क-क-क) Who or what scatters, disperses, &c. ३. परि before, कृत् to throw, कृत् aff.

परिकल्प mfn. (-त-त-त) 1. Surrounded, encircled, intrenched. 2. Scattered, thrown about, diffused. 3. Left, abandoned. ३. परि round about, कृत् to throw, कृत् aff.

परिकल्प mfn. (-क-क-क) 1. Wasted, worn away, decayed. 2. Diminished, exhausted, decreased. 3. Lost, destroyed. 4. (In Law) Insolvent. ३. परि, and कृत् emaciate.

परिकल्प mfn. (-त-त-त) Drunk. ३. परि, and कृत् drunk.

परिकल्प m. (-य) Scattering, spreading, diffusion. 2. Surrounding. 3. Abandoning, leaving. 4. Moving about. 5. That by which any thing is surrounded. ३. परि about, कृत् throwing.

परिकल्प mfn. (-य-य-य) Who or what scatters or distributes, &c. ३. परि about, कृत् to throw, कृत् चञ् aff.

परिकल्प f. (-का) A moat, a ditch surrounding a fort or a town, &c. ३. परि round, कृत् to dig, कृत् aff.

परिकल्प m. (-तः) Fatigue, exhaustion, lassitude. ३. परि, कृत् depression.

परिकल्प mfn. (-त-त-त) Famous, celebrated. ३. परि before, कृत् said.

परिकल्प f. (-ति) Fame, reputation. ३. परि on every side, कृत् notoriety.

परिकल्प mfn. (-त-त-त) Reckoned, calculated. ३. परि, and कृत् counted.

परिकल्प mfn. (-त-त-त) 1. Known, understood. 2. Sought, inquired after. 3. Obtained, gained. 4. Forgotten. 5. Diffused, spread. 6. Obscured, detained. 7. Encircled, encompassed. ३. परि about, &c. and कृत् gone, become.

परिकल्प m. (-नः) 1. Surrounding. 2. Seeking for. 3. Knowing, ascertaining. 4. Obtaining. 5. Spreading, extending. ३. परि before, कृत् to go, कृत् aff.; also with कृत् परिकल्प.

परिकल्प mfn. (-त-त-त) Brought, conducted, driven. ३. परि, and कृत् to go, कृत् causal v., कृत् aff.

परिकल्प mfn. (-त-त-त) 1. Flowing, fluid. 2. Melted. f. (ता) 1. Sunk. 2. Dropped down, vanished. ३. परि before, कृत् to ooze, कृत् कृत् ।

परिकल्प n. (-क) Excessive blame.

परिकल्प mfn. (-क-क-क) 1. Quite secret, very mysterious. 2. Very difficult to understand. ३. परि + कृत् + कृत्.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. Taken, accepted. 2. Assented, consented to. 3. Obeyed. 4. Opposed, checked. f. (-ता) 1. Grasped. 2. Embraced. 3. Favoured. 4. Obeyed. म. परि before, षच् to take, ञ् aff.

परिग्रहा mfn. (-या-या-या) 1. To be taken or accepted. 2. To be regarded. f. (-या) A married woman. ind. 1. Having taken. 2. Considering, looking upon. म. परि encircling, षच् to take; aff. यत् or षप्.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Acceptance, taking. 2. Assent, consent. 3. Dependents, a family, a train or retinue. 4. A wife. 5. Root, origin. 6. An oath. 7. The reserve of an army, a corps posted with the general, four hundred yards in the rear of the line : see प्रतिग्रह. 8. Maintaining, observing. 9. Continued possession, continuance. 10. Subjugation, making subservient or subject. 11. Connexion, concern, business or interference with. 12. Comprehension. 13. The sun near the moon's node. 14. Surrounding. 15. Putting on (as a dress). 16. Marriage. 17. An epithet of Vishnu. म. परि intensive prefix, or round about, &c. and षच् taking, षप् aff.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) A mound or place prepared for a burnt offering at a ceremony which requires three or four such places, placed to the north or east, &c. as उत्तरपरिग्रह, पुष्पपरिग्रह. म. परि about, षच् to take, aff. षच्.

परिग्रह mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Wearied out, exhausted. f. (-ता) Adverse from. म. परि intensive, ग्रन् wearied.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. A bludgeon, a stick mounted with iron, or an iron club. 2. Killing, striking, destroying. 3. The nineteenth of the astronomical Yōgas. 4. The pin or bolt of a door. 5. A glass vessel. 6. A pike, a spear. 7. A water jar. 8. The outer door or gate of a palace. 9. A house : see परिग्रह. म. परि round about, षच् to kill, षप् aff., च substituted for the root.

परिग्रहित mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. Rubbed repeatedly. 2. Much handled or touched. म. परि and ग्रहित rubbed.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Killing, striking. 2. A weapon. म. परि completely, षच् to kill, aff. षच् and the root changed.

परिग्रहत n. (-नं) 1. Striking, hurting, killing. 2. A staff or bludgeon armed with iron. म. परि before, षच् to kill, aff. खार्त्-विच्-कन्ति-न्त् ।

परिग्रहीत m. (-हः) 1. Sound. 2. Improper or blamable discourse. 3. The muttering or grumbling of clouds. म. परि intensive or deprecativ prefix, and शीघ्र sound.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Acquaintance, intimacy. 2. Accumulation. 3. Meeting with a friend. 4. Study, Practice. 5. Recognition. म. परि about, षच् to gather, aff. षच्.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. To be known. 2. To be collected. म. परि before, षच् to heap, aff. षच्.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. A guard, a body-guard. 2. An attendant, a companion, a servant. 3. A commander-in-chief. म. परि about, and ग्र who goes.

परिग्रहा f. (-या) 1. Service, dependence. 2. Veneration, worship. म. परि about, षच् to go, aff. षच्.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. A place for preparing or holding a sacrificial fire. 2. Sacrificial fire in general. 3. Raising the rent or revenue of land. म. परि worship, &c. षच् to collect, aff. षच्, form specific. [खच् aff.]

परिग्रह m. (-हः) A servant, an attendant. म. परि before, षच् to go, षच्.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) To be served or obeyed, to be worshipped. म. परि before, षच् to go, षच् aff.

परिग्रहित mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. Known, acquainted with. 2. Heaped, accumulated. 3. Learnt, Practised. म. परि before, षच् to collect, ञ् aff.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. To be known, fit or proper to be known as an acquaintance. 2. To be collected together. म. परि, and ग्रित to be gathered.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. To be collected all round, or from every side. 2. To be known as an acquaintance. म. परि before, षच् to collect, aff. षच्.

परिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Lost, gone, deprived or devoid of. म. परि and षच् fallen.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Court, train, attendants, retinue. 2. Family, dependents. 3. Goods and chattels, personal property. 4. Dress, paraphernalia. 5. Covering. 6. Clothes. म. परि round, षच् to cover, aff. षच्.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) Retinue, train. म. परि around, षच् to cover, षच्.

परिग्रह mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. Covered, clothed. 2. Invested, enclosed. 3. Having a retinue or paraphernalia. 4. Overlaid. 5. Surrounded. म. परि before, षच् to cover, ञ् aff.

परिग्रहित f. (-ति) 1. Partition, separation, &c. 2. Accurate definition. म. परि + हिट्-भावे-तिन्त् ।

परिग्रहित mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. Detached, divided, cut off. 2. Resisted, remedied. 3. Limited, confined. म. परि before, हिट् to cut, ञ् aff.

परिग्रहित m. (-हः) 1. Segment, division, cutting or severing. 2. Discrimination. 3. Limit, boundary. 4. Obviating, remedying. 5. The division of a book, a section or chapter. 6. Moderation. 7. Accurate distinction or definition. 8. Exact determination. म. परि successively, severally, षच् cutting.

परिग्रहित n. (-नं) 1. Dividing, division. 2. Discriminating. 3. The division of a book. 4. Laughter, expressive of joy. म. परि before, हिट् to divide, aff. षच्.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Dependents, servants, family, followers. 2. Train, retinue, Suit, (especially the maids of a lady). म. परि about, and ग्र a person.

परिग्रहित n. (-नं) 1. The covert reproaches of a mistress neglected or ill-used by her lover. 2. A servant's indication of his superiority by finding fault with his master. म. परि, and जलित prattling.

परिग्रहित mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Known, ascertained. म. परि, and ज्ञात known.

परिग्रहित mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Wise, intelligent, one who has knowledge. म. परि before, ज्ञा to know, षच् aff.

परिग्रहित n. (-नं) Knowledge, ascertainment, discrimination. म. परि, and ज्ञान knowledge.

परिग्रह ind. Having known or ascertained. म. परि, and ज्ञात having known.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) 1. Moon. 2. Fire. म. परि before, ज्ञा a sautra root, means to be quick, Una'di aff. कदिन्त्.

परिग्रहित n. (-नं) The flight of a bird in circles. म. परि round, गे or जेनङ flying.

परिग्रह mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. Ripe, mature. 2. Bowed, bent. 3. Aimed at directed to, inclined to. 4. Changed or transformed into. 5. Digested. 6. Full grown. 7. Advanced, come to a close, ended. म. (-तः) An elephant stooping to strike with his tusks. n. (-नं) Capital, stock, wealth accumulated for the sake of profit. म. परि before, षच् to bend or bow, aff. ञ्.

परिग्रहित f. (-ति) 1. Bending, bowing. 2. Ripeness. 3. Transformation. 4. Fulfilment. 5. Result, issue. 6. Old age. 7. Conclusion, end. म. परि before, षच् to bow, ञ् aff.

परिग्रह m. (-हः) Marriage. म. परि successively or individually, षच् to take, षच् aff.; also with षट् aff. परिग्रह.

परिग्रहित m. (-नं) 1. Change of form or state. 2. Maturity, fulness, ripeness. 3. End, last stage or state. 4. Digestion. 5. Result. 6. A figure of speech closely resembling Rupaka and minute distinguished by it; it consists in transferring the properties of any object to that with which it is compared. म. परि before, षच् to end, aff. षच्.

परिवाहदक्षिण mfn. (-यो-विनी-दि) Who looks forward or to the end.  
 ३. परिवाह, and दक्षिण who sees.  
 परिवाहनिरोध m. (-यः) Human viciousness; as birth, growth, death,  
 &c. ३. परिवाह and निरोध obstruction, (of final felicity.)  
 परिवाहपथ mfn. (-यः-या-य) Suited to a future stage or condition.  
 ३. परिवाह. and पथ good for.  
 परिवाहपूज m. (-यः) Flatulence with pain or vomiting after eating,  
 dyspepsia. ३. परिवाह, and पूज colic.  
 परि(री)वाय m. (-यः) 1. Leading or taking round. 2. Moving a piece  
 at chess, draughts, &c. ३. परि about, यो to take, aff. चञ्.  
 परिवायक m. (-कः) 1. A husband. 2. A leader. ३. परि before, यो to take,  
 चञ् aff.  
 परिवाच m. (-वः) Width, breadth. 2. Circumference of a circle. ३.  
 परि extension, बद्ध to bind, aff. चञ् वा दीर्घः ।  
 परिचिंसक mfn. (-क-कार-क) Who or what eats or feeds upon. 2. Who  
 or what kisses. ३. परि before, निमि to kiss, वृञ् aff.  
 परिचिंसा f. (-सा) 1. Eating. 2. Kissing. ३. परि before, निमि to kiss,  
 वृञ् and टाप् affixes.  
 परिचिन्सु mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Seeking to take or lay hold of. ३. परि, नय्  
 to lose, ङ aff. desid. v.  
 परिचिहा f. (-हा) Perfect skill.  
 परिचीत mfn. (-त-ता-त) Married. ३. परि before, यो to take, ऋ aff.  
 परिचिंत m. (-ता) A husband. ३. परि before, यो to take, वृञ् aff.  
 परिचिंतय n. (-य) Gratifying.  
 परिचिंत ind. 1. Around, every way, all round. 2. Towards. ३. परि  
 round, and तसिञ् aff.  
 परि(री)राय m. (-यः) 1. Pain, anguish. 2. Sorrow. 3. A division of hell.  
 4. Heat, warmth. 5. Fear. 6. Trembling. ३. परि exceeding, ताप्  
 burning.  
 परिपुष्ट mfn. (-ष्ट-ष्ट-ष्ट) Pleased, delighted. ३. परि much, तुष्ट pleased.  
 परिपुष्टि f. (-ष्टि) Contentment.  
 परिप्लव m. (-यः) Pleasure, satisfaction, delight. ३. परि entirely, तोव  
 pleasure.  
 परिप्लव mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Void or deprived of, left, quitted, abandon-  
 ed. 2. Let go, let fly, (as an arrow). 3. Bereft of, (with an instru-  
 mental.) ३. परि, and लङ् left.  
 परिप्लव n. (-न) 1. Distributing, dispersing. 2. Abandoning. ३. परि  
 about, लङ् to abandon, लृट् aff.  
 परिप्लव ind. Having abandoned. ३. परि before, लङ् to leave,  
 लृप् aff.  
 परिप्राग m. (-गः) 1. Abandonment, quitting, omission, desertion.  
 2. Loss, privation. 3. Liberality ३. परि away, त्याग quitting.  
 परिप्रागिन् mfn. (-गो-विनी-गि) Abandoning, quitting. ३. परि before, लङ्  
 to quit, विनि aff.  
 परिप्राग mfn. (-ग-ग-ग) To be left or abandoned. ३. परि before, लङ्  
 to leave, लृट् aff.  
 परिप्राग mfn. (-ग-ग-ग) Afraid. ३. परि much, बह्वर्था alarmed.  
 परिप्राग n. (-य) 1. Warding a blow, self-defence. 2. Preserving,  
 rescue, deliverance, protecting. ३. परि about, वाच preserving.  
 परिप्राग m. (-य) Sponginess of the gums. ३. परि, and दृग् rending.  
 परिप्राग n. (-न) Scorching, burning. ३. परि, and दृग् to burn, aff. लृट्.  
 परिप्राग n. (-न) 1. Barter, exchange, returning any thing or its equi-  
 valent. 2. Donation. 3. Resitution of a deposit. ३. परि recipro-  
 cally, दाग giving.  
 परि(री)दाय m. (-य) 1. Burning. 2. Pain, sorrow.  
 परिप्रागिन् mfn. (-गो-विनी-गि) Hot, scorching. ३. परि before, दृग् to  
 burn, विचिञ् aff.  
 परिप्राग m. (-य) Wailing, lamentation.  
 परिप्राग mfn. (-ग-ग-ग) Who or what laments or complains. ३. परि  
 before, दिव् to play, लृट् aff.

परिप्राग nf. (-न-न) Lamentation, complaint, bewailing. 2. Fearing. ३.  
 परि implying grief, दिव्य showing, playing.  
 परिप्राग n. (-न) 1. Lamentation. 2. Repentance. ३. परि before, दिव् to  
 play, ऋ aff.  
 परिप्राग mfn. (-गो-विनी-गि) 1. Lamenting. 2. Fearing, apprehensive. ३.  
 परि before, दिव् to play, इनि aff.  
 परिप्राग n. (-न) 1. A lower garment. 2. Vesture, clothes. 3. Putting  
 on, (a garment), dressing. ३. परि about, round, धाव्य having.  
 परिप्राग n. (-य) An under-garment, also परिप्राग ।  
 परिप्राग m. (-यः) 1. Retinue, attendants. 2. The posteriors. 3. A piece of  
 water. ३. परि circling surrounding, धाव्य to have, चञ् aff. and दृक्  
 augment.  
 परिधि m. (-धि) 1. The circumference of a circle. 2. The disk of the  
 sun or moon. 3. The periphery of a wheel. 4. The horizon, circle  
 surrounding the globe, a great circle. 5. An epicycle. 6. The  
 branch of the tree to which the victim at a sacrifice is tied.  
 7. A wooden frame round the hole in which a sacrificial  
 fire is lighted. 8. A wall, a fence. ३. परि around, धाव्य to have,  
 ऋ aff.  
 परिधि m. (-यः) 1. A guard, a body-guard. 2. An aide-de-camp, an  
 officer attendant on the king or general. ३. परिधि around, (the  
 king,) य्य who stands.  
 परिपुष्टि mfn. (-त-ता-त) Perfumed. ३. परि, and पुष्टि perfumed.  
 परिपुष्टि m. (-न) 1. Injury, destruction. 2. A man of a mixed caste.  
 3. Failure. 4. Loss of caste. ३. परि before, पुष्टि to lose, चञ् aff.  
 परिनिवेष्टन n. (-न) Distributing, dispensing, giving. ३. परि and निर-  
 before, वप् to give, लृट् aff.  
 परिनिवेष्टन f. (-स) Liberality, wish to give. ३. परि, and निर- before,  
 वप् to give, desid. form, चञ् and टाप् aff.  
 परिनिवेष्टन mfn. (-स-स-स) Desirous of giving. ३. परि, and निर-  
 before, वप् to give ङ aff. desid. v.  
 परिनिवेष्टन mfn. (-न-ता-त) Skilled in, acquainted with. ३. परि, and  
 नि before, य्या to stay, ऋ aff.  
 परिप्राग m. (-न) Completing the sense of a passage. ३. परि, and व्यास  
 position.  
 परिप्राग mfn. (-व-व-व) 1. Cooked, dressed. 2. Mature. 3. Shrewd,  
 knowing. 4. Digested. 5. On the point of decay. ३. परि before,  
 पक्व ripe.  
 परिप्राग f. (-ता) 1. Being dressed or cooked. 2. Maturity, perfection.  
 3. Shrewdness. 4. Digestion. ३. तक् added to the last.  
 परिप्राग n. (-य' or न) Capital, principal, stock ३. परि severally, पक्व  
 price.  
 परिप्राग mfn. (-न-ता-त) Plodged, plighted, agreed, promised. ३. परि,  
 and वप् to pledge, ऋ aff.  
 परिप्राग m. (-दो) An enemy. ३. परि against, पद् to go, इनि aff.  
 परिप्राग m. (-क) An enemy, an antagonist. ३. परि opposition, पद्  
 who goes.  
 परिप्राग mfn. (-यो-विनी) 1. An enemy, an antagonist. 2. A robber, a  
 high-way-man, a bandit. f. (विनी) Opposing, hindering. ३. परि  
 obstacle or opposition, पद् who goes the road.  
 परि(री)प्राग m. (-कः) 1. Being cooked or dressed. 2. Maturity, perfec-  
 tion. 3. Cleverness, shrewdness. 4. Digestion. 5. The fruit or  
 consequence of actions. ३. परि before, पक्व to cook or ripen, चञ् aff.  
 परिप्रागिन् mfn. (-गो-विनी-गि) Who or what cooks, ripens, digests,  
 &c. f. (-नो) A drug. (Convolvulus turpethum.) ३. परि completely,  
 पक्व to ripen, aff. विनि, fem. aff. लृट्.  
 परिप्रागि(टी) f. (-टि: or टी) 1. Order, method, arrangement. 2. Arith-  
 metic. ३. परि several distribution, पटि proceeding, from पट् to go,  
 in the causal form, aff. दृक्.  
 परिप्राग m. (-अः) Complete enumerations.

वरिदायन म. (-न) Protecting, cherishing. E. वरि, and दायन the same.  
 वरिदायित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Protected, cherished. E. वरि, and दायित  
 protected.  
 वरिदिष्टक n. (-क) Lead. E. वरि + दिष्ट-क संज्ञायाम् कन् ।  
 वरिदोहन n. (-न) 1. Squeezing, pressing out. 2. Injuring, hurting.  
 वरिपुटन n. (-न) Peeling, desquamation, removing the bark, losing  
 the bark. E. वरि before, पुट् to reduce, and ण्यट् aff.  
 वरिपुष्पा f. (-ता) A sort of cucumber, (C. madraspansus.) (गोलुक्) ।  
 वरिपूजन n. (-न) Worshipping, adoring. E. वरि before, पूज् to worship,  
 ण्यट् aff.; also वरिपूजा.  
 वरिपूजित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Served, worshipped, adored. E. वरि, पूज् to  
 worship, क्त aff. .  
 वरिपुत्र mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Pure, purified. 2. Winnowed, threshed,  
 freed from the chaff. E. वरि, and पुत्र pure.  
 वरिपूष mfn. (-ष-ष्-प-प) 1. Full, entire, complete. 2. Self-satisfied,  
 content. E. वरि quite, पूष full.  
 वरिपूषता f. (-ता) 1. Completion, entireness, fullness. 2. Satiety or  
 satisfaction. E. वरि completely, पूषता fullness.  
 वरिपूषल n. (-ल) Completion, &c.; see the last. E. वरि, and पूषल full-  
 ness.  
 वरिपेक्ष n. (-क्ष) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) E. वरि extension,  
 पेक्ष् to go, aff. ण्यट्.  
 वरिपेक्षर fn. (-रा-र) A grass. f. (-र) Very fine, very delicate. See the  
 last. E. As above, रन् added.  
 वरिपोट m. (-ट) A particular disease of the ear, (in medicine).  
 Also वरिपोटक ।  
 वरिपोषण n. (-ण) Furthering, promoting, nourishing.  
 वरिप्रश्न m. (-प्र) Inquiry, interrogation.  
 वरिप्रेम्भु mfn. (म्भु-म्भु-म्भु) Desiring, seeking. E. वरि, and प्र before,  
 ण्यप् to obtain, ण् aff. desid. व.  
 वरिप्रेषण n. (-ण) Abandoning, leaving, sending or putting away. E. वरि  
 before, प्रेष् to send, aff. ण्यट्.  
 वरिप्रेषित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Abandoned, left, put or sent away. E. वरि  
 before, प्रेष् to send, क्त aff.  
 वरिपुत्र mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Shaking, trembling. 2. Unsteady, restless,  
 moveable. 3. Floating. m. (-त) 1. Bathing, wetting with water,  
 immersing. 2. Inundation. 3. Oppression, tyranny. 4. A boat. E.  
 वरि about, पुत्र what goes, from पु to go, aff. ण्यट्.  
 वरिपूत mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Immersed, inundated. 2. Wetted, bathed.  
 f. (-ता) Spirituous or vinous liquor. n. (-त) A spring, a jump. E.  
 वरि every where, पु to go, aff. क्त. मेघुनवेदनायुक्ते, नायुक्ते देव ।  
 वरिपूष्ट f. (-ष्ट) Burnt.  
 वरिपूष m. (-ष) 1. Retinue, train. 2. Insignia of royalty. 3.  
 Wealth. 4. Thing, substance. 5. Furniture. E. वरि about, or a  
 mark, a sign. षष् to cover, ण्यट् aff.  
 वरिपूष (र)पूष n. (-पू) 1. Retinue, train. 2. Fatigue, hardship.  
 वरिपूष (र)पूष n. (-पू) 1. Prosperity, welfare. 2. Appendix, supplement.  
 वरिपूष (र)पूष fn. (-त-त) 1. Increased, augmented. 2. Furnished with.  
 n. (-त) The roar of an elephant.  
 वरिपूष m. (-पू) Breaking to pieces, shattering. E. वरि, and पूष a  
 breaking.  
 वरि(-रो)पूष m. (-पू) 1. Disrespect, contempt, disgrace. 2. Defeat, dis-  
 comfiture. E. वरि implying depreciation, and पूष being; also वरिपूष.  
 वरिपूषपद n. (-पद) Disgrace, a disgraceful situation. E. वरिपूष, and  
 पद degree.  
 वरिपूषपद n. (-पद) A situation of disgrace or defeat. E. वरिपूष, and  
 पद situation.  
 वरिपूष mfn. (-रो-विरो-वि) 1. Treating with contumely or disrespect.  
 2. Suffering disrespect. E. वरि before, पू to be, विनि aff. der. irr.  
 or वरिपूष, and पद aff.

वरिपूष m. (-पू) Disrespect; see वरिपूष.  
 वरिपूष mfn. (-रो-विरो-वि) 1. Irreverent, disrespectful. 2. Putting to  
 shame, surpassing. E. वरि before, पू to be, विनि aff.  
 वरिपूष mfn. (-पू-पू-पू) Who or what shames or humbles another.  
 E. वरि before, पू to be, ण्यट् aff.  
 वरिपूष n. (-पू) 1. Reproof, abuse, ridicule, expression of censure or  
 contempt. 2. Addressing, discourse, conversing. 3. Agreement,  
 engagement. 4. Rule, precept. E. वरि exposure of faults, or  
 mutually, &c., पूष speaking.  
 वरिपूषाय mfn. (-य-या-य) 1. Reprehensible, liable to or deserving  
 reproof. 2. To be addressed or spoken to. E. वरि before, पूष to  
 speak, वनीयर् aff.  
 वरिपूष f. (-पू) 1. A technicality, a conventional term in any science.  
 2. (In Grammar.) A maxim given by the ancient grammarians  
 as a summary interpretation of the rules of PĀṆINI. 3. (In medi-  
 cine.) Prognosis. 4. Abuse, ridicule. 5. A speech. 6. Censure,  
 blame. E. वरि severally, and पूष speech.  
 वरिपूषित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Said. 2. Formed or used technically. E.  
 वरि, पूष to speak, क्त aff.  
 वरिपूष mfn. (पू-पू-पू) Enjoyed, possessed, eaten. E. वरि, and पूष् to  
 enjoy, क्त aff.  
 वरिपूष f. (-पू) Bowed, bent.  
 वरिपूष mfn. (-त-ता-त) Treated with contempt or disrespect, dis-  
 regard, despised. E. वरि exposure of fault, and पूष become.  
 वरिपूष ind. Disgracing, shaming, outvicing, having disgraced, &c. E.  
 वरि before, पू to be, ण्यट् aff.  
 वरिपूष Peace obtained by cession of the revenue of a land.  
 वरिपूष mfn. (-पू-पू-पू) 1. One who uses another's property  
 without leave. 2. Possessing, one who possesses or enjoys. E. वरि  
 and पूष् to enjoy, तच् aff.  
 वरिपूष m. (-पू) 1. Using or living upon another person's pro-  
 perty without leave or improperly. 2. Possession, enjoyment,  
 especially sexual enjoyment. E. वरि, पूष् to enjoy, aff. ण्यट्.  
 वरिपूष m. (-पू) 1. Escape. 2. Falling from.  
 वरिपूष m. (-पू) 1. Wandering, going about. 2. Error. 3. Rambling  
 discourse. वरि before, पूष to roam, चञ्च aff.; also with ण्यट्.  
 वरिपूष.  
 वरिपूष mfn. (-पू-पू-पू) Fallen, degraded, deprived of, void of, (with  
 an ablative, or instrumental.) E. वरि, and पूष fallen.  
 वरिपूष n. (-पू) A ball, a globe, a circle. f. (-पू) Globular, cir-  
 cular. E. वरि round, and पूष a sphere or circumference.  
 वरिपूषता f. (-ता) Rotundity, circularity. E. वरिपूष, and तच् aff.;  
 also वरिपूषतम्, with तच् aff.  
 वरिपूषित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Rounded, made round or circular E.  
 वरिपूष, and तच् aff.  
 वरिपूष f. (-पू) Extremely slow.  
 वरिपूष mfn. (-पू-पू-पू) 1. Little, a little, not much. 2. Slow. 3. Dull.  
 E. वरि and पूष slow.  
 वरिपूष m. (-पू) Air, wind. E. वरि + पूषावाते षप् ।  
 वरिपूष n. (-पू) 1. Rubbing, grinding. 2. Embracing, pressing. 3.  
 Trampling or destroying. E. वरि, and पूष rubbing.  
 वरिपूष m. (-पू) 1. An exquisite scent, especially arising from the  
 trituration of fragrant substances. 2. The trituration of perfume.  
 3. Copulation. 4. A meeting of learned men. 5. Soil, stain, dirt. E.  
 वरि extension, पूष to increase, aff. ण्यट्.  
 वरिपूष mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Soiled, despoiled of freshness or beauty.  
 2. Perfumed. E. वरिपूष, and तच् aff.  
 वरिपूष m. (-पू) 1. Contact, propinquity. 2. Friction. E. वरि, and पूष  
 to touch, ण्यट् aff.  
 वरिपूष m. (-पू) Envy, dislike. E. वरि before, पूष to bear, aff. ण्यट्.

परिमात्रं m. (-न्-ः) 1. Friction. 2. Touch. 3. Cleaning, wiping. E. परि before, वृत् to clean, वृत् aff.  
 परिमात्रितव mfn. (-न्-ः-वा-व) To be sought after. E. परि before, मात्रं to search, तव aff.  
 परिमात्रं mfn. (-न्-ः-वा-व) 1. To be cleaned or cleansed. 2. To be rubbed. E. परि completely, वृत् to clean, वृत् aff.; also परिद्वय.  
 परि(री)माण n. (-न्) 1. Measure. 2. Measuring. 3. Weight, number, value. E. परि completely, and मात्र measuring. परि + मा-वृत् ।  
 परिमाणीय mfn. (-न्-ः-वा-व) To be measured. E. परि before, मा to measure, वृत् aff.; also परिमात्रव्य and परिमेय.  
 परिमात्रं n. (-न्) Cleaning, cleansing. 2. A dish of honey and oil. E. परि completely, वृत् to cleanse, aff. भावे-वृत् ।  
 परिमित mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) 1. Joined. 2. Meted, measured. 3. Regulated. E. परि, मा to measure, मा aff.  
 परिमितभुज् mfn. (-न्) Temperate, abstemious. E. परिमित, and भुज् who eats or enjoys.  
 परिमिताहार mfn. (-न्-ः-रा-र) Eating moderately. E. परिमित, and आहार food.  
 परिमिति f. (-तिः) Measure, quantity. E. परि, मा to measure क्तिन् aff.  
 परिमिलन n. (-न्) Touch, contact.  
 परितुष्य f. (-त्वा) Lovely yet simple, fascinating but foolish.  
 परितुष्य mfn. (-न्-ः-वा-व) 1. To be cleaned. 2. To be touched. E. परि before, वृत् to clean, aff. कृप्; also परिमात्रं.  
 परितुष्ट mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) 1. Rubbed, ground. 2. Embraced, clasped. E. परि before, वृत् to rub, क्त aff.  
 परितुष्ट mfn. (-न्-ः-टा-ट) 1. Rubbed, touched. 1. Embraced, clasped. 3. Invested. 4. Spread, pervaded. 5. Washed, cleaned, purified. E. परि before, वृत् to rub, क्त aff.  
 परितुष्ट mfn. (-न्-ः-वा-व) 1. Envy. 2. Rubbing. E. परि before, वृत् to bear, क्त aff.  
 परिमेय mfn. (-न्-ः-वा-व) 1. Measurable, to be measured. 2. Few, select. E. परि before, मा to measure, यत् aff.  
 परिमोक्षिन् m. (-न्) A thief, a robber. E. परि every where, सुप् to steal, aff. ताच्छी-इति ।  
 परिमोक्षन् n. (-न्) Fascinating, beguiling. E. परि, and मोक्षन् fascinating.  
 परिमोक्षिन् mfn. (-न्-ः-वा-व) What is bewitching, fascinating, &c. E. परि before, सुप् to be foolish, चिपुन् aff.  
 परिमृष्ट mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) 1. Soiled, stained. 2. Waned, withered, faded. 3. Diminished, impaired. n. (-न्) 1. Soil. 2. Change of countenance by fear or grief. E. परि, and मृष्ट dirty.  
 परिदक्ष n. (-न्) Guarding, defending, preserving. E. परि around, and दक्ष preserving.  
 परिदहन n. (-न्) Crying, crying aloud. E. परि before, दृट् to cry, and कृट् aff.  
 परिदम्भ mfn. (-न्-ः-वा-व) 1. Embraced. 2. Encircled. E. परि before, रम्भ् to begin, क्त aff.  
 परिदम्भाय mfn. (-न्-ः-वा-व) Embracing. E. परि, and रम्भ् to begin, शानच् aff.  
 परिदम्भाय mfn. (-न्-ः-वा-व) Being embraced. E. परि everywhere, रम्भ् to go, pass. व., शानच् aff.  
 परिदम्भ m. (-न्) Embrace, embracing. E. परि about, रम्भ् to begin, aff. वृत्, and मुम् augment.  
 परिदम्भ n. (-न्) Embracing. E. परि before, रम्भ् to begin, कृट् aff.  
 परिदम्भ mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) Crying, crying aloud, screaming, &c. E. परि before, दृट् to cry, ताच्छी-इति चिपुन् aff.  
 परिदम्भमान mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) Wishing or trying to embrace. E. परिदम्भ to embrace, desid. व. शानच् aff.  
 परिदम्भ mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) Gone, lost. E. परि completely, वृत् lost.  
 परिदम्भ mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) Senseless. E. परिदम्भ, and दम्भ sign of life.

परिदम्भ m. (-न्) An outline, a sketch. E. परि + दिव-वरवे वृत् ।  
 परिदम्भ m. (-न्) 1. Injury. 2. Neglect, omission.  
 परिदम्भ m. (-न्) A year. E. परि end, वरवर a year.  
 परिदम्भ n. (-न्) 1. Reviling, accusing. 2. Crying out, clamouring, screaming. E. परि, and वृत् to speak, aff. कृट् ।  
 परिदम्भ n. (-न्) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Quitting, abandonment. E. परि finally, वृत् to shun, aff. कृट् । [वृत् to shun, क्त aff.]  
 परिदम्भ mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) 1. Abandoned. 2. Devoid of. E. परि before, परि(री)वत् m. (-न्-ः) 1. Going or turning back. 2. Turning round, revolving. 3. Flight, retreat, desertion. 4. Exchange, barter. 5. Requit, return. 6. The end of a period of four ages, or destruction of the world. 7. A chapter, a book, a canto, &c. 8. The king of the tortoises, or the tortoise incarnation. E. परि severally, &c. वृत् to be, aff. भावे वृत् ।  
 परिदम्भ mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) 1. Who or what turns back or round. 2. Who or what requites, exchanges, &c. 3. Leaving off a thing begun for some other object. E. परि, and वृत् to be, वृत् aff.  
 परिदम्भ n. (-न्) 1. Turning back or round, returning. 2. Turning round, revolving. 3. Barter, exchange. 4. Requit, return. 5. Inverting, taking or putting any thing in a wrong direction. E. परि around, वृत् to be, भावे-वृत् aff.  
 परिदम्भ mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) 1. Turned round, revolved. 2. Returned, retreated. 3. Taken out but on in a wrong direction. 4. Exchanged. E. परि before, वृत् to be, क्त aff.  
 परिदम्भ mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) 1. Revolving, going round. 2. Returning. 3. Flying, retreating. 4. Exchanging. 5. Requiring, recompensing. E. परि, and वृत् to be, चिपुन् aff.  
 परिदम्भ n. (-न्) 1. Growing, increasing. 2. Rearing, breeding, (as of cattle.) E. परि, and वृत् increasing. [to increase, क्त aff.]  
 परिदम्भ mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) Increased, augmented. E. परि before, वृत् परिदम्भ m. (-न्-ः) 1. Train, retinue, dependents. 2. Royal insignia. E. परि around, वृत् to cover, वृत् aff.; also परिदम्भं ।  
 परिदम्भ m. (-न्) A village. E. परि about, वृत् to abide, aff. वापरी वृत् ।  
 परिदम्भ m. (-न्) Name of the second of the seven courses of wind. E. परि + वृत्-वृत् ।  
 परिदम्भ m. (-न्) 1. Abuse reproach, reproof. 2. Charge, accusation. 3. The bow or quill of the lute or fiddle. E. परि censure, &c. and वाद speech.  
 परिदम्भ m. (-न्) An accuser, a plaintiff, a complaint or calumniator. E. परि implying censure, वृत् to speak, वृत् aff.  
 परिदम्भ mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) 1. Who or what reproaches, accuses, &c. 2. Censured, abused. 3. Calling out, crying, screaming. m. (-न्) An accuser, a reprover; (in Law,) a plaintiff. f. (-न्) A lute or a vina, with seven strings. E. परिदम्भ as above, इति aff. or परि before, वृत् to speak, ताच्छी-इति चिपुन् aff.  
 परिदम्भ m. (-न्) 1. Shaving, shearing. 2. A pool, a pond, a piece of water. 3. Train, retinue. 4. Sowing. 5. Furniture. E. परि before, वृत् to shave, aff. वृत् ।  
 परिदम्भ n. (-न्) Shaving, shearing. E. परि before, वृत् to cut or shave, causal v. aff. कृट् ।  
 परिदम्भ mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) Shaven, shorn. E. परिदम्भ shaving, aff. वृत् or परि + वृत्-वृत्-क्त ।  
 परिदम्भ m. (-न्) 1. Dependent. 2. Train or retinue. 3. A scabbard, a sheath. E. परि round, वृत् to be, aff. वृत् ।  
 परिदम्भ f. (-न्) Subjection, dependance. E. तव added to परिदम्भ.  
 परिदम्भ mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) Surrounded, enclosed or begirt by. E. परि, and वरित impeded. [aff.]  
 परिदम्भ m. (-न्) Abiding, abode. E. परि, and वृत् to dwell, वृत् परिदम्भ mfn. (-न्-ः-ता-त) Respectfully attentive to superiors. E. परि respect, वृत् to abide, aff. क्त, and दृट् inserted.



**परि(ती)राज m. (-पः)** 1. An inundation, an overflowing, natural or artificial. 2. An water course or a drain to carry off excess of water.  
**परि about, वृत् to bear, aff. वञ्**; also **परीराज**.  
**परिगणवत् m. (-वः/व)** A pond or pool. **परिगण** a drain, and **वत्** poss. aff.  
**परिगणित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** Drained. **परिगण**, and **वत्** aff.  
**परिविह(र) m. (-वः or रः)** An unmarried elder brother whose junior is married. **परि** before, **विद्** to know, **क्** aff.  
**परिविणि m. (-निः)** An unmarried elder brother, the younger being married and a householder. **परि** abandoning, and **विद्** to cover, **अभि** **क्** aff.  
**परिविह्वल m. (-कः)** A younger brother married or become a householder before the elder. **परि**, **विद्** to possess, **ह्वल्** aff.  
**परिविह्वत् m. (-वः/व)** An unmarried elder brother. **परि** before, **विद्** to know, **वत्** aff.  
**परिविह mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Surrounded, enclosed. 2. Offered, presented. **परि**, and **विद्** to enter, **क्** aff.  
**परिविह ind.** Entirely or every where **VISHNŪ**. **परि** sound, **विह** **VISHNŪ**. [ agitated.  
**परिविह्वल mfn. (-कः-का-क)** Agitated, bewildered. **परि**, and **विह्वल**  
**परिविह्वलता f. (-ता)** Bewillermont. **परि** **विह्वल**, and **तल्** aff.  
**परिवीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Surrounded, encompassed, invested. 2. Overspread, pervaded. **परि** **वि** **त**. The bow of **BRAMHA**. **परि**, and **वि** **त** to surround, **क्** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध mfn. (-वः-वी-व)** Augmenting, enlarging, what enlarges or adds to. **परि** **वृद्ध**, an additional work or section. **परि** **वृद्ध** to increase, with **परि** prefixed, and **वृद्ध** aff.  
**परिवृद्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Increased, augmented. 2. Improved, thriven. 3. Sounded. 4. Lightened, illuminated. 5. Excited, stimulated. **परि** before, **वृद्ध** to augment, **क्** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-तः)** A master, an owner, a superior. **परि** exceeding, **वृद्ध** to thrive, **क्** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Encompassed, surrounded. 2. Gained or received entirely. 3. Known. 4. Concealed. 5. Overspread. **परि** before, **वृद्ध** to be, **क्** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Gone round, revolved. 2. Turned back, retreated, retired. 3. Exchanged. 4. Finished, ended. **परि** **वृद्ध** to be, **क्** aff.  
**परिवृद्धि f. (-निः)** 1. Exchange, barter. 2. Revolution, return. 3. End, termination. 4. An unmarried elder brother. 5. Surrounding, encompassing. 6. A striking exchange, one producing charm, considered as a figure of speech in rhetoric. **परि** mutually, **वृद्ध** to be, **क्** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध ind.** 1. Having retreated or retired. 2. Having turned round or revolved. **परि** before, **वृद्ध** to be, **क्** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-निः)** An elder brother unmarried : see **परिविनि**.  
**परिवृद्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Increased, literally or figuratively, grown, thriven. 2. Making effort, exerted. **परि** much, **वृद्ध** to grow, **क्** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-ता)** A younger brother married or become a householder before his elder. **परि** abandoning, (the usual practice,) **विद्** to know or possess, (a wife,) **वत्** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध n. (-वः)** 1. Anguish, pain, misery. 2. Marriage, (especially the marriage of a younger brother before the elder,) marrying. 3. Discussion. 4. Gain, acquisition. 5. Keeping the household fire. 6. Universal existence. **परि** **वृद्ध** to know, **क्** aff. **वृद्ध**, or **वृद्ध**.  
**परिवृद्धि mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि)** 1. Shrewd, knowing. 2. Suffering pain. **परि** **वृद्ध** to know, **क्** aff.  
**परिवृद्धि f. (-नी)** The wife of a younger brother, the elder brother being unmarried. **परि**, and **विद्** to know, **क्** aff. **विह्वल्**.

**परिवृद्ध m. (-वः)** 1. Surrounding, encompassing. 2. The circumference of a circle. 3. The disk of the sun or moon, a halo round the sun or moon. 4. Waiting at or serving up meals. **परि** round, **विह्वल्** or **विह्वल्** to encompass, **क्** aff.; hence also **परिवृद्ध**.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-वः)** 1. Surrounding, encircling. 2. The circumference of a circle. 3. The disk of the sun or moon. 4. Distributing rice, &c. to a party, serving up a meal : see the last.  
**परिवृद्ध n. (-वः)** 1. Surrounding, enclosing. 2. Serving up dinner, distributing food to guests, &c. 3. A halo round the sun or moon. **परि** round, **विह्वल्** encompassing.  
**परिवृद्ध n. (-नः)** 1. Surrounding, encompassing. 2. Circumference. **परि** before, **विह्वल्** to surround, **क्** aff.  
**परिवृद्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-त)** 1. Enclosed, surrounded, encompassed. 2. Covered, veiled. **परि** around, and **वृद्धित** surrounded.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-वः)** 1. Best. 2. Condiment, spices.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-वः)** 1. A tree, (*Pterospermum acerifolia*.) 2. A sort of reed growing in water, (*Calamus fasciculatus*.) **परि** much, **वृद्ध** pain. **परि** + **वृद्ध** - **क्** **परि** **वृद्ध**.  
**परिवृद्धा f. (-वृद्धा)** 1. Ascetic devotion, religious austerity, abandonment of the world. 2. Leading the life of a mendicant. **परि** about, **वृद्धा** religious wandering. **परि** + **वृद्धा** - **क्** **परि** **वृद्धा**.  
**परिवृद्धि m. (-निः)** Masterhood, superiority. **परि** **वृद्ध**, and **वृद्धि** aff., **वृद्ध** changed to **वृद्ध**.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-वृद्ध or वृद्ध)** The man of the last religious order, the mendicant devotee. **परि** about, **वृद्ध** to go, **क्** aff. **वृद्ध**, and the vowel made long; also with **वृद्ध** aff. **परिवृद्ध**.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-वृद्ध)** An ascetic : **परि** + **वृद्ध** - **क्** **परि** **वृद्ध**.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-वृद्ध)** A religious mendicant. **परि** about, **वृद्ध** to wander, **वृद्ध** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध n. (-वृद्ध)** The state or condition of an ascetic. **परि** **वृद्ध** as above, and **वृद्ध** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध mfn. (-वृद्ध-वृद्ध-वृद्ध)** To be doubted, to be feared or apprehended. **परि** completely, **वृद्ध** to doubt, **वृद्ध** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-वृद्ध)** Cursing, reviling. **परि** before, **वृद्ध** to curse, **वृद्ध** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध f. (-नी)** Perpetually the same.  
**परिवृद्ध mfn. (-वृद्ध-वृद्ध-वृद्ध)** 1. Left, remaining. 2. Finished. **परि** **वृद्ध** to be, **क्** aff. **वृद्ध**, and **वृद्ध** left. or **परि** + **वृद्ध** - **क्** **परि** **वृद्ध**.  
**परिवृद्ध n. (-नः)** 1. Intercourse, correspondence. 2. Steady pursuit, study.  
**परिवृद्ध mfn. (-वृद्ध-वृद्ध-वृद्ध)** 1. Cleaned. 2. Purified. 3. Discharged, paid. **परि** before, **वृद्ध** to be pure, **क्** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध mfn. (-वृद्ध-वृद्ध-वृद्ध)** Dry, dried. **परि** **वृद्ध** to be, **क्** aff. Meat fried, first with ghee, washed well with warm water, and dressed with spice, &c. **परि** much, **वृद्ध** dried.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-नः)** Ardent spirits.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-वृद्ध)** 1. Remainder. 2. Completion. 3. Supplement. **परि** and **वृद्ध** end. **परि** + **वृद्ध** - **क्** **परि** **वृद्ध**.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-वृद्ध)** 1. Cleansing, purifying, correcting. 2. Discharging, debt or obligation. **परि**, and **वृद्ध** purifying; also **परिवृद्ध**.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-वृद्ध)** Drying, evaporation. **परि** before, **वृद्ध** to be dry, **वृद्ध** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-नः)** 1. Labour, trouble, pain. 2. Distress, fatigue. **परि** exceeding, **वृद्ध** weariness.  
**परिवृद्ध m. (-वृद्ध)** 1. An assembly, a meeting. 2. An asylum. **परि** before, **वृद्ध** to serve, &c. aff. **वृद्ध**.  
**परिवृद्ध mfn. (-वृद्ध-वृद्ध-वृद्ध)** Overcome with distress or fatigue, exhausted, wearied. **परि** before, **वृद्ध** to be weary, **क्** aff.  
**परिवृद्ध f. (-निः)** 1. Labour, trouble. 2. Fatigue, exhaustion. **परि** before, **वृद्ध** to be weary, **क्** aff. **वृद्ध**.



**परिहरण n.** (-च) 1. Seizing, taking. 2. Leaving, abandoning. 3. Avoiding. 4. Disappearing. 5. Refuting, repelling. **म.** परि before, **हृ** to take, **हृट्** aff.

**परिहरणीय mfn.** (-य-या-य) 1. To be shunned or avoided. 2. To be taken away. 3. To be confuted. **म.** परि, **हृ** to take, **चनीयर्** aff.

**परिहरणीयता f.** (-ता) 1. Disappearance, unobtainableness. 2. Refutation. **म.** परिहरणीय to be taken away, **तच्** abst. aff.

**परिहरत् mfn.** (-रन्-रन्तो-रन्) 1. Illuding. 2. Shunning, avoiding. **म.** परि, **हृ** to take, **हृट्** aff.

**परिहरणाय mfn.** (-य-या-य) 1. Leaving, quitting. 2. Taking, seizing. 3. Confuting. **म.** परि before, **हृ** to take, **गानच्** aff.

**परिहर्तव्य mfn.** (-व्य-व्या-व्य) 1. To be shunned or avoided. 2. To be taken away. 3. To be confuted. **म.** परि before, **हृ** to take, **तच्** aff.

**परिहाणि(नि) f.** (-णि or नि) Decrease, loss. 2. Waste, decay, decline.

**परि(री)हार m.** (-रः) 1. Disrespect. 2. Seizing, surrounding. 3. Bounty, largess. 4. Any thing or person objectionable. 5. Leaving. 6. Removing. 7. Repelling. 8. Omission. 9. The common land round a village or town. **म.** परि, **हृ** to take away, aff. **चञ्** ।

**परिहाय्य mfn.** (-य्य-य्या-य्य) 1. To be shunned or avoided. 2. To be taken off or away. **म.** (य्यः) A bracelet; see **परोहाय्य**. **म.** परि, **हृ** to take, **कर्मणि-श्वत्** aff.

**परिहास m.** (-सः) 1. Mirth, sport, pastime. 2. Deriding. Ridiculing. **म.** परि much, **हस्** to laugh, aff. **चञ्**; also **परोहास**.

**परिहासवेदिन् m.** (-दि) A Jester, a wag, a wit. **म.** परिहास, and वेदिन् who knows.

**परिहित mfn.** (-त-ता-त) Covered, invested, put on. **म.** परि, and हित placed.

**परिहीय mfn.** (-य-या-य) 1. Waned, faded, wasted. 2. Deserted by, deprived of. **म.** परि, and हीय quitted.

**परिहृत mfn.** (-त-ता-त) 1. Avoided, quitted. 2. Taken. 3. Repelled, refuted. **म.** परि before, **हृ** to take, **क्त्** aff.

**परीक्षक mfn.** (-क-क्षा-क) Investigating acutely, trying, examining. **म.** (-क्तः) 1. An experimenter, an assayer, a prover. 2. An investigator, a Judge. **म.** परि well, closely, ईच् to look or see, aff. **एच्** **लृट्**.

**परिचय n.** (-य) Trial, experiment, examination. **म.** परि about, ईच् to see, aff. **लृट्**.

**परीक्षणीय mfn.** (-य-या-य) To be tried or investigated, to be submitted to ordeal, &c. **म.** परि before, ईच् to see, **चनीयर्** aff.; also **परीक्षित्य** and **परीक्षा**.

**परीक्षा f.** (-क्षा) 1. Discrimination, investigation, examination, test, trial, experiment. 2. Trial by ordeal of various kinds: see **दिक्**. **म.** परि intensive prefix, before, ईच् to see, affs. **चञ्** and **टाप्**; looking into any thing or person closely and minutely.

**परीक्षित् m.** (-क्षित्) The grandson of ARJUNA, to whom the Bha'gavat was related. He came to the throne of Hastinapura after Yudhishtira. The advent of the Kali age is placed at the commencement of his reign. He died of a snake-bite. **म.** परि before, **वि** to destroy, **क्षिप्** aff. also with a final vowel **परीक्षित**; he was destroyed in his mother's womb, but reanimated by KRISHNA.

**परीक्षित mfn.** (-त-ता-त) Tried, examined, tested, proved. **म.** (-तः) A prince: see the last. **म.** परि before, ईच् to see, **क्त्** aff.

**परीक्ष्य m.** (-यः) Moving a piece at chess, draughts, &c. **म.** परि before, **जी** to take, aff. **चञ्**, the vowel of the prefix is optionally made long; also **परिष्य**.

**परीत mfn.** (-त-ता-त) 1. Surrounded, encompassed. 2. Circumambulated. 3. Addicted, affected by. 4. Departed. 5. Seized. **म.** परि round, and **इत्** gone.

**परीतम् mfn.** (-तम्) Every way spread or extended. **म.** परि around, **तच्** to spread, aff. **क्षिप्**, and the vowel of the prefix augmented.

**परीत ind.** 1. Having passed round or circumambulated. 2. Have encompassed. **म.** परि before, **इच्** to go, **हृट्** aff.

**परीषादिन् m.** (-दी) The forty-first year of the Indian cycle.

**परीक्षा f.** (-क्षा) 1. Desire of obtaining. 2. Haste, hurry. **म.** परि + **क्षा** चञ्-भावे च ।

**परीभाव m.** (-वः) Disrespect. **म.** See **परिभाव**, the vowel of the prefix being here made long.

**परीक्षणाय mfn.** (-य-या-य) Being penetrated or pervaded by. **म.** परि before, **हृट्** to go, pass. **व.** **गानच्** aff.

**परीर n.** (-रः) Fruit. **म.** परि to satisfy, **Una'di** aff. **हृट्** **चञ्**.

**परीरय m.** (-यः) 1. A tortoise. 2. A stick. 3. A garment. **म.** परि + **रय**

**परीरय m.** (-यः) An embrace: see **परिरय**. **म.** परि + **रय-चञ्** ।

**परीर्य m.** (-र्यः) 1. Exchange, barter. 2. The royal tortoise: see **परिर्य**.

**परीवाद m.** (-दः) 1. Reproof, censure, abuse. 2. The bow or quill of a lute: see **परिवाद**.

**परीवार m.** (-रः) 1. The sheath of a sword. 2. Dependents, family, retinue. **म.** परि around, **हृ** to cover, aff. **चञ्**, and the final of **परि** made long; also **परिवार**.

**परीवाह m.** (-वः) 1. A drain or channel made to carry off water from a pond that overflows. 2. A natural inundation or overflow. 3. Royal insignia. 4. A sword-sheath, a scabbard. **म.** परि before, **हृ** to bear, aff. **चञ्**, and the **हृ** of **परि** is in consequence optionally long; also **परिवाह**.

**परीष्टि f.** (-ष्टिः) 1. Inquiry, research, especially philosophical. 2. Service. 3. Willingness, readiness. 4. Homage, worship. **म.** परि much, **इष्टि** wish.

**परीसार m.** (-रः) 1. Going round or about, wandering, perambulation. 2. Near approach. **म.** परि about, **हृ** to go, aff. **चञ्**.

**परीसार m.** (-रः) 1. Disrespect. 2. An open space for the pasturing of cattle near a village or town. 3. Remedying or atoning for any improper action. **म.** परि disrespect, **हृ** to convey, aff. **चञ्**.

**परीहास m.** (-सः) Mirth, sport, amusement. **म.** परि pleasure, **हृ** to laugh, aff. **चञ्**.

**पद् m.** (-दः) 1. A knot or joint in a reed. 2. Paradise. 3. The ocean. 4. A mountain. **म.** पृ to fill, aff. **ङ**, also **पदच्**.

**पदत् ind.** Last year. **म.** पद prior, **त्** aff. **चञ्** **चञ्**.

**पद्व mfn.** (-व-वा-व) Of or belonging to last year. **म.** पदत् last year, **पद्वार m.** (-रः) A horse.

**पद्व mfn.** (-व-वा-व) 1. Harsh, abusive, (speech.) 2. Rough, rugged. 3. Severe, cruel, unkind. 4. Variegated in colour. 5. Shaggy, rough to the touch. 6. Sharp, piercing. **न.** (-वः) 1. Harsh and contumelious speech, abuse. 2. Yellow Barleria. **म.** (-वः) A sort of tree, (Xylocarpus granatum.) **म.** पृ to fill or satisfy, **हृट्** **Una'di** aff.

**पद्ववचन n.** (-न) Harsh language, reproach, abuse. **म.** पद्व, and **वचन** speech.

**पद्ववाच् mfn.** (-क्) Harsh spoken. **फ.** (-क्) Harsh or contumelious speech. **म.** पद्व, and **वाच्** speech.

**पद्वोक्ति f.** (-क्तिः) Abusive or harsh language. **म.** पद्व, and **वक्ति** speech

**पद्वोक्ति m.** (-क्तः) An abuser, one uttering harsh and scurrilous language. **म.** पद्व abuse, and **वक्ति** speech, aff. **चञ्**.

**पद्व n.** (-वः) The knot or joint of a cane or reed. **म.** पृ to complete **Una'di** aff. **चञ्**.

**पद्व m.** (-वः) The Parush tree: see **पद्व**; also with **चञ्** added **पद्वच**.

**परीत् mfn.** (-त-ता-त) Dead, defunct. **म.** (-तः) A kind of goblin, ghost, a spirit. **म.** पर another, (world.) **इत्** gone, or **परा** + **इत्**.

**परितर mfn.** (-र-रा-र) Faithful, friendly. **म.** पर an enemy, **इत्** **relat** opposed to.

**परितराज् m.** (-राज्) A name of YAMA. **म.** परेत a ghost, and **पराज**

पुनरि ind. Next day, to-morrow. E. पर another, एषदि aff.

पुनरि ind. (-युः) Next day. E. पर after, एषुस् aff.

पुनरि mfn. (प्र-पा-पु) Where water is lodged or retired, whence it has, (a place, &c.) E. पर, and एष water.

पुनरि m. (-ष्टः) BRAMHA'. E. पर best, एष्ट worship.

पुनरि f. (-जा) A cow bearing many calves. E. पर best, एषु to go, पु aff., and कन् added.

पुनरि mfn. (-नः-ना-तं) Nourished by a stranger. m. (-तः) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. E. पर a stranger, एषित nourished.

पुनरि mfn. (-यः-या-च) 1. Invisible, imperceptible. 2. Absent. 3. Past. m. (-चः) An ascetic, a religious hermit. n. (-चः) 1. Invisibility, absence, secrecy. 2. (In Grammar,) Past time or tense. E. पर before, उच to sprinkle, aff. क; or पर away, चक्षि the eye, form irr.

पुनरिभोग m. (-गः) Enjoyment or possession of any thing in the absence of the proprietor. E. परोक्ष, and भोग enjoyment.

पुनरिभोग्य m. (-ग्यः) Not experienced in love matters.

पुनरिभक्ति mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति-तः) One who does any thing whilst absent. E. परोक्ष, and कृति practice.

पुनरिभोग्य n. (-यः) An absent or invisible object. E. परोक्ष, and अयं object.

पुनरिभोग्य m. (-यः) Another's superiority. E. पर, and उत्कर्ष eminence.

पुनरिभक्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Said by an enemy, &c. n. (-तं) Clamour, menace. E. पर, and उदित said.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-तः) Charity, benevolence, doing good to others. E. पर another, उपकार assistance.

पुनरिभक्ति mfn. (-तः-ति-ति-तः) Benevolent, charitable, good to others. E. परोक्ष, and कृति aff.

पुनरिभक्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Helped or befriended by another. 2. Brought by another. E. पर, and उपकृत assisted.

पुनरिभक्ति n. (-तः) The dissension of enemies. E. पर, and उपपन्न dissension.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-तः) Giving a voice, counselling, admonishing. E. पर, and उपदेश instruction.

पुनरिभक्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Invested, besieged, blockaded. E. पर, and उपबद्ध surrounded.

पुनरिभक्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Having both superior and inferior, prior and subsequent, &c. E. पर best, अवर lowest, खय् aff.

पुनरिभक्ति f. (-यः) A cockroach. E. पर best, उष्ण warmth; it is also written परोक्ष.

पुनरिभक्ति n. (-तः) Regret, anxiety. m. (-तः) A heron.

पुनरिभक्ति f. (-तिः-ति) The waved-leaf fig tree, (Ficus infectoria.) E. पृ to touch, अष्टि aff., उच optionally added; also with इन् added पृष्टिम्. (पाकुर्) ।

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-ती) The waved-leaf fig tree: see the last.

पुनरिभक्ति f. (-ती) A sort of Curcuma, (C. zanthorrhizon.) E. पृ to satisfy, aff. कृ, कृत् to produce, aff. चय् and उच. "दाहहरिद्रा" ।

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-न्याः) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. A thundering cloud. 3. The muttering of clouds or distant thunder. 4. Any cloud. 5. Rain. E. पृ, to sprinkle, (rain,) Una'di aff. चय, and न or य substituted for य; also पृथ्व्या ।

पुनरिभक्ति 10th cl. (पुनरिभक्ति) To make or be green. च-चु-उभ-उच-सेट् ।

पुनरिभक्ति n. (-यः) 1. A leaf. 2. The Pa'n or betel-leaf. 3. A wine. 4. The feather of an arrow. m. (-यः) The Pala'sh tree, (Butea frondosa.)

f. (-यः) 1. An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) 2. The leaf of the asafetida. E. पृ to please, and Una'di aff. न, fem. aff. उच, or पृ to be or make green, aff. चय्.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-तः) A vender of Pa'n leaves E. पृ, and कार who makes.

पुनरिभक्ति n. (-यः) Living upon leaves and water for a limited term, as a religious obligation. E. पृ, and कृष्ण penance.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-यः) 1. A tree without apparent blossoms. 2. A tree in general. n. (-यः) A multitude of leaves. E. पृ a leaf, कृष्ण a part.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-तः) An epithet of S'iva.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-यः) A kind of perfume, called "chor."

पुनरिभक्ति mfn. (-यः) Causing the falling of leaves. E. पृ a leaf, अस् to fall, aff. कृ, and कृत् substituted for the final.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-तः) A man of leaves, an effigy stuffed with leaves, made to represent a person deceased, whose body cannot be found, and for whom obsequial rites are performed with this representative. E. पृ, and नर a man.

पुनरिभक्ति f. (-ती) The priyangu crooper. पञ्चभेदकनामैव ।

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-तः) 1. A goat. 2. Any animal eating leaves. E. पृ a leaf, and भोजन food.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-तः) The Ka'mra'nga, an acid fruit: (Averrhoa carambola.) E. पृ a leaf, सच् to be tall, aff. चालच्. According to Vachaspathya:—कारवेष्टवर्ग (उच्छा) ।

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-कः) The winter. शिशिरकाल ।

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-गः) Any wild animal lodging in the boughs of trees, as a monkey, a sloth, a squirrel. E. पृ, and स्रग् deer.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-यः) The spring. [of this word.

पुनरिभक्ति f. (-ती) Full of leaves, some authority places पृक्षी instead पुनरिभक्ति f. (-ती) The betel plant. E. पृ, and जना a creeper.

पुनरिभक्ति f. (-ती) A tree, (Butea frondosa.) E. पृ and वल्ली a pedicle.

पुनरिभक्ति f. (-ती) Pieces of the arcca-nut and other spices rolled up in betel leaves.

पुनरिभक्ति f. (-ती) A hut of leaves and grass, a hermitage. E. पृ a leaf, and जाला a hall.

पुनरिभक्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sleeping on leaves. E. पृ and स्रग् a bed.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-तिः) 1. A lotus. 2. A summer or water house. 3. A vegetable. 4. Decoration, toilet. E. पृ to delight, Una'di aff. चक्षि, and नच् inserted.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-तः) 1. A boat. 2. A spade or hoe. 3. Single combat.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-नः) A cloud. n. (-नः) Feeding on leaves. E. पृ a leaf, and अशन food.

पुनरिभक्ति (सि) m. (-सः or सिः) A Tulasi tree with few leaves.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-सिः) A sort of Basil, (Ocimum sanctum,) with small leaves. E. पृ a leaf, चक्षि to go, (beautiful,) aff. चय्, चय or इन् ।

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-यः) 1. A tree. 2. The Butea frondosa. E. पृ a leaf, aff. इति.

पुनरिभक्ति n. (-यः) A hut of leaves, the residence of holy anchorites, a hermitage. E. पृ a leaf, and उच a hut.

पुनरिभक्ति 1st. cl. (पृक्षि) 1. To fart, to break wind. आ-पा-स-सक-सेट् ।

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-यः) 1. A quantity of hair. 2. A fart. E. पृ to nourish, इ Una'di aff., or पृ to fart, aff. मयि चय् or खृट् ।

पुनरिभक्ति n. (-यः) A fart, farting. E. पृ to fart, aff. खृट् ।

पुनरिभक्ति 1st. cl. (पृक्षि) to go, to move. आ-पर-सक-सेट् ।

पुनरिभक्ति n. (-यः) 1. A house. 2. Young grass. 3. A wheel chair, or one on which a cripple can move about. E. पृ to be pleased, Una'di aff. प, or पृ to go, aff. चय्.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-तः) A medicinal plant with bitter leaves, (apparently the Oldenlandia biflora, though the Hindi name Pa'par is also applied to the Gardenia latifolia, Rox.) f. (-ती) 1. A thin crisp cake made of any pulse. 2. A red aluminous earth, apparently a sort of Bol, brought from Surat or Saurashtra. E. पृ to go, and चटन् Una'di aff. "चितपापका" ।

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-यः) Bdelium. कुम्भीरुचि ।

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-यः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. A piece of water. E. पृ to nourish, इचन् Una'di aff., the root repeated.

पुनरिभक्ति m. (-यः) A cripple that moves about by the aid of a chair, of cradle. E. पृ a chair, &c. aff. इन्.

पर्य १. 1st. cl. (पर्यन्ति) To go, to move. आ०पर०स०नेट् ।

पर्य(ख)म् m. (-कः) 1. A bed. 2. A cloth thrown over the back, loins, and kneels, while seated upon the hams. The posture is thus described on Vāchaspatya, viz:—

एकं पादमथैकं विन्यस्त्योरो व संस्थितम् ।

इतरक्षिन् तथैवोर्ध्वं वीरासनं सिद्धं च तम् ॥

उपनिहिते करतले करमुत्थानितं परम् ।

आधारादङ्गुलं कृत्वा ध्यायेद्यदास्य मोक्षतरम् ॥

६. परि about, चक्षि to go, aff. चच्; also र being optionally changed to ल, पल्लवः.

पर्यङ्गबन्धन n. (-नं) Binding a cloth round the knees, thighs, and back, as seated on the hams. ६. पर्यङ्ग, and बन्धन binding.

पर्यटन n. (-नं) Wandering about, roaming. ६. परि about, घटन gcing.

पर्यवयोग m. (-गः) Asking, inquiring, (with a view to contradict.) ६. परि severally, चच् according to, योग fitness.

पर्यन्त m. (-न्तः) 1. Limit, term, boundary, extent. 2. End, termination, close. 3. Side, flank. n. (-न्तः) Far, (limitative,) as किंपर्यन्तं or कियपर्यन्तं, how much, how far. ६. परि, and चन् end.

पर्यन्तम् f. (-म्) Ground contiguous to the skirts of a river or mountain, &c. ६. परि about, चन् term, भू earth.

पर्यन्तस्य mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) Limitative, boundary, confining. ६. पर्यन्त, and स्य what stays.

पर्यन्तस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Bounding, confining. ६. पर्यन्त, and स्थित placed.

पर्यन्तिका f. (-का) Loss of all good qualities, depravity. ६. परि completely, चन् end, उन् aff.

पर्यन्त m. (-न्तः) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. A thunder cloud. 3. The muttering of clouds. ६. प्रच् to sprinkle, चन् Una'di aff., य substituted for च; it is also read पर्यन्तः.

पर्यय m. (-यः) 1. Contrariety, opposition. 2. Irregular or inverted order. 3. Neglect of enjoined or customary observances. 4. Revolution, lapse, expiration. 5. Change, alteration. 6. Confusion. ६. परि improperly, चच् to go or be, aff. चच्.

पर्ययश्च n. (-श्च) 1. A horse's saddle or housings. 2. Walking round. ६. परि about, चयश्च going.

पर्ययदात f. (-ता) Quite pure or clean.

पर्ययदान n. (-नं) 1. End, conclusion. 2. Determination. ६. परि, and चयदान end. परि + चय + सोभावे लुट् ।

पर्ययनिन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Finished, completed, concluded. 2. Perished. ६. परि and चयनिन ended.

पर्ययस्था f. (-स्था) Opposition, contradiction. ६. परि opposition, चयस्था staying, station. परि + चय + स्था-श्च ।

पर्ययस्था mfn. (-ता-यो-ह) Opposing, obstructing, opposed to or against. m. (-ता) An antagonist, an opponent, an enemy. ६. परि against, चय before, स्था to stand or be, aff. लच्.

पर्ययस्थान n. (-नं) Opposition, resistance, contradiction. ६. परि against, चय being, स्थान standing.

पर्ययस्थित mfn. (-नः-ता-नं) Opposed to, siding with an enemy. ६. परि adverse, चयस्थित staying,

पर्ययश्च mfn. (-श्चः-ञ्चः-ञ्चु) Filled or suffused with tears. ६. परि, and चञ्च a tear.

पर्ययदम् mfn. (-म्-आ-म्) Surrounded, invested. ६. परि, and चयदम् stopped.

पर्ययदम्भन n. (-नं) Surrounding, investing. ६. परि, and चयदम्भन obstructing.

पर्ययन n. (-नं) 1. Casting, sending. 2. Putting off or away. 3. Throwing. ६. परि, and चच् to throw, भावे लुट् aff.

पर्ययन्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Going forth, issuing. 2. Investing, oversetting. 3. Scattering. ६. परि before, चच् to throw, गृह aff.

पर्यय mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Fallen, descended, alighted. 2. Thrown

down or off. 3. Overturned, upset. 4. Struck, killed. 5. Dismissed laid aside. 6. Bound, surrounded. ६. परि round, &c. चन् thrown.

पर्ययिका f. (-का) 1. A bed. 2. Sitting upon the hams: (see चक्षि ६. परि about, चच् to be, aff. क्षिन्, and कच् added.

पर्ययिक mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Agitated, anxious. f. (का) 1. Turbid. 2. Confused, disordered. ६. परि, and चान्त् agitated.

पर्ययिजन्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Dropping, falling. ६. परि, and चच् before, गच् to fall, गृह aff.

पर्ययिजन्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) Sipped, (as water, to rinse the mouth whilst eating.) ६. परि, and चान्त् sipped.

पर्ययान n. (-न्तः) A saddle, a pack-saddle or cloth serving for one. ६. परि about, चच् to go, form irr, or परि + चान्त्-प्रथो ।

पर्ययान mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Obtained, gained. 2. Able, adequate. 3. All, complete, entire, enough, sufficient. n. adv. (-न्तः) 1. Willing, readily. 2. Ably, powerfully. 3. Satisfactorily. 4. Unwillingly. ६. परि before, चान्त् to acquire, aff. भावे ल् ।

पर्ययानमोग mfn. (-गः-ना-गं) Possessing or enjoying a sufficiency. ६. पर्ययान, and मोग enjoyment.

पर्ययानि f. (-निः) 1. Willingness, readiness. 2. Obtaining, acquiring. 3. Satisfaction, repletion, satiety. 4. Entireness, fulness, sufficiency. 5. Adequacy, competency, fitness. 6. Discrimination or distinction of objects according to their natural properties. 7. Preserving, guarding. 8. Warding off a blow. ६. परि exceeding, चान्त् obtaining.

पर्ययान m. (-यः) 1. Order, arrangement, regular and methodical disposal or succession. 2. Manner, kind. 3. Opportunity, occasion. 4. Manufacture, preparation, artificial production. 5. Property of substances, as bitter, cooling, &c. 6. Generic or specific character. 7. Comprehensiveness, aggregation. 8. The text of a vocabulary, or the order of the synonyms for any term. ६. परि successively, चच् to go or proceed, aff. चच्.

पर्ययानश्च n. (-न्तः) Alternate sleeping and watching. ६. पर्ययान order, चयन sleeping.

पर्ययानाह n. (-हः) Food that should have been given to some one else, as that of a Sūdra to a Brāhman, &c. ६. पर्ययान, and अह food.

पर्ययानो Ind. A particle expressing "harm," "injury." ६. परि + चान्त् कर्मादि ।

पर्ययानोचन n. (-नं) Looking round or about. 2. Considering, deliberating. 3. Knowing, recognising. ६. परि, and चान्त् before, लोच् to see, aff. भावे लुट्.

पर्ययानिज f. (-जा) Very turbid, much soiled.

पर्ययान m. (-न्तः) 1. Inverted order or position. 2. End, conclusion. Rotation, revolution. ६. परि before, चच् to be, aff. चच्.

पर्ययान्तर m. (-न्तः) 1. Conveying, taking. 2. A load. 3. A yoke. 4. Storing hay or grain. 5. An ewer, a pitcher. ६. परि, and चान्त् before, चच् to take, चच् aff. [tr]

पर्ययानश्च n. (-न्तः) Sprinkling round water without uttering any m

पर्ययान n. (-न्तः) Standing up.

पर्ययान mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Afflicted, sorrowful, regretting. 2. Desirous, longing for. ६. परि, and चान्त् unhappy.

पर्ययान n. (-नं) 1. Debt. 2. Raising up, taking out. ६. परि several उन् over, चच् to go, aff. लुट्.

पर्ययान mfn. (-न्तः-न्तः-न्तः) 1. Prohibited, objected to, (as a ceremony) 2. Excepted, excluded. ६. परि, and उद् before, चच् to be, ल् aff.

पर्ययान m. (-न्तः) A prohibitive rule or precept. ६. परि, and उद् before चच् to throw or be, aff. चच्; also पर्ययानम्.

पर्ययान n. (-नं) 1. Joining in or concurrence with any act of reverence. 2. Service, worship. 3. Courtesy. ६. परि, and चान्त् worship.

पर्ययानोचन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Seated or sitting upon. ६. परि, and चान्त् before, चान्त् seated.

पक्ष mfn. (-स-ता-न) 1. Sown. 2. Set as a gem in a ring, &c. परि before, वृत् to sow, aff. क्.

पक्षित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Stale, not fresh. 2. Insipid. 3. Stupid, vain. परि about, वृत् to abide, aff. क्.

पक्षिविभोजिन् m. (-जी) The eater of stale viands, who will be regenerated as a maggot or worm. पक्षित stale, भोजिन् who eats.

पक्षिषया f. (-या) 1. Research, investigation of duty by reasoning. 2. Search, inquiry in general. परि severally, वृत् to go, with युच् and टप् aff.

पक्षिष्टि f. (-ष्टि) Search, inquiry.

पूरि r. 1st. cl. (पूरि) To fill. भा०पर०सक०सेट् ।

पक्षेक n. (-के) The knee. परि पक्षेक a joint, aff. क्.

पक्षेकारिन् m. (-री) A Brahman who performs ceremonies for hire out of season. परि, and कारिन् who makes.

पक्षेगमिन् m. (-मी) A man who associates with his wife on festival or holy days. परि, and गमिन् who goes.

पक्षेकका f. (-का) Specks with pain on the edge of the cornea of the eye. परि, and क् added; also पक्षेकीका.

पक्षेक m. (-तः) 1. A mountain, a hill. 2. A tree. 3. A sort of potherb. 4. A kind of fish, (Silurus pabda, HAM.) 5. One of the divine Ikshvis, a friend and rival of NARADA, and mentioned in the Mahabharata. 6. The number "Seven." परि to fill, Una'di aff. क्तच्.

पक्षेकक m. (-कः) A raven. परि पक्षेक a mountain, and कक a crow.

पक्षेकज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Mountain, mountain-born. परि पक्षेक a mountain, and ज born.

पक्षेकगमिन् mfn. (-ग-विनी-गि) Living, &c. in the mountains. परि (-नी) 1. A name of DURGA. 2. The Gayatri. परि पक्षेक, and गमिन् who dwells.

पक्षेकतारा f. (-रा) The earth. परि पक्षेक a mountain, and तारा a receptacle or stay.

पक्षेकति m. (-ति) A name of INDRA. परि पक्षेक a mountain, and ति an enemy.

पक्षेकशय m. (-यः) A cloud. परि पक्षेक a mountain, and शयय asylum.

पक्षेकशय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Mountaineer, living, &c. in mountains. परि पक्षेक a fabulous animal, the Sarabha. परि पक्षेक, and शयय abide.

पक्षेकीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Mountainous, mountaineer, &c. परि पक्षेक mountain, क् aff.

पक्षेधि m. (-धिः) The moon. परि पक्षेक a day of the month, and धि who has.

पक्षेक n. (-के) 1. A knot, a joint in a cane or body, &c. 2. A name given to certain days in the lunar month, as the full and change of the moon, and the 8th and 14th of each half month. 3. Particular periods of the year, as the equinox, solstice, &c. 4. The moment of the sun's entering a new sign. 5. A festival, a holy day. 6. Opportunity, occasion. 7. A chapter, a book, the division of a work. 8. A moment, an instant. 9. Step of a staircase. परि to fill or please, Una'di aff. वनिच्.

पक्षेकपुष्पी f. (-पी) A plant, also called Ra'madu'ti. परि पक्षेक a joint, and पुष्प a flower.

पक्षेकपुष्पा f. (-पा) 1. Preparations for an assembly or festival. 2. Joining, uniting. 3. Completion of a festival. परि पक्षेक a festival, and पुष्पेक completion.

पक्षेकीय m. (-यिः) A cane or reed, the sugarcane, &c. परि पक्षेक a joint, and यीय place of production.

पक्षेकीय n. (-यि) A festival, &c. : see पक्षेक.

पक्षेकवृत् m. (-वृत्) The pomegranate. परि पक्षेक a joint, and वृत् what grows.

पक्षेकधि m. (-धिः) The full and change of the moon, the junction of the 15th and 1st of a lunar fortnight, or the precise moment of

the full and change of the moon. परि पक्षेक a joining of the month, and धि union.

पक्षेकधि m. (-धिः) A peculiar period, the end of a Parva, &c. परि पक्षेक as above, and धि limit.

पक्षित m. (-तः) A sort of fish, (Silurus pabda, HAM.)

पक्षि m. (-युः) An axe, a hatchet. परि an enemy, वृत् to destroy, Una'di aff. क्, deriv. irr.; or वृत् to touch, changed to वृ, and युन् Una'di aff.; also पक्षि.

पक्षिका f. (-का) A rib. परि वृत् to fill, to complete, युन् aff. and क् added.

पक्षिपाणि m. (-पिः) A name of GANESHA. परि पक्षि an axe, and पाणि the hand, holding an axe, in one hand.

पक्षिराम m. (-रामः) The first of three RAMAS, being the sixth Avata'r of VISHNU, as the son of the Muni JAMADAGNI. परि पक्षि an axe, and राम RAMA; also पक्षिराम.

पक्षि m. (-युः) An axe, a hatchet.

पक्षि r. 1st. cl. (पक्षि) 1. To be kind or affectionate to. 2. To be moist. भा०पाठ०सक०सेट् ।

पक्षि f. (-युः or युः) An assembly, an audience. परि वृत् to please, Una'di aff. चदि; also पक्षि.

पक्षिज m. (-जः) An assistant at an assembly, a spectator, &c. परि पक्षि as above, वृत् aff.

पक्षि r. 1st. cl. (पक्षि) To go, to move. भा०पर०सक०सेट् ।

पक्षि r. 1st. cl. (पक्षि) To protect. चुरा०उभ०सक०सेट् ।

पक्षि n. (-लः) 1. A weight of gold or silver equal to four Karshas or Suvarnas; also of four or of eight Tola's, or in common use, of three Tola's, two Ma'shas, and eight Rattis. 2. A moment, the sixtieth part of an Indian hour. 3. Flesh. परि (-लः) Straw after threshing, &c. परि वृत् to go, to move, aff. चच् ।

पक्षिचार m. (-रः) Blood. परि पक्षि flesh, and चार what oozes.

पक्षिगृह m. (-गृहः) A bricklayer, a plasterer. परि पक्षि flesh or mortar, compared to it, and गृह a mark or spot.

पक्षिहृत् mfn. (-हृत्-हृत्) Timid, fearful, frightened. परि पक्षि flesh, कृत् to go, aff. खच्; whose flesh shrinks with fear.

पक्षिहृत् m. (-रः) Bile. परि पक्षि flesh, कृत् what makes.

पक्षिहृत् m. (-यः) 1. A Rakshasa, an imp or goblin. परि (-यः-या) The Bdellium tree. परि (-यः) 1. A plant, (Ruellia longifolia.) 2. The ichneumon plant; see राक्षस. 3. The Pala'sh tree, (Butea frondosa.) 4. Lac, the animal dye. 5. A creeper; see मुञ्जरी. परि पक्षि flesh, and कृत् what injures, aff. खच्.

पक्षिभा f. (-भा) The mid-day shadow of a gnomon, when the sun is in the equinoctial points.

पक्षि n. (-लः) 1. Flesh. 2. Mud, mire, clay. 3. Oil-cake or sesamum seed. परि (-लः) A Rakshasa, a goblin or imp. परि वृत् to go, Una'di aff. कल्च्; or पक्षि flesh, and ला to get, aff. क्.

पक्षिज्वर m. (-रः) Bile. परि पक्षि flesh, ज्वर heat.

पक्षिप्रिय m. (-यः) A raven. परि पक्षि, and प्रिय fond of. [asylum.

पक्षिशय m. (-यः) Swollen neck, bronchocele. परि पक्षि flesh, शयय

पक्षि m. (-यः) A snare or basket of wicker work for catching fish. परि पक्षि flesh, and वृत् to get, aff. चच्.

पक्षिधि m. (-धिः) Bile, the bilious humour. परि पक्षि flesh, धि fire.

पक्षिध m. (-धिः) The Gangotic porpoise. परि पक्षि flesh, वृत् to go or get, aff. क्.

पक्षिध m. (-धिः) An onion. परि वृत् to preserve (from disease), चच् aff.

पक्षिध mf. (-दः-दा) A Rakshasa, male or female. परि पक्षि flesh, चच् who eats; also पक्षिध mf. (-नः-नी).

पक्षिध m. (-यः) 1. A halter. 2. An elephant's temples. परि पक्षि + धा-य-यच्.

पक्षिध f. (-धा) A collyrium; see कुलदा.

पक्षिध n. (-नः) Flight, retreat. परि पक्षि from, चच् to go, कृत् aff. र changed to च. [यानच् aff.

पक्षिध mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Running away. परि पक्षि before, चच् to go,

पवित्रक n. (क) Packthread, or a rope or net made of it. ३. धर्म  
pure, क aff. अथवाहये, उदुग्राहये, कुशे, दमनकुहये, अथवाहये निमित्ति  
आदि ।



परिवारोपण n. (-च) 1. Investiture with the Bra'hminical cord. 2. Investing the image of KRISHNA with it, on the twelfth of the light fortnight of Sra'vana. E. परिव्र, and चारीपण placing.

परिवारोपण n. (-च) The putting of the Bra'hminical cord on images of DEURGA on the eighth of the light half of Sra'vana or A'sharh. E. परिव्र, and चारीपण mounting.

परिव्रित infn. (-तः-तः-तः) Clean, pure, (literally or metaphorically.) E. परिव्र purifying, इतच् aff.

परिव्रिकरण n. (-चं) 1. Purification, cleansing. 2. The instrument or means of purifying. E. परिव्र, and करण making, चि augment.

परिव्रिकृत mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Purified, cleansed. E. परिव्र, and कृत made, चि augment.

प्रदोतसु m. (-सः) Name of an Asura said to be the destroyer of the child while in the womb.

प्रदोर n. (-रं) 1. An weapon. 2. The thunder. 3. A plough-share. E. प्रदि, the thunder-bolt, and स्थायै ईर aff.

प्रग (प्र-स) r. 1st cl. (प्रयति-ते) r. 10th cl. (प्रययति-ते) 1. To bind, to fetter. 2. To knot or tie. 3. To go, to move. 4. To hinder or obstruct. 5. To touch. चाये भ्या, पसे चद-वसे-चु-उभ-सक-सेट्.

प्रशय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) 1. Fit or advantageous for cattle, (meadow, pasturage; &c.) 2. Possessed of or relating to a cattle. 3. Brutish. E. प्रय, and यत् aff.

प्रम m. (-यः) 1. An animal in general, a beast. 2. A goat. 3. A subordinate deity and one of SIVA's followers. 4. Any living being. 5. A sacrifice, an oblation. 6. The divine soul of the universe. 7. The glomerous fig tree. ind. See, behold. E. दृश् to see, प्रय substituted, and कु Una'di aff.

प्रमका f. (-का) Any small animal. E. प्रय, and कन् dimin. aff.

प्रमक्रिया f. (-या) 1. Copulation, coition. 2. The act of animal sacrifice. E. प्रम, an animal, and क्रिया action.

प्रमगायत्री f. (-त्री) A parody of the holy verse of the Vēdas, whispered into the ear of an animal about to be sacrificed. E. प्रय, and गायत्री the Gayatri. [killing.]

प्रमशान n. (-तं) Slaughter of animals for sacrifice, &c. E. प्रय, and शान

प्रमना f. (-ता) The condition or nature of an animal, beastiality, brutality. E. तल् added to प्रय.

प्रमल n. (-त्वं) 1. Sacrifice of an animal. 2. Nature of an animal, E. प्रय, and ल aff.

प्रमशय m. (-यः) 1. Action, property, or treatment of animals. 2. Promiscuous cohabitation. 3. The marrying of widows. E. प्रय, and यम् office.

प्रमपति m. (-तिः) 1. A herdsman. 2. A name of SIVA. E. प्रय living creature, and पति the master, the creator, or preserver; or प्रय SIVA's attendant, and पति master; or according to one legend, प्रय an animal, which every deity acknowledged himself to be before his lord and master SIVA, when they solicited him to destroy the Asura TRIPURA.

प्रमवल्ल n. (-लं) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) केवर्त्तोमुल्लके ।

प्रमपाल m. (-लः) A herdsman. E. प्रय, and पाल who cherishes. [ing.]

प्रमपालन n. (-नं) Tending or rearing cattle. E. प्रय, and पालन protect-

प्रमप्रेषण n. (-णं) Driving cattle. E. प्रय a beast, प्रेरण sending.

प्रमयान m. (-नः) Sacrifice of animals. E. प्रय, and यान sacrifice.

प्रमरचय n. (-यं) Tending cattle. E. प्रय, and रचय preserving.

प्रमरविन् m. (-वी) A herdsman, a shepherd. E. प्रय, and रविन् who guards.

प्रमरज्जु m. (-ज्जुः) A string or tie for fastening cattle. E. प्रय an animal, and रज्जु a rope.

प्रमराज m. (-जः) A lion. E. प्रय a beast, and राज sovereign.

प्रमरीमन् n. (-नं) The hair of an animal. E. प्रय, and रीमन् hair of the body.

प्रमसम्भव mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Produced by an animal, (flesh, honey, butter, &c.) E. प्रय, and सम्भव product.

प्रमहरीतकी f. (-की) The hog plum. E. प्रय an animal, हरीतकी myrobalan. चायातकफले ।

प्रमहय n. (-यः) Sacrifice of animals. E. प्रय, and हय oblation.

प्रमात् ind. After, afterwards, behind, westward. E. प्रय, considered as a substitute for अपर, and माति aff.

प्रमात्ताप m. (-पः) Repentance. E. प्रमात् afterwards, ताप sorrow.

प्रमात्त mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) The remaining half or part of any thing. E. प्रय for अपर, and चत्त a part.

प्रमिन mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. West, western. 2. Behind, after. mf. (-नः-ना) The region of VARUNA, the west. E. प्रमात् behind, and दिनच् aff.; Hindus in their prayers, usually facing the east; and consequently having the west behind them.

प्रम्य ind. An exclamation of wonder or admiration, (lo, behold, &c.) E. दृश् to see, deriv. irr. also प्रम्यतु and प्रम्य.

प्रम्य mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Who or what sees, E. प्रम्य for दृश् to see, य aff.

प्रम्यत् mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) 1. Looking, seeing. 2. Romarking, considering. f. (-त्री) 1. A harlot, a courtesan. 2. A particular sound. E. दृश् to see, यत् aff. of the present participle, and root irr.

प्रम्यतस् ind. Visibly, in sight. E. प्रम्य, and तस् aff.

प्रम्यतोहर m. (-रः) A thief, a pilferer, but one who steals in presence of the parties, and proverbially applied to the goldsmith, &c. E. प्रम्यतस् in presence of, and हर who takes.

प्रम्यवदान n. (-नं) Sacrifice of offering of animals. E. प्रय, and चवदान oblation.

प्रम्याचार m. (-रः) Worship of DEVI. E. प्रय, and चाचार instituted observance.

प्रय r. 10th. cl. (प्रययति-ते) 1. To bind, to tie. 2. To move. 3. To oppose, to hinder. 4. To touch.

प्रय r. 1st. and 10. cls. (प्रयति-ते) 1. To bind, to fetter, to tie, to string. 2. To touch. 3. To oppose, to obstruct, to hinder. 4. To go, to move. 5. To injure or kill. (य) प्रय r. 1st and 10th. cls. (प्रयति-ते) To annul, to annihilate or destroy. चु-उभ-सक-सेट्-रदित् ।

प्रय n. (-यः) A house, E. प्रय-भावे क्लिप्त, तव साधु यत् ।

प्रयश m. (-शः) Name of the 1st A'hika of the first chapter of Patanjali's Maha'bhasya; (hence) An introductory chapter generally.

प्रयव m. (-वः) The name of one of the degraded Kshetriya races sentenced by SAGARA to wear beards, perhaps a Parthian.

प्रयिका f. (-का) A plant, (Pistia stratiotes.)

प्रयिक m. plu. (-कः) Name of a people, (perhaps the Persians.)

प्रयक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्तः-क्तः) Linear, in or by line, or row. E. प्रयक्ति a line, aff. चण्.

प्रयश(स)न mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Vitiating, spoiling. 2. Wicked. f. (न) or नौ; generally used at the end of a compound.) 1. Disgraceful, dishonouring, as in कुलप्रयश.

प्रयश(स)न mf. (-नः-नौ) 1. Rock or fossile salt. 2. Consisting of dust. E. प्रय, dust, and चण् aff.

प्रयश(सु) m. (-यः or सुः) 1. Dust. 2. Manure. 3. Landed property. 4. A kind of camphor. E. प्रय to bind, Una'di aff. कु; also प्रयशु.

प्रयशका f. (-का) 1. A menstruous woman. 2. A fragrant plant, (Pandanus odoratissimus.)

प्रयशकासीच n. (-चः) Sulphate of iron. E. प्रय, dust, and कासीच the same.

प्रयशकुली f. (-ली) A principal road. E. प्रय, dust, कुल a heap.

प्रयशकुल n. (-कुल) 1. A dust-heap. 2. A black lease, a title deed, one not made out in any person's name. E. प्रय landed property, कुल a mound, (as it were.)

पाय(सु)चलर m. (-रः) Hail. E. पाय dust, चलर a level space.  
 पायचन्दन m. (-नः) A name of Śiva. E. पाय dust, चन्दन Sandal.  
 पायचामर m. (-रः) 1. A tent. 2. A bank overgrown with Durba grass.  
 3. A Praise. 4. A heap of dust. 5. A small cucumber. E. पाय dust, चामर a chowri. [dust, ज born.  
 पाय(सु)ज n. (-जः) Salt extracted from soil, rock or fossile salt. E. पाय पायपत्र n. (-त्रः) A potherb, (Oenopodium.) E. पाय dust, and पत्र leaf.  
 पायमर्दन m. (-नः) A channel or basin for water, near or about the root of a tree. E. पाय dust, and मर्दन destroying. "केदारसेवित्र" ।  
 पायुव m. (-वः) A cripple : see पीठसर्पिन्.  
 पायुर m. (-रः) 1. A gadfly. 2. A cripple carried or moving about in a chair. E. पाय dust, and रा to get, क or ड aff. (डाय)  
 पायुल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Dusty, covered or spotted with dust. 2. Sullied, defiled. 3. Disgracing. m. (-लः) 1. A name of Śiva. 2. One of Śiva's weapons ; a sort of pole armed at the upper end with transverse pieces, representing the breastbone and ribs adjoining, and surmounted by a skull ; also लटाङ्क. 3. A paramour, a gallant. 4. A kind of tree, (Cesalpinia bonducella) f. (-लः) 1. An unchaste woman. 2. A woman during menstruation. 3. The earth. E. पाय dust, ल aff.  
 पायुवर्ष m. (-वर्षः) A shower or fall of dust. E. पाय, and वर्ष rain.  
 पायक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Contemptible, vile. 2. Vitiating, spoiling. E. पसि to destroy, क् aff.  
 पायन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Contemptible, wicked, bad, infamous. 2. Vitiating, spoiling, destructive. E. पसि to destroy, &c. aff. ल्युट्.  
 पायु m. (-युः) 1. Dust. 2. Manure. 3. A kind of camphor. E. पसि to bind, &c. aff. क्, also पायु.  
 पा r. 1st. cl. (पाति) To drink. r. 2nd. cl. (पाति) To cherish, to nourish, to protect or preserve. पाति, आ-पर-सक-चमिड् । रचण, चदा-पर-सक-सिट् ।  
 पा mfn. (पाः-प-प) 1. Who drinks. 2. Who protects or cherishes. 3. To feast on, (with the eyes or ears.) 4. To absorb, to swallow up, to destroy. E. पा to drink, &c. क् aff.  
 पाक m. (-कः) 1. Maturity, natural or artificial, as the state of being cooked or ripened. 2. Cooking, baking, boiling, dressing food. 3. A vessel in which any thing is dressed, a saucepan, a boiler, &c. 4. Digestion, assimilation of food. 5. Suppuration, ripeness of a boil. 6. Greyness of the hair. 7. General panic, or the subversion of a country. 8. Fear. 9. An owl. 10. The name of a demon. 11. Completion. 12. The consequence of an act done. 13. Domestic fire. 14. Grain, corn. 15. Fruit, fruition. mf. (-कः-का) 'The young of animals. E. पच् to be or become ripe, aff. भावि-चम् ; or पा to nourish, Una'di aff. कन्.  
 पाकजम् m. (-जम्) The Caronda tree, (Carissa carondas.) E. पाक ripening, कृष्ण black ; bearing a black fruit when ripe ; also other similar compounds, पाकजम्फल, कृष्णपाक, &c. "पान्चामूला" ।  
 पाकज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced by cooking, maturing, &c. n. (-जः) 1. Black-salt. 2. Flatulence. E. पाक, and ज born. [vessel.  
 पाकपात्र n. (-त्रः) A cooking utensil, a boiler, &c. E. पाक, and पात्र a पाकपुटी f. (-टी) A potter's kiln. E. पाक backing, पुट् to heap, affs. क and डप्.  
 पाकफल m. (-लः) The Caronda. E. पाक ripe, फल fruit, (black understood ; ) see पाकजम्फल ; also पाकफलजम्, फलपाक, &c.  
 पाकभाण्ड n. (-ण्डः) A culinary utensil. E. पाक, and भाण्ड a vessel.  
 पाकनल्य m. (-नल्यः) Fish sauce. E. पाक cooking, नल्य fish.  
 पाकयज्ञ m. (-यज्ञः) An oblation offered on building a house, liberating a bull, &c. or a religious rite of four kinds, oblation to the Viswadevas, offerings to the spirits, the permanent obsequial rites, and hospitality. E. पाक, and यज्ञ sacrifice ; the distribution of food being a part of each of these ceremonies.

पाकयज्ञिक m. (-कः) The performer of the ceremony called Pa'k-yajña E. पाकयज्ञ, aff. डक्. [to colour, aff. चिच्-क् "नेत्रपः"  
 पाकरञ्जु m. (-नः) The leaf of the Laurus cassia. E. पाक cooking, रञ्जु  
 पाकल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Producing maturity. 2. Suppurative, producing suppuration in a boil. n. (-लः) A sort of Costus, (C. speciosus.) m. (-लः) 1. Fine. 2. Wind. 3. Fever in an elephant. f. (-ली) A sort of cucumber, (C. utilatissimus.) E. पाक ripeness, ला to get, aff. ड.  
 पाकलि m. (-लिः) A sort of plant, (Bauhinia candida.) रोहिणीहले ।  
 पाकशाला f. (-शाला) A kitchen. E. पाक cooking, शाला a hall.  
 पाकशासन m. (-नः) INDRA. E. पाक a demon, शासन ruling, overcoming.  
 पाकशासनि m. (-निः) 1. "Jayanta" the son of INDRA. 2. A name of Vāli. 3. A name of Arjun'a. E. पाकशासन INDRA, इज् aff. of descent.  
 पाकशुक्ला f. (-शुक्ला) Chalk. E. पाक cooking, burning, शुक्ल white.  
 पाकस्थान n. (-नः) A kitchen. E. पाक cooking, स्थान a place.  
 पाकित mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Cooked, dressed, ripened, naturally or artificially. E. पाक cooking, इदनिच् aff.  
 पाकुक m. (-कः) A cook. E. पच् to cook, Una'di aff. उक्कञ्, चल् कच् ।  
 पाक्क mfn. (-क्कः-क्का-क्क) What may or is to be cooked, matured, &c. n. (क्कः) Bit-Labana, a medicinal salt, impregnated with iron m. (-क्कः) Nitre, salt-petre. E. पच् to cook, aff. कर्मणि चल्त्.  
 पाच mfn. (-चः-ची-च) 1. Belonging to a half month. 2. Relating to a side or party, &c. E. पच् and चण् aff.  
 पाचायुष mfn. (-युः-यी-यं) Belonging to or occurring in a Pak'sa or fortnight, &c. E. पच् half month, &c. and कच् aff.  
 पाचिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Belonging to a bird, to a fortnight, to an argument, &c. 2. Favouring a party or faction. 3. Optional, allowed but not prescribed. m. (-कः) 1. A fowler, a bird-catcher. An alternative. E. पच् a fortnight, or पचिन् a bird, aff. डक्.  
 पाचखड्ग m. (-खड्गः) A heretic, a heterodox Hindu, adopting the exterior marks of the classes, but not respecting the ordinances of the Vedas. E. पा for पाल what nourishes, (mankind, as virtue may be said to do,) and खडि to subvert or destroy, aff. चण् ; also पाचखड्ग.  
 पाच्य m. (-च्यः) A Brāhman who is or may be worthy to eat in a respectable society at sacrifices, &c. E. पक्ति an assembly, and चण् aff.  
 पाचक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. What produces maturity. 2. What cooks or dresses. 3. Digestive, tonic, what effects digestion. n. (-कः) The bile which assists in digestion. m. (-कः) 1. Fire. 2. A cook. E. पच् to ripen or concoct, कल् aff.  
 पाचकस्त्री f. (-स्त्री) A she-cook. E. पाचक cooking, स्त्री a woman.  
 पाचन mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) 1. What cooks or ripens, &c. 2. Digestive. Suppurative. n. (-नः) 1. A medicinal preparation, an infusion, a decoction, &c. of various drugs, chiefly carminatives or gentle stimuli given to bring the vitiated humours in feret, &c. to maturity, a sort of diet drink. 2. Penance, expiation. 3. The act of cooking, or ripening. m. (-नः) 1. Fire. 2. Acidity, sourness. f. (-नी) 1. A sort of myrobalan, (Terminalia, chebula.) 2. Cooking, ripening. E. पच् to dress, in the causal form, aff. ल्युट् ।  
 पाचनक m. (-कः) 1. Borax. n. (-कः) A sort of diet drink : see the last. E. पच् to mature, (metals,) in the causal form, ल्युट् aff, and चन् added. "सोषणा" ।  
 पाचन n. (-नः) Cooking, maturing. m. (-नः) 1. Fire. 2. Wind. 3. A thing dressed or matured without the aid of fire. 4. What ever ripens, cooks, causes digestion, &c. E. पच् in the causal form, चिच् वा-कल् aff. [टप् aff.  
 पाचा f. (-चा) Cooking, maturing. E. पच् to cook, causal v. चच् and पाचि f. (-चिः) Cooking, maturing. E. पच् to cook, इज् aff.

पाचिका f. (-का) Cooking, maturing. इ. पच् to cook, लृट् aff.  
 पात्र n. (-त्रः) Strength, power. इ. पा to nourish, असुन् Una'di aff., and लृट् augment.  
 पाचकपाल mfn. (-कः-लो-लं) Relating to or part of that oblation which is offered in five cups. इ. पचकपाल, q. v. चण् aff.  
 पाचजन्य m. (-ज्यः) 1. KRISHNĀ's conch. 2. A name of fire. 3. Any shell. 4. A sort of fish, commonly Gara'i. इ. पचजन a demon, from whose bones the shell was made, यत् aff.  
 पाचजन्यधर m. (-रः) A name of KRISHNĀ. इ. पचजन्य the conch, and धर who has.  
 पाचयाधिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Relating or belonging to, or included in the five great ceremonies. न. (-कं) Either of the five great sacraments. इ. पचयश्च, and उच् aff.  
 पाचमौलिक mfn. (-कः-मौ-लिकं) Consisting or made of the five elements. इ. पचमूल, and उच् aff.  
 पाचिका f. (-का) A doll, a puppet : see पाचजिका ।  
 पाचमन्द्रक n. (-कं) Musical instruments in general, or of five sorts. इ. पच्, मन्द्र sound, and उच् aff.  
 पाचयिक m. (-कः) A follower or votary of Śiva.  
 पाञ्च mfn. (-कः-लो-लं) Belonging to, dwelling in, ruling over, &c. the country of Panchāla. m. (-लः) 1. The sovereign of Panchāla. plu. The people of that country. 2. The company or association of five trades, the carpenter, weaver, barber, washerman, and shem-maker. इ. पञ्चाल the country so called, and स्वार्थे चण् aff. &c.  
 पाञ्चिका f. (-का) A doll, a puppet : see पाचजिका ।  
 पाञ्चाली f. (-ली) 1. A name of DRAUPADĪ, the wife of the five Pañdū princes. 2. A woman of the Panchālas. 3. A puppet, a doll. 4. Melodious combination of five or six words, (In rhetoric). इ. पञ्चाल the country so called, चण् aff. of descent or reference, and fem. aff. डीप् ; coming from that region ; also with कन् added पाञ्चालिका, and by making the second vowel short पाञ्चलिका ।  
 पाठ and, A vocative particle or interjection used in calling. इ. पठ् to go, in the causal form, aff. णिच् क्तिप् ।  
 पाठ m. (-ठः) Breadth, expanse, extension. f. (-ठा) Regular or successive order, series, succession. इ. पठ् to spread, aff. चञ् ।  
 पाठक m. (-कः) 1. The half of a village. 2. A shore, a bank, a flight of steps leading to water. 3. Casting dice. 4. A musical instrument. 5. A large span. 6. Expense or loss of capital or stock. 7. A splitter, a divider. इ. पठ् to go, लृट् aff.  
 पाठ्यर m. (-रः) A thief. इ. पठ्यर the same, and चण् pleonastic aff.  
 पाठन n. (-नं) Cutting, breaking. इ. पठ् to go, causal form, लृट् aff.  
 पाठल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Of a pink or pale-red colour. m. (-लः) 1. Pale-red, rose colour. 2. Rice ripening in the rains. f. (-ला) 1. The Trumpet-flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) 2. Red Lo'dh'. 3. A name of MURGA'. 4. Pale-red. nf. (-ल-ला) 1. The flower of the Bignonia suave-olens. 2. Rice. 3. Saffron. इ. पाठ extension, and ला to get, aff. ड ; also पाठलि ; or पठ-विच्-कलच् ।  
 पाठलि mf. (-लिः) Trumpet-flower. m. (-लिः) Rice ripening in the rains. इ. पाठल pale-red, aff. इच्. पठ-विच्-चलि "पाठल पुष्पं"  
 पाठलित mfn. (-लितः-लितं) Made red, tinted red, reddened. इ. पाठल, and इतच् aff.  
 पाठलिपुत्र n. (-त्रः) The name of an ancient city, supposed to be the ancient Palibothra, and the modern Patna ; It was the capital of Magadha, situated near the confluence of the Sonā and the Ganges, and is also known by the name of Pushpapura in Sanskrit literature. इ. पाठलि the trumpet flower, पू to be pure, यत् aff. ; also with कच् added, पाठलिपुत्रकः it is also said to be named after its founder and sovereign, पाठलिपुत्र being a proper name.  
 पाठलोप n. (-पः) A ruby. इ. पाठल, and उपल, a stone.

पाठव mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Clever, sharp, dexterous. n. (-वः) 1. Cleverness, talent. 2. Health. 3. Eloquence. इ. पठ् clever, &c. aff. चण्.  
 पाठविक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Cunning, crafty, fraudulent. 2. Clever, dexterous. इ. पठ् clever, उच् aff.  
 पाठविका f. (-का) A small shrub, (Abrus, precatorius.) see गुञ्ज.  
 पाठित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Torn, broken, divided. 2. Pierced. इ. पठ् to divide, in the causal form, aff. क्तिप्.  
 पाठिन m. (-टो) A sort of fish described as having many teeth.  
 पाठी f. (-ठीः) 1. Arithmetic. 2. A kind of shrub called Ba'la'. 3. Regular order. इ. पठ् to go, इन् or डीप् aff.  
 पाठीर m. (-रः) A field. 2. A pungent root, a sort of radish. 3. The pith or manna of the bamboo. 4. A cloud. 5. A sieve, a cribble. 6. Tin. 7. Disease arising from wind. 8. Sandal. इ. पठ् to go, &c. in the causal form, इन् aff. ; or पठीर + स्वार्थे चण् ।  
 पाठ्यट mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) Going, who or what goes. इ. पठ् to go, चण् aff. and the root repeated, form irr.  
 पाठ m. (-ठः) 1. Studying the Vēdas scriptures, considered as one of the five great sacraments of the Hindus. 2. Reading, perusal or study in general. f. (-ठा) A plant, commonly Akana'di. इ. पठ् to read, aff. भावे चञ्.  
 पाठक m. (-कः) 1. A lecturer, a public reader of the Purānās or other sacred works, or a Pañdī who declares what is the law or custom according to the scriptures. 2. A spiritual preceptor. 3. A reader, a student. इ. पठ् to read, लृट् aff., or पठ, causal v. डुन् aff.  
 पाठन n. (-नं) Lecturing, teaching. इ. पठ् to read, causal v. भावे कृट् aff.  
 पाठभू f. (-भूः) A place where the Vēdas are read or studied. इ. पाठ reading, (the Vēdas,) and भू place.  
 पाठमञ्जरी f. (-री) A small bird, commonly Sa'ri, (Gracula religiosa.)  
 पाठशाला f. (-ला) A college, a school. इ. पाठ study, शाला a hall.  
 पाठशालिनी f. (-नी) A small bird : see पाठमञ्जरी. पाठन श्रवते, श्रव-णिनि-डीप्.  
 पाठान m. (-नः) 1. Bilellum. 2. kind of fish.  
 पाठित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Instructed, taught, lectured. इ. पठ् to read, causal v., क्तिप् aff.  
 पाठिन m. (-टो) 1. A plant. (Plumbago zeylanica.) 2. A Brāhman, especially one who has finished his sacred studies. इ. पाठ perusal, and इन् aff. ; the virtues of the plant are to be read of in medical works.  
 पाठिन m. (-नः) A sort of fish, (Silurus boalis, Ham.) 2. A public reader or lecturer on the Purānās, &c. 3. A tree : see गुग्गुलु. इ. पाठी a Brāhman, and इन् added. "दीयाल" । [also पठनीय, &c.]  
 पाठ्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be read or studied. इ. पठ् to read, चण् aff. ; पाठिनो f. (-नो) An earthen pot or boiler.  
 पाण m. (-णः) 1. Trade, traffic. 2. A trader. 3. An agreement. 4. Praise. 5. The hand. इ. पण् to be of price, &c. भावे चञ् aff.  
 पाणि m. (-णिः) The hand. f. (-णिः) A place of sale, a shop, a market. इ. पण् to be of price, &c. Una'di aff. इण्.  
 पाणिका f. (-का) A sort of spoon or ladle. इ. पाणि the hand, कन् aff.  
 पाणिग्रहीतो f. (-तो) A bride, one wedded according to the ritual. इ. पाणि the hand, and ग्रहीत taken : see the next : when the compound means merely taken by the hand, the form is पाणिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं).  
 पाणिग्रहण n. (-णं) 1. Marriage. 2. Laying hold of the hand. इ. पाणि the hand, and ग्रहण taking, the junction of the hands of the bride and bridegroom, forming a part of this ceremony.  
 पाणिग्रहणिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Matrimonial. इ. पाणिग्रहण, and उच् aff.  
 पाणिग्रहण m. (-णः) 1. Laying hold of the hand. 2. Marriage. इ. पाणि, and ग्रहण taking.  
 पाणिक m. (-कः) 1. A drummer, one who plays on a tabor, &c. with his hands. 2. Playing upon a hand instrument. 3. A workman, a

handicraftsman. **३.** पाणि the hand, **हन्** to strike, **ठक्** aff. and **व** substituted for the root.

पाणिघात **m.** (-तः) 1. Striking with the hands, boxing. 2. A boxer, or one who strikes with his hand. **३.** पाणि the hand, and घात blow.

पाणिवापक **n.** (-कः) Fighting with the hands, snapping the fingers, &c. **३.** पाणि the hand, वापक unsteadiness.

पाणिन **m.** (-नः) A finger-nail. **३.** पाणि the hand, **जन्** to be born, aff. **उ.**

पाणिनल **n.** (-लः) 1. The palm of the hand. 2. A measure of two Tola's. **३.** पाणि, and ल below.

पाणिनि **m.** (-नः) A name of Pa'n'ini: see the next.

पाणिनि **m.** (-निः) Pa'n'ini, a Muni and inspired grammarian. **३.** पाणिन् a proper name and **हन्** aff. of descent.

पाणिनोय **mfn.** (-यः-या-यं) Connected with or derived from Pa'n'ini, the grammarian, (as a scholar, a rule, &c.) **३.** पाणिनि the saint, and **उ** aff.

पाणिधम **mfn.** (-मः-मा-मं) 1. Who blows through the hands. 2. Obscure, dark, (as a path, where a noise is made with the hands, to frighten away snakes, &c.) **३.** पाणि the hand, ध्वा to blow or breathe, aff. **खञ्.**

पाणिश्रय **mfn.** (-यः-यो-यं) Who or what drinks from the hand, **३.** पाणि, and श्रे to drink, **खञ्** aff.

पाणिशद **n.** (-दः) The hands and feet **३.** पाणि the hand, and शद the foot.

पाणिपोडन **n.** (-नं) Marriage. **३.** पाणि the hand, पोडन paining, taking: see पाणिपयण.

पाणिमृज् **m.** (-मृक्) The glomerous fig tree, (*F. glomerata*.) **३.** पाणि the hand, and मृज् what eats.

पाणिमत् **mfn.** (-मन्-मनो-मत्) Possessed of hands. **३.** पाणि, and मत् aff.

पाणिशूक **n.** (-कः) A missile weapon, one thrown with the hand, as a dart, a spear. **३.** पाणि the hand, and शूक loosed.

पाणिशूम् **m.** (-शूट्) A finger-nail. **३.** पाणि, and शूट् to grow, **क्विप्** aff.

पाणिशद **m.** (-दः) 1. A drummer, playing on a drum or tabor with the hand. 2. Clapping the hands together. **३.** पाणि the hand, and शद who sounds; also with **कन्** added पाणिशदक.

पाणिमर्द्या **f.** (-म्या) A rope, a cord. **३.** पाणि, the hand, हृज् to go, aff. **कर्म** वि-ण्यत्.

पाणिस्थ **mfn.** (-स्थः-स्था-स्थं) Held in the hand. **३.** पाणि, and स्थ what stays.

पाणिहोम **m.** (-मः) Offerings made to Brahmans where consecrated fire is not used. **३.** पाणि, and होम burnt offering.

पाणोतल **n.** (-लः) A measure of two Tola's.

पाणोकरण **n.** (-णं) Marriage. **३.** पाणी with the hand, and करण making.

पाण्डुर **mfn.** (-रः-रा-रं) Pale or yellowish white. **m.** (-रः) 1. Pale or yellowish white, (the colour.) 2. A plant, commonly Maru'a or Maru'vaka. **n.** (-रः) 1. Many-flowered jasmine. 2. Red chalk. **३.** पडि to go, **वर्** Una'di aff., and the radical vowel made long; also पाण्डुर.

पाण्डुरपुष्पिका **f.** (-का) A plant, commonly Sitala', (perhaps phrynum dichotomum:) see शीतला. **३.** पाण्डुर pale white, पुष्पी flower, aff. **कप्.**

पाण्डव **m.** (-वः) A Pa'n'dava or descendant of Pa'n'du; especially applied to Yudhis'thira and his four brothers. **३.** पाण्डु a proper name, and patronymic aff. **पोरज्** ।

पाण्डवभीम **m.** (-मः) A name of KRISHN'A. **३.** पाण्डव a Pa'n'dava, and भीम courage, (not fear,) ल who gives.

पाण्डवायन **m.** (-नः) A name of KRISHN'A. **३.** पाण्डव a Pa'n'dava, and वयन going, accompanying; being the friend and ally of the Pa'n'du princes.

पाण्डवेय **m.** (-यः) A descendant of Pa'n'du **३.** पाण्डु, and **ठक्** aff.

पाण्डुत्व **mf.** (-त्वं-तौ) Scholarship, learning. 2. Dexterity, cleverness.

**३.** पण्डित a teacher, aff. **खञ्.**, the semivowel rejected before the feminine aff.

पाण्डु **mfn.** (-रः-रा-रं) Pale of yellowish white. **m.** (-रः) 1. Pale or yellowish white, (the colour.) 2. the name of a sovereign of ancient Delhi, and nominal father of Yudhis'thira and his other four Pa'n'dava princes; he was a son of Vya'sa by the wife of Bichitrabirya. 3. The jaundice. 4. A white elephant. **f.** (-का) A plant, commonly Ma'shaparni, (*Glycine debilis*.) **३.** पडि. to go, aff. **वर्.**, and the penultimate vowel made long.

पाण्डुक **m.** (-कः) 1. The jaundice. 2. A name of Pa'n'du. 3. Pale or yellowish white, (the colour.) **३.** कन् added to the preceding.

पाण्डुकवल् **m.** (-लः) 1. A sort of blanket or warm upper garment. 2. A kind of stone, (Limestone or marble). 3. The housings of a royal elephant. **३.** पाण्डु pale, and कवल् blanket.

पाण्डुकवलिन् **m.** (-ली) 1. A carriage covered with a sort of blanket. 2. The housings of a royal elephant. **३.** पाण्डुकवल् a blanket, and **हन्** aff.

पाण्डुनाग **m.** (-गः) A plant, (*Rottleria tinctoria*.) 2. A white elephant. 3. A white species of serpent. **३.** पाण्डु, pale, नाग a plant, a snake, or elephant.

पाण्डुपुत्र **m.** (-त्रः) Either of the Pa'n'dava princes. **३.** पाण्डु, and पुत्र son; also similar compounds, as पाण्डुनन्दन, &c.

पाण्डुपृष्ठ **mfn.** (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठं) Having unlucky marks on the back &c. **३.** पाण्डु, pale, &c. and पृष्ठ back.

पाण्डुभूम **m.** (-भूमः) A country with a light-coloured soil. **३.** पाण्डु, pale, and भूमि earth, aff. **चच्.**

पाण्डुवर्त **f.** (-वर्त्) 1. A country in which the soil is of a whitish colour. 2. Chalk. **३.** पाण्डु, pale, and वर्त् earth.

पाण्डुवर्तिका **f.** (-का) 1. The opal. 2. A pale soil. **३.** पाण्डु, pale, and वर्तिका earth.

पाण्डुर **mfn.** (-रः-रा-रं) Of a yellowish white colour. **m.** (-रः) 1. A pale or yellowish white. 2. The jaundice. 3. A tree: see मरु'वक. **n.** (-रः) The white leprosy, vitiligo. **३.** पाण्डु, pale, and र added.

पाण्डुरदुम **m.** (-मः) A plant, (*Echites antidysenterica*.) "कुड्नी" ।

पाण्डुरपृष्ठ **mfn.** (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठं) Having unlucky marks on the back, &c. **३.** पाण्डुर, pale, and पृष्ठ the back.

पाण्डुराग **m.** (-गः) Whiteness, pallor. **३.** पाण्डु, and राग colour.

पाण्डुलेख **m.** (-खः) A sketch made with chalk, a draft.

पाण्डुलोमा **f.** (-मा) 1. A plant, (*Glycine debilis*.) 2. Having white hair on the body, &c. **३.** पाण्डु, pale, लोमन् hair or fibres: see पाण्डु. "माषपय्शीम्" ।

पाण्डुवर्ण **mfn.** (-र्णः-र्णा-र्णं) White. **m.** (-र्णः) Whiteness. **३.** पाण्डु, and वर्ण colour.

पाण्डुशर्करा **f.** (-रा) Light-coloured gravel, (disease.) **३.** पाण्डु, and शर्करा sugar. सितानामक प्रसेद रोगे ।

पाण्डुप्रसौला **f.** (-ला) A name of DRAUPADI. **३.** पाण्डु, a Pa'n'du prince, प्रसौला fortune, aff. **इलच्.**

पाण्डुसोपाक **m.** (-कः) The offspring of a Chanda'la by a Vaidehi woman, a maker of mats, baskets, &c. a worker with bamboo and reeds.

पाण्डु **m.** (-स्त्र) plu. 1. Name of a country and its inhabitants. 2. Sing. A king of that country. [aff. **खत्.**]

पाण्डु **mfn.** (-खः-खा-खं) Excellent, praise-worthy. **३.** पण् to praise, **प**

पाण्डुस्थ **m.** (-स्थः) A Bra'hman who reads the V'e'das upon receiving a gift at a Shra'ddha. **३.** पाणि, and पाण्डु face or mouth, having his mouth in his hand.

पात् **m.** (-पात्) 1. Falling. 2. Sin, wickedness. **३.** पत् to fall, aff. **डिप्.** and the radical vowel made long.

पात् **mfn.** (-पात्-पानो-पात्) Who or what defends or preserves, a guardian, a protector, &c. **३.** पा to preserve, aff. **वृह.**

पात *mfn.* (-तः-ता-तं) Preserved, protected. *E.* पा to preserve, *aff.* क.  
*m.* (-तः) 1. Falling, alighting, descending. 2. A name of Ra'hu.  
 3. The node of a planet's orbit. 4. Flying, flight. 5. A stroke, as  
 in कृष्णपातः। 6. Shedding, emitting, discharging. 7. An attack,  
 an inroad. 8. Happening. 9. Failing, defect. 10. Destruction,  
 dissolution. *E.* पत् to fall, *aff.* चक्ष्.  
 पातक *n.* (-कं) 1. Sin, crime. 2. The cause of falling, literally or  
 figuratively. For particulars see पचपातक. *E.* पत् to fall or des-  
 cend, (from virtue,) causal form, *aff.* क्षुत्.  
 पातकयोग *m.* (-यः) Incurring guilt, acting sinfully. *E.* पातक, and योग  
 accession. [रति *aff.*  
 पातकिन् *mfn.* (-की-किनी-कि) Wicked, sinful, a sinner. *E.* पातक, and  
 वातकि *m.* (-किः) 1. Saturn. 2. Yama. 3. Karn'a. 4. Sugri'va. *E.* पतङ्ग  
 the sun, इक्ष् *aff.* of descent.  
 पातञ्जल *f.* (-जी) Composed by Patanjali "पातञ्जले महाभाष्ये कृतं भूरि  
 परिचयः" Nagogibhatta. *n.* (सं) The Yoga system of philosophy.  
 (It is an open question whether the author of the Maha-  
 bha'sya was identical with this Patanjali.) *E.* पतञ्जलि the sage  
 by whom it was first taught, चक्ष् *aff.*  
 पातन *n.* (-नं) Bringing down, causing to fall. 2. Lowering, humbling,  
 3. Felling, knocking down. 4. Nodding, (as in sleep.) 5. Causing  
 an abortion, as गर्भं पातनम्. 6. Beating, as in दण्ड पातनम् &c.  
*E.* पत् to fall in the causal form, *aff.* क्षुत्.  
 पातय *mfn.* (-यः-या-य) 1. To be drunk. 2. To be preserved or  
 protected. *E.* पा to drink, to preserve, तक्ष *aff.*  
 पाताल *n.* (-लं) The regions under the earth, and the abode of the  
 Na'gas or serpents. 2. A hole, a chasm. 3. Submarine fire. 4. The  
 fourth sign from that in which the sun is present. *m.* (-लः) A  
 sort of apparatus for calcining and subliming metals, formed  
 of two earthen pots, the upper one inverted over the lower, and  
 the two joined together by their necks with cement, and placed  
 in a hole containing fire. *E.* पत् to alight, Una'di *aff.* चाक्ष्.  
 पातालनद्या *f.* (-दाः) The ganges of the lower world.  
 पातालनिलय *m.* (-यः) 1. A demon, a Daitya. 2. A Na'ga or infernal  
 serpent. *E.* पाताल hell, and निलय abode.  
 पातालोक्त *m.* (-क्तः) An Asur, a demon. *E.* पाताल hell, चीक्ष् a house.  
 पाति *m.* (-तिः) A master, a lord, a husband. *E.* पा to nourish, Una'di  
*aff.* चति. [तक्ष *aff.*  
 पातिक् *m.* (-कः) The Gangetic porpoise. *E.* पात trembling, falling,  
 पातिन् *mfn.* (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Felled, struck down. 2. Lowered, depressed,  
 humbled. *E.* पत् to fall, causal *v.*, क *aff.*  
 पातिक् *n.* (-त्वं) Loss of caste or position.  
 पातिन् *mfn.* (-ती-तिनी-ति) Going, going to, alighting, falling, pouring  
 forth. *E.* पत् to go, चिचुत् *aff.*  
 पातिनी *f.* (-नी) 1. A trap or snare for catching deer. 2. A small  
 earthen vessel or pot, especially used by religious mendicants.  
 3. A woman of a particular class. *E.* पात falling, इक्ष् *aff.* fem.  
*aff.* कीप्.  
 पातुक् *mfn.* (-कः-की-कं) Falling frequently or habitually, disposed to  
 fall. *m.* (-कः) 1. The declivity of a mountain, a precipice. 2. An  
 aquatic animal of a large size; figuratively, the water-elephant.  
*E.* पत् to fall, *aff.* चक्ष्.  
 पात *mfn.* (-ता-ती-तः) Who or what protects or nourishes. *m.* (-ता) A  
 plant, (Ocymum pilosum), *E.* पा to nourish, इक्ष् *aff.*  
 पात *mfn.* (-तः-या-तः) To be fallen, to be slighted. *E.* पत् to fall,  
 क्षत् *aff.*  
 पात *n.* (-तः) A preservative from sin, a preserver, a saviour. *E.* पात,  
 and तक्ष who or what saves.  
 पातता *f.* (-ता) The quality or property of a preservative from sin. *E.*  
 पात, and तक्ष *aff.*; also with तक्ष, पातनं.

पात्र *mfn.* (-तः-ती-तः) A vessel in general, a plate, a cup, a jar, &c. *n.*  
 (-तः) 1. A sacrificial vase or vessel, comprising various forms of  
 cups, plates, spoons, ladles, &c. so used. 2. The channel of a  
 river, or its course between the near and opposite bank. 3. A  
 king's counsellor or minister. 4. Propriety, fitness. 5. A leaf. 6.  
 The persons of a drama. 7. An order, a command. 8. The body.  
 9. A fit or competent person. 10. A measure of one A'rha'ka  
 or of eight Se'ers. 11. A receptacle of any kind, what holds  
 or supports. *f.* (-ती) A small or portable furnace. *E.* पा to pre-  
 serve or retain, *aff.* तक्ष्.  
 पात्रट *mfn.* (-टः-टा-टं) Spare, emaciate, thin. *m.* (-टः) Ragged gar-  
 ments. *E.* पात्रेव विवर्धित चटति, चट्-चक्ष्।  
 पात्रटोर *m.* (-रः) 1. An able or competent minister. 2. A vessel of  
 metal, as silver, brass, &c. 3. Rust of iron. 4. Fire. 5. A heron.  
 6. A crow. *E.* पात्र a vessel, &c. and टोर *aff.*  
 पात्रता *f.* (-ता) 1. Capacity, fitness. 2. Appropriate state or circum-  
 stance. 3. The property or capacity of a cup or vessel. 4.  
 Dignity, honor. *E.* पात्र capable, and तक्ष *aff.* of the abstract,  
 quality; also with तक्ष *aff.*, पात्रत्वं.  
 पात्रपाल *m.* (-लः) A large oar used as a rudder. 2. The rod of a  
 balance. *E.* पात्र a vessel, (a boat,) and पाल what cherishes, *aff.* चक्ष्.  
 पात्रभूत *mfn.* (-तः-ता-तं) The object of a present or of respectful treat-  
 ment. *E.* पात्र fit, and भूत become.  
 पात्रभूत *m.* (-भूतः) A servant. *E.* पात्र, and भूत who takes care of.  
 पात्रसंस्कार *m.* (-रः) 1. The current of a river. 2. Cleaning a vessel  
 that has been used. *E.* पात्र the channel, and संस्कार completion.  
 पात्रिक *mfn.* (-कः-की-कं) 1. Measured by a vessel, or the measure  
 Pa'tra, sown with it, preparing it, &c. 2. Fit, adequate, appro-  
 priate. *n.* (-कं) A vessel, a cup, a dish. *E.* पात्र, and इक्ष् *aff.*; also  
 with च *aff.* पात्रिय, and with यत्, पात्रा, &c.  
 पात्रिन् *mfn.* (-नी-तिनी-ति) 1. Having a vessel. 2. Having fit or worthy  
 persons. *E.* पात्र, and इति *aff.*  
 पात्रिय *f.* (-या) Worthy to partake of a meal.  
 पात्रोक्त *mfn.* (-यः-या-य) Measured, sown, cooked, &c. by a Pa'tra. *E.*  
 पात्र, and च *aff.*  
 पात्रोक्त *n.* (-यः) A sacrificial vessel. *E.* पात्र, the same, and च *aff.*  
 पात्रोक्त (रः) *m.* (-रः or -यः) An oblation. *E.* पात्र, a sacrificial vessel, ईर  
 to go, क *aff.*  
 पात्रोक्तित *m.* (-तः) 1. A parasite, a person constant at dinners, or  
 feasts, but good for nothing else. 2. A connoisseur in eating. 3.  
 A hypocrite. *E.* पात्र in a vessel, plate, &c. and सतिन collected.  
 पात्रोक्तकरण *n.* (-यः) Decorations of an inferior class, as bells, chowris,  
 &c. *E.* पात्र, and उपकरण instrument.  
 पाय *m.* (-यः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. *n.* (-यः) Water. *E.* पा to drink, and  
 चक्ष् *aff.*; the more usual form however is पीय.  
 पायस् *n.* (-यः) 1. Water. 2. Food. 3. Air. 4. Sky. *E.* पा to drink,  
 Una'di *aff.* चसुत्, and चक्ष् augment.  
 पायिस् *m.* (-यिः) 1. The sea. 2. The eye. *n.* (-यिः) A blotch, a scab. *E.*  
 पा to drink, Una'di *aff.* चसिन्, and चक्ष् augment.  
 पायेय *n.* (-यः) 1. Provender, or provisions, &c. for a journey, viaticum.  
 2. The sign Virgo of the Zodiac. *E.* पयिन् road, *aff.* उक्ष्.  
 पायोक्त *n.* (-यः) 1. A lotus. 2. The conch. *E.* पायस्, and क produced.  
 पायोक्त *m.* (-यः) A cloud. *E.* पायस् water, दा to give, *aff.* क.  
 पायोक्त *m.* (-यः) A cloud. *E.* पायस् water, धर having.  
 पायोक्ति *m.* (-यिः) The ocean. *E.* पायस् water, and दा to have, *aff.* वि.  
 पायोक्ति *m.* (-यिः) The ocean. *E.* पायस् water, and विवि receptacle.  
 पाय *m.* (-पाय् or -पात्) The foot. *E.* पद् to go, *aff.* चिचुत्, and the  
 radical vowel made long.  
 पाय *m.* (-यः) 1. A foot. 2. A quarter. 3. A hill at the foot of a mountain.  
 4. A ray of light. 5. The root of a tree. 6. The foot or line of a

- stanza. 7. The line of a hymn or stanza of the Rig Vēdas. 8. The quadrant of a circle. 9. The foot or leg of an inanimate object.
- ॥ पाद to go, aff. चञ्.
- पादकटय m. (-कः) An ornament for the feet or toes. ॥ पाद a foot, and कटय bracelet.
- पादकृत्य n. (-कः) A sort of penance, eating once and fasting on alternate nights. ॥ पाद a quarter, and कृत्य penance.
- पादनयिष्य m. (-रः) Morbid enlargement of the legs and feet. ॥ पाद the foot, नयिष्य a swelling, रञ्ज् aff.
- पादपश्य n. (-यः) Respectful obeisance, touching the feet of a Brāhman or superior. ॥ पाद, and पश्य taking.
- पादचलर m. (-रः) 1. A goat. 2. A sand bank. 3. The religious fig-tree, (Ficus religiosa.) 4. Hail. 5. A slanderer, a calumniator. ॥ पाद the foot, and चलर levelled ground.
- पादपापय n. (-यः) Beating or shuffling with the feet. ॥ पाद a foot, &c. पापय unsteadiness.
- पादचार n. (-रः) 1. The daily position of the planets. 2. Going on foot. ॥ पाद, and चार going.
- पादचारिण् m. (-रिः) A footman, a foot-soldier. ॥ पाद, and चर to go, aff. णिनि.
- पादज m. (-जः) A Su'dra, or man of the fourth and servile tribe. ॥ पाद the foot, (of BRAMHA) and ज born.
- पादजङ्घ n. (-ङ्घः) The tarsus. पादजङ्घ मूलं कर्णोऽङ्गुष्ठम् ।
- पादतल n. (-तलः) 1. The sole or the lower part of the foot. adv. As low as, or under the foot. ॥ पाद, and तल below.
- पादनम् ind. 1. At the foot. 2. By or with a quarter. ॥ पाद, and तसि aff.
- पादनाय n. (-यः) A boot, a shoe. ॥ पाद the foot, and नाय preserving.
- पादहारी f. (-री) A chap in the feet, a chilblain. ॥ पाद, ह to rend, च् aff.
- पादय m. (-यः) 1. A tree. 2. A foot-stool, a cushion, &c. for the feet. f. (-यः) A shoe, a slipper. ॥ पाद, a foot, or root, and पा to drink or preserve. aff. क्.
- पादपरिवहन n. (-नः) Trampling, treading upon. ॥ पाद, and परिवहन friction.
- पादपर्वता f. (-पर्वः) A creeping or a parasite plant. ॥ पादप a tree, and पर्व what mounts.
- पादपात्र m. (-पात्रः) 1. A foot-ropes for cattle or horses. 2. An anklet of small bells, &c. f. (-पात्रः) 1. A chain for the feet, a fetter. 2. A foot-carpet or mat. ॥ पाद the foot, and पात्र a fetter.
- पादपीठ m. (-पीठः) A foot-stool. ॥ पाद, and पीठ a stool.
- पादपीठिका f. (-का) 1. Any common or vulgar trade, as that of a barber, &c. 2. A white-stone. ॥ पादपीठ a foot-stool, a work bench, ऊष्ण depreciative aff., and क् added.
- पादपूरण n. (-णः) An espivite.
- पादप्रक्षालन n. (-नः) Washing the feet. ॥ पाद, and प्रक्षालन washing.
- पादप्रणाम n. (-नः) Bowing to the feet, prostration. ॥ पाद, and प्रणाम bowing.
- पादप्रधारण n. (-णः) A shoe. ॥ पाद, and प्रधारण defending.
- पादप्रहार m. (-रः) A kick. ॥ पाद the foot, and प्रहार striking.
- पादबन्धन n. (-नः) Stock of cattle. ॥ पाद a foot, and बन्धन binding, alluding to the foot-ropes with which cattle are tied.
- पादमुद्रा f. (-द्रा) A foot-print.
- पादमूल n. (-मूलः) The heel. 2. The tarsus. 3. A polite designation of a person. ॥ पाद the foot, and मूल the root.
- पादरक्षण n. (-णः) A leather boot or shoe. ॥ पाद the foot, and रक्षण protecting.
- पादरज्जु f. (-ज्जुः) An elephant's heel-ropes. ॥ पाद, and रज्जु a rope.
- पादद्वय m. (-यः-द्वयः) A shoe, a slipper. ॥ पाद the foot and द्वय a vehicle.
- पादरीषय m. (-यः) The Indian fig-tree. ॥ पाद, and रीषय what rises.
- पादवन्दन n. (-नः) Respect, respectful behaviour. ॥ पाद, and वन्दन saluting.
- पादवल्गुल n. (-लः) Morbid enlargement of the legs and feet. ॥ पाद the foot, वल्गुल a hillock.
- पादविहग m. (-गः) A traveller, a way-farer. ॥ पादवि a road, aff. उक्.
- पादविरज्जय m. (जाः) A god. f. (जाः) A shoe, a slipper. ॥ पाद the foot, वि privative, रज्जय dust.
- पादशब्द m. (-शब्दः) The sound or noise of the feet. ॥ पाद a foot, and शब्द sound.
- पादशब्द ind. 1. Verse by verse, stanza by stanza. 2. Foot by foot. 3. By a fourth. ॥ पाद a verse, शब्द aff.
- पादशङ्खा f. (-शङ्खा) A toe. ॥ पाद a foot, शङ्खा a branch.
- पादशैल m. (-शैलः) A hill near a mountain. ॥ पाद the foot, and शैल a hill.
- पादशोथ m. (-थः) Swelling of the feet, gout. ॥ पाद, and शोथ a swelling.
- पादसेवन n. (-नः) Service, duty. ॥ पाद, and सेवन waiting upon.
- पादस्फीट m. (-टः) Kibe, chilblain, a sore or ulcer on the foot. ॥ पाद the foot, and स्फीट a boil.
- पादहन mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Trodden on, kicked, touched with the feet. ॥ पाद and हन struck.
- पादहर्ष m. (-र्षः) Tingling of the feet after pressure upon the orural nerves. ॥ पाद, and हर्ष pleasure.
- पादहारक m. (-कः) One who takes or steals any thing with his feet. ॥ पाद a foot, हार to take, aff. क्.
- पादाग्र n. (-ग्रः) The point of the foot. ॥ पाद, and अग्र point or tip.
- पादाङ्गद n. (-दः) An ornament for the feet or toes. ॥ पाद the foot, अङ्ग shape, beauty, and द what gives.
- पादाङ्गुली f. (-ली) A toe. ॥ पाद a foot, अङ्गुली a finger.
- पादाङ्गुष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) The great toe. ॥ पाद a foot, अङ्गुष्ठ the thumb.
- पादाङ्गुष्ठिका f. (-का) An ornament or ring worn on the great toe. ॥ पादाङ्गुष्ठ the great toe, aff. क्, fem. form.
- पादात् m. (-दात्) A foot-soldier, a footman. ॥ पाद foot, चत् to go, aff. क्.
- पादात m. (-तः) A foot-soldier, a footman. n. (-तः) Infantry. ॥ पाद, and चत् to go, aff. चच्, or पदाति a foot-soldier, चच् collective aff.
- पादाति m. (-तिः) A foot-soldier, a man on foot, or footman. ॥ पाद, with चत्, to go, aff. इन्; also पदाति; with क् added, पादातिष m. (-कः).
- पादायास m. (-सः) Treading upon, kicking, spurning. ॥ पाद, and यास placing upon.
- पादानत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Bowed down to the feet, prostrate. ॥ पाद, and आनत bowed.
- पादारक्ष m. (-क्षः) The knees or ribs of a boat, supporting the deck on each side. ॥ पाद a foot, क्ष to go, aff. क्.
- पादावा n. (-वा) A donation to a Brāhman, or venerable person. ॥ पाद a foot, वावा a respectful offering. [ वावा a half.]
- पादाष्ट n. (-ष्टः) 1. An eighth. 2. Half a line of a stanza. ॥ पाद, and पादाष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टः) A boat. पादाष्ट चक्षिन्वी यस्याः शीतली ।
- पादावनेजन n. (-नः) Washing the feet. ॥ पाद, and अनेजन washing.
- पादावर्ण m. (-र्णः) A machine for raising water from a well. ॥ पाद foot, and आवर्ण revolving, worked by the feet.
- पादावनेचन n. (-नः) Washing the feet. ॥ पाद, and अनेचन sprinkling.
- पादाविक m. (-कः) A foot-soldier. ॥ पाद a foot, चत् to go, &c. aff. इच्, or उक्.
- पादासन n. (-नः) A foot-stool. ॥ पाद, and आसन a seat.
- पादास्त्रावन n. (-नः) Trampling, shuffling, or motion of feet. ॥ पाद, and आस्त्रावन waving.
- पादाहृत mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Kicked, trodden, touched by the feet. ॥ पाद, and आहत struck.

पादिक mfn. (-क-को-कं) Fourth, a fourth. ३. पाद a quarter, and उक् aff.  
 पादिक mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Footed, having feet. 2. Having a fourth part or share. 3. Having four parts, as a stanza, &c. m. (-दी) 1. A footed aquatic animal, an amphibious animal. 2. The heir of a fourth part of the estate. ३. पाद, and इति aff.  
 पादिक mfn. (-न-ना-नं) A fourth part. ३. पाद a quarter, च aff.  
 पाद f. (-दः) Walking. ३. पद् to go, aff. चण् ।  
 पादिक mfn. (-क-का-को-कं) Who or what does on foot or with feet. f. (-क) A shoe, a slipper. ३. पद, and चण् aff. [makes.  
 पादकाकार m. (-रः) A shoemaker. ३. पादका a shoe, and कार who  
 पादकाकर m. (-कृत्) A shoemaker. ३. पादका a shoe, कृत् who makes.  
 पाद f. (-दः) A shoe. ३. पद् to go, Una'di aff. क, पिच ।  
 पादकृत् m. (-कृत्) A shoemaker. ३. पाद a shoe, and कृत् who makes.  
 पादोदक n. (-कं) Water for the feet, especially that in which the feet of a Bra'hman have been washed. ३. पाद, and उदक water.  
 पाद mfn. (-य-या-यं) Water, &c. for cleaning the feet. ३. पाद the foot, यत् aff.  
 पादपात्र n. (-त्रं) A metal vessel for washing the feet. ३. पाद, and पात्र a vessel.  
 पान n. (-नं) 1. Drinking. 2. A drinking 'cup or vessel. 3. Preserving, protecting. 4. A beverage. 5. Sharpening. m. (-नः) 1. Breath, breathing out, expiration. 2. A distiller. ३. पा to drink, &c. aff. कृट्.  
 पानक n. (-कं) A drink. ३. पानायं कायति-के-क ।  
 पानशालिका f. (-का) A dram shop, a place where people drink together. ३. पान drinking, गीष्ठी a station, aff. कृत्.  
 पानपर mfn. (-र-रा-रं) 1. Drinking, quaffing, who or what drinks assiduously. 2. Looking at amorously. ३. पान and पर intent.  
 पानपात्र n. (-त्रं) A glass, a drinking vessel. ३. पान drinking, पात्र a vessel.  
 पानवणिज् m. (-विक्) A distiller, a vender of spirits. ३. पान drinking, वणिज् a dealer.  
 पानभाजन n. (-नं) A drinking vessel, a glass, a goblet. ३. पान, and भाजन a vessel.  
 पानरत mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Drinking, drunken. ३. पान, and रत engaged in.  
 पानशील m. (-लः) A hard drinker. ३. पान, and शील intoxicated.  
 पानम n. (-मं) A spirituous liquor prepared from the fruit of the Jack tree. ३. पनस the Jack, and चण् aff. [end.  
 पानाशय m. (-यः) Morbid state after intoxication. ३. पान, and अशय  
 पानिक m. (-कः) A vendor of spirituous liquors.  
 पानिक n. (-व) A drinking vessel. ३. पान drinking, and इल्ल aff.  
 पानीय mfn. (-य-या-यं) 1. Drinkable, to be drunk. 2. To be cherished, protected or preserved. n. (-यं) Water. ३. पा to drink, चनीयर् participial aff.  
 पानीयकृत् m. (-कृत्) An otter. ३. पानीय water, कृत् an ichneumon.  
 पानीयपुष्प m. (-जः) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) ३. पानीय water, पुष्प surface, ज born. "पाना" ।  
 पानीयमूल m. (-कः) A plant, (Serratula anthelmintica :) see सोमराजी. ३. पानीय water, मूल root, कृत् aff.  
 पानीयवर्षिण f. (-का) Sand. पानीयनिव वर्षाति-वर्षि-चण् ।  
 पानीयशालिका f. (-का) A place where water, &c. is distributed. ३. पानीय water, शालिका a place, aff. छाद्ये-क, कापि चत इल्ल ।  
 पानीयफलक n. (-कं) A fruit, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) ३. पानीय water, and फलक myrobalan. "पानिफालक" ।  
 पानक m. (-य-या-यं) A traveller. ३. पानिक् a road, and चण् aff.  
 पान mfn. (-य-या-यं) 1. Mischievous, destructive, malignant. 2. Vile, low, abandoned, vicious. 3. Inauspicious. m. (-यः) A wicked man, a wretch, a profligate. n. (-यं) 1. Sin, crime, wickedness, vice. 2. Bad state, bad fortune. ३. पा to preserve (from it), and च Una'di aff.

पापक n. (-कं) Sin. ३. कृत् added to the last.  
 पापकर mfn. (-र-रा-रं) Wicked, abandoned. ३. पाप, and कर who does.  
 पापकृत् mfn. (-कृत्) Sinful, wicked, a sinner. ३. पाप, and कृत् who does.  
 पापकर्मन् mfn. (-कर्म-कर्म-कं) Wicked, sinful. ३. पाप, and कर्मन् not.  
 पापकृत् mfn. (-कृत्) Sinful, wicked, a sinner. ३. पाप sin, कृत् to commit, aff. कृप्.  
 पापगोचर mfn. (-र-रा-रं) Evidently involved in the consequences of sin. ३. पाप, and गोचर visible object.  
 पापघ्न m. (-घ्नः) Any ill-omened aspect of the stars, as the conjunction of the sun or Budha with the moon in its last quarter. 2. Ra'hu. 3. Saturn. 4. Mars. ३. पाप, and घ्न astorism.  
 पापघ्न mfn. (-घ्न-घ्न-घ्नं) Removing sin. ३. पाप, and घ्न destructive ; or पापं घ्नति घ्न-टक् ।  
 पापचक mfn. (-क-का-कं) Who or what matures or cooks often or much. ३. पक् to cook, &c. frequent. चण् aff.; also पापाचक.  
 पापचर्य m. (-र्यः) 1. A sinner. 2. A fiend, a Ra'khasa. ३. पाप, and चर्य practice, or चर्य to be gone (in or by.) [ding.  
 पापचेतस् mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Wicked, vile. ३. पाप, and चेतस् understan-  
 पापचेतो f. (-तो) A plant, commonly A'kasa'di, (Cissampelos hexandra.) ३. पक् to ripen, reiterated पापच, (rheumatism,) ईर् to dissipate, affs. चण् and जोप्, and र changed to च; also with कृत् added in the fem. form पापचेतिष्ठा.  
 पापति mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Who or what alights, goes or falls much or frequently. ३. पत् to alight, &c. frequent. चण् aff. or पत-चण् लृच्-ण् ।  
 पापदृष्टिन् mfn. (-ष्टि-ष्टि-ष्टिं) Malevolent, looking at faults. ३. पाप, and दृष्टिन् who sees.  
 पापदृष्टन् mfn. (-ष्ट-ष्ट-ष्टं) Conscious of guilt, knowing an act to be wicked. ३. पाप, and दृष्ट् to see, कृत् aff. [barber.  
 पापनापित m. (-तः) A vile, cunning or bad barber. ३. पाप sinful, नापित a  
 पापनापित् mfn. (-पि-पि-पि) Purifying, sin-destroying. ३. पाप, and नापित् destroying.  
 पापनिरति mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Wicked, villainous, a wretch. f. (-तिः) Wickedness. ३. पाप, and निरति attachment.  
 पापपति m. (-तिः) A paramour, a gallant. ३. पाप wicked, and पति husband.  
 पापपुरुष m. (-पुः) A personification of all sin, or a male, whose head is Bra'hmanicide, whose arms are theft, whose heart is wine drinking, &c. ३. पाप, and पुरुष a man.  
 पापपुत्रि mfn. (-त्रि-त्रि-त्रि) Evil-minded, wicked. ३. पाप, and पुत्रि intellect.  
 पापनति mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Of a corrupt mind, depraved. ३. पाप, and नति mind.  
 पापमुक्त mfn. (-क-का-कं) Freed from sin, liberated from all crime. ३. पाप, and मुक्त set free.  
 पापभाज् mfn. (-भाज्) Sinful.  
 पापयोनि f. (-निः) Birth in some inferior state, as an animal, &c. as the punishment of sin. ३. पाप, and योनि womb.  
 पापरोग m. (-गः) A disease, considered as the punishment of sin in former life. 2. Small box. ३. पाप sin, and रोग disease.  
 पापति f. (-तिः) Hunting, chase. ३. पाप sin, and तिष्ठ thriving.  
 पापल mfn. (-ल-ला-लं) Giving or taking sin. n. (-लं) A measure. ३. पाप, and ल् aff.  
 पापनिवर्ध m. (-वर्धः) Restraining or punishing wickedness. ३. पाप, and निवर्ध restraint.  
 पापघ्नन् mfn. (-घ्न-घ्न-घ्नं) Palliating or removing crime. n. (-घ्नं) A sin-offering. ३. पाप, and घ्नन् appeasing.  
 पापदृष्टिन् mfn. (-ष्टि-ष्टि-ष्टिं) Equal in sin, of like guilt. ३. पाप, and दृष्टिन् measured.





पारसीक म. (-कः) 1. Persia. 2. A native of Persia. 3. A Persian horse. also पारसीक.

पारुष म. (-वः) One armed with an axe, a hatchet-man, a pioneer, &c. E. पारुष an axe, aff. चञ्.

पारुषिक म. (-कः) A soldier, or any other man armed with an axe. E. पारुष an axe, उञ् aff.

पारुष म. (-वः) Gold.

पारुषिक म. (-कः) Persia; plu. The Persians also पारसीक.

पारसीक म. (-कः) 1. The kingdom of Persia. 2. A Persian, an inhabitant of Persia. 3. A Persian horse.

पारुषेय म. (-वः) An adulterine, the son of another's wife. E. पर another, स्त्री woman, उञ् aff. of descent, and वञ्च् augment.

परा f. (-रः) Name of a river.

परापत म. (-तः) A pigeon; also पारापत.

पराप(रा)र म. (-रः) The ocean. n. (-रः) The two banks of a river. E. पर the further bank, and चपर near bank.

परायण n. (-चः) 1. Totality, entireness, completeness. 2. Going over, reading or doing any thing completely. 3. Going across. 4. Reading a Purāṇa, or causing it to be read. f. (-चो) 1. The goddess SARASWATĪ. 2. Action, act. 3. Considering, meditating. 4. Light. E. पर the boundary or limit, and चयण going to, extending: when used attributively it remains always neuter.

परायणिक म. (-कः) 1. A pupil, a scholar. 2. A lecturer, a reader of the Purāṇas. E. पारायण reading through, उञ् aff.

पारावक म. (-कः) A rook. E. पार the further bank, च to go to, aff. वञ्च्. Also पारावच ।

पारावत म. (-तः) 1. A dove, a pigeon. 2. A monkey. 3. A sort of ebony, (Diospyros glutinosa.) 4. A mountain. f. (-ती) 1. The name of a river in the peninsula. 2. The fruit of the Annona reticulata. 3. A form of song, peculiar to the cowherds. E. पर another, (life, &c.) च to go, to preserve, यद् participial aff., and चञ् added.

पारावतपदी f. (-दी) Heart-pea: see पारावताङ्गि । काकजहायान्च ।

पारावताङ्गि f. (-ङ्गि) Heart-pea, (Cardiospermum haliacacabum.) E. पारावत a pigeon, चङ्गि a foot, the root] being compared to a pigeon's foot; also similar compounds, as पारावतपदी.

पारावताङ्गिपिच्छ म. (-चः) A pigeon.

पारावार म. (-रः) The ocean. n. (-रः) The near and opposite banks of a stream. E. पार the further bank, व to surround, with चञ्च् prefix, and चञ् aff.

पारावारीय mfn. (-व-वा-य) 1. On both sides of a river, &c. 2. One who goes to both sides. E. पार the opposite side, चवार this side, aff. चञ् ।

पारावर म. (-रः) A name of the post VYA'SA. n. (-रः) The rules of PARASARA, or VYA'SA, the conduct of the mendicant orders. E. परावर, and चञ्च् added.

पारावरकसिक म. (-कः) A follower of PARASARA, the institutor of rules for the mendicant order. E. परावर the sage, कस aff., and उञ् added. [उञ् patronymic aff.]

पारावरि म. (-रिः) 1. VYA'SA. 2. An epithet of Su'kra. E. परावर, and चञ्च् added.

पारावरिन् म. (-री) 1. A recluse. Plu. The religious mendicant or Brāhman, who having passed through the three stages of student, house-holder, and ascetic leads a vagrant life, and subsists upon alms; or the class of ascetics who study the Sha'niraka Sutra of Vya'sa. E. पारावर VYA'SA, the author of the rules of this order, and इति aff.

पारावरिन् म. (-रिः) The post VYA'SA. E. पारावर the father of the post, and चञ्च् aff.

पारिवाहिन् म. (-ही) 1. An ascetic, one who devotes his days to devout contemplation. 2. The religious mendicant. E. परि implying recession, (abandoning worldly wishes,) वाहि to desire,

and चिनि aff.; or पारि derived from पर, supreme felicity, and वाहिन् who desires.

परिचय f. (-योः) Surrounded by a ditch. E. परिचा, affix, उञ् ।

परिजात म. (-तः) 1. Name of one of the five trees of paradise supposed to have been produced at the churning of the ocean. 2. The coral tree, (Erythrina fulgens.) E. पारि said to mean, above, and जात produced.

परिजातक म. (-कः) 1. A tree of paradise. 2. The coral tree. E. कञ् added to the last.

परिचाय mfn. (य-यो-य) Belonging to specifically or peculiarly. n. (-य) Property received at the time of marriage by a woman. f. (यो) 1. Relating to marriage. E. परि about, around, यो to get, aff. चञ् ।

परिचाय म. (य) Household furniture and utensils. E. परिचाय, and चञ्च् aff.

परित्या f. (-त्था) A trinket worn on the forehead, where the hair is parted; or a string of pearls for binding the hair. E. परि every way (splendid), तथा there, चञ्च् added.

परितोषिक mfn. (-क-तो-ष) Delighting, making happy. n. (-क) A reward, a gratuity. E. परितोष satisfaction, उञ्च् aff.

परिचयिक म. (-कः) A standard-bearer.

परिक म. (-कः) A lion: see परिक.

परिपन्थिक म. (-कः) A robber, a thief, a highwayman. E. परि around, पन्थिन् the road, aff. उञ्च्.

परिपाक्य n. (-क्य) Regularity, methodicalness, successiveness. E. परिपाटी orderly course, चञ्च् aff.

परिपाल म. (-जः) The name of a mountain, apparently the central or western portion of the "Vindhya" chain, which skirts the province of Ma'wa. E. परि every way, पा to cherish, उञ्च् aff.; or with कञ्च् added, परिपालक; also read परिपाल.

परिपातक म. (-कः) A mountain so called: see the last.

परिपात्रिक म. (-कः) 1. An actor, who serves as a sort of chorus to the drama, and is one of the interlocutors in the prologue. 2. An attendant. E. परि about, पात्र the side, (of the manager, &c.) aff. उञ्च्.

परिपात्रिका f. (-का) A chamber-maid.

परिप्लव mfn. (-व-वा-प्ल) 1. Perturbed, troubled in mind. 2. Trembling, tremulous, unsteady. 3. swimming, floating. m. (-वः) A boat. E. परिप्लव, and चञ्च् added.

परिप्लव म. (-वः) A goose. n. (-वः) 1. Perplexity, agitation. 2. Tremulousness. E. परिप्लव, and चञ्च् aff.

परिवर्त्त म. (-वः) A wedding present.

परिमद्र म. (-द्रः) 1. The coral tree, (Erythrina fulgens.) 2. The Nimba tree. 3. A sort of pine, (Pinus De'vada'ru.) 4. The Sarala, also a sort of pine, (P. longifolia.) E. परि completely, मद्र auspicious, aff. चञ्च्; also with कञ्च् added, परिमद्रक.

परिमाद्य n. (-य) 1. Surety, security, bail. 2. A drug, a sort of costus, (C. speciosus.) E. परिच् a surety, or परिमच overcoming, (disease) aff. चञ्च् ।

परिभाषिक f. (-षी) 1. Current, common, universally received. 2. Technical, (as a word.) E. परिभाषा, and उञ्च् affix.

परिभाषक्य n. (क्य) An atom, as a measure of space, a mote in a sun beam. E. परिमल्लक a ball, and चञ्च् aff.

परिमुक्षिक mfn. (-क-क्षी-क) Present, before or about the face. E. परि about, मुक्ष the face, उञ्च् aff.

परिमुख न. (-क) Presence, being before the face. E. परिमुख, and चञ्च् aff.

परिपाल म. (-जः) The name of one of the seven principal mountains; see परिपाल, also with कञ्च् added, परिपालक, or with उञ्च् aff. परिपालिक.

पारियात्रिक m. (-चः) A travelling cart or carriage. **पारि** every way, **यान** going, aff. ठक्.

पारिव्रज m. (-चः) An ascetic or religious mendicant. **पारि** said to mean, future happiness, from **परि** and **व्रज** who preserves.

पारिव m. (-चः) A tree : see **नर्मदा** । **पञ्चाशद्विध** ।

पारिवीक्ष्य n. (-क्ष) That which is left, remainder.

पारिवर्त mfn. (-वः-दी-वः) Belonging or relating to an assembly. m. (-वः)  
1. A spectator, a person present at an assembly or congregation.  
2. A king's companion. plu. The retinue of a god. **पारिवर्त** an assembly, aff. चक्; or with **च** aff. **पारिवर्त**.

पारिवर्त m. (-वः) A spectator : see the last.

पारिवारिक mfn. (-कः-की-कः) 1. Taking away, seizing. 2. Surrounding. m. (-कः) A maker of garlands. f. (-की) A kind of riddle. **पारिवार** seizure, ठक् aff.

पारिवार्य m. (-यः) A bracelet. n. (-यः) Taking, seizure. **पारिवार**, and **चक्** aff. also **पारिवार्य**.

पारिवाज n. (-जः) Jest, joke, fun.

पारी f. (-री) 1. A rope for tying an elephant's feet. 2. A quantity of water. 3. A drinking cup. 4. A milk-pail. **प** + **हृप्-रा-क-जीप्** ।

पारीक्षित m. (-नः) 1. The name of a sovereign, to whom the Sri-Bha'garat, or life of KRISHN'A, is supposed to have been addressed. 2. The successor of the preceding ; also JANAME'JAYA. **प** पारीक्षित् the king so called, and **चक्** pleonasm or patronymic.

पारीष mfn. (-षा-षा-षः) 1. On the opposite side. 2. Who goes or crosses to the other side. 3. Completely versed in. **प** पार the other side, aff. चक् ।

पारीषय n. (-यः) Household furniture.

पारीक m. (-कः) 1. A lion. 2. A large snake, (Boa.) **प** पर another, (animal), and **रज** lord, form irr.

पारीषय m. (-यः) 1. A tortoise. 2. A stick, a staff. **पारीष** रणति, **रण** + **चक्** ।

पार m. (-वः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. **प** पा or nourish, Una'di aff. **व**.

पारय n. (-यः) 1. Abuse, reproach, scurrilous, opprobrious or unfriendly speech. 2. The property of harshness, &c. in speaking. 3. The forest or grove of INDRA. 4. Aloe wood or Agalloohum. 5. Severity, violence, either in word or deed, as **पारय** defamations, abuse, or violence words, and **दण्डपारय** personal injury, assault or violence of blows. m. (-यः) A name of VRIHASPATI. **प** पारय harsh, contumelious, &c. aff. चक्.

पारैरक m. (-कः) A sword, a scimitar. **प** पार collectively, foes, from **पर** an enemy, **ईर्** to penetrate, aff. हुक्.

पारोक्ष्य n. (-यः) Tradition.

पार्षट n. (-टः) 1. Ashes. 2. Dust. **प** पार from **पर** another, **चट्** to endeavour, aff. चक्, and the final vowel of **पार** rejected.

पारजन्त f. (-न्तः) Belonging to rain.

पारि f. (-री) Relating to leaves. 2. Raised from leaves (as a tax.)

पारि m. (-मः) 1. A king, a prince. 2. A name of the Pa'ndu prince ARJUN'A. 3. A name of KA'RTAVIRYA. 4. A tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) **प** पारि a proper name, **चक्** aff. of descent.

पारिषय n. (-यः) Severalty, individuality, difference. **प** पारिषय separate, **चक्** aff.

पारिषय n. (-यः) Greatness, immensity. **प** पारि great, **चक्** aff.; also **पारिषय**, **चक्**, &c.

पारिषय mfn. (-यः-या or यी-यः) 1. Earthen, made or derived from earth. 2. Ruling or possessing the earth. 3. Princely, royal. m. (-यः) 1. A king, a prince. 2. An earthen vessel. 3. An inhabitant of the earth. f. (-यी) 1. A name of SI'TA. 2. An epithet of Lakshmi. **प** पारिषय the earth, **चक्** aff.

पारिषय m. (-यः) 1. A name of YAMA. 2. Consumption. 3. A handful of rice.

पारिषय f. (-यी) Final, conclusive.

पारि mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Relating to a Parva, a particular day of the month, &c. **प** पारि, and **चक्** aff.

पारिषय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) m. (-यः) A sort of deer. n. (-यः) The general funeral ceremony to be offered to all the manes at the Parva, or conjunction of the sun and moon, at which double oblations are offered ; three cakes to the father, paternal grandfather, and great grandfather ; and three to the maternal grandfather, his father, and grandfather ; and the crumbs of each set to the remoter ancestors in each line. f. (-यी) 1. Belonging or relating to a Parvan. 2. Waxing, increasing. **प** पारि a knot, &c. aff. चक् ।

पारिषय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Mountain, produced in the mountains. m. (-यः) A tree called the large Ni'mb, (Melia sempervirens) f. (-यी) 1. A name of DURGA', in her capacity of daughter of HIMA'LAYA, the sovereign of the snowy mountains. 2. DRAUPADI' the wife of the Pa'n'du princes. 3. A female cowherd or Go'pi. 4. The olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) 5. Another tree, (Celtis orientalis.) 6. A red clay, commonly called Sauras'hatra, or Surat earth. 7. A name applied to several rivers. **प** पारि a mountain, **चक्** aff. of descent or relation.

पारिषय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) 1. A name of KA'RTAVIRYA. 2. A name of GANESHA. **प** पारिषय the goddess, and **नन्दन** a son.

पारिषय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Mountain, mountaineer. m. plu. Name of a mountain tribe. **प** पारिषय, and **चक्** added.

पारिषय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Mountain or mountain-born, &c. n. (-यः) 1. Antimony. 2. A plant bearing a pungent fruit. **प** पारि a mountain, and **ठक्** aff.

पारिषय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Occurring at the end of a Parva or a solstice, (a sacrifice, &c.) **प** पारि, and **चयन** solstice, **चयन** end, **ठक्** aff.

पारिषय m. (-यः) A warrior armed with an axe. **प** पारि an axe, and **चक्** aff.

पारिषय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Near, proximate, by the side of. mn. (-यः-यी-यः)  
1. A side, the part of the body below the armpit. 2. The curve or circumference of a wheel. 3. Side of any square figure. n. (-यः)  
1. A multitude of ribs, the thorax. 2. A fraudulent or crooked expedient. m. (-यः) The twenty-third Jina or Jaina pontiff. **प** पारि 'to touch, **चक्** Una'di aff., and **य** substituted for the root ; or **पारि** a rib, aff. चक्.

पारिषय m. (-यः) 1. A pilferer, a swindler, any one who seeks wealth or other objects, by dishonest or indirect means. 2. A rib. **प** पारि a dishonest means, a side, and **चक्** aff.

पारिषय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Close to, beside. **प** पारि, and **गत** gone to.

पारिषय ind. By or from the side of, &c. **प** पारि the side, and **निरिषय** aff.

पारिषय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Belonging to the side of. **प** पारिषय, and **चक्** aff.; the final **चक्** rejected.

पारिषय m. (-यः) 1. Turning round from one side to the other in a bed. 2. A festival held in the eleventh day of the first half of Bhādra when VISHN'U is supposed to turn upon the other side in his sleep. **प** पारि, and **परिवर्तन** turning.

पारिषय m. (-यः) The side, the flank. **प** पारि the side, and **भाग** part.

पारिषय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) 1. Sleeping on. 2. Sleeping beside the side. **प** पारि, and **यी** to sleep, aff. चक्.

पारिषय n. (-यः) Spasm of the chest, stitch. **प** पारि, and **चक्** sharp pain.

पारिषय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Staying near or close to, or at the side. **प** पारि  
(यः) 1. A sort of chorus to the Indian drama, an actor in the prelude, and interpreter of the plot. 2. An associate, a companion. **प** पारि the side, (of the manager, &c.) **चक्** who stays.

पारिषय n. (-यः) Food not to be taken after one of the party has washed his mouth. **प** पारि, and **चापाय** sipped.

प्राक् n. (-क्) A rib. २. प्राक् the side, and प्राक् a bone.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Lateral, belonging to the side, &c. m. (-क्): 1. A juggler. 2. A partisan, a sidesman, an associate or companion. ३. प्राक् the side, and प्राक् aff. [fond of; going sidelong.  
 प्राक्प्राक् m. (-क्) A crab. २. प्राक् the side, प्राक् the belly, and प्राक् प्राक् m. (-क्) A Pa'n'd'u prince. f. (-क्) 1. A name of DRAUPADI. 2. Belonging to the spotted antelope. 3. An epithet of DURGA. ३. प्राक् the name of a king, प्राक् aff. of descent.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) 1. A spectator, a person present in a congregation or assembly. 2. A companion, an attendant. 3. A retinue, a train. ३. प्राक् an assembly, प्राक् aff.; also with प्राक् aff., प्राक्: or derived from प्राक्, प्राक्.  
 प्राक् mf. (-क्): 1. The heel. 2. The rear of an army. 3. The back. 4. Enquiry, asking. 5. A kick. f. (-क्): 1. A violent or licentious woman, one intoxicated literally or figuratively, &c. 2. A name of Kunti the mother of Yudhishthira. ३. प्राक् to sprinkle, &c. Una'di aff. प्राक्.  
 प्राक्प्राक् m. (-क्) 1. An enemy in the rear. 2. A commander in the rear of his army or reserve. 3. An ally who supports a prince. ३. प्राक् the rear, and प्राक् who takes.  
 प्राक्प्राक् m. (-क्) An outside horse. ३. प्राक्, प्राक् to bear, aff. प्राक्।  
 प्राक् n. (-क्) A reserve, a body of forces in the rear. ३. प्राक् the rear, and प्राक् to preserve, aff. प्राक्.  
 प्राक् r. 1st and 10th cls. (प्राक्प्राक्) To guard, to preserve or protect. प्राक्प्राक्-प्राक्।  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Who or what guards or preserves. m. (-क्): 1. A nourisher, a protector. 2. A spitting-pot. 3. A herdsman. 4. A king. f. (-क्) 1. The sharp edge of a sword. 2. A woman with a beard. 3. A louse. 4. A line, a row or range. 5. A pot, a boiler. ३. प्राक् to nourish, aff. प्राक्; प्राक् added; also with प्राक् प्राक्।  
 प्राक्प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Who or what protects, nourishes, &c. m. (-क्): 1. A horse-keeper, a groom. 2. A cherisher, a protector, a guardian. 3. A prince. 4. A horse. 5. The chitraka tree. ३. प्राक् to nourish, aff. प्राक्।  
 प्राक्प्राक् m. (-क्) A name of a Muni or saint, a form of the divine physician D'HANWANTARI, who promulgated the science of elephants. n. (-क्) The science of elephants.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) A mushroom. ३. प्राक् earth, derived from प्राक् to nourish, and प्राक् destructive.  
 प्राक्प्राक् m. (-क्) 1. The olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) 2. A sort of beet root, (Beta bengalensis.) 3. A hawk. f. (-क्) Incense, the resin of the olibanum; also प्राक्प्राक्. ३. प्राक् nourishing, प्राक् what goes or gives, aff. प्राक्।  
 प्राक्प्राक् f. (-क्) Gum olibanum. ३. प्राक्प्राक् the olibanum tree, प्राक् added.  
 प्राक् n. (-क्) 1. Preserving, guarding, protecting, cherishing, nourishing. 2. The milk of a cow that has recently calved. ३. प्राक् to nourish, aff. प्राक्। [प्राक् aff.  
 प्राक्प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Protecting, cherishing. ३. प्राक् to protect, प्राक्प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Protecting, cherishing, a protector, &c. ३. प्राक् to nourish, प्राक् aff.  
 प्राक्प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) 1. Of a green colour. 2. Belonging to the Pala'sha tree, made of its wood, &c. m. (-क्) Green, (the colour.) ३. प्राक्प्राक् a leaf, or the tree, aff. प्राक्।  
 प्राक्प्राक् m. (-क्) A country in India, the western part of Bihar. ३. प्राक्प्राक् belonging to the Pala'sha tree, &c. प्राक्प्राक् district; abounding in the Butea frondosa.  
 प्राक्प्राक् f. (-क् or -क्): 1. The sharp edge of a sword, or any cutting instrument. 2. The tip of the ear. 3. A line, a row or range. 4. A mark, a spot, a stain. 5. A louse. 6. A woman with a beard. 7. A boundary, a limit. 8. A raised bank, a causeway, a bridge.

9. A circumference. 10 Maintenance of a scholar during the period of his studies, by his teacher. 11. Praise, eulogium. 12. The hip or haunch. 13. A Pra'sha or measure so called. 14. The lap, the bosom. ३. प्राक् to nourish, प्राक् aff., and in most cases, प्राक् being optionally added, also प्राक्: see प्राक्।  
 प्राक्प्राक् f. (-क्) 1. The sharp edge of a cutting instrument. 2. A sort of ladle or knife for skimming milk, curds, &c. 3. The lobe of the ear. ३. प्राक् as above, with प्राक् added; see also प्राक्प्राक्।  
 प्राक्प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Cherished, nourished. m. (-क्) The Sa'khota tree. ३. प्राक् nourish aff. प्राक्। [प्राक् aff.  
 प्राक्प्राक् n. (-क्) Greyness of hair consequent on old age. ३. प्राक्प्राक् + प्राक्प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्-क्) Who or what nourishes or protects. ३. प्राक् to protect, प्राक् aff.  
 प्राक्प्राक् m. (-क्) A sort of jasmine, (J. pubescens.) f. (-क्) Teori; see the next. ३. प्राक् to nourish, (the bee,) aff. प्राक्प्राक्।  
 प्राक्प्राक् f. (-क्) A plant, commonly Teori, (Convolvulus turpethum,) the black sort. ३. See the last, aff. प्राक्प्राक्।  
 प्राक्प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Who or what renders pure, a purifier, purificatory. m. (-क्) 1. fire, or its deified personification. 2. Social fire, one lighted in common. 3. A fire lighted on taking possession of a house. 4. A saint, a person purified by religious abstraction. 5. A tree, the wood of which is used to procure fire by attrition, (Premna, spinosa.) 6. Leadwort, (Plumbago zeylanica.) 7. Marking nut plant, (Semicarpus anacardium.) 8. A vermifuge plant. 9. A flash of lightning. 10. The number "three": see प्राक्प्राक्। f. (-क्) Wife of Agni. ३. प्राक् to purify, प्राक्प्राक् aff.  
 प्राक्प्राक् m. (-क्) A tree, the wood of which is used to procure fire by attrition. ३. प्राक्प्राक् fire, प्राक्प्राक् touch-wood.  
 प्राक्प्राक् m. (-क्) A name of KA'RTIKĒYA. ३. प्राक्प्राक्, and प्राक् aff.; indirectly this deity is the son of fire.  
 प्राक्प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) 1. Pure, purified. 2. Purifying, expurgatory, purificatory. n. (-क्) 1. Water. 2. Penance, expiation, purification by acts of austerity and devotion. 3. Cow-dung. 4. The Eleocarpus seed. 5. A kind of grass, (Costus.) m. (-क्) 1. The inspired poet Vya'sa. 2. Fire generally or for various ceremonial purposes. 3. Incense. 4. A Siddha. f. (-क्) 1. Yellow myrobalan. 2. A cow. 3. The Ganges, or the goddess GANGA. 4. Holy basil. ३. प्राक् to cleanse or purify, aff. प्राक्प्राक्।  
 प्राक्प्राक् m. (-क्) A conch-shell. ३. प्राक्प्राक्, and प्राक्प्राक् sound.  
 प्राक्प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Purificatory, purifying. f. (-क्) An expiatory text. ३. प्राक् to purify, प्राक्प्राक् + प्राक्प्राक् aff.  
 प्राक्प्राक् f. (-क्) An epithet of particular Vedic hymns.  
 प्राक्प्राक् m. (-क्) 1. The side of a die which is marked with two points. 2. A particular throw of the die.  
 प्राक्प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्) Purified. ३. प्राक् to purify, causal v., प्राक्प्राक् aff. [प्राक्प्राक् aff.  
 प्राक्प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्-क्) Who or what purifies. ३. प्राक् to purify, प्राक्प्राक् प्राक्प्राक् mfn. (-क्-क्-क्-क्) What is to be or must be purified. ३. प्राक् to purify, प्राक्प्राक् aff.  
 प्राक्प्राक् m. (-क्) 1. A fetter, a chain, a tie, the string for fastening tamed animals, or the net or noose for catching birds, deer, &c. 2. A noose as a weapon of combat. 3. A die. 4. In composition with words signifying "hair," denotes quantity, as प्राक्प्राक्: much or flowing hair. 5. In composition with प्राक्, denotes "beauty," as प्राक्प्राक्: a handsome ear. 6. in composition with प्राक् and other words expresses "contempt" or "depreciation," as प्राक्प्राक्: an inelegant or shabby umbrella; प्राक्प्राक् प्राक् "a bad physician &c." ३. प्राक् to bind, aff. प्राक्; where it is used in composition, it is in fact but a technical aff.  
 प्राक्प्राक् m. (-क्) A dice, particularly the long sort used in playing Chaupai. ३. प्राक् to bind, प्राक्प्राक् aff.

पात्र n. (-न्) 1. A noose, a snare. 2. Fettering, entrapping. ३. पात्रि, aff. कृट् ।  
 पात्रपात्रि m. (-विः) A name of VARUN'A, the regent of water. ३. पात्र a sort of noose, and पात्रि the hand, VARUN'A being represented as holding a cord in one hand, shaped like a sling or a noose.  
 पात्रवत् mfn. (-तः-वा-च्) Noosed, snared, caught or bound. ३. पात्र, and वत् bound.  
 पात्रवत्स n. (-सः) A noose, a snare, a halter, a net, &c. ३. पात्र, and वत्स a binding.  
 पात्रधृत् m. (-धृन्) 1. VARUN'A. 2. A soldier, &c. armed with a noose. ३. पात्र, and धृत् who has.  
 पात्रध्व n. (-न्) A flock, a herd. f. (नी) adj. Relating to animals. ३. पत्र an animal, चच् aff.  
 पात्रध्वपात्र n. (-न्) Pasturage or meadow grass. ३. पात्रध्व, and पात्र supporting. [aff.]  
 पात्रित mfn. (-तः-ता-न्) Tied, fettered, bound. ३. पात्र a fetter, and त्रित् पात्रित् m. (-नी) 1. One armed with a net or noose. 2. A deer-catcher or fowler, using a net or noose. 3. A name of VARUN'A. 4. A name of YAMA. ३. पात्र a fetter, इति aff.  
 पात्रोक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-न्) Tied, fettered. ३. पात्र a fetter, क्त made, and इ substituted for the final of the first word.  
 पात्रुपत m. (-तः) 1. A follower and worshipper of S'IVA, in one of his forms as the supreme deity of the Hindu triad. 2. A followers of the doctrines of Pas'upati, an old philosopher. A tree, (*Aeschynomene grandiflora*.) n. (-न्) The teaching of Pas'upati. ३. पत्रपति a name of S'IVA, चच् aff.  
 पात्रुपतस्र n. (-स्रः) S'IVA's trident. ३. पात्रुपत, and स्रस्र a weapon.  
 पात्रुपात्र n. (-न्) The business of a grazier, rearing and keeping cattle. ३. पत्र an animal, पात्र nourishing, चच् aff.  
 पात्रात्ता mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-न्) 1. Behind, being behind. 2. Subsequent. 3. Western. n. (त्ता) The hinder part. ३. पत्राद् भवः लक् aff.  
 पात्रा f. (-त्ता) A number of nooses. ३. पात्र, and त्रत् aff.  
 पात्रक m. (-कः) An ornament for the feet. ३. पत्र to bind aff. लक् ।  
 पात्रक m. (-कः) 1. A heretic, an impostor, one who not conforming to the orthodox tenets of Hindu faith, assumes the external characteristics of tribe or sect, a Jain, a Baudd'ha &c. 2. Any sect not Hindu. ३. पात्र ein, कच् to give, ड aff., deriv. irr.  
 पात्रकक m. (-कः) A heretic, an impostor. ३. कच् added to the preceding.  
 पात्रकिक m. (-किकी) A heretic, &c. : see पात्रक. ३. पात्रक, and इति added.  
 पात्राण m. (-णः) A stone in general. f. (ली) A small stone used as a weight. ३. पित्र् to grind, (condiments upon,) चच् aff. चानच् added, and the deriv. irr.  
 पात्राणदारक m. (-कः) A sort of hatchet for cutting stones, a stone-cutter's chisel. ३. पात्राण a stone, and दारक what tears or breaks; also पात्राणदारक, from दारक rending, tearing. "दिनी" ।  
 पात्राणदारण m. (-णः) An instrument for cutting stones; see the last.  
 पात्राणभेदिन् m. (-द्) A plant, (*Plectranthus scutellaroides*.) ३. पात्राण a stone, and भेदिन् dividing; growing amongst stones and rocks.  
 पात्राणसन्धि m. (-न्धिः) A cave in a rock.  
 पात्राणहृद्व Adj. Stone-hearted, cruel.  
 पात्रात m. (-तः) The mulberry tree, (*Morus Indica*.)  
 पि r. 1st ol. (पिबति) To go, to move. तु-सक-पर-चिट् ।  
 पिब m. (-कः) The Indian cuckoo, (*Cuculus Indicus*.) f. (-की) The female. ३. पि imitative sound, कै to utter, aff. क ।  
 पिबक m. (-कः) The mango tree. ३. पिब the K'okila, and कच् friend; the favourite haunt of that bird.  
 पिबकाय m. (-यः) The mango tree. ३. पिब, and काय fondness.  
 पिबकवत् m. (-वत्) The mango tree. ३. पिब, and वत्स beloved.

पिबक n. (-कः) A vegetable, and perfume, commonly Rochan'i. ३. पिब K'okila and चच् an eye; having red blossoms.  
 पिबक m. (-कः) A small bird, commonly called Cha't'ak'a. ३. पिब the K'okila, and चच् body or form.  
 पिबकान्ध m. (-न्धः) The spring season. ३. पिब the K'okila, and चक् delight. Also पिबकान्ध ।  
 पिब m. (-कः) 1. A young elephant. 2. An elephant twenty years old. ३. पिब imitative sound, and कै to utter, aff. क.  
 पिब mfn. (-तः-ता-न्) Of a tawny colour. m. (-तः) 1. Tawny, (the colour. 2. A rat. 3. A buffalo. n. (-तः) A young animal. f. (-तः) 1. A yellow dye; see गीरीचन. 2. Asafetida. 3. A tubular vessel of the body, which according to the Y'oga system, is the channel of respiration and circulation for one side. 4. A name of DUGA'. 5. Turmeric. 6. Bamboo maps. f. (-तः) A sort of Mimosa, (*M. suma*, Rox.) ३. पिबि to colour, aff. चच्; or पिब tawny, aff. टाप्, &c.  
 पिबकपिमा f. (-मा) A cockroach. ३. पिब tawny, and कपिमा brown.  
 पिबकचक्षु m. (-क्षुः) A crab. ३. पिब tawny, and चक्षु the eye.  
 पिबकट m. (-टः) S'IVA. ३. पिब tawny, and कट braided hair.  
 पिबक mfn. (-कः-ता-न्) Of tawny colour, brown, yellowish. m. (-कः) 1. Tawny, (the colour,) a dull brown, or yellow. 2. An attendant upon the sun. 3. The sun. 4. A fabulous being in the form of a Na'ga or serpent of lower regions, to whom a treatise on prosody is ascribed; he hence considered as a Muni, or inspired and divine personage. 5. A name of S'IVA. 6. One of KURVA's divine treasures. 7. A monkey. 8. Fire. 9. An ichneumon. 10. A sort of poison. 11. A small owl. 12. The 51st year of the Hindu cycle. n. (-कः) 1. Brass. 2. Yellow orpiment. f. (-का) 1. The female elephant of the south quarter. 2. A pious whore, commemorated in the Bha'gavata. 3. A particular vessel of the body, the right of three canals which run from the os-coccygis to the head, and which are the chief passages of breath and air, according to the anatomy of the Y'oga school of philosophy. 4. An astrological house or period. 5. The Sisu tree, (*Dalbergia Sisu*.) 6. Heartpea. 7. A kind of owl. 8. A kind of metal. ३. पिबि to colour, Una'di aff. चक्; or पिबक of a tawny hue, fem. aff. टाप्.  
 पिबकिका f. (-का) 1. A sort of crane. 2. A kind of owl. see वक्र. ३. पिबक of a tawny colour, कच् aff.  
 पिबसार m. (-रः) Yellow orpiment. "हरिनाले" ।  
 पिबसटिक m. (-कः) A kind of gem called "gomedh".  
 पिबच mfn. (-चः-जी-च्) Red-eyed. m. (चः) A name of S'IVA. ३. पिब reddish brown, and चच् an eye.  
 पिबक m. (-कः) 1. A sort of fish, (*Pimelodius pangasius*, HAM.) 2. The head man or proprietor of a village. n. (-कः) Virgin gold. f. (-की) The indigo plant. ३. पिब tawny, चक् flesh, from चक् to eat aff. चक्.  
 पिबक m. (-कः) A fish : see the last.  
 पिबकच m. (-चः) A name of S'IVA. ३. पिब tawny, and चक् eye.  
 पिबक m. (-कः) 1. The belly. 2. The back of an animal. ३. चक् certainly, चक् to eat, aff. ड, initial of the prefix rejected; also पिबिक.  
 पिबकिक mfn. (-कः-का-च्) Big-bellied, corpulent. ३. पिबक the belly, and चक् aff.  
 पिबकिका f. (-का) The instep; also पिबकिका.  
 पिबक m. (-कः) The cotton plant. ३. पिब cotton, and चक् aff. "कापीसक".  
 पिबक m. (-कः) 1. The belly or abdomen. 2. The back of an animal. ३. चक् certainly, चक् to eat, aff. ड, and च substituted for the radical vowel.  
 पिबकिक mfn. (-कः-का-च्) Big-bellied, corpulent, pot-bellied. ३. पिबक a belly, and चक् aff.



ncense. 11. The China rose. 12. Food. 13. Flesh, meat. 14. The projection of an elephant's frontal sinus. 15. The embryo or fetus in an early stage of gestation. 16. A sum, (in arithmetic.) 17. Thickness, (In geometry.) 18. (In astronomy,) The twenty-fourth part of the quadrant of a circle, or  $3^{\circ}45'$ . n. (-ङ्) 1. Livelihood, means, means of living. 2. Iron. 3. Fresh butter. 4. Power, strength. 5. An army. f. (-ङ्) 1. A long gourd, (Cucurbita lagenaria.) 2. A sort of palm, (Phoenix dactylifera.) 3. A flowering shrub, (Tabernaemontana coronaria flor. plen.) 4. Performance of certain gesticulations, accompanying the silent repetition of prayers, &c. in meditation on real or divine knowledge. 5. The nave of a wheel. 6. A house. 7. Solid, compact, close. 8. The calf of the leg. 9. A round mass. E. पिडि to heap, to gather, to collect, &c. aff. चच् fem. aff. डीप् ।

विष्णुक म. (-कः-कं) 1. Incense. 2. Carrot. 3. The calf of the leg. 4. A lump of food. 5. A lump or ball. m. (-कः) A goblin, a demon. E. विष्णु as above, and कन् added.

विष्णुज्ज्वल m. (-ज्ज्वलः) See विष्णुज्ज्वल.

विष्णुज्ज्वल m. (-ज्ज्वलः) A sort of date tree. E. विष्णु a lump, a cluster, and ज्ज्वल the date. "कोहारा" ।

विष्णुजीव m. (-जीवः) Gum myrrh; also विष्णु, and जीव severally. "गन्धर्व" ।

विष्णुलेख m. (-कः) Incense, olibanum.

विष्णुद m. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Who or what gives the funeral cake to deceased ancestors. 2. One who supports or feeds another. m. (-दः) 1. The nearest male relation who offers the funeral cake. 2. A patron, a master. E. विष्णु, and द who or what gives.

विष्णुदान n. (-नं) 1. Presentation of the obsequial cake. 2. The funeral oblation made to deceased ancestors on the evening of the new-moon day. E. विष्णु, and दान giving.

विष्णुन m. (-नः) A mound or bank. n. (-नं) Forming globes.

विष्णुनिवेदन n. (-नं) Presenting obsequial cake to the manes. E. विष्णु, and निवेदन offering funeral oblations.

विष्णुपान m. (-नः) Collecting or giving alms.

विष्णुपाद m. (-दः) An elephant. E. विष्णु a lump of flesh, and पाद a foot; also विष्णुपाद.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः-पुष्पं) 1. The flower of the Asoka tree, (Jonesia Asoka.) 2. The China rose. 3. A lotus. 4. A flower, (Tabernaemontana coronaria.) 5. The pomegranate. E. विष्णु a cluster, and पुष्प a flower.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) E. विष्णु a lump, पुष्प a flower, कन् added. वास्तुकशास्त्रे ।

विष्णुफला f. (-ला) A bitter gourd. E. विष्णु a lump, फल fruit.

विष्णुभाज् m. (-भाजः) Plu. The manes.

विष्णुवृत्ति f. (-वृत्तिः) Livelihood.

विष्णुमाधोपजीविन् m. (-जीविन्-माधो-पि) Living, breathing, having no intellectual existence. E. विष्णु, माध only, उपजीविन् subsisting.

विष्णुपुष्पा f. (-पुष्पा) A sort of grass, (Cyperus portuensis.) E. विष्णु a lump, and पुष्पा Cyperus. भागवतपुराणम् ।

विष्णुपुष्प n. (-पुष्पः) The carrot, (Daucus carota.) E. विष्णु lump of flesh, and पुष्प a root; also with कन् added, विष्णुपुष्पक. "सैजरा" ।

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) A bridge, a causeway, a passage over a stream or ravine, &c. or a mound raised to form a path across inundated fields. E. विष्णु a heap, (of earth, &c.) and पुष्प to get, aff. ड; or पिडि वा कन् ।

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) 1. The fragments of the obsequial cake which cling to the hand.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) Interruption in offering the funeral cakes.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) A flowering shrub, (Oleander odorum.) E. विष्णु, and पुष्प seed.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) A beggar, a mendicant living upon alms. E. विष्णु a ball of rice, &c. पुष्प to go, or get, aff. ड.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) Relationship between a living person and one deceased, near enough to qualify the former to offer the obsequial cake to the latter.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) Incense. E. विष्णु the same, पुष्प to be, aff. मातङ्ग-पुष्प.

विष्णुपुष्प n. (-पुष्पः) Hail. E. विष्णु a lump, and पुष्प a cloud.

विष्णुपुष्प n. (-पुष्पः) Steel. E. विष्णु, and पुष्प iron.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) 1. A keeper or attendant on buffaloes. 2. A cow-herd. 3. A beggar, a religious mendicant. 4. The vikankata tree, (Trewia nudiflora.) E. विष्णु a heap, पुष्प to go, aff. चच्.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) A red dye.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) An esculent and medical root, described as sweet, cooling, and diuretic. E. विष्णु a lump, and पुष्प an esculent root. "गोक्षपातु" ।

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः-पुष्पं) A beggar. E. विष्णु a piece of meat, पुष्प who eats; also विष्णुपुष्प, and विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) ।

विष्णुपुष्प f. (-पुष्पः) 1. The nave of a wheel. 2. The Asoka tree, &c. see विष्णुपुष्प. E. पिडि to collect, (the spokes,) aff. डन्; also विष्णुपुष्प and विष्णुपुष्पा ।

विष्णुपुष्पा f. (-पुष्पा) 1. The nave of a wheel. 2. The instep. 3. A stool or seat of various shapes and dimensions. E. विष्णुपुष्पा as above, and डन् added.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः-पुष्पं) 1. Multiplied, added. 2. Counted, numbered. 3. Thick, massy, lumpy. 4. Collected, heaped together. E. विष्णु a lump, a heap, and डन् aff.; or पिडि-क ।

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः-पुष्पं) Having a Pinda or ball of food, (a ceremony, an ancestor, &c.) m. (-पुष्पः) 1. A beggar. 2. An officer of oblations. E. विष्णु, and डन् aff.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) 1. A bridge, a mound, a causeway. 2. An astrologer, an arithmetician, a calculator of nativities, &c. f. (-पुष्पा) A sort of cucumber, (C. madraspatanus.) E. विष्णु a heap, &c. डन् aff. Unali aff.

विष्णुपुष्प n. (-पुष्पः) Heaping, making up into a lump or ball. E. विष्णु and पुष्प making, डन् augm.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः-पुष्पं) Made into a lump or ball. E. विष्णु, and डन् made, डन् augm.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) 1. A tree, (Vangueria spinosa, Rox.) 2. A shrub, (Tabernaemontana coronaria.) 3. A plant, commonly marua; see मरुवक । E. विष्णुपुष्पा a plant, डन् to spread, to resemble, aff. ड and कन् added.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) A plant, a species of Tabernaemontana. E. विष्णुपुष्पा the same, and पुष्प T. coronaria.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः-पुष्पं) Lumped, heaped, made up in a lump or ball. E. विष्णु, and डन् become, डन् augm.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः-पुष्पं) Sapless, juiceless, arid, dry. m. (-पुष्पः) 1. The pomegranate. 2. Cuttle-fish-bone considered to be the foam of the sea. E. विष्णु a ball, &c. डन् to go, to resemble, aff. चच्.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) A cot queen, an effeminate braggart. E. विष्णु a house, and पुष्प a hero.

विष्णुपुष्प n. (-पुष्पः) Participating in obsequial offerings, presenting them to common ancestors. E. विष्णु, and पुष्प sharing.

विष्णुपुष्प f. (-पुष्पा) Orts, leaving of a meal, or fragments dropped from the mouth. E. पिडि to heap, aff. डीप्.

विष्णुपुष्पा f. (-पुष्पा) Heart-pea, (Cardiospermum haliacabum.) E. पुष्प to praise, डन् aff., and डन् substituted for the radical vowel; see पुष्पा.

विष्णुपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) 1. The sediments of seeds, &c. ground for oil; oil-cake, or the seeds after expression. 2. Saffron. 3. Asafetida. 4. Incense. E. विष्णु to pound or bruise, deriv. irr.



पितृमह m. (-महः) 1. A paternal grandfather. 2. A name of BRAHMA, the great father of all. f. (-महि) A paternal grandmother. m. पिता a father, and मातरि aff.

पितृ m. (-पितृ) A father. dual, (-पितरौ) Mother and father, parents. plu. always, (-पितरः) 1. Paternal ancestors. 2. The manes, or the deceased and deified progenitors of mankind, inhabiting a peculiar region or heaven, or according to some, the orbit of the moon. f. पितृ to nourish. Una'di aff. पितृ.

पितृमह mfn. (-महः-का-क) 1. Paternal, ancestral, parental, obsequial, relating or belonging to parents or progenitors. m. पिता a sire, and कृत् aff.

पितृसम्पत् n. (-सम्पत्) Paternal property. m. पिता, and सम्पत् wealth.

पितृकर्म n. (-कर्म) Obsequial rites. m. पिता, and कर्म aot.

पितृकार्य n. (-कार्य) Obsequial rites. m. पिता, and कार्य to be done.

पितृकानन n. (-कानन) A cemetery. m. पिता an ancestor, and कानन a wood.

पितृक्रिया f. (-क्रिया) Obsequial rites. m. पिता, and क्रिया ceremony.

पितृगण m. (-गणः) A class of progenitors, the sons of the Rishis or Prajapatis: the principal classes are the Somasads descended from VISHVAT, the Agnishvattas from MARICHI, Bārhisads from ATRI, Somapās from BHRIGU, Havishmats from ANGIRAS, Ajyapās from PULASTYA, Sukaśins from VASHISTHA; there are also the Agnidaghas and Anagnidaghas, Kavyas and Saumyas. m. पिता father, (of mankind,) गण a troop.

पितृगमिन mfn. (-गमि-निगमि) Belonging to, or pertaining to a father. m. पिता, and गमिन् what goes.

पितृगृह n. (-गृहः) 1. A paternal mansion. 2. A burying ground, a cemetery. m. पिता a deceased ancestor, and गृह a house.

पितृघातक m. (-घातक) A parricide. m. पिता and घातक a slayer.

पितृतर्पण n. (-तर्पण) 1. The part of the hand between the middle finger and thumb, sacred to the manes. 2. Gifts in honour of deceased relations, distributed at the Shrā'dhas or funeral ceremonies. 3. The act of throwing water out of the right hand at seasons of ablution, by way of offering to the manes or deceased ancestors in general. m. पिता a father, a progenitor, and तर्पण satisfying.

पितृमम ind. From or by the father. m. पिता, and मम aff.

पितृतिथि m. (-तिथिः) Day of new moon, on which she rises invisible. m. पिता a progenitor, and तिथि a lunar day, sacred to the manes.

पितृतीर्थ n. (-तीर्थः) 1. Gaya, the city so called, where the performance of funeral sacrifices is peculiarly efficacious and meritorious. 2. The part between the forefinger and thumb, sacred to the manes. m. पिता a progenitor, and तीर्थ a place of pilgrimage.

पितृत्व n. (-त्वः) 1. Paternity. 2. The state or condition of a Pitr'i, or deified progenitor. m. त्व added to पिता.

पितृदान n. (-दानः) Gift in honour of deceased ancestors. m. पिता a progenitor, and दान giving or gift; also with कृत् added, पितादानक n. (-कः).

पितृदाय m. (-दायः) Patrimony.

पितृदेव n. (-देवः) The tenth lunar asterism or Magha. m. पितृ, and देव divinity, presiding over the asterism.

पितृपक्ष m. (-पक्षः) 1. The paternal side. 2. The second half of the month of Bhādrapada peculiarly appointed for the celebration of obsequial rites to the manes.

पितृपति m. (-पतिः) YAMA, regent of the dead. m. पितृ a deceased progenitor, and पति lord.

पितृपद n. (-पदः) The world or state of the manes. m. पितृ, and पद degree.

पितृपात्र n. (-पात्रः) A cup or vessel used at obsequial rites. m. पितृ, and पात्र a cup.

पितृपितृ m. (-पितृ) A paternal grandfather. m. पितृ a father, and पितृ the same, father's father.

पितृपक्ष f. (-पक्षः) 1. Twilight. 2. A father's mother. m. पितृ a deceased progenitor, and पक्ष the parent; the first is the time when manes are abroad.

पितृप्राप्त mfn. (-प्राप्तः-प्राप्ता) 1. Received from a father. 2. Inherited patrimonially. m. पितृ, and प्राप्त obtained.

पितृपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A remote or cognate kinsman by the father's side, as the son of the paternal grandfather's sister, of the paternal grandmother's sister, and of the father's maternal uncle. m. पितृ, and पुत्र a kinsman.

पितृपुत्राक्षर m. (-पुत्राक्षरः) A remote kinsman of the paternal line: see the last. m. पितृ, and पुत्राक्षर a kinsman.

पितृभक्ति f. (-भक्तिः) Filial duty to a father. m. पितृ, and भक्ति devotion.

पितृभोजन n. (-भोजनः) 1. Food offered to the manes. 2. A father's food. 3. A kind of pulae: see Maśha. m. पितृ, and भोजन food.

पितृभ्रातृ m. (-भ्रातृ) A father's brother. m. पितृ, and भ्रातृ a brother.

पितृमन्दिर n. (-मन्दिरः) 1. The paternal mansion. 2. A cemetery. m. पितृ, and मन्दिर a dwelling.

पितृमेघ n. (-मेघः) Obsequial rites. m. पितृ, and मेघ sacrifice.

पितृयज्ञ m. (-यज्ञः) 1. Obsequial rites. 2. Oblations of water daily offered to the manes. m. पितृ a progenitor, and यज्ञ sacrifice.

पितृयाण n. (-याणः) The carriage of the manes, a car to convey holy persons after their decease to heaven. m. पितृ a progenitor, and याण a vehicle. पितरी यास्ति अनेन या-कारणे खटुं संजास्यान् याणम्।

पितृराज m. (-राजः) An epithet of Yama.

पितृवप m. (-वपः) An epithet of Śrīva.

पितृलोक m. (-लोकः) The world or sphere of the manes: it is variously situated, [but principally in Iluva region or midheaven. m. पितृ, and लोक world.]

पितृवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having a father living, &c. m. पितृ, and वत् poss. aff.

पितृवन n. (-वनः) A cemetery, a place where dead bodies are burnt or buried. m. पितृ a deceased progenitor, वन a wood.

पितृवनेश्वर m. (-वनेश्वरः) 1. Śrīva. 2. A goblin. m. पितृवन a cemetery, in the seventh case, and वर who goes.

पितृवसति f. (-वसतिः) A cemetery. m. पितृ a deceased progenitor, and वसति an abode.

पितृवाक्यपर mfn. (-वाक्यपरः) Obedient to parents. m. पितृ, वाक् speech, पर attentive to.

पितृव्य m. (-व्यः) 1. A paternal uncle. 2. Any elderly relation. m. पितृ a father, व्य aff.

पितृवत्त m. (-वत्तः) Who worships the manes. n. (-वत्तः) Worship of ancestors, obsequial rites. m. पितृ, and वत्त obligation.

पितृचाद n. (-चादः) The obsequial ceremony of a father. m. पितृ, and चाद the rite.

पितृचरु f. (-चरुः) A father's sister. m. पितृ father, and चरु a sister, च changed to च; the compound may also be पितृचरु, पितृचरु, and पितृचरु.

पितृसुत्रि mfn. (-सुत्रि-सुत्रि) Fatherly. m. पितृ, सुत्रि like.

पितृसामान्य n. (-सामान्यः) Ancestors collectively. m. पितृ, and सामान्य universality.

पितृसू f. (-सू) 1. Twilight. 2. A father's mother. m. पितृ a ghost, and सू producing: see पितृसू.

पितृस्वामि m. (-स्वामिः) A guardian, a protector. n. (-स्वामिः) The abode of the manes. m. पितृ, and स्वामि like, or in place of; or a place, an abode.

पितृस्वामीय m. (-स्वामीयः) A guardian. m. पितृस्वामि, and स्वामीय aff.

पितृसुखीय mfn. (-सुखीयः) A maternal aunt's son or daughter. m. पितृ, and सुखीय sister's son, &c.

पितृहन् m. (-हन्) A parricide. m. पितृ, and हन् who kills.

विषासित mfn. (-तः-ता-त') Thirsty, athirst. n. विषासा thirst, and

पिशाचकृमि m. (-कृ) KURMA, the god of wealth. B. पिशाच & कृ

विट aff. and वृक् augment; the treasures of this deity being guarded by Piśha'chas, and other malignant beings.  
 वृत् m. (-ट्) A tree, (Trophia aspera.) x. विट्वाच a goblin, and वृत् a tree; the favourite haunt of these beings. [a tree.  
 वृत् m. (-च) The Sa'k'ho'ta tree; see the last. x. विट्वाच, and वृत्  
 वृत्वाच f. (-च) One of the lowest Pra'krita dialects used in plays.  
 विट्वाच n. (-च) 1. An assemblage of goblins or fiends. 2. The place or hall of their assembly, pandemonium. x. विट्वाच a goblin, and वृत्वाच assembly, but nouter in this compound.  
 विट्वाच m. (-च) Demoniacal possession.  
 विट्वाच m. (-च) Phosphorescence.  
 वृत् n. (-ट्) Flesh. f. (-तर) Spikenard. m. (-न) 1. A goblin. 2. A cannibal. x. विट् to be a component part, participial aff. क्त।  
 वृत्वाच mfn. (-न-नौ-ने) Eating meat. m. (-न) A demon, a fiend, a cannibal. x. विट्वाच, and वृत्वाच food.  
 वृत्वाच mfn. (-यि-विनी-ति) Eating flesh or meat, carnivorous. m. (-यि) A goblin, a cannibal. x. विट्वाच, and वृत्वाच to eat, aff. विट्वाच.  
 विट् n. (-न) A shallow earthen dish. x. विट्, वृत् aff.  
 विट् mfn. (-न-ना-न) 1. Cruel, wicked. 2. Vile, low, contemptible. 3. Stupid, a fool. n. (-न) Saffron. m. (-न) 1. A spy, an informer, a tale-bearer, a slanderer, a traitor. 2. A name of NA'RA'DA. 3. A crow. 4. Cotton. f. (-न) A gramineous plant, "विट्वाच" (Trigonella corniculata.) 2. Indicating, making known, evincing. 3. Calumniating, back-biting. 4. unkind. x. विट् to be a part, उच्यते Unadhi aff., and the vowel unchanged. [वचन speech.  
 विट्वाच n. (-न) Evil speech, abuse, detraction, slander. x. विट्वाच and वृत्वाच n. (-च) Evil speech, bad report, detraction, slander. x. विट्वाच, and वृत्वाच speech.  
 विट् 7. th cl. (विट्) To grind, to pound, to bruise or powder. r. 10th cl. (वृत्वाचि-ने) 1. To injure. 2. To give. 3. To be strong. 4. To dwell. r. 1st and 10th cls. (वेचति वेचयति-ने) To go or move. वृत्वे वेचयति-ने चयति-ने ।  
 वृत् mfn. (-ट्-टा-ट) 1. Ground, pounded, bruised. 2. Clapsed, (as the hands,) squeezed, rubbed together. 3. Kneaded. n. (-ट) 1. Lead. 2. The flour or meal of any thing that is ground. x. विट् to pound or bruise, aff. क्त.  
 वृत् m. (-क) 1. A cake made of the flour or meal of any grain. 2. A disease of the eyes, opacity of the cornea. n. (-क) Oil-cake. x. विट् what is pound, क्त aff.  
 वृत् m. (-च-च) A world, a division of the universe. x. विट् to go, वृत् Unadhi aff., and वृत् augment; or विट्-वृत् dev. irr. also विट्वाच.  
 वृत्वाच n. (-न) A boiler, a seether, a sauce-pan, a pan for parching flour. x. विट् meal, &c. and वृत्वाच cooking.  
 वृत्वाच m. (-च) A type or effigy of a victim, made with flour. x. विट्, and वृत्वाच an animal. [what makes.  
 वृत्वाच m. (-च) A boiler. x. विट् meal, वृत्वाच cooking, and वृत्वाच n. (-च) A boiler. x. विट्, and वृत्वाच what cooks.  
 वृत्वाच n. (-च) Meal, made up into a sort of cake with clarified butter. x. विट् meal, and वृत्वाच to complete, aff. वृत्वाच.  
 वृत्वाच n. (-च) 1. Grinding flour, (literally.) 2. Vain repetition, useless occupation, (figuratively.) x. विट्, विट् to grind वृत्वाच aff.  
 वृत्वाच mfn. (-च-वृत्वाच) Made of meal or flour, &c. x. विट् that which is ground, वृत्वाच transformative aff.  
 वृत्वाच m. (-च) A kind of urinary disease. x. विट्, विट् to pass as urine, aff. वृत्वाच।  
 वृत्वाच m. (-च) A small cake, made of barley, rice or pulse ground to meal. x. विट् meal, and वृत्वाच to be, वृत्वाच aff.  
 वृत्वाच n. (-च) Sandal. x. विट् ground, and वृत्वाच fragrant.  
 वृत्वाच m. (-च) Perfumed powder, for scenting rooms, garments, &c. especially the scented dust, which the Hindus sprinkle over each

other at the Ho'li or spring festival. x. विट् pounded, (saffron &c.) and वृत्वाच to go or be, aff. वृत्वाच.  
 विट्वाच n. (-च) A cake made of rice flour. f. (-च) The meal of pulse steeped in water, peeled and ground. x. विट् ground, वृत्वाच aff.  
 विट्वाच विट् r. 1st cl. (वेचति) To go or move. r. 10th cl. (वेचयति-ने) 1. To go. 2. To be strong. 3. To injure or hurt. 4. To give. 5. To dwell. (x) विट्वाच r. 10th cl. (विट्वाचि) 1. To speak. 2. To shine. 3. To destroy. गती वृत्वाच-पर-सक-सेट् । वृत्वाच वृत्वाच-पर-सक-सेट् ।  
 विट्वाच m. (-च) Tawny (the colour) : see विट्वाच. x. विट्, वृत्वाच aff.  
 विट्वाच mfn. (-न-न-न) 1. Covered, hidden, concealed. 2. Filled with. 3. Shut, barred. x. वृत्वाच before, वा to have, aff. क्त, and the initial of the prefix rejected.  
 वृत्वाच (च) वृत्वाच r. 4th cl. (वृत्वाचि) To drink. विट्वाच-वाच-वृत्वाच ।  
 वृत्वाच n. (-च) The lower jaw, the chin.  
 वृत्वाच mfn. (-न-न-न) 1. A stool, a seat, a chair. 2. The seat of the religious student, made properly of Kuśa grass. 3. A place where some limb of PA'RVATI is supposed to have fallen, as after Dakṣa's sacrifice, her dead body was carried about by Śiva, and cut in pieces by the discus of Viṣṇu : there are fifty-one such places. 4. Complement of a segment, (in Geometry.) 5. A pedestal. 6. A particular posture in sitting. x. विट् to be weary, to feel pain, aff. वृत्वाच ; deriv. irr. or वा-उक् विट्वाच वा वृत्वाच-दोषः ।  
 वृत्वाचि m. (-चि) A male confidant, a parasite. x. वृत्वाच a seat, वृत्वाच sport.  
 वृत्वाचि m. (-चि) The cavity in the Pedestal of an idol.  
 वृत्वाचि n. (-च) A car or carriage.  
 वृत्वाचिका f. (-का) A girl of fourteen who personates Durgā on the occasion of the festival of that goddess.  
 वृत्वाचि f. (-च) Basement.  
 वृत्वाचि m. (-चि) 1. A parasite, a companion. 2. A dancing master who gives instruction in that art to courtezans. x. वृत्वाच a seat, and वृत्वाच to rub, aff. वृत्वाच।  
 वृत्वाचि m. (-चि) A cripple, who moves about on a wheeled chair, &c. x. वृत्वाच a seat, and वृत्वाच who moves.  
 वृत्वाचि n. (-च) A place where some limb of PA'RVATI is supposed to have fallen : see वृत्वाच. x. वृत्वाच, and वृत्वाच place.  
 वृत्वाच f. (-च) 1. A bench. 2. A festival. 3. A chapter of a book.  
 वृत्वाच (च) वृत्वाच r. 10th cl. (वृत्वाचि-ने) 1. To give pain, to annoy, to hurt. 2. To oppose or resist. 3. To stir, to agitate. 4. To squeeze or pinch. 5. To cover with anything inauspicious. 6. To press, (as corns.) वृत्वाच वृत्वाचि-ने च-उच्यते-नेट् ।  
 वृत्वाच n. (-च) 1. Inflicting pain, pain, distressing. 2. Devastation, laying a country waste. 3. Squeezing, pressing, rubbing. 4. Taking, holding, as in वृत्वाचि-ने "taking the hand" i.e. marrying. 5. Threshing, (corn). 6. An instrument for pressing. 7. An eclipse, (In astronomy). 8. A fault in the pronunciation of vowels. x. वृत्वाच to give pain, aff. वृत्वाच।  
 वृत्वाच f. (-च) 1. Pain, anguish, suffering. 2. Compassion, charity, pity. 3. Devastation, laying waste. 4. A chaplet, a garland for the head. 5. The Saral tree, (Pinus longifolia.) 6. Infraction, violation. 7. Damage, injury. x. वृत्वाच to pain, वृत्वाच and वृत्वाच aff.  
 वृत्वाच mfn. (-च-वा-च) Giving pain, afflicting, tormenting. Adj. Painful. x. वृत्वाच, and वृत्वाच who makes.  
 वृत्वाच m. (-च) Torturing, tormenting. x. वृत्वाच, and वृत्वाच making.  
 वृत्वाच mfn. (-न-न-न) 1. Bound, tied. 2. Pained, suffering pain or distress. 3. Laid waste, destroyed, devastated. 4. Rubbed, chafed. 5. Squeezed, pressed. 6. Espoused : see वृत्वाच. 7. Violated. 8. Oppressed, harassed. 9. Eclipsed. n. (-च) 1. Injuring, harassing. 2. A mode of sexual enjoyment. x. वृत्वाच pain, वृत्वाच aff. or वृत्वाच ।

पीतितम्. It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "fast," "closely."  
 पीतमान् mfn. (-न-ना-नं) 1. Being pained or afflicted. 2. Suffering from.  
 3. Being squeezed or pressed. ३. पीत to pain, pass. v., मानच् aff.  
 पीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Of a yellow colour. 2. Drank, quaffed. m. (-तः)  
 1. Yellow, the colour. 2. Safflower. 3. A topaz, a yellow gem.  
 4. A yellow pigment, prepared from the urine of kine. n. (-तं) 1.  
 Drinking. 2. Yellow orpiment. 3. Gold. 4. Sulphur. f. (-ता) 1.  
 Turmeric. 2. A medical plant, commonly A'ta'ich, (Betula.) 3.  
 Saturated, steeped. 4. Drunk. ३. पी to drink, aff. क्; imbibed,  
 literally, or figuratively, by the eye sight, &c.  
 पीतम् n. (-कं) 1. Yellow orpiment. 2. Saffron. 3. Aloe-wood. 4.  
 Brass. 5. Honey. m. (-कः) 1. A sort of gentian, (G. Chera'yta.)  
 2. The T'un tree. ३. पीत yellow, aff. क्.  
 पीतकदली f. (-ली) A sort of Plantain. ३. पीत yellow, कदली plantain.  
 "चापाकला" ।  
 पीतकन्द n. (-दं) The carrot. ३. पीत yellow, and कन्द root. "गंजर" ।  
 पीतकावेर n. (-र) 1. Saffron. 2. Brass. ३. पीत yellow, कावेर vile shape  
 or substance.  
 पीतकाष्ठ n. (-ष्ठ) Yellow sanders. ३. पीत yellow, काष्ठ wood.  
 पीतचोपा f. (-पा) A sort of creeper with yellow flowers. ३. पीत, and  
 घोषा the plant; yellow Gho'sa.  
 पीतचन्दन n. (-नं) 1. A yellow fragrant wood, considered as a yellow  
 species of Sandal wood. 2. Turmeric. 3. Saffron. ३. पीत yellow,  
 and चन्दन Sandal.  
 पीतचम्पक m. (-कः) A lamp. ३. पीत yellow, चम्पक a flower, and कन् aff.  
 of comparison; like the Champaka in colour.  
 पीतता f. (-ता) Yellowness. ३. पीत, and तज् aff.; also with त्व, पीतत्वं.  
 पीततुल्य m. (-युः) The taylor bird, (Sylvia sutoria.) पीत yellow, and  
 तुल्य a beak; the whole bird is of a light yellow colour.  
 पीततैला f. (-ता) A sort of creeper, a species of the heart-pea. ३. पीत  
 yellow, तैल oil. "ओतिचलोखतायाम्" ।  
 पीतदारु m. (-रुः) 1. A sort of pine, (P. Dovada'ru.) 2. Another kind of  
 pine, (Pinus longifolia.) ३. पीत yellow, and दारु wood.  
 पीतदध्वा f. (-ध्वा) 1. A cow tied up to be milked. 2. Any milch cow. ३.  
 पीत drank, दध्वा milk.  
 पीतद्रुम m. (-द्रुः) 1. A sort of Carcuma, (C. zanthorrhizon.) 2. A  
 species of pine, (P. longifolia.) ३. पीत yellow, and द्रुम a tree.  
 पीतनम m. (-नः) 1. The hog-plum, (Spondias mangifera.) 2. A tree.  
 (Pentaptera tomentosa.) 3. The waved-leaf fig-tree. n. (-नं) 1.  
 Saffron. 2. A sort of pine; see पीतदारु. 3. Yellow orpiment. ३.  
 पीत yellow, पी to go, or be, aff. ड; or पीत, पिच्-क् ।  
 पीतपत्तौ f. (-पत्तौ) A plant, commonly Bich'huti; a name applied to the  
 nettle, or a plant of the same class, (Tragia involucrata.) ३. पीत  
 yellow, and पत्तौ leaf.  
 पीतपादा f. (-दा) 1. A small bird, the Maina, (Turdus salica.) ३. पीत yel-  
 low, पाद a foot.  
 पीतपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) 1. A species of Karnika'ra. 2. A sort of Tabernaem-  
 ontana. f. (-पुष्पा-पुष्पौ) Yellow barleria. ३. पीत yellow, and पुष्प a  
 flower; it may also be applied to any plant with yellow flowers.  
 पीतफलम् m. (-लम्) A tree, (Trophis aspera.) ३. पीत yellow, फल fruit.  
 पीतषाण्डका f. (-का) 1. Turmeric. 2. Yellow sand. ३. पीत yellow, and  
 षाण्डका sand or dust. [gem.]  
 पीतमवि m. (-विः) A yellow gem, a topaz. ३. पीत yellow, and मवि a  
 पीतमाचिक n. (-कः) The common Pyritic iron.  
 पीतमसृजम् m. (-जः) A small bird, (Loxia philippensis.) ३. पीत yellow,  
 and मसृज the head.  
 पीतमुखम् m. (-मुखः) A gallinule. ३. पीत yellow, मुख the head.  
 पीतमूङ्गम् m. (-ङ्गः) A sort of bean, a yellow variety of the phaseolus  
 Mu'ng. n. पीत yellow, and मूङ्ग Mu'ng.  
 पीतमूलकम् n. (-कं) The carrot. ३. पीत, मूल the root, aff. क् ।

पीतयूषी f. (-यी) Yellow jasmine. ३. पीत, and यूषी jasmine.  
 पीतरत्नम् n. (-रत्नः) A yellow coloured gem, perhaps the topaz. ३. पीत  
 yellow, and रत्न coloured.  
 पीतरागम् m. (-रागः) 1. The fibres of the lotus. 2. A yellow colour. ३.  
 (रत्न) Wax. ३. पीत and राग colour.  
 पीतलम् mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Of a yellow colour. m. (-लः) Yellow, ३  
 colour. n. (-लं) Brass. ३. पीत, and लच् aff.  
 पीतलकम् n. (-कं) Brass. ३. पीतल yellow, कच् added.  
 पीतलोहम् n. (-हं) Yellow brass, queen's metal, or a mixed metal,  
 resembling gold. ३. पीत yellow, and लोह iron.  
 पीतवासम् mfn. (-वाः-वाः-सः) Dressed in yellow. m. (-वाः) A name of  
 KRISHN'A ३. पीत yellow, वासम् vesture.  
 पीतवृक्षम् m. (-वृक्षः) A plant (Bignonia Indica.) "श्रीनाकठवे" । [S'al tree]  
 पीतशालम् m. (-शालः) A tree, (Pentaptera.) ३. पीत yellow, and शाल the  
 पीतसारम् m. (-रः) 1. Sandal. 2. A yellow gem, a topaz. 3. A tree,  
 (Alangium hexapetalum.) n. (-रं) A yellow sort of Sandal wood  
 ३. पीत yellow, and सार essence.  
 पीतसारि n. (-रि) Antimony. ३. पीत yellow, सार essence, aff. इच्.  
 पीतसालकम् m. (-कः) A tree, (Pentaptera tomentosa.) ३. पीत yellow, स  
 essence, aff. क्, and र changed to ल्.  
 पीतसोमम् m. (-सः) A Bra'hman, by whom the juice of the acid asclepi  
 is drank at a ceremony. ३. पीत, and सोम the juice.  
 पीतस्वाम्यम् m. (-स्वः) A hog. ३. पीत for पीत large, and स्वाम्य a shoulder.  
 पीतस्फटिकम् m. (-कः) A precious gem, the topaz. ३. पीत yellow, and  
 स्फटिक crystal. "पुष्करागमयी" ।  
 पीतहरितम् adj. Yellowish green.  
 पीतमणिम् m. (-मणिः) The Muni AGASTYA. ३. पीत drank, (by whom,) and  
 मणि the ocean; the saint having on one occasion swallowed up  
 the sea.  
 पीतस्वरम् mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Dressed in yellow clothes. m. (-रः) 1. KRISHNA  
 or VISHN'U in that form. 2. A dancer or actor. 3. A religious  
 mendicant, wearing yellow garments. ३. पीत yellow, स्वर  
 vesture, raiment.  
 पीतारुणम् adj. Yellowish red. [st. 32.]  
 पीतारत्नम् n. (-रत्नः) A topaz or any yellow gem. ३. पीत, and रत्न  
 पीतिम् m. (-तिः) A horse. f. (-तिः) 1. Drinking. 2. A dram shop. 3. The  
 Proboscis of an elephant. ३. पी to drink, aff. तिच् or तिच् ।  
 पीतिका f. (-का) 1. Turmeric. 2. Yellow jasmine. 3. Saffron. ३. पीत  
 yellow, तिच् aff.  
 पीतिन् m. (-नी) A horse. ३. पी to drink, तिच् aff., तिच् added.  
 पीतम् m. (-तः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. The chief elephant of a herd. ३.  
 पी to drink, (or dry up water.) and तुन् Una'di aff.  
 पीत्या ind. Having drank. ३. पी to drink, तिच् aff.  
 पीयम् m. (-यः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. Time. n. (-यं) Water. ३. पी to  
 drink, Un'di aff. यच्, and the radical vowel changed.  
 पीयिम् m. (-यिः) A horse: see पीति.  
 पीनम् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Fat, bulky, corpulent, large, much, round  
 thick. ३. पी to grow or enlarge, aff. क्, form irr.  
 पीनसम् m. (-सः) 1. Cough, catarrh. 2. Cold, affecting the nose, in  
 inflammation of the schneiderian membrane. ३. पीन fat, पी to  
 destroy, aff. क्.  
 पीनसिन् mfn. (-सि-सिनी-सि) Having a cold. ३. पीनस, and सिन् aff.  
 पीनोद्धी f. (-धी) A cow with full or large udders. ३. पीन large, उद्धी  
 udder, ऊप् aff. and चनच् augment.  
 पीय र. 1st cl. (पीयति) To beg. आ.सच्.वर.सेट् ।  
 पीय र. 1st cl. (पीयति) 1. To please. 2. To injure. पी-पर.उह.सेट् ।  
 पीयम् m. (-यः) 1. The sun. 2. Time. 3. An owl. 4. A crow. ३. पी  
 Sautra root, to regard, Una'di aff. य; or पा-ङ्ग; der. irr.  
 पीयुषम् n. (-षं) 1. The food of the gods, ambrosia, nectar. 2. Milk. ३.  
 (-षः-षं) The milk of a cow during the first seven days after cal

ing. **म. शीय** Sautra root, to be kind or love, लघु **Una'di aff.** In the last sense the word is also written **स्यूष** ।

**चोयवमरु म. (-चः)** 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. **म. चोयूष** nectar, and **मरु** light; whose rays are filled with nectar.

**चोयूषवचि म. (-चिः)** 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. **म. चोयूष** nectar, and **वचि** light : see the last.

**चोयूषवचं म. (-चं)** 1. A shower of water. 2. The moon. 3. Camphor. **म. चोयूष** वचति करद्वारा-वच-चण् ।

**चोष r. 1st cl. (चोषति)** 1. To stop, to cease to be or do, 2. To become stupid. **आ-पर-सक-सेट् ।**

**चोषक म. (-कः)** 1. The large black ant. 2. An opposer. **म. चोष** to stop ; **aff. च्** ।

**चोषु म. (-चुः)** 1. The name of a tree, applied in some places to the *Careya arborea*, and in others to the *Salvadora persica* ; it is very commonly assigned also to all exotic, and unknown trees. 2. An elephant. 3. An arrow. 4. A flower. 5. The blossom of the *Saccharum sara*. 6. An atom. 7. An insect. 8. The metacarpus, the central part of the hand. 9. The stem of the palm tree. **म. चोषु** to stop, **aff. च**; also with **कम्** added, **चोषुक**.

**चोषुक म. (-कः)** 1. A kind of worm. 2. An ant. **म. see** the last.

**चोषुनी f. (-नी)** A kind of creeper called murba'. **म. चोष**, **चन्** **aff.**

**चोषुपर्वी f. (-र्वी)** 1. A plant : see **चोषु**. 2. *Bryonia grandis*. 3. A sort of drug. **म. चोषु** the tree, and **पर्वा** a leaf.

**चोषुसूत्र न. (-सं)** 1. A plant called shatamuli and shata'bari. (*Asparagus racemosus*.) 2. A shrub called sha'laparni, (*Hedysarum gangesicum*.) 3. A plant called Ashwagandha', (*Physalis flexuosa*.) 4. A young cow.

**चोष r. 1st cl. (चोषति)** To be fat or corpulent. **आ-पर-सक-सेट् ।**

**चोषन् mfn. (-व-व-व)** 1. Fat, large. 2. Strong, robust. 3. Full, fast, stout. **म. (-व)** Air, wind. **म. चो** to swell or increase, **Una'di aff. कनिप्** ।

**चोषर mfn. (-र-र-र-र)** Fat large. **f. (-र-र)** A plant, (*Asparagus racemosus*.) **f. (-रि)** 1. A young woman. 2. A cow. **m. (-र)** A tortoise. **म. चो** to increase, **Una'di aff. चरन्** ।

**चोषरसनी f. (-नी)** 1. A cow with large udders. 2. A woman with large breast. **म. चोषर** large, and **सन** a breast.

**चोषा f. (-वा)** Water. **म. चो** to drink, **चन्** **Una'di aff.**

**चोषत्र म. (-जः)** 1. The male of any species of animal. 2. A mouse.

**चोषाग म. (-गः)** 1. A white elephant 2. A white lotus. 3. A nutmeg. 4. A name of the tree commonly called Na'gakosara, (*mesua ferrea*.) 5. A distinguished man. [union.]

**चोषोग म. (-गः)** Association or cohabitation with men. **म. पुन्**, and **चोष**

**चोषागि म. (-गिः)** A male sign of the zodiac.

**चोषिष म. (-षः)** 1. The male organ. 2. The masculine gender, (in grammar.) **म. पुन्** male, and **लिष** mark.

**चोषल म. (-लः)** A bull-calf.

**चोषम म. (-षः)** The musk-rat. **म. पुन्** male, and **ष** a bull. "कुसुन्दरे" ।

**चोषेच adj.** Wearing male attire.

**चोषनी f. (-नी)** A harlot, an unchaste woman. **प. पुंस्** a man, and **चल्** to go, **aff. च** and **लोच्**.

**चोषिष्ठ न. (-ष्ठ)** The penis. **म. पुंस्** male, and **विष्ठ** a mark.

**चोष r. 10th cl. (चोषयति-ते)** 1. To punish, to pain. 2. To crush, to grind. **च-उभ-सक-सेट् ।**

**चोषयन न. (-नं)** The first of the essential ceremonies of Hindu initiation; a religious and domestic festival held on a woman's perceiving the first signs of a living conception. 2. Milk. 3. Fetus. **म. पुन्** a male, **सु** to bear **aff. लुट्** ।

**चोषायुज म. (-जः)** Having an elder brother.

**चोषाया f. (-या)** A woman wishing for a husband.

**चोषीविष म. (-षः)** A male cuckoo.

पुंस्व n. (-स्व) 1. Semen virile. 2. Manhood, virility. 3. The masculine gender, (In gram.) म. पुंस्व man, and स्व aff. of the abstract ; also with लङ् aff., पुंस्वा f. (-स्वा.)

पुञ्ज (च) m. (-चः-or-चः) A Chan'd'ala, an outcaste; see पुञ्जस्व.

पुञ्जस्व mfn. (-स्वः-सी-स्वः) Low, vile. m. (-स्वः) A Chan'd'ala, or man of an impure and degraded tribe or occupation, born of the Nishā'da by a Sū'dra female. f. (-सी) 1. Indigo. 2. A bud, a blossom. 3. A woman of the Pukkasa tribe. म. पु for पुञ्ज purity, कु bad (understood), कस् to go, aff. चच्, deriv. irr. or appropriately पुक् कृत्ति कसति कस-गती चच् प्रयोवा यः ।

पुत्र m. (-त्रः) 1. The feathered part of an arrow. 2. A falcon, a heron. म. पुत्र man, क्षन् to destroy, aff. ड.

पुत्र mn. (-त्रः-त्रः) A heap, a collection, a quantity. म. पुं man, गन् to go, aff. ड । [also read पुत्रस्व.]

पुत्रस्व m. (-स्वः) The soul. म. पुं man, and गन् to pervade, aff. चच् ;

पुत्रव m. (-वः) 1. A bull. 2. A drug, commonly Masha'ni. 3. (In composition,) Excellent, pre-eminent. म. पुं male, and नौ a cow, aff. चच्.

पुत्रवैत m. (-वैतः) An epithet of Śrīva. [चक्र-सेट् ।

पुत्र र. 1st cl. (पुत्रस्व) To err, to be careless or inattentive. धा० पर०

पुत्र mn. (-स्वः-स्वः) 1. A tail, the tail, the hinder part. 2. A horse's tail. 3. The tail of the peacock. 4. Any hairy tail. 5. The end of anything. म. पुत्र to be careless, चच् aff.

पुत्रकण्ठक m. (-कः) A scorpion. "हृदिने" ।

पुत्रज्वाह n. (-हः) The root of the tail.

पुत्रटि (टी) f. (-टि or टी) Snapping or cracking the fingers. म. पुत्र-पटि वा डीप् । [a tail, and हनि aff.]

पुत्रिन् mfn. (-स्त्री-स्त्री-स्त्री) Having a tail. m. (-स्त्री) A cock. म. पुत्र

पुत्र m. (-स्त्री) A heap, a quantity, a collection. म. पुं man, गन् to be born, aff. ड; also पुत्र and पुत्रि m. (-स्त्री).

पुत्रिक m. (-कः) Hail.

पुत्रिन् f. (-त्रि) 1. Heaped. 2. Pressed together. [or what stays.]

पुत्रिन् mfn. (-त्रि-त्रि-त्रि) Heaped, accumulated. म. पुत्रि, and क्व who

पुत्र र. 1st cl. (पुत्रि) To rub, to press, to grind or pound. r. 6th cl. (पुत्रि) To embrace, to intertwine. r. 10th cl. (पुत्रयति-ने) 1. To be or become small, or shallow. 2. To shine. 3. To speak. 4. To reduce to powder, to grind. r. 10th cl. (पुत्रयति-ने) 1. To fasten, to string, to bind together. 2. To be in contact with. दीप्तो चक्र-वृत्ते सक्त-वृत्ता-उभ-सेट् । स्रष्टुं वृत्त-पर-सक्त-सेट् । संसर्गं चक्र-वृत्ता-उभ-सक्त-सेट् ।

पुत्र mfn. (-त्रः-टो-टो) 1. A cover, a covering. 2. A plate or vessel, made of leaves. 3. A cloth worn to cover the privities. 4. An eyelid. 5. A cup or concavity, made of a leaf folded or doubled. 6. A concavity, a shallow cup or receptacle, as the hollow of the hand. m. (-त्रः) 1. A horse's hoof. 2. A narrowing or contracting of any thing. 3. A folding or doubling of any thing, so as to form a cup or concavity. 4. A casket. n. (-टो) 1. Two vessels joined together, the upper one inverted for the sublimation or digestion of medicaments. 2. A nutmeg. म. पुत्र to rub or bind, aff. क.

पुत्रक n. (-कः) 1. A lotus. 2. A bag or vessel made of a leaf doubled over in a funnel-like shape. 3. Any shallow cup or concavity. 4. A nutmeg. म. पुत्र to unite, aff. कृट्. [and रति, aff.]

पुत्रिनी f. (-नी) 1. An assemblage of lotus flowers. 2. A lotus. म. पुत्रक,

पुत्रयोव m. (-वः) 1. A pot, a jar, a pitcher. 2. A brass or copper vessel or jug. म. पुत्र a contracting, from पुत्र, and योवा the neck ; having a narrow neck.

पुत्रपात्र m. (-त्रः) 1. Digesting, subliming. 2. A method of preparing drugs ; in it the various ingredients are wrapped up in leaves covered with clay and baked in fire. म. पुत्र, and पात्र cooking.

पुत्रवेद m. (-वेदः) 1. The bend of, or an eddy in a river. 2. A city, a town. 3. A musical instrument. म. पुत्र a contraction, and वेद breaking.

पुष्पदेव न. (-न) A city.

पुष्पिका f. (-का) Cardamoms. इ. पुष्पिकायाः डम् ।

पुष्पिन mfn. (-न-ता-न) 1. Sewn, stitched. 2. Rubbed, ground. 3. Contracted. u. (-न) Closing or shutting the hands, (to hold anything;) the hollow of the hand. इ. पुष्प rubbing, &c. and इत्तु. aff.

पुष्पिण न. (-न) A white umbrella or parasol. इ. पुष्प a covering, and उट्टन a house.

पुष्पिक म. (-क) The cocoonut. इ. पुष्प a covering, and उट्टन water.

पुष्प-र. 10th cl. (पुष्पति-ने) To decrease, to diminish, to be or become small, low or shallow. पुष्प-र-सङ्ग-हेट् ।

पुष्प र. 6th cl. (पुष्पति) 1. To leave, to quit. 2. To discover. 3. To emit.

(इ) पुष्पि र. 1st cl. (पुष्पति) 1. To rub. 2. To grind or pound, to reduce to dust or powder. 3. To adorn. नदीने आ-पर-सङ्ग-हेट्-इत् ।

पुष्प र. 6th cl. (पुष्पति) To be pure or virtuous, to do a pious or holy act. पुष्प-र-सङ्ग-हेट् । [to adorn, aff. चच् ।

पुष्प in. (-क) A mark made with sandal &c. on the forehead. इ. पुष्पि पुष्पतिन् m. (-री) A drug, commonly Pun'deri'ya.

पुष्परीक म. (-क) 1. The elephant presiding over the south-east quarter. 2. A leopard. 3. A sort of snake called Rajila; (Amphisbæna.) 4. A fragrant kind of mango. 5. Fever affecting an elephant. 6. A variety of the sugarcane. 7. A silk worm, (कोषकर) 8. A student's waterpot "Kamandalu." 9. White, the colour. 10. A sort of leprosy. 11. A species of rice. 12. Fire. 13. A mark on the forehead with sandal, &c. n. (-क) 1. A white lotus. 2. A lotus in general. 3. A white umbrella. 4. A kind of drug. इ. पुष्पि to grind; or according to some, to adorn, Una'di aff. ईक, and the form irr.

पुष्परीकाज म. (-च) A name of VISHN'U. n. (-च) A drug. इ. पुष्परीक a lotus, and चचि an eye, aff. चच्.

पुष्परीयक न. (-क) 1. A flower, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) "स्यचपद्म." 2. A drug, commonly Pun'deri'ya. इ. पुष्पतिन् + आचारिकच ततः लुक् ।

पुष्पय न. (-य) A creeper, a medicinal plant, used as a remedy for diseased eyes. इ. पुष्पि to dissipate, (disease,) चय्य aff.

पुष्प न. (-क) 1. A red variety of the common sugarcane, (Saccharum officinarum.) 2. The name of a Daitya or infernal being, considered as incarnate in S'ISUPALA. 3. A mark or line made on the forehead with Sandal, &c. 4. A sort of creeper, (Gærtnera racemosa.) 5. A worm. 6. A white lotus. 7. The name of a country, the greater part of Bengal and part of Behar. m. plu. (-क) The inhabitants of that country. इ. पुष्पि to rub, aff. रक् ।

पुष्पक म. (-क) 1. A creeper, (Gærtnera racemosa.) 2. A mark on the forehead with sandal, &c. 3. A sort of sugarcane; see the last. इ. कच् added to the preceding.

पुष्पकवि म. (-वि) An elephant. इ. पुष्प sugarcane, and कवि pastime.

पुष्प mfn. (-क-क-क-क) 1. Virtuous, pure, righteous. 2. Beautiful, pleasing. 3. Fragrant. n. (-क) 1. Virtue, moral or religious merit. 2. A good action. 3. Purity, purification. 4. A trough for watering cattle. f. (-क) 1. Holy basil, (Ocymun sanctum.) 2. Lucky, auspicious. 3. Solemn, festive. इ. पुष्प to be or make pure, यत् Una'di aff., and लक् augment; or appropriately पू-पुष्प ।

पुष्पक न. (-क) A meritorious act or obligation of a religious nature, as fasting, praying, &c. इ. पुष्प virtue, कच् added.

पुष्पकरीन् mfn. (-क-क-क-क) Pious, virtuous. इ. पुष्प, and करीन् act.

पुष्पकवत न. (-व) The worship of KAIŠN'A for a year, with daily presents, to be performed by a woman desirous of a son. इ. पुष्पक, and वत religious obligation.

पुष्पकाल म. (-क) An auspicious time.

पुष्पकोटि म. (-नि) Celebrated, famous.

पुष्पकृत् mfn. (-कृ) Virtuous, pious. इ. पुष्प virtue, and कृत् who acts.

पुष्पदेव न. (-न) Holy land or A'rya'varta; see पुष्पदेव ।

पुष्पनख म. (-नख) The Champaka, (Michelia champaca.) Adj. Sweet scented. इ. पुष्प pure, and नख smell.

पुष्पगृह न. (-गृ) 1. An almshouse. 2. A temple.

पुष्पजन म. (-न) 1. A fiend, a goblin, a Ru'khasa. 2. A Yaksha, a divine being attendant on KUR'Ā, the god of wealth. 3. A pious or virtuous man. इ. पुष्प virtuous, and जन man, जोच् added.

पुष्पजनेश्वर म. (-र) KUR'Ā, the Hindu deity of wealth. इ. पुष्पजन a Yaksha, and ईश्वर master.

पुष्पजित adj. Attained by good works. [sacred pool, &c

पुष्पनीच न. (-च) 1. A holy shrine or place of pilgrimage. इ. पुष्प, नीच, पुष्पनीच न. (-च) White Kus'a grass. इ. पुष्प, and नीच grass; it is much used in religious ceremonies.

पुष्पदन्त म. (-न) The blue jay. n. (-न) Visiting holy shrines. इ. पुष्प lucky, and दन्त appearance.

पुष्पपुत्र म. (-पु) A man rich in moral merit.

पुष्पपताय म. (-प) The efficacy of moral merit.

पुष्पकल म. (-क) A grove, a garden. n. (-क) The reward or consequence of good actions. इ. पुष्प handsome or virtue, and कल fruit.

पुष्पभाज् mfn. (-भाज्) Virtuous, addicted to virtue. इ. पुष्प, and भाज् who possesses.

पुष्पभूमि f. (-भूमि) The holy land of the Hindus; the central part of Asia, bounded on the north by the Hima'laya, on the south by the Vindh'ya mountains, and on the east and west by the sea. इ. पुष्प virtue, and भूमि land.

पुष्पभूमि f. (-भूमि) 1. The holy land or A'rya'varta; see the last. 2. The mother of a male child. इ. पुष्प virtue, and भूमि land.

पुष्परात्रि म. (-रात्रि) A night on which any religious commemoration or ceremony is held. इ. पुष्प, and रात्रि night, चच् aff.

पुष्पलोक म. (-क) Heaven, paradise. इ. पुष्प virtue, and लोक a world.

पुष्पवत् mfn. (-वत्) 1. Fortunate, well-fated. 2. Virtuous, pious, righteous. 3. Happy. इ. पुष्प virtue, &c. aff. वत् ।

पुष्पविजित mfn. (-न-ता-न) Merited, acquired by merit. इ. पुष्प, and विजित conquered.

पुष्पयकुल म. (-क) A bird of good omen. n. (-न) An auspicious omen.

पुष्पशील mfn. (-क-ला-क) Virtuous. इ. पुष्प and शील having.

पुष्पशील adj. Of good fame. m. (-क) 1. A name of NALA. 2. The epithet is also applied to YUDHIST'HIRA, and to VISHN'U. f. (-का) 1. A name of DRAUPADI. 5. A name of SITA. इ. पुष्प holy, शील verse; who is celebrated in sacred poems.

पुष्पयोग म. (-न) The influence or effect of virtuous actions. इ. पुष्प, and योग union.

पुष्पस्थान न. (-न) A sacred place, a holy ground, a place of pilgrimage. इ. पुष्प virtue, and स्थान a place.

पुष्पामन् mfn. (-क-क-क-क) Holy, pious. इ. पुष्प, and आत्मन् spirit.

पुष्पाक्षय न. (-क्षय) A holy day. इ. पुष्प holy, and क्षय a day.

पुष्पाक्षयन न. (-न) Repeating at sacrifices, &c. "This is a holy day," three times. इ. पुष्पाक्षय, and यन saying.

पुष्पशोभ म. (-श) Good fortune, as the result of virtuous acts in a former life. इ. पुष्प, and शोभ rise.

पुष्पशोभन adj. Having beautiful gardens.

पुत् न. (-पुत्) A hell to which the childless are condemned.

पुत् 1st cl. (पुत्ति) To go. वी-आ-पर-सङ्ग-हेट् ।

पुत्त mfn. (-क-क) 1. An idol, a puppet, a doll. 2. A man of straw burnt in place of a lost corpse; see वत्तन ।

पुत्ति f. (-का) 1. A small bee. 2. The white ant. इ. पुत् to go, तिच् Una'di aff.

पुत्त(न) m. (-न) 1. A son. 2. A child, in the language of the Vedas. 3. The fifth mansion from the point of conjunction of the sun, and a zodiacal sign. f. (-नी) A daughter. du. always, (-नी) Son and

daughter. ३. पुत्र, and त्र to preserve, the hell, (from,) aff. क् ; or पुत्र् to purify, aff. त् ; one त may be rejected in writing this word, and its derivatives, leaving पुत्र. The word is thus derived by Manu. viz. :-

“पुत्रादौ नरबाधकात् धितरं त्रादौ पुनः ।  
तस्मात्पुत्र इति शेषः जयमेव स्वयंभूरा ॥”

पुत्र m. (-कः) 1. A son. 2. A son, as it were, used as a term of endearment. 3. A fabulous animal with eight legs : see वरभ. 4. A regue, a cheat. 5. A particular mountain. 6. A sort of tree. 7. A grasshopper, a locust. 8. A doll, a puppet. f. (-का or -त्रिका) 1. A daughter. 2. A puppet, a doll. 3. Anything little of its kind, (when used at the end of a compound.) ३. पुत्र a son, क् pleonasm ; in the feminine from the substitution of त्र for the penultimate vowel is optional.

पुत्रका f. (-का) A kind of drug. “वज्रकाशुकी” । [च being added.]

पुत्रकाया f. (-या) Wish or affection for progeny. ३. पुत्र, and कायच् aff.

पुत्रकार्यं n. (-र्यं) Ceremony relating to a son.

पुत्रकृतम् m. (-कः) Adopted as a son.

पुत्रजात Adj. One to whom a son is born.

पुत्रजीव m. (-वः) A tree, from the fruit of which necklaces are made of supposed prolific efficacy, (Nagelia putranjiva, Rox.) ३. पुत्र a child, and जीव life.

पुत्रजीवक m. (-कः) A plant ; see the last. ३. पुत्र a child, and जीव् to live, aff. क्च् and कच् added. [what gives.]

पुत्रद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Who or what confers offspring. ३. पुत्र, and द, पुत्रदार n. (-रः) Son and wife.

पुत्रपौत्र mn. (-नः-नं) Plu. Sons and grandsons.

पुत्रपौत्र mfn. (-नः-ना-चं) Descended from son to son. ३. पुत्र, and पौत्र a grandson, खच् aff. [and तच् aff.]

पुत्रपौत्रता f. (-ता) Perpetual descent from son to son, &c. ३. पुत्रपौत्रोच, पुत्रपतिनिधि m. (-निः) A substitute for a son, as an adopted son, &c. ३. पुत्र, and पतिनिधि a substitute.

पुत्रप्राप्त m. (-प्राः) The obtaining of a son. [poss. aff.]

पुत्रवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having a son or offspring. ३. पुत्र, and वत्च्.

पुत्रधू f. (-धू) A daughter-in-law.

पुत्रवत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वत्) Having a son or child. ३. पुत्र, and वत्च् aff.

पुत्रपौत्रो f. (-पौ) A plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) “सूत्रिपौत्रो” ।

पुत्रमत् m. (-मः) One who is fond of children. [aff. हिच् ।]

पुत्रमू f. (-मू) The mother of a son. ३. पुत्र a son, and मू a parent.

पुत्रहीन Adj. Childless. [पुत्र, and चाचायै a teacher.]

पुत्राचार्य m. (-र्यः) A father instructed in sacred science by his son. ३.

पुत्रादिन् Adj. Wishing for a son.

पुत्राह्वद m. (-दः) 1. One who is maintained by his son. 2. A mendicant of a particular order. ३. पुत्र a son, चद् food, and चाद् who takes.

पुत्रिका f. (-का) 1. A daughter. 2. A doll, a puppet. 3. The cotton or pappus of the tamarisk. ३. पुत्री a daughter, कच् aff.

पुत्रिकापुत्र m. (-प्राः) 1. The son of a daughter, appointed to raise issue for her father ; one of the twelve heirs acknowledged by the old Hindu law. 2. A daughter's son, who by agreement becomes the son of her father, (according to some interpretation.) 3. A daughter who returns to her father's house being considered as his son, (according to other interpretation.) 4. A grandson in general. ३. पुत्रिका a daughter, and पुत्र a son.

पुत्रिकान्तं m. (-न्तः) A daughter's husband. ३. पुत्रिका, and न्तं husband.

पुत्रिकाधू f. (-धू) The mother of a daughter. ३. पुत्रिका, and धू a mother. [son.]

पुत्रिकापुत्र m. (-प्राः) A daughter's son, a grandson. ३. पुत्रिका, and पुत्र a son.

पुत्रिन् m. (-नी) The father of a son. f. (-नी) 1. The mother of a son, or of children generally. 2. A parasite plant. 3. A plant, (Siphonanthus Indica.) ३. पुत्र a son or offspring, इति aff.

पुत्रोच mfn. (-यः-वा-चं) Belonging or relating to a son, or child. 2. Filial. f. (-या) The desire of a son. ३. पुत्र, and च्च् aff.; also पुत्रा.

पुत्रीयत् mfn. (-यत्-यन्तो-यत्) Wishing for a son. ३. पुत्र, and यच् aff. or nominal v., यच् aff.

पुत्रेच्छु mfn. (-च्छुः-च्छुः-च्छुः) Desiring a son. ३. पुत्र, and इच्छु desirous.

पुत्रेष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) A sacrifice performed for the purpose of obtaining children. ३. पुत्र, offspring, and एष्टि sacrifice, also with कच् added in the feminine form, पुत्रेष्टिका.

पुत्रेष्ट्यं n. (-र्यं) Resignation of property or power by a father to his son. ३. पुत्र, and ऐष्ट्यं masterhood.

पुत्रा mfn. (-त्रः-त्रा-त्रा) Belonging to a son, &c. ३. पुत्र, and तच् aff.

पुत्र r. 4th cl. (पुत्र्यति) To hurt or kill. r. 10th cl. (पुत्रयति-ते) 1. To shine.

2. To speak. (पुत्रि r. 1st cl. (पुत्रति) 1. To hurt. 2. To suffer pain or uneasiness. हिंसे दिवा-धर-सक-सेट् । वधे-सक-ल्लिखे चक-भूर-पर-सेट्-इति । रीहो पु-वध-सक-सेट् ।

पुत्रक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Beautiful, handsome, of a handsome form or figure. 2. Having form or property. m. (-कः) 1. The body. 2. The soul. 3. An atom. 4. An epithet of S'iva. ३. पूर what fills, and नक्ष what decays, deriv. irr. [dressing.]

पुनःपाक m. (-कः) Repeated boiling or cooking. ३. पुनर्, and पाक

पुनःपुनर् Ind. Repeatedly, again and again. ३. पुनर् again, repeated.

पुनःपुनर् f. (-ता) The Pampa river in Bihar. ३. पुनर् again, repeated, irrly. ; perhaps from the meandering course of the river ; or correctly पुनः पुनानि पुनश्च-पयो ।

पुनःसन्धानं n. (-नं) Reuniting.

पुनःसन्धय m. (-यः) Coming into existence again, metempsychosis.

पुनःसंस्कार m. (-रः) Repetition of any essential ceremony, as re-investiture with the sacrificial string of a Brāhman, who has forfeited it by unknowingly drinking spirits, &c. ३. पुनर् again, संस्कार ceremony.

पुनर् Ind. 1. Again, once more. 2. But, on the contrary, nevertheless, however. 3. Assuredly, certainly. 4. A particle indicating division or change of subject. ३. पच् to praise, चच् aff., and the radical vowel changed to उ.

पुनरपि Ind. 1. Even, again, also. 2. And, on the other hand.

पुनरर्षिता f. (-ता) Repeated request.

पुनरागत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Come back, returned. ३. पुनर्, and आगत come.

पुनरागतन n. (-नं) Returning, coming back. ३. पुनर् and आगतन coming.

पुनराधान n. (-नं) Renewing or replacing a consecrated fire. ३. पुनर्, and आधान placing. [and आधत्त revolving.]

पुनरावर्त्त m. (-न्तः) 1. Return, revolution. 2. Repeated birth. ३. पुनर्,

पुनरावर्त्तन् mfn. (-न्तो-तिन्तो-तिन्) 1. Returning. 2. Subject to successive births. ३. पुनरावर्त्त, and इति aff. [existence.]

पुनरावृत्ति f. (-त्तिः) 1. Repetition. 2. Revision. 3. Return to mundane

पुनरुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Repeated, said over again. n. (-क्तं) Tautology, repetition. ३. पुनर्, and उक्त said.

पुनरुक्तनक्षत्र m. (-नक्षः) A Brāhman. ३. पुनर् again, उक्त said, and जन्मन् birth; whose investiture is called a second birth.

पुनरुक्तवदामात्र m. (-वदः) A figure of speech consisting in the appearance of tautology, the first impression being removed by a right understanding of the passage. [उक्ति saying.]

पुनरुक्ति f. (-क्तिः) 1. Repetition, tautology. 2. Uselessness. ३. पुनर्, and पुनरुक्तान n. (-नं) Resurrection.

पुनरुत्पत्ति f. (-त्तिः) 1. Reproduction. 2. Metempsychosis.

पुनरुत्पन्न m. (-नः) Return.

पुनरुपिदा f. (-दा) A woman remarried.

पुनर्गम Ind. To go back. [३. पुनर्, and जन्म birth.]

पुनर्जन्म mfn. (-जन्म-जन्म-जन्म) Re-born, born again. n. (-जन्म) Regeneration,

पुनर्जन्मय m. (-यः) Liberation, final emancipation, freedom from transmigration. ३. पुनर्जन्म, and जय Victory.



पुनर्दा Ind. To give back.

पुनर्दाक्षिण f. (-दा) Taking a second wife.

पुनर्नख m. (-नख) A finger-nail. f. (-नख) Hog weed. (Boerhavia diffusa alata.) E. पुनर् again, and नख new.

पुनर्भव mfn. (-नख-नख) Re-born, born again. n. (-नख) Regeneration. m. (-नख) A finger-nail. E. पुनर् again, and नख being.

पुनर्भविन् m. (-नख) The sentient soul. E. पुनर् again, नख being, and इन् possessive aff.; existing again after the dissolution of one body in another form.

पुनर्भू mfn. (-भू-भू-भू) Re-born, regenerated. f. (-भू) 1. A virgin widow re-married. 2. Re-existence. E. पुनर् again, (a wife, &c.) भू being.

पुनर्वाचा f. (-वा) Repeated procession.

पुनर्वचन n. (-न) 1. Repeated text or injunction. 2. Saying anything again. E. पुनर्, and वचन speaking.

पुनर्वसु m. (-सु) The seventh of the lunar asterisms, containing according to some authorities two, and to others, four stars; (in this sense it is properly confined to the dual number पुनर्वसु, though in the Vedas it is used in the singular.) 2. A name of VISHNŪ. 3. The name of a saint, and grammarian; also KĀTYĀYANA. 4. A name of SĪVA. 5. Commencement of wealth. 6. A Loka or division of the universe. E. वचन् again, वसु to dwell, aff. उ.

पुनर्वसू m. du. (-सू) An asterism; see the last.

पुनर्वचन n. (-न) An asterism under which males are procreated. E. पुं for पुनर्वच, and नचन asterism.

पुनर्नाम m. (-न) 1. A tree, from the flowers of which a yellowish dye is prepared, (Rottleria tinctoria.) 2. A white lotus. 3. Nutmeg. 4. A chief, a head or pre-eminent man. 5. A white elephant. E. पुं male, नाम an elephant, or aff. or eminence.

पुनर्वचन् mfn. (-वचन्-वचन्-वचन्) Wishing to cleanse or purify. E. पू to purify, desid. व, चाह aff. [चङ् and टाप्.]

पुनर्वच f. (-वच) Wish to cleanse or purify. E. पू to purify, desid. व, affs.

पुनर्वच m. (-च) A kind of disease of the palate and gum severally. [irr.]

पुनर्वच m. (-च) Flatulence, wind in the bowels. E. फुच् to blow, form

पुनर्वच m. (-च) 1. The lungs. 2. The pericarp of a lotus. E. स्फुर् to swell, deriv. irr. it is also written. फुफुस and पुष्पुस.

पुनर्वच mfn. (-च-च-च) Born after, like, or according to a man. E. पुं, and चनुज born after. [Una'di aff. उम and सुनु added.]

पुनर्वच m. (-पुनर्वच) A man or male. E. वा to preserve, (his own duties)

पुनर्वच Ind. Manly, like a man. E. पुं, and वचि aff.

पुनर्वच f. (-पु) A city. E. पुर् to lead, ज्ञप् aff.

पुनर्वच mfn. (-पु-पु-पु) One who goes first or before. m. (-पु) A leader, a preceder. Adv. n. (-पु) By or with, i. e. preceded by, attended with, as कौपुनर्वच with rage. E. पुनर्वच before, चर who goes.

पुनर्वच Adj. Standing in front.

पुनर्वच mfn. (रन्-रन्-रन्) Opening or becoming manifest before one. E. पुनर्वच, and स्फुरत् budding.

पुनर्वच 6th cl. (पुनर्वच) To precede, to lead, to go before. पुनर्वच-सङ्.

पुनर्वच f. (-रन्) A town, a city; a place containing large buildings surrounded by a ditch, and extending not less than one K'rosha in length, is called a city, a pura or Nagara; if it extends not less than half a K'rosha it is called a K'heta or town; if less than that, a Karvat'a or small market town; and any cluster of houses less than that, is a Gra'ma or village. n. (-रन्) 1. A town. 2. A fortress, a castle. 3. The female apartments. 4. A brothel. 5. A house. 6. Pataliputra or modern Patna. 7. The body. 8. The calyx of a flower, or any receptacle or cup formed of leaves. 9. Skin. 10. An upper story. 11. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus.) m. (-रन्) 1. A sort of resin, "bdellium." 2. Yellow berberis. f. (-रन्) 1. The east. 2. A perfume. 3. An epithet of the Ganges. E. पुर् to precede, च aff.

पुनर्वच n. (-रन्) A citadel.

पुनर्वच f. (-नख) Adj. Favourably inclined.

पुनर्वच m. (-नख) An epithet of SĪVA.

पुनर्वच m. (-नख) The region or world of AGNI or fire. E. पुर् pri-mary, from पुर् to precede, with च aff., and नखिन् light.

पुनर्वच m. (-नख) Life, the living principle. f. (-नख) Understanding. E. पुर् the body, and चन what produces.

पुनर्वच mfn. (-य-य-य) Victorious, conquering cities. m. (-य) 1. The proper name of a king, the third of the race of the sun. E. पुर् a city, जी to conquer, aff. चङ्.

पुनर्वच m. (-रन्) The armpit.

पुनर्वच n. (-रन्) Gold.

पुनर्वच m. (-च) The ocean. E. च to fill, च, Una'di aff.

पुनर्वच f. (-रन्) A market, a village or small fair. E. पुर् a city, नख a bank, and जीप् diminutive or depreciative aff.

पुनर्वच Ind. Before, in front of. E. पुर् to precede, aff. चतसृच्.

पुनर्वच n. (-च) The outer gate of a city.

पुनर्वच f. (-नख) The tutelary deity of a town. E. पुर्, and देवता deity.

पुनर्वच n. (-रन्) A city gate. E. पुर् a city, and द्वार a gate.

पुनर्वच m. (-रन्) A name of SĪVA. E. पुर् a name of Tripura, the demon, and चिन् who hates.

पुनर्वच m. (-य) The founding of a city. [of च.]

पुनर्वच m. (-रन्) INDRA. E. पुर् a city, जी to destroy, च aff. with the wower

पुनर्वच m. (-रन्) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. An epithet of SĪVA. 3. An epithet of Agni. 4. A thief, a house-breaker. n. (-रन्) A sort of pepper. (Piper chavya.) f. (-रन्) A name of the Ganges. E. पुर् a city, दृ to tear or rend, aff. चङ्, deriv. irr.

पुनर्वच f. (-चिन्-चिन्) A woman, whose husband and children are living. E. पुर् the body, च to uphold, aff. चङ्, fem. aff. जीप्, or the final is optionally short.

पुनर्वच m. (-नख) The commandant of a fortress.

पुनर्वच m. (-नख) The street of a town.

पुनर्वच m. (-नख) A constable.

पुनर्वच m. (-च) The siege of a fortress.

पुनर्वच f. (-नख) An epithet of Durga. E. पुर्-कलच्. [वाचिन् inhabitant.]

पुनर्वच mfn. (-चिन्-चिन्-चिन्) Inhabiting a city or town. E. पुर्, and

पुनर्वच m. (-नख) 1. An epithet of SĪVA. 2. A name of Vishnū.

पुनर्वच n. (-च) 1. An introductory rite in Tantra shastra. 2. Repetition of the name of a deity accompanied by burnt offering. E. पुर्, चर to go, aff. चङ्.

[The nipples.]

पुनर्वच m. (-रन्) A sort of grass, (Saccharum cylindricum.) m. du. (-रन्)

पुनर्वच Ind. 1. Eastward. 2. In front, before, in presence of, (with a genitive); in this sense it is often prefixed to कृष्ण and नम; hence such forms as पुनर्वच &c. 3. Prior, first. 4. Formerly. E. पुर् to precede, aff. चङ्.

पुनर्वच m. (-रन्) The repairing of a castle. [doing.]

पुनर्वच n. (-रन्) Making perfect, &c.: see पुनर्वच. E. पुनर्वच, and करण

पुनर्वच mfn. (-य-य-य) To be respected, &c.: see पुनर्वच.

पुनर्वच mfn. (-य-य-य) 1. To be made complete or perfect. 2. To be prepared, to be fitted out. 3. To be set before. 4. To be treated with deference or respect. E. पुनर्वच, कृ to make, लच् aff.; also पुनर्वच and पुनर्वच.

पुनर्वच m. (-रन्) 1. Making perfect or complete, finishing, polishing. 2. Preparing, getting ready. 3. Arranging, putting in array. 4. Placing before. 5. Honouring, respecting. 6. Worshipping. 7. Sprinkling with holy water. 8. Promise. 9. Accusation. 10. Attacking, assailing. 11. Anticipating, expecting. E. पुनर्वच, and चर making.

पुनर्वच mfn. (-य-य-य) To be prepared, to be fitted out, &c.: see पुनर्वच.

**पुर्वारम् f. (-वाः)** 1. A preparatory rite. 2. Showing respect. 3. Making perfect, &c. : see **पुर्वारम्**.  
**पुर्वारम् mfn. (-तः-ता-नं)** 1. Made perfect, finished, polished. 2. Prepared. 3. Placed in front. 4. Revered, adored, worshiped. 5. Honoured, respected. 6. Sprinkled with holy water, initiated, anointed. 7. Promised, agreed. 8. Accused, calumniated. 9. Facing, and contending with an enemy. 10. Distress or harassed by an enemy. 11. Anticipated. **पुर्वारम्** before, and **पुर्वारम्** made.  
**पुर्वारम् Ind.** 1. Eastward. 2. In front, before. 3. Prior, first, preceding. 4. Formerly. 5. Further on, in the sequel. **पुर्वारम्** to go before, **पुर्वारम्** aff.  
**पुर्वारम् Ind.** 1. An ancient story. 2. Old. 3. Past. 4. Long past, of yore. 5. Near. 6. Future. 7. Proximate future. **पुर्वारम्** to precede, **पुर्वारम्** and **पुर्वारम्**.  
**पुर्वारम् f. (-वा)** An old legend. [the past].  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-त्वः)** 1. A former creation. 2. An old story, a story, of **पुर्वारम्** mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. Done formerly or of old, done long ago. 2. Done or observed precedingly. 3. Begun, commenced. **पुर्वारम्**, **पुर्वारम्** done.  
**पुर्वारम् n. (-रः)** A turret on a city wall.  
**पुर्वारम् r. 1st cl. (पुर्वारम्)** Legendary tale. **पुर्वारम् परमकर्मिष्टम्**.  
**पुर्वारम् n. (-वं)** A Pura'n'a or sacred poetical work, supposed to be compiled or composed by the poet VYA'SA; and comprising the whole body of Hindu theology: each Pura'n'a should treat of five topics especially; the creation, the destruction and renovation of worlds; the genealogy of gods and heroes; the reigns of the Manus, and the transaction of their descendants; but great variety prevails in this respect and few contain historical or genealogical matter. There are eighteen acknowledged Pura'n'as. 1. BRAHMA. 2. Pādma, or the lotus. 3. Brahma'n'da, or the egg of BRAHMA'. 4. A'gneya, or Agni, fire. 5. VAISHNAVA, or of VISHN'U. 6. Garuda. 7. Brahmanvaivarta, or transformations of BRAHMA', that is of KRISHN'A, identified with the Supreme. 8. SAIVA, or of S'IVA. 9. Linga. 10. NA'RADĪ'YA. 11. SKANDA. 12. MA'RKAND'ĒYA, so called from a Muni of that name. 13. Bhavishyat, or prophetic. 14. Matsya, or the fish. 15. Vam'ha, or boar. 16. Kaurma, or of the Kurma or tortoise. 17. Va'mana, or dwarf. 18. Bha'gavat, or life of KRISHN'A, which last is by some considered as a spurious and modern work: the Brahmanvaivarta is also of very modern origin. The Pura'n'as are reckoned to contain four hundred thousand stanzas: there are also eighteen Upapura'n'as or similar poems of inferior sanctity, and different appellations: the whole constitute the popular or poetical creed of the Hindus, and some of them or particular parts of them, are very generally read, and studied. **पुर्वारम्** (-यः) A karsha or measure of silver equal to sixteen Panas of Cowries. **पुर्वारम्** (-यः-योर -यो-वं) Old, ancient. **पुर्वारम्** old, and **पुर्वारम्** aff. or **पुर्वारम्** the same, **पुर्वारम्** to get or be, and **पुर्वारम्** aff.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-नः)** 1. A reader or reciter of the Pura'n'as. 2. BRAHMA'. **पुर्वारम्** a sacred poem, and **पुर्वारम्** who goes or pervades.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-यः)** VISHN'U. **पुर्वारम्** old or primeval, and **पुर्वारम्** man.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-नः)** An epithet of Yama.  
**पुर्वारम् n. (-नः)** Enjoined by the Pura'n'as.  
**पुर्वारम् mfn. (-नः-नी-नं)** 1. Old, ancient. 2. Worn out. **पुर्वारम्** (-नः) An epithet of Vishn'U. **पुर्वारम्** old, **पुर्वारम्** aff., and **पुर्वारम्** augment.  
**पुर्वारम् n. (-वं)** The part below the seven worlds. [superintendent].  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-यः)** The governor or mayor of a city. **पुर्वारम्**, and **पुर्वारम्**.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-यः)** The governor of a town.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-नः)** An epithet of S'iva. Adj. Of ancient origin.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-नः)** S'IVA. **पुर्वारम्** the demon pura, or more properly Tripura, and **पुर्वारम्** see.

**पुर्वारम् m. (-नः)** Part of a town, a suburb, a ward, a division. **पुर्वारम्** a city, **पुर्वारम्** part, **पुर्वारम्** extending.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-यः)** A name of BHĪ'SHMA. **पुर्वारम्** in former life, **पुर्वारम्** a VASU or demigod, so called. [विद् who knows].  
**पुर्वारम् mfn. (-विद्)** Knowing or acquainted with the past. **पुर्वारम्**, and **पुर्वारम्** n. (-नं) 1. History, traditionary or heroic. 2. Any old or legendary event. **पुर्वारम्** old, (time, or story,) and **पुर्वारम्** happened.  
**पुर्वारम् f. (-वा)** An old story. **पुर्वारम्** and **पुर्वारम्** tale; also **पुर्वारम्** and similar compounds.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-यः)** S'IVA. **पुर्वारम्** the demon, and **पुर्वारम्** an enemy.  
**पुर्वारम् f. (-नः)** 1. A town, a city. 2. A river. **पुर्वारम्** (-नः) A king, a sovereign. **पुर्वारम्** to fill or to cherish, **पुर्वारम्** Un'adi aff. : see **पुर्वारम्**, and **पुर्वारम्**.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-यः)** A living being.  
**पुर्वारम् Adj.** Reposing in a fortress.  
**पुर्वारम् f. (-नः)** 1. A city. 2. A stronghold. 3. The body.  
**पुर्वारम् mfn. (-नः)** An entrail, a gut. **पुर्वारम्** or **पुर्वारम्** for **पुर्वारम्** body, and **पुर्वारम्** to, spread, to stretch, aff. **पुर्वारम्**.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-यः)** The thorn-apple, (Dhatura): see **पुर्वारम्** **पुर्वारम्** a town and **पुर्वारम्** intoxicating.  
**पुर्वारम् n. (-यः)** 1. Faeces, excrement, ordure. 2. Rubbish, mould. **पुर्वारम्** to nourish or fill, (the body.) aff. **पुर्वारम्**.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-यः)** Faeces: see the last. n. (-यः) Evacuation by stool.  
**पुर्वारम् n. (-यः)** Obstructing the bowels.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-नः)** The black kidney-bean, (Phaseolus mas. or P. radiatus). **पुर्वारम्** faeces, **पुर्वारम्** to mete or measure, **पुर्वारम्** aff.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-नः)** Voiding excrement. **पुर्वारम्**, and **पुर्वारम्** abandoning.  
**पुर्वारम् mfn. (-यः-यः-यः)** Much, many, exceeding. **पुर्वारम्** (-यः) 1. The name of a king, the sixth monarch of the lunar line. He was the youngest son of king Yaya'ti and Sharmishtha', who consented to give his youth and beauty to his father in exchange for his infirmities. After a thousand years Yaya'ti restored to him his youth and made him king of Pratishtha'na. He was an ancestor of the Kauravas and Pa'ndavas. 2. Heaven, or the world and residence of immortals. 3. The farina of a flower. 4. The name of a Daitya. **पुर्वारम्** (-यः) The name of a river said to run a little to the north-west of the Saraswati. **पुर्वारम्** to cherish or fill well, Un'adi aff. **पुर्वारम्**.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-नः)** A name of the king Kuntibhoja. 2. An epithet of Vishn'U.  
**पुर्वारम् n. (-यः)** Gold. **पुर्वारम्** much, **पुर्वारम्** to give, aff. **पुर्वारम्**.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-नः)** A goose. **पुर्वारम्** much, **पुर्वारम्** who bites. [aff.].  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-यः)** A name of INDRA. **पुर्वारम्** much, **पुर्वारम्** to destroy, **पुर्वारम्**.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-यः)** KUR'U: see **पुर्वारम्**.  
**पुर्वारम् n. (-यः)** Very lascivious.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-यः)** 1. A man generally or individually, a male, man-kind. 2. Representative of generation. 3. An official, a functionary. 4. The height of a man considered as a measure of length. 5. The pupil of the eye. 6. A person, (in gram.) 7. The soul. 8. God, the Supreme Being. 9. VISHN'U. 10. BRAHMA'. 11. Life, the living principle. 12. An atom. 13. A follower of the Sa'nk'hya philosophy, who believes in the twenty-fifth creation of the Sa'nk'hya philosophy, the soul which according to them is neither a production nor a productive. 14. A friend. 15. A sort of tree: see **पुर्वारम्**. 16. A sort of tree, commonly Tila or Tilaka. **पुर्वारम्** (-यः) The mountain Me'ru. **पुर्वारम्** the body, or **पुर्वारम्** to abide, aff. **पुर्वारम्**, and the vowel changed; or **पुर्वारम्** to precede, Un'adi aff. **पुर्वारम्**; also **पुर्वारम्**.  
**पुर्वारम् n. (-यः)** Rearing as a horse, standing like a man on two feet. **पुर्वारम्**, and **पुर्वारम्** aff.  
**पुर्वारम् m. (-नः)** 1. Manly act, virility. 2. Effort, exertion. 3. Any act of a man, manhood. **पुर्वारम्**, and **पुर्वारम्** a doing.  
**पुर्वारम् mfn. (-यः-यः)** A human corpse.

**पुत्रवर्षिणम्** m. (-री) Man-lion or Vishnu in his fourth incarnation.  
**पुत्रवयान** n. (-न) Knowledge of mankind. [पुत्रव; also पुत्रवत्.  
**पुत्रवता** f. (-ता) 1. Manhood, manliness. 2. Valour. E. मत् added to पुत्रवत्.  
**पुत्रवत्** n. (-त्वं) 1. Manhood, virility, manly nature or property. 2. Valour, prowess. E. त्व added to पुत्रव a man.  
**पुत्रवता** Ind. With or amongst men or mankind, worldly, &c. E. पुत्रव mankind, and ता aff.  
**पुत्रवदन्ति** f. (-ता) A medicinal root; see नेदा.  
**पुत्रवदन्** mfn. (-यः-प्रो-व) Of the height, or measure of a man. E. पुत्रव a man, दन् aff. in this sense. [a man, and दन् aff.  
**पुत्रवदयस्** mfn. (-यः-सा-य) Of the height, or measure of a man. E. पुत्रव  
**पुत्रवद्विषम्** mfn. (-वी-विषी-वि) Man-hating, misanthropic. f. (-वी) An ill-tempered, or fractious woman. E. पुत्रव a man, and द्विषि who hates.  
**पुत्रवनाय** m. (-यः) 1. A general, a commander. 2. A king.  
**पुत्रवपय** m. (-यः) A man, a human animal. E. पुत्रव, and वपु beast.  
**पुत्रवपुङ्गव** m. (-वः) An eminent, or excellent man. E. पुत्रव, and पुङ्गव a bull; the last implying pre-eminence.  
**पुत्रवपुच्छरीक** m. (-कः) 1. An excellent or superior man. 2. The seventh of the nine persons called Vasudeva's by the Jains. E. पुत्रव mankind, and पुच्छरीक a lotus, or here used to signify pre-eminence.  
**पुत्रवमात** mfn. (-तः-मो-त) Of the height, or measure of a man. E. पुत्रव a man, and मात aff.  
**पुत्रवमिष** m. (-यः) A human sacrifice.  
**पुत्रवमेष** m. (-नः) An excellent man. E. पुत्रव, and मेष best.  
**पुत्रववर** m. (-रः) Vishnu. [and वरित void of.  
**पुत्रवजित** mfn. (-तः-ता-न) Desolate, destitute of human beings. E. पुत्रव,  
**पुत्रववाह** m. (-हः) 1. Garuda. 2. Kuve'ra.  
**पुत्रवव्याघ्र** m. (-घ्रः) 1. A vulture. 2. An eminent, or distinguished man. E. पुत्रव a man, and व्याघ्र a tiger; here also implying pre-eminence.  
**पुत्रवमार्ह** m. (-हः) An eminent man. E. पुत्रव, and मार्ह a tiger.  
**पुत्रवसमवाय** m. (-यः) A number of men. E. पुत्रव, and समवाय assemblage.  
**पुत्रवसिंह** m. (-हः) 1. An eminent man. 2. The fifth of the Va'sudevas, according to the Jains, and the son of S'iva. E. पुत्रव mankind, and सिंह pre-eminent. [of the Rigue'da.  
**पुत्रवसूक्त** n. (-क्तः) A name given to the 90th hymn of the tenth mandala  
**पुत्रवाह** mn. (-हः-ह) The male organ of generation.  
**पुत्रवाद** m. (-दः) A demon, a goblin.  
**पुत्रवाय** m. (-यः) 1. A name of the first Jaina pontiff of the present age, "RISHAB'HA." 2. A name of VISHNU. E. पुत्रव mankind, and वाय first.  
**पुत्रवाचन** m. (-नः) A low man, an outcaste. E. पुत्रव a man, and वाचन low, vile.  
**पुत्रवाधिकार** m. (-रः) Manly office or duty. E. पुत्रव, and अधिकार duty.  
**पुत्रवानर** n. (-रः) Another man. [in which the woman acts the man.  
**पुत्रवायित** n. (-न) 1. Manly conduct. 2. A mode of sexual enjoyment.  
**पुत्रवाध** m. (-धः) A human object: as the gratification of desire, acquirement of wealth, discharge of duty, and final emancipation.  
**पुत्रवाध** Adv. For, or on account of man. E. पुत्रव, and वाध object.  
**पुत्रवायुस्** m. (-युः) Life of man, human existence. E. पुत्रव and वायुस् life.  
**पुत्रवायिन्** m. (-यी) A Rakshasa, a cannibal. E. पुत्रव, and वायिन् who eats.  
**पुत्रवायिनाङ्गम्** m. (-ङ्गो) S'iva. E. पुत्रव a man, वायि a bone, नाङ्ग a necklace, and ङ्गि poss. aff.; wearing a necklace of human skulls.  
**पुत्रवीक्षि** f. (-क्षिः) The name or title of a man. E. पुत्रव, and वीक्षि saying.  
**पुत्रवीक्षि** mfn. (-क्षि-क्षा-क्ष) Destitute, having no friends. E. पुत्रवीक्षि, and क्व aff. having only the name of man.  
**पुत्रवीर्य** m. (-नः) An excellent or superior man. 2. VISHNU. 3. A Jina, one of the generic terms for a deified chief of the Jaina sect. 4. The fourth of the nine Va'sudevas of the jainas, the son of So'ma. E. पुत्रव mankind, वीर्य best.  
**पुत्र** mfn. (-वः-वा-ह) Much, many. E. पुत्र many, वृत् to destroy or surpass, aff. वृ; also पुत्रवृत् with वृ aff.

**पुत्र** mfn. (-वः-वा-ह) Much, many. E. See the last.  
**पुत्रवृत्** Adj. Invoked by many. m. (-नः) A name of INDRA. E. पुत्र much, वृत् worshiped or invoked.  
**पुत्रवत्** m. (-वः) 1. The son of BUDHA and Ilā' and the second king of the lunar dynasty. He was a prince renowned for liberality, devotion, love of truth and personal beauty. He fell in love with Urvashi while she was descending from heaven. Urvashi returned his love and became his wife. The king passed many happy days in her company and had one son by her. After some days the nymph returned to her home leaving the king to mourn her loss; but she repeated her visits five times successively and bore five sons to the king. Puru'ras was not however, satisfied and longed for an inseparable union with her. This he secured by, celebrating many sacrifices. The story has its origin in a passage in Haribansha where Urvashi' is represented as going to live with Puru'ras on certain conditions, the accidental violation of which made her leave the king. 2. A demigod, of the class of Viśvadevas. E. पुत्र much, वृत् to sound, Una'di aff. वृत्, form irr.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** mfn. (-नः-ता-न) 1. Going before, preceding. 2. Chief, principal, pre-eminent. E. पुत्र before, and नत्त who goes. [पुत्रवृत्, वृत् gone  
**पुत्रोत्तम** mfn. (-नः-ता-न) 1. Preceded, gone before. 2. Leading, chief. E.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** mfn. (-नः-ता-न) Preceding, going before. m. (-नः) A dog. f. (-नः) Precedence, going before. E. पुत्र in front, and नत्त going.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** mfn. (-नः-ता-न) Going before, preceding. E. पुत्र before, and नत्त who goes.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** n. (-न) Going before, preceding. E. पुत्रवृत्, and नत्त going.  
**पुत्रोत्तमिन्** mfn. (-नी-मिनी-नि) Going in front or before, preceding. m. (-नी) A dog. E. पुत्रवृत्, and नत्त who goes.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** Adj. Born before.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** m. (-नः) 1. The current of a river. 2. The rustling of leaves.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** m. (-नः) 1. Ghee or clarified butter as offered in oblations to fire, with cakes of ground barley meal, that have been well steeped in it. 2. The orts, or leavings of any substance, used in an oblation to fire. 3. A sort of flat ladle or spoon, used for placing the cakes in the sacrificial fire. 4. The juice of the acid asclepias drunk at certain sacrifices. 5. A mantra, or prayer recited in offering oblations to fire. E. पुत्रवृत् first, वृत् to show, aff. वृत्, deriv. irr.; the first ceremony on all sacred occasions; or according to Va'chaspatya :—पुत्रोत्तमते दाश-दाने कर्माणि क्रियन्ते वृत् वा दत्त वृत् । [वृत् aff.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** m. (-नः-वा-व) Fit to be offered in oblations. E. पुत्रोत्तम, and वृत्  
**पुत्रोत्तम** mfn. (-नः-वा-व) Fit or proper for offering with Ghee in oblation to fire. E. पुत्रोत्तम as above, वृत् aff.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** n. (-न) A city garden, a park.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** mfn. (-नः-वा-व) Of former or prior origin. f. (-न) A drug; also called Maha'meda. E. पुत्रवृत् formerly, वृत् produced.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** m. (-नः) The family or domestic priest. E. पुत्र before, वा to have, वृत् Una'di aff.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** n. (-न) Priestly ministrations.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** f. (-न) A favourite wife. [taken.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** mfn. (-नः-ता-न) Formerly had or possessed. E. पुत्र, and वृत्  
**पुत्रोत्तम** mfn. (-नः-ता-न) 1. Obtrusive. 2. Fault-finding. m. (-न) 1. The front part. 2. Officiousness. 3. Envy.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** mfn. (-नी-मिनी-नि) 1. Malevolent, censorious. 2. Taking the first share. E. पुत्रवृत् first, वृत् to serve, aff. वृत्.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** m. (-नः) Wind blowing in front.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** m. (-नः) See the last.  
**पुत्रोत्तम** Adj. 1. Placed in front. 2. Charged. m. (-नः) The purohita or family priest, conducting all the ceremonials and sacrifices of a house or family. E. पुत्रवृत् first, and वृत् held, revered.

उपे १. 1st cl. (उपेति) To fill. r. 10th cl. (उपेवति) 1. To dwell or inhabit 2. To invite. आ०पर०सक०सेट्, पु० ।  
 उप १. 1st cl. (उपति) 6th cl. (उपति) and 10th cl. (उपवति-ते) To be great or large, to be lofty or high, to be heaped up or piled. नक्षत्रे भू० पर०उदिते पु०उम०सक०सेट् ।  
 उप mfn. (-उ-वा-उ) Vast, great, extensive. m. (-उः) Erection of the hairs of the body, considered as a proof of exquisite delight, horripilation. f. (-उः) 1. One of the paces of a horse, the canter or gallop. 2. The soft palate or uvula. E. पु० to be great, क् aff.  
 पुषक m. (-उः) 1. Erection of the hairs of the body, considered as occasioned by internal pleasure or satisfaction. 2. An insect of any class, affecting animals whether externally or internally. 3. A sort of stone. 4. Flaw or defect in a gem. 5. A ball of bread and sweetmeats with which elephants are fed. 6. Yellow orpiment. 7. A Gand'harba or heavenly quirister. 8. A wine goblet or glass. 9. A sort of mustard. E. पु० to be great, क् aff.  
 पुषकाक्ष m. (-उः) The noose or cord of VARUN'A.  
 पुषकाक्ष m. (-उः) KUPURA. [Joyful. E. पुषक, and इतच् aff.  
 पुषकित mfn. (-उ-ता-त) 1. Having the hairs of the body erect. 2. पुषकित् mfn. (-की-कित्-कि) Having the down of the body erect. m. (-की) A sort of Kadamba, (Nauclea k.) E. पुषक, and इति aff. "पाराकदम्बे" ।  
 पुषकोद्गम m. (-उः) Erection of the hairs of the body. E. पुषक the same, उद्गम arising.  
 पुषति m. (-दिः) The name of one of the seven Ri'shis, and mind-born sons of BRAHMA'. E. पु० great, च् to throw or cast down, Una'di aff. ति; otherwise with स्तृ to collect, and क् aff. पुषस्ता.  
 पुषता m. (-ताः) A Ri'shi so named : see the last.  
 पुषह m. (-हः) One of the seven divine sages, supposed to have born from the navel of BRAHMA'. E. पु० great, ह् to abandon, aff. क्.  
 पुषा f. (-वा) The soft palate : see उप.  
 पुषाक्ष mn. (-कः-कः) 1. Shrivelled or blighted grain. 2. Rice-water, (according to some medical authorities.) 3. A lump of boiled-rice. 4. Brevity, compendium, abbreviation. 5. Smallness, a little. 6. Despatch, celerity. E. पु० greatness, च् to be or go, aff. च् ।  
 पुषाकित् m. (-की) A tree. E. पुषाक्ष dry grain, इति aff.  
 पुषाक्षिका f. (-का) A kind of disease affecting the tip of the nose.  
 पुषावित n. (-नः) A horse's gallop. E. पु० to be great, &c. aff. क्च-त्.  
 पुषिन n. (-नः) 1. An island of alluvial formation, or one from which the water has recently withdrawn, or a small island or bank left in the middle of a river, upon the falling of the waters. 2. Any island. E. पु० to be great, इति aff. ति ।  
 पुषिनवतो f. (-ती) A river. E. पुषिन an islet, &c. and नत्प् poss. aff.  
 पुषिन् m. (-न्ः) A barbarian, a Mlechch'ha, a savage or mountaineer, one who uses an uncultivated and unintelligible dialect. E. पु० to be large, Una'di aff. तिच् ।  
 पुषिरिच m. (-कः) A snake.  
 पुषोमजा f. (-जा) Sa'chi the wife of INDRA and daughter of Puloman. E. पुषोमन् a demon so called, and जा born. [quers  
 पुषोमजित् m. (-जित्) INDRA. E. पुषोमन् as below, and जित् who con.  
 पुषोमदिन् m. (-दिन्) INDRA. E. पुषोम, and दिच् hostile; and other similar-compounds.  
 पुषोमन् m. (-जा) The name of a demon, the father-in-law of INDRA  
 पुषोमनिद् m. (-जित्) INDRA. E. पुषोम, and निद् to tear or destroy; the god destroyed his father-in-law to prevent his curse, for the violation of his daughter.  
 पुषोमारि m. (-रिः) The god INDRA. E. पुषोम the demon PULOMA, and चरि enemy. [by Kshetriya female.  
 पुष्य m. (-यः) An impure, and degraded tribe born of the Bra'hmana  
 पुष mfn. (-उ-वा-उ) Expanded, full-blown or spread. n. (-हः) A flower. E. पु० to be large, aff. क्, form irr. : see कुष.

पुष्य m. (-यः) A sort of deer who can eat much. E. पु० much, चरि from च् to eat, aff. च्, र being interchanged with च ।  
 पुष १. 1st cl. (उपेति) उपे आ०पर०सक०सेट् । 4th cl. (उपति) and 9th cl. (उपवति) 1. To cherish or nurture, to rear, to bring up. 2. To cause to thrive, to develop. 3. To support, to maintain, to bear. 4. To further, to augment, to enhance, to increase. 5. To get, to possess, to have, to enjoy. 6. To show, to display, to evince. 7. To be increased. उपे च्च०पोषे सक०जा०प०सेट् । (र) पुषि र. 4th cl. (उपति) उपे दिवा०पर०सक०चनिट् । r. 10th. cl. (उपवति-ते) 1. To put on, to wear. 2. To promote. 3. To maintain. इतो पु०उम०सक०सेट् । With चरि or चस् to cherish much, or bring up with care.  
 पुषा f. (-वा) 1. Cherishing. 2. The la'ngali plant : see लाङ्गलिकी. E. पु० to cherish, aff. क् and टाप्. [also without the augment उप.  
 पुषित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Nourished, nurtured. E. पु० to nourish, aff. क् ;  
 पुषा n. (-कः) To cherish, E. पुष-वा-आदि क् कश्च चाय कस्य वेत्तम् ।  
 पुषार n. (-रः) 1. The sky, heaven, atmosphere. 2. Water. 3. A lotus, (Nelumbium speciosum, or Nymphaea nelumbo.) 4. The tip of an elephant's trunk. 5. The head of a drum, or place where any musical instrument is struck. 6. A drug, (Costus speciosus.) 7. The name of a celebrated place of pilgrimage, called Pushkara, about four miles from the city of Ajmere, consisting of a small town on the bank of a lake, whence its name. 8. The blade of a sword. 9. The sheath of a sword. 10. One of the seven great Dwi'pas or divisions of the universe. 11. An arrow. 12. The art or science of dancing. 13. War, battle. 14. Intoxication. 15. A cage. 16. A part. 17. Union. 18. Water. m. (-रः) 1. A pond or lake. 2. A disease. 3. The Indian crane. 4. A sort of snake. 5. The name of a king, the brother of NALA. 6. The son of VARUN'A. 7. The Sun. 8. A kind or drum. 9. One of the principal clouds, that which occasions dearth or famine. 10. An inauspicious astrological combination or a lunation with an lucky day, and three-fourths of a lunar mansion. 11. An epithet of Krishn'a. 12. An epithet of S'iva. 13. Name of a mountain which is situated on the Pushkara Dwi'pa. E. पु० to nourish, Una'di aff. करन्.  
 पुषारकविंश f. (-वा) A shrub, (Hibiscus mantabellia.) E. पुषार पप्रसिध कपेः पुषं यस्याः कप् कापि चत इत्यम् "स्यपप्रसिध्वाम्" ।  
 पुषारमुल्लूख m. (-कः) The root of the Costus speciosus. E. पुषार as above, and मुल्लूख root.  
 पुषारमिषा f. (-का) The root of the lotus.  
 पुषारजन् n. du. (-जौ) The two sons of A'shwini, and physicians of Swarga or paradise. f. (-चक् or चक्) A chaplet of lotuses. E. पुषार a lotus, and जन् a necklace or chaplet; wearing such.  
 पुषाराक्ष m. (-कः) The Indian crane. E. पुषार a lotus, and आक्ष an appellation; whence also any name of the lotus is applicable to the bird.  
 पुषारिन् m. (-री) An elephant. f. (-पौ) 1. A square or large pond. 2. A piece of water, a lake. 3. A pool, where the lotus does or may grow. 4. The lotus plant. 5. A female elephant. E. पुषार as above, इति possessive aff.  
 पुषाक्ष mfn. (-उ-वा-उ) 1. Excellent, eminent, chief, best. 2. Much, many. 3. Full, filled, complete. 4. Near, approached. 5. Good, salutary. 6. Possessed of all good things. 7. Magnificent, splendid. 8. Resounding, resonant. n. (-चः) The mountain Ma'ru. m. (-चः) 1. The holy place Pushkara. 2. The son of Varun'a. 3. A measure of eight Kunchis or sixty-four handfuls; in some places it means four times a double handful. 4. Aims to the extent of four mouthfuls of food. E. पु० to nourish, and क्च-त्. Una'di aff.; otherwise पुषार as above, and च् interchanged with र्.  
 पुष(च)पुष m. (-कः) 1. The musk-deer. 2. A bolt, a pin.  
 पुष mfn. (-उ-वा-उ) 1. Nourished, cherished. 2. Thriving, strong.



पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Not bearing flowers, flowerless. m. (-ञ्च-)  
The glomerous fig-tree. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प void of.  
पुष्पिन् mfn. (-ञ्चि-विनी-वि) Flowery. n. पुष्प, and पुष्पिन् having.  
पुष्पि (-ञ्चि) Abundance, or beauty of flowers. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प wealth.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) Spring. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प a season.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) The gode of love. [essence.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) The nectar, or honey of flowers. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) The nectar, or honey of flowers. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प  
sweat, or exudation. [smiles.  
पुष्पा f. (-ञ्च) A woman during menstruation. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प who  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-ना-ञ्च) Flowerless, not flowering. f. (-ञ्च) 1. The  
glomerous fig-tree. 2. A woman whose menstruation has ceased  
a barren woman. n. पुष्प a flower, &c. and पुष्प abandoned.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) The district of Bha'galpur or the name of its capital  
champs'. [livelihood.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) The Spring. [livelihood.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) A flowerman, a maker of garlands. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प  
पुष्पिन् m. (-ञ्च) A flowerman, a maker of garlands. n. पुष्प, पुष्प  
livelihood, पुष्प aff. [and पुष्प collyrium. "कोन काज" ]  
पुष्प n. (-ञ्च) The calx of brass used as a collyrium. n. पुष्प a flower,  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्चि-ञ्चि) Presenting a nosegay or flowers, held in both  
hands opened, and hollowed. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प the hands joined  
and opened ; also similar compounds, as पुष्पमाञ्जलि, पुष्पमाञ्जलि, &c.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) A kind of Spirituous liquor.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) The Sap of flowers.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) The god of love.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) Gathering flowers. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प collecting.  
पुष्पिन् mfn. (-ञ्चि-विनी) A flower-gatherer. n. पुष्प, and पुष्पिन्  
who collects.  
पुष्पिन् m. (-ञ्च) Bathing with flowers.  
पुष्प n. (-ञ्च) Honey. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प spirit.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) A shower of flowers.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) KANDARPA, the Hindu Cupid. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प a wea-  
pon ; pointing his darts with flowers. [who or what takes.  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-ता-ञ्च) Who or what takes flowers. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प  
पुष्पा f. (-ञ्च) 1. The tartar of the teeth. 2. The mucus of the  
glans penis, or urethra. 3. The concluding words of a chap e-  
n. पुष्प a flower, पुष्प aff. of comparison, fem. form.  
पुष्पो f. (-ञ्च) A woman in her courses.  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-ता-ञ्च) 1. Flowered, in flower. 2. Florid, flowery.  
3. Completely manifested, fully developed. f. (-ञ्च) A woman  
during menstruation. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प aff.  
पुष्पा f. (-ञ्च) A form of metre, a mixed kind and a variety of  
the Anupach'handasika ; the line consisting of four or six short  
syllables, a pyrrhic or a dactyl, two trochees and a spondee.  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्चि-विनी-वि) 1. Flowering, bearing flowers. 2. Abound-  
ing in flowers. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प aff.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) KA'MADEVA. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प an arrow.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) The appearance of flowers.  
पुष्प n. (-ञ्च) A flower-garden.  
पुष्पिन् m. (-ञ्च) A florist.  
पुष्प r. 4th cl. (पुष्पति-ते) To blossom. विष्पति कञ्चा-पाठांतरम् सञ्च-ते.  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) 1. The eighth lunar asterism, comprising three  
stars, of which one is the Cancer. 2. The month Pous, (Dec.  
and Jan.) 3. The Kali, or fourth age. n. पुष्प to nourish, aff. पुष्प.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) Any sort of car or carriage, except a war chariot. n.  
पुष्प the asterism, and पुष्प a car ; also पुष्प.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) 1. The musk-deer. 2. A pin, a bolt, stake. 3. A  
naked mendicant. It is read in some places पुष्प.  
पुष्प r. 10th cl. (पुष्पति-ते) 1. To rub. 2. To damage, पुष्प-चञ्च-ते.  
पुष्प r. 10th cl. (पुष्पति-ते) 1. To respect. 2. To disregard, to treat  
with disrespect. 3. To bind. 4. To smear. पुष्प-चञ्च-ते.  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) 1. Filled. 2. Covered. n. (-ञ्च) 1. Smearing, anoin-  
ting, painting, plastering, &c. 2. Any thing made of metal, wood  
or clay, &c. n. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) A book, a manuscript. n. पुष्प to bind,  
पुष्प aff.  
पुष्प nfn. (-ञ्च-को) A book, a manuscript. n. पुष्प added to the last.  
पुष्पकमुद्रा f. (-ञ्च) A particular position of fingers in religious worship.  
The posture is thus defined in Tantra sa'ra, viz.—“पुष्प कृष्टि-  
काभिमुखी कृष्टा पुष्पकमुद्रिका” । [कर्मन् business.  
पुष्पकर्मन् n. (-ञ्च) Plastering, painting, &c. see पुष्प. n. पुष्प as above,  
पुष्पो f. (-ञ्च) A manuscript.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) The lungs ; also पुष्प and पुष्प.  
पुष्प (ञ्च) पुष्प. 1st cl. (पुष्पते) गोष्ठि भाषा-सञ्च-ते. (ञ्च) पुष्प. 9th cl. (पुष्पति-  
पुष्पते) 1. To purify, to cleanse, physically or metaphorically. 2. To  
clean from chaff, to winnow. 3. To Discriminate, to discern. 4. To  
invent, to think out, to contrive. कृष्पादि-पुष्प-उभ-सञ्च-ते. r. 4th cl.  
(पुष्पते) To grow or become pure. दिश-पुष्प-सञ्च-ते.  
पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) 1. The betel-nut tree, (Areca faufel or catechu.) 2. A  
heap, a quantity, a multitude. 3. Disposition, property, nature.  
4. The Jack-tree. 5. An association, a corporation. n. (-ञ्च) The  
fruit of the faufel, the betel-nut. n. पुष्प to cleanse, पुष्प Una'di aff.  
पुष्पकृत mfn. (-ञ्च-ता-ञ्च) Assembled, collected. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प made.  
पुष्पपात्र n. (-ञ्च) 1. A betel-box. 2. A spitting-spot. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प a  
vessel.  
पुष्पपोट n. (-ञ्च) A spitting-pot. n. पुष्प betel, and पुष्प a stool ; chewing  
the पुष्प producing an increased excretion of saliva.  
पुष्पपुष्पिका f. (-ञ्च) Flowers and betel presented to the principal guests  
at a marriage festival. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प a flower, पुष्प added.  
पुष्पफल n. (-ञ्च) The Aroca-nut. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प fruit.  
पुष्परोट m. (-ञ्च) The marshy date tree, (Phoenix or Elate paludosa.) n.  
पुष्प Areca, and पुष्प to shine, to resemble, aff. पुष्प ; also with पुष्प  
added पुष्परोट. “दिशान् पुष्प” ।  
पुष्पद्वेष्ट n. (-ञ्च) Enmity against a number of men.  
पुष्प r. 10th cl. (पुष्पति-ते) 1. To adore, to reverence, to worship. 2. To  
present with. With पुष्प, 1. To pay respect to. 2. To present with.  
पुष्प-चञ्च-ते. [पुष्प aff.  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Worshipping, a worshiper. n. पुष्प to worship,  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Worshipping, reverencing. n. पुष्प to wor-  
ship, पुष्प aff. [पुष्प to worship, and पुष्प aff.  
पुष्प n. (-ञ्च) Worship, worshipping : see पुष्प. f. (-ञ्च) A sparrow. n.  
पुष्पनीय mfn. (-ञ्च-या-ञ्च) To be worshiped or revered. n. पुष्प, and  
पुष्पनीय aff. [पुष्प aff.  
पुष्पयितव्य mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) To be worshiped. n. पुष्प to worship, and  
पुष्पयितव्य mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Worshipping, a worshiper. n. पुष्प to wor-  
ship, पुष्प aff.  
पुष्पा f. (-ञ्च) Worship, culture, respect, homage of superiors or adora-  
tion of the gods. n. पुष्प to worship, aff. पुष्प and पुष्प.  
पुष्पादे mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Worshipful, venerable, respectable, sacred. n.  
पुष्पा worship, पुष्प fit, deserving.  
पुष्पित mfn. (-ञ्च-ता-ञ्च) 1. Worshiped, adored, revered. 2. Ac-  
knowledgeed. 3. Endowed. n. पुष्प to worship, पुष्प aff.  
पुष्पित mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Venerable, respectable, worshipful, &c. m.  
(-ञ्च) A deity. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प aff.  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Worshipful, venerable, fit for 'or deserving  
adoration, &c. m. (-ञ्च) A father-in-law. n. पुष्प to worship, पुष्प aff.  
पुष्पमान mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Being revered or respected. n. पुष्प to  
worship, पुष्प. v., पुष्प aff. [पुष्प-चञ्च-ते.  
पुष्प r. 10th cl. (पुष्पति-ते) To accumulate, to collect or heap together.  
पुष्प Ind. An imitative word expressive of hard breathing.

पुष्प r. 10th cl. (पुष्पति-ते) 1. To respect. 2. To disregard, to treat  
with disrespect. 3. To bind. 4. To smear. पुष्प-चञ्च-ते.  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) 1. Filled. 2. Covered. n. (-ञ्च) 1. Smearing, anoin-  
ting, painting, plastering, &c. 2. Any thing made of metal, wood  
or clay, &c. n. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) A book, a manuscript. n. पुष्प to bind,  
पुष्प aff.  
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पुष्प m. (-ञ्च) 1. The betel-nut tree, (Areca faufel or catechu.) 2. A  
heap, a quantity, a multitude. 3. Disposition, property, nature.  
4. The Jack-tree. 5. An association, a corporation. n. (-ञ्च) The  
fruit of the faufel, the betel-nut. n. पुष्प to cleanse, पुष्प Una'di aff.  
पुष्पकृत mfn. (-ञ्च-ता-ञ्च) Assembled, collected. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प made.  
पुष्पपात्र n. (-ञ्च) 1. A betel-box. 2. A spitting-spot. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प a  
vessel.  
पुष्पपोट n. (-ञ्च) A spitting-pot. n. पुष्प betel, and पुष्प a stool ; chewing  
the पुष्प producing an increased excretion of saliva.  
पुष्पपुष्पिका f. (-ञ्च) Flowers and betel presented to the principal guests  
at a marriage festival. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प a flower, पुष्प added.  
पुष्पफल n. (-ञ्च) The Aroca-nut. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प fruit.  
पुष्परोट m. (-ञ्च) The marshy date tree, (Phoenix or Elate paludosa.) n.  
पुष्प Areca, and पुष्प to shine, to resemble, aff. पुष्प ; also with पुष्प  
added पुष्परोट. “दिशान् पुष्प” ।  
पुष्पद्वेष्ट n. (-ञ्च) Enmity against a number of men.  
पुष्प r. 10th cl. (पुष्पति-ते) 1. To adore, to reverence, to worship. 2. To  
present with. With पुष्प, 1. To pay respect to. 2. To present with.  
पुष्प-चञ्च-ते. [पुष्प aff.  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Worshipping, a worshiper. n. पुष्प to worship,  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Worshipping, reverencing. n. पुष्प to wor-  
ship, पुष्प aff. [पुष्प to worship, and पुष्प aff.  
पुष्प n. (-ञ्च) Worship, worshipping : see पुष्प. f. (-ञ्च) A sparrow. n.  
पुष्पनीय mfn. (-ञ्च-या-ञ्च) To be worshiped or revered. n. पुष्प, and  
पुष्पनीय aff. [पुष्प aff.  
पुष्पयितव्य mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) To be worshiped. n. पुष्प to worship, and  
पुष्पयितव्य mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Worshipping, a worshiper. n. पुष्प to wor-  
ship, पुष्प aff.  
पुष्पा f. (-ञ्च) Worship, culture, respect, homage of superiors or adora-  
tion of the gods. n. पुष्प to worship, aff. पुष्प and पुष्प.  
पुष्पादे mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Worshipful, venerable, respectable, sacred. n.  
पुष्पा worship, पुष्प fit, deserving.  
पुष्पित mfn. (-ञ्च-ता-ञ्च) 1. Worshiped, adored, revered. 2. Ac-  
knowledgeed. 3. Endowed. n. पुष्प to worship, पुष्प aff.  
पुष्पित mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Venerable, respectable, worshipful, &c. m.  
(-ञ्च) A deity. n. पुष्प, and पुष्प aff.  
पुष्प mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Worshipful, venerable, fit for 'or deserving  
adoration, &c. m. (-ञ्च) A father-in-law. n. पुष्प to worship, पुष्प aff.  
पुष्पमान mfn. (-ञ्च-आ-ञ्च) Being revered or respected. n. पुष्प to  
worship, पुष्प. v., पुष्प aff. [पुष्प-चञ्च-ते.  
पुष्प r. 10th cl. (पुष्पति-ते) To accumulate, to collect or heap together.  
पुष्प Ind. An imitative word expressive of hard breathing.

पूतकारो f. (-री) 1. The capital of the Na'gas. 2. A name of SARASWATI.  
पूत mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) 1. Pure, purified. 2. Threshed, winnowed. 3. Cleaned, cleansed. 4. Speaking the truth, sincere, honest. 5. Foul-smelling, stinking, 'putrid'. 6. Guarded, defended. 7. contrived, composed. n. (-नं) Truth, speaking truth. m. (-तः) 1. A conch-shell. 2. White Kusa grass. m. du. (-नौ) The buttocks. z. पू to purify, aff. क.

पूतकतायो f. (-यी) The wife of INDRA. z. पूतकतु INDRA, ऊप् aff; in place of क, ऐच् is inserted, and then changed before इ to चाय.

पूतकतु m. (-तुः) A name of INDRA. z. पूत, pure, and कतु sacrifice.

पूतकण्ड n. (-कं) White Kusa grass. [tree.

पूतद्रु m. (-द्रुः) The bread-fruit tree, (Butea frondosa.) z. पूत, and द्रु, a पूतधान्य n. (-न्ध) Sesamum. z. पूत, and धान्य grain.

पूतना f. (-ना) 1. Yellow myrobalaan, (Terminalia chebula.) 2. The name of a female demon killed by KRISHN'A, when he was but an infant on her attempting to take his life. 3. A disease, atrophy and wasting in a child, ascribed to the malignant operations of the female fiend Pu'TANA'. z. पूत to be pure, nominal verb, युच् aff.

पूतनारि m. (-रिः) KRISHN'A. z. पूतना a female fiend, and चरि the foe.

पूतनासूदन m. (-नः) KRISHN'A. z. पूतना, and सूदन destroyer.

पूतनाचक्षु m. (-क्षा) KRISHN'A. z. पूतना, and चक्षु who kills: see the three words preceding.

पूतपाप mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Purified, freed from sin. z. पूत, and पाप sin.

पूतपापक्षु mfn. (-क्षा-पा-पं) Purified from sin. z. पूत, and पापक्षु sin.

पूतफल m. (-लः) The jack-tree. z. पूत fetid, फल fruit.

पूतलम् m. (-लम्) 1. A saint, an ascetic, a pure or purified person. 2. A man of a cleanly person, or purified by ablution. 3. An epithet of Vishn'u. z. पूत purified, लम् spirit or self.

पूति f. (-तिः) 1. Purity, purification. 2. A stench, a stink, putrefaction. 3. Civet. n. (-ति) 1. Filthy water. 2. Pus, matter. Adj. Putrid, Stinking, ill-smelling. z. पू to be pure, or पूय to stink, aff. क्तिच्.

पूति(नी)क m. (-कः) Grey bonduc, (Caesalpinia bonducella, Rox.) f. (-की) 1. A potherb, ("उड़याक" (Basella lucida &c.) 2. A civet or polecat. Adj. Foul. n. (-कं) Ordure, excrement. z. पूति a stink, क्न् aff.

पूतिकरण m. (-जः) A plant, (Caesalpinia bonducella.) z. पूतिक the same, रङ्ग् to colour, aff. चच्; also with the nasal retained, पूतिकरञ्ज "नाटाकरमञ्जा".

पूतिकर्णक m. (-कः) Fetid ulceration of the ear. z. पूति, and कर्ण the पूतिकामुख m. (-खः) A bi-valve-shell z. पूतिका a potherb, and मुख face, appearance.

पूतिकारुण्ड n. (-ण्ड) A sort of pine, (P. devada'ru.) z. पूति purity, काण्ड wood; also with क्न् added पूतिकारुण्ड m. (-कः) The Sarala tree.

पूतिकौट m. (-टः) The winged-bug. "मंधोयोका".

पूतिगन्ध mfn. (-गन्धः-गन्धः) Ill-smelling. n. (-गन्धः) 1. Sulphur. 2. Tin. m. (-गन्धः) Stench, fetid odour. z. पूति a stink and गन्ध smell.

पूतिगन्धि mfn. (-गन्धिः-गन्धिः) Ill-smelling. Adj. Stinking. z. पूति stinking, गन्ध smell, and हन् substituted for the final. [उक् aff.

पूतिगन्धिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कं) Ill-smelling, fetid. z. पूति a stink, गन्ध smell, पूतिगन्धि f. (-न्धि) Heart-pea, (Cardiospermum halicacabum.) z. पूति stink, तैल oil. "सुताकटकी" इति भाषा। [nostril.

पूतिगन्धि n. (-न्धि) Fetid exhalation from the nostrils. z. पूति, and गन्ध पूतिगन्धिक Adj. Having a fetid nose.

पूतिपुष्पिका f. (-का) A variety of the common citron, (Citrus medica.) z. पूति stinking, and पुष्प a flower, क्न् aff.

पूतिकण्डा f. (-का) A plant, (Psoralea corilifolia.) z. पूति stinking, फल fruit. "सोमराज्यान्".

पूतिकण्डो f. (-ण्डो) A medicinal plant, (Serratula anthelmintica.) z. पूति पतिनयनिका f. (-का) The common carroway. "चक्रमोहावाय".

पूतिनाशक n. (-कं) Dead or decayed flesh. z. पूति, and नाश flesh, क्तिच्.

पूतिनीदम् m. (-दः) The khayar tree, (mimosa catechu.)

पूतिवज्र Adj. Having offensive breath.

पूतिवज्र n. (-जं) A foul ulcer.

पूतिवात m. (-तः) The Bel, (Ægle marmelos.) 2. Foul air. z. पूति stink, वात wind. [उक् a tree. "कोमाच पत्ति".

पूतिवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) z. पूति a foul smell, वृक्ष.

पूतिशरिका f. (-का) The pole or civet-cat. "बटाश".

पूती(ति)क m. (-कः) 1. A plant, (Caesalpinia bonducella.) 2. The pole or civet-cat. f. (-का) A potherb, (Basella rubra, and lucida.) z. पूती a stink or purity, क्न् added, and the penultimate optionally लोच्.

पूतीकरज m. (-जः) A plant, (Caesalpinia bonducella.) Also पूती पूतिक, पूतिकरज पूतीकरज, or पूतिकरज. "नाटाकरमञ्जा".

पूतक m. (-कः) 1. The musk deer. 2. An insect with a fetid smell the winged-bug. "मंधोयोका". z. पूति a stench, and क्न् the testis or any egg.

पूतिका f. (-का) A potherb; see पूतीक and पूतिक।

पूत mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Lost, destroyed. z. पू to purify aff. क्त्, deriv. is "पूजी विनाशे" वाचस्पत्यु नः।

पूप्प m. (-पः) A cake. z. पू to purify, aff. चक् or यक्।

पूप्पका f. (-की) A sort of sweet cake, fried with Ghee or oil. z. पूप्प a cake का to get or be, aff. क.

पूप्पशाला f. (-शाला) A baker's or confectioner's shop. z. पूप्प, and शाला

पूप्पको f. (-को) A sort of cake or biscuit, made of meal or barley, baked or fried. z. पूप्प cake, चाङ् before, का to be or resemble, क, fem. aff. ऊप्; also with क्न् added पूप्पकिका; or पूप्पाय चक्षु, चक्षु-गौरा-ऊप्।

पूप्पिका f. (-का) A sort of cake, half-baked or fried in oil or Ghee. पूप्प a cake, क्न् aff. of comparison, fem. form.

पूय (ई) पूयो r. lst. cl. (पूयते) 1. To split or cleave. 2. To stink दं चक-भेदने विग्रयेच सक्तं दिवा-चात-सेट्।

पूय n. (-य) Pus, matter, discharge from an ulcer, sore or wound z. पूय to stink, aff. चच्.

पूयन n. (-नं) Pus, discharge from a wound or sore. z. पूय to stink पूयरक्त n. (-क्तं) 1. Ichor, sanies. 2. Discharge of sanies from the nostril m. (-क्तः) A kind of disease of the nose. z. पूय, and रक्त blood.

पूयशोषित n. (-तं) Ichor, sanies. z. पूय, and शोषित blood.

पूयारि m. (-रिः) The Nimba tree, (Melia azadirachta.) z. पूय pus, and चरि inimical; the leaves being used to produce discussion, or the absorption of matter that has formed.

पूयालस m. (-सः) 1. Suppuration at the joints, white swelling. 2. Matter in the eye. z. पूय, and लस idle.

पूर r. 4th cl. (ई) पूरी (पूर्यते) 1. To satisfy. 2. To fill. 3. To be satisfied.

4. To be full. दिवा-चात-सक्त-सेट्। r. 10th cl. (पूरयति-ते) 1. To satisfy. 2. To fill out. 3. To fill with wind, to blow. 4. To cover, to surround. 5. To fill with sound, to make resonant. 6. To intensify, to strengthen. चु-उम-सक्त-सेट्। With चा 1. To fill, to make full. 2. To blow. 3. To cover, to envelop, to entwine. With परि To fill completely. With प्र, इ. To fill. 2. To enrich, to load with riches. With सच्, To fill.

पूर mfn. subst. (-रः-रा-रं) A sort of unleavened cake, fried with Ghee or oil. m. (-रः) 1. A piece of water, a large quantity of water a lake. 2. The healing or cleansing of ulcers. 3. Making content satisfying. 4. Filling. 5. Supply. 6. Swelling of a river or the sea. 7. A stream, a flood. n. (-रं) A kind of incense. Ad

(-रः-रा-रं) Full, filled. z. पूर to fill, क्त् aff.

पूरक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Filling, completing, or that which fills completes. 2. Filling up. 3. Satisfying. m. (-कः) 1. A citron, (Citrus medica.) 2. The multiplier. (In arithmetic.) 3. Closing the right nostril, and drawing up air through the left, a religious ceremonial. 4. The funeral cake or cakes that must be given





**पूर्वकल्गुनी f. (-नी)** The eleventh lunar asterism; the first Phalguni, the twelfth Nakshatra, being termed Uttara or subsequent; this asterism figured by a couch contains two stars, one of which is the Leonis. **३. पूर्व** first, and कल्गुनी the name of the two asterisms.

**पूर्वकल्गुनाभव m. (-वः)** The planet Jupiter. **३. पूर्वकल्गुनी** as above, and अव being born.

**पूर्वभाद्रपदा f. (-दा)** The first of the two lunar asterisms, called Bhādrapada, and twenty-sixth, of the whole, containing two stars. **३. पूर्व** first, भाद्रपदा the asterism so named; it is also read पूर्वभाद्रपदा।

**पूर्वभाषिन् mfn. (-वी-विषी-वि)** Polite, complaisant, condescending to speak first. **३. पूर्व**, and भाषिन् who speaks.

**पूर्वभुक्ति f. (-क्तिः)** Prior possession. **३. पूर्व**, and भुक्ति enjoyment.

**पूर्वमरिन् mfn. (-री-रिषी-रि)** Dying first. **३. पूर्व**, मृ to die, विरिन् aff.

**पूर्वमीमांसा f. (-सा)** An inquiry into the ritual portion of the Veda. It is called पूर्वमीमांसा in contradistinction to the Veda'nta system which is considered to be a sequel to Jaimini's system and is styled उत्तरमीमांसा; there is however very little in common between the two systems.

**पूर्वयज m. (-जः)** One of the Jinas or Jaina teachers. **३. पूर्व** formerly, यज a demi-god.

**पूर्वरङ्ग m. (-रङ्गः)** The commencement of a drama, or the prelude to instrumental or vocal performance; a prologue, an overture. **३. पूर्व** first, रङ्ग a stage.

**पूर्वराग m. (-रागः)** Affection arising from some cause before the parties meet. **३. पूर्व**, and राग passion.

**पूर्वरात्र m. (-रात्रः)** The first part of the night. **३. पूर्व** preceding, रात्रि night, and the final changed to च।

**पूर्ववप n. (-वपः)** 1. Indication of some approaching change. 2. Retention of the first of two concurrent vowels or consonants. 3. Symptom of occurring disease. **३. पूर्व** previous, वप form.

**पूर्ववचन n. (-वचनः)** Indication of something about to occur, as sickness, &c. **३. पूर्व**, and वचन sign.

**पूर्ववत् Ind.** As before, as aforesaid, &c. **३. पूर्व**, and वत् aff.

**पूर्ववाद m. (-वादः)** A former plaint or averment. **३. पूर्व** former, and वाद् speech.

**पूर्ववादिन् m. (-दी)** One who has made a former plea or complaint. **३. पूर्ववाद**, and वादि aff.

**पूर्वपर्व m. (-पर्वः)** The eastern mountain, behind which the sun is supposed to rise. **३. पूर्व** eastern, पर्व a mountain. [aff. ट।]

**पूर्वसर mfn. (-रः-री-रः)** Preceding, going before. **३. पूर्व** first, सृ to go, पूर्वसम्भा f. (-म्भा) Dawn, daybreak. **३. पूर्व** prior, and सम्भा junction, (of the day.) [चङ्।]

**पूर्वसार mfn. (-रः-री-रः)** Going eastwards. **३. पूर्व** east, and सृ to go, aff.

**पूर्वसाधन n. (-सः)** The first or heaviest of the three fines, or punishment. **३. पूर्व**, and साधन infliction.

**पूर्वाचरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** Done or followed formerly. **३. पूर्व**, and आचरित observed.

**पूर्वाद्रि m. (-द्रिः)** The eastern mountain. **३. पूर्व** eastern, and द्रि mountain: see पूर्वपर्व।

**पूर्वापर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः)** First and last, prior and subsequent. **३. (-रः)** Proof, and thing to be proved. **३. पूर्व**, and अपर after.

**पूर्वायास m. (-यासः)** Former practice, or experience. **३. पूर्व**, and यास practice.

**पूर्वाध्व n. (-ध्वः)** The first or east half of any thing. **३. पूर्व**, and ध्व half.

**पूर्वावतर m. (-रः)** First accession or attack, (of any passion, disease, &c.) **३. पूर्व**, and अवतर befalling.

**पूर्वादिद्वय m. (-द्वयः)** A plaintiff, one who has made a complaint before another. **३. पूर्व**, and आदिद्वय who represents.

**पूर्वाभादा f. (-दा)** The first of two constellations, each called A'sha'r'ha,

and the 20th of the lunar asterisms, containing two stars of which one is Sagittarii. **३. पूर्व** first, आशर'हा A'sha'r'ha.

**पूर्वाह्न m. (-ह्नः)** The first part of the day, the forenoon. **३. पूर्व** first, and अह्न day.

**पूर्वाह्नतन mfn. (-नः-नी-नः)** Belonging or relating to the forenoon. **३. पूर्व** as above, ह्न aff. form irr.

**पूर्वोच Ind.** In the east, easterly, eastward. **३. पूर्व** the east, and the form of the 3rd case used as a participle.

**पूर्वोक्ष् Ind.** 1. A former day, yesterday. 2. The morning, dawn, the first part of the day. 3. A day or portion of a day on which religious ceremonies are to be performed. **३. पूर्व** former or first, and अक्ष् aff. for अक्ष् a day.

**पूर्वोक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः)** Said formerly, before-mentioned, aforesaid. **३. पूर्व**, and उक्त said.

**पूर्वोत्तर m. (-रः-रा)** The north-east. **३. पूर्व** east, and उत्तर north. [said.]

**पूर्वोदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः)** Aforesaid, afore-mentioned. **३. पूर्व**, and उदित

**पूर्व r.** 1st and 10th cls. (पूर्वति पूर्वयति-ते) To accumulate, to collect or heap. **३. उभ० पक्षे भा० पर० सक० सेट्।**

**पूर्व r.** 1st cl. (वृषति) 1. To increase or grow. 2. To nourish. see वृष, चक० भा० पर० सेट्।

**पूर्व m. (-वः)** The mulberry. (Morus Indica.) **३. पूर्व** to grow, aff. क. "तुत्।"

**पूर्व m. (-वा)** The sun. **३. पूर्व** to nourish, aff. कनिन्।

**पूर्वभासा f. (-सा)** The capital of INDRA. **३. पूर्व** the sun, भास् light, aff. टाप्, splendid as the sun.

**पूर्वसुहृन् m. (-हृन्)** SIVA. **३. पूर्व** the sun, and सुहृन् a friend.

**पूर्व r.** 3rd cl. (पिपति) 1. To protect, to nourish. 2. To fill. जुहो० पर० सक० चतिट् वा होचि सेट्। 5th cl. (प्रसीति) To satisfy, to please or content.

**प्रीति चक० प्रीतिने सक० आदि० पर० चतिट्।** **३. 1st and 10th cls. (प्राति पारयति-ते)** To fill, as the stomach or a vessel. **३. उभ० सक० सेट्।**

**३. 6th cl. (But with वि and वाक् prefixed, and उ aff.) व्याप् (व्याप्रियते)** To be busy or active, to labour, to make exertions; तु० आत्म० चक० चतिट्: see पृ।

**वृक्षा f. (-क्षा)** A gramineous plant, (Trigonella corniculata.) **३. वृक्ष** to touch, कन् aff., deriv. irr.

**वृक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः)** Touched, mixed, in contact or combination with n. (-क्तः) Wealth, possessions. **३. वृक्** to mix, aff. क।

**वृक्ति f. (-क्तिः)** Touch, contact. **३. वृक्** to touch, क्तिन् aff.

**वृक्ष n. (-क्षः)** Property, wealth.

**वृष् (ई) वृष् r.** 2nd cl. (वृष्ते) **३. 7th cl. (वृषति)** To touch, to be or bring in contact. **३. 1st and 10th cls. (पर्वति पर्वयति-ते)** 1. To hinder or restrain. 2. To touch, सम्पर्के चदा० आत्म० चक० सेट्। संयमने सक० लघ्वे चक० तु० उभ० पक्षे भा० पर० सेट्।

**वृक्षक m. (-कः)** An inquirer, an investigator, an inquisitive person. **३. वृक्ष्** to ask, वृन् aff., र changed to क। [to च।]

**वृक्षन् n. (-चः)** Asking, inquiring. **३. वृक्ष्** to ask, कृट् aff., र changed

**वृक्षा f. (-क्षा)** Asking, questioning a question or inquiry. **३. वृक्ष्** to inquire, aff. अक्ष् and टाप्, the semi-vowel changed to the corresponding vowel. [चक० सेट्।]

**वृष् (ई) वृष् r.** 2nd cl. (वृष्ते) To touch, to be in contact with. चदा० वा० वृष् r. 6th cl. (वृषति) To delight. तु० पर० चक० सेट्।

**वृष् r.** 6th cl. (वृषति) To please or gratify. तदा० पर० सक० सेट्।

**वृत् f.** An army. This word has no form, for the first five cases; according to some it is an optional substitute for the next.

**वृत्ता f. (-ता)** 1. An army. 2. A small army or division consisting of 243 elephants, as many chariots, 729 horse, and 1215 foot. 3. Fight, encounter. **३. वृ** to fill, तन् aff. [वि aff.]

**वृत्तासाधु m. (-साधु)** INDRA. **३. वृत्ता** an army, सधु to bear or be equal to, वृष् r. 10th (वर्षयति-ते) To throw or cast, to send or direct. **३. उभ० पक्षे भा० पर० सेट्।**

**वृष् Ind.** 1. Without, except. 2. Separately, severally. **३. वृष्** to throw or dismiss, aff. टक्।

**विभक्त** n. (-त्) Separating, distinguishing, analysing. **३.** **पृथक्**, and **करेव** making. [कृत made.]  
**विकृत** mfn. (-त्तः-तै-ते) Separated, sundered, made distinct. **३.** **पृथक्**, and **करेव** m. plu. (-त्तः) Children of one father by wives of different classes. **३.** **पृथक्** separately, and **करेव** a wife.  
**व्यक्त** n. (-त्तः) Individuality, separateness, severalty. **३.** **त्वं** added to **पृथक्**; also with **तत्त्वं**, **पृथक्ता** ।  
**वृक्ष** f. (-त्तः) A plant, commonly Mu'rvā, (Sansevieria zeylanica.) **३.** **पृथक्** separately, **त्वत्** skin; having a fibrous bark from which bows-strings are made.  
**वृक्षपत्र** f. (-त्तः) A plant, (Hemionites cordifolia Rox.) **३.** **पृथक्** separate, **पत्रं** a leaf, aff. **ऊँ** ।  
**वृक्षपत्र** m. (-त्तः) A relation connected by ablation of water only. **३.** **पृथक्**, and **वृक्ष** obsequial cake.  
**वृक्षलता** f. (-त्तः) Discrimination, judgment. **३.** **पृथक्** severally, **वाक्यं** real nature, **तत्त्वं** aff.; distinguishing the different nature of different things.  
**वृक्षलता** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तः) Several, separate, individual. m. (-त्तः) Individualised spirit, or that of an individual, as detached from universal spirit, or the soul of all. **३.** **पृथक्**, and **वाक्यं** self or soul.  
**वृक्षलता** f. (-त्तः) Individuality, separate or individual state of being. **३.** **पृथक्** separately, **वाक्यं** self, **उक्त्** aff. [quality].  
**वृक्षलता** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Having distinct properties. **३.** **पृथक्**, and **वृक्ष**  
**वृक्षलता** m. (-त्तः) 1. An ignorant man, a fool. 2. A man of a low cast.  
**३.** A sinner, a wicked or vicious man. m. plu. (-त्तः) Children of one father by different mothers. **३.** **पृथक्** separate, away from, (virtue &c.) and **जन** a man. [विश्व sort].  
**वृक्षलता** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Various, diversified, multiform. **३.** **पृथक्** several,  
**वृक्ष** f. (-त्तः) The earth : see **पृथिवी** ।  
**वृक्ष** f. (-त्तः) KUN'ṬI, the wife of PA'N'D'U. **३.** **प्रथ** to be famous, affs. **चक्** and **टाप्**, the semi-vowel changed.  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) 1. The son of KUN'ṬI, "ARJUNA," &c. 2. Name of a tree. **३.** **पृथा**, and **ज** born.  
**वृक्षपति** m. (-त्तः) PA'N'D'U, the nominal father of the Pa'ndava princes. **३.** **पृथा** KUN'ṬI, and **पति** husband.  
**वृक्ष** f. (-त्तः) A centipede. **३.** **पृथ्** to throw, aff. **कुन्**, fem. form.  
**वृक्ष** f. (-त्तः) The earth : see the next.  
**वृक्ष** f. (-त्तः) The earth. **३.** **प्रथ्** to be famous, Una'di aff. **विभक्त**, fem. aff. **ऊँ**, and the vowel substituted for the semi-vowel; also with the antepenultimate vowel changed to **च**, **पृथ्वी**; or dropped altogether, **पृथ्वी**; or without the fem. aff. **पृथिवी** ।  
**वृक्षचित्** m. (-त्तः) A king. **३.** **पृथिवी**, and **चित्** who rules.  
**वृक्षचित्** n. (-त्तः) The surface of the ground. **३.** **पृथिवी**, and **तत्त्वं** surface.  
**वृक्षचित्** m. (-त्तः) 1. A king, a sovereign. 2. A drug, commonly Rishabha. 3. YAMA, regent of the dead. **३.** **पृथिवी** the earth, and **पति** master.  
**वृक्षचित्** m. (-त्तः) A king, a sovereign, a ruler. **३.** **पृथिवी** the earth, and **पति** who nourishes.  
**वृक्षचित्** m. (-त्तः) A king. **३.** **पृथिवी** the earth, and **पति** INDRA.  
**वृक्ष** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Large, great. 2. Smart, clever. m. (-त्तः) 1. The fifth monarch of the solar dynasty in the second age. 2. A name of Agni or fire. f. (-त्तः) 1. A pungent seed, (Nigella Indica.) 2. A medicinal substance, commonly Hingupatri. 3. Opium. **३.** **प्रथ्** to be famous, aff. **ऊ**, and **र** changed to **च** ।  
**वृक्ष** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) The yeeding of any animal. mn. (-त्तः-त्तः) Rice or grain flattened. f. (-त्तः) Hingupatri : see **वृक्ष**. **३.** **प्रथ्** to be famous, aff. **ऊ**, **वृक्ष** or **पृथु** as above, and **कन्** added.  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) A fish in general. **३.** **पृथ्** large, and **रीज** hair of the human body, to which the scales of the fish may be considered analogous.

**वृक्ष** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Great, large. f. (-त्तः) A medicinal substance, "Hingupatri." **३.** **पृथ्**, and **कन्** aff.  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) A mountain. **३.** **पृथ्** large, and **वृक्ष** a crest.  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) A boar. **३.** **पृथ्** large, **त्वत्** shoulder.  
**वृक्ष** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Large-bellied, stout, corpulent. m. (-त्तः) A ram. **३.** **पृथ्**, and **कन्** the belly.  
**वृक्ष** f. (-त्तः) 1. The earth. 2. A pungent seed. (Nigella Indica.) 3. A medical substance and condiment, perhaps the leaf of the asafoetida plant, "Hingupatri." 4. The mother of the seventh Jina, or Jaina deified teacher, SUPA'NSWA. 5. Cardamoms. 6. Name of a metre. **३.** The feminine form of **पृथ्**, or **पृथु** the king so named, and **ऊँ** aff.; the domain of king PRIT'NU.  
**वृक्ष** f. (-त्तः) 1. Large cardamoms. 2. Small cardamoms. 3. A small pungent seed, (Nigella Indica.) **३.** **पृथ्वी** as above. **कन्** aff.  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) A species of the Atyasti metre.  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) 1. A snake. 2. A scorpion. 3. A tiger. 4. A leopard or the small hunting leopard. 5. An elephant. 6. A tree. **३.** **प्रथ्** to fart, Una'di aff. **काकु**; the vowel substituted for the semi-vowel.  
**वृक्ष** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) 1. Small, short, thin. 2. Delicate, feeble. f. (-त्तः) 1. A ray of light. 2. A queen, the wife of SUTAPA, who being regenerated after death, became DE'VAKI' the mother of KRISHN'A. 3. The earth. **३.** **प्रथ्** to touch, **वि** Una'di aff., and the initial rejected; also **वृक्ष** ।  
**वृक्ष** f. (-त्तः) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.)  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) A name of KRISHN'A. **३.** **पृथ्वी** the wife of a saint incarnate in DE'VAKI', and **नम** the embryo.  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) KRISHN'A.  
**वृक्ष** f. (-त्तः) A plant, (Hemionites cordifolia,) according to some of its synonymes, but in ROXBURGH's Catalogue, Hedysarum lagopodioides.) **३.** **वृक्ष** small, **पत्रं** a leaf.  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) A name of KRISHN'A. **३.** **वृक्ष** DE'VAKI' and **नम** auspicious.  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) 1. A name of KRISHN'A or VISHN'U, in that incarnation. 2. A name of GANES'A. **३.** **वृक्ष** small, and **प्रथ्** a crest.  
**वृक्ष** f. (-त्तः) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) **३.** **प्रथ्** to sprinkle, **वि**, aff. and **ऊँ** added.  
**वृक्ष** (च) **प्रथ्** r. 1st. cl. (वर्धति) 1. To sprinkle. 2. To weary. 3. To hurt, to injure. 4. To Give. **आ०** **चा०** **सक०** **सेट्** ।  
**वृक्ष** mfn. (-त्तः-त्तः-त्तः) Sprinkling. n. sing. (-त्तः) du. (-त्तः) plu. (-त्तः) A drop of water or any liquid. mf. (-त्तः-त्तः) The porcine deer. **३.** **प्रथ्** to sprinkle, Una'di aff. **वृक्ष**, or participial aff. **प्रथ**; also **वृक्ष** and **वृक्ष** ।  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) 1. A drop of water. 2. The porcine deer. **३.** **प्रथ्** to sprinkle, Una'di aff. **वृक्ष**; see the last.  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) Air, wind, or its deified personification. **३.** **पृथक्** a deer, in the second case plural, and **पति** master.  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) Air, wind. **३.** **पृथक्** the porcine deer, and **वृक्ष** a horse : see **पृथक्** । [deer].  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) An arrow. **३.** **पृथक्** a deer, and **वृक्ष** added; swift as a **वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) The god of air, or wind divinely personified. **३.** **पृथक्** the porcine deer, or a drop of rain, and **वृक्ष** a horse; whose steeds are like deer, or may be considered as the drops of rain, accompanying a gale.  
**वृक्ष** n. (-त्तः) Ghee mixed with curds, forming an oblation. **३.** **पृथक्** sprinkling, and **वृक्ष** Ghee.  
**वृक्ष** m. (-त्तः) A horse of the wind. **३.** **वृक्ष** a deer, **वृक्ष** aff.  
**वृक्ष** n. (-त्तः) A drop of water. **३.** **प्रथ्** to sprinkle, aff. **विभक्त**; according to the best authorities, however, this word is the plural inflection of **वृक्ष** ।  
**वृक्ष** f. (-त्तः) See **वृक्ष** ।  
**वृक्ष** f. (-त्तः) A small stone used as a weight.

पेड़ी f. (-जी) 1. The egg of a bird. 2. A blown bud. 3. Spikenard  
(*Valeriana jatamansi*.) 4. A ball of flesh or meat. 5. A sheath.

scabbard. 6. A muscle. 7. The fetus shortly after conception. 8. A kind of musical instrument. 9. The name a river. 10. The name of a female imp or demon. **म. पिच्** to be a component part, aff. **चच्** and **जीच्** added; also **चिच्**।

**पि (पि) कोच (म) m. (-च: or म:)** A bird's egg. "बन्धकीचिच्"।

**र मfn. (-र: रा-र)** Who or what grinds. **म. पिच्** to grind, **चच्** aff.

**र (च) रच् r. 1st cl. (चरन्ते)** To resolve or endeavour diligently.

**र म. (-च)** 1. Grinding, pulverising, reducing to dust or powder. 2. A hand mill, a stone and muller, any apparatus for grinding or pounding. 3. A plant, (a sort of Euphorbia with three lobes, commonly *Tern'ka'sa'sij.*) **म. पिच्** to grind, aff. **चच्**; also **चिच्**, &c.

**रिच f. (-चि: or -चि)** A stone slab on which condiments, &c. are ground with a muller. **म. पिच्** to grind, aff. **चिच्** and **जीच्**, optionally added.

**र मfn. (-च: चा-च)** 1. Dexterous, clever. 2. Beautiful, handsome: see **चिच्**। [grind, *Una'di* aff. **चचच्**।

**रा म. (-च)** A small slab for grinding any thing upon. **म. पिच्** to

**र (च) रच् r. 1st cl. (चरन्ति)** To go or move.

**र मfn. (-च: चा-च)** 1. Dexterous. 2. Handsome: see **चिच्**।

**र मfn. (-र: दा-र)** Destructive. 2. Moving, going. 3. Splendid. **म. पिच्** to hurt, &c. **चच्** aff.

**r. 1st cl. (पायन्ति)** To dry, to wither.

**रि म. (-चि:)** A patronymic of Ya'ska.

**रु म. (-च)** The ear. **म. पिच्** to injure, aff. **चचच्**, and the radical vowel augmented, form irr.

**र मfn. (-र: री-र)** Boiled in a pot, (flesh, &c.) **म. पिच्** a vessel, aff. **चच्**।

**रौनचि म. (-चि:)** A Muni. author of a system of laws.

**र (च) रच् r. 1st cl. (चरन्ति)** 1. To go or approach. 2. To command or direct, (an act.) 3. To touch or embrace. 4. To pound or grind.

**रिच न. (-च)** Mendicacy, living upon alms. **म. पिच्** a ball of meat or rice, **रिच** poss. aff., **चच्** aff. of condition: Also **चिच्**।

**राच मfn. (-च: री-च)** 1. Belonging or relating to the grand-father, inherited from him, (property, &c.) 2. Relating to Brahma'. **म. (-च:)** plu. Ancestors, forefathers. **म. पिच्** a father, **चच्** aff.

**रिच मfn. (-च: री-च)** 1. Paternal, ancestral, belonging or relating to the father or to progenitors. 2. Sacred to the manes. **n. (-च)** A *S'hra'-ddha* performed in honor of the manse. **म. पिच्** a father, **चच्** aff.

**रिच मfn. (-चि:)** 1. Father-land, the country of one's ancestors. 2. A paternal estate. **म. पिच्** a father, **चच्** aff. whence the **च** of **रिच** is changed to **री**।

**रिच मfn. (-च: री-च)** 1. The daughter of a paternal aunt. **म. पिच्** a father, **चच्** aff. whence the **च** of **रिच** is rejected.

**रिच म. (-च)** The son of an unmarried woman.

**रिच मfn. (-च: रा)** The son or daughter of a father's sister. **म. पिच्** a father, **चच्** aff. whence the **च** of **रिच** is changed to **री**।

**रिच mfn. (-च: री-च)** Biliary, bilious. **म. पिच्**, and **चच्** aff.

**रिच mfn. (-च: री-च)** Bilious, biliary. **म. पिच्**, and **चच्** aff.

**रिच mfn. (-च: री-च)** 1. Paternal, ancestral, relating or belonging to a parent or progenitor. 2. Sacred to the manes. **n. (-च)** 1. The part of the hand between the thumb and forefinger, or according to some the root of the forefinger. 2. A year, month, day, &c. of the *Pitris*. **म. पिच्** a parent, aff. **चच्**। Also **रिच**।

**रिच मfn. (-च: रा)** A day and night of the *Pitris*, or progenitors, equal to a month of mortals. **म. पिच्** relating to the manes, **चच्** a day, and **रिच** night.

**रिच mfn. (-च: री-च)** Paternal, ancestral. **म. पिच्**, and **चच्** aff. and the vowel changed.

**रिच m. (-च)** A Sage, the promulgator of the *Rig-Ye'da*.

**रिच Adj. f. (-च)** Made of the wood of the *pilu* tree.

**रिच n. (-च)** Milagres, affability.

**रिच mfn. (-च: री-च)** Infernal, demoniacal, relating or belonging to a *Pi's'acha* or goblin. **m. (-च:)** 1. A mode of marriage. the ravishment of a girl by her lover; it is the last of the eight forms of marriage in Hindu law, in it the lover defiles a damsel without her consent when she is sleeping or intoxicated or deranged in intellect. 2. A kind of demon. **f. (-च)** 1. A present to a friend, or to secure friendly regard made at a religious ceremony. 2. Night. 3. The lowest *Prakrita* dialect spoken on the stage by demons in Hindu dramatical representations. **म. पिच्** an imp, aff. **चच्**।

**रिच Adj. f. (-च)** Infernal, demoniacal.

**रिच n. (-च)** 1. Information, reporting evil of others. 2. Roguery. 3. Backbiting. **म. पिच्** a spy, &c. **चच्** aff.

**रिच n. (-च)** 1. Information, espionage, &c. 2. Depravity, wickedness. **म. पिच्** a spy, a rogue, aff. **चच्**।

**रिच mfn. (-च: री-च)** Ground or made up into a cake. **f. (-च)** Spirituous liquor distilled from meal. **म. पिच्** ground, **चच्** aff.

**रिच n. (-च)** 1. A quantity of cakes. 2. Spirituous liquor distilled from meal. **f. (-च)** Made of flour. **म. पिच्**, and **चच्** aff.

**रिच mfn. (-च: री-च)** Deformed, having a redundant or defective member. **m. (-च:)** A boy one from his fifth to his sixteenth year. **च. चिच्** certainly, **चिच्** to be a part of the cheek, **चच्** aff., the **च** of the prefix is rejected, and the **र** changed to **री**; otherwise, **च** depreciative prefix, **चच्** to go, and the deriv. irr.; also **चरीच**; in the second sense it also occurs **रीच**।

**रीच m. (-च)** 1. The foundation of a house, &c. 2. Uniting, mixing. **f. (-च)** 1. A woman having a beard. 2. A female servant or slave. 3. A masculine woman, an amazon. 4. A hermaphrodite. **(-री)** A large alligator. **म. रुच्** to shine, aff. **चच्**।

**रीच मfn. (-च: री-च)** 1. A reed, (*Arundo tibialis*, Rox.) 2. A sort of grass, (*Saccharum spontanium*.) 3. A fish. **म. रीच** uniting, (with the wind,) **चच्** to go, aff. **चच्**, waving in the wind.

**रीच(र)चिच f. (-च)** A bundle or packet.

**रीचिच m. (-च)** A boil.

**रीचिच f. (-च)** A bundle, a parcel.

**रीच m. (-च)** The lower surface of the parietal bones.

**रीच mfn. (-च: री)** The young of any animal. **m. (-च:)** 1. A young elephant of ten years old. 2. A vessel, a ship, a boat. 3. The soite of a house or dwelling. 4. Cloth, a garment. 5. The young shoot of a plant. **म. रुच्** to purify, **चच्** *Una'di* aff. [soite of a house.]

**रीच m. (-च)** The young of an animal. 2. A young plant. 3. The young of a potherb, (*Basella lucida*.) **म. रुच्** nominal verb, from **रुच्** a stretch, **चच्** aff. **जीच्** fem. aff.

**रीच m. (-च)** An animal that produces young at once without the intervention of any medium: elephants and some other animals being supposed in Hindu physiology to carry the young without the aid of an ovary or uterus. **म. रीच** young, and **चच्** to bear, aff. **च**।

**रीचचिच m. (-चिच)** A voyaging merchant. **म. रीच** a boat, and **चिच** a trader.

**रीचच म. (-च)** The rudder of a boat, or large oar used as one. **म. रीच** a boat, **चच्** to preserve, **चच्** aff.

**रीचचचिच m. (-च)** One of the *Jinas* or *Jains* deified teachers.

**रीचच म. (-च)** A rower, a boatman, a steersman, a towman, or one of the crew that keeps watch and the mast-head. **म. रीच** a boat, **चच्** to bear, **चच्** aff.

**रीचचच म. (-च)** A tent. **म. रीच** a cloth, **चचच** covering.

**रीचचच n. (-च)** Small fry, a shoal of young fish. **म. रीच**, and **चचच** taking; being caught in bags.

**रीचच m. (-च)** A sort of camphor.

**रीचिच f. (-च)** A potherb, (*Basella rubra* and *lucida*.) **म. रुच्** nominal verb, to stink, aff. **चच्**, fem. aff. **चच्**।

पीक m. (-ता) 1. One of the Sixteen officiating priests at a sacrifice. 2. A name of Vishnu. n. पु to make pure, aff. डक् ।  
 पीक n. (-क) 1. The snout of a hog. 2. The share of a plough. 3. The thunderbolt of Indra. 4. A boat, a ship. 5. A garment. 6. The office of the Hotri. n. पु to make pure, ड aff.  
 पीकपुत्र m. (-क) A hog. n. पीक a snout, पापुत्र a weapon.  
 पीकदंष्ट्रा m. (-ज) A gem, supposed to be found in the tooth of a hog. n. पीक a hog, दंष्ट्रा a tooth, and ज born.  
 पीकिक m. (-पी) A hog. n. पीक the snout, इति aff.  
 पीकिका f. (-का) One of the Śaktis or the female divinities of the Jains. n. पीक a hog, and रक्ष a vehicle.  
 पीककी f. (-की) Red pimples on the eyelids.  
 पीकम m. (-क) Purifying or cleansing much or repeatedly. n. पु to purify, intents, v., चक् aff. [great, चक् aff.  
 पीक m. (-क) 1. Magnitude, bulk. 2. A heap, a quantity. n. पुक् to be पीकिका f. (-का) Flat cakes made of barley or wheat, &c.  
 पीकिक m. (-क) 1. A part of a boat supporting the deck, (the knees or ribs of a boat.) 2. The mast of a ship. n. पीक magnitude, इति to be supreme, aff. चक् ।  
 पीक m. (-क) 1. Nourishing, cherishing. 2. Increase, growth. 3. Plenty, abundance. n. पुक् to nourish, aff. चक् ; also with कुट् aff. पीकच ।  
 पीकच n. (-च) Nourishing, cherishing. n. पुक् to nourish, aff. कुट् ।  
 पीकपीक mfn. (-क-क-क) To be cherished or protected. n. पुक् to nourish, चकीचर aff.  
 पीकिक mfn. (-क-क-क) Nourishing, cherishing. m. (क) The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. n. पुक् to nourish, in the causal form, इक् aff.  
 पीकिक mfn. (-क-क-क) To be cherished or protected. n. पुक्, तक् aff.  
 पीक mfn. (-क-क-क) Who or what nourishes, cherishes, &c. m. (-क) 1. Grey bonduc. 2. A protector, a cherisher. n. पुक् to nourish, aff. इक् ।  
 पीकिक mfn. (-क-क-क) Who or what nourishes best. n. पीक and चर पीक mfn. (-क-क-क) 1. To be cherished or taken care of. 2. A class of relatives who claim compulsory maintenance. n. पुक् to nourish, चक् aff. [पीक, and चक् aff.  
 पीकच n. (-क) 1. Cherishing dependents. 2. Being taken care of. n. पीकपुत्र m. (-क) An adopted son. n. पीक and पुत्र a son.  
 पीकचन m. (-न) A class of persons or objects to be cherished as parents, children, guests, and the sacred fire. n. पीक and चन a class.  
 पीकच n. (-क) Female incontinency, harlotry. n. पुकली a lewd woman, चक् aff.  
 पीकच n. (-क) 1. One of the Śaṅkara's or essential ceremonies of the Hindu religion ; a religious observance held on a woman's perceiving the first signs of a living conception. 2. fetus. 3. milk. n. पुकच, q. v., with चक् pleonastic aff.  
 पीक mfn. (-क-क-क) Virile, manly, relating to or good for man. n. (-क) Manhood. n. पु man, चक् aff.  
 पीक f. (-क) Boyish. n. (-क) Boyhood, (from the 5th to the 16th year.)  
 पीकच n. (-क) A drug, commonly Paṇḍarīya. n. चक् added to पुकच ।  
 पीक m. (-क) 1. A country, extending from Rangpur across the Ganges to the Jungle Mahals and part of south Behar, including therefore the greater part of Bengal. 2. The Native of that country. 3. A king of that country. 4. A sort of sugar-cane of a pale straw-colour. 5. Name of the conch-shell of Bhi'ma. n. पुक्, the same, aff. डक् ; also with चक् added पीकच ।  
 पीकच m. (-क) 1. The pale straw-coloured species of sugar-cane. 2. A man of a mixed caste, from the Vaisya and female of the distiller caste, whose business it is to boil sugar. n. चक् added to पीक ।  
 पीकचन m. (-न) A country, one of the divisions of central India, (Behar.) n. पीक the sugar-cane, and चन increasing.

पीकच m. (-क) A pale straw variety of the sugar-cane. n. पुक्, the same, aff. डक् ।  
 पीकच n. (-क) Measuring, a measure. n. पु to be made pure or correct, aff. and चक् added ; also पीकच । [and चक् aff.  
 पीकचिक n. (-क) Factor of the nostrils. n. पुकचिका a foul nose.  
 पीकच n. (-क) Honey of a pale colour. n. पुकचा a small bee, aff. चक् ।  
 पीक mfn. (-क-क-क) Relating to a son. m. (-क) A son's son, a grand-son. f. (-की) A grand-daughter, either in the male or female line, though more usually implying a son's daughter. n. पुत्र or पुत्री a son or daughter, चक् aff. of descent.  
 पीकिक mfn. (-क-क-क) Belonging to a son or a grandson. n. पुत्र or पीक, and डक् or डक् aff.  
 पीकिक m. (-क) 1. A daughter's son. 2. The son of a daughter appointed to raise issue for her father. n. पुकिका, and डक् aff.  
 पीकिक mfn. (-क-क-क) Having a grandson. n. पीक and इति aff.  
 पीकपुनिक mfn. (-क-क-क) Repeated, reiterated, again and again. पुनर, again, repeated, aff. डक् ।  
 पीकपुन n. (-क) Reiteration, repetition. n. पुनर again, repeated, aff. डक् ।  
 पीकचन n. (-क) 1. Tautology. 2. Superfluity, uselessness. n. पुनचन, and चक् added.  
 पीकचन mfn. (-क-क-क) Repeated, additional. m. (-क) 1. The son of a widow remarried, one of the twelve sons or heirs admitted by the old Hindu law ; the son of a twice-married woman. 2. The second husband of a woman. n. पुनचन, aff. चक् ।  
 पीर mfn. (-क-क-क) City, citizen, relating to or produced in a town or city. n. (-क) A fragrant grass. n. पुर a city, aff. चक् ।  
 पीरच n. (-क) A garden round a house. n. पीर citizen, and चक् added.  
 पीरचन m. (-न) A citizen. n. पीर, जन person.  
 पीरचर n. (-क) The lunar asterism called Jyeshtha. [and चक् aff.  
 पीरच mfn. (-क-क-क) Of the race of Puru, descended from Puru. n. पु पीरचक n. (-क) Connexion or equality by inhabiting the same city for ten years, fellow-citizenship. n. पीर relating to a city, चक् friendship.  
 पीरच mfn. (-क-क-क) 1. Prior, first, initial. 2. Foremost. 3. Eastern. n. पुक् formerly, चक् aff. of relation, पीरच and चक् aff.  
 पीरकी f. (-की) A woman residing in a town or city. n. पीर, and की a female ; also similar compounds, as पीरकीचित, पीरचका, &c.  
 पीरच mfn. (-क-क-क) Relating to the past, or Pura'nas. n. पुराच, and चक् aff.  
 पीरचिक mfn. (-क-क-क) Of or belonging to the Pura'nas, Paurāṇic. n. (-क) A Bra'hman, well read in the Pura'nas, a mythologist. n. पुराच, and डक् aff.  
 पीरच mfn. subst. (-क-क-क) The measure of a man, equal to the height to which he reaches with both arms elevated, and the fingers extended. Adj. Manly, of or belonging to man. n. (-क) 1. The property of manhood, virility, manliness. 2. Action, or action incidental to the state of humanity. 3. Semen virile. 4. Strength, power, vigour, heroism. 5. The Penis. 6. A Sundial. n. पुक् man, aff. चक् ।  
 पीरचक f. (-क) Manhood, manly strength or spirit. n. तक् added to पीरच, also with चक्, पीरचक ।  
 पीरच mfn. (-क-क-क) 1. Made by, derived from, or relating to man, human, manly, virile, &c. 2. Spiritual. m. (-क) 1. A crowd or number of men. 2. Manslaughter, murder. 3. Law, as affecting persons. 4. A Day-labourer. n. पुक् a man, and डक् aff.  
 पीरच n. (-क) Manliness, courage.  
 पीरचन m. (-क-क) Overseer or superintendent of the royal kitchen. n. पुक् first, की the eye, aff. चक् ।  
 पीरचक m. (-क) A prayer, recited upon making an oblation of clarified butter. n. पुरीचक butter offered to fire, and चक् aff.

कविम. (-कः) A priest who recites the prayer used in offering an oblation of clarified butter. म. पीरिकाव, and उन्. aff.  
 कान्. n. (-कः) Ill-luck, censoriousness, fault-finding.  
 कवि. n. (-कः) The character of functions, of family priest. म. पुरोहित and उन्. aff.  
 कान्. m. (-कः) A ceremony performed at the full of the moon, by persons maintaining a perpetual fire. f. (-की) Day of full-moon. म. पुर्णमास a rite, &c. aff. कव्. [pleonasm.]  
 कान्. m. (-कः) An ascetic. f. (-की) Day of full-moon. म. पूजिता, and कव्.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Sacrificial, ceremonial. 2. Relating to meritorious deed. म. पुन, and अ. उन्.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-की-क) Relating, or belonging to the past, to the east, &c. म. पुन and कव्. aff.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-की-क) Belonging to a former body or existence. म. पुन, and उन्. aff. [म. पुन and उन्. aff.]  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-की-क) Relating to the first member of a compound.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-की-क) Dwelling or being in the eastern division of town, &c. म. पुन, and उन्. aff.; also with कव्. पीन, and with यत्, पुन.  
 कान्. n. (-कः) 1. Priority and subsequence. 2. Context. म. पुन, and उन्. aff.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-की-क) Belonging or relating to or produced in the forepart of the day. म. पुन, forenoon, aff. उन्.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Prior, primary, former. 2. Ancestral. म. पुन and उन्. aff.  
 कान्. m. (-कः) 1. KUR'VA. 2. RA'VANA. 3. Either of the brothers of RA'VANA, VISH'ISHAN'A or KUMBHAKARN'A. 3. The moon. f. (-की) The sister of RA'VANA, SURPANAK'HA. म. पुन, a saint so named, and कव्. aff. of descent.  
 कान्. m. (-कः-की) Grain half dressed, or scorched or fried with Ghee, and made into a sort of cake. म. पीन a heap, कव्. aff. and पीन added for the fem.; also with कव्. added पीनिका.  
 कान्. f. (-का) A sort of cake: see the last.  
 कान्. f. (-की) Sachi, the Daughter of Puloman and wife of INDRA. म. पुन, a saint, the father of the goddess, कव्. and पीन. affs.  
 कान्. m. (-कः) An epithet of Jayanta.  
 कान्. m. (-कः) The month Pausa, in which the moon is in the Pushya asterism, (December-January). f. (-की) Day of full moon in the month of Pausa. म. पुन, the asterism in which the moon is full in this month, and कव्. aff.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-की-क) Relating to a pond, to a lotus, to fragrant Costus, &c. म. पुन, q. v., कव्. aff.  
 कान्. f. (-की) A large pond or reservoir, a lotus-pool. म. पुन, the same, and कव्. pleonastic aff.  
 कान्. n. (-कः) Maturity, complete development.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Preservative, protective, nutritive, &c. 2. Nutritious, fattening. n. (-कः) A cloth worn when the ceremony of tonsure is performed. म. पुन, nourishing, and उन्. aff.  
 कान्. n. (-कः) The last of the twenty-eight lunar asterisms; also RA'VATI. म. पुन, the sun, in this name regent of the asterism, and कव्. aff.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-की-क) Flowery, floral, relating or belonging to flowers, &c. म. पुन, and कव्. aff.  
 कान्. n. (-कः) The oxid of brass, considered as a collyrium. म. पुन, the same, and कव्. aff.  
 कान्. f. (-की) 1. A name of Palibothra or modern Patna. 2. A kind of spirituous liquor. म. पुन, a flower, कव्. aff. and पीन fem. aff.  
 कान्. f. (-की) Siva's braided hair.  
 कान्. Ind. A particle of calling, ho! hola!  
 कान्. f. (-की) पीनिका r. lat. cl. (कावति) To grow or increase, to enlarge or swell.

कावन्. n. (-कः) 1. Increased. 2. Growth.  
 कावित. f. (-ता) 1. Increased. 2. Grown fat. 3. Refreshed.  
 कान्. (वर) कान्. r. 4th cl. (कान्. कति) 1. To burn. 2. To share or divide. r. 10th cl. (कान्. कति-ने) To relinquish, to part with.  
 कान्. r. 4th cl. (कान्. कति) 1. To divide. 2. To burn.  
 कान्. (क) कान्. r. 1st cl. (कावने) 1. To grow or increase. 2. To swell. Caus. (कावयति-ने) With का to make comfortable. 2. To enlarge.  
 कान्. Ind. A particle and prefix, implying. 1. Progressive motion, (forth, forward, away, &c.) 2. Excess or excellence, (very, much, exceeding.) 3. Appearance, manifestation. It corresponds with the Latin particles Pro and Prae, as in कान्. कति To do much or well; कान्. कति To go forth or over; कान्. कति To excel; कान्. कति To display; कान्. कति To go forth, set out; कान्. कति Very willingly; कान्. कति When the deer go forth, (the time, &c.) See the following compounds. म. कति to be famous, &c. aff. क.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-टी-ट) Displayed, unfolded, manifest, apparent. म. कति implying manifestation, and कट्. aff.  
 कान्. Ind. It is also used as an indeclinable in the sense of:—1. Clear, evident. 2. Undistinguished, public. 3. Visible: see the above.  
 कान्. n. (-कः) The act of manifesting or disclosing.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-ता-त) 1. Manifested, displayed. 2. Evident, apparent. 3. Opened, expanded. म. कति before, कट्. to go, aff. क.  
 कान्. कान्. n. (-कः) Making visible or apparent, displaying, manifesting. म. कान्, and कान्. making, कान्. aug. [कान्. made, कान्. aff.]  
 कान्. कान्. mfn. (-कः-ता-त) Made manifest, open, or visible. म. कान्, and कान्. m. (-कः) 1. Shaking, trembling. 2. Violent motion. म. कति before, कति to tremble, कव्. aff.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-ता-त) Trembling violently. m. (-कः) 1. Wind, air, (generally violent.) 2. A hell. n. (-कः) Violent or excessive motion, great trembling. म. कति implying excess, कान्. trembling.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-ता-त) Shaking, trembling violently. म. कति before, कति to tremble, कान्. aff.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-ता-त) Shaking, agitating. म. कति before, कति to tremble, causal v., कव्. aff.  
 कान्. mfn. (-कः-ती-ट) Who or what does much or well. m. (-कः) 1. A heap, a quantity. 2. A bundle of flowers, a nosegay. 3. Aid, assistance, friendship. 4. Usage, custom, continuance of a similar practice. 5. Respect. 6. Seduction, abduction. n. (-कः) Aloe wood, (Agallochum). f. (-की) 1. Theatrical dress or disguise, as wearing a woman's garb, &c. 2. An episodic incident in a drama. 3. An open piece of ground, the meeting of four roads, or the proper site of any magical operations. म. कति before, कति to make, aff. क.  
 कान्. n. (-कः) 1. An introduction, a prologue or prelude. 2. A poetical fiction or poem, in which the story and principal persons are wholly imaginary; the term is especially applied to a dramatic poem. 3. A chapter, a section, a book, a place of pausing or stopping. 4. Treating with respect. 5. Doing much or well. 6. Opportunity, occasion. 7. Subject, topic. f. (-की) A minor drama of the same character as the prakara, but of less extent; also कान्. कति. म. कति before, कति to make, aff. क.  
 कान्. m. (-कः) Hurting, killing. म. कति, कव्. to hurt, aff. क.  
 कान्. m. (-कः) 1. Excellence, eminence, superiority. 2. Speciality, intensity, universality. 3. Absoluteness, definitiveness. 4. Strength, power. 5. Length, protractedness. 6. (In grammar.) The effect of the prefix "क" upon roots; (the inst. and abl. Singulars viz :—कान्. कति and कान्. कति are used as indeclinables in the sense of "eminently," "exceedingly," "In a high degree.") म. कति before, कति to attract, aff. क.  
 कान्. कान्. n. (-कः) Going absolutely or finally, departure. म. कान्, and कान्. n. (-कः) 1. Drawing, attracting. 2. Ploughing, drawing furrows,



3. Excellence. superiority. 4. Realizing by the use of a pledge more than interest of the loan. **प्र** before, **हृ** to attract, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकर्षित** mfn. (-तः-तः) 1. Drawn, drawn out. 2. Exceeded in profit, (the interest of the loan.) **प्र** before, **हृ** to make furrows, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकषा** f. (-षा) A minute portion.
- प्रकषण** f. (-ण) Settlement, allotment.
- प्रकषित** mfn. (-तः-तः) 1. Done, made. 2. Settled f. (-ता) A kind of riddle. **प्र** before, **हृ** to be able, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकृ** mn. (-कृ-कृ) 1. The stem of a tree, the part between the root and the branches. 2. A branch, a shoot. 3. Excellence, happiness, (or used as an attributive without admitting variation of gender,) excellent, happy. **प्र** implying excess or superiority, **कृ** to desire, **हृ** and the penultimate vowel made long by special rule.
- प्रकाश** m. (-शः) A tree. **प्र** before, **का** to get, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाय** f. (-यः) Adj. 1. Much, excessive, to the heart's content. 2. Amorous. **प्र** before, **का** to desire, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकायम्** Ind. Voluntarily, willingly. 2. To the heart's content. 3. Exceedingly. **प्र** implying much, very, **का** desire, will.
- प्रकार** m. (-रः) 1. Difference. 2. Similitude. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** mfn. (-शः-शः-शः) 1. Like, resembling. 2. Open, manifest, blown, expanded. 3. Famous, celebrated. 4. Public. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** f. (-शः) 1. Openly, publicly. 2. (In dramatic language), Aloud. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** m. (-शः) 1. Visible. 2. Shining. 3. Open. 4. Renowned. 5. Expanded. 6. Denuded of trees. 7. Looking like, (at the end of compounds.) **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** m. (-शः) 1. Sunshine, lustre, light. 2. Expansion, diffusion, manifestation; the word being equally applicable to physical or moral subjects, as the blowing of a flower, diffusion of celebrity, the publicity of an event, or the manifestation of a truth. 3. A laugh, a smile. 4. Publicity. 5. An open spot. 6. A golden mirror. 7. The chapter of a book. 8. Elucidation, (at the end of titles of works.) **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** n. (-शः) White or bellmetal, brass. **प्र** implying motion or eminence, **का** to shine, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** Ind. It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of:—1. Openly, publicly. 2. Aloud, audibly, (used as a Stage-direction in this sense.)
- प्रकाश** mfn. (-शः-शः-शः) What irradiates, what makes open or apparent, **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** m. (-शः) 1. An illuminator, an expounder, an illustrator. 2. The sun. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** m. (-शः) A cook. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** m. (-शः) An open purchase.
- प्रकाश** f. (-शः) 1. Manifestation, visibility. 2. Luminousness. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** n. (-शः) 1. Illuminating, giving light. 2. Making clear or manifest. 3. Displaying. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** f. (-शः) A public woman. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** mfn. (-शः-शः-शः) Splendid, brilliant, radiant. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** Adj. Shining, brilliant.
- प्रकाश** m. (-शः) 1. The sun. 2. An epithet of Siva. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** mfn. (-शः-शः-शः) 1. Evident, apparent, manifest, visible. 2. Published, promulgated. 3. Illuminated, enlightened. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.
- प्रकाश** n. (-शः) Scattering, Strewing.
- प्रकाश** mfn. (-शः-शः-शः) 1. Spread abroad, published, promulgated. 2. Expanded, opened. 3. Miscellaneous, mixed. 4. Scattered, disper-

sed, disordered, confused. 5. Agitated, excited, wild. 6. Waved, waving. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.

**प्रकीर्ण** n. (-ण) 1. A Chowri, the tail of the Bos grunniens, used as a whisk or fan, a fly-flap. 2. The section or chapter of a book. 3. Extent, length, especially of a stanza or book. 4. (In law,) a case not provided for by the S'hastras, and to be decided by the authority of the judge or king. 5. A miscellany. 6. Any collection of heterogeneous objects not arranged under any distinct class or heads. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.

**प्रकीर्ण** n. (-ण) 1. Proclaiming, announcing. 2. Praising, extolling. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.

**प्रकीर्ण** f. (-णः) 1. Fame, celebrity. 2. Declaration. 3. Praise. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.

**प्रकीर्ण** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Declared, explained, said, revealed. 2. Celebrated, renowned. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.

**प्रकीर्ण** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) To be spread abroad or about to be diffused, promulgated, expanded, or extended. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.

**प्रकीर्ण** m. (-णः) A plant, (Cassia, pinia benedicta.) **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.

**प्रकीर्ण** m. (-णः) A particular measure of capacity.

**प्रकीर्ण** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Enraged, incensed. 2. Disordered. 3. Stimulated. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.

**प्रकीर्ण** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Behaving respectfully to, waiting upon, serving, honouring. 2. Doing much or well. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.

**प्रकीर्ण** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Attending, or behaving to with respect. 2. Doing much or well. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.

**प्रकीर्ण** n. (-णः) A handsome or excellent body. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.

**प्रकीर्ण** f. (-णः) An epithet of Durga.

**प्रकीर्ण** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Made, completed, accomplished. 2. Commenced. 3. Continuing or engaged in what has been begun. 4. That which is under consideration, the Subject in hand, (In this sense it is often used for the "Upameya" in works of rhetoric.) 5. Genuine, real. 6. Appointed, charged. 7. Wished, expected. 8. Important, interesting. **प्र** before, **का** to do, **हृ** aff.

**प्रकीर्ण** f. (-णः) 1. Nature; in philosophy the passive or material cause of the world, as opposed to the active or spiritual; and in mythology, a goddess, the personified will of the Supreme in the creation identified with Ma'ya or illusion, and in an especial manner the prototype of the female sex; hence it is the same with the Sakti or personified energy or bride of a deity, as Lakshmi, Durga, &c. in some systems Prakriti is considered the same with the Supreme Being. 2. The natural state or condition of any thing. 3. A radical form or predicament of being, an illusion, intelligence, consciousness, and the five elements, or Ak'as, fire, air, earth, and water. 4. The five elements collectively. 5. Cause, origin. 6. A woman or womankind. 7. A mother. 8. An animal. 9. The male organ of generation. 10. The female organ of generation. 11. An uninflected word; the radical form of a word, before the affixes forming cases, &c. are subjoined. 12. A requisite of regal administration, of which seven are enumerated; the king, the minister, an ally, treasure, territory, fortresses, and an army; the corporations or companies of citizens are sometimes added, making an eighth class. 13. A form of metre, consisting of a stanza of four lines, each line containing twenty-one syllables. 14. (In arithmetic,) A given coefficient. (In anatomy,) Temperature.

the predominance of one of the humours at the time of generation.  
 ३ प्र implying priority or precedence, कृ to make aff. कृत् or कृच् ;  
 being the first step towards creation. [chauging.]

प्रकृतिरस mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) Volatile, fickle. ३. प्रकृति nature, and तरल  
 प्रकृतिपुत्र m. (-त्) A minister of State.

प्रकृतिमण्डल n. (-त्) The entire kingdom.

प्रकृतिविद् n. (-त्) Natural.

प्रकृतिवृत्त Adj. Naturally agreeable.

प्रकृत mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) 1. Natural, genuine, unmixed. 2. Inherent,  
 innate. 3. In good health. 4. Stripped of everything. 5. Come to  
 oneself. ६. प्रकृति, and कृत् what is. [aff. कृत्]

प्रकृति mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) Thin, emaciate. ३. प्र before, कृत् to be thin,  
 प्रकृष्ट mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) 1. Chief, principal, pre-eminent. 2. Remote, far,  
 long, (as a road). 3. Drawn out, lengthy, long. 4. Disquieted. ६.  
 प्र eminently, कृत् to attract, aff. कृत् ।

प्रकृष्ट n. (-त्) Eminence, superiority. ३. प्रकृष्ट, and कृत् aff. ; also with  
 कृत् aff. प्रकृष्टता ।

प्रकृत mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) 1. Made, prepared. 2. Mixed. ३. प्र before, कृत् to  
 make, कृत् aff.

प्रकोप m. (-त्) Putrefaction, putridity. ३. प्र-कृप् चञ् ।

प्रकोप m. (-त्) Irritation, provocation, enraging. ३. प्र before, कृप् to be  
 angry, causal v. चञ् aff.

प्रकोपीय mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) To be incensed or enraged. ३. प्र before, कृप्  
 to be angry, causal v., चनीयर् aff. ; and the न optionally changed ;  
 also प्रकोपीय । [v., कृत् aff.]

प्रकोपन n. (-त्) Irritating, provoking. ३. प्र before, कृप् to be angry, causal  
 प्रकोपित mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) Irritated, provoked. ३. प्र before, कृप् to be  
 angry, causal v., कृत् aff.

प्रकोप m. (-त्) 1. The fore-arm. 2. Part of the frame of a door. 3. A  
 court in the house, or open space surrounded by buildings. 4. A  
 room near the gate of a Palace. ६. प्र before, कृत् to draw, कृत् aff.

प्रकोप m. (-त्) 1. A horse's armour. 2. A dog. 3. A mule. also प्रकोप  
 and प्रकोप ।

प्रकोप mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) 1. Who proceeds or goes. 2. Conquering, over-  
 powering, surpassing. 3. Who begins, a beginner. ३. प्र before, कृत्  
 to go, कृत् aff.

प्रक्रम m. (-त्) 1. Proceeding, going. 2. Leisure, opportunity. 3. Begin-  
 ning. 4. Surpassing, overcoming. 5. A Step, a stride. 6. A place  
 considered as a measure of distance. 7. Proportion, order, method.  
 ३. प्र first, कृत् to go, aff. कृत् ।

प्रक्रमणीय mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) To be gone or proceeded. ३. प्र before, कृत् to go,  
 चनीयर् aff. ; also प्रक्रमित्य and प्रक्रम्य ।

प्रक्रमण m. (-त्) Want of regularity in expression considered as a  
 fault of composition. [३. प्र before, कृत् to go.]

प्रक्रमण mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) 1. Proceeding. 2. Beginning. 3. Overcoming.

प्रक्रम mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) 1. Gone, proceeded. 2. Gone beyond, surpassed.  
 3. Begun. 4. Under discussion, in hand. 5. Valorous. ३. प्र be-  
 fore, कृत् to go, कृत् aff.

प्रक्रम f. (य) 1. Bearing royal insignia. 2. Way, manner, conduct.  
 3. High position. 4. Chapter or section of a book. 5. Etymological  
 formation, (In gram.) ३. प्र principal, कृत् business. [कृत् aff.]

प्रक्रमित mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) Playing, sporting. ३. प्र before, कृत् to play,  
 प्रक्रम mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) 1. Satisfied. 2. Wet, soaked. ३. प्र excess, कृत्  
 to wet, aff. कृत् ।

प्रक्रम m. (-त्) The sound of the Vīṇā or lute. ३. प्र principal, कृत् to  
 sound, aff. कृत् ; also प्रक्रम । [sound, aff. चञ् ।]

प्रक्रम m. (-त्) The sound of the Vīṇā or lute. ३. प्र before, कृत् to  
 प्रक्रम m. (-त्) Ruin, destruction.

प्रक्रम m. (-त्) Iron armour for the defence of a horse or elephant. ३. प्र  
 best, कृत् to go, aff. कृत् ।

प्रक्रम n. (-त्) Trickling, oozing.

[anse, कृत् aff]

प्रक्रम mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) Who or what washes. ३. प्र before, कृत् to cle-  
 प्रक्रम n. (-त्) 1. Bathing. 2. Anything used for purifying. 3. Water  
 for washing. 4. Cleaning, washing. ६. प्र thoroughly, कृत् r. 10 cl. to  
 clean, aff. कृत् । [to clean, aff. कृत्]

प्रक्रमित mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) Washed, cleansed. ३. प्र before, कृत् r. 10th cl.  
 प्रक्रम mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) Thrown, cast, hurled. 2. Interpolated, spurious.  
 ३. प्र before, कृत् to throw, कृत् aff.

प्रक्रमित mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) Throwing, having thrown. ३. प्र before, कृत्  
 to throw, कृत् aff.

प्रक्रम mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) 1. Decayed, wasting. 2. Destroyed. 3. Disappeared.  
 ३. प्र before, कृत् to waste, कृत् aff. [aff.]

प्रक्रमित mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) Intoxicated. ३. प्र before, कृत् to be drunk, कृत्  
 प्रक्रम f. (य) Adj. 1. Crushed. 2. Incited.

प्रक्रम m. (-त्) 1. Throwing, casting projecting. 2. Throwing into or upon.  
 3. Anything added, or thrown into drugs when in course of  
 decoction. 4. A throw, a cast. 5. Interpolation. 6. The sum  
 deposited by every member of a commercial corporation. ३. प्र  
 before, कृत् to throw, कृत् aff.

प्रक्रम n. (-त्) Throwing, casting. ३. प्र before, कृत् to throw, aff. कृत् ।

प्रक्रम n. (-त्) Exciting, agitating.

प्रक्रम m. (-त्) 1. An iron arrow. 2. Clamour, a loud indistinct  
 noise. ३. प्र especially, कृत् to sound indistinctly, aff. कृत्, deriv.  
 irr. ; otherwise प्रक्रम । [३. See the last.]

प्रक्रम m. (-त्) 1. An iron arrow. 2. Calling, aloud, clamour :  
 प्रक्रमित mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) 1. Clamorous, shouting, making loud indistinct  
 noise. 2. Unctuous. ३. प्र before, कृत् to sound, कृत् aff. ; also read  
 प्रक्रमित.

प्रक्रमित mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) 1. Noisy. 2. Unctuous. ३. प्र before, कृत्  
 to make a noise, कृत् aff.

प्रक्रम mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) Very hot or acrid. m. (-त्) 1. Iron armour, for the  
 defence of a horse or elephant. 2. A dog. 3. A mule. ३. प्र very  
 much, कृत् to hurt, aff. कृत्, derive, irr. or प्र before, कृत् an ass,  
 or hot, sharp. &c.

प्रक्रम mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) 1. Like, resembling, (in composition.) 2. Visible,  
 distinct. f. (-त्वा) 1. Visibility, perceptibility. 3. Fame, renown. 3.  
 Similarity, similitude. ३. प्र before, कृत् to say, aff. कृत् ।

प्रक्रम mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) 1. Celebrated, famous. 2. Pleased, happy. 3.  
 Bespoken, forestalled, claimed by right of pre-emption. ३. प्र much,  
 कृत् famed.

प्रक्रमण n. (-त्) A commodity that is to be first offered for sale to  
 some person, (as the Raja, &c.) ३. प्रक्रम claimed, कृत् a vessel.

प्रक्रमण m. (-त्) A gentleman, a Hidalgo, the son of some eminent  
 person. ३. प्रक्रम known, कृत् a father, and कृत् added.

प्रक्रम f. (-त्) 1. Publicity, celebrity. 2. Praise, eulogium. 3. Fame. ३.  
 प्र pre eminence, &c. and कृत् reputation.

प्रक्रमणीय mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) To be celebrated or made known. ३. प्र before,  
 कृत् to say, चनीयर् aff.

प्रक्रम m. (-त्) The upper arm, (from the elbow to the shoulder.) f.  
 (-त्) An outer wall or rampart. ३. प्र principal, कृत् part.

प्रक्रम mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) 1. Separate, apart. 2. Gone with difficulty. 3.  
 Gone forward. ३. प्र, and गत gone.

प्रक्रमण mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) Bandy-legged, having the knees far apart. ३.  
 प्रक्रम separated, and कृत् the knee.

प्रक्रमण mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) Bandy-legged, bow-legged, having the knees  
 far apart. ३. प्र away, गत gone, कृत् the knee, कृत् aff.

प्रक्रम mfn. (-त्-त्वा-त्) Speaking, beginning to speak. ३. प्र before, कृत्  
 to speak, कृत् aff.

प्रक्रम m. (-त्) The first advance in love-making.

प्रक्रम n. (-त्) 1. Progress, advance. 2. The first advance in love-

making. 3. Difficult progress. 4. Going afar or apart. 5. Disputing words. **प्र**, **प्र**, and **गन्** to go, **च्युट्** aff.

**प्रगर्जन** n. (-न्) Roaring.

**प्रगल्भ** mfn. (-लभः-लभा-लम्) 1. Bold, confident. 2. Prompt, ready. 3. Resolute, energetic. 4. Illustrious, eminent. 5. Strong, able. 6. Shameless, impudent, audacious. 7. Mature. 8. Developed, great. m. (-लभः) The fire used for oblations at the birth of a child. f. (लभा) 1. A woman who courts her husband's caresses. 2. A Scolding woman, a shrew. 3. A bold woman experienced in love-matters considered as a character in poetic composition. **प्र** much, **गल्भ** to be proud, aff. **चच्**।

**प्रगल्भता** f. (-ता) 1. Energy, resolution. 2. Confidence, boldness. 3. Audacity, arrogance. 4. Power, eminence, consequence. 5. Perverseness, wilfulness. **प्र** **तल्** aff. of the abstract, added to the last; also with **लृ**, **प्रगल्भलृ**।

**प्रगाढ** mfn. (-द्-दा-ढं) 1. Much, excessive. 2. Hard, difficult. 3. Firm. **प्र**. (-द्) Pain, Privation, penance. n. adv. (-द्) 1. Much, exceedingly. 2. Tightly, firmly. **प्र** before, **गाढ** much, exceeding.

**प्रगाढम्** Adj. It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "exceedingly" [singa.

**प्रगाढ** mfn. (-ता-नी-ढ) A capital singer. **प्र** excellent, and **गाढ** who **प्रगीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-ढं) Sung, vocal. **प्र**, and **गीत** sung.

**प्रगुण** mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) 1. Straight. 2. Honest, upright, straight in morals. 3. Clever, skilful. **प्र** excellent, and **गुण** quality.

**प्रगुणित** f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Made straight. 2. Made Smooth.

**प्रगुण्य** mfn. (-ण्यः-ण्या-ण्यं) 1. More, exceeding. 2. Excellent. **प्र** before, **गुण्य** a quality or quantity and **कृप्** aff.

**प्रग्रहीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Collected, strung together. 2. Accepted, admitted. 3. (In gram.) Pronounced separately without observing the rules of Sandhi; see the next **प्र**, and **ग्रहीत** taken.

**प्रग्रह्य** mfn. (-ह्यः-ह्या-ह्यं) To be taken, accepted, admitted, &c. mn. (-ह्यः-ह्यं) The class of letters or syllables not subject to the rules of euphony, as the final **इ** or **ऊ** of the dual number. &c. As **हरी एतो**, **विष्णु एतो**, &c.

**प्रगे** Ind. Dawn, morning.

**प्रगेतन** mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) Relating, or belonging to the morning. **प्र** **गे** morning, and **तु** aff., **तन्** inserted. [preserving.

**प्रगोपन** n. (-नं) Protection, preservation, salvation. **प्र** especially, **गोपन** **प्रगद्यन** n. (-नं) Stringing together.

**प्रग्रह** m. (-हः) 1. Taking, seizing. 2. Confinement, restriction, restraint, captivity. 3. A prisoner, a captive, either man or beast in confinement. 4. A rein, a rope or halter for horses, and cattle. 5. The string suspending a balance. 6. Favour, kindness. 7. An arm. 8. A ray of light. 9. The commencement of an eclipse. 10. A vowel not subject to the rules of Sandhi. 11. A sort of Cassia, (C. fistula.) **प्र** before, **ग्रह्** to take or seize, aff. **चच्**; otherwise with **चच्** aff. **प्रग्राह**।

**प्रग्रह्य** n. (-ह्यं) 1. Taking, seizing. 2. Assuming. 3. The commencement of an eclipse. 4. A rein, a bridle. **प्र** before, **ग्रह्** to take, **च्युट्** aff.

**प्रग्राह** m. (-हः) 1. Seizing. 2. Taking, taking up, bearing, carrying. 3. The string of a balance. 4. A rein, &c. **प्र** before, **ग्रह्** to take, **चच्** aff.; see **प्रग्रह**।

**प्रगीत** mn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. A window, a lattice, a balcony. 2. A summer house, a pleasure house. 3. A building on the top of a palace, a painted turret. 4. A wooden balustrade or fence on the edge of a building. 5. A stable. 6. The top of a tree. **प्र** excessive or excellent, and **गीत** a neck; the neck as it were of a house.

**प्रगल्भ** mfn. (-लभः-लभा-लम्) Wearied, fatigued, exhausted. **प्र** before, **लम्** to be weary, **लृ** aff.

**प्रवचन** m. (-नः) A rule, a doctrine.

**प्रवटा** f. (-टा) The first principles of a science.

**प्रवटाविद्** m. (-विद्) A general reader, but not a profound one. **प्र** **वटा** said to imply novelty, and **विद्** who knows.

**प्रवच** m. (-चः) 1. A terrace before a house. 2. A copper pot. 3. An iron crow or club. **प्र** before, **चच्** to strike, aff. **चच्**, and the radical letter changed; also **प्रवाच** **प्रचन**, and **प्रवान**।

**प्रचन** m. (-नं) 1. A covered terrace before a house. 2. A sort of bean, (Phaseolus mungo.) **प्र** before, **चच्** to strike or hurt, aff. **चच्**.

**प्रचल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Voracious. m. (-लः) 1. Eating much. 2. A Daitya, a demon. **प्र** much, **चल** for **चद्** to eat, aff. **चच्** or **चच्**।

**प्रवाच** m. (-चः) A covered terrace or small portico before the door of house. **प्र** before, **चच्** to strike, (with the feet,) aff. **चच्**, and the radical vowel changed optionally; also **प्रचच**।

**प्रवात** m. (-तः) 1. Combat, battle. 2. Killing. **प्र** violently, **वात** striking; also **प्रवात**।

**प्रवान** m. (-नः) A covered terrace before the door of a house, a porch, a portico; see **प्रचन**, and **प्रचच**।

**प्रचुच** m. (-चः) A guest; It is another form of **प्राचुच**।

**प्रचूर्ण** mfn. (-र्णः-र्णा-र्णं) 1. Turning round or rolling violently. 2. Wandering, roaming. m. (-र्णः) A guest, a visitor. **प्र** before, **चूर्ण** to turn round, aff. **चच्**; Also **प्राचूर्ण**।

**प्रचोषक** m. (-कः) Sound, noise. **प्र** much, **चोष** sound, aff. **कच्**।

**प्रचक्र** n. (-क्रं) An army in motion, or as sometimes explained, foraging. **प्र** before, **चक्र** a division.

**प्रचक्षस्** m. (-क्षः) 1. The regent of jupiter, VRIHASPATI. **प्र** before, **चक्ष्** to speak. Una'di aff. **चक्षुन्**।

**प्रचक्ष** mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षं) 1. Excessively hot or burning. 2. Intolerable, insupportable. 3. Bold, confident, presuming. 4. Wrathful, passionate. 5. Violent, strong. 6. Furious. 7. Terrible. m. (-क्षः) A sort of Nerium with white flowers. f. (-क्षा) One of Durga's emanations or attendants. **प्र** very, **चक्ष** hot, &c.

**प्रचक्षवीच** Adj. Large-nosed.

**प्रचक्षसूति** m. (-तिः) A tree, (Tapia cratæva.) "वरुण उच्ये." **प्र** **चक्ष** Nerium, and **सूति** form.

**प्रचय** m. (-यः) 1. A heap, a quantity, a number. 2. Gathering, (as fruit or flowers, but especially by means of a stick or other implement.) 3. Slight union or aggregation. 4. Growth, increase. **प्र** before, **चि** to gather, aff. **चच्**; also with **चच्** aff. **प्रचाय**.

**प्रचद्य** n. (-द्यं) Collecting, gathering.

**प्रचर** m. (-रः) 1. A road, a path. 2. Usage, custom, currency. 3. Going well or widely. **प्र** before, **चरु** to go, aff. **चच्**; also with **चच्** aff. **प्रचार**।

**प्रचरय** n. (-यं) 1. Going, proceeding. 2. Circulating, being current. **प्र** before, **चरु** to go, **च्युट्** aff.

**प्रचरत्** mfn. (-रत्-रतो-रत्) Going well, quickly, widely, &c. **प्र** before, **चरु** to go, **वट्** aff.

**प्रचरित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone, going. 2. Pursued, practised, (as an art or business.) **प्र** before, **चरु** to go, **लृ** aff.

**प्रचल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. What goes much or widely. 2. Current, circulating, customary. 4. Shaking, trembling. **प्र** before, **चल** to go, **चच्** aff.

**प्रचलत्** mfn. (-लत्-लतो-लत्) 1. Going, proceeding far or much. 2. Prevailing, circulating, being customary or current. 3. Being recognised, (as authority or law, &c.) **प्र** before, **चल** to go, **वट्** aff.

**प्रचलन** n. (-नं) 1. Moving, going much or widely. 2. Circulating, being customary or current. **प्र** before, **चलु** to go, **च्युट्** aff.

**प्रचलाक** m. (-कः) 1. A peacock's tail. 2. Archery, shooting with arrows. 3. A snake. **प्र** before, **चलु** to go, aff. **वाचच्**।

प्रबलाकिन् m. (-की) 1. A snake. 2. A peacock. ३. प्रबलाक a peacock's tail, and प्रबि aff.

प्रबलाप्रित mfn. (तः-ता-त) Rolling about, tossing, tumbling, (as in sleep.) ; Nodding the head, while asleep in a sitting posture. ३. प्र before, प्र to go, in the causal form, aff. क् ।

प्रबलित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Gone far or wide, wandering, roving. 2. Set in motion, shaken. ३. Current, customary, circulating, prevailing. 4. Recognised, received, (as authority or law, &c.) 5. Rolling (as the eye). ३. प्र before, प्र to go, क् aff.

प्रबाय m. (-यः) Gathering anything with the hand. ३. प्र, प्रि to collect, प्रक् aff.

प्रबायिका f. (-का) Gathering in turn.

प्रवार m. (-रः) 1. Going, proceeding. 2. Custom, usage, 3. Conduct. 4. Currency. 5. Appearance, manifestation. 6. A Pasture-ground. 7. A play-ground. ३. A path, a foot-path. ३. प्र before, प्र to go, प्रक् aff. [to go, aff. प्रक्.]

प्रवाल m. (-लः) The stick or body of the Vin'a or lute. ३. प्र before, प्रक्

प्रवालन n. (-न) Stirring, moving, shaking.

प्रचित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Collected, gathered together. f. (ता) Plucked. 2. Amassed, accumulated. 3. Covered. n. (-त) A species of the Dandaka metre. ३. प्र before, प्रि to assemble, क् aff.

प्रवर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Much, many. f. (-र) Abundant, plentiful. 2. Replete with, abounding in, (at the end of a compound.) m. (-रः) A thief. ३. प्र before, प्र to steal, क् aff.

प्रवरप्रवृ mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Abounding with men, populous, numerous. m. (-वः) A thief. ३. प्रवर, and प्रवृ a man.

प्रवृत्तिकरण n. (-ण) Adding to, augmenting, increasing. ३. प्रवर and करण making, प्रि augment.

प्रवृत्त mfn. (तः-ता-त) Augmented, in quantity or number. ३. प्रवर, and कृत made, प्रि augment.

प्रवेत्त mfn. (तः-ता-तः) Happy, delighted. m. (-तः) 1. VARUN'A, the regent of water. 2. The name of a saint and law-giver. m. plu. (-तः) The ten sons of PRACHI'NAVARIHI by the daughter of VARUN'A, and the progenitors of DAKSHIA. ३. प्र best, first, प्रेत्त the heart.

प्रवेत्त m. (-तः) A charioteer. ३. प्र before, प्रि to collect, (the reins,) aff. त् ।

प्रवेत्त n. (-तः) A yellow fragrant wood. ३. प्र before, प्रेत्त to go, aff. प्रक् ।

प्रवेत्तक m. (-कः) A horse. ३. प्र well, fast, प्रेत्त to go, प्रक् aff.

प्रवोद m. (-दः) Inciting, instigating.

प्रवोदन n. (-न) 1. Saying, enjoining, prescribing. 2. Sending, directing. 3. A rule or law. ३. प्र before, प्रुद to direct, प्रुद aff.

प्रवोदिन mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Prescribed, directed. 2. Sent. 3. Determined. 4. Instigated, incited. ३. प्र thoroughly, प्रुद to direct, aff. क् ।

प्रवोदिनी f. (-नी) A prickly nightshade, (Solanum jacquini.) ३. प्र before, प्रुद to send, affs. प्रु and प्रुप् । [क् aff.]

प्रवृत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Fallen from, deviated from. ३. प्र before, प्रु to fall, प्रक् (प्रि) प्रवृत्ति r. 6th ol. (प्रवृत्ति) 1. To ask or inquire. 2. To desire, to know. With प्रु to question about ; with प्र 1. To ask. 2. To take leave of. With प्रि to ask. [aff. प्रक्.]

प्रवृत्त m. (-दः) A cover, a wrapper. ३. प्र completely, प्रुद to cover, प्रवृत्त m. (-टः) A cover, a wrapper, either of a person or thing, as a cloak, a veil, a sheet, a curtain, &c. ३. प्रवृत्त a cover, and प्रट cloth.

प्रवृत्ता f. (-ता) Asking, addressing, inviting. ३. प्रवृत्त to ask, aff. प्रुप् ।

प्रवृत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Covered, clothed. 2. Unavowed, disguised. 3. Private, concealed, secret. n. (-त) 1. A private door within a house. 2. A lattice, a loop hole. 3. Any private door. ३. प्र before, प्रुद to hide, aff. क्, what is concealed or secret. ["covertly,"

प्रवृत्त It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "Secretly,"

प्रवृत्त n. (-न) 1. Vomiting. 2. An emetic. ३. प्र, प्रुद-प्रुद aff.

प्रवृत्ति f. (-ता) Vomiting, sickness. ३. प्र violently, प्रुद to vomit, aff. प्रुप् ।

प्रवृत्त n. (-न) 1. An upper or outer garment. 2. Covering, concealing. ३. प्र completely, प्रुद to cover, aff. प्रुट ।

प्रवृत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Covered, clothed, hidden, concealed. ३. प्र before, प्रुद to cover, aff. क् ।

प्रवृत्त n. (-दः) Thick shade, a shadowy place.

प्रवृत्त f. (-ता) Dry. ३. प्रवृत्त-वा प्रवृत्त ।

प्रवृत्त m. (-वः) 1. Fall, ruin. 2. Improvement, growth. ३. प्र-प्रु-प्रक् ।

प्रवृत्त n. (-न) Dropping, oozing. [flight, routed.]

प्रवृत्त f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Fallen from. 2. Displaced, degraded. 3. Put to

प्रवृत्ति f. (-ति) 1. Fall, ruin. 2. Loss, deprivation.

प्रज m. (-जः) A husband. ३. प्र before, प्रु to be born, प्रक् aff. who is re-born in his children ; see प्रजा ।

प्रजन mn. (नः-न) 1. Impregnating, begetting. 2. Impregnation or pregnancy of cattle in general. 3. The season for a cow's taking the bull, &c. m. (-नः) 1. A progenitor, an impregnator. 2. Bringing forth, bearing. ३. प्र before, प्रु to be born, प्रक् aff.

प्रजनन n. (-न) 1. The vulva. 2. Birth, production. 3. Going well or quickly. 4. Procreation. 5. Semen. ३. प्र before, प्रु to be born, aff. प्रुद । [account of.]

प्रजान्तर Adv. Ind. For the sake of procreation. ३. प्रजन, and प्रुद on

प्रजानिका f. (-का) A mother. ३. प्र before, प्रु to be born, aff. प्रु ।

प्रजनिष् mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Being born or produced. 2. Producing, generating. 3. Growing or standing, (as corn.) ३. प्र before, to प्रु to be born, प्रक् aff.

प्रजनुक m. (-कः) The body. ३. प्र-प्रु-वा उक् ।

प्रजन्त m. (-न्तः) 1. Prattle, gossip. 2. Talking heedlessly to a lover. ३. प्र and जन्त talking. It is thus described in Va'chaspatya. "प्रुदयेर्वा-नदयुता योऽवधीरयसुद्रया । प्रियस्य कीर्तनीद्वारः प्रजन्तः स तु कथ्यते ॥"

प्रजन्त n. (-न) Talking, speaking.

प्रजन्त m. (-नः) Great speed. ३. प्र before, प्रु quickness.

प्रजन्त mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Swift, speedy. m. (-वी) A runner, a courier, an express. ३. प्र before, प्रु speed, aff. प्रि ।

प्रजा f. (-जा) 1. Progeny, offspring. 2. People, subjects. 3. Propagation, generation. 4. Semen. 5. Mankind. ३. प्र before, प्रु to be born, affs. प्र and प्रुट. This word changed with प्रजन्त when used as the last member of a Bahubrihi compound with प्र, प्रु or प्रु as the first member. [desire.]

प्रजाकाम mfn. (-मः-मा-म) Desirous of offspring. ३. प्रजा, and काम

प्रजागर m. (-रः) 1. Waking, watching. 2. A guardian. 3. A name of Krishn'a. ३. प्र before, प्रु wakefulness.

प्रजातनु m. (-नुः) A race.

प्रजाता f. (-ता) A woman who has born a child. ३. प्र before, प्रु born, (from whom.) [power.]

प्रजाति f. (-ति) 1. Procreation, propagation. 2. Delivery. 3. Procreative

प्रजाद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) 1. Who or what gives offspring. 2. What removes barrenness, (as a medicine, &c.) ३. प्रजा, and द what gives.

प्रजादान n. (-न) Silver. ३. प्रजा people, and दान gift. [धर्म duty.]

प्रजाधर्म m. (-र्मः) The duty of children or of subjects. ३. प्रजा and

प्रजातन् mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Sensible, intelligent. 2. Knowing, understanding. f. (-नी) A sensible woman. ३. प्र before, प्रु to know, aff. प्रट ।

प्रजानिषेक m. (-कः) Impregnation. [from प्र with क aff.]

प्रजाप m. (-पः) A king. ३. प्रजा people, subjects, and प who protects,

प्रजापति m. (-तिः) 1. A name of BRAHMA'. 2. The epithet common to the ten divine personages, who were first created by BRAHMA' ; they are also termed Brahma'dikas, and their names are MARICHI, ATRI, ANGIRAS, PULASTYA, PULAHA, KRATU, PRACHE'AS, VASHT'HA, BHUGU, and NA'KADA : some authorities make the

Praja'patis only seven in number, others reduce them to three, such as DAKSHA, NA'RAJA, and BHRIJU, and others make them twenty-one. 3. A king, a sovereign. 4. A father. 5. A son-in-law, a daughter's husband. 6. The sun. 7. Fire. 8. A name of VISWAKARMA, the architect of gods. ९. प्रजा people or the world, and पति master. [be born, विनि aff.]

प्रजायिनी f. (-नी) A mother, or bearer of children. ९. प्र before, जन् to have progeny.

प्रजावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Having progeny. 2. Having subjects. f. (-ती) 1. A brother's wife. 2. The wife of an elder brother. 3. A mother. ९. प्रजा offspring, and सनुप् poss. aff.

प्रजाहृत् f. (-हृत्) Increase of progeny. ९. प्रजा and हृत्-increase.

प्रजाहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Favourable or good for children or subjects, &c. kind to them, useful to them, &c. n. (-तं) Water. ९. प्रजा people and हित friendly, useful. [aff. form irr.]

प्रजिन m. (-नः) Air, wind. ९. प्र before, जि to surpass or overcome, ज्ञ प्रजीवन n. (-नं) Livelihood, subsistence. ९. प्र, and जीवन living.

प्रजुष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Strongly attached to, devoted to, intent on. ९. and जुष् to serve, aff. क।

प्रजेवर m. (-रः) A king. ९. प्रजा subject, and ईश्वर lord.

प्रज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञं) 1. Wise, learned; also प्राज्ञ. 2. Bandy-legged, having the knees far apart; see प्रजु. f. (-ज्ञा) 1. A clever or sensible woman. 2. Understanding, wisdom, knowledge. 3. The goddess of arts and eloquence, SARASWATI. 4. Discrimination, judgment. 5. Power of device or design. ९. प्र before, ज्ञा to know, aff. क।

प्रज्ञप्ति f. (-तिः) 1. An appointment, an agreement, an engagement. 2. Teaching doctrine. (-ती) One of the Vidya De'vi's of the Jains. ९. प्र before, ज्ञा to know, causal v., aff. कित्।

प्रज्ञाकाय m. (-यः) A Buddhist saint; also MANJUGHO'SHA. ९. प्रज्ञा knowledge, काय to sound, चक्षु aff.

प्रज्ञाचक्षुस् m. (-क्षुः) A name of DHRTIRASTRA. Adj. Blind, having the understanding as the only eyes. ९. प्रज्ञा and चक्षुस् the eye: being physically blind.

प्रज्ञात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Known, understood. 2. Famous, notorious. 3. Distinct, clear. ९. प्र, and ज्ञात known.

प्रज्ञान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Wise, learned. n. (-नं) 1. Knowledge, wisdom. 2. A mark, a sign, a token. ९. प्र exceeding, ज्ञान knowledge.

प्रज्ञाल f. (-ला) Wise, prudent.

प्रज्ञावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Wise, intelligent. ९. प्रज्ञा, and सनुप् aff.

प्रज्ञाहृत् Adj. Old in wisdom. [void of.]

प्रज्ञाहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Silly, unwise, ignorant. ९. प्रज्ञा, and हीन

प्रज्ञन् m. (-जी) A sage, a scholar, a wise or learned man. ९. प्रज्ञा wisdom, aff. विनि।

प्रज्ञल f. (-ला) Prudent.

प्रजु mfn. (-जुः-जा-जं) Bandy-legged, having the knees far apart. ९. प्र separate, जानु the knee, and जु substitute - also प्रज।

प्रज्वलन n. (-नं) Blazing up, flaming.

प्रज्वलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Blazing, radiant. 2. Burnt. ९. प्र implying excess, ज्वलित burning. [causal v., क aff.]

प्रज्वालित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Lighted, kindled. ९. प्र before, ज्वल् to blaze, प्रजीन n. (-नं) 1. Flying, rapidly, or flying in every direction. 2. Taking flight, beginning to fly. ९. प्र intensive, जीन flying.

प्रण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Old, ancient. ९. प्र substituted for पुराण, and न aff.

प्रणत m. (-तः) The point of a nail.

प्रणत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Bending, bowed, humble, stooping, inclined. 2. Skilful, clever. ९. प्र before, नत् to bow, aff. क।

प्रणतवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Bowing, bent, bowed. ९. प्र before, नत् to bow down, कवत् aff.

प्रणतान्ध mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Inclined, stooping, having the head or top bowed. ९. प्रणत, and शिरस् the head.

प्रणति f. (-तिः) 1. Salutation, reverence, obeisance. 2. Courtesy ९. before, नत् to bow, कित् aff.

प्रणदन n. (-नं) Sounding, sound. [काल]

प्रणदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sounded, sounding. ९. प्र before, नद to sound

प्रणनत् mfn. (-नत्-नती-नत्) Bowing to, saluting with reverence or respect. ९. प्र before, नत् to bow, गृह aff. [गृह inserted]

प्रणनित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bending. ९. प्र before, नत् to bow, क aff. विनि.

प्रणय m. (-यः) 1. Affection, friendly or fond regard. 2. Acquaintance 3. Asking, begging. 4. Affectionate solicitation. 5. Final emancipation or beatitude. 6. Trust, confidence. 7. Reverence, obeisance 8. Favour, kindness. ९. प्र before, यी to get, aff. चक्षु।

प्रणयत् mfn. (-यन्-यती-यत्) 1. Leading, conducting. 2. Dispensing. 3. Deceasing, awarded. ९. प्र and यी to lead, गृह aff.

प्रणयन n. (-नं) 1. Leading, conducting. 2. Dispensing, distributing. 3. Sentencing, awarding. 4. Bringing. 5. Executing. 6. Writing, composing. ९. प्र before, यी to guide, क्युट् aff.

प्रणयमान m. (-नः) Lover's quarrels. ९. प्रणय and मान indignation.

प्रणयवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Attached to, loving. ९. प्रणय, and सनुप् aff.

प्रणयविरुद्ध Adj. Declined to friendship. [विहति rejecting]

प्रणयविरुद्धि f. (-तिः) Denial, refusal, non-compliance. ९. प्रणय requiring,

प्रणयापराध m. (-धः) An offence against love.

प्रणयिन् mfn. (-यी-यिषी-यि) 1. Affectionate, kind. 2. Intimate, familiar. 3. Beloved, dear. 4. Desirous of. m. (-यी) 1. A husband or lover. 2. A favourite 3. A suitor. f. (-यिषी) A wife or mistress. ९. प्रणय affection, विनि poss. aff.

प्रणयोन्युद्ध Adj. Impatient through love.

प्रणयन n. (-नं) Dancing. ९. प्र before, नत् to dance, क्युट् aff.

प्रणय m. (-यः) 1. The mystical name of the Deity, or syllable "Om." 2. A small kind of drum or tabor. 3. A name of Vishnu. ९. प्र before, नत् to praise, aff. चक्षु। [added]

प्रणयक m. (-कः) The mystical name of the Deity. ९. प्रणय, and नत्

प्रणयन् mfn. (-यन्-यती-यत्) 1. Perishing, falling away. 2. Endeavouring to escape. ९. प्र before, नत् to destroy, aff. गृह।

प्रणस f. (-सः) Adj. Having a prominent nose.

प्रणाङ्गी f. (-ङ्गी) Intervention, interposition.

प्रणाद m. (-दः) 1. A loud noise, especially expressing approbation or delight, a huzza, a shout. 2. A low sound expressive of great pleasure, a murmur or sigh of rapture. 3. A cry for help. 4. Neighing, bringing. 5. A disease of the ear, a noise or buzzing in the ear from thickening of the membranes, &c. ९. प्र much, and नाद sound.

प्रणाम m. (-नः) Respectful or reverential salutation, addressed especially to a Brahman or deity. ९. प्र before, नत् to bow, aff. चक्षु।

प्रणायक m. (-कः) A leader, a chief.

प्रणाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Devoid of passion or desire. 2. Disobedient, disagreeing. 3. Upright, straight, in rectitude. 4. Beloved. ९. प्र away, यी to go, aff. खत्।

प्रणाल mf. (-लः-ली) 1. An issue from a pond, drain, a watercourse. 2. An uninterrupted series. ९. प्र before, नत् to bind, aff. चक्षु; also with कन् added in the fem. form प्रणालिका f. (-का)

प्रणाश m. (-शः) Loss, destruction. ९. प्र before, नत् to be destroyed, चक्षु aff.

प्रणाशन n. (-नं) Destruction, annihilation.

प्रणाशिन mfn. (-नी-शिनो-नि) Destroying. ९. प्र before, नत् to be destroyed, causal v., चिचिन् aff.

प्रणयन् mfn. (-यन्-यती-यत्) Preparing or threatening to strike. ९. प्र and नि before, नत् to strike, aff. गृह।

प्रणयित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Kissed. ९. प्र, चिचि to kiss, क aff.; also read प्रणयित।

प्रणयितव्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be kissed, what may or ought to be kissed. ९. प्र before, चिचि to kiss, तक्षु aff.; also read प्रणयितव्य।

प्रविधान n. (-नं) 1. Great effort, stress, energy. 2. Profound religious meditation. 3. Access, entrance. 4. Respectful behaviour. 5. Application, use. 6. Renunciation of the fruits of actions. इ. प्र and नि before, चा to have, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविधि m. (-धिः) 1. A spy, a secret agent or emissary. 2. Asking, solicitation or request. 3. Care, attention. 4. A follower. इ. प्र and नि before, चा to have, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविदम् mfn. (-दम्) Sounding deep or like thunder. इ. प्र and नि before, नद् to sound, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविनाद m. (-दः) A deep sound, that of thunder or its like. इ. प्र and नि before, नद् to sound, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्तम् n. (-त्तं) Saluting, bowing or doing homage to. इ. प्र and नि before, वत् to go, aff. क्त्वा । [before, वत् to go, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति mfn. (-त्तिः) Bowed down in reverence, saluting. इ. प्र and नि before, वत् to go, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति Ind. Having bowed down or in reverence, having saluted respectfully. इ. प्र and नि before, वत् to go, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति m. (-त्तिः) 1. Salutation, reverence, obeisance. 2. Calling at one's feet, prostration. इ. प्र and नि before, वत् to go, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति m. (-त्तिः) A magical formulae pronounced over weapons.

प्रविपत्ति mfn. (-त्तिः) 1. Delivered, entrusted, consigned. 2. Obtained, received, acquired. 3. Acknowledged, admitted. 4. Placed, fixed, deposited. 5. Prudent, advised, careful, wary. 6. Determined, decided. 7. Having the mind concentrated. 8. Spied out. 9. Stretched forth. इ. प्र and नि before, चा to have, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति mfn. (-त्तिः) 1. Dressed, (as food) cooked, &c. 2. Made, done, constructed. 3. Thrown, cast, sent. 4. Entered, approached. 5. Proper, fit. 6. Said, declared. 7. Delivered, given, presented. 8. Decried, sentenced, awarded. 9. Advanced, promoted. 10. Executed, accomplished. 11. Taught. 12. Composed, written. m. (-त्तिः) Fire consecrated by prayers or mystical formulae. f. (-त्तिः) A vessel used at sacrifices, a sort of cup. n. (-त्तिः) Condiment. इ. प्र before, नो to get, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति mfn. (-त्तिः) Praised, celebrated. इ. प्र before, वत् to praise, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति f. (-त्तिः) Adj. Driven away, repelled.

प्रविपत्ति mfn. (-त्तिः) Enjoining, directing, who or what commands or enjoins. इ. प्र before, नद् to command, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति mfn. (-त्तिः) 1. Shaking, trembling. 2. Sent, despatched. 3. Driven away. 4. Set in motion. इ. प्र before, नद् to sound, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति m. (-त्तिः) 1. A leader. 2. The promulgator of a doctrine. 3. An author.

प्रविपत्ति mfn. (-त्तिः) 1. Docile, submissive, agreeable. 2. To be accomplished. 3. To be settled. इ. प्र before, नो to lead, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति m. (-त्तिः) 1. Directing, ordering. 2. Guilding, driving, (as horses.) इ. प्र before, नद् to send, aff. क्त्वा । [before, नद् to send, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति mfn. (-त्तिः) 1. Ordered, directed. 2. Driven, guided. इ. प्र before, वत् to go, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति f. (-त्तिः) 1. Spread over, covered. 2. Stretched out.

प्रविपत्ति f. (-त्तिः) 1. Spreading, expansion. 2. A creeping plant. इ. प्र before, तन् to spread, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति f. (-त्तिः) A creeping plant. इ. प्र before, तन् to spread, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति mfn. (-त्तिः) 1. Thin, delicate, minute. 2. Small, puny. 3. Slender, emaciated. 4. Insignificant. इ. प्र, and तन् thin.

प्रविपत्ति n. (-नं) Making warm.

प्रविपत्ति f. (-त्तिः) Adj. 1. Heated. 2. Tortured, tormented.

प्रविपत्ति m. (-त्तिः) Crossing, crossing over. इ. प्र + त् + क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति m. (-त्तिः) Conjecture, supposition. [to reason, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति n. (-नं) Reasoning, discussion, doubt, logic. इ. प्र before, तन् to spread, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति n. (-नं) Repelling. इ. प्र + त् + क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति m. (-नं) The open hand with the fingers extended. n. (-नं) One

of the seven principal divisions of the lower regions. इ. प्र exceeding, तन् lowness, &c.

प्रविपत्ति m. (-नं) 1. Spreading, expansion. 2. A shoot, a tendril. 3. A low spreading creeper. 4. A disease, fainting, epilepsy. 5. Ramification. इ. प्र before, तन् to spread, aff. क्त्वा ।

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प्रविपत्ति m. (-नं) 1. Majesty, dignity, glory, possession of rank and power. 2. Spirit, valour, energy. 3. Splendour, brilliancy. 4. Warmth, glowing. Heat. इ. प्र before, तन् to shine, aff. क्त्वा । "यत्किं हवे च ।"

प्रविपत्ति m. (-नं) Name of a hell. n. (-नं) 1. Inflicting pain or punishment, burning, consuming. 2. Paining, distressing. इ. प्र before, तन् to heat, aff. क्त्वा । [इ. प्र before and तन् to go, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति mfn. (-नं) 1. Majestic, glorious. 2. An epithet of Śiva.

प्रविपत्ति m. (-नं) A species of gigantic Asclepias, with white flowers. इ. प्र before, तन् to destroy, aff. क्त्वा । "यत्किं हवे च ।"

प्रविपत्ति mfn. (-नं) 1. Shining, splendid. 2. Dignified, powerful. 3. Burning. 4. Distressing. इ. प्र before, and इति aff. [desire, क्त्वा aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति mfn. (-नं) 1. Desiring. 2. Being afflicted. इ. प्र before, तन् to pass over, (to overreach,) aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति m. (-नं) 1. Crossing over. 2. Carrying over, bearing over. 3. Deceit, fraud. इ. प्र before, तन् to cross, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति m. (-नं) A cheat. इ. प्र before, तन् to cross, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति m. (-नं) 1. Fraud, cheating, deceit, over-reaching, trick. 2. Carrying over. इ. प्र before, तन् to cross, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविपत्ति mfn. (-नं) Cheated, deceived, tricked. इ. प्र before, तन् to pass over, (to overreach,) aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रति Ind. As a prefix to verbal themes it means,—1. In the direction of, towards. 2. In opposition to. 3. Back, in return. 4. Down upon. As a prefix to nouns not immediately derived from verbs it means,—1. Likeness, resemblance. 2. Rivalry, As a particle and prefix it means,—1. Substitution, (instead, in lieu ; ) as प्रविपत्तिः केशवान् प्रति. 2. Several order, (severally, each by each ; ) as हव प्रति विद्यति ; प्रतिवेद each Vēda ; प्रतिदिन every day ; प्रतिदिन each opening ; प्रतिगर्भ every birth ; प्रत्येक one by one. 3. Direction, (to, towards, upon ; ) as हव प्रति विद्यते विद्यन्. 4. Belonging to, (as a part or portion.) 5. Exchange, return, (again, back again,) as तिलः प्रति तिलः यच्छति. 6. A little, &c. as शाकप्रति, स्वप्रति. 7. Opposition, in place, as प्रतिमुख्य against the sun, प्रतिवात against the wind. 8. With respect to, चनेकभाष्यं, प्रत्याह. 9. In proportion to, as तं सङ्ख्याय प्रति. 10. In the vicinity of, by the side of, as गङ्गा प्रति. 11. At the time of, as फाल्गुनं प्रति. 12. Concerning, as वज्रविवाह प्रति कथंसाची. इ. प्र to be famous, उक्ति aff. ; in the following compounds the final र of प्रति is optionally long, before derivatives formed with क्त्वा, as प्रविपत्ति or प्रविपत्ति &c. [tituted for कार्पाय, and यत् aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रति mfn. (-नं) Worth sixteen Pans of Cowries. इ. प्रति sub-

प्रति m. (-नं) 1. An adversary.

प्रति m. (-नं) 1. Severally, one by one. 2. Near the throat.

प्रति m. (-नं) Requit, compensation. इ. प्र + क्त्वा ।

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प्रति m. (-नं) 1. Dress, decoration, personal embellishment. 2. Retaliation, requital. 3. Remedy, redress. 4. Opposition. इ. प्रति belonging to, (the body) and कथंन् business.

प्रति m. (-नं) 1. Aggregation. 2. Anticipation, (of a word,) occurring later. इ. प्रति + क्त्वा-क्त्वा ।

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प्रति m. (-नं) The open hand with the fingers extended. n. (-नं) One

प्रतिकाय m. (-यः) 1. A butt, a mark ; the effigy of a man, for archers to practise at. 2. An effigy, an image, a picture. ३. प्रति again, and काय the body ; a repetition or reflection of the form.

प्रतिकार m. (-रः) 1. Revenge, requital, retribution, retaliation. 2. Remediating, counteracting. 3. Remedy, prevention. 4. Opposition. ३. प्रति again, against, and कार making ; also प्रतीकार ।

प्रतिकाश mfn. (-यः या श) Like, resembling, (used in composition.) m. (-यः) 1. Look, appearance. 2. Reflection. ३. प्रति to or again, and काश or कास what shines : also प्रतीकाश, प्रतिकाम, and प्रतीकाव.

प्रतिकाम mfn. (-यः-का-स) Like, (in composition :) see the last.

प्रतिकर्तव्य m. (-व्यः) An opponent in a game. [क aff.]

प्रतिकुचित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Bent, curved. ३. प्रति, and कुचि to be curved, प्रतिकुञ्जर m. (-रः) A hostile elephant.

प्रतिकूप m. (-पः) A moat, a ditch. ३. प्रति implying little, and कूप a well.

प्रतिकूल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Contrary, adverse, cross-grained, reverse, inverted. 2. Contradictory, cross, perverse. 3. Inauspicious. 4. Unpleasant, disagreeable. ३. प्रति for प्रतीप avorted, and कूल a bank or shore.

प्रतिकूलम् Ind. 1. Contrarily. 2. Inversely, in an inverted order.

प्रतिकूलता f. (-ता) Opposition, hostility. ३. प्रतिकूल, and तन् aff. ; also with ल, प्रतिकूलत्व ।

प्रतिकूल mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Requited, returned. 2. Counteracted. 3. Remedied. ३. प्रति, and कृत made.

प्रतिकृति f. (-तिः) 1. An effigy, a figure, an image, a picture, a reflection, a shadow, a reflected image. 2. Retaliation, return, revenge. 3. A substitute. ३. प्रति again, &c. and कृति making.

प्रतिकृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्ट-ष्ट) 1. Inferior, low, vile. 2. Twice ploughed, or ploughed back again. 3. Repulsed, rejected. 4. Hidden, concealed. ३. प्रति against, and कृष्ट drawn.

प्रतिक्रम m. (-मः) Inverted order.

प्रतिक्रिया f. (-या) 1. Return, requital. 2. Retaliation. 3. Remediating, counteracting. 4. Embellishment, decoration. 5. Protection. 6. Help, succour ३. प्रति, and क्रिया act.

प्रतिकृष्ट f. (-ष्टः) Adj. Miserable, poor.

प्रतिक्रोध m. (-धः) Anger in return. [and क्रोध an instant.]

प्रतिक्षण Adv. n. (-ण) Momentarily, every moment. ३. प्रति, several order, प्रतिक्षय m. (-यः) A guard, an attendant. ३. प्रति against, क्षय injury.

प्रतिक्षिप्त mfn. (-क्षिप्तः-क्षिप्तः) 1. Dismissed, rejected, turned away. 2. Sent, despatched. 3. Opposed, repelled, resisted. 4. Abused, reviled. 5. Calumniated, falsely accused. ३. प्रति again, against, and क्षिप्त thrown, sent.

प्रतिक्षुब्ध n. (-ब्धः) Sneezing, wheezing. ३. प्रति repeatedly, क्षुब्ध sneezing.

प्रतिक्षेप m. (-पः) 1. Rejection. 2. Contradiction. 3. Contest.

प्रतिगत fn. (-ता-त) Flying backwards and forwards, wheeling in flight. ३. प्रति repetition, and गत gone ; going and coming.

प्रतिगमन n. (-नः) Returning, going back.

प्रतिगच्छन् mfn. (-च्छन्-च्छन्-तो-च्छन्) 1. Echoing, reverberating. 2. Murmuring, rebelling. ३. प्रति before, गच्छ to growl, गच्छ aff.

प्रतिगर्जना f. (-ना) Roaring against.

प्रतिगर्हित f. (-ता) Adj. Blamed.

प्रतिगात्रम् Ind. In every limb.

प्रतिगिरि m. (-रिः) Any inferior mountain, or any thing like a mountain. ३. प्रति, and गिरि a hill. [३. प्रति, गच्छ to take, क aff.]

प्रतिग्रहीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Taken, accepted. 2. Admitted. 3. Married.

प्रतिग्रहीत mfn. (-ता-तो-त) Who takes or accepts, an acceptor, a receiver. ३. प्रति before, ग्रह to take, त् aff.

प्रतिग्रह्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be taken, what may be accepted, &c. Ind. 1. Having taken. 2. Bringing up the rear. ३. प्रति, and ग्रह् to take, क्त् aff. or क्त् aff.

प्रतिग्रह्य m. (-हः) 1. Acceptance, assent. 2. Proper donation to Bra'h-

mans, whatever is a fit present to a Bra'hman at suitable period. 3. The acceptance of such a gift. 4. Friendly reception. 5. Fav. 6. Marrying. 7. A spitting-pot. 8. The reserve of an army, detachment posted with the general four hundred yards in rear of the line. 9. The sun near the moon's node. ३. प्रति again &c. and ग्रह taking. [taking]

प्रतिग्रह्य n. (-यः) 1. Receiving presents. 2. Marrying. ३. प्रति, and ग्रह प्रतिग्रह्यीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be taken or accepted. ३. प्रति, ग्रह take, क्त् aff.

प्रतिग्रह्य m. (-हः) 1. A spitting-pot. 2. Accepting gifts. ३. प्रति before ग्रह to take, क्त् aff.

प्रतिग्रह्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be accepted or taken. ३. प्रति, and ग्रह taken, क्त् aff.

प्रतिगृहम् Ind. In every house.

प्रतिघ्न mfn. (-घ्नः-घा-घ्न) Adverse, inimical. m. (-घ्नः) 1. Wrath, rage. 2. Mutual boating, combat, fighting. 3. Fainting. 4. An enemy. 5. Opposition. ३. प्रति again, severally, and घ्न striking.

प्रति(तो)घात m. (-तः) 1. A return blow, repulse, rebound. 2. Warding off a blow. 3. Preventing, prohibiting. ३. प्रति before, घ्न to kill aff. दिघ्न-भावि-घ्न । [घ्न to kill, aff. कृत्]

प्रतिघातन n. (-नः) 1. Repulsing. 2. Killing, slaughter. ३. प्रति mutually प्रतिघातिन् mfn. (-तो-तिनो-ति) 1. Repelling, repulsing. 2. Hostile opposed to. ३. प्रतिघात, and हनि aff.

प्रतिघ्न n. (-घ्नः) The body. ३. प्रति again, घ्न what destroys.

प्रतिघ्नन् mfn. (-घ्नन्-घ्नन्-तो-घ्नन्) 1. Opposing, impeding. 2. Destructive. 3. Hostile. ३. प्रति before, घ्न to kill, गच्छ aff.

प्रतिघ्न m. (-घ्नः) A mock-moon.

प्रतिघ्नन् Ind. In every Vedic school or branch.

प्रतिविकोषा f. (-षा) Desire of retaliation or revenge.

प्रतिचिन्तन n. (-नः) Thinking repeatedly, considering, meditating upon. ३. प्रति, and चिन्त to think, aff. कृत् ।

प्रतिच्छन्द m. (-न्दः) 1. A reflected image, any image, a picture, a statue. 2. A substitute. ३. प्रति again, छिन्दि to cover, aff. क्त् ; also with क्त् added प्रतिच्छन्दक n. (-कः)

प्रतिच्छन्द n. (-नः) A cover, a piece of cloth for a covering.

प्रतिच्छन्न f. (-न्ना) Adj. 1. Covered, enveloped. 2. Hidden, concealed. 3. Furnished with.

प्रतिच्छाया f. (-या) 1. An image, a statue, a bas-relief, a picture. 2. A reflected image, a shade or shadow. ३. प्रति again, छाया a shadow.

प्रतिच्छेद m. (-दः) Opposition, resistance. ३. प्रति, and छेद cutting.

प्रतिनङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) The forepart of the leg, the thigh. ३. प्रति before, and नङ्गा the thigh.

प्रतिजल्प m. (-ल्पः) A reply, an answer. [जल्पक talking.]

प्रतिजल्पक m. (-कः) Reply in assent, respectful concurrence. ३. प्रति, and प्रतिजगम m. (-रः) Attention, watchfulness. ३. प्रति towards, and जगम watchful.

प्रतिजिह्वा f. (-ङ्गा) The uvula, or soft palate. ३. प्रति again, or like, जिह्वा the tongue ; also with क्त् added in the fem. form, प्रतिजिह्विका (-का) ।

प्रतिजीवन n. (-नः) Resuscitation. ३. प्रति again, जीवन living.

प्रतिज्ञा f. (-ज्ञा) 1. Promise, agreement, engagement, assent. 2. Admission, acknowledgment. 3. Declaration, affirmation. 4. (In logic,) The proposition, the assertion to be proved. 5. A plaint, (in law.) ३. प्रति mutually, ज्ञा to know, aff. कृत् ।

प्रतिज्ञात mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Promised, agreed. 2. Admitted, acknowledged. 3. Propounded, asserted. ३. प्रति mutually, ज्ञात known.

प्रतिज्ञातय mfn. (-यः-य-य) 1. To be promised. 2. To be assented to. ३. प्रति before, ज्ञा to know, तय aff. [know, कृत् aff.]

प्रतिज्ञान n. (-नः) Promise, agreement, assent. ३. प्रति before, ज्ञा to प्रतिज्ञानर n. (-रः) A subsequent proposition on failure of the first, (in logic.) ३. प्रतिज्ञा, and चत्तर difference.



प्रतिज्ञापत्रक n. (-कं) A bond, a written contract. इ. प्रतिज्ञा agreement, and प्रतिज्ञा Ind. Having promised. इ. प्रति before, ज्ञा to know, अप् aff.  
 प्रतिज्ञाविरोध m. (-धः) 1. Denial of a logical proposition. 2. Acting contrary to promise or agreement. इ. प्रतिज्ञा, and विरोध opposition.  
 प्रतिज्ञाविवाहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Promised in marriage, betrothed. इ. प्रतिज्ञा, and विवाहित married.  
 प्रतिज्ञासत्यास m. (-सः) 1. Abandonment of the original proposition, (in logic.) 2. Breaking a promise. इ. प्रतिज्ञा, and सत्यास quitting.  
 प्रतिज्ञाहानि f. (-निः) Giving up the argument. इ. प्रतिज्ञा, and हानि abandoning.  
 प्रतिज्ञाय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be promised or accepted. m. (-यः) The reciter or pronouncer of a panegyric, the proclaimer of rank and titles, a herald, a bard, a panegyrist. इ. प्रति before, ज्ञा to know, यत् aff.  
 प्रतिज्ञासिद्धान्त m. (-न्तः) Conclusion or notion adopted by each disputant severally. इ. प्रति severally, तत् truth, and सिद्धान्त conclusion.  
 प्रतिज्ञान Adv. n. (-न्) 1. According to each Tantra. 2. According to each opinion, &c. इ. प्रति and तन् a doctrine.  
 प्रतिज्ञा m. (-रः) An oarsman, a sailor.  
 प्रतिज्ञा m. (-नः) A kind of air or melody. f. (-नी) The key of a door or padlock, or an instrument to open a door. इ. प्रति relating to, तान् tune, or a lock, fem. aff. डीप् ।  
 प्रतिज्ञेय n. (-नं) Seeing, perceiving.  
 प्रतिदान n. (-नं) 1. The return or re-delivery of a deposit. 2. Barter, exchange. 3. Giving back or in return for. इ. प्रति again, दान a giving.  
 प्रतिद्वन्द्व n. (-न्) 1. War, battle. 2. Splitting इ. प्रति reciprocally, and द्वन्द्व tearing. [a day.  
 प्रतिदिन Adv. n. (-नं) Every day, day by day. इ. प्रति severally, and दिन प्रतिदिवस m. (-वः) 1. The sun. 2. The day. इ. प्रति severally, दिव् to shine, Una'di aff कनिच् ; also with the vowel lengthened, प्रतिदीवन् ।  
 प्रतिदिश Adv. n. (-शः) Every where, all around. इ. प्रति, and दिग् a quarter.  
 प्रतिदृष्ट f. (-ष्ट) Adj. Come in sight, become visible.  
 प्रतिद्वय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be returned, to be given back, or as an equivalent. n. (-यः) 1. A pledge, a pawn. 2. An article purchased and given back. इ. प्रति again, द्वय to be given.  
 प्रतिदेवतम् Ind. For every deity.  
 प्रतिद्वन्द्व n. (-न्) Opposition, hostility. m. (-न्तः) 1. An opponent, an adversary, a rival. 2. An enemy. इ. प्रति against, द्वन्द्व a couple.  
 प्रतिद्वन्द्व mfn. (-न्तः-न्ती-न्ती-न्) Hostile, an enemy. इ. प्रतिद्वन्द्व, and द्वन्द्व aff.  
 प्रतिधावन n. (-नं) Assailing, attacking.  
 प्रतिधुर m. (-रः) A horse harnessed by the side of another.  
 प्रतिध्वनि f. (-निः) Echo, reverberated sound. इ. प्रति, and ध्वनि sound.  
 प्रतिध्वनि f. (-निः) Adj. Down cast. [ध्वनि sound.  
 प्रतिध्वनि m. (-नः) Echo, reiterated or repeated sound. इ. प्रति again, प्रतिध्वनय n. (-नं) Greeting, congratulating. इ. प्रति + नन्द-भाव लृट् ।  
 प्रतिपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A great grandson, a son's grandson. इ. प्रति again, repeated, and पुत्र a grandson.  
 प्रतिपुत्र mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. New, young, fresh, recent. 2. Newly blown or budded. इ. प्रति intensive prefix, and नव new.  
 प्रतिप्राङ्गि f. (-ङ्गी) A branch-vein.  
 प्रतिप्राद m. (-दः) Echo, resonance. इ. प्रति, and प्राद sound. [इतच् aff.  
 प्रतिप्रादित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Echoing, re-sounding. इ. प्रतिप्राद, and प्रतिप्रादय m. (-यः) The adversary of the hero of a poetic composition.  
 प्रतिप्रीति m. (-प्रीतिः) A flag, a banner.  
 प्रतिप्रति m. (-प्रतिः) 1. A resemblance of a real form, an image, a statue, &c. 2. A surety. 3. A substitute. इ. प्रति again, प्रा to have, with नि prefix, कि aff.  
 प्रतिप्रति m. (-दः) An echo, a reverberation. इ. प्रति, and निप्रद so ind.  
 प्रतिप्रति m. (-नः) A general rule.

प्रतिनिर्जित f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Rescinded. 2. Vanquished.  
 प्रतिनिर्देश f. (-शा) Adj. That which, though stated before, is repeated in order to give some further information about it, viz : - (The attribute तान्त्र in "उदेति सविता तान्त्राव एवास्मैति च") इ. प्रति + निर्देश-कर्मणि-लृट् ।  
 प्रतिनिर्घात n. (-नं) Retaliation, retribution.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात n. (-नं) 1. Turning back or away from. 2. Returning. इ. प्रति, and नि before, हत् to be, लृट् aff.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात f. (-घा) Adj. 1. Hardened. 2. Obstinate.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात m. (-घः) A confirmed blockhead.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) 1. Turned away from, desisted from, leaving, withdrawn from. 2. Come back, returned. इ. प्रति and नि before, हत् to be, लृट् aff.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात Adv. n. (-घः) By night, every night. इ. प्रति, and निशा a night.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात m. (-दः) Repelling, repulse.  
 प्रतिनिर्घात m. (-पः) A king of the lunar race, father of SA'NTANU, and grandfather of BHISHMA &c.: See प्रतीप. इ. प्रति severally, and प who cherishes.  
 प्रतिपक्ष m. (-धः) 1. An enemy, (figuratively used in the sense of "equal" "similar".) 2. A respondent, an opponent. 3. A defendant. इ. प्रति against, and पक्ष a part, a party.  
 प्रतिपक्षित Adj. 1. Containing a contradiction. 2. Nullified by a contradictory premiss, (as a Hetu.)  
 प्रतिपक्षिन् m. (-न्) An adversary, an opponent.  
 प्रतिपक्षिन् f. (-निः) 1. Fame, renown, reputation. 2. Gaining, getting, obtaining, acquirement. 3. Action, worldly practice or activity, as opposed to religious contemplation. 4. Use, application, profit. 5. Arrogance, audacity, confidence. 6. Knowledge, perception, observation, determination, ascertainment. 7. Elevation, exaltation, promotion, acquirement of rank or dignity. 8. Acknowledgment, assent, admission, acceptance. 9. Inspiring trust or confidence, satisfying, showing in proof. 10. Respectful or affectionate behaviour. 11. Purpose, design. 12. Comprehending, including. 13. Distribution, disposal. 14. Giving, presentation. 15. Intellect, intelligence. 16. Inclination, tendency. 17. Method, means. 18. Promotion, preferment. 19. Proof, conviction. 20. Undertaking, commencement. 21. Resolution. 22. Procedure, act of proceeding. 23. Knowledge of what to do. 24. Blinding, misleading, deceiving. 25. Throwing Ghee on the fire, or images into a sacred stream, or any similar rite from which no advantage is expected. इ. प्रति severally or towards, &c. पद् to go, aff. क्निच् ।  
 प्रतिपक्षिपट्ट m. (-ट्टः) A large drum; the state drum allowed only to chiefs of a certain rank. इ. प्रतिपक्षि celebrity, and पट्ट a drum.  
 प्रतिपक्षिपराङ्मुख mfn. (-खः-खो-ख) Obstinate, unyielding. इ. प्रतिपक्षि, and पराङ्मुख averse.  
 प्रतिपक्षिपत् mfn. (-पत्-पती-पत्) 1. Active, prompt. 2. Celebrated. 3. High in rank. इ. प्रतिपक्षि, and पत् aff.  
 प्रतिपक्षिपराद Adj. Knowing what is to be done.  
 प्रतिपक्षिपत् n. (-पत्) A kettle-drum. इ. प्रतिपक्षि rank, and पत् a musical instrument. "दग्ध्-काङ्गा"  
 प्रतिपक्षि Ind. Along the road.  
 प्रतिपक्षि f. (-पक्षि पत्) 1. The first day of a lunar fortnight, the first of the moon's increase or wane. 2. Beginning, commencement. 3. Understanding, intellect. 4. Rank, consequence. 5. A kettle drum. इ. प्रति severally, पद् to go, and पत् aff.  
 प्रतिपक्षि Ind. or n. adv. (-दं) 1. Step by step. 2. At every word. 3. Continually, every moment. इ. प्रति, and पक्षि step.  
 प्रतिपक्षि f. (-पक्षि or पक्षि) The first day of a lunar fortnight.  
 प्रतिपक्षि mfn. (-पक्षि-पक्षि-पक्षि) 1. Known, understood, ascertained, determined. 2. Promised, engaged, assented to, accepted. 3. Overcome,

conquered, subdued. 4. Obtained, gained. 5. Done, effected, accomplished. 6. Undertaken. 7. Replied. 8. Acknowledged, admitted. 9. Proved, demonstrated. ६. प्रति again, and पट् to go, aff. क ।

प्रतिपाद्य n. (-चं) 1. Stake, gage, the thing played for. 2. A counter-pledge, the thing staked against another. ६. प्रति, and पच् to have price, चञ् aff.

प्रतिपादन् Ind. As regards each character.

प्रतिपादन् Ind. In each quarter.

प्रतिपादक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. What produces effects, causes, &c. 2. Explanatory. f. (-द्विक) 1. Granting, bestowing. 2. Establishing, demonstrating. 3. Explaining, illustrating. 4. Furthering, promoting. ६. प्रति, and पट् to go, causal v., चञ् aff.

प्रतिपादन n. (-नं) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Ascertaining, proving, establishing, determining, rendering clear or intelligible. 3. Action, worldly conduct or interest. 4. Accomplishing, effecting. 5. Producing, causing. 6. Expounding, explaining. 7. Repeated action, practice. ६. प्रति severally, and पट् to go, causal v., aff. छट् ।

प्रतिपादित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Delivered, given. 2. Caused, produced. 3. Proved, explained, established. ६. प्रति before, पट् to go, causal form, क aff.

प्रतिपादक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) 1. Determining, ascertaining. 2. Making manifest or clear. 3. What causes or effects. ६. प्रति before, पट् to go, causal v., चञ् aff.

प्रतिपाप Adj. Recompensing evil for evil.

प्रतिपालक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what protects or defends. m. (-कः) 1. A king. 2. A protector. ६. प्रति before, पाल् to protect, वृत् aff.

प्रतिपालन n. (-नं) 1. Protecting, defending, guarding, cherishing. 3. Following, practising. ६. प्रति and पाल् to cherish, वृत् aff.

प्रतिपालनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be cherished or protected. 2. To be observed or followed. ६. प्रति, and पाल् to cherish, चनीय् aff.

प्रतिपालित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Cherished, protected. 2. Practised, followed. ६. प्रति before, पाल् to cherish, क aff.

प्रतिपाष्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be cherished or protected. ६. प्रति before, पाल् to cherish, यत् aff.; also प्रतिपालित्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं)

प्रतिपीडन n. (-नं) Oppressing, molesting.

प्रतिपुत्र m. (-यः) 1. A deputy, a substitute. 2. A companion. 3. The effigy of a man which thieves push into a house to ascertain whether any body is awake. n. adv. (-चं) Every man, man by man. ६. प्रति, and पुत्र a man. [who worships.

प्रतिपूजक m. (-कः) A reverer, one who does homage. ६. प्रति, and पूजक

प्रतिपूजन n. (-नं) 1. Exchange of civilities, mutual obeisance or reverence. 2. Offering homage or respect. ६. प्रति, and पूजन worshiping.

प्रतिपूजित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Treated with reverence or respect. 2. Exchanged as civilities. ६. प्रति, and पूजित worshiped.

प्रतिपूज्य Ind. 1. Having offered homage to. 2. Having exchanged respectful salutation. ६. प्रति, and पूज् to worship, छप् aff.

प्रतिपूरण n. (-चं) Filling, filling up.

प्रतिपूर्वाह्न Ind. Every forenoon.

प्रतिप्रणाम m. (-नः) A bow in return.

प्रतिप्रदान n. (-नं) 1. Returning, restoring. 2. Giving in marriage.

प्रतिप्रयाण n. (-यः) Return, retreat. ६. प्रति, and प्रयाण who goes.

प्रतिप्रश्न m. (-नः) 1. A question in return. 2. An answer.

प्रतिप्रसङ्ग m. (-यः) Precept for an act which under other circumstances is forbidden, a counter-exception or the application of the general rule to a case covered by an exception. ६. प्रति, and प्रसङ्ग birth.

प्रतिप्रसूत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Re-enjoined, after having been forbidden. ६. प्रति, and प्रसूत born.

प्रतिप्रसूत n. (-नं) Leaping back.

प्रतिफल n. (-तः) 1. An image, a shadow, a reflection. 2. Return, requital, retaliation. ६. प्रति, and फल fruit.

प्रतिफलन n. (-नं) 1. A reflected image. 2. Requital, return. ६. प्रति, and फल to bear fruit, छट् aff.

प्रतिफलित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Represented, reflected, shadowed. 2. Requited, returned. ६. प्रति, and फल to bear fruit, क aff.

प्रतिफुल्लक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Flowered, blossoming, having flowers. 2. Full blown oward. ६. प्रति severally, पुत्र blown, and कन् added.

प्रतिवध mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Disappointed, thwarted, crossed, vexed. 2. Obstructed, opposed, kept at a distance, prevented. 3. Set, inland. 4. Bound, tied. 5. Connected with, furnished with, entangled. 6. Inseparably connected, ( In phil. ) ६. प्रति against, and वध bound.

प्रतिवधक m. (-कः) An opposer, an injurer. ६. प्रति, वध् to kill, वृत् aff.

प्रतिवन्ध m. (-न्धः) 1. Obstacle, impediment. 2. Disappointment. 3. Resistance, opposition. 4. Blockade, siege. 5. Inseparable connection. ६. प्रति against, वन्ध a binding.

प्रतिवन्धक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Impeding, obstructing, an obstructor or opposer. 2. Binding. m. (-कः) A branch, a shoot. n. (-कं) An impediment. ६. प्रतिवन्ध obstacle, aff. कन् ।

प्रतिवन्धकारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Who or what hinders, obstructs, &c. ६. प्रतिवन्ध, and कारिन् who makes.

प्रतिवन्धन n. (-नं) 1. Obstructing, impeding. 2. Lending, confinement. ६. प्रति, and वन्ध् to bind, छट् aff.

प्रतिवन्धिन्दी f. (-न्दी) An argument equally applicable to the opposite side. ६. प्रति + वन्ध-इन् or डीप् optionally added; also प्रतिवन्धि and प्रतिवन्धी ।

प्रतिवन्धि m. (-न्धिः or -न्धीः) Contradiction. ६. प्रति, and वन्ध् to bind, इत् aff. see the last.

प्रतिवन्धु m. (-न्धुः) 1. The sons of a daughter. 2. Equal in rank.

प्रतिवन्धु mfn. (-न्धुः-न्धा-न्ध) 1. Able, adequate, powerful. 2. On equal strength. n. (-नं) An hostile army. ६. प्रति intensive prefix, and इन् strong.

प्रतिवाधन n. (-नं) Repelling, keeping off.

प्रतिवाह m. (-हः) The fore part of the arm.

प्रतिवि (वि) स्व (स्व) n. (-स्वः-स्वः) 1. A reflection. 2. A picture.

प्रतिविम्बन n. (-नं) Correspondence, comparison.

प्रतिविम्बित f. (-ता) Reflected, mirrored.

प्रतिवृद्ध mfn. (-वः-वा-वृ) 1. Exalted, rendered prosperous or great. 2. Known, celebrated. 3. Wakened, awake. ६. प्रति and वृष् to know, aff. क ।

प्रतिवोध m. (-वः) 1. Waking, awaking. 2. Instructing. ६. प्रति before, वध् to know, चञ् aff.; also with वृट् प्रतिवोधन ।

प्रतिबोधित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Instructed, taught. 2. Awakened. ६. प्रति and बोधित taught.

प्रतिभट्ट m. (-ट्टः) A rival.

प्रतिभणित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Answered, replied. ६. प्रति, and भणित said.

प्रतिभय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Formidable, fearful, frightful. n. (-यः) Fear. ६. प्रति completely, and भय fear.

प्रतिभा f. (-भा) 1. Understanding, intellect, especially as opening or expanding. 2. Sharpness, brilliancy of conception. 3. Genius, especially poetic genius. 4. Light, splendour. 5. Reflected light. 6. Audacity, boldness, confidence, consequence. 7. An image. ६. प्रति before, भा to shine, aff. ड and टाप् ।

प्रतिभात n. (-नं) A share of small articles, as fruit, flowers, &c. paid daily to the Ra'ja' for household expenditure. ६. प्रति, and भात a share.

प्रतिभात f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Known, understood. 2. Luminous, bright.

प्रतिभात n. (-नं) 1. Boldness, audacity. 2. Brilliancy, light. 3. Intellect, understanding. 3. Presence of mind. ६. प्रति before, भा to shine, वृट् aff.

प्रतिभाषन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Bold, prompt, audacious. 2. Bright, brilliant. ३. प्रतिभा and मनुष्य aff.  
 प्रतिभाषित mfn. (-तः-ता-सं) 1. Confident, bold, audacious. 2. Acquiring knowledge or experience. 3. Endowed with genius. ३. प्रतिभा confidence, चक्षित joined.  
 प्रतिभासुखं mfn. (-खः-खी-खं) Confident, bold, arrogant. ३. प्रतिभा confidence, सुख the face. [भाव quality.  
 प्रतिभाष m. (-वः) Corresponding character or disposition. ३. प्रति, and प्रतिभाषन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Confident, bold. 2. Knowing, shrewd. 3. Bright, luminous. m. (-वान्) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. Fire. ३. प्रतिभा light, lustre, मनुष्य aff.  
 प्रतिभाषवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Social. ३. प्रतिभाष, and मनुष्य aff  
 प्रतिभाषा f. (-षा) An answer, a reply.  
 प्रतिभाषन n. (-नं) Look, appearance. [Look, appearance.  
 प्रतिभाषा m. (-साः) 1. Occurring to the mind at once. २. Illusion. 3. प्रतिभाषा f. (-षा) 1. Loss or absence of knowledge, want of sense. 2. Dulness, darkness. ३. प्रतिभा knowledge, and क्षान्ति abandonment.  
 प्रतिभिन्न mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नं) 1. Separated, divided. 2. Pierced through. 3. Closely connected. ३. प्रति before, भिद् to break, क् aff.  
 प्रतिभू m. (-भूः) A surety, a bail. ३. प्रति implying substitution, भू to be, aff. क्तिप् ।  
 प्रतिभेदन n. (-नं) 1. Piercing, cutting, penetrating. 2. Separating, dividing. 3. Putting out, (as the eyes.) ३. प्रति before, भिद् to break, क्च्युट् aff.  
 प्रतिभोग m. (-गः) Enjoyment.  
 प्रतिभू mfn. (-भूः-भू-भूः) Like, resembling, (in composition) f. (-भूः) 1. A resemblance, a figure, an image, a picture. 2. An idol. 3. The part of an elephant's head between the tusks. 4. Similarity, Similitude. 5. Measure, extent. ३. प्रति against, मा to measure, चक् and टाप् aff.  
 प्रतिबिम्ब n. (-न्) An eccentric orbit.  
 प्रतिबता f. (-ता) Reflection, image, shadow. ३. प्रतिब, and तल् aff. ; also with त्व, प्रतिमत् ।  
 प्रतिमन्दिरम् Ind. In every house.  
 प्रतिमत् m. (-मः) An antagonist.  
 प्रतिमान n. (-नं) 1. Resemblance, an image, picture. 2. An idol. 3. A model. 4. Likeness, similarity. 5. A reflection. 6. A weight. 7. The part of an elephant's head between the tusks. ३. प्रति before, मा to measure, aff. क्च्युट् ।  
 प्रतिमग्नमान m. (-गः) The part of an elephant's head between the tusks. ३. प्रतिमान, and भाग part.  
 प्रतिमाया f. (-या) Counter spell, counter-charm.  
 प्रतिमार्गक m. (-कः) The city of HARI'S CHANDRA. ३. प्रति contrary, मार्ग a road, and क्च्युट् aff. ; having come back part of the way to earth, after being raised to heaven.  
 प्रतिमात्रा f. (-त्रा) An exercise analogous to capping verses, reciting verse for verse, (as a trial of memory or skill.) ३. प्रति against, मात्रा a garland.  
 प्रतिमासम् Ind. Every month, monthly.  
 प्रतिमित्र n. (-त्रि) An enemy, an adversary.  
 प्रतिमुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Clothed, put upon, worn, armed, accoutred. 2. Thrown mutually or at one another. 3. Loosed or liberated repeatedly. 4. Released. 5. Hurling, flung. ३. प्रति against, मुक् to loosen, aff. क् ।  
 प्रतिमुक्त n. (-क्तं) (In dramatic composition), A secondary plot or incident, calculated either to promote or obstruct the catastrophe. adv. n. (-क्तं) 1. In front, before, in presence. 2. Near. ३. प्रति, and मुक्त the face.  
 प्रतिमुखावत् mfn. (-वः-वती-वत्) 1. Come before, or in front of. 2. Run against. ३. प्रतिमुखा and आगत come.

प्रतिमुखा f. (-वा) A counter-seal.  
 प्रतिमुक्तम् Ind. Every moment.  
 प्रतिमुक्ति f. (-क्ति) An image, a likeness.  
 प्रतिमुक्ति f. (-क्ति) A kind of rat.  
 प्रतिमूर्तु m. (-मूर्तुः) The image, reflection or resemblance of the moon. ३. प्रतिमा and हस्त the moon.  
 प्रतिमोच m. (-चः) Liberation, deliverance. [release.  
 प्रतिमोचन n. (-नं) Loosening, 2. Retaliating, retribution. 3. Liberation, प्रतिमोच mfn. (-वः-वा-वत्) Active, vigorous, diligent, making effort or exertion. m. (-वः) 1. Desire, wish. 2. Taking prisoner, making captive. 3. Comprehension. 4. Acting well or properly. 5. Acquiring a new virtue or accomplishment. 6. Making complete or perfect. 7. A making or preparing. 8. Retaliating, recrimination, revenge. 9. Opposition, counteraction. ३. प्रति much or against and यत् effort.  
 प्रतिपत्तन n. (-नं) Requital, retaliation.  
 प्रतिपत्तना f. (-ना) A resemblance of real forms, a picture, a statue, &c. ३. प्रति against, यत्तना an applying.  
 प्रतिपद्य n. (-नं) Return, retreat.  
 प्रतिपद्य n. (-नं) The leader of a hostile herd of elephants.  
 प्रतियोग n. (-नं) 1. Opposition, contradiction, controversy. 2. Co-operation, association. ३. Existing, as the counterpart of anything. 4. A remedy, an antidote. ३. प्रति against, युज् to join, aff. चक् ।  
 प्रतियोगिता f. (-ता) 1. Mutual co-operation. 2. Opposition. 3. Existence as a counterpart. 4. Dependent existence. ३. प्रतियोगिन्, and तल् aff.  
 प्रतियोगिन् mfn. (-नी-गिनी-नि) 1. Who or what impedes or opposes. 2. What co-operates with. m. (-नी) 1. An opponent. 2. A partner, an associate. 3. A counterpart. 4. Any thing or object dependent upon another and not existing without it. ३. प्रतियोग, and हनि aff.  
 प्रतियोग m. (-नः) An adversary in fight, an antagonist.  
 प्रतिरक्ष n. (-क्ष) Preserving. ३. प्रति, and रक्ष keeping.  
 प्रतिरथ m. (-थः) An opposite fighter in a war-chariot.  
 प्रतिरथ m. (-थः) Passion, rage, violent or passionate abuse. ३. प्रति before, रथि to sound, and चक् aff.  
 प्रतिरथ m. (-थः) Quarrel. ३. प्रति + रथ-चक् ।  
 प्रतिराज m. (-जः) A hostile king.  
 प्रतिरात्र n. (-त्र) Every night. ३. प्रति repeatedly, and रात्र for रात्रि night.  
 प्रतिरुद्ध mfn. (-वः-वा-वत्) 1. Impeded, hindered. 2. Obstructed, opposed. 3. Surrounded, invested, blockaded. 4. Impaired, ३. प्रति before, रुद्ध to oppose, क्च्युट् aff. [desid. v., च् aff.  
 प्रतिरुद्ध mfn. (-वः-वा-वत्) Wishing to speak or tell. ३. प्रति, and रु to cry, प्रतिरुद्ध n. (-वः) A picture, an image, the counterpart of any real form. Adj. Corresponding, suitable, proper. ३. प्रति against, रुद्ध form ; also with क्च्युट् added, प्रतिरुद्धक ।  
 प्रतिरोध mfn. (-वः-वा-वत्) Who or what opposes, hinders, prevents, &c. ३. प्रति before, रुद्ध to obstruct रुद्ध aff.  
 प्रतिरोध m. (-वः) 1. Opposition, impediment. 2. An opponent. 3. Concealing, hiding. 4. Siege, blockade. 5. Theft, robbery. 6. Abuse, censure. ३. प्रति before, रुद्ध to oppose, and चक् aff. ; also with रुद्ध, प्रतिरोधन ।  
 प्रतिरोधक m. (-कः) 1. A thief, a robber. 2. An obstacle. 3. An opponent. ३. प्रति severally, रुद्ध to obstruct, aff. क्च्युट् ।  
 प्रतिरोधिन् mfn. (-नी-धिनी-नि) Who or what obstructs, opposes, impedes, controverts, &c. m. (-नी) 1. A thief, a robber. 2. An opponent. ३. प्रति against, रुद्ध to hinder, aff. चिदि ।  
 प्रतिकच n. (-चः) A mark, a sign, a token.  
 प्रतिकच m. (-चः) 1. Obtaining, getting. 2. Censure, reviling, abuse. ३. प्रति before, चिदि to sound, aff. चक् ; also with रुद्ध aff. प्रतिकचन ।  
 प्रतिकाम m. (-मः) Taking back, obtaining back.  
 प्रतिक्रिप्ति f. (-प्ति) A transcript, a copy.  
 प्रतिक्रिप्ति mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Left, not right. 2. Reverse, inverted, contrary

to the natural course or order, against the hair or grain. 3. Hostile. 4. Low, vile, base, depraved. 5. In law, contrary to caste, (applied to the issue of a woman higher in caste than her husband.) ३. प्रति reverting, and लोनन् hair of the body, aff. चच्।

प्रतिबोधक n. (-क) Inverted order.

प्रतिबोधन mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Born in the inverse order of the classes, as of a Kshetriya father and Brahman mother, of a Vaisya father and Kshetriya or Bra'hman mother, &c. ३. प्रतिबोध, and ज born.

प्रतिबोधन n. (-नं) 1. A reply, an answer, a rejoinder. 2. An echo. ३. प्रति again, back again, and बचन् speech.

प्रतिबोधन n. (-चः) 1. An answer, a reply. 2. An echo. ३. प्रति again and बचच् speech.

प्रतिवर्षम् Ind. Every year.

प्रतिवस्य m. (-यः) A village. ३. प्रति before, वस् to abide, चच् aff.

प्रतिवस्य n. (-यः) 1. An equivalent. 2. A parallel.

प्रतिवक्ष्यमा f. (-मा) A figure of Speech.

प्रतिवाक्य mfn. (-क्यः-क्या-क्यं) Answerable, admitting or requiring an answer. n. (-क्यं) A reply, an answer. ३. प्रति before, वाक्य a speech, or वाक् speech, and यच् aff.

प्रतिवाच f. (-वाक्) An answer, a reply. ३. प्रति again, वाच् speech.

प्रतिवाचि f. (-चिः) 1. An answer. 2. A rejoinder. ३. प्रति before, वाचि speech. [wind.

प्रतिवात n. adv. (-तं) To leeward, against the wind. ३. प्रति, and वात प्रतिवाद m. (-दः) 1. A rejoinder, a reply. 2. Refusal. ३. प्रति + वद-घञ्।

प्रतिवादिन् m. (-दो) 1. A defendant, a respondent, (in law.) 2. An opponent. ३. प्रति again and वादिन् who speaks.

प्रतिवाप m. (-यः) Addition of substance to medicines, either during or after decoction. ३. प्रति and वप् to sow, चच् aff.

प्रतिवार m. (-रः) Warding off.

प्रतिवारण n. (-णं) 1. Keeping back, warding off. ३. प्रति + वारि-ञ्च्।

प्रतिवार्ता f. (-र्ता) Account, news, information.

प्रतिवासर n. adv. (-रः) Day by day. ३. प्रति severally, and वासर a day.

प्रतिवासिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) A neighbour, neighbouring. ३. प्रति near, about, and वासिन् who resides.

प्रतिविघात m. (-तः) Striking back.

प्रतिविधान n. (-नं) 1. Arrangement, array. 2. Counteracting, taking measures against. 3. Subsidiary, or substituted ceremony. ३. प्रति and विधान precept.

प्रतिविधि m. (-धिः) 1. Retaliation. 2. A remedy.

प्रतिविम्ब n. (-म्बं) A resemblance or counterpart of real forms, as a picture, an image a shadow, &c. ३. प्रति back again, and विम्ब an image ; or प्रति + चाचरि क्प् नामधातुः पर० चक० सेट्।

प्रतिविम्बत m. (-तः) A mirror. ३. प्रतिविम्ब and चत what goes.

प्रतिविशिष्ट f. (-ष्ट) Adj. Most excellent.

प्रतिविषा f. (-षा) A plant, commonly A'ta'ich or Atis, (Betula.) ३. प्रति against, and विष venom ; an antidote. [deity so named.

प्रतिविष्णु Ind. (-ष्णु) To or in place of VISHN'U. ३. प्रति, and विष्णु the प्रतिविष्णुक m. (-कः) The muchkunda tree. [to have, क aff.

प्रतिविहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Arranged, arrayed. ३. प्रति and वि before, वा प्रतिवीर्य n. (-र्यं) Being a match for.

प्रतिवेलम् Ind. On every occasion.

प्रतिवेश m. (-शः) 1. The residence of a neighbour, a neighbouring house or neighbourhood. 2. A neighbour. ३. प्रति against, विष् to enter, aff. चच्। [and वासिन् who dwells.

प्रतिवेशवासिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Neighbouring, a neighbour. ३. प्रतिवेश, प्रतिवेशिन् mfn. (-शी-शिनी-शि) A neighbour, neighbouring. ३. प्रतिवेश neighbourhood, रणि aff.

प्रतिवेश्य m. (-शः) A neighbour.

प्रतिर्वटित Adj. f. (-ता) 1. Surrounded. 2. Rolled back.

प्रतिव्यूह m. (-हः) The array of an army against an enemy.

प्रतिवहनीय mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) To be ever held in fear or doubt. ३. प्रति and-वहनीय to be apprehended.

प्रतिवहता f. (-ता) Constant fear or doubt. ३. प्रति and वहता fear.

प्रतिवह्य m. (-ह्यः) 1. Echo. 2. A roar.

प्रतिवहन m. (-नः) Cessation.

प्रतिवहन n. (-नं) Laying down without food before any deity for the attainment of an object. ३. प्रति + वी-भावे क्त्वाट्।

प्रतिवाप m. (-यः) Curse for curse.

प्रतिवासन n. (-न) 1. Sending a servant on a message, ordering or dispatching an inferior after calling him to attend. 2. Giving orders. 3. Counter-authority. ३. प्रति severally, वासन ruling ; also प्रतिवाशि f. (-शिः)

प्रतिविष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Celebrated, famous. 2. Sent, ordered, dispatched. 2. Dismissed. ३. प्रति intensive, and विष्ट celebrated, &c. प्रतिशीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Melted, fluid, dropping, oozing. ३. प्रति before, श्ये to drop, क aff. [and टाप् ; also प्रतिश्याव।

प्रतिश्या f. (-श्या) Catarrh. ३. प्रति before, श्ये to go, to run, affixes चच्। प्रतिश्याय m. (-यः) Catarrh. ३. प्रति before, श्ये to go, to drop, aff. चच्।

प्रतिशय m. (-यः) 1. An assembly. 2. A house, a dwelling. 3. An asylum, a place of refuge. 4. Help, assistance. 5. Promise. 6. A place of sacrifice, the room or building where the sacrifice is performed. 7. A place where food, &c. is given away. ३. प्रति completely, श्ये to serve, aff. चच्। [aff. चच्।

प्रतिशय m. (-यः) Promise, assent, agreement. ३. प्रति before, श्ये to hear,

प्रतिशयण n. (-णं) 1. Assenting to, listening to, (with attention and obedience.) 2. Promising, agreeing. ३. प्रति, श्ये to hear, aff. क्त्वाट्।

प्रतिश्रुत f. (-श्रुत) 1. Repeated sound, echo. 2. Promise. ३. प्रति before, श्रु to hear, aff. क्त्वाट्, and श्रुक् added. [mutually, श्रुत heard.

प्रतिश्रुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Promised, assented, agreed, accepted. ३. प्रति प्रतिश्रुति f. (-तिः) A reverberation:

प्रतिविह mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) 1. Forbidden, prohibited, disallowed. 2. Contradictory. ३. प्रति against, सिद्ध granted. [following.

प्रतिविहसेवन n. (-नं) Doing what is prohibited. ३. प्रतिविह and सेवन प्रतिविहसेविन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Following or doing what is forbidden ३. प्रतिविह, and सेविन् who serves.

प्रतिविह mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) A prohibitor or prohibitive, prohibiting or forbidding. ३. प्रति before, सिद्ध to make complete, aff. ट्क्।

प्रतिविह m. (-हः) 1. Prohibition, forbidding, exception, contradiction. 2. Denial, refusal. ३. प्रति before, सिद्ध to be perfect, aff. चच्।

प्रतिविहक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what forbids, preventive, prohibitive. ३. प्रति before, सिद्ध to complete, क्त्वाट् aff.

प्रतिविहन n. (-नं) Prohibiting, prohibition. 2. Denial, refusal. ३. प्रति, सिद्ध to complete, क्त्वाट् aff.

प्रतिविधावर n. (-रः) Denial

प्रतिविधोक्ति f. (-क्तिः) Denial, refusal.

प्रतिविधोपमा f. (-मा) A kind of Simile thus explained by Dandin :—

“न जातु यत्किरिन्दोसे सुखेन प्रति गर्हितम्।

कचिद्विनी जहसेति प्रतिविधोपमेव सा ॥”

But according to modern writers this would be a व्यतिरेक।

प्रतिष्प m. (-ष्पः) A spy, an emissary. ३. प्रति before, षच् to strike, aff. ष, and सुक् augment.

प्रतिष्प m. (-ष्पः) 1. A spy, a secret emissary, a Harkara. 2. A companion. 3. A leader, a preceptor. 4. A whip, a leather thong. ३. प्रति before, षच् to hurt or kill, aff. चच् and सुट् augment ; if it is used attributively to imply the application of a whip, the augment is not inserted, as

प्रतिष्पवाः a horse that is whipped on.

प्रतिष्प m. (-ष्पः) A whip, a leather thong. ३. प्रति before, षच् to hurt, aff. चच्, and सुट् augment.

प्रतिष्प m. (-ष्पः) A spy, a messenger, an emissary. ३. प्रति before, षच् to go, aff. चच् and सुट् augment.

प्रतिवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः) Obstructed, impeded, stopped. ३. प्रति before, उचित to hinder, aff. क ।  
 प्रतिवृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) Obstacle, impediment, opposition. ३. प्रति before, उचित to hinder, aff. चक् ; or प्रति + वृत्त-भावे चक् चक् ।  
 प्रतिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः) Famous. f. (-ष्ठः) 1. Fame, celebrity. 2. The earth. 3. The accomplishment of a religious ceremony or any set of rites, especially those instituted for the attainment of supernatural and magical powers. 4. A form of metre, consisting of a stanza of four lines, of four syllables each : it is also applied to a form of the Ga'yatri, being a triplet of 8, 7, and 6 syllable lines, making altogether 21 syllables. 5. Place, scite. 6. Staying, standing, fixation. 7. Limit, boundary. 8. Accomplishment, completion, (in general.) 9. Consecration of a monument erected in honour of a deity, or of the image of a deity. 10. Endowment of a temple, portioning or marrying a daughter, &c. 11. Fixity, Strength, firm foundation. 12. Prop, support, Stay. 13. Rest, tranquillity. 14. A receptacle. 15. High authority, pre-eminence. m. (-ष्ठः) The father of SUPARSWA, the seventh Jain's pontiff. ३. प्रति before, स्था to stay or stand, affs. चक् and टाप् ।  
 प्रतिष्ठान n. (-न) 1. Site, situation. 2. Foundation. 3. Celebrity. 4. The capital of the early kings of the lunar dynasty, opposite to Alla'ha'nd. 5. The capital of SA'LID'A'HANA on the Goda'vary, in the Dakshin. ३. प्रति and स्थान place. [causal v., कृट् aff.]  
 प्रतिस्थापन n. (-न) Fixing, placing, locating. ३. प्रति before, स्था to stay, प्रतिस्थापित mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Set up, located, fixed, erected. ३. प्रति before, स्था to stay, causal v. क् aff.  
 प्रतिश्राव mfn. (-श्रावः) Wishing or intending to stay or remain. ३. प्रति before, स्था to stay, desid. v., च aff.  
 प्रतिष्ठित mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Famous, celebrated. 2. Completed, finished. 3. Consecrated. 4. Endowed, portioned. 5. Established in life, married, &c. 6. Placed, situated. 7. Established, fixed. 8. Applicable or applied to. 9. Comprised or included in. 10. Prized, valued. 11. Secured, acquired. ३. प्रतिष्ठा as above, इतच् aff.  
 प्रतिश्रुत mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Pure, (as a thread.) ३. प्रति before, स्था to bathe, क् aff., in any other sense प्रतिश्रुत ।  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-नः) 1. Reflection. 2. Reabsorption.  
 प्रतिश्रुत f. (-श्रुतः) Consciousness. ३. प्रति + श्रुत + स्था-भावे चक् ।  
 प्रतिश्रुति f. (-श्रुति) An accurate knowledge of anything.  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-नः) 1. Compression, diminution. 2. Comprehension, inclusion. 3. Withdrawing, taking back. ३. प्रति, and चक् before, इ to take, चक् aff.  
 प्रतिश्रुत mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Comprehended, included. 2. Compressed, reduced in bulk. ३. प्रति and श्रुत collected.  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-नः) 1. Reabsorption. 2. Reabsorption of the world in Prakriti or in other words, the destruction of the world.  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-नः) A message sent in return.  
 प्रतिश्रुत n. (-न) 1. Self-command, suppression of feeling for a time. 3. Praise, panegyric. 3. Meditating upon. 4. Joining together. 5. The period of transition between two ages. 6. A remedy, a means. ३. प्रति and चक् before, स्था to have, aff. कृट् ।  
 प्रतिश्रुति m. (-श्रुति) 1. Reunion. 2. Cessation. 3. The period of transition between two ages. ३. प्रति + चक् + धा-क् ।  
 प्रतिश्रुत Adj. A match for.  
 प्रतिश्रुतान n. (-न) A remedy, a cure. ३. प्रति, चक् and चक् before, स्था to have, कृट् aff.  
 प्रतिश्रुतान n. (-न) 1. Resisting, withstanding. 2. The being a match for.  
 प्रतिश्रुत mfn. (-नः-ता-त) A servant, servile, dependent. m. (-नः) 1. The rear of an army. 2. A garland, a wreath. 3. A bracelet. 4. Cicatrizing or healing, (as a sore.) 5. A form of magic or incantation. 6. Daybreak, morning. m. (-नः-न) 1. A string worn round the hand

at nuptials, &c. 2. Ornament, adorning. 3. The junction of the frontal sinuses of an elephant. ३. प्रति before, च to go, aff. चक् ।  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-नः) 1. The portion of a Pura'n'a, which treats of the destruction and renovation of the world. 2. Secondary creation, or the creation of the world by the agency of BRAHMA'. and other divine beings regarded as the agents of one Supreme Being. 3. Dissolution. ३. प्रति severally, चक् going. [the left.]  
 प्रतिश्रुत mfn. (-वृत्तः) Inverted, reverse. ३. प्रति intensitive and चक् प्रतिश्रुतानिच m. (-नः) A bard, a panegyrist. ३. प्रतिश्रुतान praise, and उक् aff.  
 प्रतिश्रुत Ind. Every-evening.  
 प्रतिश्रुत n. (-न) 1. Repelling, repulsion. 2. Applying remedies to a wound. 3. An instrument for anointing a wound. ३. प्रति, च to go, causal v., कृट् aff.  
 प्रतिश्रुत mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Repelled, repulsed. 2. Dressed, as a wound. ३. प्रति before, च to go, causal v., क् aff.  
 प्रतिश्रुत f. (-न) An outer tent, a screen or wall of cloth. ३. प्रति before, च्चि to bind, affs. रक् and टाप्, and the radical vowel made long.  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-नः) A lizard, a chameleon. n. adv. (-नः) 1. Opposite to the sun. 2. A moek sun. ३. प्रति before, सूर्य the sun.  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-नः) 1. A lizard, a chameleon. 2. The sun's disk. ३. प्रति before or about, सूर्य the sun, aff. क् ।  
 प्रतिश्रुत mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Sent, dispatched. 2. Repulsed. 3. Celebrated. 4. Given. 5. Intoxicated. ३. प्रति before, च्चि to create, &c. aff. क् ।  
 प्रतिश्रुत n. adv. (-नः) Upon the shoulders. ३. प्रति, and श्रुत shoulder.  
 प्रतिश्रुत mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Bathed, washed. ३. प्रति before, स्था to batho, क् aff.  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-नः) A requital of love.  
 प्रतिश्रुत n. (-न) Throbbing, vibration. ३. प्रति, and च्चि throbbing.  
 प्रतिश्रुत f. (-न) Emulation, rivalry, the wish or effort to excel or overcome. ३. प्रति definitive prefix, and च्चि emulation.  
 प्रतिश्रुत mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Envious, emulous, a rival. 2. Refractory, rebellious. ३. प्रतिचर्चा, and इति aff. [प्रतिश्रुत ।  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-नः) Catarrh. ३. प्रति before, श्रुत to drop, aff. चक् ; see प्रतिश्रुत n. adv. Against the stream. ३. प्रति, and च्चि current.  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-नः) Echo.  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-नः) Reverberation.  
 प्रतिश्रुत mfn. (-नः-ता-त) 1. Disappointed. 1. Opposed, obstructed. 3. Fallen, overthrown. 4. Sent, dispatched. 5. Hated, disliked. 6. Tied, bound. 7. Struck, hurt, killed, especially in return or requital. 8. Repulsed, repelled. 9. Reflected. ३. प्रति before, च्चि hurt or killed. [मति mind.]  
 प्रतिश्रुत mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Averse to hating, disliking. ३. प्रतिश्रुत, and प्रतिश्रुत f. (-नः) 1. Repulse, rebound, beating back or again. 2. Disappointment. 3. Rebound. 4. Anger, wrath. ३. प्रति, and इति striking. [इतच् striking.]  
 प्रतिश्रुत n. (-न) 1. Striking again, returning a blow, &c. ३. प्रति, and प्रतिश्रुतान mfn. (-नः-ता-त) Being failed or disappointed. ३. प्रतिश्रुत to disappoint, pass, v., धा-क् aff. [take, कृट् aff.]  
 प्रतिश्रुत n. (-न) Avoiding, shunning. ३. प्रति before, च्चि to the hand ; also with क् added प्रतिश्रुत ।  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-न) The keeper of a brothel.  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-न) 1. A door. 2. A door-keeper. 3. A juggler. 4. Trick, disguise. ३. प्रति against, च्चि to take, aff. चक् ।  
 प्रतिश्रुत m. (-न) A juggler. ३. क् added to प्रतिश्रुत ।  
 प्रतिश्रुत n. (-न) Entrance, permission to enter a door. ३. प्रति before, च्चि to take, causal v. कृट् aff.  
 प्रतिश्रुत f. (-न) A threshold.  
 प्रतिश्रुत f. (-न) A female door-keeper.

**प्रतिहास** m. (-सः) 1. Returning a laugh, laughing with or at. 2. A shrub, (Nerium odorum.) ३. प्रति intensive, च्च् to smile, aff. चच्, whence it is also प्रतीहास ।

**प्रतिहित** f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Fitted to. 2. Placed on.

**प्रतिहिंसा** f. (-सा) Retaliation, revenge. ३. प्रति, and हिंसा injury.

**प्रतीक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Contrary, adverse. 2. Inverted, reversed, against the natural order or state. 3. Directed towards. m. (-कः) 1. A limb, a member. 2. A part, a portion n. (-कं) 1. the face. 2. The front. 3. An image. 4. The first word of a verse or sentence. ३. प्रति before, ई to go, ईकच् aff.

**प्रती(ति)कार** m. (-रः) 1. Revenge, retaliation. 2. Remediating, obviating, correcting. 3. Remediating, administering medicines. ३. प्रति against, (re), and कार making, re-action, the र is made long in consequence of the aff. being चच् ।

**प्रतीकाश** mfn. (-शः-शा-शं) Like, resembling, (in composition.) m. (-शः) 1. Look, appearance. 2. Reflection. ३. प्रति before, काश्च् to shine, aff. चच्; it is also written प्रतिकाश ।

**प्रतीक्षक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Expecting. 2. Looking at. ३. प्रति before, ईच् to see, ख्च्च् aff.

**प्रतीक्ष्य** n. (-चं) 1. Looking to or at, considering, referring to. 2. Respecting. 3. Expecting, waiting for. ३. प्रति before, ईच् to see, ख्च्च् aff.

**प्रतीक्षणीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be had in view, to be considered or regarded. ३. प्रति before, ईच् to see, चनीयच् aff.

**प्रतीक्षा** f. (-चा) 1. Reference, regard to, consideration, looking to or at. 2. Hope, expectation. 3. Waiting for. ३. प्रति before, ईच् to see, चच् and टाच् affs.

**प्रतीक्षित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Contemplated, considered, had regard to. 2. Respected, honoured. 3. Expected, looked for, hoped. ३. प्रति before, ईच् to see, क्च् aff.

**प्रतीक्षिन्** mfn. (-ची-चिणी-चि) Expecting, looking or waiting for. ३. प्रतीक्षा, and इनि aff.

**प्रतीक्ष्य** mfn. (-क्ष्यः-क्ष्या-क्ष्यं) 1. To be considered, to be had regard to. 2. To be expected, Ind. Having considered, having expected, &c. 3. Venerable, respectable. ३. प्रति before, ईच् to see, aff. ख्च्च् or ख्च्च् ।

**प्रतीघात** m. (-तः) Warding off or returning as a blow. 2. Preventing, prohibiting. ३. प्रतिघात, and the त् made long.

**प्रतीक्षी** f. (-ची) The west quarter; see प्रत्यक्ष ।

**प्रतीक्षीन्** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. West, western, westerly. 2. Future, Subsequent. ३. प्रतीक्षी the west, and ख्च्च् aff.

**प्रतीक्षक** m. (-कः) A receiver. [यच् aff.]

**प्रतीक्ष्य** mfn. (-क्ष्यः-क्ष्या-क्ष्यं) Western, west. ३. प्रतीक्ष for प्रत्यक्ष west, and

**प्रतीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Famous, celebrated, renowned. 2. Known by the name of, called. 3. Glad, delighted, pleased. 4. Respectful. 5. Past, gone. 6. Proved, established. 7. Firmly determined. 8. Learned. 9. Believing in. ३. प्रति before, इ to go, aff. क्च् ।

**प्रतीति** f. (-तिः) 1. Knowledge, understanding. 2. Fame, renown. 3. Respect. 4. Delight. 5. Conviction. ३. प्रति before, इ to go, aff. क्च् ।

**प्रतीत** f. (-ता) Adj. Given back.

**प्रतीत्यक्ष** m. (-क्षः) A name of the Videha country.

**प्रतीप** mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) 1. Turned away, having the face averted. 2. Backwards, following an order or course the reverse of natural, against the grain or stream. 3. Retrograde, coming back. 4. Disobedient, refractory, perverse. 5. Cross, contradictory. 6. Disagreeable, displeasing. m. (-पः) The father of Śa'nṭanu, and grandfather of Bhi'shma. n. (-पं) Comparing Upama's or a new object with Upameya or the established object, as with the moon, &c., inverse comparison. There are five forms of this figure according to some, and four according to others; some contend that it is not a

separate figure but a form of Upama'. ३. प्रति before, चच् water, and the च changed to इ by special rule.

**प्रतीपम्** It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "against" as in मा च प्रतीपं गतः; secondly "in an inverted order."

**प्रतीपन्** Adj. Going against, unfavourable.

**प्रतीपनमन** (-नं) n. Retrograde motion.

**प्रतीपतरङ्ग** n. (-चं) Sailing against the stream. [वर्षिणी looking.]

**प्रतीपदर्शिनी** f. (-नी) A woman. ३. प्रतीप turning the face away, and

**प्रतीपवचन** n. (-नं) 1. Contradiction. 2. A perverse or evasive answer, a speech to a third person without replying to a previous speaker. ३. प्रतीप, and वचन speech.

**प्रतीमान** n. (-नं) A measure of capacity. ३. प्रति, and मा to measure, क्च्च् aff. and the vowel of the prep. made long.

**प्रतीयमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being believed or trusted. ३. प्रति before, इ to go, pass. v., मानच्च् aff. [ईच् to go, वच्च् aff.]

**प्रतीयिष्य** mfn. (-यान्-युसी-वच्) Coming back, returning. ३. प्रति back,

**प्रतीर** n. (-रः) A shore or bank. ३. प्र beyond, तीर shore, aff. क्च् ।

**प्रतीदाप** m. (-पः) 1. Calcining or fluxing metals. 2. Throwing one substance into another to alter its form or state. 3. Adding any thing to a medicine during or after decoction. 4. Mixing whey with milk. 5. A public danger or calamity, as a plague, &c. ३. प्रति before, वच् to spread, aff. चच्, whence the vowel of the prefix is lengthened. [प्रतिवेष्ट ।]

**प्रतीवेश** m. (-शः) A neighbouring residence, a neighbourhood; see

**प्रतीवेशिन** mfn. (-श्री-श्रीनी-श्री) A neighbour, living in the neighbourhood. ३. प्रतिवेश a neighbourhood, and इनि aff; also प्रतिवेशिन् ।

**प्रतीहार** m. (-रः) 1. A door. 2. A porter, a warder. 3. An agreement for return of assistance, alliance, confederacy. f. (-री) A female door-keeper; (though this word is a feminine in form, is not necessarily so in sense.) ३. प्रति severally, mutually, इ to convey, aff. चच्; also प्रतिहार ।

**प्रतीहास** m. (-सः) A plant, (Nerium odorum.) ३. प्रति before, वच् to smile, aff. चच् ।

**प्रतुद** m. (-दः) 1. A bird of game, a falcon, a hawk, or rather one that kills or strikes with his beak, including also the owl, parrot, crow, raven, peacock, &c. 2. An instrument for pricking. ३. प्र before, तुद to torment, (with the beak,) and क्च् aff.

**प्रतुष्टि** f. (-ष्टिः) Satisfaction, gratification.

**प्रतुष्टु** mfn. (-ष्टुः-ष्टु-ष्टु) 1. Wishing to praise. 2. Wishing to prepare or make ready. ३. प्र before, टु to praise, desid. v., च्च् aff.

**प्रतुषी** f. (-ची) Pain shooting from the rectum along the bowels.

**प्रतुषं** mfn. (-चं-चा-चं) Quick, fleet. ३. प्र before, तृच् to make haste, क्च् aff.

**प्रतीद** m. (-दः) 1. A long whip. 2. A goad. ३. प्र thoroughly, तुद to torment, aff. चच् ।

**प्रतीली** f. (-ली) A high street, the principal road through a town or village. ३. प्र before, तुल् to weigh, aff. चच् जीरा० जीच् ।

**प्रतीलीक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Having a high street, (a town.) ३. वच् added to the last.

**प्रत्त** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Given, presented. 2. Given in marriage, either betrothed or married. ३. प्र before, दा to give, aff. क्च्, form special.

**प्रत्तवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Giving, presenting. ३. प्र before, दा to give, क्च्च् aff.

**प्रत्त** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Old, ancient. 2. Traditional, customary. ३. प्र for प्रत्ति here said to mean old, वच् aff. and इ rejected.

**प्रत्यक्ष** Ind. 1. Subsequent, behind, following in time or place. 2. In an opposite direction. 3. Against. 4. In the interior. 5. Uniform, unmixed. 6. Western. 7. Formerly, in old days: see प्रत्यक्ष ।

**प्रत्यक्षपत्रा** f. (-त्री) A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) ३. प्रत्यक्ष, uniform, and पत्र a leaf. "चपासाली" ।

प्रत्यक्षपुष्पो f. (-यो) A plant, (*Achyranthes aspera*.) E. प्रत्यक्ष uniform, पुष्प a flower. "ब्रह्मासर्पे ।"  
 प्रत्यक्षपुष्पो f. (-णी) 1. A plant, commonly Danti. 2. A plant, (*Salvinia cucullata*.) E. प्रत्यक्ष western, and योणी line or row. "नृदिकपुष्पां च ।"  
 प्रत्यक्ष mfn. (-चः तां च) 1. Perceptible, perceivable, present, cognizable by any of the organs of sense. 2. Distinct, clear, evident. 3. Direct, immediate. 4. Corporeal u. (-चः) Ocular evidence, apprehension by the senses, perception, (considered as a mode of proof. In Phil.) E. च an organ of sense with प्रति inductive prefix.  
 प्रत्यक्ष It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of:— 1. In the presence of, before. 2. Publicly. 3. Immediately, directly, personally; also similar words as प्रत्यक्षेण and प्रत्यक्षात् ।  
 प्रत्यक्षज्ञान n. (-ज्ञं) Knowledge obtained by perception.  
 प्रत्यक्षम् Ind. Evidently, perceptibly. E. प्रत्यक्ष, and तम् aff.  
 प्रत्यक्षदर्शन n. (-नः) A witness, an eye-witness. E. प्रत्यक्ष what is present, and दर्शन seeing.  
 प्रत्यक्षपद्मा f. (-मा) Correct knowledge obtained through perception by the senses.  
 प्रत्यक्षप्रमाण n. (-णं) 1. Ocular proof, evidence of the senses. 2. An organ or faculty of perception. E. प्रत्यक्ष and प्रमाण proof.  
 प्रत्यक्षफल Adj. Having visible consequences. [become.  
 प्रत्यक्षप्रत्यक्ष mfn. (-त-तां तं) Manifested, become visible. E. प्रत्यक्ष and मत  
 प्रत्यक्षभोग m. (-नः) Enjoyment or use of any thing with the consciousness of the owner. E. प्रत्यक्ष, and भोग enjoyment.  
 प्रत्यक्षवादिन् m. (-दी) A Baudhdha. E. प्रत्यक्ष, and वादिन् who declares; admitting of no other evidence than actual presence.  
 प्रत्यक्षनिमित्त Adj. Expressly enjoined.  
 प्रत्यक्षिन mfn. (-ची-चिणी-चि) Seeing, perceiving, conscious of what is perceptible. E. प्रत्यक्ष perceptible, and इनि aff.  
 प्रत्यक्षीकरण n. (-णं) Making manifest or apparent. E. प्रत्यक्ष, करण making. चि aug.  
 प्रत्यक्षीकृत mfn. (-त-तां तं) Manifested, displayed, made present or visible. E. प्रत्यक्ष and कृत made, चि aug.  
 प्रत्यक्षोन्मुख Adj. Flowing towards the west. f. (-तः) An epithet of Narmada, the river.  
 प्रत्यक्षान्तर n. (-न्तरं) An inner organ.  
 प्रत्यक्षालम्बन m. (-न्तार) The individual soul.  
 प्रत्यक्षाशापति m. (-तिः) A name of VARUN'A. E. प्रत्यक्ष west, आशा a quarter, पति regent or lord.  
 प्रत्यक्षदक्ष f. (-दक्षः) The north-west.  
 प्रत्यक्ष mfn. (-यः याच) 1. New, fresh, recent. 2. Pre-purified. 3. Repeated. E. प्रति before, चय first.  
 प्रत्यक्षता f. (-ता) Newness, freshness. E. तत् added to प्रत्यक्ष; also with ल, प्रत्यक्षल ।  
 प्रत्यक्ष m. (-क्षः) A country; also चक्षिष्वात् ।  
 प्रत्यक्षयसु n. (-यः) Youth. E. प्रत्यक्ष, and ययसु ago.  
 प्रत्यक्ष m. (-क्षः) An organ of perception. n. Adv. (-क्षः) On the body, or the limbs severally. n. Subst. (-क्षः) 1. A minor member of the body, as the chin, nose, ear, &c. 2. A subdivision of science, &c. E. प्रति belonging to, चक्ष the body.  
 प्रत्यक्षिवाः f. (-वाः) A form of Durga, one of the goddesses of the Tantrikas.  
 प्रत्यक्षमुख mfn. (-यः-ची-च) Facing the west. E. प्रत्यक्ष, and मुख face.  
 प्रत्यक्ष or प्रत्यक्ष mfn. (-प्रत्यक्ष-प्रतीची or according to some प्रत्यक्षी-प्रत्यक्ष) 1. Behind or subsequent, following in time or place. 2. Turned away. 3. West, western. 4. Uniform, unmixed. E. प्रति before, चक्ष to go, aff. चिप् or चिप्; the neuter form is used as a participle : see प्रत्यक्ष ।  
 प्रत्यक्ष n. (-क्षः) 1. Eating. 2. Food. E. प्रति before, चक्ष eating.

प्रत्यक्षनगर n. Adv. (-र) Next in succession. E. प्रति, चक्षनगर without an interval.  
 प्रत्यक्षीकृत m. (-क्षः) An enemy. n. (-क्षः) Injuring one who cannot retaliate. E. प्रति against, चक्षीकृत an army.  
 प्रत्यक्ष mfn. (-यः-तां तं) Bordering, skirting, contiguous. m. (-यः) The country of the Mlechchhas or savages. E. प्रति about, चक्ष the end.  
 प्रत्यक्षपर्वत m. (-तः) A small hill near a mountain. E. प्रत्यक्ष skirting, and पर्वत a mountain.  
 प्रत्यक्षिज्ञात mfn. (-तः तां तं) Recognised, known. E. प्रति, and चक्षि before, ज्ञा to know, aff. क ।  
 प्रत्यक्षिज्ञान n. (-ज्ञं) Recognition, knowing, recognising. E. प्रति and चक्षि before, ज्ञा 'to know, कट् aff.  
 प्रत्यक्षिभूत f. (-ता) Overcome, conquered.  
 प्रत्यक्षियुक्त f. (-क्ता) Accused in return.  
 प्रत्यक्षियोग m. (-नः) A counter plaint or charge, an accusation brought against the accuser or plaintiff. E. प्रति against, चक्षियोग accusation.  
 प्रत्यक्षिवाद m. (-दः) Returning a salute or obeisance, the benediction of a teacher. E. प्रति (re), चक्षिवाद salute; also प्रत्यक्षिवादन ।  
 प्रत्यक्ष m. (-यः) 1. Trust, faith, belief, confidence. 2. Oath, ordeal. 3. Cause, motive. 4. Usage, custom, practice. 5. Fame, celebrity. 6. Certainty, ascertainment. 7. Knowledge, apprehension. 8. A termination or an affix to roots and words forming derivatives and inflections, (in Gram.) 9. A dependent, a subject. 10. Instrument, means of agency, a helpmate or associate, applicable either to persons or things. 11. A householder who keeps a sacred fire. 12. Religious contemplation. 13. A hold. E. प्रति again, against, to or towards, इच् to go, aff. चक्ष । [causing.  
 प्रत्यक्षकारिणी f. (-णी) A seal, a signet. E. प्रत्यक्ष confidence, and कारिणी  
 प्रत्यक्षित mfn. (-तः तां तं) Trusted, confidential. E. प्रत्यक्ष confidence, and इत् aff.  
 प्रत्यक्षिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Trusting, believing, having faith in. E. प्रत्यक्ष, and इनि aff.  
 प्रत्यक्ष n. (-यः) 1. A reply, an answer, a counter-representation. 2. Opposition, hostility. f. (-यः) Useful, expedient. E. प्रति successive order, and चक्ष representation.  
 प्रत्यक्षेक m. (-कः) An opponent.  
 प्रत्यक्षिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) 1. Hostile, inimical. 2. Opposing, contradicting, rejecting. m. (-यः) 1. An enemy. 2. (In law,) A defendant. E. प्रति again, against (re), चक्ष meaning, intention, &c. इनि aff.  
 प्रत्यक्षेण n. (-णं) The returning of a thing. E. प्रति back, चक्षेण delivering.  
 प्रत्यक्षित mfn. (-तः तां तं) Returned, restored, re-delivered. E. प्रति again, चक्षित delivered.  
 प्रत्यक्षसद्वै m. (-जः) 1. Counsel, advice, injunction. 2. Profound contemplation. 3. A counter-conclusion. E. प्रति and चक्ष before, सद्वै to advise, चक्ष aff.  
 प्रत्यक्षसर्व m. (-र्वः) Patience, constant in pursuit or exertion. E. प्रति, चक्ष before, खच् to bear, aff. चक्ष ।  
 प्रत्यक्षरोधन n. (-नः) Obstruction, hindrance.  
 प्रत्यक्षसान n. (-नः) Extinct. E. प्रति and चक्ष prefixed to क्षी to destroy, aff. कट् ।  
 प्रत्यक्षसित mfn. (-तः तां तं) Eaten. E. प्रति, चक्ष before, क्षी to destroy, aff. क ।  
 प्रत्यक्षसक्त m. (-क्तः) A special plea at law; admission of a fact, but qualifying or explaining it so as not to allow it to be a matter of accusation. E. प्रति against, चक्ष before, क्ति to go, aff. चक्ष; also with कट् aff. प्रत्यक्षसक्तम् ।  
 प्रत्यक्षस्थान m. (-ता) An enemy. E. प्रति and चक्ष before, स्था to stay, to oppose or encounter and इच् aff.  
 प्रत्यक्षस्थान n. (-नः) 1. Former state or place, in status quo. 2. Removal. 3. Opposition, hostility. E. प्रति and चक्षस्थान situation.  
 प्रत्यक्षहार m. (-रः) 1. Withdrawal. 2. Universal destruction.





प्रक्षिप्तोय mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) 1. To be placed near, upon or before. 2. To be worshipped or revered. n. (-यं) A pair of bleached cloths, or the upper and lower garments, as worn at meals and sacrifices, &c. E. प्रति and उत् before, गन् to go, चनीव् aff. of the future participle.

प्रक्षुब्ध n. (-यः) 1. Recovering, re-obtaining. 2. Rising up again. E. प्रति, उत् before, ह् to take, क्षुट् aff. [क्ष् aff.]

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-ता-तं) Recovered. E. प्रति and उत् before, ह् to take, क्षुट् aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (-यः) Counteracting.

प्रक्षुब्ध f. (-ता) Adj. : see प्रक्षुब्ध.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (-यः) Requit or aid or assistance, mutual assistance. E. प्रति, and उपकार aff.

प्रक्षुब्धकारि mfn. (-यः-रि-यि-रि) Requiting a favour or kindness. E. प्रक्षुब्धकारि and रि aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध f. (-यः) Recovered, gained back.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (-यः) Besetting any one in order to bring him to compliance.

प्रक्षुब्ध n. (-यः) Vicinity, neighbourhood.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-ता-तं) 1. Set, inlaid, studded. 2. Sown. E. प्रति before, वृत् to sow, क् aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (-यः) The morning, dawn, daybreak. E. See प्रक्षुब्ध.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (-यः) Morning. E. See प्रक्षुब्ध.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (-यः) 1. Morning. 2. One of the demi-gods called Vasus. 3. The sun. E. प्रति before, ऊष् to be sick, aff. क्; also with उत् to burn, प्रक्षुब्ध; and with चसि aff. प्रक्षुब्ध.

प्रक्षुब्ध n. (-यः) Morning, dawn. E. प्रति before, ऊष् to be sick, and चसि aff.; also प्रक्षुब्ध and प्रक्षुब्ध. [चञ्.]

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (-यः) Obstacle, impediment. E. प्रति before, ऊष् to infer, aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध n. Adv. (-यः) Singly, one by one, one at a time. E. प्रति, and एक one.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) Believing, trusting, having confidence. E. प्रति before, इ to go, दच् aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध 1st. cl. (प्रक्षुब्ध) 1. To be famous or renowned. 2. To increase. 3. To spread abroad. 4. To appear, to arise. भा० भा० चक० सेट्। r. 10th cl. (प्रक्षुब्ध-ति) 1. To throw or cast. 2. To scatter, to spread. 3. To celebrate. य्वाती चक० विदिपे सक्० वृत्ता० उभ० सेट् घटा।

प्रक्षुब्ध n. (-यः) 1. Spreading; extension, scattering. 2. Throwing, projecting. 3. Celebrating. 4. Showing, evincing. 5. A place where any thing is spread. E. प्रक्षुब्ध to cast, क्त् aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) 1. First, prior, initial. 2. Chief, principal, incomparable. 3. The "third person" (in gram.) according to European System. The nominative Plu. M. of this word is either प्रक्षुब्ध or प्रक्षुब्ध. E. प्रक्षुब्ध to be famous, चसि aff. Una'di aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of:—1. Firstly. 2. Previously. 3. Immediately. 4. Before.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (-यः) The best course to follow.

प्रक्षुब्ध f. (-ता) Adj. 1. First in rank. 2. Previously devised.

प्रक्षुब्ध n. (-यः) The first period of youth.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (-यः) The first or lowest degree of fine or punishment. E. प्रक्षुब्ध, and क्षुब्ध inflection.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) 1. Displaying, making manifest, famous, &c. 2. Seeing, beholding. 3. Casting, throwing. E. प्रक्षुब्ध to be famous, वृत् aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध f. (-यः) Fame, celebrity. E. प्रक्षुब्ध to be famous, affs. चक् and टाप्.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-ता-तं) 1. Famous, celebrated. 2. Made known, declared. 3. Increased, extended. 4. Published announced. 5. Shewn, manifested, evinced. 6. Spread, scattered. 7. Stretched. 8. Cast, thrown. 9. Intent upon, engaged in, occupied with, devoted to. E. प्रक्षुब्ध fame, aff. वृत्.

प्रक्षुब्ध f. (-यः) Celebrity, notoriety. E. प्रक्षुब्ध to be famous, ति Una'di aff., and ट् aug.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (-यः) Greatness, extension, magnitude. E. प्रक्षुब्ध large, वृत् aff. form irr.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) Large, great, having size or magnitude. E. प्रक्षुब्ध magnitude, and रि aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध f. (-यः) The earth; also प्रक्षुब्ध.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) Very large. E. प्रक्षुब्ध large, वृत् aff. superl. aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) Very large. E. प्रक्षुब्ध large and वृत् aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध Adj. Wide, wide-spread, m. (-यः) Vishn'u. E. प्रक्षुब्ध.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (-यः) The young of any animal. E. प्रक्षुब्ध to be famous, वृत् aff. see वृत्. According to Va'chaspathya:—Rice parched and flattened. E. प्रक्षुब्ध वा उत्त "चिदिपे".

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) A giver, giving bountiful. f. (-यः) A gift, a donation. E. प्रक्षुब्ध before, दा to give, क्त् aff. or चक् and टाप्.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. subst. (-यः-वा-यं) Reverential salutation, by circumambulating a person or object, keeping the right side towards them. E. प्रक्षुब्ध before, दक्षिण the right.

प्रक्षुब्ध It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of:—1. From left to right. 2. Turning the right side towards. 3. In a southern direction.

प्रक्षुब्ध f. (-यः) A courtyard.

प्रक्षुब्ध f. (-यः) Burnt, consumed.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) Given, bestowed, conferred. E. प्रक्षुब्ध before, दत् given.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (-यः) 1. Splitting, rending, tearing. 2. Fracturation, breaking. 3. The dispersion of an army. 4. A disease of women, (Menorrhagia.) 5. An arrow. E. प्रक्षुब्ध intensive, ट् to tear, aff. चप्.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (यः) Pride, arrogance.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (यः) 1. Look, appearance. 2. Direction.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (यः) 1. A teacher, an expounder. 2. A prophet. E. प्रक्षुब्ध before, दक्षिण who shews.

प्रक्षुब्ध n. (यः) 1. Showing. 2. Explaining generally, not exclusively. 3. Explaining or specifying. 4. An example. 5. Prophesying. 6. Look, aspect, appearance. E. प्रक्षुब्ध before, दृश् to see, causal v., क्त् aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-ता-तं) 1. Mentioned, specified. 2. Shewn. 3. Prophesied. 4. Taught. E. प्रक्षुब्ध before, दृश् to see, and क्त् aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (यः) An arrow. E. प्रक्षुब्ध before, दृश् to tear, or the र of प्रक्षुब्ध changed to ल.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (यः-वा-यं) 1. Who or what annoys, distresses, &c. 2. Burning, inflaming. E. दृश् to annoy, with प्र prefix, and चक् aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) 1. A donor, who or what gives. 2. One who gives a daughter in marriage. 3. An epithet of Indra. E. प्रक्षुब्ध before, दा to give, क्त् aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध n. (यः) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Bestowing, granting. 3. Instructing, teaching. 4. Giving away in marriage. 5. A goad. E. प्रक्षुब्ध before, दा to give, or दा to out, aff. क्त्.

प्रक्षुब्ध n. (-यः) An offering, a donation.

प्रक्षुब्ध n. (यः) A present.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (-यः) A present.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) Smeared, anointed. n. (-यः) Fried. ment. m. (-यः) A kind of sauce or gravy. E. प्रक्षुब्ध before, दिक् smeared.

प्रक्षुब्ध f. (-यः) Intermediate point of the compass, or half quarter, as north-east, south-west. &c. 2. Direction, order, command. E. प्रक्षुब्ध implying division, and दिक् a point or quarter.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) 1. Appointed, directed. E. 2. Shewn. E. प्रक्षुब्ध before, दिक् to shew, क्त् aff.

प्रक्षुब्ध m. (यः) 1. A lamp. 2. Elucidation, (at the end of titles of works.) E. प्रक्षुब्ध before, दीप् to shine, aff. चक्.

प्रक्षुब्ध mfn. (-यः-वा-यं) 1. Inflaming, illuminating. 2. Stimulating, exciting, who or what does so. n. (-यः) The act of inflaming,

exciting, &c. m. (-नः) A sort of mineral poison, of a red colour, and caustic operation. **प्र** before, दीप् to inflame, aff. लृट् ।

प्रदीप्त mfn. (-नः ता-न) 1. Kindled, illuminated. 2. Shining, blazing, burning. 3. Excited, stimulated, (as hunger). **प्र** before, दीप् to inflame, क् aff.

प्रदुष्ट f. (-ष्टा) 1. Wicked, bad, Sinful. 2. Wanton, licentious.

प्रदुग् mfn. (-घृक्) Who or what milks much or well. **प्र** before, दुग् to milk, क् aff.

प्रदूषित f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Spoiled, corrupted, vitiated. 2. Polluted, defiled.

प्रद्वेय n. (-य) A gift. **प्र** before, द्वेय to be given.

प्रदेश m. (-शः) 1. A place in general, a country a district, &c. 2. A foreign country, abroad. 3. A short span, measured from the tip of the thumb to the end of the fore-finger. 4. A wall. 5. Decision, determination. **प्र** before, देश place.

प्रदेय n. (-य) 1. A gift, a present, a bribe or offering, any thing given to the gods, to superiors, or friends, &c. 2. Advice, instruction. f. (-नो) The fore-finger. **प्र** before, दिग् to show, aff. लृट्, fem. aff. लीप् ।

प्रदेशिनी f. (-नी) The fore-finger. **प्र** before, दिग् to show, aff. णिनि, fem. aff. लीप् ।

प्रदेह m. (-हः) 1. Unguent, unction, a plaster. 2. Applying a plaster. **प्र** before, दिह् to plaster, aff. घञ् ।

प्रदीप m. (-पः) 1. Evening, the first part of the night. 2. Fault, offence, defect, transgression. 3. A disordered condition. **प्र** implying commencement, &c. and दीप fault.

प्रदीपतिमिर n. (-रं) The dusk of early night,

प्रदीप m. (-पः) Milking.

प्रद्यु n. Adv. (-यु) Heavenly, holy, securing heaven. **प्र** before, यु for युस् heaven.

प्रद्युम्न m. (-नः) KA'MA, the Hindu Cupid, reborn as the son of KRISNA by Rukmini. He was stolen from the lying-in-chamber by Sambara when he was but six days old. Sambara cast him into the ocean when a large fish swallowed the child. The fish was caught by a fisherman and delivered to Sambara. When the fish was cut open his wife Ma'ya'bati found the beautiful boy alive and reared him up. When Pradyumna knew that Sambara had stolen him when a child he defied the demon to battle and killed him and went back to his father's house with Ma'ya'bati as his wife. **प्र** pre-eminent, युस् power.

प्रद्युतित mfn. (-नः ता-तं) Illuminated, irradiated. **प्र** before, यु to shine, क् aff., and the vowel unchanged; also प्रद्योतित ।

प्रद्योत m. (-तः) 1. A ray of light. 2. Light, lustre. 3. Lighting, illuminating. 4. The name of a king of Ujjayini but considered to be spurious by Mallinatha, **प्र** excess, and द्योत shining.

प्रद्योतन m. (-नः) The sun. n. (-नं) Blazing, shining, light. **प्र** excess, युत् to shine, aff. लृट् ।

प्रद्योतित mfn. (-नः ता-तं) Illuminated, lighted. **प्र** before, यु to shine, क् aff.; also प्रद्युतित ।

प्रद्राव m. (-वः) 1. Flight, retreat, running away. 2. Going, going quick or well. **प्र** before, द्रु to go, aff. घञ् ।

प्रद्रावित् m. (-नो-विषी-वि) Who retreats, flies, goes, &c. **प्र** before, द्रु to go, णिण् aff.

प्रद्वार n. (-रं) A place near a door.

प्रद्वि mfn. (-विट्) Who hates or dislikes, hostile, inimical. **प्र** before, द्वि to hate, क् aff. [a foe.]

प्रद्विन् mfn. (-न-वन्-वन्) Hating, hostile, an enemy. **प्र**, and द्विन्

प्रद्वेय m. (-यः) Dislike, aversion, hatred. [द्वेय aff.]

प्रद्वेष्ट mfn. (-ट-ष्टो-ष्ट) Who hates or dislikes. **प्र** before, द्वि to hate,

प्रध mfn. (-धः धा-धं) Who or what has or holds. **प्र** before, धा to have, क् aff.

प्रधन n. (-नं) 1. War, battle. 2. Tearing, rending, destroying. 3. Spoil taken in battle. **प्र** before, धा to have, aff. क् ।

प्रधमन n. (-नं) 1. Blowing in or into. 2. A sternutatory.

प्रधुम् m. (-धं) Assaulting, assailing.

प्रध्वित mfn. (-नः ता-तं) 1. Haughty, arrogant. 2. Attacked. **प्र** before, ध्व् to be proud, क् aff.

प्रध्वितवन् mfn. (-वान्-वन्-वन्) Proud, arrogant. **प्र** before, ध्व् to be proud, क् aff.

प्रधान n. (-नं) 1. Nature, the natural state of anything, or the cause of the material world. 2. The Supreme God. 3. Intellect, understanding. 4. Chief, principal, (in this sense, it is always neuter and confined to the singular number.) mn. (-नः-नं) 1. The first companion of a king, his minister, his eunuch or confidant, &c. a courtier, a noble. 2. An elephant-driver. f. (-ना) Prevalent, predominant. **प्र** before, धा to have, aff. लृट् ।

प्रधानतम् Ind. According to eminence or superiority. **प्र** प्रधान, and तमि aff.

प्रधानता f. (-ता) Excellence, superiority, supremacy. **प्र** तम् added to प्रधान; also with ल, प्रधानत्व ।

प्रधानधातु m. (-तु) Semen virile. **प्र** प्रधान principal, and धातु radical part.

प्रधानपुरुष m. (-पु) 1. The most distinguished personage. 2. An epithet of Si'va.

प्रधानवृष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) Heaviest rain.

प्रधानमन्त्रिन् m. (-त्री) Prime minister. **प्र** प्रधान, and मन्त्रिन् counsellor.

प्रधानाङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) The chief member of the body, the chief person of a state, branch of a science, &c. **प्र** प्रधान, and अङ्ग limb.

प्रधानमन्त्रि m. (-मन्त्रिः) Prime minister. **प्र** प्रधान, and मन्त्रिन् minister.

प्रधानीयन mfn. (-नः ना-नं) 1. Warlike, brave. 2. Eminent, illustrious. **प्र** प्रधान, and यत्न best.

प्रधानवन् m. (-नः) Air, wind n. (-नं) Rubbing, rubbing off, washing off. **प्र** violently, धु to shake aff. लृट् ।

प्रधि m. (-धिः) 1. The periphery of a wheel. 2. A well. **प्र** principal, धा to have, क् aff.

प्रधिमण्डल n. (-लः) The circumference of a wheel. **प्र** प्रधि, मण्डल a circle.

प्रधी Adj. Pre-eminently intelligent. f. (-धी) Great intelligence.

प्रधुषित mfn. (-नः ता-तं) 1. Heated, burned. 2. Lighted, inflamed. 3. Afflicted. 4. Excited. 5. Perfumed, fumigated. f. (-ता) 1. A woman in trouble or affliction. 2. The quarter to which the sun is proceeding. **प्र** before, धूप् to heat, aff. क् ।

प्रधुष्ट mfn. (-ट-ष्टो-ष्ट) 1. Proud, arrogant. 2. Treated with contumely. **प्र** before, ध्व् to be proud, क् aff.

प्रध्यान n. (-नं) Deep thought, reflection.

प्रध्वंस m. (-सः) Destruction, loss. **प्र** entirely, ध्वंस loss.

प्रध्वंसाभाव m. (-वः) Non-existence on account of annihilation, non-existence of anything which existed before, (in logio.)

प्रध्वंसित् mfn. (-नी-विनी-वि) Destroying, annihilating. **प्र** before, ध्वन् to destroy, णिण् aff.

प्रध्वनयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Causing to sound. **प्र** before, ध्वन् to sound, causal v, णञ् aff.

प्रध्वंस f. (-ता) Annihilated, destroyed. [विप् ।]

प्रधा mfn. (-धा-धा-ध) Blowing violently. **प्र** before, धा to blow, aff.

प्रधुम् mfn. (-धं) 1. Injurious, doing wrong or violence to. 2. Rebellious, refractory. **प्र** before, धु to seek to hurt, क् aff.

प्रध्वंसित mfn. (-नः ता-तं) Shaken, agitated, set in motion. **प्र** before, ध्वन् to dance, causal v, क् aff.

प्रधनु m. (-धः) A great grandson.

प्रधन f. (-धा) 1. Lost. 2. Disappeared, vanished. 3. Perished, ruined.

प्रधा(व)सि m. (-सः-सी) A water-course, a canal. **प्र** before, धा to go, aff. घञ् ।

प्रपातन न. (-न) Killing, slaughter. म. प्र and वि before, कृत् to kill or hurt, कृट् aff., and the radical letters changed.  
 प्रपात f. (-ता) Dancing. न. (-च) A dance.  
 प्रपात न. (-च) The extremity of a wing.  
 प्रपात न. (-च) 1. Reverse, opposition, reversion or inversion. 2. Extent, expanse. 3. Heap, abundance, quantity. 4. Delusion, deceit, trick or fraud. 5. Joke, jest. 6. Prolivity, copiousness, in style or composition. 7. Error, illusion. 8. The world, considered as the expansion of the primary germ and as the scene of manifold action. 9. Elucidation, explanation. 10. Phenomenon, appearance. म. प्र before, पचि to spread, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रपातन न. (-न) 1. Diffusion. 2. Explanation.  
 प्रपातवृद्धि Adj. Cunning, artful.  
 प्रपातवचन न. (-च) Prolix discourse.  
 प्रपातवृद्धि mfn. (-तः तत्-च) 1. Expanded, diffused. 2. Erring, mistaken. 3. Tricked, deceived, beguiled. 4. Declared fully, explained, treated at length. म. प्रपात prolivity, इतच् aff.  
 प्रपातन न. (-न) 1. Death dying. 2. Destruction. 3. Falling. 4. Alighting. 5. Flying forth. 6. A precipice, a rock. म. प्र before, पत् to fall, कृट् aff.  
 प्रपातित mfn. (-तः तत्-च) 1. Dead. 2. Decayed. 3. Fallen. 4. Come down. म. प्र before, पत् to fall, कृट् aff. [aff. चच् ।  
 प्रपात mfn. (-तः तत्-च) Languid, enervated, relaxed. म. प्र before, पत् to go, प्रपात न. (-च) The point of the foot, the tip of the toes. म. प्र-projecting and पद the foot.  
 प्रपातन mfn. (-तः तत्-च) Relating to the top of the foot, extending to it, fitting it, &c. म. प्रपात, and ख aff.  
 प्रपात mfn. (-तः तत्-च) 1. Taking refuge with. 2. Reaching, arriving at. 3. Seeking, adhering to. 4. Effecting, producing. 5. Promised, assented to. 6. Attained, obtained, possessed of. 7. Poor. 8. Distressed. म. प्र before, पत् to go, कृट् aff.  
 प्रपातन म. (-तः) The chukramarda tree. "दादसईन इति भाषा" See प्रपातन ।  
 प्रपात म. (-च) A fallen leaf. म. प्र before, पचि a leaf.  
 प्रपातवचन न. (-च) Flight, running away. म. प्र before, प्रपातवचन flying.  
 प्रपातवित mfn. (-तः तत्-च) Routed, defeated. म. प्र before, प्रपातवित the same. [प्रपातवित् who flies.  
 प्रपातवित म. (-च) A fugitive, one who deserts his cause. म. प्र before, प्रपातवचन n. (-च) Purifying. म. प्र before, पु to purify, कृट् aff., the च being optionally changed, whence also प्रपातवचन ।  
 प्रपातवचन mfn. (-चः या-च) To be purified or cleansed. म. प्र before, पु to purify, चनोयच् aff.; also प्रपातवचन ।  
 प्रपातवचन mfn. (-चः या-च) 1. Foreseeing. म. प्र, and प्रपातवचन seeing.  
 प्रपात f. (-पा) 1. A place where water is distributed. 2. A supply of water. 3. A Plan for watering cattle. 4. A well, a cistern. म. प्र before, पा to drink, affa. चच् and टाच् ।  
 प्रपातक म. (-क) A chapter or subdivision of a book. [hand.  
 प्रपात m. (-च) The palm of the hand. म. प्र prostrate, and पाचि the प्रपातवचन mfn. (-चः या-च) Drinkable. म. प्र before, पा to drink, चनोयच् aff.  
 प्रपात म. (-तः) 1. A cliff, a precipice. 2. A cascade or water fall. 3. A bank, a shore. 4. Facing an enemy. 5. Going away, departure. 6. Falling down, a fall. 7. A sudden attack. 8. Throwing oneself down from a rock. 9. Emission, discharge. म. प्र before, पत् to descend, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रपात म. (-च) A road. म. प्र before, पत् to go, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रपातक म. (-क) A peacock.  
 प्रपातक म. (-क) A kind of drink or beverage.  
 प्रपातवचन mfn. (-चः या-च) 1. Who or what drinks. 2. Who or what protects. म. प्र before, पा to drink, &c. चित् aff. and चत् inserted.  
 प्रपातवचन न. (-च) A cool grove, a pleasure garden. म. प्रपात a place of refreshment, and वच a wood.

प्रपातन म. (-च) 1. A paternal great grandfather. 2. A name of BRAMHA'. f. (-च) A paternal great grandmother. म. प्र preceding, पितामह a grandfather.  
 प्रपातवचन m. (-च) A paternal grand uncle.  
 प्रपातवचन mfn. (-चः या-च) Wishing or intending to descend, alight, fall, &c. म. प्र before, पत् to go, desid, व., च aff.  
 प्रपातवचन न. (-च) 1. Pressing, squeezing. 2. An astringent.  
 प्रपातवचन f. (-तः or -चा) Adj. Swollen, extended.  
 प्रपातवचन म. (-च) A sort of Cassia, (C. tora.) : see प्रपातवचन ।  
 प्रपातवचन म. (-च) Cassia tora : see प्रपातवचन ।  
 प्रपातवचन f. (-चा) A sort of grass, (Hedysarum alba.)  
 प्रपातवचन (ट) म. (-चः or -टः) A tree, (Cassia tora.) म. प्र excellently, पुनस् mankind, and खच् to smell, aff. चच्, the च of पुनस् is rejected, and the ख of the radical changed optionally to च or ट; the antepenultimate is occasionally short, and one of the conjunct न is sometimes rejected; whence the word is variously written, प्रपातवचन, or प्रपातवचन, or प्रपातवचन, &c.  
 प्रपातवचन म. (-च) Cassia tora : see the last. "चाकुन्दा" ।  
 प्रपातवचन न. (-च) 1. The drawing out of a bow string for the purpose of shooting. 2. Inserting, injecting. 3. Filling, filling up. 4. Satisfying, satiating.  
 प्रपातवचन f. (-क) A prickly nightshade, (Solanum Jacquini.) "कचटकायाम् ।"  
 प्रपातवचन f. (-च) Adj. Having a prominent back.  
 प्रपातवचन म. (-च) A small herbaceous plant, used in medicine as a perfume, commonly Puandorya; in medicine it forms the basis of applications to ulcers, and bad eyes. म. प्र excellent, पुनस् the same, and चच् pleonastic aff.  
 प्रपातवचन म. (-च) A great grandson. f. (-च) A great grand-daughter. म. प्र preceding, पीत a son's son.  
 प्रपातवचन mfn. (-नः तत्-च) Fat, bulky. म. प्र before, व्याच् to be fat, कृट् aff.  
 प्रपातवचन f. (-च) See the next. म. प्र + फल्-क चादिनात् इटोऽभावे चत् इत्यम् । प्र + फल्-क चादिनात् चच् वा (चययुवः) Mallināth reads प्रपातवचन and notices the variant of this word in his commentary on Raghubansha.  
 प्रपातवचन mfn. (-तः तत्-च) 1. Blown, as flower. 2. Smiling. 3. Shining. 4. Glad, pleased. म. प्र before, फल् flowered. [the eye.  
 प्रपातवचन mfn. (-नः तत्-च) Having full or sparkling eyes. म. प्रपात, चयन प्रपातवचन mfn. (-नः तत्-च) Having a cheerful or smiling countenance, looking gay or happy. म. प्रपात, and चयन face.  
 प्रपातवचन Adj. f. (-चा) 1. Bound, fastened. 2. Suppressed, checked, stopped.  
 प्रपातवचन म. (-च) An author.  
 प्रपातवचन m. (-च) 1. Continuous application or action, continuance, uninterruptedness. 2. A connected discussion. 3. A tie, a bond. 4. A literary composition, particularly a poetical one. म. प्र before, चचि to bind, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रपातवचन f. (-चा) A feigned story, a work of imagination, whether founded on fact or not. म. प्रपातवचन a connected narrative, and कचन a making.  
 प्रपातवचन न. (-च) Bond, tie. म. प्र + चच्-कृट् ।  
 प्रपातवचन m. (-च) An epithet of INDRA.  
 प्रपातवचन f. (-चा) Adj. Most excellent.  
 प्रपातवचन mfn. (-तः तत्-च) 1. Strong, powerful. 2. Important. 3. Violent. 4. Dangerous. म. (-च) A sprout, a shoot. म. प्र before, पत् to be strong, aff. चच् ।  
 प्रपातवचन f. (-चा) See प्रपातवचन ।  
 प्रपातवचन न. (-च) 1. Oppressing, tormenting. 2. Refusing, denying.  
 प्रपातवचन mfn. (-नः तत्-च) Paining, afflicting, tormenting. म. प्र before, चच् to pain, चानच् aff.  
 प्रपातवचन mn. (-चः च) 1. Coral. 2. A shoot, a sprout, a new leaf. 3. The neck of a lute, m. (-च) 1. An animal. 2. A pupil. म. प्र before, चच् to be strong, and aff. चच् ; also प्रपातवचन ।

प्रवालफल n. (-लं) Red sandal wood.

प्रवालाम्बक m. (-कः) The red Asmantaka tree. [ननुपु aff.]

प्रवालवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having new leaves or shoots. E. प्रवाल, and प्रवालिक m. (-कः) 'जीवशङ्के'।

प्रवाह m. (-हः) The forearm.

प्रवाहकम् Ind. 1. On high. 2. At the same time.

प्रवृ mfu. (-वृ-वा-वृ) 1. Wise, learned. 2. Blown, expanded. 3. Wakened, awake, roused. 4. Beginning to take effect. E. प्र before, वृच् to be wise, aff. क्।

प्रवोध n. (-धः) 1. Vigilance, wakefulness, active or vigilant state of being. 2. Intellect, understanding. 3. Knowledge, wisdom. 4. Sense, consciousness. 5. Awakening either from ignorance or sleep. 6. Blowing, (as of a flower.) 7. Consolation. 8. Reviving the fragrance of a perfume. E. प्र before, वृच् to understand, aff. चञ्।

प्रवोधन n. (-नः) 1. Awakening, arousing, exciting, reviving. 2. Instruction. 3. Knowledge, wisdom. 4. Reviving the fragrance of a perfume, which had lost its scent. f. (-नी) The lunation on which VISHN'U is supposed to wake from his sleep, the eleventh of the light half of Kārtika; also प्रवोधिनी. E. प्र before, वृच् to know or understand, aff. कृट्।

प्रवोषित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Aroused, awakened. 2. Instructed. E. प्र before, वृच् to know, causal v., क् aff.

प्रवोषिता f. (-ता) A species of the Atijagati metre. [aff. चञ्।

प्रभङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Breaking down, destroying. E. प्र before, भङ् to break,

प्रभङ्गन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Breaking, destroying. m. (-नः) Air or wind. E. प्र before, भङ् to break, aff. युच्।

प्रभङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) The Nimba tree.

प्रभव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Born, produced. 2. Superior, powerful. m. (-वः) 1. Generative cause, the basis or root of being or existence. 2. The operative cause, or immediate origin of being, as the father or mother, &c. 3. The place of receiving existence, or where an object is first perceived, as हिमवान् गङ्गाप्रभवः the Himavāna mountain, (is) the place where Ganga' is first seen. 4. Birth, production. 5. The basis or origin of water. i. e. "Light." 6. The name of a Muni. 7. Strength, superiority, power. 8. The Creator. E. प्र superiority or manifestation, and भव being.

प्रभवन n. (-नः) 1. Being born or produced. 2. Ruling, presiding. E. प्र before, भू to be, aff. कृट्।

प्रभविच mfn. (-चः-वा-च) 1. Mighty, potent. 2. Born completely or well. 3. An epithet of Vishn'u. E. प्र before, भू to be, वृच् aff.

प्रभविचता f. (-ता) Consequence, importance, power, authority, supremacy. E. प्र before, भू to be, वृच् aff. and तल् aug.

प्रभव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) 1. To be born or produced. 2. Fit for rule. E. प्र before, भू to be, aff. क्यप्; also प्रभवनीय and प्रभवितव्य।

प्रभा f. (-भा) 1. Light, radiance. 2. A ray of light. 3. The city of Kuvēra. 4. One of the wives of the sun. 5. A name of DURGĀ. 6. A name of an Apsara'. E. प्र exceeding, भा to shine, affs. चञ् and टाप्।

प्रभाकर m. (-रः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. The moon. 4. The ocean. 5. An epithet of Śiva. 6. Name of a learned author, the founder of that school of the Mīmāṃsā philosophy which goes by his name. E. प्रभा light, and कर what makes. "कुर्वशीपत्ये वर्धमेदेः चटमममकरे च"।

प्रभाकीट m. (-टः) The fire-fly. E. प्रभा light, कीट insect.

प्रभाज m. (-जः) 1. Division. 2. The fraction of a fraction, (in Math.)

प्रभाज् mfn. (-भाज्) Who or what shares or divides. E. प्र before, भज् to divide, and णि aff.

प्रभाजन m. (-नः) A tree, (Hyperanthera morunga.) E. प्रभा light, beauty, चच् to go, aff. कृट्। "जीवाद्यने"।

प्रभात n. (-तं) Morning, dawn, daybreak. f. (-ता) Begun to become light. E. प्र before, भा to shine, aff. क्।

प्रभातरज् Adj. Tremulously radiant.

प्रभान n. (-भः) Light, radiance, shining. E. प्र before, भा to shine, प्रभातीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be irradiated or lighted. E. प्र before, भा to shine, चनीयर् aff.

प्रभामण्डल n. (-लः) A circle of light.

प्रभाषिपिन् Adj. Covered with splendour.

प्रभाव m. (-वः) 1. Majesty, dignity, magnanimity, glory, high-spirit. 2. Power, strength. 3. Spirit. 4. Tranquillizing, conciliation. 5. Splendour, brilliance. 6. Miraculous or superhuman power. E. प्र pre-eminence, भाव quality.

प्रभावज् mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Proceeding from conscious majesty or power. E. प्रभाव, and ज born.

प्रभावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Luminous, radiant, splendid f. (-ती) 1. The mother of MALLI the 19th of the Jinas or Jaina saints. 2. The lute of one of the demi-gods attendant on Śiva or other principal deities. 3. A form of poetical metre. E. प्रभा light or splendour, and ननुपु poss. aff.

प्रभावच n. (-चः) Explanation, interpretation.

प्रभास m. (-सः) 1. A place of pilgrimage near Dvārakā in the west of India. 2. One of the eight Vasus. 3. One of the Gaṇādhipas of the Jinas. 4. Splendour, beauty. E. प्र before, भास् to shine, aff. चच्।

प्रभासन n. (-नः) Illumining, brightening.

प्रभित्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Well cut or detached. 2. Severed, separated. 3. Budded, opened, expanded. 4. Altered, changed, deformed. 5. Loosened. m. (-तः) A furious elephant, one in rut, or from whose temples the juice is exuding. E. प्र much, भित्त broken, or seized with fury.

प्रभिराञ्जन n. (-नः) A kind of collyrium mixed with oil.

प्रभु mfn. (-भुः-भू-भु) 1. Strong, able, (generally with an inf.) 2. Always, eternal. 3. A superior, an owner, a proprietor, a master or mistress, &c. 4. A match for, (with a dat.) m. (-भुः) 1. A master, a lord. 2. A name of VISHN'U. 3. Quick silver. 4. Sound. E. प्र pre-eminent, भू to be, aff. क्णिप् and the final vowel made short.

प्रभुता f. (-ता) Greatness, power, supremacy, lordship or sovereignty. E. प्रभु master, aff. तल्; also with तल् aff. प्रभुल n. (-लः)।

प्रभुभक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Faithful, devoted. m. (-क्तः) A good horse. E. प्रभु a master and भक्त worshipped.

प्रभुभक्ति f. (-क्तिः) Attachment to a lord, faithfulness.

प्रभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Much, abundant. 2. Gone up or upwards. 3. Been, become, produced. 4. High, lofty. 5. Governed, presided over. 6. Mature, perfect. E. प्र principal, &c. भूत been.

प्रभूतता f. (-ता) Abundance, plenty. E. तल् added to the last; also प्रभूतल'।

प्रभूतवयस् Adj. Advanced in years, old.

प्रभृति f. (-तिः) 1. Source, origin. 2. Power, strength.

प्रभृच्च mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Strong, able. E. प्र before, भू to be, aff. चच्।

प्रभृति f. (-तिः) 1. Beginning, commencement, (in this sense the word generally occurs as the last member of a Bahubrihi compound). 2. Manner, kind. 3. Etcetera, others, rest, remainder, (in composition:) as नक्ष्त्रेषु यथेत्यः दध्नुः the grass called Germut and other sorts. मुनयः सोमयवः प्रभृतयः the Munis, Somasravas, and the rest; ततः प्रभृति thence, after. Ind. Beginning with, from, since, (with an abl.) as "चक्षुः प्रभृति". E. प्र before, भृ to nourish, aff. क्णिप्।

प्रभेद m. (-दः) Kind, sort, difference. 2. Splitting, opening. 3. The flowing of iohor from the temples of an elephant. E. प्र before, भेद kind.

प्रभञ्जन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Falling down, being broken off or down. E. प्र before, भञ्च् to break, pass. v., ज्ञानच् aff.

प्रभञ्ज्यु m. (-जुः) A particular disease of the nose.

**प्रलट** mfn. (-टः टा-टं) 1. Fallen, dropping, fallen off. 2. Broken. n. (-टं) A chaplet of flowers suspended from the lock on the head; see the next. **प्र** before, **ल** to fall, **ट** aff.

**प्रमट्टक** n. (-कः) A chaplet of flowers suspended from the middle lock of hair. **प्र** before, **म** to fall or depend, **ट्ट** aff. **क** and **क** added.

**प्रमद** mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Immersed, drowned. **प्र** before, **म** and **द** plunged in.

**प्रमद** n. (-नः) Going, proceeding. **प्र** before, **म** to go, **द** aff. **ट**.

**प्रमदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone, proceeded. **प्र** before, **म** to go, **द** aff.

**प्रमद(न)स्** mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Joyful, cheerful. **प्र** implying pleasure, **म** sure, **द** the mind; also **प्रमदन्**; the **न** being optionally changed to **व**.

**प्रमत्त** f. (-तः) Adj. Thought out.

**प्रमत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Careless, negligent, (usually with a loc). 2. Blundering, a blunderer. 3. Intoxicated. 4. Insane. 5. Swerving from, (with an abl. as in **स्वर्षिकार(त्पुनः)**) 6. Wanton, lascivious. **प्र** before, **म** mad.

**प्रमत्तकृत** Adj. Sung carelessly.

**प्रमत्तचित्त** Adj. Negligent, careless.

**प्रमद** m. (-वः) 1. An attendant on Śiva. 2. A horse. f. (-वा) 1. Yellow myrobalan, (*Terminalia chebula*.) "हरितकान्". 2. Pain, affliction. **प्र** excess, **द** to churn, (the enemies of Śiva,) **द** aff. **च**.

**प्रमदन** n. (-नः) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Paining, distressing. 3. Agitating, churning. **प्र** before, **म** to churn, **द** aff. **न**.

**प्रमदाधिप** m. (-पः) Śiva. **प्र** a follower of Śiva, and **धिप** master.

**प्रमदालय** n. (-यः) Hell. **प्र** pain, and **द** an abode.

**प्रमदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Well-churned. 2. Pained, distressed. 3. Trampled down. n. (-तः) Butter-milk without water. **प्र** before, **म** to churn, **द** aff.

**प्रमद** mfn. (-दः दा-दं) 1. Mad, intoxicated, figuratively with passion or literally with liquor. 2. Violent. 3. Careless. 4. Impassioned. m. (-दः) 1. Joy, pleasure, delight, rapture. 2. Dhutura', (D. metel.) f. (-दा) A woman, a handsome woman. **प्र** before, **म** mad, drunk, **द** aff. **च**.

**प्रमदकानन** n. (-नः) A royal garden or pleasure ground for the wives of a king. **प्र** pleasure, and **कानन** a wood.

**प्रमदन** n. (-नः) Amorous desire.

**प्रमदन** n. (-नः) A royal garden or pleasure ground attached to the Haram. **प्र** pleasure and **वन** a wood.

**प्रमदा** f. (-दा) 1. A young handsome woman. 2. A woman in general. 3. The sign Virgo of the Zodiac. **प्र** + **मद**-**च**.

**प्रमदाकानन** n. (-नः) A royal garden. **प्र** a woman, and **कानन** a wood; see the next.

**प्रमदावन** n. (-नः) A royal garden or pleasure ground attached especially to the private apartments of the palace. **प्र** a woman and **वन** a grove.

**प्रमदर** f. (-रा) Adj. Careless, inattentive. [**मन्** the mind.

**प्रमद(न)स्** mfn. (-नः ना-नः) Happy, delighted **प्र** implying pleasure, **म** distressed, sorrowful. 2. Enraged, incensed.

**प्रमद** m. (-वः) 1. Death. 2. Killing, slaughter. **प्र** before, **म** to injure, **द** aff. **च**.

**प्रमदन** n. (-नः) Crushing, destroying. m. (-नः) An epithet of Viṣṇu.

**प्रमा** f. (-मा) 1. True knowledge, or knowledge exempt from all error, (in logic.) 2. Consciousness, perception. **प्र** before, **मा** to mete or measure, **अ** aff. **च** and **ट**; that by which every object is measured or estimated.

**प्रमाण** n. (-मः) 1. Cause, motive. 2. Limit. 3. Proof, testimony, authority. 4. A scripture, a work of sacred authority. 5. Measure, (whether of weight, length or capacity.) 6. Magnitude, extent. 7. Standard, authority. 8. Correct knowledge, accurate perception, (in logic.) 9. Unity. 10. Quantity. 11. A speaker of the truth. 12. Always, eter-

nal. 13. A title of Viṣṇu. 14. Principal, capital. **प्र** before, **मा** to measure, **अ** aff. **च**; that by which all is measured; this word is generally restricted to the singular number, as वेदाः प्रमाण the Vē'das are the authority; it is also confined to the neuter gender, as पुत्रः प्रमाण the boy is a witness; some exceptions occur however, as प्रमाचः पुत्रः, प्रमाचा स्त्री the man witness, the woman witness; and in the following rule, प्रमाणानुमानोपमानादयः प्रमाचानि perception, inference, comparison, and sound, are proofs. According to the Naiya'yikas अनुपपत्ति or non-perception and चर्चापत्ति or the inference from circumstances of the Mīmāṃsakas being exempted by them; the Sāṅkhya recognise प्रमाण, अनुमान and ह्य only.

**प्रमाच** m. (-चः) 1. An epithet of Śiva. 2. A logician.

**प्रमाचनस्** Ind. 1. According to proof or authority. 2. Agreeably to measure, to weight, &c. **प्र** before, **मा**, and **च** aff.

**प्रमाचदृष्ट** Adj. Recognized by authority.

**प्रमाचमार्ग** n. (-मः) Logic.

**प्रमाचमूत्र** n. (-मः) A measuring cord.

[पुत्र a man.

**प्रमाचपुत्रः** m. (-वः) An umpire, an arbitrator, a judge. **प्र** before, **मा**, and **च** aff. **पुत्र** mfn. (-वन्-वन्-वन्) Receiving, admitting, or obeying, &c. as authority. **प्र** before, **मा** nominal v., **च** aff.

**प्रमाचान्तर** n. (-रः) Another means of proof.

**प्रमाचानाव** m. (-वः) Want or absence of proof or authority. **प्र** before, **मा**, and **च** aff. **आ** non-existence.

**प्रमाचिक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Forming an authority. 2. A measure of length considered from the elbow to the top of the middle finger. f. (-का) A species of the Anushtubh metre. **प्र** before, **मा**, and **च** aff.

**प्रमाचिकरण** n. (-णः) Establishing or admitting as authority or proof. **प्र** before, **मा**, and **च** aff. **क** making, **र** aff.

**प्रमाचिकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Admitted or established as proof or authority. **प्र** before, **मा**, and **च** aff. **क** made, **र** aff.

[चि aug.

**प्रमाचिभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Proving, establishing. **प्र** before, **मा**, **भू** to become, **त** aff. **प्र** before, **मा**, and **च** aff. **भू** great grandfather. f. (-भी) A maternal great grandmother. **प्र** before, **मा**, and **च** aff. **भू** grandfather.

**प्रमाद** mfn. (-ता-ती-दं) Proving, evidence, who or what is proof or authority. **प्र** before, **मा** to measure, **द** aff.

**प्रमाद** m. (-वः) 1. Killing. 2. Paining, afflicting, torturing. 3. Violence. **प्र** before, **मा** to churn, **द** aff.

**प्रमादिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Afflicting, inflicting pain or sorrow. 2. Killing, destroying. 3. Breaking, cutting. 4. Striking down. **प्र** before, **मा** to churn, to grind, to pain, and **दि** aff.

**प्रमाद** m. (-दः) 1. Inadvertence, carelessness, error, inaccuracy, a blunder. 3. Intoxication. 4. Insanity. **प्र** before, **म** to be mad, **द** aff. **च**.

**प्रमादवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Heedless, careless, incautious, inconsiderate, unreflecting. 2. Insane. 3. Intoxicated. **प्र** before, **मा** carelessness, and **वत्** aff.

**प्रमादिका** f. (-का) 1. An imprudent or careless woman. 2. A deflowered girl. **प्र** before, **म** to be careless, **दि** aff., fem. form.

**प्रमादिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Careless, indifferent. 2. Insane. 3. Intoxicated. **प्र** before, **म** to be inebriate, and **दि** aff.

**प्रमाद** n. (-दः) 1. Carelessness. 2. Insanity. **प्र** before, **म** to be mad, **द** aff.

**प्रमादतस्** Ind. From carelessness. **प्र** before, **मा**, and **तस्** aff.

**प्रमाप** n. (-पः) Killing, slaughter. **प्र** before, **मा** to hurt or kill, **प** aff. **च**; the **प** of the affix also being unchanged, the word is written प्रमापन n. (-नः)

**प्रमापिन्** mfn. (-पी-पिनी-पि) Killing, destroying. **प्र** before, **मा** to kill, **पि** aff.

**प्रमाजंन** n. (-नः) Bubbling off, **म** ing off.

प्रमित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Known, understood. 2. Established, proved. 3. Measured. 4. Limited, few. **प्र** before, मा to measure, aff. क् ।

प्रमिताचरा f. (-रा) 1. A species of Jagati' metre. 2. The name of the commentary on Muhurta chintamani.

प्रमिति f. (-तिः) 1. True knowledge derived from senses, inference, analogy or information. 2. Measuring, **प्र** before, मा to measure, (by which,) क्तिच् aff., and the radical vowel changed.

प्रमोद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Thick. 2. Passed, passed as urine. **प्र** before, -मिच् to sprinkle, aff. क् ।

प्रमोषन् mfn. (-षन्-षन्ती-षन्) 1. Overcoming, subduing. 2. Injuring, killing. **प्र** before, मो to hurt or kill, षट् aff.

प्रमोत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Dead, deceased. 2. An animal killed at a sacrifice. **प्र** before, मो to hurt or kill, aff. क् ।

प्रमोति f. (-तिः) Death, destruction.

प्रमोला f. (-ला) 1. Lassitude, enervation, exhaustion from indolence or fatigue. 2. The name of the sovereign of the kingdom of women. She was conquered by Arjuna and become his wife. **प्र** before, मोल् to twinkle, affs. षच् and टप् ।

प्रमोलित f. (-तः) With closed eyes. [hurled.]

प्रमुक्त f. (-क्तः) 1. Set free, liberated. 2. Resigned, renounced. 3. Cast, प्रमुक्तकथम् Ind. Bitterly.

प्रमुख mfn. (-खः-खा-खं) 1. Chief, principal. 2. Best, most excellent. 3. First, n. (-खः) 1. A chief, a sage, any respectable man. 2. A heap, a multitude. 3. A tree used in dying, (Rottleria tinctoria.) n. (-खः) 1. Time being, the present. 2. The mouth. 3. Beginning of a chapter or section. f. (-खा) Facing. **प्र** before, मुख the face, &c.

प्रमुखतम् It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of :—"In the presence of" "In front of": also प्रमुख ।

प्रमुखत्वं n. (-त्वं) Superiority, pre-dominance. **प्र** प्रमुख, and त्व aff.; also with तल् प्रमुखता ।

प्रमुग्ध f. (-ग्धः) 1. Extremely charming. 2. Unconscious.

प्रमुद mfn. (-मुत्) 1. Pleased, happy. 2. Extreme joy. **प्र** before, मुद् to be pleased, क्तिच् aff. [to be pleased, aff. क् ।

प्रमुदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Pleased, glad, content, happy. **प्र** प्र excess, मुद् प्रमुदित f. (-ता) A kind of riddle.

प्रमूढ mfn. (-ढः-दा-ढं) 1. A fool, foolish, stupid. 2. Bewildered, deceived. **प्र** प्र, and मूढ a fool. [sign of sense.]

प्रमूढवश mfn. (-शः-शा-शं) Bewildered, infatuated. **प्र** प्रमूढ and वश प्रमूढ mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Covered, concealed, withdrawn or gone out of sight. 2. Dead. n. (-तः) Tillage, cultivation. **प्र** प्र before, मृ to die, क् aff.

प्रमृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Polished, bright, clear. 2. Rubbed, **प्र** before, मृच् to clean, or मृच् to rub, aff. क् ।

प्रमदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Greasy, unctuous. 2. Becoming or made unctuous. **प्र** प्र before, मिद् to be unctuous, aff. क् ।

प्रमदितवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Being or made unctuous. **प्र** प्र before, मिद् to be unctuous, क्त्वच् aff.

प्रमेय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Proveable, what may or ought to be proved. 2. Measurable, finite. n. (-यं) 1. The thing to be proved. 2. In logic, the second head, or topic including twelve objects, as the soul, body, &c. or the form and end of existence. **प्र** प्र before, मा to measure, यत् aff.

प्रमेह m. (-हः) Urinary affection, as change in the colour, quantity, or consistence of the urine; twenty-one varieties are enumerated, including diabetes, gonorrhoea, &c. **प्र** प्र implying change, मिद् to pass urine, with चच् aff.

प्रमोच m. (-चः) Discharging, liberating.

प्रमोचन n. (-नः) 1. Liberating, setting free. 2. Shedding, emitting. **प्र** प्र before, मुच् to liberate, षट् aff. f. (-नी) A sort of cucumber :

see गवाची. **प्र** प्र before, मुच् to loose, aff. षट् ।

प्रमोद m. (-दः) Pleasure, happiness, delight. **प्र** प्र before, मुद् to be pleased, aff. चच् ।

प्रमोदन n. (-नः) Gladdening, making glad. m. (-नः) An epithet of प्रमोदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Happy, delighted. m. (-तः) A name of Kuvēra, &c. प्रमोद happiness, इत्च् aff.; or प्र before, मुद् to be happy, क् aff., and the radical changed.

प्रमोदिन् mfn. (-दि-दिनी-दि) 1. Happy, delighted. 2. Delighting, making happy. **प्र** प्रमोद and इति aff.

प्रमोह m. (-हः) 1. Fascination. 2. Fainting, insensibility. **प्र** प्र before, मुद् to be bewildered, चच् aff.

प्रमोहित f. (-तः) Bewildered.

प्रमोचा f. (-चा) One of the Apsara's, or nymphs of heaven.

प्रयच्छन् mfn. (-च्छन्-च्छती-च्छन्) Giving, presenting, bestowing. **प्र** प्र before, दा to give, षट् aff.

प्रयत्न mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Well-governed, restrained, self-subdued. 2. Careful, prudent. m. (-तः) A holy or pious person, one purified by austerity and mortification. f. (-ता) 1. Pure. 2. Submissive. 3. Keeping the organs of sense under restraint. **प्र** प्र intensely, यत् to endeavour, aff. नच् ।

प्रयत्नात् mfn. (-त्वा-त्ता-त्तः) Devout, pious, of a holy spirit. **प्र** प्रयत्न, and प्रयत्न n. (-नः) 1. Continued or persevering effort, exertion. 2. Act, action.

3. (In logic,) Active effort of three kinds, engaging in any act, prosecuting it, and completing it. 4. Caution, care. 5. Articulation of sounds. **प्र** प्र intensitive, यत् effort.

प्रयत्नतः Ind. Particularly, especially, with special effort, care or pains. **प्र** प्रयत्न and तसि aff.

प्रयत्नवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Active, zealous, enterprising, assiduous, persevering. **प्र** प्रयत्न effort, and वत्च् aff.

प्रयत्न mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Valuable, precious.

प्रयत्न mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Seasoned, dressed with sauces and condiments. **प्र** प्र before, यत् to take pains, and क् aff.

प्रयाग m. (-गः) 1. Sacrifice, oblation. 2. A celebrated place of pilgrimage, the confluence of the Ganges and Jamuna, with the supposed subterraneous addition of the Saraswati; the modern Alla'ha'ba'd. The term in composition is applied to many places of reputed sanctity, situated at the confluence of two rivers, as Do'ya-Praya'ga, Rudra-Praya'ga, Karn'a-Praya'ga, and Nanda-Praya'ga, in the Hima'laya mountains, which with Praya'ga or Alla'ha'ba'd, constitute the five principal places so termed. 3. A name of INDRA. 4. A horse. **प्र** प्र principal, यच् to worship, and चच् aff.; actual worship, or the place where worship is peculiarly efficacious; Alla'ha'ba'd is one of the places where BRAHMA' is supposed to have consummated ten As'wamed'has or sacrifices of the horse, in commemoration of his recovery, of the four Vēdas from SANKHA'SURA.

प्रयागस्य m. (-यः) A name of INDRA. **प्र** प्रयाग sacrifice, especially of the horse or As'wamed'd'ha, and स्य fear; INDRA being dethroned by the performance of a hundred such sacrifices.

प्रयाचन n. (-नः) Begging, imploring.

प्रयाज m. (-जः) 1. A principal ceremony or sacrifice. 2. A part of a sacrifice. **प्र** प्र before, यच् to sacrifice, aff. चच्, form irr.

प्रयाण n. (-णः) 1. Going, motion. 2. Going forth or to a distance. 3. Departure. 4. Death. 5. March of an assailing force, attack, invasion. 6. Beginning, commencement. 7. The back of a horse. 8. The hind part of any animal. **प्र** प्र before, या to go, aff. णट्; also with कच् added, प्रयाचक n. (-कः).

प्रयाणकाल m. (-कालः) 1. Time of departure. 2. Death. **प्र** प्रयाण and काल time.

प्रयाणमत्त m. (-त्तः) A break in a journey, a halt.

प्रयाणार्ह mfn. (-र्हः-र्हा-र्हं) Worthy of death. **प्र** प्रयाण, and ऋच् sit for.

प्रयात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone. 2. Removed, gone away or to a distance.



3. Deceased. m. (-नः) 1. A name of BHAI'NU. 2. A sleepy or lazy fellow. 3. An invasion. 4. A precipice. **प्र** before, यत् to endear, aff. चञ् ।  
**प्रवाच** n. (-च) 1. Sending, dispatching. 2. Expelling, driving away. **प्र** before, वा to go, causal v., लुट् aff. ; also न being unchanged, प्रवाच ।  
**प्रवाचनीय** mfn. (-वा-नी) To be sent or sent away. **प्र** before, वा to go, causal v., चनीयर् aff. ; also प्रवाचनीय ।  
**प्रवापित** mfn. (-वा-पित) Driven or sent away, made to go or pass away. **प्र** before, वा to go, causal v., ण् aff. ।  
**प्रवापित्** mfn. (-वा-पित्) Causing to go, who or what sends, or sends away, &c. **प्र** before, वा to go, causal v., णि aff. ।  
**प्रवापयाम** mfn. (-वा-पय) Being sent or made to go, pass away, &c. **प्र** before, वा to go, causal v., pass. v., णञ् aff. ; also प्रवापयाम ।  
**प्रवास** m. (-सः) 1. Checking, restraining. 2. Scarcity, dearth. 3. Competition of buyers in consequence of scarcity. 4. Length, either of space or time. **प्र** before, यत् to refrain, aff. चञ् ।  
**प्रवाच** mfn. (-वा-च) To be checked, controlled, &c. **प्र** before, यत् to check, णञ् aff. ।  
**प्रवाह** m. (-हः) 1. Trouble, labour, fatigue. 2. Desire for or pursuit of any object. **प्र** before, यत् to make exertion, aff. चञ् ।  
**प्रवासमात्र** mfn. (-मात्र) Capable of exertion or fatigue, active, energetic. **प्र** before, वा to go, causal v., णञ् aff. ; also प्रवासमात्र ।  
**प्रवाहन्** mfn. (-वा-हन्) Going, about to go or depart. **प्र** before, वा to go, णञ् aff. to the fut. tense. ।  
**प्रयुक्त** mfn. (-यु-क्त) 1. Endowed with, possessing as an attribute, &c. 2. Resulting from, consequential. 3. Appointed, nominated. 4. Associated or connected with. 5. Applied, employed, (as a word.) 6. Compact, closely united. 7. Harnessed, yoked. 8. Done, to or for. 9. Abstracted, lost in meditation. 10. Lent, (as money.) 11. Asleep. n. (-क्त) Cause. **प्र** before, युज् to join, aff. ण् ।  
**प्रयुक्तसंस्कार** Adj. Refined, polished. ।  
**प्रयुक्त** f. (-क्त) 1. Occasion, cause, main object or end. 2. Use, employment. 3. Instigation. **प्र** before, युज् to join and णिञ् aff. ।  
**प्रयुज्** mfn. (-यु-ज्) Who or what joins or is connected with, literally or figuratively, as a cause, motive, &c. **प्र** before, युज् to join, णिञ् aff. ।  
**प्रयुज्** Ind. 1. Having acted or behaved to or towards. 2. Having connected. **प्र** before, युज् to join, लृट् aff. ।  
**प्रयुज्यमान** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. Being united or connected with. 2. Being used, employed, applied, &c. **प्र** before, युज् to join, pass. v., णिञ् aff. ।  
**प्रयुज्यमान** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. Adding, joining. 2. Using, employing. 3. Appointing, deputing. 4. Performing, doing. **प्र** before, युज् to join, णिञ् aff. ।  
**प्रयुज्** mfn. (-यु-ज्) Joined, combined, united. n. (-यु-ज्) Ten hundred thousand, a million. **प्र** before, यु to join, aff. ण् ।  
**प्रयुज्** m. (-यु-ज्) 1. A warrior. 2. A name of INDRA. 3. A name of the wind. 4. A ram. 5. An ascetic. **प्र** before, युज् to contend, in the desiderative form, with च् aff. ।  
**प्रयुज्** n. (-यु-ज्) War, battle. **प्र** before, युज् the same. ।  
**प्रयुज्यमान** m. (-यु-ज्य-मान) War, battle, going to war or battle. **प्र** before, युज् to join, णिञ् aff. ; also प्रयुज्यमान ।  
**प्रयुज्यमान** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) Applicable, suitable, to be applied or employed. **प्र** before, युज् to unite, aff. णञ् ।  
**प्रयुज्** f. (-यु-ज्) 1. One who uses or employs, (as a word.) 2. One who instigates. 3. One who lends money on interest. 4. One who represents, (a drama.) 5. One who shoots, (an arrow.) ।  
**प्रयुज्** m. (-यु-ज्) 1. Occasion, cause, motive, object. 2. Consequence, result. 3. Affair, matter. 4. Appointing, appointment. 5. Application, use, employment. 6. Ceremonial form, course of proceeding.

7. Usage, practice, as in धर्मप्रयोग. 8. Hurling, throwing, sending. 9. Delivery, recitation. 10. Exhibition of a dance, dancing. 11. Practice, performance, (opposed to theory.) 12. Beginning, commencement. 13. Consequence, result. 14. Application of magic, magical rites. 15. Subduing, fascinating. 16. Device, contrivance. 17. Example, comparison. 18. Act, action. 19. Dramatic action or performance. 20. Principal, loan bearing interest. 21. Lending money at interest. 22. Profits of usury or trade. 23. A horse. 24. Text, authority. **प्र** before, युज् to join, aff. चञ् ।  
**प्रयोजन** Ind. 1. According to or in consequence of. 2. Actually, in action. **प्र** before, युज् to join, aff. चञ् ।  
**प्रयोजन** m. (-यु-ज्) Bringing a character on the stage unexpectedly at the moment when his name is incidentally pronounced. The word is thus explained on Va'ehaspatya:—  
 “यदि प्रयोजन एवमिति प्रयोजनीयः प्रयुज्यते ।  
 तेन वाच्यं प्रयोजनं प्रयोजनीयतया ॥”  
**प्रयोजन** m. (-यु-ज्) Act, tending to a main object. **प्र** before, युज् to join, aff. चञ् ।  
**प्रयोजन** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) Having some object in view, calculated for some particular purpose. **प्र** before, युज् to join, aff. चञ् ।  
**प्रयोजन** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. Who or what causes or induces any act. 2. Who or what deposes or appoints. m. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. A founder or instigator of any ceremony. 2. A law-giver, a legislator. 3. An author. 4. A money-lender. **प्र** before, युज् to join, लृट् aff. ।  
**प्रयोजन** m. (-यु-ज्य-मान) Acting as an instigator or promoter. **प्र** before, युज् to join, लृट् aff. ।  
**प्रयोजन** n. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. Use, need, necessity, (with an inst.) 2. Cause, occasion. 3. Motive, origin. 4. Purpose, object, intention, design. 5. Profit, interest. 6. Means of attaining. **प्र** before, युज् to join, aff. चञ् ।  
**प्रयोजन** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. Designing, purposing. 2. Having a cause, caused, produced. **प्र** before, युज् to join, लृट् aff. ।  
**प्रयोजन** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. Behaving to or towards, shewing, displaying. 2. Combining, &c. **प्र** before, युज् to join, aff. चञ् ।  
**प्रयोजन** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. To be set to work, to be appointed or directed. 2. To be used, practised, employed, &c. 3. To be thrown. 4. To be produced. n. (-यु-ज्य-मान) Capital, principal. m. (-यु-ज्य-मान) A servant, a slave. **प्र** before, युज् to join, aff. चञ् ।  
**प्रयोजन** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) Wept, weeping. **प्र** before, युज् to weep, णञ् aff. ।  
**प्रयोजन** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. Rooted, fastened, growing or proceeding from a root. 2. Grown, increased. 3. Born, produced. m. (-यु-ज्य-मान) The belly. **प्र** before, युज् to grow, णञ् aff. ।  
**प्रयोजन** n. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. Stimulating, exciting. 2. Propitiating. f. (-यु-ज्य-मान) Praise of the author of a drama, &c., in the prelude, to secure the favour of the spectators. **प्र** before, युज् to be light, causal v. णिञ् aff. ।  
**प्रयोजन** m. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. A bud, a shoot. 2. A shoot of light. **प्र** before, युज् to grow, aff. चञ् ।  
**प्रयोजन** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) Budding, sprouting. **प्र** before, युज् to join, लृट् aff. ।  
**प्रयोजन** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. Speaking, talking. 2. Talking nonsense. **प्र** before, युज् to speak, णञ् aff. ।  
**प्रयोजन** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. Said, spoken, declared. 2. Prating. **प्र** before, युज् to speak, aff. ण् ।  
**प्रयोजन** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) Over-reached, cheated, deceived. **प्र** before, युज् to join, लृट् aff. ।  
**प्रयोजन** mfn. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. Hanging down, depending from, pendulous. 2. Slow, dilatory. m. (-यु-ज्य-मान) 1. Depending, hanging on or from. 2. The new shoot or bud of a creeping plant. 3. A garland of flowers worn round the neck. 4. A branch. 5. The female breast. 6. The name of a Daitya, killed by BALAMA. 7. Head. **प्र** before, युज् to oppose, aff. चञ् ।  
**प्रयोजन** m. (-यु-ज्य-मान) A name of BALAMA. **प्र** before, युज् to join, लृट् aff. ।

BALADE'VA, and प्र who kills; also similar compounds, as प्रलम्भित् &c.

प्रलम्भित् m. (-न्) BALADE'VA, the brother of KRISHN'A. ३. प्रलम्भ, and भिद् who destroys: see the last.

प्रलम्बायुक् m. (-युक्) A man having large testicles. ३. प्रलम्ब pendulous, and लम्ब testicle. [ing, इत् aff.]

प्रलम्बित् infn. (-तः-ता-त्) Suspended pendulous, hanging. ३. प्रलम्ब hang-  
प्रलम्भ m. (-भः) 1. Obtaining, gaining. 2. Fraud, cheating. ३. प्र before, लम्भि to get, चञ् aff.

प्रलय m. (-यः) The end of a Kalpa, or destruction of the world. 2. Death, dying, loss, destruction, dissolution, annihilation. 3. Fainting, syncope, loss of sense or consciousness, considered as one of the thirty-three subordinate feelings, (in Rhetoric.) 4. The mystic Syllable "Om." ३. प्र before, ली to destroy, aff. चञ् ।

प्रलयकाल m. (-कः) The time of universal destruction.

प्रलयदहन m. (-नः) The fire at the dissolution of the world.

प्रलयपयोधि m. (-धिः) The ocean at the dissolution of the world.

प्रललाट f. (-टः) Having a prominent forehead.

प्रलम्भ m. (-भः) A fragrant, a chip. ३. प्र + लु-भावे चञ् ।

प्रलम्बिन् n. (-न्) An instrument for cutting. ३. प्र + लु-करणे इत् ।

प्रलाप m. (-पः) 1. Unmeaning or incoherent speech. 2. Speaking. 3. Discourse, conversation. 4. Lamentation. ३. प्र before, लप् to speak, aff. चञ् ।

प्रलापिन् mfn. (-पी-पिनी-पि) 1. Talking much, or unmeaningly, chattering. 2. Speaking to, conversing with. ३. प्र before, लप् to speak, चिन् aff. [लिप् to anoint, क aff.]

प्रलिप mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Who or what smears, plasters, &c. ३. प्र before, प्रलीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Destroyed, annihilated. 2. Unconscious, insensible. 3. Melted. ३. प्र before, ली to destroy, क aff.

प्रलीनता f. (-ता) 1. Destruction, annihilation. 2. The end of the universe. 3. Unconsciousness, loss of sense. ३. तल् added to the last; also with त्व प्रलीनत् ।

प्रलून f. (-नः) Cut off, cut asunder.

प्रलिप m. (-पः) An unguent, an ointment. ३. प्र, लिप् to smear, चञ् aff.

प्रलिपक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what anoints, smears, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A plasterer. 2. A slow fever. ३. प्र before, लिप् to smear, aff. लुत् ।

प्रलिह m. (-हः) A kind of food. 'कीरसा'. ३. प्र + लिह्-कर्मणि-चञ् ।

प्रलीठन n. (-नं) Rolling on the ground, heaving, tossing, (as of the ocean.) ३. प्र before, लुठ् to roll, लुट् aff. [roll, क aff.]

प्रलीठित mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) Rolling, heaving, tossing. ३. प्र before, लुठ् to roll, लुठ् m. (-ठः) 1. Cupidity, covetousness. 2. Allurement, seduction.

प्रलीठन n. (-नं) 1. Allurement. 2. A lure, a bait.

प्रलीभ m. (-भः) Desire, cupidity. ३. प्र before, लुभ् to covet, चञ् aff.

प्रलीभन n. (-नं) 1. Allurement, inducement. 2. Attraction, attracting, seducing. ३. प्र before, लुभ् to desire, लुट् aff.

प्रलीभनो f. (-नो) Sand.

प्रलीख f. (-खा) Extremely agitated.

प्रवक् mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what goes. ३. प्रु to go, वृत् aff.

प्रवक्तव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be expounded or explained. ३. प्र before, वच् to speak, तव्य aff.

प्रवक्तृ mfn. (-क्ता-क्ती-क्तु) Who speaks or declares. m. (-क्ता) A teacher, an expounder, an orator. ३. प्र before, वच् to speak, लृच् aff.

प्रवन् m. (-नः) 1. A bird. 2. A monkey. ३. प्रवन् + लस्य रः ।

प्रवचन n. (-नं) 1. A Vēda, scripture. 2. Excellent speech or language, eloquence. 3. Teaching, expounding, exposition. 4. Declaration. ३. प्र principal, वचन speech.

प्रवचनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. A good speaker. 2. To be well or elegantly spoken. ३. प्र before, वच् to speak, aff. वनीयर् ।

प्रवचनपटु mfn. (-टुः-टः-टु) Eloquent. ३. प्रवचन and पटु skilful.

प्रभावंड m. (-टः) Wheat. ३. प्र before, वट् to divide, aff. चट् ।

प्रव(न्)च mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Declivity, declining, steep. 2. Bent, bowed. 3. Attached or adhering to, filled with, possessed of, endowed with. 4. Inclined to, disposed to, tending to. 5. Addicted to, devoted to. 6. Favourably disposed towards. 7. Curved, crooked. 8. Swift. 9. Generous. 10. Humble, modest. 11. Wasted, decayed. m. (-चः) A place where four roads meet ३. प्र before, वच् to sound, &c. aff. चञ् ।

प्रवसात् f. (ती or ली) About to go on a journey.

प्रवसात्पतिता f. (-ता) The wife of one who is about to go on a journey, regarded as one of the eight Nāyika's, (in belles lettres.)

प्रवदन् mfn. (-दन्-दली-दन्) 1. Speaking to or with, conversing, addressing. 2. Speaking much or well. 3. Arguing, a disputant. ३. प्र before, वद् to speak, चट् aff.

प्रवपन् n. (-चं) Sowing. ३. प्र before, वप् to sow, aff. लुट् ।

प्रवयन् n. (-चं) 1. A goad. 2. The upper part of a piece of woven cloth. ३. प्र before, वच् to go, वी substituted for the root, and aff. लुत् ।

प्रवयन् m. (-यः) An old man. ३. प्र past, and वयन् life or age.

प्रवर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Best, most excellent. m. (-रः) 1. A line of ancestors. 2. An ancestor. 3. Lineage. 4. An exalted ancestor who contributed to the credit of a particular Gotra. 5. A particular invocation addressed to Agni by a Brāhmaṇa at the consecration of his fire. 6. A call, a summons. n. (-रं) 1. Offspring, descendants. 2. Family, race, kindred. 3. A black sort of kidney bean, known as Aloe-wood. 4. Covering, screening. 5. A Muni, who contributes to the continuation of and credit of a particular caste or tribe of Brāhmaṇs. ३. प्र before, वृ to chuse, aff. चप् ।

प्रवरललित n. (-लं) A species of the Ashti metre.

प्रवरवाहन m. (-नः) Du. An epithet of the Asvins.

प्रवर्ग m. (-र्गः) Sacrificial fire. ३. प्र before, वृत् to abandon, aff. चञ् ।

प्रवर्ग्य m. (-व्यः) An officiating priest. n. (-व्यं) A particular ceremony or sacrifice. ३. प्रवर्ग, and ख्यत् aff.

प्रवर्त्त m. (-र्त्तः) 1. Engaging in, undertaking. 2. Excitement, stimulus. ३. प्र before, वृत् to be, चञ् aff. : see प्रवर्त्तन and प्रवर्त्त ।

प्रवर्त्तक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Inciting, stimulating, inducing, who or what sets in action. m. (-कः) 1. The original instigator of any act, the author, the principal. 2. An arbiter, a judge. n. (-कं) The entrance of the first person of the drama on the close of the introduction. ३. प्र before, वृत् to be, aff. चिच्-लुत् ।

प्रवर्त्तन n. (-नं) 1. Action, business, worldly interest or activity as opposed to abstract contemplation. 2. Fixing, establishing. 3. Engaging, (in any work). 4. Beginning. 5. Inciting, stimulating. 6. Directing, superintending. 7. Informing. 8. Revolving. 9. Behaviour, conduct, procedure. 10. Happening, coming to pass. f. (-ना) Order, permission, the sense of the precativ, or qualified imperative tense, stimulating to action. ३. प्र before, वृत् to be, aff. वृच्-लुत्. aff. टाप् ।

प्रवर्त्तमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Engaging in, practising, doing. 2. Being used or employed. ३. प्र before, वृत् to be, घानच् aff.

प्रवर्त्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Informed, apprized. 2. Stimulated, excited, instigated. 3. Revolving, going round. 4. Made, rendered, caused. 5. Made pure. ३. प्र before, वृत् to be, क aff.

प्रवर्द्धन mfn. (-नः-नी-नं) What causes to grow or increase. n. (-नं) Increase, augmenting. ३. प्र before, वृच् to increase, aff. लुट् ।

प्रवर्षन् n. (-चं) 1. Raining. 2. The first rain. [aff. चञ् ।]

प्रवर्ध mfn. (-र्धः-र्धा-र्धं) Chief, principal, first. ३. प्र before, वृच् to increase.

प्रवर्षाकृन् m. (-कृ) 1. A snake. 2. A peacock. 3. One with a variegated girdle. [dwell, लृच् aff.]

प्रवसन् mfn. (-सन्-सनी-सन्) Residing abroad. ३. प्र before, वस् to dwell.

प्रवसन n. (-नं) Going abroad, sojourning in a foreign country. ३. प्र before, वस् to dwell, लुट् aff.

वह m. (-हः) 1. Going forth, or from a town. 2. Streaming forth. 3. One of the seven Va'yus, or courses of the wind which is said to cause the motion of the planets. 4. Wind, air. E. प्र before, वह् to bear, aff. चञ् ।

वहन् n. (-हन्) 1. A covered car, a litter or carriage for women. 2. A ship. E. प्र forth, वह् to bear, छट् aff.

वहन् mfn. (-हन् हन्तो हन्) 1. Bearing. 2. Receiving, enjoying. E. प्र before, वह् to bear, छट् aff.

वह्नि f. (-ह्निः ह्नी) A riddle. E. प्र before, वह् to speak, aff. हन्, and ह्नी optionally added : see the next.

वह्निका f. (-ह्नी) A riddle, an enigma, a conundrum or charade, &c. E. प्र before, वह् to speak or tell, aff. हन्; the conjunct consonants of the root are transposed; also प्रवह्नि and प्रवह्नी, and with हन् added to the latter, प्रवह्नीका ।

प्रवाच mfn. (-वाच्) Eloquent oratorical, speaking, a speaker. E. प्र before, वच् to speak, aff. क्तिप् । [speak, क्त्वा aff.]

प्रवाचक mfn. (-क-वा-कं) Speaking well, eloquent. E. प्र before, वच् to speak, aff. क्तिप् ।

प्रवाचन n. (-नं) Proclamation, promulgation.

प्रवाण n. (-णं) The trimming of a piece of woven cloth.

प्रवाणी f. (-णी) A weaver's shuttle. E. प्र before, वी to go, aff. छट् fem. aff. डीप्; also प्रवाणि ।

प्रवात f. (-ता) Agitated by the wind. n. (-तः) 1. A current of air. 2. Stormy weather. 3. An airy place.

प्रवाद m. (-दः) 1. Rumour, report. 2. Discourse, conversation. 3. Popular belief. 4. A fable, a myth. 5. Litigious language. 6. Mutual defiance the conversation of antagonists prior to combat. E. प्र spreading, and वाद speech.

प्रवादिन् mfn. (-दी-दनी दि) Who or what speaks, reports, &c. E. प्र before, वद to speak, चिनुष् aff. [sow, चिनुष् aff.]

प्रवापिन् m. (-पी) A sower, one who sows seed. E. प्र before, वप् to sow, aff. क्तिप् ।

प्रवापन m. (-नं) Covering, clothing. E. प्र before, वप् to cover, aff. चञ्, also with चप् aff., and in other senses, प्रवर ।

प्रवास m. (-सः) 1. A desirable gift. 2. Prohibition, objection, opposition. 3. Priority of choice. 4. Satisfying. 5. A voluntary gift. E. प्र before, वप् to choose, aff. छट् ।

प्रवास m. (-सः) A temporary or foreign residence, a habitation away from home. E. प्र far or removed, and वास abode.

प्रवासन् mfn. (-सन् सन्तो-सन्) Dwelling or being abroad or absent. E. प्र before, वस् to dwell, causal v., छट् aff.

प्रवासन n. (-नं) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Dwelling abroad, sojourning, lodging. 3. Exile. E. प्र away, वस् to dwell, or divide, causal v., aff. छट् । [causal v., क्तिप् aff.]

प्रवासित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Expelled, expatriated. E. प्र before, वस् to dwell, aff. क्तिप् ।

प्रवासिन् mfn. (-सि-सिनी सि) A traveller, a sojourner, one living away from home. E. प्रवास a foreign or strange habitation, and हि aff; or प्र before, वस् to dwell, and चिनुष् aff.

प्रवाह m. (-हः) 1. Stream, flow, continuous passage. 2. Uninterrupted series, continuity. 3. Moving onwards like a stream, course of events. 4. Action, occupation, active life. 5. A pond. 6. A swift horse. f. (-ही) Sand. E. प्र continually, वह् to bear, aff. चञ् ।

प्रवाहक mfn. (-क-वा-हं) Who or what bears or carries well. m. (-कः) An imp, a goblin. f. (-हिन्) Diarrhoea. E. प्र before, वह् to bear, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रवाहन् n. (-हन्) 1. Driving forth. 2. Evacuation by stool.

प्रवाही f. (-ही) Sand. E. प्र + वह्-विच् चञ् गीरा- डीप् ।

प्रवाहकम् Ind. 1. At the same time. 2. Above, over.

प्रवाहन् mfn. (-हन्-हन्तो-हन्) Expanding, opening, blossoming. E. प्र and वि before, वह् to go, छट् aff.

प्रवाह्यति f. (-तिः) Celebrity, reputation. E. प्र वि prefixed to व्या to say, aff. क्तिप् ।

प्रविचय m. (-यः) Examination, investigation.

प्रविचार m. (-रः) Discerning, discrimination.

प्रवितत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Spread out, expanded. 2. Dishevelled. E. प्र and वि before, तन् to spread, क्तिप् aff.

प्रविदारण n. (-णं) 1. War, battle, combat. 2. Tearing, rending, breaking. 3. Tumult, crowd, confusion. 4. Bursting, budding. E. प्र and वि prefixed to दृ to tear to pieces, aff. क्त्वा ।

प्रविदारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Torn, rent, severed. 2. Opened, expanded. E. प्र and वि before, दृ to tear, क्तिप् aff.

प्रविह f. (-हा) Cast away.

प्रविहन् f. (-ता) Dispersed, scattered.

प्रविभक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Partitioned, divided, separated, shared. E. प्र and विभक्त divided.

प्रविभाग m. (-गः) Division, a part, distribution. E. प्र and विभाग division.

प्रविर m. (-रः) A yellow fragrant wood. E. प्र and वि before, रा to get or be, aff. ड । [E. प्र, विर distinct.]

प्रविरल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. A part, separate, isolated. 2. Very few, rare.

प्रविलय m. (-यः) 1. Melting away. 2. Complete dissolution.

प्रविलुप्त mfn. (-प्तः-प्ता-प्तं) Lost, removed, fallen or rubbed off. E. प्र and वि before, लप् to cut, क्तिप् aff.

प्रविवर m. (-रः) 1. Yellow Sandal. n. (-रं) Perforated.

प्रविवाद m. (-दः) Dispute, quarrel. [विचित detached.]

प्रविचिक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Separated, detached. 2. Solitary. E. प्र and विचिक्त divided.

प्रवित्तान्निधि mfn. (-धि-धन्-धन्) Wishing or intending to banish. E. प्र before, वित्त to go, causal desid. v., च aff.

प्रविच्छेद m. (-दः) Separation, parting. E. प्र, वि negative prefix before, द्विष्ट to unite, aff. चञ् ।

प्रविषय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Sad, spiritless. 2. Dejected, separated. E. प्र much, विषय dejected. [विष poison.]

प्रविषा f. (-षा) A plant, commonly A'ta'ich. E. प्र against, (anti), and प्रविष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Entered, gone in or into. 2. Entered upon, (as an affair), engaged in. E. प्र before, विष् to enter, aff. क्तिप् ।

प्रविष्टक n. (-कं) Entrance on the stage.

प्रवि(ल)कार m. (-रः) Expance, extent, compass, circumference.

प्रवीण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Skilful, clever, conversant. E. प्र emptying excellence, and वीणा a lute, or वीण a nominal verb, to play on a lute, aff. चञ् । [प्रवीणत्वं ।]

प्रवीणता f. (-ता) Proficiency, skill. E. प्रवीण, and तन् aff.; also with त्वं, प्रवीर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Best, most excellent. m. (-रः) 1. A hero, a warrior. 2. A chief, a person of rank or distinction. 3. Strong, powerful. E. प्र pre-eminent, and वीर a hero.

प्रवृत्तनीय m. (-यः) A great hero. E. प्र + वृत्-चनीयर् aff.

प्रवृत्त mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) 1. Fixed, settled, determined, done. 2. Engaged in, undertaking, occupied by. 3. Begun, beginning. 4. Doing, acting. 5. Undisputed, (as dominion). 6. Round, globular. m. (-रः) A round ornament. E. प्र before, वृत् to be, aff. क्तिप्; form irr.

प्रवृत्तकर्म n. (-कर्म) Any act the cause of being born again. E. प्रवृत्त, and कर्म act. [abstract aff.]

प्रवृत्तकर्मता f. (-ता) Absolute dominion. E. प्रवृत्त fixed, चक्र rule, and तन् aff.

प्रवृत्त f. (-तिः) 1. Activity, occupation, active life, as opposed to contemplative devotion; or it is defined to consist of the wish to do, knowledge of the means of success and accomplishing the desired object. 2. Prosecution, perseverance. 3. Addiction to, predilection for. 4. Practice, conduct. 5. Tidings, intelligence. 6. Continuous flow, stream, current. 7. Employment, occupation. 8. Fate, Destiny. 9. Signification, sense. 10. Direct perception. 11. Progress, advance. 12. Rise, source, origin. 13. Appearance, manifestation. 14. The juice that exudes from the elephant's temple, when in rut. 15. Oujein, or any holy place. 16. (In arithmetic,) The multiplier. E. प्र before, वृत् to be or abide, aff. क्तिप् ।



प्रधानवेष्ट mfn. (प्र-धा-ष्ट) Resting. ३. प्रधान and वेष्ट effort.  
 प्रधानात्मन् mfn. (प्र-धा-आ-म) Peaceful, calm, composed in mind. ३. प्रधान and आत्मन् self.  
 प्रधानि f. (प्र-धा-नि) 1. Calm, quiet, tranquility, moral or physical. 2. Quenching, extinguishing. ३. प्र before, प्र to be calm, प्रिन् aff.  
 प्रधानीन् mfn. (प्र-धा-नीन्) Weakened, prostrate in strength. ३. प्रधान, and नीन् strength.  
 प्रधाव् mfn. (प्रधाव्) Quiet, tranquil. ३. प्र before, प्र to be tranquil, प्रिन् aff., and the penultimate made long.  
 प्रधानम् m. (प्र-धा-म) 1. Tranquillity, quiescence. 2. Allaying, pacifying. 3. Laying, suppressing. ३. प्र before, प्र to be at rest, प्रिन् aff.  
 प्रधानवत् u. (प्र-धा-वत्) 1. Governing, ruling. 2. Enacting. ३. प्र before, प्र to rule, aff. वत् ।  
 प्रधावन् m. (प्र-धा-वन्) A king. ३. प्र + प्रधा-वन् ।  
 प्रधावित् mfn. (प्र-धा-वित्) 1. Governed, ruled. 2. Promulgated, enacted. ३. प्र before, प्र to rule, प्रिन् aff.  
 प्रधासिद् m. (प्र-धा-सिद्) A ruler or governor. ३. प्र before, प्र to govern, प्रिन् aff.  
 प्रधिविद् f. (प्र-धा-विद्) Very loose.  
 प्रधियम् m. (प्र-धा-यिम्) The disciple of disciple.  
 प्रधावम् m. (प्र-धा-वम्) The becoming dry, aridity.  
 प्रधातन् mfn. (प्र-धा-तन्) Sprinkling, scattering. प्र before, प्र to sprinkle, प्रिन् aff.  
 प्रप्र m. (प्र-प्र) 1. A question, a demand, an inquiry, an interrogation. 2. Judicial inquiry. 3. The subject of a controversy, a controverted point. 4. Inquiry into the future. 5. Problem for calculation. 6. Section of a book. f. (प्र-प्र) An aquatic plant, (Pistia-stratiotes.) "प्रप्र" इति प्रथा । ३. प्रप्र, to ask, aff. प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रती f. (प्र-प्र-ती) A riddle, an enigma, an intricate or enigmatical question. ३. प्रप्र a question, and प्रती playing.  
 प्रप्रम् m. (प्र-प्र-म्) Laxity, relaxation, flaccidity. ३. प्र before, प्र to be loose, aff. प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रम् m. (प्र-प्र-म्) 1. Affection, affectionate regard or solicitation. 2. Respect. 3. Courtesy, civility. ३. प्र before, प्र to serve, aff. प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रवत् u. (प्र-प्र-वत्) 1. A fountain, a cascade, a water-fall. 2. Oozing, flowing. 3. A range of mountains in the south, part of the western Ghats. ३. प्र before, प्र to ooze or drop, aff. प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रित् mfn. (प्र-प्र-ित्) Modest, humble, well-behaved. ३. प्र before, प्र to serve, aff. प्रिन् । [aff. प्रिन् ।]  
 प्रप्रन् mfn. (प्र-प्र-न्) Flowing, oozing, issuing. ३. प्र before, प्र to drop, प्रिन् aff.  
 प्रप्रवत् mfn. (प्र-प्र-वत्) Languid, flaccid, loose, relaxed, unnerved. ३. प्र before, प्र to be loose, aff. प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रित् f. (प्र-प्र-ित्) 1. Entwined. 2. Well-reasoned. ३. प्र + प्रिन्-प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रिन् m. (प्र-प्र-िन्) Close, contact, pressing hard.  
 प्रप्रिन् m. (प्र-प्र-िन्) Respiration. ३. प्र + प्रिन्-प्रिन् aff.  
 प्रप्रिन् mfn. (प्र-प्र-िन्) To be asked. ३. प्रप्र to ask, प्रिन् aff.  
 प्रप्रिन् mfn. (प्र-प्र-िन्) Asking, demanding, an asker or questioner. ३. प्रप्र to ask, प्रिन् aff.  
 प्रप्र mfn. (प्र-प्र-म) 1. A leader, a conductor, one who goes first or before. 2. Prior, preceding. 3. Chief, principal, best. f. (प्र-प्र) The wife of a leader or chief. ३. प्र pre-eminent, प्र to stay or be, aff. प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रम् m. (प्र-प्र-म्) A young bull or steer, training for the plough, &c. ३. प्रप्र a leader, and प्र to bear, aff. प्रिन् or प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रिन्ी f. (प्र-प्र-िन्ी) A cow pregnant with her first calf. ३. प्रप्र here said to be the first birth, and प्र to bear, aff. प्रिन् or प्रिन्, fem. aff. प्रिन्, and प्र is changed to प्र, which with the preceding vowel becomes प्री by special rule.  
 प्रप्र r. 1st cl. (प्रप्रने) 1. To spread or diffuse. 2. To bring forth young. प्रप्र दिवा. प्र. प्रे. निन् प्रटादि प्रिन् (प्रप्रदिने).

प्रप्रन् mfn. (प्र-प्र-न्) 1. Eternal, constant, continual. 2. Opened, expanded. 3. Obtained, gained, attained. 4. Attached to, devoted to, (person or thing,) engaged in. 5. United to, connected with, accompanying. 6. Applied to, used, employed. 7. Applicability, application. 8. Conclusion, deduction. 9. Topic of conversation. 10. Energy, perseverance. n. adv. (प्र-प्र) Continually, incessantly, eternally. ३. प्र before, प्र to unite or embrace, aff. प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रिन् f. (प्र-प्र-िन्) 1. Union, connection. 2. Adherence or attachment to. 3. Energy, perseverance. 4. Acquiring. 5. Inference, conclusion, deduction. 6. A topic, or subject of conversation. ३. प्र before, प्र to unite, प्रिन् aff.  
 प्रप्रिन् f. (प्र-प्र-िन्) 1. Total number. 2. Reflection.  
 प्रप्रिन् m. (प्र-प्र-िन्) Payment, liquidation. n. (प्र-प्र) 1. Enumeration. 2. Renown, reputation. 3. Reflection, meditation. ३. प्र + प्रिन्-प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रिन् m. (प्र-प्र-िन्) 1. Introduction, insertion. 2. Association, connexion. 3. Addition or attachment to. 4. Connected language or style. 5. Connected reasoning or argument. 6. Double or conjoint result, producing two effects, attaining two objects by one act. 7. Revealing a secret. 8. (In dramatic language.) A second or subsidiary incident or plot. 9. Union, association, intercourse, (as in प्री प्रप्र) Illicit intercourse. 10. Topic of conversation. 12. Occupation. 13. Contingency, event, case. 14. Mention of parents. 15. Equal extent, inseparable connection, (in logic.) 16. A conclusion, an inference. 17. Time, opportunity, occasion. ३. प्र preceding, प्र to join, aff. प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रिन्निवारण n. (प्र-प्र-िन्निवारण) Obviation of similar contingencies.  
 प्रप्रिन्निवारण Ind. By the force of circumstances.  
 प्रप्रिन्निवारण Incidentally, by way of.  
 प्रप्रिन् n. (प्र-प्र-िन्) 1. Bringing into use, employing, applying, bringing to bear. 2. Combining, connecting. ३. प्र before, प्र to unite, प्रिन् aff.  
 प्रप्रिन् f. (प्र-प्र-िन्) 1. Purity, cleanness, brightness, transparency. 2. Favour, graciousness, complacency. ३. प्र before, प्र to go, aff. प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रिन् m. (प्र-प्र-िन्) 1. Virtue, piety. 2. BRAHMA' f. (प्र-प्र-िन्) Acquisition, accomplishment. ३. प्र before, प्र to go, प्रिन् aff. Unadi aff.  
 प्रप्रिन् mfn. (प्र-प्र-िन्) 1. Clear, clean, bright, pellucid. 2. Pleased, delighted. 3. Complacent, gracious, favourable. f. (प्र-प्र-िन्) 1. Propitiating, pleasing. 2. Spirituous or vinous liquor. 3. Open, clear, easily intelligible, (as the meaning of a passage.) 4. True. ३. प्र principally, &c. प्र to go, aff. प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रिन् f. (प्र-प्र-िन्) 1. Brightness, pellucidness, clearness, purity. 2. Favour, kindness, being pleased with. ३. प्रप्र clear, and प्रिन् aff.; also with प्र, प्रप्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रिन् mfn. (प्र-प्र-िन्) Agreeable-looking, smiling, looking pleased. ३. प्रप्र and प्रिन् face.  
 प्रप्रिन् Adj. Propitious.  
 प्रप्रिन् f. (प्र-प्र-िन्) Spirituous liquor. ३. प्रप्र clear, and प्रिन् wine.  
 प्रप्रिन् n. (प्र-प्र-िन्) Violence. Adv. 1. Violently, forcibly. 2. Much, exceedingly. ३. प्र gone, passed, प्र an assembly.  
 प्रप्रिन् It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of : 1. Exceedingly, much. 2. Violently, forcibly.  
 प्रप्रिन् n. (प्र-प्र-िन्) Carrying off by force.  
 प्रप्रिन् n. (प्र-प्र-िन्) Considering, deliberating, discussing. ३. प्र, प्र before, प्रिन् to see, प्रिन् aff.  
 प्रप्रिन् f. (प्र-प्र-िन्) Deliberation, judgment. ३. प्र and प्र before, प्रिन् to see, प्रिन् and प्रिन् affs.  
 प्रप्रिन् mfn. (प्र-प्र-िन्) To be weighed, considered, discussed, &c. Ind. Having considered. ३. प्र and प्र before, प्रिन् to see, प्रिन् or प्रिन् aff.  
 प्रप्रिन् n. (प्र-प्र-िन्) 1. Fastening, binding. 2. A net. ३. प्र + प्रिन् ।  
 प्रप्रिन् mfn. (प्र-प्र-िन्) Who or what proceeds projects, &c. m. (प्र-प्र-िन्) 1.

Spreading, extending. 2. Space, room. 3. Occasion, opportunity. 4. affectionate solicitation. 5. Speed, velocity. 6. Battle, war. 7. Multitude, assemblage. 8. An iron arrow. 9. A projection, a process. 10. Free course, unimpeded motion. 11. Diffusion. 12. A flow, a stream, a torrent, a flood. म. प्र before, स् to go, aff. चप् or चक् ।

प्रसरत् n. (-त्) 1. Going forth or round. 2. Surrounding an enemy. 3. Spreading over the country to forage. 4. Amiability. म. प्र before, स् to go, aff. ल्यट् ; also प्रसरन्ती and प्रसरन्ति ।

प्रसरति f. (-ति: or -ती) Surrounding an enemy. म. प्र before, स् to go, aff. चति, and लीप् optionally added.

प्रसरत् mfn. (-न्-यन्ती-यत्) 1. Expanding, spreading, bursting. 2. Proceeding, projecting. म. प्र before, स् to go, मट् aff.

प्रसवेत् m. (-क्तः) An uninvited guest, an intruder. म. प्र before, स् to go, ल्यट् aff.

प्रसवेत् n. (-त्) 1. Spreading, stretching, expanding. 2. Going, proceeding. म. प्र before, स् to go, aff. ल्यट् ।

प्रसवेत् mfn. (-न्-यन्ती-यत्) Advancing, proceeding. म. प्र before, स् to go, मट् aff.

प्रस(म)ल m. (-क्तः) The cold season, (ह्रस्वन्) म. प्र + लच्-चप् ।

प्रसव m. (-न्) 1. Bringing forth, bearing, (as young.) 2. Birth, production. 3. Offspring, posterity. 4. Fruit. 5. A blossom, a flower. 6. Source, origin. म. प्र before, स् to bear, aff. चप् ।

प्रसवक m. (-क्तः) A tree commonly Piyal, (Buchanania latifolia) म. प्रसव a flower, aff. कच् ।

प्रसवकट्ट n. (-त्) A lying in-chamber.

प्रसवकश्चन n. (-न्) The foot stalk of a leaf or flower, the petiole or peduncle. म. प्रसव a flower, and चश्चन a binding.

प्रसवन् mfn. (-न्-यन्ती-यत्) Bearing. f. (-न्ती) A woman in labour. म. प्र before, स् to bear, मट् aff.

प्रसवन n. (-न्) Bringing forth, fecundity.

प्रसववेदना f. (-ना) The Pangs of child-birth.

प्रसवस्थली f. (-ली) A mother. म. प्रसव and स्थल place, लीप् aff.

प्रसविह m. (-ता) A father. f. (-ती) A mother. म. प्र before, स् to bear or have offspring, aff. हच् ।

प्रसविन् mfn. (-न्-यन्ती-यत्) Having or bearing young. म. प्रसव, and चति aff.

प्रसव्य mfn. (-ञ्च्यः-ञ्च्य-ञ्चि) Contrary, reverse, unfavourable, inverted, reverted. म. प्र inclined towards, चञ्चु the left or wrong side.

प्रसव् m. (-च्) 1. A beast or bird of prey. 2. Resistance, endurance. f. (-चा) Adj. Withstanding, bearing up. म. प्र before, स् to be able, aff. चच् ।

प्रसवन m. (-न्) A beast or bird of prey. n. (-न्) 1. Embracing, an embrace. 2. Defeat. 3. Bearing, enduring. म. प्र before, स् to bear, aff. ल्यट् ।

प्रसव्य Ind. 1. Forcibly, violently. 2. Exceedingly. म. प्र excessively, चच् to be able, ल्यप् aff. [a thief.]

प्रसव्यीर m. (-रः) A robber, a plunderer. म. प्रसव्य violently, and चीर

प्रसविका f. (-का) A kind of rice. "चञ्चुधान्ते" ।

प्रसाद m. (-द्) 1. Clearness, cleanness, transparency, brightness. 2. Favour, kindness, propitiousness, approbation. 3. Well-being, welfare. 4. Composure, calmness of mind. 5. Poetry written in an elegant but an easy style. 6. Perspicuity. 7. Connection, association. 8. Propitiatory offering. 9. Good humour, good temper. 10. Food that has been offered to an idol, or of which a spiritual teacher has partaken. म. प्र before, स् to go, aff. चञ् ।

प्रसादक f. (-दिक्) Adj. 1. Purifying, making pellucid. 2. Gladdening, cheering. 3. Courting favour.

प्रसादन n. (-न्) 1. Boiled-rice 2. Cleaning, freeing from soil or impurities. 3. Pleasing, gratifying. f. (-नी) 1. Cheering, soothing. 2. Purifying, rendering clear. f. (-ना) 1. Service. 2. Worship. 3.

Purifying. m. (-न्) A Royal tent. म. प्र before, स् to go, aff. चञ् fem. aff. टाप् ।

प्रसादपरास्व Adj. Not caring for any body's favour. 2. Withdrawing favour from any one.

प्रसादयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Pleasing, propitiating. म. प्र before, स् to go, aff. मट् ।

प्रसादस्व mfn. (-स्वः-स्वा-स्वा) 1. Kind, propitious, happy. म. प्रसाद and स्व who or what is.

प्रसादित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Pleased, propitiated. 2. Worshipped. 3. Purified, cleansed. म. प्र before, स् to go, क्त् aff. or प्र + साधि-ल्यट् ।

प्रसादीत्यस्व Adj. Disposed to favour.

प्रसाधक mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Who or what accomplishes or perfects. 2. Who or what cleanses or purifies. 3. A valet-de-chamber. f. (-क्ता) 1. Wild-rice. 2. A dresser, a female attendant, one who decorates or adorns. म. प्र before, साध् to accomplish, aff. ल्यट् ।

प्रसाधन n. (-न्) 1. Dress, decoration, embellishment. 2. Accomplishing, effecting. 3. Arranging. 4. Means of decoration, things of ornamentation. nf. (-न्-नी) A comb. f. (-नी) A drug, commonly called Siddhi. म. प्र before, साध् to accomplish, aff. ल्यट् ।

प्रसाधनविधि m. (-धिः) Decoration, embellishment.

प्रसाधनविशेष m. (-वः) The highest decoration.

प्रसाधिका f. (-का) A female attendant who dresses her mistress.

प्रसाधित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Ornamented, decorated. 2. Accomplished, completed, done. म. प्र before, साध् to finish, aff. क्त् ।

प्रसाध्य mfn. (-यः-य्या-य्य) 1. Accomplishable, what may be done. 2. To be done for, destroyed. म. प्र and साध् to accomplish, यत् aff.

प्रसार m. (-रः) 1. Going about, spreading, extending. 2. Going to forage, spreading over the country for grass and fuel. म. प्र afar, स् to go, aff. चञ् ।

प्रसारण n. (-णः) 1. Going about, spreading. 2. Expanding, extending. 3. Unfolding. 4. Surrounding an enemy. 5. The dispersion of an army by detachments for that purpose, or for collecting forage. 6. The change of a semi-vowel into a vowel, (in Gram.) f. (-णी) A plant, (Podaria foetida.) म. प्र before, स् to go, aff. चिच् ल्यट् ; also प्रसरण .

प्रसारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Stretched, expanded, extended. 2. Laid out. म. प्र before, स् to go, causal v., क्त् aff.

प्रसारिन् mfn. (-न्-यन्ती-यत्) 1. Going along gently, gliding, flowing, creeping. 2. Spreading, expanding. 3. Spreading around or about. 4. Expanded, unfolded. 5. Surrounding an enemy. म. प्र before, स् to go, चिचि aff.

प्रसाह m. (-हः) Overpowering, defeating.

प्रसिध mfn. (-न्-ता-तं) 1. Diligent, attentive, adhering to, or engaged in. 2. Ingrossed by, devoted or attached to. 3. Bound, fastened. 4. Longing for, greatly desirous of, (with an inst. or loc.) n. (-न्) Pus, matter. म. प्र before, सिच् to bind, aff. क्त् ।

प्रसिति f. (-तिः) 1. Ligament, fetters, linding, tie. 2. A net, a snare. म. प्र before, सिच् to bind, aff. क्त् ।

प्रसिध mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) 1. Famous, celebrated. 2. Adorned, ornamented. म. प्र before, सिच् accomplished.

प्रसिधि f. (-धिः) 1. Fame, celebrity, notoriety. 2. Ornament, decoration. 3. That which is notorious or known. 4. Success, accomplishment. म. प्र before, सिच् to go, aff. क्त् ।

प्रसोदिका f. (-का) A small garden.

प्रसुप्त mfn. (-न्-ता-तं) Sleeping, asleep, fast asleep. म. प्र, सुप्त slept.

प्रसुप्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Sleepiness. 2. Paralysis.

प्रसू f. (-यः) 1. A mother. 2. A mare. 3. A spreading creeper. 4. The plantain. Adj. Bringing forth, bearing. म. प्र before, स् to bear, aff. क्त् ।

प्रसूता f. (-ता) A mare. म. चञ् added to the last.

**जन्तु** mfn. (-तः-ता-न्ते) 1. Born, engendered. 2. Bearing, bringing forth, delivered. n. (-न्ते) 1. A flower. 2. Any productive source. f. (ता). A woman who has borne a child, or one who is recently delivered. **ए** प्र before, **हृ** to bear, aff. **क्**, fem. aff. टाप्; also प्रवृत्तिना।

**प्रवृत्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. Bringing forth, (as young.) 2. Birth, production. 3. Offspring, children, a son or daughter. 4. A mother. 5. A producer, a procreator. 6. (Calving or laying eggs. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to bear, aff. **क्**, **क्लिच्** or **क्लिच्**।

**प्रवृत्तिना** f. (-ना) A woman who has had a child, or one who has been recently delivered. **म**. प्रवृत्ता the same, pleonastic aff. **क्**, fem. form.

**प्रवृत्ति** n. (-जः) 1. Pain, affliction, mental or corporeal. 2. Pain resulting as a necessary consequence of birth. **म**. प्रवृत्ति birth, and **ज** produced; attending man from birth.

**प्रवृत्ति** m. (-वृः) Air produced in the womb during travail.

**प्रवृत्त** mfn. (-नः-ना-न्ते) Born, produced. n. (-न्ते) 1. A flower, a bud, a blossom. 2. Fruit. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to bear, aff. **क्**, form irr.

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-वृः) Ka'madeva. **म**. प्रवृत्त a flower, and **वृ** an arrow.

**प्रवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-न्ते) 1. Dispersed, extended, spread abroad. 2. Stretched. 3. Long, lengthened. 4. Modest, humble. 5. Swift, quick. 6. Gone. 7. Attached to, engaged in, occupied with. 8. Appointed. m. (-तः) The palm of the hand, hollowed as if to hold liquids. f. (-ता) The leg. mn. (-तः-ते) A measure of two Pala's. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to go, aff. **क्**।

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-जः) A son born in adultery.

**प्रवृत्ति** f. (-तिः) 1. The palm of the hand stretched out and hollowed. 2. A handful considered as a measure. 3. Progress, advance. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to go, aff. **क्लिच्**।

**प्रवृत्त** f. (-तः) Adj. 1. Hurt, injured. 2. Laid aside. **म**. प्र + **वृ** + **क्**।

**प्रवृत्त** f. (-तः) A finger stretched forth.

**प्रवृत्त** f. (-ता) Adj. Dropping, distilling, flowing forth.

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-नः) 1. Sprinkling, wetting. 2. Dropping, oozing. 3. Running or watering of the mouth and nose, emission, discharge. 4. Vomiting. **म** प्र before, **सिच्** to sprinkle, aff. **क्**, **क्लिच्**।

**प्रवृत्ति** f. (-ता) A small garden. **म**. प्र excellence, **हृ** to go, aff. **क्लिच्**, fem. aff. टाप्।

**प्रवृत्ति** mfn. (-वान् दुयो-वत्) Pleased, propitiated, favourable. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to go, **क्लिच्** aff.

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-नः) 1. Part of a lute : see the next. 2. A sack. **म** प्र before, **सिच्** to tie or sew, aff. **क्लिच्**।

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-नः) 1. A part of a lute, a wooden vessel covered with leather, placed under the neck to render the sound deeper. 2. A crooked piece of wood at the end of a lute. 3. A leathern bottle, a bag for grain. **म** प्र before, **सेच्** to serve, aff. **क्लिच्**; or **प्र** + **सिन्** + **क्लिच्**।

**प्रवृत्त** n. (-नः) 1. Purging, diarrhoea. 2. Springing across. m. (-नः) An epithet of S'iva. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to go, aff. **क्लिच्**।

**प्रवृत्ति** f. (-ता) Diarrhoea. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to go, **क्लिच्** aff.

**प्रवृत्त** mfn. (-नः-ना-न्ते) 1. Fallen, dropped. 2. Defeated. m. (-नः) A sinner, an outcast, one who has violated the usages of his caste or order. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to go, to drop, aff. **क्**, form irr.

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-नः) An alter of a circular shape.

**प्रवृत्त** n. (-नः) 1. Staggering. 2. Tumbling. 3. Falling.

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-नः) 1. A stone or rock. 2. A jewel, a precious stone. 3. A couch, made of flowers or grass. 4. Any bed or couch. 5. A flat, a level, a surface. 6. A tabular form of representing the long and short vowels of poetical metre. 7. Notation of music. 8. A handful or bundle of Kusa grass used at sacrifices. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to spread, aff. **क्लिच्**।

**प्रवृत्त** mfn. (-नः-ना-न्ते) 1. A bed, a couch. 2. A seat.

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-नः) 1. A jungle, a thicket or wood, overgrown with grass. 2. Covering, spreading. 3. A bed made with blossoms, leaves, &c.

4. Any bed or couch. 5. A flat surface, a plain. 6. Representation of the long and short vowels of a metre and its possible varieties, (in prosody.) **म** प्र before, **हृ** to spread, aff. **क्लिच्**।

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-नः) 1. Opportunity, occasion, season. 2. Occasional or introductory eulogium. 3. Subject matter of a composition. 4. A chapter, a section. 5. Beginning, commencement. 6. Mention, allusion. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to praise, aff. **क्लिच्**।

**प्रवृत्त** f. (-ना) 1. Commencement, introduction. 2. A dramatic prelude, an introductory dialogue, usually spoken by the manager and one of the actors. 3. Praising, praise. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to praise, aff. **क्लिच्**; the commencement of books, &c. being usually the praise of gods or princes. It is thus defined by Bharata :—“नटो विदूषको वापि पारिपात्रिक एव वा। स्वधारेण संहिताः संलापं यच्च कुर्वते। सातुखं नाम तज्ज्ञेयं तैव प्रवृत्तना मता।”

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-नः) A conversation to which each interlocutor contributes his share.

**प्रवृत्त** mfn. (-नः-ना-न्ते) Suited to the occasion, appropriate, seasonable. **म**. प्रवृत्त and **सदृश** like.

**प्रवृत्त** f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Begun, commenced. 2. Mentioned.

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-नः) A bed or couch made of blossoms, flowers, leaves, &c. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to spread, aff. **क्लिच्** and **रर** substituted, for **क्लिच्**।

**प्रवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-न्ते) 1. Crowded, clustering. 2. Sounded, making a noise. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to crowd, aff. **क्**, form irr.

**प्रवृत्त** mfn. (-नः-ना-न्ते) 1. Crowded together, swarming, clustering. 2. Sounded. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to crowd, aff. **क्**, form irr.

**प्रवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-न्ते) 1. Said, revealed, propounded, declared. 2. Ready, prepared. 3. Praised, panegyrised. 4. Accomplished, done. 5. Happened, come to pass. 6. Made or consisting of. 7. Approached, proximate. 8. Done with effort or energy. 9. Expected desired. 10. Begun, commenced. n. (-न्ते) A subject under discussion, a matter in hand, (in this sense the word is often used in the sense of Upameya in rhetorical works.) **म** प्र before, **हृ** to praise, aff. **क्**।

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-नः) A figure of speech, (according to some writers,) consisting in the mention of any passing circumstance to indicate something in the hearer's mind.

**प्रवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-न्ते) 1. Spread. 2. Disappeared. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to spread, aff. **क्**।

**प्रवृत्त** mfn. (-नः-ना-न्ते) 1. Expanding, spread. 2. What stays well, firm, solid. 3. Who goes on a journey or march, &c. m. (-नः) 1. A measure of quantity, four Kud'avas, or forty-eight double-handfuls. 2. Table land on the top of a mountain. 3. A level expanse. 4. A Prast'ha of any thing, or any thing measuring a Prast'ha. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to stand, aff. **क्**।

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-नः) A sort of Tulasi, or basil with small leaves. **म**. प्रवृत्त the top of a mountain and पुष्प flower.

**प्रवृत्त** n. (-नः) 1. Going forth, preceeding, departing. 2. March of an assailant. 3. March. 4. Method, system. 5. Dying, death. 6. An inferior kind of drama the personages of which are slaves and outcasted. **म** प्र away, away from, **हृ** to stay, aff. **क्लिच्**।

**प्रवृत्त** n. (-नः) Non-attendance at a festival, impeding its taking place, &c. **म**. प्रवृत्त proceeding and विघ्न obstacle.

**प्रवृत्त** mfn. (-नः-ना-न्ते) Belonging or relating to a departure. **म**. प्रवृत्त, **उक्** aff.

**प्रवृत्त** m. (-नः) 1. Sending away. 2. Appointment on an embassy. 3. Proving, establishing. 4. Carrying, carrying off cattle, &c. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to stay, causal v., **क्लिच्** aff.

**प्रवृत्त** mfn. (-नः-ना-न्ते) 1. To be sent away. 2. To be carried or driven off. **म** प्र before, **हृ** to stay, causal v., **क्लिच्** aff.

**प्रवृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-न्ते) 1. Sent, dispatched. 2. Sent away, dismissed.



3. Established, proved. ३. प्र reverse, स्था to stay, in the causal form, aff. क् ।  
 प्रस्थायिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Who or what goes, travels marches, &c. ३. प्र before, स्था to stay, चिनि Una'di aff.  
 प्रस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Gone, departed, set forth, (on a journey, march &c.) ३. प्र before, स्था to stay, aff. क् ।  
 प्रस्थिति f. (-तिः) 1. Going forth or away. 2. Journey. 3. March. ३. प्र before, स्था to stay, क्त्वा aff.  
 प्रस्न म. (-स्नः) A vessel for bathing.  
 प्रस्नव m. (-वः) 1. Flowing, pouring forth. 2. A stream.  
 प्रस्नत f. (-ता) Adj. Dropping, pouring forth. [of love.  
 प्रस्नतस्नानी f. (-नी) A woman whose breasts distil milk, (through excess  
 प्रस्नवा f. (-वा) The wife of a grandson.  
 प्रस्नन् n. (-न्) Palpitating, vibrating. ३. प्र + स्नन्-स्नुट् ।  
 प्रस्फुट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) 1. Blown, expanded. 2. Spread abroad, published. 3. Evident, clear, manifest. ३. प्र before, स्फुट् to blossom, क् aff.  
 प्रस्फुटत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Swollen. 2. Budded. 3. Quivering, trembling. ३. प्र before, स्फुट् to expand, क् aff.  
 प्रस्फोटन n. (-न) 1. A winnowing basket. 2. Striking, beating. 3. Expanding, budding, opening, blowing. 4. Winnowing corn. 5. Ripening, making manifest or apparent. ३. प्र before, स्फुट् to blossom, aff. क्त्वा । [tion.  
 प्रस्मृति f. (-तिः) Forgetfulness, forgetting. ३. प्र privative, स्मृति recollection.  
 प्रस्नन् m. (-न्) 1. Trickling, forth. 2. Any thing that exudes, gum.  
 प्रस्नन् n. (-न्) Exuding, trickling forth.  
 प्रस्नन्ति f. (-नी) Adj. Miscarrying.  
 प्रस्नव m. (-वः) 1. Trickling forth, oozing out. 2. A flow, a stream. 3. Milk flowing from a breast or an udder. 4. Urine. m. Plu. Falling tears : See the next.  
 प्रस्नवय n. (-यः) 1. A pool of water formed by dripping of springs in the mountains. 2. Dripping or fall of water, cascade, cataract. 3. Washing away of rocks, &c. by the dripping of water. 4. Oozing, leaking, dripping. m. (-यः) 1. Sweat, perspiration. 2. Pissing, urinating. 3. Flowing of milk from a breast or an udder. 4. A range of mountains in the peninsula; also Malaya'van. ३. प्र before, स्नु to drop, aff. क्त्वा ; also प्रस्नवय ।  
 प्रस्नव m. (-वः) 1. Flowing, dripping. 2. Urine. ३. प्र forth, स्नु to ooze, aff. क्त्वा । [क्त्वा aff.  
 प्रस्नत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Oozed issued, dropped. ३. प्र before, स्नु to drop, क्त्वा ।  
 प्रस्न(स्ना)न m. (-नः) A loud noise. ३. प्र before, स्नन् to sound, aff. क्त्वा or क्त्वा । [A dream  
 प्रस्नाप m. (-पः) 1. Sleep. 2. A missile which brings on sleep. 3. प्रस्नापन n. (-नः) 1. Causing sleep, inducing sleep. 2. A missile which sends the person attacked to sleep.  
 प्रस्निग्ध mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्ना-घ्न) 1. Perspiring, covered with perspiration. 2. Heated, sweated. ३. प्र before, स्निग्ध to sweat, क्त्वा aff.  
 प्रस्निग्ध m. (-घ्नः) Great or excessive perspiration. ३. प्र intensitive, स्निग्ध sweat.  
 प्रस्निग्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Perspiring, sweating. 2. Heated, sweated. 3. Hot, causing perspiration. ३. प्र before, स्निग्ध to sweat, क्त्वा aff.  
 प्रस्निग्धितम् mfn. (-तम्-वती-वन्) Suffering or producing perspiration. ३. प्र before, स्निग्ध to sweat, क्त्वा aff.  
 प्रस्नयन n. (-नः) Killing, slaughter.  
 प्रस्नेनि m. (-निः) The moon.  
 प्रस्नत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Struck, wounded, killed. 2. Repelled, repulsed, overcome, defeated. 3. Spread, expanded. 4. Contiguous, bounding, limitative. 5. Learned, accomplished. 6. Beaten, frequented, (as a path). 7. Beaten, (as a drum). ३. प्र again and स्नन् struck, injured,

प्रस्नर m. (-रः) A watch, an 8th part of the day, or a division comprising about three hours. ३. प्र before, स्नु to take, क्त्वा aff.  
 प्रस्नक m. (-कः) A watch.  
 प्रस्नक n. (-कः) 1. A weapon. 2. A covered car, a litter for women or any litter or small covered car for diversion. 3. War, battle. 4. Striking, killing. 5. Assaulting, attacking. 6. Removing, expelling. ३. प्र before, स्नु to take, aff. क्त्वा ।  
 प्रस्नकलिका f. (-का) A species of the Sarkari metre.  
 प्रस्नकोय n. (-यः) A weapon.  
 प्रस्नरिन् m. (-री) A watchman, a bellman. ३. प्रस्नर a watch, and स्निग्ध aff.  
 प्रस्नयन् mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यन्) Taking, intending or wishing to take. ३. प्र, स्नु to take, with a future sense, स्नुट् aff.  
 प्रस्नन् mfn. (-न्-नी-न्) 1. Striking, a striker, a combatant. 2. Fighting. 3. Shooting. ३. प्र before, स्नु to take, क्त्वा aff.  
 प्रस्नन् m. (-न्) 1. Delight, joy, rapture, exultation. 2. Erection of the male organ. ३. प्र before, स्नु to rejoice, स्निग्ध-स्नुट् aff.  
 प्रस्नन् mfn. (-न्-यन्-यन्) 1. Happy, delighted. 2. Delighting. m. (-यः) The planet Mercury, or its ruler. f. (-नी) 1. Turmeric. 2. A form of metre. ३. प्र before, स्नु to rejoice, aff. क्त्वा ।  
 प्रस्नन् m. (-न्) The planet mercury.  
 प्रस्नन्ति f. (-नी) A species of the Atijagati metre. [joice, क्त्वा aff.  
 प्रस्नित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Delighted, very happy. ३. प्र before, स्नु to rejoice, क्त्वा ।  
 प्रस्नन् mfn. (-न्-यन्-यन्) Laughing, laughing heartily. f. (-नी) Arabian jasmine. ३. प्र before, स्नु to smile, aff. स्नुट्, fem. aff. स्नीप् ।  
 प्रस्नन n. (-नः) 1. Loud, violent or hearty laughter. 2. Mirth, merriment. 3. Sarcasm, satire, as a branch of rhetorical composition. 4. Reproof, ridicule, irony. 5. A farce, a comedy. It is thus defined in Sa'hitya Darpana :—भाष्यवत् सन्धिसम्प्रायणस्याङ्गाङ्गिनिमित्तम् । सन् प्रस्ननं इतं निन्द्यानां कविकल्पितम् । ३. प्र before, स्नु to laugh, aff. क्त्वा ।  
 प्रस्ननी f. (-नी) 1. A kind of Jasmine. 2. A large fire-pan. ३. प्र + स्नु-स्नुट्-स्नीप् ।  
 प्रस्नित n. (-नः) Laughter, mirth. ३. प्र and स्नु to laugh, क्त्वा aff.  
 प्रस्नन m. (-नः) 1. The open hand with the fingers extended. 2. Name of one of the generals of Ravana. ३. प्र exchanging, स्नु the hand.  
 प्रस्नाय n. (-यः) Abandoning, omitting.  
 प्रस्नायि f. (-यिः) 1. Abandoning. 2. Want, deficiency. ३. प्र + स्ना-यि-यन् ।  
 प्रस्नाय n. (-यः) Driving away, forced abandonment or departure. ३. प्र before, स्नु to quit, causal v, स्नुट् aff.  
 प्रस्नार m. (-रः) 1. Striking. 2. Wounding, killing. 3. A blow, a knock, a stroke. 4. A cut, a thrust. 5. A kick. 6. Smiting, fitting. ३. प्र before, स्नु to take, aff. क्त्वा । [प्रस्नार ।  
 प्रस्नारय n. (-यः) A desirable gift. ३. प्र before, स्नु to take, aff. क्त्वा ; also प्रस्नारय mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Bruised, wounded, hurt by a blow. n. (-यः) Lasting and acute pain from a wound or maim. ३. प्रस्नार striking, and स्नायन् pained.  
 प्रस्नाय m. (-यः) 1. Loud laughter. 2. Ridicule, derision. 3. Irony. 4. Blowing, (as a flower). 5. Si'va. 6. An actor, a dancer. 7. A place of pilgrimage; also सीमतीय. ३. प्र before, स्नु to laugh, aff. क्त्वा ।  
 प्रस्नायिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) 1. Laughing aloud. 3. Diverting or causing laughter. m. (-यी) A jester, a Buffoon, a clown. ३. प्र before, स्नु to laugh, aff. चिनि ।  
 प्रस्निग्ध m. (-घ्नः) A well. ३. प्र before, स्नु to take, una'di aff. स्नु, and the final of the radical rejected.  
 प्रस्निग्ध mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Sent, dispatched. 2. Appointed, commissioned. 3. Stretched out, extended. 4. Placed. 5. Discharged as an arrow from a bow. 6. Learned. 7. Suitable, appropriate. n. (-नः) Sauce, gravy, condiment. ३. प्र before, स्निग्ध proper,  
 प्रस्नीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Left, abandoned. n. (-यः) Removal, loss, waste, destruction. ३. प्र before, स्नु to quit, स्नुट् aff.

प्रहीनजीवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Dead, slain. ३ प्रहीन and जीवित life.  
 प्रहुत n. (-तं) Offering articles of food to spirits or goblins. ३. प्र well, हु to offer in oblation, ऋ aff.  
 प्रहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Seized. 2. Struck, benten, wounded. n. (-तं) 1. Striking, killing. 2. A stroke, a blow. ३. प्र and हुत taken.  
 प्रहृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Pleased, delighted. 2. Bristling. ३. प्र before, हुष् to be pleased, aff. ऋ.  
 प्रहृष्टक m. (-कः) A crow. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट pleased, aff. कृ.  
 प्रहृष्टक n. (-कः) Victuals or sweetmeats, &c. distributed at festivals.  
 प्रहृष्टक n. (-कः) 1. A riddle, an enigma, a puzzling question. 2. A kind of cake.  
 प्रहृष्टा f. (-त्रा) Playful d'alliance. loose-behaviour.  
 प्रहृष्टि f. (-लिः) A poetic riddle. : See the next.  
 प्रहृष्टिका f. (-का) An enigma, a riddle, a puzzling or enigmatical question. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट् to play and हृन्-संवादां कृन् aff.  
 It is thus defined in Va'chaspatya.  
 "व्यक्तीकृत्य कस्यार्थं स्वहृष्टार्थं नीपनात् ।  
 यत्र वाच्यमस्मादर्थो कथ्यते सा प्रहृष्टिका ॥"  
 प्रह्लाद m. (-दः) A prince : see प्रह्लाद. ३. ल changed to र ।  
 प्रहृष्टि f. (-लिः) Pleasure, happiness. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट to be glad, कृन् aff.  
 प्रहृष्ट mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Pleased, happy, glad. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट to be happy, कृन् aff.  
 प्रहृष्टि f. (-लिः) Pleasure, delight. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट to be happy, कृन् aff.  
 प्रह्लाद m. (-दः) 1. Pleasure, joy, happiness. 2. Sound, noise. 3. The name of HIRAN'YA'KSHA'S pious son and regent of one division of Pa'tala. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट gladness or sound.  
 प्रह्लादित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Rejoiced, delighted. ३. प्रह्लाद to be happy, कृन् aff.  
 प्रहृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Bowed, bent, stooping. 2. Intent upon, engaged in, engrossed by. 3. Sloping, slanting, inclining. 4. Submissive, humble. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट् to call, Una'di aff. वृन्, form irr.  
 प्रहृष्टिका f. (-का) See प्रहृष्टिका ।  
 प्रहृष्टलि mfn. (-लिः-लिः-लिः) Stooping or bowing with the palm of the hands joined, and put to the forehead in token of respect. ३. प्रहृष्ट, and अहृष्टलि salute. [चञ् aff.]  
 प्रहृष्ट m. (-यः) Calling, summoning, invocation. ३. प्र before, हृष्ट to call, प्रहृष्ट mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Conquered, won, subjected. 2. Bent, bowed. ३. प्रहृष्ट, and कृत made, चि aff.  
 प्रा २. 2nd cl. (प्राति) To fill. चदा० पर० सक० चनिट् ।  
 प्राय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. High, tall, lofty. 2. A tall man, a man of great stature. ३. प्र before, प्राय a ray of light.  
 प्राक् Ind. 1. Before, already, prior, preceding, in place or time. 2. In front of. 3. As for as, up to. 4. Previously. 5. East, eastern. 6. Past, gone. 7. First. 8. Between, amongst, amidst. 9. At dawn, early in the morning. ३. See प्राक् ।  
 प्राक्चय n. (-चयः) Publicity, notoriety.  
 प्राक्चयिक f. (-की) Belonging to the subject under discussion, relevant to the matter in hand ; (the word is sometimes used in the sense of upameya in rhetorical works).  
 प्राक्चयिक f. (-की) Deserving preference.  
 प्राक्चयिक m. (-कः) 1. A catamite. 2. A dancer, but especially one who employs or hires the wives of others. 3. One who gets his livelihood by another man's wife. ३. प्र and चाक् prefixed to कृष् to go, Una'di aff. किकृत् ।  
 प्राक्चय n. (-चयः) 1. Irresistible will or fiat, one of the S'iva's eight attributes. 2. Wilfulness, following or obeying one's own will or inclination. ३. प्र and चाक् before, कृष् to desire, aff. यत् ।  
 प्राक्चय m. (-यः) An inclosure, a fence, a rampart, particularly a surrounding wall, &c. elevated on a mound of earth. ३. प्र and चाक् implying initial, first, कृष् to make, aff. चञ् ; otherwise the prefix

is considered as प्र only, the vowel being made long by the affix being चञ् ।

प्राक्चय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Walled, enclosed by a wall. 2. Of, belonging to, or fit for wall. ३. प्राक्चय and चञ् aff.

प्राक्चय n. (-चयः) 1. Publicity. 2. Fame, renown.

प्राक्चय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Low, common, vulgar, thence especially applicable to a provincial and peculiar dialect of the Sanskrit language. ३. Natural. 3. Belonging to or derived from the philosophical Prakriti', illusory, material, &c. m. (-तः) A low man or one following a degraded profession. n. (-तं) Any dialect not Sanskrit, it is especially spoken by the female characters and the inferior personages of plays, ३. प्राक्चय nature, and चञ् aff., or प्र pre-eminently and चञ्चल not made.

प्राक्चय m. (-यः) Common or usual fever, occurring from the affections of the wind, bile, and phlegm severally, in as many seasons, or the rains, autumn and spring. ३. प्राक्चय and चञ्चल fever.

प्राक्चय m. (-यः) The total dissolution of the world. ३. प्राक्चय material, and प्रलय destruction.

प्राक्चय m. (-यः) A man in general. ३. प्राक्चय, and मनुष्य man.

प्राक्चय m. (-यः) A natural friend or ally ; as applied to a sovereign, it means one whose states are removed by an intervening kingdom from those to which it should be friendly, the प्राक्चय or natural enemy is the chief of the intervening state, and the प्राक्चयदासीनः or natural neutral is the outer one of the four. ३. प्राक्चय natural, and मित्र a friend. [country.]

प्राक्चय m. (-यः) A natural enemy or the sovereign of an adjacent प्राक्चय mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Belonging or relating to Prakriti', nature or matter, material, natural, illusory, &c. ३. प्राक्चय, and उच्य aff.

प्राक्चय n. (-चयः) Former age or time. ३. प्राक्चय and काल time. [and चञ् aff.]

प्राक्चय mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Anterior, ancient, of a former time. ३. प्राक्चय प्राक्चय m. (-चयः) The tip of Kusa grass placed to the east. ३. प्राक्चय and कृष् point of grass.

प्राक्चय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Old, ancient. 2. Prior, anterior, preceding, former. ३. प्राक्चय formerly, यत् aff. and तन् aug.

प्राक्चय m. (-यः) 1. Fate, destiny. 2. Any act formerly done. ३. प्राक्चय prior, and कृष् act. [fruit.]

प्राक्चय m. (-यः) The bread-fruit-tree. ३. प्राक्चय before, (flower.) and कृष् प्राक्चयानी f. (-नी) The eleventh of the lunar asterisms ; see पूर्वकृष्णी. ३. प्राक्चय preceding, and कृष्णी the asterism.

प्राक्चयानी m. (-यः) A name of VRIHASPATI. ३. प्राक्चयानी and भव born, when the moon was in that mansion ; also similar compounds as प्राक्चयानीय ।

प्राक्चयानी m. (-यः) VRIHASPATI. ३. प्राक्चयानी, and चञ्चल aff.

प्राक्चय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Facing the east. 2. Having the head to the east in burial. ३. प्राक्चय, and चिरस् the head, मच् added.

प्राक्चय f. (-चा) Dawn. ३. प्राक्चय the first, सञ्चा junction of the day.

प्राक्चय n. (-चयः) 1. Sharpness. 2. Pungency. 3. Wickedness. ३. प्राक्चय and चञ्चल aff.

प्राक्चय Adj. Having the point turned towards the east.

प्राक्चय m. (-यः) Antecedent privation, the non-existence of any thing which may yet be. In law, the non possession of property that may be possessed. ३. प्राक्चय prior, च negative and नाव being.

प्राक्चय n. (-चयः) 1. Confidence, boldness, determination. 2. Arrogance, effrontery. 3. Importance, rank. ३. प्राक्चय confident, चञ्चल aff.

प्राक्चय m. (-यः) A house, a building.

प्राक्चयानी f. (-नी) The north-east. ३. प्राक्चय the east, and चदीची the north.

प्राक्चय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Going before, a precursor. ३. प्राक्चय and नाविन् who goes.

प्राक्चय m. (-यः) A country, Ka'marupa, part of Assa'm. ३. प्राक्चय formerly, यदीति light ; being the scene of BRAHMA'S penance.

प्राग्भावर m. (रः) The top or peak of a mountain. इ. प्राक् first, भार burthen ; also read प्राग्भावर ।  
 प्राग्भावर m. (-वः) 1. Prior existence. 2. Superiority, excellence. 3. The top of a mountain. इ. प्राक् and भाव being or nature.  
 प्राग्भावरत्म् Ind. From a prior state of being. इ. प्राग्भावर, and तसि aff.  
 प्राय n. (-वः) The highest point.  
 प्रायस् Adj. Foremost, first. [surpasses.  
 प्रायस् mfn. (रः-रा-रः) Chief, principal. इ. प्र, and चय first, हर who प्रायश्चिद m. (-ट्) Thin curds. इ. प्र before, चय the top, and चट what goes.  
 प्रायश्चिद mfn. (-याः-या-चयः) Chief, principal. इ. प्र prefixed to चय chief.  
 प्रायश्चिद f. (-त्वा) Adj. Best, chief, most excellent.  
 प्रायश्चिद m. (-यः) 1. The room opposite to that which contains the materials for an oblation, and in which the family and friends of the sacrificer assemble. 2. A former dynasty or race. इ. प्राक् before, and वंश a race, &c.  
 प्रायश्चिद m. (-तः) War, battle. इ. प्र before, हन् to kill, aff. घञ्, and the vowel of the prefix optionally made long.  
 प्रायश्चिद m. (-रः) Dropping, oozing, trickling, aspersion, or pouring out of any oily substance. इ. प्र before, चृ to sprinkle or drop, aff. घञ् ।  
 प्रायश्चिद m. (-चः) A guest, a visitor, one demanding hospitality. इ. प्र and आङ् before, चृ to turn round, aff. क ।  
 प्रायश्चिद(चि) m. (-कः) 1. A guest. इ. प्रचय स्वाये ठक् ।  
 प्रायश्चिद m. (-कः) A guest. इ. प्र before, चूर्ण going about, aff. ठक् ।  
 प्रायश्चिद m. (-तः) A sort of small labor or drum. इ. प्र before, चञ् to go or be, aff. घञ् ।  
 प्रायश्चिद n. (-यः) 1. A sort of drum. 2. A court, a yard. 3. A hall, a floor. इ. प्र before, चनि to go, aff. लुट् । [चाय proper.  
 प्रायश्चिद m. (-यः) Plea of a former trial, special plea. इ. प्राक् former, प्रायश्चिद mfn. (-खः छा खी-खः) Facing the east. इ. प्राच, and मुख the face.  
 प्राच or प्राच mfn. (प्राङ्-प्राची-प्राक्) 1. East, eastern. 2. Before, in front. 3. Former, prior, first. 4. At top, above. m. Plu. 1. The people of the east. 2. Grammarians of the eastern school. f. (-ची) The east. इ. प्र before, चञ् to go, aff. क्तिप् or लीप् ।  
 प्राच mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Contrary to rectitude, deviating from the ordinary institutions and observances. इ. प्र reverse and आचार ordinance. [आचार्य a preceptor.  
 प्राचार्य m. (-यः) A scholar, a pupil. इ. प्र meaning प्राप्त obtained and प्राचिका f. (-कः) 1. A mosquito. 2. The female falcon. इ. प्राचिनोति सङ् प्र + आ + चि-ङ् स्वार्थे क्तिप् चत इत् ।  
 प्राचीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. East, eastern. 2. Former, prior, ancient, old. 3. Placed towards the east. fn. (-नः-नः) A bound hedge, a fence, a wall. f. (-नी) 1. A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) 2. The ichneumon plant : see राज्ञा. इ. प्राक् the east, aff. ख् ।  
 प्राचीनतिलक m. (-कः) The moon. इ. प्राचीन eastern, and तिलक mark.  
 प्राचीनपद्म m. (-सः) A tree, (Azalea marmelos.) "विलि" इ. प्राचीन eastern, and पद्म the jack.  
 प्राचीनवर्द्धि m. (-र्द्धिः) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. A king. इ. प्राचीन eastern, and वर्द्धि light ; presiding over the eastern quarter.  
 प्राचीनमलक m. (-कः) A fruit, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) इ. प्राचीन eastern, आमलक myrobalan. "पानीयमलक" ।  
 प्राचीनानीत n. (-तः) The sacrificial thread, worn over the right arm, and passing under the left, as at Shra'ddhas. इ. प्राचीन east, चानीत lung  
 प्राचीनानीतिन् m. (-तो) A Bra'hman wearing his cord over his right shoulder, as at Shra'ddhas. इ. प्राचीनानीत, and इति aff. [regent.  
 प्राचीनपति m. (-तिः) A name of Indra. इ. प्राची the east, and पति master, प्राचीर n. (-रः) A bound hedge, a fence, a wall, an inclosure, a rampart. इ. प्र and आङ् prefixed to चि to collect, aff. क्तन्, and the radical vowel made long.

प्राचेतस m. (-सः) VA'LMĪKI, the author of the Rā'ma'yana. m. Plu. (-सः) The ten sons of Prachinavarhi. इ. प्रचेतस् the father of the poet, and चञ् aff. ; it also occurs प्राचेतस् m. (-ताः) ।  
 प्राच mfn. (-यः-या-चः) Eastern, easterly. m. (-यः) The eastern country, the country south or east of the SARASWATĪ, which flows from the north-east to the south-west. इ. प्राच् the east, aff. यत् ।  
 प्राच m. (-प्राट्) An inquirer, a questioner. इ. प्रचञ् to ask, aff. क्तिप् ।  
 प्राचक m. (-कः) A coachman, a driver. इ. प्र before, चञ् to go, causal form, aff. लुट् । [चुट् ।  
 प्राचक n. (-नः) A goad. इ. प्र before, चञ् to go, in the causal form, aff. [चुट् ।  
 प्राजापत्य m. (-त्यः) 1. A form of marriage, the gift of a girl, respectfully by her father to her lover. 2. A name of Alla'ha'ba'd or Praya'ga. 3. The first of the persons, called Va'sude'vas, by the Jai'nas. u. (-त्तः) 1. A sort of penance, eating once a day for three days in the morning, once in the night for three days subsisting, three days on food given as alms, and fasting three days more. 2. A particular sacrifice performed before appointing a daughter to raise issue in default of male heirs. 3. The asterism Rohi'ni'. f. (-त्ता) Giving away the whole of one's property before entering up on the life of an ascetic or mendicant. इ. प्रजापति BRAHMA, and चञ् aff. [causal, v., लृच् aff.  
 प्राजित m. (-तः) A coachman, a charioteer. इ. प्र before, चञ् to go, प्राच mfn. (-यः-या-चः) 1. Patient in investigation. 2. Wise, clever, sensible. m. (-यः) 1. A Pandit, a learned or wise man. 2. A skillful or clever person. f. (-या, Knowledge, understanding. f. (-ज्ञा-ज्ञी) A clever or intelligent woman. f. (-ज्ञी) The wife of a Pandit. इ. प्र and आङ् before, ज्ञा to know, क aff. [प्राज्ञा ।  
 प्राज्ञ n. (-त्तः) Learning, wisdom. इ. प्राज्ञ and त्व aff. ; also with तन् प्राज्ञमान n. (-नः) Respect for learned men. इ. प्राज्ञ, and मान respect.  
 प्राज्ञमानिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) Respecting men of learning. इ. प्राज्ञमान, and इति aff. [aff. क्तिप् ।  
 प्राज्ञ mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्यः) Much, many. इ. प्र before, चञ् to pervade.  
 प्राज्ञ mfn. (-लः-ला-लः) Honest, upright, sincere. इ. प्र before, चञ् to go, aff. चञ् ।  
 प्राज्ञ f. (-लिः) Putting the hands together to the forehead as a mark of respect. इ. प्र and चञ्चलि the same.  
 प्राज्ञिवक्ता m. (-कः) A judge, a magistrate. इ. प्राट् who asks, and विवाक who decides or discriminates.  
 प्राच mfn. (-यः-या-चः) Full, replete, filled. m. (-यः) 1. Air inhaled, inspiration, breath. 2. Air, wind. 3. Life, vitality. 4. A vital organ or part. 5. Strength, power. 6. Myrrh. 7. Poetical talent or inspiration. 8. A name of BRAHMA'. 9. A title of BRAHMA', the Supreme spirit. 10. An aspiration in the articulation of letters. m. plu. (-याः) The five vital airs or modes of inspiration and expiration collectively. इ. प्र before, चञ् to breathe, aff. घञ् ।  
 प्राचक m. (-कः) 1. An animal or sentient being. 2. Cloth, clothes. 3. A plant, (Celtis orientalis.) इ. प्राच life, कन् aff.  
 प्राचकर्मन् n. (-र्मन्) Vital action. इ. प्राच and कर्मन् act.  
 प्राचन् mfn. (-चन्-चनी-चन्) Living, breathing. इ. प्राच nominal v., to live, इत् aff.  
 प्राचत्यग m. (-गः) Abandoning life, dying, suicide. इ. प्राच and त्याग relinquishment.  
 प्राचय m. (-यः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A strong or powerful man. 3. A progenitor of mankind. 4. A place of pilgrimage. इ. प्र before, चञ् to breathe or be strong, Una'di aff. चय ।  
 प्राचद mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) Who or what gives life. n. (-दः) 1. Water. 2. Blood. इ. प्राच life and द who gives. [upholding.  
 प्राचधारण n. (-धः) Sustenance, supporting life. इ. प्राच and धारण  
 प्राचन n. (-नः) 1. Life, living. 2. The throat. इ. प्र before, चञ् to live or breathe, aff. लुट् ।

प्राणनाथ m. (-यः) A husband. B. प्राण life and नाथ lord.  
 प्राणन m. (-नः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A sort of collyrium : see रसाञ्जन. f.  
 (-नी) 1. Sneezing. 2. Hic-cough. B. प्र before, चत् to breathe, Una'di  
 aff. भव्, fem. aff. उनीच्.  
 प्राणपरिग्रह m. (-हः) Life, existence. B. प्राण and परिग्रह possession.  
 प्राणपद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Saving life, when in imminent danger. B. प्राण  
 and पद who or what gives.  
 प्राणप्रदा f. (-दा) A medicinal plant, commonly called Riddhi. B. प्राण  
 life, प्रद what gives. [obstruction.  
 प्राणवायु m. (-यः) Extreme peril or distress, fear for life. B. प्राण, and वायु  
 प्राणमातृ m. (-मातृ) The ocean. B. प्राण life, मातृ the sun, the sun be-  
 ing produced or rising from the sea.  
 प्राणवन् mfn. (-वन्) Living, sentient. B. प्राण, and वन् who has.  
 प्राणमय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Living, breathing, endowed with breath or life.  
 B. प्राण and मयट् aff.  
 प्राणमयकोष m. (-यः) One of the cases or investitures of the soul, the  
 vital or organic case. B. प्राणमय and कोष a sheath.  
 प्राणयन् mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यन्) Rescuing, restoring to life. B. प्राण, nom. v.  
 caus. form, यन् aff.  
 प्राणयाना f. (-या) Support of life, subsistence. B. प्राण, याना proceeding.  
 प्राणयय m. (-यः) Death, expenditure of life. B. प्राण, and यय expense.  
 प्राणमयस m. (-मः) 1. A peculiar religious exercise : see "प्राणायाम" 2.  
 Suspending the breath. B. प्राण breath, सम् before, यम् to res-  
 train, aff. यञ् ।  
 प्राणसमन्त n. (-न्त) The body. B. प्राण vital air and समन्त abode.  
 प्राणसमा f. (-मा) A wife. B. प्राण life, समा equal to, same.  
 प्राणहर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Destructive, taking away life. B. प्राण and हर  
 who or what takes.  
 प्राणहारक n. (-कः) Aconite. B. प्राण and हारक what takes away.  
 प्राणहारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Mortal, deadly. B. प्राण, and हारिन् what  
 takes.  
 प्राणद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Fatal, deadly. B. प्राण and द what eats.  
 प्राणधनाथ m. (-यः) A husband. B. प्राण life, धनि over, नाथ lord.  
 प्राणान n. (-नः) Death. B. प्राण and न end.  
 प्राणान्तिक mfn. (-न्तः-की-क) 1. Fatal, destructive of life. 2. Capital, (as  
 punishment.) n. (-कः) Murder, assassination. B. प्राण and अन्तिक final.  
 प्राणपहारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Deadly, fatal. B. प्राण and पहारिन्  
 what takes away.  
 प्राणायाम m. Du. (-नी) 1. The Ashwinī' kuma'ras. 2. Two of the vital  
 airs. B. प्राण and अयान the air expelled by the anus.  
 प्राणवाध n. (-धः) Any act injurious to life. B. प्राण and वाध before,  
 वाध् to pain, चच् aff.  
 प्राणायाम m. (-नः) Breathing in a peculiar way through the nostrils,  
 during the mental recitation of the names or attributes of some  
 deity ; it is differently performed, the Vaidikas or followers  
 of the Ve'da close the right nostril first with the thumb, and in-  
 hale breath through the left, then they close both nostrils, and  
 finally open the right for exhalation ; the followers of the Tantras  
 close the left nostril first, and exhale also through it ; these  
 operations are severally called पूरकः, कुम्भक and रोकक B. प्राण breath,  
 वा before, यम् to restrain, aff. यञ् । [च aff.  
 प्राणिनिषु mfn. (-बुः-बुः-बु) Wishing for life. B. प्राण nom. v., desid. form,  
 प्राणिघ्न n. (-न्त) Cock-fighting, ram-fighting, setting animals to fight  
 for wagers. B. प्राणि a living being and घ्नूत gaming.  
 प्राणिन् mfn. (-णी-विनी-वि) Living, breathing. m. (-णी) An animal, a  
 sentient or living being. B. प्राण vital air, and णि aff.  
 प्राणिपीडा f. (-डा) Cruelty to animals. प्राणिन् and पीडा pain.  
 प्राणिमाता f. (-मा) A mother. B. प्राणिन् and मातृ mother.  
 प्राणिहन्ता f. (-हन्ता) Doing harm to any living creature. B. प्राणि, and  
 हिन्ता injury.

प्राणिकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Favourable or good for living beings. f. (-ता)  
 A shoe, a boot. B. प्राणि an animal, (man,) and कृत suitable.  
 प्राणीय n. (-यः) Debt. B. प्राणीय taken, यञ् aff.  
 प्राणिक m. (-यः) A husband. f. (-या) A wife. B. प्राण life, ईश sovereign.  
 प्राणिक n. (-कः) Any animal part or product, (as flesh, bone, milk,  
 Ghee, &c.) B. प्राणिन्, and चक् a part.  
 प्रातःकर्म n. (-कर्म) Morning duty or ceremonies, worship, ablution, puri-  
 fication, &c. B. प्रातरन्, and कर्म to be done. [part of the day.  
 प्रातःसन्ध्या f. (-सन्ध्या) 1. Dawn. 2. The morning-sacrifice. B. प्रातः and सन्ध्या  
 प्रातःसमय m. (-यः) Early morning, day-break. B. प्रातर and समय seasons.  
 प्रातःस्नान n. (-नः) Morning ablution, bathing at sun-rise. B. प्रातर and  
 स्नान bathing.  
 प्रातर Ind. Morning, dawn. B. प्र initial, चत् to go, चच् aff.  
 प्रातराश m. (-शः) The morning meal, breakfast. B. प्रातर morning, चच्  
 to eat, aff. चच्.  
 प्रातराशित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Breakfasted, having had the morning meal. B.  
 प्रातर and आशित eaten.  
 प्रातर्गय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be sang or chanted in the morning. m. (-यः)  
 A minstrel, a bard, but one who especially wakes the sovereign or  
 prince by his morning chant. B. प्रातर in the morning, गेय  
 to be sung.  
 प्रातर्भोज mfn. (-भोज-भोज-भोज) Who or what eats early. m. (-भोज) A crow. B.  
 प्रातर morning, and भोज who eats. [भोजन food.  
 प्रातर्भोजन n. (-नः) Breakfast the, morning-meal. B. प्रातर morning, and  
 प्राति f. (-ति) The span of the thumb and fore-finger. 2. Filling 3. Gain-  
 ing. B. प्र and भावे क्त aff.  
 प्रातिका f. (-का) The China-rose. "जगद्वे" B. प्र + चतन्वृत् टाप् ।  
 प्रातिकूलिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Opposed to, opposing. B. प्रतिकूल and ठक् aff.  
 प्रातिकूल n. (-कः) 1. Contrariety, contradiction, opposition. B. प्रतिकूल  
 and चच् aff.  
 प्रातिजनौ mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Fit for or suitable to dependants, family, &c.  
 B. प्रतिजन, and खञ् aff.  
 प्रातिष n. (-षः) The topic under discussion.  
 प्रातिपक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षी-क्ष) 1. Hostile, belonging to an enemy. 2. Ad-  
 verse, contrary. B. प्रतिपक्ष, and चच् aff.  
 प्रातिपक्षिक mfn. (-क्षः-क्षी-क्ष) Hostile, opposing. B. प्रतिपक्ष, and ठक् aff.  
 प्रातिपक्षिक n. (-क्षः) A crude noun, a noun before any of its inflections are  
 formed with appropriate affixes. m. (-क्षः) Fire. B. प्र and अति before,  
 द्वा an inflected word, ठक् aff.  
 प्रातिभ f. (-भौ) 1. Relating to divination. 2. Relating to genius.  
 प्रातिभाष n. (-षः) Security, the act of becoming bail or surety, or be-  
 ing answerable for the appearance of the debtor, of his being  
 trustworthy, or for the payment of his debt in case of his falling  
 to do it. B. प्रतिभू a security, and चच् aff. [सम्बल  
 प्रातिभाषिक f. (-की) 1. Existing only in appearance, (not real) 2. Re-  
 प्रातिभाष्य n. (-ष्यः) Inverted order. B. प्रतिभाष, and चच् aff.  
 प्रातिवेश m. (-शः) A next-door-neighbour. B. प्रतिवेश, and चच् aff.  
 प्रातिशब्द n. (-शब्दः) A grammatical treatise teaching the phonetic  
 changes that the words in any particular Vedic Sha'kha' undergo.  
 प्रातिस्निक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Own, peculiar, proper. B. प्रति to or towards,  
 स्व own, and ठक् aff.  
 प्रातिहार m. (-रः) A juggler. B. प्रतिहार the same, and चच् pleonastic :  
 see the next.  
 प्रातिहारक m. (-कः) A juggler. B. कच् added to प्रातिहार ।  
 प्रातिहारिक m. (-कः) A juggler, a conjuror. B. प्रतिहार disguise,  
 trick, aff. ठक् ।  
 प्रातीतिक f. (-की) Mental.  
 प्रातीय m. (-यः) A name of SA'N'TANU. B. प्रतीय the father of this prince  
 and चच् aff. of descent. [ठक् aff.  
 प्रातीपिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-क) Reverse, contrary, retrograde. B. प्रतीय and

**प्राज्ञयिक mfn.** (-कः-कौ-कं) Trusty, confidential, having faith in, m. (-कः) A surety. **प्र.** प्रज्ञय and ठक् aff.

**प्राद्यनकल्पिक m.** (-कः) A student, one who has just commenced the perusal of the Vēdas **प्र.** प्रद्यन first, कल्प beginning, and ठक् aff.

**प्रद्यनिक mfn.** (-कः-कौ-कं) First, of the first, initial, initiative, **प्र.** प्रद्यन, and ठक् aff.

**प्राद्यन्य n.** (-न्य) Firstness, priority. **प्र.** प्रद्यन and यञ् aff.

**प्रदक्षिण्य n.** (-ण्य) Circumambulation. **प्र.** प्रदक्षिण and यञ् aff.

**प्रादुर्भास्य m.** (-यः) Appearance, manifestation. **प्र.** प्रादुस्, and भास quality.

**प्रादुर्भात mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) Manifested, made apparent. **प्र.** प्रादुस् and क्त mado.

**प्रादुस् Ind.** 1. Evidently, apparently, manifestly. 2. Visible, apparent. 3. Name, appellation. 4. Existence. 5. Co-existence. **प्र.** प्र before, अद् to go, or eat, Una'di aff. वसि ।

**प्रादेश m.** (-यः) 1. The span of the thumb and fore-finger. 2. Place, country. **प्र.** प्र before, दिष् to shew, aff. चञ् ; whence the vowel of the prefix is optionally made long : see प्रदेश । [aff. छुट् ।

**प्रादेशन n.** (-नं) Gift, donation. **प्र.** प्र and आङ् before, दिष् to give, प्रादेशिक f. (-कौ) 1. Precedented. 2. Limited, local. m. (-कः) The owner of a district.

**प्रादीष mfn.** (-यः-वी-षं) Belonging, or relating to the evening. **प्र.** प्रदीष evening, aff. अञ् ; also with ठक् aff. प्रादीषिक ।

**प्राधनिक n.** (-कं) A destructive weapon.

**प्राधानिक n.** (-कौ) Most eminent. 2. Derived from Pradh'ana.

**प्राधान्य n.** (-न्य) Supremacy, superiority. **प्र.** प्रधान chief, यञ् aff.

**प्राधान्यत् Ind.** Chiefly. **प्र.** प्रधान्य, and तसि aff. [read over.

**प्राधीत m.** (-तः) A Brāhman who has finished his studies. **प्र.** प्र and अधीत प्राधायन n. (-नं) Reading, study. **प्र.** प्र before, अधि to read through, छुट् aff.

**प्राध mfn.** (-यः-ध-धं) 1. Distant, remote, long, as a road or journey. 2. Bowed, bent. 3. Binding, confining. m. (-यः) A car, a carriage. **प्र.** प्र before, अधन् a road, aff. अञ् .

**प्राधन् Ind.** 1. In conformity, conformably. 2. Crooked, crookedly, stooping. **प्र.** प्र and आङ् before, धन् to sound, aff. अञ् .

**प्रात m.** (-तः) Edge, margin, border, end. **प्र.** प्र before, अत end.

**प्रातत् Ind.** Bordering, marginally, along or upon the extremity. **प्र.** प्रात the edge, and तसि aff.

**प्रातदुर्ग m.** (-र्गः) A suburb or collection of houses out of the walls of the town, a Petta'h, &c. **प्र.** प्रात'skirting, दुर्ग the fort.

**प्रातर m.** (-रः) A long and unshaded road, a lonesome or tiresome path. 2. A forest. 3. The hollow of a tree. **प्र.** प्र considerable, अतर space.

**प्रातरशून्य n.** (-न्य) A long and tiresome road. **प्र.** प्रातर spacious, and शून्य empty, void.

**प्राप mfn.** (-यः-पा-पं) Watery, abounding with water. **प्र.** प्र and अप water.

**प्रापक mfn.** (-कः-का-कं) 1. Procuring causing to obtain. 2. Obtaining, who or what obtains. **प्र.** प्राप् to obtain, छुट् aff.

**प्रापय n.** (-य) Obtaining. **प्र.** प्र before, आप् to gain, छुट् aff.

**प्रापयिक m.** (-कः) 1. A trader, a dealer. 2. A retail dealer. **प्र.** प्र and आङ् before, पण् to deal, to transact business, विकन् Una'di aff.

**प्रापित mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Brought, placed. 2. Procured. **प्र.** प्र before, आप् to gain, causal v., क्त aff.

**प्राप्त mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Obtained, gained, received, procured. 2. Fixed, placed. 3. Proper, right. **प्र.** प्र before, आप् to gain, aff. क्त ।

**प्राप्तकाल mfn.** (-कः-ला-लं) 1. Fated, destined, one whose fated time has come. 2. Opportune, in season. **प्र.** प्राप्त and काल time.

**प्राप्तपञ्च mfn.** (-तः-पञ्च-पं) Dead, deceased. **प्र.** प्राप्त obtained, पञ्च death.

**प्राप्तबुद्धि mfn.** (-विः-वि-वि) 1. Enlightened, instructed, intelligent. 2. Recovering, becoming conscious, (after fainting.) **प्र.** प्राप्त and बुद्धि understanding.

**प्राप्तभार m.** (-रः) A draft ox or beast of burthen. **प्र.** प्राप्त and भार load.

**प्राप्तभाव mfn.** (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Wise. 2. Handsome. 3. Of a good disposition. m. (-वः) A bullock. **प्र.** प्राप्त gained, भाव disposition.

**प्राप्तवप mfn.** (-यः-पा-वं) 1. Learned, wise. 2. Handsome, pleasing. **प्र.** प्राप्त gained or proper, वप form.

**प्राप्तार्थ mfn.** (-यः-थी-थं) Successful, having gained an object. **प्र.** प्राप्त, and अर्थ object. [युष्मत् aff.]

**प्राप्तपराध mfn.** (-यः-धा-धं) Offending, being in fault **प्र.** प्राप्त, and अपराध

**प्राप्तवसर mfn.** (-यः-रा-वं) Opportune, seasonable, taking or finding occasion. **प्र.** प्राप्त and अवसर opportunity.

**प्राप्ति f.** (-तिः) 1. Gain, profit. 2. Acquiring, getting, obtaining. 2. Improvement, success. 4. Rise, ascent. 5. Collection, assemblage, quantity. 6. Happy denouement, successful termination of a plot. 7. Guessing, discovering from a hint. 8. One of the eight super-human faculties, the power of obtaining everything. **प्र.** प्र before, आप् to get or obtain, aff. क्तिन् ।

**प्राप्य mfn.** (-यः-प्या-प्यं) Attainable, obtainable. **प्र.** प्र before, आप् to attain, aff. क्तिन् । [यञ् aff.]

**प्राप्यन् n.** (-न्य) 1. Power, vigour. 2. Pre-dominance. **प्र.** प्रपन् strong,

**प्राप्यधिक m.** (-कः) Dawn, day-break. **प्र.** प्रप्य waking, and ठक् aff.

**प्राप्यन n.** (-नं) Superiority, pre eminence. **प्र.** प्रप्य a master, aff. (यञ्) ।

**प्राप्यवत् n.** (-वत्) Power, authority. **प्र.** प्रप्यवत् being superior, यञ् aff.

**प्राप्यत n.** (-तं) A present, an offering to a deity or sovereign, or a gift to a friend, a bribe, the Nazur of Hindustan. **प्र.** प्र and आङ् before, ध to nourish, aff. क्त ; also with कन् aff. प्राप्यतक n. (-कं) ।

**प्राप्यधिक mfn.** (-कः-का-कं) 1. Exercising or proceeding from some evidence or authority, &c. 2. Being of authority. m. (-कः) 1. A president, the chief or head of a trade, &c. 2. A learned man, one who supports his arguments by reference to book, &c. **प्र.** प्रप्यवत् testimony, authority, aff. ठक् ।

**प्राप्यन् n.** (-न्य) Authority, proof. **प्र.** प्रप्य, and यञ् aff.

**प्राप्यय m.** (-यः) A tree, (Justicia adhenatoda.) n. (-यः) Madness, frenzy, fury, intoxication. **प्र.** प्र before, मद to delight, aff. क्तिन् and वप् added.

**प्राप्योत्त n.** (-त्तं) Debt. **प्र.** प्र and आङ् before, मा to measure, कप् aff., and तुक् aug.; also read प्राप्योत्त.

**प्राप्य mfn.** (-यः-पा-पं) 1. Like, resembling, (used in composition) 2. Exceeding, much. m. (-यः) 1. Fasting to death, as a religious or penitentiary act, after abandoning all worldly goods and desires. 2. Quantity, abundance. 3. Death, dying. 4. A state or condition of life, age, youth, &c. n. (-यः) Sin. **प्र.** प्र before, इत् to go, अञ् aff.

**प्राप्य n.** (-यं) Death, voluntary death. **प्र.** प्र, and अयन going.

**प्राप्यत् Ind.** Usually, commonly, for the most part. **प्र.** प्राप्य, and शसि aff.

**प्राप्यिक mfn.** (-कः-कौ-कं) Common, usual. **प्र.** प्राप्य, and ठक् aff.

**प्राप्यित m.** (-तः) Expiation, penance. **प्र.** प्राप्य sin, चित्त or चित्त reflection, and सुट् aug. ; hence also प्राप्यित f. (-तिः) ।

**प्राप्यितविधि f.** (-धिः) Rules for penance or expiation. **प्र.** प्राप्यित, and विधि rite.

**प्राप्यत् Ind.** 1. Frequently, generally, for the most part. 2. Abundantly, largely. **प्र.** प्र before, इत् or अत् to go, aff. अञ् .

**प्राप्यवेत्ति m.** (-वी) A horse. **प्र.** प्र mostly, आप्यवत् a weapon, इत् to wish, aff. चित्ति ।

**प्राप्यवेत्तिन n.** (-नं) Fasting to death. **प्र.** प्राप्य and अप्यवेत्तिन sitting down.

**प्राप्यवेत्तिनिका f.** (-का) Sitting down to die by fasting. **प्र.** प्राप्य, अप्यवेत्तिन sitting down, कन् added, fem. form.

**प्राप्य mfn.** (-यः-प्या-प्यं) Begun, beginning. **प्र.** प्र and आङ् before, इत् to begin, क्त aff.

**प्राप्य f.** (-विः) 1. Beginning, commencement. 2. A rope or fastening for an elephant. **प्र.** प्र and आङ् before, इत् to commence, aff. क्तिन् ।

प्राक् m. (-क्) 1. Beginning, 2. An undertaking. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, रवि to begin, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) A shoot.  
 प्राक् n. (-क्) A chief debt.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) Asking, an asker, a solicitor. ३. प्र before, चङ् to seek, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् nf. (-क्-विनाङ्) Asking, begging. ३. प्र before, चङ् to ask, चङ् aff. युक् .  
 प्राक् f. (-क्) 1. Desire. 2. Solicitation. 3. Prayer, request.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-याङ्) To be asked or begged. n. (-क्) The third or Dwa'par age of the world. ३. प्र before, चङ् to ask, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) One who asks or solicits, a beggar, an inquirer, a solicitor. ३. प्र before, चङ् to seek, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) 1. Asked, begged, solicited. 2. Said, spoken. 3. obstructed or opposed by an enemy. 4. Killed, hurt. ३. प्र before, चङ् to ask, चङ् aff. क । [चङ् aff.]  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) Asking, begging. ३. प्र before, चङ् to ask, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् n. (-क्) A garland hanging round the neck, and reaching to the breast. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, रवि to hang or fall, चङ् aff. चङ् ; also with कङ् added प्राक्चङ् ।  
 प्राक् f. (-क्) A garland, a golden necklace. ३. प्राक्चङ् a garland, &c. कङ् aff., fem. form.  
 प्राक् n. (-क्) Frost. ३. प्र before, चङ् to unite with, चङ् aff. ; प्रचङ् here said to mean a mountain, चङ् aff. of derivation, and the penultimate vowel changed to ए ।  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) The moon. ३. प्राक् frost or cold, and चङ् a ray.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) Barley. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, वट् to encompass, चङ् aff. चङ् ।  
 प्राक् n. (-क्) A spade, a hoe.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) 1. An inclosure, a fence, a hedge. 2. An upper garment. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, वट् to surround, चङ् aff. चङ् ।  
 प्राक् n. (-क्) 1. An upper or outer garment. 2. Any covering. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, वट् to cover, चङ् aff. चङ् ।  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) An upper or outer garment, a cloak, a mantle. ३. प्र before, वट् with चाङ् prefix, चङ् aff. चङ् । [चङ् an insect.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) A body louse. ३. प्राक् the outward garment, and प्राक् m. (-क्) Cleverness, skilfulness. ३. प्राक् and चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) Wishing to wear. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, वट् to wear, desid. v., चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् mfn. subst. (-क्-विनाङ्) A veil, a wrapper, a cloak or mantle. Adj. Covered, inclosed, encompassed. ३. प्र before, वट् with चाङ् prefix, to cover, चङ् aff. चङ् ।  
 प्राक् f. (-क्) 1. An inclosure, a fence, a bound hedge. 2. Spiritual darkness. ३. प्र before, वट् with चाङ् prefix, to inclose, चङ् aff. चङ् ।  
 प्राक् f. (-क्) The rainy season, monsoon about July and August. ३. प्र before, वट् to sprinkle, चङ् aff. चङ् and the vowel of the prefix made long.  
 प्राक् f. (-क्) The season of the rain. ३. प्राक् as above and टाङ् added.  
 प्राक् f. (-क्) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) ३. प्राक् the rains, चङ् aff. ; growing in the rains. "चाङ्चङ्" ।  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) Produced, &c. in the rainy season m. (-क्) A peacock. ३. प्राक् the rains. चङ् aff. चङ् .  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) Produced in the rainy season. ३. प्राक् in the 7th case, क born.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) 1. Produced in the rains. 2. Much abundant. m. (-क्) 1. The Dha'ra'-Kadama tree, (Nauclea cadamba.) 2. The Kutaja tree. ३. प्राक् the rains, and चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् n. (-क्) A manufactory, a workshop. f. (-क्) To be done on entering. ३. प्र before, चाङ् entering.  
 प्राक् n. (-क्) 1. Feeding, causing to taste or eat. 2. Tasting ३. प्र before, चङ् to eat, intransitive or causal v., चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) 1. Eaten, devoured. 2. Tasted, taken into the

mouth without reaching to the throat. n. (-क्) Oblation to deified progenitors. ३. प्र before, चङ् eaten.  
 प्राक् n. (-क्) Any edible article. ३. प्र before, चङ् to eat, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) 1. An assistant at a spectacle or assembly. 2. An inquirer, an asker. ३. प्र a question, चङ् aff. चङ् .  
 प्राक् Ind. Having tasted or sipped. ३. प्र before, चङ् to eat, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) A barbed dart. ३. प्र before, चङ् to throw, चङ् aff. चङ् ।  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) 1. A die, dice. 2. A barbed missile. ३. प्र before, चङ् to throw, चङ् aff. चङ् । [चङ् aff.]  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) A yoke for cattle. ३. प्र and चाङ् before, वट् to join, प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) 1. Proceeding from or belonging to any connexion or relation. 2. Relevant, belonging to any topic. 3. Inherent, innate. 4. Inseparably connected with. 5. Incidental, episodic. ३. प्राक् and चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) A beast of draught, an ox, yoked or in training. ३. प्राक् a yoke, and चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) A temple a palace, a building consecrated to a deity, or inhabited by a prince. ३. प्र before, चङ् to go, चङ् aff. चङ् , and the vowel of the prefix lengthened, or चाङ् prefixed to the verb.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) A pigeon. ३. प्राक् a palace, and चङ् a cook.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) A terrace or balcony on the top of a large house. ३. प्राक् and चङ् back. [and चङ् a horn.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) A turret, a spire on a palace or temple. ३. प्राक्, प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) Of or belonging to a palace ३. प्राक्, and चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) A spearman, a lancer, a soldier armed with a dart or spear. ३. प्राक् a dart and चङ् aff. चङ् .  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) 1. Thrown, thrown of or away. 2. Thrown into. 3. Expelled, turned out, banished. ३. प्र before, चङ् to throw, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) Brought for a Prast'ha, containing a Prast'ha, &c. ३. प्राक् a certain measure, and चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) Instruction in the art of acting or dancing.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) The forenoon ३. प्र prior, चङ् the day.  
 प्राक् Ind. In the morning, in the forenoon. ३. The seventh case of the last word, used as a particle. [ing, चङ् and चङ् aug.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) Belonging to the forenoon. ३. प्राक् in the morning.  
 प्राक् Ind. Early in the day, in the forenoon ३. प्राक् with तङ् or चङ् aff. and चाङ् added.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) Beloved, dear, desired. m. (-क्) 1. A husband, a lover. 2. A sort of drug, commonly Ridd'hi 3. A sort of deer. f. (-क्) 1. A woman, 2. A wife or mistress. 3. Small cardamoms. 4. News, information. 5. Arabian jasmine. 6. Spirituous or vinous liquor. 7. A species of the Supratishtha' metre. ३. प्री to please, चङ् aff. क , and the vowel made short.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) 1. A kind of tree, (Nauclea cadamba.) 2. A plant, commonly Priyangu. 3. A tree, (Pentaptera tomentosa.) 4. A variegated or spotted deer. 5. A bee. 6. Saffron. ३. कङ् added to the preceding.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) 1. Kind, favourable, affectionate, doing good to, or treating kindly. 2. Suited, congenial. ३. प्रिक्, and कङ् to do, चङ् aff. [कङ् who does.  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) Kind, friendly, a friend, a benefactor. ३. प्रिक्, and प्रिक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) 1. Amiable, exciting or attracting regard. 2. Acting kindly or affectionately to. ३. प्रिक् beloved, कङ् to make, चङ् aff. चङ् .  
 प्राक् mfn. (-क्-विनाङ्) 1. Acceptable, grateful to. 2. Acting kindly to, who or what does so. n. (-क्) Gratifying, treating kindly, (the act). ३. प्रिक्, कङ् to do, चङ् aff.  
 प्राक् m. (-क्) 1. A medicinal plant, and perfume, commonly known by the name Priyangu, and described in some places as a fragrant seed. 2. Panick seed, (Panicum italicum.) 3. Black mustard

seed. 4. Long popper. 5. A peculiar tree : see कटुकी. n. (-न्) Saffron. E. प्रिय desired, गन् to go, aff. चुन् and सुन् aug.

प्रियतम mfn. (-मः-मा-न) Dearest, most beloved. m. (-मः) A tree, (Celosia cristata). E. प्रिय desirable, तम aff. "मयूरशिखाइत्ये" । [ aff.

प्रियतर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Dearer, more dear. E. प्रिय, तर aff. comparative

प्रियता f. (-ता) Love, affection. E. प्रिय beloved, तल् aff. ; also with ल् aff.

प्रियत्वं n. (-त्वं).

प्रियदर्शन mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Handsome, lovely, good looking. m. (-नः) 1. A parrot. 2. A tree, (Mimusops kauki). E. प्रिय beloved, and दर्शन appearance.

प्रियप्राय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Eloquent, well-spoken, of pleasing speech. n. (-यः) Eloquence in language. E. प्रिय desired, प्राय abundance.

प्रियप्रेषु mfn. (-सुः-सुः-सु) Lamenting the loss or absence of any beloved object, wishing or grieving for it. E. प्रिय beloved and प्रेषु desirous.

प्रियभाषण n. (-णः) Speaking kindly. E. प्रिय and भाषण speaking.

प्रियमधु m. (-धुः) BALARA'MA, the half-brother of KRISHN'A E. प्रिय fond, मधु wine.

प्रियमात्र mfn. (-त्रः-मा-त्र) Beloved, affectionate. E. प्रि to please, मात्र aff.

प्रियवद mfn. ( दः-दा-द) Sweet or pleasant speaking. m. (-दः) A sort of demi-god or Vidya'dhara E. प्रिय kind, desired, वद to speak, aff. खप्, सुन् aug.

प्रियभविष्य mfn. (-भुः-भुः-भु) Become dear to, or beloved by. E. प्रिय, भु to be, खिष्य aff. [the last.

प्रियभविष्यता f. (-ता) Amiability, becoming beloved by. E. तल् added to प्रियभाक् mfn. (-कः-की-क) Become dear to, or beloved by. E. प्रिय, and भू to be, खिष्य aff.

प्रियभाक्ता f. (-ता) Amiability, becoming beloved, the state or condition. E. तल् added to the last. [ed, वचं class.

प्रियवर्ण f. (-र्णः) A creeping plant, (Echites frutescens.) E. प्रिय desired.

प्रियवादिन् mfn. ( दी-दिनी दि) Sweet or pleasant spoken, flattering, a flatterer. E. प्रिय kind, वादिन् who speaks.

प्रियसख m. (-खः) A tree, (Khayer, or Mimosa catechu.) f. (-खी) A female friend or companion, a confidant. E. प्रिय desired, सखि a friend, टच् aff.

प्रियसत्य mfn. (-त्यः-त्या-त्य) Pleasant and true. n. (-त्यः) Eloquent or pleasing, as well as true, (discourse.) E. प्रिय loved, and सत्य true.

प्रियसन्धंश m. (-शः) A tree bearing a fragrant flower, (Michelia champaca.) E. प्रिय a friend, and सन्धंश intelligence "चम्पकवृक्षे". [who says

प्रियाख्य mfn. (-ख्यः-ख्या-ख्य) Announcing good tidings. E. प्रिय, and आख्य

प्रियाल m. (-लः) A tree, commonly Piya'sa', (Buchanania latifolia, Roxburgh's catalogue, but the name is applied to different trees.) E. प्रि to satisfy, aff. कालन् and the radical vowel changed to र् ; also with कन् added प्रियालक m. ( कः) and with the vowel protracted. प्रीयाल m. (-लः) also- as derived from पीय a Sautra root, पीयाल. or पियाल &c.

प्रियासु mfn. ( सुः-सुः-सु) Fond of life. E. प्रिय, and असु breath.

प्रियैविन् mfn. (-वी-विषी-वि) Friendly, affectionate, wishing to please. E. प्रिय, and एविन् seeking.

प्रियोदित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Well or kindly spoken, pleasingly uttered. n. (-तः) Kindly or gentle speech. E. प्रिय kind, &c. and उदित said.

प्री (ङ) प्रीङ् r. 4th cl. ( प्रीयते ) (ञ) प्रीञ् r. 9th cl. ( प्रीयति प्रीयते ) and 1st and 10th cls. ( प्रियति-ते प्राययति-ते or प्रीययति ) 1. To please, to delight, to satisfy. 2. To be pleased or satisfied. 3. To desire or love. [please, aff. चिच्-क् ।

प्रीण mfn. (-णः-णा-ण) 1. Old ancient. 2. Pleased, satisfied. E. प्री to प्रीणन n. (-नः) Satisfaction, satisfying, satiety. E. प्री to please aff. ख्ण्ट् ।

प्रीणयित्वा Ind. Having pleased or propitiated, E. प्री to please, क्ता aff.

प्रीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Pleased, happy, glad. 2. Pleased or satisfied with. 3. Gracious, kind, affectionate. 4. Beloved, dear to. n. (-तः) Pleasure, delight. E. प्री to please, aff. क् ।

प्रीतालन् mfn. (-ला-ला-ल) Pleased, satisfied, content. E. प्रीत and आलन् self.

प्रीति f. (-तिः) 1. Joy, pleasure, happiness. 2. Love, affection, regard. 3. The wife of KA'MA, or Cupid. 4. The second of the twenty-seven astronomical Yogas. E. प्री to please, aff. क्तिच् ।

प्रीतिकर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Pleasing, agreeable to. E. प्रीति and कर making.

प्रीतिज्वा f. (-जा) The wife of ANIRUND'MA. E. प्रीति the wife of KA'MA, जुष् to serve, affs. क and टाप् ।

प्रीतिद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) Affectionate, inspiring love or regard. m. (-दः) A jester, a buffoon. E. प्रीति affection, pleasure and द who gives.

प्रीतिदान n. (-नः) A kind or friendly present. E. प्रीति affection, and दान giving.

प्रीतिदाय n. (-यः) A gift or token of affection. E. प्रीति and दाय a gift.

प्रीतिपूर्वक n. (-कः) Adv. Through favour or kindness. E. प्रीति and पूर्वक an antecedent.

प्रीतिमन् mfn. ( मान्-रती-मन्) Kind, affectionate. E. प्रीति and मन् aff.

प्रीतिमनस mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Content, happy. 2. Kind. E. प्रीति and मनस् the mind.

प्रीतिवचस् n. (-चः) Gracious or kindly speech. E. प्रीति and वचस् speech.

प्रीतु m. (-तुः) A bird. [pass. v., शानच् aff.

प्रीयमाण mfn. (-णः-या-ण) Being pleased or propitiated. E. प्री to please, प्रु (ङ) प्रुङ् r. 1st cl. ( प्रयते ) 1. To go, to move. 2. To jump.

प्रुष r. 1st cl. (उ) प्रुष ( प्रीयति ) To burn, to consume with fire. r. 9th cl. ( प्रुषति ) To be unctuous or bland. 2. To sprinkle. 3. To fill. 4. To set free. 5. To be fond of or kind to.

प्रुष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) Burnt. E. प्रुष् to burn, aff. क्ता

प्रुष m. (-षः) 1. A season of the year, a period of two months. 2. The sun. f. (-षा) A drop of water. E. प्रुष् to burn, Una'di aff. क्ता ।

प्रेक्षक m. (-कः) A spectator, a beholder, one of an audience. E. प्र before, ईच् to see, वृन् aff.

प्रेक्षण n. (-णः) 1. The eye. 2. Any public show or spectacle, a sight. 2. A place where public exhibitions are held. nf. (-णः-णा) Seeing, viewing, looking at, regarding. E. प्र before, ईच् to see, aff. ख्ण्ट् ।

प्रेक्षक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Looking, who looks at. f. (-का) A woman fond of seeing shows. E. प्रेक्षण seeing, टक् aff.

प्रेक्षणीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Visible, apparent. 2. Looking or appearing like. f. (-या) 1. Beautiful to the sight. 2. To be seen. 3. To be considered as. E. प्र before, ईच् to see, अनैयर् aff. also with कन् added.

प्रेक्षणीयक mfn. ( कः-का-क) ।

प्रेक्षमाण mfn. (-णः-या-ण) Looking at or on, beholding, regarding. E. प्र before, ईच् to see, शानच् aff. [see, pass. v., शानच् aff.

प्रेक्षमाण mfn. (-णः-या-ण) Being seen or looked at. E. प्र before, ईच् to

प्रेक्षा f. (-क्षः) 1. Intellect, understanding. 2. Dancing. 3. Seeing, viewing, observing. 4. Seeing a play or entertainment of dancing, &c. 5. The branch of a tree. 6. Deliberation, reflection. E. प्र before, ईच् to see, affs. चङ् and टाप् ।

प्रेक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Seen, behold, looked at. n. (-नः) A look. E. प्र before ईच् to see, क्ता aff.

प्रेक्षन् n. (-चः) 1. Going, wandering. 2. Entering. 3. Swinging. 4. A minor drama in one act. E. प्र before, ईच्छि to go, aff. ख्ण्ट्-चलन् ।

प्रेक्षन् mfn. (-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्-ङ्) 1. Touching, being in contact with. 2. Scattering, diffusing. 3. Shaking, moving. 4. Wandering, roving. E. प्र before, ईच्छि to go, चङ् aff.

प्रेक्षा f. (-क्षा) 1. A swing, a sort of hammock or swinging cot, either for travelling or diversion. 2. Wandering, roaming, travelling about. 3. A horse's going or motion. 4. Dancing. E. प्र before, ईच्छि to go, aff. चङ् ।

प्रेक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Shaken, moving, set in motion, swung, &c. 2. Joined to, being in contact with. E. प्र before, ईच्छि to go, aff. क्ता or प्रेक्षा a swing, इतच् aff.



-होला ३. (-न) A swing, a swinging cot or hammock. ४. प्रहोला to swing or shake, nominal verb, and छुट् aff.

प्रेहोला mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Agitated, shaken, swung, set in motion. ४. प्रहोला nominal verb, to swing, aff. क्त.

प्रेत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Dead, deceased. m. (-तः) 1. A ghost, a goblin, a spirit, an evil being, especially animating the carcases of the dead. 2. The spirit before obsequial rites are performed. ४. प्र before, इत् gone.

प्रेतकर्म n. (-कर्म) Funeral or obsequial rites. ४. प्रेत and कर्मन् act; also प्रेतकार्यं, प्रेतक्रिया &c.

प्रेतकार्यं n. (-कार्यं) Obsequial ceremonies, any usages observed in honour of the dead. ४. प्रेत dead, कार्य practice. [प्रेतकर्म, &c.]

प्रेतकर्म्य n. (-कर्म्य) Obsequial rites. ४. प्रेत and कर्म्य a ceremony; also प्रेतस्थान n. (-स्थान) A cemetery, a burying-ground. ४. प्रेत a spirit and यज्ञ abode. [क्ष aff.]

प्रेतत्व n. (-त्व) The character or state of a departed spirit. ४. प्रेत and प्रेतधूम n. (-धूम) The smoke of a funeral pile. ४. प्रेत and धूम smoke.

प्रेतनदी f. (-दी) The river of hell. ४. प्रेत a goblin and नदी a river.

प्रेतनर m. (-नर) A ghost, a corpse. ४. प्रेत and नर a man.

प्रेतनिर्हरक m. (-कः) 1. A man employed to carry forth dead bodies. 2. A kinsman who does so. ४. प्रेत and निर् out, ह् to take, क्त् aff.

प्रेतपक्ष n. (-पक्ष) The dark half of the month. ४. प्रेत and पक्ष a fortnight.

प्रेतपट्ट m. (-पट्ट) A drum played at the death of a person. ४. प्रेत dead, and पट्ट a drum.

प्रेतपति m. (-पति) YAMA, ruler of the dead. ४. प्रेत dead and पति master.

प्रेतपात्र n. (-पात्र) A vessel used in obsequial presentations. ४. प्रेत and पात्र a vessel.

प्रेतराज m. (-राज) YAMA. ४. प्रेत and राज king.

प्रेतलोक m. (-लोक) The region of disembodied spirits, in which they remain for one year, or until the obsequial rites are completed. ४. प्रेत and लोक region.

प्रेतवन n. (-वन) A burying ground, a cemetery, a place where bodies are burnt or buried. ४. प्रेत a spirit and वन a wood.

प्रेतवाहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Possessed by a devil or fiend. ४. प्रेत a spirit and वाहित borne, actuated. [शुद्धि purifying.]

प्रेतवर्ष m. (-वर्ष) Purification after the death of a kinsman. ४. प्रेत and वर्ष a year.

प्रेतहार m. (-हार) One who carries a corpse, a near kinsman. ४. प्रेत and हार who takes.

प्रेतान्न n. (-न्न) Food offered to the manes or distributed on a person's death. ४. प्रेत and अन्न food.

प्रेतोद्देश m. (-द्देश) An offering to the manes. ४. प्रेत and उद्देश object.

प्रेत्य Ind. 1. In the next world. 2. Having died. ४. प्रेत dead, and यत् aff. or प्र before, इत् to go, क्त् aff.

प्रेतम् m. (-म्) 1. Wind. 2. INDRA. ४. प्र + इ-कृत् aff.

प्रेम् mfn. (-सुः-सु-सु) Desirous of obtaining. ४. प्र before, क्त् to obtain, desid. v., च aff.

प्रेम n. (-म) 1. Affection, kindness, tender regard. 2. Pleasure, sport, pastime, joy. m. (-म) 1. INDRA. 2. Air. ४. प्रे for प्रिय loved, वसन्ति aff. [attached to.]

प्रेमपर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Affectionate, loving constant. ४. प्रेम and पर

प्रेमपातन n. (-पातन) Rheum, tears. ४. प्रेम tenderness, पातन falling.

प्रेम्य mfn. (-यः-यलो-यः) Dearest, most beloved, very dear. f. (-यी) A wife, a mistress. ४. प्रिय dear, and ईयन्तु aff.

प्रेयोपक्ष m. (-पक्ष) A heron. ४. प्रिय dear and अपक्ष offspring.

प्रेरक n. (-क) 1. Sending, directing. 2. Ordering, commanding. 3. Passion, operation of the organs of sense. 4. The sense of the causal verb. ४. प्र before, इत् to go, क्त् aff.

प्रेरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sent, directed, dispatched. 2. Ordered. m. (-तः) A messenger. ४. प्र before, इत् to go, aff. क्त.

प्रेरणा m. (-णा) Being born again after dying. ४. प्रेर, भाव nature.

प्रेरन n. (-न) 1. Pervading, spreading. 2. Satisfying. ४. प्र before, इत् to pervade, &c. क्त् aff.

प्रेरन् m. (-न्) The ocean. f. (-री) A river. ४. प्र before, इत् to go, Una'di aff. कृत् and तुट् aff.

प्रेव (च) प्रेवृ r. 1st. cl. (प्रेवति) To go, to move or approach.

प्रेव m. (-वः) 1. Sending, directing, dispatching. 2. Pain, affliction. ४. प्र before, इत् to go or send, aff. क्त्.

प्रेवण n. (-ण) Sending, dispatching. ४. प्र before, इत् to go, aff. क्त्-पृष्.

प्रेवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sent, directed. ४. प्र before, इत् to go, aff. क्त.

प्रेवितवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वन्) Sent, having sent. ४. प्र before, इत् to go, क्तवत् aff.

प्रेष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठ-ष्ठ) Most or very dear. f. (-ष्ठा) 1. A wife. 2. The leg. ४. प्रिय dear, aff. इत्-कृत् form irr. [also प्रेष्य.]

प्रेष्य m. (-ष्यः) A servant. ४. प्र before, इत् to go, or प्रेवृ to send, aff. क्त.

प्रेष्य m. (-ष्यः) 1. Sorrow, distress, affliction. 2. Pain, suffering. 3. Sending, directing. 4. Phrenzy, intoxication, insanity. ४. प्र before, इत् to go, aff. क्त. also प्रेष.

प्रेष्य m. (-ष्यः) A servant, a slave. n. (-ष्य) Service, servitude. ४. प्र before, इत् to go, and क्त aff.

प्रीक mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Said, declared. ४. प्र before, वच् to speak, aff. क्त.

प्रीकवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वन्) Having or had said, was saying. ४. प्र before, वच् to speak, क्तवत् aff.

प्रीचन n. (-चन) 1. Killing animals in sacrifice, immolation of victims. 2. Killing, slaughter. 3. Sprinkling with water, &c. 4. A text to be repeated when animals are offered. ४. प्र before, कृच् to sprinkle, aff. कृत्. [a vessel, कृत् aff.]

प्रीचनीपात्र n. (-पात्र) A vessel for sprinkling water, &c. ४. प्रीचन, and पात्र

प्रीचित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sprinkled. 2. Kindly, slaughtered. 3. Offered in sacrifice. ४. प्र before, कृच् to sprinkle, aff. क्त.

प्रीच्यते f. (-च्यते) Exceedingly terrible.

प्रीक्षेत् Ind. 1. In a very high degree. 2. Very loudly.

प्रीक्षन् mfn. (-न्-न्-न्-न्) Flowing, issuing, coming out, or up. ४. प्र and कृत् before, कृच् to go, aff. क्त.

प्रीक्षन् mfn. (-न्-न्-न्-न्) Swollen. ४. प्र and कृक्षन् swollen.

प्रीक्षासन n. (-सन) Killing, slaughter. ४. प्र and कृत् before, जन् to hurt or kill, aff. कृत्.

प्रीक्षन् n. (-न) Leaving, quitting, letting go. ४. प्र before, कृक्षन्, to leave, aff. कृत्.

प्रीक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Abandoned, shunned, avoided. ४. प्र before, कृक्षित left.

प्रीक्षन् n. (-न) 1. Wiping away. 2. Picking up. ४. प्र + उक्-कृत्.

प्रीक्षन् m. (-क्षन्) A spitting pot.

प्रीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sewn or stitched. 2. Tied, strung. 3. Set, inlaid. 4. Impaled. 5. Joined, connected. n. (-तं) Cloth, clothes. ४. प्र before, वे to weave or sew, aff. क्त.

प्रीतीक्षादन n. (-न) A parasol, a Ch'ha'ta, an umbrella. ४. प्रीत cloth, कृत् over, सादन a house.

प्रीतफल m. (-फल) A sort of palm tree. ४. प्र and कृत् above, फल fruit.

प्रीतादन n. (-न) Contriving, device. ४. प्र and कृत् before, कृत् to go, causal v., कृत् aff.

प्रीतारण n. (-रण) Clearing away, getting rid of, expelling. ४. प्र and कृत् before, कृत् to go, causal v., कृत् aff.

प्रीतारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Relinquished, left, given up. 2. Got rid of, ejected, expelled. ४. प्र and कृत् before, कृत् to go, causal v., क्त aff.

प्रीताह m. (-हः) 1. Effort, exertion. 2. Stimulus, incitement. ४. प्र before, कृताह effort.

प्रीताहक m. (-कः) The instigator or adviser of any act, or in law, of any crime. ४. प्रीताह with कृत् added.

प्रीताहन n. (-न) Instigating, exciting, stimulating. ४. प्र and कृत् before, कृत् to bear, causal v., कृत् aff.

**प्रोत्साहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Incited, instigated, stimulated, encouraged. **प्र** and **उत्** before, **उच्** to bear, in the causal form, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रोच** (च) प्रोच r. 1st. cl. (प्रोचति-ते) 1. To be able, adequate or competent. 2. To complete or ample. 3. To destroy, to subdue or overpower.  
**प्रोच** mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Travelling, wayfaring, a traveller. 2. Notorious, famous. 3. Placed, fixed, mn. (-चः-च) 1. The nose of a horse or the tip of it. 2. The snout of a hog. m. (-चः) 1. The loins or hip. 3. Old clothes. 3. The embryo or foetus. 4. An excavation. **प्र** to go, **Una'di** aff. **चक्** ।  
**प्रोदध** mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Resonant, sounding well. 2. Making a loud noise. **प्र** and **उदध** sounded.  
**प्रोदोवच** n. (च) Sounding or crying aloud. **प्र** and **उच्** before, **उच्** to cry, **खुट्** aff.  
**प्रोद्भिन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-ना-न्नं) Breaking forth, (as seeds, &c.) **प्र** and **उद्भिन्न** put forth.  
**प्रोद्गत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Towering, very lofty. **प्र**, and **उद्गत** high.  
**प्रोद्भन** n. (-नं) Filling. **प्र** before, **उद्भ** to fill, **खुट्** aff.  
**प्रोद्भित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Filled. **प्र** before, **उद्भ** to fill, **क्** aff.  
**प्रोद्भुनविषु** mfn. (-वुः-वुः-वु) Wishing to cover. **प्र** before, **ऊर्णु** to cover, desire, v., **उ** aff. and the vowel changed.  
**प्रोद्भुन** mfn. (-वुः-वुः-वु) Wishing to cover. **प्र** before, **ऊर्णु** to cover, desid. v., **उ** aff. and the augment **व** omitted.  
**प्रोद्भित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Recovered from sickness, convalescent. 2. Strong, robust. **प्र** and **उत्** before, **लाव्** to be able, **क्** aff.  
**प्रोद्भित्** mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तं) Marking, marking lines, scratches, &c. **प्र**, and **उद्भित्** to mark, **ग्रह** aff.  
**प्रोद्भित्** n. (-नं) Scratching, marking, drawing lines or marks. **प्र** and **उत्** before, **लिख्** to write, **खुट्** aff.  
**प्रोद्भ** m. (-वः) Burning **प्र** **उद्भ** to burn, aff. **वज्** ।  
**प्रोद्भित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Abroad, absent, away from home, sojourning in another country. **प्र** before, **वस्** to dwell, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रोद्भितमहं** f. (-का) A woman whose husband is absent. **प्र** **प्रोद्भित** abroad, **महं** a husband, aff. **कन्** and **डाप्** । [नरय dying.  
**प्रोद्भितमरण** n. (-च) Dying in a foreign country. **प्र** **प्रोद्भित** absent, and **प्रोद्भितवन्** mfn. (वान्-वती-वन्) Strange, a stranger, a sojourner. **प्र** **प्र** before, **वस्** to dwell, **क्** aff.  
**प्रोद्भित** mf. (-नः-नी) A sort of carp, (Cyprinus Pausiuk, Ham.) 'पुटिमाह' m. (-नः) An ox. 3. A bench, a stool. **प्र** before, **उद्भ** to burn, aff. **चक्** ।  
**प्रोद्भपदा** f. (-दा) One of the constellations, the twenty-sixth or twenty-seventh, containing stars in the wing of Pegasus : see **प्राद्भपदा**. **प्र** **प्रोद्भ** here said to mean an ox, and **पदा** a foot.  
**प्रोद्भपदा** mfn. (-दः-दी-दं) Born under the sign **Pros'ht'hapada**. **प्र** **प्रोद्भ**-**पदा** and **चक्** aff. in this sense ; in any other, the form is **प्रोद्भपदा** ।  
**प्रोद्भ** mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Skilful, clever. 2. Logical, reasoning, a reasoner, a disputant. m. (-चः) 1. An elephant's foot. 2. A joint, a knot. 3. The ancle of an elephant. **प्र** before, **वच्** to bear, or **ऊर्** to reason, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रोद्भोय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be reasoned or argued. **प्र** before, **ऊर्** to reason, **चनीयर्** aff.  
**प्रोद्भ** mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Full-grown. 2. Confident, bold, arrogant. 3. Impudent. 4. Full-grown, (as the moon.) 5. Thick, heavy, (darkness, &c.) 6. Forward, (as the hand to seize any thing.) 7. Raised, lifted up. 8. Controverted. 9. Old. 10. Married. f. (-दा) 1. A woman from thirty years of age to fifty-five. 2. A description of the **Na'yika** or mistress, a woman whose feelings are violent or impetuous, or one who is not in any awe of her lover or husband. **प्र** before, **वच्** to bear, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रोद्भोय** m. (-दः) One who sits with his feet upon a seat. **प्र** **प्रोद्भ** raised and **पदा** the foot.

**प्रोद्भित** f. (-दः) 1. Enterprise, zeal, confident or audacious exertion. 2. Investigation, controversy, discussion. **प्र** before, **वच्** to bear, aff. **क्** ।  
**प्रोद्भ** mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Clever, learned, skilful. **प्र** + **चीव्** **चक्** ।  
**प्रोद्भित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Extending over, covering. **प्र** and **ऊर्णु** to cover, **उच्** aff.  
**प्रोद्भ** m. (-दः) The month **Bha'dra**, (August-September.) f. (-दी) Full moon in **Bha'dra**. **प्र** **प्रोद्भ** the sign, and **चक्** aff. when the moon is near the wing of Pegasus.  
**प्र** r. 1st cl. (प्रचति-ते) To eat.  
**प्रच** m. (-चः) 1. Waved-leaf fig-tree, (*Ficus infectoria*.) 2. Another tree, (*Hibiscus populneoides*.) 3. The holy fig, (*Ficus religiosa*.) 4. One of the seven **Dwi'pas** or continents, into which the world is divided. 5. A private or back-door. **प्र** **उच्** to burn, **Una'di** aff. **क्** and **च** substituted for the penultimate vowel.  
**प्रच** mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Who or what goes by leaps or jumps, leaping, jumping, a tumbler. m. (-चः) 1. Jumping, leaping, plunging, going by leaps or plunges. 2. Swimming, floating, diving. 3. A raft, a boat. 4. A frog. 5. A monkey. 6. A sheep. 7. A diver, or bird so called, (*Pelicanus fuscicellus*.) 8. A sort of duck. 9. A man of a low or degraded tribe. 10. Waved-leaf fig-tree, (*Ficus infectoria*.) 11. The continuous protracted accent, the lengthened sound of vowels in poetry or the **Ve'das**. 12. Protracting a sentence through several stanzas. 13. A declivity or shelving ground. 14. A piece of water. 15. A sort of basket or snare of basket-work for catching fish. 16. An enemy. 17. Sending, directing. n. (-चः) 1. A sort of grass, (*Cyperus rotundus*.) 2. Fragrant grass in general, or another sort **प्र**, **उ** to go, aff. **चक्** ।  
**प्रच** m. (-कः) 1. A tumbler, a dancer, a man who walks on the edge of a sword, a rope-dancer, &c. 2. An outcast. 3. A frog. **प्र** **उच्** a tumbler, &c. and **क्** aff.  
**प्रच** m. (-नः) 1. A monkey, an ape. 2. A frog. 3. The charioteer of the sun. 4. A sort of bird, the diver. 3. A frog. **प्र** **उच्** leaping, and **क्** who goes, from **गच्** with **उ** aff. "प्रिरीवृच" । [गति going.  
**प्रच** m. (-तिः) 1. A frog. 2. Going by leaps and jumps. **प्र** **उच्** leaping, **प्रच** m. (-नः) 1. A monkey. 2. A deer. **प्र** **उच्** leaping, **गच्** to go, aff. **उच्** with the power of **उ**, whence the nasal is inserted, and final syllable rejected ; also **प्रच**, **प्रच**, and **प्रच** ।  
**प्रच** m. (-नः) 1. A monkey, an ape. 2. A frog. **प्र** **उच्** leaping, **गच्** to go, aff. **चक्** ।  
**प्रच** n. (-नं) 1. Jumping, leaping. 2. A deluge, an inundation. 3. Swimming, plunging into. **प्र** **उ** to go, **खुट्** aff.  
**प्रच** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Bounding, springing, leaping. 2. Swimming. **प्र** **उ** to go, **गानच्** aff.  
**प्रच** f. (-का) A boat, a raft. **प्र** **उच्** tossing, **क्** what goes, **टाप्** fem. aff. ; also **प्रच**, from **उ** with **उ** aff. and fem. form. [added.  
**प्रच** f. (-का) Taking over on a boat.  
**प्रच** n. (-चः) The fruit of the *Hibiscus populneoides*. **प्र** **उच्**, and **क्** ।  
**प्रच** m. (-वः) 1. Submersion. 2. Filling a vessel till it runs over. 3. Jumping. 4. Filtering. **प्र** **उ** to go, causal v., **चक्** aff. ; also with **खुट्**, **गानच्** ।  
**प्रच** mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. To be jumped, leaped, &c. 2. To be submerged or inundated. **प्र** **उ** to go, **खुट्** aff.  
**प्रच** m. (-नी) A bird. **प्र** **उ** to go, aff. **विगुच्** ।  
**प्रच** r. 1st cl. (प्रचति-ते) To go, to move or approach.  
**प्रच** m. (-दा) The spleen : see **प्रोद्भ** ।  
**प्रच** f. (-दा) The spleen : see **प्रोद्भ** ।  
**प्र** r. 9th cl. (प्रोद्भति-ते) To go.  
**प्रोद्भ** m. (-दः) A medicinal plant, (*Andersonia rohitaka*, Rox.) **प्र** **प्रोद्भ** the spleen, (the disease, &c.) **क्** what removes.

होहन् m. (-ह) The spleen; the organ or the disease of it, as in English; in the latter sense, however, it is equally applied to the enlargement of the mesenteric glands, &c. m. हिच् to increase, Una'di aff. कनिन्, and the vowel made long; otherwise being हिहन्; and with क and टाप् affs., and the vowel long or short हिह or होह।

होहम् m. (-ह) A medical plant, commonly Ro'hera or Ro'hini, (Andersonia rohitaka, Rox.) n. होह for होहन् the spleen, (the disease), and हन् enemy; also होहाम्।

होहारि m. (-रि) The holy fig-tree, (Ficus religiosa.) n. होहा the spleen, and हरि enemy. "चन्द्रकच"।

हु (ङ) प्रकु r. 1st cl. (हवते) 1. To go, to approach. 2. To go by leaps, to jump, &c. 3. To be lengthened, (as a vowel.) With उन् prefixed, To leap up. With वि, To plunge in, to be submerged or inundated.

हुमि m. (-वि) Fire or its deity. n. हुच् to burn, Una'di aff. कित्।

हुन mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Jumped, leaped, gone by leap or jump, &c. 2. Thrown or tossed up. m. (-तः) 1. Bounding, capering, one of a horse's paces. 2. Leaping, jumping, tumbling mn. (-तः-तं) The third sound given to vowels; the protracted or continuous sound, being three times the length of the short vowel, and occupying three moments in its utterance. n. हु to go by leaps, aff. क्।

हुति f. (-ति) 1. Over flowing. 2. Jumping. 3. A particular pace of a horse. 4. Protraction, (of a vowel.) n. हु, कित् aff.

हुत् r. 1st cl. (उ) हुत् (होवति) r. 4th cl. (ह) हुत् (होयति) To burn. r. 9th cl. (प्र) प्राति 1. To be unctuous. 2. To sprinkle. 3. To fill. 4. To set free 5 To be fond of or kind to.

हुत् m. (-यः) Burning, combustion. n. हुच् to burn, aff. क्।

हुत् mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) Burnt. n. हुच् to burn, aff. क्।

हुत् (ह) हुत्तिर r. 4th cl. (ह) हुत्ति 1. To burn. 2. To share.

हुत् (ह) हुत्ति r. 1st cl. (हवते) To serve, to gratify by service.

हुत् (हो) हुत्ति m. (-यः) Burning, combustion. n. हुच् to burn, aff. क्।

हा r. 2nd cl. (साति) To eat.

हा f. (हा) Eating. n. हा to eat, aff. कित्।

हात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Eaten. n. हा to eat, aff. क्।

हान n. (-नं) 1. Eating. 2. Food n. हा to eat, aff. क्।

## क

क The twenty-second consonant of the Na'gari Alphabet, the aspirate of the preceding letter, and expressed by P'h.

क m. (-कः) 1. Increasing, swelling, enlarging, expanding. 2. Performance of a mystical rite, by which Kuv'e'ra's attendants are propitiated. 3. A high wind, a gale. 4. Wind expelled in yawning. 5. Fruitfulness, fertility. 6. An augmentor or increaser. nfn. (क-का) Unprofitable or idle speech. n. (-कः) 1. Angry speech. 2. Bursting with some little noise, as air bubbles, boiling water, &c.; bubbling, boiling. f. (-का) Distress, anxiety. n. कच् to bear fruit, or काय् to swell, aff. क्; in the latter case, the initial is rejected.

कर r. 1st cl. (कवति) 1. To creep, to move slowly or sluggishly. 2. To behave ill, to practise ill or improper conduct.

कवि f. (-का) 1. A position, an assertion or argument, to be proved or maintained. 2. Logical exposition or elucidation. 3. A sophism. 4. A trick. 5. Illusion. 6. Fraud. n. कच् to move slowly, aff. क्।

कवि f. (-का) 1. A plant, (Siphonanthus Indica.) 2. A species of Hedysarum, (H. alhagi.) n. कच् to break, (disease,) aff. क्। and the radical initial changed to क।

कविपुत्रिका f. (-का) A plant, (Talvinia cuonllata.) n. कवि as above, and पुत्रिका infant. "चन्द्रकानि"।

कट mfn. subst. (-टः-टा-टं) The expanded hood or neck of the Cobra de capello. mf. (-टः-टा) 1. A tooth. 2. A cheat. n. कट् to burst or expand, aff. कच्. fem. aff. टाप्. deriv. irr.

कट Ind. Exclamation of no meaning, forming part of a Mantra or incantation. n. कट् to burnt, aff. कित्, and the deriv. irr.

कटिका f. (-का) A cricket, a locust.

कर r. 1st cl. (कवति) 1. To go. 2. To produce easily or readily. 3. To be unctuous. Causal form, (कावयति) 1. To dilute. 2. To shine. (कवयति) To cause to go.

कर mfn. Subst. (-कः-का-कं) The expanded hood or neck of the Cobra de capello, &c. n. कच् to go, aff. कच्।

ककर m. (-रः) A snake, especially the Cobra de capello, or COLUBER naja. n. कल् the hood, and कर who makes; also ककाकर।

ककधर m. (-रः) A snake. n. कक् the hood, and धर who has; also ककाधर।

ककधत् m. (-धत्) A snake. n. कक् a hood, and धत् who possesses.

ककधमि m. (-मि) A jewel supposed to be in the head of a snake. n. कक् and मलि a gem.

ककधत् m. (-वान्) A snake. n. कक् a hood, and मत् possessive aff.

ककाकर m. (-रः) A snake; see ककधर.

ककाधर m. (-रः) A snake; see ककधर।

ककाधर m. (-रः) A snake. n. कक् the hood expanded, ध to possess, aff.

ककाधत् m. (-वान्) A snake; see ककधत्।

ककित्तिर m. (-रः) A plant, (Mesua ferrea.) n. ककित् a snake and तिस् filaments. [पाणि]।

ककिलि m. (-लि) A quail. n. ककिलि a snake, and किलि who plays. "भावर

ककित्तिर m. (-रः) A plant, also Marua. f. (-का) A plant, commonly Ra'madu'ti, apparently a sort of basil with small leaves. n. ककिलि for ककिलि a snake, and ककित्तिर to abandon, aff. क्। deriv. irr.

ककित्तिर mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone. 2. Diluted. n. कक् to go, क् aff.

ककित्तिर m. (-रः) VISHN'U whose bed in the serpent S'e'sha. n. ककिलि a snake, तस्य a bed, and क् who goes.

ककित्तिर m. (-वी) A snake. n. कक् a hood, and कित् aff.

ककित्तिर m. (-यः) Air, wind. n. ककिलि for ककिलि a snake, and कित्तिर fond of.

ककित्तिर m. (-यः) Opium.

ककित्तिर m. (-यः) The commentary of Patanjali on Pa'nini's Sutras.

ककित्तिर m. (-यः) 1. An epithet of Garuda. 2. A Peacock.

ककित्तिर m. (-यः) An instrument for throwing earth.

ककित्तिर m. (-रः) 1. The great serpent ANANTA. 2. An epithet of S'e'sha. n. ककिलि a snake, and ककित्तिर sovereign; also ककित्तिर, &c.

ककित्तिर m. (-यः) The belly. n. कक् to go, Una'di aff. क्।

ककित्तिर m. (-रः) A bird, n. कक् imitative sound, and ककित्तिर who makes.

ककित्तिर m. (-रः) A shield. n. कक् substituted for क; see कक।

ककित्तिर m. (-कः) A betel-box.

ककित्तिर mfn. (-रः-का-रं) One moving quickly. n. कक्-चक्।

ककित्तिर m. (-कः) The Palm of the hand with the fingers extended. n.

(-कः) Young shoot or branch f. (का) A shoe.

ककित्तिर m. (-कः) The palm of the hand with the fingers extended. n. (-कः) Sweetness. n. कक् to expand, Una'di aff. कक् and the form irr.

कक् r. 1st cl. (कवति) 1. To produce or bear fruit. 2. To make fruitful, to fructify. 3. To go. (वि, वा) विफला r. 1st cl. (कवति) To divide, to cleave or split.

कक n. (-कः) 1. The fruit of any plant, fruit in general. 2. Fruit, (metaphorically,) result, produce, consequence. 3. Prosperity, flourishing, thriving. 4. Gain, profit, acquisition. 5. Recompense, reward. 6. A shield. 7. The blade of a sword or knife, the head of an arrow, &c. 8. A sort of fragrant berry and drug commonly Ka'koli. 9. A nutmeg. 10. The three myrobalsans collectively. 11. The men-

strual discharge. 12. Gift, giving. 13. A ploughshare. 14. The quotient of a sum, (in arithmetic.) 15. The area of a circle, &c. 16. An equation. 17. (In astronomy,) The anomalistic equation of a planet. f. (-ली) A medicinal plant, commonly Priangu. m. (-लः) A plant, (Echites anti-dysenterica, Rox. :) see कुटज. इ. फल to bear or produce fruit, aff. च्च् ।

फलक mn. (-कः-कं) 1. A shield. 2. A bench. 3. A plank. 4. A layer. m. (-कः) 1. A bone, the os frontis, or bone of the forehead. 2. A leaf or page for writing on. 3. A plant, (Mesna ferrea.) n. (-कं) The buttocks. इ. कन् added to the preceding, or फल to split or divide, aff. ड् । [the hand.]

फलकपाणि m. (-णिः) A soldier armed with a shield. इ. फलक and पाणि

फलकयन्त्र n. (-त्र) An astronomical instrument invented by Bha'skara-cha'rya. [desiring.]

फलकामना f. (-ना) Desire of any consequence. इ. फल, and कामना

फलकिन् mfn. (-की-किनी-कि) Having or being armed with a shield, &c. m. (-की) A sort of fish commonly Phalu'i. इ. फलक as above and रणि aff.

फलकण्ड m. (-णः) A small fruit, (Carissa carandas.) इ. फल fruit and कण black. "पानिचामलके" ।

फलकेशर m. (-रः) The cocoanut-tree. इ. फल the fruit and केशर hair, covered with a fibrous coat-like hair.

फलकीषक m. (-कः) 1. The cocoanut-tree. 2. The testicle. इ. फल fruit, कीष sheath, and कन् aff. of comparison.

फलखण्डन n. (-नं) Disappointing. इ. फल and खण्डन destroying.

फलयिष् mfn. (-हि-हि-हि) Fruitful, bearing fruit in due season. इ. फल fruit, यच् to take, aff. रन्, also फलियिष् ।

फलयाश्चिन् m. (-ची) A tree. इ. फल fruit, यच् to take, aff. चिन् ।

फलचमस m. (-सः) The bark of the Indian fig, ground and eaten with curds, by way of penance. [चट aff.]

फलत् mfn. (-लन्-लनी-लन्) Yielding fruit, profit, &c. इ. फल to bear fruit, फलत्रय n. (-त्र) 1. Three sorts of fruit collectively, as the fruit of the vine, the Parush, and the Gmelina arborea. 2. The three myrobalans. इ. फल fruit and त्रय three.

फलत्रिक n. (-कं) The three myrobalans collectively. इ. फल fruit, and त्रिक three-fold. "शुक्लीपिपली मरिचकपायाम् च" ।

फलद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Yielding or bearing fruit, result, &c. m. (-दः) A tree. इ. फल fruit, and द what gives ; also फलदाद, फलदायिन् &c.

फलन n. (-नं) Fructifying, bearing fruit, producing consequences. इ. फल, and ल्युट् aff.

फलनिर्हति f. (-तिः) Cessation of consequences. इ. फल and निर्हति stop.

फलनिर्दिष्टि f. (-तिः) Final consequence or result. इ. फल and निर्दिष्टि completion.

फलनिपत्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Bearing fruit. 2. Yielding profit or desired results. इ. फल and निपत्ति putting forth.

फलपाक m. (-कः) 1. The ripening of fruit. 2. The fulness of consequences. 3. The Caronda. इ. फल fruit and पाक ripening.

फलपाकात्मा f. (-त्मा) An annual plant. इ. फल fruit, पाक ripening or ripeness, and चत्त end ; dying after bearing fruit. [felling.]

फलपतन n. (-न) Knocking down or gathering fruit. इ. फल and पतन

फलपुच्छ m. (-च्छः) A sort of esculent root or bulb. इ. फल fruit and पुच्छ a tail. [to fill, aff. क् ।]

फलपूर m. (-रः) Common citron, (Citrus medica.) इ. फल fruit and पूर

फलपूरक m. (-कः) Common citron. इ. कन् added to the last.

फलप्रद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Yielding fruit, productive, yielding a reward, &c. इ. फल and प्रद what gives.

फलप्रदान n. (-नं) 1. A ceremony at weddings. 2. The giving of fruits.

फलप्रयुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Connected with or producing consequences, yielding fruit, &c. इ. फल and प्रयुक्त applied. [प्राप्ति acquiring.]

फलप्राप्ति f. (-तिः) Obtaining the desired result or fruit. इ. फल and

फलप्रिया f. (-या) Priyangu.

फलवन्धिन् Adj. Forming or developing fruits.

फलभाज् mfn. (-भाक्) Having or receiving fruit, consequence, &c. इ. फल and भाज् who shares.

फलभूमि f. (-भिः) Any region not included in the known continent, as heaven, hell, &c. इ. फल fruit, (of actions,) and भूमि land.

फलभोग m. (-गः) 1. Receipt or enjoyment of consequences. 2. Possession of rent or profit, usufruct. इ. फल and भोग enjoyment.

फलभोगिन् mfn. (-गी-भिनी-भि) Who receives the profits, consequences, &c. इ. फल and भोगिन् who enjoys.

फलमुख्या f. (-ख्या) Common caraway. "बजरीदा" ।

फलमुद्गरिका f. (-का) A sort of date. इ. फल fruit and मुद्गर a mallet, aff. कन् in the fem. form. "पिच्छीखेजूर" । [wages.]

फलयोग m. (-गः) 1. The attainment of an object. 2. Remuneration, फलराजन् m. (-जा) The water-melon.

फलवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वन्) 1. Bearing fruit. 2. Yielding results or consequences. इ. फल fruit and वन्त् poss. aff.

फलवृक्ष m. (-वः) The pomegranate. इ. फल fruit, वृक्ष to extol, aff. च्च् ।

फलशालिन् mfn. (-ली-लिनी-लि) Bearing or yielding fruit. इ. फल and शालिन् having.

फलश्रेष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) The mango. इ. फल fruit and श्रेष्ठ best.

फलस m. (-सः) The jack or bread-fruit. इ. फल fruit, सच् to be able, अच् ; also read फलश ; see पनस । [dances.]

फलसम्पद f. (-पद or पन्) Prosperity, success. इ. फल and सम्पद् abund

फलसम्भव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Produced in or by fruit. इ. फल and सम्भव born also फलसम्भू । [means.]

फलसाधन n. (-नं) Means or instrument of success. इ. फल and साधन

फलसिद्धि f. (-द्धिः) Realising an object, reaping the fruit of any act. इ. फल and सिद्धि perfection.

फलहानि f. (-निः) Loss of fruit or profit. इ. फल and हानि abandonment.

फलहारो f. (-रौ) An epithet of Durgā.

फलाकाङ्क्षा f. (-ङ्क्षा) Hope or expectation of favourable consequences. इ. फल and आकाङ्क्षा desire.

फलागम m. (-मः) The fruit-season, autumn.

फलादन m. (-नः) A parrot. इ. फल fruit, अदन eating.

फलाध्यक्ष m. (-क्षः) A tree, commonly Khirani, (Mimusops Kauki.) इ. फल fruit, अध्यक्ष superintendent.

फलाल m. (-लः) A bamboo. इ. फल fruit or blossom, फल end.

फलानुबन्ध m. (-न्धः) Sequence of results.

फलानुमेय Adj. Inferable from consequences of results.

फलानुसरण n. (-रणं) Rate or aggregate of profits. इ. फल and अनुसरण conformity.

फलापेक्षा f. (-क्षा) Regard to or expectation of consequences. इ. फल and अपेक्षा expectation.

फलापेक्ष mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Unproductive, unfertile. इ. फल and अपेक्ष deprived. [un-]

फलाभोग m. (-गः) Non-enjoyment of profits, &c. इ. फल and अभोग non-

फलाधीन f. (-नी) A cricket.

फलाशन m. (-नः) A parrot. इ. फल fruit and अशन food.

फलाशिन mfn. (-शी-शिनी-शि) Living on fruits. इ. फल and अशिन who eats.

फलासक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Doing any thing for the sake of reward. 2. Fond of or seeking to pluck fruit. इ. फल and आसक्त attached to.

फलम (-लिः) A kind of fish. "फलुद" ।

फलिग m. (-गः) The cloud.

फलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Fruitful, bearing fruit. 2. Successful, yielding a result. m. (-तः) A tree. f. (-ता) A woman in her courses. इ. फल fruit and इतच् aff.

फलिन् mfn. (-ली-लिनी-लि) 1. Bearing fruit, fruitful. 2. Productive of consequences. m. (-नी) 1. A sort of fish, commonly Phalu'i, (Mystus kapirat.) 2. A tree, (especially in fruit.) f. (-नी) 1. A medicinal

plant, commonly Priyangu. 2. A potherb, (*Echites dichotoma*.)  
3. A flower, (*Celosia cristata*.) ३. फल fruit and रस aff.  
फलम् m. (-ः) A sort of creeper. ३. फल fruit, and ऊना' di aff.  
फलवत् mfn. (-विः-वि-वि) Bearing fruit in season, fruitful. ३. फल fruit,  
वत् to take, aff. वत् ; ए substituted irregularly for the final of फल ;  
also फलवत् and फलवत्तिम् । [विनि aff.]  
फलवत्तिम् mfn. (-वि-वि-वि) Bearing fruit in due season. ३. As above,  
फलवत् f. (-वत्) A kind of flower known as "द्रोणपुष्पी" ।  
फलवत्ता f. (-वत्) The trumpet-flower, (*Bignonia suave-olens*.) ३. फल  
fruit, in the seventh case, वत् to grow, aff. क । "पाटलिहवे" ।  
फलवत्तम् m. (-वत्) 1. Collecting of fruits. 2. A collection of fruits. ३. फल  
and उद्यम् abundance.  
फलवत्ता f. (-वत्) 1. A small sort of grape without stones. 2. The three  
myrobalans collectively. 3. The benefit arising from sacred study.  
३. फल fruit, उत्तम best.  
फलवत्ति (वि) m. (-विः-वि-वि) The mango. f. (-विः) Production of fruit.  
३. फल fruit, वत् over, वत्ति ruler ; or फलवत् उत्पत्तिरस्य ।  
फलवत्तम् m. (-वत्) 1. Gain, profit. 2. Heaven, paradise. 3. Joy, happiness.  
4. Consequence, result. ३. फल fruit, gain, &c. उद्यम् rising.  
फलवत्तम् m. (-वत्) Regard to results. ३. फल and उद्यम् pointing out.  
फलवत्ति m. (-विः) Pudendum muliebre. [possessing.  
फलवत्ति mfn. (-वत्-वत्) Having or yielding fruit, &c. ३. फल and उद्यम्  
फलम् m. (-वत्) An expanded or extended body. ३. फल to separate,  
Una'di aff. क । "विशीधितान् क" ।  
फलम् mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) 1. Pithless, sapless. 2. Vain, unprofitable,  
unmeaning, useless. 3. Weak, feeble. f. (-वत्) 1. The opposite  
eaved fig-tree, (*F. oppositi-folia*, Rox.) 2. The name of a river  
which is said to run underneath Gya. 3. Falsehood, false or lying  
speech. 4. A red powder, usually of the root of wild ginger, col-  
oured with sappan wood, and thrown over one another by the  
Hindus, at the Holi festival. 5. The spring season. ३. फल to bear  
fruit, Una'di aff. वत् ।  
फलम् m. (-वत्) 1. A name of ARJUN'A. The month Pha'lguna. f. (-वत्)  
The constellation Phalguni. ३. फल to bear fruit, Una'di aff. उद्यम्  
and वत् aug. : see फलम् । [the same.]  
फलम् m. (-वत्) The month Pha'lguna. ३. फल, and वत् equal to,  
फलम् m. (-वत्) A bud, a flower. ३. फल fruit, वत् aff. [kapirat.]  
फलवत् m. (-वत्) A fish, caught in ponds, commonly Phalu'i, (*Mystus*  
फाल् Ind. An interjection of calling.  
फाल् f. (-वत्) 1. Unrefined sugar, molasses. 2. Flour or meal mixed  
with curds. ३. स्वाद्यो to swell, Una'di aff. वि, deriv. irr.  
फाल्ति n. (-वत्) Raw sugar, the inspissated juice of the sugarcane. ३. फल  
to go, causal form, aff. क ।  
फाल्ति mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Readily prepared, made by an extemporaneous  
easy process, (decoction, &c.) n. (-वत्) 1. Diluted decoction, decoction,  
easily prepared. 2. The first particles of butter that are  
produced by churning. ३. फल to prepare easily, aff. क, deriv. irr.  
फाल्ति mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Made of cotton, (vesture.) m. (-वत्) 1. A name of  
S'iva. 2. A name of BALARA'MA. 3. A citron tree. n. (-वत्) The  
share of a plough. ३. फल to divide, in the causal form. aff. वत्  
or फल fruit and वत् aff.  
फाल्ति mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Furrowed, ploughed. n. (-वत्) A ploughed-field.  
३. फल and वत् furrowed.  
फाल्ति m. (-वत्) 1. A name of ARJUN'A. 2. A sort of tree, (*Pentaptera*  
Arjuna.) 3. A month, commonly called by the name Pha'lguna,  
(February-March.) f. (-वत्) 1. Day of full moon on the month of  
Ph'alguna, on which Holi or great vernal festival of the Hindus is  
celebrated. 2. A name common to the eleventh and twelfth lunar  
asterisms, distinguished by the epithets first and last, or पूर्व and  
उत्तरफाल्गुनी : see पूर्वफाल्गुनी &c.

फाल्ति m. (-वत्) Spring. ३. फाल्ति the month, वत् according, वत्  
boru.  
फाल्ति m. (-वत्) The month Pha'lguna. ३. फाल्ति day of full moon  
in this month, and वत् aff.  
फि m. (-विः) Anger, passion. ३. फल to separate, aff. वि ।  
फिक्क m. (-वत्) The fork-tailed shrike. ३. फिक्क imitative sound, क्क to  
utter, aff. वत् ।  
फिरक m. (-वत्) 1. The country of the Franks. 2. A particular disease.  
It is a word of foreign origin.  
फुक्क m. (-वत्) A bird.  
फुट mfn. (-वत्-वत्) 1. Blown. 2. Burst. 3. The hood or expanded neck  
of a snake. ३. फल to swell, aff. क, deriv. irr.  
फु(फु) Ind. 1. Expression of disregard or contempt, (Phoo, hoot.) 2.  
Imitative sound, implying the bubbling or boiling of water, &c.  
or of blowing into any liquid. ३. फल to swell, aff. क्क, वत् rejected,  
and वत् added, form irr.  
फुल्लर m. (-वत्) Fire. ३. फल boiling and वत् who makes.  
फुल्लर mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Arrogant, contemptuous, disdainful. m. (-वत्) 1.  
The sound of bubbling or breathing into, (as to cool it.) ३. फल  
expression of contempt, and वत् who makes.  
फुल्लत mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) 1. Blown up, (as a bubble.) 2. Blown into,  
cooled by blowing into it. ३. फल and वत् made.  
फुफुस m. (-वत्) The lungs ; see फुफुस ।  
फुल्ल r. 1st. cl. (फुल्लति) To blow or blossom, to bud or flower.  
फुल्ल mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) 1. Blown, opened, expanded, (as a flower.) 2.  
'Opened, (as the eyes with pleasure, &c.), smiling, gay. ३. फल to  
blow, aff. वत् ; also फुल्ल ।  
फुल्लदानम् n. (-वत्) A species of the Atidhriti metre.  
फुल्लनयन mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) 1. Full or large-eyed. 2. Smiling, looking hap-  
py. ३. फल and नयन the eye ; also similar compounds, as फुल्लनय,  
फुल्लदृष्टि, &c. [spreading.]  
फुल्लफाल m. (-वत्) Winnowing corn. ३. फल blown, and फाल for फाल्  
फुल्लरीक m. (-वत्) A serpent.  
फुल्ललोचन mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) 1. Full-eyed. 2. Looking pleased or happy. n.  
(-वत्) A large full eye. m. (-वत्) A species of the antelope. ३. फल  
full, expanded, and लोचन the eye.  
फुल्लवत् mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Blossoming, blowing. ३. फल to blow, वत् aff.  
फुल्लवदन mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Looking pleased or happy. ३. फल and वदन  
the face.  
फुल्लि f. (-विः) Blowing, blossoming. ३. फल to blow, aff. वत् ।  
फुल्लति f. (-विः) Flowering, blossoming. ३. फल to blow, फल aff.  
फुल्ल Ind. Imitative sound of bubbling, sobbing, &c. : see फुल्ल.  
फुल्लर m. (-वत्) 1. Bubbling. 2. Sobbing. 3. Blowing or breathing into  
any liquid. ३. फल and वत् making.  
फुल्लत mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) 1. Bubbled, bubbling, made to sound so. 2.  
Blown or breathed into, (a liquid.) 3. Sounded, as in sobbing. ३.  
फल, and वत् made.  
फिक्क m. (-वत्) 1. Froth, foam. 2. Cattle-fish-bone, supposed to be the  
indurated foam of the sea. 3. Vapour. ३. स्वाद्यो to swell, वत् Una'di  
aff., deriv. irr.  
फिक्क म. (-वत्) Cattle-fish-bone. f. (-वत्) 1. Rice, ground and boiled  
with water. 2. The soap berry. ३. फल froth, and वत् aff. [फिक्क] ।  
फिक्कता f. (-वत्) Frothiness, vapour. ३. वत् added to फिक्क ; also with वत्,  
फिक्क mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Frothy, foamy. ३. फल froth, वत् poss. aff. ; also  
with वत् similar aff. फिक्क, and with the usual possessive वत्,  
फिक्क । [मनुप् aff.]  
फिक्कवत् mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Frothy, foaming, bubbling. ३. फल froth and  
फिक्कवत् m. (-वत्) The thunderbolt of INDRA. ३. फल foam, वत् to bear,  
aff. विनि ; INDRA having used the foam of the sea for his thunder-  
bolt, to kill the demon VAMIRA'SURA.

फेनाय n. (-दं) A bubble. E. फेन foam, and चय top.  
 फेनायमान mfn. (-नः-ना न) Foaming, frothing. E. फेन nom. verb to foam, चयनच् aff.  
 फेनाग्रि m. (-निः) A name of INDRA. E. फेन foam and चयनि the thund-bolt : see फेनवाहिन् ।  
 फेनि(चि)का f. (-का) 1. Froth arising from treacle. 2. A kind of sweetmeat called Patty. "खजा" । E. फेन foam, कन् added, fem. form.  
 फेनिल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Frothy, foamy. m. (-लः) The soap plant, (Sapindus destergens, Rox.) n. (-लं) 1. The fruit of the jujube. 2. The fruit of the Vangueria spinosa. E. फेन froth or foam, हलच् aff.  
 फेर m. (-रः) A jackal  
 फेरख m. (-खः) A jackal. E. फे imitative sound, रच् to sport, aff. ड ।  
 फेरव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Fraudulent, crafty, a rogue or cheat. 2. Malicious, noxious, injurious. m. (-वः) 1. A jackal. 2. A demon, a goblin. E. फे imitative sound, क् to utter, aff. चच् ।  
 फेरु m. (-रः) A jackal. E. फे imitative sound, क् to cry, aff. चु ।  
 फेल (ख) फेल र. 1st cl. (फेलति) To go or move.  
 फेलक m. (-कः) Orts, leavings of a meal, or droppings from the mouth. E. फेल् to go, कन् aff. [फेलक and फेलि ।  
 फेला f. (-ला) Orts, leavings. E. फेल् to go, चच् aff. fem. aff. टाप् ; also फेलि f. (-लिः or -ली) Orts, leavings. E. फेल् to go, कन् aff. ; क्नीप् optionally added ; also with टाप् and कन् added, फेलिका f. (-का) ।  
 फुल र. 1st cl. (फुलति) to live.

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द्व

व The twenty-third consonant of the Na'gari Alpha'bet, corresponding to the letter B, and often confounded with the analogous semi-vowel व or V, with which some grammarians consider it to be at all times optionally interchangeable.  
 व m. (-वः) 1. A name of VARUNA. 2. A water jar. 3. Ocean. 4. The vulva. E. वच् to sound, &c. aff. ड ।  
 वञ्छिष्ठ mfn. (-ञ्छः-ञ्छा-ञ्छं) Very much, excessively many. E. वञ्छ much, वञ्छन् superlative aff. form irr. [aff.  
 वञ्छीयस् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्-यन्) Very many. E. वञ्छ much, वञ्छीयस् superlative  
 वठ र. 1st cl. (वठति) To be large, powerful, or able : better also वठ् ।  
 वडवा f. (-वा) 1. A mare. 2. A female slave. 3. The nymph AS'HWINI, or the personified asterism which is designated by a horse's head. E. वल strength or force, and वा to go to, affs. क् and टाप्, and ल change to ड ।  
 वडवाह (वड) m. (-तः) The gallant of a female slave, and thence also a slave. E. वडवा and हत or हत taken. [चट्टि fire.  
 वडवाहि m. (-हिः) Submarine fire : see the next. E. वडवा a mare, and वडवाह m. (-हः) Submarine fire ; in mythology, a being consisting of flame, but with the head of a mare, who sprang from the thighs of OURVA, and was received by the ocean. E. वडवा a mare, and चनल fire.  
 वडवाहृत् m. (-हृत्) Submarine fire : see वडवाहृत्. n. (-लं) The infernal regions. E. वडवा a mare, and हृत् head, principal.  
 वडवासुत m. dual. (-तौ) The two sons of AS'HWINI and the physicians of heaven. E. वडवा the nymph AS'HWINI and सुत a son.  
 वच र. 1st cl. (वचति) To sound ; better also वच् ।  
 वच m. (-चः) Sound, noise. E. वच् to sound, aff. चच् ।  
 वचिक्पय n. (-यः) Traffic, commerce. E. वचिक् and पय् for पयिक् a path.  
 वचिक्पय m. (-यः) The son of a merchant or a young merchant or trader. f. (-नी) A young woman of the same tribe. E. वचिक् and पय् a son.

वचिक्पय m. (-यः) The indigo plant, (Indigofera tinctoria.) E. वचिक् a trader, and वच् the friend. [property.  
 वचिक्पय n. (-यः) Traffic, trade, commerce. E. वचिक् a trader, and वच् who bears.  
 वचिक्पय m. (-यः) A camel. E. वचिक् a trader, वच् who bears.  
 वचिक् m. (-चिक्) 1. A merchant, a trader. 2. The sixth of the astronomical periods called Karanas, corresponding to the half of a lunar day. f. (-चिक्) Trade, traffic. E. पय् to transact business, वचिक् Una'di aff. and व substituted for प ; also वचिक् ।  
 वचिक्पय n. (-यः-य्या) Trade, traffic. E. वचिक् a trader, य aff.  
 वद र. 1st cl. (वदति) To be steady or firm. r. 1st and 10th ols. (वदति-ने वादयति-ने) 1. To speak. 2. To declare or communicate information ; in these two senses, the root is more commonly and correctly written वद ।  
 वदर mf. (-रः-री) 1. The jujube, (Zizyphus jujuba or scandaus.) m. (-रः) The seed of the cotton pod. f. (-रः-री) Cotton. f. (-रः) 1. A plant, (Mimosa octandra.) 2. A medicinal drug, commonly Vara'lakra'nti. n. (-रः) 1. The fruit of the jujube. 2. The berry or pod of the cotton. E. वद to be firm, Una'di aff. चरच् ; or if derived from वद to give information ; it is read by some authorities वदर ।  
 वदर(वा)चन n. (-नः) Name of a sacred bathing place.  
 वदरामलक m. (-कः) A plant, (Flacountia cataphracta.) E. वदर the jujube, चामलक myrobalan.  
 वदरि m. (-रिः) The jujube : see वदर. E. वद to be firm, aff. चरि ।  
 वदरिकाग्रम m. (-नः) The hermitage at Badarika.  
 वदरी f. (-रीः) 1. The jujube tree. 2. A name of one of the sources of the Ganges and the hermitage of Nara and Na'ra'yana. E. वदर, वदरी aff.  
 वदरीखदा f. (-दा) 1. A kind of perfume, apparently a dried shell fish. 2. A tree, apparently a species of the zizyphus. E. वदर the jujube, खदा a leaf.  
 वदरीपत्रक n. (-कः) A sort of perfume, a leaf. E. वदरी the jujube, पत्र a leaf, and कन् aff. of comparison added.  
 वदरीफला f. (-ला) A plant, commonly blue S'epha'lika' or nyctanthes. E. वदरी the jujube, फल fruit.  
 वदरीशैल n. (-लं) A part of the Hima'laya range, and a celebrated place of pilgrimage ; the Badrina'th of modern travellers, or a town and temple on the west bank of the Alaka'nanda river, in the province of Srinagar. E. वदरी the jujube and शैल mountain ; also वदरीवन n. (-नः) The wood of jujubes, &c.  
 वद mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Bound, tied. 2. Checked, suppressed. 3. Fixed, firm. 4. Withheld. 5. Captured. 6. Confined. 7. United. 8. Displayed. 9. Cherished. E. वच् to bind, aff. क्, form irr.  
 वदकच Adj. Having the girdle girt up, prepared, ready.  
 वदकीप mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) 1. One who governs or suppresses wrath. 2. Smothering resentment. E. वच् and कीप passion.  
 वदचित्त Adj. Riveting the mind.  
 वदजिह्व Adj. Tongue-tied.  
 वदमूल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Fast or firmly rooted. E. वद, and मूल the root.  
 वदशिशु mfn. (-शुः-शा-शं) Young, a pupil ; a child, one whose hair has not been shaven. f. (खा) A sort of pungent root, a kind of garlic. E. वद tied, and शिखा a crest or look of hair, &c.  
 वदशक्ति mfn. (-क्तिः-क्तिः-क्तिः) Saluting respectfully, putting the hands joined to the forehead. E. वद attached, वदक्ति the palms joined and touching the forehead. [चतुश्च purpose.  
 वदशुभ्रय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Of fixed intent. 2. Taking aim. E. वद, and वद र. 1st cl. (वदति) 1. To bind or tie. 2. To hate, to despise, to loathe. 3. To suffer change or affection of the mind. r. 1st and 10th ols. (वदति-वाचयति-ने) 1. To tie, to bind. 2. To kill.  
 वद m. (-वः) 1. Killing, slaughter, slaying, murder. 2. A killer, a slaughterer. E. वच् substituted for वच् to kill, aff. चच् ।  
 वदक m. (-कः) A slaughterer, a killer. E. वच् changed to वच् and वच् aff.

महाहिन् mfn. (-ही-हि-हि) Wishing death. *म. बन्ध* and *महाहिन्* who wishes.

बन्धना f. (-न्ना) Intent or desire to kill. *म. बन्ध* and *बन्धना* desire.

बन्धुविन् m. (-वी) A hunter, a fowler, a butcher, &c. *म. बन्ध* killing, and *बन्धुविन्* who lives by.

बन्धु n. (-न्) A weapon. *म. बन्ध* to kill, *Una'di* aff. *बन्धु* ।

बन्धु n. (-न्) Capital punishment. *म. बन्ध* and *बन्धु* punishment.

बन्धु f. (-वी) A place of slaughter or execution. *म. बन्ध* killing, *बन्धु* ground.

बन्धु n. (-न्) Place of slaughter or execution. *म. बन्ध* killing, *बन्धु* place.

बन्धु n. (-न्) 1. Poison. 2. Prison. *म. बन्ध* killing, *बन्धु* the body, aff. *बन्धु* ।

बन्धु mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Deserving death. *म. बन्ध* and *बन्धु* fit for. [irr.]

बन्धु mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Deaf. *म. बन्ध* to bind, (the hearing.) aff. *बन्धु*, *derish*.

f. (-न्) 1. A woman. 2. A wife. *म. बन्ध* to bind, aff. *बन्धु*; it is more usually derived from *बन्ध* to bear, and is consequently written with the semi-vowel *व* see *बन्धु* &c. *संज्ञा* result.

बन्धु mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Effecting or causing death. *म. बन्ध*, and *बन्धु*

बन्धु mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Murderous, felonious, an assassin, a murderer. *म. बन्ध* killing, and *बन्धु* endeavouring. [उपाय means.

बन्धु m. (-न्) Instrument or means of putting to death. *म. बन्ध*, and *बन्धु*

बन्धु m. (-न्) 1. Deserving death. 2. Condemned to death. *म. बन्ध* for *बन्धु* to kill, aff. *बन्धु* ।

बन्धु f. (-ता) 1. Destruction. 2. Fitness to be killed. *म. बन्ध*, and *बन्धु* aff.; also with *बन्धु*.

बन्धु f. (-ता) Place of public execution. *म. बन्ध* and *बन्धु* site.

बन्धु n. (-न्) Place of execution. *म. बन्ध*, and *बन्धु* place.

बन्धु Ind. 1. Having tied or bound. 2. Having killed. *म. बन्ध* to tie, or *बन्धु* to kill, and *बन्धु* aff. [and *बन्धु*]

बन्धु n. (-न्) Lead. f. (-न्) A thong. *म. बन्ध* to bind, aff. *बन्धु*; see *बन्धु*

बन्धु n. (-न्) A shoe, a slipper. *म. बन्ध* to bind or tie, *बन्धु* aff.

बन्धु (बन्धु) r. 8th cl. (बन्धु) To ask or beg, preferably written *बन्धु* ।

बन्धु r. 9th cl. (बन्धु) r. 10th cl. (बन्धु) To bind or tie; with *बन्धु* prefixed. To loosen, to let loose. With *बन्धु*, 1. To follow. 2. To be affixed or attached to. With *बन्धु*, to disunite. With *बन्धु*, to connect.

बन्धु m. (-न्) 1. A pledge, a deposit. 2. A binding, a tie or fetter, &c. 3. Binding, tying. 4. The body. 5. Joining. 6. Forming. 7. A ligature, a bandage. 8. Connection, intercourse. 9. Agreement, union. 10. Result. 11. Border, frame-work. 12. The body. 13. Manifestation, display. 14. Bondage, (opposite to annihilation.) 15. A posture. 16. The different forms of sexual intercourse mentioned in *Ka'ma Sha'stra*. 17. Feeling. 18. Laying snares. 19. A stanza which can be arranged in a particular shape, as "*Padma bandha*," &c. *म. बन्ध* to tie, aff. *बन्धु* ।

बन्धु n. (-न्) 1. Exchanging, barter. 2. A city. 3. A binding. 4. Binding, confinement. m. (-न्) A pledge. f. (-न्) 1. An unchaste woman, a harlot, a wanton. 2. A barren woman. 3. A she-elephant. *म. बन्ध* to bind, *बन्धु* aff. fem. aff. *बन्धु* ।

बन्धु n. (-न्) A complete army, or one with its four divisions, of chariots, elephants, horse and foot. *म. बन्ध* binding, *बन्धु* an army.

बन्धु n. (-न्) 1. Binding, tying, confining. 2. A rope for tying cattle. 3. Killing. 4. Hurting, injuring. mfn. Subst. (-न्-न्-न्) The implement of binding or tying, a rope, a chain, a bandage, a ligature, &c. *म. बन्ध* to tie, aff. *बन्धु* or *बन्धु* ।

बन्धु m. (-न्) 1. A rope for tying cattle, 2. The knot of a ligature. *म. बन्ध* tying, and *बन्धु* a knot.

बन्धु f. (-न्) 1. A rope for tying cattle, &c. 2. Any rope or string used for tying. *म. बन्ध* tying, *बन्धु* a rope.

बन्धु n. (-न्) A prison. *म. बन्ध* confinement, and *बन्धु* a house.

बन्धु m. (-न्) A prison. *म. बन्ध* confinement and *बन्धु* abode.

बन्धु m. (-न्) The post to which an elephant is tied. *म. बन्ध* a binding and *बन्धु* a post.

बन्धु n. (-न्) 1. Love, desire. 2. A leathern fan. *म. बन्ध* to bind, *बन्धु* *Una'di* aff.

बन्धु m. (-न्) 1. A kinsman, a relation, but especially a distant or cognate kinsman, and subsequent in right of inheritance to the gentile or *Sago'tra*; the *Bandhu*, is of three kinds; the kinsman of the person himself, of his father or his mother, as his father's brother's son, and his mother's sister's or brother's son; and the same reckoning upwards, as his father's father's sister's son, &c. 2. A friend. 3. A brother. 4. A flower, (*Pentapetes phoenicea*.) *म. बन्ध* to bind or connect, (in affection.) *बन्धु* aff.

बन्धु m. (-न्) A flower; see *बन्धु* ।

बन्धु m. (-न्) A relation, a friend. *म. बन्ध*, and *बन्धु* a person.

बन्धु m. (-न्) A flower, (*Pentapetes Phoenicea*.) *म. बन्ध* a friend, *बन्धु* to live, aff. *बन्धु*; also *बन्धु* being added, *बन्धु* *बन्धु* m. (-न्).

बन्धु f. (-ता) 1. A multitude of relations. 2. Relationship. *म. बन्ध* a kinsman, and *बन्धु* aff.

बन्धु n. (-न्) Relationship. *म. बन्ध*, and *बन्धु* aff.; also with *बन्धु* *बन्धु* ।

बन्धु mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Given by a kinsman. n. (-न्) One kind of female property, that given to a girl at her marriage by her own relations. *म. बन्ध* and *बन्धु* given.

बन्धु mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Uneven, undulating, wavy, partially even and depressed. 2. Bowed, bent. 3. Pleasing, delightful, handsome, beautiful. 4. Deaf. 5. Injust, mischievous. m. (-न्) 1. A goose. 2. A flower, (*Pentapetes Phoenicea*.) 3. A drug, commonly *Biranga*. 4. A bird. 5. A crane. 6. A drug, commonly *Rishabha*. 7. The vulva. n. (-न्) 1. A diadem, a crest. 2. The drops of oil, or oil-cake. 3. A hole. f. (-न्) A whore, a prostitute. f. plu. (-न्-न्) The meal of parched corn. *म. बन्ध* to bind, *बन्धु* *Una'di* aff.; also with *बन्धु* aff. *बन्धु* ।

बन्धु f. (-ता) 1. Bent, inclined. 2. Attractive. m. (-न्) 1. A bastard. 2. An attendant in the chamber of a harlot. 3. The *Bandhuka* tree. [of.]

बन्धु mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Friendless, relationless. *म. बन्ध* and *बन्धु* devoid

बन्धु m. (-न्) 1. A shrub bearing a red flower, (*Pentapetes Phoenicea*, but also applied to the *Ixora Bandhuka*.) 2. A tree, (*Pentapetes*.) 3. A bastard. *म. बन्ध* to bind, *बन्धु* aff.

बन्धु m. (-न्) A tree, (*Pentapetes tomentosa*.) *म. बन्धु* the *Pentapetes* or *Ixora* and *बन्धु* flower; having a similar flower.

बन्धु mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) 1. Wavy, undulating, uneven. 2. Bowing, bent. 3. Beautiful, handsome. m. (-न्) A hole, a chasm. *म. बन्ध* to bind, *बन्धु* *Una'di* aff. *बन्धु*; also *बन्धु* । [उचित् aff.]

बन्धु m. (-न्) A flower, (*Pentapetes*, &c.) : see *बन्धु*. *म. बन्ध* and *बन्धु* mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) 1. Barren, unfruitful, not bearing fruit in due season. 2. Detained, confined, under arrest. f. (-न्) 1. A childless woman. 2. A barren cow. 3. A perfume, commonly *Ba'la*. *म. बन्ध* to bind, aff. *बन्धु* ।

बन्धु mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Beon, become. *म. बन्ध* to be, *बन्धु* aff.

बन्धु r. 1st cl. (बन्धु) To go; also *बन्धु* ।

बन्धु f. (-न्) A name of *Durga*. *म. बन्ध*, *S'iva*, and *बन्धु* aff.

बन्धु mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Who or what has, holds, possesses, &c. *म. बन्ध* to cherish, *बन्धु* aff.

बन्धु mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) 1. Large, great. 2. Tawny, &c. 3. Bald-headed through disease. m. (-न्) 1. A name of *Vishnu*. 2. *S'iva*. 3. *Agni* or fire. 4. A large ichneumon. 5. The name of a Muni or holy sage. 6. A rat. n. (-न्) 1. A tawny or brown colour. 2. Any object of that colour. *म. बन्ध* to fill, aff. *बन्धु*, and the initial repeated; or *बन्धु*, *बन्धु* aff.

बन्धु m. (-न्) A bee. *म. बन्ध* imitative sound, *बन्धु* to make, *बन्धु* aff.



बलराजो f. (-लो) A fly. E. बलम् imitative sound, रा to make, ल् aff.; also भलराजो ।  
 बर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Best, excellent. m. (-रः) 1. A boon, a blessing, &c. 2. A Son-in-law. 3. Surrounding, encompassing. 4. A catamite. n. (र) Saffron. m. (-रः) Asparagus racemosus, f. (-रा) The three myrobalsans. n. or ind. (-र) Slightly desired, preferable. E. र्, to select, &c. बल् aff.; the root is more usually written हृ, and the derivative बर, q. v.  
 बल्ये (ई) r. 1st cl. (बल्यति) To go.  
 बल्येठ mf. (-टः-टी) A sort of bean, (Dolichos catjang.) "बरबटी" f. (-टी) A whore. E. बल्ये to go, बट् aff.  
 बल्येया f. (-या) A blue fly. E. बल्ये to go, aff. युच् or लु; or derived from बल् imitative sound, and बल् or बल् to sound, aff. बल्, बल्ये or बल्येय । [aff.]  
 बल्येर m. (-रः) 1. A blockhead, a fool. 2. A barbarian. E. बल्ये to go, बरल् बल्येर n. (-र) Water. E. बल्ये-बरल् aff.  
 बल्ये r. 1st cl. (बल्यते) 1. To be pre-eminent or excellent; (also बल्ये, but less usually.) 2. To speak or tell. 3. To kill or hurt. 4. To cover. 5. To remember. 6. To spread. 7. To give. (In these senses it is more usually बल्ये.) r. 10th cl. (बल्यति) To hurt or kill; also बल्ये ।  
 बल्ये mn. (-यः-ई) 1. A peacock's tail. 2. A leaf. 3. Dependents, retinue. \* E. बल्ये to spread, &c. aff. बल्; this word and the corresponding forms are more usually derived from हृच् to increase, &c. and are written with the semi-vowel; see बल्ये, बल्येय, &c.  
 बल r. 1st and 10th cls. (बलति बलयति) 1. To live. 2. To hoard grain. 3. To prevent or obstruct wealth. r. 1st cl. (बलते) 1. To kill 2. To go. r. 10th cl. (बलयते) To explain. (बालयति) To support, nourish, rear, as a child.  
 बल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Strong, stout, robust, powerful. m. (-लः) 1. BALADEVA, the elder brother of KRISHNA, and the third of the three incarnations termed RA'MAS. 2. A crow. 3. A demon, slain by INDRA. 4. The Varuna tree. n. (-ल) 1. Strength, power. 2. Bulkiness. 3. Form, figure. 4. An army, forces. 5. Gum myrrh. 6. Semen virile. 7. The body. 8. The leaf of a tree. 9. Blood. 10. Rigour, severity. f. (-ला) An aquatic plant, (Sida cordifolia.) E. बल् to live, aff. बल्; in some of the senses it may be derived from बल् to go or surround, and may then be written with the semi-vowel; see बल ।  
 बल m. (-लः) White, (the colour, &c.) E. बल strength, and बले to waste, aff. क; this word is more properly written बल्य, q. v.  
 बलज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced by or from strength or power. n. (-जः) 1. A field. 2. A city-gate. 3. Fruit. 4. War. 5. Pith, marrow. f. (-जा) 1. A pretty or handsome woman. 2. The earth. 3. Arabian jasmine. E. बल strength, and ज born.  
 बलद m. (-दः) An ox. E. बल, द who gives.  
 बलदिव् m. (-दिव्) A name of INDRA. E. बल, and दिव् a foe.  
 बलदेव m. (-वः) BALADEVA, the elder brother of KRISHNA. 2. Air, wind. f. (-वा) A medicinal plant, commonly Tra'yama'n'a. E. बल the same and देव divine, or बल strength, and देव who sports.  
 बलनिवृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) Weakening, reducing strength or power. E. बल, and निवृत्त restraint.  
 बलपत्नी f. (-नी) ROHINI, the mother of BALARA'MA. E. बल and पत्नी the mother.  
 बलभद्र m. (-द्रः) 1. BALADEVA. 2. ANANTA, the great serpent, considered as identified with the preceding, BALADEVA being regarded by some authorities as an incarnation of ANANTA. 3. A strong or robust man. 4. A tree, commonly Lo'dh. f. (-द्रा) 1. A young girl, a maiden. 2. A drug, commonly Tra'yama'n'a. E. बल strength, and भद्र auspicious, excellent.  
 बलभद्रिका f. (-का) A medicinal plant, Tra'yama'n'a. E. बलभद्र the same, and क् aff.

बलनिवृत्त mfn. (-वृत्तः) Breaking or routing an army. m. (-वृत्तः) INDRA. E. बल and निवृत्त who or what destroys.  
 बलराम m. (-रामः) The demi-god named BALARA'MA, half brother to KRISHNA, and the third of the RA'MAS; according to some, the eighth Avata'r of VISHNU. E. बल strength, रम् to sport, aff. बल् ।  
 बलल m. (-लः) BALARA'MA; see the last. E. बल strength, aff. बल् ।  
 बलवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Strong, stout, lusty, powerful. E. बल strength, and वन्त् poss. aff.  
 बलवता f. (-ता) Strength, power. E. बलवत्, and तल् aff.  
 बलवर्धन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Strengthening. 2. Ennobling. E. बल, and वर्धन augmenting.  
 बलवर्धित mfn. (-वर्धितः-वर्धितः) Strengthening. f. (-वर्धिता) A plant; see जीवक. E. बल, and वर्धित what augments.  
 बलविशाल m. (-शालः) Array of troops. E. बल forces and विशाल disposition.  
 बलहन्निवृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) INDRA. E. बल and हन् two demons, and निवृत्त destroyer.  
 बलहन्वन् m. (-वन्) A name of INDRA. E. बलवत् as before, वन् who kills.  
 बलव्यसन n. (-नः) Defeat or rout of an army. E. बल, व्यसन calamity.  
 बलमाश्रिता f. (-ता) Pride of, or confidence in strength or prowess. E. बल-माश्रित, and तल् added.  
 बलमाश्रित mfn. (-श्रितः-श्रिता-श्रितः) Having strength, confident of strength, &c. E. बल, and माश्रित having. [destroyer.]  
 बलवृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) A name of INDRA. E. बल the demon, and वृत्त forces, स्थिति station.  
 बलवृत्ति f. (-तिः) A royal residence, a royal camp or quarters. E. वृत्त forces, स्थिति station. [destroying.]  
 बलवृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour. E. बल strength and बलवृत्त mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Weak, infirm. E. बल and वृत्त void of.  
 बलवृत्तिता f. (-ता) Exhaustion, weakness, prostration of strength, infirmity from fatigue or age, &c. E. बलवृत्त and तल् added.  
 बलाका f. (-का) A sort of crane. E. बल strength, क् to go, aff. बल्; it is preferably written बलाका ।  
 बलाक्षिता f. (-ता) A sort of Vina or lute, called also RA'MA's lute.  
 बलाट m. (-टः) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus mungo.) E. बल strength, and वट what goes or grows. "सुग द्रवि भावा" ।  
 बलाकार m. (-रः) 1. Violence, oppression, exaction. 2. (In law) The detention of the person of a debtor by his creditor, and the violent measures taken by the latter, (flogging, &c.) to recover his debt. E. बल strength, क् to go, aff. क्षिप्, बलान्, and कार making, doing.  
 बलात्मिका f. (-का) A sort of sun-flower, (Heliotropium Indicum.) E. बल strength, आत्मन् self, aff. कन्, fem. form.  
 बलाध्यक्ष m. (-क्षः) Commander of an army, a general. E. बल and अध्यक्ष superintendent.  
 बलान्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Strong, powerful. 2. Leading an army. E. बल and वान्वित possessed of.  
 बलानुज m. (-जः) KRISHNA. E. बल, BALARA'MA, and अनुज younger born.  
 बलापकर्मन् Ind. By force. E. बल and अपकर्म removal.  
 बलाबल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Strong and weak. E. बल, and अबल feeble.  
 बलाय m. (-यः) A plant, (Capparis trifoliata.) E. बल strength, य to go, aff. बल्. "बद्वच्छले" । [enemy.]  
 बलाराति m. (-तिः) A name of INDRA. E. बल a demon, and बलाराति an  
 बलाख m. (-कः) The Caronda, (Carissa carandas.) E. बल strength, खा before, खा to get, aff. बुन्. "पानीयासलने" ।  
 बलाबलीय m. (-यः) Pride of strength or prowess. E. बल, and अबलीय pride.  
 बलाय m. (-यः) The phlegmatic humour. E. बल strength, य् to eat or destroy, aff. बल्; also with कन् added बलायक ।  
 बलाय m. (-यः) The phlegmatic humour. E. बल life or strength, य् to pervade, aff. बल् । [equalled.]  
 बलासन m. (-नः) One of the Jaina saints. E. बल strength, वसन pa-  
 बलाह n. (-हः) Water. E. बल strength, बाहा to quit, aff. क ।  
 बलाहक m. (-कः) 1. A mountain. 2. A cloud. 3. One of the Na'gas or

infernal serpents. 4. The name of a demon. 5. A kind of crane. 6. Name of one of the seven clouds which arise at the end of the world. **बल** strength, **व** the negative prefix to **ह** to abandon, aff. **हृन्**, this word is differently derived also, and preferably written **बलाहक**, q. v.

**बलि** m. (-लिः) 1. Tax, royal revenue. 2. An oblation, religious offering in general. 3. The handle of a Chowrie or fly-flapper. 4. Presentation of food to all created beings, one of the five great sacraments of the Hindu religion : it consists in throwing a small parcel of the offering Ghee or rice, or the like, into the open air at the back of the house. 5. The sacrifice of an animal, or raw flesh offered to the goddess Durga. 6. Fragments of food left at an oblation or a meal. 7. An animal, or one which is fit for an oblation. 8. Three-folds of skin at the end of the rectum. 9. A king, and Daitya, also MAHA'BALI, the virtuous sovereign of Maha'balipur, tricked out of the dominion he had obtained over earth and heaven, by VISHN'U, in the Va'mana or dwarf Avata'r, and left in consideration of his merits, the sovereignty of Pa'ta'la, or the infernal regions. f. (-लिः-ली) 1. A wrinkle, skin shrivelled by old age. 2. The fold of skin in stout persons, especially females, upon the upper part of the belly, or between the ensiform cartilage and the navel. 3. The ridge of a thatch. **बल्** to live, or **बप्** to hurt or kill, **व** changed to **ल**, aff. **हृन्** or **हृ**.

**बलिक** m. (-कः) The edge of a thatch. **बलि** the ridge, and **कन्** aff.

**बलिकर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Offering sacrifices. 2. Producing wrinkles. **बलि** before, **क** to make, **टच्** aff.

**बलिकरम्** m. (-रम्) Sacrificial cake. **बलि**, and **करम्** a sort of cake.

**बलिकर्मन्** n. (-र्मन्) Offering of oblation to all creatures. **बलि**, and **कर्मन्** act.

**बलिदान** n. (-नं) 1. Offering victims in sacrifice. 2. Giving food to all beings. **बलि**, and **दान** giving. [अंसिन् injuring.]

**बलिधंसिन्** m. (-सिन्) A name of VISHN'U. **बलि** the king so named, and **धंसिन्** mfn. (-सिन्-सिनी-सि) Strong, stout, robust. m. (ली) 1. A camel. 2. A buffalo. 3. A bull. 4. A hog. 5. Phlegm. 6. A name of BALA-RA'MA. 7. A sort of pulso, (Phaseolus radiatus.) 8. A sort of jasmine, (J. Pubescens.) f. (-नी) Sida cordifolia. **बल** strength, **हृन्** aff.

**बलिन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Shrivelled, wrinkled, flabby, flaccid. **बलि** wrinkled skin, aff. **न**.

**बलिनन्दन** m. (-नः) VA'NA'SUR, the son of BALI. **बलि**, and **नन्दन** the son ; BALI had however four sons, to either of whom the epithet is applicable.

**बलिदम्** m. (-दम्) VISHN'U. **बलि**, and **दम्** to humble, **हृच्** aff.

**बलिपुट** m. (-टः) A crow. **बलि** fragments of food, and **पुट** nourished.

**बलिप्रिय** m. (-यः) The Lo'dh tree. **बलि** sacrifice, and **प्रिय** fond of ; said to grow the quicker for being perfumed and illuminated.

**बलिम** mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Shrivelled, withered, flaccid, wrinkled. **बलि** a wrinkle, **म** aff.

**बलिमुक्** m. (-मुक्) 1. A crow. 2. A sparrow. 3. A crane. **बलि** the orts of a meal or sacrifice, and **मुक्** who eats.

**बलितम्** mfn. (-तम्-मती तम्) Wrinkled, shrivelled, flaccid. **बलि** a wrinkle, and **तम्** poss. aff. [abode.]

**बलितन्दिर** n. (-रः) The infernal regions. **बलि** the Daitya, and **तन्दिर**

**बलितुख** m. (-खः) A monkey. **बलि** a wrinkle, and **तुख** a face ; also **बलीतुख** । [हृन् super. aff.]

**बलित्** mfn. (-त्-हा-हं) Very strong, more or most powerful. **बल**, and **बलित्** mfn. (-त्-हः-हं) Arrogant, disrespectful. **बल्** to be powerful, **हृच्** Una'di aff.

**बलियुक्** m. (-युक्) 1. The lash of a whip. 2. A number of monkeys. 3. The base of an ant-hill.

**बलिसङ्ग** n. (-ङ्गः) The infernal regions. **बलि** the Daitya, sovereign of Pa'ta'la, and **सङ्ग** abode.

**बलितुख** m. (-खः) VISHN'U. **बलि** BALI, and **तुख** to injure, aff. **हृच्**.

**बलीक** m. (-कः) The edge of a thatched roof. **ब** to cover, **हृन्** aff. ; see **बलिक**.

**बलीन** m. (-नः) A scorpion.

**बलीतुख** m. (-खः) A monkey. **बलि** a wrinkle, and **तुख** face.

**बलीयस्** mfn. (-यस्-यसी-यः) Very strong, exceedingly powerful. **बलि** strong, **यस्** superlative aff.

**बलीयस्** n. (-यस्) Superiority in strength. **बलि**यस्, and **त** added.

**बलीवद्** m. (-वद्) A bull or ox. **बलि** strength, and **वद्** increasing, **ली** substituted for **ल**, and **द्** final for **व** ; also **बलीवद्** and **बलीवद्** ।

**बलु** mfn. (लः-ल-लं) Strong. **बलि** + **लु** १० वा लप् ऊङ् ।

**बलीवदित** mfn. (-तः-ट-टं) Endowed with or possessed of strength. **बलि**, and **उपदिष्ट** entered. [of.]

**बलीवत्** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Possessed of strength. **बलि**, and **उपेत्** possessed

**बलु** mfn. (लः-ल-लं) Strong, vigorous. n. (-ल्यः) Semen virile. m. (-ल्यः) A Baud'dha mendicant. **बलि** strength, **यद्** aff.

**बलुव** m. (-वः) 1. A cowherd. 2. A cook. 3. The name assumed by Bhima when living in disguise at the palace of VINA'TA.

**बलुज** mfn. (-जः-जा) A kind of grass. "उल्लेपे हृणमहे" । [बलुयसी ।]

**बलु(का)व(सि)वी(नी)** f. (-वी or -नी) A cow bearing many calves ; see **बल**

**बल** m. (-लः) A goat.

**बह** (र) **बहि** r. 1st cl. (बहते) To grow or increase ; also **बहि**, but upon inferior authority. [cano.]

**बहल** f. (-लः) 1. Much. 2. Dense. 3. Hard. m. (-कः) A kind of sugar-bush. Ind. Out of doors.

**बहु** mfn. (-हुः-हुः-हो-हुः) 1. Much, many. 2. Large, great. **बहि** to increase, Una'di aff. **हु** ; it is less correctly derived from **बह्** to obtain and written **बहु** ।

**बहुक** m. (-कः) 1. A crab. 2. A gallinule. 3. A plant, (Asclepias gigantea.) 4. The digger of a tank, (जलखानकः) **बहु** much, **कन्** aff.

**बहुकण्टक** m. (-कः) 1. A prickly plant, (Hedysarum alhagi.) 2. The marshy date tree. **बहु** many, **कण्ट** a thorn, **कन्** aff.

**बहुकर** mfn. (-रः-रा-री-रं) 1. A sweeper. 2. Industrious, labouring. m. (-रः) A camel. f. (-री) A broom. **बहु** much, **क** to do, **हृच्** or **हृच्** aff.

**बहुवम** mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Patient, enduring. m. (-मः) A Jaina deified saint. **बहु** much, and **वम्** to bear, aff. **व** ।

**बहुगन्ध** mfn. (-गन्धः-गन्धः-गन्धः) Smelling, strong-scented. m. (-गन्धः) Olibanum. f. (-गन्धः) 1. Arabian jasmine. 2. The bud of the Champaka. **बहु** much, **गन्ध** odour.

**बहुगन्धवाच** mfn. (-वाच्) Talking much and blameably. **बहु** much, **गन्ध** reproachable, and **वाच** speech.

**बहुगुण** mfn. (-गुणः-गुणः-गुणः) 1. Many times. 2. Having many good qualities. **बहु** and **गुण** quality, &c.

**बहुजम्** m. (-जम्) Tamarisk, (Tamarix dioica.) **बहु** many and **जम्** a knot or joint. "झाउजम्" । [takes.]

**बहुवह** mfn. (-वहः-वा-वहं) What takes or holds much. **बहु**, and **वह** what

**बहुतन्नि** mfn. (-न्निः-न्नी-न्निः) Many fibred, (applicable only to the body.) **बहु** many, and **तन्नी** a string.

**बहुतन्नीक** mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Many-stringed, (a musical instrument, &c.) **बहु** many, **तन्नी** a wire, and **कप्** added.

**बहुतर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Much, many, most. **बहु** aff. added to **बहु** ।

**बहुतम्** Ind. From or by much, or many. **बहु** much, **तन्नि** aff.

**बहुतिथ** mfn. (-थः-था-थं) Manieth, (the ordinary of many.) **बहु** many, **तन्नि** aff. and **तिथुक्** augment.

**बहुव** Ind. In many ways, or places, &c. **बहु** much, many, **वल्** aff.

**बहुल** n. (-लः) Plurality, multitude, muchness, abundance. **बहु** much, **ल** aff. of the abstract.

**बहुवल् m.** (-कः) The Bhurja-patra or Birch-tree. **बहु** much, **वल्** skin or bark, **कन्** aff.; having several layers of bark.  
**बहुवल् m.** (-लकः) The Bhurja-patra, or Birch-tree. **बहु** much, and **वल्** bark; see the last.  
**बहुद mfn.** (-दः दी-दं) Liberal, munificent. **बहु**, and **द** who gives.  
**बहुदक्षिण mfn.** (-दः-बा-क्षं) 1. Accompanied with many presents, (a ceremony.) 2. Liberal, bountiful. **बहु**, and **दक्षिण** a gift.  
**बहुदण्डिक mfn.** (-कः-का-क्षं) Having many staff-bearers, &c. **बहु** many, **दण्डिन्** having a staff, **कन्** aff.; also in the masculine form **बहु-दण्डिन् m.** (-क्षी)  
**बहुदुग्ध m.** (-गः) Wheat. **f.** (-गः) A cow giving much milk. **बहु** much and **दुग्ध** milk.  
**बहुदुग्धिका f.** (-का) A plant, yielding a caustic milky juice, (Euphorbia, of various sorts.) **बहु** much. **दुग्ध** milk, **कन्** aff.; fem. form.  
**बहुदृष्ट mfn.** (-दः-ष्टा-दृ) Experienced. **बहु**, and **दृष्ट** seen.  
**बहुदोष mfn.** (-दः-बा-दो) Full of faults or defects, very wicked, very bad. **बहु** and **दोष** fault.  
**बहुधन mfn.** (-नः-ना-नं) Wealthy, rich. **बहु**, and **धन** wealth.  
**बहुधा Ind.** In many ways sorts, &c. **बहु** much, **धा** aff.  
**बहुधागत mfn.** (-तः-ता-त) Dispersed, scattered. **बहु**धा, and **गत** gone.  
**बहुधार m.** (-रः) Indra's thunderbolt. **बहु** many, **धार** edge.  
**बहुनाद m.** (-दः) The conch-shell. **बहु** much, **नाद** sound.  
**बहुपटु mfn.** (-टुः-टु-टु) Very clever. **बहु** much, and **पटु** clever.  
**बहुपत्र mfn.** (-त्रः-त्री-त्रं) Many-leaved. **m.** (-त्रः) An onion. **n.** (-त्रं) Talo. **f.** (-त्री) A drug, (Trigonella foenugraecum.) **बहु** many. **पत्र** a leaf, &c.  
**बहुपर्णी f.** (-र्णी) A medicinal plant, (Trigonella foenugraecum.) **बहु** many, **पर्ण** a leaf.  
**बहुपाद m.** (-पादः) The Indian fig tree. **बहु** many, **पाद** foot; also **बहुपाद** **m.** (-दः) Alluding to the branches, which grow down-wards and take root again.  
**बहुपुत्र mfn.** (-तः-त्री-पु) Having many children. **m.** (-त्रः) A tree, (Echites scholaris.) **f.** (-त्री) A plant, (Asparagus racemosus.) **बहु** many, **पुत्र** a child or produce.  
**बहुप्रज mfn.** (-जः-जा-जं) Having a numerous progeny. **m.** (-जः) 1. A hog. 2. A sort of grass; see **सुज**. **बहु** many, **प्रजा** offspring.  
**बहुप्रतिज्ञ mfn.** (-ज्ञः-घा-ज्ञं) 1. Complicated, containing more than one circumstance. 2. (In law.) Comprising many counts, (a plaint, &c.) **बहु** many, **प्रतिज्ञा** assent.  
**बहुप्रद mfn.** (-दः-दा-दं) Munificent, bountiful. **बहु** much, and **प्रद** who gives. [course.  
**बहुप्रवाह mfn.** (-हः-हा-हं) Flowing in many streams. **बहु** and **प्रवाह**  
**बहुप्रसू f.** (-सूः) The mother of many children. **बहु** much, and **प्रसू** who bears offspring.  
**बहुफल mfn.** (-लः-लो-लं) Fertile, fruitful. **m.** (-लः) The Kadamba tree, (Nauclea kadamba.) **f.** (-ली) The opposite-leaved fig-tree. **बहु** much, **फल** fruit.  
**बहुभाग्य mfn.** (-ग्यः-ग्या-ग्यं) Fortunate. **बहु**, and **भाग्य** fortune.  
**बहुभुज mfn.** (-भुजः) Voracious. **बहु** and **भुज्** who eats.  
**बहुमत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Thought much of, respected, considered. 2. Having many different opinions, **बहु** and **मत** minded.  
**बहुमति f.** (-तिः) Value, estimation, prizing or preferring. **बहु**, and **मति** mind.  
**बहुमल n.** (-लः) Lead. **बहु** much, **मल** dirt.  
**बहुमार्ग m.** (-र्गः) A place where four roads meet. **बहु** many, **मार्ग** a road.  
**बहुमान n.** (-नः) Respect, reverence. **बहु**, and **मान** respect.  
**बहुमूर्ति mfn.** (-तिः-र्त्तिः-र्त्तिं) Multiform. **f.** (-र्त्तिः) Wild-cotton. **बहु** many, **मूर्ति** form.  
**बहुमुख mfn.** (-खः-खा-खं) Many-headed. **m.** (-खः) Vishn'u. **बहु** many, **मुख** a forehead.  
**बहुमूल mfn.** (-लः-लो-लं) Many-rooted, having many roots. **m.** (-लः) A

sort of reed or grass; see **वृक्ष** and **वृक्ष**. **बहु** many, and **मूल** a root; also with **कन्** added, **बहुमूलक m.** (-कः). [aff. **कन्**.]  
**बहुमूलक mfn.** (-कः-खा-कं) Costly, precious. **बहु** much, and **मूल** price.  
**बहुवर्ण mfn.** (-वः-वी-वः) Multiform. **m.** (-वः) 1. Resin. 2. S'iva. 3. Vishn'u. 4. Love, Cupid. 5. A chameleopn. 6. BRAHMA'. 7. Hair. 8. One of the Jinas or Jaina saints. **बहु** many, **वर्ण** shape.  
**बहुरेखा m. plu.** (-खाः) Wrinkles, furrows, marks of care or pain. **बहु** many, **रेखा** a line.  
**बहुरेतसु m.** (-ताः) BRAHMA'. **बहु** much, and **रितसु** seed.  
**बहुरीनम् m.** (-नः) A sheep. **बहु** much, and **रीनम्** hair.  
**बहुल mfn.** (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Much, many. 2. Black. 3. Variously applicable, comprehensive, (a rule, &c.) **m.** (-लः) 1. AGNI or fire. 2. The dark half of a month. **n.** (-लः) The sky. **f. plu.** (-लाः). The Pleiades. 1. (-लाः) 1. Indigo. 2. Cardamoms. 3. A cow. **बहु** many, **ला** to get, **अ** aff. **क**.  
**बहुल n.** (-लः) 1. Abundance, muchness. 2. Comprehensive, (of a rule.) **बहु** added to the last; also with **तल्** aff. **बहुलता**.  
**बहुलीकरण n.** (-णः) 1. Multiplying, magnifying, making much. 2. Wignowing. **बहु** and **करण** making, with **वि** ang.  
**बहुलीकृत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Threshed and winnowed. 2. Made manifold or much. **बहु** much, **कृत** made, and **वि** substituted for the final of the former, by which the **इ** is inserted.  
**बहुवचन n.** (-नः) The plural number. (in grammar.) **बहु**, and **वचन** saying.  
**बहुवार m.** (-रः) A fruit, (Cordia myxa.) **बहु** much, **वृ** to nourish, **अ** aff. **वृ**; also with **कन्** added, **बहुवारक m.** (-कः).  
**बहुविध mfn.** (-धः-धा-धं) Various multiform, of many sorts or kinds. **बहु** many, and **विध** sort.  
**बहुवित्तीर्य mfn.** (-र्यः-वी-र्यं) Widely spread or diffused. **f.** (-वी) A shrub bearing a small red and black berry, (Abrus precatorious.) **बहु** much, **वित्तीर्य** spreading, "कु" **व**.  
**बहुबीज mfn.** (-जः-जा-जं) Having many or much seed. **n.** (-जः) The custard-apple, (Annona squamosa.) "जाता" **बहु** many, and **बीज** a seed.  
**बहुबीर्य m.** (-र्यः) Belerig myrobalan (Terminalia belerica.) **बहु** much and **बीर्य** seed. "बहु" **जा**.  
**बहुबीरिह m.** (-हिः) One of the forms of grammatical composition, the compounding two or more words to furnish an epithet or attributive, as **बहुमाल** or **बहुमालक** having many necklaces, from **बहु**, and **माला** a necklace. **बहु** many, and **बीरिह** grain.  
**बहुशत्रु mfn.** (-त्रुः-श-त्रुः) Having many enemies. **m.** (-त्रुः) A sparrow. **बहु** many, and **शत्रु** an enemy.  
**बहुशत Ind.** Abundantly, plentifully. **बहु** much, many, **शत** aff.  
**बहुशाख mfn.** (-खः-खा-खं) Having many branches or ramifications. **बहु**, and **शाखा** a branch.  
**बहुश्रुत mfn.** (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Well-taught, learned. 2. Acquainted with the V'e'das. **बहु**, and **श्रुत** heard, or **श्रुति** V'e'das.  
**बहुश्रेयस् mfn.** (-यः-यसी-यः) 1. Having many excellencies. 2. Very excellent. **बहु**, and **श्रेयस्** best.  
**बहुस्यूम् mfn.** (-स्यू-स्यू) Expanded, spread, diffused. **बहु**, and **स्यूम्** what touches.  
**बहुसलति m.** (-तिः) A species of bamboo, (Bambusa spinosa.) **बहु** much, **सलति** spreading.  
**बहुसुता f.** (-ताः) A plant, (Asparagus.) **बहु** many, **सुत** a birth or shoot. "सुत" **सुती**.  
**बहुसू f.** (-सूः) 1. A sow. 2. The mother of many children. **बहु** many, and **सू** bearing, **अ** aff. **सुति**.  
**बहुपति f.** (-तिः) A cow bearing many calves. **बहु** many, **पति** to bear, **अ** aff.  
**बहुसूत m.** (-नः) An owl. **बहु** much, **सूत** noise or sound.  
**बहुवद् mfn.** (-वः-वा-वः) Having much water. **बहु** and **वद्** water.

वृत्त r. let cl. (वृत्ते) 1. To be pre-eminent or excellent, (also वृत्त, but less usually.) 2. To speak or tell. 3. To kill or hurt. 4. To cover, to spread. 5. To give, (also वृत्त in these four senses, and more accurately.) 6. To remember. r. 10th cl. (वृत्तति) To shine.

वृत्तं mfn. (-वृ-वा-वृ) 1. Important, having much meaning. 2. Having many objects. 3. वृत्त, and वृत्त meaning.

वृत्तक m. (-वृ-) 1. A hog. 2. A rat. f. (-वृ-) A cow that has borne many calves. 3. वृत्त many, वृत्त offspring. [who eats.

वृत्तान् mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) Voracious, gluttonous. 3. वृत्त much, वृत्तान्.

वृत्त f. (-वृ-वृ) The Rig-Ve'da. 3. वृत्त many, वृत्त a hymn or prayer.

वृत्त f. (-वृ-) The wife of a Bra'hman conversant with the Rig-Ve'da. 3. वृत्त many, वृत्त a prayer or incantation, aff. वृत्त.

वा Ind. 1. As, like. 2. Or, either : see वा.

वाच (वृ) वाच r. let cl. (वाचते) To bathe, to dive and emerge. Vopade'va differs from other authorities in writing this with an initial व.

वाचक m. (-वृ-) 1. Submarine fire. 2. A Bra'hman. n. (-वृ-) A stud, a collection of mares 3. वाचक a mare, and वृत्त aff. of derivation : see वृत्तान्.

वाचक m. (-वृ-) Hell. 3. वृत्तान् submarine fire, and वृत्त aff. of वाचक m. du. (-वृ-) The two sons of A'shwinī and physicians of Swarga. 3. वृत्त a mare, Sanjaya changed into a mare, and वृत्त aff. of descent.

वाचक n. (-वृ-) A number of Bra'hmans. 3. वाचक a Bra'hman, वृत्त aff.

वाचक m. (-वृ-) A servant, a hired labourer.

वाच m. (-वृ-) 1. An arrow, a shaft. 2. An aim. 3. The udder of a cow. 4. The feathered end of an arrow. 5. A kind of creeper, (Blue Baeria) 6. A name of a demon, son of Virochan. 7. The name of the celebrated poet, the author of Ka'dambari and Harsha-charita, &c. 8. The number five. 3. वृत्त or वृत्त to sound, aff. वृत्त.

वाचनीचर m. (-वृ-) The course of an arrow. 3. वाच and वृत्त object.

वाचि f. (-वृ-) 1. Speech. 2. The goddess of speech, &c. : see वाचि. 3. वृत्त or वृत्त to speak, in the causal form, aff. वृत्त. [&c. aff. वृत्त.]

वाचिज m. (-वृ-) 1. A merchant, a trader. 2. Submarine fire. 3. वृत्तान्, वाचिज m. (-वृ-) 1. Submarine fire. 2. A trader, a merchant. 3. A rogue, a cheat. 3. वृत्तान् trade, aff. वृत्त.

वाचिज n. (-वृ-वृ) Trade, traffic, commerce. 3. वृत्तान् a trader, with वृत्त aff. ; or वाचिज the same, aff. वृत्त.

वाचिनी f. (-वृ-) An excellent woman. 2. A shrewd woman. 3. A dancing girl. 4. A drunken woman. 3. वृत्त-वाचिनी-वृत्त.

वा(वृ)दर mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) Made of cotton. m. (-वृ-वृ) The cotton plant. n. (-वृ-) 1. The Jujube. 2. Silk. 3. Water. 4. A garment made of cotton. 5. A conch-shell that winds from left to right. 3. वृत्त cotton, aff. वृत्त.

वा(वृ)दरायक m. (-वृ-) An epithet of Vya'sa, as the author of the Vo'da'nta Su'tra. 3. वृत्त, वृत्त aff. of descent.

वा(वृ)दरायक m. (-वृ-) An epithet of Su'ka the son of Vya'sa.

वाच (वृ) वाच r. let cl. (वाचते) 1. To resist, to oppose. 2. To annoy or afflict. 3. To assault. 4. To drive. 5. To abolish.

वाच m. (-वृ-) 1. Opposing, hindering. 2. Annoyance. 3. Refutation arising from incompatibility or contradiction of assigned cause and effect, (in logic.) 4. Danger. 3. वाच to oppose, वृत्त aff.

वाचक mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) What hinders, opposes, pains, &c. f. (-वृ-वृ) 1. Tormenting. 2. Annuling. 3. Vexing. 3. वाच and वृत्त aff.

वाचन n. (-वृ-) 1. Pain. 2. Impeding, opposing. 3. वाच to oppose, aff. वृत्त.

वाचमान mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) Painting, annoying. 3. वाच to annoy, and वृत्त aff.

वाचमान mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) Being harassed or tormented. 3. वाच to annoy, pass. v, वृत्त aff.

वाधा f. (-वृ-) 1. Pain. 2. Annoyance. 3. Resistance. 4. Injury.

वाधित mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) 1. Obstructed, impeded. 2. Pained, tormented.

3. Self-refuted, (in logic.), contradictory, incompatible. 3. वाच to oppose, वृत्त aff.

वाचक m. (-वृ-) A bastard, the son of a disloyal wife. 3. वृत्त a wanton, aff. वृत्त, and वृत्त augment.

वाचक m. (-वृ-) 1. A relation, a kinsman : see वृत्त. 2. A friend. 3. वृत्त a kinsman, वृत्त pleonastic aff.

वाचकान् mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) Calling upon or bewailing a kinsman. 3. वाचक and वाचकान् who calls aloud.

वाचकटीर m. (-वृ-) 1. Tin. 2. A shoot of the mango. 3. The stone of the mango fruit. 4. The son of an unchaste woman, a bastard. 3. वृत्त a whore, and वृत्त aff.

वाचनी f. (-वृ-) A name of Durga'. 3. वृत्त, Si'va, with वृत्त and वृत्त added.

वाच f. (-वृ-) Made of the feathers of a peacock's tail.

वाचक f. (-वृ-) 1. Relating to Brihaspati'. 2. Descended from him. 3. Sacred to him.

वाचक mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) Relating to Brihaspati'. m. (-वृ-) 1. A pupil of him. 2. A materialist. n. (-वृ-) The constellation Pushya'.

वाच mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) 1. Ignorant, unwise, uninstructed. 2. Young, infantine, a child. m. (-वृ-वृ) 1. An infant, a child ; it usually means the young child, under five years old, but is equally applicable till sixteen years of age. 2. A colt. 3. An elephant of five years old. 4. An elephant's tail. 5. A horse's tail. 6. Any tail. 7. Hair. 8. A sort of fish, (Cyprinus Rohita, Ham.) mn. (-वृ-वृ) A perfume perhaps a sort of fragrant grass, (Andropogon schenanthus.) f. (-वृ-) 1. Small cardamoms. 2. A woman, a female. 3. Aloes. 4. Another plant, commonly A'kana'di. 5. The cocoa-nut. 6. Turmeric. 7. A sort of jasmine. 8. A flower, (Hibiscus tortuosus, Rox.) 9. Pure, (applied specially to a female animal, as a heifer, &c. fit for an oblation.) f. (-वृ-) A sort of ear-ring. 3. वृत्त to live, aff. वृत्त, it sometimes occurs, but less accurately perhaps, with a palatal initial.

वाचक m. (-वृ-) 1. A boy, an infant : see the last. 2. A fool, a block-head. 3. The tail of a horse or elephant. 4. A finger-ring. 5. A bracelet. 6. A perfume ; also वृत्त f. (-वृ-वृ) 1. A female infant. 2. Sand. 3. The knot or flower of an ear-ring. 4. The rustling of leaves. 5. Small cardamoms n. (-वृ-) A sort of Hibiscus, (H. mutabilis.) 3. वृत्त added to the preceding.

वाचक n. (-वृ-) Childhood, childishness. 3. वाचक, and वृत्त aff. : also with वृत्त, वाचकता.

वाचक mfn. (-वृ-वृ-वृ) Childish, infantine. 3. वाचक, and वृत्त aff.

वाचक m. (-वृ-) A louse. 3. वाच hair, and वृत्त a worm.

वाच(वृ)वृ m. (-वृ-) A divine personage, of the size of the thumb, sixty thousand of whom were produced from the hair of BRAHMA's body. [वृत्त pregnant.

वाचक m. (-वृ-) A cow with calf for the first time. 3. वाच young, वाचक m. (-वृ-) KA'RTIK'YA. 3. वाच a child and वृत्त usage.

वाचक m. (-वृ-) 1. A young son. 2. A tree, (Mimosa catechu.) 3. वाच young or small, and वृत्त offspring, leaves.

वाचक n. (-वृ-) Midwifery, care of a lying-in woman and her child. 3. वाच an infant, and वृत्त rule, management.

वाचक n. (-वृ-) Young grass. 3. वाच young and वृत्त grass. [aff. वृत्त.]

वाचक m. (-वृ-) A tree, (Mimosa catechu.) 3. वाच small, वृत्त a leaf, वाचक n. (-वृ-) The property of a minor or infant. 3. वाच, वृत्त wealth.

वाच m. (-वृ-) A hairy tail, as a horse's, &c. 3. वाच hair, वाच to have, aff. वृत्त.

वाचक m. (-वृ-) K'hayer, (Mimosa catechu.) 3. वाच young or small and वृत्त a leaf ; also with वृत्त added, वाचक.

वाचक f. (-वृ-) 1. An ornament of gold or silver, &c. worn between the hair divided on the forehead. 2. A string of pearls binding the hair. 3. वाच hair, वाच a tie or quantity and वृत्त aff. "वृत्त".

बालपुष्पी f. (-वी) A sort of jasmine, (J. auriculatum.) E. बाल the hair and पुष्प flower ; worn in the hair.  
 बालमद्रक m. (-कः) A sort of mineral poison.  
 बालमात्र m. (-त्रः) Childhood. E. बाल and मात्र nature.  
 बालमूषिका f. (-का) A small rat or mouse. E. बाल small, मूषिका a rat.  
 बालयशोपवीतक n. (कं) A sort of substitute for the sacrificial thread, a string or scarf as worn by children. E. बाल a child and यशोपवीत the Bra'hminical cord.  
 बालराज m. (-जः) Lapis lazuli. E. बाल young, and राज what shines.  
 बालपक्ष m. (-क्षः) A pigeon, a dove. E. बाल a child, and पक्ष dear.  
 बालवायज n. (-जः) Lapis lazuli.  
 बालवासुत् m. (-सुत्) Woolen garments. E. बाल hair, (of cows, goats, &c.) and वासुत् vesture.  
 बालवाक्य m. (-क्यः) A wild goat. E. बाल hair, बह् to endeavour, aff. क्तृ ।  
 बालव्यजन n. (-नं) A Chowrie, a whisk, a fly-flapper. E. बाल hair and व्यजन a fan ; it being made usually of the tail of the Yak.  
 बालव्रत m. (-तः) A Buddha's saint ; also named MANJUGHOSHA.  
 बालसम्प्राप्त mfn. (-प्र-भा-मं) Of a purple colour. m. (-मः) Purple, the colour. E. बाल young, and सम्प्रा twilight, प्राक् before, भा to shine, aff. क ।  
 बालहस्त m. (-स्तः) The tail of a horse, or any hairy animal. E. बाल hair and हस्त the hand, to which organ it is compared.  
 बालाची f. (-ची) A plant, commonly Ke's'apushpi.  
 बालातप m. (-पः) The rays of the rising sun. E. बाल and तातप light.  
 बालापत्न्य n. (-पत्न्यं) Young offspring or progeny. E. बाल, अपत्न्य offspring.  
 बालि m. (-लिः) The celebrated monkey king, the son of INDRA, killed by RA'MA. E. बाल hair and इन् aff. ; being born from the hair of his mother.  
 बालिका f. (-का) 1. A girl. 2. A kind of ear-ring. 3. Sand. 4. The rustling of leaves.  
 बालिन् m. (-ली) The monkey-son of INDRA. f. (-नी) The constellation As'hwinī. E. See the last, aff. इनि ।  
 बालिश mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Young. 2. Ignorant. 3. Careless, heedless. n. (-यः) A pillow. E. बाह् to emerge, इन् aff., बाडि or बालि and शी to destroy, aff. ड ।  
 बालिष्ठ n. (-ष्ठः) 1. Thoughtlessness, heedlessness. 2. Youth. 3. Folly. E. बालिश and यञ् aff.  
 बालिसम्भ्र m. (-भ्रः) Name of a celebrated monkey, the son of BA'LI.  
 बालिहन्तृ m. (-न्तृ) RA'MA. E. बालि the monkey, and हन्तृ killer.  
 बाली f. (-ली) A kind of ear-ring.  
 बालीश m. (-शः) Pain in making water from gravel, &c.  
 बालु m. (लुः) A drug, commonly Elaba'luka. E. बल् to live, aff. लृच् ।  
 बालुक m. (-कः) A drug and perfume ; also Elaba'luka. f. (-का) 1. Sand, gravel. 2. (also बालुकी) A sort of cucumber, (Cucumis utilatissimus.) 3. Camphor. 4. A sand-cloth. E. बल् to live, (by its means,) लृक् aff. or बालु as above, and कन् added.  
 बालुकागड m. (-गडः) A sort of fish, (Cheilodipterus oculus and butis, HAM.) E. बालुका sand and गड् to scatter, aff. लृच् । [fem. form. बालुकालिङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) Sugar. E. बालुका sand, कालन् identity, कन् aff. in the बालुकप्रभा f. (-भा) One of the seven hells of the Jainas, the hell of sand. E. बालुका sand and प्रभा splendour.  
 बालुकी f. (-की) A sort of cucumber, (Cucumis utilatissimus) Also बालुकी and बालुकी ।  
 बालुकी f. (-की) A sort of cucumber. : see the last ; also with कन् added बालुकीका ।  
 बालूक m. (-कः) A sort of poison.  
 बालिय mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) 1. Soft. 2. Fit or proper for a child. 3. Fit or proper for a tax, a sacrifice, &c. m. (-यः) 1. An ass. 2. A demon, a Daitya. 3. A plant, (Siphonanthus Indica.) E. बलि a tax, a sacrifice, or बाल a child and यञ् aff.

बालिपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) A plant, Siphonanthus Indica.) E. बालि an ass ; and पुष्प a potherb ; also बालिपुष्प । "बालपुष्पटि" ।  
 बालोपवीत n. (-तं) 1. The sacrificial thread, or a substitute for it worn by children. 2. A cloth covering the privities. E. बाल a child, उपवीत the thread.  
 बाल n. (-ल्यः) 1. Childhood. 2. Immaturity of understanding. 3. A state of waxing. E. बाल a child, ल्यञ् aff.  
 बाल्कि m. (-ल्कि) Name of the "Balkh" country.  
 बाष्प m. (-ष्पः) 1. Vapour, steam. 2. A tear, tears, rheum. 3. Iron. E. बाष्प to oppose, Una'di aff. प. and ष changed to ब ; according to other etymologies, this word is बाष्प, or बाष्प and बाष्प ।  
 बाह् (बह्) बाह् r. 1st cl. (बाह्ने 1. To resolve, to attempt perse- veringly or resolutely, to endeavour diligently ; also बाह्.  
 बाह् mf. (-हः-हा) 1. The arm. 2. A horse. E. बाह् to endeavour, aff. लृच् ; it is sometimes read बाह् ।  
 बाहिक m. plu. (-हिकः) The people of Punjab.  
 बाहु m. (-हुः) 1. The arm. 2. The side of any angular geometrical figure, the leg of a triangle, &c. 3. A door-post. E. बाह् to oppose, क् Una'di aff. and ष changed to ह ।  
 बाहुक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) A servant, servile, dependent. m. (-कः) 1. The name of NALA, after his change of form, by the bite of KARRO- TAKA Na'ga. 2. A monkey. f. (-का) The name of a river. E. बाहु an arm, कन् aff. ; or क्तृ to do, with ड aff.  
 बाहुक्य m. (-क्यः) A wing E. बाहु the arm, क्य what adheres to, aff. लृच् ।  
 बाहुकल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Crooked-armed. E. बाहु an arm, and कल bent.  
 बाहुज m. (-जः) 1. The Kshetriya or warrior, born from the arms of BRAHMA'. 2. A parrot. 3. Sesamum growing wild or spontaneously. E. बाहु the arm, and ज born. [ing.  
 बाहुवाच n. (-चः) Armour for the arms. E. बाहु the arm, and वाच preserv-  
 बाहुदन्तिन् m. (-न्ति) INDRA. E. बह् many, (four.), दन्त a tooth, aff. इनि ।  
 बाहुदा f. (-दा) The name of a river, said to rise in the snowy chain of the Hima'laya, and probably the modern Behut, the classical Hy- daspes. E. बाहु an arm, and दा bestower ; alluding to a legend of a saint's recovering his lost arms, by bathing in this stream.  
 बाहुप्रहरण mfn. (-णः-यो-यं) A striker, a boxer. n. (-यः) Boxing, wrestling. E. बाहु and प्रहरण striking.  
 बाहुभूषा f. (-भूषा) An armlet, an ornament worn round the upper arm. E. बाहु the arm, and भूषा an ornament.  
 बाहुमय mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Made or done with the arms. E. बाहु, and मयत् aff.  
 बाहुमूल n. (-मूलं) The arm-pit. E. बाहु the arm, मूल the root.  
 बाहुयुध n. (-युधं) Close fight, personal struggle, boxing, wrestling. E. बाहु the arm and युध fight.  
 बाहुल m. (-लः) 1. Fire or its deity. 2. The month Ka'rtika. n. (-लः) 1. Mail worn on the arm. 2. A term in grammar, implying various or irregular formation, or construction or such as is analogous to this word. E. बह् fire, and लृक् aff. ; also with कन् added, बाहुलक ।  
 बाहुलिय m. (-यः) The deity KA'RTIKA'YA. E. बह् the Pleiades, consider- ed as nymphs, and nurses of this god ; aff. of relation लृक् ।  
 बाहुल n. (-लः) Plenty, abundance, quantity. E. बहल, and लृक् aff.  
 बाहुवीर्य n. (-वीर्यं) Personal prowess. E. बाहु, and वीर्य heroism.  
 बाहुसहस्रन्तृ m. (-न्तृ) A king killed by PARASURA'MA, also named KA'RAVI'RJA. E. बाहु, an arm, सहस्र a thousand, न्तृ having.  
 बाहु(बाहुवि) Ind. Arm to arm, hand to hand, (fighting, &c.) E. बाहु the arm, (repeated.) इक् aff.  
 बिट् r. 1st cl. (बिटति) To curse : Also बिट् ।  
 बिडालक m. (-कः) 1. A cat. 2. Application of ointment to the eye. n. (-कं) Yellow orpiment.  
 विद (व) बिदि r. 1st cl. (बिन्दति) To make or constitute a part ; the root is obsolete.  
 विद्वन् n. (-वन्) 1. A slip. 2. A twig. 3. A split bamboo.

बिन्दु m. (-बु) 1. A drop. 2. A particle. 3. A dot, a point. 4. A cipher, (in math.) E. बिन्दु aff.

बिन्दुमाला n. (-बु) 1. A collection of drops or particles. 2. Red marks on the trunks of an elephant.

बिन्दुबु mfn. (-बु-बु-बु) 1. Desirous to destroy or lose. 2. Wishing to scorch, fry, parch. m. (-बु) Fire. E. बह्न् to break, to fry, desid. v., उ aff.

बिन्दुबु mfn. (-बु-बु-बु) Wishing to fry or scorch. m. (-बु) Fire. E. बह्न् to fry, desid. v., उ aff. [to divide or detach.

बिन्दु r. 6th cl. (बिन्दुति) r. 10th cl. (बिन्दुति ते) To break, to tear or rend, विन्दु n. (-बु) 1. A hole. 2. A pit. 3. An outlet.

बिन्दुश्व m. (-बु) 1. An animal that lives in holes. 2. A snake. 3. A hare. 4. A rat. [tida.

बिन्दु n. (-बु) 1. A basin for water round the root of a tree. 2. Asafoetida m. (-बु) A species of tree. u. (-बु) 1. The fruit of this tree. 2. A weight equal to one pala.

बिन्दु (बु) बिन्दु r. 4th cl. (बिन्दुति) To throw or cast, to send or direct. बिन्दुनी f. (-नी) The lotus-plant.

बीज n. (-ज) See बीज ।

बीजस mfn. Subst. (-बु-बु-बु) 1. Disgust, abhorrence. Adj. Detesting, loathing, changed or averted in mind. 2. Cruel, mischievous. 3. Compassionate. 4. Wicked. 5. Euvius. E. बुध् to bind, to hate, &c. aff. घञ् ।

बुध r. 1st and 10th cls. (बुधति बुधति ते) 1. To bark. 2. To speak. r. 10th cl. To give pain.

बुध Subst. mfn. (-बु-बु-बु) 1. The heart. 2. The chest. 3. Blood. m. (-बु) 1. A goat. 2. Time. E. बुध् to bark, &c., aff. चञ्; also बुध् mfn. (-बु-बु-बु) and बुध् ।

बुधन n. (-न) Barking, (as of a dog.) E. बुध् to bark, aff. कृट् ।

बुधप्रदास n. (-स) The heart. E. बुध् the heart, चव principal, लसि flesh.

बुधर n. (-र) The roar or barking of a lion. E. बुध् to bark, चार aff., the lion of Hindustan barks much like a dog.

बुध r. 6th cl. (बुधति) 1 To leave, to abandon. 2. To cover, to clothe.

बुध (बु, बु) बुधिर r. 1st cl. (बुधति ते) To discern, to apprehend, to perceive, to understand.

बुध mfn. (-बु-बु-बु) Known, understood. m. (-बु) 1. A generic name for a deified teacher of the Baudd'ha sect, amongst whom numerous Budd'has are reckoned; the name is especially applied to the 9th incarnation of VISHN'U and the apparent founder of the religion of the Baudd'has; the term is often confounded, but improperly, with a Jina; see जिन. 2. A sage, a wise or learned man. E. बुध् to know, aff. क्त; see बुध् ।

बुधदय n. (-दय) Avarice, covetous accumulation. E. बुध known, दय thing.

बुधि f. (-धि) Understanding, intellect. E. बुध् to know, aff. क्तन् ।

बुधिविनाश m. (-श) Loss or deficiency of understanding. E. बुधि and विनाश destruction. [जीविन् alive.

बुधिजीविन् mfn. (-जी-विजी-वि) Rational, an intellectual being. E. बुधि and जीविन् mfn. (-जन्) Wise, intelligent. E. बुधि and जन् having.

बुधिमन् mfn. (-मन्-मन्-मन्) 1. Wise, learned. 2. Famed, known. 3. Humble, docile. m. (-मन्) A man. E. बुधि wisdom, मन् aff.

बुधिसहाय m. (-य) A counsellor, a minister. E. बुधि understanding and सहाय companion.

बुधिहीन mfn. (-न-न-न) Ignorant, silly, a fool. E. बुधि and हीन void of.

बुधिहीनत्व n. (-त्व) Folly, ignorance. E. बुधिहीन and त्व aff.; also with त्व, बुधिहीनता ।

बुधिन्द्रिय n. (-न्द्र) An organ of intellect, as the mind, eye, ear, nose, tongue, and skin. E. बुधि understanding and इन्द्रिय an organ.

बुधुद m. (-द) A bubble. E. बुध imitative sound, बुध् to perceive, aff. क ।

बुधविराज n. (-न) Disregard of or contempt for one's understanding. E. बुधि, and अविराज disrespect.

बुध् (बु) बीबुध r. 1st cl. (बीबुधति) r. 4th cl. (बीबुधति ते) also (बु, बु) बुधिर r. 1st cl. (बुधति ते) To know, to understand. With प्रति, to look for, expect. With प्रति and वि, to wake.

बुध m. (-बु) 1. Bud'ha, the son of the moon and regent of the planet Mercury, with whom he is identified. 2. A wise or learned man, a sage. f. (-बु) Indian spikenard. E. बुध् to know or understand, aff. क ।

बुधजन m. (-ज) A wise man. E. बुध्, and जन a person.

बुधतात m. (-त) The moon, the father of Bud'ha.

बुधवार m. (-र) Wednesday. E. बुध् Mercury, and वार a day.

बुधसुत m. (-त) PURU'RAVAS, the first king of the lunar dynasty. E. बुध् Bud'ha or Mercury, and the son of So'ma, and सुत son.

बुधान m. (-न) 1. A wise man, a sage. 2. A holy teacher. 3. One who speaks kindly. 4. A worshipper or adorer of BRAHMA'. E. बुध् to know, जानच् Una'di aff.

बुधित mfn. (-त-त-त) Known, understood. E. बुध् to know, aff. क्त ।

बुधित mfn. (-बु-बु-बु) Wise, learned. E. बुध् to know, Una'di aff. बिन्दुबु ।

बुध m. (-बु) 1. The root of a tree. 2. The bottom of a vessel. 3. S'IVA. E. बुध् to know, Una'di aff. क्त; also बुध् in the last sense.

बुध् (बु, बु) बुधिर r. 1st cl. (बुधति ते) To discern, to perceive, literally or figuratively.

बुध् (बु, बु) बुधिर r. 1st cl. (बुधति ते) To discern, to perceive : see बुध् ।

बुधचा f. (-चा) 1. Hunger. 2. The desire of enjoyment. E. भुञ्च् to eat, in the desid. form, affs. चङ् and टाप् ।

बुधचित mfn. (-त-त-त) Hungry. E. बुधचा hunger, रतच् aff.

बुधच् mfn. (-बु-बु-बु) Wishing to eat. E. भुञ्च् to eat, desid. v., उ aff.

बुधसा f. (-सा) The wishing to know. E. बुध् to know, desid. v., चङ् and टाप् affs. [उ aff.

बुधसु mfn. (-सु-बु-बु) Wishing to know. E. बुध् to know, desid. v., उ aff.

बुधसा f. (-सा) Desire to be or become. E. भू to be, desid. v., affs. चङ् and टाप् ।

बुधसु mfn. (-बु-बु-बु) Wishing to be or become. E. भू to be, desid. v., उ aff.

बुधसु mfn. (-बु-बु-बु) 1. Wishing to fill. 2. Desirous to nourish, &c. E. भृ to nourish, desid. v., उ aff.

बुध r. 10th cl. (बुधति ते) To sink, to dive, to plunge.

बुधि f. (-धि) 1. The vulva. 2. Fear. E. बुध् to emerge, aff. कृट् ।

बुध n. (-बु) 1. Chaff. 2. Water; also बुध.

बुध् r. 4th cl. (बुधति) To dismiss, to loose, to quit or leave.

बुध n. (-बु) 1. Chaff, rubbish, refuse. 2. Wealth. 3. Dry cow-dung. 4. The thick part of sour curds. f. (-स) A younger sister, (in theatrical language.) E. बुध् to abandon, aff. क्त; also बुध, स being changed to व । [treat with disrespect.

बुध r. 10th cl. (बुधति ते) 1. To regard, to respect. 2 To disregard, to disrespect. E. बुध n. (-स) 1. Fried meat. 2. The inner part of the jack fruit. E. बुध to disrespect, aff. चङ् ।

बुध mfn. (-बु-बु-बु) The heart; also बुध; also with a final न्, बुधन् mfn. (-न-न-न) also बुध ।

बुध mfn. (-बु-बु-बु) 1. The heart. 2. The kidney. E. See the last, च substituted for क ।

बुधि (बु) f. (-धी or -धी) The seat of a holy sage; also बुध् ।

बुध r. 1st cl. (बुधति) To grow, to increase : see बुध् ।

बुधन् mfn. (-बु-बु-बु) See बुधन् ।

बुध r. 9th cl. (बुधाति) 1. To choose or select. 2. To support or nourish; also in the first sense, बुध् more usually.

बुधित mfn. (-बु-बु-बु) 1. To be informed, taught, waked, &c. 2. Requiring to be taught or explained. 3. Necessary to be understood. E. बुध् to know, causal v., त्व aff.

बोध m. (-ध) 1. Wisdom, intellect. 2. Awakening, arousing. E. बुध् to understand, aff. क्त ।

बोधक m. (-क) 1. A spy, an informer. 2. A teacher. E. बुध् to understand, causal form, aff. क्त ।

**वीथवर** mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Who teaches, informs, awakes, &c. m. (-रः) An awakener, a sort of minstrel who awakens the prince or chief in the morning, by music. **वीथ** awakening, **वर** who makes.

**वीथन** nf. (-नः-नी) 1. Knowledge. 2. Teaching, informing. 3. Awakening, arousing. n. (-नः) Burning incense. m. (-नः) The planet Mercury. f. (-नी) Long-pepper. **वृ** to know, aff. **कुट्**.

**वीथनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be explained or expounded, to be rendered intelligible, **वृ** to know, in the causal form, aff. **चनीय**.

**वीथयत्** mfn. (-यत्-यती-यत्) 1. Informing, apprising. 2. Teaching. 3. Arousing, waking. **वृ** to know, causal v., **जह्** aff.

**वीथि** mfn. (-थिः-थि-थि) Wise, learned. m. (-थिः) 1. A branch of holy study; keeping the mind awake to the knowledge of the true God. 2. Intellect, understanding. 3. The holy fig-tree. **वृ** to know, Una'di aff. **ङ्**.

**वीथित्व** m. (-त्वं) The holy fig-tree. **वृ** to know, and **त्व** the tree.

**वीथिद्रुम** m. (-मः) The holy fig-tree, (Ficus religiosa.) **वृ** to know, **द्रुम** a tree. [truth.]

**वीथिसत्त्व** m. (-त्त्वः) A Budd'ha, or Budd'ha saint. **वृ** to know, **सत्त्व** intellect, **सत्त्व** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be informed, taught, waked, &c. **वृ** to know, causal v., **यत्** aff.

**वीथु** m. (-थुः) A Budd'ha, or follower of the religion of the Budd'has. **वृ** to know, **वृ** a Budd'ha, **च** aff.

**वीथ** m. (-थः) A name of PURU'RAVAS, the son of BUD'HA, and grandson of SO'MA or the moon. **वृ** to know, **मर्कट**, and **च** aff. of descent.

**व्युत्** r. 4th cl. (व्युत्ति) To burn. r. 10th cl. (व्युत्ति-ते) 1. To divide. 2. To offer in oblation.

**वृत्** r. 1st cl. (वृत्ति) To sound; **वृत्** more properly.

**वृत्ति** f. (-तिः-ती) 1. A creeper. 2. Expansion. **वृ** before, **तत्** to spread, aff. **णिच्**, and **प** changed to **वृ**; also **वृत्ति**.

**वृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) 1. The root of a tree. 2. The sun. 3. SIVA. 4. BRAHMA'. 5. A horse. 6. The body. 7. A day. 8. The Arka plant. 9. Bubo, (the disease.) 10. Lead. **वृ** to bind, aff. **वृक्** and **वृक्ष** substituted for the root.

**वृक्षकन्या** f. (-कन्या) The goddess SARASWATI'. **वृ** BRAHMA', and **कन्या** the daughter; being born from the head of that deity.

**वृक्षगिरि** m. (-गिरिः) A mountain. **वृ** and **गिरि** a hill; the hill of BRAHMA'.

**वृक्षघातक** m. (-घातकः) The slayer of a Bra'hman. **वृ** and **घातक** who kills; also **वृक्षघातिन्** m. (-ती) 1.

**वृक्षघातिनी** f. (-नी) A woman on the second day of the menses.

**वृक्षघ्न** m. (-घ्नः) The slayer of a Bra'hman. **वृ** and **घ्न** who kills.

**वृक्षचर्य** m. (-चर्यः) The Brahmacharya or Brahmachari', the religious student: see **वृक्षचारिन्** n. (-चरिन्) The order or condition of the religious student. **वृ** the Ve'da and **चर्य** observance.

**वृक्षचर्यफलन** n. (-नः) Incontinence. **वृ** and **फलन** deviating from.

**वृक्षचारिन्** m. (-चरिन्) The Brahmachari' or religious student; the young Bra'hman, from the time of his investiture with the cord, to the period of his becoming a householder; it is also applied to a person, who continues with his spiritual teacher, through life, studying the Ve'das and observing the duties of the student; it is also given as a title to Pandits learned in the Ve'das; to a class of ascetics; by the Tantras, it is assigned to persons whose chief virtue is the observance of continence; and it is assumed by many religious vagabonds. f. (-चरिणी) A woman leading a life of continence. **वृ** the Ve'da and **चर** to go or follow, aff. **चिञि**.

**वृक्षजन्म** n. (-जन्मः) Second or spiritual birth, investiture. **वृ** the Ve'da and **जन्म** birth.

**वृक्षजीविन्** m. (-जीविन्) An impure Bra'hman, one who converts his religious duties into a trade, and performs sacrifice, teaches the Ve'da, &c. for hire. **वृ** an officiating priest, and **जीविन्** who gets a living.

**वृक्षज्ञ** m. (-ज्ञः) A sage, one who has spiritual wisdom. **वृ** and **ज्ञ** who knows.

**वृक्षज्ञान** n. (-ज्ञानः) Spiritual wisdom. **वृ** and **ज्ञान** knowledge.

**वृक्षज्ञान** mfn. (-ज्ञानः-ज्ञान-ज्ञान) Relating to or connected with BRAHMA' or Bra'hman. m. (-ज्ञानः) 1. The mulberry tree, (Morus Indica.) 2. The planet SATURN. **वृ** and **ज्ञान** aff.

**वृक्षज्ञान** n. (-ज्ञानः) The true knowledge of Supreme Spirit. **वृ** and **ज्ञान** and **ज्ञान** n. (-ज्ञानः) 1. Identification with BRAHMA' or God. 2. God-head. **वृ** BRAHMA', **त्व** aff. of the abstract; also with **त्व** aff. **वृक्षज्ञान**, **वृ** with **वृ** added **वृक्षज्ञान** n. (-ज्ञानः) 1.

**वृक्षज्ञ** m. (-ज्ञः) A spiritual teacher. **वृ** the Ve'da or holy knowledge, and **ज्ञ** who gives, also **वृक्षज्ञान**, **वृक्षज्ञान**, &c.

**वृक्षदण्ड** m. (-दण्डः) 1. A plant. see **वृक्षदण्डि**. 2. A curse, an anathema. 3. The tribute paid to a Bra'hmana in the shape of a fine. **वृ** and **दण्ड** a stick.

**वृक्षदण्ड** m. (-दण्डः) One of the sovereigns of the race of Ikshvaku enumerated by the Jains. **वृ** by or to BRAHMA', **दण्ड** given.

**वृक्षदर्भा** f. (-दर्भा) A plant, (Ligusticum ajwaen, Rox) **वृ** and **दर्भा** sacrificial grass. "यमानिकायात् ।"

**वृक्षदान** n. (-दानः) Instruction in the Ve'das. **वृ** and **दान** gift.

**वृक्षदाह** m. (-दाहः) The mulberry, (Morus Indica.) **वृ** and **दाह** wood.

**वृक्षन्** m. (-न्) 1. BRAHMA', the first deity of the Hindu triad, and the operative creator of the world. 2. A Bra'hman. 3. The superintending or presiding priest at the sacrifice. 4. One of the astronomical Yo'gas. 5. One of the principal servants of the Jinās. n. (-न्) 1. The divine cause and essence of the world, from which all created things are supposed to emanate and to which they return; the unknown God. 2. The practice of austere devotion. 3. The Ve'das or scripture. 4. Holy knowledge. **वृ** to increase, (man-) kind aff. **चिञि** and the initial letter changed to **वृ**.

**वृक्षनाभ** m. (-नाभः) VISHN'U, **वृ** BRAHMA' and **नाभि** the navel; BRAHMA' having arisen to create the world, in a lotus, which sprang from the navel of VISHN'U.

**वृक्षनिष्ठा** n. (-न्) Absorption into or identification with the Supreme. **वृ** and **निष्ठा** final absorption.

**वृक्षपद** n. (-पदः) The place or nature of spiritual being. 2. The station or rank of a Bra'hman or of BRAHMA'. **वृ** and **पद** to place.

**वृक्षपादप** m. (-पादपः) The Pala'sh tree, (Butea frondosa.) **वृ** a Bra'hman, and **पादप** a tree.

**वृक्षपुत्र** m. (-पुत्रः) 1. A sort of poison. 2. The Brahmaputra river, which rises in the Hima'laya and with the Ganges falls into the Bay of Bengal. 3. A place of pilgrimage, probably the source of the stream. f. (-पुत्री) 1. The SARASWATI' river. 2. The goddess SARASWATI'. **वृ** BRAHMA' and **पुत्र** offspring.

**वृक्षपुरी** f. (-पुरी) The capital of BRAHMA' on the mountain Kailasa'. **वृ** and **पुरी** the city.

**वृक्षवन्धु** m. (-वन्धुः) 1. The epithet or appellative of a BRAHMAN. 2. A term of abuse. **वृ** BRAHMA' and **वन्धु** a friend.

**वृक्षयुत** mfn. (-युतः-युत-युत) Become one with the Supreme spirit. **वृ** and **युत** become.

**वृक्षयुति** f. (-युतिः) Twilight. **वृ** BRAHMA' and **युति** being.

**वृक्षयुत** n. (-युतः) Identification with BRAHMA'. **वृ** BRAHMA', and **युत** being.

**वृक्षयुत** mfn. (-युतः-युत-युत) Consisting of or identified with spirit. 2. Belonging to or fit for a BRAHMAN, &c. **वृ** and **युत** aff.

**वृक्षयुत** m. (-युतः) SIVA. **वृ** BRAHMA', **युत** the forehead and **युत** who has: having in a dispute cut off one of BRAHMA's heads.

**वृक्षयुत** m. (-युतः) The study of the Ve'das. **वृ** a Ve'da or the Supreme being, and **युत** sacrifice.

**वृक्षयुति** f. (-युतिः) A plant, (Ligusticum ajwaen, Rox.) **वृ** a Bra'hman



and यदि a stick ; also with कन् added in the fem. form, ब्रह्मयष्टिः ।  
or with ऊष् added ब्रह्मयष्टी । [dition to.

ब्रह्मयोग m. (-नः) Cultivation of spiritual knowledge. E. ब्रह्म and योग ad-  
ब्रह्मयोगि m. (-निः) A particular mountain. Adj. Sprung from BRAHMA'.  
E. ब्रह्म and योगि place of production.

ब्रह्मरन्ध्र n. (-न्ध्रः) An aperture in the crown of the head, through which  
the soul is supposed to escape.

ब्रह्मराक्षस m. (-सः) A demon or fiend of the Brāhminical class. E. ब्रह्म  
and राक्षस a goblin.

ब्रह्मरात्रि m. (-त्रिः) 1. A name of YAJNYAVALKYA, a saint and legislator.  
E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA'. रा to give, द्विन् aff ; conferring the knowledge of  
BRAHMA' upon JANAKA in return for his bounty. 2. A night of  
BRAHMA', equal to a thousand divine ages. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and  
रात्रि night.

ब्रह्मरोति f. (तिः) Brass. E. ब्रह्म and रोति calx.

ब्रह्मरेखा f. (-खा) The lines written by BRAHMA' on the forehead of a  
man indicative of his lot in this world : also ब्रह्मरेखा ।

ब्रह्मर्षि m. (-र्षिः) A divine saint, a Rishi of a particular class, including  
VĀSISHTĪHA, &c. E. ब्रह्म a Brāhman, and ऋषि a saint ; the saints  
of this class are supposed to be of the Brāhminical order.

ब्रह्मर्षदेश m. (-शः) A part of India, including the four countries of  
Kuru-kshetra, Matsya, Panchāla, and Surasena or Mat'hurā. E.  
ब्रह्मर्षि a Rishi, देश country.

ब्रह्मलोक m. (-कः) A division of the universe, the supposed eternal resi-  
dence of the spirits of the pious. E. ब्रह्मन् BRAHMA' and लोक a  
world.

ब्रह्मज्ञ n. (-ज्) Knowledge or declaration of BRAHMA', the knowledge of  
the universal permeation of one spirit, as taught by the Vēdānta  
system of philosophy. E. BRAHMA' or the spiritual deity, ज्ञ् to  
speak or declare, aff. कप्, also with the aff. यत्, and the semi-vowel  
changed, ब्रह्मोद्य n. (-द्यः). [ब्रह्मस् splendour.

ब्रह्मवर्चस् n. (-र्चः) The power or sanctity of a Brāhman. E. ब्रह्म and  
वर्चस् n. (-स्) 1. Holiness, resulting from the study and observance  
of the Vēdas. 2. The sanctity or superhuman power of a Brāh-  
man. E. ब्रह्म the Vēdas, and वर्चस् splendour, aff. षच् ।

ब्रह्मवर्चस्विन् mfn. (-न्-स्विन्-स्वि) 1. Endowed with sanctity, pure, pious.  
2. Having Brāhminical power or virtue. E. ब्रह्मवर्चस्, and विन् aff.

ब्रह्मवर्च m. (-र्चः) A district of western India ; also ब्रह्मवर्च. E. ब्रह्म a  
Brāhman, and वर्च to abide, aff. षच् ।

ब्रह्मवर्चन n. (-नः) Copper. E. ब्रह्म a Brāhman, and वर्चन increasing, favour-  
ing ; being highly proper for utensils of worship. &c.

ब्रह्मवाद m. (-दः) 1. Citing the Vēdas. 2. Declaring or teaching spiritual  
knowledge. E. ब्रह्म scripture, and वाद speaking.

ब्रह्मवादिन् m. (-दी) 1. A follower of the Vēdānta system of philosophy,  
one who maintains all things are spirit. 2. A defender or ex-  
pounder of the Vēda. E. ब्रह्म the Vēda or BRAHMA', God, and वादिन्  
who recites.

ब्रह्मविद् m. (-विद्-विद्) A sage, one who knows the nature of the  
Supreme Spirit. E. ब्रह्म and विद् who knows.

ब्रह्मविद्या f. (-द्या) Knowledge of spirit. E. ब्रह्म, and विद्या science.

ब्रह्मविन्दु m. (-न्दुः) A drop of saliva sputtered out in reading the Vēdas.  
E. ब्रह्म scripture, and विन्दु a drop.

ब्रह्मवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) 1. The Pala'sh tree, (Butea frondosa.) 2. The glomer-  
ous fig-tree. E. ब्रह्म a BRAHMA' and वृक्ष a tree. [blage.

ब्रह्मवृन्दा f. (-वृन्दा) The capital of BRAHMA'. E. ब्रह्मन् and वृन्दा heap, assem-

ब्रह्मवेद m. (-दः) 1. Knowledge of BRAHMA', monotheism. 2. Knowledge  
of the Vēdas. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and वेद knowing. [country.

ब्रह्मवेदि f. (-दिः) A country. see ब्रह्मवर्च. E. ब्रह्म a Brāhman and वेदि a

ब्रह्मवेदिन् mfn. (-दी-विदि-दि) Knowing or acquainted with the Vēdas,  
with spiritual knowledge, &c. E. ब्रह्म and वेदिन् who knows.

ब्रह्मवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A tree, (Mimosa Arabica.) E. ब्रह्म a Brāhman, and वृक्ष  
a stake. "वृक्ष" ।

ब्रह्मवासन n. (-नः) An edict or grant, &c. addressed to Brāhmins. E. ब्रह्म  
a Brāhman and वासन governing or an edict, &c.

ब्रह्मसूत्र n. (-सूत्रः) 1. Study and teaching of the Vēdas. 2. The constant  
study of them. E. ब्रह्म and सूत्र sacrifice.

ब्रह्मसर्प m. (-पः) A sort of snake. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and सर्प a snake.

ब्रह्मसम्भवं mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Born or produced from BRAHMA'. m. (-वः) The  
second of the persons called VĀSUDEVA or KISHNĀS by the Jains.  
E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and सम्भव offspring.

ब्रह्मसायुज्य n. (-युज्यः) Identification with BRAHMA'. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and  
सायुज्य intimate union. [ness.

ब्रह्मसार्धता f. (-ता) Equality with BRAHMA'. E. ब्रह्म and सार्धता same-

ब्रह्मसुखला f. (-ला) A plant, an infusion of which is to be drunk in ex-  
piation of having anything touched by a dog, cat, &c. E. ब्रह्म,  
and सुखला linseed.

ब्रह्मसूत m. (-सूतः) 1. ANIRUDDHA, the son of KĀ'MA. 2. KĀ'MADEVA. E. ब्रह्म  
BRAHMA' and सूत the son.

ब्रह्मसूत्र n. (-सूत्रः) 1. The sacrificial or Brāhminical thread. 2. An aphor-  
ism of the Vēdānta philosophy. E. ब्रह्म a Brāhman and सूत्र thread.

ब्रह्मसूनु m. (-नुः) A sovereign according to the Jains, of the race of Iksh-  
vāku. E. ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and सूनु son.

ब्रह्मसूक्ष्म mfn. (-सूक्ष्मः-सूक्ष्मः) Of the nature of spirit, of the same essence as  
the God-head. E. ब्रह्म and सूक्ष्म nature.

ब्रह्महत्या f. (-त्या) 1. Brāhminicide, killing a Brāhman. 2. Any crime  
equally heinous. E. ब्रह्म and हत्या killing.

ब्रह्महन् m. (-हन्) The murderer or slayer of a Brāhman. E. ब्रह्मन् and हन्  
who kills.

ब्रह्महुत n. (-हुतः) The performance of hospitality, &c., that one of the  
great sacraments which consists in the veneration of mankind. E.  
ब्रह्म a Brāhman हुत worshipped ; being the most worthy of res-  
pect, &c.

ब्रह्माक्षर m. (-क्षरः) The sacred and mysterious name of the deity. E. ब्रह्म  
God. अक्षर a letter, the Omkāra.

ब्रह्मायुज् m. (-युजः) A horse.

ब्रह्माभिलि m. (-लिः) 1. Joining both hands together, whilst reading the  
Vēdas, either as an act of humility or to mark the accentuation  
of the Sa'ma-Vēda. 2. Paying obeisance to the spiritual preceptor  
at the beginning or end of a lecture. E. ब्रह्म the Vēdas and अभिलि  
the hands joined.

ब्रह्माक्षी f. (-क्षी) 1. The female energy of BRAHMA'. 2. A sort of perfume,  
commonly Re'nukā. 3. A kind of brass ; "वेङ्कपित्तम्" । E. ब्रह्मन्  
BRAHMA', fem. aff. ऊष्.

ब्रह्माण्ड m. (-ण्डः) 1. The globe, the world. 2. One of the Purānas. E. ब्रह्म  
BRAHMA' and अण्ड an egg, to which it is compared ; in creation  
there are said to have been innumerable Brāhmāndas.

ब्रह्माधिमग्न n. (-ग्नः) Perusal of the Vēdas. E. ब्रह्म and अधिमग्न going  
through ; also ब्रह्माधिमग्न ।

ब्रह्माधिमग्निक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Relating or contributing to a course of  
sacred study. E. ब्रह्माधिमग्न and ग्न aff. [exercise.

ब्रह्माध्यास m. (-सः) Study or repetition of scripture. E. ब्रह्म and अध्यास

ब्रह्माध्यास n. (-सः) Cow's urine. E. ब्रह्मन् a Brāhman and अध्यास water.

ब्रह्मार्णव n. (-वः) A place where the Vēdas are read and explained. E.

ब्रह्म the Vēda and अर्णव a wood.

ब्रह्मवर्च m. (-वर्चः) The country to the north-west of Delhi, lying  
between the rivers Saraswati' and Drishadwati. E. ब्रह्म a Brāh-  
man वावर्च abode.

ब्रह्मसन n. (-नः) A posture suited to devout and religious meditation. E.  
ब्रह्म BRAHMA' and ससन sitting.

ब्रह्मसूत्र n. (-सूत्रः) The BRAHMA's weapon, a fabulous weapon originally

from BRAHMA'. 2. The imprecation of a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म** and **ब्रह्म** a weapon. [offering.]

**ब्राह्म** f. (-ति) An oblation of ghee. **ब्राह्म** the Vēda, and **ब्राह्म** an **ब्राह्म** f. (-ती) 1. A sort of fish, commonly Pāncāl, (Macrogathus Pāncalus, **भाम**) 2. A plant, (Siphonanthus Indica.) **ब्राह्म** to grow or increase, **ब्राह्म**, **ब्राह्म** and **ब्राह्म**; also **ब्राह्म**.

**ब्राह्मता** f. (-ता) Neglecting or forgetting the Vēda. **ब्राह्म**, **उत्पत्ति** abandonment. [ब्राह्म]

**ब्राह्म** n. (-य) Reciting or explaining the Vēdas. **ब्राह्म**, **वद** to speak, aff.

**ब्राह्म** n. (-य) Boiled-rice distributed to priests at a sacrifice. **ब्राह्म** a Brāhman and **ब्राह्म** boiled-rice.

**ब्राह्म** mfn. (ब्राह्म-ब्राह्म) Relating or belonging to BRAHMA', the Vēdas, &c. n. (-ब्राह्म) 1. The part of the hand under the root of the thumb. 2. One of the eight forms of marriage, the presentation of the bride elegantly adorned, by the father to the bridegroom whom he has invited. 3. The missile presided over by BRAHMA'. m. (-ब्राह्म) NA'RAḌA the sage and son of BRAHMA'. f. (-ब्राह्म) One of the eight divine mothers of created beings, or the personified energies of the gods; the Sakti' or energy of BRAHMA'. 2. The goddess of speech, SARASWATĪ'. 3. The moon plant, (Aselepias acida.) 4. A sort of potherb, (Ruta graveolens.) 5. A shrub, (Siphonanthus Indica.) 6. A sort of fish. 7. The asterism Rohini. 8. A sho-frog. 9. A yellow coloured ant. 10. The wife of a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म** BRAHMA', &c. **ब्राह्म** aff.

**ब्राह्म** m. (-य) A man of the first Hindu tribe, a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म** (-य) 1. An assemblage of Brāhmins, a council, a conclave. 2. A portion of the Vēdas, that which comprises the precepts that inculcate religious duties, the maxims which explain those precepts and the arguments which relate to theology; it is, however, now often blended with other portions. f. (-ब्राह्म) 1. The wife of a Brāhman, or a woman of the Brāhminical tribe. 2. A kind of wasp. 3. A small ant. 4. A potherb, (Ruta graveolens.) 5. A shrub, (Siphonanthus Indica.) 5. A sort of grass, (Trigonella corniculata.) **ब्राह्म** the Vēda, &c. **ब्राह्म** aff. and the final syllable of the original word retained.

**ब्राह्मबाल** m. (-य) An outcaste Brāhman, one who is attended by a wife of another caste or the son of a Sudra by a Brāhman female. **ब्राह्म** and **बाल** an outcaste. [tribe.]

**ब्राह्मजति** f. (-ति) The Brāhminical tribe or caste. **ब्राह्म** and **जति** **ब्राह्मजतीय** mfn. (-य-या य) Belonging to the Brāhminical race. **ब्राह्म** and **जतीय** generic.

**ब्राह्मजीविका** f. (-का) The occupation or subsistence of a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म** and **जीविका** livelihood. [ब्राह्मजल']

**ब्राह्मता** f. (-ता) Brāhmanhood. **ब्राह्म** and **तत्** aff.; also with **ब्राह्म** **ब्राह्म** m. (-य) Brāhminicide. **ब्राह्म** and **ब्रह्म** killing.

**ब्राह्मव्रत** m. (-य) A Brāhman by birth but not by attention to his duties; one who subsists by avocations properly limited to the other tribes. **ब्राह्म** a Brāhman and **व्रत** who speaks, who calls himself, (improperly,) a Brāhman.

**ब्राह्मवृष्टिका** f. (-का) A shrub, (Siphonanthus Indica.) **ब्राह्म** a Brāhman and **वृष्टि** a staff, aff. **ब्राह्म** "ब्राह्मवृष्टि".

**ब्राह्मसंस्थ** mfn. (-य-या-य) Belonging to or abiding with a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म** and **संस्थ** what stays with.

**ब्राह्मवृत्ति** mfn. (-य-या-य) Suitable to or fit for a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म** and **वृत्ति** proper.

**ब्राह्मविराज** m. (-य) Disregarding or disrespecting Brāhmins. **ब्राह्म** and **विराज** going over or beyond.

**ब्राह्मवामक** mfn. (ब्राह्म-वामक) Belonging to, or with one containing Brāhmins, the Brāhman's section of the Vēdas, &c. **ब्राह्म** and **वामक** own.

**ब्राह्मवर्धन** n. (-य) Absence of Brāhminical instruction or guidance. **ब्राह्म** and **वर्धन** not showing or teaching.

**ब्राह्मवर्धन** f. (-ति) The protection or preservation of a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म** and **वर्धन** defence.

**ब्राह्मवर्धन** m. (-य) A Brāhman, sprung from a learned and holy progenitor. **ब्राह्म** and **वर्धन** affs.

**ब्राह्मवर्धन** m. (-य) The gallant of a woman of the Brāhminical tribe or the wife of a Brāhman. **ब्राह्म** a female Brāhman, and **वर्धन** who goes to or with.

**ब्राह्म** m. (-य) The planet SATURN. n. (-य) 1. An assembly of Brāhmins. 2. The state, quality or business of a Brāhman, Brāhmanhood. **ब्राह्म** and **वर्धन** aff.; or **ब्राह्म** and **वर्धन** aff.

**ब्राह्मदिया** f. (-या) A girl to be wedded by the Brāhman form. **ब्राह्म** and **दिया** to be given.

**ब्राह्मपिप्प** f. (-का) Silver.

**ब्राह्मवर्धन** m. (-य) A particular period of the early part of the day, **ब्राह्मवर्धन** m. (-य) A day and night of BRAHMA', a period of two thousand ages of the gods or two Kalpas of mortals. **ब्राह्म** relating to BRAHMA', **वर्धन** a day and **वर्धन** a night.

**ब्राह्मिका** f. (-का) A shrub, (Siphonanthus Indica.) **ब्राह्म** and **वर्धन** aff.

**ब्राह्मपुत्र** m. (-य) The son of a woman married according to the Brāhman form. **ब्राह्म** and **पुत्र** a son.

**ब्राह्म** n. (-य) 1. The worship or veneration of Brāhmins, considered as one of the great sacraments. 2. Astonishments. **ब्राह्म** and **वर्धन** aff.

**ब्राह्मवर्धन** n. (-य) Respect shown to guests, especially to Brāhmins, hospitality. **ब्राह्म** and **वर्धन** sacrifice.

**ब्राह्म** mfn. (-य-या-य) Speaking, saying. **ब्राह्म** to speak, **वर्धन** aff.

**ब्राह्म** mfn. (-य-या-य) Speaking, saying. **ब्राह्म** to speak, **वर्धन** aff.

**ब्राह्म** (य) **ब्राह्म** r. 2nd cl. (ब्राह्म or ब्राह्म) To speak or tell; **ब्राह्म** is optionally substituted for this root before the first five inflections of the present tense and **वर्धन** in several other tenses.

**ब्राह्म** n. (-य) A snare.

—o—

भ

भ The twenty-fourth consonant of the Na'garī alphabet and aspirate of the last letter, or Bh.

भ n. (-य) 1. A star. 2. An asterism. 3. A planet. 4. The number twenty-seven. m. (-य) 1. A name of SUKRA, regent of the planet VENUS. 2. A bee. 2. Error, delusion. f. (-य) 1. Light, lustre, splendour. 2. A ray of light. f. (-य) Fear. **भ** to shine, or **भ** to fear, aff. **भ**.

**भक्षिका** f. (-का) A cricket.

**भक्त** mfn. (भक्त-भक्त) 1. Attached or attentive to, devoted to, engrossed by. 2. Served, worshipped. 3. Dressed, cooked. 4. Distributed. 5. Divided. 6. Loyal. n. (-य) 1. Boiled-rice. 2. Food. 3. Any edible grain boiled with water. 4. A share. m. (-य) A follower, a votary. **भक्त** to serve, &c. aff. **भक्त**.

**भक्त** m. (-य) Factitious incense, incense prepared from various fragrant resins and perfumes. **भक्त** dressed, and **भक्त** making.

**भक्त** m. (-य) A cook. **भक्त** boiled rice, and **भक्त** who makes.

**भक्त** n. (-य) Appetite, wish for food. **भक्त** and **भक्त** will.

**भक्त** f. (-य) Nectar.

**भक्त** f. (-य) Devotedness, implied faith in and attachment to. **भक्त** and **भक्त** aff.; also with **भक्त**, **भक्त**.

भक्त्यर्थे n. (यः) Music played at the hour of eating, amongst princes and great men. ३. भक्त rice or food, and तृष्य a musical instrument.  
 भक्त m. (दः) A supporter, a maintainer. ३. भक्त and द who gives : also भक्तदायक, भक्तदायिन्, &c.  
 भक्तदाह m. (दाः) A maintainer, a feeder. ३. भक्त food and दाह a donor.  
 भक्तदास m. (दः) A slave, one maintained in consideration of service. ३. भक्त food. दास a slave.  
 भक्ति f. (क्तिः) 1. Service, worship. 2. Faith, belief. 3. Devotion or attachment to. 4. Part, portion. 5. Fracture, division. 6. Metonymy. ३. भक्त to serve, or भक्त to break, aff. क्तिन् ।  
 भक्तिम् mfn. (भक्त-मती-भक्त) Faithful, devoted to. ३. भक्ति and भक्त्य् aff.  
 भक्तियोग m. (भक्तः) Devotion or worship, as shewn by implicit faith in any divinity. ३. भक्ति and योग devotion.  
 भक्ति m. (भक्तः) 1. A good horse. 2. A follower, a votary. ३. भक्ति service, &c. खा to afford, aff. क् । [bite].  
 भक्ष r. 1st and 10th cls. (भक्षति भक्षयति-ने) 1. To eat. 2. To waste. 3. To break mfn. (भक्षः-का-कं) 1. Gluttonous, voracious, gourmand. 2. A feeder, an eater, who or what eats. f. (भिक्षा) A meal, a feed. ३. भक्ष् to eat, aff. भक्ष् ।  
 भक्षकार m. (भक्षः) A confectioner, a pastry cook. ३. भक्ष् food, कार who prepares ; also भक्षकार ।  
 भक्षय n. (भक्ष) Eating. ३. भक्ष् to eat, aff. भुट् ।  
 भक्षयि mfn. (भक्ष-या-य) Eatable, to be eaten. ३. भक्ष् and भक्षयिर् aff.  
 भक्षयाम mfn. (भक्ष-या-य) Eating. ३. भक्ष् to eat, भक्षय् aff.  
 भक्षयन् mfn. (भक्ष-यन्-यन्-यन्) Eaten. ३. भक्ष् to eat, भक्ष aff.  
 भक्षित mfn. (भक्ष-ता-तं) Eaten. ३. भक्ष् to eat, aff. क्त ।  
 भक्षित्य mfn. (भक्ष-या-य) To be eaten, what may be eaten. ३. भक्ष् to eat, त्व्य aff. ; also भक्षयित्य ।  
 भक्ष्य mfn. (भक्ष-या-य) Eatable. n. (भक्ष्य) Food. ३. भक्ष् to eat, aff. यत् ।  
 भक्ष्यकार m. (भक्षः) A baker. ३. भक्ष्य eatable and कार who makes or prepares ; also भक्ष्यकार ।  
 भक्ष्यमाण mfn. (भक्ष-या-य) To be eaten. ३. भक्ष् to eat, pass. v., भक्षय् aff.  
 भग n. (गं) 1. Pudendum muliebre. 2. Fortune, prosperity. 3. Beauty, splendour. 4. Excellence, greatness. 5. Desire, wish, love. 6. Strength, vigour. 7. Effort, exertion. 8. Fame, glory. 9. Knowledge. 10. Absence of passion, the tranquillity of the religious man, who has divested himself of worldly excitability. 11. Omnipotence, supreme or divine power. 12. Virtue, moral merit. 13. Final emancipation. m. (भगः) 1. The sun. 2. One of the twelve suns or Adityas. 3. The moon. 4. A form of S'IVA. ३. भग्न to serve, &c. ग aff.  
 भगव m. (भगः) 1. The whole multitude of stars. 2. Revolution of the planets in the Zodiac. 3. The Zodiac.  
 भगवैश्वर्या f. (भगः) Hymeneal divinity. ३. भग and वैश्वर्या divinity.  
 भगवद् m. (भगः) Fistula in ano. ३. भग the vulva, द to divide, aff. खम् ।  
 भगवन् mfn. (भग-वन्-वन्-वन्) Respectable, worshipful, adorable, and hence the common appellative of a prince or deity. m. (भगन्) One of the generic titles of a Jina or Jaina deified sage. f. (वती) 1. A name of GAURI. 2. Any goddess. ३. भग fortune, supremacy, &c., and वन्प् poss. aff.  
 भगवद् m. (भगः) The clitoris. ३. भग and वद् m shoot.  
 भगवत् m. (भगः) The human skull. ३. भग S'IVA, चक्ष् to adorn, aff. चक्ष् ।  
 भगवत् m. (भगः) A name of S'IVA. ३. भगवत् a skull, and वत् aff.  
 भगिन् f. (भगः) Adj. 1. Prosperous, fortunate. 2. Grand, splendid.  
 भगिनी f. (भगः) 1. A sister. 2. A lucky woman. 3. A woman in general. ३. भग prosperity, desire, वत् and वतीप् affs.  
 भगोप m. (भगः) A king of the solar dynasty, whose austerities brought down GANGA, the river, from heaven to the earth.  
 भगोप m. (भगः) The starry sphere.  
 भगोप Ind. A particle used as a respectful term of address, ३. भगवत्,

reverend and बोल् irregularly substituted for the three final letters.

भग mfn. (भग-या-य) 1. Torn, broken. 2. Overcome, defeated. 3. Disregarded, despised. 4. Disappointed. 5. Destroyed. 6. Checked. n. 1. (भग) Fracture of the leg. ३. भग्न to break, aff. क्त ।  
 भगवान् mfn. (भग-वन्-वन्) Having a broken leg. ३. भग्न and जानु the knee.  
 भगवन् mfn. (भग-वन्-वन्) Confronting, encountering, coming before or in front of. ३. भग्न disregarded and वत् the back, heedless of what is behind.  
 भगवन् m. (भगः) 1. Disorder, confusion. 2. Want of method or arrangement in composition. ३. भग्न and प्रवन् proceeding.  
 भगवन् m. (भगः) Butter milk. ३. भग्न broken, वत् union, and चक्ष् aff. ; divided by churning.  
 भगवन् m. (भगः) The moon. ३. भग्न broken and चाक्षन् the body ; having been cut in two by the trident of S'IVA, as a punishment for having violated the wife of VRIHASPATI.  
 भगवन् mfn. (भग-वन्-वन्) Disappointed. ३. भग्न and चाक्ष expectation.  
 भगिनी f. (भगः) A sister. ३. भग्न to share, aff. क्त, fem. aff. वतीप् । [offort].  
 भगिनीय mfn. (भग-वन्-वन्) 1. Labouring in vain. 2. Baffled. ३. भग्न, वत् मन्वरी f. (भगः) A bat. [to break, वत् aff.].  
 भग्न mfn. (भग-वन्-वन्) Breaking, a breaker, who or what breaks. ३. भग्न, भग्न m. (भगः) 1. Breaking, splitting. 2. A chasm, a fissure, a division. 3. Defeat, discomfiture. 4. Disappointment. 5. Fear. 6. Dishonesty, fraud, circumvention, cheating. 7. Going, motion. 8. A wave. 9. A water-course, a canal. 10. Disease in general. 11. A disease, (hemiplegia, palsy.) 12. Interruption of the voice. f. (भग्न) 1. Hemp, (Cannabis sativa.) 2. A plant, commonly Teori. 3. A fibrous plant from which a sort of flax is obtained, (Crotolaria juncea.) ३. भग्न to break, aff. चक्ष् ।  
 भग्नान् mfn. (भग्न-वन्-वन्) Breaking, being broken. ३. भग्न, and भाग्न partaking.  
 भग्नवासा f. (भग्न) Tumeric.  
 भग्नवर्ध mfn. (भग्न-वर्ध-वर्ध) Crafty, fraudulent, dishonest. ३. भग्न breaking, fraud, &c., व for वत् with, and चक्ष् object.  
 भग्नान् m. (भगः) A sort of fish, (Cyprinus Banggana, HAM.) ३. भग्न a wave, चक्ष् to live, aff. चक्ष् ।  
 भग्नारी f. (भगः) A bat.  
 भग्न f. (भग्न-वन्-वन्) 1. Fracture, division, separation. 2. Fraud, deception, trick, disguise. 3. Irony. 4. Wit, repartee. 5. A wave. 6. A crooked path. 7. A step. 8. Modesty. 9. A current. 10. Interval. 11. Circumlocation. ३. भग्न to break, aff. वत्, वतीप् optionally added.  
 भग्नौ n. (भग्न) Defeat in the organ of sense.  
 भग्नुर mfn. (भग्न-वन्-वन्) 1. Crooked, bent. 2. Fraudulent, crafty, dishonest. 3. Perishable. m. (भग्नः) The bend or elbow of a river. ३. भग्न to break, aff. चक्ष् ।  
 भग्न n. (भग्न) A field of hemp. ३. भग्न hemp, वत् aff.  
 भग्न r. 1st cl. (भग्न) भग्न (भग्नति-ने) 1. To serve, to worship. 2. To possess, to enjoy, (carnally.) r. 10th cl. (भग्नयति) 1. To give. 2. To dress or cook. 3. To separate or divide ; see भग्न (वत्) भग्न r. 10th cl. (भग्नयति) 1. To shine. 2. To speak ; with वि prefixed, to measure ; with प्र and वि, to discriminate, to discuss.  
 भग्न mfn. (भग्न-वन्-वन्) 1. Serving, waiting upon. 2. Enjoying, (carnally.) 3. Dividing, sharing. ३. भग्न to serve, &c., वत् aff.  
 भग्न n. (भग्न) 1. Service, adoration. 2. Possessing or enjoying carnally. 3. Sharing. m. (भग्नः) The sound of the conch. ३. भग्न to serve, aff. वुट् ।  
 भग्नान् mfn. (भग्न-वन्-वन्) 1. Serving, waiting. 2. Enjoying, possessing, (carnally.) 3. Dividing, sharing. 4. Right, fit, proper. ३. भग्न to serve, &c., वत् aff.  
 भग्न (वत्, वी) बोमन्नी r. 7th cl. (भग्नति) To break, to destroy.

भङ्गक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what breaks, severs, divides, destroys, &c. इ. भङ्ग to break, लृट् aff.

भङ्गन् mfn. (-न्-न्-न्) Breaking, destroying इ. भङ्ग, and णट् aff.

भङ्गन nf. (-नः-नी) 1. Breaking, destroying. 2. Afflicting. 3. Arresting. 4. Causing violent pain. 5. Routing. 6. Removing. m. (-नः) Decay of teeth. इ. भङ्ग to break, लृट् aff.

भङ्गनक m. (-कः) A disease of the mouth, contortion of the lips, and decay of the teeth इ. भङ्गन, and कन् added.

भङ्गन् m. (-न्) A tree growing near a temple. इ. भङ्ग to break, लृट् aff.

भट् r. 1st cl. (भटति) 1. To hold or cherish. 2. To hire or maintain. 3. To speak. (इ) भटि r. 10th cl. (भटयति) To deceive.

भट m. (-टः) 1. A mercenary. 2. A warrior, a soldier, a combatant. 3. A barbarian, or outcaste of a particular tribe. 4. A goblin. इ. भट् to maintain, aff. चच् । [इत् aff.]

भटित्व mfn. (-त्-वा-च) Rosted on a spit, (meat, &c.) इ. भट् to nourish,

भट m. (-टः) 1. A philosopher, a learned man, especially one conversant with the philosophical systems. 2. An enemy. 3. Best excellent. 4. Authority. 5. A hard in general. इ. भट्-नन् ।

भटार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Worshipful, reverend, entitled to homage or respect ; see the next.

भटारक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Venerable, respectable, entitled to reverence or to homage m. (-कः) 1. A sage, a Muni or saint. 2. A deity. 3. (In theatrical language,) A king. 4. The sun. 5. A term especially applied to a Bauddha teacher. इ. भट् to nourish, aff. क्तिप्, ह to pass, aff. लृट् and णट् changed to ट् ; otherwise with टल् to be continued, the same aff. and ल changed to ष : a cherisher and punisher, a distributor of rewards and punishments ; again, भट् said here to mean, authority ऋ to go to or obtain, चल् aff. कन् added.

भटारकवार n. (-र) Sunday इ. भटारक and वार a day.

भटिनी f. (-नी) 1. A queen, not crowned. 2. The wife of a Brāhman. In plays the word is often used by maid-in-waiting in addressing a queen or princess इ. भट् authority ; see etymology of the last word, इति and डीप् affs.

भट् (इ) भटि r. 1st cl. (भटति) 1. To rally, to deride or treat with merriment. 2. To jest, to joke. 3. To speak. 4. To upbraid, to reprove. r. 1st and 10th cls. (भटति भटयति-ने) To do an auspicious act.

भटिल m. (-लः) 1. A servant. 2. A hero. इ. भट्, a Sautra root, to be happy, Una'di aff. इलच् ।

भच् r. 1st cl. (भञति) To sound, to utter articulate sound, to speak or say. With प्रति. to reply.

भणित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sounded, spoken, uttered. इ. भञ् to speak, aff. क् ।

भणिति f. (-तिः) Speech, speaking इ. भञ् to speak, aff. क्तिप्, with the augment इट्

भण्टाकी f. (-की) The egg plant, (Solanum melongena.) इ. भट् to nourish, aff. चाक, and नन् augment. "वेगुण" । [&c. aff. चच् ।

भण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A mime, a jester, a buffoon, an actor. इ. भटि to deride.

भण्डक m. (-कः) A wagtail. इ. कन् added to the preceding.

भण्डन n. (-नः) 1. Armour, mail. 2. War, battle. 3. Evil, wickedness, mischief. इ. भटि to blame, &c., aff. लृट् [delights.

भण्डासिनी f. (-नी) A whore, a harlot. इ. भण्ड a jester, and आसिनी who

भङ्गि f. (-ङ्गिः-ङ्गी) 1. A plant, from the wood of which a red dye is prepared ; Bengal ma'dda'r, (Rubia manjith, Rox.) 2. A wave. इ. भटि to be auspicious, &c. aff. इन् ; also with कन् added भङ्गिका ; also भङ्गिरी and भङ्गोरी । [भङ्गोरी, &c.

भङ्गिर m. (-रः) A tree, (Mimosa sirisha.) f. (-री) Ma'dda'r. इ. See भङ्गिल

भङ्गिल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. A messenger, one sent or dispatched. 2. Fortunate, happy, prosperous, auspicious. m. (-लः) 1. A messenger. 2. An artisan. 3. A tree, (Mimosa sirisha.) इ. भटि to be happy, &c., Una'di aff. इलच् ; also र being substituted for ल, भङ्गिर, or the short vowel being lengthened, भङ्गील ।

भङ्गीरी f. (-री) The Bengal ma'dda'r tree : see भङ्गि. इ. भटि to be auspicious, इन् aff.

भङ्गील m. (-लः) The Sirisha tree : see भङ्गिल । [कञ्च् aff.]

भङ्गक m. (-कः) A flower, (Bignonia Indica.) इ. भटि to be auspicious, भट् (इ) भटि r. 1st and 10th cls. (भटति न भटयति) 1. To do an auspicious act. 2. To be happy, well, prosperous, &c. 3. To shine.

भटल mfn. (-लः-ली-लं) 1. Reverend, venerable, worshipped or adored. 2. Brilliant, splendid. m. (-लः) 1. A Saugata, a Bauddha, a heterodox or sceptical philosopher. 2. A devotee, an ascetic. भटि to be happy or pleased, to shine, Una'di aff. कच्, and the nasal rejected.

भटाक mn. (-कः-कं) Prosperous, fortunate, auspicious. इ. भटि to be happy, Una'di aff. चाकन् ।

भट् mfn. (-टः-द्रा-ट्) 1. Happy, prosperous, lucky, propitious. 2. Best, excellent. 3. Pure, pious, virtuous. n. Subst. (-ट्) 1. Prosperity, fortune, happiness. (Adv.) Happy, well, right. n. (-ट्) 1. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus.) 2. Gold. 3. Iron or steel. nf. (-ट्-ट्री) One of the astrological periods called Karanas, the seventh ; also called Vishti, regarded as an unlucky period. m. (-ट्) 1. A name of Śi'va. 2. A wagtail. 3. A bull. 4. A heap, a multitude. 5. A description of elephant, one of four classes into which they are divided. 6. Mount Méru. 7. One of the nine persons termed Suklabalas by the Jainas. 8. A title of reverential address. 9. A hypocrite. f. (-ट्) 1. The Ganges of heaven. 2. The ichneumon plant ; see राज्ञा 3. Indigo. 4. Asclepias pseudosarsa. 5. A shrub, (Poderia foetida.) 6. A medicinal plant, commonly Kayap'hal. 7. A name of the second, seventh, and twelfth days of the lunar fortnight. 8. A female Sakti' or deity of the Jains. 9. One of the four divisions of the Ganges, according to the Pura'nas, that which flows to the northern Kuru. 10. A tree, (Gmelina arborea.) 11. A cow. 12. Turmeric. 13. Dear. 14. Hypocritical. 15. Head, chief. 16. A term of respect used in addressing ladies. इ. भटि to happy, Una'di aff. रन् and the nasal rejected.

भटक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable. 2. Respectable, worthy, estimable. 3. Lucky, fortunate. n. (-कं) A sort of grass, (Cyperus pertenuis.) m. (-कः) A sort of pine, (Pinus Devadaru.) इ. कन् added to the last.

भटकाकी f. (-की) 1. One the form of the goddess DURGA'. 2. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus pertenuis or rotundus.) इ. भट् Śi'va, कल् to approximate, affs. चच् and डीप् ।

भटकम्भ m. (-म्भः) A golden jar filled with water from a holy place, or with the water of the Ganges and used especially at the consecration of a king. इ. भट् auspicious and कुम्भ a water jar.

भटनयित n. (-नं) The construction of magical diagrams.

भटनयिका f. (-का) A creeping plant, (Asclepias pseudosarsa, the narrow-leaved variety.) इ. भट् auspicious and गन्ध smell, aff. कन् and टाप् ; some copies read भटनयिका in place of this word. "सुसर्ग".

भटघट m. (-टः) A vessel from which a lottery is drawn.

भटहर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Auspicious, conferring happiness or prosperity. इ. भट happy and ह to make, aff. लृट् ।

भटचूड m. (-डः) A sort of Euphorbia, (E. tirucalli.) इ. भट propitious and चूडा a crest. "कहासिज्" । [दाह wood.]

भटदाह m. (-हः) A sort of pine, (Pinus Devadaru.) इ. भट auspicious and

भटदाह्यादिक m. (-कः) A class of thirty-one medicinal plants and subtances, इ. भटदाह the pine, आदि etcetera, कन् added.

भटनामन् m. (-ना) The wood-pecker. इ. भट auspicious and नामन् a name.

भटपदा f. (-दा) A name given to the 26th and 27th lunar asterisms : see भाद्रपदा ।

भटपर्वा f. (-र्वा) A shrub, (Poderia foetida.) इ. भट auspicious, पर्वा a leaf, and टाप् fem. aff. "नाम्ना" ।

**अवली f. (-ली)** 1. A tree, (*Gmelina arborea*.) 2. A shrub, (*Poederia foetida*.) **अ. भद्र** lucky, **पत्र** a leaf, and **उप** fem. aff. [sect.]

**अवलीत n. (-त)** 1. A splendid seat, a throne. 2. A king of winged-in-

**अवलन m. (-न)** A name of BALARA'MA. **अ. भद्र** conferring happiness and **बल** to be strong, aff. **युच्** ।

**अवली f. (-ली)** A shrub, (*Poederia foetida*.)

**अवलीका f. (-का)** A kind of cucumber, (*Cucumis Madraspatanus*.)

**अवलीक m. (-क)** A fragrant grass, (*Cyperus pertenuis*.) **अ. भद्र** lucky and **मुलक** Cyperus.

**अवली m. (-न)** A particular kind of elephant.

**अवली n. (-न)** The seed of the Echites or Wrightea antidysenterica. **अ. भद्र** lucky, and **स** seed.

**अवली m. (-यु)** The elephant of INDRA. **अ. भद्र** auspicious and **रेचु** dust.

**अवली f. (-ली)** A tree, (*Gmelina arborea*.)

**अवली m. (-ली)** Double jasmine.

**अवली f. (-ली)** 1. Arabian jasmine, (*Jasminum zambac*.) 2. The large Bengal creeper, (*Gartnora, racemosa*.) **अ. भद्र** lucky, **वली** a creeper.

**अवली n. (-न)** Sandal. **अ. भद्र** auspicious, **यव** for चायव asylum, place of growing.

**अवली f. (-ली)** Sandal-wood. **अ. भद्र** best, **त्री** excellence or beauty.

**अवली f. (-मा)** A name of GANGA'. **अ. भद्र** S'IVA, **स** with or equal to, **उमा** the wife of S'IVA ; equally dear with UMA' to that deity.

**अवली n. (-न)** Shaving. **अ. भद्र** auspicious, with **उट्** aff., and **कृ** to do, aff. **खट्** ।

**अवली m. (-ज)** A sword, a scimitar. **अ. भद्र** iron, and **बाज** born.

**अवली m. (-क)** One of the eighteen minor Dwipas, or divisions of the world. **अ. भद्र** prosperity, **कृ** to go to, or attain, aff. **खल्** ।

**अवली f. (-का)** A shrub, (*Poederia foetida*.) **अ. भद्र** auspicious, **बल** what is equal to, and **पत्र** a leaf, aff. **कन्** । "गन्वात् ।"

**अवली f. (-ली)** A shrub, (*Poederia foetida*.) **अ. भद्र** the same plant, **का** to go or be, affs. **उ** and **उप** ।

**अवली n. (-न)** One of the four Maha' Dwipas, into which the known world is divided, according to some systems ; or according to another system, one of the nine Khandas, or smaller divisions of the continent ; in either case it is the east division. **म. (-न)** One of the nine sons of AGNIDHRA, whom the division of the earth called Bhadrās'wa was assigned and from whom it was so named. **अ. भद्र** auspicious, **अव** a horse. [habitation.]

**अवली m. (-य)** Sandal-wood. **अ. भद्र** auspicious and चायव abode.

**अवली n. (-न)** 1. A throne. 2. A peculiar posture, in which abstract meditation is performed by the devotee ; the legs bent and crossed underneath, and turned so as to bring the ankles in contact with the perineum, whilst the soles of the feet are held close to the sides. **अ. भद्र** auspicious or beautiful and चायव a seat or sitting.

**अवली f. (-का)** 1. An amulet. 2. Name of the second, seventh and twenty days of a lunar fortnight.

**अवली f. (-ली)** A plant, (*Sida cordifolia*.)

**अवली n. (-न)** Good, happiness, welfare, prosperity. 2. Tremulous motion. **म. (-न)** A messenger. **अ. भद्र** to be auspicious, Una'di aff.

**अवली ।**

**अवली m. (-ति)** The moon. **अ. भद्र** a star, and **पति** chief.

**अवली m. (-न)** 1. Smoke. 2. A fly. **अ. भद्र** imitative sound, **मा** to emit sound, to shine, &c. and **उ** aff.

**अवली f. (-का)** A gnat, a mosquito. **अ. भद्र** राखी a fly and **कन्** aff.

**अवली f. (-ली)** A fly, especially of a large sort. **अ. भद्र** imitative sound, repeated, **रा** to make, and **कन्** aff.; making a buzzing noise.

**अवली m. (-र)** A sovereign of Magadha ; also SRENKA.

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Frightful, fearful, horrible, dreadful. **n. (-य)** 1. Fear, alarm, fright, dread. 2. The flower of the *Trapa bispinosa*. **म. (-य)** Sickness. **अ. भद्र** to be afraid, **कन्** aff.

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Terrifying, frightening. **अ. भद्र** and **कारक** what causes.

**अवली mfn. (-र-रा-रं)** Fearful, formidable, frightful. **अ. भद्र** fear, **कृ** to make, **कन्** aff. [gives.]

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Fearful, terrifying. **अ. भद्र** and **य** who or what

**अवली mfn. (-ली-ली-ली)** Fearful, frightful. **अ. भद्र**, **हृन्** appearing.

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Terrific. **अ. भद्र** and **दाय** what gives.

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Routed, put to flight. **अ. भद्र** fear, **हृन्** flown, fled.

**अवली m. (-र)** Removal of fear. **अ. भद्र** and **प्रतीकार** counteraction.

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Causing or inspiring fear. **अ. भद्र** and **प्रद** who or what gives. [occasion.]

**अवली m. (-य)** Season or occasion of alarm. **अ. भद्र**, and **प्रसाव**

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Put to flight. **अ. भद्र** fear, **अव** fallen, gone.

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Alarming, fearful. **अ. भद्र**, and **विचायिन्** causing.

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Panic-struck. **अ. भद्र** and **विज्ञ** immersed in.

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Horrified. **अ. भद्र**, **संहरिन्** having the hair erect.

**अवली n. (-न)** Seat or part exposed to peril or hurt. **अ. भद्र**, and **खान** place.

**अवली n. (-य)** Cause of alarm. **अ. भद्र** and **हेतु** cause.

**अवली mfn. (-र-रा-रं)** Afraid. **अ. भद्र** and **चातुर** affected.

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Frightened, afraid. **अ. भद्र** and **चातुर** afflicted.

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Frightful, formidable, terrific. **n. (-य)** Terror. **m. (-य)** 1. RA'HU or the personified ascending node. 2. A tiger. 3. One of the nine sentiments in poetry, or the sentiment of terror, as excited by poetical or dramatic composition. **अ. भद्र** to fear, **चातुर** Una'di aff.

**अवली m. (-य)** A king, a sovereign. **अ. भद्र** fear, **कन्** before, **का** to quit, to oppose or remove from, aff. **क** ।

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Formidable, fearful. **अ. भद्र** fear, **कन्** to bear, aff. **कन्** and **का** prefixed. [bent.]

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Engrossed by fear. **अ. भद्र**, **एक** alone, **प्रव**

**अवली mfn. (-र-रा-रं)** Attended with or succeeded by fear. **अ. भद्र** and **उत्तर** subsequent. [lising.]

**अवली m. (-न)** Encouraging, allaying fear. **अ. भद्र** and **उपवन्न** tranquil-

**अवली Adv. n. (-र)** Much, excessive. **Noun. m. (-र)** A measure of weight, two thousand Palas. **mfn. (-र-रा-रं)** Who or what cherishes, upholds, supports, &c. **अ. भद्र** to cherish, **कन्** aff.; or with **कन्** aff. **भार**, **ग. व.** [कटन् ।]

**अवली m. (-य)** 1. A potter. 2. A servant. **अ. भद्र** to cherish, Una'di aff.

**अवली n. (-य)** 1. Cherishing, maintaining, nourishing, supporting. 2. Wages, hire. 3. The constellation Bharan'i'. **f. (-ली)** 1. The name of the second lunar asterism, containing three stars, (*Musca*.) and figured by the pudendum muliebre. 2. A creeper, commonly Gho-sha'. **अ. भद्र** to nourish, **कन्** aff.

**अवली m. (-य)** The personified ascending node or Ra'hu. **अ. भद्र** the asterism personified as a nymph and **य** born.

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** Fit or proper to be cherished or maintained, a dependent. **अ. भद्र** to nourish, **कन्** aff.

**अवली m. (-य)** 1. A master, an owner, a lord, a husband. 2. A sovereign, a king. 3. A bull. **अ. भद्र** to nourish, Una'di aff. **कन्** ।

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** To be cherished or protected. **n. (-य)** 1. Wages, hire. 2. Cherishing, maintaining. 3. The asterism Bharan'i'. **f. (-य)** A woman. **अ. भद्र** maintaining and **कन्** aff.

**अवली mfn. (-य-या-यं)** A labourer, a hireling, one who works for hire. **अ. भद्र** wages or hire, **कन्** to eat, aff. **कन्** ।

**अवली f. (-का)** A plant, commonly Ra'madu'ti.

**अवली m. (-य)** 1. A master, a protector. 2. The sun, 3. The moon. 4. The fire. **अ. भद्र** to nourish, **कन्** aff.

**अवत्** mfn. (-रन् रणी रन्) Upholding, supporting, having, cherishing. **अ** to cherish, **वत्** aff.

**अवत** m. (-तः) 1. The younger brother of RA'MA. 2. The son of DUSHYANTA by SAKUNTALA'. 3. The name of a sage or Muni. 4. The name of a celebrated writer on dramatic composition, of which he is also sometimes considered as the inventor; the term is also applied to his work, which appears to "have been a body of Su'tras, or rules relating to every branch of theatrical writing and exhibition; it is said to be lost, but is constantly quoted by the commentators on the Nātakas or Indian dramas. 5. An actor, a dancer, a mime. 6. A barbarian, a mountaineer, a savage. 7. A weaver. 8. A descendant of BHARATA. **अ** to nourish, **वत्** Una'di aff.

**अवतपुत्र** m. (-कः) An actor, a mime. **अ** अवत the dramatic author, पुत्र a son and **वत्** aff. of comparison.

**अवतप्र** f. (-यः) A name of KAIKE'YI', wife of DASARATHA and mother of BHARATA. **अ** अवत as above and प्र parent; hence equally applicable to SAKUNTALA', &c.

**अवतव** n. (-वः) India. **अ** अवत the son of DUSHYANTA and वव region; he is supposed to have been the first emperor or monarch of all India.

**अवतायज** m. (-जः) A name of RA'MA. **अ** अवत and यज elder.

**अवध** m. (-यः) 1. A sovereign, a king. 2. Fero. 3. A deity presiding over one of the regions of the world. **अ** to nourish, aff. **वत्**.

**अवहाज** m. (-जः) 1. A sky lark. 2. The name of a Muni. 3. The son of VRIHASPATI'. **अ** अवत् upholding and वाज a wing; also भारवाज।

**अवहाजक** m. (-कः) A lark. **अ** क added to the preceding.

**अवित** mfn. (-तः ता or -ती-तः) 1. Green, of a green colour. 2. Nourished. 3. Filled. **अ** to nourish, Una'di aff. **वत्**.

**अवितन्** m. (-नः) Nourishing, cherishing. **अ** to nourish, aff. **वत्**.

**अव** m. (-वः) 1. A name of VISHN'U. 2. A name of S'IVA. 3. Gold. 4. A husband, a lord. 5. The sea. **अ** to nourish, Una'di aff. **वत्**.

**अवज** m. (-जः) A jackal.

**अवटक** n. (-कः) Fried-meat.

**अवे** Ind. War. **अ** अ-उट-कन्।

**अवे** m. (-वेः) 1. A name of S'IVA. 2. Light, lustre. 3. A name BRAHMA'. 4. Cooking, frying. **अ** अवत् to fry, aff. **वत्**; having scorched KA'MADEVA to ashes, with a look.

**अवज्ज** f. (-जः) 1. Frying. 2. Annihilating. **अ** (-जः) 1. The act of frying or roasting. 2. A frying-pan. **अ** अवज्ज to fry, aff. **वत्**। [aff. तय।

**अवज्य** mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्यः-ज्यः) To be cherished or maintained. **अ** to nourish, **वत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) 1. A cherisher, a nourisher, a protector. 2. A holder, a supporter. **म** (-वत्) 1. A husband. 2. A lord, a master. **अ** to nourish, &c. aff. **वत्**।

**अवज्यो** f. (-ज्यो) The murderess of her husband. **अ** अवज्ज, a husband, **वत्** to kill, aff. **वत्** and **वत्** substituted for the radical.

**अवज्यता** f. (-ता) 1. Masterhood. 2. Husbandship. **अ** तत् added to the last; also with त्, अवज्यत्। [गत gone.

**अवज्यता** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Subject, married. **अ** अवज्यत् 2nd case, and अवज्यदा m. (-दः) A young prince, designated as successor, and associated to the empire, (in theatrical language.) **व** (-वत्) (in theatrical language.) A princess. **अ** अवज्ज the master or monarch, and दावत् the son.

**अवज्यदरि** m. (-रिः) The brother of VIKRAMA'DITYA, prince and poet. **अ** अवज्ज a prince and दरि VISHN'U, a deity amongst kings.

**अवज्यम** mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्यः-ज्यः) Maintained, nourished, supported. **अ** to nourish, **वत्** aff. and **वत्** added. [menace.

**अवज्य** r. 10th cl. (अवज्यति-ते) To reprove, to reproach, to abuse or **अवज्य** n. (-ज्यः) 1. Threat, menace. 2. Reproach, abuse, cursing, reviling. **अ** अवज्ज to abuse, aff. **वत्**।

**अवे** r. 1st cl. (अवेति) To injure.

**अवे** n. (-वेः) 1. Gold. 2. Hire, wages. 3. The navel. 4. A particular coin. 5. Dhu'tura'. **अ** to nourish, Una'di aff. **वत्**. whence it is properly अवज्ज, q. v.

**अवेया** f. (-या) Wages, hire. **अ** अवज्ज hire, **वत्** aff.

**अवेय** n. (-वेः) 1. Wages, hire. 2. Gold. 3. The navel. 4. A coin, a piece of money. 5. Support, maintenance. **अ** to nourish, Una'di aff. **वत्**।

**अवे** r. 1st cl. (अवेति) To hurt, to injure.

**अव** r. 1st and 10th cls. (अवते भावयते) 1. To describe, to expound, to explain. 2. To see. **अ** 1st cl. 1. To hurt, to injure. 2. To give. **अ** 10th cl. To throw up.

**अवता** f. (-ता) A shrub, (Poederia foetida.)

**अव** r. 1st cl. (अवते) 1. To tell, to describe. 2. To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill. 3. To give.

**अव** m. (-वः) 1. A bear. 2. An epithet of S'IVA. **म** (-वः-वः) A kind of arrow. **व** (-वः) 1. An arrow, with a crescent-shaped head. 2. The marking-nut plant; also अवातकी. **अ** अवत् to hurt or kill, aff. **वत्**।

**अवज** m. (-जः) A bear. **अ** क added to the preceding.

**अवज्यो** f. (-ज्यो) A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides.) **अ** अवज्ज a bear, **वत्** a tail; to which the flower is compared.

**अवात** m. (-तः) Marking-nut plant. **अ** See the next.

**अवातक** mfn. (-कः-कौ-कः) The marking-nut plant, (Semicarpus anacardium.) **अ** अवज्ज an arrow, **वत्** to resemble, aff. **वत्** with **कन्** added; wounding like a weapon; also अवात, अवती, &c.

**अवज्यो** f. (-ज्यो) Marking-nut. **अ** क added to अवती.

**अवज** m. (-जः) A bear. **अ** अवज्ज to hurt, aff. **वत्**; also अवज्ज.

**अवज** m. (-जः) A bear. **अ** अवज्ज to injure, Una'di aff. **वत्**; also अवज्ज and अवज्ज।

**अव** m. (-वः) 1. Being, existing, the self-support of something already produced. 2. Birth. 3. Origin, production. 4. The place or means of being. 5. The state of being. 6. The being or becoming possessed of any thing, as family, cattle, &c. 7. Welfare, prosperity. 8. Obtaining, acquisition. 9. Excellence, superiority. 10. The world. 11. A deity, a god. 12. A name of S'IVA. 13. The world. 14. Life. **अ** (-वः) A fruit, the fruit of the Dillenia speciosa. **अ** to be, aff. **वत्**।

**अवज्य** m. (-वः) A forest-conflagration. **अ** अव being, ज्य voracious.

**अवत्** mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Thon; but used as a respectful term of address, as Sir or Lord, and governing the verb in the third person. **अ** वा to shine, अवत् Una'di aff. mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Present. 2. Being, existing. **व** (-वो) A poisoned arrow. **अ** वत् to be, participial aff. **वत्**।

**अवदीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Yours, your honour's. **अ** अवत् as above and **वत्** aff.

**अवही** mfn. (-ही-हि-हि) Afraid. **अ** अवत् being and **वो** fear.

**अवन** n. (-नः) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. A nature, a quality. 3. The place of abiding or being, scite, field, spot, &c. 4. Production. **अ** वत् to be, aff. **वत्**।

**अवज्यो** f. (-ज्यो) Sarayu the river, which runs from the Himalaya chain and falls into the Gograh with which it is then conformed. **अ** अव being and ज्यो destructress, giving eternal happiness, being a sacred stream.

**अवदीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be or become, what is or ought to be. **अ** वत् to be, वतीवत् aff. of the gerund.

**अवनीदर** n. (-रः) The interior apartments. **अ** अवज्ज and **वत्** belly.

**अवज** m. (-जः) Time in general, or time present. **व** (-वो) A virtuous wife. **अ** वत् to be, Una'di aff. **वत्**।

**अवज** m. (-जः) Time being, the present. **अ** वत् to be, Una'di aff. **वत्**।

**अववाज** mfn. (-वाज्) Living, sharing the world. **अ** अव, and वाज who possesses.

अवमति न. (-तिः) The author of MA'LATI MA'DHAVA and other dramas.  
 अ. अव the world, भूति increase, in wisdom, &c.  
 अवदद् f. (-दद् वत्) A drum played at funerals. अ. अव being, वद् to weep or wail, aff. क्तिप् ।  
 अवरोति f. (-ति) 1. Liberation from the world, cessation from worldly acts. 2. End of the world. अ. अव and वीति passing away.  
 अवज्जाता f. (-जा) The goddess MANASA'.  
 अवदद् mfn. (-दद्) Like you, your like. अ. अवत् you, वद् to shew, aff. क्तिप् ; also अवदद्, and अवदद् ।  
 अवानो f. (-नो) The goddess PA'RVATI' or DURGA', in her pacific and amiable form. अ. अव S'IVA, fem. aff. उोप्, and आनुक् augment.  
 अवानीयुग्म m. (-युग्म) The personified Hima'laya mountain. अ. अवानी the goddess, and युग्म here put for father ; DURGA' in this form being the daughter of the mountain.  
 अवभाव m. (-वः) 1. Non-existence of the world. 2. A sage, one unaffected by worldly infirmities. अ. अव, and अवभाव non-existence.  
 अवभिभाविन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Superior to or overcoming the world. अ. अव and अवभिभाविन् disgracing.  
 अवगङ्गा f. (-गा) The Ganges. अ. अव the world, and वयन् going.  
 अविक mfn. (-कः का-कं) 1. Prosperous, happy, welbeing. 2. Beneficial, n. (-कं) Prosperity, welfare. अ. अव being, (for well being), and वत् aff.  
 अवित mfn. (-तः ता तं) Been, become. अ. अव being, वत् aff.  
 अवितत्य mfn. (-त्यः व्या-व्य) To be or become, what is to be. अ. भू to be, तत्य aff. of the gerund.  
 अवितत्यता f. (-ता) Fate, destiny. अ. अवितत्य what is to be, तत् abstract aff.  
 अवित mfn. (-ता तौ-ट) 1. Actually being, or disposed to be. 2. Well-being, wel-faring. अ. भू to be, वत् aff. [being, वति aff.  
 अवित् mfn. (-वी विनी-वि) Living, being, having life and sensation. अ. अव  
 अवित m. (-वः) A poet, a versifier. अ. भू to think, वत् aff.  
 अवित mfn. (-वः ला लं) Being, existing, what is or exists. m. (-वः) 1. A catamite 2. A sensualist. अ. भू to be, वत् aff. Una'di aff.  
 अवित mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) 1. Actually being or disposed to be. 2. Being well, existing happily, virtuously, &c. अ. भू to be, वत् participial aff. [rejected.  
 अवित mfn. (-वः-व्या-व्य) Future, what will be. अ. See अवित्यत्, the final  
 अवित्यत् mfn. (-व्यत्-व्यत्-व्यत्) What is to be, what will be, future. n. (-व्यत्) The future. अ. भू to be, वत् participial aff., वत् augment, वत् inserted.  
 अव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) 1. Happy, auspicious, prosperous. 2. Well, proper, fit, right. 3. True. 4. To be or become, what is to be. 5. A being, what is or exists. m. (-व्यः) The Ka'maranga, a small fruit tree, (Averhoa carambola.) f. (-व्यः) 1. A name of UMA'. 2. A large sort of pepper. 3. Existing. 4. Beautiful. 5. Happy. 6. Calm. n. (-व्यः) 1. A bone. 2. Fruit, result. 3. Being, existence. 4. Welfare. mfn. (-व्यः-व्यः) One division of the poetical Rasas or sentiments. अ. भू to be, aff. वत् ।  
 अविरा f. (-रा) A sort of beet, (Beta Bengulensis.)  
 अवृ. 1st cl. (अवृति) 1. To bark or growl. 2. To reproach, to speak malevolently, to rail.  
 अव m. (-वः) A dog. f. (-वी) A bitch. अ. अव् to bark, aff. वत् ।  
 अवृ m. (-वः) A dog. अ. अव् to bark, वत् aff.; it is sometimes written. [वृट् ।  
 अवृ m. (-वः) A dog. n. (-वः) The barking of a dog. अ. अव् to bark, aff.  
 अवृ n. (-वः) 1. The heart. 2. Wood. 3. The thigh.  
 अवृ. 3d cl. (अवृति) 1. To shine. 2. To blame or abuse ; this root is usually restricted to the Ve'das.  
 अवृ f. (-वृ) 1. The sun. 2. Pudendum muliebne. 3. The mons veneris. 4. Time. 5. A sort of duck. 6. A float, a raft. 7. Flesh. n. (-वृत्) The hinder parts. अ. अवृ to shine, वृत् Una'di aff.

अवृ m. (-वः) A large bee. अ. अवृ to sound, वृत् aff.  
 अवृ m. (-वः) Time. अ. अवृ to shine, aff. वत् ।  
 अवृ n. (-वः) Ashes. अ. अवृ to shine, aff. वत् । [telligencer.  
 अवृच m. (-वः) An astronomer or astrologer. अ. अवृ a star, वृच an in-  
 अवृका f. (-का) A bellows. अ. वृच् added to अवृ ; also अवृका and अवृका.  
 अवृ f. (-वृ) A bellows, a large hide with valves and a clay nozzle, which is used for this purpose. अ. अवृ to shine, वृत् Una'di aff., fem. aff. टाप् ; also with वृच् aff. अवृ and with वृच् in the fem. form being added अवृका or अवृका optionally ; and with the feminine termination retained also, अवृका.  
 अवृका f. (-का) A bellows : see the last.  
 अवृका f. (-का) वृचभेदे "टोपारि" ।  
 अवृक mfn. (-वः-वः) A bellows-blower, &c. m. (-वः) An inflated skin on which rafts, &c. are floated. f. (-का) A bellows : see अवृ. अ. अवृच् a bellows, and वृच् aff. •  
 अवृ f. (-वृ) A bellows : see अवृ, &c.  
 अवृ n. (-वः) 1. A disease of the eyes, thickening of the membranes, and indistinctness of vision. 2. Morbid appetite from over-digestion, constant craving for food with general decay. 3. An anthelmintic plant, commonly Biranga. 4. Gold or silver. अ. अवृच् ashes, वृच् aff.  
 अवृकार m. (-रः) A washerman. अ. अवृच् ashes, and वृच् agent ; using the ashes of wood in place of soap or ley.  
 अवृगन्धिका f. (-का) A perfume, commonly Ren'uká. अ. अवृच् ashes, and वृच् smell, aff. वृच्, and टाप् ; also अवृगन्धिनी ।  
 अवृगन्धी f. (-धी) 1. The Sisu tree, or a variety of it, (Dalbergia Sisu.) 2. A sort of perfume, commonly Ren'uká. अ. अवृच् ashes, and वृच् place of production.  
 अवृगन्ध n. (-वः) 1. A number of villages 2. A shower of dust. 3. Frost or snow. अ. अवृच् ashes, वृच् to weigh, and aff. वत् । [वृत्ति ।  
 अवृ n. (-वः) 1. Ashes. 2. Holy ashes. अ. अवृच् to shine, Una'di aff.  
 अवृवेषक m. (-वः) Camphor. अ. अवृच् ashes, and वृच् distresser ; whiter than ashes.  
 अवृसात् Ind. To the state of ashes, to ashes, as स अवृसात्कारात् । He reduced the enemies to ashes. अ. अवृच्, and वृत्ति aff.  
 अवृसाय m. (-यः) Camphor. अ. अवृच् ashes, वृत्ति a name.  
 अवृकरव n. (-वः) 1. Reducing to ashes. 2. Calcining. अ. अवृ, and वृच् doing, वृच् aug.  
 अवृकृत mfn. (-तः-ता तं) 1. Reduced to ashes. 2. Calcined, (as a metal.) अ. अवृ, and वृत्ति made, with वृच् aug. ; also अवृकृत and अवृसात्कृत ।  
 अवृभूत mfn. (-तः-ता तं) 1. Reduced to ashes. 2. Being mere ashes, i. e. being wholly worthless. अ. अवृच्, and वृत्ति become, वृच् augment.  
 अवृ. 2nd cl. (अवृति) 1. To shine, to be luminous, splendid or beautiful. 2. To be pleased. 3. To be angry. 4. To blow. 5. To be, to exist. With वृच् To flash. With वृच् or वृच् To shine brightly.  
 अवृ f. (-वः) 1. Light. 2. Beauty. 3. The shadow of a gnomon. m. (-वः) The sun. अ. अवृ to shine, aff. वृच् and टाप् ।  
 अवृट् m. (-टः) 1. A mountain, apparently the part of the Hima'laya, called Bhakur. 2. A sort of fish. "भेट्को". अ. अवृ light, वृट् a peak or quantity.  
 अवृव m. (-वः) The sun. अ. अवृ light, वृच् receptacle.  
 अवृ m. (-वः) 1. A follower, a dependent, one to whom food is regularly given. 2. Grain, edible grain, as rice, &c. f. (-वः) 1. Fit for food. 2. Inferior, secondary. 3. Confined to any science, (as a term). 4. Dependant. अ. अवृ food, aff. वृच् । [अ. अवृ food, aff. वृच्.  
 अवृक m. (-वः) One who is fed by another, a dependent, a retainer.  
 अवृ f. (-वः) Gluttonous.  
 अवृ m. (-वः) 1. A portion, a share, a part. 2. Fate, fortune, luck. 3. A half-rupee. 4. Part of any thing given as interest. 5. A division of time, the thirtieth part of a Rasi or zodiacal sign. 6. A degree,



the 360th part of the circumference of a great circle. 7. A fraction. 8. The quotient, (in math.) 9. Place, spot. 10. Room, **भज्** to share, aff. **चञ्** ।

**भाजक** mfn. (-कः-चा-कं) Who or what divides, m. (-कः) (In arithmetic.) A divisor, **भज्**, and **कृञ्** aff.

**भाज्यजाति** f. (-तिः) Assimilation of fractions, **भज**, and **जाति** species, **भाज्य** m. (-यः) The whole collection of stars.

**भाग्यं** m. (-यः) 1. An heir, a co-heir. 2. Royal revenue. n. (-यं) 1. Fate, destiny, luck. 2. Good-luck. 3. Property. **भज्** and **ज्ये** to be taken, or **धेय** aff.

**भाग्य** n. (-यं) 1. The period, during which the sun passes through the twelve signs of the zodiac, thence by ellipsis, the zodiac. 2. The circumference of a great circle. **भज्** to divide, aff. **कृञ्** ।

**भाग्यवत्ता** f. (-ता) The secondary use of a word in which part of the primary meaning is retained.

**भागवत** f. (-तः) Adj. 1. Relating to or worshipping of VISHN'U or KRISHN'A. 2. Holy, sacred. m. (-तः) A devotee of the said deity. n. (-तः) Name of one of the eighteen Pura'nas.

**भागवत्** Ind. According to a share or portion, in parts or portions. **भज्** and **वत्** aff.

**भागहर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Taking a part, sharing. m. (-रः) 1. A co-heir. 2. (In arithmetic,) Division. **भज्** and **हर** who or what takes.

**भागधिन्** mfn. (-धिन्-धिनी-धिं) Desirous of a share. **भज्** and **धिन्** who seeks.

**भागानुवृत्तजाति** f. (-तिः) Assimilation of fractional increase. **भज**, **अनुवृत्त** accession, **जाति** kind.

**भागप्राप्यजाति** f. (-तिः) Assimilation of fractional decrease. **भज**, **प्राप्य** taking away, **जाति** kind.

**भागिक** mf. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Bearing interest, subject to a deduction for interest. 2. Having a part. 3. Relating to a part. 4. Fractional. **भज्** a part and **ठञ्** aff.

**भागिन्** mfn. (गी-गिनी-गि) 1. Who or what shares. 2. Having parts, consisting of parts or shares. mf. (-गी-गिनी) A co-heir or co-heiress. **भज्** and **चिनुञ्** aff.

**भागिनेय** m. (-यः) A sister's son. **भगिनी** a sister, **ठञ्** aff.

**भागोरघी** f. (-घी) The Ganges. **भगीरथ** a pious monarch, at whose intercession the Ganges first descended from heaven, affs. **चञ्** and **लोप्** ।

**भाषि** m. (-रिः) A celebrated grammarian.

**भाष्य** mfn. (-य्यः-य्या-य्यं) 1. To be portioned or divided. 2. Bearing interest, subject to a deduction of some part on that account. n. (-य्यं) Destiny, fortune, good or ill-luck. **भज्** to divide, **छट्** aff.; or **भाग** a part and **वत्** added.

**भाङ्गक** m. (-कः) A ragged cloth. [खञ् aff.]

**भाङ्गी** mfn. (-गी-गा-गीं) Bearing hemp, (a field, &c.) **भङ्ग** hemp and

**भाङ्ग** r. 10th cl. (भाजयति-ते) To divide, to separate; it is usually employed with **वि** prefixed, especially in a legal sense, as to divide or portion an inheritance.

**भाज्** mfn. (-भाज्) Who or what participates or possesses, used chiefly in composition, as **वज्रभाज्** rich, &c. **भज्** to divide and **विप्** aff.

**भाजक** Ind. Swiftly, quickly.

**भाजक** m. (-कः) 1. Dividing. 2. A divisor.

**भाजन** n. (-नं) 1. Any vessel, as a pot or cup, a plate, &c. 2. A clever, capable or fit person. 3. Sharing, dividing. 4. (In arithmetic,) Division. 5. Representation. 6. A measure equal to sixty-four Palas. **भज्** to serve or share, aff. **कृञ्** ।

**भाजित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Divided, portioned. n. (-तं) A portion, a share. **भज्** to divide, aff. **कृञ्** ।

**भाजी** f. (-जी) Rice, gruel.

**भाज्य** mfn. (-य्यः-य्या-य्यं) Divisible, to be portioned or divided, n.

(-य्यं) 1. A portion, a share, an inheritance. 2. (In arithmetic,) The dividend. **भज्** to divide, aff. **यत्**; or **भज्-य्यत्** aff.

**भादक** m. (-कः) Price, especially paid for the use of any thing or person; wages, hire. **भट्** to hire or maintain, aff. **कृञ्** ।

**भाटि** f. (-टिः) 1. Wages, hire, fee. 2. The gettings of a prostitute. **भट्** to hire, **टञ्** aff.

**भाच** m. (-चः) A sort of dramatic entertainment, described as one, in which one only of the interlocutors appears on the scene; or as the narrative of some intrigue, told either by the hero or a third person. **भच्** to speak, aff. **चञ्** ।

**भाचक** m. (-कः) A proclaimer.

**भाचिका** f. (-का) A comic drama in one act. **भाच** and **कृञ्** dimin. aff.

**भाख** n. (-खं) 1. Any vessel, a pot, a cup, a plate, &c. 2. Any musical instrument. 3. Any implement or utensil. 4. Capital, principal. 5. An ornament in general. 6. An ornament round a horse's neck and breast. 7. The bed of a river, the space between its banks. 8. Mimicry, buffoonery, the practice of the Bha'nda or professional jester. 9. A box, a case, &c. 10. A tool. 11. The stock of a shop-keeper, (hence any valued possession.) m. (-खः) A tree, (Hibiscus propulacoides.) m. plu. Merchandise. **भट्** to be auspicious, aff. **चञ्**; or **भण्** to sound, aff. **ड**, deriv. irr.; or **भख** a jester and **चञ्** aff.

**भाखक** m. (-कः) A cup, a plate, a vessel or utensil. n. (-कं) Goods, merchandize. **भज्** and **कृञ्** added.

**भाखपुट** m. (-टः) A barber. **भज्** a vessel, **पुट्** to rub, aff. **कृ** ।

**भाखपुय** m. (-यः) A sort of snake.

**भाखप्रतिभाखक** m. (-कः) Rule of barter, (in arithmetic.) **भज्** and **प्रति** for, again, **भाखक** goods.

**भाखभरक** m. (-कः) The contents of any vessel. **भज्**, and **भर** what fills. [sounding.]

**भाखवादन** n. (-नं) Playing on musical instruments. **भज्** and **वादन**

**भाखगार** m. (-गः) A store-room, a place where household goods and utensils are kept. n. (-रं) A treasury. **भज्** a vessel and **गार** a house.

**भाखार** n. (-रं) A store-house.

**भाखि** f. (-खिः) A razor-case.

**भाखिक** m. (-कः) A musician, one especially who is to waken the prince or chief in the morning by vocal or instrumental music. **भज्** a vessel, (an instrument,) and **ठञ्** aff. [रति aff.]

**भाखिन्** mfn. (-खि-खिनी-खिं) Having a vessel, utensil, &c. **भज्** and **भाखिवाह** m. (-वः) A barber. **भज्** for **भाख** having a bason and **वाह** who works or labours.

**भाखिल** m. (-खः) A barber. **भज्** a vessel and **वल्** aff.

**भाखोर** m. (-रः) The Indian fig-tree. **भज्** a vessel, **रुट्** to bring, aff. **कृ**; referable perhaps to the legend that describes the infant KRISHN'A, taking his meals under a tree of this kind in the woods of Brinda'bana. [aff.]

**भात्** mfn. (-भात्-भाती-भात्) Shining splendid. **भज्** to shine, **वट्**

**भात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Shone, bright, resplendent. m. (-तः) Morning. dawn. **भज्** to shine, aff. **कृ**.

**भाति** f. (-तिः) 1. Light, brightness. 2. Perception, knowledge.

**भातु** m. (-तुः) The sun. **भज्** to shine, **तुन्** Una'di aff.

**भाद्र** m. (-द्रः) The name of a month, (August-September,) when the moon is full near the wing of Pegasus. **भट्** for **वद्रपदा** and **चञ्** aff: see the next.

**भाद्रपद** m. (-पः) The month Bha'dra. **भज्** the asterism and **चञ्** aff. f. (-दा) A name common to the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh lunar asterisms, distinguished by the epithets prior and subsequent or पूर्व and उत्तर; see पूर्वभाद्रपद, &c. **भज्** said to mean a cow, and **पद** foot, **चञ्** added optionally; whence it is often read वद्रपदा ।

अरुणः m. (-रः) The son of a virtuous and loyal mother. ३. अरु auspicious, अरु a mother, अरि, अरु । [३. अर, अरुट् aff.]  
 अरुणः n. (-रः) The act of growing visible. २. Light, lustre. ३. Perception.  
 अरु m. (-रुः) १. The sun. २. Light. ३. A ray of light. ४. A master. ५. A sovereign, a prince. ६. The father of the fifteenth Jaina pontiff.  
 ७. Beauty. ८. A day. ९. An epithet of Ś'iva. f. (-रुः) A handsome woman. ३. अरु to shine, Una'di aff. वु ।  
 अरुणः f. (-रुः) The plantain, (Musa sapientum.) ३. अरु the sun, अरु the fruit ; being offered in the worship of the sun.  
 अरुणः mfn. (-रुण-रुणी-रुन्) १. Luminous, splendid, resplendent. २. Beautiful, handsome. m. (-रुण) The sun. ३. अरु light, अरुण poss. aff.  
 अरुणः m. (-रुः) Sunday. ३. अरु the sun and अरु a day.  
 अरुणि m. (-रुनिः) The sun. ३. अरु light, अरुणि circumference. "अरुणिच १"  
 अरु mfn. (-रुः अरु-रु) Bright, (as a planet.) ३. अरु and अरु light.  
 अरु r. 1st cl. (अरुन) r. 10th cl. (अरुनरि) To be angry or wrathful, to be impatient.  
 अरु m. (-रुः) १. Passion, anger, wrath. २. Light, lustre. ३. The sun. ४. A sister's husband. f. (-रु) A passionate woman. ३. अरु to shine, and अरु Una'di aff., or अरु to be angry, aff. अरु ।  
 अरु m. (-रुः) A sister's husband. ३. अरु added to the preceding.  
 अरु mfn. (-रु-रुणी-रुनि) Angry, passionate. f. (-रुणी) A passionate woman. ३. अरु passion, अरुनि aff.  
 अरु m. (-रुः) १. A weight of gold, equal to two thousand Palas. २. A yoke for carrying burden. ३. A name of Viṣṇu. ४. A weight, a burthen. ५. Excess. ६. Labour, toil, trouble. ३. अरु to nourish, aff. अरु ।  
 अरु n. (-रुः) १. Bha'rata-varsha or India proper, so called from Bha-rata, the son of Dushyanta, whose patrimony it was. (३. अरु the the prince and अरु aff.) २. The great sacred epic-poem of the Hindus. (३. अरु weight, अरु aff., अरुः having been put by the Rishis in a scale and weighed against the four Vēdas which it was found to outweigh ; thence its usual prefix of Mahā or great : a special grammatical rule, however, derived it from अरु the prince so named, because the war narrated in it occurred amongst his descendants.) m. (-रुः) An actor, a mime. २. A name of fire. ३. A descendant of Bha'rata. f. (-रुणी) १. The goddess of speech; २. Speech. ३. A quail. ४. A branch of the dramatic art, dramatic recitation or declamation, the delivery of the dialogue that is composed in elaborate Sanskrit stanzas. ३. अरु the inventor of the Indian drama, aff. अरु ; or the name of a sage, whose devotions brought the goddess SARASWATĪ from heaven ; or again, अरु to nourish, aff. अरुच, fem. aff. अरुच ।  
 अरुणी f. (-रुणी) १. The goddess of speech. २. Speech, eloquence. ३. A quail. ४. A particular kind of style. ३. अरु, अरुच aff.  
 अरुणः m. (-रुः) १. A name of Droṇa, the military preceptor of the Kurus and Paṇḍus. २. One of the seven Rishis. ३. A name of the Muni AGASTYA. ४. The son of VRIHASPATĪ. ५. A sky-lark. n. (-रुः) A bone. f. (-रुणी) Wild-cotton. ३. अरुण a lark, and अरु pleonastic or derivative aff.; in the latter case it refers to a legend of the Rishi BHARADWAJA having been nursed by a lark, in consequence of being abandoned at his birth by his natural parents.  
 अरु m. (-रुः) A lark.  
 अरुणि f. (-रुनिः) A pole or yoke for carrying burdens ; a stick carried over the shoulder, with strings attached to either end of it, forming at their lower extremity a noose, in which the articles to be conveyed are suspended. ३. अरु a burthen and अरुणि a stick.  
 अरु n. (-रुः) A bow-string. f. (-रुणी) Holy-basil. ३. अरु a weight, अरु to take, aff. अरु । [अरु and अरुण aff.]  
 अरुणः mfn. (-रुण-रुणी-रुन्) Loaded, burthened, bearing a burthen. ३.

अरुणः m. (-रुः) A porter, a bearer of burthens. ३. अरु a burthen to bear, aff. अरु ।  
 अरुणः m. (-रुः) A beast of burthen, (as a camel, &c.) n. (-रुः) A vehicle for burthens, a waggon. ३. अरु and अरुण vehicle.  
 अरुणः mfn. (-रुः अरु-रु) Carrying burthens. m. (-रुः) A porter. ३. अरुण and अरु aff.  
 अरुणः m. (-रुणी) A porter. ३. अरु and अरुणि who bears.  
 अरुणि m. (-रुनिः) The name of a poet, the author of the Kira'ta'rjunīyā.  
 अरुणः m. (-रुः) A fragrant substance, commonly Ka'kahi, considered variously as a vegetable or mineral product.  
 अरुणः mfn. (-रुः अरु-रु) १. Able to carry loads. २. Fit for the yoke. ३. अरु and अरु what bears.  
 अरुणः m. (-रुः) A porter. ३. अरु a burthen, and अरु who takes, from अरु with अरु aff.; also with अरु aff., अरुण and अरु added, अरुणरु ; or with अरुच, अरुणरुच ।  
 अरुणः m. (-रुः) १. A porter. २. Carrying a load. ३. See the last.  
 अरुणरुणि mfn. (-रुः अरु-रु-रु) Bearing a load, relating or referring to it, &c. ३. अरुणरु and अरु aff.  
 अरुणः mfn. (-रुः अरु-रु) Loaded, laden, bearing a burthen. f. (-रुणी) A species of the Atyshti metre. ३. अरु and अरुण overcome.  
 अरुणि m. (-रुनिः) A lion. ३. अरु to threaten, aff. अरु । [aff.]  
 अरुणि m. (-रुनिः) A porter. f. (-रुणी) Adj. Heavy. ३. अरु a burthen, अरुच ।  
 अरुणि m. (-रुणी) A porter, ३. अरु a burthen and अरुणि aff. [taking up.]  
 अरुणरुच n. (-रुच) Taking up or bearing a burthen. ३. अरु and अरुच अरुणरुच n. (-रुच) Bearing a load. ३. अरु, and अरुचन uplifting.  
 अरुणः m. (-रुः) १. A name of PARASURA'MA. २. A name of SUKRA regent of VENUS, and preceptor of the Titans or demons. ३. An archer. ४. An elephant. f. (-रुणी) १. The goddess PA'RVATĪ. २. The goddess LAKSHMĪ. ३. Bent grass, (Panicum dactylon, the Agrostis linearis of LINNÆUS ; according to the Hindus, and black variety.) ३. अरु a Muni, the ancestor of PARASURA'MA, &c. and अरु aff. of descent.  
 अरुणः m. (-रुः) The diamond. ३. अरुण SUKRA, and अरुण fond of.  
 अरुणी f. (-रुणी) A shrub, (Siphonanthus Indiae.) ३. अरुण BRAHMA, and अरु aff. ; sacred to that deity. "अरुणरुणि" ।  
 अरुणी f. (-रुणी) Wild-cotton. ३. A various reading of अरुणरुणी ।  
 अरुणि m. (-रुनिः) A servant. [३. अरु to nourish, अरु aff.]  
 अरुणि f. (-रुणी) A wife, espoused according to the ritual of the Vēdas.  
 अरुणि m. (-रुः) A man who lets out his wife for prostitution. ३. अरुणि wife, अरु to go, aff. अरु ; who lives by his wife.  
 अरुणि m. (-रुः) १. A henpecked husband, one over-ruled by his wife. २. A kind of deer. ३. अरुणि a wife, अरु to go or be with, aff. अरु, अरुणि, and अरु added.  
 अरुणि m. (-रुनिः) १. Adultery. २. Connubial intercourse. ३. अरुणि, and अरुणि approaching.  
 अरुणि n. (-रुनिः) The condition or state of a wife. ३. अरुणि, and अरु aff.  
 अरुणि m. dual only. (-रुणी) Husband and wife. ३. अरुणि wife, and अरुणि a husband.  
 अरुणि m. (-रुः) १. The name of a mountain. २. A sort of deer. ३. The father of a child by another man's wife. ३. अरुणि wife, अरु to go to or with, अरु aff.  
 अरुणि m. (-रुः) Married. ३. अरुणि, and अरुणि married.  
 अरुणि m. (-रुः) १. The forehead. २. Darkness. ३. अरुणि to explain, and अरुणि aff. ; a man's fortunes being supposed to be legible on his forehead ; or अरुणि to shine, aff. अरु ।  
 अरुणि n. (-रुनिः) Red lead. ३. अरुणि, and अरुणि appearing ; being used to stain the forehead with particular lines, and marks.  
 अरुणि m. (-रुच) A name of Ś'iva. ३. अरुणि and अरुणि the eye, having the third eye in his forehead ; also similar compounds, as अरुणिच, &c.  
 अरुणि m. (-रुः) १. A sort of fish, commonly the Rohita, (Cyprinus

Bhita, HAM.) 2. A saw. 3. A sort of potherb. 4. A man born with  
y lines on his forehead. 5. A tortoise. 6. A name of S'iva. E.  
भावा the forehead, and चङ्क a spot or mark.

भावा m. (-लः) The sun. E. भू-लुक् रत्न लः।

भावाक m. (-कः) A bear. E. भङ्ग to injure, aff. लुक् or लङ्, whence  
also भावाक; and with लङ् aff. भङ्गक, भङ्गक, &c. q. v. also भावुक  
and भावुक।

भाव m. (-वः) 1. State or condition of being. 2. Natural state of being,  
innate property, disposition, nature. 3. Meaning, purpose, inten-  
tion. 4. Mind, soul. 5. State or affection of mind, emotion, pass-  
ion, sentiment, especially as an object of amatory and dramatic  
poetry; two kinds of Bhāvas are usually enumerated, the St'hayī  
and Vya'bhichāri; the first of which comprehends eight varieties,  
and the second thirty-three; the list blends both feelings and  
effects, and sorrow, and sleep, and passion, and death, &c. are  
equally classed amongst the Bhāvas; dramatic writers add two  
other classes, the Vibhāvas or preceding states of mind, leading  
to a particular condition of mind or body, and Anubhāvas the  
external signs of any state of mind. 6. Birth. 7. Act, action. 8.  
Movement, gesture. 9. Wanton sport or pastime. 10. Corporeal  
expression of amorous sentiments; or love, of which the origin and  
effects are ascribed to the organs of the body. 11. Thing, sub-  
stance. 12. A being, a living thing. 13. The place of birth, or  
pudendum muliebne. 14. Superhuman power. 15. The abstract  
idea conveyed by any word. 16. The simple idea derived from  
the root, as expressed in one class of derivatives, as a going, a  
doing, &c. 17. Advice, instruction. 18. A learned man, a pandit,  
(in theatrical language; but especially applied to the manager,  
or principal performer.) 19. Venerable, respectable. 20. The world,  
the universe. 21. An organ of sense or passion. E. भू to be,  
aff. लङ्।

भावक m. (-कः) The external expression of amatory sentiments. f. (-का)  
Adj. 1. Effecting. 2. Promoting any one's welfare. 3. Imagining.  
4. Having a poetical taste. E. कृ added to the last.

भावक m. (-कः) Love, KA. M. E. भाव sentiment and कृ produced.

भावत mfn. (-तः-तो-त) Yours, your honour's. E. भवत् you, and लङ् aff.

भावता mfn. (-ताः-ता-ता) Yours, (but used respectfully.) your honour's,  
E. भवत् you, and लङ् aff.

भावत nf. (-तः-त) 1. Mental perception, recollection, the present con-  
sciousness of past ideas or perceptions. 2. Imagination. 3. Religi-  
ous and abstract meditation. 4. Looking about, (literally or figur-  
atively,) observing, investigating. 5. Causing to be. 6. Decorating  
any person or object with flowers, perfume, &c., scenting, anoint-  
ing. 7. Steeping, infusion, especially repeatedly drying the article  
by day and keeping it moist at night. 8. (In arithmetic,) Composi-  
tion. 9. (In law,) Ascertainment, proof. E. भू to be, in the causal  
form, to bring present or into being, aff. लिङ्-लुङ्।

भावकीचक m. (-कः) The sign or indication of any sentiment or passion.  
E. भाव sentiment, and वीचक what indicates.

भावयत् mfn. (-यत्-यतो-यत्) Flattering, imagining, calling to mind. E. भू  
to be, causal v., इट् aff. [variety of colour.]

भावयलता f. (-ता) Co-existence of various emotions. E. भाव and यलता  
भावयति f. (-ति) Allaying any transitory or incidental emotion. E. भाव  
and यति quieting.

भावसंयुति f. (-ति) Purification of the natural condition or quality. E.  
भाव and संयुति qualification.

भावसंयुति m. (-ति) Co-existence of two emotions. E. भाव and संयुति union.

भावसंयुति mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Of restrained purpose or thought, abstract-  
derout. E. भाव and संयुति collected.

भावाट m. (-टः) 1. The external expression or indication of amatory

feeling. 2. A pious or holy man. 3. An actor. 4. A libidinous man.  
5. Dress, decoration. E. भाव the sentiment or disposition, चङ्क  
go with, aff. लङ् or लङ्।

भावानुम mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Natural, simple, not forced or assumed. f. (-ना)  
A shadow. E. भाव and अनुम according to. [appearance.]

भावानुम m. (-नः) Simulation of feeling or emotion. E. भाव and अनुम

भावार्थ m. (-र्थः) 1. The simple inherent or abstract meaning of words.  
2. The obvious purport of a phrase or sentence. E. भाव and अर्थ  
sense. [preserved.]

भावानुम mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Tender, compassionate. E. भाव and अनुम what

भाविक mfn. (-कः-का-की-क) 1. Natural, innate. 2. Sentimental, relating  
to feeling, &c. 3. Future. n. (-कः) A figure of rhetoric, describing  
the past or future as present. E. भाव and लङ् aff.; or कृ to be, causal  
v., लङ् लुङ् aff.

भावित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Occupied with, pervaded by, having as an in-  
herent or pervading property. 2. Animated, inspired. 3. Imagined,  
conceived. 4. Perfumed, scented. 5. Mixed, (with any thing as an  
ingredient, as asafetida or other fragrant substances in curry, &c.)  
6. Obtained, got. 7. Promised, agreed, acknowledged. 8. Steeped,  
infused, digested, &c. 9. (In arithmetic,) Supposed, as the product  
of unknown quantities. E. कृ to be, passive or causal v., aff. लङ्।

भावितवत् mfn. (-वत्-वतो-वत्) 1. Imagining, conceiving. 2. Infusing, &c.  
E. भू to be, causal v., लङ् लुङ् aff.

भावितानुम mfn. (-ना-ना-न) 1. Intent upon, engaged in. 2. Meditative.  
3. One whose soul is purified by meditation on the universal soul.  
E. भावित pervaded, आनुम spirit.

भावित n. (-तः) The three worlds; earth, heaven and hell collectively. E.  
भू to exist, चिदन् Unā'di aff.

भावित mfn. (-तो-विनी-वि) Future, what will be or what is about to be,  
proximately future. f. (-नी) A wanton woman. E. भू to be, Unā'di  
aff. चिनि। [rising]

भावोदय m. (-यः) Accession or occurrence of emotions. E. भाव, उदय

भावुक mfn. (-कः-को-क) 1. Happy, well, right. 2. Actually being and dis-  
posed to be. 3. (In composition with other nouns.) Becoming what  
it was not before, as द्वाकाभावुक one who becomes rich. n. (-कः) 1.  
Happiness, auspiciousness. 2. Language full of passions. m. (-कः)  
A sister's husband, (in theatrical language.) E. भू to be, aff.  
लङ्; used in composition, the aff. is लङ् लुङ्।

भाव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) 1. What must, will, or ought to be. 2. To be in-  
vestigated or determined. E. भू to be, aff. लुङ्।

भाष् (-व्) भाषृ r. 1st cl. (भाषते) To speak: with परि prefixed, to explain.  
to expound; with सम् to discourse, to converse.

भाष n. (-वः) 1. Speaking, speech. 2. Declaration of satisfaction at the  
end of a drama. E. भाष् to speak, लुट् aff.

भाषत् mfn. (-वत्-वतो-वत्) Speaking, saying. E. भाष and इट् aff.

भाषनाच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Speaking, saying. E. भाष् to speak, आनुम aff.

भाषा f. (-वा) 1. Speech. 2. A language. 3. Common or vernacular speech.

4. A charge, (in law.) 5. SARASWATĪ, the goddess of speech.

6. One of the Rā'ginis. E. भाष् to speak, affs. लङ् and टाप्।

भाषापाद n. (-दः) The plaint, the charge, the first of the four divisions of  
a law suit. E. भाषा speech, averment, and पाद quarter, division.

भाषासम m. (-नः) A figure of rhetoric, arrangement of a sentence so  
that it is both Sanskrit and Prākṛita. E. भाषा and सम same.

भाषित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Spoken, uttered, said. n. (-तः) Speech. E. भाष्  
to speak, aff. लङ्।

भाष्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) To be said or spoken. n. (-व्यः) 1. A com-  
mentary, but particularly the explanation and application of a  
technical Sūtra or aphorism; hence applied to many of the anno-  
tations on the grammatical aphorisms of Pāṇini, to comments  
on the Vēdās, &c. 2. A sort of building. E. भाष् to speak, लुट् aff.

भाष्यकर m. (रः) A commentator or expounder of technical texts or aphorisms; commonly applied as an epithet of PA'TANJALI, the author of the Mahābhāṣya or commentary on the annotations of KĀ'TYA'YANA, on P'ANINI's grammatical aphorisms. ३. भाष्य as above, and कार who makes; also with कृत्, भाष्यकृत् the same.

भाष्यमात्र mfn. (रः-भा-च) Being spoken to or addressed. ३. भास् to speak, pass. v., भास्य aff.

भास् (च) भास् r. 1st cl. (भासते) To shine. With प्र and नि prefixed, To appear to, to seem likely or probable to. [shine, aff. क्तिप्]

भास् f. (भाः) 1. Light. 2. A ray of light. 3. Wish, desire. ३. भास् to shine mfn. (रः-भा) Light, lustre, shining. m. (रः) 1. A vulture. 2. A sort of bird described as a water-fowl. 3. A cook. 4. A station of cowherds. 5. Faucy. ३. भास् to shine, चक् aff. [a poet.

भास् f. (सिक्ता) 1. Illuminating. 2. Making evident. m. (रः) Name of भास् mfn. (रः-भा-च) 1. Beautiful, handsome. 2. Shining, splendid. m. (रः) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. A kind of water-fowl. mf. (रः-भा) A star. ३. भास् to shine, कृत् Una'di aff.

भास्यन् mfn. (रः-भा-यन्-यन्) Shining, radiant. ३. भास् to shine, यद् aff.

भास्यन् n. (रः) Light, lustre. ३. भास् to shine, चक्तिप् aff.

भास्य m. (रः) The sun. ३. भास् to shine, Una'di aff. चक्.

भास्य mfn. (रः-भा-र) Shining, splendid. n. (रः) A species of Costus, (U. speciosus). m. (रः) 1. Crystal. 2. A hero. ३. भास् to shine, चक् aff.

भास् mfn. (रः-भा-र) Resplendent, shining. m. (रः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. A hero. 4. The name of a celebrated astronomer. n. (रः) Gold. ३. भा light, and कृत् to make, चक् aff., and स inserted.

भास्त्रिय n. (रः) The ruby. ३. भास्त्र the sun, and त्रिय fond of. "पद्मराग".

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-त्र) Ashy, ashen, made or consisting of ashes. ३. भास्त्र and चक् aff.

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) Luminous, splendid, shining. m. (रः-भा-सु) 1. The sun. 2. Light. 3. A hero. f. (रः-सु-सु) The city of the sun. ३. भास्त्र light, सत् aff.

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) Shining, radiant. m. (रः) 1. The sun. 2. A day. n. (रः) A sort of Costus, (U. speciosus). ३. भास्त्र to shine, चक् aff.

भास् r. 1st cl. (भासते) 1. To beg. 2. To obtain. 3. To fail of obtaining. 4. To solicit any thing through cupidity or covetousness. 5. To be weary or distressed.

भास्त्र n. (रः) Begging, asking alms. ३. भास्त्र to beg, कृत् aff.

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) Asking, begging. ३. भास्त्र to beg, कृत् aff.

f. (रः) 1. Service. 2. Hire, wages. 3. Begging, asking. 4. The thing obtained by begging, alms. 5. A mouthful or handful of food, given as alms. ३. भास्त्र to beg or obtain by begging, चक् and टाप् affs.

भास्त्र m. (रः-भा-सु) A mendicant, a beggar. ३. भास्त्र alms, and कृत् कृत्

भास्त्र m. (रः-भा-सु) A mendicant, a beggar. ३. भास्त्र alms, चक् to go, aff. ट.

भास्त्र n. (रः) Begging, mendicancy. m. (रः) A mendicant. ३. भास्त्र alms, and चटन going about for.

भास्त्र n. (रः) Food obtained as alms. ३. भास्त्र, and चटन food.

भास्त्र n. (रः) A beggar's bowl, a vessel for collecting alms. ३. भास्त्र, and चटन a vessel.

भास्त्र n. (रः) 1. Profligacy, roguery. 2. Mendicancy, subsisting on alms. ३. भास्त्र a beggar, कृत् abstract aff.

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) 1. A beggar, a mendicant, subsisting on alms. 2. Dishonest. ३. भास्त्र alms, चक् to eat, aff. चिन्ति.

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) Fit for a beggar. ३. भास्त्र, and चक् fit for.

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) Begged, sought as alms. ३. भास्त्र to beg, कृत् aff.

m. (रः) The mendicant; the Hindu who has entered the fourth order and subsists wholly upon alms. 2. The fourth order of the Hindus. 3. A Baud'dha mendicant. ३. भास्त्र to beg, aff. चक्.

भास्त्र m. (रः-भा-सु) A beggar. ३. भास्त्र a beggar, कृत् added; or भास्त्र-कृत्. भास्त्र-कृत् f. (रः-भा-सु) Old or ragged raiment, the garb of a beggar. ३. भास्त्र a beggar, कृत् with, चट to endeavour, affs. चक् and कृत्.

भास्त्र m. (रः) Scattering alms. ३. भास्त्र alms, कृत् before, कृत् to scatter, aff. चक्.

भास्त्र n. (रः) 1. A part, a portion. 2. A fragment, a bit. 3. A wall, a partition. ३. भास्त्र to divide, aff. कृत्, form irr.

भास्त्र f. (रः-भा-सु) 1. A wall of earth or masonry. 2. A thing broken or divided. 3. A place, a part. 4. Opportunity, occasion. 5. An asylum. 6. Breaking, tearing, dividing. 7. A flaw, a defect. 8. A rent, a fissure. 9. A fragment, a bit, a broken piece or part. 10. A mat. ३. भास्त्र to divide, to break, to tear, &c. aff. कृत्. [preceding.

भास्त्र f. (रः-भा-सु) 1. A wall. 2. A small house-lizard. ३. कृत् added to the भास्त्र-कृत् m. (रः) A house-breaker. ३. भास्त्र a wall and चोर a thief; the mud-wall of the Hindu cottages being easily and commonly cut through, for buglarious purposes.

भास्त्र m. (रः) A rat.

[pieces.

भास्त्र (रः) भास्त्र r. 7th cl. (भास्त्र-भास्त्र) To break, to break or tear to भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) Who or what breaks, divides, severs, destroys, &c. f. (भास्त्र or भास्त्र) 1. Kind, sort, difference. 2. Breaking, dividing. ३. भास्त्र to break, aff. कृत्.

भास्त्र m. (रः) A sword. n. (रः) 1. INDRA's thunderbolt. 2. A diamond. ३. भास्त्र to break, aff. कृत्.

भास्त्र f. (रः) 1. Tearing, rending. 2. Coriander. 3. Separation. 4. Difference. 5. Kind, species. ३. भास्त्र to divide, aff. चक् and टाप्. [भास्त्र.

भास्त्र m. (रः) INDRA's thunderbolt. ३. भास्त्र to break, Una'di aff. कृत्; also भास्त्र n. (रः) INDRA's thunderbolt. ३. भास्त्र to break or split, कृत् Una'di aff.

भास्त्र m. (रः) The thunderbolt of INDRA. ३. भास्त्र to split, Una'di aff. कृत्.

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) 1. Brittle. 2. Breaking. 3. Mixed. n. (रः) The thunderbolt. m. (रः) The Plaksha-tree. ३. भास्त्र to break, (the earth, the mountains, &c.) कृत् aff.

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) To be, or what may be broken. ३. भास्त्र to break, कृत् aff.

[aff.

भास्त्र m. (रः) A river, a male river. ३. भास्त्र to break, (its banks), कृत्

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) 1. Being divided, pierced, broken, &c. 2. Being separated or distinguished. ३. भास्त्र to break, pass. v., कृत् aff.

भास्त्र mn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) The thunderbolt. ३. भास्त्र to break, Una'di aff. कृत्; also भास्त्र, भास्त्र, &c. [aff.

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) Breaking, destroying. ३. भास्त्र to break, कृत्

भास्त्र (रः) भास्त्र m. (रः) 1. A short arrow thrown from the hand, or shot through a tube. 2. A sling, a string-instrument for throwing stones. ३. भास्त्र-कृत् भास्त्र, कृत्.

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) 1. Split, broken, torn, rent. 2. Divided, distinguished, other, different. 3. Separated, detached. 4. Blown, budded, opened. 5. Neglected, deviated from. 6. Loosened. 7. Pounded. 8. Deprived of. 9. Furious, in rut, (as an elephant.) m. (रः) A flaw in a jewel. n. (रः) 1. A bit, a portion. 2. (In arithmetic,) A fraction. ३. भास्त्र to break, to divide, aff. कृत्.

भास्त्र m. (रः) A heterodox sectary, a Baud'dha, a seceder. ३. भास्त्र broken, separated, and कृत् aff.

भास्त्र m. (रः) A kind of cucumber, (Cucumis utilissimus.) ३. भास्त्र divided, कृत् the body, aff. of comparison कृत्. [ing.

भास्त्र m. (रः) Multiplication of fractions. ३. भास्त्र, and कृत् multiply.

भास्त्र m. (रः) The cube of a fraction. ३. भास्त्र and कृत् a cube.

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) Wounded. ३. भास्त्र and कृत् body.

भास्त्र mfn. (रः-भा-सु-सु-सु) Wrecked. ३. भास्त्र and कृत् a ship.

भास्त्र m. (रः) Division of fractions. ३. भास्त्र and भास्त्र division.

भास्त्र n. (रः) A pot-sherd, a broken plate or vessel. ३. भास्त्र and भास्त्र a vessel.



to any of the natural enemies of the serpent race, as the ardea, the peacock, the ichneumon, &c. ut infra.

सुजगन्ध m. (-जः) GARUD'A, the bird of VISHN'U. ३. सुजगन्ध a snake, and बन्धन destroyer : see the last. [eats : see सुजगन्धारच ।

सुजगन्धोजिन् m. (-जी) A peacock. ३. सुजगन्ध a snake, and बाधोजिन् who सुजगन्ध m. (-जः) GARUD'A. ३. सुजगन्ध a snake, and बन्धन food.

सुजगन्ध m. (-जः) 1. A snake. 2. A catamite, a lecher. f. (-जी) A female snake. ३. सुजगन्ध a curve, गन् to go, खप् aff. ; also सुजगन्ध ।

सुजगन्धतिनी f. (-नी) A plant considered as an antidote, commonly Kan-kálíka, and said to be a sort of mustard. ३. सुजगन्ध a snake, चातिनी destructive. "सर्पाचोलाताया च ।"

सुजगन्धयान n. (-यं) A species of the Jagati' metre.

सुजगन्ध m. (-सुज्) 1. The bird and vehicle of VISHN'U. 2. A peacock. ३. सुजगन्ध a snake, and सुज् who eats.

सुजगन्धोजिन् m. (-जी) The large Indian serpent, (Boa constrictor.) ३. सुजगन्ध a snake, and भोजिन् who eats ; devouring the smaller races.

सुजगन्ध m. (-जः) A snake. ३. सुज् bending, गन् to go, and खप् aff. ; also सुजगन्ध and सुजगन्ध ।

सुजगन्धविश्रुत n. (-तं) A species of the Utkriti' metre.

सुजगन्धिय m. (-यः) A species of the Vrihati' metre.

सुजगन्धसङ्गता f. (-ता) Another species of the Vrihati' metre. [सुजगन्धारच ।

सुजगन्धन् m. (-न्) GARUD'A. ३. सुजगन्ध a snake, and, बन्धन् who kills : see सुजगन्धोजिन् f. (-जी) A plant, (the ichneumon plant : see राक्षस. ३. सुजगन्ध a snake, बन्धन् to pervade, affs. खप् and जीप् ; otherwise सुजगन्ध and बन्धन् an eye ; the flowers being compared to the eye of the snake.

सुजगन्धाय m. (-यः) A plant, (Mesua ferrea.) ३. सुजगन्ध a snake, and बाधाय a name.

सुजगन्ध f. (-गन्ध) The base sine, (in astronomy) [शिरस् the head. सुजगन्ध n. (-रः) The shoulder, the shoulder blade. ३. सुज् the arm, सुजा f. (-जा) 1. The arm. 2. The land. 3. The coil of a snake.

सुजाकण्ठ m. (-ण्ठः) A finger nail. ३. सुजा the hand, and कण्ठ a thorn.

सुजादल m. (-लः) A hand. ३. सुजा the arm, and दल a leaf.

सुजाक्षर n. (-रः) The breast, the chest. ३. सुज् the arm, and क्षर inter-vening. [pressing.

सुजापीड m. (-डः) Clasping or enfolding in the arms. ३. सुज and बापीड सुजापथ n. (-थः) The elbow.

सुजि m. (-जिः) Fire. ३. सुज् to eat, इन् Unádi aff.

सुजिष m. (-जिषः) A servant, a slave. m. (-जः) 1. An independent man. 2. A string worn round the wrist. 3. A companion. 4. A disease. f. (-जा) 1. A harlot, a whore. 2. A female slave. ३. सुज् to be crooked, Unádi aff. बिषयन् ।

सुजिमान mfn. (-जः-जा-नं) 1. Being enjoyed or possessed. 2. Being eaten. ३. सुज् to enjoy, pass. v., बाधय् aff.

सुज्य m. (-ज्यः) Eating. ३. सुज् to eat, वृप् Unádi aff.

सुज्यन् mfn. (-जः-जा-नं) 1. An enjoyer, a possessor. 2. Eating, feeding. ३. सुज् to enjoy, aff. बाधय् ।

सुज् (र) सुजि r. 1st. cl. (सुज्) 1. To support, to maintain. 2. To select. सुजि f. (-रिक्) The earth. ३. सु to nourish, इजि Unádi aff, and उर substituted for the radical vowel ; also सुजि ।

सुजन् n. (-नं) 1. A world, (they are said to be either three or fourteen in number.) 2. Water. 3. Heaven. 4. Man, mankind. 5. The number "fourteen." 6. The earth. ३. सु to be, अनु Unádi aff.

सुजन् m. (-जन्) 1. The sun. 2. The Moon. 3. Fire. 4. A Master or lord. ३. सु to be, Unádi aff. कण्ठय् । [सुजन्, वय triad.

सुजन्ध n. (-न्धः) The three worlds : heaven, atmosphere and earth. ३. सुजन्ध m. (-जन्धः) One of the divisions of the universe, the space between the earth and the sun, and the haunt of the Siddhas, Munis and other saintly beings. ३. सुजन्ध heaven, and लोका world.

सुजन् Ind. Heaven, æther, sky, or atmosphere. ३. सु to be, Unádi aff. वयन् ।

सुजिन् n. (-रिः) The ocean. ३. सु to be, Unádi aff. इजि, and the radical vowel changed.

सुजिन्ध f. (-न्धः) A weapon, apparently a kind of fire arms or rocket. सु r. 1st. cl. (वरति) 1. To be, to become, to exist. 2. To be born or produced. r. 10th cl. (वारयति) 1. To mix. 2. To think. 3. To be clear or pure. r. 1st and 10th cls. (वरति-ने वारयति-ने) To obtain.

The first form of this root takes most of the prefixes, and then possesses a great variety of applications. With वरि. To rule or preside over. With वरु. 1. To feel, to apprehend or perceive. 2. To do, to make. 3. To enjoy. 4. To investigate. With वरि. 1. To overcome. 2. To pain or afflict. With वर, To be born or produced. With वरा To be vanquished. With वर, 1. To become manifest, to appear, to come into sight or existence. 2. To be equal to in personal conflict, to be a match for. 3. To rule, to be supreme, to preside over. 4. To be beyond or over. 5 To proceed. With वरि, To be substitute for. With वरि, 1. To disrespect. 2. To surround. With रि, 1. To see. 2. To uphold. 3. To prove. 4. To have majesty or power. With रि and वरि, वरिभरने, To be mutually or reciprocally. With वरु. 1. To be possible. 2. To exist, to be born or produced. 3. To contain. 4. To overcome. 5 To be able or adequate. 6. To associate, to collect, to mix or assemble. 7. To nourish.

सु Adj. (At the end of a compound,) 1. Becoming, springing from, as in निरिभू, विसृभू. &c. 2. Being, existing.

सु f. (-सु) 1. The earth. 2. Place, site, the place of being or abiding. 3. Landed property. 4. The base of a geometrical figure. 5 Subject-matter, subject. 6. The number "one." 7. The first of the three mystical syllables uttered by a Bra'hmana at the beginning of his daily prayers. 8. Sacrificial-fire. Ind. (सु) The lowest of the seven hellas. ३. सु to be, aff. इप् ।

सु mn. (-जः-कं) 1. A hole, a chasm. 2. Time. 3. Darkness. 4. A spring. ३. सु to be, Unádi aff. कण्ठ ।

सुन्दर m. (-जः) A plant, (Ligusticum ajwaen.) ३. सु the earth, and कण्ठ nauclea. "कोकसिमा" ।

सुन्दर m. (-जः) An earthquake. ३. सु the earth, and कण्ठ a trembling.

सुन्दर m. (-जः) (In astronomy,) The radius of the equator. ३. सु, कण्ठ a sine.

सुन्दर m. (-जः) A restiff unmanageable horse.

सुन्दर m. (-जः) A name of VASUDEVA, the father of KRISHN'A. ३. सु the earth, and कण्ठ KASYAPA ; being an incarnation of that personage.

सुन्दर m. (-जः) 1. A small kind of heron. 2. A kind of pigeon. 3. The curlew. ३. सु earth, and कण्ठ a crow.

सुन्दर m. (-जः) 1. An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria octandra.) 2. The Indian-fig. f. (-जा) A plant, (Serratula anthelmintica.) f. (-जी) A Rákshasi or female goblin. ३. सु the earth, and कण्ठ hair.

सुन्दर m. (-जिन्-चिन्) A hog. ३. सु the earth, चिन् to destroy, aff. इप् सुज् added.

सुन्दर m. (-जं) A name of BHAVABHUT, the author of the Málati Ma'dhava, and other dramas. ३. सु the earth, नन्त foetus.

सुन्दर n. (-रः) Poison. ३. सु and नर poison.

सुन्दर m. (-जः) The terrestrial globe, the earth. ३. सु the earth, गोल a ball or globe. [circle.

सुन्दर n. (-जं) (In astronomy,) The equinoctial line. ३. सु and वय a सुन्दर f. (-जा) 1. The shadow of the earth, popularly called Ra'hu. 2. Darkness. ३. सु the earth, and वय shade. [being.

सुन्दर m. (-जः) 1. An earth-worm. 2. An elephant. ३. सु and वय a सुजन्ध f. (-जन्धः) 1. Wheat. 2. The fruit of the Vikaukata, (Flacourtia sapida.) ३. सु the earth, and वय rose-apple.

सुत mfn. (-जः-जा-नं) 1. Been, become. 2. Being, existing. 3. Gone, past. 4. (In composition,) Like, resembling. 5. Obtained, got. 6. Pro-

per, right. 7. True. 8. Known. 9. Mixed. *mn.* (-तः-तः) 1. A goblin, a ghost, a malignant spirit, haunting cemeteries, lurking in trees, animating carcasses and deluding or devouring human beings. 2. A living being. *m.* (-तः) 1. A son, a child. 2. A demi-god of a particular class. 3. The fourteenth day of the dark half of the lunar month. 4. A name of Ś'iva. *n.* (-तः) 1. An element; five Bhu'tas are enumerated: earth, fire, water, air and A'kās or ether. 2. (In law,) Fact, matter of fact, the real state of the case, or what has actually been. 3. The past. 4. Welfare. 5. The world. 6. The number "five," (in math.) *z.* भू to be, aff. क्त of the participle past.

**भूतक्षेत्र** *f.* (-क्षेत्र) The white basil. *z.* भूत a spirit and क्षेत्र hair.

**भूतक्रान्ति** *f.* (-क्रान्ति) Possession by evil spirits. *z.* भूत a goblin, क्रान्ति going.

**भूतगण** *m.* (-गण) A class of spirits or goblins. *z.* भूत and गण a troop.

**भूतगन्ध** *f.* (-गन्ध) Mura, a sort of perfume. *z.* भूत a goblin, and गन्ध a perfume; used perhaps in the ceremonies with which those beings are worshipped.

**भूतगण** *m.* (-गण) Any aggregate of elementary matter, the body, the world. *z.* भूत and गण a heap.

**भूतज** *m.* (-जः) 1. A camel. 2. Garlic. *f.* (-जः) 1. A plant, commonly Mundi'ri'. 2. Holy basil. *z.* भूत a spirit, and ज what destroys or removes.

**भूतचतुर्दशी** *f.* (-दशी) The fourteenth day of the second half of Kārtic.

**भूतजटा** *f.* (-जटा) Indian spikenard, (*Valeriana jatāmānsi*.) *z.* भूत a goblin, and जटा clustered locks. [इयं clemency.]

**भूतदया** *f.* (-या) Compassion or tenderness to all creatures. *z.* भूत and भूतधारी *f.* (-धारी) The earth. *z.* भूत a living being, and धारी a nurse.

**भूतनाथ** *m.* (-थः) Ś'iva. *z.* भूत a spirit of element, and नाथ lord.

**भूतनायिका** *f.* (-का) DURGĀ'. *z.* भूत a spirit, and नायिका leader.

**भूतनाशन** *m.* (-नः) 1. Marking-nut plant, (*Semicarpus anacardium*.) 2. mustard. *n.* (-नः) The Eleocarpus seed. *z.* भूत a goblin, and नाशन dispelling.

**भूतपुष्प** *m.* (-पुष्प) A plant, (*Bignonia Indica*.) *z.* भूत a spirit, पुष्प a flower.

**भूतपूर्णिमा** *f.* (-मा) Day of full-moon in A'shwin. *z.* भूत a spirit, and पूर्णिमा full moon; the Bhu'tas being worshipped in this day.

**भूतपूर्व** *Ind.* Formerly.

**भूतबलि** *f.* (-बलि) Throwing the remnants of an offering on the ground for animals and outcasts, &c. *z.* भूत and बलि an offering.

**भूतभर्तृ** *mfn.* (-भर्ता भू-भर्तृ) Supporting the elements, living beings. *z.* भूत and भर्तृ who cherishes.

**भूतभाव** *mfn.* (-वः-भावः) Elementary. *z.* भूत and भाव a nature.

**भूतभृत्** *mfn.* (-भृत्) Supporting the elements, living beings. *z.* भूत and भृत् sustaining. [ment.]

**भूतमात्र** *nf.* (-मात्र) The rudiment of an element. *z.* भूत and मात्र ele-

**भूतयज्ञ** *m.* (-यज्ञः) 1. Offering viands, &c. to all created beings. 2. Worshipping evil spirits. *z.* भूत and यज्ञ sacrifice.

**भूतल** *n.* (-लः) The earth, the surface of the earth. *z.* भू and ल below.

**भूतवत्** *mfn.* (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Being, been. *z.* भू to be, वत् aff.

**भूतवास** *m.* (-वासः) Beleric myrobalan, (*Terminalia belerica*.) *z.* भूत a goblin, and वास abode. [change.]

**भूतविक्रिया** *f.* (-या) Epilepsy, possession by evil spirits. *z.* भूत and विक्रिया

**भूतविद्या** *n.* (-या) Demonology.

**भूतवृक्ष** *m.* (-वृक्षः) 1. A tree, (*Trophis aspera*.) 2. A species of Bignonia, (*B. Indica*.) *z.* भूत a goblin and वृक्ष a tree.

**भूतवित्री** *f.* (-त्री) A species of the Nibā'ri (*Nyctanthes tristia*.) with

**भूतसंसार** *m.* (-संसारः) Possession by evil spirits. *f.* (-री) Fire in a forest. *z.* (वित्री)।

भूत a goblin, सं with, वत् to go, aff. वत्; also भूतसंसारिन् *f.* white flowers. *z.* भूत a goblin, विद् to pervade, वत् and जोप् affs.

**भूतसंयुक्त** *mfn.* (-युक्तः-युक्तः) Combined with elementary matter. *z.* भूत and संयुक्त united.

**भूतसंयुक्त** *m.* (-युक्तः) A deluge, a drowning of the world. *z.* भूत all beings, and संयुक्त swimming, floating. [संसार world.]

**भूतसंसार** *m.* (-संसारः) The world of mortals. *z.* भूत a sentient being, and

**भूतसरी** *m.* (-सरी) Elementary nature. *z.* भूत and सरी nature.

**भूतस्थ** *mfn.* (-स्थः-स्थः-स्थः) Residing or existing in the elements. *z.* भूत, and स्थ what stays.

**भूतान्** *m.* (-जा) 1. The body. 2. BRAHMA'. 3. A name of Ś'iva. 4. War, conflict. 5. The elementary or vital principle, or the proximate cause of life and action. *z.* भूत an element, आत्मन् self or soul.

**भूतारि** *m.* (-रिः) God, the originator beings. *z.* भूत and आरि first.

**भूतारि** *m.* (-रिः) Asafotida. *z.* भूत and आरि a foe. [आरि] pained.

**भूतार्त** *mfn.* (-रतः-रतः) Possessed by an evil spirit. *z.* भूत a spirit,

**भूतवास** *m.* (-वासः) The body. *z.* भूत and वास abode.

**भूतविष्ट** *mfn.* (-ष्टः-ष्टः-ष्टः) Occupied or possessed by a devil. *z.* भूत a spirit, आरि entered. [and आरि entrance.]

**भूतविष्ट** *m.* (-ष्टः) Possession by a devil or evil spirit. *z.* भूत a goblin,

**भूति** *f.* (-तिः) 1. Power, dignity. 2. Superhuman power, as attributable to Ś'iva especially, and attainable by the practice of austere and magical rites. 3. Prosperity, success. 4. Production, birth. 5. Ashes. 6. Fried meat. 7. The rut of elephants. 8. State of being, &c. 9. Wealth, riches, fortune. 10. Welfare. 11. Decoration of elephant, with coloured stripes. *z.* भू to be, aff. क्त।

**भूतिक** *n.* (-कः) 1. A sort of gentian, (*G. Cherayta*.) 2. A fragrant grass, (*Andropogon schoenanthus*.) 3. Another kind of grass. 4. A medicinal plant, commonly Kattp'hal. 5. *Ligusticum ajwaen*. 6. Camphor. 7. Sandal-wood. *z.* भूत being or spirit, &c. aff. क्त; also भूतीक।

**भूतकाम** *mfn.* (-कामः-कामः) Desirous of wealth, aggrandisement, &c. *m.* (-मः) 1. A king's counsellor, a minister of state. 2. VĪṆĀSPATĪ'. *z.* भूति and काम who desires.

**भूतिकाल** *m.* (-कालः) A happy hour.

**भूतिकौल** *m.* (-कौलः) 1. A moat, a ditch. 2. A cellar, a place under ground for concealing wealth, &c.

**भूतिज्ञ** *n.* (-ज्ञः) Any ceremony of a festive character, as a marriage, &c. *z.* भूति and ज्ञय rite; also भूतिकर्म, &c.

**भूतिगर्भ** *m.* (-गर्भः) BHĀVABHŪ'ṬĪ, the dramatic poet. *z.* भूति superhuman power, and गर्भ embryo, being resuscitated by his contemporary, and rival KĀ'LIDĀ'SA, after having lost his life in an intrigue.

**भूतिय** *mfn.* (-यः-यः-यः) A worshipper of spirits. *z.* भूत, यज् worship.

**भूतिनिधान** *n.* (-निधानः) The twenty-fourth lunar mansion, D'hanisht'hā. *z.* भूति prosperity, and निधान receptacle.

**भूतीक** *n.* (-कः) 1. A sort of gentian. 2. A kind of lovenge, (*Ligusticum ajwaen*.) 3. A fragrant grass, (*Andropogon schoenanthus*.) 4. Another sort of grass. 5. Sandal wood. 6. Camphor. *z.* भूत being, aff. क्त otherwise भूतिक।

**भूदण** *m.* (-णः) A kind of fragrant grass, called "चिप्पण्ड" by the Tailangeese.

**भूदय** *m.* (-यः) Ś'iva. *z.* भूत an imp, ईश lord. [affected.]

**भूतोपहत** *mfn.* (-पहतः-पहतः) Possessed by an evil spirit. *z.* भूत and उपहत

**भूतन** *n.* (-नः) Gold. *z.* भू earth, नन best.

**भूना** *Ind.* Having been or become. *z.* भू to be, ना aff.

**भूदार** *m.* (-रः) A hog. *z.* भू earth, ह to tear, aff. वत्।

**भूदेव** *m.* (-वः) A Brāhman *z.* भू the earth, and देव a divinity.

**भूवन** *m.* (-नः) A king. *z.* भू the earth, and वन wealth.

**भूवर** *m.* (-रः) 1. A mountain. 2. A kind of chemical or medicinal apparatus; a sand bath in which a covered crucible is placed, and the fire is lighted above as well as below it. 3. The number "seven." *z.* भू earth, व to support, aff. वत्।

**भूम** *m.* (-मः) A mountain. *z.* भू the earth, व to hold, aff. वत्, and the vowel changed to its analogous semi-vowel.



भूम m. (-मः) An earth-worm. **भू** the earth, and **भूमि** a snake.  
 भूमि m. (-मः) A species of gentian, commonly cheraytá, (Gentiana cheraytá, Rox.) **भू** the earth, and **भूमि** the Nimba tree.  
 भू m. (-मः) A king, a sovereign. **भू** the earth, and **भू** a leader.  
 भू m. (-मः) A sovereign, a prince, a king. **भू** the earth, **पा** to cherish, aff. **क**।  
 भूति m. (-तिः) A king, a sovereign. **भू** the earth, and **पति** master.  
 भूद m. (-दः) A tree. f. (-द्वी) Arabian jasmine, (Jasminum sambac.) **भू** the earth, and **पद** foot, root.  
 परिभूमि m. (-भिः) 1. The equinoctial line. 2. The circumference of the earth. **भू** and **परिभूमि** a circle. [rishes.  
 भू m. (-मः) A king, a sovereign. **भू** the earth, and **पति** who cherishes.  
 भूमि f. (-मि) S'ITA', the wife of RA'MA. **भू** the earth, and **भूमि** a daughter; being turned up out of the soil by a plough.  
 भूम m. (-मः) A king, a sovereign. **भू** the earth, **भूमि** to enjoy, aff. **विप**। [यत् sustaining.  
 भूम m. (-मः) 1. A king, a sovereign. 2. A mountain. **भू** the earth, **भूमि** n. (-मि) The terrestrial globe.  
 भूम mfn. (-मा-ना-न) Much, many. 2. Wealth. n. (-मः) 1. The earth. 2. A piece of ground. 3. A being. **भू** for **बहु** many, **रमन्ति** aff.  
 भूम mfn. (-मः-यः-यः) Made of or consisting the earth. f. (-यः) A name of Chhaya or shadow personified, the wife of the sun. **भू** earth, and **सयट्** aff.  
 भूमि f. (-मि-मि) 1. The earth. 2. Place, site in general. 3. A district. 4. Land, soil. 5 A story, floor. 6. A site, situation. 7. Attitude, posture. 8. A mask, a character, (in Dramaturgy.) 9 Subject, object. 10. The tongue -11. Abode. 12. The base of any figure in geometry. **भू** to be and **भि** Unádi aff.  
 भूमि f. (-मि) 1. Theatrical dress, the costume of any character, represented on the stage. 2. Decorating images, temples, gateways, &c. 3. A board for writing. 4. A preface, an introduction. 5. A floor. 6. A place. 7. A step, a degree. 8. Earth, soil. **भूमि** place of being, and **कन्** aff. [चम्पक Michelia.  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) A plant, (Kœmpferia rotunda.) **भू** earth, and **भूमि** mfn. (-मः-जा-ज) Born or produced of or on the earth. m. (-मः) 1. The planet MARS. 2. Naraka the demon. 3. A man. f. (-मि) S'ITA', the wife of RA'MA. **भू** earth, and **ज** born.  
 भूमिजम् f. (-मः-जम्) A tree, (Premna herbacea.) **भू** earth, and **जम्** Eugenia; also with **कन्** added to either form, **भूमिजम्** क्ता and **भूमिजम्** क्ता।  
 भूमिजीविन् m. (-मि) The Vais'ya or Hindu of the third or agricultural and mercantile tribe. **भू** the earth, and **जीविन्** who gets a livelihood.  
 भूमिदान n. (-नः) Donation of landed property. **भू** and **दान** gift.  
 भूमिदेव m. (-वः) A Bráhmau. **भू** the earth, and **देव** a divinity.  
 भूमिधर m. (-रः) 1. A mountain, (especially the Kula'chala which is supposed to exist in the seven divisions of the continent.) 2. The number "seven." 3. A king. [protects.  
 भूमिप m. (-पः) A prince, a sovereign. **भू** the earth, and **प** who  
 भूमिप m. (-पः) A horse of a good breed. **भू** the earth, and **प** part or side.  
 भूमिपति m. (-तिः) A king. **भू** and **पति** master.  
 भूमिपति n. (-मः) Princedom, sovereignty. **भू** added to the last.  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) The palmyra tree, (Borassus flabelliformis.) **भू** earth, **पत्त** goblin. [rishes.  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) 1. A king. 2. A mountain. **भू** and **पत्त** who nourishes.  
 भूमिपत्ता f. (-मः) Arabian jasmine, (Jasminum sambac.) **भू** the earth, **पत्ता** to ornament, aff. **च**।  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) A horse of a good breed. **भू** the earth, **रत्त** to preserve, aff. **वृत्**; it is also written **भूमिपत्त** and **भूमिपत्त**।

भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) Death, dying, (in figuratively.) **भू** earth, **पत्त** acquisition.  
 भूमिपत्त n. (-मः) Cow-dung. **भू** earth and **पत्त** plastering; the clay floors of houses, temples, &c. being usually kneaded up with this article.  
 भूमिपत्त mfn. (-मः-मि-मि) Increasing or adding to the earth. mn. (-मः-मः) A corpse. **भू** the earth and **वृत्त** increasing. [च aff.  
 भूमिपत्त mfn. (-मः-मि-मि) Sleeping on the ground. **भू** and **पत्त** to sleep, **भूमि** mfn. (-मः-मि-मि) Standing or staying on the earth. **भू** and **पत्त** who or what stays.  
 भूमिपत्त mfn. (-मः-मि-मि) Produced in or of the earth. m. (-रः) The planet Mars. 2. The demon Naraka. f. (-मि) S'ITA'. **भू** the earth and **पत्त** born : see **भूमिपत्त**।  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) An earth-worm.  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) 1. A man, man, mankind. 2. The Vais'ya or Hindu of the third tribe, the cultivator or trader. 3. A thief, one who creeps along the ground to carry off his plunder. 4. A blind man. 5. A cripple, a lame man. **भू** the earth, the ground, and **पत्त** who touches, from **पत्त**, with **कन्** aff.  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) A king, a sovereign. **भू** earth, and **पत्त** chief.  
 भूमिपत्त f. (-मि) A plant, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) **भू** the earth, **पत्त** a myrobalan; also **भूमिपत्त** f. (-मि)।  
 भूम n. (-यः) Abstract state, but used in composition, as **ब्रह्मभूमि** the state of BRAHMA', or identification with BRAHMA', becoming of the same nature, &c. **भू** to be, aff. **क**।  
 भूमि Ind. 1. Generally, as a rule 2. Very much. 3. Again.  
 भूमि mfn. (-मः-यः-यः) 1. Much, many. 2. Abounding. Ind. Frequently, repeatedly, again. 2. Exceeding, over, above. 3. Further. **भू** much, **वृत्त** affix of the superlative, **भू** substituted for **वृत्त**, and the **इ** of the aff. rejected; also with **वृत्त** aff. **भूमि**।  
 भूमि mfn. (-मः-यः-यः) Many, very many, much, most : see the last.  
 भूमि mfn. (-मः-यः-यः) 1. Much, many. 2. Large, great. Ind. Much, exceeding. m. (-रिः) 1. A name of VISHN'U. 2. BRAHMA'. 3. S'IVA. 4. Indra. n. (-रिः) Gold. **भू** to be, **कन्** Unádi aff.  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) An ass. [changed to **ज**।  
 भूमिपत्त f. (-मि) The earth. **भू** to support, **पत्त** Unádi aff. and **पत्त** **भूमिपत्त** mfn. (-मः-मि-मि) 1. Splendid, bright. 2. Illustrious. **भू** and **पत्त** Splendour.  
 भूमिपत्ता f. (-मि) Fennel : see **भूमिपत्ता**।  
 भूमिपत्त Adj. In common use, (as a word.)  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) The ruddy goose. [cuttle-fish-bone.  
 भूमिपत्ता f. (-मि) A plant, commonly Charnakasá. **भू** much, and **पत्त** **भूमिपत्त** m. (-मः) A jackal. **भू** much, **पत्त** decent.  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) The sugarcane.  
 भूमिपत्त mfn. (-मः-मि-मि) Very profitable or beneficial. n. (-मः) Great gain. **भू** and **पत्त** gain.  
 भूमिपत्त Ind. Manifold, many by many. **भू** many, **पत्त** aff.  
 भूमिपत्ता f. (-मि) A sort of sun flower, (Heliotropium Indicum.) **भू** the earth, **पत्त** to grow; or **पत्त** to oppose, **क** aff., deriv. irr. "हतिपत्ता"।  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) A tree. **भू** the earth, and **पत्त** what grows.  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) The Bhurja patra tree growing in the snowy mountains, a kind of birch; the bark is used for writing on, and very generally for hooka snakes. **भू** the earth, and **पत्त** to be strong or hardy, aff. **च**।  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) A man of one of the inferior or mixed classes, sprung from an outcaste Bra'hman by a woman of the same tribe. **भू** the Bhurj, and **पत्त** the throat, **कन्** added.  
 भूमिपत्त m. (-मः) The Bhurja-patra : see **भूमिपत्त**. **भू** as above, **पत्त** a leaf.  
 भूमिपत्त f. (-मि) 1. The earth. 2. A desert, a country ill-supplied with water. **भू** to nourish, Unádi aff. **पत्त**, deriv. irr.

**भूमीक** m. (-कः) The earth, the habitation of mortals, the terrestrial globe. **भू**, the earth, and **लोक** the world. [plant.]  
**भूलता** f. (-ता) A worm, an earth-worm. **भू** the earth, **लता** a creeping  
**भूयक** m. (-कः) A king. **भू** the earth, and **इन्द्र** INDRA.  
**भूयति** f. (-तिः) Purifying the ground by sweeping, burning, &c. **भू**  
 and **यति** Purification. [चसुन् aff.]  
**भूयवस्** m. (-वः) An ant or mole hill. **भू** the earth, and **वृ** to exude,  
**भू** r. 1st and 10th cls. (भूयति भूयवति-ते) To decorate, to adorn.  
**भूयस्** n. (-यः) Ornament, embellishment. **भू** to adorn, aff. **युट्**.  
**भूययितव्य** mfn. (-यः-य्या-य्य) To be decorated or ornamented. **भू**, and  
 तव्य aff.; also **भूययीय** &c.  
**भूषा** f. (-षा) Adorning, decorating with trinkets, jewels, &c. **भू** to  
 adorn, affs. **चक्** and **टाय**. [क्]  
**भूषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Adorned, decorated, dressed. **भू** to adorn, aff  
**भूष** mfn. (-षः-ष्-ष्) 1. Being, existing. 2. Being well, faring well.  
**भू** to be, **गृष्** aff.  
**भूसुत** m. (-तः) 1. The planet Mars. 2. The demon Naraka. f. (-ता)  
 Si'ra', the wife of Ra'ma. **भू** the earth, and **सुत** the offspring.  
**भूस्वय** n. (-यः) A fragrant grass, (Andropogon schœnanthus.) **भू** the  
 earth, **स्व** grass, and **सुट** augment.  
**भूत्यम्** m. (-सूक) Man, a man, mankind. **भू** the earth, and **सू** who  
 touches; see **भूमिस्**. [ven on earth.]  
**भूवर्ग** m. (-र्गः) The mountain Suméru. **भू**, and **वर्ग** paradise; a hea-  
**भूवामिन** m. (-मी) A landlord, a landholder.  
**भृ** (ञ्) **भृज्** r. 1st cl. (भरति-ते) (डु, ञ्) **भृञ्** r. 3rd cl. (विभृतिं विभृते)  
 1. To nourish, to cherish, to foster, to maintain. 2. To fill. 3. To  
 hold or support 4. To suffer 5. To confer. With **सञ्** 1. To col-  
 lect. 2. To prepare. 3. To nourish. 4. To produce.  
**भृङ्गस** m. (-सः) A mail actor or dancer in female apparel. **भृ** an eye-  
 brow, **ङ्ग** to open, aff. **चक्**, **र** changed to **ञ**; also with **कन्** added  
**भृङ्गसक**, and **र** unchanged **भृङ्गस**; also from **ङ्गि**, **भृङ्ग**; &c.  
**भृङ्गटि** f. (-टिः-टी) A frown, a contraction of the brows. **भृ** the eye-  
 brow, **ङ्गट** to be or make crooked, aff. **क्**, and **कीप्** optionally add-  
 ed, **भृ** substituted for **ङ्**; otherwise **भृङ्गटि**, **भृङ्गटी** &c.  
**भृगु** Ind. An imitative word expressive of the crackling sound of fire.  
**भृगु** m. (-गुः) 1. The name of a celebrated Muni, and one of the  
 ten Brahmadikas or Prajapatis, the sons of BRAHMA', and  
 first created of beings. 2. A name of SIVA. 3. S'UKRA, the regent  
 of VENUS. 4. A precipice. 5. Table land, the level summit of a  
 mountain. 6. The Rishi JAMADAGNI, the father of PARAMURA'MA  
 and grandson of the Muni BHRIGU. **भृ** **जन्** to fry, (in religious  
 fervour,) Una'di aff. **ङ्**; **र** is changed to **ञ**, the **स** rejected, and  
 the final **ङ** becomes **न**.  
**भृगुपति** m. (-तिः) The hero, and Avata'r PARASURA'MA. **भृगु** implying  
 the race of BHRIGU or JAMADAGNI, and **पति** master, chief.  
**भृगुवासर** m. (-रः) Friday.  
**भृगुसुत** m. (-तः) 1. S'UKRA or VENUS, the son the Muni BHRIGU, and  
 the preceptor of the DAITYAS. 3. The hero PARASURA'MA. **भृगु**  
 the saint BHRIGU, or his descendant JAMADAGNI, and **सुत** the son.  
**भृगुवात्मनि** m. (-निः) The first of the three incarnations of VISHN'U  
 called Ra'mas; PARASURA'MA the son of JAMADAGNI. **भृगु** in  
 the sixth case plural, and **पति** master, chief of the BHRIGUS or  
 race of BHRIGU.  
**भृश** m. (-शः) 1. A large black bee, the humble bee. 2. A catamite, a  
 libertine, a lecher. 3. A plant, (Eclipta or Verbesina prostrata.)  
 4. A wasp, either the common kind, or the Vespa solitaria. 5.  
 A golden vase. 6. The fork-tailed shrike, (Lanius caeruleus.) 7.  
 A bird, apparently a sort of shrike different from the preceding.  
 n. (-शः) 1. Woody cassia, 2, Talo. **भृ** to nourish, **गन्** Una'di aff.,  
 and **क्लि-सुट** augment.

**भृश** m. (-शः) A bird, a sort of shrike, (Lanius malabaricus.) **भृ**  
 added to the last.  
**भृञ्ज** n. (-ञः) 1. Alca-wood or Agallochum. 2. Talo.  
**भृञ्जपिप्पिका** f. (-का) Small or Guzarati cardamoms.  
**भृञ्जवस्** m. (-जः) Eclipta prostrata : see the next.  
**भृञ्जराज** m. (-जः) 1. A spreading shrub, (Eclipta or Verbesina pro-  
 strata, or perhaps more properly, Verbesina scandens.) 2. A sort  
 of bird, apparently the variety of shrike termed Malabar, (Lanius  
 malabaricus.) 3. The humble bee. 4. A particular sacrifice. **भृ** **ञ**  
 a bee, and **राज्** to shine, aff. **चक्**; or with **रजस्** dust, **भृञ्जराज** and  
 with **राजन्** shining, ruling, **भृञ्जराजन्** m. (-जः).  
**भृञ्जटि** m. (-टः) One of S'IVA's door-keepers. **भृ** **ञ** a bee, **रट्** to speak  
 or make a noise, to buzz, aff. **चक्**, and the penultimate change  
 to **ट**; also with **रन्** aff., and the penultimate long or short, the  
 word is read **भृञ्जटि**, **भृञ्जरीट**, and **भृञ्जरीटि**.  
**भृञ्जरील** m. (-लः) A wasp. **भृ** **ञ** a bee, **र** to cry, **लक्** aff. "भौमरुल".  
**भृञ्जवस्** m. (-वः) A plant, (Lignaticum ajwaen.)  
**भृञ्जोदर** m. (-रः) A plant, apparently a variety of Eclipta or Verbesina  
**भृञ्जराज** m. (-रः) 1. A golden vase, especially used at royal ceremonials  
 2. A shrub, (Eclipta prostrata, &c. : see **भृञ्जराज**.) n. (-रः) 1. Cloves  
 2. Gold. f. (-री) A cricket. **भृ** **ञ** to contain, (water, &c.) **चार**  
 Una'di aff., and **गृञ्** augment; or **भृञ्** a bee, and **चरि** an enemy,  
 fem. form.  
**भृञ्जारिका** f. (-का) A cricket. **भृ** **ञ** a bee, **चरि** an enemy, and **क्** aff.  
**भृञ्जवली** f. (-ली) A line or flight of bees. **भृ** **ञ**, and **चारली** a row  
**भृञ्जन्** m. (-ञः) 1. One of S'IVA's chamberlains. 2. The Indian fig-tree.  
**भृ** **ञ** a bee, **रनि** aff.  
**भृञ्जीफल** m. (-लः) The hog plum : see **आयातक**. [master.  
**भृञ्जीश** m. (-शः) S'IVA. **भृ** **ञ** the attendant of the deity, and **र**  
**भृञ्** (र) **भृञ्जी** r. 1st cl. (भर्जते) To parch, to fry.  
**भृञ्जन्** n. (-नः) A frying pan. **भृ** **ञ** to fry, Una'di aff. **क्**, and the  
 root changed.  
**भृत्** mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Hired, paid, maintained. 2. Cherished, suppor-  
 ted. 3. Filled. 4. Having, being possessed of, or endowed with.  
 5. Borne, carried. m. (-तः) 1. A servant. 2. A hired labourer. **भृ**  
 to nourish, aff. **क्**. [added.  
**भृत्तक** m. (-कः) 1. A hired labourer. 2. A servant. **भृ** **त्त** hired, **क्**  
**भृत्तकाध्यापक** m. (-कः) A hired teacher, one who gives instructions for  
 pay. **भृ** **त्तक**, and **आध्यापक** a teacher. [आध्यापित instructed.  
**भृत्तकाध्यापित** m. (-तः) A student who pays his teacher. **भृ** **त्तक**, and  
**भृत्तभूति** mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) 1. Prosperous, powerful, exalted. 2. Smeared  
 with ashes. **भृ** **त्त** possessed, and **भूति** power, &c. [रक्, a hole.  
**भृत्तरश्म** mfn. (रश्मः-रश्म-रश्म) Filled up, (as a hole or depression.) **भृ** **त्त**,  
**रति** f. (-तिः) 1. Wages, hire. 2. Capital, principal. 3. Nourishment,  
 maintenance. 4. Supporting, support. 5. Service for wages. **भृ** **त्त** to  
 nourish, aff. **क्लिन्**. [eat, aff. **हिप्**.  
**भृत्तिसुज्** m. (-सुज्) A hired labourer or servant. **भृ** **त्त** hire, **सुज्** to  
**भृत्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) To be nourished or maintained. m. (-तः) 1. A  
 dependent. 2. A servant, a slave. 3. A minister. f. (-ता) Hire,  
 wages. **भृ** **त्त** to nourish, aff. **क्वप्**, with **गृञ्** augment.  
**भृत्तल** n. (-लः) Servitude, service, dependance. **भृ** **त्त** added to the last;  
 also with **तल्**, **भृत्तल**.  
**भृत्तआपन** n. (-नः) Teaching, (especially the Védas,) for hire. **भृ** **त्त**  
 and **आपन** instructing.  
**भृत्तभरय** n. (-यः) Maintaining or cherishing, dependents, servants, &c.  
**भृ** **त्त**, and **भरय** nourishing.  
**भृत्तभरतृ** m. (-तृ) A master of a family taking good care of his depen-  
 dents. **भृ** **त्त**, and **भरतृ** who nourishes.  
**भृत्तवत्तल** n. (-लः) Kindness to dependents or servants, **भृ** **त्त** and  
**वत्तल** tenderness.

बुधविनिवेश m. (-बुधः) Fixing or planting firmly. **बुध**, and विनिवेश placing.  
**बुधवर्ति** f. (-वर्तिः) Maintenance of servants or dependents. **बुध**, and वर्तमानम् mfn. (बोधिनी-वि) Having many servants. **बुध**, and वर्तमानम् possessing.  
**बुध** f. (-बुधः) 1 Rearing, nourishing. 2 Maintenance. 3. Service. 4. **बुधित** f. (-बुधः) Adj Nourished **बुध** क्लिप्तम्।  
**बुध** m. (-बुधः) 1. A whirlwind, a hurricane, a high wind. 2. An eddy, a whirlpool. **बुध** to turn round, **बुध** Unādi aff., and the semi-vowel changed to its congener.  
**बुध** (बुध, उ) **बुध** r. 4th cl. (बुधति) To fall, to fall down, literally or figuratively, as from a height, from dignity or virtue, &c.  
**बुध** mfn. (-बुधः) Much, exceeding. n. Adv. (-बुधः) Much exceedingly. Ind. (बुधन्) 1. Much. 2. Eminently, superiorly, better. 3. Repeatedly. 4. Beautifully. **बुध** to fall, aff. क।  
**बुधिलिप्त** mfn. (-लिप्तः) Perspiring violently. **बुध** and लिप्त to sweat, क्लिप्त mfn. (-लिप्तः) Fried. **बुध** to fry, aff. क, the vowel substituted for the semi-vowel.  
**बुध** n. (-बुधः) Rice boiled and then fried. **बुध** fried, **बुध** boiled. **बुध** f. (-बुधः) 1. Frying. 2. An uninhabited or lonely garden, &c. **बुध** to fry, aff. क्लिप्त the semi-vowel changed to क्लिप्त.  
**बुध** r. 9th cl. (बुधति) 1. To blame or censure. 2. To nourish, to maintain, to support. 3. To hold. 4. To fry.  
**बुध** m. (-बुधः) 1. A frog. 2. A cloud. 3. A timid man. f. (-बुधः) 1. The female of the frog, or a small frog. 2. A kind of creeper, (Hydrocotyle Asiatica.) **बुध** to fear, Unādi aff. कन्।  
**बुधपत्र** f. (-पत्रः) A creeper. (Hydrocotyle Asiatica.) **बुध** frog, and पत्र a leaf; resembling the animal.  
**बुधमृज्** m. (-मृज्) A serpent, a snake. **बुध**, and मृज् who eats.  
**बुधव** m. (-वः) The croaking of frogs.  
**बुध** m. (-बुधः) 1. A ram, a sheep. 2. A raft, a float. 3. The name of a saint. f. (-बुधः) An ewe. **बुध** a Sautra root, to separate, aff. चच्, and ल changed to ड; also with कन् added, **बुध** क।  
**बुधय** mfn. (-बुधः-बुधः) To be feared or apprehended. **बुध** to fear, तय aff.  
**बुध** mfn. (-बुधः-बुधः) Who or what divides, disunites, &c. m. (-बुधः) 1. A divider or separator. 2. A factious or seditious man, a traitor, or one who secretly corresponds with an enemy, &c. **बुध** to divide, to sow dissension, aff. डच्।  
**बुध** m. (-बुधः) 1. Dividing, separating. 2. Tearing, rending, breaking, &c. 3. Distinction, kind, sort, species, difference. 4. Disunion, disagreement. 5. Sowing dissension, breaking the unanimity of confederates, one of the means of success against an opponent. 6. Chasm, cleft. 7. Change. 8. Hitting, (as a mark.) 9. Disclosure. 10. Dualism, (in phil.) 11. Evacuation of the bowels, (in medicine.) **बुध** to divide, aff. चच्।  
**बुध** mfn. (-बुधः-बुधः) A breaker, who or what breaks or divides. m. (-बुधः) A mischief maker. m. (-बुधः-बुधः) 1. An adjective. 2. Purgative. **बुध** to break क्लिप्त aff.  
**बुध** mfn. (-बुधः-बुधः) 1. Separating, disuniting. 2. Causing dissension. **बुध** and कर् who or what makes.  
**बुध** n. (-बुधः) Dividing, separating, literally or figuratively, as tearing, breaking, specifying, discriminating, causing separation or dissension, &c. m. (-बुधः) A hog. **बुध** to break, aff. क्लिप्त।  
**बुध** m. (-बुधः) Belief in the reality of the multiform appearances of the world, in opposition to the doctrine that every thing is **बुध** difference, प्रत्यक्ष faith.  
**बुध** mfn. (-बुधः-बुधः) Divided, separated, literally or figuratively. **बुध** to break, aff. क; also **बुध**.  
**बुध** mfn. (-बुधः-बुधः) 1. Who or what divides, &c. Having a dis-

tinction or division. m. (-बुधः) The ratan. **बुध** to divide, विभुच्, aff. or **बुध** sort, &c and **बुध** aff.  
**बुध** n. (-बुधः) See the next.  
**बुध** n. (-बुधः) The thunderbolt of INDRA. **बुध** to split, (rocks, &c.) चच् aff; also **बुध** and **बुध**.  
**बुध** mfn. (-बुधः-बुधः) 1. To be broken. 2. To be divided, pierced, cut, &c. 3. To be disconcerted or deterred. 4. To be set at variance or disunited. n. (-बुधः) A substantive. **बुध** to break, क्लिप्त aff.  
**बुध** m. (-बुधः) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. **बुध** a star, &c. **बुध** a master.  
**बुध** mfn. (-बुधः-बुधः) A kettle-drum. **बुध** to fear, to cause to fear, Unādi aff. क्लिप्त; otherwise **बुध** aff., and **बुध** added; also **बुध**.  
**बुध** mfn. (-बुधः-बुधः) Formidable, fearful. f. (-बुधः) One of the Yakshinis, or female attendants on Durga. m. (-बुधः) A particular deity; a form of S'IVA, according to the Tantras. n. (-बुधः) Conception, impregnation. **बुध** to fear, deriv. irr.; it is sometimes read **बुध**.  
**बुध** m. (-बुधः) A jackal.  
**बुध** mfn. (-बुधः-बुधः) 1. Ignorant, unwise, foolish. 2. Fearful, timid. 3. Unsteady, (figuratively or literally.) 4. Tall. m. (-बुधः) 1. A raft, a float. 2. The name of a Muni, the author of some medical works. **बुध** to fear, Unādi aff. **बुध** and the final changed to ल।  
**बुध** mn. (-बुधः-बुधः) A raft, a float. **बुध** कन् added to the preceding.  
**बुध** (बुध) **बुध** r. 1st cl. (बुधति-ते) 1. To fear or dread. 2. To go.  
**बुध** n. (-बुधः) 1. A remedy, a drug, a medicament. 2. A kind of fennel, (Nigella Indica.) **बुध** here interpreted disease, क्लिप्त to conquer, aff. ड; or **बुध** a root of a particular class, and **बुध** aff.  
**बुध** n. (-बुधः) The vehicle or medium in which medicine is administered, as water gruel, &c. **बुध** a drug, and **बुध** a limb or part.  
**बुध** n. (-बुधः) 1. Alms, what is collected by begging. 2. Begging, mendicancy. f. (-बुधः) Subsisting on alms. **बुध** alms, given and received, aff. चच्; also **बुध**.  
**बुध** n. (-बुधः) Plying for alms, begging. **बुध** and **बुध** going.  
**बुध** f. (-बुधः) Begging, collecting alms. **बुध**, and **बुध** practice.  
**बुध** f. (-बुधः) Living upon alms, begging, mendicancy. **बुध** aggregate alms, जीविका livelihood.  
**बुध** m. (-बुधः) A mendicant. **बुध** alms, and **बुध** who subsists; also **बुध**, **बुध**, &c.  
**बुध** m. (-बुधः) A mendicant. **बुध**, and **बुध** who eats. [food.  
**बुध** m. (-बुधः) A mendicant, one living on charity. **बुध** and **बुध**  
**बुध** m. (-बुधः) Mendicancy, begging. **बुध**, and **बुध** aff.  
**बुध** f. (-बुधः) 1. A patronymic of Damayanti, wife of NALA. 2. The eleventh, day of the bright half of Māgha.  
**बुध** mfn. (-बुधः-बुधः) Formidable, horrible, terrific. n. (-बुधः) Horror, the property of exciting terror. m. (-बुधः) 1. A name of S'IVA, but more especially an inferior manifestation or form of the deity, eight of which are called by the common name Bhairava, and are severally termed ASITA'NDA, RURU, CHANDA, KRODHA, UNMATTI, KUPATI, BHISHANA, and SANH'ARA, all alluding to terrific properties of mind or body. 2. The name of a river. 3. A musical mode; that which is calculated to excite emotion of terror. f. (-बुधः) 1. A name or form of Durga. 2. A young girl personating Durga at the festival of that goddess. 3. Name of a Rāgini. **बुध** fear-ful, aff. चच्।  
**बुध** mfn. (-बुधः-बुधः) Formidable. **बुध**, and **बुध** what causes.  
**बुध** m. (-बुधः) A sort of quail. n. (-बुधः) Medicament. **बुध** a medica-ment, and **बुध** referential or pleonastic aff.  
**बुध** n. (-बुधः) A drug, a medicament. **बुध**, **बुध** aff. [भीष्।  
**बुध** Ind. A vocative particle. **बुध** to shine, **बुध** aff., more commonly **बुध**.  
**बुध** mfn. (-बुधः-बुधः) 1. To be used or enjoyed. 2. To be eaten. **बुध** to eat, &c., तय aff.

**भीज्** mfn. (-ञ्ज-ञो-ञ्) 1. Enjoying, an enjoyer. 2. An eater, m. (-ञ्) 1. A husband. 2. A lover. 3. A possessor. 4. A king. **भुज्** to enjoy, &c., aff. चञ् ।

**भीज्** ल n. (-ल) Possession, enjoyment. **भ.** ल added to the last.

**भीज्यमाच** mfn. (-च-चा-च) Being about to eat. **भ.** भुज् to eat, and **ग्रानच्** aff., here of the future tense.

**भोग** m. (-गः) 1. Pleasure, enjoyment. 2. Wealth. 3. Nourishing, cherishing. 4. Eating. 5. A snake's body. 6. A snake's expanded hood. 7. Hire. 8. The hire of dancing girls or courtezans. 9. A snake. 10. An army in column. 11. (In arithmetic,) The numerator of a fraction. 12. Food. 13. A repost. 14. Food offered to an idol. 15. Gain. 16. Rule, government. 17. Experiencing. 18. Advantage. 19. The use of a deposit. **भ.** भुज् to eat, &c. aff. चञ् ।

**भोगगृह** n. (-गृह) Price paid to harlots.

**भोगरट्ट** m. (-रट्टः) The inner or private apartment, the harem. **भ.** भोग enjoyment, and **रट्ट** a house.

**भोगरहा** f. (-रहा) Thirst for worldly enjoyment.

**भोगदेह** m. (-देहः) The body which a dead person carries with him.

**भोगवर्ति** m. (-वर्तिः) 1. A viceroy, a governor. 2. A person having possession or usufruct. **भ.** भोग enjoyment, and **वर्ति** master.

**भोगपाल** m. (-पालः) A groom. **भ.** भोग pleasure, and **पाल** who nourishes.

**भोगपिशाचिका** f. (-का) Hunger. **भ.** भोग eating, **पिशाचिका** an imp.

**भोगभूमि** f. (-भूमिः) Swarga or paradise. **भ.** भोग enjoyment, and **भूमि** soil.

**भोगभूतक** m. (-कः) A servant or slave, who work for maintenance only. **भ.** भोग enjoyment, and **भूतक** a hireling.

**भोगलाभ** m. (-लाभः) Interest or profit made by the use of any thing pledged. **भ.** भोग enjoyment, and **लाभ** gain.

**भोगवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Enjoying, having enjoyment. 2. Delightful, pleasurable, yielding enjoyment. 3. Having curves. m. (-वान्) 1. A snake. 2. Dancing, acting and singing together. 3. A mountain. f. (-वती) 1. The capital of the Nāgas, or serpent. 2. The Ganges of the lower regions. 3. The night of the second day of a lunar month. **भ.** भोग enjoyment, aff. वतृप् । [सद्यन् a dwelling.

**भोगसद्यन्** n. (-द्यन्) The inner apartment, the harem. **भ.** भोग pleasure, **भोगस्थान** n. (-नः) 1. The body as the seat of sensual enjoyment. 2. A harem, &c. **भ.** भोग enjoyment and **स्थान** place.

**भोगाधि** m. (-धिः) A pledge that may be used until it is redeemed.

**भोगार्ह** n. (-र्हः) Wealth, property. **भ.** भोग and **अर्ह** fit for.

**भोगावली** f. (-ली) Praise, eulogium, the panegyric of professional encomiasts or bards. **भ.** भोग enjoyment, **आवली** a row or range.

**भोगवास** m. (-वासः) The harem, the inner or women's apartment. **भ.** भोग enjoyment, **आवास** abode.

**भोगिक** m. (-कः) A horse-keeper, a groom. **भ.** भोग pleasure, **ठक्** aff.

**भोगिनास** m. (-नासः) Air, wind. **भ.** भोगि a snake and **कान्त** friend.

**भोगिन्** mfn. (-गो-गिनो-नि) Enjoying, possessing an enjoyer, &c. m. (-गो) 1. A snake. 2. A king, a prince. 3. A barber. 4. The head man of a village. 5. A person who accumulates money for a particular expenditure. 6. The constellation As'lesha'. f. (-गिनी) 1. The capital of the Nāgas. 2. A royal concubine. 3. Having curves. 4. Any woman of the Royal harem except the crowned queen. **भ.** भोग enjoyment, aff. वनि ।

**भोगिन्न** n. (-भं) Sandal. **भ.** भोगिन् a snake, **वन्न** beloved.

**भोगोद्र** m. (-द्रः) 1. The serpent ANANTA. 2. The serpent VA'SUKI'. **भ.** भोगि a snake, **इन्द्र** a sovereign; also **भोगीश** ।

**भोज्य** mfn. (-य्यः-य्या-य्य) To be enjoyed. n. (-य्य) 1. Wealth. 2. Grain. f. (-य्या) A whore. m. (-य्यः) A pledge that can be used until redeemed. **भ.** भुज् to enjoy, aff. खन् ।

**भोज** m. (-जः) 1. A country, Pátna and Bhágalpur. 2. The name of a sovereign of Oujein, or Ma'Lava who is supposed to have flour-

ished about the end of the tenth century; he was a celebrated patron of learned men, and the nine gems of poets and philosophers, are often ascribed to his era. 3. A cowherd. **भ.** भुज् to enjoy, aff. चञ् and the final consonant unchanged.

**भोजकट** m. (-टः) The country of Bhoja, the present Bhojpur, or the vicinity of Pa'tna and Bhágalpur. **भ.** भोज the same, and **कट्** to go, aff. चञ् ।

**भोजन** n. (-नः) 1. Food. 2. Eating. 3. Any object of enjoyment. 4. Wealth. **भ.** भुज् to eat, aff. ख्यट् ।

**भोजनविशेष** m. (-वः) Choice food, a delicacy. **भ.** भोजन, विशेष superior sort.

**भोजनव्यथ** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Straitened for food. **भ.** भोजन and **व्यथ** anxious.

**भोजनप्रकार** m. (-रः) Commissariat, stewardship, charge of provender. **भ.** भोजन, अधिकार superintendence.

**भोजनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be enjoyed. 2. To be eaten. n. (-य) Food. **भ.** भुज् to enjoy, aff. चनोयर् ।

**भोजविला** Ind. Having fed. **भ.** भुज् to eat, casual v., **क्ता** aff.

**भोजाधिप** m. (-पः) A name of KARNA, the half brother of the Pándas. **भ.** भोज Bha'galpur, and **अधिप** sovereign.

**भोज्य** mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्य) To be eaten, edible. n. (-ज्य) 1. Food. 2. A dainty. 3. Enjoyment. **भ.** भुज् to eat, **खन्** aff. and the final unchanged. [सद्यन् production,

**भोज्यसद्यन्** m. (-यः) Chyme, the primary juice of the body. **भ.** भोज्य food, **भोट** m. (-टः) Tibet. "भोटान दिने" ।

**भोटाङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A country probably Bhutan. [peated,

**भोभी** Ind. A particle of calling or addressing. **भ.** भो as above, re-  
**भोमीरा** f. (-रा) Coral.

**भोलि** m. (-लिः) A camel. **भ.** भा to shine, **उलिच** aff.

**भोस्** Ind. 1. A particle of calling or addressing. 2. A particle of sorrow. 3. An interrogative particle. **भ.** भा to shine, aff. डोस् ।

**भौत** mfn. (-तः-तो-त) 1. Demoniacal, relating to spirits or goblins. 2. Elemental. 3. Relating to existing beings. m. (-तः) 1. An attendant upon idols. 2. A worshipper of spirits and goblins. f. (-ती) Night. **भ.** भूत a goblin, &c. aff. चण् ।

**भौतिक** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Relating or appertaining to evil spirits. 2. Elemental. 3. Existent. m. (-कः) S'iva. n. (-क) A pearl. **भ.** भूत a spirit, &c. ठक् aff.

**भौम** mfn. (-मः-मी-मं) Earthly, terrestrial, produced in or relating to the earth. m. (-मः) 1. The planet Mars. 2. Hell. 3. Ambergris. 4. Water. 5. Life. f. (-मी) A name of S'IVA'. **भ.** भूमि the earth, and **चण्** aff.

**भौम(व)न** m. (-नः) An epithet of Vishwakarmā, the architect of gods. **भौमरत्न** n. (-रत्नः) Coral. **भ.** भौम and **रत्न** a gem.

**भौमिक** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Earthly, terrestrial. **भ.** भूमि and **ठक्** aff.

**भौरिक** m. (-कः) The superintendent of gold, the treasurer. **भ.** भूर्ति gold, aff. ठक् ।

**भौवादिक** f. (-कौ) Belonging to the class of roots which begins with भू. **भस्** r. 1st. cl. (भसते) To fear.

**भस्** (उ) **भस्** r. 4th cl. (भसते) To fall down; also **भस्** ।

**भस्म** m. (-यः) 1. Falling, declining from a height, or from propriety. 2. Falling from or off. 3. Decay, ruin. 4. Decline. 5. Loss. 6. Ruining away. **भ.** भस्म to fall, aff. चञ् ।

**भस्** (उ) **भस्** r. 1st cl. (भसते) To fall down.

**भृकुञ्च** m. (-चः) An actor wearing female apparel. **भ.** भृ for भू the eye-brow, and **कुञ्चि** or **कुञ्चि** to speak, aff. चञ्; hence also **भृकुञ्च**, **भृकुञ्च**.

**भृकुटि** f. (-टि-टी) A frown. **भ.** भृ for भू the eye-brow, **कुट्** to curve, aff. वन्; also **भृकुटि** &c.

**भृच्** r. 1st cl. (भृचति-ते) To eat; also **भृच्** ।

**भृल्ल** n. (-ल्लः) The act of frying.

**भृच्** r. 1st. cl. (भृचति) To sound.

**भृन्च्** r. 1st cl. (भृन्चति) To fall; also **भृन्च्** ।

भृ (उ) भृ r. 1st cl. (भृति भृति) r. 4th cl. (भ्राति) 1. To turn round, to move circularly. 2. To be unsteady or unfixed. 3. To roam, to wander; it is also figuratively applicable to mental unsteadiness, as to err, to wander, to be ignorant or mistaken, &c. With परि, To wander about. With वि, To play, to wanton. With सन्, 1. To hurry. 2. To honour.

भृ m. (-नः) 1. Whirling, going, round. 2. Straying, roaming. 3. Error, ignorance, mistake, misapprehension. 4. A whirlpool, an eddy. 5. A drain, a water-course. 6. A lathe, a potter's wheel, &c. ३. भृत् to go round, aff. वञ् ।

भृ n. (-च) 1. Whirling, going round. 2. Wandering, literally or figuratively. 3. Erring. 4. Giddiness. f. (-ची) 1. A leech. 2. A sort of game, performed by women for the amusement of a lover or husband. ३. भृत् to go round, aff. कृत् ।

भृ m. (-नन् लसी-नन्) 1. Going round, whirling, revolving. 2. Roving. 3. Erring. ३. भृत् to turn round, गृह aff.

भृकुटी f. (-टी) An umbrella, a concave mat carried on the head for that purpose, &c. ३. भृत् and कुटी a house.

भृ m. (-रः-रा-रः) What whirls or goes round. m. (-रः) 1. A large black bee. 2. A lecher, a lover. n. (-रः) Vertigo, epilepsy. ३. भृत् to go round, aff. करन् ।

भृ m. (-कः) 1. Hair curled upon the forehead. 2. A bee. 3. A ball for playing with. 4. A whirlpool. ३. भृत् a bee, &c. कृत् aff.

भृकुटी m. (-टः) A sort of wasp, that builds a solitary nest in the angles of walls, doors, &c. (Vospa solitaria.) ३. भृत् a bee, and कुटी an insect. "कुलीर पीका" । [loved.

भृप्रिय m. (-यः) The Dhārā-Kadamba tree. ३. भृत् a bee, and प्रिय be-भृत्प्रियता f. (-ता) A species of the Trishtubh metre. [चलक a curl.

भृमालक m. (-कः) Hair curled upon the forehead. ३. भृत् a bee, and मालक m. (-कः) An armourer, a sword-cleaner, a knife-grinder. ३.

भृ a turning instrument, a grind-stone, and चालक diligent.

भृ f. (-नि) 1. Whirling, going round. 2. Error, blunder, mistake. 3. A lathe, a potter's wheel. 4. A whirlpool. ३. भृत् to turn round, Una'di aff. इन् ।

भृ m. (-नो-निषो-नि) Whirling, going round, or about. ३. भृत् to go round, aff. विनुच् ।

भृ (उ) भृ r. 4th cl. (भृति) To fall down; also भृ and भृ ।

भृ m. (-मा) Vehimence. ३. भृत्-इमन्च् aff.

भृ m. (-टः-टा-टः) 1. Fallen, lost. 2. Vicious, depraved, fallen from virtue. 3. Fried, parched. ३. भृत् to fall, or भृत् to fry, कृत् aff. [and राज्य principality.

भृ m. (-ज्यः-ज्यः-ज्यः) Deposed, deprived of a kingdom. ३. भृत् भृत् (चौ) चोभृत्तो r. 6th cl. (भृत्ति-ते) To broil or fry.

भृ (टः-च) टभृत् r. 1st cl. (भृत्ति) To shine.

भृ m. (-कः) Bile, the bilious humour. f. (-जिह्वा) Making bright. ३. भृत् to shine, aff. कृत् ।

भृ f. (-यः) Brilliance, splendour, beauty. ३. भृत् to shine, वञ्च् aff.

भृमयुगल m. (-मान्-मनो-मन्) 1. Splendid. 2. Beautiful. ३. भृत् and मन्च् aff.

भृमयुगल m. (-युः-युः-युः) Elegant, splendid, radiant in ornament and vesture. ३. भृत् to shine, aff. वञ्च् ।

भृ m. (-ता) 1. A brother, a uterine brother. 2. A relative. 3. A term of friendly address. Dual only, (-तो) Brother and sister. ३. भृत् to shine, Una'di aff. वञ्च्, and the radical final rejected.

भृ m. (-कः-का-कः) Fraternal, brotherly, of or belonging to a brother. ३. भृत् a brother, and वञ्च् aff.

भृ m. (-जः) A brother's son. ३. भृत् a brother, and ज born.

भृमयाया f. (-या) A sister-in-law, a brother's wife. ३. भृत् a brother, and माया a wife.

भृमयाया f. (-या) The second day of the first-half of KA'RTIKA when

sisters entertain their brothers in consequence of the Yamunā once having entertained her brother Yama on that day.

भृपत्नी f. (-नी) A brother's wife. ३. भृत्, and पत्नी a wife.

भृमयिनी Dual only, (-तो) A brother and sister. ३. भृत् a brother and यिनी a sister.

भृमय m. (-यः-का-यः) Having a brother. ३. भृत्, वञ्च् aff. [वञ्च् aff.

भृमय m. (-यः) 1. A brother's son. 2. An enemy. ३. भृत् a brother,

भृमय m. (-रः) A husband's elder brother. ३. भृत् a brother, and यमुर a father-in-law, (as it were.)

भृमय m. (-यः-का-यः) Fraternal, belonging or relating to a brother. m. (यः) A brother's son. ३. भृत् a brother, and य aff.

भृ m. (-नः-का-नः) 1. Whirled, revolved. 2. Blundering, mistaken.

m. (-नः) 1. An elephant in rut. 2. The Dhuturā plant. n. (-नः) 1. Moving about. 2. Error. ३. भृत् to revolve, aff. कृत् ।

भृ f. (-नि) 1. Error, mistake, ignorance. 2. Going round, whirling, revolving. 3. Unsteadiness, locomotion. 4. Going about, wandering. 5. Confusion. 6. Delusion. 7. Doubt. ३. भृत् to go round, aff. कृत्, and the vowel made long.

भृमय m. (-मान्-मनो-मन्) 1. Erring, mistaking. 2. Wandering. m. (-मान्) A figure of speech (in rhetoric.) ३. भृत्, and मन्च् aff.

भृमय m. (-रः) A counsellor, a minister. ३. भृत् error, and यर who repels or removes. [वञ्च् aff.

भृ m. (-नः) 1. Wandering, roving. 2. Error. ३. भृत् to turn round,

भृमय m. (-कः) 1. A jackal. 2. A cheat, a rogue. 3. A sort of load-stone. 4. The sun-flower. ३. भृत् to turn round, कृत् aff.

भृमय m. (-यन्-यन्तो-यन्) 1. Whirling round. 2. Bewildering. ३. भृत् to wander or whirl, causal v., गृह aff.

भृ m. (-रः) 1. Whirling, going round. 2. A dance performed in a ring round about. 3. A village. 4. Epilepsy. 5. A honey. 6. A mode of sexual enjoyment. m. (रः) A sort of loadstone. f. (री)

1. A name of PA'RVATI' from her having assumed the form of a bee, in order to contend with MAHA'SUR. 2. Yo'gin'i, or female attendant on DURGA'. ३. भृत् a bee, &c. aff. वञ्च् or वञ्च्.

भृमय m. (-री-रिषी-रि) 1. Whirling, revolving. 2. Epilepsy, giddy. 3. Made of honey or from a bee, &c. ३. भृत्, and रि aff.

भृमय m. (-यन्-यन्तो-यन्) 1. Wandering about, roving, roaming. 2. Erring, deviating. ३. भृत् to wander, गृह aff.

भृ (टः-च) टभृत् r. 1st cl. (भृत्ति) To shine. Also भृत् ।

भृ m. (-टः-टो-टः) Fried in a pan. mn. (-टः-टः) A frying-pan. m. (-टः) Light. ३. भृत् to fry, Una'di aff. इन्; and in the attributive, वञ्च् added.

भृ r. 1st cl. (भृत्ति) To shine, also भृत् ।

भृ r. 9th cl. (भृत्ति) 1. To fear. 2. To help. 3. To cherish, to maintain or support.

भृत् m. (-सः) An actor in female apparel. ३. भृ for भृ an eye-brow, कृत् or कृत् to shine or speak, aff. वञ्च्; hence also भृत् भृत्, &c.

भृत् f. (-टि-टी) A frown. ३. भृ for भृ an eye-brow, कृत् to make crooked, इन् aff. : see भृत् ।

भृ r. 6th cl. (भृत्ति) 1. To cover. 2. To collect.

भृ f. (-यः) An eye-brow. ३. भृत् to round, Una'di aff. इन् ।

भृत् m. (-सः) A male actor in female apparel. ३. भृ the eye-brow, कृत् to speak or shine, aff. वञ्च्; also from कृत् भृत्; this word is variously written भृत् or भृत्, भृत् or भृत्, and भृत् or भृत् ।

भृत् f. (-टि-टी) A frown, a look of displeasure. ३. भृ the brow, कृत् to be curved, aff. इन् and डीप् optionally added; it is also written variously, like the last, and occurs भृत्, भृत्, or भृत्.

भृत् m. (-यः) A frown. ३. भृ, and यत् throwing.

भृ r. 10th cl. (भृत्ति) 1. To hope, to trust. 2. To confide, to be without doubt. 3. To wish for, to desire. 4. To fear.

भ्रूय m. (-यः) 1. The embryo or foetus. 2. A child. ३. भ्रूय to hope, to fear, aff. वञ् ।  
 भ्रूयन् mfn. (-यन्-ती-न्) Producing or causing abortion, who or what does so. ३. भ्रूय, and य what destroys.  
 भ्रूयन्ता f. (-ता) 1. Murder of the foetus, procuring or causing abortion. 2. Any sin equally heinous. ३. भ्रूय, and यन्ता killing.  
 भ्रूयन् mf. (-यन्-ती) 1. One who occasions or procures abortion. 2. The murderer of a Brahman. ३. भ्रूय the embryo, (or any thing of which the death is equally heinous.) and यन् who kills.  
 भ्रूयन् m. (-यः) A frown. ३. भ्रू the brow, भङ्ग a breaking, bending.  
 भ्रूविलास m. (-सः) Playful motion of the eye-brows.  
 भ्रूज् (ङ) भ्रूज् r. 1st cl. (भ्रूजते) To shine. [4. To fear.  
 भ्रूज् (ङ) भ्रूज् r. 1st cl. (भ्रूजति-ते) 1. To go. 2. To fall. 3. To be angry.  
 भ्रूय m. (-यः) 1. Going. 2. Loss. 3. Deviation.  
 भ्रूय् (ङ) भ्रूय् r. 1st cl. (भ्रूयति-ते) To go, to move, to fear : see भ्रूज् ।  
 भ्रूय m. (-यः) 1. Deviation from rectitude, declining or falling from virtue, &c. 2. Going, proceeding. 3. Loss. ३. भ्रूय् to go, aff. वञ् ।  
 भ्रूयन् n. (-यः) Going, moving. ३. भ्रूय् to go, aff. वञ् ।  
 भ्रूय् r. 1st cl. (भ्रूयति-ते) To eat.  
 भ्राय् (ट, ङ) भ्राय् r. 1st cl. (भ्रायते-त्यायते) To shine ; sometimes भ्राय्-  
 भ्रूय् (ङ) भ्रूय् r. 1st cl. (भ्रूयति-ते) 1. To go. 2. To fear : see भ्रूज् ।

—o—

## म

म The twenty-fifth consonant of the Na'gari alphabet, corresponding to the letter M.  
 म m. (-मः) 1. A name of BRAHMA'. 2. S'IVA. 3. VISHN'U. 4. YAMA. 5. Time, season. 6. Poison, venom. 7. A magical or mystical verse or formula. 8. The moon. 9. The abbreviated name of the fourth note of the gamut. f. (म) 1. A name of LAKSHM'U. 2. A mother. 3. Measure. 4. Light, lustre. 5 Knowledge. 6. Binding, tying. 7. Death. 8. A woman's waist. n. (म) 1. Good-fortune, auspiciousness. 2. Water. ३. म to measure, क aff. ; or मन् to worship, &c., aff. ड.  
 मन् (ङ) मन् r. 1st cl. (मन्ते) 1. To decorate, to grace or adorn. 2. To  
 मकर m. (-रः) 1. A marine monster, confounded usually with the crocodile and shark, but properly a fabulous animal : as a fish it might be conjectured to be the horned-shark, or the unicorn fish ; but it is often drawn, as it in the pictured sign Capricorn of the zodiac, with the head and forelegs of an antelope, and the body and tail of a fish : it is the emblem of the god of love. 2. One of the signs of zodiac, corresponding with the above, and like the Greek representation of that sign, being an animal in the foreparts, and ending in the tail of a fish. One of the nine treasures of KURU'RA. 3. A particular array of troops, in the form of a Makara. 4. An ear-ring in that shape. ३. म for मुख the mouth, कृ to scatter, aff. चच् ; or माङ् prohibitive aff, कृ to do, चच् aff., form irr. ; grammarians however, sometimes consider this word as a primitive.  
 मकरकेतन m. (-नः) KA'MA, the Hindu CUPID. ३. मकर, a marine monster and केतन emblem ; being painted on KA'MA's banner. [blem.  
 मकरकेतु m. (-तुः) KA'MA : see the preceding. ३. मकर, and केतु an emblem.  
 मकरध्वज m. (-जः) 1. KA'MA : see the two last. 2. A particular array of troops. 3. A particular medical preparation. ३. मकर Makara, and ध्वज emblem.

मकरन्द m. (-न्दः) 1. The nectar or honey of a flower. 2. The Kokil or Indian cuckoo. 3. A bee. 4. A fragrant kind of mango. 5. A kind of jasmine, (Jasminum pubescens.) 6. The filament of a lotus. ३. मकर the emblem of KA'MA, and द्यो to destroy, i. e. to surpass as an incentive to love, aff. क, form irr.  
 मकरन्दवती f. (-ती) The trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-oleus.) 1. मकरन्द honey, and मनुप् aff., fem. form. "पाटला हजे" ।  
 मकरसप्तमी f. (-मी) The seventh day in the first half of the month mā'gha [receptacle.  
 मकराकर m. (-रः) The ocean. ३. मकर a marine monster, and मकराकर m. (-रः) A plant, said to be a species of Karanja or Caesalpinia. ३. मकर a fish, मकार form. "कांटा करमज्ज" ।  
 मकराङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. KA'MA'DE'VA. 2. The ocean. ३. मकर a marine monster, and मङ्क mark, emblem.  
 मकरालय m. (-यः) The ocean. ३. मकर a sort of fish, and मालय abode.  
 मकरान्न m. (-न्नः) VARUN'A. ३. मकर a marine monster, and चय a horse, riding on the Makara.  
 मकरिन् m. (-री) The ocean. ३. मकर a marine monster, and इनि aff  
 मकुट n. (-टः) A crest, a head-dress, a crown, a tiara. ३. मकि to adorn, aff. चट form irr.  
 मकुति f. (-तिः) An edict or order of the government, addressed to the Sū'dra tribe, or to a Sū'dra. ३. मकि-चति ।  
 मकुर m. (-रः) 1. A mirror. 2. The stick of a potter's wheel. 3. An unblown flower. 4. A tree with light yellow, and fragrant flowers, (Mimusops elengi.) ३. मकि to adorn, चरच् Unādi aff. and deriv irr. ; also मकुर ।  
 मकुल m. (-लः) 1. An opening bud. 2. A kind of tree, (Mimusops elengi.) ३. मकि to adorn, कलच् aff., deriv. irr. "अकुल वृत्ते" ।  
 मकुटक m. (-कः) A kind of kidney-bean, a wild variety, perhaps of the Phaseolus mungo. ३. मकु irrly. derivd. from मक् to adorn, टक् to impede, aff. चच् ; also मकुटक ।  
 मकुष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ट-ष्ठः) Going lazily, slowly, &c. m. (-ष्ठः) A sort of rice. ३. मकि to adorn, aff. ड, deriv. irr. मकु, and स्था to stand, aff. ड. also मकुष्ठ ।  
 मकुष्ठक m. (-कः) A sort of kidney-bean. ३. मकु ornament ; (see the two last ; ) स्था to stay or be, aff. कन् । [and कन् added.  
 मकुलक m. (-कः) A plant commonly Danti'. ३. मकि to adorn, कनच् aff.  
 मक् r. 1. cl. (मक्ते) To go, to move.  
 मकुल n. (-लः) A mineral substance, considered variously to be chalk or benzoin. ३. मक् to go, to be, aff. कलच् । "मिलानज्जु" ।  
 मकुव m. (-लः) Chalk : see the last. ३. मक् to go, मीलच् aff.  
 मच् r. 1st cl. (मचति) 1. To fill. 2. To be angry. 3. To mix, to combine.  
 मच् m. (-चः) 1. Hypocrisy, slyness, concealment of one's own defects. 2. Multitude. ३. मच् to fill, aff. चच् । [same, मच् aff.  
 मचिका f. (-का) A fly. ३. मच् to be angry, Unādi aff. सिकन् ; or मच् the  
 मचीका f. (-का) A fly. ३. See the last, the pen. vowel made long.  
 मख r. 1st cl. (मखति) also (ङ) मखि (मखति) To go, to move.  
 मख m. (-खः) Sacrifice, oblation. ३. मख् to go, aff. चच् or च ।  
 मखवाह m. (-तः) RA'MA, the son of DASARATHA, and second incarnation of VISHN'U so named. ३. मख sacrifice, and वाह who preserves ; his first exploit being the discomfiture of the Rākshasas, who disturbed the sacrifices of VISWA'MITRA.  
 मखवह्नि m. (-ह्निः) Sacrificial-fire. ३. मख sacrifice, and वह्नि fire ; also similar compounds, as मखाग्नि &c.  
 मखानल m. (-नलः) Sacrificial-fire. ३. मख and अनल fire.  
 मखासुहृद् m. (-हृद्) S'IVA. ३. मख sacrifice, here meaning the sacrifice offered by DAKSHA and असुहृद् unfriendly ; having disturbed the ceremony, and slain the sacrificer.  
 मग् (ङ) मग् r. 1st cl. (मगति) To go, to move.  
 मग्ध m. (-यः) 1. A country, South Behar. 2. An inhabitant of that

country. 3. A bard, whose peculiar province is to sing the praises of a chief's ancestry in his presence, a family bard or minstrel. f. (-वा) 1. Long pepper. 2. The town of the Magadhas. ३. नम्र a Kandwa'di verb, to ask, aff. चच्; or नम्र the country, चच् aff., with alteration of the vowel optional; hence also नम्र । [king.]

नम्रेश्वर m. (-रः) A name of JARA'SAND'HA. ३. नम्र South Bihar, ईश्वर mfn. (-वः-वा-च) 1. Plunged, dived, immersed. 2. Sunk, drowned. 3. Absorbed. ३. नम्र् to plunge into water, aff. क्.

नम् (१) नमि r. 1st cl. (नमते) 1. To go, to move. 2. To begin moving. 3. To begin. 4. To move swiftly. 5. To blame. 6. To gamble. 7. To cheat, to be addicted to dishonest practices. (नमति) To decorate, to adorn.

नम m. (-ः) 1. One of the Dwi'pas or divisions of the universe. 2. A country, that of the modern Mugs, or A'rākān. 3. A drug. 4. Pleasure, happiness. 5. A kind of medicine. n. (-च) A kind of flower. f. (-च) The tenth lunar asterism, containing five stars figured by a house; it is sometimes considered to be confined to the plural number. (नमाः) f. (-वा-ची) A sort of grain. ३. नम्र to worship, aff. क् and च changed to च; or नमि-चच् प्रयोगः ।

नम्रवत् m. (-वात्) A name of INDRA. ३. नम्र happiness, (of paradise or Swarga,) नम्र् aff.

नम्रान् m. (-वा) 1. INDRA. 2. One of the twelve Chakravartis, or universal monarchs of the Jaiuas. 3. An epithet of Vya'sa 4. An owl. ३. नम्र to sacrifice, नमिन् Unādi aff. and वृक् augment, form irr.; before the vowel affs. of the second case plural, and the last five cases, the व of this word is changed to च, and thence becomes ची as usual, as नमोचः, नमोना, नमोने, &c.; also with लोच् aff. the fem. form is नमोनी f. (-नी) Sa'chi, the wife of INDRA.

नम्रान्व m. (-वः) The planet VENUS. ३. नम्रा the asterism, and भव born.

नम्रान् m. (-मः) SUKRA. ३. नम्रा and भू born; see the last.

नम्रिण m. (-लः) A fire in a forest. ३. नम्रि to adorn, aff. इलच् ।

नम्र m. (-रः) A mirror. ३. नम्रि to adorn, उरच् aff., and the nasal retained; also नम्रुर and नम्रुर ।

नम्रन् mfn. (-ता-नी-क) 1. Bathing or drowning; any thing, or person. 2. Cleaning any thing by immersion. ३. नम्र् to bathe, aff. टच्, and नम्र् augment.

नम्रन् n. (-च) Cuissees or greaves, armour for the thighs or legs. ३. नम्र्-चट् aff.; it is sometimes read नम्र्च ।

नम्र्, Ind. 1. Quickly, Swiftly, instantly. 2. Much, exceedingly. ३. नम्र् to purify, च् aff., and नम्र् augment; also नम्र्. ३. नमि-चच् ।

नम्रन् n. (-च) Cuissees or greaves, armour for the thighs or legs; a sort of iron chain-work petticoat, coming down to the knees, is still worn in some parts of India.

नम m. (-वः) 1. A royal bard. 2. A mendicant of a particular order. ३. नम्रि to go, चच् aff.

नम m. (-वः) The head of a boat. ३. नमि to go, aff. चच् ।

नम्रन् mfn. (-वः-वा-च) 1. Lucky, fortunate, prosperous, faring well or happily. 2. Brave. n. (-च) 1. Happiness, good-fortune. 2. Preserving property, taking care of what has been gained. 3. Prudence, carefulness. 3. A good woman. 4. Festivity. 5. Turmeric. 6. An ancient custom. m. (-वः) 1. The planet MARS. 2. Burnt offering on various occasions of rejoicing. f. (-वा) 1. A name of UMA', the wife of S'iva. 2. A bent grass, (Panicum dactylon,) with white blossoms. 3 A virtuous and obedient wife. 4. The mother of the fifth Jina or Jain's teacher SUMAT'. 5. A species of Cæsalpinia. ३. नमि to go, चच् Unādi aff.

नम्रान्व m. (-वः) Waved-leaf fig-tree, (Ficus infectoria,) ३. नम्रन् prosperous, lucky, and छाया shade.

नम्रदेवता f. (-ता) A tutelary deity. [वाठक who reads or recites.]

नम्रवाटक m. (-वः) A bard, an enoomiast. ३. नम्रन् good fortune, and

नम्रान्वतिवर m. (-रः) 1. An auspicious string worn by married women round the neck. 2. The cord of an amulet.

नम्रान्वता f. (-वा) Turmeric. ३. नम्रन् auspiciousness, and नम्रा bestowing.

नम्रान्वत m. (-तः) Rice thrown by Bra'hmanas upon people in bestowing a blessing.

नम्रान्वत n. (-च) An auspicious introduction in the shape of a prayer at the beginning of an undertaking or of any written work.

नम्रान्वत n. (-च) A benedictory stanza repeated by priests for good luck on the bride and bridegroom at the time of wedding.

नम्रान्व mfn. (-वः-वा-च) 1. Auspicious, propitious, conferring happiness, prosperity, &c. 2. Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable. 2. Pure, pious. m. (-वः) 1. A plant, commonly Trayamāna. 2. The holy fig-tree, (Ficus religiosa.) 3. The Vilwa, (Ægle marmelos.) 4. A sort of pulse, (Cicer lens.) 5. The cocoanut-tree. f. (-वा) 1. A fragrant sort of Agallochum or aloe wood. 2. A kind of Mimosa, (M. Suma, Rox.) 3. A herb, commonly Gōjihvā, (Hieracium or according to Rox's Catalogue, a herb of the same class, Elephantopus scaber.) 4. A sort of grass, (Andropogon asiaticum.) 5. A sort of fennel, (Anethum sowa.) 6. A sort of perfume, commonly Rochana'. 7. A kind of Orris root, (Acorus calamus.) n. (-च) 1. Sour curds. 2. Sandal. 3. Red lead. 4. Gold. 5. Water brought from various sacred places for the coronation of a king. ३. नम्रन् prosperous and चच् aff.

नम्रान्व m. (-वः) Lentils, (Cicer lens.) ३. कन् added to the preceding.

नम्रान्वान्वेया f. (-या) A plant, (Celtis orientalis.) ३. नम्रन् auspicious, नामवेया appellation.

नम्रान्वी f. (-नी) A boat. ३. नम्र the head of a boat, aff. इनि ।

नम्र also (१) नमि r. 1st cl. (नमते नमते) 1. To be vain or proud. 2. To be wicked. 3. To speak. 4. To pound or grind. नमि r. 1st cl. (नमते) 1. To hold or have. 2. To be high or tall. 3. To revere, to adore, to worship. 4. To shine.

नम्रान्विका f. (-का) 1. Excellence, happiness. 2. (In apposition,) Best, excellent, (the gender is unchanged.) ३. नम्र S'iva, चच् to worship, aff. चच् and टाच् ।

नम्रान्व mfn. (-वा-वा-च) Who or what has the mind fixed on me, (God.) ३. नम्र me, चिन् mind. [see नम्रा ।

नम्र m. (-वः) A fish in general. ३. नम्र to delight, and चच् aff., form irr.

नम्रान्व n. (-वः) A bone. ३. नम्र marrow and चच् what makes.

नम्रान्व mfn. (-वः-वा-च) Plunging in or into, being immersed, dipping, drowning. ३. नम्र् to be immersed, चट् aff.

नम्रान्व m. (-वा) 1. The marrow of the bone and flesh. 2. The pith or sap of trees, &c. ३. नम्र् to be immersed, (in the centre of the bones, &c.) and कनिन् Unādi aff.

नम्रान्व n. (-न) 1. Bathing, ablution. 2. Immersion. 3. Drowning. 4. Marrow. ३. नम्र् to bathe, &c. aff. चट् ।

नम्रान्वान्व n. (-वः) Semen Virile. ३. नम्रन् marrow, नम्रान्व production.

नम्रा f. (-वा) Marrow, pith, sap. ३. नम्रन् marrow and चच्-टाच् aff. : see नम्रान्व ।

नम्रान्वान्व n. (-वः) 1. Hell. 2. Bdelium.

नम्रान्व m. (-वः) Semen virile.

नम्रान्वान्व n. (-रः) Nutmeg. "जातीफल" ।

नम्रान्विका f. (-का) The female of the Indian crane.

नम्रान्व f. (-वा) A basket. ३. See नम्रान्व ।

नम्र (१) नमि r. 1st cl. (नमति) To go.

नम्र m. (-वः) 1. A bed, a bedstead. 2. A platform, a scaffold. 3. An elevated shed raised on bamboos in a cornfield, &c., where a watchman is stationed to protect the corn from cattle, birds, wild beasts, &c. 4. A sort of throne or chair of state, or the platform on which it is raised, the dais. ३. नमि to be high or tall, aff. चच् ।



**मधुम** m. (-कः) 1. A bed, a beadstead. 2. A platform, a scaffold. 3. A stand for holding fire. **म.** कन् added to the preceding.

**मधुमन्त्र** m. (-यः) A bug. **म.** मधु a bed, and मन्त्र abode.

**मधुमण्डप** m. (-पः) A sort of temporary open shed, a platform erected for particular ceremonies, as marriages, &c. **म.** मधु a scaffold, and मण्डप a temporary hall.

**मधु** r. 10th cl. (मधुयति) 1. To sound. 2. To clean, to purify.

**मधुर** nf. (-र-री) 1. A pearl. 2. A compound pedicle. 3. A sort of plant, commonly Tilaka. **म.** मधु beautiful, धृ to go or be, aff. चप्, deriv. irr.; or मधु-चरप् ।

**मधुरि** f. (-रि-री) 1. A compound pedicle, a fruit or flower-stalk. 2. A large pearl. 3. A plant, commonly Tilaka. 4. A line. 5. A creeper. 6. The holy-basil. **mf.** (-रि-री) A shoot, a sprout. **म.** मधु beautiful, धृ to go, or be, aff. इ, deriv. irr., क्तिप् optionally added.

**मधुरिचामर** n. (-रं) A fan-like sprout. [रत्तप् aff.]

**मधुरित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Mounted on a stalk, (a bud, &c.) **म.** मधुर and मधुरिचामर m. (-यः) The Vetasa plant.

**मध्या** f. (-या) 1. A compound pedicle : see the last. 2. A she-goat. 3. A creeper. **म.** मधि to sound, aff. चप् ।

**मधि** f. (-धि-धी) A compound pedicle ; also मधुरी ।

**मधिका** f. (-का) A harlot, a whore. **म.** मधि-कृ-टाप् चत इत्तम् ।

**मधिकसा** f. (-सा) The plantain, (*Musa sapientum*.) **म.** मधि a foot-stalk, and फल fruit.

**मधि मन्** n. (म) Beauty, elegance. **म.** मधु handsome, इमनिच् aff.

**मधिरा** f. (-रा) Bengal madder, a plant used in medicine, and in dyeing, (*Rubia Manjith*, Rox.) **म.** मधु beautiful, छा to stay or be, क aff., deriv. irr.; or मधि a compound pedicle, and रत्तप् aff.

**मधिरागम** m. (-गः) 1. The dye of madder. 2. An attachment as durable as the colour of the Indian madder, permanent attachment, (figuratively.) **म.** मधिरा and राग colour.

**मधिरा** n. (-रं) An ornament for the feet or toes. **m.** (-रः) A post, round which passes the string that works the stick of a churn. **म.** मधु to sound, aff. ईरन् ; also with कन् added मधिरक ।

**मधोक्ष** m. (-क्षः) 1. A village, inhabited chiefly by washermen. 2. An anklet. **म.** मधु to sound, ईरन् aff. and र changed to क्ष ।

**मधु** mfn. (-धुः-धुः-धुः) Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable. **म.** मधु to clean, aff. डन् ।

**मधुकेशिन्** mfn. (-श्री-श्री-श्री) Beautiful-haired. **m.** (-श्री) A name of KRISHN'A, or VISHN'U in that form. **म.** मधु beautiful, केश hair, इति aff.

**मधुगमना** f. (-ना) A goose. **म.** मधु beautiful, elegant, and गमन gait.

**मधुगुण** m. (-गुः) A charming murmur.

**मधुघोष** mfn. (धः-धः-धः) Having a sweet voice or cry. **m.** (-धः) One of the Baud'dha teachers. **f.** (-धा) One of the Apsarás or courtesans of Swarga. **म.** मधु agreeable; and घोष sound, voice.

**मधुनामी** f. (-मी) 1. A name of DURGA'. 2. The wife of INDRA. 3. A handsome woman. **म.** मधु beautiful and नाश destruction ; putting every other beauty to shame by their superiority.

**मधुपाठक** m. (-कः) A parrot.

**मधुप्राय** m. (-यः) A name of BRAHMA'. **म.** मधु pleasing and प्राय life.

**मधुभद्र** m. (-द्रः) Baud'dha ; also called Manjughosha.

**मधुभाषिन्** mfn. (-धी-धी-धी) Speaking sweetly or pleasantly. **f.** (-धी) 1. A woman speaking kindly. 2. A species of Atijagati' metre. **म.** मधु and भाषिन् who speaks.

**मधुच** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Beautiful, agreeable, pleasing. **m.** (-चः) A gallinule. **n.** (-चं) 1. A natural water-course or channel, a spring, a well. 2. An harbour, a bower. 3. An aquatic plant, (*Vallisneria octandra*.) **म.** मधु handsome, धृ to be, aff. क । [face.]

**मधुवत्** mfn. (-वत्-वत्-वत्) Lovely, handsome. **म.** मधु beautiful, वत् the मधुनी m. (-नी) A Baud'dha saint : see मधुघोष ।

**मधुवा** f. (-वा) 1. A basket, a large basket. 2. A stone. 3. Bengal madder. 4. The case in which the great bow that Ráma broke, was kept. **म.** मधु to make pure or clean by ablution, Unádi aff. कन्, and the nasal augment ; also with a short vowel मधुवा ।

**मटती** f. (-ती) Hail ; also मटपी ।

**मटकटि** m. (-टिः) Incipient pride. [corocana.]

**मटक** n. (-कः) 1. The ridge of a thatch. 2. A sort of grain, (*Eleusine* m. (-कः) 1. To be confused or disturbed in mind. 2. To dwell, to inhabit. 3. To grind. 4. To go. (इ) मटि r. 1st cl. (मटते) 1. To bewail, to regret, to remember with sorrow or regret. 2. To long for.

**मठ** m. (-ठः) 1. A school, a college, the residence of young Bráhmans, prosecuting sacred studies. 2. A building inhabited by ascetics of the same order. 3. A temple. 4. A cart, a carriage, particularly drawn by oxen. **म.** मठ् to dwell, aff. चप् ।

**मठर** m. (-रः) The name of a Muni or saint. **f.** (-रा) Intoxicated. **म.** मठ् to respect, Unádi aff. चरप्, and ठ substituted for the radical final.

**मठो** f. (-ठी) A cell. 2. A cloister.

**मधु** (इ) मधि r. 1st cl. (मधते) 1. To divide, to separate. 2. To clothe. 3. To surround, to encompass. r. 1st and 10th cls. (मधति मधयति-न) To adorn, to grace, to decorate. r. 10th cl. (मधयति-ते) To gladden, to rejoice, to make happy.

**मडक** m. (-कः) A kind of grain, (*Eleusine corocana*.) **म.** मधि-कृन् ।

**मड्डु** m. (-ड्डुः) A sort of drum. **म.** मधु to purify, aff. डन्, deriv. irr., also with कन् added, मड्डुक ।

**मध** r. 1st cl. (मधति) To sound, to sound inarticulately.

**मधि** mf. (-धिः-धीः-धी) 1. A gem, a jewel, a precious stone. 2. Ornament in general. 3. A load-stone, a magnet. 4. Any thing excellent of its kind. 5. A pearl. 6. Fleishy processes pending from the neck of a goat. 7. A small water-pot. 8. The glans penis. 9. The clitoris. 10. The wrist. 11. One of the Na'gas or serpent chiefs of Pátála. **म.** मधु to sound, aff. डन् । [the same, aff. कन्.]

**मधिक** n. (-कं) A small water jar, a pitcher. **m.** (-कः) A jewel. **म.** मधि

**मधिकथ** m. (-थः) The blue jay. **म.** मधि a jewel, and कथ the throat.

**मधिकथक** m. (-कः) A cook.

**मधिकर्ण** mfn. (धः-धा-धी-धी) Jewel-eared. **म.** मधि, and कर्ण the ear.

**मधिकर्णिका** f. (-का) A holy pool at Benares, in which pilgrims are directed to bathe. **म.** मधि, and कर्ण the ear, aff. कन्, fem. form. Devi having dropped one of her ear-rings at this place.

**मधिकाच** m. (-चः) The feathered part of an arrow.

**मधिकानन** n. (-नः) The neck or throat. **म.** मधि a jewel, and कानन a wood ; abounding with such ornaments.

**मधिकार** m. (-रः) A jeweller, a lapidary or worker in precious stones. **म.** मधि a gem, and कार who makes.

**मधिकोव** m. (-वः) One of KURU'RA's sons. **म.** मधि a gem, दीवा the neck.

**मधिकिद्रा** f. (-द्रा) 1. Marrow. 2. A sort of drug.

**मधित** n. (-तः) Low murmuring sound uttered at cohabitation. **म.** मधु to sound, aff. क्त । [aff. कृत्.]

**मधितारक** m. (-कः) The Indian crane. **म.** मधि a jewel, धृ to pass over.

**मधिघोष** m. (-घः) 1. The crest or hood of the great serpent ANANTA. 2. Name of an island in the ocean of nectar. **म.** मधि a jewel, and घोष a continent.

**मधिरागु** m. (-गुः) The rainbow. **म.** मधि a jewel, and रागु a bow.

**मधिरुपक** m. (-कः) The conch-shell of Sahade'va.

**मधिपूर** m. (-पूरः) 1. The navel. 2. A sort of bodice worn by women, and often richly ornamented with. **n.** (-पूरः) 1. The pit of the stomach, as one of the mystical Chakras of the body : see चक्र. 2. Name of a town in Kalinga. **म.** मधि a jewel, and पूर filling, full.

**मधिरुपक** m. (-कः) The wrist. **म.** मधि a jewel, and रुपक binding ; where bracelets of precious stones are bound.

**मङ्गलम्** n. (-न्) 1. An ornament of pearls. 2. That part of a ring where the jewels are set.

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) 1. One of the Jinās, or Jain's deified teachers. 2. A name of the king of the Yakshas.

**मङ्गलम्** f. (-ङ्) The place of the great serpent, *Śe'sha Na'ga*. **मङ्गलम्** a jewel, and **मङ्गलम्** a wall.

**मङ्गलम्** f. (-ङ्) A jewel-mine, or a place where gems or precious stones are found. **मङ्गलम्** a gem, and **मङ्गलम्** ground, also **मङ्गलम्** f. (-ङ्) 1.

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) 1. The capital of *Se'sha*. 2. The place of *NAIRITA*, regent of the S. W. quarter. **मङ्गलम्** a jewel, and **मङ्गलम्** a building.

**मङ्गलम्** mfn. (मङ्गल-मङ्गल-मङ्गल) Having jewels, possessed of or adorned with them. **मङ्गलम्** (-मङ्गल) The sun. **मङ्गलम्** and **मङ्गलम्** poss. aff.

**मङ्गलम्** n. (-ङ्) A species of the *Vrihati* metre.

**मङ्गलम्** n. (-ङ्) 1. A mountain or range where salt is found. 2. Rock-salt. **मङ्गलम्** a gem, and **मङ्गलम्** what churns.

**मङ्गलम्** f. (-ङ्) 1. A necklace, a zone, a fillet, &c. of precious stones. 2. The circular impression left by a bite, (in amorous sports.) 3. The goddess *LAḶṢMI*. 4. Light, lustre. 5. A species of the *Jagati* metre. **मङ्गलम्** a gem, and **मङ्गलम्** a necklace, &c.

**मङ्गलम्** n. (-ङ्) A precious gem. **मङ्गलम्** and **मङ्गलम्** a jewel, or the best of any thing. [and **मङ्गलम्** poss. aff.]

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) One of the *Nāgas* or serpents of *Pātāla*. **मङ्गलम्** a gem, **मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) The pomegranate. **मङ्गलम्** a gem, and **मङ्गलम्** seed.

**मङ्गलम्** n. (-ङ्) A string of gems, a necklace, &c. **मङ्गलम्** and **मङ्गलम्** what goes.

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) 1. A staff or stick set with jewels. 2. A stair-case set with jewels. **मङ्गलम्** a jewel, **मङ्गलम्** a ladder. **मङ्गलम्** king-fisher.

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) The moon-gem, probably a sort of crystal. **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) A flower. **मङ्गलम्** to sound. deriv. irr.

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) 1. Scum, skimmings, froth, foam, barm, &c., the upper part of any infusion in a state of boiling or ferment. 2. Pith, essence. 3. The head. **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) 1. Ornament, decoration. 2. The castor-oil tree, (*Palma christi*.) 3. A sort of potherb. 4. A frog. **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) 1. Spirituous or vinous liquor. 2. Emblic myrobalan. **मङ्गलम्** to adorn, *Una'di* aff. **मङ्गलम्** **मङ्गलम्** तल-मङ्गलम् ।

**मङ्गलम्** mfn. (-ङ्) Adorning, dressing, decorating, fond of or putting on ornaments. **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) Ornament, decoration, jewels, trinkets, &c. **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) Name of a philosopher, a contemporary and opponent of *Sankarāchārya*. **मङ्गलम्** to adorn, aff. **मङ्गलम्** ।

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) 1. A temporary building, an open shed or hall, adorned with flowers and erected on festival occasions, as in marriages, &c. 2. An open temple or building consecrated to a deity. 3. A bower. 4. A pavilion. **मङ्गलम्** ornament, and **मङ्गलम्** to preserve, aff. **मङ्गलम्** ; or **मङ्गलम्** ।

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) 1. An ornament, a decoration of trinkets, jewels, &c. 2. An actor. 3. Food. 4. An assembly of women. **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) A woman; a wife. **मङ्गलम्** to adorn, *Una'di* aff. **मङ्गलम्** fem. aff. **मङ्गलम्** ।

**मङ्गलम्** f. (-ङ्) The mole cricket.

**मङ्गलम्** mfn. (-ङ्) The disk of the sun or moon. **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) 1. The sun's disk. 2. An orb, a circumference in general, or the circle bounding the view, the visible horizon. 3. (In astronomy.) A great circle, as **मङ्गलम्** the equator, **मङ्गलम्** the ecliptic. 4. A ball, a globe. 5. A wheel. 6. A province, a region, a district, extending twenty, or according to some authorities, forty *Yojanas* in every way. 7. The country or empire, over which the twelve princes termed *Chakravartis* are supposed to have ruled; perhaps the peninsula of India, where the term *Mandala* or *Mandel* is of constant occurrence, to signify a province or district, as in *Coro*

*mandel*, &c. 8. Surrounding or contiguous countries. 9. A sort of leprosy with circular spots. 10. A heap, a quantity, a multitude or assemblage. 11. An attitude in shooting, the fifth position, in which both knees are bent. 12. The impression or scratch of a finger-nail. 13. A sort of perfume, resembling in appearance a dried shell-fish. 14. A sort of mystical diagram, used in summoning a divinity. 15. A sweet-meat a sugar-ball. 16. A form of array, an army drawn up in a circle. 17. A division of the *Rig-veda*. **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) 1. A kind of snake. 2. A dog. **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) Bent grass. **मङ्गलम्** to adorn, aff. **मङ्गलम्** ।

**मङ्गलम्** n. (-ङ्) 1. An orb or disk. 2. A sort of leprosy, with large round spots. 3. A mirror. 4. A form of array, an army drawn up in a circle. 5. A circular figure or diagram. **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) A dog. **मङ्गलम्** added to the preceding.

**मङ्गलम्** n. (-ङ्) Dancing in a ring, especially a dance imitative of one, said to have been danced by the *Gopis* round *KRISHNA* and his mistress *RA'DHA*. **मङ्गलम्** a circle, and **मङ्गलम्** dancing.

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) The drawing of a circle.

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) A kind of poisonous insect. [point.]

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) A sword, a scimitar. **मङ्गलम्** a circle, **मङ्गलम्** a top or

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) An emperor, a king of kings. **मङ्गलम्** an extensive district or empire, and **मङ्गलम्** sovereign.

**मङ्गलम्** n. (-ङ्) A ball, a globe. **मङ्गलम्** a circle, **मङ्गलम्** aff., **मङ्गलम्** added.

**मङ्गलम्** mfn. (मङ्गल-मङ्गल-मङ्गल) Being in a circle, made up into a coil or ball. 2. Surrounded by. **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) 1. A large species of snake. 2. A cat. 3. A Pole cat. 4. A dog. 5. The sun. 6. The ruler or governor of a Mandal or district. 7. The Indian fig tree. **मङ्गलम्** a circle, and **मङ्गलम्** aff.

**मङ्गलम्** n. (-ङ्) Rounding, gathering in a ball or a circle, coiling, &c. **मङ्गलम्** and **मङ्गलम्** making, **मङ्गलम्** augment.

**मङ्गलम्** mfn. (-ङ्) Rounded, made round or globular, gathered in a ball or circle. **मङ्गलम्**, and **मङ्गलम्** made, **मङ्गलम्** augment.

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) An emperor, a supreme monarch. **मङ्गलम्** an empire, and **मङ्गलम्** sovereign.

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) A sovereign, a monarch. **मङ्गलम्** a district, and **मङ्गलम्** a sovereign; the power of this prince is limited by *AMARA*, and the *Mandaleswara* is considered as an emperor or supreme prince, only when in addition to his territorial sway, he has performed the *Ra'jasuya* sacrifice, in which he has been attended by all his tributary or subject princes; other authorities confound the sovereign of a *Mandala*, with the *Chakravarti* or emperor, and with the *Samra'j* or lord paramount, and others confine him to the government of a district of twenty or forty *Yojanas* in each direction.

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) A distiller of spirits. **मङ्गलम्** froth, ferment, and **मङ्गलम्** to take, aff. **मङ्गलम्**, and **मङ्गलम्** added.

**मङ्गलम्** f. (-ङ्) 1. Spirituous liquor. 2. The myrobalan tree. 3. *Trigonella foenum graecum*. "मेति". **मङ्गलम्** **मङ्गलम्** ।

**मङ्गलम्** mfn. (-ङ्) Ornamented, adorned. **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) One of the eleven persons called *Gan'adhipas* by the *Jain's*. **मङ्गलम्** to adorn, aff. **मङ्गलम्** ।

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) 1. A frog. 2. The name of a Muni. 3. A flower, (*Bignonia Indica*.) **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) **मङ्गलम्** (*Rubia Manjith*.) **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) 1. A female frog. 2. A plant, (*Siphonanthus Indica*, or *Hydrocotyle Asiatica*.) 3. An unchaste or abandoned woman. **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) A kind of coitus. **मङ्गलम्** to ornament, *Una'di* aff. **मङ्गलम्** ।

**मङ्गलम्** m. (-ङ्) 1. A plant, (*Bignonia Indica*.) **मङ्गलम्** (-ङ्) 1. Bengal madder, (*Rubia Manjith*.) 2. A plant, (*Siphonanthus Indica*.) 3. A sort of creeper, (*Hydrocotyle Asiatica*.) **मङ्गलम्** a frog, and **मङ्गलम्** a leaf, compared to the animal in shape or colour.

मच्छुक्तीन m. (-नः) A kind of meditation in which the meditator sits motionless like a frog.

मच्छुक्तागति f. (-तिः) A frog-leap, hence skipping over any portion or omitting it. [ऊर्ध्व aff.]

मच्छुर् m. (-रः-रं) Rust of iron used as a medicine. ३. नञि to adorn, मच्छुर्दत्त n. (-त्तः) 1. Painting figures or flowers, on the walls or floors of an apartment, &c. on festival occasions, with a white pigment made from ground rice. 2. Variegated colour. 3. Mental excitement. ३. मच्छु scum, and चक्षु water.

मत् Ind. Mine. ३. Irregular substitute for मम, possessive case of मच्छु, and is used in composition, ३. मच्छु मत् my son, मच्छु मत् my lord.

मत् mfn. (-तः-ता-त्) 1. Known, understood. 2. Admitted, believed, held or entertained, (as opinion, &c.) 3. Respected, revered, minded, regarded. n. (-त्तः) 1. Purpose, intention, wish, mind, (as to have a mind to any thing.) 2. Knowledge. 3. Doctrine, tenet, belief, opinion. 4. Counsel, advice. 5. Design, aim. 6. Approbation. ३. मत् to mind, aff. क्त् ।

मत्त m. (-तः) 1. The name of a Muni. 2. A cloud. 3. An elephant. ३. मत्त to please, to be pleased, मच्छु Una'di aff., द changed to तः ।

मच्छुज m. (-जः) An elephant. ३. मच्छु cloud, (in colour.) and ज born.

मच्छुज्जि f. (-ज्जि) Excellence, happiness : (also attributively, but unvarying in gender,) excellent, best, happiest ; It is used at the end of a compound only and there is no etymon of this word, according to the best authorities ; Vāchaspatya defined it thus : मच्छुमच्छुति भूययति च्छु-प्रथो ।

मच्छुति f. (-तिः) 1. Understanding, intellect. 2. Wish, desire, inclination. 3. Memory, recollection. 4. Respect, reverence. 5. A potherb. ३. मच्छु to respect, &c. aff. क्त् ।

मच्छुतिमत्त्व m. (-त्त्वः) Cleverness, talent. ३. मच्छुति, and प्रकृष्य superiority.

मच्छुतिभ्रम m. (-भ्रमः) Error, mistake. ३. मच्छुति understanding, and भ्रम error.

मच्छुतिभ्रान्ति f. (-न्तिः) Error, mistake, misapprehension. ३. मच्छुति mind, understanding, and भ्रान्ति error.

मच्छुतिमत्त्व mfn. (-मच्छु-मच्छु-मच्छु) Sensible, clever, intelligent. ३. मच्छुति, and मच्छुत् aff. [error.]

मच्छुतिभ्रम m. (-भ्रमः) 1. Error. 2. Madness, lunacy. ३. मच्छुति, and विभ्रम मच्छुतिभ्रम mfn. (-भ्रमः-ना-भ्रमः) Stupid, ignorant. ३. मच्छुति, and भ्रम devoid of.

मच्छुत् m. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्तः) Mine, belonging to me, &c. m. (-त्तः) A bug : (see the next.) ३. मच्छुत् for मच्छु mine, and कच्छु poss aff.

मच्छुत् m. (-त्तः) 1. A bug. 2. A flea. 3. An elephant without tusks. 4. A beardless man. 5. The cocoanut tree. 6. A buffalo. n. (-त्तः) Armour for the thighs or legs. f. (-त्तः) The pudendum muliebre, without hair on the pubis. ३. मच्छुत् or मच्छु pleasure, कच्छु to sound, aff. च्छु, the deriv. irr. [an enemy.]

मच्छुत्पारि m. (-रिः) Hemp, (Cannabis sativa.) ३. मच्छुत् a bug, and चरि मच्छु mfn. (-चः-ता-चः) 1. Pleased, glad, delighted. 2. Intoxicated, (drunk with liquor.) 3. Intoxicated, (with pride, passion, &c.) 4. Furious, mad, insane. m. (-त्तः) 1. A furious elephant, or one in rut. 2. Buffalo. 3. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 4. The thorn-apple, (Dhu'tura.) f. (-त्तः) 1. Vinous liquor. 2. A species of the Pankti' metre. ३. मच्छुत् to rejoice, aff. क्त् ।

मच्छुत्पारि f. (-पारिः) An excellent woman. ३. मच्छुत् intoxicated, and काच्छु to shine, aff. इनि ; also from काच्छु or काच्छु, मच्छुत्पारि, and मच्छुत्पारि ।

मच्छुत्पारि m. (-पारिः) An elephant. ३. मच्छुत् for मच्छु furious, and इच्छु lord, the vowel unchanged.

मच्छुत्पारि m. (-पारिः) A furious elephant. ३. मच्छुत्, and इच्छु an elephant.

मच्छुत्पारि m. (-पारिः) 1. A cloud. 2. A species of the Atijagati' metre. ३. मच्छुत्, and मच्छुत् a peacock, (by which.)

मच्छुत्पारि mfn. (-पारिः-पारिः) Better or more than mine. ३. मच्छुत् for मच्छु mine, and इच्छु aff. of comparison.

मच्छुत्पारि m. (-पारिः) A furious elephant, or one in rut. n. (-त्तः) 1. A paint-

ed wooden turret or va'ra'nda'h, on the top of a large building or palace. 2. An enclosure of trees, &c. round the walls of a princely residence. 3. Pounded beetle-nut. ३. मच्छुत् wild, and चारु an elephant, or fence.

मच्छुत्पारि m. (-पारिः) A species of the 'Vikriti' metre. ३. मच्छुत्, चारु playing.

मच्छुत्पारि m. (-पारिः) A fence or enclosure round the walls of a palace, either artificial as palisades, or natural as a grove of trees, &c. ३. मच्छुत् mad, wild, (enemies, &c.) चारु delaying.

मच्छुत्पारि f. (-पारिः) A woman with a lounging or rolling walk. ३. मच्छुत् intoxicated, चारु an elephant, मच्छुत् who goes.

मच्छुत्पारि mfn. (-पारिः-पारिः) Devoted to me, (God.) ३. मच्छुत्, and पर attentive.

मच्छुत् n. (-त्तः) 1. The iron-bound handle of a sickle. 2. The exercise or application of knowledge. 3. The means of acquiring knowledge. ३. मच्छुत् knowledge, &c. aff. यत्.

मच्छुत् (रः) मच्छुत् r. 1st and 10th cls. (मच्छुत् मच्छुत्) To speak privately, to counsel or advise. With चारु, To address or salute. With नि, To invite.

मच्छुत् m. (-त्तः) A fish. ३. मच्छुत् to be pleased, च aff.

मच्छुत् m. (-त्तः) Fish-sauce.

मच्छुत् mfn. (-रः-पारिः) 1. Envious. 2. Niggardly, covetous. mf. (-रः-पारिः) 1. Envy, impatience of another's success or prosperity. 2. Passion, anger. 3. A gnat, a musquito. 4. Greediness. ३. मच्छुत् to rejoice, Una'di aff. सर । [मच्छुत् envy, इनि aff.]

मच्छुत् mfn. (-रः-पारिः) 1. Wicked, depraved, bad. 2. Envious. ३. मच्छुत् mf. (-त्तः-पारिः) A fish in general. m. (-त्तः-पारिः) 1. A particular fish probably the Saphari, or fish in which Vishnu was incarnate in his Matsya Avata'r. 2. A name of Vishnu, from his incarnation as a fish. 3. A country, enumerated amongst the midland divisions of India, (Din'ajpur and Rangpur.) 4. One of the Pura'nas. ३. मच्छुत् to be pleased, Una'di aff. च्छुत् ।

मच्छुत्करिका f. (-का) A fish-basket. ३. मच्छुत् a fish, and करिका a basket, कच्छु added in the fem. form.

मच्छुत्गन्ध f. (-न्धः) 1. A plant, commonly Lu'ngaliya ; (the common name is applied to the Nama zeylanica, and the commelina salicifolia.) 2. Satyabat'i, the mother of the sacred poet Vya'sa : see मच्छुत्गन्ध ३. मच्छुत् a fish, and गन्ध smell.

मच्छुत्घात m. (-तः) Catching fish. ३. मच्छुत्, and घात killing.

मच्छुत्जाल n. (-जः) A fishing-net. ३. मच्छुत् fish, and जाल net.

मच्छुत्खी f. (-खी) Coarse or unrefined sugar, the juice of the sugar-cane, either after its first boiling, or after it is partially freed from impurities by straining. ३. मच्छुत् slowly, च्छुत् to trickle or ooze, च्छुत् aff., fem. aff. छीप्, deriv. irr. ; also with कच्छु added, मच्छुत्खी ।

मच्छुत्धानी f. (-नी) A fish basket, a small basket used by fishermen, to put the fish into when caught ; it is also sometimes, but less accurately, applied to a kind of snare of reeds or grass, which is left in the water, and entangles the fish that swim with the current. ३. मच्छुत् a fish, धा to have or hold, aff. छुत् ; also with च्छुत् prefixed, मच्छुत्धानी ।

मच्छुत्नाशक m. (-कः) An ospray. ३. मच्छुत् a fish, and नाशक destroyer.

मच्छुत्नाशक m. (-कः) An ospray. ३. मच्छुत् a fish, and नाशक destroyer.

मच्छुत्पित्त f. (-पित्तः) A medicinal plant, commonly Katki'. ३. मच्छुत् a fish, and पित्त bile ; being as bitter.

मच्छुत्पित्त m. (-पित्तः) A fisherman. f. (-नी) A fish-basket. ३. मच्छुत् a fish, and पित्त confining, aff. इनि ।

मच्छुत्पित्त m. (-पित्तः) A king-fisher. ३. मच्छुत् a fish, and रत्त inclination ; also with कच्छु added, मच्छुत्पित्त ; it is read मच्छुत्पित्त ।

मच्छुत्पित्त m. (-पित्तः) 1. The Ro'hui, a sort of fish, (Cyprinus Rohui, HAM.) 2. The country called Matsya. ३. मच्छुत् a fish, रत्त supreme.

मच्छुत्पित्त mfn. (-पित्तः-पित्तः) A fish-hook. f. (-नी) A bird, the shag. ३. मच्छुत् a fish, पित्त to pierce, aff. छुत् ।

मत्स्यवात m. (-नः) A shoal of young or small fish. म. मत्स्य a fish, and वात heap, quantity.

मत्स्यनानिक m. (-नः) Fish baked in a crust of clay and straw, and eaten with condiments and oil. म. मत्स्य fish, नाना product, aff. डक् ।

मत्स्यी f. (-नी) The moon-plant, (*Asclepias acida*.) म. मत्स्य a fish, चक्ष an eye, aff. डीप्; to which the flowers are compared.

मत्स्यी f. (-नी) A plant, (*Hingsha pens*, Rox.) म. मत्स्य a fish, चक्ष the body or form, aff. डीप् । [who eats.

मत्स्य मfn. (-दः-दा-हं) Who or what feeds upon fish, म. मत्स्य, and चक्ष

मत्स्यदी f. (-नी) A name applied to several plants, as to *Jussieu repens*, *Hingsha repens*, *Nama zeylanica*, &c. म. मत्स्य a fish, चक्ष eating, food, aff. डीप् ।

मत्स्यवतार m. (-रः) VISHN'U in his first Avatara; when the seventh Manu was reigning, the whole earth was destroyed by a flood and all living beings perished except the reigning Manu and the seven Rishis who were saved by VISHN'U in the form of a fish.

मत्स्यम m. (-नः) The king-fisher. म. मत्स्य a fish, चक्ष eating. 'माक्षराक्ष'.

मत्स्यदी f. (-नी) 1. A name of SATYAVATI, the mother of VYA'SA. 2. A place of pilgrimage, a particular pool at Benares held in reverence by pilgrims to that sacred city. म. मत्स्य a fish, and उदर the belly; the mother of VYA'SA was found in the belly of a fish, and retaining a fishy-odour, was thence also called MATSYAGANDHA, till the scent was changed to that of a lotus by her paramour the Muni PARA'SARA, the father of VYA'SA.

मृ (च) मये r. 1st cl. (मयति) 1. The churn. 2. To stir or agitate. (च) मयि (मयति) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To afflict. 3. To suffer pain.

मृ n. (-नं) 1. Churning. 2. Rubbing. 3. Injury. m. (-नः) A tree, the wood of which is used to produce fire by attrition, (*Premna longifolia*.) म. मय् to churn, to stir or rub, aff. लुट् ।

मयनाचल n. (-लः) The mountain Mandara..

मयित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Stirred, churned. 2. Agitated, (mentally,) distressed, anxious. 3. Crushed, pinched. 4. Dislocated. n. (-तं) Butter-milk, without any watery admixture. म. मय् to churn, aff. क्त ।

मयिन् m. (-न्) 1. A churning-stick. 2. The Penis. 3. Wind. 4. The thunderbolt. म. मयि to stir or agitate, aff. डक्, and the nasal rejected.

मथुरा f. (-रा) A town in the province of A'grá, celebrated as the birth place, and early residence of KRISHN'A, and still an object of pilgrimage amongst the Hindus. म. मय् to stir, Unádi aff. डक् ।

मथुरेय m. (-यः) A name of KRISHN'A. म. मथुरा a town, and ईय ruler.

मथुरा f. (-रा) Mathurá. म. मथुरा affixed to मयि, instead of डक् ।

मद् r. 10th cl. (मादयते) (इ, इर) मदि r. 1st cl. (मदते) and (ई, इर) मदी r. 4th cl. (मादयति) 1. To be glad, to be satisfied or content, to rejoice. 2. To be proud. (च) मदि r. 1st cl. (मदते) 1. To praise. 2. To sleep, to doze, to be lazy or sluggish. 3. To be stupid, to be an idiot or fool. 4. To be elegant. 5. To go or approach. मद् r. 10th cl. (मादयते) To cause or justify satisfaction or contentment. मदी r. 1st cl. causal form. (मादयति) 1. To delight, to make glad, to exhilarate. 2. To madden or intoxicate, literally or figuratively. 3. To be poor or distressed. 4. To be proud. With नि prefixed, (निमादयति) To articulate.

मद् A form of the first personal pronoun in the singular number used at the beginning of compounds, as in मत्स्यदृश्य "my likeness," &c.

मद m. (-दः) 1. Joy, pleasure, delight. 2. The juice that flows from an elephant's temples when in rut. 3. Spirituous or vinous liquor. 4. Inebriety, intoxication. 5. Pride, arrogance. 6. Insanity, madness. 7. Semen virile. 8. Musk. 9. A male river. 10. Ardent passion, desire. 11. Love. 12. Delight. 13. Arrogance. 14. Honey.

15. Any beautiful object. f. (-दी) 1. A drinking vessel. 2. An instrument for making furrows. म. मद to be pleased, &c. aff. चक् । मदम mfn. (-दः-ता-तं) 1. Speaking inarticulately or like a drunken person. 2. Uttering low sounds of love. 3. Sweet and indistinct. m. (-दः) An elephant in rut. म. मद inebriety, &c., कश्च to sound, aff. चक् ।

मदकीरल m. (-लः) A bull that has been liberated at some festival, and is allowed to wander about at will. म. मद pleasure, कश्च to sound, aff. चक् । [मय smell.

मदन्या f. (-या) 1. Spirituous liquor. 2. Hemp. म. मद intoxication, and मदमन m. (-नः) A buffalo. म. मद pleasure, and मनन going. [destroys.

मद्वी f. (-वी) A potherb, (*Basella lucida*, &c.) म. मद inebriety, वी what मदच्युत f. (-ता) Adj 1. Gladdening. 2. Wanton, drunk. m. (-नः) INDRA.

मदन m. (-नः) 1. KAMADE'VA, the Hindu Cupid. 2. The season of spring. 3. A plant commonly Mayanú, (*Vangueria spinosa*.) 4. Thorn-apple, (*Dhu'tu'ra metel*.) 5. A bee. 6. A sort of bean, (*Phaseolus radiatus*.) 7. Bee's wax. 8. A tree, (*Mimosa catechu*.) 9. A kind of embrace. f. (-ना-नी) 1. Spirituous or vinous liquor. 2. Delighting. म. मद to exhilarate or rejoice, aff. लुट्, fem. aff. टाप्, or डीप् ।

मदनकण्ठक m. (-कः) Horripilation caused by the feeling of love.

मदनकाकुरव m. (-वः) A pigeon, a dove. म. मदन love, काकुर change of voice, and रव who utters.

मदनक्लिष्ट Adj. Afflicted by love.

मदनगीपाल m. (-लः) KRISHN'A.

मदनचतुर्दशी f. (-शी) The fourteenth day in the first half of Chaitra sacred to the god of love.

मदननरालिका f. (-का) A faithless wife.

मदनपक्षिन् f. (-क्षिणी) The Khanjana bird.

मदनपाठक m. (-कः) The Ko'kila or Indian cuckoo. म. मदन spring, and पाठक reader; announcing the season.

मदनवश mfn. (-शः-या-वं) Subdued by love, in love. म. मदन, वश subdued.

मदनमहोत्सव m. (-वः) A festival held in honour of Ka'made'va.

मदनललित n. (-लितं) 1. Sign or effect of love. 2. A species of the Ashti' metre.

मदनलेख m. (-खः) A love-letter.

मदनप्रलाका f. (-का) 1. A provocative medicine. 2. The Mayanú, or more properly the Sáríká, a small bird. 3. The female of the Ko'kila or Indian cuckoo. म. मदन love, &c., and प्रलाका the bird, or a dart, &c.

मदनसारिका f. (-का) The Sáríká a small bird, (*Turdus salica*.) म. मदन love, and सारिका the Sálíka.

मदनायक m. (-कः) A kind of grain.

मदनाक्षय m. (-यः) 1. Membrum virile. 2. A nail-wound. म. मदन KA'MADE'VA, and अक्षय a goad.

मदनातुर m. (-रः) Enamoured, in love.

मदनायुध m. (-धः) Pudendum muliebre. म. मदन, and आयुध a weapon.

मदनालय m. (-यः) 1. A sovereign, a prince. 2. A lotus. 3. Pudendum muliebre. म. मदन pleasure, आलय receptacle, abode.

मदनवस्था f. (-स्था) Separation of lovers. म. मदन love, चक्ष depreciative prefix, स्था to stay, affs. क्त, and टाप् ।

मदनी f. (-नी) 1. Spirituous liquor. 2. Musk. 3. The Atimukta creeper.

मदनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be enamoured. 2. Causing or exciting passion. म. मद to delight, चनीयर् aff.

मदनीरव m. (-वः) The vernal festival of the Hindus, the Holi'. f. (-वा) A courtesan of heaven. म. मदन spring of love, and उत्सव festival.

मदप्रसूत m. (-नः) The issue of the fluid from the forehead of an elephant when in rut. म. मद the fluid, and प्रसूत junction.

मदमक्षिणी f. (-नी) A plant, (*Asparagus racemosus*.) म. मद inebriety, मक्ष breaking, इति aff. "मत्स्यदृश्यम्" ।

मदयन्त्रिका f. (-का) Arabian jasmine. म. मद added to the next.

मदयन्ती f. (-न्ती) Arabian jasmine. E. मद to delight, मध् Una'di aff., and लीप् fem. aff.  
 मदयिन् m. (-यिन्) 1. Love or Cupid. 2. A distiller of spirituous liquor. 3. A drunken man, a mad man. 4. A cloud. n. (-य्) Vinous or spirituous liquor. E. मद in the causal form, to intoxicate, &c., Una'di aff. इन्धम् ।  
 मदराग m. (-गः) 1. Love or Ka'ma. 2. A cock. 3. A drunken man. E. मद passion or desire, and राग propensity, inclination.  
 मदविषु म. (-ः) 1. A furious elephant, or one in rut. 2. One distracted by passion. E. मद the juice, and विषु tossed, agitated.  
 मदविह्वल m. (-लः) Mad with lust or pride.  
 मदह्व m. (-ह्वः) An elephant. E. मद the juice, and ह्व a quantity.  
 मदीयक n. (-कं) Nutmeg. "जातिफल".  
 मदसार m. (-रः) The cotton-plant. [place.  
 मदखल n. (-खलः) A tavern, a dram-shop. E. मद intoxication and खल  
 मदखान n. (-नं) A place where liquor is sold, a tavern, a dram-shop. E. मद drunkenness, and खान place.  
 मदाय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Intoxicated, drunk. m. (-यः) The palm-tree. f. (-या) A sort of Barleria, with red flowers. E. मद intoxication, चाया fit or proper for. [and चातक fear.  
 मदातक m. (-कः) Pain and sickness, consequent upon inebriety. E. मद,  
 मदातक m. (-यः) Disorder induced by drunkenness; headache, sickness, loss of appetite, &c. E. मद drunkenness, तक consequence.  
 मदाश mfn. (-शः-श-श) Blind with pride or passion, arrogant, dis-solute, &c. E. मद, and अश blind.  
 मदाजात m. (-तः) A drum carried on an elephant. E. मद pride, जाजात minded, respected, from जा with जाङ् prefix, and त aff.  
 मदाकर m. (-रः) 1. INDRA's elephant. 2. An elephant in rut. E. मद the frontal fluid, and अकर garment, housing  
 मदार m. (-रः) 1. An elephant in rut. 2. A rogue. 3. A libertine, a lecher. 4. An elephant in rut. 5. A hog. 6. The name of king. 7. A sort of perfume, probably musk. E. मद to be intoxicated, &c., Una'di aff. चारम् ।  
 मदाक्रेड m. (-दः) A sort of fish : see फलक ।  
 मदालस mfn. (-सः-स-स) Indolent, slothful, overcome with passion, pride or drunkenness. E. मद and लस idle.  
 मदाकापिन् m. (-पी) The Ko'kila or Indian cuckoo. E. मद delight, काङ् before, लप् to speak, aff. णिनि ; the song of this bird is constantly heard in the spring in most parts of Hindustan.  
 मदावस्था f. (-स्था) 1. Rattishness. 2. Wantonness.  
 मदाह m. (-हः) Musk. E. मद musk, and आह name.  
 मदि f. (-दिः) A kind of barrow. E. मद इन्धुषी ।  
 मदिर m. (-रः) A red species of Khayer, (Mimosa catechu.) f. (-रः) 1. Wine, spirits, spirituous or vinous liquor. 2. A wagtail. 3. A species of the Akriti' metre. E. मद to be delighted, &c., Una'di aff. किरच्, fem. aff. टाप् ।  
 मदिरापी f. (-पी) A woman, a mistress, a wife. E. मदिरा wine, पी the eye, अच् and लीप् affs., whose eyes inebriate like wine.  
 मदिरागृह n. (-रः) A tavern, a dram-shop. E. मदिरा wine and गृह a house.  
 मदिरासख m. (-खः) The mango. (Mangifera Indica.) E. मदिरा wine or spirits, and सख the friend.  
 मदिरावशा f. (-वा) A fascinating woman. E. मदिरा, and ईव the eye.  
 मदिरा f. (-रा) Vinous liquor. E. मद what delights or intoxicates, इन्धुन् superlative aff.  
 मदीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Mine, my own. E. मत् for मम mine, and ह् aff.  
 मदीकट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) 1. Arrogant, haughty. 2. Furious, mad. m. (-टः) 1. An elephant in rut. 2. A pigeon. 3. A dove. f. (-टा) A spirituous liquor. E. मद and कट who is furious.  
 मदीदय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Haughty, arrogant. f. (-या) A woman in general. E. मद and दय elevated.

मदीहत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Drunk, intoxicated. 2. Arrogant, drunk with pride. E. मद drunkenness, हत struck, overcome.  
 मदीकट mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Drunk or mad with pride, passion, &c. E. मद and कट mad.  
 मद् m. (-द्) 1. An aquatic bird, the shag. 2. An outcaste, the son of a Bráhmāna by a woman of the bard, or panegyrist class, whose employment is hunting wild beasts. 3. A ship, a galley. E. मद् to emerge, to dive, उ aff., deriv. irr. ; or मद to be delighted, (in the water,) and ग् Unádi aff.  
 मद्गुर m. (-रः) A fish, (Macropteronatus Magur, Ham.) E. मद to intoxicate, उरच् Una'di aff., and ग्क् augment, form irr. ; also with क् added मद्गुरक ।  
 मद्गुरी f. (-री) A sort of fish "यङ्गीमत्के" ।  
 मद्य n. (-यः) Wine, vinous or spirituous liquor. f. (-या) 1. Intoxicating. 2. Gladdening. E. मद to be intoxicated, (by it), aff. वत् ।  
 मद्यपह m. (-हः) Vinous liquor for distilling. E. मद्य wine, पह mud.  
 मद्यपात्र n. (-नं) Eating a relish, or what excites thirst. E. मद्य wine, प् to go, aff. लुट् ।  
 मद्यपीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Drunk, a drunkard. E. मद्य and पीत drunk.  
 मद्यपुष्पी f. (-पी) A plant, the blossoms of which are used in distilling: see मद्यवासिनी, &c. E. मद्य wine, पुष्प the flower. "चाङ्गुल" ।  
 मद्यमल m. (-मलः) Yeast, barm, froth. E. मद्य wine, मल froth, scum.  
 मद्यवासिनी f. (-नी) The Dhátuki creeper, the blossoms of which are used in distilling, (Grislea tomentosa, or Lythrum fruticosum) E. मद्य wine, वस् to dwell, aff. णिनि and लीप् ।  
 मद्यबीज n. (-जः) A drug used to produce fermentation. E. मद्य wine, and बीज seed. [distilling.  
 मद्यसन्धान n. (-नं) Distillation of spirits. E. मद्य vinous liquor, and सन्धान  
 मद्ग m. (-द्गः) 1. Joy, delight. 2. A country enumerated amongst those to the N. W. of Hindustan proper. 3. A sovereign of that country. f. (-द्रा) The name of a river. E. मदि to be delighted, Una'di aff. रक् ।  
 मद्रक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Produced, &c. in the country of Madra. E. मद्र a country so named, and क् aff.  
 मद्रकार mfn. (-रः-री-र) Delighting, giving delight. E. मद्र delight, क to make, aff. णच् ; also with खच् aff. मद्रकर ।  
 मद्रसुता f. (-ता) The wife of Pa'ndu, mother of the two youngest Pa'ndu princes. E. मद्र a proper name, and सुता the daughter  
 मद्रन् m. (-द्ग) A name of Ś'iva. E. मद to be intoxicated, वन्च् Una'di aff.  
 मद्रगीच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Connected with, or related to me. E. मद्र nine, वर्ग a class or number, च aff. ; also with क् aff. मद्रगीच ; and with यत्, मद्रग्य ।  
 मद्रम्य m. (-म्यः) The lunar month Vais'ákha.  
 मधु mfn. (-धुः-धी-धु) Sweet, literally or figuratively. n. (-धु) 1. Spirituous liquor, distilled from the blossoms of the Bassia latifolia, or according to some explanations wine, or spirit distilled from grapes. 2. Honey. 3. The nectar, or honey of flowers. 4. Water. 5. Milk. 6. Sugar. 7. Sweetness, in flavour, sound, or disposition. m. (-धुः) 1. The month Chaitra, (March-April.) 2. The season of spring. 3. A tree, (Bassia latifolia.) 4. The name of Daitya or demon, slain by VISHN'U. 5. The Aśoka tree, (Jonesia asoca.) 6. Liqueur-rice. 7. The name of a Rá'kshasa killed by SATYUGHA. 8. An epithet of king Kártavirya. f. (-धुः) A plant, (Celtis orientalis.) E. मद् to mind or respect, Una'di aff. च, and च substituted for the final.  
 मधुक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Sweet, (in taste.) 2. Sweet speaking or sounding, mellifluous, melodious. m. (-कः) 1. A bard, a panegyrist, one who recites the lineage and praises of sovereigns in their presence. 2. A kind of bird. 3. A tree, (Bassia latifolia.) mn. (-कः-कं) Liquorice, &c. n. (-कं) Tin. f. (-का) 1. A plant, (Meni-



**मधुराक्षर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Sweet, mellifluous, mellow, melodious. **मधुर**, and **अक्षर** letter. [अक्षर sour, मधु aff.]

**मधुराक्षक** m. (-कः) The hog-plum, (*Spondias mangifera*). **मधुर** sweet, **मधुराक्ष** f. (-दा) The talking-Mainá, (*Turdus Sálíka*). **मधुर** sweet, **मधुराक्ष** talking, fem. form.

**मधुरिका** f. (-का) A sort of fennel, (*Anethum sowa*, Rox.) **मधुरा** the same, **मधु** aff.; this name is applied also to the *Anethum pan-morium*, Rox. and the Bengali derivative *Mouri* is applied to common anise.

**मधुरिपु** m. (-पुः) A name of KRISHN'A. **मधु** the demon, and **रिपु** foe.

**मधुरिमन्** m. (-मा) Sweetness, agreeableness.

**मधुरोदक** m. (-कः) The sea of a fresh or sweet water, surrounding Pushkara dwí'pa, and being the outermost of seven seas. **मधुर** sweet, and **उदक** water. [aff. क.]

**मधुल** n. (-लः) Spirituous or vinous liquor. **मधु** wine, **ला** to be or get, **मधुलिका** f. (-का) Black mustard. "राससर्वे ।"

**मधुलिङ्ग** m. (-लिङ्ग-लिङ्ग) A bee. **मधु** honey, **लिङ्ग** to lick, aff. **लिङ्ग** ।

**मधुल्लिङ्ग** m. (-ल्लिङ्गः) A bee. **मधु** and **ल्लिङ्ग** what licks.

**मधुल्लिङ्गिन्** m. (-ल्लिङ्गिन्) A bee. **मधु**, honey, **लिङ्ग** to lick, aff. **लिङ्गिन्** ।

**मधुवन** m. (-नः) The Ko'kila or Indian cuckoo. n. (-नः) Name of the forest inhabited by the demon Madhu in Muttra. **मधु** sweet, and **वन** who speaks or cries.

**मधुवार** m. (-रः) Tippling, drinking frequently and repeatedly. **मधु** wine, **वार** quantity.

**मधुबीज** m. (-जः) The pomegranate. **मधु** sweet, **बीज** seed.

**मधुव्रत** m. (-तः) A bee. **मधु** honey, **व्रत** observance. [a branch.]

**मधुमाख** m. (-खः) *Bassia latifolia*. **मधु** spirituous liquor, **माखा** **मधुमि** m. (-मिः) A red variety of the *Hyperanthera morunga*. **मधु** sweet, and **मि** the same tree. "रत्नबीमाङ्गने ।"

**मधुयन्त्री** f. (-त्री) A plant, (*Sansevieria zeylanica*). **मधु** honey, **यन्त्री** a line or row. "सूत्र्याम् ।"

**मधुम्री** m. (-म्रीः) A tree, (*Bassia latifolia*). **मधु** spirit, **म्री** to eject, aff. **क**, and **ल** substituted for the final. "मील ।"

**मधुसख** m. (-खः) KA'MADE'VA. **मधु**, spring, and **सख** for **सखि** friend.

**मधुसहाय** m. (-यः) KA'MADE'VA. **मधु**, and **सहाय** friend.

**मधुसान्** Ind. As honey, sweet. **मधु** and **सान्** aff.

**मधुसाहूत** mfn. (-तः-सा-तः) Become sweet. **मधुसान्**, and **भूत** become.

**मधुसारथि** m. (-थिः) KA'MA the Hindu CURÍD. **मधु** the spring personified, and **सारथि** a charioteer, having Vasanta or spring for his coachman.

**मधुसिक्चक** m. (-कः) A sort of poison. **मधु** honey, and **सिक्चक** wax.

**मधुसुहृद्** m. (-हृद् or -हृन्) KA'MADE'VA. **मधु** spring, **सुहृद्** the friend.

**मधुसूदन** m. (-नः) A name of VISHN'U. f. (-नी) Bengal beet. **मधु** the Daitya or honey, and **सूदन** destroyer.

**मधुस्थान** n. (-नः) A bee-hive.

**मधुस्रवस्** m. (-वः) A tree, (*Bassia latifolia*). **मधु** spirituous liquor, **स्रवस्** to drop or distil, aff. **स्रवस्** ।

**मधुस्रवा** f. (-वा) 1. A plant, (*Celtis orientalis*). 2. Liquorice. **मधु** honey, **स्रवस्** to drop, affs. **स्रवस्** and **टाप्** ।

**मधुसुर** m. (-रः) The Ko'kila or Indian cuckoo. **मधु** sweet or spring, and **सुर** note, song.

**मधुसूत** m. (-तः) 1. A name of KRISHN'A. 2. A particular bird of prey. 3. A sooth-sayer. **मधु** the Daitya, and **सूत** destroyer.

**मधुम** m. (-कः) 1. A tree, (*Bassia latifolia*). 2. A bee. n. (-कः) A flower of the Madhu'ka tree. **मधु** to respect, **क** aff., and **ल** substituted for the final.

**मधु'हृद्** n. (-हृद्) Bee's wax. **मधु** honey and **हृद्** left, rejected.

**मधुव्रत** n. (-व्रतः) The city Mathura'. **मधु** the demon, **व्रत** destruction.

**मधुल** m. (-लः) A sort of *Bassia*, described as growing in watery or mountainous situations, f. (-ली) 1. Liquorice. 2. The sweet lime.

3. The mango tree. 4. A plant, (*Sansevieria zeylanica*). **मधु** honey or spirit, **ला** to be or get, aff. **ल**, and the **ल** of **मधु** irregularly long.

**मधुलक्ष** mfn. (-लक्षः-लक्षः) Sweet. m. (-लक्षः) 1. A sort of *Bassia*, growing in watery or mountainous sites. 2. Sweetness. f. (-लक्षिका) A plant, (*Sansevieria zeylanica*). **मधु** added to the preceding.

**मध्य** mfn. (-ध्यः-ध्या-ध्यः) 1. Middle, intermediate. 2. Right, proper, reasonable. 3. Low, vile. 4. Amongst, amidst. 5. Mean, middle, (in astronomy,) as **मध्यच्छाया** middle or mean shadow. mn. (-ध्यः-ध्यः) 1. The interior. 2. Mean or common time in music. 3. The middle, the centre. 4. The waist. 5. The belly, abdomen. 6. Pause, interval. 7. The middle term of a progression. f. (-ध्या) 1. A young woman, a girl arrived at puberty. 2. The middle-finger. 3. A form of metre, a stanza of four lines containing three syllables in each. 4. Of a middle size or quantity, moderate. 5. Neutral. 6. Just, reasonable. m. (-ध्यः) Cessation, rest, interval. n. (-ध्यः) 1. A very large number, ten thousand billions. 2. A horse's flank. **मध्य** beauty, **या** to have, **मध्य** aff., deriv. irr., or properly **मन्-यन्** aff. and **ध** substituted for the final.

**मध्यकक्ष** m. (-कक्षः) A radius.

**मध्यग** mfn. (-गः-गा-गः) Who or what goes in the centre or betwixt, amongst, &c. **मध्य** and **ग** what goes.

**मध्यगन्ध** m. (-गन्धः) The mango tree. **मध्य** middle and **गन्ध** smell.

**मध्यग्रह** m. (-ग्रहः) The middle of an eclipse. [who goes.]

**मध्यचारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिषी-रि) Going amongst or amidst. **मध्य** and **चारिन्** **मध्यतस्** Ind. From or in the middle, central, centrally. **मध्य** the middle, and **तस्** aff.

**मध्यदिन** n. (-दिनः) 1. Noon, midday. 2. The Bandhuka tree.

**मध्यदीपक** n. (-कः) A species of the figure of speech called *Dí'paka*; in it the common term which throws light on the whole stanza is used in the middle.

**मध्यदेश** m. (-देशः) 1. The middle region; part of India, bounded by Kurkske'tra on the north, Alláhábád on the south, the Hima'laya mountains on the east, and the Vind'hya mountains on the west; comprising therefore the modern provinces of Alláhábád, Agra', Delhi, Oudh, &c.; the northern limit is elsewhere defined to be the disappearance of the Sarasvatí'. 2. The middle part of any thing. 3. The waist. 4. The Belly. 5. The meridian. **मध्य** middle, and **देश** contry.

**मध्यपदलोपिन्** m. (-पी) A compound word which omits the middle member in its composition.

**मध्यम** mfn. (-मः-मा-मः) 1. Middle, central, intervening, intermediate. 2. Middle-born, neither the oldest nor youngest. 3. Mean, (in astronomy,) as **मध्यमगति** mean motion, (of a planet.) mn. (-मः-मः) The waist, the middle of the body. m. (-मः) 1. One of the seven musical notes, the fourth note of the Hindu gamnut. 2. The middle country; see **मध्यदेश**. 3. A sort of deer. 4. One of the Grá'mas or musical scales of Hindus, corresponding apparently with the major mode of European music. f. (-मा) 1. A girl arrived at puberty, or in whom menstruation has commenced. 2. The middle finger. 3. A central blossom. 4. The pericarp of a lotus. 5. A woman in the middle of her youth considered as a character in poetic composition. 6. A form of metre, a verse of four lines of three syllables each. **मध्य** middle, and **म** aff.

**मध्यमपाञ्चव** m. (-वः) ARJUN'A, the third or middle of the Pa'ndu' princes. **मध्यम** middle and **पाञ्चव**, Pándava or descendant of Pa'ndu.

**मध्यमपुरुष** m. (-पुरुषः) The second person, (in gram.)

**मध्यमधनक** m. (-कः) A husbandman. **मध्यम** middle, and **धनक** a labourer; working partly for his own advantage, and partly for that of the landlord.



मध्यलोक m. (-लः) The earth, the world of mortals. m. मध्य middle, and लोक world ; between heaven and hell.

मध्यवयस mfn. (-सः-स्वा-स्व) Middle-aged. m. मध्य and वयस aged.

मध्यसंयुक्त m. (-युः) Intriguing with another man's wife, the act of presenting flowers, perfumes, &c. to her, and conversing with her privately. m. मध्य middle, संयुक्त connection.

मध्यसाहस m. (-सः) 1. Punishment due to crimes of a middling degree. 2. Injuring building, throwing down walls, &c. m. मध्य middle, साहस violence. [ (in algebra.) ]

मध्यमाहरण n. (-हः) The elimination of, the middle term in an equation, मध्यमिका f. (-का) A girl arrived at puberty, one in whom menstruation has commenced. m. मध्यमा, कन् added, in the fem. form.

मध्यमोद mfn. (-यः-वा-व) Central, middle. m. मध्य middle and उद aff.

मध्यम m. (-यः) A weight of six white mustard seeds. m. मध्य middle, and यव barley-corn, the Yava being sometimes considered equal to eight seeds.

मध्यरात्रि m. (-त्रिः) Midnight. m. मध्य middle, रात्रि night, and the masculine form in the compound.

मध्यरेखा f. (-खा) The first meridian, (in astronomy.)

मध्यलोक m. (-लः) The earth, the dwelling of mortals. m. मध्य middle, and लोक world ; placed in the middle between heaven and hell ; also with कन् added मध्यलोकक. [sovereign.]

मध्यलोकेश्वर m. (-श्वः) A king, a sovereign. m. मध्यलोक the earth, and ईश्वर

मध्यस्थिन् mfn. (-स्थि-स्थिनी-स्थि) 1. Central, middle. 2. Being amongst or amidst. m. (-स्थि) A mediator. m. मध्य and स्थिन् who abides.

मध्यहन्त n. (-हन्त) The navel. m. मध्य the middle, and हन्त abiding.

मध्यमर्ध n. (-धः) The central meridian, (in astronomy.)

मध्यम mfn. (-मः-स्वा-स्व) 1. Central, middle. 2. Neutral. 3. Mediating. m. (-मः) 1. A middle man, an umpire, an arbitrator, a mediator. 2. An epithet of ŚIVA. m. मध्य middle, and म् what or who stays.

मध्यस्थता f. (-ता) 1. Middle state or character. 2. Indifference. m. मध्यस्थ middle, and तत् aff. of the abstract ; also with ल मध्यस्थल n. (-लः).

मध्यस्थल n. (-लः) 1. The waist. 2. A middle place. 3. The centre. m. मध्य middle, स्थल place or part.

मध्यस्थान n. (-नः) 1. A Neutral soil. 2. A middle place.

मध्यह्न m. (-ह्नः) Mid-day, noon. m. मध्य middle, ह्न a day.

मध्यम m. (-मः) Tippling, drinking, repeatedly. m. मध्य wine, म् to be equal to, aff. म्.

मध्यागत m. (-तः) Taste or touch of honey. m. मध्य and आगत alighting.

मध्याह्नक n. (-कः) Sweet potato, m. मध्य sweet, आह्न and esculent root, कन् added. "मीनाह्नक ।"

मध्यासव m. (-वः) A spirituous liquor, distilled from the blossoms of the *Bassia latifolia*. m. मध्य the *Bassia*, and आसव spirit. [irr.]

मध्यासवनिष्ठ m. (-नः) A distiller. m. मध्यासव spirit, नी to go, aff. क, form

मध्यासव f. (-जा) Spirituous liquor.

मन् r. 4th cl. (मन्ते) (च) मन् r. 8th cl. (मन्ते) 1. To know, to understand. 2. To regard, to mind. 3. To think, to conceive. r. 10th cl. (मानयते) 1. To be dull or insensible. 2. To be proud. 3. To oppose, to stop. r. 1st and 10th cls. (मनति मानयति) To honour, to respect, to worship. With मन् prefixed, To assent to, to agree. With चि. To desire. With च, To disrespect. With सन् To concur, to agree.

मन् n. (-नः) Indian spikenard. m. मन् to respect, aff. म्. "मन्मन्मन्मन् ।"

मन्मन्मन् mfn. (-मः-वा-व) Pleasing, agreeable, beautiful. m. मन् the mind, वा to go or attract, aff. म् ; the final consonant of the first word is rejected, and the vowels do not coalesce.

मन्मन्त mfn. (-मः-वा-व) Attended to, applying the mind. m. मन् and मन् made.

मन्मन् mfn. (-मः-वा) Red arsenic. m. मन् the mind, मन् a stone ;

mineral delightful to the mind or heart ; also with the dental स, मन्मन् । "मन्मन्मन् ।"

मन्मन् mfn. (-मः-वा) Red arsenic ; see the last.

मन्मन् m. (-नः) Minding, understanding. m. मन् to know, aff. म्.

मन्मन् n. (-नः) 1. The mind, considered as the seat of perception and passion, the heart. 2. The intellect, the understanding. 3. The connecting link between the Indriyas and Buddhi, (in *Nya'ya Phil.*) 4. Thought, imagination, conception, fancy. 5. Intention, design, purpose, wish. 6. Desire, affection. 7. Disposition, temper. 8. Energy, spirit. 9. Conscience. 10. Red arsenic. 11. An epithet of the lake Ma'nasa. m. मन् to know, to understand, aff. म्.

मन्मन् f. (-न्मा) The goddess of the serpent race, and the particular protectress against their venom. m. मन् the mind, aff. टाप् ; the object of love, and devotion.

मन्मन्मन्मन् mfn. (-मन्-मन्-मन्-मन्) Knowing by the mind, perceiving intellectually. m. मन्मन् third case of मन्मन् and मन्मन् who knows.

मन्मन्मन्मन् f. (-मन्) The goddess presiding over snakes ; see the last. m. मन्मन् the same, and मन्मन् goddess.

मन्मन्मन् mfn. (-मन्-मन्-मन्) Mental, intellectual. m. (-मन्) A name of Kā'ma or love. m. मन्मन् in the heart or mind, and मन् born.

मन्मन्मन्मन् m. (-मन्) Kā'ma or love. m. मन्मन् in the heart or mind, and मन् who reposes.

मन्मन् mfn. (-मन्-मन्-मन्) Mental. m. मन्मन् and मन् aff.

मन्मन्मन् m. (-मन्) The attention of the mind to its own sensations, consciousness of pleasure or pain. m. मन्मन् of the mind and मन् operation ; the compound also occurs with the seventh case मन्मन्मन्मन् ।

मन्मन्मन् m. (-मन्) Mental distress. m. मन्मन् and मन्मन् sorrow. [aff. मन् ।

मन्मन्मन् m. (-मन्) The lion of Durgā. m. मन्मन् the mind, मन् to depress, मन्मन्मन् f. (-मन्) 1. Hope, expectation, dependance. 2. Intelligence. m. मन्मन्मन् and मन् aff.

मन्मन्मन् mfn. (-मन्-मन्-मन्-मन्) 1. Attentive, fixing the mind upon any thing. 2. Intelligence, intellectual. f. (-मन्मन्) A virtuous wife. m. मन्मन् the mind or heart, aff. मन् ।

मन्मन् Ind. 1. A little. 2. Tardily, slowly. m. मन् to know, मन् aff.

मन्मन् f. (-मन्) A female elephant. m. मन् to mind, &c. Unādi aff. मन् ।

मन्मन्मन् mfn. (-मन्-मन्-मन्) Doing little, lazy, sluggish. f. (-मन्) A sort of Agalloohum. m. मन्मन् a little, and मन् who does.

मन्मन् f. (-मन्) The wife of MANU. m. मन् the saint, मन् aff., and मन् changed to मन् ; otherwise मन्मन् the same.

मन्मन् mfn. (-मन्-मन्-मन्) Known, understood. m. मन् to know, aff. मन् ।

मन्मन् n. (-मन्) Collyrium, powdered antimony or other substances, used as an application and ornament to the eye. m. मन् to know, to be agreeable, मन् Unādi aff.

मन्मन् f. (-मन्) 1. Intellect, understanding. 2. Desire, wish. m. मन्मन् the mind, मन् to go, aff. मन्, or मन् aff., form irr.

मन्मन्मन् mfn. (-मन्-मन्-मन्-मन्) Intellectual, intelligent. m. (-मन्) A Pandit, a learned Bra'hman, a teacher. m. मन्मन् understanding, मन्मन् possessive aff.

मन् m. (-मन्) 1. MANU, the legislator and saint, the son of BRAHMA, or a personification of BRAHMA himself, the creator of the world and progenitor of mankind ; the name is however a generic term, and in every Kalpa or interval from creation to creation, there are fourteen successive MANUS presiding over the universe for the period of a Manwantara, respectively ; in the present creation there have been the six following MANUS : MAR'CHI or SWAYAMBHUYA, the supposed revealer of the code of law possessed by the Hindus, SWA'MO'ONISHA, OUTTAMI, TA'MASA, RAIVATA, and CHA'ASHUBHA ; the seventh or the present MANU is VAIVASWATA, and is regarded to be the founder of the solar race of kings ; SA'SARNI, DAKSHA-SA'SARNI, BRAHMA-SA'SARNI, DHARMA-SA'-

**BARNI', RUDRA-SA'BARNI', DA'VA-SA'BARNI', and INDRA-SA'VARNI',** these seven Manus are to come in the present oration. 2. A man in general. 3. One of the Jain's saints. 4. A Mantra, a mystical verse or formula. 5. The number fourteen. f. (-गु-गयी-गयी) The wife of a legislator or MANU. ३. मन् to know or understand, (the Vēdas or scripture especially,) and च Unādi aff.

**मनुज m. (-जः)** A man in general. f. (-जा) A woman. ३. मनु the legislator and progenitor of mankind, and ज born, descended.

**मनुजैश्च m. (-श्च)** A king. ३. मनुज and इन्द्र chief. [see मनुज.]

**मनुभू m. (-भूः)** Man, a man, mankind. ३. मनु the saint, and भू born : मनुराज् m. (-राज्) Kuvē'sa, the god of wealth. ३. मनु man, and राज् to shine, aff. चिप् । [and डीप् aff.]

**मनुवी f. (-वी)** A woman, the wife or female of the man. ३. मनुष्य a man, मनुष्य m. (-ष्यः) Man, a man, mankind. ३. मनु the progenitor of mankind, यत् aff. of descent, and युज् augment.

**मनुष्यत्व n. (-त्वं)** The state or condition of man, manhood, humanity. ३. त्व added to मनुष्य ; also with तत्, मनुष्यता ।

**मनुष्यचर्कन् m. (-र्कः)** Kuvē'sa, the god of wealth. n. (-र्कः) The duty of man. ३. मनुष्य man, and चर्कन् piety.

**मनुष्ययज्ञ m. (-यज्ञः)** Hospitality, (one of the five daily acts of piety.) ३. मनुष्य a man, and यज्ञ sacrifice, sacrament.

**मनुष्यसभा f. (-भा)** 1. A multitude, a crowd, a meeting. 2. A place of meeting or assembly. ३. मनुष्य a man, mankind, and सभा assembly.

**मनीशत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Seated in the mind. n. (-तं) Thoughts, ideas, notions, feelings. ३. मनस् and तत gone to or in. [fem. form.]

**मनीशवी f. (-वी)** Wish, desire. ३. मनस् the mind, and गौ a cow, &c.

**मनीशुष mfn. (-शः-शः-शः)** Thought or meditated on secretly. f. (-शः) Red arsenic. ३. मनस् and शुष cherished.

**मनीशुष्य n. (-यः)** Captivating the mind.

**मनीज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं)** Born or seated in the mind. m. (-जः) Ka'ma. ३. मनस् and ज born.

**मनीजन्तु mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तं)** Born or seated in the mind. m. (-न्तः) Ka'ma or CUPID. ३. मनस् the heart or mind, and जन्तु birth ; also मनीज ।

**मनीजव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं)** 1. Fatherly, parental. 2. Quick in thought or apprehension. 3. Swift, as thought. f. (-वा) A plant : see चञ्चिजिह्व. n. (-वं) Quickness of thought or apprehension. ३. मनस् the mind, ज् to move, to pervade, aff. चच् ; or मनस् compounded with जव speed.

**मनीजवस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं)** Fatherly. ३. मनीज desire, love, वस् to abide, aff. चच् ।

**मनीश्व mfn. (-श्वः-शा-श्वं)** Beautiful, handsome, lovely, pleasing, agreeable. f. (-श्वः) 1. Red arsenic. 2. Intoxicating liquor. 3. The daughter of a sovereign, a princess. ३. मनस् the mind or heart, श्वा to know, to get, aff. क । [दृक् castigation.]

**मनीदण्ड m. (-ण्डः)** Restraint or control over the mind. ३. मनस् and मनीशीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Chosen, preferred. ३. मनस् and शीत taken.

**मनीश्वर m. (-वरः)** Ka'ma or CUPID. ३. मनस् the mind or heart, and श्वर born.

**मनीशू m. (-शूः)** Ka'made'va. ३. मनस् the heart, भू born.

**मनीशयकीय m. (-यः)** The second of the five sheaths in which the soul is encased, (in Vedānta Phil.)

**मनीशयिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि)** Swift, quick, as thought. ३. मनस्, and ययिन् what goes. [of production.]

**मनीशोम m. (-मः)** The deity Ka'ma. ३. मनस् the heart, and शोम place

**मनीश्व m. (-वः)** 1. Wish, desire. 2. A desired object. 3. A wish expressed indirectly, (in drama) ३. मनस् the heart, and श्व vehicle.

**मनीश्व mfn. (-श्वः-शा-श्वं)** Beautiful, lovely, pleasing. f. (-शा) 1. A goddess, peculiar to the Baudd'hya. 2. A species of the Pankti' metre. 3. A beautiful woman. ३. मनस् the mind, श्व to delight, aff. चच् ।

**मनीवीच n. (-चः)** Fancy, caprice, whim. ३. मनस्, वीच unsteadiness.

**मनीहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Disappointed. ३. मनस् the mind, हत struck.

**मनीहर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं)** Beautiful, lovely, pleasing. n. (-रं) Gold. ३. मनस् the mind, ह् to take or steal, aff. चच् ।

**मनीहारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिनी-रि)** Beautiful, pleasing, agreeable, lovely. ३. मनस् the mind, ह् to steal, aff. चिप् ।

**मनीहा f. (-हा)** Red-arsenic. ३. मनस् the mind, and हेच, to call, to arrest, affs. चच् and टाप् ।

**मनुज् r. 1st cl. (मञ्जति)** To clean, to polish, &c.

**मनश्च mfn. (-च्यः-च्या-च्यं)** 1. To be reflected on, to be ascertained or fixed in the mind, to be discussed either mentally or with proper persons. 2. To be thought, believed, conceived, &c. ३. मन् to know, aff. तच् ।

**मनु m. (-नुः)** 1. Fault, offence, transgression. 2. A man, mankind. 3. A king. f. (-नुः) Understanding, intellect. \*३. मन् to know, Unādi aff. तु ।

**मन् m. (-न्तः)** 1. A sage, one who is possessed of holy knowledge. 2. An adviser, a counsellor. ३. मन् to know, Unādi aff. टच् ।

**मन्त्र m. (-न्त्रः)** 1. A division of the Vēdas ; in the first or practical part or Kāṇḍam, it includes prayers and hymns, addressed to particular deities, and used at peculiar sacrifices, &c. in the Uttara Kāṇḍam, it is applied to addresses to BRAHMA' or God, and to didactic explanations of his nature and attributes, &c. 2. A mystical verse or incantation, (in the Tantras.) 3. A formula sacred to any individual deity, as Om Vishnave nama, Om Si-va'ya nama, &c. 4. Secret consultation, private advice. ३. मन्त्रि to advise or consult privately, aff. चच् ।

**मन्त्रकृत् Adj.** Skilled in giving advice.

**मन्त्रकृत् m. (-कृत्)** 1. A counsellor, a minister. 2. One who recites a sacred text. 3. A composer of Vēdic hymns. ३. मन्त्र advice, and कृत् who gives or makes. [made.]

**मन्त्रकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं)** Consecrated by the Mantra. ३. मन्त्र and कृत

**मन्त्रकृत्कृत् m. (-कृत्)** Knowledge, science. ३. मन्त्र advice, कृत् to be a part of, aff. वृच् ।

**मन्त्रगुप्ति f. (-गुप्तिः)** Secret counsel. ३. मन्त्र and गुप्ति concealing.

**मन्त्रगूढ m. (-गूढः)** A spy, a secret emissary or agent. ३. मन्त्र advice, information, गूढ secret.

**मन्त्रजिह्व m. (-जिह्वः)** A name of fire. ३. मन्त्र prayer, and जिह्व the tongue.

**मन्त्रज्ञ m. (-ज्ञः)** 1. A spy, a secret emissary or agent. 2. A counsellor, an adviser. 3. A priest, a sacred teacher. ३. मन्त्र advice, &c. and ज्ञ who knows. [यच् aff.]

**मन्त्रज्ञ n. (-ञ्च-ञ्चः)** Advising, counselling in private. ३. मन्त्रि to counsel.

**मन्त्रतः Ind.** 1. From, with or by, a Mantra or mystical prayer. 2. Advisedly, deliberately. ३. मन्त्र and तसि substituted for the termination of the fourth or fifth cases.

**मन्त्रद m. (-दः)** A spiritual guide or teacher. ३. मन्त्र initiatory text, and द who gives. [who sees.]

**मन्त्रदर्शिन m. (-र्शिनः)** A Bra'hman learned in the Vēdas. ३. मन्त्र and दर्शिन

**मन्त्रदीप्ति m. (-दिप्तिः)** AGNI or fire. ३. मन्त्र holy prayer, and दीप्ति lustre.

**मन्त्रपूतायन् m. (-यन्)** A name of GARUD'A. ३. मन्त्र and पूतायन् pure.

**मन्त्रफल n. (-लः)** The object or effect of counsel. ३. मन्त्र and फल fruit.

**मन्त्रभेद m. (-भेदः)** Divulging or betraying counsel. ३. मन्त्र, भेद breaking.

**मन्त्रयन् mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यन्)** Counselling, consulting. ३. मन्त्रि to advise, यन् aff.

**मन्त्रयन् n. (-यन्)** A mystical diagram with a Mantra.

**मन्त्रयोग m. (-योगः)** 1. The employment of Mantras. 2. Magic.

**मन्त्रयन् mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यन्)** 1. Accompanied with holy texts, (a ceremony.) 2. Entitled to use the Vēdas. 3. Initiated. 4. Having or hearing counsel. ३. मन्त्र and यन् aff.

**मन्त्रविन् m. (-विन्-विन्)** 1. A spy, a secret emissary or agent. 2. A counsellor. 3. A priest. 4. A Bra'hman learned in the Vēdas. ३. मन्त्र secret counsel, &c. and विन् who knows.

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Obtaining or effecting any thing by means of mystic formulae or prayers. **स. सम्पन्न** a prayer of the Vedas, &c., and स्यच् to touch, aff. क्तिन् ।

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) 1. Advised, counselled, planned. 2. Consecrated with Mantras. **स. सम्पन्न** to consult, aff. क् ।

**सम्पन्न** n. (-स्यच्) 1. Property or condition of a counsellor, counsel-ship. **स. सम्पन्न**, and स added

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) A counsellor or adviser, a king's counsellor, a minister. **स. सम्पन्न** to advise, इति aff.

**सम्पन्न** n. (-स्यच्) Water consecrated by Mantras. [stopping.]

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) Encouraged by advice or direction. **स. सम्पन्न** and उपपन्न

**सम्पन्न** 1st cl. (स्यति) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To afflict. 3. To suffer pain. **स. सम्पन्न** 1st and 9th cls. (स्यति सम्पन्नति) To agitate, to stir, to churn.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) 1. A churning stick. 2. The sun. 3. A dish made of barley-meal with ghee and water, a sort of gruel or porridge. 4. A disease of the eyes, cataract or opacity. 5. Rheum, excretion of the eyes. 6. Killing, destroying. 7. Agitating, stirring, churning. 8. A ray of light. 9. An instrument for kindling fire by friction. **स. सम्पन्न** to churn, &c. aff. चच् ।

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) A churning-cord.

**सम्पन्न** n. (-स्यच्) Butter. **स. सम्पन्न** churning, and ज produced. [stick.]

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) A churning-stick. **स. सम्पन्न** churning, and दृक्क a

**सम्पन्न** n. (-स्यच्) 1. Agitating, stirring, churning. 2. Killing, injuring. 3. Kindling fire by friction. **स. सम्पन्न** A churn. **म. (-स्यच्)** A churning-stick. **स. सम्पन्न** to agitate, &c. aff. क्त् ।

**सम्पन्न** f. (-स्यच्) A churn, a common earthen-pot used for the purpose. **स. सम्पन्न** churning, and चट्टो a small jar or pitcher.

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) 1. Slow, lazy, tardy. 2. Large, bulky. 3. Curved, bowed, crooked. 4. Stupid, dull, a fool. 5. Low, vile, little. 6. Low, hollow, (as sound) **म. (-स्यच्)** 1. A soldier marching slowly. 2. A spy, an informer. 3. A treasury, a store, a repertory. 4. Fruit. 5. An obstacle, a hindrance. 6. A churning-stick. 7. Fresh butter. 8. The month Vaisāk'ha. 9. Passion, wrath. 10. A deer. 11. A fort, a strong-hold. 12. The mountain Mandara. 13. The hair of the head. **न. (-स्यच्)** Safflower. **स. (-स्यच्)** Name of the favourite female slave of KAIKEYI, the favourite wife of DASARATHA. **स. सम्पन्न** to agitate, &c. aff. चरच् । [चरन् aff.]

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) The wind from a Chowrie or whisk. **स. सम्पन्न** to agitate,

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) The mountain Mandara. **स. सम्पन्न** a churning-stick, and स्यच् a mountain, being so employed in churning the ocean.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) 1. A churning-stick. 2. An epithet of ŚIVA. 3. A plant, (cassia fistula). **स. सम्पन्न** to agitate, चानच् aff.

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) 1. Agitating, churning. 2. Paining, afflict- ing. **म. (-स्यच्)** Semen virile. **स. (-स्यच्)** A churning-vessel. **स. सम्पन्न** to churn, चित्ति aff.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) Sea of milk. **स. सम्पन्न** churning, and उदधि a sea.

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) 1. Slow, tardy. 2. Dull, stupid, heavy. 3. Fool- ish, a fool. 4. Unlucky. 5. Sick, diseased. 6. Little. 7. Idle, lazy. 8. Drunken, addicted to drunkenness. 9. Vile, wicked. 10. Self- willed. 11. Cold, phlegmatic, apathetic. 12. Low, (as a tone.) 13. Withered, (as flowers.) **म. (-स्यच्)** 1. A name of SATURN. 2. A sort of elephant. 3. A name of YAMA. 4. (In astronomy.) Anomaly. 5. A destruction of the universe. **स. सम्पन्न** to be lazy, &c. aff. चच् ।

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Dull, not bright. **स. सम्पन्न**, and चानच् shining.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) The moon.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) The planet SATURN.

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Going slowly. **स. सम्पन्न**, and वत gone.

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Slow moving. **स. सम्पन्न**, and वति going.

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Who or what moves slowly. **न. (-स्यच्)** Moving or going slowly. **स. सम्पन्न**, and वतन going.

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Going slowly or gently. **म. (-स्यच्)** A soldier marching slowly. **स. सम्पन्न** to go, aff. क्तिन् ।

**सम्पन्न** Adj. 1. Silly. 2. Absent minded. 3. Fainting away.

**सम्पन्न** Adj. Lustreless.

**सम्पन्न** f. (-स्यच्) The wife of SURYA. **स. सम्पन्न** SATURN, and जननी mother.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) The coral tree, (Erythrina fulgens.) **स. सम्पन्न** to please, aff. चटच् । "पारिमहर्षे ।"

**सम्पन्न** n. (-स्यच्) Praise, eulogium. **स. सम्पन्न** to be pleased, (by) Unādi aff. चच् ।

**सम्पन्न** n. (-स्यच्) (In astronomy.) The anomalistic equation of a planet. **स. सम्पन्न**, and क्त product.

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Stupid, foolish. **स. सम्पन्न**, बुद्धि understanding.

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Wretched, unhappy, unfortunate. **स. सम्पन्न**, and भाग्य fate. [and सति intellect.]

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Dull, stupid, slow of apprehension. **स. सम्पन्न**,

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Slow, tardy. **स. सम्पन्न** to be slow, शानच् aff.

**सम्पन्न** f. (-स्यच्) An epithet of DURGA.

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) 1. Large, bulky. 2. Slow, sluggish, dull, lazy, &c. **म. (-स्यच्)** 1. The mountain Mandara, with which the ocean was churned by the Suras, and Asuras, after the deluge, for the purpose of recovering the sacred things lost in it during that period. 2. The Mandara tree, one of the five trees of paradise. 3. Swarga or the paradise of the Hindus. 4. A string of pearls, &c. 5. A mirror. **स. सम्पन्न** to please, to be lazy, &c. चरन् aff.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) 1. A name of AGNI or fire. 2. Life, living. 3. Sleep, sleeping. **स. सम्पन्न** to be slow or sleepy, Unādi aff. चसानच् ।

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) 1. Sleep. 2. Life.

**सम्पन्न** n. (-स्यच्) A smile. **स. सम्पन्न** slowly, gently, स्मित smiling.

**सम्पन्न** n. (-स्यच्) A smile, a gentle laugh. **स. सम्पन्न** slowly, gently, and हस्य laughter.

**सम्पन्न** n. (-स्यच्) 1. Praising, praise. 2. A stream, a current. **स. सम्पन्न** to praise, चकन् Unādi aff.

**सम्पन्न** f. (-स्यच्) 1. The Ganges of heaven. 2. A species of the Jagati' metre. **स. सम्पन्न** slowly, चक् to go, aff. चित्ति, form. form.

**सम्पन्न** f. (-स्यच्) A species of the Atyashiti' metre.

**सम्पन्न** n. (-स्यच्) Modesty, shame, bashfulness. **स. सम्पन्न** slow, retiring, and चक् organ of sense.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) Weakness of digestion. [self.]

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Slow of apprehension, dull. **स. सम्पन्न** and चानच्

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Disregarding, neglecting, disrespecting. **स. सम्पन्न** and चादर respect.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) A gentle breeze, zephyr. **स. सम्पन्न**, and चानच् wind.

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Delaying, going tardy. **स. सम्पन्न** to be lazy, causal v., शानच् aff.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) 1. One of the five trees of Swarga. 2. The coral tree, (Erythrina fulgens.) 3. Swallow wort, (Asclepias gigantea.) **स. सम्पन्न** to delight, &c. aff. चरक् ।

**सम्पन्न** Adj. Having weak breath.

**सम्पन्न** n. (-स्यच्) Shame, modesty. **स. सम्पन्न** retiring, and चानच् face.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) A sort of fish.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) 1. Slowness. 2. Stupidity.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) 1. A house. **न. (-स्यच्)** 1. A town. **म. (-स्यच्)** 1. The sea. 2. The back of the knee, the ham. 3. One of the Gan- dharbas. **स. सम्पन्न** to sleep, &c. Unādi aff. किरच् ।

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) A cat. **स. सम्पन्न** a house, and पशु an animal.

**सम्पन्न** m. (-स्यच्) 1. Tardiness. 2. Stupidity. **स. सम्पन्न**, and च्छु to be, चच् aff., च्छु augment.

**सम्पन्न** mfn. (-स्यच्) Being slow, dull, stupid, &c. **स. सम्पन्न**, and च्छु to be, aff. च्छु, च्छु augment.

मन्त्रज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Born in a stable. ३ मन्त्रा, and ज बora, the final of the first rejected.

मन्त्रा f. (-रा) 1. A stable. 2. A bed, a mat used as one. ३. मन्त्रि to please, &c. Unádi aff. उरच् ।

मन्त्रा m. (-त्रः) The apsis of a planet's orbit. ३. मन्त्र and उरच् high.

मन्त्रा f. (-रा) A proper name, the wife of RA'VAN'A. ३. मन्त्र slow, heavy, उदर the belly, aff. जीच् ।

मन्त्रादी m. (-दः) A name of RA'VAN'A. ३. मन्त्रादी as above, and ईज lord or husband. [king, and सुत son.

मन्त्रादीसुत m. (-सः) The son of RA'VAN'A. ३. मन्त्रादी the wife of the मन्त्रा mfn. (-त्रः-चा-च) Temperate, tepid, moderately warm. n. (-च) Warmth, gentle heat. ३. मन्त्र slack, and उरच् hot.

मन्त्र m. (-त्रः) 1. A base or low tone, such as the grumbling of clouds, &c. 2. A sort of drum. 3. A species of elephant. f. (-द्वा) Hollow, deep, rumbling. ३. मन्त्रि to please, Unádi aff. रच् ।

मन्त्रय m. (-यः) 1. A name of KA'MA, the god of love. 2. Love, amorous passion or desire. 3. The elephant or wood-apple. ३. मन्त्र the heart, मन्त्र to agitate, aff. चच् ।

मन्त्राय m. (-यः) 1. Pudendum muliebre. 2. The mango tree. [aff.

मन्त्रयिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) Amorous, impassioned, in love. ३. मन्त्रय, इति मन्त्रन m. (-नः) Whispering, murmuring, low reiterated sound, especially murmur libidinosum. ३. मन्त्र the heart or mind, मन्त्र to express, aff. चच् ।

मन्त्रय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Full of me, like me, (God.) ३. मन्त्र and मन्त्रय aff.

मन्त्रान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Thinking, considering. 2. Respecting, attending to. 3. Praising. ३. मन्त्र to mind, शानच् aff.

मन्त्रा f. (-त्रा) The tendon forming the nape of the neck. ३. मन्त्र to mind, to admire, aff. कच् ।

मन्त्रा f. (-त्रा) The tendon of the trapezium muscle forming the nape of the neck. ३. मन्त्रा the same, and कन् added.

मन्त्र m. (-न्त्रः) 1. Sorrow, grief. 2. Distress, indigence. 3. Anger, wrath. 4. A sacrifice. 5. Pride. ३. मन्त्र to know, Unádi aff. यच् ।

मन्त्रमन् mfn. (-मन्-मन्ती-मन्) 1. Sorrowful, distressed. 2. Angry, wrathful. ३. मन्त्र, and मन्त्रच् aff.

मन्त्रन n. (-नः) The reign of a MANU, a period equal to seventy-one ages of the gods, or 306, 720,000 years of mortals, or with its Sandhi or interval of universal deluge, 308, 448, 000 years; fourteen Manwantaras constitute a Kalpa; the grand period of creation and destruction, or 4, 320, 000 years; each Manwantara is governed by its distinct MANU, and is provided with its own INDRA, and minor deities; according to Hindu cosmogony, there have been innumerable Manwantaras, since the first creation of the world. ३. मन्त्र MANU, and चत्वार period or interval.

मन्त्रान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Thinking, conceiving. 2. Minding, regarding. ३. मन्त्रा to mind, शानच् aff. [मन्त्रक ।

मन्त्रक m. (-कः) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus mungo;) also मन्त्रक, and मन्त्रक m. (-कः) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus mungo.) also मन्त्रक ।

मन्त्र r. 1st cl. (मन्त्रति) To go, to move.

मन्त्र Ind. The genitive singular of the first personal pronoun.

मन्त्रा f. (-त्रा) 1. Pride, arrogance, self-sufficiency. 2. The interest or affection entertained for other objects from considering them as belonging to or connected with one's self. 3. Individuality. ३. मन्त्र mine, the possessive case of चञ्चल, and मन्त्रच् aff. of the abstract; also with त्व aff. मन्त्रल ।

मन्त्रायुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Selfish. m. (-क्तः) A miser, a niggard. ३. मन्त्रा selfishness, and युक्त affected.

मन्त्रायुक्त m. (-क्तः) An object of sense. ३. मन्त्रा to bind, चञ्चल Unádi aff., व rejected, and म substituted for व, and चापतुद् augment.

मन्त्र r. 1st cl. (मन्त्रते) To go, to move.

मन्त्र m. (-यः) 1. A camel. 2. A mule. 3. A demon, and the carpenter

or architect of the DAITYAS. 4. Hurting, injuring. f. (-त्रा) Administering remedies, the practice of physic. f. (-त्री) Used as a affix in the sense of "consisting of" "Made of" Full of, ३. मन्त्रा to go, or मन्त्रा to scatter, or मन्त्रा to hurt, affs. चच् or खच्, and टाच् ।

मन्त्र m. (-त्रः) A hut of grass or leaves. ३. मन्त्रा to go, चटच् aff.

मन्त्र m. (-यः) 1. A KINNARA or chorister of Swarga, 2. A deer. ३. मन्त्रा scatter, (sweet sounds, &c.) Unádi aff. च ।

मन्त्रा m. (-त्रः) A name of KUVĒRA. ३. मन्त्र KINNARA, and राज chief having these beings attached especially to his court and capital.

मन्त्रक m. (-कः) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus mungo.) ३. मन्त्रा to go, aff च, मन्त्र one who goes, टक् to impede, aff. उ, मन्त्र, and with the pleonastic addition, कन् मन्त्रक; also with चच् aff. after मन्त्रा to go, मन्त्र, and मन्त्रक; and again with व substituted for न, मन्त्र, मन्त्रक, मन्त्र or मन्त्रक ।

मन्त्र m. (-त्रः) 1. Light, lustre, brightness. 2. A ray of light. 3. Flame. 4. Beauty. 5. The pin or gnomon of a sun-dial. ३. मन्त्रा to measure, (time, &c.) कन् Unádi aff., मन्त्र substituted for the root.

मन्त्र m. (-त्रः) 1. A peacock. 2. A flower, the cockscomb, (Celosia cristata.) 3. A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) f. (-त्री) 1. A peahen 2. A potherb, (Basella rubra, &c.) ३. मन्त्रा to scatter, Unádi aff. उरच्; मन्त्रा the earth in the seventh case, मन्त्रा, ह to cry, उ aff. and the formation irr.

मन्त्रक m. (-कः) 1. A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) 2. A flower, (Celosia cristata.) 3. A peacock. n. (-कः) Blue vitriol. ३. कन् added to the preceding.

मन्त्रा m. (-त्रा) Blue vitriol "तुते" ।

मन्त्रक m. (-कः) A house or dunghill cook. [the oomb or crist.

मन्त्रक f. (-त्रा) Cockscomb, (Celosia cristata.) ३. मन्त्र a peacock. वृत्त

मन्त्रक n. (-कः) A sort of scratch with a finger-nail. ३. मन्त्र a peacock, पद a foot, and कन् aff.; implying resemblance. [the enemy.

मन्त्रारि m. (-रिः) A chameleon, a lizard. ३. मन्त्र a peacock, and चरि मरक m. (-कः) Epidemic or pestilential disease. ३. मन्त्रा to die, वृत्त aff.

मरकत m. (-तः) An emerald. ३. मरक epidemic disease, त् to cross or escape, aff. उ; it is also read मरकतक n. (-कः) ।

मरकत n. (-कः) An emerald.

मरक n. (-कः) Death, dying. ३. मन्त्रा to die, aff. खट् ।

मरक m. (-तः) Death, dying. ३. मन्त्रा to die, चतच् Unádi aff.

मरक m. (-त्रः) The nectar or honey of a flower. ३. मरक, q. v. the second syllable being rejected; also with कन् added मरक ।

मरकक n. (-कः) A flower. ३. मरक nectar or honey, चोक्तच् abode.

मरकाली f. (-ली) a plant, commonly Bich'huti'.

मरक m. (-रः) A granary, a place where grain, &c. is kept.

मरक mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Soft, mild, bland. m. (-क्तः) 1. A sort of goose with red legs and bill, or perhaps the Flamingo. 2. Lamp-black, used as a collyrium. 3. A duck. 4. A horse. 5. A cloud. 6. A grove or garden of pomegranate trees. 7. A rogue, a scoundrel. f. (-क्ता) Greasy, soft. ३. मन्त्रा to die, aff. चञ्चल ।

मरिच n. (-चः) Pepper. ३. मन्त्रा to die, (venom,) and हच् aff.; considered as an antidote; also मरीच ।

मरिच m. (-चा) Death, dying. ३. मन्त्रा to die, मन्त्रि Unádi aff.

मरीच n. (-चः) Pepper, (Piper nigrum.) ३. मन्त्रा to die, हच् aff.

मरीचि m. (-चिः) 1. A saint, the son of BRAHMA', and one of the Praja'patis, and Brahma'dikas, or first created beings, and sovereigns of the world. 2. A niggard, a miser. mfn. (-चिः) A ray of light. ३. मन्त्रा to perish, (darkness,) Unádi aff. रचि ।

मरीचिका f. (-का) The Mirage; vapour which in hot and sandy countries especially appears at a distance like a sheet of water. ३. मरीचि a ray of light, कन् aff., implying resemblance.

मरीचिकाम् mfn. (-चि-चिनी-चि) Splendid, radiant, m. (-चि) The sun. ३. मरीचि and मरिचि having a chaplet.

मरीचक mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) Who or what cleans or rubs repeatedly. *३.* मृत् to rub, reiter. v., चक्ष् aff.  
 मरु m. (-रः) 1. A region or soil destitute of water, sands, a desert. 2. A mountain. 3. The province Mārwa'r, or in the plu. (-रवः) The inhabitants. *३.* मृ to die, (where,) and Una'di aff. च ।  
 मरुत m. (-कः) A peacock. [ज produced.  
 मरुज m. (-जः) A sort of perfume, commonly Nak'hi. *३.* मरु a desert,  
 मरुता f. (-ता) A woman with a high forehead. *३.* मृ to perish, (of love for such a woman,) उटच् aff. [see the last.  
 मरुता f. (-रुता) A woman with a high forehead. *३.* मृ to die, उटच् aff.;  
 मरुत् m. (-रुत्) 1. Wind, air, or its deified personification. 2. A deity, an immortal. n. (-रुत्) A sort of perfume, commonly Grant'hipar-  
 ma. f. (-रुत्) A kind of grass, (Trigonella corniculata.) *३.* मृ to die, Una'di aff. उति ।  
 मरुत m. (-तः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A deity. 3. A plant, commonly Ghan-  
 ta'pa'tali. *३.* चक्ष् added to the preceding.  
 मरुत्कर m. (-रः) A sort of bean, (Dolichos catjang.) *३.* मरुत् wind, (eruc-  
 tation,) and कर making. "राजमाषे ।" [added.  
 मरुत् m. (-रुत्) 1. Wind, a gale. 2. The name of a king. *३.* मरुत्, and तप्  
 मरुत्पथ m. (-यः) The atmosphere, sky, heaven, *३.* मरुत् the wind, and  
 पथ road. [nourishes.  
 मरुत्पाल m. (-लः) A name of INDRA. *३.* मरुत् the wind, and पाल who  
 मरुत्पुत्र m. (-त्रः) Bhi'mas'e'na, the second of the Pa'nd'u princes. *३.*  
 मरुत् the deity of the wind, and पुत्र son.  
 मरुत्पुत्र m. (-त्रः) A lion. *३.* मरुत् wind, and पुत्र who leaps.  
 मरुत्फल m. (-लः) Hail. *३.* मरुत् wind, and फल fruit.  
 मरुत् m. (-रुत्) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. The monkey Hanumána. 3.  
 A cloud. *३.* मरुत् wind, मृत् aff.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) 1. INDRA. 2. Fire. 3. The Chitraka-tree. *३.* मरुत् the  
 wind, (the deity,) and सखि friend, aff. टच् ।  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A sort of fan made of deer's or buffalo's skin. *३.*  
 मरुत् wind, चान्दोल agitating.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) Flocculent seeds wafted by the wind, the down of  
 cotton floating in the air. *३.* मरुत् wind, चञ्ज standard.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A sort of vessel used in sacrifices. 3.  
 A portion of the Sáma V'e'da. *३.* मरुत् the wind, बद्ध bound.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) 1. A horse. 2. A car in which idols are carried. *३.* मरुत्  
 the wind, and रथ a vehicle.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A foetid mimosa. *३.* मरु dry, टृप्त a tree. "विट्खदिरि" ।  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) The atmosphere, heaven, sky. *३.* मरुत् the wind, and  
 बज्जन् road or path. [vehicle.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) 1. Smoke. 2. Fire. 3. Chitraka tree. *३.* मरुत् wind, बाह  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A camel. *३.* मरु the desert, and हय the elephant.  
 मरुत्तल f. (-ता) The Káveri' river in the peninsula. *३.* मरुत् the wind,  
 and हत covered, screened.  
 मरुत्तल f. (-ता) 1. A sort of grass, (Trigonella corniculata.) "पिडिङ्-  
 शाक. 2. Another plant, commonly Be'sunt'h. *३.* मरुत् a deity, and  
 माला a garland.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A camel. *३.* मरु a sandy soil, and प्रिय fond of; it also  
 occurs मरुत्प्रिय m. (-यः) from मरुत् wind.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) The province of Ma'rwár, or plu. (-रवः) The inhabitants  
 of Mārwa'r. *३.* मरु sandy, and भू country.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A sort of duck. *३.* मृ to die, उटच् aff.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) 1. A large thorny shrub, (Vangueria spinosa.) 2. A  
 species of basil (Ocymun.) described as having small leaves and  
 red flowers. 3. A variety of the citron or lime, said to be a thorny  
 plant, and to bear a small fruit. 4. A flower. (Artemisia vulgaris.)  
 5. A tiger. 6. The ascending node. 7. A crane. *३.* मरु a sandy or  
 dry soil, वा to grow or go, aff. क, and कन्. added; it sometimes  
 occurs, मरुत्तल ।

मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A desert, a dry and desert tract. *३.* मरु, खल a  
 place.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A sort of deer. *३.* मृ to die, उटच् Una'di aff.  
 मरुत्तल f. (-ता) 1. A cucumber. 2. Wild-cotton. 3. A small species of  
 the foetid mimosa. 4. A plant, (Hedysarum alhagi.) *३.* मरु dry  
 soil, and उटच् produced.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) The Makara, a marine monster, apparently the  
 Monodon or unicorn, and usually confounded with the crocodile  
 or shark. *३.* मृ to die, (by it.) चीलच् aff.; also with कन् added  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) ।  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) 1. The air, the wind. 2. The body. 3. A monkey. *३.* मरु  
 to sound, or a Sautra root, to move, Una'di aff. कन् ।  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A spider. *३.* मरुत् going, aff. कन् ।  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) 1. A monkey, or ape. 2. A spider. 3. The large crane,  
 called in India the adjutant, (Ardea argala.) 4. A mode of sexual  
 enjoyment. 5. A kind of venom. f. (-टी) 1. A variety of grey  
 Bonduc, (Guilandina bonducella.) 2. Cowatch, (Carpopogon  
 pruriens.) 3. A small or female monkey. *३.* मरुत् a Sautra root,  
 to go, Una'di aff. चटच् ।  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) 1. A spider. 2. An ape. 3. A fruit. 4. A demon. 5. A  
 kind of fish. *३.* कन् added to the last.  
 मरुत्तल f. (-ता) A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) *३.* मरुत् an ape,  
 and प्रियत्तल long pepper. "चपासानी" ।  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A tree, a kind of Mimosa, (M. kauki.) *३.* मरुत् mon-  
 key and प्रिय beloved. "विट्खदिरि" ।  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A spider's web, a cobweb. *३.* मरुत् a spider, and वास  
 abode; also with कन् added मरुत्तलवास ।  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) Vermilion. "विट्खदिरि" ।  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) Copper. *३.* मरुत् a monkey, and चाख face. •  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A sort of ebony, (Diospyros melanoxylon.)  
 मरुत्तल f. (-ता) A cave, a hole, a chasm. 2. A vessel. 3. A barren or  
 childless woman. [take. 4. To cleanse.  
 मरुत् r. 4th and 10th cls. (मरुत्ति मरुत्ति ते) 1. To sound 2. To go. 3. To  
 मरुत् f. (-रुत्) Cleaning, cleansing, purification. m. (-रुत्) 1. A washer-  
 man. 2. A catamite. *३.* मृत् to cleanse, aff. कन् ।  
 मरुत् m. (-रुत्) 1. A man, a mortal. 2. The world of mortals. *३.* मृ to  
 die, तन् Una'di aff. [तव्य aff.  
 मरुत्तल mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यः) Mortal, what must or should die. *३.* मृ to die,  
 मरुत् m. (-रुत्) 1. A man, a mortal. 2. The earth, the world, the habi-  
 tation of mortals f. (-रुत्) A woman, a female. n. (-रुत्) The body.  
*३.* मरुत् as above, वृत् pleonasm.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A demi-god, attendant on Kuv'e'ra, a KINNARA, a  
 Yaks'ha, being the figure of an animal and the head of a man. *३.*  
 मरुत् a mortal, and मुख chief, principal.  
 मरुत् m. (-रुत्) 1. A violent stroke. 2. Grinding, crushing.  
 मरुत् n. (-रुत्) 1. Rubbing, touching. 2. Grinding, pounding, &c. 3.  
 Pressing. 4. Devastating. 5. Paining. *३.* मरुत् to rub or grind, aff.  
 खट् । [aff.  
 मरुत्तल mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be rubbed or touched. *३.* मरुत् to rub, चनीय  
 मरुत्तल Ind. Having rubbed or touched. *३.* मरुत् to rub, क्ता aff.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A sort of drum. *३.* मरुत् to rub or strike, aff. चक्ष्; मरुत्  
 striking, and क्ता to get, aff. क । "मौदल" ।  
 मरुत्तल mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Strung, tied. 2. Rubbed, ground, pounded. 2.  
 Obtained, got. *३.* मरुत् to rub, aff. क ।  
 मरुत् r. 1st cl. (मरुत्ति) To go, to move.  
 मरुत्तल m. (-तलः) A learned and intelligent man or Bráhmāna. *३.* मरुत् se-  
 cret meaning, (of the Sha'stras.) and ज्ञ who knows.  
 मरुत्तल n. (-रुत्) 1. A joint, an articulation of the body. 2. A vital mem-  
 ber or organ. 3. Secret meaning or purpose, a secret, any thing  
 hidden or recondite. *३.* मृ to die, aff. मजिन् ।

मर्त्यवेदिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Fatal. 2. Penetrating, piercing. 3. Painful. ३. मर्त्य and वेदिन् what cuts or breaks.

मर्त्यर m. (-रः) The rustling sound of cloth or dry leaves. f. (-री) 1. A sort of pine, (P. Devada'ru.) 2. Turmeric. ३. मर्त्य to die, चरन् aff., and मुट् augment.

मर्त्यरीक m. (-कः) A pauper, a low or humble man. ३. मर्त्य to die, (with distress,) Una'di aff. ईकन् and the root reduplicate.

मर्त्यवेदि m. (-विद् or -विन्) A learned and intelligent man or Bra'hmana. ३. मर्त्य secret, meaning, (of the Shāstras.) and विद् who knows.

मर्त्यवेदिन् m. (-दी) An acute and intelligent man. ३. मर्त्य secret, and वेदिन् who knows : see the last. [छृष्ट् what touches.

मर्त्यसङ्ग mfn. (-सङ्ग) Sharp, corrosive, giving pain. ३. मर्त्य a joint, and मर्त्यवेदि mfn. (-विद् or -विन्) Piercing or affecting the joints, (pain, &c.) ३. मर्त्य a joint, सङ्ग to pierce or pain, aff. क्तिप्।

मर्त्यवेदिन् m. (-दी) An acute and intelligent man. ३. मर्त्य secret, the semi-vowel and following vowel of the radical changed to इ, and the final vowel of the noun made long.

मर्त्यिक m. (-कः) An intelligent and penetrating man. ३. मर्त्य a joint, and ठक् aff. : see मर्त्यवेदि।

मर्त्या f. (-या) A boundary, a limit. ३. मृ-यत् Ind. Bounding, limitative.

मर्त्यादा f. (-दा) 1. Continuance in the right way, propriety of conduct, steadiness, rectitude. 2. A boundary, a limit. 3. An agreement. 4. A bank, a shore. ३. मर्त्या limitative, चादा to have or take, affs. चङ् and टाप् ; or परि about, round, prefixed to चादा, चङ् aff. and म substituted for प।

मर्ब r. 1st cl. (मर्बति) 1. To fill. 2. To go. [aff. चञ्।

मर्ब m. (-र्बः) 1. Counsel, advice. 2. A sternnatory. ३. मृष्ट् to counsel, मर्बन n. (-न) Advising, counselling, deliberating. 2. Examination, inquiry. 3. Rubbing, touching. ३. मृष्ट् to counsel, मृष्ट् aff.

मर्ब m. (-र्बः) Patience, endurance. ३. मृष्ट् to bear with, aff. चञ्।

मर्बव n. (-वः) Enduring, bearing, patience, resignation. ३. मृष्ट् to bear with, aff. लृट्।

मर्बित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Borne, endured. 2. Patient, content. n. (-तं) Patience. ३. मृष्ट् to bear with, aff. क्।

मर्बितवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वन्) Patient, enduring. ३. मृष्ट् to bear, क्कच् aff.

मल r. 1st cl. (मलति) r. 10th cl. (मलयति) 1. To hold. 2. To wear. 3. To stick.

मल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Dirty. 2. Miserly, niggardly. mn. (-लः-लं) 1. Excretion of the body, as serum, semen, blood, marrow, urine, faeces, ear-wax, nails, phlegm, tears, rheum, and sweat. 2. Sin. 3. dirt, filth. 4. Dreg, sediment. 5. Rust. 6. Camphor. 7. Cuttle-fish-bone. 8. Tanned leather. n. (-लः) A particular base metal. f. (-ला) A plant, (Flacourtia cataphracta :) see मलानला. ३. मल to hold or contain, (in the body.) चञ् aff. ; or मृज् to cleanse, Una'di aff. कल, and the penultimate and final radical rejected.

मलज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Produced from dregs or dirt, &c. n. (-जं) Pus, matter. ३. मल as above, and ज born.

मलदूषित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Foul, dirty, filthy. ३. मल dirt, दूषित faulty.

मलद्वेष m. (-वः) Diarrhoea.

मलधात्री f. (-त्री) A nurse who attends to the necessities of a child.

मलन m. (-नः) A tent. n. (-नं) Rubbing, grinding, &c. ३. मल to hold, aff. लृट्। [and पङ्ग mud, इनि aff.

मलपद्भिन् mfn. (-द्भि-द्भिनी-द्भि) Filthy, covered with mud and dirt. ३. मल मलपूर् f. (-पूः) The opposite-leaved fig tree, (Ficus oppositifolia, Rox.)

३. मल sin, पू to purify, aff. क्तिप् ; it is also read with a final consonant, derived from पूर् to complete or fill, मलपूर् f. (-पूः) Also मलय्।

मलपत्र n. (-त्रः) The outer page of a book.

मलभुज् m. (-भुज्) A crow. ३. मल dirt, and भुज् who eats.

मलमलक n. (कं) A piece of cloth covering the privities.

मलमास m. (-सः) An intercalary month, in which any performance of religious ceremonies is strictly prohibited in the Sha'stras.

मलय m. (-यः) 1. A mountain or mountainous range, from which the best Sandal-wood is brought, answering to the western Ghats in the peninsula of India. 2. The country that lies along the Malaya range, or the west coast of the peninsula, Malaya'lam or Malabar. 3. A garden. 4. The garden of INDRA. 5. One of the minor Dwipas or divisions of the world. f. (-या) A plant, commonly Teori, (Convolvulus turpethum.) ३. मल to hold or contain, (Sandal-wood,) Una'di aff. कयन्।

मलयगन्धिनी f. (-नी) One of Durga's female attendants. ३. मलय the mountain, and गन्धिन् fragrant ; also मलयगन्धिनी। [ज produced.

मलयज mn. (-जः-जं) Sandal-wood. ३. मलय the mountain Malaya, and मलयाचल m. (-लः) The mountain Malaya. ३. मलय Malaya, and चचल a mountain ; also similar compounds, as मलयाद्रि &c.

मलयाणिल m. (-लः) The southerly wind that prevails in central India during the hot weather. The Malaya Zephyr charged with the scent of Sandal-wood or other herbs is a poetical common-place. ३. मलय the Malaya mountain, over which the air is supposed to have blown, and चणिल wind.

मलयू f. (-यूः) The opposite-leaved fig tree. ३. मल sin, यु to join, aff. क्तिप् and the final made long ; also with the final short मलयु, or derived from पूज्, मलपू।

मलवास f. (-सः) A woman in her courses.

मलवाहिन् mfn. (-ही-हिनी-हि) What conveys or contains soil or filth. ३. मल and वाहिन् bearing.

मलाकविन् m. (-वीं) A sweeper, a cleaner. ३. मल dirt, faeces, and क्वि to draw, with वाक् prefix, and क्विनि aff.

मलाका f. (-का) 1. A female messenger. 2. A lewd woman. 3. A female elephant. ३. मल, चाक aff. [ence, चपकर्वण removing.

मलापकर्षण n. (-र्षः) Purification, cleaning, cleansing. ३. मल dirt, excrement. मलापच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) 1. Soiling, dirtying. 2. Defiling, disgracing. m. (-चः) Acceptance of forbidden gifts. ३. मल and चावच् what brings.

मलाघव m. (-घः) The belly.

मलि f. (-लिः) Having, possessing. ३. मल to hold, इन् aff.

मलिन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Dirty, filth, foul. 2. Black. 3. Vile, bad. 4. Foul, (figuratively,) soiled with crime or vice, sinful, depraved. n. (-नं) 1. Butter-milk. 2. Fault, defect. 3. Borax. f. (-नी) A woman during menstruation. ३. मल dirt, इलन् Una'di aff.

मलिनप्रभ mfn. (-भः-भा-भं) Obscured, beclouded. ३. मलिन and प्रभा light.

मलिनमुख mfn. (-खः-खी-खं) 1. Cruel, fierce, savage. 2. Vile, wicked. m. (-खः) 1. AGNI or fire. 2. A ghost, a goblin. 3. The black-faced monkey. 4. The Chitrakra tree. ३. मलिन black, and मुख the face.

मलिनाम्बु m. (-म्बुः) Ink. ३. मलिन dirty, and चम्बु water.

मलिनाम्बु m. (-म्बुः) A savage, a cruel or ferocious man. ३. मलिन black, foul, (with fury,) and चम्बु the face.

मलिनित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Soiled, defiled. 2. Corrupted, wicked. ३. मलिन and इतच् aff. [ness.

मलिनितम् m. (-ता) 1. Impurity, sin. 2. Darkness, blackness. 3. Dirty.

मलिनितम् m. (-चः) 1. A thief. 2. Burning, blazing. 3. Fire. 4. Air, wind. 5. The intercalary lunar month, introduced every third year, in order to approximate the lunar, and solar modes of computation. 6. A gnat, a musquito. 7. Frost. 8. A thief, a robber. 9. A Bra'hmana who neglects the five daily acts of piety. 10. A demon. ३. मलिन possession, and चञ्चु to steal, aff. क।

मलिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठं) 1. Very foul or unclean. 2. Very wicked. f. (-ष्ठा) A woman during menstruation. ३. मल unclean, इलन् aff. of the superlative.

मलीमस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) 1. Dirty, foul, unclean. 3. Wicked. m. (-वः) 1. Iron. 2. Green vitriol. ३. मल dirt, इमसच् aff.

**मलोद्वल mfn.** (-यान्-यसो-यः) 1. Very dirty or impure. 2. Very wicked.  
**ह. मल** and **इयसुन्** aff. of the superlative.  
**मल्लक m.** (-कः) A kind of worm. **ह. मल** dirt, **अनन्त** Unādi aff.  
**मल्ल r.** 1st. cl. (मल्लते) To hold, to have.  
**मल्ल mfn.** (-ल्ल-ल्लः) 1. Strong, stout, athletic, robust. 2. Beat, excellent m. (-ल्लः) 1. A wrestler, a boxer, by birth; the offspring of an outcaste Kshetriya by a Kshetriya female. 2. A cup or vessel. 3. The cheek and temples, the hemicranium. 4. A kind of fish. 5. The residue of an oblation. f. (-ल्लः) 1. A woman. 2. Arabian jasmine. 3. Ornamenting the person with coloured unguents. **ह. मल्ल** to hold, aff. **अच्**.  
**मल्लक mf.** (-ल्लकः-ल्लिका) An oil-vessel, a vessel made of the shell of a coconut for holding oil, whether for culinary purposes or for burning as a lamp. m. (-कः) A tooth. **ह. मल्ल** to hold, aff. **युन्**.  
**मल्लज n.** (-जं) Black pepper.  
**मल्लनय n.** (-यं) A musical instrument, a drum or trumpet used at athletic contests. **ह. मल्ल** wrestler, and **नय** an instrument of music; it is also occurs **मल्लनय**.  
**मल्लनाम m.** (-नः) 1. The elephant of INDRA. 2. A name of the saint VA'TSYA'YANA. 3. A letter-carrier. 4. A work on amorous topics by VA'TSYA'YANA Muni. **ह. मल्ल** strong, and **नाम** an elephant.  
**मल्लभू f.** (-भूः) A palaestrum or arena, a place for athletic contests; it is also applied to the site of any conflict, as a field of battle, &c. **ह. मल्ल** a wrestler, and **भू** earth, place; also **मल्लभूमि f.** (-भिः).  
**मल्लयाना f.** (-या) A match of wrestling or boxing. **ह. मल्ल** a wrestler, and **याना** a festival.  
**मल्लयुद्ध n.** (-युद्धं) Wrestling, boxing. **ह. मल्ल** a wrestler, **युद्ध** contest.  
**मल्लारी f.** (-री) One of the Ra'ginis or divisions of the musical mode Me'gha.  
**मल्लिक m.** (-लिः) 1. Having, holding. 2. One of the Jinas or Jaina saints, the 19th of the present era. f. (-लिः-ली) Arabian jasmine, (Jasminum zambac.) **ह. मल्ल** to hold, Una'di aff. **इन्** and **उोप्** optionally added for the fem.  
**मल्लिक m.** (-कः) 1. A bird, said to be a sort of goose with brown legs and bill. 2. A shuttle. 3. The month Ma'gha. f. (-का) 1. Arabian jasmine, (Jasminum zambac.) 2. A kind of fish. 3. An earthen vessel for holding oil, &c. 4. A goblet, a cup, a drinking vessel. 5. A river. **ह. कन्** added to **मल्लि**.  
**मल्लिकाव m.** (-वः) 1. A horse marked with white about the eyes. 2. A sort of goose with brown legs and bill, **ह. मल्लिका** the jasmine and **व** the eye, being of like whiteness.  
**मल्लिकापुष्प m.** (-पुष्पः) Arabian jasmine. **ह. मल्लिका** the same, **पुष्प** a flower.  
**मल्लिगन्धि m.** (-गन्धिः) Aloe-wood. **ह. मल्लि** jasmine, and **गन्धि** smelling.  
**मल्लिनाथ m.** (-थः) Name of a celebrated commentator who lived at the beginning of the fifth century.  
**मल्लिपत्र n.** (-पत्रं) A mushroom.  
**मल्लु m.** (-ल्लुः) A bear. **ह. मल्ल** to hold, aff. **उ**.  
**मल्ल r.** 1st. cl. (मल्लति) To bind, to tie.  
**मल्लित mfn.** (-ल्लितः-ल्लितः) Strung, tied. **ह. मल्ल** to bind, aff. **क्**.  
**मल्ल r.** 1st. cl. (मल्लति) To bind, to tie.  
**मल्ल r.** 1st. cl. (मल्लति) 1 To sound. 2. To be angry or irascible.  
**मल्ल m.** (-ल्लः) 1. Anger. 2. Sounding. 3. A mosquito. **ह. मल्ल** to sound, &c., **अच्** aff.  
**मल्लक m.** (-कः) 1. A gnat, a mosquito. 2. A kind of cutaneous eruption the formation of small pustules or warts. 3. A leather water-bag. **ह. मल्ल** to be angry and **युन्** aff.  
**मल्लिकन्ध m.** (-कन्धः) The glomerous fig-tree. **ह. मल्लिक** a gnat, and **इन्** aff.  
**मल्लिकन्द m.** (-कन्धः) A sort of grass, (Andropogon serratus.)  
**मल्लिकरी f.** (-री) Mosquito curtains, bed-curtains of gauze, or of any

thin substance, used to keep off mosquitoes. **ह. मल्ल** a mosquito, **इ** to take off, **उ** and **उोप्** affs.

**मल्लन m.** (-नः) A dog.

**मल्ल r.** 1st. cl. (मल्लति) To injure, to hurt or kill.

**मल्लि f.** (-भिः-बी) 1. Ink. 2. The stalk of the Nyctanthes tristis. **ह. मल्ल** to hurt, **इन्** aff.; also **मल्लि** or **मल्लि**.

**मल्ल (इन्, ई) इन् मल्ली r.** 4th. cl. (मल्लति) 1. To mete or measure by weight, bulk, length, &c. 2. To change from.

**मल्ल m.** (-ल्लः) 1. Measure. 2. Weight. **ह. मल्ल** to measure, aff. **अच्**.

**मल्लक m.** (-कः) A gnat. **ह. मल्ल** to hurt, **युन्** aff.

**मल्लन n.** (-नः) 1. Hurting. 2. Measuring. 3. A medicinal fruit, (Serratala anthelmintica.) **ह. मल्ल** to hurt, **युन्** aff.

**मल्लार m.** (-रः) An emerald. **ह. मल्ल** weight, **अ** to go or get, aff. **अच्**; also with **कन्** added **मल्लारक**; in some places it seems to be confounded with another gem of a blue colour, perhaps the sapphire.

**मल्लि mf.** (-भिः-सी) 1. Ink. 2. The stalk of the Nyctanthes tristis. 3. Lamp-black. 4. A black powder used as a collyrium. **ह. मल्ल** to weigh, Una'di aff. **इन्**; it also occurs, **मल्लि**, **मल्ली**, **मल्लि** and **मल्ली**.

**मल्लिक m.** (-कः) A snake's hole. f. (-का) 1. A plant, (Nyctanthes tristis.) 2. Ink. **ह. मल्लि** the stalk of the plant, &c., **कन्** added.

**मल्लिकुपी f.** (-पी) An inkstand. **ह. मल्लि** ink, **कुपी** a little well; also with **कन्** added **मल्लिकुपिका**.

**मल्लिधान nf.** (-न-नी) An inkstand. **ह. मल्लि** ink, and **धान** what holds or contains; also **मल्लिधान**, **मल्लिधान**, &c.

**मल्लिनं n.** (-नं) Alliance by the right of presenting the funeral meat-balls to a deceased common progenitor. **ह. मल्ल** to measure, (affinity,) Una'di aff. **इन्**. [hireable.]

**मल्लिपथ m.** (-थः) A scribe, a clerk, an accountant. **ह. मल्लि** ink, **पथ** **मल्लिपथ m.** (-थः) A pen. **ह. मल्लि** and **पथ** path.

**मल्लिपत्र f.** (-त्रः) 1. An inkstand. 2. A pen. **ह. मल्लि** ink, **पत्र** parent.

**मल्लिमल्लि f.** (-भिः) An inkstand. **ह. मल्लि** ink, and **मल्लि** a jewel.

**मल्लिमल्लिन n.** (-नं) Gum myrrh. **ह. मल्लि** ink, **इन्** to increase, aff. **उट्**.

**मल्लोजल n.** (-लं) Writing ink. **ह. मल्ली** ink, and **जल** water.

**मल्लीधानी f.** (-नी) An inkstand. **ह. मल्ली** ink, **धानी** what holds.

**मल्लोना f.** (-ना) Linseed, (Linum utilitissimum.) **ह. मल्ल** to hold.

**मल्लर mf.** (-रः-रा) A sort of pulse or lentil, (Ervum hirsutum, or Cicer lens.) f. (-रा) A whore. **ह. मल्ल** to weigh, Una'di aff. **उरच्**; more usually **मल्लर**.

**मल्लर mf.** (-रः-रा) A sort of pulse or lentil, (Ervum hirsutum, and Cicer lens.) f. (-रा) 1 A whore. 2. A lentil. f. (-री) 1. Small pox.

2. A small round pillow. **ह. मल्ल** to weigh, Una'di aff. **उरच्**, **मल्लर**, the pulse; the other meanings refer to this, implying resemblance to the pea in figure, &c.

**मल्लरक m.** (-कः) A small round pillow. **ह. कन्** added to the preceding.

**मल्लरविदला f.** (-ला) 1. A black variety of the plant, commonly called Teori', (Convolvulus turpethum.) 2. A twining shrub, (Schites frutescens.) **ह. मल्लर** pulse, **विदल** division; having a leaf like a split pea.

**मल्लरिका f.** (-का) 1 A bawd, a procuress. 2. Small-pox. 3. A mosquito-curtain. **ह. मल्लर** a whore, aff. **कन्**, fem. form.

**मल्लय mfn.** (-यः-या-य) 1. Smooth, soft, not hard, not rough. 2. Bland, mild, unctuous. 3. Sweet, soft. f. (-यः) Linseed. **ह. मल्ल** to measure or weigh, aff. **अच्**, form irr.; or **यन्** equally, smoothly, **अच्** to go or be, aff. **क्**, and the initiatory letters irregularly transposed.

**मल्ल r.** 1st. cl. (मल्लति) To go, to move; sometimes read **मल्ल**.

**मल्लार m.** (-रः) 1. A bamboo. 2. A hollow bamboo. 3. Going, motion. 4. Knowledge. **ह. मल्ल** to go, aff. **अरच्**; or **मल्लि** to adorn, aff. **अर**, and the nasal rejected, with **सुट्** augment.

**मल्लारिन् m.** (-री) 1. The Bra'hmana of the fourth and mendicant



order 2. The moon. E. मस्कर a bamboo, (staff) and इनि possessive aff.

मसज् (ट, चो) टमसजो r. 6th cl. (मस्जति) 1. To immerse, to sink or plunge in water. 2. The purify by washing or bathing. 3. To be disheartened.

मन n. (-न्) The head ; see the next.

मनक mn. (-कः-क) 1. The head, the skull. 2. The head or top of any thing. E. मस् to weigh, aff. क, and कन् added. [in rut.

मनकपिण्डक mn. (-कः-क) A protuberance on the temples of an elephant मनकमुलक n. (-क) The neck, the upper part of it supporting the head.

E. मनक the head, मुल the root, कन् added.

मनकजोह m. (-हः) The brain. E. मनक the head, and जोह marrow.

मनकाव्य m. (-व्यः) The top of a tree. E. मनक, आख्या appellation.

मनदाव n. (-वः) The Devadāru tree.

मसि f. (-सिः) Weighing, measuring. E. मस् to weigh, क्तिन् aff.

मसिन्ध m. (-न्धः) The brain. E. मस्-क्तिन् मसिं परिणति भेदे मुखति मुख गतो अच् प्रथो ।

मसिन्धत्वच् f. (-त्वच्) The membrane surrounding the brain.

मस्य n. (-स्यः) 1. The watery part of curds, the whey. 2. Sour cream. E. मस् to weigh, Una'di aff. तृन् ।

मस्यलङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) The brain ; it also occurs मस्यलङ्गक ।

मह r. 1st and 10th cls. (महति मह्यति-ने) To revere, to worship, to adore. (ह) महि r. 1st cl. (महते) To grow or increase. r. 10th cl. (मह्यति) 1. To speak. 2. To shine.

मह m. (-हः) 1. A festival. 2. Light, lustre. 3. A buffalo. 4. Sacrifice, oblation f. (-हः) 1. A cow. 2. A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides) E. मह् to worship, aff. चञ् ; see महस and महि ।

महक m. (-कः) 1. An excellent man. 2. A tortoise. 3. A name of VISHN'U. E. मह् to worship, वृन् aff.

महङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Diffusive fragrance.

महतृ mfn. (-हान्-हतो-हन्) 1. Great, large, bulky. 2. Much, many. 3. Best, excellent, illustrious. 4. Loud. 5. Far advanced. 6. Long. 7. Intense. 8. Important. 9. Eminent, high. 10. Dense, thick. 11. Numerous. n. (-न्) 1. Kingdom, dominion. 2. The intellectual principle, the second principle in creation. 3. Sacred knowledge. 4. Infinity, greatness. Adv. Much, very, exceeding. f. (-ती) The Vina' or lute of NA'RAPA, containing seven or one hundred strings. 2. The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) m. (-हान्) 1. The second of the twenty five principles of creation according to Sa'nkhya philosophy. 2. A camel. 3. An epithet of Rudra E. मह् to worship, चति Una'di aff. In composition महा is generally substituted, आ being inserted in place of the final.

महतर mfn. (-रः-रा-रो-र) Greater, more. m. (-रः) 1. A man of the fourth, or servile tribe, a Su'dra. 2. The headman of a village. 3. A courtier. E. महत् great, and तरच् aff. of comparison, perhaps in derision, or in comparison with the mixed tribes. [of the abstract

महत्त्व n. (-त्त्वः) Greatness, either in bulk or rank. E. महत् great, त्व aff.

महदाश्चर्य n. Adv. (-यः) Very surprising. E. महत् and आश्चर्य surprising.

महदाश्रय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Dependent upon or attached to the great. E. महत् and आश्रय asylum.

महद्विज्ज n. (-जः) Either, heaven, Aka's. E. महत् great and विज्ज a variety.

महन m. (-न्) The head of a monastery.

महर्लोक m. (-लोकः) A division of the universe ; a region said to be one Crore or Yojanas above the polar star, and to be the abode of those saints who survive a destruction of the world. E. महस् sacrifice, लोक world.

महर्षि m. (-र्षिः) A Rishi or saint of a particular order, including VYA'SA and others. E. मह for महत् great, and ऋषि saint ; see राजर्षि ।

महत्तक m. (-कः) An eunuch employed in a Ha'rem. 2. A large house. f. (-हिका) Feeble. E. महत् said to mean the inner apart-

ments, probably an Arabic word, and कन् added : otherwise with ठक् added महत्तक m. (-कः) ।

महस् n. (-हः) 1. A festival, a sacred festival. 2. Light, lustre. 3. Greatness, vigour. 4. Sacrifice, oblation. E. मह् to worship, aff. चञ्चु । [ship, Una'di aff. चञ्चु ।

महस्य n. (-स्यः) 1. Knowledge. 2. Kind, sort, difference. E. मह् to wor- महाकच्छ m. (-च्छः) 1. The ocean. 2. The deity of the ocean VANUS'A. 3.

A mountain. E. महा great, and कच्छ a shore or bank.

महाकण्टकिनी f. (-नी) The Indian prickly pear, (Cactus Indicus.) E. महा great, कण्टक a thorn, इनि and डोष् affs. "कणिसन्सा ।"

महाकन्द m. (-न्दः) 1. Garlic. 2. A very large esculent root, a sort of yam. 3. A plant, (Hingtsa repens.) E. महा great and कन्द root

महाकपर्द m. (-र्दः) A species of shell.

महाकपिल्य m. (-प्यः) 1. A tree, (Figue marmelos.) 2. Red garlic. E. महा great, and कपिल्य wood-apple.

महाकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रो-र) 1. Large-handed, &c. 2. Having a large revenue. m. (-रः) A large hand, rent, &c. E. महा, and कर a hand.

महाकर्णिकार m. (-रः) A plant, (cassia fistula.) चारम्बक-खोदाल् इति भाषा । महाकला f. (-ला) The night of the new moon.

महाकवि m. (-विः) 1. An epithet of Sa'kra. 2. A classical poet.

महाकाय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Large, bulky, stout. m. (-यः) 1. A name of NANDI', the door-keeper and attendant of S'iva. 2. An elephant. E. महा large and काय body.

महाकाल m. (-कः) 1. A name or rather a form of S'iva, in his character of the destroying deity, being then represented of a black colour, and of aspect more or less terrific. 2. A name of NANDI', S'iva's porter and attendant. 3. The mango tree. f. (-नी) 1. The wife of the preceding deity, and a terrific form of DURGA'. 2. A goddess peculiar to the Jainas. 3. One of the Vidyā-de'vis of the same sect. E. महा great, excessively, काल black, or time ; in one capacity that of जगद्वचक the world-eater, S'iva or MAHA'KA'LA may be considered as a personification of time that destroys all things.

महाकाव्य n. (-व्यः) A regular and classical poem. E. महा great, and काव्य a poem ; the title is applied especially to five works ; the Kuma'ra Sambhava, and Raghu Van'sa of KALIDA'SA ; the Kirita'rjuna of BHAR'AMI ; the Naisadha of SMARASHA, and the Sisujala Badham of MA'GHA.

महाकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Eminent by birth, of good family or extraction. E. महा great, and कुल lineage. [family.

महाकुलीन mfn. (-नः-ना-ने) Of good family. E. महा great, and कुलीन of

महाकुप m. (-पः) A large or deep well. E. महा great, and कूप a well.

महाकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Of a good family. E. See महाकुल । \*

महाकृच्छ्र n. (-च्छ्रः) A great penance.

महाक्षीर m. (-रः) Sugar-cane. E. महा great, and क्षीर milk.

महाग mfn. (-गः-गा-ग) Great, prosperous. E. महा and ग who goes.

महागद m. (-दः) Fever. E. महा and गद sickness.

महागन्ध m. (-न्धः) A sort of cane growing near water, (Calamus fasciculatus, Rox.) f. (-न्धः) A name or form of DURGA'. n. (-न्धः) Gum myrrh. 2. A kind of Sandal-wood. E. महा great, and गन्ध smell.

महागिरि m. (-रिः) 1. Any large mountain. 2. A sacred personage peculiar to the Jainas. E. महा great and गिरि a mountain.

महागोव m. (-वः) A camel. E. महा great, and गोव a neck.

महागोविन् m. (-विः) A camel. E. महा large, गोव neck, इनि aff. [grass.

महाघास mfn. (-सः-सा-स) Abounding with grass or fodder. E. महा, घास

महाघूर्णो f. (-र्णो) Spirituous or vinous liquor. E. महा great, much, घूर्ण to roll, affs. चञ् and टाप् ।

महाक्षीर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Very formidable, terrific, horrible. m. (-रः) A division of Tartarus or hell. E. महा great, much, and क्षीर terrific.

महाक्षीर m. (-वः) A great noise, a loud sound. n. (-वः) A market, a fair. f. (-वा) 1. A plant, commonly called Karkatasringi or Crab's horn

described as a climbing and milky plant, and supposed to be the *Asclepias geminata*. 2. Gum olibanum tree. ३. महा great, वीच sound, &c.

महा मfn. (-हः-हो-हं) Bulky, big, large-bodied. m. (-हः) 1. A camel. 2. A kind of rat. 3. An epithet of S'IVA. ३. महा great, बड़ body. "मोहुरहये, रक्तचिह्नकचुदे च ।"

महाबल m. (-हः) 1. One of YAMA's attendants. 2. A very violent or passionate man. ३. महा great, much, बल hot, passionate.

महाकाश m. (-हः) The Indian fig-tree.

महाज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Illustrious, high-born. m. (-जः) A large goat. ३. महा great, and ज a goat, or ज born.

महाजन m. (-जः) 1. A virtuous or illustrious man, a great man. 2. A merchant, a trader. 3. The mob. ३. महा great, जन a man.

महाजम्बू f. (-जम्बूः) A plant, perhaps a kind of *Eugenia*. ३. महा great, and जम्बू the rose-apple.

महाजातीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Of an excellent sort or species. ३. महा great, जातीय of a species. [great, जाल a net.

महाजाली f. (-जाली) A plant, a sort of *Gho'sa*, with yellow flowers. ३. महा

महाज्वाला m. (-ज्वाः) Sacrificial fire. f. (-ज्वा) One of the *Vidyā-de'vi's* or goddesses peculiar to the Jain's. ३. महा great, ज्वाला flame, lustre.

महातमप्रभा f. (-भा) The lowermost division of *Naraka* or hell. ३. महा great, तम darkness, and प्रभा flame.

महातल m. (-हः) A plant, (*Euphorbia* of various kinds.) ३. महा large, and तल a tree. "कु-हीडचे" "मन्सा गाह्" इति भाषा ।

महातल n. (-ल) The fifth in descent of the seven *Pātālas* or regions under the earth, inhabited by various races of evil beings, as the *Nāgas*, *Asuras*, *Dāityas*, &c. ३. महा great, and तल depth.

महातारा f. (-रा) A goddess of the *Bauddh's*.

महातिक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Very bitter. m. (-क्तः) The large *Nimba* tree, (*Melia sempervirens*.) f. (-क्त) A plant, commonly *A'kana'di*. ३.

महा much, and तिक्त bitter. खतिक्तायां च "तिन्पलता" इति भाषा ।

महातीक्ष्ण mfn. (-क्ष्णः-क्ष्णा-क्ष्णं) Very sharp, (as flavour,) or literally, (as a weapon,) or figuratively, (as perception, &c.) f. (-क्ष्ण) The marking-nut plant. ३. महा great or much, तीक्ष्ण sharp, acrid, acute.

महातेजस् mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Very bright. 2. Very energetic or vigorous. m. (-जः) 1. A name of *Ka'rtikeya*. 2. *AGNI*, the deity of fire. 3. A hero, a demi-god. n. (-जः) Quicksilver. ३. महा great, and तेजस् light or glory, &c. [great, चात्मन् self, soul.

महातन्त्र mfn. (-न्त्रः-न्त्रा-न्त्रं) Liberal, lofty-minded, magnanimous. ३. महा महातन m. (-तनः) 1. An elephant with large tusks. 2. An elephant's tusk. ३. महा great, and तन tooth.

महादशा f. (-शा) The influence of a predominant planet. [wood.

महादारु m. (-रुः) A sort of pine, (*P. Devada'ru*.) ३. महा large, and दारु

महादण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A large military drum. ३. महा great, दण्ड a drum.

महादेव m. (-वः) S'IVA. f. (-वी) DURGĀ' the wife of S'IVA. ३. महा great, and देव god ; the epithet *Maha'* compounded with a substantive forms many appellatives of these deities especially ; thus S'IVA is *Mahāka'la*, *Mahāru'dra*, *Mahā'shwara*, &c. and DURGĀ' is named *Mahāvīdya*, *Mahāsmṛiti*, *Mahāmedha*, *Mahāmo'ha*, &c. &c.

महाद्रुम m. (-रुमः) The holy fig-tree, (*Ficus religiosa*.) ३. महा great, and द्रुम a tree.

महाधन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Rich, opulent. 2. Costly, precious, valuable. n. (-नं) 1. Any thing costly or precious. 2. Gold. 3. Incense. 4.

Costly raiment. 5. Agriculture. ३. महा great, धन wealth or price.

महाधातु m. (-धुः) Gold. ३. महा great, धातु mineral.

महानट m. (-टः) S'IVA. ३. महा great, and नट a dancer.

महानन्द m. (-न्दः) Eternal emancipation or beatitude. f. (-न्दा) 1. Wine. 2. Name of a particular river. ३. महा great, नानन्द happiness.

महानरक n. (-कः) One of the twenty-one hells or divisions of *Tartarus*. ३. महा and नरक hell.

महापल m. (-पः) A kind of reed. "हिवन्दी" [to DURGĀ'.

महापवनी f. (-नी) The ninth day of the first half of *A'shwina* sacred महापल mn. (-पः-पं) A kitchen. n. (-पः) A heavy carriage. ३. महा great, chief, पल rice or food, टप् added ; to which the food is conveyed to be dressed, &c.

महानाद m. (-दः) 1. A large black rainy cloud. 2. A loud sound. 3. An elephant. 4. A lion. 5. The ear. 6. A camel. 7. A conch-shell. n. (-दः) A musical instrument. ३. महा great and नाद noise or sound.

महानिद्रा f. (-द्रा) Death, dying. ३. महा great, निद्रा sleep.

महानिम्ब m. (-म्बः) A large kind of *Nimba* tree, (*Melia sempervirens*.) ३. महा great, and निम्ब the *Nimba*. "चोदनिम्ब" ]

महानिशा f. (-शा) Midnight. ३. महा great, and निशा night.

महानीच m. (-चः) A washerman. ३. महा great, much, and नीच vile.

महानील m. (-लः) 1. The emerald. 2. One of the *Nāgas*. 3. A plant, (*Verbesina scandens*, *Rox.*) ३. महा great, and नील blue.

महानुभाव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Magnanimous, liberal. m. (-वः) A gentleman. ३. महा great, अनुभाव disposition.

महानैमि m. (-मिः) A crow.

महापक्ष m. (-पक्षः) 1. A sort of duck. 2. An epithet of *GARUD'A*. f. (-पक्षी) An owl. ३. महा large, and पक्ष a side, a wing.

महापञ्चमूल n. (-मूलः) The great five roots ; they are as follows :—

"विषीऽपि मन्त्रः स्त्रीनाकः कायमर्त्यः पाटलातया ।

सर्वेषु मिलितैरेतैः स्यान्महापञ्चमूलकम् ॥"

महापञ्चविष n. (-विषः) The five great poisons ; they are as follows :—

"अङ्गी च कालकूटश्च सुलकी वसनाभकः ।

यक्ष्मकश्चेति यो गेहोऽयं महापञ्चविषाभिधः ॥"

महापथ m. (-थः) A potherb. "मालाकन्द" f. (-था) A kind of *Eugenia*. "महाजम्बूचे" । ३. महा large, पथ a leaf.

महापथ m. (-थः) 1. The principal path or entrance to a town or house, &c., a main road, a highway. 2. The end of life, the way of all flesh. 3. Name of certain precipices from which people used to throw themselves to obtain entrance into heaven. ३. महा chief, पथ road. [tals travel,) मग going.

महापथम m. (-मः) Dying. ३. महापथ the great way, (by which all mor-

महापद्म m. (-पद्मः) 1. One of the principal *Nāgas* or serpents of *Pātāla*. 2. One of *Ku've'ra's* *Nidhis* or treasures. 3. A large number, one hundred thousand millions. 4. A *Kinnara* or attendant on *Ku've'ra*. n. (-पद्म) The large white lotus. ३. महा great, and पद्म a lotus.

महापातक n. (-कः) 1. A crime of the highest degree, as killing a *Brahmana*, stealing gold from a priest, drinking spirits, adultery with the wife of a spiritual teacher, and associating with persons who have committed these offences. 2. Great crime in general. ३. महा great, पातक offence : see पञ्चमहापातक ।

महापातकित् m. (-कित्) An offender in the highest degree ; see the last. ३. महापातक great sin, and कित् aff.

महापाप n. (-प) 1. A sin of the highest kind . see महापातक. 2. Heinous crime, or sin in general. ३. महा excessive, and पाप sin.

महापासक m. (-कः) A religious mendicant.

महापुत्र m. (-त्रः) A great man. ३. महा and पुत्र a man.

महापुत्रचन्दना f. (-नः) A plant, (*Asparagus racemosa*.) "मन्त्राणाम् ।"

महापुष्पा f. (-ष्पा) A flower, (*Clitoria ternatea*.) "चपराजितायाम् ।"

महाप्रभ mfn. (-भः-भा-भं) Very bright, splendid. m. (-भः) Lamp-light, the light of a lamp. ३. महा much, प्रभा shining.

महाप्रभु m. (-भुः) 1. A holy man, a saint. 2. A king. 3. *INDRA*. 4. S'IVA. ३. महा chief, and प्रभु master.

महाप्रलय m. (-यः) 1. A destruction of the world, occurring after every period of 4,320,000,000 years. 2. A total destruction of the universe, happening after a period commensurate with the life of *BRAHMA*, or 100 years, each day of which is equal to the period first stated, and each night of which is of similar duration ; at



बृह the mango; bearing a superior sort of fruit; also similar compounds: as महाराज्य, महाराज्य, &c.

महाराज्य m. (-जः) A paramount sovereign, an emperor. ३. महाराज, महाराज chief sovereign.

महाराज्य m. (-जः) A kind of demi-god, of which there is a class of २२०. ३. महा great, राज splendour, aff. कच्; or महाराज the epithet of their chief, and कच् added.

महारात्र m. (-त्रः) Midnight. ३. महा great, and रात्र for रात्रि night.

महाराष्ट्र n. (-ष्ट्रः) A country in the west of India, that of the original Mahra'ttas. f. (-ष्ट्री) A dialect, Mahra'tta. ३. महा and राष्ट्र kingdom.

महाद्रव्य m. (-द्रव्यः) Resin. ३. महा chief, and द्रव form.

महाद्वय m. (-द्वयः) A drama, a play or dramatic poem. ३. महा chief, द्वय rhetorical composition.

महादीर्घ m. (-दीर्घः) One of the divisions of Tartarus, a hell. ३. महा great, दीर्घ a demon, aff. कच्।

महावे mfn. (-वे-वा-वः) Costly, precious, of great price or value. m. (-वेः) A sort of quail. ३. महा great, कच् cost.

महाधर m. (-धरः) The ocean. ३. महा great, धर the sea.

महाधर्म mfn. (-धर्म-धर्मा-धर्मः) १. Significant, meaning. २. Great, dignified. m. (-धर्मः) A principal object. ३. महा and धर्म sense or object.

महाई m. (-ईः) A plant, commonly Mahā-A'dā.

महाई mfn. (-ई-ई-ई) १. Costly, valuable. २. Very worthy. ३. महा and ई worthy.

महालक्ष्मी f. (-लक्ष्मीः) १. SARASWATĪ the wife of BRAHMA'. २. A young girl who personates DURGA' at the festival of that goddess. ३. महा great, and लक्ष्मी the goddess LAKSHMI'.

महालय m. (-लयः) १. God, the supreme being. २. A place of pilgrimage. ३. A tree, &c. sacred to a deity. ४. The Lo'ka or world of BRAHMA'. ५. A place of refuge, a sanctuary, an asylum. ६. A temple. ३. महा great, चालय asylum.

महालोध m. (-धः) A tree, the bark of which is used as an astringent, (Sympleos racemosa.) ३. महा great, लोध the Lo'dh tree.

महालोल m. (-लोलः) A crow. ३. महा great, and लोल moving.

महालोह n. (-हः) The load-stone. ३. महा great, chief, and लोह iron.

महावन n. (-नः) A large forest. ३. महा large, वन a wood.

महावप m. (-वपः) A plant and drug, commonly Mahā'mēda.

महावरा f. (-रा) Bent grass; see पूजा. ३. महा great, वर best.

महावराह m. (-हः) VISHN'U in his boar-incarnation. ३. महा, वराह a boar.

महावर्त्तन n. (-नः) Large pay or allowance. ३. महा and वर्त्तन maintaining.

महावल्ली f. (-वल्ली) A large and handsome creeping plant, (Gaertnera racemosa.) ३. महा great, and वल्ली pedicle. "माधवीलतायाम्।"

महावच m. (-वचः) The Gangetic porpoise. ३. महा large, वच who abides.

महावाक्य n. (-वाक्यः) १. Any continuous composition, any literary work. २. A long sentence. ३. A principal sentence.

महाविदेहा f. (-देहा) A certain condition of the mind, (in Yo'ga Phil.)

महाविद्या f. (-द्या) The name of the following ten goddess:—  
 "काली तारा महाविद्या वीर्यवी भुवनेश्वरी।  
 मेरुवी शिखरी च विद्या भूमावली तथा।  
 वमना विष्णुविद्या च सातवी कमलाकिता॥"

महाविमर्श f. (-वर्शः) A rule containing a general alternative.

महाविष्णु n. (-विष्णुः) १. Sky, heaven, atmosphere. २. A water jar. ३. The heart, the mind. ४. A cave, a hole. ३. महा great, and विष्णु a chasm.

महाविष्ट mfn. (-ष्ट-ष्ट-ष्ट) Endowed with great, or excellent qualities. ३. महा great, विष्ट endowed with.

महाविष m. (-विषः) A small venomous snake, supposed to be two-headed. ३. महा great, and विष venom.

महाविषुव n. (-विषुवः) The Sankrānti' or moment of the sun's entering ARIES; the vernal equinox, but varying several days from the European computation. ३. महा great, and विषुव equinox.

महावीच f. (-वीचः) One of the divisions of Tartarus. ३. महा, वीच a wave.

महावीच n. (-वीचः) The septum of the scrotum, and part of the perineum. ३. महा chief, वीच seed, वच added.

महावीर m. (-वीरः) १. GARUD'A the bird, and vehicle of VISHN'U. २. A hero. ३. A lion. ४. A white horse. ५. Sacrificial fire. ६. INDRA's thunderbolt. ७. A bird, a sort of hawk. ८. The Ko'kila or Indian cuckoo. ९. The last and most celebrated Jina or Jain's teacher of the present who age, is supposed to have flourished in the province of Behar, in the sixth century before the Christian era. १०. Sacrificial vessel. ११. VISHN'U. १२. Agni or fire. f. (-वीरः) A sort of drug, commonly Keshi'arakāko'li, and conceived to be the dried root of a species of lily. ३. महा great, and वीर hero.

महावीर्य m. (-वीर्यः) १. A Jina or Jain's saint. २. A name of BRAHMA'. f. (-वीर्यः) १. A name of SANJNYA' the wife of the sun. २. Wild-cotton. ३. महा great, and वीर्य essence. "वाराहीकन्दे च।" [वच a tree.

महावृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) Euphorbia, of several species; see वृक्षी ३. महा great, महावृक्षी f. (-वृक्षी) The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) ३. महा great, वृक्षी the egg-plant. "महावाचाक्याम्।" [great, वेग speed.

महावेग m. (-वेगः) १. A monkey. २. GARUD'A. ३. Great volocity. ३. महा महावाचि m. (-वाचिः) A virulent type of leprosy.

महाव्याहति f. (-हतिः) The three mystical words, Bhu'r, Bhuvah, and Swar, the essential part, with O'm and Gāyatrī' of the daily Brāhminical prayer. ३. महा great, and व्याहति a word.

महाव्रतम् m. (-व्रतः) १. A name of S'IVA. २. A devotee, an ascetic. ३. महा great, and व्रत religious penance or observance, and व्रति aff.

महाव्रीहि m. (-व्रीहिः) A large kind of rice. ३. महा large, and व्रीहि rice.

महाव्रतम् m. (-व्रतः) १. KA'RTIKE'YA, the martial deity of the Hindus. २. S'IVA. ३. महा great, व्रत power.

महावृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) १. A human bone. २. The forehead. ३. A thousand millions. ४. One of KURU'RA's Nidhis or treasures. ५. A great conch-shell. ३. महा great, वृक्ष a shell, a number, &c.

महावृष्ट m. (-वृष्टः) A kind of thorn-apple.

महाव्रय mfn. (-व्रय-व्रा-व्रयः) Magnanimous, liberal, munificent. m. (-व्रयः) १. The ocean. २. A gentleman, sir. ३. महा great, व्रय purpose or an abode. [couch.

महाव्रथा f. (-व्रथा) A throne, a regal seat. ३. महा great, and व्रथा bed or

महावृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A prawn or shrimp. ३. महा large, वृक्ष a scale.

महावृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A kind of potherb. ३. महा large, वृक्ष a potherb.

महावृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A great house-holder.

महावृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A fragrant sort of rice. ३. महा large, chief, वृक्ष rice.

महावृक्ष f. (-वृक्षः) A plant, (Asparagus racemosa.) ३. महा, वृक्ष cooling.

महावृक्ष f. (-वृक्षः) The pearl oyster. ३. महा great, &c. वृक्ष oyster.

महावृक्ष f. (-वृक्षः) The goddess SARASWATĪ. ३. महा very, वृक्ष white.

महावृक्ष n. (-वृक्षः) Silver. ३. महा much, and वृक्ष white.

महावृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) The cowherd. f. (-वृक्षः) The milk-woman, either the wife of a cowherd or a woman of that caste. ३. महा great, वृक्ष Su'dra.

महावृक्षान n. (-वृक्षानः) The holy city Benāres. ३. महा great, and वृक्षान cemetery; people going thither to die.

महावृक्षान f. (-वृक्षानः) A creeper, (Echites frutescens.) ३. महा large, वृक्ष black. "वृक्षानलतायाम्, कृष्णविष्णुप्रादये च।"

महावृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A Jaina or Budd'hā saint. ३. महा much, and वृक्ष labouring, (in devotion.)

महावृक्ष f. (-वृक्षः) १. A goddess peculiar to the Jainas. २. An epithet of LAKSHMI'. ३. महा great, and वृक्ष prosperity or the goddess.

महावृक्ष mfn. (-वृक्ष-वृक्ष-वृक्ष) Very white. f. (-वृक्षः) १. A name of SARASWATĪ. २. A white variety of the Convolvulus paniculatus. ३. Clayed or candied sugar. ४. A sort of Clitoria, (C. ternata, with white flowers.) ३. महा much, and वृक्ष white.

महावृक्ष mfn. (-वृक्ष-वृक्ष-वृक्ष) Good, virtuous, just. ३. महा and वृक्ष purity.

महावृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A name of KURU'RA; also महावृक्ष।

महावृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) १. A tree, (Pentaptera tomentosa.) २. The, jack

tree, (*Artocarpus integrifolia*.) ३. महा large, and स the Sa' tree.

महासह mfn. (-ह-ह-ह) Much-enduring. f. (-ह) 1. A Plant, (*Glycine debilis*.) 2. A flower, (*Gomphrena globosa*.) 3. A medicinal plant, (*Wrightea antidysenterica*.) ३. महा great, सह to bear, affs. चच् or चक् and टाप्.

महासातपन n. (-न) A sort of penance; subsisting for six successive days, respectively, on cow's urine, cowdung, milk, curds, Ghee, and water in which Ku'sa grass has been boiled, and fasting on the seventh day; instead of one day some authorities assign a period of three days to each, considering the first as the common Sánta-pana penance; others omit the two last periods, making it last fifteen days. ३. महा great, सातपन a penance.

महासार m. (-रः) A kind of Khadira.

महासाहस n. (-स) Excessive violence, brutal assault. ३. महा great, साहस violence.

महासाहसिक m. (-कः) 1. A robber, a plunderer, one who carries off property openly and by force. 2. An assaulter, a violator. ३. महासाहस violence, ठक् aff.

महासि m. (-सिः) A large scymitar or sword. ३. महा and सिसि a sword.

महासुख m. (-खः) A Buddha or Jaina saint. n. (-खं) Copulation. ३. महा great, and सुख happiness, pleasure. [very, सूख thin.

महान्त्र mfn. (-त्रः-त्रा-त्र) Subtile, fine, minute. f. (-त्रा) Sand. ३. महा महान्त्र m. (-त्रः) A military drum.

महासेन m. (-नः) 1. KARTIKĒ'YA. 2. A general, the commander of a large force. 3. The father of eighth Jina or Jain's saint of the present era. ३. महा great, सेना an army.

महाशूल m. (-शूलः) A camel. ३. महा and शूल shoulder.

महाशूलो f. (-शूलो) The earth. ३. महा great, शूलो heap.

महासायु m. (-युः) Any principal vessel of the body. ३. महा large, सायु a tubular vessel.

महाशब्द mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Loud-sounding. m. (-नः) 1. An instrument of martial music, a kind of drum or trumpet. 2. A loud sound. ३. महा great, and शब्द sound or noise.

महायुध m. (-युः) A great battle or war. ३. महा and युध war.

महाहास m. (-हसः) A hoarse laugh. ३. महा great, and हास laughter.

महाप्रला f. (-ला) Cowach, (*Carpopogon pruriens*.) "बालकुशी"

महि f. (-हिः) The earth. ३. मह् to worship, aff. हन्; more commonly मही q. v. [commonly महिका]

महिका f. (-का) Frost, mist. ३. मह् to worship, aff. हन्, fem. form; more महित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Proper, right. 2. Worshipped, revered, &c. n. (-तं) The trident of S'IVA. ३. मह् to worship, aff. क।

महिन n. (-नं) Kingdom, sovereignty. ३. मह् to worship or be worshipped, Unādi aff. हन्। [for carrying loads.

महिसृक् m. (-सृक्) 1. A rat. 2. An ichneumon. 3. The string of a pole

महिसृक् m. (-सृक्) 1. Greatness in general, literally, or figuratively. 2. Magnitude as one of S'IVA's attributes, illimitability. 3. Might, power, glory. 4. High rank. 5. The superhuman power of increasing in bulk at will, considered as one of the eight Siddhis. ३. महन् great, सृक् aff. of the abstract property.

महिर m. (-रः) The sun. ३. मह् to be worshipped, aff. हन्। "सकंठये च।"

महिषा f. (-षा) 1. A woman, a female. 2. A woman literally or figuratively intoxicated. 3. A plant bearing a fragrant seed, commonly Priyangu. 4. A perfume commonly Ren'uka. ३. मह् to worship or be worshipped, Upādi aff. हन्; also महसा and महसा।

महिषाश्व f. (-श्वः) A plant, commonly Priyangu. ३. महिषा a woman, and श्व affellation.

महिष m. (-षः) 1. A buffalo. 2. The emblem of one of the Jaina saints. 3. The emblem and vehicle of YAMA. 4. The name of an Asura or demon slain by DURGA. f. (-षी) 1. A female buffalo. 2. The

wife of a king, but especially the one who has been consecrated, crowned, a queen. 3. A drug. ३. मह् to worship or be worshipped, Unādi aff. टिप्, fem. aff. ङीप्।

महिवज्र m. (-जः) YAMA, the sovereign of hell, and judge of the dead ३. महिव a buffalo, and वज्र emblem.

महिवर्हिनी f. (-नी) The goddess DURGA. ३. महिव the ASURA named, and वर्हिनी destructress. [वाहन vehicle

महिववाहन m. (-नः) YAMA, the PLUTO of the Hindus. ३. महिव a buffalo

महिवच m. (-चः) A plant, supposed to be the Bdellium tree. ३. महिव a buffalo, and च eye. "गुग्गुलुभेदे, भनद्वरोने च।"

मही f. (-ही) 1. The earth. 2. A river, the Mahi which rises in the province of Ma'lwa, and after pursuing a westerly course of about 280 miles, falls into the upper part of the gulf of Cambay 3. A cow. 4. A potherb, (*Hingtsha repens*.) 5. The base of a plain figure, (in geometry.) ३. मह् to worship or be worshipped, aff. ह, and ङीप् added; also without the addition महि।

महीचिन्त m. (-चिन्त) A king, a sovereign. ३. मही the earth, and चि to rule, aff. ह्रिप् and तुक् final augment.

महीज m. (-जः) 1. The planet MARS. 2. A tree. n. (-जं) Wet ginger.

महीतल n. (-तल) The surface of the earth. ३. मही and तल below.

महीधर m. (-रः) A mountain. ३. मही and धर what holds.

महीध्र m. (-ध्रः) A mountain. ३. मही the earth, and ध्र to uphold, aff. क, and the vowel changed to र।

महीप m. (-पः) A king. ३. मही and प who protects.

महीपति m. (-तिः) A sovereign, a king. ३. मही and पति master.

महीपाल m. (-लः) A king. ३. मही, and पाल who protects.

महीप्राचीर n. (-रः) The ocean. ३. मही the earth, and प्राचीर a boundary; being supposed to surround the earth completely.

महीभर्तृ m. (-र्तृ) A king. ३. मही, and भर्तृ who cherishes.

महीभुज m. (-भुजः) A king. ३. मही and भुज who possesses. [मय् aff.

महीभय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Earthen, made of earth or clay. ३. मही earth,

महीयस् mfn. (-यस्-यसी-यः) Greatest, very great. ३. महन् great, ईयस् aff.

महीयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) To be worshipped, to be revered, to be treated with respect. ३. मह् to worship, मानच् aff., यक् inserted.

महीवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A tree. ३. मही the earth, and वृक्ष to grow, aff. क; also with ह्रिप् aff. महीवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः)।

महीवृत्ता f. (-वृत्ता) An earth-worm. ३. मही the earth, and वृत्ता a creeper.

महीसुत m. (-सुतः) The regent of the planet MARS. ३. मही the earth, and सुत son; said to have sprung from the soil, near Onjein, which was sprinkled with the perspiration from S'IVA's body.

महिच्छ mfn. (-च्छः-च्छा-च्छ) Liberal, magnanimous, high-minded. ३. महा great, and च्छा wise or design.

महिन्द्र m. (-न्द्रः) INDRA, the ruler of Swarga. 2. A range of mountains, one of the seven principal chains in Bha'rata-Barsha or India, and apparently the northern part of the Gha'ts of the peninsula. ३. महा chief, great, इन्द्र the deity.

महिन्द्रवती f. (-वती) Amara'vati the city of the immortals, and capital of INDRA. ३. महिन्द्र INDRA, and वती capital.

महिन्द्राची f. (-ची) The wife of INDRA. ३. महा great, and इन्द्राची the same.

महिरेखा f. (-खा) The Olibanum tree, (*Boswellia, thurifera*.) ३. महा great, ईर diffusion; or मह sacrifice, ईर to go to, to be used in, aff. क; also महिरेखा। "श्रद्धालोहो।"

महिषा f. (-षा) A woman. ३. मह a festival, इषा the earth or site; or मह् to worship, ह्रस्व Unādi aff., and the vowel irregularly changed.

महिषिका f. (-का) A woman. ३. क् added to the last.

महिष m. (-षः) S'IVA. ३. मह great, ईश lord or god. [मय् friend.

महिषवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) A fruit tree, (*Ægle marmelos*.) ३. महिष S'IVA, and

महिषर m. (-रः) S'IVA. f. (-री) 1. DURGA the wife of S'IVA. 2. Mixed or bell-metal. 3. A flower, (*Clitoria ternata*.) ३. महा great, and ईश God, fem. aff. ङीप्।

खरतया न. f. (-त) The Kharatoya river in the north of Bengal. **खरतया** *S'iva*, **खर** the hand and **तया** fallen.  
**खर** f. (-र) A large arrow. **खर** and **तया** an arrow. [who shoots.  
**खर** m. (-र) A warrior, a champion, an archer. **खर**, **तया**, and **खर**  
**खर** m. (-र) A large bull or ox. **खर** large, **तया** an ox, **तया** aff.  
**खर** f. (-तया) Lightning. **खर** great, (frequent.) **तया** opportunity,  
interval.  
**खर** n. (-र) 1. A lotus, (*Nymphaea nelumbo*.) 2. The Sa'rasa or  
Indian crane. **खर** large, chief, and **तया** a water-lily. [festival.  
**खर** m. (-र) 1. A great festival. 2. **का'मा**. **खर**, and **तया** a  
**खर** mfn. (-र-तया-तया) Persevering, diligent, making strenuous and  
unremitting exertion. m. (-र) 1. A king, possessing all the ap-  
pendages and powers of monarchy. 2. Diligence, effort, exertion.  
**खर** great, and **तया** effort.  
**खर** m. (-र) 1. The ocean. 2. **INDRA**. **खर** great, **तया** the sea.  
**खर** n. (-र) Kanouj, the ancient city and district. m. (-र) 1. Final  
beatitude, emancipation from vitality and absorption into the  
divine essence. 2. Prosperity, elevation, eminence. 3. Pride. 4.  
Abandoning, relinquishment. 5. A master, a lord. 6. Sour milk  
mixed with honey. **खर** great, **तया** rising, splendour, &c.  
**खर** mfn. (-र-तया-तया) Mighty, powerful. **खर** and **तया** great.  
**खर** mfn. (का-मा-तया) Diligent, persevering, making strenuous and  
unremitting effort. m. (-र) Great effort, energy, exertion. **खर**  
great, **तया** effort. [and **तया** high.  
**खर** mfn. (-र-तया-तया) Very high. m. (-र) The palmyra tree. **खर**  
**खर** m. (-र) 1. Intoxication, either literal or figurative, as with  
pride, passion, &c. 2. A sort of fish, commonly Phalui. **खर**  
much, **तया** intoxication.  
**खर** n. (-र) The root of a plant : see **तया**. m. (-र) 1. A sort of demi-  
god of the serpent genus, and forming one of the classes inhabit-  
ing Pa'ta'la, &c. 2. A large snake. **खर** great, and **तया** a snake.  
**खर** mfn. (-र-तया-तया) Very mighty or wonderful. m. (-र) A  
hero, a champion. n. (-र) Great might or power. **खर** great,  
and **तया** power.  
**खर** n. (-र) The discus of **VIŠṆU**. **खर** added to the last.  
**खर** n. (-र) 1. Garlic. 2. A plant commonly **Atáich**, (*Betula*.) 3.  
Long pepper. 4. A *panacea*. nf. (-र-तया) Dry ginger. f. (-र) A po-  
therb, (*Hingstha repens*.) **खर** great and **तया** a drug ; this  
word is of course applicable to a great number of plants and  
substances.  
**खर** f. (-र) 1. A sort of grass, commonly **Durba**. 2. A kind of  
sensitive plant, (*Mimosa pudica*.) "**खर** **तया** **तया**". **खर** large and  
**तया** a deciduous plant.  
**खर** 2d. cl. (नाच) r. 3d. cl. (मितीते) r. 4th cl. (नाचते) 1. To mete, to  
measure. 2. To be contained : with **तया** prefixed, to infer, to con-  
clude ; with **तया**, to resemble ; with **तया**, to measure ; with **तया**,  
to be evidence or authority ; with **तया**, to compare, to equalize.  
**खर** Ind. 1. A prohibitive and negative particle. 2. A particle imply-  
ing doubt. **खर** **तया** to measure, aff. **तया** ; this particle is chiefly  
prefixed to verbs, in the imperative mood, as **तया** do not do,  
(any act.) &c. ; it is also read sometimes, **तया** the final being  
redundant.  
**खर** f. (-र) 1. **LAKSHMI**. 2. A mother. 3. A measure. 4. An elephant.  
**खर** n. (-र) 1. Flesh. 2. The fleshy part of fruit. f. (-र) 1. Indian  
spikenard, (*Valeriana Jatámánsi*.) 2. A sort of drug, commonly  
**Ka'ko'li**. m. (-र) 1. Time. 2. A worm. **खर** to mind, **तया**  
aff., and the vowel made long by special rule.  
**खर** mfn. (-र-तया-तया) Fond of flesh. **खर**, **तया** to desire, **तया** aff.  
**खर** n. (-र) Blood. **खर** flesh, **तया** making, causing. [produced.  
**खर** n. (-र) Marrow or serum of the flesh, **adeps**. **खर** flesh, **तया**

**खर** n. (-र) The marrow of the flesh, meaning probably **adeps**.  
**खर** flesh, and **तया** lustre. [dividing.  
**खर** m. (-र) A plant, (*Andersonia rohitaka*.) **खर** flesh and  
**तया** m. (-र) The hair of the body.  
**खर** m. (-र) A species of sorrel, "**तया** **तया** !"  
**खर** mn. (-र-तया) A basket of flesh.  
**खर** n. (-र) A bone.  
**खर** f. (-र) 1. A muscle. 2. The fetus during its early formation  
**खर** mfn. (-र-तया-तया) Eating flesh, carnivorous. **खर** flesh, **तया**  
eating.  
**खर** mfn. (-र-तया-तया) Strong, stout, lusty. **खर** flesh, **तया** aff.  
**खर** m. (-र) Selling flesh or meat. **खर** and **तया** sale.  
**खर** m. (-र) 1. A vendor of the flesh or beasts or birds. 2. A.  
term of reproach, designating a mean or vile person. **खर** flesh  
**तया** who sells.  
**खर** mfn. (-र-तया-तया) Fleishy. **खर** flesh, &c. and **तया** possessing.  
**खर** m. (-र) **Adeps**, fat, the serum, &c., of the flesh. **खर** flesh,  
**तया** essence. [flesh, **तया** unguent  
**खर** m. (-र) **Adeps**, the serum or marrow of the flesh. **खर**  
**खर** f. (-र) Skin. **खर** flesh, **तया** a smile.  
**खर** m. (-र) A vendor of flesh or meat, whether of beasts or of  
birds. **खर** flesh, **तया** aff.  
**खर** m. (-र) The mango. f. (-र) 1. *Emblia myrobalan*. 2. Yellow  
sandal-wood. 3. The name of a city. **खर** beauty, and **तया** root.  
**खर** f. (-र) Belonging to the sea-monster **MAKARA**.  
**खर** f. (-र) Relating to the juice of flowers.  
**खर** m. (-र) 1. The chariotser of **INDRA**. 2. The moon.  
**खर** (र) **नाच** r. 1st cl. (नाचति) To desire.  
**नाच** n. (-र) 1. A mineral substance, of which two kinds are des-  
cribed ; the **खर** **नाच** or gold **Máks'hika**, of a bright yellow colour,  
apparently the common pyritic iron ore ; and the **खर** **नाच** or  
silver **Máks'hika**, which answers in appearance to the Hepatic py-  
rites of iron ; other names of these ores occur ; as **खर** **नाच** and  
**खर** **नाच**, or feoulent **Máks'hika** and mixed metal **Máks'hika**  
they are however, perhaps rather synonymes of the gold and  
silver ore, respectively, than names of distinct species. 2. Honey.  
**खर** **नाच** a bee, **तया** aff. of derivation ; the name is applied to the  
ore, from its honey-like colour.  
**नाच** n. (-र) Bee's wax. **खर** **नाच** honey, and **तया** born.  
**नाच** f. (-र) A kind of sugar, candied sugar. [receptacle.  
**नाच** n. (-र) 1. Bee's wax. 2. A honey-comb. **खर** **नाच** honey,  
**तया** mfn. (-र-तया-तया) Belonging to, or produced in the province of  
**Magad'ha** or south **Behar**. m. (-र) 1. A bard, a minstrel, whose  
duty it is, to recite the praises of sovereigns, their genealogy, and  
the deeds of their ancestors, in their presence ; and to attend on  
the march of an army, and animate the soldiers by martial songs ;  
the minstrel forms a particular caste, said to spring from a  
**Vaisya** father, and **Kshetriya** mother ; in mythology, they are  
said to have been created at once by the will of **S'iva** ; under the  
name of **Bhauts**, they are still numerous in the west of **Inda**  
where they are a privileged tribe. 2. Cumin-seed. m. Plu. (-र) The  
inhabitants or people of **Magad'ha**. f. (-र) 1. A kind of jas-  
mine. (*Jasminum auriculatum*.) 2. Long-pepper, (*Piper longum*.)  
3. A sort of cardamoms grown in **Guzerat**. 4. Refined sugar. 5. A  
dialect of **Sanskrit** : one of the principal forms of **Prákrita**, and  
nearly the same as that used in the sacred books of the **Baudd'has**  
and **Jainas** : in the drama it is the dialect of the attendants and  
companions of royal personages. **खर** **नाच** a **Kandwa'di** verb, to ask,  
(reward,) aff. **तया** ; or **तया** the country, and **तया** derivative aff.  
**नाच** m. (-र) 1. One of the months of the **Hindu** year, (**January**-**Fe-**

bruary.) 2. A poet, the author of the *Sis'upa'la* *Bad'ha* or as it is named after him the *Mágha Kávyā*, one of the great profane poems of Hindu literature. f. (-की) 1. A potherb, (*Hingstha repens*.) 2. The day of full-moon in the Month of *Mágha*. ३. मघा the asterism, in which the moon is full in this month, and चच् aff. माघमा f. (-मा) A female crab. माघ्य n. (-य) Many-flowered jasmine, (*Jasminum multiflorum* or *pube-soens*.) 'कुन्दपुष्प' ३. माघ the month *Ma'gha*, चच् aff. of derivation. माङ्गलिक mfn. (-क:-की-क) Propitious, tending to good fortune, wishing for it, indicating or portending it, &c. ३. मङ्गल and ठक् aff. माङ्गल्य n. (-ज) Welfare, propitiousness. ३. मङ्गल and चच् aff. माच m. (-च) A road, a way. माचल m. (-ल) 1. A robber, a bandit. 2. An alligator, a crocodile. 3. Sickness, disease. ३. मा fortune, wealth, चल् to go, (by such means.) and टक् aff. माचिका f. (-का) A fly. ३. मच्-चल्। माचिर Ind. Quickly, without delay. ३. मा prohibitive, and चिर long. माजल m. (-ज) A sort of bird. माज्जि mfn. (-ज:-जी-ज) Of a red colour. n. (-ज) Red, the colour. ३. मज्जि *Bengal madder*, used as a red dye, and चच् aff. माठ m. (-ठ) A road. f. (-ठी) An armour. माद्य m. (-य) A road. माटर m. (-र) 1. One of the sun's attendants. 2. The poet *Vya'sa*. 3. Name of a Muni. 4. A distiller. ३. मत् to reverence, चरन् *Una'di* aff., ठक् substituted for the radical final, and the vowel optionally long; also माठय्। माड् (-ज) माड् r. 1st cl. (माडिते) To measure, to weigh. माड m. (-ड) 1. Weight or quantity. 2. A species of tree. ३. माड् to weigh, चच् aff. माडि m. (-डि) A palace. माड्डक m. (-क) A drummer, a player on a sort of drum called *Mad'daka* or *Mad'du*. q. v. ३. मड्ड and चच् aff.; also with ठक् aff. माड्डकिक। माडि m. (-डि) 1. The germ of leaves, the young leaf before it opens. 2. Distress, affliction. 3. Evidence or declaration of distress. 4. A back or double tooth. 5. The hem or border of a garment. 6. Poverty, indigence. 7. Anger, passion. ३. मड् to worship, aff. क्तिन्; the final becomes ड, and the preceding vowel is made long. माच(न)क m. (-क) A small shrub, (*Arum Indicum*.) माचव m. (-व) 1. A child. 2. A man, (in a contemptuous sense,) a manikin. 3. A pearl-necklace of sixteen or twenty strings. ३. मन् a man, and चच् aff. माचवक m. (-क) 1. A child, a boy not exceeding sixteen years of age, a manikin. 2. A pupil, a scholar, a religious student. 3. A man, an ignorant or ridiculous man, a childish man. 4. A necklace of sixteen or twenty strings. 5. A species of the *Anushtubh* metre. ३. कन् added to the last. माचवीन mfn. (-न:-ना-न) Boyish, childish, fit or suitable for a child. ३. माचव as above, and खच् aff. माचव्य n. (-य) 1. A number of boys. 2. Boyhood. ३. माचव a boy, यत् aff. of property or multitude. माचिका f. (-का) A weight of eight Palas. माचिक्य n. (-क) A ruby. f. (-का) A house-lizard. ३. मचि a gem, कै to 'call, यत् or यच् added. [there. माचिक्य n. (-य) Rook-salt. ३. मचिक्य a mountain, चच् aff.; found माचिक्य n. (-य) Rook-salt. ३. मचिक्य a mountain, from which the salt is supposed to be produced, and चच् aff. माखलिक m. (-क) The ruler of a province. f. (-की) Ruling a province. मातङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) 1. An elephant. 2. A man of a degraded caste, a *Chandála*, an outcaste. 3. A sort of divine being attendant on a

*Jina*. 4. The sacred fig-tree, (*Ficus religiosa*.) 5. A mountainous a barbarian. 6. Any thing the best of its kind, (at the end of compound.) f. (-की) 1. The goddess *PA'RVATI*. 2. The wife of *Vas'ishta*. ३. मत्त a saint, an elephant, &c., and चच् aff. o descent or pleonastic aff. [पित father मातरपित m. Du. (-तरी) Parents, mother and father. ३. मात mother, and मातरिचन् m. (-चा) Air, wind. ३. मात space in the seventh case, in the heavens, चि to increase, *Una'di* aff. मनिन् [अ मातलि m. (-लि) The charioteer of *INDRA*. ३. मातल, and चच् patronymic. मातली f. (-ली) One of *DURGA*'s female companions. ३. माता from मात *DURGA*, and चाकी a friend. मातापित m. Du. (-तरी) Mother and father. ३. माता from मात a mother, and पित a father. मातामह m. (-ह) A maternal grandfather. f. (-जी) A maternal grand-mother. ३. मात a mother, डामहच् aff. in this sense. माति f. (-ति) 1. Measure. 2. Conception, idea. मातुल m. (-ज) 1. A maternal uncle. 2. Thorn-apple, (*Dhutura' metal*.) 3. A sort of grain. 4. A variegated snake. f. (-जा-ली or-जा-ली) 1. The wife of a maternal uncle, &c. 2. Hemp, (*Cannabis sativa*.) 3. Common Bengal *San*, a sort of *Crotolaria*, (*C. juncea*) f. (-जा-ली) Pulse of various kinds. ३. मात a mother, and डुलच् aff., fem. aff. टाप् or जीच् with मातुल् optionally inserted before the latter. मातुलपुत्रक m. (-क) 1. The son of maternal uncle. 2. The fruit of the *Dhutura*. ३. मातुल a maternal uncle, &c., and पुत्र son, with कन् pleonasm, or aff. of comparison; also similar compounds, as मातुलामज m. (-ज)। [snake. मातुलाहि m. (-हि) A variegated serpent. ३. मातुल the same, and चच् मातुलि m. (-लि) *INDRA*'s charioteer. [next. मातुलुक m. (-क) Common citron. f. (-का) The sweet lime. ३. See the मातुलुकक m. (-क) Common citron, (*Citrus medica*.) ३. मा prohibitive prefix, तुला a balance, मत् to go, खच् aff.; with the power of डित, and कन् added, not sold by weight; also without the additional prefix, मतुलुक। मात f. (-त) 1. A mother. 2. A divine mother, the personified energy of a deity or his wife; in a figurative sense, a mother to mortals; eight divine *Ma'tris* are enumerated, *BRA'HMÍ*, the *Ma'tri* of *BRAHMA*; *MAHE'SWARI*, the *Ma'tri* of *SIVA*; *VAISHNAVÍ*, of *VISHN'U*; *AINDRI*, of *INDRA*; *VA'RA'HI*, of *VISHN'U*, as the *Varáha Avata'r*; *KAUMA'RI*, of *KARTIKE'YA*; *KAUVERÍ* or *CHA'MUNDA* of *KUVE'RA*, and *CHARCHIKA* of *SIVA*, in one of his minor incarnations; another list calls them *MAHE'SWARI*, *BRA'HMÍ*, *NÁ'RA'YANI*, *AINDRI*, *VARA'HI*, *KAUMA'RI*, *NARASI'NHI*, and *APARA'JITA*, differing from the preceding one in the two last names, the first one of which, is the energy of *VISHN'U* in the *Narasinha Avata'r*, and the latter a form of *DURGA*; another enumeration makes the *Ma'tris* sixteen, and another but seven. 3. A cow. 4. A female of the *Brahmana* tribe, or the wife of a *Brahman*. 5. The earth. 6. A name of *LAKSHMI*. 7. A name of *Re'vati*. 8. Space, ether. ३. मात to respect, *Una'di* aff. डक्, and the final of the radical rejected. मातक mfn. (क:-का-क) Maternal, belonging to a mother. m. (-क) A maternal uncle. f. (-का) 1. A mother. 2. A nurse. 3. The alphabet employed in certain diagrams for magical purposes. 4. A simple sound, a note, a vowel. 5. A goddess. 6. A grand-mother. 7. Source, origin. ३. कन् added to the preceding. मातकच्छिद m. (-द) *PARASURA'MA*. ३. मात mother, क the head, and चि to cut, aff. क। [brother. मातकेष्ट m. (-ट) A mother's brother. ३. मात a mother, and चिष्ट a मातगच m. (-च) The assemblage of divine mothers. मातगचिनी f. (-नी) An unnatural mother. मातगचिन् m. (-नी) An incestuous son. ३. मात, and माचिन् who goes to



माथदीन mfn. (-नः-मा-न) Belonging to the mother's family. n. (-न) The mother's family. B. माथ, and दीन race.

माथदातृक m. (-कः) 1. INDRA. 2. A matricide. B. माथ a mother, Diti the mother of the gods, and दातृक destroyer, injurer.

माथदत्त mfn. (-नः-मा-त्त) Belonging or relating to the maternal line, or mother, &c. B. माथ, and दत्त side.

माथदत्त m. (-त्तः) The cognate relation by the mother's side, as any of the maternal grandfather's or grandmother's sister's or brother's children. B. माथ a mother, and दत्त a kinsman.

माथदीनौच mfn. (-नः-मा-च) Fit or proper to be possessed, &c. by the mother. B. माथ, भोग enjoyment, च aff. [cipal.]

माथमुख m. (-खः) A blockhead, a fool. B. माथ a mother, मुख prin-

माथमासित m. (-नः) A blockhead, a fool, B. माथ a mother and मासित governed, mother-led. [also, मातुःपुत्र or मातुःपुत्र.]

माथपुत्र f. (-सु) A mother's sister. B. माथ mother, and पुत्र a sister.

माथपुत्रस्य m. (-नः) A mother's sister's son. f. (-नी) A mother's sister's daughter. B. माथ a mother, पुत्र a sister, and न्य aff.

माथपुत्रस्य m. (-यः) A mother's sister's son. f. (-या) A mother's sister's daughter. B. माथपुत्र a maternal aunt, and न्य aff. ["वासक हवे"]

माथपुत्रि f. (-नी) A plant, (Justicia adhenatoda, and ganderussa.)

माथ n. (-न) 1. The whole, the entire thing or class of things. 2. (Adv.) Only, solely, (exclusive and identical, the very thing.) 3. The primitive subtle or invisible type of visible elementary matter. 4. A pleonastic addition to words. f. (-न) 1. Requisite, material. 2. Quantity, measure. 3. A little. 4. An ear-ring. 5. Wealth, substance. 6. A short vowel. 7. A moment. 8. Quantity in metre or prosody, a syllabic foot. 9. The upper or horizontal limb of the Na'gari' characters. B. मा to measure, Unádi aff. न्य, fem. aff. टाप्

माथक mfn. (-कः-मा-क) Mere, only, solely. B. कन् added to the last.

माथर mfn. (-रः-मा-र) Envious, or impatient of another's prosperity. B. मथर envy, च aff.

माथर्य n. (-यः) Envy, malice. B. मथर envious, and य aff.

माथर्य m. (-कः) A fisherman. B. मथर a fish, and र्य aff.

माथ (र) माथि r. 1st cl. (माथति) To hurt or kill, to afflict, to suffer pain.

माथ m. (-यः) 1. Churning, stirring. 2. A road. 3. Hurting, injuring, killing. B. माथ् to hurt, aff. चक् ; or मथ् to agitate, aff. चक्.

माथ m. (-दः) 1. Intoxication, literal or figurative. 2. Pride. 3. Joy, extasy. B. मथ् to be delighted or inebriated, and aff. चक्.

माथक m. (-कः) A gallinule. f. (-दिकर) 1. Intoxicating. 2. Gladdening. B. मथ् to delight, aff. चक्.

माथन n. (-न) 1. Cloves. 2. Delighting, inebriating. 3. Exhilaration. 4. Intoxication. m. (-नः) 1. Kā'mā. 2. The thorn apple. B. मथ् to be pleased, in the causal form, to please, &c., aff. छुट्।

माथम् mfn. (-हक्) Like me, resembling me. B. मा for मथम् I. हक् to see, aff. कित् ; also with चक् or कक्, aff. माथम् and माथम्।

माथी f. (-नी) The wife of PA'N'D'U, and mother of the youngest of the Pān'd'ava princes. B. मथ a king, चक् patronymic aff.

माथीपति m. (-तिः) A name of PA'N'D'U. B. माथी the wife of the sovereign, पति husband. [wife, पति husband.]

माथीपतिपति m. (-तिः) A name of PA'N'D'U. B. माथी, and पति his other

माथम् mfn. (-नः-मा-थ) Made of honey, &c. m. (-नः) 1. A name of KRISHN'A or VISHN'U. 2. The month Vaisākha. 3. Spring. 4. An epithet of PARASUR'MA. 5. INDRA. f. (-नी) 1. Sugar, clayed or candied. 2. A large creeper, (Gaertnera racemosa.) 3. Spirituous liquor. 4. A bawd. 5. A sort of dentifrice, commonly Misi. 6. Sacred basil. 7. A name of DURGA. n. (-न) Sweetness. B. मथ honey, &c. and चक् aff. of derivation or reference ; or मा-थम्।

माथम् m. (-नः) A spirituous liquor, made from the blossoms of the Bassia latifolia. f. (-दिकर) 1. A kind of creeper. 2. A female attendant. B. कन् added to the preceding.

माथरीक्षता f. (-ता) A large creeper bearing white fragrant flowers, (Gaertnera racemosa.) B. माथरी the same, and क्षता a creeper.

माथरी f. (-ता) A name of DURGA. B. माथरी, and रक्ष wished.

माथरी f. (-री) The alms obtained from five places by the third class of religious mendicants, gathering alms from door to door as a bee gathers honey from flower to flower. B. मथर a bee, चक् aff.

माथमत्त m. Plu. (-ताः) The people of Ka'shmir.

माथुर n. (-रः) Arabian jasmine or its flower. f. (-री) 1. Spirituous or vinous liquor. 2. Sweetness of temper, amiableness, B. मथुर sweet, &c., affs. चक् and जीक्।

माथुर्य n. (-यः) Sweetness of flavour or disposition. B. मथुर sweet, literally or figuratively, aff. चक्।

माथुर्य mfn. (-कः-मा-क) 1. Sweet-speaking or sounding. 2. Made from the Bassia tree. B. मथुर and चक् aff.

माथुर्य mfn. (-यः-मा-थ) Middle, mid, (day.) B. मथुर and चक् added.

माथुर्य mfn. (-नः-मा-न) Middle-born. B. मथुर the same, चक् pleonasm.

माथुर्य n. (-यः) 1. Middle state or condition. 2. Indifference to earthly objects. B. मथुर and चक् aff.

माथुर्य n. (-यः) Mediation, intercession. B. मथुर and चक् aff.

माथुर्य m. (-कः) Spirit distilled from the flowers of the Bassia. B. मथुर Bassia, चक् aff., and कन् added. [चक् and जीक् aff.]

माथुरी f. (-नी) 1. Spirituous liquor. 2. A sort of fish. B. मथुर sweet, q. v.

माथुरी n. (-नः) 1. Spirituous liquor, distilled from the blossoms of the Bassia latifolia. 2. Wine, spirit distilled from grapes. B. माथुरी as above, कन् added.

माथुर 1st cl. (माथुरते) To investigate, to seek or desire knowledge. r. 1st and 10th cls. (माथुरति-ते) To respect, to revere, to worship. With चक् or चक् prefixed, to treat with disrespect.

माथुर n. (-न) 1. Measure in general, whether of weight, length, or capacity. 2. A measure, the fourth or eighth part of a K'hari. 3. The computation of the duration of a year, solar, lunar, sydercal, &c. 4. Proof, demonstration. 5. Likeness. 6. Dimension, m. (-नः) 1. Arrogance, haughtiness, pride. 2. Female arrogance or indignation. 3. Taking, seizing. 4. A blockhead. 5. An agent. 6. A barbarian. 7. Honour. B. मा to measure, छुट् aff. ; or मथ् to revere, (one's self,) aff. चक्।

माथुर n. (-नः) A plant, of which the root is sometimes eaten, (Arum indicum.) f. (-दिकर) 1. The fourth or eighth part of a K'hari. 2. A kind of spirituous liquor. B. कन् added to the last.

माथुरल्ल m. (-ल्लः) A quarrel caused by jealousy.

माथुरल्लि f. (-लिः) Coolness, haughtiness, disdain. B. माथुर pride, and कलि quarrelling.

माथुरयि m. (-यिः) 1. Fault, transgression. 2. Pride, self-conceit. B. माथुर pride, and यि a kuot or joint. [what gives.]

माथुर mfn. (-दः-मा-द) 1. Inspiring pride. 2. Measuring. B. माथुर and द

माथुर m. (-नः) A measuring-rod.

माथुरानिका f. (-का) A cucumber.

माथुर m. (-न-मा) Honouring, paying respect. [चनीयर् aff.]

माथुरीय mfn. (-यः-मा-य) To be respected or revered. B. माथुर to respect,

माथुरीय f. (-यः) A perforated copper vessel filled with water, to mark the time, &c. : see ताबी. B. माथुर a measure, and रक्ष a hole.

माथुर m. (-नः) 1. A man, man. 2. A boy. f. (-नी) 1. A woman. 2. A goddess peculiar to the Jainas. 3. A daughter of the first MANU.

n. (-न) A particular fine. B. मथुर the progenitor of mankind, and चक् patronymic aff. : see माथुर and माथुरम्।

माथुरम् mfn. (-न-म-म-म) Proud, haughty, high & spirited. f. (-न-म-म) A woman angry from jealousy. B. माथुर and मथुरम् aff.

माथुरम् mfn. (-न-म-म-म) Humble, lowly. B. माथुर pride, and मथुरम् freed from.



सायव्य n. (-य्य) A multitude of boys. ३. सायव or सायव a boy, यत् aff. of multitude, more properly सायव्य ।

मानस mfn. (-सः-सा स) Mental. n. (-स) 1. The mind, the seat or faculty of reason and feeling. 2. The lake Ma'nsa, or Ma'nasaro'vara in the Hima'laya mountains. 3. (In law,) Tacit or implied consent. f. (-सी) 1. Mental, born from the mind. 2. A kind of salt. 3. A goddess peculiar to the Jain'as. ३. मनस् the mind, aff. चच् ; or मनस् BRAHMA', the supreme mind, चच् aff. of derivation, &c.

मानसल n. (-ल) Thoughtfulness. ३. ल added to the last.

मानसायय m. (-यः) A gander or wild swan. ३. मानस and सायय abode.

मानस्य n. (-स्य) 1. A chain of gold or silver, worn as an ornament round the loins. ३. A measuring-cord. ३. मान pride and स्य thread.

मानसोक्त m. (-क्तः) The wild swan or goose. ३. मानस the lake Ma'nasaro'vara, and सोक्त dwelling ; being supposed to migrate yearly from Hindusthan to the banks of the lake. [मानिल]

मानिता f. (-ता) Pride, dignity. ३. मानिन् and तन् aff. ; also with ल, मानिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) 1. Proud, arrogant, haughty. 2. (In composition,) Who thinks or fancies. f. (-निनी) 1. A woman, especially one displeased and indignant towards her lover. 2. A resolute woman. 3. A plant, commonly Priyangu. 4. A species of the Atisarkari' metre. m. (-नी) A lion. ३. मान pride, इनि aff.

मानुष mfn. (-षः-वा-वं) Human. m. (-वः) A man. f. (-वी) 1. A woman. 2. A branch of medicine, the administering of drugs and herbs. ३. मनुष a man, चच् aff.

मानुष्य n. (-ष्य) Manhood, manliness, humanity, the state or quality of man or mortal. ३. मनुष a man, यच् aff. [multitu le.

मानुष्यक n. (-क) A multitude of men. ३. मनुष्य a man, and यच् aff. of मनोयक n. (-क) Beauty, agreeableness, loveliness. ३. मनोय agreeable, and यच् aff.

मासिक m. (-कः) One who is conversant with spells or incantations.

मास्य n. (-स्य) 1. Sickness, indisposition. 2. Sluggishness, torpor, apathy, stupidity, &c. ३. मस्य slow, sluggish, and यच् aff.

मास्यह m. (-हः) A king fostered by INDRA. ३. मत् me, चाह drinker, from हे to drink ; having on one occasion sucked Amrita from the finger of INDRA, who then used the exclamation which afterwards was the name of the prince.

मास्य mfn. (-स्यः-वा-वं) Respectable. ३. मन् to respect, aff. यत् ।

मापय m. (-यः) A name of KA'MA.

मापन m. (-नः) A balance, a pair of scales. n. (-न) 1. Measure, measuring. 2. Making, forming. ३. मा to measure, causal form, aff. कृट् ।

मासक mfn. (-कः-मिका-की-क) 1. Mine. 2. Selfish. m. (-कः) 1. A miser, a niggard. 2. A mother's brother. ३. मसक mine, from मस the poss. case of चच् I, and चच् added.

मासकीन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Mine. ३. मस mine, यच् aff.

माय m. (-यः) 1. A mime, a juggler. 2. An Asura or evil spirit. f. (-या) 1. Fraud, trick, deceit, illusion. 2. A female juggler. 3. Understanding, human intellect. 4. Compassion. 5. Wickedness, villainy, villainous deception. 6. A name of LAKSHMI'. 7. Trick in negotiation, political fraud, diplomacy. 8. Philosophical illusion, idealism, unreality of all worldly existence ; personified in mythology as a female, the consort of BRAHMA' or God, and the immediate and active cause of creation. 9. The mother of BUDDHA. 10. The Pradhana of the Sankhyas. 11. Illusion which makes one see the supreme spirit and the universe to be two distinct realities, (in Vedānta Phil.) ३. मा to measure, Una'di aff. यत् ; the medium through which all things are seen, and by which they are estimated.

मायाकार m. (-रः) A juggler, a prime, an actor. ३. माया trick or delusion, कार who makes.

मायाकृत् m. (-कृत्) A juggler, ३. माया trick, and कृत् who practises.

मायाचक्ष mfn. (-चः-वा-वं) Illusive, deceptive. ३. माया and चक्षच् aff.

मायाजीविन् m. (-वी) A conjurer, a juggler. ३. माया trick, and जीविन् who lives by. [gives or makes.

मायाद m. (-दः) A crocodile, an alligator. ३. माया illusion, and द who

मायादेवोक्त m. (-क्तः) BUDDHA, the founder of the Bauddha sect. ३.

मायादेवी the goddess MA'YA' or illusion, and सुत son. [clever.

मायापटु mfn. (-टुः-टुः-टुः) Delusive, expert in deceiving. ३. माया, and टु

मायाप्रयोग m. (-यः) 1. Application of tricks. 2. Employment of magic

मायासय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Illusive, deceptive. ३. माया and सयट् aff.

मायावचन n. (-नः) A deceptive speech.

मायावत् mfn. (-वत्-वतो वत्) Deceptive, illusory. m. (-वान्) A name of KANSA. f. (-वती) the wife of KA'MA. ३. माया fraud, illusion, and मनुष poss. aff. [abide, aff. उच् ।

मायावसिक m. (-कः) A deceiver, a cheater, a liar. ३. माया fraud, चच् to

मायाविन् m. (-वी) 1. A juggler, a conjurer. 2. A cat. 3. A demon. n. (-वी) A gallnut. ३. माया trick, and विनि aff.

मायासुत m. (-तः) BUDDHA, the founder of the Bauddha sect. ३. माया the goddess so named, and सुत the son.

मायिक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Illusory, deceptive. m. (-कः) A juggler, a conjurer. ३. माया trick, and उच् aff.

मायिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Deceptive, illusory. m. (-यो) 1. A conjurer, a juggler. 2. A cheat, a deceiver. 3. SIVA. 4. AGNI. 5. BRAHMA'. 6. KA'MA or love. ३. माया fraud, &c., and इनि aff.

मायु m. (-युः) Bile, the bilious humour. ३. म् to scatter or diffuse, (through the body,) उच् Una'di aff.

मायुराज m. (-जः) The son of KURU'NA.

मायूर mfn. (-रः-री-र) Belonging to a peacock, made of its feathers, &c. n. (-र) A flock of peacocks. ३. मयूर a peacock, and चच् aff. of multitude, &c. [and उच् aff.

मायूरिक m. (-कः) A hunter or killer of peacocks. ३. मयूर a peacock,

मार m. (-रः) 1. Death, dying. 2. Killing, slaying, destroying. 3. Obstruction, opposition, impediment. 4. Thorn-apple, (Dhatura' metal.) 5. A name of KA'MA. 6. Love, passion. 7. The devil, the evil one, (in Budd'histic works.) f. (-री) 1. A name of CHANDI', a form of DUNGA'. 2. Plague, pestilence, epidemic. 3. Ruin. ३. म् to die, aff. चच् ; or in the causal form, with चच् aff.

मारक m. (-कः) 1. Epidemic disease, plague. 2. A falcon, a hawk. 3. A slayer, a destroyer. 4. The god of death. ३. म् to die, causal form, aff. उच्, यच् or चच् । [emerald, &c. ३. मरकत, चच् aff.

मारकत mfn. (-तः-तो-त) Relating to an emerald, of the colour of an मरजातक m. (-कः) A cat.

मारजित् m. (-जित्) A BUDDHA. ३. मार love and जित् who overcomes.

मारण n. (-ण) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. A magical ceremony for the purpose of destroying an enemy. 3. A kind of poison. ३. म् to die, causal form, to kill, aff. कृट् ।

मारात्मक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Murderous. ३. मार and आत्मक disposed to.

मारि f. (-रिः-री) 1. Killing. 2. Ruin. 3. Plague, epidemic. ३. म् to die, causal form, इ aff. : see मार and मारी ।

मारिषिक mfn. (-कः-की-क) Peppered, seasoned with pepper. ३. मरिष pepper, उच् aff.

मारित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Killed, slain. ३. म् to die, causal v., इ aff.

मारिव्यसवराक m. (-कः) The name of a royal saint. ३. मारि plague, वरुण calamity, वरुण stopping.

मारिच m. (-चः) A venerable person, (in dramatic language, especially the title of the manager, or principal actor.) mf. (-ची) A potherb, (Amaranthus oleraceus.) f. (-वी) The mother of the sage DAKṢA. ३. चच् to bear patiently, deriv. irr.

मारीच m. (-चः) 1. The name of a Ra'kshasa, the son of Sunda and Ta'daka'. He allured RA'MA away in the form of a golden deer and thus assisted RA'VANA in his design of carrying off SITA. 2. A

military or royal elephant. 3. A sort of berry, commonly Kak-ko'li. f. (-की) A goddess, peculiar to the Baud'dhas. n. (-च) A collection of pepper plants. n. मरीच a saint, &c. aff. चक् ।  
 मार्ग m. (-ः) 1. A serpent's egg. 2. A road. 3. A place spread with cow-dung ; some authorities have मारग ।  
 मार्ग m. (-तः) 1. Air, wind. 2. Vital air, one of the three humours of the body. 3. A demi-god, of whom there is a class consisting of forty-nine. 4. The trunk of an elephant. n. (-तः) 1. Burnt-offering on conception. 2. The constellation Svāti. n. मृ to die, (by excess of it,) छति aff., and the vowel made long ; the demi-gods, called Marutas, are said to be the sons of Diti, formed of the divisions of the foetus in utero, by the Bajra or thunder-bolt of INDRA, and to be named from that deity's addressing the foetus he thus divided by मारीदीः weep not.  
 मार्गवत n. (-तः) One of the duties of a king, his universal presence by means of his emissaries. n. मार्ग the wind, and व्रत observance, pervading all things like the wind. [son.  
 मार्गवत m. (-जः) HANUMA'NA the monkey-god. n. मार्ग air, मार्गवत mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Removing or opposing wind, windy humour, &c. m. (-वः) A plant, (Capparis trifoliata.) "वृक्षवृक्षे". n. मार्ग wind, or a disease of that humour, चक् removing, obviating.  
 मार्गवत mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Fasting, feeding on air. n. मार्ग the wind, and चक् who eats.  
 मार्ग m. (-तिः) 1. A name of HANUMA'NA. 2. The Pa'n'dava prince BHĪMA. n. मरुत wind, the deity, and चक् patronymic aff. ; the son of the wind.  
 मार्गवतिका f. (-का) A small black ant.  
 मार्ग m. (-ः) A Muni, and narrator of one of the Purān'as. n. मरुत the father of the saint, and चक् aff.  
 मार्गवत m. (-वः) MA'RKANDE'YA a holy sage, the supposed author or narrator of one of the Purān'as, named the Ma'rkande'ya Pura'n's. n. मरुत the father of the sage, and चक् aff.  
 मार्ग m. (-वः) A spreading shrub : see मरुत ।  
 मार्ग r. 1st and 10th cls. (मार्गति मार्गति-ते) 1. To make or prepare. 2. To go. 3. To prepare the way, to make a road. 4. To feather an arrow. 5. To beg. 6. To ask in marriage. (मार्गयति-ते) 1. To seek. 2. To go. 3. To adorn.  
 मार्ग m. (-ते) 1. A road, a path or way. 2. Search, seeking, inquiry. 3. The anus. 4. Musk. 5. A way, a means. 6. The path of a planet. 7. Mode, method, course, manner. 8. Style, diction. 9. The month in which the moon is full in the asterism Mrigas'irsha, (November-December.) 10. The constellation Mrigas'irsha. 11. (In geometry,) A section. n. मृ to inquire, aff. चक् ; or मृज् to clean, aff. चक् ।  
 मार्ग m. (-वः) The month Agrahāyan'a, (November-December.) n. मृ added to the preceding.  
 मार्ग mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Mendicant, asking, begging, a beggar. n. (-वः) 1. Asking, soliciting, begging. 2. Research, inquiry. 3. Affection, affectionate solicitation or inquiry. m. (-वः) 1. An arrow. 2. A suppliant, a solicitor. 3. The number "five." n. मार्ग to ask, to seek, aff. चट् ।  
 मार्गवत m. (-वः) A suppliant, a beggar. n. मृ added to the preceding.  
 मार्गवत n. (-वः) An arch-erected over a road.  
 मार्गवत m. (-वः) A Yojana, a measure of distance equal to 4,000 fathoms or four Ko's, above eight miles. n. मार्ग a road, चट् a milch cow ; also with चक् added, मार्गवतुक् n. (-वः) । [va female.  
 मार्गव m. (-वः) A man of a low caste, born of a Nishada by an Ayoga-  
 मार्गव m. (-वः) The month Agrahāyan'a, (November-December.) n. मरुत the asterism in which the moon is full, and चक् aff. ; also from मरुत with चक् aff. मार्गव ।

मार्गव m. (-वः) The month Mārgas'irsha : see the last.  
 मार्ग m. (-वः) 1. A deer-killer, a hunter. 2. A traveller, a way-farer. n. मरुत a deer, or मार्ग a road, चक् aff. [for, aff. च ।  
 मार्ग mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Sought, inquired after, pursued. n. मार्ग to seek मार्ग mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. To be cleaned or purified. 2. To be sought. n. चक् to cleanse, aff. चक् ; or मार्ग to seek, चक् aff.  
 मार्ग r. 1st cl. (मार्गयति-ते) 1. To sound. 2. To cleanse.  
 मार्ग m. (-जः) 1. Cleaning the body. 2. A washerman. 3. A name of VISHN'U. n. चक् to cleanse, aff. चक् ।  
 मार्ग u. (-न-नी) 1. Cleaning, cleansing, wiping. 2. Cleaning the person, by wiping, bathing, or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents. m. (-नः) A tree, commonly Lod'h. f. (-ना) The sound of a drum. f. (-नी) 1. A brush, a broom. 2. One of Durgā's attendants. n. मृज् to clean, aff. युक् or चट् ; or मार्ग to sound, with the same aff.  
 मार्गव mfn. (-वः-वा-व) To be cleaned, to be cleansed or purified. n. चक् to cleanse, चनोय् aff.  
 मार्ग m. (-रः-री) 1. The common cat. 2. The wild or pole-cat. f. (-री) 1. A female cat. 2. Musk. n. चक् to cleanse, (its skin and face,) चक् aff., and the vowel made long ; also read मार्ग ।  
 मार्गव m. (-वः) 1. A cat. 2. A peacock. n. मार्ग a cat, and चक् aff. to the last.  
 मार्गव m. (-वः) A peacock, perhaps a wrong reading for the last.  
 मार्गव m. (-वः) A particular mode of sexual enjoyment.  
 मार्गवतिका f. (-का) A goddess, a form of Durgā. n. मार्ग a cat, चक् the ear, चक् aff. fem. form ; also मार्गवतिका having the ears of a cat. मार्गवतिका f. (-का) A sort of pulse, (Phaseolus trilobus.) "चट्चटिका" n. मार्ग a cat, मृज् smell, चक् aff. of comparison ; also मार्गवतिका ।  
 मार्गवतिका m. (-वः-वा-व) 1. A cat. 2. A S'udra : see मार्गवतिका ।  
 मार्गव m. (-वः) A cat. n. See मार्ग, the final being changed to च ।  
 मार्गव m. (-वः) 1. A cat. 2. A S'udra. 3. Cleaning the body. n. मृज् to clean, and चक् Unā'di aff. ; it is also written मार्गव, from the र and च being interchanged ; or as derived from मार्ग, with च aff.  
 मार्ग mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Cleansed. 2. Adorned. 3. Swept, brushed. n. मार्ग to clean, चक् aff. [fem. aff. टाप् ।  
 मार्गिता f. (-ता) Ourds with honey and spices. n. मार्ग to clean, aff. चक्, मार्ग m. (-वः) 1. The sun. 2. A hog. 3. The Arka plant. 4. The number "twelve." n. मरुत the progenitor of the sun, aff. चक् ; or मरुत चक् भवः चक् मरुत ; also sometimes मार्ग ।  
 मार्ग mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Earthen, made of clay or earth. m. (-वः) The lid of a pot or pitcher. n. (-वः) A potsherd. n. मरुत earth, चक् aff.  
 मार्ग n. (-तः) Morality.  
 मार्ग n. (-वः) A town, a city. m. (-वः) A drummer. n. मरुत a drum, (played in or by,) चक् aff. [and चक् aff.  
 मार्गव m. (-वः) A drummer, a player on the drum. n. मरुत a drum, मार्ग n. (-वः) 1. Softness. 2. Gentleness, leniency. n. चट् soft, aff. चक् ।  
 मार्गव m. (-वः) A man of low caste and occupation.  
 मार्गव mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Made of or from grapes. n. (-वः) Wine. n. मरुत a grape, चक् aff.  
 मार्ग m. (-वः) 1. A venerable or respectable man, (in dramatic language.) 2. A potherb. "तच्छुद्धीयवाचि". n. चक् to suffer, aff. चक् ; also मार्ग ।  
 मार्ग f. (-तिः) 1. Cleaning the person, bathing, wiping, smearing it with unguents or oil. 2. Cleaning, cleansing in general. n. चक् to cleanse, aff. चक् ।  
 मार्ग n. (-वः) 1. A field. 2. Rising round. 3. Fraud, deceit. m. (-वः) 1. A man. 2. A mountain, a barbarian, one of a particular tribe. 3. A country, lying west and south-west of Bengal ; Ramghur, &c., or according to WILSON, Malbhūm in Midnapur. 4. A name of VISHN'U. f. (-वा) 1. A line, a row. 2. A gar

land, a string or wreath of flowers. 8. A chaplet of flowers. 4. A string of beads, a rosary. 5. (In rhetorical or poetical description,) a series or string of epithets, smiles, &c. ३. मा fortune, मा to get or be, affs. चङ् and टाप्; or मा to measure, Unádi aff. र, and र changed to ल; or मल-संज्ञावा कर्षरि चङ् ।

मालक म. (-कः) 1. The Nimba tree, (*Melia azadiracta*.) 2. A vessel made of cocoanut-shell. n. (-कं) A flower, (*Hibiscus mutabilis*.) f. (-का) A garland. ३. माला a garland, कन् aff. and the final of the fem. rejected; also in the fem. form, मालाका and मालिका q. v.

मालचक्र n. (-कं) The hip-joint.

मालती f. (-ती) 1. Great-flowered jasmine, (*Jasminum grandiflorum*.) 2. A bud, a blossom. 3. A young woman. 4. Moon-light. 5. Night. 6. A particular river. 7. A flower, (*Bignonia suave olens*.) 8. A shrub, (*Echites caryophyllata*.) 9. A species of the Jagati' metre. ३. मा LAKSHMI', जत a Sautra root, to shake, affs. चङ् and डीप्; or मङ् to hold, चतच् aff.; or माल VISHN'U, चङ् to go, (to be presented to,) affs. चङ् and डीप् । [duced. "टङ्चे" ।

मालतीतीरज m. (-जः) Borax. ३. मालती the river, तीर the band, ज प्र-मालतीपत्रिका f. (-का) The shell of a nut-meg. "जेनी" ।

मालतीफल n. (-लं) Nutmeg.

मालय n. (-यं) Sandal, the unguent prepared from it. ३. मलय the mountain whence the wood is brought, and चङ् aff.

मालव m. (-वः) 1. The province of Ma'lwa'. 2. Name of a musical mode. m. plu. (-वाः) The people of that province; also with चा pleonasm मालव्य, fem. मालवी । [Teori: see विहङ् ।

मालविका f. (-का) A plant of valuable purgative properties, commonly मालवी f. (-वी) A plant, commonly Ke'shapusta.

मालाका f. (-का) A garland, a wreath. ३. माला the same, कन् pleonasm.

मालाकार m. (-रः) A flower-seller, a florist, a gardener. ३. माला a garland, and कार who makes; also, मालाकन्, &c.

मालादण्डक m. (-कः) A fragrant grass, (*Andropogon schoepanthus*.) ३. माला a wreath, दण्ड grass, and कन् added.

मालादीपक n. (-कं) In rhetoric, affinity of various objects, by a common property. ३. माला, and दीपक illustrating.

मालाफल n. (-लं) The seed of the Eleocarpus, of which common rosaries are made. ३. माला a rosary, and फल fruit. "हृदावे ।"

मालिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Relating to a garland, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A florist, a flower-gatherer or seller. 2. A sort of bird. 3. A colorist, a painter. f. (-का) 1. Double jasmine, (*Jasminum sambac*, floribus multiplicatis.) 2. A daughter. 3. A necklace, any ornament of the neck. 4. A garland of flowers, a wreath. 5. The name of a river. 6. A spirituous or vinous liquor. 7. Linseed, (*Linum utilitissimum*.) 8. A palace. 9. A row, a series. ३. माला a garland, टङ् aff., or कन् added, fem. form.

मालिन् m. (-ली) A florist, a gatherer and vendor of flowers, a gardener. f. (-लिनी) 1. A name of Uma' or Durga'. 2. The Ganges of heaven. 3. The city Champá, the modern Bhágalpur. 4. A poetical stanza, consisting of alternate verses or hemistichs of eight and seven syllables; it is especially used to conclude a section or canto. 5. The wife of a flower-gatherer, or a female vendor of garlands, &c. 6. A plant, (*Hedysarum alhagi*.) 7. A shrub, (*Echites caryophyllata*.) 8. A girl seventeen years old personating Durga' at the festival of that goddess. f. (-नी) Adj. 1. Wearing a garland. 2. Encircled by. ३. माला a garland, रणि aff., fem. aff. डीप् ।

मालिन्य n. (-न्यं) 1. Foulness, dirtiness, impurity. 2. Blackness. 3. Sinfulness. 4. Trouble, affliction.

मालु m. (-लुः) 1. A woman. 2. A sort of creeper. "पातुलता". ३. मङ् to hold, Unádi aff. चङ् ।

मालुषाण m. (-णः) 1. A variegated snake. 2. A kind of serpent. "मालुषा-हाप्" f. (-नी) A sort or creeper. ३. मालु a creeper, षाण having.

माकूर m. (-रः) 1. A fruit tree, (*Ægle marmelos*.) 2. The Kapitha tree. ३. मा fortune, कृ to cut, रङ् aff., form irr.

मासिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Relating to a garland, &c. f. (-या) Large cardamoms. ३. माला, and टङ् aff.

मास्य mfn. (-स्यः-सा-स्यं) Proper or fit for a garland, &c. n. (-स्य) 1. A flower. 2. A garland, a wreath. 3. A chaplet, a garland for the forehead. f. (-सा) A sort of grass, (*Trigonella corniculata*.) ३. माला a garland, and यङ् aff.

मास्यवत् m. (-वान्) 1. A mountainous range, described as one of the smaller mountains of India proper; lying eastward of mount Me'ru. 2. An epithet of the maternal grand uncle of Ra'vana. LANKA' was originally built for him; but it was deserted by him and occupied by Kuv'e'sa. Ra'vana recovered it from the latter and Ma'lyabat returned with his relations to live with Ra'vana as his minister. f. (-वती) Name of a river. ३. माला a wreath, and मनुप् aff.

मास्य m. (-स्यः) Name of a mixed tribe.

मास्यवी f. (-वी) A wrestling or boxing match.

मास्यविक्रम mfn. (-कः-वी-कं) Prohibitive, prohibiting, a prohibitor, a forbidding. ३. मा particle of negation or prohibition, मङ् a sound, a word, टङ् aff.; mplying the person or thing whence it proceeds.

मास्य m. (-यः) 1. A sort of kidney-bean, (*Phaseolus radiatus*.) "मास्यवत्" 2. A jeweller's or goldsmith's weight, variously reckoned at five, eight, or ten Rattis, or seeds of the Abrus precatorius; the weight in common use, is about seventeen grains troy. 3. A blockhead, a fool. 4. A cutaneous disease. ३. मङ् to hurt, aff. चङ् ।

मास्यक m. (-कः) 1. A weight of silver of two Rattis or about 4½ grains. 2. The same in gold. 3. A Ma'sha; see the last. ३. कङ् added to the preceding.

मास्यपत्रावी f. (-वी) A kind of leguminous shrub, (*Glycine debilis*.) "मास्यवी" ३. मास्य the kidney-bean, पत्रा a leaf, aff. डीप्, resembling it in the leaf; also मास्यपत्रा । [इङ् to increase, aff. चङ् ।

मास्यवैक m. (-कः) A goldsmith, a jeweller. ३. मास्य the weight so called, मास्यवत् Ind. Ma'sha by Ma'sha, (given away, &c.) ३. मास्य a particular weight, and ष्वि aff. of successive order.

मास्यव्य n. (-व्यं) Beans cooked with ghee.

मासाद m. (-दः) A tortoise.

मासास m. (-सः) A horse.

मासिक f. (-की) Adj. Worth one Ma'sha.

मासीय n. (-यं) A field of kidney-beans. ३. मास्य as above, मङ् aff.

मास्य n. (-स्यं) A field of kidney-beans. ३. मास्य as above, and यङ् aff.

मास्य m. (-साः) 1. The moon. 2. A month. ३. मा splendour, light, चङ् to throw, क्तिप् aff.; or मा to measure, चङ् aff.

मास्य m. (-सः) 1. A month, the twelfth part of the Hindu year; it is usually a lunar one, consisting of thirty Tithis, but it may be a Saura or solar month, being equal to the sun's passage through a sign of the zodiac; there is also a Savan month, consisting of thirty risings and settings of the sun; a Na'kshatra month, or month regulated by the lunar asterisms, and a fifth description of month called Va'rhaspatya, depending on the motions of the planet JUPITER; the lunar month also, being of two kinds, as reckoned from the new or from the full moon, completes six different modes of monthly computation. 2. A jeweller's weight: see मास्य. ३. मास्य the moon, aff. चङ्; or मङ् to measure, (the year by it,) aff. चङ् ।

मास्यवत् mfn. (-वः-ता-वत्) A month old. ३. मास्य, and जात born.

मास्य m. (-स्यः) A gallinule. ३. मास्य a month, and ज्ञ who knows.

मास्य n. (-नः) A medicinal seed, (*Serratula anthelmintica*.) "सीनराज ।"

मास्यप्रसित m. (-सः) New-moon. ३. मास्य, and प्रसित measured, (by.)

मास्यमास्य m. (-मः) A year, ३. मास्य a month, and मास्य measure. }

मिच्छ m. (-रः) The agum of boiled-rice. म. मच्छ to measure, aff. चरच्, and the vowel made long.  
 मिच्छिका f. (-का) A kind of bird. म. मास a month, इत् to be, aff. बुन् ।  
 मिच्छा m. (-नः) Day of new-moon. म. मास the month, and चन end.  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-की-क) 1. Monthly, relating or belonging to a month. 2. Payable in a month, (a debt, &c.) 3. Hired by the month, (a servant.) 4. Lasting for a month. 5. Happening or occurring at the end of a month, what will occur a month hence, &c. n. (-क) A particular Shra'd'd'ha, or obsequial sacrifice performed every day of new-moon, during the first year of the death of a man. म. मास a month, and उक् or उक् aff.  
 मिच्छा mfn. (-नः-मा-म) Of a month, a month old. म. मास, and खच् aff.  
 मिच्छी f. (-री) The beard. म. मच्छ to measure, aff. चरच्, form irr.  
 मिच्छ Ind. A prohibitive particle. म. मा prohibitive, and ख termination added; or मच्छ-विच्-मां मच् । [यत् aff.]  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-मा-म) Of or lasting a month, a month old. म. मास, र (उ, or ख) मासु or मासु r. 1st cl. (मासति-ने) To mete, to measure.  
 मिच्छ m. (-नः) A Bra'hmana. म. मा prohibitive prefix, इच् to kill, aff. चच्, radical letters unohanged. [टाप् ।]  
 मिच्छा f. (-वा) A cow. म. मा prohibitive prefix, इच् to kill, affa. च and मिच्छा mfn. (-नः-की-क) Of a respectable family. म. मच्छाकुल of respectable lineage, and चच् aff. of descent; also with खच् aff., माच्छा-कुलीन, or with ख मच्छाकुलीन ।  
 मिच्छा mfn. (-नः-की-क) Fit for or suitable to great persons, &c. म. मच्छाजन, and उक् aff.  
 मिच्छा mfn. (-नः-की-क) 1. Glorious, majestic. 2. Magnanimous. 3. Of great sanctity or honour. म. मच्छाजन, and उक् aff.  
 मिच्छा n. (-की) 1. Majesty, greatness, might. 2. The peculiar efficacy or virtue of any divinity or sacred shrine, &c. 3. A work, giving an account of the merits of any holy place or object. म. मच्छाजन great, चच् aff.  
 मिच्छा m. (-नः) A Bra'hmana versed in a peculiar portion of the Vedas. म. मच्छाजी a portion of the Vedas so called, and उक् aff.; also with the final dropped, माच्छाजनिक । [मच्छाजन, उक् aff.]  
 मिच्छा mfn. (-नः-की-क) Imperial, royal, fit for a king, &c. म.  
 मिच्छ n. (-नः) Kingdom, dominion. म. मिच्छ the same, चच् pleonasm.  
 मिच्छ m. (-रः) A same of INDRA.  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-की-क) Belonging to or derived from a buffalo, (flesh, milk, &c.) म. मिच्छ, and चच् aff.  
 मिच्छ m. (-कः) A buffalo-keeper.  
 मिच्छ m. (-कः) 1. A buffalo-keeper. 2. The paramour of an unchaste woman. 3. One who lives by the prostitution of his wife.  
 मिच्छ m. (-नः) A man of a mixed class, sprung from a Kshetriya father and Vais'ya mother. म. मिच्छ a buffalo, and यत् aff., with चच् added; attendance on cattle forming with the practice of astronomy and music, are the business of the Ma'hishya.  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-मा-म) Relating to or belonging to INDRA, fit or proper for, (as an oblation to him, &c.) f. (-नी) 1. The wife of INDRA. 2. A cow. 3. The east. म. मच्छेन्द्र the deity, and चच् aff.; also with च, माच्छेन्द्र, &c.  
 मिच्छ mfn. (-नः-मा-म) Earthen, made of or from earth. m. (-नः) 1. Coral. 2. The planet Mars. f. (-नी) A cow. म. मच्छी the earth, उक् aff.  
 मिच्छी f. (-री) 1. A name of DURGA'. 2. One of the divine mothers or energies of the gods, the Sakti' of S'IVA. म. मच्छेवर S'IVA, चच्, and कीच् affa.  
 मिच्छ र. 5th cl. (मिच्छति-ने) 1. To cast, to throw, to throw about, to scatter. 2. To measure. 3. To perceive. (This root is not used in classical.) [obstruct, to hinder.]  
 मिच्छ र. 6th cl. (मिच्छति) 1. To pain, to inflict pain or distress. 2. To

मित mfn. (-नः-मा-म) 1. Measured. 2. Moderate, limited, few or little. 3. Known, understood. 4. Examined. 5. Scattered, sprinkled. म. मा to mete, or मि to scatter, aff. क्, form irr.  
 मितम mfn. (-नः-मा-म) Going deliberately or slowly. m. (-नः) An elephant. f. (-ना) A she-elephant. म. मित measured, मच् to go, aff. लच् । [go, Unadi aff. क् ।]  
 मितम् m. (-द्रः) The ocean. म. मित what is measured, (the earth,) द्रु to मितम् mfn. (-मुक्) Moderate, temperate. म. मित, मुच् who eats, &c.  
 मितम mfn. (-नः-मा-म) 1. Miserly, niggardly, a niggard, a miser. 2. Cooking little. म. मित measured, (food,) and पच् who cooks, from पच् with खच् aff. [and पाच् speech.]  
 मितवाच mfn. (-वाक्) Prudent in speaking, of measured speech. म. मित, मितार्थ mfn. (-र्थः-मा-म) Of certain or restricted meaning. m. (-र्थः) A cautious emissary. म. मित, and चर्थ sense.  
 मितम mfn. (-नः-मा-म) Abstemious, moderate in diet, eating little and sparingly. म. मित measured, and चमन who eats.  
 मितार्थ Adj. 1. Short, brief. 2. Metrical.  
 मिति f. (-तिः) 1. Measuring, measure. 2. Weighing, weight. 3. Value. 4. Knowledge. 5. Proof, evidence. म. मा to measure, aff. क् ।  
 मित्र n. (-त्रः) 1. A friend. 2. An ally; in this form it is always neuter; but it is convertible into an attributive, and is then of three genders, (मित्रः-मित्रा-मित्रं) Friendly, a friend. m. (-त्रः) 1. The sun. 2. The name of a Vēdic deity. f. (-त्रा) One of the wives of DASA-RATNA, the mother of SATRUGHNA. म. मिद्र to be affectionate, aff. क्; hence more properly मित्र ।  
 मित्राकार्य n. (-कार्यः) A friendly deed, friendship. म. मित्र and कार्य act.  
 मित्रत्व n. (-त्वः) Friendship, friendliness. म. मित्र with त्व aff.; also with तत्, मित्रता । [injures.]  
 मित्रदृष्ट m. (-द्रुक्) A false or treacherous friend. म. मित्र, and द्रुष्ट who मित्रविच्छ m. (-विच्छ) A treacherous friend. म. मित्र and विच्छ who hates.  
 मित्रभेद m. (-भेदः) Breach of friendship. म. मित्र and भेद division.  
 मित्रयु mfn. (-युः-युः-यु) Attractive, winning or acquiring friends. m. (-युः) 1. A rememberer or retainer of traditions, a person acquainted with popular and unrecorded customs. 2. A friend. म. मित्र a friend, या to obtain, aff. क् ।  
 मित्रयुद्ध n. (-युद्धः) The contest of friends, the conflict of allies. म. मित्र, and युद्ध war. [acquisition.]  
 मित्रलब्धि f. (-लब्धिः) Acquisition of friendship. म. मित्र a friend, and लब्धि मित्रलाभ m. (-लाभः) Acquisition of a friend or friendship, forming friendship, &c. म. मित्र a friend, and लाभ gain, acquisition.  
 मित्रवत्सल mfn. (-वत्सलः) Acquiring friendship, winning, captivating, engaging, etc. म. मित्र a friend, and वत्सल kind, affectionate.  
 मित्रश्रीस् m. (-श्रीः) A ruler over his friends or allies. म. मित्र, and श्रास् to govern, क्तिप् aff., and इ substituted for the penultimate.  
 मित्रोद्यत् mfn. (-यत्-यत्-यत्) Becoming or acting as a friend, desiring friendship. म. मित्र nominal verb, इत् aff.  
 मित्रोदय m. (-यः) 1. Sunrise. 2. The prosperity of a friend.  
 मिच्छ (च) मिच्छ r. 1st cl. (मिच्छति-ने) 1. To understand. 2. To injure, to hurt. 3. To unite, to pair. 4. To wrangle.  
 मिच्छ Ind. 1. Mutually, reciprocally. 2. Privately. म. मिच्छ to pair, aff. चसुन् and the vowel unchanged.  
 मिच्छा f. (-वा) A city, giving name also to a kingdom, lying north-east of Bengal, the modern Tirhut. म. मिच्छ to be agitated, (enemies by that kingdom,) and इत् Un'adi aff.  
 मिच्छ n. (-नः) 1. A couple, a pair, a brace, male and female. 2. Copulation. 3. Union, junction. 4. Twins. 5. A root compounded with a preposition, (in gram.) m. (-नः) The sign Gemini of the zodiac. म. मिच्छ to unite, उन् Un'adi aff.  
 मिच्छनीमाव m. (-वा) Amorous inclination. म. मिच्छ, माव property, च् aff.  
 मिच्छेवर m. (-वरः) The ruddy goose.

मिथ्या Ind. 1. Falsely, untruly. 2. In vain. ३. मिथ् to injure, aff. क्त् ।  
 मिथ्याचार mfn. (-र-रा-र) Acting or practising falsehood. ३. मिथ्या  
 and चाचार observing.  
 मिथ्याचार mfn. (-र-रा-र) Acting, falsely. ३. मिथ्या and चाचार observance.  
 मिथ्याज्ञान n. (-ज्ञ) Error, misapprehension.  
 मिथ्यादृष्टि f. (-दृष्टि) Denial of future existence, atheism, heresy. ३. मिथ्या  
 falsely, and दृष्टि vision, knowledge.  
 मिथ्याध्यवसिति f. (-ति) A figure of rhetoric, confirmation of one error  
 or impossibility by another. ३. मिथ्या falsehood, अध्यवसिति perse-  
 verance.  
 मिथ्याप्रतिज्ञा mfn. (-ज्ञ-ज्ञा-ज्ञ) Treacherous, guilty of a breach of pro-  
 mise, ३. मिथ्या and प्रतिज्ञा promise.  
 मिथ्याप्रसुप्त mfn. (-प्र-प्र-प्र) Pretendedly asleep, but not so in reality. ३.  
 मिथ्या and प्रसुप्त asleep.  
 मिथ्याफल n. (-फल) An imaginary advantage.  
 मिथ्याभियोग m. (-भ-भ-भ) Groundless plaint or demand. ३. मिथ्या falsely,  
 अभियोग plaint. [sing.]  
 मिथ्याभिशंसन n. (-भ-भ-भ) A false accusation. ३. मिथ्या falsely, अभिशंसन accu-  
 मिथ्याभिशंसिन् m. (-सि) A false or unjust accuser. ३. मिथ्या falsely, अभि-  
 संसिन् who accuses. [understanding.]  
 मिथ्यामति f. (-मति) Error, ignorance, mistake. ३. मिथ्या falsely, and मति  
 मिथ्यावदन् mfn. (-दन् दन्दी दन्) Speaking, falsely. ३. मिथ्या, वदन् speaking.  
 मिथ्यावादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Lying, a liar. ३. मिथ्या and वादिन् who  
 speaks.  
 मिथ्यापत्तर n. (-प-प-प) A false or prevaricating reply. ३. मिथ्या, उत्तर answer.  
 मिथ्यापचार m. (-र-र-र) Pretended friendly services. ३. मिथ्या and उपचार  
 assistance.  
 मिदृ r. 1st cl. (मिदति) 1. To be proud. 2. To be humble. r. 10th cl.  
 (मिदयति-ने) (इ) मिदि r. 1st and 10th cls. (मिदति मिदयति) also (जि, चा)  
 छिमिदा r. 1st cl. (मिदते) r. 4th cl. (मिदति) 1. To be unctuous, to be  
 oily or greasy. 2. To liquefy, to melt. 3. To anoint. 4. To have  
 affection or regard for. 5. To be soft, (literally or figuratively.)  
 (क) मिदृ r. 1st cl. (मिदति-ने) 1. To understand. 2. To hurt, to  
 injure. 3. To unite.  
 मिदृ n. (-द) 1. Sloth, indolence. 2. Sleepiness, torpor. 3. Dulness,  
 heaviness of spirits or intellect.  
 मिदृ r. 1st cl. (मिदति) 1. To moisten. 2. To revere.  
 मिदृङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) Wishing to bathe or plunge into. ३. मस्ज् to bathe,  
 desid. v., चङ् and टाप् affs.  
 मिदृङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्ग-ङ्ग-ङ्ग) Wishing to bathe, to plunged into, to be  
 immersed in. ३. मस्ज् to bathe, desid. v., च aff.  
 मिदृष्टिवा f. (-वा) Desire or purpose to destroy. ३. मष्टि to shake, desid.  
 v., चङ् and टाप् affs.  
 मिदृष्टिवा mfn. (-व-व-व) Wishing to destroy, shake, overturn, &c. ३.  
 मष्ट् to injure, desid. v., च aff.  
 मिदृ r. 6th cl. (मिदति or मिदति-ने) 1. To be connected or united with,  
 to mix, to associate. 2. To clash. 3. To happen.  
 मिदृ n. (-न) 1. Mixing with, being in contact with, associating with,  
 &c. 2. Encountering, meeting. 3. Contact. ३. मिदृ to mix, क्त् aff.  
 मिदृ mfn. (म-ता-त) 1. Mixed, united, combined, or connected with.  
 2. Found, met with, encountered. ३. मिदृ to mix, aff. क्त् ।  
 मिदृ (इ) मिदि r. 1st cl. (मिदति) 1. To sprinkle or moisten. 2. (According  
 to some authorities,) To serve, to gratify by service.  
 मिदृ r. 1st cl. (मिदति) 1. To sound. 2. To be angry.  
 मिदृ f. (-दि-दी) 1. A sort of fennel, (Anethum panmorium.) 2. Indian  
 spikenard. 3. Common anise. ३. मिदृ to sound, कि aff. and ऊप्  
 optionally added ; also मिदि मिदि, &c.  
 मिदृ r. 10th cl. (मिदयति-ने) To mix, to join, to blend, to combine.  
 मिदृ mfn. (-य-या-य) Mixed, mingled, blended. n. (-य) Mixing, mix-  
 ture. m. (-य) 1. An elephant, the fourth of the four classes in

which elephants are arranged. 2. A respectable person ; in whi  
 sense it is a common affix to proper names ; or compounded wi  
 चार्थ, as चार्थमित्राः &c. ३. मिदृ to mix, aff. क्त् ।  
 मिदृ m. (-य) 1. An adulterator of commodities, &c. 2. A mixer  
 compounder. n. (-य) 1. A garden of the gods, a grove of parad  
 2. A description of song or singing. 3. A kind of salt. ३. मि  
 mingled, (flowers, &c.) and क्त् aff.  
 मिदृकावच n. (-च) The grove of INDRA. ३. मिदृका for मिदृका a divi  
 garden, and वन a wood.  
 मिदृ m. (-य) A mule. [to mix, aff. क्त्]  
 मिदृ n. (-य) 1. Mixing, uniting. 2. (In arithmetic,) Addition. ३. मि  
 मिदृचं n. (-च) A black kind of aloë-wood.  
 मिदृ mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Respected, respectable. 2. Mixed, mingled  
 3. Added. ३. मिदृ to mix, aff. क्त् ।  
 मिदृया f. (-या) 1. A sort of fennel, (Anethum panmorium, Rox)  
 Another kind, (Anethum sowa.) 3. Common anise, (Pimpinell  
 anisum.) ३. मिदृ mixture, इङ् to go or get, चङ् aff.  
 मिदृ (उ) मिदृ r. 1st cl. (मिदति) To sprinkle. r. 6th cl. (मिदति) 1. To co  
 tend with, to emulate, to contest. 2. To look at or on. With उ  
 1. To open the eyes. 2. To blossom. 3. To shine. With मि To sh  
 the eyes.  
 मिदृ m. (-य) Rivalry, emulation. n. (-य) 1. Fraud, trick, dece  
 tion. 2. Envy. ३. मिदृ to vie, aff. क्त् ।  
 मिदि f. (-दि-दी) 1. Spikenard, (Valeriana jatāma'nsi.) 2. A sort of fe  
 nel, (Anethum panmorium, &c.) ३. मस्ज् to measure, इङ् and ऊप्  
 affs., स changed to द, and द substituted for the radical vowel  
 also मिदि, मिदि, and with क्त् added मिदिका, &c.  
 मिदृ mfn. (-द-द-द) 1. Sprinkled, wetted. 2. Sweet, sugary. 3. Dainty  
 savoury. n. (-द) A sweetmeat. ३. मिदृ to sprinkle, aff. क्त्. [make  
 मिदृकर्तुं m. (-त) A confectioner, a good cook. ३. मिदृ and चङ् wh  
 मिदृ n. (-द) Sauce, gravy seasoning, a mixture of sugar and acids  
 &c. eaten with bread or rice. ३. मिदृ sprinkled, चङ् food.  
 मिदि f. (-दि-दी) 1. A sort of fennel, (Anethum panmorium, Rox.) 2  
 Another kind, (A. sowa.) 3. Spikenard, (Valeriana jatāma'nsi)  
 4. A sort of lovage, (Ligusticum ajwaen.) 5. Common anise, (Pim  
 pinella anisum.) ३. मस्ज् to mete, aff. इङ् and optionally ऊप् ; th  
 radical vowel changed to द, deriv. irr. ; also मिदि and मिदि ।  
 मिदृ r. 10th cl. (मिदयति) To mix, to mingle or join. [seminal water  
 मिदृ (दी) मिदृ r. 1st cl. (मिदति) 1. To sprinkle, to shed. 2. To emi  
 मिदिका f. (-का) 1. Frost. 2. Snow. ३. मिदृ to sprinkle, aff. क्त् ।  
 मिदृ m. (-र) 1. The sun. 2. A sage. 3. A cloud. 4. Air, wind. 5  
 The moon. 6. An old man. ३. मिदृ to sprinkle or scatter, (rad  
 ance, &c.) Una'di aff. किरच् । [al  
 मिदृका m. (-य) A name of S'IVA. ३. मिदृ the sun, चङ् to live, च  
 नो r. 1st and 10th cls. (मयति माययति-ने) 1. To go, to move. 2. T  
 know. (ट, ड्) टुनीच् r. 4. cl. (नोयते) To part with life, to die. (च  
 नोच् r. 9th cl. (नोयति नोयते) 1. To hurt, to injure, to kill. 2. T  
 viola. 3. To diminish. 4. To go astray.  
 नोड mfn. (-ड-डा-ड) Passed as urine. ३. मिदृ to sprinkle, aff. क्त्  
 नोडुच m. (-य) 1. The sun. 2. S'IVA. 3. A thief.  
 नोड m. (-य) 1. A fish 2. The sign of the Zodiac Pisces. 3. VISHN  
 in his first incarnation. ३. नोड to hurt, Una'di aff. क्त् ।  
 नोडितन m. (-न) KĀ'MAD'NVA. ३. नोड a fish, and नोडन a symbol.  
 नोडनोडिका f. (-का) A pond, a pool. ३. नोड a fish, and नोडिका a lizan  
 नोडर m. (-र) A king-fisher. ३. नोड fish, रङ् to annoy, aff. चङ् ; it  
 also written but perhaps incorrectly नोडर ।  
 नोडर m. (-र) A marine monster, sometimes applied to the shark or  
 alligator : see नोडर. ३. नोड a fish, रा to seize, aff. क्त् ।  
 नोडनी f. (-नी) The daughter of Kṛṣṇa'BA. ३. नोड a fish, and नोड  
 eye, टप् and ऊप् affs.

नीलकण्ठिन् m. (-नी) 1. A crane. 2. A fisherman. ३. नील fish and बाणान् who kills.  
 नीलक n. (-क) Fish-spawn, roe, milt. f. (-की) Clayed or candied sugar. ३. नील a fish, and क egg, spawn, जोप् aff., to which the last is compared.  
 नीलकौच m. (-च) 1. A wagtail. 2. A sort of sauce, fish-sauce. ३. नील fish, बाण the mango, and क aff.  
 नीलकम् m. (-क) The ocean. ३. नील a fish, and बाण abode.  
 नीम् (ञ) नीम् r. 1st. cl. (नीमति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To sound.  
 नीमांसक m. (-क) A Mi'mānsaka, a follower of the Mi'mānsā philosophy. 2. An examiner. ३. नीमांस the doctrine so termed, and युन् aff.  
 नीमांस f. (-सा) One of the philosophical systems of the Hindus, or rather a two fold system, the two parts of which form two of the six Dars'hanas or schools of philosophy; the first part, the Pūrva Mi'mānsā, or Mi'mānsā simply, originates with the Muni Jaimini', and illustrates the Karma-kānda of the Vēdas or the practical part, (the ritual,) of religion and devotion, including also moral and legal obligations. The second part, or Uttara Mi'mānsā, ascribed to Vyāsa, is the same as the Vēda'nta, founded on the Jñāna-kānda, or theological portion of the Vēdas, and treating of the spiritual worship of the Supreme Being or soul of the universe. ३. नीम् to seek knowledge, affs. क् and टप्; the derivative takes the augment of the reduplicate form of the verb.  
 नीर m. (-र) 1. The ocean. 2. A limit, a boundary. ३. नी to scatter, रक् Unādi aff., and the vowel made long.  
 नीर r. 1st cl. (नीरति) 1. To wink or twinkle, to close or contract the eye-lids. 2. To fade, to disappear; with उत् prefixed, to awake, and figuratively to expand, to bud, to blossom.  
 नीरन् mfn. (-न्-लनी-लन्) Winking, twinkling, closing, (as the eyes.) ३. नील् to wink, ब्रह्म aff.  
 नीलन n. (-न) 1. Twinkling, blinking, winking. 2. Closing the eyes. 3. The closing of a flower. ३. नील् to twinkle, &c. aff. ष्यट्।  
 नीलित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Twinkled. 2. Unblown, partly opened, as a young bud, &c. n. (-त) Indirect allusion or description, (in rhetoric.) ३. नील् to twinkle, aff. क्।  
 नीर r. 1st cl. (नीरति) 1. To be large or corpulent. 2. To go, to move.  
 नीरन् m. (-वा) Air, wind. ३. नी to move, वन् Unādi aff.  
 नीरन् mfn. (-र-री-र) Mischievous, hurting, killing. m. (र) The leader of an army. ३. नी to hurt or kill, रक् Unādi aff.  
 नीरा f. (-वा) 1. The worm of the intestines, Ascarides, &c. 2. Air, wind. ३. नी to hurt, Unādi aff. वा।  
 नी m. (-मु) 1. Binding, confinement. 2. Tawny, (the colour.) 3. S'iva. 4. Eternal beatitude or final emancipation. 5. A funeral pile. ३. नी to bind, aff. णिप्; or नीत् to loosen, &c., aff. क्।  
 नीरन् m. (-क) The onion; also नीरन्।  
 नीर f. (-मु) Freedom, liberation. ३. नीत् to let loose, क् aff.  
 नीरट n. (-ट) A crest, a diadem, a tiara. f. (-टी) Snapping the fingers. ३. नी to adorn, aff. टट्, and क् substituted for the radical vowel, form-irr.; also नीरट्।  
 नीरन् m. (-र) 1. A name of Viṣṇu. 2. Gum olibanum. 3. A precious gem. 4. Quicksilver. 5. One of the nine treasures of Kuva-ra. 6. A kind of drum. ३. नीर liberation, (from passion, &c) in the second case नीर and दा to give, aff. क्; or नीत् to liberate, or नीर as before, उक्त्वं to wet, to sprinkle, aff. क्, deriv. irr.  
 नीरन् m. (-क) An onion; also नीरन्।  
 नीरु m. (-मु) Gum olibanum; also नीरु।  
 नीर m. (-र) 1. A mirror. 2. The handle of a potter's lathe. 3. A tree, (Mimusops elengi.) 4. A bud. 5. Arabian jasmine. ३. नीर to adorn, रक् Unādi aff., and क् optionally substituted for the radical vowel, deriv. irr.; also नीर।

सुख mn. (-ख-ख) 1. An opening bud. 2. The body. 3. The soul or spirit. ३. सुख् to let loose, (the flower, &c.) उक्त्वं aff., क् changed to क्।  
 सुखित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Half-closed, (as a bud.) 2. Half-shut, (as the eye,) blinking, winking. ३. सुख, रक्त्वं aff.  
 सुखीकृत mfn. (-त-ता-त) Closed, shut, (as a bud.) ३. सुख and कृत made, with वि augment. [टक्, etc.]  
 सुखट n. (-ट) A sort of kidney-bean, (Phaseolus lobatus.) Also नकु-सुखक m. (-क) A plant, commonly Danti', (Croton polyandrum.) ३. नीर to adorn, उक्त्वं aff., क् added, and क् substituted for the radical vowel, deriv. irr.; also नकुख।  
 सुख mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Released, liberated, loosed, let go. 2. Liberated from corporal existence, finally happy. 3. Discharged, loosed, as a weapon; this may be in two ways, as पाणिशुक्त्वं thrown with the hand, as a dart, etc., and यन्त्रशुक्त्वं thrown from an instrument, as an arrow from a bow, etc. n. (-त) The spirit released from mundane existence, and re-integrated with its divine original. f. (-ता) 1. A pearl. 2. A harlot. ३. सुख् to set free, aff. क्।  
 सुखक n. (-क) 1. Any missile weapon. 2. A stanza or sentence completing the sense of a passage. 3. Simple prose. ३. सुख loosed, let fly, and क् added.  
 सुखकम् m. (-क) A Buddhist. [ककुक् the slough of a snake.]  
 सुखककुक् m. (-क) A snake that has cast his slough. ३. सुख let loose, सुखककुक् Ind. Aloud, as shouting or crying. ३. सुख and क् throat.  
 सुखककुक् m. (-क) A lion.  
 सुखक mfn. (-क-का-क) Disinterested, free from worldly attachment or improper bias. ३. सुख and क् attachment.  
 सुखक mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Parting with, giving away, liberal. 2. Loosed, let go. ३. सुख and क् the hand.  
 सुखाकलप m. (-प) A pearl-necklace, a string of pearls. ३. सुखा a pearl, and कलप a sort of chain.  
 सुखागर n. (-र) The pearl-oyster. ३. सुखा a pearl, and बागार abode.  
 सुखाप्रख m. (-क) A pearl-necklace. ३. सुखा a pearl, and प्रख string.  
 सुखाप्र f. (-प) The pearl-oyster. ३. सुखा a pearl, and प्र mother, mother of pearl.  
 सुखाफल n. (-ख) 1. Camphor. 2. A pearl. 3. A sort of fruit, the custard-apple. "नीयाक" ३. सुखा a pearl, क् fruit, comparable to a pearl in whiteness.  
 सुखासुख mfn. (-त-ता-त) Loosed, and not loosed; applied especially to weapons which may be wielded or hurled, as a club, a javelin, etc. ३. सुख loosed, क् सुख not loosed. [plant.]  
 सुखासुख f. (-त) A pearl-necklace. ३. सुखा a pearl, and सुखा a creeping  
 सुखासुखी f. (-ली) A pearl-necklace. ३. सुखा a pearl, बाणली a line, a row.  
 सुखासुखी mf. (-ट-टी) A pearl-oyster. ३. सुखा, सुखट् to burst, aff. क्।  
 सुखि f. (-नि) 1. Final beatitude, the delivery of the soul from the body and exemption from further transmigration; the re-absorption of the emancipated spirit into its great primary source, identification with God. 2. Liberation, setting or becoming free or loose. ३. सुख् to let loose, aff. णिप्।  
 सुखा Ind. Having set free, loose, etc. ३. सुख् to free, क् aff.  
 सुख mfn. (-ख-का-ख) 1. First, initial. 2. Chief, pre-eminent, principal. n. (-ख) 1. The mouth. 2. The face. 3. The entrance to a house. 4. Commencement. 5. A means, an expedient. 6. Sound. 7. The opening division of a drama, the first act, &c. 8. The previous or preparatory incidents of a drama. 9. A direction, a quarter. 10. Opening, entrance. 11. The head, the top, the tip. 12. The edge of any sharp instrument. 13. Utterance. 14. Source, cause, occasion. 15. The Vēdas, scripture. m. (-ख) The beak of a bird. ३. सुख् to dig, Unādi aff. क् with the power of क्, by which the final is rejected, सुट initial augment.



मुखकमल n. (-क) A lotus-like face.  
 मुखद्वार m. (-र) A tooth.  
 मुखगन्धक m. (-क) An onion. ३. मुख the mouth, and गन्धक scenting.  
 मुखचट्टा f. (-ट्टा) Howling, uttering, a particular cry of grief, etc. ३. मुख the mouth, and चट्टा a bell.  
 मुखचपल Adj. Talkative f. (-च) A species of the A'ryā metre.  
 मुखचीरी f. (-री) The tongue. ३. मुख the mouth, and चीरी the cry or chirp of the cricket, or a cricket; also मुखचीरि ।  
 मुखज mfn. (-ज-जा-ज) Derived or proceeding from the mouth, born in the mouth, etc. m. (-ज-) 1. A Bra'hmana, (born from the mouth of BRAHMA). 2. A tooth. ३. मुख the mouth, and ज born.  
 मुखतत् Ind. From the mouth. ३. मुख, तत् aff.  
 मुखतीय mfn. (-य-या-य) Relating or pertaining to the mouth. ३. मुखतत्, as above, य aff.  
 मुखदूषक m. (-क) The onion. ३. मुख the mouth, and दूषक fouling.  
 मुखधीता f. (-ता) A plant, (Siphonanthus Indica.) "बाननघाटि।" ३. मुख the mouth, धीत cleansed, (by it.) [contemplating.  
 मुखनिरिचक m. (-क) An idler, a lazy man. ३. मुख the face, निरीचक  
 मुखनिवासिनी f. (-नी) The goddess SARASWATĪ, ३. मुख the mouth, and निवासिनी abiding; as the goddess of speech, &c.  
 मुखपट m. (-ट) A veil.  
 मुखपिच्छ m. (-च्छ) A mouthful of food.  
 मुखपूरण n. (-च) 1. A mouthful of water for rinsing the mouth. 2. A mouthful. 3. Filling the mouth. ३. मुख the mouth, पूरण filling.  
 मुखप्रिय m. (-य) An orange.  
 मुखप्रथम n. (-म) 1. A preface. 2. A lid.  
 मुखभूषण n. (-ण) Betel, the leaf of the piper-betel eaten with the Areca nut, catechu and caustic lime, &c. ३. मुख the mouth, भूषण an ornament.  
 मुखभेद m. (-द) Distortion of the face.  
 मुखपच m. (-च) A beggar, a petitioner. ३. मुख the mouth, पच who ripens, (his purpose,) from पच् with खच् aff. [ing.  
 मुखयकष n. (-च) The bit of a bridle. ३. मुख the mouth, यकष restrain-  
 मुखर mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Foul-mouthed, speaking harshly or scurrilously. 2. Sounding, noisy. 3. Speaking in ridicule of, rallying, mocking, &c. m. (-र-) 1. A ring-leader. 2. A conch-shell. 3. Leading, preceding. 4. A crow. ३. मुख the mouth, र aff., implying depreciation, or रा to go, ड aff.  
 मुखरिका f. (-का) The bit of a bridle. [and रतच् aff.  
 मुखरित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Sounding, ringing, making a noise. ३. मुखर  
 मुखरीकरण n. (-ण) Rallying, mocking. ३. मुखर, करण making, णि aug.  
 मुखकाङ्गल m. (-ल) A hog. ३. मुख the mouth, and काङ्गल a plough.  
 मुखलेप m. (-प) A disease of the phlegmatic humour.  
 मुखवृक्ष m. (-म) A pomegranate tree.  
 मुखवाद्य n. (-य) 1. A musical instrument played with the mouth, a jew's harp. 2. Making a noise with the mouth by strinking it with the hand, playing on the mouth. ३. मुख the mouth and वाद्य a musical instrument.  
 मुखवासन m. (-न) A perfume for the mouth, any drug, as camphor or orris-root so used, or a composition usually taken in the form of a pill. ३. मुख the mouth, and वासन perfuming.  
 मुखविलुङ्गिका f. (-का) A she-goat.  
 मुखविष्टा f. (-ष्टा) A cockroach. ३. मुख the mouth and विष्टा faces.  
 मुखव्यादान n. (-न) Opening the mouth wide. ३. मुख with वि and व्याङ् prefixed to दा to give, छट् aff. [यक् a hoof.  
 मुखमूक mfn. (-क-का-क) Foul-mouthed, scurrilous. ३. मुख the mouth,  
 मुखश्रेय m. (-य) An epithet of RA'ṢU.  
 मुखशीघ्र m. (-न) Pungenoy, sharp or pungent flavour. n. (-न) Clean-  
 ing the mouth. ३. मुख the mouth, शीघ्र cleansing. [cleanses.  
 मुखशोधिन् m. (-नी) The lime or citron. ३. मुख the mouth, शोधिन् what

मुखशीघ्र mfn. (-न-ना-न) Foul-mouthed, scurrilous. [विश्वय  
 मुखसन्ध m. (-न) A Bra'hmana. ३. मुख the mouth, (of BRAHMA)  
 मुखसुर n. (-र) The moisture of the lips. ३. मुख the mouth, and र  
 spirituous liquor, टच् aff.  
 मुखस्राव m. (-व) Spittle, saliva. ३. मुख the mouth, स्राव to drop, aff. वच्  
 मुखस्रापि m. (-पि) 1. The conflagration of a forest. 2. A sort of gobli  
 with a face of fire. 3. Fire put into the mouth of the corpse  
 the time of lighting the funeral pile. 4. A sacrificial or consecra-  
 ted fire. ३. मुख the mouth, face, or chief, principal, and स्रापि fire.  
 मुखस्र m. (-स्र) A crab. ३. मुख the mouth, and स्र a weapon.  
 मुखीष्ठा f. (-ष्ठा) Fire in a forest. ३. मुख face or mouth, उष्ठा flame  
 मुख mfn. (-य-या-य) 1. Chief, primary, principal. 2. Relating to the  
 face or mouth. n. (-य) 1. A principal or essential rite or ordi-  
 nance. 2. Reading or teaching the Vēdas. 3. The month when  
 reckoned from new moon to new moon. m. (-य-) A leader. ३  
 मुख chief, य aff. [with ल, यत् aff.  
 मुखता f. (-ता) Pre-eminence, being best or chief. ३. मुख, तत् aff. also  
 मुखयस् Ind. Principally, particularly. ३. मुख and यस् aff.  
 मुख m. (-य) A gallinule.  
 मुख mfn. (-य-या-य) 1. Lovely, beautiful. 2. Stupid, ignorant, an  
 idiot, a fool. 3. Simple, silly. 4. Infatuated. f. (-या) A young and  
 lovely female. ३. मुख to be foolish, aff. क, deriv. irr.  
 मुखता f. (-ता) 1. Loveliness. 2. Ignorance, stupidity. 3. Simplicity. ३  
 मुख and तत् added; also मुखत् ।  
 मुख्या f. (-या) A girl attractive by her artlessness, (in rhetoric.)  
 मुखानन mfn. (-न-ना-न) Lovely-faced. ३. मुख and आनन face.  
 मुख (छ, ची) ची मुखरु. 6th cl. (मुखति-ते) 1. To be loose or free. 2. To  
 forsake or abandon. r. 10th cl. (मोक्षयति-ते) 1. To let loose, to let go,  
 to discharge as arrows, to part with, as wealth, &c. 2. To gladden,  
 to delight. r. 1st cl. (मोक्षते) To deceive, to cheat. (य) मुखि (मुखि-  
 1. To be vain or proud. 2. To be wicked. 3. To speak. 4. To grind  
 or pound. 5. To cheat, to deceive. With प्र To give much. With ल  
 1. To obtain liberation. 2. To give or bestow. 3. To lose.  
 मुखक m. (-क) Lac, the dye. ३. मुख to loosen, aff. कृन् ।  
 मुखिर mfn. (-र-रा-र) Munificent, generous, liberal in giving, a donor,  
 a giver. m. (-र-) 1. A deity. 2. Wind. 3. Virtue. ३. मुख to let  
 loose, to part with wealth, and किरच् Unādi aff.  
 मुख(च)कुन्द m. (-न्द) A tree, (Pterospermum salicifolium.)  
 मुखट्टी f. (-टी) 1. Snapping the fingers. 2. The fist.  
 मुख r. 1st cl. (मोक्षति मोक्षयति-ते) also (य) मुखि (मुखति मुखयति-ते) 1. To  
 sound. 2. To cleanse.  
 मुख r. 1st cl. (मुखति) To go.  
 मुखक m. (-क) The testicle. [charging. ३. मुख to let go, यत् aff.  
 मुखत् mfn. (-चन्-चनो-चत्) 1. Letting go or loose. 2. Shooting, dis-  
 मुख m. (-च) 1. A sort of grass, from the fibres of which a string is  
 prepared, of which the triple thread worn by the Brāhmana as a  
 girdle should be formed, (Saccharum munja, Rox.) 2. The Brāh-  
 minical girdle, or in common use, the sacred string or cord. 3.  
 An arrow. ३. मुखि to sound, aff. चच् । [hair.  
 मुखकेश m. (-क) 1. VISHN'U. 2. ŚIVA. ३. मुख a sort of grass, and केश  
 मुखकेशिन् m. (-नी) VISHN'U. ३. मुख the plant, केश hair, and शिन् aff.  
 मुखवस्त्र n. (-न) Investiture with the girdle or with the Brāhminical  
 cord. ३. मुख and वस्त्र binding.  
 मुखर n. (-र) The fibrous root of the lotus. ३. मुख a sort of grass, रा to  
 go or resemble, aff. क; or मुखि-वरन् । "मातुले ।"  
 मुखातक m. (-क) Munja grass.  
 मुट् r. 1st cl. (मोक्षति) 6th cl. (मुटति) and 10th cl. (मोक्षयति-ते); also (य)  
 मुटि r. 1st cl. (मुटति) 1. To rub, to press, to grind or pound, to  
 reduce to powder. 2. To break down, to trample down. ३. 8th cl.  
 (मुटति) To reprove, to rebuke, to blame.



table perfume. n. (-रं) Surrounding, encircling. म. सुर to encircle, aff. क, or चङ् and टाप् fem. aff.

सुरज्ज m. (-जः) 1. A small drum, a tabor. 2. A stanza the letters of which can be arranged in the form of a drum. f. (-जा) 1. The wife of KUVĒRA. 2. A large drum. म. सुर encircling, with wood, &c. ज- born, made.

सुरज्जक m. (-कः) The jack-fruit tree, (*Artocarpus integrifolia*.)

सुरज्ज m. (-जः) A country on the north west of Hindusthan, called also Lampaka, and now Lamgan. m. Plu (-ज्जाः) The inhabitants of Lamgan. [alarm,] aff. ड ।

सुरद m. (-दः) The conch of VISHN'U. म. सुर a demon, दी to cut, (to- सुरदला f. (-ला) The Narmadā river.

सुरमख m. (-खः) Pimples on the face.

सुररिपु m. (-पुः) A name of KRISHN'A or VISHN'U. म. सुर the demon, रिपु enemy.

सुरला f. (-ला) The Narmadā river. [affs. क and डीव् ।

सुरलि f. (-ली) A flute, a pipe. म. सुर surrounding, ला to get or have,

सुरलीधर m. (-रः) A name of KRISHN'A. म. सुरली a flute, धर who holds.

सुररन् m. (-रन्) A name of VISHN'U. म. सुर the demon, रन् slayer.

सुररि m. (-रिः) A name of VISHN'U. म. सुर the demon, रि the foe.

सुख् (-खः) सुखी r. 1st cl. (सुखति) 1. To be faint, to lose consciousness or perception. 2. To increase, to grow. 3. To settle in a solid form, to become dense. 4. To prevail against. 5. To be frequent. 6. To sound loudly. With सन् To be intense.

सुखी f. (-खी) A small fire-place or fire-pan.

सुखर m. (-रः) 1. A name of KAMA or CURID. 2. A fire of chaff. 3.

One of the horses of the sun. म. सुख-क इषी० दिलम् ।

सुख् (-खः) सुखी r. 1st cl. (सुखति) To bind, to tie.

सुख् r. 10th cl. (सुखयति-ते) To plant; more usually मूल ।

सुखटो f. (-टी) A kind of panicum-seed, (*Panicum italicum*), described as a white variety. म. सुख-चटप् पीरा जीव् इषी० ।

सुख(स)खी f. (-खी) A small house-lizard; see सुखली; also with कन् added सुखलिका f. (-का) ।

सुख् r. 1st cl. (सुखति) To injure, to kill. r. 9th cl. (सुखाति) 1. To steal, to rub, to plunder. 2. To captivate. 3. To surpass. r. 4th cl. (सुखति) 1. To out, to divide, to break, 2. To steal.

सुखक m. (-कः) A rat; see सुखक ।

सुखल m. (-लः) 1. A club, a mace. 2. A pestle for cleaning rice. f. (-ली) 1. A house-lizard. 2. A plant, (*Curculigo orchioides*;) see सुखली, सुखल, and सुखली ।

सुखलामुखलि Ind. Club to club, (fighting, &c.) म. सुखल repeated, इक् added; also सुखलामुखली ।

सुख्य mfn. (-ख्यः-ख्यः-ख्यः) Meriting or pouncing to death; see सुखय ।

सुख f. (-खा) A crucible. म. सुख् to steal, affs. चङ् and टाप्; also सुखा ।

सुखित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Stolen, robbed. म. सुख् to steal, aff. क ।

सुख m. (-खः) 1. The scrotum. 2. The testicle. 3. A heap, a quantity. 4. A thief. 5. A stout man. 6. A plant, commonly Ghan'tāpārālī. म. सुख् to steal, (semen, &c.) कक् aff.

सुखक m. (-कः) 1. A plant, commonly Ghan'tāpārālī. म. सुख a thief, (of disease,) कन् added.

सुखद्वय n. (-द्वयः) The testicles. म. सुख and द्वय pair. [रक् aff.]

सुखर m. (-रः) A man with large testicles. म. सुख testicle, and

सुखय m. (-यः) An eunuch, a guard of the women's apartments. म. सुख testicle, and सुख wanting.

सुख n. (-खः) Theft, robbery. म. सुख् to steal, aff. क, form irr.

सुखि mf. (-दिः-दी) 1. The fist, the closed hand. 2. The hilt or handle of a sword, etc. 3. A handful or Pala, the initiatory measure in the tables of the measures of grain. 4. The penis. 5. Filching, stealing. म. सुख् to steal or take, aff. क्क् ।

सुखिक m. (-कः) 1. A goldsmith. 2. A particular position of the hands,

3. Name of a demon killed by BALADA'VA. n. (-कः) A pugilistic encounter. म. सुखि stealing and क्क् to make, aff. ड ।

सुखिकालक m. (-कः) A name of BALADA'VA the brother of KRISHN'A.

सुखित n. (-तः) A kind of game, odd or even. म. सुखि the fist, सुख gaming. "पुखिट् ।"

सुखित्स mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Who blows in or on his closed fist. म. सुखि, and ता to breathe, aff. चङ् ।

सुखित्स m. (-तः) A child. म. सुखि the fist, ते to drink or suok, aff. चङ् ।

सुखिपात m. (-तः) Pummeling, boxing. म. सुखि, पात falling.

सुखित्स m. (-तः) Clenching the fist. म. सुखि the fist, चङ् binding.

सुखित्सवापीकित mfn. ( तः-ता-तः) Squeezed, pressed, griped. म. सुखि, स्वाप taking, पीकित squeezed.

सुखिसुखि Ind. Fist to fist, (fighting,) fisticuffs. म. सुखि repeated in this sense, and the final made long.

सुखित्स mfn. (-चङ्-चङ्-चङ्) 1. Stealing, robbing. 2. Depriving of. 3. Obscuring, eclipsing. म. सुख् to steal, चङ् aff.

सुख् (-खः) सुखि r. 4th cl. (सुखति) To divide, to cut or break to pieces.

सुखल n. (-लः) 1. A pestle, a wooden pestle used for cleaning rice. 2. A club. f. (-ली) 1. A plant, (*Curculigo orchioides*.) 2. A house-lizard. म. सुख् to break, aff. कक्; it is also read with its compounds and derivatives सुखल, सुखली, and sometimes सुखल, &c.

सुखलित् m. (-ली) A name of BALADA'VA. म. सुखल a pestle, or pestle-like club, used by him as a weapon, इति aff.

सुखल mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्यः-ल्यः) Deserving death by pounding with a pestle. म. सुखल a pestle, यत् aff.

सुख् r. 10th cl. (सुखयति-ते) To accumulate, to collect, to heap together.

सुख mf. (-खः-खः) A sort of grass, (*Cyperus rotundus*.) म. सुख to accumulate, aff. चङ् "सुखा ।"

सुखक mn. (-कः-कः) 1. A fragrant grass, (*Cyperus rotundus*.) 2. A sort of poison. म. सुख to accumulate, चङ् aff.

सुखाद m. (-दः) A hog. म. सुखा *Cyperus*, and चद who eats.

सुख m. (-खः) The fist. म. सुख् to break, यत् aff.

सुख n. (-खः) 1. A pestle. 2. A tear. म. सुख् to divide, Una'di aff. रक् ।

सुख् (-खः) सुख् r. 4th cl. (सुखति) To be foolish, to be incapable of discrimination or judgment, to be bereft of sense or wisdom.

सुखि m. (-रः) 1. Love, desire, KA'MADE'VA. 2. A fool, a blockhead. म. सुख् to grow foolish, Una'di aff. किरक् ।

सुखिमा f. (-मा) Tautology, repetition. म. सुखि repeatedly, माया speech.

सुखि Ind. 1. Repeatedly, reiteratedly, again and again. 2. For a moment. म. सुख् to be foolish, Una'di aff. चङ्क् ।

सुखि mn. (-तः-तः) A division of time, the thirtieth part of a day and night, or an hour of forty-eight minutes. m. (-तः) An astrologer.

म. सुखि to be crooked or fraudulent, क्क् aff., form irr., and सुख initiatory augment. [रक् Una'di aff.]

सुखि m. (-रः) A fool, a blockhead, an ignoramus. म. सुख् to be foolish, सुख 1st cl. (सुखते) To bind, to tie, to make fast.

सुखि f. (-खः) Binding, tying. म. सुख् to tie, aff. क्क् ।

सुख mfn. (-कः-का-कः) 1. Dumb. 2. Poor, wretched. m. (-कः) 1. A fish. 2. A demon. 3. A pauper. म. सुख imitative sound, and ते to utter, aff. क; or सु to bind, कक् aff.

सुखिनम् m. (-सा) Silence, dumbness.

सुख mfn. (दः-दा-दः) 1. Foolish, ignorant. 2. Cold, apathetic, stupid. 3. Perplexed, in doubt. 4. Deceived, erring. m. (-दः) 1. An idiot, a fool. 2. A sluggard. म. सुख् to be foolish, aff. क, form irr.

सुखि m. (-कः) 1. A bad presentation of the child at birth, causing difficult delivery. 2. A dead fetus. म. सुख, and क्क् the fetus.

सुखि m. (-कः) Infatuation. म. सुख, and साङ् seizure.

सुखित्स mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Insane, bewildered. म. सुख, and चेतस् mind.

सुखिता f. (-ता) Folly, silliness, ignorance. म. सुख, and तक् aff.; also सुखि.

सुखित्स mfn. (-जा-जा-क) Foolish, a fool. म. सुख, and जाङ् self.

**बन्ध mfn.** (-बन्ध-ता-त्) 1. Bound, tied. 2. Confined. **म. बन्ध** to bind, aff. क्त. **बन्ध** r. 10th cl. (बन्धयति-ने) To urinate, to make water.

**बन्ध n.** (-बन्ध) Urine, piss. **म. बन्ध** to piss, **बन्ध** aff. ; or **बन्ध** to loose, Unádi aff. **बन्ध**, and **बन्ध** substituted for the vowel ; or **बन्ध-बन्ध** .

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) 1. Strangury. 2. Urinary affection in general, as gravel, &c. **म. बन्ध** urine, **बन्ध** pain.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) Obstruction at the neck of the bladder. **म. बन्ध**, **बन्ध**, **बन्ध** [urine, **बन्ध** fault. knot.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) Gonorrhoea, considered as an urinary complaint. **म. बन्ध** **बन्ध** **बन्ध** m. (-बन्ध) A civet cat.

**बन्धन n.** (-बन्ध) The lower belly. **म. बन्ध** urine, and **बन्ध** to be shallow, aff. क्त. **बन्धन** m. (-बन्ध) The urethra. **म. बन्ध**, **बन्ध** passage. [बन्ध aff.

**बन्ध mfn.** (-बन्ध-ता-त्) Diuretic. **म. बन्ध** (-बन्ध) A cucumber. **म. बन्ध** urine, **बन्ध** n. (-बन्ध) Milky urine, depositing a thick white sediment. **म. बन्ध**, and **बन्ध**, semen, which is supposed to give the colour.

**बन्ध m.** (-बन्ध) Urinary obstruction. **म. बन्ध**, and **बन्ध** being with.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) Suppression of urine. **म. बन्ध**, and **बन्ध** impediment.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) Difficult or slow passage of urine. **म. बन्ध**, **बन्ध** passed.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) 1. The bladder. 2. The lower belly, the pubic region. **म. बन्ध** urine, and **बन्ध** place.

**बन्ध mfn.** (-बन्ध-ता-त्) Pissed, voided as urine. **म. बन्ध** to urinate, aff. क्त.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) Obstructed or tardy flow of urine, discharge of it mixed with blood, &c. **म. बन्ध** and **बन्ध** adhesion.

**बन्ध mfn.** (-बन्ध-ता-त्) Foolish, ignorant, stupid, idiotic. **म. बन्ध** (-बन्ध) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus radiatus.) **म. बन्ध** substituted for **बन्ध** to be foolish, aff. क्त. ; or **बन्ध** substituted for the root, with **बन्ध** Unádi aff.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) The brother of a fool. **म. बन्ध** a fool, **बन्ध** a brother, **बन्ध** aff. [बन्ध aff.

**बन्ध mfn.** (-बन्ध-ता-त्) Fainting, swooning, **म. बन्ध** to faint, **बन्ध** n. (-बन्ध) 1. Fainting syncope, swooning, meeting. 2. Vehemence growth, increase. 3. Causing insensibility, (applied to one of the five arrows of Ka'ma.) 4. Calcining quicksilver with sulphur, &c. f. (-बन्ध) 1. The rise and fall of sounds in music. 2. Modulation, melody. **म. बन्ध** to faint, to become insensible, aff. क्त.

**बन्ध f.** (-बन्ध) 1. Fainting, loss of consciousness or sense. 2. Delusion. 3. A particular process in calcining metals. **म. बन्ध** to be faint, affs. क्त. and टाप्. [(the act.) क्त. aff.

**बन्ध mfn.** (-बन्ध-ता-त्) Fainted, fainting, insensible. **म. बन्ध** fainting, **बन्ध** mfn. (-बन्ध-ता-त्) Faint. **म. बन्ध**, and **बन्ध** aff.

**बन्ध mfn.** (-बन्ध-ता-त्) 1. Fainting, fainted, insensible. 2. Stupid, ignorant. 3. Tall, lofty. 4. Grown, increased, augmented. 5. Intensified. 6. Filled with. 7. Calcined. **म. बन्ध** to be faint, to grow or increase, &c., aff. क्त. ; or **बन्ध** as above, **बन्ध** aff.

**बन्ध mfn.** (-बन्ध-ता-त्) Bound, tied, **म. बन्ध** to bind, aff. क्त., form irr.

**बन्ध mfn.** (-बन्ध-ता-त्) 1. Fainting, fainted, losing sense or consciousness. 2. Solid, material, endowed with form or shape. 3. Embodied, corporeal. 4. Hard. 5. Stupid. **म. बन्ध** to lose consciousness, aff. क्त., form irr.

**बन्ध f.** (-बन्ध) 1. Matter, substance, solidity. 2. The body. 3. Figure, form, body in general, or any definite shape or image. 4. Manifestation. 5. Beauty. 6. Hardness. **म. बन्ध** to faint, to become insensible, aff. क्त., form irr.

**बन्ध mfn.** (-बन्ध-ता-त्) 1. Material, substantial, having shape or substance. 2. Incarnate, embodied. **म. बन्ध** The body. **म. बन्ध** shape, &c. **बन्ध** poss. aff.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) The man of the second or military class. **म. बन्ध** the head, and **बन्ध** aff. ; also **बन्ध** .

**बन्ध f.** (-बन्ध) An umbrella.

**बन्धन f.** (-बन्ध) An umbrella, or inverted basket carried on the head for the same purpose, **म. बन्ध** the head, **बन्ध** a sort of pan, **बन्ध** aff.

**बन्धन n.** (-बन्ध) A sort of umbrella: see the last. **म. बन्ध** the head, **बन्ध** or **बन्ध** a helmet.

**बन्ध m.** (-बन्ध) 1. Hair, the hair of the head. 2. The name. **म. बन्ध** the head, **बन्ध** torn.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) A hole in the crown of the head from which the soul is supposed to escape.

**बन्ध m.** (-बन्ध) 1. The head. 2. The Forehead. 3. Top. 4. Front. 5. The head, the chief. **म. बन्ध** to be foolish, Unádi aff. **बन्ध**, form irr. ; or **बन्ध** to bind, the same aff., **बन्ध** augment ; also read **बन्ध** and **बन्ध** .

**बन्ध f.** (-बन्ध) 1. Being in or on the head. 2. Pre-eminent, excellent. 3. Cerebral, (applied to the following letters, viz :—क, ख, ग, घ, ङ, च, छ, ज, ञ, ट, ठ, ड, ढ, ण, and त्. [head, **बन्ध** flower.

**बन्ध m.** (-बन्ध) A tree, commonly Strisha, (Mimosa sirisha.) **म. बन्ध** the **बन्ध** m. (-बन्ध) The scum of boiled rice, &c. **म. बन्ध** head, top, **बन्ध** juice. [surrounding.

**बन्धन n.** (-बन्ध) A turban, a fillet, a diadem, &c. **म. बन्ध** the head, **बन्ध** **बन्ध** m. (-बन्ध) 1. A man of the second or military class, the Kshetriya or soldier. 2. A king, a prince. 3. A chief minister, a counsellor of state. 4. The name of a mixed class, sprung from a Bráhmanna, and female of the second or Kshetriya tribe ; the principal of the mixed races, and soldier by profession. **म. बन्ध** the head, and **बन्ध** sprinkled, anointed ; kings being consecrated by having poured on their heads, while seated on a throne prepared for the purpose, water from some sacred stream, mixed with honey, clarified butter, and spirituous liquor, as well as two sorts of grass and the sprouts of corn: the term applies to the Kshetriya as identified with the king, the duties of royalty, belonging especially to the military caste.

**बन्ध m.** (-बन्ध) 1. The head. 2. The base, (in geometry.) **म. बन्ध** to bind, Unádi aff. **बन्ध** and **बन्ध** substituted for the radical final.

**बन्ध f.** (-बन्ध) A sort of creeper, from the fibres of which bow-strings are made, (Sansevieria zeylanica;) they should also form the girdle worn by the Kshetriya class. **म. बन्ध** to bind, affs. क्त. and टाप् .

**बन्ध** r. 1st cl. (बन्धयति-ने) 1. To stand, to be rooted or firm. 2. To accumulate. r. 10th cl. (बन्धयति-ने) 1. To plant or transplant. 2. To grow as a plant, to sprout, to shoot or germinate. With **बन्ध** prefixed, to root up or out, to eradicate, to exterminate.

**बन्ध n.** (-बन्ध) 1. A root, the root of a tree, &c. 2. Origin, commencement. 3. Capital, principal. 4. Near, proximate. 5. Own, peculiar, proper. 6. The root of the Arum campanulatum. 7. The original text of any work, as opposed to the Ti'ka' or comment. 8. The root or bottom of any thing. 9. The end of any thing by which it is joined to something else. 10. Authority, source, origin. 11. Vicinity. 12. Basis, foundation. 13. A hereditary servant. 14. Capital, stook. 15. Square root, (in math.) 16. A king's own territory. 17. A thicket. 18. A vender who is not a true owner. **mn.** (-बन्ध) The nineteenth lunar asterism, containing eleven stars, which appear to be the same as those in the SCORPION's tail. f. (-बन्ध) A small house-lizard. **म. बन्ध** to stand, to be rooted or firm, aff. क्त. ; or **बन्ध** to bind, Unádi aff. क्त.

**बन्ध mn.** (-बन्ध) 1. The radish, (Raphanus sativus.) 2. A large sort of yam. **म. बन्ध** A sort of poison. **म. बन्ध** a root, **बन्ध** added.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) A handful of radishes, &c. for sale. **म. बन्ध**, and **बन्ध** measure.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) A radish.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) A plant, commonly Ksh'faka'ko'li.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) Magic. **म. बन्ध** original, and **बन्ध** act. [agent.

**बन्धन m.** (-बन्ध) A fire place. **म. बन्ध** primary, (work,) **बन्ध** an

**मृगशृङ्ग** n. (-ङ्गः) A sort of penance, subsisting for a given time on the roots of plants only. **मृ. मृ.** a root, and **शृङ्ग** penance.

**मृगशृङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A citron.

**मृगशृङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A digger for roots. **मृ. मृ.** and **शृङ्ग** a digger.

**मृगशृङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) The coefficient of a root.

**मृगशृङ्ग** mfn. (-ङ्गः-ज-ज) Born from a root, &c. **मृ. मृ. (-ङ्गः)** A plant growing from a root, as lotus, &c. **मृ. (-ङ्गः)** Green ginger. **मृ. मृ.** a root, and **ज** born.

**मृगशृङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A name of Kāṇ'sa, the uncle of Kṛṣṇa's. **मृ. मृ.** original, and **शृङ्ग** a deity; the incarnation of a demi-god.

**मृगशृङ्ग** n. (-ङ्गः) Capital, principal, stock. **मृ. मृ.** capital, **शृङ्ग** substance.

**मृगशृङ्ग** n. (-ङ्गः) Capital, principal, stock. **मृ. मृ.** capital, **शृङ्ग** wealth.

**मृगशृङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) Lymph.

**मृगशृङ्ग** f. (-ङ्गः) A plant, (Hydrocotyle asiatica.) "नन्दु, नन्दु" "।"

**मृगशृङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) The male representative of a family.

**मृगशृङ्ग** f. (-ङ्गः) The Prāthama of the Sāṅkhyas.

**मृगशृङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A name of Kāṇ'sa, the uncle of Kṛṣṇa's. **मृ. मृ.** origin, and **शृङ्ग** auspicious.

**मृगशृङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) An old or hereditary servant. **मृ. मृ.** **शृङ्ग** dependent.

**मृगशृङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A car, a carriage a chariot. **मृ. मृ.** the root, (the axle,) and **शृङ्ग** what bends.

**मृगशृङ्ग** mfn. (-ङ्गः-टो-ट) Fit or cultivated for esculent roots, (as the arum, the radish and others, a field, &c.) **मृ. मृ.** a root, and **शृङ्ग** aff.; also with **शृङ्ग** aff., **मृगशृङ्ग** mfn. (-ङ्गः-न-न).

**मृगशृङ्ग** n. (-ङ्गः) 1. Ether, heaven, space or atmosphere. 2. God. 3. Base, foundation, f. (-ङ्गः) GAURĪ. **मृ. मृ.** primary origin, &c., and **शृङ्ग** place, abode. [Mu'la.]

**मृगशृङ्ग** f. (-ङ्गः) 1. The name of a plant. "मृगशृङ्ग" 2. The asterism **मृगशृङ्ग** n. (-ङ्गः) The navel.

**मृगशृङ्ग** mfn. (-ङ्गः-को-को) Radical, (literal or figurative,) primary, principal, m. (-ङ्गः) A devotee, living on roots. **मृ. मृ.** a root, **शृङ्ग** aff.

**मृगशृङ्ग** mfn. (-ङ्गः-को-को) Having a root, stock, origin, &c. **मृ. मृ. (-ङ्गः)** A tree, **मृ. मृ.** a root, aff. **शृङ्ग**. [Una'di aff. **शृङ्ग**.]

**मृगशृङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Indian spikenard. 2. A king. **मृ. मृ.** to be rooted, **मृ. मृ.** mfn. (-ङ्गः-को-को) 1. To be eradicated, to be pulled or plucked up by the root. 2. To be bent from the root, &c. 3. To be bought, purchasable. 4. To be bought for a fair or just price. **मृ. (-ङ्गः)** 1. Price, worth. 2. Wages, hire. 3. An article purchased. 4. Gain. 5. Capital, principal. **मृ. मृ.** principal, and **शृङ्ग** aff.

**मृ. r. 1st cl. (शृङ्ग)** To steal, to rob or plunder.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः-को-को)** 1. A rat, a mouse. 2. A crucible. 3. An air-hole, a window. f. (-ङ्गः) 1. A sort of grass, (Andropogon serratum.) 2. A female rat, **मृ. मृ.** to steal, aff. **शृङ्ग**. [added to the last.]

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः-को-को)** 1. A mouse, a rat. 3. A thief. **मृ. मृ.** or **शृङ्ग** **मृ. मृ.** m. (-ङ्गः) A cat. **मृ. मृ.** a rat, and **शृङ्ग** enemy.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** Stealing, pilfering. **मृ. मृ.** to steal, **शृङ्ग** aff.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः-को-को)** Stealing, plundering. **मृ. मृ.** and **शृङ्ग** aff.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** An aquatic plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) **मृ. मृ.** a rat, **शृङ्ग** the ear; to which the leaf of the plant is compared, fem. aff. **शृङ्ग**; also **मृ. मृ.**

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** Blue vitriol. **मृ. मृ.** a crucible, **मृ. मृ.** sulphate of copper.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः-को-को)** A rat, a mouse. **मृ. (-ङ्गः)** 1. A tree, commonly Strisha, (Mimosa sirisha.) 2. A thief, a plunderer. 3. A country, the part of the Malābār coast between Quilon and Cape Comorin. f. (-ङ्गः) A plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) 2. A crucible. **मृ. मृ.** to steal, Una'di aff. **शृङ्ग** and the vowel made long; also **मृ. मृ.**, **शृङ्ग**, and **शृङ्ग**.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** An aquatic plant of the cryptogamia class, (Salvinia cucullata) **मृ. मृ.** a rat, (ears, understood.) and **शृङ्ग** a leaf, aff. **शृङ्ग**; having a leaf compared to a mouse's ear.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A name of Kāṇ'sa's. **मृ. मृ.** a rat, **शृङ्ग** a mark of emblem; being usually painted riding on a rat or attended by one.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A name of Kāṇ'sa's. **मृ. मृ.** a rat, and **शृङ्ग** going.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A male mouse.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A cat. **मृ. मृ.** and **शृङ्ग** an enemy.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) **मृ. मृ.** a rat, and **शृङ्ग** appellation; also **मृ. मृ.**

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः-ता-ता)** Stolen. **मृ. मृ.** and **शृङ्ग** aff. [to **शृङ्ग**.]

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः-ता-ता)** A plant; see the last. **मृ. मृ.** for **शृङ्ग**, and **शृङ्ग** added

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः-ता-ता)** A rat, a mouse. **मृ. मृ.** to steal, **शृङ्ग** aff.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः-ता-ता)** Born of unknown parents, of concealed birth or origin. **मृ. मृ.** the son of some body, and the initiatory vowel rejected.

**मृ. r. 6th cl. (शृङ्ग)** To die. With **शृङ्ग**, to die after.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** The name of a saint; also called MA'RKAN'DE'YA. **मृ. मृ.** the name of his father, and **शृङ्ग** aff.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** The saint MA'RKAN'DE'YA. **मृ. मृ.** his father, **शृङ्ग** aff.; but the word unchanged.

**मृ. r. 1st cl. (शृङ्ग)** To accumulate, to collect, to fill. **मृ. 10th cl. (शृङ्ग)** 1. To mix, to mingle, to blend or combine. 2. To speak incorrectly.

**मृ. r. 4th cl. (शृङ्ग)** **मृ. 10th cl. (शृङ्ग)** 1. To seek, or pursue, to hunt, to chase. 2. To investigate. 3. To beg any thing from any body.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** 1. A deer, an antelope. 2. An animal in general. 3. Research, inquiry, investigation. 4. Asking, soliciting, begging. 5. A kind of elephant, one with white marks on his forehead. 6. The fifth lunar constellation, more usually Mṛigasi'ras; see **मृ. मृ.** 7. The month in which the moon is full in the constellation Mṛigasi'ras. 8. A particular sacrifice. 9. Musk. 10. Hunting, chase. 11. One of the four classes into which men are divided, (in erotic works.) 12. The spots of the moon represented as an antelope. f. (-ङ्गः) 1. A description of woman, perhaps the same as the one termed **मृ. मृ.**, the corresponding female to the male called **मृ. मृ.** 2. A female deer, a doe. 3. A species of the Madhya metre. 4. Epilepsy. **मृ. मृ.** to search, to chase, aff. **शृङ्ग**.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** Doe's milk. **मृ. मृ.** for **मृ. मृ.** a female deer, and **शृङ्ग** milk.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A kind of medical plant, "मृ. मृ."

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A wild or pole-cat. "मृ. मृ."

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** Mirage. [ability.]

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** Bathing in the waters of a mirage, (i. e.) an impossible. **मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A net for confining deer. **मृ. मृ.** a deer, **शृङ्ग** a net.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A hunter. **मृ. मृ.** a deer, **शृङ्ग** living, subsistence.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः-ता-ता)** Search, inquiry, research. **मृ. मृ.** to search for or after, affs. **शृङ्ग** and **शृङ्ग**.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** Vapour floating over sands or deserts, and appearing at a distance like water. **मृ. मृ.** a deer, **शृङ्ग** to thirst, aff. **शृङ्ग**; deer being deceived by it; also with **शृङ्ग** and **शृङ्ग** aff., **मृ. मृ.**, and with **शृङ्ग** thirst, **मृ. मृ.**

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** Mirage: see the last.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** Sultry vapour, mirage: see the last.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** Sultry vapour. **मृ. मृ.** added to the last.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A dog. **मृ. मृ.** deer, and **शृङ्ग** who bites.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A deer-eyed woman.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A hunter. **मृ. मृ.** to go, **शृङ्ग** aff., **शृङ्ग** added.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A hunter. **मृ. मृ.** and **शृङ्ग** to play, **शृङ्ग** aff., and the semi-vowel changed.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** A lion.

**मृ. mfn. (-ङ्गः)** The moon.

अनङ्ग म. (-ङ्गः) A jackal. ३. अङ्ग a deer, and अङ्ग a cheat; preying upon them only in consequence of his luring them into his reach.  
 अङ्गनाभि म. (-भिः) Musk. ३. अङ्ग a deer, (the musk-deer,) and नाभि the navel; the musk being formed in a bag attached to the belly of the animal about the navel.  
 अङ्गनाभिः nf. (-ङ्ग-नाभिः) Musk. ३. अङ्ग a deer, नाभि the navel, अङ्ग produced.  
 अङ्गनेत्र mfn. (-ङ्ग-नेत्र-च) Possessing or relating to the constellation Mri'gasi'rsha. f. (-नी) A woman with beautiful eyes, or eyes like a deer. ३. अङ्ग the asterism, नी to get, अङ्ग aff., and अङ्ग added; or अङ्ग a deer, and नेत्र the eye.  
 अङ्गवति म. (-तिः) A lion. ३. अङ्ग an animal or a deer, and वति lord.  
 अङ्गपद n. (-पदः) A deer's foot. ३. अङ्ग, and पद for पाद foot. [aff., fem. form.  
 अङ्गपाशिका f. (-का) The musk-deer. ३. अङ्ग a deer, पाश to nourish, पुन्र्जन्तु.  
 अङ्गपिण्ड म. (-पिण्डः) The moon. ३. अङ्ग a deer, and पिण्ड a mark or spot.  
 अङ्गप्राजीव म. (-प्राजीवः) A hunter, a deer-killer. ३. अङ्ग a deer, प्राज् killing, and प्राजीव who lives by. [confinement.  
 अङ्गपञ्चनी f. (-नी) A net for confining deer. ३. अङ्ग a deer, and पञ्चनी  
 अङ्गपञ्चनी f. (-नी) Bitter apple or Colocynth. ३. अङ्ग, and पञ्चनी eating.  
 अङ्गपद m. (-पदः) Musk. ३. अङ्ग a deer, and पद passion, or fluid that distills from the elephant's temples when in rut, and to which this secretion is considered analogous.  
 अङ्गपदवासा f. (-वासा) A musk-bag.  
 अङ्गपद m. (-पदः) Name of a particular class of elephants.  
 अङ्गपदिका f. (-का) A female antelope. ३. अङ्ग, मातृ mother, अङ्ग added.  
 अङ्गनाम mfn. (-ङ्ग-नाम) Seeking, pursuing, hunting. ३. अङ्ग to seek, नाम aff.  
 अङ्गनाम m. (-ङ्गः) The sign Capricornus of the zodiac. [irr.  
 अङ्गना f. (-ङ्गः) Chase, hunting. ३. अङ्ग to search or seek, अङ्ग aff., deriv.  
 अङ्गना m. (-ङ्गः) 1. BRAHMA. 2. A jackal. 3. A hunter. ३. अङ्ग a deer, या to go, कु Unádi aff., form irr; or अङ्ग-यु।  
 अङ्गराज m. (-राजः) 1. A lion. 2. The sign Leo of the zodiac. 3. A tiger. 4. The moon. ३. अङ्ग an animal, and राज् who rules over; also with a final vowel अङ्गराज m. (-ङ्गः)  
 अङ्गरिपु म. (-पुः) A lion. ३. अङ्ग an animal, and रिपु the enemy.  
 अङ्गरोमज mfn. (-ङ्ग-रोम-ज) Woollen, (cloth, &c.) ३. अङ्ग an animal, रोम hair, and ज produced, made.  
 अङ्गरोमज m. (-ङ्गः) The moon. ३. अङ्ग a deer, रोमज symbol, sign.  
 अङ्गरोमिका f. (-का) The deer-like streak on the disc of the moon. [च  
 अङ्गरोम m. (-ङ्गः) Air, wind. ३. अङ्ग a deer, and रोम vehicle. "आतिनचने  
 अङ्गरोम n. (-ङ्गः) 1. Chase, hunting. 2. The butt or mark in archery. ३. अङ्ग a deer, अङ्ग to destroy, aff. च।  
 अङ्गरोम m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A hunter. 2. The dog's star. 3. S'IVA.  
 अङ्गरोम m. (-ङ्गः) A fawn.  
 अङ्गरिपु n. (-पुः) The fifth lunar mansion, containing three stars, one of which is ORIONIS, and figured by an antelope's head, whence its name. ३. अङ्ग a deer, and रिपु the head; also अङ्गरिपु f. (-पु) or अङ्गरिपु m. (-पुः)।  
 अङ्गरीपु m. (-पुः) The constellation Mri'gas'iras; see the last. ३. अङ्ग a deer, and रोम the head; also f. (-पु)।  
 अङ्गरीपु f. (-पु) 1. Bitter-apple, (Ouomis colocintida.) 2. A woman with eyes like a deer's. ३. अङ्ग a deer, अङ्ग the eye.  
 अङ्गरोम m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The moon. 2. Air, wind. 3. Camphor. ३. अङ्ग a deer, and अङ्ग a symbol, or अङ्ग to go, aff. अङ्ग।  
 अङ्गरोम n. (-ङ्गः) A deer-skin. ३. अङ्ग, and अङ्ग a skin.  
 अङ्गरोम m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A hyena. 2. A hunter. ३. अङ्ग a deer, and प्राजीव who lives by or preys upon.  
 अङ्गरोमिका f. (-का) Musk. ३. अङ्ग a deer, अङ्ग testicle, and अङ्ग produced.  
 अङ्गरोम m. (-ङ्गः or -ङ्गः) A tiger. ३. अङ्ग a deer, अङ्ग to eat, aff. अङ्ग।  
 अङ्गरोम m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A hyena. 2. A leopard. f. (-नी) Colocynth, (Cucumis colocintida.) "अङ्गरोमिका" ३. अङ्ग a deer, and अङ्ग eating.

अङ्गनाम m. (-ङ्गः) The Chita' or hunting leopard. ३. अङ्ग a deer, अङ्ग destroyer.  
 अङ्गनाम m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A dog. 2. A lion. ३. अङ्ग a deer, and अङ्गनाम an  
 अङ्गनाम m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A lion. 2. A tiger. 3. A dog, a hound. ३. अङ्ग a deer, and अङ्गनाम an enemy.  
 अङ्गनाम m. (-ङ्गः) A hunter, a deer-killer. ३. अङ्ग a deer, अङ्ग to destroy, with अङ्ग prefix, and अङ्ग aff., and the semi-vowel changed.  
 अङ्गनाम m. (-ङ्गः) The sign Capricornus of the zodiac.  
 अङ्गनाम mfn. (-ङ्ग-नाम) Sought, pursued. ३. अङ्ग to chase, aff. अङ्ग।  
 अङ्गरोम m. (-ङ्गः) A lion. ३. अङ्ग an animal, अङ्ग lord, master.  
 अङ्गरोमचक म. (-ङ्गः) A hawk, a falcon. ३. अङ्गरोम a lion, चक a sparrow.  
 अङ्गरोमचक n. (-ङ्गः) 1. The lion's mouth. 2. A species of the Atijagati' metre. ३. अङ्गरोम, and अङ्ग mouth.  
 अङ्गरोमिका m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A white deer. 2. Colocynth.  
 अङ्गरोम mfn. (-ङ्ग-नाम) To be sought or inquired for. ३. अङ्ग to search, अङ्ग aff. [pass. v., अङ्ग aff.  
 अङ्गनाम mfn. (-ङ्ग-नाम) Being sought or inquired after. ३. अङ्ग to search, अङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A heap of earth.  
 अङ्गनामिका f. (-का) A small cart of clay.  
 अङ्ग (ङ्ग) अङ्ग r. 2nd cl. (आङ्ग) r. 1st and 10th cl. (आङ्गति आङ्गयति) 1. To clean, to cleanse. 2. To be clean or pure. 3. To ornament. 4. To sound. 5. To sharpen. With अङ्ग or अङ्ग prefixed, 1. To sweep, to sweep away. 2. To clean. With अङ्ग 1. To clean. 2. To stroke. 3. To filter.  
 अङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A musical instrument, probably a sort of tabor or drum. f. (-ङ्गः) 1. Cleansing the body, by washing, anointing, &c. 2. Purification, ablution. 3. Complexion. ३. अङ्ग to cleanse, to sound, aff. अङ्ग, or अङ्ग, and टाप् aff.  
 अङ्गनाम mfn. (-ङ्ग-नाम) Clean, cleansed. ३. अङ्ग. and अङ्ग order.  
 अङ्गनाम f. (-ङ्गः) Adj. Wiped away, removed.  
 अङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्ग-नाम) To be cleaned or purified. ३. अङ्ग to cleanse, अङ्ग aff.; also अङ्ग।  
 अङ्ग r. 6th cl. (अङ्गति) r. 9th cl. (अङ्गति) 1. To delight, to make happy. 2. To rejoice, to be happy or delighted. r. 9th cl. (According to some authorities.) To grind or pound.  
 अङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A name of S'IVA. 2. The fire that completes an oblation. f. [अङ्ग or -अङ्ग(ङ्ग)नी] DURGA, the wife of S'IVA. ३. अङ्ग to be pleased or delighted, aff. अङ्ग, fem. अङ्ग, with आङ्ग augment.  
 अङ्गरोम m. (-ङ्गः) A child, a pupil. ३. अङ्ग to be pleased, Unádi aff. अङ्ग।  
 अङ्गरोम m. (-ङ्गः) A deer. ३. अङ्ग to delight, Unádi aff. अङ्ग।  
 अङ्ग r. 6th cl. (अङ्गति) 1. To hurt, to injure. 2. To kill.  
 अङ्गनाम m. (-ङ्गः) The film or fibres attached to the stalk of a lotus. n. (-ङ्गः) The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) "वीरचन्द्र" f. (-ङ्गः) A small fibre in the stalk of the water-lily. ३. अङ्ग to hurt, Unádi aff. अङ्ग।  
 अङ्गनामिका f. (-का) A lotus-stalk.  
 अङ्गनाम m. (-ङ्गः) A lotus. f. (अङ्गनाम) 1. An assemblage of lotus flowers. 2. A place abounding with lotuses. 3. A lotus plant. ३. अङ्गनाम a fibre, अङ्ग aff. [अङ्ग aff.; also अङ्ग।  
 अङ्गनाम mfn. (-ङ्ग-नाम) Made of earth or clay, (as proclaimed, &c.) ३. अङ्ग, अङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्ग-नाम) 1. Dead, expired, extinct, defunct. 2. Calcinated, rednoed, (metals.) u. (-ङ्ग) 1. Solicited alms. 2. Death. ३. अङ्ग to die, aff. अङ्ग।  
 अङ्गनाम n. (-ङ्गः) 1. A dead body, a corpse. 2. Impurity contracted by the death of a near relation. ३. अङ्ग dead, अङ्ग added. [rison.  
 अङ्गनाम mfn. (-ङ्ग-नाम) Insensible, fainted. ३. अङ्ग, अङ्ग aff. of compa-  
 अङ्गनाम m. (-ङ्गः) A jackal. ३. अङ्ग dead, and अङ्गनाम fond of.  
 अङ्गनाम n. (-ङ्गः) A grave.  
 अङ्गनाम m. (-ङ्गः) The sun.

सुधाम. (-पः) A man of the lowest caste, who for a subsistence collects dead men's clothes; conveys dead bodies to the river side to be burnt; executes criminals, &c. E. सुत, and धा who cherishes.  
 सुधमन. (-तः) A jackal. E. सुत a corpse, and मन्त fond of, mad for; also with कन् added सुधमन्त. [long. E. सुत, वन्त young.  
 सुधवत्सा f. (-सा) A woman or female animal, whose offspring never live  
 सुधवत्सा f. (-सा) The fear entertained of a person's being dead. E. सुत, वत्सा fear. [living.  
 सुतसंजीवनी f. (-नी) A Mantra for reviving the dead. E. सुत, संजीवनी re-  
 सुतसंज्ञा mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Bathed after mourning. 2. Dying immediately after ablution. E. सुत dead, स्नात bathed.  
 सुतस्नान. (-नं) Funeral ablution, bathing after mourning. E. सुत dead, and स्नान bathing. [and जीन्त liberator.  
 सुतसमीक्ष. (-क्षा) The name of a royal saint. E. सुत death, स्म his own,  
 सुतस्य. (-स्य) The sun. E. सुत dead, and स्य egg. [स्य aff.  
 सुतामय. (-यं) Blue vitriol. E. सुत earth, मय to please, चाङ् prefix, and  
 सुतालक. (-कः) A fragrant sort of earth. E. सुत earth, लक् to adorn, causal, form, aff. लक्, and कन् added; also सुतालक. [relation.  
 सुताशीघ्र. (-घ्र) Impurity contracted through the death of a near  
 सुति f. (-तिः) Death, dying. E. सु to die, aff. तिन्.  
 सुतीक्ष्ण. (-घ्र) The ocean. E. सुत dead, destroyed, and उद्भव produced.  
 सुत्तय. (-यः) A small lump of earth.  
 सुत्तर. (-रः) A potter. E. सुत earth, and कर who works.  
 सुत्तस्थ. (-स्थः) An earthen vessel, a mug, a pitcher. E. सुत् earth, and कांय a goblet.  
 सुत्किरा f. (-रा) An earth-worm. E. सुत् earth, and किर a hog, fem. form.  
 सुत्खलिनी f. (-नी) A plant, commonly Charmakasa.  
 सुत्ताल. (-लः) A sort of fragrant earth; also called Surat earth. E. सुत् earth, ताल site; place of abiding; also with कन् added, सुत्तालक. (-कः) and with a single consonant, सुत्तालक.  
 सुत्तिका f. (-का) 1. Earth, clay, soil. 2. A fragrant earth. E. सुत् earth and तिक्न् pleonastic addition, fem. aff. टाप्. [जीप्.  
 सुत्तफली f. (-ली) A sort of Costus. "कुङ्कुम" E. सुत् earth, फल a fruit, fem. aff.  
 सुत्त mfn. Subst. (-त्युः-त्युः-त्युः) Death, dying. m. (-त्युः) YAMA, the judge of the dead. E. सु to die, Una'di aff. त्यक्.  
 सुत्तय. (-यः) A name of S'IVA. E. सुत् death, and जय conqueror.  
 सुत्तयुग्म. (-युग्मः) The drum beaten at funerals.  
 सुत्तनाशक. (-कः) Quicksilver. E. सुत् death, नाशक destroyer, remover.  
 सुत्तपुष्प. (-पुष्पः) Sugar-cane. E. सुत् death, पुष्प flower; dying after flowering.  
 सुत्तफल. (-फलः) A sort of fruit considered as poisonous. f. (-सा or -ली) The plantain. E. सुत् death, फल fruit.  
 सुत्तभङ्गक. (-कः) A drum beat on funeral occasions. E. सुत् death, भङ्ग broken, aff. कन्.  
 सुत्तम. (-मः) Sickness, malady, disease. E. सुत् death, सुत्त servant.  
 सुत्तम. (-मः) 1. S'IVA. 2. A raven or a kind of crow, the carrion crow. 3. A tree, (Mgle marmelos.) E. सुत् death or decay, and वञ्चन deceiving.  
 सुत्तशेख. (-शेखः) The bamboo. E. सुत् death, and शेख seed.  
 सुत्तपुत्रि f. (-तिः) A female crab. E. सुत् death, and पुत्रि bearing.  
 सुत्ता f. (-ता) 1. Good or rich soil. 2. A fragrant earth. E. सुत् earth, त aff. of superior quality. [त aff. of excellence.  
 सुत्ता f. (-ता) 1. Good soil. 2. A fragrant sort of earth. E. सुत् earth, सुत्ताभाषक. (-कः) A pitcher, an earthen vessel for carrying water. E. सुत्ता earth, भाषक vessel.  
 सुत्त. 9th ol (सुत्त) 1. To grind, to powder, to reduce to dust or powder. 2. To trample on, to tread under foot. 3. To squeeze. 4. To wipe away 5 To overcome. [trample on, aff. तिप्.  
 सुत्त f. (सुत्त or सुत्त) 1. Earth, soil, clay. 2. A fragrant earth. E. सुत् to  
 सुत्त. (रः) The green pigeon, (Columba harrala, BUCH.)

सुत्त. (-रः) 1. A tobacco, a small drum. 2. A double drum. 3. A sound, a noise. 4. A bamboo-cane. E. सुत् to be trampled on, to be beat, Una'di aff. सुत्त; also with कन् added सुत्तक.  
 सुत्तक. (-कः) The jack tree, (Artocarpus integrifolia.) E. सुत्त a drum, and कक a fruit; perhaps alluding to its size and shape.  
 सुत्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Sportive, sporting. 2. Passing quickly away, transient. E. सु to die, हर Una'di aff.  
 सुत्ता f. (-ता) Earth, clay, soil. E. सुत् to trample on, aff. सुत्त and टाप्.  
 सुत्ताकर. (-रः) The thunderbolt. E. सुत्ता earth, and कर what makes.  
 सुत्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Rubbed, ground. 2. Trodden or trampled on. 3. Pressed. E. सुत् to reduce to powder, aff. त.  
 सुत्तनी f. (-नी) Good soil or earth. E. सुत् earth, रति aff., fem. aff. जीप्.  
 सुत्त mfn. (-दुः-ही-दुः) 1. Soft. 2. Blunt, not sharp. 3. Gentle, mild. 4. Slow, weak. f. (-ही) The brown grape. m. (-दुः) The planet Saturn. E. सुत् to rub, aff. दु, and the semi-vowel changed to its congener.  
 सुत्तकषायस. (-सः) Lead.  
 सुत्तकोष्ठ. (-ष्ठः) A man of lax bowels, one easily affected by medicine. E. सुत्, and कोष्ठ intestinal canal.  
 सुत्तगन्धा f. (-गन्धा) A goose, a swan. E. सुत् soft, गन्ध going. [रति aff.  
 सुत्तचर्मिन्. (-र्मिन्) The Bhurja-patra-tree. E. सुत् soft, चर्म skin or bark  
 सुत्तक. (-कः) 1. The Bhurja-patra or brich tree. 2. A kind of Pin, or tree growing in the hills. E. सुत् soft, and सुत्त covering or bark.  
 सुत्ता f. (-ता) Softness. E. तल् added to सुत्; also with ल, सुत्तल.  
 सुत्तल. (-लः) The Bhurjapatra or brich tree, the bark of which peels off, and is used in making Hooke-snakes, &c. E. सुत् soft, and लक् skin; also with a final consonant, सुत्तलक्. (-लक्).  
 सुत्तक. (-कः) Gold.  
 सुत्तपत्र. (-पत्रः) A cane or ratan; also सुत्तपत्रक. (-कः).  
 सुत्तपाणि mfn. (-पिः-पिः-पिः) Having a soft and delicate hand. E. सुत् and पाणि hand. [flower.  
 सुत्तपुष्प. (-पुष्पः) The Sirisha tree, (Mimosa sirisha.) E. सुत् soft, पुष्प  
 सुत्तरीनवत्. (-वत्) A hare. E. सुत् soft, रीन hair, and नवत् aff.  
 सुत्त mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Soft. 2. Mild, gentle. n. (-लः) 1. Water. 2. A kind of aloe-wood. E. सुत् soft, and लक् aff.  
 सुत्तलीनक. (-कः) A hare. E. सुत् soft, लीन hair, and कन् added.  
 सुत्तवात. (-तः) A gentle breeze, zephyr. E. सुत् soft, and वात wind.  
 सुत्तपल. (-लः) The blue lotus, (Nymphaea caerulea.) E. सुत्, लक् a lotus.  
 सुत्तक. (-कः) An earthen vessel. E. सुत् and भाषक a vessel.  
 सुत्त mfn. (-हः-ही-हः) Of soft or tender frame or body. f. (-ही) A delicate woman. n. (-हः) Tin. E. सुत् soft, हक् body, substance.  
 सुत्तका f. (-का) A grape. E. सुत् to hurt, कौकन् aff. and सुत्त augment.  
 सुत्त. (उ) सुत्त. 1st. ol. [नहं(प)ति-ने] 1. To be moist or wet. 2. To hurt or kill.  
 सुत्त. (-पः) War, battle. E. सुत् to hurt, or kill, aff. प.  
 सुत्तक. (-कः) A stone, a rock. E. सुत् earth and कक dry as a desert.  
 सुत्तकोष्ठ. (-ष्ठः) A clod of earth or clay. E. सुत् and कोष्ठ a lump.  
 सुत्त. (जी) सुत्त. 6th ol. (सुत्तति) 1. To touch. 2. To see, to perceive. 3. To consult, to consider, to deliberate. With परा, to counsel, to advise. With वि, 1. To consider, to discuss. 2. To touch. 3. To observe. 4. To examine.  
 सुत्त. 1st and 10th ols. (सुत्तति-ने सुत्तति-ने) and 4th ol. (सुत्तति-ने) 1. To bear, to suffer, to endure patiently. 2. To permit. 3. To pardon.  
 (च) सुत्त. 1st ol. (सुत्तति-ने) To sprinkle. With चाङ्, To be angry. With वि, To be distressed, to bear hardly.  
 सुत्ता Ind. 1. Falsely. 2. Uselessly, in vain. E. सुत् to bear, with ता aff.  
 सुत्ताध्यायिन्. (-यिन्) A species of crane.  
 सुत्ताध्यायिन्. (-यिन्) An impossibility, an absurdity, (in speech or composition;) the sense of which is evidently false, as सुत्तकीनतनुनाय, सुत्त-यत्तयत्तयत्तय, his armour is of tortoise wool, and his bow the horn of a hare. E. सुत् falsely, यत् meaning, कन् added.



मङ्गलक m. (-कः) The mango tree.  
 मङ्गलवाद् m. (-दः) 1. Irony, ironical praise. 2. Falsehood. 3. Flattery. ४. मङ्गल falsely, वाद् speech, praise.  
 मङ्गलवादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी दि) Speaking falsely, lying, a liar. m. (-दी)  
 A false accuser, one who brings forward an unjust or unfounded accusation. ४. मङ्गल falsely, and वादिन् who speaks.  
 मङ्गल्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) Speaking falsely, lying, a liar, a flatterer. n. (-यः) Falsehood. ४. मङ्गल् falsely, वद् to speak, aff. कप् ।  
 मृत् mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) 1. Cleaned, cleansed. 2. Touched, rubbed. 3. Sprinkled. 4. Cooked. 5. Considered, deliberated. 6. Agreeable. n. (-ष्टः) Pepper. ४. मृज् to clean, or मृव् to rub, &c., aff. कप् ।  
 मृष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) 1. Touching, contact. 2. Cleaning. 3. Sprinkling. 4. Preparing the food for a meal. ४. मृज् to clean, or मृव् to sprinkle, &c., क्तिन् aff.  
 मृष्टक m. (-कः) 1. A liberal man, a donor, a Benefactor. 2. A churlish or inhospitable man. 3. An eater of sweetmeats.  
 मृ. 9th cl. (मृषाति) To hurt, to injure, to kill.  
 मे. 1st cl. (मयते) 1. To barter or exchange. 2. To return, to restore.  
 मेक m. (-कः) A goat. [2. A goat.  
 मेकल mf. (-लः-ला) 1. Name of a certain part of Vind'hya mountain.  
 मेकलकन्या f. (-का) The Narmadā river. ४. मेकल or मेखल the name of a Rishi the supposed father, or of a mountain, the source of the stream, and कन्या daughter; hence also मेखलकन्या ।  
 मेकलाद्रि f. (-जा) The Narmadā river. ४. मेकलाद्रि the Me'kala mountain, part of the Vind'hya range, and ज born.  
 मेखला f. (-ला) 1. A woman's girdle or zone. 2. A sword-knot, a string or chain fastened to the hilt, and in fighting bound round the wrist to secure the weapon. 3. A sword-belt. 4. The slope of a mountain. 5. The Narmadā river. 6. The sacrificial string of a Brāhmaṇa when made of deer-skin. 7. A sort of figure, made on the four sides of the hole in which sacrificial fire is offered. 8. A triple zone or string worn round the loins by the three first classes; the girdle of the Brāhmaṇa should be of the fibres of the Munja or of Kus'a grass, that of the Kshetriya of a Mu'rva, and that of the Vais'ya of a thread of the S'an'a, &c. 9. The girth of a horse. 10. The hips. ४. मि to scatter, खलच् aff., deriv. irr.  
 मेखलापद n. (-दः) The hip and loins. ४. मेखला a zone, and पद place.  
 मेखलन् mfn. (-ली-लिनी-लि) Wearing a girdle. m. (-ली) 1. A youth of the Brāhmaṇa tribe, who previous to his marriage wears a girdle suited to his caste. 2. S'iva. ४. मेखला, and लि aff.  
 मेघ m. (-घः) 1. A cloud. 2. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 3. A demon, a goblin. 4. A mass, a multitude. n. (-घः) Talo. ४. बिच् to sprinkle, aff. चच्, and the final changed.  
 मेघकफ m. (-फः) Hail. ४. मेघ a cloud, and कफ phlegm.  
 मेघकाल m. (-कः) The rains, the rainy season. ४. मेघ a cloud, काल time.  
 मेघगर्जन m. (-गः-गः) Thunder. ४. मेघ, गर्जन noise. [make, खच् aff.  
 मेघहर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Cloud-producing, (rainy season.) ४. मेघ, हर to  
 मेघचिन्तक m. (-कः) The Chātaka, (Cuculus melanoleucus.) ४. मेघ a cloud, चिन्तक who think of; being supposed to drink no water but rain, and therefore naturally anxious for cloudy and rainy weather.  
 मेघज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Cloud-born, produced in or from the clouds. m. (-जः) A large pearl. ४. मेघ, and ज born.  
 मेघजाल n. (-जः) 1. Talo. 2. A mass of clouds. ४. मेघ a cloud, and जाल a net; some copies read मेघजाल ।  
 मेघजीवक m. (-कः or नः) The Chātaka. ४. मेघ a cloud, जीवक living, or जीव life; see मेघचिन्तक । [जीवित् light.  
 मेघजीवित् m. (-तिः) A flash of lightning or the fire of it. ४. मेघ a cloud, जीवित् m.  
 मेघधर m. (-रः) Thunder.

मेघतिमिर n. (-रः) Cloudiness, cloudy or rainy weather. ४. मेघ a cloud, तिमिर darkness.  
 मेघदीप m. (-पः) Lightning. ४. मेघ a cloud, and दीप inflamer.  
 मेघद्वार n. (-रः) Sky, heaven, ether. ४. मेघ a cloud, and द्वार the gate.  
 मेघनाद m. (-दः) 1. The son of RA'VAN'A. 2. A name of VARUN'A, the deity of water. 3. The noise or grumbling of clouds. 4. The Pala'-s'ha tree, (Butea frondosa.) 5. A sort of amaranth, (Amaranthus Polygamus.) ४. मेघ a cloud, and नाद sound or noise.  
 मेघनादजित् m. (-जित्) LAKSHMAN'A, the favourite brother and companion of RA'MA. ४. मेघनाद the son of RA'VANA, जित् conqueror.  
 मेघनादगुणवासिन् m. (-सी) A peacock. ४. मेघनाद the muttering of clouds, चतुस्व to be delighted by, वासिन् aff.; pairing in the rainy season.  
 मेघनामन् m. (-नः) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) ४. मेघ a cloud, and नामन् appellation, or it may apply to every term for a cloud, being a synonyme of the grass.  
 मेघनिर्घोष m. (-घः) The muttering or grumbling of clouds, low or distant thunder. ४. मेघ a cloud, and निर्घोष sound, noise.  
 मेघपुत्र n. (-घः) 1. Water. 2. River-water. 3. Hail. m. (-घः) One of VISHN'U's horses. ४. मेघ a cloud, and पुत्र a flower.  
 मेघप्रसव m. (-घः) Water. ४. मेघ a cloud, and प्रसव a parent.  
 मेघभूति m. (-तिः) The thunderbolt. ४. मेघ a cloud, and भूति being.  
 मेघमाला f. (-ला) A gathering or succession of clouds. ४. मेघ a cloud, माला a necklace or garland. [production.  
 मेघयोगि m. (-गिः) Smoke, fog. ४. मेघ a cloud, योगि place of birth or  
 मेघराग m. (-गः) One of the six modes of music. ४. मेघ a cloud, राग mode; being supposed capable of bringing down rain from heaven.  
 मेघवर्णा f. (-वा) The indigo-plant. ४. मेघ a cloud, and वर्णा colour.  
 मेघवर्मान् n. (-वर्मा) Sky, atmosphere. ४. मेघ a cloud, and वर्मान् road.  
 मेघवह्नि m. (-ह्निः) The fire of lightning. ४. मेघ a cloud, वह्नि fire.  
 मेघवाहन m. (-नः) 1. A name of INDRA. 2. S'iva. ४. मेघ a cloud, वाहन vehicle.  
 मेघविस्फुजित n. (-तः) 1. Thunder. 2. A species of the Atidhriti' metro. ४. मेघ, and विस्फुजित bursting.  
 मेघवेश्मन् n. (-श्म) Sky, atmosphere. ४. मेघ a cloud, and वेश्मन् abode.  
 मेघसार m. (-रः) A kind of camphor, "चीनकपर्पूर ।"  
 मेघसुहृद् m. (-हृद्) A peacock. ४. मेघ a cloud, and सुहृद् a friend.  
 मेघसहित n. (-तः) Thunder. [arrival.  
 मेघाख्य n. (-ख्य) Talc. ४. मेघ a cloud, and ख्य arrival.  
 मेघागत m. (-गः) The rains, the rainy season. ४. मेघ a cloud, and आगत  
 मेघाटीप m. (-पः) A dense cloud.  
 मेघमन्दिन् m. (-न्दी) A peacock. ४. मेघ a cloud, and मन्दिन् delighting.  
 मेघान्त m. (-न्तः) The autumn.  
 मेघात्रि m. (-त्रिः) Wind.  
 मेघास्त्र n. (-स्त्र) Hail. ४. मेघ a cloud, अस्त्र a bone. [place.  
 मेघाख्य n. (-ख्य) Heaven, ether, sky, atmosphere. ४. मेघ a cloud, आख्य  
 मेघोदर m. (-रः) The father of the fifth Jina or Jain'a saint.  
 मेघक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Black, dark, of a dark, or black colour. m. (-कः)  
 1. Black or dark-blue, (the colour) 2. The eye of a peacock's tail.  
 3. A cloud. 4. Smoke. 5. A nipple. 6. A plant, (Hyperanthera morunga) mn. (-कः-क) Darkness. n. (-कः) Sulphuret of antimony. ४. मच् to mix, Unādi aff. वृन्, and the vowel changed to ए ।  
 मेघकापगा f. (-गा) The Yamuna' river. ४. मेघक dark, and अपगा the river.  
 मेट् (ख) मेट् r. lat. cl. (मेटति) To be mad.  
 मेट्ता f. (-ता) A tree, (Spoudias mangifera.) 2. The emblio myrobalan-tree. ४. मेट् to be mad, खल्च् aff. [मेख ।  
 मेठ m. (-ठः) 1. An elephant-keeper or feeder. 2. A ram; also मेठ and मेठ् (ख) मेठ r. lat. cl. (मेठति) To be mad. [कन्, मेठक ।  
 मेठ् m. (-ठः) 1. The penis. 2. A ram. ४. मिच् to urinate, इन्च् aff.; also with मेठ्चर्मन् n. (-र्म) The prepuce.

**वेद्यवृक्षी f. (-वी)** A milky plant, the fruit of which is crooked, and therefore compared to a ram's horn, (*Asclepias geminata*.) **म.** वेद्य a ram, वृक्षी a horn, ऊष् aff. "गावर्धिका ।"

**वेद्य m. (-द्यः)** An elephant-keeper : also read वेद्य as above.

**वेद्य m. (-द्यः)** An elephant-keeper or feeder.

**वेद्य m. (-द्यः)** A ram. **म.** निद् to urinate, चञ् aff., तुन् inserted and the final changed; also with कन् added वेद्यक ।

**वेद्य् (ञ्) वेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्यति-ते)** 1. To understand to comprehend. 2. To hurt, to injure. 3. To kill. 4. To associate.

**वेद्यि m. (-द्यिः)** 1. A pillar in the centre of a threshing floor, round which the cattle turn to tread out the corn. 2. A prop for supporting the shafts of a carriage. **f. (-वी)** A sort of grass, (*Trigonella foenugraecum*.) **म.** लब्ध् to understand, &c. इन् aff., fem. aff. ऊष्; also with कन् added in the fem. form वेद्यिका; also वेद्यि ।

**वेद्य् (ञ्) वेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्यति-ते)** 1. To understand. 2. To kill or injure.

**वेद्य m. (-द्यः)** 1. Adeps, fat, the supposed proper seat of which is the abdomen. 2. One of the outcast tribes. **f. (-दा)** A drug, described as a sort of root resembling ginger, brought from the Morung district; it is one of the eight principal medicaments, and is said to be of cooling and emollient properties, and of particular use in fever and consumption. **म.** निद् to be greasy or unctuous, aff. चञ्; also वेद्यस् । [यु. ५.]

**वेद्यक m. (-कः)** Vinous liquor for distilling. **म.** निद् to be unctuous, aff.

**वेद्यस् n. (-द्यः)** 1. Marrow: applicable not merely to the marrow of the bones, but more properly, to the serous or adipose secretion that spreads amongst the muscular fibres, and which is considered as performing the same functions to the flesh that the marrow of the bones performs to them; in Hindu physiology its proper seat is said to be the abdomen. 2. Morbid or unnatural corpulency. **म.** निद् to be unctuous, चञ् aff.

**वेद्यकृत् n. (-कृत्)** Flesh. **म.** वेद्यस् adeps, and कृत् made.

**वेद्यलक्ष्मि mfn. (-लक्ष्मी-लि)** 1. Robust, stout, strong. 2. Fat, corpulent. **म.** वेद्यस् and लिनि aff.

**वेदिनी f. (-नी)** The earth. **म.** वेद्यस् adeps, इनि and ऊष् affs.; being made, according to the legend, of the adeps of two demons slain by **ब्रह्मा** .

**वेदिनीश्वर m. (-वः)** Dust. **म.** वेदिनी the earth, and इद् to get, aff. चञ् ।

**वेद्य mfn. (-द्यः-रा-र)** Smooth, soft, bland, unctuous, saponaceous, &c. **म.** निद् to be unctuous, चुरन् aff.

**वेद्योदधि m. (-धिः)** A fatty tumor. **म.** वेद्यस्, and धिनि knot.

**वेद्योद n. (-ज)** A bone. **म.** वेद्यस् marrow, and ज born.

**वेद्योदरा f. (-रा)** A membrane in the abdomen, containing the अँ the omentum. **म.** वेद्यस्, धरा what has. [A tumour.]

**वेद्योद्वेद n. (-द)** Fatty tumours unattended with pain. **म.** वेद्यस्, चञ्च् वेद्योद्वेद n. (-वः) A vessel carrying fat, a lymphatic. **म.** वेद्यस्, and वच् what bears. [इद् increase.]

**वेद्योद्वेद f. (-धिः)** 1. Corpulency. 2. Enlargement of the scrotum. **म.** वेद्यस्

**वेद्य f. (-द्यः)** 1. Fat 2. Thick.

**वेद्य् (ञ्) वेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्यति-ते)** 1. To understand, to comprehend. 2. To associate. 3. To hurt, to injure, to kill.

**वेद्य m. (-द्यः)** Sacrifice, offering oblation. **f. (-द्यः)** 1. Apprehension, conception, understanding. 2. Retentiveness. **म.** वेद्य् to associate, aff. चप् or चङ् ।

**वेद्यजित् m. (-जित्)** The name of a saint and grammarian; also **KA'TYA-YANA**. **म.** वेद्य apprehension, and जित् victor.

**वेद्यचन्द्र m. (-चन्द्रः)** The poet **KA'LIDASA**.

**वेद्यविद् mfn. (-विद्-वि)** Intelligent, comprehending, ready comprehension or conception. **m. (-वी)** 1. A parrot. 2. A learned man, a sage. 3. Intoxicating beverage. 4. The inspired writer **Vyāṇi**. **f. (-वी)** The wife of **ब्रह्मा** . **म.** वेद्य apprehension, विनि aff.

**वेद्यि m. (-द्यिः)** A post fixed in the centre of a threshing floor or barn to which the cattle are attached, as they turn round it to tread out the corn. **म.** वेद्य to associate or connect, (the oxen, &c.) इन् aff.

**वेद्यिर mfn. (-रः-रा-र)** Intelligent, possessing a ready and just apprehension. **म.** वेद्य apprehension, इन् aff.

**वेद्य mfn. (-द्यः-या-य)** 1. Pure, purified. 2. Fit for a sacrifice or oblation. **f. (-या)** A kind of orris root, described as the red sort. 3. A sort of pigment: see रोचना. **m. (-यः)** 1. K'hayer, (*Mimosa catechu*.) 2. Barley. 3. A goat. **म.** वेद्य् to associate, aff. चञ्; or वेद्य a sacrifice, and यन् aff.

**वेद्यिका f. (-का)** 1. One of the courtezans of **Swarga**. 2. Name of the wife of **Hima'laya**. **म.** वे to me, का any one, न not, (equal or comparable.) ; or नि-नक ।

**वेद्यिकाश्वी f. (-जा)** **DURGA** or **PA'RVATI**. **म.** वेद्यिका the wife of the personified mountain, अँ लिनि daughter. [प्रायेण husband.]

**वेद्यिकाप्रायेण m. (-यः)** The personified **Hima'laya** mountain. **म.** वेद्यिका, वेद्यिका f. (-जा) **PA'RVATI**. **म.** वेद्यिका, the mother of the goddess, ज born.

**वेद्या f. (-या)** The wife of **Hima'laya**: see वेद्यिका ।

**वेद्यम m. (-द्यः)** 1. A cat. 2. A goat. 3. A peacock. **म.** वे imitative cry, मew, गद्गद् sound.

**वेद्यपति m. (-वः)** **Hima'laya** the personified mountain and father of **DURGA** as **PA'RVATI**. **म.** वेद्या the wife of the mountain, and पति husband.

**वेद्यो f. (-यो)** A plant, from the leaves of which a reddish dye is prepared, with which the palms of the hands, tips of the fingers, soles of the feet, and finger nails are stained, (*Lawsonia inermis*) also वेद्यिका । मा लक्ष्मीः इत्येते यया इत्यञ्च रंगराजो ऊष्च् "वेद्यो ।"

**वेद्य् (ञ्) वेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्यते)** 1. To go, to move. 2. To serve.

**वेद्य् (ञ्) वेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्यते)** To serve. [measure, यन् aff.]

**वेद्य mfn. (-द्यः-या-य)** Measurable, what is to be measured. **म.** मा to measure.

**वेद्य m. (-कः)** An Asura and foe to **VISHNU**.

**वेद्य m. (-द्यः)** 1. The sacred mountain **Me'ru**, in the centre of the seven continents, compared to the cup or seed-vessel of the lotus, the leaves of which are formed by the different **Dwipas**: its height is said by the Hindus to be 84, 000 **Yojanas**, sixteen thousand of which are below the surface of the earth; the shape is variously described, as square, conical, columnar, spherical, or spiral; and the four faces of it are of various colours, or white towards the east, yellow to the south, black to the west, and red towards the north: the river **Ganges** falls from heaven on its summit, and flows thence to the surrounding worlds in four streams; the southern branch is the **Ganges** of India, the northern running into Tartary is the **Bhadrasoma**, the eastern is the **Sitá**, and the western the **Chacshu** or **Oxus**; on the summit of **Me'ru** **ब्रह्मा** resides attended and worshipped by the **Rishis**, **Gandharbas**, &c.; the regents of the points of the compass occupy the corresponding faces of the mountain, the whole of which consists of gold and gems: considered in any but a fabulous light, mount **Me'ru** appears to mean the high land of Tartary, immediately to the north of the **Himálaya** mountains. 2. The central bead in a rosary. 3. The middle gem in a necklace. **म.** नि to scatter, (radiance.) **Unádi** aff. च् ।

**वेद्यक m. (-कः)** Fragrant resin, incense. **म.** वेद्य mount **Me'ru**, चञ् aff.

**वेद्यक n. (-कः)** A spindle. **म.** वेद्य and यन् implement.

**वेद्य mfn. (-द्यः-या-य)** Meeting, union, assemblage; in the modern dialects applied to a large concourse of people collected at stated periods for religious or commercial purposes, as at **Haridwar**, &c. **f. (-का)** 1. Ink. 2. Antimony or any collyrium. 3. Union, intercourse. 4. A company, a society. 5. The indigo-plant. 6. A musical scale. **म.** नि to mix, to meet, aff. चञ्; also with कृद् aff. वेद्यक ।

संज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) Meeting, union, assemblage. २. संज्ञा the same, संज्ञा added.  
 संज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) Meeting, assembling. २. Encounter. ३. Associating with.  
 ४. Mixing with ५. Adding to. ६. मिश्र to mix, संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञायामी संज्ञा) Mixing, adding, or causing to be mixed  
 with, or added to. ६. मिश्र to mix, causal v., संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञा mf. (-संज्ञा) An inkstand. ६. संज्ञा ink, संज्ञा delighting.  
 संज्ञा f. (-संज्ञा) An inkstand. ६. संज्ञा ink, संज्ञा a well.  
 संज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) An inkstand. ६. संज्ञा ink, संज्ञा water.  
 १. (संज्ञा) संज्ञा r. 1st cl. (संज्ञा) To serve, to gratify by service.  
 संज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) १. A ram. २. The sign Aries. ३. A kind of drug. f. (-संज्ञा)  
 A sort of small cardamom, brought from Guzera't. f. (-संज्ञा) An  
 ewe. ६. मिश्र to contend with, संज्ञा aff. [संज्ञा aff., fem. form.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा f. (-संज्ञा) A plant; see संज्ञासंज्ञा. ६. संज्ञा a ram, संज्ञा a horn,  
 संज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) A sort of poison. f. (-संज्ञा) A kind of creeping plant,  
 (Aesclepias geminata, &c.; see संज्ञासंज्ञा. ६. संज्ञा a ram, संज्ञा horn.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) A sort of Cassia, (C. tora.) ६. संज्ञा a ram, संज्ञा the  
 eye, and संज्ञा a flower; which is compared to a sheep's eye; also  
 analogous terms as संज्ञासंज्ञा, &c.; it is also read संज्ञासंज्ञा and  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा, &c., as being named from the Mo'sa or ram. "संज्ञासंज्ञा"  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) INDRA. ६. संज्ञा a ram, and संज्ञा the testicle.  
 संज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) A sort of shrub, commonly Ververa or Barbari,  
 (Ocimum pilosum.) ६. संज्ञा a ram, and संज्ञा osculent root.  
 संज्ञा f. (-संज्ञा) An ewe. ६. संज्ञा an ewe, संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) १. Urinary disease, especially inflammatory affection of  
 the urethra, including gonorrhoea, &c. २. A ram. ३. A goat. ४.  
 Urine, piss. ६. मिश्र to pass as urine, संज्ञा aff. [संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञासंज्ञा-संज्ञा) Urining, passing urine. ६. मिश्र to urine,  
 संज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) १. Membrum virile. २. Urine, piss. ३. Passing urine,  
 pissing. ६. मिश्र to urine, संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) १. Urining. २. Suffering from urinary affec-  
 tions. ६. संज्ञा, संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) Of or belonging to a friend, friendly, amicable.  
 m. (-संज्ञा) १. A Bra'hmana. २. A mixed caste. ३. The anus. nf.  
 (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) १. Friendship. २. Evacuation of excrement. ३. Union. ४. A  
 name of the seventeenth lunar asterism, (see the next.) ६. मिश्र a  
 friend, or the sun and संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञा n. (-संज्ञा) The seventeenth lunar asterism; also ANURA'DHA'. ६. मिश्र  
 the deity, presiding over the asterism, संज्ञा aff. of relation, संज्ञा be  
 longing to Mitra, and संज्ञा an asterism.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) १. A name of the saint AGASTYA. २. VA'LMĪKI. ३.  
 One of the officiating priests at a sacrifice. ६. मिश्र the sun, संज्ञा  
 the deity of वा'रु, संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) १. A name of AGASTYA. २. VA'LMĪKI. ३. VA'SISTHA.  
 ६. मिश्रसंज्ञा a sage, the father of this saint, and संज्ञा aff.; or मिश्र  
 the sun, and संज्ञा VARUN'A, alluding to a legend of the birth of  
 the saint from a contest between these deities, for the posses-  
 sion of URVĀNĀ, one of the courtesans of INDRA's heaven.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) A Budd'ha or Baud'd'ha deified saint.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) Of or relating to a friend. m. (-संज्ञा) १. A man of  
 a mixed caste, the son of a Vaideha by an Ayogava mother; his  
 business is to announce the hours in verse. २. The seventh Bud-  
 d'ha, or one still to come. ३. The name of a saint or Muni, the  
 disciple of PARASARA, to whom the Vishnū Purāna is narra-  
 ted. ६. मिश्र a proper name, or मिश्र a friend, and संज्ञा aff. of descent  
 or relation. [संज्ञा, संज्ञा added.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) A orier or chaunter of the hours; see the last. ६.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा f. (-संज्ञा) The contest of friends or allies. ६. संज्ञा relating to  
 friends, संज्ञा aff. of animosity.  
 संज्ञा nf. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) Friendship. ६. मिश्र friend, संज्ञा aff. of property, fem.  
 संज्ञा, and the semi-vowel of the aff. rejected.

संज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) Belonging to, born in, &c. Mithila'. f. (-संज्ञा) A  
 name of S'ITA'. ६. मिश्र, संज्ञा aff. [मिश्र a couple, संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञा n. (-संज्ञा) १. Copulation. २. Union, association. ३. Marriage. ६.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) The excitement of sexual passion.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा f. (-संज्ञा) Union by marriage.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा n. (-संज्ञा) Wisdom, prudence.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) A mountain, or rock in the sea between the southern  
 end of the Peninsula, and Lanka'. ६. संज्ञा the wife of Hima'laya,  
 संज्ञा aff. of descent, being in mythology her son. [sister.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा f. (-संज्ञा) The goddess DURGA' as PA'RVATI'. ६. संज्ञा, संज्ञा  
 संज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) A fisherman. ६. संज्ञा a fish, and संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) The name of a demon killed by KRISHN'A.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) KRISHN'A. ६. संज्ञा as above, and संज्ञा destroyer.  
 संज्ञा n. (-संज्ञा) A sort of spirituous liquor, prepared from the blossoms  
 of the Lythrum fruticosum, with sugar, &c. ६. मिश्र said to be  
 the name of a country or drug, संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) A bee.  
 संज्ञा n. (-संज्ञा) The cast-off skin of an animal.  
 संज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) To be loosed or let go, to be liberated. ६.  
 संज्ञा to let go, संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञा r. 1st and 10th cls. (संज्ञासंज्ञा-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) To let go, to release, to dis-  
 charge, to send, to cast or throw.  
 संज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) १. Final and eternal happiness, the liberation of the soul  
 from the body, and its exemption from further transmigration.  
 २. Death. ३. Liberation, freedom. ४. Loosening, untying. ५. End of  
 an eclipse. ६. Scattering. ७. Shooting. ८. A plant commonly  
 Ghan'ta'pārali. ९. Acquittance of an obligation, as by a son  
 to his father. ६. संज्ञा to let loose or free, संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) Who or what sets at liberty. m. (-संज्ञा) A deli-  
 verer, a liberator. ६. संज्ञा, संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा n. (-संज्ञा) १. Letting go or free, liberating. २. Squandering. ३.  
 Giving up. ४. Causing to flow. ६. संज्ञा to let go, संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) To be, or what may be liberated. ६. संज्ञा, संज्ञा-  
 संज्ञा aff.; also संज्ञा, and संज्ञासंज्ञा.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) Let go, liberated. ६. संज्ञा, and संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) A sage, a devotee. ६. संज्ञा emancipation, संज्ञा mean-  
 संज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) १. Vain, useless, fruitless. २. Left, abandoned.  
 ३. Idle. f. (-संज्ञा) Trumpet-flower, (Bignonia suave oleus.) m. (-संज्ञा) A  
 fence, a hedge. ६. संज्ञा to be foolish, संज्ञा aff. and the final changed.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) Following vain practices, observing useless  
 ceremonies. ६. संज्ञा, संज्ञा act.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) Cultivating vain knowledge or any but re-  
 ligious wisdom. ६. संज्ञा, and संज्ञा knowledge.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा f. (-संज्ञा) A barren woman.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) Indulging vain hopes. ६. संज्ञा, and संज्ञा hope.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) A fence, a hedge.  
 संज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) A tree, (Hyperanthera morunga.) f. (-संज्ञा) १. The silk-  
 cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum) २. The plantain, (Musa  
 sapientum.) ३. The indigo-plant. n. (-संज्ञा) A plantain, (the fruit.) ६.  
 संज्ञा to loose, संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) १. A tree, (Hyperanthera morunga.) २. The silk-cotton  
 tree. ३. The plantain tree. ४. A plant, commonly Ghan'ta'pārali'.  
 ५. A devotee, one who has divested himself of worldly passion and  
 desire. ६. A liberator. ६. संज्ञा to be let loose, संज्ञा aff. संज्ञा; or causal  
 form, संज्ञा, संज्ञा, and संज्ञा added.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा n. (-संज्ञा) Liberating, setting free. ६. संज्ञा to be free, संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा mfn. (-संज्ञा-संज्ञा-संज्ञा) १. To be liberated or let loose. २. To be resign-  
 ed or given up. ६. संज्ञा to be loose, causal v., संज्ञा aff.  
 संज्ञासंज्ञा m. (-संज्ञा) The gum of the silk-cotton tree. ६. संज्ञा the Bombax,

and ras juice; also similar compounds, as नीचनिर्वास, नीचसार, नीचघात, and नीचसुत ।

नीचान्न m. (-ऽः) 1. A kind of pungent seed, (*Nigella Indica*). "कणजीरक" 2. Sandal. 3. The heart of the plantain tree. 4. A plantain, (the fruit.) E. नीच a plantain, &c. चट् to go, (to be used with, to resemble, &c.) aff. चच् ।

नीचनी f. (-नी) A prickly-nightshade. "कणकायान् ।" [to rub, &c. aff. चट् । नीच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. To be let loose. 2. To be given up. E. मुच् to मोटक mn. (-कः-कं) A pill. n. (-कं) Two broken blades of kus'a grass. मोटकी f. (-की) One of the Ra'gini's or female personification of the musical modes. [to rub, &c. aff. चट् ।

मोटन m. (-नः) Air, wind. n. (-नं) Rubbing, grinding, pressing. E. मुट् मोटनक n. (-क) 1. Destruction. 2. A species of the Anush'tubh metre. मोशयित n. (-नं) One of the ten Bha'vas, or properties of women, the silent expression of returned affection.

मोष m. (-षः) 1. Dried fruit. 2. A sort of water-fly, the crocodile-fly. 3. A basket for carrying snakes in. E. मुष् to vow, aff. चच् ।

मोद m. (-दः) 1. Joy, delight, happiness. 2. Fragrance. E. मुद् to rejoice, aff. चच् ।

मोदक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Delighting, rejoicing, causing happiness or delight. mn. (-कः-कं) A sort of sweetmeat. m. (-कः) A mixed casto. E. मुद् to be glad, in the causal form, to make glad, and चल् aff.

मोदयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्तो-यन्) Delighting, pleasing. f. (-नी) 1. Arabian jasmine. 2. A wild sort of lovage, (*Ligusticum ajwaen*). E. मुद् to be pleased, causal form, aff. ञट् ।

मोदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Pleased, delighted. n. (-तं) Pleasure, delight. E. मुद् to rejoice, aff. क, and the vowel changed.

मोदिनी f. (-नी) 1. Jasmine. 2. Musk. 3. Spirituous liquor.

मोरटन m. (-ऽः) 1. Root of sugar cane. 2. The blossom of the *Alangium hexapetalum*. 3. Milk of seven days standing, or when it has lost its milky nature. f. (-ऽः) A sort of creeper, (*Sansevieria zeylanica*). E. मूर् to surround, aff. चट् ।

मोष m. (-षः) 1. A robber. 2. Plundering. 3. Stolen property.

मोषक m. (-कः) A thief. E. मुष् to steal, चल् aff.

मोषण n. (-णं) 1. Stealing. 2. Killing. 3. Outting. E. मुष्, and छुट् aff.

मोषयित m. (-यः) 1. Bra'hmana 2. The ko'kila or Indian cuckoo.

मोषा f. (-षा) Stealing, theft. E. मुष् to steal, चट् and टाप् affs.

मोह m. (-हः) 1. Fainting, loss of consciousness or sense. 2. Ignorance, folly, foolishness; it is applied especially to that spiritual ignorance which leads men to believe in the reality of worldly objects, and to addict themselves to mundane or sensual enjoyment. 3. Pain, affliction. 4. Error, mistake. 5. Bewildarment, distraction. E. मुह् to be ignorant or foolish, aff. चच् ।

मोहकलिल n. (-लं) The snare of illusion.

मोहन mfn. (-नः-ना or -नी-नं) Fascinating, stupefying, depriving of sense or understanding. n. (-न) 1. Copulation. 2. One of the arrows of Ka'madg'ya. 3. Temptation, seduction, the overpowering of reason and reflection by worldly or sensual allurements. 4. A charm employed to bewilder an enemy. m. (-नः) The thorn-apple, (*Dhatura*). f. (-ना) 1. A sort of grass, (*Trigonella corniculata*). 2. A kind of jasmine, commonly the Tripura or Tippera'h jasmine. E. मुह् to be foolish, causal form, aff. युच् or छुट् ।

मोहनक m. (-कः) The mouth of chaitra.

मोहनास्त्र n. (-स्त्रं) A weapon which fascinates the person against whom it is directed.

मोहित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Puzzled, perplexed. 2. Beguiled, deceived. E. मुह् to be foolish, causal v., क aff.

मोहित mfn. (-तो-हितो-हि) Illusive, fallacious, beguiling. E. मोह, and हिन aff.; or मुह् to be foolish causal v., चित् aff.

मोहिनी f. (-नी) 1. A kind of jasmine, commonly Tripuramali. 2.

VISHN'U in the form of a fascinating woman. 3. A name of APSARA'. E. मोह folly, हिन aff., and fem. aff. हिन ।

मोडुलि m. (-लिः) A oar, some books have मोडलि.

मोडिक n. (-क) A pearl. E. मुक्ता a pearl, उक् pleonastic aff.

मोडिकमुष्किनी f. (-नी) A woman who prepares strings of pearls.

मोडिकप्रवरा f. (-वा) The pearl-oyster. E. मोडिक, and प्रवरा a mother

मोडिकमुष्कि f. (-किः) A pearl-oyster. E. मोडिक, a pearl मुष्कि an oyster.

मोक्ष n. (-क्षं) Dumbness. E. मूक. and यच् aff. [aff., fem. aff. ह्ये

मोक्ष्य nf. (-य्यं-य्यो) Scurrility, defamation. E. मुखर foul-mouthed, च

मोक्ष्य n. (-य्यं) Pre-eminence, precedence. E. मुख chief, यच् aff.

मोक्ष n. (-य्य) 1. Simplicity, silliness. 2. Ignorance. 3. A feminine property, asking a lover to tell what is already known. E. मुख, चच् aff.

मोक्ष n. (-य्य) The fruit of the banana tree.

मोक्षो f. (-क्षो) The girdle of a Bra'hmana made of three strings, Munja grass. E. मुक्ता, and यच् aff.

मोक्षिवन्धन n. (-नं) Investiture with the distinguishing cord. E. मोक्षि the girdle, and बन्धन binding; both being assumed at the same time.

मोक्ष n. (-य्य) Ignorance, folly, especially spiritual folly; see मोक्ष. E. मुह fool, यच् aff. of property.

मोक्ष्य n. (-य्य) Baldness, natural or artificial. E. मुख, and यच् aff.

मोक्ष n. (-य्य) A quantity of urine.

मोदकिक m. (-कः) A confectioner.

मोडलि m. (-लिः) A crow.

मोडन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Fit for or bearing, &c. kidney-beans. E. मुह kidney-bean, and यच् aff.; also with चच् aff. मोह । [aff.

मोक्ष n. (-य्य) Silence, taciturnity. E. मुनि a sage, (who practises,) च मोक्षन n. (-नं) A vow of silence.

मोक्षिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) Silent, taciturn. m. (-नी) An ascetic, a hermit, a religious sage, one who has overcome his passions and retired from the world. E. मोक्ष silence, and हिन aff.

मोडिक m. (-कः) A player on a drum. E. मूरज a drum, and उक् aff.

मोक्ष n. (-य्य) Stupidity, folly, fatuity. E. मूर्ख a fool, यच् aff.

मोक्ष्यो f. (-य्यो) A bow-string. E. मुक्ता the plant, from the fibres of which bow-strings are made, चच् and छीच् affs.

मोक्ष mfn. (-लः-ला-लो-लं) 1. Radical, proceeding from a root or origin. 2. Of pure blood, descended from a respectable and primitive family without any improper intermixture. E. मूल a root, and चच् aff.

मोक्षि mf. (-लि-लिः or -ली) 1. A lock of hair on the crown of the head. 2. Hair ornamented and braided round the head. 3. A diadem, a tiara. 4. The head. f. (-ली) The earth. E. मूल the root or base, aff. हच्; or मूल a name, and हच् aff. of descent; or मूल to bind, aff. and the radical vowel changed. [चच् aff.

मोक्ष m. (-लः) Boxing, sparring, playing at fistycuffs. E. मुष्टि the fist,

मोक्ष m. (-लः) A rogue, a swindler.

मोक्ष f. (-ली) Adj. Formed like a club. 2. Fought with clubs.

मोक्ष m. (-लः) An astrologer. E. मुहूर्त an hour, and चच् aff.; also with उक् aff. मोक्षिक ।

मूर 1st cl. (मूरति) To fix in the memory by frequent practice or repetition, to study, to acquire by study, &c.

मूर f. (-तः) Adj. 1. Learnt. 2. Repented.

मूर 1st cl. (मूरति) 1. To accumulate. 2. To smear, to anoint. r. 10th cl. (मूरयति-ते) 1. To mix, 2. To combine. 3. To speak incorrectly.

मूर m. (-यः) Slyness, hypocrisy, concealment of one's vice or defects. E. मूर to anoint, aff. चच् ।

मूरच n. (-चं) 1. Oil. 2. Smearing the body with fragrant oils or unguents. 3. Heaping up. E. मूर to smear or anoint, छुट् aff.

मूर 1st cl. (मूरति) To go, to move.

मूर 1st cl. (मूरते) 1. To grind, to pound, to reduce to powder or dust. 2. To tread or trample on.

मूरिन् m. (-नः) Softness, E. मुह soft, and हिन aff. aff.

वदितानि mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Soft. 2. Kind. ३. वदितम्, वदितं endowed with.

वदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Very soft, exceedingly soft, softest. ३. नृद soft, and वदित aff. of the superlative, व changed to र।

वदीवम् mfn. (-वा-वदी-वः) Softer, milder. ३. नृद soft, and वदीवम् aff. of the comparative, and the vowel changed to the semi-vowel.

विषमम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Dying. ३. नृद to die, वावप् aff.

वृ (व) वृ r. 1st cl. (वीवति) To go, to move.

वृ (व) वृ r. 1st cl. (वृवति) To go, to move; also read वृवृ।

वेट् (व) वेट् r. 1st cl. (वेटति) To be mad.

वेट् (व) वेट् r. 1st cl. (वेटति) To be mad. (ly.)

वृ r. 10th cl. (वृवति-ते) 1. To mix, to unite. 2. To speak incorrectly.

वृत् f. (-तः) Adj. Faded, withered.

वृत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Foul, dirty. 2. Languid, weary. 3. Faded, withered. 4. Melancholy. ३. वृत् to be languid, aff. वृत्।

वृत्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Weariness, languor. 2. Foulness, filth. 3. Fading, decay. 4. Sadness. ३. वृत्ति to be languid, &c., aff. वृत्ति। [withered.]

वृत्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Growing languid. 2. Growing thin. 3. Growing

वृत्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Indistinct, (as speech.) 2. Languid. ३. (-तः) Indistinct speech. ३. वृत्ति to speak indistinctly, aff. वृत्ति। [aff. वृत्ति।

वृत्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Mixed, intermixed, inlaid, set. ३. वृत्ति to go, वृत्ति r. 1st cl. (वृवति) To go, to move. With वृत्ति and वि prefixed. 1. To go down. 2. To set as the sun.

वृत्ति (व) वृत्ति r. 1st cl. (वृवति) To go, to move; also read वृवृ।

वृत्ति r. 1st and 10th cls. (वृवति वृवति-ते) To speak inarticulately or incorrectly, to use a provincial or barbarous dialect.

वृत्ति m. (-तः) 1. The generic term for a barbarian or foreigner; that is, for one speaking any language but Sanskrit, and not subject to the usual Hindu institutions. 2. A sinner, a criminal. 3. Indistinct or barbarous speech. ३. वृत्ति to speak inarticulately, aff. वृत्ति।

वृत्ति m. (-तः) Garlic. ३. वृत्ति a barbarian, and वृत्ति root. "वृत्ति।"

वृत्ति m. (-तिः) A Mle'ch'ch'ha or barbarian or a man of an outcast race. The tribes enumerated under this head by MANU, but who are by him said to be properly, degraded Kshetriyas, appear to be chiefly the inhabitants of the countries bordering immediately upon India, both to the north and south: as far as modern research and similarity of appellation may be trusted, the tribes of Mle'ch'ch'has are as follows: the Paund'rakas, (the people of provinces bordering on Bengal and Bihar, and to the south of the Ganges,) O'd'ras, (Uti'yās,) Drāvīras, (people of the southern part of the Coromandel coast,) Ca'mbo'jas, (Arachosians,) Yavanas, (Greeks or Bactrians,) S'akas, (the people of the Sacha regio or Sakai,) Pa'ravas, (Paropamisans,) Pahlavas, (the ancient Persians,) Chi'nas, (Chinese,) Kira'tas, (generally mountaineers, here perhaps especially the inhabitants of the Hima'laya or Imaus,) Dera-das, (Darads,) and K'hasas, (Southi or Ohasas.) ३. (-तः) Copper. ३. वृत्ति a barbarian, and वृत्ति tribe, class.

वृत्ति m. (-तः) The countries bordering on India, or those inhabited by people of a different faith and language; defined to be any, where the black antelope is not found. ३. वृत्ति a barbarian, an outcast, वृत्ति country. [विजय food.]

वृत्ति m. (-तः) Wheat. ३. (-तः) Half-ripe barley. ३. वृत्ति an outcast,

वृत्ति m. (-तः) The country of the Mle'ch'ch'has or barbarians. ३. वृत्ति, वृत्ति region.

वृत्ति m. (-तः) Copper. ३. वृत्ति a barbarian, and वृत्ति countenance.

वृत्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Speaking a barbarous dialect. ३. वृत्ति, वृत्ति speech.

वृत्ति m. (-तः) Wheat. ३. वृत्ति a barbarian, वृत्ति to eat, aff. वृत्ति।

वृत्ति m. (-तः) Copper. ३. वृत्ति a barbarian, and वृत्ति face, which would seem to allude to the fair complexion of the Greek or Mahomedan invaders of Hindusthan.

वृत्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Spoken incorrectly or barbarously. ३. (-तः) 1. Foreign or barbarous language. 2. Ungrammatical speech. ३. वृत्ति a barbarian, वृत्ति aff.; or वृत्ति to speak inaccurately, aff. वृत्ति।

वृत्ति (व) वृत्ति r. 1st cl. (वृवति) To be mad.

वृत्ति (व) वृत्ति r. 1st cl. (वृवति) To be mad.

वृत्ति (व) वृत्ति r. 1st cl. (वृवति) To serve, to gratify by service.

वृत्ति r. 1st cl. (वृवति) 1. To be faint or languid, to yawn with languor or fatigue. 2. To fade, to decay. 3. To become thin. With वृत्ति, 1. To be dejected. 2. To wither. With वृत्ति, 1. To fade. ३. To be dirty.

—o—

य

य The twenty-six consonant of the Nāgari alphabet, or semi-vowel Y; in Bengal, it is usually pronounced J.

य mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Who goes, a goer, a mover: ३. (-यः) 1. Air, wind. 2. Union, Joining. 3. Fame, celebrity. 4. Barley. 5. Light, lustre. 6. Abandoning. 7. YAMA. f. (-यः) 1. Pudendum mulibre. 2. Going, proceeding. 3. A oar, a oarriage. 4. Prohibiting, restraining, checking. 5. Religious meditation. 6. Getting, obtaining. ३. यम् to worship, or यम् to check, &c., aff. य; or या-य।

यम् mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Which, (of many.) ३. यम् which, and यम् aff.

यम् m. (-यम्) The liver. ३. यम् union, (of the parts of the body,) यम् to make, aff. यम् and यम् augment. यम् is optionally substituted for this word in some of the declensions.

यम् m. (-यम्) A cock-roach. ३. यम् the liver, यम् self, यम् aff., fem. form; like it in colour. [liver, वैर inimical to.]

यम् f. (-यः) A plant, a sort of tree, (Andersonia rohitaka.) ३. यम् यम् r. 10th cl (ययति) To worship, to honour or adore.

यम् m. (-यः) 1. A demi-god, attendant especially on KURMA, and employed in the care of his gardens and treasures. 2. A name of KURMA. 3. The residence of INDRA. f. (-यः) The wife of KURMA. ३. यम् to worship, aff. यम्.

यम् m. (-यः) Perfumed paste, used especially for anointing the body, and consisting of camphor, agalloohum, musk and Kakko'la; or the three first, with saffron and Sandal in equal proportions. ३. यम् the demi-god, and यम् clay; a perfume of which these beings are supposed to be fond.

यम् m. (-यः) The being possessed by an evil spirit.

यम् m. (-यः) The Indian fig-tree. "यम्।"

यम् m. (-यः) 1. Resin in general. 2. Turpentine, the resinous exudation of the pine. ३. यम् the demi-god, यम् perfume or incense, यम् aff. "यम्" यम् इति माता। [taste, fondness.]

यम् m. (-यः) Spirituous or vinous liquor. ३. यम् the demi-god, यम् यम् m. (-यम्) KURMA, the deity of wealth, and lord of the demi-gods called Yakshas. 2. A palaestrum, a place prepared for wrestling or boxing. ३. यम् a Yaksha, and यम् who rules or shines.

यम् m. (-यः) KURMA: see the last.

यम् f. (-यः) Alakā, the capital of KURMA, supposed to be seated on mount Kailāsa. ३. यम्, यम् city.

यम् f. (-यः) The night of the day of full moon in the month of Kārtika: see दीपादी. ३. यम् the demi-god, यम् night; these spirits being supposed to be then abroad.

यम् Adj. One who stores up wealth but never uses it.

यम् m. (-यः) A tree, described as a sort of date. ३. यम् a Yaksha, यम् myrobalan, "यम्।"

यक्षीवाह m. (-हः) The Indian fig-tree, (*Ficus Indica*). ३. यक्ष a demi-god, यक्षवास abode. "यक्षवासे ।"

यक्षिणी f. (-नी) 1. The wife of Kuvē'sa. 2. The wife of a Yaksha. 3. A sort of female fiend, attached to the service of Durgā, and frequently maintaining, like a sylph or fairy, an intercourse with mortals. ३. यक्षिणी a name of Kuvē'sa, and यक्षिणी aff.

यक्षेय m. (-यः) A name of Kuvē'sa. ३. यक्ष, and यक्ष lord.

यक्षेय m. (-यः) Kuvē'sa. ३. यक्ष, and यक्ष lord ; also यक्षेय and the like.

यक्षोदम्बु रक्ष n. (-म्बु) The fruit of the *Ficus religiosa*. [trover.

यक्षोद f. (-दः) The raisin, dried-grape. ३. यक्ष consumption, यक्ष des-  
यक्ष्म m. (-श्म) Pulmonary consumption. ३. यक्ष् to worship, and यक्षि  
Unādi aff. ; also with यक्ष् aff., यक्ष m. (-यः).

यक्षिन् f. (-क्षिणी) One who suffers from consumption.

यक्ष्यमाह mfn. (-हः-माह) Proposing or wishing to worship. ३. यक्ष् to  
worship, desid. v., यक्ष्यमाह aff. [यक्ष termination.

यक्षन् m. (-यः) The frequentative deponent verb, (in gram.) ३. यक्ष्  
यक्ष्यमान m. (-यः) The frequentative active verb. ३. यक्ष्, यक्ष् dropped,  
and यक्ष termination. [To present or endow.

यक्ष् १. 1st. ol. (यक्षति-ते) 1. To worship a deity. 2. To associate with. 3.  
यक्ष् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Sacrificing, worshipping. ३. ३. यक्ष् to wor-  
ship, यक्ष aff. [यक्ष aff.

यक्षत m. (-यः) The officiating priest at a sacrifice. ३. यक्ष् to worship,  
यक्षति m. (-यः) A term for those sacrifices to which the verb यक्षति is  
applied, as distinguished from those rites to which the verb जुहोति  
applies. Sarvajña-Nāra'yana renders जुहोति by उपविष्टहीन and  
यक्षति by तिष्ठहीन ३. यक्ष-यक्षिण ।

यक्षन् m. (-यः) A Brāhmana who has maintained his consecrated fire.  
३. यक्ष् to sacrifice, यक्षन् Unādi aff. [यक्ष् aff.

यक्षन् n. (-यः) Offering sacrifices, performing worship. ३. यक्ष् to worship,  
यक्षन् m. (-यः) A sacrificer, a worshipper, ३. यक्ष् to sacrifice, aff. यक्ष्.

यक्षमान mfn. (-यः-माह-यः) Worshipping. m. (-यः) 1. An employer of priests  
at sacrifice, the person who institutes its performance, and pays  
the expence of it. 2. A patron, a host. ३. यक्ष् to worship, यक्ष्यमाह  
aff. of the present participle, with यक्ष् augment.

यक्षाक m. (-कः) A donor, a benefactor, a liberal giver of presents, &c.  
३. यक्ष् to present, Unādi aff. यक्षाक ।

यक्षि m. (-यः) A sacrificer, one who institutes or performs a sacrifice.  
३. यक्ष् to sacrifice, aff. यक्ष् ।

यक्षवेद n. (-दः) The Yajur-Ve'da ; see the next. ३. यक्ष्, वेद a Ve'da.

यक्षु n. (-यः) The Yajur or Yajush, one of the four Ve'das ; it is di-  
vided into two principal portions, the white and black, or Vāja-  
sane'yi and Taittiri'ya, the former of which is attributed to the  
saint Yā'jñawalkya, to whom it was revealed by the sun, in  
the form of a horse ; and the latter to Taittiri, to whom it  
was communicated by Yā'ska, the first pupil of its original  
author, the sage Vais'ampā'yana ; according to the Para'nas  
the Taittiri'ya portion was named from Tittiri a partridge ;  
the disciples of Vais'ampā'yana being changed into those birds,  
to pick up the texts of the Ve'da as they were disgorged in a  
tangible shape by Yā'jñawalkya, at the command of Vais'am-  
pā'yana ; both portions of this Ve'da are very full on the sub-  
ject of religious rites, and the prayers peculiar to it, are chiefly  
in measured and poetical prose. ३. यक्ष् to worship, Unādi aff. यक्ष् ।

यक्ष m. (-यः) A sacrifice, a ceremony in which oblations are presented.  
३. यक्ष् to worship, aff. यक्ष् ।

यक्षकर्म n. (-कर्म) Any sacrificial act of ceremony. ३. यक्ष, and यक्षकर्म act.

यक्षकर्म Adj. Of the nature of a sacrifice.

यक्षकीलक m. (-कः) The post to which the victim is fastened at a sacri-  
fice. [fire.

यक्षकुण्ड n. (-कुण्ड) A hole in the ground built for receiving the sacrificial

यक्षन् m. (-यः) A sacrificer, a worshipper, or priest conducting a  
sacrifice. ३. यक्ष sacrifice, यक्ष् who makes.

यक्षन्तु m. (-यः) 1. A complete rite. 2. VISHN'U.

यक्षदुष् m. (-दुष्) A Ra'khasa, any imp. ३. यक्ष, दुष् to wrong, यक्ष aff.

यक्षपद m. (-यः) 1. A horse. 2. Any animal offered in sacrifice, ३. यक्ष a  
sacrifice, and यक्ष an animal.

यक्षपात्र n. (-यः) A sacrificial vessel. ३. यक्ष, and पात्र a vessel.

यक्षपुत्र m. (-यः) A name of VISHN'U. ३. यक्ष sacrifice, पुत्र male or male,  
यक्षपात्र n. (-यः) A sacrificial vessel. ३. यक्ष sacrifice, and यक्षपात्र vessel.

यक्षभूमि f. (-भूमि) Place prepared for a sacrifice, or where it is offered,  
३. यक्ष, and भूमि land. [the board.

यक्षवराह m. (-यः) VISHN'U in his boar-incarnation. ३. यक्ष, and वराह

यक्षवृक्ष f. (-वृक्षः) The Soma plant ; also यक्षवृक्ष ।

यक्षवाट m. (-यः) A place prepared and enclosed for a sacrifice. ३. यक्ष a  
sacrifice, वाट inclosure.

यक्षवृक्ष m. (-यः) The Indian fig-tree.

यक्षवेदि f. (-दिः or दः) A sacrificial altar. [sacrifice is performed.

यक्षवराह n. (-यः) A building or a temporary structure under which a  
यक्षवेदि mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) What is left from a sacrifice or oblation. ३.  
यक्ष, यक्ष remainder. [der.

यक्षशेष m. (-यः) The relics of a sacrifice or oblation. ३. यक्ष, शेष remain-  
यक्षसदस्य n. (-यः) An assembly of people at a sacrifice.

यक्षसार m. (-यः) The glomerous fig-tree, (*Ficus glomerata*, Rox.) ३.  
यक्ष sacrifice, सार essence. "यक्षोदम्बर इवे ।"

यक्षसिद्धि f. (-यः) 1. Performance of sacrifice. 2. Obtaining the objects  
of a sacrifice. ३. यक्ष, and सिद्धि accomplishment.

यक्षसूत n. (-यः) The characteristic thread, worn by the three principal  
classes of Hindus. ३. यक्ष sacrifice, and सूत thread.

यक्षस्थान n. (-यः) A place of sacrifice. ३. यक्ष and स्थान place.

यक्षाक्ष m. (-यः) 1. The glomerous fig, (*Ficus glomerata*, Rox) 2. A  
plant, (*Siphonanthus Indica*). 3. A part of any sacrificial cere-  
mony. ३. यक्ष a sacrifice, यक्ष् a member. [end, finish.

यक्षाल m. (-यः) A supplementary sacrifice. ३. यक्ष the principal, यक्ष  
यक्षारि m. (-यः) 1. A name of Ś'iva 2. A demon, a goblin. ३. यक्ष a  
sacrifice, यक्ष enemy.

यक्षिक m. (-यः) The Palāsh tree, (*Butea frondosa*). ३. यक्ष, यक्ष aff.

यक्षिय mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) 1. Proper for or suitable to a sacrifice. 2. Pious.  
3. Sacred. m. (-यः) 1. The third Yuga or Dwa'para age. 2. A god,  
a deity. ३. यक्ष sacrifice, and यक्ष aff.

यक्षियदेश f. (-यः) The country of Hindus ; those districts in which the  
ritual and institutes of the Hindu system are enforced ; properly  
the country in which the black deer or antelope is native. ३.  
यक्षिय sacrificial, and देश a country.

यक्षियशाला f. (-शाला) A temple, a shrine, a place of sacrifice. ३. यक्षिय to be  
sacrificed, (where), यक्षाला hall.

यक्षीयवृक्षपादप m. (-यः) The Vikantaka tree. "यक्षि ।"

यक्षोदम्बर m. (-यः) The glomerous fig-tree, (*Ficus glomerata*, Rox.) ३.  
यक्ष sacrifice, यक्षोदम्बर the same.

यक्षोपकरण n. (-यः) Any utensil or implement necessary for a sacrifice.

यक्षोपवीत n. (-यः) The sacrificial cord, originally worn by the three  
principal casts of Hindus ; at present from the loss of the pure  
Kshetriya and Vais'ya casts in Bengal, confined to the Brāh-  
minical order. ३. यक्ष sacrifice, उपवीत thread.

यक्षोपवीतम् m. (-यः) A Brāhmana, &c. invested with the sacred thread.  
३. यक्षोपवीत, यक्ष aff.

यक्ष् m. (-यः) A Brāhmana, conversant with the Yajur-Ve'da. ३. यक्ष्  
to worship, Unādi aff. यक्ष् ।

यक्षन् m. (-यः) 1. A sacrificer in due form, or agreeably to the ritual  
of the Ve'das. 2. VISHN'U. f. (-यः) Sacrificing, worshipping. ३.  
यक्ष् to worship, यक्षि aff.

चन्द्रावति m. (-ति) The moon. ३. यजन् a sacrificer in the sixth case plural, वति master.

वत् (३) वती r. 1st cl. (वतते) To resolve or determine in consequence of a wish or desire, to apply or endeavour strenuously, to energize, to persevere. r. 10 cl. (वतवति-ते) 1. To distress or afflict. 2. To beat. 3. To order. 4. To collect, to assemble. 5. To work, to make or manufacture. 6. To prevent, to remove. 7. To return, to give back, to requite. 8. To barter or exchange. 9. To purify. 10. To encourage. With निर or वि prefixed, To chastise, to punish, to inflict pain. With चिस् or वृत्ति, 1. To restore. 2. To requite.

वत् Ind. Because as, since, wherefore, correlative of तत् thence, therefore, &c. ३. वत् to check, to restrain, क्षिप् and वृत् affs.

वत् mfn. (तः-ता-तं) 1. Governed, controlled. 2. Limited, restrained. n. (-तं) The stirring of an elephant by means of the rider's feet. ३. वत् to check, क्त aff.

वत्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Resigned, subdued, one of well-governed thoughts or feelings. ३. वत् and वित्त the mind.

वत्चिनात्मन् mfn. (-त्ता-त्ता-त्ता) Having power over the soul and spirit, of subdued mind. ३. वत्चित, चात्मन् self. [वत् aff.]

वत्तन् mfn. (-तन्-तन्ती-तन्) Striving, making effort. ३. वत् to make effort, वत्तन् n. (-तं) Making effort or exertion. ३. वत् to make effort, कृट् aff.

वत्तोद्य mfn. (-द्यः-द्या-द्यं) To be exerted, or persevered, to be made as an effort. ३. वत् to make effort, वत्तोद्य aff.

वत्तन् mfn. (-तन्-ता-तं) Which, (of many.) ३. वद् which, वत्तन् aff.

वत्तमान mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Making effort, striving, struggling, persevering. ३. वत् to strive, वत्तमान aff.

वत्तव्युत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Disinclined to sexual intercourse, abstaining from it. ३. वत्, and वत्तव्युत्त coition.

वत्तन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Which, (of two), whether. ३. वद् which, वत्तन् aff.

वत्तन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Firm to an engagement or vow. ३. वत्, वत्तन् a vow. वत्तन् Ind. Because, as, since, whence : see वत्. ३. वद् which, what, and तत्तन् substituted for the termination of the 5th case.

वत्तन्तन् Ind. 1. From any place whatsoever. 2. From any person.

वत्तात्मन् mfn. (-त्ता-त्ता-त्ता) Of subdued or well-governed spirit. ३. वत्, चात्मन् self.

वत्तात्मन् mfn. (-तन्-तन्ती-तन्) Self-subdued, having the mind and all its powers in subjection. ३. वत्तात्मन्, and वत्तन् aff.

वत्ताहार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Temperate, abstemious. ३. वत्, and वत्ताहार food.

वति Pron. How many, as many, (declined only in the plural, nominative and accusative वति).

वति m. (-ति) 1. A sage, whose passions are completely under subjection. 2. A religious mendicant, especially one of the Jain's sect. 3. Stopping, ceasing, rest, term. 4. Restraining, controlling, checking. f. (-तिः) 1. A pause in poetry or metre, a stop, a rest. 2. Union, joining. 3. Restraint, check. 4. Guidance. ३. वत् endeavour, &c., aff. वत् ; or वत् to restrain, aff. क्तिन् ।

वति f. (-ता) Adj. Attempted, striven after.

वतिन् m. (-तो) A sage with subdued passions. f. (-नी) A widow. ३. वत् restraining, from वत् with क्त aff. and वृत्ति added.

वतिपात्र n. (-चं) A vessel for collecting alms, made of wood, or a hollow bamboo, an earthen bowl, or a gourd. ३. वति and पात्र a vessel.

वतिवेषु n. (-नं) The copulation or cohabitation of holy personages. ३. वति as above, and वेषु coition.

वत्तुवा f. (-वा) A plant, Chaku'wat commonly. "वेतोवाक ।"

वत्तोद्य mfn. (-द्यः-द्या-द्यं) Chaste, pure, of subdued passions. ३. वत्, वत्तोद्य an organ of sense.

वत्तव्य Adj. m. (-वः) Of subdued passions, pious, pure.

वत्तवत् Ind. 1. From whatever place. 2. Wherever.

वत्तन् mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Doing what. ३. वत् and क्त to do, वत्तन् aff.

वत्तन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Strived, resolved, exerted. ३. वत् to resolve, क्त aff.

वत्त m. (-वः) Effort, exertion, perseverance, energy. ३. वत् to endeavour strenuously or continuously, aff. वत् ।

वत्तवत् Ind. Vigorously, strenuously. ३. वत् and तत्ति aff.

वत्तवत् mfn. (-वः-वती-वत्) Persevering, diligent, making effort or exertion. ३. वत् effort, वत्तवत् aff. [exert, वत् aff.]

वत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) To be exerted or made as an effort. ३. वत् to exert Ind. 1. Where, in what place. 2. When. 3. Because, since, as that. ३. वद् what, and वत् aff.

वत् (३) वति r. 1st and 10th cls. (वत्तति-ते वत्तवति-ते) To confine, to restrain, to subdue or regulate; the root may also be written वत्त ।

वत्ता Ind. As, according to ; correlative to तत्ता so : it is also commonly used in composition to form adverbs ; as वत्ताकालं seasonably, वत्ताकालं regularly, वत्ताकालं fitly, suitably, वत्ताकालं according to scripture, &c. ३. वद् what, वत्ता aff. [to, वत्त part, तत्ति aff.]

वत्तावत्त Ind. Proportionably, in due proportion. ३. वत्ता as, according वत्तावत्ता Ind. As much as, tantum quantum ; it is especially used as a term of disrespect. ३. वत्ता as, and कत्ता how.

वत्तावत्ता Ind. Rarely, unfrequently, seldom than proper. ३. वत्ता as much, कत्ता how much, with च the particle aff.

वत्तावत्तवत् mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) What is right or proper to be done. ३. वत्ता कर्तव्य to be done.

वत्ताकर्तव्य Ind. According to action, duties or circumstances.

वत्ताकल्प Adv. n. (-कल्प) As designed. ३. वत्ता and कल्प making. [desire.

वत्ताकाल Adv. n. (-काल) At pleasure, as you please. ३. वत्ता, and काल वत्ताकालिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी नि) Wilful, independent, uncontrolled, following one's own inclinations. ३. वत्ता as, according to, काल desire, इति aff.

वत्ताकालिन् Ind. At the right moment.

वत्ताकाल Adj. As agreed.

वत्ताकाल Adv. n. (-नं) In order, orderly, successively, methodically. ३. वत्ता agreeably to, काल order.

वत्ताकालिन् Ind. According to ability.

वत्तागत Adv. n. (-तं) Applied to a person's being sent away or returning as he came. ३. वत्ता and गत gone.

वत्ताज्ञान mfn. (तः-ता-तं) 1. Foolish, stupid, a fool, a natural. 2. Barbarous, outcast. ३. वत्ता as, ज्ञान born, as simple as at birth.

वत्ताज्ञान Ind. To the best of one's knowledge.

वत्तावत्त mfn. (-वः-वती-वत्) Right, true Ind. or adv. n. (-वः) 1. Properly, suitably. 2. Precisely, exactly. Noun. (-वः) Narrative of events, history. ३. वत्ता as, and तत्ता so, with the termination of the neuter gender.

वत्तावत्त Adv. In any way, any how. ३. वत्ता and तत्ता, &c.

वत्तापूर्व n. Adv. (-वः) 1. In order or succession. 2. Formerly, preceding, in prior time or place. ३. वत्ता as, पूर्व formerly, before.

वत्तावत्त Ind. With all one's might.

वत्तावत्त Ind. 1. According to share. 2. Each in his respective place.

वत्तावत्त Ind. According to one's wish or purpose. ३. वत्ता, and वत्तावत्त purposed.

वत्तावत्त Ind. According to truth.

वत्तावत्त mfn. (-वः-वती-वत्) 1. Like, resembling, shewing, similarly or reflecting. 2. Looking straight at, (with a genitive.) ३. वत्ता as, वत्ता the countenance, and वत्ता aff.

वत्तावत्त Ind. 1. As, thereto, appertaining. 2. Rightly. ३. वत्ता repeated, with the termination of the neuter gender.

वत्तावत्त mfn. (-वः-वती-वत्) 1. Right, proper. 2. According to the sense. n. Adv. or ind. (-वः) Properly, suitably. ३. वत्ता as, वत्ता property.

वत्तावत्त f. (-ता) Rectitude, propriety, fitness. ३. तत्ता added to the last ; also with क्त, वत्तावत्त ।

वत्तावत्त mfn. (-वः-वती-वत्) Proper, suitable, appropriate. n. adv. or ind. (-वः) Properly, suitably. ३. वत्ता as, वत्ता properly.



यथावत् Adv. Properly, fitly. **य.** यथावत् and तथि aff.  
 यथावत्वं m. (-वं) A spy, a secret emissary. **य.** यथावत् properly, suitably, वत् form, colour.  
 यथावत्तः Adv. n. or ind. (-त्तः) 1. According to opportunity. 2. In the proper place. **य.** यथा, and यथावत्तः season.  
 यथावत् Ind. 1. Truly, exactly, as it was, according to law or usage. 2. accordingly, conformably. **य.** यथा and तथि aff.  
 यथावत्तः Adv. n. or ind. (-त्तः) According to opportunity. **य.** यथा and यथावत्तः opportunity.  
 यथावत्ति Ind. or n. adv. According to rule. **य.** यथा, and तथि precept.  
 यथावत्तः Adv. (-त्तः) Circumstantially, relating a thing as it happened. **य.** यथा, and तथि being.  
 यथावत्ति Adv. Extent of capability, as much as possible. **य.** यथा as much as, and वत्ति power.  
 यथावत्तः Adv. n. (-त्तः) According to the Shāstras, agreeably to scripture. **य.** यथा agreeably to, वत्तः the Shāstras.  
 यथावत्तः Adv. n. (-त्तः) Happily **य.** यथा, and वत्तः pleasure.  
 यथावत्तः mfn. (-त्तः-ता-त्तः) Right, proper, fit, true. n. (-त्तः) Circumstantially, or all that happened or existed. **य.** यथा as, and वत्तः fixed, established.  
 यथावत्तः Ind. As, according or appertaining to, properly, peculiarly. **य.** यथा as, and वत्तः own, peculiar.  
 यथावत्तः mfn. (-त्तः-ता-त्तः) Wished, desired. Adv. n. or ind. (-त्तः) 1. Willingly, voluntarily. 2. Wilfully, independently. **य.** यथा as, वत्तः (participle past, desiderative form of वप् to obtain,) desired, wished.  
 यथावत्तः mfn. (-त्तः-ता-त्तः) Wished, desired Adv. n. or ind. (-त्तः) According यथावत्तः m. (-त्तः) A bird. **य.** यथा as, वत्तः wished, वत्तः who goes.  
 यथावत्तः mfn. (-त्तः-ता-त्तः) Right, proper. Adv. n. or ind. (-त्तः) Properly, suitably. **य.** यथा, and वत्तः proper.  
 यथावत्तः mfn. (-त्तः-ता-त्तः) As said or explained. **य.** यथा as, वत्तः said.  
 यद् mfn. Relative pronoun. (-यः-या यद्) Who, which, what. **य.** यद् to worship, Unādi aff. वद्, with the power of डि।  
 यद् Ind. When, at what time. **य.** यद् what, दाच् aff., the final rejected.  
 यद् Ind. If; particle of suspicion or doubt. **य.** यद् to make effort, दाच् aff., and the radical final changed to द।  
 यद् m. (-द्) 1. The name of a king, the ancestor of KRISHN'A, and the eldest son of YAYATI' and DE'VAYA'NI', the sixth monarch of the lunar dynasty. 2. A country on the west of the Jamuná river about Mat'hurá and Brinda'bana, over which YADU ruled, and named after him; according to some authorities, however, the kingdom of YADU, is the Dakshin or Peninsula of India. m. Plu. (-दाः) I. The Ya'davas, the people of YADU. 2. Descendants of king YADU; more usually however दादाः।  
 यद्नाथ m. (-थः) A name of KRISHN'A. **य.** यद् the son of YAYATI, here put for his race, दादा lord, chief.  
 यद्वा f. (-वा) 1. Wilfulness, independence, following one's own fancies. 2. (In grammar,) A noun which is neither a generic nor specific term, or noun of agency; one either not derived from authority, or not possessing meaning. **य.** यद् what, which, दाच् to go, affs. व and टाच्। [यद्वा who knows.]  
 यद्वाचि m. (-चः) A voluntary or self-offered witness. **य.** यद्वा, and यद्वाचि Adv. Although. **य.** यद्, and वद्वाचि certainly.  
 यद्वा Ind. As, in what manner, correlative to तद्वा. **य.** यद्, and वद्वा aff.  
 यद्वा mfn. (-ता-ता-यद्वा) A check, a restraint. any person or thing that restrains, &c. m. (-यद्वा) 1. A charioteer. 2. An elephant-driver. **य.** यद्वा to restrain, aff. दाच्।  
 यद्वा r. 1st and 10 cl. (यद्वाचि-ने यद्वाचि-ने) To restrain; see यद्वा।  
 यद्वा n. (-यद्वा) 1. A machine in general, any implement or apparatus. 2. A diagram of a mystical nature, or astrological character. 3. A

sort of vessel. 4. Restraining, checking, controlling. 5. A little cord. 6. A lock, a bolt. **य.** यद्वा to check, Unādi aff. व; or वद्वाचि यद्वा m. (-यद्वा) One acquainted with machinery. f. (-यद्वा) A younger sister, n. (-यद्वा) 1. A turner's lathe. 2. A bandage, medicine.) **य.** यद्वा a machine or restraining, &c., दाच् added.  
 यद्वाचि n. (-यद्वा) 1. An oil-mill. 2. A manufactory. **य.** यद्वा machine, apparatus used for grinding substances yielding oil, यद्वा a house.  
 यद्वाचि m. (-यद्वा) Common-pse. **य.** यद्वा a machine, and यद्वा round. [यद्वा यद्वा n. (-यद्वा) 1. Pain, anguish, affliction. 2. Binding, confining. Checking, controlling, especially the passions. 4. Guarding, protecting. **य.** यद्वा to restrain, &c., aff. दाच्।  
 यद्वाचि f. (-यद्वा) A wife's younger sister; also यद्वाचि। [grinding o यद्वाचि f. (-यद्वा) A handmill. **य.** यद्वा a machine, यद्वाचि a stone। यद्वाचि mfn. (-यद्वा-ता-यद्वा) I. Bound, tied, chained, fettered. 2. Check restrained. **य.** यद्वा restraining, and यद्वाचि aff.  
 यद्वाचि mfn. (-यद्वा-ता-यद्वा) Restrained in speech, constrained to be silent. **य.** यद्वाचि, यद्वाचि speech.  
 यद्वाचि m. (-यद्वा) 1. A horse furnished with harness or trappings. 2. tormenter. 3. One having an amulet.  
 यद्वा (यद्वा) यद्वा r. 1st cl (यद्वाचि) To copulate.  
 यद्वा r. 1st cl. (यद्वा, यद्वा) यद्वाचि (यद्वाचि) To stop, to cease, to refrain. With नि prefixed, 1. To remove, to dispel. 2. To observe as a vow religious rite. 3. To regulate, to restrain. With टाच्, 1. To rise, mount on. 2. To make effort or exertion. 3. To lift up, to raise. With वि and दाच्, To exercise. With दाच् and नि, To restrain. In some senses it takes the deponent form, as with दाच्, prefixed (यद्वाचि) To put forth, to use or employ any part of one's own box the hand, &c. (यद्वाचि) 1. To size. 2. To go to, to proceed to. With दाच्, (यद्वाचि) To heap together any thing that is one's own (यद्वाचि) To associate with. With टाच्, (यद्वाचि) 1. To marry. To agree or accede to. 3. To master by learning. r. 10th cl. (यद्वाचि-ने यद्वाचि) 1. To feed, to give food to. 2. To restrain.  
 यद्वा mfn. (-यद्वा-ता-यद्वा) Twin, fellow, one of the pair or brace. m. (-यद्वा) Restraining, controlling. 2. Forbearance, refraining. 3. Cessation, stop, conclusion, finish. 4. Religious restraint or obligation, considered the first of the eight steps of Yoga. 5. Penance, purification, the performance of those acts which remove impurity of any kind. 6. Any of the five acts or virtues which constitute pure characters, as refraining from violence, injury, patience, sincerity, obedience to a spiritual teacher, and the observance of all purificatory ceremonies. 7. A festival. 8. A crow. 9. A name of the planet SATURN. 10. YAMA, the deity of Naraka or hell, where his capital is placed, in which he sits in judgment on the dead, and distributes rewards and punishments sending the good to Swarga, and the wicked to the division of Naraka or Tartarus appropriated to their crimes: he corresponds with the Grecian god PLUTO, and the judge of hell MINOS, and in Hindu mythology often identified with Death and Time: he is the son of SU'RYA, or the sun, and brother of the personified YAMUNA' or Jamuná river. n. (-यद्वा) A brace, a couple, a pair. f. (-यद्वा) The Yamuná river. **य.** यद्वा to restrain, &c., aff. दाच्, दाच्, or दाच्।  
 यद्वाचि mfn. (-यद्वा-ता-यद्वा) Twin, fellow, one of a pair or twins. m. (-यद्वा) A religious obligation or observance. 2. A twin. 3. Restraining check. n. (-यद्वा) 1. A species of alliteration, the repetition of similar words or syllables either in a similar or a dissimilar sense in various parts of a stanza, beginning, middle, or end of each hemistich, pervading the whole verse; ten varieties are enumerated. 2. A couple of like articles; (in medicine,) serum and marrow; oil and ghee, (in diet,) &c. 3. A double bandage. दाच् added to the preceding.

ययवाम्बो f. (-वो) SANKHYA, the wife of the sun. म. यय YAMA, and वाम्बो the Yamuna' river; their mother.  
 ययवाम्बो m. (-रः) A messenger of death.  
 ययवोट m. (-टः) An earth worm. म. यय YAMA, and वोट a worm.  
 ययज Adj. Twin-born. [Ra'ma.  
 ययजमि m. (-मिः) 1. The saint JAMADAGNI, the father of the first  
 ययजुत m. (-तः) 1. An infernal spirit, the messenger or minister of  
 YAMA, employed to bring the souls of the dead to YAMA's judg-  
 ment seat, and thence conduct them to their final destination.  
 2. A crow. म. यय YAMA, and जूत a messenger.  
 ययजुत m. (-जः) 1. A crow. 2. A messenger or minister of YAMA. f.  
 (-तिवा) The tamarisk tree. म. यय aff. to the last.  
 ययदेवता nf. (-त-ता) The lunar asterism Bharani'. म. यय YAMA. देवता  
 deity, the deity or regent of this constellation.  
 ययद्वितीया f. (-या) The second day in the bright-half of KARTIKA when  
 sisters entertain their brothers: see आद्वितीया।  
 ययन m. (-न) 1. Binding, confining. 2. Term, cessation, rest. 3. Con-  
 trolling, restraining. m. (-नः) A name of YAMA. म. यय to restrain,  
 aff. ल्यट्।  
 ययवनिता f. (-ता) A screen of cloth surrounding a tent. म. यय to  
 stop or check, aff. ल्यट्, कन् added, fem. form; also ययवनिता। [ed.  
 ययप्रिय m. (-यः) Indian fig-tree, (Ficus Indica.) म. यय YAMA, प्रिय beloved.  
 ययमिनी f. (-नी) The YAMUNA' river. म. यय YAMA, भगिनी sister.  
 यययातना f. (-ना) 1. The torture inflicted after death by YAMA. 2. An  
 extreme torture, (figuratively.)  
 यययय m. (-यः) A buffalo. म. यय YAMA, and यय a car.  
 ययराज m. (-राजः) YAMA, the Indian PLUTO. म. यय YAMA, and राज् a  
 ruler; also with a final vowel ययराज m. (-जः)  
 ययन n. (-न) A pair, a brace, a couple. f. (-नो) 1. A sort of dress, a  
 bodice and petticoat. 2. A pair. f. (-नः) Violent hic-cough. म. यय  
 to refrain, to cease, aff. कलच्; or ययं योगं लाति ला-क।  
 ययनजुनहन् m. (-हन्) KRISHN'A. म. ययनजुन a tree so named in the  
 forest of Brindavana, हन् destroyer.  
 ययवाहन m. (-नः) A buffalo. म. यय YAMA, and वाहन vehicle.  
 ययराज n. (-नः) One of the duties of royalty, punishing offences  
 without regard to persons, or without partiality or prejudice. म.  
 यय the judge of Tartarus, and यय observance.  
 ययसभ n. (-सभः) The court or tribunal of Yama. म. यय, सभा assembly.  
 ययसभनीय mfn. (य-या-य) Belonging to the court of Yama. म. ययसभ, ह  
 aff.  
 ययसा क्त mfn. (-न-ता-तं) Made over to, devoted to, or sent to YAMA. म.  
 यय with सति aff., and क्त made.  
 ययव्यय n. (य) A building with two halls, one with a western and the  
 other with a northern aspect. [YAMA, सति the sister.  
 ययसह f. (-यः) 1. The YAMUNA' river. 2. A name of DURGA'. म. यय  
 ययानो f. (-नो) A sort of lovenge, (Ligusticum ajwaen, Rox.) म. यय  
 to check, (indigestion,) वाक् before, नो to obtain, affs. कच् and  
 कच्; with ल्यट् aff. ययानिका; it is incorrectly read ययानो, and  
 ययानिका।  
 ययानक m. (-कः) A name of S'IVA. म. यय YAMA, and ययक destroyer.  
 ययमि mfn. (-मि-मि-मि) Who or what restrains, checks, &c. m. (-मो) A  
 sage, who has subdued his senses. म. यय restraint, and ययि aff.  
 ययुज् f. (-जा) The YAMUNA' or Jamuna' river, which rises on the south  
 side of the Hima'laya-range, at a short distance to the north-west  
 of the source of the Ganges; and which after a course of about  
 378 miles falls into that river immediately below Alla'hábad; in  
 mythology, the personified river is considered as the daughter  
 of Su'RYA, and sister of YAMA. म. यय to stop, (at the Ganges),  
 and. यय Unadi aff.  
 यययययय m. (-यः) Su'RYA, or the sun. म. यययय the river, ययय father.

ययुनायि m. (-मि-मि-मि) BALADE'VA, the brother of KRISHN'A. म.  
 'ययुनायि the Yamuna', and ययि divider; having divided the river  
 into two parts with his ploughshare.  
 ययुनायय m. (-यः) A name of YAMA. म. ययुनाय the Yamuna', ययय brother.  
 ययवका f. (-की) A Gong, a metal plate, or a large drum used to strike  
 the hours or watches.  
 ययति m. (-तिः) A monarch of India, the fifth of the lunar race and son  
 of NAHUSA. At first he married Devaja'ni, the only child of Su'KRA,  
 the preceptor of the demons and subsequently S'HARMIST'HA' the  
 daughter of VAISHAPARVANA, who was ordered by her father to attend  
 on De'vaja'ni as a servant, as a punishment for her throwing her in  
 a well. For his marrying and making love to S'HARMIST'HA', Yaja'ti  
 became old and infirm before his time through the curse of Su'KRA,  
 but having appeased his father-in-law obtained permission to  
 transfer his decrepitude to any one who would consent to take it.  
 Out of his five sons PUGU complied with his father's wishes. The  
 King being endowed with renovated youth, passed his time in  
 the enjoyment of pleasures for a full thousand years, and after  
 which he restored his youth to PUGU and resuming his own de-  
 crepitude departed to the wood of penance. म. यय वायोविष यातिः  
 सयंन रयगिरिस्व। [to go, Una'di aff. व.  
 ययि m. (-यिः or यी) 1. A road. 2. A name of S'IVA. 3. A horse. म. या  
 यय m. (-युः) 1. A horse fit for the As'vame'dha sacrifice. 2. Any horse.  
 म. या to go, Una'di aff. क्, the root reiterated.  
 ययि Adv. While, wherefore, when. 3. Because. It is the proper cor-  
 relative of तदि but is rarely used in classics. म. यय, and हिन् aff.  
 यय m. (-यः) 1. Barley, (Hordeum hexastichon.) 2. The measure of a  
 barley-corn, considered as equal to six mustard seeds. 3. A mea-  
 sure of length equal to one-eighth of an Angu'la. 4. A natural  
 line across the thumb at the second joint, when it may be com-  
 pared to a grain of barley, and supposed to indicate good fortune.  
 5. Speed, velocity. 6. A double convex lens. म. यय to join, aff. कच्।  
 ययक m. (-कः) Barley, म. यय barley, कन् pleonasm. [ययक barley, यय aff.  
 ययक mfn. (-कः-का-का) Fit for or producing barley, a field, &c. म.  
 ययचार m. (-रः) Salt-petre, nitro, nitrate of potash. म. यय barley चार  
 ashes or salt; being prepared, according to some of the com-  
 mentators, accurately enough, from burnt barley, the potash  
 being thus procured; according to others it is so termed, from  
 the crystals being supposed to resemble the spike of the plant.  
 ययचोद m. (-दः) Barley meals. म. यय barley, and चोद meal or powder.  
 ययवच्छ m. (-च्छः) A kind of eruption on the face. म. यय for यय youth,  
 and वच्छ affecting the cheek.  
 ययज m. (-जः) Nitro. म. यय barley, and ज born: see ययचार।  
 ययन m. (-नः) 1. A Country; probably Bactria, or it may be extended  
 from that colony to Ionia, (to which word it bears some resem-  
 blance,) or still further to Greece; by late Hindu writers, it is  
 most commonly applied to Arabia. 2. A Yavan'a, apparently ori-  
 ginally a Greek, but since applied to both the Mohammedan and  
 European invaders of India, and often used as a general term for  
 any foreign or barbarous race. 3. Speed, velocity. 4. A swift horse.  
 5. Wheat. 6. A carrot. f. (-नी) The wife of a Yavan'a. म. यय to mix,  
 aff. वच्; or यय to be swift, and the consonant changed to its ana-  
 logous semi-vowel; or ययि the womb, (of the cow of Vas'ISH-  
 T'HA,) and कच् aff.; being born for the purpose of opposing the  
 armies of Vis'VA'MITRA.  
 ययप्रिय n. (-यः) Black pepper. म. ययन a Yavan'a, and प्रिय fond of.  
 ययनाचार्य m. (-यः) An astronomical writer frequently quoted by Vais-  
 ha-mihira, and other ancient Hindu astronomers; perhaps  
 PROLYMY, or the Greek astronomers collectively. म. ययन a  
 Yavan'a, and आचार्य a holy teacher.

यवनादि m. (-दिः) A name of KRAISHNA. E. यवन a Yavan'a, अदि enemy.

यवनाल m. (-लः) 1. A sort of grass, very generally cultivated, and the grain extensively eaten, (Andropogon or Holcus bicolor.) "दिवान"

2. Barley straw. E. यव barley, जल culm or stalk; also यवनाल।

यवनालज m. (-जः) Nitre. E. यवनाल barley straw, ज produced; see यवनाल।

यवनिजा f. (-जा) 1. An outer tent, a screen of cloth surrounding a tent or tents. 2. A YAVAN'a woman. E. See यवनिजा, ज being changed to य.

यवनेष्ट n. (-ष्ट) Lead. m. (-ष्टः) 1. Garlic. 2. A sort of onion. 3. The Nimba-tree. E. यवन a Yavan'a, यष्ट wished, desired.

यवप्रसाग f. (-साग) A small hard indolent tumour like a barley-corn. E. यव, and प्रसाग appellation.

यवफल m. (-फलः) 1. A bamboo. 2. Indian spikenard. 3. A medicinal plant. (Wrightea anti-dysenterica.) 4. An onion. E. यव barley, फल fruit.

यवनध्व n. (-ध्व) A form of penance, diminishing the food daily during the fortnight, fasting on the new-moon, and gradually augmenting the food till the full-moon. f. (-ध्वः) A form of metre, a triplet, the divisions of which are of unequal length, the middle line having one syllable more than the first or last. E. यव barley, ध्व central.

यवनय mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Made of, or from barley. E. यव barley, ययट् aff.

यवलास m. (-लः) Nitre, salt-petre. E. यव barley, and लास to like, aff. यल्ल।

यवयुक्त m. (-कः) Nitre, salt-petre. E. यव barley, युक्त the beard of corn.

यवस m. (-सः) Meadow or pasturage. E. यु to mix, ययट् aff.

यवसुर n. (-सुर) Spirituous or fermented liquor distilled from barley, malt-liquor, beer. E. यव barley, सुरा wine, य aff. in the neuter gender; also यवसुरा the second member being unchanged.

यवार्ग f. (-र्गः) Sour gruel, prepared by the spontaneous fermentation of water in which rice, &c. has been boiled. E. यु to mix, चार्ग्य aff.

यवार्जज m. (-जः) Salt-petre. E. यव barley, चार्ग्य the top or ear, ज born.

यवान mfn. (-नः-नो-नं) Swift, fleet. f. (-नः) 1. A plant, (Ligusticum ajwaen.) 2. Bad barley. E. यव speed, नो to possess, prefix यञ्, and aff. ङ; also with कञ् added, fem. form यवानिका।

यवास m. (-सः) 1. A shrub, (Hedysarum alhagi.) "दुरालभा" 2. A kind of K'hayer. E. यु to mix, Una'di aff. चास; with कञ् added, यवासक।

यवित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Youngest, very young. m. (-तः) A younger brother. E. युवन् young, यवन् aff. of the superlative; also with कञ् added, यवितक.

यवितवत् Adv. Like a youth. E. यवित, and वति aff.

यवोयस् m. (-यान्-यसो-यः) Youngest, very young. m. (-यः) 1. A younger brother. 2. A Su'dra. E. युवन् young, यवोयस् aff.

यव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) Fit for barley, sown with barley, &c. m. (-व्यः) A month. E. यव barley and यन् aff.

यवःपट्ट m. (-पट्टः) A drum, a double drum. E. यवस् fame, पट्ट a drum.

यवःशेष mfn. (यः-चा-य) Dead, (i. e.) having left nothing but glory. m. (-यः) Death, dying. E. यवस् fame, शेष end. [aff. यच्।

यवः n. (-हं) Zink. (Zinkum.) "दक्ष" E. य wind, यद् to decay, (by which), यवस् n. (-यः) 1. Glory, fame, celebrity, reputation. 2. Splendour, lustre. 3. Praise, eulogium. E. यवस् to pervade, to spread abroad, aff. ययट्, and ययट् substituted for the initial.

यवःशर mfn. (-रः-रो-र) Raudering famous, conferring celebrity. E. यवस् fame, शर to make, aff. टच्।

यवःलास mfn. (-लः-ना-ल) Ambitious, desirous of fame or glory. E. यवस्, and लास desire. [desiring.

यवःलास्यत् mfn. (-यन्-यसो-यत्) Desiring fame or glory. E. यवस्, लास्यत् [pos. aff.

यवःलाय m. (-यः) Body in the form of fame.

यवःशर mfn. (-शरः-सो-शर) Famous, celebrated. E. यवस् fame, शरम् [pos. aff.

यवःशर mfn. (-शरः-सो-शर) Famed, renowned, celebrated. f. (-शरिनी) Wild-cotton. E. यवस् fame, शरिनी aff.

यवःशर mfn. (-शरः-सो-शर) 1. Conferring fame. 2. A plant, (Celtis orientalis.) "जीवनी हवे" E. यवस् and यन् aff.

यवोद mfn. (-वः-वो-व) Destroying fame, rendering infamous. E. यव what destroys.

यवोद m. (-वः) Quicksilver.

यवोदय Adj. Rich in fame.

यवः mfn. (-वः-वो-व) 1. A staff, a stick. 2. A staff armed with iron &c. used as a weapon, a club, a mace. 3. A necklace. 4. A creeping plant. 5. Liquorice. 6. A shrub, (Siphonanthus Indica) 7. A string, a thread, especially as strung with pearls, &c. 8. thread in general. m. (-वः) 1. A flag-staff. 2. The arm, and for arm. 3. A pillar. 4. A support. 5. A stalk. 6. A branch. E. यव worship, अदि, निन्; the क of the compound final rejected; Va'cha patya defines it thus:—यञ् निन् निन् न यञ्चरचन्। This word implies "thinness" "slenderness" &c. when used at the end of compounds.

यवः(टी)क m. (-कः) A bird, the lapwing. "तितिरवाको" f. (-का) 1. A pearl necklace, especially of but one string. 2. A pond, a pool. 3. Liquorice 4. A club, a staff, a bludgeon. E. कञ् added to the preceding.

यवःयव m. (-यः) A club-bearer, one carrying a staff or stick. E. यव stick, and यव् to take, aff. यच्।

यवःमय n. (-यः) Liquorice, or the root of the Abrus precatorius. E. यव a stick, and मय honey; also with कञ् added, fem. form यवःमयिका; and with the final of the first word long यवोमय।

यट् m. (-टा) A sacrificer, one who employs priests for a sacrifice. E. यत् to worship, aff. टच्, and ज changed to य।

यत् (यत्-यत्) यत् यत् r. 1st and 10th cls. (यत्ति यत्ति) 1. To endeavour, to persevere, to make strenuous and persevering exertion. 2. To be afflicted. With चाङ् prefixed, To labour. With निन्, To exude. r. 10th cl. (यत्ति यत्ति-ने) With च, To torment, to trouble.

यत् mfn. (-यः-यसो-यः) To be done with energy or perseverance. 2. To be killed or put to death. E. यत् to strive, यत् aff.

यत्न n. (-नः) 1. Death, being killed. 2. Effort, energy. E. न added to the last.

यत्न m. (-नः) A sacrificer, an institutor of sacrifices. E. या to go, यत् Una'di aff., and यञ् augment, form irr.

यत् r. 2nd cl. (याति) 1. To go, to go to. 2. To obtain, to get. 3. To invade. 4. To withdraw. 5. To elapse, (as time.) 6. To come to pass, to become. 7. To have carnal intercourse with. 8. To request. 9. To attempt. 10. To discover. With च, prefixed, To follow. With च, To approach, to reach. With चाङ्, To come to arrive. With च, To give way, to yield. With निन्, 1. To go out or forth. 2. To go readily or quickly. With यत्, To go to. With प्रति, To go to or towards. With प्रति and यत्, To meet, to advance to. With यत् and च, To approach. With यत् and च, To arrive. With चति, 1. To transgress. 2. To surpass.

यत्न m. (-नः) A sacrifice, any ceremony in which offerings and oblations are presented. E. यत् to worship, aff. यञ्।

याच् (ट्, च) टयाच् r. 1st cl. (याचति-ने) 1. To ask or beg, to solicit, to request. 2. To offer, to tender.

याचक mfn. (-कः-को-क) Beggar, mendicant, asking, one who asks, or solicits. E. याच् to ask, aff. यच्।

याचक mfn. (-कः-को-क) Beggar, mendicant. E. याचक an asker, यच् and याचना f. (-ना) Asking, begging. E. याच् to ask, aff. यच्।

याचना mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Asking, soliciting. E. याच् to ask, याचना aff.

याचनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be asked, &c. E. याच् to ask, यचनीय aff.

याचित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Asked, begged, solicited. E. याच् to ask, यच् added

याचितक n. (-कः) A thing borrowed for use. E. याचित asked, यच् added

याच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) To be asked, begged, &c. E. याच् to ask, यच् aff.

याचना mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Being asked. E. याच् to ask, पाप्म. 7., याचने aff.

आश्रम f. (-जः) Asking, begging. ३. याच् to ask, यच् aff. [यच् ।  
 आश्रम m. (-जः) Biled-rice, or generally food. ३. यच् to present, aff.  
 आश्रम m. (-जः) 1. An officiating priest, a Brahmana who conducts  
 any part of a sacrifice. 2. A royal elephant. 3. A furious elephant.  
 ३. यच् to worship, यच् aff.  
 आश्रम n. (-जः) Conducting a sacrifice or causing its performance. ३. यच्  
 to worship, causal form, aff. यच् ।  
 आश्रम m. (-जः) A sacrificer, an institutor of sacrificial ceremonies. ३.  
 यच् to sacrifice, Una'di aff. यच्. [sacrifice, विभुच् aff.  
 आश्रम m. (-जः) Sacrificing, one who officiates at a sacrifice. ३. यच् to  
 यज् mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) Belonging to or relating to the Yajur-Ve'da. ३.  
 यज् or यज् the Ve'da, यच् aff. [descent.  
 आश्रम m. (-जः) Kuvē. ३. यज् a proper name, यच् aff. of  
 आश्रम m. (-जः) A celebrated saint and legislator; the supposed  
 author of a celebrated code of laws, and the first reputed teacher  
 of the white portion of the Yajur-Ve'da revealed to him by the  
 sun. ३. यज् the father of the saint, and यच् aff.  
 आश्रम f. (-जी) A name of DRAUPADI, the wife of the Pān'davas. ३.  
 यज् the father of the princess, यच् patronymic aff., fem. aff. जीच्.  
 आश्रम m. (-जः) 1. A sacrificer, an institutor of a sacrifice. 2. An  
 officiating priest at a sacrificial ceremony. 3. Kus'a or sacrificial  
 grass. ३. यज् sacrifice, यच् aff. [and यच् aff.  
 आश्रम n. (-जः) Sacrifice, sacrificial ceremonies. ३. यज् a sacrificer,  
 यज् mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) Fit for sacrifice. ३. यज्, यच् added.  
 आश्रम mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) To be offered or sacrificed. m. (-जः) A sacri-  
 ficer, the person for whom it is performed. n. (-जः) Property or  
 presents derived from officiating at sacrifices. ३. यज् to worship,  
 यच् aff. [ness.  
 आश्रम Ind. An interjection. 1. Of pleasure. 2. Of alarm. 3. Of restless-  
 यज् m. (-जः-जी-ञ) Going. ३. या to go, यज् aff.  
 या mfn. (-जः-ता-त) 1. Gone, went. 2. Obtained, got. n. (-जः) 1. Driving  
 or guiding an elephant with a goad. 2. Going, motion. 3. The  
 pastime. ३. यज् to endeavour, or या to go, aff. यज् ।  
 या m. (-जः) 1. Requit, recompense. 2. Revenge.  
 या f. (-जः) 1. Pain, agony, sharp or acute pain. 2. Pain or punish-  
 ment inflicted by YAMA or his ministers, the pains of hell. ३. यज्  
 to inflict pain, aff. यज्.  
 या mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) 1. Old. 2. Used, impaired. 3. Rejected, abando-  
 ned. 4. Raw, half-ripe or dressed. 5. Aged, exhausted. ३. या  
 gone or got, या forbearance, relinquishment.  
 या mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) 1. To be gone. 2. To be gone against, to be  
 attacked or invaded. ३. या to go, यज् aff.  
 या mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) A goer, one who goes or moves. m. (-जः) A demon,  
 a goblin, an imp or evil spirit. m. (-जः) 1. Time. 2. A traveller, a  
 wayfarer. 3. Wind. ३. या to go, या Una'di aff. [aff. यज् ।  
 या m. (-जः) A goblin, an evil spirit. ३. या the same, या to have,  
 या m. (-जः) 1. A charioteer, a driver. 2. A husband's brother's wife.  
 ३. यज् to endeavour assiduously, Una'di aff. यज्, and the radical  
 vowel made long.  
 या m. (-जः) An infernal or condemned spirit. ३. यज् to endeavour,  
 causal form, aff. यज् ।  
 या f. (-जः) 1. Going moving, proceeding, marching travelling. 2.  
 Passing away time. 3. Practice, usage, custom. 4. A holy festival,  
 but especially the procession of idols, &c. which usually forms  
 part of the ceremonies on such an occasion. 5. An expedient, a  
 means. 6. The march of an assailing force. 7. Going to pilgrimage.  
 8. A sort of dramatic entertainment. 9. Intercourse. 10. Way,  
 means. 11. A vehicle in general. ३. या to go, Una'di aff. यज्  
 or यज् ।  
 या m. (-जः) Setting forth on a journey, &c. ३. या, यज् making.

या m. (-जः) Performing a pilgrimage. ३. या, यज् engaging in.  
 या mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) 1. Relating to a march, &c. 2. Customary,  
 usual. 3. Requisite for the support of life. m. (-जः) 1. A pilgrim.  
 2. A traveller. n. (-जः) Provision, supplies, conveyance, &c., for a  
 march. ३. या and यज् aff.  
 या m. (-जः) A public festival. ३. या procession, यज् festival.  
 या m. (-जः) Rectitude, truth, propriety. ३. या, यज्, and यज् aff.  
 या mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) Just, true. ३. या, यज्, and यज् aff.  
 या m. (-जः) Application, use, accomplishment, attainment of an  
 object. ३. या, यज्, and यज् aff.  
 या m. (-जः) The ocean. ३. या an aquatic animal, and या lord.  
 या m. (-जः) The ocean. 2. VARUNA, regent of water. ३. या  
 a fish, &c., and या lord.  
 या m. (-जः) 1. KRISHNA, as descended from the family of Yadu. 2.  
 A Yādava, or descendant of Yadu. f. (-जी) A name of DURGA. n.  
 (-जः) Stook of cattle. ३. या a proper name, यच् aff. of descent, &c.  
 या n. (-जः) Any aquatic or amphibious animal. ३. या to go, (with  
 speed), यज् aff., and यज् augment.  
 या m. (-जः) VARUNA, the deity of water. ३. या an aquatic  
 animal, in the sixth case plural, या lord. [the last.  
 या m. (-जः) 1. VARUNA. 2. The ocean. ३. या, यज्, पति lord : see  
 या mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) Independent, following one's own will. m.  
 (-जः) A ministering priest who does as he pleases. ३. या, यज्, and यज्  
 aff.  
 या mfn. (-जः) As like, how like, which like. ३. या what, यज् to see,  
 यज् aff., form irr.; also with यज् aff. या mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) and  
 with यज् added या mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) ।  
 या m. (-जः) Water. ३. या an aquatic animal, या abode.  
 या n. (-जः) 1. Any vehicle or form of conveyance, as a carriage, a  
 horse, an elephant, &c. 2. Going, marching, proceeding. 3. In-  
 vading, marching against an enemy. ३. या to go, aff. यज् ।  
 या m. (-जः) A vessel, a ship, a boat. ३. या going, (by water),  
 and या a cup or vessel; also with यज् added या m. (-जः) ।  
 या m. (-जः) The forepart of a carriage, the pole or part where the  
 yoke is fixed. ३. या a vehicle, and या face or front.  
 या m. (-जी) The owner of a vehicle. ३. या and या master.  
 या m. (-जः) 1. Spending or passing away time. 2. Abiding, staying,  
 being. 3. Rejection, ejection, expelling, expulsion. 4. Allaying, al-  
 leviating, (as pain or sickness.) ३. या to go, causal form, aff. यज् ।  
 या mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) 1. To be passed or spent as time. 2. To be al-  
 layed or relieved though not cured, (disease or a sick person.) ३.  
 या to go, causal v. यज् aff.  
 या f. (-जः) Twisted or matted hair. ३. या to, in the causal form, aff. यज् ।  
 या mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) 1. Low, vile, contemptible. 2. To be passed or  
 spent, (as time, &c.) 3. (In medicine,) To be alleviated or relieved  
 though not cured, (disease.) ३. या to go, causal form, aff. यज् ।  
 या m. (-जः) A litter, a palanquin. ३. या vile, and या a carriage.  
 या mfn. (-जः-जी-ञ) Relating to YAMA, done by him, ordered by him,  
 &c. m. (-जः) 1. The eighth part of a day, a watch of three hours. 2.  
 Forbearance. 3. Cessation, term. ३. या to go, (through the day),  
 या Una'di aff.; or यज् to restrain, aff. यज्; or यज्, and यज् aff.  
 या m. (-जः) A cock. f. (-जः) A clock, a metal plate to which the  
 hours are struck, or a drum used for similar purpose. ३. या a  
 watch, and या sound.  
 या f. (-जी) A metal plate on which the hours are struck, or a  
 drum used for that purpose. ३. या a watch, या the same.  
 या m. (-जः) A name of INDRA.  
 या m. (-जः) A regular occupation for every hour.  
 या n. (-जः) A pair, a couple, a brace. ३. या, यज् pleonastic aff.  
 या f. (-जी) 1. Night. 2. Turmeric. ३. या a watch, and या aff.

यानिनि f. (-निः) The being on watch or guard.

[यानिनि]

यावत् m. (-त्) A daughter's husband. ३. य substituted for ज; see यानि f. (-निः) 1. A sister. 2. A virtuous woman. 3. Night. 4. The month. 5. Relating to YAMA. 6. A daughter, or daughter-in-law, newly married. ३. या to go, नि aff.; or य substituted for ज; see यानि; or यत् YAMA, यत् aff. of reference.

यानिका f. (-का) Night. ३. यान a watch, कन् aff., fem. form.

यानिनी f. (-नी) 1. Night 2. Turmeric. ३. यान a watch, इनि aff.

यानिनीपति m. (-तिः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. ३. यानिनी night, पति master. [अ. य.]

यानीर m. (-रः) The moon. f. (-रा) Night. ३. यानी night to have or be, यानुन mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Relating to the Yamunā river. (-न) Antimony, or rather the sulphuret of antimony, generally used as an application to darken the eyelashes, and strengthen the eyes. ३. यानुन the Jamunā river, and यञ् aff.

यानुनेक n. (-क) Lead.

यान्य m. (-यः) A sister's son. ३. यानि a sister, and यञ् aff.

याम्य m. (-यः) 1. Sandal. 2. The saint AGASTYA. f. (-यः) 1. The south. 2. The lunar asterism, Bhāraṇī. 3. Night. ३. याम YAMA, यञ् aff.; being sacred to or governed by that deity, &c.

याम्यायन n. (-नः) The sun's course, south of the line, the winter solstice. ३. याम्य the south, ययन going.

याम्योत्तर Adj. Going from south to north.

यायुज्ज m. (-जः) The performer of frequent sacrifices, ३. यञ् to sacrifice. aff. ऊञ्, the root repeated, and the first vowel made long.

यायावर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Going repeatedly. 2. Wandering, vagrant. m. (-रः) 1. A horse fit for the As'wame'dha sacrifice. 2. The saint JARATKRU. 3. A Brāhmana who has preserved his household-fire. 4. A vagrant. ३. या to go, in the reiterative form, वरञ् aff.

यायिन् mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) Going, who or what goes. ३. या to go, यिनि aff., यञ् inserted.

याव mfn. (-वः-वी-व) Relating to barley. m. (-वः) Lac, the red animal-dye. ३. यु to join, aff. यञ्; the nest yielding a sort of resinous substance used as sealing-wax: or यत् barley, to which the grains of the dye are compared, and यञ्-यञ् aff.

यावक m. (-कः) 1. Half-ripe barley. 2. Awnless barley. 3. A sort of kidney-bean, (Phaseolus) 4. A kind of pulse, (Dolichos biflorus.) 5. A kind of pulse said to be peculiar to Cashmir. 6. Lac. ३. यु to mix, aff. यञ्, and यञ् added; or याव as above, pleonastic aff. कन्।

यावक्य Adv. (-क्य) To the utmost of one's power. ३. यावत् and यत्क्य ablo.

यावज्जीव Adv. (-ज) For life, as long as life. ३. यावत् until, जीव life.

यावत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) As much, how much, such. Ind. 1. As much as. 2. As many as. 3. As long as. 4. As far as, until, unto. 5. When, (i. e. as much, applied to time.); the correlative of तावत्. ३. यत् what or which, तावत् aff. and या substituted for the pronominal final.

यावतिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) That which is as far as, or as much as, &c. the ordinal of the particle यावत्. ३. यावत् as much as, &c. and तिञ् aff.

यावतावत् Ind. 1. As much as, quantum-tantum. 2. (In algebra.) The relation of the unknown number and its coefficient. ३. यावत्, तावत् so much.

यावन mfn. (-नः-नी-व) Belonging or relating to a Yavan's, Ionian, &c. m. (-नः) Incense. ३. यवन the country of the Yavanas, यञ् aff.

यावनाक्ष m. (-क्षः) A kind of grain, (Zea mays.) "जाना". f. (-नी) Sugar prepared from Zea mays. ३. यवनाक्ष, यञ् pleonasm.

यावयक m. (-कः) Nitre, salt-petre. ३. यव barley, यक the spike, यञ् aff.

यावस m. (-सः) A quantity or heap of grass. ३. यु to mix, यञ्दि aff. यञ् with the effect of चित्, which makes the vowel long.

याम्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be mixed or joined, miscible. ३. यु to join or mix, aff. यञ्।

यावोचरेय m. (-यः) The son of S'A'KYAMUNI, the probable founder of the Budd'hā sect.

यावोच m. (-चः) A warrior armed with a club. ३. यटि a stick, a club उञ् aff., and both vowels made long; or यटि-ईकञ्।

यास m. (-सः) 1. A plant, (Hedysarum albagi) "दुराक्षयायान्". 2. Effort. f. (-सा) A sort of bird, the Sālika. ३. यञ् to endeavour, aff. यञ्।

यास्य m. (-स्यः) Name of the author of NIKUKTA.

यास्यन् mfn. (-स्यन्-स्यन्-स्यन्) Going, who or what will be going. ३. या to go, यट् aff. with the future tense.

यियञ्चनान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Purposing or wishing to worship. ३. यञ् to worship, desid. व., यानञ् aff. [व., य aff.]

यियञ्चु mfn. (-चुः-चुः-चुः) Desirous of sacrificing. ३. यञ् to worship, desid.

यियविषा f. (-षा) Wish to mix, blend, &c. ३. यु to mix, desid. व., यञ् and टाप् affs. [व., य aff.]

यियविषु mfn. (-वुः-वुः-वुः) Wishing to mix or blend. ३. यु to mix, desid. यु r. 2nd cl. (योजि) 1. To mix, to join, to blend. 2. To separate or not mix. r. 10th cl. (यावयते) To censure, to blame, to disrespect, to despise. (य) युञ्. r. 9th cl. (युजति युजते) To bind, to tie.

युञ् Ind. Badly, ill.

युञ्ज mfn. (-ञ्जः-ञ्जः-ञ्जः) 1. Joined, combined, united, identified. 2. Right, fit, proper. 3. Proved, concluded by inference or argument. 4. Moderate, limited. 5. Possessing, endowed with, as virtues, qualities, &c. 6. Intent on, attached to, as a study or pursuit. 7. Employed or engaged in business, &c. 8. Occupied in performance of the religious exercise called Yo'ga. m. (-ञ्जः) The sage who has acquired the command of his feelings and passions, and who performs the customary devotional offices without any regard to their result. n. (-ञ्जः) 1. A measure of four cubits. 2. A team, a yoke. f. (-ञ्जः) A plant, commonly Elāni. ३. युञ् to join or mix, aff. ञ्।

युञ्जसा f. (-सा) A plant, commonly Elāni, (Mimosa octandra) ३. युञ् mixed, joined, रस juice. [joined, यवस iron.]

युञ्जायुञ् m. (-यः) A sort of wooden spade or shovel. ३. युञ् bound, युञ्ति f. (-ञ्तिः) 1. Union, connection, joining. 2. Propriety, fitness. 3.

Usage, custom, traditionary and unwritten law. 4. Inference, deduction from circumstance or argument, the reason of a thing or argument. 5. Insertion of circumstances in written evidence, specification in writing of place, time, &c., considered as one of the means of verifying such evidence. 6. A figure of rhetoric, emblematic or mystical expression of purpose, so as to conceal its form all but its immediate object. 7. Supplying an ellipsis. 8. Connection of dramatic events, the production of one incident by another. 9. Alloying of metals. ३. युञ् to join, &c., aff. ञ्।

युञ्जिस्तर Adj. 1. Suitable. 2. Proved.

युञ्जियुञ्ज Adj. 1. Expert. 2. Suitable, fit. 3. Proved.

युञ् (य) युञ्ति r. 1st cl. (युञ्ति) To except, to abandon.

युञ् n. (-नः) 1. A pair, a couple, a brace. 2. An age, as the S'atya or Kṛita, Trē'ta, Dvāpara, and Kali. 3. A lustre, or period of five years. m. (-नः) 1. A yoke. 2. A measure of four cubits. 3. An expression for the numbers "four" and "twelve". 4. Life, birth. 5. A drug, commonly Ridd'hī. ३. युञ् to join, aff. यञ्, the final changed.

युञ्जोक्त m. (-क्तः) The pin of a yoke. ३. युञ् a yoke, कौक्ष a pin, यञ् added.

युञ्जय m. (-यः) Destruction of the world. ३. युञ् and यञ् destruction.

युञ्जस्तर m. (-रः-रः) 1. The pole of a carriage, or wood to which the yoke is fixed. 2. The name of a mountain. ३. युञ् a yoke, य to hold or support, यञ् aff. [join, यवत् aff.]

युञ्जपत् Ind. 1. At one time, at once. 2. Together, conjointly. ३. यु to युञ्ज(पा)त् m. (-पः) 1. A sort of ebony. 2. The Ash'panāka tree. 3. The Lo'dh or Lo'dhra tree, (symplocos racemosa.) : see the next.

युञ्जवत् m. (-वः) Mountain-ebony, (Bauhinia variegata.) "रुद्राक्षवत्-इति". f. (-विका) 1. The Sishu-tree, (Dalbergia Sishu.) "रुद्राक्षवत्-इति".

2. The Sarsapa-tree, (*sinapis dichotoma*.) **युन** a pair, **यन** a leaf, aff. **यन्**, double-leaved.

**युनपात्रं** **म.** (-नः) A young ox in training. **म.** युन a yoke, **यानं** a side, and **न** who goes, or with **यन्** aff. **युनपात्रकं** **म.** (-कः) ।

**युनय** **न.** (-यः) A pair, a brace, a couple. **म.** युन a pair, **यन्** aff.

**युनयक** **न.** (-कः) 1. A hair. 2. Two verses forming one sentence.

**युनायक** **म.** (-कः) A year. **म.** युन् an age, and **यन्** a part.

**युनान** **म.** (-नः) 1. A destruction of the universe. 2. The end of an age. 3. Mid-day, noon. 4. The end of a yoke. **म.** युन an age, either generally or individually, and **यन्** end. [friend.

**युनालवन्** **म.** (-वः) A real friend, a friend in need. **म.** युनाल, **यन्** a **युन** **न.** (-नः) 1. A pair, a couple, a brace. 2. A twin. 3. Mixing, uniting. 4. A couple of verses. 5. The sign Gemini of the Zodiac. **फ.**

(-नः) Even. **म.** युज् to join, Unádi aff. **यन्**, the final changed to **न**.

**युनयन** **न.** (-नः) 1. A couple. 2. A couple of verses connected by the construction of the sentence, the sense being completed only by the two together. **म.** यन् added to the last.

**युनयन** **म.** (-नः) 1. A tree, (*Alstonia scholaris*. Syn. *Echites scholaris*.) 2. The Sishu-tree. 3. The Rakta-Kánohana tree, (*Bauhinia variegata*.) 4. The Bhu'rja-patra tree. **म.** युन a couple, and **यन** a leaf, double-leaved : see **युनयन** ।

**युनयनिका** **फ.** (-का) A timber-tree, (*Dalbergia Sisu*.) : see the last.

**युनयनोत्तम** **म.** (-मः) A plant, (*Asclepias rosea*.)

**युय** **मfn.** (-यः-य्य-य्य) Fit or proper to be yoked or harnessed. **न.** (-यः) Any vehicle or conveyance. **म.** (-यः) An animal yoked, a carriage-horse. **म.** युज् to join, aff. **यन्** or **यप्** ; **यस्य** **न** । [take.

**युक्** **र.** 1st cl. (युज्) To be inattentive or negligent, to err or mis-

**युज्** (ची) युजो **र.** 4th cl. (युजते) 1. To confine the thoughts, to keep the mind fixed in abstract meditation. 2. To be fit. 3. To be right. **र.** 1st and 10th cls. (योजति योजयति-ते) 1. To bind, to tie, to connect.

2. To yoke 3. To instigate. 4. To oblige. 5. To put to. With **नि**,

To yoke. With **सन्**, To unite. (योजयते) To blame. (ची **यृ**.) ची युजिर्

**र.** 7th cl. (युनक्ति युज्क्ते) 1. To join, to mix, to unite, &c. 2. To apply,

to use. 3. To prepare, to make ready. 4. To meditate. 5. To grant to

endow. 6. To design, to intend, &c. With **यन्** prefixed, 1. To ask,

to inquire. 2. To reprove. With **यन्**, 1. To utter, to speak. 2. To

accuse. 3. To claim. With **यन्**, 1. To make effort. 2. To prepare.

With **उप**, 1. To seize, to take, to lay hold of. 2. To eat. 3. To use.

With **नि**, 1. To order, to appoint, (with a loc.) 2. To join. With **प्र**

1. To be fit or due. 2. To attach or apply to. 3. To lend money.

4. To make effort. 5. To combine or connect. 6. To give. 7. To

move. 8. To perform on the stage. With **वि**, 1. To separate, to

sever. 2. To send. 3. To leave, to abandon. With **वि** and **नि**, 1.

To appoint or employ. 2. To expend. 3. To send. 4. To involve

in or force upon. With **वि** and **प्र**, To separate, to part, to divide.

With **यन्**, To unite, to combine. With **यन्** and **यक्**, To think

profoundly.

**युज्** **न.** (युज्) A pair, a couple. **म.** (-युज्-युज्) A sage, one who devotes his time to abstract contemplation. Dual. (-जी) The twin-sons of

As'hwini, and physicians of Swarga. **म.** (-युज्) A joiner, one who

joins, or unites. **फ.** (-युज्) A measure of three hundred poles. **म.** युज्

to join to meditate, &c., aff. **हिप्** ; also युजिर् the same, with the

same aff., when **न** is inserted after the vowel, before the first

five affixes in the masculine and feminine genders.

**युज्** **मfn.** (-यन्-यन्तो-यन्) 1. Uniting, Joining. 2. Uniting spiritually,

practising devotion. **म.** युज् to join, &c., **यद्** aff.

**युजान** **मfn.** (-नः-यान-यान) Uniting, combining, joining with. **म.** (-नः) 1. A

charioteer. 2. A Bráhmāna engaged in the religious exercise called

Yó'ga. **म.** युज् to join, &c., aff. **यानच्** and **युन्** inserted.

**युज्** (युज्) **र.** 1st cl. (योजते) To shine.

**युज्** Ind. Badly, ill.

**युज्** **मfn.** (-यन्-यान-यान) 1. Joined, combined, connected, identified. 2. Attached to, engaged in or by. 3. Endowed with, possessed of separated. **न.** (-यः) A measure of four cubits. **म.** यु to join, &c., aff. **य** ।

**युजक** **मfn.** (-यन्-यान-यान) Joined, combined. **न.** (-यः) 1. Doubt, uncertainty.

2. A pair, a brace. 3. Nuptial presents. 4. The end of a cloth worn

by women. 5. A garment worn by women ; it is applied, both

to the petti-coat and the upper wrapper or cloth. 6. The

ends of a cloth. 7. The edge of a winnowing basket. 8. Asylum.

9. Forbearance, cessation. 10. Alliance, acquaintance, forming an

alliance, friendship. **म.** युज् joined, &c., **यन्** added.

**युजि** **फ.** (-यि) 1. Joining, uniting. 2. Obtaining possession of. 3. A con-

junction, (in astro.) 4. (In arith.) Addition. **म.** यु to join, **यि** aff.

**युज्** **न.** (-यः) 1. War, battle, contest. 2. Conflict of the planets, (in as-

tronomy.) **म.** युज् to fight, aff. **य** । [delight.

**युजर** **म.** (-रः) 1. KA'RTIK'YA. 2. A battle-arena. **म.** युज् war, and **र**

**युजरी** **म.** (-रः) 1. A warrior. 2. A warlike hero in a poem. 3. The

sentiment of heroism.

**युजवार** **म.** (-रः) A horse. **म.** युज् war, **र** to go, aff. **यन्** ।

**युजोन्मत्त** **मfn.** (-यन्-यान-यान) Fierce or frantic in battle. **म.** युज्, **यन्मत्त** frantic.

**युज्** (ची) चीयुज् **र.** 4th cl. (युजते) To fight, to contend in battle, to slay.

**युज्** **फ.** (युत् or युज्) War, battle. **म.** युज् to fight, aff. **यि** or **यप्**.

**युधान** **म.** (-नः) A man of the second or military order, a warrior. **म.** युध्

to fight, Una'di aff. **यानच्**, and the radical vowel unchanged.

**युधिष्ठिर** **म.** (-रः) The elder of the five Pa'n'd'ava princes, and leader in the

great war, between them and the Kurus, in the beginning of the

fourth age ; the nominal son of PA'N'D'U whom he succeeded in

the sovereignty of India, but according to the legend, begotten on

Kunti by the deity YAMA. **म.** युधि in war or battle, and **ष्ठिर** for

स्थिर firm ; it is also sometimes read युधिस्थिर ।

**युध** **म.** (-यः) 1. War, battle. 2. A bow. 3. An arrow. 4. A warrior, a

combatant. **म.** युध् to fight, **यन्** Una'di aff.

**युधनान** **मfn.** (-यन्-यान-यान) Fighting, warring. **म.** युध् to fight, **यानच्** aff.

**युध्** (युध्) युधी **र.** 4th cl. (युधति) To confuse, to perplex. 2. To trouble.

3. To efface.

**युध्** **म.** (-यः) A horse.

**युध्** **म.** (-यः) A hyena. **म.** युध् joined, **युध्** a hoof.

**युध्** **मfn.** (-यन्-यान-यान) 1. Wishing to join or unite. 2. Devout, wish-

ing to effect spiritual union with the divine essence. **म.** युज् to

be devout or to join, desid. v., **यानच्** aff.

**युध्** **फ.** (-यः) Wish or purpose to fight, enmity, pugnacity. **म.** युध् to

fight, desid. v., **यक्** and **यप्** affs. [युध्, **यि** void of.

**युध्** **मfn.** (-यन्-यान-यान) Cowardly, having no intention to fight. **म.**

**युध्** **मfn.** (-यन्-यान-यान) Wishing or ready to make war or fight, pug-

nacious, hostile, ambitious. **म.** (-यः) A combatant. **म.** युध् to make

war, desid. v., **य** aff.

**युध्** **म.** (-यः) 1. A proper name, one of the chiefs of the Pa'n'd'us. 2.

A warrior. **म.** युध् to fight, in the reduplicate form, **यानच्** aff.

**युध्** **मfn.** (-यि-यि-यि or -यि-यि) Bald in youth. **म.** युध् and **यन्** bald ;

also युध्, and fem. युध्, **यन्** ।

**युध्** **म.** (-यः) Eruptions on the face peculiar to youth. **म.** युध् a

young person, from युध्, and **यन्** what affects the cheek.

**युध्** **मfn.** (-यन्-यान-यान) Being old as it were in youth, old-fashioned,

or prematurely infirm. **म.** युध्, and **यन्** old ; also युध्, and in

the fem. युध्, **यन्** ।

**युध्** **म.** (-यि) Having a young wife. **म.** युध्, and **यानि** wife.

**युध्** **फ.** (-यि or -यि) A young woman.

**युध्** **मfn.** (युध् युध्, or -यि or -यि-युध्) 1. Young 2. Best, excellent. 3.

Endowed with native or natural strength. **म.** (Nom. युध्-यानि-यानः

acc. plu. युध्) 1. A younger descendant, the elder being alive. **म.**

(-वा) A young man or one of the virile age, or from sixteen to seventy. f. (ति:-ली or यूनी) A young woman, one from sixteen to thirty. f. (-ति:) Turmeric. म. यु to mix or associate, Una'di aff. कृतिन्, the fem. form takes ति, and optionally adds कृति in one form, with which affix the semi-vowel व is changed to its congener क, and the two short vowels coalesce into one long one, making कृती.

युवनामक m. (-जः) A name of MA'NDHA'TRI', an early sovereign of the Solar dynasty. म. युवनाम his father, who appears as the eighth monarch of the Solar line, and ज born.

युवपक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Grey-haired in youth. म. युवन्, and पक्षित grey-haired; also युवापक्षित, and fem. युवति:पक्षिता ।

युवराज m. (-जः) 1. A young prince, especially the heir apparent, associated to the throne. 2. One of the Jain's pontiffs. म. युव young, राजन् a prince, टच् aff.

युवराज्य n. (-ज्य) The dignity of heir apparent and associate in the throne, म. युवराज, and यच् aff.

युवद् 2nd personal pronoun. mfn. (-त्) Thou. म. युव a Sautra root, to serve, to worship, Una'di aff. नदिक्. [be said.

युवराज्य n. (-ज्य) (In gram.) The second person. म. युवद्, and वाच्य to यू f. (-यू:) The water in which pulse, &c. has been boiled, pease-soup, &c. म. यु to mix, aff. द्विप्, and vowel made long.

यूक mf. (-कः-का) A louse. म. यु to mix, (with the hair,) Una'di aff. कन्, and the vowel made long. [made long.

युति f. (-ति:) Joining, mixing. म. यु to join, aff. तिच्, and the vowel

यूष n. (-ष) A multitude of birds or beasts, a herd, a flock. f. (-यी) A kind of jasmine, (Jasminum auriculatum.) म. यु to mix, यच् Una'di aff., and the vowel made long.

यूषनाथ m. (-थः) A large elephant, the leader of a wild herd. म. यूष a multitude, (of elephants,) and नाथ lord.

यूषय m. (-यः) The leader of a wild herd of elephants. म. यूष a herd, and य who protects : see the last. [a herd, यट expelled.

यूषयट m. (-टः) An elephant turned out or driven from a herd. म. यूष यूषयस् Adv. Gregariously, in flocks. म. यूष and यस् aff.

यूषिका f. (-का) 1. A sort of jasmine, (Jasminum auriculatum.) 2. Globe amaranth. म. यूषी the jasmine, कन् aff., fem. form.

युनि f. (-नि:) Joining, union, junction. म. यु to join or mix, aff. तिच्, न substituted for the final, and the vowel made long.

यूप mn. (-पः-प) 1. A sacrificial post, a pillar usually made of bamboos, or the wood of the K'hadira, to which the victim at a sacrifice is bound. 2. A trophy, a column erected in honour of a victory. म. यु to bind, (the victim,) प Una'di aff.

यूपकटक m. (-कः) A wooden ring on the top of a sacrificial post, or according to some authorities, an iron ring at its base. म. यूप the post, and कटक a ring, &c. [the post, कर्क the ear.

यूपकर्क m. (-कः) A part of a sacrificial post sprinkled with ghee. म. यूप

यूपद्रु m. (-द्रुः) The K'hayar, (Mimosa catechu.) म. यूप a sacrificial post, and द्रु a tree; the wood of this tree being especially fit for the sacrificial post; also यूपद्रु म. (-मः) । "रत्नचद्विरे ।"

यूपदल्य m. (-ल्यः) A bird. म. यूप a sacrificial post, put for any post, and दल्य an aim; a sort of net being made about a post, on which birds may alight.

यूपाथ m. (-थः) The top of the sacrificial post. म. यूप as above, यथ top.

यूपोद्ध्य m. (-ध्) The ceremony of erecting the sacrificial post. म. यूप a sacrificial post, and उद्ध्य elevation.

यूय r. 1st cl. (यूयति) To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill.

यूय mn. (-यः-य) Pease-soup, pease-porridge, the water in which pulse of various kinds has been boiled. m. (-यः) The mulberry tree, (Morus Indica;) also यूय. म. यूय् to hurt, क् aff.; यूयन् is optionally substituted for this word in some cases.

युय Ind. (1st. sing of युय, used as an adverb.) 1. By which means, wherefore, whereby. 2. As; so that. (persevere.

युय (युय) युय r. 1st cl. (युयति) To resolve, to endeavour diligently, to योक्तव्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be joined or united. 2. To be performed (as devotion.) 3. To be united spiritually. म. युय् to join, यच् aff.

योजन m. (-ज) The tie of the yoke of a plough or carriage. म. युय् to join, Una'di aff., यच् ।

योजन m. (-जः) 1. Junction, joining, union. 2. Combination, association, meeting, conflux. 3. Religious and abstract meditation. 4. Keeping the body in a fixed posture. 5. Devotion, spiritual worship of God, or union with the Supreme Being by means of abstract contemplation; this does not necessarily imply an abandonment of the world or relinquishment of the usual observances of religion, but it involves internal indifference to objects of pleasure and pain, and utter disregard of the consequences or fruit of ceremonial rites. 6. The particular practice of the preceding sort of devotion, or the exercise of that abstraction by which union with God is supposed to be obtained; in the Gi'ta' it is described as sitting on Kus'a grass, with the body firm, the eyes fixed on the tip of the nose, and the mind intent on the Deity; in the Tantras a fanciful operation is prescribed, by which the vital spirit seated in the lower part of the body, and the etherial spirit placed in the head, are supposed to be brought into combination in the brain, when the devotee becomes united with BRAHMA'. 7. The system of philosophy which treats of the union of the soul with BRAHMA' or God; it is the same as the Patanjali' doctrine, and constitutes one of the six Darshanas or philosophical schools of the Hindus. 8. Magic, or the acquisition of supernatural powers by the mystical and magical worship of S'IVA and DURGA' especially. 9. Consequence, result, the main end or object of any thing or act. 10. Connection of one thing with another, as of cause with effect, predicate with subject, quality with substance, &c. 11. Acquisition of something not possessed before, accession of property or wealth; in grammar this application is assigned to any unusual construction of words or compounds, unauthorised by rule, but sanctioned by the authority that employs them. 12. A rule, an aphorism. 13. Propriety, fitness. 14. Side, part, cause or argument to be maintained or defended. 15. Thing, substance. 16. Wealth. 17. A drug, a medicament, especially a compound of various ingredients. 18. Fraud, trick. 19. A logician. 20. A spy, an informer. 21. A violator of truth or confidence. 22. A conveyance, a carriage, a boat, &c. 23. A means, an expedient. 24. Armour. 25. Putting on armour. 26. Lucky conjuncture. 27. (In arithmetic,) Addition. 28. (In astronomy,) The leading or principal star of a lunar mansion. 29. The twenty-seventh part of 3600 of a great circle measured on the plane of the ecliptic, and used in calculating the longitudes of the sun and moon; each Yo'ga has a distinct name; astrologers also enumerate twenty-eight Yo'gas differently named from the foregoing, and corresponding with the twenty-eight Nakshatras, or the divisions of the moon's path, but varying according to the day of the week. 30. A period, or the time during which the sum of the motions of the sun and moon amount to one Nakshatra, the mean duration of which is 23hs. 47' 44". म. युय् to join literally or figuratively, (as with God,) aff. यच् ।

योजयन् m. (-जः) 1. Charge of property, keeping of cattle, &c. for another. 2. Insurance or charge for secure conveyance of goods, and the profit on their sale. 3. Profit, gain, keeping the old and making fresh gains. 4. Such articles as are not divisible amongst coheirs. 5. Welfare, well-being. 6. National prosperity, the good government of a state, or the means of maintaining it; as the



Rājā, minister, priest, &c. forming the administration. ३. योनि profit, येन safety or preservation ; or येन association, येन patience. योनिधर m. (-रः) A keeper, one who takes charge of property, &c. ३. योनिधर, and धर who makes.

योनिधर m. (-रः) A name of HANUMĀKA. ३. येनि possession of superhuman powers, धर going, possessing.

योनिधर m. (-रः) Magical powder.

योनिधर Ind. 1. Suitably, properly. 2. Seasonably, in due season. 3. Through devotion, magic, &c. 4. Conjointly. ३. योनि, तसि aff.

योनिधर f. (-रः) The chief star in a constellation.

योनिदान n. (-नं) 1. A fraudulent gift. 2. Communicating the Yo'ga doctrine. ३. योनि, दान gift.

योनिमयिक m. (-कः) A sort of fish, (Silurus ascita.) "मरीचिक"।

योनिमय f. (-यः) 1. The sleep of VISHN'U during the deluge. 2. A state of half contemplation and half sleep. 3. A goddess, a form of DURGĀ or VISHN'U's sleep personified. ३. योनि mystery, निद्रा sleep.

योनिपट्ट m. (-ट्टः) A cloth drawn round the lower extremities of the ascetic as he spouts to perform religious abstraction. ३. योनि a religious exercise, पट्ट cloth. [world. 2. DURGĀ].

योनिमाया f. (-या) 1. The personified power of god in the creation of the योनिमय m. (-यः) The orange, (Citrus aurantium.) "कमलाक्षि"।

योनिवद m. (-दः) A word which retains only a part of its etymological meaning ; for instance, the word जलज may etymologically mean any thing produced in water, such as, fish, shell, &c., but its meaning are restricted to lotus only.

योनिरोचना f. (-ना) A magical ointment having the power of making one invisible or invulnerable.

योनिवत् n. (-त्) The power of devotion or magic.

योनिवत्तिका f. (-का) A magical lamp, a magical lantern.

योनिवाहिन m. (-ही) A menstruum or medium for mixing medicines, as honey, &c. ३. योनि, वाहिन conveyer. [effecting.

योनिवाही f. (-ही) 1. Alkali. 2. Quicksilver. ३. योनि joining of metals, वाह योनिविक्रय m. (-यः) Fraudulent sale. ३. योनि, and विक्रय sale.

योनिविद् m. (-विद्) 1. A follower of the Yo'ga doctrines. 2. A practiser of devotional exercises. 3. A magician. 4. A compounder of medicines. ३. योनि and विद् who knows.

योनिविभक्त m. (-नः) 1 Separation of that which is usually combined. 2. The separation of the words of a Sūtra or text.

योनिमयि m. (-यिः) The absorption of the soul in profound meditation.

योगसार m. (-रः) A panacea, a universal remedy.

योगसेवा f. (-वा) Practising religious abstraction. ३. योनि, सेवा observance.

योगसूत्र n. (-त्रः) A means of attaining Yoga ; There are eight such means; viz :—यम, नियम, आसन, प्राणायाम, प्रत्याहार, धारणा, ध्यान and समाधि ।

योगाचार m. (-रः) 1. The observance of Yo'ga. 2. A follower of that Buddhist sect which maintains the external existence of intelligence alone.

योगाचमन n. (-नं) A fraudulent pledge. ३. योनि fraud, and आचमन a pledge.

योगाङ्क mfn. (-ङ्क-ङ्क-ङ्क) Engaged in devotional exercises. ३. योनि, and आङ्क mounted on.

योगासन n. (-नं) A religious posture, the position in which the devotee sits to perform the religious exercise called Yo'ga. ३. योनि as above, and आसन a seat or sitting.

योगिन् mfn. (-नी-निनी-नि) 1. Who or what joins, or effects junction or connection, &c. 2. Possessed of superhuman powers. m. (-नी) 1. A devotee, an ascetic in general. 2. The religious or devout man, who performs worldly actions and ceremonies without regard to their results, and keeps his mind fixed upon BRAHMA' or God alone. 3. The performer of the particular act of meditation called Yo'ga. 4. A magician, a conjuror, one supposed to have

obtained supernatural powers. f. (-नी) Name of the eight female fiend or spirit attendant on, and created by DURGĀ ; ३. योनि as above, तसि aff. ; or युज् to join, aff. चित्तु । [sleep.

योगिनिद्रा f. (-द्रा) Light sleep, wakefulness. ३. योगिन् a saint, निद्रा योगिन् m. (-नः) 1. The city of BRAHMA'. 2. The saint and legislator

YĀGYAWALKYA. 3. A name of Ś'IVA. 4. Any principal Muni or Yo'gi. ३. योनि a Yo'gi or religious personage, &c., ईश्वर lord or chief.

योगिचर m. (-रः) 1. A principal sage or ascetic. 2. A magician, one who has superhuman faculties. 3. A deity, the object of devout contemplation. ३. योनि and ईश्वर lord. [desired.

योगिह n. (-हः) Lead, ३. योनि affinity, (of metals or amalgamation,) एह योगिह mfn. (-ह-ह-ह) 1. Clever, skilful. 2. Fit or proper for a Yo'ga, or for religious meditation. 3. Powerful, able. 4. Fit, proper, suitable. n. (-हः) 1. A drug, commonly Ri'dd'hi. 2. A cake. 3.

A vehicle or conveyance. 4. Sandal. m. (-हः) A calculator of expedients. f. (-हः) 1. Military exercise. 2. Medical practice. ३.

युज् to join or mix, aff. यज् ; or योनि union, यत् aff.

योग्यता f. (-ता) Fitness, suitableness, propriety. ३. योग्य, तत् aff. ; also with त्, योग्यत् ।

योजन n. (-नः) 1. God, the SUPREME BEING, the soul of the world. 2. A measure of distance equal to four Kro'sas, which at 8000 cubits or 4000 yards to the Kro'sa or Ko's, will be exactly nine miles ; other computations make the Yo'jana but about five miles, or even no more than four miles and a half. 3. Joining, union, junction, yoking. 4. Application, preparation. 5. Construction, putting together of the sense of a passage. 6. Instigation, exciting. 7. Concentration of the mind. f. (-ना) 1. Union, connection. 2. Grammatical construction. ३. युज् to join, aff. जुट् ।

योजनमया f. (-या) 1. Musk. 2. A name of Ś'ITA'. 3. A name of SATYAVATI, the mother of the sage and poet VYĀSA. ३. योजन a Yojana, and गन्ध smell ; whose odour is perceptible miles off ; also with कन् added, fem. form, योजनमयिका ।

योजनपर्णी f. (-र्णी) Bengal madder. ३. योजन joining, पर्ण leaf.

योजनपत्री f. (-त्री) Bengal madder, (Rubia manjith.) "मन्त्रिहायान्" ३. योजन joining, पत्री pedicle. [चनीयर् aff.

योजनीय mfn. (-य-या-यं) 1. To be joined. 2. To be added. ३. युज् to join, योजयिह mfn. (-य-य-यं) Joining, combining, who or what unites. ३. युज् to join, causal v., यट् aff. [usually युज् ।

योजित mfn. (-न-ना-न) Mixed, joined. ३. युज् to join, aff. क ; more योतु m. (-तः) 1. Measure in general. 2. Cleaning, purifying. 3. A cleanser, a purifier. ३. यु to mix, or not to mix, and तन् Una'di aff.

योजन n. (-नः) The tie that fastens the yoke of a plough to the neck of the ox. ३. यु to join, इत् aff.

योद्धमान mfn. (-न-ना-न) About to fight, ready to fight. ३. युध् to fight, desid. v., future tense, यट् aff.

योद्धव्य mfn. (-व्य-व्य-व्य) To be fought, what must or ought to be fought. ३. युध् to fight, यट् aff.

योद्धु m. (-हः) A warrior, a combatant. ३. युध् to fight, aff. डत् ।

योध m. (-धः) A warrior, a soldier, a combatant. ३. युध् to fight, aff. चत् ।

योधमुख m. (-मुखः) A leader, a chief warrior. ३. योध and मुख chief.

योधयुद्ध mfn. (-युद्ध-युद्ध-युद्ध) Fighting, warring. ३. युध् to fight, यट् aff.

योधवीर m. (-रः) A hero, a warrior. ३. योध, and वीर a hero.

योधसंराध m. (-रः) Mutual defiance, challenging or braving each other. ३. योध a warrior, संराध cry or shout. [हर what takes.

योधर mfn. (-रः रा-रु) Carrying soldiers fit for war, (horses.) ३. योध, योधिन् m. (-धी) A warrior. ३. युध् to fight, चित्तु aff.

योधेय m. (-यः) A warrior. ३. युध् war, and डत् aff.

योधन m. (-नः) A sort of grain, (Andropogon or Holcus sorghum.) "धु-धान्" ३. यध barley, नल culm or stalk, the न of the first word changed to ध, and ध with the inherent vowel of य changed to धी ।

योनि mfn. (-निः-निः or -नी) 1. The vulva. 2. A mine. 3. Cause, origin. 4. Water. 5. Place or site of birth or production in general. 6. A repository, a seat. 7. Home, abode, nest. 8. A form of existence, race, birth, as in "देवयोनि," &c. ९. यु to join or mix, Una'di aff. नि ।  
 योजिज् Adj. Born of the womb, viviparous.  
 योनिदेवता f. (-ता) The 11th Nakshatra or lunar asterism ; also Pu'rva-pha'lguni. ९. योनि the vulva, and देवता presiding deity.  
 योनिनासा f. (-सा) The upper part of the vulva or the union of the labium. ९. योनि the womb, and नासा the nose.  
 योनिभेद m. (-दः) Fall of the womb, Prolapsus uteri. [colouring.  
 योनिरक्षण n. (-नं) The menstrual excretion. ९. योनि pudendum, रक्षण योनिस्थि n. (-नं) The clitoris. ९. योनि the pudendum, स्थि the penis.  
 योनिसेहति f. (-तिः) Contraction or closure of the vagina. ९. योनि and सेहति contraction.  
 योनिस्फुर m. (-रः) Fault or blemish of birth on the mother's side, as from inferiority of caste, &c. ९. योनि, and स्फुर mixture.  
 योन्मयस् n. (-यः) An affection of the vulva, Menorrhagia, or prolapsus uteri. ९. योनि the vulva, and यन्मय piles. [oppressing.  
 योपन n. (-नं) 1. Effacing. 2. Anything used for effacing. 3. Destroying, योपा f. (-वा) A young women. ९. यु to serve, sautra root, casual form, affs. चच् and टाप् ।  
 योषित् f. (-यित्) A woman in general. ९. युष् Sautra root, to serve, to worship, to hurt, इति Una'di aff. ; also with टाप् added योषिता f. (-ता) । [यिषित् कृत done.  
 योषित्कृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Done by a woman, contracted by her, &c. ९.  
 योषित्क mfn. (-कः-को-कं) 1. Connective, binding. 2. Inferrible, deducible. 3. Customary, usual. 4. Right, proper. 5. Founded on reasoning, logical. m. (-कः) A minister or associate to one's pleasure or amusement. ९. युक्ति union, association, aff. टक् ।  
 यौगिक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Relating to the religious practice, &c. called Yo'ga. ९. यौग, टक् aff.  
 यौगपद n. (-दः) Simultaneousness.  
 यौगिक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) 1. Customary, usual, common. 2. Relating to the Yo'ga, &c. 3. Proper, regular, (as the sense of words, depending upon their derivation or construction.) ९. यौग and टक् aff.  
 योजनशतिका mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Proceeding or extending a hundred Yo'janas. ९. योजन a measure so named, शत a hundred, and टक् aff.  
 योजनिका mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Extending, &c. a Yo'jana. ९. योजन्, टक् aff.  
 योष्ट् (-य्) योष्ट् r. 1st. cl. (योष्टि-To bind, to tie, to fasten ; also योष्ट् ।  
 योक्तक n. (-कः) A nuptial gift, presents made to a bride, at her marriage, by her father or friends ; some consider it also implying a gift to the bridegroom. ९. युक्त the same, pleonastic aff. चच् ।  
 योक्तव n. (-वः) Measure in general. ९. योक्त the same, चच् aff. ; some authorities read योक्तव and योक्तव ।  
 योध्य n. (-यः) A warrior. ९. योध्य the same, and चच् pleonasm.  
 योन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Relating to the womb or place of origin, uterine. 2. Connected by female alliance, marriage, &c. ९. योनि and चच् aff.  
 योवत n. (-तः) 1. Measure in general. 2. An assemblage of young women. 3. The state of being a youthful woman. ९. यु to mix, deriv. irr. ; or युवती a young woman, aff. चच् ।  
 यौवक n. (-नं) 1. Youth, manhood, prime of life, puberty. 2. An assemblage of young women. ९. युवन् young, चच् aff. ; with कन् यौवक ।  
 यौवकशयक m. (-कः) Pimples on the face, especially in young persons. ९. यौवक youth, and शयक a thorn.  
 यौवकदयं m. (-यः) Pride of youth, rashness, conceit, ९. यौवक, दयं pride.  
 यौवकदशा f. (-शा) The period of youth. ९. यौवक, दशा state, [ples, &c.  
 यौवकपिच्छा f. (-का) Blotches on the face in youth. ९. यौवक, पिच्छा pim-  
 यौवकलक्षणा n. (-नं) 1. The bosom, the female breast. 2. Beauty, handsomeness, charm, loveliness. 3. Characteristic of youth, ९. यौवक youth, लक्षणा mark or sign.

यौवकयत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-यन्) Youthful. ९. यौवक, and यत् aff.  
 यौवकयत् m. (-यः) A name of MA'NDHATRA, one of the kings of the solar dynasty. ९. युवकयत् a proper name, and चच् patronymic aff.  
 यौवराज्य n. (-ज्यः) The office of YUVARAJA. [you, aff. चच् ।  
 यौवक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Yours, belonging to you. ९. युवक for युवक यौवकौन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Yours, thine. ९. युवक for युवक thou, चच् aff.

र

र The twenty-seventh consonant of the Nāgari Alphabet, corresponding to the letter R.  
 र m. (-रः) 1. Fire or Agni. 2. Heat, warmth. 3. Burning, scorching. 4. Love, desire. 5. Speed. f. (-रः) 1. Giving. 2. Gold. f. (-री) Going, moving. ९. रा to give, or र्त् to play, &c., aff. ड ।  
 रं र r. 1st and 10th cl. (रंति रंयति-ने) 1. To hasten, to move with speed. 2. To urge on, to cause to move or flow. 3. To speak.  
 रंति f. (-तिः) Speed, velocity, in general, or the speed of a chariot. ९. र्त् to sport, तिन् aff., इत् augment. [augment.  
 रंयत् n. (-यः) Speed, velocity. ९. र्त् to sport, Una'di aff. चयन्, इत्  
 रं र r. 10th cl. (रंयति-ने) 1. To taste. 2. To obtain. [get, चच् aff.  
 रक m. (-कः) 1. The sun gem. 2. Crystal. 3. A hard shower. ९. रक् to रक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Dyed, tinged, coloured, stained. 2. Red, of a red colour. 3. Fond of, attached to, affected with love or interest towards any object. 4. Pure, purified. 5. Sporting, engaging in play or pastime. m. (-क्तः) Red, the colour. n. (-क्तः) 1. Blood. 2. Saffron. 3. Copper. 4. Minium. 5. Vermilion. 6. The fruit of the Placourtia cataphracta. f. (-क्ता) 1. Passionate, attached. 2. Pleasant, charming. 3. The Gu'njā plant, (Abrus precatorius.) 4. Lac. 5. Bengal madder. ९. रक्त् to colour or dye, &c., aff. क् ।  
 रक्तक m. (-कः) 1. A plant bearing a red blossom, (Pentapetes phœnicea,) it is also applied to the Ixora bandhuca.) 2. Globe amaranth, (Gomphrena globosa, the red variety.) 3. Red garments or cloth. 4. A man affected with passion or fondness. 5. A gambler, a player. 6. Safflower. f. (-क्ता) 1. Red. 2. Fond of. 3. Pleasing. 4. Bloody. ९. कन् added to the preceding.  
 रक्तकण्ठ mfn. (-कः-कण्ठ-कं) 1. Sweet-voiced. 2. The Indian cuckoo.  
 रक्तकन्द m. (-न्दः) 1. Coral. 2. A sort of onion. 3. A kind of yam, (Dioscorea purpurea.) ९. रक्त red, and कन्द a root.  
 रक्तकन्दल m. (-लः) Coral. ९. रक्त red, कन्द a root, and लच् aff.  
 रक्तकमल n. (-कं) The red lotus. ९. रक्त red, and कमल the lotus.  
 रक्तकाशम m. (-मः) Mountain-ebony. (Bauhinia variegata, or B. Purpurea.) ९. रक्त red, काशम the tree. [the lotus.  
 रक्तकुसुम n. (-दः) The red lotus, (Nymphaea rubra, Rox.) ९. रक्त red, कुसुम  
 रक्तकैरव n. (-नं) The red lotus. ९. रक्त, and कैरव a lotus.  
 रक्तकीकनद n. (-दः) The red lotus. ९. रक्त and कीकनद a lotus.  
 रक्तगुल्म m. (-गुल्मः) 1. A disease, a hard lump in the abdomen of the female after conception, perhaps scirrhus of the ovarium. 2. A clot of blood. ९. रक्त and गुल्म cluster.  
 रक्तघ्न m. (-घ्नः) A small tree, (Andersonia rohitaka.) f. (-घ्नी) A kind of grass, a variety of the Durbā grass. ९. रक्त blood, घ्न removing.  
 रक्तवृक्ष n. (-वृक्षः) 1. Red wood, either red Sandal or sappan wood, (Pterocarpus Santalinus.) 2. Saffron. ९. रक्त red and वृक्ष Sandal.  
 रक्तविषम m. (-मः) A tree, (Plumbago rosea or coccinea, Syn. P. Rosea.) "रक्तविषम"  
 रक्तपूषं n. (-पूषं) 1. Red lead. 2. Any red powder. ९. रक्त पूषं powder, dust

- रक्तर्दि f. (-दिः) Vomiting blood.
- रक्तचतुर्ध्व m. (-ध्वः) An earth-worm. E. रक्त red, चतुर्ध्व an insect, aff. चतुर्ध्व ।
- रक्तजिह्व m. (-जिह्वः) A lion. E. रक्त red, and जिह्व the tongue.
- रक्तजम्बूक m. (-जम्बूकः) A tree, (Tamarix dioica.) "जांबूक ।"
- रक्तकुक्ष m. (-कुक्षः) A parrot. E. रक्त red, कुक्ष a beak. [with रक्त, रक्तता ।
- रक्तन n. (-नः) 1. Redness. 2. Passion. affection. E. रक्त added to रक्त ; also
- रक्तदन्ती f. (-दन्ती) A name of Pārvati. E. रक्त red, दन्ती a tooth, aff. दन्ती ।
- रक्तदृष्ट mfn. (-दृष्टः) Red-eyed. m. (-दृष्टः) A pigeon. E. रक्त red, दृष्ट eye.
- रक्तचाम m. (-चामः) 1. Red chalk or red orpiment. "नैरिके." 2. Copper. E. रक्त, चाम a mineral.
- रक्तचक्षु mfn. (-चक्षुः) Red-eyed. m. (-चक्षुः) The Greek partridge, "चक्षुरि" (Perdix rufa.) E. रक्त red, and चक्षु the eye, red-eyed.
- रक्तनासिका m. (-नासिकाः) An owl. E. रक्त red, नासिका the nose.
- रक्तप mfn. (-पः) Who or what drinks blood. m. (-पः) An imp, a goblin. f. (-पा) 1. A leech. 2. A female goblin. E. रक्त blood, and प what drinks, from पा with क aff., and टाप् for the feminine.
- रक्तपक्ष m. (-पक्षः) GARUN'A. E. रक्त red, and पक्ष wing.
- रक्तपदी f. (-पदी) A plant, considered as a sort of sensitive plant, or a species of Lycopodium. E. रक्त red, पद foot or root, aff. पदी ।
- रक्तपल्लव m. (-पल्लवः) The A'soka tree.
- रक्तपा f. (-पा) A leech.
- रक्तपात m. (-पातः) Spilling of blood. E. रक्त, and पात causing to fall.
- रक्तपात्रा f. (-पात्रा) A leech. E. रक्त blood, पात्र nourished.
- रक्तपाद mfn. (-पादः) Red-footed. m. (-पादः) 1. A parrot. 2. A war-chariot. E. रक्त red, पाद foot.
- रक्तपायिन् m. (-पायिन्) A bug. f. (-पायिनी) A leech. E. रक्त, पायिन् what drinks.
- रक्तपारद n. (-पारदः) Native vermilion, cinnabar. E. रक्त, पारद quicksilver.
- रक्तपिच्छ m. (-पिच्छः) 1. The "hina-rose," (Hibiscus, rosa sinensis.) "जवाफूल." 2. A climbing plant, (Ventilago madraspatana.) 3. A spontaneous discharge of blood from the nose and mouth. 4. A red pimple or boil. E. रक्त red, and पिच्छ lump.
- रक्तपित्त m. (-पित्तः) Plethora, spontaneous hæmorrhages from the mouth, nose, rectum and cuticle, accompanied with fever and headache, vomiting, purging, &c. E. रक्त red, and पित्त bile, the bile being of that colour ; or रक्त blood and पित्त bile, it being supposed to be an affection of both fluids or humours.
- रक्तपित्तज्ञ f. (-ज्ञा) A variety of bent grass, (Panicum dactylon.) E. रक्त पित्त the disease, and ज्ञा what removes. "नेट्टुञ्जी ।"
- रक्तपुष्प m. (-पुष्पः) 1. Nerium odorum, the red variety. 2. A small tree, (Andersonia rohitaca, Rox.) mfn. (-पुष्पा) The silk-cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum.) f. (-पुष्पी) 1. The trumpet-flower, (Bignonia suave-olens) 2. Bryony, (Bryonia grandis.) E. रक्त red, and पुष्प flower, where it may be applied to any plant bearing red blossoms.
- रक्तपुष्पक m. (-पुष्पकः) 1. The Palāsh tree, (Butea frondosa.) 2. A small tree, (Andersonia rohitaca, Rox.) 3. A red flower, (Ixora bandhuka, or Pentapetes phoenicea.) 4. The silk-cotton tree. 5. The coral tree. 6. A tree from which a red dye is prepared, (Rottleria tinctoria.) f. (-पुष्पा) A sort of sensitive plant or species of Lycopodium. E. रक्त added to the preceding.
- रक्तपीस m. (-पीसः) Red-poppy, (Papaver Rhoas.)
- रक्तप्रेष m. (-प्रेषः) The passing of blood in the urine.
- रक्तफल m. (-फलः) The Indian fig-tree. f. (-फला) A cucurbitaceous plant, (Momordica monodelpha.) "नेलाकुचा." E. रक्त red, and फल fruit.
- रक्तपेज्ज m. (-पेज्जः) A part of the body, apparently intending the lungs. "फुफ्फुसि." E. रक्त blood, पेज्ज froth or phlegm, and ज्ज born.
- रक्तपुष्पक n. (-पुष्पकः) Red lead. E. रक्त red, पुष्पक sand. "सिन्दुरे ।"
- रक्तपञ्चर m. (-पञ्चरः) A plant, (Barringtonia acutangula.) "निपुल ह्वे." E. रक्त red, पञ्चरी a pedicle aff. टप् ।
- रक्तपञ्चक n. (-पञ्चकः) The red lotus. E. रक्त red, and पञ्चक a circle. [नट्टु aff.
- रक्तपञ्चक mfn. (-पञ्चकः) Bloody. Full or consisting of blood. E. रक्त and

- रक्तपञ्चक n. (-पञ्चकः) Bleeding, letting blood. E. रक्त, पञ्चक loosing.
- रक्तपट्टि f. (-पट्टिः) Bengal madder, (Rubia manjith.) E. रक्त, पट्टि a stick.
- रक्तरेवु m. (-रेवुः) 1. Red lead. 2. The blossom of the Pala'sh, (Butea frondosa.) 3. A sort of cloth. 4. An angry man. E. रक्त red, and रेवु dust ; also with रक्त added in the second meaning रक्तरेवु ।
- रक्तरीचन mfn. (-रीचनः) Red-eyed. m. (-रीचनः) A pigeon. E. रक्त, रीचन eye.
- रक्तपटी f. (-पटी) Small-pox. E. रक्त red, and पटी a pustule.
- रक्तपट्टी f. (-पट्टी) Small-pox. E. रक्त red, पट्टी a pustule.
- रक्तपर्व m. (-पर्वः) 1. Lac. 2. The Pomegranate tree. 3. Safflower.
- रक्तपर्व mfn. (-पर्वः) Red, of a red colour. m. (-पर्वः) 1. An earth-worm. "नेलुङ्ग." 2. Red, (the colour.) n. (-पर्वः) Gold. E. रक्त red, पर्व colour.
- रक्तपर्व m. (-पर्वः) The egg-plant, (Solanum molongena.) E. रक्त blood, and पर्व increasing. "गार्गाङ्गी ।"
- रक्तपञ्चक mfn. (-पञ्चकः) Dressed in red. m. (-पञ्चकः) The mendicant, or Brāhmana of the fourth order, especially as occasionally clad in red garments. E. रक्त red, पञ्चक vesture.
- रक्तवाहिन् mfn. (-वाहिन्) Conveying blood, (as an artery.) E. रक्त, and वाहिन् what bears. [and विद्विष a sore.
- रक्तविद्विष m. (-विद्विषः) A sore or ulcer from a vitiated state of blood. E. रक्त, विद्विष m. (-विद्विषः) 1. A red spot forming a flaw in a gem. 2. A drop of blood. E. रक्त red, and विद्विष a drop.
- रक्तबीज m. (-बीजः) 1. The pomegranate. 2. The name of a demon killed by DURGA. E. रक्त red, and बीज the seed. [हल a stalk.
- रक्तहारा f. (-हारा) A flower, (Nyotanthus tristis.) "नेलासिक्कायान्." E. रक्त red, रक्तशालि m. (-शालिः) A red variety of rice, (Oriza sativa.) E. रक्त, शालि rice.
- रक्तशालि n. (-शालिः) Red lead. E. रक्त red, शालि an edict ; from the document perhaps being sealed or signed with a preparation of this substance.
- रक्तशीर्षक m. (-शीर्षकः) A kind of heron. "सारसपक्षिणि ।"
- रक्तशङ्ख m. (-शङ्खः) A kind of poison.
- रक्तशङ्ख n. (-शङ्खः) Safflower. E. रक्त red, (a dye) शङ्ख a contracting.
- रक्तशङ्खक n. (-शङ्खकः) The blue lotus. E. रक्त added to the last.
- रक्तसंज्ञ n. (-संज्ञः) Saffron. E. रक्त red or blood, and संज्ञा appellation ; also similar compounds, as रक्तनामन्, रक्तनामक, &c. "कुङ्कुमि ।"
- रक्तसम्प्राप्त n. (-सम्प्राप्तः) The red lotus, (Nymphaea rubra.) E. रक्त red, सम्प्राप्त twilight, रक्त aff. of comparison.
- रक्तसरोज n. (-सरोजः) The red lotus. E. रक्त, सरोज a lotus.
- रक्तसर्प m. (-सर्पः) Mustard, (Brassica nigra.) [श्विक a lotus.
- रक्तस्रोत m. (-स्रोतः) The red lotus. "रक्तस्रोत." E. रक्त blood, &c., स्रोत-रक्तशालि m. (-शालिः) 1. Venesection, bleeding. 2. A kind of dook or sorrel. E. रक्त and शालि causing to flow ; also रक्तशालि. [musical modes.
- रक्तशङ्खा f. (-शङ्खा) One of the Rāginis or female personifications of the रक्तबीज mfn. (-बीजः) Bloodless, cold-blooded. E. रक्त, बीज devoid of.
- रक्तशालि mfn. (-शालिः) 1. Sprinkled with blood. 2. Dyed red. n. (-शालिः) Red wood, (Pterocarpus santolinus ; applied also to the Cassalpinia sappan.) E. रक्त, and शालि sprinkled, spread.
- रक्तशालि mfn. (-शालिः) Red-eyed. m. (-शालिः) 1. A buffalo. 2. A pigeon. 3. The Greek partridge, (Perdix rufa.) "चक्षुरि." 4. A tyrant, a savage, a barbarous or cruel man. 5. The Indian orange. E. रक्त red, शालि the eye, aff. शालि ।
- रक्तज्ञ m. (-ज्ञः) 1. The planet Mars. 2. A plant, (a species of Crinum.) 3. A bug. n. (-ज्ञः) 1. Coral. 2. Saffron. f. (-ज्ञा) A plant, (Celtis orientalis.) E. रक्त red and ज्ञा body.
- रक्तशिसार m. (-शिसारः) Dysentery. E. रक्त, and शिसार diarrhoea.
- रक्तशिर m. (-शिरः) The skin. E. रक्त blood, शिर receptacle.
- रक्तशिर m. (-शिरः) Inflammation of the eyes, ophthalmia with sponginess of the vessels so as to discharge blood on being touched. E. रक्त, and शिर ophthalmia.
- रक्तशिर Adj. Red-looking. [tears. E. रक्त, शिरा flow.
- रक्तशिर m. (-शिरः) Redness or the vessels of the eye with flow of

रक्षाकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Dressed in red. m. (-रः) Any vagrant devotee, wearing red garments. ३. रक्ष red, वस्त्र vesture. [ranth.

रक्षाक्षान् m. (-नः) Globe amaranth, the red variety. ३. रक्ष red, वक्षान् ama-  
रक्षाक्ष m. (-दः) A bloody tumour.

रक्षान् m. (-क्षः) Common yam, (Dioscorea Sativa.) ३. रक्ष red, याम् yan.

रक्षावलेचन n. (-नः) Letting blood, bleeding. ३. रक्ष, चवलेचन sprinkling.

रक्षाग्र m. (-ग्रः) Viscus in which the blood is contained or secreted, viz. :—the heart, the liver, and the spleen. ३. रक्ष, चामग्र receptacle.

रक्षि f. (-क्षिः) 1. Affection, attachment. 2. Addiction to. 3. Charming-ness. ३. रक्ष् to be affected, aff. क्षिन् ।

रक्षिका f. (-का) 1. A plant, (Abrus precatorious.) 2. The seed of the Abrus precatorious used as a weight, or a fictitious weight denominated from the seeds originally so used; the seed weighs about one and five-sixteenth troy grains, the artificial Ratti or Raktika should be double that weight, but in common use it averages nearly two grains and a quarter. ३. रक्ष red, कन् aff., fem. form.

रक्षिमन् m. (-मः) Redness.

रक्षिचक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्ष-क्ष) Red-eyed, having the eyes inflamed or blood-shot. ३. रक्ष, and ईक्ष the eye.

रक्षोत्पल n. (-लः) The red lotus, (Nymphaea rubra.) ३. रक्ष red, उत्पल lotus.

रक्षोत्पलम् mfn. (-मः-भा-भः) Red. m. (-भः) Redness, red, the colour. ३. रक्षोत्पल the red lotus, याम् resembling.

रक्षोपल n. (-लः) Indurated ochre, or clay iron stone. ३. रक्ष red, उपल a stone, hence applied to red ochre, red orpiment, red chalk, &c.

रक्ष् r. 1st cl. (रक्षति) 1. To guard. 2. To protect, to cherish, to preserve. With परि, To save from ruin.

रक्ष mf. (-क्षः-क्षा) 1. Preserving, protecting. 2. Lac. f. (-क्षः) 1. Ashes. 2. A tutelary deity. f. (-क्षिका क्षो) A sort of bracelet, a twist of thread or tinsel, with a small packet containing a few carminative seeds, bound round the wrist at particular periods, especially at the day of full-moon in Śrā'vāna. ३. रक्ष् to preserve, aff. चक्ष् ।

रक्षःसम n. (-सः) A multitude or assemblage of goblins. ३. रक्षस् a demon, समा assemblage.

रक्षक mfn. (-क्षः-क्षिका-क्षः) Who or what protects, &c. m. (-क्षः) 1. A guardian, a protector. 2. A watch, a guard. ३. रक्ष to preserve, डुन् aff.

रक्षक n. (-क्षः) Preserving, defending. f. (-क्षो) Rein, bridle. ३. रक्ष to preserve, aff. क्षुट् ।

रक्षि f. (-क्षिः or क्षो) A medicinal plant, "दायमाक्षतायाम् ।"

रक्षणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be guarded, preserved, protected, &c. ३. रक्ष् to preserve, चणीयर् aff. [रक्षणाय ।

रक्षणीय m. (-क्षः) Urinary affection, as gonorrhoea, &c.; elsewhere read रक्षन् mfn. (-क्षन्-क्षनी-क्षन्) Preserving, guarding, protecting. ३. रक्ष् to preserve, ग्रह aff.

रक्षन् n. (-क्षः) Rākshas, an evil spirit, apparently distinguishable into three classes; one sort of Rākshas is of a demi-celestial nature and is ranked with the attendants on Kuvs'ra; another corresponds to a goblin, an imp, or ogre, haunting cemeteries, animating dead bodies, disturbing sacrifices, and ensnaring and devouring human beings; the third kind approaches more to the nature of the Titan, or relentless, and powerful enemy of the gods. ३. रक्ष् to preserve, (Kuv's'ra's treasure, &c.) चक्षन् aff.; also राक्षस ।

रक्षसाक्ष m. (-क्षः) A contemptible Rākshas. ३. रक्षस्, and दाक्ष aff.

रक्षारक्षन्. (-क्षः) A lying-in-chamber.

रक्षारक्षित m. (-क्षः) A governor, a magistrate. ३. रक्ष, चक्षित set over.

रक्षायन m. (-क्षः) A sort of birch-tree. "क्षेतृक्षये च ।"

रक्षारक्षेचन m. (-क्षः) 1. A door-keeper or porter. 2. A guard of the women's apartments. 3. A catamite. 4. An actor, a mine. ३. रक्ष् preserving, चक्ष before, ईक्ष् to see, aff. डुन् । [evil spirits.

रक्षारक्षीय m. (-यः) A light kept burning for protection against the

रक्षारक्षि m. (-क्षिः) An ornament or jewel worn as a preservative.

रक्षित mfn. (-क्षित-क्षित) 1. Preserved, protected, defended. 2. Kept detained. ३. रक्ष् to preserve, aff. क्ष । [preserve, रक्ष aff

रक्षितव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) To be guarded, protected, &c. ३. रक्ष्, & रक्षित mfn. (-क्षित-क्षित) Who or what protects, defends, &c., a protector, a guard. ३. रक्ष् to preserve, डुन् aff.

रक्षिन् mfn. (-क्षि-क्षि-क्षि) Who or what preserves, &c. ३. रक्ष् to preserve, चिनुन् aff. [class.

रक्षिर्ग m. (-र्गः) A guard, a sentinel. ३. रक्षि from रक्षिन् a preserver, रक्षि रक्षीय m. (-क्षः) A class or troop of evil spirits. ३. रक्षस्, नक्ष a troop.

रक्षीय m. (-क्षः) Marking-nut plant. n. (-क्षः) 1. Sour gruel made from the fermentation of rice-water. 2. Asafoetida. ३. रक्षस् a goblin, and नक्ष destroying, repelling.

रक्षीजननी f. (-नी) Night. ३. रक्षस् a spirit, जननी mother.

रक्ष m. (-क्षः) Preserving, guarding, protection. ३. रक्ष् to preserve, aff. नक्ष् । [यन् aff.

रक्ष्य mfn. (-क्ष्यः-क्ष्या-क्ष्य) To be guarded, protected, &c. ३. रक्ष् to preserve,

रक्ष्यमाण mfn. (-णः-या-णः) Preserved. ३. रक्ष् to preserve, pass. v., प्राण्य aff.

रक्ष् r. 1st cl. (रक्षति) also (रक्षि) r. 1st cl. (रक्षति) To go, to move.

रक्ष् r. 1st cl. (रक्षि) रक्षि (रक्षति) To suspect, to doubt, to fear. r. 10th cl. (राक्षयति) 1. To taste. 2. To obtain. (रक्षि) r. 1st cl. (रक्षति) To go, to move.

रक्ष् (रक्षि) r. 1st cl. (रक्षते) To go, to move. r. 10th cl. (रक्षयति) To shine; also without the indicative letter. r. 10th cl. (राक्षयति) To taste, KA'LIDĀ'SA derives रक्ष् from this root.

रक्षु m. (-क्षुः) 1. The name of a sovereign of Oudh, the great grand-father of RA'MACHANDRA. 2. The family or descendants of RAGHU. ३. रक्षि to shine, कृ Una'di aff., क्ष changed to र, nasal augment rejected.

रक्षुकार m. (-रः) The poet KA'LIDĀ'SA. ३. रक्ष् the race of RAGHU, which forms the subject of a poem by this writer, and कार author.

रक्षुनन्दन m. (-नः) RA'MA, the second incarnation of VISHN'U, under that appellation. ३. रक्ष् the king RAGHU, नन्दन a son or descendant.

रक्षुनाथ m. (-थः) A name of RA'MA. ३. रक्ष् the race of RAGHU, नाथ lord.

रक्षुवंश m. (-शः) The race or family of RAGHU; hence also the name of a poem by KA'LIDĀ'SA, which treats of the ancestors of RA'MA, from DILĪ'PA to that prince, and his descendants to AGNIVARN'A; nearly one half relates to the history of RAGHU and as much to that of RA'MA, the remainder is occupied with the remaining princes. ३. रक्ष् as above, and वंश race.

रक्षुवर m. (-रः) RA'MA. ३. रक्ष् the race of RAGHU, and वर eminent.

रक्षुवर्ध m. (-वर्धः) RA'MA. ३. रक्ष् the race of RAGHU, and वर्ध pre-eminent.

रक्ष् mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्षः) 1. Niggardly, avaricious, a miser. 2. Slow, dull. 3. Hungry. ३. रक्षि to go, aff. चक्ष् । [form irr.

रक्ष् m. (-क्षः) A sort of deer, (the spotted axis.) ३. रक्ष् to sport, aff. डुन्.

रक्ष् m. (-क्षः) 1. Paint, colour, tint, dye. 2. Dancing, acting, singing, &c. 3. A field of battle. 4. The place where acting, &c. is exhibited, a stage. 5. A place answering to an amphitheatre. 6. An assembly. 7. The nasal modification of a vowel. 8. Borax. n. (-क्षः) Tin. ३. रक्षि to go, aff. चक्ष्; or रक्ष् to colour, aff. चक्ष्, the final changed, and the nasal rejected.

रक्षुवर m. (-रः) 1. An actor. 2. A gladiator.

रक्षुज n. (-क्षः) Red lead. ३. रक्ष् colour, ज produced. "रक्षुजि" ।

रक्षुजीवक m. (-क्षः) 1. An actor, a dancer, a mine. 2. A painter. ३. रक्ष् a stage or colour, &c., and जीवक who lives by. [diversions.

रक्षुदेवता f. (-ता) The goddess supposed to preside over sports and

रक्षुद्वार n. (-रः) 1. A stage door. 2. The prologue of a play.

रक्षुयुति m. (-तिः) The day of full-moon in the month A'shwin, (September-October,) on the night of which LAKSHMI descended, promising wealth to all who were awake. ३. रक्ष् dancing and singing, युति being, the night being spent in playing ancient chess, in Na'utches, &c.

**रङ्गि** f. (-जि:) 1. A field. 2. A stage, a theatre, a place where dancing is exhibited, or the Indian dramas where represented. 3. रङ्ग dancing, &c., and भूमि ground, spot. [जीव् ।]  
**रङ्गनी** f. (-नी) A late. 3. रङ्ग singing, &c., लङ् to hold, aff. चच् and रङ्ग  
**रङ्गद** f. (-ता) 1. A bawd. 2. Lao, the animal-dye. 3. रङ्ग passion or colour, &c., and माह parent.  
**रङ्गमाहा** f. (-मा) Lac, or the insect which forms the red dye. 3. रङ्ग colour, माह parent, चच् added.  
**रङ्गमालिनी** f. (-नी) A flower, (Nyctanthes tristis.) "शिकालिकायाम्". 3. रङ्ग colour, (of the stalk,) लङ् to shine, aff. चिनि ।  
**रङ्गमट** m. (-ट:) A place enclosed for contest.  
**रङ्गवीज** n. (-जं) Silver. 3. रङ्ग tin, बीज seed or essence.  
**रङ्गमाला** f. (-ला) A hall for public exhibitions, as Na'utches, plays, &c., a ball-room, a theatre. 3. रङ्ग acting, &c., and माला a hall.  
**रङ्गजीव** m. (-जः) 1. A painter. 2. An actor, a dancer. 3. रङ्ग colour, &c., बाजीव who lives by. [alighting.  
**रङ्गवतरण** n. (-च) Acting, playing, exhibiting in public. 3. रङ्ग, चवतरण  
**रङ्गवतारक** m. (-कः) 1. An actor, a buffoon. 2. A boxer. 3. A bard or panegyrist. 3. रङ्ग acting, dancing, चव depreciative prefix, कृ to pass, वृत् aff.; also with चिनि aff., रङ्गावतारिन् ।  
**रङ्गम्** mfn. (-ङ्गी-ङ्गिणी ङि) 1. Colouring, dying. 2. Impassioned, having propensity or passion. f. (-ङ्गी) A plant, (Asparagus racemosus.) "वृत्तमृत्तमम्". 3. रङ्ग colour, &c., ङि aff.  
**रङ्ग** n. (-ङ्गः) Speed, velocity: see रङ्गस्; ङ being changed to च ।  
**रङ्ग** r. 10th cl. (रङ्गयति-ते) 1. To make mechanically, to work, to manufacture. 2. To write, to compose. 3. To decorate.  
**रङ्गक** m. (-कः) A maker, a composer. 3. रङ्ग to make, वृत् aff.  
**रङ्गना** f. (-ना) 1. Orderly and becoming arrangement or disposition in general. 2. Decoration or dressing of hair. 3. Stringing flowers, &c., weaving wreaths, chaplets, or similar decorations. 4. Military array, arrangement of troops. 5. Literary composition, whether in verse or prose. 6. Suspending garlands, &c. at the doors of a house or building on festival occasions. 7. Making or preparing any thing. 3. रङ्ग to make, to manufacture, aff. वृत् ।  
**रङ्गित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Made, manufactured. 2. Written, composed. 3. Strung. 3. रङ्ग to make, aff. कृ ।  
**रङ्ग** mn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः) 1. Dust. 2. The pollen of flowers. 3. The menstrual excretion. 4. The second property of humanity, the quality of passion. 3. रङ्ग to colour, &c., aff. चच्, and the nasal rejected; this word more commonly occurs रङ्गस्, q. v.  
**रङ्गश्व** m. (-श्वः) A dog. 3. रङ्गस् dust, and श्व who sleeps.  
**रङ्गसारिणि** m. (-णिः) Air, wind. 3. रङ्गस् dust, and सारिणि charioteer.  
**रङ्गम** m. (-कः) 1. A washerman. 2. Cloth, clothes. f. (-ङ्गी) A washerman's wife or a washer-woman. 3. रङ्ग to colour, (clothes,) चच् or वृत् aff.; or रङ्गञ्-चच् लृ लृ लोपः in the latter case the fem. is रङ्गिका a washer-woman, and रङ्गिका a washer-woman's wife.  
**रङ्गम** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) White, n. (-तं) 1. A pearl-necklace. 2. Silver. 3. Gold. 4. Elephant's teeth, ivory. 5. The name of a lake. 6. The name of a mountain, perhaps Kailāsa; see रङ्गताहि. 7. White, (the colour.) 8. Blood. 9. An asterism, a constellation. 10. An elephant. 3. रङ्ग to colour, &c., चतच् Unádi aff.  
**रङ्गमृति** m. (-तिः) The monkey HANUMA'NA. 3. रङ्ग silver, वृत्ति lustre.  
**रङ्गमप्रक** m. (-प्रकः) Mount Kailāsa, the residence of Kṛṣṇa and his attendant demi-gods. 3. रङ्ग white, (or silver,) and प्रक table-land.  
**रङ्गताहि** m. (-हिः) Mount Kailāsa; see the last. 3. रङ्ग, चहि mountain.  
**रङ्ग** n. (-ङ्गः) Colouring, dyeing. 3. रङ्ग to colour, Unádi aff. वृत् or चच् ।  
**रङ्गि** f. (-जिः-नी) 1. Night. 2. The indigo-plant. 3. Turmeric. 4. Lao. 3. रङ्ग to colour, चिनि Unádi aff., and जीव् optionally added.  
**रङ्गिकर** m. (-रः) The moon. 3. रङ्गि, and कर who makes; also रङ्गनीकर ।  
**रङ्गिन** Adj. A cloudy day, (looking like a night.)

**रङ्गनी** m. (-न्यः) The tuberose, (Polianthes tuberosa.) 3. रङ्गनी night, and रङ्ग smell, emitting a powerful smell after sun-set.  
**रङ्गनीचर** m. (-रः) 1. A Rākshasa a fiend, a goblin, a ghost. 2. A watchman. 3. A thief. 3. रङ्गनी night, चर who goes.  
**रङ्गनीजल** n. (-जल) Frost, hoar-frost, dew. 3. रङ्गनी night, जल water, falling at night. [mencement.  
**रङ्गनीसुख** n. (-सुख) Evening, beginning of the night. 3. रङ्गनी, सुख comm-  
**रङ्गनीहाला** f. (-हा) A flower, (Nyctanthes arbor tristis.) "शिकालिकायाम्". 3. रङ्गनी night, हाहा a smile; the flowers blossoming at night, and diffusing a powerful scent after sun-set.  
**रङ्गस्** n. (-जः) 1. The second of the three primary qualities of nature the quality or property of passion: that which produces sensual desire, worldly coveting, pride, and falsehood, and is the cause of pain. 2. Dust. 3. The dust or pollen of a flower. 4. Any particle of matter. 5. The menstrual evacuation. 6. Cultivated fields. 7. A mole in a sun-beam. 3. रङ्ग to colour, to be attached to, Unádi aff. चच् ।  
**रङ्गसाग** m. (-गुः) 1. A cloud. 2. The heart or mind. 3. रङ्ग to colour, to feel affection for, साग Unádi aff.  
**रङ्गसम्प** Adj. Being under the influence of Rājas and Tamas.  
**रङ्गसोक्त** mn. (-कः-कं) 1. Avarice. 2. The child of passion, (a term applied to a person to mark his insignificance.)  
**रङ्गसल** m. (-लः) 1. A buffalo. 2. Quicksilver. f. (-ला) 1. A woman during menstruation. 2. A girl, one above ten years of age. 3. Dusty. 4. Full of passion. 3. रङ्गस् dust, &c., and ललच् aff.  
**रङ्गित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Affected, moved, attracted, or excited by. 3. रङ्ग to effect, causal v., क aff.  
**रङ्गीश्व** m. (-श्वः) The second condition of humanity: see रङ्गस् ।  
**रङ्गीदृश्य** n. (-नं) The first appearance of the menses.  
**रङ्गीवन्ध** m. (-न्धः) Suppression of menstruation. 3. रङ्गस्, and बन्ध binding.  
**रङ्गील** n. (-लः) Darkness. 3. रङ्गस् dust, लल heap.  
**रङ्गीरस** n. (-रसः) Darkness 3. रङ्गस् dust, and रस essence, or perhaps this and the preceding should be the same.  
**रङ्गीहर** m. (-रः) A washerman. 3. रङ्गस् dust, dirt, and हर who removes.  
**रङ्गु** m. (-ङ्गुः) 1. A rope, a cord, a tie, a string. 2. A look of braided hair. 3. A sinew proceeding from the vertebral column. 3. रङ्गु to create, &c., Unádi aff. च, and the radical स rejected, the vowel changed to its semi vowel.  
**रङ्गदालक** m. (-तः) Wild-fowl.  
**रङ्ग(जी) चीरङ्ग** r. 1st cl. (रङ्गति-ते) r. 4th cl. (रङ्गति-ते) To dye, to tinge, to give tint or colour to any thing. r. 1st cl. (रङ्गति) To be attached to, or intent on, to have one's affections or passions engaged by and object. With चच् prefixed. 1. To be fond of or attached to, (with a loc.) 2. To redden. With चच् and चि, To averse, to dislike. With चच्, 1. To be eclipsed. 2. To suffer calamity. Caus. (रङ्गयति-ते) 1. To colour, to redden. 2. To please. 3. To conciliate. (रङ्गयति) To hunt deer.  
**रङ्गक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. What incites or affects. 2. What colour, &c. m. (-कः) 1. Colouring, dyeing. 2. A colorist, a painter. 3. A dyer. 4. A stimulus, an inciter of affection, &c. 5. Biliary humour on which vision depends. n. (-कं) 1. Vermilion. 2. The mendhi-plant, (Lawsonia inermis.) 3. रङ्ग to colour, वृत् aff. "महावै, कालिकायाम् च."   
**रङ्ग** mn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गः) 1. Colouring, dyeing, painting, &c. 2. Affecting the heart, exciting passion, &c. n. (-ङ्गः) Red Sandal or Sappan wood. "रङ्गमृताड". f. (-ङ्गी) 1. The Indigo plant, (Indigofera tinctoria.) 2. Bengal madder. 3. Another plant, commonly Sundarochani, (a species of Crinum.) "कमलायङ्गि इति भाषा ।" 4. A flower, (Nyctanthes tristis.) 3. रङ्ग to colour, aff. वृत् or चच् ।  
**रङ्गित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Moved or affected. 2. Coloured, dyed, tinted. 3. रङ्ग to colour, क aff.

रट् r. 1st and 10th cl. (रटति रटयति) 1. To speak. 2. To shout aloud. 3. To roar. With वा, to call to.

रट् mfn. (-टन्-टनी-टन्) Speaking. ३. रट् to speak, गृह aff.

रटन n. (-नं) Speaking, shouting. ३. रट्, and रुट् aff.

रटनी f. (-नी) The fourteenth of the dark-half of Māgha when bathing is enjoined. ३. रट् to speak, अह् aff., the waters speak.

रटित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Spoken, said. n. (-तं) The roaring of flame. ३. रट् to speak, aff. क।

रट् r. 1st. cl. (रटति) To speak.

रट् r. 1st cl. (रटति) 1. To sound. 2. To go, to move.

रव m. (-वः-वः) War, battle. m. (-वः) 1. Sound, noise. 2. The quill or bow of a lute, &c. 3. Going, moving. ३. रव् to sound, aff. चप्।

रवकासिन् mfn. (-सो-सिनी-सि) Desirous of war, wishing to fight. ३. रव, कामिन् who wishes. [३. रव् to go, गृह aff.]

रवन् mfn. (-वन्-वनी-वन्) 1. Warring, fighting. 2. Going. 3. Sounding.

रवकार m. (-रः) A rattling sound, humming.

रवतये n. (-यः) A military drum. ३. रव war, तय्य a musical instrument.

रवधरा f. (-रः) The front or van of battle.

रवपक्षित m. (-तः) A warrior. ३. रव, and पक्षित learned.

रवप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Warlike. n. (-यः) The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum) ३. रव, and प्रिय fond of.

रवमत्त m. (-तः) An elephant. ३. रव war, मत्त mad, wild.

रवमृष्टि m. (-ष्टिः) A shrub : see विषमृष्टि. "कुचिला।" [रव, रट् slow.]

रवमूक m. (-कः) The part of an elephant's face between his tusks. ३.

रवमूक m. (-कः) A battle-field.

रवरव n. (-वः) Regret, anxiety, anxious regret, sorrow, of which the object is lost or absent. m. (-वः) A musquito, a gnat. ३. रव war, and noise, repeated.

रवरवक m. (-कः) 1. Anxiety, regret : see the last. 2. Love, desire. 3. KA'MA. ३. रव् to sound, aff. कन्। [a mingling.]

रवमङ्गल n. (-लः) 1. Mixed or tumultuary combat. 2. A meleo. ३. रव, सङ्गुल

रवमन्त्र m. (-न्त्रः) 1. A trophy, a pillar, a monument of war. 2. A country, "Chitore." ३. रव, मन्त्र a pillar.

रवमङ्गल n. (-लः) A field of battle. ३. रव, and मङ्गल a court-yard.

रवमङ्गल n. (-लः) A field of battle. ३. रव, and मङ्गल a court.

रवमङ्गल m. (-मः) Engaging in battle. ३. रव, and मङ्गल encounter.

रवित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sounded. 2. Warred. ३. रव to sound, क aff.

रवोत्साह m. (-हः) Prowess in battle. ३. रव, and उत्साह effort.

रवट् m. (-टः) 1. A man who dies without male issue. 2. A barren tree.

रवट्क m. (-कः) A barren tree. ३. रवट् a widow, aff. कन्।

रवडा f. (-डा) 1. A plant, (Salvinia cucullata). "मृद्विषयार्थान्." 2. A widow. 3. A term of abuse in addressing woman. ३. रव् to sport, उ Una'di aff.

रत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Occupied or engaged by, actively intent on. n. (-तं) 1. Copulation, sexual union. 2. Pleasure. 3. A privacy, a private part. ३. रत् to sport, क aff.

रतकील m. (-लः) A dog. ३. रत copulation, and कील a pin, fastening.

रतकजित n. (-तं) Lascivious murmur. ३. रत copulation, कजित murmur.

रतगुरु m. (-गुरुः) A husband. ३. रत copulation, and गुरु teacher.

रतज्वर m. (-रः) A crow. ३. रत coition, ज्वर fever.

रततासिन् m. (-सो) A libertine, a lecher, a whore-monger. ३. रत copulation, तस to complete, aff. सिन्।

रततालो f. (-लो) A bawd, a procuress. ३. रत copulation, तल् to complete or effect, and चल् aff., fem. aff. लो।

रततालो m. (-लः) 1. A dog. 2. KA'MA or love. 3. Sonitus in coitu. 4. A libertine, a lecher. ३. रत coition, तारी a female, त to collect, or चल् to go, aff. क or उ।

रततन्त्रि m. (-त्रिः) A wagtail. ३. रत copulation, तन्त्रि a treasure.

रततन्त्रि n. (-त्रिः) 1. A day. 2. Bathing for pleasure. 3. The aggregate of four auspicious object. ३. रत copulation, तन्त्रि increase, aff. कन्।

रततन्त्रि m. (-त्रिः) A dog. ३. रत copulation, and तन्त्रि a sore.

रततन्त्रि m. (-त्रिः) A dog. ३. रत copulation, and तन्त्रि who sleeps.

रततन्त्रि m. (-त्रिः) 1. A libertine, a lecher. 2. A ravisher, one who carries off and violates a woman. ३. रत coition, तन्त्रि to go, aff. क

रततन्त्रि m. (-त्रिः) A dog. ३. रत copulation, and तन्त्रि a chain.

रततन्त्रि f. (-त्रिः) Fog, mist.

रततन्त्रि m. (-त्रिः) A dog. ३. रत coition, तन्त्रि before, तन्त्रि to rub, aff. क

रततन्त्रि f. (-त्रिः) A whore, a harlot. ३. रत copulation, तन्त्रि a going.

रततन्त्रि mfn. (-त्रिः-त्रिनी-त्रि) Libidinous, lascivious. f. (-त्रिः) A libidinous woman, a wanton, a harlot. ३. रत copulation, तन्त्रि seeking soliciting, तन्त्रि and तन्त्रि affs.

रति f. (-तिः) 1. Passion, desire. 2. Coition, copulation. 3. A privacy, private part. 4. The wife of KA'MADEVA. ३. रत् to sport, aff. तन्त्रि

रतिकुण्डल n. (-कुण्डलः) Pudendum muliebre. ३. रति copulation, कुण्डल a cavity.

रतिप्रिया f. (-या) Copulation. ३. रति the same, and प्रिया act.

रतिगृह n. (-गृहः) 1. A pleasure house. 2. A brothel. 3. The vagina, 1

रति, and गृह abode, place.

रतिस्वर m. (-रः) A Ravisher, a seducer.

रतिपति m. (-तिः) The deity of love, KA'MADEVA. ३. रति the wife of the

god, and पति husband. [beloved]

रतिप्रिया m. (-या) KA'MADEVA. ३. रति the wife of the deity, and प्रिया

रतिप्रिया f. (-दा) A courtesan of INDRA's heaven. ३. रति copulation, तन्त्रि

रतिप्रिया n. (-रः) Pudendum muliebre. ३. रति copulation, and तन्त्रि

रतिप्रिया m. (-यः) KA'MADEVA, the god of love. ३. रति the goddess, s

named, and रतन्त्रि husband.

रतिप्रिया n. (-यः) Copulation.

रतिप्रिया f. (-रा) A plant, (Trigonella corniculata). "पिङ्गुशङ्ख" ३. रति

copulation, तन्त्रि quick ; perhaps considered as an aphrodisiac

रत् f. (-रः) The Ganges of heaven. 2. An honest woman, one who

speaks the truth. ३. तन्त्रि a Sautra root, क् Una'di aff., तन्त्रि augment

रतोद्द m. (-दः) The Ko'kila. ३. रत copulation, उद्द exoiting.

रत n. (-तं) 1. A jewel, a gem. 2. Any thing the best of its kind, or

figuratively, the jewel of the species. ३. रत् to sport, Una'di aff

न, and त substituted for the radical final.

रतकन्दल m. (-लः) Coral. "प्रवाल". ३. रत a jewel, and कन्दल a shoot.

रतकूट m. (-टः) A mountain in the Dakshin. ३. रत a jewel, कूट a peak

रतनम m. (-नमः) 1. The god of. wealth, KURVA. 2. The ocean. f. (-नमः)

The earth. ३. रत a jewel, and नमं embryo.

रतप्रभा f. (-भा) The first of the seven hells or purgatories, according to

the Jain'as. ३. रत a jewel, and प्रभा splendour.

रतमय mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Gemmed, full or made of gems. ३. रत, मयट् aff.

रतसुख n. (-खः) The diamond. ३. रत a jewel, and सुख chief.

रतराज m. (-राट्) A ruby. "राजपथे।" [मनुष्य poss. aff]

रतवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Having gems. f. (-ती) The earth. ३. रत a jewel

रतवर्षक n. (-कः) The carriage of KURVA. ३. रत, वर्षक showering.

रतवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) Coral. ३. रत a jewel, and वृक्ष tree. [a mountain

रतवान् m. (-वान्) The mountain Me'ru. ३. रत a jewel, वान् ridge of

रतवृ f. (-वृः) The earth. ३. रत a jewel, and वृ a mother ; also रतवृति

रतवृति f. (-तिः) The earth : see the last.

रतवृत्त m. (-रः) 1. The ocean. 2. A jewel mine. ३. रत jewel, वृत्त mine

रतवृत्त m. (-रः) The car of VISHNU. ३. रत a jewel, and वृत्त mark.

रतवृत्ति f. (-तिः) A necklace of gems. ३. रत, वृत्ति a row ; also रतवृत्ति

रति mf. (-तिः-ती) 1. A sort of cubit, measured from the elbow to the

end of the closed fist ; it is also computed at twenty-one

breadths of the middle of the thumb. 2. The closed hand, the fist.

३. च to go, कतिच् aff., the vowel changed to the semi-vowel, rather

wise चरति, and as derived from च् to go, सरति।

रतवृत्त n. (-वृत्तः) The male or female organ. ३. रति copulation, वृत्त member

रतवृत्त m. (-वृत्तः) 1. A car, a war-chariot. 2. A car, a carriage in general

any vehicle or mode of conveyance. 3. A limb, a member. 4. The body. 5. A foot. 6. A sort of cane, (Calamus rotang.) **रह** to sport, Unádi aff. कृष्ण । [multitude.

**रहमा** f. (रहा) A multitude of cars. **रह** a car, and **रहमा** aff. of **रह** m. (-रः) A carpenter. **रह** a car, and **रह** who makes; also **रहकार** and **रहजत** ।

**रहकार** m. (-कः) An officer who has charge of a king's chariots.

**रहकार** m. (-रः) 1. A carpenter. 2. A man sprung from the male of the Māhiya, and woman of the Kereu' or writer caste; by profession, a maker of cars, a coach-maker. **रह**, **कार** who makes.

**रहकुटुम्बिन्** m. (-न्) A charioteer. **रह** a car, **कुटुम्बिन्** who takes care of as a part of his family.

**रहकुम्भ** mn. (-रः) The polar shaft of a carriage. [embryo, कम्बु aff.

**रहकर्म** m. (-कः) A car or litter borne on men's shoulders. **रह**, **कर्म** an

**रहमि** f. (-मिः) A piece of wood, or an iron net-work, encompassing a war-chariot, to secure it from being injured by weapons or collision. **रह** car, **मि** screening, preserving; also **रहनीपन** n. (-नः).

**रहवर** m. (-वः) 1. The ruddy-goose. 2. A chariot-wheel. **रह** a car, and **वर** the foot.

**रहट** m. (-टः) A timber tree, (Dalbergia ougeiniensis.) **रह** a car, **ट**, the tree, the wood being used for wheels, &c.; also **रहट्ट** m. (-नः) ।

**रहजर** n. (-रः) The Sa'ma-Ve'da. **रह** (as by) a car, **र** to pass, (the world,) **ख** aff.

**रहपय्य** m. (-यः) A sort of cane, the ratan. **रह** a car, **पय्य** order.

**रहपाद** m. (-दः) 1. A wheel. 2. The ruddy-goose. **रह**, **पाद** the foot.

**रहमा** f. (-मा) The name of a river.

**रहयात्रा** f. (-त्रा) A festival at which the chariots of the gods go in procession; in Bengal and Orissa it is applied to the procession of Kṛ'shṇa', as Jaganna'th, on the second of light fortnight of A'sā'ra. **रह**, and **यात्रा** going.

**रहवाहक** m. (-कः) A charioteer. **रह** and **वाहक** what conveys.

**रहवर्जि** f. (-जिः) The staff which supports the banner of a war-chariot.

**रहान्न** n. (-न्नः) 1. A wheel. 2. Any part of a carriage. m. (-न्नः) The ruddy-goose, (Anas casarea.) **रह** a car, **न्न** a member.

**रहाङ्गपाणि** m. (-पिः) A name of Vi'sṇu'. **रहाङ्ग** a wheel, (the discus with which one of his hands is armed,) and **पाणि** the hand; also **रहाङ्गिन्** and the like. [a cloud or water.

**रहाम** m. (-मः) A sort of cane, (Calamus rotang.) "वेतसवृक्षे". **रह**, **म**

**रहामपुष** m. (-पुः) A sort of reed; see the last. **रहाम** the same, and **पुष** a flower; also **रह**, **रहाम**, and **अमपुष** । [mounted.

**रहाङ्ग** mfn. (-ङ्गः) Mounted on or riding in a car. **रह**, **आङ्ग**

**रहाङ्ग** n. (-ङ्गः) 1. Riding in a car. 2. Fighting in a war-chariot.

**रहाङ्गिन्** mfn. (-ङ्गिन्) Riding in a car. m. (-ङ्गिन्) A warrior who fights in a car. **रह** a car, and **आङ्गिन्** who mounts.

**रहाङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) A small car. **रह**, and **अङ्ग** small.

**रहाङ्गोद** n. (-ङ्गः) Alighting for a car. **रह**, and **अङ्गोद** descending.

**रहाङ्गोद** mfn. (-ङ्गोद) Descending from a car. [aff.

**रहाङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) The owner of a car, or one who rides in it. **रह**, **ङ्ग**

**रहाङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A warrior who fights in a car. 2. The owner of or rider in a car. **रह**, and **ङ्ग** aff.

**रहाङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) The master of a car. **रह**, and **ङ्ग** a master.

**रहाङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) The owner of or rider in a car. **रह**, and **ङ्ग** aff.

**रहाङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) The charioteer's seat for driving. **रह**, **उप** near, **ङ्ग** what stays.

**रह** m. (-हः) A car or carriage-horse. f. (-हा) 1. A multitude of cars. 2. A high street. 3. A main or carriage-road. 4. A place where several roads meet, n. (-हः) A wheel. **रह** a car, **य** or **यत्** affixes of multitude or fitness.

**रह** r. 1st cl. (रहति) 1. To divide, to split, to tear or break. 2. To dig, to delve, to root.

**रह** m. (-हः) 1. A tooth. 2. Splitting, dividing. **रह** to divide, aff. **च** ।

**रह** m. (-हः) A lip. **रह** a tooth, and **रह** covering. [बुद्ध ।

**रहन** m. (-नः) A tooth. n. (-नः) Tearing, rending. **रह** to divide, aff.

**रहन** m. (-हः) A lip. **रहन** a tooth, and **रहन** covering.

**रहन्** m. (-हः) An elephant. **रह** a tooth, tusk, and **रह** aff.

**रह** mfn. (-हः-हा-हः) Hurt, injured. **रह** to hurt, **ह** aff. [hurt, ह aff.

**रह** mfn. (-हा-हः-हः) Injurious, hurtful, who or what hurts. **रह** to

**रह** (ह, उ) **रह** r. 4th cl. (रहति) 1. To finish, to complete, to accomplish. 2. To hurt, to injure or kill. 3. To be right or correct. 4. To cook or mature.

**रहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Hurt, injured. **रह** to hurt, **ह** aff.

**रहित** mfn. (-ता-ही-हः) Injurious, hurtful. **रह** to hurt, **ह** aff. [aff.

**रहि** f. (-हिः) 1. Pleasure, sport. 2. Cessation, stop. **रह** to sport, **हि**

**रहिदेव** m. (-वः) 1. A name of Vi'sṇu'. 2. A king of lunar dynasty; also called S'asidē'va. 3. A dog. **रहि** sport, **देव** deity.

**रह** f. (-हः) 1. A road. 2. A river. **रह** to sport, aff. **ह** । [ह aff.

**रह** mfn. (-हः-हा-हः) Injurious, hurtful. m. (-हः) A cook. **रह** to hurt,

**रह** n. (-नः) 1. The act of destroying. 2. Of cooking.

**रह** n. (-हः) 1. A hole, a fissure, a cavity, a chasm. 2. A fault, a defect. **रह** to sport, aff. **हि**, **ह** to have or hold, aff. **ह** ।

**रह** m. (-हः) A rat. **रह**, a hole, and **ह** an ichneumon.

**रह** m. (-हः) Small sort of hollow bamboo. "हस्ता वाय ।"

**रह** r. 1st cl. (रहति) To speak, to say or tell. [injure or kill.

**रह** (ह) **रहि** r. 1st cl. (रहति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To hurt, to

**रह** (ह) **रहि** r. 1st cl. (रहति) 1. To sound. 2. To go.

**रह** mfn. (-हः-हा-हः) Begun. **रह** to begin, **ह** aff. [ह aff.

**रह** mfn. (-हा-हः-हः) Beginning, who or what begins. **रह** to begin,

**रह** (ही) **रहि** r. 1st cl. (रहति) or more usually (आरहति) To begin, to make a beginning, to begin willingly, &c. 2. To be pleased with.

(ह) **रहि** r. 1st cl. (रहति) To sound. With **परि** prefixed, To embrace. With **सह**, 1. To be enraged. 2. To be agitated.

**रहस** m. (-सः) 1. Speed, velocity. 2. Joy, delight. 3. Consideration of causes and events, or the past and future. 4. Regret, sorrow for something lost or absent. 5. Rashness, Precipitation. 6. Passion, rage. f. (-सा) 1. Violent, fierce, wild. 2. Eager, strong, powerful. **रह** to begin, **अस** Unádi aff.

**रह** (ही, उ) **रहि** r. 1st cl. (रहति) 1. To sport or play. 2. To rest, to stay. 3. To be pleased. 4. To have sexual intercourse with. With **अभि**, To be delighted. With some prefixes this root forms an active verb, as with **आङ्ग**, **उप** and **हि**; **आरहति** to rest, to repose, &c.; with **उप** the form is optional, if the sense is intransitive, as (उपरहति or ते) 1. To stop or cease. 2. To desist from. 3. To die. Caus. (रहयति) To amuse, to please.

**रह** mfn. (-हः-हा-हः) 1. Dear, beloved. 2. Pleasing, delighting, charming. m. (-हः) 1. A husband, a lover. 2. Kā'ma. 3. A red variety of the Asoka tree, (Jonesia asoca.) f. (-हा) 1. A name of Lakṣmī'. 2. A wife, a mistress. **रह** to sport, aff. **च** ।

**रह** m. (-हः) A lover, a gallant. **रह** to sport, **ह** aff.

**रह** n. (-हः) Asafotida. "हिरण्मि". **रह** to sport, **ह** aff.

**रह** mfn. (-हिः) Asafotida. **रह** रतिरहं न ज्ञानं धनं-रह ।

**रह** mfn. (-हः-हा-हः) Causing pleasure, pleasing, charming, delightful.

n. (-हः) 1. Sporting, playing. 2. Dalliance, amorous sport. 3. Coition, copulation. 4. The mons veneris. 5. A sort of cucumber. 6.

The hip and the loins. m. (-हः) 1. A name of Kā'ma, or love. 2. A husband. 3. A lover, a gallant. 4. An ass. 5. A testicle.

f. (-हा or -ही) 1. A woman, or an agreeable woman, a wife, a mistress, &c. 2. A kind of metre, having eleven syllables in the first and third, and twelve in the second and fourth Pādas of every stanza. **रह** to sport, **युष्** or **ह** aff. fem. aff., टाप or ही ।



रमणीय mfn. (-य-भा-यं) Beautiful, pleasing. ड. रम् to please, चनीयर् aff.  
रमणीयता f. (-ता) Agreeableness, pleasantness. ड. तल् added to the preceding ; also with ल्, रमणीयत् । [sport, चय Unádi aff.]  
रम्य n. (-य्यं) Sport, pleasure, wanton sport or dalliance. ड. रम् to  
रमन् mfn. (-मन्-मनी-मन्) Playing, sporting. ड. रम् to play, षट् aff.  
रमति m. (-तिः) 1. A lover, a gallant. 2. Paradise, heaven. 3. A crow. 4.  
Time. 5. Love or the deity KA'MA. ड. रम् to sport or stop, &c.  
Unádi aff. चतिच् ; the final of the radical retained.  
रममाण mfn. (-नः-मा-नं) 1. Sporting, playing, ड. रम् to please, घाणच् aff.  
रमायति m. (-तिः) VISHN'U. ड. रमा LAKSHMI', and पति husband.  
रमाग्रिय n. (-यं) The lotus. ड. रमा LAKSHMI', and ग्रिय beloved.  
रमावेष्ट m. (-ष्टः) Turpentine.  
रम्भ m. (-भः) 1. A bamboo. 2. The name of a monkey. f. (-म्भा) 1. A  
plantain. 2. One of the Apsarás or courtezans of Swarga, and wife  
of NALA-KU'BARA. 3. A harlot, a whore. 4. A name of GAURI'. 5.  
Lowing, as of a cow. ड. रम्भ to sound, to begin, &c., aff. चच् ।  
रम्भक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Beginning, who or what begins. 2. Sounding.  
ड. रम्भ to-sound, ल्च् aff.  
रम्भित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sounded. n. (-तं) Lowing, (of kine.) ड. रम्भि to  
sound, &c., क्त aff. [tree.]  
रम्भीक f. (-कः or कः) Having thighs as full and round as a plantain  
रम्य mfn. (-य्यः-स्या-य्यं) 1. Pleasing, delightful, agreeable, charming. 2.  
Handsome. m. (-य्यः) The champaca, (Michelia champaca.) f. (-य्या)  
1. Night. 2. The name of a river. n. (-य्यं) 1. The root of a species  
of cucumber. 2. Semen virile. ड. रम् to sport, aff. यत् ।  
रम्यक n. (-कः) 1. One of the minor Dwi'pas or divisions of the world,  
lying to the north of Ilavri'ta ; also रम्यक, and रम्यक. 2. The  
root of the Pat'ola. f. रम्य agreeable, कन् added.  
रम्यता f. (-ता) 1. Agreeableness, pleasantness. 2. Gracefulness, beauty.  
ड. रम्य and तल् aff. ; also with ल्, रम्यत् ।  
रम्य m. (-यः) 1. Purple, the colour of the dawn. 2. Beauty, splendor.  
ड. रम् to please, aff. रन् ।  
रय् r. 1st cl. (रयते) To go, to move.  
रय m. (-यः) 1. Speed, velocity. 2. The stream or current of a river. 3.  
Violence, ardour, zeal. ड. रय् to go, च aff.  
रयि n. (-यि) 1. Water. 2. Wealth. ड. रय् to go, इन् aff.  
रयिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्टा-ष्ठं) Fleetest, very fleet. m. (-ष्ठः) 1. KUR'RA. 2. Fire  
or AGNI. 3. BRAHMA'. ड. रय speed, quick, (used attributively,) and  
इष्ठन् aff. of the superlative.  
रज्जक m. (-कः) 1. A blanket. 2. An eye-lash. 4. A sort of deer. ड. रज्ज् to  
please, aff. क्तिप्, and तृक् with the final dropped रज्ज् comfort, plea-  
sure, ला to give, aff. क्तिप्, रज्ज and कन् added.  
रज्ज् (इ) रजि r. 1st cl. (रजते) To go, to move.  
रज m. (-जः) 1. Sound in general, cry, noise, singing of birds, &c. 2. A  
thunder. 3. A roar. ड. र्ज् to cry out, &c. aff. चच् ।  
रज्ज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Sounding, sonorous. 2. Hot, warm, sharp. 3.  
Unsteady, fickle or shaking. 4. Jesting, a jester. m. (-जः) 1. A  
camel. 2. The Ko'kila. n. (-जं) 1. Bell-metal or brass. 2. Sounding.  
ड. र्ज् to sound, Unádi aff. यच् ।  
रज्जय m. (-यः) The Indian cuckoo. ड. र्ज् to cry, &c. Unádi' aff. चयन् ।  
रजि m. (-जिः) 1. The sun. 2. The right canal for the passage of the  
vital air. ड. र्जि to sound, passive form, to be praised or glorified,  
Unádi aff. इन् ।  
रजिकान्त m. (-न्तः) The sun-stone, a sort of crystal. "सूर्यकान्तानी" ड. रजि  
the sun, कान्त in this compound, a mineral. [son.]  
रजिगन्ध m. (-गन्धः) The monkey chief SUGRI'VA. ड. रजि the sun, गन्ध a  
रजिगन्ध n. (-गन्धः) A lotus. m. (-जः) A flower, (Pentapetes phoenicea.)  
रजिन्द n. (-न्दः) Lotus. ड. रजि the sun, and दा to give, aff. खच् ।  
रजिपद्म n. (-पद्मः) 1. Copper. 2. The red-lotus. m. (-यः) A plant, (Arto-  
carpus lacucha.) ड. रजि the sun, ग्रिय beloved. रज्जकरीरे, चर्चट्टे च ।

रविमण्डल n. (-लः) The disc of the sun. इ. रवि, and मण्डल circle.  
रविमार्ग m. (-र्गः) The sun's path. इ. रवि, मार्ग road.  
रविमार्गभङ्ग mfn (-ङ्गः-ङ्गा-ङ्गः) Very high, stopping the course of the sun.  
इ. रविमार्ग, भङ्ग what breaks.  
रविरत्न n. (-त्नः) The ruby. "माचिक्ये ।"  
रविलोह n. (-लः) Copper. इ. रवि the sun, and लोह iron.  
रविवार m. (-रः) Sunday. इ. रवि, and वार a time.  
रविसंज्ञानि f. (-निः) The sun's entrance into a sign of the zodiac  
रविसंज्ञक n. (-ज्ञः) Copper. इ. रवि the sun, and संज्ञक appellation.  
रसना f. (-ना) 1. A tongue. 2. A woman's girdle or zone. इ. See रसना  
रसिन् m. (-सिन्) 1. A ray of light. 2. A rein, a bridle. 3. An eye-lash.  
इ. चक्षु to pervade, Una'di aff. सि, रस substituted for the radical.  
रसिन्नाल n. (-लः) A blaze or stream of light. इ. रसिन्, and आल heap.  
रस्, r. 1st cl. (रसति) 1. To sound. 2. To roar, to cry. r. 10th cl. (रसयति  
-ने) 1. To taste, to relish. 2. To love, to regard.  
रस m. (-सः) 1. Flavour, taste, viz :—sweet, salt, pungent, bitter, sour,  
and astringent. 2. Taste, sentiment, emotion, as an object of poetry or composition; eight sentiments are usually enumerated, viz:—  
Srīṅga'ra or love, Ha'sya or mirth, Karuṇ'a or tenderness, Raudra  
or anger, Bī'ra or heroism, Bhaya'naka or terror, Bibhatsa or  
disgust, and Adbhuta or surprise; Sa'n'ta, tranquillity or content  
or Ba'tsalya, paternal tenderness, is sometimes considered as the  
ninth. 3. Affection of the mind, passion. 4. Juice, exudation, a  
fluid, a liquid, or liquified substance. 5. Poison. 6. Semen virile  
7. Water. 8. The primary or essential juice or fluid of the body,  
whence blood, serum, sweat, &c. are supposed to be engendered,  
it corresponds best with chyle, but is probably of a fanciful  
nature. 9. Gum myrrh. 10. Quicksilver, from its being a semi-fluid  
metal, and according to certain alchemical notions possessed of  
supernatural power over the juices of the body, &c. 11. A mineral  
or a metallic salt, as sulphur, borax, talc, blue or green vitriol,  
&c.; they are however usually called Upa or inferior Rasas. f.  
(-सा) 1. The earth. 2. The tongue. 3. A plant, commonly A'kanādi.  
(Cissampelos hexandra.) 4. A sort of grain, (Panicum italicum.)  
5. The frankincense-tree, (Boswellia thurifera) 6. The grape. 7. A  
medical drug, commonly Ka'ko'li. इ. रस् to taste, to love, aff चक्षु  
रसक m. (-कः) Stewed or boiled meat. इ. रस juice, aff. कन् ।  
रसकप्पूर n. (-रः) A white sublimate or a muriate of mercury, made in  
close vessels with sulphur, mercury, and common salt; the crystals  
formed in the first operation are sublimed a second time,  
which seems to be the only essential difference between this and  
the preparations called Rasapushpa; ut infra. इ. रस mercury, and  
कप्पूर camphor; from its white colour.  
रसकला f. (-ला) 1. A low sweet sound. 2. Singing upon intoxication. इ.  
रस taste or vinous juice, and कला a note.  
रसकेशर n. (-रः) Camphor. इ. रस juice, केशर a filament.  
रसगन्ध m. (-गन्धः) 1. Gum myrrh. 2. Sulphur. इ. रस exudation, गन्ध fragrance;  
with कक्ष added, रसगन्धक ।  
रसगर्भ n. (-र्भः) 1. A mineral preparation used as a stibium. 2. Vermilion.  
इ. रस quicksilver, and गर्भ embryo.  
रसघ्न m. (-घ्नः) Borax. इ. रस mercury, घ्न what destroys.  
रसज mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) Born or produced by or in passion flavour, fluids,  
&c. n. (-जः) Blood. m. (-जः) 1. Any insect engendered by the  
acetous fermentation of liquids. 2. Molasses, treacle. इ. रस juice,  
the primary juice or chyle, &c., and ज born.  
रसज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञः) Discriminating or acquainted with tastes, sentiments,  
&c. m. (-ज्ञः) 1. A poet, a writer who understands the different Rasas or  
sentiments to be described. 2. An alchemist, one who has obtained a command  
over the magical properties of mercury. 3. A physician, a medical preparer and  
administrator

of mercurial and chemical compounds. f. (-ञ) The tongue. **रस** as above, and **ज्ञ** who or what knows.

**रसज्ञा** f. (-ता) 1. Poetical skill or taste. 2. Knowledge of flavours. 3. Alchemy. **रस** and **ज्ञ** aff.; also with **ज्ञ**, **रसज्ञान**.

**रसजिह्व** m. (-ह्व) 1. The sweet flavour or taste, sweetness. 2. The sentiment of love. **रस** taste or sentiment, and **जिह्व** eldest, best.

**रस** mfn. (-सन्-सनी-सन्) 1. Speaking, sounding. 2. Tasting, having flavour. **रस** to sound, **ज्ञ** aff.

**रसजम्** n. (-जम्) The blood. **रस** chyle, and **तेजस्** light, strength.

**रसधातु** n. (-घ) Quicksilver. **रस** fluid, and **धातु** metal.

**रस** n. (-स) 1. Tasting, taste. 2. Sound, noise. 3. Thunder. f. (-ता) 1. The tongue. 2. A rope. 3. A bridle. 4. A plant, commonly *Rasana*. 5. A woman's girdle, a sort of chain worn round the loins. 6. A plant, (*Pæderia foetida*.) **रस** to sound or taste, aff.

**रस** ; or **रस** to eat, **रस** Una'di aff., and **रस** substituted; also **रसना**.

**रसनाथ** m. (-थ) Quicksilver. **रस** juice, fluid, and **नाथ** chief.

**रसनायक** m. (-क) S'IVA. **रस** mercury, **नायक** leader.

**रसमारद** m. (-द) A bird. **रसना** the tongue, **रद** a tooth.

**रसमात्रि** m. (-त्रि) A dog. **रसना** the tongue, **लिङ्** to lick, aff. **लिङ्**.

**रसनिवृत्ति** f. (-त्ति) Loss of taste, flavour, &c. **रस**, and **निवृत्ति** cessation.

**रसनेत्रिका** f. (-का) Red arsenic. **रस**, **नेत्र** eye, **कन्** added, fem. form.

**रसपुष्प** n. (-पुष्प) A preparation of mercury, a kind of muriate formed by subliming in close vessels, a mixture of sulphur, mercury, and common salt. **रस** mercury, and **पुष्प** flower.

**रसफल** m. (-ल) The cocoanut tree. **रस** water or juice, and **फल** the fruit, the nut containing a saccharine fluid.

**रसभङ्ग** m. (-ङ्ग) Interruption or destruction of passion or sentiment, &c. **रस**, **भङ्ग** a breaking.

**रसप्रव** n. (-व) The blood. **रस** chyle, and **प्रव** produced.

**रसमखन** n. (-खन) Calx or oxid of mercury. **रस**, and **मखन** ashes.

**रसयिता** Ind. Having tasted. **रस** to taste, **यिता** aff.

**रसराज** m. (-ज) Quicksilver. **रस** a mineral, **राज** sovereign.

**रसवत्** Ind. Including a secondary or subsidiary feeling or passion. **रस**, **वत्** aff.

**रसवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Juicy. 2. Well-flavoured. 3. Tasteful, applied to a composition, &c. 4. Spirited, witty. f. (-ती) A kitchen. **रस** juice, flavour, &c., **वत्** aff.

**रसविक्रय** m. (-य) Selling juices or liquors, as the juice of the sugar cane, or wine, &c. **रस** juice, and **विक्रय** sale.

**रसशोधन** m. (-न) Borax. **रस** a metal, &c., and **शोधन** purifying; being used as a flux in refining and melting metals.

**रससिद्ध** m. (-सिद्ध) An alchemist, an adept: see the next. **रस** mercury, **सिद्ध** accomplished.

**रससिद्धि** f. (-द्धि) The knowledge of alchemy, the possession of peculiar familiarity with mercury, obtained by the performance of chemical operations conjoined with certain mystical and magical rites, and the securing thence to the adept, of happiness, health, and wealth, the power of transmuting metals, and the art of prolonging life. **रस** mercury, and **सिद्धि** accomplishment, especially of some supernatural object.

**रससिद्धर** n. (-र) A sort of factitious cinnabar, made with zinc, mercury, blue vitriol, and nitre, fused together; the compound is used as an escharotic. **रस** mercury and **सिद्धर** minium.

**रसस्नान** n. (-न) Cinnabar or vermilion. **रस** mercury and **स्नान** abode.

**रसाक्षय** m. (-य) A cook. **रसा** the earth, and **क्षय** who digs or picks.

**रसाञ्जन** n. (-ञ) A sort of collyrium, prepared either with the calx of brass, or with the *Amomum anthorrhiza*. **रस** juice, &c., **ञञ्जन** collyrium.

**रसासप्त** n. (-सप्त) 1. *Pâtāla*; the seven infernal regions under the earth, and the residence of the *Nā'gas*, *Asuras*, *Dai'tyas*, and other races

of monstrous and demoniacal beings, under the various governments of *Sé'sha*, *Bali*, and other chiefs; this is not to be confounded with *Naraka* or *Tartarus*, the proper hell or abode of guilty mortals after death. 2. The lowest of the seven divisions of *Pâtāla*.

**रसा** the earth, and **तल** below, underneath.

**रसादान** n. (-न) 1. Sucking, suction. 2. Drying, drying up, absorbing. **रस** water, or juice, &c., **दादान** taking.

**रसाधार** m. (-र) The sun. **रस** water, **आधार** receptacle. [**रस** different.

**रसान्तर** n. (-र) Change or diversion of passion or sentiment. **रस** and **रसान्तर** m. (-स) Concealment of sentiment, attributing evident emotions to some cause different from the real one. **रस** sentiment,

**आभास** unreal exposition or display. [intentness.

**रसाभिनिवेश** m. (-व) Accession of sentiment or passion. **रस**, **अभिनिवेश**

**रसाक्ष** m. (-क्ष) Sour sauce. n. (-क्ष) The hog-plum.

**रसायक** m. (-क) A sort of grass, (*Saccharum munja*.)

**रसायन** n. (-न) 1. Alchemy, chemistry. 2. The employment of mercury in medicine. 3. A medicine preventing old age, and prolonging life, the Elixir Vitæ of the alchemists. 4. Poison. 5. Butter-milk. m. (-न) 1. *GARUDA*. 2. An anthelmintic drug commonly *Biranga*. (*Embelia ribes*.) 2. An alchemist. f. (-नी) A vessel conveying nutrition, a lacteal, an absorbent. **रस** juice, quicksilver, &c., **अयन** a road, a going, &c.

**रसायनफला** f. (-ला) Yellow myrobalan, (*Terminalia chebula*.) "हरीतकी फले". **रसायन** juice, abiding, **फला** fruit.

**रसाक्ष** m. (-क्ष) 1. The sugar-cane. 2. The mango-tree, (*Mangifera Indica*) 3. The jack-tree, (*Artocarpus integrifolia*.) 4. The Olibanum tree, (*Boswellia thurifera*.) 5. Wheat. n. (-क्ष) 1. Frankincense 2. Gum myrrh. f. (-ला) 1. The tongue. 2. Bent grass, (*Panicum dactylon*.) 3. A flower, (*Hedysarum gangeticum*.) 4. A grape. 5. Curds mixed up with sugar and spices. **रस** juice, **आक्ष** before, **ला** to yield, aff. **क्ष**.

**रसालसा** f. (-सा) A tubular vessel of the body, a nerve, a tendon, &c.

**रसालिङ्गा** f. (-ङ्गा) A plant, (*Hemionites cordifolia*.) "आक्षलिङ्गा।"

**रसालाद** m. (-द) The sense of poetical beauty.

**रसालादिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Tasting, relishing. 2. Sensitive, having taste. m. (-दी) A bee. **रस** flavour, and **आलादिन्** who tastes.

**रसाक्ष** n. (-क्ष) Turpentine, resin. **रस** juice and **आक्ष** appellation.

**रसिक** mfn. (-क-का-की-क) 1. Flavoured, having taste or flavour. 2. Tasteful, as a composition, &c. 3. Having a taste for poetry, &c. 4. Sentimental 5. Impassioned. m. (-क) 1. A horse. 2. An elephant. 3. A libertine. f. (-का) 1. Curds mixed with sugar and spice. 2. Molasses, the juice of the sugar-cane. 3. The tongue. 4. A woman's zone or girdle. **रस** flavour, sentiment, and **उक्ष** aff.

**रसित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Gilded, plated, washed or spread with gold, &c. 2. Sounded. 3. Having taste, flavour, or sentiment. m. (-त) 1. The rattling of thunder. 2. Voice, sound in general. 3. Wine. **रस** to sound, aff. **क्ष**; or **रस** fluid, (metal, &c.), **रस** aff.

**रसितवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Tasting, having tasted or having a taste for. 2. Sounding. **रस** to have flavour, **वत्** aff.

**रसिताक्षिन्** mfn. (-क्षि-क्षिनी-क्षि) 1. Eating or seizing with a noise or roar. 2. Drinking wine. **रसित** **आक्षिन्** who eats.

**रसिह** mfn. (-ता-नी-ह) 1. Sounding, making a noise. 2. Tasting, relishing. **रस** to sound, **ह** aff. [**रस**, **ह** aff.

**रसिन्** mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) 1. Tasting. 2. Impassioned. 3. Humorous. g. **रसन्** m. (-न) Garlic. **रस** See **ससुन**. **र** being changed to **क्ष**.

**रसेन्द्र** m. (-न्द्र) 1. Quicksilver. 2. The philosopher's stone, the touch of which turns iron to gold. **रस** a mineral and **न्द्र** best.

**रसीयति** f. (-यति) 1. Production of taste or flavour. 2. Development of passion or sentiment. 3. Generation of the vital fluids. **रस**, and **यति** production.

**रसोन्न** m. (-नः) A kind of garlic, (*Allium ascalonicum*.) **रस** flavour taste, **ऊन** to be less or deficient, aff. **चञ्**; being supposed to contain in the leaves, stalk, root, &c., every flavour except sourness.

**रसोपल** n. (-लः) A pearl. **रस** water, and **उपल** a stone.

**रस** n. (-ञः) Thing, substance. **रस** juice, &c., and **नञ्** Unádi aff.

**रस्य** mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) Juicy. n. (-स्यः) Blood. **रस** chyle. **यन्** aff.

**रह्** r. 1st cl. (रहति) r. 10th cl. (रहयति-ते) To quit, to leave, to forego, to lose or abandon. With **वि**. To be separate or away from, (रह) **रहि** r. 1st cl. (रहति) To go, to move with speed.

**रह** m. (-हः) Solitariness, privacy. **रह्** to be private, **चञ्** aff.

**रहय** n. (-यः) Quitting, leaving. **रह्** to leave, **छट्** aff.

**रहन्** mfn. (-हन्-हन्तो हन्) Leaving, abandoning. **रह्** to leave, **घट्** aff.

**रहस्य** n. Subst. (-हः) 1. Solitariness, privacy. 2. Copulation. 3. A privacy. 4. A religious or mystic truth. Ind. or an adv. (-हः) Solitary, private, in private, secretly, privily. **रह्** to abandon, (society, &c.) and **चसञ्** aff.; or **रह्** to sport or play, with the same aff., and **चञ्** substituted for the radical final.

**रहस्य** m. (-सः) 1. The ocean. 2. Heaven. **रह्** to leave, **चसञ्** aff.

**रहस्य** mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) Private, secret, either fit to be concealed or occurring in secret. n. (-स्यः) 1. A secret, a mystery, anything hidden, recondite or mysterious. 2. Any esoteric teaching. f. (-स्या) 1. Clandestine. 2. Mysterious. 3. The name of a river, perhaps the Saraswati, from its being supposed to flow in an unknown channel. **रहस्य** secret, **यन्** aff. [छट् to go, aff. **चञ्**]

**रहाट** m. (-टः) 1. A minister. 2. A ghost. 3. Spring. **रह्** privately, **रहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Left, quitted, abandoned. 2. Free from, devoid of. **रह्** to leave, aff. **क्ल** [with **वि** aug.]

**रहीभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Alone, solitary, in private. **रह्** and **भूत** been, **रा** r. 2nd. cl. (राति) 1. To get, to gain, to receive. 2. To give.

**राका** f. (-का) 1. Full-moon, or the day of full-moon. 2. A girl in whom menstruation has commenced. 3. Scab, itch. 4. The name of a river. **रा** to give, (good fortune), **क** Una'di aff.

**राक्षस** mfn. (-सः-सो-सं) Infernal, demoniacal. m. (-सः) An evil spirit, a demon, a vampire, a fiend, but who appears to be of various descriptions, and is either a powerful Titan or enemy of the gods in a superhuman or incarnate form, as RA'VAN'A and others; an attendant on KUR'NA, and guardian of his treasures; or a mischievous and cruel goblin or ogre, haunting cemeteries, animating dead bodies, and devouring human beings. f. (-सी) 1. A female fiend, the female of the preceding. 2. A large tooth, a tusk. 3. A sort of perfume, commonly Cho'r. n. (-सः) 1. A form of marriage, the violent seizure and rape of a girl after the repulse or destruction of her relatives. 2. Surgery, cure by the knife of cautery. **रा** **रह्** to preserve, to be preserved, (from whom,) aff. **चसञ्**, and **चञ्** pleonasm added; or **रहस्य** a demon, and **चञ्** aff. of reference.

**राक्षसेन्द्र** m. (-न्द्रः) 1. RA'VAN'A. 2. KUR'NA. **राक्षस** a demon, **इन्द्र** lord.

**राक्षा** f. (-क्षा) Lac, the red animal dye. **रा** **रह्** to preserve, (colour,) **च** aff.; the vowel made long; perhaps an incorrect form of रक्षा।

**राख** (खट्) **राख** r. 1st cl. (राखति) 1. To be dry or arid. 2. To adorn. 3. To suffice, to be able or competent. 4. To impede or prevent.

**राग** m. (-गः) 1. Colour, hue, tint. dye. 2. Affection, prepossession, love, desire. 3. Mental affection in general, as sorrow, joy, &c. 4. Envy, impatience of another's success. 5. A mode of music; of which six are enumerated, viz. :—Bhairava, Kausika, Sri'ra'ga, Hindola, Dipaka, and Me'gha; they are personified in poetry and mythology. 6. A king, a sovereign. 7. The Raja Gu'na, the property or quality of passion. 8. Greediness, cupidity. 9. Colouring, painting, dying. f. (गौ) A sort of grain, commonly Raggi, much cultivated in the south of India, (*Eleusine corocana*, or *Tynosurus corocanus*.) **रा** **रह्** to colour, &c., aff. **चञ्**।

**रागवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) 1. A name of KA'MA. 2. A tree, yielding an astringent resin or extract, the wood of which is used in dying, (*Acacia catechu*.) 3. Red lead. 4. The red powder thrown over one another by the Hindus, at the vernal festival named Ho'li. **राग** passion or colour, and **वृक्ष** powder.

**रागवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) KA'MA. **राग** and **वृक्ष** covered.

**रागद** mfn. (-दः-दा-दे) 1. Colouring. 2. Inspiring passion. f. (-दा) **Cr** tal. **राग** colour, **दा** to give, **चञ्** and **टाप्** affs.

**रागवन्ध** m. (-न्धः) The manifestation of musical harmony.

**रागयुज्** m. (-युज्) A ruby.

**रागराज्य** m. (-राज्यः) The deity of love, KA'MA. **राग** passion, **राज्य** a rope

**रागलता** f. (-ता) The wife of KA'MADE'VA. **राग**, **लता** a creeping plant.

**रागवन्ध** mfn. (-वन्ध-वन्तो-वन्) 1. Coloured. 2. Impassioned. **राग**, **वन्ध** aff.

**रागहन** m. (-हन्) KA'MADE'VA. **राग** passion, **हन** the stalk of flower, the support. [and oil]

**रागवाटव** m. (-वः) A sweetmeat of unripe mangoes dressed with treach.

**रागमन्त्र** n. (-न्त्रः) 1. The string of a balance. 2. A string or thread of silk. 3. Any coloured thread or string. **राग** colour, **मन्त्र** a thread.

**रागान्वित** mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Affected dy passion. 2. Coloured.

**रागाई** mfn. (-ई-ई-ई) 1. One who excites hopes and disappoints them. 2. Who or what is an object of affection. **राग**, **चङ्** fit.

**रागायनि** m. (-निः) A Jaina saint. **राग**, **चञ्** to throw, (away,) **यनि** aff.

**रागिन्** mfn. (-गौ-गौ-गौ) 1. Passionate, impassioned. 2. Colouring,

painting. 3. Coloured, dyed. m. (-गौ) 1. A dyer, a painter. 2. A libertine, a lover. f. (-गौ) 1. A shrewd and intriguing woman. 2.

A modification of a musical mode of which five are assigned to each mode; in mythology, personified as a female, and the wife of the RA'GA. **राग** passion, **गि** aff., or **रह्** to colour, &c., **विभुष** aff.

**राघ्** (घट्) **राघ** r. 1st cl. (राघते) To be able or equal to.

**राघव** m. (-वः) 1. A name of RA'MACHANDRA. 2. A sort of fish. **रा** **रह्** the ancestor of the demi-god, and **चञ्** aff. of descent.

**राहल** m. (-लः) A thorn.

**राहव** mfn. (-वः-वौ-वं) Woolen, made of the hair of a sort of deer or any other animal. n. (-वं) A woolen garment, made of the deer's hair, a blanket. **राह** a kind of deer, **चञ्** aff.

**राज्** (घट्) **राज** r. 1st cl. (राजति-ते or irregularly रेजते) To shine : With **निर्** prefixed, To overcome, to subdue. Caus. (राजयति ते) With **नि** 1. To adorn, to illuminate. 2. To wave light before an idol or a king, (as an act of worship.)

**राज्** m. (-राट्) A king, a monarch or prince **राज्** to shine, aff. **ह्रिप्**।

**राजक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Ruling, a ruler. 2. Splendid, irradiating, bright in itself, and the cause of brilliancy in others. n. (-कं) An

assemblage of princes. m. (-कः) A petty prince. **राजन्** a prince, and **वृज्** aff. of multitude; or **राज्** to shine, aff. **वृज्**।

**राजकर** p. (-र) Tax or toll imposed by the king. **रा** **राज** and **कर** tribute.

**राजकदम्ब** m. (-म्बः) A sort of Kadamba. **रा** **राज** royal, **कदम्ब** Nauclea.

**राजकशेष** m. (-शेषः) A fragrant grass, (*Cyperus*.) **रा** **राज**, **कशेष** *Cyperus*.

**राजकार्य** n. (-यः) Royal duties, state affairs. **रा** **राज**, and **कार्य** act.

**राजकीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Royal, kingly **राजन्** a king, **क** substituted for the final, and **च** aff. [कुल family.]

**राजकुल** n. (-कुलः) A royal race. m. (-कुलः) A prince, a king. **रा** **राज** and

**राजकुषाण्ड** m. (-ण्डः) The egg-plant, (*Solanum melongena*.) **रा** **राज** royal, and **कुषाण्ड** a gourd.

**राजहन्तृ** m. (-हन्तृ) A king-maker, one who raises him to the throne, &c. **रा** **राजन्**, and **हन्तृ** to make, **हन्तिप्** aff.

**राजगामिन्** mfn. (-गौ-गौ-गौ) Going to the prince or ruler, devolving or falling to the king, (as property, &c. to which there are no heirs.)

**रा** **राज** the king, **गामिन्** what goes.

**राजगुरु** m. (-गुरुः) The king's spiritual preceptor. **रा** **राज** a king, and **गुरु** preceptor.

राजपौष m. (-बः) A sort of flat fresh water-fish, commonly *malu'i*. E. राज shining, पौष the neck.  
 राजप mfn. (-बः-वा-बः) Sharp, hot. m. (-बः) A king-killer, a slayer of sovereigns, a regicide. E. राज a king, and प for ब, who kills.  
 राजचिह्न n. (-कः) The male or female organs of generation. E. राज chief, चिह्न mark, and कन् aff.  
 राजज्वर m. (-ज्वा) Pulmonary consumption. E. राज royal, principal, and ज्वर for यज्वर consumption; also राजयज्वर ।  
 राजजम्बू f. (-ज्बू) 1. A large kind of eugenia or rose-apple. "बड़ जाम इति भाषा" 2. A sort of date. E. राज royal, and जम्बू Eugenia.  
 राजत mfn. (-तः-तौ-तः) Silver, made of silver, &c. E. रजत silver, चञ् aff.  
 राजतानित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Plated, inlaid. E. राजत, चञित having.  
 राजताल m. (-लः) The betel-nut tree, (*Areca faufel*.) E. राज, ताल palm.  
 राजतिमिष m. (-बः) A cucumber. E. राज royal, and तिमिष a kind of gourd; it is also read राजतेमिष । "तरसुज्"  
 राजतजस् n. (-जः) Majesty, kingly dignity. E. राज, and तजस् splendour.  
 राजत्व n. (-त्वः) Sovereignty, royalty. E. राज a king, त्व aff. of the abstract; also with तल्, राजता ।  
 राजदण्ड n. (-ण्डः) 1. Punishment ordered by the king. 2. A baton, a sceptre. E. राज, दण्ड a staff, &c.  
 राजदन्त m. (-न्तः) An upper and foretooth, applied to the two middle ones. E. राज royal, दन्त tooth.  
 राजदर्शन n. (-नः) A levee, an audience. E. राज, and दर्शन seeing.  
 राजदेशीय m. (-यः) A petty prince or chief, one something less than a king. E. राज a king, and देशीयर् aff., implying something less or defective, or with देश्य aff. of the same power, राजदेश्य m. (-श्यः) ।  
 राजद्रोह m. (-हः) 1. Oppression. 2. Rebellion. E. राज, द्रोह violence.  
 राजद्रोहिन् m. (-हि) A rebel, a traitor. E. राजद्रोह, इति aff.  
 राजद्वार n. (-रः) The gate of the palace. E. राज for राजा king, द्वार gate.  
 राजधन n. (-नः) Royal revenue or right to property. E. राज, धन wealth.  
 राजधर्म m. (-र्मः) 1. Royal duty. 2. The duty of the military tribe.  
 राजधर्मविद् m. (-विन्) A statesman, one who knows the duties of royalty. E. राज, धर्म duty, and विद् who knows.  
 राजधान uf. (-नः-नो) A royal city, a capital, a metropolis. E. राज a king, धान holding, containing; also with कन् added in the n. or f. (राज-धान-राजधानिका) ।  
 राजधान्य n. (-न्यः) A sort of grain, (*Panicum frumentaceum*, Rox.) E. राज royal, धान्य grain. "राजभोग हेमनिक धान्य भेदः ।"  
 राजधरा f. (-रा) Royal state or function, government. E. राज, धरा a load.  
 राजन् m. (-जः) 1. A king, a prince, a sovereign. 2. A soldier by birth, a man of the regal and military tribe. 3. A master. 4. The moon. 5. A Yaksha. 6. INDRA. 7. (In com.) Royal, denoting eminence or excellence. f. (-नी) 1. A queen, the wife of a king. 2. The wife of the sun. 3. Deep coloured brass, consisting of three parts of copper to one of zinc or tin. E. राज् to shine, Unádi aff. कनिज् ।  
 राजनय m. (-यः) Polity. E. राज, नय conduct; see the next.  
 राजनीति f. (-तिः) Regal polity, statesmanship, civil and military government. E. राज, and नीति polity.  
 राजनील n. (-लः) The emerald. E. राज royal, and नील blue.  
 राजन् m. (-न्यः) 1. A Kshetriya, a man of the military or regal tribe. 2. A name of Agni or fire. 3. A tree, (*Mimusops kauki*, Rox.) "क्षीरिणी गच्छ" E. राज् to shine, चञ् Unádi aff.; or राजन् a king, यत् aff.  
 राजवृक्ष n. (-कः) A number of Kshetriyas or men of the military tribe. E. राजन् a soldier, वृक्ष aff.  
 राजवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Possessing or governed by a just and active monarch, (a country, &c.) E. राजन् a king, (or by distinction a good king,) and वत् poss. aff., form irr.  
 राजपटोल m. (-लः) A kind of cucumber, (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.) E. राज royal, and पटोल the same; also with कन् added, राजपटोल्क ।  
 राजपद्म m. (-पद्मः) 1. A gem, said to be an inferior kind of diamond

brought from BIRA'TA DE'S'A, a country in the north-west of India. 2. A tiara or royal fillet. E. राज a king, and पद्म a bandage, worn in the tiara or diadem of a prince.

राजपत्नी f. (-नी) A queen. E. राज, and पत्नी wife.

राजपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. The planet MERCURY. 2. A Kshetriya or man of the military tribe. 3. A soldier by profession but one of a mixed birth or fabulous origin. 4. The son of a king, a prince. f. (-पुत्री) 1. Arabian jasmine. 2. A bitter gourd. 3. The musk-shrew. 4. A kind of brass or bell-metal. 5. A princess. 6. A woman of the Rājput tribe. E. राज a king or the moon, and पुत्र a son, a child.

राजपुत्रिका f. (-का) 1. A kind of bird. "अराजपुत्रिका" 2. A king's daughter. E. राज a king, पुत्र a child, कन् aff., fem. form. [पुत्र a man.

राजपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A guard, a watchman, a constable, &c. E. राज and राजपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A plant, (*Mesua ferrea*.) "नानिचर गच्छ" ।

राजफल m. (-फलः) The orange tree. E. राज royal, फलफल a sort of lime. [फल fruit.

राजफल n. (-फलः) A cucumber, (*Trichosanthes dioeca*.) E. राज royal, and राजवद् n. (-वद्) 1. A plant, (a sort of *Justicia*.) 2. Salt. m. (-रः) The jujube. E. राज royal, and वद् the jujube.

राजभटिका f. (-का) A water-fowl. "ह्यपुत्रीपक्षिणि" [auspicious.  
 राजभद्रक n. (-कः) A sort of costus, (*C. speciosus*.) E. राज royal, भद्रक राजभाज् mfn. (-भाज्) Belonging to or claimed by the king. E. राज, and भाज् who shares. [being.

राजभूय n. (-यः) Royalty, sovereignty. E. राज a king, and भूय condition of राजभूय m. (-भूयः) A courtier, a servant of the king, any public officer. E. राज, and भूय a servant.

राजभोग्य m. (-ग्यः) A tree, (*Chironja sapida*, or *Buohania latifolia*, Rox.) "पियालहृत्" n. (-हृत्) Mace. E. राज royal, and भोग्य enjoyment.

राजभौत m. (-तः) A king's fool or jester.  
 राजनख m. (-नखः) A large kind of frog. E. राज a king, नख्क a frog.

राजनङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A king's wrestler. E. राज a king, नङ्ग a wrestler.  
 राजमार्ग m. (-मार्गः) A royal road, one passable for horses and elephants, and forty cubits broad. E. राज a king, and मार्ग a road.

राजमाष m. (-षः) A kind of bean, (*Dolichos Catjang* or *sinensis*.) "वरपटी" E. राज royal, and माष a sort of kidney-bean.

राजमुद्ग m. (-द्गः) A sort of kidney-bean, (*Phaseolus*.) E. राज royal, and मुद्ग *P. mungo*. "मनुदके, मुग् इति भाषा ।"

राजयज्वन् m. (-ज्वा) Pulmonary consumption. E. राज chief, यज्वन् phthisis.  
 राजयुधन् m. (-युधः) An enemy, a rebel, one making war against a prince. E. राज, युध् to make war, कनिज् aff.

राजयोग m. (-यः) 1. The configuration of planets at the birth of a man indicating his future king-ship. 2. An easy mode of abstract meditation, as distinguished from the rigorous one called Hatayoga.

राजयोग्य mfn. (-ग्यः-ग्या-ग्यः) Proper or suitable for a sovereign, princely, royal. E. राज a king, and योग्य what is fit for.

राजरत्न n. (-रत्नः) Silver. E. राज royal, and रत्न tin.  
 राजराज m. (-जः) 1. A name of KURU. 2. An emperor, an universal monarch, or king of kings. 3. The moon. E. राज a king, (of a king or kings,) or a Yaksha, and राज sovereign.

राजरीति f. (-तिः) Bell-metal. "वेङ्क पितल ।"

राजर्षि m. (-र्षिः) A kind of saint; that holy and superhuman personage which a king or man of the military class may become by the practice of religious austerities; seven classes of Rishis are enumerated, the De'VARSHI, BRAHMARSHI, MAHARSHI, PARAMARSHI, RAJARSHI, KA'ND'ARSHI, and S'RUTARSHI: the order is variously given, but the RAJARSHI is inferior to the four preceding ones, and the two last mean the inspired saints and supposed authors of the scriptures. E. राज king, and र्षि a saint.

राजलङ्घन n. (-लङ्घः) 1. Royal insignia. 2. Any natural mark indicating future Kingship, or Hindu royalty. E. राज, and लङ्घन mark.

राजलक्ष्मन् m. (-ञ्च) A name of YUDHISHT'HIRA. E. राज royal, लक्ष्मन् a mark or symbol.

राजलक्ष्मी f. (-क्ष्मी) The prosperity of a king. [also राजलक्ष्म, &c.]

राजलिख m. (-खः) A royal letter or order. E. राज, and लिख a writing ; राजवंश mfn. (-शः-श्या-श्वः) Of royal parentage or descent. E. राज royal, वंश family, यन् aff.

राजवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Governed by a just and able monarch, (a country, &c.) 2. Royal, kingly. E. राज a king, and वन् aff.

राजवर्त्मन् n. (-ज्) A royal or main road. E. राज a king, and वर्त्मन् a road.

राजवल्गु f. (-ङ्गा) A plant, (Pæderia foetida.) E. राज a king, and वल्गु surrounding. "गन्धमादुखिया" ।

राजवल्ली f. (-ज्जी) A small gourd, (Momordica charantia.) "कारवेल्गु" E. राज royal, बल्ली a creeper.

राजवसति f. (-तिः) 1. A throne. 2. A palace. E. राज, and वसति abode.

राजवाह m. (-हः) A horse. E. राज a king, and वाह a vehicle.

राजवाह्य m. (-ह्यः) A royal elephant. E. राज a king, and वाह्य a vehicle.

राजवि m. (-विः) The blue-jay. E. राज, and वि a bird.

राजविद्या f. (-द्या) Kingcraft, state policy, statesmanship.

राजविहार m. (-रः) A royal convent.

राजवीजम् mfn. (-ज्जी-जिनी-जि) Springing from a royal race. E. राज a king, बीज seed, and जम् aff.

राजवृक्ष m. (-वृक्षः) 1. The Piya'la tree, (Buchanania latifolia.) 2. A sort of tree, (Cassia fistula.) "लोन्दा" 3. Euphorbia of various kinds. E. राज royal, and वृक्ष a tree.

राजवस्त्र m. (-वस्त्रः) A plant, from the fibres of which a coarse cordage and canvas are prepared, (Corchorus capsularis or olitorius.) E. राज royal, and वस्त्र Crotolaria. "पाट गार्ह" इति भाषा । [or couch.]

राजव्यास f. (-व्या) A royal seat or throne. E. राज a king, and व्या a bed

राजशासन n. (-नः) 1. A royal edict. 2. A royal badge. E. राज and शासन an edict. [राज royal, and यक्ष a parrot.]

राजयक्ष m. (-यक्षः) A sort of parrot, (Psittacus Lori.) "मयणापाखी" E.

राजयज्ञ n. (-ज्ञः) The royal Oh'ha'tta or umbrella. m. (-यज्ञः) A sort of sheat fish, (Silurus batrachus.) "मागुरगार्ह" E. राज royal, यज्ञ a horn.

राजस mfn. (-सः-सी-सं) Relating to, or derived, &c. from the quality of Rajas or passion. f. (-सी) 1. The goddess Durga'. 2. The state of being in this world or the next, in which the Raja Gun'a or quality of passion predominates ; it is divided into three classes : the first class comprises the Gandharbas, Yakshas, Guhyakas, &c. ; the second king and heroes, and the third, boxers, wrestlers, gamblers, tipplers, actors, &c. E. रजस् the quality of passion, सप् and जीप् affs.

राजसत्ता f. (-त्ता) Majesty, royal dignity. E. राज, and सत्ता existence.

राजसदन n. (-नः) A palace. E. राज a king, and सदन a dwelling.

राजसकर m. (-रः) The Ilis'a or Hilsa' fish, (Clupanodon Ilisha, HAM.) E. राज king, and सकर another sort of fish.

राजसभा f. (-भा) A royal assembly or court. E. राज a king, सभा assembly.

राजसर्प m. (-सर्पः) A large kind of snake, (Boa.) E. राज, and सर्प a snake ; the king of snakes. "राजसाप" ।

राजसर्वप m. (-पः) 1. Mustard, (Sinapis dichotoma, or S. ramosa, Rox.) 2. A mustard seed, as a measure of weight. E. राज royal, सर्वप mustard.

राजसायुज्य n. (-युज्यः) Royalty, sovereignty. E. राज a king, सायुज्य state.

राजसारस m. (-सः) A peacock. E. राज royal, and सारस the Indian crane.

राजसिंह m. (-हः) A great king. E. राज, and सिंह a lion.

राजस्य n. (-स्य) 1. A sacrifice performed only by an universal monarch, attended by his tributary princes ; as in the case of YUDHISHT'HIRA, and others. 2. A lotus. 3. A mountain. 4. A sort of rice. E. राज a king, (by him,) and स्य to be produced, to be effected, aff. क्यप् ; or राज the moon, for the moon-plant of which the acid-juice is drank at the ceremony, and स्य to bring forth, the same aff., deriv. irr.

राजस्युक्त mfn. (-क्तः-की-क्तं) Relating to a royal sacrifice. E. क्त added to the last.

राजस्युवाजिन् m. (-जी) A priest officiating at the royal sacrifice. E. राजस्य, and वाजिन् who sacrifices. [servant.]

राजसेवक m. (-कः) A courtier, a royal attendant. E. राज, and सेवक a

राजस्य m. (-स्यः) A horse. E. राज a king, and स्य the shoulder.

राजस्व n. (-स्वः) Royal revenue, impost, duty, tax. E. राज, and स्व own.

राजहंस m. (-हंसः) 1. A white goose with red legs and bill, or more properly perhaps the flamingo. 2. A drake 3. An excellent king. E. राज, and हंस a goose, the king-goose.

राजहर्षण n. (-र्षणः) A city, a town. E. राज a king, and हर्षण delighting.

राजहस्तिन् m. (-हस्तिः) A royal elephant. E. राज, and हस्तिन् an elephant.

राजहासक m. (-कः) A sort of large fish, (Cyprinus niloticus.) "कात्वामाह" E. राज a king, हासक diverting, pleasing.

राजाज्ञा f. (-ज्ञा) A royal edict or command. E. राज and आज्ञा order.

राजातन m. (-तनः) A tree, (Buchanania latifolia.) "पीतग्राहवृक्ष" E. राज a king, and आत before, तन् to stretch, aff. क्यप् ।

राजादन m. (-तनः) 1. A tree, (Buchanania latifolia.) 2. Another tree, (Mimusops kauki.) "कोरिबीहृक्ष" 3. The Kins'uka, (Butea frondosa.) E. राज a king, अदन eating ; also राजातन, and राजादनफल । [prince.]

राजाधिराज m. (-जः) A paramount sovereign. E. राजा, अधिराज superior

राजान्न m. (-न्नः) A sort of rice, of a superior quality, said to grow in the A'ndhra country. E. राज, and अन्न food.

राजास m. (-सः) A superior sort of mango. E. राज royal, अस mango.

राजास्र m. (-स्रः) A kind of dook or sorrel : see अस्त्रवेतस ।

राजाकं m. (-कं) Gigantic swallow wort, (Asolepias gigantea, with white flowers.) E. राज royal, and कं swallow wort. "त्रैतपाकदे" ।

राजाई mfn. (-ई-ई-ई) Royal, noble, fit or proper for a king. n. (-ई) Aloe-wood, (Amyris agallochum, Rox.) "अगुलकाई" E. राज a sovereign, and आई proper.

राजालुक् m. (-लुक्) An esculent root, a sort of yam, "रघुने" E. राज royal, आलु a yam, लुक् added.

राजावर्त्त m. (-वर्त्तः) A gem, described as an inferior kind of diamond, brought from the country Bira'ta. E. राज a king, आवर्त्त a turning ; it is considered as a lucky possession for princes, though not esteemed as an ornament.

राजावलि f. (-लिः-ली) A line of kings, a royal dynasty or genealogy. E. राज and आवली a line. [वलि a snake.]

राजाहि m. (-हिः) A sort of snake said to be two-headed. E. राज royal,

राजि f. (-जिः-जी) 1. A row, a line. 2. An unbroken row, a continuous line. 3. A small vessel of the body. E. राज् to shine, इन् Unádi aff., जीप् optionally added.

राजिका f. (-का) 1. Black mustard, (Sinapis racemosa, Rox.) 2. A field. 3. A line, a row, a range. 4. A continuous or unbroken line. E. राज् to shine, क्त्वा aff., fem. form ; or राजि as above, क्त added.

राजित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Adorned, embellished. 2. Illuminated, irradiated. E. राज् to shine, त् aff. [a line, क्यप् aff.]

राजिल m. (-लः) A sort of snake, (Amphisbæna.) "द्विहासाप" E. राजि

राजीव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Attending on or living about a prince. m. (-वः) 1. A large fish, (Cyprinus niloticus, BUCH.) 2. A kind of deer. 3. An elephant. n. (-वं) A lotus, (Nelumbium speciosum.) E. राजी a line, a row, व aff.

राजिन्द्र m. (-न्द्रः) An emperor. E. राज, and इन्द्र chief.

राजिन m. (-भः) A state elephant. E. राज, and इभ an elephant.

राजेय m. (-यः) A kind of cucumber : see पटील ।

राज्ञी f. (-ज्ञी) A queen. बीज्ञी, काज्ञी, ज्ञातीपुत्रज्ञी, पित्रज्ञी ।

राज्य n. (-ज्यः) 1. A government, a country, a principality, a kingdom. 2. Administration or exercise of sovereignty or government. E. राज for राजन् a prince, and यत् or यक् aff. [fallen from.]

राज्यच्युत m. (-तः) A prince who has lost his kingdom. E. राज्य, and च्युत

राज्यहानि f. (-तिः) Deposal, loss of sovereignty. ३. राज्य, and हानि falling.  
 राज्यशास्त्र n. (-नः) Science of government, system of administration.  
 राज्यभार f. (-रा) Administration, burden or yoke of government. ३. राज्य, भारा burthen.

राज्यभङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Subversion of sovereignty. ३. राज्य and भङ्ग breaking.  
 राज्यभाज् m. (-भाज्) A king. ३. राज्य, and भाज् who has.  
 राज्यपतन m. (-पतः) 1. Deposal or loss of a kingdom. ३. राज्य and पतन falling.  
 राज्यवट m. (-टः) A deposed sovereign. ३. राज्य, वट fallen. [ervation.  
 राज्यरक्षा f. (-क्षा) Protection or defence of a kingdom. ३. राज्य, रक्षा pre-  
 राज्यलोक m. (-लोकः) Ambition. ३. राज्य and लोक desire.

राज्याङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) A requisite of regal administration ; variously enu-  
 merated, as seven, eight, or nine, viz.:—first, the monarch ;  
 second, the prime minister ; third, a friend or ally ; fourth, trea-  
 sure ; fifth territory ; sixth a strong-hold ; and seventh, an army ;  
 the eighth is the population or companies of citizens, and the  
 ninth the Purohita or spiritual adviser. ३. राज्य royalty, and चक्र  
 limb or part.

राज्याधिकार m. (-कारः) 1. Government of a kingdom. 2. Right or title  
 to a sovereignty. ३. राज्य and अधिकार superintendence, &c.

राज्याभिषेक m. (-कः) Inauguration of a king.

राटि f. (-टिः) War, battle. ३. रट् to speak, to sound, aff. डोप् ।

रादा f. (-दा) 1. Beauty, splendour, light, lustre. 2. A country or dis-  
 trict, part of Bengal to the west of the Hugli-river. ३. रद् to quit,  
 aff. चञ्, and द changed to ड ।

राव n. (-वं) 1. A leaf. 2. A peacock's tail. ३. रव् to sound, aff. चञ् ।

रात्रि n. (-त्रिः) A period of five nights collectively. m. (-कः) A man who  
 takes up his abode in a harlot's house for one year. ३. रात्रि night,  
 and कन् aff.

रात्रि f. (-त्रिः-त्री) Night, the darkness of night. ३. रा to give, (pleasure or  
 rest.) त्रिप् Una'di aff., डोप् optionally added.

रात्रिकर m. (-करः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor.

रात्रिकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Going or moving at night. m. (-रः) 1. A goblin, a  
 fiend, a ghost or evil spirit. 2. A thief, a robber. 3. A guard, a  
 patrol. ३. रात्रि night, (by night,) and चर who goes.

रात्रिचर्या f. (-चर्या) 1. Night-roving. 2. A nightly act or ceremony.

रात्रिमfn. (जः-जा-जं) Nocturnal, born or produced at night. n. (-जं)  
 A star, a constellation. ३. रात्रि night, and ज born.

रात्रिजल n. (-जलः) Dew, mist, fog. ३. रात्रि night, and जल water.

रात्रिजागर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Keeping watch at night, sitting up at night.  
 m. (-रः) A dog. ३. रात्रि night, and जागर who wakes.

रात्रिजागरण n. (-णं) Sitting up all night. ३. रात्रि, and जागरण waking.

रात्रिजागरद m. (-दः) A musquito, a gnat. ३. रात्रिजागर waking by night,  
 and द who gives or makes, from दा to give, or from दी to cut, who  
 stings. [aug. ; also रात्रिचर ।

रात्रिचर m. (-रः) A ghost, a goblin. ३. रात्रि night, चर् to go, ट aff., सुन्

रात्रिमरा f. (-रा) The dead of night.

रात्रियुग्म n. (-युग्मः) A lotus-flower opening at night.

रात्रिमट m. (-टः) 1. A ghost, a goblin. 2. A thief. 3. A guard. 4. A  
 night-walker. ३. रात्रि night, चट् to go, aff. चञ्, and सुन् augment.

रात्रिमणि m. (-मणिः) The moon. ३. रात्रि night, मणि a jewel. [खच् aff.

रात्रिचञ्च mfn. (-चञ्चः-चा-चं) Thinking it night. ३. रात्रि, चञ्च who believes,

रात्रियोग m. (-योगः) Coming on of night. ३. रात्रि, and योग joining.

रात्रिराम m. (-रामः) Darkness, obscurity. [vesture.

रात्रिरात्र n. (-रात्रः) 1. Night-dress. 2. Darkness. ३. रात्रि night, and रात्रि

रात्रिविनाश m. (-विनाशः) Dawn, day-light. ३. रात्रि night, विनाश stop, cessation.

रात्रिविच्छेद m. (-विच्छेदः) The ruddy-geese. ३. रात्रि night, विच्छेद separa-  
 tion, and रात्रि who goes ; these birds being supposed to pass the  
 night apart. "चक्रवाकपक्षिणि" । [or duration.

रात्रिदेव m. (-देवः) A cook. ३. रात्रि night, देव who knows, its measure

रात्रिदेविन् m. (-देविन्) A cook. ३. रात्रि night, देविन् who knows ; see the last.

रात्रिपाद m. (-पादः) The white lotus. ३. रात्रि night, and पाद what smiles,  
 blossoming at night. "चलोत्पले" । [रात्रि, चिदि to go, सुन् aff.

रात्रिचिच्छेद m. (-चिच्छेदः) A guard of the interior or women's apartments. ३.

रात्राट m. (-टः) 1. An imp, a goblin. 2. A ghost. 3. A thief. 4. A night-  
 walker. ३. रात्रि, चट् to go, aff. चञ् ; also with nasal inserted, रात्रिमट ।

रात्राक्ष Adj. Night-blind.

रात्र mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Cooked, dressed. 2. Perfected, as a religious  
 vow ; observed, as a fast, &c. 3. Perfect, in mysterious or magical  
 power, adept, initiated. 4. Perfect in general, accomplished,  
 mature, &c. 5. Successful, fortunate. 6. Propitiated, conciliated.  
 ३. रात्र् to accomplish or be accomplished, aff. क् ।

रात्रान m. (-नः) Demonstrated truth, proved and established fact or  
 conclusion, a dogma. ३. रात्र established, चन end, result.

रात्रि f. (-त्रिः) 1. Accomplishment. Prosperity.

रात्र् (ची) चीराच r. 4th cl. (रात्रति) 1. To be favourable or merciful. 2. To  
 be ready, to be successful. 3. To kill. With चनु or चा, To propitiate,  
 to adore. With चप, (usually used with a loc., but sometimes with  
 a gen.) 1. To offend, to miss, to err. 2. To injure. With चि, To  
 injure, to offend, to hurt. Caus. (रोधयति-ने) With चा, 1. To  
 please. 2. To serve. r. 5th cl. (रात्रति) 1. To bring anything to  
 fulness or completion, to finish, to effect, to accomplish, to  
 complete. 2. To attain completion, to succeed, to be finished or  
 accomplished. 3. To destroy. With चप prefixed, To offend, to be in  
 fault. With चाञ्, To worship, to propitiate by worship.

राध m. (-धः) The month Vais'āk'ha, (April-May.) f. (-धा) 1. The  
 asterism, in which the moon is full in the month Vais'a'k'ha ; the  
 sixteenth of the Nakshatras, containing four stars in the shape of  
 a festoon. 2. A celebrated Go'pi, the favourite mistress of KRISHN-  
 N'A, during his residence in Brinda'vana amongst the cow-  
 herds. 3. Name of the foster mother of KARN'A. 4. Prosperity. 5.  
 Lightning 6. An attitude in shooting, standing with the feet a  
 span apart. 7. Emblic myrobalan 8. A flower, (Oritoria ternata.)  
 ३. राध् to accomplish, aff. चञ्, fem. aff. टाप् ; or राधा the asterism,  
 चञ् aff. of reference.

राधन n. (-नं) 1. Completing, accomplishing, succeeding, effecting. 2.  
 Obtaining, acquisition. 3. Pleasure, satisfaction. 4. The means or  
 instrument of accomplishing any thing. f. (-ना) Speech, speaking.  
 ३. राध् to accomplish, aff. खट् or युच् ।

राधरत्न m. (-रत्नः) 1. A plough. 2. Thin-rain. 3. Hail.

राधाकान्त m. (-कान्तः) A name of KRISHN'A. ३. राधा, and कान्त beloved.

राधातनय m. (-यः) KARN'A. ३. राधा, and तनय son ; see राधासुत ।

राधानाथ m. (-थः) A name of KRISHN'A. ३. राधा, and नाथ lord.

राधापुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) KARN'A. ३. राधा, and पुत्र son ; see राधासुत ।

राधामेदिन् m. (-दी) A name of ARJUN'A. ३. राधा the mistress of KRISHN'A,  
 and मेदिन् dividing ; having prevailed on KRISHN'A to abandon her.

राधावल्लभ m. (-भः) A name of KRISHN'A. ३. राधा, and वल्लभ beloved.

राधावेदिन् m. (-वी) ARJUN'A. ३. राधा the mistress of KRISHN'A, and वेदिन्  
 who hurts or wounds : see राधामेदिन् ।

राधासुत m. (-तः) KARN'A. ३. राधा the name of the wife of the charioteer  
 of DHIRATARA'SHTRA, (by whom the prince, after exposure by his  
 own mother KUNTI, was found and fostered,) and सुत a son.

राधेश्व m. (-श्वः) A name of KARN'A. ३. राधा a proper name, उक्त् aff.

राद्य mfn. (-द्यः-द्या-द्यः) To be said or spoken. ३. द्य् to speak, aff. प्लत् ।

राम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) 1. Black. 2. White. 3. Beautiful, pleasing. m. (-मः)  
 1. A name common to three incarnations of VISHN'U, viz :—firstly,  
 PARAS'URAMA, the son of the Muni JAMADAGNI, born at the com-  
 mencement of the second or TRYTA YUGA, for the purpose of  
 punishing the tyrannical kings of the Kshetriya race. Secondly,  
 RA'MACHANDRA, the son of DAS'ARATHA, king of Oudh, born at  
 the close of the second age, to destroy the demons who infested

the earth, and especially RA'VAN'A the Daitya-sovereign of Ceylon. Thirdly, BALARA'MA, (the elder and half-brother of KRISHN'A,) the son of BA'SUDE'VA by RO'HINI, born at the end of the DWA'PARA or third age. 2. A name of VARUN'A, regent of the waters. 3. A horse. 4. A sort of deer. f. (-न) 1. A woman, a female, a pleasing or beautiful female. 2. Asafoetida. 3. A river. ४. Vermilion. n. (-न) 1. A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) 2. A sort of Costus, (C. speciosus.) E. रन् to sport, aff. चञ् ।

रामकरी f. (-री) One of the RA'gi'nis, or female personifications of the musical modes. E. राम delighting, करी who makes; also रामकली ।

रामकर्पूर m. (-रः) A fragrant sort of grass. E. राम pleasant, and कर्पूर (smelling like,) camphor.

रामकली f. (-ली) A RA'gi'ni. E. राम pleasant, कली sound or note, ली aff.

रामगिरि m. (-रिः) The name of a mountain, variously applied, but especially assigned to a mountain called COMPTON or CHITRAKU'TA in BUNDELKHUND, and to another near NA'GPORE, called now RA'MTEX. E. राम the hero RA'MA, and गिरि a mountain; being one of his halting places in his progress from Oudh to the Peninsula.

रामचन्द्र m. (-न्द्रः) The hero RA'MACHANDRA, the son of DASARATHA. E. राम and चन्द्र the moon, the moon-like RA'MA.

रामजननी m. (-नी) The mother of BALARA'MA. E. राम and जननी mother, hence it is equally applicable to RE'NUKA', the mother of PARAS'URA'MA, and to KAUS'ALYA, the mother of RA'MACHANDRA.

रामत n. (-तः) Asafoetida. E. रम् to please, त Unadi aff., and the radical vowel lengthened. [वृञ् aff.]

रामणीयक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Beautiful, pleasing. E. रमणीय the same, and रामदूत m. (-तः) The monkey HANUMA'NA, the friend and messenger of RA'MA. f. (-तिः-ती) A shrub, apparently a variety of basil with small leaves. "नागदोना." E. राम RA'MA, and दूत a messenger.

रामनवमी f. (-मी) The ninth day in the light-half of Chaitra, the anniversary of the birth of RA'MACHANDRA.

रामपूज m. (-गः) A small species of the areca or betel-nut tree, (Areca triandra, Rox.) E. राम RA'MA, पूज areca. [auspicious.]

रामभद्र m. (-द्रः) The hero RA'MACHANDRA. E. राम the same, and भद्र

रामवीणा f. (-वा) A sort of Vina or lute. E. राम RA'MA and वीणा a lute; it may be also ironically applicable to the horn blown by BALARA'MA, and called still the RA'MASINHA'.

रामशर m. (-रः) A variety of the Saccharum Sara, a sort of grass..

रामसख m. (-खः) The monkey-king SUGRIVA. E. राम RA'MA, and सख friend; RA'MA having restored him to his throne, whence he had been driven by his elder brother BA'LI.

रामसेतु m. (-तुः) A bridge of sand, now a chain of islands, between the Indian Peninsula and Ceylon, popularly known by "Adam's bridge".

रामायण n. (-चं) 1. The first epic poem of the Hindus, written by the poet VA'LMIKI, recording the adventures of RA'MA, the son of DAS'A RATHA, sovereign of Oudh. 2. A name of several poems on the life and adventures of RA'MA. E. राम the prince, and चयन abode.

रामानुज m. (-जः) Name of the founder of a Vēda'ntic sect.

रामिल m. (-लः) 1. KA'MA or CUPID. 2. A lover, a husband. E. राम pleasing, agreeable, रलच् aff. [bamboo, aff. चञ् ।]

राम्य m. (-चः) The bamboo staff of a religious student. E. रम्य a ray

रायण n. (-यः) 1. Pain. 2. Sounding, crying. E. रे to sound, aff. छुट् ।

रायभाटी f. (-टी) The current or flow of a river. [v., शानच् aff.]

राख्यमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Crying aloud and repeatedly. E. रस् to cry, reit.

राल m. (-लः) Resin, the resinous and fragrant exudation of the Shorea robusta. "धुना". E. रा to give or get, aff. चलच्; also चराच् ।

राव m. (-वः) Sound, noise. E. र् to cry or sound, aff. चञ् ।

रावण m. (-चः) The Daitya-sovereign of Lanka' or Ceylon, killed by RA'MACHANDRA. n. (-चं) Noise, tumult. E. र् to cry, (in the causal form,) aff. छट् ; afflicting mankind.

रावचारि m. (-रिः) The hero RA'MA. E. रावच्, चरि the foe. [mic.]

रावणि m. (-णिः) The eldest son of RA'VAN'A. E. रावच्, रन् patr

राज (रज्) राज् r. 1st and 4th cl. (राजते राजते) To sound.

राजि m. (-जिः) 1. A heap, a quantity. 2. A sign of the zodiac. 3. Arithmetical or algebraic quantity. 4. A part and its divisor or numerator and denominator. 5. A congeries of number or quantity. E. चम् to pervade, रच् Unadi aff., and जट् initial augment; रज् to sound, with the same aff.

राजिमत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Heaped, accumulated. 2. Computed, summed either by arithmetic or algebra. E. राजि, and मत gone to.

राजिचक्र n. (-चक्रः) The zodiac. E. राजि, a sign, and चक्र a wheel or circle

राजिदय n. (-यः) The rule of three.

राजिभाग m. (-गः) A fraction. E. राजि, भाग a part.

राजिभोग m. (-गः) Passage of a planet through a sign of the zodiac. राजि, भोग enjoyment. [augmer]

राजोकरण n. (-चं) Heaping, piling, gathering. E. राजि, करण making, 1

राजोक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Heaped, piled, &c. E. राजि, क्त made, वि au.

राजोभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Heaped, piled. E. राजि, and भूत become, वि aug

राज् m. (-जः-ज्) 1. An inhabited country or realm, a region. 2. A public calamity, as plague, famine, &c. E. राज् to shine or govern aff. दृञ् ।

राजनिवासिन् m. (-सी) An inhabitant of any civilized country. E. राज् district, निवासिन् a dweller.

राजिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Belonging to or inhabiting a country. f. (-कः) A prickly sort of night-shade, (Solanum jacquini.) "कण्टकारी." E. रा a country, and उञ् aff.

राज्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Of or belonging to a kingdom, produced or born in it, &c. E. राज् a region, च aff.

राज्येय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Belonging or relating to a region or realm. m. (-यः) A king's brother-in-law, (in theatrical language.) E. राज् : region, छ aff.

राज् (रज्) राज् r. 1st cl. (राजते) To sound, to cry.

राज m. (-जः) 1. Confused noise, uproar, hubbub. 2. Sound in general. 3. Speech, discourse. 4. A chain. 5. A festival amongst the cowherds including songs and dances, especially the circular dance as performed by KRISHN'A and the Go'pis or cowherdresses. 6. A game played by children. E. राज् to sound, चञ् aff.

राजक n. (-कं) A kind of minor drama in one act. [Unadi aff]

राजस m. (-सः) An ass. f. (-नी) The she-ass. E. राज् to sound, चञ्

राजसधूसर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Grey or light-brown, ass-grey. E. राजस धूसर grey. [aff. चिनि]

राजसवन्दिनी f. (-नी) Arabian jasmine. E. राजस an ass, वदि to praise.

राजयज्ञा f. (-ज्ञा) A festival held in honour of KRISHN'A on the full-moon of Ka'tika. E. राज, and यज्ञा festival.

राजेरस m. (-सः) 1. An assembly, a company, a party. 2. A game or festival peculiar to the cowherds : see राज. 3. Love, desire, the passion or sentiment. 4. Alchemy : see राजसिद्धि. 5. The sixth night after delivery, on which the family and friends sit up all night. 6. Sport, mirth, pastime. 7. Any festival or holiday. E. राज noise &c., and रस् flavour, taste.

राजा f. (-जा) 1. A plant, (Mimosa octandra.) 2. Another plant, (the serpent opheoxylon.) 3. A sort of perfume. E. रस् to sound, नच् Unadi aff., and the vowel made long.

राजिन् n. (-जिः) The being without anything, destitution.

राज् m. (-जः) The ascending node; in mythology, the son of VIBRAHITI by SINHIKA', a Daitya, with the tail of a dragon, whose head was severed from his body by VISHN'U, on the information of the sun and the moon who caught him in the act of drinking Amrita which was being served to gods, but being immortal by tasting it, his head and tail retained their separate existence, and being transferr



to the stellar sphere, became the authors of eclipses; the first especially, by endeavouring at various times to swallow the sun and the moon to wreak his vengeance. **र. र्** to abandon, (the planets which it has vainly attempted to devour,) aff. **उच्**, and the vowel made long.

**राहुवस** m. (-वः) Eclipsed, (as the sun or moon.) **र. राहु**, and **वस** seized.  
**राहुवास** m. (-वः) Immersion of a planet in an eclipse. **र. राहु**, and **वास** mouthful. [head, राहु seizure.

**राहुवाह** m. (-वः) An eclipse of the sun or moon. **र. राहु** the dragon's **राहुवेदिन्** m. (-दे) **VISHN'U**. **र. राहु** the Daitya, **वेदिन्** the divider.

**राहुवर्ध** m. (-वर्ध) **VISHN'U**. **र. राहु** the Daitya, **वर्ध** the head, and **विह** who divides, who decapitates.

**राहुवर्ध** m. (-वर्ध) A name of the legislator Budd'ha or Sakyasingha.

**राहुवस्य** m. (-वः) An eclipse. **र. राहु** the dragon's head, and **वस्य** seizure, contact.

**राहुवसत** n. (-तः) The birth of **RA'HU**. i. e. an eclipse.

**राहुवन्** m. (-वः) **VISHN'U**. **र. राहु** the Daitya, **वन्** destroyer.

**राहुविह** m. (-हः) Garlic. **र. राहु** the demon, **विह** vomited.

**राहुवृह** m. (-हः) Garlic. **र. राहु** the Daitya, **वृह** created. "रामोने".

**रि** r. 5th cl. (रिञ्जति) To hurt or injure. **r. 6th cl.** (रियति) To go, to move.

**रि** m. (-रिः) 1. The tone of voice by which the note Rishabha is uttered. 2. Dancing, tumbling. 3. Waste, loss. **f. (-रिः)** 1. Wish, desire. 2. Light, lustre. **र. रा** to give, aff. **क्वि** [&c., aff. **क्**]

**रि** n. (-रिः) 1. The heart, the mind. 2. Law, litigation. **र. रि** to divide, **रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) 1. Empty, void. 2. Poor, indigent. 3. Unloaded, unburthened. 4. Purged. 5. Divided. 6. Abandoned. 7. Joined. **n. (-रिः)** 1. A wood, a forest. 2. A vacuity, a vacuum. **f. (-रिः)** The fourth, ninth, or fourteenth days of the lunar fortnight. **र. रि** to void by stool, aff. **क्**]

**रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) 1. Void, empty. 2. Unladen, unburthened. **र. रि** added to the preceding. [रिक्तत्वं]

**रि** m. (-रिः) Vacuity, void, space. **र. रि**, and **रि** aff. ; also with **रि**, **रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) Having no vessels or efforts. **n. (-रिः)** An empty vessel. **र. रि**, and **रि** vessel.

**रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) Empty-handed. **र. रि**, **रि** hand.

**रि** n. (-रिः) Substance, property, wealth. 2. Property left at death. 3. Gold. **र. रि** to separate, **Una'di** aff. **क्**]

**रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) Taking or inheriting property. **m. (-रिः)** 1. An heir, one who succeeds to the property of the deceased, and gives the funeral oake. 2. A maternal uncle. 3. The seed of the Indian fig. **र. रि** wealth, and **रि** who takes.

**रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) Wealthy, possessing property. **m. (-रिः)** A successor or an heir. **र. रि** wealth, **रि** aff. [changed to **र**]

**रि** f. (-रिः) 1. A nit. 2. A mole in a sun-beam. **र. रि** **रि**, **रि** being **रि** r. 1st cl. (रिञ्जति) To go, to move.

**रि** (रि) **रि** r. 1st cl. (रिञ्जति) 1. To go, to move slowly. 2. To creep. **रि** (रि) **रि** r. 1st cl. (रिञ्जति) 1. To go slowly. 2. To crawl.

**रि** m. (-रिः) 1. Disappointing, deceiving. 2. A horse's hoof. 3. One of a horse's paces. 4. Dancing. 5. Sliding. **र. रि** to go, aff. **क्**]

**रि** n. (-रिः) Slipping, sliding, stumbling, tumbling; or figuratively, deviating from rectitude or virtue. **र. रि** to go, aff. **क्**]

**रि** n. (-रिः) 1. Creeping, (as a child on all fours.) 2. Tumbling, slipping, sliding. 3. Deviating from rectitude, sliding from virtue. **र. रि** to go, aff. **क्**]

**रि** r. 1st and 10th cls. (रिञ्जति-रिञ्जति-ने) 1. To join, to unite. 2. To divide, to scatter or separate. 3. To purge. With **रि**, To cause to dance, to move, to contract. (रि, **रि**) **रि** r. 7th cl. (रिञ्जति-रिञ्जति) To purge, to evacuate faeces frequently. With **रि** prefixed, to exceed, to be more than enough. With **रि**, To purge. With **रि**, To overflow.

**रि** r. 1st cl. (रिञ्जति) To fry.

**रि** f. (-रिः) 1. The crackling or roaring of flame. 2. A musical instrument. 3. Black-salt. **m. (-रिः)** Name of an attendant of **S'iva**. **रि** m. (-रिः) An enemy. **र. रि** to speak, to abuse, aff. **क्**, and **र** substituted for the radical vowel.

**रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) Killing a foe. **f. (-रिः)** A shrub, (**Abrus precatorius**.) **र. रि** an enemy, **रि** destructive.

**रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) Victorious. **m. (-रिः)** Name of a king. **र. रि**, **रि** to conquer, **रि** aff., **रि** augment.

**रि** m. (-रिः) Hostility, enmity. **र. रि** and **रि** aff. ; also with **रि** **रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) Vile, bad, wicked. **र. रि** to hurt, **Una'di** aff. **र**, the vowel made short, and **रि** augment.

**रि** r. 6th cl. (रिञ्जति) 1. To speak, to say or tell. 2. To fight. 3. To blame. 4. To hurt or injure. 5. To give. 6. To praise, to flatter.

**रि** r. 6th cl. (रिञ्जति) To hurt, to injure, to kill; also read **रि** m.

**रि** n. (-रिः) The zodiac. **र. रि** to hurt, **क्** aff.

**रि** f. (-रिः) Wish to sport. **र. रि** to play, desid. v., **क्** and **रि** affs.

**रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) Desirous to sport. **र. रि** to sport, desid. v., **क्** aff.

**रि** f. (-रिः) Pale-brass, prince's metal, &c. **र. रि** to go, **रि** aff., **रि** added. "रिञ्जति".

**रि** (रि) **रि** r. 6th cl. (रिञ्जति) To go, to move.

**रि** r. 6th cl. (रिञ्जति) To hurt, to injure, to kill or attempt to kill.

**रि** m. (-रिः) A deer. **र. रि** to hurt, aff. **क्**; also **रि**]

**रि** r. 1st cl. (रिञ्जति) r. 4th cl. (रिञ्जति) To hurt, to kill, or attempt to kill. **r. 6th cl.** (रिञ्जति) To separate, to depart.

**रि** m. (-रिः) A saint. **र. रि** substituted for **रि**; see **रि**]

**रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) 1. Hurt, injured. 2. Unlucky. 3. Lucky. **n. (-रिः)** 1. Happiness, prosperity. 2. Good luck, fortune. 3. Bad-luck, ill-fortune. 4. Destruction, loss, privation. 5. Mischief, harm. 6. Sin. **m. (-रिः)** 1. A sword. 2. The soap-nut-tree. 3. A demon, destroyed by **VISHN'U**. **र. रि** to hurt or injure, aff. **क्**]

**रि** m. (-रिः) The soap-berry plant, (**Sapindus** of several species.) **र. रि** the same, **क्** added. [hurt, aff. **क्**]

**रि** m. (-रिः) A sword. **f. (-रिः)** Prosperity, good fortune. **र. रि** to

**रि** m. (-रिः) A deer. **र. रि** to hurt, to be hurt, aff. **क्**]

**रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) Mischievous, injurious. **र. रि** to hurt, **Una'di** aff. **क्**, form irr.

**रि** r. 1st cl. (रिञ्जति) To hurt, to injure, to kill.

**रि** r. 9th cl. (रिञ्जति) 1. To hurt, to injure. 2. To go, to move. 3. To howl, as a wild beast. (रि) **रि** r. 4th cl. (रिञ्जति) 1. To distil, to ooze, to drop. 2. To fall, to alight. **r. 2nd cl.** (रिञ्जति) To bear or conceive, (as a child.) [amed, deriv. irr.]

**रि** f. (-रिः) 1. Reproach, censure. 2. Shame, modesty. **र. रि** to be ash-

**रि** f. (-रिः) The Soap-nut tree. "रीठाकरजउच" : see **रि**]

**रि** m. (-रिः) The back-bone. **र. रि** to hurt, aff. **क्**, and the vowel made long, **रि**, **क्** added.

**रि** f. (-रिः) Disrespect, irreverence, disregard. **र. रि** to kill, &c., aff. **क्**, and the vowel made long. [to run out, aff. **क्**]

**रि** mfn. (-रिः-रि-रि) Oozing, dripping, leaking, distilling. **र. रि** to leak,

**रि** f. (-रिः-रिः) 1. Usage, custom, practice, local or traditional observance. 2. Oozing, leaking, distilling. 3. Brass, pale-brass, or prince's metal. 4. Rust of iron. 5. Calx of brass. 6. Scoria of any metal, or the oxide formed on the surface of metals by their exposure to heat and air. 7. Boundary, limit. 8. Going, motion. 9. Natural property or disposition. 10. A stream, a river. 11. Style, diction; they are :—वेदमै, गीर्षी, वाचासी and वाटिका or जायसी। **र. रि** to go, to run out, &c. aff. **क्**]

**रि** f. (-रिः) Clax of brass. **र. रि** brass, and **क्** aff.

**रि** m. (-रिः) Calx of brass. **र. रि** brass, and **क्** a flower.

**रि** r. 1st. cl. (रिञ्जति-ने) 1. To take. 2. To screen.

**रि** (रि) **रि** r. 2nd cl. (रिञ्जति) 1. To sound. 2. To make a particular sort of

sound. (ङ्) वङ् r. 1st. cl. (रवते) 1. To go, to move. 2. To hurt, to injure or kill. 3. To speak. 4. To be angry.

व m. (-वः) 1. War, battle. 2. Noise, sound. f. (-वः) 1. Fear, alarm. 2. Cutting, dividing. E. व to sound, aff. क्तिप् ।

वक m. (-कः) A liberal man.

वक्प्रतिक्रिया f. (-या) The practice of physio, curing, remedying. E. वक् from वच् disease, प्रतिक्रिया resisting. [aff. मक् ।

वक्त्र n. (-क्त्र) 1. Gold. 2. Iron. f. (-क्त्रा) Bright. E. वक् to shine, Unādi वक्त्रकारक m. (-कः) A gold-smith. E. वक्त्र gold, and कारक a worker.

वक्त्रवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Golden. f. (-वती) A species of the Pankti' metre. E. वक्त्र, and वत् aff.

वक्त्रिदं m. (-दं) A name of BALARA'MA. E. वक्त्रिन् a king, and दं pride ; proud of overcoming him.

वक्त्रिदारिन् m. (-री) BALARA'MA. E. वक्त्रिन् a prince, and दारिन् destroyer.

वक्त्रिन् m. (-क्त्री) The name of a prince slain by BALARA'MA. f. (-क्त्रिणी) 1. The goddess LAKSHMI'. 2. A name of the daughter of king BHĪMAKA. She was betrothed to Śi's'upa'la, but she had entertained a passion for KRISHN'A and sent to invite him to carry her off. KRISHN'A made her his own by the Rākshasa ritual. PRADYUMN'A was her son. E. वक्त्र gold, and वक्त्रि poss. aff.

वक्त्रिभिद् m. (-भिद्) BALARA MA. E. वक्त्रि a prince, the elder brother of RUKMINI', and भिद् breaker, conqueror.

वक्त्रिण् n. (-ण) Excrement, faeces. E. वक्त्र disease, सण् abode.

वच् mfn. (-च्-च्चा-च्) 1. Harsh, unkind. 2. Rough, hard. 3. Rough to the taste or feeling harsh. 4. Rugged, uneven. 5. Dry, arid. E. वच् to grow, Unādi aff. क्त ; it is more properly written वच्, as derived from वच् to be rough.

वच् mfn. (-च्-च्चा-च्) 1. Bent, crooked, curved. 2. Broken. 3. Impaired, injured. 4. Diseased, sick, infirm. E. वच् to be disordered, aff. क्त ।

वच्ता f. (-ता) 1. Sickness, disease. 2. Crookedness. E. वच्, and तल् aff. ; also with ल, वचल' ।

वच् r. 1st cl. (रोचते) 1. To shine. 2. To please, to be pleased.

वच् f. (-वच्) 1. Light, lustre, splendour. 2. Beauty, loveliness. 3. Lighting. 4. Wish, desire. 5. The chattering of the parrot or Maina'. 6. The Rig-Ve'da. E. वच् to shine, aff. क्तिप् ; also with टाप् added वचा ।

वचक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Agreeable, pleasing. 2. Sharp, acrid. 3. Tonic, stomachic. m. (-कः) 1. The citron, (Citrus medica.) 2. A pigeon. n. (-कं) 1. Salt. 2. Natron, alkali. 3. Borax. 4. A garland, a chaplet. 5. A curl on a horse's neck. 6. The woody Cassia. 7. Any auspicious or fortunate object. 8. A perfume, commonly Ro'chana'. 9. An anthelmintic medicine, commonly Biranga, (Embelia ribes.) 10. A sort of temple. 11. A stomachic. 12. An ornament of the neck or breast. 13. A tooth. E. वच् to shine, &c., in the causal form, कृन् aff. ; the embellisher, the polisher, &c.

वचि f. (-चि-ची) 1. Light, lustre. 2. Beauty, appearance, colour. 3. Passion. 4. Wish, desire. 5. A ray of light. 6. Intent application to any object or undertaking. 7. Hunger, appetite. 8. Taste, sentiment. E. वच् to shine, क्ति or कृप् aff.

वचिकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Beautifying. 2. Sharpening, as the appetite, &c. E. वचि, कर what makes.

वचित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Sweet. 2. Sharpened, (as the appetite.) 3. Digested. 4. Bright, brightened, f. (-ता) 5. A species of the Atijagati' metre. E. वच् to please, Unādi aff. क्तिच् ।

वचिर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Beautiful, charming, pleasing. 2. Sweet, dainty. 3. Stomachic, restorative. 4. Bright. n. (-रं) 1. Saffron. 2. Cloves. f. (-रा) A kind of yellow pigment. E. वच् to please, Unādi aff. क्तिच् ।

वचिरसुद् mfn. (-द्) Affording great pleasure. E. वचिर, सुद् what delights.

वचिरानन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Handsome, beautiful. E. वचिर, and आनन face.

वचिरापादा f. (-दा) A beautiful and charming woman. E. वचिर, and अपादा corner of the eye.

वचिच mfn. (-च्-च्चा-च्) 1. Sweet. 2. Stomachic. E. वच् to be agreeable. Unādi aff. क्तिच् ।

वच् mfn. (-च्-च्चा-च्) 1. Beautiful, pleasing. 2. Stomachic, tonic. n. (-च्) A husband, a lover. n. (-च्) A digestive, a tonic. E. वच् to please, aff. कृप् ।

वच् (ची, ची) चीवजो r. 6th cl. (वजति) 1. To afflict, to disorder, to afflict with pain or disease. 2. To bend or break. r. 10th cl. (रोचयति) To hurt, to injure.

वच् f. (-वच्) 1. Sickness, disease. 2. Fracture. 3. Effort. E. वच् to be or make sick, aff. क्तिप् ; also with टाप् added वजा ।

वजत् mfn. (-जन्-जनी-जन्) 1. Breaking. 2. Giving pain, making ill or sick. 3. Being sick. E. वच् to afflict, वट aff.

वजा f. (-जा) 1. Sickness, disease. 2. Overthrow, destruction. 3. Toil, fatigue. 4. An ewe. E. वच् to be or make sick, affs. क्त and टाप् ।

वजाकर mfn. (-रः-रा or री-र) Sickening, making sick or ill. m. (-रः) One of the Bha'vas or sentiments, the sickness induced by passion or love. n. (-र) An acid fruit, (the fruit of the Averrhoa carambola.) "कामराङ्ग". E. वजा sickness, कर what makes.

वजाप्रतिक्रिया f. (-या) Practice of medicine.

वजासण् n. (-ण) Excrement, feces.

वट् r. 1st cl. (रोटते) 1. To resist or oppose. 2. To strive again. 3. To tumble or roll for passion. r. 10th cl. (रोटयति ते) 1. To be angry. 2. To shine. (र) वटि r. 1st cl. (वटति) To steal, to rob.

वट् r. 1st cl. (रोटति) To strike, to fell, to knock down, to overturn. (रोटते) To resist, to oppose. (र) वटि r. 1st cl. (वटति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To steal. 3. To be idle. 4. To be lame.

वट्सरा f. (-रा) A cow easily milked.

वट् m. (-वट्) 1. A headless body, retaining life and mixing in combat, "कवच". 2. A trunk. E. वटि for वटि or वटि to take or steal, aff. कृप् ।

वटिका f. (-का) 1. The threshold of a door. 2. A field of battle. 3. A female messenger or go-between. 4. Superhuman power. E. वट् as above, कृन् aff., fem. form.

वत् n. (-तं) 1. The cry of birds, &c. 2. The humming of bees. 3. Any cry or noise. E. व to sound, to make a particular sound, aff. क्त ।

वत्त m. (-त्त) An angur.

[ व्याज disguise.

वत्तव्य m. (-जः) 1. Mimicry. 2. Simulated cry or sound. E. वत् and वत्तव्य mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Rendered vocal by the cry of birds, &c. E. वत् cry, used as a verb, क्त aff.

वद् (वर) वदिर r. 2nd cl. (रोदति) 1. To weep. 2. To call or address weeping. With उप and आङ्, To weep for another, to sympathize.

वद् f. (-वत्) 1. Grief. 2. Pain, affliction. 3. Disease. 4. Sound, noise. 5. Cry, wail, lamentation. E. वद् to weep, aff. क्तिप् ।

वदन् mfn. (-न्-दन्-दन्) Weeping, wailing. E. वद् to weep, वट aff.

वदय m. (-यः) 1. A dog. 2. A pupil, a scholar. E. वद् to weep, वयन् Unādi aff.

वदन n. (-नं) Weeping crying, lamentation.

वदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Crying, weeping, wept, (by whom.) n. (-तं) Weeping. E. वद् to weep, aff. क्त ।

वद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Surrounded, begirt, as with a fence or river, &c. 2. Secured, protected from access. 3. Obstructed, stopped, shut up. 4. Opposed, impeded. 5. Besieged, invested, olockaded. f. (-दा) A siege. E. वच् to close, &c. aff. क्त । [v., वदन् aff.

वदमान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Being weeping or wailing. E. वद् to weep, पास.

वद m. (-दः) 1. A name or form of ŚIVA. 2. A demi-god, an inferior manifestation of ŚIVA, or according to one legend, a being, born from the forehead of BRAHMA' : the RUDRAS are eleven in number, and are severally named, AJAIKAPADA, AHIVADHNA, VIRU'PA'SHA, SURE'S'HWARA, JAYANTA, BAHURU'PA, THTAMBARA, APARA'-JITA, BAIBASWATA, SAVITRA and HARA. f. (-दा) A sort of lute or guitar. f. (-दाणी) A name of PĀRVATI, wife of RUDRA. E. वद् to

weep, रक् Un'di aff., and the vowel unchanged ; the name is given to S'IVA, because according to his own declaration, he disperses the tears of mortals : to the demi-gods, because they wept at their birth, or because they made the enemies of the gods weep.

रुद्र n. (-ञ्) Quicksilver. E. रुद्र S'IVA, and ज born, being supposed to be the semen of the deity. [S'IVA, पत्नी wife.

रुद्रबी f. (-बी) 1. Linseed, (Linum.) 2. The goddess DURGA'. E. रुद्र

रुद्रप्रिया f. (-या) 1. Emblio myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) 2. The goddess PA'RVATI. E. रुद्र S'IVA, &c., and प्रिया the beloved.

रुद्रहवि m. (-विः) Oblations of meat, &c., presented to the RUDRAS. E. रुद्र a RUDRA, and हवि sacrifice.

रुद्रभू f. (-भूः) A cemetery. E. रुद्र S'IVA, and भू site or haunt.

रुद्रम् f. (-म्) The mother of eleven children. E. रुद्र a RUDRA, of whom there are eleven, and म् mother.

रुद्राक्षी m. (-क्षीः) A cemetery, a place where dead bodies are burnt or buried. E. रुद्र S'IVA, and आक्षी place of sport ; being supposed to dance and sport in such places at evening twilight.

रुद्राक्ष m. (-क्षः) A tree, (Eleocarpus ganitrus, Rox.) n. (-क्ष) The berry of the Eleocarpus, of which rosaries are usually made. E. रुद्र S'IVA, and अक्ष from अक्षि the eye.

रुद्राक्षी f. (-क्षीः) The goddess DURGA', as the wife of RUDRA' or S'IVA. E. रुद्र S'IVA, अक्षी aff., आनुक् augment.

रुद्राक्षि m. (-क्षिः) KA'MA, the deity of love. E. रुद्र S'IVA, and अक्षि enemy.

रुद्राक्ष m. (-क्षः) 1. Benares. 2. Mount Kailā'sa. 3. Cemetery.

रुद्र r. 4th cl. (With अनु prefixed.) (अनुहृच्छते) 1. To desire, to wish for, to love. 2. To be kind to. 3. To consent, to concur. 4. To lament, or be sorry for. With अव, To implant, to infix. With उप, 1. To confine. 2. To block up. 3. To molest. With नि, To stop. With वि, To quarrel with, to oppose. With सम, 1. To obstruct, to check. 2. To fetter. (जि, चा, हर) जिघाक्षिर्वि r. 7th cl. (हृषति हृषे) 1. To impede, to oppose, to obstruct, to block or confine. 2. To invest, to blockade, to besiege. 3. To cover. 4. To harass. With अभि and सम् prefixed, To prevent. With अव, To guard. With उप, To blockade. With प्रति or वि, To oppose. With सम् and नि, To shut up, to surround or blockade. [obstruct, किरक् Un'di aff.

रुधिर m. (-रि) 1. Blood. 2. Saffron. m. (-रः) The planet MARS. E. रुध् to रुधिरपायिन् m. (-यी) A Ka'kshasa, a demon. E. रुधिर, पायिन् who drinks.

रुध् lnd. Having stopped, checked, &c. E. रुध् to hinder, रुध् aff.

रुध् mfn. (-सन्-सन्ती-सन्) 1. Hindering, opposing, stopping. 2. Resisting, refusing. E. रुध् to hinder, रुध् aff.

रुध् r. 4th cl. (हृषति) To confound, to perplex, to confuse. रुध् f. (-रिः) Fug. vapour.

रुमा f. (-मा) 1. The wife of the monkey-chief SUGRI'VA. 2. The district or more properly the salt mines of Sambhar, a town in Ajmere, twenty miles west of Jayanagar. E. रु to weep, मक् Un'di aff., with टाप् fem. aff., deriv. irr.

रुम m. (-रुः) ARUN'A, or the dawn. E. रुम् to sport, Un'di aff. रक्, and रु substituted for the initial. [weep, क् aff.

रुम m. (-रुः) 1. A sort of deer. 2. A Daitya flayed by S'IVA. E. रु to रुम mfn. (-रुः-रुः-रुः) 1. Wishing to oppose or obstruct. 2. Wishing to bind or tie up, (as the hair.) E. रुध् to oppose, desid. v., उ aff.

रुमदिषु mfn. (-रुः-रुः-रुः) Wishing or purposing to wail or weep, ready to cry. E. रुध् to weep, desid. v., उ aff.

रुमन् mfn. (-रुन् वन्-रुन्) Orying, calling, howling. E. रु to cry, रुध् aff.

रुमन् m. (-रुः) 1. Sound, noise. 2. A cock.

रुम m. (-रुः) The castor-oil tree, (Ricinus communis.) E. रु, रुक् aff.; or रु to weep, रु aff., and the final vowel changed to उव; also with रुक् added रुक् and with the first or second vowel made long, रुक् and रुक्; also as differently derived, रुक् [shine.

रुग् r. 6th cl. (हृषति) To hurt or kill. (रु) रुग् r. 10th cl. (हृषति) To

हृषत् mfn. (-हृत् यती or यन्ती-हृत्) 1. Maledictory, imprecative. 2. Cursing imprecating. E. हृष् to seek, to injure, aff. रुग्.

रुग् r. 1st cl. (हृषति) r. 4th cl. (हृषति-हृ) 1. To hurt, to injure, to kill or attempt to kill. 2. To vex. (रुग्) रुग् r. 4th and 10th ols. (हृषति-हृ) रुग् र. 4th and 10th ols. (हृषति-हृ) To be angry to be passionate or wrathful.

रुग् f. (-हृ) Anger, wrath, passion. E. रुग् to be angry, aff. रुग्; also with टाप् added, रुग् f. (-हृ)। [रुग् augment.

रुग् mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Enraged, angry. E. रुग् to be angry, aff. रुग् with रुग् mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Angry, enraged. E. रुग् to be angry, aff. रुग्।

रुग् f. (-हृ) Wrath, rage, anger. E. रुग् to be angry, रुग् aff.

रुग् (जि. चा) जिघाक्षि र. 1st cl. (हृषति) 1. To grow from seed, to grow, as tree, &c. 2. To be produced or become manifest. 3. To be born. With अवि prefixed To go up or over, to ascend. With अवि, and आङ्, To ascend. With अव, To descend. With आङ्, 1. To mount, to ride on. 2. To rise, to ascend. With प्र, To grow, to shoot forth as a branch or shoot taking fresh root. The senses of this root with or without a preposition are variously modified according to the noun, with which it is joined ; but all of them express the notion of "motion upwards" either literal or metaphorical. Caus. (हृषति-हृ, हृषति-हृ) 1. To elevate. 2. To plant, to put in. 3. To entrust. With चा, 1. To ascribe. 2. To enter. With वि, To heal, (as a wound.) [E. रुग् to grow, aff. रुग्।

रुग् mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Growing, springing up. 2. Mounted, ascended.

रुग् n. (-हृ) A hole, a vacancy, a cave, a chasm. E. रुग् to go or mount, (insects, &c.) रुग् aff. [and टाप्.

रुग् f. (-हृ) Bent grass, (Panicum dictylon.) E. रुग् to grow, aff. रुग् रुग् m. (-हृ) A tree. E. रुग् to grow, Un'di aff. रुग्।

रुग् r. 10th cl. (हृषति-हृ) To be harsh.

रुग् mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Harsh, rough, not smooth or soft. 2. Rough to the taste, astringent, austere, not bland or sapid. 3. Rugged, uneven. 4. Harsh, unkind, unfriendly. 5. Dry. m. (-हृ) A tree in general. E. रुग् to be harsh or rough, aff. रुग्। [fut.

रुग् n. (-हृ) 1. The act of making dry or thin. 2. Treatment for reducing रुग्ता f. (-ता) 1. Roughness. 2. Harshness. E. रुग् and रुग् aff.; also with ल, रुग्।

रुग् mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) 1. Born, produced. 2. Famous, notorious. 3. Certain, ascertained. 4. Budded, blown. 5. Much, exceeding. 6. Increased, grown. 7. Traditional, conventional or known, applied especially to words of foreign or unknown origin, but of which the employment and application are familiar. E. रुग् to be born, &c., रुग् aff.

रुग् f. (-हृ) 1. Birth, production. 2. Growing, growth. 3. Fame, notoriety. 4. Traditional or customary meaning of words, as opposed to their etymological signification ; it is especially applied to words of foreign or uncertain origin, and incapable of etymological analysis. E. रुग् to grow, &c., aff. रुग्। [and रुग् noun.

रुग् m. (-हृ) A word used in a peculiar but familiar sense. E. रुग्, रुग् r. 10th cl. (हृषति-हृ) 1. To form, to express form, to represent shape,

either to the eye or the understanding. 2. To represent in gesture, to act, to feign. With नि prefixed, 1. To discuss, to investigate. 2. To explain, to describe, to declare, to expound. 3. To represent. 4. To look out. 5. To consider. 6. To appoint.

रुग् mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Like, resembling, (in composition, as विहृषः रुग्; a son like his father.) n. (रु) 1. Natural property or disposition, nature. 2. Beauty. 3. Form, figure. 4. Appearance, semblance. 5. Cattle in general, flocks and herds, &c. 6. A verse. 7. Declension, conjugation, the inflection of nouns or verbs. 8. A play, a dramatic poem. 9. Acquiring familiarity with any book or authority by frequent perusal, learning by heart or rote. 10. An image, a figure, a reflection or resemblance of any real object. 11. Colour, form, any object of vision. 12. (In arithmetic,) Discrete or distinct

quantity, an entire number. 13. Known quantity, whence the first syllable Ru' is used in algebra to express the same. **र** **रप्** to express form, aff. **क**; or **र** to sound, Una'di aff. **प**, and the radical vowel made long.

**रूपक** n. (-क) 1. A drama, a dramatic poem. 2. Shape, form, figure. 3. A figure of rhetoric in general. 4. A particular class of rhetorical or poetical figures, including various modes of poetical description, or the illustration and exhibition of visible things and persons. 5. Identification of the objects of a comparison; their being not only like, but the very same. 6. Symptom of disease. m. (-कः) A coin. f. (-पिका) Swallow wcr. **र** **रप्** form, figure, aff. **कन्** ।

**रूपय** n. (-य) 1. Metaphorical description. 2. Investigation, proof.

**रूपतत्त्व** n. (-त्त्व) Natural or inherent disposition or property, nature, **र** **रप्** form, and **तत्त्व** truth, essence.

**रूपधत्** mfn. (-धत्) Having the form, resembling, like. **र** **रप्**, and **ध** to have, **क्लिप्** aff., and **तृच्** added.

**रूपनाशन** m. (-नः) An owl. **र** **रप्** form, **नाशन** destroying. [तृच् added.]

**रूपभत्** mfn. (-भत्) Having form or beauty. **र** **रप्**, **भ** to possess, aff. **क्लिप्**,

**रूपयत्** mfn. (-यत्-यन्-यत्) Describing, representing. **र** **रप्** to form, **यत्** aff.

**रूपलावण्य** n. (-व्य) Elegance, loveliness. **र** **रप्**, and **लावण्य** beauty.

**रूपवत्** mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Having shape or colour, &c. 2. Well-shaped, beautiful, handsome. **र** **रप्** form, &c., and **वत्** poss. aff.

**रूपविपर्यय** m. (-यः) Morbid change of bodily form.

**रूपसम्पद्** f. (-त्-र-द्) Beauty. **र** **रप्**, and **सम्पद्** fortune. [lives by.]

**रुपाजीवा** f. (-वा) A whore, a harlot. **र** **रप्** beauty, **जाजीव** who

**रुपाधिबोध** m. (-धः) The perception, evidence, or influence of the senses, i. e. of colour, flavour, odour, contact and sound. **र** **रप्** and **अधिबोध** perception.

**रुपास्त्र** m. (-स्त्रः) KA'MADH'YA. **र** **रप्** beauty, and **स्त्र** a weapon.

**रुपन्** mfn. (-पी-पिनी-प) 1. Beautiful, having a handsome form or shape. 2. Having form or shape, **र** **रप्**, and **प** aff.

**रुप्य** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Handsome, beautiful. n. (-यः) 1. Silver. 2. Wrought silver 3. Wrought gold. **र** **रप्** form, colour, &c., and **यत्** aff.

**रुप्यायुज्य** m. (-यः) The master of the mint, the superintendent of the silver, or silver coinage. **र** **रप्** silver, **अयुज्य** superintendent.

**रुक्म** m. (-कः) The castor-oil tree, (Ricinus communis : ) see **रुक्**; also **रुक्क**, and **रुक्क**, &c.

**रुक्** r. 1st cl. (रुक्ति) 1. To decorate, to adorn. 2. To smear, to cover with dust. r. 10th cl. (रुक्वति-ते) 1. To tremble. 2. To burst.

**रुक्ज** m. (-जः) A plant, (Justicia ganderussa.) **र** **रप्** to adorn, aff. **कन्** ।

**रुक्वित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Pounded, reduced to dust or powder. 2. Covered, spread over, coated, inlaid. 3. Adorned, decorated. 4. Made rough or rugged. **र** **रप्** to adorn, aff. **क्व** ।

**रु** A vocative particle, but expressive of contempt or disrespect.

**रिक्** (क्व) **रिक्** r. 1st cl. (रिक्ते) 1. To suspect or think probable. 2. To excite or entertain doubt: in the last case with **चाक्** usually prefixed.

**रिक्** mfn. (-कः-का) 1. Doubt, uncertainty. 2. Fear, apprehension. m. (-कः) 1. Looseness, purging. 2. An outcaste, a low man. 3. A frog. **र** **रिक्** to suspect, to fear, aff. **चक्**; or **रिक्** to purge, aff. **चक्** ।

**रिक्चस्** n. (-चः) Gold. **र** **रिक्** to divide, Una'di aff. **चसुन्**, तुट् augment, and **च** changed to **क्** ।

**रेखा** f. (-खा) 1. A line, a continuous line. 2. Deceit, fraud. 3. A little. 4. Fulness, satisfaction. 5. A small portion, a jot. 6. Drawing, delineating. 7. The prime meridian drawn from Ceylon to Me'ru through Ujjayini. **र** See रेखा, the initial being changed to **र** ।

**रेखाग्र** m. (-ग्रः) A degree of longitude.

**रेखावित** n. (-तः) Geometry.

**रेखावर** n. (-रः) Distance east or west from the first meridian.

**रिक्च** mfn. (-कः-चिका-क्) 1. Purgative, aperient. 2. Emptying the lungs,

emitting the breath. m. (-कः) 1. A cathartic, a purgative. 2. N salt-petre. 3. The purging-nut plant, (Croton tiglium.) 4. Exh. tion through one of the nostrils, (opposed to **पूरक**.) 5. A syringe (-च) A purge. **र** **रिक्** to evacuate by stool, causal form, **इन्** aff. **रिक्च** nfn. (-न-न) 1. Purging, looseness. 2. Emitting breath. 3. Evac. tion. f. (-ना-नी) A drug, commonly S'un'da'ro'chani'. f. (-नी) 1 plant, Te'o'ri', (Convolvulus turpethum,) the white sort. 2. Anot. plant, commonly Danti', (Croton polyandrum.) **र** **रिक्** to pur, aff. **चुट्** or **युच्** ।

**रेचित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Left void or empty, freed from, cleared. Purged. n. (-तः) A horse's gallop. **र** **रिक्** to purge, **क्व** aff. [admitt.]

**रेज्** (क्व) **रेज्** r. 1st cl. (रेजते) To shine: this root is not univers.

**रेज्** m. (रेट्) AGNI or fire. **र** **रेज्** to shine, aff. **क्लिप्** ।

**रेट्** (क्व) **रेट्** r. 1st cl. (रेटति-ते) 1. To speak. 2. To ask or beg.

**रेष** mfn. (-षः-षः) 1. Dust. 2. The pollen of flowers. m. (-षः) A me. cinal plant, commonly Khet-Pa'pra'. **र** **रि** to hurt, Una'di aff. **रु**

**रेषका** f. (-का) A sort of perfume and medicine, of a bitter and slight pungent taste and greyish colour; it is procured in grains about the size of those of pepper. 2. The wife of the saint JAMADAG.

and mother of PARAS'URA'MA; once she saw the Gand'harba-kin CHITRARATHA sporting with his queen and felt envious of the felicity. Defiled by unworthy thoughts she returned disquieted

her home. JAMADAGNI seeing her fallen from sanctity, was enraged and ordered his sons to cut off her head; and one of them PA'.

su'RA'MA with explicit obedience to his father's command beheaded her; but her husband was so much pleased with the dutifulness

of his son that he restored her to life at the request of his so PARAS'URA'MA. 3. A sort of pulse, (Ervum or Cicer lens.) **र** **र**

sand, dust, and **क्व** added. [तृच् added.]

**रेषकासुत** m. (-तः) PARAS'URA'MA. **र** **रेषका** the mother of the hero, an

**रेषकवित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Dusty, covered over with dust. m. (-तः) A ass. **र** **रेष** dust, and **कवित** made rough.

**रेषवास** m. (-सः) A bee. **र** **रेष** dust, (the pollen of flower,) and **वास** abode.

**रेषसार** m. (-रः) Camphor. **र** **रेष** dust, and **सार** essence; also with **क्व** added **रेषसारक** ।

**रेतजा** f. (-जा) Sand.

**रेतन** n. (-नः) Semen virile. [aff. **चसुन्**, तुट् aug.]

**रेतस्** n. (-तः) 1. The seminal fluid. 2. Quicksilver. **र** **रौ** to ooze, Una'd

**रेख** n. (-त्तः) Calx of brass. **र** **रौ** to go, **यत्** aff., and **तृट्** augment.

**रेन** n. (-नः) 1. Semen virile. 2. Quicksilver. 3. Nectar or ambrosia. 4. Perfumed or aromatic powder, pulvilio. **र** **रौ** to flow, **इन्** aff. **तृट्** aug.

**रेप** (क्व) **रेप** r. 1st cl. (रेपते) 1 To go, to move. 2. To sound.

**रेप** mfn. (-पः-पा-प) 1. Low, vile, inferior, contemptible. 2. Cruel, sav. age. **र** **रि** to injure, **प** aff; or **रेप**, **चक्** aff.

**रेपस्** mfn. (-पाः-पा-पः) 1. Low, vile, contemptible. 2. Cruel, savage. 3. Miserly, niggardly, a miser. 4. Wicked, abandoned. **र** **रप** to speak

to revile, Una'di aff. **चसुन्**, and **प** substituted for the radical vowel

**रेफ** mfn. (-फः-फा-फ) 1. Low, vile, contemptible, wicked. 2. Defamed reviled. m. (-फः) 1 The letter 'R'. 2. Passion, affection of the mind

3. A grating sound. **र** **र** the letter R, with inherent short vowel

and **इक्** aff.; or **रिक्** to defame, to reproach, aff. **चक्** or **यक्** ।

**रेफस्** mfn. (-फाः-फा-फः) 1. Low, vile, contemptible. 2. Wicked, aban. doned. 3. Miserly, a niggard. 4. Cruel, savage. **र** **रिक्** to reproach

aff. **चसुन्**; also **रेफ**, **रेपस्**, and **रेप** ।

**रेप्** (क्व) **रेप्** r. 1st cl. (रेपते) To go, to move: see **रेप** ।

**रेप** (क्व) **रेप** r. 1st cl. (रेपते) To sound.

**रेभक्** n. (-क्व) The lowing of kine. **र** **रेप्** to sound, aff. **चुट्** । [A chief

**रेरिवाक्** m. (-वः) 1. A name of S'IVA. 2. An Asu'ra; an evil spirit. 3

**रेप्** (क्व) **रेप्** r. 1st cl. (रेपते) 1. To go by leaps or jumps, to leap, &

jump. 2. To go, to move. 3. To flow as a river,

रोगात्मक mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Curative, medicinal. m. (-कः) A physician. **रोग**, and **वध** destroyer.  
 रोगान्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-नं) Sick, diseased. **रोग**, **वधित** having.  
 रोगार्त्त mfn. (-त्तः-त्तां-त्तं) Suffering pain or sickness. **रोग**, **वार्त्त** pained.  
 रोगिता f. (-ता) Sickness, disease. **रोगित्**, **रुग्** aff.; also with **त्त**, **रोगित्**.  
 रोगिन् mfn. (-गो-गिणी-गि) Diseased, ill, sick, affected with sickness or disease. **रोग** disease, and **इति** aff.; or **रुग्-विनु** aff. [friend].  
 रोगिवध m. (-ध) A drug, a medicament. **रोगि** a sick man, **वध** the  
 रोगोपशम m. (-शमः) Cure or alleviation of disease. **रोग**, **उपशम** allaying.  
 रोग्य mfn. (-ग्यः-ग्या-ग्य) 1. Counter indicated, regimen, &c., what is  
 improper to be taken in any disease or with the medicines  
 administered. 2. Related to or connected with disease. **रोग**  
 sickness, and **यत्** aff.  
 रोचक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) What pleases, brightens, strengthens, &c. m.  
 (-कः) 1. Hunger, appetite. 2. The plantain. 3. A sort of onion.  
 4. A stomachic, a carminative, any medicine, fruit or fossil, sup-  
 posed to strengthen the tone of the stomach and restore lost  
 appetite. 5. A relish. 6. A worker in glass or artificial ornaments.  
**रुक्** to shine, &c., and **यत्** aff.  
 रोचन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं or नो-न) 1. Splendid, beautiful. 2. Irradiating,  
 illumining, beautifying. 3. Gratifying, pleasing. 4. Whetting,  
 sharpening, (the appetite.) m. (-नः) 1. A species of the silk-cotton  
 tree. 2. The onion. 3. A tree, (Androsia Rohitaka) 4. The Cassia  
 fistula. 5. The pomegranate. 6. The citron. 7. A stomachic,  
 a carminative. f. (-नी) 1. A yellow pigment, commonly Gurochana'  
 and supposed to be the concrete bile of the cow; or according to  
 some authorities, to be found in the head of the animal, used as a  
 medicine, a dye and perfume. 2. The manna of bamboos. 3. An  
 excellent woman. 4. A red lotus. f. (ना-न) 1. A plant, commonly  
 Gu'nda'ro'chani', a sort of Crinum. f. (-नी) 1. A variety of Te'o'ri',  
 (Convolvulus turpethum) 2. Red arsenic. fn. (-ना-न) The bright  
 sky, the firmament. **रुक्** to shine, **लुट्** or **युच्** aff.  
 रोचनिका f. (-का) 1. A plant, commonly Gu'nda'ro'chani'. 2. The manna  
 of a bamboo. **रुक्** added to **रोचनी** the same.  
 रोचमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Splendid, shining. 2. Pleasing, gratifying.  
 m. (-नः) A tuft or curl of hair round the neck of a horse or on the  
 lower part of it. **रुक्** to shine, aff. **शानच्**.  
 रोचिष् mfn. (-चः-ञः-ञ) 1. Elegantly dressed or ornamented. 2. Splen-  
 did, brilliant. 3. Giving an appetite. **रुक्** to shine, **इशानच्** aff.  
 रोचिस् n. (-चिः) Light, splendour, flame. **रुक्** to shine, **इशुन्** aff.  
 रोचि f. (-ची) A potherb, (Hingsha repens.) "द्विचैमाक."  
 रोच्य mfn. (-च्यः-च्या-च्य) To be illuminated, &c. **रुक्** to shine, aff. **ञ**.  
 रोड् (रु) रीड् r. 1st cl. (राडित्) 1. To be mad. 2. To disrespect.  
 रोदन n. (-नं) 1. Weeping, crying. 2. A tear, tears. f. (-ना) A plant,  
 (Medysarum alhagi.) **रुद** to weep, aff. **लुट्**.  
 रोदस् n. (-दः) 1. Heaven. 2. Earth. Dual. (-नो) Heaven and earth. **रुद**  
 to weep, aff. **चमुन्**.  
 रोदनी f. (-नो) 1. Heaven, paradise. 2. Earth. f. Dual. (-नो) Heaven and  
 earth. **रुद** added to the preceding. [tract, aff. **चमुन्**.]  
 रोध m. (-धः) 1. A bank, a shore. 2. Confining, siege, &c. **रुध्** to ob-  
 रोधन mfn. (-नः-नो-नं) Impeding, that which impedes or obstructs, an  
 obstacle, a hinderer or hindrance. m. (-नः) The planet Mercury.  
 n. (-नं) 1. Impeding, obstructing. 2. Besieging, blockading. **रुध्**  
 to obstruct, aff. **लुट्**. [fem. form.  
 रोधका f. (-का) A river **रुध** a bank, and **वक्** the course of a stream,  
 रोधवक् m. (-वक्) A rapid river.  
 रोधन् n. (-धः) A bank, a shore, a dam. **रुध्** to obstruct, and **चमुन्** aff.  
 रोधीवक् f. (-का) A river. **रुध** a bank, and **वक्** winding course.  
 रोध्न m. (-धः) A tree, commonly Lo'd'h. n. (-धः) 1. Offence, transgres-  
 sion. 2. Sin. **रुध्** to obstruct, and **रन्** aff.

रोधपुष्प m. (-पुः) A tree, (*Bassia latifolia*). "नवकवसे ।"  
 रोध m. (-प) 1. An arrow. 2. Confusing, disturbing, (the ideas.) 3. The act of raising or planting. n. (-प) A hole, a vacancy, a chasma. E. र्ध् to disturb, aff. घञ् ।  
 रोधक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what plants, 'raises, &c. m. (-कः) A weight of metal or a coin, the seventieth part of a Suvarn'a. n. (-क) A healing application. E. र्ध् to rise, causal v., लृट् aff.  
 रोधण n. (-ण) 1. Placing in or upon. 2. Planting. 3. Raising. 4. A disturbing or bewildering of the mind, a confusing or confusion of ideas. 5. Cicatrizing, healing. 6. A healing application to sores or wounds. 7. A kind of collyrium. m. (-णः) Quicksilver. E. र्ध् to ascend, causal v., or र्ध् to bewilder, aff. लृट् ।  
 रोधित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1 Placed in or upon. 2. Planted. 3. Raised, elevated. 4. Bewildered, perplexed. E. र्ध् to rise, causal v., or र्ध् to bewilder, क् aff.  
 रोम n. (-म) Water. m. (-मः) A hole.  
 रोमक m. (-कः) 1. The city of Rome. 2. A Roman. n. (-कं) Loadstone.  
 रोमकण्ठक m. (-कः) A hare. E. रोम hair, and कण्ठ the ear, कन् added.  
 रोमकमिश्रण m. (-कः) One of the five chief systems of Astronomy, the one of which was probably received from the Romans.  
 रोमकूप m. (-पुः) A pore of the skin. E. रोम hair, and कूप a well, a pit.  
 रोमकेशर n. (-रः) A Chowri. E. रोम hair of an animal, (especially of the Yak,) and केशर a filament.  
 रोमगच्छ n. (-चः) A Chowri, a sort of whisk. E. रोम hair, (see the last word,) गच्छ a cluster; also with कन् added, रोमगच्छक । [irr.]  
 रोमन् n. (-म) The hair of the body. E. र्ध् to make, Unádi aff. मनिन्, form  
 रोमय n. (-यः) 1. Ruminating, chewing the cud, or also eating, without chewing what has been once swallowed and again brought into the mouth. 2. Frequent repetition. E. रोम disease, and मय् to destroy or remove, aff. चच्, deriv. irr.; this habit in animals being indispensable to digestion and health.  
 रोमपलक m. (-कः) Bristling of the hair. [E. रोम, बद्ध bound].  
 रोमबद्ध mfn. (-डः-डा-ड) Mule of or fastened with the hair of animals,  
 रोमभूमि f. (-भिः) The skin. E. रोम the hair, and भूमि soil, site.  
 रोमरम्भ n. (-म्भः) A pore of the skin. [लला a creeper.  
 रोमलता f. (-ता) A line of hair extending to the navel. E. रोम hair,  
 रोमवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Hairy, woolly. E. रोम hair of the body, मन्प् aff.  
 रोमविकार m. (-रः) Horripilation. E. रोम the hair, विकार change of state.  
 रोमविक्रिया f. (-या) Horripilation. E. रोम the hair, and विक्रिया change.  
 रोमविषय m. (-यः) A body louse. E. रोम, and विषय loss.  
 रोमश mfn. (-शः-शा-शं) Hairy, woolly. m. (-शः) 1. A ram, a sheep. 2. A hog, a boar. E. रोमन् hair, and श aff. [pleasure.  
 रोमहर्ष m. (-र्षः) Horripilation. E. रोम the hair of the body, and हर्ष  
 रोमहर्षण n. (-ण) Horripilation, erection or rigidity of the hair of the body, conceived to be occasioned by and to express exquisite delight. m. (-णः) 1. Su'ta, the pupil of Vya'sa, and supposed narrator of the events recorded in the Pura'nas. 2. Beleric myrobalan. E. रोम the hair, and हर्षण delighting.  
 रोमाच m. (-चः) Horripilation, rigidity and erection of the hair of the body. E. रोम the hair, चच् to worship, aff. घञ् ।  
 रोमाचिव mfn. (-वः-ता-तं) Having the hair of the body erect, considered as a proof of exquisite pleasure; enraptured, delighted. E. रोमाच horripilation, इतच् aff. [चाखी a line  
 रोमाली f. (-ली) A line of hair, extending across the navel. E. रोमन् hair,  
 रोमावलि f. (-लिः-ली) A line of hair across the middle of the belly or navel. E. रोम and आवली a line. [m. (-वः) ]  
 रोमोद्गम m. (-मः) Horripilation. E. रोम hair, उद्गम rising; also रोमोद्गम  
 रोमोद्गम m. (-दः) Horripilation. E. रोम hair of the body, and उद्गम breaking forth, protrusion. [टाप् aff.  
 रोमोद्गम f. (-दा) Violent weeping. E. र्ध् to weep, frequent. v., चच्, and

रोमोद्गम mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Weeping or wailing violently. E. रोम and मन्प् aff. [मानच् aff  
 रोमोद्गम mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Crying bitterly. E. र्ध् to weep, frequent. v.  
 रोम m. (-कः) 1. A fruit, (*Flacourtia cataphracta*.) 2. Moist ginger.  
 रोमन् mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Distrustful, unbelieving. m. (-मः) 1. A bee. 2. Dry or arid soil. E. रोम् to be mad, चल्च् aff., उ changed to व  
 रोमंसा f. (-सा) Wish, desire; (this word is used in Prákrita.)  
 रोष m. (-षः) Anger, wrath. E. र्ध् to be angry, aff. घञ् ।  
 रोषण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Angry, passionate. 'n. (-णः) Quicksilver. 2. A touchstone. 3. Arid or desert soil. E. र्ध् to be angry, aff. घृच् ।  
 रोषवाद्य mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Angry, feeling and displaying wrath. E. रोष, and वाद्य to bear, causal v., घृच् aff. [वृच् aff.  
 रोष्ट mfn. (-ष्टा-ष्टी-ष्टं) Violent, wrathful, angry. E. र्ध् to be angry,  
 रोष्ट m. (-ष्टः) 1. A bud, a blossom. 2. Mounting, ascending. 3. The rising of a number from a smaller to a higher denomination. 4. Growth. E. र्ध् to grow, aff. चच् or घञ् ।  
 रोष्टक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) A rider, riding, mounted, one who rides on any animal or is carried in any vehicle. m. (-कः) 1. A sort of goblin. 2. Rising, growing, mounting. E. र्ध् to rise, aff. वृच्.  
 रोष्टन m. (-नः) The name of a mountain, known by Adam's peak in Ceylon. E. रोष्ट rising, and न what goes.  
 रोष्टन n. (-चः) 1. Semen virile. 2. Rising in or on, mounting, ascending. 3. Growing, as a plant. 4. Healing of a wound. 5. A particular mountain: see the last. E. र्ध् to grow, &c., aff. लृट् ।  
 रोष्टनम m. (-मः) The sandal-tree.  
 रोष्टन m. (-नः) 1. A kind of tree. 2. Any tree. f. (-नी) A sort of creeper. E. र्ध् to grow, Unádi aff. भच्, fem. aff. डोच् ।  
 रोहि m. (-हिः) 1. A tree. 2. A seed. 3. A pious or religious man, one observing a vow, &c. 4. A kind of deer. "वनरोहि इति भाषा ।" E. र्ध् to grow, Unádi aff. डन् ।  
 रोहिण m. (-णः) 1. The Indian-fig tree. 2. A fragrant grass, n. (-णः) A part of the fore-noon, extending to mid day, in which Shra'dhas are especially to be observed. E. र्ध् to grow, Unádi aff. डन् ।  
 रोहिणी f. (-नी) A woman red with anger, &c., or with red pigments. E. रोहिणी fem. form of रोहित red, कन् added. [husband.  
 रोहिणीपति m. (-तिः) The moon. E. रोहिणी the nymph, (see रोहिन्), पति  
 रोहिणीवल्लभ m. (-भः) The moon. E. रोहिणी the nymph, वल्लभ the lover.  
 रोहिणीय m. (-यः) The moon. E. रोहिणी the nymph, ईश lord or husband.  
 रोहिन् m. (-न्ति) The sun. f. (-न्ति) 1. A deer, a doe. 2. A sort of creeper. E. र्ध् to go or grow, Unádi aff. इतच् ।  
 रोहित mfn. (-रोहितः रोहिता or रोहिणी रोहितं) Red, of a red colour. m. (-नः) 1. Red, (the colour.) 2. The Ro'hi-fish, (*Cyprinus Rohita*, *Рох*.) 3. A kind of deer. 4. A tree, (*Andersonia Rohitaka*, *Рох*.) n. (-नः) 1. INDRA's bow unbent and invisible to mortals. 2. Safflower, (*Carthamus tinctorius*.) 3. Blood. E. र्ध् to grow or go, Unádi aff. इतच् । [the preceding.  
 रोहितक m. (-कः) A tree, (*Andersonia Rohitaka*, *Rox*.) E. कन् added to रोहितम् m. (-चः) 1. A name of Agni. 2. The son of HARIS' CHANDRA. E. रोहित a deer, or red, and चच् a horse; also from रोहित sometimes read रोहितम् ।  
 रोहितिका f. (-का) A woman whose face is stained with red pigments, or who is red with rage, &c. E. रोहित red, fem. form, कन् added.  
 रोहितेय m. (-यः) A tree, (*Andersonia Rohitaka*.) "रोहितक उच्यते." E. रोहित the same, टच् pleonastic aff.  
 रोहिण् m. (-णः) 1. The Indian-fig tree. 2. The holy-fig tree. 3. The *Andersonia Rohitaka*. f. (-हिनिः-हिनी) 1. The fourth lunar asterism, figured by a wheeled carriage, and containing five stars, probably: in mythology, the asterism is personified as one of the daughters of Daksha, and wives of the moon. 2. The mother of BALARA'ma. f. (-नी) 1. One of the VIDYA'das'vis of the Jain'as. 2. A cow. 3. Inflam-

matory affection of the throat. 4. Lightning. 5. The name of a medicinal plant. 6. The moon-plant, (*Asclepias acida*.) 7. A woman stained with red pigments, or red with passion, &c. 8. Yellow myrobalan, (*Terminalia chebula*.) 9. Bengal madder. 10. A girl nine years old. **ल** **हृ** to grow, aff. **लित्**।

**ल** n. (-**ल**) A sort of grass. m. (-**ल**) 1. The Ro'hi, a kind of fish. 2. A deer said to resemble an ass. [**ल** hard, **ल** aff.]

**ल** n. (-**ल**) 1. Roughness, ruggedness. 2. Harshness, unkindness. **ल** mfn. (-**ल**:**ल**-**ल**) Dyed or coloured with Ro'chana' of a yellowish or orange tint. n. (-**ल**) The tartar of the teeth. **ल** रोचना a pigment, and **ल** or **ल** aff. [tenth Mann.]

**ल** m. (-**ल**) 1. An ascetic with a staff of Bilwa-wood. 2. The third **ल** रीट्, r. 1st cl. (रीट्) To treat with disrespect.

**ल** रीट् r. 1st cl. (रीट्) To treat with disrespect.

mfn. (-**ल**:**ल**-**ल** or **ल**-**ल**) 1. Formidable, fearful, terrific. 2. Sharp, acute. 3. Relating or belonging to Ru'DRA or S'IVA. 4. Violent, wrathful, irascible. mn. (-**ल**:**ल**-**ल**) Wrath rage, (the sentiment as an object of poetical description.) n. (-**ल**) 1. Heat, warmth. 2. Wrath. 3. YAMA. f. (-**ल**) GAURI, the wife of S'IVA. **ल** **हृ** S'IVA, **ल** aff.

**ल** f. (-**ल**) Fierceness, formidableness. **ल** रोद्र, **ल** aff.; with **ल**, रीद्र **ल**।

**ल** mfn. (-**ल**:**ल**-**ल**) Formidable, terrific. **ल** रोद्र, दंशन appearance, **ल** mfn. (-**ल**:**ल**-**ल**) Silver, of silver. n. (-**ल**) Silver. **ल** **हृ** the same, **ल** pleonasm or aff. of relation. [**ल** found, **ल** aff.]

n. (-**ल**) A sort of salt; see the next. **ल** **हृ** the place where it is **ल** n. (-**ल**) A kind of salt, according to some authorities, brought from a mountain in ARABIA, but in fact produced from a salt lake near the town of SA'MBHAR, about twenty miles west of JAYANAGAR **ल** **हृ** the district of RUMA' or SA'MBHAR, aff. **ल**, and **ल** added; also रीम and रीमल **ल**। [salt.]

**ल** n. (-**ल**) Sa'mbhar-salt; see the last. **ल** रीम as above, and **ल** **ल** mfn. (-**ल**:**ल**-**ल**) 1. Formidable, horrible, terrific. 2. Dishonest, fraudulent. 3. Unsteady, slipping. m. (-**ल**) 1. One of the divisions of Naraka or Tartarus. 2. A savage, a monster. **ल** **हृ** to weep, deriv. irr.; or **ल** said to mean a living being, **ल** aff.

**ल** m. (-**ल**) Sandal-wood.

**ल** m. (-**ल**) 1. A name of BALARA'MA. 2. The planet MERCURY. n. (-**ल**) An emerald. mf. (-**ल**:**ल**-**ल**) 1. A calf. 2. The planet SATURN. **ल** रोहिणी the nymph, &c., **ल** aff.

**ल** m. (-**ल**) 1. A sort of deer. 2. The Ro'hi-fish. n. (-**ल**) A kind of grass. **ल** **हृ** to grow, Una'di aff., **ल** **हृ**, the vowel changed to **ल**।

## ल

**ल** The twenty-eighth consonant of the Na'gari alphabet, the letter **ल**. **ल** m. (-**ल**) 1. INDRA. 2. Cutting. 3. A short syllable, (in prosody.)

4. PANINI's technical term for all the tenses and modes, (in gram.)

f. (-**ल**) 1. Giving. 2. Receiving, taking. f. (-**ल**) 1. Embracing, adhering or clinging to. 2. Liquefying, melting. **ल** **हृ** to give or take, &c., aff. **ल** or **ल**, fem. aff. **ल** or **ल**।

**ल** r. 10th cl. (ललललल) 1. To taste. 2. To obtain.

**ल** n. (-**ल**) 1. The forehead. 2. The ear or spike of wild-rice. **ल** **ल** to taste, &c., aff. **ल**।

**ल** m. (-**ल**) A tree; see the next. **ल** **ल** **ल** **ल**। "लललल"।

**ल** m. (-**ल**) A species of the bread-fruit tree, (*Artocarpus Lacucha*, Rox.) **ल** **ल** to taste, **ल** aff.; also **ल** substituted for **ल**, **ल**।

**ल** m. (-**ल**) A club.

**ल** m. (-**ल**) 1. Old and tattered cloth, a rag or rags. 2. Lac, the dye. "ललल"। **ल** **ल** to obtain, aff. **ल**, and **ल** added.

**ल** m. (-**ल**) A tree used in dyeing, a red variety of the Lo'd h tree. **ल** **ल** for **ल** coloured and **ल** office, act.

**ल** f. (-**ल**) A lizard.

**ल** r. 1st cl. (ललल) To perceive, to see. r. 10th cl. (ललललल) 1. To see, to look at, to notice or inspect. 2. To mark, to mark any mark on. 3. To define, to discriminate. With **ल** prefixed. To remark. With **ल**, To know, to understand. With **ल**, 1. To observe. 2. To become confused. 3. To distinguish.

**ल** nf. (-**ल** **ल**) A Lac, one hundred thousand. n. (-**ल**) 1. Fraud, disguise. 2. A mark or butt. **ल** **ल** to mark, or see, aff. **ल** or **ल**।

**ल** f. (-**ल**) Expressing secondarily, indicating indirectly. n. (-**ल**) One hundred thousand. **ल** **ल**, **ल** aff.

**ल** n. (-**ल**) 1. A mark, a spot. 2. A name, an appellation. 3. Sight, seeing. 4. An indication, a predicate, any thing by which an object is designated or distinguished. 5. A symptom or any indication of actual disease. m. (-**ल**) 1. The younger brother of RA'MA. 2. The Indian crane. f. (-**ल**) 1. The female of the Indian crane. 2. A goose. 3. An ellipsis, a word, &c. understood, though not inserted. 4. The force or application of a word or phrase. **ल** **ल** to see, to mark, aff. **ल** **ल**; or **ल** as before, Una'di aff. **ल** and **ल** augment; also with **ल** augment, **ल**, which in the masc. and fem. forms is the more usual reading [Seen. 6. Examined.]

**ल** f. (-**ल**) 1. Defined. 2. Marked. 3. Aimed at. 4. Indicated. 5. **ल** mfn. (-**ल**:**ल**-**ल**) 1. Seen. 2. Marked. **ल** **ल** to mark, aff. **ल**।

**ल** mfn. (-**ल**:**ल**-**ल**) Prosperous, fortunate. m. (-**ल**) 1. The son of DAS'ARAT'HA by SUMITRA', the half-brother and faithful companion of RA'MACHANDRA. 2. The Sa'ras or Indian crane. n. (-**ल**) 1. A mark, a spot or sign. 2. A name, an appellation. f. (-**ल**) 1. The female of the Sa'ras. 2. A kind of drug. **ल** **ल** to mark or see, Una'di aff. **ल**, and **ल** augment, also with **ल** augment, **ल**।

**ल** f. (-**ल**) SUMITRA', one of DAS'ARAT'HA's four wives, the mother of LAKSHMAN'A. **ल** **ल**, **ल** the mother.

**ल** n. (-**ल**) 1. A mark, a spot, &c. 2. Chief, principal. 3. Definition. m. (-**ल**) 1. The Sa'raa bird. 2. LAKSHMANA, the son of DAS'ARAT'HA. **ल** **ल** to mark, &c., **ल** aff.

**ल** f. (-**ल**) 1. LAKSHMI', one of the three principal female deities of the Hindus, the wife of VISHN'U, and goddess of wealth and prosperity. 2. Fortune, success, prosperity. 3. SI'TA', the wife of RA'MA. 4. Beauty, splendour. 5. The name of a medicinal root, commonly Briddhi. 6. Another root, termed Riddhi. 7. A plant: see **ल**. 8. The wife of a hero. 9. Turmeric. 10. A pearl. 11. Royal power. **ल** **ल** to see, &c., Una'di aff. **ल**, and **ल** augment.

**ल** n. (-**ल**) The red lotus. **ल** **ल** the goddess, and **ल** abode, appearing at the creation, floating over the water on the expanded petals of the lotus.

**ल** m. (-**ल**) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A king, a sovereign prince. 3. The clove-tree. "ललललल"। 4. The betel-nut tree, (*Areca faufel*.) **ल** **ल** the goddess of prosperity and **ल** master, husband.

**ल** m. (-**ल**) 1. K'AMAD'EA, the god of love. 2. A horse. 3. Either of the sons of RA'MA and SI'TA'. **ल** **ल** the goddess, or SI'TA', (she being LAKSHMI' incarnate,) and **ल** a son.

**ल** m. (-**ल**) Ruby. **ल** **ल** the goddess of fortune, and **ल** a flower.

**ल** m. (-**ल**) A fruit tree, (*Egle marmelos*.) "लललल"।

**ल** m. (-**ल**) The bread-fruit tree, (*Artocarpus integrifolia*.) **ल** **ल** prosperity, **ल** aff., and the **ल** unchanged.

**ल** mfn. (-**ल**:**ल**-**ल**) 1. Prosperous, fortunate, wealthy, thriving. 2. Beautiful. m. (-**ल**) Jack-fruit tree. **ल** **ल** prosperity, **ल** poss. aff.

**ल** m. (-**ल**) 1. VISHN'U. 2. The mango-tree. 3. A prosperous man. **ल** **ल** the goddess of fortune, and **ल** lord.



लक्ष्मीशब्द m. (-जः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. 3. Uchehaishraba', the horse of Indra. ४. लक्ष्मी the goddess, लक्ष्मी with, लक्ष्मी born; rising as well as LAKSHMI' from the ocean, at the time it was churned by the Gods and Asuras.

लक्ष्म mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्य-ल्य) 1. To be seen or noted. 2. To be defined or described. 3. To have attributes or predicates attached. n. (-ल्य) 1. A mark, a butt. 2. A mark, a sign. 3. Fraud, disguise. 4. A Lac, a hundred thousand. 5. A secondary meaning. 6. The thing defined. ६. लक्ष् to see, लक्ष् aff.

लक्ष्यक्रम Adj. Having the order perceptible.

लक्ष्यभेद m. (-दः) The cleaving of a mark.

लक्ष्यसुप्त Adj. Pretending to be asleep.

लग् r. 1st cl. (लक्षति) (ल) लक्षि (लक्षति) To go, to move, to approach.

लग् (ए) लग्ने r. 1st cl. (लक्षति) To be with or near, to touch, to be in contact or union with. With वि and च, To adhere to. (र) लग्ने r. 1st cl. (लक्षति) 1. To go or move. 2. To go limpingly, to belame. r. 10th cl. (लगयति ते) 1. To taste. 2. To obtain.

लगड mfn. (-डः-डा-ड) Beautiful, handsome.

लग्नित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Obtained, gained. 2. Connected with, attached to. ६. लग् to be in contact with, aff. क्त, and इट् augment.

लग्न m. (-डः) 1. A staff, a stick. 2. An iron club, or one bound with iron. ६. लग् to go, aff. डल्ल, ल changed to ड; also लग्न and लग्न।

लग्न m. (-रः) A club, a stick. ६. See the last; ड changed to ल

लग्नहस्त m. (स्तः) A man armed with a stick, a mace or staff-bearer. ६. लग्न, and हस्त the hand.

लग्न mfn. (-ग्रः-ग्रा-ग्र) 1. Attached to, intent on. 2. Ashamed. 3. Joined to, connected with. n. (-ग्र) 1. The rising of a sign, its appearance above the horizon; the oblique ascension, or the divisions of the equator, which rise in succession with each sign in an oblique sphere; also defined as the arc of the equator, which passes the meridian in the same time with each sign of the ecliptic; in popular acceptance it is the moment of the sun's entrance into a zodiacal sign. 2. An auspicious moment, the time for action. m. (-ग्रः) 1. A bard, a panegyrist. 2. An elephant in rut. ६. लग् to be with or near, or लग्न to be ashamed, aff. क्त, deriv. irr.

लग्नक m. (-कः) A security, a surety. ६. लग्न engaged or associated, (in the business,) aff. कन्। [any undertaking.

लग्नकाल m. (-कः) The time fixed upon by astrologers as favourable for लग्नसूत्र m. (-जः) Ascensional difference. ६. लग्न and सूत्र arm.

लग्निका f. (-का) A girl ten years old, one before menstruation. ६. लग्न to be ashamed, aff. कन्, fath. form; also लग्निका।

लग् r. 10th cl. (लाघयति ते) 1. To taste. 2. To obtain. (र) लग्ने r. 1st cl. (लाघते) 1. To go, to move. 2. To go beyond the limit. 3. To fast, to abstain from food. (लघति) 1. To dry, to dry up. 2. To diminish, to lessen. 3. To sorrow. r. 10th cl. (लघयति ते) To speak. With ल् or वि prefixed, To go beyond or over, to cross, to pass, to leap or spring over; also morally, to exceed, to transgress.

लघट् m. (-ट्) Air, wind. ६. लघि to go, लघि Unādi aff., nasal rejected.

लघटि m. (-टिः) Air, wind. ६. लघि to go, Unādi aff. इटिच्।

लघिमन् m. (-मा) 1. Lightness, absence of weight. 2. The power of assuming excessive lightness at will, considered as one of the eight supernatural faculties. 3. Diminutiveness. 4. Insignificance. ६. लघु light, aff. इमनिच्।

लघिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठ) 1. Lightest, very light. 2. Very small, least. ६. लघु light, इष्ठन् aff. of the irr. superlative.

लघीयस् mfn. (-यान्-यसी-यः) Lightest, most or very light. ६. लघु light, and इयस् aff. of the irr. superlative.

लघु mfn. (-घुः-घुः-घुः) 1. Light, not heavy. 2. Swift, quick. 3. Sapless, pithless. 4. Beautiful, pleasing. 5. Small, little. 6. Light, vain, frivolous. 7. Insignificant, mean, low. 8. Weak, feeble. 9. Clean,

pure. 10. Short, (as a vowel.) 11. Easy. 12. Soft. 13. Young. 14. Pure. 15. Brief. n. Adv. (-घु) Quickly, swiftly. Subst. (-घु)

1. A black kind of Aloe-wood or Agallochum. 2. The root of the Andropogon muricatum. f. (-घुः) A plant, (Trigonella corniculata.) f. (-घुः) 1. A slight or delicate woman. 2. A small light carriage. ६. लघि to go, Unādi aff. क्त, and the nasal not inserted.

लघुकाय m. (-यः) A goat. ६. लघु small, and काय a body.

लघुखटिका f. (-का) A small bedstead. ६. लघु small, खटिका a bedstead.

लघुगरी m. (-रीः) A kind of fish, probably a variety of the Pimelodina. ६. लघु small, and गरी for गरीर a fish.

लघुचेतस् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Low-minded, frivolous. ६. लघु and चेतस् mind.

लघुजङ्गल m. (-जः) A sort of quail. ६. लघु light, जङ्गल flesh.

लघुता f. (ता) 1. Lightness. 2. Meanness, insignificance. ६. तल् added to लघु; also with ल, लघुत्। [a drum.

लघुदण्डि m. (-भिः) A small kettle-drum. ६. लघु light, small, and दण्डि

लघुपत्रक m. (-कः) A plant, commonly Gun'da'ro'chani, (Crinum.) ६. लघु light, small, and पत्रक a leaf. "कमलामृदि ।"

लघुप्रयत्न mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Indolent, impotent. ६. लघु and प्रयत्न effort.

लघुसांस m. (-सः) The Francoline partridge. ६. लघु light, (of digestion,) and सांस flesh. "तितिरपाखी ।" [मित्र a friend.

लघुमित्र n. (-त्रः) A friend or ally of little power or value. ६. लघु and लघुमूल n. (-लः) In algebra, the least root with reference to the additive quantities. ६. लघु, मूल root.

लघुलघु n. (-यः) The root of a fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) ६. लघु light, लघु contexture, (in Tatties, &c.); or लघु and लघु, both meaning the same root. "वेणार मूल ।"

लघुवासस् mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) 1. Thinly or lightly dressed. 2. Wearing clean or pure clothing. ६. लघु-वासस् vesture.

लघुविक्रम Adj. Having a quick step.

लघुवृत्ति mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) 1. Low, vile. 2. Ill-done, mismanaged. 3. Frivolous. ६. लघु, वृत्ति practice.

लघुवृत्तिता f. (-ता) 1. Insignificance, meanness. 2. Mismanagement, bad conduct. ६. तल् added to the last. [६. लघु, वृत्ति hand.

लघुहस्त mfn. (-स्तः-स्ता-स्त) Ready or light-handed. m. (-स्तः) A good archer.

लघुकरण n. (-णः) 1. Reducing in weight or consequence. 2. Thinking little of, contemning. ६. लघु, and करण making, चिु augment.

लघुकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Made light, reduced in weight. 2. Reduced in consequence, made insignificant. 3. Thought lightly of. ६. लघु, कृत made, चिु augment. [who eats.

लघुशान् mfn. (-शी-श्री-श्री) Eating little, moderate. ६. लघु, and शान्

लघुहार mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Temperate, abstemious. ६. लघु and हार food.

लघुी f. (घुी) 1. A delicate woman. 2. A light carriage.

लङ्का f. (-का) 1. The capital of RA'VAN'A in Ceylon; the name is extended also to the island, which according to the notions of the

Hindus, is much more considerable in size, and lies further from the continent than in reality: it is described as being equal to one-twelfth of the equatorial circumference of the earth, and is

one of the places lying under the first meridian, whence the longitude is computed; it is thus placed in the Eastern ocean,

South of Ceylon, and according to WILFORD is the peninsula of Malacca; according to some Hindu accounts also, it is distinct from Ceylon, from which island Lanká is said to be just visible.

2. A goddess or evil spirit, one of the S'ákinis, perhaps the same as the tutelary deity of the city of Lanká. 3. An unchaste woman.

4. A branch. 5. A kind of grain. ६. लङ् to obtain, (happiness, in which,) aff. लङ्, and लङ् irr. augment.

लङ्कादिग्नि m. (-द्गी) The monkey HANUMA'NA. ६. लङ्का the city, and

दिग्नि burner; having set fire to the city with his burning tail.

लङ्कापति m. (-तिः) RA'VAN'A, the Daitya-sovereign of Ceylon. ६. लङ्का the city, and पति master, ruler; also लङ्कापति &c.

लङ्घिका f. (-का) A plant, (*Trigonella corniculata*.) E. लङ्घ to taste, root of the 10th cl., aff. लङ्, fem. form, लङ्घ् augment; also य being changed to य, लङ्घिका, and by a different derivation लङ्घिका।  
 लङ्घ्यायिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Residing or being in Lankā. m. (-यी) A plant, (*Euphorbia Tiruelli*.) “लङ्घानिज”. E. लङ्घा Lankā or Ceylon, and व्यायिन् what abides or grows. [sovereign.  
 लङ्घम m. (-ङ्घः) The Daitya king RA’VAN’A. E. लङ्घा the city Lankā, ईङ्घ लङ्घिका f. (-का) A gramineous plant, (*Trigonella corniculata*.) E. लङ्घा Lankā or Ceylon, वप् to sow or be sown, aff. लङ्, fem. form, and the semi-vowel changed to its congener. “पिङ्गि” शब्द।  
 लङ्घनी f. (-नी) The bit of a bridle.  
 लङ्घ m. (-ङ्घः) 1. Union, association, proximate connection. 2. A lecher, a catamite. 3. Limping, lameness. E. लङ्घि to be near or with, &c., aff. लङ्घ्; also with लङ् added लङ्घक।  
 लङ्घन n. (-लं) A plough. [commonly लङ्घल।  
 लङ्घन n. (-लं) The tail of an animal. E. लङ्घि to go, लङ्घ aff., more  
 लङ्घन n. (-लं) 1. Fasting, abstinence. 2. Going, proceeding. 3. Leaping, springing, going by leaps or jumps. 4. Jumping over or beyond. 5. Exceeding, transgressing, disregarding propriety, going beyond proper bounds. 6. Storming a fort, entering by escalade, &c. 7. Capturing a fort in any way. 8. One of a horse’s paces, curvetting, bounding. 9. Injury. E. लङ्घि to go, to fast, &c. aff. लङ्घ्।  
 लङ्घनीय mfn. (य-या-यं) 1. To be passed. 2. Transgressible. 3. To be fasted. E. लङ्घि to go, लङ्घनीय् aff.; also लङ्घा and लङ्घितव्य।  
 लङ्घित f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Leaped over. 2. Traversed. 3. Violated. 4. Insulted.  
 लङ्घ r. 1st cl. (लङ्घति) To mark; also लङ्घ्।  
 लङ्घ r. 1st cl. (लङ्घते) also (ङ्) लङ्घि (लङ्घति) 1. To fry. 2. To affront, to insult. 3. To blame. (ची, ई) चीलङ्घी r. 6th cl. (लङ्घति-ते) To be ashamed, to be modest or bashful. r. 10th cl. (लङ्घयति-ते) To shine. (लाङ्घयति-ते) To hide, to cover, to screen or clothe; also (लङ्घति) or (ङ्) लङ्घि (लङ्घयति) 1. To be manifest or apparent. 2. To shine. (ङ्) लङ्घि (लङ्घयति-ते) 1. To give. 2. To dwell. 3. To injure. 4. To be strong. 5. To censure. 6. To speak.  
 लङ्घाकारिका f. (-का) The sensitive plant, (*Mimosa pudica*.) E. लङ्घा for लङ्घा shame, कारिका making, shewing.  
 लङ्घा f. (-का) The wild cotton-plant.  
 लङ्घन mfn. (-लङ्घ-लङ्घनी-लङ्घन) Being ashamed, blushing, shrinking. E. लङ्घन् to be ashamed, and लङ्घ aff. [शानच्।  
 लङ्घान mfn. (-लङ्घ-लङ्घनी-लङ्घन) Being ashamed. E. लङ्घन् to be ashamed, aff.  
 लङ्घा f. (-ङ्घा) Shame, modesty, bashfulness. E. लङ्घन् to be modest, affs. लङ्घ् and टाप्। [what makes.  
 लङ्घाकर mfn. (-र-री-री or रा-रं) Shameful, causing shame. E. लङ्घा, and कर लङ्घाकारिन् mfn. (-री-री-री) Causing or occasioning shame. E. लङ्घा and कारिन् what makes.  
 लङ्घान्वित mfn. (-लङ्घ-लङ्घनी-लङ्घन) Ashamed, bashful. E. लङ्घा, लङ्घित possessed of.  
 लङ्घारहित mfn. (-लङ्घ-लङ्घनी-लङ्घन) Shameless, immodest. E. लङ्घा, लङ्घित void of.  
 लङ्घाशु m. (-लङ्घः) A sensitive plant, (*Mimosa pudica*.) E. लङ्घा, लङ्घाश्च aff.  
 लङ्घावन् mfn. (-लङ्घ-लङ्घनी-लङ्घन) Modest, bashful. E. लङ्घा, लङ्घा, लङ्घावन् aff.  
 लङ्घाशोल mfn. (-लङ्घ-लङ्घनी-लङ्घन) Bashful, modest. E. लङ्घा, लङ्घाशोल possessing.  
 लङ्घाहीन mfn. (-लङ्घ-लङ्घनी-लङ्घन) Shameless, impudent. E. लङ्घा and लङ्घाहीन void of.  
 लङ्घित mfn. (-लङ्घ-लङ्घनी-लङ्घन) Ashamed, modest. E. लङ्घा modesty, लङ्घित aff.  
 लङ्घा f. (-ङ्घा) Modesty, bashfulness. E. लङ्घन् to be ashamed, य aff.  
 लङ्घ r. 10th cl. (लङ्घयति-ते) 1. To be manifest. 2. To shine.  
 लङ्घ m. (-ङ्घः) 1. A foot. 2. The end of the lower garment tucked into the waist band. 3. A tail. f. (-ङ्घा) 1. An adulteress. 2. Sleep. 3. LAKSHMI. 4. A current. E. लङ्घि to be strong, &c., or लङ्घ aff. लङ्घ्।  
 लङ्घिका f. (-का) A harlot, a whore. E. लङ्घि to censure, aff. लङ्घ्, fem. form.  
 लङ्घ r. 1st cl. (लङ्घति) 1. To be a child, to talk or be like one. 2. To speak a little. 3. To cry.  
 लङ्घ m. (-ङ्घः) 1. A blockhead, a fool, one speaking ignorantly or fool-

ishly. 2. Fault, defect. 3. A thief. E. लङ्घ् to be or talk as a child, &c., aff. लङ्घ्। [उन् Una’di aff.  
 लङ्घक m. (-ङ्घः) A vile or contemptible man. E. लङ्घ् to talk as a child, लङ्घ f. (-ङ्घा) Adj. Handsome, attractive. This word has Prākṛita origin and is not used in classical Sanskrit.  
 लङ्घ m. (-ङ्घः) A vile or bad man, a wretch.  
 लङ्घ m. (-ङ्घः) 1. A horse. 2. A division of music. 3. A low and wild tribe, a tribe of mountaineers. 4. A dancing boy. f. (-ङ्घा) 1. A bird said to be a kind of sparrow. 2. A fruit, a variety of the Karanja. 3. A bad or unchaste woman. 4. Curls on the forehead or hanging down on the face. 5. Safflower. 6. A sweetmeat. 7. A kind of musical instrument, E. लङ्घ् to be like a child, Una’di aff. लङ्घ्।  
 लङ्घ r. 1st and 10th cl. (लङ्घति लङ्घयति) 1. To frolic, to sport or dally. 2. To loll, (the tongue.) 3. To use the tongue. 4. To stir with the tongue. 5. To stir, to agitate. 6. To pain. r. 10th cl. (लङ्घयति-ते) 1. To nurse, to foster, to attend closely. 2. To shake. 3. To feel desire. 4. To spread. (ची, ई) चीलङ्घी r. 1st and 10th cl. (लङ्घति लङ्घयति-ते) 1. To shine. 2. The toss or throw up. 3. To speak.  
 लङ्घ mfn. (-ङ्घ-ङ्घा-ङ्घ) Beautiful, pleasing, charming, (used in Prākṛita.)  
 लङ्घ m. (-ङ्घः) A wretch, a villain, a low or bad man  
 लङ्घक n. (-ङ्घः) A class of sweetmeats, or a sweetmeat, a sort of ball made with flour fried with oil or ghee, and mixed with sugar and spices, and distinguished into different kinds, according to some slight varieties in its less essential ingredients; also read लङ्घक.  
 लङ्घ n. (-ङ्घः) Excrement.  
 लङ्घ, m. (-ङ्घः) London. E. लङ्घि, लङ्घ aff. According to others it is derived from the French Londres.  
 लता f. (-ता) 1. A creeper, a creeping or winding plant in general. (this word is often employed as the last member of compounds to indicate “thinness” or “tenderness”) 2. A branch. 3. A plant, commonly Priyangu. 4. A gramineous plant, (*Trigonella corniculata*.) 5. Heart-pea, (*Cardiospermum halimacabum*.) 6. The large Bengal creeper, (*Gartnera racemosa*.) 7. A sort of grass, (*Panicum dactylon*.) 8. A vegetable and medicinal substance, commonly Lata’kastu’rī or the musk-creeper, said to grow in the Dakshin. 9. Thread. 10. A whip. 11. A string of pearls. E. लता a Sautra root, to hurt, to enfold, &c., affs लङ्घ् and टाप्।  
 लताकदम्बिका f. (-का) A medicinal plant, commonly Lata’ka-tu’rī i. e. लता a creeper, and कदम्बिका musk.  
 लताजिह्व m. (-ङ्घः) A snake. E. लता a creeper, and जिह्व the tongue, which becomes masc. in the compound.  
 लतातप्त m. (-तप्तः) 1. The orange tree. 2. The palm tree. 3. The Sal tree. E. लता a creeper, and तप्त a tree; fit for creepers to cling to.  
 लताद्रुम m. (-द्रुमः) A timber tree, (*Shorea robusta*.) E. लता, द्रुम a tree.  
 लतान n. (-लं) A flower. E. लता a creeper, and लतान end.  
 लतापनस m. (-सः) The water-melon, “तरुङ्ग”. E. लता a creeper, पनस the jack, to the fruit of which the melon may be compared in size.  
 लताप्रतानिनी f. (-नी) A spreading creeper. E. लता a creeper, and प्रतानिनी spreading. [लताग्रह &c.  
 लताभवन n. (-भवनः) An arbour, a bower. E. लता, भवन house; also लताभवनम्, लतामणि m. (-मणिः) Coral. E. लता a creeper, and मणि a jewel. “प्रतानि”।  
 लतामन्त्र f. (-मन्त्रः) A plant, (*Trigonella corniculata*.) “पिङ्गि”।  
 लतामाधवी f. (-वी) The Ma’dhavi creeper, (*Gartnera racemosa*.) E. लता a creeper in general, माधवी the particular one.  
 लतामृग m. (-मृगः) An ape or monkey. E. लता and मृग a deer.  
 लतायष्टि f. (-यष्टिः) Bengal malder, (*Rubia manjith*.) E. लता a creeper, यष्टि a stick or stem. [of similar shape.  
 लतायावक n. (-कः) Coral. E. लता a creeper, यावक barley or similar grain; लतायवक m. (-यवकः) A snake. E. लता a creeper, and यवका the tongue, but made masc. in the compound.

लता m. (-कः) A green onion. ३. लता a creeper, लता to heat, aff. लत् ।  
 लताक m. (-कः) An elephant. ३. लता a creeper, and लता a curl.  
 लतावेष्टन n. (-नः) Embracing, an embrace. ३. लता, वेष्टन surrounding.  
 लतावेष्टनक n. (-कः) An embrace, embracing. ३. लता a creeper, (like it),  
 वेष्टन & surrounding or enfolding, aff. लत् ।  
 लताशङ्ख m. (-ङ्खः) The Sh' tree, (Shorea robusta.) This word is also  
 where read लताशङ्ख or लताशङ्ख and लताशङ्ख ।  
 लतिका f. (-का) A twining plant. ३. लता the same, लत् aff., fem. form.  
 लतिका f. (-का) A lizard. ३. लत a Sautra root, to hurt, लतिका Una'di aff.  
 लप् (-लप्) लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) To speak, to utter. With लप् prefixed. 1.  
 To talk like, to mimic. 2. To repeat. With लप्, To deny. With  
 लप्, To address, to speak to. With लप्, To talk incoherently.  
 With लप्, To gain, to get. With लप्, To lament, to bewail. With  
 लप् and लप्, To contradict, to dispute. With लप्, 1. To converse, to  
 discourse. 2. To be cunning or crafty.  
 लपन n. (-नः) The mouth. 2. Talking. ३. लप् to speak, लप् aff. of the  
 instrument or act. [speak, aff. लप् ।  
 लपित mfn. (-तः लपितः) Spoken, said. n. (-तः) Voice or speech. ३. लप् to  
 लप् (३) लपि r. 1st cl. (लपति) 1. To sound. 2. To fall or tumble, to be  
 prostrate. With लप् prefixed, 1. To hold, to support. 2. To hang  
 from or on, to depend from. 3. To rest upon. 4. To hang with  
 head downwards. With लप्, To trust in, to depend on. With  
 लप्, 1. To hang from. 2. To decline, to set. 3. To stay, to remain.  
 4. To delay, to detain. With लप्, To stand erect.  
 लभ mfn. (-भः लभः) Gained, acquired, obtained, received. f. (-भा) A  
 woman whose husband or lover is faithless. ३. लभ् to get, aff. लप् ।  
 लभचित्तम् mfn. (-ता-ता-तः) Recovered, restored to one's senses, come  
 to a right mind. ३. लभ; and लभित intellect.  
 लभजनम् mfn. (-जा-जा-जः) Born. ३. लभ, and लभन birth.  
 लभधन mfn. (-नः लभ-धनः) Wealthy. ३. लभ, धन-wealth. [proper person.  
 लभप्रशसन n. (-नः) 1. Securing what has been obtained. 2. Bestowing on  
 लभलभ्य mfn. (-लभ्यः लभ-लभ्यः) 1. One who has hit the mark. 2. Skilled in  
 the use of missiles. [celebrity.  
 लभवर्ण mfn. (-र्णः लभ-वर्णः) Sage, learned, a Pandit. ३. लभ got, वर्ण praise,  
 लभवर्ण mfn. (-वर्णः लभ-वर्णः) Learned. ३. लभ and विद्या knowledge.  
 लभसंज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः लभ-संज्ञः) Revived, recovered from fainting. ३. लभ, संज्ञा  
 consciousness. [got admission.  
 लभारक Adj. 1. One who has found an opportunity. 2. One who has  
 लभारक mfn. (-कः लभ-ारकः) Having found an opportunity or interval.  
 ३. लभ, अवकाश opportunity. [ent, (in math.)  
 लब्धि f. (-ब्धिः) 1. Acquisition. 2. Gain, profit, advantage. 3. The quoti-  
 लब्धिम mfn. (-मः लभ-मः) Obtained. ३. लभ् to gain, लब्धिम aff.  
 लब्ध्या Ind. Having gained or got. ३. लभ् to get, लब्ध्या aff.  
 लभ् (३, लप्) लभय् r. 1st cl. (लभयति) 1. To obtain, to get or gain. 2. To  
 find. 3. To be able, to be permitted. 4. To recover. 5. To know.  
 With लप्, 1. To touch. 2. To offer as a sacrifice. 3. To attain.  
 With लप्, 1. To attain. 2. To perceive, to see. With लप् and लप्  
 prefixed, 1. To blame. 2. To learn. With लप्, To gain or regain.  
 With लप् and लप्, 1. To cheat. 2. To insult. 3. To recover. With लप्,  
 To obtain. Caus. (लभयति-ने) 1. To give. 2. To receive. 3. To dis-  
 cover. 4. To cause to take. 5. To cause to suffer. Desid. (लभयते) To  
 long for. (३) लभि r. 1st cl. (लभति) 1. To sound. 2. To injure. 3. To  
 revile. 4. To gain. With लप् prefixed, 1. To apprehend, to under-  
 stand. 2. To delay. With लप् and लप्, To revile, to abuse.  
 लभन n. (-नः) The act of obtaining or conceiving.  
 लभस m. (-सः) 1. Wealth. 2. A solicitor, one who asks or solicits.  
 n. (-सः) A horse's foot-rope. ३. लभ् to get, Una'di aff. लभस ।  
 लभ mfn. (-भः लभ-भः) 1. Attainable, procurable. 2. Fit, right, pro-  
 per. ३. लभ् to get, aff. लप् । [र changed to ल ।  
 लभक m. (-कः) A lover, a gallant. ३. लभ् to sport, Una'di aff. लभ, and

लभट m. (-टः) 1. A lecher, a libertine, a whore-monger, a gallant.  
 2. The Bakula tree. f. (-टा) Greedy. [with लभटन ।  
 लभटता f. (-ता) Libertinism, dissoluteness. ३. लभट and लभ aff. ; also  
 लभ्या m. (-याः) I. A country, the district of Lamghan in Ca'bul. 2.  
 A libertine, a lecher. [Muslimans.  
 लभपटम् m. (-म्) A kettle-drum, a state-drum, the Na'kara' of the  
 लभ m. (-भः) A leap, a jump.  
 लभ mfn. (-भः लभ-भः) 1. Spacious, capacious. 2. Great, large, broad,  
 long, expanded either in breadth or length, or both. 3. Pendu-  
 lous, depending. m. (-भः) 1. A bribe, a present. 2. Moving a man  
 at a sort of backgammon or draughts. 3. A perpendicular, (in geo-  
 metry.) 4. (In astronomy,) The arc between the pole and zenith of  
 any place. f. (-भा) 1. A name of LAKSHMI'. 2. A name of GAUMI'  
 or DURGA'. 3. A bitter gourd. ३. लभि to fall, to sound, aff. लप् ।  
 लभक m. (-कः) 1. A section, a chapter. 2. A perpendicular, (in geometry)  
 3. The complement of latitude. ३. लभि to fall, लभ aff.  
 लभक m. (-कः) 1. A goat. 2. An elephant. 3. A goblin or Rakshasa.  
 4. A tree, (Alangium hexapetalum.) 5. A hare. 6. An ass. 7. A  
 name of GAN'ES'SA. ३. लभ large or pendulous, and लभ the ear.  
 लभ्या f. (-या) Sine or cosine of the latitude. ३. लभ, and लभ sine.  
 लभन n. (-नः) 1. Depending, descending, falling. 2. A long necklace,  
 one which depends from the neck to the navel. 3. Parallax in  
 longitude, (of the moon.) m. (-नः) 1. Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour.  
 2. An epithet of S'IVA. ३. लभि to fall, &c., aff. लप् ।  
 लभमान mfn. (-नः लभ-मानः) 1. Depending, descending, hanging or falling,  
 going down. 2. Being large or bulky. ३. लभि to fall, &c., and लभ  
 aff., लभ augment. [लभ, fem. form.  
 लभिका f. (-का) The uvula or soft palate. ३. लभि to hang down, aff.  
 लभित mfn. (-तः लभितः) 1. Suspended, depending, falling or hanging  
 down. 2. Gone down. 3. Resting on. ३. लभि to fall down, aff. लप् ।  
 लभ्या f. (-या) A necklace or seven strings. ३. लभि to depend, लभ aff.  
 लभ्योदर m. (-रः) 1. A name of GAN'ES'SA. 2. A glutton. ३. लभ large,  
 and लभ the belly.  
 लभ्योष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) A camel. ३. लभ large, लभ्योष्ठ a lip.  
 लभ m. (-भः) 1. Acquirement. 2. Gain. 3. Recovery.  
 लभन n. (-नः) 1. Abuse, reviling. 2. Gaining, getting. ३. लभि to sound,  
 &c., aff. लप् ।  
 लभयत् mfn. (-यत् लभ-यत्) Causing to get, procuring, producing. ३.  
 लभ् to get, causal v., लभ aff.  
 लभ्या f. (-या) A sort of chain enclosure or fence.  
 लभित mfn. (-तः लभितः) 1. Caused to get, given to, procured for. 2. Ap-  
 plied to, employed. 3. Spoken to, addressed. 4. Heightened, im-  
 proved, rendered more perfect or intense. 5. Cherished. 6. Gained.  
 7. Abused. ३. लभ् to gain, causal form, or लभि to revile, लभ aff.  
 लभ् r. 1st cl. (लभति) To go, to move.  
 लभ m. (-भः) 1. Equal time in music and dancing. 2. Adherence, union.  
 3. Fusion, solution, absorption. 4. Concentration, exclusive devo-  
 tion. 5. Rest, repose. 6. Mental inactivity. 7. An embrace. 8. Des-  
 truction. 9. A house, a dwelling. 10. Sport, pastime. n. (-भः) 1. The  
 root of the Andropogon muricatum. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Fusi-  
 on, melting. ३. लभि adhere to, &c., aff. लप् ।  
 लभन n. (-नः) 1. Adhering, clinging. 2. Rest, repose. 3. A house.  
 लभपुत्री f. (-त्री) An actress, a female dancer. ३. लभ equal time in music,  
 पुत्री daughter.  
 लभालम् m. (-लम्) An actor, a dancer, a mime. ३. लभ equal time, &c.,  
 and लभाल who moves to ; it also occurs लभाल and लभाल ।  
 लभ् r. 1st cl. (लभति) To go, to move ; also लभ ।  
 लभ् r. 1st cl. (लभति-ने) 1. To sport, to dally. 2. To loll, as the tongue,  
 &c. : see लभ, of which it is considered as a various reading only.  
 r. 10th cl. (लभयति-ने) 1. To desire, to wish for, to seek to obtain.

2. To sport, to wanton. 3. To lay. 4. To fondle. (ललित-ते) 1. To desire. 2. To loll the tongue.  
 ललित mfn. (-लल-लल) 1. Sporting, frolicking. 2. Lolling, wagging. 3. Wishing, desirous. ४. लल or लल to sport, लल aff.  
 ललित mfn. (-लल-लल) Fierce, savage, (as a beast of prey, &c.) m. (लल) 1. A camel. 2. A dog. ४. लल lapping, licking, लल the tongue.  
 लल mfn. (-लल लल-लल) 1. Shaking, tremulous. 2. Licking, lapping, stirring or touching with the tongue, lolling the tongue, &c. 2. Wantoning, dallying. ४. लल to loll, to frolic, &c., aff. लल, and ल changed to ल। [water, "ललित-ते च।"]  
 लल m. (-लल) A flower, (Nerium odorum.) ४. लल trembling, लल  
 लल n. (ल) 1. Pleasure, sport, pastime. 2. Lolling the tongue. m. (ल) The Sal tree. f. (-ल) 1. A woman in general. 2. A wanton woman. 3. The tongue. ४. लल to frolic, &c., aff. लल, and ल changed to ल।  
 ललिका f. (-लल) A little woman.  
 ललिका f. (-लल) 1. A necklace hanging as low as the navel. 2. A lizard. ४. ललित sporting, lolling, &c. fem form, लल added.  
 लल m. (-लल) The penis. ४. लल to frolic, aff. लल, and ल changed to ल।  
 लल n. (-लल) The forehead. ४. लल wish or dalliance, from लल with लल aff., लल to go or be, aff. लल; also with लल added ललल n. (-लल)।  
 ललल n. (-लल) The slope of the forehead. ४. ललल, and लल a bank.  
 ललल mfn. (-लल-लल-लल) Burning the forehead, (as the sun.) m. (-लल) The sun. ४. ललल the forehead, लल to scorch or inflame, aff. लल।  
 ललल n. (-लल) 1. A tiara, a fillet. 2. The flat surface of the forehead. ४. ललल, and लल a cloth or any flat surface.  
 लललल n. (-लल) The open forehead. ४. ललल, and ललल a plank.  
 लललल f. (-लल) 1. A line on the forehead, supposed to indicate long life. 2. A wrinkled or corrugated brow. 3. A coloured sectarian mark on the forehead. ४. ललल the forehead, ललल a line.  
 लललल f. (-लल) 1. An ornament worn on the forehead, a jewel or star suspended there, or a kind of tiara bound over it. 2. A mark made with sandal, &c., on the forehead. ४. ललल and लल aff., fem. form.  
 ललल f. (-लल) Adj. Having a handsome forehead.  
 लल mfn. (-लल-लल-लल) Beautiful, agreeable, charming, (in this sense some authorities confine it to the neuter gender, and to its use compounded with another word) n. (-लल) 1. A mark or sign. 2. A banner, a flag, a symbol or ensign. 3. A mark on the forehead. 4. A horn. 5. A tail. 6. Majesty, dignity. 7. Chief, principal. 8. A horse. 9. An ornament. 10. A horse's ornament. 11. A coloured mark on the forehead of a horse or bull, &c. 12. A mane. 13. A line, a row. f. (-लल) 1. Charming. 2. An ornament worn on the ear. ४. लल to play, &c., aff. लल, लल to go, to contribute to or occasion, aff. लल; also with लल aff. ललल।  
 ललल n. (-लल) A chaplet of flowers falling over the forehead. ४. ललल a mark on the forehead, लल aff. of comparison.  
 ललल n. (-लल) 1. A mark or sign, &c.: see ललल 2. A species of starza having ten syllables in the first two Pa'das, eleven in the third, and thirteen in the fourth. 3. An ornament, a decoration. 4. A banner, a flag. 5. A sectarian mark. 6. A tail. 7. Anything the best of its kind : see ललल।  
 लल mfn. (-लल-लल-लल) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Beautiful, lovely. 3. Wanton, dallying. 4. Shaken, trembling, tremulous. 5. Graceful. 6. Gay, cheerful, careless. 7. Slow, gentle. 8. Destroyed. n. (लल) 1. A branch of feminine action, arising from the passion or sentiment of love, and expressive of satisfaction and triumph; softness and delicacy of gesture or motion, putting on appropriate ornaments, &c. 2. Love of pleasure and gaiety. 3. Sport, dalliance. 4. Beauty, charm. 5. Simplicity, innocence. f. (-लल) 1. Musk. 2. A woman in general. 3. A wanton. ४. लल to frolic, &c., or लल to desire, aff. लल; in the first case, ल changed to ल।

ललितपद Adj. Elegantly composed.

ललितप्रहार m. (-लल) A gentle blow.

ललितार्थ n. (-लल) Having an amorous meaning.

ललितसप्तमी f. (-लल) The seventh day of the first-half of Bha'drapada.

लल m. (-लल) 1. Cutting. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Reaping. 4. Small, little; (according to some authorities, this when used attributively changes its gender, making लल-लल-लल; according to others it is invariably masc.) 5. Smallness, littleness. 6. A minute division of time, the sixtieth part of the twinkling of an eye. 7. A larger division of time, two Ka'sht'has or 36 twinkling of the eye, or about  $\frac{1}{2}$  a second. 8. One of the twin sons of RA'MACHANDRA, by S'ITA, born after she had been abandoned by her husband and brought up at the hermitage of VA'LMIKI. 9. A kind of quail. 10. Hair, wool, &c.; that which is cut or shorn from domestic animals. 11. (In arithmetic.) The numerator of a fraction. 12. A degree, (in astronomy.) 13. Sport. 14. Plucking, moving. 15. A section, a fragment. n. (-लल) 1. The nutmeg. 2. Cloves. ४. लल to cut, aff. लल।

लल mfn. (-लल-लल-लल) Who or what cuts, reaps, &c. ४. लल to cut, लल aff.

लल m. (-लल) The clove tree, (Myristica caryophyllata.) n. (-लल) Cloves. ४. लल to cut, Una'di aff. लल; also with लल added, ललल।

लल mfn. (-लल-लल-लल) 1. Salt, saline. 2. Handsome, beautiful. n. (-लल) 1. Sea-salt. 2. Rock or fossil salt. 3. Facitious salt, or salt obtained by boiling clay found near the sea-shore, or any earth impregnated with saline particles. m. (-लल) 1. The saline or salt taste, saltiness. 2. The sea of salt water. 4. The name of a Ra'kshasa mentioned in the Ra'ma'yana. f. (-लल) 1. Saline, briny. 2. Light, lustre, beauty. 3. A small river in Tibet. ४. लल to cut, (rawness, or to assist digestion,) aff. लल, and the final letter made nasal by special rule.

ललललल m. (-लल) A salt mine in general, or the district of Sa'mblar in Ajmere, celebrated for its fossil salt. ४. ललल salt, ललल a mine.

ललललल m. (-लल) The sea of salt-water. ४. ललल, ललल ocean. [mine.]

ललललल m. (-लल) 1. A salt mine. 2. A mine of beauty. ४. ललल, ललल a ललललल m. (-लल) 1. Saltiness. 2. Beauty, loveliness.

ललललल n. (-लल) 1. Nitre. 2. Rock or river salt. ४. ललल salt, ललल best.

ललललल m. (-लल) The sea of salt water. n. (-लल) Brine. ४. ललल, लल water.

लल n. (-लल) 1. Reaping. 2. Cutting. f. (-लल) A coarse kind of custard-apple, (Annona reticulata) "ललल ललल" ४. लल to cut, aff. लल।

लल It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "a little."

ललल f. (-लल) A kind of tree, (Averrhoa acidia.) "ललल ललल"।

ललल Ind. Piece meal, in pieces. ४. लल a bit, and लल aff.

ललल n. (-लल) A sickle or reaping-hook. ४. लल to cut, Una'di aff. ललल।

लललल n. (-लल) A sickle, a reaping-hook. ४. लल to cut, ललल Una'di aff. लल mfn. (-लल-लल-लल) Cutting, edged, sharp, (as an instrument, &c.) ४. लल to cut, Una'di aff. लल।

ललल n. (-लल) A sickle, a small reaping-hook. ४. लल to cut, aff. लल।

ललल mfn. (-लल-लल-लल) Wishing to cut or reap. ४. लल and लल desirous.

लल mfn. (-लल-लल-लल) To be cut. ४. लल to cut, लल aff.

लल r. 10th cl. (लललल-लल) To be skilful or clever, to do any thing skilfully and scientifically. (This root is sometimes written लल or लल).

लल n. (-लल) Garlic. ४. लल to eat, Una'di aff. लल, and लल substituted for the root; also with the vowel of the aff. long, लल n. (-लल).

ललल mfn. (-लल-लल-लल) Garlicky. n. (-लल) Cat's-eye. ४. लल and लल aff.

लल r. 1st and 4th cls. (ललल-लल or लललल-लल) To desire, to like, to love. (लल is usually prefixed.) r. 10th cl. (लललल-लल) To be skilful.

लल m. (-लल) A dancer, an actor. ४. लल to be skilled in any art, (as dancing, &c.) and लल Una'di aff.

लल r. 1st cl. (ललल) 1. To embrace. 2. To sport or play. 3. To glitter. 4. To arise. With लल, 1. To glitter. 2. To appear. 3. To blow, &c.

लताक m. (-कः) A green onion. ३. लता a creeper, चक to heat, aff. चक् ।  
 लतालक m. (-कः) An elephant. ३. लता a creeper, and लसक a curl.  
 लतावेष्टन n. (-नः) Embracing, an embrace. ३. लता, वेष्टन surrounding.  
 लतावेष्टितक n. (-कः) An embrace, embracing. ३. लता a creeper, (like it),  
 वेष्टित a surrounding or enfolding, aff. कन् ।  
 लताशङ्ख m. (-ङ्खः) The Sa'l tree, (Shorea robusta.) This word is else-  
 where read लताशङ्ख or लताशङ्ख and शङ्खतक ।  
 लतिका f. (-का) A twining plant. ३. लता the same, लन् aff., fem. form.  
 लतिका f. (-का) A lizard. ३. लत a Sautra root, to hurt, तिकन् Una'di aff.  
 लप् (-लप) लप r. 1st cl. (लपति) To speak, to utter. With लप् prefixed. 1.  
 To talk like, to mimic. 2. To repeat. With चप्, To deny. With  
 चाप्, To address, to speak to. With प्रप्, To talk incoherently.  
 With प्रति, To gain, to get. With हि, To lament, to bewail. With  
 वि and प्र, To contradict, to dispute. With सम्, 1. To converse, to  
 discourse. 2. To be cunning or crafty.  
 लपन n. (-नः) The mouth. 2. Talking. ३. लप् to speak, लप् aff. of the  
 instrument or act. [speak, aff. ल ।  
 लपित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Spoken, said. n. (-तः) Voice or speech. ३. लप् to  
 लप् (-लप) लपि r. 1st cl. (लपति) 1. To sound. 2. To fall or tumble, to be  
 prostrate. With चप् prefixed, 1. To hold, to support. 2. To hang  
 from or on, to depend from. 3. To rest upon. 4. To hang with  
 head downwards. With चाप्, To trust in, to depend on. With  
 वि, 1. To hang from. 2. To decline, to set. 3. To stay, to remain.  
 4. To delay, to detain. With उद्, To stand erect.  
 लप् mfn. (-लपः-लपः) Gained, acquired, obtained, received. f. (-लपः) A  
 woman whose husband or lover is faithless. ३. लप् to get, aff. ल ।  
 लप्सितम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Recovered, restored to one's senses, come  
 to a right mind. ३. लप्, and चेतम् intellect.  
 लप्सजन्म mfn. (-जन्म-जन्म) Born. ३. लप्, and जन्मन् birth.  
 लप्सधन mfn. (-धनः-धनः) Wealthy. ३. लप्, धन wealth. [proper person.  
 लप्सप्रयत्न n. (-नः) 1. Securing what has been obtained. 2. Bestowing on  
 लप्सलक्ष्य mfn. (-लक्ष्यः-लक्ष्यः) 1. One who has hit the mark. 2. Skilled in  
 the use of missiles. [celebrity.  
 लप्सवर्ण mfn. (-वर्णः-वर्णः) Sage, learned, a Pandit. ३. लप्, वर्ण praise,  
 लप्सविद्य mfn. (-विद्यः-विद्यः) Learned. ३. लप्, and विद्या knowledge.  
 लप्ससंज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञः) Revived, recovered from fainting. ३. लप्, संज्ञ  
 consciousness. [got admission.  
 लप्सकार Adj. 1. One who has found an opportunity. 2. One who has  
 लप्सवकाश mfn. (-वकाशः-वकाशः) Having found an opportunity or interval.  
 ३. लप्, अवकाश opportunity. [ent, (in math )  
 लप्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Acquisition. 2. Gain, profit, advantage. 3. The quoti-  
 लप्तिम् mfn. (-मः-मा-मः) Obtained. ३. लप् to gain, लप्तिम् aff.  
 लप्ति Ind. Having gained or got. ३. लप् to get, लप्ति aff.  
 लप् (लु, लप्) लुलभप् r. 1st cl. (लुलभते) 1. To obtain, to get or gain. 2. To  
 find. 3. To be able, to be permitted. 4. To recover. 5. To know.  
 With चप्, 1. To touch. 2. To offer as a sacrifice. 3. To attain.  
 With उप, 1. To attain. 2. To perceive, to see. With लप् and चप्  
 prefixed, 1. To blame. 2. To learn. With प्रति, To gain or regain.  
 With वि and प्र, 1. To cheat. 2. To insult. 3. To recover. With सम्,  
 To obtain. Caus (लप्ति-ति-ने) 1. To give. 2. To receive. 3. To dis-  
 cover. 4. To cause to take. 5. To cause to suffer. Desid. (लप्ति-ने) To  
 long for. (र) लप्ति r. 1st cl. (लप्ति) 1. To sound. 2. To injure. 3. To  
 revile. 4. To gain. With उप prefixed, 1. To apprehend, to under-  
 stand. 2. To delay. With उद् and चाप्, To revile, to abuse.  
 लप्ति n. (-नः) The act of obtaining or conceiving.  
 लप्ति n. (-सः) 1. Wealth. 2. A solicitor, one who asks or solicits.  
 n. (-सः) A horse's foot-rope. ३. लप् to get, Una'di aff. लप्ति ।  
 लप्ति mfn. (-लप्तिः-लप्तिः) 1. Attainable, procurable. 2. Fit, right, pro-  
 per. ३. लप् to get, aff. यन् । [र changed to ल ।  
 लप्ति m. (-कः) A lover, a gallant. ३. रप् to sport, Una'di aff. लप्ति, and

लप्ति m. (-टः) 1. A lecher, a libertine, a whore-monger, a gallant.  
 2. The Bakula tree. f. (-टः) Greedy. [with ल लप्तिम्  
 लप्तिता f. (-ता) Libertinism, dissoluteness. ३. लप्ति and लप्ति aff. ; also  
 लप्ति m. (-कः) 1. A country, the district of Lamghan in Ca'bul. 2.  
 A libertine, a lecher. [Musulma'na.  
 लप्तिपट्ट m. (-पट्टः) A kettle-drum, a state-drum, the Na'kara' of the  
 लप्ति m. (-पट्टः) A leap, a jump.  
 लप्ति mfn. (-लप्तिः-लप्तिः) 1. Spacious, capacious. 2. Great, large, broad,  
 long, expanded either in breadth or length, or both. 3. Pendu-  
 lous, depending. m. (-लप्तिः) 1. A bribe, a present. 2. Moving a man  
 at a sort of backgammon or draughts. 3. A perpendicular, (in geo-  
 metry.) 4. (In astronomy,) The arc between the pole and zenith of  
 any place. f. (-लप्तिः) 1. A name of LAKSHMI'. 2. A name of GAUNI'  
 or DURGA'. 3. A bitter gourd. ३. लप्ति to fall, to sound, aff. लप् ।  
 लप्ति m. (-कः) 1. A section, a chapter. 2. A perpendicular, (in geometry)  
 3. The complement of latitude. ३. लप्ति to fall, लप्ति aff.  
 लप्तिवर्ण m. (-वर्णः) 1. A goat. 2. An elephant. 3. A goblin or Ra'khasa.  
 4. A tree, (Alangium hexapetalum.) 5. A haro. 6. An ass. 7. A  
 name of GAN'ES'S'A. ३. लप्ति large or pendulous, and लप्ति the ear.  
 लप्ति f. (-ज्या) Sine or cosine of the latitude. ३. लप्ति, and ज्या sine.  
 लप्ति n. (-नः) 1. Depending, descending, falling. 2. A long neck-  
 lace, one which depends from the neck to the navel. 3. Parallax in  
 longitude, (of the moon.) m. (-नः) 1. Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour.  
 2. An epithet of S'IVA. ३. लप्ति to fall, &c., aff. लप्ति ।  
 लप्तिमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Depending, descending, hanging or falling,  
 going down. 2. Being large or bulky. ३. लप्ति to fall, &c., and शान्ति  
 aff., लप्ति augment. [लप्ति, fem. form.  
 लप्ति f. (-कः) The uvula or soft palate. ३. लप्ति to hang down, aff.  
 लप्ति mfn. (-नः-ता-तं) 1. Suspended, depending, falling or hanging  
 down. 2. Gone down. 3. Resting on. ३. लप्ति to fall down, aff. ल ।  
 लप्ति f. (-वा) A necklace or seven strings. ३. लप्ति to depend, लप्ति aff.  
 लप्तिदर m. (-रः) 1. A name of GAN'ES'S'A. 2. A glutton. ३. लप्ति large,  
 and लप्ति the belly.  
 लप्ति m. (-डः) A camel. ३. लप्ति large, लप्ति a lip.  
 लप्ति m. (-मः) 1. Acquirement. 2. Gain. 3. Recovery.  
 लप्ति n. (-नः) 1. Abuse, reviling. 2. Gaining, getting. ३. लप्ति to sound,  
 &c., aff. लप्ति ।  
 लप्तिम् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Causing to get, procuring, producing. ३.  
 लप्ति to get, causal v., लप्ति aff.  
 लप्ति f. (-ता) A sort of chain enclosure or fence.  
 लप्ति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Caused to get, given to, procured for. 2. Ap-  
 plied to, employed. 3. Spoken to, addressed. 4. Heightened, im-  
 proved, rendered more perfect or intenso. 5. Cherished. 6. Gained.  
 7. Abused. ३. लप्ति to gain, causal form, or लप्ति to revile, लप्ति aff.  
 लप्ति r. 1st cl. (लपति) To go, to move.  
 लप्ति m. (-यः) 1. Equal time in music and dancing. 2. Adherence, union.  
 3. Fusion, solution, absorption. 4. Concentration, exclusive devo-  
 tion. 5. Rest, repose. 6. Mental inactivity. 7. An embrace. 8. Des-  
 truction. 9. A house, a dwelling. 10. Sport, pastime. n. (-यः) 1. The  
 root of the Andropogon muricatum. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Fusi-  
 on, melting. ३. लप्ति adhere to, &c., aff. लप्ति ।  
 लप्ति n. (-नः) 1. Adhering, clinging. 2. Rest, repose. 3. A house.  
 लप्तिपुत्री f. (-पुत्री) An actress, a female dancer. ३. लप्ति-equal time in music,  
 पुत्री daughter.  
 लप्तिमन् m. (-मन्) An actor, a dancer, a mime. ३. लप्ति equal time, &c.,  
 and लप्तिमन् who moves to ; it also occurs लप्तिमन् and लप्तिमन् ।  
 लप्ति r. 1st cl. (लपति) To go, to move ; also लप्ति ।  
 लप्ति r. 1st cl. (लपति-ने) 1. To sport, to dally. 2. To loll, as the tongue,  
 &c. ; see लप्ति, of which it is considered as a various reading only.  
 r. 10th cl. (लप्ति-ने) 1. To desire, to wish for, to seek to obtain.

2. To sport, to wanton. 3. To lay. 4. To fondle. (ललयति-ते) 1. To desire. 2. To loll the tongue.  
 लल mfn. (-ल-ला ल) 1. Sporting, frolicking. 2. Lolling, wagging. 3. Wishing, desirous. ४. लल or लल to sport, लल aff.  
 लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Fierce, savage, (as a beast of prey, &c.) m. (ल) 1. A camel. 2. A dog. ३. लल lapping, licking, लल the tongue.  
 लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल-ल) 1. Shaking, tremulous. 2. Licking, lapping, stirring or touching with the tongue, lolling the tongue, &c. 2. Wantoning, dallying. ३. लल to loll, to frolic, &c., aff. लल, and ल changed to ल। [water, "लल्लोकि च।"  
 लल m. (-ल-ल) A flower, (Nerium odorum.) ३. लल trembling, लल लल n. (ल) 1. Pleasure, sport, pastime. 2. Lolling the tongue. m. (ल) The Sal tree. f. (-ल) 1. A woman in general. 2. A wanton woman. 3. The tongue. ३. लल to frolic, &c., aff. लल, and ल changed to ल।  
 ललिका f. (-ल) A little woman.  
 ललिका f. (-ल) 1. A necklace hanging as low as the navel. 2. A lizard. ३. ललल sporting, lolling, &c. fem form, लल added.  
 लल m. (-ल) The penis. ३. लल to frolic, aff. लल, and ल changed to ल।  
 लल n. (-ल) The forehead. ३. लल wish or dalliance, from लल with लल aff., लल to go or be, aff. लल; also with लल added लललक n. (-ल)।  
 ललल n. (-ल) The slope of the forehead. ३. ललल, and लल a bank.  
 ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Burning the forehead, (as the sun.) m. (-ल) The sun. ३. ललल the forehead, लल to scorch or inflame, aff. लल।  
 ललल n. (-ल) 1. A tiara, a fillet. 2. The flat surface of the forehead. ३. ललल, and लल a cloth or any flat surface.  
 लललक n. (-ल) The open forehead. ३. ललल, and ललक a plank.  
 ललल्लिका f. (-ल) 1. A line on the forehead, supposed to indicate long life. 2. A wrinkled or corrugated brow. 3. A coloured sectarian mark on the forehead. ३. ललल the forehead, ललल a line.  
 लललिका f. (-ल) 1. An ornament worn on the forehead, a jewel or star suspended there, or a kind of tiara bound over it. 2. A mark made with sandal, &c., on the forehead. ३. ललल and लल aff., fem. form.  
 ललल m. (-ल) Adj. Having a handsome forehead.  
 ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Beautiful, agreeable, charming, (in this sense some authorities confine it to the neuter gender, and to its use compounded with another word) n. (-ल) 1. A mark or sign. 2. A banner, a flag, a symbol or ensign. 3. A mark on the forehead. 4. A horn. 5. A tail. 6. Majesty, dignity. 7. Chief, principal. 8. A horse. 9. An ornament. 10. A horse's ornament. 11. A coloured mark on the forehead of a horse or bull, &c. 12. A mane. 13. A line, a row. f. (-ल) 1. Charming. 2. An ornament worn on the ear. ३. लल to play, &c., aff. लल, लल to go, to contribute to or occasion, aff. लल; also with लल aff. ललल।  
 ललल n. (-ल) A chaplet of flowers falling over the forehead. ३. ललल a mark on the forehead, लल aff. of comparison.  
 ललल n. (-ल) 1. A mark or sign, &c.: see ललल 2. A species of stanza having ten syllables in the first two Pa'das, eleven in the third, and thirteen in the fourth. 3. An ornament, a decoration. 4. A banner, a flag. 5. A sectarian mark. 6. A tail. 7. Anything the best of its kind : see ललल।  
 ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Beautiful, lovely. 3. Wanton, dallying. 4. Shaken, trembling, tremulous. 5. Graceful. 6. Gay, cheerful, careless. 7. Slow, gentle. 8. Destroyed. n. (ल) 1. A branch of feminine action, arising from the passion or sentiment of love, and expressive of satisfaction and triumph; softness and delicacy of gesture or motion, putting on appropriate ornaments, &c. 2. Love of pleasure and gaiety. 3. Sport, dalliance. 4. Beauty, charm. 5. Simplicity, innocence. f. (-ल) 1. Musk. 2. A woman in general. 3. A wanton. ३. लल to frolic, &c., or लल to desire, aff. ल; in the first case, ल changed to ल।

ललितपद Adj. Elegantly composed.

ललितप्रहार m. (-ल) A gentle blow.

ललितार्थ n. (-ल) Having an amorous meaning.

ललितसप्तमी f. (-ल) The seventh day of the first-half of Bhādrapada.

लल m. (-ल) 1. Cutting. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Reaping. 4. Small, little; (according to some authorities, this when used attributively changes its gender, making लल-लल-लल; according to others it is invariably masc.) 5. Smallness, littleness. 6. A minute division of time, the sixtieth part of the twinkling of an eye. 7. A larger division of time, two Ka'sht'has or 36 twinkling of the eye, or about  $\frac{1}{2}$  a second. 8. One of the twin sons of RA'MACHANDRA, by S'ITA, born after she had been abandoned by her husband and brought up at the hermitage of VALMUKI. 9. A kind of quail. 10. Hair, wool, &c.; that which is cut or shorn from domestic animals. 11. (In arithmetic.) The numerator of a fraction. 12. A degree, (in astronomy.) 13. Sport. 14. Plucking, mowing. 15. A section, a fragment. n. (ल) 1. The nutmeg. 2. Cloves. ३. लू to cut, aff. लल।

लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Who or what cuts, reaps, &c. ३. लू to cut, लल aff.

लल m. (-ल) The clove tree, (Myristica caryophyllata.) n. (-ल) Cloves. ३. लू to cut, Una'di aff. लल; also with लल added, ललल।

लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) 1. Salt, saline. 2. Handsome, beautiful. n. (-ल) 1. Sea-salt. 2. Rock or fossil salt. 3. Facitious salt, or salt obtained by boiling clay found near the sea-shore, or any earth impregnated with saline particles. m. (-ल) 1. The saline or salt taste, saltiness. 2. The sea of salt-water. 4. The name of a Rākshasa mentioned in the Rāmāyana. f. (-ल) 1. Saline, briny. 2. Light, lustre, beauty. 3. A small river in Tirhut. ३. लू to cut, (ravenous, or to assist digestion,) aff. लल, and the final letter made nasal by special rule.

ललल m. (-ल) A salt mine in general, or the district of Sa'mbhar in Ajmere, celebrated for its fossil salt. ३. ललल salt, ललल a mine.

लललल m. (-ल) The sea of salt water. ३. ललल, ललल ocean. [mine.

लललल m. (-ल) 1. A salt mine. 2. A mine of beauty. ३. ललल, ललल a लललल m. (-ल) 1. Saltiness. 2. Beauty, loveliness.

लललल n. (-ल) 1. Nitre. 2. Rock or river salt. ३. ललल salt, ललल best.

लललल m. (-ल) The sea of salt-water. n. (-ल) Brine. ३. ललल, लल water.

लल n. (-ल) 1. Reaping. 2. Cutting. f. (-ल) A coarse kind of custard-apple, (Annona reticulata) "ललल ललल।" ३. लू to cut, aff. लल।

लल It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "a little."

ललल f. (-ल) A kind of tree, (Averrhoa acid.) "ललल ललल।"

ललल Ind. Piece meal, in pieces. ३. लल a bit, and लल aff.

ललल m. (-ल) A sickle or reaping-hook. ३. लू to cut, Una'di aff. ललल।

लललल n. (-ल) A sickle, a reaping-hook. ३. लू to cut, ललल Una'di aff.

लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Cutting, edged, sharp, (as an instrument, &c.) ३. लू to cut, Una'di aff. लल।

ललल n. (-ल) A sickle, a small reaping hook. ३. लू to cut, aff. लल।

ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Wishing to cut or reap. ३. लल and लल desirous.

लल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) To be cut. ३. लू to cut, लल aff.

लल r. 10th cl. (लललल-ते) To be skilful or clever, to do any thing skilfully and scientifically. (This root is sometimes written लल or लल).

लल n. (-ल) Garlic. ३. लल to eat, Una'di aff. लल, and लल substituted for the root; also with the vowel of the aff. long, लल n. (-ल).

ललल mfn. (-ल-ल-ल) Garlicky. n. (-ल) Cat's-eye. ३. लल and लल aff.

लल r. 1st and 4th cls. (ललल-ते or लललल-ते) To desire, to like, to love. (लल is usually prefixed.) r. 10th cl. (लललल-ते) To be skilful.

लल m. (-ल) A dancer, an actor. ३. लल to be skilled in any art, (as dancing, &c.) and लल Una'di aff.

लल r. 1st cl. (ललल) 1. To embrace. 2. To sport or play. 3. To glitter. 4. To arise. With लल, 1. To glitter. 2. To appear. 3. To blow, to

लताक m. (-कः) A green onion. E. लता a creeper, लत to heat, aff. वच् ।  
 लतालक m. (-कः) An elephant. E. लता a creeper, and लक a curl.  
 लतावेष्टन n. (-नः) Embracing, an embrace. E. लता, वेष्टन surrounding.  
 लतावेष्टितक m. (-कः) An embrace, embracing. E. लता a creeper, (like it),  
 वेष्टित a surrounding or enfolding, aff. कच् ।  
 लताशङ्ख m. (-ङ्खः) The Sa'l tree, (Shorea robusta.) This word is else-  
 where read लताशङ्ख or लताशङ्ख and शङ्खलता ।  
 लतिका f. (-का) A twining plant. E. लता the same, लच् aff., fem. form.  
 ललिका f. (-का) A lizard, E. लत a Sautra root, to hurt, लिकन् Una'di aff.  
 लप् (-लप्) लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) To speak, to utter. With लप् prefixed. 1.  
 To talk like, to mimic. 2. To repeat. With लप्, To deny. With  
 लप्, To address, to speak to. With लप्, To talk incoherently.  
 With लप्, To gain, to get. With लप्, To lament, to bewail. With  
 लप् and लप्, To contradict, to dispute. With लप्, 1. To converse, to  
 discourse. 2. To be cunning or crafty.  
 लपन n. (-नः) The mouth. 2. Talking. E. लप् to speak, लप् aff. of the  
 instrument or act. [speak, aff. ल ।  
 लपित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Spoken, said. n. (-तः) Voice or speech. E. लप् to  
 लप् (-लप्) लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) 1. To sound. 2. To fall or tumble, to be  
 prostrate. With लप् prefixed, 1. To hold, to support. 2. To hang  
 from or on, to depend from. 3. To rest upon. 4. To hang with  
 head downwards. With लप्, To trust in, to depend on. With  
 लप्, 1. To hang from. 2. To decline, to set. 3. To stay, to remain.  
 4. To delay, to detain. With लप्, To stand erect.  
 लप् mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) Gained, acquired, obtained, received. f. (-लप्) A  
 woman whose husband or lover is faithless. E. लप् to get, aff. ल ।  
 लप्चितम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Recovered, restored to one's senses, come  
 to a right mind. E. लप्, and चितम् intellect.  
 लप्चयन् mfn. (-यन्-या-यन्) Born. E. लप्, and चयन् birth.  
 लप्चयन mfn. (-यन्-या-यन्) Wealthy. E. लप्चयन wealth. [proper person.  
 लप्चयनन n. (-नः) 1. Securing what has been obtained. 2. Bestowing on  
 लप्चयन mfn. (-यन्-या-यन्) 1. One who has hit the mark. 2. Skilled in  
 the use of missiles. [celebrity.  
 लप्चयन् mfn. (-यन्-या-यन्) Sage, learned, a Pandit. E. लप् got, लप्चयन् praise.  
 लप्चयन् mfn. (-यन्-या-यन्) Learned. E. लप्चयन् and विद्या knowledge.  
 लप्चयन् mfn. (-यन्-या-यन्) Revived, recovered from fainting. E. लप्चयन्, संज्ञा  
 consciousness. [got admission.  
 लप्चयन् Adj. 1. One who has found an opportunity. 2. One who has  
 लप्चयन् mfn. (-यन्-या-यन्) Having found an opportunity or interval.  
 E. लप्चयन्, अवकाश opportunity. [ent, (in math.)  
 लप्चि f. (-चिः) 1. Acquisition. 2. Gain, profit, advantage. 3. The quoti-  
 लप्चिम mfn. (-मः-मा-मः) Obtained. E. लप्चि to gain, लप्चि aff.  
 लप्चि Ind. Having gained or got. E. लप्चि to get, लप्चि aff.  
 लप्चि (लु, लप्चि) लप्चि r. 1st cl. (लप्चि) 1. To obtain, to get or gain. 2. To  
 find. 3. To be able, to be permitted. 4. To recover. 5. To know.  
 With लप्चि, 1. To touch. 2. To offer as a sacrifice. 3. To attain.  
 With लप्चि, 1. To attain. 2. To perceive, to see. With लप्चि and लप्चि  
 prefixed, 1. To blame. 2. To learn. With लप्चि, To gain or regain.  
 With लप्चि and लप्चि, 1. To cheat. 2. To insult. 3. To recover. With लप्चि,  
 To obtain. Caus. (लप्चयति-ने) 1. To give. 2. To receive. 3. To dis-  
 cover. 4. To cause to take. 5. To cause to suffer. Desid. (लप्चये) To  
 long for. (लु) लप्चि r. 1st cl. (लप्चि) 1. To sound. 2. To injure. 3. To  
 revile. 4. To gain. With लप्चि prefixed, 1. To apprehend, to under-  
 stand. 2. To delay. With लप्चि and लप्चि, To revile, to abuse.  
 लप्चन n. (-नः) The act of obtaining or conceiving.  
 लप्चन m. (-नः) 1. Wealth. 2. A solicitor, one who asks or solicits.  
 n. (-नः) A horse's foot-rope. E. लप्चि to get, Una'di aff. लप्चि ।  
 लप्चि mfn. (-लप्चि-लप्चि-लप्चि) 1. Attainable, procurable. 2. Fit, right, pro-  
 per. E. लप्चि to get, aff. यच् । [र changed to ल ।  
 लप्चि m. (-लप्चिः) A lover, a gallant. E. लप्चि to sport, Una'di aff. लप्चि, and

लप्चि m. (-लप्चिः) 1. A lecher, a libertine, a whore-monger, a gallant.  
 2. The Bakula tree. f. (-लप्चिः) Greedy. [with लप्चि लप्चि  
 लप्चिता f. (-ता) Libertinism, dissoluteness. E. लप्चि and लप्चि aff. ; also  
 लप्चि m. (-लप्चिः) 1. A country, the district of Lamghan in Ca'bul. 2.  
 A libertine, a lecher. [Mussolma'ns.  
 लप्चिपट्ट m. (-पट्टः) A kettle-drum, a state-drum, the Na'kara' of the  
 लप्चि m. (-लप्चिः) A leap, a jump.  
 लप्चि mfn. (-लप्चि-लप्चि-लप्चि) 1. Spacious, capacious. 2. Great, large, broad,  
 long, expanded either in breadth or length, or both. 3. Pendu-  
 lous, depending. m. (-लप्चिः) 1. A bribe, a present. 2. Moving a man  
 at a sort of backgammon or draughts. 3. A perpendicular, (in geo-  
 metry.) 4. (In astronomy,) The arc between the pole and zenith of  
 any place. f. (-लप्चिः) 1. A name of LAKSHMI'. 2. A name of GAURI'  
 or DURGA'. 3. A bitter gourd. E. लप्चि to fall, to sound, aff. लप्चि ।  
 लप्चि m. (-लप्चिः) 1. A section, a chapter. 2. A perpendicular, (in geometry.)  
 3. The complement of latitude. E. लप्चि to fall, लप्चि aff.  
 लप्चिकर्ष m. (-लप्चिः) 1. A goat. 2. An elephant. 3. A goblin or Rakshasa.  
 4. A tree, (Mangium hexapetalum.) 5. A hare. 6. An ass. 7. A  
 name of GAN'ES'S'A. E. लप्चि large or pendulous, and लप्चि the ear.  
 लप्चि f. (-लप्चिः) Sine or cosine of the latitude. E. लप्चि, and लप्चि sine.  
 लप्चि n. (-लप्चिः) 1. Depending, descending, falling. 2. A long necklace,  
 one which depends from the neck to the navel. 3. Parallax in  
 longitude, (of the moon.) m. (-लप्चिः) 1. Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour.  
 2. An epithet of S'IVA. E. लप्चि to fall, &c., aff. लप्चि ।  
 लप्चिमान mfn. (-मन्-मा-मन्) 1. Depending, descending, hanging or falling,  
 going down. 2. Being large or bulky. E. लप्चि to fall, &c., and लप्चि  
 aff., लप्चि augment. [लप्चि, fem. form.  
 लप्चिका f. (-का) The uvula or soft palate. E. लप्चि to hang down, aff.  
 लप्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Suspended, depending, falling or hanging  
 down. 2. Gone down. 3. Resting on. E. लप्चि to fall down, aff. ल ।  
 लप्चि f. (-लप्चिः) A necklace or seven strings. E. लप्चि to depend, लप्चि aff.  
 लप्चिदर m. (-दरः) 1. A name of GAN'ES'S'A. 2. A glutton. E. लप्चि large,  
 and लप्चि the belly.  
 लप्चि m. (-लप्चिः) A camel. E. लप्चि large, लप्चि a lip.  
 लप्चि m. (-लप्चिः) 1. Acquirement. 2. Gain. 3. Recovery.  
 लप्चि n. (-लप्चिः) 1. Abuse, reviling. 2. Gaining, getting. E. लप्चि to sound,  
 &c., aff. लप्चि ।  
 लप्चियन् mfn. (-यन्-या-यन्) Causing to get, procuring, producing. E.  
 लप्चि to get, causal v., लप्चि aff.  
 लप्चि f. (-लप्चिः) A sort of chain enclosure or fence.  
 लप्चित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Caused to get, given to, procured for. 2. Ap-  
 plied to, employed. 3. Spoken to, addressed. 4. Heightened, im-  
 proved, rendered more perfect or intonso. 5. Cherished. 6. Gained.  
 7. Abused. E. लप्चि to gain, causal form, or लप्चि to revile, लप्चि aff.  
 लप्चि r. 1st cl. (लपति) To go, to move.  
 लप्चि m. (-लप्चिः) 1. Equal time in music and dancing. 2. Adherence, union.  
 3. Fusion, solution, absorption. 4. Concentration, exclusive devo-  
 tion. 5. Rest, repose. 6. Mental inactivity. 7. An embrace. 8. Des-  
 truction. 9. A house, a dwelling. 10. Sport, pastime. n. (-लप्चिः) 1. The  
 root of the Andropogon muricatum. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Fusi-  
 on, melting. E. लप्चि adhere to, &c., aff. लप्चि ।  
 लप्चि n. (-लप्चिः) 1. Adhering, clinging. 2. Rest, repose. 3. A house.  
 लप्चिपुत्री f. (-पुत्री) An actress, a female dancer. E. लप्चि-equal time in music,  
 पुत्री daughter.  
 लप्चिलम् m. (-लप्चिः) An actor, a dancer, a mime. E. लप्चि equal time, &c.,  
 and लप्चिलम् who moves to ; it also occurs लप्चिलम् and लप्चिलम् ।  
 लप्चि r. 1st cl. (लपति) To go, to move ; also लप्चि ।  
 लप्चि r. 1st cl. (लपति-ने) 1. To sport, to dally. 2. To loll, as the tongue,  
 &c. ; see लप्चि, of which it is considered as a various reading only.  
 r. 10th cl. (लपयति-ने) 1. To desire, to wish for, to seek to obtain



2. To sport, to wanton. 3. To lay. 4. To fondle. (ललयति-ने) 1. To desire. 2. To loll the tongue.  
 लल mfn. (-लः-ला ल) 1. Sporting, frolicking. 2. Lolling, wagging. 3. Wishing, desirous. ४. लल or लल, to sport, लल aff.  
 ललित mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Fierce, savage, (as a beast of prey, &c.) m. (लः) 1. A camel. 2. A dog. ३. लल lapping, licking, लल the tongue.  
 लल mfn. (-लन्-लनी-लन्) 1. Shaking, tremulous. 2. Licking, lapping, stirring or touching with the tongue, lolling the tongue, &c. 2. Wantoning, dallying. ३. लल to loll, to frolic, &c., aff. लल, and ल changed to ल। [water, "ललपति च।"  
 लल m. (-लः) A flower, (Nerium odorum.) ३. लल trembling, लल  
 लल n. (लः) 1. Pleasure, sport, pastime. 2. Lolling the tongue. m. (लः) The Sal tree. f. (-ला) 1. A woman in general. 2. A wanton woman. 3. The tongue. ३. लल to frolic, &c., aff. लल, and ल changed to ल।  
 ललिका f. (-का) A little woman.  
 ललिका f. (का) 1. A necklace hanging as low as the navel. 2. A lizard. ३. ललित sporting, lolling, &c. fem form, लल added.  
 लल m. (-लः) The penis. ३. लल to frolic, aff. लल, and ल changed to ल।  
 लल n. (-लः) The forehead. ३. लल wish or dalliance, from लल with लल aff., लल to go or be, aff. लल; also with लल added लललक n. (-कः)।  
 ललल n. (-लः) The slope of the forehead. ३. ललल, and लल a bank.  
 ललल mfn. (-लः-लल-ल) Burning the forehead, (as the sun.) m. (-लः) The sun. ३. ललल the forehead, लल to scorch or inflame, aff. लल।  
 ललल n. (लः) 1. A tiara, a fillet. 2. The flat surface of the forehead. ३. ललल, and लल a cloth or any flat surface.  
 लललक n. (-कः) The open forehead. ३. ललल, and ललक a plank.  
 ललल f. (-ला) 1. A line on the forehead, supposed to indicate long life. 2. A wrinkled or corrugated brow. 3. A coloured sectarian mark on the forehead. ३. ललल the forehead, लल a line.  
 ललल f. (-का) 1. An ornament worn on the forehead, a jewel or star suspended there, or a kind of tiara bound over it. 2. A mark made with sandal, &c., on the forehead. ३. ललल and लल aff., fem. form.  
 ललल f. (-ला) Adj. Having a handsome forehead.  
 लल mfn. (-लः-लल-ल) Beautiful, agreeable, charming, (in this sense some authorities confine it to the neuter gender, and to its use compounded with another word) n. (-लः) 1. A mark or sign. 2. A banner, a flag, a symbol or ensign. 3. A mark on the forehead. 4. A horn. 5. A tail. 6. Majesty, dignity. 7. Chief, principal. 8. A horse. 9. An ornament. 10. A horse's ornament. 11. A coloured mark on the forehead of a horse or bull, &c. 12. A mane. 13. A line, a row. f. (-नी) १. Charming. 2. An ornament worn on the ear. ३. लल to play, &c., aff. लल, लल to go, to contribute to or occasion, aff. लल; also with लल aff. ललल।  
 ललल n. (लः) A chaplet of flowers falling over the forehead. ३. ललल a mark on the forehead, लल aff. of comparison.  
 ललल n. (-लः) 1. A mark or sign, &c.: see ललल 2. A species of stanza having ten syllables in the first two Pa'das, eleven in the third, and thirteen in the fourth. 3. An ornament, a decoration. 4. A banner, a flag. 5. A sectarian mark. 6. A tail. 7. Anything the best of its kind : see ललल।  
 लल mfn. (-लः-लल-ल) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Beautiful, lovely. 3. Wanton, dallying. 4. Shaken, trembling, tremulous. 5. Graceful. 6. Gay, cheerful, careless. 7. Slow, gentle. 8. Destroyed. n. (लः) 1. A branch of feminine action, arising from the passion or sentiment of love, and expressive of satisfaction and triumph; softness and delicacy of gesture or motion, putting on appropriate ornaments, &c. 2. Love of pleasure and gaiety. 3. Sport, dalliance. 4. Beauty, charm. 5. Simplicity, innocence. f. (-ला) 1. Musk. 2. A woman in general. 3. A wanton. ३. लल to frolic, &c., or लल to desire, aff. लल; in the first case, ल changed to ल।

ललितपद Adj. Elegantly composed.

ललितप्रहार m. (-रः) A gentle blow.

ललितार्थ n. (-र्थः) Having an amorous meaning.

ललितसप्तमी f. (-मी) The seventh day of the first-half of Bhādrapada.

लल m. (-लः) 1. Cutting. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Reaping. 4. Small, little; (according to some authorities, this when used attributively changes its gender, making ललः-लला-लल; according to others it is invariably masc.) 5. Smallness, littleness. 6. A minute division of time, the sixtieth part of the twinkling of an eye. 7. A larger division of time, two Ka'sht'has or 36 twinkling of the eye, or about  $\frac{1}{2}$  a second. 8. One of the twin sons of RA'MACHANDRA, by S'ITA', born after she had been abandoned by her husband and brought up at the hermitage of VALMIKI 9. A kind of quail. 10. Hair, wool, &c.; that which is cut or shorn from domestic animals. 11. (In arithmetic.) The numerator of a fraction. 12. A degree, (in astronomy.) 13. Sport. 14. Plucking, mowing. 15. A section, a fragment. n. (-लः) 1. The nutmeg. 2. Cloves. ३. लल to cut, aff. लल।

ललक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Who or what cuts, reaps, &c. ३. लल to cut, लल aff.

लल m. (लः) The clove tree, (Myristica caryophyllata.) n. (-लः) Cloves. ३. लल to cut, Una'di aff. लल; also with लल added, ललल।

लल mfn. (-लः-लल-ल) 1. Salt, saline. 2. Handsome, beautiful. n. (-लः) 1. Sea-salt. 2. Rock or fossil salt. 3. Facitious salt, or salt obtained by boiling clay found near the sea-shore, or any earth impregnated with saline particles. m. (-लः) 1. The saline or salt taste, saltiness. 2. The sea of salt-water. 4. The name of a Rakshasa mentioned in the Ra'ma'yana. f. (-लः) 1. Saline, briny. 2. Light, lustre, beauty. 3. A small river in Tirhut. ३. लल to cut, (rawness, or to assist digestion,) aff. लल, and the final letter made nasal by special rule.

ललललल m. (-लः) A salt mine in general, or the district of Sa'mblhar in Ajmere, celebrated for its fossil salt. ३. ललल salt, ललल a mine.

ललललल m. (-लः) The sea of salt water ३. ललल, ललल ocean. [mine.

लललल m. (-लः) 1. A salt mine. 2. A mine of beauty. ३. ललल, ललल a

ललललल m. (-लः) 1. Saltiness. 2. Beauty, loveliness.

ललललल n. (-लः) 1. Nitre. 2. Rock or river salt. ३. ललल salt, ललल best.

लललल m. (-लः) The sea of salt-water. n. (-लः) Brine. ३. ललल, लल water.

ललल n. (-लः) 1. Reaping. 2. Cutting. f. (-नी) A coarse kind of custard-apple, (Annona reticulata) "ललल ललल।" ३. लल to cut, aff. लल।

ललल It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "a little."

ललली f. (ली) A kind of tree, (Averrhoa acid.) "नीलाङ्गुली।"

लललल Ind. Piece meal, in pieces. ३. लल a bit, and लल aff.

ललल m. (-कः) A sickle or reaping-hook. ३. लल to cut, Una'di aff. ललल।

लललल m. (-कः) A sickle, a reaping-hook. ३. लल to cut, ललल Una'di aff.

लल mfn. (लः-लल-ल) Cutting, edged, sharp, (as an instrument, &c.) ३. लल to cut, Una'di aff. लल।

ललल n. (लः) A sickle, a small reaping hook. ३. लल to cut, aff. लल।

ललल mfn. (-लः-लल-ल) Wishing to cut or reap. ३. लल and लल desirous.

लल mfn. (लः-लल-ल) To be cut. ३. लल to cut, लल aff.

लल r. 10th cl. (ललललल-ने) To be skilful or clever, to do any thing skilfully and scientifically. (This root is sometimes written लल or लल).

ललल n. (-लः) Garlic. ३. लल to eat, Una'di aff. ललल, and लल substituted for the root; also with the vowel of the aff. long, ललल n. (-लः).

लललीय mfn. (-लः-लल-ल) Garlicky. n. (-लः) Cat's-eye. ३. ललल and लल aff.

लल r. 1st and 4th cls. (लललल-ने or लललल-ने) To desire, to like, to love. (लल is usually prefixed.) r. 10th cl. (ललललल-ने) To be skilful.

लल m. (-लः) A dancer, an actor. ३. लल to be skilled in any art, (as dancing, &c.) and लल Una'di aff.

लल r. 1st cl. (ललल) 1. To embrace. 2. To sport or play. 3. To glitter. 4. To arise. With लल, 1. To glitter. 2. To appear. 3. To blow, to

लताक m. (-कः) A green onion. E. लता a creeper, लता to heat, aff. लब्.   
 लतालक m. (-कः) An elephant. E. लता a creeper, and लतालक a curl.   
 लतावेष्टन n. (-नः) Embracing, an embrace. E. लता, वेष्टन surrounding.   
 लतावेष्टितक m. (-कः) An embrace, embracing. E. लता a creeper, (like it),   
 वेष्टित a surrounding or enfolding, aff. लब्.   
 लताशङ्ख m. (-ङ्खः) The Sa'l tree, (Shorea robusta.) This word is else-   
 where read लताशङ्ख or लताशङ्ख and शङ्खलता.   
 लतिका f. (-का) A twining plant. E. लता the same, लब् aff., fem. form.   
 लतिका f. (-का) A lizard. E. लता a Sautra root, to hurt, लतिका Una'di aff.   
 लप् (-लप्) लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) To speak, to utter. With लप् prefixed. 1.   
 To talk like, to mimic. 2. To repeat. With लप्, To deny. With   
 लप्, To address, to speak to. With लप्, To talk incoherently.   
 With लप्, To gain, to get. With लप्, To lament, to bewail. With   
 लप् and लप्, To contradict, to dispute. With लप्, 1. To converse, to   
 discourse. 2. To be cunning or crafty.   
 लपन n. (-नः) The mouth. 2. Talking. E. लप् to speak, लप् aff. of the   
 instrument or act. [speak, aff. लप्]   
 लपित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Spoken, said. n. (-तः) Voice or speech. E. लप् to   
 लप् (लप्) लप् r. 1st cl. (लपति) 1. To sound. 2. To fall or tumble, to be   
 prostrate. With लप् prefixed, 1. To hold, to support. 2. To hang   
 from or on, to depend from. 3. To rest upon. 4. To hang with   
 head downwards. With लप्, To trust in, to depend on. With   
 लप्, 1. To hang from. 2. To decline, to set. 3. To stay, to remain.   
 4. To delay, to detain. With लप्, To stand erect.   
 लप् mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) Gained, acquired, obtained, received. f. (-लप्) A   
 woman whose husband or lover is faithless. E. लप् to get, aff. लप्.   
 लप्चेतस् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Recovered, restored to one's senses, come   
 to a right mind. E. लप्, and लप्चेतस् intellect.   
 लप्जनम् mfn. (-जन्-जन्-जन्) Born. E. लप्, and लप्जनम् birth.   
 लप्धन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Wealthy. E. लप्, लप्धन wealth. [proper person.   
 लप्धनम् n. (-नः) 1. Securing what has been obtained. 2. Bestowing on   
 लप्धनम् mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) 1. One who has hit the mark. 2. Skilled in   
 the use of missiles. [celebrity.   
 लप्धवर्ध mfn. (-वर्ध-वर्ध-वर्ध) Sage, learned, a Pandit. E. लप् got, लप्ध praise,   
 लप्धवर्ध mfn. (-वर्ध-वर्ध-वर्ध) Learned. E. लप् and लप्ध knowledge.   
 लप्धसंज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञ-ज्ञ-ज्ञ) Revived, recovered from fainting. E. लप्, संज्ञा   
 consciousness. [got admission.   
 लप्धकार Adj. 1. One who has found an opportunity. 2. One who has   
 लप्धकार mfn. (-कार-कार-कार) Having found an opportunity or interval.   
 E. लप्, लप्धकार opportunity. [ent, (in math)   
 लप्ध f. (-लप्) 1. Acquisition. 2. Gain, profit, advantage. 3. The quoti-   
 लप्ध mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) Obtained. E. लप् to gain, लप्ध aff.   
 लप्ध Ind. Having gained or got. E. लप् to get, लप्ध aff.   
 लप् (लप्, लप्) लप्ध r. 1st cl. (लप्ति) 1. To obtain, to get or gain. 2. To   
 find. 3. To be able, to be permitted. 4. To recover. 5. To know.   
 With लप्, 1. To touch. 2. To offer as a sacrifice. 3. To attain.   
 With लप्, 1. To attain. 2. To perceive, to see. With लप् and लप्   
 prefixed, 1. To blame. 2. To learn. With लप्, To gain or regain.   
 With लप् and लप्, 1. To cheat. 2. To insult. 3. To recover. With लप्,   
 To obtain. Caus. (लप्धयति-ने) 1. To give. 2. To receive. 3. To dis-   
 cover. 4. To cause to take. 5. To cause to suffer. Dosit. (लप्धने) To   
 long for. (लप्) लप्ध r. 1st cl. (लप्ति) 1. To sound. 2. To injure. 3. To   
 revile. 4. To gain. With लप् prefixed, 1. To apprehend, to under-   
 stand. 2. To delay. With लप् and लप्, To revile, to abuse.   
 लप्धन n. (-नः) The act of obtaining or conceiving.   
 लप्धन m. (-नः) 1. Wealth. 2. A solicitor, one who asks or solicits.   
 n. (-नः) A horse's foot-rope. E. लप् to get, Una'di aff. लप्ध.   
 लप्ध mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) 1. Attainable, procurable. 2. Fit, right, pro-   
 per. E. लप् to get, aff. लप्. [r changed to लप्]   
 लप्धक m. (-कः) A lover, a gallant. E. लप् to sport, Una'di aff. लप्, and

लप्धक m. (-कः) 1. A lecher, a libertine, a whore-monger, a gallant.   
 2. The Bakula tree. f. (-कः) Greedy. [with लप्धक]   
 लप्धता f. (-ता) Libertinism, dissoluteness. E. लप्ध and लप्ध aff.; also   
 लप्धक m. (-कः) 1. A country, the district of Lamghan in Ca'bul. 2.   
 A libertine, a lecher. [Mussulma'na.   
 लप्धपट्ट m. (-पट्टः) A kettle-drum, a state-drum, the Na'karn' of the   
 लप्ध m. (-पट्टः) A leap, a jump.   
 लप्ध mfn. (-लप्-लप्-लप्) 1. Spacious, capacious. 2. Great, large, broad,   
 long, expanded either in breadth or length, or both. 3. Pendu-   
 lous, depending. m. (-लप्) 1. A bribe, a present. 2. Moving a man   
 at a sort of backgammon or draughts. 3. A perpendicular, (in geo-   
 metry.) 4. (In astronomy,) The arc between the pole and zenith of   
 any place. f. (-लप्) 1. A name of LAKSHMI'. 2. A name of GAURI'   
 or DURGA'. 3. A bitter gourd. E. लप्ध to fall, to sound, aff. लप्.   
 लप्धक m. (-कः) 1. A section, a chapter. 2. A perpendicular, (in geometry)   
 3. The complement of latitude. E. लप्ध to fall, लप्ध aff.   
 लप्धक m. (-कः) 1. A goat. 2. An elephant. 3. A goblin or Rakshasa.   
 4. A tree, (Alangium hexapetalum.) 5. A hare. 6. An ass. 7. A   
 name of GAN'ES'A. E. लप्ध large or pendulous, and लप्ध the ear.   
 लप्ध्या f. (-लप्) Sine or cosine of the latitude. E. लप्ध, and लप्ध sine.   
 लप्धन n. (-नः) 1. Depending, descending, falling. 2. A long necklace,   
 one which depends from the neck to the navel. 3. Parallax in   
 longitude, (of the moon.) m. (-नः) 1. Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour.   
 2. An epithet of S'IVA. E. लप्ध to fall, &c., aff. लप्ध.   
 लप्धमान mfn. (-मान-मान-मान) 1. Depending, descending, hanging or falling,   
 going down. 2. Being large or bulky. E. लप्ध to fall, &c., and लप्ध   
 aff., लप्ध augment. [लप्ध, fem. form.   
 लप्धिका f. (-का) The uvula or soft palate. E. लप्ध to hang down, aff.   
 लप्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Suspended, depending, fulling or hanging   
 down. 2. Gone down. 3. Resting on. E. लप्ध to fall down, aff. लप्.   
 लप्धवा f. (-वा) A necklace or seven strings. E. लप्ध to depend, लप्ध aff.   
 लप्धोदर m. (-रः) 1. A name of GAN'ES'A. 2. A glutton. E. लप्ध large,   
 and लप्ध the belly.   
 लप्धोदर m. (-रः) A camel. E. लप्ध large, लप्ध a lip.   
 लप्ध m. (-लप्) 1. Acquirement. 2. Gain. 3. Recovery.   
 लप्धन n. (-नः) 1. Abuse, reviling. 2. Gaining, getting. E. लप्ध to sound,   
 &c., aff. लप्ध.   
 लप्धयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Causing to get, procuring, producing. E.   
 लप्ध to get, causal v., लप्ध aff.   
 लप्ध f. (-लप्) A sort of chain enclosure or fence.   
 लप्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Caused to get, given to, procured for. 2. Ap-   
 plied to, employed. 3. Spoken to, addressed. 4. Heightened, im-   
 proved, rendered more perfect or intense. 5. Cherished. 6. Gained.   
 7. Abused. E. लप्ध to gain, causal form, or लप्ध to revile, लप्ध aff.   
 लप्ध r. 1st cl. (लप्ति) To go, to move.   
 लप्ध m. (-लप्) 1. Equal time in music and dancing. 2. Adherence, union.   
 3. Fusion, solution, absorption. 4. Concentration, exclusive devo-   
 tion. 5. Rest, repose. 6. Mental inactivity. 7. An embrace. 8. Des-   
 truction. 9. A house, a dwelling. 10. Sport, pastime. n. (-लप्) 1. The   
 root of the Andropogon muricatum. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Fusi-   
 on, melting. E. लप्ध adhere to, &c., aff. लप्ध.   
 लप्धन n. (-नः) 1. Adhering, clinging. 2. Rest, repose. 3. A house.   
 लप्धपुत्री f. (-पुत्री) An actress, a female dancer. E. लप्ध equal time in music,   
 पुत्री daughter.   
 लप्धलप्ध m. (-लप्-लप्) An actor, a dancer, a mime. E. लप्ध equal time, &c.,   
 and लप्धलप्ध who moves to; it also occurs लप्धलप्ध and लप्धलप्ध.   
 लप्ध r. 1st cl. (लप्ति) To go, to move; also लप्ध.   
 लप्ध r. 1st cl. (लप्ति-ने) 1. To sport, to dally. 2. To loll, as the tongue,   
 &c.; see लप्ध, of which it is considered as a various reading only.   
 r. 10th cl. (लप्धयति-ने) 1. To desire, to wish for, to seek to obtain.

2. To sport, to wanton. 3. To lay. 4. To fondle. (लखयति-ते) 1. To desire. 2. To loll the tongue.  
 लख् mfn. (-लः-लः) 1. Sporting, frolicking. 2. Lolling, wagging. 3. Wishing, desirous. ४. लख् or लख् to sport, लख् aff.  
 लज् mfn. (-लः-लः) Fierce, savage, (as a beast of prey, &c.) m. (लः) 1. A camel. 2. A dog. ४. लख lapping, licking, लिख the tongue.  
 लन् mfn. (-लन्-लन्-लन्) 1. Shaking, tremulous. 2. Licking, lapping, stirring or touching with the tongue, lolling the tongue, &c. 2. Wantoning, dallying. ४. लख् to loll, to frolic, &c., participial aff. लख्, and ल changed to ल। [water, "लिप्ताक्षि ल।"  
 लक्ष् m. (-लः) A flower, (Nerium odorum.) ४. लख trembling, लख्  
 लम् n. (लः) 1. Pleasure, sport, pastime. 2. Lolling the tongue. m. (लः) The Sal tree. f. (-लः) 1. A woman in general. 2. A wanton woman. 3. The tongue. ४. लख् to frolic, &c., aff. लख्, ल changed to ल।  
 ललिक्का f. (-लः) A little woman.  
 ललिक f. (लः) 1. A necklace hanging as low as the navel. 2. A lizard. ४. ललन् sporting, lolling, &c. fem form, ललन् added.  
 ललक् m. (-लः) The penis. ४. लख् to frolic, aff. ललक्, ल changed to ल।  
 ललाट n. (-लः) The forehead. ४. लख wish or dalliance, from लख् with लख् aff., लख् to go or be, aff. लख्; also with लन् added ललाटक n. (-लः)।  
 ललाटतट n. (-लः) The slope of the forehead. ४. ललाट, and लट a bank.  
 ललाटक mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Burning the forehead, (as the sun.) m. (-लः) The sun. ४. ललाट the forehead, लख् to scorch or inflame, aff. लख्।  
 ललाटपट्ट n. (लः) 1. A tiara, a fillet. 2. The flat surface of the forehead. ४. ललाट, and पट्ट a cloth or any flat surface.  
 ललाटकलक n. (-लः) The open forehead. ४. ललाट, and कलक a plank.  
 ललाटे निष्ठा f. (-लः) 1. A line on the forehead, supposed to indicate long life. 2. A wrinkled or corrugated brow. 3. A coloured sectarian mark on the forehead. ४. ललाट the forehead, रेखा a line.  
 ललाटिका f. (-लः) 1. An ornament worn on the forehead, a jewel or star suspended there, or a kind of tiara bound over it. 2. A mark made with sandal, &c., on the forehead. ४. ललाट and लन् aff., fem. form.  
 ललाट् f. (-लः) Adj. Having a handsome forehead.  
 ललम् mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Beautiful, agreeable, charming, (in this sense some authorities confine it to the neuter gender, and to its use compounded with another word) n. (-लः) 1. A mark or sign. 2. A banner, a flag, a symbol or ensign. 3. A mark on the forehead. 4. A horn. 5. A tail. 6. Majesty, dignity. 7. Chief, principal. 8. A horse. 9. An ornament. 10. A horse's ornament. 11. A coloured mark on the forehead of a horse or bull, &c. 12. A mane. 13. A line, a row. f. (-लः) 1. Charming. 2. An ornament worn on the ear. ४. लख् to play, &c., aff. लख्, लम् to go, to contribute to or occasion, aff. लख्; also with कनिन् aff. ललामन्।  
 ललामक n. (लः) A chaplet of flowers falling over the forehead. ४. ललाम a mark on the forehead, ललम् aff. of comparison.  
 ललामन् n. (-लः) 1. A mark or sign, &c.: see ललाम 2. A species of stanza having ten syllables in the first two Pa'das, eleven in the third, and thirteen in the fourth. 3. An ornament, a decoration. 4. A banner, a flag. 5. A sectarian mark. 6. A tail. 7. Anything the best of its kind : see ललाम।  
 ललित mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Beautiful, lovely. 3. Wanton, dallying. 4. Shaken, trembling, tremulous. 5. Graceful. 6. Gay, cheerful, careless. 7. Slow, gentle. 8. Destroyed. n. (लः) 1. A branch of feminine action, arising from the passion or sentiment of love, and expressive of satisfaction and triumph; softness and delicacy of gesture or motion, putting on appropriate ornaments, &c. 2. Love of pleasure and gaiety. 3. Sport, dalliance. 4. Beauty, charm. 5. Simplicity, innocence. f. (-लः) 1. Musk. 2. A woman in general. 3. A wanton. ४. लख् to frolic, &c., or लख् to desire, aff. ल; in the first case, ल changed to ल।

ललितपद Adj. Elegantly composed.

ललितप्रहार m. (-लः) A gentle blow.

ललितार्थ n. (-लः) Having an amorous meaning.

ललितसप्तमी f. (-लः) The seventh day of the first-half of Bha'drapada.

लव m. (-लः) 1. Cutting. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. Reaping. 4. Small, little; (according to some authorities, this when used attributively changes its gender, making लवः-लवा-लवं; according to others it is invariably masc.) 5. Smallness, littleness. 6. A minute division of time, the sixtieth part of the twinkling of an eye. 7. A larger division of time, two Ka'sht'has or 36 twinkling of the eye, or about  $\frac{1}{2}$  a second. 8. One of the twin sons of RA'MACHANDRA, by S'ITA, born after she had been abandoned by her husband and brought up at the hermitage of VA'LMIKI 9. A kind of quail. 10. Hair, wool, &c.; that which is cut or shorn from domestic animals. 11. (In arithmetic.) The numerator of a fraction. 12. A degree, (in astronomy.) 13. Sport. 14. Plucking, mowing. 15. A section, a fragment. n. (-लः) 1. The nutmeg. 2. Cloves. ४. लू to cut, aff. लव्।

लवक mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Who or what cuts, reaps, &c. ४. लू to cut, लव् aff.

लवङ्ग m. (लः) The clove tree, (Myristica caryophyllata.) n. (-लः) Cloves. ४. लू to cut, Un'a'di aff. लवङ्ग; also with लन् added, लवङ्गक।

लवण mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) 1. Salt, saline. 2. Handsome, beautiful. n. (-लः) 1. Sea-salt. 2. Rock or fossil salt. 3. Factitious salt, or salt obtained by boiling clay found near the sea-shore, or any earth impregnated with saline particles. m. (-लः) 1. The saline or salt taste, saltiness. 2. The sea of salt-water. 4. The name of a Ra'kshasa mentioned in the Ra'ma'yana. f. (-लः) 1. Saline, briny. 2. Light, lustre, beauty. 3. A small river in Tirhut. ४. लू to cut, (ravenous, or to assist digestion,) aff. लव्, and the final letter made nasal by special rule.

लवणखनि m. (-लः) A salt mine in general, or the district of Sa'mbhar in Ajmere, celebrated for its fossil salt. ४. लवण salt, खनि a mine.

लवणसमुद्र m. (-लः) The sea of salt water. ४. लवण, समुद्र ocean. [mine.]

लवणकर m. (-लः) 1. A salt mine. 2. A mine of beauty. ४. लवण, कार a

लवणिसन् m. (-लः) 1. Saltiness. 2. Beauty, loveliness.

लवणोत्तम n. (-लः) 1. Nitre. 2. Rock or river salt. ४. लवण salt, उत्तम best.

लवणोद m. (-लः) The sea of salt-water. n. (-लः) Brine. ४. लवण, उद water.

लवन n. (-लः) 1. Reaping. 2. Cutting. f. (-लः) A coarse kind of custard-apple, (Annona reticulata) "लवण चास" ४. लू to cut, aff. लव्।

लवण् It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "a little."

लवणो f. (लः) A kind of tree, (Averrhoa acid.) "लोयाङ्ग राङ्ग"।

लवणश् Ind. Piece meal, in pieces. ४. लव a bit, and लण aff.

लवाक n. (-लः) A sickle or reaping-hook. ४. लू to cut, Un'a'di aff. लवाक।

लवाणक n. (-लः) A sickle, a reaping-hook. ४. लू to cut, लवाणक Un'a'di aff.

लवि mfn. (लः-लः-लः) Cutting, edged, sharp, (as an instrument, &c.) ४. लू to cut, Un'a'di aff. लव्।

लविक्क n. (लः) A sickle, a small reaping hook. ४. लू to cut, aff. लव्।

लवेसु mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Wishing to cut or reap. ४. लव and लवेसु desirous.

लव्य mfn. (लः-लः-लः) To be cut. ४. लू to cut, लव् aff.

लव्य r. 10th cl. (लव्ययति-ते) To be skilful or clever, to do any thing skilfully and scientifically. (This root is sometimes written लव् or लस.)

लव्यु n. (-लः) Garlic. ४. लव् to eat, Un'a'di aff. लव्यु, and लव्य substituted for the root; also with the vowel of the aff. long, लव्यु n. (-लः).

लव्युनीय mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Garlicky. n. (-लः) Cat's-eye. ४. लव्यु and लव् aff.

लव् r. 1st and 4th cls. (लवति-ते or लवयति-ते) To desire, to like, to love. (लवि is usually prefixed.) r. 10th cl. (लवयति-ते) To be skilful.

लव्य m. (-लः) A dancer, an actor. ४. लव् to be skilled in any art, (as dancing, &c.) and लव् Un'a'di aff.

लव् r. 1st cl. (लवति) 1. To embrace. 2. To sport or play. 3. To glitter. 4. To arise. With लव्, 1. To glitter. 2. To appear. 3. To blow, &c.

open. With परि, To appear gaudy. With वि, To sound, to echo. r. 10th cl. (सासयति-ने) 1. To be skilful, to do any thing skilfully or scientifically. 2. To work. With क्त prefixed, 1. To shine, to be brilliant or splendid. 2. To be happy or delighted. With वि, To gambol, to sport, especially amorously.

लसत् mfn. (-सत्-सक्तौ-सत्) 1. Sporting, playing. 2. Shining. 3. Glancing, (as rays of light.) E. लस् to sport, aff. क्त् aff.

लसा f. (-सा) 1. Turmeric. 2. Saffron. E. लस् to sport, aff. क्त् and टाप् ।

लसिका f. (-का) Saliva, spittle. E. रस् to taste, &c., aff. वृत्, र changed to ल ।

लसित f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Sported. 2. Arose, appeared. 3. Moved about.

लसोका f. (-का) 1. Spittle. 2. Pus, matter. 3. Lymph. 4. The juice of the sugarcane. [2. To blush.

लसज् (ची, ई) चीलसज्जी r. 6th cl. (लसते) 1. To be modest or ashamed.

लस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) 1. Grasped, embraced. 2. Skilled, skilful. m. (-सः) The middle of a bow. E. लस् to embrace, aff. क्त् ।

लसक m. (-कः) The middle of a bow. E. लस grasped, aff. क्त् ।

लसकित् m. (-की) A bow. E. लसक the middle of a bow, and इति aff.

लस्रि f. (-रिः-री) A large wave or surf.

ला r. 2nd cl. (लाति) 1. To give. 2. To get, to receive.

लाकटिक m. (-कः) Armed with a club : see लाकुटिक ।

लाचको f. (-की) A name of S'ita'.

लाचणिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Secondary, inferior, subordinate. 2. Indicatory, characteristic. 3. Technical. 4. Acquainted with signs.

m. (-कः) A technical term, a word implying a definition. E. लचण and टक् aff.

लाचण्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Indicative, symptomatic, relating to a mark or sign, &c. f. (-या) One who can interpret signs. E. लचण, यच् aff.

लाचा f. (-चा) Lac, a red dye, or an insect which is analogous to the cochineal insect, and like it forms when died and prepared, a dye of a red colour ; the nest is formed of a resinous substance which is used as sealing wax, and as an article of decoration by women, and is usually termed Shel lac. E. लच् to mark or stain, aff. च, and चच् added, the vowel made long ; or लच a hundred thousand, चच् aff. : made by a multitude of the insects.

लाचातक m. (-कः) The Pala'sh-tree, (Butea frondosa.) E. लाचा lac, and तक् a tree ; the insect being especially found in this tree.

लाचाप्रसादन m. (-नः) The red Lo'd'h, a tree from the bark of which an astringent infusion is prepared, which is used to fix colour in dyeing. E. लाचा lac, प्रसादन cleansing. [see लाचातक ।

लाचातक m. (-कः) The Butea frondosa. E. लाचा the lac, and तक् a tree ;

लाचिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Made of lac, &c. 2. Relating to a large number or a lakh. E. लाचा, and टक् aff.

लाख् (ख) लाख् r. 1st cl. (लाखति) 1. To be dry or arid. 2. To adorn. 3. To be able or competent to. 4. To give. 5. To refuse or prevent.

लागडिक f. (-की) Adj. Armed with a club. m. (-कः) A sentinel.

लाच् (च) लाचृ r. 1st cl. (लाचते) To be able, equal or competent.

लाचव n. (-वं) 1. Health. 2. Lightness, delicacy, minuteness. 3. Meanness, insignificance. 4. Frivolity. 5. Speed. 6. Activity. 7. Smallness. 8. Ease. 9. Brevity. 10. Contempt. E. लच् light, &c. and चच् aff.

लाङ्गल n. (-ल) 1. A plough. 2. The penis. 3. The palm tree. 4. A sort of flower. 5 The main beam of a house. f. (-ली) 1. An aquatic shrub, (Jussiaea repens) 2. A creeping shrub, (Commelina salicifolia.) 3. Another creeper, (Nama repens.) 4. A plant, (Gloriosa superba.) E. लङ्गि to go, to limp, &c., Unádi aff. कल्, and the vowel made long.

लाङ्गलय m. (-यः) A ploughman. E. लाङ्गल a plough, and यङ् who takes.

लाङ्गलयय n. (-यं) Guiding the plough, ploughing. E. लाङ्गल, यङ् taking.

लाङ्गलदण्ड m. (-ण्डः) The pole or shaft of a plough. E. लाङ्गल, दण्ड a stick.

लाङ्गलध्वज m. (-जः) An epithet of BALARA'MA.

लाङ्गलपथि f. (-तिः) A furrow. E. लाङ्गल a plough, and पथि a line.

लाङ्गलपात्र m. (-त्रः) A ploughshare.

लाङ्गलिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Relating or belonging to a plough. m. (-कः) One of the thirty-four species of the fixed, or mineral and vegetable

poisons. f. (-का-की) A small creeper, commonly called La'ngal' (Gloriosa superba, or Commelina salicifolia.) E. लाङ्गली a name of

several plants, aff. कन्. fem. form : or लाङ्गल and टक् aff.

लाङ्गलित् m. (-ली) 1. A name of BALARA'MA. 2. The cocoanut tree. 3 A snake. E. लाङ्गल a plough, and इति aff.

लाङ्गलीवा f. (-वा) The pole of a plough.

लाङ्गलन n. (-लं) A horse's tail. E. लङ्गि to go, aff. कल् : see the next.

लाङ्गलन n. (-लं) 1. A hairy tail, (as a horse's, &c.) 2. The penis. 3. A granary, a basket or shed for holding corn or grain. E. लङ्गि to go. Unádi aff. कल्, and the radical vowel made long. [aff इति ।

लाङ्गलित् mfn. (-ली-लिनी-लि) Tailed. m. (-ली) A monkey. E. लाङ्गल a tail.

लाङ्ग् (ङ्) लाङ्ग् r. 1st cl. (लाङ्गति) 1. To mark. 2. To decorate; also लाङ्ग् ।

लाङ्ग् r. 1st cl. (लाङ्गति) (ङ्) लाङ्ग् (लाङ्गति) 1. To blame. 2. To fry.

लाङ्ग् m. (-जः) Grain, wetted or sprinkled. n. (-जं) The root of the Andropogon muricatum. f. (-जा) or masc. plu. (-जाः) Fried grain

E. लाङ्ग् to fry, aff. कल् ।

लाङ्गन n. (-नं) 1. A name, an appellation. 2. A mark or sign. 3. A stain, a mark of ignominy. 4. A land-mark. 5. The spots on the disc of the moon. E. लाङ्गि to mark, छट् । [with. 4. Decorated

लाङ्गित f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Marked, distinguished. 2. Named. 3. Furnished

लाट mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) Old or worn, spoiled, shabby, (as clothes, ornaments, &c.) 2. Childish. m. (-टः) 1. Cloth, clothes. 2. Fault, defect.

3. Idle or inebrate language. 4. Repetition of words in the same sense, but in a different application. 5. The name of a country, the upper part of the Dakshin, La'r or Larice. E. लट् to be childish, aff. कल् or चच् ; or लाट a Ka'ndwa'di root, to live, aff. कल् ।

लाटानुप्रास m. (-सः) A figure of rhetoric; repetition of a word in the same sense, but with a different application. E. लाट, अनुप्रास alliteration

लाटो f. (टी or टिका) 1. A particular style of composition. 2. Name of a Pra'krita dialect. [caress. 3. To blame.

लाट् r. 10th cl. (लाटयति-ने) 1. To throw, to toss. 2. To fondle, to

लाटनी f. (-नी) An unchaste woman.

लात f. ( ता) Taken, received.

लाप m. (-पः) Speaking, talking, prating. E. लप् to speak, aff. चच् ।

लाप्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be said or spoken. E. लप् to speak, aff. छट् ।

लाभ m. (-भः) A sort of quail ; also with कन् added, लाभक ।

लाभ r. 10th cl. (लाभयति) To throw, to send or direct.

लाभ m. (-भः) 1. Profit. 2. Gain, in general, acquirement, acquisition. 3 Interest. 4. Conquest. 5. Perception. E. लभ् to get or gain, aff. चच् ।

लाभकत् mfn. (-कत्) Gaining, making profit. E. लाभ, कत् who makes.

लाभलस mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Covetous, grasping, desirous of gain or profit. E. लाभ, and लस, desirous.

लाभलाभ m. (-भः) Profit and loss. E. लाभ, and ललाभ not gain.

लाभलक n. (-कः) The root of the Andropogon muricatum, a fragrant grass. E. ला what takes or removes, (heat, &c.), लला the pith, and कप् added. "वेचार् मूल" ।

लाभन n. (-नं) Wheedling, coaxing. E. लल\_ to sport, causal v., लट् aff.

लाभयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Bewailing or supplicating much. E. लप् to speak, freq. v., लानच् aff. [v., लानच् aff.

लाभयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Wishing to enjoy. E. लप् to desire, freq.

लाभस f. (-सा) Adj. 1. Ardently desirous of. 2. Devoted to, finding pleasure in.

लाभसा mf. (-सः-सा) 1. Ardent desire. 2. Regret, sorrow, missing, wishing for any person or object absent. 3. Soliiciting, asking. 4. Th longing of pregnant women. 5. Wanton sport, dalliance. E. लप् to desire, to wish for, चच् and टाप्, and the root reiterated, deriv. irr. च् chaspatya defines it thus :—लस लुपाया यक् लुक् भावे च ।

सास्योक्त n. (-क्त) Sauce, gravy. E. सास्य desire, ईकन् aff.  
 सास्य f. (-क्त) Saliva, spittle. E. लक्ष् to wish, लिप्-चच् and अच् affs.  
 सास्योक्त mfn. (-क्त-को-क्त) 1. Relating to the forehead, worn on it, be-  
 longing to it, &c. 2. Contemplating the forehead, looking at it, &c.  
 3. Low, vile. 4. Relating to fate or destiny. mf. (-क्त-को) 1. An  
 attentive servant, one who watches a master's countenance, and  
 learns by it what is necessary to be done. 2. An idler, one who  
 is unable to work, and is a burden to his patron. m. (-क्त) A par-  
 ticular mode of embracing. E. लक्ष् the forehead, aff. उच्.  
 सास्योक्त m. (-क्त) Passing mucous urine. E. सास्य, and मेघ urine.  
 सास्योक्त m. (-क्त) An insect, whose spittle is venomous or acrid, as a  
 spider, &c. E. सास्य saliva, विष venom. [distil, aff. लिप्-चच्.]  
 सास्योक्त m. (-क्त) 1. A spider. 2. A flow of saliva. E. सास्य saliva, लक्ष् to  
 कालिक m. (-क्त) A buffalo. f. (-क्त) A jesting or evasive reply, equivo-  
 que, E. सास्य saliva, उच् aff.  
 कालिक mfn. (-क्त-ता-क्त) 1. Loved, desired. 2. Cherished, treated tenderly.  
 3. Coaxed, wheedled, seduced. E. लक्ष् to desire, causal v, क aff.  
 कालिक m. (-क्त) A fondling, a pet, a little favourite.  
 कालिक n. (-क्त) 1. Beauty, loveliness. 2. Gaiety. 3. Amorous gestures.  
 4. Gracefulness, &c. E. लक्षित, and अच् aff.  
 कालिक mfn. (-क्त-लक्षित-लि) Whoozling, coaxing, fondling. m. (-क्त) A  
 seducer. f. (-लक्षित) A wanton. E. लक्ष् to sport, causal v, चिन्त aff.  
 कालिक f. (-क्त) A sort of necklace.  
 कालिक mfn. (-क्त-को-क्त) 1. Cutting down. 2. Killing. 3. Plucking, gather-  
 ing. mf. (-क्त-वा) A sort of quail, (Perdix chinensis.) E. लक्ष् to cut, to  
 eat, (corn), causal form, aff. चच्; also with कन् added, लावक m. (-क्त) 1.  
 लावक m. (-क्त) 1. A cutter, a divider. 2. A quail.  
 लावक mfn. (-क्त-को-क्त) 1. Salted, dressed or cooked with salt. 2. Salt,  
 belonging or relating to it, &c. E. लवण salt, aff. चच्.  
 लावक mfn. (-क्त-को-क्त) 1. Salted, cooked or dressed with salt. 2.  
 Relating to salt, &c. 3. Lovely, beautiful. m. (-क्त) A vender of salt.  
 n. (-क्त) A vessel holding salt, a salt-cellar. E. लवण salt, aff. उच्.  
 लावक n. (-क्त) 1. Saltiness, the taste or property of salt. 2. Beauty,  
 loveliness. E. लवण salt, and अच् aff.  
 लावक f. (-क्त) Great beauty. E. लावण, and श्री wealth.  
 लावकजित्त n. (-क्त) Property belonging to a woman, consisting of that  
 which has been presented to her at her marriage as a token of  
 respect, as a mark of kindness, or by her father or mother-in-law.  
 E. लावण loveliness, and जित्त acquired.  
 लावक m. (-क्त) A buffalo. E. लव cutting, उच् aff.  
 लाव f. (-क्त-वृ) A pumpkin gourd, (Cucurbita lagonaria.) E. लक्ष् to cut,  
 to destroy, (disease,) aff. उच्; also with कन् added लावका, and  
 with च or चाङ् prefixed, अलावु अलावु. [अच् aff.]  
 लाव mfn. (-क्त-व्या-क्त) To be cut, to be cut off or drown. E. लक्ष् to cut,  
 लावक f. (-क्त or को) Adj. Covetous, greedy.  
 लाव m. (-क्त) 1. Dancing in general. 2. Dancing, as practised by wo-  
 men: see लास्य. 3. Pulse that has been steeped or slightly boiled,  
 pea-water, &c. not thickened to the consistency of Yu'sha or pease-  
 soup. 4. Dalliance, wanton sport, &c. E. लक्ष् to sport, aff. चच्.  
 लावक m. (-क्त) 1. A dancer, an actor, a mime. 2. A peacock. 3. Em-  
 bracing, enfolding, surrounding. 4. One who sports or gambols.  
 n. (-क्त) A turret, a room on the top of a building. f. (लाविका or  
 लावको) 1. A female-dancer, a Na'utch-girl. 2. A wanton, a harlot.  
 E. लक्ष् to embrace, to be skilful, (in the art of dancing,) aff. चच्.  
 लावकोटनी f. (-को) A gimlet, an auger.  
 लाव n. (-क्त) 1. Dancing in general. 2. Symphony, or union of song,  
 dance, and instrumental music. 3. A mode of dance in which  
 the emotions of love are represented mimically, the Na'utch  
 of India, or dance practised by women chiefly, and confined to  
 attitude and gesticulation, with a shuffling motion of the feet

seldom lifted from the ground; this style is said to have been  
 invented by Pa'rvaṭī, and communicated by her to the daughter  
 of Va'n'asura, by whom her female friends and companions were  
 instructed in it; as a species, it is opposed to the Ta'ndava, the  
 most boisterous dance of Śiva, and his followers or men. 4. A  
 part or embellishment of dramatic composition, the occasional  
 introduction of music and singing; also abrupt transition from  
 Pra'krita to Sanskrit and from Sanskrit to Pra'krita, &c. m. (-क्त)  
 A dancer. f. (-क्त) A female dancer. E. लक्ष् to be skilled in the art  
 of dancing, अच् aff. [लास्य, कन् pleonasm.]  
 लास्य n. (-क्त) Dancing in general, or a particular style of dancing. E.  
 लास्य n. (-क्त) A part of a drama, of the Lāsya order: see लास्य. E.  
 लास्य and चङ् a part.  
 लि m. (-लि) 1. Weariness. 2. Loss, destruction. 3. End, term. 4. Equality,  
 sameness. 5. A bracelet. E. लक्ष् to take, or क्षी to melt, &c., aff. कि.  
 लिङ्ग m. (-क्त) A sort of bread-fruit tree, (Artocarpus laeucha.) E.  
 लक्ष् q. v., and इ substituted for the first vowel. ["निकि"]  
 लिङ्ग f. (-क्त) A nit, a young louse. E. It is a various reading of लिङ्ग  
 लिङ्ग f. (-क्त) 1. A nit, a young louse, or the egg of a louse. 2. A  
 poppy seed considered as a measure of weight, or one sixth of a  
 mustard seed. E. लक्ष् to mark, aff. चच्, इ substituted for the radical  
 vowel and the deriv. irr.; also क् being substituted for the final  
 लिङ्ग, and with कन् added, fem. form, लिङ्गिका; again with इ  
 substituted for the radical vowel लीङ्ग, &c.; also read लिङ्गिका।  
 लिङ्गिका f. (-क्त) A nit. "केशकोटमेदे, लिङ्गिका इति भाषा: see लिङ्ग।  
 लिङ्ग r. 6th cl. (लिङ्गति) 1. To write. 2. To scratch, to scrape, to tear  
 up. 3. To draw a line, to make a mark, &c. 4. To draw, to sketch,  
 to portray, to paint. 5. To touch. 6. To make smooth. 7. To unite  
 sexually with female. With च्, 1. To scratch. 2. To write. 3. To  
 paint. With उद्, 1. To scrape. 2. To carve. 3. To polish. With प्रति,  
 To write in return, to reply. With फ, 1. To scratch. 2. To write.  
 3. To paint, to draw, to delineate. 4. To implant, to infix. r. 1st cl.  
 (लिङ्गति) (र) लिङ्गि r. 1st cl. (लिङ्गति) To go, to move.  
 लिङ्ग m. (-क्त) 1. Writing. 2. A writer. E. लिङ्ग to write, क aff.  
 लिङ्ग mfn. (-क्त-लिङ्गी or लिङ्गी-लिङ्गी) 1. Writing. 2. Painting, delineating  
 3. Scratching, making streaks or lines. E. लिङ्ग to write, अच् aff.  
 लिङ्ग n. (-क्त) 1. Scripture, writing. 2. A writing, a written document.  
 3. Scratching. 4. Writing, inscribing. 5. Scourishing. E. लिङ्ग to  
 write, aff. छट्; and the vowel unchanged.  
 लिङ्ग mfn. (-क्त-लिङ्गी) 1. Written. 2. Drawn, delineated, painted:  
 (painting being considered a sort of writing.) 3. Drawn as lines,  
 scratched. 4. Sacrificed. n. (-क्त) 1. Scripture, writing. 2. A writing,  
 a manuscript, a written book or paper. E. लिङ्ग to write, aff. क।  
 लिङ्गिका Ind. Having written, delineated, &c. E. लिङ्ग to write, क् aff.  
 लिङ्ग f. (-क्त) A poppy seed, considered as a minute measure of  
 weight, variously estimated at four or eight Trasaro'nus or motes,  
 or the sixth part of a mustard seed, &c. E. लिङ्ग to write, क् aff.  
 लिङ्ग (र) लिङ्गि r. 1st cl. (लिङ्गति) To go, to move. r. 1st and 10th cls.  
 (लिङ्गति लिङ्गति-ने) To paint, to variegate. With चाङ् To embrace.  
 लिङ्ग n. (-क्त) 1. The heart, the mind. m. (-क्त) 1. A fool, a blockhead.  
 2. A deer. 3. Part of the earth. E. लक्ष् to be near or with, (Unādi  
 aff. क्, and इ substituted for the radical vowel.)  
 लिङ्ग n. (-क्त) 1. A mark, a spot, a stain, a sign, a token, &c. 2. A  
 badge or mark assumed with a view to deceive. 3. A sign of sex,  
 the penis. 4. The phallus, or Śiva under that emblem. 5. In-  
 ference, probable conclusion. 6. The premises leading to a con-  
 clusion. 7. Nature or Prakriti, according to the Sa'nkhya  
 philosophy, which considers this as the active power in creation.  
 8. Gender, (as पुलिङ्ग: the masculine gender, &c.) 9. The order of  
 the religious student. 10. Symptom or mark of disease. 11. The

predicate of a proposition. 12. Evidence. **ल.** लिङ्गितो go, &c., aff. चच् ।

लिङ्गक m. (-कः) The elephant or wood-apple; (Feronia elephantium; &c.) **ल.** लिङ्ग the penis, and कच् aff. “कयेतवेल् इति भाषा” ।

लिङ्गन n. (-नः) 1. Licking. 2. Embracing.

लिङ्गनाश m. (-शः) 1. Loss of any characteristic mark, &c. 2. Loss of vision from cataract, &c., considered to be discoloration of the pupil, either red, white, or yellow. 3. Loss of the penis. **ल.** लिङ्ग mark, (of the eye &c.); नाश destruction:

लिङ्गपरामर्श m. (-र्शः) The consideration of a sign or He'tu, (in logic).

लिङ्गवर्धन m. (-नः) The elephant or wood-apple; (Feronia elephantium.) **ल.** लिङ्ग the penis, and वर्धन् increasing.

लिङ्गवर्धनी f. (-नी) A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) “अपामार्ग इति” ।

लिङ्गविपर्यय m. (-यः) Change of gender, (in grammar.)

लिङ्गवृत्ति m. (-वृत्तिः) A religious hypocrite, one who assumes the dress, &c., of an ascetic in order to get a livelihood. **ल.** लिङ्ग a mark, external shew or sign, (as the clotted hair, &c.) and वृत्ति practice.

लिङ्गशरीर n. (-रः) One of the five sheaths that enclose the soul, (in Vedānta-philosophy.) Also लिङ्गदेह ।

लिङ्गस्थ m. (-स्थः) A religious student. **ल.** लिङ्ग and स्थ who stays.

लिङ्गात्म्यासन n. (-नः) The laws of Grammatical gender. [worshipping.

लिङ्गाश्व n. (-नः) Worship of the Linga or phallus. **ल.** लिङ्ग, and अश्व न लिङ्गालिका f. (-का) A small mouse or shrew.

लिङ्गन् mfn. (-ङ्गो-ङ्गो-ङ्गः) 1. Having marks, &c. 2. Indicated, characterized. m. (-ङ्गो) 1. An elephant. 2. A hypocrite, a pretended devotee. 3. An ascetic. 4. A religious student. 5. A worshipper of Śiva in the phallic type. 6. The subject of a preposition, (in logic.) **ल.** लिङ्ग a mark, and इति aff.

लिङ्गवेष m. (-वः) 1. The dress or the insignia of religious student, the skin, staff, bowl, &c. 2. The dress or appearance of a follower of Śiva. **ल.** लिङ्गन्, and वेष attire.

लिप् (ल, ली) लिप् चो लिप् r. 6th cl. (लिप्ति-ते) 1. To increase or add to. 2. To anoint, to smear, to plaster. 3. To cover. 4. To kindle, to inflame. 5. To stain, to pollute. With चच्, 1. To besmear, to anoint. 2. To cover, to envelop. With चच्, To anoint. With च, 1. To besmear. 2. To contaminate. With वि, To besmear.

लिप m. (-यः) Smearing, plastering. **ल.** लिप् to smear, aff. क ।

लिपि f. (-पि-पी) 1. Writing in general, handwriting. 2. A writing, a written paper or book, &c. 3. Painting, drawing. 4. Smearing. 5. Alphabet. 6. A document. **ल.** लिप् to spread, (ink, &c.) Unādi aff. इक् with डीप् optionally added, the radical vowel unchanged.

लिपिकर m. (-रः) A scribe, &c. see लिपिकार. **ल.** लिपि, कर who executes.

लिपिका f. (-का) Writing, a writing. **ल.** लिपि writing, कच् added, fem. form.

लिपिकार m. (-रः) 1. A scribe, a writer. 2. An engraver. 3. A plasterer, a white-washer. **ल.** लिपि writing, and कार who makes, from कृ to make, and चच् aff.; also with ट aff. लिपिकर ।

लिपिज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञः) One who can write. **ल.** लिपि, and ज्ञ who knows. लिपिज्ञा f. (-ज्ञा) Implements or materials for writing. **ल.** लिपि, and सञ्ज्ञा preparation.

लिप्त mfn. (-प्तः-प्ता-प्तः) 1. Smeared, anointed, plastered, spread. 2. Eaten. 3. Envenomed, spread or touched with any poisonous substance. 4. Embraced, united, connected with; &c. 5. Defiled or contaminated by. 6. Stained, soiled. **ल.** लिप् to smear, aff. क् ; or in the last sense ली to cling to, Unādi aff. त्, with वृट् augment, and the radical vowel made short.

लिप्तक m. (-कः) A poisoned arrow. **ल.** लिप्त poisoned, कच् aff.

लिप्तवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Anointed, plastered. 2. Touched. 3. Vitiating, defiled. **ल.** लिप् to smear, कच् aff. [हस्त the hand.

लिप्तवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Having the hands stained or smeared. **ल.** लिप्त,

लिप्ता f. (-प्ता) Wish, desire, (in general.) 2. Desire of obtaining. **ल.**

लिप्ति the desiderative form of लिप् get, (to wish to get,) चच् affs. चच् and टाप् ।

लिप्ति mfn. (-त्-ता-तः) Coveted, desired. **ल.** लिप् to wish, to obtain, चच् aff.

लिप्ति mfn. (लुः-लुः-लुः) Desirous, desiring, wishing, cupidinous. **ल.** लिप् desiderative of लिप्, (see the last,) and चच् aff.

लिप्ति m. (-यः) Smearing, anointing, plastering. **ल.** लिप् to smear (taking in its derivative forms the nasal augment,) and चच् aff.

लिप्ति m. (-टः) A lecher, a whore-monger. f. (-टी) Libidinous, lustful. **ल.** लिप्ति to smear with unguents, चटच् aff.; also लयट ।

लिप्ति m. (-कः) 1. The lime tree, (Citrus acida.) “पातिनुर गाह्” । 2. An ass. **ल.** लिप्ति to smear, aff. क् ।

लिपि f. (-पि-पी) Writing, hand-writing, or a writing, a manuscript. **ल.** लिप् to smear, (with ink,) Unādi aff. इक्, with the vowel unchanged, and व substituted for प ।

लिपिकर m. (-रः) A scribe, a writer. **ल.** लिपि writing, कर who executes.

लिपिकर m. (-रः) A writer, a scribe. **ल.** लिपि writing, कृ to practise, चच् aff.

लिप् (ली) लिप्ति r. 4th cl. (लिप्ति-ते) To lessen or become less. r. 6th cl. (लिप्ति-ते) To go, to move, to approach.

लिप्ति f. (-टी) Lessened, decreased.

लिप्ति m. (-यः) A dancer, an actor. **ल.** लिप्ति to be skilled, (in dancing,) Unādi aff. कच्, and इ substituted for the radical vowel.

लिप्ति r. 2nd cl. (लिप्ति लीप्ते Desid, लिप्ति-ते) To taste, to taste with tongue, to lick, to sip. With चच्, To chew, to lick. With च, 1. To lick. 2. To pierce. 3. To wound. With चटच्, To polish.

ली r. 1st cl. (लयति) To melt, to liquefy. r. 4th cl. (लीयते) 1. To stick together. 2. To lurk in, to hide in. 3. To be dissolved. 4. To be sticky. 5. To be devoted to. 6. To vanish, to disappear. With चच्, To cover, to spread over. With च, 1. To cover, to besmear. 2. To lurk or hide in. With लि, 1. To lie down, to alight. 2. To conceal oneself, (with an abl.) 3. To perish. With प्र, 1. To be absorbed in. 2. To vanish. With वि, 1. To cleave to. 2. To settle on. 3. To melt away. 4. To disappear, to perish. With सच्, 1. To cling to. 2. To lie down. 3. To be concealed. 4. To melt away. r. 9th cl. (लिनाति) 1. To join, to adhere or cling to, to be in union or connection with. 2. To obtain. 3. To melt. 4. To be absorbed. With वि, To melt away. r. 10th cl. (लयति लाययति-ते लापयति-ते लीययति-ते) To melt, to liquefy, to fuse or dissolve. With चाटच्, To waste away. With प्र and वि, To acquire or gain. According to Pāṇini the form लापयति is used in the sense of “To obtain honour.”

ली f. (-ली) Embracing. **ल.** ली to embrace, कच् aff.

लीका f. (-का) A nit; see लिक्का ।

लीका f. (-का) A nit; see लिक्का ।

लीका f. (-का) A nit; see लिक्का । [क्, form irr.

लीट mfn. (-टः-टा-टः) 1. Eaten. 2. Licked. **ल.** लिट् to lick or taste, aff.

लीटमुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) Rejected after being tasted. **ल.** लीट, मुक्त let go.

लीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Embraced, clung or adhered to. 2. Melted, dissolved. 3. Dissolved with softness, overcome with passion. 4. Defused. 5. Effaced, wiped away, vanished. 6. Staying, being situated. 7. Left, departed. 8. Lurking, hiding. 9. Resting on. 10. Absorbed, swallowed up. 11. Devoted to. **ल.** ली to be in contact, &c., कच् aff.

लीला f. (-ला) 1. A branch of feminine action, proceeding from love, or the imitation of a lover's manner, speech, gait, &c. by his mistress, to pass the time in his absence. 2. Play, sport, pastime in general. 3. Amorous or wanton sport. 4. Facility in doing anything. 5. Mien, manner. 6. Grace, charm. 7. Pretence, disguise, sham. 8. A species of the Dandaka metre: **ल.** ली to embrace, कच् aff., and लार to get or give, affs. क and टाप् ।

लीलाकलह m. (-हः) A sham quarrel of a coquette with her lover.

लीलाखेल mfn. (-खः-खा-खः) Playful. m. (-खः) A species of the Atis'arkari metre.

लीलाङ्ग Adj. Having graceful limbs.

लोभाङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) A lotus flower held in the hand as a plaything.  
 लोभायित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Done or written sportively, or in the way of sport or pleasure. E. लोभ used as a verb, aff. क्त। [ment.]  
 लोभायिता m. (-तः) The descent of Viṣṇu on the earth for amusement.  
 लोभायती f. (-ती) A wanton or sportful woman. E. लोभा, and लुप् affs.  
 लोभायन n. (-न) A pleasure ground. E. लोभा sport, उद्यान a garden.  
 लृ m. (-लृः) Cutting, lopping, shearing, reaping, &c. E. लृ to cut, aff. कृप्, and the vowel made short.  
 लृक् Ind. A technical term in Pāṇini's grammar employed to express the disappearance of affixes. [off, to pluck out.]  
 लृच् (लृ) लृचि r. 1st cl. (लृचति) 1. To cut. 2. To pare or peel. 3. To tear off. f. (-लृच्) Cutting off, dropping, rejecting. E. लृच् to cut, कृप् aff.  
 लृज् (लृ) लृजि r. 10th cl. (लृजयति) 1. To give. 2. To injure. 3. To be strong. 4. To dwell. 5. To shine.  
 लृङ्ग mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Cut. 2. Peeled. E. लृच् to cut, क्त aff.  
 लृट् (लृ) लृट्ठ r. 1st cl. (लृटति-ते) 1. To shine. 2. To resist. 3. To suffer pain. r. 4th cl. (लृटति) 1. To stir, to agitate. 2. To be joined or connected with. 3. To roll upon the ground. 4. To rob. r. 1st cl. (लृटति) 1. To resist or oppose. 2. To strike again. 3. To shine. r. 6th cl. (लृटति) To embrace. r. 10th cl. (लृटयति-ते) 1. To speak. 2. To shine. (लृ) लृटि r. 1st and 10th cls. (लृटयति लृटयति) 1. To steal, to rob or plunder. 2. To disregard, to disobey or disrespect. 3. To be lame. 4. To be idle. [roll about, गृह aff.]  
 लृङ्ग mfn. (-लृङ्ग-लृङ्गी-लृङ्ग) Rolling about, (in pain or grief.) E. लृट् to roll. r. 1st cl. (लृङ्गति) To knock down. (लृङ्गते) 1. To resist or oppose. 2. To suffer pain. 3. To roll on the ground. r. 6th cl. (लृङ्गति) 1. To be connected or in contact with, to rest in or on. 2. To roll. r. 1st and 6th cl. (लृङ्गते लृङ्गति) 1. To roll on the ground. 2. To flow, to trickle. r. 10th cl. (लृङ्गयति-ते) To rob. (लृ) लृङ्गि r. 1st cl. (लृङ्गति) 1. To be lazy. 2. To rebel, to resist, or oppose. 3. To go, to move. 4. To steal. 5. To be lame.  
 लृङ्ग mfn. (लृङ्ग-लृङ्गी-लृङ्ग) 1. Rolling on the ground, falling down. 2. Flowing, trickling. E. लृट् to roll, गृह aff.  
 लृङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) 1. A horse's rolling himself on the ground. 2. Rolling on the ground with sorrow or vexation, &c. 3. Wallowing. E. लृट् or लृङ्ग to cast one's self on the ground, aff. कृच्।  
 लृङ्ग mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Rolling on the ground, (as a horse, &c.) m. (-तः) A horse's rolling himself on the ground. &c. E. लृट् to roll on the ground, aff. क्त।  
 लृच् r. 1st cl. (लृचति) To agitate, to stir, to churn. r. 1st and 6th cls. (लृचति लृचति) 1. To be in connection or contact with anything, to join, to adhere to, to rest in or on, &c. 2. To embrace. r. 6th cl. (लृचति) To cover, to conceal. 2. To adhere. (लृ) लृचि r. 10th cl. (लृचयति) 1. To be agitated. 2. To plunder.  
 लृङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) A sort of potherb, (Chironia centauroides, &c.) E. लृटि to be prostrate, &c., aff. कृच्.  
 लृङ्ग f. (-ङ्ग) 1. A horse's rolling himself on the ground. 2. Sterling. E. लृटि or लृङ्ग to roll on the ground, or to rob, affs. लृच् and लृङ्ग; also लृङ्गा and लृङ्गि। [aff.]  
 लृङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) A robber, a thief. f. (-ङ्गी) Stealing. E. लृटि to rob, कृच्।  
 लृङ्ग mfn. (-लृङ्ग-लृङ्गी-लृङ्ग) Rolling on the ground. E. लृटि to roll, &c., गृह aff.  
 लृङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) 1. Rolling on the ground. 2. Robbing, plundering. E. लृटि to roll on the ground, or to rob, aff. लृङ्ग।  
 लृङ्ग f. (-ङ्ग) 1. Stealing. 2. A horse's rolling on the ground; see the last, and लृङ्गा। [aff.]  
 लृङ्ग m. (-ङ्ग) 1. A crown. 2. A robber. E. लृटि to roll, or to rob, कृच्।  
 लृङ्ग f. (-ङ्गी) 1. Plundering. 2. A horse's rolling himself on the ground. E. लृटि to roll on the ground, or to rob, affs. लृच् and लृङ्ग।  
 लृङ्ग f. (-ङ्गी) 1. A round mass. 2. Fitting conduct.

लृङ्ग f. (-ङ्गी) Observing the rules of princely conduct, acting and judging rightly. E. लृङ्ग to be agitated, &c., affs. लृच् and लृङ्ग; also with लृच् added, fem. form लृङ्गी।  
 लृङ्ग (लृ) लृचि r. 1st cl. (लृचति) 1. To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill. 2. To afflict. 3. To suffer pain or affliction.  
 लृङ्ग r. 4th cl. (लृचति) 1. To disturb, to bewilder, to perplex, and confound the understanding. 2. To vanish. (लृ, लृ, लृ) लृङ्ग r. 6th cl. (लृचति-ते) 1. To cut, to divide, to cut off or down. 2. To rob. 3. To seize. 4. To suppress. With लृ, 1. To break off. 2. To carry away. 3. To destroy.  
 लृङ्ग mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone, lost, disappeared. 2. (In grammar,) Cut off, rejected. n. (-तः) Booty, plunder. E. लृच् to rob, aff. क्त।  
 लृङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) Disappearance, non-existence. E. लृच्, and लृङ्ग affs.; also with लृ, लृङ्गा।  
 लृङ्गिङ्गोदकक्रिय mfn. (-ङ्गि-ङ्गी-ङ्गी) Deprived of funeral rites. E. लृच्, पिङ्गोदक cake and water, क्रिया rite.  
 लृङ्गीपना f. (-पना) An imperfect comparison in which one or more of the four requisites are not expressed. E. लृच्, and लृङ्गीपना simile.  
 लृङ्ग (लृ) लृचि r. 1st and 10th cls. (लृचति लृचयति-ते) To hurt, to pain, to afflict or torment. r. 10th cl. (लृचयति) To disappear.  
 लृङ्ग mfn. (-लृङ्ग-लृङ्गी-लृङ्ग) Covetous, greedy, desirous, cupidinous. m. (-लृङ्गः) 1. A hunter. 2. A lecher, a libertine. E. लृङ्ग to desire, to wish for vehemently, to covet, aff. क्त।  
 लृङ्ग m. (-लृङ्गः) 1. A hunter. 2. A libertine, a rake, a whore monger. 3. A covetous or greedy man. 4. The star Sirius. 5. A tiger. E. लृङ्ग desirous, aff. क्त।  
 लृङ्ग r. 4th cl. (लृचति) To desire, to covet. r. 6th cl. (लृचति) 1. To be wilder, to perplex or delude. 2. To desire eagerly. 3. To allure. With लृ or लृच्, To attract or allure. Caus. (लृङ्गयति-ते) 1. To excite desire. 2. To attract. 3. To excite lust. 4. To disturb. With लृ, 1. To attract. 2. To divert, to amuse. [nate, aff., क्त।  
 लृङ्ग mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Perplexed, deluded, fascinated. E. लृङ्ग to fascinate. लृङ्ग r. 1st cl. (लृङ्गति) 1. To stir or agitate, to make tremulous. 2. To be attached to or connected with, to join.  
 लृङ्गाप m. (-पः) A buffalo. E. लृङ्ग to agitate, aff. क्त, stirring, shaking, (in the mud,) लृङ्गाप to get or obtain, aff. लृङ्ग; it is also read लृङ्गाप।  
 लृङ्ग mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Shaken, trembling, tremulous, agitated, stirred. 2. Heaving, panting. 3. Agreeable, pleasing, beautiful, elegant. 4. Injured, destroyed. 5. Coming in contact. E. लृङ्ग to agitate, aff. क्त।  
 लृङ्ग r. 1st and 10th cls. (लृचति लृचयति) 1. To rob, to steal. 2. To hunt, to kill.  
 लृङ्ग m. (-लृङ्गः) An elephant in rut. E. लृङ्ग to be enraged, Una'di aff. लृङ्ग, with लृङ्ग substituted for the root, and the vowel unchanged.  
 लृङ्ग r. 1st cl. (लृङ्गति) To covet, to wish for.  
 लृङ्ग r. 6th cl. (लृङ्गति लृङ्गी) 1. To cut. 2. To sever. With लृ, To pluck.  
 लृङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) 1. A spider. 2. An ant. 3. Local inflammation produced by the urine of a spider. E. लृङ्ग to cut, लृङ्ग aff.  
 लृङ्गी f. (-ङ्गी) A spider. E. लृङ्गा a spider, क्त aff., fem. form.  
 लृङ्ग mfn. (-लृङ्ग-लृङ्गी-लृङ्ग) 1. Cut. 2. Wounded. 3. Cut off. 4. Plucked. 5. Bitten, nibbled. E. लृङ्ग to cut, aff. क्त।  
 लृङ्ग m. (-लृङ्गः) 1. An animal. 2. Sort, species, difference. 3. A wound, a division, what is cut or broken. E. लृङ्ग to cut, and लृङ्ग added.  
 लृङ्गि f. (-ङ्गी) Cutting, reaping. E. लृङ्ग to cut, aff. क्त, and लृङ्ग substituted for the final. [to cut, aff. लृङ्ग।  
 लृङ्ग n. (-लृङ्गः) 1. A tail. 2. A hairy tail, as a horse's, a monkey's, &c. E. लृङ्ग, लृङ्गि, and लृङ्ग।  
 लृङ्ग m. (-लृङ्गः) Any animal that stings with its tail, as a scorpion, &c. E. लृङ्ग a tail, and लृङ्ग venom.  
 लृङ्ग r. 1st cl. (लृचति) To adorn, to decorate. r. 10th cl. (लृचयति-ते) 1. To hurt, to injure. 2. To steal, to rob.  
 लृङ्ग r. 1st cl. (लृचति) To put away.



लेख m. (-खः) 1. A letter, an epistle. 2. A god, a deity. f. (-खः) 1. A line, a mark or row, &c. 2. Writing, hand-writing. 3. Delineation, painting. 4. A likeness, an impression. 5. Hem, border. 6. The moon's crescent. E. लिख् to write, aff. क्त्; it is applied to the second sense, because the figures of the gods are written or delineated.

[er. E. लिख् to write, aff. क्त्.]

लेखक m. (-कः) 1. A writer, a scribe, a clerk, a copyist, &c. 2. A painter. लेखन n. (-नः) 1. Writing, scripture. 2. The bark of the Bhrja-tree, which is used for writing on in Ne'pa'l and Upper Hindust'an. 3. Vomiting. 4. The leaf of the palm tree. 5. Scraping or cleaning the tongue. 6. Scarifying, scratching. 7. Reducing corpulency, thinning. m. (-नः) A sort of grass or reed, of which pens are made, (Saccharum spontaneum.) f. (-नी) A pen, a style. E. लिख् to write, aff. of the act or instrument क्त्.

[वक्ति a glyster.]

लेखनवक्ति f. (-क्तिः) Use of enemas to reduce corpulency. E. लेखन, and लेखनिक m. (-कः) 1. A letter-carrier, an express, a postman. 2. One who signs a paper by proxy, who makes his mark, from inability to write, &c. E. लेखन writing, and क्त् aff.

लेख(वि)नी f. (-नी) 1. A pen, a writing-reed. 2. A spoon.

लेखनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be written. n. (-यः) An accusation or defence in law, which are required to be given in writing. E. लिख् to write, क्त् aff.

लेखर्षभ m. (-भः) INDRA. E. लेख a deity, and र्षभ best.

लेखहार m. (-रः) A letter-carrier. E. लेख a letter, ह to convey, aff. क्त्; also with क्त् added लेखहारक, or with चिनि, लेखहारिन् ।

लेखित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Written. E. लिख् to write, क्त् aff., and the vowel changed.

लेख्य mfn. (-य्यः-या-य्य) To be written. 2. To be scarified. n. (-य्यः) 1. A letter, an epistle. 2. A manuscript. 3. A drawing, a delineation. 4. A written accusation or defence. E. लिख् to write, क्त् aff. लेख्यक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Written, in writing, epistolary. E. क्त् added to the last.

[and क्त done.]

लेख्यकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Done in writing, contracted, executed. E. लेख्य लेख्यचूर्णिका f. (-का) A painted brush, a pencil. E. लेख्य a delineation, चूर्ण to pound or grind, affs. वृत् and टाप् ।

लेखापत्र n. (-त्रः) 1. A leaf or sheet of anything for writing. 2. A written paper, a writing, a letter. E. लेखा, and पत्र a leaf.

लेखापत्रक m. (-कः) The palm tree. n. (-कः) A leaf of the palm or any other substance used for writing on. E. लेखा writing, पत्र a leaf, क्त् aff.; books in south of India, &c., being made of the leaves of the palmyra.

[प्रसङ्ग application.]

लेखाप्रसङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Written contract, record, or document. E. लेखा, लेखास्थान n. (-नः) An office, a counting-house, &c. E. लेखा writing or what is to be written, and स्थान place.

[आकृष्ट mounted.]

लेखाकृत mfn. (-कृतः-कृता-कृत) Recorded, committed to writing. E. लेखा, लेख n. (-खः) Excrement.

लेख n. (-खः) Excrement.

लेख m. (-तः-ता-त) Tears.

लेप् (क्) लेप् r. 1st cl. (लेपते) To go, to approach.

लेप m. (-पः) 1. Plastering, smearing. 2. Food. 3. Mortar, plaster, Chunam. 4. Stain, spot, smearing. 5. The wipings of the hand which has offered funeral oblations to three ancestors, and which are considered as an oblation to ancestors in the 4th, 5th, and 6th degrees. 6. Pollution, impurity. 7. Sin. E. लिप् or लेप् to smear, &c., aff. क्त्.

[क्त् aff.]

लेपक m. (-कः) A bricklayer, a plasterer. E. लिप् to smear, (Chunam,)

लेपन m. (-नः) Incense. n. (-नः) 1. Smearing, plastering, anointing. 2. An ointment. 3. Flesh. E. लिप् to smear, क्त् aff.

लेपभागिन् m. (-गिन्) An ancestor in the 4th, 5th, and 6th degrees. E. लेप, भागिन् who shares.

[E. लेप, भुज् who eats.]

लेपभुज m. (-भुज्) A paternal ancestor of the 4th, 5th, or 6th degree.

लेपिन् mfn. (-पी-पिनी-पि) Who or what smears, plasters, anoints, &c. m. (-पी) A bricklayer, a plasterer. E. लेप् to plaster, क्त् aff.

लेप्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be spread, as unguent or plaster, to be anointed or plastered. n. (-यः) 1. Plastering, spreading or smearing ointment, mortar, &c. 2. Making models, moulding. E. लिप् to plaster, क्त् aff.

[make.]

लेप्यकृत m. (-कृतः) A bricklayer, a plasterer. E. लेप्य plastering, कृत who लेप्यनयी f. (-यी) A doll, a puppet. E. लेप्य plastering, मयट् aff., made of wood with a coat of plaster.

[plastering, स्त्री a woman.]

लेप्यस्त्री f. (-स्त्री) A woman, perfumed with fragrant unguents. E. लेप्य लेप्यमाना f. (-ना) One of the seven tongues of fire.

[redup क्त् aff.]

लेपिह m. (-हः) A worm breeding in the stomach. E. लिह् to lick, root लेपिहान mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Who or what licks. m. (-नः) 1. A name of

S'IVA. 2. A snake. E. लिह् to lick, aff. शानच्, root redup. form irr.

लेप्य Adj. Masc. only. (-यः) Small, little. Subst. 1. Smallness, littleness. 2. A little. 3. A particular measure of time equal to two Kalas. 4. Name of a figure of speech, (in rhetoric.) E. लिप् to be small, aff. क्त्. Some authorities vary the gender of the attribute.

लेप्योक्त Adj. Hinted at, insinuated.

लेप्या f. (-प्या) Light.

[Una'di aff.]

लेट् m. (-ट्) A clod of earth. E. लिट् to become less or small, लृट् लेट् m. (-ट्) A harrow. E. लेट् a clod of earth, and ट् destroying.

लेट् भेदन m. (-नः) A harrow. E. लेट् a clod of earth, and भेदन breaking; also लेट् भेदिन् and लोट् भेदन, &c.

लेपिक m. (-कः) The rider on an elephant, who sits on the animal's loins. लेप m. (-पः) 1. Food. 2. Licking, tasting. E. लिह् to taste, aff. क्त्.

लेपन n. (-नः) Licking, tasting with the tongue. E. लिह् to taste, to lick, aff. क्त्.

[to lick, aff. क्त्.]

लेपिन् mfn. (-पी-पिनी-पि) Who or what licks, laps, tastes, &c. E. लिह् लेपिन् m. (-नः) Borax. E. लिह् to lick, aff. क्त्.

लेप्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be licked. n. (-यः) 1. The food or beverage of the gods, nectar, ambrosia. 2. Syrup, electuary. E. लिह् to taste, क्त् aff.

[statuary.]

लेपिक f. (-की) 1. Depending on a mark, &c. 2. Inferred. m. (-कः) A लेप् (क्) लेप् r. 1st cl. (लेपति) 1. To go or move. 2. To command or direct an act. 3. To touch or embrace. 4. To pound or grind.

लेप (क्) लेप r. 1st cl. (लेपते) To see. With च्च, To see, to perceive. With च्च, To view. r. 10th cl. (लेपयति-ते) 1. To speak. 2. To shun. 3. To know. 4. To look. With च्च, 1. To see. 2. To learn. 3. To look after. With च्च, 1. To see. 2. To know. 3. To regard as. With च्च, 1. To perceive. 2. To search.

लोक m. (-कः) 1. Man, mankind. 2. A world, a division of the universe, in general three Lo'kas are enumerated; viz :—heaven, hell, and earth; another classification enumerates seven, exclusive of the infernal regions; viz :—Bhu'r-lo'ka the earth, Bhu'var-lo'ka the space between the earth and the sun, the region of the Muni, Sidd'has, &c.; Swar-lo'ka the heaven of INDRA, between the sun and the polar star; Mahar-lo'ka the usual abode of BHUMI, and others saints, who are supposed to be co-existent with BRAHMA; during the conflagration of these lower worlds, the saints ascend to the next, or Jana-lo'ka, which is described as the abode of BRAHMA's sons, SANAKA, SANANDA, SANATANA, and SANATKUMA RA, above this, is the fifth world or the Tapo-lo'ka, where the deities called Vaira'gis reside; the seventh world, Satya-lo'ka or Brahma-lo'ka, is the abode of BRAHMA, and translation to this world exempts beings from further birth; the three first worlds are destroyed at the end of each Kalpa or day of BRAHMA; the three last at the end of his life, or of 100 of his years; the fourth Lo'ka is equally permanent, but is uninhabitable from heat, at the time the three first are burning; another enumeration calls these seven worlds,

earth, sky, heaven, middle region, place of births, mansion of the blest, and abode of truth, placing the sons of BRAHMA' in the sixth division, and stating the fifth or JANA-lo'ka to be that, where animals destroyed in the general conflagration are born again. The seven lower regions descending from the earth one below the other are :—ATALA, BITALA, SU'TALA, RASA'TALA, TALA'TALA, MAHA'TALA, PA'TA'LA, respectively. 3. The human race. 4. The earth. 5. The subjects. 6. A class, a community. 7. A region. 8 The number "seven" 9. Common life, or usage, (opposite to Shāstra and Vēda respectively.) 10. Sight, seeing. 11. An element, a primary or radical part of being. **३. लोक्** to see, aff. चञ्।

**लोककृत्** m. (-कृत्) The Creator, BRAHMA'. **३. लोक्** and कृत् who makes.

**लोकगाथा** f. (-था) A song current among people.

**लोकचक्षुस्** m. (-चक्षुः) The sun. **३. लोक्** the world, चक्षुस् the eye.

**लोकचरित्व** n. (-च) The ways of the world.

**लोकजित्** m. (-जित्) 1. A conqueror of the world. 2. A sage. 3. A Buddha or Baud'dha deified teacher. **३. लोक्** the world, and जित् who conquers.

**लोकज** Adj. Conversant with the world.

**लोकतत्त्व** n. (-तत्त्व) Knowledge of mankind.

**लोकतपार** m. (-तपार) Camphor. [and वय triad.]

**लोकत्रय** n. (-त्रय) The three worlds, heaven, earth, and hell. **३. लोक्**,

**लोकद्वार** n. (-द्वार) The gate of heaven.

**लोकधातु** m. (-धातु) A continent.

**लोकनाथ** m. (-नाथ) 1. A sovereign of the universe. 2. One of the Jainas or Baud'dha saints. **३. लोक्** the world, नाथ lord.

**लोकनीय** mfn. (-नीय-या-य) Visible, to be seen. **३. लोक्** to see, नीयर् aff.

**लोकपाल** m. (-पाल) 1. A king, a sovereign. 2. A divinity who protects the regions, or the sun, moon, fire, wind, INDRA, YAMA, VARUN'A, and KURVA. **३. लोक्** the world, पाल a cherisher; also लोकपालक।

**लोकप्रकाशन** m. (-न) The sun.

**लोकप्रवाद** m. (-वाद) Common or current report or saying. **३. लोक्**, and प्रवाद report. [ted.]

**लोकप्रसिद्ध** mfn. (-प्रसिद्ध-या-हं) Notorious, well-known. **३. लोक्**, प्रसिद्ध celebra-

**लोकशत्रु** m. (-शत्रु) The sun. **३. लोक्** the world, and शत्रु the friend.

**लोकसंस्था** f. (-स्था) Established custom.

**लोकमातृ** f. (-मातृ) LAKSHMI, the wife of VISHN'U, and goddess of wealth and fortune. **३. लोक्** the world, and मातृ the mother.

**लोकयात्रा** f. (-यात्रा) 1. Worldly affairs, civil conduct, usage, practice. 2. Resort of men, traffic, intercourse. **३. लोक्**, यात्रा going. [pleasing.]

**लोकप्रिय** n. (-प्रिय) Popularity, gaining public confidence. **३. लोक्**, प्रिय

**लोकप्रिय** m. (-प्रिय) Popular report.

**लोकलोचन** m. (-लोचन) The sun. **३. लोक्** the world, and लोचन the eye.

**लोकवाद** m. (-वाद) Rumour, popular report. **३. लोक्**, वाद speech.

**लोकवाद्य** m. (-वाद्य) An outcaste, one who observes no sort of institutes, and feeds on the flesh of horses and kine. **३. लोक्** mankind, वाद्य for बहिर् without, excluded. [लोक्, विदुः censured.]

**लोकविदुः** mfn. (-विदुः-या-हं) Censured or condemned by the world. **३. लोक्**

**लोकविधि** m. (-विधि) 1. Mode of proceeding prevalent in the world. 2. The creator. [विद्युत् heard.]

**लोकविश्रुत** mfn. (-विश्रुत-या-हं) 1. Known, famous. 2. Current. **३. लोक्** and विश्रुति

**लोकविश्रुति** f. (-विश्रुति) 1. Unfounded rumour or report. 2. Fame, notoriety. **३. लोक्** the world, विश्रुति rumour. [वृत्त practice.]

**लोकवचन** n. (-वचन) Worldly or idle conversation and intercourse. **३. लोक्**,

**लोकविश्रुत** Adj. Extraordinary.

**लोकविश्रुत** Adj. Superior to the world.

**लोकात्मन्** m. (-आत्मन्) The universal spirit. **३. लोक्**, and आत्मन् soul.

**लोकापुत्र** m. (-पुत्र) Philanthropy.

**लोकातर** n. (-तर) Another world. **३. लोक्**, and अतर other.

**लोकाकलम** mfn. (-कलम-या-हं) Dead. **३. लोकाकलम**, and कलम gone.

**लोकाकलम** mfn. (-कलम-या-हं) Dead. **३. लोकाकलम**, and कलम obtained.

**लोकापवाद** m. (-वाद) Popular accusation.

**लोकाकलम** m. (-कलम) Public welfare.

**लोकायत** n. (-यत) The system of atheistical philosophy taught by Cha'rva'ka. **३. लोक्** the world, आङ् before, यति to strive, aff. चञ्।

**लोकायतिक** m. (-क) A follower of the Cha'rva'ka doctrine, an atheist, an unbeliever. **३. लोकायत** as above, and उक्त् aff. with the vowel unchanged.

**लोकासीक** m. (-क) A mountainous belt, surrounding the outermost of the seven seas and bounding the world. m. Du 'The visible and unvisible world. **३. लोक्** seeing, आसीक not seeing; causing light and darkness, as interposed between the Dvīpas and the sun.

**लोकित** mfn. (-त-ता-त) Seen, beheld. **३. लोक्** to see, क aff.

**लोकेश** m. (-श) 1. BRAHMA'. 2. A king, an emperor. 3. A Jaina deified sage. 4. Quicksilver. **३. लोक्** the world, and ईश sovereign.

**लोकेश्वर** m. (-वर) 1. BRAHMA'. 2. A king. 3. A Jaina deified sage. **३. लोक्** the world, and ईश्वर sovereign.

**लोकेश्वरभगिनी** f. (-भगिनी) A female deity peculiar to the Jainas. **३. लोकिश्वर** a Jaina sage, and भगिनी a daughter.

**लोच** (च) लोच r. 1st cl. (लोचति) To see, to perceive, to view or inspect. r. 10th cl. (लोचयति-ते) 1. To speak. 2. To shine. With आङ्, To consider. Caus. (लोचयति-ते) To cause to see. With च, 1. To know. 2. To see.

**लोच** n. (-च) Tears.

**लोचक** m. (-क) 1. A ball or lump of flesh or meat. 2. The pupil of the eye. 3. Stibium or lamp black, &c. so used. 4. An ornament, worn by women on the forehead. 5. Blue or black vesture. 6. An earring. 7. The plantain tree. 8. A bow-string. 9. A wrinkled or contracted eye-brow. 10. Folly, stupidity. 11. The rejected slough of the snake. 12. The slough of a tree. 13. Wrinkled skin. **३. लोच्** to see, लुत् aff.

**लोचन** n. (-न) 1. The eye. 2. Seeing, looking. f. (-नी) A goddess of the Jainas. **३. लोच्** to see, लुत् or युच् aff.

**लोचनमार्ग** m. (-मार्ग) The range of the eyes.

**लोचनहृता** f. (-हृता) Blue vitriol. "नृत् इति भाषा।"

**लोचनमय** m. (-य) Diseased affection of the eye, Ophthalmia, &c. **३. लोचन** eye, आस्य sickness.

**लोचनकंद** m. (-कंद) A flower, (Celosia cristata.) "कंदजटा।" [मलक head.]

**लोचनमलक** m. (-मलक) A flower, (Celosia cristata.) **३. लोच** sight, seeing,

**लोट्** (लुट्) लोट् r. 1st cl. (लोटति) To be mad or foolish.

**लोटन** n. (-न) Tumbling, rolling. **३. लुट्** to roll, लुट् aff.

**लोट** m. (-ट) Rolling on the ground.

**लोड्** (लुट्) लोट् r. 1st cl. (लोडति) To mad, to be frantic or foolish.

**लोडन** n. (-न) Disturbing, agitating.

**लोणार** m. (-र) A kind of salt.

**लौत** mn. (-त-त) 1. Plunder, booty, stolen goods. 2. A tear, tears. 3. A mark, a spot, a sign. **३. लू** to cut, Unda'di aff. तन्।

**लोच** n. (-च) Plunder, booty, stolen goods. m. (-य) 1. Tears. 2. A mark, a token. **३. लू** to cut, इन् aff.

**लोध** m. (-ध) A sort of tree with white or red flowers. : see the next.

**लोध** m. (-ध) A tree, the bark of which is used in dyeing, (Sym-plocos racemosa.) **३. लुच्** to hinder, aff. रन्, and लु substituted for र।

**लोप** m. (-प) 1. Rejection, cutting off in general, especially used as a grammatical term for dropping letters, syllables, &c. 2. Disappearance, destruction. 3. Erasure. 4. Annulling, cancelling. **३. लुप्** to cut, aff. चञ्।

**लोपन** n. (-न) 1. Violation. 2. Omission.

**लोपा** f. (-पा) The wife of the Muni AGASTYA. **३. लुप्** to disturb, affs. चञ् and टाप् : see लोपाभ्या।

**लोपाक** m. (-क) A jackal. **३. लुप्** to cut, आकन् aff.

लीपायक m. (-कः) A jackal. f. (-पिका) A fox. E. लीप rejection, (offal).  
 लीप to take, aff. वृत् ।  
 लीपासुता f. (-दा) The wife of the saint AGASTYA and daughter of the  
 king of Vidarbha. It was for her that the saint went out to  
 acquire riches and destroyed VA'TA'PI and ILVALA in the attempt.  
 E. लीप losing, (reputation.) असुता sad, not happy. [husband.  
 लीपासुतापति m. (-तः) The Muni AGASTYA. E. लीपासुता as above, पति  
 लीपायक m. (-कः) A jackal. f. (-पिका) 1. A female jackal. 2. A fox.  
 E. लीप rejection, लीप to eat, aff. लृत् । [off, लृत् aff.  
 लीप्य mfn. (-य-या-य) To be rejected, erased, lost, &c. E. लृप् to out  
 लीप, nf. (लृ-ली) Plunder, booty. E. लृप् to eat off, वृत् aff.  
 लीभ n. (-भः) Covetousness, cupidity, intense or greedy desire. E. लृभ्  
 to desire or covet, aff. घञ् ।  
 लीभन n. (-नः) 1. Allurement, temptation 2. Gold. [लीभित beguiled.  
 लीभनीहित mfn. (तः-ता-तं) Beguiled or overcome by cupidity. E. लीभ,  
 लीभविरह mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) Free from cupidity. E. लीभ, विरह separation.  
 लीभाकृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) Tempted or attracted by greediness or desire.  
 E. लीभ, आकृष्ट drawn.  
 लीभिन् mfn. (मी-भिनी-भि) Desirous, cupidinous, covetous, greedy. E.  
 लीभ desire, aff. इति ।  
 लीभ्य mfn. (भ्यः-भ्या-भ्य) Desirable. m. (-भ्यः) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus  
 mungo) n. (-भ्य) A tail. E. लृभ् to covet or desire, aff. लृत् ।  
 लीम m. (-मः) A tail, a hairy tail. E. लृप् to cut, aff. मन् ।  
 लीमकर्ण m. (-र्णः) A hare. E. लीम hair, कर्ण an ear.  
 लीमकिन् m. (-की) A bird.  
 लीमकीट m. (-टः) A louse  
 लीमज्व m. (-ज्वः) A pore of the skin. E. लीम, and कृष्ण a well.  
 लीमज्ज n. (-ज्ज) Falling of the hair, morbid baldness. E. लीम hair of the  
 body, applied here to the hair of the head, and घ्न destroying. 'टाक'.  
 लीमन् n. (-नः) The hair of the body. E. लृप् to sound, मनिन् Una'di aff.,  
 र changed to लृ; or लृप् to cut, मनिच् aff. [Bengal, &c.  
 लीमपाद m. (-टः) The name of a king of Anga, the eastern division of  
 लीमपादपुरी f. (-री) Champā, the capital of Lo'mapa'da, the modern  
 Bhāgalpur, and its vicinity. E. लीमपाद a king, and पुरी the city.  
 लीममणि m. (-मणि) An amulet made of hair.  
 लीमत्रिभ m. (-त्रिभ) An animal, whose hair is supposed to be poisonous,  
 as a tiger, &c. E. लीम hair, and त्रिष poison.  
 लीमश mfn. (-श-शा-श) 1. Hairy, covered with or made of hair. 2. Wool-  
 len. m. (-शः) 1. A ram. 2. The name of a Rishi celebrated in the  
 Mahābhārata. f. (-शा) 1. A fox. 2. A sort of Bondue. 3. A plant,  
 (Loea hirta) 4. Indian spikenard, (Valeriana jatāma'nsi). 5.  
 Cowach, (Carpopozon pruriens) 6. A medicinal plant, commonly  
 Maha'-m'ndā. 7. Sida cordifolia. 8. A female demi-divine being,  
 an attendant on DURGA, one of the Sa'kini's. 9. Green vitriol. 10.  
 Orris root. 11. An ape. E. लीम hair, श aff. [leaf, इति aff.  
 लीमशपर्विनी f. (-नी) A plant, (Glycine debilis) E. लीमश hairy, पर्विनी  
 लीमशमाजरी m. (-रः) The pole-cat. E. लीमश hairy, and माजरी a cat.  
 लीमसहर्षण Adj. Causing horripilation.  
 लीमसार m. (-रः) The emerald. E. लीम hair, and सार strength, essence.  
 लीमसहर्षण n. (-र्षण) Horripilation, erection of the hair of the body. E. लीम,  
 सहर्षण rejoicing, supposed to be an indication of great pleasure.  
 लीमहन mfn. (-हन्) Depilatory. m. (-हन्) Yellow orpiment. E. लीम hair,  
 and हन् removing.  
 लीमाच m. (-चः) Horripilation : see रीमाच ।  
 लीमानिका f. (-का) A fox. E. लीम hair, आका a line, कन् added.  
 लीमावली f. (-ली) The line of hair from the breast to the navel.  
 लीमाश m. (-शः) A jackal.  
 लीम mfn. (लः-ला-लं) 1. Shaking, tremulous. 2. Rolling, tossing. 3.  
 Agitated, alarmed. 4. Fickle, unsteady. 5. Desiring, wishing, cup-  
 idinous. 6. Greedy. f. (-ला) 1. The tongue. 2. The goddess

LAKSHMI, or the goddess of wealth and fortune. 3. A species of  
 the Sarkari metre. 4. Lightning. E. लीम to be frantic, लृप् aff.  
 लीमनिघ्न mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्ना-घ्न) Greedy, insatiable. E. लीम, निघ्न the tongue.  
 लीममान mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Rolling, tossing, rolling on the ground. E. लीम  
 to be frantic, मानच् aff.  
 लीमाचि mfn. (-चिः-चिः-चि-चि) Having a rolling eye. E. लीम, and चि  
 the eye; also लीमचिचि, लीमचिचि, लीमचिचि, लीमचिचि, and the like.  
 लीमिका f. (-का) A sort of dook or sorrel, (Rumex vesicarius.) "पातिहोस".  
 लीमिन mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Shaken, tremulous, trembling. E. लृप् to agitate,  
 aff. क्त, and the vowel changed.  
 लीमिप mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Very desirous or covetous, wishing, longing for,  
 greedy, insatiable. E. लृप् to desire, aff. लृप्, and the intensive form.  
 लीमिभ mfn. (-भः-भा-भं) Very cupidinous, excessively desirous, very  
 covetous or greedy. E. लृभ् to desire or covet, aff. लृप्, int. form.  
 लीमिभ mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Cutting much or often. E. लृप् to cut, freq. v., aff. लृप् ।  
 लीमिया f. (-या) Determination to cut. E. लृप् to cut, intensive v., लृप्  
 and टाप् affs. [aff.  
 लीमियावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Resolved to cut or cut off. E. लीमिया, मन्  
 लीट r. 1st cl. (लीटते) To heap, to assemble, to collect into a heap.  
 लीट mn. (-टः-टं) A lump of earth. n. (-टं) Rust of iron or iron  
 filings. E. लीट् to heap, aff. लृप्; or लृप् to cut, Una'di aff. क्त, with  
 change of the radical vowel, लृट् aug.; also with कन् added लीटक ।  
 लीटन m. (-नः) A harrow. E. लीट a clod, and न destroying.  
 लीटभेदन m. (-नः) A harrow. E. लीट a clod, and भेदन what breaks.  
 लीटज्व mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Made of a clod or of earth. E. लीट and ज्वत् aff.  
 लीटमहिन् mfn. (-हिन्-हिनी-हिं) Who or what breaks clods of earth.  
 लीट, and महिन् who destroys.  
 लीट m. (-टः) A lump of earth. E. लीट् to heap, ट aff.  
 लीट mn. (-हः-हं) 1. Iron, either crude or wrought 2. Steel 3. Any  
 metal. 4. A weapon 5. Aloe wood or Agallochum. 6. Blood. m.  
 (-हः) A red coloured goat. f. (-हा) 1. Red, redish. 2. Made of cop-  
 per or iron. E. लृप् to cut, aff. लृप् ।  
 लीटकयुक्त m. (-कः) A thorny shrub. E. लीट iron, कयुक्त a thorn. [gen.  
 लीटकान्त n. (-न्तः) The load-stone. E. लीट iron, कान्त in this compound a  
 लीटकार m. (-रः) A blacksmith, an ironsmith. E. लीट iron, कार who  
 works in; also with कन् added लीटकारक m. (-कः) । [mfn.  
 लीटकिट n. (-टः) Rust of iron, or iron filings. E. लीट, किट soil or soil.  
 लीटचूर्ण n. (-र्णः) Iron filings. E. लीट, चूर्ण powder. [त्र produced.  
 लीटज n. (-जः) 1. Bell-metal. 2. Rust of iron, or iron filings. E. लीट.  
 लीटजाल n. (-लः) A coat of mail. [hardness.  
 लीटजित् m. (-जित्) The diamond. E. लीट iron, and जित् conquering, m.  
 लीटदारक n. (-कः) A hell. E. लीट and दारक what tears.  
 लीटद्राविन् m. (-वी) Borax. E. लीट metal, and द्राविन् what fuses.  
 लीटनाल m. (-लः) An iron arrow. E. लीट iron, and नाल a stalk.  
 लीटपृष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) A heron. E. लीट iron, पृष्ठ the back. [an image  
 लीटप्रतिमा f. (-मा) 1. An image of iron. 2. An anvil. E. लीट iron, प्रतिमा  
 लीटवन्ध m. (-न्धः) An iron fetter.  
 लीटमय mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Made of iron. E. लीट iron, aff. मयट्.  
 लीटमारक m. (-कः) A plant (Achyranthes triandra, Rox) "शालिग्रामा" E.  
 लीट iron, मारक destroying.  
 लीटमुक्तिका f. (-का) A red pearl.  
 लीटराजक n. (-कः) Silver. E. लीट metal, राज shining, कन् added.  
 लीटल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Lispering, speaking inarticulately. 2. Iron,  
 irony. m. (-लः) The principal ring of a chain. E. लीट iron, ला to  
 get or be, aff. क ।  
 लीटवर n. (-रः) Gold. E. लीट a metal, and वर best.  
 लीटवस्त्र n. (-स्त्रः) Mail, armour. E. लीट, and वस्त्र armour.  
 लीटशूल m. (-शूलः) 1. A hell. 2. An iron pike. E. लीट, शूल a pike.  
 लीटशूल m. (-शूलः) Borax. E. लीट metal, शूल to embrace, लृट् aff.  
 लीटभिरा(वा)र m. (-रः) Lustration of arms, ceremonies performed on the

ninth of the light-half of the month Ashwin; formerly a celebration observed by princes before opening a campaign, but now confined to the domestic decoration and worship of the soldier's weapon.  
**लोह** a weapon, **अभि** about, **उ** to go, or **उ** to take, aff. **चञ्**.  
**लोहनिहार** m. (-रः) Lustration of arms. **लोह**, a weapon, **अभि** about, **उ** to take, aff. **चञ्**; also **लोहनिहार**.  
**लोहनिष** n. (-च) The flesh of a goat with red hair. **लोह**, **अभि** flesh.  
**लोहिका** f. (-का) A sort of large shallow bowl, sometimes of iron, but usually of wood and bound with iron, for the purpose of washing rice, &c. **लोह** iron, **कन्** aff., fem. form.  
**लोहित** mfn. (-तः-ता or लो-तं) 1. Red, of a red colour. 2. Made of copper. m. (-तः) 1. Red, the colour. 2. The planet MARS. 3. One of the male rivers. 4. The Rohi fish, (Cyprinus Rohita, HAM.) 5. A sort of deer. 6. A snake. 7. A deity, a demi-god. 8. A sort of bean, (Ervum hirsutum.) 9. A form of array. 10. A tree, (Andersonia Rohitaka.) n. (-तं) 1. Blood. 2. A red kind of Agallochum. 3. Saffron. 4. Red sanders. 5. War, battle. 6. Copper. 7. An imperfect form of a rainbow. f. (-ता) 1. A woman red with anger or with colour, &c. 2. A sort of creeper, (Lycopolium imbricatum.) **लोहित** to grow, **इतच्** Una'di aff., and **र** changed to **ल**.  
**लोहितक** mfn. (-कः-तिका or -निका-कं) Red. m. (-कः) 1. A ruby. 2. The planet MARS. n. (-कं) Calx of brass. **लोहित** added to the preceding.  
**लोहितयोव** m. (-वः) An epithet of Agni.  
**लोहितचन्दन** n. (-नं) Saffron. **लोहित** red, and **चन्दन** sandal.  
**लोहितपुष्पक** m. (-कः) The pome granate tree. "दाडिम हवे ।"  
**लोहितमृत्तिका** f. (-का) Red chalk. **लोहित** red, and **मृत्तिका** soil, earth.  
**लोहितशतपत्र** n. (-च) A red lotus.  
**लोहितारव** mfn. (-चः-लो-चं) Red-eyed. m. (-चः) 1. A name of VISHNÚ. 2. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 3. A kind of snake. **लोहित** red, and **अव** for **अवि** the eye.  
**लोहितारु** m. (-रुः) The planet MARS. **लोहित**, **अरु** body.  
**लोहितारुन** mfn. (-नः-लो-नं) Red-faced. m. (-नः) An ichneumon. **लोहित** red, **आनन** the face.  
**लोहितारु** n. (-यः) Copper. **लोहित** red, and **अयस्** iron.  
**लोहिनी** f. (-नी) A woman red with anger, or painted red. **लोहित**, the fem. aff. being **ङीप्**, and the penultimate consonant changed to **न**.  
**लोहितम** n. (-मं) Gold. **लोहित** a metal, and **उत्तम** best.  
**लोकायतिक** m. (-कः) An atheist, a materialist, a Band'dha. **लोकायत** a particular heterodox doctrine, and **उक्** aff.; also **लोकायतिक**.  
**लोकिक** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Mundane, worldly, human, what prevails amongst or is familiar to mankind. f. (-की) 1. Common, vulgar. 2. Secular, temporal. 3. Customary. n. (-च) Any usage or general custom. **लोका** mankind, the world, and **उक्** aff.  
**लोकिकता** f. (-ता) 1. Worldliness. 2. Worldly currency custom. **लोक्** added to the last; also **लोकिकत्व**. [चञ् aff.]  
**लोक्** mfn. (-कः-लो-कं) 1. Mundane, human. 2. Common. **लोक्** and **लोक्** r. 1st cl. (**लोडति**) To be mad or foolish.  
**लोभ्य** n. (-च) 1. Fickleness, inconstancy. 2. Eagerness, passion.  
**लोह** mfn. (-हः-लो-हं) 1. Iron, made of iron, copper, &c. 2. Red, copper-coloured. m. (-हः) Iron. f. (-ही) An iron vessel, a pot. **लोह** iron, and **अण्** deriv. aff.  
**लोहवन्ध** n. (-धः) An iron chain or fetters. **लोह** and **वन्ध** binding.  
**लोहपात्र** m. (-त्रः) A pestle and mortar, usually of metal. **लोह** and **पात्र** a vessel. [भू being.]  
**लोहम्** f. (-भूः) A sort of iron vessel, a boiler, a caldron. **लोह** iron, **लोहाम्** f. (-मा) A sort of iron boiler, a kettle, &c. **लोह** made of iron, and **आमन्** substance.  
**लोहित** m. (-कः) The trident of S'IVA.  
**लोहित** m. (-तः) The trident of S'IVA. **लोहित** and **अण्** aff.

**लोहितोक्** mfn. (-कः-लो-कं) Redish, like or resembling red, &c. **लोहित** red, and **उक्** aff., implying similarity in this compound.  
**लोहित** mfn. (-तः-लो-तं) Redness. m. (-तः) 1. A male river. 2. The ocean. **लोहित** as above, **अण्** pleonasm.  
**लो** r. 9th cl. (**लोनाति**) To unite, to join, 'to be connected or attached to': it is also read **लो** **लो** **लो**, &c.  
**लो** r. 9th cl. (**लोनाति** or **लोनाति**) 1. To go, to move or approach. 2. To join or be connected with, to mix with, to unite. 3. To obtain: see the last.

## व

**व** The twenty-ninth consonant of the Nagari alphabet, or more properly the semi vowel V; it is often confounded with the labial consonant **व**, with which it is also optionally interchangeable.  
**व** m. (-वः) 1. Air, wind. 2. The arm. 3. A name of VARUN'A. 4. Addressing. 5. Auspiciousness. 6. Strong, powerful. 7. A dwelling. 8. The residence of VARUN'A. 9. The ocean. 10. Water. 11. Shaving. 12. Like, as, (rarely used.) 13. An epithet of RA'UU. 14. A tiger. 15. Cloth. f. (-वा) 1. Going. 2. Harting, injury. 3. An arrow. 4. Weaving. 5. A weaver. n. (-वं) A sort of incantation or Mantra, of which the object is the deity VARUN'A. **व** to go, to injure, &c., aff. **ङ**.  
**वंश** m. (-शः) 1. Race, lineage, family. 2. Assemblage, multitude. 3. A bamboo, (Bambusa arundinacea.) 4. The back-bone, the spine. 5. A staff. 6. A joint. 7. The Sal tree. 8. A sort of sugarcane. 9. A particular measure of length equal to ten hastas. mfn. (-शः-शो) 1. A pipe, a fife, a flute. 2. Bamboo manna. **वंश** to shine, **च** aff., and **तुम्** augment; or **वन्** to sound, to serve, aff. **ङ**. According the Va'chaspathya:—**वर्मति उद्दिशत वन-ग तस्य वंशम्**.  
**वंशक** m. (-कः) 1. A small fish, (Cynoglossus lingua, HAM.) 2. A large kind of sugarcane. "ग्रामशादा ।" mfn. (**वंश-शिका**) Aloe-wood. f. (-का) A kind of pipe or flute. **वन्** added to the preceding.  
**वंशकटिन** m. (-नः) A thicket of bamboos.  
**वंशकण** n. (-कं) Flocks of cotton or cottony pods floating in the air. **वंश** a bamboo, and **कण** phlegm. [what makes  
**वंशकर** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Making or perpetuating a family. **वंश**, and **कर**  
**वंशकोत्ति** mfn. (-तिः-तिः-तिः) Famous, celebrated. **वंश**, **कोत्ति** fame.  
**वंशक्षय** m. (-यः) Decay of a family. **वंश**, and **क्षय** decline.  
**वंशकोटी** f. (-टी) The manna of the bamboo. **वंश** the bamboo, and **कोटी** milk; being of a milky colour.  
**वंशचरित** n. (-चः) A genealogical table or list, the history of a race or dynasty, &c. **वंश**, and **चरित** an account.  
**वंशचिन्तक** m. (-कः) A genealogist.  
**वंशज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Sprung from a good family. 2. Produced by the bamboo. mfn. (-जः-जा) Bamboo-manna. **वंश** a bamboo, or lineage, &c., and **ज** born, produced.  
**वंशधर** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Who or what supports a family. 2. Carrying or holding a bamboo, &c. **वंश**, and **धर** what holds.  
**वंशनालिका** f. (-का) A pipe, a reed or flute. **वंश** a bamboo, **नालिका** a tube, **कन्** aff., fem. form.  
**वंशनेत्र** n. (-नेत्रं) The root of sugarcane.  
**वंशपत्रक** n. (-कं) Yellow orpiment. m. (-कः) A sort of fish, (Cynoglossus lingua, HAM.) **वंश** a bamboo, and **पत्रक** a leaf, the shape of the fish resembling to that of the leaf of the bamboo.  
**वंशपत्रवति** n. (-तं) A species of the Atyashti' metro.  
**वंशपरम्परा** f. (-रा) Family, lineage, descent. **वंश**, and **परम्परा** successive.  
**वंशपूरक** n. (-कः) The root of a sugarcane.  
**वंशभोज्य** n. (-ज्यः) Hereditary estate. **वंश**, and **भोज्य** to be possessed.

बकनक्र m. (-क्रः) 1. A low or depraved man. 2. A parrot. ३. बक्र crooked.

वक्राक्षि म. (-क्षः) An owl. ङ. वक्र crooked, and नासिका the nose.  
 वक्रपुच्छ म. (-पुच्छः) A dog. ङ. वक्र crooked, and पुच्छ a tail; also वक्रपुच्छिक ।  
 वक्रपुष्प म. (-पुष्पः) The *Sesbana grandiflora*. ङ. वक्र crooked, पुष्प the flower.  
 वक्रवाह म. (-वाहः) A dog. ङ. वक्र crooked, वाहवाह a tail.  
 वक्रवचन न. (-वचनः) Indirect speech, equivocal, evasion. ङ. वक्र crooked, वचन spoken. [initial rejected].  
 वक्रम. (-मः) Flight, retreat. ङ. वक्र reverse, वक्र to go, aff. वक्र, and the  
 वक्रवक्र म. (-वक्रः) A hog. ङ. वक्र crooked, and वक्र a face.  
 वक्राय न. (-वक्रः) A plant, commonly *Be'ntua*. [bending, वक्र body.  
 वक्राक्ष म. (-वक्रः) 1. A goose. 2. The ruddy goose. 3. A snake. ङ. वक्र  
 वक्रि मfn. (-क्रिः-क्रिः-क्रिः) Speaking falsely, uttering untruths, prevarica-  
 ting, lying. ङ. वक्र to be crooked, (metaphorically), क्रि aff.  
 वक्रिन् मfn. (-क्रिः-क्रिः-क्रिः) 1. Crooked. 2. Dishonest, fraudulent. म. (-क्रिः)  
 A Jaina or Baud'dha. ङ. वक्र crooked, fraudulent, क्रि aff.  
 वक्रिन् मfn. (-क्रिः-क्रिः-क्रिः) Bent, curved. ङ. वक्रि to go crookedly, क्रिन् aff.  
 वक्रिन् म. (-क्रिः) 1. Crookedness, curvature. 2. Craftiness, cunning. 3.  
 Indirectness. ङ. वक्र, and वक्रिन् aff. [क्रि augment.  
 वक्रोक्तर न. (-वक्रः) Curving, bending, distorting. ङ. वक्र, and वक्रोक्तर making,  
 वक्रोक्तर मfn. (-वक्रः-वक्रोक्तर) Bent, made crooked. ङ. वक्र, and वक्रोक्तर made, क्रि aug.  
 वक्रोभार म. (-वक्रः) 1. Curvature, curve. 2. Fraudulent or dishonest dis-  
 position. ङ. वक्रो, भार property, क्रि aug. [come, क्रि aug.  
 वक्रोभूत मfn. (-वक्रः-वक्रोभूत) 1. Bent, crooked. 2. Dishonest. ङ. वक्र, भूत be-  
 वक्रोक्ति f. (-वक्रः) 1. Equivocal, evasion, pun, the covert expression of  
 something else than the words used naturally imply, either from  
 the manner in which they are uttered, or some other sense of  
 which they are susceptible. 2. Hint, insinuation. 3. Sarcasm. It  
 is thus defined in *Sa'hityadarpana* :-  
 "वक्रव्यवहारं वाक्यमन्यथाधीनयेद्विद् ।  
 वक्रः स्तुतिं वा कान्ता वा वा वक्रोक्तिस्ततो विद्या ॥"  
 ङ. वक्र crooked, dishonest, and वक्रिन् speech.  
 वक्रोक्तिता f. (-वक्रः) A gentle smile, one in which the teeth are not shewn.  
 ङ. वक्र crooked, वक्रोक्ति the lip, and वक्र aff., fem. form; also वक्रोक्तिः ।  
 वक्र r. 1st cl. (वक्रति) To be angry. 2. To accumulate.  
 वक्रण न. (-वक्रः) The breast; see वक्रण् ।  
 वक्रण न. (-वक्रः) The breast, the bosom, the chest. म. (-वक्रः) An ox, (con-  
 fined to the *Vedās*). ङ. वक्र to speak, or वक्र to accumulate, aff. वक्रण  
 in the first case सुट् is inserted; again वक्र to bear, वक्रण् aff., सुट्  
 augment, and the deriv. irr.  
 वक्रःसम्बन्धिनी f. (-वक्रः) Wife of the bosom, ङ. वक्रण् and सम्बन्धिनी who rubs.  
 वक्रः(वक्रः)स्थल न. (-वक्रः) The breast, the heart. ङ. वक्रण् and स्थल place.  
 वक्राज न. (-वक्रः) The female breast. ङ. वक्रण् the breast or chest; वक्र born.  
 वक्राह म. (-वक्रः) The female breast. ङ. वक्रण् the chest, वक्र what rises.  
 वक्राण मfn. (-वक्रः-वक्रः-वक्रः) Being to be said or described. ङ. वक्र to say,  
 desid. pass. व., वक्रण् aff.  
 वक्र r. 1st cl. (वक्रति) (वक्र) वक्रि (वक्रति) To go or move.  
 वक्र (वक्र) वक्रि r. 1st cl. (वक्रति) 1. To go. 2. To go lamely, to limp.  
 वक्राह म. (-वक्रः) Bathing, ablution. ङ. वक्र before, वक्राह to agitate, aff. वक्र,  
 and the initial rejected; also वक्राह । [to व ।  
 वक्रु म. (-वक्रुः) A speaker. ङ. वक्र to speak, वक्र *Una'di* aff., and व changed  
 वक्र (वक्र) वक्रि r. 1st cl. (वक्रति) 1. To go. 2. To blame or censure. 3. To be-  
 gin. 4. To begin moving. 5. To move swiftly.  
 वक्र म. (-वक्रः) 1. The bend or elbow of a river, the winding course of a  
 stream. 2. Crookedness. f. (-वक्रः) The pommel of a saddle. ङ. वक्रि  
 to curve or bend, aff. वक्र ।  
 वक्रि म. (-वक्रः) A thorn. ङ. वक्र crookedness, वक्रण् aff.  
 वक्रा मfn. (-वक्रः-वक्रा-वक्रा) Crooked, curved. ङ. वक्र to go, वक्रण् aff., व  
 changed to व ।  
 वक्रि f. (-वक्रः) A rib. mn. (-वक्रः-वक्रः) 1. The wood of a thatch. 2. A  
 kind of musical instrument. ङ. वक्रि to be crooked, वक्र *Una'di* aff.  
 वक्रण न. (-वक्रः) The groin, the public and iliac regions. ङ. वक्रण् to

desire, वक्रण् aff., and the form irr. ; or वक्र to accumulate, वक्रण् aff.  
 and वक्रण् augment. [late, aff. व.

वक्र f. (-वक्रः) A small arm or branch of the Ganges. ङ. वक्र to accumu-  
 वक्र न. (-वक्रः) 1. Load. 2. Tin. म. (-वक्रः) 1. Bengal, or the eastern parts of  
 the modern province. 2. Cotton. 3. The egg-plant, (*Solanum*  
*melongena*). ङ. वक्रि to go, वक्रण् aff.  
 वक्रज न. (-वक्रः) 1. Brass. 2. Red lead.  
 वक्राक्षि न. (-वक्रः) Silver.  
 वक्रण म. (-वक्रः) The egg-plant. "वेमुच वाह ।" ङ. वक्रि to go, वक्रण् aff.  
 वक्रणवक्र न. (-वक्रः) Brass. ङ. वक्र tin, वक्रण copper, and वक्र produced; an  
 alloy of tin and copper.  
 वक्रसेन म. (-वक्रः) The *Sesbana grandiflora*. "वक्रपुलेर वाह ।" ङ. वक्र Bengal,  
 वक्रि to sew, aff. वक्रण् ; also with वक्रण added, वक्रसेनक ।  
 वक्रारि म. (-वक्रः) Yellow orpiment. ङ. वक्र lead, and वक्रि a foe.  
 वक्रुता f. (-वक्रः) A mode of music.  
 वक्र (वक्र) वक्रि r. 1st cl. (वक्रति) r. 2nd cl. (वक्रि) and 10th cl. (वक्रयति-ने) 1.  
 To speak, to tell. 2. To inform. 3. To read, to expound. 4. To  
 name; (the second cl. is the most usual form of the root, in which  
 its inflections however are very irregular.) With प्र, 1. To begin  
 to speak. 2. To call. 3. To announce. With प्रति, To answer. With  
 वक्र, To recite. With निवृ, To explain etymologically.  
 वक्र म. (-वक्रः) 1. A parrot. 2. The sun. f. (-वक्रः) 1. Orris root, (*Acorus*  
*calamus*; also *Zinziber Zedoaria*). 2. The *Sa'rika*, (*Turdus Salica*).  
 ङ. वक्र to speak, वक्रण् aff.  
 वक्रण् मfn. (-वक्रः-वक्रः-वक्रः) Talkative, loquacious, eloquent. म. (-वक्रः) A  
 Bra'hmana. ङ. वक्र to speak, *Una'di* aff. वक्रण् ।  
 वक्रण न. (-वक्रः) 1. Speech, speaking. 2. A sentence, a text, a dictum, an  
 aphorism, a rule. 3. Recitation. 4. Advice. 5. Order, command.  
 6. Dry-ginger. 7. The pronunciation of a letter, (in gram.) 8. The  
 meaning of a word. 9. Number, (in gram.) ङ. वक्र to speak, aff. वक्रण् ।  
 वक्रणकर मfn. (-वक्रः-वक्रः-वक्रः) 1. Obedient. 2. Speaking. म. (-वक्रः) The  
 author or enunciator of a precept. ङ. वक्रण, and वक्र who makes.  
 वक्रणक्रम म. (-वक्रः) Discourse, order of words. ङ. वक्रण, and क्रम order.  
 वक्रणयाहिन् मfn. (-वक्रः-वक्रः-वक्रः) Compliant, conformable, submissive,  
 humble. ङ. वक्रण speech, याहिन् taking, obeying. [opposed.  
 वक्रणविहन् मfn. (-वक्रः-वक्रः-वक्रः) Contrary to a text or precept. ङ. वक्रण, विहन्  
 वक्रणविरोध म. (-वक्रः) Incongruity, contradiction, inconsistency of texts.  
 ङ. वक्रण, विरोध opposition. [व्यक्ति plainness.  
 वक्रणव्यक्ति f. (-वक्रः) Distinctness or perspicuity of a text. ङ. वक्रण, and  
 वक्रणोय मfn. (-वक्रः-वक्रः-वक्रः) 1. To be spoken or said. 2. Consurable, to be  
 noticed or reproved. न. (-वक्रः) Censure. ङ. वक्र to speak, वक्रणोय aff.  
 वक्रणीयता f. (-वक्रः) 1. Rumour, report, especially ill report, detraction,  
 scandal. 2. Blame, reprehension. ङ. वक्रणोय to be censured, वक्रण aff.;  
 also with वक्र, aff., वक्रणीयल । [नात्र only.  
 वक्रणमात्र न. (-वक्रः) Mere words, assertion unsupported by facts. ङ. वक्रण,  
 वक्रणवक्र न. (-वक्रः) Repeated speech or declaration. ङ. वक्रण, वक्रण a hundred.  
 वक्रणस्थित मfn. (-वक्रः-वक्रः-वक्रः) Compliant, conformable, obedient. ङ. वक्रणि in  
 the word, and स्थित who stays.  
 वक्रण म. (-वक्रः) 1. A cock. 2. A roguo, a cheat. ङ. वक्र to speak, वक्रण aff.  
 वक्रण म. (-वक्रः) Offence, fault. ङ. वक्र to speak, वक्रण aff.  
 वक्रण न. (-वक्रः) 1. Speech, voice. 2. Words. 3. A sentence. 4. Advice. 5.  
 Command. 6. Number, (in gram.) ङ. वक्र to speak, वक्रण aff.  
 वक्रणकर मfn. (-वक्रः-वक्रः-वक्रः) Obedient, compliant. ङ. वक्रण, and वक्र who does.  
 वक्र r. 1st cl. (वक्रति) To go. r. 10th cl. (वक्रयति-ने) 1. To go. 2. To  
 make. 3. To prepare the way. 4. To trim or feather an arrow.  
 वक्र मfn. (-वक्रः-वक्रः-वक्रः) 1. Hard, impenetrable, adamant. 2. Cross, fork-  
 ed. mn. (-वक्रः-वक्रः) 1. A thunder-bolt in general, or the thunderbolt  
 of *INDRA*, which is said to have formed out of the bones of the  
 sage *Dadhichi*, (in Hindu mytho.) 2. The diamond, (the gem being  
 considered analogous in hardness to the thunder-bolt, or in fact

to be the same substance.) 3. A diagram, the figure of which is supposed to be that of the thunder-bolt. 4. A child or pupil. 5. Emblic myrobalan. 6. Sour gruel. 7. The blossom of the sesamum. 8. Harsh language. m. (-ज्) 1. One of the astronomical Yogas. 2. Kus'a grass. 3. A form of military array. n. (-ज्) 1. Steel. 2. A kind of talc. 3. Severe language. 4. A child. f. (-जा-जी) A species of Euphorbia f. (-जा) 1. A plant: see गुडुची. 2. A shrub, (Siphonanthus Indica.) E. वज् to go, रन् aff.

वज्रक n. (-क) A sort of salt, an impure carbonate of soda. E. कन् added to the last.

वज्रकण्टक m. (-ट्) Hanuma'na, the monkey demigod. E. वज्, the thunder-bolt, (as hard,) and कण्टक armour.

वज्रकण्टक m. (-कः) Euphorbia. E. वज्, a thunder-bolt, and कण्टक a thorn.

वज्रकपालिन् m. (-ल) One of the Baud'dha saints.

वज्रचार n. (-र) An alkaline earth, an impure carbonate of soda. E. वज् diamond, चार alkali.

वज्रचर्मन् m. (-र्म) A rhinoceros.

वज्रजित् m. (-जित्) A name of GARUDA'. E. वज्, 'bolt, जित् who conquers; being invulnerable to repeated shocks of INDRA's bolt.

वज्रज्वाला f. (-ला) A clap of thunder. E. वज्, the bolt, and ज्वाला flame.

वज्रटीक m. (-कः) A Jaina deified saint.

वज्रतुण्ड m. (-ण्डः) 1. The deity GANE'SA. 2. GARUDA', the bird and vehicle of VISHN'U. 3. A vulture. 4. A gnat, a musquito. E. वज् the thunder-bolt, and तुण्ड face or beak, (as hard.) [a tooth.

वज्रदन्त m. (-न्तः) 1. A hog. 2. A rat. E. वज्, a thunder-bolt, (as hard,) दन्त a tooth.

वज्रदण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A rat. E. वज्, and दण्ड a tooth; see the last.

वज्रद्रुम m. (-द्रुः) Euphorbia of various species. E. वज्, thunder-bolt, (as hard,) and द्रु a tree; also वज्रद्रुम् ।

वज्रद्रुम m. (-द्रुः) Euphorbia: see the last.

वज्रधर m. (-रः) 1. INDRA, as the JUPITER Tonans of the Hindus. 2. A Baud'dha saint. E. वज् the thunder-bolt, धर who has or holds.

वज्रनाभ m. (-भः) The discus of KRISHN'A.

वज्रनिर्घोष m. (-घः) A clap of thunder. E. वज् the bolt, and निर्घोष sound.

वज्रनिर्घोष m. (-घः) A clap of thunder. E. वज् the bolt, and निर्घोष here meaning the sound produced by friction or concussion, from निर् forth, पिच् to grind, aff. घञ् ।

वज्रपाणि m. (-णिः) INDRA. E. वज् the bolt, पाणि the hand: see वज्रधर ।

वज्रपात m. (-तः) A thunder-bolt, a stroke of lightning. E. वज्, पात fall.

वज्रपुष्प m. (-ष्पः) The blossom of the sesamum. 'तिलपुष्पे ।'

वज्रवध m. (-धः) 1. Death by lightning. 2. Cross multiplication. E. वज्, and वध killing, or multiplying. [and मयट् aff.

वज्रमय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) 1. Hard, adamantine. 2. Hard-hearted. E. वज्, वज्ररद m. (-रदः) A hog. E. वज् a thunder bolt, (as hard,) and रद a tooth.

वज्रमय m. (-यः) A kind of hard cement.

वज्रलोहक m. (-कः) A loadstone.

वज्रवराहो f. (-हो) A female personification of Ma'ya' or unreality, amongst the Baud'dhas.

वज्रवह्नी f. (-ह्नी) A species of sun-flower, (Heliotropium.) E. वज् the thunder-bolt, वह्नी a creeper.

वज्रग्रहणा f. (-णा) A female deification peculiar to the Jaines, and one of their sixteen Vidya'-De'vis. E. वज् a diamond, and ग्रहणा a chain.

वज्रसार Adj. Of the nature of a diamond, (as hard.)

वज्रसूर्य m. (-र्यः) A Jaina saint.

वज्राक्ष m. (-क्षः) A snake. f. (-की) A sort of grain, (Coix barbata.) "गदेयु". the thunder bolt, (as hard,) अक्ष body or substance.

वज्राघात m. (-तः) 1. A thunder-bolt or stroke. 2. A sudden calamity. E. वज्, आघात blow. [आघ resembling.

वज्राम m. (-मः) Precious opal. E. वज् the diamond, (in hardness perhaps.)

वज्राम्बास m. (-सः) Cross multiplication. E. वज्, and आम्बास practising.

वज्राम्बि m. (-भिः) INDRA's thunder-bolt.

वज्रिन् m. (-जी) 1. INDRA. 2. A Jaina deified saint. 3. A buffalo. 4. An owl. E. वज् the thunder-bolt, इनि aff.

वच् (वच्) वच् r. 1st cl. (वचति) 1. To go. 2. To go secretly. r. 1st and 10th cls. (वचते वचयते) To delude, to cheat, to trick or deceive. Caus. (वचयति-ते) 1. To shun, to evade. 2. To beguile, to defraud.

वचक mfn. (कः-का-कं) Fraudulent, crafty. m. (-कः) 1. A jackal. 2. A tame or house ichneumon. 3. A rogue, a cheat. 4. A low or vile man. 5. A musk-rat. f. (-चिका) Cheating. E. वच् to cheat, कृच् aff.

वचति m. (-तिः) Fire.

वचय m. (-यः) A rogue, a knave, a cheat. E. वच् to cheat, Unadi वचन n. (नं) Cheating, fraud. E. वच् to cheat, छुट् aff.

वचनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be cheated. E. वच् to cheat, चनीयर् aff.

वचयित्वा Ind. Having cheated. E. वच् to cheat, क्ताच् aff.

वचित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Tricked, deceived. f. (-ता) A kind of riddle. E. वच् to cheat, aff. क्त.

वचुक mfn. (कः-की-कं) Crafty, fraudulent. m. (-कः) A jackal. E. वच् to cheat, aff. उकन् । [यत् aff.

वच्चा mfn. (-च्चा-च्चा-च्चा) 1. To be gone. 2. To be cheated. E. वच् to go, वच्चा m. (लः) 1. A tree, (Dalbergia Ongeiuiensis.) 2. Another tree, (Jonesia Asoca.) 3. Common cane, (Calamus rotang.) 4. A flower, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) 5. A sort of bird. f. (-ला) A cow that yields abundance of milk. E. वच् to go, aff. उलच्, च changed to ज् ।

वच्चुलद्रिय m. (-यः) The ratan, (Calamus rotang.) "वेतसे ।"

वट् r. 1st and 10th cls. (वटति वटयति-ते) 1. To surround or encompass. 2. To tie or string, to connect. 3. To partition, to divide. r. 1st cl.

causal form (वटयति) To speak. (वटि r. 4th and 10th cls. (वटयति वटयति) To partition, to separate or divide.

वट Subst. mfn. (-टः-टी-टं) A string, a rope, a tie. m. (-टः) 1. The large Indian fig-tree, (Ficus Indica.) 2. A round figure, a circle, a cipher, a ball or globe. 3. Pulse ground and fried with oil or butter. 4. A small shell, a cowrie. 5. Equality in shape or dimension. E. वट् to surround, to tie, aff. चच् ।

वटक m. (-कः) 1. Pulse ground and fried in oil or butter. 2. A weight of eight Ma'sha's. f. (-टिका) A pill. E. वट् to surround, aff. कृन् ।

वटपत्रा f. (-त्रा) A plant, from the fibrous leaves of which bow-strings, &c., are made, (Aletris hyacinthoides; Saussevieria zeylanica, Rox.'s Cata.) E. वट a string, पत्र a leaf.

वटर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Wicked, villainous. 2. Slippery, unsteady. m. (-रः) 1. A cock. 2. A thief. 3. A cloth worn round the head, a turban. 4. A mat. 5. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus.) 6. A churning stick. E. वट् to surround, चर्च् aff.

वटवासिन् m. (-सि-सिना) A sort of demigod, male and female; a YAKSHA or YAKSHINI, KUV'SA's special attendants. E. वट the Indian-fig in which these spirits are supposed to be fond of abiding, वास abode, and इनि aff.

वटाकर m. (-रः) A cord, a rope, a string. E. वट surrounding, आकर what makes, from कृ to make, with आच् prefix, and टच् aff.

वटानीक m. (-कः) A notorious thief, a dacoit, a robber.

वटि m. (-टिः) A sort of tick or body louse. E. वट् to surround, aff. इच् ।

वटिक m. (-कः) A pawn at chess. f. (-का) 1. A pill. 2. A chessman.

वटिन् mfn. (-टो-टिनी-टि) 1. Stringed, having a string. 2. Circular, globular. E. वट, and इनि aff.

वटु m. (-टुः) 1. The Brahmaacha'ri or religious student, after his investiture with the sacred thread. 2. A lad, a youth in general. 3. A flower, (Bignonia Indica.) E. वट् to surround, (with the string, &c.) or to speak, च Unadi aff.

वटुक m. (-कः) 1. A lad, a young man in general, or one fit to receive the sacrificial thread. 2. A religious student. 3. A stupid fellow.

a blockhead. E. कन् added to the preceding.

वटुकर m. (-कः) Investiture with the sacred and characteristic thread.



वह a lad after investiture. वृ to make, aff. वृत्, and the vowel of वृ made long or technically, वि augment.

वह r. 1st cl. (वहति) To be large, powerful or able; also वह (वृ) वहि (वहति) To move alone or unaccompanied.

वह mfn. (वृ-वृ-र-र) 1. Vile, wicked, abandoned. 2. Stupid, slow, dull. m. (-रः) 1. A blockhead, a fool. 2. A physician. 3. A waterpot. E. वृ to speak, वृत् aff., and वृ changed to वृ।

वह (वृ) वहि r. 1st cl. (वहति) 1. To partition, to share or divide. 2. To surround or encompass. 3. To cover: in the first sense it is sometimes read as a root of the 10th cl. (वहयति-ते).

वहति f. (-वृ; or ओ) 1. The wooden frame of a thatch. 2. A temporary building or awning on the top of a palace, or a room or turret so situated. E. वृ to cover, वृत् aff., वृ added, and again optionally वृत्, वृ changed to वृ; otherwise वहति and वहती।

वह f. (-वृ) Pulse ground and fried with oil or butter. E. वृ to cover, वृत् and वृत् affs., and वृ changed to its congener वृ।

वहति m. (-वृ-वृ-र-र) 1. A fish-hook. 2. A bait. E. वहति having a string, वृ to destroy, वृ aff.; the radical वृ changed to वृ। [तो वृ।

वह mfn. (वृ-वृ-र-र) Large, great. E. वृ to cover, वृत् aff., वृ changed वृत् (वृ) वहि r. 1st cl. (वहति) To sound; also वृ।

वह r. 10th cl. (वहयति-ते) To partition, to separate or divide; also वहि.

वह m. (-वृ) 1. A part, a portion. 2. A man unmarried. 3. The handle of a sickle. E. वहि to divide, aff. वृत्।

वह m. (-वृ) 1. A part, a portion, a share. 2. A distributor. 3. Distributing. E. वहि to divide, वृत्, and वृत् affs.

वह n. (-न) Portioning, dividing. E. वहि to divide, वृत् aff.

वहनीय mfn. (-वृ-वृ-य) Divisible, to be divided. E. वहि to divide, वृत् aff.

[also वृत्वात्।

वह m. (-वृ) 1. A contest of heres. 2. A boat. 3. A shovel, a hoe: वह m. (-वृ) 1. An unmarried man. 2. A dwarf. 3. A javelin. f. (-वृ) 1. Dwarfish. 2. Unmarried. E. वहि to go alone, aff. वृत्।

वह m. (-रः) 1. The new shoot of the Ta'l or palm tree. 2. The sheath that envelopes the young bamboo. 3. A rope for tying a goat, &c. 4. A female breast. 5. A dog's tail. 6. A dog. 7. A cloud. E. वहि to go alone, aff. वृत्।

वह mfn. (-वृ-वृ-र-र) 1. Maimed, defective, crippled, but especially in the hands. 2. Unmarried. 3. Impotent, emasculated. m. (-वृ) 1. A man who is circumcised or has no prepuce. 2. An ox without his tail. f. (-वृ) An unchaste woman. E. वृ to sound, &c., aff. वृ।

वह m. (-रः) 1. A niggard, a miser. 2. An eunuch or attendant on the woman's apartments.

वह m. (-वृ) 1. A description of conflict, the contest of heroes. 2. A boat. 3. A spade, a hoe. E. वहि to divide, वृत् aff.; also वृत्वात्।

वृ Ind. As, like, similar; this is more generally considered as an affix to words, termed technically वहि, as ब्राह्मणवत् like a Bra'h man, &c. f. (-वृ) An affix added to nouns to form possessive adjectives, as वृत्वात्; also added to past passive participles to form past active participles, as वृत्वात्।

वह mfn. (-वृ-वृ-र-र) 1. Uttered, sounded, spoken. 2. Asked, begged. Ind. 1. A particle analogous to ah, oh, &c. expressing sorrow. 2. Compassion. 3. Pleasure. 4. Oh, ho, a vocative particle. E. वृ to ask or beg, &c. aff. वृ।

वह m. (-वृ) 1. An ear-ring. 2. A crest. E. वृ before, वहि to adorn, and वृत् aff., the initial rejected; also वृत्वात्। [वृत्, वृ rejected.

वह m. (-वृ) The name of a Muni. E. वृ before, वहि to beat, aff.

वहती f. (-वृ) 1. A cow miscarrying from accident. 2. A barren woman. E. वृ before, वृत् offspring, and वृ rejected; also वृत्वात्।

वह m. (-वृ) The breast, the chest. m. (-वृ) 1. A calf. 2. A year. mfn. (-वृ-वृ-र-र) A term of endearment, used to children, scholars, &c. E. वृ to speak, to speak kindly to, or वृ to love, Una'di aff. वृ।

वह m. (-वृ) 1. A calf. 2. A child. 3. A medicinal plant, (Wrightea antidysenterica.) n. (-वृ) Black sulphate of iron. E. वह and वृ added.

वह mfn. (-वृ-वृ-र-र) Fond of or anxious about a child. f. (-वृ) A cow anxious after her calf, a mother anxious after her child, &c. E. वह a calf, &c. and वृ to desire, affs. वृत् and वृत्।

वह m. (-वृ) A master. E. वह, and वृ teacher.

वह m. (-रः) A steer. f. (-रि: or री) A heifer. E. वह a calf, and वृत् aff. of excess; more than a calf.

वहती f. (-वृ) The rope that ties a calf. E. वह, and वृ a string.

वह m. (-वृ) An active poison; also called Mi'tha Zeher, the root of the Aconite ferox brought from Ne'pa'l. E. वह a calf, and वृ to injure, वृ aff.; the root is sometimes compared to the nipple of a cow, whence perhaps this etymology.

वह n. (-न) The name of a city in the north of India; one place to which it is applied is now a village in the district of Gorakhpur. E. वह a calf, and वृ a city. [Una'di aff.

वह m. (-रः) 1. A year. 2. An epithet of VISHN'U. E. वृ to abide, वृत्

वह m. (-वृ) The month Pha'lgu'n'a. E. वह, and वृ destroyer.

वह mfn. (-वृ-वृ-र-र) Affectionate, kind. n. (-वृ) Affection, fondness. f. (-वृ) A cow anxious for her calf. m. (-वृ) A fire fed with grass. E. वह a child, and वृ aff. [वृत्वात्।

वह f. (-वृ) Tenderness, affection. E. वह, वृ aff.; also with वृ,

वह f. (-वृ) A kind of cucumber, (Cucumis madraspatanus.)

वह m. (-न) A wolf. f. (-वृ) A plant, (Menispermum glabrum.) E. वह a calf, वृ food.

वह m. (-वृ) Youth, childhood.

वह mfn. (-वृ-वृ-य) Proper or fit for a calf. m. (-वृ) A cowherd. E. वह a calf, &c., and वृ aff.

वह r. 1st and 10th cl. (वहति-ते वहयति-ते) 1. To inform, to speak to or tell, to declare. 2. To speak articulately. 3. To abide. 4. To shine. 5. To be an authority on. 6. To toil. With वृ, (वृत्वात्) 1. To speak similarly or subsequently. 2. To resound. 3. To confirm, to ratify. 4. To imitate in loud and distinct voice. With वृ prefixed, (वृत्वात्) To reprove, to censure. With वृ, To salute respectfully or by name. With वृ, (वृत्वात्) 1. To explain. 2. To flatter, to cajole. 3. To conciliate, to persuade. With वृ, To speak out or plainly. With वृ, (वृत्वात्) To speak against. With वृ, 1. To rumour, to slander. 2. To call. 3. To consider. With वृ, (वृत्वात्) To reply to or answer. With वृ, (वृत्वात्) 1. To dispute. 2. To litigate. With वृ and वृ, (वृत्वात् or वृ) To wrangle or dispute together. With वृ, and वृ, To break a promise. With वृ and वृ, (वृत्वात्) To speak articulately in concert; (वृत्वात्) To utter or articulate sounds together. With वृ, 1. To converse. 2. To speak to. 3. To call, to name. 4. To coincide, to resemble, (with an inst.) Caus. (वृत्वात्) 1. To cause to utter. 2. To play on an instrument. With वृ, To salute. With वृ, and वृ, To make inconsistent. With वृ, To consult, (with an inst.) (वृ) वहि (वृत्वात्) 1. To salute with reverence or respect. 2. To praise, to eulogize.

वह mfn. (-वृ-वृ-र-र) Speaking, able to speak, speaking well or sensibly. E. वह to speak, वृ aff.

वह mfn. (-वृ-वृ-र-र) Speaking, saying. E. वह to speak, वृ aff.

वह n. (-न) 1. The mouth, the face. 2. The front. 3. Look, appearance. 4. The summit or apex of a triangle. E. वह to speak, aff. वृत्।

वह n. (-वृ) The face of a mistress. E. वह, and वृ a lotus; also similar compounds, and वह वृ वह वृ वह वृ, &c.

वह m. (-वृ) Saliva, the moisture of the lips. E. वह the mouth, वृ spirituous liquor.

वह m. (-वृ) The face. E. वह, वृ the moon; also similar compounds, as वह वृ, &c.

वदन्ति f. (-न्ति-न्ती) Speech, discourse, talk. म. वद to say or speak, क्तिच् Unádi aff., लीच् optionally added. [also वदन्त्य ।]  
 वदन्त्य mfn. (-न्तः-न्त्या-न्तः) Munificent, bountiful. म. वद to speak, aff. चन्त्य ;  
 वदमान mfn. (-न्तः-ना-न्तः) 1. Saying, calling. 2. Glorifying, boasting. म. वद to speak, मानच् aff.  
 वदरिक्त m. (-क्तः) The jujube: see वदरि ।  
 वदान् mfn. (-न्तः-न्त्या-न्तः) 1. Liberal, munificent. 2. Speaking kindly or agreeably. 3. Eloquent. म. वद to speak, चन्त्य Unádi aff.  
 वदास m. (-सः) 1. A sheat-fish, (Silurus Boalis, Ham.) 2. A whirl-pool. म. वद to speak, aff. चालच्, also with कन् added, वदासक m. (-क्तः).  
 वदावह mfn. (-दः-दा-हः) Speaking, a speaker, able to speak, able to speak well, eloquent. म. वद to speak, aff. चच्, the root repeated, and च inserted.  
 वदि Ind. In the dark half of, (any month.)  
 वद्य f. (-द्यः) Adj. 1. Unblamable. 2. The second or dark, (fortnight of a lunar month.) n. (-द्यः) Speech, speaking. [more commonly वधू ।]  
 वधु f. (-धुः) 1. A son's wife. 2. A wife in general. वध् to bear, उ aff. ;  
 वधुजा f. (-जा) A wife. म. वधु for वधू, and कन् added.  
 वधुटी f. (-टी) A daughter-in-law: see वधूटी ।  
 वधू f. (-धूः) 1. Woman in general, a female. 2. A wife. 3. A young wife, one recently married, a bride. 4. A son's wife. 5. A sort of bulbous root, (Curcuma reclinata.) 6. A gramineous plant, (Trigonella corniculata:) see वङ्गा 7. A plant, (Echites frutescens.) म. वध् to bear, उ aff., and व changed to ध; also derived from वध् to bind, in which case it is written वधू ।  
 वधूजन m. (-नः) A woman. म. वधू a female, and जन person.  
 वधूटी f. (-टी) 1. A son's wife. 2. A young woman living in her father's house, whether married or unmarried. म. वधू wife, टी aff.  
 वधूवस्त्र n. (-स्त्रः) Bridal apparel.  
 वधूशयन n. (-नः) A lattice, a loop-hole.  
 वन् r. 1st and 10th cls. (वन्ति वानयन्ति-ते) 1. To sound. 2. To serve, to honour. 3. To help. 4. To be distressed. (उ) वन् r. 1st and 10th cls. (वन्ति वानयन्ति-ते) 1. To act, to transact business. 2. To injure; r. 8th cl. (वन्ते) To ask or beg.  
 वन nf. (-न-नी) A forest, a wood, a grove. n. (-नः) 1. Water. 2. A residence, a dwelling or abode. 3. A house. 4. Timber. 5. A cascade or fountain. म. वन् to sound, to serve, to seek, &c., aff. चच् ।  
 वनकचु m. (-चुः) A species of Arum, (A. calocasia.) म. वन, and कचु the same.  
 वनकषा f. (-षा) Wild pepper.  
 वनकरिन् m. (-रिः) A wild elephant. म. वन, and करिन् an elephant.  
 वनकायांसी f. (-सी) Wild cotton, or a plant resembling it, (Hibiscus vitifolius.) म. वन a wood, and कायांसी cotton.  
 वनकुङ्कुट m. (-कुः) Wild fowl. म. वन and कुङ्कुट a cock.  
 वनगज m. (-जः) A wild elephant. म. वन, and गज an elephant.  
 वनगहन n. (-नः) A thicket. म. वन, and गहन the same.  
 वनगुप्त m. (-गुः) A spy, an emissary. म. वन a wood, and गुप्त concealed.  
 वनगी f. (-गी) The Gáyal, (Bos Gavæus.) म. वन wood, and गी a cow; also वनगव m. (-वः) ।  
 वनगोचर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Frequenting forests. m. (-रः) A hunter, a forester. n. (-रः) A forest. म. वन, and गोचर an object, &c.  
 वनचन्दन n. (-नः) 1. Aloe-wood or Agallochum. 2. A sort of pine, (Pinus Devada'ru.) म. वन a wood, and चन्दन Sandal.  
 वनचर m. (-रः) 1. A forester, a woodman. 2. A wild animal. 3. The fabulous animal called Sa'rabha. [who goes.  
 वनचारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिची-रि) Forest, forester, savage. म. वन, and चारिन्  
 वनच्छेद m. (-दः) Cutting timber. म. वन, and छेद who cuts.  
 वनकाग m. (-गः) 1. A wild goat. 2. A hog. म. वन a wood, and काग a goat.  
 वनछिद् m. (-दः) A wood-utter. म. वन, and छिद् who cuts.  
 वनज mfn. (-जा-जा-जः) Wild, forest, born or produced in a wood. n. (-जः) A lotus. m. (-जः) 1. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) 2. An

elephant. f. (-जा) 1. A sort of pulse, (Phaseolus trilobus.) 2. The wild cotton tree. 3. Wild ginger. म. वन wood, and ज born.  
 वनजीविन् m. (-जी) A wood-man, a forester. म. वन, and जीविन् who lives.  
 वनतिक्त m. (-क्तः) A sort of myrobalan, (Terminalia chebula.) f. (-क्ता) A plant, commonly A'kana'di, (Cissampelos hexandra.) म. वन wood, तिक्त bitter.  
 वनतिक्ता f. (-क्ता) A climbing plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) म. वन in the fem. form added to the preceding.  
 वनद m. (-दः) A cloud. म. वन water, and द what yield.  
 वनदीप m. (-पः) The Champaka, (Michelia Champaca.) म. वन a wood, and दीप a lamp or illuminator.  
 वनधारा f. (-रा) An avenue of trees.  
 वनधेनु f. (-नुः) The female of the Bos Gavæus.  
 वनपञ्चव m. (-वः) A tree, (Hyperanthera morunga, &c.) म. वन a wood, पञ्चव a shoot. [man.  
 वनपाशुल m. (-लः) A hunter, a deer-killer. म. वन a wood, पाशुल a low  
 वनपादप m. (-पः) A forest tree. म. वन, पादप a tree.  
 वनपूरक m. (-कः) The wild citron tree. [वन, प्रवेक्ष entry.  
 वनप्रवेक्ष m. (-क्षः) Entering a forest, commencing to live as a hermit. म. वनप्रस्थ n. (-स्थः) A wood situated on table land.  
 वनप्रिय m. (-यः) The Indian cuckoo. म. वन a wood, and प्रिय fond of.  
 वनभुज् m. (-भुज्) A medicinal root, commonly Rishabha. म. वन a wood, भुज् to eat, aff. क्तिच् ।  
 वनमञ्जो f. (-ञ्जो) Wild jasmine. म. वन a wood, मञ्जो jasmine.  
 वनमाचिका f. (-का) A gad-fly. म. वन a wood, and माचिका fly.  
 वनमाला f. (-ला) The chaplet or garland worn by KRISHN'A. म. वन a wood, and माला necklace.  
 वनमालिन् m. (-ली) KRISHN'A. f. (-नी) 1. Dwa'raka' the capital of KRISHN'A. 2. A female energy of KRISHN'A. म. वनमाला as above, इति, इप्.  
 वनमुक्त् m. (-मुक्त्) a cloud. म. वन water, and मुक्त् to let loose, क्तिच् aff.  
 वनमुङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A sort of kidney-bean, (Phaseolus trilobus.) म. वन a wood, मुङ्ग kidney-bean.  
 वनमूत m. (-तः) A cloud. म. वन water, and मूत sprinkled.  
 वनर m. (-रः) A monkey. म. वन a wood, रन् to play, aff. उ; also वनर ।  
 वनराज m. (-जः) A lion. म. वन a wood, and राजन् a sovereign.  
 वनराजि mfn. (-जि-जिः or जी-जि) Embellishing or beautifying a forest. म. वन, राज् to shine, इन् aff.  
 वनलक्ष्मी f. (-क्ष्मी) 1. The plantain. 2. The beauty of a wood. [abides.  
 वनवर्तिन् mfn. (-र्ति-र्तिनी-र्ति) Residing in the woods. म. वन, वर्तिन् who  
 वनवह्नि m. (-ह्निः) A forest-conflagration. म. वन a forest, and वह्नि fire.  
 वनवास m. (-सः) Living in the woods, as a hermit, &c. म. वन, वास abode.  
 वनवासन m. (-नः) A civet or pole cat. म. वन a wood, वस् to dwell, aff. वृच् ।  
 वनवासिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Wild, forest, who or what dwells in woods. m. (-सी) 1. An anchorite, a hermit. 2. A forester. म. वन forest, वास abode, aff. इति । [विहास a cat.  
 वनविहास m. (-सः) A sort of wild cat, (Felis caracal.) म. वन, and  
 वनवीरिण m. (-विः) Rice growing wild in pools or swamps, and considered by botanists, as the parent stock of all the varieties cultivated in India. म. वन wood or water, and वीरि rice.  
 वनप्रज्ञात m. (-ज्ञः) A plant, (Ruellia longifolia:) see गोचर. म. वन a wood and प्रज्ञात the same plant.  
 वनशीमल n. (-नः) A lotus. म. वन water, शीमल adorning.  
 वनशङ्ख m. (-शङ्खः) 1. A jackal. 2. A tiger. 3. A civet or pole cat. म. वन a wood, शङ्ख a dog.  
 वनसङ्घट m. (-टः) A sort of pulse, (Ervum hirsutum.) म. वन a wood सङ्घट what contracts.  
 वनसङ्घ m. (-घः) A multitude of groves or forests. म. वन, and सङ्घ collection. [cons  
 वनसरिजिनी f. (-नी) The wild cotton plant. म. वन wild, सरिजिनी Hibis  
 वनस्य mfn. (-स्य-स्या-स्य) Wild, savage, forest or grove-abiding, &c. n

(-वन्) 1. A deer. 2. A hermit. f. (-व्या) The holy-fig tree. इ. वन (in) a wood, and वृक्ष what stays.  
 वनस्पती f. (-ली) Forest-ground.  
 वनस्थानि mfn. (-यो-विनी-यि) Being or abiding in a wood. m. (-वी) A hermit, an anchorite. इ. वन, वनस्थानि who stays. [stays.  
 वनस्थित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Situated or being in a forest. इ. वन, स्थित what  
 वनस्पति m. (-तिः) 1. A tree that bears fruit but no apparent blossoms, as several species of the fig. the jack, &c. 2. A tree in general.  
 3. An ascetic. इ. वन forest, and पति lord, वृद्ध augment.  
 वनमाला f. (-जम् or -जम्) A garland of forest flowers.  
 वनवास m. (-नः) A sort of tall grass, (Saccharum spontaneum.) इ. वन wood, and वास a smile, from वृक्ष to laugh, with वृक्ष aff. ; also with वृक्ष added, वनवासक । [trembling.  
 वनकम्प m. (-न्धः) Shaking of the trees of wood by the wind. इ. वन, वाकम्प  
 वनारव m. (-वः) A hare. इ. वन a wood, and वास a rat. [चवाजीपः ।  
 वनावृक m. (-कः) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus Mungo.) इ. वन-वृक्ष-वृक्षक  
 वनाज m. (-जः) A wild goat. इ. वन a wood, and अज a goat. [aff.  
 वनाट्ट m. (-ट्टः) 1. The anus. 2. A hule fly. इ. वन a thicket, वृक्ष to go, वृक्ष  
 वनान n. (-नः) The skirts of a wood. इ. वन, वन end.  
 वनापना f. (-ना) A forest stream.  
 वनाभिलाव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Wood-destroying. इ. वन, अभिलाव destruction.  
 वनामल m. (-लः) A fruit, (Carissa carondas.) इ. वन wood, and आमल for आमलक myrobalan.  
 वनायु m. (-युः) 1. A country distinguished for its breed of horses, (i. e.) ARABIA, also वनायु. 2. An antelope. इ. वन, वायु aff. [born.  
 वनयुज m. (-जः) A horse of the Vana'yu breed. इ. वनायु a country, ज  
 वनारिष्टा f. (-ष्टा) Wild turmeric.  
 वनायक m. (-कः) A flower-gatherer. इ. वन a wood, वृक्ष to go, वृक्ष aff.  
 वनालक m. (-कः) Red earth.  
 वनालिका f. (-का) A sun-flower, (Heliotropium Indicum.) इ. वन a wood, वृक्ष to adorn, aff. वृक्ष and fem. form.  
 वनायय mfn. (-यः या-य) Forest, forester, who or what is in a forest. m. (-यः) 1. A raven, or perhaps more properly a sort of crow. 2. Dwelling in a forest. इ. वन a wood, वायय abode. [repaired to.  
 वनायित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Leading the life of a hermit, &c. इ. वन, वायित  
 वनाहिर m. (-रः) A hog.  
 वनि m. (-निः) 1. Fire or its deity. 2. Wish, desire. इ. वन to worship, Una'di aff. वृक्ष ।  
 वनिका f. (-का) A woody place, a grove. इ. वनी, and वृक्ष added.  
 वनित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Solicited, begged. 2. Served. f. (-ता) 1. A woman in general. 2. A beloved woman, a wife, a mistress. इ. वन to ask, aff. वृक्ष ।  
 वनितारिखस m. (-सः) The wanton sport of woman.  
 वनितृ m. (-नी) 1. A tree. 2. A Bra'hman in the third stage of his life.  
 वनितृ m. (-तृ) The entrails of an animal offered in sacrifice. इ. वन to worship, वृक्ष Una'di aff.  
 वनितृ Adj. Begging, soliciting. इ. वन, वृक्ष aff.  
 वनीक m. (-कः) A beggar ; also वनीयक ।  
 वनीयक m. (-कः) A beggar, a mendicant. इ. वन to ask, वृक्ष aff. , वृक्ष and वृक्ष added ; also वृक्ष being changed to वृक्ष वनीयक ।  
 वनेवृक्षा f. (-ष्टा) A tree, commonly Karanja. इ. वने in a wood, वृक्ष small.  
 वनेवर mfn. (-रः-रा or -र-र) Who or what inhabits in a wood, forest, &c. a forester. m. (-रः) 1. A forester, one of a savage tribe inhabiting woods, a sylvan, a satyr. 2. An imp, &c. इ. वने in a forest, वर who goes.  
 वनेवराय m. (-यः) An ascetic, an anchorite. इ. वनेवर and वराय a chief.  
 वनेवृक्ष mfn. (-यः या-य) Living in the woods. इ. वने, वृक्ष to sleep, वृक्ष aff.  
 वनेवृक्ष m. (-यः) A part of a thicket. इ. वन, and एकदेव a part.  
 वनीकाव m. (-वः) A rhinoceros. इ. वन a wood, and उकाव effort.  
 वनीवृक्ष m. (-वः) A part of a thicket, इ. वन, and वृक्ष direction.

वनीवृक्ष mfn. (वः-वा-वं) Produced in a forest. f. (-वा) Wild cotton. इ. वन a wood, वृक्ष produced.  
 वनीकम् m. (-कः) 1. A forester. 2. A monkey, an ape. 3. An ascetic. इ. वन wood, वनीकम् dwelling.  
 वनीका f. (-का) A parasite plant. इ. वनी the same, वृक्ष aff.  
 वनीय m. (-यः) 1. A panegyrist, a eulogist, a bard. 2. One deserving praise or eulogium. इ. वनी to praise, Una'di aff. वृक्ष ।  
 वनीय n. (-नः) 1. The face or mouth. 2. Obedience to a Bra'hmana or superior by touching the feet, &c. f. (-नी) 1. Reverence, worship, adoring. 2. Begging, soliciting, asking. 3. A drug for reviving the dead. f. (-ना) Praise, praising, especially the gods or great men. इ. वनी to praise, aff. वृक्ष or वृक्ष, fem. aff. वृक्ष, or वृक्ष ।  
 वनीयमाला f. (-ला) The ornamented arch of a gate-way. इ. वनीय praising, माला a garland ; being hung with flowers on festival occasions.  
 वनीयमालिका f. (-का) The ornamented arch of a gate way. इ. वनीय praising, माला a garland, वृक्ष aff. in the fem. form.  
 वनीयय mfn. (-यः या-य) Praise-worthy, to be eulogised. f. (-या) A yellow substance used as a pigment, said in the Tantras to be procured from the head of a cow : see वनीय, इ. वनी to praise, वनीय aff.  
 वनीय f. (-न्या) 1. A parasite plant, (Epidendrum tessellatum, &c.) 2. Any parasite plant. 3. A female beggar. इ. वनी to praise, aff. वृक्ष and वृक्ष ।  
 वनीका f. (-का) A parasite plant. इ. वनी, वाकम्प aff. [वृक्ष ।  
 वनीर m. (-रः) A parasite plant. इ. वनी the same, वृक्ष to go, or be, aff.  
 वनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Civil, complementary, polite. 2. Praising, celebrating. m. (-यः) A panegyrist, a bard. इ. वनी to praise, वाकम्प aff.  
 वनी f. (-निः or -नी) 1. A captive, a prisoner, man or beast confined. 2. A ladder or stairs. इ. वनी to praise, aff., वृक्ष, वृक्ष optionally added  
 वनीयय m. (-यः) A house-breaker, especially one who breaks into the place in which the sacred fire is preserved, into an armoury, or a temple. इ. वनी captive, (what is confined or shut up,) वाकम्प who seizes ; also वनीयय &c. [the last.  
 वनीयय m. (-यः) A thief, a house-breaker. इ. वनी, and वनीय thief : see वनीयय m. (-यः) 1. A panegyrist, a bard, a herald, a servant whose duty it is to proclaim the titles of a great man as he passes along, or a poet, who sings the praises of a prince in his presence, or accompanies an army, to chaunt martial songs : considered as one of a distinct tribe, he is the son of a Kshetriya by a Sudra female. 2. A flatterer. 3. A prisoner. इ. वनी to praise, aff. वनीय ।  
 वनीयय m. (-यः) A complimentary stanza, a panegyric, a eulogium, often improvisatore, recited by a bard. इ. वनी a bard, वृक्ष reading  
 वनीयय m. (-यः) A thief, a house-breaker.  
 वनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be praised, commendable, laudable. f. (-न्या) A parasite plant. इ. वनी to praise, वृक्ष aff. , or वृक्ष Una'di aff.  
 वनी m. (-न्यः) A worshipper. n. (-न्यः) Prosperity इ. वनी to praise, aff. वृक्ष ।  
 वनी mfn. (-यः-या-य) Forest, savage, wild, produced in a wood, &c. f. (-न्या) 1. A multitude of groves. 2. A quantity of water, a flood, a deluge. 3. A plant, (Physalis flexuosa) इ. वनी a wood, &c., वृक्ष aff.  
 वनी m. (-यः) A co-partner, a co-heir, &c. इ. वनी to ask, वृक्ष Una'di aff.  
 वप (वृक्ष) वृक्ष r. 1st cl. (वपति-ने) 1. To sow seed. 2. To procreate. 3. To shave. 4. To weave. With वा, To scatter. With नि, 1. To scatter seed. 2. To make offerings to the MANES. 3. To kill. With नि, 1. To scatter. 2. To perform. 3. To offer. 4. To present libations to the MANES. With प्रति, 1. To sow. 2. To pierce, to fix.  
 वप m. (-पः) 1. Shaving. 2. Sowing seed. 3. Weaving. f. (-वा) 1. The mucous or glutinous secretion of the flesh or bones ; according to some, also the marrow of the bones. 2. Any hole or cavity. इ. वप to sow seed, &c., aff. वृक्ष ।  
 वप n. (-नः) 1. Sowing seed. 2. Shaving. 3. Semen virile. f. (-नी) 1. A barber's shop. 2. A weaver's workshop. इ. वप to shave, &c. aff. वृक्ष ।

वपाकृत m. (-कृत) Marrow. **व.** वपा, कृत what makes. [aff.]  
 वपिन् m. (-ः) A father. **व.** वप् to sow seed, (figuratively), वल् Unā'di  
 वपन् m. (-न्) A deity. n. (-न्) Knowledge. **व.** वप् to sow, वल् aff.  
 वपुर् Adj. 1. Embodied. 2. Beautiful, handsome.  
 वपुष्मा f. (-मा) A plant, (Hibiscus mutabilis.) [वपुष् aff.]  
 वपुष्मन् mfn. (-न्) Having a body, corporeal, incarnate. **व.** वप्, वपुस्  
 वपुस् n. (-ः) 1. The body. 2. A handsome form or figure. 3. Beauty, beautiful appearance. **व.** वप् to sow, Unā'di aff. वप्ति ।  
 वपुस्व m. (-ः) A humour of the body.  
 वसन् mfn. (-न्) 1. To be sown. 2. To be given, conferred, implanted, &c. 3. To be immitted seminally, to be impregnated or begotten. **व.** वप् to sow, वल् aff. ; also वपनीय &c.  
 वसु mfn. (-न्) A sower, a planter, &c. m. (-न्) 1. A father, a progenitor. 2. A poet. 3. A sage. **व.** वप् to sow, aff. वप् ।  
 वसु mn. (-न्) 1. A field. 2. A rampart, a mud wall, earth taken from the ditch of a town and raised as a wall or buttress, or as the foundation of a wall of masonry, &c. 3. The foundation of any building. 4. The gate of a fortified city. 5. A shore or bank. 6. Dust, earth. 7. A mound, a hillock. 8. The slope of a hill. 9. A summit, a peak. 10. A ditch. 11. A field. 12. The butting of an elephant or bull. m. (-न्) A father. n. (-न्) Lead. f. (-न्) A hillock, an ant-hill. **व.** वप् to sow, वल् Unādi aff.  
 वसुकीडा f. (-डा) Butting, as of an elephant or bull, &c., against a bank. **व.** वप् a mound, and वसुकीडा sport. [वप्, वसुकी bent.]  
 वसुनन्त mfn. (-न्) Bowed or stooping to butt at a wall or bank. **व.** वप्  
 वसुनन्त lnd. In or between banks, mounds, &c. **व.** वप्, वसुन् within.  
 वसुभिचात m. (-न्) Butting at a bank or mound. **व.** वप्, वसुभिचात striking.  
 वसुभिचात n. (-न्) The water near or along the bank. **व.** वप्, वसुभिचात water.  
 वसुभिचात m. (-न्) 1. A field. 2. The ocean. **व.** वप् to sow, Unā'di aff. वप् ।  
 वसु. r. 1st cl. (वसुति) To go ; also वसु ।  
 वसु (ट. उ) वसु r. 1st cl. (वसुति) To vomit, to eject from the mouth.  
 वसु mfn. (-न्) Vomiting. **व.** वम् to vomit, aff. वप् ; also वसुन and वसु ।  
 वसु m. (-न्) 1. Vomiting, ejecting any thing from the mouth. 2. Water ejected from an elephant's trunk. **व.** वम् to vomit, aff. वप् ।  
 वसु n. (-न्) 1. Vomiting, ejecting any thing from the mouth. 2. Causing, vomiting, an emetic. 3. Pain. 4. Offering oblations to fire. m. (-न्) Hemp. f. (-न्) A leech. **व.** वम् to vomit, aff. वप् ।  
 वसुनीया f. (-या) A fly.  
 वसु m. (-न्) 1. Vomiting, sickness. 2. An emetic. m. (-न्) 1. A name of fire. 2. A rogue, a cheat. **व.** वम् to vomit, aff. वप् ।  
 वसु mfn. (-न्) Sickened, made to vomit. **व.** वम् to be sick, causal v., क aff.  
 वसु lnd. Having vomited or been sick. **व.** वम् to be sick, क aff.  
 वसु mfn. (-न्) Vomiting, sick. **व.** वम् to vomit, वप् aff.  
 वसुव m. (-ः) The lowing of a cattle.  
 वसु f. (-न्) A small ant burrowing in trees ; also वसु ।  
 वसु n. (-न्) An ant-hill, a hillock. **व.** वसु a sort of ant, वसु a heap.  
 वसु. r. 1st cl. (वसुते) To go or move.  
 वसु n. (-न्) Weaving.  
 वसु n. (-न्) 1. A bird. 2. Age, time of life. 3. Youth. **व.** वस् to go, वस् aff. ; or वी as substituted for वस् to go, with the same aff.  
 वसु mfn. (-न्) Relating to age, aged. **व.** वसु and वस् aff.  
 वसु mfn. (-न्) Middle-aged, young, &c. ; see वसु ।  
 वसु mfn. (-न्) 1. Young, in the prime of life. 2. Mature, middle-aged, past childhood, or from sixteen to seventy. m. (-न्) A friend, an associate, a cotemporary. f. (-न्) 1. The moon-plant, (Asclepias acida.) 2. Emblic myrobalan, (Phyllanthus emblica.) 3. Yellow myrobalan, (Terminalia chebula.) 4. Small cardamoms. 5. A plant, (Menispermum glabrum.) 6. A medicinal root, commonly Ka'ko'li. 7. A woman's female friend or companion, a con-

fidante. 8. The silk-cotton tree. **व.** वसु life, वसु to be or stay, aff. व, fem. aff. वप्, the final of the former changed to Visarga, and that optionally rejected ; hence also वसु ।  
 वसु mfn. (-न्) Aged, relating to age. m. (-न्) A friend, a cotemporary, an associate or companion. f. (-न्) A woman's female friend or confidante. **व.** वसु life, वस् aff.  
 वसु n. (-न्) 1. Knowledge, wisdom. 2. A temple. (in this sense it is maso. according to some.) **व.** वी substituted for वस् to go, वस् Unā'di aff. ; or वस्-वस् ।  
 वसु mfn. (-न्) Aged, very old. **व.** वसु, and वस् gone.  
 वसु m. (-न्) A young or middle-aged man. **व.** वसु youth or manhood, वी to have, Unā'di aff. वप् ।  
 वसु mfn. (-न्) Very old. **व.** वसु and वसु exceeding.  
 वस्. r. 10th cl. (वसुति-ते) To desire, to obtain, to covet or ask.  
 वस् mfn. (-न्) 1. Best, excellent. 2. Eldest. m. (-न्) 1. A boon, a blessing, especially in the gift of a Bra'hmana or deity. 2. Engaging, selecting, appointing. 3. Requesting, soliciting, especially prevailing on a person by entreaty to undertake any business. 4. Surrounding, encompassing. 5. A husband, a bridegroom. 6. A son-in-law. 7. A catamite. 8. A drug : see वसु. 9. Wish, desire. 10. A sparrow. n. Adv. (वस्) or Ind. (वस्) Better, preferable, it would be better if. n. (-न्) Saffron. f. (-न्) 1. The three myrobalans. 2. A sort of perfume, commonly Re'huka'. 3. A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) 4. Turmeric. f. (-न्) 1. Asparagus racemosus. 2. A name of CH'HA'YA', wife of the sun. **व.** वस् to select, to cover, &c., aff. वप् or वस् ; it is also derived from वस्, and is then written with an initial consonant : see वस् ; also वस् to desire, aff. वप् ।  
 वस् n. (-न्) The cover or awning of a boat. m. (-न्) 1. A wild kidney-bean. 2. A request. 3. A towel, a wiper. 4. A cloak. **व.** वस् to cover, aff. वप् ।  
 वस् m. (-न्) INDRA. **व.** वस् best, वस् sacrifice.  
 वस् n. (-न्) 1. A dark sort of Sandal or Agallochum. 2. A sort of pine, (Pinus Devada'ru.) **व.** वस् best, वस् Sandal.  
 वस् m. (-न्) 1. A gander. 2. A man of a barbarous or foreign race. n. (-न्) Many flowered jasmine. f. (-न्) 1. A goose. 2. A wasp, &c. **व.** वस् to choose, aff. वटन् ; fem. aff. वट् or वट् ।  
 वस् n. (-न्) 1. Appointing, selecting, choosing. 2. Surrounding, enclosing. 3. Screening, covering. 4. Nourishing, supporting. m. (-न्) 1. An outer building, an enclosure, a wall of masonry, &c. raised on a mound of earth. 2. A causeway, a bridge. 3. A camel. 4. A tree, (Capparis trifoliata.) 5. Any tree. f. (-न्) A rivulet, running past the north of Benares, into the Ganges, now called the Baruna'. **व.** वस् to choose or appoint, aff. वट् । [bridegroom.]  
 वस् f. (-न्) The garland placed by the bride on the head of the  
 वस् f. (-न्) The city Benares, more usually वराणसी. **व.** वस् a rivulet as above, and वस् another rivulet, running on the south of the city ; deriv. irr.  
 वस् mfn. (-न्) 1. To be applied to or solicited for a boon, &c. 2. To be selected. **व.** वस् to ask as a boon, or वस् to choose, वस् aff.  
 वस् m. (-न्) 1. A portico. 2. Pimples on the face. 3. A multitude. 4. A heap of grass. 5. The string of a fish-hook. 6. A packet, a package. 7. A long rod according to some ; a projecting wall according to others. f. (-न्) 1. A small bird, (Turdus.) 2. A dagger. 3. The wick of a lamp. **व.** वस् to cover, &c., Unā'di aff. वप् ।  
 वस् mfn. (-न्) 1. Fearful, terrified. 2. Large, great. 3. Miserly, a miser. m. (-न्) 1. A Howda'h, a chair or canopy on the back of an elephant. 2. A wall. 3. Eruption or pimples on the face. 4. A ball, a globe. 5. A mound of earth. **व.** वस् as above, वस् added.

वरुणम् m. (-लुः) The castor oil tree, (*Ricinus communis*).  
 वरुण f. (-नः) An elegant woman. इ. वर and तनु body.  
 वरुणी f. (-नी) A sort of perfume, commonly Re'nuka'.  
 वरुणा f. (-ना) 1. An elephant's or horse's leather girth. 2. A thong, a  
 strip of leather. इ. वृज् to cover or surround, Unádi aff. चक्त् ।  
 वरुणम् m. (-चः) The Nimba-tree, (*Melia azadiracta*). इ. वर best, and  
 लक् skin, the final vowel added.  
 वरु मfn. (-दः दा-दं) 1. Granting a prayer, conferring a boon. 2. Pro-  
 pitious, favourable. m. (-दः) 1. A benefactor. 2. Fire for burnt-  
 offerings of a propitiatory character. f. (-दा) A girl, a virgin. इ.  
 वर a blessing, &c., इ who gives. [ing, दान giving.  
 वरदान n. (-ने) 1. Granting a boon. 2. A place of pilgrimage. इ. वर bless-  
 वरुणां म. (-नः) A sort of perfume, commonly Re'nuka'.  
 वरप्रद mfn. (-दः दा-दं) Conferring a boon. f. (-दा) The wife of the saint  
 AGASTYA. इ. वर a boon, and प्रद who gives.  
 वरप्रदान n. (-ने) Conferring a boon. इ. वर and प्रदान giving.  
 वरप्रस्थान n. (-ने) The setting out of a bridegroom towards the house of  
 the bride for the celebration of marriage.  
 वरुणम् m. (-लुः) The cocoa-nut tree. इ. वर best and फल fruit.  
 वरुण Ind. Better, sooner, rather, preferable : see वर । इ. वृ-चसु ।  
 वरुणो f. (-ली) Re'nuka', a sort of perfume.  
 वरुणा f. (-रा) The nux vomica plant.  
 वरुणम् m. (-ता) A husband. इ. वर to choose, in the causal form, aff. लक् ।  
 वरुणि m. (-विः) A poet and philosopher, one of the ornaments of the  
 court of Bho'ja, or one of the nine gems usually ascribed to  
 VIKRAMADITYA's court. इ. वर pre-eminent, रुचि light or renown.  
 वरुण m. (-लः-ला or -ली) A wasp. f. (-ला) A goose. इ. वर and ला to take  
 aff. क ।  
 वरुणम् m. (-लः) The Champaka tree. [affectionate.  
 वरुणा f. (-ना) The wife of a father-in-law. इ. वर a bridegroom, वरुण  
 वरुणी f. (-नी) 1. An excellent woman. 2. A virtuous woman. 3. A  
 woman in general. 4. Turmeric. 5. La'c. 6. A brownish yellow  
 pigment; also वीचन and गीरीचन. 7. A plant, commonly Priyangu.  
 8. A name of GAURI. 9. SARASWATI. 10. LARSHMI. इ. वर best,  
 वर्ण class or colour, aff. रुचि and लोप् ।  
 वरुणम् m. (-चः) A fine elephant. इ. वर, and वरुण an elephant.  
 वरुणी m. (-नः) Saffron. इ. वर, and वरुणी the same.  
 वरुणम् m. (-चः) S'IVA. इ. वर better, and वरुण old.  
 वरुण mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Low, vile, impure. 2. Poor, pitiable. m. (-कः)  
 1. S'IVA. 2. War. इ. वर to cover, &c., वाकन् aff.  
 वरुण n. (-चः) 1. The head. 2. The privy, a private part, male or female.  
 3. Cassia bark. इ. An elegant form or body. m. (-कः) An ele-  
 phant. इ. वर best, excellent, चक्त् body or member.  
 वरुणम् m. (-कः) Woody Cassia. इ. कन् added to the preceding.  
 वरुणा f. (-ना) A lovely woman. इ. वर best, चक्त् a woman.  
 वरुणोपेत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Handsome and well-shaped. इ. वरुण excell-  
 ent body, रूप form, and उपेत invested, possessing.  
 वरुणविन् m. (-वी) An astrologer.  
 वरुणम् m. (-टः) 1. A cord, a rope. 2. A Cowri : see the next.  
 वरुणक mfn. Subst. (-टकः-टिका-टकं) 1. A rope, a cord, a string. 2. The  
 small shell, called a Cowri, and used as a coin. 3. The seed-  
 vessel of the lotus. f. (-टिका) The Na'geshwara plant. इ. वृज् to sur-  
 round, aff. चटक्, and कन् added.  
 वरुणकजम् m. (-जाः) A plant, commonly Na'geshwara, (*Mesua ferrea*).  
 वरुणम् m. (-चः) 1. INDRA. 2. A plant, (*Capparis trifoliata*). इ. वर best,  
 and वी to obtain, with वाक् prefix, and उ aff.  
 वरुणो f. (-नी) Bena'res. इ. वर best, चक्त् water, लोप् aff., i. e. the  
 Ganges, on whose bank the city is situated; also वरुणसी and  
 वरुणी ।  
 वरुणम् m. (-नः) A sort of Mimosa, (*M. Kauki*, Rox.) इ. वर best, चक्त्

वरुणम् m. (-चः) An acid fruit, (*Carissa Carondae*). इ. वर best, चक्त् acid.  
 वरुणक n. (-कः) The diamond. इ. वर best, चक्त् to go or be, लोप् aff.  
 वरुणी m. (-चः) 1. An elephant driver. 2. Mounting, riding. 3. A rider  
 on an elephant or horse. f. (-दा) 1. A handsome or elegant woman.  
 2. The hip or flank. इ. वर excellent, चक्त् mounting, &c.  
 वरुणकम् m. (-कः) The Caronda fruit, (*Carissa Carondae*). इ. वर best,  
 चक्त् to be equal to, लोप् aff.  
 वरुणि m. (-लिः) 1. The moon. 2. A division of music.  
 वरुणिका f. (-का) A name of DURGA. इ. वर best, supreme, चक्त् a female  
 friend, कन् added. [also वरुणि ।  
 वरुणि m. (-चिः) Coarse cloth. इ. वर covering, चक्त् to pervade, aff. लोप्;  
 वरुणम् n. (-नः) 1. The seat of honour. 2. An excellent seat. 3. A cis-  
 tern, a reservoir. 4. The China rose. m. (-नः) 1. A whoremonger.  
 2. A door-keeper. इ. वर best, &c., चक्त् a seat.  
 वरुणि m. (-चिः) 1. Coarse cloth. 2. A swordsman. f. (-वी) Dirty  
 clothes. इ. वर covering, चक्त् to be, aff. लोप् and लोप् ।  
 वरुणम् m. (-चः) 1. A hog. 2. A name of VISHN'U in the third Avata'r or  
 descent, in which he assumed the shape of a boar. 3. A bull. 4.  
 A ram. 5. A cloud. 6. A crocodile. 7. An array of troops in the  
 form of a hog. 8. A mountain. 9. A fragrant grass, (*Cyperus*). 10.  
 A particular measure. 11. One of the eighteen smaller Dwi'pas  
 or divisions of the universe. इ. वर best, चक्त् to injure, with वाक्  
 prefix, and उ aff.  
 वरुणकणिक् f. (-का) A kind of missile weapon. [also वरुणी ।  
 वरुणकाना f. (-ना) A sort of yam. इ. वरुण a hog, and काना beloved;  
 वरुणकानिन् m. (-नी) A flower, : see मृगयणि ।  
 वरुणकाना f. (-ना) A plant, a sort of sensitive plant according to some  
 authorities, but to others, a kind of moss, (*Licopodium imbrica-  
 tum*, Rox. :) it is also considered sometimes, but erroneously, as  
 synonymous with वरुणी Dioscorea. इ. वरुण a hog, and काना passing.  
 वरुणकानिन् m. (-ना) An esculent root : see वरुणी. इ. वरुण a hog, and  
 कानान् a name.  
 वरुणम् m. (-ना) Excellence, pre-eminence.  
 वरुणित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Served, honoured, adored, as a deity or spiri-  
 tual teacher. इ. वरुण service, वरुण aff., and य optionally rejected.  
 वरुणि f. (-या) Service, honour, especially such devoted obedience  
 as a pupil pays his spiritual preceptor. इ. वरुण indeclinable, here  
 said to imply veneration, and वाक् aff.  
 वरुणित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Served, adored. इ. वरुण as above, वरुण aff.  
 वरुणी f. (-नी) A fish-hook. इ. See वरुणी, उ and र being interchanged.  
 वरुण n. (-चः) A year. m. plu. (-चः) The rains or rainy season. इ. वृज् to  
 sprinkle, aff. लोप् ।  
 वरुणप्रियम् m. (-यः) The Cha'taka, (*Cuculus melanoleucos*). इ. वरुण the  
 rainy season, प्रिय fond of; supposed to drink rain water only.  
 वरुण mfn. (-चः-छा-छं) 1. Largest, greatest, most large. 2. Heaviest,  
 mightiest. 3. Best, dearest, most preferable or beloved. n. (-चः) 1.  
 Copper. 2. Pepper. m. (-चः) 1. The Francolino partridge. 2. The  
 orange tree. इ. वर substituted for वरुण large, or वर best, वरुण aff.  
 of the irr. superlative.  
 वरीयस् mfn. (-यान्-यसी-यः) 1. Very large, largest, most large. 2. Best,  
 most preferable or excellent. 3. Extremely young, tender, infan-  
 tine. m. (-यान्) The eighteenth of the astronomical periods called  
 Yo'gas. इ. वर best, or substituted for वरुण large, and वरीयस् aff. of  
 the irr. superlative.  
 वरीवृ m. (-वृः) An ox or bull. इ. See वरीवृ, व and ल being changed  
 to व and र; also वरीवृ ।  
 वरीवृ m. (-वृः) KA'MA or CUPID. इ. वर to choose, वरीयस् aff.  
 वरुणम् m. (-चः) 1. VARUN'A, the deity of the water and regent of the  
 west. 2. Water or the ocean. 3. A tree, (*Tapia cratæva*, or *Cap-  
 paris trifoliata*). 4. A name of the sun, or rather of one of the

twelve forms of that luminary, or A'dityas. **व** to enclose, (the earth,) or **व** to select or prefer, being chosen by the gods for his office, and **वचन्** Una'di aff.

**वदनामसा** f. (-सा) Spirituous liquor. **व** वदन् VARUN'A, or the ocean personified, वाक्सा daughter; being amongst the precious thing produced at the churning of the ocean.

**वदनानी** f. (-नी) The wife of VARUN'A. **व** वदन्, with **ऊप्** aff. and **वाचुक्** augment. [aff.]

**वदन्** n. (-न्) An upper and outer garment. **व** to cover, **वच** Una'di

**वदय** m. (-यः) 1. A sort of wooden fender or ledge round a carriage, as a defence from the effects of collision. 2. The Ko'kila. 3. Time. n. (-यः) 1. Armour, mail. 2. Leather, skin. 3. A shield. 4. A multitude, an assemblage. 5. A house or dwelling. **व** to surround, Una'di aff. **ऊचन्**।

**वदयिन्** m. (-यि) 1. A guard, a defender. 2. A car. f. (-नी) 1. An army. 2. Wearing an armour. 3. Furnished with a protecting plank. 4. Protecting, **व** वदय part of a car, **वदि** and **ऊप्** affs.

**वरेण** m. (-णः) A wasp.

**वरेण्य** mfn. (-यः-ण्य-ण्य) 1. Chief, principal, pre-eminent. 2. Desirable, eligible. n. (-ण्य) Saffron. **व** to select, Una'di aff. **वरेण्य**।

**वरेन्द्र** m. (-न्द्रः) 1. A chief, a sovereign. 2. INDRA. f. (-न्दी) Ancient Gaur, the capital and district so named. **व** वर best, **वन्द** chief, and with **ऊप्** aff.; the favourite country of the deity, &c.

**वरेश्वर** m. (-रः) S'IVA. **व** वर best, principal, **ईश्वर** lord.

**वरीट** m. (-टः) A plant, commonly Marubaka.

**वरोह** f. (-हः) A beautiful woman.

**वरोह** mf. (-हः-ली) A wasp. **व** to cover, **वरोह** aff., fem. aff. **वरोह**; the fem. form may also mean, a smaller kind of wasp.

**वर्कर** mf. (-रः-रौ) Any young animal. m. (-रः) 1. A lamb. 2. A goat. 3. Pleasure, pastime, sport, mirth, festivity. **व** वक् to take, aff. **वरन्**।

**वर्कराट** m. (-टः) 1. A side-glance, a wink, a leer. 2. The rays of the meridian sun. mn. (-टः) The marks of a lover's finger nails on the bosom of a woman. **व** वर्कर a young animal, **वट्** to be or resemble, aff. **वक्**।

**वर्कट** m. (-टः) A pin, a bolt.

**वर्ग** m. (-गः) A class, a tribe, a multitude of similar things, whether animate or inanimate; as Ka-varga, the class of guttural letters; Tri-varga, a class of three objects, (as love, duty, and wealth); the S'udra-varga, the S'udra tribe. 2. A chapter, a book, a section. 3. A square number, (in arithmetic.) 4. Strength. **व** वृक् to quit, to except, (any thing else), aff. **वक्**।

**वर्गचक्र** n. (-चक्र) The square of a cube. **व** वर्ग and **चक्र** a cube.

**वर्गमूल** n. (-मूल) A square root. **व** वर्ग and **मूल** a root.

**वर्गान्त** m. (-न्तः) A nasal, the last consonant in each of the first five classes of consonants being a nasal.

**वर्गीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Belonging to a class, a tribe, &c. **व** वर्ग and **य** aff.

**वर्धे** r. 1st cl. (वर्धति) To go. [fill]

**वर्धे** r. 1st cl. (वर्धते) To shine. r. 10th cl. (वर्धयति-ते) 1. To cut. 2. To

**वर्धटी** f. (-टी) 1. A kind of rice. 2. A harlot.

**वर्धन्** n. (-धः) 1. Form, figure, shape. 2. Light, lustre. 3. Vigour, power. 4. Ordure, faeces. m. (-धः) The son of CHANDRA. **व** वर्धन् to shine, **वर्धन्** aff.

**वर्धन्** mn. (-धः-धः) 1. Brightness. 2. Faeces, excrement. **व** वर्धन् to shine, **वर्धन्** aff. and **कन्** depreciative aff. added.

**वर्धस्त्रि** mfn. (-स्त्रि-स्त्रि-स्त्रि) 1. Bright, glorious. 2. Vigourous, active. **व** वर्धस्त्रि. विनि aff.

**वर्ध** mfn. (-वर्ध-वर्ध-वर्ध) 1. Free from, devoid of. 2. Excepted. m. (-वर्धः) 1. Leaving, abandoning. 2. Excepting. **व** वृक् to abandon, aff. **वक्**। [to quit, **वृक्** aff.]

**वर्धक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Who or what leaves, shuns, excepts, &c. **व** वृक्

**वर्धन** n. (-नः) 1. Quitting, abandonment, shunning, avoiding. 2. Injury, hurting. 3. Killing. **व** वृक् to abandon, aff. **वृक्**।

**वर्धनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Improper, censurable, wicked, proper to be avoided. 2. Irregular, to be excepted. **व** वृक् to quit, **वर्धनीय** aff. of the future participle.

**वर्धन्** Ind. Excluding, (at the end of compound.)

**वर्धयित्वा** Ind. 1. Having shunned or avoided. 2. Having omitted, excepting, leaving out. **व** वृक् to quit, aff. **वृक्**।

**वर्धित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Abandoned, avoided. 2. Given. 3. Excluded, excepted. **व** वृक् to quit, aff. **वृक्**।

**वर्धयि** mfn. (-वर्धयि-वर्धयि-वर्धयि) 1. To be shunned. 2. To be excepted, excluded, left out. n. (-वर्धयि) A point in each lunar mansion during the passage of the moon, in which no business should be begun. **व** वृक् to quit, **वृक्** aff.

**वर्ध** r. 10th cl. (वर्धयति ते) 1. To colour, to paint, to die. 2. To send or cast, to direct, to order. 3. To praise, to extol, to proclaim qualities. 4. To describe. 5. To spread or extend. 6. To grind or pound. 7. To make exertions. 8. To shine.

**वर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) 1. A tribe, a class, a caste, an order. 2. Colour, hue, tint. 3. Coloured cloth thrown over the back of an elephant, an elephant's housings. 4. Quality, property. 5. Fame, celebrity. 6. Praise. 7. Gold. 8. Religious observance. 9. The order or arrangement of a song or poem. 10. A musical mode. 11. Staining the body with coloured unguents. 12. Beauty, lustre. 13. Theatrical dress or embellishment. 14. A cloak, mn. (-वर्धः-वर्धः) 1. Perfume for the person. 2. A letter of the alphabet. 3. Form, figure. 4. Sort, kind. 5. Touch, the purity of gold, as ascertained by its streak on the touchstone. 6. In arithmetic, a co-efficient. n. (-वर्धः) Saffron. f. (-वर्धः) A leguminous shrub, (Cytisus canjan.) **व** वर्धन् to paint, &c., aff. **वक्** or **वज्**; or **व** to cover or screen, Una'di aff. **वक्**।

**वर्धन्** mn. (-वर्धः-वर्धः) 1. Perfume for the person, especially pounded or ground. 2. The dress of an actor. 3. Sandal. mf. (-वर्धः-वर्धः) A paint, a pigment, as indigo, orpiment, &c. m. (-वर्धः) 1. A panegyrist, a bard, a poetical encomiast, by tribe and profession. 2. A circle, an orb. f. (-वर्धः) 1. Touch, standard, fineness or purity of gold. 2. A mantle. 3. A mask. 4. A paint. **व** वर्धन् to colour, &c., **वर्धन्** aff.; or **वर्ध** as above, **कन्** added.

**वर्धकवि** m. (-विः) The son of KURVA. **व** वर्ध praise, and **कवि** a bard.

**वर्धकविता** f. (-का) An ink-stand. **व** वर्ध a letter, and **कृष्** a well, **कन्** aff. of comparison, in the fem. form.

**वर्धक्रम** m. (-क्रमः) 1. Order of caste or tribe. 2. Alphabetical arrangement, the alphabet. **व** वर्ध and **क्रम** course. [गत gone to.]

**वर्धगत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Coloured. 2. Described. 3. Algebraic. **व** वर्ध

**वर्धचारक** m. (-कः) A painter. **व** वर्ध colour, **चर्** to go, aff. **वृक्**।

**वर्धवृद्ध** m. (-वृद्धः) A Bra'hmana. **व** वर्ध caste, **वृद्ध** elder.

**वर्धतस्** Ind. By or with colour, &c. **व** वर्ध colour, and **तस्** aff.

**वर्धतुलि** mf. (-लिः-ली) A pen. **व** वर्ध a letter, and **तुलि** a brush; also with **कन्** added **वर्धतुलिका** f. (-का)।

**वर्धद** mfn. (-दः-दा-द) 1. Dying, colouring. 2. Giving tribe, &c. m. (-दः) Aloe-wood or Agallochum. **व** वर्ध, **द** who or what gives.

**वर्धदाद** m. (-ता) Turmeric. **व** वर्ध, **दाद** what gives.

**वर्धदूत** m. (-तः) A letter, an epistle. **व** वर्ध a letter of the alphabet, &c., **दूत** messenger.

**वर्धदूषक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Disturbing or violating the distinctions of caste. **व** वर्ध, **दूषक** what violates.

**वर्धवर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) The particular occupation or duty of each caste or tribe. **व** वर्ध a tribe, **वर्ध** virtue, moral merit.

**वर्धन** n. (-नः) 1. Describing, expatiating, explaining, pointing out qualities or excellencies, &c. 2. Colouring, painting, writing. f. (-नः) Praise, panegyric. **व** वर्ध to colour, **वृक्** and **वृक्** affs.

वर्णनीय mfn. (-यः-वा-वं) To be desired, delineated, praised, &c. **वर्ण** to colour, चनीयर् aff.

वर्णपत्र m. (-तः) A pallet, a leaf, &c., on which a painter mixes his colours. **वर्ण** a colour, and पत्र a leaf.

वर्णपुष्प n. (-वं) The flower of the globe-amaranth.

वर्णप्रसादन n. (-नं) Aloe-wood.

वर्णमाह f. (-ता) A pen. **वर्ण** a letter, and माह mother.

वर्णमाहिका f. (-का) SARASWATĪ, the goddess of speech and eloquence. **वर्ण** a letter, and माहिका divine parent.

वर्णमाला f. (-ला) The alphabet. **वर्ण** a letter, माला a garland.

वर्णरेखा f. (-खा) A white aluminous fossile often confounded with chalk, of which it is considered a species. **वर्ण** colour, रेखा a line.

वर्णरेखा f. (-खा) Chalk. **वर्ण** colour, रेखा a line.

वर्णवंश mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having tribe, colour, &c. f. (-वती) Turmeric. **वर्ण** colour, वंश aff.

वर्णविकासिनी f. (-नी) Turmeric.

वर्णविलोडक m. (-कः) 1. A plagiarist. 2. A house-breaker. **वर्ण** praise, and वि before, लोड् to be mad, aff. लृ. लृ.

वर्णवृत्त n. (-त्त) A metre regulated by the number of syllables, (opposite to मातावृत्त.) **वर्ण**, and वृत्त metre.

वर्णवंश mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Of a good tribe, caste, kind, &c. m. (-वः) A Brahman. **वर्ण**, and वंश best. [संघार assemblage.

वर्णसंघार m. (-रः) An assemblage or mixture of the four tribes. **वर्ण**, and संघार m. (-रः) 1. Mixture or confusion of castes. 2. A man or tribe of mixed origin, or from a father and mother of different castes. **वर्ण** and संघ + लृ-च्च् सङ्घार mixture. वर्णतः सङ्घारः।

वर्णसङ्घट्ट m. (-ट्ट) An alphabet or assemblage of letters. **वर्ण**, ङ्ङ् to kill, with सम् prefixed, and चञ् aff., and ङ्ङ् substituted for the radical letter; also with घट्, वर्णसङ्घट्ट।

वर्णसङ्घट्ट m. (-ट्ट) The alphabet; see the last. [augment.

वर्णसिन्धु m. (-सिन्धु) Water. **वर्ण** to surround, चसि Una'di aff., and मुक् वर्णसिन्धु mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Outcaste. **वर्ण** and सिन्धु void of.

वर्णपत्र f. (-ता) A pen. **वर्ण** a letter, चक्रि to go, aff. चञ्।

वर्णपत्र m. (-तः) 1. A singer. 2. A painter. 3. An actor, a mime. 4. One who lives by his wife. **वर्ण** colour, &c., चट् to go or be, aff. चञ्।

वर्णचक्र m. (-का) A word. **वर्ण** a letter, and चक्र the soul or essence.

वर्णचक्र m. (-कः) An outcaste. **वर्ण**, चक्र who is or goes out from.

वर्णचक्र mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Degraded, outcaste. **वर्ण** and चक्र devoid of.

वर्णचक्र m. (-नं) The class and state of a person. **वर्ण** and चक्र order.

वर्णचक्र m. (-नं) The duties of tribe and order. **वर्ण** चक्र, चक्र duty.

वर्णचक्र m. (-चि) Gold. **वर्ण** to colour, &c., Una'di aff. चञ्।

वर्णचक्र m. (-कः) A writer, a scribe, a secretary, &c. f. (-का) 1. A pen. 2. Ink. 3. A paint. 4. A mask, a character. **वर्ण** a letter, aff. उक्।

वर्णचक्र mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Praised, eulogised, extolled. 2. Described, explained. 3. Painted. **वर्ण** to praise, aff. कः।

वर्णचक्र mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Relating, describing, was relating or related, &c. **वर्ण** to describe, क्वत् aff.

वर्णचक्र mfn. (-वो-विनो-वि) Belonging to a caste or tribe, of that caste, of that colour, &c. m. (-वो) 1. A painter. 2. A scribe, a writer. 3. A religious student. 4. A man of either of the four regular castes, f. (-विनी) 1. A woman, a wife. 2. Turmeric. **वर्ण** colour, &c., विन aff.

वर्णचक्र m. (-चक्र) Killing or occasioning the death of a man of either of four castes. **वर्ण** and चक्र killing.

वर्णचक्र m. (-कः) An ascetic, or one wearing the marks of a religious student. **वर्ण** चक्र, चक्र having a mark.

वर्णचक्र m. (-चक्र) 1. The name of a river and district. 2. The sun. **वर्ण** to surround, Una'di aff. चञ्; or चक्र-ङ्। [of.

वर्णचक्र mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Having caste, tribe. &c. **वर्ण**, चक्र possessed

वर्णचक्र m. (-चक्र) Living, livelihood, (generally at the end of a compound.)

वर्णचक्र mfn. (-कः-का-क) Who is or abides, exists, lives, &c. mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. A sort of quail, (Perdix olivacea.) 2. A horse's hoof. n. (-क) A sort of mixed or bell-metal, commonly Vidari. **वर्ण** to be, चञ् aff.

[जन्यन् birth.

वर्णचक्र m. (-चक्र) A cloud. **वर्ण** to be, aff. चञ्, वर्ण abiding, and वर्णचक्र mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Fixed, stationary, stable. nf. (-नो-नी) 1. Staying, abiding, being, the property of a fixed presence. 2. A road, a way. 3. A ball at one end of a spindle to assist its rotatory motion. 4. Grinding. n. (-नं) 1. Livelihood, subsistence. 2. Occupation, profession. 3. Salary, hire, wages. 4. A ball of cotton from which the threads are spun. 5. A ball, a globe. 6. Appointing. 7. Turning. 8. Abode, residence. 9. Conduct. 10. Commerce, traffic. m. (-नः) A dwarf. **वर्ण** to be, to be fixed, &c., aff. चञ् or चञ्।

वर्णचक्र n. (-नं) Gift of a situation, of wages or means of subsistence. **वर्ण** and दान giving.

वर्णचक्र नियोग m. (-नः) Appointment or assignment of salary, wages, &c. **वर्ण** चक्र, नियोग appointing. [चक्र non-existence.

वर्णचक्र m. (-नः) Destitution, want of means of subsistence. **वर्ण** चक्र, वर्णचक्र m. (-नः) 1. The eastern country, or eastern India. 2. A hymn, a panegyric. f. (-नि) A road. **वर्ण** to be, Una'di aff. चनि।

वर्णचक्र mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be lived, or dwelt in. 2. What may be. **वर्ण** to be, चनीयर् aff.

वर्णचक्र mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Being, existing, living, being present. 2. Dwelling or abiding in. 3. Revolving. n. (-नं) (In grammar,) The present tense. **वर्ण** to be, चानच् aff.

वर्णचक्र m. (-ता) Being, being present, the property of time present. **वर्ण** added to the last; also with लृ aff. वर्णचक्र [bo, aff. चञ्।

वर्णचक्र mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यन्) 1. Living, subsisting. 2. Dwelling. **वर्ण** to वर्णचक्र m. (-कः) 1. A river so named. 2. A puddle, a pool of water. 3. A crow's nest. 4. A door-keeper, a chamberlain; it is also written वर्णचक्र।

वर्णचक्र f. (-चि-चो) 1. Perfume for the person. 2. The wick of a lamp. 3. A lamp. 4. A tent, a bougie. 5. A collyrium prepared from various substances and dried in a lozenge form; it is applied grinding with water or milk. 6. A line, a ruled line. 7. The ends of a cloth. 8. The projecting threads of woven cloth. 9. A protuberance round a vessel. 10. A surgical instrument. **वर्ण** to be, Una'di aff. चञ्, चोप् optionally added.

वर्णचक्र f. (-का) 1. A quail. 2. The wick of a lamp. 3. A paint. 4. A paint-brush. **वर्ण** to be, aff. चञ्, fem. aff. टाप्; or चञ् the same, तिकन् Una'di aff.; also चक्र, वर्णचक्र। [causal v., क aff.

वर्णचक्र mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Caused as made to be or exist. **वर्ण** to be, वर्णचक्र mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be lived. 2. To be dwelt, remained, or continued. 3. To be practised in. 1. What may be, possible, probable. **वर्ण** to be, तय aff.

वर्णचक्र mfn. (-चो-चि-चो-चि) 1. Abiding, fixed, stationary. 2. Being. 3. Turning. 4. Practising, (generally at the end of compounds.) **वर्ण** to go, aff. चिनि।

वर्णचक्र m. (-चो) A kind of quail.

वर्णचक्र mfn. (-चः-चः-चः) 1. Staying, abiding, being stationary or fixed. 2. Facing, (an enemy,) standing firm in battle. 3. A circle. **वर्ण** to be, चञ्च aff.

वर्णचक्र mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Round, circular, globular, spherical. m. (-लः) 1. A pea. 2. A ball. f. (-ला) A ball of clay at the end of a spindle to assist its rotation. **वर्ण** to be, चञ्च aff.

वर्णचक्र n. (-जः) 1. A road. 2. Custom, usage. 3. Mode, manner, fashion. 4. An edge, a border. 5. An eyelid. **वर्ण** to be, चनि aff. [aug.

वर्णचक्र f. (-नि-नो) A road, a way. **वर्ण** to be, चनि Una'di aff. चञ्।

वर्णचक्र m. (-चक्र) Rigidity of the eyelids, so that they can not shut. **वर्ण** and चक्र contraction.



वर्धितम् mfn. (-कः-रन्-वर्धनी-कृतम्) Purposing to augment. ३. इष् to augment, इष्ट aff. with the future form.

वर्ध् r. 10th cl. (वर्धयति-ने) The same as वर्ध् ।

वर्ध् m. (-वर्ध्) 1. A plant, commonly BA'MANHA'TI. 2. Increase, augmentation. 3. Cutting. n. (-वर्ध्) 1. Red lead. 2. Lead. ३. इष् to grow or increase aff. चञ् ; or वर्ध् to divide, aff. चञ् ; also written वर्ध् ।

वर्धक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Increasing, causing to grow or increase. 2. Dividing. m. (-कः) 1. A plant, commonly BA'MANHA'TI. 2. A carpenter. ३. इष् to grow, or वर्ध् to divide, aff. चञ् । [form irr.]

वर्धक m. (-कः) A carpenter. ३. वर्ध् to cut, चञ् aff., कञ् to injure, इ aff.

वर्धक m. (-कः) A carpenter. ३. वर्धक cutting, इति aff.

वर्धन mfn. (-नः-नी-न) Growing, thriving. n. (-न) 1. Increasing, growing, thriving. 2. Augmenting, causing to increase. 3. Cutting, dividing. 4. Animation. 5. Educating, rearing. 6. Elevation. f. (-नी) 1. A small water-jar. 2. A brush, a broom. m. (-नः) 1. A granter of prosperity. 2. A tooth growing over another. 3. An epithet of S'IVA. ३. इष् to increase, or वर्ध् to cut, aff. चञ् ।

वर्धमान mfn. (-नः-मा-न) 1. Prosperous, thriving. 2. Increasing, growing. 3. A house having no entrance on the south-side. m. (-नः) 1. The castor-oil tree. 2. A lid, a cover, especially a shallow earthen platter or saucer, used also as a top to water-jars, &c. 3. A name of VISHN'U. 4. A sort of riddle or charade. 5. The last and most celebrated of the twenty four Jinas or Jaina teachers of the present æra. 6. A mystical figure or diagram. 7. A district and city, Burdwan. ३. इष् to increase, यानच् aff.

वर्धमानक m. (-कः) A lid, a cover. ३. वर्धमान as above, and कञ् added.

वर्धमान n. (-न) 1. Cutting, dividing. 2. The ceremony of cutting the umbilical cord. 3. A festival when good wishes and congratulatory expressions are offered. ३. वर्ध् to cut, causal v., चञ् aff. [aff.]

वर्धित mfn. (-वर्धित-नी-वर्धित) Increasing, thriving. ३. इष् to increase, इति वर्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Grown, expanded, increased, thriven. 2. Full, filled. 3. Cut, divided. ३. इष् to increase, or वर्ध् to cut, aff. चञ् ।

वर्धित mfn. (-वर्धित-नी-वर्धित) 1. Increasing, growing, thriving. 2. Enlarging, expanding. ३. इष् to increase, aff. इष्ट ।

वर्ध् nf. (वर्ध-नी-वर्ध) A leathern thong or girth for securing a saddle. n. (-वर्ध) 1. Leather. 2. Lead. ३. इष् to increase, Unādi aff. इन् ; also written वर्ध् । [वर्ध्]

वर्ध् r. 10th cl. (वर्धयति-ने) 1. To cut or pierce, to divide. 2. To fill; also वर्ध m. (-वर्ध) 1. Increase, augmentation. 2. Cutting; see वर्ध् ।

वर्धन n. (-वर्ध) Form, figure. ३. इ to choose, aff. चञ्, पुक् augment.

वर्ध् r. 1st cl. (वर्धति) 1. To move, to go. 2. To kill.

वर्धकवा f. (-वा) A plant; also Charmakasha' or Charmagha's.

वर्धन n. (-वर्ध) 1. Armour, mail. 2. Bark, rind. ३. इ to cover, aff. चञ् ।

वर्धन m. (-नः) One who takes arms or who spoils another of them.

Adj. Old enough to wear armour. ३. वर्ध, इर who takes. [वर्ध-न]

वर्धित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Armed, accoutred. ३. वर्ध mail, इतच् aff.; or वर्ध mfn. (-वर्ध-नी-वर्ध) 1. Chief, principal. 2. To be applied to for aid or a boon, &c. 3. To be chosen or selected. 3. To be yielded to, or indulged. m. (-वर्ध) KA'MADH'VA. f. (-वर्ध) A girl choosing her own husband. ३. इ to ask as a boon, or इ to choose, यत् aff., form irr.

वर्धित mf. (-वर्धित-नी-वर्धित) A sort of bean, (Dolichos catjang.)

वर्धवा f. (-वा) A blue fly. ३. इ imitative sound, and वर्ध् or वर्ध् to utter, aff. चञ् ; also वर्धवा and वर्धवा ।

वर्धन mfn. Subst. (-नः-रा or री-र) A sort of basil, (Ocimum pilosum, Rox.) m. (-नः) 1. A low man one of a degraded tribe or occupation, an out-caste, a barbarian. 2. A region, a country, the country inhabited by barbarians. 3. Woolly or curly hair, as the hair of an African. 4. A shrub, (Siphonanthus Indica.) 5. A sort of worm. 6. The noise or clash of weapons. 7. A mode of danoing. f. (-न-नी) 1. A sort of potherb. 2. A small bee. 3. The Baya or

Indian grosbeak, (Loxia philippensis.) n. (-न) 1. Vermilion. २. Gum myrrh. 3. A sort of Sandal wood. ३. इ to choose, Unādi aff. चञ् or the same root, with चञ् aff., in the reiterative form; it is also derived from वर्ध् to go, and is variously written वर्धर, वर्धर, वर्धर and वर्धर &c.

वर्धरीक m. (-कः) 1. Curly or woolly hair. 2. A shrub, commonly BA'MANHA'TI. 3. A name of S'IVA. 4. A sort of basil. ३. इ to select, Unādi aff. इन् and the root repeated. (चञ् what grows.)

वर्धरीक n. (-कः) White Sandal. ३. वर्धर the country of barbarians.

वर्धर f. (-वर्ध) A sort of basil, (Ocimum pilosum, Rox.) "वर्धर तुषती."

वर्ध m. (-वर्ध) A glutton. ३. इ to choose, Unādi aff. इन् ।

वर्ध r. 1st cl. (वर्धति) To be wet.

वर्ध mn. (-वर्ध-नी-वर्ध) 1. Rain, raining. 2. Sprinkling, effusion. 3. Seminal effusion. 4. A year. 5. A Varsha, or division of the known continent; nine such are reckoned; viz:—KURU, HIRANMAYA, RAMYAKA, ILA'VRITA, HARI, KA'TUMA'LA', BHADRA'SHWA, KINARA, and BHA'RATA. 5. JAMBU-DWIPA, or India. 6. A cloud. m. plu. (-वर्ध) The rains or rainy season, containing two months, according to the Hindu classification of the seasons, which some systems consider to be S'hrāvan'a and Bha'dra, and others, Bha'dra and A's'hwin; the duration of the monsoon is however longer, being reckoned from A'sarha to Ka'tika, or from the middle of June to the beginning of October. f. Sing. (-वर्ध) A sort of gramineous plant; see वर्ध. ३. इष् to sprinkle, aff. चञ् or चञ् ; or इ to screen, &c., Unādi aff. च ।

वर्धकर mfn. (-रः-रा or री-र) Making or producing rain. m. (रः) A cloud. f. (-री) A cricket. ३. वर्ध rain, कृ to make or mark, ट aff.; the cricket chirping especially in wet weather.

वर्धकोष m. (-षः) 1. An astrologer. 2. A month. ३. वर्ध a year, and कोष a vocabulary, &c.; also वर्धकोष ।

वर्धज mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Born or produced in the rains or rainy season. ३. वर्ध the rains, and ज born; also वर्धज ।

वर्धन n. (-वर्ध) 1. Raining, rain. 2. Sprinkling. 3. Bestowing. ३. इष् to sprinkle, चञ् aff.

वर्धित f. (-वर्धित) 1. Abiding, staying. 2. Act, action. 3. Raining. 4. A sacrificial act. ३. वर्ध् to sprinkle, चञ् Unādi aff. [वर्ध aff.]

वर्धित mfn. (-वर्धित-नी-वर्धित) Raining, showering, sprinkling. ३. इष् to rain.

वर्धन m. (-नः) 1. An eunuch or attendant on the women's apartments.

2. A cloud. ३. वर्ध rain and चर what holds.

वर्धन m. (-नः) An eunuch or attendant on the women's apartments.

वर्धन m. (-नः) A mountainous range, supposed to separate the various Varshas or divisions of the globe from each other; six ranges are enumerated from south to north; viz:—HIMAVAN, HEMAKUTA, NISADHA, NILA, S'WETA, and SINGI' or S'INGA VA'NA; MERU constitutes the seventh; some authorities place CHAITRA and KARNI' instead of NILA and S'WETA. ३. वर्ध as above, पर्वत a mountain; also similar compounds, as वर्धनिरि &c.

वर्धन m. (-नः) The hog plum, (Spodias mangifera.) ३. वर्ध rain, चञ्किन् ripening. [वर्ध fond of.]

वर्धन m. (-वर्ध) The Chátaka, (Cuonlus melanoleucos.) ३. वर्ध rain, and

वर्धन m. (-नः) A eunuch, a castrated attendant, one employed in the women's apartments. ३. वर्ध seminal sprinkling, इ to refrain from, aff. चञ् ।

वर्धन f. (-नः) Birth-day.

वर्धन n. (-नः) A century. ३. वर्ध and घत a hundred.

वर्धन n. (-नः) A thousand years. ३. वर्ध, इष्ट a thousand. [वर्धन]

वर्धन m. (-नः) A month. ३. वर्ध a year, चञ् a part; also with चञ् added

वर्धन n. (-नः) The rainy season. ३. वर्ध and चञ् time.

वर्धन mfn. (-नः-जा-न) Belonging to or produced in the rainy season. ३. वर्धन and चञ् aff.

वर्षा m. (-ः) A month. E. वर्ष a year, and चक्र a limb or member.  
 वर्षावी m. (-ः) A frog. E. वर्षा and वीर sound.  
 वर्षावधन mfn. (-ः-का-नं) Rain-scattering. m. (-ः) A high wind, a gale. E. वर्षा. प्रभजन scattering.  
 वर्षावृ m. (-ः) A frog. f. (-ः) 1. Hog-weed. 2. An earth-worm, (Inlus.)  
 3. A she-frog or any small frog. E. वर्षा the rains, वृ to be, aff. क्त्वि ।  
 वर्षावृ m. (-ः) A peacock. E. वर्षा the rains, चावृ who rejoices.  
 वर्षावृः पारवात m. (-ः) A Cha'taka. E. वर्षावृस् rain-water, पारवा atten-  
 tion, and वृत्त observance.  
 वर्षावृत्त n. (-ः) Ten thousand years. E. वर्ष and वृत्त ten thousand.  
 वर्षारान m. (-ः) A rainy night, the rainy season. E. वर्षा and रात्रि night.  
 वर्षावृत्त m. (-ः) The planet Mars. E. वर्षा the rains, वृत्त light,  
 visible in the rainy season. [conjoined.  
 वर्षावृत्तिका f. (-ः) A plant : see वृत्तिका. E. वर्षा and वृत्तिका synonymous ;  
 वर्षावृत्त m. (-ः) The autumnal season. E. वर्षा the rains, वृत्त end.  
 वर्षिक mfn. (-ः-का-कं) 1. Raining, rainy, relating or belonging to the  
 rains. 2. Shedding, showering, pouring down. n. (-ः) Aloe-wood  
 or Agallochum. E. वर्षा and वृत्त aff. [चिनु aff.  
 वर्षिक mfn. (-ः-का-कं) 1. Raining. 2. Sprinkling. E. वृत्त to sprinkle,  
 वर्षिक mfn. (-ः-का-कं) 1. Oldest, very old. 2. Strongest. E. वर्षा substituted  
 for वृत्त old, and वृत्त aff. of the irr. superlative.  
 वर्षिक mfn. (-ः-का-कं) 1. Very aged, or old. 2. Stronger. E. वर्षा substituted  
 for वृत्त old, and वृत्त aff. of the irr. superlative.  
 वर्षिक mfn. (-ः-का-कं) Rainy, watery. E. वृत्त to sprinkle, and वृत्त aff.  
 वर्षिका m. (-ः) A rainy cloud. E. वर्षिक rainy, वृत्त a cloud. [ज born.  
 वर्षिक mfn. (-ः-का-कं) Born or produced in the rains. E. वर्षा in the rains,  
 वर्षिक mfn. (-ः-का-कं) Yearly, annual. E. वर्षा and एक one.  
 वर्षिक m. (-ः) Hail. E. वर्ष rain, and वृत्त a stone.  
 वर्ष n. (-ः) The body : see the next.  
 वर्ष n. (-ः) 1. The body. 2. Measure. 3. Height, elevation. 4. A  
 handsome form. 5. A stone. E. वृत्त to sprinkle, aff. वृत्त ; also  
 with a final vowel वर्षा ।  
 वर्ष mfn. (-ः-का-कं) 1. To be rained or showered. 2. To be sprink-  
 led E. वृत्त to sprinkle, वृत्त aff.  
 वर्ष r. 1st cl. (वृत्त) 1. To cover. 2. To give. 3. To be excellent or  
 pre-eminent : in this sense it is more properly वृत्त r. 10th  
 cl. (वृत्तयति-ने) 1. To shine. 2. To kill or hurt. 3. To speak : see वृत्त ।  
 वर्ष n. (-ः) 1. A peacock's tail. 2. A leaf. 3. A sort of perfume, com-  
 monly Grant'hiparn'a. 4. Train, retinue. E. वृत्त to increase, aff.  
 वृत्त ; or वृत्त or वृत्त to cover, aff. वृत्त ; in the latter case it is  
 written वृत्त ।  
 वर्ष n. (-ः) A leaf. E. वृत्त to grow, aff. वृत्त ।  
 वर्षभार m. (-ः) A tuft or peacock's feathers at the shaft of a lance or  
 handle of a club. E. वर्षा and भार load.  
 वर्षिः पुष्प n. (-ः) Grant'hiparn'a, a sort of vegetable perfume. E. वर्षिस्  
 Kus'a-grass, पुष्प a flower, having a similar blossom. [वृत्त ।  
 वर्षिः पुष्प m. (-ः) A name of fire. E. वर्षिस् Kus'a-grass, वृत्त to dry, aff.  
 वर्षिः न. (-ः) A perfume, commonly Ba'la'. E. वर्षिस् Kus'a grass, and  
 वृत्त to be, aff. वृत्त, growing in the same places : the Visarga of वर्षिस्  
 optionally retained ; hence also वर्षिः ।  
 वर्षिः (वृत्त) वृत्त n. (-ः) Grant'hiparna, also वर्षिः पुष्प ।  
 वर्षिः वृत्त m. (-ः) A name of fire. E. वर्षिस् Kus'a-grass, वृत्त light.  
 वर्षिः m. (-ः) A peacock. E. वर्षा a peacock's tail, and वृत्त aff.  
 वर्षिः वृत्त m. (-ः) The deity Kārtike'ya. E. वर्षिः a peacock, and वृत्त  
 a vehicle ; mounted on that bird.  
 वर्षिः वृत्त f. (-ः) A name of the goddess CHANDI'. वर्षिः for वर्षा a pea-  
 cock, and वृत्त an emblem.  
 वर्षिः m. (-ः) A peacock. E. वर्षा a peacock's tail, वृत्त possessive aff.  
 वर्षिः पुष्प m. (-ः) A vegetable perfume, commonly Grant'hiparn'a. E. वर्षिः  
 a peacock, and पुष्प flower ; also वर्षिः पुष्प ।

वर्षिः वृत्त m. (-ः) A deity, a divinity. E. वर्षिस् fire, and वृत्त mouth ;  
 most offerings passing through fire.  
 वर्षिः वृत्त m. (-ः) Fire. E. वर्षिस् an oblation, वृत्त who dries up.  
 वर्षिः वृत्त m. (-ः-वृत्त or -वृत्त) A Pitri or progenitor of a particular class. E.  
 वर्षिः Kus'a grass, वृत्त to eat, वृत्त aff.  
 वर्षिः वृत्त m. (-ः) Agni or fire. E. वर्षिस् light, and वृत्त hair.  
 वर्षिः n. (-ः) 1. A perfume, commonly Ba'la', perhaps a species of  
 Andropogon. 2. The resin of the Pinus longifolia. E. वर्षिस् Kus'a-  
 grass, वृत्त to stay, aff. वृत्त ; the final of वर्षिस् changed to Visarga,  
 and optionally rejected : see वर्षिः ।  
 वर्षिः वृत्त mfn. (-ः-वृत्त-वृत्त) 1. Having Kus'a or sacrificial grass. 2.  
 Having fire or light, blazing, shining. E. वर्षिस् and वृत्त aff.  
 वर्षिः m. (-ः) 1. Fire. 2. Light, lustre, splendour. mn. (-ः) 1.  
 Sacrificial grass, (Poa cynosuroides.) 2. Sacrifice, oblation. 3.  
 Grant'hiparn'a, a vegetable perfume. E. वृत्त to increase, aff. वृत्त ; or  
 वर्षिः or वर्षिः to excel, &c., with the same aff. , in the latter case  
 this word and its corresponding ones are written with an initial  
 consonant वर्षिः, &c.  
 वल् r. 1st cl. (वल्) 1. To cover. 2. To move. 3. To surround or en-  
 close. 4. To go, to hasten. 5. To be attached to. 6. To grow, to  
 increase. With वृत्त, To move to and fro. r. 10th cl. (वल्वति-ने) To  
 cherish or maintain.  
 वल् n. (-ः) An army, forces. E. वल् to surround, aff. वृत्त ; see वल् ।  
 वल् mfn. (-ः-वा-वृत्त) White. m. (-ः) White, the colour. E. वल् to go,  
 aff. वृत्त ; वल् going, वल् to pervade, aff. वृत्त ; also वल्, and वल् ।  
 वल्व m. (-ः) The moon. E. वल् white, वृत्त a ray of light ; the final  
 vowel changed.  
 वल् mn. (-ः-वा-वृत्त) The middle, the waist : also वल् । [वृत्त aff.  
 वल् n. (-ः) 1. Turning, moving. 2. Deflection, (in astronomy.) E. वल्,  
 वल् mfn. (-ः-वा-वृत्त) 1. The wooden frame of a thatch. 2. A turret or  
 temporary building on the roof of a house. E. वल् to cover, वल्, &c.,  
 aff. वृत्त and वृत्त added ; also वल् ।  
 वल्व m. (-ः) A perpendicular. E. वल्, and वृत्त to depend, वृत्त aff., the  
 initial rejected ; also वल् ।  
 वल् mn. (-ः-वा-वृत्त) 1. A bracelet, an armlet. 2. The zone of a married  
 woman. 3. Circle, circumference, boundary. m. (-ः) 1. Sore-  
 throat, inflammation of the larynx, &c. 2. A boundary, an inclo-  
 sure, a fence. E. वल् to surround, वल् Una'di aff.  
 वल्वित mfn. (-ः-वा-वृत्त) Surrounded, encircled, enclosed, encompassed.  
 E. वल् an inclosure, aff. वृत्त । [वृत्त ; also वल् ।  
 वल् mfn. (-ः-वा-वृत्त) A small kind of crane. E. वल् to surround, aff.  
 वल्व m. (-ः) 1. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 2. A frog.  
 वल्व m. (-ः) 1. A cloud. 2. A mountain. 3. A Daitya, a demon. 4.  
 One of the Nāgas. 5. One of the horses of KRISHN'A's car. E.  
 वल्व a crane, वृत्त to go, aff. वृत्त, deriv. irr.  
 वल् f. (-ः-वा-वृत्त) 1. A line or streak made with fragrant unguents  
 on the person. 2. Natural line or folds of skin, a wrinkle m. (-ः) 1.  
 Offerings to the spirits of air. E. वल् to surround, aff. वृत्त : see वल् ।  
 वल् (वृत्त) m. (-ः-वा-वृत्त) The edge of a thatch. E. वल् to surround, Una'di  
 aff. वृत्त ।  
 वल्वित f. (-ः-वा-वृत्त) 1. Making lines on the person. 2. Making offerings to  
 all beings. E. वल्, वृत्त act : see वल् ।  
 वल्व mfn. (-ः-वा-वृत्त) 1. Moved, constrained. 2. Surrounded. 3. Wrink-  
 led E. वल् to go, वृत्त aff.  
 वल् f. (-ः-वा-वृत्त) Squint-eyed. E. वल्, वृत्त aff.  
 वल्व nf. (-ः-वा-वृत्त) A fish-hook. E. वृत्त a bait, वृत्त to destroy, aff.  
 वृत्त, वृत्त changed to वृत्त, and वृत्त again interchangeable with वृत्त ।  
 वल् n. (-ः) The root of the lotus. m. (-ः) A bird. E. वल् to surround,  
 Una'di aff. वृत्त ।  
 वल् f. (-ः-वा-वृत्त) Strong, powerful.

वल्क् r. 10th cl. (वल्कयति ते) To speak.

वल्क n. (-ल्कः) 1. The bark of a tree. 2. The scales of a fish. 3. A garment in general. इ. वल् to surround, कल् Unā'di aff.

वल्कल mn. (-ल्कः-लः) 1. The bark of a tree. 2. A garment made of bark. 3. A garment in general, इ. वल् to surround, कल् aff.

वल्कवत् mfn. (-वान्-वली-वत्) Having scales or bark, wearing a dress made of the bark of trees, &c. m. (-वान्) A fish. इ. वल्क a scale, &c., वलुप् possess. aff.

वल्कल m. (-ल्कः) A thorn. इ. वल्क bark, वल्क् aff.

वल्कत n. (-ल्कः) Bark, rind. इ. वल् to surround, कल् aff.

वल् r. 1st cl. (वल्ति) 1. To go or move. 2. To go by leaps, to jump. 3. To be pleased or delighted.

वल्गु mfn. (-ल्गुः-ल्गो-ल्गु) 1. Going. 2. Jumping. इ. वल्गु to go, गल् aff.

वल्गा f. (-ल्गा) A bridle, a rein. इ. वल्गु to go, aff. वल्.

वल्गित mfn. (-ल्गः-ल्गो-ल्गु) Leaped, jumped, gone by bounds or leaps. n. (-ल्गः) 1. Running. 2. A horse's gallop. इ. वल्गु to go by jumps, aff. ल.

वल्गु mfn. (-ल्गुः-ल्गो-ल्गु) 1. Handsome, beautiful. 2. Sweet. m. (-ल्गुः) A goat. इ. वल् to surround, Unādi aff. व, and गल् augment.

वल्गुल mfn. (-ल्गुः-ल्गो-ल्गु) Handsome, beautiful. n. (-ल्गुः) 1. Sandal. 2. A wood. 3. Price. इ. कल् added to the preceding.

वल्गुपत्र m. (-वल्गुः) A wild sort of pulse : see वल्गुपत्र.

वल्गुला f. (-ल्गुः-ल्गो-ल्गु) A sort of bird.

वल्गुलिका f. (-ल्गुः-ल्गो-ल्गु) A cockroach. [as a verb, गल् aff.]

वल्गुयुत् mfn. (-यल्गुः-यल्गो-यल्गु) Become handsome or beautiful. इ. वल्गु used वल् r. 1st cl. (वल्गते) To eat, to devour.

वल्गुन n. (-ल्गुः) 1. Eating. 2. Food. इ. वल्गु to eat, aff. लुट्.

वल्गित mfn. (-ल्गः-ल्गो-ल्गु) Eaten. इ. वल्गु to eat, aff. ल.

वल्गिक m. (-ल्गः) An ant-hill ; also वल्गीक.

वल्गिकि m. (-ल्गः) An ant-hill ; also वल्गीक.

वल्गीक mn. (कः-ल्गः) A hillock, ground thrown up by moles, &c., but especially the large accumulations of soil, sometimes made by the white ant. m. (-ल्गः) 1. The poet Vā'LMĪ'KI. 2. Elephantiasis, or swellings of the neck, chest, hands and feet, which break and discharge ichor in many places. इ. वल्गु to cover, or वल्गु to live, ईक Unā'di aff., and सुट् augment ; in the latter case this word and the corresponding ones are written वल्गीक, &c. ; also वल्गिक.

वल्गीकट n. (-टः) An ant-hill.

वल्गुल् and वल्गुल् r. 10th cl. (वल्गुल् वल्गुयति ते) 1. To cut. 2. To purify. वल्गु r. 1st cl. (वल्गते) 1. To cover, to conceal. 2. To move.

वल्गु m. (-ल्गः) 1. Winnowing corn. 2. A Masha of silver. 3. A weight of three Rattis. 4. Prohibiting, prohibition. 5. Covering. इ. वल्गु to move, &c., वल्क् aff.

वल्गुकी f. (-की) The Vina, or Indian lute. इ. वल्गु to cover, aff. कृन्.

वल्गुम mfn. (-मः-मो-म) 1. Beloved, desired, dear. 2. Supreme, superintending. m. (-मः) 1. A lover, a husband, a friend. 2. A horse with good marks. 3. A superintendent, an overseer. 4. The chief herdsman. f. (-मा) A mistress, a wife. इ. वल्गु to cover, वल्क् Unādi aff. [पालक who cherishes.]

वल्गुमपालक m. (-कः) A groom, a horse-keeper. इ. वल्गुम a good horse,

वल्गुमचार्य m. (-र्यः) Name of the founder of a Vaishnava sect ; he is also a commentator of the Vē'dānta-sūtra.

वल्गुमायित n. (-ते) A mode of coitus. [चरन् aff.]

वल्गुन n. (-रः) Aloe-wood. 2. A bower. 3. A branching foot-stalk. इ. वल्गु-वल्गु f. (-रिः or री) 1. A compound pedicle. 2. A creeping or twining plant. इ. वल्गु to cover, चरन् aff., ऊप् optionally added.

वल्गुव m. (-वः) 1. A cook. 2. A herdsman. 3. A name of BHĪ'MASE'NA. f. (-वी) A cowherdess. इ. वल्गु covering, and व aff.

वल्गि f. (-लिः or ली) 1. A creeper, a climbing or creeping plant. f. (-लिः) The earth. f. (-ली) A plant, (Ligusticum ajacae.) इ. वल्गु to cover, वल्क् aff., and ऊप् occasionally added.

वल्गीक n. (-कः) Pepper. इ. वल्गी a creeper, and क born.

वल्गु र n. (-रः) 1. An arbour, a bower, a place overgrown with creeping plants. 2. An uncultivated field or place over-run with wild grass. 3. A sand, a desert, a place destitute of water. 4. A field. 5. A compound pedicle. 6. A solitude, a wild. 7. A thicket, a wood. 8. Dried flesh. इ. वल्गु to cover, चरन् aff. ; also वल्गु र.

वल्गु र mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Dried flesh. 2. Hog's flesh, the flesh of the wild hog. n. (-रः) 1. An uncultivated field, or one over run with grass. 2. A thicket. 3. A desert. इ. वल्गु to cover, चरन् Unā'di aff.

वल्गु f. (-ल्गा) Emblic myrobalan. इ. वल्गु to cover, वल्क् aff.

वल्गु म. (-गः) A sort of coarse grass, (Eleusine Indica) इ. वल्गुते भृङ् वेष्टयति वल्गु-कृत् तादृशः सन् वल्गुति गच्छति वल्गु-वल्.

वल्गु r. 1st cl. (वल्गते) 1. To kill or hurt. 2. To cover. 3. To give. 4. To be pre-eminent ; in which sense it is more properly वल्गु r. 10th cl. (वल्गुयति ते) 1. To shine. 2. To speak.

वल्गु r. 2nd cl. (वल्ग) 1. To desire, to will, to wish. 2. To shine.

वल्गु mfn. (-गः-गा-गः) 1. Humbled, subdued, tamed, over-powered. 2. Enthralled, subdued by charms and incantations, fascinated, charmed, enchanted. mn. (-गः-गः) Wish, desire. n. (-गः) 1. Authority, supremacy, mastership. 2. Subjection, submission, the state of being completely tamed and over-powered. 3. Birth. n. (-गः) The residence of harlots. f. (-गा) 1. A woman. 2. A wife. 3. A daughter. 4. A barren cow. 5. A barren woman. 6. A female elephant. 7. A husband's sister. इ. वल्गु to desire, aff. वल्क् or वल्.

वल्गुका f. (-का) An obedient and docile wife. इ. वल्गु subject, कल् added.

वल्गुक्रिया f. (-या) Subduing or over-powering by drugs, gems, charms, or incantations. 2. The drugs, &c. so used. इ. वल्गु subjection, क्रिया business or agency.

वल्गुग mfn. (-गः-गा-गः) Obedient, subject. f. (-गा) An obedient wife. इ. वल्गु subject, and ग who goes or is.

वल्गुगत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Subject, obedient. इ. वल्गु and गत gone.

वल्गुवत् mfn. (-वत्-दा-वत्) Submissive, acknowledging obedience or subjection. इ. वल्गु subjection, वल्गु to speak, वल्क् aff.

वल्गुवर्तिन् mfn. (-र्त्तः-र्त्तः-र्त्तः) Obsequious, acting under subjection, or according to the pleasure of another. इ. वल्गु and वर्तिन् who abides.

वल्गुवृत् m. (-वृत्) A bird.

वल्गुवृत् m. (-वृत्) A porpoise, the Gangetic porpoise. [or influence of.]

वल्गुवृत् It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "through the power

वल्गुवृत् mfn. (-गः-गा-गः) Obedient, submissive. m. (-गः) A servant. इ. वल्गु, चरुग who pursues. [युक् augment.]

वल्गुवायिन् m. (-यी) A dog. इ. वल्गु subjection, वा to preserve, वल्क् aff., वल्गि m. (-गिः) Subjugating, fascinating, bewitching, holding others in magical or mysterious submission to one's will. इ. वल्गु to desire, (supremacy,) वल्क् affix ; also with वल्क् and ल affs. वल्गिता and वल्गित.

वल्गिक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Void, empty. f. (-का) Aloe-wood. इ. वल्गु to desire, वल्क् aff., and कल् added.

वल्गिता f. (-ता) 1. Fascinating, bewitching. 2. Subjection, holding in order or subjugation ; also वल्गित. इ. वल्गित् and तल् or ल aff.

वल्गित mfn. (-गो-गिनी-गि) 1. Subdued, subjugated, in subjection. 2. Powerful. m. (-गो) A sage with subdued passions. f. (-गिनी) 1. The S'hāmī tree, (Mimosa Sama, Rox.) 2. A parasite plant. इ. वल्गु, वल्गि and वल्गि affixes.

वल्गिर n. (-रः) Sea-salt. m. (-रः) 1. A tree, (Achyranthes aspera.) 2. A sort of long pepper : see वल्गीर. 3. Orris root. इ. वल्गु to desire, चरन् aff.

वल्गित m. (-वः) VAS'HIST'HA, a Rishi or divine sage of the first order, he is also a Brahmadika, a Prajapati, and one of the seven stars of Ursa Major. इ. वल्गु before, शाच् to govern, to instruct, (the other saints,) aff. ल ; the first vowel of the prefix rejected : also written वल्गित and वल्गित. वल्गितवर्तिन् वल्गी वल्गु वल्गुवल्गु.

वल्गीकरण n. (-णः) 1. Subduing or overcoming by drugs, charms, &c.

euchanting, charming. 2. Subduing in general. **वसु** subduing, and करण making, वि augment, leaving ई.

**वसु** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Bewitched, fascinated, subjected to another's will. **वसु** and कृत made, वि augment.

**वसु** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Subjugated, subject to another's will. **वसु** and भूत become, वि augment.

**वसु** m. (-रः) A pungent fruit resembling pepper, (Pothos officinalis :) also वसिर । **वसु**, ईरन् aff. 'गजपिप्पल्यान् ।'

**वसु** mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) 1. Docile, tame, humble, governable. 2. To be tamed or humbled. **वसु** m. (-स्यः) A dependent, a slave. **वसु** f. (-स्या) A docile and obedient wife. **वसु** n. (-स्यः) Cloves. **वसु** subjection, वसु aff.

**वसु** f. (-क्षा) An obedient wife. **वसु** and कृत added.

**वसु** f. (-ता) Humility, subjugation, disposition to, or fitness for subjection. **वसु** and तत् aff. ; also with त्, वस्यत् ।

**वसु** mfn. (-त्ता-त्ता-ज) Of subdued mind. **वसु** and वाजन् spirit.

**वसु** r. 1st cl. (वसति) To kill or hurt.

**वसु** Ind. An exclamation used on making an oblation to a deity with fire, (used with a dat.) **वसु** to bear or convey, aff. उषट् ।

**वसु** कर्तृ m. (-र्तृ) The priest who pours the oiled butter into the fire at a sacrifice with the exclamation वसट्. **वसु** an exclamation, &c, and कर्तृ who makes.

**वसु** कर्तृ m. (-रः) 1. The formula वसट्. 2. An oblation made with the exclamation वसट्. **वसु** the exclamation used on this occasion, and करण making.

**वसु** कृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Offered or sacrificed with fire with the formula वसट्. **वसु** as above, कृत made. [move.]

**वसु** r. 1st cl. (वसत) r. 10th cl. (वसयति-ते) 1. To see. 2. To go, to take m. (-यः) A one year old calf. **वसु** to go, वसन् aff.

**वसु** कर्तृ f. (-र्तृ) A cow bearing many calves. **वसु** a calf, नी to have, उद् and जीव् ; also वस्य, with वनि and डीप् affs., वसयिषी ।

**वसु** नी, चीवसु r. 1st cl. (वसति) To dwell or inhabit. r. 2nd cl. (वसते) To cover with dress, to wear as clothes, r. 10th cl. वसयति-ते 1. To perturb. 2. To dwell. (वासयति-ते) 1. To be affectionate, to love. 2. To cut or divide. 3. To kill. 4. To accept. (वर, व) वरवसु r. 4th cl. (वसति) To be straight, to be unbending ; literally or figuratively. With चषि prefixed, To sit upon, to occupy. With उप, To fast. With नि, 1. To dwell in or inhabit. 2. To dress. With प्र, To dwell abroad. With सन्, To cohabit. Caus. (वासयति-ते) 1. To cause to live or dwell. 2. To put on, to dress. With निष्, To drive away, to expel, to banish. With प्र, To exile.

**वसु** mfn. (-सन्-सनी or सनी-सन्) 1. Dwelling, inhabiting. 2. Wearing, (as clothes.) **वसु** to dwell, प्रद aff.

**वसु** f. (-ति; or ती) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. Abiding, abode, residence. 3. Night. **वसु** to dwell, वसि Una'di aff., जीव्, optionally added.

**वसु** n. (-नं) 1. Cloth or clothes. 2. Covering, clothing. 3. A dwelling, a house. 4. An ornament worn by women round the loins. 5. Dwelling, residing. **वसु** to be clothed, &c., aff. कृट् ।

**वसु** वसन् n. (-न्) A tent. **वसु** and वसन् a dwelling.

**वसु** m. (-नः) 1. Vasanta, the season of spring, comprising the month of Chaitra and Vaisha'kha, or its deified personification, which is considered to be a companion of Ka'made'va. 2. Dysentery, diarrhoea. 3. Small-pox. **वसु** to dwell, Una'di aff. कृप्, as applied to the season, when love is especially present on earth.

**वसु** वसन् m. (-नः) The vernal season.

**वसु** वसन् m. (-नः) A tree, (Cordia myxa and latifolia.) **वसु** spring, वसन् a flower ; blossoming in the spring. 'वसन्वसुविर गात्र ।'

**वसु** वसन् m. (-नी) The Indian cuckoo or Kokila. **वसु** spring, वसन् who sings.

**वसु** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced in the spring. **वसु** 1. A festival in

honour of Ka'made'va, held in the month of Chaitra. 2. The Ma'dhabi creeper. **वसु**, न born.

**वसु** वसन् m. (-नः) 1. The Kokila or Indian cuckoo. 2. The month Chaitra, (March-April.) 3. The mango tree. **वसु** (-नी) 1. The trumpet flower. 2. A large and beautiful creeper, (Gartnera racemosa.) **वसु** spring, and वसन् the messenger.

**वसु** वसन् m. (-वृः) The mango tree, (Mangifera Indica.) **वसु** spring, and वृ a tree, or वसन्वसन् ; the mango blossoms in March or April, and is then an object of great beauty.

**वसु** वसन्वसी f. (-नी) The fifth day of the light-half of Ma'gha.

**वसु** वसन्वसन् m. (-वः) KAMADE'VA or CUPID. **वसु** spring, वसन् the friend.

**वसु** वसन्वसन् n. (-रः) The celebration of the return of spring, formerly held on the full-moon of Chaitra, but now on the full-moon of Pha'l-gun'a, being identified with the Dola-yatra or Holi. **वसु** and वसन्वसन् a festival.

**वसु** f. (-सा) 1. The serum or marrow of the flesh, considered by some authorities as distinct from the marrow of the bones, though regarded by others as the same substance. 2. Adeps, fat, suet. **वसु** to divide, (in the body,) वड् and टप् affs. ; or वस्-वस् ।

**वसु** वसन् m. (-वः) The Gangetic porpoise, (Delphinus Gangeticus :) also वसन्वसन् and वसन्वसन्, the last perhaps incorrectly.

**वसु** वसन् mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Wearing, putting on, (as clothes.) **वसु** to clothe, वसन् aff.

**वसु** वसन्वसन् m. (-वी) A dog. **वसु** and वसन् who drinks.

**वसु** वसन् n. (-रः) Wish, purpose, desire. [dwell, Una'di aff. वन् ।

**वसु** वसन् m. (-सिः) 1. Dwelling, abode. 2. A dwelling. 3. Clothes. **वसु** to

**वसु** वसन् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Stored, (as grain.) 2. Dwelling, inhabiting. 3. Put on, worn. **वसु** Abiding, residence. **वसु** (-ता) The power of subduing all things ; see वसित. **वसु** to dwell, &c., क aff. ; or वसित as above, and क changed to व ।

**वसु** वसन् mfn. (-ता-वी-व) Who or what wears. **वसु** to put on, वस् aff.

**वसु** वसिता Ind. Having put on, (as clothes,) wearing. **वसु** to wear, क्ता aff.

**वसु** वसिर n. (-रः) Sea-salt. **वसु** (-रः) A pungent fruit, considered as a sort of pepper, (Pothos officinalis.) **वसु** to abide, (in the sea,) वरन् aff. ; also, as derived from वस् to desire, वसिर &c.

**वसु** वसित m. (-वः) A celebrated Muni. **वसु** to abide, (in the practice of religious austerities,) aff. वसित, वसित्, superlative aff. वसित् added ; pre-eminent amongst the ascetics ; also वसित &c.

**वसु** वसु mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) 1. Sweet, sweet-flavoured. 2. Dry, dried. **वसु** n. (-सु) 1. Wealth, thing, substance. 2. A gem, a jewel. 3. A medicinal root, commonly Vriddhi. 4. Water. 5. Gold. 6. A yellow kind of kidney-bean. 7. A sort of salt. 8. The number eight, i. e. the eight Vasus m. (-सुः) 1. A kind of demi-god, of whom eight are enumerated, viz.:—DHABA, DHUVA, So'ma or the moon, A'pa, ANILA or wind, ANALA or fire, PRABHA'va and PRATYUSA. 2. A name of Agni or fire. 3. A ray of light. 4. The tie of a yoke. 5. A tree, (Sesbana grandiflora.) 6 The name of a king. 7. A name of KUV'BA. 8. A tree in general. 9. A lake, a pool. 10. A rein, a halter. 11. A plant, (Trophis aspera.) 12. S'iva. 13. The sun. 14. A kind of fish. **वसु** to abide or dwell, Una'di aff. व ।

**वसु** वसु क न. (-कः) A fossil-salt, brought from a district in Ajmere, Sambhar-salt. **वसु** (-कः) 1. A shrub, (Gigantio Asclepias.) 2. A tree, (Sesbana grandiflora.) **वसु** क added to the preceding ; or वसु wealth, वृ to sound, aff. व । [कोट a worm.]

**वसु** वसु कीट m. (-टः) A suppliant, a beggar, a petitioner. **वसु** wealth, वसुदा f. (-दा) The earth. **वसु** wealth, and दा who gives.

**वसु** वसुदेव m. (-वः) BASUDE'VA, the father of KRISHN'A. **वसु** a deity, the incarnation of one of the Vasus, or वसु wealth, दि to shine, aff. वस् ।

**वसु** वसुदेवता f. (-ता) The constellation Dhanist'hā. **वसु** the Vasus, and देवता divinity ; presiding over the asterism.

वसुदेवम m. (भूः) KRISHN'A. E. वसुदेव and भू born. [fortnight.  
 वसुदेव्या f. (-व्या) 1. The asterism Dhanistha'. 2. The ninth day of the  
 वसुधैरिका f. (-का) Crystal. [and टाप् ।  
 वसुधा f. (-धा) The earth. E. वसु wealth, धा to have or contain, affs. क  
 वसुधाधर m. (-रः) A mountain. E. वसुधा and धर what holds.  
 वसुधाधिप m. (-पः) A king. E. वसुधा and अधिप sovereign.  
 वसुधानगर n. (-र) The capital of VARUN'A in the western ocean.  
 वसुधारा f. (-रा) 1. A female S'akti' peculiar to the Jainas. 2. The capital  
 of KUVĒRA. E. वसु wealth, धृ to have, affs. घञ् and टाप् ; some  
 authorities read वसुभारा for KUVĒRA's capital.  
 वसुधरा f. (-रा) The earth. E. वसु wealth, धृ to have, खच् aff.  
 वसुप्राण m. (-णः) Fire or its deity, AGNI. E. वसु a Vasu, प्राण life.  
 वसुमन् mfn. (-मान्-मती-मन्) Wealthy, rich. f. (-ती) The earth. E. वसु  
 wealth, and मन् aff.  
 वसुरेतस् m. (-ताः) Fire.  
 वसुरोषिष् n. (-षिः) A religious ceremony in which the demi-gods called  
 Vasus especially are worshipped. E. वसु, वच् to shine, वसि Una'di aff.  
 वसुल m. (-लः) A deity, a divinity. E. वसु wealth, ला to have, aff. क ।  
 वसुयुज n. (-जः) 1. Wrought gold, 2. Silver.  
 वसुवेष m. (-वेषः) A name of KARN'A, the illegitimate brother of the  
 PA'N'DU princes. E. वसु wealth, सेना an army ; surrounded by  
 hosts of beggars for his wealth, of which he was liberal.  
 वसुस्थली f. (-ली) The city of KUVĒRA. E. वसु wealth, स्थल place or site,  
 aff. लीष् ।  
 वसुष्टम्भ m. (-म्भः) The Vaka-puspa, (Sesbana grandiflora ; ) also वसुष्टम्भ ।  
 वसुक n. (-कः) 1. Sambhar-salt, 2. The Sesbana grandiflora. E. See वसुक  
 the उ of वसुक is here optionally long.  
 वसुरा f. (-रा) A whore, a harlot.  
 वस् r. 1st cl. (वस्ते) To go, to move.  
 वस् m. (-स्ते) 1. Application, perseverance. 2. Going, motion. E. वस्  
 to go, aff. चच् । [also वक्तय &c.  
 वक्तय m. (-यः) A calf of one year, a yearling E. वस् to go, वक्तय aff. ;  
 वक्तयणी f. (-णी) A cow bearing many calves. E. वक्तय a calf, णी to have,  
 affs. ड and डोप् ; also वक्तयणी, &c.  
 वस्करटिका f. (-का) A scorpion. [ask, to beg, to solicit.  
 वस् r. 10th cl. (वस्वति-ते) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To go or move. 3. To  
 वस् m. (-स्ते) A goat, n. (-स्ते) A house. E. वस् to kill, aff. घञ् ।  
 वस्तक n. (-कः) A fictitious salt.  
 वस्तोदा f. (-दा) A plant, (Ligusticum ajwaen :) see अजमोदा ।  
 वस्तव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) To be dwelt in, or inhabited, resided,  
 remained at, &c. E. वस् to dwell, तव्य aff.  
 वस्तानी f. (-नी) 1. Benzoin or storax. 2. A plant, commonly Aja'-shringi'.  
 E. वस्त a goat, and वस्त entrail.  
 वस्ति mf. (-स्ति) 1. The lower belly, hypogastric or pubic region. 2.  
 The bladder. 3. A clyster-syringe, or bag made of bladder or gut,  
 with a wooden or metallic nozzle. 4. Abiding, dwelling, staying.  
 plu. only (-स्तयः) The ends of a cloth. E. वस् to wear, Una'di aff.  
 ति ; or वस् to abide, स्तिन् aff. ; or वस्ते आह्वयति वृत्तम् वस्-तिच् ।  
 वस्तिक्काम्य m. (-काम्यः) The soap berry, (Sapindus detergens.) E. वस्ति the  
 ends of cloth, काम्य business, and आह्वय rich in ; used in washing.  
 वस्तिमल n. (-ल) Urine, piss. E. वस्ति the belly, and मल excretion.  
 वस्तिशिरस् n. (-रः) 1. The neck of the bladder. 2. The pipe of the clys-  
 ter-bag. E. वस्ति and शिरस् head.  
 वस्तिशोधन n. (-नः) A diuretic. E. वस्ति and शोधन cleansing.  
 वस्तु n. (-स्तु) 1 Thing, matter, substance. 2. Natural disposition, es-  
 sential property, nature, essence. 3. The pith or substance of any  
 thing. 4. The main plot or subject of a poem or play. 5. The rear.  
 E. वस् to abide, Una'di aff. तुन् ।  
 वस्तुक n. (-कः) A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) E. वस् to abide, (in  
 the ground,) उक्ञ् aff., and तुट् augment ; also वास्तुक, वास्तूक, &c.

वस्तुसू Ind. In fact, really, essentially, substantially. E. वस्तु, तसि अ  
 वस्तुमात्र n. (-त्र) Outline of any subject, skeleton of a discourse. E. वस्तु  
 and मात्र only. [donment.  
 वस्तुहानि f. (-निः) Loss of substance or property. E. वस्तु and हानि aban-  
 वस्तुत्यापन n. (-नः) Producing any change or incident in a play by magic.  
 E. वस्तु and उत्थापन raising.  
 वस्तुतर n. (-रः) Another thing or subject E. वस्तु and अतर other.  
 वस्तुभाव m. (-वः) 1. Insubstantial existence. 2. Loss or destruction of  
 property. E. वस्तु and अभाव non-existence.  
 वस्तु n. (-स्तु) A house. E. वस् to abide, ति aff. and यन् added ; this word  
 has many etymologies ; it is also read वस्त ।  
 वस्त्र n. (-स्त्र) 1. Cloth, clothes, raiment. 2. Covering, a cover. E. वस्  
 to wear, (as clothes,) वृन् Una'di aff.  
 वस्त्रकुट्टिम n. (-म्भः) 1. A tent. 2. An umbrella. वस्त्र cloth, and कुट्टिम a hat.  
 वस्त्रगृह n. (-गृहः) A tent. E. वस्त्र cloth, and गृह a house.  
 वस्त्रयन्त्रि m. (-त्रिः) The string or twist by which the lower garments  
 are fastened above the hips. E. वस्त्र cloth, and यन्त्र knot.  
 वस्त्रनिर्णजक m. (-कः) A washerman. E. वस्त्र, निर्णजक who washes.  
 वस्त्रपुष्पिका f. (-का) A doll, a puppet. E. वस्त्र cloth, पुष्पि infant, (as it  
 were,) कन् aff. [cuts.  
 वस्त्रभेदक m. (-कः) A tailor. E. वस्त्र cloth, clothes, भेदक who pierces or  
 वस्त्रभेदिन् m. (-दी) A tailor. E. वस्त्र cloth, add भेदिन् who pierces.  
 वस्त्रयुग्म n. (-युग्मः) A pair of clothes. E. वस्त्र and युग्म a pair.  
 वस्त्रयोनि f. (-निः) The basis or material of cloth, as cotton, silk, wool,  
 &c. E. वस्त्र cloth, and योनि place of production.  
 वस्त्ररञ्जन m. (-नः) Safflower.  
 वस्त्राच्छल n. (-लः) The end or hem of a garment. E. वस्त्र, अच्छल the same  
 वस्त्रापहारक m. (-कः) A stealer of clothes. E. वस्त्र and अपहारक who  
 carries off ; also वस्त्रापहारिन् ।  
 वस्त्र m. (-स्त्रः) Price. n. (-स्त्र) 1. Wages, hire. 2. Cloth, clothes. 3.  
 Wealth. 4. Death. 5. Abiding, dwelling. 6. Thing, substance.  
 7. Skin. 9. Houlth. E. वस् to dwell, Una'di aff. सन् ।  
 वस्त्रन n. (-नः) An ornament for a woman's loins, a zone, a girdle.  
 वस्त्रसा f. (-सा) A tendon, a nerve, a fibre, described as a hollow tube  
 resembling a string, attached to the bones, and supposed to be  
 for the passage of the vital air. E. वस्त्र skin, सो to destroy, aff. क ।  
 वस्त्रिक mfn. (-कः क्री-क) 1. Hiring, mercenary. 2. Purchasable. 3. Re-  
 lating to hire, wages, price, &c. E. वस्त्र hire, &c., and ठन् aff.  
 वस्त्रोक्तसार f. (-रः) 1. The capital of INDRA. 2. ALAKA', the residence of  
 KUVĒRA. 3. A lake attached to ALAKA' or AMARA'VATI, and  
 belonging to either deity. E. वस्तु the Vasus, ओक्तस् a residence, सो  
 to contain, with आङ् prefixed, and क and टाप् affs., the favourite  
 haunts of these demi-gods.  
 वस् r. 1st cl. (वस्ति) To bear, to carry, to convey or transport. (वस्ते) To  
 flow, (as a stream.) Desid. (विद्वत्ति-ते) [This is one of those roots which  
 take two accusatives.] 1. To transport. 2. To move on. 3. To flow.  
 4. To blow. 5. To marry. 6. To be responsible for. 7. To wait, to  
 propel. 8. To bear the load of. 9. To possess. With वस्ति, To pass,  
 (as time.) With अप, 1. To carry off. 2. To deduct. With वा, 1.  
 To cause to bring about. 2. To flow. 3. To have, to possess. With  
 उद्, 1. To raise, to elevate, to bear up. 2. To marry. 3. To bear  
 the burden of. 4. To wear. 5. To have. With उप, To commence.  
 With नि, To support. With निस्, To be finished. With वस्ति, To  
 overflow. With प्र, 1. To draw, to carry. 2. To blow. 3. To flow.  
 4. To wait, (as scent.) 5. To bear the burden of. With ति, To  
 marry. With सन्, 1. To bear along. 2. To take a wife. 3. To press  
 together. 4. To display. Caus. (वाहयति-ते) 1. To cause to draw or  
 carry. 2. To traverse, to go over. With वस्ति, To lead. (as life.)  
 With वा, To invoke. With निस्, To perform, to manage, to com-  
 plete. With सन्, To press together, to rub. (व) वस्ति r. 10th cl.

(वह्नि-ते) To shine. r. 1st cl. (वहने) To grow or increase ; this last root is more properly वह्नि q. v.

वह्नि m. (-वः) 1. Bearing, conveying. 2. Any vehicle or means of conveyance, as a horse, a car, &c. 3. The shoulder of an ox. 4. Air, wind. 5. A road, a way. 6. Any male river. 7. A measure of four Dro'n as. f. (-वः) A river in general. E. वह् to bear, aff. च।

वह्नील m. (-वः) An ox. E. वह् the shoulder, लिह् to lick, खगू aff.

वह्नी mfn. (-वन्-वनी-वत्) 1. Bearing, conveying. 2. Assuming, taking. 3. Wearing. 4. Having, possessing. E. वह् to bear, ग्रह aff.

वह्नीत m. (-तः) 1. An ox. 2. A traveller. E. वह् to bear, Una'di aff. चत्।

वह्नीत m. (-तः) 1. An ox. 2. A friend, a counsellor. 3. Air, wind. f. (-तः) A river. E. वह् to bear, चत् Una'di aff.

वह्नीत m. (-तः) 1. An ox. 2. A traveller. E. वह् to bear, Una'di aff. चत्।

वह्नीत m. (-तः) 1. Bearing, conveying. 2. Flowing, (as a stream.) 3. Any vehicle. 4. A raft, a float. E. वह् to bear, छुट् aff.

वह्नीय mfn. (-य-या-यं) To be carried or borne. E. वह् to bear, चनीयर् aff

वह्नीत m. (-तः) 1. Air, wind. 2. An infant. E. वह् to bear, Una'di aff. भच्।

वह्नीत mfn. (-वन्-वा-नं) 1. Bearing, conveying. 2. Having, possessing. 3. Flowing. E. वह् to bear, ग्रह aff. [वह् to bear, aff. चलच्।

वह्नीत mfn. (-वन्-वा-नं) Hard, firm, compact. n. (ल) A raft, a float. E.

वह्नीत mfn. (-वन्-वा-नं) A climbing and milky plant, (Asclepias geminata.)

वह्नीत m. (-वः) A crab. E. वह्निस् externally, कुटा crookedly, चर what goes.

वह्नीत mfn. (-वन्-वा-नं) External, outer. E. वह्निर् and स्था to stay, उ aff. ; also वह्निःस्थित, वह्निःस्थितम्, &c.

वह्नीत mfn. (-वन्-वा-नं) 1. Known, celebrated. 2. Borne, conveyed. 3. Obtained. E. वह् to bear, aff. क्त।

वह्नीत m. (-वः) A raft, a float, a boat, a vessel. E. वह् to bear, Una'di aff. इत ; also with कन् added, वह्नीतक n. (-कः)।

वह्नीत mfn. (-वन्-वा-नं-वत्) Bearing, conveying. f. (-नी) A boat, a vessel. E. वस् to bear, चिनि aff.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) 1. An outer or external part, limb, member, property, &c. 2. A stranger, an indifferent person. E. वह्निर् and चङ्ग a limb.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) An organ of sense or perception, an organ of action, as the eye, hand, &c. E. वह्निर् and इन्द्रिय organ of sense.

वह्नीत mfn. (-वन्-वा-नं) Gone out or forth. E. वह्निर् and गत gone.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) Going forth or out. E. वह्निर् and गमन going.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) 1. A foreign country. 2. A place without a town or village. E. वह्निर् and देश place.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) An outer gate. E. वह्निर् for वह्निस् outer, and द्वार door.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) A portico, a covered terrace before the door of a house. E. वह्निर् an outer door, प्रकोष्ठ an elbow, aff. कन्।

वह्नीत mfn. (-वन्-वा-नं) Produced externally. E. वह्निस् outwardly, भव born. [being.

वह्नीत mfn. (-वन्-वा-नं) Being out or without, excluded. E. वह्निस्, भूत वह्नीत m. (-वः) A deity. [ular

वह्नीत mfn. (-वन्-वा-नं) Obtuse angular. E. वह्निस् and लम्ब a perpendicular.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) A crab. E. वह्निस् externally, and चर what goes.

वह्नीत f. (-वा) External, outer.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) Expelling, excluding. E. वह्निस् out, and करण making.

वह्नीत mfn. (-वन्-वा-नं) Expelled, excluded. E. वह्निस् and कृत made.

वह्नीत Ind. Out, outwards, external. E. वह् to bear, aff. इत्तुन्.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) A tendon, a nerve, a muscle.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) 1. Fire, or its deity Agni. 2. Lead-wort, (Plumbago zeylanica.) 3. Marking-nut plant. 4 Appetite, digestion, the metaphorical fire of the stomach. E. वह् to bear, (the oblations presented to the gods,) and नि Una'di aff.

वह्नीत mfn. (-वन्-वा-नं) 1. Making fire, lighting. 2. Stomachic, giving appetite. f. (-नी) A tree, (Grislea tomentosa.) E. वह्नि fire, (appetite,) क्त to make, aff. चच् or ट्, and टाप् or लोप् aff.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) Incense or resin. E. वह्नि fire, and गन्ध smell.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) A bamboo. f. (-वा) A sort of Mimosa, (M. Sama. Rox.) E. वह्नि fire, and गन्ध embryo ; taking or producing fire by friction.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) Safflower. E. वह्नि fire, and दीपक what shines like or resembles.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) 1. Marking-nut plant. 2. Lead-wort. E. वह्नि fire, and नामन् appellation ; the synonyms of fire being equally applicable to those plants. [summed or enjoyed.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) Ghee or clarified butter. E. वह्नि fire, मास्य to be consumed. वह्नीत m. (-वः) A tree, the wood of which is used to procure fire by attrition, (Premna spinosa.) E. वह्नि fire, and मस्य churning.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) Water. E. वह्नि fire, and मारक destroyer.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) Air, wind. E. वह्नि fire, and मित्र the friend.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) S'iva. E. वह्नि fire, रतम् semen. [वह्नीतक

वह्नीत m. (-वः) Copper. E. वह्नि and लोह iron ; also with कन् added

वह्नीत f. (-वा) The wife of Agni or fire. E. वह्नि and वधू the wife.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) The red water-lily. E. वह्नि fire, and वर्ण colour.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) Resin. E. वह्नि fire, and वल्लभ friend.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) 1. Gold. 2. The common lime. 3. A particle, to be repeated as the peculiar prayer of fire in the Tantra system ; the syllable "रु." E. वह्नि fire, वीज seed.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) 1. Safflower, (Carthamus tinctorius.) 2. Saffron. f. (-वा) A potherb, (Echites dichotoma.) E. वह्नि fire, and शिखा crest ; also चप्रशिखा। [शिखा a crest.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) A flower, cockscomb, (Celosia cristata.) E. वह्नि fire, and वह्नीत m. (-वः) The wind.

वह्नीत m. (-वः) 1. A vehicle, a conveyance of any sort. 2. A cart. f. (-वा) The wife of a Muni or saint. E. वह् to bear, aff. यत्।

वा r. 2nd cl. (वात) 1. To go or move. 2. To blow, (as the wind.) With विर् prefixed, 1. To blow out, to extinguish. 2. To cool. 3. To hurt, to injure. Caus. (वापयति तं) To cause to blow ; also (वाजयति तं) To shake.

वा Ind. A particle of, ;—1. Comparison, (as, like, so.) 2. Alternative or option, (or, either, else, sometimes.) 3. Doubt and consideration, (or, whether.) 4. Exception, (only, no other ; ) 5. Asseveration or confirmation, (indeed, even, very.) 6. A conjunction, (and, as well, also.) 7. An expletive. E. वा to go, aff. क्तिप्, the व is sometimes changed to ब, and the word is read वा।

वा mfn. (-वा-वो-वः) Bamboo, of or belonging to, made from a bamboo. &c. f. (-वा) The manna of the bamboo. E. वज्र a bamboo, अण् aff.

वा m. (-वः) 1. A flute-player, a piper, a fifer. 2. A bamboo-cutter, &c. E. वज्र a pipe, aff. उक्त् or ट्क्।

वाकिट m. (-टि) A porpoise. E. वार् water, and किट a head.

वापुष n. (व) Cloves. E. वार् water, and पुष flower.

वासदन n. (न) A large water-jar. E. वार् water, सदन abode.

वाक mfn. (-वः-को-क) Belonging or relating to a crane. n. (-कं) A flight of cranes. E. वक, and अण्, अच् or घच् aff.

वाक्चो f. (-वी) A plant, (Serratula anthelmintica.) E. वा wind, and च्च to contract, क् aff, form irr.

वाक्चल n. (-च) Quarrel, dispute. E. वाक् and चल् disturbance.

वाक्चर m. (-रः) A wife's brother. E. वाक् a speech, a phrase, and चर parrot ; having giving rise to a proverb, as a cock parrot is, so is the hen ; i. e. of the same breed and disposition.

वाक्चपल mfn. (-वः-वा-लं) Frivolous, inconsistent, (in speech.) E. वाक्, चपल changeable.

वाक्चापल n. (-वः) Gossiping, chattering idle or improper talk. E. वाक् speech, चापल unsteadiness. [fract.

वाक्चल n. (-वः) Prevarication, equivocation. E. वाक् speech, चल् disguise.

वाक्चलान्वित mfn. (-वः-वा-नं) Equivocating, evasive. E. वाक्चल, and च्चल possessed of.

वाक्पटु mfn. (-टु:-टु:-टु) Eloquent, able in speech. ३. वाक्, and पटु skilful.  
 वाक्पटुता f. (-ता) Eloquence. ३. तत् added to the last ; with त्, वाक्पटुत्वं ।  
 वाक्पति mfn. (-ति:-ति:-ति) Eloquent. m. (-ति) A name of VRIHASPATI'.  
 ३. वाक् speech, and पति master. [and पथ path.  
 वाक्पथ mfn. (-थ:-थ:-थ) Suitable or seasonable for discourse. ३. वाक्,  
 वाक्पथ n. (-थ) Abuse, scurrility, defamation, wordy violence or  
 assault. ३. वाक् speech, पाथथ violence.  
 वाक् n. (-क्) 1. A sentence. 2. A rule or aphorism. 3. Speech. 4. (In  
 astronomy,) The solar process for all astronomical computations.  
 ३. वाक् to speak, व्यत् aff. [breaking.  
 वाक्खण्डन n. (-न) Refuting or criticising an assertion. ३. वाक् and खण्डन  
 वाक्प्रबन्ध m. (-न्ध) Connected composition.  
 वाक्प्रयोग m. (-यः) Employment or application of speech or language.  
 ३. वाक्, प्रयोग application.  
 वाक्विन्यास m. (-सः) Syntax, order, or arrangement of a sentence. ३.  
 वाक्, विन्यास disposition.  
 वाक्विशारद mfn. (-द:-दा-द) Eloquent. ३. वाक् and विशारद skilful.  
 वाक्शेष m. (-षः) 1. The remainder of a speech. 2. An ellipsis.  
 वाक्स्थ mfn. (-स्थ:-स्था-स्थ) Contained in a sentence. 2. Obedient, atten-  
 tive. ३. वाक् and स्थ what stays ; also वाक्स्थित &c.  
 वाक् (४) वाचि r. 10th cl. (वाङ्मति) To desire, to wish.  
 वागपहारक m. (-कः) 1. A stealer of books. 2. A reader of prohibited  
 works or passages. ३. वाक् speech, अपहारक seizer, stealer.  
 वाग्म m. (-रः) 1. A sage, a holy man, one desirous of final emancipa-  
 tion. 2. A scholar, a Pandit, a learned Brāhman. 3. A hero, a  
 brave man, one who is intrepid or fearless. 4. Certainty, ascer-  
 tainment. 5. A whetstone. 6. An obstacle, an impediment, or  
 cause of obstruction. 7. Submarine fire. 8. A wolf. ३. वाक् speech,  
 वाग् to go, aff. चप् । [men's thoughts.  
 वागसि f. (-सि) Sharp or piercing speech. ३. वाक्, चसि a sword, piercing  
 वागा f. (-ग) A bridle.  
 वागाह mfn. (-ह:-हा-ह) Breaking promise or faith, disappointing, a  
 dissembler or deceiver. ३. वाक् speech, वाग् to go, वाग् aff.  
 वागीश mfn. (-शः वा-श) Eloquent, well spoken. m. (-शः) 1. An author,  
 an orator, a poet, &c. 3. BRAHMA'. ३. वाक् speech, ईश master.  
 वागीश्वर m. (-रः) 1. An orator, a learned man. 2. A Band'isha deified  
 sage ; also MANJUGHOSHA. 3. BRAHMA'. f. (री) SARASWATI'. ३.  
 वाक् speech, ईश्वर lord.  
 वाग्नी f. (-नी) A plant, (Serratula anthelmintica.) ३. वाक् speech, वाग्  
 to sound inarticulately, aff. क, form irr.  
 वाग्म m. (-मः) An acid fruit, (Averrhoa carambola.) [गन् augment.  
 वागुरा f. (-रा) A net, a snare, a noose. ३. वाग् to hurt, उरच् Unádi aff.,  
 वागुराहति f. (-ति) Livelihood obtained by catching wild animals. ३.  
 वागुरा a snare, हति practice.  
 वागुरिक m. (-कः) A hunter, a deer-catcher. ३. वागुरा a net, aff. टक्.  
 वाग्मव m. (-मः) A learned or eloquent man. ३. वाक्, and वम् best.  
 वाग्मवत् n. (-त्) Eloquence, learning, erudition. ३. वाग्मवत्, and त् aff.  
 वाग्मृद m. (-दः) A sort of bird. ३. वाक् speech, मृद to sport, aff. क.  
 वाग्मृति m. (-ति) The betel-bearer, an officer or servant whose business  
 it is to have the box of Pa'n ready for his prince or master. ३. वाक्  
 speech, (oommand,) मृत् to obey, कि aff., and र changed to क; or मृ  
 to swallow, deriv. irr. [ceding.  
 वाग्मृति m. (-कः) A betel-bearer, ३. टक् pleonasm added to the pre-  
 वाग्मृति m. (-रः) Graceful or eloquent language.  
 वाग्मृत् m. (-म्) 1. Reproof, reprimand. 2. Restraint or control of  
 speech. ३. वाक् and मृत् punishment. [दत् given.  
 वाग्मृत् mfn. (-त्:-ता-त्) Promised. f. (-ता) A virgin betrothed. ३. वाक्,  
 वाग्मृत् mfn. (-द:-दा-द) Of few words, speaking little and humbly or  
 guardedly. ३. वाक् speech, दृष्टि poor.  
 वाग्मृत् n. ( ल) A lip. ३. वाक् speech, दृष्टि a leaf.

वाग्मृत् mfn. (-द:-दा-द) Abusive, ill-spoken, speaking ill, either morally  
 or grammatically. m. (-दः) A Brāhman who has past the proper  
 time of life, without receiving the initiatory Mantra, the investi-  
 ture of the thread, &c. ३. वाक् speech, दुष्ट bad, faulty.  
 वाग्मृता f. (-ता) 1. VRIHASPATI'. 2. An eloquent man or writer. ३. वाक्  
 देवता divinity. [the goddess of eloquence.  
 वाग्मृती f. (-ती) A name of SARASWATI'. ३. वाक् speech, and देवी goddess,  
 वाग्मृत् m. (-वः) 1. Speaking ill, defamation, abuse. 2. Ungrammatical  
 speech. 3. Uttering a disagreeable sound. ३. वाक् and वीच fault.  
 वाग्मृत् n. (-वः) Mere speech, words alone. ३. वाक् and मात्र only.  
 वाग्मृत् n. (-वः) Stopping any one's speech. ३. वाक्, वम् obstructing.  
 वाग्मृत् mfn. (-मृ:-मृगी-मृ) 1. Loquacious, talkative, speaking much.  
 2. Speaking well, eloquent. m. (-मृ) A name of VRIHASPATI' ३.  
 वाक् speech, मृति aff. ; hence also वागिमृत् । [मृत् root.  
 वाग्मृत् mfn. (-मृ:-मृ-मृ) Having root or origin in speech. ३. वाक् and  
 वाग्मृत् mfn. (-मृ:-मृ-मृ) 1. Speaking little, and cautiously or humbly. 2.  
 Speaking truly. m. (-मृ) 1. Humility, self-disparagement. 2.  
 Doubt, alternative. ३. वाक् speech, यत् aff. [restrained.  
 वाग्मृत् mfn. (-मृ:-मृ-मृ) Reserved in speech, taciturn, silent. ३. वाक्, यत्  
 वाग्मृत् m. (-मृ) Ind. Silently. ३. वाग् speaking little, तसि aff. ३  
 वाग्मृत् m. (-मृ) A dumb man, one silent from necessity. ३. वाक् speech,  
 यत् to restrain, aff. चप् । [विनिःसृत issued.  
 वाग्मृत् mfn. (-मृ:-मृ-मृ) Emitted or put forth by speech. ३. वाक् and  
 वाग्मृत् m. (-मृ) Graceful or elegant speech. ३. वाक् and विलास sport.  
 वाग्मृत् m. (-मृ) 1. Manner, style or habit of speaking. 2. Customary  
 phraseology. ३. वाक् and व्यापार usual practice.  
 वाक् m. (-वः) The ocean, the sea. ३. वाक् a bend or creek, aff. चप् ।  
 वाक्मृ mfn. (-मृ:-मृ-मृ) 1. Eloquent, rhetorical. n. (-मृ) 1. Eloquence.  
 2. Rhetorical composition, rhetoric, belles lettres, f. (-वी) SARAS-  
 WATI'. ३. वाक् speech, and मृत् aff. [मृत् beginning.  
 वाक्मृत् m. (-मृ) The opening of a speech, an exordium. ३. वाक् speech,  
 वाक् f. (-वाक्) 1. Speech. 2. Speaking. 3. SARASWATI', the goddess of  
 speech. 4. A phrase, a proverb or adage. 5. An assertion, an  
 assurance. ३. वाक् speak, aff. क्तिप्, and the vowel made long.  
 वाक् m. (-वः) 1. A plant ; see वाक्मृत् । 2. A kind of fish. "वाक्मृत् ।"  
 वाक्मृत् m. (-मृ) A holy sage, practising rigid taciturnity, devoid of  
 passions, and unmoved by pain or pleasure. ३. वाक् speech, यत्  
 to restrain, aff. खप् ।  
 वाक्मृत् mfn. (-मृ:-मृ-मृ) 1. Declaratory, explaining, speaking. 2. Verbal,  
 expressed by words, m. (-मृ) 1. A word, a significant sound. 2.  
 A speaker. 3. A reader. 4. A messenger. ३. वाक् to speak, aff. खप् ।  
 वाक्मृता f. (-ता) Expressiveness, significance. ३. वाक्मृत् and तत् aff. ;  
 also with त्, वाक्मृत् ।  
 वाक्मृत् n. (-वः) A clear and explicit term. ३. वाक्मृत् and पद a word.  
 वाक्मृत् n. (-मृ) 1. Reading, reciting. 2. Proclamation, declaration.  
 वाक्मृत् n. (-मृ) A riddle.  
 वाक्मृत् mfn. (-मृ:-मृ-मृ) 1. Verbal. 2. Textual. ३. वाक्मृत् and टक् aff.  
 वाक्मृत् f. (-ति) VRIHASPATI', regent of the planet JUPITER, and  
 preceptor of the gods. ३. वाक् speech, in the second case plural  
 and पति master.  
 वाक्मृत् m. (-ति) 1. VRIHASPATI' : see the last. 2. A title of the great  
 scholar Professor TA'RA'-NA'THA TARKA-BA'CHASPATI', son of the  
 illustrious Pandit KA'LI-DA'SA SA'RBABHOUA and grandson of the  
 Venerable Pandit RA'M-RA'M TARKASID'DHA'NTA, the commentator  
 of the six different schools of Hindu philosophy ; (Vide Mr.  
 ADAM's report on the researches of the Pandits of Bengal.)  
 He was born at KA'LINA', situated on the bank of the river  
 BHAGIRATHI, in the District of BURDWA'N in the year 1806  
 A. D. and died at the sacred city of BENARES in 1885, at the  
 ripe age of eighty, where he retired for abstract meditation



and contemplation of the Supreme Spirit. He is 'the commentator of SA'NKH'YA-TATVA-KOUMUDI,' of BA'CHASPATI' MISHRA, "SID'DHA'NTA-KOUMUDI," the most authoritative grammar of PA'SINI' methodised by BHATTARAJA-DIKSHITA, and several Sanskrit dramas; he is also the author of "SHABDA'BTHARATNA", a useful work on the philosophy of grammar, "SID'DHA'NTABINDUSAR", &c.; he is also the compiler of "A'SHUBODH", the well known Sanskrit grammar, "DHA'TURUPA", the easy treatise on the paradigm of Sanskrit conjugations, both meant for beginners, "VA'CHASPATYA", the first voluminous Sanskrit dictionary with derivations in alphabetical order and "SHABDASTOMA-MAHA'NIDHI", the most useful handy Sanskrit dictionary, and other works in almost all the branches of Sanskrit language too numerous to mention, all of which he wrote single-handed. E. वाच् speech, in the sixth case, पति master.

वाचस्पत्य n. (-त्) 1. The great encyclopaedic Sanskrit lexicon by Prof. TA'RA' NA'THA TABAKVA'CHASPATI', the most profoundest grammarian and philosopher of the nineteenth century; see the last. 2. Eloquence, an eloquent speech, a harangue.

वाच f. (-च) 1. Speech. 2. A text, an aphorism. 3. The tongue. 4. An oath. E. वाच् as above, टाप् added.

वाचाट mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) Talkative, talking much and idly or blamably. E. वाच् speech and चाट् aff. भलात् न कः ।

वाचात् mfn. (-त्-त्ता-त्तं) Talkative, chattering, gabbling, talking much and idly or blamably. E. वाच् speech, and चात् aff.

वाचिक mfn. (-कः-का or क्री-कं) Verbal. n. (-कं) News, tidings, intelligence. E. वाच् speech, aff. इक् । [E. वाचिक news, पत्र a leaf.]

वाचिकपत्रक n. (-कं) 1. A letter, a despatch. 2. A newspaper, a gazette.

वाचिकद्वारक m. (-कः) 1. A letter, an epistle. 2. A messenger, a courier. E. वाचिक news, द्वार to convey, aff. लुक् ।

वाचोयुक्ति mfn. (-क्तिः-क्तिः-क्ति) Speaking much or well. E. वाच् speech, in the sixth case, and युक्ति joining, fitness.

वाचोयुक्तिपटु mfn. (-टुः-टुः or -टु-टु) Eloquent, speaking much or well. E. वाचोयुक्ति as above, and पटु skilful.

वाञ्छ (य) वाञ्छि r. 1st cl. (वाञ्छति) To wish or desire.

वाञ्छ mfn. (-ञ्चः-ञ्चा-ञ्चं) 1. Vile, bad. 2. Vile, contemptible, low, outcast. 3. Fit or proper to be spoken or said. 4. Attributive adjective, to be predicated of any thing. 5. Declinable as an adjective, taking the three genders. 6. Expressed, (as the meaning of a word.) n. (-ञ्च) Blame, reviling. 2. A predicate, that which may be said of anything. 3. (In grammar.) The voice or mode of a verb; as, कर्तृवाच्य the active voice, कर्मणिवाच्य the passive voice. 4. The expressed or conventional meaning of word, (opposed to लक्ष्य and व्यङ्ग्य ।) E. वच् to speak, aff. झल् ।

वाचस्पति n. (-ति) One of the two kinds of the third or lowest division of poetry consisting in a striking idea or conceit expressed in words.

वाचता f. (-ता) 1. Infamy, ill repute. 2. Blame, reproach. 3. The quality of that which may be said of any thing. 4. Conjugation. E. तच् added to the preceding; also with ल, वाच्यत् ।

वाज m. (-जः-ज) A wing. m. (-जः) The feather of an arrow. 2. Speed. 3. Sound. 4. A Muni. n. (-जं) 1. Ghee or clarified butter. 2. Water. 3. A Mantra or prayer which concludes a sacrifice. 4. Rice offered at a Shra'd'd'ha or obsequial ceremony. 5. Rice in general. 6. The acidulous mixture of ground meal and water left to ferment. E. वज् to go, aff. झल् ।

वाजपेय m. (-यः-यं) A particular sacrifice, E. वाज the acetous fermentation of meal and water, and पेय to be drunk, (by the gods.)

वाजपेयिन् m. (-यि) A particular sacrifice: see the last. E. वाज sour gruel, पेय to eat, aff. णिनि, and the radical vowel changed.

वाजपेयिन् m. (-यि) 1. A name of YA'JNYAVALKYA, the founder of the

white YAJURVEDA. 2. A member of the sect of the VA'JASANEYINS. वाजिजम् m. (-जः) The name of a plant, (Physalis flexuosa.) E. वाजिन् a horse, and जम् smell; also वाजिजम् ।

वाजिता f. (-ता) 1. The condition of having wings. 2. The nature of a horse. E. वाजिन् a horse, &c., तच् aff.; also with ल, वाजित् ।

वाजिदन्त m. (-न्तः) A plant, (Justicia adhenatoda.) E. वाजि a horse, दन्त a tooth, to which the flower is compared; with कन् added वाजिदन्त ।

वाजिन् m. (-जी) 1. A horse. 2. An arrow. 3. A bird. 4. A plant (Justicia adhenatoda.) f. (-जिनी) A mare. E. वाज speed or a feather, &c., and णिनि poss. aff.

वाजिन n. (-नं) Curd of two milk whey, or the whey from which the curds have been separated. E. वज् to prepare, aff. इण् ।

वाजिपृष्ठ m. (-ष्ठः) Globe amaranth. E. वाजि a horse, and पृष्ठ back.

वाजिभूमि f. (-भिः) Place where horses are bred. E. वाजिन्, भूमि place.

वाजिगृहा nf. (-गृहा) A stable. E. वाजि a horse, गृहा a hall. [चि aug.]

वाजीकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Aphrodisiac. E. वाजिन् a horse, कर what makes,

वाजीकरण n. (-णं) Stimulus or excitement of amorous desires by aphrodisiacs, &c. E. वाजि a horse, करण making, and चि augment.

वाञ्छन् mfn. (-ञ्छन्-ञ्छन्-ञ्छन्) Wishing, desiring. E. वाञ्छि to wish, षट् aff.

वाञ्छन् n. (-नं) Desiring, wishing. E. वाञ्छि to desire, षट् aff.

वाञ्छनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Desirable, to be wished for. E. वाञ्छि to wish, and णीय aff.; also वाञ्छित्य and वाञ्छ्य ।

वाञ्छा f. (-ञ्छा) Wish, desire. E. वाञ्छि to wish, aff. षच् । [क aff.]

वाञ्छित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Wished, desired. n. (-तं) Wish. E. वाञ्छि to wish,

वाञ्छिन् mfn. (-ञ्छि-ञ्छिनी-ञ्छि) Wishing, desirous. f. (-ञ्छिनी) A libidinous woman, a wanton. E. वाञ्छा desire, णिनि aff.

वाट Ind. An exclamation on making an offering of boiled butter.

वाट mfn. Adj. (-टः-टो-टं) Made of the Indian fig-tree, of its wood, &c.

Subst. (-टः-टो-टं) 1. An enclosure, a piece of enclosed ground, whether a simple enclosure, as a courtyard, or one for trees and plants, as an orchard, a garden, a plantation, &c. 2. A road. 3. A mud wall, a bound hedge or any enclosure of a town or village, &c. 4. A sort of grain, (Panicum spicatum.) 5. The groin. f. (-टो) 1. The site of a house or building. 2. A house, a dwelling. 3. A plant: see वाट्यालक E. वट् to surround, aff. चल् ।

वाटधाम m. (-नः) The descendant of an outcast Bra'hman by a Bra'hman female. [sure, यङ्गला a chain.]

वाटयङ्गला f. (-ला) A sort of chain enclosure or fence. E. वाट an enclosure,

वाटिका f. (-का) 1. The site of a house. 2. A plant, (Sida cordifolia.) 3. A garden, an orchard. E. कन् added to वाटी ।

वाटीदोष m. (-घं) A sort of grass, commonly Itcada. E. वाटी an enclosure, दोष long. "इल्लट्टुपे ।"

वाटक n. (-कं) Fried barley; also read वाट्यक । [यत् aff.]

वाट्य mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Belonging to a house or garden, &c. E. वाटी, and

वाट्यपुष्प n. (-पु) 1. Sandal. 2. Saffron. f. (-पी) A plant, (Sida cordifolia.) E. वाट्य belonging to a house or garden, पुष्प flower. [अभि.]

वाट्या f. (-या) A plant, (Sida cordifolia.) E. वाटी a garden, यत्, and टाप्

वाट्याल mf. (-लः-ला) A herbaceous shrub, (Sida cordifolia:) see the next.

वाट्यालक m. (-कः) A plant, commonly Beri'ya'la', (Sida cordifolia.) E. वाटी a garden, in the sixth case, लच् to adorn, with षच् aff., and

कन् added, the ornament of a garden. "वेनेङ्गा इति नाम्ना ।"

वाड (व) वाड् r. 1st cl. (वाडते) To bathe, to dive and emerge: the best authorities read this वाड् ।

वाडवेय m. (-यः) A bull. m. Du. The two son's of Ashvini'.

वाडव्य n. (-व्यं) A multitude of Brāhmanas.

वाड mfn. (-डः-डा-डं) 1. Much, abundant, exceeding. 2. Hard, firm. Adv. n. or Ind. (-डं) 1. Much, excessive, excessively. 2. Very well,

well, (assent, promise.) 3. A particle signifying conclusion, deduction. E. वड् to take, to bear, aff. क् ; form. irr. [prowess.]

वाडविक्रम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Powerful, very strong, mighty. E. वाड, विक्रम

वायु m. (-यः) 1. An arrow. 2. A name of fire. 3. The name of a sovereign considered also as an Asura or infernal being, the son of Bālī, father of Ushā, destroyed by Viśhn'u. 4. The udder of a cow. 5. Alone, solitary. 6. A pipe, a fife, a flute. mf. (-यः-वा) 1. Blue Barleria. 2. The root or feathered part of an arrow. E. वाय or वायु to sound or go, aff. चञ्; whence this word and other derivatives are sometimes also written with an initial व।

वायुदण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A weaver's loom. E. वायु an arrow, दण्ड stick. [hurt. वायुनिकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Pierced, wounded by an arrow. E. वायु, निकृत वायुपाणि mfn. (-यिः-यिः-यि) Armed with arrows. E. वायु, पाणि the hand. वायुपुर n. (-रः) The capital of Vā'n'a Rājā'. E. वायु and पुर city; also with the final consonant वायुपुर f. (-पुः)।

वायुमोक्ष n. (-क्ष) Shooting an arrow. E. वायु and मोक्ष letting fly.

वायुवार m. (-रः) 1. Armour. 2. A breast-plate, a cuirass. E. वायु an arrow, वार to cover or screen, aff. चञ्। [E. वायु, सुता daughter.

वायुसुता f. (-ता) Ushā, the daughter of Vā'n'a, and wife of Aniruddha.

वायुहन् m. (-हन्) Viśhn'u. E. वायु Vā'n'a Rājā' and हन् destroyer.

वायुारि m. (-रिः) Viśhn'u. E. वायु the demon, and अरि enemy.

वायुय m. (-यः) A bow. E. वायु an arrow, and वायुय receptacle.

वायुसूत n. (-सूत) A bow. E. वायु an arrow, सूत throwing, or वायुसूत a seat. वाणि f. (-विः or वी) 1. Weaving. 2. A weaver's loom. 3. A species of the Ashti' metre. E. वायु to sound, aff. इनि; डौप् optionally added.

वाणिज्य n. (-ज्य) Traffic, trade; see वाणिज्य।

वाणिन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) 1. Having an arrow. 2. Speaking. f. (-नी) 1. A sharp or clever woman, an intriguing woman. 2. An actress, a Nau'teh girl. 3. A furious woman, one literally or figuratively intoxicated. E. वायु an arrow, or वाणि speech, इनि and डौप् affs.

वाची f. (-ची) 1. SARASWATĪ, the goddess of speech. 2. Speech, sound. 3. Voice, (as देववाणी). 4. Eloquence. 5. Praise. 6. A literary production. E. वायु to sound, aff. इज् and डौप् or डीप् added.

वात v. 10th cl. (वातयति-ने) 1. To go. 2. To serve. 3. To be happy. 4. To give pleasure in travelling. 5. To blow gently, to fan or ventilate.

वात् mfn. (-वान्-वाती or वाती-वान्) Going, moving. E. वा to go, गृह् aff.

वात m. (-तः) 1. Air, wind. 2. Rheumatism, gout, inflammation of the joints. 3. Air, wind, as one of the three humours of the body. 4. The deity that presides over wind. f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Blown. 2. Wished for, solicited. E. वा to go, Unādi aff. तन्।

वातक m. (-कः) 1. A paramour. 2. A plant, (Marsilea quadrifolia.) E. वात wind, कृ to make, aff. ड।

वातकर्मन् n. (-र्म) Breaking wind.

वातकिन् mfn. (-की-किनी-कि) Rheumatic, gouty. E. वात inflammation of the joints, and इनि aff., कृञ् augment.

वातकुण्डलिका f. (-का) Scanty and painful flow of urine.

वातकुम्भ m. (-म्भः) The part of an elephant's forehead below the frontal sinuses. E. वात wind and कुम्भ a receptacle.

वातकेतु m. (-तुः) Dust. E. वात wind, and केतु a symbol.

वातकेलि m. (-लिः) 1. Speaking in murmurs, especially amorous converse. 2. The marks of finger-nails on the lover's person. E. वात wind, केलि playing.

वातगामिन् m. (-गो) A bird. E. वात wind, and गामिन् who goes.

वातगुण्य m. (-गुः) 1. A gale, a high wind. 2. Acute gout or rheumatism. 3. Any disease arising from the morbid affection of the windy humour, such as, madness, the glandular enlargement of the mesenteric gland, in the abdomen, so as to be perceived externally, &c. according to our Hindu system of pathology. E. वात wind, गुण्य a cluster, a quantity. [seized.

वातघ्न mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्नी-घ्न) 1. Epileptic. 2. Rheumatic. E. वात and घ्न who destroys.

वातघ्न mfn. (-घ्नः-घ्नी-घ्न) Removing disorders from wind. E. वात and घ्न who destroys.

वातज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Produced by or arising from wind. E. वात, ज

वातज्वर m. (-रः) Fever arising from vitiated wind. E. वात and ज्वर fever. वातज्वर n. (-ज्वर) Cottony flocks or seeds floating in the air. E. वात, ज्वर cotton. वातज्वर f. (-जा) 1. A gale, a high wind. 2. Acute gout or rheumatism. 3. A handsome woman. 4. A disease, a sort of small pox. E. वात wind, ज्वर to reap, aff. चञ्, deriv. irr.

वातध्वज m. (-जः) A cloud. E. वात wind, and ध्वज banner.

वातपित्त m. (-तः) Rheumatism attended with fever. E. वात, पित्त bile.

वातपुत्र m. (-त्रः) 1. A name of BHĪMA. 2. The monkey HANUMĀNA. 3. A cheat, a swindler. E. वात the wind, and पुत्र a son.

वातपीय m. (-यः) The Pala'sha tree, (Butea frondosa.) E. वात rheumatism, पुष्प to hurt, aff. चञ्; also वातपीयक।

वातप्रीति m. (-प्रीतिः) A swift antelope. E. वात the wind, प्र before, मा to measure, to surpass or outgo, Unādi aff. ईप्। [blown.

वातफुल्ल mfn. (-फुल्लः-फुल्ल) Inflated, puffed up with wind. E. वात, फुल्ल वातफुल्लान् n. (-न्) Colic, flatulence, borborygmi. E. वात wind, and फुल्ल swollen, चक्ष the intestines.

वातमज्ज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Going in or against the wind. m. (-जः) A swift antelope. E. वात wind, चञ् to go, aff. खञ्।

वातमण्डलो f. (-ली) A whirl-wind. E. वात wind, मण्डल a region, aff. डौप्।

वातमृग m. (-मृगः) A swift antelope. E. वात wind, and मृग a deer.

वातरश्म mfn. (-श्मः-श्मा-श्म) Swift, (as the wind) E. वात, रश्म speed.

वातर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Windy, stormy. 2. Swift, (as the wind) E. वात and रा to get, क aff.

वातरक्त n. (-क्तः) Acute gout or rheumatism. E. वात wind, and रक्त blood, ascribed to a vitiated state of the blood and the aerial humour.

वातरक्त m. (-क्तः) A plant, commonly Kukurmura'. E. वातरक्त gout, and कृ destroying. [gout, चरि a fig.

वातरक्तारि m. (-रिः) A plant, (Menispermum glabrum) E. वातरक्त acute.

वातरक्त m. (-क्तः) The holy fig-tree. वातस्थे व सततं रक्तचलनस्य; also वातरक्त।

वातरथ m. (-थः) A cloud. E. वात the wind, and रथ a car.

वातरायण m. (-यः) 1. An arrow. 2. An arrow's flight, the discharge of an arrow, a bow shot. 3. A saw. 4. The peak of a mountain. 5. A mad man, one wild or intoxicated, either literally or figuratively. 6. An idler, one who lives to no purpose. 7. The Śaṅkha sort of pine tree. E. वातर and रायण going.

वातरुध्र m. (-ध्रः) 1. A gale, a breeze. 2. The rainbow. 5. A bribe. E. वात wind, रुध्र to rage, aff. चञ्।

वातरोग n. (-रोगः) Rheumatism, gout. E. वात wind, and रोग disease.

वातरोगिन् mfn. (-नी-गिनी-गि) Rheumatic, afflicted with gout or rheumatism, especially of the acute kind. E. वातरोग acute rheumatism, &c., aff. इनि।

वातर्हि m. (-र्हिः) 1. A sort of cup or vessel made of wood, with an iron foot or stand. 2. A mace, a club or stick bound with iron. 3. Excess of wind. E. वात wind, र्हि increase.

वातमूत्र mfn. (-मूत्रः-मूत्रा or मूत्र-मूत्र) 1. Windy, stormy. 2. Flatulent. m. (-मूत्रः) 1. A sort of pulse, (Cicer arietinum.) 2. Wind. f. (-मूत्रा) A morbid state of the uterus. E. वात wind, मूत्रा to get, aff. क।

वातमण्डलो f. (-ली) A whirl-wind. E. वात wind, मण्डल a region, aff. डौप्; also वातमण्डली।

वातवत् mfn. (-वान्-वाती-वान्) Windy, gusty. E. वात and वत् aff.

वातवलासक m. (-कः) Nervous or low fever.

वातवसि f. (-सिः) Suppression of urine. E. वात and वसि the bladder.

वातवृद्धि f. (-द्धिः) Swelled testicle. E. वात, वृद्धि increase.

वातवेरिन् m. (-री) The castor-oil tree, &c.; see वातारि।

वातव्याधि f. (-धिः) Any morbid affection attributed to disorder of the wind. E. वात and व्याधि disease.

वातघ्नोष्ठ n. (-घ्नोष्ठः) The lower belly. E. वात wind, घ्नोष्ठ the head or source.

वातघ्न n. (-घ्नः) Colic with flatulence. E. वात and घ्न colic.

वातघ्नोष्ठित n. (-तः) Acute gout or rheumatism. E. वात wind, घ्नोष्ठित blood; ascribed to a vitiated state of these two.

वातहृद् mfn. (-हृ-हृ-हृ) Gouty, rheumatic. E. वात the disease, हृद् bearing, suffering.

वातसारथि m. (-थि) AGNI or fire. E. वात wind, and सारथि charioteer.

वातस्थ n. (-स्थ) The portion of the atmosphere where the wind blows.

E. वात wind, स्थ part. [and वात who goes.]

वाताट m. (-टः) 1. A horse of the sun. 2. An antelope. E. वात the wind,

वाताश्रु m. (-श्रुः) A disease of the testicles. [of the stomach,

वातासिर m. (-सिः) Dysentery produced by some disorder in the wind

वाताम m. (-मः) The almond, (Prunus amygdalus. Syn. Amygdalus

cammunis. Terminalia catappa.) E. वात windy humour, वाह to des-

troys, aff. वाह् ; also वाताम । "वाहाम् इति भाषा ।" [lungs.]

वातामुनीमन n. (-नी) Forcing the wind in downwards, as in inflating the

वातापि m. (-पिः) The name of an Asura devoured by AGASTYA. E. वात

wind, वा to drink, aff. पि, and वाह् prefixed.

वातापिहिव m. (-हिः) The Muni AGASTYA. E. वातापि and हिव who hates ;

also similar names, as वातापिहिन, वातापिहन्, &c.

वातामीदा f. (-दा) Musk. E. वात the wind, वामीदा a diffusive fragrance.

वाताय n. (-यः) A leaf. E. वात wind, वाह् to go, aff. वाह् ।

वातायन n. (-नः) 1. A window, an eyelet or loop-hole. 2. A porch, a

portico, a covered shed, a pavilion. m. (-नः) A horse. E. वात the

wind, and वायन going. [उण् ।]

वातायु m. (-युः) An antelope, a deer. E. वात wind, (like,) वाह् to go, aff.

वातारि f. (-रिः) 1. The castor-oil tree. 2. A plant, (Asparagus racemo-

sus.) E. वात rheumatism, वारि hostile.

वातालो f. (-लो) A whirl-wind, a gale. E. वात wind, वालो a lino.

वाताय १०. (-यः) A swift horse, or one of a good breed. E. वात the wind,

and वाह् a horse. [who bears or suffers.]

वातानह mfn. (-ह-हृ-हृ) Rheumatic, gouty. E. वात rheumatism, वातह

वाताहत mfn. (-तः-ता-हृ) 1. Stirred or shaken by the wind. 2. Affected

by rheumatism. E. वात and वाहृ struck.

वाताहृति f. (-तिः) 1. The action of the wind. 2. The occurrence of

arthritic pains. E. वात and वाहृ striking. [Una'di aff. तिच् ।]

वाति m. (-तिः) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. Air, wind. E. वा to go,

वातिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Windy, stormy. 2. Rheumatic. 3. Produced

by or proceeding from wind, (disease, &c.) m. (-कः) Fever or

inflammation ascribed to a vitiated state of the aerial humour. E.

वात wind, &c., टक् aff.

वातिग mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Acquainted with or working in minerals or

fossils, &c. m. (-गः) The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) E. वाति

wind, ग who counts, from गण with उ aff.

वातिगण m. (-गणः) The egg-plant. E. वाति wind, गण् to count, aff. खच्,

curing rheumatism, &c.

वातीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Windy, relating or belonging to wind, &c. n.

(-यः) Sour rice-gruel. E. वात the wind, हृ aff. ; accumulated by air.

वातुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Gouty, rheumatic. 2. Mad, crazy. m. (-लः)

A whirlwind, a gale. E. वात wind, &c., and उलच् aff. ; more com-

monly वातुल । [aff., form irr. "वाहुङ् ।"]

वातुलि f. (-लिः) A large bat, commonly the flying-fox. E. वात wind, उलि

वातुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Gouty, rheumatic. 2. Mad, insane, inebriate.

m. (-लः) A whirlwind, a gale, a hurricane. E. वात wind, उलच् aff. ;

also वातुल ; form irr.

वाह m. (-ता) Air, wind. E. वा to go, हृच् aff. [ing quantity.]

वाहा f. (-हृ) A gale, a whirlwind, a hurricane. E. वात wind, वाह् imply-

वाहाक n. (-कः) A herd of calves. E. वस a calf, वज् aff. of number.

वाहाल n. (-लः) Tenderness, affection, fondness. E. वसल affectionate,

वाह् aff. [a Bra'hman, and पुत्र son.]

वाहोपुत्र m. (-नः) A barber. E. वाहो a girl born of a Sudra woman by

वाहायन m. (-नः) The name of a Muni. E. वाहा the father of the sage,

and वाह् aff. of descent.

वाद m. (-दः) 1. Demonstrated conclusion, reply, result. 2. Discourse,

discussion, defined as the speech of one desirous to know the

truth. 3. A plaint, an accusation. 4. Sound, sounding. 5. Rumour,

report. E. वाह to speak, aff. वाह् ।

वादकर mfn. (-रः-रा or री-रं) Causing or making a dispute. E. वाह, कर

what makes ; also वादकन् &c.

वादयल Adj. In dispute.

वादयलु Adj. Clever in repartee.

वाहन n. (-नः) Sound, sounding, (as musical instruments.) E. वाह to sound,

causal form, aff. वाह् ।

वाद्यन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Sounding, playing, (as on a musical instru-

ment.) E. वाह to speak, causal v., वाह aff.

वादयुद् n. (-युद्) Controversy, dispute. E. वाह, and युद् war. [aff.]

वाहर f. (-री) Made of cotton. n. (-रः) Cotton cloth. E. वाहर cotton, वाह्

वाहरक m. (-कः) The religious fig-tree ; see वातरक ।

वाहरत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Adhering to or following a doctrine. 2.

Addicted to controversy, disputations. E. वाह, and रत fond of.

वाहरा f. (-रा) The cotton-shrub. "वापास तुला ।"

वाहरायय m. (-यः) A name of VYA'SA, the compiler of the Va'das, and

reputed author of the Pura'nas, &c. E. वाहर a place of pilgrimage

वायन going, aff. वाह् ; also written with an initial व, वाहरायय ।

वाहल n. (-लः) Liquorice, or the root of the Abrus precatorius, which is

used for it. E. वा for वात wind, दन् to disperse, aff. वाह् ; form irr.

वाहवादिन् m. (-दी) A Jain. E. वाह result, truth, वादिन् who declares.

वादसाधन n. (-नः) Argument, maintaining a controversy. E. वाद and

साधन instrument.

वादानुवाद m. (-दः) Attack and rejoinder, plaint and reply. E. वाद, अनुवाद

subsequent dispute. [naam added.]

वादान्य mfn. (-न्यः-न्या-न्यं) Munificent, liberal, &c. E. वदान्य, and वाह् pleo-

वादाल m. (-लः) A sheat-fish. E. वदान the same, वाह् pleonasm added.

वादि mfn. (-दिः-दि-दि) Wise, learned, skilful, sage. E. वाह to speak,

(wisely, &c.), वन् Una'di aff.

वादित f. (-ता) Played, sounded. 2. Made to speak.

वादिन n. (-नः) A musical instrument. E. वाह to sound, Una'di aff. [विनन् ।]

वादिन् mfn. (-दि-दि-दि) 1. Speaking, discoursing. 2. Asserting, de-

claring. m. (-दि) 1. A sage, an expounder of the law and the Shas-

tras. 2. A plaintiff, an accuser. 3. Leading or key note, (in music.)

4. A disputant. 5. A speaker. E. वाह to speak, विनि aff.

वादिवाज m. (-राट) A Baud'dhasage ; also MANJUGHOSA. E. वादि a sage,

वाज chief.

वादिम m. (-मः) A learned and virtuous man, a sage, a seer. E. वादि

truth or true conclusion, वदच् aff. [sounded or played.]

वाय n. (-यः) Any musical instrument. E. वाह to sound, aff. वाह् ; to be

वायकर m. (-रः) A musician.

वायनिर्वाय m. (-यः) The sound of musical instruments. E. वाय a musical

instrument, and निर्वाय sound.

वायभाण n. (-णः) 1. A multitude of musical instruments, a band. 2.

Any musical instrument. E. वाय a musical instrument, and भाण

assemblage or vessel. [वाह् ।]

वाध (वह) वाधृ r. 1st cl. (वाधते) To distress, to give pain : more correctly

वाध m. (-यः) 1. Pain. 2. Annoyance : see वाध ।

वाधक्य n. (-क्यः) Marriage. E. वधका a wife, वधच् aff.

वाधू f. (-धूः) A vessel, a boat, a raft. E. वाह् to bear, aff. उण् ; form irr.

वाध्रीणल m. (-लः) A rhinoceros.

वान mfn. Subst. (-नः-ना-न) Dry fruit. Adj. Dry, dried. n. (-नः) 1. Living.

2. Going, moving. 3. A mat of straw. 4. A heavy sea, the rolling

of water from wind, &c. ; hence the high tide in the Indian rivers,

commonly called the Bore. 5. A hole in the wall of a house. 6.

A perfume, a fragrance. 7. Weaving. 8. Blowing. mfn. (-नः-नी-नं)

Relating to a wood, a house, &c. ; see वन. n. (-नः) A number

or multitude of wood. E. वाह to dry or wither, aff. वाह्, form irr. :

in other of its applications, वन् to sound, aff. चञ्; or वन् a wood, water, a house, &c., and चञ् referential aff.

ब्रह्मन् m. (-स्यः) 1. The Brāhmaṇa of the third order, who has passed through the conditions of student and householder, and has left his house and family for lonely meditation in woods and wilds; the hermit, the anchorite. 2. A tree, (Bassia latifolia.) 3. The Palāsha-tree, (Rutea frondosa.) E. वन् a wood, चञ् aff. वान् a solitude in the woods, &c., प्रस्य who goes forth to, from स्या to stay, with प्र prefix, and क aff.

बानर mf. (-रः) An ape, a monkey. f. (-री) Cowach, (Carpopogon pruriens.) E. वान what relates to a wood, रा to get, aff. क्, a Sylvan; or वा implying resemblance, and नर a man; or वन् a wood, रच् to play, aff. च्, वनर, and चञ् pleonasm added. [प्रिय fond of.]

बानरप्रिय m. (-यः) A tree, (Mimusops kauki, Rox.) E. बानर a monkey,

बानराघात m. (-तः) A tree, commonly Lod'h, (Symlocos racemosa.) E. वानर a monkey, आघात struck, injured. [हृद् chief.]

बानरेश्वर m. (-श्चः) 1. The monkey-chief SUGRĪVA. 2. HANUMĀ'NA. E. बानर, वानर m. (-नः) A kind of holy basil, distinguished as the black species of Tulasi', (Ocimum sanctum.) "काल बावुह तुलसी ।"

बानस्य m. (-स्यः) A tree bearing fruits from blossoms, as the mango, eugenia, &c. E. वनस्यति a tree, bearing fruits without blossoms, and स्य aff. [2. An autelope.]

बानाशु m. (-शुः) 1. A country to the north-west of India; see वनाशु ।

बानाशुज m. (-जः) A Vāna'su horse, considered as one of a particularly good breed. E. वनाशु and ज born.

बानेर m. (-रः) A sort of cane or rattan, (Calamus rotang.) E. वन water, ईरन् aff., and the first vowel made long.

बानेय mfn. (-यः) Relating or belonging to water, &c. m. (-यः) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) E. वन water, दञ् aff.

वान mfn. (-नः) Vomited, ejected from the mouth. E. वन् to vomit, aff. क् ।

वानाद m. (-दः) A dog. E. वान what is ejected from the mouth, and चद who eats. [कित् aff.]

वानि m. (-निः) Vomiting, ejecting from the mouth. E. वन् to vomit, वानिज् mfn. (-जन्) Emetio, m. (-जन्) A thorny plant, (Vangueria spinosa.) E. वानि vomiting, and जन् what makes; an emetic.

वानिद mfn. (-दः) Emetio. f. (-दः) A medicinal plant, commonly Katuki', (Wrightea antidysenterica; and Colotropis gigantea, Browns.) E. वानि vomiting, and द what produces; an emetic.

वाव्य f. (-व्यः) A multitude of groves or thickets. E. वन् a wood, यञ् aff. of multitude; also with यत् aff. वव्या ।

वाप m. (-पः) 1. Shaving. 2. Sowing seed. 3. Weaving. E. वप् to sow seed, &c., aff. चञ् । [stick.]

वाप(य)दण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A weaver's loom. E. वाप or वाय weaving, दण्ड a वापि f. (-पिः or पी) A large oblong pond, a pool, a lake. E. वाप् to sow seed, (of the lotus, &c.) Unā'di aff. वञ् and वीप् optionally added.

वापित mfn. (-तः) Sown as seed. 2. Shaven. E. वाप shaving, &c., वनच् aff.

वापोह m. (-हः) The Chātaka, a bird, (Cuculus melanoleucos.) E. वापो a pool, हा to abandon, aff. क्; drinking rain water only.

वाय mfn. (-यः) To be sown, what may or ought to be sown. m. (-यः) A sort of costus, (C. speciosus.) E. वप् to sow, aff. चञ् ।

वाम mfn. (-मः) 1. Left, not right. 2. Reverse, contrary, inverted.

3. Beautiful, pleasing. 4. Vile, base, wicked. 5. Short. 6. Crooked. m. (-मः) 1. A name of S'IVA. 2. KĀ'MA or CUPID. 3. An udder, a breast. 4. A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) 5. An animal, a sentient being. 6. A snake. n. (-चं) Wealth, possessions. f. (-मा)

1. A woman. 2. Gouri'. 3. LAKSHMĪ'. 4. SARASWATĪ'. f. (-नी) 1. A mare. 2. A she ass. 3. A young female elephant. 4. The female of the jackal. E. वा to go, Unā'di aff. वन् ।

वामता f. (-ता) 1. Perverseness, contrariety. 2. Craftiness, wickedness. 3. Loveliness. E. तन् added to वाम; also with त्व, वामत् ।

वामदेव m. (-वः) A name of S'IVA. E. वाम contrary, (to human institutions,) देव who sports.

वामन mfn. (-नः) 1. Short, dwarfish, a dwarf. 2. Depressed, pressed flat or down. 3. Low, vile, base. m. (-नः) 1. VISVĀ' in his character of the dwarf, in which he appeared on his fifth descent from heaven, to prevent BALĪ' from obtaining dominion of the three worlds. 2. The elephant that supports the south quarter. 3. A tree, (Alangium hexapetalum.) f. (-नी) 1. A female dwarf. 2. A sort of woman; also वामनिका । 3. A disease of the vagina. 4. A mare. E. वन् to eject from the mouth, and च्, or च्यट् aff. [aug.]

वामनीकृत mfn. (-तः) Shortened, flattened. E. वामन, कृत made, वि वामन m. (-रः) An ant or mole hill, especially the hillocks of ground thrown up by the white ant. E. वाम inverted, reversed, लू to cut, aff. रच् । [beautiful, खीचन eye]

वामनीचन mfn. (-नः) Fine-eyed. f. (-ना) A handsome woman. E. वाम वामनील m. (-लः) An epithet of KĀ'MA.

वामाक्षी f. (-क्षी) A handsome woman. E. वाम beautiful, and अक्षि an eye. वामाचार m. (-रः) The doctrine of the Tantras according to one system.

E. वाम left, and आचार institute; the left hand ritual, the use of flesh, spirits, &c., forming part of the Vamā'chāra ceremonies. वामाचारिन् m. (-रिः) A follower of the left hand portion of the Tantras. E. वामाचार, and रिन् aff.

वामापीडन m. (-नः) A tree, (Salvadora Persica, &c. :) see वीन् । वामावर्त m. (-र्तः) A conch-shell with the spiral turn running from right to left. E. वाम, and आवर्त a turn.

वामिज् mfn. (-जः) 1. Proud, haughty, intolerant. 2. Handsome, beautiful. 3. Deceitful. E. वम् to eject from the mouth, (the faults of others,) aff. इलच् ।

वाय m. (-यः) Weaving. E. वे to weave, वञ् aff.

वायक m. (-कः) 1. A number, a multitude, a heap. 2. A weaver. E. वच् to go, खल् aff. [stick.]

वाय(प)दण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A weaver's loom. E. वाय or वाप weaving, दण्ड a वायन n. (-नं) 1. Sweetmeats or cakes, forming a light refreshment, which is not supposed to be any breach of a religious fast. 2. Sweetmeats or cakes, part of an offering to a deity, or prepared on particular occasions, as marriages, &c., and sent as presents to friends and acquaintances. E. वा to go, खट् aff.; also with वन् added वायनक n. (-कं) ।

वायव्य mfn. (-व्यः) Relating to the wind, sacred to the deity of the wind, &c. E. वायु wind, and वृत् aff.

वायस m. (-सः) 1. A crow. 2. Agallochum, (Amyris Agallocha.) 3. Turpentine. f. (-सी) 1. A species of fig, (Ficus oppositifolia, Rox.) 4. A vegetable, (Solanum Indicum.) E. वच् to go, Unādi aff. वचच्, and the radical vowel made long.

वायसाराति m. (-तिः) An owl. E. वायस a crow, and आराति an enemy; also similar compounds, as वायसारि ।

वायसेचु m. (-चुः) A sort of long grass, "बायसेचु" (Saccharum spontaneum.) E. वायस a crow, and च्चु the sugar-cane. [उत्तच् aff.]

वायसीवी f. (-वी) A medicinal root, commonly Kā'ko'li. E. वायस a crow, वायु m. (-युः) 1. Air, wind, or its personified deification. 2. The air of the body, of which five are enumerated, viz. PRĀ'NA, SAMĀ'NA, APĀ'NA, UDĀ'NA, and BYĀ'NA. 3. Morbid affection of the windy humour. E. वा to go, उच् Unādi aff., and वृत् augment.

वायुकेतु m. (-तुः) Dust. E. वायु wind, and केतु a symbol, a sign; वायुकीच m. (-चः) The north-west. E. वायु, and कीच corner.

वायुवल्गु m. (-ङ्) Flatulence, indigestion. ३. वायु wind, कश्चि to be a part of, aff. चच् ।

वायुवति mfn. (-ति-ति-ति) Quick, swift, as the wind. ३. वायु, वति going, वायुवत् m. (-ङ्) 1. A whirlpool, an eddy. 2. A whirlwind, a hurricane.

३. वायु, वल्गु a cluster : see वातवल्गु । [वल्गु seized.]

वायुवत् mfn. (-ङ्-ङा-ङ) Affected by wind, flatulent, epileptic. ३. वायु, वायुवत् mfn. (-ङ्-ङा-ङ) Destroying or curing windy disorders.

वायुजात m. (-तः) HANUMA'NA. ३. वायु, and जात born.

वायुदाह m. (-हः) A cloud. ३. वायु wind, ह to scatter, aff. छच् ।

वायुमिद्व Adj. Mad, frantic. [stop.]

वायुमिद्वि f. (-विः) 1. Calm, lull. 2. Cure of windy disorders. ३. वायु, मिद्वि

वायुवत् m. (-ङ्) A name of BHIMA. 2. A name of HANUMA'NA, ३. वायु the god of wind, and वत् a son; also similar compounds, as वायुतनय, &c.

वायुवल्गु n. (-ङ्) 1. The rainbow. 2. Hail. ३. वायु wind, and वल्गु fruit.

वायुवच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Eating air, fasting. m. (-चः) 1. A snake. 2. An ascetic who lives on air. ३. वायु wind, and मच who eats.

वायुवचच n. (-च) Fasting, living on air. ३. वायु and मचच eating,

वायुवत् mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Becoming as the wind, going every where at will. ३. वायु and वत् become.

वायुवीर्य f. (-वीर्य) Night. ३. वायु wind, वृत् to rage, aff. चच् । [road.]

वायुवर्ग m. (-ङ्) The atmosphere, sky, heaven. ३. वायु, वर्ग path or

वायुवाह m. (-हः) Smoke, vapour. ३. वायु the wind, and वाह vehicle.

वायुवाहिनी f. (-नी) A vessel of the body, supposed, as the arteries were once imagined, to convey the aerial humour. ३. वायु, वाहिनी bearing.

वायुवेगम mfn. (-ङ्-मा-ज) Swift as the wind. ३. वायु, वेग speed, म equal.

वायुव m. (-ङ्) A sort of fish. "काश्चिदीन् वायुव ।"

वायुवल्गु m. (-ङ्) Fire. ३. वायु wind, वल्गु friend, aff. टच् ; also without the aff. वायुवल्गु । [सुन same.]

वायुवल्गु mfn. (-ङ्-मा-ज) 1. Like wind, unsubstantial. 2. Swift, ३. वायु,

वायुवल्गु m. (-ङ्) HANUMA'NA. ३. वायु, वल्गु born.

वायुवल्गु n. (-ङ्) Ether, atmosphere. ३. वायु wind, वायुवल्गु place, site.

वार n. (-वारः) Water. ३. वृ to surround, aff. क्तिप् ।

वार m. (-रः) 1. A multitude, a quantity, a flock or herd, a heap. 2. Occasion, opportunity. 3. A day of the week. 4. A moment. 5. A name of SIVA. 6. A door-way, a gate. 7. Achyranthes aspera. 8. A cover. 9. A turn. 10. The opposite bank of a river. n. (-रः) 1. A vessel for holding spirituous liquor. 2. Bile. 2. Water. Adv. A time, as वारं वारं many a time, repeatedly, often : see वारवार. ३. वृ to cover, to choose, &c., aff. चच् ।

वारक mfn. (-ङ्-का-क) Opposing, obstructing, an obstacle or agent of resistance. m. (-ङ्) 1. A horse's paces. 2. A horse. n. (-ङ्) 1. The seat of pain. 2. A sort of fragrant grass : see वाक्. ३. वृ to choose, &c., क्त्वा aff.

वारिक m. (-की) 1. The ocean. 2. A horse with good marks. 3. An enemy. 4. An ascetic, one living upon leaves, &c. ३. वारक an obstacle, &c., क्ति aff.

वारवीर m. (-रः) 1. A wife's brother. 2. Submarine fire. 3. A louse. 4. A small comb. 5. A horse of high spirit, a war-horse, a charger. 6. A bearer of burthens, a porter. ३. वार an obstacle, वृ to scatter, aff. चच् ।

वारक m. (-ङ्) A bird in general. ३. वार water, कश्चि to go, aff. चच् ।

वारक m. (-ङ्) The handle of a sword or knife, &c. ३. वृ to select, aff. चच्, and the radical vowel changed to the Vrid'dhi form.

वारट n. (-टः) 1. A field. 2. A number of fields. f. (-टा) A goose ; also वरटा. ३. वार water, वट् to go, aff. चच् ; or वरटट् ।

वारक n. (-ङ्) 1. Resistance, opposition, prohibition, obstacle or impediment. 2. Defence, protecting, guarding. 3. Warding off a blow, guarding, warding. m. (-ङ्) 1. Armour, a cuirass or mail for the body. 2. An elephant. ३. वृ to cover or screen, to defend, aff. क्त्वा ।

वारवल्गु f. (-वा) The plantain or banana, (Musa sapientum.) ३. वारव

an elephant, वृत् or वृत्, to cast off, aff. क् ; hence it is written also वारवल्गु ; also वारवल्गु ।

वारवल्गु f. (-वा) The plantain tree. ३. वारव an elephant, वल्गु beloved.

वारक n. (-ङ्) Leather fit for or made into thongs. ३. वरवा, चच् aff.

वारवाही f. (-ही) A harlot. ३. वार and वारी a woman. [wife.]

वारवल्गु f. (-ङ्) The chief of a set of harlots. ३. वार a number, and वल्गु

वारवल्गु f. (-वा) A Bana'na ; also वारवल्गु ।

वारवल्गु f. (-ङ्) The head of a set of harlots. ३. वार a troop, वल्गु a chief. [peated.]

वारवार Ind. Repeatedly, again and again. ३. वार a day, a time, रारवा f. (-वा) 1. A wasp. 2. A goose. ३. वार a flock, a flight, वा to get, and क् and टाप् affs. ; also वरवा &c.

वारवाह m. (-ङ्-वा) Armour for the body or breast, an iron cuirass, or a thick quilted jacket worn for the same purpose. ३. वार opposing, वाह an arrow ; also वारवार.

वारवाहि m. (-विः) 1. A player on the flute. 2. A singer, a musician. 3. A judge. 4. A year. f. (-विः or वी) 1. The chief of a set of harlots.

2. A whore. ३. वार a multitude, वाची speech [wanton.]

वारविलासिनी f. (-नी) A harlot, a whore. ३. वार a multitude, विलासिनी a

वारवल्गु f. (-वा) 1. Grain. 2. Plantain. ३. वारं जलसङ्घं रवेत्यत्र वृत्-क ।

वारवेला f. (-ला) A portion of the day in which any act religious or

secular is suspended. ३. वार and वेला time. [beauty.]

वारवल्गु f. (-ही) A whore, a prostitute. ३. वार the multitude, वल्गु a

वारवेला f. (-वा) 1. A set of courtizans. 2. Prostitution, harlotry. ३. वार the multitude, and वेला service. [woman.]

वारवल्गु f. (-ङ्) A whore. ३. वार the many, वी a woman, a common

वारविलासिनी m. (-विः) The ocean. ३. वारं of water, and विलासि receptacle,

वारवल्गु f. (-वा) A harlot. ३. वार and वल्गु a woman.

वारवल्गु f. (-ङ्) The holy city Benares. ३. वर best, वल्गु water, affs, चच् and क्तिप् i. e. the Ganges on which it stands ; also वारवल्गु ।

वारवल्गु mfn. (-ङ्-वी-व) Produced at or born in Benares, ३. वारवल्गु the city, वल्गु aff. [वासन place of abiding.]

वारवल्गु n. (-ङ्) A large water-jar, a cistern, a reservoir. ३. वार water,

वारवल्गु mfn. (-ङ्-वी-व) Relating to a boar, belonging to, derived from, &c. f. (-ङ्) 1. An esculent root, a Yam, (Dioscorea.) 2. One of

the divine mothers. 3. A measure. 4. The earth. 5. A sow. ३. वरवा a hog or VISHN'U in that form, &c., चच् aff. and क्तिप् fem. form.

वारि n. (-रि) 1. Water. 2. A vegetable perfume, commonly B'ala' f. (-रि) 1. A name of SARASWATI ; the goddess of speech. 2. The place

where an elephant is tied or fastened. 3. A captive, a prisoner. f. (-रिः or री) 1. A water-pot, whether large or small, pitcher, a jar. 2.

The rope that fastens an elephant. 3. A hole or trap for catching elephant. ३. वृत् to surround, Unádi aff. वृत् ।

वारिकवल्गु m. (-ङ्) 1. An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) 2. Another plant, (Trapa bispinosa.) ३. वारि water, and वल्गु a thorn.

वारिकवल्गु f. (-वा) A plant, (Pistia stratiotes,) ३ वारि water, and वल्गु here meaning leaf or leaf-let.

वारिकवल्गु m. (-रः) The Ili's-a-fish, (Clupeonodon Ilisha, HAM.) ३. वारि water, and वल्गु camphor, to which it is compared in colour.

वारिकवल्गु m. (-ङ्) An aquatic plant, (Trapa bispinosa.) ३, वारि water, वल्गु Achyranthes ; also with वल्गु added, वारिकवल्गु ।

वारिकवल्गु m. (-विः) A leech. ३. वारि water, and वल्गु a worm.

वारिकवल्गु m. (-रः) 1. An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) 2. A piece of water. ३. वारि water, वल्गु expanse.

वारिकवल्गु mfn. (-रः-रा or री-रः) Aquatic, living or moving in water. m. (-रः) A fish. ३. वारि water, वल्गु what goes. [Chowri or brush.]

वारिकवल्गु n. (-रः) A sort of weed, (Vallisneria.) ३. वारि water, and वल्गु

वारिकवल्गु mfn. (-ङ्-मा-ज) Aquatic, born or produced in or by water. m. (-ङ्) 1. A conch-shell. 2. Any bivalve-shell. n. (-ङ्) 1. A lotus. 2. A kind of salt. 3. Cloves. ३. वारि water, and वल्गु born.

**वारित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Hindered, prevented, impeded. f. (-त) 1. Warded off. 2. Obstructed. 3. Protected. **वृ** to cover, **क** aff.

**वारितकर** m. (-रः) A cloud. **वृ** वारि water, **कर** a thief.

**वारिका** f. (-का) A sort of umbrella, or portable shed of leaves, carried on the head as one. **वृ** वारि water, **का** to preserve, **अ** aff. **क** and **टाप्**।

**वारिद** mfn. (-दः-दा-द) What yields water. m. (-दः) A cloud. n. (-द) A sort of vegetable perfume : see **वाक्**. **वृ** वारि water, **द** what yields.

**वारिद्र** m. (-द्रः) The Cha'taka, (Cuoulus melanoleucos.) **वृ** वारि water, **द्र** to take, **अ** aff. **क**।

**वारिधारा** f. (-रा) A shower of rain.

**वारिधि** m. (-धिः) The sea. **वृ** वारि water, **धि** to contain, **अ** aff. **कि**।

**वारिनाथ** m. (-थः) 1. The deity VARUN'A. 2. The ocean. 3. A cloud. 4. The habitation of the Na'gas, or serpent race. **वृ** वारि, **नाथ** lord.

**वारिपिथि** m. (-थिः) The sea, the ocean. **वृ** वारि water, **पिथि** a receptacle.

**वारिपथि** mfn. (-थः-को-क) Proceeding or conveyed by water. **वृ** वारि water, **पथि** a road, **उक्** aff. [पथं a leaf.]

**वारिपथी** f. (-थी) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) **वृ** वारि water, **पथि** a road.

**वारिप्रवाह** m. (-हः) 1. A cascade, a water-fall. 2. A current or flow of water. **वृ** वारि water, and **प्रवाह** a fall. [the same.]

**वारिप्रज्ञो** f. (-ज्ञो) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) **वृ** वारि water, **प्रज्ञो** a plant.

**वारिबदरा** f. (-रा) A plant, (Flacourtia catapbracta.) **वृ** वारि, **बदर** jujube.

**वारिवासक** n. (-कः) A perfume : see **वाक्**. **वृ** वारि water, **वास** a perfume.

**वारिमलि** m. (-लिः) A cloud. **वृ** वारि water, **मलि** ink.

**वारिसुक्** m. (-सुक्) A cloud. **वृ** वारि water, **सुक्** what emits. [a root.]

**वारिमूलो** f. (-लो) An aquatic plant, (Pistia stratiotes.) **वृ** वारि water, **मूल** a root.

**वारियन्** n. (-यन्) A wheel for raising water. [वारि, रा to give, **क** aff.]

**वारिद्र** mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Giving or shedding water. m. (-रः) A cloud. **वृ** वारि water, **द्र** to take, **अ** aff.

**वारिरथ** m. (-थः) A raft, a float. **वृ** वारि water, **रथ** a car. [sound.]

**वारिरारव** mfn. (-रः-वा-व) Sounding like clouds or thunder. **वृ** वारि, **रारव** a sound.

**वारिराशि** m. (-शिः) The ocean. **वृ** वारि water, **राशि** a heap.

**वारिद्र** n. (-द्रः) The lotus.

**वारिलोमन्** m. (-मा) A name of VARUN'A. **वृ** वारि water, **लोमन्** hair.

**वारिवदन** m. (-नः) A fruit, (Flacourtia catapbracta.) **वृ** वारि water, **वदन** countenance. [वास abode.]

**वारिवास** m. (-सः) A distiller or dealer in spirituous liquors. **वृ** वारि, **वास** a perfume.

**वारिवाह** m. (-हः) A cloud. **वृ** वारि water, **वाह** what bears ; also वारिवाहन।

**वारिवाहन** m. (-नः) A cloud. **वृ** वारि water, and **वाहन** a vehicle.

**वारिश्म** m. (-श्मः) A name of VISHN'U. **वृ** वारि water, **श्मो** to sleep, **अ** aff. **उ**।

**वारिसक्क** n. (-कः) 1. Cloves. 2. A kind of antimony.

**वारिटी** m. (-टीः) An elephant. **वृ** वारि the trap for an elephant, **टो** to go, **अ** aff. **क**, **फ** form. irr.

**वारीश्व** m. (-श्वः) The ocean. **वृ** वारि water, and **ईश्व** lord. [उक्।]

**वाह** m. (-हः) A war-elephant carrying a standard. **वृ** वृ to cover, **अ** aff.

**वाहउ** m. (-उः) A bier, the bed on which the corpse is carried. **वृ** वृ to cover, **अ** aff. **उउक्**।

**वाहय** n. (-यः) Water. m. (-यः) Name of one of the nine divisions of BHA'RATA-VARSHA. f. (-यी) 1. Belonging or sacred to VARUN'A. 2. Given by VARUN'A. [cent.]

**वाहयि** m. (-यिः) The saint AGASTYA. **वृ** वारि VARUN'A, **यि** aff. of des- वाहयी f. (-यी) 1. Any spirituous liquor, or more properly, a particular kind prepared from hogweed, ground with the juice of the date or palm, and then distilled. 2. The west, the region of VARUN'A. 3. The 25th lunar asterism, of which VARUN'A is the ruling deity. 4. A species of Durba'-grass. **वृ** वारि the deity, **यि** and **यी** affs.

**वाहयीवक्त्र** m. (-मः) VARUN'A. **वृ** वारि the asterism, **वक्त्र** beloved.

**वाहयन्** m. (-यन्) The chief of the serpent race. mn. (-यन्-यन्) 1. The rheum of the eyes. 2. The wax of the ear. 3. A vessel for baling water out of a boat. **वृ** वृ to screen, **अ** aff. **उउक्**।

**वारिच** Ind. Frequently, repeatedly. **वृ** वारि a time, in the third case.

**वारिद्रो** f. (-द्रो) Part of Bengal and Behar, or a tract of inundation

north of the Ganges, and part of the present Zila' of Rájsháhí. **वृ** वारि a king, **यि** aff.

**वाचं** mfn. (-चः-ची-चो) Made of or derived from a tree. n. (-चो) A forest. f. (-ची) The name of a female mentioned in the Maha'bhárat, a sort of Dryad. **वृ** वृ a tree, **च** aff. [अ. उक्, यक्, अफ.]

**वाच्यं** mfn. (-च्यः-ची-चो) Made of or with trees. n. (-च्यो) A stockade.

**वाचं** mfn. (-चः-ची-चो) Any aquatic animal. **वृ** वारि चरति चर-उ।

**वाचिक** m. (-कः) A scribe, a writer. **वृ** वर्य a letter, **उक्**, **अ** aff.

**वाचं** mfn. (-चः-ची-चो) 1. Well, healthy. 2. Following any business or profession. m. (-चः) Health. n. (-चो) 1. Chaff. 2. Skill. 3. Health, welfare. f. (-चा) 1. Tidings, news, intelligence. 2. Rumour, report. 3. Livelihood, business, profession. 4. Agriculture or trade, the proper occupation of the Vaisyas. 5. Abiding, staying, being. 6. Unsubstantial, light. 7. Healthy. 8. The egg-plant. **वृ** वृ being, &c., **अ** aff. **च** or **उ**।

**वाचाक** m. (-कः) The egg-plant : see वाचाक, the **उ** being changed to **च**।

**वाचाकर्मन्** m. (-कर्मन्) The peculiar occupation of the third or Vaisya-class, agriculture, trade, &c. **वृ** वाचा, and **कर्मन्** act.

**वाचाकि** f. (-किः or की) The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) **वृ** वृ to be, **वाकि** **अ** aff. ; **की** or **वृ** fem. **अ** aff., **फ** form irr. ; also वाचाक।

**वाचाकिन्** m. (-को) The egg-plant ; also वाचाकि, &c.

**वाचाक** m. (-कः) The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) **वृ** वृ to be, **वाक** Unádi aff., and the vowel made long by special rule.

**वाचायन्** m. (-नः) A spy, an emissary, an agent, an ambassador, an intelligencer, a news-monger. **वृ** वाचा news, **यन्** going.

**वाचायन्** m. (-नः) Commercial enterprise. [bear, **अ** aff. **च**।]

**वाचायन्** m. (-नः) 1. A chandler. 2. A messenger. **वृ** वाचा news, **यन्** to go.

**वाचायन्** m. (-नः) A householder. **वृ** वाचा news, and **यन्** business.

**वाचिक** mfn. (-कः-की-क) 1. Relating to news, bringing or conveying intelligence, &c. 2. Commentary, explanatory, belonging to a comment or gloss, (as a rule, &c.) m. (-कः) 1. An intelligencer, an informer, an agent or envoy. 2. A man of third or mercantile tribe. n. (-कः) A gloss, a commentary, especially a supplementary explanation added to a grammatical or philosophical aphorism, and its immediate elucidation, supplying or illustrating both text and comment ; it is defined to be, the exposition of the meaning, of that which is said, of that which is left unsaid, and of that which is ill or imperfectly said. f. (-का) A kind of quail. **वृ** वृ news, &c., or a comment, **अ** aff. **उक्**।

**वाचं** m. (-चः) An epithet of ARJUN'A. **वृ** वृ INDRA, and **च** aff.

**वाहुर** n. (-रः) 1. Silk. 2. Water. 3. The seed of the Abrus precatorius. 4. A conch-shell. 5. A sort of curl on the right side of a horse's neck, considered as an auspicious mark. 6. Speech. **वृ** वारि water, **ह** to divide, **अ** aff. **च**।

**वाह्य** n. (-ह्यः) A rainy day, bad weather, &c. m. (-ह्यः) An inkstand. **वृ** वारि water, and **ह** what gives, **वाह्य** a cloud, **ह** to take, **अ** aff. **क**।

**वाह्य** n. (-ह्यः) 1. A number of old men. 2. Old age. 3. The infirmity, &c. of old age. **वृ** वृ old, **यक्** **अ** aff.

**वाह्य** n. (-ह्यः) Old age. **वृ** वृ old, **यक्** **अ** aff.

**वाहि** m. (-हिः) The ocean. **वृ** वारि water, **हि** to have, **अ** aff. **कि**।

**वाहि** m. (-हिः) An usurer. **वृ** वृ interest or increase, **वाहि** substituted, **अ** aff. **उक्**, and the **क** rejected ; also वाह्यिक ; **फ** form irr.

**वाह्यिक** m. (-कः) An usurer : see the last.

**वाहिन्** m. (-ही) An usurer. **वृ** वृ substituted for **वाहि**, and **हि** **अ** aff.

**वाहि** m. (-हिः) Usurious loan, usury, interest. **वृ** वृ increase, **अ** aff. **यन्**, **फ** form irr. [यक् added.]

**वाहि** m. (-हिः) A leather thong. **वृ** वृ to increase, to lengthen, **अ** aff. **यन्**।

**वाहि** m. (-हिः) An old white goat with long ears. **वृ** वाहि a leather thong, and **यन्** for वाहिना a nose.

**वाहि** m. (-हिः) An alligator. **वृ** वारि water, **हि** to maintain, **अ** aff. **च**।

देव n. (-क) A number of coats of mail. इ. वस्त्रम् armour, aff. चच् ।  
 वारिच n. (-च) A number of men in armour. इ. वरिचम् a man in armour,  
 and चच् aff.  
 वारुच् m. (-कुच्) A cloud. इ. वारु water, सुच् to let loose, aff. क्तिप् ।  
 वारु n. (-रु) A boon, a blessing.  
 वार्य mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्य) 1. To be selected or appointed. 2. To be im-  
 peded, checked, stopped, &c. इ. वृच् to choose, aff. छच् ।  
 वार्यमाच mfn. (-चः वा च) Being prevented, impeded, prohibited, &c. इ.  
 वृच् to select, passive v., वार्यमाच aff.  
 वार्यम्ब n. (-म्ब) A lotus. इ. वारि water, उद्भव born.  
 वार्यजिच् m. (-जाः) A leech. इ. वारि, and वीकच् abode.  
 वारिचि m. (-चिः) The ocean. इ. वार and वारि quantity. [चच् ।  
 वारिचि m. (-चिः) A boat, a vessel. इ. वार water, वृच् to surround, aff.  
 वारिचि f. (-चि) A kind of blue fly. [aff.  
 वार्य mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्य) Belonging to a year, to the rains, &c. इ. वर्य, चच्  
 वारिचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) 1. Yearly, annual, or belonging to a year. 2.  
 Growing, &c in the rainy season, or fit for or suited to it, &c. 3.  
 Lasting for one year. n. (-चि) A drug, commonly Tra'yama'na'. इ.  
 वर्य rains, or a year, and उक् or उक् aff. [उक् added.  
 वारिचि f. (-जा) Hail. इ. वार्य belonging to rain, from वर्य with चच् aff.,  
 वारिचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Sprinkling, wetting, that which sprinkles, &c.  
 इ. वर्य to sprinkle, उक् aff. [with चच् aff.  
 वारिचि n. (-चि) The fruit of the solanum jacquini. इ. वरिचि the plant,  
 वरिचि m. (-चि) A name of JARA'SAND'HA. इ. वरिचि the father of this  
 prince, and चच् patronymic ; also with उक् aff. वरिचि ।  
 वरिचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Sacred to VRIHASPATI'. इ. वरिचि and चच् aff.  
 वरिचि n. (-चि) Ethics, morality. इ. वरिचि the supposed original au-  
 thor of this science, and चच् aff. [उक् ।  
 वरिचि m. (-चि) 1. A bracelet. 2. A finger-ring. इ. वरु to surround, aff.  
 वरिचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Made of the bark of trees. इ. वरु bark, aff. चच्.  
 वरिचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Made of bark. f. (-ची) Spirituous liquor. n. (-चि)  
 A dress made of the bark of trees worn by ascetics. इ. वरु bark,  
 and चच् aff.  
 वरिचि m. (-चिः) The author of the Ra'māyan'a ; also वरिचि ।  
 वरिचि m. (-चिः) VA'LMĪKA or VA'LMĪKI, the first poet and the famous  
 author of the Ra'māyan'a. Though a Bra'hmana by birth he led  
 a depraved life and was a notorious cut throat, but was reclaimed  
 by Na'rada. One day while he was engaged in his devotions, he  
 saw a fowler in the act of shooting at a pair of curlews and a  
 curse fell from his mouth in the shape of a regular stanza. The  
 sage discovered that it was a new mode of composition and by  
 the advice of BRAHMA' he composed the Ra'māyan'a in that style.  
 SITA' when re-udiated by her husband, took refuge with this  
 sage who brought up her twin sons. इ. वरिचि an ant-hill, aff. चच्,  
 or with उक् aff. वरिचि ; so immersed in abstraction as to be  
 overrun with ant's nests.  
 वरिचि n. (-चि) The being beloved.  
 वरिचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Talking much, gabbling, prattling. इ. वरु to  
 speak, Una'di aff. उक्, the root reiterated.  
 वरिचि f. (-चि) Garrulity, loquaciousness. इ. वरु added to the last ;  
 also with ल, वरिचि ।  
 वरिचि m. (-चि) A sort of Basil, (Ocymum sanctum.) [bear, कि aff.  
 वरिचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Who or what bears or carries much. इ. वरु to  
 वरु m. (-चि) A boat.  
 वरु (च) वरु r. 4th cl. (वरुचि) 1. To choose or select. 2. To serve.  
 वरु mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Chosen, appointed. इ. वरु to be, aff. क, and the  
 root reiterated. [aff.  
 वरुचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Choosing, preferring. इ. वरुचि to choose, वरुचि  
 वरु (च) वरु r. 4th cl. (वरुचि) 1. To sound. 2. To cry as a bird. 3.  
 To call. 4. To howl, to growl, to roar.

वारुच् mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) 1. Crying or singing like a bird. 2. Growling,  
 roaring. इ. वरुच् to cry, aff. चच् ।  
 वारुचि n. (-चि) The cry or song of birds, bees, and the like. इ. वरुच् to  
 sound as a bird, चच् aff.  
 वारुचि f. (-चा) A plant, (Justicia ganderussa :) see वारु and वारुचि ; also  
 with चच् added वारुचि । "वारुचि-वारु ।"  
 वारिचि m. (-चिः) Fire. इ. वरुच् to sound, Una'di aff. उक् ।  
 वारिचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) 1. Perfumed, scented. 2. Sung, called, cried. n.  
 (-चि) The cry of birds or animals. f. (-चा) 1. A woman, 2. A female-  
 elephant. इ. वरुच् to call, or वरुच् to perfume, aff. क, and व or च  
 changed to क ।  
 वरिचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Relating to the sage VAS'ISH'THA. f. (-ची) The  
 Goomti river, which rising in the Kumaun hills, pursues a  
 winding and south-easterly course, and passing Lucknow and  
 Jonpur falls into the Ganges, below Benares. इ. वरिचि the saint,  
 चच् aff., derived from him ; also read वरिचि ।  
 वारुचि f. (-चा) Night. इ. वरुच् to sound, Una'di aff. उक् ।  
 वरुचि m. (-चि) A day. n. (-चि) 1. An edifice, a dwelling, a building. 2.  
 A place where four roads meet. इ. वरुच् to sound, Una'di aff. उक् ;  
 also read वरुचि ।  
 वरुचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Large, great. m. (-चि) A warrior.  
 वरुचि m. (-चिः or वरुचि) 1. Vapour, hot mist, steam, &c. 2. A tear. 3.  
 Iron. f. (-ची) A drug. इ. वरुच् to go, or वरुच् to dry, aff. च, form irr. ,  
 also वरुचि, as derived from वरुच् to oppose, and च changed to क ।  
 वरुचि f. (-चा) A drug, commonly Hingupatri. इ. कच् added to वरुचि  
 vapour ; also वरुचि । [वाकल what sounds.  
 वरुचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Uttered or articulated with tears. इ. वरुचि, and  
 वरुचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Interrupted by tears. इ. वरुचि, वाकल perplexed.  
 वरुचि f. (-चा) A drug, commonly Hingupatri. इ. वरुचि a tear, कच् aff.  
 वरुचि m. (-चि) Startling of tears. इ. वरुचि and उद्भव production.  
 वरुचि r. 10th cl. (वरुचि-चि) 1. To introduce another quality, but espe-  
 cially fragrant odors, to perfume, to incense, to fumigate, &c. 2.  
 To steal, to infuse. 3. To season, to spice. (च) वरुचि r. 4th cl. (वरुचि-चि)  
 To sound, especially as a bird.  
 वरुचि m. (-चि) 1. A house, a habitation. 2. Site, situation, abode or  
 place of staying or abiding. 3. Cloth, clothes. 4. Perfuming. mf.  
 (-चिः-चि) A plant, (Justicia ganderussa.) इ. वरुच् to dwell, &c., aff.  
 चच् ; or वरुच् to fumigate, aff. चच् ।  
 वरुचि f. (-ची) A tent. इ. वरुचि cloth, and कुटी a hut.  
 वरुचि mf. (-चिः-चि or वरुचि) 1. A shrub, (Justicia ganderussa.) 2.  
 Perfuming. इ. वरुच् to perfume, aff. चच् ।  
 वरुचि f. (-चा) A woman dressed with all her ornaments, and hav-  
 ing her apartments, &c. decorated to receive her lover. इ. वरुचि clo-  
 thes, कच् pleonasm, and वरुचि accoutrements ; also with कच् added,  
 वरुचि ।  
 वरुचि f. (-ची) A hall, where public exhibition, as Na'utches, &c.  
 are held. इ. वरुचि a house, कच् the ear, aff. कीप् ।  
 वरुचि n. (-चि) The inner part of a house, an inner or sleeping room,  
 a bed-chamber. इ. वरुचि abiding, and वरुचि a house.  
 वरुचि m. (-चि) An ass. इ. वरुचि, चतच् aff.  
 वरुचि n. (-चि) Betel with other fragrant substances.  
 वरुचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Habitable, fit or proper to be dwelt in. f. (-ची)  
 Night. इ. वरुचि abode, or night, उक् aff.  
 वरुचि mfn. (-चिः-ची-चि) Fit for clothes or dwelling, &c. n. (-चि) 1. Perfum-  
 ing, fumigating or perfuming with fragrant vapour, or with in-  
 cense, &c. 2. Cloth, clothes. 3. Abiding, abode. 4. A particular  
 posture in which abstract meditation is performed ; it is also a  
 posture conceived to be peculiarly proper in princes and chiefs,  
 and is then described as sitting with the knees bent and the feet  
 turned backwards. 5. Knowledge. 6. A water-jar. 7. A box, a



basket, a vessel, &c. 8. An envelope 9. Any receptacle. 10. Steeping, infusing. f. (-नः) 1. The knowledge of anything derived from memory, the present consciousness of past perceptions. 2. Fancy, imagination. 3. Trust, confidence. 4. Ignorance. 5. Wish, desire.

व. वस् to dwell, &c. aff. वृच् ; or वसन clothes, and वच् aff.

वासनम् mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) Packed, folded, enveloped. न. वासन a box, &c., and स्य what stays or is.

वासन्त mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) 1. Placed, situated. 2. Vernal, relating to the season of spring, suitable to it, produced in it, &c. 3. Young, in the spring of life. 4. Diligent in the performance of religious ceremonies. m. (-न्तः) 1. A camel. 2. The Indian cuckoo. 3. Any young animal, or a young elephant. 4. A catamite. 5. The southern wind, zephyr. 6. A sort of kidney-bean, (Phaseolus mungo.) 7. The black kind of Moong or bean. 8. A plant, (Vangueria spinosa.) f. (-न्ती) 1. A large creeper, (Gaertnera racemosa.) 2. A species of jasmine, (Jasminum auriculatum.) 3. Long pepper. 4. Trumpet-flower. 5. A festival in honour of Kā'madeva, held in the month of Chaitra. 6. A species of the Sarkari metre. न. वस् to dwell, aff. वृच्, and the vowel made long ; or वसन्त spring, and वच् aff.

वासन्तक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Sown or growing in spring. 2. Suitable to the spring season. 3. Relating or belonging to it, vernal. न. वसन्त spring, and वृच् aff.

वासनिक m. (-कः) 1. An actor, a dancer. 2. The buffoon in a drama. f. (-की) Vernal. न. वसन्त spring, aff. उक् ; the spring being the festival season.

वासयोग m. (-गः) Fragrant powder sprinkled on the clothes, especially the red powder scattered about at the Holi' festival. न. वास perfume, and योग joining.

वासर m. (-रः-रं) A day. m. (-रः) One of the Na'gas or serpents. न. वस् to abide, in the causal form, Una'di aff. वरन् ।

वासरसम् m. (-सः) 1. INDRA. 2. The morning. न. वासर, सञ्ज connection.

वासव m. (-वः) INDRA. f. (-वी) The mother of VYA'SA. न. वासु a VASU, वच् aff.

वासवि m. (-विः) An epithet of ARJUN'A.

वासवः u. (-वः) Cloth, clothes. न. वस् to cover or clothe, aff. वसन् ।

वासवस्त्रा f. (-स्त्रा) A woman dressed in all her ornaments to receive her lover. न. वास clothes, सञ्ज armed, accoutred. [a house.

वासगार n. (-रः) The inner or sleeping apartment. न. वास abiding, वागार वासि mf. (-सिः-सी) A small hatchet or chopper, an adze. m. (-सिः) Abiding. न. वस् to abide, Una'di aff. वच् ।

वासिका f. (-का) A plant, (Justicia :) see वासक ।

वासित mfn. (-सः-ता-सं) 1. Perfumed, scented. 2. Clothed, dressed. 3. Famous, celebrated. 4. Steeped, infused. 5. Spiced, seasoned, (sauces, &c.) 6. Peopled, populous, flourishing, (a country.) 7. Having, possessing. n. (-सं) 1. The cry of birds. 2. Knowledge in general, but especially that derived from memory. 3. Sound. 4. Rendering a country populous and flourishing, causing it to be inhabited. f. (-ता) 1. A woman. 2. A female-elephant. न. वस् to dwell, or clothes, causal form, or वास् to call, (as a bird.) aff. क् ।

वासिन् mfn. (-सी-सिनी-सि) Abiding, staying. f. (-नी) A white sort of J'hin'ti'. (Barleria.) न. वस् to dwell, चित् aff. ; or वास-विन aff.

वासिद n. (-दः) Blood.

वासिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ठी-ष्ठः) Explained or composed by the sage VAS'ISTHA, a part of the Vē'das or a particular prayer, &c. न. वसिष्ठ, वच् aff.

वासु m. (-सुः) 1. A name of VISHN'U. 2. The soul, or the Supreme Being considered as the soul of the universe. न. वस् to abide, (eternally,) वृच् Una'di aff.

वासुकि m. (-किः) The serpent VA'SUKI, sovereign of the snakes and worn by S'IVA on his person. न. वासु a jewel, क the head, or वसुक here said to be a name of KAS'YAPA, aff. of descent वच् ।

वासुकिव m. (-वः) The serpent VA'SUKI. न. See the last, aff. वृच् ।

वासुदेवसङ्ग f. (-सङ्गः) A name of MANASA', the wife of JARATKA'RU, and goddess presiding over snakes. न. वासुदेव VA'SUKI, सङ्ग a sister.

वासुदेव m. (-वः) 1. KRISHN'A. 2. A descendent of Vasudeva, the general appellation of a class of persons peculiar to the Jains. न. वसुदेव the father of the deity, and वच् patronymic aff.

वासुपूज्य m. (-ज्यः) The twelfth Jina or Jain teacher of the present era

वासुभद्र m. (-भद्रः) A name of KRISHN'A. न. वासु the soul, सङ्ग auspicious.

वासुरा f. (-रा) 1. Night. 2. The earth. 3. A woman. 4. A female elephant. न. वास् to perfume, or वस् to abide, causal form, aff. वरन् ।

वाग् f. (-सुः) A young girl, a wench (in the theatrical language.) न. वस् to abide, in the causal form, (to take to dwell with one,) aff. क् ।

वासीद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Who or what gives clothes. न. वासस्, द what gives.

वासीयुग n. (-युगः) A suit of clothes. न. वासस्, युग a pair.

वासीकस् n. (-कः) The inner or private apartments. न. वास dwelling, वासीकस् a house.

वास mfn. (-सः-सी-सं) Made or derived from a goat. न. वस and वच् aff.

वास्तव mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) 1. Determined, demonstrated, fixed, substantiated. 2. Real, substantial. n. (-वं) An appointment, anything fixed. f. (-वा) Dawn. न. वस् thing, substance, वच् aff.

वास्तविक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Real, material, substantial, genuine. 2. Determinate. न. वस् and उक् aff.

वास्तविका f. (-वा) Night. न. वास्तव an appointment, and कवा a libidinous woman ; the season in which she makes an assignation.

वास्तव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) 1. To be abided or dwelt in, to be fixed as a habitation. 2. To be taken care of, (as a dependent.) m. (-व्यः) A kinsman, a dependent. न. वस् to dwell, causal form, aff. of the future participle तव्य् ।

वास्तु m. (-सुः-सुः) 1. The site of a habitation. 2. A house, a habitation. न. वस् to dwell, Una'di aff. वृच्, and the radical vowel made long.

वास्तुक n. (-कः) A potherb ; see वास्तूक । [of a house.

वास्तुवाग् m. (-वाग्) A religious rite performed on laying the foundation

वास्तुसंभवन n. (-भवनः) A ceremony or sacrifice performed on entering a new habitation. न. वास्तु, संभवन consecration.

वास्तुसंभवनीय u. (-यः) A ceremony performed on entering a new mansion. न. व added to the last.

वास्तूक n. (-कः) A potherb, (Chenopodium album, and other edible species.) न. वास्तु the site of a house, उक् aff., and form irr. (growing there ;) also with the vowel unaltered वास्तूक ।

वासीय mfn. (-यः-वी-यं) 1. Abdominal, relating or belonging to the belly. 2. Fit to be inhabited. न. वसि and उक् aff.

वासीपति m. (-पतिः) A name of INDRA. न. वास्तु the site of a dwelling, in the sixth case, पति master.

वासम् mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Cloth, made of or covered with cloth, &c. न. वस् cloth, वच् aff.

वाय m. (-सः) 1. Vapour. 2. Tears ; more correctly वाय, q. v. [tressed.

वायविज्ञान mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Weeping, bursting into tears. न. वाय, विज्ञान dis-

वायविज्ञान mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Suffused with tears, weeping. न. वाय, and वायविज्ञान turbid, ईश्वर the sight. [read वाय ।

वाह् (वह्) वाह r. 1st cl. (वाहने) To endeavour ; the root is preferably

वाह m. (-वः) 1. A horse. 2. A measure of capacity containing ten Kumbhas, or nearly equal to the weight of an English wey or a ton in freight. 3. A bull. 4. Air, wind. 5. The arm. 6. A buffalo. 7. A vehicle, a carriage or conveyance of any kind. 8. A bearer, a porter, a carrier of burthens, &c. 9. Carrying, bearing. न. वस् to bear, aff. वृच् । [aff. वृच् ।

वाहक m. (-कः) 1. A horseman. 2. A porter, a carrier. न. वस् to bear.

वाहविघ्न m. (-वघ्नः) A buffalo. न. वाह a horse, and विघ्न inimical.

वाहन n. (-नः) 1. A vehicle, a conveyance of any kind, as a horse, an elephant, a carriage. 2. Carrying, conveying, &c. 3. Making effort or

exertion. *वह्* to bear, causal form, or *वह्* to endeavour, *वह्* aff.  
*वह्* mfn. (-वह्) Falling from a vehicle. *वह्*, *वह्* to fall, *वह्* aff.  
*वह्* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) Employing, making use of. *वह्* to bear, causal v., *वह्* aff.  
*वह्* m. (-वह्) A horse.  
*वह्* m. (-वह्) 1. A large snake, (Boa constrictor) 2. A water-course.  
 3. A gotherb, (Marsilia dentata.) *वह्* to bear, causal form, aff. *वह्*.  
*वह्* m. (-वह्) 1. A large drum. 2. A ear, &c., drawn by oxen. *वह्* to bear, *वह्* aff. [*वह्* to endeavour, *वह्* aff.  
*वह्* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) Exerted, endeavoured. n. (-वह्) A heavy burden.  
*वह्* n. (-वह्) The part of an elephant's forehead below the frontal globes. *वह्*, *वह्* to stay, aff. *वह्*, and *वह्* changed to *वह्*.  
*वह्* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) Bearing, carrying. m. (-वह्) A chariot. *वह्* to bear, *वह्* aff.  
*वह्* f. (-वह्) 1. An army. 2. A body of forces consisting of 81 elephants, 81 cars, 243 horse, 405 foot, a cohort, a battalion. 3. A river. *वह्* a vehicle, &c., aff. *वह्*; fem. aff. *वह्* comprising the conveyances of cars, horse, &c.  
*वह्* निवेश m. (-वह्) A camp. *वह्* वह्नि, and निवेश encampment.  
*वह्* निषेध m. (-वह्) 1. A general, a commanding officer. 2. The ocean. *वह्* वह्नि an army or river, and वह्नि master.  
*वह्* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) 1. Of burthen, bearing burthens. 2. Outer, external. m. (-वह्) The name of a country, part of the Punjab. *वह्* bearing, or वह्नि external, aff. *वह्* or *वह्*, form irr.  
*वह्* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) 1. To be carried or borne. 2. Outer, external. n. (-वह्) A carriage, a vehicle. m. (-वह्) A beast of burthen, an ox, a horse, &c. *वह्* to bear, aff. *वह्*, or वह्नि external, *वह्* aff.  
*वह्* Ind. Externally, solitarily. *वह्* वह्नि added to the preceding.  
*वह्* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) 1. Being carried or conveyed. 2. Being induced, urged, incited, &c. *वह्* to bear, pass. v., *वह्* aff.  
*वह्* f. (-वह्) A country: see वह्नि.  
*वह्* m. (-वह्) Bálkh: see वह्नि. *वह्* वह्नि, *वह्* वह्नि.  
*वह्* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) Born in Vahli or Vahluka country. m. (-वह्) A Turki horse. *वह्* वह्नि and वह्नि born.  
*वह्* m. (-वह्) 1. A country lying north-west of A'fganietha'n, Bálkh. 2. A horse from Bálkh, considered as one of a good breed. 3. One of the principal Gand'harbas or choristers of heaven. n. (-वह्) 1. Saffron. 2. Asafotida. *वह्* वह्नि to be pre-eminent, वह्नि or वह्नि aff., वह्नि or वह्नि; again, वह्नि pleonastic or derivative added, वह्नि or वह्नि; the conjunct letters of the root being transposed; saffron, &c. are supplied still to India, especially from Kashmir, Khorásan, and the countries in that direction.  
*वह्* m. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) 1. A bird. 2. The eye. 3. Heaven. 4. The region of the wind. 5. A horse. Ind. A particle and prefix, implying:—1. Certainty, ascertainment, as वह्नि to determine, to judge. 2. Separation, disjunction, as वह्नि to disjoin. 3. Aversion, repugnance, as वह्नि to oppose. 4. Impatience, intolerance, as वह्नि to be impatient. 5. Variety, difference, वह्नि to distinguish. 6. Cause, motive, वह्नि to prescribe or order. 7. Motion, progress, वह्नि to go. 8. Privation, वह्नि to take away. It generally corresponds to the English adjuncts, a, ex, de, dis, in, un, &c. and is frequently an expletive. *वह्* to go, Una'di aff. वह्नि with the effect of वह्नि or वह्नि, which ejects the final syllable; or वह्नि aff.  
*वह्* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) Twentieth. *वह्* वह्नि twenty, and वह्नि aff.  
*वह्* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) Twenty, collectively, or an aggregate of twenty. *वह्* वह्नि, and वह्नि aff. [plu. (-वह्) Many twenties.  
*वह्* Always f. sing. (-वह्) Twenty, a score. du. (-वह्) Two twenties.  
*वह्* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) Worth twenty, produced from or bought with twenty, &c. *वह्* वह्नि twenty, and वह्नि added.  
*वह्* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) Twentieth. *वह्* वह्नि, वह्नि aff.

*विंशती* m. (-वह्) A governor of twenty villages. *वह्* वह्नि, *वह्* sovereign; also *विंशती* वह्नि.  
*विंशति* m. (-वह्) Twenty, (collectively,) a score. *वह्* वह्नि, and वह्नि aff.  
*विंशति* n. (-वह्) The milk of a prolific cow. [*वह्* to go, aff. वह्नि.  
*विंशति* m. (-वह्) A plant, (Ruellia longifolia, &c.) see वह्नि. *वह्* वह्नि, *वह्* वह्नि.  
*विंशति* m. (-वह्) A small tree. *वह्* वह्नि, *वह्* to go or grow, वह्नि वह्नि; or वह्नि a bird, वह्नि, &c. as before; on which the birds roost.  
*विंशति* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) 1. Blown, opened, expanded, (as a flower, &c.) 2. Bald, having little or no hair on the head. m. (-वह्) 1. A Baud'dha mendicant. 2. The planet Kéru, or the personified descending node. *वह्* वह्नि, *वह्* to go, aff. वह्नि; or वह्नि privative, and वह्नि hair.  
*विंशति* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) 1. Large, great, broad. 2. Formidable, frightful, hideous, horrible. 3. Large-toothed. 4. Beautiful, pleasing. 5. Changed in form or appearance. 6. Obscure, obsolete. n. (-वह्) A boil, a tumour. f. (-वह्) A female divinity peculiar to the Baud'dhas. *वह्* वह्नि implying separation or expansion, वह्नि to go or be, aff. वह्नि, or with वह्नि aff.  
*विंशति* m. (-वह्) A herbaceous plant, (Hedysarum alhagi.) *वह्* वह्नि expanding, वह्नि a thorn, वह्नि added.  
*विंशति* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) 1. Speaking idly. 2. Praising ironically. 3. Vaunting, boastful. n. (-वह्) 1. Irony, ironical or unmerited praise. 2. Praise in general. 3. Assigning anything to an unreal origin. 4. Boasting. 5. Repeating, proclaiming. *वह्* वह्नि implying difference or extension, and वह्नि praising.  
*विंशति* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) 1. To be praised, commendable. 2. Ridiculous, to be praised ironically. *वह्* वह्नि, *वह्* to praise, वह्नि वह्नि aff.  
*विंशति* f. (-वह्) 1. Praise. 2. Irony, ironical praise. 3. Boasting. 4. Repeating, proclaiming. *वह्* वह्नि, *वह्* to praise, वह्नि and वह्नि affs.  
*विंशति* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) Who or what boasts, praises, proclaims, &c.: see वह्नि. *वह्* वह्नि, *वह्* to boast, वह्नि वह्नि aff.  
*विंशति* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) 1. Trembling. 2. Heaving. 3. Unsteady, not firm or continued. 4. Shrinking from. *वह्* वह्नि, and वह्नि trembling.  
*विंशति* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) 1. Trembling, tremulous, agitated. 2. Palpitating, heaving. 3. Broken, interrupted, unsteady. 4. Shrinking from. *वह्* वह्नि, *वह्* to tremble, aff. वह्नि. [making.  
*विंशति* m. (-वह्) Sickness, disease. *वह्* वह्नि implying difference, and वह्नि वह्नि.  
*विंशति* m. (-वह्) The inserted conjugational affix, (in gram.) [frightful.  
*विंशति* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) Formidable, frightful. *वह्* वह्नि intensitive, वह्नि वह्नि.  
*विंशति* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) Ear-less. m. (-वह्) One of the Kuru' princes.  
*विंशति* m. (-वह्) Sa'raswata, a district in the north-west of Hindusthan, generally considered as part of the Punjab, though sometimes confounded with Ka'shmir. *वह्* वह्नि privative, and वह्नि KARN'A, aff. वह्नि; the region from which KARN'A was proscribed.  
*विंशति* m. (-वह्) 1. The sun. 2. A son who has usurped his father's kingdom. 3. The Arka plant. *वह्* वह्नि, *वह्* to cut, aff. वह्नि; having been shorn of some of his beams, by Vis'hwakarma.  
*विंशति* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) Acting illegally, one who does forbidden acts. 2. Busy in various ways. *वह्* वह्नि and वह्नि who does.  
*विंशति* f. (-वह्) Illegal or immoral act. *वह्* वह्नि, and वह्नि act.  
*विंशति* n. (-वह्) 1. Various business or duty. 2. Prohibited or unlawful act. 3. Fraud. *वह्* वह्नि and वह्नि act.  
*विंशति* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) 1. Doing what is illegal or immoral, engaged in prohibited acts. 2. Engaged in various business. *वह्* वह्नि and वह्नि who or what stays.  
*विंशति* mfn. (-वह्-वह्-वह्) 1. Doing forbidden acts. 2. Transacting various affairs. m. (-वह्) Clerk or superintendent of markets or fairs. *वह्* वह्नि implying variety, वह्नि business, and वह्नि aff.  
*विंशति* m. (-वह्) 1. Pulling, pulling apart or out. 2. An arrow. *वह्* वह्नि separate, वह्नि to attract, वह्नि or वह्नि aff.

विकर्षण n. (-च) Pulling, drawing, dragging. m. (-चः) One of the five arrows of Ka'ma. इ. वि before, कृष् to attract, aff. कृट् ।  
 विकल mfn. (-ल-का-ल) 1. Confused, confounded, agitated. 2. Defective, imperfect. 3. Decayed, impaired, withered, waned. f. (-ला or ली) A woman in whom menstruation has ceased. n. (-लः) The one-sixteenth of a Kala, the second of a degree. इ. वि privative, and कला a digit of the moon. &c.  
 विकलपाशिक m. (-कः) A cripple with a crooked or withered arm. इ. विकल defective, पाश the hand, कन् added. [tive, चङ् the body.  
 विकलाङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्ग) Deformed, crippled, maimed. इ. विकल defective  
 विकलीकरण n. (-च) 1. Spoiling, breaking, maiming. 2. Confusing, agitating. इ. विकल, and करण making, प्रि augment.  
 विकलीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Broken, injured, impaired. 2. Sick, lame, maimed. 2. Confused, distressed. इ. विकल and कृत made, प्रि aug.  
 विकलीभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Agitated, distressed. 2. Maimed, defective. इ. विकल and भूत become, प्रि augment.  
 विकलैन्द्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Having any of the organs of sense impaired or defective. इ. विकल, and इन्द्रिय an organ.  
 विकल्प m. (-ल्पः) 1. Error, ignorance, mistake. 2. Alternative, option. 3. Doubt, indecision. 4. (In rhetoric,) Antithesis of opposites. 5. (In grammar, &c.,) Admission of more than one form or rule. 6. Devices. इ. वि distinction, and कल्प making, &c.  
 विकल्पन n. (-नं) 1. Admitting of uncertainty. 2. Indecision.  
 विकल्पयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Doubting, deliberating, weighing, alternatives. इ. वि before, कृप् to be able, यट् aff.  
 विकल्पित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Made or acknowledged as optional. इ. वि before, कृप् to be able, क् aff.  
 विकल्पाय f. (-या) Sinless, guiltless. [go, वरप् aff.  
 विकल्पाय mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Opening, expanding. इ. वि separately, कृप् to  
 विकला f. (-वा) Bengal madder, (Rubia manjith.) इ. वि before, कृप् to injure, कृप् aff. ; also विकला ।  
 विकल्य mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Opening, expanding. इ. वि before, कृप् to go, aff. वरप् ; also विकल्य । [go, aff. चप् ।  
 विकल m. (-सः) The moon. f. (-सा) Bengal madder. इ. वि before, कृप् to  
 विकल्य mfn. (-सन्-सन्ती-सन्) 1. Opening, expanding. 2. Budding, blowing. इ. वि before, कृप् to go, यट् aff.  
 विकलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Blown, as a flower, budded, opened, expanded. इ. वि apart, कृप् to go, aff. क् ; also विकलित ।  
 विकल्य mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Opening, expanding. इ. वि apart, कृप् to go, aff. वरप् ; also derived from कृप् or कृप्, विकल्य, and विकल्य ।  
 विकार m. (-रः) 1. Change of form or nature, alteration or deviation from the natural state. 2. Sickness, disease, change from the state of health. 3. Passion, feeling, emotion, transition from the natural or quiescent condition of the soul. 4. Anything evolved from a previous source, (in Sa'ukhya Philosophy.) इ. वि implying alteration, कृप् to make, aff. चप् ।  
 विकारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Changed, converted, made to undergo a changing. 2. Rendered unfavourable or unfriendly. इ. वि before, कृप् to make, causal v., क् aff.  
 विकारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिणी-रि) 1. Producing a change. 2. Undergoing a change. इ. वि before, कृप् to make, चणि aff. ; or विकार, रणि aff.  
 विकाल m. (-लः) Twilight, the close of day. इ. वि implying prohibition, (of peculiar ceremonies,) and काल time.  
 विकालक m. (-कः) Evening, twilight. f. (-लिका) A perforated copper-vessel, which is placed in a pan of water, and being filled at the expiration of a certain period, defines that period : a sort of Clepsydra, or water-clock. 'ताली'. इ. वि before, काल time, and कन् added ; or वि before, कृप् to go, aff. कृट् ।  
 विकाम m. (-मः) 1. Solitude, loneliness, privacy. 2. Display, manifestation open or solitary appearance. 3. Opening, expanding. 4.

Budding, blowing, (as a flower.) 5. Pleasure, enjoyment. 6. Ether heaven. 7. An open course. 8. An oblique course. 9. Retreat. 10. Eagerness. इ. वि before, काय to shine, aff. चप् ; the vowel of the prefix is more usually made long : see वीकाय ।  
 विकामता f. (-ता) 1. Appearance, display. 2. Loneliness. 3. Expansive. इ. विकाम shining, aff. तल् ; also with तल्, विकामल ।  
 विकामन n. (-नं) 1. Expansion, extent. 2. Manifestation. 3. Blowing (of a flower.) इ. विकाम and कृट् aff.  
 विकामयन् mfn. (-यन्) 1. Expanding, being full. 2. Blown, budded. इ. विकाम, यन् who or what has.  
 विकामिन् mfn. (-मी-मिनी-मि) Expanding, spreading, opening इ. वि before, कृप् to go, aff. चिनुच् ; or काय, चिनि aff. [चिनुच्  
 विकामिन् mfn. (-मी-मिनी-मि) Expanding, &c. इ. वि before, कृप् to go, aff. चिनुच्  
 विकामिन् mfn. (-मी-मिनी-मि) Expanding, opening, budding, blowing इ. वि before, कृप् to go, aff. चिनुच् ; also with कृप् or कृप् the same विकामिन् and विकामिन् as above.  
 विकार m. (-रः) 1. A bird in general. 2. A well. 3. A fallen fragment a scattered portion. 4. Scattering. 5. A tree. इ. वि apart, &c., कृप् to scatter, क् aff.  
 विकारिन् n. (-च) 1. Scattering, spreading about or abroad. 2. Killing. 3. Knowledge. m. (-चः) Gigantic swallow wort, (Asolepias gigantea) इ. वि before, कृप् to scatter, aff. यु ।  
 विकारिन् mfn. (-रन्-रन्ती-रन्) Throwing, scattering, sprinkling. इ. वि before, कृप् to scatter, यट् aff.  
 विकीर्ण mfn. (-णः-णी-णं) 1. Scattered, extended, diffused. 2. Celebrated, famous. इ. वि implying extension, कृप् to scatter, aff. क् ।  
 विकीर्ण Ind. Having or being scattered. इ. वि, कृप् to scatter, aff. कृप् ।  
 विकीर्णमाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Being tossed, agitated, scattered, &c. इ. वि before, कृप् to scatter, pass. v., गानच् aff.  
 विकीर्णाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Joyful, cheerful, happy. 2. Undergoing a making a change of form, &c. इ. वि before, कृप् to do, गानच् aff.  
 विकृज m. (-जः) The moon. इ. वि before, कृप् to shine, रक् Una'di aff. and उ substituted for the radical vowel.  
 विकृजन n. (-नं) Cooing, humming.  
 विकृचन n. (-नं) A side-glance, a leer, a wink. इ. वि before, कृप् to contract or close, (the eyes,) aff. कृट् । [form  
 विकृचिका f. (-का) The nose. इ. वि before, कृप् to sound, aff. कृष्, fem  
 विकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Entertaining the feeling of disgust, aversion estranged. 2. Sick, diseased. 3. Altered, changed, either in form or feeling. 4. Imperfect, unfinished, incomplete. 5. Overcome by feeling or passion. 6. Strange, extraordinary. 7. Loathsome, hideous. n. (-तं) 1. Disgust, aversion. 2. Sickness. 3. Change इ. वि implying reverse, and कृत made.  
 विकृतवदन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Having the face distorted. इ. विकृत, वदन face.  
 विकृताकार mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Changed in aspect, form, or appearance. इ. विकृत and आकार form ; also विकृताकार ।  
 विकृताङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्ग) Distorted, deformed. इ. विकृत, चङ् the limbs.  
 विकृति f. (-ति-ती) 1. Change of any kind, as of purpose, mind, form nature, &c., either permanent or temporary. 2. Sickness, disease change from the natural or healthy state. 3. Fear, apprehension. 4. Spirituous liquor. 5. A species of metre : the stanza consists of four lines of two syllables each, variously arranged. इ. वि implying alteration or reverse, कृप् to make, aff. कृट् ।  
 विकृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Pulled, drawn, (as a bow-string.) 2. Attracted. 3. Dragged, drawn, in general. 4. Extended, protracted. 5. Sounded, making a noise. इ. वि before, कृप् to draw, aff. क् ।  
 विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Bald. f. (-यी) 1. A small braid or tress of hair first tied up severally, and then collected into the Vēṇī or large braid. 2. A woman without hair. 3. A woman with loose hair. इ. वि severally or privative, कृप् hair

प्लेगिडा f. (-दा) A pledget, a piece of rag smeared with ghee or other substances and applied as a dressing to a sore.

विहीन mfn. (-नः-वा-न) Uncovered, denuded, unsheathed. इ. वि privative, and हीन a sheath, a cover; also विहीन ।

विहीन mfn. (-नः-ही-न) Incurious, indifferent. इ. वि, कीर्तुः curious.

विह m. (-हः) A young elephant. इ. विह imitative sound, कै to utter, aff. ह । विहवति वि + उह-उ ।

विक्रम m. (-मः) 1. Heroism, prowess, heroic valour. 2. Great power or strength. 3. Walking, going, proceeding. 4. Overpowering, overcoming. 5. Strength in general. 6. A step, a stride, (as in विविक्रम) 7. The name of a sovereign of Ougein : see विक्रमादित्य. इ. वि before, क्रम् to go, to move, to walk, aff. च् ।

विक्रमव n. (-वः) The stride of VISHNÚ.

विक्रमवाच mfn. (-वा-वा-च) 1. Going, proceeding. 2. Overpowering. इ. वि before, क्रम् to go, मान्, aff.

विक्रमादित्य m. (-तः) The name of a celebrated prince, the sovereign of Ougein, and reputed founder of an era still in use amongst the Hindus, commencing 56 years before the Christian era; there are however many princes of this name, and it has been applied to Bho'ja-Raja, to Sa'liva'hana, and Prithvi Raja, as well as to five or six others; the name also occurs variously written, as VIKRAMA'DITYA, VIKRAMASEN'A, VIKRAMASINHA, VIKRAMA RKA, &c. इ. विक्रम power, and आदित्य the sun.

विक्रमात्म m. (-तः) A name of the sovereign VIKRAMA'DITYA : see the last. इ. विक्रम heroism, चर्मा the sun. [चर्मा gained.]

विक्रमाक्षित mfn. (-तः-ता-क्षित) Conquered, acquired by valour. इ. विक्रम and विक्रमिन् m. (-नी) 1. A lion. 2. A hero. इ. विक्रम strength, valour, इति aff.

विक्रय m. (-यः) Sale, selling, vending. इ. वि before, क्रो to buy, च् aff.

विक्रयानुषय m. (-यः) Rescission of sale. इ. विक्रय, अनुषय doubt.

विक्रयव n. (-वः) Selling, vending. इ. वि reverse, क्रो to buy, च् aff.

विक्रयक m. (-कः) A vender, a dealer, a salesman. इ. विक्रय sale, इति aff.

विक्रयिन् m. (-यी) A seller, a vender. इ. विक्रय sale, इति aff.

विक्रम m. (-मः) The moon.

विक्रान्त mfn. (-तः-ता-न्त) 1. Valiant, mighty. 2. Overcoming victorious. m. (-न्तः) 1. A hero, a warrior. 2. A lion. n. (-न्तः) 1. Valour. 2. A step, a stride. इ. वि before, क्रम् to go, aff. क्र, in an active sense.

विक्रान्ति f. (-न्ति) 1. A horse's canter or gallop. 2. Prowess, heroic strength and valour. 3. Great power or strength. 4. Striding. इ. वि before, क्रम् to go, aff. क्रम् ।

विक्रान्ति mfn. (-न्तः-ता-न्ति) 1. Valiant. 2. Victorious. m. (-न्तः) A hero, a victor. इ. वि before, क्रम् to go, च् aff.

विक्रावक m. (-कः) A vender, a seller. इ. वि before, क्रो to buy, च् aff.

विक्रिय f. (-या) 1. Change of mind, form, purpose, condition, &c. 2. Emotion, perturbation, passion. 3. Anger, dis-satisfaction. 4. Contraction. 5. Vitiating, intermixture. इ. वि implying reverse, and क्रिया action : see विकार ।

विक्रीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sold. इ. वि before, क्रो to buy, aff. क्र ।

विक्रीत Ind. Having sold. इ. वि before, क्रो to buy, च् aff.

विकृष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्ट-ष्ट) 1. Harsh, rugged or unkind, (as speech.) 2. Called out, exclaimed. n. (-ष्टः) 1. A cry of alarm or for help. 2. Abuse. इ. वि before, क्रुच् to call, aff. क्र ।

विक्रेत m. (-ता) A vender, a seller. इ. वि before, क्रो to buy, aff. च् ।

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Vendible, saleable. इ. वि before, क्रो to buy, aff. यत् ।

विक्रीयन n. (-नः) 1. Abusing, reviling. 2. Calling out. इ. वि before, क्रुच् to curse, च् aff.

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) 1. Who reviles, abuses, speaks harshly, &c. 2. Who calls or cries out. इ. वि before, क्रुच् to cry, च् aff.

विक्रम mfn. (-मः-वा-म) Overcome with fear or agitation, confused, confounded, lost, bewildered. इ. वि before, क्रम् to go, aff. च् ।

विक्रमता f. (-ता) Timidity, fear. इ. विक्रम, तच् aff. ; also with त्, विक्रमत् ।

विक्रम mfn. (-मः-वा-म) 1. Old. 2. Withered, shrivelled, decayed. 3. Wet, moist. इ. वि before, क्रिच् to moisten, aff. क्र । [ciation.]

विक्रिष्ट f. (-ष्टः) Afflicted, distressed, injured. n. (-ष्टः) A fault in pronunciation. Adv. n. (-ष्टः) Momentarily, for a moment. इ. वि, च्च a moment.

विक्रत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Struck, hurt, wounded. इ. वि before, च्च torn.

विक्राव m. (-वः) 1. Cough. 2. Sound. इ. वि before, च्च to sound, aff. च्च ।

विक्रिपन् mfn. (-पन्-पन्-पन्) 1. Throwing, tossing. 2. Agitating. इ. वि before, च्चिच् to throw, and च्च aff.

विक्रिपन् mfn. (-पन्-पन्-पन्) 1. Scattered, dispersed. 2. Thrown, cast. 3. Agitated, bewildered, perplexed. 4. Sent, dispatched. 5. Refuted, falsified. इ. वि severally, च्चिन् thrown or sent. [क्र aff.]

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Wasted, destroyed. इ. वि before, च्चिच् to decay.

विक्रीयक m. (-कः) 1. The chief of a class of demigods, enumerated amongst those attached to S'iva, and the ministers of destruction amongst men by plague, pestilence, &c. 2. A meeting or assembly of the gods. 3. A place prohibited to eaters of meat. इ. वि before, च्चिच् wasted, (by whom,) and च्च added.

विक्रीय m. (-यः) The Arka plant.

विक्रीय m. (-यः) 1. Casting, or throwing away. 2. Sending, dispatching. 3. Confusion, perplexity, fear proceeding from ignorance or error. 4. Looking about vaguely or wildly, as of a woman for her absent lover. 5. Refuting an argument, establishing its falsehood. 6. Celestial latitude. इ. वि before, च्चिच् to throw, aff. च्च ।

विक्रीयव n. (-वः) 1. Scattering, dispersing. 2. Sending, dispatching. 3. Throwing. 4. Confusion. इ. वि before, च्चिच् to throw, च्च aff.

विक्रीयव m. (-वः) (In astronomy), The greatest inclination of a planet's orbit. इ. वि before, च्चिच् an arc.

विक्रीय n. (-यः) 1. Agitating, shaking. 2. Conflict, struggle. 3. Fearing. इ. वि before, च्चिच् to stir, and च्च aff.

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Noseless; also विक्रीय.

विक्रीयित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Broken, divided. 2. Refuted. इ. वि before, च्चिच् the same.

विक्रीया f. (-या) The tongue.

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Noseless; also विक्रीय ।

विक्रीय m. (-यः) A goblin, a demon, a Rákshasa. 2. A thief. इ. वि before, च्चिच् to cut, aff. च्च ।

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Noseless. इ. वि privative prefix, and च्च substituted, for नच् or नाचिच्; also other as arbitrary terms, or विक्रीय, विच, चिच, &c.

विक्रीय mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Known, famous. 2. Avowed, confessed. इ. वि before, च्चिच् to say or tell, aff. क्र । [क्रिन् ।]

विक्रीयति f. (-ति) Fame, celebrity. इ. वि before, च्चिच् to say, or tell, aff.

विक्रीयापन n. (-नः) 1. Confessing, acknowledging, avowing, declaring. 2. Explaining, expounding. इ. वि, च्चिच् to say, causal form, aff. च्च ।

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Noseless; also विक्रीय ।

विक्रीय mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Noseless; also विक्रीय and विक्रीय.

विक्रीय n. (-यः) 1. Reckoning, computing. 2. Considering, deliberating. 3. Discharge of a debt. इ. वि before, च्चिच् counting.

विक्रीय Ind. 1. Having deliberated or weighed. 2. Having reckoned. इ. वि before, च्चिच् to number, च्च aff.

विक्रीयित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Reckoned, calculated. 2. Weighed, considered. 3. Discharged, (as a debt.) इ. वि before, च्चिच् to count, क्र aff.

विक्रीय mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Gone, departed, disappeared. 2. Separated, severed, parted. 3. Freed or exempt from. 4. Lost. 5. Gloomy, dark, obscured. 6. Dead. इ. वि implying disunion, (of light, &c) गत gone. [क्रिन् sin.]

विक्रीयक mfn. (-कः-वा-क) 1. Pure, righteous. 2. Unsoiled. इ. विक्रीय and विक्रीयक mfn. (-कः-वा-क) Exempted from decay. 2. Cured of fever. इ. विक्रीय and विक्रीय decay, or विक्रीय fever. [क्रिन् passion]

विक्रीय mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Devoid of passion or affection. इ. विक्रीय and

विगतशील mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Unfortunate, unprosperous. **३.** विगत gone, श्री prosperity, कप् aff. [सुखा desire.]  
विगतसुख mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Indifferent, devoid of wish or desire. **३.** विगत,  
विगतसुख f. (-का) A woman past child-bearing. **३.** विगत gone, चार्त्त the  
menstrual excretion.  
विगत m. (-कः) 1. Separation, parting. 2. Destruction, death. 3. Relin-  
quishment. **३.** वि apart, and नग going.  
विगम m. (-रः) 1. An abstemious man, one who feeds on wind. 2. A  
naked man. 3. A mountain.  
विगच्छ mf. (-कः-का) Abuse, abusing, censure, reproach. **३.** वि before, गच्छ  
to abuse, कट् aff. [to abuse, चणोयर् aff.]  
विगच्छीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Bad, wicked, reprehensible. **३.** वि before, गच्छ.  
विगच्छित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Abused, reviled. 2. Low, vile. 3. Bad, wicked.  
4. Condemned, reprobated. **३.** वि before, गच्छ to abuse, aff. क ।  
विगच्छी mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Blamable, reprehensible. Ind. Having blamed  
or reviled, **३.** वि before, गच्छ to abuse, यत् or खप् aff.  
विगच्छकथा f. (-या) Scandal, abuse. **३.** विगच्छ and कथा speech.  
विगच्छन् mfn. (-न्-लक्ष्मी-लक्ष्मी) 1. Oozing, dropping, flowing. 2. Fading,  
dispersing, weakening, (as emotion, &c.) **३.** वि before, गच्छ to ooze,  
ग्रह aff.  
विगलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Fallen, dropped, oozed, flowing. 2. Removed,  
gone. 3. Dissipated, dispersed. 4. Decayed, impaired. 5. Slackened,  
united, (as a knot.) 6. Loose, disordered, (as dress.) 7. Dissolved.  
**३.** वि before, गच्छ to ooze, aff. क । [hair.]  
विगलितकेश mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Having the hair dishevelled. **३.** विगलित, केश  
विगच्छ mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Immersed, plunged, bathing. 2. Much, excessive-  
ive, deep. 3. Flowing copiously. **३.** वि, गच्छ to bathe, aff. क ।  
विगान n. (-नः) 1. Ill-report, detraction, scandal. 2. Censure, reproach.  
**३.** वि deprecative prefix, ने to sing or sound, aff. ल्यट् ।  
विगच्छ m. (-कः) 1. Bathing. 2. Plunging into, literally or figuratively,  
(as water, a crowd, &c.) **वि** before, गच्छ to bathe, कप् aff.  
विगच्छमान mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Beholding, perceiving. 2. Knowing. 3.  
Bathing. 4. Going, proceeding. **३.** वि, गच्छ to agitate, aff. शानच् ।  
विगच्छ Ind. Having bathed or plunged in. **३.** वि, गच्छ to agitate, खप् aff.  
विगीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Contradicted, contradictory, inconsistent. 2.  
Abused, censured, reproached. 3. Sung or said in various ways.  
4. Sung ill. **३.** वि, and गीत sung.  
विगीति f. (-तिः) 1. Reproach, censure, abuse. 2. Contradiction. 3. Sing-  
ing in various styles. 4. Singing ill. **३.** वि, and गीति singing.  
विगुण mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Void of all qualities. 2. Bad, worthless,  
having no merit. 3. Having no string. **३.** वि, and गुण quality.  
विगुप्त mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Concealed, hidden. 2. Blamed, reproached,  
censured. **३.** वि before, गच्छ to conceal, aff. क ।  
विग्रहोत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Opposed, obstructed, prevented. 2. Encoun-  
tered, (as in fight.) 3. Seized. 4. Separated, dissolved, (as a com-  
pound.) **३.** वि before, गच्छ to seize, कट् aff. [ल्यप् aff.]  
विग्रहमात्र mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Being warred upon or contended with. **३.**  
वि before, गच्छ to take, pass. व., शानच् aff. [for नादिका ।  
विग्र mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Noseless. **३.** वि privative prefix, and ग्र substituted  
विग्रह m. (-कः) 1. The body. 2. Extension, expansion, diffusion. 3. A  
portion, a part. 4. Shape, form, figure. 5. (A grammatical term.)  
The proper application or sense of a compound word, resolution,  
analysis, separation. mn. (-कः) 1. War, battle, hostility, (con-  
sidered as one of the six modes of foreign policy.) 2. Quarrel. 3. Dis-  
favour. 4. Opposition, encounter. **३.** वि variegated, (happiness, &c.) गच्छ  
to take, aff. कप् ।  
विग्रहावर n. (-रः) The back. **३.** विग्रह the body, चवर the back.  
विग्रहाय mfn. (-कः-का-कं) To be warred or contended with. **३.** वि before,  
गच्छ to take, खप् aff.

विघटन n. (-नः) Ruin, destruction.

विघटिका f. (-का) Sixtieth part of a Ghari, equal to 24 seconds. **३.** वि,  
घटिका a Ghari.

विघटित f. (-ता) Divided, separated. **३.** वि + घट-क ।

विघटन nf. (-नः-ना) 1. Rubbing, friction. 2. Striking, asunder. 3. Opening,  
undoing, untying. 4. Offending. **३.** वि, घट् to rub, aff. कट् ।

विघटित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Rubbed, touched. 2. Offended. 3. Struck. 4.  
Untied, undone. **३.** वि before, घट् to rub, aff. क ।

विघन m. (-नः) A mallet, a hammer, an implement for striking. **३.** वि  
before, घन् to strike, कप् aff.

विघ्न m. (-घः) 1. The residue of food offered to the gods, to the manes,  
to a venerable guest, &c. 2. Food in general. n. (-घः) Bee's-wax. **३.**  
वि before, घद् to eat, aff. कप् or चञ्, घञ substituted for the root.

विघ्नमात्र m. (-माः) One who eats the remains of an offering. **३.** विघ्न, मात्र  
eating; also विघ्नमात्रिन्, &c.

विघ्नान् mn. (-नः-नं) 1. Impediment, obstacle. 2. Prohibition or preven-  
tion. 3. Opposition. 4. Destruction. 5. A blow. 6. Killing. 7.  
Abandoning. **३.** वि before, घन् to kill or hurt, aff. क ।

विघ्नान्निविधि f. (-धिः) Removing obstacles or impediments. **३.** विघ्नान् and  
निविधि attainment.

विघ्नान्निघ्न mfn. (-नी-निनी-ति) 1. Opposing, impeding, preventing. 2. Re-  
moving, destroying. 2. Wounding, killing. **३.** वि before, घन् to  
hurt or strike, aff. निनि ।

विघ्न mfn. (-घः-घा-घं) Cried, proclaimed. **३.** वि before, घृष्ट cried.

विघ्न Ind. Having proclaimed. **३.** वि before, घृष्ट to cry, ल्यप् aff.

विघ्नोत्त f. (-ता) Rolling, shaking. [ल्यट् aff.]

विघ्नोत्त n. (-घः) Proclamation, crying. **३.** वि before, घृष्ट to cry aloud,

विघ्न m. (-घः) 1. Obstacle, impediment. 2. Difficulty, trouble. 3. The  
caronda, (Carissa Carondas.) **३.** वि before, घन् to be injured, (by  
it,) and क aff. [what makes.]

विघ्नकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Opposing, impeding, obstructing. **३.** विघ्न and कर  
विघ्नकारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) 1. Impeding, obstructing. 2. Fearful, for-  
midable, terrible. **३.** विघ्न an obstacle, and कारिन् causing.

विघ्ननाशक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what removes difficulties, &c. m.  
(-कः) A name of GAN'ES'SA. **३.** विघ्न, नाशक who or what destroys

विघ्ननाशक n. (-नः) Removing obstacles. m. (-नः) A name of GAN'ES'SA. **३.**  
विघ्न an obstacle, and नाशक removing; the deity being supposed  
capable of either causing or removing difficulties and impedi-  
ments, and being therefore especially worshipped at the com-  
mencement of any undertaking; also other similar compounds.

विघ्नराज m. (-जः) GAN'ES'SA. **३.** विघ्न an obstacle, राज ruler; see the last.

विघ्नलेश m. (-शः) Slight obstacle or impediment. **३.** विघ्न, लेश a little.

विघ्नविनाशक m. (-कः) GAN'ES'SA. **३.** विघ्न an obstacle, विनाशक remover.

विघ्ननिविधि f. (-धिः) Removal of obstacles. **३.** विघ्न, निविधि accomplishment.

विघ्नकारिन् m. (-री) GAN'ES'SA. **३.** विघ्न, कारिन् who removes; see विघ्ननाशक ।

विघ्नित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Stopped, prevented, impeded. **३.** विघ्न, इतच् aff.

विघ्न m. (-घः) GAN'ES'SA. **३.** विघ्न an obstacle, ईश lord; see विघ्ननाशक ।

विघ्न m. (-घः) A horse's hoof.

विघ्न (वीरर) ची विघ्न r. 7th cl. (विघ्न विघ्नं) 1. To differ, to be sepa-  
rate or distinct. 2. To divide, to separate, especially in judgment,  
to discriminate, to judge. With वि, 1. To divide. 2. To discrimi-  
nate. 3. To describe. 4. To tear up, to remove.

विघ्नकिल m. (-कः) 1. A kind of jasmine. 2. A flower, commonly Do'na,  
(Artemisia;) see दमन. 3. A shrub, (Vangueria spinosa.) **३.** वि  
before, कच् to be satisfied, इलच् aff.

विघ्नचक्ष mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. O clever, able, wise, sensible. 2. Proficient,  
skilful. m. (-कः) A learned Brāhman or Pan'dit, a holy teacher. **३.**  
वि before, चक्ष् to speak, (sensibly,) and युच् aff. [the eye.]

विघ्नचक्ष mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Blind. 2. Sad, perplexed. **३.** वि privative, चक्ष्

विघ्न m. (-घः) Search, research. **३.** वि before, वि to collect, aff. कप् ।

विचक्षण n. (-ञ्) Search, research, &c. इ. वि before, चि to collect, aff. क्त्वा ।  
 विचरन् mfn. (-रन्-रन्-रन्) Wandering, roaming, going about. इ. वि  
 variously, चर् to go, क्त्वा aff. [aff. क्त्वा ।  
 विचर्षिता f. (-ता) Herpes, itch, scab. इ. वि before, चर्ष to speak or tell,  
 विचर्षित f. (-ता) Anointed, smeared.  
 विचरन् mfn. (-रन्-रन्-रन्) 1. Unsteady, unfixed, moving, going. 2. Con-  
 ceited. इ. वि before, चर् to move, &c. [चर् to go, क्त्वा aff.  
 विचरन् mfn. (-रन्-रन्-रन्) Moving, going, shaking, waving. इ. वि before,  
 विचरन् n. (-ञ्) 1. Fickleness, unsteadiness. 2. Self-praise, conceit. 3.  
 Deviating from. इ. वि before, चर् to go, क्त्वा aff.  
 विचरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone, departed. 2. Deviated from. इ. वि  
 before, चर् to go, क्त्वा aff.  
 विचार m. (-रः) 1. The exercise of judgment or reason on a present  
 object, investigation, consideration, deliberation. 2. Dispute, dis-  
 cussion. 3. Selection. 4. Doubt, hesitation. 5. Prudence. इ. वि be-  
 fore, चर् to go, aff. चञ् । [v., क्त्वा aff.  
 विचारक m. (-कः) An investigator a judge. इ. वि before, चर् to go, causal  
 विचारकता f. (-ता) Investigation, discussion. इ. तल् added to the last ;  
 also with ल्, विचारकत् ।  
 विचारकर्तृ m. (-तः) A judge, an investigator. इ. विचार, कर्तृ who makes.  
 विचारण nf. (-ण-या) 1. Deliberation, investigation, the exercise of judg-  
 ment, or decision after due examination or discussion. 2. Doubt,  
 hesitation. f. (-या) 1. The Mīmāṃsā system of philosophy. 2.  
 Doubt. 3. Examination, &c. इ. वि, चर् to go, causal form, aff. क्त्वा ।  
 विचारणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be discussed or investigated. इ. वि before,  
 चर् to go, causal v., चनीयर् aff.  
 विचारभू f. (-भूः) 1. The judgment seat of Yama, the judge of the dead.  
 2. Any meeting for literary or judicial investigation. इ. विचार  
 discussion or judgment, and भू place. [place.  
 विचारस्थल n. (-लः) A logical disputation. 2. A tribunal. इ. विचार, स्थल  
 विचारित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Judged, discussed. 2. Determined, decided.  
 3. Examined. इ. विचार discussion, aff. क्तम् ।  
 विचारित् mfn. (-रित-रित-रित) Judging. इ. वि before, चर् to go, चिनि aff.  
 विचार्य mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्यं) To be discussed, weighed, deliberated, Ind.  
 Having deliberated. इ. वि before, चर् to go, causal v., च्यत् or च्यप् aff.  
 विचार्यमाण mfn. (-णः-या-यं) Being investigated or discussed. इ. वि  
 before, चर् to go, passive v., ग्राह्य aff.  
 विचाल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Intervening, intermediate. इ. वि disjunctive pre-  
 fix, चल् to go, aff. चञ् । [also वीची ।  
 विधि f. (-धिः-वी) A wave. इ. वि before, चि to collect, क्त्वा aff.; or विष्-रन्;  
 विधिकिता f. (-ता) 1. Doubt, uncertainty. 2. Error, mistake. इ. वि  
 before, क्त्वा to doubt, in the reduplicate form, aff. चञ् ।  
 विधित f. (-तः) Searched through.  
 विधित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Variegated, spotted. 2. Painted, coloured. 3.  
 Handsome, beautiful. 4. Wonderful, surprising. n. (-तः) 1. Varie-  
 gated, (the colour.) 2. Surprise. 3. Speech implying apparently  
 the reverse of the object intended. इ. वि before, विधित variegated, &c.  
 विधितक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Wonderful, surprising. n. (-कः) Astonishment,  
 wonder. m. (-कः) The birch-tree. इ. क्त्वा added to the last.  
 विधितचीनायक n. (-ञ्) Watered China-silk. इ. विधित, चीनायक China-cloth.  
 विधितता f. (-ता) 1. Wonder, wonderfulness. 2. Being variegated, va-  
 riety of colour or tint, &c. इ. विधित, तल् aff.; also with ल्, विधितल ।  
 विधितदेह mfn. (-हः-ही-हं) 1. Having the body painted, &c. 2. Elegant.  
 m. (-हः) A cloud. इ. विधित spotted, variegated, (with different  
 tints,) and देह the body.  
 विधितदीय m. (-यः) A sovereign, the 22nd monarch of the lunar  
 dynasty in the third age, the son of S'Ā'NTANU and husband of  
 PĀ'NDU's mother. इ. विधित wonderful, दीय power.  
 विधितदीय f. (-यः) The mother of VICHITRAVIRYA by S'Ā'NTANU ; also  
 of VYĀ'SA by PĀRA'SĀRA. इ. विधितदीय as above, and वृ the mother.

विधितक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Elegant, well-formed, handsome. 2. Hav-  
 ing the body of various colours. m. (-कः) 1. A peacock. 2. A tiger.  
 इ. विधित variegated or beautiful, चर् the body. [वृत्त aff.  
 विधितित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Wonderful. 2. Painted, variegated. इ. विधित,  
 विधित Ind. Having reflected. इ. वि before, चिन् to think, क्त्वा aff.  
 विधितानाम mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being to be thought or considered. इ. वि be-  
 fore, चिन् to think, pass. v., ग्राह्य aff. [collect, aff. क्तम् ।  
 विधितन् mfn. (-न्-नन्-नन्) Thinking, considering. इ. वि before, चि to  
 विधितल m. (-लः) 1. A hero. 2. Discrimination, judging. 3. Search. इ.  
 क्त्वा added to the last. [collect, ग्राह्य aff.  
 विधितान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Thinking, considering, &c. इ. वि before, चि to  
 विधीते mfn. (-ते-ती-ते) 1. Entered. 2. Occupied or inhabited by. [sense.  
 विधितन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Unconscious, senseless, lifeless. इ. वि priv., चेतना  
 विधितन् mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) 1. Sad, perplexed, unhappy. 2. Ignorant,  
 stupid. इ. वि implying privation, चेतन् mind.  
 विधितित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Investigated, ascertained, inquired into or  
 looked after. 2. Struggled. 3. Inconsiderate, ill-judged. n. (-तः) 1.  
 Evil or malicious act. 2. Exertion, effort. 3. Machination. इ. वि be-  
 fore, चेतित sought.  
 विष् r. 6th cl. (विष्वायति-ते or विष्कति) To go or approach, (the form  
 when it takes the augment वाय is rarely used.) r. 10th cl. (विष्वायति-  
 ते) 1. To shine. 2. To speak.  
 विष्क m. (-कः) A building of several stories, and surrounded by a  
 portico, or having a portico to the east and west only ; a palace,  
 a temple. इ. वि before, क्त्वा wish, will; also with क्त्वा added विष्कन्त;  
 and when derived from कृदि to be splendid, with वृत् aff. विष्कन्त ।  
 विष्कन्त m. (-कः) A large and handsome building, the temple of a  
 god, or the palace of a prince. see the last.  
 विष्कन्त n. (-नं) 1. Disregarding. 2. Wasting. 3. Being sick. इ. वि  
 before, कृदि to vomit, क्त्वा aff.  
 विष्कन्तित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Disregarded, neglected. 2. Diminished,  
 impaired. 3. Vomited. इ. वि before, कृदि to vomit, क्त्वा aff.  
 विष्कान n. (-यः) 1. The shadow of a flock of birds. 2. A jem. इ. वि a bird,  
 क्त्वा a shadow, which in this sort of compound becomes neuter.  
 विष्कित f. (-तिः) 1. Cutting, cutting off, excision. 2. Dividing, frac-  
 ture. 3. Separation or absence. 4. Loss, disappearance, destruc-  
 tion. 5. Cæsura, pause in a verse. 6. The boundary or limits of a  
 house, &c. 7. A property of the Nāyikā or mistress, carelessness  
 or irregularity in dress and decoration through flurry and agita-  
 tion. 7. Colouring the body with coloured unguents. इ. वि before,  
 कृदि to cut, aff. क्त्वा ।  
 विष्कित m. (-तः-ती-तं) 1. Cut, separated, severed. 2. Absent or sepa-  
 rated from. 3. Divided, parted, portioned. 4. Shared, divided  
 equally. 5. Crooked, curved. 6. Scattered, dispersed. 7. Hidden  
 or cut off from view, intercepted. 8. Broken. 9. Ceased, ended. 10.  
 Smeared with unguents. इ. वि apart, कृदि to cut, aff. क्त्वा ।  
 विष्कित f. (-ता) 1. Coated, covered. 2. Inlaid. 3. Anointed.  
 विष्कित m. (-हः) 1. Separation, disjunction, removal. 2. Prohibition.  
 prevention. 3. Dividing, cutting. 4. The division of a book, a sec-  
 tion. 5. Space, interval. 6. Dissension, difference. 7. Interruption.  
 8. Termination. 9. Removal. इ. वि before, कृदि to cut, aff. चञ् ।  
 विष्कित mfn. (-कः-का-कं) What separates, divides, cuts, &c. m. (-कः)  
 A sector, a cutter. इ. वि before, कृदि to cut, क्त्वा aff. [क्त्वा aff.  
 विष्कित n. (-नं) Separating, severing, dividing. इ. वि before, कृदि to cut,  
 विष्कित mfn. (-हः-या-यं) Divisible, to be divided or separated. इ. वि  
 before, कृदि to cut, aff. चनीयर् ।  
 विष्कित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Thrown or supplied off. 2. Fallen or devia-  
 ted from. 3. Neglecting. 4. Sloughed. इ. वि before, च्यत् fallen.  
 विष्कित f. (-तिः or ती) 1. Decay, decline. 2. Separation. 3. Failure, mis-  
 carriage. 4. Deviation.

विज्(वी हर)वीविजि r. 3rd cl. (वेवेजि, वेविजे) 1. To be distinct or separate, to differ. 2. To separate or divide, especially by reason ; to judge, to distinguish, to discriminate. (वी, ई.) वीविजि r. 6th cl. (विजते, or usually with उद् prefixed उद्विजते) also r. 7th cl. (विजति) 1. To fear, to be afraid. 2. To tremble with fear. 3. To shake or tremble. 4. To be agitated or distressed. With उद्, 1. To fear. 2. To be disgusted. 3. To be sorry. 4. To frighten. [mau, people.]

विजन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Private, lonely, solitary. E. वि privative, and जन विजन n. (-नं) Birth, bearing, delivery. E. वि, जन् to be born, aff. छुट् । विजनित mfn. (तः-ता-तं) Born, begotten. E. वि, जन् to be born, aff. क्त । विजन्मन् m. (-न्मा) A man born from a degraded Vais'ya. E. वि, जन्मन् birth. विजविल n. (-लं) Mud. E. विज + क्त विल-क कर्म० ।

विजय m. (-यः) 1. Victory, triumph, conquest. 2. A name of ARJUN'A. 3. A divine car or chariot of the gods. 4. The father of the twenty-first Jina. 5. One of the persons named S'UKLA BA'LAS by the Jainas. 6. The god of Hades, YAMA. f. (-या) 1. An epithet of the goddess DURGA'. 2. One of the female friends or attendants of DURGA'. 3. One of the wives of YAMA. 4. Hemp, (Cannabis sativa,) or the tops of the plant used as a narcotic. 5. Yellow myrobalan, (Terminalia chebula.) 6. Orris root. 7. A peculiar lunar day ; the third, eighth, or thirteenth of a fortnight ; it is also applied to the tenth day of the light-half of the month A'shwin, (Sept-Oct.) on which the image of DURGA', set up during the great festival in honour of her, is cast into the water. E. वि before, जि to conquer, aff. चच् । [elephant.]

विजयकुञ्जर m. (-रः) A royal or war-elephant. E. विजय victory, कुञ्जर an विजयच्छन्द m. (-न्दः) A kind of necklace, one of 504 rows or strings. E. विजय triumph, &c. and छन्द covering, from छदि, aff. चच् ।

विजयनन्दन m. (-नः) A sovereign of the race of IKSHWA'KU. E. विजय victory or a proper name, and नन्दन the son. [drum.]

विजयमहल m. (-लः) A large military drum. E. विजय victory, महल a विजयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Victorious, triumphant. E. वि before, जि to conquer, मानच् aff.

विजयसिद्धि f. (-द्धिः) Success, victory. E. विजय, सिद्धि accomplishment.

विजयाप्तमी f. (-मी) The seventh day of the light-half of a month falling on a Sunday. E. विजया victory, सप्तमी the seventh.

विजयिन् mfn. (-यो-यिनी-यि) Victorious, triumphant, conquering, a conqueror. E. विजय and इनि aff.

विजयिन n. (-नं) Sauce mixed with the water of boiled-rice ; also विजिन. विजर n. (-रः) A stalk.

विजन n. (-लं) Sauce, &c. mixed with rice-water or gruel. E. विज् to shake, aff. कलच् ; also विजिल, विजन, &c.

विजय m. (-यः) 1. Talk, speech. 2. A malicious speech.

विजात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Born severally. 2. Base-born, of mixed origin. 3. Transformed. f. (-ता) The mother of children, a matron. E. वि severally, जात born, (from whom.)

विजाति f. (तिः) A different species or tribe. E. वि and जाति sort.

विजातीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Of a different caste. 2. Of mixed origin. 3. Dissimilar, of a different sort or nature. E. वि, जातीय casto, छ aff.

विजान् mfn. (-नन्-ननी-नन्) 1. Possessing various or extended knowledge. 2. Knowing, understanding E. वि, ज्ञा to know, श्रद्ध aff.

विजिगीष mfn. (-षः-षा-षं) Desirous of victory, emulative, anxious to overcome or conquer, &c. E. वि before, जि to conquer, in the desiderative form, aff. चच् ।

विजिगीषा f. (षा) Competition, emulation, wish to surpass, or subdue. E. जि to conquer, with वि prefixed, desid. v., चङ्, and टाप् affs.

विजिगीष mfn. (-यः-यः-यु) Desirous to conquer or overcome. m. (-युः) 1. A warrior. 2. An invader, an antagonist. 3. A disputant. 4. An opponent in general. &c. E. वि before, जि to conquer, desiderative form, च aff.

विजिगीषयिषु mfn. (-युः-युः-यु) Wishing to excite to war. E. वि before, य् to take, desid of the causal v., च aff.

विजिघृक्ष mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षुः-क्षु) Determined or wishing to encounter, oppose, fight with, overcome, &c. E. वि before, य् to take, desid. v., च aff.

विजित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Defeated, conquered. E. वि before, जित conquered. विजितवन् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Victorious, conquering. E. वि before, जि to conquer, क्तवत् aff. [तय्य aff.]

विजितव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) To be apprehended or feared. E. वि to fear, विजितान् mfn. (-न्मा-न्मा-न्मा) Self-subdued. E. विजित and आत्मन् self.

विजिति f. (तिः or ती) Victory, conquest.

विजिह्व mfn. (-ता-ती-ह्व) Who or what separates, divides, &c. m. (-ता) 1. A judge, a discriminator, a distinguisher. 2. A partner or co-heir. E. विज् to separate, &c., aff. ह्वच् and हट् augment.

विजिह्विन्द्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Of subdued organs or passions. E. विजित and इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.

विजित्व Ind. Having conquered. E. वि before, जि to conquer, क्तव् aff.

विजिन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Mixed with rice-gruel, &c. (sauce or condiments.) E. विज् to shake, aff. कलच् ।

विजिल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Mixed with rice-water or gruel, (sauce or condiments, &c.) E. विज् to shake, aff. कलच् ।

विजिविल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Mixed with rice-water, sauces, &c.

विजिगीषा f. (-षा) Wish or intention to take pleasure or sport. E. वि before, य् to take, desid. v., चङ् and टाप् affs.

विजिगीषु mfn. (-युः-युः-यु) Wishing or speaking for sport or amusement. E. वि before, य् to take, desid. v., च aff.

विजिह्व mfn. (-ह्वः-ह्वः-ह्वं) 1. Curved, bent. 2. Awry, crooked in mind or purpose, dishonest, depraved. E. वि privative, and जिह्व straight विजिह्वता f. (-ता) 1. Crookedness. 2. Craftiness. E. विजिह्व and तल् aff.

विजुल m. (-लः) The silk cotton tree. E. विज-उलच् aff.

विजृम्भ n. (-म्भं) 1. Pastime, sport, especially amorous. 2. Budding, blossoming, expanding. 3. Yawning, gaping. 4. Exhibiting, displaying. E. वि before, जृम्भ to yawn, aff. क्खट् ।

विजृम्भित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Blossomed, expanded, opened, unfolded. 2. Yawning, gaping. 3. Sported, wantoned. n. (-तं) 1. Wish, desire. 2. Pastime, sport. E. वि before, जृम्भ to yawn or open, क्त aff.

विजेह्व mfn. (-ता-ती-ह्व) Victorious, a victor. E. वि, जि to conquer, ह्वच् aff.

विजन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Mixed with rice-water or gruel, (sauce, gravy, &c.) : see विजिल ; it is also occurs विजल । [An arrow.]

विजल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Mixed with rice-water, &c. : see विजिल. n. (-नं) विजल n. (-लं) Cinnamon. E. विज-उलच् aff. "दाहचिनि ।"

विज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) 1. Skilful, able, clever, conversant. 2. Wise, learned. E. वि implying separation, discrimination, ज् who knows.

विजता f. (-ता) Wisdom, learning. E. तल् added to the preceding, also with ल, विजल । [causal v., क्त aff.]

विजित mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Stated, reported, represented. E. वि, ज्ञा to know, विजिहि f. (हिः) 1. Information, representation, respectful communication or information, or opinion on any subject. 2. An announcement. E. वि before, ज्ञा to know, causal form, aff. क्तिन् ।

विजिह्वि f. (-हिः) Indian spikenard.

विजित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Celebrated, famous, known. 2. Known, understood. E. वि before, ज्ञा to know, aff. क्त ।

विज्ञान n. (-नं) 1. Knowledge, science, learning, worldly knowledge or wisdom, that which comprehends any subject, except an understanding of the true nature of God or BRAHMA, acquirable by abstract meditation and the study of the Vedas ; it is also described as conversancy with the arts of painting, &c., and with books, as the Smṛiti-Shā'stras or works on law, and other branches of science or literature. 2. Business, employment. 3. Music.

E. वि implying variety, and ज्ञान knowledge.

विज्ञानपाद m (-दः) An epithet of VYĀSA.



विज्ञानसाहचिक m. (-कः) A name of BUDDHA, the founder of the Baud'dha religion. E. विज्ञान knowledge, साहचिक parent.

विज्ञानिक mfn. (-कः-कौ-कं) Clever, skilful, conversant; also वैज्ञानिक. E. विज्ञान, ठक् aff.

विज्ञापक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what makes known. m. (-कः) 1. An informant. 2. An instructor. E. वि, ज्ञा to know, causal v., क् ल् aff.

विज्ञापन n. (-नं) 1. Teaching, instruction, communication of knowledge not religious, &c. 2. Representing, informing. E. वि before, ज्ञा to know, causal form, aff. झुट्.

विज्ञापनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be made known, represented, taught, &c. E. वि before, ज्ञा to know, causal v., क्नीयर् aff.

विज्ञापित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Apprised, informed. 2. Instructed. E. वि before, ज्ञा to know, causal v., क्त aff.

विज्ञाय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Cognizable, comprehensible, what is to be or may be known or understood. E. वि implying discrimination, ज्ञा to know, यत् participle aff.

विज्वर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Exempt from decay. 2. Free from fever. E. वि, ज्वरा decay, or ज्वर fever. [क्कर् clanging.]

विक्कर् mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Harsh, disagreeable, (as sound.) E. वि before, जिक्कार n. (-रं) The white of the eye.

विहोली f. (-ली) A line, a row, a range.

विट् r. 1st cl. (वेडति) 1. To sound. 2. To curse. (रु) विटि r. 10th cl. (विटयति-ते) To decay.

विट m. (-टः) 1. A catamite, a pathic. 2. A rogue, a cheat. 3. An attendant on a dissolute character or courtesan, he is represented as on familiar terms with his associate and accomplished in the arts of singing and poetry. 4. A paramour, a gallant. 5. A mountain. 6. The Khayer-tree, (Mimosa catechu.) 7. A medicinal salt: see विडलवण. 8. A rat. 9. The orange tree. 10. A branch and its shoot. E. विट् to sound, aff. क्.

विट् m. (-टः-टं) 1. A dove-cot, an aviary. 2. The highest point. E. वि variously, टकि to bind, aff. चक्; also with कन् added विट्क.

विटप m. (-पः-पं) 1. The branch of a tree or creeper with its new sprout or shoot. 2. A new shoot. 3. A branch. 4. Expansion, spreading. 5. A clump, a cluster. 6. A bush. 7. The perinaeum or septum of the scrotum. m. (-पः) The keeper of pathics. E. विट a branch, &c., and प् to cherish, aff. क्; or विट् to sound, Una'di aff. चप, with the radical vowel unchanged.

विटपिन् m. (-पी) 1. A tree. 2. The large Indian fig-tree, (Ficus Indica.) E. विटप a branch or shoot, and पिन् aff.

विटमालिक m. (-कः) A kind of mineral: see मालिक.

विटलवण n. (-णं) A medicinal salt, see विट; also विटलवण.

विट f. (-टि: or टो) Yellow saunders.

विटकारिका f. (-का) A kind of bird, probably a variety of the Turdus Salica of Buchanan. E. विट् from विट् faeces, कारिका working.

विट्खदिर m. (-रः) A fetid Mimosa. E. विट् faeces, खदिर Mimosa catechu.

विट्चर m. (-रः) The tame or village hog. E. विट् filth, &c. चर who goes.

विट्पण्य n. (-यः) Goods, merchandise. E. विट् a Vais'ya, पण्य wares.

विट्पति m. (-तिः) 1. A son-in-law, a daughter's husband. 2. A head merchant. E. विट् a Vais'ya, &c., and पति master.

विट्लवण n. (-णं) A fetid salt: see विड. E. विट् ordure, लवण salt.

विट्मृक् m. (-कः) Constipation. E. विट् and मृक् aggregate.

विट्मारिका f. (-का) A bird, a sort of thrush; a variety of the bird, usually though inaccurately called Maina in Bengal. E. विट् faeces, मारिका the same bird, or another species of the same. "गुयेमालिक".

विड mfn. (-डः-डा-डं) Bad, vile, low. [To cry out against.]

विड् r. 1st cl. (वेडति) 1. To divide, to break. 2. To curse, to revile. 3. To divide, to break, क्तिप् aff.

विड f. (-विड) A bit, a fragment. E. विड् to break, क्तिप् aff.

विड m. (-डं) 1. Factitious salt, or salt procured by boiling soil found near the sea-shore, or any earth impregnated with saline particles.

2. A particular fetid kind of salt, used as a tonic aperient, commonly called black salt or Vit-lavan', prepared by fusing fossil-salt with a small portion of Emblie myrobals; the produce is muriate of soda with small quantities of muriate of lime, sulphur and oxid of iron. 3. A part, a fracture, a bit. E. विड् to divide, aff. क्.

विडमन् n. (-न्) The medicinal salt called Vit lavan': see the last. E. विड salt, मन् smell.

विडङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गा-ङ्गं) Clever, able, skilful, conversant. mn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गं) A vegetable and medicinal substance, considered of great efficacy as a vermifuge. E. विड् to break, to curse, Una'di aff. चङ्गच्.

विडम् m. (-म्) 1. Imitation. 2. Distressing, afflicting.

विडम्बन nf. (-नः-ना-तं) 1. Afflicting, distressing. 2. Vexation, mortification. 3. Frustrating, rendering vain. 4. Imitation, copying, especially assuming a similar appearance or dress, disguise, masquerade. 5. Deception, fraud. 6. Ridiculousness. 7. The supernatural assumption of a borrowed form, transformation. E. वि before, डम् to heap, aff. झुट्.

विडम्बनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. To be distressed or annoyed. 2. To be assumed as a disguise. E. वि before, डम् to heap, क्नीयर् aff.

विडम्बयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) 1. Assuming, putting on, (as a borrowed dress or appearance. 2. Imitating. E. वि before, डम् to heap, aff. यन्.

विडम्बित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Low, poor, abject, distressed. 2. Vexed, mortified. 3. Assumed, put on, (as a borrowed form, &c.) simulated, transformed. 4. Copied, imitated. 5. Ridiculed, derided. 6. Deceived. E. वि before, डम् to heap, aff. क्.

विडारक m. (-कः) A cat. E. See the next, the ल being changed to र.

विडाल m. (-लः) 1. cat. 2. The eye-ball. E. विड् to divide, to tear, (rats.) Una'di aff. कालन्; also with कन् added, विडालक, and ल being changed to र, विडारक.

विडालक n. (-कः) 1. Yellow orpiment. m. (-कः) 1. Application of ointment to the external part of the eye, especially to the eye-lids, of which the lashes have fallen off or been ulcerated. 2. A cat. E. कन् added to the last.

विडालपद m. (-दः) A measure of weight, the same as the Karsha or weight of sixteen Māshas. E. विडाल a cat, पद the foot.

विडौन n. (-नं) One of the different modes of flight attributed to birds, imitative flight. E. वि severally, and डौन flying. [इन्]

विडल m. (-लः) A sort of cane, (Calamus rotang.) E. विड-कुलन्. "वेतस

विडरज n. (-जः) The Lapis Lazuli.

विडौजस् m. (-जः) A name of INDRA. E. विड् a fragment; (splitting mountains, &c. with his thunderbolt,) or विट् from विड् a Vais'ya, (here meaning a subject or man in general,) and औजस् strength, splendour; also विडौजस्.

विडयुक् m. (-कः) Constipation. E. विट् and युक् taking. [ज् born.]

विड्ज mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Produced from ordure. n. (-जः) A fungus. E. विट्,

विड्भव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Born or produced from ordure. E. विट्, भव born

विड्भुज् mfn. (-भुज्) Feeding on ordure. E. विट् and भुज् who eats.

विडलवण n. (-णं) A medicinal salt, commonly black salt, Vitlavan: see विड. E. विड् to divide, aff. क्तिप्, and लवण salt; also विट्लवण.

विडुराह m. (-हः) A village or tame hog. E. विट् faeces, वराह a hog.

विटंस m. (-सः) A cage, a net, a chain or any apparatus for confining beasts or birds. E. वि before, तंस to adorn, aff. चक्; also वीतंस.

वितम्ब m. (-म्बः) 1. A sort of lock or bolt with three divisions or wards. 2. An elephant. f. (-म्बः) 1. Controversy, argument, the subversion of another's opinion or interpretation and establishment of one's own. 2. Criticism. 3. An esculent root, (Arum colocasia.) 4. Benzoin or styrax. 5. The Oleander plant, (Nerium odorum.) 6. A ladle, a spoon. E. वि before, तम्ब to beat, affs. चक् and टप्.

वितत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Stretched, spread, expanded. 2. Pervaded,

diffused. 3. Lengthened. 4. Large, broad. 5. Covered. 6. Performed. n. (-त्तं) Any stringed instrument. ३. वि before, तत् to stretch.

वितति f. (-तिः) 1. Spreading, expansion. 2. Quantity, collection. 3. A clump, a cluster, (of trees.) ३. वि before, तत् to stretch, क्त्वा aff.

विततीकरण n. (-त्तं) Spreading, stretching. ३. वितत्, करण making, क्त्वा aff.

विततीकृत mfn. (-त्तः-ता-त्तं) Stretched, spread, expanded. ३. वितत् the same, कृत made, and क्त्वा augment, leaving इ ।

वितत्य Ind. Having spread. ३. वि before, तत् to spread, क्त्वा aff.

वितथ mfn. (-त्तः-था-त्तं) False, untrue, vain, futile. ३. वि implying reverse, तथ true, क्त्वा aff., and the semivowel rejected; or वि before, तत् to desire, क्त्वा aff., and न rejected; also वितथ f. (-त्था)

वितद् f. (-द्) A name of a river, said to be situated in the Punja'b. ३. वि before, तत् to desire, aff. इ and क्त्वा augment.

वितनु mfn. (-त्तुः-नी-त्तु) Thin, graceful, delicate. ३. वि and तनु the same.

वितनु m. (-त्तुः) A good horse. f. (-त्तुः) A widow.

वितन्वत् mfn. (-त्तन्-वत्-नी-वत्) Spreading, stretching, expanding. ३. वि before, तत् to stretch, वत् aff.

वितन्म mfn. (-त्तन्-मः-नः) 1. Light, free from darkness. 2. Exempt from the quality of ignorance. ३. वि privative, तन्म darkness.

वितरण n. (-त्तं) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Abandoning, quitting. 2. Passing, crossing. ३. वि implying privation, &c., and त् to cross, क्त्वा ट् aff.

वितर्क m. (-र्कः) 1. Reasoning, discussion. 2. Doubt, deliberation. 3. A teacher, an instructor in divine knowledge. 4. Consideration of probabilities, mental anticipation of alternatives, conjecture, ३. वि implying discrimination, &c., तर्क to reason, aff. क्त्वा ।

वितर्कण n. (-त्तं) 1. Reasoning, discussion, whether mental or controversial, argument, reflection. 2. Apprehension, doubt. ३. वि before, तर्क to reason, aff. क्त्वा ट् ।

वितर्क्य Ind. Having deliberated, considered, &c. mfn. (-र्कः-र्का-र्क्यं) Doubtful, questionable. ३. वि before, तर्क to reason, क्त्वाप् or यत् aff.

वितर्दि f. (-र्दिः or र्दी) 1. A quadrangular building, or sort of covered terrace of wood in the centre of the court-yard of a temple or palace. 2. A quadrangular resting place made of wood, a seat, a bench. 3. A place in a court-yard for sitting in or standing under. 4. A floor on four posts in the midst of a quadrangular house. 5. A temporary stage or shed in the middle of a court-yard, for performing sacrifices, representing plays, &c. 6. A terrace furnished with pillars, a váranda'h, a balcony. 7. A covered temporary terrace on which idols are sometimes placed and worshipped. ३. वि privative, तर्दि to injure, aff. इन्; also ऊर्द् optionally added, and with क्त्वा added in the fem. form वितर्दिक्का ।

वितल u. (-त्तं) One of the seven divisions of Pa'ta'la, the second in descent below the earth. ३. वि before, तल् to be low, aff. क्त्वा ।

वितला f. (-ला) Name of a river in the Punja'b, known to the Greeks as the Hydaspes and now called the Jhelum.

वितलि f. (-लिः) A long span measured by the extended thumb and little finger, considered equal to twelve fingers. ३. वि apart, तल् to throw, Unadi aff. क्त्वा ।

वितान mfn. (-त्तः-ना-त्तं) 1. Empty, pithless, sapless. 2. Empty, vacant. 3. Dull, stupid. 4. Wicked, abandoned. mn. (-त्तः-नः) 1. Spreading, expansion. 2. An awning, a canopy. 3. Sacrifice, offering, oblation. 4. The sacrificial hearth or hole in which the sacred fires are kept. 5. A heap, a quantity. 6. Season, opportunity. n. (-त्तं) 1. A form of the Anusht'ubh metre or verse of four lines of eight syllables each; each line of the stanza named Vita'na consists of two Iambics, one Trochee, and one Spondee. 3. Leisure, rest, interval of occupation. ३. वि before, तत् to spread, aff. क्त्वा ।

वितानक n. (-त्तं) 1. An awning, a canopy, especially a cloth spread over a large open hall or court, or any open space in which dancing singing, &c. are exhibited, at solemn or religious festivals. 2. A

heap, a quantity. 3. An expanse. ३. क्त्वा added to the preceding.

वितानीकरण n. (-त्तं) Covering, overspreading, (as a canopy.) ३. वितान making, क्त्वा aff. [वितान, कृत made, क्त्वा aug.]

वितानीकृत mfn. (-त्तः-ता-त्तं) Spread or extended over, (as a canopy.) ३. वितान्यमान mfn. (-त्तः-ना-त्तं) Being overspread, covered, shaded, &c. ३. वि before, तत् to stretch, pass. व., शानच् aff.

वितिष्ठमान mfn. (-त्तः-ना-त्तं) 1. Staying, being. 2. Fixed, stationary. 3. Permanent. ३. वि before, स्था to stay, शानच् aff.

वितोच mfn. (-त्तः-चा-त्तं) 1. Crossed over, overpassed. 2. Subdued, overcome. 3. Effaced, rubbed out. 4. Conferred, bestowed. 5. Afforded, yielded. 6. Conveyed. ३. वि before, तत् to cross, क्त्वा aff.

वितुन n. (-त्तं) 1. A potherb, (Marselia quadrifolia.) 2. An aquatic plant (Vallisneria spiralis.) ३. वि privative, तुन pained; allaying pain.

वितुनक m. (-त्तः) A plant, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) n. (-त्तं) 1. Coriander seed. 2. Blue vitriol. ३. क्त्वा added to the last.

वितुष्ट mfn. (-त्तः-ष्टा-त्तं) Displeased, dissatisfied. ३. वि priv., तुष्ट pleased.

वितुष्ट mfn. (-त्तः-ष्टा-त्तं) Content, satisfied, free from any desire. ३. वि priv., दृष्टा thirst. [cupidity.]

वितुष्टता f. (-ता) 1. Satiety, satisfaction. 2. Content. ३. वि priv., दृष्टता

विचर r. 10th cl. (विचरति-ते) To quit, to abandon, especially by giving away, to give alms; according to some, also (विचापयति-ते) ।

विच mfn. (-त्तः-चा-त्तं) 1. Judged, investigated, examined, discussed. 2. Known, famous. 3. Gained, acquired. n. (-त्तं) 1. Wealth, property, thing, substance. 2. Power. ३. विद् to know, to discuss, to acquire, aff. क्त्वा, form irr.; विच्यते क्त्वायते विच-चच् । [wealth, इ who gives.]

विचद m. (-द्) A benefactor, one who gives away property. ३. वि विचयत् mfn. (-त्तः-यत्-नी-वत्) Rich, wealthy. ३. विच and मनुप् aff.

विचहीन mfn. (-त्तः-ना-त्तं) Poor, indigent. ३. विच and हीन void of.

विति f. (-तिः) 1. Discussion, discrimination, judgment, investigation. 2. Knowledge. 3. Gain, acquisition. 4. Livelihood. ३. विद् to know, &c., aff. क्त्वा ।

विचेष्टा f. (-त्तं) Cupidity, avarice. ३. विच, ईष्टा wish. [to fear, aff. क्त्वा]

वितक्ष mfn. (-त्तः-क्षी-त्तं) Frightened, alarmed, afraid. ३. वि before, तक्ष

विवास m. (-त्तः) Fear, alarm. ३. वि before, वास fear.

विश्वान m. (-नः) An ox, a bull.

विष् (क्त्वा) विष् r. 1st cl. (विष्ते) To ask or beg.

विष्म m. (-त्तं) 1. A thief. 2. An imp, a demon. ३. क्त्वा to fear, Unadi aff. चरच्, the semivowel changed to र, and that unaltered.

विद्या f. (-या) A plant, commonly Gojihwa'.

विद् r. 2nd cl. (वेत्ति वेद) 1. To know. 2. To look upon, to take for, to consider. With नि prefixed, To be sad or depressed. With क्त्वा (संविने) To meditate, to know, to gain holy knowledge by abstract meditation. r. 4th cl. (विद्यते) To be, to exist, to be present, to exist actually. r. 7th cl. (विद्ये) 1. To consider, to reason. 2. To understand. 3. To regard, to take for. 4. To discuss. r. 10th cl. (वेदयते) 1. To be sensible. 2. To know. 3. To declare, to describe or explain; (in this sense नि is usually prefixed.) 4. To dwell, to inhabit. 5. To be fixed or steady. 6. To suffer pain. With नि, or वि and नि prefixed, To deliver, to impart or communicate. With प्रणि. To deliver, to give. (वी लृ) वी विद् विष् r. 6th cl. (विद्यति-ते) 1. To gain, to get, to acquire or possess. 2. To find. 3. To experience. 4. To marry. With क्त्वा, To feel. With परि, To marry first.

विद् m. (-विद्) 1. Who or what knows. 2. A learned man. 3. The planet mercury. f. (-विद्) Knowledge, understanding. ३. विद् to know, क्त्वा aff.

विदग्ध m. (-ग्धः) Pungent food that excites thirst. ३. वि + दग्ध-क्त्वा aff. "चाटुनि ।"

विदग्ध mfn. (-ग्धः-ग्धा-ग्धं) 1. Clever, shrewd, knowing. 2. Sharp, witty. 3. Intriguing. 4. Undigested. 5. Burnt. m. (-ग्धः) 1. A libertine, a lecher, an intriguer. 2. A learned or clever man, a scholar, a Pandit f. (-ग्धा) A sharp knowing woman. ३. वि before, दग्ध to burn, aff. क्त्वा ।

विद्वत्ता f. (-ता) Sharpness, shrewdness, cleverness, wit. E. तत् aff. of the abstract, added to the last; also with the aff. ल, विद्वत्त्वम् ।  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-दन्-दती-दन्) Wise, intelligent, learned, knowing. E. विद् to know, aff. लङ् ।  
 विद्वन् m. (-न्) 1. A wise or learned man, a sage, a scholar. 2. A saint, a devotee. E. विद् to know, Una'di aff. वृद्ध् and the radical vowel unchanged. [to have, वृद्ध aff.]  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-वन्-वती-वन्) Having, wearing, assuming. E. वि before, वा  
 विद्वन् m. (-रः) Tearing, rending. n. (-रः) The Indian prickly-pear, (Cactus Indicus.) "कबिलनखः" E. वि before, वृद्ध् to tear, aff. वृद्ध् or वृद्ध् ।  
 विद्वन् mf. (-वः-वती) A district and city to the south-west of Bengal, the modern Bada-Nágpur or Bera'r proper. m. (-वः) Any dry or desert soil. E. वि privative, and वृद्ध् the sacred grass; not growing in that country in consequence of the curse of a saint, whose son had died of a wound from a blade of the grass.  
 विद्वन्ता f. (-ता) 1. The wife of the saint AGASTYA. 2. DAMAYANTI the wife of NALA, and heroine of the Naishada or poem so called. 3. RUKMINI, the wife of KRISHNA. E. विद्वन् the country, and ज born.  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-वः-वती) 1. Opened, expanded, blown, (as a flower, &c.) 2. Rent, split. n. (-वः) 1. A shallow basket made of split bamboos, a vessel of wicker work. 2. Split peas. 3. Pomegranate bark. 4. The cuttings or chips of any substance, that which has been pared or split. m. (-वः) 1. Dividing, separating. 2. A cake. 3. Mountain-ebony, (Bauhinia variegata, &c.) E. वि before, वृद्ध् tearing, &c.  
 विद्वन् n. (-नः) Bending asunder, cutting, splitting.  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Rent, torn, split. 2. Blown, expanded, (as a flower.) E. वि before, वृद्ध् to tear, ल aff. [वि augment.]  
 विद्वन्करण n. (-कः) Rending, dividing. E. विद्वन्, and करण making, with विद्वन्करन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Divided, separated. 2. Cut, split, torn, broken. E. विद्वन् dividing, कृत made, वि augment.  
 विद्वन्मान mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Being bitten. E. वि before, वृद्ध् to bite, pass. v., मानच् aff. [know, वृद्ध् and टाप् affs.]  
 विद्वन् 1. Knowledge. 2. Intellect, understanding. E. विद् to विद्वन् m. (-रः) 1. Tearing, rending. 2. War, battle. 3. An inundation, an overflow, the rising of a river or pond above its banks. f. (-री) 1. A plant, (Hedysarum gangeticum.) 2. A climbing plant, (Ipomoea paniculata.) 3. Bubo, swelling in the groin, &c. E. वि before, वृद्ध् to tear, to divide, aff. वृद्ध् ।  
 विद्वन् m. (-कः) 1. A divider, a render or tearer. 2. A tree or rock in the middle of a stream, dividing its course. 3. A hole or pit for water sunk in the bed of a dry river, &c. f. (-रिका) 1. A plant, (Hedysarum alhagi.) 2. A bubo. E. वि before, वृद्ध् to divide, aff. वृद्ध् ।  
 विद्वन् n. (-वः) 1. Tearing, breaking, splitting, severing, dividing. 2. Painful, afflicting. 3. Killing, slaughter. mf. (-वः-वती) War, battle. m. (-वः) A tree, (Pterospermum acerifolium.) E. वि before, वृद्ध् to tear, aff. वृद्ध् ।  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-वन्-वती-वन्) Tearing, rending, dividing. E. वि before, विद्वन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Torn, split, broken. E. वि before, वृद्ध् to tear, ल aff. विद्वन्ता f. (-ता) A plant, (Hedysarum gangeticum.) "शाखपात्रि" ।  
 विद्वन् m. (-वः) A lizard. E. वि before, वृद्ध् to tear, ल aff. विद्वन् Ind. Having torn or rent. E. वि, वृद्ध् to tear, ल aff. [वृद्ध aff.]  
 विद्वन् m. (-वः) 1. Heat, burning. 2. Pungency. E. वि before, वृद्ध् to burn, विद्वन् mfn. (-वः-वती-वन्) 1. Burning, hot. 2. Pungent, acrid. E. वि before, वृद्ध् to burn, aff. वृद्ध् । [वृद्ध handsome.]  
 विद्वन् m. (-वः) A sort of bird. E. विद्वन् a point of the compass, विद्वन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Known, understood. 2. Promised, agreed, assented. 3. Represented, submitted, solicited. 4. Apprised, informed, who or what knows. m. (-तः) A sage, a learned man. n. (-तः) Information, representation. E. विद् to know, &c., aff. ल ।  
 विद्वन् Ind. Having known or promised. E. विद् to know, ल aff.

विद्वन् f. (-दिक्) An intermediate point of the compass. E. वि implying separation, and दिक् a quarter.  
 विद्वन् f. (-ता) Name of a river in Mal'ava.  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-वः-वती-वन्) 1. Torn, split, burst or broken. 2. Expanded, opened. E. वि before, वृद्ध् to tear, aff. ल, form irr.  
 विद्वन्ता f. (-ता) Being torn, split, broken, out, &c. E. वि before, वृद्ध् to rend, pass. v., मानच् aff.  
 विद्वन् m. (-वः) 1. The hollow between the frontal globes of an elephant. 2. The hippopotamus. E. विद् to know, (the goad,) aff. वृद्ध्; with वृद्ध् विद्वन् ।  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Wise, knowing, intelligent. m. (-रः) 1. A libertine, an intriguer. 2. A learned or clever man. 3. The younger brother and counsellor of DHRTARA'SHTRA. E. विद् to know, वृद्ध् aff.  
 विद्वन् m. (-वः) 1. A sort of reed, (Calamus rotang); also the same growing in water, (C. fasciculatus.) 2. Gum-myrrh. E. विद् to know, aff. वृद्ध् ।  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Agitated, distressed. E. वि, वृद्ध् to distress, ल aff. विद्वन् mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Very far or remote. m. (-रः) Name of a mountain whence the Lapis Lazuli is brought. E. वि intervening, दूर distant.  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Spreading, going far or wide. E. वि before, दूर far, remote, and न what goes.  
 विद्वन् n. (-जः) The Lapis Lazuli. [mountain.]  
 विद्वन् m. (-रिः) The name of a mountain. E. विद्वन् remote, and वृद्ध् a विद्वन् mfn. (-कः-विका-कः) 1. Facetious, witty, a wag, a jester. 2. Censorious, detracting, a detractor or abuser of other people. m. (-कः) 1. An actor, especially an interlocutor with the audience between the acts or scenes, a jester, a buffoon. 2. (In dramatic language,) The humble and jocular companion of the principal character. 3. A catamite. f. (-की) Corrupting, contaminating. E. वि before, वृद्ध् to be or make bad, aff. लङ् ।  
 विद्वन् n. (-वः) 1. Censuring, reviling, abuse, satire. 2. Corruption. E. वि before, वृद्ध् to make bad or faulty, aff. लङ् ।  
 विद्वन् m. (-वः) 1. A foreign country, abroad. 2. Any place away from home. E. वि variety, देश place or country.  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Gone abroad. E. विद्वन् and नत gone.  
 विद्वन् n. (-नः) Travelling, going abroad. E. विद्वन्, नत going.  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-जः-जा-जः) Foreign, exotic. E. विद्वन्, ज born. [what stays.]  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-वः-वती-वन्) Who or what remains abroad. E. विद्वन्, ल विद्वन् mfn. (-वः-वती-वन्) Foreign, foreigner, exotic. E. विद्वन्, ल aff. विद्वन् mfn. (-वः-वती-वन्) Incorporeal, without body. m. (-वः) A sovereign of the family of JANAKA, king of Mithila. f. (-वती) A district in the province of Beha'r, the same as the ancient Mithila, or the modern Tirhut. E. वि privative, and वृद्ध् the body.  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-वः-वती-वन्) 1. Pierced, perforated. 2. Thrown, cast, directed, sent. 3. Like, resembling. 4. Opposed, impeded. 5. Beaten, whipped. m. (-वः) A tree, (Echites scholaris.) n. (-वः) A wound. E. विद् to pierce, or व्याच् to beat, aff. ल ।  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-वः-वती-वन्) Having the ears pierced or slit. mf. (-वः-वती-वन्) A plant, commonly A'kanádi, (Cissampelos hexandra, Rox.) E. विद् pierced, and कर्त्त the ear; also in the latter sense, with कर्त्त added विद्वन्विद्या; also वृद्ध् कर्त्त, &c.  
 विद्वन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Being present or in existence. 2. Actual, real, in possession, (as property.) E. विद् to be, 4th cl. and मानच् aff. विद्या f. (-या) 1. Knowledge, learning, science, whether sacred or profane, though more especially the former: it is sometimes classed into fourteen divisions; viz:—the four Veda's; the six Angas, or grammar, astronomy, &c.; the Pura'nas as the eleventh class; and the Mima'nsa or theology, Nyaya or logic, and Dharma or law, as the remaining three. 2. The goddess DURGA. 3. A tree, (Premna spinosa.) 4. A magical pill or bolus, by putting which into the mouth a person has the power of ascending to heaven. 5. Spell, incantation. E. विद् to know, aff. लङ् ।

विद्याकर mfn. (-रः-रौ-रं) Giving wisdom or science. m. (-रः) A learned man. E. विद्या, कर what makes, or चाकर a mine; see विद्याधर।  
 विद्यामय m. (-मः) Acquirement of knowledge. E. विद्या, आगम coming.  
 विद्यावध mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Famous for learning or knowledge. E. विद्या knowledge, and वध aff. in this particular meaning; also विद्याधन।  
 विद्यावधु mfn. (-वुः-वुः-वुः) Famous for knowledge. E. विद्या knowledge, and वधु aff. implying celebrity. [for writing on].  
 विद्यादल m. (-लः) The Bhurja-patra tree. E. विद्या, दल a leaf; being used विद्यादान n. (-नः) Giving knowledge or science. E. विद्या, दान giving.  
 विद्यादेवी f. (-वी) A female divinity, one of a class of sixteen peculiar apparently to the mythological system of the Jains. E. विद्या science, देवी a goddess; a goddess of learning or science, a muse.  
 विद्याधन n. (-नः) Property acquired by science, as by instruction, &c. E. विद्या knowledge, and धन wealth.  
 विद्याधर m. (-रः) A demigod of a particular order or class, a spirit of the air. E. विद्या a magical pill, as above, and धर who has or holds.  
 विद्यानुपालन n. (-नः) 1. Patronising learning. 2. Studying, acquiring learning. E. विद्या and अनुपालन encouraging.  
 विद्यानुपालिन् mfn. (-लौ-लिनौ-लि) Studied, acquiring or having acquired learning. E. विद्या and अनुपालिन् who prosecutes. [suing].  
 विद्यानुसेवन n. (-नः) Cultivating science or learning. E. विद्या, अनुसेवन pur-  
 विद्यानुसेविन् mfn. (-वी-विनौ-वि) Cultivating learning, engaged in study. E. विद्या and अनुसेविन् addicted to.  
 विद्याप्राप्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Acquirement of knowledge. 2. Acquisition made by or through learning. E. विद्या and प्राप्ति gain.  
 विद्याभ्यास m. (-सः) Study, diligent application. E. विद्या, अभ्यास exercise.  
 विद्यार्जन n. (-नः) 1. Acquiring knowledge. 2. Acquiring anything by knowledge, as by teaching, &c. E. विद्या, अर्जन gaining.  
 विद्यार्जित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gained by or through knowledge. E. विद्या, अर्जित obtained.  
 विद्यार्थ m. (-र्थः) Seeking for knowledge. E. विद्या and अर्थ object.  
 विद्यार्थिन् mfn. (-र्थी-र्थिनौ-धि) Seeking for knowledge. m. (-र्थी) A pupil, a student. E. विद्यार्थ and इनि aff. [gained].  
 विद्यालभ mfn. (-लभः-लभ-लभं) Gained by or through learning. E. विद्या, लभ  
 विद्यालय m. (-यः) A school, a college. E. विद्या and आलय a house.  
 विद्यालाम m. (-मः) 1. Acquisition of learning. 2. Acquirement by or through learning. E. विद्या and लाभ gain.  
 विद्यावत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Learned, possessed of learning or science. E. विद्या learning, and वत् poss. aff.  
 विद्याविशिष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) Possessed of learning or science. E. विद्या, विशिष्ट endowed with. [prived of].  
 विद्याविहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Ignorant, uninstructed. E. विद्या, विहीन de-  
 विद्याव्रतकातक m. (-कः) The Bra'hmana who has finished his studies and period of studentship. E. विद्या, व्रत a religious obligation, कातक a householder. [E. विद्या, कातक a householder].  
 विद्याव्रतक m. (-कः) The student who has finished his religious studies.  
 विद्याहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Ignorant, uninstructed. E. विद्या, हीन void of.  
 विद्युत् f. (-द्युत्) 1. Lightning. 2. A thunderbolt. E. वि intensitive or privative, and द्युत् light, lustre, aff. क्त्विप्।  
 विद्युत्प्रिय n. (-यः) Bell-metal. E. विद्युत् lightning, and प्रिय beloved.  
 विद्युत् mfn. (-लत्-लती-लत्) Having or containing lightning, electrical, (a cloud, &c.) E. विद्युत् lightning and मत्प् aff.  
 विद्युत्ता f. (-ता) Zigzag lightning. E. विद्युत् and लता a creeper.  
 विद्यातन f. (-नी) 1. Illuminating. 2. Illustrating. [ज्ञानच् aff.].  
 विद्योत्तमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Shining, blazing. E. वि before, द्युत् to shine,  
 विद्योपार्जन n. (-नः) Acquisition of knowledge. E. विद्या, उपार्जन collecting.  
 विद्योपार्जित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Acquired by or through learning, &c. E. विद्या and उपार्जित obtained.  
 विद् n. (-द्) 1. A hole, a chasm. 2. Piercing, perforating. E. विच् to pierce, aff., रच् form irr.; or वि before, द्रा to sleep, aff. क।

विद्रधि m. (-धिः) Phlegmonoid inflammation; especially deep-seated, or internal abscess. E. विद्र piercing, धा to have, धि aff.  
 विद्रधिनान्न m. (-नः) A tree, (Hyperanthera Morunga.) E. विद्रधि bile or abscess, नान्न destroying, discussing.  
 विद्रव m. (-वः) 1. Flight, escape, retreat. 2. Fear, agitation, panic. 3. Intellect, understanding. 4. Censure, abuse, reproach. 5. Liquefaction. 6. Flowing out, oozing. E. वि before, द्रु to fly, aff. चच्।  
 विद्राच f. (-चा) Awakened.  
 विद्राव m. (-वः) 1. Flight, retreat, running away. 2. Liquefaction. E. वि before, द्रु to go, causal v., aff. चच्।  
 विद्रावक mfn. (-कः-विका-क) 1. Liquefying, causing to flow or melt. 2. Driving away. E. वि before, द्रु to flow, &c., causal v., खल् aff.  
 विद्रावण n. (-णः) 1. Causing to flow or melt, fusing. 2. Driving away, chasing, defeating. E. वि before, द्रु to run, &c., causal v., खल् aff.  
 विद्रावित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Liquefied, fused. 2. Driven away, put to flight. E. वि before, द्रु to flow, &c., causal v., क्त्विप् aff.  
 विद्रुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Liquid, liquefied, fluid as an oily or metallic substance upon being heated. 2. Flown, fled. 3. Running, going fast. 4. Agitated, alarmed. E. वि before, द्रु to ooze, &c., aff. क्त्विप्।  
 विद्रुम m. (-मः) 1. Coral. 2. A tree bearing precious gems. 3. A young sprout or shoot. E. वि implying species, द्रुम a tree. [creper].  
 विद्रुमलता f. (-ता) A sort of vegetable perfume. E. विद्रुम coral, लता a  
 विद्रुमल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Less learned, a little learned. E. विद्रुम learned and कल्प aff. of diminution or inferiority; also with the similar affs. द्रुम्य and द्रुम्य, विद्रुम्य and विद्रुम्य।  
 विद्रुम mfn. (-वान्-दुवो-वत्) 1. Intelligent, wise. 2. Learned. m. (-वान्) A sage, a seer, one who knows the true nature of the soul and of God. E. विद् to know, कम् aff. in lieu of श्रट्, the usual affix of the present participle.  
 विद्रिप् mfn. (-द्रिप्) An enemy. E. वि before, द्रिप् to hate, क्त्विप् aff.  
 विद्रिष mfn. (-षः-षा-ष) Hating, adverse, inimical. m. (-षः) An enemy. E. वि before, द्रिप् to hate, aff. क।  
 विद्रिष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) Hated, disliked. E. वि before, द्रिप् to hate, क्त्विप् aff.  
 विद्रिष m. (-षः) Enmity, hatred. E. वि before, द्रिप् to hate, aff. चच्।  
 विद्रिषण m. (-णः) A hater. n. (-णः) Causing hatred or enmity. E. वि + द्रिष्-ण्यट् aff.  
 विद्रिषणी f. (-णी) A woman of a resentful temperament.  
 विद्रिषिन् mfn. (-नः-विषी-वि) Inimical, hostile, hating. m. (-नी) An enemy. E. विद्रिष enmity, इनि aff. [द्रिप् to hate, चच् aff.].  
 विद्रिष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) Who or what hates, adverse, inimical. E. वि द्रिष्. r. 6th cl. (विधति) 1. To administer, to govern, to rule or command. 2. To pierce, to perforate. 3. To divide. 4. To honour or worship.  
 विध m. (-धः-धा) 1. Form, formula, rule. 2. Manner, kind, sort. 3. Fodder, the food of horses, elephants, &c. 4. Prosperity, thriving. 5. Hire, wages. 6. Act, action. 7. Piercing. E. वि before, धा to have, aff. क or चच्, and fem. aff. टाप्; or द्रिष् to rule, &c., aff. क or चच्; the masculine form, though it does occur, is not common, except in composition, when the word is used attributively, as द्विविध of two sorts. mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) &c.  
 विधन n. (-नः) Shaking, trembling. E. वि before, धू to shake, aff. लृट्।  
 विधवा f. (-वा) A widow. E. वि privative, धव a husband.  
 विधवागामिन् m. (-नी) One who has intercourse with a widow. E. विधवा and गामिन् who approaches, (carnally.)  
 विधवाविदन n. (-नः) Marrying a widow. E. विधवा, आविदन marrying.  
 विध्वं n. (-व्यं) Trembling, tremor. E. वि before, धू to shake, aff. यत्।  
 विध्वं m. (-वाः) BRAHMA'. E. वि severally or every kind, धा to have, Una'di aff. चसुन्, and the radical vowel dropped.  
 विधातव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्यं) 1. To be done or performed. 2. To be done according to rule, to be observed as a rite or ceremony. 3. To be ruled or regulated. E. वि before, धा to have, तव्य aff.

विशद m. (-तः) 1. BRAHMA'. 2. Love or KA'NA. 3. Fate. E. वि severally, वा to have or contain, (all things,) aff. ङच् ।

विशदभू m. (-भूः) NA'ADA, the Muni and son of BRAHMA'. E. विशद BRAHMA', भू offspring, क्तिप् aff.

विशदपुष्प m. (-पुः) 1. The sun-flower. 2. Sun shine. [ङीप् ।

विशदो f. (-नी) Long-pepper. E. वि before, वा to have, ङच् aff., fem. aff.

विधान n. (-नं) 1. Act, action, general or particular, though more especially the performance of such acts or rites as are prescribed in the sacred books of the Hindus. 2. Rule, precept, ordinance, injunction. 3. An elephant's fodder. 4. Form, mode, manner. 5. Sending, ordering. 6. Means, expedient. 7. Wealth. 8. Worship. 9. Active enmity or act of hostility. 10. Gaining, getting, taking. 11. Conflict or contrast of opposite feelings. 12. (In grammar.) Affixing, prefixing, taking as an affix, &c. 13. Pain, sorrow, distress. 14. Arranging, disposing. 15. Creating, forming. 16. Doing, performing, using. 17. Enjoying, prescribing. E. वि before, वा to have, aff. ङट् ।

विधानक n. (-कः) Pain. E. वि before, वा to have, ङट् aff., कन् added.

विधानम m. (-मः) A Pan'dit, a wise or learned man or teacher. E. विधान action, the performance of those acts prescribed by the Sha's'tras, and म who goes or performs.

विधानज्ञ m. (-ज्ञः) A Pan'dit, &c. : see the last. E. विधान, ज्ञ who knows.

विधात Ind. Having taken, assumed, put on, placed, &c. E. वि before, वा to have, ङट् aff.

विधातृ mfn. (-कः-विधा-कः) Consigning, delivering, one who entrusts or deposits anything, or causes it to be fixed or secure. 2. Arranging, disposing. 3. Doing, performing. 4. Enjoining. E. वि before, वा to have, (causal form,) aff. ङङ् ।

विधातृक n. (-कः) 1. Consignment or delivery of anything, making anything firm or secure. E. क् added to the last.

विधायिन् mfn. (-यी-विना-यि) 1. Causing, occasioning, making. 2. Placing, fixing, securing. 3. Delivering, entrusting. 4. Establishing as a rule or law. E. वि before, वा to have, causal form, aff. विभुन् ।

विधाय n. (-यः) Shaking, agitation. E. वि before, धू to shake, ङङ् aff.

विधातृ mfn. (-खन्-खन्तो-खन्) 1. Purposing or willing to do, make, cause, &c. 2. Intending to direct, enjoin, prescribe, &c. वि before, वा to have, ङङ् aff., in the future tense.

विधि m. (-धिः) 1. A sacred precept, an act or rite prescribed by the Vedas, for effecting certain consequences. 2. Rule, form, formula. 3. Fate, luck, destiny. 4. BRAHMA'. 5. Time. 6. Order, injunction, command. 7. A name of VISHN'U. 8. Act, action, general or particular. 9. A text, a sentence in some authority of law or religion, prescribing any particular act or observance. 10. Kind, sort, manner. 11. Fodder, food for elephants or horses. 12. A sacred work, a Sha's'tra, scripture, the law, (by metonymy.) 13. Creation. 14. A physician. E. वि before, वा to have ; or विष् to rule, aff. क्ति ।

विधिन mfn. (-नः-ही-नः) Who or what deviates from, disregards, or disturbs rules or modes of proceeding. E. विधि, न what destroys.

विधिज्ञ mfn. (-ज्ञः-या-ज्ञः) Who or what knows the prescribed mode, form, &c. m. (-जः) A Bra'hmana who knows the ritual. E. विधि and ज्ञ who knows.

विधित्त Ind. According to rule. E. विधि and त्त aff.

विधिका f. (-का) Wish to do or make, design, purpose, desire. E. वि before, वा to have, desid. v., कङ्, and टाप् affs.

विधिक्षु mfn. (-क्षुः-क्ष-क्षु) Wishing to make, produce, &c. E. वि before, वा to have, desid. v., ङ aff.

विधिदर्शिन m. (-शी) A priest whose business at a sacrifice is to see that every thing is done according to the prescribed rules, and to correct any deviation from them. E. विधि a sacred precept, and दर्शिन who sees ; also विधिदर्शक, &c.

विधिदेशक m. (-कः) A priest who corrects errors at a sacrifice : see the last. E. विधि the proper form, and देशक who shews.

विधिपूर्वक n. (-कः) Adv. After or according to rule. E. विधि, पूर्वक prior.

विधिप्रयोग m. (-नः) Acting upon or in conformity to a rule, &c. E. विधि and प्रयोग application. [association.]

विधिप्रसङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Application of or acting upon a rule. E. विधि, प्रसङ्ग

विधियज्ञ m. (-ज्ञः) A ceremonial act of worship. E. विधि, यज्ञ sacrificial.

विधिशोक m. (-नः) 1. The occurrence of predestined events. 2. Combination for any act or rite. E. विधि and शोक union, accession.

विधित्त Ind. Agreeable to rule, conformably to established ordinances. E. विधि a precept, and त्त aff. [abandoned.]

विधिहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Unauthorised, irregular. E. विधि and हीन विधीयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Being defined, enjoined, directed, &c. E. वि before, वा to have, pass. v., ङङ् aff.

विधु m. (-धुः) 1. The moon. 2. VISHN'U. 3. Camphor. 4. A name of BRAHMA'. 5. A Rakshasa, a goblin. 6. An expiatory oblation. E. व्यप् to pain or hurt, Unadi, aff. ऊ, and the semivowel changed.

विधुचय m. (-यः) The wane of the moon. E. विधु and चय decay.

विधुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Left, abandoned, relinquished. 2. Shaken, trembling. E. वि before, धू to tremble, aff. क्ति : see विधुत् ।

विधुति f. (-तिः) Shaking, trembling. E. वि before, धू to agitate, aff. क्तिन् ।

विधुनन n. (-नः) Tremor, trembling. E. वि before, धू in the 10th cl., to shake, aff. ङुट्, and the vowel short, or वि-धु-विधु-ननच् ; also विधुन ।

विधुनद m. (-दः) RA'NU, the personified ascending node. E. विधु the moon, नद to torment, aff. खङ् or क, and the nasal inserted, the cause of the moon's eclipse. [अत् aff.]

विधुलत् mfn. (-लत्-लतो-लत्) Shaking, tossing. E. वि before, धू to agitate,

विधुविध्वर m. (-रः) A cimeter, a sabre.

विधुप्रिया f. (-या) A lunar mansion ; in mythology, personified as a nymph, the daughter of DAKSHA, and wife of CHANDRA or the moon. E. विधु the moon, and प्रिया the beloved.

विधुर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) 1. Agitated, distressed, overcome with anxiety, distress, &c. 2. Bewildered, confused, (with fear, liquor, &c.) 3. Separate, absent from a mistress or lover. 4. Destitute of, free from. 5. Hostile, adverse. m. (-रः) A widower. n. (-रः) 1. Separation. 2. Agitation of mind from terror or distress, &c. f. (-रा) Cards mixed up with sugar and spices. E. वि before, धुर a loud, &c., aff. ङच् । [and उवङ् ang.]

विधुनन n. (-नः) Trembling, tremor. E. वि before, धू to agitate, ङुट् aff.

विधुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Shaken. 2. Trembling, tremulous. 3. Unsteady. 4. Abandoned. 5. Tossed, waving. E. वि before, धू to agitate, aff. क्ति ।

विधुति f. (-तिः) Shaking, agitation, tremor. E. वि, धू to shake, aff. क्तिन् ।

विधुनन n. (-नः) Shaking, trembling. E. वि before, धू agitate, aff. ङुट् ।

विधुनित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Shaken, literally or figuratively, agitated, alarmed. 2. Harassed, annoyed. E. वि before, धू to shake, 10th cl., aff. क्ति । [अत् aff.]

विधुय Ind. Having shaken, shaking, trembling. E. वि before, धू to shake,

विधुयमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Being shaken, shaking, waving, agitated. E. वि before, धू to shake, pass. v., ङङ् aff.

विधुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Seized, held. 2. Withheld, restrained. 3. Having, possessing, assumed, taken. n. (-तः) 1. Disregard of an injunction or desire. 2. Dissatisfaction. E. वि before, धुत held.

विधेय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Compliant, tractable, governable. 2. To be done, what is or ought to be practised. 3. Proper to be enjoined as a rule or law. 4. To be predicated. m. (-यः) A servant. n. (-यः) The predicate of a sentence. E. वि before, धे to have, ङङ् aff.

विधेयता f. (-ता) 1. Necessary or proper act or conduct. 2. Docility, submission. 3. Fitness or enactment as a rule or law. E. तन् added to the last ; also with ल, विधेयल ।

विशेषपद n. (-इ) An affair to be done, an object to be accomplished. n. विशेष, पद place. [विशेष, जाने seeking.]

विशेषमात्र n. (-न) Attempting or seeking to do any necessary act. n. विशेषाविशेष m. (-न) Imperfect or inadequate expression of the predicate, giving a subordinate position to the predicate, (considered as a fault of composition.) [ब्रह्म aff.]

विध्यत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Piercing, striking, killing. n. व्यध् to pierce, विध्यमान mfn. (-न-ना-न) Being pierced, struck, wounded, &c. n. व्यध् to pierce, pass. v., ब्रह्म aff.

विध्यन् m. (-न) 1. Aversion, disrespect, enmity, dislike. 2. Offence, insult. 3. Destruction. n. वि before, व्यध् to fall, aff. व्यध्.

विध्यन्ति mfn. (-ती-द्विती-ति) 1. Hostile, adverse. 2. Destroying. n. वि before, व्यध् to fall, विध्यन् aff. [3. Tossed up.]

विध्यन्ति f. (-ता) Adj. 1. Ruined, destroyed. 2. Obscured, darkened.

विनत mfn. (-न-ता-त) 1. Bent, bowed, stooping. 2. Crooked, curved. 3. Humble, modest. 4. Sunk down, depressed. f. (-ता) 1. The wife of KAS'YAPA, and mother of ARUN'A and GARUD'A. 2. A sort of basket. n. वि before, नत् to bow, aff. नत्.

विनतानु m. (-नु) 1. ARUN'A, the charioteer of the sun. 2. GARUD'A, the younger brother of ARUN'A. n. विनता the mother of these two, अनु the son. [नत् to bow, क्तिन् aff.]

विनति f. (-ति) 1. Bowing, bending. 2. Humility, modesty. n. वि before, विनत् m. (-न) 1. Sound, noise. 2. A tree, (Ekhites scholaris.) n. वि, नत् to sound, व्यध् aff.

विनय Ind. Having sounded, sounding. n. वि, नत् to sound, व्यध् aff.

विनयन n. (-न) Bending, bowing. n. वि before, नत् to bend, व्यध् aff.

विनयित mfn. (-न-ता-त) Bowed down, declined. n. वि and नयित bowed.

विनय mfn. (-न-या-य) 1. Bent, bowed. 2. Humble, modest. n. वि before, नय bowed.

विनयक n. (-क) The flower of the TAGARA tree.

विनय m. (-य) 1. Modesty, affability, humility, mildness. 2. Reverence, obeisance. 3. Decorum, decency, propriety of conduct or behaviour. 4. Training, discipline. 5. Subduing the senses. 6. A man of subdued senses. 7. A merchant f. (-य) 1. Secret. 2. Cast, thrown. 3. A plant. (Sida cordifolia, &c.) n. वि before, नी to obtain or guide, aff. व्यध्.

विनययाहिन् mfn. (-ही-हिणी-हि) Compliant, tractable, humble, governable. n. विनय humility, and याहिन् who takes.

विनयन n. (-न) 1. Removing. 2. Education, instruction.

विनयप्रमायिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Behaving ill or improperly. n. विनय, प्रमायिन् vexing.

विनयभाज् mfn. (-भाज्) Modest, well-behaved. n. विनय, भाज् who shares.

विनयवाक् mfn. (-वाक्) Speaking humbly or modestly. f. (-वाक्) Modest speech, n. विनय, and वाक् speech.

विनयस्य mfn. (-स्य-स्या-स्य) Compliant, tractable, governable. n. विनय humility, स्य who stays or is. [sound, ब्रह्म aff.]

विनयन् mfn. (-न्-हन्ती-हन्) Sounding, making a noise. n. वि, नत् to sound, विनयन n. (-न) 1. Destroying, destruction. 2. A country, north-west of Delhi, Kurukshetra, the vicinity of the modern Pānput. n. वि before, नत् to destroy, aff. व्यध्.

विनयन्ति mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Perishing, decaying, perishable. n. वि, नत् to perish, व्यध् aff. [to perish, ब्रह्म aff.]

विनयन्ति mfn. (-न-ती-र) Perishable. n. वि before, नत् to perish, व्यध् aff. [to perish, ब्रह्म aff.]

विनय mfn. (-न-ता-त) 1. Lost, destroyed, ruined, perished. 2. Corrupted. 3. Disappeared. n. वि, नत् the same. [aff. क्तिन्.]

विनयि f. (-यि) Disappearance, destruction. n. वि before, नत् to finish, विनय mfn. (-न-या-य or ही-ह) Noseless. n. वि priv., नत् for नासिका the nose.

विना Ind. Without, except. n. वि privative, ना aff. [कृत made.]

विनाशित mfn. (-न-ता-त) Abandoned, left, relinquished. n. विना except, विनाशिका f. (-का) The 60th part of an Indian hour, n. वि, and नाशिका a Na'ri, or hour of twenty-four minutes.

विनाश mfn. (-न-या-य) Deserted, unprotected, unowned. n. वि priv., नाश a lord.

विनाशक m. (-क) 1. A Bud'dha, a Baud'dha, deified teacher. 2. GARUD'A. 3. GARUD'A, the bird and vehicle of VISVAM'U. 4. A Gurn, or spiritual preceptor. 5. An obstacle, an impediment or difficulty. f. (-विनाश) The wife of GARUD'A. n. वि before, नी to conduct, aff. व्यध्.

विनाश m. (-न) 1. Disappearance, destruction, loss, annihilation, ruin, decay. 2. Removal. n. वि before, नत् to perish, aff. व्यध्.

विनाशक mfn. (-क-या-क) Destroying, a destroyer. n. वि before, नत् to perish, causal form, aff. व्यध् or व्यध्.

विनाशकनिम्न m. (-नी) 1. Subject to decay, transient. 2. Having the property of killing. [causal v., ब्रह्म aff.]

विनाशयत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) Destroying. n. वि before, नत् to perish, व्यध् aff.

विनाशित mfn. (-न-ता-त) Destroyed. n. वि, नत् to perish, causal v., व्यध् aff.

विनाशित mfn. (-नी-यिनी-यि) 1. Destroyer, destructive. 2. Perishing, being destroyed. 3. Undergoing change or transformation. n. वि before, नत् to perish, विनि aff.

विनाशित mfn. (-न-या-य) 1. Ripe, mature. 2. About to perish. n. विनाश perishing, व्यध् in the presence of; verging to rottenness.

विनाशक mfn. (-क-की-क) Noseless. n. वि privative, नासिका the nose, or नासा with क् aff.

विनाश m. (-न) The top or cover for the mouth of a well. n. वि before, नत् to bind or tie, aff. व्यध्; also बीनाश. [aff.]

विनिःसरण n. (-ण) Going forth or out. n. वि and निर, before स to go, व्यध्.

विनिःसृत mfn. (-न-ता-त) Gone forth or out. n. वि and निर, before सृत gone. [विन thrown.]

विनिश्चित mfn. (-न-ता-त) Tossed, thrown, sent. n. वि and नि, before विनिश्चित m. (-य) Tossing, throwing, sending. n. वि and नि, before विप् to throw, व्यध् aff.

विनिश्चय m. (-य) 1. Restraining, subduing. 2. Mutual opposition.

विनिश्चय mfn. (-न-ता-त) Killing. n. वि before, नत् to kill, व्यध् aff.

विनिद्र mfn. (-न-द्रा-द्र) 1. Blown, budded. 2. Awake, awakened, sleepless. n. वि privative, निद्रा sleep.

विनिद्रल n. (-ल) Vigilance, wakefulness, waking. n. विनिद्र sleepless, ल aff.; also with लत्, विनिद्रता. [व्यध् aff.]

विनिधाय Ind. Having taken or placed. n. वि and नि, before धा to have, विनिपात m. (-त) 1. Falling, falling down, (literally or figuratively, as from a height, or from dignity, virtue, &c.) 2. Calamity, unavoidable evil, the infliction of the gods or of fate. 3. Disrespect. 4. Pain, distress. 5. Death, destruction. n. वि and नि, prefixed to पत् to fall, aff. व्यध्.

विनिपात mfn. (-न-ता-त) 1. Killed, destroyed. 2. Thrown down. n. वि and नि, before पत् to fall, causal v., व्यध् aff. [व्यध् aff.]

विनिपात Ind. Having killed. n. वि and नि, before पत् to fall, causal v.

विनिपात m. (-य) 1. Barter, exchange. 2. A pledge, a deposit or security. n. वि and नि, prefixed to नी to go, aff. व्यध्.

विनिषेध m. (-न) Twinkling of the eyes. [to restrain, न aff.]

विनिषेध mfn. (-न-ता-त) Regulated, restrained. n. वि and नि, before न विनिषेध m. (-न) Restraint, government. n. वि and नि, before नत् to restrain, aff. व्यध्. [restrain, aff. व्यध्.]

विनिषेध Ind. Having restrained, checked. n. वि and नि, before नत् to restrain, व्यध् aff.

विनिषेध mfn. (-न-ता-त) 1. Separated, sundered or detached from absent, parted. 2. Appointed, attached to. 3. Parted with for a specific purpose. 4. Applied to, employed in. 5. Enjoined, commanded. n. वि and नि, before व्यध् to join, व्यध् aff.

विनिषेध mfn. (-न-ता-त) To be employed in, applied to, &c. n. वि and नि, before व्यध् to join, व्यध् aff.

विनिषेध m. (-न) 1. Giving or parting with anything for a consider

tion, or in expectation of some advantage. 3. Abandoning, leaving. 3. Separation or detachment from. 4. Impediment. 5. Appointment to any office, &c. 6. Application to or employment in. **वि** and **वि**, before **सुज्** to join, aff. **चञ्** ।

**विनिर्दिष्ट** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Appointed, appropriated, applied, (as to any particular duty or purpose, &c.) 2. Attached or joined to. 3. Deputed, appointed. 4. Employed. **वि** and **वि**, before **सुज्** to join, aff. **क्**, with **इट्** augment.

**विनिर्गत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone out or from. **वि** and **निर्**, before **गज्** to go, **क्** aff. [aff.]

**विनिर्गत** m. (-तः) Going forth or out. **वि** and **निर्**, before **गज्** to go, **चञ्** ।

**विजय** m. (यः) Victory, conquest. **वि** and **निर्**, before **जि** to conquer, **चञ्** aff.

**विजित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Conquered, overcome. **वि** and **निर्**, before **जि** to conquer, **क्** aff. [विजय the same.]

**विनिश्चय** m. (-यः) 1. Certainty, ascertainment. 2. A settled rule. **वि**, **विनिश्चय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Certain, determined, ascertained. **वि** before, **विनिश्चय** the same. [shaken.]

**विनिश्चय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Scattered, dissipated, dispersed. **वि**, **विनिश्चय** Ind. Having dispersed, scattered, thrown off, &c. **वि** and **निर्**, before **च** to agitate, **चञ्** aff.

**विनिश्चय** m. (-यः) Persistence.

**विनिश्चय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Liberated, let loose or free. 2. Exempt, free from. **वि** and **निर्**, before **सुज्** to loose, **क्** aff.

**विनिश्चय** mfn. (-यः-यन्-यन्-यन्) Going out or forth, issuing. **वि** and **निर्**, before **या** to go, **यट्** aff.

**विनिश्चय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Excited, occasioned, produced, occurring. 2. Completed, finished. **वि** and **निर्** privative or intensive prefixes, **इत्** to be, aff. **क्** ।

**विनिश्चय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Kept off, resisted, prevented. 2. Screened, covered, kept out of view. **वि** and **नि**, before **च** to chuse, **क्** aff.

**विनिश्चय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Stopped, ceased, ended, refrained, resting or desisting, &c. **वि** and **नि** privatives, **इत्** to be, aff. **क्** ।

**विनिश्चय** f. (-तिः) Stop, term, cessation. **वि** and **नि**, before **इत्** to be, **क्** aff.

**विनिश्चय** m. (-यः) 1. Entrance. 2. Impression.

**विनिश्चय** m. (-यः) 1. Certainty, ascertainment. 2. Resolution, decision. **वि** and **निश्चय** certainty.

**विनिश्चय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Firm, steady, immovable. **वि**, **विनिश्चय** steady.

**विनिश्चय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Certain, determined, ascertained. **वि** before, **विनिश्चय** the same.

**विनिश्चय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sighing. 2. Breathing hard. **वि** and **नि**, before **सुज्** to breathe, **यट्** aff.

**विनिश्चय** m. (-यः) Strong expiration, sighing, a sigh, breathing hard. **वि** and **नि**, before **सुज्** to breathe, aff. **चञ्** ।

**विनिश्चय** m. (-यः) Grinding, bruising.

**विनिश्चय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Struck, wounded. 2. Overcome. 3. Killed. m. (-तः) 1. A portent, a comet, a meteor. 2. A great or unavoidable calamity; the infliction of fate or heaven. **वि** and **नि** intensive prefixes, **इत्** struck.

**विनिश्चय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Hidden, concealed. **वि**, **विनिश्चय** the same.

**विनीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Modest, humble, unassuming, unpretending. 2. Compliant, governable, tractable. 3. Placid, meek, virtuous, gentle, having the passions restrained, and the senses under subjection. 4. Well-behaved, decent, decorous. 5. Taken away. 6. Trained, (as a horse or ox, &c.) 7. Thrown, sent, dismissed. 8. Lovely, handsome. 9. Led, conveyed. 10. Chastised, punished. 11. Plain, neat, (in dress, &c.) m. (-तः) 1. A horse trained for the manege. 2. A merchant, a trader. **वि** before, **नी** to guide, aff. **क्** ।

**विनीत** mn. (-तः-तं) A mediate conveyance, as a bearer carrying a

litter, or a horse dragging a carriage. **वि** implying sort or kind, and **नी** to take, aff. **क्**, and **चञ्** added.

**विनीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Well-behaved. 2. Humble, lowly. **विनीत**, **वाञ्छन्** self.

**विनीत** Ind. Having taken. m. (-तः) 1. Sediment, dregs. 2. Sin. **वि** before, **नी** to take, aff. **क्** or **चञ्** ।

**विनीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Being sent, ordered, dispatched, &c. **वि** before, **सुज्** to send, **पा**, **व**, **वाञ्छन्** aff.

**विनीत** m. (-तः) 1. A guide, an instructor, a teacher. 2. A king, a ruler. 3. A chastiser. **वि** before, **नी** to conduct, aff. **चञ्** ।

**विनीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. To be taken, to be taken away or separated, &c. 2. To be governed or directed, docile, governable. **वि** before, **नी** to take or obtain, &c., aff. **चञ्** ।

**विनीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Wishing or intending to take, to deprive of, &c. **वि** before, **नी** to take, **यट्** aff. with a future sense.

**विनीत** f. (-तिः) The rhetorical use of the word, 'without' as, **वा** **विनीत** **प्रतिभा** **विनीत** ? What is the night without the moon. **विनीत**, **प्रतिभा** saying.

**विनीत** m. (-तः) 1. Eagerness, vehemence. 2. Play, sport, pastime. 3. Dismissing, abandoning. 4. Diversion, interest, interesting pursuit or occupation. 5. Pleasure, gratification. 6. Driving away, removing. **वि** before, **सुज्** to order, aff. **चञ्** ।

**विनीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Dismissed, dissipated, sent or driven away. 2. Allayed, soothed. 3. Delighted, made happy. **वि** before, **सुज्** to send, **क्** aff. [gain, **य** aff., **सुज्** augment.]

**विनीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Who or what finds, gets, gains, &c. **वि** to **विनीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Intelligent, knowing. 2. Liberal, munificent. m. (-तः) 1. A drop of water or any liquid. 2. A spot, a dot, a mark. 3. The bite or mark of a tooth. 4. The part of the forehead between the eye-brows. 5. A mark or spot of coloured paint on an elephant's face or trunk. 6. The dot over a letter representing the nasal termination. 7. A secondary but connecting incident in a drama. **वि** to know, to be, to be a part of, **Una'di** aff. **च**, and the nasal augment.

**विनीत** m. (-तः) The spotted deer. **विनीत** a spot, **विनीत** variegated.

**विनीत** n. (-तः) 1. Coloured marks or spots on an elephant's face and trunk, &c. 2. A collection of particles or drops. **विनीत** a spot, and **वाञ्छ** multitude; also with **चञ्** added **विनीत** n. (-तः) ।

**विनीत** m. (-तः) A die, a dice. **विनीत** dot, and **तञ्च** chief.

**विनीत** m. (-तः) A kind of bird. **विनीत** a spot, **रेखा** a line, aff. **क्** ।

**विनीत** m. (-तः) Be'l-Sun'th.

**विनीत** m. (-तः) 1. The Vind'hya mountain, or the mountainous range which runs across India from the Province of Behar, nearly to Guzerat, and properly divides Hindustan from the Dakshin. 2. A hunter. f. (-तः) 1. A fruit, (Annona reticulata.) 2. Small cardamoms. **वि** implying opposition, **चि** to think, and **क्** aff., form irr., the mountain is supposed to obstruct the course of the sun.

**विनीत** m. (-तः) The saint AGASTYA. **विनीत** the mountain, and **कृत्** to give pain, aff. **क्**, or with **युञ्** aff. **विनीत**; Vind'hya the personified mountain, having once prostrated himself before AGASTYA his spiritual guide, was ordered by the saint to remain in that posture, as a punishment for the presumption, which had induced him to attempt rivalling the height of Meru and Himavaya. The legend appears to originate in the little elevation of the Vind'hya-chain compared with its extent.

**विनीत** m. (-तः) The saint and grammarian VYAS. f. (-तिः) 1. A name of DURGHA. 2. A village and temple sacred to DURGHA under the forms of Yo'ga-Ma'ya, and Bh'o'ga-Ma'ya and a place of great resort amongst the Hindus, situated about three miles from MIRZA'PUR on the Ganges. **विनीत** the mountain, **वाञ्छन्** who dwells.



विश्वस्य m. (-स्यः) The name of a Muni ; also Vya'ra, a saint, and inspired grammarian. E. विश्व the mountain, and स्य abiding.

विश्वारूढ m. (-रूढः) The Vind'hya-range or mountains. E. विश्व and रूढ a mountain ; also विश्वारूढ, and विश्वारूढ.

विश्वारूढो f. (-रूढो) The great Vind'hya forest, which appears to have spread at one time from near MATHURA' to the Narmadā. E. विश्व and रूढो a forest.

विश्वारूढपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A name of the Demon Vān'a. E. विश्वारूढो the mother of the demon, and पुत्र son ; also विश्वारूढपुत्र.

विप्र mfn. (-प्रः-प्र-प्र) 1. Judged, discussed. 2. Gained, obtained. 3. Fixed, placed. 4. Known. 5. Married, &c. E. विद् to know, aff. प्र ।

विप्रक m. (-कः) An epithet of the saint AGASTYA.

विप्रक mfn. (-कः-क-क) 1. Placed, deposited, fixed. 2. Delivered. 3. Offered, presented. E. वि and प्रि, before क्त् to be or throw, aff. क ।

विप्रक m. (-कः) A tree, (Echites scholaris.) "हृदितान् रति भावा ।"

विप्रस m. (-सः) 1. Assemblage, collection, collecting or depositing anything. 2. Site, place, receptacle, that in or on which anything is placed or deposited. 3. Orderly arrangement or disposition. 4. Entrusting, depositing. 5. A deposit. E. वि and प्रि, prefixed to क्त्, to take, to throw or place, &c. aff. क्त् ।

विप्र r. 10th cl. (विप्रयति-ते) To throw.

विप्रक f. (-कः) 1. Ripened. 2. Cooked.

विप्रकृति mfn. (-कः-क-क) 1. Matured, ripened. 2. Fulfilled, come to pass, as the consequence of former actions. E. वि and क्त् to cook, क्ति aff., and लप्त् augment.

विप्रक mfn. (-कः-क-क) Opposed or adverse to, contrary, inimical. m. (-कः) 1. An enemy, an adversary. 2. A disputant, an opponent. 3. Exception, (in grammar, &c.) 4. (In logic.) An argument or syllogism in which the proposition to be maintained is wanting, E. वि implying opposite, contrary, and क्त् part or side.

विप्रकृतत् Ind. Hostilely, inimically E. विप्रक and कृतत् aff.

विप्रकृता f. (-ता) 1. Hostility, enmity, opposition. 3. Controversy, contradiction in argument. E. कृतत् added to विप्रक ; also with ल, विप्रकृतत् । [adherent.

विप्रकृता mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Indifferent, impartial. E. वि priv., कृतात् an

विप्रकृता f. (-ता) A lute. E. कृत् fern. form, added to the next.

विप्रकृता f. (-कृता) 1. A lute. 2. Play, sport, pastime. E. वि before, कृत् to extend, (causal form,) to diffuse sounds, aff. क्त्, fem. aff. कृता.

विप्रक m. (-कः) Sale, contract of sale. E. वि before, कृत् to be of price, aff. क्त् or क ; also with ल्युट्, विप्रकृता n. (-कः) ।

विप्रक mfn. (-कः-क-क) 1. A place where things are sold, a shop, stall. 2. Trade, traffic. 3. A fair, a market place. 4. The street of a market. 5. An article or commodity for sale. E. वि before, कृत् to transact business, aff. कृत्, and fem. aff. कृता ।

विप्रकृता m. (-कृता) A dealer, a trafficker, a shop-keeper or merchant. E. विप्रक sale, कृता aff. [and काल time.

विप्रकृता n. (-कः) Time of calamity or misfortune, adversity. E. विप्रकृता.

विप्रकृता f. (-कृता) 1. Adversity, calamity, misfortune. 2. Pain, agony. 3. Death, dying. m. (-कृता) A distinguished foot-soldier. E. वि implying reverse, कृत् to go, aff. कृत् ।

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कः-क-क) Unfortunate. E. विप्रकृता, युक्त joined. [from.

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कः-क-क) Prosperous, happy. E. विप्रकृता and कृता free

विप्रकृता m. (-कः) Heavy calamity. E. विप्रकृता and सागर ocean.

विप्रकृता m. (-कः-क-क) A bad road, a wrong way, (either lit or fig.) E. वि depreciative prefix, and कृता for कृता a road.

विप्रकृता f. (-कृता) 1. Calamity, adversity, misfortune. 2. Death. E. वि before, कृत् to go, कृता aff. ; also with टाप् added, विप्रकृता ।

विप्रकृता f. (-कृता) Adversity. E. See the last.

विप्रकृता m. (-कः) Extraction from misfortune. E. विप्रकृता, उद्धार lifting up ; also विप्रकृता, &c.

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कः-क-क) Overtaken by or involved in calamity. E. विप्रकृता and कृता seized.

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कः-क-क) Unhappy, unfortunate. E. विप्रकृता, युक्त joined.

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कः-क-क) Prosperous. E. विप्रकृता and कृता left by.

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कः-क-क) 1. Unfortunate, declined, fallen into adversity or misfortune. 2. Lost, destroyed, annihilated. 3. Dead, defunct. 4. Disabled. m. (-कः) A snake. E. वि implying reverse, and कृत् to go, aff. कृता ; also with कृत् added विप्रकृता ।

विप्रकृता m. (-कः) Change of state or form. E. वि and कृता, before कृत् to bow, aff. कृता ।

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कृता-कृता-कृता) Undergoing or producing change of state or form. E. वि and कृता, before कृत् to bow, कृता aff.

विप्रकृता n. (-कः) Turning back or away from. E. वि and कृता turning round.

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कः-क-क) Turned back or away from, reverted, averted. E. वि and कृता, before कृत् to turn, कृता aff.

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कः-क-क) 1. Reverse, inverse, opposite, contrary. 2. Wrong, incorrect. 3. Crossed. 4. Disagreeable, inauspicious. f. (-ता) A lewd woman, a dishonest wife. m. (-कः) A particular mode of coitus. E. वि and कृता implying contrariety or adverse, before कृता gone.

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कृता-कृता-कृता) Perverse, contradictory, acting contrary or another's wishes. E. विप्रकृता and कृता who does ; also विप्रकृताकर, विप्रकृताकर्त्ता, &c.

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कृता-कृता-कृता) Going backwards or reversely. f. (-ता) Inverse or reverse motion. E. विप्रकृता and कृता going.

विप्रकृता f. (-ता) Contrariety, reverse or opposite state or condition. E. विप्रकृता and कृता aff. ; also with ल, विप्रकृतात् ।

विप्रकृता n. (-कः) Inverted sexual intercourse.

विप्रकृता m. (-कः) The Pala'sha tree, (Butea frondosa.) E. वि separate, कृता a leaf, कृता added.

विप्रकृता m. (-कः) 1. Contrariety, opposition. 2. Reverse in general, and thence applied to that of which reverse is predicated, as misery, calamity, (the reverse of fortune ; ) error, misapprehension, (the reverse of reason or truth ; ) inverted order or succession, (the reverse that which is usual or prescribed,) &c. 3. Destruction, annihilation. 4. Perverseness of disposition. 5. Change of purpose or conduct. 6. Enmity, hostility. 7. Absence, non-existence. 8. Exchange, barter. E. वि and कृता implying reverse, and कृत् to go, aff. कृता ; also with कृता aff. विप्रकृता m. (-कः) ।

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कः-क-क) 1. Opposite, contrary, reverse. 2. Conceived to be real, (what is not so.) E. वि and कृता, before कृत् to be or to throw, कृता aff.

विप्रकृता m. (-कः) Contrariety, &c. : see विप्रकृता.

विप्रकृता m. (-कः) 1. Contrariety, opposition. 2. Reverse. 3. Investing imaginary things with real attributes, imagining what is unreal or false to be real or true. E. वि and कृता, before कृत् to be, aff. कृता.

विप्रकृता n. (-कः) A moment, an instant, either a Pala or second, or 1/10th of it ; a simple breathing or one-tenth of the latter. E. वि and कृता a second.

विप्रकृता n. (-कः) Flying, running away. E. वि and कृता the same.

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कः-क-क) Put to flight, run away. E. वि before, कृता

[purify, aff. कृता the same.

विप्रकृता mfn. (-कः-क-क) To be cleansed or purified. E. वि before, कृता to

विप्रकृता m. (-कृता) A Pan'dit, a learned Bra'hman, a teacher. E. वि and कृता, before कृता to collect, aff. कृता and कृता aug. ; form irr.

विप्रकृता n. (-कः) Knowledge. E. वि variously, कृता seeing.

विप्रकृता m. (-कः) A Baud'dha saint, the first of the seven principal Baud'dhas. E. विप्रकृता and कृता aff.

विप्रकृता m. (-कः) 1. Cooking, dressing. 2. Ripening, maturing. 3. Fia-

vour, taste. 4. Unexpected or improbable result. 5. Poverty, distress. 6. Change of form or state. 7. The consequences of actions, either in this or in a former birth; the operation or time in maturing their results. 8. Assimilation of food, its conversion into a state differing from its original one, digestion. **वि** before, **पञ्** to ripen, aff. **चञ्**।

**विपाटन** n. (-न) 1. Splitting, tearing up. 2. Spoliation.

**विपाट** m. (-ट) A kind of large arrow.

**विपाङ्कुर** mfn. (-र; पा-र) Pale, pallid, white. **वि** **पाङ्कुर** pale. [लुट् aff.]

**विपादन** n. (-न) Destroying, killing. **वि** before, **पद्** to go, causal v.,

**विपादनीय** mfn. (-य; पा-य) To be killed, fit or proper to be destroyed.

**वि** before, **पद्** to go, causal v., **चनीयर्** aff.; also **विपाय** and **विपादयितव्य**।

**विपादिका** f. (-का) 1. A kibe, a sore or blister on the foot. 2. A riddle, an enigma. **वि** before, **पद्** to go, aff. **लृ**।

**विपादिन** mfn. (-न; पा-न) Killed, destroyed. **वि** before, **पद्** to go, causal v., **क** aff. [keeper.]

**विपाल** mfn. (-ल; पा-ल) Unattended, unguarded. **वि** priv., **पाल** a **विपा** f. (-पाट्) The Vipá's or Vipá'sa' river. **वि** See the next.

**विपाश** mfn. (-श; पा-श) Unnoosed, unfettered, freed from a noose or tie. f. (-शा) 1. The Vipása' or the Beya'h river in the Punja'h. **वि** privative, and **पाश** or **पाशा** a noose, from **पञ्** to bind, causal form, with **चञ्** and **टाप्** or **क्विप्** aff.; hence also **विपाश**; the name applies to the river as having destroyed the cord which the Muni VAS'ISH'T'HA had tied round his neck, when about to hang himself through grief for the death of his sons slain by VISWA'MITRA.

**विपिन** n. (-न) A wood, a forest. **वि** **पे** to shake, Unádi aff. **इन्**।

**विपुल** mfn. (-ल; पा-ल) 1. Large, great. 2. Broad. 3. Deep, profound. m. (-न) 1. The mountain Mĕ'RU, or rather the western branch of it. 2. The Hima'laya mountain. 3. A respectable man. f. (-ला) 1. The earth. 2. A form of the A'ryá metre in which the line is irregularly divided by the Cæsura or pause: three species of this form are reckoned; the A'di-vipulá with the pause in the first line, Antya-vipulá in the second, and Ubhaya-vipulá in both lines. **वि** before, **पल्** to be large or lofty, aff. **क**।

**विपुलक** mfn. (-क; पा-क) Free from horripilation. **वि** privative and **पुलक** erection of the hair of the body.

**विपुलजना** f. (-जा) A woman with large hips. [विपुल]।

**विपुलता** f. (-ता) Magnitude, extent. **वि** **पुल** and **तल्** aff.; also with **तल्**, **विपुलमति** Adj. Endowed with great power of understanding.

**विपुलरस** m. (-स) The sugar-cane. **वि** **पुल** much, and **रस** juice.

**विपुलचक्षु** mfn. (-च; पा-च) Large-eyed. **वि** **पुल** and **चक्षु** sight.

**विपुय** m. (-य) The 'Munja grass, (Saccharum Munja.) **वि** before, **पुञ्** to cleanse, aff. **चप**; that which is to be cleaned before making into ropes, &c.

**विप्र** m. (-प्र) 1. A Bra'hman. 2. The As'wattha tree. 3. (In prosody,) A foot of four short syllables. **वि** before, **प्र** a Sautra root, to fill or complete, (the essential observances,) and **क** aff.; or **वप्** to shave, Una'di aff. **रन्**, and **र** substituted for the radical vowel.

**विप्रकर्ष** m. (-र्ष) Distance. **वि** + **प्र**, **कर्ष** to attract, **चञ्** aff.

**विप्रकार** m. (-र) 1. Injury, contumely, abuse. 2. Wickedness. 3. Opposition, counteraction. 4. Retaliation. **वि** and **प्र** depreciative prefixes, and **कार** making.

**विप्रकारिन्** mfn. (-रिन्; पा-रिन्) Opposed to, treating with contempt. 2. Retaliating. **वि** and **प्र**, before **कृ** to do, **विनि** aff.

**विप्रकोच** f. (-च) Adj. 1. Scattered, dispersed. 2. Loose, dishevelled. 3. Broad, expanded.

**विप्रकृत** mfn. (-त; पा-त) 1. Reviled, abused, treated with contempt. 2. Opposed, counteracted. 3. Injured, offended. 4. Retaliated, requited. **वि** and **प्र**, before **कृत** made; made little or nothing of.

**विप्रकृति** f. (-ति) 1. Abuse, injury, contumely. 2. Retaliation, retort. **वि** and **प्र** implying depreciation or mutuality, and **कृति** action.

**विप्रलट** mfn. (-ट; पा-ट) Remote, distant. f. (-टा) 1. Drawn away, removed. 2. Protracted, lengthened. **वि** and **प्र**, before **लृ** to attract, aff. **क**; also with **कृ** added, **विप्रलटक** mfn. (-क; पा-क)।

**विप्रतिकार** m. (-र) 1. Contradiction, counteraction, opposition. 2. Reverse. 3. Retaliation. **वि** and **प्रति**, before **कृ** to do, **चञ्** aff.

**विप्रतिकृत** mfn. (-त; पा-त) 1. Opposed, counteracted. 2. Requited. **वि** and **प्रति**, before **कृ** to do, **क** aff.

**विप्रतिपत्ति** f. (-ति) Perplexity, confusion. 2. Various acquirement. 3. Mutual connexion with or relation to. 4. Conversancy. 5. Contradiction, difference, discrepancy. 6. Contest, dispute. 7. Opposition of interests. **वि** privative, or implying variety, and **प्रतिपत्ति** knowledge.

**विप्रतिपद्य** mfn. (-य; पा-य) 1. To be opposed, contradicted, contested. 2. To be acquired. **वि** and **प्रति**, before **पद्** to go, **यत्** aff.

**विप्रतिपद्यमान** mfn. (-न; पा-न) 1. Being disputed or contested. 2. Being in course of acquirement. **वि** and **प्रति**, before **पद्** to go, **पास्**, **यानच्** aff.

**विप्रतिपन्न** mfn. (-न; पा-न) 1. Bewildered, perplexed, confused, uncertain. 2. Conversant or acquainted with in various ways, severally or mutually. 3. Connected with. 4. Contested, disputed. 5. Contradicted. 6. Opposed, (as interests.) **वि** and **प्रतिपन्न** ascertained.

**विप्रतिषेध** m. (-ध) 1. The conflict of two courses of equal importance. 2. The conflict of two rules by which two different operations can be undertaken, (in gram.)

**विप्रतिशार** m. (-र) Repentance: see **विप्रतीसार**।

**विप्रतिषिद्ध** mfn. (-द; पा-द) 1. Contradicted, opposed. 3. Prohibited, forbidden. **वि** and **प्रति** implying opposition, **विप्र** proved, perfected.

**विप्रतीसार** m. (-र) 1. Repentance. 2. Evil, wickedness, evil action. 3. Hate, enmity. 4. Rage, wrath. **वि** implying reverse, **प्रति** to or towards, **श** to go, **चञ्** aff.; the **र** of **प्रति** optionally long; otherwise **विप्रतिसार**।

**विप्रदृक्** m. (-क्) Dried fruit or roots, &c.

**विप्रदुष्ट** mfn. (-ष्ट; पा-ष्ट) 1. Spoiled, vitiated, defiled. 2. Bad corrupt. **वि** and **प्र**, before **दुष्ट** the same.

**विप्रदुष्टभाव** mfn. (-व; पा-व) Bad, vicious, sensual, corrupt. **वि** **प्रदुष्ट** and **भाव** disposition or nature.

**प्रमुक्त** f. (-ता) 1. Set free, liberated. 2. Shot, discharged.

**विप्रमोच** mfn. (-च; पा-च) To be liberated or freed from. **वि** and **प्र**, before **मुच्** to loose, **यत्** aff.

**विप्रयास** n. (-स) Flight, retreat. **वि** and **प्र**, before **या** to go, aff. **लृट्**।

**विप्रयुक्त** mfn. (-क्त; पा-क्त) 1. Separated, disjoined, sundered, away or absent from. 2. Released from. 3. Deprived of. **वि** implying separation, **प्रयुक्त** joined.

**विप्रयोग** m. (-ग) 1. Separation, absence, especially the separation of lovers. 2. Disunion, disjunction. 3. Quarrel, disagreement. 4. Deserving. **वि** before, **प्रयोग** union, contiguity.

**विप्रलब्ध** mfn. (-ब्ध; पा-ब्ध) 1. Tricked, cheated, deceived. 2. Disappointed. f. (-त्री) A mistress whose lover is not true to his appointment, (considered as a character in drama.) **वि** and **प्र**, before **लब्ध** gained.

**विप्रलभ** m. (-भ) 1. Tricking, deceiving, disappointing, deceiving by a false affirmation or by not keeping a promise. 2. Separation, especially of lovers. 3. Disunion, disjunction. 4. Quarrel, disagreement. 5. The sentiment of love in separation, (opposite to **सम्मीन**) **वि** and **प्र** implying reverse, **लभि** to get or gain, aff. **चञ्**।

**विप्रलय** m. (-य) Annihilation, destruction.

**विप्रलाप** m. (-प) 1. Quarrel, wrangling, mutual contradiction. 2. Idle or unmeaning discourse, nonsense. 3. Infraction of a promise. **वि** and **प्र** implying contradiction or reciprocity, and **लाप** talk.

**विप्रलुप्त** f. (-ता) 1. Snatched away. 2. Disturbed, interrupted.  
**विप्रलम्बक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Rapacious, exacting, avaricious. ३. वि and प्र, before लुप्ति to cut, लृप् aff.  
**विप्रवास** m. (-सः) Residence in a foreign country. ३. वि and प्र implying separation, वस् to abide, and वच् aff.  
**विप्रवासन** n. (-नः) 1. Residence abroad. 2. Banishment. ३. वि and प्र, before वस् to dwell, काल् v., लृट् aff.  
**विप्रविका** f. (-का) A female fortune-teller. ३. वि variously, वच् to ask, aff. वच्, with नङ् augment, and टच् added.  
**विप्रसात्** Ind. As, like as, one with, a Bra'hman'a. ३. विप्र, and साति aff.  
**विप्रस** n. (-सः) The property of a Bra'hman'a. ३. विप्र, and स्व own.  
**विप्रहीन** f. (-ता) Deprived of, destitute of.  
**विप्रवाह** m. (-हः) Abuse of a Bra'hman'a. ३. विप्र, and अपवाह reviling.  
**विप्रिय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Disliked, unbeloved, disagreeable. n. (-यं) Offence, transgression. ३. वि privative, and प्रिय fond of.  
**विप्रु** f. (-प्रुट्) 1. A drop of water, &c. 2. A spot, a mark, a dot. ३. वि privative, प्रुच् to burn, aff. क्तिप्; also विप्रुच्।  
**विप्रोषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Absent, away from. 2. Banished. ३. वि and प्र, before वस् to dwell, aff. ऋ, the semi-vowel changed to ऌ।  
**विप्रोषितभर्तृका** f. (-का) A woman whose husband or lover is absent. ३. विप्रोषित absent, भर्तृ a husband, कच् aff.  
**विप्रोष्य** Ind. Having been absent, returning, coming home. ३. वि and प्र, before वस् to dwell, लृप् aff.  
**विप्रव** m. (-वः) 1. Tumult, confusion, trouble. 2. Evil, calamity. 3. Rapine, extortion. 4. Sin, wickedness. 5. Predatory or irregular warfare. 6. Affray, scuffle. 7. Terrifying an enemy by shouts and gestures. 8. Confusion, perplexity, (of thought or speech.) 9. Floating about. 10. The rust, (of a mirror.) 11. Loss, destruction. ३. वि before, प्रु to go, aff. चप्।  
**विप्राव** m. (-वः) 1. Deluging, inundating. 2. Devastating. 3. Causing tumult or public disturbance. 4. A horse's canter or gallop. ३. वि, and प्रु to go, aff. चच्।  
**विप्राव्य** Ind. 1. Having cast away, defiled, contaminated. 2. Having taught at improper seasons. 3. Having caused to be deluged, devastated, &c. ३. वि before, प्रु to go, काल् v., लृप् aff.  
**विप्रुत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Depraved, wicked, addicted to evil practices, as gaming, whoring, &c. 2. Committing any crime. 3. Contrary, adverse, averse. 4. Inundated, immersed. 5. Devastated, ravaged. 6. Disturbed, confounded. 7. Ruined, disgraced. 8. Disappeared. 9. Disfigured, obscured. ३. वि before, प्रु to go, aff. ऋ।  
**विप्रुच्** f. (-प्रुट्) 1. A drop of any fluid. 2. A spot, a dot. ३. वि before, प्रुच् to burn, aff. क्तिप्; also विप्रुच्।  
**विप्रा** f. (-प्रा) Repetition, succession : see वीप्सा।  
**विफल** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) Vain, idle, unmeaning, fruitless, useless. ३. वि privative, and फल fruit. [also विफलत्]।  
**विफलता** f. (-ता) Unprofitableness, fruitlessness. ३. विफल, and तल् added;  
**विफलीकर** n. (-यः) 1. Frustrating, foiling, defeating. 2. Doing any thing in vain. ३. विफल, and करण making, क्तिप् augment.  
**विफलीकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Rendered vain, frustrated. 2. Done in vain. ३. विफल, and कृत done, क्तिप् augment.  
**विफलीभविष्** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Become unprofitable. ३. विफल, and भविष् become, क्तिप् augment.  
**विफलीभविष्ता** f. (-ता) Unprofitableness. ३. तल् added to the last; also विफलीभविष्त्।  
**विफलीभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Become useless. ३. विफल and भूत become, क्तिप् augment. [चच्]।  
**विषम** m. (-सः) Ischury or constipation. ३. वि before, वच् to bind, aff.  
**विषावा** f. (-वा) Pain, agony, anguish. ३. वि variously, वाचा pain.  
**विबुध** mfn. (-धः-धा-ध) 1. Awake, aroused. 2. Unconscious. 3. Blossomed, expanded. 4. Clever, skilful, ३. वि, and बुध awakened.

**विबुध** m. (-धः) 1. A god, an immortal. 2. A Pau'd'it, a learned man, a teacher. 3. The moon. ३. वि variously, बुच् to know, aff. च।  
**विधी** m. (-धी) 1. Inattention, absence. 2. Intelligence. 3. Awakening. 4. Discovering any circumstance. 5. Becoming conscious, (considered as one of the thirty-three subordinate feelings in rhetoric) ३. वि privative or intensitive, and धी understanding.  
**विधीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Awakened. 2. Instructed. ३. वि before, धी to know, काल् v., ऋ aff.  
**विभक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Divided, portioned, partitioned. 2. Separated, parted. 3. Dividing, sharing, a partner. 4. Distinct. 5. Different, multifarious. 6. Retired, isolated. 7. Symmetrical. 8. Ornamental. ३. वि severally, भज् to divide, aff. ऋ।  
**विभक्तज** m. (-जः) A son born after partition of the family property between his parents and brethren. ३. विभक्त divided, (being or having been,) and ज born.  
**विभक्ति** f. (-क्तिः) 1. Part, portion, inheritance or share of inheritance, &c. 2. A division, a partition. 3. Inflexion of nouns, declension. ३. वि before, भज् to divide, aff. क्तिप्।  
**विभङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Breaking, fracture. 2. Division. 3. Bending, contracting, (especially of the eye-brows.) 4. Expression or play of features. 5. Obstruction, stoppage. ३. वि, भज्ति to break, aff. चच्।  
**विभजनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be portioned or partitioned. ३. वि before, भज् to divide, चनीयर् aff. [लृप् aff.]  
**विभज्य** Ind. Having divided, portioned, &c. ३. वि before, भज् to divide, विभज्यमान mfn. (-मानः-मा-मं) Divisible, portionable, to be or being divided or parted. ३. वि before, भज् to divide, काल् v., घानच् aff.  
**विभव** m. (-वः) 1. Substance, thing, property, wealth. 2. Emancipation from existence. 3. Supreme or superhuman power. 4. Magnanimity, lofty-mindedness. ३. वि implying variety, privation, &c., and भव being.  
**विभा** f. (-भा) 1. A ray of light. 2. Light, lustre. 3. Beauty. ३. वि variously, भा to shine, aff. चच्।  
**विभाकर** m. (-रः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. ३. विभा light, and कर who makes  
**विभाग** m. (-गः) 1. Part, portion, share. 2. The share or portion of an inheritance. 3. Partition of inheritance. 4. (In arithmetic.) The numerator of a fraction. 5. Separation, disjunction, (considered as a Gun'a in Nyāya Phil. ३. वि implying variously, भाग a portion.  
**विभागकल्पना** f. (-ना) Apportioning or allotment of shares or portions. ३. विभाग a division, and कल्पना a making.  
**विभागतस्** Ind. Proportionately, according to a part or share. ३. विभा, and तस् aff.  
**विभागधर्म** m. (-र्मः) The law of inheritance.  
**विभागपत्रिका** f. (-का) A deed of partition.  
**विभागभाक्** m. (-भाक्) One who shares in a portion of property already distributed, applied especially to a son by a father and mother of the same tribe, born subsequent to a distribution of property amongst his parents and brethren, in which case he inherits the portion allotted or reserved to the parents. ३. विभाग a portion, and भाक् who shares. [and तस् aff.]  
**विभागव्य** Ind. Proportionately, according to a part or share. ३. विभा, विभाज n. (-जः) Distributing.  
**विभाज्य** mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्य) Divisible, portionable, what may be divided or apportioned. ३. वि severally, भज् to divide, लृप् aff.  
**विभात्** mfn. (-भात्-भाती or भाती-भात) Shining, splendid. ३. वि before, भा to shine, वट् aff. [विभात n. (-तः)]।  
**विभात** n. (-तः) Dawn, day-break. ३. वि before, भा to shine, aff. ऋ; also  
**विभाज** m. (-जः) 1. A friend or acquaintance. 2. One of the Bha'vas or classes of properties into which the objects of poetical composition are divided; the causative or exciting property, as dress, perfumes, &c. of amorous desire; extravagant gesture of mirth;

distress or pain of tenderness ; arms and tumult of wrath or heroism, &c. **वि** various, and भाव property, disposition.

**विभावक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Discussing, shewing, illustrating. **वि** before, भू to think, क्त् aff.

**विभावन** nf. (-नं-ना) 1. Discussion, examination, discrimination. 2. Perceiving, seeing, distinguishing. 3. Conceiving, imagination. 4. Ascertaining or judging of facts. 5. Describing effects not arising from the usual causes, (in rhetoric.) **वि** before, भू in the 10th cl. to think, &c., aff. युच् ।

**विभावनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Distinguishable, ascertainable, to be judged or determined. **वि** and भू to think, नीयर् aff.

**विभावरी** f. (-री) 1. Night. 2. Turmeric. 3. A bawd. 4. A harlot. 5. The shreds of a garment torn in a scuffle. **वि** before, भा to shine, (with stars), क्त् aff., fem. अस्, and रच् substituted for the final ; also विभाव amorous excitement, रच् aff.

**विभावरु** m. (-रात्) The sun. **वि** भा and रुक्त् aff.

**विभावरु** m. (-रुः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. The moon. 4. A sort of necklace or garland. **वि** भा light, रुक् being, substance.

**विभाविता** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Seen, perceived, marked. 2. Judged, discriminated. 3. Conceived, imagined. 4. Known, understood. 5. Proved, established. **वि** before, भू in the 10th cl. to know or perceive, aff. क्त् । [to the last.

**विभाविता** n. (-त्वं) The state of being perceived or judged. **वि** त्व added  
**विभाज्य** mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्यं) 1. To be seen or observed, remarkable, distinguishable. 2. To be conceived or imagined. **वि** before, भू to be, ज्यत् aff.

**विभाषा** f. or Ind. (-षा) Alternative, either of two ways. **वि** alternative, and भाषा speech. [and टाप् affs.

**विभाषा** f. (-षा) Light, shining. **वि** before, भास् to be luminous, चक्त्

**विभाषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Lighted, shining. **वि** भास् to shine, क्त् aff.

**विभिक्षु** mfn. (-क्षुः-क्षुः-क्षुः) Wishing or purposing to hit or pierce. **वि** before भिद् to break, desid. v., उ aff.

**विभिदाशन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Being wounded, pierced, broken. 2. Being divided or scattered. **वि** before भिद् to break, pass. v., शानच् aff.

**विभिन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नं) 1. Pierced, wounded. 2. Broken. 3. Scattered, dispersed. 4. Mixed, intermixed, mingling. 5. Various, different. 6. Disappointed. 7. Bewildered, perplexed. **वि** before भिद् to break, &c., क्त् aff.

**विभिन्नता** f. (-ता) The state of being broken, scattered, &c. **वि** त्व added to the last ; also with त्व, विभिन्नत् ।

**विभीष** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fearless. **वि** वि priv., भीत afraid.

**विभीतक** mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Beleric myrobalan, (Terminalia belerica.) **वि** विभीत fearless, क्त् aff. "बह्वेका इति भाषा ।"

**विभीषण** mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Fearful, formidable, terrific, horrible. nf. (-णः-णा) The property of exciting fear. m. (-णः) The brother of Rā'vāna. **वि** भी, भो to fear, युच् aff. युक्त् augment. [युक्-युक्त् ।

**विभीषिका** f. (-का) 1. Terror. 2. A means of terrifying. **वि** वि + भी-विच्

**विभु** mfn. (-भुः-भुः-भुः) 1. Omnipresent, all-pervading. 2. Always, eternal. 3. Firm, solid, hard. 4. Powerful. m. (-भुः) 1. A master, an owner. 2. S'IVA. 3. BRAHMA. 4. VISHN'U. 5. A servant. 6. Ether. 7. Space. 8. Time. 9. The soul. **वि** before भू to be, अस्, क्त् । [क्त् aff.

**विभुज** mfn. (-जः-जा-जं) Bent, bowed, crooked, **वि** before भुज् to bend, भुजा f. (-ता) Power, supremacy. **वि** भु, त्व् aff. also with त्व, विभुत् ।

**विभूति** f. (-तिः) 1. Superhuman power, consisting of eight faculties especially attributed to S'IVA, and supposed to be attainable by human beings, through a course of austere worship, attended with magical rites, in honor of that deity and his spouse DURGA ; the eight properties thus supposed to be assumable at will are:—  
अविना extreme minuteness or invisibility ; अविना extreme light-

ness or incorporeality ; प्राप्ति attaining or reaching any thing, as illustrated by the power of touching the moon with the tip of the finger ; प्राप्ताश्च the fulfilment of every wish ; अविना illimitable bulk ; ईशिता supreme dominion over animate or inanimate nature ; अविना the power of enchanting or changing the course of nature, and कामावसायिता the accomplishment of every promise or engagement. 2. Power, dignity, dominion. 3. Ashes of cow-dung, &c. with which S'IVA is said to have smeared his body, and thence used in imitation of him by devotees. 4. Prosperity. 5. Wealth. **वि** implying change of form, &c., भू to be, अस्, क्त् ।

**विभूतिमत्** mfn. (-मत्-मती-मत्) 1. Superhuman. 2. Smeared with ashes. **वि** विभूति and मत्त् aff. [adorning.

**विभूषण** n. (-णं) Ornament, decoration. **वि** implying variety, and भूषण  
**विभूषा** f. (-षा) 1. Lustre, splendour, beauty. 2. Ornament, decoration. **वि** before भूष् to adorn, अस्, चक्त् and टाप् ।

**विभूषित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Adorned, decorated. **वि** variously, भूष् to adorn, क्त् aff. [भूत supported.

**विभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Held, retained. 2. Upheld, supported. **वि** वि, विभेद m. (-दः) 1. Dividing, breaking. 2. Wounding, piercing. 3. Variety, distinction. 4. Bewildering, perplexing. 5. A division or separation. 6. Eumity, opposition. 7. Contradiction. **वि** before भिद् to break, चक्त् aff.

**विभेद** n. (-नं) 1. Breaking, dividing. 2. Separating, literally or figuratively, as setting at variance, **वि** before भिद् to divide, क्त् aff.

**विभ्रंश** m. (-शः) 1. Falling away. 2. Decay, ruin. 3. A precipice.

**विभ्रम्** mfn. (-भ्रन्-भ्रती-भ्रन्) Having, possessing. **वि** भ्र, भू to support, चक्त् aff.

**विभ्रम** m. (-मः) 1. One of the classes of feminine actions proceeding from the passion of love, hurry, confusion. 2. Error, mistake blunder. 3. Hurry, flurry. 4. Doubt, apprehension. 5. Beauty. 6. Whirling, going round. 7. Wandering. 8. Whim, caprice. 9. Amorous gesture. f. (-मा) Old age. **वि** before भ्रम् to err, अस्, चक्त् ।

**विभ्रष्ट** mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Lost, gone. 2. Broken off or from, fallen, separated. **वि** before भ्रष्ट् to be broken, क्त् aff.

**विभाज्य** mfn. (-ज्यः-जा-जं) 1. Elegant, richly dressed or decorated. 2. Splendid, luminous, shining. **वि** before भाज् to shine, अस्, क्त् ।

**विभाजमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Resplendent, glittering. **वि** भाज् to shine, शानच् aff. [शानच् aff.

**विभाष** mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Having, possessing. **वि** before भा to have,

**विभाष** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Hurried, flurried, erring, &c., through precipitation. **वि** before भ्रम् to err, अस्, क्त् ।

**विभ्रानशील** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Mad, drunk, intoxicated or insane. m. (-लः) 1. A monkey. 2. The disk of the sun or moon. **वि** विभ्रान wandering, and शील disposition.

**विभ्रान** f. (-तिः) 1. Error, confusion. 2. Hurry, flurry, precipitation. 3. Whirling, going round. **वि** before भ्रम् to err, अस्, क्त् ।

**विमत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Disliking, averse or hostile to. 2. Disagreeing, of a different opinion. m. (-तः) An enemy. **वि** adversive, and मत disposed.

**विमति** f. (-तिः) 1. Dislike, aversion. 2. Difference of opinion, dissent. 3. Stupidity. **वि** वि and मति mind. [vious.

**विमत्सर** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Unenvious, unambitious. **वि** वि priv., मत्सर en-

**विमद** f. (-दा) 1. Free from intoxication. 2. Joyless.

**विमनस्** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Sad, perplexed, disordered, heart-broken. 2. Changed in mind or feeling. 3. Averse, disliking, displeased. 4. Absent-minded, thinking of something else. **वि** वि privative and मनस् the mind ; having no mind or heart.

**विमनस्क** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Sad, bewildered, heart-broken, &c. **वि** क्त् added to the preceding.

**विमनोज्ञ** mfn. (-ज्ञः-जा-ज्ञं) 1. Altered in mind or feeling. 2. Sad, sorrowful. 3. Displeased, offended. **वि** विमनस् and ज्ञत made with ज्ञ् aug.

**विमलीभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-सं) Changed in mind or feeling, &c.: see the last. **विमलम्** and **भूत** become, **प्** augment.

**विमल्य** Adj. 1. Free from anger. 2. Free from grief.

**विमय** m. (-यः) Barter, exchange. **वि** before **मि** to scatter, aff. **चच्** ।

**विमर्द** m. (-र्दः) 1. Rubbing, friction. 2. The trituration of perfumes. 3. Touch, contact. 4. Destroying, killing. 5. Crushing, bruising. 6. Rubbing the body with unguents. 7. Conjunction of the sun and moon. 8. War. 9. A plant, (Cassia esculenta.) **वि** before **मृद्** to grind, aff. **चच्**, **कृन्** or **चच्** ।

**विमर्दन** n. (-नं) 1. Rubbing, pounding, grinding. 2. Killing, destroying. 3. The trituration of perfumes. 4. Conjunction of the sun and moon, or eclipses. **वि** before **मृद्** to rub, &c. aff. **कृट्**; also **विमर्द** m. (-नः) and **विमर्दना** f. (-ना) ।

**विमर्दार्ध** n. (-र्धः) (In astronomy,) The time from the apparent conjunction to the end of an eclipse. **विमर्द**, and **चर्ध** half. [rises.

**विमर्दोन्म** m. (-न्मः) A pleasing scent. **विमर्द** rubbing, and **चन्म** what

**विमर्श** m. (-र्शः) 1. Discussion, investigation, reasoning, examination by reason. 2. A conflicting judgment. 3. The impression on the mind of past good or evil actions. **वि** implying discrimination, **श्** to perceive, aff. **चच्** ।

**विमर्शन** n. (-नं) Investigating, discussing. **वि**, **मृश्** to judge, **कृट्** aff.

**विमर्शन्** mfn. (-न्-विमर्शो-वि) Thinking, deliberating. **विमर्श**, **इति** aff.

**विमर्ष** m. (-र्षः) 1. Irritation, impatience. 2. Displeasure, dissatisfaction. 3. Interruption of the prosperous course of a dramatic story, (one of the five Sandhis in a drama,) reverse. **वि** before **मृश्** to endure, aff. **चच्** । [ing. **विमर्ष** and **इति** aff.

**विमर्षिन्** mfn. (-र्षि-विमर्शो-वि) 1. Impatient, intolerant. 2. Averse, dislike.

**विमल** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Clean, pure, (either literally, as clothes, &c. or figuratively, as the heart or mind.) 2. Beautiful. 3. White. 4. Transparent. f. (-ला) 1. A plant, commonly Charmaghās. 2. A sort of soil. m. (-लः) An Arhat or Jaina deified sage. n. (-लं) 1. Silver-gilt. 2. Talo. **वि** privative, **मल** dirt.

**विमलमणि** m. (-णिः) Crystal. **विमल** clean, clear, **मणि** a jewel.

**विमलात्मक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Clean, pure. **विमल** clean, **आत्मन्** nature, aff. **कृन्** ।

**विमलात्मन्** mfn. (-मा-मा-ज) Pure, undefiled. **विमल**, and **आत्मन्** self.

**विमलाग्रि** m. (-ग्रिः) A particular mountain. **विमल** clean, or crystal, and **चग्रि** a mountain.

**विमलायक** mfn. (-कः-का-क) Clear, clean, pure. **विमल** clean, **अय** purpose, **कृन्** added. [head, **इतच्** aff.

**विमलकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Beheaded, decapitated. **वि** priv., **मल** the

**विमल** m. (-लः-लं) Unclean meat, as the flesh of dogs, &c. **वि** depre-

ciative prefix, and **मल** flesh. [ther.

**विमातृ** f. (-ता) A step-mother, a father's wife. **वि** different, **मातृ** mo-

**विमातृज** m. (-जः) A step-mother's son. **विमातृ**, and **ज** born.

**विमान** mn. (-नः-नं) 1. A car or chariot of the gods, sometimes serving as a seat or throne, and at others carrying them through the skies self-directed and self-moving; hence it also applies to the sky. 2. Any car or vehicle. 3. A horse. 4. A palace, the palace of an emperor, or supreme monarch. 5. A seven-storied palace. 6. Disrespect, dishonour. 7. Measure. **वि** before **मन्** to understand, with **चच्** aff.; or **म** to measure, aff. **कृट्**; or **वि** priv., **मान** honour.

**विमानना** f. (-ना) Dishonour, disrespect.

**विमानित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Dishonoured. **विमान**, and **इतच्** aff.

**विमार्ग** m. (-र्गः) 1. A broom, a brush. 2. A bad road. 3. A wrong road, literally or figuratively, evil conduct. **वि** before **मृज्** to clean, aff. **चच्**; or **वि** privative, and **मार्ग** a road. [aff.

**विमार्गेषु** n. (-षु) Searching, seeking. **वि** before **मृग्** to search, **कृट्**

**विमिश्र** f. (-श्रः) Mixed together.

**विमुक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Loosed, liberated. 2. Hurlled, thrown. 3. Quitted, abandoned. 4. Issued or let loose from, given vent to. **वि** before **मुक्त** the same.

**विमुक्ति** f. (-क्तिः) 1. Liberation, especially final emancipation from future existence. 2. Separation, parting. **वि**, **मुक्ति** the same.

**विमुख** mfn. (-खः-खी-ख) 1. Averted, having the face cast down or turned away. 2. Opposed, averse, disinclined. 3. Void of. **वि** reverse, and **मुख** the countenance.

**विमुखता** f. (-ता) 1. Disappearance, departure. 2. Turning away. 3. Opposition. **वि** **तत्** added to the last; also with **ल**, **विमुखल** ।

**विमुक्षिता** f. (-ता) 1. Turning away from, enmity. 2. Departure. 3. Opposition. **वि** **विमुक्षिन्**, and **तत्** aff.; also with **ल**, **विमुक्षिल** ।

**विमुक्षिन्** mfn. (-क्षी-क्षिनी-क्षि) 1. Averted, turned away. 2. Hostile, averse to or from. **वि** **विमुख**, and **इति** aff. [प्] augment.

**विमुखीकरण** n. (-णं) Turning away from, leaving. **वि** **विमुख**, **करण** doing,

**विमुखीकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Turned away from, averted, departed. **वि** **विमुख**, **कृत** made, **प्** augment. [wildered, **तत्** aff.

**विमुग्ध** mfn. (-ग्धः-ग्धा-ग्ध) Bewildered, absorbed. **वि**, **मुग्ध** to be be-

**विमुच्यमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being let loose or liberated, in the act of spreading abroad. **वि** before **मुच्** to be loosed, **मानच्** aff.

**विमृद्** mfn. (-द्रः-द्रा-द्र) 1. Blown, budded, opened as a bud or flower. 2. Unsealed, unclosed. **वि** privative, **मृद्** a seal.

**विमूढ** mfn. (-ढः-ढा-ढ) 1. Bewildered, discomposed. 2. Foolish. 3. Beguiled, led astray, seduced, tempted. **वि**, **मूढ** to be foolish, aff. **कृ** ।

**विमूढसंज्ञ** mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञ) Senseless, unconscious. **वि** **मूढ**, **संज्ञ** sense.

**विमूढालम्** mfn. (-ला-ला-ल) Beguiled, foolish. **वि** **मूढ**, **आत्मन्** self.

**विमृदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Rubbed. 2. Ground, pounded. **वि**, **मृद्** to rub, **कृ** aff.

**विमृश्य** mfn. (-श्रः-श्रा-श्र) To be discussed or reflected upon, Ind. Har-

ing considered. **वि**, **मृश्** to reflect, **मुच्** or **लप्** aff.

**विमृश्याकारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिषो-रि) Acting after due deliberation. **वि** **मृश्या** and **कारिन्** who acts.

**विमृष्ट** f. (-ष्टा) 1. Rubbed of, cleansed. 2. Considered, reflected upon.

**विमोच** m. (-चः) 1. Liberation, freedom, being or letting loose. 2. Dis-

charging, shooting. 3. Final emancipation. **वि** before **मोच** the same. [the same.

**विमोचय** nf. (-यं-या) Quitting, abandoning, resigning. **वि** before **मोच**

**विमोचन** n. (-नं) Liberating, unyoking. **वि**, **मुच्** to set free, **कृट्** aff.

**विमोचित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Liberated, set free. **वि** before **मुच्** to liberate, causal v., aff. **कृ** ।

**विमोहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fascinated, beguiled. **वि** before **मुह** to be foolish, causal v., **कृ** aff.

**विम्ब** mn. (-म्बः-म्ब) 1. The disk of the sun or moon. 2. An image, a picture, a shadow, a reflected or represented form. 3. The gourd of the Momordica monadelpha. nf. (-म्बः-म्बा or -म्बो) A cucurbitaceous plant with red fruit, (Momordica monadelpha.) **वि** to go, to shine, **बन्** Una'di aff., **मुन्** aug.; the radical vowel made short.

**विम्बक** u. (-कं) 1. The disk of the sun or moon. 2. The gourd of the Momordica monadelpha or the plant itself. "तेलाकुवा." **वि** **बन्** added to the last. [and **ज** born.

**विम्बजा** f. (-जा) Momordica monadelpha or the gourd. **विम्ब**, the plant

**विम्बट** m. (-टः) The mustard plant, (Sinapis dihotoma, Rox.) **वि** **विम्ब** as above, **चट्** to go or grow, (like,) aff. **चच्**, deriv. irr.

**विम्बगत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Reflected. **वि** **विम्ब** and **आगत** arrived.

**विम्बिका** f. (-का) 1. A cucurbitaceous plant bearing a bright red gourd,

(*Momordica monodelpha*.) 2. The disk of the sun or moon. **विरा** in the fem. form, added to **विष्** as above.

**विमित्र** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Pictured, imaged, reflected. **विरा**, **रतच्** aff.

**विम** m. (-वः) The betel-nut tree, (*Areca faulif.*)

**विमल** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Red-lipped, having lips like the *Vimba* fruit. **विरा** as above, and **मल** the lip; also **विमल**.

**विमल** mfn. (-वः-ता-तं) 1. Fresh, pure, free from soil or decay. 2. Refreshed. **विरा** priv., **मल** decayed.

**विमल** n. (-तः) 1. Cleaning, wiping. 2. Refreshing, reviving. **विरा** priv., **मल** to decay, causal v., **कृट्** aff.

**विमल** m. (-तः) A kite. **विरा** the sky, and **मल** who goes.

**विमल** n. (-वः) Sky, heaven, æther, atmosphere. **विरा** privative, **मल** to refrain or cause, aff. **कृट्** and **लृट्** final.

**विमल** m. (-तः) A bird. **विरा**, **यत्** to endeavour, **कृट्** aff. [the river.

**विमल** f. (-ता) The Ganges or river of heaven. **विरा** the sky, **मल** who goes.

**विमल** f. (-तः) Moving in the air. **विरा**, **मल** motion. [power.

**विमल** f. (-तः) Darkness. **विरा** the sky, and **मल** superhuman.

**विमल** m. (-वः) The sun. **विरा** the sky, and **मल** a gem.

**विमल** m. (-तः) 1. Forbearance, restraint. 2. Rest, cessation, stop. 3. Pain or distress of various kinds. **विरा** before **यत्** to check or restrain, aff. **चप्**; also **विमल**.

**विमल** mfn. (-वः-ता-तं) 1. Shameless, impudent, ill-behaved. 2. Bold. **विरा** implying prevention, and **यत्** wished; wishing for what is prohibited or improper.

**विमल** m. (-तः) 1. Forbearance, restraint. 2. Rest, stop, cessation. 3. Pain or distress of various kinds. **विरा**, **यत्** to restrain, aff. **चप्**.

**विमल** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Separated, sundered. **विरा** priv., **युज्** joined.

**विमल** f. (-ता) Separated from, deprived of.

**विमल** m. (-तः) 1. Absence, separation, especially of lovers. 2. Disunion, disjunction. 3. Loss, absence. **विरा** privative, and **योग** union.

**विमल** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Suffering separation. **विरा** separation, **मल** to serve, to be subject to, causal form, aff. **कृट्**.

**विमल** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Separated, absent, remote, apart. m. (-तः) The ruddy goose. **विरा**, **युज्** to join, **लृट्** aff. [metre.

**विमल** f. (-तः) 1. A woman separated from her lover. 2. Name of a deity.

**विमल** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Separated, disjoined, disunited. 2. Parted from, deprived of. **विरा** privative, **योग** joined.

**विमल** f. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Manifold birth. 2. An ignominious birth.

**विमल** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Averse, indifferent, free from inclination or affection. 2. Stoical, void of attachment to worldly objects. 3. Impassioned, interested, feeling passion or regard for any person or any thing. 4. Discoloured. **विरा** privative or pleonastic, before **रच्** to feel passion, aff. **कृट्**.

**विमल** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Disinclined to, disliking. **विरा**, **भाव** quality.

**विमल** f. (-तः) 1. Aversion, disinclination. 2. Absence of affection. **विरा** before **रच्**, to affect, **कृट्** aff.

**विमल** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Making, composing, fabricating, embellishing, &c. **विरा** before **रच्** to make, aff. **कृट्**.

**विमल** nf. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Making, arranging. 2. Composing, Embellishing. 4. Embellishment, any artificial and ornamental fabric or contrivance. **विरा** before **रच्** to make, **युज्** aff.

**विमल** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Made, prepared, effected. 2. Written, composed. 3. Trimmed, ornamented. 4. Contrived, constructed, arranged. 5. Put on, worn. 6. Set, inlaid. **विरा** pleonasm, and **रच्** to be made, **कृट्** aff.

**विमल** Ind. Having made. **विरा**, **रच्** to make, **लृट्** aff.

**विमल** m. (-तः) *Vishnu*. f. (-ता) Free from dust.

**विमल** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Free from dust. 2. Free from passion. f. (-ता) A woman who has ceased to menstruate. **विरा** privative, **रच्** the menses, &c.

**विराजन्तम्** m. (-तः) A virtuous man, one free from the two properties of ignorance and passion. **विरा** privative, **रच्** the quality of passion, and **तन्तम्** that of ignorance. [monly *Durba*.

**विराज** f. (-ता) 1. A plant, commonly *विराजानो*. 2. A sort of grass, commonly *विराजानो*. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Freed from passion. 2. Clean, freed from dust, &c. **विरा** priv., **रच्** passion, &c., **तन्तम्** made, **युज्** augment.

**विराजोभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Free from passion, pure, holy. 2. Clean, clear. **विरा** priv., **रच्** passion, **भूत** become, **युज्** augment.

**विराज** m. (-तः) *BRAHMA*. **विरा** before **रच्** to create, aff. **चप्**, and **युज्** augment; more properly **विराज**.

**विराज** m. (-तः) 1. The name of a king. 2. The shoulder. 3. A black kind of *Agallochum*.

**विराज** n. (-तः) A fragrant grass, (*Andropogon schœnanthum*.) **विरा** See **विराज**. "विराज मूल" [or rest, aff. **कृट्**.

**विराज** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Stopped, ceased, rested. **विरा** before **रच्** to stop.

**विराज** f. (-तः) 1. Stop, cessation, term, rest. 2. End, term. **विरा** before **रच्** to play, **कृट्** aff.

**विराज** m. (-तः) 1. Cessation, stop. 2. Sunset. [to sport, **युज्** aff.

**विराज** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Resting, stopping. 2. Sporting. **विरा**, **रच्**.

**विराज** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Fine, delicate, thin, (but with interstices.) 2. Loose, relaxed. 3. Apart, wide, separated by an interval. 4. Remote, rare, occurring at distant or repeated intervals of time. n. (-तः) Sour curds. **विरा** apart, **रच्** to go or be, aff. **कृट्**.

**विराज** Ind. It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "rarely," "unfrequently." [knee, **कृट्** added.

**विराजानुक्त** m. (-तः) A man with bandy legs. **विराज** wide, **आनु** the *विराजानुक्त*. f. (-ता) Gruel made of rice or other grain, with the addition of Ghee, &c. **विराज** apart, **रच्** to ooze, aff. **चप्**. [flavour.

**विराज** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Lustrous. 2. Painful. m. (-तः) Pain. **विरा**, **रच्**.

**विराज** m. (-तः) 1. Separation, parting, absence, especially the separation of lovers. 2. Forbearance, cessation, relinquishment. **विरा** before **रच्** to abandon, aff. **चप्**.

**विराज** m. (-तः) The anguish of separation. [चप् aff.

**विराज** Ind. Having abandoned. **विरा** before **रच्** to quit, causal form, **विराज** m. (-तः) The fire of separation. [चप् aff.

**विराज** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Pained by the absence of a lover. **विराज**, **विराज** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Left, abandoned, deserted, relinquished. 2. Void of, exempt, or free from. **विरा** before **रच्** to abandon, aff. **कृट्**.

**विराज** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Separate, sundered, absent or apart from. f. (-ता) 1. Wages, hire. 2. A woman absent from her husband or lover. **विराज** absence, **चप्** aff.

**विराज** Adj. Pining away in absence.

**विराज** mfn. (-तः) A woman whose lover or husband is absent. **विराज** separation, **लृट्** aff.

**विराज** m. (-तः) 1. The absence of desire or passion, indifference, philosophy, the disregard of all sensual enjoyment either in this world or the next. 2. Change of colour. 3. Dissatisfaction. **विरा** privative, and **रच्** passion, desire.

**विराज** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Void of passion or desire. **विराज** the absence of desire, and **चप्** worthy. [aff.

**विराज** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Void of passion or desire. **विराज** and **विराज**.

**विराज** m. (-तः) 1. A man of the regal or military class. 2. Splendour, beauty. 3. The body. 4. The first progeny of *BRAHMA*, who having divided himself into male and female, produced from the female, *VIRAJ*; *VIRAJ* then by himself produced the first *Manu* or *SWAYAMBHUVA* who was the progenitor of the *Praja*'patis, and the secondary framer of the visible world; in other places *VIRAJ* is the same as *BRAHMA*, and assumer of the androgynous form in his own person. **विरा** severally or separately, &c., **रच्** to shine, aff. **कृट्**.

**विराजन् mfn.** (-जन्-जनी जन्) Shining, splendid, handsome. **इ.** वि and राज् to shine, aff. श्रट् । [राज् to shine, ज्ञाज् aff.]

**विराजमान mfn.** (-जः जा-न्) Splendid, brilliant, handsome. **इ.** वि before विराजित mfn. (-तः-ता-न्) 1. Illuminated, irradiated, splendid. 2. Manifested, made visible. **इ.** वि before राज् to shine, क् aff.

**विराट् m.** (-टः) 1. A country, one of the midland division of India, probably Bera'r. 2. A sovereign. **इ.** वि before रट् to sound, aff. चञ् ।

**विराटक m.** (-कः) An inferior kind of diamond.

**विराटज् m.** (-जः) An inferior sort of diamond, said to be found in the country Vira'ta. **इ.** विराट् the country, ज produced. [added.]

**विराधिन् m.** (-धी) An elephant. **इ.** वि before रध् battle, aff. चञ् and इनि

**विराध् mfn.** (-धः-धा-न्) 1. Treated with disrespect, reviled, abused. 2. Opposed. 3. Offended. **इ.** वि before राध् to accomplish, क् aff.

**विराध् mfn.** (-धा-धी-न्) 1. Thwarting, opposing. 2. Offending, injuring. 3. Abusive, calumnious. **इ.** वि before राध् to accomplish, aff. दञ् ।

**विराध m.** (-धः) 1. Opposition, prevention. 2. Vexation, annoyance. **इ.** वि before राध् to accomplish, चञ् aff.

**विराधन n.** (-नं) Pain, agony, anguish. **इ.** वि, राध् to accomplish, छुट् aff.

**विराध्यन् mfn.** (-ध्यन्-ध्यनी-ध्यन्) 1. Opposing, thwarting. 2. Offending, annoying, injuring. **इ.** वि before राध् to accomplish, श्रट् aff.

**विराम m.** (-मः) 1. End, conclusion, cessation, term. 2. Rest, cessation from labour. 3. Stop, pause of the voice. 4. Interval between words or sentences. **इ.** वि before रम् to stop, aff. चञ् ।

**विराम m.** (-मः) A oat. **इ.** विडाल as above, and ड changed to र ।

**विराव m.** (-वः) Sound, noise. **इ.** वि before व् to make a noise, aff. चञ् ।

**विराविन् mfn.** (-वी-विनी-वि) Shouting, roaring, crying, &c. f. (-वी) 1. A broom. 2. The name of a river. 3. Weeping, crying. **इ.** विराव noise, इनि and डीप् affs.

**विरिक्त mfn.** (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Purged. **इ.** वि before रिच् to void by stool, क् aff.

**विरिच m.** (-चः) BRAHMA' : see विरिचि ।

**विरिचन m.** (-नः) BRAHMA'. see the next.

**विरिचि m.** (-चिः) 1. BRAHMA'. 2. VISHN'U. 3. S'IVA. **इ.** वि implying various kind, (of beings,) रच् to make or create, इन् aff., the radical vowel changed to इ and वृन् augment ; also with चञ् aff. विरिच, and with युच्, विरिचन ; some authorities omit the change of the radical vowel, and write विरच् and विरचि, but these seem to be less accurate. [aug. ; form irr.]

**विरिचि m.** (-चिः) A note, a tone. **इ.** वि before रेम् to sound, क् aff., इट्

**विह्वल mfn.** (-वः-वा-लं) 1. Broken, bent. 2. Blunted. 3. Destroyed. **इ.** वि before ह्वल् to be sick, क् aff.

**विह्वल f.** (-ता) 1. Screamed. 2. Resounding. n. (-तं) 1. Singing, chirping. 2. Din, noise, clamour.

**विह्वल m.** (-वः) 1. Crying. 2. Proclaiming. **इ.** वि, ह्वल् to cry, क् aff.

**विह्वल mfn.** (-वः-वा-लं) 1. Opposed, hindered. 2. Reverse, contrary, opposite. 3. Inconsistent, (in argument.) incongruous, a nonsequitur. 4. Opposed in quality, as sweet with sour, &c. 5. Disagreeing with each other, (as articles of medicine or food.) 6. Hostile, adverse. 7. Excluded, disqualified. 8. Surrounded, blockaded. 9. Proving the reverse, as a He'tu, (in logic.) **इ.** वि before ह्वल् to stop, aff. क् ।

**विह्वलता f.** (-ता) 1. Opposition, contrariety. 2. Incongruity. 3. Enmity. **इ.** तल् added to विह्वल ; also with तल्, विह्वलत् । [eats.]

**विह्वलज् mfn.** (-ज्) Eating incompatible things. **इ.** विह्वल and जुज् who

**विह्वलभोजन n.** (-न) Incompatible food. **इ.** विह्वल and भोजन eating.

**विह्वलन्न n.** (-न्नः) Incompatible food. **इ.** विह्वल and चन्न food.

**विह्वल्य mfn.** (-यः-यी-यं) Astringent, drying. n. (-यं) 1. Censure, blame, reviling, abuse. 2. Oath, imprecation. 3. Contracting, roughening, acting as an astringent. **इ.** वि before ह्वल् to be rough, aff. क् ट्.

**विह्वल mfn.** (-वः-वा-लं) 1. Budded, blossomed. 2. Born. 3. Ascended, mounted. **इ.** वि before ह्वल् to grow, aff. क् ।

**विह्वल mfn.** (-वः-वा-लं) 1. Deformed, monstrous. 2. Unusual in form or nature, unnatural. n. (-वं) 1. Irregular or monstrous shape. 2. Difference of nature or character. f. (-वा) The wife of YAMA. **इ.** वि implying variety, and ह्वल् form.

**विह्वल mfn.** (-वः-विह्वल-वं) 1. Frightful, hideous. 2. Deformed, misshapen. **इ.** कन् added to the last.

**विह्वलकर n.** (-कः) Disfiguring. **इ.** विह्वल and करण making.

**विह्वल m.** (-वः) 1. S'IVA. 2. One of the Rudras. **इ.** वि implying reverse, ह्वल् form, and चञ् the eye ; having three eyes.

**विरिक्त m.** (-कः) 1. Purging, evacuation by stool. 2. A purgative. **इ.** वि before रिच् to purge, aff. चञ् ।

**विरिचन n.** (-नं) 1. Purging, evacuation by stool. 2. A purgative. **इ.** वि before रिच् to purge, aff. चिच् क् ट् । [aff. च.]

**विरिचन mfn.** (-नः-ता-न्) Purged, evacuated. **इ.** वि before रिच् to purge,

**विरिच mfn.** (-चः-चा-चं) To be purged. **इ.** वि, रिच् to purge, वृन् aff.

**विरिक्त m.** (-कः) 1. A river in general. 2. The absence of the letter र. **इ.** वि privative, रिक् letter र, &c. [aff. च.]

**विरिभित mfn.** (-तः-ता-न्) Sounded, uttered. **इ.** वि before रेम् to sound,

**विरिक्त n.** (-कः) A hole, a chasm. m. (-कः) A ray of light. **इ.** वि before ह्वल् to shine, aff. चञ् ।

**विरिचन m.** (-नः) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. Fire. 4. The son of the sovereign PRAHLA'DA. **इ.** वि before ह्वल् to shine, causal form, aff. छुट् or युच् ।

**विरिचनसुत m.** (-तः) BALI, the sovereign of Maha'balipur. **इ.** विरिचन the son of PRAHLA'DA, सुत son. [be light, ह्वल् aff.]

**विरिचिण mfn.** (-णः-णी-णं) 1. Shining. 2. Illuminating. **इ.** वि, ह्वल् to

**विरिच m.** (-चः) 1. Enmity, animosity. 2. Restraint, check, control, confinement. 3. Opposition, contradiction. 4. Preventing, hindrance. 5. War. 6. Calamity, misfortune. 7. Surrounding, investing, siege, blockade. 8. Impediment to a successful progress of the story, (in a play.) 9. Antithesis, contrast. 10. Opposition of qualities, (in articles of food or medicine, &c.) 11. Inconsistency, (in argument.) f. (-ची) Fixed rule, ordinance, institute. **इ.** वि before ह्वल् to stop, aff. चञ् ।

**विरिचन n.** (-नं) 1. Opposition, resistance, contradiction. 2. Hindering, obstructing, preventing. 3. Incongruity, inconsistency. 4. Taunting, provoking. 5. Encountering or defying peril. 6. Investing, blockading. **इ.** वि before ह्वल् to stop, aff. क् ट् ।

**विरिचभाष m.** (-भः) A rhetorical inconsistency which is apparent and can be explained away ; it consists in describing things as existing together though in the nature of things they ought not so to exist. **इ.** विरिचः इवा भासते वा + भास्-भच् ।

**विरिचिक्तन् m.** (-क्तं) The forty-fifth year of the Indian cycle. **इ.** विरिचि opposition, क्तन् making.

**विरिचिण mfn.** (-णी-विनी-वि) 1. Inimical, adverse, hostile. 2. Opposing, preventing. 3. Obstructive. 4. Exclusive, disqualifying. 5. Contradictory, inconsistent. 6. Quarrelsome, contentious. 7. Of opposite and incompatible quality, (food, medicine, &c.) 8. Besieging, blockading. m. (-वी) 1. An enemy, an opponent. 2. The twenty-fourth year of the cycle. **इ.** वि, ह्वल् to oppose, aff. विनि ।

**विरिचिोक्ति f.** (-क्तिः) Quarrel, dispute, mutual contradiction. **इ.** विरिचि contradiction and उक्ति speech. [aff. च.]

**विरिचि(च)न n.** (-चं) Healing, (as a wound.)

**विरिचित mfn.** (-तः-ता-न्) Left, destitute, forsaken. **इ.** वि, ह्वल् to ascend,

**विह्वल r.** 6th cl. (विह्वलि) 1. To wear, to put on, to clothe or cover. 2. To break or divide. r. 10th cl. (विह्वलिते) To throw, to cast, to direct or send.

**विह्वल n.** (-लः) 1. A hole, a chasm, a vacuity. 2. A cave, a cavern. m. (-लः) 1. One of INDRA's horses. 2. A sort of reed or cane, (Calamus rotang.) **इ.** विह्वल् to divide, &c., aff. क् ।



- विस्मय** mfn. (-यः-वा-य) 1. Astonished, surprised. 2. Abashed, ashamed. 3. Markless, having no mark or aim. 4. Contra-indicated, having a character or mark contrary to what is usual or natural. 5. Having no characteristic mark or property. 6. Bewildered. 7. Extraordinary. **३.** वि before लृच् to see, aff. चच् ।
- विचित्र** mfn. (-चः-वा-च) 1. Other, different. 2. Strange. 3. Having no distinguishing marks. 4. Having inauspicious marks. n. (-च) 1. State or condition for which no cause can be assigned, vain and causeless state. 2. Seeing, observing. **३.** वि privative or negative, and लृच्च् a mark or sign.
- विचल** n. (-ल) 1. Shame. 2. Surprise. 3. Absence of mark or aim. 4. Absence of distinguishing property. **३.** ल added to विचच्; also with तच् aff. विचलदा ।
- विचिन्तित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Seen, observed. 2. Affected without a cause. 3. Undiscriminated, unmarked. 4. Distinguished. 5. Perplexed, embarrassed. **३.** वि inten. or priv., and चिन्तित marked.
- विचय** mfn. (-यः-वा-य) 1. Joined or attached to, fixed on or connected with. 2. Posted. 3. Slender, thin. n. (-य) 1. The waist, the middle. 2. The rising of a constellation. **३.** वि, लृच् to be connected with, क् aff., form irr.; or विशिष्य लृच् लृच्-क् तस्य नः जस्य नः ।
- विचयन** n. (-न) 1. Overstepping, transgressing. 2. Offence, injury. **३.** वि before लृच् to leap over, लृच् aff.
- विचयनीय** mfn. (-यः-वा-य) To be transgressed or overstepped. **३.** वि before लृच् to leap over, चयनीय् aff.
- विचयित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Transgressed, overstepped. 2. Traversed. 3. Surpassed. **३.** वि before लृच् to leap over, क् aff.
- विलज्ज** mfn. (-ज्जः-ज्जा-ज्ज) Shameless, impudent, unabashed. **३.** वि priv. लज्जा shame. [aff.]
- विलज्जमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Modest. **३.** वि before लृच् to be modest, ज्ञानच् ।
- विलपन्** mfn. (पन्-पन्ती-पन्) 1. Speaking, talking. 2. Prating, talking idly or wildly. **३.** वि before लृच् to speak, लृच् aff.
- विलपन** n. (-न) 1. The dirt or sediment of any oily substance, as of clarified butter, &c. 2. Talking, chattering, talking idly or wildly. 3. Lamenting, wailing. **३.** वि before लृच् to speak, aff. लृच् ।
- विलपित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Said. 2. Chattered. 3. Lamented, spoken in grief, spoken idly. **३.** वि before लृच् to speak, क् aff.
- विलम्ब** m. (-म्बः) 1. Falling or hanging down, pendulousness. 2. Slowness, tardiness, delay. **३.** वि before लृच् to go, aff. चच् or लृच् ।
- विलम्बन** n. (-न) 1. Delaying, retarding, procrastination. 2. Hanging on or from, depending. **३.** वि before लृच् to go, लृच् aff.
- विलम्बमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Suspended on, hanging on or from. **३.** वि before लृच् to go, ज्ञानच् aff.
- विलम्बिका** f. (-का) Constipation.
- विलम्बित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Falling, pendulous, hanging or falling down. 2. Slow, tardy, retarded. 3. Closely connected with. 4. Slow, (as time in music,) adagio. n. (-त) Delay. **३.** विलम्ब delay, लृच् aff.
- विलम्बित्** mfn. (-न्तो-विलम्बितो-विलम्बित) 1. Delaying, retarding. 2. Pendulous, depending, hanging on or from. m. (-न्तो) The thirty-second year of the Indian cycle. **३.** विलम्ब slowness, delay, इति aff.
- विलम्ब** m. (-म्बः) 1. Gift, donation, giving. 2. Liberality. **३.** वि reverse, लम्बि to get or gain, aff. चच्; or वि + लम्ब-लृच् लृच् ।
- विलय** m. (-यः) 1. Destruction of the world. 2. Destruction in general. 3. Liquefaction. **३.** वि before लृच् to liquefy, aff. चच् ।
- विलयन** n. (-न) 1. Destroying. 2. Corroding, eating away. 3. Liquefying. 4. Removing, taking away. 5. Attenuating, (as the fluids of the body.) 6. An attenuant. 7. An escharotic. **३.** वि, लृच् to melt, लृच् aff.
- विलय** f. (-या) A sort of Sida, (S. cordifolia, &c.) “वेतनवायान्” **३.** वि before लृच् to shake, aff. चच् and टाच् ।
- विलयवित्** mfn. (-वी-विलयी-वि) Living in a hole, burrowing. m. (-वी) A snake. **३.** विच् a hole, and विलयिन् who inhabits.
- विलयवित्** mfn. (-यः-वा-य) Living or burrowing in holes. m. (-यः) A snake. **३.** विच् a hole, लृच् to sleep, aff. चच् ।
- विलसन्** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सन्) 1. Shining, beautiful, splendid. 2. Sportive, wanton. **३.** वि before लृच् to shine, &c., aff. लृच् ।
- विलसन** n. (-न) 1. Sporting, dallying. 2. Flashing, gleaming. **३.** वि before लृच् to shine, लृच् aff.
- विलसित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Sportive, wanton. 2. Glittering, shining. n. (-न) 1. Wanton pastime or gestures. 2. A gleam, a flash. 3. Manifestation. **३.** वि before लृच् to shine, क् aff.
- विलाप** m. (-पः) Lamentation, the language of grief and distress. **३.** वि before लृच् to speak, aff. चच् ।
- विलास** m. (-सः) 1. An instrument, a machine. 2. A cat. **३.** वि before लृच् to desire, &c., aff. चच्; or विलास as above, and लृच् changed to its congener लृच् ।
- विलास** m. (-सः) 1. One kind of feminine action, considered as proceeding from and indicative of amorous sentiments; change of place, posture, gait or look, on the approach of the lover, as hiding at his approach, assuming a look of displeasure, &c. 2. Sport, pastime, play, especially amorous pastime, dalliance, wantonness. 3. Graco, elegance. 4. Ease, facility. **३.** वि before लृच् to desire, aff. चच् ।
- विलासकानन** n. (-न) A pleasure ground. **३.** विलास sport, कानन a grove.
- विलासन** n. (-न) 1. Sport. 2. Dalliance.
- विलासमन्दिर** n. (-र) A pleasure house, a summer house, &c. **३.** विलास sport, and मन्दिर a building. [लृच् aff.]
- विलासवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Wanton, sportive, dallying. m. (वती) 1. VISHNŪ. 2. The moon. 3. Fire. 4. A sensualist, an enjoyer. 5. A snake. 6. S'IVA. 7. KRISHN'A. 8. KĀ'MA or CUPID. f. (-वती) 1. A woman. 2. A whore, a harlot. **३.** विलास pastime, &c., aff. इति; or वि, लृच् to shine, चितृच् aff.; also read विलासिन् ।
- विलासिता** f. (-ता) A drama in one act on any light subject or adventure. वि, लृच् to shine, लृच् aff., fem. form.
- विलासित्** mfn. (-वी-विलसी-वि) Wanton, sportive, dallying. m. (वी) 1. VISHNŪ. 2. The moon. 3. Fire. 4. A sensualist, an enjoyer. 5. A snake. 6. S'IVA. 7. KRISHN'A. 8. KĀ'MA or CUPID. f. (-विलसी) 1. A woman. 2. A whore, a harlot. **३.** विलास pastime, &c., aff. इति; or वि, लृच् to shine, चितृच् aff.; also read विलासिन् ।
- विलिखन्** n. (-न) 1. Scratching. 2. Writing.
- विलिखित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Anointed, plastered, smeared. **३.** वि before लिप् to smear, क् aff.
- विलीन** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Liquid, liquefied, semifluid, as melted oil or butter, &c. 2. Disappeared, perished, removed from sight, either temporarily or permanently. 3. Imagined, formed or infused, as in the mind. 4. Contiguous to, in contact with, united or blended with. 5. Immersed in. **३.** वि before लृच् to melt, &c., aff. क् ।
- विलुब्ध** n. (-न) Robbing, plundering.
- विलुप्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Seized, taken. 2. Cut off. 3. Lost. 4. Impaired, mutilated. **३.** वि before लृच् to cut off, क् aff.
- विलुपित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Bewildered, disturbed, agitated. 2. Shaken, (by the wind.) **३.** वि before लृच् to beguile, क् aff.
- विलुप्यक** m. (-कः) A thief, a robber
- विलुपित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Tremulous, shaking, waving. 2. Disordered, disarranged. **३.** वि before लृच् to agitate, क् aff.
- विलुप्त** f. (-ता) Cut off, cut asunder.
- विलेखन** n. (-न) 1. Digging, delving, rooting up. 2. Dividing, splitting. 3. Making marks or furrows. **३.** वि before लिख् to write, aff. लृच् ।
- विलेप** m. (-पः) 1. Ointment, unguent, especially fragrant unguent of Sandal, Agallochum, &c. 2. Mortar, plaster. 3. Anointing, plastering. f. (-पी) Rice-gruel. **३.** वि, लिप् to anoint or smear, aff. चच् ।
- विलेपन** n. (-न) 1. Perfume of the person, unguent or oil of Sandal, saffron, camphor, bdellium, &c. 2. Smearing the body with fragrant oils, &c. 2. Rice-gruel. **३.** वि before लिप् to smear, aff. लृच् ।
- विलेपिका** f. (-का) Rice-gruel; also विलेपी ।

**बिबिष्य** mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be spread or plastered. m. (-यः) Rice-gruel.  
 B. बि before बिप् to smear, aff. खत् or यत् ।  
**बिबिषासिन्** mfn. (-सो-सिनी-सि) Living or burrowing in holes. m. (-सो) A snake. B. बिब 7th case, बासिन् who dwells.  
**बिबिष्य** m. (-यः) 1. A snake. 2. A rat. 3. A hare. 4. Any animal living or burrowing in holes. B. बिब a hole, in the seventh case, and य who sleeps or dwells.  
**बिबिष्य** mfn. (-कः-की-क) Solitary, lonely. B. बि priv., लोक a person.  
**बिबिष्य** nf. (-न-ना) Sight, seeing. B. बि before लोक् to see, युच् aff.  
**बिबिष्यनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Agreeable, beautiful, fit to be seen or looked at. B. बि before लोक् to see, चनीयर् aff.  
**बिबिष्यनीयता** f. (-ता) Loveliness, beauty. B. तल् added to the last. [aff.  
**बिबिष्ययत्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Seeing, looking at. B. बि, लोक् to see, यट् बिबिष्यत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Seen, beheld. 2. Examined. n. (-त) A look, a glance. B. बि before लोक् to see, aff. क ।  
**बिबिष्यन्** n. (-न) The eye. B. बि before लोच् to see, aff. खट् ।  
**बिबिष्यन्पात** m. (-तः) A glance, a look. B. बिबिष्यन् and पात alighting.  
**बिबिष्यन्मातु** n. (-तु) Tears. B. बिबिष्यन् and मातु water.  
**बिबिष्यक** m. (-कः) A sort of fish, (*Clupea oultrata*.) B. बि before लुट् to roll on the ground, aff. खल् । [B. बि, लुट् to agitate, खट् aff.  
**बिबिष्यन्** n. (-न) 1. Agitating, shaking, churning. 2. Rolling or tossing.  
**बिबिष्यत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Agitated, churned, shaken. 2. Rolling or tumbling on the ground. n. (-त) Butter-milk. B. बि before लोड् to be tremulous, aff. क ।  
**बिबिष्य** m. (-यः) 1. Seizing, taking away. 2. Loss, disappearance.  
**बिबिष्यन्** n. (-न) 1. Destruction. 2. Deluding. B. बि before लुप् to cut, causal v., खट् aff. [delude, aff. चच् ।  
**बिबिष्य** m. (-मः) Attraction, delusion, seduction. B. बि before लुभ् to बिबिष्यन् n. (-न) 1. Allurement, attraction, temptation, seduction. 2. Beguiling, perplexing. 3. Praise, commendation, especially by contrast with inferiority. B. बि before लुभ् to delude, &c., aff. खट् ।  
**बिबिष्यत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Allured, beguiled. 2. Deceived. 3. Praised. B. बि before लुभ् to delude, causal v., क aff. [causal v., खट् aff.  
**बिबिष्य** Ind. Having beguiled, fascinated, &c. B. बि before लुभ् to delude, बिबिष्यन्त mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Being fascinated, overcome, beguiled, &c. B. बि before लुभ् to beguile, pass. v., शानच् aff.  
**बिबिष्य** mfn. (-मः-मी-म) Reverse, opposite, contrary, backward, against the hair. m. (-मः) 1. Reverse, opposite course or order, &c. 2. A snake. 3. VARUNA, regent of the waters. 4. A dog. n. (-म) A water-wheel, or machine for raising water. f. (-मी) Emblem myrobalan. B. बि implying difference, &c., and लोम the hair of the body ; also with कन् added बिबिष्यक ।  
**बिबिष्यक्रिया** f. (-या) 1. Doing any thing backwards or in reverse order. 2. (In arithmetic,) Rule of Inversion. B. बिबिष्य and क्रिया act.  
**बिबिष्यन्** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Born of a father of an inferior caste and mother of a superior. B. बिबिष्य inverse order, and ज born ; also बिबिष्यजात, बिबिष्योत्पन्न, &c.  
**बिबिष्यजिह्व** m. (-जः) An elephant. B. बिबिष्य reverse, जिह्वा the tongue.  
**बिबिष्यत्रैवाश्रित** n. (-कः) Rule of Three Inverse.  
**बिबिष्यवर्ध** m. (-वर्धः) A man of mixed or inferior birth. B. बिबिष्य contrary to the proper order, (of marriage, &c.) and वर्ध a class.  
**बिबिष्यविधि** f. (-धिः) 1. Inverted or reversed ceremony. 2. (In arithmetic,) Rule of Inversion. B. बिबिष्य and विधि rule.  
**बिबिष्य** mfn. (-लः-ला-ल) 1. Shaking, trembling, tremulous. 2. Fickle, unsteady. 3. Rolling, (as the eyes.) 4. Tossing, waving. B. बि before लल् to agitate, aff. चच् or चज् ।  
**बिबिष्यता** f. (-ता) 1. Tremulousness. 2. Unsteadiness. 3. Rolling, (of the eyes.) B. तल् added to the last ; also with ल, बिबिष्यल ।  
**बिबिष्यन्** n. (-न) Shaking, stirring, agitating. B. बि before लल् to agitate, causal v., aff. खट् ।

**बिबिष्यत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Shaken, agitated, tossed. B. बि before लल् to agitate, causal v., क aff. [चोक्तम् above.  
**बिबिष्यन्** m. (-नः) Any animal living in holes, a reptile. B. बिबिष्य and बिबिष्य n. (-नः) 1. A pit, a hole. 2. Asafoetida. B. बिबिष्य a hole, लच् aff.  
**बिबिष्यता** f. (-ता) A sort of yam : see बाराही ।  
**बिबिष्य** m. (-लः) A fruit tree, commonly named Be'l, (*Ægle marmelos*.) n. (-लः) 1. The fruit of the Be'l. 2. A measure, the same as the Pala. B. बिबिष्य to divide, Unádi aff. वच् ।  
**बिबिष्या** f. (-चा) 1. Wish, desire. 2. The wish to speak. 3. Meaning, sense. B. वच् to speak, in the desiderative form, aff. चच् ।  
**बिबिष्यत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Purposed, intended. 3. Literal, not figurative, (a word or phrase.) 4. Intended to be spoken or said. 5. Favourite. u. (-त) An object desired. f. (-ता) Purpose, wish, what one wishes to declare or speak. B. वच् to speak, desiderative form, क aff.  
**बिबिष्य** mfn. (-चुः-चु-चु) Wishing to speak. B. वच् to speak, desid. v., च aff. [च aff.  
**बिबिष्यन्** mfn. (-चुः-चु-चु) Crafty, deceitful. B. बि, वच् to trick, desid. v, बिबिष्या f. (-क्षा) A cow whose calf is dead. B. बि priv., वक्ष a calf.  
**बिबिष्यन्** mfn. (-दन्-दन्ती-दन्) 1. Disputing, contending. 2. Litigating. B. बि variously, वद to speak, यट् aff.  
**बिबिष्यन्त** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Disagreeing, contending, maintaining different arguments. 2. Litigating. B. बि before वद to speak, शानच् aff.  
**बिबिष्य** m. (-चः) 1. A road, a highway. 2. A yoke for carrying burdens. 3. A load. 4. Storing grain or hay, &c. 5. An ewer, a pitcher. B. बि before वच् to strike, aff. चज् ; also वीवच ।  
**बिबिष्यक** m. (-कः) 1. A chandler, a peddler. 2. A load-carrier. B. बिबिष्य storing grain, टन् aff. and the vowel unchanged ; also वीवच ।  
**बिबिष्यन्** mfn. (-चुः-चु-चु) Desirous or wishing to praise. B. वद to praise, desid. v., च aff.  
**बिबिष्य** n. (-रः) 1. A hole, a chasm, a vacancy. 2. Fault, defect. 3. Separation, disjunction. 4. A solitary place. 5. The number "nine." B. बि before वच् to choose, to cover, &c., and चच् aff.  
**बिबिष्य** n. (-चः) 1. Explanation, exposition, gloss, comment. 2. Interpretation, translation. 3. Uncovering, exposing, laying bare or open. 4. Detailing, describing. B. बि before वच् to select, (the meaning,) aff. खट् ।  
**बिबिष्यन्तिका** f. (-का) A pipe, a fife, a flute. B. बिबिष्य a hole, a perforation, नास a pipe, कन् added, fem. form.  
**बिबिष्यन्** mfn. (-चुः-चु-चु) Wishing to make manifest or declare. B. बि before वच् to choose, desid. v., च aff. [leave, खट् aff.  
**बिबिष्यन्** n. (-न) Abandoning, leaving, shunning. B. बि before वच् to choose, desid. v., च aff. [quit, यट् aff.  
**बिबिष्यनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be avoided, shunned, quitted, &c. B. बि before वच् to abandon, चनीयर् aff. [quit, यट् aff.  
**बिबिष्ययत्** mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Avoiding, leaving. B. बि before वच् to choose, desid. v., च aff. [quit, यट् aff.  
**बिबिष्यत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Left, abandoned, avoided, shunned. 2. Deprived of. 3. Given. B. बि before वच् to leave, aff. क ।  
**बिबिष्य** mfn. (-चः-चा-च) 1. Low, vile. 2. Bad coloured. 3. Wanting colour. 4. Changing colour. m. (-चः) A man of a low caste, one of degrading occupation, an outcaste. B. बि privative and वर्ध caste.  
**बिबिष्यवदन** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Pale-faced. B. बिबिष्य colourless, वदन face.  
**बिबिष्य** m. (-चः) 1. Assemblage, collection, heap or multitude. 2. Dancing. 3. Going or turning round, revolving, returning. 4. Human error, worldly ignorance, the confounding of truth and falsehood, or the mistaking or unreal objects and conceiving them to be what they are not, as mirage for water, a rope for a snake, &c. 5. Modification, various or altered state or condition. B. बि before वच् to be, aff. चज् ।  
**बिबिष्यन्** n. (-न) 1. Going round, circumambulating, an alter, &c. 2. Revolving, turning round. 3. Whirling, causing to go round. 4.

Returning. 5. Passing through in succession, as various lives, various hells, &c. 6. Being, abiding. 7. Reverential salutation. **व** before **हृत्** to be, aff. **ल्यट्** ।

**विवर्तमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-न्) Turning back or round, recoiling, revolving, returning, &c. **व** before **हृत्** to be, **प्रानच्** aff.

**विवर्तवाद** m. (-दः) The Vo'dāntic doctrine that regards Brahman as the only entity and the world to be illusory.

**विवर्तित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Revolved, returned. 2. Whirled round. 3. Turned back or away. **व** before **हृत्** to be, **क्** aff.

**विवर्धन** n. (-न्) 1. Increase. 2. Aggrandizement. 3. Cutting, dividing. **व** before **हृत्** to increase, to cut, **ल्यट्** aff.

**विवर्धित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Increased, enlarged. 2. Furthered, advanced. 3. Gratified. 4. Cut, divided. **व** before **हृत्** to increase, to cut, **क्** aff.

**विवश** mfn. (-शः-शा-शं) 1. Subject, subjected. 2. Independent. 3. Apprehensive of death, unwilling though about to die. 4. Desirous of death, sedate at that period, or having the soul free from worldly cares and fears. 5. Uncontrolled, unrestrained, unsubdued. 6. Fainted, unconscious. **व** before **वश्** to wish, aff. **चच्** ।

**विश्व** mfn. (-स्वः-स्वा-स्वः) Unclothed, naked. **व** before **प्रिव**, **वस्** clothes.

**विश्वम्** n. (-स्वम्) 1. A god. 2. The sun. 3. ARUN'A, the charioteer of the sun. 4. The seventh or present MANU ; also VAIVASWATA. f. (-नी) The city of the sun. **व** implying variety, **वस्** to cover or hide, aff. **क्लिप्** ; **विश्वम्** here said therefore to imply various covering, as a garment of light, i. e. the rays of the sun, and **मनुप्** poss. aff.

**विश्वम्** m. (-वः) One of the seven tongues of fire.

**विश्वक्** m. (-क्) A judge. **व** before **वच्** **चच्** । [blow, **ग्रह** aff.]

**विश्वम्** mfn. (-वान्-वानी or वती-वान्) Blowing gently. **व** before **वा** to

**विवाद** m. (-दः) 1. Contest, contention. 2. Contest at law, a legal dispute, litigation, a law suit. **व** before **वद** to speak, aff. **चच्** ।

**विवादवत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Disputed, litigated. **व** **विवाद** a law suit, **चनु** according to, and **गत** gone.

**विवादार्थिन्** mfn. (-र्थी-र्थी-र्थि) Seeking for a dispute or quarrel. m. (-र्थि) A litigant, a prosecutor, a plaintiff. **व** **विवाद** and **चर्थिन्** who seeks.

**विवादार्थीभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Litigated, contested at law. **व** **विवाद** and **चासद्** place, **भूत** become, **चि** augment. [and **इति** aff.]

**विवादित** mfn. (-दि-दि-दि) Disputing, contending, a litigant. **व** **विवाद**

**विदार** m. (-रः) 1. Dilatation, expansion. 2. Open or expanded state of the organs of speech for the articulation of vowels or sibilants. **व** before **हृ** to cover, **चच्** aff.

**विशाल** mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Without clothes, naked. m. (-सः) Banishment. **व** before **प्रिव**, and **वास** vesture or abode.

**विशालकरण** n. (-णः) Banishing, transporting. **व** **विशाल** and **करण** making.

**विशालन** n. (-नः) Exile, banishment. **व** **वि** away, **वासन** abiding. [v., **क्** aff.]

**विशालित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Banished, expelled. **व** **वि** **वस्** to dwell, causal

**विशाल** mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यः) To be expelled or transported. **व** **वि** away, **वस्** to dwell, causal v., **यत्** aff.

**विशाम** m. (-वः) Marriage ; eight recognized forms of marriage are enumerated by Hindu law-givers, viz :—

“ब्राह्मो देवस्यैवार्थः प्राजापत्यस्यैव ।  
गायत्री राक्षसश्चैव पेशाचवाटनीऽपमः ॥”

**व** **वि** mutually, **वद्** to take, aff. **चच्** । [aff.]

**विशामित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Married. **व** before **वद्** to bear, causal v., **क्**

**विशाम** mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्यः) Marriageable, to be married. m. (-स्यः) A son-in-law, a bridegroom. **व** **विशाम** marriage, **यत्** aff.; or **वि** + **वद्** **यत्** ।

**विशाम** mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्तं) 1. Lonely, solitary, desert. 2. Pure, faultless. 3. Separated, distinguished, disjoined, detached. 4. Discriminative, judicious, a judge. 5. Discriminated, judged. 6. Profound, (as judgment or thought.) 7. Intent on. n. (-न्तः) 1. Loneliness. 2. A solitary place. f. (-न्ता) A woman disliked by her husband. **व** before **विच्** to be or make separate, aff. **क्** ।

**विविक्तभाव** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Intent upon any object. **व** **विविक्त** and **भाव** disposition.

**विविक्तसेविन्** mfn. (-वी-वी-वि) Solitary, retired, recluse, seeking or affecting solitude. **व** **विविक्त**, **सेविन्** who serves or pursues. [v., **ग्रह** aff.]

**विविचत्** mfn. (-चत्-चतो-चन्) Wishing to enter. **व** **विच्** to enter, desid.

**विविचा** f. (-चा) Wish or purpose to enter. **व** **विच्** to enter, desid. v., **चक्** and **टाप्** aff. [desid. v., **च** aff.]

**विविचु** mfn. (-चुः-चुः-चु) Wishing or intending to enter. **व** **विच्** to enter, desid. v., **चक्** and **टाप्** aff.

**विविच** f. (-चा) 1. Very agitated. 2. Very angry.

**विविचि** Ind. Having considered, discussed, judged. **व** **विच्** to judge, with **वि** prefixed, and **ल्यप्** aff. [इट् inserted.]

**विविचिवस्** mfn. (-वान्-ववी-वस्) Obtaining. **व** **विच्** to know, **वस्** aff., with

**विविचस्** mfn. (-वान्-ववी-वस्) Knowing, wise. **व** **विच्** to know, **वस्** aff.

**विविच** mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Various, multifarious, of many sorts. **व** **वि**, **विचि** sort.

**विविचिवस्** mfn. (-वान्-ववी-वस्) Entering. **व** **विच्** to enter, root rep., **वस्** aff., **इट्** aug. [enter, **वस्** aff., root rep.]

**विविचस्** mfn. (-वान्-ववी-वस्) Entering, who or what enters. **व** **विच्** to

**विशीत** m. (-तः) An inclosed spot of ground, abounding in grass, wood, &c., a preserved pasture, a paddock, &c. **व** **वि** privative, **शीत** gone.

**विशीतभक्तृ** m. (-न्ति) The superintendent or owner of a preserved pasture. **व** **विशीत** a paddock, &c., and **भक्तृ** a master.

**विशक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Abandoned, left. f. (-क्ता) A woman disliked or deserted by her husband. **व** before **हृत्** to abandon, aff. **क्** ।

**विशत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Expanded, extended, extensive, largo. 2. Evident, displayed, made manifest. 3. Exposed, discovered. 4. Opened. 5. Explained, interpreted, expounded. 6. Open, (as the organs of speech for the articulation of vowels and sibilants.) 7. Proclaimed, divulged. f. (-ता) A disease, an ulcer attended with much pain and heat. **व** before **हृ** to be, aff. **क्** ।

**विशताक्ष** mfn. (-क्षः-क्षी-क्षं) Large-eyed. m. (-क्षः) A cock. **व** **विशत** largo, **क्षि** the eye, and **चच्** aff.

**विशति** f. (-तिः) 1. Explanation, exposition, gloss, comment, interpretation. 2. Making clear or manifest. 3. Discovery, exposure. 4. Expansion. 5. Display. **व** before **हृ** to choose, aff. **क्लिप्** ।

**विशत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Turned or twisted round, whirling, revolving, rolling. **व** before **हृत्** to be, **क्** aff.

**विशति** f. (-तिः) 1. Whirling, turning round. 2. A hiatus, (in gram.) **व** **वि**, **हृत्** to be, aff. **क्लिप्** । [ग्रह aff.]

**विशतम्** mfn. (-सन्-सन्तो-सन्) Wishing to be. **व** **वि**, **हृत्** to be, desid. v.,

**विशतम्** mfn. (-ता-वी-वः) Who or what wishes to be. **व** **हृत्** to be, desid. v., **हच्** aff.

**विशद्** mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Augmented, increased. 2. Abundant. 3. Grown up. **व** **वि** and **हृद्** the same. [इति the same.]

**विशद्** f. (-दिः) 1. Growth, increase, augmentation. 2. Prosperity. **व** **वि**,

**विवेक** m. (-क्) 1. Discrimination, judgment, the faculty of distinguishing things by their properties, and classing them according to their real not apparent nature ; in the Vo'dānta system, it is applied to the power of separating BRAHMA or invisible spirit, from the ostensible world, truth from untruth, or reality from illusion. 2. Discussion, investigation. 3. A reservoir, a basin, a bath. **व** **वि** severally, **विच्** to judge, aff. **चच्** ।

**विवेकता** f. (-ता) Judgment, discrimination, the faculty or property of judgment. **व** **तल्** added to the last ; also with **तल्**, **विवेकत्** ।

**विवेकदृष्ट** n. (-त्) Discrimination, discernment. **व** **विवेकदृष्टन्**, and **तल्** aff.; or with **तल्**, **विवेकदृष्टता** ।

**विवेकदृष्टन्** m. (-न्तः) A wise or discerning man. **व** **विवेक**, **दृष्टन्** who sees.

**विवेकित** f. (-ति) Discussion, discrimination, discriminativeness. **व** **विवेकी** discriminative, and **तल्** aff.; also **विवेकित** n. (-त्) ।

**विवेकिन** mfn. (-की-की-कि) Judicious, discriminative. m. (-की) A sage, a philosopher, a judge. **व** before **विच्** to judge, **विचु** aff.

**विशेषण** mfn. (-ञः-आ-ञः) To be discussed or judged. **वि** before **विच्** to judge, **तच्** aff; also **विशेष** and **विशेषनीय** ।

**विशेषज्ञ** m. (-ज्ञः) 1. A judge. 2. A philosopher.

**विशेषज्ञ** n. (-ज्ञः) Discrimination, judgment, distinguishing truth from falsehood. **वि** before **विच्** to judge, aff. **तच्** ।

**विशेषनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be judged or discussed. **वि**, **विच्** to judge, **चनीय** aff. [obtain, aff. **तच्** ।

**विश्वी** m. (-श्वः) A husband, a bridegroom, a lover. **वि** before **वच्** to **विश्व** mfn. (-वान्-वनी-वत्) Silent, refraining from or refusing to speak. **वि** privative, **वच्** speaking.

**विश्वी** m. (-ञः) Affection of difference, one of the branches of amorous dalliance, or feminine actions, tending to excite love or desire. **वि** before **वा** to go, aff. **तच्**; **विश्** said here to mean a particular gait, and **श्व** house, place, site.

**विश्** r. 6th cl. (विशति) 1. To enter, to pervade. 2. To fall to the lot of. 3. To settle down on. With **वाङ्** or **प्र** prefixed, 1. To go in, to enter. 2. To occupy, to engross. With **उच्**, 1. To sit, to sit down. 2. To approach. With **नि**, 1. To dwell, to abide. 2. To place or station. 3. To sit down. 4. To enter. 5. To be intent on. 6. To marry. With **नि** or **चनि** and **नि**, 1. To rest, to halt, to sit down, especially before or in presence of. 2. To conceal. With **निश्**, To go out or forth. With **परि**, To place before, to present. With **सन्**, 1. To lie down, to repose. 2. To enter. 3. To have sexual intercourse. With **सन्** and **नि**, To be near, to be close to or in the neighbourhood. With **सन्** and **वाङ्**, To introduce. With **चनु**, To enter after some one. With **निश्**, 1. To enjoy. 2. To embellish, Caus. (विशयति-ने) With **नि**, 1. To apply, to bend, (the mind.) 2. To draw, to portray. 3. To place. 4. To enter on, to commit. With **प्र**, To usher. With **विनि**, To fix.

**विश्व** m. (-विट्) 1. A man of the mercantile tribe. 2. A man in general. f. (-विट्) 1. Entrance. 2. A daughter. 3. Feces, ordure. 4. People, subjects. **विश्** to enter, aff. **क्लिप्** । [enter, aff. **क्** ।

**विश्व** n. (-ञः) The film or fibres of the stalk of the water-lily. **विश्** to **विश्व** mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) Fearless, undaunted. **वि** and **श्व** fear.

**विश्वद** mfn. (-दः-टा-दः) 1. Great, large. 2. Strong, vehement. **वि** the particle, **श्वद** aff. in this sense. [मानच् aff.

**विश्वदमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Fearing, apprehending. **वि**, **श्व** to doubt, **विश्वत्** mfn. (-शन्-शनी-शत्) Entering. **विश्** to enter, **श्वत्** aff.

**विश्वद** mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) 1. Of a white colour. 2. Clear, pure, pellucid. 3. Evident, apparent, manifest. 4. Beautiful. 5. At ease. m. (-दः) White, the colour. **वि**, **श्वद** to wither or perish, aff. **चच्** ।

**विश्वय** m. (-यः) 1. Doubt. 2. Refuge, asylum. **वि**, **श्वी** to sleep, **चच्** aff.

**विश्वयन्** mfn. (-यी-यनी-यि) 1. Dubious, uncertain. 2. Doubting. **वि**, **विश्** doubt, **यनि** aff; or **वि** before **श्वी** to sleep, **यनि** aff.

**विश्वर** m. (-रः) 1. Killing, slaying, slaughter. 2. Bursting. **वि** before **श्व** to injure to kill, aff. **चच्**; also with **ल्युट्** aff. **विश्वर** n. (-चः) ।

**विश्वर** mfn. (-ञः-आ-ञः) 1. Free from thorns or spikes. 2. Free from care or pain. f. (-ञः) 1. A twining shrub, (Menispermum cordi folium.) 2. A sort of potherb, (the kind not ascertained.) 3. A plant, commonly Danti', (Croton polyandrum.) 4. Another plant, commonly Teori, (Convolvulus turpethum.) 5. A sort of fruit, Lāngaliya. **वि** privative, and **श्व** a stalk or stem.

**विश्वर** m. (-ञः) A plant, (Echites dichotoma, Rox.) "वापरमाली" ।

**विश्वर** n. (-नः) 1. Killing, slaying, slaughter. Dissecting, cutting. m. (-नः) A sabre, a crooked sword. **वि** before **श्व** to hurt, aff. **कुट्** ।

**विश्वसित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Hurt, killed. 2. Cut, dissected. 3. Well-mannered. **वि** before **श्व** to injure, aff. **क्लिप्** ang. [aff.

**विश्वसित** mfn. (-ता-वी-ट्) 1. Killing. 2. Dissecting. **वि**, **श्व** to kill, **ट्** **विश्वस** mfn. (-ञः-आ-ञः) 1. Praised, celebrated. 2. Arrogant, ill-mannered, rude. 3. Cut up. **वि** before **श्व** to praise, aff. **क्लिप्** ।

**विश्वस** mfn. (-ञः-आ-ञः) Disarmed, unarmed. **वि** and **श्व** a weapon.

**विश्वस** m. (-ञः) A chandāla. **वि** + **श्व**-**ल्युट्** **चट्** ।

**विश्वर** m. (-रः) A plant, (Euphorbia of various kinds.) "वापरमाली" ।

**विश्वर** mfn. (-ञः-आ-ञः) Branchless. m. (-ञः) 1. Ka'rtika's 2. An attitude in shooting, standing with the feet a span apart. 3. A solicitor, a petitioner, a beggar. 4. A spindle. f. (-ञः) 1. The sixteenth lunar asterism, figured by a festoon, and containing four, or according to some, two stars. 2. A cucurbitaceous plant, (Mormordica charantia.) **वि** without, **श्व** a branch; or **विश्वर** the asterism, (by which personified the god was cherished,) **चच्** aff., and the vowel unchanged.

**विश्वर** m. (-ञः) The orange, (Citrus aurantium.) **वि**, **विश्वर** the asterism, and **ल्युट्** to be born, aff. **च**; coming into season, when the sun is in this asterism, or about the end of October.

**विश्वर** n. (-चः) An attitude in shooting. **वि**, **विश्वर**, **ल्युट्** pleonasm.

**विश्वय** m. (-यः) Sleeping and watching alternately, the rest taken in rotation by soldiers on watch. **वि** intervening, **श्वी** to sleep, aff. **चच्** or **पय्यदि चच्** । [aff. **क्लिप्** ।

**विश्वर** n. (-चः) Killing, slaying, slaughter. **वि** before **श्व** to injure, **विश्वर** mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) 1. Learned, wise. 2. Confident, bold, presuming. 3. Famous, celebrated. **वि**, **विश्वर** great, extensive, (fame, &c.) and **दा** to give, aff. **क्लिप्**, the **च** changed to **र** ।

**विश्वर** mfn. (-ञः-आ-ञः) 1. Great, large. 2. Broad. 3. Great, eminent, illustrious. m. (-ञः) 1. A sort of deer. 2. A sort of bird. f. (-ञः) 1. The city Ougein. 2. Bitter apple, (Cucumis colocynthis.) 3. Name of a river. **वि** particle, and **श्वर** aff.; or **विश्** to enter, **Unadi** aff. **क्लिप्** । [विश्वर, **क्लिप्** race.

**विश्वर** mfn. (-ञः-आ-ञः) Well-born. n. (-ञः) An illustrious family. **वि**, **विश्वर** m. (-नः) 1. Width, breadth. 2. Magnitude, bulk. 3. Eminence, distinction. **वि**, **विश्वर** large, **ल्युट्** aff. of the abstract; also **विश्वर** n. (-लः) । [large, **ल्युट्** skin or bark.

**विश्वर** m. (-लः) A tree, (Echites scholaris.) "श्वरदृष्टि" **वि**, **विश्वर** mfn. (-चः-ची-चः) Having large or beautiful eyes. m. (-चः) 1. SIVA. 2. GARUD'A. f. (-ची) PA'RVATI'. **वि**, **विश्वर** large, and **च** the eye, **ट्** aff.

**विश्वर** m. (-ञः) 1. An arrow. 2. An iron crow. 3. A kind of reed. f. (-ञः) 1. A spade, a hoe. 2. A highway, a broad or carriage road. 3. A very minute arrow, a sort of needle or spindle. 4. A barber's wife. 5. A sick room, or the dwelling of the sick. **वि** implying possessed of, &c., and **विश्वर** a crest.

**विश्वर** mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Sounding. **वि** before **श्व** to sound, **मानच्** aff.

**विश्वर** mfn. (-नः-ता-तः) Sharpened. **वि** before **श्व** to sharpen, **क्लिप्** aff.

**विश्वर** n. (-यः) A palace, a temple. **वि**, **विश्** to enter, **चच्** **Unadi** aff., and **र** substituted for the pen. vowel; or **विश्-रपच्** ।

**विश्वर** mfn. (-दः-दा-दः) 1. Endowed with, possessed of, having inherent or attached to. 2. Excellent, superior, distinguished. 3. Especial, peculiar. 4. Having distinctive and exclusive properties. **वि** before **श्व** to tell qualities, aff. **क्लिप्** ।

**विश्वर** f. (-ता) 1. Excellence, distinction. 2. Individuality, having distinguishing or characteristic qualities. 3. Peculiarity, as of duty &c. **वि**, **ल्युट्** added to the last; also **विश्वर** n. (-लः) ।

**विश्वर** mfn. (-चः-ची-चः) 1. Dry, dried up, withered, decayed. 2. Wasted, impaired. 3. Shattered. 4. Shrunken, shrivelled. **वि** before **श्व** to injure, **क्लिप्** aff. [वि, **श्व** to injure, **ल्युट्** aff.

**विश्वर** mfn. (-ञः-आ-ञः) To crumble or fall to ruin, likely or fit to.

**विश्वर** mfn. (-चः-आ-चः) Being wasted or destroyed, decaying, perishing. **वि** before, **श्व** to injure, pass. v., **मानच्** aff.

**विश्वर** mfn. (-ञः-आ-ञः) Ill-behaved, indecorous, immoral. **वि** priv-  
नीय behaved.

**विश्वर** mfn. (-ञः-आ-ञः) 1. Pure, purified, clean, cleansed, free from vice

or fault. 2. Pious, virtuous, 3. Humble, modest, compliant. 4. Corrected. **३.** वि intensative prefix, **वृ** to be pure or clean, aff. **३.**  
**विशुद्धि** f. (-**हि**) 1. Purity, purification. 2. Equality, similarity. 3. Removal of doubt. 4. Correctness. 5. In Algebra, a subtractive quantity. **३.** वि before **वृ** purity. [who shares.  
**विशुद्धि** mfn. (-**वा**) Pure, free from soil or vice. **३.** विशुद्धि, and **वा** विशुद्धि f. (-**वा**) Without a spear.  
**विशुद्ध** mfn. (-**वा**-**वा**) 1. Unchecked, unrestrained, unfettered, (literally or figuratively.) 2. Dissolute. **३.** वि privative, **वृ** a chain.  
**विशेष** m. (-**व**) 1. Sort, kind, manner. 2. Difference, individual or specific identity and consequent distinction from every other individual or species. 3. (In logic,) The peculiar attribute, (predicable proprium,) the cause of preception or conclusion. 4. Excellence, superiority. 5. A limb, a member. 6. A mark on the forehead with Sandal. 7. A figure of rhetoric, distinguished as of three kinds all implying variety of means or effect. 8. A change for the better, a favourable turn, (as in sickness.) 9. Name of the mundane egg. 10. Individuality, considered as one of the seven Padārthas in Vais'eshika Phil. 11. A word which limits the meaning of another word. **३.** वि discriminative prefix, **वि** to attribute or distinguish by attributes, aff. **वृ**.  
**विशेषक** mfn. (-**क**-**का**-**क**) Discriminative, distinguishing, attributive, characteristic. mn. (-**क**-**क**) 1. A mark on the forehead made with Sandal, &c. and worn either as an ornament or sectarian distinction. 2. An attribute, a predicate. 3. An arrangement of poetical composition. **३.** वि before, **वि** to attribute or distinguish, aff. **वृ**.  
**विशेषकान** mfn. (-**न**-**ना**-**न**) Amorous, desirous. **३.** विशेष, **कान** who desires.  
**विशेषगुण** m. (-**ग**) An object of a single and distinct kind as the soul, mind, time, place, and the atoms of earth, water, light and air. **३.** विशेष and **गुण** property.  
**विशेषज्ञ** mfn. (-**ज्ञ**-**ज्ञा**-**ज्ञ**) Wise, intelligent. **३.** विशेष, and **ज्ञ** who knows.  
**विशेषण** mfn. (-**ण**-**णा**-**ण**) Discriminative, attributive. 2. Distinctive, (as a property, &c.) n. (-**ण**) 1. Distinguishing, discriminating. 2. An epithet, an attributive, an adjective, (opposed to विशेष.) **३.** वि before **वि** to distinguish by attributes, aff. **वृ** or **वृ**.  
**विशेषणीय** mfn. (-**य**-**या**-**य**) To be discriminated or distinguished, what may or ought to be marked as distinct. **३.** वि before **वि** to distinguish, **वृ** aff.  
**विशेषतस्** Ind. Especially, particularly, specifically. **३.** विशेष and **तस्** aff.  
**विशेषधर्म** m. (-**ध**) Peculiar or different duty. **३.** विशेष, and **धर्म** duty.  
**विशेषभावना** f. (-**ना**) 1. Reflecting on or perceiving differences. 2. (In algebra,) Composition by the difference of the products. **३.** विशेष, and **भावना** considering. [वृच mark.  
**विशेषलक्षण** n. (-**ल**) Specific or characteristic mark or sign. **३.** विशेष, and **लक्षण** n. (-**ल**) Special or different text. **३.** विशेष and **लक्षण** a text.  
**विशेषविद्वत्** m. (-**व**-**वा**-**व**) A philosopher. **३.** विशेष excellence, **विद्वत्** learned.  
**विशेषविधि** f. (-**धि**) Special rule or observance. **३.** विशेष, and **विधि** rule.  
**विशेषित** mfn. (-**त**-**ता**-**त**) 1. Divided, distinguished, separated. 2. Predicated, attributed, having as an attribute or being distinguished by it. 3. Excellent, superior. **३.** विशेष sort, kind, &c., **वृ** aff.  
**विशेषी** f. (-**हि**) 1. A figure of rhetoric, coupling cause with effect, so as to explain any peculiar manner or condition. 2. Panegyric, recapitulation of merits. **३.** विशेष sort, kind, and **वृ** saying.  
**विशेष** mfn. (-**व**-**वा**-**व**) 1. To be distinguished or discriminated. 2. Distinguishing, to be discriminated by. 3. Principal, primary, chief. m. (-**व**) A name, a substantive. n. (-**व**) The object of a predicate. **३.** वि before **वि** to distinguish by its attributes, **वृ** aff.  
**विशेष** mfn. (-**व**-**वा**-**व**) Without grief, happy. **३.** वि priv., **वी** sorrow.  
**विशेषण** n. (-**ण**) 1. Cleaning, purifying, freeing from soil, defect or sin. 2. Expiation. f. (-**णी**) 1. A plant, commonly Nāgādanti. 2. The

capital of BRAHMA'. **३.** वि before **वृ** to be pure, causal v., **वृ** aff.

**विशेषणीय** mfn. (-**य**-**या**-**य**) To be cleaned or purified, to be freed from soil, fault, &c. **३.** वि before **वृ** to be pure, causal v., **वृ** aff.; also **विशेषित** and **विशेष**.

**विशेषित** mfn. (-**त**-**ता**-**त**) Purified, cleansed, freed from soil, &c. **३.** वि before **वृ** to be pure, causal v., **वृ** aff.

**विशेषित** n. (-**त**) 1. Cleaning, purifying. 2. Clearing, freeing from obstructions. **३.** विशेषित and **त** aff.; also with **त** विशेषित.

**विशेषित** mfn. (-**त**-**ता**-**त**) 1. Cleaning, purifying. 2. Clearing. **३.** वि before, **वृ** to be pure, causal v., **वि** aff.

**विशेष** n. (-**य**) A debt.

[**वृ**, **वृ** aff.

**विशेष** n. (-**य**) Drying, desiccating. **३.** वि before **वृ** to be dry, causal

**विशेषित** mfn. (-**त**-**ता**-**त**) Dried, dried up. **३.** वि before **वृ** to be dry, causal v., **वृ** aff.

**विश** m. (-**य**) Lustre, shining. **३.** विश् or विश् to shine, **वृ** aff.

**विश** n. (-**य**) Gift, giving, donation. **३.** वि before **वृ** to give, **वृ** aff.; also **विश**.

**विश** mfn. (-**य**-**या**-**य**) 1. Trusted, confident in, confided to. 2. Patient, tranquil. 3. Low-minded, not lofty, not magnanimous. 4. Excessive, exceeding, much. 5. Firm, steady. 6. Rested, reposed. **३.** वि before **वृ** to be weary or **वृ** to trust, &c. aff. **वृ**; see **विश**.  
**विश** It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "confidingly" "without fear."

**विश** f. (-**ता**) Trust-worthiness. **३.** विश्, and **त** aff.

**विश** m. (-**य**) Rest, repose, cessation from fatigue or work. **३.** वि privative, **वृ** to be weary, aff. **वृ**; also with **वृ**, **विश**.

**विशित** mfn. (-**त**-**ता**-**त**) Wearied, exhausted. **३.** विश्, and **वृ** aff.

**विश** m. (-**य**) 1. Trust, confidence. 2. Affection, affectionate inquiry. 3. Festive or sportive noise or tumult, amorous quarrel. 4. Rest, repose. 5. Killing. **३.** वि before **वृ** to trust, aff. **वृ**, and the initial optionally changed; also **विश**.

**विश** Ind. Having rested. **३.** वि before, **वृ** to be weary, **वृ** aff.

**विश** m. (-**य**) 1. Abode, asylum. 2. Dependence upon. **३.** वि, **वी** to serve, **वृ** aff.

**विशित** mfn. (-**त**-**ता**-**त**) 1. Living or dwelling in. 2. Serving, depending on. **३.** वि before **वी** to serve, **वृ** aff.

**विश** n. (-**य**) Gift, giving donation. **३.** वि before **वृ** to give, **वृ** 10th cl., aff. **वृ**.

**विशित** mfn. (-**त**-**ता**-**त**) Bestowed, given away. **३.** वि before **वृ** to give, **वृ** 10th cl., **वृ** aff.

**विश** mfn. (-**त**-**ता**-**त**) 1. Rested, reposed. 2. Ceasing, desisting from. 3. Calm, composed. **३.** वि before **वृ** the same.

**विश** f. (-**ता**) Rest, repose, cessation from toil or occupation. **३.** वि before **वृ** to be weary, aff. **वृ**.

**विश** m. (-**य**) 1. Rest, repose. 2. Pause, stop, cessation. 3. Tranquility, composure. **३.** वि before **वृ** to be weary, aff. **वृ**.

**विश** m. (-**य**) 1. Fame, celebrity. 2. Flowing, dropping. **३.** वि before **वृ** to hear or drop, aff. **वृ**.

**विश** n. (-**य**) 1. Causing to flow or drop. 2. Bleeding. 3. Apprising, causing to hear. **३.** वि before **वृ** to ooze, &c., causal v., **वृ** aff.

**विश** mfn. (-**त**-**ता**-**त**) 1. Famous, celebrated, renowned. 2. Known. 3. Pleased, happy. 4. Dropped, flowing. **३.** वि before **वृ** heard.

**विश** f. (-**ता**) 1. Celebrity, fame, notoriety. 2. Oozing, flowing. **३.** वि before **वृ** to hear, aff. **वृ**.

**विश** mfn. (-**त**-**ता**-**त**) Languid, relaxed, untied. **३.** वि before **वृ** loose.

**विश** mfn. (-**त**-**ता**-**त**) Weak, relaxed. **३.** विश्, **वृ** the body. [aff.

**विश** mfn. (-**त**-**ता**-**त**) Separated, disunited. **३.** विश्, **वृ** to unite, **वृ**

**विश** m. (-**य**) 1. Separation, distance, especially of lovers, or husband and wife. 2. Disunion, disjunction, separation in general. 3.

Absence, bereivement. 4. A chasm. 5. (In arithmetic,) The converse of addition. **३.** वि before स्निच् to unite, aff. चच् ।

विश्वेवजाति f. (-तिः) (In arithmetic,) The assimilation of difference, the reduction of fractional difference. **३.** विश्वेव, and जाति kind.

विश्वे वित f. (-त्त) Disunited, severed.

विश्व mfn. (-श्च-श्च-श्च) All, entire, whole, universal. n. (-न्) The world, the universe. m. Plu. (-श्चः) A deity of a particular class in which ten are enumerated; their names are VASU, SATYA, KRATU, DAKSHA, KA'LA, KA'MA, DHIRITI, KURU, PURURAVAS, MA'DRAVAS : they are worshipped particularly at the funeral obsequies in honour of deceased progenitors in general, and receive an oblation of clarified butter at the daily and domestic Śhrāḍ'dha. nf. (-श्च-श्च) Dry ginger. f. (-श्च) A tree, the bark of which is said to be used in dyeing red, commonly Atis, (Betula.) **३.** विश्व् to enter, to pervade, Unádi aff. व ।

विश्वकम् mfn. (-द्-द्-द्) Wicked, vile. m. (-द्) 1. A dog trained for the chase. 2. Sound, noise. **३.** विश्व all, कम् pleonasm, द्द् to run, to pursue, aff. दु; or विश्व with कद्दि to cry or call, aff. दु and र augment.

विश्वकर्मेन् m. (-र्मे) 1. The sun. 2. The son of BRAHMA', and artist of the gods. 3. A saint. **३.** विश्व universal, कर्म work, act.

विश्वकर्मेनुता f. (-ता) SANJN'YA, one of the wives of the sun. **३.** विश्वकर्मेन् the artist of the gods, and सुता the daughter; also विश्वकर्मेजा,, &c.

विश्वका f. (-का) A sort of gull, (Larus ridibundus.) "गात्रविच् इति भाषा ।" **३.** विश्व all, कै to cry, aff. क ।

विश्वकर्तृ mfn. (-कर्तृ) Who or what makes all, m. (-कर्तृ) 1. The creator, the maker of all things. 2. The carpenter or architect, and artist of the gods. **३.** विश्व all and कर्तृ who makes.

विश्वकेतु m. (-तुः) ANIRUD'DHA, an incarnation of KA'MA, as the son of PRADYUMN'A. **३.** विश्व universe, केतु a banner.

विश्वकसेन m. (-नः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A particular form of that deity, to whom the fragments of a sacrifice to VISHN'U are offered. f. (-न्त) A plant, commonly priyangu. **३.** विश्वक् every way, and सेना an army; more properly विश्वकसेन ।

विश्वगन्ध m. (-गन्धः) An onion. n. (-गन्धः) Myrrh. f. (-गन्धा) The earth. **३.** विश्व all, universal, and गन्ध fragrance.

विश्वगायत् mfn. (-यन्-यन्तो यत्) Spreading or going in every direction. **३.** विश्वक्, गायत् going.

विश्वमीश m. (-मीश) 1. VISHN'U. 2. INDRA. **३.** विश्व all, and मीश preserver.

विश्वकर mfn. (-रः-र-र) All-creating, making all. m. (-रः) The eye. **३.** विश्व all, and कर making.

विश्वजन n. (-नः) All men, mankind. **३.** विश्व, जन people. [ख aff.]

विश्वजनोन् mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Good for or suitable to all men. **३.** विश्वजन,

विश्वजनीय mfn. (-यः-या य) Suitable or relating to all men. **३.** विश्व all, जन mankind, छ aff.

विश्वजन्य mfn. (-न्यः-न्या-न्य) Fit or good for all men. **३.** विश्वजन, यत् aff.

विश्वजित् mfn. (-जित्) All-subduing. m. (-जित्) 1. A particular ceremony or sacrifice. 2. The cord of noose of VARUN'A. **३.** विश्व all, and जित् what subdues.

विश्वच् mfn. (-युङ्-युञ्चो-युक्) Going every where. Ind. Adv. or n. (-युक्) Every where, universally. **३.** विश्व all, चच् to go, aff. क्त्वि; it is more usually written both in simple and compound forms विश्वच्, from a different etymology.

विश्वत् Ind. Every where, all around, universally. **३.** विश्व all, तसि aff.

विश्वतोमुख Adj. Facing all sides.

विश्वया Ind. Every where.

विश्वदेव m. (-वः) A Vis'vade'va, a deity of a particular class: see विश्व्. f. (-वा) A plant, (Hedysarum lagopodioides.) **३.** विश्व all, दिव् to sport, aff. चच् ।

विश्वद्राघ् mfn. (-द्राघ्-द्रोघो द्राघ्) Moving every where, or universally. **३.** विश्वक् every where, चद्दि substituted for the final, चच् to go, aff. क्त्वि; also विश्वद्राघ् ।

विश्वधारिन् mfn. (-री-रिचो-रि) All-sustaining. m. (-री) A deity. f. (-रिचो) The earth. **३.** विश्व all, and चारिन् upholding.

विश्वनाभ m. (-भः) A name of Ś'iva, especially as the object of peculiar adoration at Benares. **३.** विश्व the universe, नाभ lord.

विश्वपा m. (-पाः) 1. The sun. 2. The moon. 3. Fire. 4. The protector of all. **३.** विश्व, and पा who nourishes.

विश्वपावनी f. (-नी) Holy basil.

विश्वसृन् m. (-सृ) 1. Fire, or the deity of fire. 2. The moon. 3. The sun. 4. A god. 5. The earth. **३.** विश्व all, सृ to eat, Unádi aff. कनिन् ।

विश्ववीथ m. (-थः) A Bud'dha or Baud'dha deified saint. **३.** विश्व all, and वीथ who explains.

विश्वभुज् mfn. (-भुज्) 1. Enjoying or possessing all things. 2. Eating all things. **३.** विश्व, and भुज् who possesses.

विश्वभू m. (-भूः) The third of the seven Bud'dhas, according to some systems. **३.** विश्व all, and भू being.

विश्वभेषज n. (-जः) Dry ginger. **३.** विश्व all, (diseases,) भेषज a medicament.

विश्वभोजन n. (-नः) Eating all sorts of food. **३.** विश्व, and भोजन food.

विश्वभोजस् m. (-जाः) One who enjoys all things. **३.** विश्व all, भुज् to enjoy, Unádi aff. चसि ।

विश्वमदा f. (-दा) One of the seven tongues of fire. **३.** विश्व all, मद to intoxicate, affs. चङ् and टाप् ।

विश्वभर mfn. (-रः-र-र) All-sustaining. m. (-रः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. INDRA. f. (-रा) The earth. **३.** विश्व all, (things,) भृ to support or nourish, चच् aff., सुन् augment.

विश्वभराधिप m. (-पः) A king. **३.** विश्वभरा the earth, and अधिप ruler.

विश्वयु m. (-युः) Air, wind. **३.** विश्व all, यु to join, aff. क्त्वि । [rules.]

विश्वराज् m. (-राट् or राज्) A universal sovereign. **३.** विश्व all, राज् who

विश्वरूप mfn. (-पः-पौ-पं) Taking all forms, existing in all forms, universal, omnipresent. m. (-पः) VISHN'U. n. (-पः) Agallochum. **३.** विश्व all, रूप form.

विश्वरेतस् m. (-तः) BRAHMA'. **३.** विश्व all, रेतस् seed. [रीचन् digestive.]

विश्वरीचन m. (-नः) An esculent root, (Arum colocasia.) **३.** विश्व all,

विश्वविधायिन् m. (-यी) A deity, a creator. **३.** विश्व, विधायिन् who makes.

विश्ववेदस् m. (-दाः) 1. A sage, a saint, one who knows all things. 2. An epithet of AGNI. **३.** विश्व all, विद्दि to know, aff. चसि ।

विश्वव्यापक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) All-pervading, every where diffused. **३.** विश्व, and व्यापक what pervades. [व्यापिन् what spreads.]

विश्वव्यापिन् mfn. (-पौ-पिनी-पि) All-diffused or pervading. **३.** विश्व, and विश्वव्याप्ति f. (-तिः) Universal diffusion or permeation. **३.** विश्व, and व्याप्ति spreading. [aff.]

विश्वसन् n. (-नः) Trusting, confiding in. **३.** वि before श्च् to breathe, श्च्ट् विश्वसनीय f. (-यः) Capable of inspiring confidence.

विश्वसद् mfn. (-द्-द्-द्) All-enduring. f. (-द्वा) 1. The earth. 2. One of the seven tongues of fire. **३.** विश्व all, सच् to bear, affs. चच् and टाप् ।

विश्वसारक n. (-कः) The prickly pear, (Cactus Indicus, Rox.) "कश्मिन्सा" **३.** विश्व all, सार essence, and कन् added.

विश्वसित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Trusted, believed or confided in. **३.** वि before श्च् to breathe, aff. क्त, with चट् augment.

विश्वसृज् m. (-सृज्, सृज्, सृट् or सृङ्) BRAHMA'. **३.** विश्व all, (the universe,) सृज् to create, aff. क्त्वि ।

विश्वस्त mfn. (-स्तः-स्ता-स्तं) Trusted, confided in, faithful. f. (-स्ता) A widow. **३.** वि implying kind or sort, or in the fem. form, privation, and श्च् to live or breathe, aff. क्त ।

विश्वसृष्ट् m. (-ष्ट) The creator of all. **३.** विश्व, सृष्ट् creator. [चन्च् क्त्वि ।]

विश्ववीथी f. (-थी) One of the Apsara's or courtezans of Swarga. **३.** विश्वव्याप्ति

विश्वानन् m. (-न्) BRAHMA'. n. (-न्) The soul of the world, the universal spirit, God. **३.** विश्व all, and आत्मन् soul.

विश्वधायस् m. (-याः) A deity, a god. **३.** विश्व all, धाच् before धा to hold or support, चसि aff., form irr.

विश्वानिध m. (-नः) A Muni, the son of GA'D'HR', originally of the

military order, but who became by long and painful austerities a Brahmarshi, in which character he appears in the RA'MA'YAN'A, as the early preceptor and counsellor of RA'MA. E. विष्णु all, मित्र the friend, and the vowel of the prefix made long in this sense; if attributively used, the compound is विष्णुमित्र ।

विष्णुमित्रमित्र m. (-यः) The cocoanut tree. E. विश्वामित्र the saint Vis'wa'-MITRA, and मित्र beloved, having been created by the saint.

विष्णुवधु n. (-सुः) One of the Gand'harbas or celestial singers. f. (-सुः) A particular night.

विश्वास m. (-सः) 1. Trust, faith, confidence. 2. A confidential communication. E. वि before श्वा to breathe or live, aff. चञ् ।

विश्वासकारण n. (-च) Cause or motive of trust. E. विश्वास, कारण cause.

विश्वासकृत् mfn. (-कृत्) Inspiring confidence or faith. E. विश्वास, and कृत् who or what makes. [troying.]

विश्वासघात m. (-तः) Violation of trust, treachery. E. विश्वास, and घात des-

विश्वासघातक m. (-कः) A traitor, one who betrays confidence. E. विश्वास, and घातक who destroys; also विश्वासघातिन् ।

विश्वासवाच n. (-नः) A confidential agent, one worthy to be trusted. E. विश्वास, and वाच person. [possessed of.]

विश्वासप्रतिपन्न mfn. (-नः-प्र-पन्न) Confiding, trusting. E. विश्वास, and प्रतिपन्न

विश्वासप्रद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Inspiring confidence. E. विश्वास, प्रद who gives.

विश्वासभङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) Breach of faith, violation of confidence. E. विश्वास, and भङ्ग breaking.

विश्वासभूमि f. (-भिः) An object of trust, a person worthy of confidence. E. विश्वास, and भूमि place. [and स्थान place.]

विश्वासस्थान n. (-नः) An object or person of trust or confidence. E. विश्वास,

विश्वासित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Inspired with confidence. E. वि before श्वा to breathe, causal v., त् aff.

विश्वास् mfn. (-स्त्री-सिनो-सि) 1. Trusting, confiding in. 2. Honest, trusty. E. विश्वास, and स्नि aff.

विश्वास् mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) 1. To be trusted or depended on, to be believed. 2. To be encouraged or inspired with confidence. Ind. Having encouraged or inspired with confidence. E. वि before श्वा to breathe, स्यत् aff; or causal v., and यत् or स्यत् aff.

विश्वास्तता f. (-ता) Trust-worthiness. E. विश्वास्, and तत् aff.

विषदंष्ट्र m. (-यः) The clitoris.

विषय m. (-यः) S'IVA. E. विश्व all, ईश्वर lord; see the next.

विषय m. (-यः) S'IVA, under a form or appellation in which especially he is worshipped at Benares, where a celebrated temple is appropriated to him in the character of lord or god of the universe. E. विश्व the universe, and ईश्वर god; also similar compounds, as विश्वेश, विश्वनाथ, &c.

विष् r. 6th cl. (विषति) To pervade. (वी) वीविष् r. 9th cl. (विषाति) To have no occasion or use for, to separate or withdraw from, to disjoin. (व) विष् r. 1st cl. (वेवति) To sprinkle. (वी इर रु) वी इर विष् r. 3rd cl. (वेवित-वेवित) 1. To pervade, to spread or extend through nature, &c. 2. To go to, to go against.

विष् f. (-विट्) 1. Faeces, ordure. 2. Diffusion, spreading. 3. A virgin. E. विष् to pervade, aff. णिप् ।

विष m. (-चः-च) Poison, venom. n. (-च) 1. Water. 2. The fibres attached to the stalk of the lotus. 3. Gum-myrrh. 4. A vegetable poison, (Aconitum ferox.) f. (-चा) A tree, the bark of which is used in dyeing of a red colour. E. विष् to pervade, aff. क ।

विषकनिषाय m. (-यः) The maxim of a worm in poison. It denotes a state of things which, though fatal to others, is not so to those who are born therein or naturalized thereto.

विषक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Clinging or adhering to closely. 2. In contact with. E. वि before वच् to embrace, क् aff.

विषका f. (-चा) A twining shrub, (Memspermum cordifolium.) E. विष poison, क् to destroy, aff. क्, च substituted for the final, "भृङ्ग्याम्."

विषकातिन् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) Antidotic, an antidote. m. (-ती) A tree, (Mimosa sirisa.) E. विष poison, and कातिन् removing.

विषक mfn. (-चः-ची-च) Antidotic, an antidote. m. (-चः) 1. A tree, (Mimosa sirisa.) 2. A plant, (Hedysarum alhaji.) 3. Beleric myrobalan. (Terminalia belerica) f. (-ची) 1. A potherb, (Hingtscha repens.) 2. A plant, commonly Bich'hati. 3. Turmeric. 4. Bitter apple or colocynth. E. विष poison, and क् what destroys.

विषकुट mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) 1. Poisoned, suffering from poison. 2. Poisonous. E. विष, and कुट united with.

विषज्वर m. (-रः) A buffalo. E. विषमिष प्राचङ्गना ज्वरी यस्य ।

विषचि m. (-चिः) A sort of snake.

विषच n. (-चः) The fibres of the stalk of the water lily. "सुचानि ।"

विषच mfn. (-चः-चा-च) Dejected, desponding, spiritless, disinclined to exertion. E. वि before च्छ् to go, aff. क् ।

विषचता f. (-ता) Dejection, lassitude, want of energy or spirit, especially as one of the effects of unsuccessful love. E. विषच relaxed, तत् aff. of the abstract; also with त्व विषचत् ।

विषचवदन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Looking sad or dejected. E. विषच, and वदन face; also विषचसुख, &c.

विषतुल्य mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्य-ल्य) Fatal, deadly. E. विष, and तुल्य equal to.

विषतर m. (-रः) A buffalo.

विषद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Yielding or giving poison. 2. Shedding water. m. (-दः) A cloud. n. (-दं) Green vitriol. E. विष poison or water, and दा to give, aff. क्; or वि + च्छ्-भञ् ।

विषदंष्ट्रा f. (-ष्ट्रा) A medicinal plant and antidote, commonly Sarpakankāli. E. विष venom, दष्ट a tooth.

विषदन्तक m. (-कः) A snake. E. विष poison, दन्त tooth, and क् added.

विषदशनस्युक्त m. (-कः) The Chakora bird. E. विष poison, (perhaps put for the snake,) दशन seeing, स्युक्त who dies.

विषधर mfn. (-रः-रा or रो-र) Venomous, poisonous. m. (-रः) A snake. E. विष poison, धर who has.

विषधसा f. (-सा) Cowach, (Carpopogon pruriens.) "बालकृशी ।"

विषधारी f. (-री) The wife of JARATKA'RU, and goddess presiding over snakes. E. विष venom, धारी a nurse.

विषनाशन m. (-नः) 1. A tree, (Mimosa sirisa.) 2. An antidote. n. (-नं) Removing or curing poison. E. विष poison, and नाशन destroying.

विषनाशिन mfn. (-शो-शिशो-शि) Antidote. f. (-नी) A plant: see विषदंष्ट्रा. E. विष venom, नाशिन destroying.

विषनुद m. (-नुत्) A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) "श्लोकाकडले." E. विष poison, नुद to eject, aff. क्णिप् ।

विषपुष्प m. (-पुः) A plant, (Vangueria spinosa) n. (-पुः) The blue lotus. E. विष poison, and पुष्प flower.

विषपुष्पक m. (-कः) Sickness or disease induced by eating poisonous flowers. E. विष poison, पुष्प a flower; or विषपुष्प the Vangueria, &c., क् aff. in this sense. [application.]

विषप्रयोग m. (-गः) Employing or administering poison. E. विष and प्रयोग

विषमक्षण n. (-चः) Taking poison. E. विष, and मक्षण feeding.

विषमिषन् m. (-चः) A dealer in antidotes, a snake-catcher, or one who pretends to cure the bite of a snake E. विष poison, मिषन् a doctor.

विषमृज्ज m. (-जः) A poisonous snake E. विष poison, and मृज्ज a snake.

विषभृत् mfn. (-भृत्) Venomous, poisonous. m. (-भृत्) A snake. E. विष, and भृत् who or what has.

विषम mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) 1. Difficult, (of access,) rough, uneven. 2. Difficult, &c., (of comprehending,) as a book. 3. Painful, difficult, troublesome. (in general.) 4. Old, (in numbers.) 5. Unparalleled, unequalled. 6. Wicked, dishonest. 7. Fearful, frightful, awful. 8. Irregular, unequal. 9. Adverse, unpropitious. n. (-मं) 1. Difficulty, pain. 2. Unevenness, inequality. 3. Oddness, (in numeration.) 4. An inaccessible place, a thicket, a precipice. 5. (In rhetoric.) Description of unusual or incompatible cause and



effect. *z.* वि privative or contra-indicative, before लन even, smooth, equal, &c. and ष after the व of the prefix, changed to व ।

विषमकर्षणं *n.* (-चः) The hypotenuse of a right-angled triangle, formed between the gnomon and the two sides of the shadow. विषम, and कर्षणं hypotenuse.

विषमकर्मणं *n.* (-कः) 1. An odd or unparallelled act. 2. (In arithmetic.) The finding of quantities from their difference or that of their squares. *z.* विषम and कर्मणं act.

विषमखानं *n.* (-तः) An irregular excavation or one with unequal sides. *z.* विषम and खान excavation. [चतुरस्र four-angled.]

विषमचतुरस्र *n.* (-चः) An unequal four sided figure, a trapezium. *z.* विषम, विषमचतुरस्र *m.* (-दः) A plant, (Echites scholaris.) *z.* विषम odd, and चतुरस्र a leaf; having seven leaves on a stalk. “सप्तचतुरस्र ह्येष ।”

विषमच्छाया *f.* (-या) The shadow of the gnomon at noon when the sun is in the equinoxes. *z.* विषम oblique, and छाया shadow.

विषमज्वर *m.* (-रः) 1. A violent fever. 2. Irregularly remittent fever. *z.* विषम and ज्वर a fever.

विषमत्रिभुज *m.* (-जः) A scalene triangle. *z.* विषम unequal, त्रिभुज triangle.

विषमनयन *m.* (-नः) S'IVA. *z.* विषम odd, नयन an eye; having a third eye in his forehead.

विषमनम *m.* (-नमः) A snake-catcher, one who by pretended charms, &c. attracts snakes and cures the bite. *n.* (-नमः) A charm for curing snake bites. *z.* विष poison, नमन a charm. [विषम, and नयन, aff.]

विषमनयन *mfn.* (-यः-यौ-यं) Resulting from or produced by inequality. *z.* विषमनयन *mfn.* (-यः-यौ-यं) Resulting from or produced by unequal quantities or qualities. *z.* विषम uneven, and नयन aff. in this sense.

विषमविभाग *m.* (-नः) Unequal division of property amongst co-heirs. *z.* विषम uneven, विभाग portion of inheritance. [who sleeps.]

विषमशायिन *mfn.* (-यो-यिनो-यि) Sleeping irregularly. *z.* विषम and शायिन

विषमशय *mfn.* (-यः-यौ-यं) Unjust, unfair, (division) *z.* विषम, शय left.

विषमशील *mfn.* (-लः-लौ-लं) 1. Uneven. 2. Uneasy. *z.* विषम, शील having.

विषमसाहस *n.* (-सः) Temerity, daring. *z.* विषम and साहस violence.

विषमस्थ *mfn.* (-स्थः-स्थौ-स्थं) 1. Standing unevenly. 2. Inaccessible, safely posted. 3. Being in difficulty, &c. *z.* विषम uneven, स्थ who stays.

विषमाक्ष *m.* (-चः) S'IVA. *z.* विषम odd, चक्ष the eye, aff. टच्; having a third eye, or one in his forehead.

विषमायुध *m.* (-यः) KA'MADE'VA. *z.* विषम odd, आयुध a weapon; armed with five arrows. [विषम and अयन eating.]

विषमाशन *n.* (-नः) Eating irregularly, either as to quantity or time. *z.* विषमाशन *mfn.* (-यः-यौ-यं) Crafty, dishonest. *z.* विषम and आशन asylum.

विषमजिह्व *mfn.* (-जः-जौ-जं) 1. Made or become uneven, irregular, &c. 2. Made difficult. *z.* विषम and जिह्व aff.

विषमौघ *mfn.* (-यः-यौ-यं) Produced or resulting from inequalities. *z.* विषम uneven, and औघ aff.

विषमुष्टि *f.* (-ष्टिः) A kind of shrub of medicinal properties, commonly termed Bishdo'ri or Kadhsinh. *z.* विष poison, मुष्टि a handful.

विषमुख *m.* (-मुखः) The Chakora bird. *z.* विष poison, and मुख death.

विषमेक्ष *m.* (-क्षः) S'IVA. *z.* विषम odd, (three,) ईक्ष eye.

विषमेक्षु *m.* (-क्षुः) KA'MADE'VA. *z.* विषम odd, (five,) एक्ष an arrow.

विषय *m.* (-यः) 1. Any object of sense, any thing perceivable by the senses, as colour, form, flavour, odour and sound; they are five for the five Indriyas, viz :—श्रवण for the ear, स्पर्श for the skin, रूप for the eye, रस for the tongue, गन्ध for the nose. 2. An object in general, as of affection or desire, &c. 3. Worldly object or pursuit, affair, business, transaction, &c. 4. A country, whether inhabited or uninhabited. 5. Refuge, asylum. 6. Department, sphere, element, home, province, that which is peculiarly known or frequented, as a particular study by its professors, a particular town by its townsfolk, water by fish, air by birds, &c. 7. A collection of villages. 8. Any thing indigenous or peculiar to a province,

&c. 9. A religious obligation or observance. 10. Semen virile. 11. A lover, a husband. 12. Sensual enjoyment, sensuality. 13. Subject, topic, subject-matter. 14. The subject of an Adhikaran' (in Phil.) 15. A thing aimed at. 16. Scope, range, compass, reach. 17. A realm, a kingdom, a domain. *z.* वि before वि to bind, aff. चच् । [and चच् added.]

विषयक *mfn.* (-कः-का-कं) Relating to, concerning, (any object.) *z.* विषय विषयक *n.* (-नः) State of an affair, circumstance or thing. *z.* न added to the preceding.

विषयकर्मणं *n.* (-कः) Worldly concern or act. *z.* विषय, कर्म act. [desire.]

विषयकाम *m.* (-नः) Desire of worldly goods or pleasures. *z.* विषय, काम

विषयवास *m.* (-नः) The aggregate of the objects of sense.

विषयवासिन *mfn.* (-सी-सिनो-सि) Engaged in the affairs of life *z.* विषय and वासिन who abides.

विषयान्वय *mfn.* (-वः-वा-वं) Identical with or affecting sensual or worldly objects. *z.* विषय and आनन्द own.

विषयान्वित *f.* (-तिः) Attachment to the objects of sense.

विषयायिन् *m.* (-यी) 1. A king. 2. An organ of sense. 3. KA'MADE'VA. 4. An epicurean, a sensualist, one heedful of objects of sense or attentive to worldly objects. 5. A materialist, one who disbelieves the existence of that which is not cognizable by the senses. *z.* विषय an object of sense, चच् to go, to follow, and रति aff.

विषयासक्त *mfn.* (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Attached to objects of sense, devoted to the world. *z.* विषय and आसक्त attached to.

विषयिन् *mfn.* (-यी-यिषी-यि) 1. Attached to objects of sense, carnal, sensual. 2. Conversant with or interested in worldly occupations or enjoyments. *n.* (-यि) An organ of sense. *m.* (-यी) 1. A king. 2. The deity KA'MA. 3. A sensualist. 4. A materialist, one who denies the existence of any thing which is not an object of sense. 5. A man of business. *z.* विषय an organ of sense, aff. रच् ।

विषयोपसेवा *f.* (-वा) Sensuality. *z.* विषय and उपसेवा addition to.

विषय *m.* (-सः) Poison, venom. *z.* विष poison, सच् aff.

विषविद्या *f.* (-द्या) The administration of antidotes, the cure of poisons by drugs or charms. *z.* विष poison, विद्या science.

विषविधान *n.* (-नः) Administering poison judiciously, or by way of ordeal. *z.* विष, विधान rule.

विषवेन *m.* (-नः) Absorption of venom, as shewn by some bodily effects or changes. *z.* विष poison, and वेन natural excretion.

विषवेद्य *m.* (-द्यः) A dealer in antidotes, one professing by charms, &c. to cure the bite of a snake. *z.* विष poison, and वेद्य physician.

विषवाल्मीक *m.* (-कः) The root of the lotus.

विषयक *m.* (-कः) A wasp. *z.* विष venom, and यक्ष a parrot.

विषयकिन् *m.* (-की) A wasp. *z.* विष poison, यक्ष a horn, and रति poss aff.

विषयक *m.* (-कः) The Greek partridge, (Perdix rufa.) “चकोर कने” *z.* विष poison, and यक्ष informer.

विषयक *m.* (-का) A wasp. *z.* विष poison, यक्ष the corner of the mouth.

विषहर *mfn.* (-रः-री-रं) An antidote, removing venom. *f.* (-रा) (or री) The goddess of the serpent race, the sister of VA'ANKI, and wife of JARATKA RU. *z.* विष venom, ह to take, aff. चच् or टच् ।

विषहृदय *mfn.* (-हृ-हृद-हृदं) Malicious, malignant, cherishing hatred or hostility. *z.* विष, and हृदय the heart.

विषम *mfn.* (-मः-मा-मं) 1. To be borne or endured. 2. Possible to be determined. Ind. Having borne. *z.* वि, मच् to bear, aff. यच् or णच् ।

विषा Ind. Apotte noun. Intellect, understanding. *f.* (-वा) Ordure, feces. *z.* नो to destroy, (ignorance,) with वि prefixed, and नो Una'di aff.

विषाण *m.* (-रः) A spear, a dart. *z.* विष poison, चक्षुर a shoot.

विषाण Subst. *mfn.* (-णः-णी-णं) 1. The horn of an animal. 2. The tusk of an elephant. 3. The tusk or fang of the boar. *f.* (-णी) 1. A plant, the fruit of which is compared to the horn of a ram, &c. commonly M'sas Sringi'. 2. A medicinal root : see चौरवाजी. *z.* (-ण)

A sort of Costus, (*C. speciosus*). **वि** before **वृ** to be, **वान्न** aff.; the initial of the radical rejected, and **व** changed to **वृ**; otherwise, **वि** before **वृ** to serve, aff. **वृञ्**; or **वि** वा-**वान्न** ।

**विधि** *f.* (-**धि**) A sort of plant, commonly Me'sha Shringi'. **वि** वा-**वान्न** as above, and **वृ** pleonasm; fem. form.

**विधि** *m.* (-**धि**) 1. An elephant. 2. A bull. 3. Any animal with horns. *f.* (-**धिनी**) Having tusks or horns. **वि** वा-**वान्न** a horn, **वृ** aff.

**विधि** *m.* (-**धि**) 1. Lassitude, dejection, lowness of spirits, want of energy, especially as the result of unrequited love. 2. Distress, affliction. 3. Disappointment. **वि** before **वृ** to go, aff. **वृञ्** ।

**विधि** *mfn.* (-**धि**-**धिनी**-**धि**) Dejected, disconsolate. **वि** वा-**वान्न**, **वृ** aff.

**विधि** *m.* (-**धि**) A snake. **वि** वा-**वान्न** poison, and **वान्न** the face.

**विधि** *m.* (-**धि**) S'IVA. **वि** वा-**वान्न** poison, **वान्न** destroyer; having swallowed the poison that was produced at the churning of the ocean.

**विधि** *mfn.* (-**धि**-**धिनी**-**धि**) Antidote, an antidote. *f.* (-**धिनी**) A kind of birthwort, (*Aristolochia Indica*). **वि** वा-**वान्न** poison, and **वान्न** removing.

**विधि** *m.* (-**धि**) A snake. **वि** वा-**वान्न** poison, and **वान्न** a weapon.

**विधि** *m.* (-**धि**) A snake. **वि** वा-**वान्न** poison, **वृ** to go, aff. **वृञ्** ।

**विधि** *mfn.* (-**धि**-**धिनी**-**धि**) Venomous, poisonous. **वि** वा-**वान्न**, and **वान्न** aff.

**विधि** *m.* (-**धि**) A snake. *f.* (-**धिनी**) Marking-nut plant, (*Semecarpus anacardium*). **वि** वा-**वान्न** poison, and **वान्न** face. [go, **वृ** aff.]

**विधि** *mfn.* (-**धि**-**धिनी**-**धि**) Sorrowing, despairing. **वि** before **वृ** to go, **वृ** aff. **वृञ्** ।

**विधि** *Ind.* 1. Many, various. 2. Equally, same, like. **वि** वा-**वान्न**, **वृ** aff.

**विधि** *mfn.* (-**धि**-**धिनी**-**धि**) Having or possessing various or uniform motion or extension. **वि** वा-**वान्न** going every where, **वृ** poss. aff., and the final consonant of the primitive rejected.

**विधि** *n.* (-**धि**) The equinox: see the next.

**विधि** *n.* (-**धि**) The first point of **ARIES** or **LIBRA** into which the sun enters at the vernal or autumnal equinox. **वि** वा-**वान्न** equally, (the night and day,) and **वृ** or **प** aff.; also **विधि** ।

**विधि** *f.* (-**धिनी**) The shadow of the gnomon at noon when the sun is in the equinoctial points. **वि** वा-**वान्न** and **वान्न** shade.

**विधि** *n.* (-**धिनी**) The equinoctial point. **वि** वा-**वान्न** equally, (long, the day and night,) and **वृ** poss. aff.

**विधि** *n.* (-**धिनी**) The day of the equinox. **वि** वा-**वान्न** and **दिन** day.

**विधि** *f.* (-**धिनी**) The equinoctial line.

**विधि** *f.* (-**धिनी**) The passage of the sun to the next sign at the equinoxes. **वि** वा-**वान्न**, and **वान्न** sun's entrance into a sign. [kill.]

**विधि** *r.* 10th cl. (**विधि**-**धिनी**-**धिनी**) To see, to perceive. (**विधि**-**धिनी**) To injure or **विधि** *mfn.* (-**धिनी**-**धिनी**-**धिनी**) Going, going in various directions, dispersing. **वि** before **वृ** to go, **वृ** aff.; also **विधि** । [also **विधि** ।]

**विधि** *m.* (-**धिनी**) Going, dispersing. **वि** before **वृ** to go, **वृ** aff.;

**विधि** *mfn.* (-**धिनी**-**धिनी**-**धिनी**) 1. Gone. 2. Gone in various directions, dispersed. **वि** before **वृ** to go, **वृ** aff.

**विधि** *m.* (-**धिनी**) 1. The first of the twenty-seven astronomical periods, called **Yōgās** or **Yōga** star of the first lunar mansion. 2. Obstacle, hindrance, impediment, resistance. 3. Spreading, extension. 4. Act, doing any thing. 5. A posture of the devotees called **Yogi's**. 6. One of the performers at a dramatic entertainment, either an actor who in the intervals of the scenes explains to the audience the progress of the story, or one or two of the personages of the drama, who do the same in a soliloquy or dialogue. 7. A tree. 8. The bolt or bar of a door. 9. A post, the roof-tree of a house. 10. The diameter of a circle. **वि** before **वृ** to stop or hinder, aff. **वृञ्**; or **वि** + **वृ**-**वृ**-**वृ**; also with **वृ** added, **विधि** ।

**विधि** *m.* (-**धिनी**) A **Yōga**, &c.: see the last.

**विधि** *mfn.* (-**धिनी**-**धिनी**-**धिनी**) Obstructive, impeding. *m.* (-**धिनी**) The bolt or bar of a door. **वि** वा-**वान्न** obstruction, and **वृ** aff.

**विधि** *m.* (-**धिनी**) 1. A bird in general. 2. Pulling or tearing to pieces. 3. A cock. **वि** before **वृ** to scatter, and **वृ** aff., with **वृ** aug.

**विधि** *mfn.* (-**धिनी**-**धिनी**-**धिनी**) Entered, penetrated, pervaded. *f.* (-**धिनी**) **Fœces**. **वि** वा-**वान्न** to pervade, aff. **वृ** । [aug.; also **विधि** ।]

**विधि** *m.* (-**धिनी**) A world. **वि** वा-**वान्न** to enter, (into which,) **वृ** aff., **वृ** ।

**विधि** *n.* (-**धिनी**) A world. **वि** वा-**वान्न** to pervade, **वृ** aff., the vowel unchanged; deriv. irr.

**विधि** *mfn.* (-**धिनी**-**धिनी**-**धिनी**) 1. Hindered, obstructed. 2. Stayed, fixed, firm, well-supported. 3. Placed in or upon. 4. Paralysed, made stiff or motionless. **वि** before **वृ** to stop, **वृ** aff.

**विधि** *m.* (-**धिनी**) 1. Impediment, hindrance, obstacle. 2. Stopping, staying. 3. Placing in or upon. 4. A disease, obstruction of urine or **fœces**, ischury, constipation. 5. Paralysis, loss of motion. **वि** before **वृ** to stop or hinder, aff. **वृञ्** ।

**विधि** *mfn.* (-**धिनी**-**धिनी**-**धिनी**) 1. Stopping, impeding, what hinders or obstructs. 2. Checking, (as perspiration,) obilling. 3. Making motionless. **वि** before **वृ** to stop, **वृ** aff.

**विधि** *m.* (-**धिनी**) 1. A tree. 2. A handful of **Kus'a** or sacred grass. 3. A seat, a stool, a chair, a couch, &c. 4. The seat of the **Brāhman**, either real or in effigy, as presiding at a sacrifice. 5. A bed. 6. A seat made of twenty-five straws of **Kus'a** grass tied up in a sheaf. **वि** before **वृ** to spread, aff. **वृ** and **वृ** changed to **वृ** ।

**विधि** *m.* (-**धिनी**) **VISHN'U**. **वि** वा-**वान्न** a tree, **वृ** to hear, aff. **वृञ्** ।

**विधि** *mfn.* (-**धिनी**-**धिनी**-**धिनी**) Sitting on a seat, or reclining on a bed of leaves. **वि** वा-**वान्न** and **वृ** who stays.

**विधि** *m.* (-**धिनी**) A form of metre, a species of the order termed **Pankti'**, consisting of a verse of four lines, the first and last of which consist of eight syllables each, and the second and third of twelve each. **वि** before **वृ** to spread, aff. **वृ**, and **वृ** changed to **वृ** ।

**विधि** *mfn.* (-**धिनी**-**धिनी**-**धिनी**) Working, labouring, a workman. *f.* (-**धिनी**) 1. Unpaid labour, working without wages. 2. Occupation, act, action. 3. Hire, wages. 4. The seventh of the variable **Karan'as**, or astrological periods so termed, each answering to half a lunar day. 5. Sending, dispatching. 6. Consigning to torture, casting into hell, &c. **वि** before **वृ** to enter, (into pain by it,) and **वृ** aff.

**विधि** *n.* (-**धिनी**) A place situated remote or apart. **वि** वा-**वान्न** implying apart, **वृ** a place, and **वृ** changed to **वृ** ।

**विधि** *f.* (-**धिनी**) 1. **Fœces**, ordure, excrement. 2. The belly. **वि** before **वृ** to stay, (in the intestines,) affs. **वृ** and **वृ** ।

**विधि** *m.* (-**धिनी**) **VISHN'U**, one of the three principal Hindu deities, and the preserver of the world: during the periods of temporary annihilation, he is supposed to sleep on the waters floating on the serpent **S'ēsha**: **BRĀHMA** is fabled to have sprung from a lotus, which originally grew from the navel of **VISHN'U**, and the holy river **Ganges** is said to spring from his foot: the different **Avatārs** are considered as emanations of this deity, and in **KRISHN'A**, he is supposed to have been really and wholly incarnate: **LAKSHMI** is his wife, and he is usually represented as a mild and benevolent deity. 2. **AGNI** or fire. 3. One of the demigods called **Vasus**. 4. A pure or pious man. 5. The name of an ancient law-giver. **वि** before **वृ** to enter or pervade, (the universe,) **वृ** aff. **वृ** ।

**विधि** *f.* (-**धिनी**) A flower, (*Clitoria ternatea*). **वि** वा-**वान्न** **VISHN'U**, and **वृ** overcome. "चपराजिता ।"

**विधि** *m.* (-**धिनी**) The saint **KAUN'DĪTYA**. **वि** वा-**वान्न** hidden, having been concealed by **VISHN'U** when pursued by **S'IVA**, whom he had incensed. [विधि, **वृ** residence.]

**विधि** *n.* (-**धिनी**) The name of a city or country; also **Stambapuri**. **वि** वा-**वान्न** the eleventh and twelfth lunar day of each fortnight. **वि** वा-**वान्न** **VISHN'U**, and **वृ** divinity.

**विधि** *n.* (-**धिनी**) 1. The sky, heaven, atmosphere. 2. The sea of milk. 3. A lotus. *f.* (-**धिनी**) 1. The **Ganges**. 2. One of the twelve **Sankrāntis** or periods, at which the sun enters a sign of the zodiac, especially

the first sign after the equinox. **विश्व**, and पद abode, or foot; where VISHN'U resides or rests, or proceeding from his foot.

**विश्वीति** f. (-तिः) Land granted rent-free to a BRAHMANA for the maintenance of VISHN'U's worship.

**विश्वरथ** m. (-यः) Garud'a, the bird and vehicle of VISHN'U. **विश्व**, and रथ car or conveyance. [diminutive aff.]

**विश्वविह्वी** f. (-ह्वी) A quail. **विश्व** VISHN'U, and लिङ्ग a mark, लोप

**विश्ववल्गु** mfn. (-मः-मा-मं) Beloved by VISHN'U. f. (मा) 1. A plant, (Echites caryophyllata). 2. A small fragrant shrub, (Ocimum sanctum). 3. LAKSHMI. **विश्व** VISHN'U, वल्गु the beloved.

**विश्ववाहन** m. (-नः) Garud'a the bird and vehicle of VISHN'U.

**विश्वद** m. (-दः) Throbbing, beating. **वि** before स्रदि to go, चञ् aff.

**विश्वार** m. (-रः) The twang of a bow. **वि** before स्वर or स्वर to expand, aff. चञ्; in the latter, वा is substituted for the vowel, and स is changed to व; also विश्वार.

**विश्व** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Deserving death by poison. **वि** venom, यत् aff.

**विश्वद** m. (-दः) Flowing, issuing, trickling. **वि** before यदि to go, यानच् aff.; also read विश्वद.

**विश्वदमान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Flowing, trickling. **वि** before यदि to go, यानच् aff.; also read विश्वदमान. [aff. व.]

**विश्व** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Injurious, mischievous. **वि** to pervade, Una'di

**विश्वक्** Ind. Every way, all around; see विश्वक्.

**विश्वक्सेन** m. (-नः) VISHN'U. f. (-ना) A plant, commonly Priyangu. **विश्वक्** every where, सेना an army.

**विश्वक्सेनप्रिया** f. (-या) 1. A sort of yam, (Dioscorea). 2. LAKSHMI. **विश्वक्सेन** VISHN'U, and प्रिया beloved by, sacred to. [gone.]

**विश्वगत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Gone all about, spread, extended. **वि** विश्वक्, गत

**विश्वगति** f. (-तिः) Going all about. **वि** विश्वक्, and गति going.

**विश्वच्** or **विश्वच्** mfn. (-चङ्-चूची-चक्) 1. Going every where, all-pervading. 2. Separating into parts, different. n. (-चक्) The equinox. **वि** variously, (in various directions.) or equally, चच् to go, क्तिन् aff.; it is also written, but less accurately विश्वच्.

**विश्वशन** n. (-नं) Food, eating. **वि** before स्वन to sound, (with the lips, to smack the lips,) and श्रुत् aff. "वलणले."

**विश्वदाश्च** or **द्राश्च** mfn. (-द्राङ्-द्रोची-द्राक्) Going every where. **वि** विश्वच् every where, with चद्रो augment.

**विश्वान** m. (-यः) Eating, food. **वि**, स्वन to sound, aff. चञ्. "वलणले."

**विश्वज्ञ** mfn. (-ज्ञः-ज्ञा-ज्ञ) Lifeless, bereft of sense. **वि** priv., संज्ञा sense.

**विश्वयुक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Separated. 2. Omitting. **वि** संयुक्त joined.

**विश्वयोग** m. (-गः) 1. Separation. 2. Omission. **वि** priv., संयोग union.

**विश्ववाद** m. (-दः) 1. Disappointing, deceiving, falsifying one's word, deceiving by a false affirmation or not keeping a promise. 2. Contradiction, disagreement. **वि** implying reverse, संवाद agreement.

**विश्ववादिन्** mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) 1. Cunning, crafty, fraudulent. 2. Disputing. **वि** विश्ववाद, and इति aff.

**विश्वद्वल** f. (-ला) Unsteady, agitated.

**विस्** r. 4th cl. (विश्वति) 1. To throw, to send. 2. To put forth.

**विस्** n. (-सं) The film or fibres of the stalk of the water-lily. **विस्** to send, to put forth, aff. क.

**विस्फुलिङ्गा** f. (-ङ्गा) A small crane. **विस्** the fibres of the lotus-stalk, aff. चच्, कण्ठ the throat, कन् aff., fem. form, implying comparison.

**विस्फुट** m. (-टः) 1. A lion. 2. The Ingudi tree. **वि** and स्फ before कट् to encompass, चच् aff.

**विस्फुट** f. (-तः) Inconsistent, not in harmony.

**विस्फुट** m. (-दः) A part of the fibres of the lotus. **विस्**, वेद section.

**विस्फुट** n. (-जः) A lotus. **विस्** the fibres of the stalk, and ज born.

**विस्फुट** m. (-भिः) A quantity of lotuses, **विस्**, नाभि navel.

**विस्फुटिका** f. (-का) A sort of crane. **विस्**, नासिका the nose or beak.

**विस्फुट** n. (-यः) A lotus. **विस्** the stalk, and पुष्प flower.

**विस्फुट** n. (-नः) A lotus, (Nelumbium speciosum.) **विस्**, प्रपुष्प a flower.

**विस्वर** m. (-रः) 1. A multitude, an assemblage, a flock, a herd, a crowd. 2. Spreading, going forth or abroad. **वि** before स्वर to go, aff. चञ्.

**विस्वर्ग** m. (-र्गः) 1. Abandoning, relinquishment, getting rid of or free from any thing. 2. Departure, going away. 3. Separation. 4. Gift, donation. 5. Final emancipation or beatitude, exemption from worldly existence. 6. Evacuation of excrement, voiding by stool, &c. 7. The soft aspirate or Visarga, marked by two perpendicular dots, (:) and as the substitute for the letters स or र, the termination of various inflections both of nouns and verbs. 8. A division of the sun's course, the southern course. 9. Light, splendour. **वि** before स्वर to let go, aff. चञ्.

**विस्वर्जन** n. (-नः) 1. Gift, donation. 2. Quitting, relinquishing. 3. Sending, dispatching. 4. Dismissing, sending away. 5. Throwing the image, &c. into holy water, as the concluding rite of the festival of a deity. **वि** before स्वर to let go, aff. क्तिन्.

**विस्वर्गीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be left, abandoned, given away, &c. (proper or fit to.) **वि**, स्वर to leave, चनीयर् aff.

**विस्वर्जित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Abandoned, left. 2. Given, given away. 3. Dismissed. **वि** before स्वर to let go, क्तिन् aff.

**विस्वोत्प्रेष** m. (-प्रेः) 1. Spreading. 2. Going. 3. Going variously. 4. Flying, gliding. 5. Unwished consequence of any act. 6. Erysipelatous inflammation. **वि** before स्वर to go, चञ् aff.

**विस्वप्रेष** n. (-प्रेः) Bee's wax.

**विस्वप्रेष** n. (-प्रेः) 1. Spreading, extending. 2. Going gently. 3. Flying. **वि** before स्वर to go, aff. क्तिन्.

**विस्वप्रेष** mfn. (-प्रेः-प्रेणी-प्रेत्) 1. Going, going along. 2. Flying gently. **वि** before स्वर to go, श्रुत् aff.

**विस्वप्रेष** mfn. (-प्रेः-प्रेणी-प्रेत्) Spreading over or along, gliding, going gently. **वि** before, स्वर to go, चिन् aff.

**विस्व** n. (-सं) A shoot, a sprout. **वि** variously, स्वर to go, aff. चञ्.

**विस्वर** m. (-रः) 1. A fish. 2. Going smoothly, creeping, gliding. n. (रः) Wood, timber. f. (-री) The region of the winds. **वि** before स्वर to go, and चञ् or च aff.; or वि priv., and सर pith.

**विस्वरित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Effected, performed. 2. Set on foot, occasioned. **वि** before स्वर to go, causal form, aff. क्तिन्.

**विस्वरिन्** mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) 1. Flowing, gliding, creeping. 2. Spreading, diffusing. m. (-री) A fish. **विस्वर** going smoothly, and इति aff.

**विस्वनी** f. (-नी) An assemblage of lotus flowers. **विस्** the fibres of the lotus, इति and लोप affs.

**विस्विका** f. (-का) 1. Spasmodic cholera. 2. Symptom of a disease. **वि**, स्वर to apprise, क्तिन् aff.; or विस्विका स्वीय इवार्थे कन्.

**विस्विक** n. (-यः-या) Sorrow, distress. **वि**, स्वर to hurt, युच् aff. [aff. व.]

**विस्वित** n. (तः) Repentance. f. (-ता) A fever. **वि** before स्वर to hurt, विस्वित् mfn. (-जन्-जनी-जन्) 1. Abandoning, leaving. 2. Giving, giving away. **वि** before स्वर to let go, श्रुत् aff.

**विस्वित्** mfn. (-जन्-जनी-जन्) To be left or abandoned. Ind. Having dismissed, left, got rid of, &c. **वि** before स्वर to let go, यत् or स्वर aff.

**विस्वित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Spread, extended, expanded. 2. Uttered. **वि** before स्वर to go, aff. क्तिन्.

**विस्वित** mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Going smoothly, gliding, creeping, flowing. **वि** before स्वर to go, क्तिन् aff. [go, क्तिन् aff.]

**विस्वित** mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Creeping, flowing, gliding. **वि** before स्वर to go, क्तिन् aff.

**विस्वित** mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) 1. Expelled, cast off or out. 2. Abandoned, relinquished, got rid of. 3. Given away. 4. Dismissed. 5. Shed. **वि**, स्वर to go, क्तिन् aff.

**विस्वित** f. (-टः) 1. Leaving, quitting. 2. Giving. 3. Dismissing. **वि** away, स्वर to leave, क्तिन् aff.

**विस्वित** mfn. (-ता-तनी-तनी) Going, going away, dispersing. **वि** before स्वर to go, क्तिन् aff.

**विस्वित** m. (-दः) Going, dispersing. **वि** before स्वर to go, चञ् aff.

विष् mn. (-सः-सः) A weight of gold, a Karsha of sixteen Māshas, about half an ounce troy. ३. विष् to convey, aff. क् ।  
 विस्तर m. (-रः) 1. Spreading, expansion. 2. Prolixity, minute detail. 3. Affection or affectionate solicitation. 4. Number, assemblage. 5. Abundance, quantity. 6. A seat, a stool. 7. A bed, a layer. ३. वि before क् to spread over or cover, aff. च् ।  
 विस्तरम् Ind. Fully, at length. ३. विस्तर, and वसि aff.  
 विस्तर m. (-रः) 1. Spreading, extension, diffusion. 2. Vastness, expanse. 3. Breadth, amplitude. 4. Amplification. 5. Diameter of a circle. 6. The branch of a tree with its new shoots. 7. A shrub. ३. वि before क् to cover, aff. च् ।  
 विस्तीर्ण mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) 1. Large, roomy, great. 2. Spread, expanded. 3. Broad. ३. वि before क् to cover or spread, aff. क् ।  
 विस्तीर्णता f. (-ता) 1. Diffusion, extension. 2. Vastness. ३. विस्तीर्ण, तन् aff. ; also with ल, विस्तीर्णल । [large, पक्ष leaf.  
 विस्तीर्णपत्र n. (-पत्र) A sort of esculent root, (Arum Indicum.) ३. विस्तीर्ण  
 विस्तृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Spread, diffused, extended. 2. Broad, expanded. 3. Ample. 4. Diffused. ३. वि before क् to spread, aff. क् ।  
 विस्तृति f. (-तिः) 1. Spreading, expansion. 2. The diameter of a circle. 3. Breadth, width. ३. वि, क् to spread, aff. क् । [मानच् aff.  
 विस्तरमान mfn. (-मः-ता-मः) Emulating, envying. ३. वि, स्तृ to envy,  
 विस्तर mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) 1. Apparent, manifest, open, clear. 2. Plain, intelligible. ३. वि before स्तृ apparent.  
 विस्तर m. (-रः) 1. The twang of a bow, string. 2. Trembling, agitation. 3. Vibrating. ३. वि before स्तर to shake, and च् aff.  
 विस्तरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Shaken, trembling, tremulous. 2. Evident, apparent. 3. Twanged or drawn as a bow-string. 4. Made to vibrate. 5. Displayed. ३. वि before स्तर to tremble, aff. क् ।  
 विस्तर्यमाण mfn. (-मः-ता-मः) 1. Being made open or manifest. 2. Being drawn or twanged as a bow-string ३. वि before स्तर to tremble, pass. v., शानच् aff. [swell, शत aff.  
 विस्तरन् mfn. (-रन्-रन्-रन्) Swelling, enlarging. ३. वि before स्तर to  
 विस्तरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Shaken, tremulous. 2. Swollen, enlarged. ३. वि before स्तर to tremble, aff. क् ।  
 विस्तरन् mfn. (-रन्-रन्-रन्) 1. Going briskly or merrily. 2. Shaking, trembling. 3. Appearing. ३. वि before, स्तर to shake, &c., शत aff.  
 विस्तरित m. (-रः) 1. A sort of poison. 2. A spark of fire. ३. वि, स्तर imitative sound, लिङ् to go, aff. च् ; or वि + स्तर-उ तादृश्य लिङ्गमस्य ।  
 विस्तरन् m. (-रः) 1. A clap of thunder. 2. Roaring, rumbling. ३. वि, स्तर to thunder, च् aff.  
 विस्तरित inf. (-रः-रः) 1. Boil, pustule. 2. Small-pox. ३. वि before, स्तर to hurt or break, aff. च् or विच्-चच् ।  
 विस्तर m. (-रः) 1. Wonder, surprise, astonishment, (wonder or admiration considered as the feeling giving rise to the Adbhuta Sentiment.) 2. Pride, arrogance. 3. Doubt, uncertainty. ३. वि before, स्तर to smile, aff. च् । [perplexed.  
 विस्तराकुल mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) Bewildered, astounded. ३. विस्तर and आकुल  
 विस्तराकुल mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Astonished. ३. विस्तर, अकुल affected.  
 विस्तरित mfn. (-रः-रः-रः) Astonished, surprised. ३. विस्तर, and इति aff.  
 विस्तर m. (-रः) Forgetting, oblivion. ३. वि, स्तर to remember, स्तृ aff.  
 विस्तरणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be forgotten. ३. वि priv., स्तर to remember, णीय aff. [यत् aff.  
 विस्तर्य mfn. (-र्यः-र्यः-र्यः) To be forgotten. ३. वि before स्तर to remember,  
 विस्तरण m. (-नः) 1. Deceit, illusion. 2. A magical or enchanted city, one that appears and disappears unexpectedly, or in unexpected situations, a city of the Gand'harbas. 3. Ka'ma or Cupid. 4. Astonishing, surprising, causing wonder or surprise. ३. वि, स्तर to smile, causal form, aff. स्तृ । [smile, aff. क् ।  
 विस्तरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Astonished, surprised. 2. Proud. ३. वि, स्तर to  
 विस्तर mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Forgotten. ३. वि privative, स्तर remembered.

विस्मृति f. (-तिः) Forgetting, forgetfulness. ३. वि priv., स्मृति recollect.  
 विस्मृत mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Astonished, surprised. ३. वि, स्मृ to smile, र aff.  
 विस्तर m. (-रः) Flowing, trickling. ३. वि before, स्तर to flow, च् aff.  
 विस्तर n. (-सः) A smell like that of raw meat. ३. विस्तर to send, aff. रक् ।  
 विस्तर mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) 1. Relaxation, laxness. 2. Debility, decay. ३. वि, स्तर to fall, च् and टाप् affs., or च् aff.  
 विस्तरण n. (-नः) 1. Loosening, unfastening, untying. 2. Falling. 3. Flowing, dropping. 4. A laxative, an aperient. ३. वि separate, स्तर to fall, स्तृ aff. [नस्ति smelling.  
 विस्तरण m. (-रः) Yellow orpiment. ३. विस्तर the smell of raw meat, and  
 विस्तरता f. (-ता) Rawness of smell. ३. तन् added to विस्तर as above.  
 विस्तर mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) 1. Trusted, confided in. 2. Placid, tamed, humble. 3. Steady, diligent. ३. वि before स्तर to trust, aff. क् ।  
 विस्तर m. (-रः) 1. Trust, confidence. 2. Affection, regard, affectionate solicitation. 3. Acquaintance. 4. Killing. ३. वि, स्तर to trust, aff. च् ।  
 विस्तरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Trusting. ३. वि, स्तर to trust, aff. च् ।  
 विस्तर f. (-सः) Deceit, the infirmity of old age. ३. वि before स्तर to fall, affs. च् and टाप् and the radical nasal dropped. [aff.  
 विस्तर mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) Loosened, detached, fallen. ३. वि, स्तर to fall, क्  
 विस्तर m. (-रः) 1. Flowing, dropping. 2. The water of boiled-rice.  
 विस्तरण n. (-नः) 1. Causing to flow. 2. Bleeding. 3. Distilling. 4. A spirit distilled from molasses. ३. वि, स्तर to drop, causal v., स्तृ aff.  
 विस्तरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Blod. 2. Caused to flow. ३. वि, स्तर to flow, causal v., क् aff.  
 विस्तर mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) 1. To be bled, requiring bleeding. 2. To be made to flow. ३. वि, स्तर to ooze, causal v., यत् aff ; also विस्तरितव्य and विस्तरणीय ।  
 विस्तर mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Spread, stretched. 2. Dropped, flowing. ३. वि apart, स्तर to go, क् aff. [sound.  
 विस्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Discordant, unharmonious. ३. वि deprec, स्तर  
 विस्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Insipid, flavourless. ३. वि priv., स्तर flavour.  
 विस्तर m. (-नः) 1. A bird. 2. A cloud. 3. An arrow. 4. The sun. 5. The moon. 6. A planet. ३. विस्तर for विस्तरण, in the sky, and ग who goes.  
 विस्तर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Going swiftly, flying. m. (-रः) 1. A bird. 2. A cloud. 3. An arrow. 4. The moon. 5. The sun. ३. विस्तर for विस्तरण, in the air, and ग who goes : see the next.  
 विस्तरण m. (-नः) A bird. f. (-ता) A pole or yoke for carrying burdens. ३. विस्तर for विस्तरण, in the air, ग् to go, aff. च्, whence the nasal is inserted ; also with the final rejected, विस्तरण &c.  
 विस्तरण m. (-नः) GARUDA, the bird and vehicle of VISHNU.  
 विस्तरण f. (-ता) A sort of pole or yoke for carrying burdens. ३. विस्तर a bird, and क् aff., fem. form.  
 विस्तर mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Opposed, impeded, resisted. 2. Hurt, killed. m. (-तः) A Band'ha or Jaina temple. ३. वि, स्तर to hurt or kill, aff. क् ।  
 विस्तर f. (-तिः) Striking, killing. m. (-तिः) A friend or companion. ३. वि स्तर to strike, क् aff.  
 विस्तरण n. (-नः) 1. Opposition, obstruction, impediment. 2. Injury, hurting. 3. Killing. 4. A bow for cleaning cotton. ३. वि before स्तर to kill or hurt, aff. स्तृ । [aff. च् ।  
 विस्तर m. (-रः) Separation, disunion, absence. ३. वि before स्तर to convey,  
 विस्तरण n. (-नः) 1. Taking, taking off or away. 2. Going about for pleasure or exercise. ३. वि, स्तर to take, स्तृ aff.  
 विस्तरणीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be taken away. 2. To be rambed or sported. ३. वि before स्तर to take, णीय aff.  
 विस्तर m. (-रः) 1. A robber. 2. A roamer.  
 विस्तरण n. (-नः) Laughing gently, smiling. ३. वि, स्तर to laugh, स्तृ aff.  
 विस्तरित n. (-तः) A gentle laugh, a smile. ३. वि, स्तर to laugh, aff. क् ।  
 विस्तर mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) 1. Confounded, perplexed, bewildered. 2. Wise, learned. ३. वि without, स्तर a hand ; helpless, &c. [aff. च् ।  
 विस्तर Ind. Aptote noun. Heaven, paradise. ३. वि, स्तर to abandon, Una'di  
 विस्तरित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Given. 2. Extorted. n. (-नः) Gift, donation.

३. वि before ह्वा to abandon, causal form, aff. क्त ; giving being considered as the abandonment of the thing given.

विहाय Ind. Having left or abandoned. ३. वि before ह्वा to quit, व्यप् aff. विहायत् n. (-त्) Gift, donation.

विहायस् mn. (-यः-यः) The sky or atmosphere. m. (-यः) A bird. ३. वि before ह्वा to go, causal form, aff. चक्ष् । [added to the last.

विहायस् mn. (-यः-यः) Heaven, sky, atmosphere. m. (-यः) A bird. ३. चक्ष् विहायसा Ind. Heaven, sky, atmosphere. ३. The third case of विहायस् used as an aptote noun.

विहार m. (-रः) 1. Walking for pleasure or amusement. 2. Wandering, roaming, going about. 3. A Baud'dha or Jaina convent. 4. A temple. 5. Taking away, removing. 6. Play, sport, pastime. 7. A pleasure-ground. 8. A palace. 9. The shoulder. 10. A sort of bird. ३. वि before ह्वा to take, aff. चक्ष् ; also वीहार ।

विहारिन् mfn. (-री-रिची-रि) Taking pleasure or relaxation. ३. विहार sport, &c., इति aff.

विहास m. (-सः) A gentle laugh or smile. ३. वि and हास laugh.

विहित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) 1. Placed, deposited. 2. Improper, unsuitable, unfit. 3. Done, acted, made. 4. Appointed, fixed. 5. Constructed, framed. 6. Distributed, apportioned. 7. Furnished with. 8. Proper to be done. n. (-तं) A command. ३. वि, धा to have, aff. क्त ; or वि priv., हित applicable. [have, क्तवत् aff.

विहित् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Doing, performing, making. ३. वि, धा to विहितगम् mfn. (-गाः-गाः-गः) Faulty, offending, wicked. ३. विहित done, चागस् sin. [चक्ष्णि salute.

विहिताक्षि mfn. (-क्षिः वि-क्षि) Making a respectful obeisance. ३. विहित, विहिति f. (-तिः) 1. Action, performance. 2. Arrangement.

विहितम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Done according to rule. ३. वि, धा to have, क्त aff., मप् augment.

विहीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Abandoned, left, deserted. 2. Deprived of. 3. Low, inferior. ३. वि before ह्वा to abandon, aff. क्त ।

विह्वत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sported, played. 2. Expanded. n. (-तं) One of the ten feminine acts or properties indicating love, hesitation, reluctance, (in a female,) to avow her feelings to her lover. ३. वि before ह्वा to take, aff. क्त ।

विह्वति f. (-तिः) 1. Opening, expansion. 2. Sport, pastime. 3. Taking away. ३. वि apart, ह्वा to convey, aff. क्त । [take, व्यप् aff.

विह्वल Ind. 1. Having sported. 2. Having or being spread. ३. वि, ह्वा to विह्वत् m. (-तः) Hurting, injury. ३. वि before ह्वा to annoy, aff. चक्ष् ।

विह्वलक m. (-कः) An injurer, a reviler, one who inflicts pain or injury on another. ३. वि, ह्वा to annoy, aff. चक्ष् ।

विह्वलन n. (-नं) 1. Injury, hurting, wounding, killing. 2. Rubbing, grinding. 3. Afflicting distressing. 4. Pain, sorrow, affliction. ३. वि before ह्वा to annoy or hurt, aff. चक्ष् ।

विह्वल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Agitated, alarmed, overcome with fear or agitation, beside one's self, unable to restrain one's self. 2. Distressed, afflicted. 3. Fused, liquid. 4. Desponding. ३. वि before ह्वा to shake, aff., चक्ष् । [विह्वल ]

विह्वलता f. (-ता) Agitation, anxiety. ३. विह्वल and तल aff.; also with ल, बी r. 2nd cl. (वेति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To pervade. 3. To conceive, to be impregnated. 4. To desire. 5. To throw or send. 6. To eat. 7. To be beautiful. With चक्ष् prefixed, To invest, to inclose, to cover or wrap round or over.

बी m. (-नीः) 1. Going, moving. 2. Covering. ३. बी to go, aff. क्तिप् ।

बीज m. (-जः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A bird. 3. The mind. ३. चक्ष् to go, वि substituted for the root, चक्ष् Una'di aff., the vowel made long.

बी(वि)काय m. (-यः) 1. Solitude, privacy. 2. Display, manifestation. ३. वि, काय to shine, aff. चक्ष् ; the vowel of the prefix made long.

बीज mf. (-जः-जा) Sight, seeing. n. (-जं) 1. Surprise, astonishment. 2. A visible object. ३. वि before ईच् to see, aff. क्त ।

बीजच mf. (-जः-जा) Sight, seeing. ३. वि before ईच् to see, aff. क्त ।

बीजवीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Visible, perceptible. ३. वि, ईच् to see, चबीच् aff. बीजनाच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Seeing, looking at. ३. वि, ईच् to see, चाच aff. [turbid.

बीजपद् mfn. (-पद्-पा-पं) Astonished, surprised. ३. बीज sight, चाच dis- बीजित mfn. (-तः ता-तं) Seen, beheld. n. (-तं) A look, a glance. ३. वि, ईच् to see, aff. क्त ।

बीज्य mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्यं) 1. Visible, perceptible. 2. Astonishing, wonderful. Ind. Having seen. n. (-ज्यः) 1. Wonder, surprise. 2. A visible object. m. (-ज्यः) 1. A dancer, an actor. 2. A horse. ३. वि before ईच् to see, aff. यत् or व्यप् ।

बीजा f. (-जा) 1. Going, moving, locomotion, progress, proceeding. 2. Dancing. 3. A particular mode of moving. 4. Cowah, (Carpogon pruriens.) 5. One of a horse's paces. ३. वि, रक्षि to go, aff. चक्ष् ।

बीजयन n. (-यः) Research, enquiry. ३. वि before वि to collect, चक्ष् aff., and the vowel of the prefix made long.

बीजि mf. (-जिः-जिः or जी) 1. A wave. 2. A small or rippling wave. 3. Pleasure, delight, happiness. 4. Leisure, interval, rest. 5. A ray of light. 6. Small, little. 7. Thoughtlessness. ३. वेच् to weave, Unádi aff. ईजि, and the radical vowel rejected. [रति ।

बीजिनाजिन् m. (-जी) The ocean. ३. बीजि a wave, माळा a necklace, aff. बीज r. 10th cl. (बीजयति-ते) To fan, to cool by fanning.

बीज n. (-जं) 1. Seed, (of plants, &c.) 2. Cause, origin in general. 3. Semen virile. 4. Receptacle, place of deposit or preparation. 5. Truth, divine truth, as the seed or cause of being. 6. Marrow. 7. Algebra, analysis. 8. The mystical letter or syllable which forms the essential part of the Mantra of any deity. 9. The origin of the business of a drama. ३. वि variously, जन् be born or produced, (from it,) aff. ज, and the vowel made long ; or जच् to cover, aff. क्तिप्, बी covering, जन् to be born, aff. ज ; or वि implying possession, ई LAKSHMI' or prosperity, जन् to be produced, (by it,) with the same affix : there are other derivations.

बीजक m. (-कः) The common citron, (Citrus medica.) n. (-कं) Seed. ३. बीज seed, and कन् aff.

बीजकोश m. (-शः) 1. The seed-vessel of the lotus. 2. Any seed-vessel. f. (-शी) A Pod, a legume. ३. बीज seed, and कोश or कोच receptacle ; whence also बीजकोच m. (-चः) बीजकोची f. (-ची) &c.

बीजकश्चिद n. (-तं) Algebra. ३. बीज, and चिद calculation.

बीजगुणि f. (-गुणिः) A legume, a pod. ३. बीज seed, गुणि concealment.

बीजतस् Ind. From or according to the seed. ३. बीज, and तस् aff.

बीजत n. (-नं) 1. A fan. 2. Fanning. 3. Thing, substance. m. (-नः) 1. A sort of pheasant. 2. The ruddy goose. ३. बीज, चक्ष् aff.

बीजपुष्प n. (-पुष्पः) 1. Common citron. 2. A thorny plant, (Vangueria spinosa.) ३. बीज a seed, and पुष्प a flower.

बीजपुष्पिका f. (-का) A sort of grain, (Andropogon or Holcus sorghum) ३. बीज a seed, पुष्प a flower, चक्ष् aff., fem. form.

बीजपूर m. (-रः) Common citron or a variety, (Citrus medica.) ३. बीज a seed, and पूर what is full of.

बीजपूर्य m. (-र्यः) Common citron, or according to some authorities, a large kind of lime. ३. बीज seed, and पूर्य filled.

बीजप्रद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Sowing seed, &c. m. (-दः) Generating, or a generator. ३. बीज, and प्रद what gives.

बीजप्रदीप m. (-पः) Growing from seed, ३. बीज, and प्रदीप growing.

बीजमादका f. (-का) The pericarp or seed-vessel of the lotus. ३. बीज seed, and मादका parent.

बीजवृक्ष mfn. (-वृक्षः-वृक्षा-वृक्षं) Growing from seed. m. (-वृक्षः) Grain, corn. ३. बीज seed, and वृक्ष what grows.

बीजवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Who or what has seed. ३. बीज, and वत् aff.

बीजवर m. (-रः) Kidney-bean, (Phaseolus radiatus.) ३. बीज seed, and र what screens,

बीजम् f. (-यः) The earth. ३ बीज seed, and ४ parent.  
 बीजा Ind By or with seed, sowing with seed. ३ बीज, and बीज aff.  
 बीजाकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Ploughed or harrowed after sowing, (a field, &c.) ३ बीज a seed, and कृत made, with बीज added to the first.  
 बीजित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Sown with, having for seed. 2. Fanned, cooled by the wind proceeding from a fan. ३ बीज, वतच् aff.; or बीज् to fan, व aff.  
 बीजन् mfn. (-जो-जिनी-जि) Having seed, origin, &c. m. (-जो) A father, a progenitor. ३ बीज semen, and रजि aff.  
 बीजोत्कृष्ट n. (-ष्ट) Good seed. ३ बीज, and उत्कृष्ट excellent.  
 बीजोदक n. (-क) Hail. ३ बीज origin or original, उदक water.  
 बीज्य mfn. (-ज्यः-ज्या-ज्य) 1. Sprung from a respectable family. 2. Sprung from seed. ३ बीज seed or origin, and यन् aff.  
 बीज्यमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Fanned. ३ बीज् to fan, pass. v., मानच् aff.  
 बीटा f. (ट) A small piece of wood struck with a stick in kind of game played by boys.  
 बीटिका f. (-का) 1. The betel-plant, (Piper betel.) 2. The preparation of the Areca nut with spices and chunam, and enveloped in the leaf of the Piper betel, Betel, Pāun. 3. A tie, a fastening. ३ बि, रट् to go, aff. कृन्, fem. form; also with रट् or कृप् aff. बीटि or बीटी।  
 बीचा f. (-चा) 1. The Vī'nā, or Indian lute, a fretted instrument of the guitar kind, usually having seven wires or strings, and a large gourd at each end of the finger board; the extent of the instrument is two octaves: it is supposed to be the invention of Nā'rada, the son of BRAHMA', and has many varieties, enumerated according to the number of strings, &c. 2. Lightning. ३ बी to go, &c., Una'di aff. न, form irr.; or चञ्चल् बीभावः इषो-चलम्।  
 बीषादम् n. (-दः) The neck of a Vīna. ३ बीषा a lute, दम् a stick.  
 बीषादुदम् m. (-दः) The tie of a lute or lower part of the tail piece, where the wires are fixed. ३ बीषा the lute, चञ्चल्य appendage, tie.  
 बीषाद m. (-दः) A player on the Vī'nā, a lutanist. ३ बीषा a lute, and द who causes to speak or sound; also with कृन् added, बीषादक।  
 बीषास्य m. (-स्य) Nā'rada, the son of BRAHMA', and inventor of the Vī'nā or lute. ३ बीषा, and चास्य the countenance.  
 बीत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Gone, departed. 2. Exempt or freed from. 3. Loosed, let go, unbound. 4. Tranquil, quiet, tame. 5. Excepted. 6. Approved, liked, accepted. 7. Unfit for war. m. (-तः) 1. A horse or elephant, untrained to or unfit for war. 2. Goading an elephant. ३ बी to go, aff. कृ।  
 बीतम् n. (-तः) 1. A cage, a chain or net, &c. for confining birds or beasts. 2. An enclosure for tranquillising or taming them, an aviary, a menagerie. 3. A place for keeping game, a preserve. ३ बि before तसि to adorn, aff. चञ्; the vowel of the prefix made long.  
 बीतकृष्ण mfn. (-तः-का-कृ) Free from sin or soil. ३ बीत, and कृष्ण sin.  
 बीतकाम mfn. (-तः-मा-कृ) Free from desire. ३ बीत, काम desire.  
 बीतदम् mfn. (-तः-दा-कृ) Humble, lowly. ३ बीत gone, दम् pride, &c.  
 बीतन m. DU. (-नी) The sides of cartilages of the larynx. ३ बि + तन्-चच्-इषो-दोष।  
 बीतभय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Fearless, undaunted. ३ बीत and भय fear.  
 बीतराम mfn. (-तः-रा-य) 1. Exempt from passions or affections. 2. Bleached, colourless. m. (-तः) 1. Any sage with subdued passions. 2. A Baud'dha deified sage. ३ बीत gone, and राम passions, desire.  
 बीतविह्वल mfn. (-तः-वि-ह्व) Peaceable, without hostile intentions. ३ बीत, विह्व opposed, and ह्वि fear.  
 बीतम् mfn. (-तः-दा-कृ) Fearless. ३ बीत, and दम् fear.  
 बीतमोक mfn. (-तः-का-कृ) Free from care or sorrow. m. (-तः) The As'o'ka tree, (Jonesia As'o'ka.) ३ बीत gone, and मोक sorrow.  
 बीतवत् mfn. (-तः-दा-कृ) Free from desire. ३ बीत, and वत् desire.  
 बीति f. (-तिः) 1. Going, moving, motion. 2. Eating. 3. Engendering,

producing. 4. Cleaning, cleansing. 5. Light, lustre. 6. Enjoyment. m. (-तिः) A horse. ३ बी to go, कृन् or कृप् aff.  
 बीतिहोव m. (-वः) 1. Agni. 2. The sun. ३ बीति a horse, होव clarified butter, the usual offering or oblation with fire; also बीतिहोव।  
 बीतोत्तर mfn. (-तः-रा-र) Unable or disinclined to reply, having no answer. ३ बीत, and उत्तर answer.  
 बीथि f. (-थिः or थो) 1. A road. 2. A row, a line. 3. A terrace in front of a house. 4. A stall, a shop. 5. A sort of drama, in one act, and by one or by two performers, the dramatic narration of an amatory story or intrigue. ३ बिथ् to ask or beg, aff. रन्, and the vowel made long; also कृप् optionally added, with कृन् aff., fem. form, बीथिका।  
 बीथ्य n. (-थ्य) Dialogue, &c., suited to, and constituting the dramatic entertainment called Vithi, though employed in other kinds, as quibble, equivoque, jest, abuse, and the like. ३ बीथि, चच् a part.  
 बीथ mfn. (-थः-था-थ) Clean, clear, pure. n. (-थः) 1. The sky. 2. Wind. 3. Fire. ३ बि, रन् to shine, Una'di aff. रक्, the first consonant rejected.  
 बीनाम् m. (-यः) The top or cover of a well. ३ बि before नम् to bind, aff. चच्; also दिनाम्।  
 बीपा f. (-पा) Lightning.  
 बीषा f. (-षा) 1. Several or successive order, the arrangement of things or properties each by each, or in succession. as हचं हचं बिचति, he waters tree after tree. 2. Pervasion. ३ बि before च् to go, or get, desiderative form, चच् aff.  
 बीषुकीय m. (-यः) A Chowri.  
 बीभ- (च) बीभ r. 1st. cl. (बीभते) To boast; also read बीभ q. v.  
 बीर r. 10th cl. (बीरयति-ते) To be powerful or valiant, to make heroic or irresistible effort.  
 बीर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Excellent, eminent, (used chiefly in composition.) 2. Heroic. 3. Powerful, mighty. 4. Strong, robust. m. (-रः) 1. A hero, a warrior, a champion. 2. Heroism, the heroic Rasa or feeling, as an object of poetical description especially; It is fourfold; viz. :—दानवीर, धनवीर, दयावीर and युद्धवीर। 3. The last Jina or Jaina pontiff of the present era. 4. An actor, a mime. 5. A flower, (Nerum odorum.) 6. Fire. 7. Sacrificial fire. 8. An epithet of VISHN'U. 9. A son. 10. A husband. f. (-रा) 1. A matron, a wife and mother. 2. A sort of perfume, commonly Mura'. 3. A medicinal root, commonly Kshira-kā'kōli'. 4. A plant, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) 5. A drug (Eababaka.) 6. Plantain tree. 7. A sort of Aesclepias, (A. rosea.) 8. Opposite-leaved fig tree. 9. A sort of Convolvulus, (C. paniculatus, the white and dark kind.) 10. A small tree, (Gmelina arborea.) 11. Spirituous liquor or a particular kind of it. 12. The aloe. 13. A plant, commonly Atis. n. (-रः) 1. A reed, (Arundo tibialis.) 2. The root of the ginger plant. 3. Pepper. 4. Rice gruel. 5. The root of the Costus speciosus. 6. The root of the Andropogon muricatum. ३ बीर to go, and बी substituted for the root, रक् Una'di aff; or बीर to be powerful, aff. चच्।  
 बीरकौट m. (-टः) A contemptible warrior.  
 बीरजयनिका f. (-का) 1. A war-dance, a dance performed by soldiers after a victory or on going to battle. 2. War, battle. ३ बीर a hero, कृन् to conquer, कृप् aff., fem. form, and कृन् added.  
 बीरव n. (-वः) A fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) f. (-वो) 1. A side glance. 2. A deep place. ३ बि a bird, रट् to go, कृट् aff.  
 बीरतर n. (-रः) 1. A fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.) m. (-रः) 1. An arrow. 2. A great hero. ३ बीर powerful, तरप् aff.  
 बीरतम् m. (-तः) 1. A large tree, (Pentaptera Arjuna, Rox.) 2. A shrub, (Barleria longifolia, Rox.) ३ बीर a hero, and तम् the tree.  
 बीरता f. (-ता) Heroism. ३ तम् added to बीर; also with त् aff. बीरतम्।  
 बीरधन्व m. (-न्वा) Kā'ma or Cupid. ३ बीर a hero, and धन्व a bow.  
 बीरधर m. (-रः) 1. A peacock. 2. Fighting with wild beasts. 3. A lea-

ther cuirass or jacket. 4. The name of a river. **वीर** a hero, **उ** to hold, **ख** aff.

**वीरपत्नी** f. (-नी) The wife of a hero. **वीर** a hero, and **पत्नी** the wife.

**वीरपाण** n. (-ण) The drink of warriors, taken during the battle for refreshment, or before it, to elevate courage. **वीर** a hero, and **पाण** drink; the **न** is optionally changed, whence it also occurs **वीरपान**.

**वीरभद्र** m. (-द्रः) 1. A horse fit for the As'wame'd'ha sacrifice. 2. A distinguished hero. 3. A fragrant grass, "वीरघ." 4. One of S'iva's attendants. 5. One of the Rū'dras. **वीर** a hero, **भद्र** auspicious.

**वीरभद्रक** n. (-कं) A fragrant grass, (Andropogon muricatum.)

**वीरभात्या** f. (-व्यः) The wife of a hero. **वीर** a hero, and **भात्या** a wife.

**वीरमातृ** f. (-मातृ) The mother of a hero. **वीर** and **मातृ** mother.

**वीरमुद्रिका** f. (-का) An ornament or ring worn on the middle toe. **वीर** a hero, **मुद्रा** a seal, **क** aff.

**वीररेणु** m. (-णुः) A name of BHIMASE'NA. **वीर** a hero, and **रेणु** dust.

**वीरवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having a champion or hero. f. (-वती) A woman whose husband and sons are living. **वीर**, **वत्** poss. aff.

**वीरवत्सा** f. (-वत्सा) The mother of a hero. **वीर**, **वत्सा** a child, (of whom.)

**वीरविष्णवक** m. (-कः) A Bra'hmana who performs his oblations with money, procured from the lower or Su'dra tribe. **वीर** sacrificial fire, **वि** before **वृ**, to go, **वृ** aff.

**वीरवृक्ष** m. (-वृक्षः) 1. The marking-nut plant. (Semicarpus anacardium.) 2. A large tree, (Pentaptera Arjuna.) 3. A sort of grain, (Andropogon or Holcus sorghum.) **वीर** strong, **वृक्ष** a tree.

**वीरम्** f. (-म्) 1. The mother of a hero. 2. The mother of a male child. **वीर** a hero, and **म्** mother.

**वीरसेन** m. (-नः) The father of NALA Ra'ja'. **वीर** a hero, **सेना** a host.

**वीरसेनज** m. (-जः) NALA, a prince and hero of several celebrated poems as the Naushadha, Nalodaya, &c. **वीरसेन**, and **ज** born.

**वीरसेन** n. (-नः) Garlic.

**वीरस्कन्ध** m. (-न्धः) A buffalo. **वीर** powerful, **स्कन्ध** the shoulder.

**वीरहन्** m. (-हन्) A Bra'hman, who has suffered the sacred domestic fire to become extinct, either from carelessness, impiety, or absence. **वीर** sacrificial fire, and **हन्** who destroys.

**वीराशंसन** n. (-नः) 1. The post of danger, the place in battle which is most perilous and exposed. 2. Keeping watch. 3. A forlorn hope. **वीर** a hero, **आङ्** before **शंसि** to wish, aff. **ल्युट्**.

**वीरासन** n. (-नः) 1. Sleeping out in the open air, a bivouac. 2. A field of battle. 3. A kneeling posture. **वीर** and **आसन** sitting.

**वीरध** f. (-धृद् or धृत्) 1. A creeper or spreading creeper. 2. A branch and shoot. 3. A plant which grows after cutting. 4. A bower. **वीर** before **धृ** to impede, aff. **क्रिप्**, and the vowel of the prefix made long; also **टप्** being added, **वीरधा** f. (-धा).

**वीरधर** m. (-रः) 1. VĪRABHADRA, one of S'iva's attendants. 2. A great hero. **वीर** a hero, and **धर** lord or chief.

**वीरोक्ष** m. (-क्षः) A Bra'hman, who omits burnt offerings or neglects his sacrificial fire. **वीर** fire, **उज्झ** to abandon, aff. **अण्**.

**वीरोपजोविक्** m. (-क्) A Bra'hman, who claims alms or presents, on the merit of having preserved his sacrificial fire. **वीर** sacrificial fire and **उपजोविक्** living by.

**वीर्य** n. (-र्यः) 1. Strength, vigour, power. 2. Dignity, consequence. 3. Fortitude, firmness. 4. Semen virile. 5. Splendour, lustre. 6. Heroism, valour. 7. Seed, (of plants, &c.) 8. Efficacy. **वीर** a hero, and **र्य** aff.; or **वीर** to be strong, and **अच्** and **र्य** affs.

**वीर्यवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) 1. Strong, stout, robust. 2. Overcoming, victorious. 3. Efficacious. **वीर्य** strength, **वत्** poss. aff.

**वीर्यविरहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Devoid of prowess or vigour, &c. **वीर्य**, **विरहित** deprived of.

**वीर्यविशिष्ट** mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Possessed of courage, vigour, &c. **वीर्य**, **विशिष्ट** endowed with.

**वीर्यहानि** f. (-निः) 1. Loss of vigour or courage. 2. Impotence. **वीर्य**, **हानि** loss.

**वीर्यहीन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Seedless. 2. Cowardly. **वीर्य**, **हीन** void of.

**वीर्यवदान** n. (-नं) Effecting any thing by prowess. **वीर्य**, **वदान** end.

**वीर्यवधूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Overcome or surpassed in prowess. **वीर्य**, and **वधूत** shaken.

**वीरध** m. (-धः) 1. A yoke for carrying burdens. 2. A burden. 3. Storing or heaping corn. 4. A pitcher. 5. A road; see **विरध**.

**वीरधिक** mf. (-कः-की) 1. A chandler. 2. A man or woman carrying a load by means of a pole. **वीरध**, **ठन्** aff., the first vowel unchanged.

**वी(वि)हार** m. (-रः) A holy place, a temple, a sanctuary, but especially a Jaina or Baud'dha convent. **वी**, **ह** to convey, aff. **अण्**.

**वृक्ष** (र) **वृक्षि** r. 1st cl. (**वृक्षति**) To except, to leave, to abandon.

**वृष्ट** r. 10th cl. (**वृष्टयति-ते**) To hurt, to kill.

**वृध्** (र) **वृधि** r. 10th cl. (**वृधयति-ते**) To injure, to hurt, to kill.

**वृधु** Adj. Desirous of choosing.

**वृस्** r. 4th cl. (**वृस्यति**) To throw or cast off; also **वृस्**.

**वृष** f. (-षः) Adj. Chosen, selected.

**वृष्** r. 10th cl. (**वृषयति-ते**) To kill, to hurt or injure.

**वृ** (ङ) **वृड्** r. 9th cl. (**वृषति**, **वृषीते**) To serve, to do homage or worship, to conciliate by service or adoration. (**वृ** **वृज्** r. 1st cl. (**वृजति-ते**) r.

5th cl. (**वृषीति** **वृषते**) r. 10th cl. (**वृषयति-ते**) 1. To choose, to select, to prepare. 2. To appoint, to invite. 3. To screen, to invest, to cover. With **अप** prefixed, To convey, to screen, to shield or defend. With **आङ्**, To inclose, to cover, to surround. With **नि** or **निर्**, To cease, to refrain from, to finish or end. With **परि**, To surround. 2. To depend upon. With **इद्**, To become evident or apparent, to open or appear. With **सम्**, To conceal. With **सम्** and **आङ्**, To wrap up, to involve.

**वृहण** mfn. (-णः-णा or णी-णं) Nourishing, fattening, nutritious. m. (-णः) A kind of sweetmeat made of sugar, milk, spices, &c., fried in Ghee, and powdered with coarse sugar or treacle. **वृह** to increase, and **खट्** or **खृ** aff. [**वृह** to grow, **वृहो** aff.]

**वृहणोय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be nourished, what ought to or may be.

**वृहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Grown, increased. 2. Cherished, nourished. n. (-तः) The roar of elephants. **वृहित** to grow or increase, aff. **क**.

**वृक्** r. 1st cl. (**वृकते**) To take or accept, to seize.

**वृक** m. (-कः) 1. A wolf. 2. A crow. 3. The Vaka-pushpa tree, (Ses bana grandiflora.) 4. A jackal. 5. A hyena. 6. A rat, a mouse.

7. A Kshetriya. 8. Name of a demon. 9. Name of a fire in the stomach. 10. Turpentine. 11. Compound perfume. f. (-का) A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) **वृक्** to take, aff. **क**; or **वृ** to hole or screen, **Una'di** aff. **क**.

**वृकदंश** m. (-शः) A dog. **वृक** a wolf, and **दंश** who bites.

**वृकधूप** m. (-धूपः) 1. Compound perfume. 2. Turpentine. **वृक** the same meanings, and **धूप** incense.

**वृकाराति** m. (-तिः) A dog. **वृक** a wolf, and **आराति** an enemy.

**वृकारि** m. (-रिः) A dog. **वृक** a wolf, and **आरि** an enemy.

**वृकोदर** m. (-रः) 1. A name of BRAHMA'. 2. Name of BŪ'IMA. **वृक** a wolf, or the name of a fire in the stomach, and **उदर** the belly.

**वृक्** mf. (ङ) **वृका** 1. The heart. 2. A kidney, (In this sense in the dual.)

**वृक्थ** mfn. (ङ) **वृक्थ** Cut, divided, broken. **वृक्थ** to cut, aff. **क**. form irr.; also read **वृक्थ**.

**वृक्थवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Cutting, severing. **वृक्थ** to cut, **वत्** aff.

**वृक्थ** f. (-क्थः) Cleaned, clear.

**वृक्थ** r. 1st cl. (**वृक्थते**) 1. To appoint. 2. To cover. 3. To take or accept.

**वृक्थ** m. (-थः) A tree in general. **वृक्थ** to cover, (to shade,) aff. **अण्**; or **वृक्थ** to cut and **क्थ** **Una'di** aff.

**वृक्थक** m. (-कः) 1. A small tree, (Wrightea antidysenterica.) 2. Any tree. **वृक्थ** added to the last.



वृक्षः (टः) A wild cock. ३. वृक्ष and वृक्षट a cock.  
 वृक्षम n. (ख) A grove. ३. वृक्ष and वृक्ष a part.  
 वृक्षर mfn. (रः-रा-र) Going or living in trees. m. (रः) A monkey. ३.  
 वृक्ष a tree or any other synonyme, and वृक्ष who goes.  
 वृक्षश्या f. (यः) The shade of a single tree. n. (यः) The shade of many  
 trees or a grove. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and वृक्षश्या shade; in the second  
 sense, it takes the neuter gender.  
 वृक्षतल n. (ल) The foot of a tree or ground about it. ३. वृक्ष, तल below.  
 वृक्षधूप m. (धु) Turpentine. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and धूप incense.  
 वृक्षनाभ m. (भ) The Indian-fig tree. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and नाभ lord.  
 वृक्षनिर्वाह m. (वः) Gum, resin ३. वृक्ष and निर्वाह exudation.  
 वृक्षनिवास m. (वः) Dwelling or living in a tree. ३. वृक्ष, निवास abode.  
 वृक्षपाक m. (कः) The Indian-fig tree. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and पाक what  
 ripens or perfects.  
 वृक्षभवन n. (नः) A hollow in a tree. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and भवन dwelling.  
 वृक्षभिद् f. (भिद् or भिन्) An axe. ३. वृक्ष a tree, भिद् breaking, cutting.  
 वृक्षभेदिन् m. (दी) 1. A carpenter's chisel. 2. A hatchet. ३. वृक्ष a tree,  
 and भेदिन् what breaks.  
 वृक्षमय mfn. (यः-यो-य) Abounding with trees. ३. वृक्ष and मयट aff.  
 वृक्षमर्कटिका f. (कर) A squirrel. ३. वृक्ष a tree, मर्कट a monkey, कन् aff.  
 of comparison. [a tree, मर्कट earth, भू born.  
 वृक्षमृदुम m. (दु) A sort of cane or reed, (Calamus fascicularis.) ३. वृक्ष  
 वृक्षरुह mfn. (रुहः-रुह) A parasite plant, (Cymbidium tessalloides, &c.) ३.  
 वृक्ष. and रुह growing, having its roots attached to the trunk or  
 branches of another plant or tree. [वृक्षारोपण  
 वृक्षारोपण n. (प) Planting trees. ३. वृक्ष, and रोपण planting; also  
 वृक्षारोपिका f. (का) A garden, a grove, one belonging to the residence of  
 a minister of state, a courtesan, &c. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and रोपिका or  
 रोपि an enclosure; hence also वृक्षरोपि.  
 वृक्षम m. (म) A lizard, a chameleon ३. वृक्ष a tree, मी to sleep, aff. ड.  
 वृक्षमिका f. (का) A squirrel. ३. वृक्ष, मी to sleep, मन् aff.  
 वृक्षमय mfn. (यः-यो-य) What is or stays in or on a tree. ३. वृक्ष, and  
 य who or what stays; also वृक्षमयिन्, वृक्षस्थित; &c.  
 वृक्षमय n. (य) The top of a tree. ३. वृक्ष, and मय top.  
 वृक्षमि m. (मि) The root of a tree. ३. वृक्ष, and मि foot.  
 वृक्षटन m. (नः) 1. A carpenter's chisel or adze. 2. A hatchet, a  
 chopper. 3. The Indian-fig tree. 4. The Piyál tree, (Buchanania  
 latifolia.) f. (नी) 1. A parasite plant, (Epidendrum.) 2. A shrub,  
 (Hedysarum gangeticum) ३. वृक्ष a tree, चटन eating or food.  
 वृक्षदिहक n. (क) Embracing. ३. वृक्षदि trees, &c., रुह ascended, and  
 कन् aff. of comparison; entwining as a creeper round a tree, &c.,  
 also derived from रुह with क aff., वृक्षदिहक n. (ट) 1.  
 वृक्षमय m. (म) The hog-plum, (Spondias mangifera.) n. (म) Acid  
 seasoning, or the fruit of the tamarind so used. ३. वृक्ष, मय sour.  
 वृक्षारोपक m. (क) A planter of a tree. ३. वृक्ष, and आरोपक who plants  
 वृक्षारोपण n. (प) Planting trees. ३. वृक्ष, and आरोपण planting.  
 वृक्षालय m. (य) A bird in general. ३. वृक्ष a tree, and आलय abode.  
 वृक्षारास m. (सः) 1. An ascetic, one who lives in the hollows of trees. 2.  
 A bird. ३. वृक्ष a tree, आरास abode. [what rises  
 वृक्षोय mfn. (यः-यो-य) Growing on or borne by a tree ३. वृक्ष, य  
 वृक्षोपल m. (ल) A large handsome tree, commonly Kaniyar or Kar-  
 NIKA'ar, (Pterospermum acerifolium.) ३. वृक्ष a tree, उपल a lotus.  
 वृक्ष (रु) वृक्षी r. 7th cl. (वृक्षि) 1. To cover. 2. To quit, to abandon, to  
 shun or avoid. 3. To choose, to take.  
 वृक्ष (रु) वृक्षी r. 1st cl. (वृक्षि) r. 2nd cl. (वृक्षि) r. 7th cl. (वृक्षि) 1. To  
 choose. 2. To lose, to avoid. 3. To purify. 4. To cover. With अप,  
 To relinquish. r. 10th cl. (वृक्षयति-ते) To quit, to shun, to avoid,  
 to except, to abandon. With आ, To bend, to incline. 2. To offer.  
 With वि, 1. To avoid. 2. To be destitute of.  
 वृक्षमय mfn. (मः-मा-म) Crooked, n. (मः) 1. Sin. 2. Sky, atmosphere. 3. A

field cleared for pasture. m. (मः) Hair. ३. वृक्ष to quit, &c.,  
 Una'di aff. क्त्वा.  
 वृक्षि f. (भिः) A country, probably that to the west of Delhi and  
 A'gra, or the modern Bruj. ३. वृक्ष to quit, aff. कि. t  
 वृक्षिक mfn. (कः-को-क) Of the district of Vrij or Bruj, (as a dialect, a  
 native, &c.) ३. वृक्ष as above, and कन् added.  
 वृक्षिन mfn. (नः-ना-न) 1. Crooked, bent, curved. 2. Wicked. n. (नः) 1.  
 Sin, vice, wickedness. 2. Red leather. 3. Distress, affliction. m.  
 (नः) Hair. ३. वृक्ष to cover, Una'di aff. वृक्षि, the vowel un-  
 changed.  
 वृक्ष r. 6th cl. (वृक्षि) To please, to gratify. (वृक्ष) r. 8th cl. (वृक्षिनि,  
 वृक्षते) To eat, to consume.  
 वृक्षन् mfn. (वृक्षन्-वृक्षन्-वृक्षन्) Choosing, electing, preferring, (especially  
 as a husband or wife.) ३. वृक्ष to choose, वृक्ष aff.  
 वृक्षामय mfn. (वृक्ष-मा-म) Choosing. ३. वृक्ष to choose, वृक्षामय aff.: see the last.  
 वृक्ष (वृक्ष) वृक्षी r. 1st cl. (वृक्षि) To be, to exist, to stay, to stand, to be fixed  
 or stable. r. 4th cl. (वृक्षते) 1. To choose, to select or appoint. 2. To  
 serve. 3. To divide. r. 10th cl. (वृक्षयति-ते) 1. To shine. 2. To speak.  
 With चति prefixed, 1. To surpass or overcome. 2. To pass over or  
 beyond. 3. To transgress. With चन्, 1. To follow, to imitate. 2. To  
 proceed. With अप, To turn back or round. With आ, 1. To turn  
 round, to revolve. 2. To do repeatedly. With नि, To make artifi-  
 cially. With नि or निर, To stop, to cease, to complete or terminate.  
 With परि, 1. To surround. 2. To exchange. 3. To excel, to be pre-  
 eminent. 4. To advance. 5. To retreat or return. 6. To turn round.  
 With प्र, To engage in any active pursuit. With प्रति and नि,  
 To go away, to depart. With वि, 1. To roll, to whirl, to turn  
 round. 2. To revolve. With वि and नि, To return. With वि and परि,  
 To revolve, (in the mind.) With मन् and चमि, To leap.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (वृक्ष-ता-त) 1. Chosen, selected, preferred. 2. Agreed or  
 assented to. 3. Served. 4. Covered, screened, defended. 5. Affected  
 by. 6. Vitiating, spoiled. 7. Hired. ३. वृक्ष to prefer, and क्त्वा aff.  
 वृक्षि f. (भिः) 1. Selecting, choosing, preferring, appointing. 2. Solici-  
 ting, asking, requesting. 3. Surrounding, encompassing. 4. An  
 enclosure, a place enclosed for particular cultivation, and  
 especially that of the Piper betel, which in many parts of India is  
 surrounded and screened by mats. 5. Hiding, secreting. 6. A  
 request. ३. वृक्ष to choose, aff. क्त्वा.  
 वृक्षिदर mfn. (रः-रा-र) Surrounding, encompassing. m. (रः) A plant,  
 (Placouria sapida, Rox.) ३. वृक्षि surrounding, क्त्वा to make, वृक्षि aff.  
 वृक्ष mfn. (वृक्ष-ता-त) 1. Chosen, selected, appointed. 2. Done, perform-  
 ed, engaged in or undertaken. 3. Past, gone, been. 4. Over, finish-  
 ed. 5. Dead, deceased. 6. Read, studied, read through. 7. Covered.  
 8. Round. 9. Firm, hard. 10. Unobstructed, unimpeded. 11. Fa-  
 mous, celebrated. 12. Turned. 13. Been, existed. n. (नः) 1.  
 Verse, metre. 2. Conduct, observance of enjoined practice in  
 private or social life. 3. Practice, profession, means of gaining  
 a subsistence. 4. Procedure, event, occurrence. 5. A circle, m.  
 (नः) A tortoise. ३. वृक्ष to be, &c., aff. क्त्वा.  
 वृक्षकटो f. (टी) The water-melon.  
 वृक्षखण्ड n. (खण्डः) Sector or segment of a circle. ३. वृक्ष, and खण्ड part.  
 वृक्षगणि n. (गणिः) Name given to a particular kind of prose.  
 वृक्षवृद्ध Adj. Whose tonsure has been performed.  
 वृक्षमय mfn. (मः-मा-म) Who or what knows men's actions. ३. वृक्ष, म  
 who knows.  
 वृक्षतम Ind. In or relating to observance or duty, by caste or duty,  
 not implying agency; as वृक्षतः पादं "by or according to caste, a  
 sin." ३. वृक्ष substituted for the termination of the third case.  
 वृक्षपुत्र m. (पुत्रः) 1. The Kadamba tree, (Nuclea cadamba) 2. The  
 Shishia tree. 3. A cane. ३. वृक्ष round, and पुत्र a flower.

**कृष्णफल** n. (-लः) Black pepper. m. (-लः) 1. The pomegranate. 2. The jujube. **कृष्ण** round, and **फल** fruit.

**कृष्णवत्** mfn. (वान्-वती-वत्) Discharging the duties of caste or calling, correct, well-conducted. **कृष्ण** and **वत्** aff.

**कृष्णसम्पन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नः) Well behaved or conducted, behaving with propriety. **कृष्ण** duty, and **सम्पन्न** perfect in. [विभुज् aff.]

**कृष्णस्य** mfn. (दी-दिनी-दि) Worthless, mean, vile. **कृष्ण**, **वद्** to go.

**कृष्णस्य** mfn. (-स्यः-स्या-स्य) Discharging the duties of caste or calling. **कृष्ण** established practice, and **स्य** who stays.

**कृष्णायन** f. (-दिः) Holiness, sanctity, resulting from observance of the rules of life and study of scripture. **कृष्ण** conduct, **अयन** study, and **अहि** prosperity, increase.

**कृष्णानुवर्तिन्** mfn. (-तो-ति-नी-ति) Obedient, conforming to rule. **कृष्ण**, **अनु** according to, **वर्तिन्** abiding.

**कृष्णानुसार** m. (-रः) 1. Conforming to prescribed practice. 2. Conformity to metre. **कृष्ण**, **अनुसार** following.

**कृष्णानुसारिन्** mfn. (-री-रि-नी-रि) Conforming to established rule or practice, doing what is enjoined or proper. **कृष्णानुसार** and **रिन्** aff.

**कृष्णान** m. (-नः) 1. Tidings, rumour, intelligence. 2. Sort, kind, difference. 3. Mode, manner. 4. Whole. 5. Interval, rest, leisure, opportunity. 6. Topic, subject. 7. A tale, a story. 8. Event. 9. Property, nature. 10. Alone, solitary. **कृष्ण** observance, &c., and **अन्** end.

**कृति** f. (-तिः) 1. Livelihood, profession, means of acquiring subsistence. 2. Style or character of dramatic representation, or composition, considered to be of four sorts, viz :- 'Kau'siki', which exhibits love or passion; 'Bha'rati', which appears to imply declamation especially; 'Sa'twati', of which the subject is virtue and heroism, and 'Arbhatti', which treats of magic, delusion, wrath and battle. 3. Style in general. 4. Gloss, comment, explanation, exposition. 5. Being, abiding, staying. 6. Seizing, stopping, withholding, restraining. 7. Circumference of a wheel or circle. 8. State, condition. 9. Behaviour, action, course of action, conduct. 10. Action, engagement, operation. 11. Respectful treatment. 12. Wages, hire. 13. Revolving, turning round. 14. A complex formation, (in gram.) 15. The connotative power of a word; (these are three, viz :—**अभिधा**, **लक्षणा** and **व्यञ्जना**) **कृत्** to be, aff. क्तिन् ।

**कृत्कर्षित** mfn. (-त-ता-तं) Attracted by or impelled to for the sake of subsistence. **कृत्** and **कर्षित** attracted.

**कृत्तिता** f. (-ता) 1. State of existence. 2. Profession, subsistence. **कृत्** and **तल**, aff. ; also with **ल**, **कृत्तिल** ।

**कृत्तिदान** n. (-नः) Giving maintenance, &c. **कृत्** and **दान** giving.

**कृत्तिमत्** mfn. (-मत्-मती-मत्) Abiding, stationary. **कृत्** and **मत्** aff.

**कृत्तिदेव** n. (-त्यः) Want of livelihood. [A lizard.]

**कृत्तिस्थ** Adj. 1. Being in employment. 2. Of good behaviour. m. (-स्यः)

**कृत्तिहेतु** f. (-तुः) Cause or means of subsistence. **कृत्** and **हेतु** cause.

**कृत्तीजस्** mfn. (-जाः-जाः-जः) Mighty, irresistible. **कृत्**, **जीजस्** strength.

**कृत्य** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. To be chosen, preferable, eligible. 2. Excellent, eminent. 3. To be abided or stayed. **कृत्** to select, aff. कृप् ; or **कृज्**, with the same aff. and **तुक्** augment.

**कृत्यार्थ** Ind. For the sake of subsistence **कृत्**, **अर्थ** for the sake of.

**कृत्यनुप्रास** m. (-सः) Alliteration suited to any style or expression. **कृत्** and **अनुप्रास** alliteration.

**कृत्यप्राय** m. (-यः) Means of subsistence. **कृत्** and **प्राय** means.

**कृत्** m. (-वः) 1. An enemy. 2. Darkness. 3. A demon slain by INDRA. 4. A cloud. 5. A name of INDRA. 6. The name of a mountain. 7. Sound, noise. **कृत्** to be or abide, **Ucádi** aff. रक् ।

**कृत्तहि** m. (-हिः) INDRA. **कृत्** the demon, and **हि** the enemy.

**कृत्तमौकज** m. (-नः) A kind of potherb, described by some as a sort of cucumber. **कृत्** INDRA, and **मौकज** food.

**कृत्तवन्** m. (-वः) INDRA. **कृत्** demon, and **वन्** slayer.

**इन्द्रादि** m. (-दिः) INDRA. **इन्द्र** demon, and **अदि** an enemy.

**इन्द्रा** Ind. 1. Uselessly, fruitlessly. 2. Wrongly, incorrectly. 3. In vain, (in composition with nouns.) 4. Compounded with articles of food, it implies they are hot. **इन्द्र** to choose, &c., aff. -याक् ।

**इन्द्राकथा** f. (-था) Idle talk. **इन्द्रा** and **कथा** speech.

**इन्द्राघात** m. (-तः) Striking or killing any being unnecessarily. **इन्द्रा** and **घात** a blow. [अघात roaming.]

**इन्द्राद्या** f. (-द्या) Going about or travelling for pleasure. **इन्द्रा** and **द्यादान** n. (-नः) Unprofitable donation, gift to encomiasts, harlots, wrestlers, money lost at play, &c. **इन्द्रा** vain, and **दान** giving.

**इन्द्रापशु** m. (-शः) The slayer of an animal except for sacrifice. **इन्द्रा** and **पशु** an animal, **श** who kills.

**इन्द्राणां** n. (-सं) Flesh not intended to be offered to the gods or manes.

**इन्द्रालम्भ** m. (-भः) Cutting or plucking unnecessarily. **इन्द्रा** and **लम्भ** to get, aff. लम् । [produced.]

**इन्द्रोत्पन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नः) Born or produced in vain. **इन्द्रा** and **उत्पन्न**

**इन्द्र** mfn. (-इ-इ-इ-इ) 1. Old, aged, ancient. 2. Full-grown, large, expanded to the proper size. 3. Wise, learned. 4. Heaped, accumulated. 5. Increased, augmented. m. (-इः) 1. An old man, or one past seventy. 2. A sage, a saint. 3. A male descendant. f. (-इः) 1. An old woman, either one past child-bearing, or one with grey hair. 2. A female descendant. n. (-इः) Benzoin, (Styrax benzoin) **इन्द्र** to increase or grow, aff. क् । [a crow.]

**इन्द्रकाक** m. (-कः) A sort of crow or raven. **इन्द्र** old or large, and **काक**

**इन्द्र** n. (-लः) Old age. **इन्द्र** old, **ल** aff. of the abstracts; also **इन्द्रा** ।

**इन्द्रदारक** m. (-कः) A climbing plant, (Lettsonia nervosa) **इन्द्र** old, and **दारक** tearing. [नमि the navel.]

**इन्द्रनाभि** mfn. (-भिः-भिः-भिः-भिः) Pot-bellied, corpulent. **इन्द्र** large, **इन्द्रप्रपितामह** m. (-हः) A paternal great grandfather. f. (-ही) A paternal great grandmother. **इन्द्र** old, **प्रपितामह** great-grandfather.

**इन्द्रप्रसातामह** m. (-हः) A maternal great grandfather. f. (-ही) A maternal great grandmother. **इन्द्र** and **प्रसातामह** maternal great-grandfather.

**इन्द्रमाव** m. (-वः) Old age. **इन्द्र** and **माव** quality.

**इन्द्रराज** m. (-जः) A kind of dock or sorrel; see **अश्वदेव** ।

**इन्द्रवाहन** m. (-नः) The mango tree. **इन्द्र** large, **वाहन** vehicle or stem.

**इन्द्रविभीतक** m. (-कः) Hog-plum, (Spondias mangifera.) "आम्रडा." **इन्द्र** old or large, **विभीतक** myrobolan.

**इन्द्रश्रवस्** m. (-वः) INDRA. **इन्द्र** aged, and **श्रवस्** hearing; who listens to the old or wise; or **इन्द्र** large, and **श्रवस्** the ear.

**इन्द्रसंघ** m. (-घः) An assembly of old men, a council or meeting of elders. **इन्द्र** an elder, and **संघ** assemblage. [अहि वन् ।]

**इन्द्रसूतक** n. (-कः) Flocculent seeds flying in the air. **इन्द्र** old, **सूत** thread, **इन्द्रसेवा** f. (-वा) Reverence for old age. **इन्द्र**, and **सेवा** service.

**इन्द्राङ्गुलि** f. (-लिः) The thumb. **इन्द्र** large, and **अङ्गुलि** a finger.

**इन्द्राङ्गुष्ठ** m. (-ष्ठः) 1. The thumb. 2. The great toe.

**इन्द्राचार** m. (-रः) Ancient custom.

**इन्द्रारण्य** m. (-यः) A place where the Purán's, and other sacred works are read and expounded. **इन्द्रा** a Pandit, a scholar, **रण्य** a forest.

**इन्द्रावस्था** f. (-स्था) The condition or period of old age. **इन्द्र** **आस्था** state.

**इन्द्रावन** m. (-नः) Roaming, travelling, wandering about. **इन्द्र**, and **आवन** order or state of life.

**इन्द्रि** f. (-दिः) 1. Increase, augmentation in general, as in bulk, consequence, wealth, &c. 2. The third of the three conditions or objects of regal power, extension of power or revenue, or any indication of progression. 3. Rise, ascending, mounting. 4. Prosperity, success. 5. One of the eight principal drugs or medical roots, described as mild and cooling, sweet and bitter, &c., as a remedy for phlegm, leprosy and worms. 6. The eleventh of the astronomical

Yo'gas, or Yoga star of the 11th lunar mansion. 7. A particular period or division of time. 8. The increase of the digits of the sun or moon. 9. Enlargement of the scrotum, either from swelled testicle or hydrocele or other morbid affections. 10 Interest, usury, especially returning the principal, (as in the case of seed corn lent,) with a proportionate increment. 11. Happiness, pleasure. 12. A heap, a quantity, assemblage, multitude. 13. Wealth, property. 14. Cutting off, abscission. 15. (In law,) Forfeiture, deduction. 16. Profit, gain. 17. The lengthening of a vowel, the substitution of वा, ऐ, औ, चार and चास् for च, इ, उ, ऋ and ए (short or long; in gram.) इ. इस् to increase, aff. चि, or क्तिन् or क्तिष् ।

इतिवर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Yielding or causing increase, &c.

इतिवा f. (-वा) A sort of drug: see इति. इ. कन् added to इति ।

इतिजीविका f. (-का) The profession of usury. इ. इति, जीविका livelihood.

इतिपत्र n. (-त्र) A kind of razor or lancet. इ. इति, and पत्र blade.

इतिवत् mfa. (-मात्-मती कन्) 1. Augmented, increased. 2. Rich. 3. Prosperous. इ. इति, and वत् aff.

इतिवत् n. (-वत्) A S'hra'd'dha or sacrifice to progenitors on any prosperous occasion, as the birth of a son, &c. इ. इति, and वत् ceremony so termed.

इतीच m. (-चः) An old bull. इ. इति old, and चच a bull or ox.

इहाजीव m. (-वः) A usurer. इ. इति usury, and जाजीव who lives.

इष् (उ) इष् r 1st cl. (इष्टे) 1. To increase or grow. 2. The continue, to last. 3. To become joyful, to have cause for congratulation. r. 10th cl. (इष्टयति ते) 1. To shine. 2. To speak.

इष्टान् m. (-न्) A man. इ. इष् to grow, &c. aff. अस्तान् । [अस्तान् aff.]

इष्टान् m. (-न्) 1. A man. 2. A leaf. 3. Act, action. इ. इष् to increase,

इष्ट m. (-म्) Bubo in the groin. [aff. कप् ।

इष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) To be increased or augmented. इ. इष् to grow,

इष्ट n. (-न्) 1. The footstalk of a leaf or fruit. 2. The nipple. 3. The stand of a water-jar. इ. इष् to choose, क् aff., and इष्ट augment.

इष्टाक mf. (-कः-कौ) The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) इ. इष्ट foot-stalk, क् to go, aff. कच् ।

इष्टिता f. (-ता) A medicinal plant, (Wrightea antidysenterica.) इ. इष्ट a stalk, इत् aff.

इष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) All, many. n. (-ष्टः) A heap, a multitude, a quantity, an aggregation. f. (-ष्टा) Holy basil, (Ocimum sanctum.) इ. इष्ट to please, or इष्ट to be, &c., aff. इत्, form irr.

इष्टार mfn. (-रः-रा-र) 1. Beautiful, handsome, pleasing. 2. Eminent, reputable. इ. इष्ट a quantity, and चारक aff., implying pre-eminence.

इष्टारक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Handsome, agreeable, pleasing. 2. Best, excellent, cl. ef. 3. Much, great. 4. Reputable, respectable, eminent. m. (-कः) 1. A deity, an immortal. 2. A chief, the head or leader of a crowd or herd, &c., (at the end of a compound.) इ. इष्ट a heap, and चारकन् aff., implying pre-eminence.

इष्टिष्ठ mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्ट) Very beautiful or charming, very excellent or elevated, very reputable or venerable. इ. इष्टारक chief, excellent,

इष्ट substituted, and इष्टन् aff. of the irr. super. ; also with इष्टयन् the same, इष्टीयन् ।

इष्टीयन् mfn. (-यन्-यती-यः) Very eminent or excellent. इ. See the last.

इष्ट् r. 4th cl. (इष्टयति) To choose, to prefer, to select.

इष्ट m. (-ष्टः) 1. A rat. 2. A flower, (Justicia ganderussa.) f. (-ष्टा) A drug. n. (-ष्टः) Ginger. इ. इष्ट to choose, इष्ट् Unadi aff. : see इष्ट ।

इष्टि m. (-कः) 1. A scorpion. 2. The sign Scorpio of the zodiac. 3. A hairy caterpillar. 4. A crab. 5. A sort of beetle found in cow-dung. 6. A centipede. 7. A thorny shrub, (Vangueria spinosa.) 8. The month when the sun is in Scorpio. f. (-का) A potherb. (Basella.) इ. इष्ट् to cut, Una'di aff. क्तिन्, and the semi-vowel changed to the vowel. [scorpion, प्रियं fond of.

इष्टि मित्रा f. (-या) A potherb, (Basella rubra and lucida.) इ. इष्टि a

इष्टिकाची f. (-ची) 1. A line of scorpions. 2. A shrub, (Tragia involucrata.) इ. इष्टिका a scorpion, and चाची a line.

इष्ट् (उ) इष्ट् r. 1st cl. (इष्टयति) 1. To sprinkle. 2. To rain. 3. To hurt or kill. 4. To weary. 5. To give. 6. To be capable of generating. 7. To have supreme power. With चति, 1. To shower. 2. To bestow. With प्र, To rain. r. 10th cl. (इष्टयति ते) 1. To conceive, to be impregnated. 2. To possess supreme or super-natural power. 3. To be powerful.

इष्ट m. (-ः) 1. A bull. 2. The sign Taurus of the zodiac. 3. Virtue, moral merit. 4. Virtue personified, as a bull or the bull of S'iva. 5. A man of a lecherous disposition, one of the four descriptions into which men are divided in erotic works. 6. A rat. 7. A drug, commonly Rishabha. 8. A plant, (Justicia ganderussa.) 9. (In composition,) Excellent, pre eminent. 10. A name of KARN'A. 11. VISHN'U. 12. An enemy, an adversary. 13. Particular ground, judged proper for the foundation of a house. 14. Love or KA'ma. 15. A strong or athletic man. n. (-ष्टः) A peacock's plumage or tail. f. (-का) 1. A plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) 2. Cowach, (Carpopogon pruriens.) f. (-ची) The seat of the religious student or one used by ascetics, formed of Kusa grass. इ. इष्ट् to sprinkle, aff. क् or कच् ।

इष्टकाची f. (-ची) A plant. "इष्टका चातान् ।"

इष्टक m. (-कः) The scrotum, the bag which contains the testicles. इ. इष्ट् to sprinkle, (seminal fluid,) aff. क् or कच् ।

इष्टकान् f. (-कः) Ulceration of the scrotum. इ. इष्टक and कान् a root.

इष्टक m. (-कः) The horse of INDRA. इ. इष्टक INDRA, and कन् the horse.

इष्टकान् n. (-कः) The horse, &c. of INDRA. इ. इष्टक INDRA, and कन् wealth.

इष्टक m. (-कः) A cat. इ. इष्टक a rat, and द्यक devourer.

इष्टक m. (-कः) 1. S'iva. 2. GAN'ES'A. 3. A virtuous man. इ. इष्टक a bull, a rat, or virtue, and अङ्ग emblem.

इष्टक m. (-कः) 1. INDRA, as god of the firmament. 2. KARN'A, the hero. 3. Pain, sorrow. 4. Insensibility from extreme pain. 5. A bull. 6. A horse. 7. The sign Taurus of the zodiac. इ. इष्टक to sprinkle, Una'di aff. कन् ।

इष्टकान् m. (-नः) A medicinal plant, commonly Viranga, (Embelia ribes.) इ. इष्टक a bull, नाशन destroying. [lord.

इष्टक m. (-कः) 1. S'iva. 2. A bull set at liberty. इ. इष्टक a bull, and इति

इष्टकाची f. (-ची) A plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) इ. इष्टक a rat, पच् a leaf ; fem. aff. कौ ।

इष्टकान् m. (-कः) 1. S'iva. 2. Name of a demon. 3. A wasp. 4. A sort of grass, (Scripus kysoor.) इ. इष्टक a bull, &c., पच् a joint.

इष्टक m. (-कः) 1. A bull. 2. (In composition,) Pre-eminent, excellent. 3. The orifice of the ear. 4. An elephant's ear. 5. A drug; also Rishabha, described as a root resembling the horn of a bull, brought from the Himálaya mountains, of cooling and tonic properties, and serviceable in catarrh and consumption. 6. The first of the Jaina pontiffs of the present era. 7. Any male animal. f. (-ची) 1. A widow. 2. Cowach. इ. इष्टक to sprinkle, Una'di aff. कन् ।

इष्टकान् m. (-कः) S'iva. इ. इष्टक a bull, and इति going.

इष्टकान् m. (-कः) S'iva. इ. इष्टक a bull, and अङ्ग emblem.

इष्टकाची f. (-चा) The capital of INDRA, and the immortals. इ. इष्ट the bull of S'iva, चास् splendour, and टाप् added.

इष्टक m. (-कः) An asylum, a place of refuge or shelter. इ. इष्ट to screen, Una'di aff. कन्, and इष्ट् augment.

इष्टक m. (-कः) 1. A horse. 2. A S'udra, or man of the servile tribe. 3. The sovereign CHANDRAGUPTA. 4. Garlic. 5. A sinner, a reprobate, a wicked or unrighteous man. f. (-ची) 1. A girl twelve years old, in whom menstruation has commenced, and who is unmarried. 2. A barren woman. 3. A woman during menstruation. 4. The mother of a still-born child. 5. A woman of a low caste. इ. इष्टक

bull, or virtue, &c., and कृ to take, aff. कृ; or वृ to sprinkle, कृष्ण Uná'di aff.

वृषलक m. (-कः) A contemptible S'udra.

वृषलव n. (-लः) The condition or state of a S'udra. इ. ल added to वृषल ।

वृषलात्मज m. (-जः) The son of a reprobate. इ. वृषल a wicked man, आत्मज son. [quenting.

वृषलीसेवन n. (-नः) Intercourse with a S'udra female. इ. वृषली, सेवन fre-  
वृषलीचन m. (-नः) A rat. इ. वृष a bull, and लीचन the eye.

वृषवाहन m. (-नः) S'IVA. इ. वृष a bull, and वाहन vehicle.

वृषशत्रु m. (-शत्रुः) KRISHN'A. इ. वृष KARN'A, and शत्रु the enemy.

वृषसहस्री f. (-हस्री) A wasp.

वृषस्योनी f. (-नी) 1. A lascivious woman. 2. A cow in heat. इ. वृष a man  
of a particular class, or a bull, forming with the increments वृक्,  
and कृष् a nominal verb, implying desire of such a man, &c.,  
participial aff. of the present tense वृष्ट, fem. aff. वृष्टी ।

वृषाकपायी f. (-यी) 1. The goddess LAKSHMI'. 2. GAURI'. 3. SWA'HA', the  
wife of AGNI. 4. S'ACHI', the wife of INDRA. 5. A shrub, (Asparagus  
racemosus.) 6. A plant, (Celtis orientalis.) इ. वृषाकपि VISHN'U, &c.,  
ऊर्ध्व aff., and आनुक augment.

वृषाकपि m. (-पिः) 1. KRISHN'A or VISHN'U. 2. S'IVA. 3. AGNI, or fire.  
4. INDRA. इ. वृष virtue, च not, कपि to shake or agitate, इ aff., and  
the radical augment rejected; or वृषा INDRA, चकपि untrembling,  
as before; or वृष virtue, or वृषा INDRA, and कपि an ape, being the  
ape as it were of the greater gods; other etymologies occur.

वृषाह m. (-हः) 1. S'IVA. 2. A pious man. 3. Marking-nut plant. 4.  
An eunuch, one employed in the zenana. इ. वृष the bull of the  
deity, or virtue, and अह mark.

वृषाहज m. (-जः) A very small drum, held in one hand, and played by  
means of a string attached to it. इ. वृषाह S'IVA, ज born, made.

वृषाचन m. (-नः) S'IVA. इ. वृष a bull, and चन going.

वृषाचक m. (-कः) A form of S'IVA. इ. वृष a bull, चन् to be, and कन् aff.

वृषालक m. (-कः) VISHN'U. इ. वृष virtue, लक end, and कन् aff.

वृषायण m. (-णः) 1. A sparrow. 2. An epithet of S'IVA.

वृषाहार m. (-रः) A cat. इ. वृष a rat, and आहार food.

वृषान् m. (-षी) A peacock. इ. वृष his plumage, and णि aff.

वृष(व)ी f. (-विः or वी) The seat or cushion of an ascetic; also वृषी. इ.  
वृष, वि or वी aff.

वृषीक्षणे m. (-ने) Setting a bull at liberty on occasion of a sacrifice or  
obsequial oblation. इ. वृष, and वृषी letting loose.

वृष्टि f. (-ष्टि) 1. Rained. 2. Showering, pouring down. [क्रिन् ।

वृष्टि f. (-ष्टि) 1. Rain. 2. A shower in general. इ. वृष् to sprinkle, aff.

वृष्टिकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Raining, sprinkling. इ. वृष्टि, कर what makes.

वृष्टिकाल m. (-कालः) The rainy season. इ. वृष्टि, काल time. [form.

वृष्टिघ्नी f. (-घ्नी) Guzeratty cardamoms. इ. वृष्टि rain, घ्न destructive, fem.

वृष्टिजीवन mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Nourished or watered by rain, (as a country.)  
इ. वृष्टि rain, जीवन living.

वृष्टिभू m. (-भूः) A frog. इ. वृष्टि rain, and भू being, or being born.

वृष्टिमन् mfn. (-मान् मती-मन्) Rainy, full of rain. m. (-मान्) A cloud. इ.  
वृष्टि, and मन् aff.

वृषि mfn. (-षिः-षिः-षि) 1. Heretical, heterodox. 2. Angry, passionate.  
m. (-षिः) 1. A ram. 2. One of the descendants of YADU. 3.  
VISHN'U or KRISHN'A. 4. A heretic, a sectary. 5. A ray of light.  
6. INDRA. 7. AGNI. 8. Air or wind. इ. वृष् to sprinkle, Uná'di aff.  
नि, and the vowel unchanged.

वृषि mfn. (-षिः-षिः-षि) 1. Errhine, aphrodisiac, provocative, (food or  
medicine) 2. Provocative of sexual vigour. 3. To be sprinkled or  
persed m. (-षिः) Kidney-bean, (Phaseolus radiatus.) f. (-षा)  
A lung, commonly Rid'dhi इ. वृष् to sprinkle, aff. कृष् ।

वृषि (सा) A potherb, (Convolvulus argenteus)

वृष्टि 1st cl. (वृष्टि) also (र) वृष्टि (वृष्टि) 1. To grow or increase. 2. (In

the second form only,) To roar, as a wild beast. (वृष्टि) To grow,  
&c. r. 1st and 10th cls. (वृष्टि वृष्टयति ते) 1. To speak. 2. To  
shine. (क) वृष्टि r. 6th cl. (वृष्टि) To make any effort or exertion.

वृष्टिम m. (-मः) A citron.

वृष्टिरीर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Large-bodied, gigantic. इ. वृष्टि and वृष्टिरी body.

वृष्टिस्क m. (-स्कः) A prawn. इ. वृष्टि great, and स्क scale.

वृष्टिमन् m. (-मन्) A great or illustrious man. इ. वृष्टि, and मन् a person.

वृष्टिका f. (-का) A large drum इ. वृष्टि large, टका a drum.

वृष्टि mfn. (-वृष्टि-वृष्टि-वृष्टि) 1. Groat, large. 2. Great, much. f. (-वृष्टि) 1.  
A small kind of egg plant, (Solanum melongena.) 2. A kind of  
prickly nightshade, (Solanum hirsutum.) 3. A large lute. 4. A  
form of metre, the stanza of which consists of thirty-six syllables.  
5. A mantle, a wrapper. 6. A reservoir, a place containing water.  
7. Speech. इ. वृष्टि to grow or increase, Uná'di aff. वृष्टि, with the  
effect of the participial aff. वृष्ट ।

वृष्टिका f. (-का) 1. An upper garment, a mantle, a wrapper. 2. A small  
sort of egg-plant. इ. वृष्टि as above, कन् added, fem. form.

वृष्टीपति m. (-तिः) VRIHASPATI', the preceptor of the gods. इ. वृष्टि  
speech, eloquence, and पति lord.

वृष्टि mfn. (-वृष्टि-वृष्टि-वृष्टि) Large, great. इ. वृष्टि the same, and कन् added.

वृष्टिकन्द m. (-न्दः) A bulbous root, considered in some place as a large  
kind of onion, in others as a sort of garlic. इ. वृष्टि large, कन्द a  
root. "वृष्टिकन्दे ।" [body.

वृष्टिकाय mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Large-bodied, bulky, gigantic. इ. वृष्टि, काय  
वृष्टिकायक m. (-कः) A shrub, (Cassia purpurea, or a large variety of  
it.) "वृष्टिकायकमुद्दे." इ. वृष्टि large, and कायक the same.

वृष्टिकाय n. (-यः) A large kind of the grass Kása, (Saccharum spon-  
taneum.) "वृष्टिकाय." इ. वृष्टि large, काय the grass.

वृष्टिकुचि mfn. (-चिः-चिः or ची-चि) Corpulent, large or pot-bellied. इ. वृष्टि,  
कुचि the belly.

वृष्टिभू m. (-भूः) The bamboo. इ. वृष्टि large, and वृष्टि grass.

वृष्टिचर्म m. (-चर्म) A plant, (Echites scholaris.) "वृष्टिचर्म." इ. वृष्टि, चर्म  
skin or bark. [the Bignonia.

वृष्टिपाटलि f. (-लिः) Thorn-apple, (Dhutura metel.) इ. वृष्टि large, पाटलि

वृष्टिपाद mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) Large-footed. m. (-दः) The Indian-fig tree. इ.  
वृष्टि, पाद foot or root.

वृष्टिपुष्प mfn. (-पुष्पः-पुष्पः-पुष्पः) Having large flowers. f. (-पुष्पः) Crotonia of  
various species. इ. वृष्टि large, and पुष्प a flower.

वृष्टिदन्त mfn. (-दन्तः-दन्तः-दन्तः) 1. Large-bodied, bulky. 2. Large-limbed. 3.  
Having many parts. m. (-दन्तः) A large elephant, such a one as is  
usually the leader of a wild herd. इ. वृष्टि large, and दन्त body.

वृष्टिदन्त m. (-दन्तः) A fruit tree, (Averrhoa carambola.) "वृष्टिदन्त." इ. वृष्टि,  
much, and दन्त sour.

वृष्टिदहन्ति m. (-तिः) An evil spirit, a goblin. इ. वृष्टि large, दहन् blood,  
मति inclination.

वृष्टिदुग्ध m. (-दुग्धः) A country, described as lying behind the Vind'hya  
mountains, near the province of Malwa, and perhaps comprising  
Bundelkhund, or the adjoining district. इ. वृष्टि large, दुग्ध a horse;  
also वृष्टिदुग्ध from दुग्ध a cave, the country being mountainous, and  
the people probably having been Troglodytes or dwellers in caves.

वृष्टिनील n. (-नीलः) A water-melon. "वृष्टिनील." इ. वृष्टि, नील a ball.

वृष्टिद्युति f. (-तिः) Radiance, splendour, a great light. इ. वृष्टि, द्युति  
light. [plough.

वृष्टिचल n. (-चलः) The furrow made by a plough. इ. वृष्टि large, चल

वृष्टिहारिका f. (-का) A name of DURGA'. इ. वृष्टि, भारिका princess.

वृष्टिमान् m. (-मान्) AGNI or fire. इ. वृष्टि large, मान्, मान् a ray of light.

वृष्टिपत्र m. (-पत्रः) 1. INDRA. 2. A sacrificial vessel. 3. A particular Man-  
tra. 4. A division of the Sáma Ve'da. f. (-पत्री) The name of a river.

वृष्टिपक्षी f. (-पक्षी) A small owl. इ. वृष्टि great, पक्षी, पक्षी cry, ऊर्ध्व aff.

वृष्टिधान m. (-धानः) A grain, generally eaten by the natives of India,



वेदधर m. (-रः) 1. A door-keeper, a warder. 2. A staff bearer, a mace-bearer. ३. वेद a staff, and धर having.

वेदधारक m. (-कः) 1. A door keeper, a warder, a porter. 2. A mace-bearer. ३. वेद a stick, and धारक having.

वेदवती f. (-ती) The Retwa river, which rises in the province of Malwa, and following a north-easterly direction for about 340 miles, falls into the Jumna below Calpi. ३. वेद a ratan, and वती aff.

वेदासन n. (-नं) 1. A small cot or oblong low couch of basket work ; when furnished with bamboo sticks and a pole, it forms the common Duli or litter. 2. A cane-seat. ३. वेद a cane, आसन a seat.

वेदिन् m. (-नी) A porter, a door-keeper. ३. वेद a stick, and इति aff.

वेद् (-ञ्) वेद् r. 1st ol. (वेदते) To ask or beg.

वेद m. (-द) 1. A Vēda, the generic term for the sacred writings or scripture of the Hindus ; supposed to have been revealed by BRAHMA, and after being preserved by tradition for a considerable period, to have been arranged in the present form by VYA'SA; the principle Vēdas are three in number, the RICH, YAJUS, and SA'MA, to which a fourth, the ATHARVA, is usually added, and the ITIHA'SA and PURA'NAS, or ancient history and mythology, are sometimes considered as a fifth. The Vēdas are regarded as a direct revelation from the deity and are called S'hruti, (what is heard,) to distinguish them from Smriti' or sacred lore of human origin ; the several sages to whom verses or hymns of the Vēdas are ascribed are regarded as seers. (द्रष्टारः) and not as composers, (कृष्टारः) 2. Metre. 3. Gloss, comment, explanation. 4. Knowledge. 5. VISHN'U. ३. विद् to know, duty and religion from it,) aff. चञ् ।

वेदकौल्यक m. (-कः) S'IVA. ३. वेद the Vēdas, and कुल race, ठक् aff.

वेदगर्भ m. (-र्भः) 1. BRAHMA. 2. A Brāhman. ३. वेद the Vēdas, and गर्भ embryo or womb, figuratively for origin.

वेदगुप्ति f. (-गुप्तिः) The preservation of the Vēdas by the Brāhmanical tribe. ३. वेद a Vēda, and गुप्ति concealment.

वेदज्ञ m. (-ज्ञः) A Brāhman skilled in the Vēdas. ३. वेद, ज्ञ who knows.

वेदञ्च m. (-ञ्चः) An elephant. [and तच्च truth.

वेदतत्त्व n. (-तत्त्वः) The true doctrine or substance of the Vēdas. ३. वेद

वेदत्रय nf. (-यं यी) The three first Vēdas. ३. वेद and त्रय triad.

वेदन nf. (-नं-नी) 1. Sensation, perception, knowledge conveyed by the senses. 2. Pain, smart, agony. 3. Knowledge. 4. The ceremony of holding the ends of a mantle, to be observed by a S'udra female, on her marriage with a man of either of the first three classes. 5. Presenting, delivering. 6. Acquisition, wealth. f. (-नी) The true skin or cutis. ३. विद् to know, &c., छट् aff.

वेदनाद m. (-दः) Sound of chaunting or repeating the Vēdas. ३. वेद, and नाद sound.

वेदनिन्दक m. (-कः) 1. An atheist, a disbeliever. 2. A Jaina or Baud'dha, or any seceder from the belief of the divine origin and character of the Vēdas. ३. वेद scripture, निन्दक defaming, disrespecting.

वेदनिन्दा f. (-न्दा) Reviling the Vēdas, heresy. ३. वेद, निन्दा blame.

वेदनीय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be known or perceived. 2. To be, or to be made known. ३. विद् to know, चनीयर् aff. [crosses.

वेदपारम m. (-मः) A Brāhman skilled in the Vēdas. ३. वेद, पारम who

वेदपुञ्ज n. (-ञ्ज) The sanctity of the Vēdas. ३. वेद, and पुञ्ज holiness.

वेदमातृ f. (-मातृ) The mystical prayer or Gāyatri, personified as the mother or source of the Vēdas. ३. वेद, and मातृ mother.

वेदमुष्मा f. (-मुष्मा) A sort of insect, the winged-bug. [च aff.

वेदय mfn. (यः-या-य) Who or what knows or obtains. ३. विद् to know,

वेदरक्षक n. (-कः) The conservation of the Vēdas, as a duty of the Brāhmanical order. ३. वेद a Vēda, and रक्षक preserving.

वेदवचन n. (-नं) A text of the Vēda. ३. वेद, and वचन dictum.

वेदवाक्य n. (-क्यं) Text of the Vēda. ३. वेद, and वाक्य sentence.

वेदवाच m. (-चः) A Brāhman. ३. वेद a Vēda, and वाच above.

वेदविद m. (-विद or विन्) A Brāhman versed in the Vēdas. ३. वेद the Vēdas, विद् to know, क्तिप् aff. [learned man.

वेदविद्वत् m. (-वित्) A Brāhman learned in the Vēdas. ३. वेद, विद्वत् वेदविद्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Taught or declared in the Vēdas, scriptural. ३. वेद and विद्वित said.

वेदवत्त n. (-वत्) The doctrine of the Vēdas. ३. वेद, and वत् done.

वेदव्यास m. (-सः) The Muni VYA'SA. ३. वेद the Vēdas, वि and व्या severally, before वत् to throw or place, aff. वत्, the compiler and arranger of the Vēdas ; he first collected and arranged the Hindu scriptures into the four parts, in which they at present exist.

वेदवच m. (-चः) A word or term in the Vēdas. ३. वेद, and वच a sound.

वेदवाच्य n. (-च्यः) The Vēdas or any part of them. ३. वेद, and वाच an inspired writing, a scripture. [संहिता a compendium.

वेदसंहिता f. (-ता) A collection of the formulæ of the Vēdas. ३. वेद, and

वेदस् m. (-दाः) The Vēdas collectively. ३. विद् to know, चत्तु aff.

वेदसमाप्त m. (-सः) Discontinuing the ritual of the Vēdas. ३. वेद, and समाप्त relinquishing.

वेदसमाप्तिक m. (-कः) The religious ascetic or member of the fourth order, who discontinues the ritual of the Vēdas. ३. वेद, समाप्त, and ठक् aff. ; also with इति, वेदसमाप्तिकम् । [concurrent.

वेदसम्मत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Conformable to the Vēdas. ३. वेद, and सम्मत

वेदाङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) A sacred science, considered as subordinate to, and in some sense, a part of the Vēdas: six sciences come under this denomination; S'IKSHA, or the science of pronunciation and articulation; KALPA, the detail of religious ceremonies; VYA'KARANA, or grammar; CH'HANDAS, prosody; JYOTISH, or astronomy; and NIKRUTI, or the explanation of the difficult or obscure words and phrases that occur in the Vēdas. ३. वेद the Vēdas, अङ्ग a member.

वेदादिबर्च n. (-बर्चः) The mystical name of God. ३. वेद the Vēdas, चादि first, and बर्च letter. [over or through.

वेदाधिगम m. (-गमः) Perusal or study of the Vēdas. ३. वेद, अधिगम going

वेदाध्ययन n. (-नं) Study of the Vēdas. ३. वेद, and अध्ययन reading.

वेदाध्ययिन् m. (-यी) A student of the Vēdas. ३. वेद, and अध्ययिन् who reads.

वेदाध्यापक m. (-कः) A teacher of the Vēdas. ३. वेद and अध्यापक teacher.

वेदाध्यापन n. (-नं) Teaching the Vēdas. ३. वेद and अध्यापन teaching.

वेदान्त m. (-न्तः) The theological part of the Vēdas ; considered collectively it is contained in the many numerous passages or chapters of the Vēdas termed Upanishads, which inculcate an abstract and speculative monotheistical worship, and these have been further explained and illustrated by later writers ; the founder of the school is VYA'SA, and subsequently S'ANKARA'CH'ARYA is its most eminent teacher. ३. वेद the Vēdas, and अन्त end, sum, scope or substance.

वेदान्तग m. (-गः) A Vēda'nti'. ३. वेदान्त, and ग who goes over.

वेदान्तज्ञ m. (-ज्ञः) A Vēda'nti'. ३. वेदान्त, and ज्ञ who knows.

वेदान्तिन् m. (-न्ति) A Vēda'nti', a follower of the Vedānta philosophy. ३. वेदान्त the theism of the Vēdas, and इति aff.

वेदान्तीपगत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Derived from or produced by the Vēda'nta. ३. वेदान्त and उपगत derived from.

वेदाभास m. (-सः) 1. The repetition of the mystical syllable Om. 2. Study of scripture. ३. वेद the Vēdas, and आभास exercise.

वेदार m. (-रः) A chameleon, a lizard.

वेदि f. (-दिः-दी) 1. Ground for placing the vessels used at an oblation, or for binding the victim, or lighting the sacrificial fire ; it is more or less raised and of various shapes ; an altar, &c. 2. A quadrangular spot in the court-yard of a temple or palace, usually furnished with a raised floor or seat, and covered with a roof supported by pillars : see वितर्हि. 3. A seal-ring. m. (-दिः) A Pandit, a teacher. f. (-दिः) A name of SARASWATI. ३. विद् to know, &c., Una'di aff. दन्, and दीन् optionally added in the fem. form.

वेदिना f. (-ना) 1. A quadrangular open shed in the middle of a courtyard, erected for various purposes: see वितर्हि. 2. Ground prepared for sacrificial ceremonies, a rude kind of altar. ३. कन् added to the last. [sacrificial fire.]

वेदिना f. (-जा) DRAUPADI'. ३. वेदि an altar, and ज born; born from वेदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Set forth, represented, made known. ३. विद् to know, causal form, aff. ण ।

वेदितव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य') 1. To be known or ascertained. 2. To be made known, to be explained or expounded. ३. विद् to know, causal form, aff. तव्यर् ।

वेदित mfn. (-सा-वी-ट्) Wise, learned. ३. विद् to know, ट् aff., with the augment इट् । [with तच्, वेदित् ।]

वेदित n. (-त्) Knowledge, experience. ३. वेदिन् who knows, त् aff.; also वेदिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Who or what knows. m. (-दी) 1. A Pandit, a learned Brāhman, a teacher. 2. BRAHMA'. n. (-दि) A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) ३. विद् to know, aff. णिनि or चिनुच् aff.

वेदीश्व m. (-श्वः) BRAHMA'. ३. वेदी SARASWATI', and ईश्व lord.

वेदीक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Scriptural, taught or declared in the Ve'das. ३. वेद the Ve'das, and कन् said.

वेदीदय m. (-यः) S'URYA, or the sun. ३. वेद the Ve'da, (the Sāma Ve'da,) and उदय rise, origin; being said to have proceeded from the sun.

वेदीदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Taught in the Ve'das, scriptural. ३. वेद the Ve'das, and उदित spoken, from वद् to speak, with ण् aff.

वेदीपकरण n. (-णः) A subordinate branch of the study of the Ve'das: see वेदाङ्ग. ३. वेद, and उपकरण implement.

वेद्य mfn. (-यः-द्या-द्य') 1. To be known or ascertained. 2. To be explained or taught. 3. To be married. ३. विद् to know, ण्त् aff.

वेद्य m. (-यः) 1. Perforation, piercing. 2. Wounding. 3. A particular division of time. 4. Depth, (in measurement.) ३. व्यच् to pierce, aff. चच्; or विच्-चच् ।

वेद्यक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Sharp, piercing, a piercer or perforator. m. (-कः) 1. Name of a division of hell. 2. Camphor. n. (-कं) Grain, rice in the ear. ३. व्यच् to pierce, aff. कृत्; or विच्-कृत् ।

वेद्यन n. (-नः) 1. Piercing, perforation. 2. Depth, (in measurement.) 3. Excavation. 4. Wounding. f. (-नी) 1. An instrument for piercing an elephant's ear. 2. A small gimblet or perforating instrument used to pierce gems, shells, &c. 2. An augre, a gimblet, &c., or any similar instrument. ३. व्यच् to pierce, कृट् aff.; or विच्-कृट्-कृप्.

वेद्यिका f. (-का) A small-pointed perforating instrument, used especially to make holes in jewels, pearls, shells, &c., an augre, an awl, a gimblet, &c. ३. कन् added to वेद्यन as above.

वेद्यमुखक m. (-कः) Zeuogy, (Curcuma zerumbet.) ३. वेद्य piercing, (figuratively for pervading as by its odour,) मुख्य principal, कन् added.

वेद्य m. (-यः) 1. BRAHMA'. 2. VISHN'U. 3. A wise or learned man. 4. The sun. 5. S'IVA. 6. A kind of Arka-plant. ३. वि before या to have, Unádi aff. चि, and वेद्य substituted for the root and prefix.

वेद्य n. (-स) The root of the thumb, considered as sacred to BRAHMA'. ३. वेद्य BRAHMA', चच् added, the vowel unchanged.

वेद्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Pierced, perforated. ३. व्यच् to pierce, aff. ण्; or वेद्यी जातोऽस्य तारं इतच् । [व्यच् piercing, णिनि aff.]

वेद्य mfn. (-धी-धिनी-धि) Piercing, perforating. f. (-धिनी) A leech. ३. च mfn. (-च्यः-च्या-च्य') To be pierced or perforated. u. (-च्य') A mark, a butt. ३. व्यच् to pierce, aff. यत् ।

वेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्यति-ते) To go, &c.: see वेच् ।

वेद्य m. (-नः) BRAHMA'. ३. वी substituted for वच् to go, Unádi aff. न ।

वेद्या f. (-या) The name of a river. ३. वच् to sound, Unádi aff. न, and य with the usual change, substituted for the vowel.

वेद्य (वेद्य) टुवेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्यते) To shake or tremble.

वेद्य m. (-यः) Trembling, tremor. ३. वेद्य to tremble, चच् aff.

वेद्य n. (-नः) Tremor, trembling. ३. वेद्य to tremble, aff. कृट् ।

वेद्यमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Trembling, shaking. ३. वेद्य to tremble, कृत् aff. वेद्य n. (-यः) Trembling. ३. वेद्य to tremble, aff. चच् ।

वेद्य m. (-नः) A loom. ३. वेद्य to weave, aff. यत् ।

वेद्यन् mn. (-ना-नं) A loom. ३. वेद्य to weave, अनिन् Uná'di aff. [रन् aff.]

वेद्य mn. (-रः-रं) 1. The body. 2. The egg-plant. 3. Saffron. ३. वी to go, वेद्यक n. (कं) Camphor. [fruit of the Jujube.]

वेद्यट m. (-टः) A low man, one of mixed or inferior caste. n. (-टं) The वेद्य (वेद्य) वेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्यति) 1. To go or move. 2. To shake, to tremble. r. 10th cl. (वेद्यति-ते) To count or declare the time.

वेद्य n. (च) A garden. f. (-चा) 1. Time. 2. Tide, flow, current. 3. Boundary, limit. 4. The sea-shore. 5. Easy or sudden death. 6. Sickness, disease. 7. The food of S'IVA. 8. Speech. 9. Leisure, interval. 10. Season, opportunity. 11. The wife of Budha. 12. The gums. ३. वेद्य to go, aff. चच् and टाप् added.

वेद्याकल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Agitated by the tide. ३. वेद्या, चाकल perplexed.

वेद्याकूल n. (-कूलः) Tamlu'k, the district or kingdom as it formerly existed, the southern part of the present Hu'gli district, forming the west bank of the Hu'gli river, at its union with the sea: a village called Beercool, derived from this word probably, is still found in the maps, near the sea shore immediately south of the boundary of the Hu'gli district. ३. वेद्या tide, and कूल bank or shore.

वेद्यामूल n. (-मूलः) The sea shore. ३. वेद्या, and मूल root.

वेद्यामूल Ind. 1. On the sea-shore, coast-wise, &c. 2. Seasonably, opportunely. ३. वेद्या a shore, &c., in the seventh case, used as a particle.

वेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्यति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To tremble or shake.

वेद्य m. (जः) Going, moving, shaking. mn. (-जः-जं) A plant, the seed of which is used as a vermifuge. ३. वेद्य to shake, aff. चच् ।

वेद्यज n. (-जः) Black pepper, (Piper nigrum.) ३. वेद्य shaking, and ज born.

वेद्यन n. (-नः) 1. Rolling on the ground, (as a horse) 2. A sort of rolling pin with which cakes, &c. are prepared. 3. Shaking. 4. Going. ३. वेद्य to shake, &c., aff. कृट् ।

वेद्यहल m. (-लः) A libertine, a debauchee. ३. वेद्य हलयति हल-चच्-प्रवी० ।

वेद्य f. (-दिः-दी-दी) A creeping plant. ३. वेद्य to shake, aff. कृत् or कृप् ।

वेद्यिका f. (-का) 1. Be'l-Sunt'h. 2. A potherb, "इन्दुपीदका" ।

वेद्यित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Shaken, trembling, tremulous. 2. Crooked. n. (-तं) 1. Going, moving 2. Shaking. ३. वेद्य to shake, &c., aff. ण् ।

वेद्यी r. 2nd cl. (वेद्यीते) 1. To go. 2. To pervade. 3. To conceive or become pregnant. 4. To desire. 5. To throw or send. 6. To eat; also वी ।

वेद्य m. (-यः) 1. Dress, decoration. 2. Disguise, masquerade. 3. The abode of harlots. 4. Any house. 5. Entrance, ingress. ३. विद्य to enter, (liter. or fig., as to enter or occupy the mind,) aff. चच् ।

वेद्यक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Who or what enters. m. (-कः) A house. f. (-यिका) Entrance, ingress. ३. विद्य to enter, चच् aff.

वेद्यदान m. (-नः) The sun flower. ३. वेद्य ornament, दान gift. [ing.]

वेद्यधारिन् m. (-रः) A hypocrite, a false devotee. ३. वेद्य disguise, धारिन् have-वेद्यन n. (-नः) 1. A house. 2. Entering. ३. विद्य to enter, कृट् aff.

वेद्यनारी f. (-री) A harlot. [Uná'di aff.]

वेद्यन m. (-नः) 1. A basin, a small pond. 2. Fire. ३. विद्य to enter, कृत्

वेद्यधन् mfn. (-धन्) 1. Dressed, adorned. 2. Disguised. ३. वेद्यधन् who has. वेद्यर m. (-रः) A mule; also वेद्यर ।

वेद्य(स)वार m. (-रः) A condiment, as pepper, cloves, &c. [रणि aff.]

वेद्यिन् mfn. (-धी-धिनी-धि) Assuming a particular dress or form. ३. वेद्य, वेद्यन् n. (-यः) A house. ३. विद्य to enter, अनिन् aff. [ichneumon.]

वेद्यनकुल m. (-कुलः) The musk shrew or rat. ३. वेद्य a house, नकुल an वेद्यभू f. (-भूः) The site of a habitation. ३. वेद्य a house, and भू ground.

वेद्यस्थाना f. (-ना) The main post of a house. ३. वेद्य, स्थाना a pillar.

वेद्य n. (-यः) The habitation of harlots. f. (-या) 1. A harlot, a prostitute, a whore. 2. A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) ३. विद्य to enter, कृत् aff.; or वेद्य ornament, and यत् aff.

वेद्यागण m. (-गणः) A company of harlots. ३. वेद्या, गण a number, a class.



वेद्याचार्य m. (-य्यः) 1. A catamite. 2. The master or keeper of dancing girls, prostitutes, &c. ३. वेद्या a whore, आचार्य spiritual teacher.  
 वेद्याजनसमाश्रय m. (-यः) The habitation of harlots, a brothel. ३. वेद्या a whore, जन people, सम् collective particle, and आश्रय asylum.  
 वेद्यावार m. (-रः) A number or company of harlots. ३. वेद्या, and वार assemblage. [आश्रय asylum.]  
 वेद्याश्रय m. (-यः) A brothel, the habitation of harlots. ३. वेद्या a whore, वेद्यर m. (-रः) A mule. [घञ्.]  
 वेद्य m. (-यः) Ornament, dress, decoration. ३. विष् to invest, aff. चच् or वेद्य m. (-यः) A shrub, (Cassia sophora.) f. (-वत्) A plant, (Flacourtia outapraeta.) n. (-यः) Entrance, ingress, possession, occupation. ३. विष् to enter, &c., aff. युष् or ल्युट्।  
 वेद्यवार m. (-रः) A condiment; also वेद्यवार।  
 वेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्ये) 1. To surround, to enclose, to encompass or circle. 2. To dress. With चा, To fold, to form.  
 वेद्य m. (-यः) 1. A fence, an enclosure. 2. Surrounding, enclosing. 3. A turban. 4. Exudation, gum, resin, in general. 5. Turpentine. ३. वेद्य to surround, aff. चच् or घञ्।  
 वेद्यक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Surrounding, a surround, that which encompasses or encloses. n. (-कं) 1. A turban. 2. Exudation, resin gum, &c. 3. Turpentine. m. (-कः) 1. A wall, a fence. 2. A pumpkin-gourd. ३. वेद्य, with कन् added; or वेद्य to surround, aff. युन् or ल्युन्।  
 वेद्यन n. (-नं) 1. Surrounding, encompassing. 2. A wall, an enclosure, a fence. 3. A turban. 4. A diadem, a tiara. 5. The outer ear, or the meatus auditorious and the concha. 6. A bandage. 7. A girdle. 8. An attitude in dancing, a particular disposition of the hands; also a crossing of the feet. 9. Bellium. ३. वेद्य, aff. ल्युट्।  
 वेद्यक m. (-कः) A mode of coitus.  
 वेद्यनीय mfn. (-यः या यं) To be surrounded or encompassed. ३. वेद्य to surround, चनीयर् aff., also वेद्यित्य and वेद्य।  
 वेद्यविला Ind. Having bound round or encompassed. ३. वेद्य to surround, causal v., क्ताच् aff. [rounding, वंश a bamboo.]  
 वेद्यवंश m. (-शः) A sort of bamboo, (Bambusa spinosa.) ३. वेद्य surrounding.  
 वेद्यत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Surrounded, encompassed, enclosed. 2. Stopped, secured from access. 3. Bound round, enveloped, wrapped up. n. (-तं) 1. Encompassing, encircling. 2. One of the gestures or attitudes of dancing, particular motion of the fingers or a crossing of the feet. ३. वेद्य surrounding, वत् aff.; or वेद्य the verb, क्ताच् aff.  
 वेद्य m. (-यः) Water. ३. विष् to pervade, Unádi aff. य।  
 वेद्य् (-य) वेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्यति) To go, to move. [Going. ३. वेद्य्-ल्युट्।  
 वेद्यन n. (-नं) 1. Chick-pea, &c. ground and reduced to powder. 2. वेद्यर m. (-रः) A mule. ३. वेद्य-चरन्; also वेद्यर।  
 वेद्यवार m. (-रः) A condiment, as ground coriander, mustard, pepper, spice, &c. ३. विष् to send, aff. चञ्, वेद्य despatching, वृ to choose, aff. चच्; also वेद्यवार and वेद्यवार। [वेद्य।  
 वेद्य् (-य) वेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्यते) To resolve or endeavour diligently. Also वेद्यन् f. (-हन्) A cow miscarrying from taking the bull unseasonably. ३. वि before हन् to kill, (the embryo), Unádi aff. चति; the radical final rejected, and the vowel changed.  
 वेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्यति) 1. To go. 2. To tremble; also वेद्य and वेद्य्।  
 वेद्य (वी) वेद्य r. 1st cl. (वेद्यति) 1. To dry, to become dried or withered. 2. To be languid or weary.  
 वेद्य Ind. 1. A particle of affirmation, (so, indeed.) 2. An expletive. 3. A vocative particle ३ वा to go, aff. वी। [twenty, चच् aff.]  
 वेद्यतिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Purchased with twenty, ३. वेद्यतिक relating to वेद्यक n. (-कं) 1. A garland worn over one shoulder and under the other, like the sacrificial thread. 2. An upper garment, a wrapper, a mantle. ३. वि implying "possessed of" or "belonging to", चच् the flank, चच् aff.  
 वेद्यचक n. (-कं) A garland or string of flowers worn as a scarf or like

the sacrificial cord, over the left shoulder and under the right arm, hanging down below the hip. ३. कन् added to the last; also as derived from वि and चच् with उक् aff. वेद्यतिक n. (-कं)। [विद्य।  
 वेद्यक m. (-कः) A plant, (Flacourtia sapida.) ३. चच् pleo. added to विद्य.  
 वेद्यक m. (-कः) A jeweller. ३. वेद्यक difficult, (occupation), उक् aff.  
 वेद्यक m. (-नः) An epithet of KARN'ā.  
 वेद्यक n. (-यः) 1. Optionality. 2. Uncertainty, indecision.  
 वेद्यक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Doubtful, indeterminate. 2. Alternative, optional. ३. वेद्यक and उक् aff.  
 वेद्यक n. (-यः) 1. Lameness, mutilation. 2. Deficiency, defect, mutilation. 3. Non-existence. 4. Incompetency, insufficiency. 5. Agitation, flurry. ३. वेद्यक defective, चच् aff.  
 वेद्यारिक f. (-की) 1. Relating to change or modification. 2. Modified.  
 वेद्यारिक m. (-यः) Evening, afternoon. ३. वि gone, काल time, चच् aff.  
 वेद्यारिक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Occurring in or belonging to the afternoon. ३. वेद्यारिक and उक् aff.; also with चञ्, वेद्यारिक।  
 वेद्यक m. (-यः) 1. A name of VISHN'U. 2. INDRA. n. (-यः) 1. The paradise or world of Vaikunt'ha or VISHN'U; its site is variously described, either as in the northern ocean, or on the eastern peak of mount Meru. 2. Talo. ३. वेद्यक the wife of S'UBHRA, and mother of VISHN'U, in one form, चच् patronymic aff.; other etymologies occur, as वि privative, &c. and कुद्य said to mean destruction, he who is indestructible; or वि before the same, explained knowledge or abode, being omniscient or omnipresent, &c.; again वि various, and कुद्य illusion, aff. चच्।  
 वेद्यक mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Changed, in mind or form. n. (-तं) 1. Aversion, disgust. 2. Change in mind or form. 3. An event forboding evil f. (-ती) Hideous, loathsome. ३. वेद्यक the same, चच् pleonasm.  
 वेद्यक mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Removing or preventing change ३. वेद्यक वद what takes away. [Sankhya Phil.]  
 वेद्यकिक f. (-की) 1. Changed, modified. 2. Belonging to a VIKRIT, (in वेद्यक mfn. (-यः-या-यं) 1. Change, in form or mind. n. (-यः) Aversion, disgust. 2. Change, alteration. ३. वेद्यक the same, चच् pleonasm.  
 वेद्यक n. (-नः) A kind of gem, said to resemble a diamond, and to be of similar properties; it is also considered to be a burnt diamond, and to be the common load-stone or magnet. ३. वेद्यक a warrior, चच् aff. [confused, चच् aff.]  
 वेद्यक n. (-यः) 1. Confusion, commotion. 2. Affliction, grief. ३. वेद्य वेद्यरी f. (-री) 1. Articulate utterance. 2. Speech in general.  
 वेद्यारिक m. (-रः) A man of the third religious order, a hermit, an anchorite. f. (-री) A vessel used for frying meal to be offered in sacrifice. f. (-री) Relating to hermits ३. वि before हन् to dig. च-चन् चसन् कचं खाद्यं चच्, subsisting on roots, &c.  
 वेद्यक n. (-यः) 1. Absence of attributes or qualities. 2. Contrariety of properties or qualities. 3. Inferiority, badness, vileness. 4. Fault, defect. ३. वेद्यक void of properties or merit, चच् aff.  
 वेद्यक n. (-यः) Skill, cleverness, proficiency. ३. वेद्यक clever, चच् aff.  
 वेद्यक n. (-यः) Confusion of ideas, distraction, grief. ३. वेद्यक wandering, चच् aff. [astonishing, चच् aff.]  
 वेद्यक n. (-यः) 1. Variety. 2. Surprise. 3. Multifariousness. ३. वेद्य वेद्यन n. (-नः) The last month of uterine gestation. ३. वि before हन् to be born, aff. ल्युट्, and चच् added.  
 वेद्यक m. (-नः) 1. The place of INDRA. 2. The banner or emblem of INDRA. f. (-नी) 1. A flag, a banner, an ensign. 2. A small tree, (Sesbania Egyptiaca.) 3. Another tree, (Premna spinosa, &c.) 4. A kind of garland. 5. A necklace. 6. The necklace of VISHN'U. ३. वि before क्ता to conquer, चच् aff.  
 वेद्यक m. (-नः) A flag-bearer. f. (-नी) 1. A plant, (Sesbania Egyptiaca.) 2. A flag, a banner. 3. A kind of necklace. ३. वेद्यक a flag, with उक् aff. or कन् pleonasm, fem. form.

**वेदवि** m. (-विः) The third Chakravarti' or emperor according to the Jains. **वेदिया** a proper name, and **वेज्** patronymic aff.

**वेदाक्ष** n. (-क्षः) 1. Difference or deviation from ordinary character or conduct. 2. Exclusion from caste. 3. Difference of caste or species. 4. Looseness, wantonness. **वे** before जाति species, &c. **वज्** aff.

**वेदिक** mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Seminal, relating to seed or origin. n. (-कः) 1. Cause, origin, motive. 2. Oil prepared from the S'igru or Morunga. 3. The spiritual cause of existence, soul, spirit. m. (-कः) A young shoot. **वे** बीज seed, **उज्** or **उक्** aff. [ &c., aff. **उक्** ]

**वेदाधिक** mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Skillful, clever, proficient. **वे** विद्या knowledge, **वेदाक्ष** m. (-कः) A hypocrite, a religious impostor, one who under the appearance of piety and virtue is covetous, malicious, and cruel. **वे** विडाक्ष a cat, व्रत observance, and **उज्** aff.; acting like a cat.

**वेद** m. (-वः) A cutter of bamboos, a worker in bamboo-work. **वे** वेधु a bamboo, **वज्** aff., and the primitive final rejected.

**वेदव** mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) Produced by or made of a bamboo. m. (-वः) 1. A bamboo staff. 2. A worker in bamboo or wicker-work. n. (-वं) Bamboo-seed. f. (-वी) Bamboo-manna. **वे** वेधु a bamboo, **वज्** aff.

**वेदविक** m. (-कः) A player on a flute. **वे** वेधु a pipe, **उक्** aff. [aff.]

**वेदिक** m. (-कः) A lutanist, a player on a Vina. **वे** वेधा the Vina, **उक्**

**वेदुक्** n. (-क्) A goad or bamboo-pike headed with iron, used to drive an elephant. m. (-कः) A player on a pipe or flute. **वे** वेधु a flute, **उक्** aff.

**वेदुक्तेय** mfn. (-यः-यी-य) Relating or belonging to a bamboo, &c. **वे** वेधु a bamboo, and **उज्** aff., with **कुक्** augment.

**वेद्य** m. (-यः) A name of Parikṣu, the fifth sovereign of the solar race. **वे** वेध the father of this monarch, and **यज्** aff.; also read **वेन्**.

**वेदंसिक** m. (-कः) A vendor of the flesh or meat, either of beasts or birds. **वे** वेदंस a snare or net, and **उक्** aff.

**वेदंशिक** m. (-कः) A disputatious man. [वेदन wages, **उक्** aff.]

**वेदनिक** m. (-कः) 1. A hireling, a hired labourer. 2. A stipendiary. **वे**

**वेतरणि** f. (-णिः-णी) 1. The river of hell. 2. Name of a river in the Kāṭyāyana 3 The mother of the Rākshasas. **वे** वि various, तरण crossing, aff. **इज्** or **वज्**, and **उज्** aff.; or **वि** prohibitive, तरणी crossing, or वितरण giving, (liberality in life securing a passage;) or **वि** priv, तरणी a boat, passed without a boat; the aff. is same.

**वेतस** m. (-सः) A sort of cane, (Calamus fasciculatus.) f. (-सी) 1. Pertaining to the cane. 2. Humble yielding. **वे** वेतस, **वज्** pleonasm.

**वेतान** mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Sacrificial, (as fire.) n. (-नः) Oblation with fire. **वे** वितान the hole in the hearth in which sacred fire is kept, **वज्** aff.

**वेतानिक** mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Sacrificial, sacred, (as fire.) n. (-कः) Burnt-offering, especially of clarified butter, as presented daily by the Brāhmanas. **वे** वितान the hearth, **उक्** aff.

**वेतानोपासना** f. (-ना) The regular presentation of burnt offering morning and evening. **वे** वेतान sacrificial, (fire,) and **उपासना** service.

**वेतालिक** m. (-कः) 1. A bard whose duty it is to awaken a chief or prince at dawn with music and song. 2. A singer out of tune. 3. One who has a demon for a familiar, the servant of a Veta'la. **वे** वि privative, &c., ताल tune, **वज्** aff., and **उक्** added.

**वेतालीय** m. (-यः) A kind of metre, or tetraastich, the first and third lines of which contain the time of fourteen short syllables, and the second and fourth of sixteen; it admits of some varieties.

**वेदक** mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Cany, ready, relating to a cane, &c. **वे** वेद cane, **वज्** aff. with **कुक्** aug.; the final of the aff. rejected. [aff.]

**वेदकीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) Relating to a stick or cane. **वे** वेद a stick, **इज्**

**वेद** mfn. (-दः-दी-दं) Relating to or connected with a wise man, learned, knowing. **वे** विद् who knows, **वज्** aff.

**वेदय** n. (-यः) 1. Cleverness, skill, dexterity. 2. Acuteness, sharpness. 3. Craft, cunning. **वे** विदय clever, **वज्** aff.

**वेदयन्** nf. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) 1. Cunning, craft. 2. Cleverness, dexterity, skill. 3. Knowledge, sharpness, wit. **वे** विदय clever, sharp, aff. **वज्**.

**वेदधर्म** n. (-धे) Crafty or indirect speech. m. (-धर्मः) 1. The sovereign of VIDARBHA, the father of DAMAYANTI', &c. 2. Gum-boil. f. (-धर्मः)

1. The law of VIDARBHA, as one by which consins german were allowed to intermarry in that country, &c. 2. The wife of AGASTYA. 3. DAMAYANTI', the wife of NALA. 4. RUKMINI', one of KRISHN'A's wives. 3. A particular style of composition, **वे** विदध the country so named, and **वज्** aff. of derivation or production.

**वेदक** mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Wicker, of cane, wicker or basket work. n. (-कः) 1. A shallow cup or saucer made of clay usually, though sometimes of metal, and sometimes of wood or wicker. 2. Any seat or vessel of basket or wicker-work. m. (-कः) 1. A flat unleavened cake, made of flour, &c., with cumin or coriander seeds, and fried in Ghee. 2. Any leguminous vegetable or grain, as peas, beans, &c. **वे** वि before दल् to divide, aff. **वज्**, and **वज्** added.

**वेदिक** mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Scriptural, derived from or conformable to the Vēdas. m. (-कः) A Brahman well-versed in the Vēdas. **वे** वेद, and **उज्** or **जिड्** aff.

**वेदिकत्व** n. (-त्वः) Scriptural character or origin. **वे** वेदिक relating to the Vēdas, and **त्व** aff. of the abstract. [of the Vēdas.]

**वेदिकपात्र** m. (-पात्रः) One who possesses only a smattering knowledge

**वेदुषी** f. (-षी) Learning, wisdom.

**वेदुष** nf. (-षः-शी) Learning, sapience. **वे** वेदुष a learned man, **वज्** aff.

**वेदुषी** n. (-षी) A gem of a dark colour, the lapis lazuli, **वे** वेदुष said to be the name of a mountain where the stone is found, or a city where it is polished, and **वज्** aff.

**वेदेशिक** mfn. (-कः-को-कं) Foreign, stranger. **वे** विदेश, and **उक्** aff.

**वेदेश्य** n. (-यः) Foreignness.

**वेदेह** m. (-हः) 1. A trader by caste or profession. 2. An attendant on the women's apartments: see the next. f. (-ही) 1. S'ITA', the daughter of JANAKA. 2. Long pepper. 3. The wife of a trader or woman of the Vaideha caste. 4. A sort of pigment, commonly Ro'chanā. **वे** विदेह the country, **वज्** aff. of origin or production.

**वेदेहक** m. (-कः) 1. A trader by profession. 2. A man of a mixed caste, the offspring of a Vais'ya father and Brāhman mother, whose business is attendance in the women's apartments. **वे** विदेह the country, **वज्** aff.; or **वि** various, दिह to collect, (goods, &c.,) aff. **वज्** and **वज्** added; or **विदेह** a king, the supposed author of rules for merchants, **वज्** aff., or with **वज्** aff. and **उक्** added **वेदेहक**.

**वेद्य** mfn. (-यः-यी-य) 1. Medical, practising or relating to medicine. 2. Relating or conformable to the Vēdas. m. (-यः) 1. A physician. 2. A tree, (Justicia ganderussa, &c.) 3. A learned man. 4. A follower of the Vēdas, or one well in them. 5. A man of a mixed class, the offspring of a Brāhmana by a Vais'ya woman. f. (-या) A drug, commonly KA'KOLĪ'. **वे** वेद the medical or A'yur-Vēdas or the Vēdas in general, and **यज्** or **वज्** aff.; or **विद्यावायस्य** **वज्**.

**वेद्यक** m. (-कः) A physician. n. (-कः) The science of medicine.

**वेद्यक्रिया** f. (-या) The practice of medicine. [lord.]

**वेद्यनाथ** m. (-यः) 1. S'IVA. 2. DHANWANTARĪ. **वे** वेद्य a physician, नाथ

**वेद्यवन्धु** m. (-वन्धुः) Cassia fistula. **वे** वेद्य a physician, वन्धु the friend.

**वेद्यमातृ** f. (-मातृ) A plant, (Justicia ganderussa.) "वासक". **वे** वेद्य a physician, and मातृ mother. [eminent, fem. aff. **उज्**.]

**वेद्यविषी** f. (-षी) A plant, (Justicia ganderussa.) **वे** वेद्य medical, विद्य pre-

**वेद्युत** f. (-ती) Proceeding from lightning, electric. [aff.]

**वेद्य** mfn. (-यः-यी-य) According to rule, preceptive, ritual. **वे** विधि, **वज्**

**वेद्यकी** n. (-की) 1. Irreligion, injustice, impropriety. 2. Difference of duty or obligation. 3. Difference of characteristic qualities. **वे** वि before वज् virtue, &c. **वज्** aff.

**वेद्यवेद्य** m. (-यः) The son of a widow.

**वेद्यवन्धु** n. (-वन्धुः) Widowhood. **वे** विधवा, and **वज्** aff.

**वेद्यवन्धु** m. (-वन्धुः) SANATKUMA'RA, the son of BRAHMA', and eldest of the

progenitors of mankind. **३.** विधात **BRAHMA'**, and चक्षु aff of descent; it is applicable also to the other three sons of the same deity.

**वेधिक** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Ritual, according to rule, &c. **३.** विधि, ठक् aff.

**वेधुयं** n. (यं) Agitation, tremor.

**वेधेय** mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) 1. Foolish, ignorant, an idiot, a fool. 2. Prescribed. **३.** विधेय performance of religious ceremonials, चक्षु aff.

**वेध्यात** m. (-तः) YAMA's porter or chamberlain. [with fire.]

**वेध्यातक** n. (-कः) A vessel for holding or pouring ghee, used at sacrifices

**वेनतेय** m. (-यः) GARUDA or ARUN'A. **३.** विनता their mother, ठक् aff.

**वेनयिक** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Relating to morals or behaviour. 2. Enforcing proper conduct. 3. Magisterial. m. (-कः) A chariot used formerly in battle, a war-carriage. **३.** विनय, and ठक् aff.; or in the latter sense, वि before यो to get, चक्षु aff., and ठक् added.

**वेनायिक** m. (-कः) A Baud'dha, a follower of Bud'dha or a doctrine of that sect. **३.** विनायक a Bud'dha or teacher of this sect, ठक् aff.

**वेनायिक** m. (-कः) 1. A dependent, a subject, a slave. 2. A spider. 3. An astrologer. **३.** विनाय loss, destruction, aff. ठक् or ठक्.

**वेनीतक** mn. (-कः-कं) 1. A mediate conveyance, as a proter carrying a lotter, a horse dragging a chariot, &c. **३.** वि variously, यो to take, aff. क्त, with कन् and चक्षु added. [aff. यञ्.]

**वेपरीय** n. (-यः) Contrariety, opposition, reverse. **३.** विपरीत contrary,

**वेपुल्य** n. (-ल्यः) 1. Abundance, plenty. 2. Largeness.

**वेकल्य** n. (-ल्यः) Fruitlessness.

**वेदीधिक** m. (-कः) A watchman, a bell man, one who announces the hours. **३.** विदीध awakening, ठक् aff.

**वेधव** n. (वं) 1. Grandeur, wealth. 2. Power. **३.** विभव and चक्षु added.

**वेभाजित** n. (-तः) Apportioning, dividing. **३.** विभाजयित one who makes a division or causes it to be made, चक्षु aff.; the semi-vowel rejected.

**वेभाषिक** f. (-की) Optional. [aff., चक्षु added.]

**वेभ** n. (-भः) The heaven of VISHN'U. **३.** वि variously, भाज् to shine, उ

**वेभाज** n. (-जः) A garden of the gods, a celestial grove or garden. **३.** वि variously, भाज् to shine, aff. यञ् and चक्षु added.

**वेमस्य** n. (-स्यः) 1. Dissonance. 2. Dislike, aversion.

**वेमनस्य** n. (-स्यः) 1. Mental distraction. 2. Sickness.

**वेमाद** m. (-दः) A step-mother's son. f. (-दा-दी) A step-mother's daughter. **३.** वि different, माद a mother, and चक्षु aff.

**वेमादेय** m. (यः) A step-mother's son f. (-यी) A half-sister, or one by a different mother. **३.** विमाद, ठक् aff. [३. विमान, ठक् aff.]

**वेमानिक** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Relating to a heavenly car, borne in one, &c.

**वेमुक्त** mfn. (क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) Liberated, emancipated, being at liberty or loose. n. (-क्तः) Liberation. **३.** विमुक्त free, loose, चक्षु aff., implying property or possession. [वाञ् aff.]

**वेमुख्य** n. (-ख्यः) 1. Turning away the face. 2. Flight, retreat. **३.** विमुख,

**वेम्य** m. (-यः) Barter, exchange. **३.** वि, मेङ् to barter, यन् aff., चक्षु added.

**वेयय** n. (-यं) 1. Perplexity. 2. Exclusive attention to any thing.

**वेयधिकरण** n. (यं) The having different substrata.

**वेयथे** n. (-थे) Unprofitableness, uselessness. **३.** व्यथे useless, वाञ् aff.

**वेयाकरण** mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Grammatical, relating to grammar. m. (-कः) A grammarian, **३.** व्याकरण grammar, चक्षु aff.

**वेयाकरणवाच** m. (-वाः) A bad grammarian. [tiger, चक्षु aff.]

**वेयात्र** mfn. (-घः-घो-घं) Covered with a tiger-skin, (a car, &c.) **३.** व्याघ्र a

**वेयात्र** n. (-त्रः) Immodesty, boldness. **३.** वियात्र and वाञ् aff.

**वेयासकि** m. (-किः) A son of VYA'SA.

**वेयुष्ट** mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टी-ष्टं) Early, betimes, occurring or performed in the morning. **३.** व्यष्ट morning, चक्षु aff.

**वेर** n. (-रः) 1. Enmity, hostility. 2. Heroism, prowess. **३.** वीर a warrior, aff. चक्षु.

**वेरकर** mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Causing or occasioning enmity, making. **३.** वेर and कर who or what makes..

**वेरकार** m. (रः) An enemy. **३.** वेर and कार who makes.

**वेरक्य** n. (-क्यः) 1. Aversion, displeasure, dislike. 2. Absence of worldly attachment. **३.** विरक्त and वाञ् aff.

**वेरकिक** m. (-कः) An ascetic, a devotee, one who has subdued passion or desire. **३.** वि privative, रक् passion, aff. ठक् or ठक्.

**वेरनियार्तन** n. (-नः) Revenge, retaliation, requital of an injury. **३.** वेर enmity, नियार्तन donation, return.

**वेरप्रतिक्रिया** f. (-या) Revenge. **३.** वेर enmity, प्रतिक्रिया return.

**वेरक** n. (-कः) 1. Scarceness, rareness. 2. Looseness. [fication.]

**वेरयुधि** f. (-धिः) Revenge, retaliation, requital. **३.** वेर enmity, युधि puri-

**वेराग** n. (-गः) Absence of worldly passion or desire. **३.** वि privative, राग passion, चक्षु aff.; with वाञ् aff. वेराग्य। [राग passion, ठक् aff.]

**वेरागिक** m. (-कः) An ascetic, one with subdued passions. **३.** वि priv,

**वेरागिन्** m. (-गी) An ascetic, a devotee, one who has subdued his world-ly desires : at present the term in common use is applied to a particular class of religious mendicants. **३.** वेराग absence of passion, aff. रणि।

**वेराग्य** n. (यं) Subjection of the appetite and passions, absence of worldly desires. **३.** विराग and वाञ् aff.; see वेराग। [added.]

**वेराट** m. (-टः) An earth-worm. **३.** वि before राज् to shine, aff. क्तिप्, चक्षु

**वेराव्या** f. (-व्या) One of the sixteen goddesses of the Baud'dhas, termed Vidya' de'vis or goddesses of learning.

**वेरावृत्त** m. (-वृत्तः) Commencement of hostilities.

**वेरावृत्तिन्** m. (-न्) 1. VISHN'U. 2. The solar ray which is charged with heat. **३.** वेर heroism or strength, वृत्तिन् connected with.

**वेरायमाण** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Hostile, inimical, an enemy. **३.** वेर enmity, used as a verb, with क्त्वाङ् and घानच् affs. [ascending.]

**वेरायुध** m. (-युधः) Desperate or arduous combat. **३.** वेर enmity, &c. वीर्य

**वेरिता** f. (-ता) 1. Enmity. 2. Heroism. **३.** वेरिन् and तल् aff.; also with ल, वेरित्वं। [वेर enmity, रणि aff.]

**वेरिन्** mfn. (-री-री-रि) Hostile. m. (री) 1. An enemy. 2. A hero. **३.** वीर्य

**वेरुय** n. (-यः) 1. Deformity. 2. Difference of form, &c. **३.** विरुय, यञ् aff.

**वेरीचन** m. (नः) 1. The third of the Bud'dhas, called Dhyāni Bud'dhas. 2. BALI', the sovereign so named. 3. The son of AGNI. 4. The son of SURYA, or the sun. 5. A Sid'dha, a sort of demi-god or deified mortal. **३.** विरीचन the sun, &c. and aff. of descent चक्षु.

**वेरीचननिकेतन** n. (-नः) Pātāla the intermediate region between the earth and Tartarus or Naraka, over part of which BALI' presides. **३.** वेरीचन the prince BALI', and निकेतन abode; the sovereign of this name being an incarnate Daitya or hereditary foe of the gods, and being invested with a sovereignty in the lower regions after his humiliation by VISHN'U. [विरीचन, यञ् aff. of descent.]

**वेरीचनि** m. (-निः) 1. A BUD'DHA. 2. BALI'. 3. The son of SURYA. **३.**

**वेरीचि** m. (-चिः) The demon or Daitya VĀN'A.

**वेरीहार** n. (-रः) Revenge, retaliation. **३.** वेर enmity, and हार a debt.

**वेरुचय** n. (-यः) Difference, contrariety. **३.** विरुचय, and वाञ् aff.

**वेरुच्य** n. (-च्यः) 1. Contrariety, reverse, inversion. 2. Contrary course or conduct to that which is usual or natural. 3. Absence of any characteristic. 4. Shame. 5. Sorrow. **३.** विरुच, and वाञ् aff.

**वेरीय** n. (-यः) Opposition, contrariety.

**वेल्** mfn. (-लः-ली-लं) Relating or belonging to the Vilwa-tree. n. (-लः) The fruit of the Vilwa, (Ægle marmelos.) **३.** विलु the tree, चक्षु aff.

**वेल्मय** mfn. (-यः-यी-यं) Made of the Vilwa, of the wood, &c. of that tree. **३.** वेल् relating to the Be'l, and सयट् aff.

**वेव'व'विक** m. (-कः) A chandler, a vender of grain, oil, ghee, fruit, sweet-meats, &c. **३.** विवव storing grain, &c., aff. ठक्।

**वेव'व'विक** n. (-व'व'वः) 1. Change of colour or complexion. 2. Change of colour in general. 3. Deviation or secession from tribe or caste, &c. 4. Heterogeneousness, difference. **३.** वि privative or contra-indicative, and व'व'व' colour, tribe, &c., aff. वाञ्.

**वेव'व'विक** m. (-तः) 1. YAMA. 2. One of the RUDRAS. 3. The seventh MANU

or the MANU of the present period. 4. The planet Saturn. n. (-व) The present age, presided over by the seventh MANU. n. विद्वत् the sun, चक् aff.

विवाह mfn. (-कः कौ-कौ) Nuptial, matrimonial, relating to marriage. m. (-वः-वः) A marriage. m. (-कः) The bride or bridegroom's father-in-law. n. विवाह marriage, उक् aff. of reference or relation.

विश्व n. (-वः) 1. Whiteness. 2. Cleanness, purity, (literally or figuratively.) 3. Composure. n. विमद white, &c., चक् aff.

विश्वामित्र m. (-नः) A sage, the original teacher of the Yajur-Ve'da, and narrator of the Maha'bha'rata to JANAMEJAYA. [रा चक्.]

विश्व n. (-सः) 1. Hindrance, impediment. 2. Slaughter. n. विमद सारः सारो विश्व n. (-सः) 1. Government, sway, rule. 2. The state of being disarmed or defenceless. n. विमद ruling, चक् aff., and the pen. vowel changed; or वि private, शस्त्र a weapon, and चक् aff.

विश्वामित्र m. (-सः) 1. The month in which the moon is full near the southern scale, (April-May), the first month in the Hindu calendar. 2. A churning-stick. n. (-सः) A particular attitude in shooting, standing with the feet a span apart. f. (-खी) The day of full-moon in the month of Vaisa'k'ha. n. विश्वाखा the constellation in which the moon is full in this month, चक् aff.; or विश्वाखा said to mean here, pervading, revolving, चक् aff.

विह्वल n. (-कः) Harlotry, allurements of harlots. m. (-कः) A man who associates with courtesans. n. वेश्या, and उक् aff.

विश्वामित्र n. (-वः) 1. Endowment with some distinguishing attributes. 2. Distinction, peculiarity. 3. Excellence. n. विश्व, चक् aff.

विश्वामित्र m. (-कः) A follower of the Vais'e'shika doctrine. n. (-कः) The Vais'e'shika doctrine, or branch of the Nyā'ya or logical school of philosophy, instituted by KANĀ'DA. It differs from GAUTAMA's system in recognizing only seven categories instead of sixteen. n. विश्व difference, (from the original Nyā'ya of GAUTAMA), उक् aff.

विश्व n. (-वः) 1. Specific or generic distinction. 2. Superiority, pre-eminence. n. विश्व, and चक् aff.

विश्वामित्र m. (-सः) The Vais'ya or man of the third or agricultural and mercantile tribe. f. (-सः) A woman of the Vais'ya caste. n. विश्व to enter, (fields, &c.) क्तिप् aff., यञ् pleonasm added. [विश्वकर्म, &c.]

विश्वक्रिया f. (-या) 1. Trade, agriculture. n. विश्वक्रिया act, business; also विश्वक्रिया f. (-या) Agriculture or trade. n. विश्व, and उक्ति subsistence.

विश्वामित्र m. (-वः) 1. KURVĀNA, the god of wealth. 2. RA'VAN'A. n. विश्वम् their father, aff. चक्, and the form irr.

विश्वामित्र m. (-यः) The Indian-fig tree. n. विश्वामित्र KURVĀNA, वासव abode.

विश्वामित्र m. (-सः) The Indian-fig tree. n. विश्वामित्र KURVĀNA, वासव abode.

विश्वामित्र m. (-यः) The Indian-fig tree. n. विश्वामित्र, उदय prosperity.

विश्वामित्र mfn. (-वः-वी-वः) 1. Sacred or dedicated to the Vis'wadevas, offered to them, relating to them, &c. 2. Relating to all divinities. n. (-वः) Offering to all the divinities. f. (-वी) Species of the Pankti' metre. n. विश्वदेव, and चक् aff.

विश्वामित्र n. (-वः) Oblation of offering to the deities collectively. n. विश्वदेव, and कर्मन् aot. [burnt-offering]

विश्वामित्र n. (-नः) Oblation to the Vis'wadevas. n. विश्वदेव, and वीन

विश्वामित्र mfn. (-वः-वी-वः) Relating to, fit for, &c., all men. m. (-वः) 1. AGNI or fire. 2. The digestive fire. 3. The supreme being. f. (-वी) A particular sacrifice to be performed at the beginning of every year. n. विश्वामित्र a Muni, or विश्व all, नर mankind, चक् aff. of descent.

विश्वामित्र f. (-वी) Trust-worthy.

विश्वामित्र f. (-वी) The second of the constellations called A'SHA'DHA'; and twenty-first of the whole. n. विश्व Vis'wadeva, चक् and उक् affs.; those deities presiding over the asterism.

विश्वामित्र n. (-वः) 1. Inequality, unevenness. 2. Solitariness, singleness. 3. Difficulty. 4. Injustice. n. विश्व odd, uneven, &c., aff. चक्.

विश्वामित्र m. (-कः) 1. A sensualist, one addicted to the pleasures of sense.

2. One occupied with worldly objects or interests. f. (-वी) 1. Relating to any object. 2. Relating to an object of sense. n. विश्वम् an object of sense, and उक् aff.

विश्वामित्र n. (-वः) The ashes of a burnt-offering. n. विश्व before क् to praise, aff. क and चक् added. [aff.]

विश्वामित्र n. (-वः) 1. A world. 2. Air. 3. Heaven. n. विश्व to extend, उक् Una'di

विश्वामित्र mfn. (-वः-वी-वः) Relating or belonging to VISHN'U. m. (-वः) 1. A follower of VISHN'U. 2. One of the modern Hindu sects, (the VAISHNABAS, the S'AIVAS and the S'A'KRAS are the three important modern Hindu sects.) f. (-वी) 1. One of the Mātṛis, the personified energy or S'akti' of VISHN'U. 2. A name of DURGĀ'. 3. A flower, (Clitoria ternatea.) 4. Sacred basil, (Ocimum sanctum.) n. (-वः) The ashes of a burnt offering. n. विश्व VISHN'U, चक् aff., fem. aff. उक्.

विश्वामित्र m. (-वः) A fish. n. विश्व before क् to go, विनि aff., and चक् added.

विश्वामित्र n. (-नः) A man's assuming female attire, (in the drama.) n. विश्व before क् to make known, क्त्वा aff., and चक् added.

विश्वामित्र f. (-वी) Being in the air.

विश्वामित्र f. (-वी) One on whom jokes are to be practised; (as to the brother of a wife.) n. विश्वामित्र joke, चक् aff. [उक्.]

विश्वामित्र m. (-कः) A comic actor, a buffoon. n. विश्व, वास laughter, aff.

विश्वामित्र f. (-वी) A female servant or slave. n. वृत् to contract, aff. चक्, and व being substituted for प; perhaps more correctly वीटा।

विश्वामित्र m. (-वः) 1. A large snake, (Borā or Boa Constrictor.) 2. A sort of fish. f. (-वी) The fourth part of a Paṇa. n. वा-वा-उक्.

विश्वामित्र mfn. (-वः-वी-वः) 1. To be borne or carried. 2. Able to bear or carry. n. वृत् to bear, त्वक् aff., form irr.

विश्वामित्र m. (-वः) The son of a woman living in her father's house, and whose husband is absent. n. वृत् to bear, उक् aff., form irr.

विश्वामित्र m. (-वः) 1. A bridegroom. 2. A porter, a bearer. 3. A charioteer. 4. A bull. 5. A guide, a leader. 6. A son. 7. A draught-horse. n. वृत् to bear, aff. त्वक्, उ changed to ट, वी substituted for the vowel.

विश्वामित्र m. (-वः) A stalk, a stem.

विश्वामित्र mfn. (-वः-वी-वः) Wet, moist, damp.

विश्वामित्र m. (-वः) A sheat-fish, (Silurus Boidis, HAV.) "वीशाल माक्।"

विश्वामित्र m. (-वः) A sort of pulse, (Dolichos catjang.) n. Apparently not a Sanskrit word, though occurring in regular compounds.

विश्वामित्र m. (-कः) A scribe, a writer. n. See वीमल।

विश्वामित्र m. (-वः) A sort of jasmine. "कुन्दपुष्पः।"

विश्वामित्र f. (-वी) A sort of mat or mattress for sleeping on. n. वीर Dolichos catjang, वृत् coarse cloth; perhaps made of the straw.

विश्वामित्र m. (-वः) A kind of rice, which is cut in March or April. "वीरोधान्।"

विश्वामित्र m. (-नः) A horse, described as of a white and red colour.

विश्वामित्र m. (-नः) Gum-myrrh. n. वा to go, to smell, उक् चक् aff.

विश्वामित्र m. (-कः) A scribe. f. (-लिङ्ग) A sort of cake or pudding made with flour and sugar. n. वा to go, and उक् चक् aff., and कन् added; also क् being changed to र, वीरक।

विश्वामित्र m. (-वः) A horse, with white mane and tail.

विश्वामित्र n. (-वः) A vessel, a ship.

विश्वामित्र Ind. An exclamation used on offering an oblation to the gods or manes. n. वृत् to bear, (what is borne by this,) and उक् चक् aff.

विश्वामित्र m. (-कः) A mountain. n. विश्व various, चक् part, कन् added.

विश्वामित्र mfn. (-कः-का-कः) Undressed, naked. n. विश्व priv., चक् चक् a garment.

विश्वामित्र m. (-कः) A cheat, a juggler. n. विश्व before चक् to divide, चक् चक् aff.

विश्वामित्र n. (-नः) Cheating, tricking. n. विश्व, चक् to divide, क्त्वा aff.

विश्वामित्र mfn. (-वः-वी-वः) To be deceived or cheated. n. विश्व before चक् to divide, चक् चक् aff.; also अस्मिन् and अस्मिन्। [aff. क।]

विश्वामित्र mfn. (-वः-वी-वः) Deceived, tricked, cheated. n. विश्व, चक् to divide, चक् चक् aff.

विश्वामित्र mfn. (-कः-का-कः) 1. Wise, learned. 2. Evident, manifest, apparent, absolutely and specifically known or understood. 3. Individual, specific. n. विश्व before चक् to make clear, aff. क।

व्यक्तत्वं n. (-त्वं) Distinctness, manifestation. ३. त्व added to the last; also व्यक्तता ।

व्यक्तदृष्टार्थं mfn. (-र्थः-दृष्टं-र्थः) Perceiving, understanding, present, an eye-witness. ३. व्यक्त evident, दृष्ट seen, चर्च meaning or object, (by whom.)

व्यक्तराशय f. (-यः) Known or absolute quantity. ३. व्यक्त, राशय quantity.

व्यक्तलक्षणं mfn. (-लक्षणः) Evident by certain signs or marks, manifested, characterised. ३. व्यक्त, and लक्षण a mark.

व्यक्ति f. (-क्तिः) 1. Individuality, specific appearance or being. 2. Appearance, manifestation. 3. Case, inflexion, or the proper form of any inflected word. ३. वि before चञ् to make clear, aff. क्तिन् ।

व्यक्तिता f. (-ता) Individuality. ३. तत् added to व्यक्ति; also with त्व व्यक्तित्व ।

व्यक्तोक्तरण n. (-णं) Making distinct or manifest. ३. व्यक्ति, कर्त्तर making वि aug. [aug.]

व्यक्तोक्तम् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Made clear or manifest. ३. व्यक्ति, क्त made, वि

व्यक्तोभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Distinct, clear. ३. व्यक्ति, भूत become, वि aug.

व्यक्तोदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Manifested, displayed. ३. व्यक्त, उदित risen or said.

व्यथ mfn. (-यः-था-यः) 1. Bewildered, perplexed, distracted. 2. Alarmed, agitated, frightened. 3. Engaged in, zealous, eager. ३. वि before अथ chief, principal. [with त्व, व्यथत् ।

व्यथता f. (-ता) 1. Perplexity, anxiety. 2. Zeal. ३. तत् added to the last;

व्यङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-ङ्गी-ङ्गः) 1. Deformed, lame. 2. Bodiless. 3. Ill-arranged. m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A frog. 2. A cripple. 3. Discoloration of the face, dark spots on the cheek. ३. वि depreciative, &c., चङ्ग body.

व्यङ्गार mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Having no fire alight. ३. वि priv., चङ्गार hot coals.

व्यङ्गुल n. (-लः) The 60th part of a digit or Angula. ३. वि, चङ्गुल a digit.

व्यङ्ग्य m. (-ङ्ग्यः) 1. Figurative or poetical speech, elliptical language or that which conveys something more than the simple meaning of the words. 2. Sarcasm, the covert but intelligible expression of suspicion or contempt. ३. वि before चञ् to make clear or manifest, aff. व्यत्, or चञ् aff and यत् added.

व्यव r. 6th cl. (विवातः) To cheat, to trick, to defraud or deceive.

व्यज m. (-जः) A fan. ३. वि before चञ् to go, च aff.

व्यजन n. (-नः) A fan. ३. वि before चञ् to go, aff. छट् ।

व्यञ्जक m. (-कः) 1. External indication of passion or feeling. 2. A sign, a mark, a symbol. 3. Figurative or elliptical expression. f. (-ञ्जका) 1. Showing, making clear. 2. Suggesting a meaning, as applied to a word or sense, (opposed to वाचक and लाक्षणिक) ३. वि before चञ् to manifest, aff. व्यत् ।

व्यञ्जकत्व n. (-त्वः) The nature or existence of figurative or poetical expression. ३. व्यञ्जक, and त्व added.

व्यञ्जन n. (-नः) 1. A mark, a spot, a sign, a token. 2. Paraphernalia, insignia. 3. The beard. 4. A privy, part, either male or female. 5. Sauce, condiment. 6. A consonant. 7. Making clear. 8. A sign of puberty. 9. A limb, a member. mf. (-नः-ना) 1. Figurative expression. 2. Irony, sarcasm. ३. वि before चञ् to make clear, छट् aff.

व्यञ्जनादिति f. (-तिः) Rhetorical or elliptical style. ३. व्यञ्जना, and इति style.

व्यञ्जयत् mfn. (-यत्-यतो-यत्) Making visible. ३. वि, चञ् to go, यट् aff.

व्यञ्जित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Distinguished, characterised. 2. Manifested, visible. 3. Suggested. ३. वि before चञ् to go, क्त्वा aff.

व्यञ्जिष्यु mfn. (-युः-युः-युः) Wishing or trying to expose, detect, make manifest, &c. ३. वि before चञ् to go, desid. v., उ aff.

व्यङ्ग्यक m. (-कः) The castor-oil plant, (Ricinus communis). ३. वि before चञ् to strive, aff. चञ्, व्यङ्ग here said to mean excretion, चति to go, to cause, व्यत् aff., form irr; also with युच् aff. व्यङ्ग्यन m. (-नः) and by another reading, व्यङ्ग्यर; other etymologies are given.

व्यतिरिक्त mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Reciprocal, acting on or with one another. 2. Pervading, who or what spreads through or over. 3. Contiguous to, in contact with. (-रः) 1. Misfortune, calamity. 2. Reciprocity, reciprocal action or relation 3. Reverse. 4. Contact, contiguity.

5. Opportunity. 6. An occurrence, an incident. 7. Mixing together. ३. वि and चति before क्त्वा to make, to do, aff. चञ् ।

व्यतिक्रम f. (-च) Mixed together, blended together.

व्यतिक्रम m. (-नः) 1. Inverted or retrograde order, inversion, reverse. 2. Contrariety, opposition in general; as the contrary of what is right or wrong, crime, vice: the contrary of prosperity, adversity, misfortune, &c. 3. Retraction, non-performance, (as of contracts.) 4. Passing over or beyond. ३. वि and चति before क्त्वा to go, aff. चञ् ।

व्यतिक्रान्त mfn. (-नः-ना-तः) Reversed, inverted. 2. Retracted. 3. Passed over. 4. Violated. ३. वि and चति before क्त्वा to go, क्त्वा aff.

व्यतिरिक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) 1. Different, distinct. 2. Excepted. 3. Withdrawn. 4. Surpassing. ३. वि and चति before रिच् to unite, aff. क्त्वा ।

व्यतिरेक m. (-कः) 1. Difference, separateness. 2. A figure in rhetoric, the dissimilitude of things compared in some respects to each other. 3. Exception, exclusion. 4. Excelling. 5. Contrast. 6. A logical discontinuance, opposed to अन्वय, (In Nya'ya Phil.) ३. वि and चति before रिच् to unite, aff. चञ् ।

व्यतिरेकव्याप्ति f. (-तिः) Comprehensive argument derived from negatives or non-existence. ३. व्यतिरेक, and व्याप्ति pervading.

व्यतिरेकिन् mfn. (-की-किणी-कि) 1. Different, reverse. 2. Excepting, distinguishing. 3. Implying negation or non-existence. 4. Excelling. ३. व्यतिरेक, and इति or चितुच् aff. [उदाहरण example.]

व्यतिरेकुदाहरण n. (-णः) Illustration by contrast or negatives. ३. व्यतिरेकिन् व्यतिरेक m. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तः) Mutually connected, joined, related, &c. ३. वि and चति before चञ् to embrace, aff. क्त्वा ।

व्यतिरेक्य m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Mutual or reciprocal junction or relation. 2. Fastening, tying together. 3. Union. 5. Intermixture. ३. वि and चति before चञ् to embrace, and चञ् aff. [aff.]

व्यतिरेक्यवत् mfn. (-वत्-वतो-वत्) Connected, united, mixed. ३. व्यतिरेक्य, चञ्

व्यति(तो)हार m. (-रः) 1. Barter, exchange. 2. Exchange of blow or abuse. 3. Reciprocity. ३. वि and चति before ह्र to take, aff. चञ् ।

व्यतीत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Past, gone. 2. Departed from. 3. Disregarded. ३. वि before व्यतीत the same.

व्यतीपात m. (-तः) 1. Great and portentous calamity, or a portent, indicating or occasioning it and therefore identified with it, as a comet, an earthquake, &c. 2. Disrespect, contempt. 3. The seventeenth of the astrological Yōgas. 4. Day of new-moon when it falls on a Sunday, and the moon is in certain mansions, Shrivān'a, &c. ३. वि and चति before पत् to fall, &c., aff. चञ् ।

व्यतीहार m. (-रः) 1. Barter, exchange. 2. Exchange of blows or abuse. ३. वि, and चति implying reciprocity, ह्र to take, aff. चञ्, and optionally made long: see व्यतिहार ।

व्यवयव m. (-यः) 1. Contrariety, opposition, reverse. 2. Inverted or retrograde order. 3. Interchange. ३. वि + चति before वृच् to go, aff. चञ् । व्यवस mfn. (-सः-सा-सः) Reversed, inverted, contrary, opposite. ३. वि and चति before वृच् to throw, क्त्वा aff.

व्यवसाय m. (-सः) 1. Contrariety, opposition, reverse. 2. Inverted or retrograde order. 3. Reversed position. ३. वि and चति before वृच् to throw or send, aff. चञ् ।

व्यथ r. 1st cl. (व्यथ) 1. To fear. 2. To be disquieted or unhappy. 3. To be sorry or vexed. 4. To suffer pain. 5. To become dry.

व्यथक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) 1. Inflicting pain, torturing, painful. 2. Distressing, afflicting. ३. व्यथ् to give pain, क्त्वा aff.

व्यथन n. (-नः) Giving pain, painning. ३. व्यथ् to pain, छट् aff.

व्यथनीय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be put to pain, what may be or ought to be pained. ३. व्यथ्, and व्यनीयर् aff.; also व्यथ and व्यथित् ।

व्यथयत् mfn. (-यत्-यतो-यत्) Paining, distressing. ३. व्यथ् to pain, यट् aff.

व्यथा f. (-था) 1. Pain. 2. Distress. 3. Alarm, fear. 4. Perturbation. ३. व्यथ् to fear, to suffer pain, &c., affs. चञ् and टाप् ।

व्यथाकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Painful, excruciating. ३. व्यथा, कर what makes.

**रक्षित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Free from pain. **रक्षित**, and **रक्षित** quitted.  
**रक्षित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Pained, tortured. 2. Distressed, afflicted. 3. Disturbed, troubled. 4. Alarmed, frightened. **रक्षित** pain, **रक्षित** aff.  
**रक्षित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Being agitated, distressed, pained, &c. **रक्षित** to suffer pain, pass. v., **रक्षित** aff.  
**रक्ष** (वी) चीर्य **रक्ष** 4th cl. (विधत्ति) To beat, to strike, to pierce, to tear, to hurt or wound. With **रक्ष**, 1. To wound. 2. To intertwine. With **रक्ष**, 1. To cast away. 2. To pierce. With **रक्ष**, To throw, to pierce. With **रक्ष**, To wound, to pierce.  
**रक्ष** m. (-रक्षः) 1. Perforating, piercing. 2. Striking, smiting. **रक्ष** to strike, &c., aff. **रक्ष**।  
**रक्ष** n. (-रक्षः) Piercing, perforating. **रक्ष** to pierce, **रक्ष** aff.  
**रक्षित** m. (-रक्षः) The subsisting in different substrata.  
**रक्षित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Made, done, caused.  
**रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः) To be pierced or wounded. m. (-रक्षः) A butt, a mark to shoot at. **रक्ष** to pierce, aff. **रक्ष**।  
**रक्ष** m. (-रक्षः) A bad road. **रक्ष** depreciative, **रक्ष** a road, **रक्ष** aff.  
**रक्ष** m. (-रक्षः) Reverberation, loud and extending sound or noise. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to sound, **रक्ष** aff.  
**रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः-रक्षः) 1. Causing to reverberate, filling with sound or noise. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to sound, causal v., **रक्ष** aff.  
**रक्ष** r. 10th cl. (रक्षयति-ते) 1. To diminish, to decay. 2. To throw.  
**रक्ष** f. (-रक्षः) Taken off, removed.  
**रक्ष** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone away. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to go, **रक्ष** aff.  
**रक्ष** m. (-रक्षः) Going away, departure. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to go, **रक्ष** aff.  
**रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः-रक्षः) Ashamed. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to be shameless, **रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः-रक्षः) 1. Named. 2. Informed. 3. Tricked. 4. Pleaded in excuse. 4. Shown. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to show, **रक्ष** aff.  
**रक्ष** m. (-रक्षः) 1. Dishonesty, fraud, craft. 2. Stratagem, device.  
**रक्ष** 3. Name, appellation. 4. Information, notice, apprising. 5. Hint. 6. Excuse, pretext. 7. Family, race. 8. Fame, repute. 9. Naming. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to show, aff. **रक्ष**।  
**रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः-रक्षः) 1. Deceiving, a cheat. 2. One who shows, names, &c. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to show, **रक्ष** aff. [taken].  
**रक्ष** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Taken away, removed. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to grow, causal v., **रक्ष** aff.  
**रक्ष** m. (-रक्षः) Extirpating, expelling. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to grow, causal v., **रक्ष** aff.  
**रक्ष** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Extirpated, eradicated, expelled. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to grow, causal v., **रक्ष** aff.  
**रक्ष** f. (-रक्षः) Repelling, denial. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** implying opposition, and **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to make, aff. **रक्ष**।  
**रक्ष** m. (-रक्षः) 1. Taking refuge with, lying upon, trusting to. 2. Expectation. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** and **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to serve, aff. **रक्ष**।  
**रक्ष** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Having taken refuge with, relying upon, who or what does so. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** and **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to serve, aff. **रक्ष**।  
**रक्ष** Ind. Having sought or taken refuge with. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** and **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to serve, **रक्ष** aff.  
**रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः-रक्षः) Expectant, waiting, attentive. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to see, **रक्ष** aff. [ल्युट् aff.].  
**रक्ष** n. (-रक्षः) Expecting, looking for. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to see, **रक्ष** aff.  
**रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः-रक्षः) To be expected or looked for. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to see, **रक्ष** aff.; also **रक्ष** and **रक्ष**।  
**रक्ष** f. (-रक्षः) Expectation, especially if reciprocal. 2. Mutual connection or relation. 3. Application, use. 4. (In grammar,) The mutual application of two rules. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** severally, **रक्ष** looking to.  
**रक्ष** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Looked to reciprocally. 2. Mutually related. 3. Employed, applied. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** and **रक्ष** expected.  
**रक्ष** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Gone, passed away, got rid of. 2. Opposed, contrary. 3. Severed. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to go, **रक्ष** aff.

**रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः-रक्षः) 1. Opposite, contrary, reverse. 2. Driven off or away. 3. Exhibited. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** and **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to bear, **रक्ष** aff.

**रक्ष** m. (-रक्षः) Driving away, Keeping off.

**रक्ष** Ind. 1. Having driven away, got rid of. 2. Having passed through a place. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** and **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to convey, **रक्ष** aff.

**रक्ष** m. (-रक्षः) 1. Following improper courses, doing what is prohibited or wicked. 2. Erring, straying, (literally or figuratively.) 3. Wandering from an argument, a fallacious He'tu, one without the Sa'dhya, (in logic.) 4. Infidelity of a husband or wife. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** and **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to go, aff. **रक्ष**।

**रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः-रक्षः) 1. Following or doing improper. 2. Going astray, (literally or figuratively.) n. (-रक्षः) A property, or class of properties into which feelings and emotions, as objects of poetical description are classed; or the transitory feeling, (op. to स्थायिन्) which does not pervade a composition but, if properly developed at any stage, strengthens the prevailing sentiment. the Bha'vas called VYABHICHA'RIAS are thirty-two in number, to which two others are sometimes added, making thirty-four, viz :—1. NIRVEDA, humility, self-abasement; 2. GLA'NI, weakness, exhaustion; 3. S'ANKA', apprehension; 4. ASU'A', calumny; 5. MADA, inebriety; 6. S'HRAMA, fatigue; 7. A'LASYA, indolence; 8. DAINYA, indigence, distress. 6. CHINTA', secret desire; contemplation of the object beloved; 10. MO'HA, loss of sense or presence of mind from fear, anxiety, &c., 11. SMRTI', recollection but especially the recollection of an absent or faithless lover excited by present objects, 12. DHRTI', the enjoyment or consciousness of amatory woe, resignation or abandonment to despair, &c.; 13. VIR'ADA, shame; 14. CHAPALATA', fickleness, unsteadiness, want of firmness and steadiness; 15. HARS'A, delight; 16. AN'GA, hurry, hurried haste; 17. JARATA', ignorance, imbecility; 18. GARVA, pride, arrogance; 19. BISHADA, want of energy or spirits, depression of mind; 20. AUSA'RYA, regret, painful remembrance of some object lost or absent; 21. NIDRA', sluggishness, sleepiness; 22. APASMA'RA, epilepsy; 23. S'URTA, sleep; 24. BINDHA, waking; 25. AMARSHA, wrathful impatience; 26. ABHIT'HA', dissimulation; 27. UGRATA', passion, rage; 28. MATI, intelligence, knowledge; 29. UPALAMBHA, reviling, 30. BYADHI, sickness, disease, 31. USMA'DA, madness, delirium; 32. MARAN'A, death; the other two are, 33. TRA'SA, fear; 34. BIRAKA, doubt, deliberation f. (रक्षः) A wanton woman, an unchaste wife. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** and **रक्ष** before **रक्ष** to go, aff. **रक्ष**।  
**रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः-रक्षः) Uncloud. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** priv., **रक्ष** a cloud.

**रक्ष** r. 1st cl. (रक्षति-त) To go, to move. r. 10th cl. (रक्षयति-ते) 1. To lessen, to diminish. 2. To send. r. 1st and 10th cls. (रक्षयति-ते) 1. To expend, to disburse, to abandon wealth, to give away money, &c. 2. To move, &c. (रक्षयति-ते) To drive.

**रक्ष** m. (-रक्षः) 1. Expenditure, spending. 2. Destruction, disappearance. 3. Misfortune, downfall, decline. 4. Obstacle. 5. Loss, waste. 1. (-रक्षः) Mutable, liable to decay. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** to expend, &c., aff. **रक्ष**।

**रक्ष** n. (-रक्षः) 1. Spending. 2. Destroying. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** aff.

**रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः-रक्षः) Spending, expending. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** to expend, aff.

**रक्ष** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Expended, spent. 2. Gone, dissipated, dispersed. 3. Declined, fallen into decay. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** to export, aff. **रक्ष**।

**रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः-रक्षः) 1. Spending. 2. Declining, falling into calamity. 3. Wasting, decaying. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** and **रक्ष** aff.

**रक्ष** n. (-रक्षः) Expending, wasting. **रक्ष** **रक्ष**, **रक्ष** augment.

**रक्ष** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Expended, wasted. **रक्ष** **रक्ष**, **रक्ष** made, **रक्ष** augment.

**रक्ष** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Spent, wasted. **रक्ष** **रक्ष**, **रक्ष** been, **रक्ष** augment.

**रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः-रक्षः) 1. Asked. 2. Gone. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** to ask, with **रक्ष** prefix, and **रक्ष** aff. [प्र. **रक्ष** meaning, object.]

**रक्ष** mfn. (-रक्षः-रक्षः-रक्षः) 1. Useless, unprofitable. 2. Unmeaning. **रक्ष** **रक्ष** aff.

**अर्थक** mfn. (-कः का-क) Vain, useless. **इ.** कन् added to the last.

**अर्थकता** f. (-ता) Unprofitableness, uselessness. **इ.** अर्थक, and तल् aff.

**अर्थता** f. (-ता) 1. Unprofitableness, uselessness. 2. Absence of meaning, nonsense. **इ.** तल् added to अर्थ; also with ल, अर्थल.

**अश्लीक** mfn. (-कः का-क) 1. Disagreeable, displeasing, offensive. 2. Improper, unfit to be done. 3. Painful. 4. Strange. 5. False. **न.** (-च) 1. Pain, torture. 2. Fault, transgression. 3. Any thing displeasing. 4. Any improper act. 5. Reverse. 6. Cheating, tricking. **म.** (-च) A catamite. **इ.** वि and चल् to be able or to adorn, aff. ईकल् ।

**अश्लीकता** f. (-ता) 1. Impropriety. 2. Disagreeableness. **इ.** तल् added to the last; also with ल, अश्लीकल.

**अवकलन** n. (-न) 1. Subtraction, (in math.) 2. Separation. **इ.** वि and अव before कल् to reckon, छट् aff.

**अवकलित** mfn. (-तः ता-त) Subtracted, deducted. **न.** (-तं) Subtraction. **इ.** वि and अव before कल् to count, and ञ् aff.

**अवकीर्ण** n. (-न) 1. Wrangling, altercation, mutual abuse. 2. Abuse, reviling. **इ.** वि and अव before कृष् to call, छट् aff.

**अवच्छिन्न** mfn. (-तः ता-त) 1. Different, separate, divided. 2. Distinguished, discriminated. 3. Cut in pieces. 4. Interrupted. **इ.** वि and अव before छिद् to cut, aff. ञ् ।

**अवच्छिद** m. (-दः) 1. Dividing, separating. 2. A division. 3. Discrimination. 4. Contrast, distinction. 5. Letting fly an arrow, shooting, darting. 6. Cutting in pieces. **इ.** वि and अव before छिद् to cut, aff. चञ् ।

**अवच्छिन्नमान** mfn. (-नः ना-न) Arranged, placed. **इ.** वि and अव before स्था to stay, शानच् aff.

**अवधा** f. (-धा) 1. A covering, a screen, any thing which holds or conceals from sight. 2. The state of being covered, concealment, disappearance. **इ.** वि and अव before धा to have, अङ् and टाप् affs.

**अवधान** n. (-न) 1. Covering, disappearance, either the thing which conceals, or the state of being concealed from sight. 2. Intervening, intervention, space. 3. The intervention of a letter, (in grammar.) **इ.** वि and अव before धा to have, aff. छट् ।

**अवधायक** mfn. (-कः का-क) 1. Concealing, screening, hiding. 2. Intervening, intermediate, separating. **इ.** वि अव before धा to have, लृक् aff.

**अवधि** m. (-धिः) Covering, or a covering: see अवधान. **इ.** वि and अव before धा to have, aff. कि ।

**अवसाय** m. (-यः) 1. Effort, exertion, persevering or industrious effort, perseverance, industry. 2. Following any business or profession. 3. Plan, device, trick. 4. Resolve, determination. 5. Boasting. 6. Action. 7. Conduct. **इ.** वि and अव before क्षी to destroy, aff. चञ् ।

**अवसायात्मिक** mfn. (-कः का-क) Laborious, relating to exertion. **इ.** अवसाय, आत्मन् self, कन् added.

**अवसायिन्** mfn. (-यि-यिनी-यि) 1. Active, energetic, persevering, resolute. 2. Engaged in business. **उ.** अवसाय, and इनि aff.

**अवशत** mfn. (-तः ता-त) 1. Tricked, cheated. 2. Energetic, taking pains, making effort or exertion. 3. Resolved, determined. **न.** (-तं) Certainty, ascertainment. **इ.** वि and अव before क्षी to destroy, aff. ञ् ।

**अवस्था** f. (-स्था) 1. Separating, placing remote or apart. 2. Placing or staying in or on. 3. A decree, a written declaration of the law; application in practice to the written extracts from the codes of law, stated as the opinions of the Hindu law officers attached to the court of justice. 4. An engagement, an agreement, a contract. 5. Fixity. **इ.** वि and अव before स्था to stay or be, affs. अङ् and टाप् ।

**अवस्थातिक्रम** m. (-ः) 1. Breaking an agreement or contract. 2. Disregarding the law. **इ.** अवस्था and अतिक्रम transgressing.

**अवस्थातिवर्तन** n. (-नं) Breaking an agreement or contract. **इ.** अवस्था and अतिवर्तन transgressing.

**अवस्थातिवर्तिन्** m. (-र्त्तिः) One who does not keep an engagement, &c. **इ.** अवस्था, and अतिवर्तिन् going from or over.

**अवस्थान** n. (-नं) 1. Steadiness. 2. Regular arrangement, determination. 3. Rule, decision. 4. Firmness, perseverance. **इ.** वि + अव + स्था-च् ।

**अवस्थापक** f. (-पिका) 1. Settling, deciding. 2. Supervising.

**अवस्थापन** n. (-नं) 1. Declaring, deciding, laying down as law. 2. Fixing, determining. 3. Appointing. 4. Placing apart. 5. Placing. 6. Arranging. **इ.** वि and अव before स्था to stay, causal v., छट् aff.

**अवस्थापित** mfn. (-तः ता-त) 1. Declared, determined. 2. Caused to be placed. **इ.** वि and अव before स्था to stay, causal v., ञ् aff.

**अवस्थित** mfn. (-तः ता-त) 1. Separated, distant. 2. Extracted. 3. Invariable, constant. 4. Appointed. 5. Declared, decreed. 6. Staying or fixed in or on. 7. Adjusted. **इ.** वि and अव before स्था to be, aff. ञ् ।

**अवस्थिति** f. (-तिः) 1. Constancy, perseverance. 2. Determining, appointing. 3. Extracting. **इ.** वि and अव before स्था to stay, क्तिन् aff.

**अवहृत्** mfn. (-यः या-य) 1. To be litigated or decided judicially. 2. To be done or transacted. **इ.** वि and अव before हृ to take, तय् aff.

**अवहृत्** mfn. (-त्तां ता-त्) Transacting business, engaged in affairs. 2. Observing or following established usages. **म.** (-र्त्ता) 1. A judge, an umpire, one conducting a judicial procedure. 2. A litigant, a plaintiff, one instituting a dispute at law. 3. Partaker, associate. **इ.** वि and अव before हृ to take, aff. लृच् ।

**अवहार** m. (-रः) 1. The practice of the courts, or civil and criminal law, judicial procedure, administrative justice, as the examination of evidence, &c. 2. Title of jurisprudence, any act cognizable in courts of justice. 3. Contest at law, law suit, litigation. 4. Usage, custom. 5. Conduct. 6. Profession, business. 7. Steadiness, property, adherence to law and custom. 8. A contract. 9. A sort of tree. 10. Mathematical or arithmetical determination or ascertainment. **इ.** वि, and अव implying dissension, and हृ to take, aff. चञ्, the term being explained to mean especially, a dispute between two parties, or the counter statements of plaintiff and defendant.

**अवहारश्च** m. (-चः) 1. A person who has passed his minority, a young man of age, or one who has passed his sixteenth year, at which period he can assert his own rights in a court of law. 2. One acquainted with legal procedure. **इ.** अवहार a law suit, च who knows.

**अवहारदर्शन** n. (-नं) Judicial investigation, trial. **इ.** अवहार legal proceeding, and दर्शन seeing, inspecting.

**अवहारपद** n. (-दं) A title of jurisprudence, any act cognizable in a court of law; see अवहारविषय. **इ.** अवहार and पद object.

**अवहारपाद** m. (-दः) A division of legal proceeding, one of the four parts which are necessary to conduct a regular suit, or the plaint, the defence, the proof and the decision. **इ.** अवहार a law suit, पाद a quarter. [trained.]

**अवहारप्राप्त** m. (-प्तः) A youth who has come of age. **इ.** अवहार, प्राप्त ob.

**अवहारसाधका** f. (-का) Legal procedure or process in general, simple judicature, law as in all ordinary cases administered. **इ.** अवहार legal contest, साधका mother. [मार्ग road or path.]

**अवहारसार्ग** m. (-र्गः) A title of jurisprudence: see अवहारविषय. **इ.** अवहार,

**अवहारविधि** m. (-धिः) Law, the law, the precepts or code by which judicature is to be regulated and decisions to be made. **इ.** अवहार legal process, and विधि a rule.

**अवहारविषय** m. (-यः यः) A title of jurisprudence, an act which may become the object of dispute amongst men, and should therefore be regulated by law; according to MANU, there are eighteen heads, but these are the principal only, and many things not comprised under them may still be actionable; the eighteen are:—1. ऋणादानं debt; 2. निक्षेपः deposit; 3. वस्त्वामिदिकयः sale without ownership; 4. सन्ध्यासुखानं concerns amongst partners; 5. दत्तस्वामपक्षं subtraction of what has been given; 6. वेतनादानं non-payment of wages; 7. सन्धिद्वयतिक्रमः non-performance of agreement; 8. ऋणविक्रयः



resession of sale and purchase; 9. स्वामिपादवीरिवादः disputes between master and servant; 10. सीमाविवादः disputes about boundaries; 11. वाक्पादघ्नः defamation, abuse; 12. दण्डपादघ्नः assault; 13. लोभः theft, larceny; 14. चारुसः robbery, and other violence; 15. स्त्रीसंघर्षः adultery; 16. स्त्रीपुत्रधर्मः duties of man and wife; 17. विभागः portioning of property, inheritance; 18. घृतं gambling of any kind as fighting animals, laying wagers, &c. १. अवधार legal process, and विषय object. [legal procedure, स्थान place.

अवधारस्थान n. (-नं) A title of jurisprudence: see अवधारविषय. २. अवधार अवधारणम् u. (-णम्) The body of civil and criminal law.

अवधारमिश्रण mfn. (-नः-ता-सः) Prosecuted, accused, proceeded against legally. ३. अवधार and अभिश्रण accused.

अवधारयोग्य mfn. (-यः-या-यः) Unfitted or unsuited to legal proceedings. m. (-यः) 1. A minor. 2. One incompetent to conduct business. ३. अवधार and अयोग्य unfit.

अवधारिक mfn. (-कः-का-कः) 1. Customary, usual. 2. Engaged in customary duty or avocation. 3. Connected with or relating to legal process. 4. Litigant, being party to a suit. ३. अवधार, ठन् aff.

अवधारिका f. (-का) 1. Usage, custom. 2. A brush, a broom. 3. A plant, commonly called Ingudi. ३. कन् added to अवधार, fem. form.

अवधारिन् mfn. (-रि-रिणी-रि) 1. Litigant, litigating, engaged in a lawsuit. 2. Relating to legal process. 3. Customary, usual. 4. Following one's ordinary affairs or avocation. ३. अवधार and इति aff.

अवधार्य mfn. (-र्यः-र्या-र्यः) 1. To be observed or practised, as a duty or avocation, customary, usual. 2. Actionable, subject to legal process. ३. वि and अव before धृ to take or convey, अन् aff. [चञ् aff.

अवहार m. (-सः) Mutual laughter. ३. वि and अव before हृस् to laugh,

अवहत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) Placed or situated contiguously to, attached or adhering to, &c. 2. Intervening, separating. 3. Covered, concealed. 4. Excelled, surpassed, put to shame. 5. Done, acted, performed. 6. Not immediately connected. 7. Obstructed. 8. Omitted, passed over. ३. वि and अव before धृ to have or hold, aff. क् ।

अवहति f. (-तिः) Practice, performance.

अवय m. (-यः) 1. Copulation. 2. Covering, disappearance. 3. Parity. 4. Interval, space. 5. Separation, decomposition. 6. Obstacle. n. (-यः) Light, lustre. ३. वि and अव before हृन् to go, aff. चञ् ।

अवधिन् mfn. (-धी-विनी-धि) 1. Lecherous. 2. Pervading, diffusive. m. (-धी) 1. A lecher, a libertine. 2. A drug, an aphrodisiac. 3. Any article that produces general excitement, as wine, poison, &c. ३. अवय copulation, and इति aff.

अवत f. (-ता) Separated, decomposed. [vade, ग्रानच्. aff.

अवधान mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Occupying, pervading. ३. वि before चस् to pervade.

अवधि f. (-धिः) 1. Singleness. 2. Distributive pervasion. 3. A whole viewed as consisting of many separate objects, (as opposed to समष्टिः) (in Ve'dānta phil.)

अवयव n. (-नं) 1. Calamity, misfortune. 2. Fate. 3. Fault, vice, crime, frailty, arising from desire, or from anger; ten vices or faults are enumerated under the first head; viz :—hunting, gambling, sleeping in the day, calumny, whoring, dancing, singing, playing, idle roaming, and drinking; the second comprehends eight; viz :—depravity, violence, injury, envy, malice, fraud, abuse, and assault. 4. Sin. 5. Fated consequence. 6. Evil-destiny, ill-luck. 7. Fruitless effort. 8. Incompetence, inability. 9. Intent, application or attachment to an object. 10. Falling, (as opposed to उदयः) 11. Air, wind. 12. Individuality. 13. Loss, destruction. 14. Violation, infraction. 15. Punishment. ३. वि before चस् to throw, &c., aff. छुट् ।

अवयवप्रहारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Troublesome, giving trouble or pain. ३. अवयव and प्रहारिन् taking.

अवयवार्त mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Afflicted, suffering pain or calamity. ३. अवयव misfortune, and अवयव affected.

अवयवता f. (-ता) 1. Wickedness. 2. Calamity. ३. अवयवन्, तच्. aff.; also with ल, अवयवलम् ।

अवयवन् mfn. (-नी-विनी-नि) 1. Addicted to evil practices, as to gaming, drinking, wenching, &c. 2. Excessively attached to any object. 3. Calamitous, unfortunate. ३. अवयव vice, and इति aff.

अवयवीय m. (-यः) A profligate, a debauchee. ३. अवयव and इति aff.

अवयु mfn. (-युः-युः-युः) Inanimate, lifeless. ३. वि priv., अयु breath.

अवयु mfn. (-युः-युः-युः) 1. Confounded, confused, bewildered. 2. Pervaded, penetrated, spread. 3. Present and essential, or inherent in all the parts of any thing, in opposition to the Samasta, or that which pervades the whole together. 4. Reverse, inverso. 5. Opposite. 6. Opposed to, set or struck against. 7. Tossed, thrown up or about. 8. Reversed, inverted. 9. Different, manifold. 10. Divided, severed. 11. Simple, uncompounded. ३. वि severally, &c., अयु to be or pervade, aff. क् ।

अवयवता f. (-ता) 1. Agitation, bewilderment. 2. Severalty, individuality. 2. Inherence. ३. अयु, and तच्. aff.; also with ल, अवयवलम् ।

अवयवपद n. (-पदं) 1. Perplexed and indistinct statement, want of precision in an accusation or defence, (in law.) 2. (In grammar.) A simple or uncompounded word. ३. अयु perplexed, पद a sentence, &c.

अवयवविधि f. (-धिः) Inversion, rule for inversion. ३. अयु, and विधि rule.

अवयवार्त n. (-रः) The issue of the fluid from the temples of the elephant.

३. अयु pervaded, अच् to go, aff. च ।

अवयव mfn. (-युः-युः-युः) Done or produced, &c. in two days ३. वि severally, and अयु for अयुन् a day.

आकरण n. (-णं) 1. The science of grammar, considered as one of the six Ve'dāngas. 2. Explaining, expounding. ३. वि and आच् before क् to make or do, ल्युट्. aff. [form.

आकार m. (-रः) 1. Change of form. 2. Deformity. ३. वि and आच् before क् to scatter, क् aff.

आकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लः) 1. Confounded, bewildered, perplexed, overcome with fear, &c. 2. Busily engaged in. ३. वि before आकुल the same.

आकुलता f. (-ता) Perplexity, agitation, alarm. ३. तच् added to the last; also with ल, आकुललम् । मनस् the mind.

आकुलमनस् mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) Agitated, flurried, bewildered. ३. आकुल, आकुलित mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Agitated, flurried, perplexed. ३. आकुल, इतच् aff. [sound, aff. किन् ।

आकृति f. (-तिः) Fraud, deception, disguise. ३. वि and आच् before क् to make clear.

आकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Expounded, explained, made clear. 2. Transformed, changed. ३. वि and आच् before क् to make, क् aff.

आकृति f. (-तिः) 1. Explaining, making clear. 2. Grammar. 3. Change of form. ३. वि and आच् before क् to make, किन् aff.

आकीर्ण mfn. (-णः-ग्रा-ग्रा) Budded, blown. ३. वि and आच् implying separation, and कीर्ण or कीर्ण a sheath; also आकीर्ण ।

आकीर्ण mfn. (-णः-ग्रा-ग्रा) Budded, blown, (as a flower.) ३. See the last.

आक्षेप m. (-पः) 1. Tossing about. 2. Delay, hindrance.

आख्या f. (-ख्या) 1. Exposition, explanation, gloss, comment. 2. Communication. ३. वि and आच् before ख्या to relate, aff. चच्. or अच् and टाप् affs.; also with ल्युट्. aff. आख्यान n. (-नं) ।

आख्यान n. (-नं) Indistinct avowment, proceeding from grammatical inaccuracy or faulty construction. ३. आख्या an explanation, and आगत्य to be attained.

आख्यात mfn. (-तः-ता-तः) 1. Spoken, said. 2. Conquered, overcome. 3. Explained, expounded. 4. Related, narrated, told. ३. वि and आच् before ख्या to say, aff. क् ।

आख्यान n. (-नं) 1. Narration, speech. 2. Explanation, interpretation, exposition. ३. वि and आच् before ख्या to say, ल्युट्. aff.

आख्येय mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be explained or described. ३. वि and आच् before ख्या to say, अन् aff.

आघटन n. (-न) 1. Rubbing, friction. 2. Churning. इ. वि and आङ् before घट् to use effort, ल्युट् aff.  
 आघटित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Rubbed, rubbed together. 2. Stirred, churned. इ. वि and आङ् before घट् to use effort, क्त aff.  
 आघात m. (-तः) 1. Obstacle, impediment. 2. Striking, beating. 3. Destroying, destruction. 4. Contradiction. 5. The thirteenth of the astronomical Yo'gas. 6. A tree, (Cassia fistula.) 7. A rhetorical figure, the production of two different effects from a similar cause or by similar agency. इ. वि and आङ् before हन् to strike, aff. चच् ।  
 आघातक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Who or what opposes, resists, &c. इ. वि and आङ् before हन् to strike, ल्युट् aff.  
 आघातिन् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) Who or what opposes, resists, beats, &c. इ. वि and आङ् before हन् to strike, णिनि aff.  
 आघारित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sprinkled, lubricated, (as with oil or ghee.) इ. वि and आङ् before घृ to sprinkle, क्त aff.  
 आघ्र m. (-त्रः) 1. A tiger. 2. (In composition,) Best, pre-eminent, (at the end of a compound.) 3. A variety of the castor-oil plant, (the red variety.) 4. A tree, (Galedupa arborea.) f. (-घ्री) A prickly sort of nightshade, (Solanum jacquini.) इ. वि and आङ् before घृ to smell, Una'di aff. क ।  
 आघ्रचर्मन् n. (-र्म) A tiger's skin. इ. आघ्र and चर्मन् skin. [दखनख ।  
 आघ्रदल m. (-लः) A red variety of the castor-oil tree. इ. आघ्रल्लपाद इव  
 आघ्रदल nf. (-ल-ली) 1. A tiger's claw. 2. A sort of perfume. n. (-ल) 1. A kind of root. 2. A scratch or impression of the finger-nails. इ. आघ्र a tiger, and नख a nail, aff. चच् ।  
 आघ्रनखक n. (-क) A scratch, the impression of a finger-nail. इ. आघ्र a tiger, and नख a nail, कन् added.  
 आघ्रनायक m. (-कः) A jackal. इ. आघ्र a tiger, and नायक leader.  
 आघ्रपाद m. (-दः) 1. A plant, (Flacourtia sayida, Rox.) 2. A saint and law giver, so named from having feet like those of a tiger. इ. आघ्र a tiger, and पाद the foot of paw.  
 आघ्रपुच्छ m. (-च्छः) The castor-oil tree, (Palma Christi, or Ricinus communis.) इ. आघ्र a tiger, and पुच्छ a tail.  
 आघ्राट m. (-टः) A sky-lark. इ. आघ्र a tiger, and घट what goes, aff. चच् ।  
 आघ्रास्य m. (-स्यः) A cat. इ. आघ्र a tiger, and आस्य the face.  
 आज m. (-जः) 1. Deceit, fraud, craft, cunning. 2. Disguise, either of purpose or person. 3. Wickedness. इ. वि before अज् to go, aff. चच् ।  
 आजनिन्दा f. (-न्दा) Apparent censure, but covert praise, a figure of rhetoric. इ. आज disguise, and निन्दा censure.  
 आजसुप्त Adj. A feigning sleep.  
 आजस्तुति f. (-तिः) Praise or censure, conveyed in language that expresses the contrary, affected reproach or ironical commendation. इ. आज disguise, and स्तुति praise.  
 आजोक्ति f. (-क्तिः) Covert expression of any thing so as to mislead others from its real cause. इ. आज craft or disguise, कति saying.  
 आड m. (-डः) 1. A snake. 2. A carnivorous animal or beast of prey. 3. INDRA. 4. A villain, a rogue. इ. वि and आङ् before अङ् to make effort, aff. चच् ।  
 आडि m. (-डिः) The name of a celebrated grammarian. [क्त aff.  
 आन mfn. (-न-ना-न) Vast, expanded. इ. वि and आङ् before अन् to go, ल्युट् aff.  
 आनली f. (-ली) Bathing for amusement, sporting in water. इ. वि and अन् before ल्युट् to sprinkle, aff. चच् and अण् and लौङ् added.  
 आदान n. (-न) Opening, setting open or ajar. इ. वि and आङ् before दा to give, ल्युट् aff. [दिग्-क ।  
 आदिश m. (-शः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A director, a commander. इ. वि + आ +  
 आध m. (-धः) 1. A hunter, one who lives by killing deer, &c. 2. A low or wicked man. इ. अध् to pierce, थ aff.  
 आधभोत m. (-तः) A deer. इ. अध् a hunter, भोत afraid of.  
 आधाम m. (-मः) INDRA's thunder-bolt. इ. वि and आङ् before धा to have, मन् aff.

आधीव m. (-वः) INDRA's thunder-bolt. इ. वि and आङ् before धृ to tr. &c. ble, causal form, aff. चच् ।  
 आधि m. (-धिः) 1. Sickness, disease in general, (op. to आधि or 'mental distress.') 2. Leprosy. इ. वि and आङ् before धा to have, णिनि aff.  
 आधिकर mfn. (-रः-रा-र) Causing sickness. इ. आधि and कर what makes.  
 आधिघात m. (-तः) A tree, (Cassia fistula.) इ. आधि disease, हन् to destroy, [what destroys  
 aff. चच् ।  
 आधिर mfn. (-धः-धी-धि) Causing or removing disease. इ. आधि and धृ  
 आधित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Sick, ill, disease. इ. आधि sickness, हन्त् aff.  
 आधियुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Sick, diseased. इ. आधि, युक्त joined. [रहित left.  
 आधिरहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Free from disease, convalescent. इ. आधि.  
 आधुत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Shaken, shaking, trembling, tremulous. इ. धि, आङ् before धृ to shake, aff. क्त ; also from धृ with क्त, आधुत ।  
 आयुपयस m. (-यः) Allaying or curing disease. इ. आधि, उपयस allaying.  
 आन m. (-नः) One of the five vital airs, that which is diffused through out the body. इ. वि before अन् to breathe, aff. चच् ।  
 आनक n. (-क) A mode of sexual enjoyment.  
 आपक mfn. (-कः-पिका-क) 1. Diffusive, comprehensive, spreading or extending widely. 2. (In law,) Comprehending all the points of an argument, pervading the whole plea. 3. (In logic,) Embracing the whole of an argument or objection. n. (-क) Essential and inherent property. इ. वि before आप् to pervade, ल्युट् aff., implying the agent.  
 आपकल n. (-लः) Diffusion, pervadance. इ. ल added to the last ; also with तल्, आपकता । [another  
 आपत्ति f. (-तिः) 1. Misfortune, ruin. 2. Substitution of one thing for  
 आपद f. (-पदः) 1. Death, decease. 2. Calamity. 3. Derangement. 4. Disease. इ. वि and आङ् before पद to go, aff. क्तिप् ।  
 आपद m. (-दः) 1. Ruin. 2. Evil design, malice.  
 आपन n. (-नः) Spreading through or throughout, pervading, penetrating. इ. वि before आप् to obtain, ल्युट् aff.  
 आपन्न mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्न) 1. Dead, deceased, expired. 2. Hurt, injured killed. 3. Deranged, disordered. 4. Vitiating, diseased. 5. Fallen into misfortune. 6. Substituted. इ. वि, आङ् before पद to go, aff. क्त ।  
 आपाद m. (-दः) Evil-design, malice, preposse, the wish or project to injure another person. इ. वि and आङ् before पद to go, aff. वज् ।  
 आपादन n. (-नः) 1. Killing, slaying. 2. Wishing or seeking to injure any one, ill-will, malice, evil design. 3. Ruin. इ. वि and आङ् before पद to go, causal form, aff. ल्युट् ।  
 आपादयितव्य mfn. (-व्यः-व्या-व्य) To be killed, what may or ought to be put to death. इ. वि and आङ् before पद to go, causal v., तव्य aff., also आपादनीय and आपाद्य ।  
 आपादित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Hurt, injured. 2. Slain, killed. इ. वि and आङ् before पद to go, causal form, aff. क्त ।  
 आपादितवन् mfn. (-वन्-वतो-वत्) Having killed, killing. इ. वि and आङ् before पद to go, causal v., तवन् aff.  
 आपार m. (-रः) 1. Occupation, business, trade. 2. Exercise, practice. 3. Effort. 4. Meddling. इ. वि, आङ् before पृ to be busy, aff. वज् ।  
 आपारयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्तो-यत्) Setting to work, employing. इ. वि and आङ् before पृ to be busy, causal v., शत aff.  
 आपारित f. (-ता) Set to work, employed.  
 आपारिन् mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) 1. Motor, the cause or agent of motion or occupation. 2. Busy, occupied. 3. Exercising, practising. m. (-री) A dealer. इ. वि and आङ् before पृ to be busy, causal form, aff. णिनि ; or आपार business, इति aff.  
 आपिन् mfn. (-पी-पिनी-पि) 1. Diffusive, comprehensive. 2. All-pervading. 3. Covering. m. (-पी) The pervading property or power, &c. इ. वि and आप् to pervade, णिनि aff.  
 आपरत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Engaged, busy. m. (-तः) A minister, a member of royal government. इ. वि and आङ् before पृ to be busy, aff. क्त ।  
 आपरति f. (-तिः) 1. Occupation. 2. Effort. 3. Action.

आर mfn. (-रा-रा-र) 1. Pervaded, occupied or penetrated by thoroughly and essentially, (as the universe by spirit, &c.) 2. Celebrated, famous. 3. Filled, full of. 4. Placed, fixed. 5. Obtained, possessed. 6. Encircled, encompassed, surrounded. 7. Open, apart, outspread. 8. Included. 9. Invariably accompanied, (in logic.) इ. वि before आर to pervade, aff. क् ।

आरि f. (-रिः) 1. Pervading, inherence, the inherent and essential presence of any one, (thing or property,) in another, as of oil in the sesamum seed, heat in fire, or the Deity in the universe, &c. 2. Getting, obtaining, gain. 3. Universal permeation, omnipresence, as one of S'iva's superhuman properties. 4. An universal rule. 5. Fullness. इ. वि and आर to pervade, aff. क् ।

आरिण्य m. (-यः) Induction of universal concomitance, (in logic.)

आरिज्ञान n. (-ज्ञ) Knowledge of the existence of a substance from observation of the presence of its inherent properties. इ. आरि, and ज्ञान knowledge.

आरिण्य mfn. (-मन् मन्-मन्) Diffusive, pervading. इ. आरि and मन् aff.

आरिण्य n. (-यः) Sign or proof of the existence or non-existence of an inherent property or attribute. इ. आरि, and लक्षण indication.

आर्य mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) 1. Permeable, penetrable. 2. Capable of containing any inherent property. n. (-यः) 1. An instrument or agent. 2. The thing or substance which may be the site or subject of attributes or inherent properties. 3. The subject of an inference, as fire inferred from the presence of smoke, &c. 4. A drug, (Costus speciosus.) इ. वि before आर्य to pervade, aff. क् । [इ. आर्य, ल aff.]

आर्यल n. (-लः) Capacity of being penetrated or essentially effected by. आर्यलसिद्धि f. (-हिः) (In logic.) Imperfect conclusion, one not comprehending all the points of the argument. इ. आर्यल, असिद्धि non-conclusion.

आर्यल f. (-री) Gamboling in water, bathing for pleasure. इ. वि, आर्य, and अरि before र्त् to sprinkle, affs. अच्, and डीप् ।

आर्य m. (-र्यः) 1. A fathom, or the space between the tips of the fingers of either hand when the arms are extended. 2. Disregard. 3. Smoke. इ. वि before अर्य to go, with आर्य prefix and अच् aff.

आर्यन n. (-नः) Disregard, disrespect. इ. वि before अर्य to go, with आर्य prefixed, and लृट् aff.; or वि priv., आर्य to mind, आर्य prefix, अच् aff.

आर्यम m. (-मः) 1. Rubbing out, erasure. 2. Impatience. इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to rub, &c. अच् aff.

आर्यल Ind. Having closed and opened, having twinkled, &c. इ. वि and आर्य before लृट् to twinkle, लृट् aff. [विश्र mixed.]

आर्यल mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Mixed, blended, mingled. इ. वि and आर्य before

आर्यल mfn. (-र्यः-र्यः-र्यः) Rubbed, rubbed out, effaced. इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to rub, aff. क् ।

आर्यल m. (-र्यः) Embarrassment, bewilderment. [गो, शान्त् aff.]

आर्यल mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Quarrelling. इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to

आर्यल mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Busy, occupied. 2. Long. 3. Hard, firm. 4. Much, excessive. इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to stop, aff. क् ।

आर्यल m. (-नः) 1. Fatigue, labour. 2. A fathom, measured by the distance to which both arms extended reach. 3. Gymnastics, athletic exercise, as playing with heavy clubs, yielding a bow with a chain in place of a string, alternate rising and falling at full length on the ground, &c. 4. Manhood, manliness. 5. A difficulty. 6. A difficult or impassable defile, &c. 7. Business, occupation. इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to refrain, aff. अच् ।

आर्यल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Active, robust, athletic, taking exercise. इ. आर्यल, शील practising.

आर्यल mfn. (-नो-नो-नो) Taking exercise, undergoing fatigue, active, athletic. इ. आर्यल and र्त् aff.

आर्यल Ind. Having exercised, practised as gymnastics, &c. disciplined as troops. इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to restrain, लृट् aff.

आर्यल m. (-र्यः) A kind of dramatic exhibition or composition in one act, the subject of which is some contest or war of a heroic kind, and of which woman is not the cause. इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to unite, aff. अच् ; in which the valiant are associated.

आर्यल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) 1. Wicked, villainous, bad. 2. Cruel, fierce. m. (-लः) 1. A snake. 2. A beast of prey. 3. A rogue, a cheat. 4. A vicious elephant. 5. A king. 6. A species of the Dandaka metre. इ. वि and आर्य before अर्य to adorn, aff. अच् ; or अर्य to make effort, aff. अच्, and ल changed to ल ; hence also आर्य ।

आर्यल m. (-कः) A vicious elephant. इ. कन् added to the last [अच्]

आर्यल m. (-र्यः) A snake-catcher. इ. आर्यल a snake, र्त् to seize, aff.

आर्यलसिद्धि m. (-हिः) A snake-catcher, one who lives by catching and exhibiting snakes. इ. आर्यल a snake, and सिद्धिन् who takes.

आर्यल mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Very injurious, cruel or fierce. इ. आर्यल, तमप् aff.

आर्यल m. (-नः) A fierce or wild stag. इ. आर्यल and र्त् a deer.

आर्यल m. (-मः) The red variety of the castor-oil plant. वि + आ + लृटि अच् ।

आर्यल n. (-यः) A sort of perfume ; see नखी. इ. आर्यल a beast of prey (a tiger), आर्यल a weapon, compared to the claw of the animal.

आर्यल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) 1. Drawing lines, delineating, scratching, piercing. 2. Extending to, in contact with. इ. वि and आर्य before लृट् to write, श्रट् aff. [waste, क् aff.]

आर्यल mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Thick, clustering. इ. वि and आर्य before ली to

आर्यल mfn. (-लः-लः-लः) Tremulous, shaking, waving. इ. वि and आर्य before ली to shake, अच् aff.

आर्यल n. (-नः) Subtraction, (in arithmetic.) इ. वि with आर्य and अर्य before क्त् to count, aff. लृट् । [to count, aff. क् ।

आर्यल mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) Subtracted. इ. वि with आर्य and अर्य before क्त्

आर्यल f. (-री) Mutual imprecation. इ. वि with आर्य and अर्य before क्त् to cry out, aff. अच्, अच् and डीप् being added.

आर्यल f. (-री) Mutual abuse or imprecation. इ. वि implying reciprocity, and अर्य depreciation, भाव् to speak, affs. अच् and डीप् ।

आर्यल m. (-नः) 1. Going round, revolving. 2. Encompassing. 3. Choosing, appointing. 4. Ruptured navel, (umbilical hernia) इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to be, अच् aff. [from 3. Surrounding.]

आर्यल f. (-रिः-रिः) 1. Excluding, separating from. 2. Turning away

आर्यल n. (-नः) 1. Rolling round, revolving. 2. A volute, a fold, a band. 3. Encompassing. इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to be, लृट् aff.

आर्यल mfn. (-कः-कौ-कौ) 1. Usual, customary. 2. Juridical, judicial, legal, relative or referring to judicial procedure. 3. Relating to business. 4. Relating to the worldly life of illusion, (in Vedānta phil.) m. (-कः) A counsellor, a minister. इ. अर्यल litigation, र्त् aff.

आर्यल f. (-री) Mutual seizing. इ. वि + अर्य + र्त्-अच् + अर्यल-डीप् ।

आर्यल f. (-री) Mutual or reciprocal laughter. इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to laugh, aff. अच्, अच् and लृट् added. [विश्र sort.]

आर्यल mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Of various kinds or sorts. इ. वि and आर्य before

आर्यल mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Covered, screened. 2. Removed, excepted. इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to choose, क् aff.

आर्यल f. (-रिः) 1. Exception, exclusion. 2. Covering, screening. इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to choose, क्त् aff.

आर्यल mfn. (-नः-नः-नः) 1. Chosen, appointed. 2. Encompassed, surrounded. 3. Fenced, screened. 4. Removed, uncovered. 5. Excepted, excluded. 6. Praised, lauded. 7. Rolled backwards. 8. Revolved. इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to be, &c., aff. क् ।

आर्यल f. (-रिः) 1. Praise, eulogium. 2. Rejection, exception, exclusion. 3. Choice, selection. 4. Screening, surrounding. 5. Rolling back. 6. Turning away इ. वि and आर्य before र्त् to be, aff. क्त् ।

आर्यल m. (-सः) 1. A celebrated saint and author, the supposed original compiler of the Vedās and Purāṇas ; also the founder of the Vedānta philosophy. 2. Diffusion, extension. 3. Detail, distinction, severalty. 4. A measure. 5. The diameter of a circle. 6. A fault in pronunciation. 7. Arrangement, compilation. 8. The





श्रम. (-श्र) 1. A name of Śiva. 2. A weapon. 3. A cutter, a destroyer.  
 न. Adv. (-श्र) or Ind. (श्र or श्र्) Happy, happily, auspiciously.  
 श्रु. श्रु to sleep or श्रु to pare, &c., aff. श्रु.  
 श्रु. infn. (यु. यु. यु) Hupov, prosperous, fortunate. m. (-यु) A sort of snake. श्रु. श्रु happily, and श्रु. aff.  
 श्रु. mfn. (-श्र. श्र. श्र.) Happy, fortunate. f. (-श्र) Knowledge, understanding. श्रु. श्रु happily, and श्रु. aff.  
 श्रु. infn. (-श्र. श्र. श्र.) Fortunate, prosperous. m. (-श्र.) 1. The thunderbolt of Indra. 2. The iron head of a pestle. श्रु. श्रु good fortune, and श्रु. poss. aff.; also as differently derived, read श्रु. and श्रु. &c.  
 श्रु. न. (-श्र) Water. श्रु. श्रु happily, श्रु. to choose or cover, aff. श्रु. or श्रु.; more usually read श्रु. q. v.  
 श्रु. (श्र) श्रु. 1st cl. (श्रुति) 1. To praise. 2. To hurt. 3. To wish. 4. To calumniate. 5. To suggest. 6. To report, to relate, (with a dat. or gen. of the person communicated to.) With श्रु. prefixed, To accuse wrongfully. With श्रु. 1. To hope. 2. To speak. 3. To wish. With श्रु. To praise, to flatter; this root and its derivatives are sometimes read with the palatal sibilant final or श्रु. &c.  
 श्रु. न. (-श्र) 1. The act of reciting. 2. Praising.  
 श्रु. f. (-श्र) 1. Narrating. 2. Wish, desire. 3. Praise, flattery, eulogium. श्रु. श्रु to praise, &c., aff. श्रु. and श्रु.  
 श्रु. infn. (-श्र. श्र. श्र.) 1. Established, ascertained. 2. Calumniated, falsely accused. 3. Said, declared. 4. Praised, celebrated. 5. Wished, desired. श्रु. श्रु to wish, aff. श्रु. [compound.]  
 श्रु. f. (-श्र) 1. Saying, indicating. 2. Praising. (used at the end of a श्रु. m. (-श्र) An encomiast, a panegyrist, a flatterer. श्रु. श्रु to praise, श्रु. Una'di aff.  
 श्रु. infn. (-श्र. श्र. श्र.) Happy, prosperous, well-faring. श्रु. श्रु happily, श्रु. to stay or be, aff. श्रु.  
 श्रु. infn. (-श्र. श्र. श्र.) 1. Desirable, to be wished. 2. Meritorious, to be praised. श्रु. श्रु to praise, &c., aff. श्रु. or श्रु.; also श्रु.  
 श्रु. 4th cl. (श्रुति ते) (श्रु. श्रु) श्रु. 5th cl. (श्रुति) 1. To bear patiently, to endure, to be patient. 2. To be able to effect, to be competent. 3. To be powerful, (generally with an inf.) (श्रु. श्रु. 1st cl. (श्रुति) 1. To think probable, to suspect. 2. To fear, to apprehend. With श्रु. To dread.  
 श्रु. m. (-श्र) 1. A sovereign, and prince who gives his name to an era, especially applied to Śa'liya'han'a. 2. A particular caste, the followers or descendants of Ś'aka or Śa'liya'han'a. 3. A country. m. plu. (-श्र) 1. The inhabitants, the Śakas, the Scythians. 2. An era: see श्रु. श्रु. to be able, aff. श्रु.  
 श्रु. infn. Subst. (-श्र. श्र. श्र.) A cart. m. (-श्र.) 1. A Daitya slain by Kṛiṣṇa. 2. A cart-load. 3. A form of military array resembling a wedge. 4. A measure of capacity equal to two thousand Panas. श्रु. श्रु to be able, श्रु. Una'di aff.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) A gallinule.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) Kṛiṣṇa. श्रु. श्रु. the demon so named, and श्रु. destroyer; also similar compounds, as श्रु. &c.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) The minister of Nanda; also read Śakata'ra.  
 श्रु. श्रु. f. (-श्र) The fourth lunar asterism, called Rohini, the stars of which are represented as a cart. श्रु. श्रु. a cart, श्रु. appellation.  
 श्रु. श्रु. f. (-श्र) A small cart, a toy-cart. श्रु. श्रु. added to श्रु. श्रु.  
 श्रु. श्रु. (-श्र) Animal-dung; this word has no forms for the first five cases, according to some this is not a separate word but a substitute for श्रु. श्रु.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र. श्र.) A part, a portion, a piece. n. (-श्र) 1. Skin. 2. Bark. 3. A kind of (black) pigment or dye. 4. The scales of a fish. श्रु. श्रु. to be able, श्रु. Una'di aff.  
 श्रु. श्रु. f. (-श्र) Reduced to fragments.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) A fish. श्रु. श्रु. skin or scales, and श्रु. aff.

श्रु. श्रु. n. (-श्र) Parting, dividing, cutting or breaking in pieces. श्रु. श्रु. making, with श्रु. aug. [made, श्रु. aug.]  
 श्रु. श्रु. infn. (-श्र. श्र. श्र.) Parted, out in pieces, wounded. श्रु. श्रु. श्रु.  
 श्रु. m. (-श्र) A goose.  
 श्रु. श्रु. infn. (-श्र. श्र. श्र.) Rustling, making a noise, (as the leaves of a tree in the wind.) श्रु. श्रु. imitative sound, nominal v. श्रु. aff.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) 1. The prince Vikrama'ditya. 2. The name of Śa'liya'han'a. श्रु. श्रु. an era or a Scythian, श्रु. destroyer.  
 श्रु. श्रु. n. (-श्र) 1. A year of the Śaka era, or era of Śa'liya'han'a. श्रु. श्रु. a year. [a king's concubine.]  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) 1. A silly brother-in-law of a Raja. 2. The brother of श्रु. श्रु. Vikrama'ditya, the celebrated sovereign of Ujjain. श्रु. श्रु. a Śaka or Scythian, श्रु. the foe.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) 1. A bird in general. 2. A kind of bird, either the Indian vulture or the common kite, (Falco cheloni) it is also applied to the pondicherry eagle, (Falco pondicherryensis.) 3. A sort of hymn or song, sung at festivals to solicit or secure lucky events. n. (-श्र) Any lucky or inauspicious object or omen. श्रु. श्रु. to be able, श्रु. Una'di aff.  
 श्रु. श्रु. f. (-श्र) A small house-lizard. श्रु. श्रु. a bird, and श्रु. who knows, श्रु. श्रु. n. (-श्र) Knowledge of omens.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) 1. A bird. 2. The maternal uncle of the Kaurava princes, and counsellor of Dhṛyodhan'a. 3. One of the astronomical periods called Karan'as. 4. The Indian kite or eagle, (Falco cheloni) f. (-श्र) A hen-sparrow. श्रु. श्रु. to be able, श्रु. Una'di aff.  
 श्रु. श्रु. f. (-श्र) A trough or little well for watering birds. श्रु. श्रु. a bird, श्रु. before श्रु. to drink, affs. श्रु. and श्रु.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) 1. The sound of a bird. 2. The crowing of a cock.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) A name of Garuda. श्रु. श्रु. a bird, and श्रु. m. f.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) 1. A bird. 2. A kind of bird, the Indian vulture. Another sort of bird, described as of aquatic habits, perhaps a kind of maritime or fishing falcon. 4. A sort of insect. 5. This or any. श्रु. श्रु. to be able, श्रु. Una'di aff.; also श्रु. &c.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) A bird. f. (-श्र) 1. A kind of bird. 2. A locust. श्रु. श्रु. added to the last.  
 श्रु. श्रु. f. (-श्र) The daughter of Ma'naka', the courtesan of Śwaraṇya, the sage Viśvama'na, brought up by Kāṇva the hermit, and afterwards married to Duśyaṇṭa, by whom she became the mother of Bharata, the sovereign of all India. श्रु. श्रु. a bird, श्रु. to be, affs. श्रु. and श्रु. being born in a solitary forest, and protected by the birds till found by Kāṇva. [above, श्रु. the son.]  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) BHARATA, the sovereign of India. श्रु. श्रु. as श्रु. m. (-श्र) 1. A bird in general. 2. A kind of bird; see श्रु. &c. श्रु. श्रु. to be able, Una'di aff. श्रु. [risen.]  
 श्रु. श्रु. f. (-श्र) A locust, a cricket. श्रु. श्रु. a bird, श्रु. aff. of compound.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र. श्र.) A kind of fish. "श्रु. श्रु." श्रु. श्रु. to be able, aff. श्रु. श्रु.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) A kind of fish. "श्रु. श्रु." [risen.]  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) Bent grass, (Panicum dactylon.) with white blossoms. श्रु. श्रु. a kind of fish, श्रु. the eye, श्रु. substituted for the final vowel; the blossoms being compared to the eye of a fish.  
 श्रु. श्रु. f. (-श्र) 1. A medicinal plant, commonly Ka'tuti, (Wrightia antidysenterica) 2. A creeping plant, (Jussiaea repens.) 3. A drug, commonly Ka'yap'hal. 4. An earth worm. श्रु. श्रु. a fish, श्रु. to eat, aff. श्रु. श्रु.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र) A sort of fish. "श्रु. श्रु." श्रु. श्रु. a fish, श्रु. a young one. [aff. श्रु.]  
 श्रु. श्रु. n. (-श्र) Faeces, excrement. श्रु. श्रु. to be able, (to expel,) Una'di aff. श्रु.  
 श्रु. श्रु. m. (-श्र. श्र.) A calf. श्रु. श्रु. ordure, श्रु. to make, श्रु. aff.  
 श्रु. श्रु. infn. (-श्र. श्र. श्र.) Making ordure or faeces. श्रु. श्रु. ordure, and श्रु. who or what makes.





अशुभ mfn. (-य-या-यं) Doubtful, questionable, to be doubted or apprehended. ८. अशुभ to fear or doubt, अशुभ aff.; also अशुभ, and अशुभ।

अशुभ mfn. (-य-या-यं) Auspicious, propitious, conferring happiness or good fortune. m. (-यः) 1. S'IVA. 2. The name of a celebrated teacher of the Vedānta philosophy. f. (-यः) 1. Pārvatī, the wife of S'IVA. 2. The S'ami'-tree. 3. Bengal malder. ८. अशुभ good fortune, कर making. [beloved.]

अशुभ m. (-यः) The francoline partridge. ८. अशुभ S'IVA, प्रिय dear, अशुभ m. (-यः) 1. Kailāsa, the abode of S'IVA. 2. A kind of camphor.

अशुभ mfn. (-य-या-यं) Apprehensive, doubtful, afraid. ८. अशुभ, अशुभ possessed of. [recharge.]

अशुभ m. (-यः) Accusation or charge on suspicion. ८. अशुभ, अशुभ mfn. (-य-या-यं) Fearful, afraid. ८. अशुभ and अशुभ aff.

अशुभ n. (-यः) Cause or matter of doubt or apprehension. ८. अशुभ and अशुभ sito. [and अशुभ free from.]

अशुभ mfn. (-य-या-यं) Free from doubt or apprehension. ८. अशुभ, अशुभ mfn. (-य-या-यं) 1. Alarmed, frightened. 2. Weak, unsteady. 3. Doubtful, uncertain. ८. अशुभ fear, अशुभ aff.

अशुभ m. (-यः) A thief. ८. अशुभ frightened, अशुभ a caste, अशुभ aff.

अशुभ m. (-यः) 1. The trunk of a lopped tree. 2. A javelin, a spear. 3. A pipe, a stake, a pale. 4. The gnomon of a dial, usually twelve fingers long. 5. A long thin column in front of a pagoda. 6. The penis. 7. A number. 8. The small fibres of a leaf. 9. The scate fish, (Raia Sankur, Ham.) 10. A sort of perfume, commonly Nak'hi. 11. A goose. 12. An ant-hill. 13. A goblin, a demon. 14. A Gandharba attached to S'IVA. 15. A name of S'IVA. 16. Kāma. 17. Sin. 18. Fear, terror. 19. The pointed head of an arrow, a shaft. 20. A measuring rod. 21. A large number "ten billions." 22. Poison. 23. Sin, of altitude, (in astro.) ८. अशुभ to doubt or apprehend, aff. अशुभ।

अशुभ m. (-यः) An ass. ८. अशुभ, a javelin, and अशुभ the ear.

अशुभ m. (-यः) A scale-fish. [a tree.]

अशुभ m. (-यः) The S'al tree, (Shorea robusta.) ८. अशुभ, a stake, and अशुभ mfn. (-य-या-यं) Formidable, fearful, frightful. ८. अशुभ fear, अशुभ to give or cause, aff. अशुभ। [pieces.]

अशुभ f. (-यः) A pair of nippers, used to cut the betel-nut into small pieces. ८. अशुभ, a pin or stake, and अशुभ a tree.

अशुभ m. (-यः) A scate fish ८. अशुभ-डक; also अशुभ, अशुभ and अशुभ।

अशुभ mfn. (-य-या-यं) To be feared or doubted ८. अशुभ to fear, अशुभ aff.

अशुभ m. (-यः) The conch shell used by the Hindus, in two ways especially; offering libations with it, or when perforated at one end blowing it as a horn at sacrifices; frequent mention of it occurs in the battle pieces of the poets, each hero being provided with a conch as his horn. m. (-यः) 1. One of Kuvāra's treasures. 2. The temple or temporal bone, sometimes comprising the frontal bone also. 3. A perfume, commonly Nak'hi, apparently a dried shell-fish. 4. A military drum. 5. One of the eight chiefs of the Nāgas or serpents of Pātāla described as of a yellow colour. 6. An elephant's cheek. 7. A large number, "a hundred billions." 8. The name of a saint and legislator. 9. A post, one of the nine gates, &c. ८. अशुभ to pacify, &c., अशुभ aff. अशुभ।

अशुभ m. (-यः) A bracelet, (often made of the conch-shell.) m. (-यः) 1. The conch-shell. 2. Pain and heat with a pulsation in the temples and forehead. 3. The temples. ८. अशुभ or अशुभ added to the last.

अशुभ m. (-यः) A worker in shells. ८. अशुभ a worker, and अशुभ maker.

अशुभ f. (-यः) Sandal marks on the forehead. ८. अशुभ the forehead, and अशुभ to go, aff. अशुभ and अशुभ।

अशुभ f. (-यः) Sandal marks made across the forehead. ८. अशुभ the forehead, अशुभ to anoint, aff. अशुभ and अशुभ।

अशुभ m. (-यः) A large pearl, of the shape of a pigeon's egg ८. अशुभ shell, and अशुभ born.

अशुभ m. (-यः) A shell-blower. ८. अशुभ a conch, and अशुभ who blows.

अशुभ m. (-यः) 1. A small shell. 2. A perfume, commonly अशुभ ८. अशुभ a conch, अशुभ the nail. [conch, &c., अशुभ who nourishes]

अशुभ m. (-यः) 1. The sun. 2. A Nāga or serpent of Pātāla ८. अशुभ

अशुभ f. (-यः) A sort of grass, (Andropogon aciculatus.) ८. अशुभ a flower, अशुभ aff., implying resemblance.

अशुभ m. (-यः) Spots on the moon. ८. अशुभ a shell, and अशुभ pre eminent

अशुभ mfn. (-य-या-यं) Having a conch or shell. m. (-यः) अशुभ a conch, and अशुभ who possesses.

अशुभ m. (-यः) An alligator. ८. अशुभ a conch, and अशुभ face.

अशुभ f. (-यः) A kind of grass, (Andropogon aciculatus.) ८. अशुभ shell, अशुभ or अशुभ implying resemblance, fem. form. "अशुभ"।

अशुभ mfn. (-य-या-यं) Possessing or having a conch or shell ८. अशुभ

m. (-यः) 1. VISHNŪ. 2. The ocean. 3. A shell-blower. 4. A woman

in shells f. (-यः) 1. A sort of grass, (Andropogon aciculatus.)

A plant, (Cissampelos hexandra.) 3. A description of women

one of the four classes into which females are divided in our

writings; the S'ank'hini is described as tall, with long and

neither stout nor thin, of irascible disposition and strong

passions. 4. A goddess or S'akti worshipped by the Bauddhas.

A female spirit or goblin. ८. अशुभ a shell, अशुभ aff.

अशुभ m. (-यः) A small tree, (Trophis aspera.) "अशुभ"।

अशुभ 1st cl. (अशुभ) To speak articulately, to say or tell. (अशुभ) 1st cl. (अशुभ) To go, to move.

अशुभ f. (-यः or -यः) 1. The wife of INDRA. 2. A plant, Asparagus.

musus 3. The astronomical Kuran'a or period of Vishnu's

to speak articulately, aff. अशुभ optionally added, अशुभ and अशुभ।

अशुभ m. (-यः) INDRA ८. अशुभ the wife of the deity, अशुभ

अशुभ 1st cl. (अशुभ) 1. To be diseased or sick. 2. To divide (open

or separate 3. To go. 4. To be low spirited, to be weary

dejected. ८. 10th cl. (अशुभ) To flutter, to praise.

अशुभ m. (-यः or -यः) Sour, astringent, acid. ८. अशुभ to pain, अशुभ

अशुभ f. (-यः) An ascetic's clotted hair. 2. A mine; see अशुभ।

अशुभ f. (-यः or -यः) Zedovy, (Circum zedovy), otherwise called

as a synonym of the Anthalil or Cretan. A milder than the

smelling ginger, so termed because the fresh root possesses

smell of a green mango. ८. अशुभ to divide, (removed) and

अशुभ optionally added.

अशुभ 1st cl. (अशुभ) 1. To cheat, to defraud or deceive 2. To kill

hurt. 3. To suffer pain. ८. 10th cl. (अशुभ) 1. To finish 2.

leave unfinished. 3. To go or move. (अशुभ) 1. To speak ill 2.

speak well. 3. To abstain from speaking. 4. To denote अशुभ

To flutter, to coax, to praise.

अशुभ m. (-यः or -यः) Wicked, depraved, perverse, dishonest. m. (-यः)

An umpire, a mediator, an arbitrator. 2. A fool, a knave 3.

blockhead, a fool. 4. An iller. 5. A false husband or lover

who pretends a fiction to one female whilst his heart is fixed

another. 6. Thorn apple, (Datura metel.) n. (-यः) 1. A sort of

commonly Tagara. 2. Saffron. 3. Iron. ८. अशुभ to be wicked,

अशुभ। [n. (-यः)]

अशुभ f. (-यः) Wickedness, depravity. ८. अशुभ wicked, अशुभ aff.; also

अशुभ (अशुभ) 1st cl. (अशुभ) 1. To disease or disorder. 2. To hurt

wound. 3. To collect, to heap together.

अशुभ 1st cl. (अशुभ) 1. To give. 2. To move.

अशुभ m. (-यः) 1. Hemp, (Cannabis sativa) 2. Bengal Sum, a plant

which a kind of hemp is prepared, (Oronchis frutes and

kinds.) 3. An arrow. ८. अशुभ to give, aff. अशुभ।

सततम् f. (-सु) The thread or string made of the flax of the *Crotolaria juncea*. s. सत and तनु string.  
 सततकर mfn. (-सु-वी-व) Made of San' string. s. सततम् and सत्, aff.  
 सतपर्वी f. (-वी) A tree, (*Pentaptera tomentosa*.) s. सत San', and पर्व a leaf; having similar leaves.  
 सतपुष्पिका f. (-का) *Crotolaria* of several species. s. सत the San', पुष्प a flower, aff. लोप and सत् added, fem. form, implying resemblance; also सतपुष्पी, &c.  
 सतपुत्र n. (-सु) 1. The fibre or flax of the San' plant, or string made from it. 2. A net made of hemp or of San', or the thread of the *Crotolaria juncea*. 3. Cordage, twine. s. सत hemp, &c., सत् a thread.  
 सतपुत्र m. (-सु) A plant, (*Cassia fistula*.)  
 सतपूर n. (-सु) 1. A rock or small island in the midst of the river So'na. 2. An insular spot inclosed by the branches of the SARAS'U, where it falls into the Ganges above CHURBA'N, at BHRIKURA'S'HRAMA or BAGHUSAN; called also, the bank of the DARDARI'.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) 1. A bull set at liberty. 2. An eunuch. n. (-सु) A multitude of lotus flowers. s. सत् or सत् to give, aff. स, hence also सत्, and differently derived, सत्, सत् the more usual form; or सति-सत्. 1  
 सतम् f. (-सु) 1. The state of a bull let loose or at liberty. 2. Emasculation. s. सत् a bull set at liberty, &c. तत् aff.  
 सतम् m. (-सु) The name of a Muni, and ancestor of a particular family of Bra'hmans. s. सत् an eunuch, and सत् Unadi aff.  
 सत् m. (-सु) 1. An eunuch. 2. An eunuch or emasculated attendant, as employed in a Harem or seraglio. 3. An impotent man. 4. A bull set at liberty. 5. A mad man or a drunken man. s. सत् to bear or endure, Unadi aff. स; also सत् and सत्, &c.; or सत्-उ तत् सत् सत्.  
 सत् n. (-सु) 1. A hundred. 2. Any large number. s. सती-सत्.  
 सत् mfn. (-सु-का-सु) A hundred. m. (-सु) A century, a cento, a collection of one hundred stanzas, &c. s. सत् a hundred, सत् aff.  
 सतर्कित m. (-सु) A Jina or Jaina pontiff of the last age. s. सत् a hundred, and सतर्कित fame.  
 सतुम् n. (-सु) Gold. m. (-सु) The name of a mountain. f. (-सु) A plant, (*Phyalis flexuosa*.) s. सत् a hundred, and सत् a water-jar.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) INDRA's thunderbolt. f. (-सु) A hundred crores. s. सत् a hundred, सतु edge or a crore.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) INDRA. s. सत् a hundred, सत् sacrifice; a hundred ASHWA MEDHAS or sacrifices of an unbroken horse, elevating the sacrificer to the place and title of INDRA.  
 सतुम् n. (-सु) Gold.  
 सतुम् mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Possessed of a hundred cows, with as many, &c. s. सत्, सु for सती a cow.  
 सतुम् mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) A hundred times, a hundred-fold. s. सत्, सु a time.  
 सती f. (-ती) 1. A weapon; it is generally supposed to be a sort of fire-arms, or the ancient Indian rocket, but it is also described as a stone set round with iron spikes. 2. A female scorpion. 3. A plant, (*Galedupa arborea*.) 4. A disease of the throat, apparently enlargement of the tonsils. s. सत् a hundred, सत् to kill, aff. सत् and लोप and the radical letters changed.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) The wood-pecker. s. सत् a hundred, सत् a feather.  
 सतुम् mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Hundredth. s. सत् a hundred, सत् aff.  
 सतुम् f. (-सु) The constellation S'ATABHISHA'q. v. s. सत् a hundred or many, and सतु a star.  
 सतु f. (-सु) The river SUTLEJ, which rises in the Himalaya mountains in the vicinity, it is supposed, of the RA'VAN'A-GRADA, and running to the S. W. unites in the PUNJA's with the BETA'N or VISA'S'A, when it forms the HYPHASIS of the Greeks, and falls into the INDUS below MOOLTA'S. s. सत् a hundred, (fold, or in a hundred branches,) सत् to flow, Unadi aff. स; form irr.

सतुम् mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Hundred-gated, having a hundred or a number of doors or outlets. s. सत् and सतु a door.  
 सतुम् f. (-सु) Bent grass, (*Panicum dactylon*.) Ind. 1. In a hundred ways, a hundred-fold. 2. In a hundred parts. s. सत् a hundred, (blossoms,) सत् to have, सत् and सत् aff.; or सत् the same, सत् aff.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) VISHN'U. s. सत् a hundred, (i. e. many,) सत् body; being multiplied in as many shapes as the creation exhibits.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु-सु-सु) 1. Flowing in many streams. 2. Having many edges. n. (-सु) The thunder-bolt. s. सत्, सत् an edge, सत् added.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) 1. BRAHMA. 2. INDRA. 3. Heaven. s. सत्, सत् sacrifice.  
 सतुम् n. (-सु) A lotus in general, (*Nelumbium speciosum* or *Nymphaea nelumbo*.) m. (-सु) 1. A peacock. 2. The S'ARAS or Indian crane. 3. A wood-pecker. 4. A parrot, the king-parrot or Lory. f. (-सु) A woman. s. सत् a hundred, सत् a leaf or feather.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) The wood-pecker. s. सत् added to the last, q. v.  
 सतुम् mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) Following a variety of paths or doctrines. s. सत् a hundred, सत् a road and figurily, a doctrine, aff. सत्. 1  
 सतुम् f. (-सु) A centipede, jaulus. s. सत् a hundred, सत् a foot, सत् aff.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) The white lotus. s. सत् hundred, (leaves,) and सत् a lotus.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) A bamboo. s. सत् a hundred or many, सत् a joint.  
 सतुम् f. (-सु) 1. Bent grass, (*Panicum dactylon*.) 2. Oritu root. 3. The wife of S'UKRA. 4. Day of full-moon in the month of A'shwin. s. सत् a hundred, सत् a joint or period, सत् aff.  
 सतुम् f. (-सु) 1. Bent grass or Du'rba'. 2. Oritu root. 3. Barley. s. सत् fem. form, added to the last.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) The planet VENUS or its regent. s. सतुम् the wife of S'UKRA, सत् lord.  
 सतुम् f. (-सु-सु-सु) A centipede. s. सत् a hundred, सत् a foot.  
 सतुम् f. (-सु) 1. A medicinal root, commonly Kaku'n. 2. A centipede. s. सत् a hundred, सत् a foot or root, सत् aff., fem form.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) The poet BHARAVI, the author of the KRITA'RAMU-NIYAM. f. (-सु) A sort of dill or fennel, (*Anethum sowa*.) "सुसत्" ("सुसत्")  
 सतुम् f. (-सु) *Anethum sowa*. s. सत् fem. form, added to the last.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) A sieve.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) Fistula in ano with many external openings.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) A kind of sugar-cane.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) A flower, (*Nerium odorum*.) s. सत् a hundred, सत् a dart, to which the leaves are compared.  
 सतुम् f. (-सु) One of the lunar asterisms: see the next.  
 सतुम् f. (-सु) The twenty-fifth of the Nakshatras or lunar mansions, containing 100 stars, one of which is Aquarius. s. सत् a hundred. सत् to cure, aff. स; requiring many physicians, as the Hindus say DHANWANTARI himself can not cure any person affected with disease, whilst the moon is in this asterism. [सुसत् found.]  
 सतुम् f. (-सु) Arabian jasmine, (*J. zambac*.) s. सत् a hundred, (dangers,) सत् m. (-सु) 1. INDRA. 2. An owl. s. सत्, सत् a sacrifice; the performance of a hundred As'hwa-medhas obtaining this situation.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) INDRA. s. सत् a hundred, सत् a sacrifice; see the last.  
 सतुम् m. (-सु-सु) 1. A pala of silver. 2. An A'd'haka or measure so termed. s. सत् a hundred, सत् measure. (a killer.)  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) A man who has killed a hundred others. s. सत्, सत्  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) An armourer, a cutler. s. सत् a hundred, (many weapons,) and सत् who cleans.  
 सतुम् mfn. (-सु-सु-सु) 1. Having a hundred mouths. 2. Having a hundred openings. f. (-सु) A brush or broom. s. सत्, सत् mouth.  
 सतुम् f. (-सु) A plant, (*Asparagus racemosus*.) s. सत् a hundred or many, सत् a root, fem. aff. सत्; also with सत् added सतुम्  
 सतुम् m. (-सु) A necklace of 100 strings. s. सत् a hundred, सत् a string, सत् added

शतपुत्रा f. (-या) 1. Name of the wife of BRAHMA'. 2. An epithet of SA VITR, the daughter of BRAHMA'. [thousand.

शतसहस्र n. (-न्) A hundred lakhs, ten millions. श. शत, स्रष्टु a hundred [a year.

शतवर्ष mfn. (-वर्ष) Of a hundred years. n. (-वर्ष) A century. श. शत, वर्ष [a year.

शतवर्षा f. (-वर्षा) White Datura' grass, (Panicum dactylon with white blossoms) श. शत a hundred, वीर्य seed.

शतवेधिन m. (-वैध) A sort of dock or sorrel, (Oxalis monadelpho or Rumex vesicarius) श. शत a hundred, वेध् to pierce, aff. निनि ।

शतशत Ind. By hundreds; a hundred-fold. श. शत, and शत aff.

शतशत mfn. (-शत-शत-शत) 1. Having many branches. 2. Multiform, various. श. शत, and शतशत a branch.

शतसहस्र n. (-सह) A hundred thousand श. शत, and सहस्र a thousand.

शतसहस्रशत Ind. By myriads, श. शत added to the last

शतसहस्र mfn. (-शत-सह-सह) Having a hundred thousand, bought with, consisting of, &c. श. शतसहस्र, and शत aff.

शतशत f. (-शत) 1. Lightning. 2. The thunderbolt. श. शत a hundred, शत a ray of light, or शत sound; the vowel made short; also शतशत ।

शतशत mfn. (-शत-शत-शत) Hundred eyed. f. (-शत) 1. Night. 2. A sort of fennel, (Anethum sowa.) 3. The goddess PA'RVATI. श. शत a hundred, शत for शत the eye.

शतशत m. (-शत) A car, a hariot. श. शत a hundred, and शत a part.

शतशत n. (-शत) A place where dead bodies are burnt or buried, a burial ground, a cemetery. श. शत a hundred, शतशत a drum.

शतशत m. (-शत) 1. BRAHMA. 2. VISHNU or KRISHNA. 3. The car of Vishnu. 4. The Manu Smriti, the founder of the logical school of philosophy. 5. The chief son of GAUTAMA (according to the Ramayana) and the chief and most famous adviser of JANAKA of MITHILA.

शतशत m. (-शत) 1. An old man. 2. The name of a sovereign, the son and successor of JAYASTHITA. 3. The name of a saint, the pupil of VASISHTA. श. शत a hundred, शत before शत to obtain, कृ aff.

शतशत m. (-शत) A man of hundred years old श. शत, and शतशत life.

शतशत m. (-शत) The thunderbolt. श. शत a hundred, शत to go, aff. शत ।

शतशत m. (-शत) A leprous disease of the skin. श. शत hundred or many, and शतशत a sore.

शतशत f. (-शत) A plant, (Anethum sowa.)

शतशत f. (-शत) 1. A shrub, (Asparagus racemosus) 2. The wife of INDRA. श. शत a hundred, (roots.) शत before शत to choose. aff. शत ।

शतशत m. (-शत) Venus. श. शत a hundred, शतशत revolving.

शतशत m. (-शत) Venus. श. शत a hundred, शतशत revolving, (appearances, or in the mind of the worshippers.) शत aff.

शतशत f. (-शत) A sort of dill or fennel, (Anethum sowa.) श. शत a hundred, and शतशत name, appellation.

शतशत mfn. (-शत-शत-शत) 1. Indicative of a hundred, (as a sign or omen.) 2. Doing or effecting any thing with a hundred. 3. Bearing tax or interest per hundred. 4. Brought with a hundred. 5. Changed with or for a hundred, &c. 6. Relating or belonging to a hundred. श. शत a hundred, शत, शत, or शत aff.; also with शत aff. शत in the same acceptations.

शतशत m. (-शत) The owner of a hundred.

शतशत m. (-शत) 1. An enemy. 2. Injury, detriment, hurt. श. शत to decay, to go, Unádi aff. शत, शत changed to शत । [शत sovereign.

शतशत m. (-शत) The ruler or head-man of a hundred, (villages.) श. शत, शत m. (-शत) An elephant. श. शत to go, शत Unádi aff.

शतशत mfn. (-शत-शत-शत) Bought with a hundred, &c. : see शतशत ।

शतशत m. (-शत) 1. An enemy, a foe, an adversary. 2. A destroyer. 3. A political enemy, a neighbouring prince as being one with whom disputes are likely to occur. श. शत to go, Unádi aff. शत ।

शतशत m. (-शत) 1. The side of an enemy. 2. An antagonist.

शतशत mfn. (-शत-शत-शत) Who beats or kills an enemy. श. शत, शत who kills.

शतशत mfn. (-शत-शत-शत) Killing a foe. m. (-शत) The second brother of RA'MACHANDRA, the son of DAMARATHA by SUMITRA', and uterine brother of LAKSHMAN'A. He slew LAVAN'A, the demon and colonized MATHURA'. श. शत an enemy, and शत destroyer.

शतशत m. (-शत) SUMITRA', the mother of LAKSHMAN'A, and S'ATRUOHN'A. श. शत S'ATRUOHN'A, and शतशत the mother.

शतशत mfn. (-शत-शत-शत) Subduing an enemy. m. (-शत) 1. The mountain Vimala, or Girna'r, or a mountainous range in Guzerat. 2. An elephant. श. शत, a foe, शत to conquer, शत aff.

शतशत f. (-शत) Hostility, enmity. श. शत added to शत : with शत, शतशत ।

शतशत m. (-शत) A number of enemies. श. शत, शतशत a quantity.

शतशत m. (-शत) The dwelling of a foe. श. शत, and शतशत abode.

शतशत mfn. (-शत-शत-शत) Subduing enemies. श. शत, शत to harass, शत aff.

शतशत m. (-शत) An antagonist, an enemy. श. शत, and शत side or part.

शतशत m. (-शत) S'ATRUOHN'A, the brother of RA'MA. श. शत, a foe, शत destroyer. [to bear, शतशत ।

शतशत mfn. (-शत-शत-शत) Bearing or patient with an enemy. श. शत, शतशत ।

शतशत f. (-शत) Night. श. शत to go, शत aff.; fem. aff. शत ।

शतशत m. (-शत) शत शतशत. 1st cl. (शतशत) 1. To perish gradually, to wither or decay. 2. To fall. 3. To throw down. 4. To go, to move.

शतशत m. (-शत) A vegetable, any edible vegetable product, as fruits, roots, &c. श. शत to wither, aff. शत ।

शतशत m. (-शत) 1. A cloud. 2. An elephant. 3. ARJUN'A. f. (-शत) 1. To wither. 2. Clayed or candied sugar. श. शत, to go, शत Unádi aff.

शतशत mfn. (-शत-शत-शत) 1. Wasting, decaying, falling, perishing. 2. To move. श. शत to go, शत aff.

शतशत f. (-शत) or शत) A shrub, (Pothos officinalis) [same as शतशत ।

शतशत Ind. 1. Slowly. 2. Mildly. 3. Gradually. 4. Successively.

शतशत f. (-शत) A medicinal plant, (Wrightea antidysenterica).

शतशत m. (-शत) 1. The planet SATURN; he is the son of the god SIVA, represented as of a black colour or dressed in dark clothes. 2. Saturday. श. शत to give, aff. शत : or शत-शत शतशत ।

शतशत m. (-शत) Black pepper. श. शत SATURN, शत born.

शतशत m. (-शत) Worship of SIVA on the thirteenth day of the fortnight when it falls on a Saturday. [शतशत ।

शतशत f. (-शत) CUNHA'YA, the wife of the Sun. श. शत SATURN, शतशत ।

शतशत n. (-शत) The emerald or sapphire. श. शत SATURN, शतशत ।

शतशत m. (-शत) Saturday. श. शत the planet, and शत in the and शत similar compounds, a day.

शतशत m. (-शत) The planet SATURN or its mythological personification. Adj. Moving slowly. श. शतशत slowly, and शत who goes.

शतशत Ind. 1. Slowly, tardily. 2. Independently, at will. 3. Softly. 4. Little by little. 5. In order. श. शत to give, (to produce), and शत and the consonant changed.

शतशत 1st cl. (शतशत) r. 4th cl. (शतशत) 1. To revile, to wish evil imprecations on, to curse. 2. To take an oath, to swear; in this sense शत sometimes governs a cognate accusative; but generally it takes the accusative of the person to whom a promise is made, and the instrumental of the object by which it is made; when used intransitively it governs the dative of the object of person, by which the oath is taken. 3. To blame. [accept-

शतशत Ind. A particle and prefix of assent or acceptance, as शतशत he assents. श. शत 1. An oath. 2. An imprecation, a curse, cursing. 3. A corpse; also शत. श. शत to curse, aff. शत ।

शतशत n. (-शत) 1. An imprecation. 2. An oath. 3. Abusive language.

शतशत m. (-शत) 1. An oath, asseveration by oath or ordeal. 2. An imprecation. 3. Cursing, wishing ill to. श. शत to swear, Unádi aff. शत ।

शतशत n. (-शत) 1. An oath, confirmation of the truth by oath or ordeal.

Abuse, imprecation, cursing, malediction. **श.** शब्द to curse, **शब्द** शब्द.

**शब्द** mfn. (न-ना-न) 1. Reviling. 2. Swearing. **श.** शब्द to curse, शब्द aff. **शब्द** mfn. (न-ना-न) 1. Cursed. 2. Sworn. 3. Abused. **म.** (न-न) A sort of grass, (Saccharum cylindricum.) **श.** शब्द to curse, aff. **श.**

**शब्द** m. (क-क) 1. A hoof in general. 2. The root of a tree. 3. The hoof of a horse. **श.** शब्द to be tranquil, aff. **श.**, the final changed to **क**.

**शब्द** m. (र-र) A small fish, (Cyprinus Sphore, H.A.V.) **श.** शब्द a hoof, **श** to give, (to resemble,) aff. **क**. "पुटीमाक" [चधिप chief.

**शिव** m. (व-व) The Ilisha fish, (Ilisha olupanodon) **श.** शब्द a carp, **श** (ना or लो) A spotted cow.

**शब्द** (शब्द-शब्द) 1. To sound, to make or utter sound. 2. To call out to, to speak; with the prefixes **प्र**, **प्रति**, or **वि**, as well as uncompounded, this root means also;—1. To promise. 2. To make clear or manifest, to explain. 3. To speak.

**म.** (श-श) 1. Sound in general, (considered as the property of Akāsha) 2. A sound, a word. 3. A declinable word, as noun, pronoun, &c., (in gram.) 4. The sound of a musical instrument. 5. Verbal authority, (considered as a "proof" by the Naiya'yika.) **श.** शब्द to sound, aff. **चञ्**. [make, **शब्द** aff.

**शब्द** m. (र-रौ-र) Sounding, sonorous. **श.** शब्द sound, &c., **श** to produce sound. A lexicon.

**शब्द** (श-श) Being or residing in word.

**शब्द** (श-श) 1. The ear. 2. Receiving or catching sound. 3. A fabulous story. **शब्द** sound, **शब्द** what receives.

**शब्द** m. (श-श) Cleverness of diction.

**शब्द** (श-श) One of the two divisions of the last division of poetry; its charm consists in the fanciful use of words giving pleasure to the ear by mere sound.

**शब्द** (श-श) A plagiarist. **श.** शब्द, and **शोर** a thief.

**शब्द** (श-श) The subtle element of sound.

**शब्द** (श-श) Sounding, sonorous **म.** (श-श) 1. Sounding, uttering sound. 2. Sound. 3. Calling out. **श.** शब्द to sound, aff. **शु**.

**शब्द** (श-श) A nominal form.

**शब्द** (श-श) Knowledge derived from verbal testimony, (in phil.)

**शब्द** m. (श-श) Inspired writ, the Vedas as created and identified with the Supreme Spirit. **श.** शब्द, and **शब्द** the supreme.

**शब्द** m. (श-श) 1. A name of Anurāṣa. 2. The anus. 3. A kind of arrow. **श.** शब्द sound, noise, and **शब्द** breaking.

**शब्द** (श-श) A root, a radical word. **श.** शब्द, **शब्द** place of origin.

**शब्द** (श-श) Function of a word.

**शब्द** m. (श-श) 1. Anurāṣa. 2. A kind of arrow. Adj. Hitting an animal mark by the clue of mere sound. **श.** शब्द sound, and **शब्द** hitting; terrifying his enemies by his shouts.

**शब्द** (श-श) Force or signification of words. **श.** शब्द, **शब्द** power.

**शब्द** m. (श-श) The rules of grammar. **श.** शब्द, and **शब्द** regulating.

**शब्द** m. (श-श) Philology, grammar, &c. **श.** शब्द, **शब्द** a science, &c.

**शब्द** m. (श-श) A play upon words, a verbal equivoque, a pun, (it differs from **शब्द** in that the figure vanishes if the words on which it depends are substituted by others of the same meaning.)

**शब्द** m. (श-श) A vocabulary, a lexicon. **श.** शब्द, and **शब्द** collection.

**शब्द** m. (श-श) The objects of sense, viz :—sound, form, scent, juice, contact, or what affords matter for the exercise of hearing, seeing, smelling, tasting and touching. **श.** शब्द, and **शब्द** other.

**शब्द** m. (श-श) The ear. **श.** शब्द sound, **शब्द** receptacle.

**शब्द** m. (श-श) 1. Conformity or proportion to the sound. 2. Imitation of sound. **श.** शब्द, **शब्द** conformity. [शब्द government.

**शब्द** m. (श-श) The acceptation or sense of words. **श.** शब्द, **शब्द**.

**शब्द** mfn. (न-ना-न) Sounding. **श.** शब्द sound, nominal verb, **शब्द** aff.

**शब्द** m. (श-श) 1. The sense or meaning of words. 2. Words and sense. **श.** शब्द, **शब्द** sense.

**शब्द** m. (श-श) Rhetorical use of words; verbal figure, as alliteration, &c. **श.** शब्द and **शब्द** ornament.

**शब्द** mfn. (न-ना-न) 1. Sounded. 2. Uttered, articulated. 3. Explained, made public or manifest. 4. Converted into a noun, &c. **श.** शब्द to sound, **श** aff.; or **शब्द**, and **शब्द** aff.

**शब्द** (श-श) **शब्द** m. 4th cl. (शब्द) 1. To be pacified, to be calmed or appeased. 2. To pacify, to calm. 3. To be tranquil, to have the passions tamed and quiescent. **म.** 10th cl. (शब्द) To look, to look at or inspect. (शब्द) To alay, to appease. **शब्द** To display. With **च** prefixed, To tranquillize, to alay, to tame. With **श**, 1. To hear. 2. To observe, to perceive. 3. To restrain or prevent. With **प्र**, 1. To destroy. 2. To be very tranquil. 3. To be soothed. 4. To cease. 5. To fade away. With **स**, To be extinguished.

**शब्द** Ind. A particle meaning "welfare, prosperity, blessing, health," (with a dat. or gen.)

**शब्द** m. (न-न) 1. Quiet of mind, stoicism, indifference, the absence of passion, as one of the qualities of the Vedānta or follower of the Vedānta doctrine; it is defined to be the exclusion of every idea not derived from the precepts of that philosophy, and is so far synonymous with abstract meditation on "Brahma" or God. 2. Quiet, tranquillity, rest, calm, (in general) 3. Final happiness, emancipation from human existence. 4. Cure, convalescence, alleviation of pain or disease. 5. Abuse, imprecation, malediction. 6. The hand. **श.** शब्द to be pacified or calm, aff. **च**, and the vowel not made long.

**शब्द** mfn. (न-न) Pacifier, pacificator, tranquillizing. **श.** शब्द to be tranquil, **शब्द** aff. of attributive **शब्द**.

**शब्द** m. (न-न) 1. Quiet, tranquillity (see the last) 2. A counsellor, a minister. **श.** शब्द to be calm, **शब्द** aff. **शब्द**.

**शब्द** m. (न-न) 1. Killing animals for sacrifice, immolation. 2. Mental tranquillity, calmness, indifference. 3. Abuse, malediction. 4. Hurt, injury. 5. Chewing, swallowing. 6. The act of appeasing, soothing, consoling. 7. Cessation, end, destruction. **म.** (न-न) 1. YAMA, the ruler of Tartarus. 2. An unhappy fate. (न-न) Night. **श.** शब्द to be tranquil, aff. **शब्द** or **शब्द**.

**शब्द** m. (न-न) YAMUNA, the personified river. **श.** शब्द YAMA and **शब्द** the sister. [शब्द who goes.

**शब्द** m. (न-न) A Rakṣas, an evil spirit, a goblin. **श.** शब्द night.

**शब्द** mfn. (न-न) 1. Appeasing, allaying. 2. Terminating, stopping. **श.** शब्द to pacify, **शब्द** aff. [Unhappy fate.

**शब्द** m. (न-न) 1. Peace, order. 2. Sin, impurity. **श.** शब्द to be quiet, **शब्द** m. (न-न) The deity Kāma or love, (personified) **श.** शब्द mental or devotional tranquillity, **शब्द** destroyer.

**शब्द** f. (न-न) A legume or pod f. (न-न) 1. The Sami tree, (Acacia sumia, Rox.) 2. A shrub, (Serratale acuminata.) **श.** शब्द to pacify, (sickness,) aff. **शब्द**, **शब्द** added.

**शब्द** mfn. (न-न) 1. Pacified, appeased. 2. Quiet, tranquil, calm. 3. Alleviated, relieved. 4. Tempered, moderate. 5. Relaxed, intermitted. **श.** शब्द to be pacified or calm, aff. **शब्द**. [aff. **शब्द**.

**शब्द** mfn. (न-न) Pacific, tranquillized. **श.** शब्द to be tranquil, **शब्द** m. (न-न) A variety of the Sāma tree. **श.** शब्द the Sāma tree, **श** to get, (to resemble,) aff. **शब्द**, and the vowel made short, also **शब्द**.

**शब्द** m. (न-न) Śiva. **श.** शब्द for शब्द the Śami tree, **शब्द** who ascends.

**शब्द** m. (न-न) 1. A man of the sacerdotal class, a Brahman. 2. A name of Agni or fire. **श.** शब्द the mimosa, (the wood of which is essential for certain sacrifices, &c.) and **शब्द** endures.

**शब्द** m. (न-न) Pulse, grain which grows in legumes or pods. **श.** शब्द a legume, and **शब्द** grain.

मलीपत्री f. (-त्री) A sort of sensitive plant, (Mimosa pudica.) z. मली  
Acacia Suma, and पत्र the leaf; having a similar leaf.

मलीर m. (-रः) A small variety of the Mimosa Suma. z. मली the S'ami  
tree, and र aff. of diminution; also sometimes read मलिर।

मन्वा f. (-वा) Lightning. z. मन् happiness, वा to drink, क and टाप् affs.;  
destroying pleasure by its awful appearance.

मन्वाक m. (-कः) 1. A kind of Cassia, (C. fistula.) 2. Bringing to matu-  
rity or ripeness, cooking, maturing. 3. The lac pigment. z. मन्  
pleasure and वाक what matures; also मन्वाक।

मन्व r. 1st cl. (मन्वति) To go. r. 10th cl. (मन्वति-ते) To accumulate, to  
collect or heap together.

मन्व mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) 1. Happy, fortunate. 2. Poor, indigent. m. (-न्वः)  
1. INDRA's thunderbolt. 2. The iron head of a pestle. 3. An iron  
chain worn round the loins. 4. The second ploughing of a field.  
z. मन् happiness, and व possessive aff.; or मन्व to accumulate, aff.  
वच्; it is also read मन्व, मन्व, and मन्व।

मन्वर n. (-रः) 1. Water. 2. A religious observance. 3. Wealth. m. (-रः)  
1. A Daitya. 2. A sort of deer. 3. A mountain. 4. A fish in gener-  
al. 5. War. 6. Best, excellent. 7. A Baud'dha. f. (-री) 1. A drug  
or medicinal plant, (Anthericum tuberosum.) 2. A female juggler.  
z. मन्व to accumulate, वरन्व aff.; or मन्व happiness, व to choose,  
aff. वच्; also read मन्वर and मन्वर or मन्वर। [trayer.

मन्वरदूदन m. (-नः) A name of PRADYUMN'A. z. मन्वर the Daitya, दूदन des-  
troyer।

मन्वरार m. (-रः) PRADYUMN'A. z. मन्वर the Daitya, वर the los.

मन्वन् m. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) 1. Provender for a journey, stock for travelling  
expenses. 2. A bank, a shore. 3. Envy, impatience or dislike of  
another's success. f. (-न्व) A procuress, a bawd. z. मन्व to go, to  
collect, कलच् aff.; also मन्वन्, and मन्वन् or मन्वन्।

मन्वाकृत mfn. (-ता-त-त) Twice-ploughed, (a field.) z. मन्व a second  
ploughing, कृत made, and वाक् augment.

मन्व m. (-न्वः) A bivalve-shell. z. See मन्व below.

मन्व m. (-न्वः) A bivalve-shell; see मन्व।

मन्व m. (-न्वः) A bivalve-shell; see the next.

मन्व mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) A bivalve-shell. m. (-न्वः) 1. A conch-shell. 2. A  
snail. 3. A Sudra, who had become a devotee in the time of  
RAMACHANDRA, and was slain by him. 4. The edge of the frontal  
protuberance of the elephant. 5. The name of a Daitya. z. मन्व to  
be tranquil, कलच् aff. and वक् augment; also with the vowel short,  
मन्व, and the final consonant then rejected, मन्व; it is also  
read, मन्व and with the first vowel long, मन्व, &c.

मन्व m. (-न्वः) 1. INDRA's thunder-bolt. 2. The iron bound head of a  
club or pestle. 3. A happy man. z. मन्व particle of auspiciousness,  
वा to shine, aff. क। [and कच् affs.

मन्वाडी f. (-डी) A bawd, a procuress. z. मन्व pleasure, मन्व to describe, वच्  
मन्व m. (-न्वः) 1. S'IVA. 2. BRAHMA. 3. A Jaina sanctified teacher.  
4. A Sid'dha, a demi-divine being. 5. A sage, a venerable man. 6.  
A kind of Asclepias. z. मन्व auspicious particle, व to be, वच् aff.

मन्वतनय m. (-यः) 1. K'A'RTIKE'YA. 2. GAN'E'SA. z. मन्व S'IVA, तनय son.

मन्वतनय m. (-नः) 1. A name of GAN'E'SA. 2. A name of KA'RTIKE'YA.  
z. मन्व S'IVA, तनय son.

मन्व विवा f. (-वा) 1. Emblem myrobalan. 2. An epithet of DUBO'A. z.  
मन्व S'IVA, विवा beloved.

मन्वा f. (-वा) 1. The pin of a yoke. 2. A sacrificial vessel. 3. A stick,  
a staff. z. मन्व to be kept quiet, वच् aff., fem. aff. टाप्।

मन्वापात m. (-तः) The cast of a stick. z. मन्वा and पात alighting.

मन्व mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Asleep, sleeping. m. (-न्वः) 1. A hand. 2. A  
snake, (Boa constrictor.) 3. Sleep, sleeping. 4. A bed, a couch. 5.  
Abuse, imprecation. z. मन्व to sleep, aff. व, टाप् or वच्। [aff.

मन्व mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Asleep, sleeping. z. मन्व to sleep, वच् aff. Una'di  
मन्व mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Asleep, sleeping, m. (-न्वः) 1. Death, dying. 2. A

sort of snake, the Boa. 3. A boar. 4. A fish. z. मन्व to sleep, वच्  
Una'di aff.

मन्व n. (-न्वः) 1. Sleep. 2. A bed, a couch. 3. Copulation. z. मन्व to sleep, वच्  
मन्व mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) A bed-chamber. z. मन्व and वच् house.

मन्वावार m. (-रः) A bed chamber. z. मन्व and वच् house.

मन्वीय mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Fit for or suitable to sleep, to be slept on, &c.  
n. (-न्वः) A bed, a couch. z. मन्व to sleep, वच् aff. of the future  
participle; also with वच् added मन्वीय n. (-न्वः)।

मन्वेकादशी f. (-शी) The eleventh day of the light-half of A'sha'dha, on  
which VISHNU's sleep commences. z. मन्व, एकादशी 11th lutation.

मन्व mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Sleeping, asleep. z. मन्व to sleep, मन्व aff.

मन्वक m. (-कः) 1. A snake. 2. A lizard. z. मन्व to sleep, वच् aff. Una'di aff.

मन्व mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Sleepy, slothful, sluggish. m. (-न्वः) 1. A kind of  
snake, the Boa. 2. A dog. 3. A jackal. z. मन्व to sleep, वच् aff.,  
implying disposition or habit.

मन्वित mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Asleep. n. (-न्वः) A plant, (Cordia myxa) n. (-न्वः)  
Sleep, sleeping. z. मन्व to sleep, aff. व।

मन्वितवत् mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Sleeping, asleep. z. मन्वित to sleep, वच् aff.

मन्विता Ind. Having slept. z. मन्व to sleep, वच् aff.

मन्व m. (-न्वः) A large snake, (Boa.) z. मन्व to sleep, वच् Una'di aff. [वच्;  
मन्व m. (-न्वः) A large kind of snake, (Boa.) z. मन्वित to sleep, Una'di aff.

मन्वा f. (-वा) 1. A bed, a couch, a sofa. 2. Tying in knots, stringing.  
z. मन्व to sleep, वच् aff., and वच् substituted for the vowel

मन्व m. (-रः) 1. A sort of reed or grass, (Saccharum sara.) 2. An arrow.  
3. The upper part or cream of slightly curdled milk. 4. Mischief,  
injury, hurt. 5. The number "five." n. (-न्वः) 1. Water. 2. Versed  
sine of an arc. z. मन्व to hurt, aff. वच् or वच्; also वच्।

मन्वाक m. (-कः) 1. The stem of the Saccharum. 2. The shaft of an  
arrow. z. मन्व, वाक stem.

मन्व m. (-न्वः) The autumnal moon. z. मन्व, वच् moon.

मन्व n. (-न्वः) Butter made from milk one day old. z. मन्व cream, वच् born.

मन्व m. (-न्वः) A name of K'A'RTIKE'YA. z. मन्व a sort of grass, and  
वच् birth: having been brought up in thickets of that grass.

मन्व m. (-न्वः) 1. A lizard, a chameleon. 2. Safflower, the plant. z. मन्व  
to hurt, वच् aff.; also वच्।

मन्व n. (-न्वः) 1. A house. 2. A preserver, a protector, what or who  
protects or preserves. 3. Preservation, protection, defence. 4.  
Killing, slaying. f. (-न्वी) A plant, (Celtis.) z. मन्व to injure, aff. वच्.  
मन्वागत mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Refuge, appellant, one who comes for protec-  
tion or refuge. z. मन्व protection, and वागत come.

मन्वापन्न mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Taken refuge. z. मन्व and वापन्न obtained.

मन्वायिन् mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Unfortunate, wretched, involved in cala-  
mity or ruin, and dependent on others for protection or aid. z.  
मन्व protection, and वायिन् soliciting, requiring.

मन्वायिन् mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Unfortunate, calamitous, distressed, ruined:  
(see the last.) z. मन्व protection, वच् who causes to be afforded.

मन्व mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) A road, a path, a way. z. मन्व to hurt, वच् aff.; more  
usually वच्। [मन्व, वच् who wishes

मन्व mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) Seeking for an asylum or protection. z.  
मन्व m. (-न्वः) 1. A bird in general. 2. A lizard, a chameleon. 3. A  
kind of ornament. 4. A rogue, a cheat. 5. A libertine, a lecher.  
z. मन्व to injure, (fruit, &c.) वच् aff. Una'di aff.; also वच्।

मन्व mfn. (-न्वः-न्वा-न्व) To be protected or aided, poor, miserable,  
helpless. n. (-न्वः) 1. A protection, a protector, that which or who  
affords refuge and defence. 2. A house. 3. Protection, defence. 4.  
Injury, hurt. z. मन्व to hurt, Una'di aff. वच्; or मन्व protection,  
and वच् aff. of fitness.

मन्व m. (-न्वः) 1. A plough. 2. Wind, air. 3. A protector, a defender.  
4. A cloud. z. मन्व to injure, वच् aff.; also वच्।

मन्वायिन् m. (-न्वी) A dog. z. मन्व autumn, and वायिन् axions.

अनुत्तम न. (-न) The autumnal season. ३ सरा and वास time.  
 अनुत्तम mfn. (-न-वा-स) Autumnal. ३ अनुत्तम and वास aff.  
 अनुत्तम n. (-न) A festival, on the full moon of A'shwin, (September-October :) see कौशिक. ३ सरा autumn, and अनुत्तम a holyday.  
 रा f. (-रन् or रद्) 1. The season of autumn, or the sultry season; the two months succeeding the rains; according to the Vaidikas, comprising the months Bhā'dra and A'shwin, and according to the Paurānikas, A'shwin and Kārtika, fluctuating thus from August to November. २. A year. ३. घृ to injure, चरि Una'di aff.; also with टाप् added सराट्।  
 राट् f. (-रा) 1. A year. 2. The sultry season. ३. See the last.  
 राट् mfn. (-ज-ज-र) Autumnal, produced in S'arat or the season of autumn. ३ सराट् as above in the 7th case, and ज born.  
 रावि m. (-वि) A quiver. ३. सरा an arrow, वा to have or contain, aff. जि।  
 रावत्त n. (-त्त) Commencement of the autumn. ३. सराट्, सुख beginning.  
 रावत m. (-त) An arrow's fall or flight. ३. सरा and पात alighting.  
 रावतमान n. (-म) A bowshot, an arrow's flight. ३. सरापात, ज्ञान place.  
 रावतः f. (-ह) The feathered end of an arrow. ३. सरा an arrow, and वत्त the feathered part of it.  
 रावत्त n. (-त्त) The blade or barb of an arrow. ३. सरा, and वत्त blade.  
 रावत्त m. (-म) 1. A fabulous animal, supposed to have eight legs, and to inhabit particularly the snowy mountains. 2. A young elephant. 3. A monkey in Rāma's army. 4. A camel. 5. A grasshopper. 6. A locust. ३. घृ to injure, Unādi aff. चरच; or सरा an arrow, वा to shun; aff. क। [this grass.  
 रावत्त m. (-म) Kārtika's Ya. ३. सरा the grass, घृ born, being reared in रावत्त mfn. (-य-घी-र) Made of or consisting of S'ara grass, &c. ३. सरा the grass, and मयट् aff., implying in this and other compounds change of form for any purpose except food or clothing.  
 रावत्त m. (-म) A small bird, considered as a variety of the S'alica or Maina', (Turdus gosalia, Ruch, Mss.) ३. सरा the S'ara grass, and मयट् to hold or occupy, aff. चर; some authorities have सरावत्त।  
 सराजु f. (-य-यु) The Saraju'-river; it is preferably, and more usually written सरयु, q. v.  
 सराजु mfn. (-य-य-य) 1. Upright, honest. 2. Crooked, fraudulent. m. (-य) A tree, a sort of pine. ३. घृ to go, चरच aff., and च changed to य, whence the word is preferably read सरज।  
 सराजक n. (-क) Water.  
 सराजता f. (-ता) Uprightness, sincerity. ३. तच् added to सराज; with ल, सराजत्; also read सराजना।  
 सराज m. (-य) 1. S'iva. 2. A lid, a cover.  
 सराजोत्तम m. (-म) 1. Kārtika's Ya. ३. सरा saccharum, वत्त a thicket or jungle, and उत्तम born : see सराजवत्त, &c.  
 सराजम् m. (-म्) A flight or shower of arrows. ३. सरा, वर्ष rain. [showering.  
 सराजिन् mfn. (-नो विंशो-दि) Raining or shooting arrows. ३. सरा, रविन्  
 सराजि m. (-जि) 1. The head of an arrow. 2. A foot-soldier, an anchor.  
 3. A maker of arrows. ३. सरा an arrow, वच् to sound, aff. रन्।  
 सराजि f. (-जि) A heavy fall or shower of arrows. ३. सरा and वृष्टि rain.  
 सराज n. (-ज) A mark, a butt. ३. सरा a weapon, and वच् aff.  
 सराजमान n. (-म) Taking aim with an arrow.  
 सराजान m. (-न) Shooting (with a bow.) ३. सरा an arrow, वाचात् striking.  
 सराजि f. (-जि) A sort of bird, (Turdus ginginianus.) ३. सरा water or mischief, चट् to go, aff. रन्; or from चट् to go, सराजि; and otherwise derived also सराजि and सराजि।  
 सराजि f. (-जि) A bird : see सराजि।  
 सराजि f. (-जि) A bird : see सराजि, &c. [arrow, चचात् exercise.  
 सराजान m. (-न) Archery, practice with the bow and arrow. ३. सरा an  
 सराजि f. (-जि) A sort of bird, commonly the A'li or Sara'li. (Turdus ginginianus.) ३. सरा water or mischief, चट् to go, aff. र; also च being substituted, सराजि, &c.

सराजीव्यी f. (-जी) Soissars. ३. सराजी, कुक्ष mouth or beak, चरच aff. [aff.  
 सराजीव्य mfn. (-य-य-य) Mischievous, noxious, hurtful. ३. चट् to hurt, वाच  
 सराजीव्य m. (-य) A bow. ३. सरा an arrow, वाचात् a receptacle.  
 सराजि f. (-जि or जी) Sara'li, a kind of bird, (Turdus ginginianus.) ३. सरा  
 an arrow, वच् to be equal to, (in speed), aff. रन्, and जीव optionally  
 added; also सराजि, सराजि, सराजि, &c., and with वच् added, सरा  
 form सराजिवा।  
 सराज m. (-य) 1. A lid, a cover. 2. A shallow earthen cup or dish. 3.  
 A platter. 4. A measure equal to two Kudavas. ३. सरा mischief,  
 (from it), चट् to preserve, aff. चच् or चच्।  
 सराजोत्तम f. (-तो) A river so named. ३. सरा a sort of grass, मयट् aff., fem.  
 form, and the final of the first word made long.  
 सराजय m. (-य) A quiver. ३. सरा an arrow, वाचात् receptacle. [चट्।  
 सराजन n. (-न) 1. A bow. 2. Shooting arrows. ३. सरा, वच् to throw, aff.  
 सराजत mfn. (-त-ता-त) Struck by an arrow. ३. सरा, and वाचात् struck.  
 सराजन् m. (-न) Bearing, bringing forth. ३. घृ to hurt, रविन् Una'di  
 aff.  
 सराज n. (-र) 1. The body. 2. The body of any inanimate object. 3. A  
 dead body. ३. घृ to injure, to be injured, Unādi aff. ररन्।  
 सराजक n. (-क) 1. A small or delicate body. 2. The body. ३. सराज, and  
 कच् diminutive, or pleonastic aff. [attracting.  
 सराजकच n. (-च) Emaciating or afflicting the body. ३. सराज and कच  
 सराजक mfn. (-ज-ज-क) Born or produced by the body, &c. m. (-ज)  
 1. Sickness, disease. 2. The deity Kā'ma or love. 3. A son. ३. सराज  
 the body, and ज born. [सराज, जन्म birth.  
 सराजकच mfn. (-ज-ज-क) Born or produced of or from the body. ३.  
 सराजक m. (-क) Corporal punishment.  
 सराजपतन n. (-न) Death.  
 सराजपाक m. (-क) Decay, emaciation. ३. सराज, and पाक a ripening.  
 सराजवत् Adj. Invested with a body.  
 सराजवत्त m. (-त) A hostage. ३. सराज, वत्त a pledge. [who shares.  
 सराजमान mfn. (-म-ज-म) Embodied, corporeal, having body. ३. सराज, वाच  
 सराजवत् f. (-वत्) A slender body or figure.  
 सराजवाच f. (-वा) Subsistence, support. ३. सराज, and वाचा going.  
 सराजयोग m. (-य) Bodily union. ३. सराज, and योग union.  
 सराजविमोचन n. (-न) Liberation of the soul from the body.  
 सराजवत्त f. (-वत्) Personal attendance. ३. सराज and वत्त service.  
 सराजजीव n. (-ज) 1. Drying up, withering. 2. Emaciating the body.  
 ३. सराज, and जीव lying.  
 सराजचकार m. (-र) Purification of the body by various ceremonies at  
 conception, birth, initiation, death, &c. n. (-र) Decoration or  
 adorning the person. ३. सराज and चकार making perfect.  
 सराजवत्त n. (-वत्) The skin. ३. सराज the body and वाचात् enclosing.  
 सराजिन् mfn. (-रि रिचो-रि) Embodied, corporeal, having body. m. (-री)  
 An animal or sentiment being. n. (-रि) Life or soul connected  
 with the body, or incorporate. ३. सराज the body and रवि aff.  
 सराज m. (-य) 1. Passion, anger. 2. The thunderbolt of Indra. 3. As  
 arrow. 4. Any weapon. ३. घृ to injure, Unādi aff. चन्।  
 सराज m. (-य) The mango-tree. ३. सरा an arrow and रच desired; the  
 blossoms of the mango being amongst those which tip the dark  
 of CEPID.  
 सराज f. (-र) 1. A potsherd, the fragment of a broken pot. 2. A stony  
 nodule, or gravel. 3. A soil or spot abounding in stony or gritty  
 fragments. 4. Olayed or candid sugar. 5. A part, a piece. ६  
 Gravel, (the disease.) ३. घृ to injure, Unādi aff. चरन्।  
 सराजवा f. (-वा) The hell of gravel according to the Jaines, the  
 second division of Tartarus. ३. सराज gravel, वत्त illustrious.  
 सराजवत् mfn. (-व-व-व) Gritty, gravelly, full of stony particles. 1  
 सराज gravel and मयट् aff.  
 सराजिक mfn. (-व-जी-क) Stony, gravelly. ३. सराज gravel, &c., उच्, aff.

मर्दरेक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Abounding in stony or gravelly particles, (a spot, a place). **म. मर्दरेक gravel and मर्दरेक aff.**

मर्दरो f. (-रो) 1. A river. 2. A girdle.

मर्द r. 1st cl. (मर्दति) To wound or kill. [मर्द to fart, aff. चञ्.]

मर्द m. (-र्दः-र्द) Farting, a fart. **म. (-र्दः) 1. Strength. 2. Multitude. 3. मर्दरेक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Causing flatulence. म. (-कः) Any leguminous grain or pulse, as beans, &c. 3. मर्दरेक farting and मर्दरेक to let go or loose, aff. खञ्.**

मर्द r. 1st cl. (मर्दति) 1. To go. 2. To hurt, to injure.

मर्दरेक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Conferring prosperity, making happy, propitious. **म. मर्दरेक and मर्दरेक who or what gives.**

मर्दरेक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Happy, glad. **म. (-कः) Happiness, pleasure. म. (-कः) A name or appellation common to and proper for Brahmans. 3. मर्दरेक to injure or destroy, (ill fortune.) मर्दरेक Una'di aff.**

मर्दरेक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Lucky, auspicious. **म. मर्दरेक and मर्दरेक aff.**

मर्दरेक m. (-रः) A sort of garment or cloth. **म. (-रः) A species of Curcuma, (C. zanthorhizon.) 3. मर्दरेक pleasure, मर्दरेक to give, aff. क.**

मर्दरेक f. (-कः) Night. **म. मर्दरेक to injure, मर्दरेक aff.**

मर्द r. 1st cl. (मर्दति) To hurt, to injure or kill.

मर्द m. (-रः) S'IVA. **म. मर्दरेक to injure, Una'di aff. मर्दरेक; also मर्दरेक.**

मर्दरेक m. (-रः) KA'MA. **म. (-रः) Darkness. 3. मर्दरेक, मर्दरेक aff.**

मर्दरेक f. (-रो) 1. Night. 2. A woman. 3. Turmeric. **म. मर्दरेक to injure, मर्दरेक Una'di aff.; or मर्दरेक मर्दरेक मर्दरेक र च.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) 1. A low or vile man, a rogue, a wretch. 2. A cruel or mischievous man. **म. मर्दरेक to injure, मर्दरेक Una'di aff., मर्दरेक augment and the root repeated. [मर्दरेक]**

मर्दरेक f. (-का or का) An iron crow. **म. मर्दरेक to injure, मर्दरेक aff.; also मर्दरेक f. (-का) A name of PA'RVATI. 3. मर्दरेक S'IVA, मर्दरेक aff., and मर्दरेक augment; the wife of SARVA; also मर्दरेक.**

मर्द r. 1st cl. (मर्दति) 1. To move, to shake, to tremble or stir. 2. To cover. (मर्दति) To go, to move to or towards. **म. 10th cl. (मर्दवति) To praise.**

मर्द m. (-कः) The quill of a porcupine. **म. (-कः) 1. A name of BHIRINGI, S'IVA's attendant. 2. BRAHMA. 3. A kind of field. 4. A dart, a spear. 5. A stake. 6. A camel. 3. मर्दरेक to go, aff. चञ्.**

मर्द m. (-कः) A spider. **म. मर्दरेक to go, aff. वृञ्. [मर्दरेक]**

मर्द m. (-कः) 1. A king. 2. A sort of salt. **म. मर्दरेक to go, Una'di aff.**

मर्द m. (-कः) 1. A grass-hopper. 2. A locust. **म. मर्दरेक to go, मर्दरेक Una'di aff.; see मर्दरेक. [मर्दरेक, fem. aff. मर्दरेक]**

मर्द m. (-कः) The quill of a porcupine. **म. मर्दरेक to go, to project, aff.**

मर्दरेक f. (-कः) 1. A javelin, a dart. 2. An arrow. 3. A porcupine. 4. The rib of an umbrella, the bar of a cage, &c., or any such small stake, rod, peg, or pin; it is applied also in common use, to a thin slip of bamboo, serving when tipped with sulphur for a match; to a round pointed piece of wood or bamboo serving as a toothpick; to a similar piece employed as a tent or probe, or to a larger one used as a ruler, &c. 5. A bone. 6. An oblong quadrangular piece of ivory or bone used in playing a particular game, a domino. 7. A thorny stick, used as a brush or pencil. 8. A thorny shrub, (Vangueria spinosa.) 9. The Śa'rika. (Turdus Gossalica, BUCH.) 10. A shoot, a sprout. **म. मर्दरेक to go, Una'di aff. मर्दरेक.**

मर्दरेक f. (-कः) Beat at a game played with pieces of stick. **म. मर्दरेक a watch, &c., मर्दरेक implying in this and similar compounds, reverse.**

मर्दरेक m. plu. (-कः) Sixty-three persons considered by the Jains as sacred and divine, viz. —the 24. Jinas, 12 Chacravarties, 9. Va'sudévas. 9 Baladévas, and 9 Prati va'sudévas.

मर्द m. (-कः) A cart-load, considered as twenty times one hundred. **म. मर्दरेक to injure, aff. मर्दरेक and मर्दरेक changed to मर्दरेक.**

मर्दरेक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Unripe, moist, (as fruit). **म. (-कः) A kind of root. 3. मर्दरेक to go, मर्दरेक aff.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) A camel.

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) A sort of perfume.

मर्दरेक mfn. (-कः-का-क) Purchased with or proffered for the substance termed S'alālu. **म. मर्दरेक as above, and मर्दरेक aff.**

मर्द m. (-कः) 1. A part, a portion. 2. Bark, rind. 3. The scale of a fish. **म. मर्दरेक to go, Una'di aff. मर्दरेक.**

मर्द m. (-कः) 1. The scale of a fish. 2. Bark, rind. **म. मर्दरेक to go, मर्दरेक aff.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) A fish. **म. मर्दरेक and मर्दरेक aff.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) A fish. **म. मर्दरेक a scale and मर्दरेक aff. [मर्दरेक]**

मर्द r. 1st cl. (मर्दति) 1. To praise, to flatter or coax. 2. To stalk, to mope. **म. मर्दरेक mfn. (-कः-का-क) The silk-cotton tree; see मर्दरेक.**

मर्द m. (-कः-का-क) A dart, a javelin. **म. (-कः) 1. A bamboo rod or stake. 2. Any stake or thorn. 3. An arrow. 4. An iron crow. 5. Sin, crime. 6. Difficulty, embarrassment, distress. 7. An arrow, a thorn, or other extraneous substance which has lodged in the body, a dart, (lit.); but (fig.) any tormenting and heart rending sorrow. 8. Abuse, defamation. 9. Poison. 10. A bone. 11. A thorny shrub, (Vangueria spinosa.) 12. A porcupine. 13. A hedgehog. 14. A peg, a pin, &c. 15. A boundary. 16. Extraction of splinters, (in surgery.) 17. A king, the maternal uncle of YUDHISTHIRA. 3. मर्दरेक to go, aff. मर्दरेक or मर्दरेक Una'di aff.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) 1. A stake, a thorn. 2. A dart, a pike. 3. A porcupine. 4. A hedgehog. 5. A thorny shrub, (Vangueria spinosa.) **म. मर्दरेक as above, and मर्दरेक added.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) A porcupine. **म. मर्दरेक a stake, and मर्दरेक the throat.**

मर्दरेक f. (-कः) The extraction of extraneous substances lodged in the body. **म. मर्दरेक, and मर्दरेक act.**

मर्दरेक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Shooting arrows. 2. Set with stakes. 3. Harassed with difficulties, &c. **म. मर्दरेक and मर्दरेक aff.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) The part by which an arrow or the like lodged in the body is to be laid hold of for its extraction. **म. मर्दरेक, and मर्दरेक the place of seizure.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) That part of Surgery which treats of the extraction of extraneous substances lodged in the body. **म. मर्दरेक, मर्दरेक science.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) YUDHISTHIRA. **म. मर्दरेक the prince, and मर्दरेक an enemy.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) 1. Extraction of foreign substances from the body. 2. Cleansing or purifying a new house. **म. मर्दरेक, मर्दरेक taking away.**

मर्द r. 1st cl. (मर्दति) To go or move. [मर्दरेक]

मर्द m. (-कः) A frog. **म. (-कः) Bark, rind. 3. मर्दरेक to go, मर्दरेक aff.; or मर्दरेक.**

मर्द m. (-कः) 1. A plant, (Bignouia Indica.) **म. (-कः) Bark, rind. 1. (-कः) 1. A porcupine. 2. The gum Olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) 3. मर्दरेक to go, aff. मर्दरेक, deriv. irr. [मर्दरेक]**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) Incense, Olibanum. **म. मर्दरेक the Boswellia thurifera.**

मर्द m. (-कः) A country so named in the north of India. **म. मर्दरेक to go, मर्दरेक aff.; more usually मर्दरेक.**

मर्द r. 1st cl. (मर्दति) 1. To go or approach. 2. To change. [मर्दरेक]

मर्द m. (-कः-का-क) A dead body, a corpse. **म. (-कः) Water. 3. मर्दरेक to go, मर्दरेक.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) A dog. **म. मर्दरेक a corpse, and मर्दरेक desirous.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) Burning a corpse. **म. मर्दरेक, मर्दरेक burning. [मर्दरेक]**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) A person who burns a corpse. **म. मर्दरेक, मर्दरेक who.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) The litter or bed on which a dead body is carried to be burnt. **म. मर्दरेक a corpse, and मर्दरेक a vehicle.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) 1. A barbarian, one inhabiting the mountainous districts of India, and wearing the feathers of the peacock, &c. as decorations. 2. Water. 3. A name of S'IVA. 4. The hand. 5. Name of a learned writer on Mimāṃsā Darśana. **म. मर्दरेक a corpse, मर्दरेक to take, aff. क and टाच्; or मर्दरेक मर्दरेक.**

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) A sort of Lo'ub.

मर्दरेक m. (-कः) The abode of an outcaste or low tribe. **म. मर्दरेक a barbarian. मर्दरेक mfn. (-कः-का-क) A sort of perfume.**



शब्द m. (-श) The abode of an outcaste or barbarous tribe. इ. शब्द a barbarian, शब्द abode.

शब्द mfn. (-श-शब्द) 1. Variegated, of a variegated colour. 2. Imitative. 3. Articulate. 4. Divided into various parts. m. (-श) 1. A variegated colour. f. (-श-शब्द) 1. A bridled oow. 2. The oow of plenty, Kā'kādha's'nu. n. (-श) 1. Water. 2. A religious observance peculiar to the Baud'dhas. इ. शब्द to alter, शब्द aff., and प changed to व.

शब्द f. (-श) Variegation, variety of colour. इ. शब्द and शब्द aff.; also with ल, शब्दल.

शब्द mfn. (-श-शब्द) Variegated. इ. शब्द, कृत made. श्च augment.

शब्द n. (-श) A mystical and magical ceremony performed with a dead body. इ. शब्द, and शब्द implement.

शब्द m. (-श) 1. A traveller, (in the dialect of the Vēdas.) 2. A road. n. (-श) A cemetery. इ. शब्द to go, with शब्द aff. [leaping.

र. 1st cl. (शब्द) To jump, to leap, to move by springing or m. (-श) 1. A hare or rabbit. 2. The Lo'd'h-tree, (Symlocos racemosa.) 3. Gum rayrrh. 4. A man of mild and virtuous character, but uxorious and woman-led, one of the four characters in which men are classed by erotic writers. 5. The spots on the moon, supposed to resemble the figure of a hare. इ. शब्द to go by leaps or jumps, aff. शब्द.

शब्द m. (-श) A hare. इ. कन् added to the last.

शब्द mfn. (-श-शब्द) Leaping, jumping. इ. शब्द to leap, शब्द aff.

शब्द m. (-श) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. इ. शब्द a hare, and शब्द having; either as an emblem on his banners, or fancifully, as the spots on the moon's face. [शब्द jumping.

शब्द n. (-श) A mark or scratch of the finger-nail. इ. शब्द a hare, शब्द m. (-श) 1. VISHNŪ or KRISHNĀ. 2. A sovereign. 3. The moon. इ. शब्द a hare, and शब्द a spot.

शब्द m. (-श) The moon. इ. शब्द a hare, शब्द who cherishes : see शब्दर.

[शब्द aff.

शब्द mfn. (-श-शब्द) As large as or of the size of a hare. इ. शब्द, शब्द m. (-श) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. इ. शब्द, शब्द mark.

शब्द m. (-श) The skin of the hare or rabbit. इ. शब्द a hare or rabbit, शब्द hair.

शब्द n. (-श) The horn of a hare; any thing improbable or extraordinary. इ. शब्द, शब्द a horn.

शब्द f. (-श) The Doab, the country between the Ganges and Jamunā rivers. इ. शब्द a hare, शब्द place, sito. [spot.

शब्द m. (-श) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. इ. शब्द a hare, शब्द a mark or शब्द f. (-श) A digit of the moon. इ. शब्द, शब्द streak. [eats.

शब्द m. (-श) A hawk or falcon. इ. शब्द a hare or rabbit, शब्द what

शब्द m. (-श) The moon-gem. n. (-श) A lotus.

शब्द m. (-श) An eclipse of the moon.

शब्द m. (-श) An epithet of BUDDHA or MERCURY.

शब्द m. (-श) A sovereign, named also रत्नदेव.

शब्द m. (-श) 1. The moon. 2. The emblem of one of the Jinas. 3. Camphor. इ. शब्द a hare, शब्द aff.

शब्द m. (-श) A moon-beam. इ. शब्द, and शब्द a ray; also similar compounds, as शब्द, शब्द, शब्द and शब्द, &c.

शब्द m. (-श) The white esculent water-lily. f. (-श) Moon-light. इ. शब्द the moon, शब्द shining, (blossoming), or शब्द lustre, light.

शब्द f. (-श) 1. A digit of the moon. 2. A plant, (Menispermum glabrum.) 3. A metre, a variety of the line of the Atijagati' stanza of thirteen syllables, or of the Atisacari' of fifteen syllables. इ. शब्द the moon, and शब्द a line or mark.

शब्द f. (-श) 1. A woman with a face like the moon. 2. A species of the Ga'yatri metre. इ. शब्द, शब्द face. [moon, शब्द a crest.

शब्द m. (-श) 1. Śiva. 2. One of the Jaina pontiffs. इ. शब्द the

शब्द m. (-श) A name of Śiva. इ. शब्द, शब्द lord.

शब्द n. (-श) The hair of the hare or rabbit. इ. शब्द a hare, &c., शब्द wool.

शब्द Ind. 1. Again and again, frequently, repeatedly, perpetually. 2. Together with. इ. शब्द to go by jumps. शब्द aff.

शब्द r. 1st cl. (शब्द) To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill.

शब्द m. (-श) A plant, (Galedupa arboræa, Rox.) f. (-श) 1. The outer ear or opening of the external auditory passage. 2. Rice or barley water, &c. 3. A sort of pie. 4. A kind of baked cake. इ. शब्द शब्द.

शब्द n. (-श) Young grass. m. (-श) Loss of intellect or confidence. इ. शब्द to hurt, Unādi aff. प, and श changed to व, also शब्द.

शब्द (श) and the preposition शब्द usually prefixed शब्द r. 1st cl. (शब्द) 1. To bless, to wish good to, to confer a benediction. 2. To wish, to desire. 3. To speak (श) शब्द r. 1st cl. (शब्द) To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill. With शब्द, To intreat. With शब्द, To kill. r. 2nd cl. शब्द To dream.

शब्द n. (-श) Immolation, offering an animal in sacrifice. इ. शब्द to hurt, aff. शब्द, also शब्द.

शब्द (श) शब्द r. 2nd cl. (शब्द) To sleep, (peculiar to the Vēdas.)

शब्द mfn. (-श-शब्द) 1. Happy, well, right. 2. Praisel, eulogised. 3. Best, excellent. 4. Injured. n. (-श) 1. Happiness, excellence. 2.

The body. 3. A finger-protector. इ. शब्द to bless, aff. शब्द [the last.

शब्द n. (-श) A defence for the finger of an archer. इ. कन् added to शब्द शब्द mfn. (-श-शब्द) Having much or beautiful hair. इ. शब्द excellent, शब्द hair, कन् aff.

शब्द n. (-श) 1. A weapon in general. 2. Iron. 3. Steel. 4. An instrument. 5. A hymn of praise. m. (-श) A sword, a scymitar. f. (-श) A knife. इ. शब्द to hurt, aff. शब्द.

शब्द n. (-श) 1. Iron. 2. Steel. इ. शब्द a weapon, and कन् aff.

शब्द m. (-श) An armourer. इ. शब्द, and शब्द who make.

शब्द m. (-श) Taking arms. इ. शब्द and शब्द taking.

शब्द m. (-श) A man armed. इ. शब्द, शब्द who takes.

शब्द mfn. (-श-शब्द) Clanging. इ. शब्द, शब्द, शब्द what makes.

शब्द m. (-श) A quantity of weapons. इ. शब्द, शब्द a heap. [lives by.

शब्द m. (-श) A soldier by profession. इ. शब्द a weapon शब्द who

शब्द m. (-श) Throwing away a weapon. इ. शब्द, शब्द abandoning.

शब्द f. (-श) A deified weapon.

शब्द m. (-श) An armed man or soldier. इ. शब्द, and शब्द who has.

शब्द mfn. (-श-शब्द) A warrior armed, having weapons in the hand. इ. शब्द, and शब्द the hand.

शब्द m. (-श) The stroke of a weapon. इ. शब्द, and शब्द failing.

शब्द mfn. (-श-शब्द) Purified by arms, absolved from guilt by dying in the field of battle. इ. शब्द, and शब्द purified.

शब्द mfn. (-श-शब्द) Taking arms. इ. शब्द, शब्द taking. [ing.

शब्द m. (-श) An armed man, a soldier. इ. शब्द a weapon, शब्द has.

शब्द m. (-श) An armourer. इ. शब्द a weapon, and शब्द cleaning.

शब्द m. (-श) A soldier, a man at arms. इ. शब्द, and शब्द profession.

शब्द f. (-श) 1. A quantity or number of weapons. 2. An arsenal, an armoury. इ. शब्द, and शब्द assemblage.

शब्द n. (-श) 1. A quantity or number of weapons. 2. An arsenal, an armoury. इ. शब्द, and शब्द a heap.

शब्द mfn. (-श-शब्द) Struck or killed by a weapon. इ. शब्द शब्द hurt

शब्द m. (-श) A man carrying arms. इ. शब्द a weapon, शब्द the hand.

शब्द m. (-श) A soldier. इ. शब्द a weapon, शब्द who lives by.

शब्द m. (-श) Military exercise or practice. इ. शब्द a weapon, and शब्द practice.

शब्द n. (-श) Steal. [offence or defence.

शब्द m. (-श) Use of weapons. इ. शब्द, शब्द a weapon, or means of

शब्द m. (-श) A soldier, a warrior. इ. शब्द, शब्द who has.

शब्द n. (-श) The military profession, the use of arms. इ. शब्द

शब्द, शब्द aff.

सज्जित् mfn. (-स्रो-सिन्-सि) Armed, having weapons. **स. सज्ज, इति aff.**  
 सज्जोत्थापन n. (-न) Raising a weapon, (as to strike.) **स. सज्ज, उत्थापन**  
 taking up. [lifting up]  
 सज्जोत्थान m. (-न) Lifting up a weapon, (as to strike.) **स. सज्ज, and उत्थापन**  
 सज्जोत्थोक्ति m. (-तो) A soldier, a man at arms. **स. सज्ज, उत्थोक्ति living by.**  
 सस्य n. (-स्य) 1. Young grass. 2. Loss of confidence or understanding.  
**स. सस्य to injury, स aff., and the sibilant unchanged.**  
 सस्य mfn. (-स्य-स्य-स्य) 1. Excellent, best. 2. To be hurt or injured. 3.  
 Desirable, to be wished. n. (-स्य) 1. Fruit. 2. Corn, grain in  
 general. 3. Good quantity, merit. 4. Grass. **स. सस्य to hurt, aff.**  
 सस्य : or ससि to wish, सस्य aff.  
 सस्यक्षेत्र n. (-क्षेत्र) A corn-field. **स. सस्य, and क्षेत्र a field.**  
 सस्यवृक्षिन् m. (-सिन्) A timber tree, commonly Toon, (Cedrela tunna)  
 "नन्द नाक ।" **स. सस्य fruit, and वृक्षिन् injurious.**  
 सस्यभक्षक mfn. (-क-का-क) Granivorous. **स. सस्य, and भक्षक what eats.**  
 सस्यभक्षण n. (-न) Feeding upon grain. **स. सस्य, भक्षण eating.**  
 सस्यभक्षरी f. (-री) 1. The ear or spike of corn. 2. The fruit-stalk. **स.**  
 सस्य and सस्यरी pedicle. [protects]  
 सस्यरक्षक m. (-क) A watchman over a field of corn. **स. सस्य, रक्षक who**  
 सस्यरक्षक n. (-क) The beard of corn. **स. सस्य corn, रक्षक beard.**  
 सस्यसम्बर m. (-र) The Sāl tree, (Shorea robusta.) **स. सस्य fruit, सम्बर**  
 surrounding.  
 सस्यारु m. (-रु) A small variety of the Mimosa suma.  
 सस्यप mfn. (-प-प-प) Made of S'siu wood, &c. **स. सस्यप the S'siu, प**  
 aff., and सस्य substituted for the first vowel.  
 सस्य m. (-स्य) A potherb in general, any leaf, flower, fruit, stalk,  
 root, &c. used as a vegetable m. (-स्य) 1. One of the seven Dwīpās  
 or divisions of the world; the sixth, surrounded by the sea of  
 milk or white sea. 2. Power, strength. 3. The Sirisha-tree, (Acacia  
 sirisa.) 4. The Teak-tree, (Tectona grandis.) 5. An era, a period  
 usually commencing with some celebrated prince, as YUDISHTHIRA  
 VIRAMA'DITYA, S'A'LIVA'HAN' &c., thence denominated S'A'ks'  
 s'WARAN, &c. : the term in ordinary use is applied especially to the  
 era of S'A'LIVA'HAN'A, commencing 76 or 78 years after the  
 Christian era. **स. सस्य to be able, सस्य aff.**  
 सस्यवृक्षि f. (-क) The tamarind.  
 सस्यट mfn. (-ट-टी-ट) Relating to a cart, (a cart-load, a cart-horse, &c.)  
 m. (-ट) 1. A draught ox. 2. The Sleshmāntaka-tree. **स. सस्यट a**  
 cart, सस्य aff.  
 सस्यटायन m. (-न) Name of a philologist and grammarian.  
 सस्यटिक mfn. (-क-की-क) Doing in or on a cart. **स. सस्यट a cart, सस्य aff.**  
 सस्यटन mfn. (-न-ना-न) Belonging or relating to a cart. m. (-न) A cart-  
 load as a measure of weight or value. **स. सस्यट a cart, सस्य aff.**  
 सस्यटन m. (-न) A plant, (Capparis trifoliata.) "सिन्धु ।"  
 सस्यपत्र m. (-पत्र) A handful or similar quantity, as a measure of  
 potherbs **स. सस्य, and पत्र price.**  
 सस्यपत्रय m. (-य) A plant, commonly Ba'manhāti; also सस्यपत्रय ।  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) The egg-plant, (Solanum melongena.) **स. सस्य a**  
 potherb, वृक्ष the Be'l fruit; also with सस्य added सस्यवृक्ष ।  
 सस्यवरी f. (-री) 1. DURGĀ. 2. A city, supposed to be the modern  
 Sāmber. **स. सस्य a potherb, वृक्ष to nourish, aff. सस्य, fem. aff. वरी ।**  
 सस्यवरीय n. (-य) A fossile-salt brought from a lake in the vicinity of  
 Sāmber, a town in Ajmere. **स. सस्यवरी the city, वरी aff.**  
 सस्यरी f. (-री) One of the dialects of dramatic Prakrit, that spoken by  
 the Sakāra. **स. सस्यर, सस्य and वरी aff.** [aff.]  
 सस्यवृक्ष mfn. (-वृक्ष-की-वृक्ष) Having a piece or part. **स. सस्य a part, वृक्ष**  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) Name of an ancient grammarian who preceded Pāṇini.  
 सस्यवरीय m. (-रय) A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) **स. सस्य a potherb,**  
 and वरी eminent.  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) The Teak-tree. **स. सस्य the same, and वृक्ष a tree.**

सस्यवृक्ष n. (-वृक्ष) A field of vegetables, a kitchen garden. **स. सस्य**  
 potherb, and सस्यवृक्ष aff. in this sense.  
 सस्यवृक्षिन् m. (-न) A field cultivated for succulent plants, a field of veg-  
 tables, a kitchen-garden. **स. सस्य a vegetable, and सस्यवृक्ष aff.**  
 this sense. [and सस्य aff.]  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) A potherb, (Chenopodium album.) **स. सस्य a potherb**  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) The Teak-tree. n. (-वृक्ष) A vegetable. **स. सस्य the**  
 same, सस्य appellation.  
 सस्यवृक्ष n. (-वृक्ष) Pepper. **स. सस्य a potherb, and सस्य a part,**  
 सस्यवृक्ष f. (-वृक्ष) 1. A female divinity of an inferior character, attendant  
 especially on S'IVA and DURGĀ. 2. A field of vegetables. **स. सस्य**  
 वृक्ष aff.  
 सस्यवृक्ष mfn. (-वृक्ष-की-वृक्ष) Repentant, regretting. **स. सस्य-वृक्ष उद्यम ।**  
 सस्यवृक्ष mfn. (-न-की-वृक्ष) 1. Of or relating to birds. 2. Ominous, portentous  
**स. सस्यवृक्ष, सस्य aff.**  
 सस्यवृक्ष mfn. (-न-की-वृक्ष) Of or relating to birds, omens, &c. m. (-न)  
 A fowler, a bird-catcher. n. (-न) Interpretation of omens, dreams  
 &c. **स. सस्यवृक्ष a bird, and सस्य aff.**  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) A small owl.  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) BHARATA, the sovereign of India. **स. सस्यवृक्ष the**  
 nymph, and सस्य aff.; being the son of S'AKUNTALA' and DUSEYANTA  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) A fisherman. **स. सस्यवृक्ष a fish, and सस्य aff.**  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) An ox. **स. (-वृक्ष) A form of metro. स. सस्यवृक्ष, and सस्य aff.**  
 सस्य m. (-न) A worshipper of the female principle. **स. सस्य the divinity**  
 energy in its feminine personification, and सस्य aff.  
 सस्य mfn. (-न-की-वृक्ष) Spearred, spearing, relating to or done with  
 spear. m. (-न) A spearman, a lancer. **स. सस्य a spear, aff. सस्य ।**  
 सस्य m. (-न) A worshipper of the female principle or S'akti. **स. सस्य**  
 the personified energy of a divinity, and सस्य aff.  
 सस्य m. (-न) 1. BUDD'HA, the founder of the Baud'dha religion ।  
 The name of a tribe. **स. सस्य to be able, and सस्य, सस्य, सस्य aff.**  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-न) A name of BUDD'HA, the real or supposed founder  
 of the Baud'dha religion. **स. सस्य said to be the name of a family**  
 or tribe, originating with one of the race of Ikswāku, condemned  
 to take up his abode in a forest of Sāk'a trees, and सस्य a saint.  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) A name of BUDD'HA. **स. सस्य the name of his tribe,**  
 and सस्य chief.  
 सस्य f. (-की) An epithet of S'ACHĪ, the wife of INDRA.  
 सस्य m. (-र) An ox. **स. सस्य-वृक्ष सस्य सस्य ।**  
 सस्य (न) सस्य r. 1st cl. (सस्यति) To pervade.  
 सस्य m. (-न) A plant, (Gleditsia arborea.) f. (-न) 1. A branch, the  
 branch of a tree. 2. A branch or sub-division of the Vēdas, consist-  
 ing of the several Sanhita's or collections of prayers in each Vēda,  
 as received in different schools, modified more or less either in the  
 arrangement of the whole text, or in particular portions of it. 3.  
 An arm. 4. A sect, a faction, a party. 5. Any sub-division. 6. Any  
 part of an animal not endowed with sensibility, as a horn, &c. **स.**  
 सस्य to pervade, aff. सस्य ।  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) The maxim of the moon and a bough; it is  
 adduced in illustration when an object has its position assigned to  
 it from the appearance of contiguity. [city]  
 सस्यवृक्ष n. (-र) A suburb. **स. सस्य a branch or sub-division, सस्य**  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) Inflammation of the extremities of the body. [city]  
 सस्यवृक्ष n. (-र) A suburb. **स. सस्य a branch, सस्य a city.**  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) Difference of school or doctrine. **स. सस्य, सस्य differ-**  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-न) 1. A monkey, an ape. 2. A squirrel. **स. सस्य the**  
 branch of a tree, सस्य a deer.  
 सस्यवृक्ष m. (-वृक्ष) A Bra'hman who has changed his Sāk'a or  
 his school of the Vēdas for another. **स. सस्य a branch of the**  
 Vēdas, सस्य to sport, सस्य aff.

शाखा f. (-वा) A branch-road.  
 शाख m. (-वा) A sort of cane : see शमीर.  
 शाखा f. (-वा) A root proceeding from a branch, as in the Indian fig, the branches of which shoot downwards to the ground and take fresh root there. ३. शाखा a branch, and शिखा a fibrous root.  
 शाखा mfn. (श्री-शिखी) Branched, branching, having branches, (literally or figuratively.) m. (-श्री) 1. A tree. 2. Veda. 3. A follower of any vadic school. 4. An inhabitant of the northern districts bordering on India, a Turk or Tartar. 5. The name of a king. ३. शाखा a branch, aff. शिखि.  
 शीट m. (-ट) A small tree, (Trophis aspera.) ३. शाख, शीट aff. ; also with कन् added शाखीटक m. (-वा) :  
 शा mfn. (-वा; स्वा-वा) Branching, ramifying. ३. शाखा a branch, (literally or figuratively,) and वा aff. [aff. ; also read शाखर].  
 श्व m. (-र) A bull. n. (-र) A form of metre. ३. श्वर SIVA, and चक्.  
 श्व m. (-रि) 1. Kārtika'sYA. 2. GAN'ES'SA. 3. Fire. 4. A Muni. ३. श्वर SIVA, and श्व patronymic aff.  
 श्वी f. (-वी) The scote fish ; also श्वुची, &c.  
 श्व n. (-र) The sound of the conch-shell. ३. श्व the shell, चक् aff.  
 श्व mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Made from, relating to, &c. the S'ank'ha or conch. m. (-वा) 1. A shell-utter, a worker in shells. 2. A player on the S'ank'ha, a shell-blower. ३. श्व the conch-shell, ठक् aff.  
 श्व f. (-वा) A shrub, (Abrus precatorius.)  
 श्व m. (-ट) A garment in general. ३. श्व-चक्.  
 श्व m. (-वा; श्री-वा) A petticoat. ३. श्वट् to go, (round the limbs,) चक् aff.  
 श्व m. (-ट; श्री) A petticoat. ३. श्वट् to praise or flatter, to go, &c. aff. चक्, form aff. श्वी.  
 श्व n. (-वा) Wickedness, villainy. ३. श्व wicked, चक् aff.  
 श्व श्वट् r. 1st cl. (श्वट्ते) 1. To flatter, to praise, to coax. 2. To boast. 3. To float or swim.  
 श्व mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Abounding in fresh grass, green, verdant. ३. श्व young grass, चक् aff., and the final changed, also श्वर.  
 श्व mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Made of or from Bengal flax or S'an'. m. (-वा; श्री) 1. A touchstone. 2. A whet or grindstone. 3. A weight of four Mashas. 4. A saw. n. (-वा) 1. Coarse cloth, sack-cloth, canvas. 2. A hempen garment. f. (-वा) 1. Ragged or torn raiment. 2. A new unseamed and single-breadth of cloth, given to the religious student at his investiture for his upper garment. 3. A ragged garment given to the Jaina ascetic at his initiation. 4. A small tent or screen, used especially as a retiring room for actors and tumblers, &c. 5. Gesture, gesticulation, making signs with the hands or eyes, &c. 6. A saw. 7. A touchstone. 8. A whetstone. ३. श्वट् to give, aff. चक् ; or श्री to sharpen, and चक् aff. ; or श्व S'an', and चक् aff. of derivation. [by.]  
 श्वी m. (-र) An armourer. ३. श्व a whetstone, श्वीव who lives by it.  
 श्व f. (-वा) 1. A plant from the fibres of which a coarse cloth is prepared, (Corchorus olistorius.) 2. A touchstone. ३. श्व Bengal S'an', and चक् or चक् aff. implying descent or resemblance.  
 श्व mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Whetted, sharpened. ३. श्वट् to give, चक् aff.  
 श्व m. (-वा) 1. A tree, (Ægle marmelos.) 2. A Muni from whom one of the three principal families of the Kanouj or Kā'nyacubja Brahmins is said to be descended. 3. A form of AGNI or fire. ३. श्व a saint, चक् aff. of descent, &c.  
 श्व mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) 1. Happy, well, prosperous. 2. Feeble, thin. ३. Sharpened, whetted, sharp. 4. Handsome, bright. n. (-वा) Joy, pleasure, happiness. ३. श्री to reduce or diminish, aff. चक्.  
 श्व n. (-वा) Gold. m. (-वा) A plant, ( Nerium odorum.) ३. श्वट् said to be the name of a mountain, चक् aff. implying production.  
 श्व n. (-वा) 1. Gold. 2. The Dhatura plant. ३. चक् pleonasm, added to the last.

शान n. (-वा) 1. Withering, decaying, becoming thin or small. 2. Sharpening. ३. श्री to wither, चक् तक् च, aff. चक्.  
 शानतयवी f. (-वी) Moonlight. ३. शानतय a lotus, कन् added, and चक् aff.  
 शानतयव mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Relating to INDRA. ३. शानतय, and चक् aff.  
 शानतय mfn. (श. श्री-वा) Bought with the measure of one hundred. ३. शान a hundred, शान measure, and चक् aff. [शिखा orest.  
 शानतय mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Sharp-pointed, (as the nails, &c.) ३. शान, and शानतय f. (-वी) A woman with a small belly or waist. ३. शान, and चक् the belly, चक् aff.  
 शान m. (-वा) An enemy. n. (-वा) 1. Enmity, hostility. 2. A multitude of enemies f. (-वी) Hostile. ३. शान an enemy, and चक् pleonasm, or aff. of quality or number. [enemy ३. शान, and चक् aff.  
 शानवीव mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Hostile, inimical, belonging or relating to an enemy. ३. शान. ३. शान. ३. शान.  
 शान m. (-वा) 1. Mud. 2. Young grass. ३. शान चक् aff.  
 शानवरीव mfn. (श. श्री-वा) Green or fresh with young grass. ३. शान young grass, चक् green.  
 शान mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Abounding in fresh or green grass. ३. शान young grass. 1st cl. intensive form (शानवरीव) To whet, to sharpen.  
 शान m. (-वा) 1. A touchstone. 2. A grindstone. f. (-वी) A sort of cucumber. ३. श्री to make small or sharpen, aff. चक् ; also शान.  
 शानवाव m. (-वा) A stone for grinding sandal.  
 शान mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) 1. Calm, tranquil, pacified. 2. Allayed, alleviated. 3. Meek, humble. 4. Purified, cleansed, freed from, (as soil.) 5. Stilled, hushed, (as wind, &c.) m. (-वा) 1. An ascetic, one whose passions are subdued and who is engrossed by meditating on the deity. 2. One of the Rasas or conditions of feeling, delineated in poetry or the drama, tranquillity or tranquil devotion, quietism, the assiduous exercise of meditation, &c. and indifference to all objects of pleasure or pain. n. (-वा) Appeasing, pacifying. Ind. (शानव) A prohibitive particle or interjection, implying negation, aversion, disgust, (fio! for shame! Heaven forbid!) ३. शान to be appeased, aff. चक्.  
 शानवरीव mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Composed, calm, unanxious. ३. शान, and शानता f. (-वा) Quietness, calmness, meekness. ३. शान, चक् aff. ; also with चक्, शानव.  
 शानवरीव m. (-वा) BHISHMA, the reputed great uncle of the Pāndavas. ३. शानवरीव a prince, and चक् aff. of descent.  
 शानवरीव m. (-वा) The 21st sovereign of the lunar dynasty in the third age, the father of BHISHMA by Gangā, or the Ganges personified. ३. शान good fortune, (personified,) शान the body, and the first vowel made long by special rule. [शान cleansed, and चक् dirt.  
 शानवरीव mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Exempt from soil, literally or figuratively. ३. शानवरीव mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Slackened in speed. ३. शान, चक् rapidly.  
 शानवरीव m. (-वा) The sentiment of quietism. [dispute.  
 शानवरीव mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Reconciled, appeased. ३. शान, and शानवरीव mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Calm, composed, of resigned or composed spirit. ३. शान, and शानवरीव self. [चक् shame,  
 शानवरीव mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) Extinguished, put or gone out. ३. शान, शानि f. (-वा) 1. Quiet, tranquillity, stoicism, the absence of passion, and indifference to objects of pleasure or pain ; it is especially applied to the tranquillity of devotion, or quietism, by which the mind is wholly fixed on the subject of its meditation or worship, and is utterly disregardless of external impressions. 2. Good-fortune, auspiciousness, felicity. 3. Rest, repose. 4. Expiatory or propitiatory rites to avert any evil. 5. Preliminary ceremonies to avert unpropitious accidents on any religious celebration. 6. Remission, alleviation. m. (-वा) 1. The sixteenth Jina or Jaina deified sage of the present era. 2. One of the Jaina emperors of the universe. ३. शान to be appeased, aff. चक्.  
 शानवरीव mfn. (-वा; श्री-वा) 1. Propitiatory, expiatory. 2. Producing ease

or quiet, &c. 3. Relating to quiet, &c. n. (-क) Ceremonies for the removal of calamities. ३. शान्ति. and उक्त्वा aff.

शान्तिकर mfn. (-र-र-र) Tranquillising, calming, appeasing, &c. ३. शान्ति and कर who or what makes.

शान्तिकर्तृ mfn. (-र्तृ-र्तृ-र्तृ) Conferring tranquillity, calming, appeasing. m. (-र्तृ) Any divinity who averts evil. ३. शान्ति, कर्तृ who makes.

शान्तिकाम m. (-काम) Desire of tranquillity and exemption from calamity. ३. शान्ति peace, and काम desire.

शान्तिगृह n. (-गृह) A private apartment near the place of sacrifice. ३. शान्ति devotion, गृह a house. [who or what gives.

शान्तिद mfn. (-द-दा-द) Tranquillising, calming, allaying. ३. शान्ति, द शान्तिहोम m. (-होम) Burnt offerings, to prevent threatening or possible evils. ३. शान्ति, and होम burnt offering.

शान्तिपान्द n. (-पान्द) Water offered at sacrifices for propitiation. ३. शान्ति, and पान्द water; also शान्तिपान्दक. [a jar.

शान्तिपान्दक m. (-क) A vessel holding lastral water. ३. शान्तिपान्द, and क शान्तिपान्दक m. (-क) To console, to comfort.

शान्ति n. (-न्ति) 1. Conciliation. 2. Comforting, consoling. ३. शान्ति to appease or allay, (opposition) deriv. irr.; or शान्ति to console, aff. चञ्; also शान्ति.

शान्तिपति f. (-ति) A plant, (Siphonanthus indica).

शप m. (-प) 1. Oath, affirmation by oath or ordeal. 2. Curse, imprecation. 3. Abuse. ३. शप to swear, aff. चञ्.

शपयन्त mfn. (-न्त-न्त-न्त) Having incurred or suffering under a curse. ३. शप, यन्त seized. [शप, यन्त seized.

शपयन्त mfn. (-न्त-न्त-न्त) Arising from a curse, being the effect of one. n. शपयन्तक m. (-क) A peacock.

शपयन्तक m. (-क) Freed from a curse ३. शप, and यन्त released.

शपयन्तक m. (-क) The end of a curse or period of an imprecation. ३. शप, and यन्त end.

शपयन्तक m. (-क) A Muni, a saint. ३. शप a curse, and यन्त a weapon; a curse denounced by such a personage, being formidable even to the deities. [causal v., क्त्वा aff.

शपयित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Sworn, made to take an oath. ३. शप to swear, शपयित m. (-त) Deliverance from a curse or its effects. ३. शप, and यित extricating. [उक्त्वा aff.

शपयितक m. (-क) A fisherman. ३. शपयित a kind of fish, put for any, and शपयित mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Sonorous, sounding. 2. Nominal, (as inflection.) f. (-दी) 1. SARASWATĪ, goddess of speech and eloquence. 2. Relating to or derived from a word. 3. Relating to sound, (as 'opposed to चाञ्') ३. शपयित sound or a word, and चाञ् attributive aff.

शपयितक m. (-क) Relating to sounds or words m. (-क) A proficient in the senses and forms of nouns or words. ३. शपयित a sound, and उक्त्वा aff.

शपयितक m. (-क) Conciliation, appeasing, reconciling. ३. शपयित to appease, aff. चञ्, and the vowel made long; also शपयित.

शपयितक m. (-क) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Tranquillity, peace. m. (-क) An epithet of YAMA. ३. शपयित to be pacified, causal form, क्त्वा aff.

शपयितक m. (-क) 1. Sacrificing. 2. Tying up cattle for sacrifice. 3. A sacrificial vessel. ३. शपयित to appease, चञ् aff.

शपयितक m. (-क) Ashes f. (-नी) A Sacrificial spoon. ३. शपयितक m. (-क) 1. A female-juggler. 2. Jugglery, sorcery. ३. शपयितक a demon, चञ् added, and क्त्वा form, aff.

शपयितक m. (-क) A worker in shells. ३. शपयित a shell, उक्त्वा aff.

शपयितक m. (-क) A bivalve shell. ३. चञ् pleonasm added to शपयित; also read शपयित, &c.

शपयितक m. (-क) 1. A sort of poison. 2. A worshipper of S'IVA. 3. The son of S'AMBHU or S'IVA. 4. Camphor. n. (-द) The Devadaru tree. f. (-दी) PA'RVATĪ. ३. शपयित a name of S'IVA, चञ् aff. [also शपयित.

शपयितक m. (-क) 1. An arrow. 2. A sword. ३. शपयित to destroy, चञ् aff.

शपयितक f. (-क) Sleeping. ३. शपयित to sleep, चञ् aff.

शपयितक mfn. (-दी-दी-दी) Lying down. ३. शपयित to sleep, चञ् aff. शपयित 10th cl. शपयित-दी 1. To be weak. 2. To weaken.

शपयित mfn. (-र-री-र) 1. Variegated, (in colour.) 2. Yellow. m. (-र) 1. Air, wind. 2. A piece or man at chess, backgammon, &c. 3. Har- ting, injuring. 4. A mixture of blue and yellow, a green. 5. Spotting, variegating. f. (-री) Kus'a grass, ३. शपयित to injure, चञ्.

शपयित mfn. (-र-री-र) Of a variegated colour. m. (-र) 1. The Chataki (Cuculus melanoleucos.) 2. A deer. 3. An elephant. 4. A bee. 5. A peacock. f. (-री) A musical instrument, a stringed instrument played with a bow, a sort of fiddle. ३. शपयित injured or variegated. ३. शपयित to go or get, aff. चञ्; more usually, शपयित.

शपयित f. (-ता) 1. Variegated of colour. 2. Yellowness. ३. शपयित added. शपयित mfn. (-द-दी-द) 1. Modest, diffident. 2. New. 3. Produced in the sultry season. 4. Autumnal. m. (-द) 1. A year. 2. Grain or ripening in the sultry season. 3. A sort of kidney-bean, called Mu'ng. 4. Autumnal sickness. 5. Sunshine, (in autumn.) f. (-दी) 1. A name of SARASWATĪ. 2. A title of Durga. 3. A musical instrument, a sort of lute or guitar. f. (-दी) 1. A plant, (Juncus repens.) 2. A tree, (Echites scholaris.) 3. Day of full-moon in the month of Kārtika, (October-November.) n. (-द) 1. The white lotus. 2. Corn, grain. ३. शपयित the autumn, चञ् aff.

शपयितक m. (-क) A particular obsequial ceremony, an annual autumnal S'hra'd'dha. m. (-क) 1. Autumnal sickness. 2. Helio- saushine in autumn. ३. शपयित autumn, and उक्त्वा aff.

शपयितक mfn. (-दी-दी-दी) Autumnal. ३. शपयित, and इति aff.

शपयितक mfn. (-दी-दी-दी) Autumnal. ३. शपयित, and चञ् added.

शपयित m. (-रि) 1. A piece or man at chess, draughts Chaper. ३. An elephant's housings or armour. 3. Fraud, trickery. f. (-री) 1. A bird: see the next. ३. शपयित to injure, Unā'di aff. चञ् or दञ्.

शपयित f. (-क) 1. A bird, the proper or hill Mainā, (Graecula montana) it is also applied to the small bird usually called Mun' or Bop' (Turdus salica, Buch.) of which several varieties are distinguished by the Hindus. 2. A bow or stick that may be used for plucking the V'm'a or any stringed instrument. 3. A man at chess. ३. शपयित to injure, aff. चञ्.

शपयित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Variegated, coloured. ३. शपयित, and उक्त्वा aff.

शपयितक n. (-क) A chequered cloth or table for playing draughts, &c. ३. शपयित a piece, क्त्वा fruit; also with क्त्वा added शपयितक m. (-क) ३. शपयित f. (-र) A plant: as synonymous with S'hya'ma', (Echites fine- cens,) but more usually considered synonymous with Anant-cūti (Asclepias paendosarsa) the broad-leaved variety, the root of which has been used as a substitute for Sarsaparilla, &c. ३. शपयित injuring, from शपयित with चञ् aff., and चञ् added.

शपयितक f. (-ता) A sort of die or dice, used for playing with. ३. शपयित a man or piece, and यत्न a chain.

शपयित mfn. (-र-री-र) 1. Corporeal, bodily, belonging to or produced from the body. 2. Spiritual in connection with the body, incorporeal. 3. A bull. n. (-र) 1. The soul or spirit whilst incorporated. 2. A drug. 3. Excrement, excretion. m. (-र) Personal chastisement corporeal punishment. ३. शपयित the body, and चञ् aff.

शपयितक mfn. (-क-क-क) 1. Corporeal, relating to what is corporeal. 2. Incorporate. ३. क्त्वा added to the last.

शपयितक mfn. (-क-क-क) Relating to the body, corporeal. 2. Customary in the body, incorporate. ३. शपयित, उक्त्वा aff. [चञ्, अ.

शपयितक mfn. (-क-क-क) Mischievous, noxious, injurious. ३. शपयित to hurt. शपयित m. (-क) Clayed or candied sugar. ३. शपयित to injure, aff. चञ्.

शपयित m. (-क) 1. The broth of milk, syllabub, cream. ३. A ball of meat, &c. 3. Clayed or candied sugar. ३. क्त्वा added to the last.

शपयित mfn. (-र-री-र) 1. Stony, gravelly. 2. Sugary. m. (-र) 1. ३.

broth or skim of milk. 2. Cream. 3. A gravelly place. ४. बर्करा sugar, gravel, &c., aff. चक्.   
 ग्रेवेली m. (-कः-वाच) Gravelly, stony, &c. ५. शर्करा the same, and चक् added; also from शर्करा with ठक् aff. शर्करिका.   
 ग्रेवेली m. (-कः-वाच) Stony, gravelly, &c. ६. बर्करा gravel, &c., and चक् attributive aff.   
 गृह m. (-कः-वाच) 1. Horny, made of horn, &c. 2. Holding a bow. n. (-कः) 1. A bow in general. 2. The bow of Viṣṇu's. ३. गृह a horn, चक् aff. [रति poss. aff.   
 गृह्य m. (-कः) 1. A bowyer, an archer. 2. Viṣṇu's. ३. गृह्य a bow, गृह्य m. (-कः) 1. A tiger. 2. Another animal. 3. A Rakshasa. 4. A sort of bird. 5. (In composition,) Pre-eminent, excellent. 6. A form of metre, a variety of the class Dhriti, or stanza of four lines of 18 syllables each; also of the class Atidhriti, in which there are 19 syllables in the line. ७. गृह्य to injure, दृक् aff.   
 गृह्यनमित m. (-कः) A species of the Dhriti metre, of 4 lines of 18 syllables each. [vehicle   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) A Jain teacher. ३. गृह्यन a tiger, and गृह्यन a गृह्यनकीडित m. (-कः) A form of metre, a variety of the class Atidhriti, or stanza of 4 lines of 19 syllables each.   
 गृह्य m. (-कः-वाच) 1. Murderous, mischievous. 2. Nocturnal n. (-कः) Darkness, gloom. f. (-कः) Night. ३. गृह्य night, चक् aff.   
 गृह्य (चक्) गृह्य 1st cl. (गृह्य) 1. To flatter, to praise. 2. To boast. 3. To tell. 4. To be endowed with.   
 गृह्य m. (-कः) 1. A kind of fish, (Ophiocephalus wruhl, Ham.) 2. The celebrated sovereign Śaśiva's name. 3. The name of a river. 4. The name of a tree. 5. A tree in general. 6. An enclosure, a house. 7. (-कः) 1. A house. 2. A hall. 3. A large branch of a tree. ४. गृह्य to go, चक् aff.; or गृह्य to praise, aff. चक्; in several of the meanings it is also written गृह्य.   
 गृह्य m. (-कः) A particular sacred stone typical of Viṣṇu's.   
 गृह्य m. (-कः) 1. The name of a saint. 2. Śiva's attendant Nandi.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) The mother of Vṛṣa's.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) 1. A kind of fish, the Śaśi or Sol, (Ophiocephalus wruhl Ham.) 2. Exudation of the Śaśi tree, "घृण"   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) Resin, the resinous exudation of the Śaśi or Shorea robusta. ३. गृह्य the Śaśi tree, and गृह्यनमत exudation.   
 गृह्यनमत f. (-कः) A shrub, (Hedysarum gangeticum.) ३. गृह्य the Śaśi, and गृह्य a leaf aff. डक्, having similar leaves, also गृह्यनमत 1.   
 गृह्यनमत f. (-कः) 1. A doll, a puppet. 2. A whore, a harlot. ३. चक् added to the following.   
 गृह्यनमत f. (-कः) A doll, a puppet. ३. गृह्य Śaśi wood, चक् to rub, (to plane, &c., in order to make dolls,) affs. चक् and डक्; also with चक् added गृह्यनमत 1.   
 गृह्य m. (-कः) The Lodh tree.   
 गृह्य m. (-कः) Resin, the resin of the Śaśi tree, used as incense, &c. ३. गृह्य the Śaśi tree, and गृह्यनमत exudation.   
 गृह्य m. (-कः) 1. A tree. 2. Asafoetida; also गृह्यनमत.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) 1. A surgeon. 2. A barber. 3. A spearman, &c. ३. गृह्यनमत a probe, a dart, &c., चक् aff. of reference, and रति poss. aff. added. [and डक्.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) A doll, a puppet. ३. गृह्यनमत a hall, चक् to go, affs. चक्   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) A hollow earthen cup or saucer. ३. गृह्यनमत a house, चक् to become old, चक् aff.   
 गृह्यनमत f. (-कः) A creeping plant, the leaves of which are used as a vegetable, (Achyranthes triandra.) ३. गृह्यनमत a house, चक् to go, aff. चक्.   
 गृह्यनमत f. (-कः) A shrub. (Hedysarum gangeticum.) ३. गृह्यनमत the Śaśi tree, चक् before गृह्य to get, (to be visible in the leaf,) aff. चक्.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) A jackal. ३. गृह्यनमत a house, and गृह्यनमत a deer.

गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) 1. A ladder, a flight of stairs or steps. 2. A bird-cage. 3. The claw of an elephant. ३. गृह्यनमत a house, चक् to go, aff. चक्.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) 1. A monkey. 2. A dog. 3. A jackal. 4. A deer. 5. A cat. 6. A wolf. ३. गृह्यनमत a house, चक् a wolf.   
 गृह्यनमत f. (-कः) 1. Rice in general, but especially in two classes; one like white rice growing in deep water, and the other a red sort, requiring only a moist soil; there are a great many varieties of this grain. 3. The civet or pole cat. ३. गृह्यनमत to float or swim, aff. चक्, and चक् changed to च.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः-वाच) Relating or belonging to a hall, to the Śaśi tree, &c. m. (-कः) 1. A weaver. 2. A village of artificers. 3. A toll, a tax. f. (-कः) A shrub, (Hedysarum gangeticum.) ३. गृह्यनमत the Śaśi tree, चक् fem. form, aff. of comparison, or गृह्यनमत a hall, चक् aff.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) A creeper, the leaf of which is used as a vegetable, (Achyranthes triandra, Rox.)   
 गृह्यनमत f. (-कः) 1. Possessing, having. 2. Confidence in, relying upon. ३. गृह्यनमत and चक् aff.; with च, गृह्यनमत.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः-वाच) 1. Belonging to a house, domestic, &c. 2. A mistress of the house. 3. Name of a metre. 4. Possessing, having. 5. Shining or resplendent with, (in the latter two senses when at the end of a compound.) ३. गृह्यनमत a house, and रति aff.; in the fourth form it is the same as गृह्यनमत; the च being changed to च when used in composition.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) Abuse, reproach.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) Crystal ३. गृह्यनमत rice, and गृह्यनमत ground.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) A sovereign of India, whose capital was Pratihastha in the Dakshin, and last-mentioned of the era now called Śaśi, beginning 76 or 78 years after Christ. ३. गृह्यनमत from गृह्यनमत the Śaśi tree, or a proper name, that of a Yaksha transformed to a lion, on which the prince rode when an infant, and गृह्यनमत vehicle.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) 1. A horse. 2. Name of a written on veterinary science. ३. गृह्यनमत rice, corn, and गृह्यनमत an oblation; also with रति added गृह्यनमत चक् m. (-कः) 1.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः-वाच) 1. Ashamed, bashful. 2. Like, resembling. m. (-कः) An opulent householder, one who devotes his attention to worldly affairs. ३. गृह्यनमत a house, चक् aff. (fit or worthy to enter it.)   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) Modesty. ३. चक् added to the last, also with चक्, गृह्यनमत.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः-वाच) Immodest ३. गृह्यनमत, विवर्धित devoted of.   
 गृह्यनमत f. (-कः) 1. An astrigent substance. 2. A sort of perfume, commonly called Chitr. 3. A frog. n. (-कः) The root of the water-lily. ३. चक् to hurt, चक् aff., and चक् changed to च; or गृह्यनमत चक्.   
 गृह्यनमत n. (-कः) 1. Nympha. 2. The root of a lotus (see the next).   
 गृह्यनमत n. (-कः) The fragrant root of the different kinds of Nympha or water-lily. ३. चक् to go, to shake, Unid aff. चक्; also with a short vowel गृह्यनमत. [mode long; also गृह्यनमत.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) A frog. ३. चक् to go, चक् aff. and the radical vowel   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः-वाच) Fit for rice to hold, &c. m. (-कः) A sort of fennel, (see the next.) ३. गृह्यनमत, and चक् aff.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) A name of Pāṇini's, the inspired grammarian. ३. गृह्यनमत a house, the house of his preceptor, गृह्यनमत latter, last; having been expelled for stupidity, and acquiring his subsequent science by his worship of Śiva; according to others, he is supposed to be a native of Śaśiottara. The word is sometimes spelt गृह्यनमत.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः) 1. The silk-cotton tree. 2. One of the Dwipas or divisions of the continent. 3. The gum of the silk-cotton tree. ३. See the next.   
 गृह्यनमत m. (-कः-वाच) 1. The silk-cotton tree, (Bombax heptaphyllum) 2. One of the seven Dwipas, or islands of great divisions of the

known continent, denominated from the tree first mentioned, said to grow there : it is surrounded by the sea of Ghee or clarified butter. **ग. शास्त्र** to go, causal form, **क्रिप्. अ. शास्त्र** exuding, emitting, **मन्** to hold, aff. **इन्** and **उन्** optionally added ; also with **चच्** aff. **शास्त्रन्**, and with the first vowel short, **शस्त्रन्**, &c.

**शास्त्रकीटम्** m. (-की) GARUDA, the bird and vehicle of VISHNU. f. (-कीनी) The silk-cotton tree.

**शास्त्रकीटम्** m. (-ट्) The gum of the silk-cotton tree. **ग. शास्त्रकी** the tree, and **ट्** exudation ; also with **कच्** added **शास्त्रकीटक**.

**शास्त्र** m. Plu. (-न्तः) The inhabitants of one of the central divisions of India. **ग. शास्त्र-व**.

**शास्त्र** mfn. (-यः शौ-यः) 1. Tawny, ( of that colour. ) 2. Relating to the purification of defilement from the contact or consanguinity of a corpse, &c. 3. Relating to a dead body. m. (-यः) 1. Tawny, ( the colour. ) 2. The young of any animal : see the next. **ग. श्व** a dead body, and **चच्** aff. ; or **श्व** to go, aff. **उज्**.

**शास्त्र** m. (-क) The young of any animal. **ग. शास्त्र**, and **कच्** added.

**शास्त्र** mfn. (-यः शौ-यः) Low, vile. m. (-यः) 1. Fault, offence. 2. Sin, wickedness. 3. The Lodh-tree, (*Symplocos racemosa*) f. (-री) 1. Cowach, (*Carpopogon pruriens*.) 2. A sort of Prakrit, that spoken by barbarians. **ग. श्वर** a man of low or degraded caste, and **चच्** aff.

**शास्त्रप्रदाक्ष** n. (-क्ष) Copper. **ग. शास्त्र** relating to a low race, **प्रेद** class, and **दाक्ष** appellation. [चयौच impurity.]

**शास्त्राशाच** n. (-य) Impurity from the demise of a relation. **ग. शास्त्र**, and **शाचत** mfn. (-तः शौ-त) Eternal, perpetual. m. (-तः) 1. A name of VYASA 2. SIVA. 3. The sun. n. (-तः) Heaven, ether. f. (-ती) The earth. **ग. श्वन्** perpetually, **चच्** aff.

**शास्त्रविक** f. (-की) Eternal, permanent [form irr. : see शौक्ल.]

**शास्त्रवन्** mfn. (-न् शौ-वन्) Eating flesh or fish. **ग. शक्नु** flesh, **चच्** aff., **शास्त्रविक** n. (-क) A multitude of pies. **ग. शक्नु** a sort of pie, **ठक्** aff.

**शास्त्र** (-त्) शास्त्र 2nd cl. (शास्त्रि) 1. To instruct, to inform. 2. To order, to direct, to enact. 3. To rule, to govern. 4. To correct, to punish. 5. To advise (शास्त्र) 1. To wish or desire : with **चाच्** prefixed, **ग. 1st cl. (चास्त्रसते)** 1. 2nd cl. (चास्त्रस्ते) To wish well to, to bless.

**शास्त्र** n. (-न्) 1. An order, an edict, a command. 2. A royal grant of land or of privileges, a charter, &c. usually inscribed on stone or copper. 3. A writing, a deed, a written contract or agreement. 4. A Śāstra or scripture. 5. Devotion, or devotional tranquillity, the government of the passions. 6. Governing, ruling, government. **ग. शास्त्र** to order, to direct, aff. **लृट्**.

**शास्त्रपत्र** n. (-त्र) A plate of copper, a stone or sheet of paper, &c., on which an edict or grant is inscribed. **ग. शास्त्र**, and **पत्र** a leaf.

**शास्त्रपत्र** m. (-त्र) A royal messenger, one bearing an edict or grant. **ग. शास्त्र** an edict, and **पत्र** who takes.

**शास्त्रदीय** mfn. (-यः शा-य) To be governed or directed. **ग. शास्त्र** to rule, **चनीयच्** aff. ; also **शास्त्रतय** and **शास्त्र**.

**शास्त्रित** mfn. (-तः शा-त) Governed, ruled. **ग. शास्त्र** to rule, aff. **क्त**.

**शास्त्रित** mfn. (-तः शा-त) Ordering, commanding, a governor or commander. **ग. शास्त्र** to order, **ठक्** aff. with **इट्** augment.

**शास्त्रि** f. (-त्रिः) 1. A command, an order. 2. Governing, ruling, ordering. 3. A sceptre. 4. Correctre, punishment. **ग. शास्त्र** to govern, aff. **क्रिन्** or **ति** Unādi aff.

**शास्त्र** mfn. (-सा लो-यः) 1. A ruler, one who rules or governs. 2. A teacher, teaching, instructing. m. (-सा) A Bud'dha or Jina, or the deified teacher of one or both those sects. **ग. शास्त्र** to govern, &c. aff. **ठक्** and the augment omitted.

**शास्त्र** n. (-न्तः) 1. An order or command. 2. Scripture, science, institutes of religion, law or letters, especially considered as of divine origin or authority; when used singly, it implies works of literature or science in general, and it is therefore customarily connected with

some other word to limit its application, as the Veda'nta Śāstras, or treatises of philosophical theology; the Dharma-Śāstras, books of law, &c. ; it is also applied to less important branches of knowledge, as the Kāvya Śāstras, or poetical works, Śilpa-Śāstras, works on the mechanical arts; and Kāma-Śāstras, or erotic compositions ; in the singular number it is also used comprehensively to signify the body of all that has been written on the subject, as Dharma-Śāstras, the institutes or code of law; Kāvya-Śāstra, poetry ; Alaukāra-Śāstra, rhetoric, &c. 3. A book in general. **ग. शास्त्र** to govern or teach, aff. **इन्**.

**शास्त्रज्ञ** m. (-ज्ञः) 1. A Rishi, a holy personage of divine character. 2. An author in general. **ग. शास्त्र** a Śāstra or scripture, &c., and **ज्ञ** the author ; the principal compositions in Hindu religion, law, and literature, being attributed to sanctified and superhuman personages.

**शास्त्रगण्ड** m. (-ण्डः) A general and superficial scholar.

**शास्त्रचक्षुस्** n. (-क्षुः) Grammar. **ग. शास्त्र** science, and **चक्षुस्** the eye.

**शास्त्रज्ञ** mfn. (-यः शा-ज्ञ) Acquainted with the Śāstras, skilled in the knowledge of law and religion especially. **ग. शास्त्र** a sacred work and **ज्ञ** who knows. [सं with शास्त्रज्ञ.]

**शास्त्रज्ञा** f. (-ज्ञा) Knowledge of the Śāstras. **ग. शास्त्रज्ञ** and **ठक्** aff. ; also

**शास्त्रज्ञान** n. (-ज्ञान) Knowledge derived from the study of sacred works. **ग. शास्त्र**, and **ज्ञान** knowledge.

**शास्त्रतत्त्व** n. (-तत्त्व) The truth or true knowledge taught in sacred works. **ग. शास्त्र** and **तत्त्व** truth.

**शास्त्रतत्त्वज्ञ** mfn. (-ज्ञः शा-ज्ञ) Understanding the works of sacred science. m. (-ज्ञः) An astrologer, an astronomer. **ग. शास्त्र** sacred or astronomical science, **तत्त्व** the truth, and **ज्ञ** who knows.

**शास्त्रतत्त्व** Ind. After or according to the Śāstras. **ग. शास्त्र**, and **तत्त्व**.

**शास्त्रदक्षिण** mfn. (-यः शा-क्षिण) Skilled in sacred science. **ग. शास्त्र** Śāstra, and **दक्षिण** who inspects.

**शास्त्रानिन्दा** f. (-न्दा) Reviling or denying the authority of sacred works. **ग. शास्त्र**, and **निन्दा** reviling.

**शास्त्रप्रसङ्ग** m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The subject of the Śāstra. 2. Discussing works of sacred literature. **ग. शास्त्र**, **प्रसङ्ग** attaching to. **ग. शास्त्र** aff.

**शास्त्रवत्** Ind. Conformably or according to written authority. **ग. शास्त्र**, and **वत्** mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having or following sacred institutes, &c. **ग. शास्त्र**, and **सम्पृ** aff.

**शास्त्रविद्** mfn. (-विद्) Understanding or conversant with the scriptures, skilled in sacred science. **ग. शास्त्र** a Śāstra, **विद्** who knows.

**शास्त्रावधान** n. (-धनः) Sacred ritual, ceremonial precept. **ग. शास्त्र**, and **विधान** direction; also **शास्त्रविधि**.

**शास्त्रविप्रतिषेध** mfn. (-यः शा-ध) Contrary to law or religion, legal, forbidden. **ग. शास्त्र** a Śāstra, and **विप्रतिषेध** prohibited.

**शास्त्रविप्रतिषेध** n. (-ध) Any act contrary to the legal and religious institutes of the Hindus. **ग. शास्त्र** an institute, and **वि** and **प्रति** contra-indicative prefixes before **विद्** to accomplish, aff. **चक्**.

**शास्त्रविरोध** mfn. (-यः शा-ध) Contrary to law or religion. **ग. शास्त्र** and **विरोध** opposed to.

**शास्त्रविरोध** m. (-धः) 1. Opposition or deviation from sacred authority. 2. Contradiction or incompatibility of different systems. **ग. शास्त्र**, and **विरोध** contrariety. [and **विरोध** an artificer.]

**शास्त्रशिक्षिन्** plu. m. (-यः) The people of Kaśhmīr. **ग. शास्त्र** a treatise,

**शास्त्रसिद्ध** mfn. (-यः शा-ध) Established or proved by sacred institutes or divine works. **ग. शास्त्र**, and **सिद्ध** established.

**शास्त्राचरण** m. (-चरणः) 1. Versed in the scriptures, well read in the works of sacred science, a Pandit. 2. A follower of the Vedas, one whose conduct is regulated by their precepts. **ग. शास्त्र** a sacred treatise, and **आचरण** who goes through or studies.

व्यतिक्रम m. (-नः) Behaving ill or immorally, transgressing, acting contrary to the S'hāstras. २. वाच्य and व्यतिक्रम surpassing.  
 सिद्धान्त n. (-नः) Following the S'hāstras, conforming to the law or ritual, &c. २. वाच्य, and अनुष्ठान conforming.  
 अनुष्ठित mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) 1. Who or what obeys or follows sacred institutes, &c. 2. Established or authorised by the S'hāstras. २. वाच्य, and अनुष्ठित following. [following.  
 अनुष्ठान m. (-नः) Conformity to sacred ordinances. २. वाच्य, अनुष्ठान  
 अनुष्ठान mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) Learned, versed in the S'hāstras. २. वाच्य, and  
 वदित who knows.  
 पण्डित m. (-न्) A Pan'dit, a teacher of holy science, or one skilled in it. २. वाच्य as above, and इति aff.  
 पण्डित mfn. (-यः-ता-त्) Scriptural, authorised by or conformable to sacred institutes. २. वाच्य, and इति aff. [२. वाच्य, and उक्त said.  
 उक्त mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) Said or declared in a work of sacred authority.  
 उक्त mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) 1. To be regulated or ordained, to be enforced, to be provided for by any act of government or judicature. 2. To be advised. 3. Punishable, deserving punishment. २. वाच्य, to govern, aff. ख्युत्.  
 उक्त m. (-नः) २. 5th cl. (विधीति विद्यते) 1. To make thin or small. 2. To whet, to sharpen. 3. To excite. 4. To be attentive.  
 उक्त m. (-नः) 1. ŚIVA. 2. Auspiciousness, good fortune. 3. Peace, calmness. २. वाच्य to whet, or इति to destroy, aff. क्त।  
 उक्त f. (-ता) 1. A tree, (Dalbergia Sisu.) 2. The Asoka tree. २. वीच, or वीच the head or top; वाच्य to cherish, or वत् to fall, &c., aff. वत् or व, decliv. aff.  
 उक्त mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) Idle, lazy, following no business or profession.  
 उक्त m. (-नः) Bee's wax, also शिख्यक and शिख्यक।  
 उक्त m. (-नः-ता-त्) 1. The string or loop suspended from either end of a pole or yoke to receive the burthen. 2. The burthen so carried. 3. The strings of a balance. २. वाच्य to fall, उक्त aff. यत्; वि substituted for the root, and क्त, augment.  
 उक्त m. (-नः) The hook or eye at each end of a pole or beam, to which the strings of a yoke or balance are fastened. २. शिख्य as above, and वाच्य receptacle. [a loop, and इति aff.  
 उक्त mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) Suspended or carried in a sort of loop. २. शिख्य  
 उक्त 1st cl. (विद्यते) To learn, to acquire science.  
 उक्त mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) A learner, a teacher. २. शिख्य to learn, ख्युत् aff.  
 उक्त m. (-नः) 1. Learning. 2. Teaching, instruction. [aff.  
 उक्त mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) To be taught or learnt. २. शिख्य to learn, ख्युत् aff.  
 उक्त 1st cl. (विद्यते) One of the six Ve'dāngas or sciences attached to the Vēdas: the proper pronounciation of the vocal sounds which occur in them, as explained by P'ANINI. 2. A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) 3. Learning, study; the acquisition of knowledge. 4. Modesty, humility. २. शिख्य to learn, affs. वत् and टात्।  
 उक्त m. (-नः) 1. VYĀSA. 2. An instructor. २. शिख्य the science of pronounciation, and क्त making.  
 उक्त m. (-नः) An epithet of INDRA.  
 उक्त f. (-ता) Dexterity, skill. २. शिख्य discipline, and शक्ति power.  
 उक्त mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) 1. Skilful, clever, conversant. 2. Modest, diffident. 3. Disciplined, exercised. 4. Tame, trained, (as an animal.) 5. Docile. 6. Studied, learned. २. शिख्य studying, वत् aff.; or शिख्य to study, aff. इति। [वत् aff.  
 उक्त mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) To be taught or learnt. २. शिख्य to learn, and  
 उक्त m. (-नः) A pupil, a scholar, २. शिख्य study, (by whom,) and  
 उक्त a letter. [यत् aff.  
 उक्त mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) 1. To be taught, teachable. २. शिख्य to learn,  
 उक्त m. (-नः) A pupil.  
 उक्त 1st cl. (विद्यते) To go, to move or approach.  
 उक्त m. (-नः) 1. The tail of a peacock. 2. Locks of hair left on the

crown or the sides of the head, at the period of tonsure in children: see the next. २. शिख्य a peacock or any crested object, वाच्य to be or belong to, & aff. and the form irr.

शिख्य m. (-नः) 1. Locks of hair left at the time of tonsure; three or five locks left in children in general, or especially those of the military class, in which latter case, the hair is left in a semicircular patch on each side of the head, covering rather more than the temporal bones, and following much the same outline: see वाच्य. 2. The crest or lock of hair left on the crown of the head. 3. A peacock's tail. २. शिख्य a crest, वाच्य an egg, and वाच्य plectonism, or aff. of comparison; also शिख्य and शिख्य।

शिख्य m. (-नः) A cock. f. (-ता) A lock of hair on the crown of the head. २. शिख्य a crest, &c. an. वत् or वत् in the fem. form.

शिख्य m. (-नः) 1. A peacock. 2. A peacock's tail. 3. A cock. 4. An arrow. 5. A Rishi, either of the seven represented by the stars of the greater bear: see शिख्य. 6. The son of DRUPADA, by metamorphosis: see below. f. (-नी) 1. A kind of jasmine, (J. auriculatum.) 2. A shrub, (Abnus precatorius.) 3. The daughter of DRUPADA, afterwards changed to a male. 4. A peacock. n. शिख्य a crest, वत् poss. aff.

शिख्य m. (-नः) 1. The peak or summit of a mountain. 2. The top of a tree. 3. Point, end, top in general. 4. Hemipit. 5. The armpit. 6. A piece of a ruby or a gem, described as of the colour of the ripe pomegranate seed or a bright red. 7. The bud of the Arabian jasmine. 8. The blade or point of a sword. f. (-ता) A plant, from the fibres of which bow-strings were made, (Saussevia zeylanica.) २. शिख्य a crest, and वत् poss. aff., and the vowel made short. [वत् aff. abiding.

शिख्य m. (-नः) 1. The peak or summit of a mountain. 2. The top of a tree. 3. Point, end, top in general. 4. Hemipit. 5. The armpit. 6. A piece of a ruby or a gem, described as of the colour of the ripe pomegranate seed or a bright red. 7. The bud of the Arabian jasmine. 8. The blade or point of a sword. f. (-ता) A plant, from the fibres of which bow-strings were made, (Saussevia zeylanica.) २. शिख्य a crest, and वत् poss. aff., and the vowel made short. [वत् aff. abiding.

शिख्य m. (-नः) A plant, commonly Kukurmura'.

शिख्य f. (-ता) 1. Point, top in general. 2. A crest. 3. A peacock's crest. 4. A lock of hair on the crown of the head. 5. Flame. 6. A radiating branch. 7. Any branch. 8. A plant, commonly La'ngulya'. 9. Chief, principal. 10. Eleven, proceeding from libidinous excitement or love. 11. A ray of light. 12. The end of a garment. 13. A fibrous root. 14. The forepart of the foot. २. वाच्य to sleep, Una di aff. ख, and the vowel made short.

शिख्य m. (-नः) Hair left on each side of the head: see शिख्य.

शिख्य m. (-नः) A candle-stick or lamp stand. २. शिख्य flame, वाच्य a tree.

शिख्य mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) 1. Crested, pointed. 2. Having a top-knot. m. (-नः) 1. A peacock. 2. A jaina deified saint. २. शिख्य a crest, and वाच्य who has.

शिख्य n. (-नः) A peacock's feather.

शिख्य m. (-नः) A peacock. २. शिख्य a crest, and वाच्य who has.

शिख्य n. (-नः) A carrot, a turnip, or any root with a tuft of leaves growing from it. २. शिख्य a crest, and वाच्य a root.

शिख्य m. (-नः) A peacock's crest. २. शिख्य, वाच्य aff.

शिख्य m. (-नः) 1. A name or AGNI or fire. 2. The personified descending node. 3. A lamp. f. (-नी) A plant, (Saussevia zeylanica.) २. शिख्य a crest, and वत् poss. aff.

शिख्य m. (-नः) The jack-fruit tree (Artocarpus integrifolia)

शिख्य mfn. (-नः-ता-त्) Crested, pointed. m. (-नः) A peacock. f. (-नी) A flower, (Celosia cristata.) २. शिख्य a crest, and वत् aff.



शिराह्व m. (-व्) The stand of a lamp. s. शिरा a flame, and ह्व a tree.  
शिराह्वि f. (-वि) Usurious interest payable daily. s. शिरा a tuft of hair, and ह्वि interest; growing constantly.

शिरिकण्ड n. (-ण्ड) Blue vitriol.

शिरिणीय m. (-य) Blue vitriol. s. शिरि for शिरिन् a peacock, बीदा the neck, चक् added; being of the same colour.

शिरिपुत्र m. (-त्र) 1. Smoke. 2. The deity KA'RTIKA'YA. s. शिरि a peacock or fire, and पुत्र an emblem.

शिरिन् mfn. (जी-शिनी-शि) 1. Crested. 2. Having a lock of hair on the top of the head. 3. Proud. m. (-जी) 1. Fire. 2. A peacock. 3. A bull. 4. An arrow. 5. A tree. 6. A cock. 7. K'rtu, the personified descending node. 8. A horse. 9. A mountain. 10. A Brahman. 11. A lamp. 12. A religious mendicant. s. शिरा a crest, &c., रनि aff.

शिरिपुच्छ n. (-च्छ) A peacock's tail. s. शिरि a peacock, and पुच्छ a tail.

शिरिमण्डल m. (-ण्ड) A tree, (Tapia cratava.) s. शिरि a peacock, and मण्डल district.

शिरियुप m. (-प) An antelope.

[increasing.

शिरिपुत्र m. (-त्र) A pumpkin-gourd. s. शिरि a peacock, and पुत्र a crest, &c.

शिरिपुत्र m. (-त्र) KA'RTIKA'YA. s. शिरि a peacock, and पुत्र a vehicle, the deity being mounted on this bird.

[a crest, &c.

शिरिशिरा f. (-शिरा) 1. Flame. 2. A peacock's crest. s. शिरिन्, and शिरा शिरिशिरा n. (-र) A peacock's crest. s. शिरिन्, and शिरा a crest.

शिरि m. (-र) 1. A tree, (Morunga guilandina and hyperanthera.) 2. A pot-herb in general. s. शिरि to sharpen, रक् aff., and गुक् augment.

शिरि n. (-त्र) The seed of the Morunga. s. शिरि, ज produced.

शिरिपुत्र n. (-क) The pungent root of the Morunga. s. शिरि, मूल the root.

शिरिजीव n. (-ज) The seed of the Morunga. s. शिरि, and जीव seed.

शिरि (र) शिरि r. 1st cl. (शिरि) To smell.

शिरिण n. (-ण) 1. Any glass-vessel. 2. The mucus of the nose. 3. Rust of iron. m. (-ण) 1. Phlegm. 2. Froth, foam. s. शिरि to smell, चाण् Unádi affix, and the final optionally rejected; also शिरिणक and शिरिणक.

[to smell, aff. चाण्.

शिरिणक m. (-क) Phlegm. mn. (-क-क) The mucus of the nose. s. शिरि

शिरित mfn. (-त-ता-त) Smelled. s. शिरि to smell, aff. क.

शिरि f. (-रि) The string of a pole for carrying burdens. s. यस् to fall, deriv. irr.: see शिरि.

शिरि (र/शिरि) r. 2nd cl. (शिरि) r. 10th cl. (शिरियति) 1. To make an inarticulate sound. 2. To tinkle, to jingle.

शिरि inf. (-रि-रि) The tinkling sound of silver and other metallic ornaments worn round the waist, arm, or ankle, &c. f. (-रि) 1. A bow-string. 2. Jingle of ornaments. s. शिरि to make an inarticulate sound, affs. चङ् and टप्; also शिरिनी, &c.

शिरिजिका f. (-का) A chain worn round the loins.

शिरित n. (-त) The tinkling of metallic ornaments worn as rings, chains, &c. s. शिरि inarticulate sound, रतच् aff.

शिरिन् mfn. (जी-शिनी-शि) Tinkling, making a tinkling. f. (-शिनी) 1. A bow string. 2. Metallic rings worn round the toes, an ornament of the feet. s. शिरि a tinkling, and रनि aff.

शिरि r. 1st cl. (शिरित) To disregard, to treat with disrespect.

शिरि mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Thin, emaciated, wasted, declined. 2. Weak, feeble. 3. Sharpened, whetted. s. शिरि to sharpen, or शिरि to pare or whet, aff. क.

शिरिता f. (-ता) Sharpness. s. रक् added to the last; also with त्व, शिरित.

शिरि f. (-रि) The S'atadru or the river Sutlej. s. शिरि weakened, द् to flow, aff. क: see शिरि.

शिरिवार mfn. (-र-रा-र) Sharp-edged. s. शिरि, and वारा an edge.

शिरिपुत्र m. (-त्र) 1. Barley. 2. Wheat. s. शिरि sharpened, मूल the beard.

शिरिपुत्र mfn. (-य-वा-य) Sharp-pointed. m. (-य) A thorn. s. शिरि, चक् point.

[यत् who has.

शिरिपुत्र m. (-त्र) Armed with sharp weapons. s. शिरि, चक् a weapon,

शिरि mfn. (ति-ही-ति) 1. Black. 2. White. m. (-ति) The Bhurja-patra or birch tree. s. शिरि to sharpen, शिरि or शिरि aff., or शिरि to go, शिरि aff. रक्, and र substituted for the radical vowel.

शिरिकण्ड m. (-ण्ड) 1. S'iva. 2. A gallinule. 3. A peacock. s. शिरि black, and कण्ड the throat.

शिरिवार m. (-र) A potherb, (apparently Marsilea dentata, Rox.)

शिरिपुत्र m. (-त्र) A goose. s. शिरि white, कण्ड a feather; also शिरिपुत्र.

शिरिपुत्र m. (-त्र) A goose. s. शिरि white, पच a wing; also शिरिपुत्र.

शिरित n. (-त) 1. A sapphire. s. शिरि, and रक् a gem.

शिरिवार m. (-र) A sort of ebony, (Diospyros glutinosa.) s. शिरि black, and वार essence, resin, चक् added; yielding a strong black resin that is used for calking boats, &c.

शिरिपुत्र m. (-त्र) A sharp arrow. s. शिरि, and पुत्र an arrow.

शिरिपुत्र mfn. (-र-रा-र) 1. Loose, lax, flaccid, flabby. 2. Languid, inert, feeble. 3. Ineffective, unenergetic. 4. Relaxed, slackened. 5. Not rigidly observed. 6. Loosely retained or possessed. 7. Abandoned, got rid of, shaken off. s. शिरि to be lax or loose, Unádi aff. शिरि: the form irr.

शिरिलता f. (-ता) Relaxation, looseness, being unfastened, &c. s. शिरि, and तल् aff.; also with त्व, शिरिलत.

शिरिलत mfn. (र-रा-र) Weakened, relaxed. s. शिरि, रक् strength.

शिरिलत mfn. (-र-र-र) 1. Reduced in wealth. 2. Shining with diminished rays. s. शिरि, and रक् wealth, &c.

[शिरि power.

शिरिलत mfn. (-रि-रि-रि) Impaired in strength or power. s. शिरि.

शिरिलत mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Let go, loosed, released. 2. Relaxed, loosened. s. शिरि, and रतच् aff.

शिरिलीकरण n. (-ण) 1. Loosening, unfastening. 2. Impairing, weakening, reducing. s. शिरि, and करण doing, शिरि augment.

शिरिलीकृत mfn. (-त-ता-त) 1. Unbound, unfastened, slackened. 2. Reduced, impaired, weakened. 3. Let loose, s. शिरि, रतच् aff. शिरि aug.

शिरि m. (-रि) A proper name, a chief of the Kshetriya tribe. s. शिरि make thin or small, Unádi aff. शिरि.

शिरिनेत्र m. (-न) A name of S'ATYAKI, one of the chiefs of the Pândus. s. शिरि a proper name, and नेत्र grandson.

शिरिपुत्र m. (-त्र) Bald, &c.: see शिरिपुत्र.

शिरि m. (-रि) A ray of light. f. (-रि) Skin, leather. n. रक् Water.

शिरिपुत्र m. (-त्र) 1. A bald man. 2. A man naturally void of progeny. 3. S'iva. 4. Vishnu. 5. A leper. s. शिरि a ray of light, and रक् entered; also शिरिपुत्र and शिरिपुत्र.

शिरि m. (-रि) Name of a lake on the Himalaya. f. (-रि) Name of a river which flows by Ujjayini. s. शिरि, पुत्र च.

शिरि f. (-रि) 1. A fibrous root. 2. Spikenard, (Valeriana jatamansi.) 3. A river. 4. A mother. 5. Turmeric. 6. The root of a water-lily. 7. A lash with a whip. s. शिरि to sleep, कण्ड aff., and the form irr.

शिरिकण्ड mn. (-ण्ड-ण्ड) The root of a water-lily. s. शिरि a fibrous root, कण्ड a root; also शिरिकण्ड.

शिरिकण्ड m. (-र) A branch. s. शिरि a fibrous root, चक् what has. (ग्रन्थ.)

शिरिकण्ड m. (-र) The Indian-fig tree. s. शिरि a fibrous root, चक् what has.

शिरि m. (-र) A sort of large shrub, (Cassia alata.) f. (-र) A legume, a pod; s. शिरि वा. कण्ड; also शिरि and शिरि.

शिरि f. (-रि-रि) 1. A legume, a pod. 2. A kind of grass. s. शिरि, नि. वा जीव; also शिरि, and शिरि.

शिरि m. (-र) A sort of kidney-bean, (Phaseolus max.) f. (-र) 1. A legume, a pod. 2. A kind of kidney-bean. s. शिरि added to the last; also शिरि, &c.

शिरिपुत्र f. (-रि) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus trilobus.) s. शिरि a pod, and पुत्र leaf, aff. जीव; also with चक् added, fern. form शिरिपुत्र.

शिरि n. (-र) 1. The head. 2. The root of the pepper plant. f. (-र) A vessel of the body, really or supposed to be, of a tubular form, &c.

a nerve, &c. gut, &c. m. (-रः) 1. A bed. 2. A large serpent.  
 र. वृ to injure, क. aff. : ३३३. शिरस्.  
 शिरःपाणि म. (-वी) A devotee carrying a human skull as his emblem.  
 र. शिरस् the head, कपास the skull, and रुनि aff.  
 शिरःपीडा f. (-दा) Pain of the head, head-ache. र. शिरस्, and पीडा pain.  
 शिरःप्रारम्भ n. (-भ) A head-dress.  
 शिरःफल m. (-लः) The cocoa-nut tree, र. शिरस् the head, and फल fruit.  
 शिरःस्नान mfn. (-तः-ना-तः) Having the head bathed. र. शिरस्, स्नान bathed.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) The hair of the head, र. शिरस् the head, and शृङ्ग horn.  
 शिरः n. (-रः) 1. The head. 2. The skull. 3. The top of a tree. 4. A summit, a peak. 5. The van of an army. 6. Chief, principal, head. र. शिरस् to honour, in the passive form, to be honoured, (by the other members,) चतुर्न् Una'di aff., and the form irr. 'or घृ-चतुर्न् निः। [head, शृङ्ग horn.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) The hair of the head. र. शिरस् seventh case, in the शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) The hair of the head. र. शिरस् on the head, चतुर्न् what grows.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) 1. A helmet. 2. A turban, a hat or cap f. (-का) A helmet, a palanquin. र. शिरस् the head, and कपा added.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) From the head. [aff.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) An elephant. र. शिरस् the head, चतुर्न् to inflame, चतुर्न् शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) 1. A helmet. 2. A cap, a turban, &c. र. शिरस् the head, to protect, aff. क।  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) 1. A helmet. 2. A cap, a turban, &c. र. शिरस् the head, चतुर्न् शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Of or on the head. m. (-का) Clean unentangled hair. र. शिरस् the head, चतुर्न् aff.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) At or on the head, at the top, &c. m. (-का) Chief, a leader. र. शिरस् head, chief, चतुर्न् to stay or be, चतुर्न् क।  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) The elephant or wood apple Feronia elephantium.) र. शिरस् a vein, and पल leaf.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Veiny, sinewy, tendinous, skinny, showing the tendons or veins. n. (-लः) An acid fruit, (Averrhoa carambola.) र. शिरस् a vein, चतुर्न् poss. aff. [last.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) A plant, (Cissus quadrangularis.) र. कपा added to the शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Lead.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) 1. A sword. 2. An arrow. 3. A murderer, a killer. 4. A horse. र. शिरस् to injure or kill, Una'di aff. र, and the radical vowel changed to र्.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) A kind of tree, (Acacia sirisa.) र. शिरस् to injure, Una'di शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) [and चतुर्न् house.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) A room on the top of the house, a turret. र. शिरस् top, शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Affection of the head. [the compound neuter.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) The head and neck. र. शिरस् the head, शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) The neck. र. शिरस् the head, and चतुर्न् what upholds.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) The neck. र. शिरस् the head, चतुर्न् to hold, aff. कि।  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) An ornament for the head.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) 1. A gem worn in a crest, or on the top of the head. 2. A title of respect conferred on learned men. र. शिरस् the head, and रुनि a jewel.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) A bog. र. शिरस् the head, चतुर्न् vitality.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) An epithet of Siva  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) A gem worn in the crest. र. शिरस् the head, रुनि a jewel.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) 1. A tree, (Echites scholaris.) 2. Pain or diseased affection of the head. र. शिरस् the head, and रुनि sickness; a remedy being prepared from the leaves of the plant for head-ache.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Hair. र. शिरस् the head, चतुर्न् to grow, चतुर्न् aff.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) The hair of the head. र. शिरस् the head, चतुर्न् to grow, चतुर्न् aff.; also शिरःशृङ्ग.

शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Disease of the head. र. शिरस्, रुनि sickness. [चतुर्न् pain.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Pain of the head, head-ache, &c. र. शिरस् the head, शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) At the head or top, &c. m. (-वी) A chief; one at the head of affairs or of an army. र. शिरस्, and रुनि staying.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) The crest or comb of the peacock. र. शिरस् the head, and रुनि a creeper; it is also read शिरःशृङ्ग.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Pepper. र. शिरस् the head or top, and रुनि surrounded.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) 1. A turban. 2. A cap. र. शिरस् the head, and रुनि what surrounds; also शिरःशृङ्ग.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) A turban. र. शिरस् the head, and रुनि unfolding.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) A skull. र. शिरस् the head, and रुनि a bone  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) 6th cl. (चतुर्न्) To glean.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Gleaning ears of corn. f. (-का) 1. A stone, a rock. 2. Arsenic. 3. A flat stone on which condiments, &c. are ground with a muller. f. (-का-वी) 1. The timber of a door-frame. 2. A transverse beam or a beam or stone placed across the top of a post or pillar. 3. Camphor. f. (-वी) 1. A small earth-worm. 2. A dart, a spike. र. शिरस् to glean, aff. क।  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) The Olbanum tree, (Roswellia thurifera) [aff. चतुर्न्  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) A stone-cutter's chisel. र. शिरस् a stone, चतुर्न् to cut.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Storax; see शिरःशृङ्ग. र. शिरस्, चतुर्न् flower. [thick.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Firm or hard as a stone or rock. र. शिरस्, चतुर्न्  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Produced in a mountain or rock, fossil mineral. n. (-जः) 1. Storax or Benzoin, the resins of the styrax benzoinum or S. officinale, which are usually confounded by the Hindus. 2. Iron र. शिरस् a rock, and शृङ्ग horn; the balsams being supposed to be fossil productions, and to exude from the soil of mountainous places; being confounded with bitumen or petroleum.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) 1. Bitumen. 2. Red chalk. र. शिरस् a stone, and चतुर्न् lac. it is supposed to ooze from the stores of mountains in the hot weather. [exceeds.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Bitumen. र. शिरस् a stone, and चतुर्न् what quers  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) 1. A room on the top of a house. 2. A hill. 3. A fence, an enclosure. र. शिरस् a stone, चतुर्न् to go, चतुर्न् aff.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) The surface of a rock or stone. र. शिरस्, चतुर्न् below.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Iron र. शिरस् a stone, चतुर्न् self, and शृङ्ग horn.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) A crucible. र. शिरस् a stone, चतुर्न् abstan चतुर्न् aff., fem. form.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Bitumen. र. शिरस् a stone, and चतुर्न् herpes.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) 1. Chalk. 2. Red chalk. 3. A white fossil substance; an aluminous earth of a white colour, and thence considered to be a sort of chalk. र. शिरस् a stone or rock, and चतुर्न् a mineral.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) A flat stone for grinding condiments, &c. र. शिरस् a stone, and चतुर्न् a flat surface.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) A miller or roller for grinding condiments, &c. on a flat stone. र. शिरस् a flat stone, and चतुर्न् child also शिरःशृङ्ग.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Storax or Benzoin. र. शिरस् a rock, चतुर्न् flower.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) A layer or table of rock or stone. र. शिरस्, चतुर्न् a plank.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Storax or Benzoin. र. शिरस् a rock, and चतुर्न् horn  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) 1. A plant, (Pl. cranthus scutellarioides.) 2. A stone-cutter's chisel. र. शिरस् a stone, and चतुर्न् what breaks.  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Made of stone. र. शिरस्, चतुर्न् aff. [juice  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) Incense, Benjamin or Olbanum. र. शिरस् a stone, चतुर्न्  
 शिरःशृङ्ग m. (-जः) A medicinal substance said to be of cooling and lichen-thriptic properties, commonly termed Silabák; a sort of lichen or moss. र. शिरस् a stone or rock, and चतुर्न् bark; also termed शिरःशृङ्ग, शिरःशृङ्ग.

शिलाहति ( हिः ) Hail. इ. शिला, and हति rain.  
 शिलावेगम् n. ( -रः ) A rocky recess.  
 शिलावाधि m. ( विः ) Bitumen. इ. शिला a rock or stone, वाधि sickness.  
 शिलासन n. ( -नः ) 1. Benzoin or Storax. 2. A stone bench or seat. इ. शिला a stone or rock, and सन abiding or सासन a seat.  
 शिलासार n. ( -रः ) Iron. इ. शिला a stone, and सार essence.  
 शिलि f. ( -लिः शीः ) 1. The lower timber of a door. 2. A female frog.  
 3. An arrow. 4. A kind of earth-worm. m. ( लिः ) The Bhurjapatra or birch-tree. इ. शिल् to glean, कि aff. : see शिव, शिला, &c.  
 शिलिन्द m. ( -न्दः ) A kind of fish.  
 शिलोत्तु n. ( -त्तुः ) 1. The flower of the plantain tree. 2. Hail. 3. A mushroom. m. ( -त्तुः ) 1. A sort of tree. 2. A kind of fish ; also चित्तकलक. f. ( -त्तुः ) 1. Earth, clay. 2. A small earth-worm. 3. A sort of bird.  
 शिलोत्तुक n. ( कः ) A mushroom, one growing out of cowdung, a fungus. इ. कन् added to the proceeding.  
 शिलोपद m. ( टः ) Enlarged or Tropical leg ; also श्लोपद.  
 शिलासुर m. ( -सुरः ) 1. A bee. 2. An arrow. 3. A fool, a block head. 4. War. : शिला a dart, (a sting,) and सुर the face.  
 शिलय mfn. ( -यः शी-यः ) Like a stone or rock, as hard, &c. n. ( -यः ) Storax. इ. शिला a rock, इक् aff. and the vowel unchanged.  
 शिलोद्य n. ( यः ) 1. A mountain. 2. A high mountain. इ. शिला a stone or rock, उद् up, य् to collect, य् aff.  
 शिलोद्ग m. ( -गः ) 1. Following more than one occupation. 2. Gleaning. इ. शिला gleaning, उद् to gather or glean, aff. य् ; gleaning a subsistence.  
 शिलोद्गय f. ( -यः ) 1. Livelihood gained by gleaning. 2. Extraordinary occupation. इ. शिलोद्ग, and इति subsistence.  
 शिलोत्तु mfn. ( -त्तुः शी-त्तुः ) Growing from or upon rock or stone. n. ( -त्तुः ) Benzoin or Storax. इ. शिला a stone, and उत्तु what grows.  
 शिलोद्ग mfn. ( -गः शी-गः ) Produced from stone or rock. n. ( -गः ) 1. A superior sort of Sandal wood, either the white or brass-coloured sort. 2. Storax or Benzoin. इ. शिला a stone or rock, उत्तु produced.  
 शिलाकम् m. ( -कः ) Gacoula. इ. शिला a rock, and कम् myode.  
 शिल्प n. ( -ल्पः ) 1. An art, any manual or mechanical art. (sixty-four such arts are enumerated) 2. Skill, ingenuity. 3. A ceremonial act. 4. A sort of spoon or ladle, used at sacrifices to throw the Ghee or butter into the fire. इ. शिल् to be clever or skilled, पक् 'Unādi' aff., and the vowel made short.  
 शिल्पकम् ( -कः ) A sort of drama : one exhibiting magical and mystical rites. इ. शिल्प manual art, and कम् aff. ; also read शिल्पिक.  
 शिल्पकर्म n. ( -र्मः ) Manual labour, handicraft. इ. शिल्प, and कर्म act ; also शिल्पिया, &c. [who makes.  
 शिल्पकार m. ( -रः ) An artisan, a mechanic. इ. शिल्प a handicraft, कार शिल्पिया f. ( -या ) Art, mechanical or manual skill. इ. शिल्प, and विया knowledge. [शाला a hall.  
 शिल्पशाला nf. ( -लः शी-लः ) A work-shop, a manufactory. इ. शिल्प art, and शिल्पिक mfn. ( कः शी-कः ) Manual, mechanic. n. ( -कः ) 1. Handicraft. 2. A sort of drama : see शिल्पक. इ. शिल्प, and उक् aff.  
 शिल्पिन् mfn. ( -न् शी-न् ) 1. An artist, an artificer or artisan. 2. Belonging or relating to a mechanical profession or art. f. ( -लिनी ) A drug or herb, a kind of grass said to be known by the name of Lahu'asipi, and described as sweet and cooling, and bearing seeds of tonic, and restorative properties ; also शिल्पिका, &c. इ. शिल्प art, and इति aff. [and शाला a hall.  
 शिल्पिशास्त्र nf. ( -त्रः शी-त्रः ) A work-shop, a manufactory. इ. शिल्पि an artisan, शिल्पिशास्त्र n. ( -त्रः ) A treatise or set of treatises on works of art. इ. शिल्पि an artist, and शास्त्र book.  
 शिव mfn. ( -वः शी-वः ) Prosperous, happy. m. ( -वः ) 1. The deity S'iva, the most formidable of the Hindu triad, the destroyer of creation :

the adoration of which he is the object, is of a more gloomy nature in general than that of the rest, and he is the particular god of the Tantrikas or followers of the books called Tagtras. 2. Final emancipation from existence, eternal happiness. 3. A pillar or post to which cattle are tied. 4. An auspicious planetary conjunction. 5. Scripture, the Vēdas. 6. A drug, commonly E'labdika. 7. A perfume, Pun'dar'ya. 8. Bdellium. 9. One of the astronomical periods termed Y'ogas. 10. Quicksilver. 11. The penis. 12. The phallic emblem of S'iva. 13. A god. n. ( -वः ) 1. Happiness, pleasure. 2. Auspiciousness, well being. 3. Water. 4. Sea or fossile salt. 5. Borax. 6. Rock-salt. f. ( -वाः ) 1. The goddess DURGA', the wife of S'iva. 2. The S'amī tree, (Mimosa sumā, Rox.) 3. Yellow myrobala, (Terminalia chebula.) 4. Emblio myrobala. 5. A jewel. 6. The mother of the twenty-second Jina. 7. Final emancipation. 8. A kind of yellow pigment. 9. The Durbā-grass. इ. शिव sleep. Unādi aff. वन्, on or in whom or which, the universe reposes.  
 शिवक m. ( -कः ) 1. A post to which cows or calves are tied, 2. A post for cattle to rub against. इ. शिव the same, कन् aff.  
 शिवकर mfn. ( -रः शी-रः ) Propitious, auspicious, making happy. इ. शिव, A Jina of the last age. इ. शिव good fortune, and कर who make.  
 शिवकीर्तन m. ( -नः ) 1. An attendant on S'iva. 2. KRISHNA or VISHNU. n. ( -नः ) Praising or hymning S'iva. इ. शिव S'iva, कीर्तन celebrating.  
 शिवमति mfn. ( -तिः शी-तिः ) 1. Happy, prosperous. 2. Worshipping S'iva. m. ( -तिः ) One of the Jinās of the past age. इ. शिव auspiciousness, गति going. [शिव.  
 शिवमन्त्र m. ( -त्रः ) The planet MARS. इ. शिव S'iva, चर्च perspiration, and शिवमन्त्र mfn. ( -रः शी-रः ) Propitious, auspicious, conferring happiness. good fortune. इ. शिव good fortune, क् to make, aff. लक्.  
 शिवचतुर्दशी f. ( -शीः ) A festival held in honour of S'iva, on the fourteenth of the dark-half of Māgha. इ. शिव, चतुर्दशी fourteenth.  
 शिवज्ञ mfn. ( -ज्ञः शी-ज्ञः ) Knowing what is good or propitious. 2. Worshipping S'iva. f. ( -ज्ञा ) A female devotee of the Saivas. इ. शिव S'iva, and ज्ञा to know, च्च् and टाप् affs.  
 शिवताति mfn. ( -तिः शी-तिः ) Propitious, conferring happiness or fortune. इ. शिव happiness, तातिल् aff. ; also शिवतातिक.  
 शिवदण्ड n. ( -ण्डः ) The discus of VISHNU. इ. शिव S'iva, and दण्ड given.  
 शिवदास m. ( -सः ) The Devada'ru tree, (Pinus Deodar.)  
 शिवदुत्तिका f. ( -काः ) One of the Ma'tris or divine mothers. इ. शिव Durga', and कन् aff. [शिव.  
 शिवदूती f. ( -तीः ) DURGA'. इ. शिव S'iva, and दूती, from दूत a messenger.  
 शिवधाम n. ( -धः ) 1. The milk stone, opal or chalcedony. 2. Quicksilver. इ. शिव S'iva, धाम a mineral. [sacred to S'iva especially.  
 शिवपुरी f. ( -रीः ) The holy city Benares. इ. शिव, and पुरी the city. [शिव.  
 शिवप्रिय mfn. ( -यः शी-यः ) Dear to or esteemed by S'iva. m. ( -यः ) 1. The Seshana grandiflora. 2. Crystal. f. ( -या ) The goddess DURGA'. ( -यः ) The seeds of the El-oocarpus. इ. शिव, and प्रिय beloved.  
 शिवमञ्जी f. ( -ञ्जीः ) The Seshana grandiflora. इ. शिव, and मञ्जी jasmine.  
 शिवरस m. ( -सः ) The water of boiled-rice or pulse three days old, and undergoing spontaneous fermentation.  
 शिवरात्रि f. ( -त्रिः ) A celebrated festival held in honour of S'iva on the fourteenth of the moon's wane or dark-foortnight in Māgha. इ. शिव, and रात्रि night.  
 शिवलिङ्ग n. ( -ङ्गः ) S'iva in the form of a phallus.  
 शिवलक्ष्म mfn. ( -म् शी-लक्ष्मः ) Loved or esteemed by S'iva. m. ( -लक्ष्मः ) 1. The mango tree. 2. Gigantic swallow-wort. f. ( -ला ) The goddess PA'AVATI. इ. शिव S'iva, and लक्ष्म beloved.  
 शिववह्म m. ( -वः शी-वः ) A bull. इ. शिव the deity, वह्म vehicle. [शिव.  
 शिववीज n. ( -वीजः ) Quicksilver. इ. शिव S'iva, and वीज semen ; its supposed.  
 शिवसेखर m. ( -रः ) 1. The Seshana grandiflora. 2. The moon. इ. शिव S'iva, and सेखर a crest.

शिवक न. (-क) The seed of the Eleocarpus. २. शिव S'iva, and क from कृ the eye. "शिवक".

शिवनी f. (-नी) 1. A flower, (Celtis orientalis.) २. A name of Durga. ३. शिव the deity, शिव aff., and शिवक augment.

शिवशिव m. (-वः) A goat. २. शिव Durga, and शिव beloved by.

शिवराति m. (-तिः) A dog. २. शिव a jackal, and राति an enemy.

शिवरात्रि n. (-त्रिः) Red Tulas' or basil. n. (-त्र) 1. A cemetery or place where dead bodies are burnt or buried. 2. Any temple dedicated to S'iva. ३. शिव S'iva, and रात्रि abode.

शिवराज m. (-राजः) A jackal. शिवराजति चल-उन् ।

शिवराजि f. (-तिः) A plant, (Celtis orientalis.) [3. A king so named.

शिवि m. (-विः) 1. A beast of prey. 2. The Bhurja-patra or birch-tree.

शिविका f. (-का) 1. A palanquin, a litter. २. शिव nominal verb, to give pleasure or ease, aff. कृन् ।

शिविरि m. (-रिः) A name of S'iva: see शिविरि ।

शिविर n. (-रि) 1. A camp. 2. A royal camp or residence. 3. A guard or defence for the soldiers. 4. A sort of grain. ५. शी to sleep or rest, शिवि Unadi aff. and कृन् augment. [रञ् a conveyance.

शिविरम m. (-मः) A palanquin, a litter. २. शिवी for शिविका the same, शिविरा f. (-रा) Drowsiness, sleepiness, wish to sleep. ३. शी to sleep, desid. v., कृन् and टाप् affs.

शिविरु mfn. (-वः-वुः-वुः) Sleepy, drowsy. २. शी to sleep, desid. v., उ aff.

शिवर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Cold, frigid, chilly, freezing. m. (-रः) Frost. mn. (रः-रः) The cold season, comprising two months from about the middle of January to that of March. n. (-रः) 1. Coolness. 2. Dew, hoar-frost. 3. The cool season. ४. श्वन् to go, (the sun, north of the equator.) शिवर Unadi aff. and the radical vowel changed to र ।

शिविराज n. (-जः) The dewy season: see the last. २. शिविर, रात्रि time.

शिवि m. (-विः) 1. The young of man or any animal, a child, a calf, २. A pupil, a scholar. 3. A boy under eight years of age. 4. A lad or boy not more than sixteen. ५. शी to destroy, Una'di aff. कृन्, and the root repeated, with र substituted for the semivowel to which the radical vowel is changed in its inflections.

शिविक m. (-कः) 1. A porpoise. 2. Another fish, resembling a porpoise. 3. A child, a young animal. 4. A tree. ५. कृन् added to the last.

शिविकन्द m. (-न्दः) The weeping of an infant or child. २. शिवु a child, and कन्द weeping; also शिविकन्दन n. (-नः) ।

शिविकन्दनीय m. (-नीयः) A book or work treating of infantine or juvenile grievances. २. शिविकन्द as above, and कृन् aff. in this sense.

शिविकन्दा f. (-न्दा) Double jasmine.

शिविकन m. (-नः) 1. Boyhood, pupilage, the period before sixteen. 2. Childhood, the period up to eight years of age. ३. शिव a child, कृन् abstract aff.; also with तन् aff. शिविता ।

शिविपाव m. (-पावः) The sovereign of a country in the central part of India or Chédi, opposed to KRISHN'A and slain by him; his death forms the subject of one of the Hindu epic poems, thence named S'is'upala-Badha, by MA'GHA. २. शिव a child, पाव who cherishes.

शिविपावक m. (-कः) 1. A king: see the last. 2. A plant, (Nauclea cordifolia.) ३. शिव child, पाव who or what pleases or cherishes, aff. कृन् ।

शिविपावकन् m. (-कन्) KRISHN'A. २. शिवपाव the king, कृन् destroyer.

शिविपार m. (-पारः) 1. The Gangetic porpoise, (Delphinus gangeticus.) 2. The heavenly porpoise, or collection of the stars and planets. 3. A name or form of VISHN'U. २. शिव child, and पार what kills.

शिविपावक m. (-कः) A wild goat. २. शिव a child, कृन् to bear, aff. कृन् ।

शिविपावक m. (-कः) A wild goat. २. शिव a child, कृन् to bear, कृन् aff., and कृन् added.

शिव m. (-वः) The penis. २. कृन् to move, aff. कृन्, form irr.

शिविराज mfn. (-वः-रा-जः) 1. Innocent, virtuous. 2. Guilty, sinful, wicked. ३. शिव to be white, (pure or virtuous,) कृन् Una'di aff., कृन् changed to र, and the reduplicate form of the root.

शिव r. 1st cl. (शिवति) To hurt, to injure or kill. r. 1st and 10th cls. (शिवति शिवति-ने) To leave a residue, not to use the whole. (Usually with कृन् prefixed.) To exel (कृन् and with कृन् prefixed, शिविक् r. 7th cl. (शिविक्) To assign attributes or qualities to, to distinguish, to individualize, to specify.

शिव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Obedient, docile. २. Ordered, commanded, disciplined, trained. 3. Chief, principal, eminent, select. 4. Left, remaining. 5. Wise m. (-वः) 1. A courtier, a counsellor. 2. A chief. ३. कृन् to order, aff. कृन्, form irr.; or शिव to leave, कृन् aff.

शिवता f. (-ता) 1. Good behaviour, urbanity, civility. 2. Docility. 3. The property of being left or remaining. ४. शिव, and तन् aff.; also with कृन्. शिवत ।

शिवसभा f. (-भा) A council of state, an assembly of chief officers. २. शिव. सभा an assembly. [सभाचार account.

शिवसभाचार m. (-चारः) History or tradition of eminent persons. २. शिव.

शिवसभा mfn. (-वः-रा-वः) Well-behaved, m. (-वः) Good-manners, proper behaviour. २. शिव, and सभा observance.

शिवि f. (-विः) 1. An order or command. 2. Ruling, commanding. ३. Correcting, keeping in order. 4. Personal correction or chastisement. ५. कृन् to order, aff. कृन्, form irr.

शिव Ind. 1. Having confessed publicly, or proclaimed. 2. Having governed, regulated, trained. ३. कृन् to rule, or शिव to hurt, कृन् aff.

शिव m. (-वः) 1. A pupil, a scholar. 2. Passion, anger. 3. Violence. ४. कृन् to order, aff. कृन्: the vowel changed to र. [correction.

शिविक् f. (-विः) Chastisement or correction of a pupil. २. शिव, शिविक् शिव m. (-वः) Incense, benjamin or libanum. ३. शिव to melt, कृन् aff., deriv. irr.; more usually शिव; also with कृन् added शिवक ।

शिव (क) शिव r. 2nd cl. (शिवे) To sleep. With कृन् prefixed, 1. To sleep longer than. 2. To be profuse or copious, to be much or more, to exceed. With कृन्, 1. To lie down on. 2. To abide, to be. With कृन्, To doubt. With कृन्, To lie near.

शिव m. (-वीः) 1. Sleep, repose. 2. Devotion, tranquillity, indifference to every thing but the object of worship. ३. शी to sleep, aff. कृन् ।

शिव r. 1st cl. (शिवे) शिव (शिवे) 1. To wet, to moisten, to sprinkle. २. To move gently. r. 1st and 10th cls. (शिवति शिवति-ने) 1. To endure patiently, to be patient. 2. To touch. 3. To wet, to moisten. 4. To be angry.

शिव m. (-रः) 1. Thin rain, or rain driven by wind. 2. A drop of water. n. (रः) A sort of pine or its resin. ३. शिव to sprinkle, aff. कृन् । [शिव, शिव a heap.

शिवरोच mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Abounding with mist, spray or thin rain. २. शिव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Quick, speedy. m. (वः) (In astronomy,) Parallax.

n. Adv. (-वः) Quickly, swiftly. २. शिव to smell, कृन् aff., deriv. irr.

शिव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Going quick. ३. शिव and ग who goes.

शिवगामिन् mfn. (गामिन्-गामिन्) Going quick or expeditiously. ३. शिव quickly, and गामिन् who goes.

शिवपति m. (-पतिः) A dog. २. शिव quickly, चेतन thinking, knowing.

शिवपति m. (-पतिः) A plant, (Cesalpinia boudonella.) ३. शिव quick, कृन् birth. "कौटा करन्दा ।"

शिवता f. (-ता) Quickness, speed. ३. शिव, कृन् aff.; also with कृन्, शिवत ।

शिववेदि m. (-वी) A good archer, a good shot. ३. शिव quick, and वेदिन् who pierces.

शिववाम mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Becoming quick or expeditious. ३. शिव nominal verb, to be quick, कृन् aff.

शिवि mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Quick, fleet. m. (-वः) 1. S'iva. 2. VISHN'U. 3. The fighting of cats. ३. शिव quick, कृन् aff.

शिव m. (-वः) 1. The fighting of cats. 2. S'iva. 3. VISHN'U.

शिव Ind. A sound made to express any sudden thrill, (especially applied to the sound made during sexual enjoyment.)

शिव mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) 1. Cold, chilly, frigid. 2. Idle, lazy. ३. Cold, dull,

पुन मी. (पु-म-पु) 1. Pure, purified, clean, cleansed. 2. Fast  
 correct. 3. Alone, only, mere, simple. 4. White. 5. What  
 sharp, (as an arrow) 6. Authorized, admitted. 7. Inquest.  
 Acquitted. 9. Bright. 10. Honest, chaste. न. (न) 1. Pure and  
 Rock-salt. 3. Black pepper. न. पु. to be or make pure, &c., of  
 न. पु. (न-पु) One of the sides of a right-angled triangle. न.  
 and white flank.

**सुवर्ण** m. (-वः) An ass. n. सुव clean, pure, and सुव the thigh or leg.  
**सुव** n. (-वः) Parity, cleanness, freedom from soil or defect. n. व added to सु; also with व, सुवत् । [सुव, वत् for सुव tooth.  
**सुवन्त** mfn. (-वन्तु सुवन्तु) White-toothed, having handsome teeth. n.  
**सुवन्ती** mfn. (-वन्ती सुवन्ती) Of pure understanding. n. सुव, वी intellect.  
**सुवन्त** m. (-वः) Simple putting to death, i. e. in any ordinary way. n. सुव, and वन्त putting to death.  
**सुवन्ति** mfn. (-वन्ति सुवन्ति) 1. Of pure or sincere purposes, honest, free from guile. 2. Intelligent. m. (-वन्ति) One of the Jaina pontiffs of the last age. n. सुव pure, वन्ति understanding.  
**सुवर्ण** mfn. (-वर्ण सुवर्ण) 1. Of a good colour, caste, &c. 2. Well-lettered. n. सुव, वर्ण colour, &c.  
**सुवर्णिका** f. (-का) A plant, (*Menispermum glabrum*). n. सुव pure, वन्ती pedicle, वन् added, fem. form. [clothes.  
**सुवन्तवत्** mfn. (-वन्तवत् सुवन्तवत्) Clean, having clean vesture. n. सुव, वन्तवत्  
**सुवन्तवान्** n. (-वन्तवान्) A figure of rhetoric. n. सुव correct, वन्तवान् inference.  
**सुवन्त** m. (-वन्त) 1. A seraglio, a Harem. 2. The private or women's apartments in the palace of a prince. f. (-वन्त) The king's wife or concubine. n. सुव pure, and वन्त end, limit.  
**सुवन्तवन्त** m. (-वन्तवन्त) A eunuch or an attendant on the women's apartments. n. सुवन्त the Harem, and वन्तवन्त a guard.  
**सुवन्तवन्त** f. (-वन्तवन्त) Change of mode or key in music. [sealment.  
**सुवन्तवन्त** f. (-वन्तवन्त) A figure of rhetoric. n. सुव correct, वन्तवन्त con-  
**वृत्ति** f. (-वृत्ति) 1. Cleansing, cleansing. 2. Purity, purification. 3. Correc-  
tion, correctness. 4. Innocence established by ordeal or trial, acquittal. 5. Paying off arrears. 6. Subtraction. 7. Brightness. 8. An expiation. 9. Durga'. n. सुव to be or make pure, aff. वृत्ति ।  
**सुवन्तवन्त** mfn. (-वन्तवन्त) 1. Clean, clear, free from soil. 2. Pure, virtuous. n. सुव, वन्त having. [rice, food.  
**सुवोदन** m. (-वन्त) King of KAPILA and father of Sa'kya. n. सुव, वीदन  
**सुवोदनवन्त** m. (-वन्त) Sa'kya, the founder of the Budd'hā sect. n. सुवोदन the father of this personage, and वन्त son.  
**सुव** (वी, वृ) वीसुवन्त r. 4th cl. (सुवन्त) 1. To be or become pure or purified. 2. To be made clear, to have doubts removed. With वरि, वि, or वन्, To be purified.  
**सु** r. 6th cl. (सुवन्त) To go, to move. [with वन् added सुवन् ।  
**सु** m. (-वन्) A dog. n. सुव to go, व aff. : see सुनि, वन्, &c. ; also  
**सुनाक्षर** m. (-वन्) 1. INDRA. 2. An owl. n. सु good, venerable, नाक्षर van of his army ; the व in each case changed ; also सुनाक्षर, and more correctly, सुनाक्षर ।  
**सुनि** m. (-नि) A dog. f. (-नी) A bitch. n. सुव to go, व् aff. ; or वन् with वीव् aff., and the semi-vowel changed.  
**सुनिवन्त** mfn. (-वन्त सुनिवन्त) Suckled by a bitch. n. सुनी, वे to suck, वन्त aff.  
**सुनी** m. (-नी) A number of female dogs. n. सुनी, र aff.  
**सु** r. 1st and 10th cls. (सुवन्त) 1. To be or become pure. 2. To cleanse, to purify.  
**सु** m. (-वन्) 1. Fire. 2. Air, wind. n. सुव to purify, वन् Unádi aff.  
**सु** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्) Empty, void. n. (-वन्) 1. A number of dogs. 2. A cipher. n. वन् a dog, and वन् aff., the vowel substituted for the semi-vowel ; more commonly सुव ।  
**सु** r. 1st cl. (सुवन्त) 1. To look beautiful. 2. To appear to advantage. 3. To shine. r. 6th cl. (सुवन्त) 1. To hurt or injure, to kill. 2. To look beautiful. 3. To shine.  
**सु** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्) 1. Happy, well, right, fortunate, auspicious. 2. Handsome, beautiful. 3. Splendid, shining. 4. Eminent, distinguished. 5. Learned, versed in the Védas, &c. n. (-वन्) 1. Good, good fortune, auspiciousness, happiness. 2. An ornament. 3. A particular fragrant wood. m. (-वन्) One of the astrological Yō'gas. f. (-वन्) 1. An assemblage of the gods. 2. A female friend and companion of the goddess UMA'. 3. Bamboo-manna. 4. Bent

grass. 5. The S'amī tree. 6. A yellow pigment : see मीरीचका. 7. Light, lustre. 8. Beauty. 9. Desire. n. सुव to shine, aff. व ।  
**सुवन्त** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्त) Happy, fortunate, prosperous. n. सुव happy, सुव, पेश aff.  
**सुवन्त** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्त) Propitious, producing good, &c. n. सुव, and वन् what makes : also सुवन्त ।  
**सुवन्तवन्त** n. (-वन्त) 1. Pious or virtuous act. 2. Reputable occupation or employment. n. सुव, and वन्तवन्त act.  
**सुवन्त** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्त) 1. Elegant, graceful. 2. Fortunate, propitious. n. सुव, and वन् to go or obtain, व aff.  
**सुवन्तवन्त** n. (-वन्त) Gum-myrrh.  
**सुवन्त** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्त) Propitious, auspicious, conferring happiness or fortune. f. (-वन्) PA'AVATI'. n. सुव happiness, व to make, वन् aff.  
**सुवन्त** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्त) Propitious, auspicious. n. सुव, व who or what gives.  
**सुवन्त** f. (-वन्) 1. The female elephant of the N. W. quarter. 2. A woman with good teeth. n. सुव handsome, वन् tooth, वीव् aff. ; else-where read सुवन्त ।  
**सुवन्त** n. (-वन्) Happy result or consequence. n. सुव, and वन् fruit.  
**सुवन्त** m. (-वन्) An auspicious moment. n. सुव, and वन् rise of a planet.  
**सुवन्तवन्त** m. (-वन्त) Perfume for the mouth. n. सुव, वन्त perfuming.  
**सुवन्तवन्त** mfn. (-वन्त सुवन्तवन्त) Of a good disposition. n. सुव, वीव disposition.  
**सुवन्तवन्त** f. (-वन्त) A room or hall in which sacrifices are offered. n. सुव auspicious, and वन्त place.  
**सुवन्त** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्त) Handsome, elegant. f. (-वन्) 1. The wife of KA'MA. 2. The wife of KUR'RA. 3. A handsome woman. n. सुव handsome, and वन् body. [S. सुव, वाचर observance.  
**सुवन्तवन्त** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्तवन्त) Virtuous. f. (-वन्) A female attendant on UMA'.  
**सुवन्त** m. (-वन्) A tree, (*Hyperanthera moranga*) : see वीवन्त ।  
**सुवन्त** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्त) Handsome, good-looking. f. (-वन्) A handsome woman. n. सुव, and वन् face.  
**सुवन्तवन्त** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्तवन्त) Happy, prosperous, fortunate. n. सुव good fortune, and वन्त endowed with.  
**सुवन्तवन्त** f. (-वन्) A beautiful woman. n. सुव, and वन्त the corner of the eye, for the eye or face.  
**सुवन्तवन्त** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्तवन्त) Prosperous and unfortunate, good and evil. n. (-वन्) Good and ill-fortune. n. सुव, वन्त unlucky. [रतर other.  
**सुवन्त** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्त) 1. Unlucky, inauspicious. 2. Evil, bad. n. सुव, वन्  
**सु** mfn. (-वन् सुवन्त) 1. White. 2. Shining. m. (-वन्) 1. White, (the colour.) 2. Sandal. n. (-वन्) 1. Talc. 2. Silver. 3. Green vitriol. 4. Reek-salt. 5. Sandal. f. (-वन्) 1. The Ganges. 2. Crystal. 3. Bamboo-manna. n. सुव to shine, वन् aff.  
**सुवन्त** m. (-वन्त) The thirty-sixth year of the Indian cycle. n. सुव white, वन् making. [white, वन् a tusk, वीव aff.  
**सुवन्त** f. (-वन्) The female elephant of the north-west quarter. n. सुव  
**सुवन्त** m. (-वन्त) The moon. n. सुव white, and वन्त a ray.  
**सुवन्त** m. (-वन्) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. n. सुव white, and वन्त a ray.  
**सुवन्त** m. (-वन्) BRAHMA'. n. सुव to be propitious, वन्त Unádi aff.  
**सु** r. 6th cl. (सुवन्त) 1. To shine, to be splendid or beautiful. 2. To be handsome. 3. To hurt or injure. 4. To speak.  
**सु** m. (-वन्) An Asura or demon slain by DURGA'.  
**सुवन्तवन्त** f. (-वन्) DURGA'. n. सुव the Asura, and वन्तवन्त destructress.  
**सुवन्त** nf. (-वन् सुवन्त) A city and district, perhaps the modern Sambhalpur, in the district of Gondwa'na. n. सुव the Asura, and वन् city.  
**सुवन्तवन्त** f. (-वन्) DURGA'. n. सुव the Asura, and वन्तवन्त destructress.  
**सु** (वृ) वृ r. 4th cl. (सुवन्त) 1. To hurt, to kill. 2. To make firm. 3. To be stupid or insensible ; also सु ।  
**सु** m. (-वन्) A lion. n. सुव to injure, aff. व ।  
**सु** r. 10th cl. (सुवन्तवन्त) 1. To speak. 2. To gain or acquire. 3. To create. 4. To abandon, to leave or forsake.  
**सु** m. (-वन् सुवन्त) 1. Toll, duty, customs or taxes. 2. The present

made by the bridegroom to the bride, at the time of bringing her home to his family ; a marriage settlement or dowry. 3. Money given to the parents of the bride. 4. Money given at the purchase of any thing to ratify the bargain. 5. The profits of household labour, employment of domestic utensils, care of milch-cattle, preservation of ornaments, superintendence of servants, &c., when considered as the perquisite of the wife and her own legal property.

सुख् to quit, aff. चक्.

सुखलान् n. (-ल) Any object of taxation or duty. स. सुख, लान् place.

सुखहानि f. (-नि) Loss or forfeiture of wages, dowry, &c. स. सुख, हानि privation.

सुख n. (-ख) 1. A cord, a rope or string. 2. Copper. [To dismiss.

सुख r. 10th cl. (सुखयति ते) 1. To measure. 2. To create. 3. To give. 4.

सुख Subst. mfn. (-खः-खा or खी-ख) A rope, a cord, a string. n. (-ख)

1. Copper. 2. A sacrificial observance. 3. An institute, a law.

4. A place near water. 5. A rope. स. सुख् to measure, aff. चक् ; or

सुक् to be pure, &c., Una'di aff. वक्, and च changed to ख.

सुखल n. (-ल) Brass.

सुखरि m. (-रि) Sulphur. स. सुख copper, and खरि a foe.

सुख्या f. (-या) The wife of S'ukra.

सुखम् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वः) Heard, having heard स. सु to hear, aff. क्त्.

सुखम् mfn. (-वः-वा-वः) Obedient, serving, attending. स. सु to hear, desid. v., च aff.

सुखक m. (-कः) A servant, comprehending five descriptions of persons, a pupil, a religious pupil or the member of a religious community, under a common head, a hired servant, an officer or deputy, and a slave. स. सु to hear, desid. v., चक् aff.

सुखक न. (-क) Service, serving. f. (-क) 1. Desire to hear. 2. Obedience.

3. Service, attendance. स. सु to hear, desiderative form, क्त् aff.

सुखा f. (-वा) 1. Service, serving of five kinds : see सुखक. 2. Saying,

speaking, telling. 3. Wishing to hear. स. सु to hear, desiderative form, चक् aff., fem. aff. डाप्.

सुखपर mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Diligent or attentive in service. स. सुखा, and पर intent on.

सुख (वी, ल) चौथल r. 4th cl. (सुखति) 1. To dry. 2. To be withered.

सुख m. (-वः) 1. Drying. 2. A hole in the ground. स. सुक् to dry, aff. क्.

सुखि f. (-विः-वी) 1. A hole, a chasm. 2. Drying. 3. The hollow or groove in the fang of a snake. स. सुक् to dry, aff. क्.

सुखि mfn. (-रः-रा-रः) Perforated, bored, pierced, full of holes or spaces.

n. (-रः) 1. A hole, a vacuity, a chasm. 2. A wind-instrument. m.

(-रः) 1. Fire. 2. A rat. f. (-रा) 1. A sort of perfume, commonly

Nali. 2. A river in general. स. सुक् to dry, Una'di aff. किरक्.

सुखि m. (-वः) Air wind. स. सुक् to dry, किरक् aff., and the semi-vowel changed to ख.

सुख mfn. (-खः-खा-खः) 1 Dry, dried. 2. Groundless, causeless. 3. Unproductive, unprofitable. 4. Emaciated, withered 5. Feigned. 6. Offensive. स. सुक् to dry, aff. क्, or Una'di aff. कक्.

सुखता f. (-ता) Dryness. स. सुक् added to the last ; also with ल, सुखल.

सुखनास n. (-स) 1. Dry flesh. 2. Dried meat. स. सुक् dry, नास flesh.

सुखम् mfn. subst. (-खः-खा or खी-ख) Dry flesh. Adj. Eating fish and flesh.

स. सुक् to dry, सुख् Una'di aff.; or सुख, and खा to take, aff. क्.

सुखेर n. (-र) Groundless enmity. स. सुख, and रेर enmity.

सुखव m. (-वः) A soar, a cicatrised sore. स. सुक् dry, वक् a sore.

सुखान् mfn. (-खः-खी-खः) Emaciated, withered. f. (-खी) A lizard, a chameleon. स. सुक् dry, खन् the body.

सुखान् n. (-ख) Rice in the husk. स. सुक्, and खन् rice.

सुखान् n. (-ख) Dry ginger. स. सुक् dry, and खान् ginger.

सुखम् (खः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. स. सुक् to dry, न Una'di aff.

सुखम् m. (-खः) 1. The sun. 2. Fire. 3. Air, wind. 4. A bird. n. (-खः)

1. Light, lustre. 2. Strength, prowess. स. सुक् to dry, वक् aff.

सुखम् m. (-वा) Fire. n. (-ख) 1. Light, lustre. 2. Strength, prowess. स. सुक् to dry, वक् aff.

सुखम् mfn. (-खः-खी-खः) Drying. स. सुक् to dry, वक् aff.

सुख mn. (-खः-खी) 1. The awn of barley, &c. 2. A bristle, a spicula. 3. Compassion, clemency, tenderness. 4. Top, point. 5. A kind of poisonous insect. f. (-खा) Cowach. स. खी to make sharp or thin, चक् aff., deriv. irr. ; or वि-ख-वक्.

सुखम् m. (-खः) 1. Barley, or bearded kind of wheat resembling it. 2. The sentiment of compassion or tenderness. स. खन् added to the last.

सुखीट m. (-टः) 1. A caterpillar. 2. A worm that eats holes in clothes.

स. सुख a bristle, (the hairs on the insect,) and खीट a worm ; also with खन् added सुखीटम्.

सुखव n. (-वः) A kind of grass. स. सुख an awn, वक् grass.

सुखवाय n. (-वः) Awned or bearded grain, as barley, &c. स. सुख an awn, वाय grain. [विधि a heap.

सुखविधि f. (-विः-खी) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) स. सुख an awn,

सुखर m. (-रः) A hog. f. (-री) 1. A kind of moss, (Lycopodium imbricatum.) 2. A sow. स. सुख an awn, (a bristle,) र aff. ; or सु imitative

sound, क् to make, with चक् and डाप् aff.

सुखरात्राणा f. (-ना) A kind of moss, &c. : see the last ; also सुखरात्राणा.

सुखम् m. (-वः) A restive horse. [awn, वक् aff.

सुखवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वः) Awned, bearded. f. (-ती) Cowach. स. सुख an

सुखविधि f. (-विः) Cowach. स. सुख an awn, and विधि a pod.

सुखविधि f. (-विः-खी) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) स. सुख an awn, and विधि a pod ; also with खन् added सुखविधिका.

सुखापू f. (-पू) A gem, perhaps amber. स. सुख an awn, पाप् before सु to become small, चक् aff.

सुखिन् mfn. (-की-किनी-कि) Awned, bearded, (as grain.) स. सुख, इनि aff.

सुखम् m. (-वः) 1. A fish in general. 2. A kind of fish. 3. A fragrant grass, (Cyperus.)

सुख mfn. (-खः-खा-खः) Minute, small, fine, subtle. m. (-खः) 1. Fraud, dishonesty. 2. Universal spirit. स. सु substituted for सु in the more

correct form सुख, q v.

सुख m. (-वः) A man of the fourth or servile tribe, said to have sprung from the feet of BRAHMA. f. (-वः) A woman of the S'u'dra tribe.

f. (-वः or वः) The wife of S'u'dra. स. सुक् to purify or cleanse, Una'di aff. रक्, the vowel made long, and च changed to व.

सुखता f. (-ता) The nature or condition of a S'u'dra. स. सुख and तक् aff. ; also with ल, सुखल.

सुखकम् m. (-कः) The duty of the S'u'dra tribe, the service of the other three. स. सुख a S'u'dra, and वक् moral merit.

सुखमेव m. (-वः) A man of the three first classes, who has become a servant to one of the fourth. स. सुख a S'u'dra, and मेव a slave.

सुखभिक्षित n. (-सि) Alms begged or received from a S'u'dra. स. सुख, and भिक्षित begged as alms.

सुखभूविह mfn. (-वः-वः-वः) Abounding with S'u'dra. स. सुख, भूविह many.

सुखवाजक m. (-वः) A priest who conducts sacrifices for S'u'dras. स. सुख, and वाजक sacrificer.

सुखराज n. (-वः) A country of which a S'u'dra is king. स. सुख, and राज kingdom.

सुखरुति f. (-रिः) The duty or occupation of a S'u'dra. स. सुख, and रुति

सुखवाहन n. (-नः) An edict or grant, &c., addressed to persons of the servile caste. स. सुख a S'u'dra, वाहन edict. [ing.

सुखापरिवहन n. (-वः) Marrying a S'u'dra female. स. सुखा, परिवहन marry.

सुखापुत्र m. (-पुः) The son of any man by a S'u'dra woman. स. सुखा, and पुत्र son ; also सुखापुत्र, &c. [woman, and वाया a wife.

सुखावाय m. (-वः) The husband of a S'u'dra woman. स. सुखा S'u'dra

सुखाणा f. (-ना) A plant, commonly Priyangu. स. सुख a S'u'dra, and नाणा pained. [नविहन marrying.

सुखाविह n. (-नः) Marrying a woman of the fourth class. स. सुखा, and



पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) A man of the three first classes, who has a S'u'dra wife. ३. पुनः, and पुनःपुनः who marries.

पुनः mfn. (-पुनः-पुनः) 1. Swollen, increased, grown. 2. Morbidly swollen. f. (-पुनः) 1. A shambles, a slaughter-house. 2. The soft palate. 3. A piece of household furniture which destroys animal life. viz. :—

“पुनः पुनः गृहस्थस्य पुनःपुनःपुनः ।  
कन्योपदीपकस्य पुनःपुनःपुनः ।”

३. पुनः to increase, aff. क, form irr.

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) A butcher, one who keeps a place where animals are killed for sale. ३. पुनः a shambles, and पुनःपुनः aff.

पुनः mfn. (-पुनः-पुनः) 1. Empty, void. 2. Lonely, desert. 3. Vacant. 4. Dvoid of. 5. Indifferent. 6. Guileless. 7. Absent-minded. 8. Nonsensical. 9. Naked, bare. n. (-पुनः) 1. Heaven, sky, ether. 2. A dot, a spot. 3. A cipher. 4. A vacuum. 5. Non-entity. f. (-पुनः) 1. A hollow reed. 2. The prickly-pear. 3. A barren woman. ३. पुनः a dog, पुनः aff. of fitness, and the vowel substituted for the semi-vowel, and made optionally long.

पुनःपुनः n. (-पुनः) An empty or deserted house. ३. पुनः, and पुनः a house.

पुनः n. (-पुनः) 1. Vacuity, emptiness. 2. Unreality, the false or illusory nature of all existence. ३. पुनः added to पुनः; with तत्, पुनःपुनः ।

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) A hollow reed. ३. पुनः empty, and पुनः the middle.

पुनःपुनः Adj. Pale-faced, having a dejected countenance.

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) 1. A Baudh'ha. 2. An atheist. ३. पुनः vacuum, and वादिन् declaring; denying the existence of any thing.

पुनःपुनः n. (-पुनः) An empty place. ३. पुनः, and पुनः place.

पुनःपुनः mfn. (-पुनः-पुनः) Empty-handed. ३. पुनः, पुनः the hand. [पुनःपुनः aff.]

पुनःपुनः mfn. (-पुनः-पुनः) Swelling, enlarging, expanding. ३. पुनः to swell, पुनः r. 10th cl. (पुनःपुनः-पुनः) 1. To be valiant or powerful, to act the hero. 2. To make great effort or exertion. (३) पुनः r. 4th cl. (पुनःपुनः) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To be stupid.

पुनः m. (-पुनः) 1. A hero, 2. The sun. 3. A lion, 4. A boar. 5. The grandfather of KRISHN'A. 6. The S'al tree, (Shorea robusta.) f. (-पुनः) Brave, mighty. ३. पुनः to bear, Sautra root, Una'di aff. कन्, and the vowel made long; or पुनः to be brave, aff. चच् ।

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) A contemptible warrior.

पुनः m. (-पुनः) 1. An esculent root, (Arum campanulatum, Rox.) “बील.” 2. A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) ३. पुनः to hurt, (some diseases,) aff. पुनः; or पुनः-पुनः । [पुनः to eat, aff. क ।]

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) A kind of bird. ३. पुनः the Arum, and पुनः before

पुनः f. (-पुनः) Heroism, prowess. ३. तत् added to पुनः; also with तत्, पुनःपुनः ।

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) The second Jaina of the future era.

पुनःपुनः n. (-पुनः) Vaunting, pride of prowess. ३. पुनः, and पुनः pride.

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) A boaster, one who thinks himself a hero. ३. पुनः, पुनः to think, विणि aff. [to think, पुनः aff.]

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) A boaster, one who thinks himself a hero. ३. पुनः, पुनः पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) 1. The country about Mathurá. 2. The name of a prince. ३. पुनः a hero, पुनः an army.

पुनः r. 10th cl. (पुनःपुनः-पुनः) To mete or measure.

पुनः mfn. (-पुनः-पुनः) 1. A winnowing basket. 2. A measure of two Dro'nás. f. (-पुनः) 1. A small kind of winnowing basket, a toy for children. 2. The sister of RA'VAN'A : see पुनःपुनः. ३. पुनः to injure, Una'di aff. व, and क substituted for the vowel; or पुनः-पुनः ।

पुनः m. (-पुनः) A demon, the enemy of KA'MADE'VA. ३. पुनः to measure, aff. कच् ।

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) An elephant. ३. पुनः a winnowing basket, पुनः the ear.

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) KA'MA or CUPID. ३. पुनः a demon, and पुनःपुनः an enemy; also पुनःपुनः, &c.

पुनःपुनः f. (-पुनः) The sister of the Daitya RA'VAN'A. ३. पुनः a winnowing basket, and पुनः a finger nail, (having them as large,) fem. aff. दाप् or दीप्, whence also पुनःपुनः ।

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) A measure (a basket) of winnowed corn. ३. पुनः, विणि aff. winnowing.

पुनःपुनः f. (-पुनः) A sort of bean, (Phaseolus trilobus.)

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) The air as agitated by the shaking of the winnowing basket. ३. पुनः a basket, पुनः wind. [as large.]

पुनःपुनः f. (-पुनः) An elephant. ३. पुनः winnowing basket, पुनः an ear;

पुनः m. (-पुनः) An iron image, &c., also पुनः; see the next.

पुनः mfn. (-पुनः-पुनः) 1. An iron image. 2. An anvil. ३. पुनः for पुनः beauty, and कर्ति a wave or line, कर्ति optionally added; deriv. irr.; also with व rejected, and कन् added, fem. form पुनःपुनः; again, as differently read, पुनः, कृति, &c.

पुनः r. 1st cl. (पुनःपुनः) 1. To disorder, to distemper or disease. 2. To make a loud noise. 3. To impale, to transfix.

पुनः mfn. (-पुनः-पुनः) 1. Sharp pain in general, or especially in the belly, as colic, &c., or in the joints, from rheumatism or gout. 2. A weapon, a pike, a dart. 3. An iron pin or spit. 4. A banner, an ensign. 5. An astrological Yo'ga, that of the 9th lunar mansion. 6. Death, dying. 7. A stake for impaling criminals. f. (-पुनः) 1. A whore. 2. An instrument used for putting criminals to death, a stake for impaling them. ३. पुनः to disease, &c., aff. चच् or क ।

पुनः m. (-पुनः) A restive horse. ३. पुनः to distress, पुनः aff.

पुनःपुनः n. (-पुनः) Iron rust or filings. ३. पुनः pain, पुनः what removes,

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः-पुनः) Removing or allaying sharp pain, sedative, anodyne. ३. पुनः, and पुनः what destroys.

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) S'IVA. ३. पुनः a pike or the three-pronged one, the trident of this deity, पुनः a bow, put for a weapon. [holds.]

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) S'IVA. f. (-पुनः) DURGA'. ३. पुनः a pike or trident, पुनः who पुनःपुनः f. (-पुनः) DURGA'. ३. पुनः a trident, and पुनः to be bold, aff. कृप्.

पुनःपुनः n. (-पुनः) White Sachal-salt. ३. पुनः colic, and पुनः removing.

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) The castor-oil plant, (Ricinus communis.) ३. पुनः colic, पुनः hostile.

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) One armed with a lance or pike. ३. पुनः, पुनः the hand.

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) Asafotida. ३. पुनः colic, and पुनः removing.

पुनःपुनः mfn. (-पुनः-पुनः) Roasted on a spit, (meat.) ३. पुनः a spit, and पुनः made, with कच् angment; spitted.

पुनःपुनः n. (-पुनः) The point of a pike, stake, &c. ३. पुनः, and पुनः end.

पुनःपुनः n. (-पुनः) Roast meat. m. (-पुनः) A hare. ३. पुनः a spit, and पुनः aff.

पुनःपुनः mfn. (-पुनः-पुनः-पुनः) 1. Suffering sharp pain, having the colic, &c. 2. Armed with a spear. m. (-पुनः) 1. MAHA'DE'VA. 2. A spearman. 3. A stake-bearer. 4. A hare. ३. पुनः a trident, and पुनः aff.

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) The Indian-fig tree. ३. पुनः a stake, पुनः aff. राप्ता ।

पुनःपुनः f. (-पुनः) A medicinal plant, (Serratula anthelmintica.) “होम-

पुनः mfn. (-पुनः-पुनः-पुनः) 1. Roasted, (on a spit.) 2. Deserving impale-ment. m. (-पुनः) 1. Roasted meat. ३. पुनः a spit, and पुनः aff.

पुनः r. 1st cl. (पुनःपुनः) 1. To bring forth, to propagate. 2. To beget.

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) A jackal : see the next.

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) 1. A shakal or jackal. 2. A coward, a poltroon. 3. A rogue, a cheat. 4. An ill-natured or harsh-speaking man. 5. A demon so named. 6. KRISHN'A f. (-पुनः) 1. Flight, retreat. 2. A fox. 3. A she jackal. ३. पुनः to create or abandon, (deceit, &c.) कच् aff.; or पुनः a horn, कच् negative prefix, कच् to possess, aff. क, deriv. irr.; also पुनःपुनः, &c.

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) A plant, commonly Séyála-kán'tá or jackal's thorn, (Zizyphus scandens) ३. पुनःपुनः a thorn.

पुनःपुनः m. (-पुनः) A sort of jujube. ३. पुनःपुनः a jackal, पुनःपुनः the jujube.

पुनःपुनः f. (-पुनः) 1. A kind of cucumber, (Cucumis madraspatanus.) 2. The fruit of the jujube. ३. पुनःपुनः a jackal, पुनः rose-apple. “सीपुनः ।”

पुनःपुनः f. (-पुनः) 1. The female jackal. 2. A fox. 3. Running away, flight, retreat. 4. A plant, (Convolvulus paniculatus.) ३. पुनःपुनः as above, and कच् added.

युद्ध Subst. mfn. (-युः-वा-यु) 1. A belt or chain worn round a man's body. 2. A chain for confining an elephant. 3. A chain, a fetter in general. ४. युद्ध a horn, here said to mean a link, and युद्ध् to collect, aff. युद्ध्; or युद्धा the tinkling of a chain, and युद्ध् to go, aff. युद्ध्, deriv irr.

युद्धक m. (-युः) 1. A young camel with wooden rings or ologs on his feet. 2. A chain. ३. युद्धक a-chain, and युद्ध् aff.

युद्धका f. (-का) 1. Connexion, concatenation. 2. Restraint. ३. युद्ध added to युद्ध; also with ल, युद्धल. [chain, रतप् aff.

युद्धित mfn. (-युः-ता-यु) Bound, chained, fettered, captive. ३. युद्धा a युद्ध n. (-युः) 1. A horn. 2. A mark, a sign. 3. The top of a mountain.

4. The summit of a building. 5. Any point or projection. 6. A horn of the moon. 7. A horn used as a wind-instrument. 8. Sovereignty, mastership. 9. Dignity, elevation. 10. A fountain, an artificial one or jet d'eau. 11. A lotus. 12. Very sharp. 13. Minutely fine. 14. Excess of love, m. (-युः) 1. A medicinal root, commonly Jivaka. 2. A Muni so named. f. (-युः) 1. Gold. 2. A fish, (Silurus Singio, Ham.) 3. A plant (Betula.) 4. Rishabha, a medicinal root, sharpened like a bull's horn. 5. Another plant, a kind of Rhus, with an exorescence or gall in the bark, compared to a crab's horn. ३. युद्ध् to injure, Una'di aff. युद्ध्, and the vowel made short.

युद्धक mn. (-युः-क) 1. A horn. 2. Any pointed object. 3. A horn of the moon. m. (-युः) A medicinal root, commonly Jivaka. ३. युद्ध added to the preceding.

युद्धक m. (-युः) An arrow. n. (-युः) Aloe-wood.

युद्धका f. (-का) A plant, a kind of Rhus, having an exorescence in the bark formed by an insect, which is compared in shape to the horn of a goat or a crab. ३. युद्ध a horn, युद्ध् aff. [युद्ध added युद्धवेरक.

युद्धवेर n. (-र) Ginger. ३. युद्ध a horn, and वेर body or shape; also with युद्धाट n. (-ट) A place where four roads meet, m. (-टः) 1. An aquatic plant, (Trapa bispinosa.) 2. A shrub, (Ruella or Barleria longifolia.) ३. युद्ध a horn, युद्ध् to go or be, aff. युद्ध्.

युद्धाटक n. (-क) 1. A place where four roads meet. 2. An aquatic plant, (Trapa bispinosa.) 3. A door. m. (-युः) A collection or mountain of three peaks. ३. युद्ध added to the preceding.

युद्धाकर n. (-र) The interval between the horns of an animal.

युद्धार m. (-रः) 1. Love, the passion or sentiment as an object of poetical description or dramatic representation. 2. Copulation, coition. 3. Marks made with red-lead on an elephant's head and trunk by way of ornament. 4. A dress suitable for amorous purposes. n. (-रः) 1. Cloves. 2. Red-lead. 3. Fragrant powder for the dress or person. 4. Ginger. 5. Agallochum. ३. युद्ध् eminence, dignity, युद्ध् to go to or obtain, and युद्ध् aff.; being the chief of the poetical Rasas; or युद्ध् to hurt, युद्ध् Una'di aff., with युद्ध् and युद्ध् augments. युद्धारक mfn. (-युः-वा-यु) Horned, having a horn or crest. ३. युद्ध, युद्धारक poss. aff.

युद्धारयुद्ध n. (-युः) Red-lead. ३. युद्धार love, युद्ध् adorning. "युद्धरे।"

युद्धारयीनि m. (-निः) The deity of love. ३. युद्धार the passion, यौनि origin.

युद्धारयुद्ध m. (-युः) A dress suitable for amorous purposes.

युद्धारयुद्धय m. (-युः) An assistant in love affairs.

युद्धारित mfn. (-युः-ता-यु) 1. Stained with red-lead, reddened. 2. Decorated. 3. Affected with passion. ३. युद्धार, and युद्ध् aff.

युद्धारिन् mfn. (-रि-रि-रि) 1. Feeling or relating to the passion of love. 2. Stained with red-lead. m. (-रिः) 1. An empassioned lover. 2. Dress, decoration. 3. An elephant. 4. A ruby. 5. The betel-nut tree, (Areca faufel.) ३. युद्धार love, युद्ध् aff. of relation.

युद्धि f. (-रिः or -रि) 1. A sort of sheat-fish, (Silurus Singio, Ham.) 2. A kind of poison. mn. (-रिः-रि) Gold for ornaments; see युद्ध, युद्धी.

युद्धिक n. (-क) A sort of poison. f. (-का) A plant, (Betula.) ३. युद्ध a fish, &c., उप् aff.

युद्धिकयक n. (-युः) Gold for ornaments. ३. युद्धि the same, and युद्धक gold. युद्धिक mfn. (-युः-वा-यु) Horned. m. (-युः) A ram. ३. युद्ध a horn, युद्ध् aff.

युद्धिन् mfn. (-रि-रि-रि) 1. Horned. 2. Crested, peaked, m. (-रिः) 1. An elephant. 2. A mountain. 3. A tree. 4. An epithet of S'iva. 5. Name of an attendant of S'iva. f. (-रि-रि) 1. A cow. 2. Arabian jasmine. 3. Heart-pea. 4. Katuki, a medicinal plant. ३. युद्ध a horn, &c., रति poss. aff.

युद्धि f. (-रिः) The hook for goading an elephant. ३. युद्ध् to injure, युद्ध् aff., and the radical vowel made short; also युद्धि.

युद्धन् mfn. (-यु-यु-यु-यु) Hearing. ३. युद्ध् to hear, युद्ध् aff.

युद्धन् mfn. (-युः-ता-यु) Boiled, (water, milk or Ghee.) ३. युद्ध् to boil, aff. युद्ध्, form irr.; or युद्ध्; as applied to any other substances, the form is युद्ध् or युद्धि.

युद्ध् (युद्ध्) युद्ध् r. 1st. cl. (युद्ध्ते) To fart. (युद्ध्ति-ते) To out. r. 10th cl. (युद्ध्ति-ते) 1. To insult, to ridicule. 2. To take, to seize.

युद्ध् f. (-युः) 1. The anus. 2. Intellect. ३. युद्ध् to fart, &c., Una'di aff. युद्ध्; also read युद्ध्.

युद्ध् r. 9th cl. (युद्ध्ति) To hurt, to wound or kill. With युद्ध् prefixed, pass. v. (युद्ध्ति-ते) To be injured or impaired, to waste or decay.

युद्धर m. (-रः) 1. A garland of flowers worn on the crown of the head. 2. A crest. 3. The burden of a song. 4. Anything the best of its kind, (when used at the end of a compound.) f. (-रि) A parasite plant. n. (-रः) 1. The root of the Hyperanthera morunga. 2. Cloves. ३. युद्धि to go, युद्ध् aff.; the nasal omitted.

युद्धरित mfn. (-युः-ता-यु) Crested, tufted, peaked. ३. युद्धर, रतप् aff.

युद्धरी f. (-री) Understanding, intellect.

युद्धा f. (-वा) Understanding, mind, intellect.

युद्ध m. (-युः) 1. The penis. 2. A testicle. ३. युद्ध् to sleep, युद्ध् aff.; see युद्ध्; also read युद्ध् n. (-युः).

युद्धाक m. (-युः) Vallianeria: see युद्धाक.

युद्ध m. (-युः) The penis. ३. युद्ध् to sleep, युद्ध् aff.: see the next.

युद्धन् n. (-युः) The penis. ३. युद्ध् to sleep, (semine effuso), युद्ध् aff., and युद्ध् augment; also with युद्ध् augment, युद्ध्, and with a final vowel, युद्ध् or युद्ध्; again, युद्ध् being substituted for युद्ध्, युद्ध्.

युद्धाणि f. (-णिः-णी) A plant: see the next.

युद्धाणिवा f. (-वा) A flower, (Nyctanthes arbor-tristis.) ३. युद्धा sleeping, from युद्ध् with युद्ध् aff., युद्धि a bee, fem. aff. युद्धी, युद्ध् added; also युद्धाणि.

युद्धी f. (-री) Understanding, intellect. ३. युद्ध् derived from युद्ध् to sleep, with the aff. युद्ध्, implying ignorance or delusion and युद्ध् to steal, to take away, affs. युद्ध् and युद्ध्; or युद्ध् to pacify, (the senses), युद्ध् participial aff., fem. form, deriv. irr.

युद्ध् (युद्ध्) युद्ध् r. 1st cl. (युद्ध्ति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To shake, to tremble.

युद्ध m. (-युः) A small tree, (Cordia myxa.) ३. युद्ध् to glean, युद्ध् aff.

युद्ध m. (-युः) 1. The penis. 2. A snake. 3. Height, elevation. 4. Happiness. n. (-युः) 1. The penis. 2. Happiness. Ind. (-युः) Hail, homage, a term of exclamation or salutation addressed to the deities. ३. युद्ध् to sleep, Una'di aff. युद्ध्.

युद्धि m. (-रिः) A treasure as belonging to Kuva'ra, a Nidhi or substance of extraordinary rarity and value, possessed only by the god of wealth. ३. युद्ध happiness, युद्ध् to have, युद्ध् aff.; or युद्ध future, युद्धि boundary.

युद्ध n. (-युः) 1. An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria octandra:) see the next. 2. The green moss-like substance that grows on the surface of water.

युद्धिनी f. (-नी) A river.

युद्ध n. (-युः) An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria octandra.) ३. युद्ध् to sleep, (on the water), युद्ध् Una'di aff.; also युद्ध् being changed to युद्ध्, युद्ध् and the pen. vowel shortened, युद्ध्; also युद्ध्, &c.

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**श्रीवा mfn. (-वा-वा-व)** Fast asleep, sleeping much. *n.* शी to sleep, *intens. v.*, *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीवाय mfn. (-वा-वा-व)** Sleeping much or soundly. *n.* शी to sleep, *intens. v.*, *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीवाय mfn. (-वा-वा-व)** Enlarging, expanding. *n.* शि to increase, *intens. v.*, *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव n. (-व)** Remainder, leavings, rest, balance, what is left, omitted or rejected. *m.* (-व) 1. The king of the serpent race, as a large thousand-headed snake, at once the couch and canopy of VISHN'U, and the upholder of the world, which rests on one of his heads. 2. A name of BALABH'VA. 3. Killing, destroying, finishing. 4. Result, end, conclusion. *f.* (-वा) Flowers and other things that have been offered to an idol and are then distributed amongst the worshippers and attendants. *n.* शि to specify, *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीवाच n. (-व)** The last term, the time of death. *n.* शि and वाच time.  
**श्रीवाच m. (-व)** The last or remaining part. *n.* शि and वाच portion.  
**श्रीवाच mfn. (-व)** Who eats the leavings of others. *n.* शि, वाच who eats.  
**श्रीवाच m. (-व)** 1. Eating the rest of the food after feeding the family, guests, &c. 2. Eating the leavings of a meal. *n.* शि and वाच food.  
**श्रीवाच n. (-व)** Taking care that an undertaking is brought to a conclusion. *n.* शि and वाच preserving. [रात्रि night.  
**श्रीवाचि f. (-वा-वा-व)** The last watch of the night. *n.* शि the remainder, and श्रीवाच m. (-व) An epithet of VISHN'U.  
**श्रीवाच n. (-व)** Leavings of a meal, &c. *n.* शि, वाच food. [state.  
**श्रीवाच f. (-वा)** The last state or condition of life. *n.* शि and वाच  
**श्रीवाच f. (-वा)** 1st cl. (वाचने) To go.  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** A young Brahman in his noviciate, one who has begun to read the Ve'das. *n.* शिवा the pronunciation of the language of the Ve'das, *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव n. (-व)** Learning.  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** The offspring of an outcaste Brahman.  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** A plant, (Achyranthes aspera.) *n.* शिवा a crest or top, *अ. अ. अ.*; also with *अ. अ. अ.* शिवाय.  
**श्रीव n. (-व)** Quickness, rapidity.  
**श्रीव n. (-व)** Cold, coldness. *n.* शी cold, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव n. (-व)** 1. Looseness, laxity. 2. Flaccidity. 3. Slackness, remission. 4. Relaxation of rule or connexion. *n.* शिवा, *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** SA'TYAKI, the charioteer of KRISHN'A.  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** A shrub, (Barleria cristata;) also शिवाय.  
**श्रीव mfn. (-व-वा-व)** 1. Mountainous, mountaineer, &c. 2. Stony, rocky. *m.* (-व) A mountain. *n.* (-व) 1. Bitumen. 2. Storax. 3. A sort of collyrium; see रवाच. *f.* (-वा) 1. A concise interpretation of a grammatical aphorism. 2. A mode of interpretation. 3. Course, conduct. *n.* शिवा a rock, a stone, *अ. अ. अ.* [preceding.  
**श्रीव n. (-व)** 1. Storax or Benzoin. 2. Bitumen. *n.* अ. अ. added to the  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** The brow or slope of a mountain. *n.* शि, अ. अ. flank.  
**श्रीव mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Produced in or on mountains, rocks, &c. *n.* (-व) 1. A fragrant resinous substance, (Storax or Benzoin.) 2. Bitumen. *n.* शिवा a mountain, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** A mountaineer. *n.* शि, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** S'IVA. *n.* शिवा a mountain, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** KRISHN'A. *n.* शिवा a mountain, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** Storax, Benzoin. *n.* शिवा a rock, शिवा exudation.  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** The Himalaya. *n.* शि, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव f. (-वा)** A stone-cutter's chisel or axe, an instrument for cutting stones. *n.* शिवा a mountain, शि to divide, *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Rocky. *n.* शि, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव n. (-व)** A cavern, a cave. *n.* शि, *अ. अ. अ.* [peak.  
**श्रीव n. (-व)** The crest or peak of a mountain. *n.* शि, शिवा  
**श्रीव n. (-व)** The rock. *n.* शिवा a rock, and शिवा a camp or place.  
**श्रीव n. (-व)** The peak of a mountain. *n.* शि, and *अ. अ. अ.*

**श्रीवाच mfn. (-वा-वा-व)** Hard, firm, as a rock. *n.* शिवा and वाच essence.  
**श्रीवाच n. (-व)** The peak of a mountain. *n.* शिवा a mountain, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीवाच m. (-व)** 1. A lion. 2. A mountaineer, a savage, a barbarian. 3. An attendant on an idol. 4. Crystal. *n.* शिवा a mountain, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीवाच m. (-व)** An actor, a dancer. *n.* शिवाचि a Muni, said to have been the author of the principles of acting, &c., *अ. अ. अ.*, शिवाच  
**श्रीवाच m. (-व)** An impostor, a pretended devotee.  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** 1. An actor, a dancer, a tumbler, &c. 2. A rogue, a cheat. 3. The master of the band, or one who beats time. 4. The Bel-tree, (Ægle marmelos.) *n.* शिवाच one of the early teachers of the arts of acting, &c., *अ. अ. अ.* of descent. [aff.  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** One who follows the profession of an actor. *n.* शिवाच, *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव mfn. (-व-वा-व)** 1. Produced in the mountains, &c. mountainous, mountaineer. 2. Mountain-like. *n.* (-व) 1. A fragrant resin, (Storax or Benzoin.) 2. A vegetable perfume, commonly Mura'. 3. Rock-salt. *m.* (-व) 1. A bee. 2. A lion. *f.* (-वा) A name of PA'RVATI. *n.* शिवा a mountain, *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीवाच n. (-व)** The skirts of a mountain or low-land at its base. *n.* शिवा and *अ. अ. अ.* neighbouring space.  
**श्रीव nf. (-व-वा-व)** Hardness, stoniness. *n.* शिवा a stone, a rock, *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Relating or appertaining to the god S'IVA. *m.* (-व) A worshipper of S'IVA. *n.* (-व) An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria octandra.) *n.* शिवा the deity, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** An aquatic plant, moss. *n.* (-व) A drug, commonly termed Padma-ka't'h. *n.* शी to sleep, (on the water,) *अ. अ. अ.*; also शिवाच शिवाच, &c.  
**श्रीव f. (-वा)** A river in general. *n.* शिवाच Vallisneria, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria octandra.) *n.* शी to sleep, (on the water,) *अ. अ. अ.*, शिवाच and *अ. अ. अ.* pleonasm.  
**श्रीव mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Relating to S'IVA, &c. *m.* (-व) 1. One of the four horses of KRISHN'A's car. 2. A horse in general. 3. A king and champion in the Pa'n'dava's army. *n.* शिवा, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव n. (-व)** Childhood, pupilage, the period under sixteen. *n.* शिवा a child, *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव f. (-वा)** Adj. Relating of the dewy-season. *m.* (-व) A species of sha'taka bird. *n.* शिवाच, *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीवाच mfn. (-व)** Instruction of youth, tuition. *n.* शिवा a pupil, शिवाच a preceptor, *अ. अ. अ.* [or sharpen.  
**श्रीव 4th cl. (वाचि)** 1. To reduce or make small, to pare. 2. To whet  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** Sorrow, grief. *n.* अ. अ. to regret, *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** Indulgence in sorrow. *n.* शीवा, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Consoling, allaying, removing sorrow. *n.* शीवा, and *अ. अ. अ.* what onto.  
**श्रीव mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Afflicted, overcome with grief. *n.* शीवा, and *अ. अ. अ.* struck. [breaking.  
**श्रीव m. (-व)** Dissipating or removing sorrow. *n.* शीवा, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीव mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Involved in distress, swooning with grief. *n.* शीवा, and *अ. अ. अ.* fainted.  
**श्रीव n. (-व)** Site, circumstance, or occasion of sorrow. *n.* शीवा, and *अ. अ. अ.* place. [bewildered.  
**श्रीवाच mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Overcome with sorrow. *n.* शीवा, and *अ. अ. अ.*  
**श्रीवाच m. (-व)** Deep distress, violent grief. *n.* शीवा and *अ. अ. अ.* fire; also similar compounds, as शीवाच, &c.  
**श्रीवाच mfn. (-व-वा-व)** Distressed. *n.* शीवाच, and *अ. अ. अ.* inflamed.  
**श्रीवाच mfn. (-व-वा-व)** 1. Allaying, consoling. 2. Being consoled. *n.* शीवा, and *अ. अ. अ.* what drives away.  
**श्रीवाच m. (-व)** A teacher of holy wisdom, a philosopher. *n.* शीवा worldly care, *अ. अ. अ.*, *अ. अ. अ.* to send, *अ. अ. अ.*

श्रीकावचम् mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Allaying or dissipating grief. ३. श्रीक, and  
 वचम् what drives away.  
 श्रीकाश्रि m. (-न्-त्) The Kadamba tree, (Nauclea Kadamba.) ३. श्रीक  
 sorrow, वरि hostile. [pained.  
 श्रीकाश्रि mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Pained, afflicted by sorrow. ३. श्रीक, and वच  
 श्रीकावच mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Born or produced from or caused by grief. ३.  
 श्रीक, and वच produced.  
 श्रीवच mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Sorrowing, sorrowful. n. (-न्) Sorrow, grief, grie-  
 ving. ३. वच् to grieve, aff. वच् or वच्. [वनीयर् aff.  
 श्रीवनीय mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) To be grieved or lamented. ३. वच् to be sad,  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Sorrowful, afflicted. ३. वच् to grieve, causal v.,  
 त् aff. [grieve, त् aff.  
 श्रीवितम् mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) To be grieved for, lamentable. ३. वच् to  
 श्रीवित Ind. Grieving or having grieved for. ३. वच् to lament, त् aff.  
 श्रीवितम् m. (-न्-त्) Fire or its deity. ३. श्रीवित् light, and वच hair,  
 having looks of flame. [pure, Una'di aff. वच्  
 श्रीवित् n. (-न्-त्) Light, lustre, radiance, flame. ३. वच् to be or make  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) 1. To be lamented or bewailed. 2. To be clean-  
 sed or purified. 3. Low, vile. ३. वच् to grieve, वच् aff.  
 श्रीवित m. (-न्-त्) A low man. ३. श्रीवित to be purified, (from,) वच् aff.  
 श्रीवित m. (-न्-त्) 1. A fool, a blockhead. 2. A sluggard. 3. A rogue, a  
 cheat. 4. A low man, one of a degraded tribe or business. 5. A  
 villain, a criminal, a sinner. f. (-न्-त्) 1. Foolish. 2. Wicked. 3.  
 Lazy, idle. ३. वच् to be prevented, or stopped, aff. वच्.  
 श्रीवित् m. (-न्-त्) 1. To be red. 2. To move or approach.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) 1. Crimson, of a crimson colour. 2. Red in  
 the face, from passion, &c. m. (-न्-त्) 1. Crimson, the colour of the  
 red lotus. 2. A horse of a reddish or bright chestnut colour. 3. The  
 S'o'na river, which rises in the table land of Amerakanta'k and  
 running first northerly and then easterly for 500 miles, falls into  
 the Ganges above Pa'tna'. 4. A flower, (Bignonia Indica.) 5. Fire  
 or its deity. 6. An ocean. 7. A red sort of sugar-cane. 8. The  
 planet Mars. n. (-न्-त्) 1. Red-lead. 2. Blood. ३. श्रीवित to be red, aff.  
 वच्, fem. aff. दाप् or जीप्. [ceding.  
 श्रीवित m. (-न्-त्) A plant, (Bignonia Indica.) ३. वच् added to the pre-  
 श्रीवित n. (-न्-त्) A ruby. ३. श्रीवित deep red, and वच् a gem. [aff. वच्.  
 श्रीवित m. (-न्-त्) A tree, (Bignonia Indica.) ३. श्रीवित red, वच् to go or be,  
 श्रीवित m. (-न्-त्) Name of a cloud which would rise at the destruction  
 of the world.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Red, crimson, purple. n. (-न्-त्) 1. Blood. 2. Saff-  
 ron. ३. श्रीवित redness, वच् aff. [to drink, वच् aff.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Who or what drinks blood. ३. श्रीवित and व  
 श्रीवितपुर n. (-न्-त्) The city of Va'na'sura. ३. श्रीवित red, and वर city.  
 श्रीवितम् n. (-न्-त्) Saffron. [and वचित moistened.  
 श्रीवितम् mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Stained or sprinkled with blood. ३. श्रीवित,  
 श्रीवितम् n. (-न्-त्) A ruby. ३. श्रीवित red, and वच् a stone.  
 श्रीवितम् m. (-न्-त्) Redness. ३. श्रीवित and वचित aff.  
 श्रीवित m. (-न्-त्) Swelling, intumescence. ३. वच् to go, (to grow,) Una'di aff.  
 वच्; also with वच् added, श्रीवित m. (-न्-त्).  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Discutient, removing swellings. f. (-न्-त्) Hogweed,  
 (Boerhavia diffusa.) ३. श्रीवित swelling, वच् removing, fem. aff. जीप्.  
 श्रीवितम् mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Discutient. f. (-न्-त्) Hogweed: see the last. ३.  
 श्रीवित swelling, and वच् overcoming.  
 श्रीवित m. (-न्-त्) Dropsy.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Discutient, removing swelling. m. (-न्-त्) Marking-  
 nut plant. ३. श्रीवित swelling, and वच् removing. [Acquittance.  
 श्रीवित m. (-न्-त्) 1. Purification. 2. Correction. 3. Retaliation. 4.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Who or what cleans, purifies, &c. m. (-न्-त्) 1. A  
 refiner. 2. (In arithmetic.) The subtrahend. n. (-न्-त्) A kind of  
 earth. ३. वच् to be pure, वच् aff.

श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Cleaning, purifying &c., that which cleanses,  
 refines, &c. n. (-न्-त्) 1. Cleaning, cleansing, purifying. 2. Correcting,  
 freeing from faults or errors. 3. Correcting, as a writing. 4. Subtrac-  
 tion; (in arithmetic.) 5. The refining of metals. 6. A sort of refining,  
 practised for chemical or medical purposes: exposing the metals to  
 heat, and then sprinkling them with the urine of cows, &c. 7. Pay-  
 ment, acquittance. 8. Feces, ordure. 9. Green vitriol. 10. Deter-  
 mination. 11. Punishment. 12. Expiation. m. (-न्-त्) The lime. f.  
 (-न्-त्) A broom. ३. वच् to be make pure, aff. वच् or वच्.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) 1. To be corrected. 2. To be cleansed or purified.  
 3. To be refined. 4. To be subtracted. 5. To be liquidated, (as a  
 debt,) due. ३. वच् to purify, aff. वनीयर्; also श्रीवित and श्रीवित.  
 श्रीवित Ind. I. Having paid or discharged. 2. Having cleared, &c. ३.  
 वच् to be pure, causal v., त् aff.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) 1. Cleaned, cleansed. 2. Strained. 3. Corrected.  
 4. Refined. 5. Purified. 6. Discharged, liquidated, (as a debt.) ३.  
 वच् to clean, aff. त्.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) 1. To be purified, cleaned, refined, &c. 2. Payable,  
 due. 3. To be subtracted. m. (-न्-त्) An accused person, one to be  
 justified or tried. n. (-न्-त्) A constant number to be subtracted in  
 some astronomical computation. ३. वच् to be pure, वच् aff.  
 श्रीवित m. (-न्-त्) Intumescence, swelling. ३. वच् to go, aff. वच्.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) 1. Handsome. 2. Bright. f. (-न्-त्) 1. Light; lustre,  
 radiance, splendour. 2. Beauty. 3. Distinguished merit. 4. A species  
 of the Kriti-metre. ३. वच् to shine, aff. वच्, fem. aff. दाप्.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Beautifying. m. (-न्-त्) 1. The thirty-sixth year of  
 the Hindu cycle. 2. Marking-nut plant. ३. श्रीवित handsome, and वच्  
 what makes.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) 1. Beautiful, handsome. 2. Shining, splendid.  
 3. Richly dressed or ornamented. 4. Propitious, auspicious. 5. Virtu-  
 ous, moral, decorous, good. m. (-न्-त्) 1. The fifth Yo'ga. 2. A planet.  
 3. Burnt-offering for auspicious results. 4. A name of S'iva. n.  
 (-न्-त्) 1. A lotus. 2. Shining, being splendid or handsome. f. (-न्-त्)  
 1. A virtuous or beautiful woman. 2. Turmeric. 3. A kind of Pig-  
 ment, commonly called Goro'chana'. ३. वच् to shine, aff. वच्.  
 श्रीवित m. (-न्-त्) A tree, (Hyperanthus morunga.) ३. वच् added to the  
 preceding. "वचित्ता नाह".  
 श्रीवितवित m. (-न्-त्) Virtuous practice. ३. श्रीवित, and वचित done.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Fair, splendid, shining. ३. वच् to shine, &c.  
 वचित aff.  
 श्रीवित f. (-न्-त्) 1. Light, lustre. 2. Beauty, grace, loveliness. 3. Grandeur.  
 4. Turmeric. 5. The Pigment called "श्रीवितम्." ३. वच्, वच् aff.  
 श्रीवित m. (-न्-त्) A tree, commonly Sajina or Sahajna, (Hyperanthus  
 morunga;) the legumes, blossoms, and leaves are esculent, and  
 the root of the young tree is used as a substitute for horse-radish;  
 in medicine the root is used as a rubefacient externally, as a  
 stimulant internally, and the expressed oil of the seeds is employed  
 to relieve arthritic pains, &c. ३. श्रीवित beauty, वच् to pervade or  
 anoint, and वच् or वच् aff.; also श्रीवित and श्रीवित, &c.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Beautified, decorated. ३. वच् to shine, त् aff.  
 श्रीवित f. (-न्-त्) or वच् Wild turmeric. ३. वच्-वच् वच् जीप्.  
 श्रीवित mfn. (-न्-त्-त्) Sorrowing or grieving deeply. ३. वच् to be  
 sorrowful, intens. v., वचित aff.  
 श्रीवित m. (-न्-त्) 1. Pulmonary consumption. 2. Drying up, dryness.  
 Intumescence, swelling. 4. Emaciation, withering. ३. वच् to dry,  
 aff. वच्.  
 श्रीवित n. (-न्-त्) 1. Suction, sucking. 2. Drying up. 3. Exhaustion. 4.  
 Dry-ginger. m. (-न्-त्) One of the arrows of KA'MA'DE'VA, or Cupid.  
 f. (-न्-त्) 1. Drying up. 2. Causing to wither. ३. वच् to dry, वच् aff.  
 श्रीवित Ind. Having dried up. ३. वच् to dry, causal v., वच् aff.



अपिमा Ind. Having boiled or dressed. अ. अ. to cook, causal १, आ अ.

बुद्धि mfn. (-तः-ता तं) Boiled, (anything except water, milk or Ghee.) f. (-ता) Rice-gruel. **भू** to cook or boil, causal v., aff. **भा** ।

भू (त्रि इत्, उ) **भू** r. 4th cl. (भ्रायति) 1. To perform acts of austere devotion, to undergo mortification or penance 2. To be wearied or fatigued. 3. To be distressed 4. To exert oneself. With परि, To be fatigued. With वि, 1. To take rest. 2. To cease.

भू m. (-तः) 1. Military exercise. 2. Weariness, fatigue. 3. Labour, exertion, toil. 4. Penance, mortification of the body. 5. Hard study. 6. Distress. **भू** to be wearied, aff. **भू** or **वृ** ।

भूतल n. (-लं) Perspiration from exertion or fatigue. **भू**, **जल** water.

भूतल mfn. (-लः-ल-लं) 1. Following a low or degraded business or profession. 2. Base, vile, bad. m. (-लः) 1. A religious character, an ascetic, a Yati, one devoted to meditation for the purpose of obtaining final emancipation from existence, probably the Sarmanes of the Greek writers. 2. A beggar, the religious mendicant. f. (-ला or ली) 1. Indian spikenard, (Valeriana jatamansi.) 2. Bengal madder, (Rubia manjith.) 3. A handsome woman. 4. A woman of low caste or business. 5. A female mendicant. **भू** to be wearied, aff. **भू** ।

भूति mfn. (-लः-ल-लं) Accomplished by labour or exertion. **भू** and सिद्ध accomplished. [भूति] pained.

भूति mfn. (-लः-ल-लं) Exhausted, overcome with fatigue. **भू** and त्रिभूति mfn. (-ली-निनी-ति) 1. Wearying, tiring, undergoing or incurring weariness or fatigue. 2. Laborious, diligent. **भू** to be weary, aff. **भू** or **विभू** ।

भू (उ) **भू** r. 1st cl. (भ्रायते) To be careless or inattentive, to err, to neglect, to mistake. With वि, To confide in, to put faith in.

भू m. (-यः) Asylum, refuge, protection. **भू** to serve, aff. **भू** ।

भूत n. (-लं) Asylum, refuge, shelter, protection. **भू** to serve, aff. **भू** । [भूति] aff.

भूतल mfn. (-लः-ल-लं) To be defended or sheltered. **भू** to serve,

भू m. (-लः) 1. The ear. 2. Oozing, dripping. 3. The hypotenuse of a triangle. **भू** to hear, &c., aff. **भू** ; also **भू**, **वृ**, &c.

भूतल mfn. (-लः-ल-लं) Produced in or under the sign S'HRAVAN'A'. m. (-लः-लं) 1. The ear. 2. Hearing. 3. The hypotenuse of a triangle. n. (-लं) 1. Service. 2. Dripping, oozing. mf. (-लः-लं) The twenty-third of the lunar asterisms, represented by three footsteps, and containing three stars or Aquilæ. n. (-लं) 1. The act of hearing. 2. Studying. 3. Fame, glory. 4. Wealth. 5. That which is heard, i. e. The Ve'da. **भू** to hear, &c., aff. **भू** or **वृ** ; or **भू** and the asterism, **भू** aff. of derivation, and the effect rejected.

भूतलीचर m. (-लः) Ear-shot. Adj. Within the range of hearing.

भूतल m. (-लः) The ear. **भू**, and पथ for पथिन् path.

भूतल m. (-ली) A speaker, an addresser. **भू**, and भूतल m. connected with or acting on. [of sense.]

भूतल n. (-लं) The organ of hearing, the ear. **भू**, इन्द्रिय organ

भूतलीचर n. (-लः) The hollow of the outer ear. **भू**, लदर the belly.

भूतल n. (-लः) 1. The ear. 2. Fame, glory. 3. Wealth. **भू** to hear, aff. **भू** ।

भूतल n. (-लं) Fame, glory.

भूतल m. (-लः) An animal fit or proper for sacrifice. **भू** to drip, (Ghee) **भू** Una'di aff.

भूतल mfn. (-लः-ल-लं) Produced in or under the sign S'HRAVISH'T'HA'. f. (-लः) The twenty-fourth lunar asterism, also called D'HANISH'T'HA', corresponding to the DOLPHIN. **भू** an ear, लुत् poss. aff., इत् aff. of the superlative, and the possessive rejected ; the attributive is formed by the aff. **भू** and that again or its effect optionally rejected.

भूतल m. (-लः) The planet MERCURY. **भू** तल the asterism, **भू** born. **भू** r. 2nd cl. (भाति) 1. To boil, to cook, to mature, to ripen, &c. 2. To

sweat. Causal from, (भूयति ते) To render mature or ripe by cooking, &c. (भायति) To heat, to cause to sweat.

भा mfn. (-लः-ल-लं) 1. Boiled, dressed, (anything except butter, milk or water.) 2. Moist, wet. f. (-ला) Rice-Gruel. **भू** to cook, aff. **भा**, form irr. ; or properly **भा**, **भा** aff.

भा mfn. (-लः-ल-लं) Faithful, believing. n. (-लं) A funeral ceremony observed at various fixed periods and for different purposes, consisting of offerings with water and fire to the gods and manes, and gifts and food to the relations present and assisting Bra'hmanas ; it is especially performed for a present recently deceased, or for three paternal ancestors or for all ancestors collectively, and is supposed necessary to secure the ascent and residence of the souls of the deceased in a world appropriated to the manes. The following distributions of this ceremony are specified : the पञ्चमं in honour of three ancestors, एकौटि of one, निम्न regular, निमित्त occasionally, काल for the attainment of some particular object, पञ्चमं daily, इति for the obtaining of increase of prosperity, and उपपन्न in which the balls of meat offered to the deceased individually and collectively are blended together. There are many other kinds : those for a person recently deceased are one on the day after mourning expires, and twelve others in twelve successive months ; one at the end of the third fortnight, one in the sixth month, and one in the twelfth, concluding with a Sapin'dan'a, on the anniversary of the person's death ; in general they are all performed in the course of the two or three first days, and the S'hra'd'd'ha for the deceased is only annually repeated. There is also a short of S'hra'd'd'ha performed daily during the days of mourning, usually ten, on which a funeral cake is presented, increasing one or more each day till ten cakes are offered. **भा** faith, **भा** or **भा** aff. of possession or relation, as the abandonment or presentation of meat, &c., through faith of its efficacy, in behalf of the souls of the deceased. [makes.]

भाकर m. (-लः) The offerer of an obsequial oblation. **भा**, **कर** who भाकर m. n. (-लं) The rite or ceremony of funeral oblation. **भा**, and कर्मन् act ; also भाकरिया, &c.

भाकर m. (-लः) The celebrator of an obsequial rite. **भा**, **कर** who makes.

भाकर m. (-लः) The offerer of an obsequial rite. **भा**, **कर** who gives.

भाकर m. (-लः-लं) The anniversary of the death of a relative to whom a S'hra'd'd'ha is offered.

भाकर m. (-लः) 1. YAMA. 2. A god presiding our funeral rites. 3. A Vis'hvadev'a. **भा** the funeral ceremony called S'hra'd'd'ha, and देव deity ; as judge and monarch of the dead.

भाकर m. (-लः) A divinity presiding over obsequial rites, a Pitri' or progenitor, or YAMA. **भा**, and देवता divinity : see the last.

भाकर mfn. (-लः-लं) Eating or partaking of the food prepared at a S'hra'd'd'ha or obsequial rite. **भा**, **कर** who eats. [left.]

भाकर m. (-लः) Food that has been presented to the manes. **भा**, **कर**

भाकर mfn. (-लः-ली-लं) 1. The object, receiver, or enjoyer of an obsequial oblation 2. Anything relating to a S'hra'd'd'ha. **भा**, **कर** as above, उन् aff. [भाकर, इति aff.]

भाकर mfn. (-ली-निनी-ति) The object or receiver of a funeral oblation.

भाकर mfn. (-लः-ल-लं) 1. Wearied, fatigued. 2. Calmed, tranquil. m. (-लः)

An ascetic, one with subdued passions. **भा** to be weary, aff. **भा** । **भा**लसंवाहन n. (-लं) Affording rest or relief to the weary, giving them seats, beds, &c. **भा**ल wearied, संवाहन relieving.

भाति f. (-लः) Weariness, exhaustion. **भा** to be weary, **भा** aff.

भाति r. 10th cl. (भायति-ते) 1. To call, to summon, to invite. 2. To counsel, to advice.

भाति m. (-लः) 1. A month. 2. A temporary shed, or platform and canopy. 3. Time. **भा** to be weary, **भा** aff.



आनखिर m. (-रः) A follower or disciple and servant of the principal Jainas or Jinas.

आश mfn. (-यः-श्री-यः) Sacred or belonging to the goddess SHRI'. m. (-यः) Refuge, reliance, shelter or protection. E. श्रि to serve, aff. चच्, or in the attributive form, श्री the goddess, चच् aff., and र substituted for the primitive vowel changed to चच्, and च made long.

आयस mfn. (-यः-श्री-सः) Produced in or on the best, &c. E. अयस् the best चच् aff., and the form changed by special rule.

आव m. ( वः) 1. Oozing, dropping, flowing. 2. Hearing, listening. E. वृ to ooze, &c., aff. चच् ।

आवक m. (-कः) 1. The lay votary of a Budd'ha or Jina. 2. A crow. 3. A hearer. 4. A pupil. E. वृ to hear, causal form, क्त्वा aff.

आवृत्त mfn. (-यः-श्री-वृत्तः) 1. Produced in or under the asterism S'hra'van'a'. 2. Relating to the ear or hearing. m. (-वृत्तः) 1. The month S'hra'van'a' or S'hra'van', ( July-August. ) 2. A heretic, an impostor. 3. Name of a Vaisya devotee killed by DAS'ARATHA through mistake, and for which he was cursed by S'hra'vana's old parents, to die of a broken heart at the separation of his sons. n. (-वृत्तः) Causing to be heard. f. (-वृत्तः) A plant, commonly Katuki. f. (-वृत्तः) 1. Day of full-moon in the month S'hra'van'a'. 2. A religious rite performed in this day. E. अवृत्ता the asterism, &c., aff. चच् ।

आवृत्त mfn. (-कः-श्री-कः) Relating to or produced in the month S'hra'van'a'. m. (-कः) The month S'hra'van'a'. E. अवृत्ता the asterism in which the moon is full this month, and क्त्वा aff.

आवृत्त mfn. (-यः-श्री-वृत्तः) To be declared or pronounced, to be made to be heard. E. वृ to hear, causal v., वृत्तयच् aff.

आवृत्त f. (-वृत्तः) A city, also D'harmapattan. E. वृ to ooze, causal form क्त्वा aff. ; also read आवृत्ति । [वृ to hear, causal v., तव्य aff.

आवृत्त mfn. (-यः-श्री-वृत्तः) To be declared, to be made to be heard. E.

आवृत्त mfn. (-यः-श्री-वृत्तः) Produced in or under the asterism S'hra'van'a', relating to it, &c. E. अवृत्ता, and क्त्वा aff. [causal v., क्त्वा aff.

आवृत्त mfn. (-तः-श्री-तः) Spoken or read, caused to be heard. E. वृ to hear, क्त्वा aff.

आवृत्त mfn. (-यः-श्री-वृत्तः) 1. To be heard. 1. To be read or related, to be caused to be heard. f. (-वृत्तः) Plain, audible. E. वृ to hear, क्त्वा aff., or causal v., and क्त्वा aff.

अश्न r. 1st cl. (अश्नति-ने) To serve. With आङ् prefixed, 1. To seek asylum, to depend upon, to have recourse to. 2. To be near to. 3. To use, to employ. 4. To choose. 5. To enter. 6. To inhabit. With चप् and चाङ्, To quit, to forsake. With क्तृ or क्तृ, To be high or elevated. With वि, चप्, and चाङ्, 1. To fall, to prostrate, to worship. 2. To expect, to rely upon, to trust to. With क्तृ, 1. To attain, 2. To see. 3. To depend upon. 4. To have recourse to.

अश्न mfn. (-तः-श्री-तः) 1. Cherished, protected, refuted. 2. Served, honoured, worshipped. 3. Joined with, contiguous to, connected with. 4. Covered, overspread. 5. Having, possessing. 6. Auxiliary, subservient. 7. Collected. E. अश्न to serve, क्तृ aff.

अश्न mfn. (-वान्-वृत्तः-वृत्तः) 1. Served, honoured. 2. Taking refuge with. E. अश्न to serve, क्तृ aff.

अश्न f. (-तिः) Approach, recourse.

अश्न mfn. (-यः-श्री-यः) Haughty, confident in wealth, beauty, &c. E. श्री, and मन् who thinks, the vowel of the first made short.

अश्न (उ) अश्न r. 1st cl. (अश्नति) To burn.

अश्न r. 9th cl. (अश्नति श्रीश्रीने) To cook, to dress, to boil. r. 1st and 10th cls. (अश्नति-ने आश्नति-ने) To satisfy.

अश्न f. (-श्रीः) 1. Fortune, prosperity, success, thriving. 2. Wealth. 3. Beauty, splendour, lustre. 4. Appearance. 5. Light. 6. Any virtue or excellence. 7. The three objects of life collectively, or love "काम," duty "धर्म," and wealth "वित्तम्". 8. Dress, decoration. 9. State, paraphernalia. 10. Majesty, royalty. 11. Superhuman power. 12. Intellect, understanding. 13. Elevation, consequence.

14. Fame, glory. 15 The goddess LAKSHMI', the wife of VISHN'U, and deity of plenty and prosperity. 16. A name of SARASWATI'. 17. The mother of KUNT'HU, the seventeenth Jina of the present age. 18. The Sarala tree, ( Pinus longifolia. ) 19. The Bilwa tree. 20. A lotus. 21. Cloves. 22. A prefix to the names of deities, forming a kind of invocation at the beginning of a letter, &c., and often used repeatedly, as S'hri' S'hri' Durga' ; also a prefix of respect to proper names of persons, as S'hri' JAYADE'VA ; also of works, as S'hri' Bha'gavat ; this use of it is elliptical; the possessive aff. मत् or adj. युक्त joined, &c. being understood, and the sense will then be, the splendid, the illustrious, the famous, &c. E. श्रि to serve, ( i. e. whom the world worships, ) क्त्वा aff. and the vowel made long.

अश्न m. (-यः) 1. S'IVA. 2. A country N. W. of Delhi, or about Tha'neshwar. 3. BHAVABHU'TI', the author of the Ma'lati-Ma'dhava, a celebrated drama. E. श्री prosperity or eloquence, क्तृ the throat.

अश्नपदनाम्न m. (-नः) BHAVABHU'TI', the poet. E. श्रीकृष्ण and पद the name of title, नाम्न a mark ; he who is known by the title of S'hri-kan't'ha.

अश्नपद m. (-यः) KUR'VA. E. श्रीकृष्ण S'IVA, and क्तृ the friend.

अश्न mfn. (-रः-श्री-रः) Giving fortune or prosperity. m. (रः) VISHN'U. n. (-रः) The red lotus. E. श्री fortune, and कर who makes or confers. [making.

अश्न m. (-यः) A pen. E. श्री the word S'hri', कर implement of श्रीकृष्ण m. (-नः) VISHN'U. E. श्री the goddess, and क्तृ husband.

अश्न mfn. (-रः-श्री-रः) An antelope. E. श्री increasing, (nourishment, &c.) क्तृ to make, aff. चिनि; the flesh being considered as highly digestible and nutritive.

अश्न m. (-यः-यः) Sandal-wood. E. श्री fortune, and क्तृ part.

अश्न n. (-तः) One of the minor dramatic compositions, a piece in one act dedicated chiefly to the goddess of prosperity. E. श्री and क्तृ said. [origin.

अश्न m. (-यः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A sword. E. श्री fortune, and क्तृ womb or अश्न m. (-यः) A trough for watering birds. E. श्री wealth, क्तृ taking.

अश्न n. (-नः) Sour curds. m. (-नः) A Budd'ha or Baudd'ha saint E. श्री prosperity, and क्तृ a heap.

अश्न n. (-कः) 1. A magical diagram. 2. An astrological division of the body, the uterine or pubic region. 3. A wheel of INDRA's car. 4. The circle of the globe or earth. E. श्री prosperity, &c, क्तृ a wheel.

अश्न m. (-यः) The deity of love. E. श्री LAKSHMI', and क्तृ born.

अश्न mfn. ( दः-श्री-दः) Conferring wealth, prosperity, &c. m. (-दः) KUR'VA. the god or riches. E. श्री wealth, and द who gives.

अश्न m. (-रः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A Jina of the past period. E. श्री the goddess, fortune, and कर who has. [son.

अश्न m. (-नः) The deity of love, KA'MA. E. श्री LAKSHMI', क्तृ the

अश्न m. (-नः) VISHN'U. E. श्री the goddess, and क्तृ abode.

अश्न m. (-यः) VISHN'U. E. श्री the goddess, and क्तृ abode.

अश्न m. (-तिः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A king, a prince. E. श्री the goddess of fortune or rank, and क्तृ husband or master.

अश्न m. (-यः) A highway, a royal road. E. श्री royal paraphernalia, क्तृ for क्तृ road.

अश्न n. (-यः) 1. A lotus. 2. A tree, the wood of which is used to procure fire by attrition, ( Premna spinosa. ) f. (-यः) 1. A shrub, ( Gmelina arborea. ) 2. A medicinal plant, commonly Ka'yap'hal.

3. The silk-cotton tree. 4. An aquatic plant, ( Pistia stratiotes. ) E. श्री beauty or the goddess, क्तृ a leaf.

अश्न f. (-कः) A medicinal shrub, commonly Ka'yap'hal. E. क्तृ added to the last. [ground.

अश्न m. (-यः) Turpentine. E. श्री the S'arala or pine, and क्तृ pounded

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. A horse. 2. KA'MA. E. श्री fortune, or the goddess, पुत्र a son.

श्रीपुत्र n. (-पुत्रः) Cloves.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A fruit tree, (Ægle marmelos.) f. (-पुत्रा or श्री) 1. The indigo-plant, (Indigofera tinctoria.) 2. Emblemic myrobalan. n. (-पुत्रः) The Bel-fruit. E. श्री beauty or the goddess, (to whom it may be offered.) फल fruit. [भद्र auspicious.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A fragrant grass, (Cyperus rotundus.) E. श्री LAKSHMI'. श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. A horse. 2. The moon. E. श्री the goddess, चातुर् brother; being recovered as well as LAKSHMI', at the churning of the ocean.

श्रीपुत्र mfn. (-पुत्र-सती-सत्) 1. Wealthy, [opulent. 2. Pleasing, beautiful. 3. Prosperous, fortunate, thriving. 4. Famous, illustrious. m. (-पुत्रः) 1. A tree, commonly Tila or Tilaka. 2. VISHN'U. 3. KUR'VA, the god of wealth. 4. S'IVA. 5. A title applied to any venerable person. E. श्री beauty, &c., सत्पुत्र aff.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) Garlic.

[मुख chief.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) The seventh year of the Indian cycle. E. श्री prosperity,

श्रीपुत्र mfn. (-पुत्र-सत्-सत्) 1. Famous, illustrious. 2. Fortunate, wealthy. E. श्री prosperity, and युक्त joined with, possessing.

श्रीपुत्र mfn. (-पुत्र-सत्-सत्) 1. Famous, illustrious. 2. Fortunate, wealthy. E. श्री fortune, युक्त joined. [रस juice.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. Turpentine. 2. Resin. E. श्री the Sārāla tree or pine,

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) One of the Rāgas or personified musical modes. E. श्री illustrious, राग the mode.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) RA'MACHANDRA. E. श्री celebrated, and राम Rāma.

श्रीपुत्र mfn. (-पुत्र-सत्-सत्) 1. Fortunate, prosperous. 2. Rich, wealthy. 3. Beautiful, 4. Famous. E. श्री fortune, सत्पुत्र poss. aff.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. A particular mark, usually said to be a curl of hair, on the breast of VISHN'U or KRISHN'A. 3. A hole in a wall made for felonious purposes. 4. The emblem of the tenth Jina, or the mark above ascribed to VISHN'U or KRISHN'A. E. श्री LAKSHMI', and वसु dear to.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A horse having a curl of hair on his breast. E. श्रीपुत्र the mark of VISHN'U, कर्तु aff. of comparison, इति poss. aff.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) VISHN'U. E. श्रीपुत्र the mark so termed, कर्तु having.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) VISHN'U, E. श्रीपुत्र the figure so named, लाञ्छन sign, mark, (whose.)

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) VISHN'U : see the last. E. श्रीपुत्र and कर्तु mark.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) VISHN'U. E. श्रीपुत्र illustrious, वराह the Boar-Avata'r.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. Turpentine. 2. VISHN'U. 3. A lotus. 4. S'IVA. E. श्री the Sārāla or pine, or LAKSHMI', &c., and वास abode.

श्रीपुत्र n. (-पुत्रः) Turpentine.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. The holy-fig tree, (Ficus religiosa.) 2. The Bilwa tree. 3. The As'hvatt'ha-tree. E. श्री auspicious, वृक्ष a tree.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) A curl or lock of hair on the chest of a horse : a various reading perhaps for श्रीपुत्रः see श्रीपुत्रः कर्तु । [वेष्ट extract.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. Turpentine. 2. Resin. E. श्री the Sārāla or pine tree,

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. RA'MACHANDRA. E. श्री the goddess LAKSHMI', also incarnate in S'ITA', and ईश husband.

श्रीपुत्र n. (-पुत्रः) Cloves. E. श्री LAKSHMI', and सत्ता appellation, the names of the goddess being all applied to the spice.

श्रीपुत्र m. (-पुत्रः) 1. The moon. 2. The horse of INDRA. 3. Camphor. E. श्री the goddess, and सद्दीर्घ uterine brother; being reproduced with her and other objects, at the churning of the ocean.

श्रीपुत्र f. (-पुत्रः) The sun-flower, (Heliotropium Indicum.) E. श्री LAKSHMI', हस्त the hand, इति and ऊर्ध्व affs.; held in the hand of the goddess.

शु r. 1st cl. form irr. (शुचोति) To hear : form reg. (श्रवति) To go, to move, especially as a fluid, to drop, to ooze, to flow. r. 5th cl.

(pp. शुत, pres. श्रुचोति, pass. श्रुचते) 1. To hear. 2. To obey. With प्रति or सम् prefixed, To promise, to assent or agree to. With वि, To be famous. With चतु, To hear. With चति, To listen. With चातु, To promise, (with the dat. of the person to whom the promise is made.) With उप, To hear, to learn from. With सत्, (Atm. ; when used intransitively.) To hear, to listen to. Caus. (चातुचति-ते) To recite to, to communicate. Desid. (शुचुचते) 1. To desire to hear. 2. To obey. 3. To wait upon.

शुचव m. (-चः) A fruit, (Flacourtia cataphracta.)

शुचिका f. (-का) Natron, alkali. "सज्जिवाचारे ।"

शुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Heard. 2. Understood. 3. Well-known. n. (-तं) 1. Sacred science, holy writ, &c. 2. The object of hearing, that which is heard. 3. Learning in general. E. शु to hear, aff. क ।

शुतकोति mfn. (-तिः-तिः-तिः) Famous, celebrated. m. (-तिः) 1. A divine sage. 2. A generous man, a benefactor, a donor. f. (-तिः) 1. A river. 2. The wife of BHARATA. E. शुत heard, कोति fame.

शुतदेवी f. (-देवी) SARASWATI'. E. शुत that which is heard, (science, &c) and देवी presiding deity.

शुतचर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Recollecting, remembering what has been heard. 2. Having or observing the Vēdas. E. शुत, and चर who has.

शुतर्षि m. (-र्षिः) A Rishi of a particular order; one by whom holy writ has been heard, not taught; as the author of the Sushruta, a medical work, the son of VISHN'U MITRA, &c. E. शुत heard, and ऋषि a saint.

शुतवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) Hearing, having heard. E. शु to hear, कर्तु aff. शुतवतीरुज m. (-जः) The planet S'HANI or SATURN. E. शुतवत् one of the other sons of SURYA, and चतुज younger born. [to, taking.

शुतदान n. (-नं) Citing the Vēdas. E. शुत holy writ, चादान referring शुताध्ययनसम्पन्न mfn. (-नः-श्र-नं) Well read in sacred science, conversant with the Vēdas, and the branches of knowledge or philosophy, dependent on them. E. शुत heard, (knowledge of grammar, &c., that has been taught viva voce,) अध्ययन perusal, (of the Vēdas,) सम्पन्न accomplished.

शुतान्वित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Acquainted with or conforming to the Vēdas. E. शुत, and अन्वित possessed of.

श्रुति f. (तिः) 1. The Vēdas, severally or collectively, scripture, holy writ. 2. An ear. 3. Hearing. 4. Intelligence, news, rumour, report. 5. (In music,) A division of the octave, a quarter tone or interval, of which twenty-two are enumerated; four constituting a major tone, three a minor, and two a semitone; the S'hrutis are personified as nymphs. 6. A sound in general. 7. The constellation S'havanu'. E. शु to hear, कर्तु aff.

श्रुतिकट m. (टः) 1. Penance, expiation. 2. A snake. E. श्रुति the Vēdas, organ ear, &c, and कट् to go, aff. कर्तु ।

श्रुतिकट m. (-टः) A Harsh sound, (regarded as a fault in rhetoric.)

श्रुतिकथित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Taught or prescribed by the Vēdas. E. श्रुति as above, and कथित said, declared.

श्रुतिचोदन n. (-नं) Holy precept or injunction, the doctrine of the Vēdas. E. श्रुति, and चोदन saying.

श्रुतिजीविका f. (-का) Law, the code of laws. E. श्रुति the Vēdas, and जीविका living; existing to scripture.

श्रुतिपर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Hearing, having ears. 2. Studying the Vēdas. E. श्रुति hearing, or the Vēdas, and पर attentive.

श्रुतिद्वेष n. (-ध्वं) Disagreement or contradiction of any two passages in the Vēdas, or of two Vēdas. E. श्रुति, and द्वेष difference.

श्रुतिधर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Having, being versed in, or observing the Vēdas. 2. Hearing. E. श्रुति, and धर who or what has.

श्रुतिर् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) 1. Hearing. 2. Observing, obeying. 3. Having or following the Vēdas. E. शुत, and इति aff.

श्रुतिनिदर्शन n. (-नं) The evidence of revelation.

श्रुतिमूल n. (-लं) 1. The root of the ear. 2. The text of the Vē'das. ३. श्रुति, and मूल root.  
 श्रुतिमण्डल n. (-लं) The outer ear. ३. श्रुति, and मण्डल circle.  
 श्रुतिवर्जित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Deaf. 2. Ignorant or unroad in the Vē'das. ३. श्रुति hearing, or the Vē'das, and वर्जित abandoned, lost.  
 श्रुतिविषय m. (-यः) 1. An object or doctrine of the Vē'das. 2. Sound, the object of the sense of hearing. 3. The reach of the ear. 4. The ear. ३. श्रुति, and विषय an object.  
 श्रुतिरेष m. (-यः) The boring of the ear.  
 श्रुतिस्मृतिविहित mfn. (तः-ता-तं) Scriptural, declared by the Vē'das and the law. ३. श्रुति, and स्मृति, and विहित said. [sound.  
 श्रुत्यनुप्रास m. (-यः) Alliteration. ३. श्रुति hearing, and अनुप्रास similarity of श्रुत्यनु mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Said or enjoined by the Vē'das. ३. श्रुति, and उक्त said; also श्रुत्युक्ति, &c.  
 श्रुत्वा Ind. Having heard. ३. श्रु to hear, क्ता aff.  
 श्रव m. (-यः) Sacrifice, oblation. nf. (-य-य) A sort of ladle used for pouring Ghee or oiled butter at a sacrifice. ३. श्रु to ooze or leak, aff. क।  
 श्रुयमाच mfn. (-यः-या-च) Hearing, being hearing. ३. श्रु to hear, pass. v., श्रयण aff.  
 श्रेढी f. (-द्वी) A progression, (in math)  
 श्रेढीफल n. (-लं) The sum of a progression.  
 श्रेणि mf. (-यिः-यिः or -यो) 1. A line, a row, a range. 2. A multitude. 3. A company of artizans following the same business. 4. A corporation, a company of traders or those dealing in the same articles. 5. A ducket, a baling vessel. ३. श्रु to serve, नि Unādi aff.  
 श्रेणिक m. (-कः) The name of one of the kings of Magadha, contemporary with and patron of Sa'KYA-SINHA.. f. (-का) A tent. ३. श्रेणि a line, &c., कन् aff.  
 श्रेणिधर्म m. Plu. The customs of trades or guilds.  
 श्रेणिभूत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Made or become a heap. 2. Arranged, set in rows. ३. श्रेणि a range, भूत become, श्रि augment.  
 श्रेयो f. (-धी) 1. A set or succession of substances. 2. (In arithmetic,) Progression. ३. A various reading of श्रेयी।  
 श्रेयस् mfn. (-यान् यस्त्री-यः) Best, excellent, most excellent. Ind. Well, most excellent. n. (-यः) 1. Virtue, moral merit. 2. Final happiness. 3. Good fortune, auspiciousness, prosperity. m. (-यान्) The 11th Jina or Jaina pontiff. f. (-यस्त्री) 1. A plant resembling popper, (Pothos officinalis.) 2. A shrub, (Cissampelos hexandra.) 3. Yellow myrobalan. ३. श्रु substituted for प्रशस्त good, and श्रेयस् aff. of the irr. superlative.  
 श्रेयस्कर mfn. (-रः-री-र) 1. Conferring, or the means of future felicity. 2. Propitious. 3. Making better or superior. ३. श्रेयस् and कर who or what does.  
 श्रेयस्काम mfn. (-यः-या-मं) Desiring final felicity, &c. ३. श्रेयस्, काम desire.  
 श्रेयस्व n. (-स्व) 1. Superiority, betterness. 2. Final felicity, &c. ३. श्रेयस् and स्व aff. [also श्रेयांस।  
 श्रेयांस m. (-यः) The eleventh Jina or Jaina pontiff of the present era;  
 श्रेयांसिन् mfn. (-यो-यिनी-यि) Desirous of good, ambitious. ३. श्रेयस्, and श्रेयांसिन् who asks.  
 श्रेष्ठ mfn. (-ष्ठः-ष्ठा-ष्ठ) 1. Best, excellent, most excellent, pre-eminent. 2. Oldest, senior. m. (-ष्ठः) 1. KUVĒRA. 2. A king. 3. A Brāhman. n. (-ष्ठः) Cow's milk. ३. श्रु for प्रशस्त best, इष्टन् aff. of the irr. superlative.  
 श्रेष्ठकाष्ठ n. (-ष्ठः) The main pillar of a house. ३. श्रेष्ठ best, and काष्ठ timber.  
 श्रेष्ठवाच f. (-वाक) Adj. Eloquent.  
 श्रेष्ठता f. (-ता) Superiority, betterness, excellence. ३. श्रेष्ठ, and तत् aff.; also with तत्, श्रेष्ठत्वं।  
 श्रेष्ठान्नम m. (-यः) The best order of life, viz. that of a householder. ३. श्रेष्ठ best, आन्नम order or state; the householder being considered the best of the four orders, as it supports the other three.

श्रेष्ठिन् mfn. (-धी-हिनी-हि) Best, chief. m. (-ही) 1. An artist eminent by birth. 2. The head or chief of a body of persons following the same trade or occupation, a president, a foreman. ३. श्रेष्ठ excellence, श्रि aff. [swear.  
 श्रे र. 1st cl. (श्रायति) 1. To boil, to cook. 2. To melt, to liquefy. 3. To  
 श्रेष्ठ n. (-ष्ठः) Superiority, betterness, preference. ३. श्रेष्ठ, and श्रि aff.  
 श्रोच् (-च्) श्रोच् r. 1st cl. (श्रोचति) To accumulate, to heap together.  
 श्रोच् mfn. (-यः-या-च) Dressed, cooked, matured. m. (-यः) A cripple. f. (-या) 1. The constellation S'hraṇa'a'. 2. Rice-gruel. ३. श्रोच् to heap together, aff. चच्; or श्रु to injure, Una'di aff. न।  
 श्रोचि f. (-यिः or -यो) 1. The hip and loins. 2. A road, a way. ३. श्रोच् to heap, aff. इन्; or श्रु to hear, Unādi aff. नि।  
 श्रोचिपट m. (-टः) The slope of the hips.  
 श्रोचिफल n. (-कः) 1. The hip and loins, or the hip only. 2. The hip-bone, the os ilium. ३. श्रोचि the same, and फल fruit, कन् aff. of comparison, or फलक a plank; also श्रोचिफल n. (-लं)।  
 श्रोचिविन्ध n. (-यः) A string worn round the loins, a waist band.  
 श्रोतस् n. (-तः) 1. The ear. 2. The current of a stream. 3. An organ of sense. 4. The trunk of an elephant. ३. श्रु to hear or to leak, aff. चसुन्, and तृट् augment.  
 श्रोतव्य mfn. (-यः-या-व्य) To be heard, or listened to. ३. श्रु to hear, तव aff. of the future participle.  
 श्रोत्र mfn. (-ता-द्वी-ट्) Hearing, a hearer, who hears. ३. श्रु to hear, तव aff.  
 श्रोत्र n. (-त्र) 1. The ear. 2. The Vē'da. ३. श्रु to hear, Una'di aff. इन्।  
 श्रोत्रसुख mfn. (-यः-या-ख) Melodious, musical, sounding agreeably. ३. श्रोत्र, and सुख pleasure.  
 श्रोत्रादि Ind. The five senses. ३. श्रोत्र and आदि etcetera.  
 श्रोत्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Modest, docile, well-behaved. m. (-यः) 1. A Brāhman versed in the study of the Vē'das. 2. A Brāhman following a particular branch or school of the Vē'das. ३. श्रोत्र considered as substituted for रुन्दस्, the metre of the Vē'das, and इन् aff.; or श्रोत्र the ear, said also to mean the Vē'das, and च aff.  
 श्रोत्रियता f. (-ता) Conversancy with the Vē'das, the duty of a Brāhman. ३. श्रोत्रिय a priest acquainted with the Vē'das, and तन् aff.  
 श्रोत्रियस् n. (-यः) The property of a learned Brāhman. ३. श्रोत्रिय, स्व own.  
 श्रोत्रिन् mfn. (-तः-तो-त) Relating or belonging to the Vē'das, to the ear, hearing, &c. n. (-तं) 1. Preservation of the sacred fire. 2. Any observance ordained by the Vē'das. 3. The three sacred fires collectively, viz. गार्हपत्य, आहवनीय and दक्षिण. f. (-ती) Comparison expressed by a particle, so, as, like, &c. ३. श्रुति the Vē'das, and चच् aff.  
 श्रोतस्व n. (-स्व) Name of a class of Su'tra writings based on the Vē'da.  
 श्रोतस्वाचक्रिया f. (-यः) Acts conformable to law and religion. ३. श्रोत and आच, and क्रिया act. [आच, and यस् duty.  
 श्रोतस्वाचक्रिय m. (-यः) Duty enjoined by the Vē'das and laws. ३. श्रोत and आच n. (-यः) 1. Conversancy with Vē'das. 2. The ear. ३. श्रोत the ear, or श्रोत्रिय a Brāhmana studied in scripture, चच् aff.; in the second case the last syllable rejected as well as the pen. vowel.  
 श्रोचट Ind. An exclamation used in making an offering with fire to the gods or manes. ३. श्रु to hear, (the prayer being heard in consequence,) and डीचट aff.  
 श्राद्ध n. (-द्धः) The lotus. ३. श्रो LAKSHMI', and श्राद्धा appellation, the goddess appearing in the first instance from within the flower. and thence deriving many of her names.  
 श्रक् (-क्) श्रक्ति r. 1st cl. (श्रकते) To go, to move.  
 श्रक् mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Small, fine, minute. 2. Gentle, mild, amiable. 3. Honest, sincere. 4. Plain, even, smooth. ३. श्रिच् to embrace, श्रिच् aff., the short vowel substituted for the penultimate.  
 श्रक्क n. (-कः) The areca-nut.  
 श्रक् (क्) श्रक्ति r. 1st cl. (श्रकति) To go, to move.

श्व r. 10th cl. (श्वयति-ते) 1. To be weak, to be relaxed, loose, flaccid.  
2. To hurt or kill.  
श्व mfn. (-यः वा-य) 1. Loose, flaccid, relaxed. 2. Dishevelled,  
(hair). 3. Untied, unfastened. इ. श्व् to be relaxed, aff. चक् ।  
श्वच् (-य) श्वच् r. 1st cl. (श्वयति) To pervade.  
श्वच् (-य) श्वच् r. 1st cl. (श्वयते) 1. To praise, to eulogise. 2. To flatter, to  
coax, to wheedle, (with a dat.) 3. To boast, (with an inst.)  
श्वच् f. (-य) 1. Praise, flattery, eulogium. 2. Service, obedience. 3.  
Wish, desire. 4. Self-praise. इ. श्वच् to praise, affs. चक् and टाप् ।  
श्वचित mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Praised, commended इ. श्वच् to praise, क aff.  
श्वच् mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Venerable, respectable, praise-worthy, entitled  
to praise or veneration इ. श्वच् praise, यत् aff.  
श्वच् m. (-यः) 1. A servant, a slave. 2. A blackguard. 3. A lecher,  
libertine or debauchee. n. (-यः) Astronomy, or astrology. इ. श्वच् to  
embrace, Una'di aff. क् and क् substituted for the final.  
श्वच् m. (-यः) 1. A servant. 2. A libertine.  
श्वच् (जि-यत्) श्वच् r. 4th cl. (श्वयति) r. 1st cl. (श्वयति) 1. To embrace.  
2. To adhere or cling to. 3. To unite, to join or connect. With  
उप and वा, To embrace. With वि, 1. To burst, 2. To be separated.  
With सम्, To cling to. r. 10th cl. (श्वयति-ते) To connect. (उ) श्वच् r.  
1st cl. (श्वयति) To burn. [चक् and टाप् affs.]  
श्वच् f. (-य) 1. Embracing, an embrace. 2. Clinging. इ. श्वच् to embrace,  
श्वच् mfn. (-यः-ता-य) 1. Embraced. 2. Touched by, clung or adored  
to. 3. Leaving on. 4. Susceptible of a double interpretation, (in  
rhetoric.) इ. श्वच् to embrace, क aff.  
श्वच् f. (-यः) 1. Adherence. 2. Embrace.  
श्वच् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यत्) Embracing, clinging, adhering to, being in  
close contact with. इ. श्वच् to embrace, श्वच् aff.  
श्वच् n. (-यः) Morbid enlargement of the legs, elephantiasis. [duction.  
श्वच्पदमय m. (-यः) The mango-tree. इ. श्वच्पद swollen leg, and प्रभव pro-  
श्वच्पदपद m. (-यः) A plant, (Nageia putranjiva.) इ. श्वच्पद, चपद removing.  
श्वच् mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Prosperous, fortunate, affluent, happy. इ. श्वच् good  
fortune, लक् poss. aff., and र changed to लः see श्वच् ।  
श्वच् m. (-यः) 1. Union, junction, the proximity of contact. 2. Asso-  
ciation, society, presence. 3. Embracing, an embrace. 4. Adhering or  
clinging to, &c. 5. A figura of rhetoric, choice or connection of  
words so as to admit of a double interpretation, a species of paro-  
nymasia or pun. इ. श्वच् to embrace, aff. चक् ।  
श्वच् m. (-यः) Phlegm, the watery or phlegmatic humour. इ. श्वच् the  
same, क्न् pleonasm.  
श्वच् mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Removing phlegm. f. (-यः or यी) 1. Arabian  
jasmine. 2. A flower, (Pandanus odoratissimus.) f. (यः) Hogweed.  
इ. श्वच् phlegm, and च removing, fem. aff. टाप् or डीप् । [ज born.  
श्वच् mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Produced or proceeding from phlegm. इ. श्वच्, न्  
श्वच् mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Phlegmatic. f. (-यः) A plant, (Justicia adhen-  
toda, &c.) इ. श्वच् the humor, and न aff.  
श्वच् m. (-यः) The phlegmatic humour, one of the three principal  
humours or fluids of the body. इ. श्वच् to embrace or adhere to, (the  
body,) aff. मजिन् ।  
श्वच् mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Phlegmatic, abounding or affected with  
phlegm, &c. m. (-यः) A plant, (Cordia latifolia.) इ. श्वच् phlegm,  
लक् aff. [phlegm, च destroying.  
श्वच् m. (-यः) A medicinal plant, commonly Ka'ya-p'hal. इ. श्वच्  
श्वच् m. (-यः) A small tree, (Cordia latifolia.) इ. श्वच् phlegm,  
यत् to go, (to remove,) aff. चक् ; also with क्न् added श्वच्पद ।  
श्वच् mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Allaying or exciting, phlegm, phlegmatic. इ.  
श्वच् phlegm, उक् aff.  
श्वच् (य) श्वच् r. 1st cl. (श्वयते) 1. To put together, to compose, as  
verses. 2. To heap together. 3. To acquire. 4. To relinquish.  
श्वच् m. (-यः) 1. A verse, a stanza. 2. A stanza written in Anush-

tub'h metre. 3. Praising, praise. 4. An object of praise. 5. A pro-  
verb, a saying. 6. Fame, celebrity. इ. श्वच् to compose, (as versea),  
aff. चक् ; according to the Ra'ina'yan'a, irrily. derived from श्वच्  
sorrow : the first verse ever composed, having been the involun-  
tary expression of Va'lmiki's grief at beholding a bird killed  
by a fowler.

श्वच् n. (-यः) Versification. इ. ल added to the last. [assemble.

श्वच् (य) श्वच् r. 1st cl. (श्वयति) To heap together, to collect or  
वःश्वय mfn. (-यः-ता-य) Happy, prosperous. n. Adv. (-यः) Happy,  
well, right. Subst. 1. Happiness, prosperity. 2. BRAHMA', the  
Supreme Being. इ. श्वच् particle, implying happiness, श्वच् best,  
excellent, and a final चक् or vowel added to the compound.

श्वच् (य) श्वच् r. 1st cl. (श्वयते) To go, to move. [with.

श्वच्पद m. (-यः) A dog-feeder or trainer. इ. च and श्वच्पद who plays  
श्वच् (य) श्वच् r. 1st cl. (श्वयति) To go or move.

श्वच् m. (-यः) A pack or number of dogs. इ. श्वच् a-dog, and श्वच् a troop.

श्वच्पद m. (-यः) A hunter. mf. (-यः-ता) 1. A dog-feeder. 2. One  
carried by dogs. इ. श्वच् a dog, श्वच् a number, उक् aff. [to be split.

श्वच् r. 1st cl. (श्वयते) (य) श्वच् (श्वयते) 1. To go, to move. 2. To be opened,

श्वच् r. 1st cl. (श्वयते) also (य) श्वच् (श्वयते) To go, to move.

श्वच् r. 10th cl. (श्वयति-ते) 1. To go, to move. 2. To adorn, to accom-

plish. (श्वयति-ते) (य) श्वच् (श्वयति-ते) 1. To finish. 2. To leave defect-  
ive or unfinished. 3. To go, to move. 4. To speak ill. (श्वयति) 1. To

speak amiss. 2. To speak well. 3. To abstain from speaking: see श्वच्

श्वच् f. (-यः) 1. A dog's tooth. 2. A fruit, (Flacourtia cataphracta.) इ.

श्वच् for श्वच् a dog, दंश a tooth.

श्वच् m. (-यः) A jackal. इ. श्वच् a dog, and श्वच् a cheat.

श्वच् m. (-यः-ता-य) Acon. plu. (-यः) A dog. f. (-यः) A bitch. इ. च  
to increase, Una'di aff. क्निन्, form irr.

श्वच् m. (-यः) A curriish fellow. [dog, निश्वच् night.

श्वच् nf. (-यः-ता) A night on which dogs bark and howl. इ. च for श्वच् n  
श्वच् mf. (-यः-ता) 1. A man or woman of a low and degraded caste. 2.

A dog-feeder or keeper. इ. श्वच् a dog, चक् to cook, (for his food,) or  
to cherish as his property, and चक् aff.; also with क्निन् aff. श्वच् m.

(यक्) and with चक् aff. श्वच् ।

श्वच् n. (-यः) 1. A dog's foot. 2. A mark like one, to be branded on the  
forehead of a thief. इ. च, and पद a foot.

श्वच् m. (-यः) A man of a degraded and outcaste tribe, the son of an  
Ugra woman by a Kshetri' male, and classed with the Chan'da'la,  
with whom he is ordered to live out of the town, to feed from  
broken vessels, and wear the clothes of the dead; to possess no  
other property than asses and dogs, and to be excluded from  
all intercourse with other tribes; he can only be employed  
as public executioner, or to carry out the bodies of those who die  
without kindred. इ. श्वच् a dog, चक् to cook, (to feed on or to cherish,)  
aff. चक् : see श्वच् ।

श्वच् n. (-यः) The lime or citron. इ. च for श्वच् a dog, and क्ल fruit.

श्वच् m. (-यः) A jackal. इ. श्वच् a dog, and श्वच् afraid of.

श्वच् r. 10th cl. (श्वयति-ते) 1. To live in misery or distress. 2. To go,  
to move. 3. To make a hole, to pierce or perforate.

श्वच् n. (-यः) A hole, a gap, a chasm. इ. श्वच् to pierce, aff. चक् ; or चक् a  
dog, श्वच् to cherish, aff. क ।

श्वच् m. (-यः) Swelling, intumescence. इ. च्च to swell, aff. चक् ।

श्वच् f. (-यः or यी) Sickness, disease. इ. च्च to increase, Una'di aff.  
इचि । [move.

श्वच् r. 10th cl. (श्वयति) 1. To live in misery or distress. 2. To go, to

श्वच् r. 1st cl. (श्वयति) To run, to go quickly.

श्वच् r. 10th cl. (श्वयति-ते) To speak, to narrate.

श्वच् r. 1st cl. (श्वयति) To run, to go fast or quickly.

श्वच् Ind. Like a dog, cur-like. इ. च, वति aff.

श्वत् m. (-श्वः) A dog-feeder or trainer. E. श्व, सतृप् aff. [वृत्ति practice.]  
 श्वत्ति m. (-श्वः) 1. The life of a dog. 2. Service, servitude. E. श्व a dog,  
 श्वत्ति m. (-श्वः) The hunting-leopard, Chita'. E. श्व a dog, श्वत्ति a tiger.  
 श्वर m. (-रः) 1. A father-in-law, a wife's or husband's father. 2. A  
 venerable man, one to be treated as a father-in-law. m. Du. (-रः)  
 A father and mother-in-law. E. श्व a particle, implying respect, श्व  
 to pervade, Una'di aff. उरश्च; also with कन् added श्वरक ।  
 श्वर्य m. (-र्यः) 1. A brother-in-law, a wife's or husband's brother. 2. A  
 husband's younger brother. E. श्वर a father-in-law, and यत् patro-  
 nymic aff.  
 श्वर्य f. (-र्यः) A mother-in-law. E. श्वर a father-in-law, the उ and च  
 rejected, र conjoined with य, and ऊङ् fem. aff.  
 श्वर्य m. Du. (-रः) Mother and father-in-law. E. श्वर, श्वर्य conjoined.  
 श्वर r. 2nd cl. (श्वरि) 1. To breathe. 2. To live. 3. To sigh. 4. To hiss,  
 to snort. With आङ् prefixed, 1. To recover, to revive, to console.  
 2. To take courage. 3. To sigh. With उत्, 1. To open, to expand.  
 2. To console. 3. To upheave. 4. To breathe. 5. To sigh. With नि, 1.  
 To breathe out, to expire. 2. To sigh. With वि, 1. To have trust or  
 faith in, (generally with a loc.) 2. To be fearless. With सम्, To  
 calm oneself, to take heart. Caus. (श्वरयति-ते) With आ, To com-  
 fort, to console. With वि, To inspire confidence, to cause to  
 confide. With सम्, To cheer up.  
 श्व Ind 1. To-morrow; (at the beginning of compounds it has the  
 sense of "future.") 2. A particle, implying auspiciousness.  
 श्वत् mfn. (-सन्-सन्ती or सन्ती सन्) Breathing, sighing. E. श्वत्, श्वत् aff.  
 श्वत् m. (-नः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A thorny plant, (Vangueria spinosa.) n.  
 (-नः) 1. Breathing, breath. 2. Sighing E. श्वत् to breathe, aff. ऊट् ।  
 श्वत्तम m. (-नः) A snake. E. श्वत्त breathing, श्वत्त food; eating air.  
 श्वत्तम m. (-रः) A tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) E. श्वत्त, ईश्वर sovereign.  
 श्वत्तम m. (-नः) A snake. E. श्वत्त breathing, and उत्तुङ् delighting.  
 श्वत्त mfn. (-नः-ना-तः) Sighed, breathed, sighing, breathing. n. (-नः) 1.  
 Breathing, breath. 2. Sighing, a sigh. E. श्वत् to breathe, उत्तुङ् aff.  
 श्वत्त m. (-नः) A plant, (Conyza lacera, &c.) E. श्व a dog, and उत्त a son.  
 श्वत्त mfn. (-नः-नी-नः) Future, what will be to-morrow, &c. E. श्वत्  
 to-morrow, उत्तुङ् aff. [to-morrow, उत्तुङ् aff.]  
 श्वत्त mfn. (-नः-ना-तः) To-morrow's, what will be to-morrow. E. श्वत्,  
 उत्तुङ् mfn. (-ट्-टा-ट्) Touched by a dog, defiled. E. श्व, उत्तुङ् touched.  
 श्वत्तक m. (-नः) A hunter. mf. (-नः-कौ) 1. A dog-keeper, one who  
 lives by feeding or keeping dogs. 2. One who rides or is drawn by  
 dogs. E. श्वत्त a number of dogs, उत्तुङ् aff.  
 श्वत्त m. (-नः) A dog's tooth. E. श्वत् a dog, दन्त a tooth, and the vowel  
 termination of the first word made long in this similar compounds,  
 as श्वत्तक, श्वत्तक, &c.  
 श्वत् m. (-नः) A dog. f. (-नी) A bitch. E. A various reading of श्वत् q. v.  
 श्वत्तिका f. (-का) A light slumber.  
 श्वत्तिका f. (-नी) A term for angry snarling.  
 श्वत्त mfn. (-नः-दी-दः) Ferocious, savage, relating or belonging to a  
 beast of prey. m. (-नः) 1. A beast of prey in general. 2. A tiger.  
 E. श्वत् a dog, श्वत्त to resemble, aff. चच्; or श्वत्त with चच् added.  
 श्वत्त m. (-नः-दः-दः) A porcupine. "श्वत्त" E. श्वत् a dog, चच् before  
 चच् to pierce, aff. क्तिप् ।  
 श्वत् m. (-नः) BHAIRAVA, or S'IVA, in a terrific form. E. श्व a dog, and  
 चच् a horse; being usually represented mounted on a dog.  
 श्वत् m. (-नः) 1. Breath, breathing. 2. Air, wind. 3. Sighing, a sigh. E.  
 श्वत् to breathe, aff. चच् ।  
 श्वत्तक m. (-नः) Asthma.  
 श्वत्तकमश्वास u. (-च) Breathing through the nostrils for a few seconds  
 as a religious exercise: see प्राश्वास. E. श्वत् inspiration, मश्वास  
 expiration, and आश्वास holding or checking. [weapon.]  
 श्वत्तिका f. (-नः) Sleep, sleepiness. E. श्वत् breathing or sighing, क्तिप् a

श्वत्तिका m. (-नः) A plant, commonly Ba'mana-háti E. श्वत् breath, क्तिप्  
 hostile. [क्तिप् aff.]  
 श्वत्तिका m. (-नी) 1. Air, wind. 2. A living creature. E. श्वत् breath, and  
 क्तिप् (रट् and कौ) टुक्कित् r. 1st cl. (श्वत्तिका) 1. To move, to go, or go to.  
 2. To grow, to increase. 3. To swell. With उत्, To swell.  
 श्वत् (चा) श्वत्ता r. 1st cl. (श्वत्ते) To be white.  
 श्वत्ति f. (-तिः) Whiteness. E. श्वत् to be white, क्तिप् aff. [क्तिप् aff.]  
 श्वत्त n. (-च) Whiteness of the skin, vitiligo. E. श्वत् to be white, Una'di  
 श्वत्तिका f. (-नी) A plant, (Tragia involucrata.) E. श्वत् vitiligo, च destroy-  
 ing. [skin, E. श्वत्, क्तिप् aff.]  
 श्वत्तिका mfn. (-नी-विनी-वि) Affected with vitiligo or whiteness of the  
 श्वत् (र) श्वत्ति r. 1st cl. (श्वत्ति) To be white, to become or continue so.  
 श्वत् r. 9th cl. (श्वत्ति) To hurt, to injure, to wound or kill.  
 श्वत् mfn. (-नः-ता or नी-तः) White. m. (-नः) 1. White, (the colour.) 2. The  
 planet VENUS, or its regent S'UKRA. 3. The sixth range of moun-  
 tains, dividing the known continent, the white mountains separa-  
 ting the Varshas of Hiranmaya and Romanaka. 4. One of the  
 minor Dwipas or divisions of the world; in fable the White  
 Island, identified geographically by WILFORD, with Britain. 5.  
 A white cloud. 6. Cummin-seed. 7. A conch, mf. (-नः-ता) A small  
 white shell used as a coin, a Cowrie. n. (-नः) Silver. f. (-ता) 1. A  
 grass, (Andropogon aciculatus.) 2. A plant, Ka'sht'ha-Patala.  
 3. A flower, (Clitoria ternatea.) 4. Hogweed. 5. Bent grass with  
 white blossoms. 6. Bamboo-manna. 7. Crystal. 8. Clayed or can-  
 died sugar. 9. A cowrie, E. श्वत् to be white, aff. चच् or चच् ।  
 श्वत्तक m. (-नः) A Cowrie. n. (-नः) Silver. E. कन् added to the preceding.  
 श्वत्तक m. (-रः) INDRA's elephant. E. श्वत् white, and कन् an elephant.  
 श्वत्तक m. (-तः) A Budd'ha or Jaina saint. E. श्वत् white, कन् a banner.  
 श्वत्तक m. (-नः) A variety of the Hyperanthera morunga. E. श्वत्  
 white, and कन् a filament.  
 श्वत्तक m. (-नः) The Saphara fish, (Cyprinus Sophe, HAM.)  
 श्वत्तक m. (-रः) A white variety of the Mimosa catechu. E. श्वत्, and  
 कन् the K'hayer.  
 श्वत्तक m. (-नः) 1. A white elephant. 2. Aira'vata, the elephant of  
 INDRA. E. श्वत् white, and कन् an elephant.  
 श्वत्तक m. (-नः) A goose. E. श्वत् white, and कन् a wing.  
 श्वत्तक m. (-नः) 1. A goose. 2. A kind of basil, (Ocimum album,  
 &c.) E. श्वत् white, and कन् a feather or leaf. [same.]  
 श्वत्तक n. (-च) White or refined borax. E. श्वत् white, and कन् the  
 श्वत्तिका f. (-नी) A bent grass with white blossoms. E. श्वत् and कन्  
 Durba' grass. [white, and कन् an elephant.]  
 श्वत्तिका m. (-नः) 1. A White elephant. 2. INDRA's elephant. E. श्वत्  
 श्वत्तिका m. (-नः) The white Island, or a minor division of the univer-  
 so called; also termed Chandra-Dwipa, and supposed by Wil-  
 FORD to be Britain. E. श्वत् white, and कन् an island; also श्वत् q. v.  
 श्वत्तिका m. (-तः) 1. Chalk. 2. The milk stone, opal or chalcedony. E.  
 श्वत् white, कन् a mineral.  
 श्वत्तिका m. (-नः) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. 3. Cuttle-fish-bone. E.  
 श्वत् white, कन् a ray.  
 श्वत्तिका m. (-नः) A cloud. E. श्वत् white, and कन् black or dark blue.  
 श्वत्तिका m. (-नः) A goose. E. श्वत् white, कन् a feather.  
 श्वत्तिका m. (-नः) BRAHMA'. E. श्वत्तिका a goose, कन् a car or conveyance.  
 श्वत्तिका n. (-नः) The white lotus. E. श्वत् white, and कन् a lotus.  
 श्वत्तिका m. (-नः) Holy basil, or a variety of it, (Ocimum sanctum  
 or album.) E. श्वत् white, and कन् the same.  
 श्वत्तिका f. (-नः) The white trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) E.  
 श्वत् white, कन् the same. "श्वत्तिका" [colour.]  
 श्वत्तिका m. (-नः) A lion. E. श्वत् white, and कन् tawny; of a light tawny  
 श्वत्तिका m. (-नः) 1. A lion. 2. S'IVA. E. श्वत् white, and कन् tawny;  
 see the last; also with कन् added, श्वत्तिका ।

- श्वेतपुष्प m. (-पु) A plant, (*Vitex trifolia*.) f. (-पु) The Ghosha'-plant. E. श्वेत white, and पुष्प a flower.
- श्वेतपुष्पक m. (-क) A plant, (*Nerium odorum*, the white variety.) E. श्वेत added to the last. [productive.]
- श्वेतप्रदन्तक m. (-क) A tree, (*Tapia crataeva*.) श्वेत white, (flowers.) प्रदन्तक
- श्वेतप्रदन्ता f. (-ता) A flower, (*Clitoria ternatea*.) [सरिष pepper.]
- श्वेतमरिच m. (-च) The seed of the *Hyperanthera morunga*. E. श्वेत white, मरिच
- श्वेतमास m. (-स) 1. A cloud. 2. smoke.
- श्वेतमल m. (-ल) Pale red or pink, (the colour.) E. श्वेत white, रक्त red.
- श्वेतमल्ल n. (-ल) Lead. E. श्वेत white, रक्त colouring.
- श्वेतमय m. (-य) The planet VENUS. E. श्वेत white, and य a car.
- श्वेतमय्या f. (-या) A plant, white Rasan: see रासा.
- श्वेतरीषिम् m. (-षि) 1. The moon. 2. Camphor. E. श्वेत white, रीषि light.
- श्वेतरीषित m. (-त) GARUD'A. E. श्वेत white, and रीषित red. [same.]
- श्वेतवचा f. (-चा) Orris root, (*Acorus calamus*.) E. श्वेत white, and वचा the
- श्वेतवल्कल m. (-ल) Glomerous-fig-tree, (*Ficus glomerata*.) E. श्वेत white, वल्कल bark. [राजि a horse, रजि aff.]
- श्वेतराजिन् m. (-जी) 1. The moon. 2. The prince ARJUN'A. E. श्वेत white, राजि
- श्वेतवासस m. (-स) A religious mendicant, wearing white garments. E. श्वेत, and वासस् vesture. [बाध a horse.]
- श्वेतबाह m. (-ह) 1. ARJUN'A. 2. INDRA. 3. The moon. E. श्वेत white, बाह
- श्वेतबाह्य m. (-य) 1. The moon. 2. ARJUN'A. 3. INDRA. 4. The Makara, a marine monster. E. श्वेत white, बाह्य a vehicle.
- श्वेतवाहिन् m. (-ही) ARJUN'A. E. श्वेत white, वाह a vehicle, (a horse,) रजि aff.
- श्वेतवृक्ष m. (-क्ष) Barley. E. श्वेत white, and वृक्ष awn; also road श्वेतवृक्ष ।
- श्वेतसर्प m. (-प) 1. A tree, (*Tapia crataeva*.) 2. A white snake. E. श्वेत white, सर्प what creeps or grows, or a serpent. [essence.]
- श्वेतसार m. (-र) A tree, (*Mimosa catechu*) E. श्वेत white, सार pith or
- श्वेतसुरसा f. (-सा) A white variety of the *Nyctanthes arbortristis*, E. श्वेत white, and सुरसा the Rasan, &c., to which it is compared.
- श्वेतवय m. (-य) 1. A white horse. 2. The horse of INDRA. 3. A name of ARJUN'A. E. श्वेत white, and वय a horse.
- श्वेतहसिन् m. (-हो) 1. A white elephant. 2. The elephant of INDRA. E. श्वेत white, and हसिन् an elephant.
- श्वेताक्ष m. (-क्ष) Gigantic swallow-wort, (*Asclepias gigantea*.) with white flowers. E. श्वेत white, and अक्ष the same.
- श्वेतीदर m. (-र) KURVA. E. श्वेत white, and उदर the belly.
- श्वेतीही f. (-ही) An epithet of S'ACHI, the wife of INDRA.
- श्वेन n. (-न) White leprosy.
- श्वेनी f. (-नी) One of the fem. form of श्वेत: see श्वेत ।
- श्वेन n. (-न) 1. Whiteness. 2. Vitiligo. E. श्वित or श्वेत, and श्वेन् aff.
- श्वेन n. (-न) Vitiligo. E. श्वेत to be white, रन् aff.; also श्वेन ।
- श्वीयत् Adj. Being to-morrow.
- श्वीयसीयस mfn. (-स) Auspicious, fortunate. n. (-स) good fortune. E. श्वेस and वस both particles implying auspiciousness, ईयसुन् affixed to the latter, and a final vowel added to the compound.

## ४

- ४ The thirty-first consonant of the Na'gari alphabet, and second sibilant, corresponding to Sh, pronounced in some schools K'h: this letter is usually the first element of the roots, the derivatives of which commence with श ।
- ४ mfn. (-व) Best, excellent. m. (-व) 1. A learned man, a teacher. 2. A nipple. 3. Loss, destruction. 4. Rest, remainder. 5. Loss of knowledge, previously acquired. 6. Eternal happiness, final emancipation. 7. Heaven, paradise. 8. Sleep. 9. End, term. 10. Hair.

- n. (-व) 1. The embryo. 2. Patience, endurance. E. श्वी to destroy, &c., aff. व or व and the consonant unchanged, &c.
- वग् (ए) वने r. 1st cl. (सगति) To cover: also written वग् ।
- वघ (ए) वघे r. 5th cl. (सगति) To hurt or kill: also वघ ।
- वच् r. 1st cl. (सचति) 1. To wet, to moisten, to sprinkle. 2. To serve, to gratify by service. (सचति) 1. To be connected. 2. To understand thoroughly.
- वच् r. 1st cl. (सचति) To go.
- वच् r. 1st cl. (सजति) To embrace, to cling or adhere to, to be in contact or connexion with. With चर prefixed, To hang down from, to be suspended. With नि and चाङ्, To struggle together. With चाङ्, To be attached or devoted to. (च) वच् r. 2nd cl. (सचति-ने) To go.
- वट् r. 1st cl. (वटति) To be a part or portion.
- वट्क mfn. (-क) 1. Six. 2. Having six, six-fold, &c. n. (-क) An aggregate of six. E. वच् six, and कन् poss. aff.
- वट्कर्च m. (-च) A sort of lute. Adj. Heard by six ears, i. e. by three persons. E. वच् six, and कर्च an ear.
- वट्कर्चन् m. (-च) 1. A Brāhman. 2. An adept, (in the Tantras, &c.) n. (-च) or pl. -चि) 1. The six acts proper for a Brāhman, (collectively,) or teaching the Védas, holy study, offering sacrifices, conducting them for others, giving, and accepting gifts. 2. Six acts allowable to a Brāhman for subsistence, or gleanings, accepting gifts, asking alms, agriculture, trade, and tending cattle, or according to some lending money at interest. 3. The six acts taught in the Tantras, or killing, infatigating, enthralling, expelling, exciting animosity, and the stopping or privation of any faculty. E. वच् six, कर्चन् act or duty.
- वट्कोण n. (-ण) 1. A hexagon, a six-angled figure. 2. The thunderbolt of INDRA. E. वच् six, कोण a corner.
- वट्कन n. (-क) The six mystical circles of the body, (in Tantra.)
- वट्चरण m. (-च) 1. A bee. 2. A louse. 3. A locust. E. वट् six, चरण a foot.
- वट्, r. 10th cl. (सट्ति-ने) 1. To injure, to hurt or kill. 2. To give. 3. To be strong. 4. To dwell. [विंशत् thirty.]
- वट्विंशत् f. (-शत्) 1. Thirty-six. 2. A work on law. E. वच् six, and शत्
- वट्पद m. (-द) A bee. mfn. (-द) A louse. f. (-दी) 1. A louse. 2. A female bee. 3. A stanza consisting of six lines. E. वच् six, पद a foot.
- वट्पदप्रिय m. (-य) The Na'g'shwar, (*Mesua ferrea*.) E. वट्पद a bee, and प्रिय beloved by; equally applicable therefore to the lotus, jasmine, &c. [bee, चतिवि a guest.]
- वट्पदातिचि m. (-चि) 1. The mango-tree. 2. The Champaka. E. वट्पद a
- वट्पद m. (-प) 1. A sage, one acquainted with the four objects of human existence, or virtue, wealth, desire, and final happiness, and with the nature of the world, and of divine truth. 2. A catamite. E. वच् six, and पद who knows.
- वट्कोण m. (-व) A fish. E. वच् six, and कोण the eye, व aff.
- वट्क mfn. (-क) 1. Having six limbs or members. 2. Having six parts, six ingredients, &c. n. (-क) 1. Six parts of the body collectively; as the two arms, two legs, and the head and waist. 2. The six supplementary parts of the Védas or grammar, prosody, astronomy, pronunciation, the meaning of unusual terms, and the ritual of the Hindu religion. E. वच् six, and कन् a limb or part.
- वट्कर्चिन् m. (-चि) VISHN'U. E. वट्कर्च the six members, चिन् who subdues.
- वट्कर्चानीय n. (-य) An infusion or decoction of six drugs. E. वट्कर्च, and आनीय drink.
- वट्कर्च m. (-चि) A bee. E. वच् six, and चिन् a foot.
- वट्कर्च m. (-च) A Buddha or Baud'dha deified sage. E. वच् six, चिन् (branches of learning or piety,) and चिन् understanding.
- वट्कर्च m. (-च) KARIKYA. E. वच् six, and कर्च a face; having six

faces, four directed to the four cardinal points, and two to the zenith and nadir, according to some accounts, though not generally so represented.

षड्वय n. (-यः) Six spices collectively, or long-pepper, black-pepper, dried ginger, the root of long-pepper, the fruit of the plumbago, and of the Piper chavya. ष. षष् six, and ऋषय a spice.

षडनु m. Plur. (-तयः) The six seasons; also personified as divinities. ष. षष्, and ऋनु a season. [नी an ox, षष् added.]

षडय u. (-यः) A yoke of six oxen or six oxen collectively. ष. षष् six, षडयु mf. (-यः-यः-यः) Six-fold, six times. n. (-यः) An assemblage, of six qualities or properties. mf. (-यः-यः) The six acts of a king in his military character, viz "सन्धि" alliance, "विग्रह" war, "यान" march, "स्थान" halt, "यासन" strategem, and "होषोभावन" aid of other kings. ष. षष् and युष a time.

षड्यय n. (-यः) A variety of the Cissalpinia bonducella. f. (यः) Orris root, (Acorus calamus.) ष. षष् six, यय a knot. [कन् added.]

षड्ययिका f. (-का) Zedoara, (Curcuma zerumbet.) ष. षड्यय as above, षड्ज m. (-जः) The first of the seven primary notes in music. ष. षष् six, ज born : supposed to require for its articulation the employment of the tongue, teeth, palate, nose, throat, and chest.

षड्दर्शन n. (-नः) The six systems of philosophy taken together.

षडधा Ind. In six ways. ष. षष् six, and धा aff.

षडभाग m. (-गः) A sixth, a sixth part. ष. षष्, and भाग share.

षडभागभाज् mf. (-भाज्) Entitled to a sixth. ष. षष् भाग, भाज् who shares.

षडभुज mf. (-जः-जः-जः) Six armed, six-sided. m. (-जः) A hexagon. f. (-जा) The water-melon. "खरमुज." ष. षष् six, भुज an arm or branch, &c, aff. टाप्

षड्भन n. (-नः) The six flavours collectively.

षड्खला f. (-खा) A water-melon. ष. षष् six, and रेखा a line.

षड्गुण m. (-गुः) A class or aggregate of six, as of six defects or enemies of humanity taken together. viz :—"काम" desire, "क्रोध" wrath, "लोभ" covetousness, "मोह" bewilderment, "मद" pride, and "मात्सर्य" envy. ष. षष् six, and गुण a class. [subjected.]

षड्गुणव्यय mf. (-यः-यः-यः) Subject to the six vices. ष. षड्गु, व्यय to be षड्विध mf. (-यः-यः-यः) In six ways, of six kinds. ष. षष्, and विध kind.

षड्विन्दु m. (-न्दुः) VISHN'U. ष. षष् six, and विन्दु a drop or spot.

षष् (उ) षण् r. 8th cl. (सनीति सनुते) 1. To give, 2. To serve or honour; also written षन् ।

षण्ड m. (-ण्डः) 1. A bull at liberty. 2. A eunuch. 3. A multitude, a heap. mn. (-ण्डः-ण्डः) A quantity of lotuses. ष. षण् to give, ष Unádi aff; also षण्ड, षण्ड, and षण्ड, &c.

षण्डाली f. (-ली) 1. A measure of oil, the vessel holding a Chhaták. 2. A wanton woman. 3. A pond, a pool. ष. षण्ड a bull, a eunuch, &c., and षण् to be able, affs. षण् and डीप् ।

षण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A eunuch; see षण्ड ।

षण्मास m. (-सः) A half year, six months. ष. षण्, and मास a month.

षण्मास्य mf. (-स्यः-स्यः-स्यः) Six month old, of six months standing, &c. ष. षण्मास and यत् aff. ; also षण्मास्य । [face.]

षण्मुख m. (-मुखः) KA'RIKÉ'YA. f. (-यः) A water-melon. ष. षष् six, मुख

षण्मल n. (-लः) The substitution of the letters ष or ष for स and न in grammatical derivatives. ष. ष and ष the letters, with the abstract affix attached to each respectively.

षट् (षी लु) षोषदल r. 1st and 6th cls. (सीदति) 1. To wither, to wane, to perish gradually. 2. To be low-spirited, to despond, to be wearied or distressed, to lack energy. 3. To break or destroy. 4. To go or move.

With षाङ् prefixed, षाषदल r. 1st and 10th cls. (षासादति षासादयति-ते) 1. To go. 2. To assail, to encounter. With षष् prefixed, 1. To be exhausted or languid. 2. To finish. With षाङ्, 1. To obtain, to attain, to reach or arrive at. 2. To attack. With षन्, 1. To ascend.

2. To destroy. With षप, 1. To approach. 2. To worship. With षि,

1. To sit in or on. 2. To stand. 3. To protect. With ष, 1. To be propitious to, to favour or be pleased with. 2. To please or propitiate. 3. To purify. 4. To smile. With षि, To be languid or sorrowful. With षन्, 1. To attain. 2. To be in company or society with.

षष् r. 5th cl. (सनीति) To wish to hurt or kill.

षण् (ष) षण् r. 8th cl. (सनीति सनुते) To give; also षण् ।

षण् r. 1st. cl. (सपति) 1. To be connected. 2. To understand thoroughly.

षण् r. 1st cl. (समति) 1. To be unconfused. 2. To be confused. r. 10th cl. (समयति-ते) To perplex or distress.

षण् r. 1st cl. (सञ्चति) To go, to move. r. 10th cl. (सञ्चयति-ते) To unite, to join, to collect or assemble together; also read षण् ।

षण् r. 1st cl. (सर्जति) To earn, to acquire.

षण् r. 1st cl. (सर्वति) To go. [सर्वे.]

षण् r. 1st cl. (सर्वति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To injure, to hurt; also read षण्यो f. (-यो) A small bird.

षण् r. 1st cl. (सखति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To shake.

षण् mf. Plu. only (षट् or षड्) Six.

षटि f. (-टिः) Sixty. ष. षष् six, डदि aff.

षटिक mf. (-कः-का-कः) Bought with sixty. mf. (-कः-का) A kind of rice of quick growth. ष. षष् six, (days,) ठन् aff. ; or षटि sixty, and कन् added. [षटिक, and यत् aff.]

षटिक्य mf. (-क्यः-क्या-क्यः) Fit for rice of quick growth, (a field, &c.) ष. षटितम mf. (-मः-मो ष) Sixtieth. ष. षटि sixty, and तमप् aff.

षटिधा Ind. In sixty ways. ष. षटि sixty, and धा aff.

षटिनम m. (-नः) An elephant who has reached the age of sixty and is in rut. ष. षटि sixty, नम furious,

षटियोजनो f. (-नो) A journey or extent of sixty Yojan'as.

षटिहायन m. (-नः) 1. An elephant sixty years old. 2. A kind of rice. ष. षटि, हायन a year.

षड् mf. (-डः-डी-डः) Sixth. f. (-डी) 1. DURGĀ as one of the sixteen divine mothers. 2. The sixth day of the lunar fortnight. 3. The sixth or genetive caso, (in gram.) ष. षष् six, डति aff, ड्क् aug.

षडक mf. (-कः-का-कः) Sixth. ष. कन् added to the last.

षडांश m. (-शः) 1. The sixth part of agricultural produce taken by the sovereign from the subject in the shape of a land-tax. 2. A sixth part in general.

षडांश n. (-शः) A sixth meal. ष. षड, and षण् food.

षडांशकाल n. (-लः) The taking of food once in three days, as an act of penance. ष. षडांश, and काल time; also with कन् added, षडांशकालः ।

षडांशकाला f. (-ता) Eating once in three days, on the evening of the third day. ष. षडांशकाल, and तल् aff.

षडिन् mf. (-डि-डिनी-डि) Being or having the sixth, (year, &c.) ष. षड्, इनि poss. aff.

षडीतत्पुष्य m. (-यः) The Tatpuruṣa compound of which the first member, (generally) takes a genetive case in dissolution.

षडीपूजा f. (-जा) The worship of the goddess DURGĀ, as one of the sixteen divine mothers, on the sixth day after the delivery of a woman.

षण् r. 2nd cl. (सति) To sleep.

षण् r. 1st cl. (सञ्चति) To move, to go.

षण् (ष) षणि r. 2nd cl. (संसे) To dream.

षण् r. 1st cl. (सहते) r. 4th cl. (सञ्चति) r. 10th cl. (साहयति-ते) 1. To bear, to endure, to suffer or support, to forbear, to have patience. 2. To be content or satisfied. 3. To be able. With षण् prefixed, 1. To make effort or exertion, to persevere, to energize. 2. To be happy or delighted. With ष, To be violent. With षि, To determine.

षण्मास m. (-सः) 1. A peacock. 2. A sacrifice. [sheath, ठक् aff.]

षाट् Ind. An interjection of calling.

षाट्कोशिक mf. (-कः-को-कः) Enveloped in six sheaths. ष. षट्, कोश &



वाङ्म. (-रः) 1. Sentiment, passion. 2. Singing, music. 3. A Raga in which six of the seven primary notes are used, (in music.)  
 वाङ्मय n. (-यो) 1. An aggregate of six properties or qualities. 2. The six acts of royal military policy. 3. Multiplication of anything by six. ३. वङ्मय, and वङ्म aff.  
 वाङ्मातुल्य m. (-रः) Kā'strike'ya. ३. वङ्म six, and मातुल्य a mother, वङ्म aff.; having been brought up by the six Kirtika's.  
 वाङ्मासिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Of or relating to six months, half yearly, &c. ३. वङ्मास, and वङ्म aff.  
 वाङ्मतिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Relative to the substitution of व or वङ्म for व and न, (as a rule, &c.) ३. वङ्म added to वलवत्त as above.  
 वाङ्म (व) वाङ्म r. 4th cl. (वाङ्मति) r. 5th cl. (वाङ्मति) 1. To effect, to accomplish or complete. 2. To succeed; also वाङ्म.  
 वाङ्म r. 10th cl. (वाङ्मयति-ते) To console, to comfort; also वाङ्म.  
 वाङ्म mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Sixth. ३. वङ्म the same, and वङ्म aff.  
 वा (व) वङ्म r. 5th cl. (वङ्मति सिद्धते) r. 9th cl. (वङ्मति सिद्धते) To tie, to bind. With वङ्मि and वङ्म prefixed, To accomplish. With वङ्मि and वङ्म, To transact as business. With वङ्मि, To be an object or purpose.  
 वङ्मि (वङ्मि) वङ्मि r. 6th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To sprinkle. 2. To moisten, to water, (as plants.) 3. To pour out. 4. To pour in. With वङ्मि prefixed, 1. To anoint, to initiate. 2. To sprinkle. With वङ्मि, 1. To sprinkle. 2. To make proud. With वङ्मि, 1. To pour. 2. To impregnate. With वङ्मि, To pour round. [with disrespect.  
 वङ्मि r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) To disregard, to contemn, to despise, to treat  
 वङ्म m. (-रः) 1. A catamite. 2. A libertine, a lecher. 3. A gallant. ३. वङ्मि to despise, Unādi aff. वङ्म.  
 वङ्मि r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) To go. (वङ्मि) वङ्मि r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To command, to order. 2. To ordain, especially with respect to holy observances. 3. To do an auspicious act, or one indicating good fortune. 4. To drive off. 5. To restrain. 6. To interdict. 7. To instruct. With वङ्मि, To remove. With वङ्मि, 1. To remove. 2. To prohibit. 3. To ward off. With वङ्मि, To prevent. With वङ्मि, To contradict. (वङ्मि) वङ्मि r. 4th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To succeed, to effect fully or completely. 2. To complete a series of mystical observances by which supernatural powers are attained, to be an adept, to be initiated, 3. To be perfect, to be finished or accomplished. 4. To be right or correct. With वङ्मि or वङ्मि prefixed, (वङ्मि-ते) प्रतिवङ्मि-ते To prevent, to prohibit. With वङ्मि, To be celebrated or notorious. With वङ्मि 1. To be accomplished. 2. To be made perfect. 3. To attain beatitude. [shine.  
 वङ्मि (वङ्मि) वङ्मि r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To speak. 3. To shine. [shine.  
 वङ्मि (वङ्मि) वङ्मि r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To speak. 3. To shine. [shine.  
 वङ्मि r. 6th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) To glean: more usually वङ्मि.  
 वङ्मि (वङ्मि) वङ्मि r. 4th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To sew, to stitch. 2. To sow, as seed. 3. To join. With वङ्मि, To string together.  
 वङ्म r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) To go. (वङ्मि) 1. To bring forth. To possess power. r. 2nd cl. (वङ्मि) 1. To bear, to bring forth. 2. To possess power or supremacy. (वङ्मि) वङ्मि r. 5th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To bathe, (preparatory to a sacrifice) 2. To distil, to extract a spirit. 3. To churn, to stir or agitate. 4. To pain. With वङ्मि, 1. To sprinkle. 2. To bathe. 3. To extract juice. 4. To mix. With वङ्मि, To bear or bring forth. With वङ्मि, To agitate.  
 वङ्म m. (-रः) Parturition, delivery. ३. वङ्म-वा. वङ्म.  
 वङ्म r. 10th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To disregard, to despise. 2. To be small or shallow. [hurt or kill.  
 वङ्म r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) r. 6th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To speak. 2. To shine. 3. To be beautiful. 4. To hurt or kill. [To shine.  
 वङ्म r. 6th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To possess supreme or superhuman power. 2.

वङ्म r. 4th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To bear, to endure. 2. To be content or satisfied. 3. To be able.  
 वङ्म (वङ्म) वङ्म r. 2nd cl. (वङ्मि-ते) r. 4th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To bear a child, to bring forth. 2. To produce in general. r. 6th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To direct, to send, to throw or cast. 2. To incite, impel. 3. To discharge. 4. To remit, (as debt.)  
 वङ्मि (-रः) Birth, delivery, child-bearing. ३. वङ्मि to bring forth, aff. वङ्मि and the consonant unchanged.  
 वङ्मि r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) To prevent, (वङ्मि-ते) To kill, r. 10th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To leak, to drop, to flow, to distil. 2. To deposit, to place. 3. To hurt, to wound, to kill or attempt to kill. 4. To promise. 5. To urge on. 6. To cook. With वङ्मि or वङ्मि, To kill. [kill.  
 वङ्मि (वङ्मि) वङ्मि r. 4th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To be stopped or fixed. 2. To hurt or vङ्म r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To respect, to regard, to treat with reverence or respect. 2. To disregard, to disrespect.  
 वङ्मि r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To envy, to be impatient of another's rise. 2. To be intolerant or impatient of another's faults. 3. To disregard or contemn.  
 वङ्म r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) To bring forth, to bear; also वङ्म.  
 वङ्मि (वङ्मि) वङ्मि r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) To hurt or kill.  
 वङ्मि (वङ्मि) वङ्मि r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) To hurt or kill.  
 वङ्मि (वङ्मि) वङ्मि r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) To go, to move; preferably वङ्मि.  
 वङ्मि (वङ्मि) वङ्मि r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) To go, to move; also वङ्मि, and वङ्मि.  
 वङ्मि (वङ्मि) वङ्मि r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To serve, to gratify by service. 2. To rely or depend on. 3. To worship. 4. To follow, to practise, to be addicted to. 5. To enjoy, (sexually.) 6. To dwell in. 7. To watch over. With वङ्मि, 1. To enjoy. 2. To practise. With वङ्मि, 1. To practise. 2. To perform. 3. To enjoy. 4. To serve. With वङ्मि, 1. To pursue. 2. To employ. 3. To enjoy. 4. To inhabit. 5. To observe. 6. To attend. With वङ्मि, To take.  
 वङ्म r. 1st cl. (वङ्मि-ते) To waste, to wane or decline.  
 वङ्म r. 4th cl. (वङ्मि-ते) 1. To destroy, to put an end to. 2. To be destroyed, to perish. 3. To finish. With वङ्मि, To fail. 2. To complete. With वङ्मि and वङ्मि, 1. To practise. 2. To be able. 3. To determine. 4. To reflect. With वङ्मि and वङ्मि, 1. To endeavour. 2. To complete, to conclude. 3. To resolve. 4. To be lost. 5. To be reduced to. With वङ्मि and वङ्मि, 1. To determine upon, to accept. 2. To be convinced. 3. To endeavour, to strive. 4. To effectuate. 5. To desire. 6. To believe. With वङ्मि and वङ्मि, To decree.  
 वङ्मि m. (-रः) A young ox, or one with six teeth. ३. वङ्म six, and दन्त for दन्त a tooth.  
 वङ्मि mfn. (-रः-वी-रः) Sixteenth. ३. वङ्मि sixteen, वङ्मि aff.  
 वङ्मि mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Sixteen, (collectively.) ३. वङ्मि, and वङ्मि added.  
 वङ्मि mfn. Plu. only. (-रः) Sixteen. ३. वङ्म six, and दन्त ten.  
 वङ्मि m. (-जा) A form of DURGA.  
 वङ्मि m. (-जा) The sixteen divine mothers; they are:—  
 नीरी पद्मा शची जेधा सावित्री विजया जया ।  
 देवसेना स्वधा स्वाहा मातरी लोकमातरः ।  
 शालिः पुष्टिर्धृतिस्तुतिः कुलदेशाकदेवता ॥  
 वङ्मि m. (-रः) Any one of sixteen nights from the commencement of menstruation. ३. वङ्मि, and वङ्मि menses, निशा night.  
 वङ्मि m. (-रः) A sixteenth. ३. वङ्मि and वङ्मि part.  
 वङ्मि m. (-रः) The planet VENUS. ३. वङ्मि sixteen, and वङ्मि a ray.  
 वङ्मि m. (-रः) A crab. ३. वङ्मि sixteen, and वङ्मि a foot.  
 वङ्मि m. (-रः) The planet VENUS. ३. वङ्मि sixteen, वङ्मि a ray.  
 वङ्मि m. (-रः) A conch-shell. ३. वङ्मि sixteen, वङ्मि a twist or spire.  
 वङ्मि f. (-की) Adj. Sixteen-fold.  
 वङ्मि m. plu. (-रः) The sixteen ways of doing homage; they are:—“वाचनं स्थापनं पादमर्चनं चतुर्विधम् ।

सप्तपञ्चाशत्तमस्य सप्तमस्य अक्षरम् ।

गन्धर्वः 'सप्तपञ्चाशत्तमस्य' इत्यनेन तया ॥"

कोटा Ind. In six ways. स. षष्- six, ट substituted for the final, षाच् aff., and च changed to ट.

कोटामुख m. (-खः) Kaṭika'yā.

[also लङ्.]

टक्. r. 1st. cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To resist or oppose. 2. To strike against ;

टग्. (ए) टगे r. 1st. cl. (लङ्गति) To cover.

टन्. r. 1st. cl. (लङ्गति) r. 10th cl. (लङ्गति-ते) 1. To sound. 2. To groan, to sigh. 3. To thunder. With नि, 1. To sigh. 2. To bewail ; also लङ् ।

टम्. (स) टमि r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To stop or hinder, to oppose, to impede, to resist or prevent. 2. To be stupid or dull, to be inanimate or insensible. 3. To be fixed as a post. 4. To be astounded or stupefied. 5. To be paralysed ; also लङ् ।

टम्. r. 1st. cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To be confused. 2. To be clear or unconfused. r. 10th cl. (लङ्गति-ते) To confuse or annoy ; also लङ् ।

टिप्. r. 5th cl. (लङ्गति) To assail, to assault, to attack. [sprinkle.

टिप्. (ख) टिप्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To ooze, to drop, to distil. 2. To

टिम्. r. 4th cl. (लङ्गति) To be wet or moist, to reek, to steam.

टीम्. r. 4th cl. (लङ्गति) To be wet or moist, to reek, to steam.

टु. (ज) टु. r. 2nd cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To praise, to eulogise. 2. To extol, to celebrate. 3. To hymn, to worship with praises. With सम्, 1. To praise. 2. To be familiar with ; also लु ।

टु. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) To be clear, to be bright, to be pellucid. 2. To be propitious or pleased ; also लु ।

टुप्. r. 10th. cl. (लङ्गति-ते) To heap up.

टुम्. (उ) टुम्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To stop, to hinder. 2. To be stupid or dull, (लङ्गति) 1. To praise, 2. To celebrate ; also लुम् ।

टुप्. (र) टुप्. r. 4th cl. (लङ्गति) r. 10th cl. (लङ्गति-ते) To heap together, to pile up, to collect into a heap. 2. To erect ; also लुप् ।

टुक्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) To go, to move ; also लुक् ।

टुक्. (उ) टुक्. r. 6th cl. (लङ्गति) To hurt or kill ; also लुक् and लुक् ।

टुक्. (ज) टुक्. r. 6th cl. (लङ्गति) To hurt or kill ; also लुक् and लुक् &c.

टुप्. (ख) टुप्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To leak, to flow, to distil or drop. 2. To sprinkle. r. 10th cl. (लङ्गति-ते) To send ; also लुप् ।

टु. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To surround, to encompass. 2. To put on, to adorn ; also लु ।

टुम्. m. (-नः) 1. The moon. 2. Light.

टु. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To sound. 2. To crowd or swarm. 3. To envelope. 4. To spread about ; also लु ।

टुग्. (ए) टुगे r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) To cover ; also लुग् ।

टुल्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To stand. 2. To be firm ; also लुल् ।

टुक्. (उ) टुक्. r. 4th cl. (लङ्गति) To dwell in, to inhabit.

टु. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) To stand, to stop, to be still, to refrain from

moving. 2. To abide, to stay, to be. 3. To remain. 4. To be

at hand. 5. To stand by. 6. To rest on. 7. To be in any situa-

tion. 8. To perform. (लङ्गति) 1. To apply or refer to, as an umpire

or judge. 2. To indicate or reveal one's thoughts to another. 3. To

stand as a prostitute, to give oneself up to sexual embrace, to offer

oneself to. With च्छि prefixed, (लङ्गति) 1. To excel, to sur-

pass, to overcome. 2. To sit or stand upon or over. 3. To be placed

or preside over. With च्छि, (लङ्गति) 1. To practise as a duty, to

obey or follow as a law. 2. To apply or adhere to. With च्छि,

(लङ्गति-ते) 1. To stay or stand. 2. To attend upon. With च्छि,

(लङ्गति) 1. To affirm or assert. 2. To apply. (लङ्गति) 1. To

ascend, to mount. 2. To promise or engage. With च्छि, (लङ्गति) 1.

To seek for, to endeavour, to obtain ; (लङ्गति) To get up, to rise

as from a seat, &c. With च्छि, (लङ्गति-ते) 1. To propitiate, (as a

deity.) 2. To praise or hymn, to worship, to adore. 3. To embrace.

4. To treat in a friendly manner, to form a friendship or con-

nection with. 5. To pass or lie along or near to, that is, as a path

or road. 6. To arrive at or near. (लङ्गति-ते) To hope to gain or

acquire. With नि, (लङ्गति-ते) To be established. With च्छि and च्छि,

(लङ्गति-ते) To be stationary or immovable. With च्छि, (लङ्गति-ते) To

set off, to go forth, to depart. 2. To go to. With च्छि and च्छि,

(लङ्गति-ते) To get up, to rise. With च्छि, (लङ्गति-ते) To be erected

for holy purposes, to be sacred or consecrated. With च्छि, (लङ्गति-ते)

1. To stand apart, to be separated. 2. To stay or be. With च्छि and

च्छि, (लङ्गति-ते) To decree, to pronounce. With च्छि, (लङ्गति-ते) 1. To be

well. 2. To be close to or together. 3. To be of the same inclina-

tions or opinions, to conform, to agree. 4. To be completed or fin-

ished. With च्छि and च्छि, (लङ्गति-ते) To perform, to be engaged in.

With च्छि and च्छि, (लङ्गति-ते) To rise or get up. With च्छि and च्छि, To

go forth or on a journey. With च्छि in the causal, (लङ्गति-ते) To send.

चिक्. (उ) चिक्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) r. 4th cl. (लङ्गति) To eject from the

mouth, to spit, to sputter, (the radical sibilant is unchanged in

this root) ; also लुक् ।

चिक्. (उ) चिक्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) r. 4th cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To spit or eject

from the mouth. 2. To sputter. [and लुक् aff.

चिक्. n. (-नः) 1. Spitting, ejecting saliva. 2. Saliva, spittle. स. चिक्.

चिक्. Ind. Having spitton. स. चिक्. to spit, क्ता aff.

चिक्. n. (-नः) 1. The act of spitting. 2. Spit. 3. Spit.

चिक्. mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Ejected as saliva, spit. स. चिक्. to spit, क्ता aff.

चिक्. (उ) चिक्. r. 4th cl. (लङ्गति) To eject from the mouth, to spit.

चिक्. r. 2nd cl. (लङ्गति) To bathe, to purify by ablution. With च्छि, To

bathe after mourning. With नि, To be skilled in.

चिक्. (लुक्) चिक्. r. 4th cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To bear affection to, to love, to

regard, to be kind to or pleased with. 2. To be sticky. 3. To be

kind to ; (this root and all its derivatives govern the loc. of

the person or thing for whom or which affection is or felt. r. 10th

cl. (लङ्गति-ते) To be unctuous, to be bland or greasy.

चिक्. r. 2nd cl. (लङ्गति) To distil, to drop, to ooze or leak.

चिक्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) To be clear or pellucid.

चिक्. (उ) चिक्. r. 4th cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To eat. 2. To take. 3. To disappear.

4. To eject from the mouth. [vomit.

चिक्. (लुक्) चिक्. r. 4th cl. (लङ्गति) To be sick, to retch, to throw up, to

चिक्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) To surround, to encompass, to dress, to envelope.

चिक्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) To smile. r. 10th cl. (लङ्गति-ते) To disrespect. With

चिक् prefixed, To surprise or astonish.

चिक्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) To go, to move ; the radical sibilant is unchang-

ed by special rule.

चिक्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) To embrace.

चिक्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) r. 10th cl. (लङ्गति-ते) 1. To taste. 2. To be pleas-

ing. 3. To cover ; also लुक् ।

चिक्. (चिक्) चिक्. r. 2nd cl. (लङ्गति) To sleep.

चिक्. r. 10th cl. (लङ्गति-ते) 1. To go, to move. 2. To be wretched or

distressed. [changed.

चिक्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) To go, to move : the radical sibilant is un-

चिक्. (चिक्) चिक्. r. 1st cl. (लङ्गति) r. 4th cl. (लङ्गति) 1. To perspire,

to sweat. 2. To be greasy or unctuous. 3. To be fascinated, to be

tempted or deluded. 4. To quit, to yield. 5. To release.

## स

स The thirty-second consonant of the Na'gari' Alphabet, correspond-

ing to S.

स m. (-सः) 1. A snake. 2. S'IVA. 3. VISHN'U. 4. Air, wind. 5. The abbre-

viated name of the musical note सङ्ग. 6. A bird. 7. He, the nominative

case masc. of तद् the third personal pronoun : before many letters the Visarga is rejected. f. (-त्) 1. The goddess LAKSHMI. 2. Sho, the nominative case fem. of तद्. n. (-सं) 1. Knowledge. 2. Meditation. 3. A carriage-road. 4. A fence. Ind. 1. (In composition,) With, together with ; being substituted for सम् or सह. 2. Like, similar, as in "संघर्ष" which means having similar duties. 3. Same, identical, as in "सोदर" ; combined with nouns it forms adjectives and adverbs ; as संक्षोभः angry, संक्षोभम् angrily ; सम्मः proud, सम्मम् haughtily ; सविनयः modest, well-behaved, सविनयम् respectfully ; सहस्रम् : flurried, सहस्रम् flurriedly, सानन्दः joyful, सानन्दम् joyfully, &c. इ. वी to go, &c., aff. ड ।

Ind. (In composition,) With, together with, &c.; being the optional form of writing सम् before a consonant : before consonants of the first five classes, the Anuswa'ra may be again changed to the nasal of the class to which the letter it precedes belongs, as सं for सम् and क्त्वं make संक्त्वं, &c.: before the semi-vowels, the sibilants, and ह, it preferably remains unaltered ; this practice however is very arbitrary in this respect and the change is expressed or not, in all manuscripts according to the pleasure of the writer.

संक्षेप m. (-पः) Abridgment : see संक्षेप ।

संघ mfn. (-घः-घा-घं) Knock-kneed. n. (-घं) A yellow fragrant wood. f. (-घा) 1. Name, appellation. 2. Thought, mind, intellect. 3. Consciousness. 4. Gesture, sign, gesticulation. 5. The sacred verse or Gāyatri of the Vēdas. 6. One of the wives of the sun, and daughter of VISHWAKARMAN. 7. (In grammar,) The technical name of any affix, &c. इ. सम् before घा to know, affs. चङ् and टाप् ; that by which anything is known.

संघनि f. (-निः) 1. Killing, slaying. 2. Apprising, informing. इ. सम् before घा to know, also, to slay, (causal form,) aff. क्तिन् ।

संघाधिकार m. (-रः) A heading rule which gives a peculiar names to the rules which fall under it and influences them.

संघापन n. (-नं) 1. Killing, slaughter. 2. Apprising, informing. 3. Teaching. इ. सम् before घा to know, also, to slay, (causal form,) aff. क्त्वा ।

संघात mfn. (-घा-वती-वत्) 1. Recovered after insensibility, become sensible, revived. 2. Having a name or denomination. इ. संघा sign, name, &c., लृप् aff.

संघातिवय m. (-यः) An epithet or attributive. इ. संघा and विषय object.

संघातु m. (-तः) An epithet of SATURN.

संघात mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Called, denominated. इ. संघा, इङ् aff. [knee.]

संघा mfn. (-घः-घा-घं) Knock-kneed. इ. सम् together घु for जातु the मय m. (-यः) The skeleton. इ. संघ together, यम् to restrain, aff. ड ।

संघा mfn. (-घः) War, battle. इ. सम् before यम् to restrain, aff. क्तिप्, लृक् added.

संघात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Checked, restrained, constrained, suppressed. 2. Bound, confined, fettered, imprisoned. इ. सम् before यम् to restrain, aff. क्त्वा । [संयत, चात्मन् self.]

संघातक mfn. (-का-का-क) Self-subdued, of well regulated spirit. इ. संघातक mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Of subdued or controlled passions and desires. इ. संयत, and इन्द्रिय an organ of sense.

संघात m. (-रः) A king, a prince. इ. सम् before यम् to restrain, क्त्वा Un'di aff. ; or संघात war, वर chief ; also संघात ।

संघात mfn. (-ता-तो-त) Constraining, constrainer. इ. सम् before यम् to restrain, aff. लृक्.

संघात m. (-नः) 1. Restraint, forbearance. 2. Humanity, avoiding the infliction of pain on others. इ. सम् before यम् to restrain, aff. चप्.

संघात mfn. (-न-न-न) Curbing, restraining, subduing, who or what does so. इ. सम् before यम् to restrain, यट् aff.

संघात n. (-नं) 1. Restraining, checking. 2. Forbearance, self-denial or control. 3. Binding, confinement. 4. Holding, detaining. 5. A

religious vow or obligation. 6. A cluster of four houses. m. (-नः)

1. A ruler. 2. YAMA. f. (-नी) The capital of YAMA. इ. सम् implying completeness, or entirely, and यम् to restrain, aff. क्त्वा ।

संघात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Checked, controlled, restrained. 2. Bound, confined, held, detained. इ. सम् before यम् to check, aff. क्त्वा ।

संघात mfn. (-नी-नी-नी) Who or what checks, restrains, curbs, &c. m. (-नी) A saint, a sage, one who subdues or controls his passions. इ. संयत restraint, इति aff.

संघात f. (-वा) Travelling into another island or continent, voyaging, travelling by water. इ. सम् before वा to go, यम् aff.

संघात m. (-नः) A mould. n. (-नं) 1. Accompanying, going together. 2. Carrying out a dead body. इ. सम् together, वा to go or get, aff. क्त्वा ।

संघात m. (-नः) 1. Forbearance, check, control, restraint. 2. Humanity, abstaining from giving pain to others. इ. सम् before यम् to restrain, aff. चप् ।

संघात mfn. (-वा-वती-वत्) Forbearing. इ. संघात, and लृप् aff.

संघात m. (-वः) A sort of roll, or a thin cake of unleavened bread, fried with Ghee, pounded and again made up into an oblong form with fresh bread, sugar, and spices, and again fried with Ghee. इ. सम् together, घु to mix, and चङ् aff.

संयुक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Joined with, connected, attached. 2. Mixed, blended. 3. Endowed with, possessed of. 4. Accompanied or attended by. 5. Consisting of, (with an inst.) 6. Relating to. इ. सम् together, युज् to join, aff. क्त्वा । [join, क्त्वा aff.]

संयुक्त m. (-नः) 1. War, battle. 2. Union, mixture. इ. सम् before युज् to संयुज् mfn. (-युज्) 1. Possessed of or endowed with good qualities. 2. Connected or associated with. 3. Joined, united. इ. सम् before युज् to join, aff. क्तिन्, and the consonant unchanged.

संयुक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Connected, joined, mixed, blended, attached to. 2. Furnished with. इ. सम् together, यु to join, क्त्वा aff.

संयुक्त mfn. (-यु-यु-यु) Wishing to mix, join, unite, to bring together in any way. इ. सम् before यु to join, desid. व., च aff.

संयोग m. (-गः) 1. Intimate union or association. 2. Laving with, being in company with. 3. Adherence, junction. 4. The conjunction of two heavenly bodies, (in astro.) 5. (in 'grammar,) A conjunctive consonant. इ. सम् before युज् to join, चङ् aff.

संयोगावयव m. (-वः) Any eatables which cause disease by being mixed.

संयोगित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Joined, connected. इ. संयोग union, इति aff.

संयोगन n. (-नं) 1. Copulation, coition. 2. Conjunction. इ. सम् with युज् to join, aff. क्त्वा । [to join, aff. क्त्वा]

संयोजित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Joined, attached, annexed. इ. सम् together, युज् सरत्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) 1. Inflamed, angry. 2. Empassioned. 3. Coloured red. 4. Charmed. 5. Beautiful. इ. सम् before रङ् to be affected, क्त्वा aff.

सरत्त m. (-चः) Care, preservation, protection. इ. सम्, रच preserving.

सरत्त n. (-चः) Taking care of, protecting, preserving. इ. सम् before रच to preserve, क्त्वा aff.

सरत्त mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Taken care of, preserved, protected. इ. सम् before रच to preserve, क्त्वा aff.

सरत्त mfn. (-त्यः-त्या-त्य) Fit, proper, or necessary to be taken care of, guarded, preserved, &c. इ. सम् before रच to preserve, यत् aff. ; also संरक्षणीय and संरक्षितम् ।

सरत्त mfn. (-ञः-जा-जं) 1. Incensed, angry. 2. Agitated. 3. Overwhelmed. इ. सम् before रञ् to sound, क्त्वा aff.

सरत्त m. (-जः) 1. Wrath, rage. 2. Pride, arrogance. 3. Flurry, agitation. 4. Swelling with heat and redness. 5. Turbulence. 6. Beginning. इ. सम् before रञ् to sound, चङ् aff. [सरत्त, पक्षव harsh.]

सरत्तपक्षव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Exceedingly harsh, rough, or scurrilous. इ.

सरत्तपक्षव mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) Angry, resentful. इ. सरत्त, and रच taste.

सरत्तपक्षव m. (-गः) The violence of wrath.

संरम्भ n. (-त्) 1. Wrath. 2. Pride. 3. Agitation. ३. संरम्भ, and ल aff.; also with तच्, संरम्भत् । [इति aff.]

संरम्भ mfn. (-म्भो-भिनो-भि) 1. Proud. 2. Angry. 3. Flarried. ३. संरम्भ, संराम m. (-म्) 1. Anger. 2. Affection. 3. Colouring. ३. सम्, रच्, to be affected, चच् aff.

संराधन n. (-न्) 1. Propitiating, pleasing by worship. 2. Accomplishing. 3. Deep meditation. ३. सम्, before राध् to accomplish, छुट् aff.

संराधित mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) Propitiated, pleased. ३. सम् before राध् to accomplish, त् aff.

संराव m. (-वः) Sound, noise, uproar. ३. सम् before र् to sound, aff. चच् ।

संराविन् mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Roaring, shouting, making a noise or uproar. ३. सम् before र् to sound, चिनुच् aff.

संरुच f. (-रुचः) Shattered.

संरुच mfn. (-रुच-रुच-रु) 1. Checked, stopped, impeded, curbed, opposed. 2. Concealed. 3. Refused. ३. सम् before रुच् to obstruct, त् aff.

संरुद mfn. (-दः-दा-द) 1. Confident, audacious, presuming. 2. Budded, blossomed. 3. Grown together. 4. Healed. 5. Sprouted 6. Burst forth. 7. Taking firm root. ३. सम् before रुच् to grow, aff. क ।

संरोध m. (-धः) 1. Hindering, stopping, opposing, preventing. 2. Impediment, obstruction. 3. Bond, fetter. 4. Crub, check. 5. Throwing, sending. 6. Siege. ३. सम् before रुच् to obstruct, aff. चच् ।

संरुचय n. (-यः) Distinguishing, characterising. ३. सम् before रुच् to mark, छुट् aff.

संरुचित mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) Marked, distinguished. ३. सम् before रुच् to mark, त् aff. [to mark, यत् aff.]

संरुच्य mfn. (-च्यः-च्या-च्य) To be marked with or by. ३. सम् before रुच्

संरुच्य mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Joined, united, adherent. 2. Come to blows. ३. सम्, लय attached to. [aff.]

संरुच्यमान mfn. (-न्-ना-न्) Ashamed. ३. सम्, लय् to be ashamed, शानच्

संरुच्य m. (-यः) 1. Sleep, sleepiness. 2. Melting away. 3. Universal destruction. ३. सम् before ली to join, and चच् aff.

संरुचित f. (-ता) Caressed, fondled.

संलाप m. (-पः) 1. Conversation, discourse. 2. In the drama, high discourse, dialogue of profound or occult meaning. 3. Secret conversation. ३. सम् with, together with, लय् to speak, aff. चच् ।

संलापक n. (-कः) A species of minor drama, a controversial drama. ३. संलाप, कन् added.

संलापित mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) Discoursing, conversing. ३. संलाप, and इत् aff.

संलापिन् mfn. (-पो-पिनी-पि) Discoursing, who or what discourses. ३. संलाप, and इति aff.

संलीढ f. (-ढा) Licked up, enjoyed.

संलीन f. (-नः) 1. Clung to. 2. Hidden. 3. Contracted.

संलीनमानस Adj. Drooping or depressed in mind. [प्रत्य aff.]

संरुह्यत् mfn. (यन्-यनी-यत्) Increasing. ३. सम्, वच् to grow, causal v., संरत् Ind. 1. A year. 2. A year of Vikrama'ditya's era.

संरुहर m. (-रः) A year. ३. सम् with, completely, रहर a year; or सम् with वच् to abide, संरन् Una'di aff., and त substituted for the final.

संरुद Ind. 1. A year. 2. A year of Vikrama'ditya's era. ३. सम् before रुच् to speak, aff. विच्; or सम् before रुच् to go, क्तिप् aff., य rejected, and रुच् final augment.

संरुदन n. (-न्) 1. Communication of tidings or intelligence. 2. Sight, seeing. nf. (न-नः) 1. Subduing by charms, over-powering any thing or person by magical compounds, or drugs, or mystical gems, &c. 2. A charm, an amulet, the article by which the above is effected. ३. सम् with रुच् to speak, रुच् or रुट् aff.

संरुदन nf. (-न-नः) Subduing by magical drugs or charms: see the last. ३. सम् before रुच् to ask, aff. रुट् ।

संरुत n. (-रः) 1. Water. 2. Self-control. 3. Concealment. 4. A particular religious observance with Budd'hists. m. (-रः) 1. The name of a demon. 2. Collection, comprehension. 3. Contraction, compression.

4. A mound a bridge, &c. 5. Concealing. 6. A kind of deer. ३. सम् before रुच् to choose, aff. चच्; more usually derived from रुच्, or रुच्, to collect, and then written रुच् or रुच् रुच्, v.

संरुत्त n. (-त्तः) 1. The act of appropriating to oneself. 2. Consuming. ३. रुत्त m. (-त्तः) 1. Destruction of the universe. 2. Beleric myrobalan. 3. The name of a Muni. 4. A cloud of a particular class. 5. Being, becoming. 6. Turning towards. 7. Collection. 8. A year. ३. सम् before रुत् to be, aff. चच् ।

संरुत्तक m. (-कः) 1. BALADH'VA. 2. The plough of BALADH'VA. 3. Submarine fire. 4. The fire that is to destroy the world at the period of universal dissolution. 5. A cloud of a particular class. ३. सम् before रुत् to be or abide, aff. रुच् ।

संरुत्तकिन् m. (-की) BALADH'VA, the elder brother of KRISHN'A. ३. संरुत्त, his plough, and इति aff. [aff. इति]

संरुत्ति f. (-तिः) The new leaf of a water-lily. ३. सम् before रुत् to be,

संरुत्तिक्ता f. (-का) 1. The new leaf of a water-lily. 2. The petal near the filament. 3. The flame of a lamp. ३. सम् near, (the stalk,) रुत् to be, aff. रुच् ।

संरुत्तक mfn. (-कः-का-क) 1. Augmenting, prospering, an augmentor, &c. 2. Hospitable. ३. सम् before रुत् to increase, aff. रुच् ।

संरुत्तन n. (-न्) 1. Augmenting, increasing. 2. Prospering, thriving. 3. Bringing up, cherishing. ३. सम् before रुत् to increase or prosper, aff. छुट् ।

संरुत्तित mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) Cherished, protected, brought up, patronised, &c. ३. सम् before रुत् to increase, त् aff.

संरुत्तित mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) Fully armed. ३. सम्, and वच् armour, इत् aff.

संरुत्तित mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) 1. Mixed, mingled. 2. Encompassed, surrounded. 3. Having, possessed of. 4. United. 5. Broken, diversified. ३. सम् together, वच् to surround, aff. त् ।

संरुत्तित f. (-तः) Over-run.

संरुत्तय m. (-यः) A village. ३. सम् before रुच् to abide, चयच् Una'di aff.

संरुत्तय m. (-यः) Name of the third of the seven courses of wind.

संरुत्तिका f. (-का) An aquatic plant, (Trapa bispinosa.)

संरुत्त mfn. (-वान्-वातो or वानो-वात्) Blowing, breathing, (as wind.) ३. सम् before वा to blow, रुट् aff.

संरुत्त m. (-रः) 1. Communication of intelligence, information, news. 2. Assent, concurrence. 3. Conformity, correspondence, sameness. 4. Conversation, dialogue. 5. Discussion. ३. सम् with रुच् to speak, aff. चच् ।

संरुत्तिन f. (-नी) 1. Corresponding, similar. 2. Speaking, conversing.

संरुत्त m. (-रः) 1. Contraction, diminution. 2. Compression of the lips, &c. in pronunciation. 3. Protection. 4. Covering, closing up. ३. सम् before रुच् to choose, aff. चच् ।

संरुत्त m. (-रः) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. An open space, either within or without a town, for the meeting and diversion of the townsmen. 3. Company, society. 4. Domestic intercourse. ३. सम् with, वात् and abode.

संरुत्त m. (-रः) 1. An attendant employed to rub and knead the body. 2. Rubbing the body. 3. Pressing together. 4. Bearing or carrying along. ३. सम् before रुच् to exert one's self and चच् aff.; or when the action is implied, रुच् to obtain or bear, aff. चच् ।

संरुत्तक m. (-कः) An attendant rubbing and kneading the limbs. ३. सम् before रुच् to obtain, (pleasure or ease,) causal form, aff. रुच् ।

संरुत्तक n. (-न्) 1. Rubbing the person, kneading the limbs. 2. Bearing, carrying. ३. सम् before रुच् to obtain or bear, (causal form,) aff. रुट् ।

संरुत्तित mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) Rubbed, kneaded, (as the limbs.) ३. सम् before रुच् to bear, causal v., त् aff. [३. सम् before रुच् to bear, रुत् aff.]

संरुत्त mfn. (-त्-ता-त्) 1. To be rubbed or kneaded. 2. To be borne. संरुत्त n. (-न्) That which is separated or individualized.



संज्ञित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Protected, supported. m. (-तः) A servant, a follower, a dependent. **३.** सम् before ज्ञि to serve, aff. क् ।  
 संज्ञत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Promised, agreed, assented. 2. Well-heard. **३.** सम् before ज्ञ् to hear, aff. क् ।  
 संज्ञित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Close together, adjoining, touching. 2. Bound, united. 3. Embraced. 4. Endowed with. **३.** सम् before ज्ञि united.  
 संज्ञा व n. (-वं) 1. Embrace, embracing. 2. Union, connection, junction, contact, association. **३.** सम् with ज्ञि, to unite, aff. चञ् ।  
 संज्ञा वया f. (-या) Means of binding together.  
 संज्ञा न. (-ज्ञ) Fraud, trick, cheating, deception. **३.** सम् before ज्ञि to increase, aff. चति; deriv. irr.; also संज्ञत् ।  
 संज्ञात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Near, adjoining, contiguous. 2. Possessing, endowed with, affected by. 3. Connected or acquainted with. 4. Attached to, intent on. 5. Tied or attached. 6. Mixed, confused. **३.** सम् before ज्ञ् to embrace, &c., aff. क् ।  
 संज्ञातयुग mfn. (-गः-गा-नं) Harnessed, yoked. **३.** संज्ञा, and युग a yoke.  
 संज्ञाति f. (-तिः) 1. Proximity, contact. 2. Union, junction. 3. Acquaintance, intimacy, connection with. 4. Devotion or addiction to. 5. Tying, fastening. **३.** सम् before ज्ञ् to embrace or adhere to, aff. क् ।  
 संज्ञातमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Prepared, ready. **३.** सम्, ज्ञ् to go, शानच् aff.  
 संज्ञा f. (-सत् or सद्) 1. An assembly, a meeting. 2. A court of justice. **३.** सम् before ज्ञ् to go, aff. क् ।  
 संज्ञात n. (-तं) 1. Going, proceeding in general. 2. Going well or unobstructedly. 3. The unresisted march of troops. 4. The beginning of war or battle. 5. A high-way, the principal road through a village or town. 6. The world. 7. Birth, the production of living beings. 8. A resting place for passengers near the gates of a city. **३.** सम् together, &c., च to go, aff. क् ।  
 संज्ञाति m. (-तिः) 1. Union, proximity, approximation, contact. 2. Acquaintance, familiarity, intercourse. 3. Co-existence, (in logic.) 4. Sensual attachment. **३.** सम् with, ज्ञ् to go, aff. चञ् ।  
 संज्ञादोष m. (-षः) The fault or evil consequences arising from the society of bad people.  
 संज्ञाभावा m. (-वः) Logical non-existence or annihilation; of three kinds, prior, incidental, and final, or absence of birth or production, destruction of present being, and necessary end or cessation of existence. **३.** संज्ञा, and अभावा non-existence.  
 संज्ञाति n. (-तः) Familiarity, fellowship. **३.** संज्ञातिन्, and त्व added; also with तत्, संज्ञाति ।  
 संज्ञातिन् mfn. (-ति-नि-ति-नि) 1. Familiar, keeping company, acquainted, an acquaintance. 2. United or mixed with, in contact with, &c. **३.** सम् before ज्ञ् to go, aff. चिन् । [to quit, क् ।  
 संज्ञात n. (-नं) 1. Abandoning, leaving. 2. Voiding. **३.** सम् before ज्ञ् संज्ञाति m. (-तिः) 1. An equable or gentle motion, as the creeping of a snake, the gliding of a stream, &c. 2. The intercalary month occurring in a year in which there falls a Kshaya-māsa. **३.** सम् before ज्ञ् to go, aff. चञ् ।  
 संज्ञात n. (-तः) 1. The act of creeping along. 2. An unexpected attack.  
 संज्ञातिन् mfn. (-ति-नि-ति-नि) Flowing, gliding. **३.** सम् intensive prefix, ज्ञ् to go, चिन् aff.  
 संज्ञा m. (-दः) An assembly.  
 संज्ञा m. (-तः) 1. The world, the habitation of mortals. 2. Mundane existence. 3. A succession of births or existences. 4. Transmigration, metempsychosis. 5. Wordly illusion. 6. Secular life. 7. Course, passage. **३.** सम् together, (mankind,) च to go, aff. चञ् । [preceptor.  
 संज्ञातयुग m. (-गः) Karma or love. **३.** संज्ञा the world, युग the spiritual  
 संज्ञातयुग m. (-गः) 1. The vulva. 2. Mundane existence. **३.** संज्ञा the world, (or mankind,) मार्ग a road.

संज्ञाति mfn. (-ति-नि-ति-नि) Worldly, mundane. m. (-तः) An animal or sentient being. **३.** संज्ञा the world, इति aff.  
 संज्ञाति mfn. (-ति-नि-ति-नि) Perfected, fully done or accomplished. **३.** सम् before ज्ञि effected.  
 संज्ञाति f. (-तिः) 1. Nature, disposition, the natural state or quality. 2. Perfection, completion, accomplishment. 3. Final emancipation. 4. A passionate or intoxicated woman. **३.** सम् before ज्ञि completion.  
 संज्ञाति mfn. (-ति-नि-ति-नि) Wishing to unite. **३.** सम् before ज्ञ् to create, desid. व., च aff.  
 संज्ञातिविसाध mfn. (-वः-वि-वि) Wishing or purposing to ridicule; laugh at, &c. **३.** सम् before ज्ञि to smile, desid. व., शानच् aff.  
 संज्ञात n. (-नं) 1. Telling, informing. 2. Reproaching, scolding. 3. Hinting. 4. The act of showing plainly or proving. **३.** सम् before ज्ञ् to inform, क् ।  
 संज्ञाति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Informed, apprised, told. 2. Reproved, scolded. **३.** सम् before ज्ञ् to inform, क् ।  
 संज्ञाति f. (-तिः) 1. The world. 2. Flow, stream, current. 3. Transmigration. **३.** सम् and ज्ञ् to go, क् ।  
 संज्ञाति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. United, joined, connected. 2. Mixed. 3. Re-united, rejoined. 4. Connected as partners or co-partners. 5. Clean-dressed, clad in clean garments. 6. Involved in. 7. Composed. 8. Created. **३.** सम् before ज्ञ् to leave or make, aff. क् ।  
 संज्ञात n. (-तः) Union, association. 2. Re-union. 3. (In law.) The voluntary co-residence or re-union of father and son, or of brothers with each other, after partition of property. **३.** संज्ञा associated, aff. त्व ।  
 संज्ञातयुग mfn. (-गः-वी-गः) Mixed, adulterated. **३.** संज्ञा, and रूप nature.  
 संज्ञाति f. (-तिः) 1. Uniting, combining. 2. Collecting, assembling. 3. Living together in one family. 4. (In rhetoric.) The use of a number of figures in one passage. **३.** सम्, ज्ञ् to make, क् ।  
 संज्ञातिन् m. (-तः) A co-parcener, a brother, whether of whole or half blood, who after the partition of the family-property continues or returns to reside with his father, his paternal uncle, or his other brothers. **३.** संज्ञा united or re-united, and इति aff.  
 संज्ञात n. (-नं) Waiting on, serving. **३.** सम् before ज्ञ् to serve, क् ।  
 संज्ञाति mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Waited on, served, attended. **३.** सम् before ज्ञ् to serve, क् ।  
 संज्ञाति mfn. (-ति-नि-ति-नि) Who or what polishes, completes, initiates, &c. **३.** सम् before क् to make, चञ् aff.  
 संज्ञात m. (-तः) 1. Completing, accomplishing, finishing, perfecting. 2. Apprehension, conception. 3. The power of memory, the faculty of recollection. 4. Faculty in general, one of the twenty-four qualities enumerated by logicians. 5. An essential and purificatory rite or ceremony amongst the Hindus; as those of the three first classes, commencing with conception and ending with marriage; or गर्भाधानं sacrifice on conception; पुंसवनं on vitality in the fetus; सीमन्तोन्नयनं in the fourth, sixth, or eighth month; जातकर्म giving the infant clarified butter out of a golden spoon to taste, before dividing the navel string; नामकरणं naming the child on the tenth, eleventh, twelfth, or hundred and first day; निष्क्रमणं carrying him out to see the moon on the third lunar day of the third light fortnight, or to see the sun in the third or fourth month; चतुर्विंशत्यं feeding him with rice in the sixth or eighth month, or when he has out teeth; ब्रह्मचर्यं tonsure in the second or third year; उपनयनं investiture with the string in the fifth, eighth, or sixteenth year; विवाहः or marriage is the tenth and last Sanskṛta. 5. Embellishment, decoration, elegance. 6. Purity, perfection. 7. Preparing as an article of medicine or food, cooking, dressing, compounding, &c. 8. Purification, consecration. 9. Impression, form, mould. **३.** सम् implying perfection, क् to make, चञ् aff. and सुद् augment.

**संस्कार** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Produced from a purificatory ceremony, &c.  
 ३. संस्कार as above, with the power of the fifth case, ज born.

**संस्कारव्रित्त** m. (-तः) A Brāhman, &c., who has not received the nasal initiatory ceremonies. ३. संस्कार purificatory rite and व्रित्त deprived of; also संस्कारव्रित्त, संस्कारव्रित्त, &c.

**संस्कारहीन** m. (-नः) A man of the three first classes, who has not been invested with the mystic thread, and who has not received the other ceremonies necessary to purification. ३. संस्कार a rite, &c., हीन lost.

**संस्कृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Wrought, made, artificially produced. 2. Excellent, best. 3. Decorated, ornamented. 4. Cooked, dressed. 5. Clean, cleansed. 6. Purified. 7. Finished, perfect, completed. 8. Consecrated. 9. Initiated. m. (-तः) 1. A word regularly formed, a regular derivative. 2. A learned man. 3. A man of the three first classes who have received all the purificatory rites. n. (-तं) 1. Language formed by perfect grammatical rules, the classical and sacred language of the Hindus. 2. Offering oblation. ३. सम् implying completion or perfection, कृत made, and सुट् augment.

**संस्कृतात्मन्** m. (-त्मा) 1. A man who has undergone the initiatory rites. 2. A sage. ३. संस्कृत, and आत्मन् self.

**संस्कृतीति** f. (-तिः) Classical or polished language. ३. संस्कृत, उक्ति speech.  
**संस्कृत** Ind. Having perfected, polished, adorned, &c. ३. सम् before कृ to do, ल्यप् aff.

**संस्कृतिम्** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Perfected, polished. 2. Fabricated, made. ३. सम् before कृ to make, वि aff. and सम् added.

**संस्कारा** f. (-रा) 1. Funeral ceremonies, as burning the dead body, &c. 2. Any purificatory rite : see संस्कार. ३. सम् before क्रिया act, action.

**संस्तब्ध** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) 1. Made firm, rigid, &c. 2. Confirmed, corroborated. 3. Stopped, stayed. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to stop, क्त aff.

**संस्तब्ध** Ind. 1. Having made firm, stable, rigid, &c. 2. Having confirmed or established. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to stop, aff. ल्यप् ।

**संस्तम्भ** m. (-भः) 1. Fixing, making firm, (as a post.) 2. Confirming, establishing. 3. Paralysis, muscular rigidity. 4. Stop, stay. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to stop, घञ् aff.

**संस्तम्भनीय** mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. To be made firm. 2. To be stopped. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to stop, घञोर्द्ध्व् aff.

**संस्तम्भ** m. (-तः) 1. A bed, a couch. 2. A bed made of leaves, &c. 3. Sacrifice. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to spread, aff. घप् । [to praise, अर्द्ध्व् ।

**संस्तम्भ** m. (-तः) 1. Acquaintance, intimacy. 2. Praise. ३. सम् together. ट् ।

**संस्तम्भ** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Eloquent, talking fluently and well. ३. सम् before ट् to praise, आनच् Una'di aff.

**संस्तम्भ** m. (-तः) 1. The place occupied at a sacrifice by the Brāhmins reciting hymns and prayers. 2. Celebrating or hymning in chorus, the repetition of the verses of the Vedas by a number of Brāhmins. ३. सम् together, (in chorus,) ट् to praise, (the gods,) घञ् aff.

**संस्तम्भ** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Intimated, acquainted. 2. Praised, hymned, eulogised. 3. Agreeing together. ३. सम् before ट् to praise, aff. क्त.

**संस्तुति** f. (-तिः) Praise, celebration. ३. सम् before ट् to praise, क्तिन् aff.

**संस्तम्भ** m. (-तः) 1. Assemblage, collection, heap or number. 2. Vicinity, proximity. 3. Spreading, expansion, diffusion. 4. A house. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to crowd, aff. घञ् ।

**संस्तम्भ** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) 1. Staying, stopping, fixed, stationary. 2. Staying with, associated, domesticated. m. (-स्तम्भ) 1. A spy, a secret emissary. 2. A countryman, a neighbour, a person of the same country, &c. 3. A dweller, an inhabitant. f. (-स्तम्भा) 1. Continuance in the right way, correct conduct. 2. State or condition of being, time of life, &c. 3. Occupation, business, profession. 4. Stop, stay. 5. End, completion. 6. Manifestation, appearance. 7. Resemblance, likeness, 8. A sort of sacrifice. 9. Loss, destruction. 10.

Death, dying. 11 Form. 12. An assembly. 13. A royal ordinance. ३. सम् implying completeness, association, &c., and स्तम्भ to stay, aff. क्त or घञ् and टाप् ।

**संस्तम्भ** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Like, resembling. n. (-तं) 1. Form, figure, shape. 2. Death, dying. 3. Fabrication, construction. 4. A place where four roads meet. 5. Any place. 6. A mark, a spot, a sign. 7. A heap, a quantity. 8. Primary formation, the aggregation of the primitive atoms. 9. A vicinity, a neighbourhood, a common place of abode. 10 Configuration. 11. Position, (in Vedānta philosophy.) ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to stay or stand, aff. ल्यट् ।

**संस्तम्भ** n. (-तं) 1. Placing, fixing. 2. Establishing. 3. Collecting. 4. Restraining. f. (-तिः) Restraining, bringing back. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to stay, causal v. aff. ल्यट् ।

**संस्तम्भित** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Placed, fixed, deposited. 2. Established. 3. Accumulated. 4. Controlled, restrained. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to stay, causal v., क्त aff.

**संस्तम्भ** Ind. Having placed. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to stay, causal v., ल्यप् aff.

**संस्तम्भ** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Dead, deceased. 2. Ended, finished. 3. Established, fixed. 4. Staying, stationary. 5. Residing, being in or at. 6. Heaped, collected. 7. Placed in or on. 8. Near or contiguous to. 9. Like, resembling. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to stay, aff. क्त ।

**संस्तम्भ** f. (-तिः) 1. Death, dying. 2. Abode, abiding, being or being stationary. 3. Abiding, being or residing with. 4. Duration, continuance. 5. State or condition, (of life.) 6. Contiguity, connection. 7. Heap, accumulation. 8. Restraint. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to stay, aff. क्त ।

**संस्तम्भ** m. (-जः) 1. Touching, contact, laying hold of. 3. Perception, sense. f. (-तिः) A fragrant plant, commonly Chakawat. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to touch, aff. क्त । [३. संस्तम्भ, ज born.

**संस्तम्भ** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Born or produced by sense, by contact, &c.

**संस्तम्भ** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Touched. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to touch, क्त aff.

**संस्तम्भ** m. (-तः) 1. A rain. 2. A cloud. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to shake, aff. घञ् । [क्त aff.

**संस्तम्भ** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Blossomed, blown. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to blow, क्त aff.

**संस्तम्भ** m. (-तः) War, battle. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to disrespect, aff. घञ् ।

**संस्तम्भ** m. (-तः) War, battle. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to hurt or kill, aff. घञ् ; or with ह aff. संस्तम्भ । [करस्व remembering.

**संस्तम्भ** n. (-तः) Remembering, calling to mind. ३. सम् intensive, and स्तम्भ mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Remembered, called to mind. ३. सम् and स्तम्भ to remember, क्त aff. [remember, aff. क्तिन् ।

**संस्तम्भ** f. (-तिः) Recollection, remembrance. ३. सम् before स्तम्भ to remember, क्त aff.

**संस्तम्भ** m. (-तः) Flowing, oozing. ३. स्तम्भ to go, with सम् prefix and घ aff.

**संहत** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Strong-knit, well-limbed. 2. Compact, close. 3. Joined, attached or approximated to. 4. Closed, shut. 5. Collected, assembled. 6. Struck, hurt, wounded, killed. 7. Acting or making effort together, combining, combined. 8. Closely allied. ३. सम् with, together with, स्तम्भ to hurt or strike, aff. क्त ।

**संहतजानुक** mfn. (-जः-जा-ज) Knock-kneed. ३. संहत approximated, close, and जानु the knee, क्त aff. ; also without the aff. संहतजानु ।

**संहततल** m. (-तः) The two hands open, and the palms brought together. ३. संहत closed, लो to get or be, aff. क्त । [संहत, तल aff.

**संहतता** f. (-ता) Close approximation or contact, &c. : see the next. ३. संहत n. (-तः) 1. Compactness. 2. Combination, &c. 3. Approximation, contact. 4. Union, agreement. ३. संहत and तल aff. ; also with तल, संहतता ।

**संहत** Adj. Knitting the brows.

**संहतल** f. (-नी) A woman with contiguous breasts.

**संहति** f. (-तिः) 1. Assemblage, collection, heap, number, host, multitude, &c. 2. Combination, joint effort. 3. Union, junction. 4. Compactness. 5. Strength. 6. The body. 7. Agreement. ३. सम् together, स्तम्भ to strike or hurt, aff. क्तिन् ।



सङ्घनन n. (-न) 1. The body. 2. Rubbing the limbs. ३. सम् before ङ् to strike or hurt, aff. ङट् ।

सङ्हरण n. (-ण) 1. Collecting, accumulating. 2. Restraining, checking. 3. Taking, seizing. 4. Destroying. ३. सम् before ह् to take, ङट् aff.

सङ्घर्व m. (-र्व) 1. Air, wind. 2. Pleasure, joy. 3. Erection of the hair of the body, either from pleasure, or disease. 4. Envy, emulation. 5 Trituration, rubbing, grinding. ३. सम् before ह्व् to be pleased, or ह्व् to rub, &c., aff. चच् ।

सङ्घर्वयोगिन् mfn. (-गी-गिनी-गि) Joyful, delighted. ३. सङ्घर्व, योगिन् who joins.

सङ्घवन n. (-न) A group of four houses. ३. सम् together ङ् to sacrifice, aff. ङट् ।

संघात m. (-तः) One of the twenty-one hells.

संहार m. (-रः) 1. Destruction, loss. 2. The destruction of the world. 3. A division of Tartarus. 4. Abridgment, abbreviation. 5. Collection, assemblage. 6. Restraining, suppressing. 7. Practice. 8. A fault in pronunciation. 9. Close, end, conclusion. 10. A charm or spell for restraining a magical weapon. ३. सम् together, ह् to take, aff. चञ् ।

संहित mfn. (-तः-ना तं) 1. Attached, joined. 2. Collected, assembled. 3. Placed, fixed. 4. Provided, furnished, equipped. f. (-तः) 1. An arrangement of the text of the Védas into short sentences, regulated when the style is verse by the species of verse, and when prose by the subject, and denominated after the person or persons by whom the arrangement was originally made; it is also sometimes considered as synonymous with a Sa'kha', a branch or school of the Védas of which sixteen are reckoned to the Rig-Ve'da, one hundred and one to the Yajush, one thousand in the Sa'ma, and nine in the Atharvan. 2. A compendium, a collection more or less compressed of laws, legends, &c. 3. (In grammar.) Proximity of two letters without an intermediate pause, Sand'hi or junction, though usually considered rather as the state preparatory to the actual junction than the junction itself. 4. A compilation, a code, a digest. ३. सम् before ष् to have, aff. क ।

संहूति f. (-तिः) Clamour, shout, tumultuous exclamation. ३. सम् together, हूति calling out.

संघत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Seized, laid hold of. 2. Scattered, thrown. 3. Destroyed. 4. Compressed, contracted, abridged. 5. Withdrawn. 6. Curbed, restrained. ३. सम् before ह् to take, aff. क ।

संहति f. (-तिः) 1. Destruction, loss, disappearance. 2. Contraction, abridgment. 3. Taking, seizure. 4. Connection. ३. सम् before ह् to take, क्तिन् aff.

संघट्ट Ind. Having contracted or reduced in bulk. 2. Having abridged, &c. ३. सम्, ह् to take, ल्यप् aff. [tion.]

सङ्घट्ट f. (-ट्ट) 1. Thrilled with joy. 2. Bristling. 3. Fired with emulation. ३. सम् before ह् to sound, चञ् aff.

सङ्घादिन् mfn. (-दी-दिनी-दि) Sounding, making a noise. ३. सम् before ह् to sound, णिनि aff. [ashamed, क्तिन् aff.]

सङ्घीर्ण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Bashful, modest, ashamed. ३. सम्, and ह्री to be shamed. m. (-कः) He, that man. ३. स he, कन् added.

सकट mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) Bad, vile. m. (-टः) A small tree, (Trophis aspera.) ३. स with, कट bad.

सकटान्न n. (-न्न) Impure food. ३. सकट, and अन्न boiled-rice.

सकटक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Thorny, prickly. 2. Troublesome, perilous. m. (-कः) An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria.) ३. स for सम् like or with, कटक a thorn.

सकर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) 1. Bearing or returning tax or toll. 2. Having rays, &c. ३. स with, कर tax, &c. [passion.]

सकरव mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) Tender, compassionate. ३. स with, करव compassion.

सकृत् mfn. (-वः-वा-वं) 1. Having ears. 2. Hearing, listening. ३. स for हृत् with, कर्ण the ear,

सकर्मन् mfn. (-र्मा-र्मा-र्मं) 1. Performing any act or rite. 2. Following similar business. ३. स with or same, कर्म act. [act, कन् added.]

सकर्मक m. (-कः) (In grammar,) The transitive verb. ३. स with, कर्म act.

सकल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) All, whole, entire. f. (-लः) 1. Together with a part. 2. Entire. 3. With all the digits, full, (as the moon.) 4. Having a soft or low sound. ३. स with, कल a part, चच् aff.

सकालीन m. (-नः) One of the twenty-one hells. [wish, satisfied.]

सकाम f. (-मा) 1. Full of love. 2. Lustful. 3. One who has obtained his wish. It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of :—1. With pleasure. 2. Contentedly. 3. Assuredly. 4. Indeed.

सकारण mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Having a cause, originating from a cause. ३. स with, कारण cause. [time]

सकाल n. Adv. (-लं) Betimes, early in the morning. ३. स with, काल

सकाम f. (-मा) Having visibility. m. (-यः) Presence, nearness.

सकुल Adj. Having the same womb, uterine, (as a brother.)

सकुल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Belonging to a noble family. 2. Belonging to the same family. m. (-लः) 1. A Kinsman. 2. A sort of fish; also शकुल. ३. स with, कुल a family.

सकुल m. (-लः) 1. A kinsman, one of the same family name and common origin; see समीक. 2. A distant kinsman or relation; one who shares a divided oblation, as the grandson's grandson or other descendants as far as three degrees from him, or the offspring of the grandfather's grandfather or other remoter ancestor. ३. स same, कुल of family: some authorities extend the name of Sakulya to the tenth descendant.

सकृत् m. (-कृत्) Feces, ordure: more usually, शकृत्. Ind. 1. Once. 2. With, together with. 3. Always. 4. Formerly. ३. सकृत् substituted for एक one.

सकृत्तमं f. (-मं) A mule.

सकृत्प्रज m. (-जः) A crow. ३. सकृत् once, प्रज progeny.

सकोप mfn. (-पः-पा-वं) Angry, displeased. ३. स with, कोप wrath.

सक्त mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Attached, joined, in contact with. 2. Diligent, attentive, intent. 3. Devoted or addicted to. ३. चच् to embrace or adhere to, aff. क्तिन् ।

सक्ति f. (-क्तिः) 1. Contact, union, junction, cohesion. 2. Devotion or addiction to. ३. चच् to embrace or adhere to, aff. क्तिन् ।

सक्त m. Plu. (-क्तः) The flour fried and then ground. ३. चच् to moisten, Una'di aff. सुन्; also read शक्त.

सक्तक m. (-कः) A species of poison. ३. कन् added to the preceding.

सक्तफला f. (-ला) The S'ami tree, (Mimosa suma, Rox.) ३. सक्त, barley-meal, and फल fruit; of a similar white colour; also सक्तफली ।

सक्थि n. (-क्थि) 1. The thigh. 2. Part of the frame of a cart. 3. A bone. In compound सक्थि is changed to सक्थ after उत्तर, पूर्व, धन, or a word denoting an object with which it is compared. ३. चच् to unite, Una'di aff. क्थिन् ।

सक्थि f. (-थि) Having leisure.

सखि m. (सखा) 1. A friend. 2. An associate, a companion. f. (-खी) A woman's female friend or companion, a confidante, &c. ३. स for समान all, (the world,) ख्या to celebrate, aff. चच्, and खी fem. aff.; the masc. noun is irregularly inflected. At the end of compounds सखि is changed to सख ।

सखिल n. (-लः) Friendship, ३. सखि a friend, and ल aff.; also सखिला ।

सखीजन n. (-नः) A female friend or confidante. ३. सखी, जन a person.

सख्य n. (-ख्यः) 1. Friendship. 2. Equality. m. (-ख्यः) A friend. ३. सखि a friend, चच् aff. of the property or pleonasm.

सन्, (ए) सन् १. 1st cl. (सगति) To cover; also वन् ।

सन्ध mfn. (-न्धः-न्धा-न्धं) 1. Fragrant, odoriferous. 2. Proud. m. (-न्धः) A relation, a co-heir. ३. स for सम् same, like, and धन् connection; or स with, गन्ध smell, scent.

सगर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Poisonous. m. (-रः) A sovereign of Ayodhya.

the father of ASAMANJA by Ka's'INI', and sixty-thousand sons by SUMATI : the latter being turned into a heap of ashes by the sage KAPILA. GARUDA instructed the king to perform their funeral ceremonies with the waters of Ganga', to be brought from heaven for that purpose ; this was finally accomplished by the devotion of BHAGIRATHA, the great-grandson of ASAMANJA, who having led the river to the sea,denominated it Sa'gara, in honour of his ancestor. **स** for सह with गर poison ; being born together with a poison given to his mother by the other wife of his father.

**सहर्ष** m. (-र्षः) A brother by the same father and mother. **स** for सहान the same, and गर्भं embryo.

**सहस्र** m. (-स्रः) A brother of whole blood, one by the same father and mother. **स** for सहान same, गर्भं embryo, यत् aff.

**सहस्रं** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) 1. Proud. 2. Flated. **स** with, गर्व्यं pride.

**सहस्र** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) 1. Having or endowed with properties, qualities, &c. 2. Worldly. 3. Having a string, (as a bow.) **स** with, गुण a quality.

**सहो** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) Being of one family, of kin, related. m. (-स्रः) 1. A distant kinsman. 2. A kinsman of the same family-name, or one sprung from a common ancestor ; one connected by funeral oblations of food and water. n. (-स्रः) A family, a race or lineage. **स** for सहान like, common, and गीत family.

**सह्य** f. (-स्रः) Eating together. **स** for सम् with, च्छ् to eat, क्तिष् aff. ; च्छ् is substituted for the root, the स rejected, च changed to य ।

**सह** r 5th cl. (सहोति) To hurt, to kill ; also च्छ् ।

**सहट** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) 1. Narrow, contracted. 2. Crowded. 3. Impassable, impervious. n. (-स्रः) 1. Difficulty, trouble. 2. A defile, a pass. **स** before कटच् aff.

**सहटाच** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) Winking, leering m. (-स्रः) A tree, (Grislea tomentosa.) **स** सहट contracted, च्छ् the eye.

**सहवा** f. (-स्रः) Conversation, discourse, talking together. **स** सम् together, कदा speech ; also सहयत्, &c.

**सहर** m. (-स्रः) 1. Mixing, blending, confounding. 2. A mixed caste or race, one proceeding from the promiscuous intercourse of the four tribes in the first instance, and again from their commerce with the descendants of such a connection, or the indiscriminate cohabitation of those descendants amongst one another ; most Hindus of the present age are of one of the many branches of this race, the highest of which is impure and inferior to the Sudra : under this term two kinds of men are included according to the Ra'm'anya ; the one denominated यानिसहर, mixed or degraded by birth and the other चाचारसहर degraded by conduct. 3. The mixing together of two or more dependent figures of speech in the same passage. 4. Dust, sweepings. 5. The crackling of flame. f. (-स्रः) A new bride. **स** सम् before ह्रृ to scatter, or ह्रृ to make, aff. च्छ् ।

**सहरीकर** n. (-स्रः) 1. Reducing to the state of the mixed or outcaste tribes, causing loss of caste. 2. Blending, mixing. 3. Confusion, either in kind, number, arrangement. **स** सहर a mixed-race, च्छ् augment, करच् doing. [**स** सहर, and ह्रृ made, च्छ् augment.

**सहरीकृत** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) 1. Blended, mixed, confused. 2. Outcaste.

**सहस्य** n. (-स्रः) 1. Attracting, drawing. 2. Ploughing, making furrows, &c. m. (-स्रः) BALADE'VA. **स** सम् before ह्रृ to plough, &c., aff. युच् or छ् ट्. As applied to the demi-god it refers to his removal in embryo from the womb of De'vaki' to that of Roms'i'.

**सहस्य** m. (-स्रः) 1. Collection, quantity. 2. Addition. **स** सम् together, ह्रृ to number, aff. च्छ् ।

**सहस्य** ni. (-स्रः-स्रः) 1. Contact, junction. 2. Blending, clinging, twining, intermixture. 3. Heaping as corn, &c. n. (-स्रः) Addition, (in arithmetic.) **स** सम् with or like, कल् to number, aff. युच् or छ् ट् ।

**सहसा** Aptote. Killing, slaughter.

**सहसित** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) 1. Heaped, piled, arranged. 2. Brought in contact, blended, intermixed. 3. Laid hold of. 4. Added. n. (-स्रः) Addition, (in arithmetic.) **स** सम् before कल् to number, aff. क ।

**सहस्य** m. (-स्रः) 1. Volition, will, resolve, mental determination. 2. A solemn vow or declaration of purpose. 3. Expectation of desired consequences from any voluntary act. **स** सम् before ह्रृ to be able, aff. च्छ्, and the र changed to ल ।

**सहस्यत्र** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) Born of or proceeding from the hope or expectation of advantage. m. (-स्रः) KA'MA or love. **स** सहस्य, and ज born ; also सहस्यत्रयन्, &c.

**सहस्यत्रयन्** m. (-स्रः) KA'MADE'VA. **स** सहस्य volition, and जन्मन् birth.

**सहस्यभव** m. (-स्रः) KA'MA. **स** सहस्य will, जन्म born. [of birth.]

**सहस्ययोनि** m. (-स्रः) KA'MA, the deity of love. **स** सहस्य will, योनि place

**सहस्यरूप** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) Of the nature of or conformable to the will or purpose. **स** सहस्य, and रूप form.

**सहस्यसम्भव** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) Produced from or arising out of the hope or desire of advantage. m. (-स्रः) Love or KA'MA. **स** सहस्य, सम्भव birth.

**सहस्यसक** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) Willing, resolving, referring to volition. **स** सहस्य, चासक one with.

**सहस्यित** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) Proposed, sought as the result of any act. **स** सहस्य, इतच् aff.

**सहस्यक** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) 1. Unsteady, fickle, changeable. 2. Uncertain, doubtful. 3. Weak, feeble. 4. Bad, wicked. **स** सम् before कम् to go, Unádi aff. जकन् ।

**सहस्र** m. (-स्रः) 1. Dust, sweepings. 2. The crackling of flame. f. (-स्रः) A girl recently deflowered, a new bride, &c. **स** सम्, ह्रृ to make, च्छ् aff.

**सहस्रा** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) 1. Like, similar, (in composition.) 2. Near. m. (-स्रः) Appearance, presence. **स** सम् before काश्च to shine, aff. च्छ् ।

**सहस्र** m. (-स्रः) A burning torch, a fire-brand. **स** सम् before किल् to be white, aff. क ।

**सहस्यं** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) 1. Crowded, confused. 2. Miscellaneous. 3. Impure. 4. Mixed. 5. Of mixed and consequently impure origin or caste. 6. Contracted, narrow. 7. Spread, diffused. 8. Scattered. 9. Indistinct, confused, (as a writing.) m. (-स्रः) 1. A man of a mixed caste. 2. A mixed mode or note, (in music.) 3. An elephant in int. n. (-स्रः) 1. An enemy. 2. A difficulty. **स** सम् before कृ to scatter, aff. क ।

**सहस्यंचारिन्** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) Wandering about, going in to all sorts of places. **स** सहस्यं, चारिन् who goes.

**सहस्यंयोनि** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) 1. Of mixed or impure origin. 2. Of a mongrel breed, (as a mule.) **स** सहस्यं, योनि place of birth.

**सहस्यंन** nf. (-स्रः-स्रः) 1. Celebrating, praising, honour, glorification. 2. Singing the praise of a deity. **स** सम् before कृ to praise, aff. यच् ।

**सहस्यंनित** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) Praise, renowned, celebrated. **स** सम् intensive, ह्रृत् to praise, aff. क ।

**सह** m. (-स्रः) A hole.

**सहस्यित** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) 1. Unblown, unopened. 2. Closed, shut. 3. Narrowed, contracted. **स** सम् before कृच् to contract, aff. क ।

**सहस्य** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रः-स्रः) 1. Crowded, confused, filled with so as to be impervious. n. (-स्रः) 1. Inconsistent and contradictory speech. 2. War. 3. A crowd, a mob. 4. A flock, a flight. **स** सम् together, कृच् to accumulate, aff. क ।

**सहस्य** f. (-स्रः) A from of metre, a stanza of four lines, of 24 syllables each. **स** सम् complete, कृत् a metre.

**सहस्य** r. 10th cl. (सहस्ययति) 1. To call or invite. 2. To counsel or advise. 3. To fix or appoint a time.

**सहस्य** m. (-स्रः) 1. Engagement, agreement, appointment, convention. 2. Condition, provision, the circumstances under which any thing is necessarily or naturally effected. 3. Sign, gesture, gesticulation.

4. A short explanatory rule, (in gram.) n. (-त्) Rendezvous. **सङ्गित** to appoint a time, &c., aff. चञ्; or सञ् + क्तित-चञ्।
- सङ्गतक** m. (-कः) 1. Rendezvous. 2. Convention. 3. Appointment. 4. A lover or mistress who meets by assignation.
- सङ्गितस्थान** n. (-नं) Place of assignation. **सङ्गित**, and स्थान place.
- सङ्गोच** m. (-चः) 1. Shutting, closing, contracting, contraction. 2. Binding, tying. 3. Abridgment, diminution. 4. Terror, fear. 5. A sort of fish, a scate, (Raja Saneura, HAM.) n. (-चं) Saffron. **सम्** before कृच् to contract, aff. चञ्।
- सङ्गोचन** n. (-नं) Astringing, causing to shrink or close. **सम्**, कृच् to contract, causal v., ल्यट् aff. [ल्यट्।]
- सङ्गुदन** m. (-नः) INDRA. **सम्** before कृटि to cry out, causal form, aff. ल्यट्।
- सङ्गुन** mn. (सः-सं) 1. Difficult progress, clambering up rocks, fording torrents, making way through almost impervious or inaccessible passes, &c. 2. The means of effecting such a passage, a causeway a bridge, &c. m. (-सः) 1. Going, moving, travelling. 2. The passage of a planetary body through the zodiac. 3. Passage from one point to another, traversing, transit, transition. 4. Concurrence. **सम्** before क्रम् to go, aff. चञ्।
- सङ्गुण** n. (-णं) 1. Going from or to, passage, transition. 2. Going with, concurrence. 3. The sun's passage from one sign of the zodiac to another. 4. The first day of the summer solstice. 5. A certain class of problems, (in algebra.) **सम्**, and क्रम् to go, ल्यट् aff.: see the last.
- सङ्गुमिह** mfn. (-ता-ती-हः) Who goes or proceeds, who or what passes from one to another. **सम्**, क्रम् to go, लृच् aff.
- सङ्गुन** mfn. (-ता-ता-नः) 1. Passed, gone from one to another, transferred, &c. 2. Entered, (into a new sign.) 3. Depicted, imaged, reflected. **सम्** before क्रम् to go, aff. क्र।
- सङ्गुन** f. (-नः) 1. The actual passage of the sun or other planetary bodies from one sign of the zodiac into another. 2. Passage in general, proceeding from one time or condition or life to another, from one place to another, &c. 3. Going, proceeding in general. 4. Meeting together, union. 5. Transference, imparting. 6. The power of teaching or transference. 7. Imitation, reflection. **सम्** before क्रम् to go, aff. क्रिन्।
- सङ्गुम** m. (-सः) 1. Difficult progress or passage over steep rocks, through narrow defiles, &c. 2. A bridge of ropes, &c.; see सङ्गुन. **सम्** before क्रम् to go, aff. चञ्।
- सङ्गुडन** n. (-णं) Sporting, playing. **सम्** before क्रीड् to play, ल्यट् aff.
- सङ्गुडन** mfn. (-णः-णा-णं) Sporting, playing. **सम्** before क्रीड् to play, शानच् aff.
- सङ्गुह** mfn. (-हः-हा-हः) Violent, enraged. **सम्**, and क्रुह् angry.
- सङ्गुह** m. (-हः) 1. The fluid secretion which is supposed to form upon conception, and to be the rudiment of the fetus. 2. Moisture, wet, damp. **सम्** together, and क्रुह् moisture.
- सङ्गुय** m. (-यः) 1. The destruction of the world. 2. Loss, destruction in general. 3. End. **सम्** completely, चि to perish, aff. चञ्।
- सङ्गुय** mfn. (सः-या-यं) 1. Abridged, abbreviated, concise, compressed. 2. Small, compact. 3. Thrown. 4. Sent. 5. Taken from or away, seized. **सम्** before चिप् to throw or send, aff. क्र।
- सङ्गुयि** f. (-यिः) 1. Abridgment. 2. Throwing. 3. Sending. 4. Ambuscade. 5. Transition from one feeling to another. **सम्**, चिप् to throw, क्रिन् aff. [to washt, शानच् aff.]
- सङ्गुयमाण** mfn. (णः-या-णं) Perishing being destroyed. **सम्** before चि to throw or send, aff. चञ्।
- सङ्गुय** m. (-यः) 1. Abridgment, abbreviation, conciseness, compression. 2. Sending. 3. Throwing. 4. Taking away. 5. Assisting in another's duty. **सम्** before चिप् to throw or send aff. चञ्।
- सङ्गुयण** n. (-णं) 1. Abridgment, brevity. 2. Sending. 3. Throwing. 4. Taking away. **सम्** before चिप् to throw or send, aff. ल्यट्।

- सङ्गुय** m. (-यः) 1. Overturning, upsetting. 2. Shaking, trembling, agitation. 3. Pride, arrogance. **सम्** before कृच् to tremble, aff. चञ्।
- सङ्गुय** mfn. (-नः-ना-नः) 1. Whetting, sharpening. 2. Inflaming, exciting. **सम्** before कृच् to sharpen, शानच् aff.
- सङ्गुय** n. (-ङ्गुयः) War, battle. f. (-ङ्गुयः) 1. Number in general, or a number a numeral. 2. Deliberation, reasoning, reflection. 3. Intellect, understanding. 4. Manner. 5. Enumeration. **सम्** before कृच् substituted for चञ् to speak well, affs. चञ् and टाप्।
- सङ्गुय** f. (-ता) Number, numeration, counting. **सम्** added to the last, also with ल, सङ्गुयत्।
- सङ्गुय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Numbered, counted, reckoned. n. (-तं) A number. f. (-ता) A kind of riddle or enigma. **सम्** before कृच् to tell, aff. क्र। [tell, aff. कृट्।]
- सङ्गुय** n. (-चं) Numbering, numeration, reckoning. **सम्** before कृच् to tell, aff. क्र।
- सङ्गुय** mfn. (यन्-यती-यत्) 1. Having or being possessed of number, numbered. 2. Intelligent, discriminating. m. (-यान्) A learned Brahman, a Pan'dit. **सङ्गुय** number, &c., सन्तुप् poss. aff.
- सङ्गुय** mfn. (-यः-यो-यं) Numerable, to be counted or numbered. **सङ्गुय** a number, यन् aff.
- सङ्गुय** m. (-ङ्गुयः) 1. Meeting, encountering. 2. Association, intercourse, friendship. 3. Joining, uniting. 4. Desire, wish, cupidity. 5. Abjection or devotion to. 6. Confluence of rivers. 7. Contact, touch. 8. Worldly attachment. **सम्** together, गम् to go, aff. ड; or पङ्; embrace, चञ् aff.
- सङ्गुय** f. (-का) Incomparable or unequalled discourse. **सम्** before गम् to count, aff. चञ्।
- सङ्गुय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Apposite, proper, (as speech.) 2. Mixed, mingled. 3. Met, encountered. 4. Collected, accumulated. 5. In conjunction (of planets.) f. (-ता) 1. Convened, met. 2. Joined. 3. United, wedlock. 4. Adapted. 5. Contracted, shrunk up n. (-तं) 1. Friendship, acquaintance. 2. Union, meeting. 3. Alliance. 4. A constant speech. **सम्**, गत gone.
- सङ्गुयि** f. (-यिः) 1. Meeting, union, mixture. 2. Knowledge. 3. Association, intercourse. 4. Frequenting, going to. 5. Accidental meeting. 6. Relation, applicability, connection. 7. Questioning for continued or further information. **सम्** together, गत going.
- सङ्गुय** m. (-सः) 1. Meeting, union, mixture, junction, the encounter of persons, the association of friends or lovers, the confluence of rivers, the fitness or adaptation of two things to each other, &c. 2. (In astronomy,) Planetary conjunction. 3. Touch, contact. 4. Society, company. 5. Sexual intercourse. 6. Fitness, adaptation. **सम्** together, like, suitably, गम् going; see also सङ्गुय, सङ्गुय, सङ्गुय, &c.
- सङ्गुय** m. (-रः) 1. War, battle. 2. Misfortune, calamity. 3. Promise, assent, agreement. 4. A bargain, a transaction of sale. 5. Poison. 6. Knowledge. 7. Acceptance. n. (-रः) The fruit of the Sāmi tree. **सम्** before ग् to swallow, aff. चप्। [सङ्गुय, रहित free from]
- सङ्गुय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Indifferent, stoical, free from attachment. **सङ्गुय** m. (-रः) A name of the three MUHUR'TAS after early dawn, (forming the second watch of the day.) [सङ्गुय, वसन्त abandoned]
- सङ्गुय** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Free from worldly attachments or affection. **सङ्गुय** f. (-यिः) 1. Separation from, or dissolution of worldly affection. 2. Disunion. **सङ्गुय**, and विच्युति separation.
- सङ्गुय** mfn. (-ङ्गुय-ङ्गुय-ङ्गुयः) 1. Uniting with, going to or with, attached. 2. Devoted or addicted to, intent on. 3. Libidinous, lustful, desirous. **सङ्गुय** union, इति aff. [इति]
- सङ्गुय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Promising. **सम्** before ग् to speak, शानच्।
- सङ्गुय** n. (-तं) 1. The exhibition of song, dancing, and music, as a public entertainment. 2. The art or science of singing accompanied by music and dancing. 3. Chorus. f. (-ता) Sung in chorus or harmony. **सम्** together, and गत sung.

**सङ्गीतक** n. (-क) 1. Concert, symphony. 2. A public entertainment consisting of songs, dancing and music.

**सङ्गीताय** m. (-यः) 1. The apparatus or materials for a concert. 2. The subject of a musical performance.

**सङ्गीति** f. (-तिः) 1. Conversation, discourse. 2. The science of music and dancing. 3. Concert, harmony. **सम्** together, **ग** or **ग** to sing, **किन्** aff. [क]

**सङ्गीतम्** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Promised, agreed. **सम्** before **ग** to speak, aff.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Hidden, concealed. m. (-तः) A Budd'ha or Baud'd'ha saint. **सम्** before **ग** to hide.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Heaped, piled, arranged. 2. United, joined, brought in contact. 3. Contracted, abridged. **सम्** before **ग** to hide, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Taken, accepted, seized. 2. Assented to. **सम्** before **ग** to take, **क** aff.

**सङ्गीत** n. (-तः) Hiding, concealment. **सम्** before **ग** to hide, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) 1. A compilation and abridgment. 2. A catalogue, a list or summary. 3. Quantity, collection. 4. Restraining, confining. 5. Taking, seizing. 6. Propitiating, pleasing, attaching. 7. Protecting, guarding. 8. A place where anything is kept. 9. Assent, promise. 10. Elevation, loftiness. 11. Velocity. 12. Clenching the fist. 13. Effort, exertion. 14. Reception, admission. 15. Conjunction, conglomeration. 16. Agglomeration. 17. Sum, amount. 18. Mention. 19. Accumulation, hoarding up. 20. An epithet of S'iva. **सम्** before **ग** to take, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** n. (-तः) 1. Taking, accepting, seizing. 2. Sexual intercourse. 3. Hope. 4. Collecting. 5. Compiling. 6. Encasing. 7. Adultery. f. (-तः) Diarrhoea, dysentery. **सम्** before **ग** to take, and **क** aff.

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) War, battle. **सम्** before **ग** to fight, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) A large military drum. **सम्** before **ग** to fight, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) 1. Laying hold of forcibly, seizing, gripping. 2. The fist. 3. Clenching the fist. 4. The grips of a shield. **सम्** before **ग** to seize, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** n. (-तः) 1. Flock, multitude, number, a collection of living beings either of the same or different species. 2. A heap, a quantity in general. 3. A number of people living together. **सम्** before **ग** to kill or hurt, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) A fish in general. **सम्** a shoal, **च** to go, **विनि** aff.

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) A hired porter or labourer, a colly. **सम्** a crowd, and **जीविन्** who lives.

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) 1. Clash, shock, collision. 2. Friction, rubbing together. 3. Meeting, encounter. 4. Embracing. f. (-तः) A large creeper. **सम्** before **ग** to go, affs. **क** and **क**।

**सङ्गीत** aff. (-तः) 1. Meeting, encountering, occurrence. 2. Union, junction, contact, cohesion. 3. Close contact, cleaving or adhering to, the intertwining of wrestlers, the embraces of lovers, &c. 4. Friction, rubbing together. **सम्** before **ग** to move, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) 1. Envy, emulation, rivalry, vying or contending for superiority. 2. Trituration, rubbing, grinding. 3. Collision. 4. Going gently, gliding, flowing. **सम्** before **ग** to rub, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** Ind. Collectively, altogether, in flocks. **सम्** and **जनि** aff.

**सङ्गीत** f. (-तः) 1. A bowl, a procreant. 2. A pair, a couple. 3. Smell. 4. An aquatic plant, (*Trapa bispinosa*.) **सम्** before **ग** to unite, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) 1. Assemblage, multitude, heap, quantity. 2. Association, combination. 3. Composition of words, formation of compound terms. 4. Killing, striking, hurting. 5. Phlegm. 6. A particular mode of walking in dramatic representation. 7. A vision of Tartarus. **सम्** before **ग** to strike or kill, **क** aff.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Having or connected with many, a heap, &c. **सम्** before **ग** to connect, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Resonant, resounding. m. (-तः) Sound, cry, noise. **सम्** before **ग** to sound, aff. **क** : also optionally with the augment **ह**, **सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः)।

**सङ्गीत** Ind. Alarming, timorously, in a startled manner.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) All whether animate or inanimate. **सम्** with **चर** moving, **चर** stationary.

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) 1. Friendship, intimacy, connection. 2. A friend. f. (-तः) The wife of Indra. **सम्** to be connected, aff. **क** and **क** optionally added; also **जनि** and **जनी**। [कन aff.]

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Blind-eyed. **सम्** for **सङ्गीत** with, **विनि** a bad eye, **सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) 1. A friend, a companion, an associate. 2. A minister, a counsellor. **सम्** friendship, **ग** to go or get, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Rational. 2. Conscious, sensible. **सम्** with, **चेतन** intellect.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Conscious, reflective, understanding. **सम्** with, **चेतन** intellect.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Clothed, dressed. **सम्** with, **चेतन** clothes.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Active, making effort. m. (-तः) The mango-tree, (*Mangifera Indica*.) **सम्** with, **चेतन** effort.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Honest, upright. 2. Virtuous. n. (-तः) Good conduct. **सम्** good, **चरित** conduct.

**सङ्गीत** f. (-तः) Turmeric.

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) Intellect, intellectual part or portion. **सम्** being, **चित्** intellect, and **चय** part.

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) The soul which consists of entity and thought.

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) 1. Brahma, or the Supreme Spirit. 2. Entity, knowledge and joy. **सम्** being present, **चित्** intellect, and **चय** happiness; the external source of wisdom and happiness.

**सङ्गीत** m. (-तः) A Sudra, who has gone through the same ceremonies as the other classes, which though not directed by and in accordance with the law, is in some places customary. **सम्** pure, and **क** a Sudra.

**सङ्गीत** f. (-तः) Having men or living beings. m. (-तः) A kinsman.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Muddy, clayed. **सम्** for **सङ्गीत** with, **जल** mud.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Watery, wet. **सम्** with, **जल** water.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Of the same sort or species, of the same tribe, &c. 2. Like, similar. m. (-तः) The son of a man and woman of the same caste. **सम्** for **समान** same, and **जाति** species.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Descended from parents of the same tribe or caste. 2. Of the same tribe. 3. Of the same species. 4. Like, similar. **सम्** for **समान** same, **जाति** sort, kind, and **क** aff.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) Associated, an associate or companion. 2. Living, attached. m. (nom. **सङ्गीतः**, **सङ्गीतः**, **सङ्गीतः**) A companion. Ind. (-तः) With, together with. **सम्** with **जन्** to please, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Armed, accoutred. 2. Fortified. 3. Prepared, got ready. 4. Ornamented, decorated. 5. Covered, clothed. f. (-तः) 1. Dress, decoration. 2. Armour, mail. **सम्** to go, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Of good family, well born. 2. Respectable, reputable. 3. Good, virtuous. 4. Arming, putting on armour. 5. Dressing, preparing. n. (-तः) 1. A guard, a sentry, a picket. 2. A ferry, a Ghat. 3. Fastening. 4. Preparing. 5. Dressing. f. (-तः) 1. Comparing an elephant. 2. Dress, decoration. 3. Arming, accoutring. **सम्** to go, aff. **क**।

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Arming. 2. Dressing. 3. Getting ready, preparing. 4. Hesitating, (in speech). **सम्** to go, **शानच्** aff.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Armed, accoutred. 2. Dressed, decorated, ornamented. 3. Prepared, mailed. **सम्** armour, **दत्त** aff.

**सङ्गीत** mfn. (-तः-तः-तः) 1. Arming, accoutring, preparing, decorating. **सम्** armour, and **करण** making, **वि** augment.

**सज्जीकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Armed, adorned, prepared, decorated. **इ. सञ्ज** and **कृत** made, **चि** augment. [come, **चि** augment.]

**सज्जीभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Armed, prepared, decorated. **इ. सञ्ज**, **भूत** be-

**सञ्ज** mfn. (-ञ्जः-ञ्या-ञ्य) Strung, (as a bow,) having a bow-string. **इ. स** with, **ञ्या** a bow-string.

**सञ्जर** m. (-रः) 1. Heat, fever. 2. Wrath, indignation.

**सञ्ज** m. (-ञ्जः) A collection of leaves for writing. **इ. सञ्ज** + **चि**-ड।

**सञ्जकित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Afraid, timid. **इ. सञ्ज**, and **कित** timid.

**सञ्जत** n. (-ञ्जत्) Cheating, juggling. **इ. सञ्ज** together, **चि** to collect, **अति** Una'di aff. and the radical vowel rejected.

**सञ्जय** m. (-यः) 1. Heap, quantity, number, multitude. 2. Gathering. **इ. सञ्ज** together, **चि** to collect, aff. **अच्**।

**सञ्जयन** n. (-नः) 1. Collecting, gathering. 2. Collecting the ashes or bones of a body which has been burnt. **इ. सञ्ज** together, **चि** to collect, aff. **छुट्**। [चिनुण् aff.]

**सञ्चयिन्** mfn. (-यी-यिनी-यि) Who or what collects. **इ. सञ्च**, **चि** to collect,

**सञ्चर** m. (-रः) A defile, any narrow or difficult pass, a road along the edge of a mountain, or a bridge over a 'mountain-stream, &c. 2. Difficult passage, travelling along almost impracticable routes. 3. A road, a way. 4. The body. 5. Killing. 6. The passage of a planet from one sign of the zodiac to another. **इ. सञ्च** before **चर्** to go, aff. **चञ्**; also **सञ्चर**।

**सञ्चरण** n. (-णः) Going, motion.

**सञ्चलन** nf. (-नं-ना) Trembling, shaking. **इ. सञ्च** before **चञ्** to go, **युच्** aff.

**सञ्चान** m. (-नः) A bird, a hawk.

**सञ्चाथ** m. (-थः) A particular sacrifice, at which the juice of the acid Aesclepias is drank. **इ. सञ्च** together, **चि** to collect, participial aff. **अत्**, form irr., **चाथ** being substituted for the regular change: see **सञ्चय**।

**सञ्चार** m. (-रः) 1. Difficult progress. 2. Difficulty, distress. 3. Leading, guiding. 4. Inciting. 5. Impelling, setting in motion. 6. Contagion, communication or transmission of disease. 7. Course, transition. 8. A gem supposed to be found in the head of a serpent. 9. A way, a pass. **इ. सञ्च** before **चर्** to go, aff. **चञ्**; see **सञ्चर**; or **सञ्च** and **चर्** to go, causal v., **अच्** aff.

**सञ्चारक** m. (-कः) 1. A leader, a guide. 2. An instigator. 3. An orator. **इ. सञ्च**, **चर्** to go, causal v., **छुट्** aff.

**सञ्चारजौविन्** mfn. (-वी-विनी-वि) Indigent, distressed, calamitous in want of aid or protection. **इ. सञ्चार** difficulty, and **जौविन्** living.

**सञ्चारण** n. (-णः) 1. Leading, guiding. 2. Impelling, instigating. 3. Moving, setting in motion. **इ. सञ्च** before **चर्** to go, causal v., **छुट्** aff.

**सञ्चारिका** f. (-का) 1. A female messenger or go-between. 2. A bawd. 3. A braco, a pair. 4. Smell. **इ. सञ्च** before **चर्** to go, **छुट्** aff.

**सञ्चारित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Led, guided. 2. Driven, impelled. 3. Set in motion, moved. 4. Communicated, (as disease.) **इ. सञ्च** before **चर्** to go, causal v., **अच्** aff.

**सञ्चारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) 1. Fickle, changeable, not permanent. 2. Moving, going. 3. Difficult, inaccessible. 4. Moving, putting in motion. 5. Transmitted, hereditary, (as disease.) 6. Contagious. m. (-री) 1. Incense. 2. A division of the Bhāvas, the same as the **अभिचारिन्**, q. v. or the reverse of the **स्थायिन्** or fixed and steady sentiments. 3. An evanescent feeling which strengthens the pervading sentiments. 4. Air, wind. **इ. सञ्च** before **चर्** to go, **विनि** aff.

**सञ्चित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Assembled, accumulated, collected, gathered. 2. Enumerated. 3. Full of, provided with. 4. Obstructed. 5. Dense, thick, (as a wood.) **इ. सञ्च**, **चि** to collect, **अच्** aff.

**सञ्चिति** f. (-तिः) A collection.

**सञ्चिता** f. (-ता) A plant, (Salvaina cucullata.) **इ. सञ्च** completely, **चि** variegated.

**सञ्चिन्तन** n. (-नं) Considering, reflecting. **इ. सञ्च** before **चि** to think, **छुट्** aff. [अच् aff.]

**सञ्चिन्तित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Deliberated, weighed. **इ. सञ्च**, **चि** to think,

**सञ्चिन्त्य** Ind. Having considered, reflected, thoughtful. **इ. सञ्च**, **चि** to think, **छुट्** aff. [grind, **छुट्** aff.]

**सञ्चूर्णन** n. (-नः) Breaking to pieces, reducing to powder. **इ. सञ्च**, **चूर्ण** to

**सञ्चूर्णित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Cut or broken to pieces, pulverised, comminuted. **इ. सञ्च** before **चूर्ण** to pound, **अच्** aff. [gather, **अच्** aff.]

**सञ्चये** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be collected or accumulated. **इ. सञ्च**, **चि** to

**सञ्चोदित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Ordered, commanded. **इ. सञ्च**, and **चोदित** ordered,

**सञ्चन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नं) Covered. **इ. सञ्च** completely, and **चन्न** covered.

**सञ्चिन्न** mfn. (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नं) 1. Cut, cut off. 2. Dissipated, removed. **इ. सञ्च** before **चि** to cut, **अच्** aff.

**सञ्चर** 1st cl. (सञ्चरति) To go or move: see **चञ्**।

**सञ्च** m. (-ञ्चः) 1. BRAHMA. 2. S'IVA. f. (-ञ्चा) A she-goat. **इ. सञ्च** uniformly, all (mankind), **जन्** to be born, (or created by whom,) and **अच्** aff.

**सञ्चनन** n. (-नं) Begetting, causing, producing. **इ. सञ्च** before **जन्** to be born, **छुट्** aff.

**सञ्चनयत्** mfn. (-यन्-यनी-यत्) Begetting, producing, causing. **इ. सञ्च** before **जन्** to be born, causal v., **अच्** aff.

**सञ्चत्य** m. (-त्यः) 1. Conversation. 2. Uproar, confusion, confused talk.

**सञ्चवन** n. (-नं) A group of four houses joined together in a quadrangle. **इ. सञ्च** together, **जु** to go, aff. **युच्**; also **सञ्चोवन**।

**सञ्जात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Born, produced. 2. Become. **इ. सञ्च** and **जात** born.

**सञ्जानान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Knowing, observing. 2. Watching, who or what keeps watch. **इ. सञ्च** before **जा** to know, **ज्ञानच्** aff.

**सञ्जोवन** n. (-नं) 1. Animating, bringing to life. 2. A cluster of four houses. 3. One of the twenty-one hells. f. (-नी) A kind of elixir. **इ. सञ्च** together, **जीव्** to live, **छुट्** or **युच्** aff.

**सञ्चुचुचा** f. (-चा) Wish or attempt to preserve. **इ. सञ्च** before **गृह्** to hide, desid. v., **अच्** and **टाप्** affs.

**सञ्चुचुचु** mfn. (-चु-चु-चु) Wishing to preserve, hide, conceal, &c. **इ. सञ्च** before **गृह्** to hide, desid. v., **अच्** aff.

**सञ्चुर** m. (-रः) 1. Heat, the heat of fire, burning, scorching, burn. 2. Fever. **इ. सञ्च** before **ज्वर्** to burn, aff. **अच्**।

**सञ्चुरातुर** mfn. (-रः-रा-तुर) Overcome by or affected with fever, fevered, feverish. **इ. सञ्चुर**, and **चातुर** distressed.

**सञ्चुरिन्** mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Affected with fever, fevered, diseased. **इ. सञ्च** before **ज्वर्** to be feverish, **चिनुण्** aff. [manifest.]

**सट्** 1st cl. (सटति) To form a part. r. 10th cl. (साटयति-ते) To show, to

**सट** mfn. Subst. (-टः-टा-टं) An ascetic's clotted hair, or the hair collected into a loose braid and twisted forwards upon the forehead. 2. A mane. 3. A crest. 4. Bristles of a boar. **इ. सट्** to be a part of, and **अच्** aff.

**सटाक** m. (-कः) A lion. **इ. सटा** mane, and **अक** mark.

**सटि** f. (-टिः or -टी) Zedoary, (Curcuma zerumbet,) but applied also to the Curcuma amda. see **सटि**. **इ. सट्** to be a part of, **अच्** aff. and **अच्** optionally added.

**सटीक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Accompanied or explained by a commentary. **इ. स** with, **टीका** a comment. [give. 4. To dwell.]

**सट्** 10th cl. (सटयति-ते) 1. To hurt or kill. 2. To be strong. 3. To

**सट्क** n. (-कं) A sort of minor drama in Pra'krit only.

**सट्** f. (-ट्) 1. A kind of bird. 2. A musical instrument.

**सट्** 10th cl. (साटयति-ते) 1. To finish, to complete. 2. To leave unfinished. 3. To go, to move. 4. To adorn.

**सचपथ** n. (-थः) Packthread, hempen cord or thread. **इ. सच** **पथ**, the sibilants being interchanged. [interchanged.]

**सट्ट** m. (-ट्टः) A eunuch: see **सट्ट**, and **सट्ट**, &c., the sibilants being

**सट्टिज** m. (-जः) A pair of tongs. "सोडासि।"

**सत्ता** n. (-त्ता) One of the modes of flight attributed to birds, perching, alighting. **सत्** before **ही** to fly, aff. **क्**, form irr.

**सत्** mfn. (-सत्-सत्-सत्) 1. True. 2. Good, virtuous. 3. Being, existing. 4. Excellent, best. 5. Venerable, respectable. 6. Wise, learned. 7. Firm, steady. 8. Right, proper. **f.** (-सत्ता) 1. A virtuous wife; in ordinary use applied especially to the wife, who burns herself with her husband's corpse. 2. The goddess **UMA**. 3. A fragrant earth, commonly **Surat-earth**. 4. A species of the **Pratishtha** metre. **n.** (-सत्) 1. The true God, the always present and all-pervading spirit. 2. That which really is, entity, existence, essence. 3. Truth, reality. 4. That which is good. **m.** (-सत्) A virtuous man. **Ind.** (-सत्) In composition, a particle of reverence or respect, implying, good, fit, &c.; as **सत्किंवा** virtue, doing what is right, &c. **सत्** to be, aff. of the participle of the present tense **सत्**.

**सत्त** mfn. (-त्त-त्ता-त्त) Eternal, continual. **n.** Adv. (-त्त) Eternally, continually. **सत्** before **सत्** to spread, aff. **क्**, and the **स** rejected optionally. [nature.]

**सत्त्व** n. (-त्त्व) Natural property, nature. **सत्** for **समान** universal, **सत्त्व** **सत्त्वानन्द** m. (-न्द) The sage **GAUTAMA**, the author of the **Nya'ya** or logical philosophy. **सत्** the good, and **वानन्द** who delights.

**सत्ति** f. (-त्ति) 1. End, destruction. 2. Gift, giving, donation. **सत्** to give or **ही** to destroy, **क्** aff.; also **सत्ति**.

**सत्तौ** n. (-त्तौ) Virtuousness or purity in a wife. **सत्तौ**: see **सत्**, and **तौ** aff.; also with **तत्त्व**, **सत्तौता**.

**सत्तौ** m. (-त्तौ) 1. Pease, or a particular kind of pulse. 2. A bamboo. **सत्ति**, from **सत्** being life, **रन्** master; with **क्** added **सत्तौत्त**.

**सत्तौत्त** m. (-त्तौ) Pease; also **सत्तौत्त**, and **सत्तौत्त**, &c.: see the last.

**सत्तौत्त** m. (-त्तौ) A fellow student, the pupil of the same spiritual preceptor. **सत्** for **सत्** same, **तौत्त** a teacher. [**तौत्त** a teacher, **सत्** aff.]

**सत्तौत्त** m. (-त्तौ) A fellow student: see the last. **सत्** for **सत्** the same, **सत्तौत्त** m. (-त्तौ) 1. A bamboo. 2. Air, wind, mf. (-त्तौ-त्ता) Pease, pulse, or a particular kind, called **Teora**. **सत्तौ**, **सत्** to make, aff. **त्**.

**सत्तौत्त** m. (-त्तौ) Pulse in general, or a particular sort. **सत्तौत्त** wind, **क्** to utter, aff. **त्**; also **सत्तौत्त**, **सत्तौत्त**, **सत्तौत्त**.

**सत्तौत्त** mfn. (-त्तौ) 1. Thirsty, greedy, cupidinous. 2. Thirsty, (literally.) **सत्** for **सत्ति** with, **सत्** thirst, literally or figuratively.

**सत्तौ** m. (-त्तौ) Husk, chaff. **सत्**, **एर** aff.; the **न** is changed to **त्**.

**सत्तौत्त** m. (-त्तौ) A tree, (*Nauclea cordifolia*). **सत्** good, **कदम्ब** the **Cadamba-tree**.

**सत्तौत्त** n. (-त्तौ) 1. A good act, piety, virtue. 2. Hospitality. 3. Funeral obsequies. 4. Expiation. **सत्** and **क्** act; also **सत्किंवा**, &c.

**सत्तौत्त** m. (-त्तौ) A sort of ebony: see **रत्नसत्तौत्त**.

**सत्तौत्त** m. (-त्तौ) A hawk, a kite.

**सत्तौत्त** m. (-त्तौ) 1. Reverence, respect. 2. Hospitable treatment or reception. 3. Care. 4. A meal. 5. A festival. **सत्**, **कार** making.

**सत्तौत्त** mfn. (-त्तौ-त्ता-त्तौ) 1. Worshipped, adored. 2. Respected, revered. 3. Welcomed, saluted. 4. Entertained, treated with hospitality. 5. Done rightly or properly. **n.** (-त्तौ) 1. Hospitality. 2. Respect. 3. Virtue. **m.** (-त्तौ) **S'iva**. **सत्** excellent, and **हृद** made.

**सत्तौत्त** f. (-त्ति) 1. Doing good, acting properly, virtue, morality, &c. 2. Treating with respect. **सत्** good, and **हृद** act.

**सत्तौत्त** Ind. Having treated with respect, &c. **सत्**, **हृद** having made.

**सत्तौत्त** f. (-त्ता) Funeral or obsequial ceremonies. 2. Any purificatory ceremony. 3. Doing good, charity, virtue, &c. 4. Worship, homage. 5. Respectful treatment. 6. Salutation, welcome, courtesy. 7. Hospitality. **सत्** good, and **क्रिया** act.

**सत्तौत्त** mfn. (-त्तौ-त्ता-त्तौ) 1. Best, excellent. 2. Very venerable or respectable. 3. Most virtuous. **सत्** good, and **तत्त्व** aff.

**सत्ता** f. (-त्ता) 1. Being, existence. 2. Goodness, excellence. 3. Reality. **सत्** being, **सत्** aff. of the abstract; also **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** n. (-त्ता) 1. Sacrifice, oblation. 2. A long sacrificial session lasting from 13 to 100 days. 3. Good conduct. 4. Liberality, munificence. 5. Covering, clothing, concealing. 6. Fraud, roguery, cheating. 7. A wood, a forest. 8. Wealth. 9. A house. 10. A tank, a pond. **m.** (-त्ता) **SATRAJIT** the father of **SATYANNA**. **सत्** to go, **Una'di** aff. **त्** or **त्**; in writing, one **त्** may be omitted, and it occurs, **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** f. (-त्ता) An apartment in which **Brāhmins** or mendicants, &c. are presented with food and gifts. **सत्** giving, and **ज्ञाना** a house.

**सत्ता** Ind. With, together with. **सत्** for **सत्** with, **ता** to preserve, aff. **क्**; also written, **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** m. (-त्ता) 1. A cloud. 2. An elephant. 3. A victor, a conqueror. **सत्** to go, or waste, to destroy, &c., **Una'di** aff. **त्**.

**सत्ता** m. (-त्ता) 1. A liberal house-keeper, one constantly performing sacrifice and distributing alms. 2. An ambassador, an agent residing in a foreign country. 3. A priest superintending or performing a sacrifice. **सत्** munificence, &c., **हृद** aff.

**सत्ता** n. (-त्ता) 1. One of the three **Gun'as** or properties of man and nature; the quality of excellence or goodness. that which enlightens, constitutes knowledge, and is the cause of truth, and the predominance of which renders the person, in whom it resides, virtuous, gentle, devout, charitable, chaste, honest, &c., and the thing, pure, mild, &c. 2. Substance, thing, either elementary substance, as, earth, air fire, &c., or anything of which some property may be predicated. 3. Mind, intellect. 4. Nature, natural, property or disposition. 5. Vigour, power. 6. Strength. 7. Self-possession or command. 8. Breath. 9. Being, existence. 10. Essence, substance. 11. Wealth. 12. Certainty. 13. Life, the principle of being. 14. A substantive, noun. 15. A demon, a goblin. **m.** (-त्ता-त्ता) 1. An animal, a being. 2. An embryo. **सत्** to perish, aff. **त्** or **सत्** being, good, excellent, &c., **त्** aff. of the abstract: one **त्** being rejected also, it is read **सत्ता**. [attributive.]

**सत्ता** m. (-त्ता) The property of goodness: see the last. **सत्**, **सत्**.

**सत्ता** f. (-त्ता) Purity, goodness, the existence of the **Satwa-Gun'a**, or property of truth and virtue, &c. **सत्** added to the last.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-त्ता-त्ता) Frightening animals, making them tremble. **सत्**, and **एत्** to shake, **सत्** aff.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-त्ता-त्ता-त्ता) 1. Pure, virtuous, endowed with the quality of goodness. 2. Natural. 3. Existent, &c. **सत्** and **सत्ता** aff.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-त्ता-त्ता-त्ता) 1. Done spontaneously or naturally. 2. Virtuous, upright. **सत्**, and **सत्ता** effected.

**सत्ता** m. (-त्ता) 1. Universal destruction. 2. Loss of vigour.

**सत्ता** f. (-त्ता) Purity of nature or disposition. **सत्**, **सत्ता** purity.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-त्ता-त्ता-त्ता) 1. Equable, even-minded, neither elated by prosperity nor depressed by misfortune. 2. Good, excellent. **सत्** the good quality, and **सत्ता** endowed with.

**सत्ता** m. (-त्ता) 1. Essence of strength. 2. A most powerful person.

**सत्ता** mfn. (-त्ता-त्ता-त्ता) 1. Excellent, holy, pure. 2. Being or existing in the nature of things. 3. Animate, inherent in animals. **सत्**, **सत्** what stays or is. [सत्ता conformable to.]

**सत्ता** mfn. (-त्ता-त्ता-त्ता) According to nature or natural quality. **सत्**, **सत्ता**.

**सत्ता** m. (-त्ता) Natural energy or perseverance. **सत्**, **सत्ता** effort.

**सत्ता** n. (-त्ता) The new leaf of a water-lily. **सत्** good, and **पत्ता** a leaf.

**सत्ता** m. (-त्ता) 1. A good road. 2. Correct or virtuous conduct, doctrine, &c. **सत्** good, **पत्ता** a road.

**सत्ता** m. (-त्ता) Acceptance of gifts from proper persons. **सत्**, and **पत्ता** acceptance. [पत्ता an animal.]

**सत्ता** m. (-त्ता) An animal fit for a sacrifice, a victim. **सत्** good, and **पत्ता** n. (-त्ता) A worthy or virtuous person. **सत्**, and **पत्ता** a person.

**सत्ता** m. (-त्ता) Judicious liberality bestowing favours on the worthy. **सत्ता**, **सत्ता** raining.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) 1. The father of a son. 2. A virtuous son. 3. A son who performs all the prescribed rites in honour of his ancestors.  
 सत् being or good, and पुत्र a son.

सत्यवत् m. (-वः) A worthy or spirited man. सत् and पुत्र a male.

सत्यपिचम् m. (-चः) Contrariety of doctrine or argument, knowledge of the opposite arguments proving the existence or non-existence of a thing; viz.—sound is eternal because it is audible; on the other hand sound is non-eternal because it is a product, (in logic.) सत् being, प्रतिपक्ष opposition.

सत्फलम् m. (-लः) The pomegranate. सत् good, and फल fruit.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) 1. True. 2. Sincere, honest, speaking the truth. n. (-त्) 1. Truth. 2. An oath. 3. The first Yuga or age, the golden age, comprising one million seven hundred and twenty-eight thousand years. 4. Demonstrated conclusion. m. (-न्) 1. RA'MA-CHANDRA. 2. The uppermost of the seven Lokas or worlds, the abode of BRAHMA, and heaven of truth. f. (-त्ता) 1. SITA, the wife of RA'MA. 2. The mother of VYA'SA. 3. DRAUPADI. 4. DURGA. 5. SATYABHAMA. 6. Speaking the truth, sincerity, veracity. Ind. (सत्यम्) Indeed, verily, a particle of interrogation and asseveration. सत् being, and सत् aff.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) True, veracious. n. (-त्) Ratification of a bargain. सत् as above, क्त added.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) Ratification of a bargain. सत् truth, क्त making, confirming, सुम् augment.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) (Given or deposited in order to bind or ratify a bargain. सत् as above, क्त added.)

सत्यम् f. (-ता) Truth, truthness. सत् added to सत्; also with त्व, सत्यत्। सत्यम् m. (-न्) Virtuous, sincere, upright. सत्, पुत्र wealth.

सत्यम् f. (-ता) One of KRISHN'A's wives and daughter of SATRAJIT. सत् true, भाग beautiful, fem. form.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) VYA'SA, the poet. सत् true, भारत the Maha'bha'rata. सत्यम् n. (-न्) The first of the four Yugas or ages, the period of general virtue and purity, or golden age, comprising a term of 1,728,000 years. सत् truth, युग age. [यौवन youth.]

सत्यम् m. (-न्) A Vidya'dhara or demi-god so named. सत् truth, सत्यम् m. (-न्) Honest, sincere. m. (-त्) VYA'SA. सत् the truth, and रत devoted to.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) A speaker of truth. सत्, वक्ता who speaks. सत्यम् u. (-न्) 1. Speaking truth. 2. Acknowledging or admitting truth. सत्, and वचन speech.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) Speaking truth, veracious. m. (-न्) A Rishi, a saint. u. (-न्) Truth. सत् truth, वचन speech.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) True, possessing or practising truth. m. (-न्) The name of a king. f. (-ता) 1. The mother of a VYA'SA, and wife of PARA'SARA. 2. The wife of NA'RAMA. 3. The wife of RISHIKA, a saint. सत् truth, सत् aff. [सुत son.]

सत्यम् m. (-न्) The poet VYA'SA. सत् truth, सत् his mother's name, सत्यम् m. (-न्) True-speaking, veracious. m. (-न्) Truth. सत्, and वद to speak, with क्त्वा or सत् aff.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) Speaking truth, veracious, sincere. m. (-न्) 1. A crow. 2. A Rishi, a saint. सत् true, वाक् speech.

सत्यम् u. (-न्) Speaking truth. सत्, वादिन्, त्व aff. [speaks.]

सत्यम् m. (-न्) Speaking truth. सत् truth, वादिन् who speaks. सत्यम् m. (-न्) Practising or speaking the truth. सत् truth, and वृत्त chosen.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) Practising or adhering to the truth, veracious, honest, sincere. m. (-न्) A king, the 25th of the solar dynasty in the second age. सत् the truth, व्रत religious observance.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) Likely, probable, possible, like the truth. सत् truth, सत् like; also, similar compounds, as सत्यम्, &c.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) True, veracious. m. (-न्) KURVA, the god of wealth. सत् the truth, सत् with वृ to swallow, aff. क्त्वा।

सत्यम् m. (-न्) Veracious, adhering to or observing the truth. m. (-न्) 1. RA'MA. 2. BHARATA, the younger brother of RA'MA. 3. The prince JANAMEJAYA. f. (-ता) DRAUPADI, the wife of PA'NDU princes. सत् truth, सत् before वा to have or hold, aff. क्त्वा।

सत्यम् m. (-न्) An unexceptionable witness. सत्, वादिन् a witness.

सत्यम् f. (-ता) Ratification of a bargain. सत् truth, वाक् before क्त्वा to make, to confirm, aff. क्त्वा। [वाक् fire.]

सत्यम् m. (-न्) A name of the saint AGASTYA. सत् the truth, and सत्यम् m. (-न्) True. m. (-न्) A virtuous and upright man. सत्, and वाक् Soul.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) Upright, true. सत्, and सत्यम् attached to. सत्यम् n. (-न्) Commerce, trade, traffic. सत् truth, and सत्यम् falsehood, a mixed practice of truth and lies.

सत्यम् n. (-न्) Ratification of a bargain. सत् nominal verb, to speak or observe the truth, causal form, सत्यम्, and क्त्वा or वृत् aff.

सत्यम् m. (-न्) Eminence or excellence in truth. सत्, and सत्यम् excellence. [said or uttered.]

सत्यम् m. (-न्) Speaking the truth. सत् the truth, सत् to be सत् r. 10th cl. (सत्यम्) 1. To act liberally. 2. To be connected. 3. To spread or extend.

सत् n. (-न्) Sacrifice, &c.: see सत्।

सत् m. (-न्) Ashamed, modest. सत् with, शर्म shame.

सत् m. (-न्) Meat which has been once fried with spices, &c., then soaked and dried, and again dressed with Ghee and condiments. सत् for सत् with, त्रि three, ज्ञात species of production.

सत् n. (-न्) The quality of excellence or goodness, &c.: see सत्।

सत् m. (-न्) Quick, expeditious. n. Adv. (-न्) Quickly, swiftly. सत् for सत् with, त्वरा dispatch.

सत् f. (-ता) Quickness, speed. सत् added to the last; also with त्व, सत्। [connection:]

सत् m. (-न्) Association with the good or respectable. सत्, सत्

सत् m. (-न्) Association with the good. सत्, and सत् association.

सत् m. (-न्) Association or intercourse with the wise and good सत्, and सत् propinquity.

सत् m. (-न्) Association with the good सत्, सत् encounter.

सत् m. (-न्) Having a friend. 2. Having virtuous friends. सत् being, or good, &c. सत् a friend.

सत् m. (-न्) 1. A painter. 2. A poet. Adj. Having good essence. सत् excellence, सत् essence.

सत् n. (-न्) Sputtering in speech. सत् for सत् with, सत् imitative sound, and क्त making.

सत् m. (-न्) A crab. सत् with, दंष्ट्र a tooth.

सत् m. (-न्) A heron. सत् with, दंष्ट्र a tooth or beak, वदन face.

सत् m. (-न्) The fruit of trees. सत् to go, क्त्वा aff.

सत् n. (-न्) Calx of brass. सत् good, excellence, क्त्वा stibium

सत् n. (-न्) 1. A house. 2. Water. 3. Perishing, decaying. 4. Exhaustion. 5. A sacrificial hall. सत् to go or perish, aff. क्त्वा or क्त्वा।

सत् m. (-न्) Benevolent, compassionate. सत् with, क्त्वा clemency.

सत् m. (-न्) Fearful, afraid. सत् with, द्र fear.

सत् n. (-न्) 1. An assembly, a meeting. 2. Seat, residence. सत् to go, (to which,) Una'di aff. क्त्वा।

सत् m. (-न्) 1. Existent and non-existent. 2. True and false. 3. Perceptible and non-perceptible. 4. Real and unreal. 5. Good and bad. 6. Virtuous and wicked. n. Du. 1. Entity and non-entity. 2. Good and evil. सत्, क्त्वा untrue, &c.

सत् m. (-न्) Being both real and unreal, existent and



non-existent, substantial though imperceptible. **स. सदा** and **चाक्षत्** self.

**द्विविध** m. (-कः) Discrimination between true and false, &c. **स. सदा**, **विशेष** judgment. [good and bad.]

**द्विधाविशेष** m. (-तुः) The cause of discrimination between what is **दक्ष** m. (-स्यः) 1. An assistant or by-stander at a sacrifice, &c., one whose business it is to notice and correct mistakes. 2. Any person present at an assembly, a spectator, an assessor, a member, &c. **स. सदा**, an assembly, **सत्** aff.

**दा** Ind. Always, ever, at all times. **स. सदा** for **सदा** all, **दा**, aff.

**दासि** m. (-तिः) 1. The sun. 2. Air, wind. 3. Final happiness, emancipation from life. 4. The Supreme Spirit. **स. सदा**, गति going.

**दास्य** m. (-रः) 1. The traditional observances of the Hindu castes, as preserved in the land lying between the Saraswati and Drishadwati rivers. 2. Virtuous conduct. **स. सत्** pure, virtuous, and **चाक्षत्** observance. [यत् aff.]

**दास्य** mfn. (-नः-नी-ने) Eternal. m. (-नः) VISHN'U. **स. सदा** always, **दास्यो** f. (-या) 1. A plant, (Mimosa octandra.) 2. An overflowing river. **स. सदा** always, **सीय** water.

**दास्य** mfn. (-न्ता-न्ता-न्त) Good, virtuous. **स. सत्**, and **चाक्षत्** self.

**दास्य** n. (-नः) Liberality, munificence. m. (-नः) 1. The elephant of INDRA. 2. A name of GAN'ES'HA. 3. An elephant in rut. **स. सदा** always, **दा** giving, or the ichor that exudes from the elephant's temples. [happiness.]

**दास्य** mfn. (-न्दः-न्दा-न्द) Always happy. m. (-न्दः) S'IVA. **स. सदा**, **चाक्षत्** **दास्य** m. (-नः) A wagtail. **स. सदा** always, **नत्** a dancer. "खञ्जने ।" **दास्यो** f. (-या) A small river in the north of Bengal. **स. सदा** always, **नीर** water, **वह** bearing. [सदा always, **नीर** water.]

**दास्यो** f. (-रा) The Karatoya, a small river in the north of Bengal. **स. सदा** always, **चाक्षत्** m. (-यः) The coconut. f. (-यो) A shrub, gigantic swallow-wort (the white variety.) **स. सदा** always, and **पुष्प** a flower.

**दास्य** m. (-सः) 1. The coconut tree. 2. The glomerous-fig tree. 3. The Be'l, (Egle marmelos.) **स. सदा** always, and **फल** fruit.

**दास्य** mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) Attentive, present. **स. सदा** always, **भवे** being. **दास्यो** f. (-या) A shrub, (Gmelina arborea.) **स. सदा** always, **मद** auspicious. [&c., **हनि** aff.]

**दास्यो** m. (-नो) VISHN'U. **स. सदा** always, **योग** union by meditation, **दास्यो** m. (-नः) S'IVA. **स. सदा** always, **शिव** auspicious.

**दास्यो** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Attached or belonging to the virtuous, pure, good, lovely, &c. 2. Always connected with or dependent on. **स. सत्** good, &c., or **सदा** always, and **चाक्षत्** connected.

**दास्य** n. (-रः) A proper or good reply. **स. सत्**, and **उत्तर** answer.

**दास्य** mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) 1. Like, similar. 2. Conformable, fit, proper. 3. Worthy, becoming. **स. सदा** for **सदा** same, **दृष्ट** to see, **क्ष** aff.

**दास्य** mfn. (-दृक्) Like, similar. **स. सदा** for **सदा** same, **दृष्ट** to see, aff. **क्षिप्**.

**दास्य** mfn. (-यः-यो-य) 1. Like, resembling, similar. 2. Fit, proper, right. **स. सदा** for **सदा** the same, **दृष्ट** to see, aff. **उक्**. [त, **सदृश**]

**दास्य** f. (-ता) Likeness, sameness. **स. सदा** added to the last; also with **सदृश** mfn. (-यः-यो-य) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Of the same country or place. 3. Having a country. **स. सदा** for **सदा** the same, **देश** country.

**दास्य** f. (-तिः) 1. Felicity or fortune. 2. Good conduct. **स. सत्**, गति going.

**दास्य** mfn. (-यः-यो-य) 1. Good, pure, virtuous. 2. Excellent, eminent. **स. सत्**, गुण quality. [being, **हेतु** cause.]

**दास्य** m. (-तुः) (In logic,) The co-existence of cause and effect. **स. सत्**

**दास्य** m. (-वः) 1. A pure or holy disposition or nature. 2. A good temper. 3. Amiability, kindly feeling. 4. The quality or nature of being, entity. 5. The property of goodness. **स. सत्**, and **भाव** quality.

**दास्य** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) True. **स. सत्** true, and **भूत** been.

**दास्य** n. (-सः) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. Water. 3. An altar. 4. A temple. **स. सदा** to go, aff. **गति**.

**दास्यो** f. (-तिः) A number of houses. **स. सदा**, and **विनि** an assemblage. **दास्यो** mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Done promptly or quickly. n. (-तः) A name, an appellation. **स. सदा** instantly, **हन्त** made.

**दास्यो** f. (-या) Cowach, (Carpogon pruriens.) **स. सदा** instantly, **शोष** a swelling.

**दास्य** Ind. 1. Instantly, momentarily, at the moment, in an instant. 2. To day. **स. सदा** for **सदा** the same, and **सदा** for **सदा** a day.

**दास्य** mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) New, recent. **स. सदा** in the moment, **क्षिप्** aff. **दास्यो** m. (-तः) Present time.

**दास्यो** f. (-नी) A virtuous maiden. **स. सदा**, and **युवती** a young woman.

**दास्यो** m. (-नः) A calf. **स. सदा** in a moment, and **जात** born.

**दास्यो** m. (-नी) A calf. **स. सदा** in a moment, **भावि** being. [ह aff.]

**दास्य** mfn. (-दृक्-दृक्-दृक्) 1. Resting, staying. 2. Going. **स. सदा** to go or sit,

**दास्य** mfn. (-यः-यो-य) Of high birth, of a good race. **स. सदा**, **वंश** a race.

**दास्य** m. (-यः) A village. **स. सदा** good, **वह** to abide, **वह** aff.

**दास्य** mfn. (-यः-यो-य) 1. Amiable, well-behaved. 2. Moral, virtuous. 3. Well-rounded, handsomely orbicular. n. (-तः) Amiability, good or amiable disposition. **स. सदा** good, and **हन्त** selected, &c.

**दास्य** mfn. (-नः-ता-न) Wealthy, rich. **स. सदा** with, **वन्** wealth.

**दास्यो** mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) 1. Like, equal, resembling. 2. Of the same sect or caste, performing like duties. 3. Of the same or similar properties. **स. सदा** for **सदा** same, **वन्** merit, practice, and **वन्** aff.

**दास्यो** f. (-वी) A wife, one married with religious rites. **स. सदा** with, (her husband,) **वन्** duty, **चारिणी** who proceeds.

**दास्यो** mfn. (-वी-वि-वी-वि) Observing the same customs or laws. f. (-वि-वी) A wife wedded according to the ritual of the Vedas. **स. सदा** same or with, **वन्** virtue or duty, **हनि** aff. [husband.]

**दास्य** f. (-वा) Wife, whose husband is living. **स. सदा** for **सदा** with, **वन्** a **सत्** m. (-विः) A name of AGNI or fire. **स. सदा** with, **वा** to have, aff. **क्षि**.

**दास्य** m. (-विः) An ox, a bull. **स. सदा** to bear, Un'adi aff. **हनि**, and **ह** changed to **व**.

**दास्य** mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) Accompanying, going with, a companion. f. (-वो-वो) A woman's female friend, a confidante. **स. सदा** substituted for **सदा** with, **वन्** to go, **क्षिप्** aff.

**दास्य** mfn. (-नः-नी) The flapping of an elephant's ears. m. (-नः) 1. A plant, commonly Ghanta'p'ali. 2. A tree, (Pentaptera tomentosa.) f. (नी) 1. GAURI. 2. Light, lustre. **स. सदा** to give, or serve, aff. **वन्**.

**दास्य** m. (-नः) 1. One of the companions of VISHN'U, or four sons of BRAHMA', inhabiting the Janaloka. 2. Name of an inspired legislator. **स. सदा** to serve, **वन्** aff. [give, aff. **वन्**.]

**दास्य** m. (-नत्) BRAHMA'. Ind. Always, perpetually. **स. सदा** to serve or **सन्तु** m. (-रः) 1. One of the four sons of BRAHMA', and eldest of the progenitors of mankind. 2. One of the twelve emperors of India according to the Jains. **स. सदा** always, **कुमार** a youth: i. e. continent; retaining the purity of that age, or being devoid of human passion; otherwise, **सन्तु** BRAHMA', and **कुमार** son.

**दास्य** m. (-न्दः) One of the four sons of BRAHMA', inhabiting the Janaloka. **स. सदा** with, **नन्द** pleasure.

**दास्यो** f. (-वी) A plant, (Marsilea quadrifolia) **स. सदा** the Asana or pentaptera, **पत्र** a leaf; more usually **चतुर्वर्णी**.

**दास्य** n. (-नः) 1. Excrement, ordure. 2. S'IVA's trident. 3. Crystal. **स. सदा** to give, **वन्** aff.

**दास्य** n. (-नः) Packthread, or a net made of it. **स. सदा** See **दास्य**.

**दास्य** Ind. Always, eternally, perpetually. **स. सदा** to serve, **वन्** aff.

**दास्य** mfn. (-नः-नी-ने) 1. Eternal, continual, perpetual. 2. Firm, fixed, permanent. 3. Primeval. m. (-नः) 1. VISHN'U. 2. S'IVA. 3. BRAHMA'.

4. A guest of the Manes, or one who is to be fed whenever he chooses to attend the obsequial ceremonies or S'hra'd'dhas f. (-नी)

1. The goddess LAKSHMI. 2. A name of DURGA. 3. SARASWATI. **स. सदा** always, and **वन्**, or **वन्** aff.; or **सदा** **वन्** **वन्**, **वन्** **वन्** **वन्**.

सन्नात् Ind. Always, perpetually.

[सन्ना husband.

सन्नाय f. (-या) A woman whose husband is living. इ. स for सृच् with, सन्नाभि mfn. (-भिः-भिः-भिः) 1. Like, resembling. 2. Affectionate. m. (-भिः)

1. A kinsman, one of the same family name : it is considered also the same as the Sapin'da or gentile, a relation as far as the seventh degree, and qualified to offer the funeral cake. 2. A uterine brother. इ. सृच् with or same, नाभि navel.

सन्नाय m. (-यः) A relation as far as the seventh degree.

सन्नामक m. (-कः) The Morunga tree, (Hyperanthera morunga.)

सन्नि m. (-निः) 1. Service, worship. 2. Giving, donation. mf. (-निः-नी)

Request, solicitation, respectful solicitation as addressed to a spiritual preceptor, &c. 2. Quarter, region, point of the compass. इ. सृच् to honour, to give, इति Una'di aff., डीच् optionally added.

सन्निहोव n. (-व) Sputtered speech, utterance interrupted by saliva. इ. स for सृच् with, निच् before होच् to eject saliva, चच् aff., deriv. irr.

सन्निहोव n. (-व) Speech uttered with emission of saliva or sputtered. इ. सृच् with, नि before होच् to spit, aff. चच्; also सन्निहोव । [or abode.

सन्निड mfn. (-डः-डा-ड) Near, proximate. इ. स for सन्ना same, बीड nest सन्नितर Ind. Concealment.

सन्नि m. (-नः) The hands opened and joined. इ. सन्ना वा० त ।

सन्निचण n. (-च) Sarcastic language, scoff.

सन्नि mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Eternal, continual. 2. Spread, extended. 3. Continuous. 4. Much, many. n. Adv. (-नं) Eternally. इ. सृच् before तच् to spread, aff. क । ["constantly," &c.

सन्नि It is used as an indeclinable in the sense of "continually," सन्निताभ्यास m. (-सः) The regular study and perusal of the Ve'das. इ. सन्नि constant, continual, च्यास exercise.

सन्निति f. (-तिः) 1. Race, lineage. 2. A son, a daughter, offspring, progeny. 3. Descent, succession. 4. A continuous line, a row, a range. 5. Extent, expanse, spreading, stretching. 6. Heap, multitude. इ. सृच् with, equally, तच् to spread, aff. किच्.

सन्निपन n. (-न) Inflaming, torturing.

सन्नि mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Suffering pain or distress, distressed, afflicted, wretched. 2. Suffering from extreme heat. 3. Burnt, scorched. 4. Inflamed with passion, &c. इ. सृच् before तच् to heat, aff. क.

सन्निमसृ n. (-सः) Great or universal darkness. इ. सृच् completely, तमसृ gloom. [चच् added.

सन्निमसृ mfn. (-सः-सा-सृ) Darkened, clouded. इ. सृच्, and तमसृ darkness, सन्निमसृ n. (-न) Abusing, reproving, scolding. इ. सृच् before तच् to abuse, छुट् aff. [to abuse, क aff.

सन्निमित mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Abused, scolded, reproved. इ. सृच् before तच् सन्निपय n. (-य) 1. Satisfying, satiating, gratifying. 2. Anything giving delight. इ. सृच् before तच् to be satisfied, causal v., छुट् aff.

सन्निपित mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Satisfied, satiated. इ. सृच् before तच् to be satisfied, causal v., क aff.

सन्निम m. (-नः) 1. Family, race, lineage. 2. Offspring, progeny, a son or daughter. 3. One of the five trees of heaven. 4. Spreading, expansion. 5. Continuous line. इ. सृच् before तच् to spread, aff. चच् ।

सन्निमक mfn. (-कः-का-क) What spreads, scatters, &c. m. (-कः) One of the five trees of heaven. f. (-निका) 1. Cream, the coagulum of milk, &c. 2. A cobweb. 3. The blade of a knife or sword. 4. Froth, foam. इ. सृच् before तच् to spread, aff. छुट् । [peace.

सन्निमसृ f. (-सृ) Peace cemented by family alliance. इ. सन्नाम, सन्नि सन्नाय m. (-यः) 1. Heat, burning heat. 2. Affliction, pain, distress. 3.

Passion. 4. Repentance. 5. Penance. इ. सृच्, तच् to heat, aff. चच् ।

सन्नापन n. (-न) 1. Burning, scorching. 2. Paining, affliction. 3. Exciting passion. m. (-नः) One of the arrows of KA'MADE'VA or love. इ. सृच् before तच् to heat, causal form, छुट् or छुट् aff.

सन्नापहर mfn. (-रः-रा or री-र) 1. Cooling. 2. Consolatory, consoling. इ. सन्नाय, and हर what removes.

सन्नापित mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Pained, distressed, afflicted. 2. Suffering from heat. 3. Inflamed with passion. इ. सृच् before तच् to burn causal v., aff. क, and छुट् augment.

सन्नाय Ind. Having caused to be heated. इ. सृच्, तच् to be hot, causal v. सन्नि f. (-निः) 1. End, destruction. 2. Gift, giving. इ. सृच् to give, निच् aff.; also सन्नि and सन्नि । [pleased

सन्निट mfn. (-टः-टा-ट) Delighted, pleased. इ. सृच् intensive prefix, तुट् सन्निप m. (-पः) 1. Joy, pleasure, delight, satisfaction, happiness. 2. Thumb and fore-finger. इ. सृच् intensive prefix, तुट् to be pleased, aff. चच् ।

सन्निपय n. (-य) 1. Pleasing, propitiating. 2. Comforting. इ. सृच् before तुट् to be pleased, causal v., छुट् aff.

सन्निपित mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Consoled, comforted. 2. Gratified. इ. सृच् before तुट् to be pleased, causal v., क aff.

सन्निपय mfn. (-यः-या-य) To be pleased, comforted, gratified, &c. इ. सृच्, तुट् to be pleased, causal v., तच् aff. [causal v., छुट् aff

सन्निपय Ind. Having pleased or gratified. इ. सृच् before तुट् to be pleased, सन्निप mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Left, abandoned. इ. सृच्, and त्यच् to leave, क aff.

सन्निपय n. (-न) Leaving, abandoning. इ. सृच्, त्यच् to leave, छुट् aff. सन्निप mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Frightened, alarmed. इ. सृच्, तच् to fear, क aff

सन्नास m. (-सः) Fear, alarm. इ. सृच् before, तच् to fear, चच् aff. सन्नि m. (-नः) 1. A pair of tongs or nippers. 2. The great compression of the teeth in the pronunciation of vowels. इ. सृच् with, दच्

biting.

सन्निपय n. (-न) A pair of tongs. f. (-नार) 1. A pair of nippers, or small shears or tongs. 2. A vice. इ. सृच् before दच् to bite or nip, क छच्, fem. form.

सन्निपय mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Having, possessing. 2. Being at peace with, making peace. 3. Fixing or placing in or on. इ. सृच् before चा to have, घानच् aff.

सन्निपय m. (-य) 1. Weaving garlands, collecting flowers into a wreath or chaplet, &c. 2. Stringing, collecting, arranging. 3. Uniting, mixture. 4. Regular connection. 5. Composition. 6. Construction. इ. सृच् with, together, इति to collect, aff. चच्; or सृच् + दच्-चच् ।

सन्निपय n. (-न) 1. Looking, seeing. 2. Shewing. 3. Appearance. 4. Meeting. 5. Regard, consideration. इ. सृच् completely, दयन् seeing or सृच् before दृच् to see, causal v., छुट् aff.

सन्निपय mfn. (-यन्-यन्तो-यन्) Shewing, pointing out. इ. सृच् before दृच् to see, causal v., छुट् aff. [causal v., क aff

सन्निपय mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Shewn, pointed out. इ. सृच् before दृच् to see, सन्निप n. (-न) A rope, a cord, (for tying cattle especially.) m. (-नः) The elephant's temples, or part whence the ichorous fluid issues when the animal is in rut. इ. सृच् before होच् to cut, aff. छुट्; or सृच्

with, दान the temporal juice.

सन्निपय mfn. (-नः-ना-न) Bound, tied. इ. सन्निप a rope, दृत् aff.

सन्निपयिनी f. (-नी) A cow-house. इ. सन्निप a rope for tying cattle, इति and डीच् affs; also सन्निपयिनी ।

सन्निपयितक n. (-क) A poem of three stanzas.

सन्निपय m. (-य) Flight, retreat. इ. सृच् before दृच् to go, aff. चच् ।

सन्निपय mfn. (-नः-ना-न) 1. Doubtful, questioned, doubtful. 2. Entertaining doubt, uncertain. 3. Obscure, (as a passage.) 4. Dangerous, unsafe. 5. Covered. इ. सृच् before दृच् to augment, aff. क ।

सन्निपयिचय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Confident in a doubtful matter. इ. सन्निप, and निश्चय certainty.

सन्निपयिचय m. (-तिः) A sceptic, one who is uncertain or doubtful of the results of religious observances, &c. इ. सन्निप doubtful, doubting, सन्नि mind.

सन्निपयिचय n. (-चय) A writing or document of doubtful meaning or authority. इ. सन्निप, and चय a writing.

सन्निपयिचय m. (-चय) 1. A disputed debt, either in its amount or exis-

tence 2. Doubtful interpretation or meaning. **सुद्धि** doubted, **सुध** property or meaning.

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bound, tied. **सु** before **ही** to cut, aff. **त्**।

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-युः-यु-यु) Wishing to shew. **सु** before **हृ** to see, causal form, desid. v., **त्** aff. [shew, **यह** aff.]

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-यन्-यन्-यन्) Informing, telling. **सु** before **हि** to

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) 1. Told, communicated, related as news or information. 2. Promised, agreed, engaged. 3. Pointed out, assigned. n. (-टं) News, tidings, information. m. (-टः) A messenger, a herald. **सु** with **हि** to shew, aff. **त्**।

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) A herald, pursuivant, a royal messenger who communicates oral instructions or orders. **सु** **हि** communicated, **सुध** meaning. [lect, aff. **यानच्**।]

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Dubious, uncertain. **सु** before **हि** to col-

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Doubtful, uncertain, obscure. **सु** before **हि** to collect, pass. v., **यानच्** aff. [and **हीच्** fem. aff.]

**सुद्धि** f. (-दी) A small bed or couch. **सु** before **ही** to cut, aff. **त्**, **सुद्धि** n. (-नं) 1. Inflaming, kindling. 2. Exciting. m. (-नः) One of the five arrows of KA'MADĀYA.

**सुद्धि** f. (-ता) 1. Kindled, inflamed. 2. Excited, instigated, encouraged.

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) A plant, (Celosia cristata.) **सु** **य** + **हीच्**।

**सुद्धि** n. (-यः) Corrupting, vitiating.

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-टः-टा-टं) 1. Seen, beheld. 2. Foreseen, anticipated. **सु** before **हृ** to see, **त्** aff.

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Being seen or looked at. 2. Being foreseen. **सु** before **हृ** to see, pass. v. **यानच्** aff.

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) 1. News, tidings, information. 2. Commission, command. **सु** together, **हि** to shew, aff. **यच्**। [वाच् speech.]

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-वाच्) Communication of intelligence. **सु** **सुद्धि** news, **सुद्धि** m. (-रः) A messenger, an envoy, an ambassador. **सु** **सुद्धि** tidings, **हृ** who takes. [news, **हृ** who conveys.]

**सुद्धि** m. (-कः) A messenger, an envoy, an ambassador. **सु** **सुद्धि**

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) The subject of a message or communication.

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) 1. Doubt, uncertainty. 2. Risk, danger. 3. Rhetorical doubt proceeding from the close resemblance of two objects. **सु** before **हि** to collect, aff. **यच्**।

**सुद्धि** f. (-ता) The swing of uncertainty, a dilemma.

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) Assemblage, multitude, quantity. 2. Milking. **सु** together, **हृ** to fill, aff. **यच्**।

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) Flight, retreat. **सु** with **हृ** to go, to run, aff. **यच्**।

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) 1. Possessing as an integrant part, intimately blended with. 2. Holding, possessing, having placed in or on. 3. Joined, united. f. (-यः) 1. Promise, assent, agreement. 2. State, condition, the steady continuance in any state, steadiness, fixation. 3. Intimate union or association, identification. 4. Twilight.

5. Stipulation. 6. Limit, boundary. 7. Steadiness. 8. Distillation.

**सु** together, **या** to have or hold, aff. **क्**, or **यच्** and **टाच्** fem. aff.

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-यः-या-यः) To be united or allied with, to be reconciled, to be connected, &c. **सु** before **या** to have, **यच्** aff.

**सुद्धि** n. (-यः) 1. Holding together, uniting, joining. 2. Tying, binding.

3. Fixing, (as an arrow.) 4. Peace, alliance. 5. Association, company. 6. Supporting, reception, receiving, sustaining. 7. Mixing, joining, intimate union or combination. 8. A relish, something eaten to excite thirst. 9. Sour rice-gruel. 10. Pickles, &c., acid preparation of the Be'l and other fruits. 11. Spirituous liquor. 12. Contracting of the skin, &c. by astringent applications. 13. A joint. nf. (-यः-यः) Distillation, distilling, the manufacture of spirituous liquors. f. (-यः) A brazery, a foundry, a place where the base

metals are stored or wrought. **सु** together, **या** to hold, aff. **यच्**।

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Who or what heals, re-unites, allies, connecting, re-uniting, &c. n. (-यः) 1. Uniting, combining. 2. Healing. 3. Allying, making peace. **सु** **सुद्धि**, and **यच्** making, the act or instrument. [यच् what makes.]

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Uniting, connecting, healing, &c. **सु** **सुद्धि**, **सुद्धि** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Bound, tied. 2. Strung together. **सु** **सुद्धि** holding together, aff. **यच्**।

**सुद्धि** f. (-नी) A cow-house. **सु** **सुद्धि** a binding, **हि** and **हीच्** aff.

**सुद्धि** n. (-यः) Holding, observing, practising. **सु** before **य** to hold, **यच्** aff. [to hold, **यच्** aff.]

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) To be observed or followed. **सु** before **य**

**सुधि** m. (-यः) 1. Union, junction, connection, combination. 2. Peace, making peace, pacification. 3. A hole, a chasm. 4. A hole made in a wall or underneath it to enter a building for hostile or felonious purposes, a breach, a mine, &c. 5. Breaking, dividing. 6. The vulva. 7. A division of a drama, apparently applicable to each subject represented or sentiment excited, as considered severally and detached from the rest, though contributing to the connection of the whole; contrast of incident, change of situation, transition of passion or emotion, &c. 8. An interval, a pause or rest. 9. A joint, an articulation of the body. 10. The union of letters, either at the end and beginning of different words, or in the middle of compound terms, to avoid dissonance or hiatus. 11. A period at the expiration of each Yuga or age, or one-sixth of its duration, intervening before the commencement of the next; a Sandhi, also, of the same length as the Satya-Yuga, occurs at the end of each Manwantara and each Kalpa. 12. Critical juncture, opportune moment. 13. (In mensuration,) The connecting link of a perpendicular. **सु** together, **या** to have or hold, aff. **क्** of either the act, condition or instrument; whence the word becomes applicable to a chasm, &c., as to an interval, which whilst it divides, also connects, two parts or places.

**सुद्धि** f. (-यः) Distillation. **सु** together, **या** to have, aff. **क्**, and **यच्** added, fem. form.

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) A house-breaker. **सु** **सुद्धि** a breach, **ही** a thief. "सिद्धि"।

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) One who seeks for wealth by dishonest means, especially as a go-between. **सु** **सुद्धि** union, (of others,) **ही** who lives by.

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Tied, bound, strung, fastened together. 2. Allied, united, reconciled. 3. Pickled. n. (-यः) 1. Pickles and preparations of various fruits. 2. Spirituous liquor. **सु** **सुद्धि** union, **यच्** aff.

**सुद्धि** mfn. (-यः-यः-यः) Wishing to be at peace or in alliance with. **सु** before **या** to have, desid. v., **त्** aff.

**सुद्धि** n. (-यः) The violation of a treaty or alliance.

**सुद्धि** f. (-नी) 1. A cow with calf, or one which has taken the bull. 2. One who is milked unseasonably. **सु** **सुद्धि** joining, **हि** aff.

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) A flower, (Kæmpferia rotunda.) [binding.]

**सुद्धि** n. (-यः) A tendon, a nerve, a ligament. **सु** **सुद्धि** a joint, **यच्** aff.

**सुद्धि** f. (-यः) A hole or breach in a wall. **सु** **सुद्धि** a breach, **यच्** & **हृ** added, fem. form.

**सुद्धि** f. (-यः) 1. A river. 2. Spirituous liquor. 3. A hole in a wall, a breach. 4. A chasm, a pit, a mine. **सु** **सुद्धि** a hole, &c., **यच्** aff.

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) War ministry, charge of peace and war. **सु** **सुद्धि**, **यच्** war, **यच्** office. [last.]

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) Chief political minister. **सु** **सुद्धि** added to the

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) An able negotiator. **सु** **सुद्धि** and **यच्** skilled; also similar compounds, as **सुद्धि**, &c.

**सुद्धि** m. (-यः) A negotiator, a minister. **सु** **सुद्धि**, and **हि** who knows.

**सुद्धि** f. (-यः) 1. A particular period, and one which connects the part of the day or fortnight, as morning, noon, and evening, new moon,

the first or thirteenth day of the fortnight and full moon. 2. Twilight. *समि* union, वेला time. [carries away.]

*समिहारक* *m.* (-कः) A house-breaker. *समि* a breach, *हारक* who breaks. *समि* *n.* (-च) 1. Kindling, inflaming. 2. Exciting.

*समिचित* *mfn.* (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Lighted, inflamed, kindled. 2. Excited. *समि* before *च* to kindle, *त* aff.

*समिय* *mfn.* (-यः या-य) 1. To be joined, united, &c. 2. To be reconciled or at peace with. 3. To be allied, connected, &c., what or who may or ought to be allied, &c. *समि* before *चा* to have, *यत्* aff.

*सम्या* *f.* (-स्या) 1. Twilight, either morning or evening. 2. The period that elapses between the expiration of one Yuga or age, and the commencement of another. 3. A period of time, forenoon, after noon or mid-day. 4. Religious abstraction, meditation, repetition of Ma'n'tras, sipping water, &c., to be performed by the three first classes of Hindus, at stated periods in the course of every day, especially at sunrise, sunset, and at noon. 5. Reflection. 6. Promise, assent. 7. Boundary, limit. 8. Joining, union. 9. A flower; according to some the tuberosa, to others, the jasmine. 10. Twilight, personified as the daughter of BRAHMA', and wife of S'IVA. 11. The name of a river. *समि* a joint, (of the day,) and *यत्* aff.; or *समि* + *अ-चङ्* *सम्यो भवः* *यत्* वा ।

*सम्याग्र* *m.* (-ग्रः) 1. Twilight. 2. The period at the end of each Yuga. *सम्या* as above, and *ग्र* portion.

*सम्यायु* *m.* (-युः) Twilight. *सम्या*, *यु* a ray.

*सम्याकाल* *n.* (-कालः) 1. Twilight. 2. The intervals of a Yuga. *सम्या*, *काल* time. [mountain.]

*सम्याचल* *m.* (-चलः) The name of a mountain. *सम्या* twilight, *चल* a mountain. *सम्याग्र* *n.* (-ग्रः) The three periods of the day. *सम्या*, and *ग्र* triad.

*सम्यानाटिन्* *m.* (-टी) S'IVA. *सम्या* evening twilight, *नाटिन्* who dances.

*सम्याबल* *m.* (-लः) An imp, a Rākshasa. *सम्या* evening, *बल* strength.

*सम्याबलि* *m.* (-लिः) Any image of NANDI', the bull of S'IVA, either of clay, wood, or stone, placed in a temple of the deity. *सम्या* evening, (when S'IVA is worshipped,) *बलि* an offering. [twilight, *चल* talc.

*सम्याभ* *n.* (-भः) 1. A sort of red chalk. 2. An evening cloud. *सम्या* *सम्याराग* *n.* (-रागः) Red-lead. *सम्या* twilight, and *राग* the colour.

*सम्याराम* *m.* (-रामः) BRAHMA'. *सम्या* the daughter of the deity, of whom he become enamoured, and *राग* before *रम्* to sport, aff. *चङ्* ।

*सम्यासमय* *m.* (-यः) 1. Evening twilight. 2. The period after each Yuga. *सम्या*, and *समय* time.

*सम* *mfn.* (-मः-मा-मं) 1. Shrunk, diminished. 2. Lost, gone. 3. Still, motionless. 4. Dispirited. 5. Adjacent. 6. Sunk down. *n.* (-मः) A little, a small quantity. *m.* (-मः) The Piyāla tree. *सम* to go, *त* aff.

*समक* *m.* (-कः) A tree, commonly Piyāla : see *समकद्रु* ।

*समकण्ठ* *mfn.* (-ण्ठः-ण्ठा-ण्ठं) Choking, choked, scarcely able to articulate. *सम* gone, *कण्ठ* the throat.

*समकद्रु* *m.* (-द्रुः) A tree, commonly Piyāla, (Buchanania latifolia, Rox.) *सम* said to mean here, sharp, hot, and *द्रु* a tree; also *समक* ।

*समत* *mfn.* (-तः-ता-तं) Bent, bowed down. *सम*, and *त* bowed.

*समति* *f.* (-तिः) 1. Reverence, obeisance, reverential salutation. 2. Humiliating. 3. Sound. *सम* before *नम्* to bow, and *ति* aff.

*समन्न* *mfn.* (-न्नः-न्ना-न्नं) 1. Armed, mailed, accoutred. 2. Arranged, arrayed, prepared for battle. 3. Bound, girdled on. 4. Harnessed. 5. Prevalent. 6. Murderous, felonious, provided with arms for the destruction of others. 7. Wearing amulets, provided with charms, &c. 8. Near, at hand. *सम* before *नम्* to bind, aff. *त* ।

*समग्र* *m.* (-ग्रः) 1. Multitude, number, quantity. 2. Rear, rearguard. *सम* together, *ग्री* to get or guide, aff. *चङ्* ।

*समग्रह* *mfn.* (-हः-हा-हं) Destitute of joy, distressed. *सम* gone, *हर्ष* joy.

*समग्रह* *n.* (-हः) Arming, equipping. 2. Industry, exertion. 3. Binding tightly. *सम* + *नम्* *यद्* ।

*सम्राज* *m.* (-जः) 1. Armour, mail, either of iron or thick quilted cotton. 2. Arming for battle. *सम* before *नम्* to bind, aff. *चङ्* । 'सम्राज' ।

*सम्राज* *m.* (-जः) A war-elephant. *सम्राज* armour, *यत्* aff. of fitness.

*समिचय* *mfn.* (-यः-या-य) 1. Proximity, nearness. 2. Bring or drawing near. 3. Connection, relation. 4. Connection of an organ of sense with its object, (in Nyāya philosophy.) *सम* together, *नि* before *लभ्* to attract, aff. *चङ्*, fem. aff. *टाप्*, or *चङ्* aff.

*समिचय* *n.* (-यः) 1. Proximity. 2. Approximation, approximating, bringing or approaching near to. *सम* and *नि* before *लभ्* to make furrows, aff. *लुट्* ।

*समिज्ज* *mfn.* (-ज्जः-जा-जं) Near, proximate. *n.* (-जः) Vicinity. *सम* and *नि* prefixed to *लभ्* to make furrows, aff. *त* ।

*समिचार* *m.* (-रः) The Piya'l tree, (Buchanania latifolia.) *सम* and *नि* before *च* to ooze, aff. *चङ्* ।

*समिचय* *mfn.* (-यः-या-य) Collected. *सम* with, *निचय* heap.

*समिच* *n.* (-चः) Proximity. *सम* and *नि* before *चा* to have, aff. *च* ।

*समिचाट* *mfn.* (-टा-टी-टं) 1. Receiving, keeping in deposit or near to, who or what places near to, &c. 2. A receiver of stolen goods. 3. An officer who introduces people at court. *सम* and *नि* before *चा* to have, *ट* aff.

*समिधान* *n.* (-नं) 1. Proximity. 2. Appearance, perceptibility. 3. Placing, depositing. 4. Receiving, taking charge of. 5. A receptacle. 6. Placing down together. *सम* and *नि* before *चा* to have *लुट्* aff.

*समिधाय* *Ind.* Having placed or placed near at hand. *सम*, *नि* before *चा* to have, *ल्यप्* aff.

*समिधि* *f.* (-धिः) 1. Proximity, approximation. 2. Perceptibility, presence, appearance, becoming or being visible or perceptible. 3. Placing. 4. Receiving. 5. A receptacle. *सम* and *नि* before *चा* to have, and *कि* aff.; also *समिध* and *समिधान* ।

*समिधित* *mfn.* (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Assembled, collected. 2. Mixed, blended. 3. Alighted, descended. 4. Come, arrived. *सम* and *नि* before *पत्* to go, aff. *त* ।

*समिपात* *m.* (-तः) 1. Collection, assemblage, multitude. 2. Union, junction, contact. 3. Mixture, miscellaneous collection. 4. Morbid state of the three humours of the body producing fever and dangerous illness. 5. Alighting, descending, falling down. 6. Arrival. 7. A kind of musical tune or measure. *सम* and *नि* before *पत्* to go, aff. *चङ्* ।

*समिपातक* *m.* (-कः) Dangerous illness. *सम* added to the last.

*समिबध* *mfn.* (-धः-धा-धं) Bound firmly, fast tied or fettered. *सम* and *नि* intensitives, *बध* bound.

*समिबन्ध* *m.* (-न्धः) 1. Binding, tying. 2. Connection, consequence. 3. Effectiveness. *सम* completely, or *सत्* good, *निबन्ध* fastening.

*समिबन्धन* *n.* (-नं) Binding or tying fast. *सम*, *नि* intens., *बन्धन* tying.

*समिध* *mfn.* (-धः-धा-धं) Like, similar. *सम*, and *नि* *लिक*.

*समिध* *mfn.* (-धः-धा-धं) 1. Immersed, plunged in. 2. Asleep, sleeping. *सम*, and *नि* *मिध* immersed. [निमित्त cause.]

*समिधित* *n.* (-तः) For a good cause, for the sake of the good. *सम*, *नि* *मिध* *त*.

*समिधुक्त* *mfn.* (-क्तः-क्ता-क्तं) 1. Appointed, employed. 2. Attached to, connected with. *सम* and *नि* before *युज्* to join, *त* aff.

*समिधीन* *m.* (-नीः) 1. Attachment or application to, connection or union with. 2. Deputation, appointment. *सम* and *नि* before *युज्* to join, *चङ्* aff.

*समिध* *mfn.* (-धः-धा-धं) Stopped, obstructed, checked. *सम* and *नि* before *वृ* to oppose, *त* aff.

*समिरोध* *m.* (-धः) Hindrance, check, obstruction, suppression. *सम* and *नि* before *वृ* to hinder, *चङ्* aff.

*समिधित* *mfn.* (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Near, present, at hand. 2. Entered into. 3. Collected, assembled. 4. Neighbouring. *सम* and *नि* before *वि* to enter, aff. *त*.

सुविह्वल mfn. (-चः-वा-च) 1. Ceasing, forbearing. 2. Stopped, ceased. 3. Returned, coming back. ४. सन् and नि before वृत् to be, क् aff.

सुविह्वल f. (-चः) 1. Restraint, forbearance, avoiding, forsaking. 2. Returning, coming back. ४. सन्, and निवृत्ति desisting, stopping.

सुविह्वल m. (-चः) 1. An open space, either in a town or its vicinity where the people take exercise or diversion. 2. Vicinity, proximity, neighbourhood. 3. Fabrication, manufacture, construction, preparation. 4. Putting in, causing to enter. 5. Union, junction. 6. Assemblage, collection. 7. Situation, position, posture. 8. The collective form or figure of an asterism. ४. सन् and नि before विद् to enter, aff. वच् । [वद् to go, क् aff.]

सुविह्वल mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Stationary, seated, halted. ४. सन् and नि before

सुविह्वल mfn. (-चः-वा-च) 1. Near, proximate, at hand, present. 2. Staying, being. 3. Deposited, fixed, laid up. 4. Ready, prepared. ४. सन् together, निवृत्ति placed.

सुविह्वल mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Transient, brief, Adj. Fleeting, liable to destruction, transitory. ४. सुविह्वल, and चयाव loss.

सुविह्वल n. (-चः) Respect for the good. ४. सन्, and मान respect.

सुविह्वल m. (-चः) Good or virtuous conduct. ४. सन्, and मार्ग a way.

सुविह्वल n. (-चः) 1. Abandonment of the world. 2. Entrusting to. ४. सन् and नि before चत् to throw, क् aff.

सुविह्वल mfn. (-चः-वा-च) 1. Abandoned, deserted. 2. Entrusted or delivered to. 3. Laid down. ४. सन् and नि before चत् to throw, क् aff.

सुविह्वल Ind. 1. Having left or abandoned. 2. Having consigned or delivered to. ४. सन् and नि before चत् to throw, क् aff.

सुविह्वल m. (-चः) 1. Abandonment of all worldly affections and possessions. 2. Abandonment in general. 3. Deposit, trust, or relinquishment to. 4. Sudden death. 5. A stake in game. 6. Indian spike-nard. ४. सन् and नि before चत् to throw, to cast off, and वच् aff.

सुविह्वल m. (-चः) 1. The Brahma of the fourth order, the religious mendicant. 2. An ascetic, a devotee. 3. One who lays down or deposits. ४. सुविह्वल abandonment of the world, इति aff.

सुविह्वल mfn. (-चः-वा-च) 1. Winged. 2. Having a side or party. 3. Like, similar. 4. Containing the major term or subject. m. (-चः) 1. A partisan, a follower, an adherent, one of the same side or party. 2. An instance of the same side. ४. स for समान same, चच् party.

सुविह्वल m. (-चः) An enemy, an adversary. f. (-चः) A woman whose husband has other wives. ४. स for समान the same, पति a husband, क् aff. and वच् augment; चच् added for the masc. form.

सुविह्वल m. (-चः) A sort of bamboo, (Bambusa spinosa). "बिह्वल ।"

सुविह्वल f. (-चः) Accompanied with a wife.

सुविह्वल mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Distressed, afflicted. m. (-चः) A wounded deer or other animal. ४. स for सच् with, पत्र the leaf, the barb of the arrow, and कृत made; also सपदाकृत, &c., being metaphorically applied to distress or pain in general: see the next:

सुविह्वल n. (-चः) 1. Wounding so that the feathered part of the arrow enters the body. 2. Excessive pain: see the last. [last.]

सुविह्वल f. (-चः) Agony, affliction, excessive pain or distress: see the

सुविह्वल Ind. 1. Instantly, in a moment, at the moment. 2. Quickly, swiftly. ४. सच् before वद् to go, वच् aff. and the nasal rejected.

सुविह्वल f. (-चः) Worship, reverence. ४. सपर Kandwa'di root, said to imply worship, वच् and टच् affs.

सुविह्वल f. (-चः) Having a fourth part, increased by one-fourth.

सुविह्वल m. (-चः) A kinsman, especially one connected by the offering of the funeral cake to either or all of the manes of the father, grandfather, and great-grandfather, and their wives respectively, as sprung from them in directly collateral lines; the relationship stops with every fourth person, as the fifth cannot perform the offering of a cake to the father even of the deceased. The following are enumerated as Sapin'das:—the son, son's son, and son's grandson;

widow, daughter and daughter's son; the father, the mother, the brother, brother's son, and brother's grandson; father's daughter's son; father's brother's son and grandson; paternal grandfather's daughter's son; paternal grandfather; paternal grandmother, paternal grandfather's brother, brother's son and grandson; and lastly the great grandfather's daughter's son: these all present oblations in which the deceased is either included, or may participate: other enumerations, including the oblations he was bound to offer, &c. extend the connection of Sapin'da to seven persons both in an ascending or descending line. ४. स for सप्त common, and विह्वल ball of meat, &c., offered to the manes of the deceased ancestors, at the S'rad'dhas performed in honour of them.

सुविह्वल n. (-चः) 1. Offering food to the deceased relatives called Sapin'das: to be performed at the end of a full year after the death of a relative; but can be performed on the twelfth day after death by Bra'hmins only, on some special occasions. 2. Investing a person with the rights of relationship, indicated by offering the funeral cake. ४. सुविह्वल, करच् making, विद् aff.

सुविह्वल mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Comprehended in the relationship of Sapin'da or offering of a common cake. ४. सुविह्वल, कृत made, विद् augment. [aff. विद् ।]

सुविह्वल f. (-चः) Drinking together. ४. स for सच् with, पा to drink, सप्तक mfn. (-चः-वा or वा-च) 1. Seven. 2. Seventh. 3. Containing seven.

n. (-चः) 1. A collection of seven stanzas of the Rig' Veda. 2. A collection of any seven things. f. (-चः) A woman's girdle. ४. सप्तक seven, (string, &c.) and कन् aff.

सप्तक m. (-चः) AGNI or fire. ४. सप्त seven, जिह्वा a tongue or flame.

सप्तक m. (-चः) AGNI or fire. ४. सप्त seven, ज्वाला flame.

सप्तक m. (-चः) A sacrifice, an offering or oblation. ४. सप्त seven, (prayers, or the tongues of AGNI.) तन् to spread, aff. वच् ।

सप्तक f. Sing. (-चः) Seventy. Du. (-चः) Two seventies. Plu. (-चः) Many seventies. ४. सप्तक seven, इति aff.

सप्तक mfn. (-चः-वा-च) The seventieth.

सप्तक mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Seventeenth. ४. सप्त seven, दशन् ten, aff. इट् ।

सप्तक mfn. Plu. (-चः) Seventeen. ४. सप्तक seven and दशन् ten.

सप्तक m. (-चः) AGNI or fire. ४. सप्त seven, दीपति a ray of light.

सप्तक m. (-चः) An epithet of the earth.

सप्तक Plu. In seven ways. ४. सप्तक seven, वाच् aff.

सप्तक m. (-चः) The seven parts of the body, or chyle, blood, flesh, adeps, marrow, bone, and semen ४. सप्त seven, and धातु element.

सप्तक mfn. Plural only, (सप्त) Seven. ४. वच् to be collected, Una'di aff. कनिन् and वट् augment.

सप्तक m. (-चः) An astrological diagram supposed to foretell rain.

सप्तक f. (-चः) The ceremony of walking together round the nuptial fire.

सप्तक mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Seven-leaved. m. (-चः) A tree, (Alstonia scholaris.) n. (-चः) A sort of sweetmeat, made of the expressed juice of the grape, pomegranate and date, with sugar, spices, honey, and Ghee. ४. सप्त seven, and पत्र a leaf. [मृ mother.]

सप्तक f. (-चः) The mother of seven children. ४. सप्त seven, पञ्च a child,

सप्तक Plu. (-चः) The seven constituent parts of a kingdom, or prince, ministers, fortress, territory, treasure, force, and ally or friend. ४. सप्त, and प्रकृति constituent.

सप्तक m. (-चः) The Sirisha tree, (Acacia Sirisa.)

सप्तक Adj. Seven stories high.

सप्तक mfn. (-चः-वा-च) Seventh. f. (-चः) 1. The seventh day of a lunar fortnight. 2. The locative case, (in gram.) ४. सप्तक seven, इतम् aff. ; or सप्तक पूरणः सट् ।

सप्तक m. Plu. (-चः) The seven external parts of the body of a red colour, or the palms of the hands, the soles of the feet, the cor-

nose of the eyes, the tongue, the palate, the lips and nails. ३. सप्त seven, and रक्त red or blood.

सप्तरात्रि न. (-त्रि) A period of seven nights. ३. सप्त, रात्रि for रात्रि night.  
सप्तर्षि m. Plu. (-र्षि) 1. The constellation Ursa Major, the seven stars of which are the seven great saints, viz :—MARICHI, ATRI, ANGIRAS, PULASTYA, PULAHA, KRATU, and VAS'ISHTHA. 2. The seven sages themselves. ३. सप्त seven, and ऋषि a sage.

सप्तलता f. (-लता) 1. Double jasmine, (J. zambac fl. multiplicatis.) 2. A plant, commonly Charmakasa'. 3. Trumpet flower, (Bignonia suave-olens.) 4. A shrub, (Abrus precatorius.) ३. सप्त seven, (leaves, &c.) ला to get or have, aff. क् ।

सप्तशती f. (-शती) An aggregate of seven hundred verses.

सप्तसप्त m. (-सप्त) The sun. ३. सप्त seven, सप्त a horse.

सप्तहस्त mfn. (-हस्त) 1. Of seven cubits. 2. Having seven hands, &c. ३. सप्त, हस्त a hand.

सप्तपुत्र m. (-पुत्र) The planet SATURN. ३. सप्त seven, पुत्र a ray of light, पुत्रव eminent. [a part.

सप्तभुज mfn. (-भुज) Having seven members or parts. ३. सप्त, भुज  
सप्तर्षि mfn. (-र्षि) Evil-eyed, fierce eyed. m. (-र्षि) 1. AGNI or fire.  
2. The planet SATURN. ३. सप्त seven, and ऋषि a flame.

सप्तम m. (-म) The sun. ३. सप्त seven, and म a horse.

सप्तमल n. (-मल) A heptagon. ३. सप्त, and मल an angle.

सप्तम व. (-म) A week. ३. सप्त and म for म a day. [troop,] ति aff.

सप्त m. (-सप्त) 1. A horse. 2. A yoke. ३. म् to be collected, (in a

सप्त m. (-सप्त) A small glistening fish, commonly Punthi, a sort of carp, (Cyphocephalus, HAM :) see सप्त ।

सप्त mfn. (-सप्त) Productive, fruitful, bearing fruit, yielding a profit, &c. ३. सप्त for सप्त with, and फल fruit.

सप्तम m. (-म) A man with his wife. ३. सप्त with, म् a wife, म् added.

सप्त m. (-सप्त) A Kinsman, a relation. Adj. Possessed of a friend.

सप्त m. (-सप्त) Evening twilight. ३. सप्त for सप्त with, सप्त offering of food to evil spirits; the proper hour for such ceremonies.

सप्त mfn. (-सप्त) 1. Painful, hurtful. 2. Oppressive, extortionary. ३. सप्त with, सप्त pain.

सप्तम m. (-म) Studying together, being disciples of one teacher. ३. सप्त with, सप्त studentship.

सप्तम m. (-म) A fellow student, one engaged in the same studies and observing the same austerities. ३. सप्त for सप्त with, and सप्त the religious student.

सप्त mfn. (-सप्त) Fearing, fearful. ३. सप्त with, सप्त fear.

सप्तम f. (-म) A woman whose husband is alive. ३. सप्त with, म् a husband, म् and सप्त affs.

सप्त f. (-सप्त) 1. A house. 2. An assembly, a meeting. 3. A Court of Justice. 4. A gambling-house. 5. A much frequented place. ३. सप्त for सप्त together, सप्त to shine, affs. सप्त and सप्त ।

सप्त r. 10th cl. (सप्तसप्त) 1. To serve, to gratify by service. 2. To please or satisfy. 3. To show. 4. To beautify.

सप्तम n. (-म) 1. Courtesy, politeness, civility in receiving or taking leave of a friend. 2. Thanks. 3. Congratulation. ३. सप्त to please or gratify, aff. सप्त । [३. सप्त to please, सप्त aff.

सप्तम mfn. (-सप्त) Treated with courtesy, gratified, pleased.

सप्तम m. (-सप्त) 1. The keeper of a gaming-house. 2. The president of an assembly. ३. सप्त an assembly, (of gamblers, &c.) सप्त master.

सप्तम mfn. (-सप्त) Influencing or fascinating an assembly. ३. सप्त, सप्त what subdues.

सप्तम m. (-सप्त) One of a company, an assistant at an assembly or meeting; (in law, an assessor.) ३. सप्त an assembly, सप्त who goes.

सप्तम m. (-सप्त) An assistant at an assembly, one of a company. ३. सप्त an assembly, सप्त to cover, aff. सप्त ।

सप्तम m. (-सप्त) The keeper of a gaming-house. ३. सप्त an assembly, सप्त aff; also with the penultimate vowel made long. सप्त ।

सप्तम m. (-सप्त) The keeper of a gaming-house: see the last.

सप्तम m. (-सप्त) A Pan'dit, a learned Brāhman or teacher. ३. सप्त an assembly, and सप्त fit, proper.

सप्त mfn. (-सप्त) 1. Trusted, confidential, faithful. 2. Relating to an assembly, fit for or suitable to it. 3. Polite. 4. Civilized. m. (-सप्त) 1. An assistant at an assembly. 2. An assessor. 3. A person of honourable parentage. 4. The keeper of a gambling-house. 5. A servant of the keeper of a gaming-house. ३. सप्त an assembly &c., सप्त aff.

सप्तम m. (-सप्त) A distinguished person, one who is an ornament of society. ३. सप्त, and सप्त affix of superlative.

सप्तम f. (-सप्त) Politeness, refinement in manners. ३. सप्त, and सप्त aff.

सप्त Ind. A particle and prefix implying :—1. Union, junction, (with together.) 2. Assemblage, collection. 3. Beauty or perfection. 4. Intensity. As a prefix it corresponds to con, co, com, &c. Before a consonant the final of this word is changed to Anusvara, and it written सप्त. ३. सप्त-सप्त ।

सप्त mfn. Pron. (-सप्त) 1. All, whole, entire. (Adj.) 1. Like, similar. 2. Good, virtuous. 3. Full, complete. 4. Same, even, equal. 5. Indifferent, impartial. 6. Mean. f. (-सप्त) 1. A year. 2. Even plain, level. 3. Same. 4. Equal. 5. Convenient. 6. Straight. 7. Indifferent, impartial, fair. 8. Common. 9. Like, similar. 10. Free from emotion. 11. Good, virtuous. 12. Honest, just. 13. Full, complete, &c. : see सप्त : n. (-सप्त) 1. A figure of rhetoric, identity of sameness of objects compared to one another. 2. (In geometry), A mean; a fourth proportional to the two perpendiculars and the link or segment. ३. सप्त to be confused or unconfused, aff. सप्त ।

सप्तम f. (-सप्त) A girl fit to be married, ३. सप्त complete, सप्त a virgin.

सप्तम m. (-सप्त) An equidiagonal tetragon. [time.

सप्तम n. (-सप्त) The same time, the same moment. ३. सप्त and सप्त

सप्तम Adj. Contemporary.

सप्तम n. (-सप्त) A snake, a serpent.

सप्तम mfn. (-सप्त) Going or moving equally, kept equal or together. ३. सप्त together, सप्त to go, सप्त aff.

सप्तम Ind. Before, in presence or sight of, visible. ३. सप्त with, सप्त the eye, aff. सप्त । (in astronomy.)

सप्तम n. (-सप्त) An epithet of a particular division of the Nakshatras, सप्तम m. (-सप्त) An oblong excavation, thence also a parallelopipedon, (in geometry.) ३. सप्त equal, सप्त dug. [सप्त aff.

सप्तम m. (-सप्त) Compounded perfume. ३. सप्त same, even, सप्त small, सप्त mfn. (-सप्त) All, entire, whole, full, complete. ३. सप्त the whole, सप्त to take, सप्त aff.

सप्तम f. (-सप्त) 1. Bengal madder, (Rubia manjith.) 2. A sort of fern, (Lycopodium imbricatum.) 3. A sort of sensitive plant. ३. सप्त together, सप्त to go or grow, aff. सप्त । [rangular, square.

सप्तम m. (-सप्त) An equilateral tetragon. Adj. Equally quad-

सप्तम m. (-सप्त) A rhombus.

सप्तम mfn. (-सप्त) 1. Indifferent, unattached. 2. Equable, even-tempered. ३. सप्त, and सप्त the mind.

सप्तम n. (-सप्त) 1. Indifference. 2. Equanimity. ३. सप्त added to the last; also with सप्त, सप्त ।

सप्तम m. (-सप्त) 1. A multitude of beasts or birds. 2. A number of block heads. n. (-सप्त) A forest, a wood. ३. सप्त alike, सप्त to be born, सप्त aff.

सप्तम f. (-सप्त) Fame, reputation. ३. सप्त all, सप्त to know, सप्त and सप्त affs

सप्तम f. (-सप्त) 1. An assembly, a meeting. 2. Fame, celebrity. ३. सप्त together, सप्त to go, सप्त aff.

सप्तम mfn. (-सप्त) 1. Proper, right, fit. 2. Exercised, experienced. 3. Correct, accurate, true. 4. Virtuous, good. n. (-सप्त) 1. Propriety

fitness. 2. Correct evidence. **सम्** with, together with, **असम्** truly.  
**समस** m. (-सः) A potherb, a sort of cucumber. "समसीरे".  
**समता** f. (-ता) 1. Sameness, similarity, equality. 2. Equanimity. 3. Right decision. 4. Perfectness. **सम्** equal, like, **तत्** aff.; also **समल** n. (-ल).  
**समतिक्रम** m. (-मः) 1. Deviating from, transgressing. 2. Going over or beyond. **सम्** and **अति** before **क्र** to go, **अत्** aff.  
**समतिक्रान्त** mfn. (-तः-ता-न्) 1. Surpassed, exceeded. 2. Gone over or beyond. 3. Transgressed. **सम्**, and **अति** before **क्र** to go, **त्** aff.  
**समतिरिक्त** mfn. (-क्तः-क्ता-क्त) Much, exceeding, abundant. **सम्** with, and **अतिरिक्त** much.  
**समतीत** mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Past, gone. **सम्**, and **अतीत** past.  
**समविभुज** m. (-जः) An equilateral triangle. **सम्**, and **विभुज** triangle.  
**समलम्ब** mfn. (-लम्बः) Equally bright or lovely. **सम्**, and **लम्ब** light.  
**समसर** mfn. (-सः-सा-स) Envious, jealous. **सम्** with, **ससर** envy.  
**समदर्शितृ** m. (-र्शितृ) Impartial, equally viewing both sides. **सम्**, and **दर्शितृ** who sees. [**सम्** and **दर्श** pain.  
**समदुःख** mfn. (-दुःखः-दुःखा-दुःख) Sympathizing, feeling for another's woe. **सम्**.  
**समश्रित** mfn. (-श्रितः-श्रिता-श्रित) Exceeding, abundant, plentiful. **सम्** intensive, and **अश्रित** more. [to go, **श्रु** ट्. aff.  
**समश्रित** m. (-श्रितः) Surpassing, overcoming. **सम्**, and **अश्रित** before **श्रु**.  
**समवृत्त** mfn. (-वृत्तः-वृत्ता-वृत्त) Equal or equivalent to. **सम्**, and **वृत्त** held.  
**समस्र** mfn. (-स्रः-स्रा-स्र) Travelling in company. **सम्** same, **अस्र** a road, the final dropped.  
**समनुज्ञात** mfn. (-ज्ञातः-ज्ञाता-ज्ञात) Assented or agreed to, permitted, allowed. **सम्** and **अनु** before **ज्ञा** to know, **त्** aff.  
**समनुज्ञान** mfn. (-ज्ञानः-ज्ञाना-ज्ञान) Permitted, allowed. n. (-ज्ञ) Assent, concurrence, permission. **सम्** and **अनु** before **ज्ञा** to know, **श्रु** ट्. aff.  
**समनुव्रत** mfn. (-व्रतः-व्रता-व्रत) Entirely devoted to. **सम्**, **अनुव्रत** devoted to.  
**समन्** mfn. (-न्तः-न्ता-न्त) All, entire, universal. m. (-न्तः) Limit, term, boundary, end. **सम्** intensive, **अन्त** end.  
**समन्तसु** Ind. 1. All round, on every side. 2. Wholly, altogether. **सम्** with, **अन्त** end, term, **तसु** aff.  
**समलदुग्धा** f. (-दुग्धा) The milk hedge-plant, (Euphorbia tirucalli, &c.) **सम्**.  
**समल** every way, दुग्ध milk.  
**समलपत्रक** n. (-कः) Name of a holy place near Kurukshetra.  
**समलभद्र** m. (-द्रः) A Jina or Budd'ha. **सम्** every way, and **भद्र** auspicious. [consumes.  
**समलभुज** m. (-भुजः) AGNI or fire. **सम्** universal, **भुज** what eats or  
**समलान्** Ind. All around, on every side. **सम्** in the fifth case, used as a particle, **आति** aff.  
**सह** mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) Fierce, angry, enraged. m. (-हः) S'IVA. **सम्** for सह with, **मह** wrath.  
**समस्य** m. (-स्यः) 1. Connected consequence. 2. Natural succession or order. 3. Conjunction, copulation. **सम्**, and **अस्य** order.  
**समन्वित** mfn. (-वितः-वितः) Possessed of, endowed with, possessing, affected by, full of. **सम्** intensive or conjunctive, **अन्वित** endowed with.  
**समपाद** n. (-दः) An attitude in shooting, standing with the feet even. **सम्**.  
**सम** even, पाद the foot; also read **समपद**.  
**समनुवि** mfn. (-विः-विः-विः) Philosophical, stoical, looking on all things alike, calm, indifferent. **सम्**, and **नुवि** understanding.  
**समभाव** mfn. (-वः-वी-वः) Of like nature or property. m. (-वः) 1. Equality. 2. Sameness. **सम्**, and **भाव** nature.  
**समभिभूत** mfn. (-भूतः-भूता-भूत) Overwhelmed. **सम्**, **अभि** before **भू** to go, **त्** aff.  
**समभिवाहार** m. (-रः) Mentioning together. 2. Proximity or association with a word whose meaning is well understood. 3. Company, association. **सम्** + **अभि** + **वि** + **वा** + **ह** - **अत्**.  
**समभिरच** n. (-चः) 1. Seeking, wishing, endeavouring to gain. 2. Approaching, going to or against. **सम्**, and **अभि** before **च** to go, **श्रु** ट्. aff.  
**समभिरच** n. (-चः) Taking, seizing. **सम्**, and **अभि** before **च** to take,

**समभिहार** m. (-रः) 1. Repetition, reiteration. 2. Excess, surplus. **सम्** with, **अभि** before **ह** to take, aff. **अत्**.  
**समभूमि** f. (-भिः) Even ground. **सम्** even, and **भूमि** ground.  
**समभ्यर्चन** nf. (-नः-ना-र्चन) Worshipping, reverencing. **सम्**, and **अभि** before **च** to worship, **श्रु** ट्. aff.  
**समभ्यर्चित** mfn. (-तः-ता-र्चन) Honoured, worshipped. **सम्**, and **अभि** before **च** to respect, **त्** aff.  
**समभाहार** m. (-रः) Association, accompaniment.  
**समम्** Ind. With, together with. **सम्** to be confused or unconfused, aff. **अत्**; or **सम** - **अम्**.  
**सममध्य** n. (-मध्यः) The prime vertical line, (in astronomy.)  
**सममय** mfn. (-यः-यी-यः) Of like origin, proceeding from the same cause, &c. **सम्** same, **मय** ट्. aff. [मात्र aff.  
**सममान** mfn. (-मः-मौ-मः) Of the same size or measure. **सम्** same, **मान** same, **मिति** f. (-तिः) Mean measure. **सम्**, and **मिति** measure.  
**समय** m. (-यः) 1. Time. 2. Oath, affirmation by oath or ordeal. 3. An established moral or ceremonial custom, rule, law. 4. Demonstrated conclusion. 5. Agreement, covenant, contract, bargain. 6. Engagement, appointment. 7. Order, precept, instruction. 8. Sign, hint, indication. 9. Religious obligation or observance. 10. Leisure, interval, opportunity. 11. Season, fit or proper time for anything. 12. Speech, declaration. 13. Limit, boundary. 14. End of trouble or distress, (in dramatic action.) 15. End, conclusion, termination. 16. Convention. 17. Poetical conventionality, (as the dance of peacocks on the appearance of clouds.) 18. Success, prosperity. 19. Condition, stipulation. **सम्** for **सम्** with, **मी** to mete, to measure, aff. **अत्**; or **सम** alike, **इत्** to go, aff. **अत्**.  
**समयकार** m. (-रः) Making an appointment or engagement, fixing a time. **सम्** an agreement, and **कार** making.  
**समयपरिरक्षण** n. (-णः) Observance of an agreement.  
**समयभेद** m. (-दः) Breaking an agreement. **सम्**, and **भेद** breaking.  
**समयव्यभिचार** m. (-रः) Violating or breaking an agreement. **सम्**, and **व्यभिचार** improper conduct.  
**समया** Ind. 1. Near, (with an accusative.) 2. Within, between, midst. 3. At such a time, at a fixed or appointed time. 1. Duly, seasonably, in due time or season. **सम्** alike, **इत्** to go, **आ** Una'di aff.  
**समयाचार** m. (-रः) Conventional practice or usage.  
**समयाधुवित** n. (-तः) Time at which neither the stars nor the sun is visible. **सम्** time, **अधि** over, **उवित** abided. [अत्. **अत्**.  
**समर** mn. (-रः-रः) War, battle, conflict. **सम्** with, together, **च** to go, **अत्**.  
**समरज्जु** f. (-ज्जुः) Mean string or soundings. **सम्**, and **रज्जु** a string.  
**समरभ** m. (-भः) A particular mode of sexual intercourse.  
**समरभूय** m. (-भूयः) The front or van of battle. **सम्**, and **भूय** front.  
**समस्य** mfn. (-स्यः-स्यः-स्यः) Of like or same source or origin. **सम्** same, **स्य** aff. [अत्. **अत्**.  
**समर्चन** n. (-नः) Worshipping, adoration. **सम्** before **च** to worship, **अत्**.  
**समर्चित** mfn. (-तः-ता-र्चन) Worshipped, adored, honoured. **सम्** before **च** to worship, **त्** aff. [अत्. **अत्**.  
**समर्थ** mfn. (-र्थः-र्था-र्थः) 1. Asked, solicited. 2. Pained, wounded. **सम्**, **समर्थ** mfn. (-र्थः-र्था-र्थः) 1. Strong, powerful. 2. Connected in sense. 3. Fit, proper. 4. Able, adequate to, capable. 5. Allowed. m. (-र्थः) The coherence of words in a significant sentence. **सम्** with, **अर्थ** to ask, aff. **अत्**, or **अर्थ** meaning, sense. [अत्. **अत्**.  
**समर्थक** n. (-कः) Aloe-wood, (Amyris agallocha.) **सम्** fit, (for perfume.)  
**समर्थता** f. (-ता) 1. Strength, power, prowess. 2. Ability, capability, adequacy. 3. Signification of terms. **सम्** aff. of the abstract, added to **समर्थ**; also **समर्थल** n. (-ल).  
**समर्थन** n. (-नः) 1. Deliberation, deciding on the propriety or impropriety of anything; also **समर्थना**. 2. Perseverance in an arduous undertaking, attempting difficulties or impossibilities. 3. Reconciling



differences, allaying a dispute. 4. Objecting, objection. 5. Potency, efficacy. **सम्** before चर्च् to ask or request, aff. ल्युट् । [aff. ल्युक् ।]

**समईक** mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Granting a boon. **सम्** before चर्च् to augment, **समर्पण** n. (-र्चः) Delivering, consigning, presenting. **सम्**, चर्च् delivering. **समर्पणीय** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) To be delivered, presented, made over, &c. **सम्**, and चर्च्णीय to be delivered ; also **समर्पयितव्य** and **समर्प्य** ।

**समर्पित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Delivered, made over, consigned. **सम्**, and चर्च्पित delivered.

**समर्पितवत्** mfn. (-वान्-वतो-वत्) Giving or making over, delivering. **सम्**, चर्च्पितवत् delivering.

**समर्थाद्** mfn. (-दः-दा-दं) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Bounded, limited. 3. Correct in conduct. 4. Respectful. **स** for सङ् with, मर्थादा a limit.

**समल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Dirty, muddy, filthy, foul, impure. 2. Sinful. n. (-लं) Faeces, ordure. **स** for सङ् with, लल dirt.

**समवकार** m. (-रः) A sort of dramatic entertainment. **सम्**, and चर्च् before कृ to make, aff. चञ् ; described, as that in which the chiefs are engaged in mutual conflict to contest.

**समवतार** m. (-रः) 1. A descent into a river or sacred bathing place at a TIRTHA. 2. A descent. **सम्** with, चर्च् below, ट् to cross or pass over, aff. घञ् । [aff. क् ।]

**समवनत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Bent, bowed. **सम्**, and चर्च् before बन् to bow, **समवर्ण** mfn. (-र्णः-र्णी-र्णं) Of the same caste, colour, &c. m. (-र्णः) Community of caste, &c. **सम्**, and चर्च् caste.

**समवर्तिन्** m. (-र्त्तिः) YAMA, the ruler of Tartarus. **सम्** all, equal, उन् to be or to select, aff. णिनि ।

**समवस्थात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone away, wasted, destroyed. **सम्**, and चर्च् before स्थे to go, क् aff.

**समवस्ये** mfn. (-स्ये-स्या-स्यं) To be let go or let out. **सम्**, and चर्च् before स्य् to loose, ग्यत् aff.

**समवस्था** f. (-स्था) 1. State, condition. 2. Similar state or condition.

**समवाप्ति** f. (-तिः) Obtaining, getting. **सम्**, and चर्च् before वाप् to get, क्तिन् aff.

**समवाय** m. (-यः) 1. Multitude, assemblage, collection, aggregate, quantity. 2. One of the categories or Pada'rthas of logic, intimate and constant relation, as of yarn and the cloth made of it. 3. Connection of species in a genus, or parts of a whole. **सम्** and चर्च् before यत् to go, aff. घञ् ।

**समवायसम्बन्ध** m. (-न्धः) Inseparable relation, as of properties with substances, material with manufacture, species with genus. **सम्**, and चर्च् connection.

**समवायिकारण** n. (-र्णः) Inseparable cause or relation, as of material with produce, &c. **सम्**, and चर्च् कारण cause.

**समवायिन्** mfn. (-यो-विनी-यि) 1. Multitudinous, aggregated. 2. Connected intimately. n. (-यि) Intimate and inseparable cause, as earth of pottery, thread of cloth, &c. **सम्**, and चर्च् aff.

**समवृत्ति** mfn. (-त्तिः-ति-त्ति) Moderate, equable. **सम्**, and वृत्ति practice.

**समवृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Mixed, mingled, blended. 2. Collected, assembled. 3. Connected with, related to, as properties with things. 4. Comprised in one genus. **सम्** and चर्च् before वृत् to go, क् aff.

**समवेध** m. (-धः) Mean depth. **सम्**, and चर्च् perforation.

**समवृद्धान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Spreading over, pervading, extending throughout. **सम्** intensive, चर्च् to pervade, शानच् aff.

**समष्टि** f. (-ष्टिः) A collective aggregate, an aggregate which is viewed as constituted of parts of which each is consubstantially the same with the whole. **सम्** + चर्च्-व्याप्ती क्तिन् ।

**समष्टिला** f. (-ला) A sort of potherb, said to grow in watery places ; according to some authorities, a kind of cucumber, to others a shrub, called commonly गडरदूरी. **सम्** together, स्था to stay, रतच् aff, deriv. irr. ; or **सम्** with, अस्थि a bone, (a seed,) ला to 'got or have, aff. क् ; also समष्टीला ।

**समसन** n. (-नं) 1. Contracting, contraction. 2. Combination, conjunction, formation of compound terms. **सम्** together, चर्च् to throw or direct, aff. ल्युट् ।

**समसन्धि** f. (-न्धिः) Alliance or peace on equal terms. **सम्**, सन्धि union.

**समसन्धित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Allied on equal terms. 2. Bound or connected equally. **सम्**, and सन्धित bound.

**समसुप्ति** f. (-प्तिः) The end of the Kalpa, and destruction of the universe. **सम्** universal, सुप्ति sleep.

**समस्र** mfn. (-स्रः-सा-स्रं) 1. All, whole, entire, complete. 2. Compound, compounded. 3. Abridged, contracted. m. (-स्रः) A whole, the aggregate of all the parts. **सम्** together, चर्च् to throw or direct, aff. क् ।

**समस्र** mfn. (-स्रः-सा-स्रं) 1. Even, equal, level, uniform. 2. Like, similar. **सम्** even, स्र what abides.

**समस्रल** nf. (-लं-ली) Level ground. f. (-ली) The Doab, the country between the Ganges and Jamuna' rivers. **सम्** level, स्र soil.

**समस्रलीकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Levelled, made level, filled up, (as a marsh or river.) **सम्**, स्रल and कृत made, च्छि aff.

**समस्र** mfn. (-स्रः-सा-स्रं) 1. To be collected together. 2. To be made entire or complete. f. (-स्रा) Part of a stanza, proposed as a trial of skill to be completed. **सम्** even or complete, चर्च् affix, and स्र augment ; or **सम्** together, चर्च् to direct, चर्च् or च्यत् aff.

**समस्रायां** f. (-यां) Part of a stanza to be completed as a trial of skill. **सम्**, स्र to be completed, चर्च् meaning.

**समांश** mfn. (-शः-शा-शं) Entitled to an equal share. m. (-शः) An equal portion, a part. **सम्**, चर्च् part.

**समांशहारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिणी-रि) Sharing equally, a co-heir. **सम्**, हरिन् who takes.

**समांशिन्** mfn. (-शी-शिनी-शि) A co heir entitled to an equal share. **सम्** same, चर्च् part or portion, and हरि aff.

**समांसमीना** f. (-नी) A cow bearing a calf every year. **सम्**, मीना in the second case, repeated, and ख aff.

**समा** f. (-मा) Year ; (according to AMARA'S lexicon this word is always used in the plural ; PA'INI however, uses it in the singular) Ind. With, together with. **सम्** + चर्च्-टाप् ।

**समाकविन्** mfn. (-वी-विणी-वि) Possessing a diffusive fragrance. m. (-वि) A scent spreading afar. **सम्**, and चर्च् before कृ to draw, aff. णिनि.

**समाकुल** mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) 1. Agitated, bewildered, confused. 2. Crowded, thronged. **सम्**, and चर्च् before कुल् to accumulate, क् aff.

**समाकुलत्व** n. (-त्वं) Agitation, anxiety. **सम्** added to the last ; also with तल्, समाकुलता ।

**समाकान्त** mfn. (-न्तः-ता-न्तं) 1. Pervaded, spread. 2. Overcome, surpassed. **सम्**, and चर्च् before कन् to go, aff. क् ।

**समाख्या** f. (-ख्या) 1. Fame, reputation. 2. Appellation. **सम्** all, चर्च् before ख्या to tell or declare, affs. चङ् and टाप् ।

**समाख्यात** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Famed, celebrated. 2. Notorious, public. 3. Reckoned up. 4. Declared. **सम्**, and चर्च् before ख्या to say, क् aff.

**समागत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Arrived, approached. 2. Met, encountered. 3. United, joined. **सम्** together, and आगत come.

**समानति** f. (-तिः) 1. Arrival, approach. 2. Union, joining. 3. Encountering, meeting. 4. Similar condition or progress. **सम्** with, or **सम्** same, चर्च् before गन् to go, aff. क्तिन् ।

**समागम** m. (-मः) 1. Union, junction. 2. Arrival, approach. 3. Association, acquaintance, intercourse. 4. Encountering, meeting. 5. (In astronomy,) The occultation of a star. **सम्** with, आगम coming.

**समाघात** m. (-तः) 1. War, battle. 2. Striking, beating, killing. **सम्** together, आघात striking.

**समाचर** mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Who or what observes, practices, proceeds, &c. **सम्** and चर्च् before चर्च् to go, टाप् aff.

**समाचरण** n. (-र्णः) Following, practising, observing, proceeding. **सम्** and चर्च् before चर्च् to go, ल्युट् aff.

समाचरन् mfn. (-रन्-रती-रन्) Following, practising, behaving, proceeding, &c. E. सम्, and चाङ् before चर् to go, ग्रह aff.

समाचार mfn. (-र-रा-रं) Equal or like in virtuous conduct. m. (-रः) 1. Proper practice or conduct. 2. Proceeding, going. 3. Information, tradition, news. E. सम्, and चाङ् before चर् to go, वञ् aff.

समाच्छन् mfn. (-ञ-ञा-ञं) Covered with, involved in. E. सम्, चाङ् before चर् to go, वञ् aff.

समाज m. (-जः) 1. A multitude, a number, (of anything except beasts.) 2. An assembly, a meeting. 3. A convivial meeting, a club. 4. An elephant. E. सम् like, and चर् to go, aff. वञ् ।

समाजिक m. (-कः) A member of an assembly, a spectator : also सामाजिक ।

समाज्ञा f. (-ज्ञा) Fame, reputation. E. सम् all, चाङ् before ज्ञा to know, affs. चङ् and टाप् ।

समादर m. (-रः) Veneration.

समादान n. (-नं) 1. Receiving suitable donations. 2. Taking. 3. The daily observances of the Jaina sect. E. सम् with, चादान taking.

समादाय Ind. 1. Having taken. 2. Having accepted. E. सम्, and चाङ् before दा to give, खप् aff.

समादिष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Enjoined, commanded. E. सम्, चादिष्ट enjoined.

समादेय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Acceptable, to be selected or taken. E. सम्, and चाङ् before दा to give, यत् aff.

समादेश m. (-शः) Advice, direction, command, order.

समाधा f. (-धा) 1. The act of collecting or composing. 2. Restraining the senses and fixing the mind in abstract contemplation on the true nature of spirit. 3. Profound absorption. 4. Contentment. 5. Answering an objection, replying to the Purva Paksha. 6. Agreeing, promising. 7. A leading incident which gives rise to the whole plot; also समाधान. E. सम् + धा + धा + क् + लृट् ।

समाधान n. (-नं) 1. Religious meditation, restraining the mind from external objects, and fixing it in profound absorption. 2. Declaring. 3. (In the drama,) The leading incident that gives rise sometimes unexpectedly to the whole plot. 4. Sensitive, चाङ् before धा to have or hold, aff. खप् ।

समाधाय Ind. Having fixed upon, (the mind,) been content. E. सम् and चाङ् before धा to have, खप् aff.

समाधि m. (-धिः) 1. Deep and devout meditation, restraining the mind and confining the mind to contemplation on the true nature of spirit, &c. 2. A religious vow or obligation. 3. Silence, abstinent, assent, engagement. 5. Composing or recommending a resolution, bringing a stop to a dispute. 6. Requital, return, retaliation, &c. 7. Attempting impossibilities; exertion or perseverance in the face of difficulties. 8. Storing corn on account of a dearth. 9. A descendant of a future age. 10. A figure of rhetoric, connection in proximity of two events accidentally connected, and separated by a common verb and the government of the verb by a double nominative, as उल्कशिता च कुलटा जगामासुः सन्तानम्, then, the woman went sorrowfully, and the son (went) sorrowfully. 11. A combination. 12. Demonstrated conclusion. 13. The part of the neck. 14. A tomb, a grave. E. सम् together, धा to have, and चाङ् prefix, and क् aff.

समाधितु mfn. (-सन्-सती-सन्) 1. Contemplative, engaged in meditation. 2. Making a promise, announcing assent or permission. E. सम्, धि, and सन्प् aff.

समाधिय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Devoted to meditation. E. समाधि and य who is.

समाधात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Blown or puffed up, inflated. E. सम् and धाङ् before धा to blow, क् aff.

समान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Like, similar. 2. Good, virtuous. 3. One, uniform, same. 4. Honoured. m. (-नः) 1. One of the five vital airs, that which is considered essential to digestion and occupies the cavity of the navel. 2. A corresponding letter of the alphabet, a

a long vowel to its short one, &c. 3. A friend. E. सम् all, चर् to breathe, aff. चङ् or वञ् ; or सम् and चाङ् before चो to get, aff. चङ् । समानकालीन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Occurring or produced at the same period. E. समान same, काल time, ख aff. [ समान, वीच family.

समानवीच mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Of the same lineage or family : see समीच. E. समानजनम् mfn. (-जा-जा-जं) Of equal ago. E. समान, and जन्मन् birth.

समानजाति mfn. (-तिः-ति-ति) Of a common tribe, sort, &c. E. समान, and जाति sort. [ of a caste.

समानजातीय mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Of the same caste or species. E. समान, जातीय समानता f. (-ता) 1. Sameness, equality, likeness. 2. Community of kind or quality. E. समान, and ता aff. ; also with ख aff., समानतः ।

समानयन् mfn. (-यन्-यन्ती-यन्) 1. Making equal or like to. 2. Leading, bringing. E. समान used as a verb, or सम् and चाङ् before चो to get, ग्रह aff. [ take, ल्युट् aff.

समानयन n. (-नं) Bringing, conducting. E. सम् and चाङ् before चो to समानयन m. (-नः) The same pitch of voice.

समानाधिकरण n. (-चं) 1. Common or generic property. 2. A predicament or condition including several things or persons. 3. Same location or predicament. m. (-चः) A generic character. Adj. 1. Being in the same category or predicament, having a common substratum, (ग्रामादि) 2. Being in the same place or same government, (ग्रामादि) 3. Common and अधिकरण possession.

समानाधिकार m. (-रः) 1. Similar or equal duty, duties, or government. 2. Common character of समान, अधिकार &c.

समानाधिकारिक m. (-कः) 1. Similar or equal duty, duties, or government. 2. Common character of समान, अधिकार &c.

समानाधिकारिक m. (-कः) 1. Similar or equal duty, duties, or government. 2. Common character of समान, अधिकार &c.

समानाधिकारिक m. (-कः) 1. Similar or equal duty, duties, or government. 2. Common character of समान, अधिकार &c.

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समानाधिकारिक m. (-कः) 1. Similar or equal duty, duties, or government. 2. Common character of समान, अधिकार &c.

समाहृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Drenched, drowned, इ. सम् and आङ् before हृ to go, क् aff.

समाभाषण n. (-चं) Conversing, speaking to.

समाभाषण n. (-नं) 1. Enumeration, 2. Mention, repetition.

समाभाष्य m. (-यः) 1. Traditional repetition or mention. 2. A traditional collection. 3. Revelation. 4. Enumeration, recitation. 5. Totality, the aggregate. इ. सम् and आङ् before भा to remember, चञ् and युञ् affs.

समाय m. (-यः) A visit, arrival. इ. सम् and आङ् before या to go, क् aff.

समायत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Lengthened, extended. इ. सम् and आङ् before यत् to restrain, क् aff. [ क् aff.

समायात mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Come, arrived. इ. सम् and आङ् before या to go, क् aff.

समायुक्त f. (-क्ता) 1. Connected, united. 2. Prepared, made ready. 3. Charged, appointed. 4. Provided, supplied. 5. Devoted to.

समायुक्त mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Joined, connected, attached to or united with. 2. Decorated, adorned. 3. Endowed with. 4. Collected, brought together. इ. सम् and आङ् before युत् joined.

समायोग m. (-गः) 1. Union, junction, connection, association. 2. Heap, multitude, assemblage. 3. Cause, origin, motive, object. इ. सम् and आङ् before युज् to join, aff. चञ् ।

समारम्भ mfn. (-भः-भा-भं) Begun, commenced. इ. सम् and आङ् before रभ् to begin, क् aff.

समारम्भ m. (-भः) 1. Commencement, beginning. 2. An undertaking. 3. An unguent. इ. सम् and आङ् before रभ् to commence, चञ् aff.

समागन्ध n. (-नं) Winning, satisfying, gratification.

समारुढ mfn. (-ढः-ढा-ढं) 1. Ascended, gone up or upon. 2. Mounted. 3. Agreed to, determined. इ. सम् and आङ् before रुढ् to grow, क् aff.

समारोपण n. (-चं) Placing or fixing in or on. इ. सम् and आङ् before रुप् to grow, causal v., लृट् aff.

समारोपित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Placed in or upon. f. (-ता) 1. Caused to ascend. 2. Planted. 3. Delivered over. 4. Strung, (as a bow.) इ. सम् and आङ् before रुप् to grow, causal v., क् aff.

समारोह m. (-हः) 1. Going up, ascending. 2. Mounting, riding upon. 3. Agreeing. इ. सम् and आङ् before रुह् to rise, चञ् aff.

समाधिन् mfn. (-धी-धिनी-धिं) 1. Desirous of equality. 2. Seeking peace. इ. सम् and अधिन् who asks.

समालम्बन n. (-नं) Resting upon, being supported by. इ. सम् and आङ् before लभ् to depend, चञ् aff.

समालम्ब m. (-भः) 1. Smearing the body with coloured perfumes, as with saffron, sandal, &c. 2. Seizing, (as a victim for sacrifice.) इ. सम् and आङ् before लभ् to sound, aff. चञ्; also with लृट् aff. समालम्ब ।

समालम्बन n. (-नं) Smearing the body with coloured fragrant substances: see the last.

समाक्षी f. (-क्षी) A collection of flowers, a nosegay, &c. इ. सम् and आङ् before क्षा a garland, affs. चञ् and लोप् ।

समावर्त्तन n. (-नं) A pupil's return home after finishing his religious studies. इ. सम् and आङ् before वर्त्त to be, लृट् aff.

समाश्रय m. (-यः) 1. A multitude, a number, a heap or quantity. 2. Association. 3. Integral or inseparable aggregation. इ. सम् and आङ् implying aggregation, अय् to go, aff. चञ् ।

समावास m. (-सः) Residence, abode. इ. सम् and आङ् before वास् to dwell, चञ् aff. [ and वृत् aff.

समावासित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Sojourning, taking up a residence. इ. समावास. समाविष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) 1. Entered or engrossed by, absorbed by, (feeling, passion, &c.) possessed by, (as an evil spirit.) 2. Entered thoroughly. 3. Entered, (as a mansion.) 4. Seated, settled. 5. Well-instructed. इ. सम् and आङ् implying entireness, and विष्ट entered.

समावृत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Surrounded, encompassed. 2. Covered, enclosed, beset. 3. Viewed. 4. Protected. 5. Shut out, excluded. इ. सम् and आङ् before वृ to choose, क् aff.

समावृत m. (-तः) A pupil who has completed his studies and taken leave of his preceptor. इ. सम् and आङ् before वृत् to be, aff. क्; also with क् added, समावृतक ।

समावेद्य mfn. (-द्यः-द्या-द्यं) To be announced or communicated. इ. सम् and आङ् before विद् to know, causal v., यत् aff.

समावेद्य m. (-द्यः) 1. Affection, passion, emotion. 2. Possession by evil spirits. 3. Entrance. इ. सम् and आङ् before विद् to enter, चञ् aff.

समावेशित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Placed, fixed. 2. Entered. 3. Brought in or into. इ. सम् and आङ् before विष् to enter, causal v., aff. क् ।

समाश्रित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Doubtful, fearing, apprehensive. इ. सम् and आङ् before श्रि to doubt, क् aff.

समाश्रय m. (-यः) 1. Protection, refuge. 2. Seeking protection. 3. A dwelling place. इ. सम् intensive, आश्रय asylum.

समाश्रित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Protected, defended, cherished, refuted. इ. सम् intensive, and आश्रित refuted.

समाश्रित Ind. 1. Depending upon, trusting to. 2. Having engaged in, agreed to, &c. इ. सम् and आङ् before श्रि to serve, लृट् aff.

समाश्लेष m. (-षः) A close embrace. [ श्लेष to breathe, क् aff.

समाश्रित mfn. (-श्रः-शा-शं) Trusting, confiding in. इ. सम् and आङ् before श्रि to trust, belief, confidence. 2. Relief, encouragement.

3. Recovering breath. इ. सम् and आङ् before श्रि to breathe, चञ् aff. समाश्रय n. (-नं) 1. Recreating, recreation. 2. Consolation. [ समा ।

समास m. (-सः) A year. इ. सम् for सह with, मास a month : see सम् and समास m. (-सः) 1. Contraction, abridgment, conciseness. 2. Composition of words, formation of compound terms, (in grammar.) 3. Composition of differences, reconciling quarrels. 4. Aggregation, assemblage, collection. 5. Whole. इ. सम् together, चञ् to throw or direct, aff. चञ् ।

समासक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Joined, united. 2. Reached, attained. 3. Marked, affected by, &c. 4. Combined, comprehended. इ. सम् and आङ् before क् to be in contact with, aff. क् ।

समासक f. (-क्तिः) 1. Union. 2. Comprehension, inclusion. 3. Affection. इ. सम् and आङ् before क् to be in contact with, क् aff.

समासकृत् mfn. (-कृन्-कृती-कृत्) Joining, or connecting with. इ. सम् and आङ् before कृत् to unite, क् aff.

समासजन n. (-नं) Joining, uniting, union, combination, connection, contact. इ. सम् and आङ् before जन् to be in contact with, aff. कृट् ।

समासतत् Ind. Briefly, summarily. इ. समास, and तत् aff.

समासतत् Ind. Succinctly.

समासतत् mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Obtained, attained. इ. सम् and आङ् implying union or contiguity, वृट् to go, aff. क् ।

समासभाषा f. (-भा) Composition by the sum of the products. इ. समास and भाषा contemplating.

समासजन् n. (-नं) Delivering, consigning, abandoning. इ. सम् and आङ् before जन् to leave, कृट् aff.

समासवत् mfn. (-वत्-वती-वत्) 1. Abridged, contracted. 2. Compounded. m. (-वान्) The Tu'n tree, (Cedrela Tunna.) इ. समास, and वत् aff.

समासादन n. (-नं) 1. Attaining, effecting, accomplishing. 2. Finding, obtaining. इ. सम् and आङ् before दन् to go, causal v., लृट् aff.

समासादित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Done, effected, attained, obtained, accomplished. इ. सम् and आङ् before दन् to go, causal v., aff. क् ।

समासाद्य mfn. (-द्यः-द्या-द्यं) Attainable, what may be obtained or effected. Ind. Having obtained, &c. इ. सम् and आङ् before दन् to go, aff. लृट् or लृप् ।

समासाध्याहार m. (-रः) Supplying an ellipsis. इ. समास, अध्याहार the same.

समासाधं m. (-धं) The sense of a compound. f. (-धा) Part of a stanza to be completed. इ. समास connection, composition, चर्च meaning.

समासीन mfn. (-नः-नी-नीं) Sitting, seated. इ. सम् before श्रि to sit, क् aff.

समाश्रित mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्टा-ष्टं) Left, abandoned, given, made over. इ. सम् and आङ् before श्रि to leave, क् aff.

**समासेन** n. (-न) 1. Following, practising. 2. Serving. **स.** सम् and चाक् before सेव् to serve, छट् aff.

**समासेनित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Followed, practised. 2. Served. **स.** सम् and चाक् before सेव् to serve, छट् aff. [उक्ति saying.]

**समासीकृ** f. (-कृ) A protracted metaphor, (in rhetoric.) **स.** समास, and समासा f. (-सा) Interview, colloquy. **स.** सम् together, चस् to be, छट् aff.

**समाहत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Struck, wounded. **स.** सम् and चाक् before हन् to strike, छट् aff.

**समाहरण** n. (-ण) Uniting, combining, collecting, composition. **स.** सम् together, चाक् before ह् to take, aff. छट्। [taxes,]

**समाहृत** f. (-हृ) Adj. Habituated to acquire. **म.** (-न) A collector of

**समाहार** m. (-र) 1. Aggregation, collection, assemblage, either in fact or thought. 2. Contraction, abridgment. 3. Composition or words, (in grammar.) 4. Conjunction of equal words or sentences, the power of the particle "and." 5. A particular form of composition, a sub-division of the class Dwand'a, in which several words are joined together, and the compound is a term in the neuter gender, as चहिनकुसं the snake and mungoes. 6. The combination of two letters of the alphabet into a syllable, which designates all the letters intermediate between the two of which it consists. **स.** सम् together, चाक् before ह् to take or convey, and चस् aff.

**समाहित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Promised, agreed or assented to. 2. Absorbed in meditation, absent, abstracted or having the senses steadily held in subjection. 3. Concluded, demonstrated, following from what has been said. 4. Composed, reconciled, put an end to, (as a contest or dispute.) 5. Placed, deposited, delivered. 6. Pure, purified. 7. Finished, completed. 8. Cool, collected, firm. 9. Assembled. **न.** (-तं) (In rhetoric.) The expression or description of attentiveness. **स.** सम् and चाक् implying collection or perfection, चा to have or hold, aff. छ।

**समाहृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Accepted, received, taken. 2. Collected, assembled, combined. 3. Compiled. 4. Accumulated. 5. Much, abundant. 6. Abridged. **स.** सम् and चाक् before हत taken.

**समाहृत** f. (-हृ) Compilation, abridgment, an abridgment. **स.** सम् together, चाक् before ह् to take, to bring, aff. छिन्; see समाहार।

**समाह्व** mf. (-ह्व) 1. Calling out or to, mutual calling. 2. Acclaim. 3. Defiance, Challenge. **फ.** (-ह्व) 1. A plant, commonly Gojiwaha'. 2. Name. **स.** सम् and चाक् before ह्व् to call, छ aff.

**समाह्वय** m. (-य) 1. A match, a main, the conflict of animals or birds for sport, cockfighting, &c. 2. War, battle. 3. Calling out. 4. Name, appellation. **स.** सम् and चाक् before ह्व् to call, च or चस् aff.

**समाह्वान** n. (-न) 1. Challenge. 2. Calling together. **स.** समाह्व to call out, छट् aff. [संशया कन्।]

**समिक** n. (-कं) A pike, a dart. **स.** सम even, ठक् aff.; or सम्-रक्-ठि

**समिन्** f. (-मिन्) War, battle. **स.** सम् together, इप् to go, aff. छिप्, and मुक् final augment.

**समिता** f. (-ता) Wheat-flour. **स.** सम् before इप् to go, aff. छ।

**समिति** f. (-ति) 1. War, battle. 2. Assembly, company. 3. Association, meeting, union. 4. Sameness, likeness, equality. **स.** सम् with, इप् to go, aff. छिन्। [यक् Una'di aff.]

**समिध** m. (-ध) 1. Fire. 2. War, battle. **स.** सम् together, इप् to go, चस् aff.

**समिध** mfn. (-धः-धा-धं) Lighted, kindled, set alight or on fire. **स.** सम् before इप् to kindle, छट् aff.

**समिध** f. (-धि or -मिध) Fuel, wood, grass, &c. so employed. **स.** सम् together, इप् to kindle or inflame, छिप् aff., and the nasal rejected.

**समिध** m. (-धः) AGNI or fire. सम्, and इप् to kindle, aff. च।

**समिधन** n. (-न) Fuel. **स.** सम् with, इप् to kindle, aff. छट्।

**समिधान** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Augmenting, prospering. **स.** सम् before इधि to increase, शानच् aff. [made short; also समीर।]

**समिर** m. (-र) Wind, air. **स.** सम् with, ईर् to go, aff. च, and the vowel

**समीक** n. (-कं) 1. War, battle. 2. A pike, a dart. **स.** सम् to be sad or confused, ईचक् aff.

**समीकरण** n. (-ण) 1. Assimilation, digestion. 3. Equalizing, making equal to. 3. Equation, (in algebra.) **स.** सम, and करण making, चि augment.

**समीकृत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Equalized, made even or equal. 2. Imitated, done in like manner, &c. 3. Added, summed up. 4. Balanced, equipoised. **स.** सम same, even, and कृत made, with चि augment.

**समीक्रिया** f. (-या) (In arithmetic.) Equation. **स.** सम, क्रिया operation, चि aug.

**समीक** n. (-कं) 1. The Sāṅk'hya system of philosophy. 2. Complete, investigation, f. (-या) 1. Nature, essential nature, or according to the Sāṅk'hya system, crude matter or any of its twenty-four essential parts. 2. Understanding, intellect. 3. Sight, seeing, inspection, looking. 4. Effort. 5. Search, investigation, thorough inspection. 6. A book, a work supplementary to the Vēdas, treating of the modes of sacrifice. **स.** सम् before ईच् to see, affs. चच् and टाप्।

**समीचय** n. (-च) 1. Search, looking for, investigation. 2. Seeing, looking at. **स.** सम् intensive prefix, ईचय seeing.

**समीचित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Seen, looked at. 2. Considered, investigated. **स.** सम् before ईच् to see, छट् aff.

**समीक्ष्यकारिन्** mfn. (-री-रिषी-रि) Acting after due deliberation. **स.** समीक्ष्य having inspected, कारिन् who does.

**समीच** m. (-च) The ocean. **फ.** (-ची) 1. A deer, a doe. 2. Praise, eulogium. **स.** सम् before इप् to go, Una'di aff. चट्, and the vowel made long.

**समीचक** m. (-क) Copulation. **स.** कन् added to the last.

**समीचीन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. True. 2. Right, correct. 3. Fit, proper. **न.** (-नं) Truth. **स.** सम्यक् true, aff. छ।

**समीद** m. (-द) Fine wheat-flour.

**समीन** mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) 1. Yearly, annual, relating to a year. 2. Hired for a year. 3. After a year, a year hence, &c. **स.** समा a year, aff. छ।

**समीनिका** f. (-का) A cow calving every year. **स.** समीन a year, कन् aff.

**समीप** mfn. (-पः-पा-प) Near, contiguous, proximate, at hand. **न.** (-पं) Proximity, vicinity. **स.** सम् together, चाप् water, and ई substituted for चा; analogous to the confluence of water.

**समीपग** mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) Approaching, going or gone near to. **स.** समीप, and ग who or what goes.

**समीपतस्** Ind. Before, near. **स.** समीप, and तस् aff.

**समीपता** f. (-ता) Proximity, contiguity. **स.** तस् added to the last; also with त्, समीपत्।

**समीभूत** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Equalised. 2. Identified. 3. Equipoised. **स.** सम same, भूत् become, चि aug.

**समीभ** mfn. (-भः-भा-भं) Of like cause or origin. **स.** सम same, च्छ aff.

**समीयितस्** mfn. (-नान्-युषी-वः) Going to, arriving at, attaining. **स.** सम् before इप् to go, कृष् aff.

**समीर** m. (-र) Air, wind. **स.** सम् every way, ईर् to go, aff. चच्।

**समीरक** m. (-क) 1. Air, wind. 2. A plant, commonly Maruvaka. 3. A traveller. **न.** (-कं) Throwing. **स.** सम् completely, ईर् to go, aff. छट्।

**समीरित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Tossed, thrown. 2. Gone. 3. Sent. **स.** सम् before ईर् to send, छट् aff.

**समीक्षा** f. (-क्षा) Longing, desire.

**समीक्षित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Wished, desired. 2. Undertaken. **न.** (-तं) Wish, desire. **स.** सम् before ईर् to wish, छट् aff.

**समुच्चय** n. (-य) Shedding, effusion.

**समुच्च** mfn. (-यः-या-यं) Bloquent. **स.** च with, and मुच् a mouth.

**समुचित** mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Fit, right, proper. **स.** सम् intensive, उचित proper.

**समुच्चय** m. (-य) 1. Assemblage, collection, either in thought or fact. 2. Conjunction of words or sentences, the power of the particle and, or also; but it implies the conjunction of different objects

of one act or different acts with the same object, as ईश्वरं गुरुं भजन् worship Gon, and (or also) the Guru. ३. सम् and उद् before वि to collect, aff. चक् or चक् ।

समुच्चर mfn. (-रः रा-रं) Who or what goes about or up traverses, ascends, flies, &c. ३. सम् and उद् before चर् to go, चक् aff.; also with चक्, समुच्चर । [to go, गृह् aff.]

समुच्चरन् mfn. (-रन् रन्ती-रन्) Going up or about. ३. सम् and उद् before चर् to go, चक् aff.; also with चक्, समुच्चरन् । [to go, गृह् aff.]

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lost, overcome. m. (-ः) An army in great disorder. ३. सम् and उद् before विञ् to hurt, aff. चक्; also समुत्पिबन्, and simply पिब्, &c. समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) 1. Leaving, abandoning. 2. Giving. 3. Evacuation of urine or faeces. ३. सम् and उद् before विञ् to abandon, aff. चक् ।

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) Festivity. ३. सम्, and उत्पिबन् festival.

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) Pursuing, hunting.

समुत्पिबन् mfn. (-ः) Sorrowful, regretting, missing or grieving for any one absent, &c. ३. सम् intensive, उत्पिबन् sorrowful.

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) 1. Height, elevation. 2. Fatness, thickness. ३. सम् and उद् before विञ् to go, aff. चक् ।

समुत्पिबन् mfn. (-ः) Drawn, raised, lifted or thrown up from a deep place. ३. सम् with, and उद् up, चक् to go, aff. चक् ।

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) 1. Multitude, number, heap or quantity. 2. War, battle. 3. Assent, rise. 4. Rising, (as of the sun, &c.) 5. Effort, exertion, perseverance. 6. A day. 7. The rear of an army. 8. Revenue. ३. सम् and उद् before चक् to go, aff. चक् or चक्; also समुत्पिबन् ।

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) Knowledge. ३. सम् and उद् before चान् knowledge.

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) 1. Intention, purpose, design, motive. 2. Proper or right usage. ३. सम् with, उद् and चान् before चक् to go, aff. चक् ।

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) 1. War, battle. 2. Multitude, quantity, number, heap. 3. Rise, ascent. 4. The rear or reserve of an army. ३. सम् and उद् up, चक् to go, aff. चक्; also समुत्पिबन् ।

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) Declaring, uttering. 2. An illustration. ३. सम् and उद् before च् to take, च् aff.

समुत्पिबन् mfn. (-ः) Declared. 2. Illustrated. ३. सम् and उद् before च् to take, च् aff.

समुत्पिबन् mfn. (-ः) 1. Risen, ascended. 2. Risen, (as the sun, &c.) 3. Produced, excited, occasioned. 5. Possessed of. 6. Aggregated, united. ३. सम्, and उद् risen; or सम् and उद् before च् to go, च् aff.

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) Repeating, declaring, speaking, reciting. ३. सम् and उद् before च् to say, and च् aff.

समुत्पिबन् mfn. (-ः) Said, spoken, declared, recited. ३. सम् and उद् before च् to say, च् aff.

समुत्पिबन् mfn. (-ः) 1. Who or what rises or goes up. 2. Who or what pervades entirely. 3. Having a cover or lid. 4. Having beans. m. (-ः) 1. A casket, a covered box. 2. A stanza in which two or more of the PA'das correspond in sound, though in a different sense. ३. सम् and उद् before च् to go, aff. च् ।

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) 1. A casket, a covered box. 2. A sort of stanza: one, each half of which consists of the very same words but in different acceptations, those of one half being respectively the attributives or adjectives to those of the other. ३. सम् and उद् before च् to go, aff. च् and च् added.

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) 1. Rising, ascent. 2. Birth, production. 3. Arising, issuing, coming out. ३. सम् and उद् before च् to go, aff. च् ।

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) (In rhetoric,) The repetition of the same words in different PA'das of a stanza, but in a different sense. ३. सम् what goes completely, च् alliteration.

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) 1. What is vomited or ejected. 2. Lifting up.

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) A loud song. ३. सम् and उद् before च् to sing, च् aff.

समुत्पिबन् mfn. (-ः) 1. Brought up, (as food,) vomited. 2. Raised or lifted up, (from a depth, &c.) 3. Uttered, exclaimed raised, (as a cry, &c.) ३. सम् and उद् before च् to swallow, or sound, aff. च् ।

समुत्पिबन् mfn. (-ः) 1. Pointed out, shewn. 2. Particularised, enumerated. 3. Explained. ३. सम् and उद् before च् to shew, च् aff.

समुत्पिबन् m. (-ः) 1. Describing. 2. Pointing out. 3. Particularising, explaining, enumerating. ३. सम् and उद् before च् to shew, च् aff.

समुत्पिबन् mfn. (-ः) 1. Ill-mannered, behaving ill or improperly, conducting one's self discredibly. 2. Raised or drawn up. 3.

Upheld, supported. 4. Arrogant, proud, puffed up with pride, &c.  
 5 Impudent. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to hurt or kill, aff. क्।  
 समुहव n. (-ह्) 1. Food vomited or thrown up. 2. Drawing up, raising, lifting, (as water from a well, &c.) 3. Eradicating a tree, &c. pulling up by the roots. 4. Extricating, lifting out. 5. Taking out from, as a part or share. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to take, aff. ल्।  
 समुहन् mfn. (-हन्-हन्) Who or what lifts, raises, extricates, &c. m. (-हन्) A redeemer, a deliverer. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to take, ह् aff. [हन् the hand.]  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Wiped off by the hand. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to take, ह् aff.  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) 1. Ill behaved. 2. Thrown up, (as food, &c.) 3. Raised or drawn up. 4. Extricated, lifted out or from. 5. Taken as a share, set apart, divided. 6. Seized, possessed of. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to have, or ह् to take, aff. क्।  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Born or produced. m. (-हत्) Production, origin. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to be, ह् aff. [ह् to be, क् aff.]  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Born, produced, derived. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to be, ह् aff.  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Ready, prepared. ६. सम् intensitive, उद् active.  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) 1. Commencement, onset. 2. Effort, exertion. 3. Lifting up. ६. सम्, and उद् effort.  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) Active exertion.  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Sealed, stamped. m. (-हत्) A sea, an ocean. ६. सम् before ह् to be wet, and ह् aff. ; or ह् for ह् with, and ह् a seal; also thence signifying a limit, (i. e. bounded by continents,) or a jewel, (the receptacle of gems,) or सम् with, ह् an otter; or ह् with, ह् pleasure, or सम् together, उद् water, and ह् to give or have, aff. क्, &c.  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) Cuttle fish-bone. ६. समुह the sea, and ह् phlegm.  
 समुहत् f. (-हत्) A river. ६. समुह the sea, and हत् the mistress.  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Ocean-going, sea-faring. m. (-हत्) 1. A trader by sea. 2. A seaman. f. (-हत्) A river. ६. समुह the sea, न who goes to.  
 समुहत् n. (-हत्) A sort of pleasure or summer house, built in the midst of water, &c. ६. समुह the sea, and ह् house.  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) The saint AGASTYA. ६. समुह the sea, ह् a pot; having drank up the ocean.  
 समुहत् n. (-हत्) The sea-coast. ६. समुह, and हत् a bank.  
 समुहत् n. (-हत्) The sea shore. ६. समुह, and हत् a bank.  
 समुहत् f. (-हत्) A river. ६. समुह the sea, and हत् beloved.  
 समुहत् n. (-हत्) 1. The beverage of immortality. 2. The moon. ६. समुह the ocean, and नत् butter; being produced or recovered by the churning of the ocean.  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) Cuttle-fish-bone. ६. समुह the sea, ह् froth or foam.  
 समुहत् f. (-हत्) The earth. ६. समुह the sea, ह् a zone; the sea-girt; surrounded by the ocean as by a girdle.  
 समुहत् n. (-हत्) 1. A sea-voyage. 2 A vessel, a ship. ६. समुह, हत् going.  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) A sailor, a navigator, a merchant trading by sea. ६. समुह, and हत् who goes.  
 समुहत् f. (-हत्) A river.  
 समुहत् f. (-हत्) The earth. ६. समुह the sea, and हत् a zone.  
 समुहत् n. (-हत्) Sea-salt. ६. समुह the sea, and हत् salt.  
 समुहत् f. (-हत्) The earth.  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) Submarine fire. ६. समुह the sea, and हत् fire  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) The father of the Jina or Jaina pontiff of the present era. ६. समुह the sea, and हत् victor.  
 समुहत् f. (-हत्) A wave of the sea. ६. समुह, and हत् a wave.  
 समुहत् f. (-हत्) The ganges.  
 समुहत् n. (-हत्) 1. The nutmeg. 2. The sea-shore. f. (-हत्) 1. A shrub, (Hedysarum alhagi.) 2. The cotton plant. 3. A gramineous plant, (Trigonella corniculata.) 4. The earth. ६. समुह the sea, and हत् end or boundary.

समुहत् f. (-हत्) The earth. ६. समुह the sea, and हत् vesture; clothed or invested by the ocean.  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) 1. A shark. 2. A large fabulous fish, perhaps intending the whole, hyperbolically described. 3. Rama's bridge. ६. समुह the sea, ह् to go, aff. ल्।  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Marine, oceanic, maritime. ६. समुह the sea, aff. ह् or ह्; also समुहत्।  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) 1. Who or what lifts or bears up. 2. Moving up and down. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to bear, ह् or ह् aff.  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) 1. Lifting or raising up. 2. Moving up and down. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to bear, ह् aff.  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) Nuptials, marriage.  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) Fear, alarm, terror.  
 समुहत् n. (-हत्) Wetness, damp, moisture. ६. सम् before ह् to be moist or wet, aff. ल्। [wet, aff. क्।  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Wet, moist, moistened. ६. सम् before ह् to be  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) 1. High, lofty, elevated. 2. Full, prominent. 3. Exalted, dignified. 4. Proud, arrogant. 5. Lifted up, raised up. 6. Just, upright. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to bow, aff. क्।  
 समुहत् f. (-हत्) 1. Height, elevation, (physical and mental.) 2. Consequence, rank, dignity, exaltation. 3. Pride, loftiness. 4. Lifting up. 5. Increase, thriving, prosperity. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to bow, aff. क्।  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) 1. Conceited of learning, thinking one's self learned. 2. Proud, arrogant. 3. Produced, born. 4. Tied up or above. 5. Supreme, lord or master. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to tie, aff. क्।  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) 1. Occurrence, event. 2. Gaining, attaining. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to take, ह् aff.  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Attaining, gaining. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to get, ह् aff.  
 समुहत् n. (-हत्) Uprooting, destruction.  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Seen, beheld. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to see, ह् aff. [हत् gone.]  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Approached, approximated. ६. सम्, and उद् near, समुहत् m. (-हत्) Approach, approximation, contact. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to go, ह् aff.  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Collected, heaped, accumulated. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to collect, ह् aff.  
 समुहत् Ind. Happily, fortunately. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to gratify, aff. ल्; also read उद् and उद् before ह् to enter, ह् aff. [to enter, क् aff.]  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) Copulation.  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Seated, sat down. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to sit down, ह् aff.  
 समुहत् m. (-हत्) Welcoming, entertaining, causing to sit down. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to enter, causal v., ह् aff.  
 समुहत् n. (-हत्) A building, a habitation.  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Welcomed, made to sit or rest. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to enter, causal v., ह् aff.  
 समुहत् f. (-हत्) 1. Proximity, approach, approximation. 2. Nearness. 3. Happening, befalling. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to be, ह् and ह् affs; also समुहत् and समुहत्।  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) 1. Attained, acquired. 2. Brought or come near to, approximated. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to stay, ह् aff.  
 समुहत् n. (-हत्) Reconciliation.  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) 1. Come together, assembled. 2. Arrived at. 3. Endowed with. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to go, ह् aff.  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) Going, proceeding. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to go, ह् aff. of the present participle.  
 समुहत् mfn. (-हत्-हत्) 1. Suppressed, restrained. 2. Gone upwards, risen. 3. Increased, developed. ६. सम् and उद् before ह् to bear, ह् aff.

**समुद्रसत्** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सत्) 1. Sporting, wantoning. 2. Shining, beautiful. 3. सम् and उद् before सृ to play, ण्ठ aff. of the present participle.

**समुद्रवित** mfn. (-सन्-सती-वित्) 1. Sportive, sporting. 2. Brilliant, beautiful. 3. सम् and उद् before सृ to play, ण्ठ aff.

**समुद्** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) 1. Heaped, accumulated, assembled, collected. 2. Crooked, bent. 3. Produced quickly. 4. Accompanying, associated, a companion. 5. Tamed, tranquillized. 6. Married. 7. Purified, cleansed. 8. Led, conducted. 9. Enveloped. 3. सम् before वृ to bear, or ऊह् to reason, aff. ण्ठ ।

**समृ** m. (-सः) A deer. 3. सम् to be confused, aff. ऊह् ।

**समृ** m. (-सः) A deer, one of the sorts of which the skin may be used as a student's seat, &c. 3. सम् to be confused, ऊह् aff.; or सन्विहीन-त्वात् ऊह् यत् । also with कन् added समृक. According to some, this sort of deer is distinguished by a white mane.

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) Having a root, joined or in connection with the root. 3. सम् with, मूल a root. [killing.]

**समृ** m. (-सः) Utter destruction or eradication. 3. समृ radical, घात

**समृ** m. (-सः) Assemblage, aggregate in general, heap, number, multitude, quantity, &c. 3. सम् together, ऊह् to reason, or वृ to bear, चञ् aff.

**समृ** m. (-सः) Interests or business of a number, general affair. 3. समृ, and कार्य affair. [bear, aff. यट् ।

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) Collecting, gathering. 3. सम् before वृ to

**समृ** n. (-सः) Collection, plenty.

**समृ** f. (-सः) A broom. 3. समृ heap, (of dirt,) धी to take, aff. ङ and ङोष् ; or सम + ऊह् - करणे ल्यट् ङीप् ।

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) To be assembled or collected. m. (-सः) 1. Sacrificial fire. 2. A place prepared for the reception of a sacrificial fire. Ind. Having collected. 3. सम् completely, वृ to bear, or ऊह् to reason, aff. कप्. ल्यट् or ल्यप् ।

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) 1. Happy, prosperous, thriving. 2. Grown, increased, augmented. 3. Flourishing. 4. Full, entire. 5. Accelerated. 3. सम् completely, वृ to increase, aff. ण्ठ ।

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) Very swift. 3. समृ, and वेग speed.

**समृ** f. (-सः) 1. Thriving, increase. 2. Prosperity, success. 3. Power, supremacy. 4. Wealth. 3. सम् completely, वृ to increase, aff. ण्ठ ।

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) 1. Near, approximated, approached. 2. Agreed, covenanted. 3. Collected, associated. 4. Having, possessed of. 3. सम् with, वृ gone ; or सम and वृ before वृ to go, ण्ठ aff.

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) Increased, augmented. 3. सम् before वृ to increase ; or सम + वृ + ण्ठ - ण्ठ ।

**समृ** n. (-सः) A mixture of half butter milk and half water. 3. सम equal, उदक water. [and पत् to fall, aff. ड ।

**समृ** m. (-सः) Descending, falling, alighting. f. (-सः) Lightning. 3. सम्.

**समृ** f. (-सः) 1. Prosperity, success, increase of wealth, power, happiness. 2. Excellence of qualities. 3. A sort of medicinal root. 3. सम् implying perfection, पद् to go, aff. ण्ठ ; also समृ ।

**समृ** f. (-सन्-सती-सद्) 1. Success, prosperity, increase of any favourable kind, or of wealth, fame, power, &c. 2. Advancement in good qualities, perfection, excellence. 3. A necklace of pearls, &c. 4. Treasure. 5. Adornment. 6. Blessing. 3. सम् before पद् to go, aff. ण्ठ ।

**समृ** n. (-सः) Standing with the feet even. 3. सम् together, पद् a foot.

**समृ** m. (-सः) A king, a prince. 3. सम् before पद् to go, वृ Ua'di aff.

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) 1. Accomplished, completed, effected, obtained. 2. Prosperous, fortunate, thriving, happy. 3. Possessed of, endowed with. 4. Mature, full-grown. 5. Perfectly acquainted with or performing, (duty, &c.) 6. Right, correct. 7. Made of, become. 3. सम् with, पद् to go, aff. ण्ठ ; also with कन् aff. समृक ।

**समृ** m. (-सः) 1. Calamity, adversity. 2. Futurity. 3. War, battle. 4. A son. 3. सम् and परा before वृ to go, वृ or वृ aff.

**समृ** n. (-सः) War, battle. 3. सम् added to the last : see the next.

**समृ** m. (-सः) War, battle. 3. सम् added to the last : see the next.

**समृ** n. (-सः) A withering or drying up. 3. सम्, and परि implying entirely, शीघ्र drying.

**समृ** m. (-सः) 1. Mixture, mingling, contact, union, junction. 2. Copulation. 3. सम् with, वृ to be in contact, aff. वृ or वृ ।

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) 1. Mixed, blended. 2. Connected or united with. 3. In contact with. 3. सम् together, वृ to be in contact, वृ aff.

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) Liable to come in contact, relating to contact or connection. 3. सम्, and वृ aff. [यट् aff.]

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) Seeing, beholding. 3. सम् before वृ to see, सम् ।

**समृ** f. (-सः) Lightning. See सम् । 3. सम् चतुर्दश पतति पत-ड ।

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) 1. Reasoning, a reasoner, a logician. 2. Impudent, shameless. 3. Small, little, low. 4. Lecherous, libertine. 5. Lustful, lewd. m. (-सः) A tree, (Casia fistula.) 3. सम् completely, पाक ripening or maturing ; also सम् ।

**समृ** m. (-सः) 1. A spindle. 2. The intersection of the prolonged side of a triangle by the perpendicular. 3. सम् before पद् to go, वृ aff.

**समृ** m. (-सः) 1. Descending, falling, coming down. 2. Alighting, (as a bird.) 3. A special mode of flight, (attributed to birds.) 4. Being removed or displaced. 5. Flying of arrows. 6. Meeting. 7. Concurrence, butting together. 8. Going, moving. 9. The son of GARUD'A. 3. सम् before पद् to alight, aff. चञ् ।

**समृ** f. (-सः) The son of GARUDA, a fabulous bird. 3. सम्, पा intensive, to cherish or drink, चति Una'di aff. ; or सम् + पद्-विष्-ड ।

**समृ** m. (-सः) The eldest son of GARUD'A, and like him a sort of fabulous and supernatural bird. 3. सम् added to the last.

**समृ** m. (-सः) 1. Completion, accomplishment. 2. Obtaining.

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) Who or what fulfils, accomplishes, &c. n. (-सः) 1. Effecting. 2. Cleansing. 3. Attaining, acquiring. 3. सम् before पद् to go, causal v., वृ aff.

**समृ** n. (-सः) 1. Gaining, acquiring, reaching, attaining. 2. Accomplishing, effecting. 3. सम् before पद् to go, causal form, aff. ल्यट् ।

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) 1. Attained, obtained, gained, gotten. 2. Effected, accomplished. 3. सम् before पद् to go, causal form, aff. ण्ठ ।

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) Pounded, bruised, crushed, destroyed. 3. सम्, and विट ground.

**समृ** m. (-सः) 1. Agitating, disturbing. 2. Sending, driving, directing. 3. Pain, torture. 4. Castigation, punishment. 5. Squeezing, Compression. 3. सम् before पद् to give pain to, &c., aff. वृ ।

**समृ** n. (-सः) 1. Castigation, punishment. 2. Agitation. 3. Sending. 4. Pressing, squeezing. 3. सम् before पद् to give pain, वृ aff.

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) 1. Pained, tortured. 2. Punished. 3. Agitated. 4. Sent. 5. Pressed, squeezed. 3. सम् before पद् to pain, ण्ठ aff.

**समृ** f. (-सः) Drinking in company. 3. सम् together, पा to drink, ण्ठ aff.

**समृ** m. (-सः) 1. A casket, a covered box. 2. Cavity. 3. The Kuruvaka flower. 3. सम् together, पद् to contract, aff. वृ. [added.]

**समृ** m. (-सः) A casket. 3. सम् with पद् to contract, aff. क. and सम्

**समृ** n. (-सः) Treating with great respect. 3. सम्, and पू to worship, वृट् aff.

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) To be, what may or ought to be respected, &c. 3. सम्, and पू to respect, वृट् aff. ; also सम् [shipped.]

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) Honoured, respected. 3. सम्, and पू to wor-

**समृ** mfn. (-सन्-सती-सद्) 1. Whole, entire. 2. Complete, finished. m. (-सः) Any mode of music in which all the notes of the gamut are



employed. n. (-ई) Ether, the ethereal matter or atmosphere. इ. सम् and प्र before पू to fill, क् aff. [सम्पूर्णे]।  
 intensive, and पू to fill, क् aff. [सम्पूर्णे]।  
 सम्पुर्णता f. (-ता) Fulness, completion. इ. सम्पूर्णे and सम्पूर्णे aff. ; also with ल्,  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) 1. Mixed, blended, combined, inlaid, interspersed.  
 2. Joined, united. 3. Close to, in contact with. इ. सम् together, पू  
 to be in contact, aff. क् । [made.]  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) Possessed of, having. इ. सम् and प्र before क्  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) 1. Bathing. 2. Inundation. [aff.]  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) Bellowed. इ. सम् and प्र before नद् to sound, क्  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) Brought, conveyed. इ. सम् and प्र before वो to  
 take, क् aff.  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) Who or what guides, leads, &c. m. (-ता) A judge,  
 a ruler. इ. सम् and प्र before वो to get, क् aff.  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) 1. Heating, burning. 2. Afflicting. 3. One of the  
 twenty-one hells. इ. सम् and प्र before त्प to heat, causal v., क् aff.  
 सम्पुर्णता Ind. Now, at present, at this time. m. (-ता) A Jaina pontiff,  
 of the last era. इ. सम्, and प्रति with respect to, &c., conjoined.  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) Agreed, convened, consentient. f. (-ता) 1.  
 Assent, concurrence. 2. Admission, acknowledgment, confession.  
 3. Agreement. 4. Co-operation. 5. Presence, company. 6. Assault.  
 7. Doing, performing, effecting. 8. A particular kind of reply or  
 defence, admission of a fact, (in law.) इ. सम् together, प्रतिपत्ति,  
 agreement, assent ; or सम् + प्रतिपत्ति-क्तिम् ।  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) 1. Done, performed. 2. Come, arrived. 3. Agreed,  
 concurred. 4. Attached. इ. सम् and प्रति before पद् to go, क् aff.  
 सम्पुर्णता m. (-ता) Durance, actual confinement or restraint, imprison-  
 ment. इ. सम्पुर्णता present, रोधक what restricts.  
 सम्पुर्णता f. (-ता) Expecting, awaiting. इ. सम् and प्रति before ईच् to see,  
 क् and टाच् affs. [the same.]  
 सम्पुर्णता f. (-ता) 1. Fame, notoriety. 2. Compliance. इ. सम् before प्रतीति,  
 सम्पुर्णता m. (-ता) 1. Agreement. 2. Firm conviction.  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) 1. Gift, donation. 2. The act of giving or handing over  
 completely. 3. Bestowing in marriage. 4. The idea expressed by  
 the fourth case, the dative case, (in grammar.) इ. सम् and प्र  
 before दा to give, क् aff.  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) A gift, a donation.  
 सम्पुर्णता m. (-ता) 1. Traditional doctrine, what has been transmitted  
 from one teacher to another, and is established as of sacred  
 authority. 2. A sect, a schism, a peculiar doctrine and exclusive  
 worship of one divinity. 3. Custom, usage, इ. सम् and प्र before दा  
 to give, क् aff., युक् augment. [have, क् aff.]  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) Consideration, ascertainment. इ. सम् and प्र before वा to  
 सम्पुर्णता f. (-ता) Determination, deliberation, the determining on the  
 propriety or impropriety of anything. इ. सम् and प्र before धृ to  
 have or hold, causal form, aff. युच् । [aff. क् ।]  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) Roaming, peregrination. इ. सम् and प्र before पद् to go,  
 सम्पुर्णता m. (-ता) Excessive joy.  
 सम्पुर्णता m. (-ता) Loss, abstraction.  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) Departure. इ. सम् and प्र before वा to go, क् aff.  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) 1. Acquainted or connected with. 2. Joined,  
 united with, &c. इ. सम् and प्र before युज् to join, क् aff.  
 सम्पुर्णता m. (-ता) 1. Connection, relation, mutual proportion, dependance  
 or association. 2. Order, natural and connected series or arrange-  
 ment. 3. Copulation. 4. Union, joining. 5. Magic. इ. सम् and प्र  
 before युज् to join, aff. क् ।  
 सम्पुर्णता m. (-ता) 1. A libertine, a lecher. 2. A catamite. 3. A joiner  
 or uniter, any one who effects a union or connection. 4. A conjuror.  
 इ. सम्पुर्णता union in general, c. coition, aff. इति or विगुण् ।  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) Conversation, talking together. इ. सम् and प्र before वद्  
 to speak, क् aff. ।

सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) Passed, gone by. इ. सम् and प्र before हुन been.  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) A rain-fall.  
 सम्पुर्णता m. (-ता) Asking, enquiring civilly. इ. सम्, and प्र asking.  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) 1. Trust, confidence. 2. Serenity. 3. Favour, grace. 4.  
 The soul. इ. सम् and प्र before वद् to go, क् aff.  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) Effecting, accomplishing, performing well or com-  
 pletely. इ. सम् and प्र before वाच् to accomplish, causal form, क् aff.  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) The mutual substitution of the letters इ, उ, ए, ओ,  
 and their respective semi-vowels, य, व, र, and ल, (in gram.) इ. सम्,  
 and प्र before वद् to go, causal form, aff. क् ।  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) Setting out on a journey. इ. सम् and प्र before स्वा to  
 stay, क् aff. [before स्वा to stay, क् aff.]  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) Set forth, gone on a journey. इ. सम् and प्र  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) 1. War, battle. 2. Striking, killing. 3. Mutual striking.  
 4. Going, motion. इ. सम् and प्र before वद् to take, aff. क् । [aff.]  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) 1. Laughter. 2. Joy. इ. सम् and प्र before हस् to laugh, क्  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) 1. Attained, obtained, gotten. 2. Effected,  
 accomplished. 3. Become. 4. Arrived, come. इ. सम् and प्राप्त obtained.  
 सम्पुर्णता f. (-ता) Obtaining, getting, acquisition. इ. सम् before प्राप्ति ob-  
 taining ; or सम् + प्र + प्राप्ति-क्तिम् ।  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) Well-pleased, delighted. इ. सम्, and प्रोति liking.  
 सम्पुर्णता f. (-ता) 1. Attachment, affection. 2. Delight, friendly regard.  
 इ. सम् before प्रोति affection.  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) 1. Deliberating, considering, investigating. 2. Looking  
 at, seeing. इ. सम् and प्र before ईच् to see, क् aff.  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) 1. Considered, investigated. 3. Seen, beheld. इ.  
 सम् and प्र before ईच् to see, क् aff. [सम् before प्रोति sent.]  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) 1. Sent, ordered. 2. Dismissed, sent away. इ.  
 सम्पुर्णता m. (-ता) 1. Order, command, direction. 2. Dismissing, sending  
 away. इ. सम् and प्र before वद् to go, aff. क् ; also सम्पुर्णता ।  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) 1. Sprinkling. 2. Consecrating, (a temple.) इ. सम् and  
 प्र before वच् to sprinkle, क् aff. : see प्रीवच् ।  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) 1. Sprinkled, wetted, (especially with holy  
 water.) 2. Consecrated. इ. सम् and प्र before वच् to sprinkle, क् aff.  
 सम्पुर्णता m. (-ता) 1. Falling in various directions. 2. Submersion, inunda-  
 tion. 3. Subversion. 4. Surge, इ. सम्, and वद् to go, क् aff.  
 सम्पुर्णता m. (-ता) A rain. इ. सम् before फल् to bear fruit, क् aff. क् ।  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) Blown, blossomed, opened, (as a flower.) इ. सम्  
 completely, and फल् blown, क् being added.  
 सम्पुर्णता m. (-ता) (In dramatic language,) Wrathful encounter, defiance,  
 combat, the incident of an angry and tumultuous conflict.  
 सम्पुर्णता 1st cl. (सम्पुर्णता) To go, to move. 10th cl. (सम्पुर्णता-ता) To unite,  
 to join, to contact or collect; also सम्पुर्णता । [go, aff. क् ।]  
 सम्पुर्णता n. (-ता) 1. Water. 2. The second ploughing of a field. इ. सम्पुर्णता to  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) 1. Connected with, endowed with, possessing as  
 a predicate or property. 2. Bound, tied, attached. इ. सम् with, वच्  
 to bind, aff. क् ।  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) 1. Able, capable. 2. Fit, right, proper. 3. Ad-  
 junct, annexed or connected, inherent, &c. m. (-ता) 1. Prosperity,  
 success. 2. Fitness, propriety. 3. Connection, natural or essential  
 connection, as of a property with a substance, subject matter with  
 a work, proper meaning with a word, &c. 4. Connection by birth  
 or marriage, relationship. 5. The application of authority, as of the  
 Upanishads to prove a theological assertion, &c. 6. Mental associa-  
 tion of objects, conceiving them in connection with each other. 7.  
 (In grammar.) The possessive case. इ. सम् with, and वच् a binding.  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) 1. Relating to, concerning. 2. Fit, suitable. m.  
 (-ता) 1. A kind of alliance. 2. A friend. 3. A relation by birth or  
 marriage. इ. सम् added to the last.  
 सम्पुर्णता mfn. (-ता-ता-त्) 1. Possessing good qualities, learned,

सम्पर्दिन् mfn. (-र्दि-र्दिनी-र्दि) 1. Trampling. 2. Rubbing. E. सम्पर्द, दान and

सुभाषित m. (-रः) The son of a virtuous woman. **स.** सुत् good, मातृ a mother, चक्ष् aff. [aff. चक्ष्.]

सुभाष m. (-दः) Frenzy, intoxication. **स.** सुत् intensitive, मद to be mad, सुभाष m. (-नः) Respect, homage. n. (-नः) Measure. **स.** सुत्, and नत् to respect, with चक्ष् aff., or मा to measure, aff. खट्.

सुभाषन n. (-नः) Worship, homage. **स.** सुत् intensitive, नत् to respect, causal form, खट् aff.

सुभाषित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Treated with reverence or respect. **स.** सुत् before नत् to respect, causal v., क्त aff. [खट् aff.]

सुभाष mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Respectable, honourable. **स.** सुत् नत् to respect, सुभाष m. (-कः) A sweeper. **स.** सुत् completely, सुत् to clean, खट् aff.

सुभाषन n. (-नः) Sweeping, brushing, cleaning. f. (-नो) A broom. **स.** सुत् before सुत् to clean, aff. खट्; ङीप् being added in the fem. form.

सुभाषित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Like, similar, same. 2. Of equal measure or extent. 3. Commensurate, conformable, corresponding. 4. Furnished or provided with. 5. Meted, measured out. **स.** सुत् with, नित measured, compared. [नित mixed.]

सुभाष mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Mixed, mingled, blended, joined. **स.** सुत् together, सुभाषन n. (-नः) Closing up, covering. [with, सुत् the face.]

सुभाष mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Encountering, facing, in front of. **स.** सुत् सुभाषित m. (-नो) A mirror. **स.** सुत् with, सुत् the face, रति aff.

सुभाषित mfn. (-नः-ना-ने) Before, in front or in face of. **स.** सुत् सुत्, खट् aff.

सुभाष mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Fascinated, bewildered. 2. Stupified, astounded. 3. Beautiful. **स.** सुत् before सुत् to fascinate, क्त aff.

सुभाष mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Heaped, accumulated. 2. Produced rapidly. 3. Broken. 4. Foolish, ignorant, senseless. 5. Bewildered, beguiled. 6. Stupified, astounded. **स.** सुत् entirely, सुत् to be foolish, and क्त aff.

सुभाषित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Foolish, infatuated. **स.** सुत् सुत्, चेतस् the mind.

सुभाष n. (-नः) 1. Uniform or universal expansion or permeation, pervading, co-extension. 3. Height, elevation. 3. Fainting, insensibility. 4. Increasing, augmenting. 5. Congealing, becoming dense. **स.** सुत् before सुत् to faint, &c., aff. खट्. [खट् produced.]

सुभाषित m. (-नः) A fish or aquatic animal. **स.** सुत् सुत् insensibility, सुभाष mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Dead, deceased. **स.** सुत्, and सुत् dead.

सुभाष mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Strained, filtered. 2. Cleaned, cleansed. 3. Well-swept. **स.** सुत् completely, सुत् cleansed.

सुभाष n. (-नः) 1. Meeting together. 2. Mixture. [aff. चक्ष्.]

सुभाष m. (-दः) 1. Pleasure, delight. **स.** सुत् intensitive, सुत् to be happy

सुभाष m. (-दः) 1. Ignorance. 2. Folly. 3. Beguilement, fascination. 4. Stupefaction. 5. Fainting. **स.** सुत् before सुत् to be foolish, चक्ष् aff.

सुभाषित mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Beguiled, fascinated. 2. Enraptured, overcome with delight, &c. **स.** सुत्, सुत् to be foolish, causal v., क्त aff.

सुभाष Ind. 1. All, wholly. 2. Duly. 3. By honourable means. 4. Distinctly. 5. With, 'together with. 6. Properly, fitly : see सुभाष.

सुभाष n. (-लः) Accuracy, totality. **स.** सुभाष, and ल aff.

सुभाष n. (-नः) Inflicting the penalty of the law, punishing in a legal manner. **स.** सुभाष properly, according to the Shāstras, and सुभाष punishing. [सुभाष proper, सुभाष said.]

सुभाष mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Of equal weight or authority, (a precept.) **स.** सुभाष सुभाष mfn. (-नः-ना-ने) Continuing in the discharge of duty, &c. **स.** सुभाष, सुभाष being. [सुभाष, सुति practice.]

सुभाषित f. (-तिः) Steady and regular discharge of prescribed duties. **स.** सुभाष or सुभाष mfn. (-सुभाष-सुभाषी-सुभाष) 1. True, right. 2. Accompanying, going with. 3. Pleasant, agreeable. 4. Same, common, identical, uniform. 5. Accurate, correct. 6. All, entire. **स.** सुत् with, सुत् to go, खट् aff.

सुभाष m. (-राट्) A paramount sovereign, one who rules over other princes, and has performed the Ra'ja su'ya sacrifice. **स.** सुत् all, राट् to rule, aff. खट्.

सुत् r. 1st cl. (सुत्ते) To go, to move.

सुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Endeavouring, taking pains. n. Adv. (-तः) Vigorously, assiduously. **स.** सुत् with, सुत् effort.

सुत् m. (-तः) One of the same tribe.

सुत् m. (-तिः) 1. INDRA. 2. Proximity to a wife. 3. A pair of nippers for cutting betel-nut. 4. Uterine brother. Adj Having the same womb. **स.** सुत् for सुत् with, or सुत् like, सोनि pudendum muliebre.

सुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Who or what goes, occurring chiefly in composition, as सुत्तर, सुत्तर, &c. 2. Cathartic, purgative. m. (-रः) 1. The thick part or coagulum of curds or milk, cream, &c. 2. Going, motion. 3. An arrow. 4. Saltiness, salt. 5. A string. n. (-रः) 1. A lake, a pool. 2. Water. mfn. (-रः रा or -री) A cascade, a water-fall; also सुत्. **स.** सुत् to go, aff. चक्ष्.

सुत् m. (-कः) A gander. f. (-कौ) A goose. **स.** सुत् a pool, काक a crow.

सुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Going, moving, proceeding. mn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Spirituous liquor, especially distilled from sugar, rum. 2. Drinking spirits. 3. A drinking vessel. 4. Distribution of liquor. 5. A continuous line of road. n. (-कः) 1. A lake, a pool. 2. Heaven, sky. 3. Going. **स.** सुत् to go, Una'di aff. सुत्. [radical final changed.]

सुत् f. (-वा) A bee. **स.** सुत् one who is going, सुत् to injure, aff. च, the सुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. A quadruped. 2. A bird. **स.** सुत् to go, सुत् aff; ङीप् added in the fem. form.

सुत् n. (-जः) Fresh butter. **स.** सुत् cream, and न produced.

सुत् f. (-जाः) A woman during menstruation. **स.** सुत् for सुत् with, रजस् the menses; also सुत्.

सुत् m. (-रट्) 1. Air, wind. 2. A cloud. 3. (In the language of the Vedas.) A bee. 4. A lizard, a chameleon. **स.** सुत् to go, सुत् Una'di aff.

सुत् m. (-रट्) 1. A lizard, a chameleon, a guana, &c. 2. A crow. 3. Wind. **स.** सुत् to go, सुत् aff.; also सुत्.

सुत् m. (-रट्) 1. Air, wind. 2. A cloud. **स.** सुत् to go, सुत् Una'di aff.

सुत् m. (-रट्) A lizard, a chameleon, &c. **स.** सुत् to go, सुत् aff.

सुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) Going, moving, who or what goes or moves. n. (-तः) 1. Oxidized iron, either in the state of rust or filings. 2. Going. f. (-वा or -वो) 1. A plant, (Pteris foliata.) 2. A sort of Teori. **स.** सुत् to go, aff. सुत् or सुत्, fem. aff. टाप् or ङीप्; also सुत्, &c.

सुत् f. (-वि-वो) A road, a path, a way. 2. A straight or continuous line. 3. A disease of the throat. 4. Deposition of things. **स.** सुत् to go, Una'di aff. सुत्, and सुत् optionally added; also सुत्, &c.

सुत् m. (-कः) 1. A rogue, a cheat. 2. A sort of ornament. 3. A bird. 4. A lover. 5. A lizard. **स.** सुत् to go, Una'di aff. सुत्; also सुत्.

सुत् m. (-ख्यः) 1. Air, wind. 2. A cloud. 3. Water. 4. The spring. 5. Fire. **स.** सुत् to go, सुत् Una'di aff.

सुत् mfn. (-रन्-रन्ती-रन्) Going, proceeding. **स.** सुत् to go, सुत् aff.

सुत् m. (-रन्) Thread. **स.** सुत् to go, सुत् aff.

सुत् mfn. (-तिः-तिः) A short cubit-measure. **स.** सुत् to go, सुत् aff.; more commonly सुत् q. v.

सुत् m. (-तः) A warrior riding in a chariot.

सुत्पत्तिका f. (-का) The new leaf of a lotus. **स.** सुत् सुत् पत्तिकाः सुत्.

सुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Quick, speedy. 2. Delighted. 3. Agitated, distressed. 4. Passionate. n. Adv. (-तः) Quick, delightedly, agitatedly, &c. **स.** सुत् with, सुत् speed, &c.

सुत् f. (-वा) The wife of RA'VAN'A's brother, BIBHISAN'A. 2. The bitch of the gods. 3. One of the daughter of DAKṢHA. **स.** सुत् to go, सुत् aff.; or सुत् with, सुत् sport, pleasure. [Una'di aff.; also सुत्.]

सुत् m. (-वुः) Air, wind. f. (-वु-वु) The Sarayu-river. **स.** सुत् to go, सुत् सुत् mfn. (-तः-ता-ते) 1. Honest, sincere, candid, upright. 2. Straight. 3. Guileless. m. (-लः) 1. A sort of pine, (Pinus longifolia.) 2. A bird, (Pavo bicalcarata.) f. (-वा) A variety of the plant called Teori. **स.** सुत् to go, (to spread fragrance abroad, &c.) सुत् Una'di aff.

सुत् m. (-नः) A fragrant resin, the exudation of the Saral or pine tree. **स.** सुत् as above, सुत् what exudes. "सारपीन".

सरलयायिन् mfn. (-यी-यिनो-यि) 1. Going in a straight line. 2. Upright, honest. f. (-यी) A plant with an upright stem. E. सरल, and यायिन् who or what goes or grows. [cover, aff. ड; also सरय.

सरय n. (-य) A butt or mark for shooting at. E. सर an arrow, व्यञ्ज to सरस् mf. (-रः-सी) 1. A large pond or pool. 2. A piece of water in which the lotus grows or may grow. n. (-रः) Water. E. स to go, (into, to bathe or drink,) असुन् Una'di aff.

सरस mfn. (-सः-सा-सं) 1. Tasty, juicy, sapid. 2. Comprising the expression of the poetical Rasas or sentiments, (a work, &c.) 3. Impassioned. 4. Beautiful, charming. 5. Agreeable. n. (-सः) 1. A tank, a pond, a lake. 2. Alchemy. f. (-सा) A sort of Teori, f. (-सी) A lake, a pond. E. स with, रस juice. [प्र + तन् ड]

सरसम्भत n. (-सं) A sort of Euphorbia, commonly Tékántá-Sij. E. सन + सरसिक m. (-कः) The Indian crane. E. सरस a pool, उन् aff.

सरसिज n. (-जः) A lotus. E. सरस a pool, (seventh case,) and ज born.

सरसोद्भू m. (-भूः) A lotus. E. सरसी a pool, and उद्भू what grows.

सरस्तीर n. (-रः) The bank of a lake or pond. E. सरस्, and तीर bank.

सरस्वत् mfn. (-स्वान्-स्वती स्वन) 1. Juicy, sapid. 2. Elegant. 3. Sentimental m. (-स्वान्) 1. The ocean. 2. A male river. 3. A buffalo. 4. A lake, f. (-स्वती) 1. The wife of BRAHMA', the goddess of speech and eloquence, the patroness of music and the arts, and the inventress of the Sanskrit language and De'vana'gari letters. 2. Speech, the faculty or its exercise. 3. A river, the SARASWATY, which rises in the mountains bounding the north-east part of the province of Delhi, whence it runs in a south-westerly direction, and is lost in the sands of the great desert in the country of the Bhatti : according to the Hindus the river only disappears in this place, and continuing its course under ground, joins the Ganges and Jamuna' at A'la'ha'ba'd. 4. A river in general. 5. An excellent woman. 6. A cow. 7. The wife of a Muni. 8. A female divinity, peculiar to the Jains. 9. The moon plant, (Asclepias acida.) 10. An epithet of DURGA'. E. सरस् a lake, and सत्पू poss. aff. ; or स with, रस flavour, taste, and the same aff.

सरग mfn. (-गः-गा-गं) 1. Coloured, tinted. 2. Impassioned, passionate. E. स with, राग colour, &c.

सराव f. (-वा) Adj. Sounding. m. (-वः) 1. A lid, a cover. 2. A shallow cup or saucer, used as one : see सराव ।

सरि mf. (-रिः-री) A water-fall. E. स to go, इन् aff. ; also सर, &c.

सरिका f. (-का) 1. A drug, commonly Hingu-patri. 2. Going, proceeding. 3. A woman going, or moving. E. स to go, वृन् aff., fem. form.

सरित् f. (-रित्) 1. A river in general. 2. Thread. E. स to go, इति Una'di aff. [पति lord.

सरिताम्पति m. (-तिः) The ocean. E. सरित् a river, (second case plural,)

सरित्पति m. (-तिः) The ocean. E. सरित् a river, and पति lord.

सरित्पू m. (-पू) The ocean. E. सरित् a river, and सत्पू poss. aff.

सरित्सुत m. (-तः) BHISHMA, the son of GANGA' E. सरित् the river, सुत son.

सरित्वा f. (-वा) The Ganges. E. सरित् a river, and वा वर best.

सरित्वाय m. (-यः) The ocean. E. सरित् a river, and वाय lord.

सरित्वाय n. (-यः) The source of a river. E. सरित्, सुख face.

सरिमन् m. (-मन्) 1. Going, proceeding. 2. Motion. 3. Air, wind. E. स to go, इमनिन् Una'di aff. ; also सरीमन् । [इलङ्.

सरिल n. (-लः) Water. E. See सलिल, the ल being changed to र ; or स-सरिषप m. (-पः) Mustard, (Sinapis dichotoma.) E. सर्वप + षी० ।

सरीषप m. (-पः) A snake. E. सर्प to go, irr. reiterative form, षप् aff. .

सह mfn. (-हः-हः-हः) Thin, small, fine, minute. m. (-हः) The hilt or handle of a sword, &c. E. स to go, उन् aff. [ह्य form.

सरूप mfn. (-पः-पा-पं) Like, resembling. E. स for समान like, same,

सरूपना f. (-ना) 1. Likeness, resemblance. 2. One of the four states of MUKTI. E. सरूप like, तल् aff. of the abstract ; also सरूपन n. (-नः) ।

सरीर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Sick, diseased. E. स, and रोग sickness.

सरीरिता f. (-ता) Sickness, dise ase. E. स, and रोगिता sickness.

सराज n. (-जः) A lotus. m. (-जः) A foot of six long instants, (in Prosody) E. सरस् a pond, and ज born.

सरीरजन् n. (-जन्) A lotus. E. सरस् a pond, जन्म birth.

सरीरजल n. (-जल) The water of a pond or lake. E. सरस् a pond, जल water.

सरीरजन् m. (-जन्) BRAHMA'. f. (-जिनो) 1. A lotus. 2. A pond abounding in lotuses. 3. A multitude of lotuses. E. सरीरज a lotus, and इति aff.

सरीरजल m. (-जलः) The Indian crane. E. सर water, उत्सव pleasure, delight.

सरीरम m. (-मः) 1. Loss, destruction. 2. Opposition, obstruction. E. स for सह with, रीष hindrance. [final vowel सरीरम n. (-मः) ।

सरीरम n. (-मः) A lotus. E. सरस् a pond, उद्भू what grows ; also with a सरीरमसन m. (-नः) BRAHMA'. E. सरीरम a lotus, and ससन a seat ; first appearing from the interior of a lotus in order to create the world, the flower is supposed to have sprung from the navel of VISHNU.

सरीरम m. (-रः) A lake or large pond, any piece of water deep enough for the lotus to grow. E. सरस् a pool, वर best. [रीष wrath.

सरीष mfn. (-षः-षा-षं) Angry, wrathful. n. Adv. (-षं) Angriely. E. स with, सरीष m. (-षः) 1. Air, wind. 2. The mind. E. स to go, क aff.

सर्ग m. (-गः) 1. Nature, natural property or disposition. 2. Tendency of a thing. 3. Creation. 4. Effort, perseverance. 5. Assent, agreement.

6. Relinquishment, abandoning, letting go or getting rid of. 7. Voiding, as excrement. 8. A chapter, a book, a section. 9. Certainty, ascertainment. 10. Resolution, determination. 11. Loss of consciousness, fainting. 12. Nature, universe. 12. Onset, advance,

rush. E. सृज् to quit, &c., aff. षच् ।

सर्गकम m. (-कमः) The order of creation.

सर्गकम m. (-कमः) A principal or great poem, one comprising many Sargas or Cantos. E. सर्ग a section, and कम a binding.

सर्ज् r. 1st cl. (सर्जति) To gain or get, to earn by labour.

सर्ज् m. (-जः) 1. The Sál tree, (Shorea robusta.) 2. Another tree, (Pentaptera arjuna.) 3. The resinous exudation of the Sál tree. E. सृज् to quit, aff. षच्, and the final consonant unchanged.

सर्ज्क m. (-कः) 1. The Pentaptera arjuna. 2. The Sál tree. f. (-जिका) 1. Natron, alkali. 2. Borax. E. सृज् to quit, लुङ् aff.

सर्ज्गता f. (-ता) A plant, commonly Ra'sna', supposed to be the serpent Ophioxylon. E. सर्ज् the Sál tree, गन्ध smell.

सर्ज्गन n. (-नः) 1. The reserve or rear of an army. 2. Abandoning, quitting. 3. Voiding, as excrement. 4. Making, creating. E. सृज् to abandon, &c., aff. लुङ् ।

सर्ज्गमणि m. (-मणिः) Resin in general, or the resinous exudation of the Sál tree. E. सर्ज् the Sál, and मणि a jewel. 'धना' ।

सर्ज्गस m. (-सः) Resin in general, or the resinous exudation of the Sál tree. E. सर्ज् the Sál, and रस juice. [aff.

सर्ज्जि f. (-जिः) or ज्जि ) Natron, alkali. E. सृज् to abandon, 'रन् or रीप्

सर्ज्जिका f. (-का) Natron, alkali, or the impure carbonate of soda, commonly termed S'jima'ti, and used in India as a soap for cleaning linen, &c. E. सर्ज्जि the same, and कन् added, fem form.

सर्ज्जिकाषार m. (-षारः) Impure carbonate of soda, alkali, natron. E. सर्ज्जिका the same, and षार ashes ; also सर्ज्जिकाषार । "सर्ज्जिकाषारि" ।

सर्ज्ज् m. (-ज्जः) A trader. f. (-ज्जः) 1. Lightning. 2. A necklace. 3. Going, following. E. सर्ज्ज् to gain, Unádi aff. ञ् ; also सर्ज्ज् ।

सर्प m. (-पः) 1. A snake, a serpent. 2. Gentle or twining motion, gliding, flowing, creeping. f. (-पौ) The female of the snake. E. सर्प to go, to glide, aff. षच् ।

सर्पकहाली f. (-ली) A plant, commonly SA'MP-KANKA'LI or serpent's skeleton. E. सर्प a snake, कहाल a skeleton, fem. aff. of diminutive

ness or comparison, लीप् ; also with कन् added सर्पकहालिक् ।

सर्पगन्धा f. (-न्धा) A plant, perhaps the same as the serpent ophioxylon. E. सर्प a snake, and गन्ध fragrance. [destructress.

सर्पघातिनी f. (-नी) A plant : see सर्पकहाली. E. सर्प a snake, and घातिनी

सर्वभक्ष n. (-न्) A mushroom. ३. सर्व, and सर्व an umbrella.

सर्व n. (-न्) 1. Going, gliding. 2. The slow flight of an arrow nearly parallel to the ground. ३. सर्व to go, सर्व aff. [aff.]

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) Going, gliding, creeping. ३. सर्व to go, सर्व

सर्व m. (-न्) An ichneumon.

सर्व m. (-न्) 1. A snake's tooth. 2. A plant, commonly Danti, (Croton polyandrum.) f. (-न्) A plant, (Tragia involuorata.) ३. सर्व, सर्व a tooth.

सर्व (वि) m. (-न्) The snake-stone, a gem or pearl said to resemble in form the berry of the Abrus precatorius, and to be found in the head of the snake. ३. सर्व a snake, सर्व hood, ज born.

सर्व m. (-न्) 1. A peacock. 2. A crane. 3. A large snake. ३. सर्व a snake, सर्व who eats.

सर्व m. (-न्) The snake-stone or carbuncle, or a jewel said to be found in the head of a snake, possessing also alexipharmic properties. ३. सर्व a snake, and सर्व a gem.

सर्व f. (-न्) A plant, commonly SARPA-KANKA'LI.

सर्व m. (-न्) VASUKI, sovereign of the serpent race, inhabiting Pa'tala or the regions under the earth. ३. सर्व a snake, राजा sovereign.

सर्व m. (-न्) A name of the prince JANAMEJAYA, the son of PARIKSHIT. ३. सर्व a snake, and सर्व a sacrifice, सर्व aff.; having compelled by Mantras all the snakes to be present at a sacrifice performed for their destruction, in retaliation of the death of his father who was killed by the bite of a snake; all were destroyed on this occasion except a few of the chiefs.

सर्व f. (-न्) A plant: see सर्वहाती. [kills.]

सर्व m. (-न्) An ichneumon, a mungoose. ३. सर्व a snake, सर्व who

सर्व n. (-न्) The seed of the Elaeocarpus. f. (-न्) A plant, commonly Kanka'lika'. ३. सर्व a snake, सर्व the eye. [appellation.]

सर्व m. (-न्) A plant, (Mesua ferrea.) ३. सर्व a snake, सर्व an

सर्व f. (-न्) A plant, Sarpa-kanka'li or a variety of it.

सर्व m. (-न्) 1. GARUD'A. 2. An ichneumon. 3. A peacock. ३. सर्व a snake, सर्व an enemy.

सर्व m. (-न्) An ichneumon. ३. सर्व a snake, and सर्व an enemy; equally applicable to the peacock, &c.: see the last.

सर्व n. (-न्) The sandal tree.

सर्व m. (-न्) A peacock. ३. सर्व a snake and सर्व food: see the last.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) Going gently or tortuously, gliding, winding, creeping. f. (-न्) 1. A female serpent. 2. A small medicinal shrub. ३. सर्व a snake, or going, &c., सर्व aff.

सर्व Adj. Seasoned with clarified butter.

सर्व n. (-न्) Ghee, clarified butter. ३. सर्व to flow, सर्व Una'di aff.

सर्व m. (-न्) The sea of clarified butter, one of the seven seas. ३. सर्व Ghee, सर्व the ocean.

सर्व n. (-न्) Sandal.

सर्व r. 1st cl. (सर्व) To go, to move.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) All, whole, entire. ३. सर्व to go, सर्व aff. सर्व; as differently read, with a final somi vowel, सर्व q. v.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) 1. Patient, enduring. 2. All-sustaining. ३. सर्व all, सर्व to bear, सर्व aff.; see सर्व below.

सर्व m. (-न्) 1. Sky, heaven. 2. Going, motion. ३. सर्व to go, सर्व Una'di aff. सर्व r. 1st cl. (सर्व) To hurt, to injure, to kill; more commonly सर्व q. v.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) All, whole, complete, universal, entire. m. (-न्) 1. S'IVA. 2. VISHN'U. ३. सर्व to go, to pervade, (the world,) सर्व Una'di aff.; also according to some authorities preferable, सर्व as above.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) 1. Patient, enduring. 2. All-sustaining. f. (-न्) The earth. ३. सर्व all, (men,) सर्व to bear or suffer, सर्व aff.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) All, every. ३. सर्व added to the last.

सर्व m. (-न्) BRAHMA'. ३. सर्व all, (things,) सर्व maker. [सर्व aot.]

सर्व n. (-न्) All or every aot. m. (-न्) A man of all work. ३. सर्व,

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) Performing or conversant with every business, pervading every action, &c. ३. सर्व all, सर्व aot, सर्व aff. [makes.]

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) The maker of all things. ३. सर्व, सर्व who सर्व n. (-न्) All seasons or times. ३. सर्व, and सर्व time.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) Of all times or seasons. ३. सर्व, and सर्व aff.

सर्व Ind. Every where, universally. ३. सर्व in all, and सर्व inserted before the final.

सर्व m. (-न्) An actor, a dancer, a mime.

सर्व m. (-न्) Any substance of an alkaline or soapy nature, as impure soda, pearl ash or potash, &c., which may be used in cleaning clothes. ३. सर्व all सर्व impure alkali or alkaline salt or ashes.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) Going every where, all-pervading. n. (-न्) Water. m. (-न्) 1. S'IVA. 2. BRAHMA'. 3. Soul, spirit. 4. Air, wind. f. (-न्) A plant, commonly Priyangu. ३. सर्व all, सर्व what goes.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) Omnipresent, universally diffused. ३. सर्व, सर्व gone.

सर्व m. (-न्) 1. A class of four aromatics, or kakkol, cloves, agallochum, and gum benjamin. 2. A perfume in general. ३. सर्व all, and सर्व fragrance. [aff.]

सर्व n. (-न्) The root of long-pepper. ३. सर्व all, सर्व a knot, सर्व

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) 1. All-pervading, diffused, extended. 2. All-destroying. m. (-न्) A rogue, a wicked man. ३. सर्व, and सर्व to go, सर्व aff.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) Made of every kind of skin or leather. ३. सर्व all, सर्व skin, सर्व aff.

सर्व f. (-न्) The universe, the whole world. ३. सर्व, and सर्व world.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) Belonging or relating to all men, fit for all, &c. ३. सर्व all, सर्व mankind, सर्व aff.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) 1. All-subduing, irresistible. 2. All-surpassing, excellent, incomparable. m. (-न्) The twenty-first year of the cycle. ३. सर्व all, सर्व who subdues or surpasses.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) Omniscient, all-wise. m. (-न्) 1. S'IVA. 2. A Jina or Budd'ha, or deified sage peculiar to those sects. ३. सर्व all, and सर्व who knows. [सर्व.]

सर्व n. (-न्) Omniscience, ३. सर्व added to the last; also with सर्व, सर्व f. (-न्) A plant, (Priyangu.) ३. सर्व wholly, सर्व auspicious.

सर्व m. (-न्) A man who has studied the Tantra-Shastras. ३. सर्व all, सर्व a Tantra, properly with an affix of derivation, &c., as सर्व, and that again rejected.

सर्व Ind. 1. Every way, all-round. 2. Wholly, entirely. 3. From every body. ३. सर्व all, सर्व aff.

सर्व m. (-न्) Love or the deity KA'MA. ३. सर्व all, सर्व inflamer.

सर्व n. (-न्) All-splendour or power. ३. सर्व, and सर्व light, power.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) Made, comprising or consisting of all splendour or power. ३. सर्व, and सर्व aff.

सर्व mfn. (-न्-पिन्-पिन्) Every where auspicious. m. (-न्) A temple or palace of a square form, with an entrance opposed to each point of the compass. m. (-न्) 1. The Nimba-tree, (Melia azidarachta.) 2. The carriage of VISHN'U. 3. A bamboo. 4. A form of military array. 5. A square mystical diagram, to be painted on the cloth which on particular occasions covers a sort of altar erected to VISHN'U. 6. A kind of charade, in which the same word answers several questions. 7. A whimsical form of verse, so contrived that the same meanings and words occur, whether the line be read back-wards or forwards, or in several other directions. f. (-न्) 1. A tree, (Gmelina arborea.) 2. An actress or the wife of an actor or dancer, &c. 3. A sort of yam, (Dioscorea.) ३. सर्व on every side, सर्व auspicious.

सर्व n. (-न्) 1. Water. 2. Sky, heaven. m. (-न्) 1. S'IVA. 2. BRAHMA'. 3. Soul, spirit. 4. A Brahman. 5. Swarga, the heaven of INDRA. 6. Agni. ३. सर्व on every side, सर्व countenance. [all, सर्व aff.]

सर्व Ind. 1. Every where, in all places. 2. Always, at all times. सर्व ३. सर्व

सर्वत्र mfn. (-नः-गा-ने) All-pervading, going every where. m. (-नः) Air, wind. B. सर्वत्र every where, गन् to go, उ aff.

सर्वत्रगामिन् m. (-नो) Air, wind. B. सर्वत्र always, गामिन् going.

सर्वथा Ind. f. (-या) 1. In all ways, by all means. 2. Assuredly, certainly. 3. Exceeding, mostly. 4. Always. B. सर्वत्र all, दाच् aff.

सर्वदमन mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) All-subduing, irresistible. m. (-नः) BHARATA, the son of S'AKUNTALA. B. सर्वत्र all, दमन taming.

सर्वदृष्टिन् mfn. (-र्षी-प्रज्ञो-वि) All-seeing. m. (-र्षी) A Budd'ha in general. B. सर्वत्र all, and दृष्टिन् seeing.

सर्वदा Ind. Always, at all times. B. सर्वत्र all, and दाच् aff.

सर्वदुःखक्षय m. (-यः) Final emancipation from transmigration. B. सर्वत्र all, दुःख pain, and क्षय destruction. [मयट् aff.]

सर्वदेवमय mfn. (-यः-यो-य) Made of or comprising all the gods. B. सर्वदेव, सर्वदेवमुख m. (-यः) A name of AGNI or fire. B. सर्वत्र all, देव a deity, and मुख mouth; being the medium of oblations to the gods.

सर्वधन n. (-नं) 1. Whole wealth or property. 2. (In arithmetic,) Total of a sum in progression. B. सर्वत्र, and धन wealth.

सर्वधर्मविद् m. (-विद् or-विन्) One who knows the duties of all tribes and classes. B. सर्वत्र, धर्म duty, विद् who knows.

सर्वधारी f. (-री) The twenty-second year of the cycle. B. सर्वत्र all, धृ to hold, चच् and क्षौच् affs.

सर्वधुरावह m. (-हः) An ox fit for any sorts' of carriage. B. सर्वत्र all, धुर a burden, आह before वृच् to bear, aff. चच् ।

सर्वधुरी म. (-वः) An ox, &c. fit for any carriage or draught. B. सर्वत्र all, धुर a burden, ख aff. [तल् aff.]

सर्वनामता f. (-ता) The quality or condition of a pronoun. B. सर्वनाम and सर्वनामन् n. (-न) A pronoun. B. सर्वत्र, and नामन् name. [तृत्तुion.]

सर्वनाश m. (-यः) Total destruction, destruction of all. B. सर्वत्र, नाश des-servence m. (-नः) BHARATA. B. सर्वत्र all, दन् to tame or subdue, खच् aff.

सर्वपथ m. (-यः) Every way, every direction. सर्वत्र, पथ for पथिन् a path.

सर्वपथीन् mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) In or of every road or direction, (moving, passing, &c.) B. सर्वपथ, and ख aff. [चच् and टाच् ।]

सर्वपा f. (-पा) The wife of the Daitya BALI. B. सर्वत्र all, पा to drink, affs.

सर्वपूर्ण n. (-ल) Entire completion or fulness, complete preparation or provision. B. सर्वत्र all, and पूर्ण fulness.

सर्वप्रिय mfn. (-यः-या-य) 1. Generally or universally beloved. 2. Generally friendly, loving all. B. सर्वत्र all, and प्रिय dear.

सर्वभक्ष mfn. (-यः-वा-च) Omnivorous, eating all or any thing. f. (-वा) A female goat. B. सर्वत्र all, and भक्ष who eats.

सर्वभक्ष्य mfn. (-ल्यः-ल्य-ल्य) 1. Eating any thing or all things, (a child.) 2. All-devouring, omnivorous. B. सर्वत्र, and भक्ष्य edible.

सर्वभाव m. (-वः) Whole disposition, all one's thoughts and purpose. B. सर्वत्र, and भाव disposition. [all, भूत an element.]

सर्वभूत n. Plu. (-तामि) 1. All the elements. 2. All created things. B. सर्वत्र सर्वभूतकृत् mn. (-कृत्) 1. The maker of all things. 2. The cause of all elements or beings. B. सर्वभूत, and कृत् who or what makes.

सर्वभूतमय mfn. (-यः-यो-य) Comprising or comprehending all elementary matter. m. (-यः) The supreme pervading spirit. B. सर्वभूत, मयट् aff.

सर्वभूतस्थ mfn. (-स्थः-स्था-स्थ) Present in all elements or beings. B. सर्वत्र all, भूत an element, and स्थ what stays; also सर्वभूतस्थित, &c.

सर्वभूतस्थान m. (-स्थान) Universal, all-pervading spirit. B. सर्वभूत an element, and स्थान soul. [supports.]

सर्वभूत mfn. (-भूत) Cherishing or supporting all. B. सर्वत्र, भूत who or what सर्वभोगिन् mfn. (-नो-गि-गो-गि) Enjoying all. B. सर्वत्र, भोगिन् who enjoys.

सर्वभोगीय mfn. (-यः-वा-च) Good or beneficial for all, to be enjoyed or possessed by all. B. सर्वत्र, and भोग enjoyment, खच् aff.

सर्वभद्रला f. (-ला) DURGĀ. B. सर्वत्र all, भद्रल auspicious.

सर्वमय mfn. (-यः-या-य) General, universal, comprehensive, comprehending. B. सर्वत्र all, मयट् aff.

सर्वमयी f. (-यी) The whole earth. B. सर्वत्र, and मयी earth.

सर्वमूल n. (-मूल) A Cowrie or small coin represented by it. B. सर्वत्र all, (of all things,) मूल price.

सर्वमूलक m. (-कः) Time. B. सर्वत्र all, (things,) मूल to steal, दन् aff.

सर्वरस m. (-रसः) 1. Resin, the exudation of the pine or Sa'l. 2. A sort of musical instrument, a kind of lute. 3. A learned man. 4. Saltiness, salt, saline flavour or taste. B. सर्वत्र all, रस taste, real or figurative.

सर्वरसोत्तम m. (-मः) The saline flavour, saltiness, salt. B. सर्वत्र all, रस a flavour, उत्तम best. [for the final.]

सर्वरात्र m. (-यः) The whole night. B. सर्वत्र all, रात्रि night, चच् substituted

सर्वरीकर m. (-रः) The moon. B. सर्वरी for सर्वरी night, कर who makes.

सर्वरिक्ता f. (-ता) A plant, (Gmelina arborea.)

सर्वसंपरिवर्त m. (-वर्तः) A year. B. सर्वत्र all, चतु a season, परिवर्त a revolution.

सर्वला f. (-ला) An iron club. "तीनराखे" B. सर्वत्र all, ला to take, affs. चच् and टाच्; also read सर्वला and सर्वली ।

सर्वलिङ्गिन् m. (-ङ्गी) A heretic, an impostor; one who not belonging to the orthodox faith, wears the dress, and assumes the character of an ascetic. B. सर्वत्र all, लिङ्ग mark, (of sect or caste,) रणि aff.

सर्वलोक m. (-लः) The universe. B. सर्वत्र, and लोक world.

सर्वलोह m. (-हः) An iron arrow. B. सर्वत्र all, लोह iron. [a mistress.]

सर्वलक्ष्मणी f. (-भा) A disloyal or unchaste woman. B. सर्वत्र all, and लक्ष्मणी

सर्वविद् mfn. (-विन्) Omniscient, all-wise. B. सर्वत्र, and विद् who knows.

सर्ववेद m. (-दः) A Brahman who has read the four Vēdas. B. सर्वत्र all, वेद the Vēda, and चच् or उच् aff.; the effects of the aff. being subsequently rejected.

सर्ववेदम् m. (-दः) A man who gives away all his property to the priests who have been employed by him at particular sacrifices, of which such a destination of the principal's whole wealth is an essential part. B. सर्वत्र all, विद् to gain, causal form, aff. चसन् ।

सर्ववेदिन् mfn. (-दो-दि-दो-दि) Omniscient. B. सर्वत्र, and वेदिन् who knows.

सर्ववेशिन् m. (-शी) An actor, a dancer. B. सर्वत्र all, वेश dress, &c. रणि aff.

सर्वेश्वर Ind. 1. Wholly, universally. 2. On all sides. B. सर्वत्र, श्व aff.

सर्वेश्वरान्तकृत् m. (-कृत्) The sovereign of India, BHARATA. B. सर्वत्र all, शान्ति tranquillity, and कृत् who effects.

सर्वशेष mfn. (-यः-वा-च) 1. What remains of the whole. 2. What is to continue or to be added to all. B. सर्वत्र, and शेष remainder.

सर्वसङ्गत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) United or meeting with universally. m. (-तः) A sort of rice of quick growth. B. सर्वत्र all, (by all,) सङ्गत known.

सर्वसङ्ग्रह m. (-हः) 1. A general or universal collection. 2. Any collection. B. सर्वत्र, and सङ्ग्रह collection.

सर्वसङ्ग्रहण n. (-णं) Assembling a complete army. B. सर्वत्र all, (the parts, or elephants, chariots, horse, and foot,) सङ्ग्रहण arming.

सर्वसङ्गाह m. (-हः) 1. The universal and pervading spirit. 2. Arming or assembling a complete army. B. सर्वत्र, सङ्गाह arming, accounting.

सर्वसमता f. (-ता) 1. Sameness or identity with all things. 2. Equanimity, equal regard for all. B. सर्वत्र, and समता sameness.

सर्वसह mfn. (-हः-हा-ह) All-enduring, bearing all things with patience and firmness. m. (-हः) Bdelium. "वृगुली" f. (-वा) The earth. B. सर्वत्र all, सह to suffer, aff. चच् ।

सर्वसिद्धाय mfn. (-यः-यो-य) Having every object attained, every wish gratified, &c. B. सर्वत्र, and सिद्ध accomplished, चच् object.

सर्वसिद्धि f. (-द्धिः) Universal success or accomplishment of all. m. (-धिः) A tree, (Ægle marmelos.) B. सर्वत्र all, सिद्ध completion.

सर्वस्व n. (-स्वः) 1. Whole property or possessions. 2. Substance, whole essence of anything. B. सर्वत्र, and स्व own.

सर्वस्वदण्ड mfn. (-ण्डः-ण्डा-ण्ड) Fined in all one's property. n. (-ण्डः) Confiscation of property. B. सर्वस्व, and दण्ड punishment.

सर्वस्वहरण n. (-णः) Confiscation of a whole property. B. सर्वस्व, and हरण taking; also सर्वस्वहार, &c.

सर्वस्वामिन् m. (-नो) 1. A universal monarch. 2. The owner or master of all. B. सर्वत्र, स्वामिन् a master.

सर्वकार m. (-रः) 1. Total confiscation. 2. Seizing the whole. ३. सर्व, हार taking; also सर्वहरणं ।  
 सर्वाङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) 1. The whole body. 2. The 'Angas or portions' of divine knowledge collectively. ३. सर्व all, अङ्ग a limb, &c.  
 सर्वाङ्गी mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) 1. Spreading throughout the body, diffusive, pervading. 2. Relating or belonging to the Angas, or parts, of science collectively. ३. सर्व all, अङ्ग member, अ aff. [augment.  
 सर्वाङ्गी f. (-ङ्गी) A name of Durga. ३. सर्व S'iva, ङीष् aff., and आङ्ग  
 सर्वाङ्गक mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) All-pervading. ३. सर्व and आङ्ग self, क् aff.  
 सर्वाङ्गम् m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The supreme or universal spirit. 2. All beings collectively. ३. सर्व, and आङ्ग self or spirit.  
 सर्वाङ्गभूति f. (-ङ्गः) All beings collectively. ३. सर्वाङ्ग, and भूति being.  
 सर्वाधिकार m. (-रः) General control or superintendence. ३. सर्व, and अधिकार office. [and इति aff.  
 सर्वाधिकारिन् m. (-रि) A general or head superintendent. ३. सर्वाधिकार,  
 सर्वाङ्गभूति f. (-ङ्गः) 1. A Jina of the last era. 2. One of the future era. 3. A plant, commonly Teori, (Convolvulus turpethum.) ३. सर्व all, अङ्गभूति perception.  
 सर्वाङ्गभक्षक mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) Eating every thing or every where. ३. सर्व all, अङ्ग food, and भक्षक who eats.  
 सर्वाङ्गभोजिन् mfn. (-ङ्गी-जिनी-जि) Eating all sorts of food. ३. सर्व all, अङ्ग food, भुज् to eat, णि aff. [ख aff.  
 सर्वाङ्गभोजिन् mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) Eating all sorts of food. ३. सर्व all, अङ्ग food, सर्वाङ्गभक्षक m. (-ङ्गः) A railer, a cynic, one who abuses all. ३. सर्व, and अभिसम्बन्धक who calumniates.  
 सर्वाङ्गभिसम्बन्धिन् m. (-ङ्गी) A cynic, a calumniator or reviler. ३. सर्व all, अभि and सम् before धा to have, क् affix, and इति possess. added.  
 सर्वाङ्गभिसर m. (-रः) Assembling a complete army. ३. सर्व all, and अभि before स to go, aff. ण् ।  
 सर्वाङ्ग्य mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) 1. Having every object or sense. n. Adv. (-ङ्गम्) For or on account of all. m. Plu. (-ङ्गाः) All objects, &c. ३. सर्व, and अङ्ग an object.  
 सर्वाङ्गयिन् m. (-ङ्गः) Budd'h'a, the founder of the Budd'h'a faith. ३. सर्व, all, अङ्ग object, and सिद्ध perfect : his father's wishes being all fulfilled by his birth. [cessation.  
 सर्वाङ्गसर m. (-रः) Midnight. ३. सर्व all, (things,) अङ्गसर interval or अङ्गयिन् mfn. (-ङ्गी-यिनी-यि) Eating all things. ३. सर्व, अङ्गयिन् who eats.  
 सर्वाङ्गयिन् mfn. (-ङ्गी-यिनी-यि) Belonging or common to every order. ३. सर्व, आङ्गयिन् belonging to an A'shrama or order of life. [asylum.  
 सर्वाङ्गय mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) Giving shelter or protection to all. ३. सर्व, आङ्गय  
 सर्वाङ्गा f. (-ङ्गा) One of the sixteen Vidya'-Dévis, or goddesses of learning, according to the Jains. ३. सर्व all, अङ्ग a weapon.  
 सर्वाङ्ग m. (-ङ्गः) The whole day. ३. सर्व all, अङ्ग a day.  
 सर्वाङ्ग्य mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) Relating or belonging to all, suitable or fit for all, &c. ३. सर्व all, अङ्ग aff. [ख सर्व, ईश lord.  
 सर्वोच्च m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Supreme or universal monarch. 2. The Supreme Being.  
 सर्वोच्च m. (-रः) 1. S'iva. 2. A universal monarch. ३. सर्व all, ईश्वर lord.  
 सर्वोच्च m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Assembling a complete army. 2. Great speed or dispatch. ३. सर्व all, and औच a heap.  
 सर्वोच्चविषय m. (-ङ्गः) A class of certain principal drugs, consisting of Mura', Valeriana Jata'ma'nsi, Orris root, Benzoin, Zedoary, Kurk, or Costus speciosus, red saunders, and Cyperus. ३. सर्व all, औचविषय a drug, and अङ्ग a class; also with इति the same, सर्वोच्चविषय m. (-ङ्गः) ।  
 सर्वोच्चविषय m. (-ङ्गः) The juice or infusion of a number of plants, as used at a royal inauguration. ३. सर्व all, औचविषय herb, रस juice.  
 सर्वपत्र m. (-ङ्गः) 1. A sort of mustard, (Sinapis dichotoma.) 2. A kind of poison. 3. A small measure of weight, a mustard seed so considered. f. (-ङ्गी) A small bird. ३. स to go, अङ्ग Una'di aff., अङ्ग aug.  
 सर्वपत्र m. (-ङ्गः) Mustard oil. ३. सर्वपत्र mustard, and तल अङ्ग aff.  
 सर्व. 1st. अ. (सर्वति) To go, to move; more properly अङ्ग q. ४.

सर्व n. (-ङ्गः) Water. ३. अङ्ग to go, अङ्ग aff. [shame.  
 सर्व mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) Bashful, modest, ashamed. ३. स with, अङ्ग  
 सर्व n. (-ङ्गः) Water. ३. अङ्ग to go, अङ्ग Una'di aff. ।  
 सर्वाङ्गुल m. (-ङ्गः) An aquatic plant, (Vallisneria octandra.) "वेवेल" ३. सर्वाङ्ग water, and अङ्ग hair. [क्रिया act.  
 सर्वाङ्गक्रिया f. (-ङ्गी) The funeral rite of washing the corpse. ३. सर्वाङ्ग, and  
 सर्वाङ्ग n. (-ङ्गः) A lotus. ३. सर्वाङ्ग water, and अङ्ग born.  
 सर्वाङ्गनिधि m. (-ङ्गः) The ocean. ३. सर्वाङ्ग, and निधि store.  
 सर्वाङ्गय m. (-ङ्गः) Current, stream. ३. सर्वाङ्ग, रय speed.  
 सर्वाङ्गराशि m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Ocean. 2. Any piece of water. ३. सर्वाङ्ग, राशि heap.  
 सर्वाङ्गय m. (-ङ्गः) Submarine fire. ३. सर्वाङ्ग water, and अङ्ग inflaming.  
 सर्वाङ्ग mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) Wanton, sportive. ३. स for सङ्ग with, लीला sport.  
 सर्वाङ्गता f. (-ङ्गा) Residence in the same heaven with a particular deity, (one of the four stages of mukti.)  
 सर्वाङ्गी f. (-ङ्गी) The gum Olibanum tree, (Boswellia thurifera.) ३. अङ्ग to go, अङ्ग aff., and the अङ्ग doubled; also अङ्गकी.  
 सर्व m. (-ङ्गः) 1. Sacrifice, oblation. 2. Offspring, progeny. 3. The sun. 4. The moon. n. (-ङ्गः) 1. Water. 2. The juice or honey of flowers. 3. Sprinkling the juice of the acid Asclepias. ३. अङ्ग to bear, &c., aff. अङ्ग ।  
 सर्व n. (-ङ्गः) 1. Bathing, as a religious exercise, or preparatory to a sacrifice, purificatory ablution in general. 2. A sacrifice in general. 3. Extracting and drinking the juice of the acid Asclepias. 4. Bearing as children, bringing forth young. m. (-ङ्गः) The moon. ३. स to bear young, &c., Una'di aff. अङ्ग ।  
 सर्वपुत्र mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) Embodied, having a body or form. ३. स with, अङ्ग body, अङ्ग aff.  
 सर्वयुग्म mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) Contemporary, of similar age or duration. m. (-ङ्गः) A friend, a contemporary. f. (-ङ्गी) A woman's female friend. ३. स for समान equal, like, and अङ्ग ago.  
 सर्वर m. (-रः) 1. Water. 2. A name of S'iva. 3. more properly अङ्ग, q. v.  
 सर्वयुग्म mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) 1. Like, resembling. 2. Of the same tribe or class. 3. Of the same kind, homogeneous. f. (-ङ्गी) 1. A name of Cir'ya', one of the wives of the sun. 2. Belonging to the same class of letters, i. e. requiring the same effort in pronunciation. ३. स for समान like, same, अङ्ग tribe, colour, &c. [also read सर्वयुग्म ।  
 सर्वयुग्म f. (-ङ्गी) A plant, commonly Teori, (Convolvulus Turpethum.)  
 सर्वयुग्म mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) 1. Scented, perfumed. 2. Having a dwelling. ३. स with, आस abode, &c.  
 सर्वयुग्म mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) 1. Expanded, extended, extensive. 2. Budded, blown. ३. स for सङ्ग with, अङ्ग expansion.  
 सर्वयुग्म mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) 1. Embodied, having body or form. 2. Having, meaning, importing. 3. Quarrelling. ३. स with, अङ्ग body, &c.  
 सर्वयुग्म Ind. Thoughtfully, with reasoning.  
 सर्वयुग्म m. (-ङ्गः) 1. The sun. 2. Indra. 3. S'iva. f. (-ङ्गी) Adj. Producer, giver. ३. स to send or cast, (his rays,) अङ्ग aff.  
 सर्वयुग्म m. (-ङ्गः) The constellation HASTA', the thirteenth of the lunar asterisms. ३. सर्वयुग्म the sun, and देवत godhead; the sun being the ruling deity of this asterism. [sun, and अङ्ग aff.  
 सर्वयुग्म mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) Belonging or relating to the sun. ३. सर्वयुग्म the  
 सर्वयुग्म n. (-ङ्गः) Cause or instrument of production or generation. ३. अङ्ग to bear, aff. अङ्ग । [sun, अङ्ग aff.  
 सर्वयुग्म mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) Relating or belonging to the sun. ३. सर्वयुग्म the  
 सर्वयुग्म f. (-ङ्गी) 1. A mother. 2. A cow. ३. अङ्ग to bring forth young, अङ्ग aff., ङीष् fem. aff. [knowledge.  
 सर्वयुग्म mfn. (-ङ्गः-आ-ङ्ग) Learned, wise, versed in science. ३. स with, अङ्ग



सविध mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1 Near, proximate. 2. Of the same kind. n. (-व) Proximity. 3. स for समान common, same, विध manner, sort.  
 सविधय mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Modest, well-behaved. n. (-व) Modestly, respectfully. 3. स with, विनय propriety.  
 सविहास mfn. (-सः-सा-स) Wanton, sportive. 3. स with, विहास sport.  
 सविशेष mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Excellent, superior. 2. Having characteristic qualities. 3. Discriminative. 4. Peculiar. 5. स with, विशेष excellence.  
 सविशेषय mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Distinguished, marked, individualised by marks or properties. 3. स with, विशेष distinguishing property.  
 सविशेषतः Ind. Particularly, excellently. 3. स with, विशेषतः especially.  
 सविस्मय mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Astonished, surprised. 3. स for सङ्ग with, विस्मय astonishment. [added].  
 सविचिन्त mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Bearing interest. 3. स with, विचिन्त interest, सङ्ग सवेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Ornamented decorated. 3. स for समान common, or सङ्ग with, and वेष्ट entrance, decoration, &c.  
 सवेष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Near, proximate. 2. Decorated, dressed. 3. स for सङ्ग with, &c., and वेष्ट entrance or decoration.  
 सव्य mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Left, left hand. 2. Right, right hand. 3. South, southern. 4. Reverse, contrary, backward. m. (-वः) विस्मय. 3. स to send, यत् Una'di aff.  
 सव्यय mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Suffering pain. 3. स with, सव्य pain.  
 सव्यवेष्ट f. (-वः) Having connection.  
 सव्यभिचार m. (-वः) A reason or argument that is locally incompatible with the conclusion to be drawn from it; a Heru that is too general, (in logic.) 3. स with, व्यभिचार irrelevancy.  
 सव्यसाधिन m. (-वः) A name of AARJUN. 3. सव्य left, सङ्ग to be joined or attached, aff. विनि; drawing the bow with his left hand, as well as his right.  
 सव्यज mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Cunning, plausible, pretending. 2. Fraudulent. 3. स with, व्यज pretext.  
 सव्येष्ट m. (-वः) A charioteer. 3. सव्ये on the left, and स who stands.  
 सव्येष्ट m. (-वः) A charioteer. 3. सव्ये on the left, स्या to stand, यत् Una'di aff., with the effect of स; स and य changed.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Modest, ashamed. 3. स with, सव्येष्ट shame.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Fearful, doubtful. 3. स with, सव्येष्ट fear.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Scaly, (as a fish, &c.) 3. स, and सव्येष्ट scale.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Troublesome, difficult. 2. Pierced by a thorn or dart. 3. स with, सव्येष्ट a thorn.  
 सव्येष्ट m. (-वः) A believer, one who believes the existence of God, &c.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Sorrowful, sad. n. Adv. (-वः) Sorrowfully. 3. स with, सव्येष्ट sorrow.  
 सव्येष्ट f. (-वः) A woman with a beard. 3. स for सङ्ग with, सव्येष्ट a beard.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Wearied, fatigued. 3. स with, सव्येष्ट fatigue.  
 सव्येष्ट f. (-वः) Having prosperity.  
 सव्येष्ट r. 2nd cl. (सव्येष्ट) To sleep; also सव्येष्ट.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Doubtful, uncertain. 3. स with, सव्येष्ट doubt.  
 सव्येष्ट f. (-वः) 1. Pregnant. 2. Possessing energy or vigour.  
 सव्येष्ट f. (-वः) A pregnant woman. 3. स for सङ्ग with, सव्येष्ट a living being.  
 सव्येष्ट n. (-वः) Immolation, offering a living victim. 3. सङ्ग to sleep, &c., aff. यत्; also सव्येष्ट.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Happy, delighted. 3. स with, सव्येष्ट pleasure.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Frightened, alarmed. 3. स with, सव्येष्ट fear.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Quick, fleet. 2. Excellent. 3. स with, सव्येष्ट speed, &c. [covering].  
 सव्येष्ट m. (-वः) A bed of leaves, &c. 3. स for समान common, सव्येष्ट spreading, सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Desirous, wishing for. 3. स with, सव्येष्ट desire.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Smiling, laughing. 3. स for सङ्ग with, सव्येष्ट a smile.  
 सव्येष्ट n. (-वः) 1. Fruit. 2. Corn, grain. 3. A weapon. 4. A quality, an excellence. 3. सङ्ग to sleep, यत् Una'di aff.; also सव्येष्ट, &c.  
 सव्येष्ट m. (-वः) 1. A sort of precious stone, described as of the colour

of the inner fruit of the coconut. 2. A sword. f. (-वः) Adj. Possessed of good qualities. 3. सङ्ग added to the last.  
 सव्येष्ट m. (-वः) Corn-destroying. m. (-वः) A kind of rat or mouse.  
 सव्येष्ट m. (-वः) The Sal tree, (Shorea robusta.) 3. सव्येष्ट fruit, सव्येष्ट a covering.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः) Fructivorous, granivorous, eating grain or fruit. 3. सव्येष्ट, यत् to eat, सव्येष्ट aff. [सव्येष्ट sacrifice].  
 सव्येष्ट f. (-वः) Sacrifice offered on the ripening of new grain. 3. सव्येष्ट, सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Perspiring, exuding. f. (-वः) 1. A virgin deflowered. 2. A girl who has committed a breach of chastity. 3. स with, सव्येष्ट perspiration.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Who or what goes. 3. सङ्ग to go, सव्येष्ट aff., v. redup.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Patient, enduring, suffering, bearing. m. (-वः) The month Agraha'yan'a. mn. (-वः-व) Strength, power. f. (-वः) 1. The earth. 2. The Aloe plant. 3. A sort of bean, commonly Mudga-parni. 4. A drug, commonly Nakhi. 5. A plant; also Dan'dotpala. 6. Barleria, (the white sort.) 7. The ichneumon plant or Ra'sna. 8. A medicinal sort of moon plant. Ind. 1. With, together with; a particle implying association, connection. 2. Union, junction. 3. Increase, addition. 4. Presence, present time. 5. Completeness, entireness. 6. Resemblance, &c. 7. Simultaneously. 3. सङ्ग to have patience, aff. सव्येष्ट, fem. aff. टाट्.  
 सव्येष्ट m. (-वः) 1. A fragrant sort of mango. 2. Co-operation. 3. सङ्ग with, सङ्ग to make, सव्येष्ट aff. [also सव्येष्टारिन्].  
 सव्येष्टारिन् f. (-वः) Co-operation, assistance. 3. सव्येष्टारिन् and सङ्ग aff.: सव्येष्टारिन् mfn. (-वः-वा-व) An implement, an assistant or associate, that or who, by which or whom, any object is effected, &c. 3. सङ्ग with, सङ्ग to make, सव्येष्ट aff.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः) Assisting, an assister. 3. सङ्ग, सङ्ग who does. [सव्येष्ट aff.].  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Co-operating, assisting. 3. सङ्ग with, सङ्ग to do, सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Accompanied, associated. 3. सङ्ग with, सङ्ग gone.  
 सव्येष्ट n. (-वः) 1. Going with, accompanying. 2. A woman's burning herself on the funeral pile with her deceased husband. 3. सङ्ग with, सङ्ग going.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Going with, accompanying. f. (-वः) A woman who burns herself with her husband's body. 3. सङ्ग with, सव्येष्ट who goes.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Accompanying, going or associating with, &c. mf. (-वः-वा-व) Yellow Barleria. m. (-वः) 1. A companion, a follower. 2. A surety. f. (-वः) 1. A wife. 2. A woman's female friend or confidante. 3. सङ्ग with, सङ्ग to go, सव्येष्ट aff. [to go, सव्येष्ट aff.].  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Accompanying, attending. 3. सङ्ग with, सङ्ग सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Who or what accompanies, attends, associates with, &c. 3. सङ्ग with, सङ्ग to go, सव्येष्ट aff.  
 सव्येष्ट m. (-वः) 1. Harmony, agreement. 2. The accompaniment of the middle term by the major, (in logic.) 3. सङ्ग + सव्येष्ट. [who goes].  
 सव्येष्टारिन् mfn. (-वः-वा-व) A companion, an attendant. 3. सव्येष्ट, सव्येष्टारिन् सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः-वा-व) 1. Co-existent, cognate, born or produced together. 2. Innate, inherent, natural. m. (-वः) 1. A brother of whole blood. 2. The natural state or disposition. 3. सङ्ग with, and सव्येष्ट born.  
 सव्येष्ट mfn. (-वः) A friend by birth; as a sister's son, &c. 3. सव्येष्ट cognate, सव्येष्ट friend.  
 सव्येष्टारिन् m. (-वः) A natural enemy, one hostile by birth; as the son of the same father by another mother, the son of a paternal uncle, &c. 3. सव्येष्ट cognate, सव्येष्ट an enemy.  
 सव्येष्टारिन् mfn. (-वः-वा-व) Incidental, accidental, not inherent or innate, (in the dual it may imply both innate and adventitious.) 3. सव्येष्ट, and सव्येष्ट other.  
 सव्येष्टारिन् m. (-वः) A person, unconnected by birth, born neither an enemy nor friend. 3. सव्येष्ट cognate, सव्येष्टारिन् a stranger.



सहस्र f. (-स्र) Adj. Mightiest, very powerful.

सहिष्णु mfn. (-सः-सः-सः) Patient, enduring, resigned. ३. सह् to bear, सह् aff.

सहिष्णुता f. (-ता) 1. Patience, resignation. 2. Ability to support. ३. सह् aff of the abstract, added to the preceding. [aff.]

सह्रि m. (-रिः) The sun. f. (-रिः) The earth. ३. सह् to bear, उरिन् Una'di

सहृदय mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) 1. Good-hearted. 2. Sincere. 3. Appreciative. m. (-वः) 1. A Pandit, a learned man. 2. A man of taste, a critic. ३. सह with, हृदय a heart.

सहृदय f. (-हः) Questionable. n. (-हं) Questionable food.

सहल mfn. (-लः-ला-लं) Sportive, playing. ३. सह with, हल sport.

सहोक्ति f. (-क्तिः) 1. A figure of rhetoric; either the employment of a word in a double meaning, or connecting different circumstances in one sentence by the use of the term सह with, along with. 2. Speaking at the same time. ३. सह with, उक्ति saying.

सहोदर m. (-दः) A hut of leaves, &c., inhabited by ascetics.

सहोदर m. (-दः) 1. The son of a woman pregnant at the time of her marriage. 2. A thief caught with stolen property. ३. सह with, उदर a bride; or सह with, उदर stolen goods.

सहोदर m. (-दः) The son of a woman pregnant at the time of marriage. ३. सह with, उदर a bride, ज born.

सहोदर m. (-दः) A brother of whole blood, one by the same father and mother. ३. सह with, उदर the belly.

सहोदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Said or declared, comprehensively or collectively. ३. सह with, उदित said. [power, strength.]

सहोदर m. (-दः) Violence, aggression. ३. सह् and सह, both meaning

सहोदर m. (-दः) A saint, a pure or pious man. f. (-रः) Good. ३. सह, चोरन् Una'di aff. [३. सह, उदित abiding.]

सहोदित mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Dwelling or abiding with, being together with.

सह्य mfn. (-ह्यः-ह्या-ह्यं) 1. To be borne or suffered. 2. Equal or adequate to. 3. Sweet, agreeable. 4. Powerful, strong. n. (-ह्यं) 1. Health, convalescence. 2. Assistance, m. (-ह्यः) One of the seven principal ranges of the mountains of India; the mountainous country on north-west side of the Peninsula or towards Poonah, &c., and in which the river Goda'vari takes its rise. ३. सह् to bear, aff. यत् ।

सा f. (-सा) 1. A name of LAKSHMI'. 2. The goddess GAURI'. 3. She, (the third personal feminine pronoun or the feminine inflection of तद् that, &c.) ३. सा to destroy, &c., aff. ह ।

साख्य mfn. (-ख्यः-ख्यी-ख्यं) See साख्य ।

सायाविक m. (-कः) A voyaging merchant, one who trades by sea, &c. ३. संयात्रा travelling together, उक्त् aff. [३. संयुग war, ख्य aff.]

सायुजीव m. (-जः) An able leader, a soldier skilled in war. f. (-जा) Warlike.

साराविच n. (-चं) 1. Shout, acclamation, the calling out of a number of people together. 2. Crying or complaining aloud. ३. सम् together, राविन् who calls or cries, च् added.

सांख्य mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Annual, perennial. m. (-रः) An astrologer. ३. संख्य a year, च् aff.

सांख्यिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Yearly, annual, relating to a year, produced in a year, &c. ३. संख्य a year, and उक्त् aff.

सांख्यिक m. (-कः) 1. A logician. 2. A controversialist, f. (-की) 1. Controversial. 2. Colloquial. ३. सांख्य dispute, उक्त् aff.

सांख्यिक f. (-की) Phenomenal, illusory.

सांख्यिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Dubious, doubtful. 2. Uncertain, irresolute, in doubt. ३. संख्य doubt, उक्त् aff. [and उक्त् aff.]

सांख्यिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Worldly, of or belonging to the world. ३. संसार,

सांख्यिक mfn. (-कः-की-कं) 1. Spontaneous, effected naturally. 2. Innate. 3. Effected by supernatural means. ३. संख्य perfection, उक्त् aff.

सांख्यिक m. (-कः) A countryman, an inhabitant or native of the same place. ३. सम् together, ख्य place, उक्त् aff.

सांख्यिक n. (-च) A general stream or flow.

सांख्यिक f. (-की) Relating to the body, corporeal.

[aff.]

साख्य Ind. 1. With, together with. 2. Simultaneously. ३. सह for सह with, च् to go, च् aff.

साख्य n. (-ख्य) The whole, the entire, all. ३. सह all, and च् aff.

साख्य mfn. (-हः-हा-हं) Wishing, desirous. ३. सह with, चाकाङ्क्षा desire.

साख्य mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Having form or shape. ३. सह with, चाकार form.

साख्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) 1. Significant. 2. Wanton. ३. सह with, चाख्य mean- ing, wish.

साख्य mfn. (-तः) A wanton glance. ३. साख्य, and ख्य a smile.

साख्य m. (-तः) The city Ayodhya', or ancient Oudh.

साख्य m. (-कः) Barley. n. (-कः) A quantity of fried grain, &c. ३. सह् fried or parched grain ground, and उक्त् aff.

साख्य Ind. 1. Before, in presence, in sight. 2. As, like. 3. Actually in person. 4. Evidently, manifestly, directly. ३. सह for सह with, च् the eye, च् to go or to be, aff. ख्य; or सह च्चक्षति च्चक्षति सादृश्यः ।

साख्य m. (-रः) 1. Causing to be visibly present. 2. Making evident to the senses. 3. Actual feeling. [ख, साख्य.]

साख्य f. (-ता) Evidence, testimony. ३. साख्य, and त् aff.; also with साख्य mfn. (-ची-विची-चि) 1. Witnessing, seeing, an eye-witness. 2.

Attesting, testifying, evidence. m. (-ची) A witness, (in law.) ३. सह for सह with, (in presence of,) च्चक्षि the eye, ख्य aff.

साख्य f. (-ता) Examination of a witness' credibility. ३. साख्य, and परीक्षा trial; also साख्यपरीक्षा ।

साख्य mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Made known by testimony. ३. साख्य, and भावित caused to be perceived or known. [and त् aff.]

साख्य mfn. (-ता-नती-न) Having or requiring evidence. ३. साख्य,

साख्य mfn. (-चः-चा-चं) Defined or proved by testimony. ३. साख्य, and लक्ष्य a mark.

साख्य n. (-च्य) Testimony, evidence. ३. साख्य, and च् aff.

साख्य m. (-वः) Absence or deficiency of witnesses or testimony. ३. साख्य, and च्छात्र non-existence.

साख्य mfn. (-वः-वी-वं) Friendly, amicable. ३. सह्य a friend, उक्त् aff.

साख्य n. (-ख्य) Friendship. ३. सह्य a friend, च् aff.

सागर m. (-रः) 1. The ocean. 2. A sort of deer. 3. The number "four" 4. The number "seven". ३. सागर a king and च् aff; to bathe the bones of SAGARA'S 60,000 sons the Ganges is said to have been led by BHAGIRATHA, his great-great-grandson, to the ocean, at the place now called Ganga'-Sa'gar. [going to.]

सागरमामिनी f. (-नी) A river in general. ३. सागर the ocean, मामिनी सागरमैत्री f. (-मैः) The earth. ३. सागर the sea, and मैत्री a circumference; surrounding the earth.

सागरमैत्री f. (-मैः) The earth. ३. सागर the ocean, and मैत्री a zone.

सागरमैत्री f. (-मैः) The earth. ३. सागर the ocean, च्छात्र vesture. [abode.]

सागरमैत्री m. (-यः) VARUN'A, deity of the water. ३. सागर the ocean, च्छात्र

सागरमैत्री n. (-ख्य) Sea-salt. ३. सागर the sea, च्छात्र produced.

साधक m. (-कः) A householder who maintains a sacred fire. ३. सह with, च्छात्र fire, क्त् aff.

साख्य n. (-ख्य) 1. Mixture, blending. 2. The concurrence of various properties in one subject. ३. सह्य mixing, च्छात्र aff.

साख्य mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Effected or produced by addition, collection, &c. ३. सह्य collection, aff. च्छात्र ।

साख्य mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Budding, in bud. ३. सह with, च्छात्र a bud.

साख्य f. (-की) Conventional, indicative, symbolical.

साख्य mfn. (-कः-की-कं) Short, summary, concise, contracted, abrid- ged. ३. सह्य abridgment, उक्त् aff.

साख्य mfn. (-कः-का-कं) 1. Numeral, relating to number. 2. Deliberating, reasoning. 3. Rational, discriminative. m.

(-कः) 1. The Sānk'hya system of philosophy, ascribed originally to the Muni KAPILA, and so called as enumerating twenty-five Tatvas or true principles; its object is to effect the final liberation of the twenty-fifth Tatva, viz.

Parusha, (the soul) from the fetters of the phenomenal creation by conveying a correct knowledge of the twenty-four other Tatwas; the Sa'nk'hya system agrees with Vēda'ntism in being synthetical, so differing from the analytical Nyāya; its great point of divergence from the Vēda'nta is its maintaining two principles, which the Vēda'nta denies. 2. A follower of the Sa'nk'hya system of philosophy. ३. वृक्ष number, &c, वृक्ष aff.

सङ्ग mfn. (ङ-ङा or ङी-ङ) 1. Having all the members. 2. Comprising all the sub-divisions. ३. सङ्ग with, सङ्ग a limb or part.

साङ्गिक mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङ) Social, associating, relating or derived from encounter or society. m. (-ङ-) A visitor, a guest, a new comer.

३. सङ्गति acquaintance, उक्त्वा aff.

साङ्ग m. (-ङ-) Union, meeting. ३. सङ्ग the same, वृक्ष pleonasm.

साम्यमिक mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङ) Warlike, martial, &c. m. (-ङ-) A commander, a general. ३. सङ्ग्राम war, उक्त्वा aff.

सावि Ind. Crookedly, awry, bent, obliquely. ३. वृक्ष to collect, वृक्ष aff.

साविकीकृत n. (-ङ-) A side glance. ३. सावि, and विलोकित looked at.

सावि n. (-ङ-) 1. Ministry, administration. 2. Friendship, fellowship.

३. सवि a friend, उक्त्वा aff.

[३. सावि, स्थित stood.

साविकृत mfn. (-ङ-ङा-ङ) 1. Crooked. 2. Standing or placed unevenly.

साविकृत mfn. (-ङ-ङा-ङ) 1. Made crooked. 2. Seen crookedly or tortuously, distorted, misrepresented. n. (-ङ-) Prejudice, distortion or perversion of mind. ३. सावि, वृक्ष aff., कृत made. [ness of tribe,

साम्य n. (-ङ-) 1. Community of genus, homogeneousness. 2. Same. साम्य m. (-ङ-) A lizard, a chameleon. ३. स with, साम्य unguent.

साट् r. 10th cl. (साटयति-ने) To make visible, to show.

साटीप mfn. (-ङ-पा-पं) Proud, haughty, consequential. n. Adv. (-ङ-) Arrogantly, consequentially. ३. स with, साटीप pride. [Santra root.

साट् r. 10th cl. (साटयति-ने) To give pleasure; according to some it is a साट् Ind. A Tadhita affix which, when put after a word, denotes either a total change of anything into the thing expressed by that word, or complete control.

सात् n. (-सात्) BRAHMA', God. ३. साति to cause happiness, aff. कृप्.

सात् mfn. (-ङ-ङा-ङ) 1. Given. 2. Destroyed. n. (-ङ-) Pleasure, delight.

३. वृक्ष to give, or वृक्ष to destroy, aff. कृ, form irr.; see सित; or more properly सात् to give pleasure, aff. वृक्ष.

सातव n. (-ङ-) Continuity.

सातव mfn. (-ङ-ङा-ङ) Who or what causes pleasure. ३. साति a Sautra root in the causal form, to cause pleasure, वृक्ष aff.

सातवा f. (-ङा) A shrub, commonly Charmakasa. ३. सात pleasure, and सा to give, affs. वृक्ष and टाप्; also सातवा।

सातवाहन m. (-ङ-) The sovereign SA'LIVA'HAN'A. ३. सात a Gandh'arba, changed according to the legend to a lion, on which this prince was discovered riding when a child, and वाहन a vehicle.

साति f. (-ङि-) 1. End, conclusion, cessation of action. 2. Destruction. 3. Gift, giving. 4. Sharp pain. 5. Gaining, acquisition. ३. वृक्ष to destroy, or वृक्ष to give, कृप् or कृप् aff.; also read सति and सति।

सतिसार mfn. (-ङ-ङा-ङ) Dysenteric, afflicted with dysentery. ३. स with, सतिसार dysentery.

सातोषक m. (-ङ-) Pease; also सातोषक सतीषक, and सतोषक।

साविक m. (-ङि-) A hero of the Ya'dava family who acted as charioteer to Krishn'a and was a staunch adherent of the Pa'ndavas in the great war.

साविक m. (-ङ-) The poet and sage VYA'SA. ३. सविक the mother of the bard, and वृक्ष aff.; also with उक्त्वा aff. साविकेय।

साविक m. (साविक) 1. A worshipper, a follower. 2. A man of the Yādava tribe. ३. साति to cause happiness, वृक्ष participial aff.; or साट्-कृप् वृक्ष.

साविक m. (स) 1. VISHN'U. 2. BALAD'SVA. m. Plu. (-ङ-) The people of one of the countries of midland India, apparently inhabiting a district in the vicinity of the Pārijātra mountains, said to be

descendants from outcaste Vaisyas. f. (-ङी) 1. One of the four great divisions of the drama, described as the representation of gentle and amiable sentiments or passions. 2. The mother of Si'su-PA'LA. ३. सविक a proper name, &c., वृक्ष aff.; or सविकेय सविक सतीषिक सविक.

साविक mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङ) 1. Spontaneous, sincere, (as applied to the actions or signs of the Sātwika Bha'va.) 2. Relating to or proceeding from the Satwa quality; honest, true, good, gentle, amiable, &c. m. (-ङ-) 1. BRAHMAN'A. 2. One of the Bhāvas or classes into which the affections of the mind or their expression, are distinguished, in poetry and the drama: this class holds a middle place between the Sthāyi, and Vyabhichā'ri-Bhāvas, and implies the honest and spontaneous indication of strong feeling, as evinced especially in eight acts, viz:—inability to move whilst the faculties or limbs are unaffected, perspiration, horripilation, inarticulate speech, trembling or tremor, change of colour, tears, and mental absorption or indifference, approaching to loss of sense, to every object but one which engrosses the attention. f. (-ङी) DUREA'. ३. सविक the Satwa-Guṇ'a or quality, and उक्त्वा aff.

साद m. (-ङ-) 1. Purity, cleanness. 2. Lassitude, weariness, exhaustion. 3. Perishing, decay. 4. Leanness, thinness, emaciation. 5. Cessation, stoppage. 6. Pain. ३. वृक्ष to decay, to be weary, &c., aff. वृक्ष।

सादन n. (-ङ-) 1. A house, a dwelling. 2. Dispelling. 3. Destroying. 4. Wearying, exhausting. 5. Exhaustion, decay. ३. वृक्ष to go, causal v., वृक्ष aff.

सादयन् mfn. (-ङ-ङी-ङ) 1. Destroying. 2. Exhausting. 3. Expelling, removing, extracting. ३. वृक्ष to go, causal v., वृक्ष aff. [aff.

सादयितव्य mfn. (-ङ-ङा-ङ) To be destroyed. ३. वृक्ष to go, causal v., तव्य

सादर mfn. (-ङ-ङा-ङ) Respectful. n. Adv. (-ङ-) Respectfully. ३. स with, सादर respect.

सादि m. (-ङि-) 1. A charioteer. 2. A warrior. 3. Exhausted. 4. Wind. ३. वृक्ष to be weary, &c., वृक्ष Unādi aff.

सादित mfn. (-ङ-ङा-ङ) 1. Destroyed, exterminated. 2. Wearied, exhausted, harassed. 3. Wasted, decayed. 4. Broken, out. 5. Drawn, dragged. ३. वृक्ष to go, &c., aff. कृ।

सादिन् m. (दी) 1. A horseman, a cavalier. 2. One who rides on an elephant. ३. One who rides on or is mounted in a car. f. (-ङिनी) Destroying. ३. वृक्ष to go, aff. कृ।

सादयन् n. (-ङ) 1. Resemblance, similarity. 2. A likeness, an image, a portrait. ३. सद्यस् like, वृक्ष aff.

सादयन् mfn. (-ङ-ङा-ङ) Quick, instantaneous. ३. सद्यस्, and वृक्ष aff.

साप् (स) साप् r. 4th cl. (सापयति-ने) To be completed. (सो) साप् r. 5th cl. (सापयति) 1. To finish, to perfect, to complete, or accomplish. 2. To conquer. r. 10th cl. (सापयति-ने) To go, to depart; also साप्।

सापक mfn. (-ङ-ङा-ङ) Completing, perfecting, finishing, who or what effects or completes. f. (-ङा or ङी) 1. Fulfilling. 2. Effecting by magic. 3. Skilful, adept. 4. Aiding, helping. ३. साप् to finish, वृक्ष aff.

सापन n. (-ङ) 1. Accomplishing, effecting. 2. Matter, materials, that of which any thing is composed or consists. 3. Thing, substance. 4. Means, expedient. 5. Instrument, agent. 6. Authority. 7. The premises leading to a conclusion. 8. Cause. 9. Going, motion. 10. Following. 11. Killing, destroying. 12. Obsequies, ceremonies observed after the death of a relative. 13. Drug, medicament. 14. Wealth. 15. An army. 16. The penis. 17. Friendship. 18. Enforcement of the delivery of any thing, especially juridically, as the infliction and levy of a fine, &c. 19. Killing metals, depriving them (especially mercury,) by oxidation, &c., of their metallic properties, for medicinal or alchemical purposes. 20. Good works, or the observance of the moral and ceremonial parts of the Hindu religion, as secondary means of obtaining purity and emancipation. 21. Proof, substantiation. 22. Penance, self-mortification. 23.